

WEATHER HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE WEER - MAY 15 - 21, 1979
The East Coast Enjoys Record Setting Warm Weather
Due to the presence of a broad atmospheric mean ridge pattern predominant over Canada's east coast the past week, exceptionally warm surface weather prevailed over the Atlantic provinces, Labrador and eastern Quebec. At Goose Bay, Labrador, daytime temperatures were in excess of $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ from May 19 to May 21.

In regions bounded by the ridge and a mean trough position located over northwestern Ontario, considerable convective activity took place, resulting in many locations receiving upwards of 30 mm of precipitation.

In western Canada the prevailing mean zonal west northwest atmospheric flow brought temperatures $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ below the $1941-70$ normal.

NOTE: The data shown in this publication are based on unverified reports from approximately 170 Surface Synoptic reporting stations of the Atmospheric Environment Service.

## NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

Most of the Territories bounded by latitudes $60^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$ experienced temperatures $2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above normal, excluding the District of Keewatin bordering Manitoba, where temperatures averaged $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ below normal. Temperature anomalies ranged from $-3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in the western Canadian Arctic Archipelago to $+5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at Alert on northern Ellesmere Island in the northeast.

At Norman Wells in the Mackenzie Valley the temperature rose to $21^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ on the 16 th . In contrast, a minimum temperature of $-21^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was recorded at Sachs Harbour on the $19 t h$.

With the exception of 19.6 mm of precipitation at Sachs Harbour and 14.4 mm at Fort Simpson, most of the Territories' observing stations reported seasonably light precipitation values.

In the eastern Arctic, ice conditions are generally close to normal. Ice on the Davis Straits is slightly less than normal.

## YUKON TERRITORY

Temperatures averaged $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ below normal for the week. Maximum temperatures of $18^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ were recorded at Dawson on the 16 th and 21 st .

Precipitation was seasonably light with amounts less than 10 mm .


## BRITISH COLUMBIA

Normal to above normal precipitation fell throughout the central interior, central and northern coastal regions of the province; elsewhere amounts were less than 10 mm .

Temperatures averaged near normal throughout most of southern British Columbia and $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ below normal in the remainder of the province.

Castlegar on the 15 th and Penticton on the 21 st, recorded the warmest temperatures in the province during the past week when the temperature rose to $26^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.


## ALBERTA

During this past week temperatures averaged $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ below normal. At least 30 mm of precipitation fell in the west central portions of the province, in the vicinity of Grande Prairie and Whitecourt and $10-25 \mathrm{~mm}$ over the eastern half of the province. Elsewhere precipitation was light.

Favourable weather has permitted farmers in most southern districts to begin field work according to reports from provincial district agriculturists. While seeding is most advanced in the Lethbridge area, several southern counties and municipal districts report operations delayed as much as two to three weeks due to wet field conditions and seeding operations are only beginning. Cold, wet conditions have inhibited even weed growth. In many areas farmers will have time for only 1 field operation prior to seeding. It is expected that less anhydrous ammonia nitrogen fertilizer will be applied due to the late seeding start but that more granular types of nitrogen will be applied after seeding.

Seeding is becoming widespread though spotty in east central Alberta. In many lowlying areas, fields are still waterlogged and are being left uncultivated. Weather delayed seeding is forcing some farmers to change their croplands in favour of crops with a shorter maturing season, such as barley and rape-seed.

During the May long weekend, campgrounds within reasonable driving distance from larger centres were filled to capacity, while camping facilities at mountain resorts were still not fully operational. Most facilities at Jasper National Park remained out of service as water and sewer lines remained frozen. At Banff, hiking was recommended only on trails at lower elevations. With the late spring, skiing enthusiasts were given an extended season. There was still cross country skiing at higher elevations and one ski resort was still open for downhill skiing.

## SASKATCHEWAN

The weather was very warm on the 15 th and 16 th as temperatures soared as high as $29^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at Regina and Estevan but cooling from May 17 th to May 19 th brought weekly temperatures to near normal to $2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ below normal values.

Seasonal growing degree-days to May 19 are generally less than 50 per cent of normal

Provincial precipitation amounts ranged from 15 mm to 35 mm except in the north and some portions of the southeast, where 5 mm to 10 mm fell.

Showery weather has hampered seeding in central Saskatchewan in the past week but operations are now getting underway. Wheat has been seeded in the southwest. In the northern agricultural districts very little seeding has occurred.

Late in the afternoon of May 21 three tornadoes and a funnel cloud were reported in the vicinity of Regina. One barn was destroyed and a few other buildings were damaged.

## MANITOBA

Despite being very warm on the $16 \mathrm{th}\left(31^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ maximum temperature at Br andon A), weekly temperatures averaged $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ below normal throughout most of the province and slightly above normal in northwestern Manitoba. Growing degreedays accumulated to May 19 totalled less than 30 per cent of the $1941-70$ normal throughout the agricultural districts.

With the exception of light precipitation in the extreme north and the southeast, most of the province received precipitation amounts ranging from 15 mm to 40 mm . On May $17,20 \mathrm{~cm}$ of snow fell at Thompson.

## ONTARIO

Extremely variable weather conditions predominated throughout the province during the period as widespread thunderstorm activity took place on the 15 th , 20 th and 21 st . 25 mm to 35 mm of precipitation fell in the extreme northern portions of the province, northeast of Lake Superior and in the Ot tawa Valley. Wawa, on the northeastern shore of Lake Superior, measured 61.6 mm . Elsewhere precipitation amounts were normal to below normal.

Weekly temperatures averaged within $2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of the $1941-70$ normal. On the 19 th , Timmins recorded a maximum temperature of $28^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; the next day the temperature rose to only $9^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

No new flooding was reported in the province this past week.

## QUEBEC

An atmospheric circulation pattern typical of summer time controlled the weather over Quebec during the week. Abundant sunshine maintained weekly temperature means above normal; weekly anomalies reached $+8.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at Border. Bagotville, Matagami, Quebec and Roberval recorded $28^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ on the 17 th and 18 th. Cold, however, struck northern Quebec in the first part of the week and some snow fell at La Grande and Schefferville on the 15 th and 16 th . From the 19 th to 21 st, Val d'Or recorded a total of 50.2 mm of rain; the monthly mean is 54 mm .

Warm and dry weather with strong winds are held responsible for starting several forest fires in the Abitibi-Temiscamingue area, most of which burnt about 20 hectares each, although the largest destroyed 100 hectares. Fire fighting was helped by the presence of aircraft on the 18 th and 19 th.

Agriculture Quebec reports that the phenological development of apple trees this year is the earliest ever on record in the province; many areas show full blossoming already.

## ATLANTIC PROVINCES

The seven day period ending May 21 was exceptionally warm as weekly temperature anomalies generally ranged from $+4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

New daily record high temperatures were set on the $16 \mathrm{th}, 19 \mathrm{th}, 20 \mathrm{th}$ and 21 st in parts of Newfoundland.

Goose Bay, Labrador reported maximum temperatures in excess of $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ on the last three days, setting new daily record high temperatures on all three days. A 29 year old record was shattered on the 19 th when the mercury soared to $31.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at Goose Bay, setting a new record high maximum temperature for the month of May. This record lasted for only 24 hours as it was broken on the 20 th when the temperature climbed to $32.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Precipitation totals varied from over 40 mm in parts of southern New Brunswick to near zero in parts of Newfoundland. Most of the precipitation was recorded on the 16 th and 21 st.

Eleven fires were reported in portions of eastern Newfoundland during the weekend but all were extinguished by late Sunday. Some of the fires were large; most occurred in low-lying marshland and amid scrub which was reported to have dried out quickly during the weekend warm spell.

Ice has retreated north of the Straits of Belle Isle which are now open to shipping a few weeks earlier than normal, but caution due to icebergs is advised.

Ice off the Labrador coast is slightly less than normal.


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## HEATING DEGREE-DAY SUMMARY TO MAY 19, 1979



| STATION | $\qquad$ | MONTHLY DIFF. FROM 1941-70 NORMAL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SEASONAL } \\ & \text { TOTAL } \end{aligned}$ | SEASONAL DIFF. FROM 1941-70 NORMAL | SEASONAL PERCENT OF NORMAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Resolute | 534.0 | -46.0 | 12006.0 | 315.0 | 103 |
| Inuvik | 360.5 | -52.5 | 9432.5 | -326.5 | 97 |
| Whitehorse | 243.5 | 14.5 | 6833.5 | 234.5 | 104 |
| Vancouver Int'1 A | 112.5 | -7.5 | 3004.5 | 136.5 | 105 |
| Edmonton Mun A | 205.5 | 48.5 | 5633.0 | 218.0 | 104 |
| Calgary Int'1 A | 244.5 | 61.5 | 5544.0 | 435.0 | 109 |
| Regina | 241.5 | 72.5 | 6437.5 | 679.5 | 112 |
| Winnipeg Int'1 A | 248.0 | 82.0 | 6530.5 | 787.5 | 114 |
| Thunder Bay | 223.0 | 25.0 | 6072.5 | 560.5 | 110 |
| Windsor | 84.0 | -20.0 | 3690.0 | 166.0 | 105 |
| Toronto Int'1 A | 133.0 | -5.0 | 4162.0 | 177.0 | 104 |
| Ottawa Int'1 A | 106.0 | -27.0 | 4637.5 | 56.5 | 101 |
| Montreal Int'1 A | 94.5 | -31.5 | 4588.0 | 197.0 | 104 |
| Quebec | 123.0 | -40.0 | 5103.5 | 168.5 | 103 |
| Saint John, N.B. | 152.0 | -48.0 | 4546.5 | -3.5 | 100 |
| Halifax | 160.0 | -34.0 | 4073.5 | 167.5 | 104 |
| Charlottetown | 157.5 | -49.5 | 4460.0 | 48.0 | 101 |
| St. John's, Nf1d. | 237.5 | -18.5 | 4605.5 | 161.5 | 104 |

## Forecast Method

Analogue technique based on point prediction at 70 Canadian stations.

## Temperature Scale

Each temperature class is designed to contain $20 \%$ of the historically observed 15 day means pertinent to specific location and time of year:

Station
Dawson
Frobisher
Trenton
Vancouver

Current Temperature Anomaly ( $\Delta \mathrm{T}$ ) Forecast

```
Below Normal (-1.5 ' C < T T <-0.5 ' C)
Much Below Normal ( }\Delta\textrm{T}<-1.\mp@subsup{8}{}{\circ}\textrm{C}
Near Normal
Below Normal
-0.5}\mp@subsup{}{}{\circ}\textrm{C}<\Delta\textrm{T}<+0.\mp@subsup{5}{}{\circ}\textrm{C}
(-1.2}\mp@subsup{2}{}{\circ}\textrm{C}<\Delta\textrm{T}<-0.4\mp@subsup{4}{}{\circ}\textrm{C}
```

Note: Anomaly denotes departure from the 1949-73 mean.


May 14 to 20, 1979
temperature and PRECIPITATION DATA for the WEEK ENDING 0600 G.M.T. 22 MAY, 1979

| Station | Temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  | Precip. (mm) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \% |  |  |  | \% |  |
| british columbia |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Abbotsford | 12 | - 1 | 23 | 2 | 2.2 | -13.8 |
| Blue kiver | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Bull therbour | 9 | - 1 | 16 | 4 | 22.4 | 3.0 |
| Cistlegar A | 14 | -1 | 26 | 2 | 0.0 | - 3.8 |
| Cranbrook A | 11 | - 1 | 23 | - 2 | 0.0 | -10.7 |
| Cornox A | 12 | - 1 | 20 | 6 | 0.4 | -6.1 |
| Esetevan folat | M | M | M | 7 | 3.1 | -29.7 |
| Fort Nelson a | 9 | -2 | 18 | - 1 | 3.5 | -1.9 |
| rurt St. John A | 8 | - 3 | 16 | - 2 | 2.8 | - 3.6 |
| namioops A | 14 | -1 | 25 | 2 | 2.0 | - 2.2 |
| Lytton | 15 | -1 | 25 | 6 | 0.0 | - 4.8 |
| Penticton A | 14 | 0 | 26 | 3 | 0.0 | - 6.7 |
| Port Hardy A | 9 | -1 | 18 | 2 | 13.5 | - 0.3 |
| Prance George A | 8 | - 2 | 17 | 1 | 17.7 | 7.3 |
| Prlace Rupert A | 8 | - 1 | 14 | 2 | 42.4 | 13.1 |
| Quesnel a | 9 | - 3 | 18 | -2 | 17.1 | 9.6 |
| Revelstake $A$ | 10 | - 3 | 21 | 0 | 14.7 | 3.4 |
| Sintulters d | 8 | - 2 | 17 | - 1 | 14.4 | 6.4 |
| Terrace a |  | - 2 | 17 | 4 | 11.4 | 4.3 |
| Vancouver lat'l A | 13 | 0 | 20 | 6 | 1.6 | -11.5 |
| Victorla Int'la | 12 | 0 | 20 | 4 | 0.4 | -6.9 |
| Wllltams lake a YUKON TERRITORY |  | - 2 | 17 | 1 | 11.4 | 5.7 |
| Dawson A | 8 | - 1 | 18 | - 2 | 2.2 | -2.1 |
| Sayo A | 7 | - 2 | 17 | - 2 | 3.3 | - 1.0 |
| Watson Lake d | 5 | -4 | 12 | - 5 | 8.8 | 2.6 |
| Whitehorse A | 5 | - 3 | 14 | - 5 | 0.0 | - 1.9 |
| NORTHWEST TERRITORIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| diert | -6 | 5 | 2 | -15 | 0.0 | - 1.8 |
| buker Lake | - 4 | 2 | 5 | -15 | 0.0 | - 2.4 |
| Caubrtage Bay a | - 5 | 4 | 3 | -18 | 0.4 | -1.3 |
| Cape Dyer | - 5 | M | 1 | -13 | 4.0 | M |
| Chesterfteld Inlet | - 3 | 3 | 5 | -11 | 0.0 | M |
| Clyde | -6 | 0 | 4 | -12 | 3.1 | - 0.2 |
| Copperimine | - 3 | 2 | 7 | -16 | 1.6 | - 1.0 |
| coral harbour | - 4 | 1 | 4 | -12 | 0.0 | - 3.8 |
| Ennadal | - 7 | -4 | 2 | -17 | 0.0 | - 5.6 |
| Eureka | - 8 | 1 | 1 | -15 | 1.6 | 1.2 |
| fort Stmpson | 10 | 1 | 19 | - 1 | 14.4 | 5.1 |
| Fort Sinith A | 10 | 1 | 18 | - 1 | 5.6 | - 0.4 |
| Frublsher Bay a | - 1 | 2 | 3 | - 6 | 7.1 | 3.0 |
| Hatl beach a | - 7 | M | 0 | -16 | 0.0 | $\cdots$ |
| Hay River A | , | 1 | 19 | - 1 | 0.0 | - 3.5 |
| lnuvik a | 4 | 2 | 15 | - 5 | 0.0 | -1.9 |
| Yould bay | -13 | - 3 | -10 | -20 | 0.7 | - 0.5 |
| Norinan Wells A | 10 | 3 | 21 | 1 | 0.0 | - 3.8 |
| Resolute a | -10 | - 1 | - 3 | -19 | 4.1 | 1.7 |
| Sachs harbour | -10 | - 3 | - 1 | -21 | 19.6 | 19.2 |
| Yellouknife A | 10 | 4 | 18 | , | 0.0 | -3.3 |
| alberta |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bunff | 7 | - 1 | 17 | - 3 | 6.6 | - 4.2 |
| Calgary Int'l a | 9 | - 2 | 22 | - 2 | 20.0 | 10.8 |
| Cold Lake A | 10 | - 2 | 18 | 1 | 9.0 | 1.6 |
| curonation A | 9 | - 2 | 22 | 0 | 16.0 | 10.9 |
| Edmonton Mun. A | 10 | - 2 | 18 | 3 | 21.5 | 16.7 |
| Edimonton Namao a | 9 | - 3 | 17 | 2 | 21.1 | 17.0 |
| Edson a | 7 | - 2 | 16 | - 3 | 5.2 | - 5.8 |
| fort Chipewyan | 8 | 1 | 17 | 2 | 5.2 | -8.0 |
| Fort McMurray A | 9 | -1 | 18 | 0 | 17.9 | 7.9 |
| crande Pratriea | 8 | - 3 | 17 | 1 | 31.0 | 25.0 |


| Station | Temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  | Precip. (mm) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \circ \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Jasper | 7 | -2 | 15 | - 3 | 7.4 | -0.2 |
| Lethbridge A | 11 | - 1 | 25 | 0 | 2.3 | -8.0 |
| Medicine Hat A | 12 | - 1 | 26 | 0 | 17.4 | 8.7 |
| Peace River A | 9 | - 1 | 17 | 0 | 1.0 | - 7.2 |
| Red Deer A | 8 | - 2 | 19 | - 1 | 11.2 | 0.4 |
| Rocky Mountain House | 7 | - 3 | 16 | - 4 | 7.9 | - 2.8 |
| Vermilion A | 9 | - 1 | 19 | -1 | 17.9 | 11.8 |
| Whitecourt | 7 | - 3 | 15 | 0 | 36.8 | 28.6 |
| SASKATCHEWAN |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Broadview | 10 | - 1 | 28 | - 2 | 3.7 | - 3.0 |
| Buffalo Narrows | 7 | M | 16 | - 1 | 8.6 | M |
| Cree Lake | 6 | M | 13 | - 3 | 3.5 | M |
| Estevan A | 12 | 0 | 29 | 2 | 21.4 | 12.0 |
| Hudson Bay | 8 | - 2 | 22 | -2 | M | M |
| Kindersley | 11 | - 1 | 25 | 1 | 24.4 | 21.5 |
| La Ronge A | 7 | 0 | 17 | - 5 | 8.1 | 0.0 |
| North Battleford A | 11 | - 1 | 24 | 2 | 21.6 | 17.2 |
| Prince Albert A | 9 | - 2 | 22 | -2 | 34.9 | 29.3 |
| Regina A | 11 | 0 | 29 | -2 | 17.8 | 10.5 |
| Saskatoon A | 11 | - 1 | 24 | 1 | 15.6 | 10.2 |
| Swift Current A | 11 | - 1 | 24 | 1 | 11.1 | 4.8 |
| Uranium City | 9 | M | 17 | 0 | 0.2 | M |
| Wynyard | 10 | - 1 | 25 | -2 | 3.7 | -0.2 |
| Yorkton A | 9 | - 2 | 27 | - 1 | 8.9 | 2.0 |
| manitoba |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bissett | 7 | M | 22 | - 5 | 15.3 | M |
| Brandon A | 9 | -2 | 31 | - 3 | 18.8 | 11.8 |
| Churchill A | 4 | -2 | 4 | -9 | 0.2 | - 7.1 |
| Dauphin A | 8 | - 3 | 22 | - 3 | 21.7 | 13.7 |
| Glllam A | , | M | 13 | -9 | 11.0 | M |
| G1m11 | 6 | -4 | 23 | - 3 | 26.7 | 15.4 |
| Lynn Lake | 5 | 1 | 14 | - 5 | 8.0 | -3.1 |
| Norway House | 4 | - | 16 | -6 | 27.4 | , |
| Pilot Mound | 9 | -1 | 28 | - 1 | 14.0 | 3.6 |
| Portage la Prairie | 9 | - 2 | 28 | -1 | 11.3 | 2.2 |
| The Pas A | 6 | - 3 | 18 | - 1 | 37.5 | 30.3 |
| Thompson A | 4 | 1 | 15 | - 5 | 20.2 | 7.3 |
| Winnipeg Int'l A | 9 | - 3 | 27 | - 3 | 8.7 | 0.5 |
| ontario |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Armstrong A | 6 | - 1 | 18 | - 4 | M | M |
| At1kokan | 9 | 2 | 26 | -4 | 3.0 | -8.9 |
| Earlton A | 12 | 2 | 27 | 2 | 6.6 | - 6.8 |
| Geraldton | 6 | -1 | 17 | -4 | 13.4 | -8.0 |
| Gore Bay A | 10 | - 1 | 18 | 1 | 28.6 | 17.2 |
| Kapuskasing A | 10 | 1 | 24 | -1 | 30.9 | 11.4 |
| Kenora A | 9 | - 2 | 24 | - 1 | 7.0 | -2.5 |
| Kingston A | 13 | 1 | 22 | , | 12.0 | -16.2 |
| Lansdowne House | 5 | - 1 | 16 | - 3 | 25.4 | 12.8 |
| London A | 12 | - 1 | 24 | 2 | 15.6 | - 5.1 |
| Moosonee | 8 | 2 | 27 | -4 | 16.8 | 3.1 |
| Mount Forest | 11 | 0 | 23 | 1 | M | , |
| Muskoka A | 11 | 0 | 24 | - 1 | 9.2 | -13.1 |
| North Bay A | 13 | 2 | 25 | 2 | 12.4 | -4.7 |
| Ottawa Int'l A | 14 | 1 | 24 | 2 | 35.2 | 15.0 |
| Petawawa A | 13 | M | 27 | - 1 | 23.6 | M |
| Pickle Lake | 7 | - 1 | 23 | - 1 | 26.7 | 10.6 |
| Red Lake A | 8 | - 2 | 24 | - 3 | 15.4 | 6.3 |
| Simioe | 13 | - 1 | 23 | 4 | M |  |
| Stoux Lookout A | 8 | - 2 | 24 | -2 | 9.8 | - 5.0 |
| Sudbury A | 12 | 2 | 24 | 3 | 5.0 | - 6.7 |
| Thunder Bay A | 10 | 1 | 25 | -3 | 1.8 | -14.7 |




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