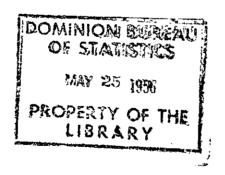
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CANADIAN SICKNESS SURVEY 1950-51

No. 9"

VOLUME OF HEALTH CARE FOR SELECTED INCOME GROUPS (NATIONAL ESTIMATES)



Prepared jointly

by

THE DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

and

THE DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL HEALTH AND WELFARE

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ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The Canadian Sickness Survey, the first nationwide study of illness in the general population of Canada, was carried out during a twelve-month period commencing in the autumn of 1950.

The Survey was initiated by the Department of National Health and Welfare and carried out by the ten provincial health departments with federal funds made available to the provinces through the National Health Program.

The planning and organization of the Survey was a joint undertaking of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics and the Department of National Health and Welfare in consultation with the provinces. Every provincial health department co-operated fully in gathering the extensive body of information which makes these publications possible.

Note: This is part 9 of D.B.S. Reference Paper No. 51. The first five bulletins in this series were referred to as Special Compilations.

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INTRODUCTION

THE CANADIAN SICKNESS SURVEY 1950-51

The object of the Canadian Sickness Survey was to obtain estimates of the incidence and prevalence of illness and accidents of all kinds; the amount of medical, nursing and other health care received; the volume of family expenditures for the various types of health services; and the prevalence of permanent physical disabilities. The present bulletin is one of a series intended to provide a means of releasing interim information on the more important of the results, pending the preparation of a comprehensive publication containing more detailed information together with a fuller description of the methods used.

The survey method consisted of personal visits by trained lay enumerators - in British Columbia the enumerators were public health nurses - to a sample of approximately 10,000 households distributed throughout the ten provinces in metropolitan, small urban, and rural areas1. Less than five per cent of these households refused to participate in the Survey. Of the remaining households over 80 per cent of the individuals involved remained in the sample throughout the survey period. All information, including particulars of income, housing, and environment, was obtained by direct interview of a household informant, usually the housewife. While the starting date for the Survey varied somewhat in different provinces, in most cases a total of 14 monthly visits were made to each household in the sample. In the first visit the enumerator introduced the Survey and left a special calendar designed to help the informant keep a detailed day-to-day record of current sickness and of expenditures on health care and services for each member of the household. During each of the succeeding twelve months the enumerator interviewed the informant and recorded the sickness experienced by each person since the previous visit. The final visit was made to review the information recorded throughout the whole survey period. Uniformity of practice in the ten provinces was maintained by frequent consultation among the agencies involved. by uniform instructions to the enumerators, and by the use of three standard record forms - a Household Record, an Individual Sickness Record, and an Expenditures Form. Auxiliary schedules, also standardized, were used to record permanent physical disabilities and also health services which were desired but not obtained.

The sample was designed to obtain estimates within a sampling error of 20 per cent². Indications are that for almost all of the estimates the error is substantially smaller. Area sampling was used for the Survey. As a first stage the following six domains (regions) of study were established consisting of four single provinces and two groups of three provinces each:

- 1. Newfoundland
- Maritimes (including Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick)
- 3. Quebec
- 4. Ontario
- Prairies (including Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta)
- 6. British Columbia

Within each domain three types of area were considered — metropolitan, urban, and rural. Within these areas multi-stage sampling was adopted. In metropolitan centres, all of which were included in the sample, and in some of the sampled urban areas, the first stage of sampling was the block, the second stage being the household. In other urban areas systematic sampling from a list of households was used. Rural areas were divided into primary sampling units and grouped into strata. Within each stratum one primary sampling unit was selected and multistage sampling applied. The first stage was the selection of clusters or segments within the primary sampling unit while the second stage was the selection of households within the chosen clusters.

In designing the sample extensive use was made of population, social, and economic data obtained from 1941 Census material. The results of the 1951 Census, which was taken at about midpoint of the survey period, provided the necessary distributions concerning persons and families for the calculation of weights used to inflate figures to national and provincial totals. The basic survey units for data on illness were individual persons, while the units for expenditures on health services included families, as defined in the Census, together with certain single persons living alone or with other families as roomers or relatives.

SCOPE OF PRESENT BULLETIN

This bulletin is the ninth in the series of preliminary publications of the Canadian Sickness Survey. Family expenditures for health services were dealt with in the first four reports. The fifth report concerned the volume of sickness, the sixth permanent physical disabilities, and the seventh the incidence and prevalence of illness. Illness statistics classified by diagnostic group will be considered in bulletins to follow.

Both the present bulletin and the preceding one (No. 8) deal with the volume of health care. In bulletin No. 8 national estimates were given of the amount of various categories of health care received by Canadians, with a breakdown by age group and sex. The present bulletin covers substantially the same categories and measures of health care, but the major breakdown of the national estimates in this case is by income group. For some of the more common categories of health care — physicians' care, in-patient hospital care, and dental care—a further breakdown is provided of the income group figures by age group and sex.

The population sampled did not include residents of institutions, military establishments, Indian reservations, and remote areas.

^{2.} With a 95 per cent confidence limit.

As in the preceding bulletin the volume of health care has been estimated, broadly, according to three major measures: (1) persons reporting various classes of health care, (2) "complaint periods" under various classes of health care, and (3) units of various classes of health care. For each of these measures figures are presented in absolute numbers and various percentage forms. The three different measures have also been combined in a number of rates and averages. For two classes of health care (physicians' services and in-patient hospital care) frequency distributions are given of persons reporting various amounts of care.

The main purpose of the present report is to record the differences — absolute and proportional — in the amount of health care received by Canadians in various income groups. Such differences are the more significant, however, when related to varying needs for health care. Some rough measures of this relationship are provided in this bulletin, e.g. the

amount received by various income groups of the principal classes of health care per "complaint period" and per 100 "disability days" (see below — Relation to Need).

It should be noted that, among others, residents of institutions were excluded from the Sickness Survey sample (see page 5 n.1). While the number of persons thus excluded was very small relative to the total population, the excluded persons may be expected to have received a proportionately large amount of health care. Residents of institutions would include, for instance, most persons staying in sanatoria, in mental institutions, or in homes for the aged, as well as those long-term hospital patients who were no longer reported living at their household addresses. Some downward bias may therefore be expected in a few of the estimates given in this bulletin, principally where the older age groups are concerned and in the case of long-term hospital stays.

CONCEPTS, DEFINITIONS, AND METHODS

CLASSES OF HEALTH CARE

The classes of health care for which data have been recorded in this report are the same as those shown in bulletin No. 8. A description of these classes of health care follows below.

Physicians' Services

Physicians' services pertain to care given by qualified medical doctors. For the Sickness Survey information was collected on three classes of physicians' services - office calls, home calls, and clinic visits. An office call consisted of a visit by a patient to the office of his physician for treatment, examination, or prescription by the latter. A home call consisted of a visit by a physician to the home of a patient for treatment, examination, or prescription. A clinic visit was a visit by a patient for treatment, examination, or prescription to an out-patient hospital clinic, dispensary, or other special diagnostic or treatment centre where the services of qualified medical doctors were regularly available, even though in some instances patients visiting the clinic were attended by a nurse rather than by a physician. Visits to public health clinics or school health clinics where service was preventive in nature - rather than therapeutic or diagnostic - were not included. Visits to medical group-practice clinics were counted as ordinary visits to a doctor's office. Visits by physicians to their patients in hospital were not recorded.

Where a person had a doctor's call or clinic visit for two or more illnesses at the same time, the call or visit was counted only once. However, when more than one doctor was called in consultation at the same time and for the same patient, a separate call or visit was counted for each physician.

Usually doctors' calls and clinic visits were made in connection with current illness. In some

instances, however, doctors' calls or clinic visits were only for general medical examination or for routine check-up, in which case they could not be related to specific complaint periods. The number of doctors' calls and clinic visits recorded for complaint periods (Table 6F) is therefore a little lower than the total number (Table 6A).

In-Patient Hospital Care

Every person who was admitted as a patient to a hospital for one day or longer was considered to have received in-patient hospital care. A person who visited a hospital for medical treatment, examination, or prescription but did not occupy a hospital bed overnight was credited with a clinic visit instead (see above — Physicians' Services).

Hospitals were considered to consist of all those public and private institutions which were listed as hospitals by provincial hospital inspection authorities. This excluded most places known as rest home or homes for the aged.

Two types of periods were considered in relation to hospital care. Estimates were prepared of the number of complaint periods for which in-patient hospital care was provided during the survey year. In this calculation each complaint period was counted once even though in some cases a person was admitted to hospital on two or more separate occasions in connection with the same complaint period.

Separate estimates were prepared of the number of unbroken periods of in-patient hospital care. These hospital periods also covered certain contingencies which were not covered by complaint periods. Such was the case when persons stayed in hospital not in connection with any active illness but only for observation or medical check-up. The initial stay in hospital of a newborn infant —

not sick — was also counted as a hospital period but not as a complaint period. The number of hospital periods (Table 10A) was, therefore, somewhat larger than the number of complaint periods with in-patient hospital care (Table 9A). The total number of person-days of hospitalization (Table 11A) was also a little larger than the number of person-days of hospitalization for complaint periods (Table 11G).

Medical Care

In the summary tables of persons reporting care and complaint periods under care, a separate category "medical care" has been inserted. Its purpose is to show together all persons who were attended by a medical doctor during the survey year and all complaint periods which received the attention of a medical doctor during the survey year, "Medical care", in effect, is a combination, without duplication, of physicians' services and inpatient hospital care, the two classes of health care involving services by medical doctors. Operations, of course, are also performed by medical doctors; but as operations invariably involve either in-patient hospital care or physicians' services as defined above - the "medical care" category is already complete without reference to operations.

Home Nursing Services

This heading covers bedside nursing care obtained in the home. Nursing services provided in a hospital or other institution are not included, nor are visits by public health nurses who did not give bedside care. Information on the amount of care given by graduate nurses was recorded separately from that given by persons without graduate nurses' qualifications.

Home nursing care given by graduate nurses most commonly consisted of short visits to the homes of patients. In a smaller number of cases full-time bedside care was given by graduate nurses. Owing to the small total volume of graduate nursing care separate estimates could not be prepared for short visits and for full-time care. For that reason graduate nursing care was measured only in terms of the number of visits made, each full day of care also being counted as a visit.

Non-graduate nursing care was recorded in cases where a 'practical nurse' or other outsider came into the home for the specific purpose of giving bedside care to a sick person. No account was taken of care given by members of the sick person's family or of the services of outsiders who did other housework in the home in order to relieve a member of the family who looked after the sick person. Non-graduate nursing care was measured in terms of eight-hour days of work. Where the daily hours of work were clearly different, they were totalled and divided by eight to determine the number of days of nursing care recorded for the Survey.

Operations

An operation was defined as any cutting or piercing procedure performed by a surgeon or — as occurred less frequently — by an ordinary physician. The application of sutures, the setting of fractures, and the removal of splinters or foreign bodies from the eye or ear as such were not considered operations.

Dental Care

For the Sickness Survey a record was kept of care received by patients from qualified dentists. The amount of dental care received was measured in terms of the number of visits made to dentists' offices or clinics. Dental treatment received at hospital out-patient clinics was counted but treatment received at school dental clinics was excluded. No record was kept of the type or amount of care provided at any one visit and no distinction was made between preventive and other care.

Examinations for Glasses

Under this caption information was recorded concerning eye examinations performed by optometrists or opticians. Examinations by eye specialists with medical qualifications were not included here but were counted as doctors' calls under the heading "Physicians' Services".

Examinations for glasses (other than by physicians) were measured in terms of the number of visits made to the offices of optometrists and opticians for the purpose of eye examination.

Miscellaneous Health Care

A record was also kept of health care which was not given in a hospital and which was not given by a qualified medical doctor, nurse, dentist, optometrist, or optician. Such miscellaneous health care was of widely varying nature, but owing to the small volume it was possible only to give a combined estimate for all categories concerned. Of the total amount of miscellaneous health care over half was given by chiropractors and a large portion of the remainder was given by physiotherapists (outside hospitals). Also included were services performed by persons with formal qualifications as chiropodists, herbalists, homoeopaths, naturopaths, and osteopaths, as well as by other practitioners such as faith healers, 'bone doctors', etc.

Miscellaneous health care treatments were measured by the number of visits for treatment, examination, or prescription made by patients to practitioners or vice versa.

Total Health Care

Summary information concerning the various classes of health care is presented in Tables 1-3. These tables give only total figures for each income group, i.e. they show no breakdown by age group or sex.

In Table 1 figures are given for persons reporting each separate category of health care, as well as for persons reporting any health care and no health care.

Complaint periods for which various classes of health care were received are recorded in Table 2. Dental care and examination for glasses more often than not were not related to specific complaint periods. The number of complaint periods for which miscellaneous health care was received was also quite small. In order to round out the information on complaint periods under health care, however, figures are given for complaint periods under "other health care", which means either dental care, examinations for glasses, or miscellaneous health care. Summary figures of complaint periods with any health care and no health care are also presented.

The numbers of units of each class of health care provided during the survey year are given in Table 3. As the units of various classes of health care were not comparable, no figures are presented in this table for any combined health care category.

Reliability of Health Care Data

The estimates of health care shown in this bulletin are based on information supplied directly by Sickness Survey informants, i.e. by persons who actually received the health care concerned or by their household spokesmen. As the categories of health care recorded for the Survey, on the whole, were objective in nature and clearly definable, a reasonably accurate and uniform interpretation by informants of questions concerning health care may be expected.

Income: Groups

The information on health care given in this bulletin in all cases is related to individual persons classified by income group. The income group of each person was determined by the total income of the family to which the person belonged. For purposes of the Sickness Survey the same definition of family was used as applied to the Canadian Census. viz. a husband and wife (with or without children) or a parent with an unmarried child (or children) living in the same dwelling. Individual persons who were not living with their families - as defined above - were counted as separate ('one-person') families1. Income of all members of the family and from all sources - earned income, investment income, pensions, allowances - was aggregated to determine the total family income. In the case of non-farm families the total income for the survey year was counted and in the case of farm families the average annual net income over the previous five years.

In order to secure maximum co-operation from participants in the Sickness Survey, enumerators were instructed not to appear too inquisitive by

asking the precise amount of a family's income. Informants were asked only to indicate in which of a number of wide income brackets their annual family income fell. The four income brackets considered were:

- (1) Under \$1500
- (2) \$1500 \$2999
- (3) \$3000 \$4999
- (4) \$5000 and over

Persons reporting that their families had no income were included in the under \$1500 income group. A few families, representing only 0.6 per cent of the total surveyed population, would not reveal at all in which bracket their annual income fell. The number of persons involved in this group was too small to allow estimates to be made with any reliability and therefore this group has been excluded from the tabular presentation in this bulletin.

In the tables and text of this bulletin the various income groups are not indicated by their dollar range but are described as follows:

- (1) Under \$1500 low income group
- (2) \$1500 \$2999 medium income group
- (3) \$3000 \$4999 high income group (lower)
- (4) \$5000 and over high income group (upper)

The "high income group (upper)" contained relatively few persons and in many instances it was not possible to give reliable estimates for this group. In several tables the "high income group (upper)" has been combined with the "high income group (lower)" as a straight "high income group".

The adjectives "low", "medium", and "high" were considered more appropriate in describing the various income groups than the actual dollar brackets for which incomes were recorded in 1950-51. Since the time of the Survey dollar values have been inflated and the general level of incomes has risen, so that a comparable distribution of incomes at the present day would show a decided shift upwards. Also, few informants were in a position to calculate precisely their annual family income at the time the Sickness Survey enumerators collected the information, and a slight underestimation or understatement of income in many instances is quite possible. In any case, the general description of reported incomes as low, medium, or high would appear more realistic than a demarcation by precise dollar limits.

The numerical significance of the various income groups may be judged from the following figures which show each income group as a percentage of the total population:

Low income group - 20.1 per cent
Medium income group - 46.3 per cent
High income group (lower) - 24.2 per cent
High income group (upper) - 8.9 per cent
Income not stated - 0.6 per cent

The classification of persons by family income was not entirely satisfactory in establishing groups of distinctly different financial ability to bear the cost of health care expenditures. A 'one-person' family in a lower income group might well

It should be noted that this category includes an individual parent living with the family of a married son or daughter.

be able to afford more personal expenditure on health care than a large family in a higher income group could expend per person. However, sufficient information was not available to establish the relationship between family size, family income, and ability to bear health care costs. The classification of persons by the size of their families' income in any case was clearly more satisfactory than the only practicable alternative which was classification according to the personal incomes of persons. The latter alternative would have placed most dependents — housewives, children, etc. — in the lowest income group regardless of family income.

There were further shortcomings of the income group definitions used, such as the failure to take into account variations in price levels from one part of the country to another. All in all the inadequacies of classification led to a certain amount of overlapping of the various income groups which would tend to reduce the contrast between these groups. The differences between income groups recorded in the tabular material of this report must therefore, on the whole, be considered a minimum of the differences existing in fact.

STANDARDIZED ESTIMATES

A considerably different age-sex distribution was found to exist within the various income groups (see Table 15). This is illustrated in Chart 1 which shows for each income group the percentage of total persons accounted for by each age-sex group. Particularly evident is the concentration of persons 65 and over in the low income group and the heavy representation of persons 15-24 years of age in the higher income groups. Also noticeable is the fact that the low income group has the highest ratio of females to males.

Differences in the age-sex composition have a marked influence on the average amount of health care reported for the various income groups. Persons 65 and over generally report far more of the principal classes of health care - physicians' services and in-patient hospital care - in proportion to their numbers than do younger people1. Also females report more health care on the average than males. On the other hand, the 15-24 year age group reports less health care per person than any other age group. As much as 58.8 per cent of persons 65 and over are in the low income group which comprises only 20.1 per cent of the total population (see Table 15C). The proportion of females in the low income group is 54.2 per cent against 49.6 per cent for the population as a whole. But the proportion of persons 15-24 years of age in the low income group is only 12.0 per cent against 15.1 per cent for the population as a whole (see Table 15B). As a result of the low income group having such a disproportionately large share of the age and sex groups that receive the most care - regardless of income - and a rather small share of the group that receives the least care, the average amount of care received for all

persons in the low income group appears much higher in proportion to that of other income groups than is the case when one compares income group averages for each age-sex group separately.

In order to remove the bias of age-sex distribution in the comparison of health care figures for the various income groups "standardized" estimates have been calculated which are shown side by side with the actual estimates. The "standardized" figures are obtained by basing estimates for each income group on an age-sex distribution within that income group which is the same as that of a "standard" population, viz. the total population included in the Sickness Survey (see Table 15B and C). The shifts in weight which occur through standardization are shown graphically for the 65 and over age group in Chart 2.

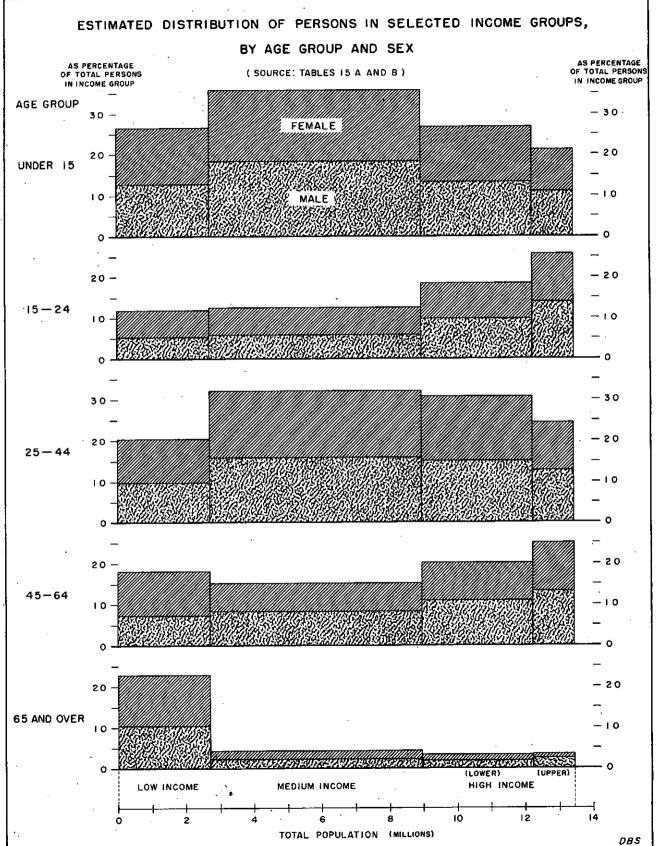
In the actual population 22.8 per cent of persons in the low income group were 65 or over, while 4.3 per cent of persons in the medium income group, 3.4 per cent of persons in the high income group (lower), and 3.6 per cent of persons in the high income group (upper) were of that age (see Table 15B). In the standardized population the percentage of persons in the 65 and over age group is the same for each income group, viz. 7.8 per cent which was the actual proportion of persons 65 and over in the population as a whole. The ratio of males to females in each age group has been equalized for all income groups in the same manner for the standardized population.

Standardized estimates of health care are calculated from the corresponding actual estimates by a process of weighting. For each of the five male and five female age groups of each income group the ratio of the standardized number of persons to the actual number of persons is used as a weight and applied to all the various actual estimates of health care pertaining to that age-sex group of that income group. Thus if for males 65 and over in the low income group the standardized number of persons is one third of the actual number of persons, then for males 65 and over in the low income group the standardized number of doctors' calls will be one third of the actual number of doctors' calls. Standardized totals and sub-totals are obtained by addition of the standardized figures for individual age-sex groups of income groups.

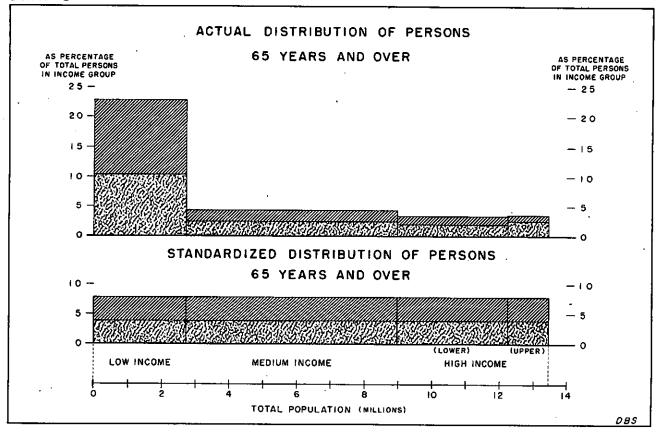
Actual and standardized estimates are identical in the case of rates and averages calculated for the individual age-sex groups of income groups. This is because both dividend and divisor used in calculating the standardized rate or average contain the same standardizing weight factor, which is cancelled in the provess of division. Standardized estimates of rates and averages for combinations of individual age-sex groups or income groups are weighted arithmetic averages of the rates and averages for the individual age-sex groups of income groups. The weights used are the proportions in which the standardized population is divided (see Table 15).

^{1.} See bulletin No. 8, Tables 6D and 10.

CHART-I







As was explained above, the particular age-sex distribution of the low income group tends to cause overstatement for total figures (i.e. for both sexes, all ages) of the amount of health care received by persons in the low income group relative to the amount received by persons of the same age and sex in other income groups. For similar reasonsthe total actual number of disability days reported for the low income group (for both sexes, all ages) is overstated relative to the amount reported by persons of the same age and sex in other income groups. The 65 and over age group reported the largest number of disability days per person and the 15-24 years age group the smallest number (see Table 17D). The relatively large proportion of persons 65 and over and low proportion of persons 15-24 years of age in the low income group tended to produce exceedingly high average numbers of disability days in the actual estimates for the low income group. Standardized estimates for disability days are therefore presented in this bulletin to afford comparability with the standardized estimates of health care. For similar purposes estimates of complaint periods are shown in standardized form (see Table 16).

RELATION TO NEED

A comparison of the amount of health care received by persons of both sexes and of various ages belonging to different income groups is of interest in itself. However, comparability may be improved for certain purposes if account is taken of the varying needs for health care of the groups concerned.

One rough measure of need used extensively in this report is based on the "complaint period" As in bulletin No. 5 the complaint period is defined as a series of days, ranging from a single day to a period covering the entire survey year, throughout which time a person was reported as continuously experiencing a disturbance in his state of health, and was at no time free of symptoms. Health disturbances covered by complaint periods included injuries and confinements as well as diagnosed diseases and undiagnosed symptoms. A complaint period might have a single diagnostic or symptomatic cause, in which case it would correspond to a single illness as defined in bulletin No. 7, or it might be due to a number of overlapping or concurring illnesses. Complaint periods current at the beginning of the survey year were considered to have commenced on the first day of the Survey and complaint periods current at the end of the survey year were considered to have terminated on the last day of the Survey. It bears emphasis that complaint periods cover every indisposition - no matter how slight - which was reported by informants and the high number of recorded complaint periods should be interpreted accordingly.

Estimates are given in this bulletin for each income group of the number of complaint periods for which various classes of health care were received (Tables 2, 5, and 9). The estimates are given in absolute numbers and as percentages and averages. Included in these estimates are figures showing for each income group the proportion of the total number of complaint periods for which various classes of health care were received (Tables 2C, 5D, and 9D). This provides some measure of the satisfaction of need for health care - the higher the percentage of complaint periods for which care was received, the higher, generally, the fulfilment of need. In this relationship, however, no account is taken of the precise amount of health care provided. Additional measures are therefore presented which show the average number of units of various classes of health care given per complaint period. This average is calculated (a) counting all complaint periods (Tables 3F, 6G, and 11H) and (b) counting only those complaint periods for which some of the type of care in question was received (Tables 3G, 6H, and 111). For all three measurements of health care by complaint period only those units of health care were counted which were actually given in connection with complaint periods (Tables 3E, 6F, and 11G).

Complaint periods are of greatly varying nature, length, and severity. The very recognition of a complaint period depends on the subjective reporting of individuals. Therefore, the amount and class of health care required is bound to vary considerably from one complaint period to another. A unit which measures illness with greater uniformity as to duration and severity is the "disability day". In the Sickness Survey a disability day (or "person-day of disability") is defined as a day on which a person as a result of illness was not able to carry on with his normal activities. For persons who had regular employment outside the home this was marked by absence from work; for housewives disability implied inability to perform normal housekeeping duties; for children absence from school or play was the usual indication; and for older retired persons it could mean being unable to care for the garden or go for the usual daily walk.

Perhaps the most significant measure of the satisfaction of need for health care in this bulletin is given by the number of units of various classes of health care per 100 disability days (Tables 3H, 6I, and 11J). It is still far from a perfect measure as the amount and type of health care reasonably required may still vary considerably as between disability days. Also, a certain amount of the health care recorded was not given in connection with disability days, even though all units of health care were counted in the average per 100 disability days.

Dental care and examinations for glasses usually were not given in connection with complaints recorded as illness in the Sickness Survey. For that reason no figures on dental visits or examinations for glasses in relation to complaint periods or disability days are given in this bulletin.

PROCESSING OF DATA

Population Universe

The population universe from which the sample for the Canadian Sickness Survey was drawn consisted of the total population of Canada minus persons residing in institutions, military establishments, Indian reservations, and remote areas ¹. This population universe, estimated at 13,540,000, was calculated from the total population of Canada, as recorded in the 1951 Census, with appropriate adjustments for the excluded sections of the population.

Sample

The estimates given in this bulletin were calculated from data obtained from a sample of about 33,000 persons, most of whom were reported on for the entire survey year. A few persons who were absent from the Survey for less than 31 days were also included in the sample. Persons who were born or who died during the survey year, but were otherwise not absent from the Survey for more than 30 days, were included in the sample.

An appropriate small downward adjustment was made to estimates of numbers of persons — as distinct from numbers of units of health care — recorded in the tables of this bulletin, in order to compensate for partial absence from the Survey of some persons. In other words, all estimates pertain to person-years.

Estimating

The total sample was broken down into cells, by a division into provinces, areas (metropolitan and non-metropolitan) within provinces, and age-sex groups (five male and five female age groups) within areas. The total population of each cell was taken from the 1951 Census, with appropriate adjustments for excluded sections of the population. For each cell the ratio of total population to sample population was used as a weight and applied to all sample data pertaining to the cell. Weighted figures for the various cells were appropriately combined to provide the published estimates. These estimates are provisional in the sense of being subject to minor adjustments arising from further analysis of the sample material and from study and comparison of more detailed tabulations. Continuing improvement of the estimates account for slight discrepancies between some of the figures of bulletin No. 8 and the present bulletin.

Sampling Error

The standard of statistical accuracy set in this bulletin for estimates concerning numbers of persons (Tables 1A, 4A, 7A, 8A, 12A, 13A, and 15A) was a maximum sampling error of 20 per cent². To

^{1.} The remote areas consisted of Labrador, the Northwest Territories, the Yukon, and the northernmost stretches of Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia.

^{2.} With a 95 per cent confidence limit; i.e. no individual figure was allowed a chance greater than one in 20 of exceeding the 20 per cent margin of error.

achieve this standard each published figure had to be based on a certain minimum frequency of persons in the sample reporting the class of health care concerned. In order to avoid low frequencies the full breakdown of five age groups was reduced to four or three in several tables. For the same reason the upper and lower high income groups were combined as one in most of the tables. Even after age groups and income groups were thus combined a few figures remained which were based on frequencies (of persons) below the standard minimum. These figures have been marked with asterisks to signify the lower degree of accuracy attached to them. In the tables dealing with complaint periods and units of health care asterisks mark those figures which correspond with below standard frequencies in the tables pertaining to persons.

Rounding and Addition.

In the tables absolute numbers are given in thousands. Percentage figures are shown with one decimal place. Rates of occurrence per thousand persons are shown in integral numbers. Averages per complaint period are given with three decimals, averages per 100 disability days are given with two decimals, and averages per hospital period with one decimal.

As each detailed and each total figure was rounded individually, additions of rounded figures in many instances differ slightly from the rounded totals shown.

Individual income groups add up to a little less than the total figures shown. The difference is accounted for by the small number of persons in the sample who would not state their income and who were therefore not included in any income group.

Rates and averages were calculated from original full estimates, not from rounded figures shown in the published tables.

Arrangements of Tables and Charts

The tabular material of this report, with accompanying charts, is divided into five sections. The first section—"Total Health Care"—gives summary information (i.e. for both sexes and all ages combined) for all the classes of health care considered in this report. The next three sections give detailed information, by age group and sex, for the three most common classes of health care—physicians' services, in-patient hospital care, and dental care. The last section gives general information pertinent to the measures published in this bulletin, on the distribution by age group and sex of persons, complaint periods, and disability days.

Analysis

It is the purpose of these bulletins to release certain basic data as soon as possible and to leave more extensive tabulations and interpretations to a more comprehensive report (to be issued at a later date). For that reason no attempt is made in the present series of bulletins to analyse the data in detail. However, a summary of the more important tabular material of this bulletin is given below with some comment.

In the summary comment comparisons are drawn of the health care experience of the various income groups. Standardized estimates rather than actual estimates have been used for this purpose as the former afford the better basis of comparison having regard to the particular requirements of different age and sex groups. In other words, if the question concerns how well comparatively various income groups are cared for, standardized estimates provide the better answer. Actual estimates, on the other hand, should be used to gauge the actual volume of care involved.

FINDINGS

SUMMARY COMMENT

Volume of Sickness

Tables 16-17

The investigations of the Canadian Sickness Survey would appear to bear out the contention that ill health amongst persons in the low income group is more serious than amongst those with a medium or high income. This is evident not so much from the number of times persons of various income groups are sick as it is from the amount of disability reported (see Chart 3 and Table 17D — standardized). Estimates standardized for age and sex show 17,833 person-days of disability per 1,000 persons for the low income group as against 11,042 for the medium income group, 9,623 for the high income group (lower) and 11,384 for the high income group (upper). The high income group (lower) reported the least

disabling illness, only little more than half the average reported by the low income group. The medium income group and the high income group (upper) reported a slightly higher average than the high income group (lower). Children under 15 of all income groups reported about the same average number of disability days (10 per person per year). For the older age groups, however, persons with low incomes generally reported a far higher average number of disability days than persons with medium or high incomes, the differences being particularly great amongst males¹.

^{1.} A notable exception was the extraordinarily high average number of disability days reported by persons over 65 in the (upper) high income group. This particular figure, however, is less reliable (marked with an asterisk — see page 15) because of the small number of persons in the sample of this age and income group.

The age-sex pattern of disability in the low income group was distinctly different from that of the other income groups in two respects. Amongst persons with low incomes males of all age groups reported more disability than females of the corresponding age groups. On the average males in the low income group reported half as much disability again as females (21,112 days per 1,000 males as against 14,506 days per 1,000 females). In the other income groups there was little difference between the all-age average number of days of disability reported by males and females, although for most individual age groups females reported slightly more than males. In the low income group the under 15 age group reported the lowest average number of disability days, and this average increased successively for older age groups both in the case of males and of females. In the other income groups the lowest average number of disability days was reported by males and females in the 15-24 and 25-44 age groups, increasing both with older and younger age groups.

While persons with low incomes reported far more disabling illness than persons with medium or high incomes, the average number of times persons of various income groups were ill varied rather little from about two complaint periods per person per year (see Table 16D — standardized). The average was only slightly higher for the low income group (2,207 complaint periods per 1,000

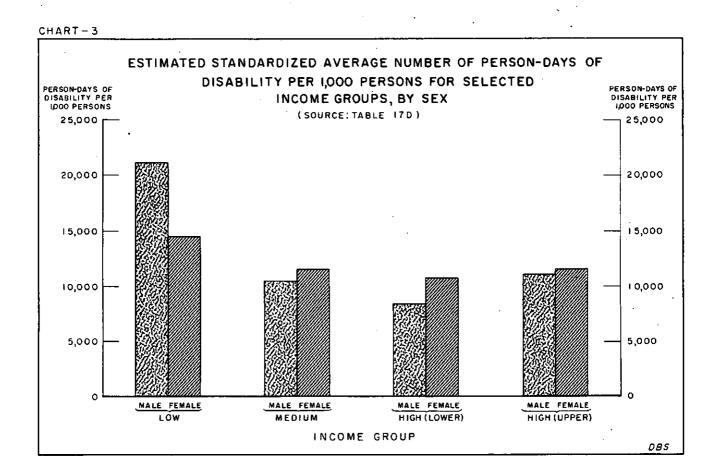
persons) and medium income group (2,219 per 1,000 persons) than for the high income groups (2,144 and 2,004 per 1,000 persons). In all income groups females reported illness more frequently than males and older age groups generally reported illness less frequently (though for longer periods of time) than younger age groups.

Physicians' Services

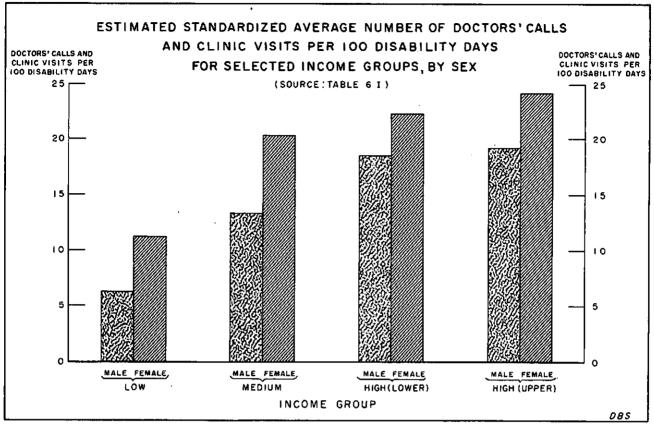
Tables 4-7

While the low income group reported proportionately far more disabling illness than other income groups, they received much less physicians' care. The low income group had a significantly lower proportion of persons reporting physicians' care, and also a much lower average number of doctors' calls and clinic visits per person than did other income groups. In relation to the number of disability days reported the low income group was much further behind yet.

Standardized estimates show that 37.2 per cent of persons in the low income group received physicians' care as compared to 43.9 per cent in the medium income group and 45.2 in the high income group (see Table 4D). In all income groups a higher percentage of females than of males reported physicians' care, although the sexes were almost evenly balanced for the under 15 age group. The







relative position of the various income groups, however, did vary considerably from one age group to another. The percentage of children under 15 receiving physicians' care in the low income group (28.9 per cent) was very much lower than in the medium or high income groups (44.1 and 48.3 per cent respectively). For the 15-24 and 25-44 age groups the percentage reporting physicians' care was lowest for the low income group and highest for the medium income group, though the differences were not too great. For the 45-64 and 65 and over age groups, on the other hand, the percentage reporting physicians' care was lowest for the medium income groups and highest for the high income group. Differences between income groups were inconsiderable in the case of the 45-64 age group, but for persons 65 and over the percentage reporting physicians' care in the medium income group was very low compared to the other income groups. The relatively high percentage of persons 65 and over in the low income group receiving physicians' care probably is a reflection of the care given to a considerable number of indigents in that age group by provincial and other welfare agencies.

Contrary to the general pattern, the percentage of females aged 15-24 reporting physicians' care was lower for the high income group than for the medium and low income groups (see Table 4D). The

percentage of females aged 25-44 in the high income group reporting physicians' care was also relatively low. The explanation for this lies largely in the fact that an important part of physicians' care in these female age groups is given in connection with pregnancy and that pregnancy is less common amongst women in the high income group. According to the Sickness Survey estimates the percentage of women of the different income groups reporting pregnancy during the survey year was as follows¹:

	Low income	Medium income	High income
Age 15-24	11.9*	16.5	2.8*
Age 25-44	15.7	14.9	10.2

^{1.} The count is actually of women reporting confinement during the survey year or illness and/or health care in connection with pregnancy (codes 640-689 and Y06 in the International Statistical Classification of Diseases, Injuries, and Causes of Death).

Figures marked withan asterisk do not meet the standard

Figures marked with an asterisk do not meet the standard of accuracy set for the tabular material of this bulletin (maximum sampling error of 20 per cent with a 95 per cent confidence limit).

If account is taken only of physicians' care given in cases other than those related to pregnancy, the pattern of physicians' care reported by women of the age groups concerned is significantly changed as between income groups.

•	Low income	Medium income	High income
Age 15-24			
Percentage reporting physicians' care	39.7	46.8	36.0
Percentage reporting physicians' care other than for pregnancy	35.2	41.8	35.7
Age 25-44:			
Percentage reporting physicians' care	47.9	57.0	54.0
Percentage reporting physicians' care other than for pregnancy	43.4	51. 9	50.9
All ages:			
Percentage reporting physicians' care	41.7	49.3	48.9
Percentage reporting physicians' care other than for pregnancy	39.6	47.0	47.9

If, therefore, physicians' care given in connection with pregnancy is left out of consideration the percentage of women reporting physicians' care in the high income group becomes more significant relevant to the same measure for the other income groups.

Standardized estimates of the average number of doctors' calls and clinic visits per 1,000 persons (see Table 6D) show much the same income group pattern as the figures recording the percentage of persons reporting physicians' care. The average number of calls or visits per 1,000 persons was distinctly lower for the low income group (1,484) than for the medium and high income groups (1,811 and 1,938 respectively). In all income groups females on the whole received more calls and visits than males (but boys under 15 received more than girls under 15). The difference between the sexes was much the smallest in the case of the low income group. The low income group lagged farthest behind in the relative amount of physicians' care received for its younger age groups. Males 45 and over in the low income group, however, received more than the average amount of physicians' care. For males 65 and over it was the medium income group that showed by far the lowest relative amount of care.

The average number of doctors' calls and clinic visits reported by those persons who received some physicians' care did not vary too greatly as between income groups (see Table 6E — standardized). It ranged from 3,773 per 1,000 persons for the low income group to 4,014 for the medium income group and 4,209 for the high income group. The differences were much greater for individual age-sex groups, however. The low income group showed figures far below average for all its female age groups but well above average for males over 25.

People in the low income group received physicians' care for a markedly lower proportion of their complaint periods (21.4 per cent) than persons

in the medium and high income groups (25.3 and 27.2 per cent respectively) according to standardized estimates (see Table 5D). For all income groups females received care for a slightly higher percentage of complaint periods than males (although the figure for boys under 15 was higher than for girls under 15 in all cases). In the under 15 and 15-24 age groups the low income group received physicians' care for a very much smaller proportion (about two-thirds) of complaint periods than other income groups but in the older age groups the difference was less. For males over 65 it was the medium income group which received care for the smallest proportion of complaint periods.

In relation to the number of days of disability reported, persons in the low income group received on the average only about half of the amount of physicians' care received by persons in the medium income group and only two-fifths of the amount received by persons in the high income group (see Chart 4 and Table 6I - standardized). The low income group reported 8.78 doctors' calls and clinic visits per 100 disability days, as against 16.82 for the medium income group and 20.78 for the high income group. For all individual age-sex groups the low income group received the least number of doctors' calls and clinic visits per 100 disability days. The difference was least pronounced - but still substantial - in the case of persons over 65 and children under 15.

In-Patient Hospital Care

Tables 8-12

Statistics of in-patient hospital care received by various income groups show a less distinct pat-

^{1.} Where applicable (high income, all ages) these figures have been standardized. As additional material from the Sickness Survey becomes available a more thorough analysis of the differences in the amount of health care received by various population groups will be possible.

ERRATA

Canadian Sickness Survey, 1950-51 Reference Paper No.51 No.8 Volume of Health Care (National Estimates)

- Page 5, column 2, paragraph 2, line 2 should read: "within a sampling error of 20 per cent"
- Page 7, column 2, paragraph 7, line 2 should read: "health care is shown"
- Page 24, Table 6G, column (e), opposite "Male, Under 15" delete "0.524" insert "0.357"
- Page 25, Table 6H, columns (a) and (b)
 All figures under column (a) should be under column (b) and vice versa
- Page 28, Table 7D, column (g), opposite "Female, All ages" delete "1.00" insert "0.96"
- Page 30, Table 9
 column (a), opposite "Both sexes, Under 15 (except newborn)"
 delete "10.47" insert "11.02"
 - column (a), opposite "Male, Under 15 (except newborn)"
 delete "5.08" insert "5.62"
 - column (d), opposite "Male, Under 15 (except newborn)"
 delete "3.0" insert "2.7"
- Page 30, Table 10, below footnote No.3 insert "4. Column (a) of Table 10 divided by column (e) of Table 9"

 "5. Column (f) of Table 10 divided by column (a) of Table 9"
- Page 35, Table 12, column (h), opposite "Graduate nursing care" delete "9,106" insert "9,263"
- Page 40, Table 15D, column (a)
 opposite "Both sexes, All ages"
 delete "9,106" insert "9,263"
 - opposite "Both sexes, 25 44"

 delete "6,713" insert "7,045"
 - opposite "Male, All ages"

 delete "6,788" insert "7,145"
 - opposite "Male, Under 15; 15 24; and 25 44" delete "3,540" insert "3,868"
- Page 41, Table 15F

 Replace all commas with decimal points. E.g., "8,777" should read
 "8.777".

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tern than do the figures concerning physicians' services. An estimated 10.0 per cent of persons in the low income group received in-patient hospital care during the survey year (see Table 8D - standardized). This was a little less than the 11.0 per cent of the medium income group reporting such care and a little more than the 9.3 per cent of the high income group reporting such care. The percentage of children under 15 receiving hospital care in the low income group (7.6 per cent) was appreciably lower than the corresponding percentages for the medium and high income groups (11.0 and 10.8 per cent respectively). For persons 45 and over, on the other hand, the low income group showed a somewhat higher percentage reporting hospital care (10.7 per cent) than other income groups (9.5 and 8.8 per cent). By much the highest percentage of males in the 15-44 year bracket reporting hospital care was found in the low income group (7.9 as against 5.2 and 5.3 per cent for the medium and high income groups) and by much the highest percentage of females in that age bracket reporting hospital care was found in the medium income group (18.3 per cent as against 14.4 and 11.8 per centfor the low and high income groups).

As relatively few persons went to hospital more than once during the survey year, the pattern of periods of in-patient hospital care by income group, age group, and sex was much the same as that of persons reporting hospital care (see Table 10D — standardized). For the low income group the average number of hospital periods per 1,000 persons was 120, lower than the medium income group figure of 132, but higher than the high income group figure of 108.

Figures showing the number of person-days of hospitalization per 1,000 persons give the impression that the low income group received an inordinately high share of hospital care. This impression is reversed when the amount of hospitalization received by the various income groups is related to the amount of disability reported and the particularly lengthy hospitalization of illnesses in certain cases.

The average number of person-days of hospitalization per 1,000 persons in the low income group was 2,566 (see Table 11D - standardized). This was a high figure compared to 1,715 for the medium income group and 1,411 for the high income group. For females as a whole and for males under 15 the low income group showed a rate not much different from the average for all income groups. But for males aged 15-44 the low income group reported 3,540 person-days of hospitalization per 1,000 persons, about four times as many as the medium and high income groups (943 and 807 respectively). For males over 45 the low income group reported 4.380 person-days of hospitalization per 1,000 persons, which was also well in excess of the equivalent figures for the medium and high income groups . (2.436 and 1.495 respectively).

The proportionately high number of days of hospital care for the low income group is explained largely by the fact that persons in the low income group suffered relatively more disabling illness than

persons in other income groups. In proportion to the number of days of disability reported the low income group claimed no more than an average amount of hospital care, viz. 14.11 person-days of hospitalization per 100 disability days (see Table 11J — standardized). This figure was somewhat lower than that of the medium income group (15.53) and a little higher than that of the high income group (12.85). Actually the low income group reported well below the average amount of hospital care in relation to disability days for all female age groups and for males of 45 and over (See Chart 5).

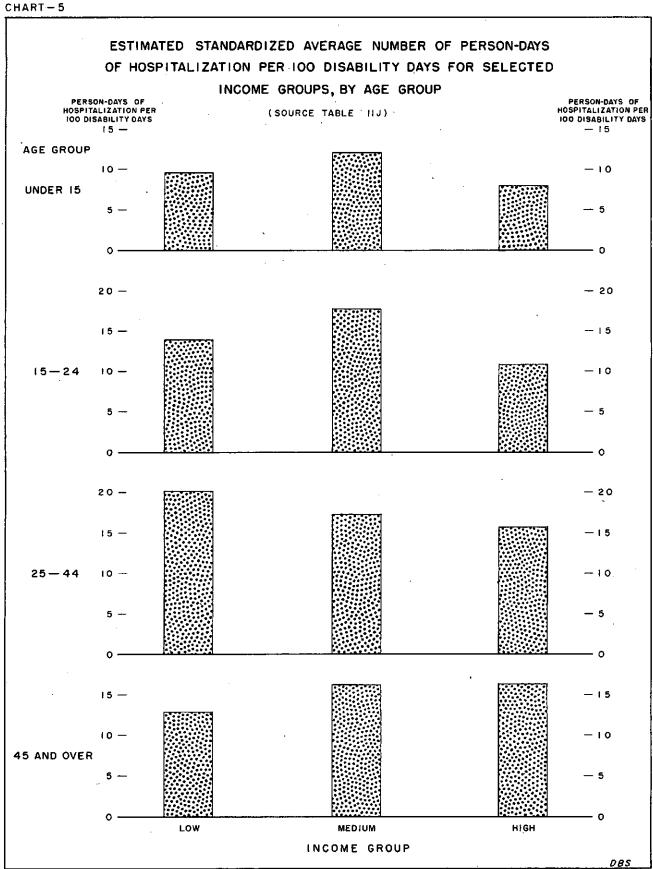
It was only the extremely high amount of hospital care received by males 25-44 years of age in the low income group that brought up the average number of hospital days per 100 disability days for that income group. The reason for this very high rate of hospitalization was that males aged 25-44 in the low income group; by reason of occupation, general health standards, or otherwise, were particularly prone to types of disability requiring a relatively great amount of hospital care. About threequarters of the days of hospital care reported by males 25-44 years of age in the low income group concerned either tuberculosis or accidents (including poisonings and violence). But less than a fifth of the total of days of disability reported by that group concerned the same illnesses. Tuberculosis and accidents accounted for only half of the hospital days reported by males aged 25-44 in the medium income group and for less than a tenth of those for males aged 25-44 in the high income group. If both hospital days and disability days for tuberculosis and accidents are eliminated from the count, the average number of hospital days per 100 disability days for males aged 25-44 shows a completely reversed pattern as between the income groups²:

•	Low income	Medium income	High income
Person-days of hospitalization per 100 disability days	24.47	14.01	12.39
Person-days of hospitalization per 100 disability days excluding tubercu-			
losis and accidents	6.19	10.25	12.92

The different pattern of disabling illnesses suffered by people in various income groups explains much of the relatively high amount of hospital care received by persons in the low income group and the relatively low amount received by persons in the high income group. An example of the latter is the low figure for hospital care received (per 100 disability days) by females aged 15-44 in the high in-

^{1.} Codes 001-019 and 800-999 in the International Statistical Classification of Diseases, Injuries, and Causes of Death.

^{2.} Owing to the relatively small number of cases on which these estimates are based, they do not meet the standards of accuracy set for the tabular material of this bulletin (maximum sampling error of 20 per cent with a 95 per cent confidence limit).



come group (see Table 11J). This is largely a result of the fact that pregnancy (which requires much hospital care relative to the number of days of disability involved) is less common amongst women in the high income group (see above p. 15). There is reason to assume, then, that in relation to the need implied in the particular type of illnesses experienced by the income groups, the amount of hospital care received by the low income group is proportionately smaller than would otherwise appear.

The fact that the percentage of persons in the low income group reporting in-patient hospital care was average while the number of days of hospital care per 1,000 persons was quite high accounts for a high average duration of hospital periods reported by the low income group. Hospital periods reported by the low income group averaged 21.9 days in length against only 14.5 and 12.2 days respectively for the medium and high income groups (see Table 11F - standardized). The differences were greatest in the male age groups, particularly for males 15-44 years of age, whose hospital periods in the low income group averaged 39.1 days against only 17.3 and 12.9 days respectively in the medium and high income groups. This again may be connected with the nature of the illnesses reported by the low income group, which required particularly lengthy hospitalization.

Home Nursing Services

Tables 1-3

In relation to their numbers the low income group appeared to receive a substantial share of home nursing services, though in relation to the amount of disability reported their share seemed to be still well below average¹.

About the same proportion (1.2 per cent) of persons in the low and medium income groups received home nursing care during the survey year (see Table 1C — standardized). The medium income group had a slightly larger percentage (0.9 per cent) reporting graduate nursing care than the low income group (0.8 per cent) while the low income group in turn had a slightly larger percentage reporting non-graduate nursing care (0.5 per cent versus 0.4 per cent). The proportion of persons reporting care in the high income group was a little lower for both graduate nursing care (0.7 per cent) and non-graduate nursing care (0.3 per cent).

There were 82 visits of graduate nursing care reported per 1,000 persons of the low income group (see Table 3C — standardized), as compared to 53 visits for the medium income and 66 visits for the high income group. About the same average number

of days of non-graduate nursing care were reported per 1,000 persons of the low and medium income groups (95 and 96 days respectively), but less than a third of that amount was reported for the high income group (28 days).

The average amount of home nursing care received by persons reporting such care also varied considerably as between income groups (see Table 3D — standardized). A little more than eight visits of graduate nursing care was recorded per person reporting in the low income group and a little less than seven visits by persons in the high income group. This compared with less than five visits for persons in the medium income group. Almost 21 days of non-graduate nursing care were recorded per person reporting such care in the low income as against 14 days for persons in the medium income group and little over four days for persons in the high income group.

In relation to disability days reported (see Table 3H — standardized) the low income group received the least of graduate nursing care (0.39 visits per 100 disability days). The medium income group received a little more (0.42 visits per 100 disability days), but a considerably greater amount was received by the high income group (0.61 visits per 100 disability days). The most non-graduate nursing care was received by the medium income group (0.72 days per 100 disability days), followed by the low income group (0.49 days per 100 disability days), and the high income group (0.27 days per 100 disability days), and the high income group (0.27 days per 100 disability days).

There is a wide discrepancy between actual and standardized estimates of nursing care for the low income group. This is a result of the circumstance that the large share of nursing care was received by older people (women over 45 and men over 65). The particular age-sex groups concerned are proportionately large in the low income group and consequently are reduced in influence by the process of standardization. A large share of nursing care also went to maternity cases. The fact that the percentage of women reporting pregnancy during the survey year was much lower in the high income group than in other income groups accounts, at least in part, for the relatively low number of persons in the high income group reporting nursing care.

Non-graduate nursing care included the unpaid services of relatives and friends helping to look after a sick person. This type of care was more accessible to the low income group than graduate nursing care and explains why that income group received a much higher share of non-graduate nursing care than of graduate nursing care. The high income group, on the other hand, reported relatively much more graduate nursing care and much less non-graduate nursing care. Were it not for visiting nurses' services which in various areas are available to the low income group free or at a nominal charge, the amount of graduate nursing care reported by the low income group would likely have been much lower yet.

^{1.} As a result of the relatively small number of persons receiving home nursing care, many of the estimates concerning this class of health care are below the standards of accuracy aimed at in this bulletin (marked with an asterisk — see above p. 15).

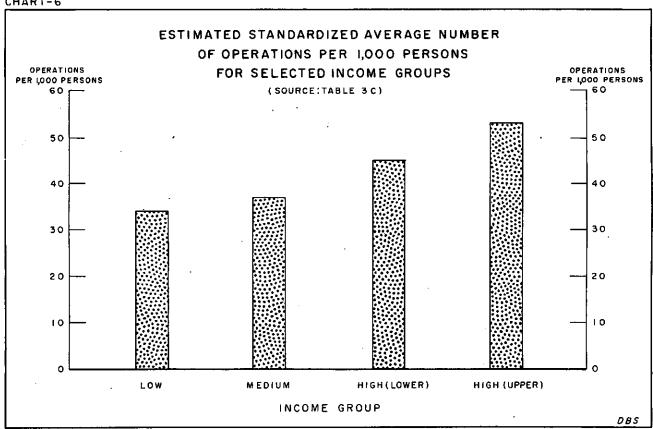
Operations

Tables 1-3

The proportion of persons in the low income group reporting operations during the survey year was 3.2 per cent (see Table 1C — standardized). Successively larger proportions of higher income groups reported operations, viz. 3.5 per cent, 4.2 per cent, and 5.0 per cent respectively for the medium, high (lower), and high (upper) income groups.

As few persons reported more than one operation during the survey year, the number of operations per 1,000 persons showed about the same pattern as the percentage of persons reporting operations (see Chart 6 and Table 3C — standardized). It ranged from 34 operations per 1,000 persons for the low income group to 53 operations per 1,000 persons for the high income group (upper). The difference in the number of operations reported per 100 disability days was greater (see Table 3H — standardized). It ranged from 0.22 operations per 100 disability days for the low income group to 0.56 operations per 100 disability days for the high income group (upper).





Dental Care

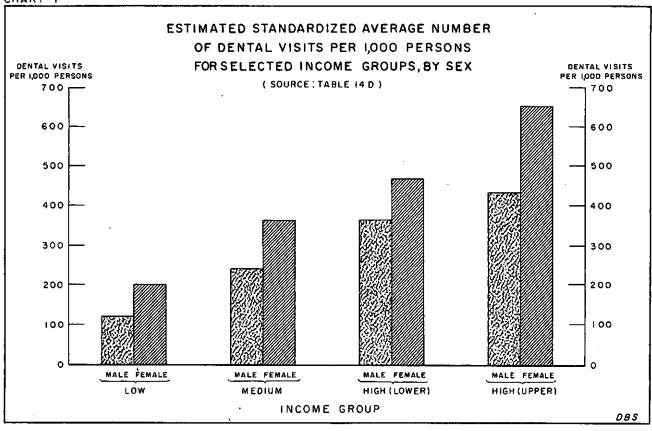
Tables 13-14

Differences in the amount of health services received by the various income groups were greatest in the case of dental care. Both the percentage of persons reporting dental care and the average number of dental visits per 1,000 persons were far lower for the low income group than for the medium income group, which in turn had figures much lower than for the high income group.

Only 9.1 per cent of persons in the low income group visited a dentist during the year, as against 14.0 per cent of the medium income group and 19.3 per cent of the high income group (see Table 13D — standardized). In all income groups dental care was received generally by a larger proportion of females

than of males; the difference being especially marked in the 15-44 year range. The proportion of persons in the low income group receiving dental care was furthest behind the other income groups in respect of children under 15. Here the proportion for the low income group (6.2 per cent) was only half that of the medium income group (12.2 per cent) and less than a third of that of the high income group (21.9 per cent). The low income group also lagged far behind in the 15-24 and 25-44 year age groups, but the difference was less pronounced for persons 45 and over. This may well be connected with the fact that for younger persons a very large share of dental treatment is normally prophylactic in nature and that many persons in the low income group would elect not to seek such treatment. The lack of preventive care at a younger age may well lead to a greater need for extraction, emergency repair, or dentures at a later age.





The average number of dental visits per 1.000 persons in the low income group was 160 (see Table 14D - standardized). This was not much more than half the number reported for the medium income group (302) and not much more than a third of the number reported for the high income group (450). In all age groups of all income groups females reported a higher average number of dental visits than males (see Chart 7). In all age-sex groups the high income group reported a higher average of dental visits than the medium income group which in turn reported a higher average than the low income group. The difference was particularly great for children under 15 where the average numbers of dental visits per 1,000 persons for low, medium, and high income groups were 98, 238, and 447 respectively.

Amongst persons who visited a dentist during the survey year those in the low income group paid on the average 1.726 visits per 1.000 persons (see Table 14E — standardized). This was less than the equivalent averages for the medium income group (2.076) and the high income group (2.283).

Examinations for Glasses

Tables 1-3

About the same proportion of persons in the medium income group (3.6 per cent) and high income group (3.5 per cent) reported examinations

for glasses during the survey year (see Table 1C - standardized). A markedly smaller percentage of persons in the low income group (2.9 per cent) reported examinations for glasses.

The number of examinations per 1,000 persons in the low income group was 32 (see Table 3C — standardized). This was well below the 44 examinations per 1,000 persons reported by the medium income group and the 41 per 1,000 persons reported by the high income group.

Miscellaneous Health Care

Tables 1-3

Only 0.8 per cent of persons in the low income group reported miscellaneous health care during the survey year (see Table 1C — standardized). This was less than half the proportion reported by the medium income group (1.9 per cent) and the high income group (1.7 per cent).

The low income group reported 78 miscellaneous treatments per 1,000 persons (see Table 3C — standardized) which was about half the number reported by the medium and high income groups (150 and 155 per 1,000 persons respectively).

While relatively few persons in the low income group reported miscellaneous health care, those

who did report such care had a large number of treatments (see Table 3D — standardized). Persons reporting miscellaneous health care in the low income group claimed 14 treatments per person as against seven for the medium income group and nine for the high income group.

Total Health Care

Tables 1-3

Sickness Survey estimates warrant the general conclusion that the low income group proportionately suffers a considerably greater amount of disabling illness and receives a smaller amount of health care than other income groups. The medium income group, on the average, suffered more disability and received less care than the high income group, although the differences were in most cases not as marked as in comparison with the low income group.

Only 45.3 per cent of persons in the low income group received any health care during the survey year as compared to 53.7, 55.0, and 61.1 per cent of successively higher income groups (see Table 1C standardized). For all classes of health care the low income group had the smallest proportion of persons reporting care, except in the case of in-patient hospital care and home nursing services for which the high income group had the smallest proportion of persons reporting care. The number of units of health care received per 1,000 persons and the number of units of health care received per 100 disability days both were also smallest for the low income group in the case of all classes of health care, except inpatient hospital care and home nursing services (see Tables 3C and 3H - standardized). If account is taken of the special nature of some of the disabling illnesses reported most heavily by the low income group, it appears likely that in relation to need the low income group received the least also of in-patient hospital care and home nursing services.

Not all age groups of the low income group were equally far behind corresponding age groups of other income groups in the receipt of health care. On the whole children under 15 in the low income

group were furthest behind their corresponding age group in higher income groups. Least far behind were persons over 65 in the low income group. Many of these persons were recipients of public assistance for whom health care was provided by public funds. For persons over 65 it was often the medium income group which received the least health care, Men of working age in the low income group (especially those in the 25-44 year age group) appeared to receive relatively more physicians' care and hospital care per person. But these same men also reported a relatively greater amount of disability. especially in connection with illnesses requiring a particularly great amount of care. In relation to the amount and nature of disability reported men of working age in the low income group still appeared to be receiving less care than men of the same age in higher income groups.

In-patient hospital care and home nursing services were the two categories of health care for which the low income group appeared to be reasonably well served in relation to other income groups. In this connection it should be noted that hospital treatment is one of the least elective types of care, i.e. hospital treatment is frequently mandatory regardless of a person's income. A large amount of the care which governments provided free for indigents (in the low income group) was in-patient hospital care. The significant share of home nursing services received by the low income group may be related to the fact that many of these services were provided free of charge (see p. 19).

The class of health care of which the low income group received least compared to other income groups was dental care (see Table 3C — standardized). A certain proportion of dental treatment is prophylactic in nature. Acute conditions for which treatment by a dentist must be sought — regardless of a person's income — account for a part only of total dental care. The low income group also received only a small share of miscellaneous health care, most of which is of an elective nature. The low income group was less far behind in the case of examinations for glasses and less yet in the case of physicians' services and operations. Much of the care in the latter two categories is mandatory.

TABLE 1. Persons of Selected Income Groups Reporting Health Care during Survey Year A. Estimated number of persons in each income group reporting various classes of health care

•		Act	ial estim	ates			Standa	rdized es	timates	·
Class of health care		Low	Medium	High i	ncome		Low	Medium	High i	ncome
	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	Total	income	lacome	Lower	Upper
	_	(*	Thousand	s)			(1	Thousands	3)	
Physicians' services: Doctors' office calls Doctors' home calls Doctors' office and/ or home calls. Clinic visits Any doctors' calls and/ or clinic visits 1	4, 421 2, 481 5, 673 630 5, 851	795 456 1,043 113 1,086	2, 114 1, 128 2, 683 309 2, 768	1,074 607 1,368 147 1,407	418 274 549 58 559	4, 387 2, 452 5, 637 624 5, 814	751 376 968 108 1,012	2, 103 1, 123 2, 668 311 2, 752	1, 078 639 1, 395 146 1, 433	437 298 579 56 587
In-patient hospital care 2	1,383	271	699	298	107	1,385	271	689	300	11'
Medical care	6, 056	1,147	2, 865	1,439	573	6, 021	1,076	2, 847	1,465	60
Home nursing services: Graduate nursing care	107 49 145	24 14* 37	53 23° 71	29 11 36	i *	108 50 147	21 14* 33	56 23* 74	30 12 38	•
Operations	507	87	224	136	59	507	88	218	138	6
Dental care ³	1,995	218	897	615	261	1,990	247	875	597	26
Examinations for glasses	450	84	213	154	4	460	80	223	150	3
Miscellaneous health care	211	26*	108	75	5	287	20*	120	7:	5
Any health care	7, 190	1, 283	3, 386	1,781	706	7, 158	1, 231	3, 363	1,797	73
No health care	6, 348	1, 435	2, 880	1,490	495	6, 379	1, 486	2, 902	1,473	46
Total persons 4	13,538	2,718	6, 266	3,271	1,200	13, 538	2, 718	6, 266	3, 271	1,20

TABLE 1. Persons of Selected Income Groups Reporting Health Care during Survey Year B. Estimated number of persons in each income group reporting various classes of health care as percentage of total persons reporting those classes of health care ¹

		Act	ual estim	ates			Standar	dized est	imates	
Class of health care		Low	Medium	High i	ncome	m-4-1	Low	Medium	High i	ncome
	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper
Physicians' services: Doctors' office calls Doctors' home calls Doctors' office and/ or home calls Clinic visits Any doctors' calls and/ or clinic visits ²	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	18.0 18.3 18.4 17.9 18.6	47.8 45.5 47.3 49.0 47.3	24.3 24.5 24.1 23.4 24.1	9.5 11.1 9.7 9.1 9.6	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	17.1 15.3 17.2 17.3 17.4	47.9 45.8 47.3 49.9 47.3	24.6 26.1 24.7 23.3 24.7	10.0 12.2 10.3 9.0 10.1
In-patient hospital care ³	100.0	19.6	50.6	21.5	7.7	100.0	19.5	49.7	21.6	8.4
Medical care	100.0	18.9	47.3	23.8	9.5	100.0	17.9	47.3	24.3	10.0
Home nursing services: Graduate nursing care	100.0 100.0 100.0	22.8 29.0* 25.5	49.4 47.3* 48.7	21	.0: 9'	100.0 100.0 100.0	19.9 28.4* 22.8	51.7 46.8* 50.8	28. 23. 25.	. 0* . 2* . 6*
Operations	100.0	17.1	44.1	26.8	11.5	100.0	17.3	43.1	27.3	11.9
Dental care ⁴	100.0	10.9	44.9	30.8	13.1	100.0	12.4	44.0	30.0	13.4
Examinations for glasses	100.0	18.5	47.2	34	.0	100.0	17.4	48.5	33	. 9
Miscellaneous health care	100.0	12.4*	51.3	35	. 5	100.0	9.5*	55.4	34	. 7
Any health care	100.0	17.8	47.1	24.8	9.8	100.0	17.2	47.0	25.1	10.2
No health care	100.0	22.6	45.4	23. 5	7.8	100.0	23.3	45.5	23.1	7.3
Total persons ⁵ ,	100.0	20.1	46.3	24.2	8,9	100.0	20.1	46.3	24.2	8. 9

Derived from Table 1A: each income group as percentage of "total".
 Top line of Table 4C.
 Top line of Table 8C.
 Top line of Table 13C.
 Top line of Table 15C.

Top line of Table 4A.
 Top line of Table 8A.
 Top line of Table 13A.
 Top line of Table 15A.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 1. Persons of Selected Income Groups Reporting Health Care during Survey Year C. Estimated number of persons in each income group reporting various classes of health care as percentage of total persons in each income group ¹

		acii ilico	me Proof			,				
		Acc	ual estim	ates			Standa	rdized est	limates	
Class of health care	- ·	Low	Medium	High i	ncome	Total	Low	Medium	High	ncome
	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	TOTAL	income	income	Lower	Upper
Physicians' services: Doctors' office calls Doctors' office and/or home calls Clinic visits Any doctors' calls and/or clinic visits ²	32.7 18.3 41.9 4.7 43.2	29. 2 16. 8 38. 4 4. 1 40. 0	33.7 18.0 42.8 4.9 44.2	32.8 18.6 41.8 4.5 43.0	34.9 22.8 45.8 4.8 46.6	32.4 18.1 41.6 4.6 42.9	27.6 13.8 35.6 4.0 37.2	33.6 17.9 42.6 5.0 43.9	33.0 19.5 42.6 4.5 43.8	36.4 24.9 48.2 4.7 48.9
In-patient hospital care 3	10.2	10.0	11.2	9.1	8.9	10.2	10.0	11.0	9.2	9.7
Medical care	44.7	42.2	45.7	44.0	47.7	44.5	39.6	45.4	44.8	50.1
Home nursing services: Graduate nursing care Non-graduate nursing care Any nursing care	0.8 0.4 1.1	0, 9 0, 5* 1, 4	0.8 0.4* 1.1	0. 0. 0.	2*	0.8 0.4 1.1	0.8 0.5* 1.2	0.9 0.4* 1.2	0.	7* 3* 8*
Operations	3.7	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.9	3.7	3.2	3.5	4.2	5.0
Dental care 4	14.7	8.0	14.3	18.8	21.8	14.7	9.1	14.0	18.3	22. 1
Examinations for glasses	3.3	3.1	3.4	3.	4	3.4	2.9	3.6	3.	5
Miscellaneous health care	1.6	1.0*	1.7	1.	7	1.6	0.8*	1.9	1.	7
Any health care	53. 1	47.2	54.0	54.4	58.8	52.9	45.3	53.7	55.0	61.1
No health care	46,9	52.8	46.0	45.6	41.2	47. 1	54.7	46.3	45.0	38.9
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

^{1.} Each figure of Table 1A as percentage of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) in top line of Table 15A.
2. Top line of Table 4D.
3. Top line of Table 8D.
4. Top line of Table 13D.
• Estimate below

TABLE 2. Complaint Periods under Health Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year A. Estimated number of complaint periods under various classes of health care for each income group

	Actual estimates						Standardized estimates					
Class of health care	Total	Low	Medium	High i	ncome	Total	Low	Medium	High i	ncome		
	- +	income	income	Lower	Upper		income	income	Lower	Upper		
		(1	housands	5)			, (°	Thousand:	5)			
Physicians' services 1	7,447	1,395	3, 535	1,764	712	7, 398	1,285	3,514	1,800	758		
In-patient hospital care ²	1,392	297	678	294	113	1,392	286	682	293	122		
Medical care	7,974	1,505	3,816	1,861	747	7,928	1,402	3,793	1,890	797		
Home nursing services	155	42	75	35	; *	157	37	81	38	3*		
Other health care	465	61	256	93	54	466	61	261	91	52		
Any health care	8, 337	1,557	4,026	1,927	783	8, 295	1,458	4,002	1,956	833		
No health care	21,134	4,297	10,334	4,977	1,440	21,159	4,539	9,902	5,055	1.573		
Total complaint periods ³	29, 471	5, 853	14,360	6, 904	2, 223	29, 454	5, 997	13, 904	7, 011	2,405		

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

Top line of Table 5A.
 Top line of Table 9A.
 Top line of Table 16A.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 2. Complaint Periods under Health Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year B. Estimated number of complaint periods under various classes of health care for each income group as percentage of total complaint periods under those classes of health care!

	Actual estimates						Standardized estimates					
Class of health care	Total	Low	Medium	High i	ncome	Total	Low	Medium	High i	псоте		
		income	income	Lower	Upper		income	Income	Lower	Upper		
Physicians' services ²	100.0	18.7	47.5	23.7	9.6	100.0	17.4	47.5	24.0			
In-patient hospital care ³	100.0	21.3	48.7	21.1	8.1	100.0	20.6	49.0	24.3 21.0	10.2 8.7		
Medical care	100.0	18.9	47.9	23.3	9.4	100.0	17.7	47.8	1	10.1		
Home nursing services	100.0	27.0	48.6	22	.9*	100.0	23.3	51.6	24	. 2		
Other health care	100.0	13. 1	55.1	20.0	11.7	100.0	13.1	56.1	19.4	11.3		
Any health care	100.0	18.7	48.3	23.1	9.4	100.0	17.6	48.3	23.6	10.0		
No health care	100. Q	20.3	48.9	23.6	6.8	100.0	21.5	46.8	23.9	7.4		
Total complaint periods 4	100.0	19.9	48.7	23.4	7.5	100.0	20.4	47.2	23.8	8.2		

Derived from Table 2A: each income group as percentage of "total".
 Top line of Table 5C.
 Top line of Table 9C.
 Top line of Table 16C.

TABLE 2. Complaint Periods under Health Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year C. Estimated number of complaint periods under various classes of health care for each income group as percentage of total complaint periods for each income group.

		Act	ual estim	ates	Standardized estimates					
Class of health care	Total	Low	Medium	High i	ncome		Low	Medium	High i	ncome
	TOTAL	income	Income	Lower	Upper	Total	income	income	25.7 4.2	Upper
Physicians' services ²	25.3	23.8	24.6	25.5	32.0	25. 1	21.4	25.3	25.7	31.5
In-patient hospital care ³	4.7	5. 1	4.7	4.3	5.1	4.7	4.8	4.9	4.2	5. 1
Medical	27.1	25.7	26.6	27.0		26.9	23.4	27.3	27.0	33.1
Home nursing services	0.5	0.7	0.5	0	.4*	0.5	0.6	0.6	0	.4*
Other health care	1.6	1.0	1.8	1.3	2.4	1.6	1.0	1.9	1.3	2. 2
Any health care	28.3	26.6	28.0	27.9	35.2	28.2	24.3	28.8	27.9	34.6
No health care	71.7	73.4	72.0	72.1	64.8	71.8	75.7	71.2	72. 1	65.4
Total complaint periods	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Each figure of Table 2A as percentage of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) in top line of Table 16A.
 Top line of Table 3D.
 Estimate believed.

TABLE 2. Complaint Periods under Health Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year D. Estimated average number of complaint periods under various classes of health care per 1,000 persons for each income group1

			no Brook							
		Act	ual estim	ates	Standardized estimates					
Class of health care	Total	Low	Medium	High i	ncome		Low	Medium	High i	ncome
	10081	income	Income	Lower	Upper	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper
Physicians' services ²	550	513	564	539	593	547	473	561	550	601
In-patient hospital care ³	103	109	108	90	94	103	105	109	550 89	631 101
Medical care	589	554	6D9	569	622	586	516	605	578	664
Home nursing services	11	16	12	8	۱•	12	13	13	8	•
Other health care	34	22	41	28	45	34	22	42	28	44
Any health care	616	573	642	589	652	613	537	639	598	694
No health care	1,561	1,581	1,649	1,522	1, 200	1,563	1,670	1,580	1,546	1,310
Total complaint periods 4	2,177	2,154	2, 292	2, 111	1,852	2.176	2, 207	2,219	2, 144	2,004

Each figure of Table 2A divided by one thousandth of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) of Table 15A.
 Top line of Table 9E.
 Top line of Table 16D.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 3. Number of Units of Health Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year A. Estimated number of units of various classes of health care for each income group

		Act	ual estim	ates		Standardized estimates					
Units of health care		Low	Medium	High i	income		Low	Medium	High	ncome	
	Total	income	/	Lower	Upper	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	
		(Phousand	s)			(Thousand	s)		
Physicians' services:				•							
Doctors' office calls	15,307	2,779	7, 212	3,791	1,478	15, 399	2,628	7,438	3,766	1,525	
Doctors' home calls	6,930	1,546	2,768	1,726	830	6,791	1,088	2,878	1.828	944	
Doctors' office and home calls	22, 237	4,325	9,980	5, 517	2,309	22, 191	3,716	10,316	5,594	2,469	
Clinic visits.	1,939	350	950	489	139	1,955	317	1,027	463	138	
Doctors' calls and clinic visits	24, 176	4,675	10,930	6,006	2,448	24, 145	4,033	11, 343	6,057	2,607	
Days of in-patient hospital care ²	23, 394	7,315	10, 198	3,714	1,599	24,442	6,974	10,744	3,749	2,559	
Home nursing services:											
Visits of graduate nursing care	992	423	299	26	34 *	851	222	332	29	_	
Days of non-graduate nursing care	1,037	437*	484*	9	99*	995	257*	6D0*	12	3*	
Operations	535	92	235	145	62	535	93	230	147	63	
Dental visits ³	4,373	390	1,911	1,424	642	4,343	435	1,889	1,361	651	
Examinations for glasses	535	91	262	18	j 81	546	88	274	18	3	
Miscellaneous treatments	1,827	296*	802	7:	23	1,853	2134	942	69	5	

TABLE 3. Number of Units of Health Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year B. Estimated number of Units of various classes of health care for each income group as percentage of total units of various classes of health care ¹

01	various	CIRSSES	or near	II CALE							
		Act	ual estim	ates		Standardized estimates					
Units of health care		Low	Medium	High i	income			Medium	High i	ncome	
	Total	income		Lower	Upper	Total	Low	income	Lower	Upper	
							,				
Physicians' services:											
Doctors' office calls	100.0	18.2	47.1	24.8	9.7	100.0	17.1	48.3	24.5	9.8	
Doctors' home calls	100.0	22.3	39.9	24.9	12.0	100.0	16.0	42.4	27.0	13.9	
Doctors' office and home calls	100.0	19.5	44.9	24.8	10.4	100.0	16.7	46.5	25.2	11. 1	
Clinic visits	100.0	18.0	49.0	25.2	7.2	100.0	16.2	52.6	23.7	7.0	
Doctors' calls and clinic visits ²	100.0	19.3	45.2	24.8	10.1	100.0	16.7	47.0	25. 1	10.8	
Days of in-patient hospital care ³	100.0	31.3	43.6	15.9	6.8	100.0	28.5	44.0	15.3	10.	
Home nursing services:						! 					
Visits of graduate nursing care	100.0	42.6	30.1	26.	6*	100.0	26. 1	39.0	34.	6*	
Days of non-graduate nursing care	100.0	42.1*	46.7*	9.	.5 I	100.0	25.9*	60.24	12.	4*	
Operations	100.0	17. 1	43.9	27.0	11.6	100.0	17.3	43.0	24.7	11.6	
Dental visits ⁴	100.0	8.9	43.7	32.6	14.7	100.0	10.0	43.5	31.3	15.1	
Examinations for glasses	100.0	17.1	48.9	33.	l . 9	100.0	16.0	50.3	33.	. 5	
Miscellaneous treatments	100.0	16. 2	43.9	39.	6	100.0	11.5	50.8	37	. 5	

Derived from Table 1A; each income group as percentage of "total".
 Top line of Table 6C.
 Top line of Table 11C.
 Top line of Table 14C.

Top line of Table 6A.
 Top line of Table 11A.
 Top line of Table 14A.

^{*}Estimate below standard of accuracy.

^{*}Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 3. Number of Units of Health Care Reported by Selected Income Groups during Survey Year C. Estimated average number of units of various classes of health care per 1,000 persons of each income group 1

		Act	ual estim	ates		Standardized estimates					
Units of health care	Total	Low	Medium	High :	income		Low	Medium	High	ncome	
	income. ir	income	Lower	Upper	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper		
]			
Physicians' services:								i ,			
Doctors' office calls	1, 131	1,023	1,151	1,159	1,232	1,138	967	1.187	1,152	1,271	
Doctors' home calls	512	569	442	528	692	502	400	459	559	787	
Doctors' office and home calls	1,643	1,592	1,593	1,687	1,923	1,639	1,367	1,647	1,710	2,057	
Clinic visits	143	129	152	150	116	144	117	164	141	115	
Doctors' calls and clinic visits ²	1,786	1,720	1,744	1,836	2,039	1,784	1, 484	1,811	1,852	2, 172	
Days of in-patient hospital care ³	1,728	2, 692	1,628	1,136	1,332	1,806	2, 566	1,715	1,146	2, 132	
Home nursing services:				ļ	(·				
Visits of graduate nursing care	73	156	48	5	59 •	63	82	· 53	. 6	6*	
Days of non-graduate nursing care	77	161*	77*	2	22*	74	95*	96*	2	8*	
Operations	40	34	38	44	52	39	34	37	45	53	
Dental visits ⁴	323	143	305	435	535	321	160	302	416	542	
Examinations for glasses	40	34	42	4	 1	40	32	44	1 4	1	
Miscellaneous treatments	135	109*	128	16	32 	137	78*	180	15	5	

Each figure of Table 3A divided by one thousandth of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) in top line of Table 15A.
 Top line of Table 11D.
 Top line of Table 14D.

TABLE 3. Number of Units of Health Care Reported by Selected Income Groups during Survey Year D. Estimated average number of units of various classes of health care per 1,000 persons reporting those classes of health care for each income group 1

		TOTAL TIME	me Breat								
		Act	ual estim	ates		Standardized estimates					
Units of health care	Total	Low	Medium	High i	income	PR-3-1	Low	Medium	High i	псоте	
	1000	income	income	Lower	Upper	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	
					,						
Physicians' services:	!			I	i						
Doctors' office calls	3,462	3,498	3,411	3,529	3,533	3,360	3, 249	3,411	3,368	3,423	
Doctors' home calls	2,794	3,394	2,453	2,842	3,028	2,666	2,582	2,511	2,873	3,019	
Doctors' office and home calls	3,920	4, 146	3,719	4,034	4,201	3,809	3,630	3,760	3,907	4, 199	
Clinic visits	3,077	3,102	3,080	3, 321	2,418	2,951	2,630	3.056	3.185	2,639	
Doctors' calls and clinic visits ²	4, 132	4, 305	3,950	4, 269	4, 375	4,030	3,773	4,014	4,151	4,375	
Days of in-patient hospital care ³	16, 916	26,975	14,580	12,483	14,925	17, 977	25,629	17,013	13,188	17,518	
Home nursing services:		1		[ľ					
Visits of graduate nursing care	9,263	17,350	5,645	9, 1	25*	6,136	8,276	4.793	6.8	26*	
Days of non-graduate nursing care	21, 298	30,875*	21,021*	9,2	31°	12,120	20,967*	13.958*	4,3	24*	
Operations	1,055	1,059	1,050	1,062	1,058	1,050	1,057	1,052	1,062	1,037	
Dental visits ⁴	2, 192	1,792	2, 131	2,314	2,455	2,073	1,726	2,076	2, 195	2,520	
Examinations for glasses	1,188	1,093	1,230	1,1	183	1, 178	1,067	1, 235	1,1	 85	
Miscellaneous treatments	8,653	11,325*	7,404	9,6	60	8.947	14, 122*	6,552	. 9,2	97	

Each figure of Table 3A divided by one thousandth of corresponding figure of Table 1A.
 Top line of Table 6E.
 Top line of Table 11E.
 Top line of Table 14E.

^{*}Estimate below standard of accuracy.

^{*}Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 3. Number of Units of Health Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year E. Estimated number of units of various classes of health care for complaint periods for each income group

		Act	ual estim	ates		Standardized estimates					
Units of health care		Low	Medium	High i	ncome		Low	Medium	High i	ncome	
	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	
	<u> </u>	('	Thousand:	s)	(Thousands)			s) .			
Physicians' services: Doctors' office calls Doctors' home calls Doctors' office and home calls Clinic visits. Doctors' calls and clinic visits 1 Days of in-patient hospital care 2	11,683 6,762 18,445 1,529 19,974 21,733	2, 336 1, 512 3, 848 279 4, 127 7, 094	5, 319 2, 686 8, 005 754 8, 759 9, 177	2, 905 1, 689 4, 594 390 4, 984 3, 382	1,082 817 1,899 95 1,994	11, 757 6, 632 18, 389 1, 554 19, 944 22, 826	2, 183 1, 063 3, 247 249 3, 496 6, 719	5, 587 2, 802 8, 389 833 9, 221 9, 875	2,863 1,785 4,649 367 5,016	1,083 930 2,014 95 2,109	
Home Nursing services: Visits of graduate nursing care Days of non-graduate nursing care	921 1,024	415 427*	258 482*		 2* 9*	769 978	211 244	286 597*	26 12		
Miscellaneous treatments	1,740	272	777	68	7	1,776	2031	917	65	4	

Top line of Table 6F.
 Top line of Table 4G.

TABLE 3. Number of Units of Health Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year F. Estimated average number of units of various classes of health care per complaint period for each income group 1

		Act	ual estim	ates		Standardized estimates					
Units of health care	_	Low	Medium	High income		m-4-1	Low	Medium	High i	ncome	
	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	
Physicians' services: Doctors' office calls Doctors' home calls Clinic visits Doctors' calls and clinic visits ² Days of in-patient hospital care ³	0.396 0.229 0.626 0.052 0.678 0.737	0.399 0.258 0.657 0.048 0.705	0.370 0.187 0.557 0.053 0.610	0. 421 0. 245 0. 665 0. 056 0. 722 0. 490	0.487 0.368 0.854 0.043 0.897 0.688	0.434 0.234 0.676 0.059 0.735	0.387 0.190 0.578 0.045 0.623	0.436 0.211 0.647 0.086 0.713	0.449 0.274 0.723 0.060 0.782	0.495 0.425 0.920 0.042 0.962	
Home nursing services: Visits of graduate nursing care Days of non-graduate nursing care	0.031 0.035	0.071 0.073	0.018 0.034	0.0		0.029 0.035	0.039 0.043	0.022 0.045	0.0	 33 ° 15°	
Miscellaneous treatments	0.059	0.047*	0.054	0.0	75	0.072	0,037	0,083	0.0	78	

Each figure of Table 3E divided by corresponding figure (or combination of figures) in top line of Table 16A.
 Top line of Table 6G.
 Top line of Table 11H.

TABLE 3. Number of Units of Health Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year G. Estimated average number of units of various classes of health care per complaint period under those classes of health care for each income group

	TOL 6	acii ilici	VIIIC RIOU	·							
		Actu	ual estima	tes		Standardized estimates					
Units of health care		Low	Medium	High income		m.t-1	Low	Medium	High income		
	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	
Physicians' services: Doctors' office calls	2.442 2.185 2.547 3.153 2.682 15.614	2.570 2.594 2.837 3.239 2.958	2.316 1.909 2.338 3.145 2.478	2.598 2.233 2.665 3.423 2.825	2.475 2.463 2.722 2.305 2.801	2.389 2.120 2.507 2.970 2.650	2.341 2.010 2.464 2.774 2.574 22.867	2.363 1.999 2.429 3.086 2.586	2.499 2.280 2.620 3.115 2.784	2. 389 2. 484 2. 726 2. 556 2. 801 15. 289	
Home nursing services: Visits of graduate nursing care Days of non-graduate nursing care	8. 149 19. 818		4. 560 20. 488		 34* 26 <i>*</i>	5. 399 10. 778	6. 843 16. 876			 64* 76*	
Miscellaneous treatments	3,738	4,465	3.031	4.6	62	3.413	3. 473	2.995	4.0	14	

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

Estimate below standard of accuracy.

Top line of Table 6H.
 Top line of Table 11L

[.] Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 3. Number of Units of Health Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year H. Estimated average number of units of various classes of health care per 100 disability days for each income group 1

		Act	ual estim	ates		Standardized estimates					
Units of health care	Total.	Low	Medium	High income		To-tal	Low	Medium	High i	псоше	
	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	
Physicians' services: Doctors' office calls Doctors' home calls Clinic visits Doctors' calls and clinic visits ² Days of in-patient hospital care ³	9. 30 4. 21 13. 51 1. 18 14. 68	5. 02 2. 80 7. 82 0. 63 8. 45	10. 90 4. 18 15. 09 1. 44 16. 52	12. 75 5. 81 18. 56 1. 65 20. 21	12. 17 6. 83 19. 00 1. 14 20. 15	10. 83 4. 36 15. 19 1. 34 16. 53	5- 95 2- 18 8- 13 0- 65 8- 78	11. 28 4. 10 15. 38 1. 44 16. 82	13. 06 5. 63 18. 68 1. 76 20. 44	13. 66 6. 77 20. 44 1. 27 21. 71	
Home nursing services: Visits of graduate nursing care Days of non-graduate nursing care	0. 60 0. 63	0. 77 0. 79*	0. 45 0. 73*	0. i	63* 34*	0. 48 0. 55	0.39 0.49*	0. 42 0. 72*	0. 0.	61* 27*	
Operations	0.33	0. 17	0. 36	0.49	0. 51	0. 38	0. 22	0.35	0, 50	0. 56	
Miscellaneous treatments	1.11	0. 54*	1.21	1.	72	1.25	0-38*	1. 22	1.	84	

Each figure of Table 3A divided by one hundredth of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) in top line of Table 17A.
 Top line of Table 61.
 Top line of Table 11J.

*Estimate below standard of accuracy...

TABLE 4. Persons of Selected Income Groups Reporting Physicians' Care during Survey Year A. Estimated number of persons in each age-sex group of each income group reporting physicians' care

		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	·
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium Income	High income
		(Thou	sands)			(Thou	sands)	
Both sexes			.					
All ages	5, 851	1, 086	2, 767	1, 967	5, 814	1, 012	2, 752	2, 021
Under 15	1, 749	209	987	548	1,742	. 239	840	656
15-24	723	106	310	303	724	131	366	223
25 - 44	1.784	228	951	595	1.771	.320	851.	591
15-64	1, 071	223	404	438	1,065	214	481	364
85 and over	523	320	115	82	512	109	214	186
Male								
All ages	2, 649	438	1, 259	937	2, 621	.450 .	1, 220	93 6
Under 15	901	101	523	273	894	121	438	330
15-24	295	34	110	148	290	48	140	99
25-44	706	90	371	- 242	704	130	331	240
15-64	508	80	200	225	502	101	221	177
85 and over	239	133	54	50*	231	51	90	89
Female		!				-		
All ages	3, 201	648	1, 509	1, 029	3, 193	562	1, 532	1, 086
Under 15	848	108	464	275	848	118	402	326
15-24	428	71	200	155	435	83	226	124
5-44	1, 078	139	580	354	1,067	190	520	352
5- 64	563	143	204	213	563	114	260	188
35 and over	284	188	61	32*	281	58	125	96

TABLE 4. Persons of Selected Income Groups Reporting Physicians' Care during Survey Year

B. Estimated number of persons in each age group of each income group reporting physicians' care as percentage of total persons of each income group reporting physicians' care, by sex 1

of each mean	e group ie	Potent hi	Jarcieria (care. na se	A -			
		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes	į					,	į	
All ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100. 0	100.0
Under 15	29. 9 12. 4 30. 5 18. 3 8. 9	19. 2 9. 7 21. 0 20. 5 29. 5	35. 7 11. 2 34. 4 14. 6 4. 2	27. 9 15. 4 30. 3 22. 3 4. 2	30. 0 12. 5 30. 5 18. 3 8. 8	23. 6 12. 9 31. 6 21. 2 10. 7	30. 5 13. 3 30. 9 17. 5 7. 8	32.5 11.0 29.3 18.0 9.2
Male								l
All ages	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0	100.0
Under 15	34. 0 11. 1 26. 7 19. 2 9. 0	23. 1 7. 8 20. 5 18. 3 30. 4	41.5 8.8 29.5 15.9 4.3	29. 1 15. 8 25. 8 24. 0 5. 3*	34. 1 11. 0 26. 9 19. 1 8. 8	26. 9 10. 6 28. 9 22. 4 11. 2	35. 9 11. 5 27. 1 18. 1 7. 3	35. 3 10. 6 25. 6 18. 9 9. 6*
Female			•					
All ages	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100-0	100. 0	100.0	100-0
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	26. 5 13. 4 33. 7 17. 6 8. 9	16. 6 11. 0 21. 4 22. 0 29. 0	30-8 13-2 38-4 13-5 4-0	26. 7 15. 1 34. 4 20. 7 3. 1*	26. 5 13. 6 33. 4 17. 6 8. 8	21. 0 14. 8 33. 7 20. 2 10. 3	26. 2 14. 7 33. 9 16. 9 8. 1	30.0 11.4 32.4 17.3 8.9*

^{1.} Derived from Table 4A: each age group as percentage of "all ages", by sex.

TABLE 4. Persons of Selected Income Groups Reporting Physicians' Care during Survey Year

C. Estimated number of persons in each age-sex group of each income group reporting physicians' care as percentage of total persons in each age-sex group reporting physicians' care ¹

		Actual e	estimates			Standardize	d estimates	.
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes		·		·				
All ages	100. 0	18.6	47.3	33. 6	100. 0	17.4	47.3	34. 8
Under 15	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	11. 9 14. 6 12. 8 20. 8 61. 2	56. 4 42. 9 53. 3 37. 8 22. 0	31.3 41.9 33.4 41.0 15.6	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	13. 7 18. 1 18. 0 20. 1 21. 2	48. 2 50. 5 48. 0 45. 2 41. 9	37. 7 30. 8 33. 4 34. 2 36. 3
Male	•			į				
All ages	100.0	16.5	47.5	35, 4	100. 0	17. 2	46.5	35. 7
Under 15	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	11. 2 11. 6 12. 7 15. 7 55. 5	58. 0 37. 4 52. 6 39. 4 22. 6	30. 3 50. 2 34. 2 44. 4 20. 8*	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	13. 5 16. 5 18. 4 20. 1 21. 9	49. 0 48. 4 47. 0 44. 1 38. 8	37. 0 34. 2 34. 0 35. 2 38. 7*
Female								
All ages	100-0	20.3	47. 1	.32. 1	100. 0	17. 6	48.0	34.0
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	12. 7 16. 7 12. 9 25. 4 66. 1	54. 8 46. 7 53. 8 36. 2 21. 4	32. 4 36. 2 32. 8 37. 9 11. 3*	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	13. 9 19. 1 17. 8 20. 2 20. 6	47. 4 52. 0 48. 7 46. 1 44. 4	38. 4 28. 5 33. 0 33. 4 34. 3*

^{1.} Derived from Table 4A: each income group as percentage of "total".

^{*}Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 4. Persons of Selected Income Groups Reporting Physicians' Care during Survey Year

D. Estimated number of persons in each age-sex group of each income group reporting physicians' care as percentage of total persons in each age-sex group of each income group¹

	,	Actual e	estimates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes								
All ages	43.2	40.0	44.2	44.0	42.9	37.2	43.9	45.2
Under 15	42.5 35.3 45.7 44.3 49.6	28.9 32.5 41.0 45.1 51.7	44.1 39.1 47.1 42.7 43.1	48.2 33.0 45.8 45.8 52.5	42.3 35.3 45.4 44.1 48.6	28.9 31.8 40.8 44.2 51.3	44.1 38.6 47.1 43.0 43.9	48.3 32.9 45.9 45.7 53.4
Male	;							
All ages	38.9	35.2	39.3	40.2	38.4	32.9	38.7	41.5
Under 15	42.9 29.2 36.6 40.8 44.8	28.7 23.6 33.5 40.2 47.2	45.1 30.1 37.0 38.4 36.2	47.4 30.2 37.2 43.4 51.1*	42.6 28.7 38.5 40.3 43.2	28.7 23.6 33.5 40.2 47.2	45.1 30.1 37.0 38.4 36.2	47.7 29.7 37.6 43.0 50.7
Female								
All ages	47.6	44.0	49,2	48.1	47.5	41.7	49.3	48.9
Under 15	42.1 41.1 54.7 48.1 54.7	29.1 39.7 47.9 48.3 55.5	43.1 46.8 57.0 47.9 51.9	48.9 36.2 54.3 48.6 54.8*	42.0 41.7 54.1 48.1 54.0	29.1 39.7 47.9 48.3 55.5	43.1 46.8 57.0 47.9 51.9	49.7 36.0 54.0 48.6 56.1*

^{1.} Each figure of Table 4A as percentage of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) of Table 15A.

TABLE 5. Complaint Periods under Physicians' Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

A. Estimated number of complaint periods under physicians' care for each age-sex group of each income group

		Actual estimates Standardized estimates						
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
		(Thou	sands)			(Thou	sands)	<u></u>
Both sexes			- 				I	
All ages	7, 447	1,395	3,535	2,476	7,398	1, 285	3, 514	2,557
Under 15	2,316 859 2,224 1,366 682	262 111 300 293 429	1, 315 368 1, 174 524 153	730 375 738 539 94	2, 307 854 2, 217 1, 364 656	300 138 420 281 145	1, 118 435 1, 051 624 287	876 276 735 450 221
Male								
All ages	3,423	571	1,660	1, 172	3, 385	584	1,602	1,178
Under 15	1, 227 358 905 631 303	134 40 118 103 175	711 136 484 260 70	376 180 298 263 54*	1, 218 350 904 630 282	16 1 55 17 1 130 67	596 173 432 287 115	456 120 297 207 99*
Female								
All ages	4, 923	824	1,874	1, 304	4,014	701	1,912	1,380
Under 15	1,089 501 1,319 735 380	128 71 182 190 253	604 232 690 264 84	354 195 440 276 40*	1,089 503 1,314 734 374	140 83 249 151 78	522 262 6 19 337 172	420 156 439 243 122*

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

[•] Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 5. Complaint Periods under Physicians' Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year
B. Estimated number of complaint periods under physicians' care for each age group of each income group as
percentage of total complaint periods under physicians' care for each income group, by sex

	Actual estimates				Standardized estimates			
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes	•				1		!	
All ages	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	31.1 11.5 29.9 18.3 9.2	18.8 8.0 21.5 21.0 30.7	37.2 10.4 33.2 14.8 4.3	29.5 15.1 29.8 21.8 3.8	31.2 11.5 30.0 18.4 8.9	23.4 10.8 32.7 21.9 11.3	31.8 12.4 30.0 17.7 8.2	34.2 10.8 28.8 17.6 8.6
Male								
All ages	100,0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	35,8 10.5 26.4 18.4 8.8	23.5 7.0 20.7 18.1 30.7	42.8 8.2 29.2 15.6 4.2	32.1 15.4 25.5 22.4 4.6*	36.0 10.4 26.7 18.6 8.3	27.5 9.5 29.3 22.3 11.4	37.2 10.8 26.9 17.9 7.2	38.7 10.2 25.2 17.6 8.4*
Female								
All ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	27.1 12.4 32.8 18.3 9.4	15.5 8.7 22.0 23.0 30.7	32.2 12.4 36.8 14.1 4.5	27.1 15.0 33.7 21.1 3.1	27.1 12.5 32.7 18.3 9.3	20.0 11.8 35.5 21.5 11.2	27.3 13.7 32.4 17.6 9.0	30.5 11.3 31.8 17.6 8.8*

^{1.} Derived from Table 5A: each age group as percentage of "all ages", by sex.

TABLE 5. Complaint Periods under Physicians' Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

C. Estimated number of complaint periods under physicians' care for each age-sex group of each income group
as percentage of total complaint periods under physicians' care for each age-sex group¹

	Actual estimates				Standardized estimates			
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes			!					
All ages	100,0	18,7	47.5	33.3	100.0	17.4	47.5	34.6
Under 15	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	11.3 12.9 13.5 21.5 62.8	56.8 42.8 52.8 38.4 22.5	31.5 43.7 33.2 39.5 13.8	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	13.0 16.2 19.0 20.6 22.1	48.5 50.9 47.4 45.7 43.8	38.0 32.3 33.2 33.0 33.6
Male								
All ages	100.0	16.7	48.5	34.2	100,0	17.3	47.3	34,8
Under 15	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	10.9 11.1 13.1 16.4 57.9	57.9 38.0 53.5 41.2 23.0	30.7 50.3 33.0 41.7 18.0*	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	13.2 15.8 19.0 20.7 23.7	48.9 49.3 47.8 45.5 40.8	37.4 34.2 32.8 32.8 34.9*
Female								
All ages	100.0	20,5	46,6	32,4	100.0	17.5	47.6	34.4
Under 15	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	11.8 14.2 13.8 25.8 66.7	55.5 46.3 52.3 36.0 22.1	32.5 38.9 33.3 37.5 10.5*	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	12.9 16.5 18.9 20.6 20.9	48.0 52.1 47.1 45.9 46.1	38.6 31.0 33.4 33.1 32.6*

^{1.} Derived from Table 5A; each income group as percentage of "total".

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 5. Complaint Periods under Physicians' Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

D. Estimated number of complaint periods under physicians' care for each age-sex group of each income group as percentage of total complaint periods for each age-sex group of each income group

·	Actual estimates				Standardized estimates			
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes				•				
All ages	25.3	23.8	24, 6	27. 1	25.1	21.4	25.3	27. 2
Under 15	19.8 24.3 27.2 32.1 37.6	13.8 16.9 24.9 30.4 38.0	20.4 25.4 27.1 31.0 35.1	22. 0 26. 6 28. 4 34. 3 41. 3	19.8 23.7 27.1 31.8 38.0	13.9 16.9 24.8 30.1 37.8	20. 4 25. 3 27. 1 31. 0 35. 3	22. 2 26. 3 28. 5 33. 9 42. 6
Male								
All ages	24. 9	22, 7	24.3	27.0	24.6	20. 8	24.7	26. 8
Under 15	20. 5 23. 4 26. 5 32. 0 35. 5	14.9 16.3 22.7 28.8 35.8	21. 1 23. 4 26. 6 30. 2 32. 9	22. 2 26. 0 28. 0 35. 3 38. 5*	20.4 22.5 26.3 31.4 35.4	14.9 16.3 22.7 28.8 35.8	21. 1 23. 4 26. 6 30. 2 32. 9	22. 4 25. 4 28. 3 34. 9 38. 5*
Female								
All ages	25, 6	24.7	. 24.9	27.3	25.6	22. 0	25, 8	27.5
Under 15	19. 1 24. 9 27. 7 32. 3 39. 6	12.9 17.3 26.5 31.3 39.6	19.6 26.7 27.4 31.8 37.1	21.8 27.3 28.6 33.5 45.9*	19. 1 24. 6 27. 7 32. 1 40. 3	12. 9 17. 3 26. 5 31. 3 39. 6	19.6 26.7 27.4 31.8 37.1	22.0 27.1 28.7 33.1 46.6

^{1.} Each figure of Table 5A as percentage of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) of Table 15A.

TABLE 5. Complaint Periods under Physicians' Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

E. Estimated average number of complaint periods under physicians' care per 1,000 persons

for each age-sex group of each income group.

tot each age-sex group of each rucome group.											
		Actual estimates				Standardized estimates					
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income			
Both sexes					- 4-						
Under 15	563 419 570 565 647	513 363 342 539 594 692	564 587 464 581 553 575	554 642 408 567 562 606	547 561 417 568 565 622	473 364 336 536 580 686	561 587 458 582 558 589	5 72 645 407 571 564 634			
Male											
All ages	502	459	519	503	496	427	508	523			
Under 15	585 355 468 507 566	381 274 442 521 623	613 370 483 498 465	654 367 460 508 559*	580 348 468 506 528	381 274 442 521 623	613 970 483 498 465	657 360 465 503 559*			
Female											
All ages	599	560	611	610	597	519	615	622			
Under 15	540 481 669 628 731	346 396 629 642 750	560 544 678 622 716	629 455 674 629 685*	540 483 667 627 719	346 396 629 642 750	560 544 678 622 716	631 453 674 628 710*			

^{1.} Each figure of Table 5A divided by one thousandth of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) of Table 15A.

^{*}Estimate below standard of accuracy.

^{*}Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 6. Number of Doctors' Calls and Clinic Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

A. Estimated number of doctors' calls and clinic visits for each age-sex group of each income group

	Actual estimated				Standardized estimates			
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
		(Thou	isands)	L		(Thous	sands)	<u> </u>
Both sexes				1		i		•
All ages	24,176	4,675	10, 930	8,454	24, 145	4,033	11,343	8,664
Under 14	4,982 2,773 7,976 5,546 2,899	536 356 933 1,095 1,756	2, 765 1, 289 4, 032 2, 164 681	1,665 1,116 2,981 2,257 434	4,992 2,758 7,906 5,591 2,897	615 434 1,305 1,083 596	2,351 1,500 3,609 2,582 1,302	2,004 812 2,963 1,901 985
Male								
All ages	9, 902	1,916	4,279	3,660	9, 754	1,818	4,255	3,638
Under 15	2,646 902 2,508 2,571 1,275	280 91 342 458 745	1,512 308 1,187 1,030 243	845 501 968 1,077 270*	2,641 855 2,519 2,569 1,170	335 126 496 577 284	1,267 391 1,057 1,138 402	1,029 335 954 846 475*
Female								
All ages	14, 274	2,759	6, 651	4,794	14,392	2,215	7,088	5,026
Under 15	2,335 1,871 5,468 2,975 1,625	256 265 590 637 1,011	1, 252 981 2, 845 1, 134 438	820 615 2.014 1.180 164*	2,352 1,903 5,388 3,022 1,728	280 308 808 506 312	1,083 1,109 2,552 1,444 900	975 477 2,009 1,055 510

^{*}Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 6. Number of Doctors' Calls and Clinic Visits for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

B. Estimated number of doctors' calls and clinic visits for each age group of each income group as percentage of total doctors' calls and clinic visits for each income group, by sex¹

		Actual e	stimates		Standardized estimates			
Age-sex group	Total '	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes	-		:					
All ages :	100,0	100, 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100,0
Under 15	20.6 11.5 33.0 22.9 12.0	11.5 7.6 20.0 23.4 37.6	25.3 11.8 36.9 19.8 6.2	19.7 13.2 35.3 26.7 5.1	20. 7 11. 4 32. 7 23. 2 12. 0	15. 2 10. 8 32. 4 26. 9 14. 8	20.7 13.2 31.9 22.8 11.5	23.1 9.4 34.2 21.9 11.4
Male		-						
All ages	100.0	100, 0	100, 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	26. 7 9. 1 25. 3 26. 0 12. 9	14.6 4.7 17.9 23.9 38.9	35.3 7.2 27.7 24.1 5.7	23. 1 13. 7 26. 4 29. 4 7. 4*	27.1 8.8 25.8 26.3 12.0	18.4 7.0 27.3 31.7 15.6	29.8 9.2 24.8 26.7 9.4	28. 3 9. 2 26. 2 23. 2 13. 1*
Female								•
All ages	100.0	100.0	100, 0	100, 0	100,0	100,0	100. 0	100.0
Under 15	16. 4 13. 1 38. 3 20. 8 11. 4	9.3 9.6 21.4 23.1 36.6	18.8 14.8 42.8 17.1 6.6	17. 1 12. 8 42. 0 24. 6 3. 4°	16.3 13.2 37.4 21.0 12.0	12.6 13.9 36.5 22.9 14.1	15.3 15.6 36.0 20.4 12.7	19. 4 9. 5 40. 0 21. 0 10. 1*

^{1.} Derived from Table 6A: each age group as percentage of "all ages", by sex.

^{*}Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 6. Number of Doctors' Calls and Clinic Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

C. Estimated number of doctors' calls and clinic visits for each age-sex group of each income group as percentage of total doctors' calls and clinic visits for each age-sex group.

		Actual e	stimates			Standardiz	ed estimate:	5
Аде-зех дгоцр	Total	Low · income	Medium Income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes								
All ages	100.0	19.3	45.2	35,0	100.0	16, 7	47.0	35.9
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	10.8 12.8 11.7 19.7 60.6	55.5 46.5 50.5 39.0 23.5	33.4 40.2 37.4 40.7 15.0	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	12.3 15.7 16.5 19.4 20.6	47.1 54.4 45.7 48.2 44.9	40.1 29.4 37.5 34.0 34.0
Male								
All ages	100,0	19.3	43.2	37.0	100.0	18,6	43,6	37.3
Under 15	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	10.6 10.1 13.6 17.8 58.4	57.1 34.1 47.3 40.1 19.0	31.9 55.5 38.6 41.9 21.2*	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	12.7 14.8 19.7 22.4 24.3	48.0 45.7 42.0 44.3 34.3	39.0 39.1 37.9 32.9 40.6*
Female								_
All ages	100.0	19.3	46.6	33.6	100.0	15.4	49.3	34,9
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	11.0 14.2 10.8 21.4 62.2	53.6 52.4 52.0 38.1 27.0	35.1 32.9 36.8 39.7 10.1*	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	11.9 16.2 15.0 16.8 18.1	46.1 58.3 47.4 47.8 52.1	41.5 25.1 37.3 34.9 29.5*

^{1.} Derived from Table 6A; each income groupeas percentage of "total".

TABLE 6. Number of Doctors' Calls and Clinic Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year D. Estimated average number of doctors' calls and clinic visits per 1,000 persons for each age-sex group of each income group!

		Actual e	stimates			Standardiz	ed estimates	B
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium Income	High income
Both sexes								
All ages	1,786	1,720	1,744	1, 891	1,784	1,484	1,811	1,938
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	1, 210 1, 353 2, 044 2, 296 2, 751	742 1.094 1,676 2,215 2,835	1, 235 1, 624 1,995 2,285 2,554	1, 464 1, 215 2, 291 2, 356 2, 789	1,213 1,346 2,026 2,314 2,749	744 1,056 1,665 2,233 2,817	1, 234 1, 581 1, 998 2, 310 2, 668	1, 474 1, 199 2, 299 2, 382 2, 828
Male								:
All ages	1,452	1,539	1,337	1,570	1,431	1,329	1,349	1,616
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	1, 261 895 1, 298 2, 065 2, 386	795 625 1,279 2,306 2,647	1,305 839 1,183 1,974 1,624	1,468 1,021 1,491 2,073 2,773*	1, 258 849 1, 304 2, 063 2, 190	795 625 1,279 2,306 2,647	1,305 839 1,183 1,974 1,624	1,484 1,005 1,496 2,056 2,692*
Female								
All ages	2, 124	1, 673	2,170	2,240	2,142	1,641	2,279	2,265
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	1, 158 1, 795 2, 775 2, 542 3, 125	691 1,472 2,043 2,154 2,992	1, 161 2, 299 2, 797 2, 667 3, 741	1,460 1,435 3,088 2,691 2,817	1, 166 1, 826 2, 734 2, 582 3, 323	691 1,472 2,043 2,154 2,992	1, 161 2, 299 2, 797 2, 667 3, 741	1,464 1,387 3,087 2,729 2,968*

^{1.} Each figure of Table 6A divided by one thousandth of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) of Table 15A.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 6. Number of Doctors' Calls and Clinic Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during survey Year

E. Estimated average number of doctors' calls and clinic visits per 1,000 persons reporting doctors' calls or clinic visits for each age-sex group of each income group!

		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	ed estimates	3
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium' income	High income
Both sexes		,						
All ages	4,132	4,305	3, 950	4,299	4,030	3,773	4,014	4, 209
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	2,848 3,836 4,470 5,180 5,541	2,565 3,366 4,089 4,914 5,479	2,801 4,155 4,240 5,354 5,927	3,040 3,682 5,007 5,147 5,317	2,842 3,639 4,323 5,250 5,547	2,575 3,188 4,045 5,114 5,500	2,797 3,867 4,061 5,345 5,831	3,046 3,601 4,881 5,194 5,188
Male								
All ages	3,738	4, 378	3, 400	3,904	3, 683	3, 814	3,499	3, 879
Under 15	2,937 3,061 3,550 5,063 5,330	2,769 2,648 3,823 5,731 5,610	2,894 2,790 3,196 5,140 4,483	3,096 3,385 4,006 4,779 5,429*	2,931 2,945 3,594 5,129 4,975	2,769 2,648 3,823 5,731 5,610	2,894 2,790 3,196 5,140 4,483	3,098 3,374 4,026 4,789 5,244*
Female .								
All ages	4,459	4,256	4,409	4,658	4,382	3, 731	4,538	4,544
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	2,753 4,369 5,073 5,286 5,718	2.374 3,710 4,262 4,457 5,387	2,696 4,909 4,909 5,564 7,215	2,984 3,966 5,690 5,536 5,144*	2,750 4,311 5,037 5,378 6,133	2,374 3,710 4,262 4,457 5,386	2,696 4,909 4,909 5,564 7,215	2, 991 3, 820 5, 720 5, 626 5, 129

^{. 1.} Each figure of Table 6A divided by one thousandth of corresponding figure of Table 4A.

TABLE 6. Number of Doctors' Calls and Clinic Visits Reported for Selected Income Groupes during Survey Year
F. Estimated number of doctors' calls and clinic visits for complaint periods for each age-sex group
of each income group

		•	Q					
		Actual e	stimates		,	Standardiz	ed estimate	s
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
	·	(Thou	sands)			(Thous	ands)	
Both sexes						(=======		
All ages	19, 974	4, 127	8, 759	6, 979	19,944	3,496	9,221	፯ 125
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	3,998 2,047 6,175 5,090 2,664	451 254 787 1,017 1,618	2, 240 819 3,042 2,021 637	1, 291 962 2, 318 2, 022 385	3,999 1,984 6,143 5,161 2,657	518 314 1,104 1,011 548	1,905 965 2,722 2,409 1,220	1,553 692 2,290 1,714 876
Male								
All ages	8, 721	1, 762	3, 789	3, 122	8,611	1,690	3, 792	3,085
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	2.137 811 2.269 2.362 1.142	244 84 328 438 669	1,222 277 1,097 974 220	662 447 833 942 237*	2, 131 769 2, 286 2, 384 1,041	292 117 476 551 255	1,024 352 977 1,076 363	805 297 823 746 414*
Female								
All ages	11, 253	2,365	4,971	3,857	11,332	1,806	5,429	4,040
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	1,861 1,236 3,906 2,728 1,522	207 170 459 579 950	1,018 542 1,946 1,047 417	629 515 1,485 1,080 148*	1.869 1.215 3.857 2.777 1.615	226 198 628 460 294	881 613 1,745 1,333 857	748 396 1,467 968 461*

[•] Estimate below standard of accuracy.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 6. Number of Doctors' Calls and Clinic Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year
G. Estimated average number of doctors' calls and clinic visits per complaint period for each age-sex group
of each income group

	01 040	I VIIICOINC P	, oup					
		Actual es	timates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes			-	•		-		
All ages	0.676	0. 705	0.610	0. 765	0. 735	0. 623	0. 713	0. 831
Under 15	0.342 0.579 0.756 1.197 1.470	0.238 0.387 0.653 1.052 1.434	0.347 0.566 0.702 1.195 1.457	0.389 0.683 0.891 1.289 1.687	0.343 0.553 0.744 1.203 1.508	0.240 0.379 0.650 1.089 1.425	0.347 0.552 0.689 1.193 1.438	0.396 0.661 0.872 1.287 1.660
Male		!				·		
All ages	0. 634	0. 700	0.554	0. 719	0. 693	0. 642	0. 641	0. 796
Under 15	0.357 0.531 0.664 1.196 1.340	0.271 0.343 0.631 1.216 1.367	0.363 0.478 0.603 1.131 1.040	0.391 0.645 0.781 1.264 1.681*	0.357 0.500 0.671 1.190 1.301	0.271 0.343 0.631 1.216 1.367	0.363 0.478 0.603 1.131 1.040	0.399 0.630 0.785 1.262 1.622*
Female								
All ages	0. 716	0. 709	0.661	0. 806	0.776	0.604	0.785	0.866
Under 15	0.326 0.616 0.821 1.198 1.585	0.208 0.413 0.669 0.954 1.485	0.331 0.624 0.774 1.260 1.847	0.388 0.721 0.966 1.311 1.696*	0.328 0.605 0.815 1.217 1.720	0.208 0.413 0.669 0.954 1.485	0.331 0.624 0.774 1.260 1.847	0.392 0.692 0.958 1.313 1.698*

^{1.} Each figure of Table 6F divided by corresponding figure (or combination of figures) of Table 16A.

TABLE 6. Number of Doctors' Calls and Clinic Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

H. Estimated average number of doctors' calls and clinic visits per complaint period under physicians' care for each age-sex group of each income group!

	group or e	Seu Theome	s Storb.					
		Actual e	stimates			Standardized	i estimates	
Age-sex Group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium Income	High income
Both sexes								
All ages	2.682	2.958	2.478	2.818	2.650	2.574	2.586	2. 789
Under 15	1.726 2.384 2.776 3.727 3.904	1.720 2.285 2.624 3.466 3.775	1.704 2.228 2.590 3.855 4.153	1.769 2.565 3.140 3.753 4.082	1. 729 2. 303 2. 743 3. 793 3. 960	1.720 2.248 2.649 3.658 3.782	1.703 2.191 2.544 3.851 4.057	1.770 2.493 3.082 3.802 3.935
Male								
All ages	2.547	3.087	2.282	2.664	2.563	2. 729	2.404	2.698
Under 15	1.741 2.266 2.508 3.743 3.774	1.820 2.106 2.775 4.229 3.815	1.718 2.039 2.264 3.748 3.160	1.760 2.483 2.793 3.582 4.365*	1.751 2.191 2.552 3.793 3.648	1.820 2.106 2.775 4.229 3.815	1.719 2.039 2.264 3.748 3.160	1.760 2.473 2.815 3.629 4.208*
Female								
All ages	2.797	2.869	2.652	2.957	2. 737	2.417	2. 770	2.881
Under 15	1.710 2.468 2.961 3.714 4.007	1.616 2.385 2.526 3.050 3.748	1.686 2.338 2.819 3.960 4.977	1.779 2.642 3.376 3.915 3.698*	1.706 2.412 2.930 3.792 4.279	1.616 2.385 2.526 3.050 3.748	1.686 2.338 2.819 3.960 4.977	1.780 2.512 3.344 3.986 3.653*

^{1.} Each figure of Table 6F divided by corresponding figure of Table 5A.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 6. Number of Doctors' Calls and Clinic Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year L. Estimated average number of doctors' calls and clinic visits per 100 disability days for each age-sex group of each income group¹

		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Tota)	Low income	Medium income	High ihcome
Both sexes			,			,		
All ages	14. 68	8.45	16. 52	20.19	16.53	8.78	16.82	20. 78
Under 15 15 - 24 25 - 44 45 - 64 65 and over	11.63 16.52 21.81 14.64 9.48	7. 19 9. 38 10. 09 7. 76 8. 47	11. 92 21. 56 22. 62 16. 19 11. 75	13. 81 16. 10 32. 43 22. 09 12. 50	11.69 16.56 22.77 16.69 11.84	· 7. 24 9. 29 10. 76 7. 93 8. 44	11.91 20.23 21.69 16.60 11.86	13.92 15.89 31.60 22.08 14.00
Male								
All ages	11.92	6.57	13.08	18.01	13.68	6. 29	13.37	18.74
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	11.74 11.80 14.96 12.38 8.30	6. 76 4. 97 6. 45 5. 84 7. 40	12. 26 12. 88 16. 31 13. 37 8. 04	14.19 14.70 24.59 21.12 14.00	11.83 11.81 16.99 14.34 10.97	6.76 4.97 6.45 5.84 7.40	12.26 12.88 16.31 13.37 8.04	14.37 14.49 24.60 21.05 17.36
Fémale	Ì							
All ages	17. 50	10.56	19. 89	22. 24	19.41	11.31	20.32	22, 85
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	11.51 20.47 27.62 17.38 10.68	7.73 13.46 14.98 10.16 9.50	11. 54 27. 34 26. 96 20. 03 15. 79	13.45 17.45 38.30 23.05 10.63*	11.55 21.15 28.44 19.19 12.73	7.73 13.46 14.98 10.16 9.50	11.54 27.34 26.96 20.03 15.79	13.46 17.24 38.46 23.18 10.55

^{1.} Each figure of Table 6A divided by one hundredth of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) of Table 17A.

TABLE 7. Frequency of Doctors' Calls and Clinic Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year
A. Estimated number of persons in each income group with vanious numbers of doctors' calls and clinic wisits

Persons with following total number of doctors'		Actual e	stimates		Standardized estimates			
calls and clinic visits:	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
	(Thousands)					(Thousa	nds)	
0	7, 687 2, 043 1, 094 720 480 997 518	1,632 402 196 125 86 187 90 2,718	3,498 984 523 321 233 466 239 6,266	2,505 649 368 267 159 338 186 4,471	7, 723 2, 016 1, 102 709 472 991 524 13, 538	1,706 390 189 117 77 166 73 2,718	3,513 955 520 312 234 471 260 6,266	2, 456 662 386 273 160 350 190 4, 4 7

TABLE 7. Frequency of Doctors' Calls and Clinic Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

B. Estimated number of persons in each income group with various numbers of doctors' calls and clinic visits as percentage of total persons with those numbers of doctors' calls and clinic visits ¹

Persons with following total number of doctors'		Actual e	stimates		S	tandardized	estimates	
calls and clinic visits	Total	Low income	Medium income	High Income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
0	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	21. 2 19. 7 17. 9 17. 4 17. 9 18. 8 17. 5	45.5 48.2 47.9 44.7 48.5 46.8 46.2	32.6 31.8 33.7 37.0 33.1 34.0 35.8 33.0	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	22. 1 19. 4 17. 2 16. 6 16. 2 16. 7 13. 9 20. 1	45.5 47.4 47.2 44.0 49.5 47.5 49.5	31. 7 32. 8 35. 8 38. 6 33. 8 35. 3 36. 3

^{1.} Derived from Table 7A: each income group as percentage of "total".

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 7. Frequency of Doctors' Calls and Clinic Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

C. Estimated number of persons in each income group with various numbers of doctors' calls and clinic visits as percentage of total persons in each income group 1

Persons with following		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
total number of doctors' calls and clinic visits:	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
0	56.8 . 15.1 8.1 5.3 3.5 7.4 3.8	60.0 14.8 7.2 4.6 3.2 6.9 3.3	55.8 15.7 8.4 5.1 3.7 7.4 3.8	56.0 14.5 8.2 6.0 3.6 7.6 4.2	57. 1 14.9 8. 1 5. 2 3. 5 7. 3 3. 9	62.8 14.4 7.0 4.3 2.8 6.1 2.7	56.1 15.3 8.3 5.0 3.7 7.5 4.1	54.8 14.8 8.6 6.1 3.6 7.8 4.3

^{1.} Derived from Table 7A: persons with each number of doctors' calls and clinic visits as percentage of "total persons".

TABLE 7. Frequency of Doctors' Calls and Clinic Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

D. Estimated number of persons in each income group with various numbers of doctors' calls and clinic visits (cumulative)

Persons with following		Actual e	stimates		Standardized estimates			
total number of doctors' calls and clinic visits:	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
	(Thousands) (Thousands)						sands)	
1 or more	5,851 3,807 2,714 1,994 1,515 518	1, 086 684 489 364 278 90	2, 767 1, 783 1, 260 939 706 239	1,967 1,318 949 683 524 186	5, 814 3, 798 2, 696 1, 987 1, 515 524	1,012 621 432 315 238 73	2, 752 1, 796 1, 276 964 730 260	2, 021 1, 359 973 700 540 190
Total persons	13,538	2,718	6, 266	4, 471	13, 538	2, 718	6,266	4, 471

TABLE 7. Frequency of Doctors' Calls and Clinic Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

E. Estimated number of persons in each income group with various numbers of doctors' calls and clinic visits as percentage of total persons with those numbers of doctors' calls and clinic visits (cumulative)¹

Persons with following total number of doctors' calls and clinic visits:		Actual e	stimates			Standardized estimates			
	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	
1 or more	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	18. 6 18. 0 18. 0 18. 2 18. 3 17. 5,	47. 3 46. 8 48. 4 47. 1 46. 6 46. 2	33.6 34.6 35.0 34.2 34.6 35.8	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	17. 4 16. 4 16.0 15. 8 15. 7 13. 9	47.3 47.3 47.3 48.5 48.2 49.5	34. 8 35. 8 36. 1 35. 2 35. 6 36. 3	

^{1.} Derived from Table ?D: each income group as percentage of "total".

TABLE 7. Frequency of Doctors' Calls and Clinic Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

F. Estimated number of persons in each income group with various numbers of doctors' calls and clinic visits as percentage of total persons in each income group (cumulative).

Persons with following		Actual e	stimates	1		Standardi ze	dized estimates			
total number of doctors' calls and clinic visits:	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income		
1 of more	43. 2 28. 1 20. 0 14. 7 11. 2 3. 8	40-0 25-2 18-0 13-4 10-2 3-3	44. 2 28. 5 20. 1 15. 0 11. 3 3. 8	44. 0 29. 5 21. 2 15. 3 11. 7 4. 2	43.0 28.1 19.9 14.7 11.2 3.9	37. 2 22. 9 15. 9 11. 6 8. 8 2. 7	43. 9 28. 7 20. 4 15. 4 11. 7 4. 1	45. 2 30. 4 21. 8 15. 6 12. 1		
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

^{1.} Derived from Table 7D: persons with each number of doctors' calls and clinic visits as percentage of "total persons".

TABLE 8. Persons of Selected Income Groups Reporting In-Patient Hospital Care during Survey Year

A. Estimated number of persons in each age-sex group of each income group reporting in-patient hospital care

		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
		(Thou	sands)		(Thousands)			
Both sexes]	l .			1		
All ages	1,383	271	699	405	1,385	271	689	417
Under 15	4 28	54	247	123	424	63	210	146
15-24	188	. 33	94	60	195	40	108	45
25-44	437	67	244	125	437	94	219	124
45 and over	330	117	115	97	330	75	152	101
Male								
All ages	561	113	270	173	561	121	262	173
Under 15	227	29	131	64	225	35	110	78
15-44	168	33	· 74	61	170	47	71	52
45 and over	167	52	66	48	166	39	82	43
Female			İ					
All ages	822	158	429	232	824	150	427	244
Under 15	201	25	116	59	198	27	100	69
15-44	458	67	264	124	462	87	256	118
45 and over	163	65	49	49	164	35	71	58

TABLE 8. Persons of Selected Income Groups Reporting In-Patient Hospital Care during Survey Year

B. Estimated number of persons in each age group of each income group reporting in-patient hospital care as percentage of total persons of each income reporting in-patient hospital care, by sex 1

		Actual e	stimates	,		Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes				i				
All ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	30.9	20.1	35.3	30.3	30.6	23.1	30.5	35, 1
15-24	13.6	12.1	13.4	14.9	14.1	14.8	15,7	10.9
25-44	31.6	24.7	34.9	30.8	31.6	34.6	31.7	29.8
45 and over	23.9	43.1	16.4	- 24.0	23.8	27.5	22.1	24.2
Male	•							
All ages	100.0	190.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	40.4	25.9	48.5	37.0	40.1	29.0	41.9	44.9
15-44	29.9	28.7	27.2	35.1	30.4	38.6	27.1	30.0
45 and over	29.7	45.4	24.3	27.9	29.5	32.4	31.1	25.1
- Female								
All ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	24.4	15.9	27.0	25.3	24.1	18.3	23.5	28.2
15-44	55.7	42.7	61.6	53.6	56.0	58.1	59.9	48.2
45 and over	19.9	41.4	11.4	21.1	19.9	23.6	16.6	23.6

^{1.} Derived from Table 8A: each age group as percentage of "all ages", by sex.

TABLE 8. Persons of Selected Income Groups Reporting In-Patient Hospital Care during Survey Year

C. Estimated number of persons in each age-sex group of each income group reporting in-patient hospital care as percentage of total persons in each age-sex group reporting in-patient hospital care!

		'Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes								
All ages	100.0	19.6	50.6	29,3	100.0	19.5	49.7	30.1
Under 15	100.0	12.7	57.8	28.7	100.0	14.8	49.6	34.6
15-24	100.0	17.5	49.7	32.0	100.0	20.6	55.4	23.3
25-44	100.0	15.3	55.9	28.5	100.0	21.4	50.0	28.4
45 and over	100.0	35.4	34.7	29.4	100.0	22.6	46.2	30.7
Male								
All ages	100.0	20,2	48.1	30.7	100.0	21.6	46.7	30.8
Under 15	100.0	12.9	57.8	28.2	100.0	15.6	48.8	34.4
15-44	100.0	19.4	43.9	36.1	100.0	27.4	41.6	30,4
45 and over	100.0	30.9	39.3	28.8	100.0	23.7	49.2	26.2
Female								
All ages	100.0	19.2	52.2	28.2	100.0	18.2	51.8	29.6
Under 15	.100.0	12.5	57.8	29.3	100.0	13.8	50.6	34.7
15-44	100.0	14.7	57.8	27.2	100.0	18.8	55.3	25.5
45 and over	100.0	40.0	30.0	30.0	100.0	21.5	43.3	35.2

^{1.} Derived from Table 8A: each income group as percentage of "total".

TABLE 8. Persons of Selected Income Groups Reporting In-Patient Hospital Care during Survey Year

D. Estimated number of persons in each age-sex group of each income group reporting in-patient hospital care as percentage of total persons in each age-sex group of each income group¹

		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes								
All ages	10.2	10.0	11.2	9.1	10,2	10.0	11.0	9,3
Under 15	10.4	7.5	11.0	10.8	10.3	7.6	11.0	10.8
15-24	9.2	10.1	11.8	6.6	9.5	9.8	11.4	6.7
25-44	11.2	12.0	12.1	9.6	11.2	11.9	12.1	9.6
45 and over	9.5	10.5	9.4	8.7	9.5	10.7	9.5	8.8
Male			-			•		
All ages	8,2	9.1	8.4	7.4	8.2	8.9	8.3	7.7
Under 15	10.8	8.3	11.3	11.1	10.7	8.3	11.3	11,2
15-44	. 5.7	7.9	5.4	5.3	5.8	7.9	5.2	5.3
45 and over	9.4	10.7	9.8	7.8	9.3	11.0	9.9	7,4
Female								
All ages	12.2	10,7	14.0	10.8	12.3	11,1	13.7	11.0
Under 15	10.0	6.8	10.8	10.5	9.8	6.8	10.8	10.3
15-44	15.2	14.3	18.3	11.5	15.3	14.4	18.3	11.8
45 and over	9.7	10.3	9.0	9.8	9.7	10.4	9.1	10.3

^{1.} Each figure of Table 8A as percentage of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) of Table 15A.

TABLE 9. Complaint Periods under In-Patient Hospital Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

A. Estimated number of complaint periods under in-patient hospital care for each age-sex group of each income group

		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	i
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
		(Thou	sands)	<u> </u>		(Thou	sands)	
Both sexes				1		l	l	
All ages	1,392	297	678	407	1, 392	286	682	414
Under 15	321	43	182	92	320	50	155	112
15-24	200	35	99	65	207	43	114	49
25-44	481	74	267	138	482	104	240	137
45 and over	390	144	129	112	383	90	173	116
Male								
All ages	549	122	246	174	546	124	246	171
Under 15	170	22	97	50	169	26	81	60
15-44	180	35	. 76	68	183	50	74	59
45 and over	199	66	73	56	194	48	91	52
Female								
All ages	843	175	432	233	845	162	436	243
Under 15	151	22	86	43	151	24	74	51
15-24	501	75	290	135	506	97	280	128
45 and over	191	79	56	55	189	42	82	64

TABLE 9. Complaint Periods under In-Patient Hospital Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

B. Estimated number of complaint periods under in-patient hospital care for each age group of each income group
as percentage of total complaint periods under in-patient care for each income group, by sex 1

		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes			i	·				
All ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	109.0	100.0	109.0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	23.0	14.6	26.9	22.7	23.0	17.4	22.8	27.0
15-24	14,4	11.8	14.6	15.9	14.9	14.9	16.7	11.8
25-44	34.6	25.1	39.5	33.9	34.6	36,3	35.1	33.1
45 and over	28.0	48.5	19.0	27.4	27.5	31.4	25.4	28.1
Male								
All ages	100.6	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	30.9	. 17.9	39.4	28.6	30.9	21.1	33.0	35.2
15-44	32.8	28.4	31.1	39.0	33.5	40.2	30.1	34.2
45 and over	36.3	53.7	29.5	32.4	35.5	38.8	36.9	30.6
Female					:			
All ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100,0	100,0
Under 15	17.9	12.4	19.8	18.4	17.9	14.6	17.0	21.2
15-44	59.4	42.7	67.2	57.9	59.8	59.7	64.1	52.6
45 and over	22.7	44.9	13.0	23.7	22.3	25.7	18.9	26.3

^{1.} Derived from Table 9A: each age group as percentage of "all ages", by sex.

TABLE 9. Complaint Periods under In-Patient Hospital Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

C. Estimated number of complaint periods under in-patient hospital care for each age-sex group of each income group
as percentage of total complaint periods under in-patient hospital care for each age-sex group¹

		Actual e	estimates			Standardize	d estimates	i
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Hoth sexes			•					
All ages	100.0	21.3	48.7	29.2	100.0	20.6	49.0	29,8
Under 15	100.0	13.6	56.9	28,8	100.0	15.6	48.5	34.9
15-24	100.0	17.4	49.5	32.4	100.0	20.6	55.1	23.6
25-44	100.0	15.5	55.6	28.7	100.0	21.6	49.7	28.5
45 and over	100.0	37.0	33.0	28.6	100.0	23.5	45.2	30.4
Male								
All ages	100.0	22.3	44.8	31.7	100.0	22.7	44.9	31.4
Under 15	100.0	12.9	57.0	29.3	100.0	15.4	47.9	35.7
15-44	100.0	19.3	42.5	37.7	100.0	27.2	40.3	32.0
45 and over	100.0	33.0	36.5	28.3	100.0	24.7	46.7	27.0
Female								
All ages	100.0	20.7	51.2	27.6	100.0	19.2	51.6	28.7
Under 15	100.0	14.4	58.7	28.3	100.0	15.7	49.1	34.0
15-44	100.0	14.9	57.9	26.9	100.0	19.2	55.3	25.2
45 and over	100.0	41,1	29.4	28.9	100.0	22.2	43.7	33.8

^{1.} Derived from Table 9A; each income group as percentage of "total".

TABLE 9. Complaint Periods under In-Patient Hospital Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

D. Estimated number of complaint periods under in-patient hospital care for each age-sex group of each income group

as percentage of total complaint periods for each age-sex group of each income group¹

	_	Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes			•					
All ages	4.7	5.1	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.9	4.4
Under 15	2,7	2,3	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.3	2.8	2.8
15-24	5.7	5.3	6.8	4.6	5.7	5.2	6.6	4.7
25-44	5.9	6.2	6.2	5.3	5.9	6.1·	6,2	5.3
45 and over	6.4	6.9	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.8	6.1	6.3
Male						:		
All ages	4.0	4,9	3.6	4.0	4.0	4.4	3.8	3.9
Under 15	2.8	2.4	2.9	2,9	2.8	2.4	2.9	3.0
15-44	3.6	4,5	3.2	3.9	3.7	4.5	3.1	3.9
45 and over	7.0	7.7	6.8	6.4	6.9	7.5	7.0	6.2
Female								
All ages	5.4	5.2	5.7	4.9	5.4	5,1	5.9	4,8
Under 15	2.6	2.2	2.8	2.6	2.7	2.2	2.8	2.7
15-44	7.4	6.8	8.6	6.0	7.5	6.8	8.6	6.1
45 and over	5.9	6.3	5.3	6.1	5.9	6.1	5.4	6.4

^{1.} Each figure of Table 9A as percentage of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) of Table 16A.

TABLE 9. Complaint Periods under In-Patient Hospital Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

E. Estimated average number of complaint periods under in-patient hospital care per 1,000 persons
for each age-sex group of each income group.

		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
. Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes								
All ages	103	109	108	91	103	105	109	93
Under 15	78	60	82	81	78	60	81	82
15-24	98	107	125	71	101	104	120	72
25-44	123	134	132	.106	124	133	133	107
45 and over	112	130	106	100	110	129	108	101
. Male	•							
All ages	80	98	77	75	. 80	91	78	76
Under 15	81	62	83	86	81	62	83	87
15-44	61	84	56	60	62	84	54	60
45 and over	112	137	108	91	109	134	110	89
Female								
All ages	125	119	141	109	126	120	140	109
Under 15	75	59	79	. 76	75	59	79	77
15-44	166	159	201	125	168	160	201	128
45 and over	113	124	103	111	112	123	105	114

^{1.} Each figure of Table 9A divided by one thousandth of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) of Table 15A.

TABLE 10. Periods of In-Patient Hospital Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

A. Estimated number of periods of in-patient hospital care for each age-sex group of each income group

		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
 		(Thou	sands)			(Thou	sands)	
Both sexes] :		•			,	
All ages	1,654	335	839	467	1,647	327	825	484
Under 15	549	73	328	144	541	84	379	173
15-24	203	35	101	66	210	43	117	50
25-44	492	77	274	140	494	108	245	139
45 and over ,	409	149	136	118	402	93	184	122
Male								
All ages	679	141	327	202	675	146	318	204
Under 15	288	39	172	74	283	47	144	89
15-44	183	35	78	69	185	50	75	60
45 and over	209	67	78	60	206	50	99	. 55
Female								
All ages	974	194	512	265	972	181	507	280
Under 15	261	34	156	71	258	37	135	- 84
15-44	513	78	297	136	519	101	287	129
45 and over	200	82	59	58	196	43	85	66

TABLE 10. Periods of In-Patient Hospital Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

B. Estimated number of periods of in-patient hospital care for each age group of each income group as percentage of total periods of in-patient hospital care for each income group, by sex 1

		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes								
All ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	33.2	21.8	39.1	30.9	32.8	25.6	33.8	35.8
15-24	12.3	10.4	12.1	14.1	12.8	13.1	14.1	10.3
25-44	29,8	23.1	32.7	29.9	30.0	33.0	29.8	28.8
45 and over	24.7	44.6	16.2	25.2	24.4	28.4	22.3	25.1
Male	ļ							
All ages	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	42.4	27,7	52.5	36.4	42.0	32.0	45.3	43.7
15-44	26,9	24.6	23,8	34.2	27.5	34.1	23.7	29,2
45 and over	30.7	47.7	23.7	29.4	30.6	33.9	31.0	27.0
Female .								
All ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.8	109.0
Under 15	26.8	17.5	30.5	26.7	26.5	20.5	26.6	30.1
15-44	52.6	40.0	58.1	51.4	53.3	55.6	56.6	46.2
45 and over	20.5	42.5	11.4	21.9	20.1	23.9	16.8	23.8

^{1.} Derived from Table 10A: each age group as percentage of "all ages", by sex.

TABLE 10. Periods of In-Patient Hospital Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

C. Estimated number of periods of in-patient hospital care for each age-sex group of each income group as percentage of total periods of in-patient hospital care for each age-sex group.

		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium Income	High income
Both sexes	,							
All ages	100.0	20.2	50:8	28.3	100.0	19.9	50,1	29.4
Under 15	100.0	13.3	59.7	26,3	100.0	15.5	51.5	32.0
15-24	100.0	17.2	49.8	32.3	100.0	20.3	55.4	23.6
25-44	100.0	15.7	55.7	28.4	100.0	21.9	49,7	28.2
45 and over	100.0	36.5	33.3	28.6	100.0	23.1	45.7	30.2
Male								
All ages	100,0	20.7	48,2	29.8	100.0	21.6	47.1	30.2
Under 15	100.0	13.6	59.8	25.6	100.0	16.5	50.9	31.5
15-24	100.0	19.0	42.6	37.9	100.0	26.8	40.5	32.1
45 and over	100.0	32,1	37.2	28.5	100.0	24.0	47.8	26.7
Female								
All ages	100.0	19.9	52.5	27.2	100.0	18.7	52.2	28,8
Under 15	100.0	13.0	59.6	27.1	100.0	14,4	52.3	32.6
15-44	100.0	15.1	58.0	26.6	100.0	19.5	55.3	24.9
45 and over	100.0	41.1	29.2	29.0	100.0	22.1	43.6	33.9

^{1.} Derived from Table 10A: each income group as percentage of "total".

TABLE 10. Periods of In-Patient Hospital Care Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

D. Estimated average number of periods of in-patient hospital care per 1,000 persons for each age-sex group of each income group¹

		Actual	estimates			Standardize	ed estimates	3
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes								
All ages	122	123	134	105	122	120	132	108
Under 15	133	101	146	127	131	102	146	128
15-24	99	107	128	72	103	104	123	73
25-44	126	139	136	107	127	138	136	108
45 and over.	118	134	112	106	116	133	115	106
•,								
Male								
All ages	100	113	102	87	99	107	101	91
Under 15	137	111	148	128	135	111	148	129
15-44	62	84	57	61	63	84	55	61
45 and over	117	140	116	97	116	139	120	94
Female								
All ages	145	132	167	124	145	134	163	126
Under 15	130	92	144	126	128	92	144	126
15-44	170	165	206	126	172	167	206	130
45 and over	118	130	108	117	116	128	109	119

^{1.} Each figure of Table 10A divided by one thousandth of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) of Table 15A.

TABLE 11. Number of Person-Days of Hospitalization Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

A. Estimated number of person-days of hospitalization for each age-sex group of each income group

		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	ed estimates	ı
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
	•	(Thou	sands)			(Thou	sands)	
Both sexes]				ĺ	
Ail ages	23,394	7, 315	10, 198	5,313	24,442	6, 974	10,744	6,308
Under 15	4, 525	725	2,804	953	4, 429	844	2,385	1, 154
15-24	2,395	532	1,120	719	2, 519	652	1,307	537
25-44	6,697	1,923	3, 190	1,491	7, 165	2,737	2,856	1, 482
45 and over	9,777	4, 135	3,084	2, 150	10, 330	2,741	4, 196	3, 135
- Male								
· All ages	10,969	3, 835	4,422	2, 306	11, 458	4, 243	4, 555	2,338
Under 15	2,597	492	1,510	554	2,574	589	1,265	675
15-44	3,754	1, 447	1,314	903	4, 242	2,089	1,282	783
45 and over	4,617	1,896	1,598	850	4,642	1, 565	2,007	879
Female								
All ages	12, 425	3, 480	5, 777	3, 0 07	12, 985	2, 731	6, 189	3, 970
Under 15	1,927	233	1, 294	399	1,854	255	1, 119	479
15-44	5, 338	1,008	2,997	1, 308	5, 442	1,300	2,880	1, 236
15 and over	5, 159	2, 239	1, 486	1, 300	5, 688	1, 176	2, 189	2, 256

TABLE 11. Number of Person-Days of Hospitalization Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year
B. Estimated number of person-days of hospitalization for each age group of each income group as percentage of total
person-days of hospitalization for each income group, by sex 1

		Actual	stimates			Standardize	ed estimates	ı
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium Income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes								
All ages	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
Under 15	19.3	9. 9	27.5	17, 9	18, 1	12, t	22. 2	18. 3
15 – 24	10. 2	7.3	11.0	13. 5	10.3	9.4	12. 2	8. 5
25 - 44	28, 6	26. 3	31.3	28. 1	29. 3	39, 2	26. 6	23. 5
45 and over.	41.8	56.5	30.2	40.5	42.3	39.3	39. 1	49.7
Male								
All ages	100,0	100,0	100,0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	23, 7	12. 8	34.2	24.0	22.5	13.9	27.8	28.9
15 - 44	34.2	37.7	29,7	39.1	37.0	49. 2	28. 2	33.5
45 and over	42.1	49.4	36.1	36.8	40.5	36.9	44.1	37. 6
Female								
All ages	100, 0	100,0	100,0	100, 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	15.5	6. 7	22. 4	13.3	14.3	9.3	18. 1	12. 1
15 – 44	43.0	29.0	51.9	43.5	42.0	47.6	46.5	31.1
45 and over	41.5	64.3	25.7	43.2	43.8	43. 1	35.4	56.8

^{1.} Derived from Table 11A: each age group as percentage of "all ages", by sex.

TABLE 11. Number of Person-Days of Hospitalization Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

C. Estimated number of person-days of hospitalization for each age-sex group of each income group as percentage of total person-days of hospitalization for each age-sex group.

		.Actual	estimates			Standardi ze	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High Income
Both sexes	-							
All ages	100.0	31.3	43,6	22.7	100.0	28.5	44.0	25.8
Under 15	100.0	16.0	62.0	21.1	100.0	19.0	53. 9	26.1
15 - 24	100.0	22. 2	46.8	30.0	100.0	25.9	51.9	21.3
25 - 44	100.0	28.7	47. 6	22. 3	100,0	38. 2	39. 9	20.7
45 and over	100. 0	42, 3	31.5	22. 0	100.0	26.5	40.6	30. 3
Male								
All ages	100.0	35.0	40.3	21,0	100.0	37,0	39, 8	20.4
Under 15	100.0	18.9	58. 1	21.3	100.0	22.9	49. 2	26. 2
15 44	100.0	38.5	35.0	24.0	100.0	49.3	30. 2	18.5
45 and over	100, 0	41.1	34.6	18. 4	100. 0	33.7	43, 2	18.9
Female						:		
All ages	100, 0	28, 0	46.5	24.2	100.0	21.0	47. 7	30.6
Under 15	100.0	12. 1	67. 2	20. 7	100.0	13.7	60.4	25.8
15 – 44	100.0	18.9	56. 1	24.5	100.0	23. 9	52. 9	22.7
45 and over	100.0	43.4	28. 8	25, 2	100.0	20. 7	38. 5	39.7

^{1.} Derived from Table 11A: each income group as percentage of "total".

TABLE 11. Number of Person-Days of Hospitalization Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

D. Estimated average number of person-days of hospitalization per 1,000 persons for each age-sex group of each income group.

		Actual e	stimates			Standardi ze	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes								
All ages	1,728	2,692	1,628	1,188	1,806	2,566	1,715	1,411
Under 15	1,099	1,004	1, 253	838	1,076	1,021	1, 252	849
15 — 24	1, 169	1,635	1,411	783	1, 229	1,586	1,378	792
25 — 44	1,716	3,890	1,579	1,146	1,836	3, 558	1,581	1, 150
15 and over	2, 818	3,714	2, 541	1,930	2,977	3, 934	2,613	2, 735
Male								
All ages	1,609	3,081	1,382	989	1,681	3,100	1,444	1,038
Under 15	1, 238	1,398	1, 303	962	1, 227	1,398	1, 303	975
15 — 44	1, 277	3, 505	959	792	1,443	3,540	943	807
45 and over	2, 595	3,950	2, 381	1, 378	2,608	4,380	2,436	1,495
Female		:					į	
All ages	1,849	2,362	1.885	1,405	1,932	2,024	1,990	1,789
Under 15	955	629	1, 200	710	920	629	1, 200	730
15 — 44	1,772	2, 149	2,075	1, 210	1,806	2, 150	2,065	1, 242
45 and over	3,053	3,534	2,739	2,615	3, 365	3,464	2, 799	4,040

^{1.} Each figure of Table 11A divided by one thousandth of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) of Table 15A.

TABLE 11. Number of Person-Days of Hospitalization Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

E. Estimated average number of person-days of hospitalization per 1,000 persons reporting in-patient hospital care for each age-sex group of each income group ¹

		Actual e	stimates	1		Standardi ze	ed estimates	3
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes			_					
All ages	16,916	26, 975	14,580	13,130	17,977	25,629	17,013	14,306
Under 15	10,581	13,309	11,347	7,766	10,538	13,092	11, 340	7,887
15 - 24	- 12,711	16, 147	11,947	11,930	14,565	16, 937	15,340	12, 153
25 — 44	15,333	28, 732	13,071	11,967	18,001	33,630	14; 462	12, 681
45 and over	29,617	35, 394	26,926	22, 148	28,785	36,630	27,595	25,017
Male								
All ages	19,541	33,800	16,364	13,364	20,201	33,249	17,850	14,734
Under 15	11,453	16,755	11,521	8,665	11,660	16, 755	11,521	8, 658
15 – 44	22,399	44,408	17, 866	14,913	22,063	41, 121	18, 337	14,957
45 and over	27,660	36,806	24,358	17,652	27, 198	39,699	24,507	21,529
Female						;		
All ages	15,123	22,065	13,457	12,956	15,720	17,895	16,163	13,872
Under 15	9,597	9, 278	11, 151	6,789	9,369	9, 278	11, 151	7,084
15 – 44	11,666	14,978	11,339	10,515	11,700	14,963	11,278	10, 101
45 and over	31,619	34,280	30, 369	26,571	30,459	33,401	30,849	28,692

^{1.} Each figure of Table 11A divided by one thousandth of corresponding figure of Table 8A.

TABLE 11. Number of Person-Days of Hospitalization Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

F. Estimated average number of person-days of hospitalization per period of in-patient hospital care for each age-sex group

of each income group¹

		I THOUSE P	. vap					
	_	Actual e	stimates			Standardi ze	d estimates	3
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
	!		_					
Both sexes								
All ages	14,1	21,9	12,2	11.4	15,3	21.9	14.5	12.2
Under 15	8.2	9.9	8.6	6.6	8.2	9.8	8.5	6.6
15-24	11.8	15.2	11.0	10.9	13.4	15.4	14.4	11.0
25:44	13.6	24.9	11.6	10.7	16.5	31.4	13.2	11.2
45 and over	23.9	27.7	22.6	18.3	23.7	29.4	23.0	20.7
Male								
All ages	16,2	27.2	13.5	11.4	17.3	29.0	15.5	12, 1
Under 15	9.0	12.6	, 8.8	7.5	9.2	12.6	8.8	7.5
15-44	20.5	41.7	16.9	13.0	20.5	39.1	17.3	12.9
45 and over	22,1	28.3	20.6	14.3	21.6	31.6	20.5	16.1
Female								
All ages	12.8	18.0	11.3	11.3	13.3	14,7	13.4	12.4
Under 15	7.4	6.9	8.3	5.6	7.1	6.9	8.3	5.7
15-44	10.4	13.0	10.1	9.6	10.4	13.0	10.0	9.4
45 and over	25.8	27.2	25.4	22.4	25.9	27.2	25.6	25.6

^{1.} Each figure of Table 11A divided by corresponding figure of Table 10A.

TABLE 11. Number of Person-Days of Hospitalization Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year
G. Estimated number of person-days of hospitalization for complaint periods for each age-sex group or each income group

		4 -4 2 -				C4	d estimates	
		ACIURI 6	stimates			Summuntu 126	u estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
		(Thou	sands)			(Thou	sands)	
Both Sexes]				
All ages	21,733	7,094	9,177	4,910	22, 826	6, 719	9, 875	5,833
Under 15	2,863	504	1,784	550	2,812	588	1, 517	679
15-24	2,395	532	1, 120	719	2,519	652	1,307	536
25-44	6, 697	1,923	3, 190	1,491	7, 165	2, 737	2,856	1,482
45 and over	9,777	4, 135	3,084	2, 150.	10,330	2,741	4, 196	.3, 135
Male								
All ages	10,071	3, 699	3,877	2, 105	10, 581	4,081	4,099	2,098
Under 15	1,699	356	966	353	1,698	427	810	436
15-44	3, 754	1, 447	1, 314	903	4, 242	2,089	1,282	783
45 and over	4, 617	1,896	1,598	850	4,642	1,565	2,007	879
Female								
All ages	11,662	3, 395	5, 300	2,805	12, 244	2,638	5, 777	3, 735
Under 15	1, 164	148	818	198	1, 114	162	707	243
15-44	5, 338	1,008	2,997	1,308	5, 442	1,300	2,880	1,236
45 and over	5, 159	2, 239	1,486	1,300	5, 688	1, 176	2, 189	2,256

TABLE 11. Number of Person-Days of Hospitalization Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

H. Estimated average number of person-days of hospitalization per complaint period for each age-sex group of each income group.

		Actual	estimates			Standardi ze	d estimates	······
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
					-			
Both sexes				,				
All ages	0.737	1.212	0.639	0.538	0.862	1,227	0.786	0.697
Under 15	0.245	0.266	0.277	0.166	0.244	0.274	0.277	0.174
15-24	0.678	0.810	0.773	0.511	0.672	0.772	0.733	0.521
25-44	0.819	1.594	0.736	0.573	0.880	1.696	0.713	0.559
45 and over	1.612	1.974	1.449	1.196	1. 687	2.097	1.505	1.576
Male .								
All ages	0.732	1,471	0.567	0.485	0.869	1.557	0. 731	0.563
Under 15	0.284	0.395	0.287	0, 208	0.290	0.395	0.287	0,218
15-44	0.759	1.892	0.548	0.513	0.826	1.850	0.542	0.521
45 and over	1.633	2.234	1.491	0.959	1.624	2.441	1.567	1.041
Female								
All ages	0.742	1.017	0.705	0.586	0.855	0.892	0.843	0.833
Under 15	0.204	0.149	0.266	0.122	0.196	0.149	0.266	0.129
15-44	0.789	0.918	0.886	0.581	0.791	0.917	0.893	0.125
45 and over	1.594	1.797	1.406	1.427	1.754	1.735	1.440	2.140

^{1.} Each figure of Table 11G divided by corresponding figure (or combination of figures) of Table 16A.

TABLE 11. Number of Person-Days of Hospitalization Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

I. Estimated average number of person-days of hospitalization per complaint period with in-patient hospital care for each age-sex group of each income group.

	or eac	h income	group •					
		Actual e	stimates			Standardi ze	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes								
All ages	15 . 614	23.875	13.545	12.075	15.912	22.867	15.295	12.262
Under 15	8.931	11.591	9.779	5.952	8.861	11.671	9.769	5.872
15-24	11.959	15.234	11.304	11.094	13.589	15.443	14.527	11.244
25-44	13.926	25.815	11.930	10.819	16.731	31.793	13.558	11.371
45 and over	25.064	28.669	23.963	19.275	24.722	30.489	24.253	21.440
Male				İ				
All ages	18.357	30.282	15.780	12.099	18.054	30.448	16.415	12.256
Under 15	10.017	16.331	9.987	7.097	10.332	16.331	9.987	7.041
15-44	20.857	41.701	17.190	13.291	20.733	39.142	17-581	13.192
45 and over	23. 205	28.883	22.015	15.072	22-737	32.736	22.069	16.860
Female								
All ages	13.829	19.402	12.273	12.058	13.737	15.174	14.158	12.267
Under 15	7.711	6.820	9.543	4.623	7.330	6.820	9,543	4.656
15-44	10.651	13.490	10.331	9.705	10.688	13.499	10.292	9.507
45 and over	27.000	28.491	26.483	23.573	26.816	28.126	26.555	26 266

^{·1.} Each figure of Table 11G divided by corresponding figure of Table 9A.

TABLE 11. Number of Person-Days of Hospitalization Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

J. Estimated average number of person-days of hospitalization per 100 disability days for each age-sex group of each income group.

•		Actual e	estimates		+	Standardi ze	i estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes			-					
All ages	14.21	13.22	15.42	12.69	14.41	14.11	15.53	12.85
Under 15	10.57	9.73	12.09	7.90	10.29	9.51	12.09	8.05
15-24	14.27	14.02	18.74	10.37	14.74	13.90	17.75	10.87
25 -44	18.32	20.80	17.90	16.22	17.38	20.12	17.32	15.75
45 and over	14.28	11.87	16.09	15.70	15.75	12.93	16.28	16.43
Male								
All ages	13.20	· 13.14	13.51	11.35	13.33	14.76	13.45	11.91
Under 15	11.52	11.88	12.25	9.30	11.40	11.88	12.25	9.44
15-44	15.38	20.29	13.59	12.30	14.30	18.89	13.43	12.57
45 and over	12.78	10.59	14.90	12.10	14.00	11.36	14.90	13.72
Female								
All aged	15.24	13.32	17.28	13.95	15.50	13.45	17.64	13.80
Under 15	9.50	7.04	11.92	6.54	9.14	7.04	11.92	6.61
15-44	18.45	17.05	21.19	14.89	18.58	17.10	21.41	15.53
45 and over	15.96	13.24	17.61	19.50	17.61	14.59	17.73	19.28

^{1.} Each figure of Table 11A divided by one hundredth of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) of Table 17A.

TABLE 12. Duration of Hospitalization for Persons of Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

A. Estimated number of persons in each income group with various numbers of days in hospital

Persons with following		Actual e	stimates	•		Standardi ze	d estimates	
total number of days in hospital:	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
		(Thou	sands)	-		(Thous	sands)	
D	12, 155	2,447	5, 566	4,067	12, 152	2, 447	5, 576	4,054
1- 3	285	41	145	97	291	45	140	104
4- 6	301	53	166	82	296	54	160	82
7-13	473	85	251	135	470	91	240	137
14 and over	323	92	137	90	329	81	149	94
Total persons	13,538	2,718	6, 266	4, 471	13,537	2, 718	6, 266	4, 471

TABLE 12. Duration of Hospitalization for Persons of Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

B. Estimated number of persons in each income group with various numbers of days in hospital as percentage of total persons with those numbers of days in hospital ¹

Persons with following		Actual e	stimates		. 8	tandardi ze	i estimates	
total number of days in hospital:	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
•		~ .	45.0	22 5	100.0	20.1	45.9	33.4
U	100.0	20.1	45.8	33.5	4			
1- 3	100.0	14.4	51.0	34.2	100.0	15.5	48.1	35.7
4- 8	100.0	17.6	55.1	27.3	100.0	18.4	53.9	27.7
7-13	100.0	18.1	53.1	28.4	100.0	19.3	51.2	29.1
14 and over	100.0	28.3	42.3	28.0	100.0	24.5	45.5	28.6
Total persons	100.0	20.1	46.3	33.0	100.0	20.1	46.3	33.0

^{1.} Derived from Table 12A: each income group as percentage of "total".

TABLE 12. Duration of Hospitalization of Persons of Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

C. Estimated number of persons in each income group with various numbers of days in hospital as percentage of total persons in each income group ¹

Persons with following total number of days in hospital		Actual e	stimates			Standardized estimates			
	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	
0	89.8	90.0	88.8	90.9	89.8	90.0	89.0	90.7	
1 - 3	2.1	1.5	2.3	2. 2	2.1	1.7	2.2	2.3	
4 - 6	2.2	2.0	2.7	1,8	2, 2	2.0	2.5	1.8	
7 - 13	3.5	3.1	4.0	3.0	3.5	3.3	3.8	3.1	
4 and over	2.4	3.4	2.2	2.0	2.4	3.0	2.4	2.1	
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

^{1.} Derived from Table 12A: persons with each number of days in hospital as percentage of "total persons".

TABLE 12. Duration of Hospitalization of Persons of Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

D. Estimated number of persons in each income group with various numbers of days in hospital (cumulative)

Persons with following total number of days		Actual e	stimates		Standardized estimates			
in hospital	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High . income
	(Thousands) (Thousands)						sands)	<u> </u>
1 or more	1,383	271	699	405	1,385	271	689	417
4 or more	1,098	230	554	307	1,095	2 26	549	313
7 or more	797	177	388	225	798	171	390	231
4 or more	323	92	137	90	329	81	149	94
Total persons	13,538	2,718	6,266	4,471	13,538	2,718	6,266	4,471

TABLE 12. Duration of Hospitalization for Persons of Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

E. Estimated number of persons in each income group with various numbers of days in hospital as percentage of total persons with those numbers of days in hospital (cumulative)¹

Downson with following total number of days		Actual e	stimates		· · ·	Standardize	d estimates	
Persons with following total number of days in hospital	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
1 or more	100.0	19.6	50.6	29.3	100.0	19.5	49.7	30.1
of more	100.0	21.0	50.5	28.0	100.0	20.6	50.2	28.
or more	100.0	22.2	48.7	28.2	100.0	21.4	48.8	28.
or more	100.0	28.3	42.3	28.0	100.0	24.5	45.5	28.
Total persons	100.0	20.1	46.3	33.0	100.0	20.1	46.3	33.0

^{1.} Derived from Table 12D: each income group as percentage of "total".

TABLE 12. Duration of Hospitalization for Persons of Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

F. Estimated number of persons in each income group with various numbers of days in hospital as percentage of total persons in each income group (cumulative)!

Persons with following total number of days		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	andardized estimațes			
in hospital	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	inotal	Low income	Medlum income	High Income		
1 or more	10.2	10.0	11.2	9. 1	10.2	9.9	11.0	9.3		
4 or more	8. 1	8.5	8.8	6.9	8.1	8.3	8.8	7.0		
7 or more	5,9	6.5	6.2	5.0	5.9	6.3	6.2	5.2		
14 or more	2.4	3.4	2.2	2.0	2.4	3.0	2.4	2.1		
Total persons	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

^{1.} Derived from Table 12D: persons with each number of days in hospital as percentage of "total persons".

TABLE 13. Persons of Selected Income Groups Reporting Dental Care during Survey Year

A. Estimated number of persons in each age-sex group of each income group reporting dental care

	•	Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
	(Thousands)					(Thou	sands)	
Both sexes				l	,			
All ages	1,995	218	897	877	1,990	247	875	863
Under 15	564	45	274	245	582	51	233	297
15-24	429	50	164	214	414	61	195	157
25-44	704	64	352	286	691	90	315	284
45 and over	298	59	106	132	303	45	132	125
Nale				:				
All ages	883	83	397	402	872	101	385	384
Under 15	278	21*	143	113	282	25*	120	136
15 - 24	181	14*	65	103	170	19*	82	68
25 - 44	277	23*	134	119	269	34*	120	1 16
45 and over	148	25*	55	67	150	23*	63	64
Female								
All ages	1,112	134	500	475	1,118	146	490	479
Under 15	286	24*	131	132	300	26*	113	161
15 - 24	247	36*	99	111	244	42*	112	89
25-44	428	41	218	167	~ 421	56	196	168
45 and over	150	33*	52	65	153	22*	69	61

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 13. Persons of Selected Income Groups Reporting Dental Care during Survey Year

B. Estimated number of persons in each age group of each income group reporting dental care as percentage of total persons of each income group reporting dental care, by sex¹

		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes								
All ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 15 '	28.3	20.7	30.6	27.9	29.3	20.8	26.6	34.4
15 - 24	21.5	22.9	18.3	24.4	20.8	24.6	22.2	18.2
25-44	35.3	29.5	39.3	32.6	34.7	36, 2	36.0	32.9
45 and over	14.9	27.0	11.9	15. 1	15. 2	18.3	15. 1	14.4
Male								
All ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	31.4	25.4*	36.1	28. 1	32.4	25.0*	31.2	35.5
15-24	20.5	16.4*	16.3	25.6	19.5	18.8*	21.4	17.8
25-44	31.3	27.8*	33.8	29.6	30.9	33. 1*	31.1	30. 1
45 and over	16.7	30.4*	13.8	16.7	17.2	23.1*	16.4	16.6
Female								
All ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	25.8	17.7*	26.2	27.7	26.8	17.8*	23.1	13.2
15-24	22. 3	26.9*	19. 9	23.4	21.8	28.7*	22.9	48.9
25-44	38.5	30.5	43.6	35.2	37.7	38.4	39.9	28.3
45 and over	13.5	24.9*	10.3	13.7	13.6	15.0*	14.1	9.5

^{1.} Derived from Table 13A: each age group as percentage of "all ages", by sex.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 13. Persons of Selected Income Groups Reporting Dental Care during Survey Year

C. Estimated number of persons in each age-sex group of each income group reporting dental care as percentage of total persons in each age-sex group reporting dental care ¹

·		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Tota}	Low income	Medium income	High income
Both sexes								
All ages	100. 0	. 10.9	44.9	43. 9	100. 0	12.4	44. 0	43. 4
Under 15	100. 0	8.0	48.6	43.3	100. 0	8.8	40. 0	51.0
15-24	100. 0	11.6	38. 3	49. 9	100. 0	14. 7	47. 0	38. 0
25-44	100, 0	9.1	50.0	40.6	100. 0	13. 0	45. 6	41.1
45 and over	100, 0	19. 7	35. 7	44. 4	100. 0	15. 0	43.7	41. 2
Male								
All ages	100.0	9.4	44. 9	45. 5	100.0	11.6	44. 2	44. 0
Under 15	100. 0	7. 6*	51. 6	40, 6	100.0	9. 0*	42.5	48. 3
10 - 24	100.0	7. 5*	35. 7	56. 7	100.0	11. 2*	48.4	40. 2
25-44	100. 0	8.4*	48.5	42.9	100. D	12. 5*	44. 4	42.9
45 and over	100. 0	17, 1*	37.1	45. 6	100. 0	15. 6*	420	42,3
Female		1				. [
All ages	100, 0	12. 1	44.9	42. 7	100. 0	13. 1	43. 8	42. 8
Under 15	100.0	8. 3*	45.6	46.0	100.0	8, 7*	37. 7	53. 5
15-24	100. 0	14.6*	40, 2	44.9	100.0	17. 2*	46.0	36.5
25-44	100.0	9, 6	51.0	39, 2	100.0	13. 3	46.4	40.0
45 and over	100.0	22. 2*	34.3	43. 2	100.0	14. 4*	45.4	40.0

^{1.} Derived from Table 13A: each income group as percentage of total.

TABLE 13. Persons of Selected Income Groups Reporting Dental Care during Survey Year

D. Estimated number of persons in each age-sex group of each income group reporting dental care as percentage of total persons in each age-sex group of each income group ¹

•		· ·	•		<u> </u>	-		
<u>.</u>		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	J
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
·			- "					
Both sexes								
All ages	14. 7	8.0	14. 3	19. 6	14. 7	9. 1	14. 0	19. 3
Under 15	13. 7	6.2	12, 2	21.5	14. 2	6.2	12. 2	21. 9
15-24	20. 9	15. 3	20. 7	23.3	20. 2	14. 8	20. 5	23. 2
25-44	18. D	11.5	17.4	22.0	17. 7	11.4	17.4	22, 0
45 and over	8. 6	5. 3	.8.8	11. 9	8.7	6.5	8. 2	10. 9
Male						i		
All ages	13.0	6.7	12.4	17. 2	12.8	7. 4	12. 2	17. 0
Under 15	13. 2	6, 0*	12. 4	19.6	13.5	6.0	12.4	19.
15-24	18. 0	9. 4	17. 6	21, 0	16.9	9. 4	17. 6	20. 5
25-44	14. 3	8. 7*	13. 4	18, 3	13.9	8.74	13. 4	18. 1
45 and over	8. 3	5. 3*	8. 2	10, 9	8.4	6, 6	7. 6	10. 8
Female		-						
All ages	16.5	9. 1	16.3	22. 2	16.6	10. 8	15. 8	21. 6
Under 15	14. 2	6.4	12. 1	23. 4	14. 9	6.4	12. 1	24. 5
15-24	23. 7	20. 0*	23. 3	25. 9	23. 4	20. 0	23, 3	25. 9
25-44	21. 7	14. 2	21.4	25. 7	21. 4	14. 2	21.4	25. 9
45 and over	8.9	5. 3	9. 5	13.1	9.0	6.5	8.9	10. 9

^{1.} Each figure of Table 13A as percentage of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) of Table 15A.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 14. Number of Dental Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

A. Estimated number of dental visits for each age-sex group of each income group

		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
	(Thousands)					(Thou	sands)	
Roth sexes				I			[
All ages	4, 373	390	1, 911	2, 066	4, 343	435	1, 889	2, 012
Under 15	1, 101	71	531	498	1, 142	81	452	608
15-24	1, 087	103	442	540	1, 060	126	524	409
25-44	1, 547	104	730	710	1, 511	146	653	709
45 and over	638	111	208	317	630	82	260	287
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\								
All ages	1, 802	136	762	901	1, 788	165	758	862
Under 15	525	32*	254	238	540	38*	213	289
15-24	430	25*	173	232	414	35*	220	158
25-44	561	38*	235	287	548	55*	209	283
45 and over	286	41*	100	145	286	37*	115	133
Female								
All ages	2, 571	254	1, 149	1, 165	2, 555	270	1, 132	1, 150
Under 15	577	,39*	277	260	602	43*	239	.319
15-24	657	78*	269	309	646	91*	304	25 1
25 - 44	986	66	495	423	963	91	444	427
45 and over	352	70*	109	172	344	45*	145	154

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 14. Number of Dental Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

B. Estimated number of dental visits for each age group of each income group as percentage of total dental visits for each income group, by sex 1

		Actual e	stimates			Standardize	d estimates	
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income
<u>.</u>	·							
Both sexes						ļ		
All ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100, 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	25. 2	18. 2	27. 8	24. 1	26. 3	18. 6	23. 9	30. 2
15-24	24. 9	26. 5	23. 1	26. 2	24. 4	28. 9	27. 7	20. 3
25-44	35. 4	26. 8	38, 2	34.4	34.8	,33. 6	34. 6	35. 2
45 and over	14.6	28. 5	10. 9	15. 4	14. 5	18.9	13. 8	14. 2
Male								
All ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 15	29. 1	23, 3*	33. 4	26. 4	30. 2	23.0*	28, 1	33. 5
15-24	23. 9	18. 4*	22.8	25. 7	23. 1	21. 1*	29. 1	18, 3
25-44	31. 1	28. 0*	30, 8	31. 8	30, 7	33.4*	27. 6	32 8
45 and over	15. 9	30. 3*	13. 1	16. 1	16. 0	22.6*	15. 2	15. 4
Female		i				,		
All ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. D	100.0	100.0
Under 15	22. 4	15. 5*	24. 1	22. 4	23.6	16.0*	21. 1	27. 7
15-24	25. 6	30. 8*	23. 4	26, 5	25. 3	33. 7*	26. B	21, 8
25-44	38. 3	26. 1	43.1	,36. 3	37. 7	33.7	,39. 2	37. 1
45 and over	13. 7	27. 5*	9. 5	14, 8	13. 5	16.7*	12. 8	13. 4

^{1.} Derived from Table 14A: each age group as percentage of "all ages", by sex.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 14. Number of Dental Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

C. Estimated number of dental visits for each age-sex group of each income group as percentage of total dental visits for each age-sex group¹

tot care age-sex group.													
·		Actual e	stimates		Standardized estimates								
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income					
Both sexes													
All ages	100.0	8.9	43.7	47.2	100.0	10.0	43.5	46.3					
Under 15	100.0	6.5	48.2	45.2	100.0	7.1	39.6	53.2					
15-24	100.0	9.5	40.7	49.7	100.0	11.9	49.4	38.6					
25-44	100.0	6.8	47.2	45.9	100.0	9.7	43.2	46.9					
45 and over	100.0	17,4	32.7	49.7	100.0	13.1	41.3	45.5					
Male	•												
All ages	100.0	7.6	42,3	50.0	100.0	9,3	42,4	48.2					
Under 15	100.0	6.1*	48.5	45.3	100.0	7.0*	39.4	53.4					
15-24	100.0	5.8*	40.3	53.8	100.0	8.4*	53.2	38.2					
25-44	100.0	6.8*	41.8	51.2	100.0	10.1	38.2	51.6					
45 and over	100.0	14.4*	34.8	50.6	100.0	13.1*	40.3	46.6					
. Female													
All ages	100.0	9.9	44.7	45.3	100.0	10.6	44.3	45.0					
Under 15	100.0	6.8*	48.0	45.1	100.0	7.1*	39.7	53.0					
15-24	100.0	11.9*	40.9	47.0	100.0	14.1*	47.0	38.8					
25-44	100.0	6.7	50.2	42.9	100.0	9.4	46.1	44.3					
45 and over	100.0	19.9*	31.0	49.0	100.0	13,1*	42,1	44.7					

^{1.} Derived from Table 14A: each income group as percentage of "total".

TABLE 14. Number of Dental Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

D. Estimated average number of dental visits per 1,000 persons for each age-sex group of each income group¹

		1									
		Actual e	stimates		Standardized estimates						
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income			
				,				•			
Both sexes			005				200	450			
All ages	323	143	305	462	321	160	302				
Under 15	268	98	237	438	278	98	238	447			
15-24	530	317	557	588	517	305	552	604			
25-44	396	188	361	546	387	186	362	550			
45 and over	184	100	. 172	285	181	118	162	250			
Male											
All ages	264	109	238	387	262	121	240	383			
Under 15	250	90*	219	413	258	90*	219	416			
15-24	427	172*	473	472	411	172*	473	475			
25-44	290	142*	234	442	284	142*	234	443			
45 and over	161	86*	148	235	161	105*	140	227			
Female											
All ages	383	172	375	544	380	200	364	518			
Under 15	286	106*	256	463	299	106*	256	479			
15-24	630	434*	630	721	620	434	630	728			
25-44	500	230	487	649	488	. 230	437	656			
45 and over	208	110*	201	347	203	133*	185	27			

^{1.} Each figure of Table 14A divided by one thousandth of corresponding figure (or combination of figures) of Table 15A.

[•] Estimate below standard of accuracy.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 14. Number of Dental Visits Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

E. Estimated average number of dental visits per 1,000 persons reporting dental visits for each age-sex group of each income group 1

		Actual e	stimates		Standardized estimates					
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income		
					_	'				
Both sexes										
All ages	2,192	1,792	2,131	2,356	2,073	1,726	2,076	2,283		
Under 15	1,952	1,580	1,937	2,037	1,902	1,574	1,942	2,043		
15 – 24	2, 535	2,074	2,695	2,527	2, 513	2,002	2, 692	2,589		
25 - 44	2, 196	1,628	2,072	2,481	2,113	1,632	2, 013	2, 521		
45 and over	2, 140	1,892	1,960	2,400	1,974	1,850	1,943	2, 118		
Male										
All ages	2,040	1,634	1,919	2,244	1,977	1,620	1,928	2,249		
Under 15	1,890	1,498*	1,775	2, 109	1,831	1,498*	1,775	2,110		
15 - 24	2,373	1,833*	2,679	2, 252	2, 398	1,833*	2,679	2, 355		
25 - 44	2,027	1,645*	1,749	2,417	2,005	1,645*	1, 749	2,511		
45 and over	1,939	1,631*	1,817	2, 153	1,881	1,618*	1,879	2,069		
Female										
All ages	2,312	1,889	2,300	2,451	2,167	1,834	2,226	2,317		
Under 15	2,013	1,653*	2, 115	1,976	1,975	1,653*	2, 115	1,973		
15 - 24	2,655	2,166*	`2,704	2, 782	2,624	2, 166*	2,704	2,815		
25 44 ,	2, 305	1,619	2,271	2, 527	2, 218	1,619	2, 271	2,531		
45 and over	2, 339	2,091*	2,111	2,655	2,071	2,095*	2,010	2, 169		

^{1.} Each figure of Table 14A divided by one thousandth of corresponding figure of Table 13A.

TABLE 15. Distribution of Persons for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

A. Estimated number of persons in each age-sex group of each income group

	_	Acti	ual estim	ates			Standa	rdized est	imates	
Age-sex group		Low	Medium	High	income	Total	Low	Medium	High i	ncome
	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper
		(1	housanda	3)			(Thousand:	s)	
Both sexes								1		
All ages	13,538	2,718	6,266	3,271	1,200	13,538	2,718	6,266	3,271	1,200
Under 15	4,116 2,049 3,903 2,415 1,054	722 325 556 494 619	2, 238 794 2, 021 947 267	885 609 1,008 657 112	253 310 293 301 43*	4,116 2,049 3,903 2,415 1,054	826 411 783 485 212	1,904 948 1,806 1,118 488	994 495 943 584 255	365 182 346 214 93
Male										
All ages	6, 818	1,245	3,200	1,682	649	6, 818	1,369	3,155	1,647	605
Under 15	2,099 1,007 1,932 1,245 534	352 145 268 199 281	1, 159 367 1, 003 522 149	441 321 495 360 66	135 169 154 160 31*	2,099 1,007 1,932 1,245 534	421 202 388 250 107	971 466 894 576 247	507 244 467 301 129	186 89 171 110 47
Female										
All ages	6,720	1,473	3,065	1,589	551	6,720	1,349	3,110	1,623	596
Under 15 15 - 24 25 - 44 45 - 64 65 and over	2,017 1,042 1,971 1,170 520	370 180 289 296 338	1,079 427 1,017 425 117	444 288 513 297 46*	118 140 139 142 12*	2,017 1,042 1,971 1,170 520	405 209 396 235 104	933 482 912 542 241	487 252 476 283 126	179 92 175 104 46

Estimate below standard of accuracy.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy. .

TABLE 15. Distribution of Persons for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

B. Estimated number of persons in each age group of each income group as percentage of total persons of each income group, by sex 1

,		Act	ual estim	ates		Standardized estimates					
Age-sex group	Total	Low	Medium	High .	income	Total	Low	Medium	High :	income	
	10081	income	income	Ļower	Upper	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	
Both sexes	100, 9	100.0	100.0	100, 0	190, 0	100, 0	100.0	100.0	100, 0	100, 0	
Under 15	30. 4 15. 1 28. 8 17. 8 7. 8	26. 6 12. 0 20. 5 18. 2 22. 8	35. 7 12. 7 32. 2 15. 1 4. 3	27. 0 18. 6 30. 8 20. 1 3. 4	21. 1 25. 8 24. 4 25. 1 3. 6*	30. 4 15. 1 28. 8 17. 8 7. 8	30. 4 15. 1 28. 8 17. 8 7. 8	30. 4 15. 1 28. 8 17. 8 7. 8	30.4 15.1 28.8 17.8 7.8	30.4 15.1 28.8 17.8 7.8	
Male Atl ages	100.0	100.0	100,0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	
Under 15	30. 8 14. 8 28. 3 18. 3 7. 8	28. 3 11. 7 21. 5 16. 0 22. 6	36. 2 11. 5 31. 4 16. 3 4. 7	26. 2 19. 1 29. 4 21. 4 3. 9	20.8 26.1 23.7 24.6 4.8*	30. 8 14. 8 28. 3 18. 3 7. 8	30.8 14.8 28.3 18.3 7.8	30. 8 14. 8 28. 3 18. 3 7. 8	30.8 14.8 28.3 18.3 7.8	30. 8 14. 8 28. 3 18. 3 7. 8	
Female	100.0	100, 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
All ages Under 15	30.0 15.5 29.3 17.4 7.7	25. 1 12. 2 19. 6 20. 1 22. 9	35. 2 13. 9 33. 2 13. 9 3. 8	27. 9 18. 2 32. 3 18. 7 2. 9*	21. 4 25. 4 25. 2 25. 7 2. 2*	30.0 15.5 29.3 17.4 7.7	30. 0 15. 5 29. 3 17. 4 7. 7	30.0 15.5 29.3 17.4 7.7	30.0 15.5 29.3 17.4 7.7	30.0 15.5 29.3 17.4 7.7	

^{1.} Derived from Table 15A; each age-group as percentage of "all ages", by sex.

TABLE 15. Distribution of Persons for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

C. Estimated number of persons in each age-sex group of each income group as percentage of total persons in each age-sex group ¹

		Act	ual estim	ates	•	Standardized estimates					
Age-sex group	77-4-1	Low	Medium	High	income	Tetal	Low	Medium	High	ncome	
•	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	
. Both sexes		ļ									
All ages	100.0	20.1	46.3	24.2	8,9	100.0	20.1	46.3	24,2	8.9	
Under 15 15 - 24 25 - 44 45 - 64 65 and over	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	17.6 15.9 14.3 20.5 58.8	54.4 38.7 51.8 39.2 25.3	21.5 29.7 25.8 27.2 10.7	6. 1 15. 1 7. 5 12. 5 4. 1*	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	20. 1 20. 1 20. 1 20. 1 20. 1	46.3 46.3 46.3 46.3 46.3	24.2 24.2 24.2 24.2 24.2	8. 9 8. 9 8. 9 8. 9	
Male											
All ages	100.0	18.3	46, 9	24.7	9, 5	100.0	20.1	46.3	24.2	8.9	
Under 15 15 - 24 25 - 44 45 - 64 65 and over	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	16.8 14.4 13.8 15.9 52.7	55, 2 36, 4 51, 9 41, 9 28, 0	21.0 31.9 25.6 28.9 12.4	6.4 16.8 8.0 12.8 5.8*	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	20. 1 20. 1 20. 1 20. 1 20. 1	46.3 46.3 46.3 46.3 46.3	24. 2 24. 2 24. 2 24. 2 24. 2	8, 9 8, 9 8, 9 8, 9 8, 9	
Female											
All ages	100.0	21.9	45, 6	23.6	8.2	100,0	20,1	46.3	24.2	8. 9	
Under 15	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	18.4 17.3 14.7 25.3 65.0	53, 5 41.0 51, 6 36, 4 22, 6	22.0 27.7 26.0 25.4 8.9*	5.9 13.5 7.1 12.1 2.3*	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	20. 1 20. 1 20. 1 20. 1 20. 1	46.3 46.3 46.3 46.3 46.3	24. 2 24. 2 24. 2 24. 2 24. 2	8.9 8.9 8.9 8.9	

^{. 1.} Derived from Table 15A: each income group as percentage of "total."

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 16. Complaint Periods Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

A. Estimated number of complaint periods for each age-sex group of each income group

		Acti	ual estim	ates		Standardized estimates					
Age-sex group		Low	Médium	High i	псоте	m	Low	Medium	High	Income	
	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	
		(Thousand	ls)			(Thousand	s)		
Both sexes]								
All ages	29, 471	5,853	14,360	6, 904	2,223	29, 454	5,997	13, 904	7, 011	2,405	
Under 15	11,700 3,534	1,895 657	6,448 1,449	2,637 943	682 465	11,653 3,607	2.165 820	5,487 1,719	2,964 771	984 276	
25-44 45-64	8, 173 4, 251	1,206 966	4,335 1,691	2,036 1,127	567 442	8, 176 4, 293	1,693 935	3,877 2,009	1,902 1,012	675 315	
65 and over	1,813	1, 129	437	161	68*	1,725	384	813	362	156*	
Male			<u> </u>								
All ages	13, 762	2,516	6,841	3,232	1,110	13, 762	2, 814	6, 482	3,280	1,121	
Under 15	5,991 1,527	902 245	3,370 580	1,332 456	364 238	5,963 1,559	1,080 341	2,824 737	1, 531 346	502 125	
25-44	3, 417 1,974	520 360	1,820 861	815 532	25 î 21 3	3, 434 2, 008	754 453	1,621 951	769 445	279 147	
45-64	852	489	211	97	44*	798	186	349	188*	68*	
Female											
All ages	15, 709	3,338	7,519	3, 672	1, 114	15, 692	3,184	7, 422	3,730	1,284	
Under 15	5,708 2,008	993 412	3,079 869	1,306 487	318 228	5,690 2,047	1,085 479	2,663 982	1,432 425	481 150	
25-44	4,755	686	2,515 831	1,221	316 229	4,742	940 482	2,256 1,058	1, 133 566	397 168	
45-64	960	640	226	64*	23*	927	198	464	174*	88*	

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 16. Complaint Periods Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

B. Estimated number of complaint periods for each age group of each income group as percentage of total complaint periods for each income group, by sex 1

		Act	ual estim	ates		Standardized estimates					
Age-sex group		Low	Medium	High i	ncome	Total	Low	Medium	High i	псоте	
	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	10181	income	Income	Lower	Upper	
Both sexes	100.0	100.0	109.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Under 15	39.7 12.0 27.7 14.4 6.2.	32.4 11.2 20.6 16.5 19.3	44.9 10.1 30.2 11.8 3.0	38.2 13.7 29.5 16.3 2.3	30.7 20.9 25.5 19.9 3.0*	39.6 12.2 27.8 14.6 5.9	36.1 13.7 28.2 15.6 6.4	39.5 12.4 27.9 14.4 5,8	42.3 11.0 27.1 14.4 5.2	40.9 11.5 28.1 13.1 6.5*	
Male							100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
All ages	43.5 11.1 24.8 14.3 6.2	35.9 9.7 20.7 14.3 19.4	49.3 8.5 26.6 12.6 3.1	100.0 41.2 14.1 25.2 16.5 3.0	32.8 21.4 22.6 19.2 4.0*	43.3 11.3 25.0 14.6 5.8	38.4 12.1 26.8 16.1 6.6	43.6 11.4 25.0 14.7 5.4	46.7 10.6 23.4 13.6 5.7	44.8 11.2 24.9 13.1 6.0*	
Female	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Under 15	36.3 12.8 30.3 14.5 6.1	29.8 12.3 20.6 18.2 19.2	40.9 11.6 33.4 11.0 3.0	35.6 13.3 33.2 16.2 1.7*	28.6 20.5 28.3 20.6 2.1*	36.3 13.0 30.2 14.6 5.9	34.1 15.0 29.5 15.2 6.2	35.9 13.2 30.4 14.2 6.2	38.4 11.4 30.4 15.2 4.7	37.5 11.7 30.9 13.1 6.9	

^{1.} Derived from Table 16A: each age group as percentage of "all ages", by sex.

Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 16. Complaint Periods Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

C. Estimated number of complaint periods for each age-sex group of each income group as percentage of total complaint periods for each age-sex group ¹

		Acti	ıal estima	ites		Standardized estimates					
Age-sex group	Total	Low	Medium	High i	income	Total	Low	Medium	High	income	
	1000	income i	income	Lower	Upper	TOTAL	income	income	Lower	Upper	
Both sexes								İ			
All ages	100.0	19.9	48.7	23.4	7.5	100.0	20.4	47.2	23.8	8.2	
Under 15	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	16.2 18.6 14.8 22.7 62.3	55.1 41.0 53.0 39.8 24.1	22.5 26.7 24.9 26.5 8.9	5.8 13.2 6.9 10.4 3.7*	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	18.6 22.7 20.7 21.8 22.3	47.1 47.6 47.4 46.8 47.1	25.4 21.4 23.3 23.6 21.0	8.4 7.6 8.3 7.3 9.0	
Male											
All ages	100.0	18.3	49.7	23.5	8.1	100.0	20.4	47.1	23.8	8.1	
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	15.1 16.0 15.2 18.2 57.4	56.2 38.0 53.2 43.6 24.8	22.2 30.0 23.9 27.0 11.3	6.1 15.6 7.3 10.8 5.2*	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	18.1 21.9 21.9 22.6 23.4	47.4 47.2 47.2 47.4 43.8	25.7 22.2 22.4 22.2 23.6	8.4 8.0 8.1 7.3 8.5	
Female											
All ages	100.0	21.2	47.9	23.4	7-1	100.0	20.3	47.3	23.8	8.2	
Under 15	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	17.4 20.5 14.4 26.6 66.6	53.9 43.3 52.9 36.5 23.5	22.9 24.2 25.7 26.1 6.7*	5.6 11.3 6.6 10.1 2.4*	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	19.1 23.4 19.8 21.1 21.3	46.8 48.0 47.6 46.3 50.0	25.2 20.8 23.9 24.8 18.7*	8.5 7.3 8.4 7.3 9.5	

^{1.} Derived from Table 16A: each income group as percentage of "total".

TABLE 16. Complaint Periods Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

D. Estimated average number of complaint periods per 1,000 persons for each age-sex group of each income group.

		Act	ual estim	ates		Standardized estimates					
Age-sex group	Total	Low	Medium	High	income	Total	Low	Medium	High i	income	
·	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	10001	income	income	Lower	Upper	
Both sexes		•							·		
All ages	2, 177	2,154	2,292	2,111	1, 852	2,176	2, 207	2,219	2, 144	2,004	
Under 15 15 - 24 25 - 44 45 - 64 65 and over	2,843 1,724 2,094 1,760 1,720	2.624 2.019 2.167 1.955 1.823	2.882 1.825 2.145 1.786 1.639	2,981 1,547 2,020 1,717 1,428	2,696 1,504 1,932 1,466 1,567*	2,832 1,760 2,095 1,777 1,637	2,621 1,992 2,161 1,928 1,815	2.881 1.812 2.146 1.797 1.667	2,982 1,557 2,017 1,733 1,421	2,696 1,516 1,952 1,470 1,669	
Male											
All ages	2,019	2, 021	2,138	1, 921	1, 709	2,019	2,055	2,055	1,992	1, 855	
Under 15 15 - 24 25 - 44 45 - 64 55 and over	2,855 1,515 1,769 1,585 1,596	2,564 1,686 1,943 1,811 1,738	2,907 1,580 1,814 1,650 1,413	3.021 1,421 1,648 1,480 1,460	2, 697 1, 404 1, 628 1, 333 1, 432*	2,842 1,548 1,778 1,612 1,494	2.564 1.686 1.943 1.811 1.738	2, 907 1, 580 1, 814 1, 650 1, 413	3,021 1,421 1,648 1,480 1,460	2, 697 1, 404 1, 628 1, 333 1, 432	
Female											
All ages	2, 338	2,266	2,453	2,311	2,020	2,335	2,360	2,387	2,298	2, 155	
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	2.830 1.927 2.413 1.946 1.847	2, 681 2, 288 2, 375 2, 052 1, 893	2.854 2.036 2.472 1.953 1,928	2, 941 1, 688 2, 379 2, 003 1, 383	2.694 1.624 2.270 1.616 1.913*	2.822 1.965 2.406 1.952 1.783	2.681 2,288 2,375 2,052 1,893	2, 854 2, 036 2, 472 1, 953 1, 928	2,941 1,688 3,379 2,003 1,383*	2, 694 1, 624 2, 270 1, 616 1, 913	

^{1.} Each figure of Table 16A divided by one thousandth of corresponding figure of Table 15A.

[·] Estimate below standard of accuracy.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 17. Number of Person-Days of Disability Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

A. Estimated number of person-days of disability for each age-sex group of each income group

		Actı	ıal estim	ates		Standardized estimates					
Age-sex group	Total	Low	Medium	High	income	Total	Low	Medium	High	income	
	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	
		. (Thousand	is)		}	C	Thousand	is)		
Both sexes				ł			,		•		
All ages	164, 637	55,315	66, 151	29, 726	12, 149	163, 862	48, 467	69,177	31,487	13, 666	
Under 15	42,825 16,785 36,565 37,893 30,569	7,450 3,795 9,244 14,107 20,719	23, 187 5, 977 17, 827 13, 365 5, 795	9,376 4,188 7,055 7,263 1,843	2. 681 2. 743 2. 139 2. 956 1. 630*	42,862 17,062 38,440 39,424 26,074	8.574 4.830 13.084 14.851 7.127	19.724 7.091 15,947 15,720 10,695	10, 529 3, 406 6, 590 6, 530 4, 433	3,877 1,649 2,530 2,093 3,517*	
Male					}						
All ages	83,087	29, 181	32, 717	13, 735	6,587	83,646	28, 895	33,356	13, 897	6, 737	
Under 15	22,543 7,646 16,769 20,775 15,354	4, 143 1, 827 5, 303 7, 837 10, 071	12.332 2.388 7.275 7,702 3.019	4, 584 2, 196 2, 860 3, 347 749	1,373 1,210 1,076 1,751 1,177*	22, 579 7, 915 18, 308 22, 575 12, 269	4,959 2,543 7,690 9,866 3,837	10, 334 3, 035 6, 482 8, 511 4, 994		1,897 639 1,195 1,210 1,796*	
Female											
All ages	81,551	26,134	33,435	15, 990	5, 562	80,216	19,572	35, 820	17, 590	6, 929	
Under 15	20, 282 9, 139 19, 796 17, 118 15, 215	3,308 1,968 3,941 6,270 10,648	10,855 3,589 10,552 5,663 2,776	1,992	1.308 1.533 1.063 1.205 453*	20, 283 9, 147 20, 132 16, 849 13, 805	3, 615 2, 287 5, 395 4, 985 3, 290	4,056 9,465 7,209		1,980 1,011 1,335 883 1,720*	

[·] Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 17. Number of Person-Days of Disability Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

B. Estimated number of person-days of disability reported for each age group of each income group as percentage of total person-days of disability for each income group, by sex1

		Act	ual estim	ates		Standardized estimates					
Age-sex group	- t-)	Low	Medium	High:	income	Total	Low	Medium	High i	ncome	
	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	TOTAL	income	income	Lower	Upper	
Both sexes			400.0		400.0	100.0	***	100.0	100.0	100.0	
All ages Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	26.0 10.2 22.2 23.0 18.6	13.5 6.9 16.7 25.5 37.5	35.1 9.0 26.9 20.2 8.8	31.5 14.1 23.7 24.4 6.2	22.1 22.6 17.6 24.3 13.4*	26.2 10.4 23.5 24.1 15.9	17.7 10.0 27.0 30.6 14.7	28.5 10.3	33.4 10.8 20.9 20.7 14.1	28.4 12.1 18.5 15.3 25.7	
Male			,			•					
All ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Under 15	27.1 9.2 20.2 25.0 18.5	14.2 6.3 18.2 26.9 34.5	37.7 7.3 22.2 23.5 9.2	33.4 16.0 20.8 24.4 5.5	20.8 18.4 16.3 26.6 17.9*	27.0 9.5 21.9 27.0 14.7	17.2 8.8 26.6 34.1 13.3	9.1 19.4 25.5	12.0 19.4 20.2	28.2 9.5 17.7 18.0 26.7	
Female	,]							
All ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Under 15	24.9 11.2 24.3 21.0 18.7	12.7 7.5 15.1 24.0 40.7	32.5 10.7 31.6 16.9 8.3	30.0 12.5 26.2 24.5 6.8*	23.5 27.6 19.1 21.7 8.1	25.3 11.4 25.1 21.0 17.2	18.5 11.7 27.6 25.5 16.8		29.9 9.9 22.1 21.2 16.9*	28 6 14 6 19 3 12 7 24 8	

^{1.} Derived from Table 17A: each age group as percentage of "all ages", by sex.

[.] Estimate below standard of accuracy.

TABLE 17. Number of Person-Days of Disability Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

C. Estimated number of person-days of disability reported for each age-sex group of each income as percentage of total person-days of disability for each age-sex group 1

	· ·									
	Actual estimates					Standardized estimates				
Age-sex group	Total	Low	Medium	High income			Low	Medium	High income	
	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper	Total	income	income	Lower	Upper
Dath same										
Both sexes				ľ						
All ages :	100,0	33.6	40.2	18.1	7.4	100.0	29.6	42.2	19.2	8,3
Under 15	100.0	17.4	54.1	21.9	6.3	100.0	20.0	46.0	24.6	9,0
15-24 25-44	100.0 100.0	22.6 25.3	35.6 48.8	25.0 19.3	16.3 5.8	100.0 100.0	28.3 34.0	41.6 41.5	20.0	9.7
45-64	100.0	37.2	35.3	19.2	7.8	100.0	37.7	39.9	17.1 16.6	6.6 5.3
65 and over	100.0	67.8	19.0	6.0	5.3*	100.0	27.3	41.0	17.0	13.5*
Male										
				_						
All ages	100.0	35.1	39,4	16.5	7.9	100.0	34.5	39.9	16.6	8.1
Under 15	100.0	18.4	54.7	20.3	6.1	100.0	22.0	45.8	23.3	8.4
15-24	100.0 100.0	23.9 31.6	31.2 43.4	28.7 17.1	15.8 6.4	100.0	32.1	38.3	21.1	8.1
45-64	100.0	37.7	37.1	16.1	8.4	100.0 100.0	42.0 43.7	35.4 37.7	14.7 12.4	6.5 5.4
65 and over	100.0	65.6	19.7	4.9	7.7*	100.0	31.3	40.7	11.9	14.6*
Female		:								
All ages	100.0	32,0	41.0	19,6	6.8	100.0	24.4	44.7	21.9	8,6
Under 15	100.0	16.3	53.5	23.6	6.4	100.0	17.8	46.3	25.9	9.8
15-24	100.0 100.0	21.5 19.9	39.3 53.3	21.8 21.2	16.8 5.4	100.0 100.0	25.0 26.8	44.3 47.0	19.0 19.3	11.0 6.6
45-64	100.0	36.6	33.1	22.9	7.0	100.0	29.6	42.8	22.1	5.2
65 and over	100.0	70.0	18,2	7.2	3,0	100.0	23.8	41.3	21.5*	12.5*

^{1.} Derived from Table 17A: each income group as percentage of "total".

TABLE 17. Number of Person-Days of Disability Reported for Selected Income Groups during Survey Year

D. Estimated average number of person-days of disability per 1,000 persons for each age-sex group of each income group¹

	Actual estimates					Standardized estimates					
Age-sex group	Total	Low income	Medium income	High income		Total	Low	Medium	High income		
				Lower	Upper	TOURT	income	income	Lower	Upper	
Both sexes											
All ages	12, 161	20,353	10,558	9,088	10, 122	12, 105	17, 833	11,042	9, 628	11,384	
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	10, 405 8, 190 9, 368 15, 688 28, 999	10,314 11,665 16,612 28,542 33,453	10, 362 7, 532 8, 823 14, 112 21, 734	10,598 6,873 6,999 11,062 16,391	10,605 8,861 7,293 9,805 37,752*	10, 417 8, 324 9, 850 16, 319 24, 734	10, 378 11, 739 16, 700 30, 615 33, 677	10, 357 7, 476 8, 828 14, 061 21, 922	10,593 6,876 6,990 11,187 17,401	10,625 9,071 7,313 9,769 37,622*	
Male			!			<u> </u>			·	i	
All ages	12, 187	23, 444	10, 223	8, 165	10, 148	12, 269	21,142	10, 572	8, 437	11, 143	
Under 15 15-24 25-44 45-64 65 and over	10,742 7,590 8,679 16,682 28,740	11,772 12,574 19,824 39,455 35,791	10,641 6,510 7,251 14,764 20,199	10,398 6,843 5,780 9,309 11,316	10,188 7,144 6,979 10,958 37,924*	10,760 7,855 9,478 18,124 22,968	11,772 12,574 19,824 39,455 35,791	10.641 6,510 7,251 14,764 20,199	10,398 6,843 5,780 9,309 11,316	10, 188 7, 144 6, 979 10, 958 37, 924	
Female											
All ages	12, 135	17, 741	10,907	10,065	10,090	11, 938	14, 506	11,518	10,836	11,630	
Under 15	10, 055 8, 770 10, 045 14, 629 29, 266	8,928 10,931 13,637 21,209 31,507	10,062 8,410 10,373 13,313 23,692	10, 796 6, 908 8, 176 13, 185 23, 655°	11,080 10,934 7,640 8,505 37,312*	10,060 8,778 10,214 14,397 26,550	8,928 10,931 13,637 21,209 31,507	10.062 8,410 10,373 13,313 23,692	10, 796 6, 908 8, 176 13, 185 23, 655*	11,080 10,934 7,640 8,505 37,312*	

^{1.} Each figure of Table 17A divided by one thousandth of corresponding figure of Table 15A.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

^{*} Estimate below standard of accuracy.

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