



## Fact Sheet: Preventive Food Safety Controls

### Safe Food for Canadians Regulations (SFCR)

Under the SFCR, most businesses will need to put in place preventive food safety controls to:

- manufacture, process, treat, preserve, grade, package or label food to be exported or sent across provincial or territorial borders
- grow or harvest fresh fruits or vegetables to be exported or sent across provincial or territorial borders
- handle fish on a conveyance to be exported or sent across provincial or territorial borders
- slaughter food animals from which meat products are derived to be exported or sent across provincial or territorial borders
- store and handle a meat product in its imported condition for inspection by the Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA)
- import food

Also, most businesses will need to document their food safety controls in a Preventive Control Plan (PCP). Exceptions to this requirement are exporters of food (other than meat products or fish) who do not need an export certificate, and businesses with \$100,000 or less in gross annual food sales.

Find out if and when you need a PCP by using our preventive control plan interactive tool. It only takes 5 minutes.

### Preventive food safety controls

Preventive controls help to prevent food safety hazards and reduce the likelihood of contaminated food entering the market, whether they are prepared within or outside of Canada.

Preventive food safety controls address hazards and risks in such areas as:

- sanitation and pest control
- treatments and processes
- equipment
- maintenance and operation of establishments
- unloading, loading and storing food
- employee competence
- employee hygiene
- employee health
- complaints and recalls

## What is a PCP?

A PCP is a written document that demonstrates how risks to food and food animals are identified and controlled. The controls are based on internationally recognized Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point (HACCP) principles. The PCP also includes a description of measures taken related to packaging, labelling, grades and standards of identity. For importers, a PCP describes how the importer and its foreign suppliers are meeting preventive food safety control requirements.

## Why it matters

Industry is responsible for preparing, exporting and importing safe food. Preventive food safety controls help businesses to identify and correct issues early in the production process.

While many food businesses already have preventive controls in place, either mandatory or voluntarily, applying food safety requirements more broadly will further enhance the safety of food across sectors. This will better protect Canadians, help avoid costly recalls, and ensure continued market access with countries that require similar food safety measures and mandatory control systems.

Learn more at [www.inspection.gc.ca/safefood](http://www.inspection.gc.ca/safefood).

## You may also be interested in:

- Video: Get Ready for the Safe Food for Canadians Regulations Regulatory requirements: Preventive controls
- Regulatory requirements: Preventive control plan
- Preventive control plan interactive tool
- A guide for preparing a preventive control plan – for domestic food businesses
- A guide for preparing a preventive control plan – for importers
- Infographic: Key Preventive Controls