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COWGUTAPTION OF LUXURIES IN CANADA, 1931 and 1932.
The present report, has been prepared in order to meet the demands which are continually being received by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics concerning the consumption of luxuries in Canada. The term "luxury" is rather difficult of definition. To arrive at an all inclusive definition of the term is impossible. To begin with, the conception of luxury is continually undergoing change. Silk stockings, for example, which formerly were considered a luxury, are today considered a necessity even by girls who are getting as low a wage as possible. The same is true of many other articles of food, clothing and furniture which have now become necessities although formerly considered the height. of luxury. The conception of luxuries also differ from place to place. Higher priced clothes, for example, which to an office employee in the city are a necessity become a luxury to a person similarly employed in a rural district. The same is also true as regards many articles of food and furniture. The difficulties involved, therefore, are numerous, both as regards the difficulties of definition as well as the incompleteness of the statistical data available. The statistics compiled at the Bureau do not permit of a detailed analysis into necessities and luxuries of such important items as clothing, furniture and food. For the purpose of this report it has, therefore, been decided to include all articles made in Canada which are actually above the line of necessities. According to this definition, objection may be raised to the inclusion of some of the items listed in the tables following. To some people, for example, tobacco is a luxury while others consider it a necessity. The same objection may also be made to some of the other products included in the list. The present statement should, therefore, not be considered as being absolutely complete or correct. It should be treated rather as an attempt to throw some light, on the production and consumption in Canada of goods which are more or less in the nature of luxuries.

The commodities have been grouped under eight main headings, viz., foods, beverages, tobacco, clothing, personal utilities, house furnishings, vehicles and pleasure boats and amsements and sporting goods. The value of production of these eight groups in 1932 amounted to $\$ 282,134,046$ or 13.3 per cent of the total value of production of the Canadian manufacturing industries. In 1931 the output of these eight groups was valued at $\$ 343,141,286$ or 12.7 per cent of the total. The beverage group showed the highest consumption in 1931, while in 1932 the tobacco group came first. A summary of the groups is given in table 1 while details of the most important products comprised in each group are given in tables 2 and 3. IT SHOULD BE REMEMBERED THAT THE PRODUCTION FIGURES HERE GIVEN ARE SELLING VALUES AT THE FACTORY ONLY. For this reason the tables following do not show the amount spent on luxuries in Canada. To obtain this information the retail prices would have to be taken. These, however, are not available.

Consumption figures are obtained by subtracting the exports from the figures of imports and production. The figures in the following tables are for the calendar years.

## CONSULPTION OF LUXURIES IN CANADA, 1931 and 1932.

Table 1. - Sumary Statistics by Groups, 1931 and 1932.
Table 2. - Detailed Statistics of the Most Important Products Comprised in Each Group, 1931.
Table 3. - Detailed Statistics of the Most Important Products Comprised in Each Group, 1932.

Table 1. - Summary Statistics of Production, Imports, Exports and Consumption of Articles Manufactured in Canada which are not usually considered as being in the nature of Absolute Necessities.

|  | Production | Imports | Exports | Apparent Consumption |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1931 \$ \$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Foods ... | 76,534,572 | 6,411,714 | 2,013,411 | 80,932,875 |
| Beverages | 80,745,282 | 27,238,280 | 12,494,605 | 95,488,957 |
| Tobacco | $74,913,388$ | 774,336 | 76,103 | 75,611,621 |
| Clothing . | 22,806,698 | 1,992,716 | - 558,126 | 24,241,288 |
| Personal utilities | 10,738,552 | 5,242,885 | 47,504 | 15,933,933 |
| House furnishings | 7,112,937 | 1,745,072 | 11,305 | 8,846,704 |
| Vehicles and boats | 43,138,203 | 4,244,921 | 4,437,271 | $42,945,853$ |
| Amusement and sporting goods | 27,506,988 | 3,192,148 | 493,276 | 30,205,860 |
| TOTAL | 343,496,620 | 50,842,072 | 20,131,601 | 374,207,091 |

1932

| Foods | 58,400,127 | 4,480,391 | 1,708,803 | 61,171,715 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beverages | 65,263,262 | 17,121,458 | 11,701,589 | 70,683,131 |
| Tobacco | $74,487,653$ | 582,868 | 79,204 | 74,991,317 |
| Clothing | 20,885,328 | 1,413,647 | 770,969 | 21,528,006 |
| Personal utilities | 10,824,414 | 3,674,633 | 26,707 | 14,472,340 |
| House furnishings | 5,906,237 | 909,243 |  | 6,815,480 |
| Vehicles and boats | 32,078,895 | 716,751 | 4,540,662 | 28,254,984 |
| Amusement and sporting goo | 14,288,130 | 2,549,443 | 245,277 | 16,592,296 |
| total | 282,134,046 | $31,448,434$ | 19,073,211 | 294,509,269 |

## CONSULPTION OF LUXURIES IN CANADA, 1931 and 1932.

Table 2. - Consumption of Articles Manufactured in Cansda, not usually considered as belng in the nature of Absolute Necessities. 1931.

|  |  | Production | Imports | Exports | Apparent Consumption |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. |  | \$ | \$ | $\$$ | \$ |
|  | FOODS | 76,534,572 | 6,411,714 | 2,015,411 | 80,932,875 |
|  | Confectionery | 41,256,737 | 929,030 | 388,519 | 41,797,448 |
|  | Candy, chocolate coated and other $\qquad$ <br> Ice cream .................... <br> Other, including chewing gum | $\begin{array}{r} 23,544,980 \\ 11,161,595 \\ 6,550,162 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 749,293 \\ - \\ 179,737 \end{gathered}$ | 300,506 - 87,813 | $\begin{array}{r} 23,993,767 \\ 11,161,595 \\ 6,642,086 \end{array}$ |
| Fruit and Vegetable |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Preparations ... | 11,620,562 | 4,645,349 | 1,625,092 | 14,640,819 |
|  | Sauces, catsups and rellshes Jams, jellies and | 3,283,512 | 342,168 | 1,428,413 | 2,197,267 |
|  | ```marmalades Other``` | $\begin{aligned} & 5,356,766 \\ & 2,980,284 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 76,785 \\ 4,226,396 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,214 \\ 189,465 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,426,337 \\ & 7,017,215 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Miscellaneous | 23,657,273 | 837,335 | - | 24,494,608 |
|  | Pies, cakes and pastry | 15,426,203 | - | - | 15,426,203 |
|  | Meats, cooked ........ | 5,935,473 | - | - | 5,935,473 |
|  | Other ....... | 2,295,597 | 837,355 | - | 3,132,932 |
| 2. | BEVERAGES | 80,745,282 | 27,238,280 | 12,494,605 | 95,488,957 |
|  | Beer, ale, stout and porter Waters, aerated ........... Whiskies and other potable | $\begin{aligned} & 47,965,468 \\ & 12,533,132 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 396,683 \\ & 154,971 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16,305 \\ & 13,411 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 48,345,846 \\ & 12,674,692 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | spirits ................. | 15,407,685 | 24,807,259 | 12,463,923 | $27,751,021$ |
|  | Wine, fermented .......... | 4,838,997 | 1,879,367 | 966 | $6,717,398$ |
| 3. | tobacco | 74,913,388 | 774,336 | 76,103 | 75,611,627 |
|  | Cigars | 7,247,152 | 80,641 | 1,604 | 7,326,18 ${ }^{\circ}$ |
|  | Cigarettes ............... | 42,865,121 | 95,118 | 601 | 42,959,638 |
|  | Tobacco, chewing, smoking and smuff | 24,801,115 | 598,577 | 73,898 | 25, 325,79 |
| 4. | CLOTHING | 22,806,698 | 1,992,716 | 558,126 | 24,241,288 |
|  | Fur and fur goods | 13,759,269 | 189,239 | 58,126 | 13,890,382 |
|  | Hosiery, silk .............. Miscellaneous, including | 8,741,157 | 43,882 | 500,000 | 8,285,039 |
|  | embrolderies and laces, artificial flowers, etc.。 | 306,272 | 1,759,595 |  | 2,065,867 |
| 5. | PERSONAL UTILITIES ......... | 10,738,552 | 5,242,885 | 47,504 | 15,933,933 |
|  | Jewelry and jewelry cases. | 2,053,900 | 1,285,333 | 47,504 | 3,291,729 |
|  | Toilet preparations | 3,906,577 | 1,112,635 | , | 5,019,212 |
|  | Miscellaneous .. | 4,778,075 | 2,844,917 | - | 7,622,992 |

CONSUMPTION OF LUXURIES IN CANADA, 1931 and 1932.

Table 2. - Consumption of Articles Manufactured in Canada, not usually considered as being in the nature of Absolute Necessities, 1931. - (Concl d )

|  | Production | Imports | Exports | Apparent <br> Consumption |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

Table 3. - Consumption of Articles Manufactured in Canada, not usually considered as being in the nature of Absolute Necessities, 1.932.


## CONSUMPTION OF LJXURIES IN CANADA, 1931 and 1932.

Table 3. - Consumption of Articles Manufactured in Canada, not usually considered as being in the nature of Absolute Necessities, 1982. - (Cont'd.)

Apparent

|  |  | Production | Imports | Exports | Apparent Consumption |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$ | \$ | $\$$ | \$ |
| 1. FOODS - (Concl'd.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fruit and Vegetable |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Preparations ...... | 9,594,160 | 3,349,906 | 1,473,673 | 11,470,393 |
|  | Sauces, catsups and relishes | 2,791,029 | 267,154 | 1,202,868 | 1,855,315 |
|  | Jams, fellies and marmalades ...... | 4,170,667 | 65,018 | 6,640 | 4,229,045 |
|  | Other ........ | 2,632,464 | 3,017,734 | 264,165 | 5,386,033 |
|  | Miscollaneous | 15,705,288 | 340,166 | - | 16,045,454 |
|  | Ples, cakes and pastry | 10,673,178 | - | - | 10,673,178 |
|  | Meats, cooked | 3,212,063 | - | - | 3,212,063 |
|  | Other ....... | 1,820,047 | 340,166 | - | 2,160,213 |
| 2. | BEVERAGES | 65,263,262 | 17,121,458 | 11,701,589 | 70,683,131 |
|  |  |  |  | $49,464$ | $37,616,552$ |
|  | Waters, aerated ............ Whiskies and other potable | $10,495,472$ | $110,040$ | $7,361$ | $10,598,151$ |
|  | Whiskies and other potable spirits | 13,206,228 | 15,515,754 | 11,642,239 | 17,079,743 |
|  | Wine, fermented .......... | 4,146,253 | 1,244,957 | 2,525 | 5,388,685 |
| 3. | TOBACCO | 74,487,653 | 582,868 | 79,204 | 74,991,317 |
|  | Cigars | 5,976,484 | 40,062 | 408 | 6,016,138 |
|  | Cigarettes | 36,073,614 | 60,242 | 879 | 36,132,977 |
|  | Tobacco, chewing and smoking and snuff | 32,437,555 | 482,564 | 77,917 | 32,842,202 |
| 4. | CLOTHING | 20,885,328 | 1,413,647 | 770,969 | 21,528,006 |
|  |  |  |  | 39,255 | 10,693,779 |
|  | Hosiery, silk $\qquad$ Miscellaneous, including | $10,045,662$ | $21,106$ | 731,714 | 9,335,054 |
|  | Miscellaneous, including embroideries and laces, artificial flowers, etc.. | 175,719 | 1,323,454 | - | 1,499,173 |
| 5. | PERSONAL UTILITIES | 10,824,414 | 3,674,633 | 26,707 | 14,472,340 |
|  | Jewelry and jewelry cases. | 1,702,090 | 799,822 | 16,370 | 2,485,542 |
|  | Toilet preparations | 4,256,956 | 737,274 | - | 4,994,230 |
|  | Miscellaneous ...... | 4,865,368 | 2,137,537 | 10,337 | 6,992,568 |
| 6. | HOUSE FURNISHINGS .......... | 5,906,237 | 909,243 | - | 6,815,480 |
|  | Carpets, mats and rugs ... | 1,884,051 | 320,134 | - | 2,204,185 |
|  | Hollow ware and flatware, silver and silver-plated. | 1,278,105 | 431,829 | - | 1,709,934 |

## CONSUMPTION OF LUXURIES IN CANADA, 1931 and 1932.

Table 3. - Consumption of Articles Manufactured in Canada, not usually considered as being in the nature of Absolute Necessities, 1932.- (Concl'd.)

Apparent


