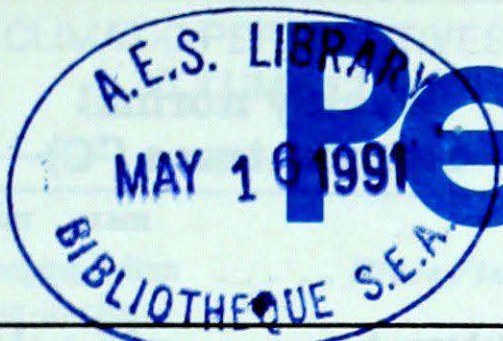




# Climatic Perspectives



Archives

Ref 1

April 29 to May 5, 1991

A weekly review of Canadian climate and water

Vol.13 No.18

## Favourable outlook for growing season

*In the last few weeks a significant amount of precipitation has fallen across the major agricultural areas of the country, providing in most areas an adequate supply of moisture to begin the spring growing season.*

This is especially evident on the Prairies, where more heavy precipitation, in the form of both rain and snow, was recorded this week; but this time primarily across the central and eastern districts. Substantial snowfalls, in some cases as much as 30 cm, left portions of Manitoba with 5 to 15 centimetres of snow covering the ground during the middle of the period. Winnipeg received 54.4 mm of precipitation this week, as compared to the April and May averages of 38.5 and 65.7 millimetres, respectively. In Saskatchewan, last week's heavy dousing of precipitation, as much as 50 to 80 millimetres, was supplemented this week with an additional 10 to 20 millimetres. The precipitation has provided ample seed-bed moisture in most locations.

In Ontario, Quebec and the Maritimes generous amounts of precipitation fell in April, in some cases record values in excess of 100 mm. As a result, the moisture supply is more than adequate to start off the growing season.

### Spring runoff in Atlantic Canada

The release of the locked up winter precipitation, in the form of snow and ice, was not uniform in the Atlantic Region this spring season. Runoff increased in all

areas of New Brunswick in April, while on the other hand there was decreased runoff in Prince Edward Island and eastern Newfoundland, when compared to one month earlier. Runoff in Nova Scotia was variable, compared to last month, rising in Cape Breton Island and northern and western mainland areas, and decreasing in eastern mainland areas. It is interesting to note that in New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia the spring freshet seems to have occurred approximately one month earlier than normal this year, probably due to the above normal temperatures experienced during February and March. In New Brunswick, the excessive flows that were recorded in the southwest Miramichi River Watershed normally do not occur until May. In Prince Edward Island, the flow in the Wilmot River was half the flow recorded in

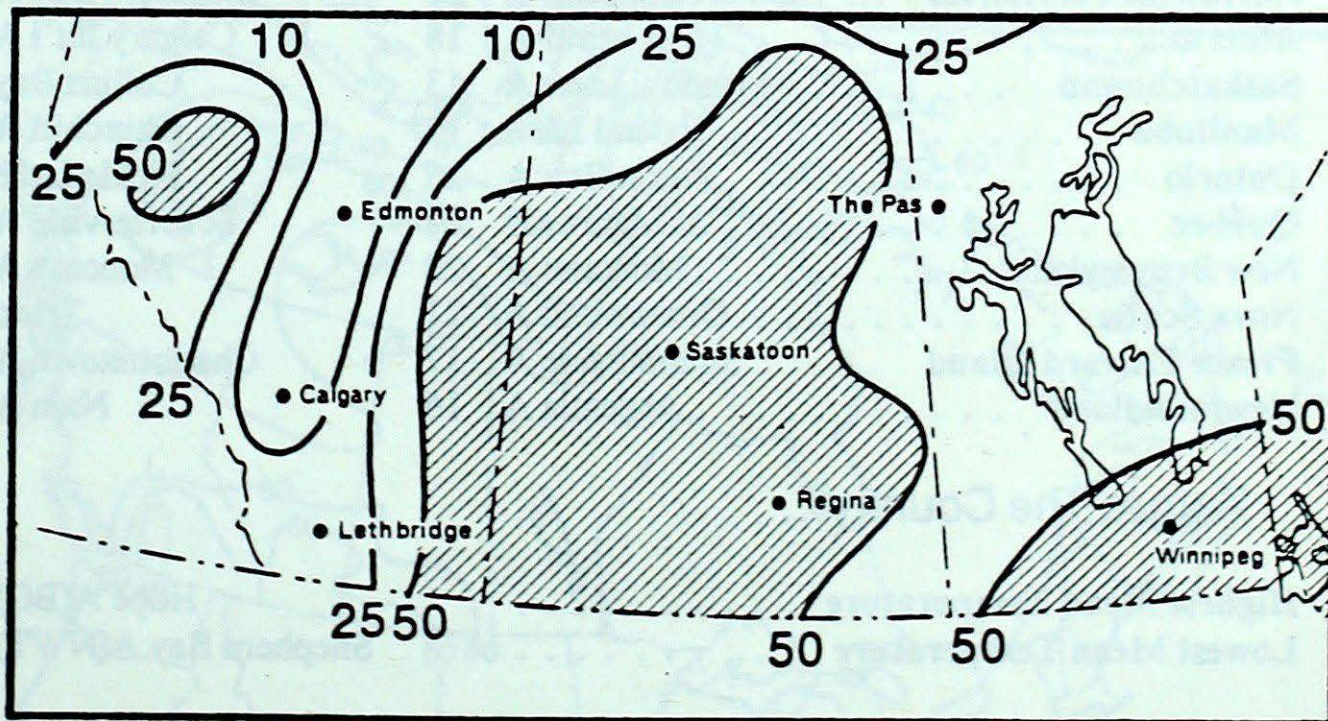
March. In Labrador, winter has not yet released its grip.

Water levels in ten storage reservoirs used by the Nova Scotia Power Corporation have risen by 13 percent from last month to approximately 80 percent capacity. This is considered good, and is considerably better than April 1987, when they only rose to 48 percent capacity.

### A look ahead ...

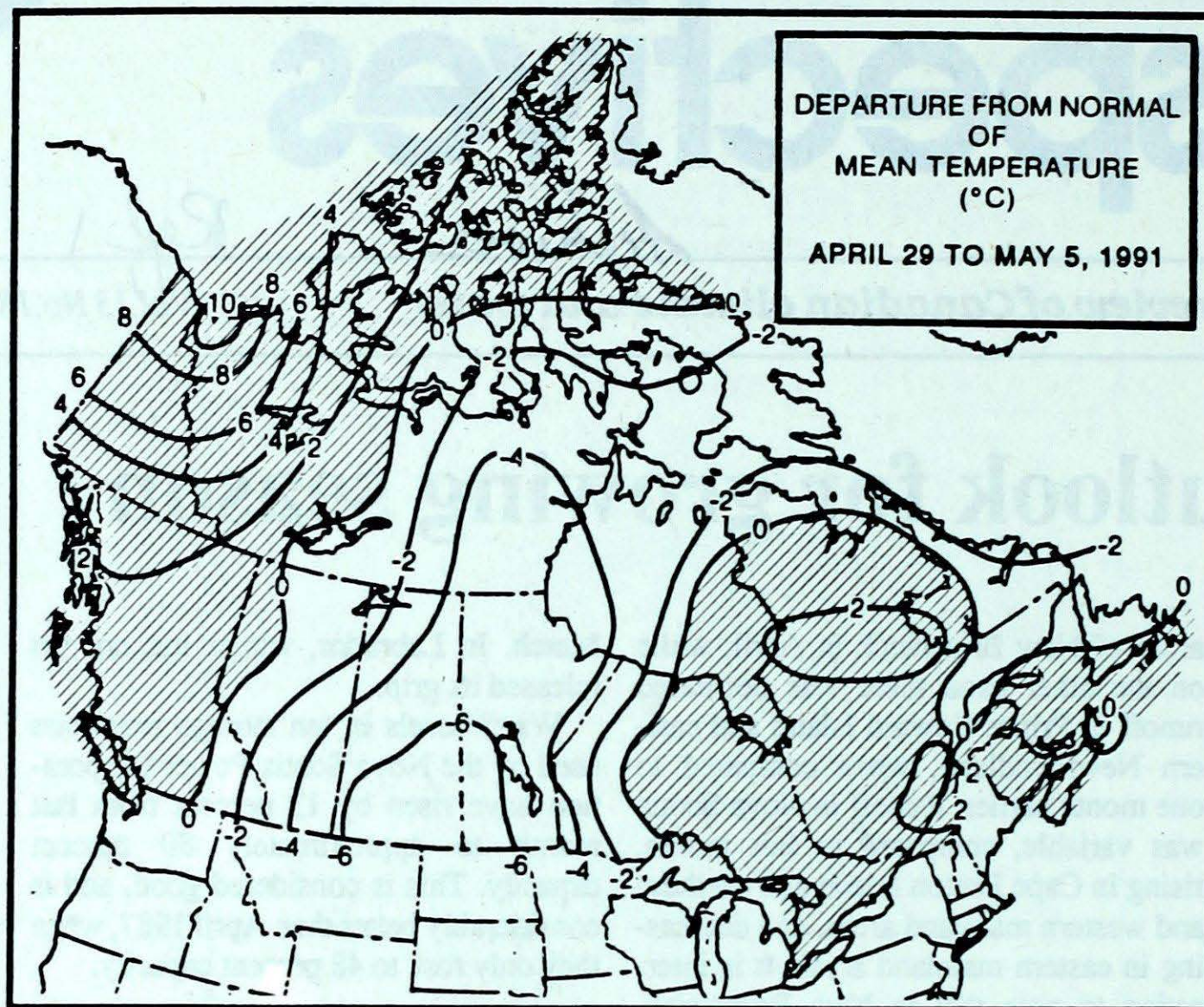
A high pressure area is expected to bring above-normal temperatures to the Yukon, the Prairies, Ontario and southeastern Quebec for the week of May 13. British Columbia is forecasted to have near normal values. For the same period, the temperature in the Atlantic provinces and northern Quebec should be below normal.

TOTAL PRECIPITATION (mm) FROM APRIL 22 TO MAY 5, 1991



In the last two weeks ample precipitation has fallen on the Prairies





**Weekly normal temperatures (°C)**

	max.	min.
Whitehorse A	9.6	-1.9
Iqaluit A	-3.0	-11.4
Yellowknife A	4.7	-5.2
Vancouver Int'l A	14.8	6.4
Victoria Int'l A	14.7	5.4
Calgary Int'l A	12.6	0.0
Edmonton Int'l A	14.4	0.7
Regina A	14.2	0.7
Saskatoon A	14.4	1.1
Winnipeg Int'l A	14.8	1.4
Ottawa Int'l A	15.5	3.8
Toronto (Pearson Int'l A)	15.3	3.4
Montréal Int'l A	15.5	4.2
Québec A	13.1	1.7
Fredericton A	13.3	1.2
Saint John A	11.8	1.0
Hallifax (Shearwater)	10.8	1.9
Charlottetown A	9.6	0.7
Goose A	6.6	-2.2
St John's A	6.5	-0.6

**Weekly temperature and precipitation extremes**

	Maximum temperature (°C)	Minimum temperature (°C)	Heaviest precipitation (mm)
British Columbia	Hope A 25	Puntzi Mountain (aut) -5	Estevan Point (aut) 18
Yukon Territory	Watson Lake A 20	Shingle Point A -15	Watson Lake A 1
	Whitehorse A 20		
Northwest Territories	Fort Simpson A 21	Shepherd Bay A -30	Cape Dyer A 6
Alberta	High Level A 18	Calgary Int'l A -8	Lethbridge 8
Saskatchewan	Meadow Lake A 13	Collins Bay -12	Broadview 19
Manitoba	Island Lake 19	Churchill A -19	Winnipeg A 54
Ontario	North Bay A 25	Pickle Lake -6	Thunder Bay A 51
Québec	Maniwaki 24	Schefferville A -14	Mont Joli A 35
New Brunswick	Moncton A 20	Moncton A -6	Chatham A 62
Nova Scotia	Greenwood A 21	Truro -6	Shearwater A 67
Prince Edward Island	Summerside A 17	Charlottetown A -5	Summerside A 13
Newfoundland	Argentia A 16	Nain A -17	Deer Lake A 25

**Across The Country...**

Highest Mean Temperature	Hope A(BC) 14
Lowest Mean Temperature	Shepherd Bay A(NWT) -19



CLIMATIC PERSPECTIVES  
VOLUME 13

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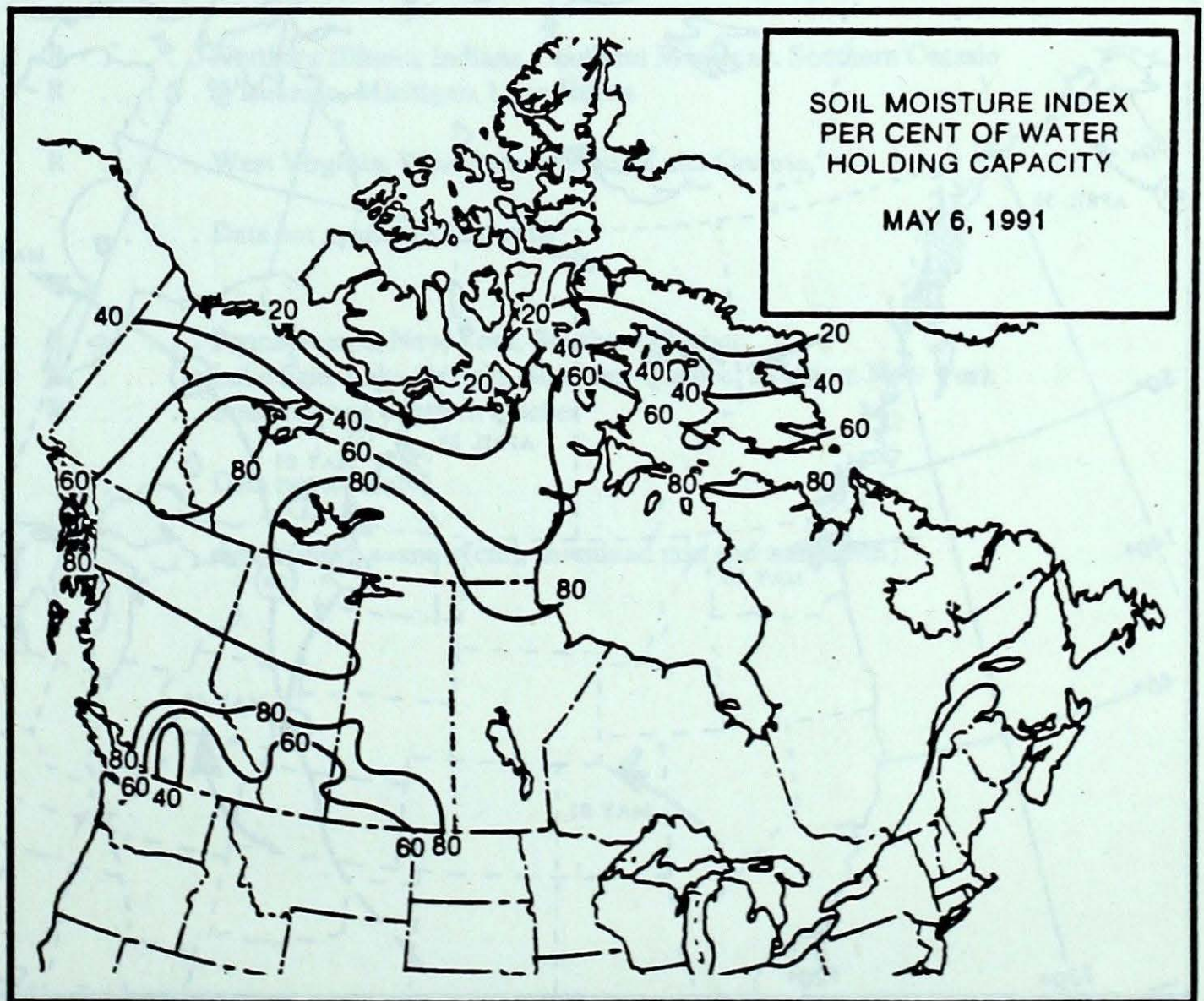
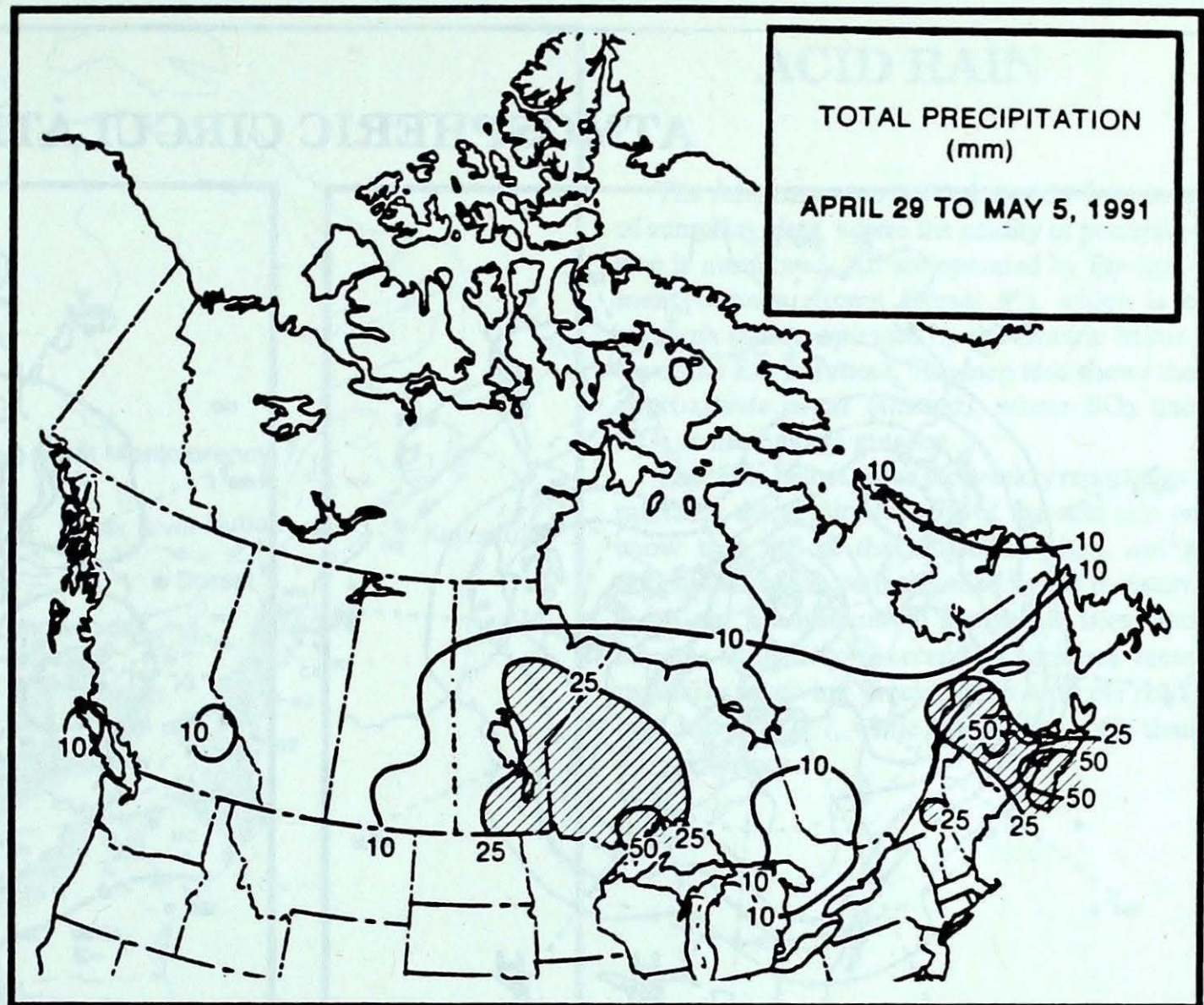
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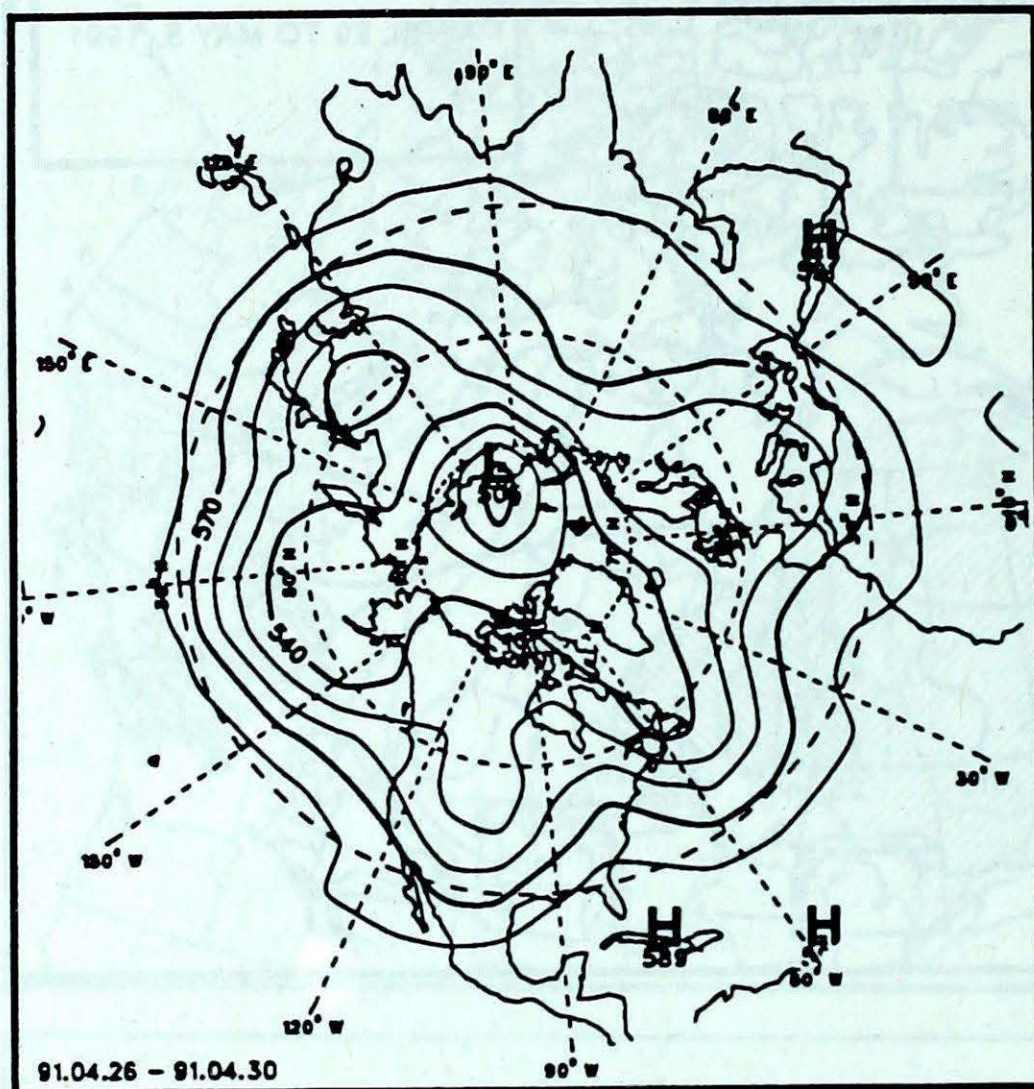
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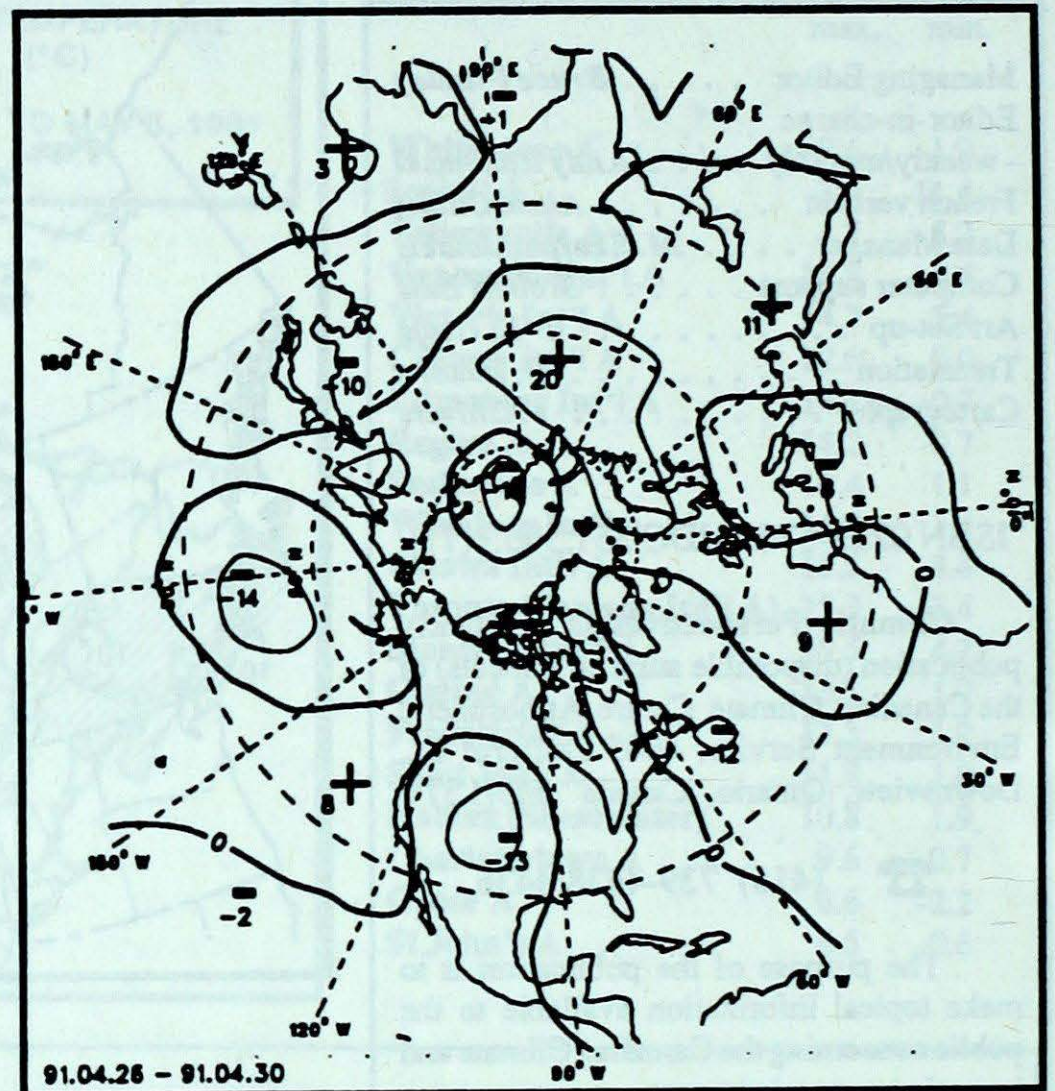




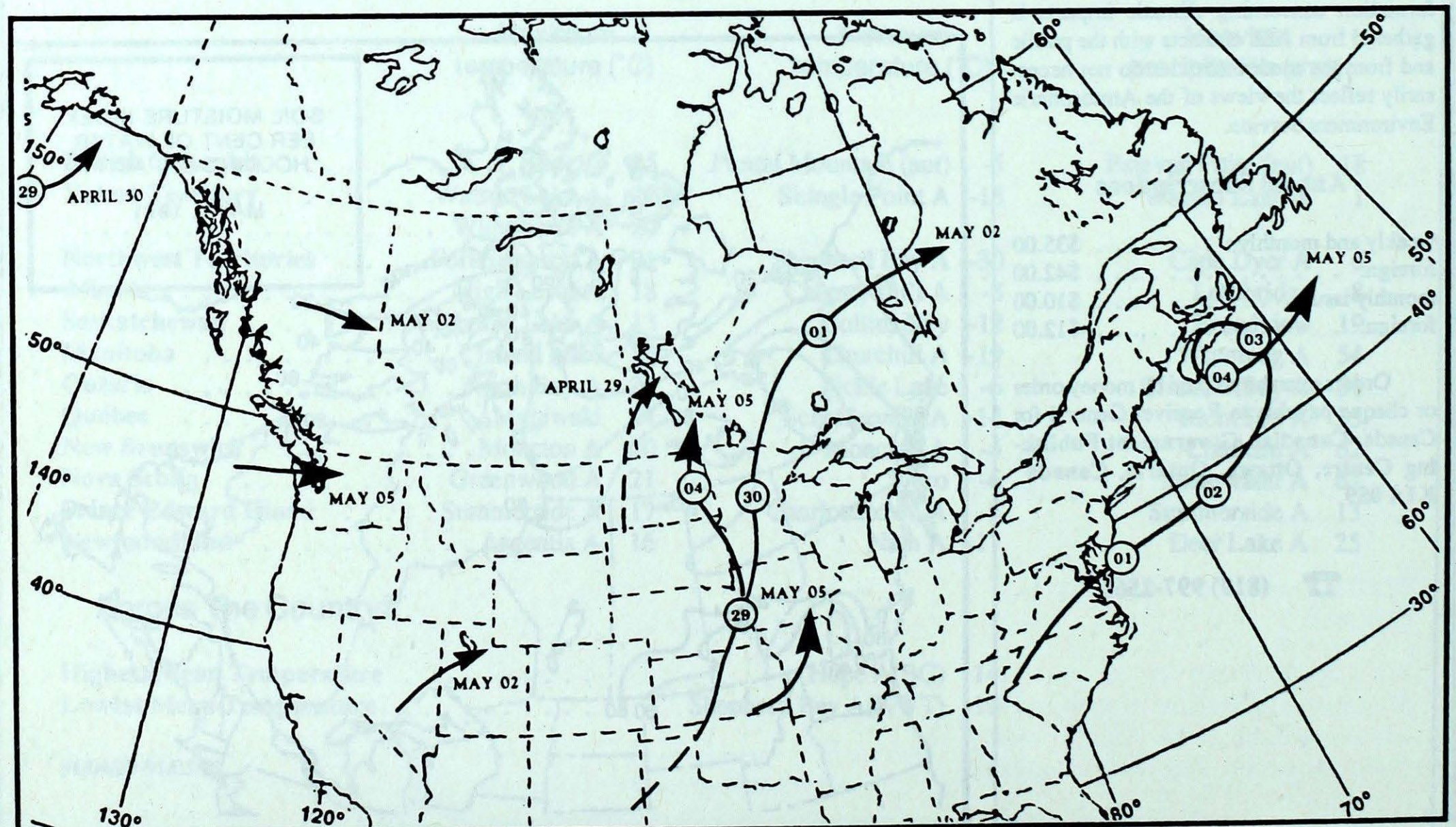
### ATMOSPHERIC CIRCULATION



Mean geopotential height  
50-kPa level (10-decametre intervals)



Mean geopotential height anomaly  
50-kPa level (10-decametre intervals)



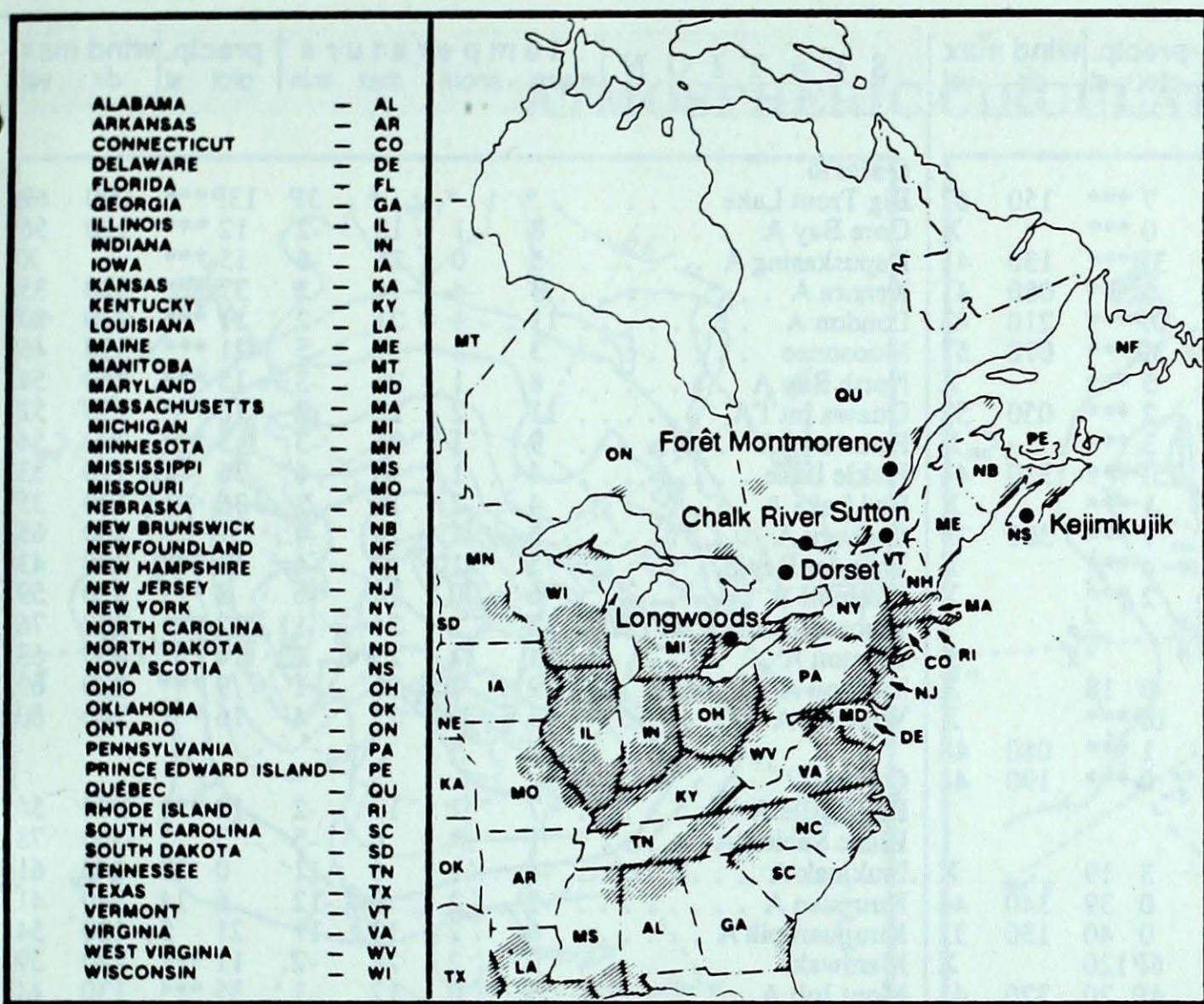
Tracks of low pressure centres at 12:00 U.T. each day during the period.



## ACID RAIN

The reference map (left) shows the locations of sampling sites, where the acidity of precipitation is monitored. All are operated by Environment Canada except Dorset (\*), which is a research station operated by the Ontario Ministry of the Environment. The map also shows the approximate areas (shaded), where SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> emissions are greatest.

The table below gives the weekly report summarizing the acidity (or pH) of the acid rain or snow that fell at the collection sites, and a description of the path travelled by the moisture laden air. Environmental damage to lakes and streams is usually observed in sensitive areas regularly receiving precipitation with pH readings less than 4.7, while pH readings less than 4.0 are serious.



Site	day	pH	amount	air path to site
------	-----	----	--------	------------------

April 28 to May 4, 1991

Longwoods	01	5.0	5 R	..... Indiana, Illinois, Southern Ohio, Southern Michigan
Dorset*	30	6.4	2 R	..... Northern Illinois, Indiana, Southern Michigan, Southern Ontario
	01	4.6	6 R	..... Wisconsin, Michigan, Lake Huron
Chalk River	29	4.1	7 R	..... West Virginia, West Pennsylvania, Lake Ontario
Sutton				..... Data not available this week
Montmorency	30	4.2	3 R	..... Pennsylvania, New York, Southern Quebec
	01	4.5	13 R	..... Lake Erie, Lake Ontario, Southern Quebec, Northern New York
	02	4.6	1 R	..... Southern and Western Quebec
Kejimikujik				..... Data not available

..... r=rain(mm), s=snow(cm), m=mixed rain and snow(mm)



STATION	temperature				precip.		wind max		STATION	temperature				precip.		wind max								
	mean	anom	max	min	ptot	st	dir	vel		mean	anom	max	min	ptot	st	dir	vel							
<b>British Columbia</b>								<b>Ontario</b>																
Cape St James	8	1	14	5	7 ***		150	67	Big Trout Lake	*	*	*	3P	13P***		090	69							
Cranbrook A	6	-3	15	-3	0 ***			X	Gore Bay A	8	1	18	-2	12 ***		100	56							
Fort Nelson A	9P	3P	19P	-3P	3P***		130	41	Kapuskasing A	5	0	25	-6	15 ***			X							
Fort St John A	8	1	16	0	0 ***		080	41	Kenora A	3	-4	14	-3	37 ***		320	35							
Kamloops A	13P	1P	23P	1P	0P***		210	43	London A	11	1	21	2	11 ***		230	80							
Penticton A	12P	1P	22P	1P	3P***		070	57	Moosonee	3	1	17	-5	21 ***		330	46							
Port Hardy A	10	1	18	2	5 ***			X	North Bay A	8	1	25	-3	15 ***		250	54							
Prince George A	8	1	19	-2	2 ***		050	52	Ottawa Int'l A	11	2	22	2	10 ***		250	52							
Prince Rupert A	8	1	16	1	3 ***			X	Petawawa A	9	1	21	-3	3 ***		290	54							
Revelstoke A	10P	-1P	19P	2P	15P***		330	46	Pickle Lake	4	1	15	-6	36 1		110	33							
Smithers A	10	3	21	-2	1 ***			X	Red Lake A	4	-2	19	-3	36 1		120	35							
Vancouver Int'l A	11	1	20	4	7 ***		300	39	Sudbury A	8	1	24	-4	7 ***		200	65							
Victoria Int'l A	11	1	22	2	4 ***			X	Thunder Bay A	5	-1	12	-4	51 ***		320	43							
Williams Lake A	8	1	17	-3	2 ***			X	Timmings A	6	0	24	-6	8 ***		220	59							
<b>Yukon Territory</b>								<b>Québec</b>																
Komakuk Beach A	-5	6	4	-15	0 18			X	Bagotville A	7	1	19	-2	13 ***		070	56							
Teslin (aut)	6P	*	19P	-5P	0P***			X	Blanc Sablon A	1	*	6	-5	3 7		360	78							
Watson Lake A	7	4	20	-5	1 ***		080	48	Inukjuak A	-4	1	6	-11	0 29		040	61							
Whitehorse A	7	3	20	-5	0 ***		190	44	Kuujuuaq A	-2	2	9	-12	6 14		340	41							
<b>Northwest Territories</b>								<b>New Brunswick</b>																
Alert	-14	3	-5	-22	3 19			X	Charlo A	6	1	14	-4	33 1		080	41							
Baker Lake A	-16	-5	-8	-23	0 39		340	44	Chatham A	7	1	18	-4	62 ***		050	70							
Cambridge Bay A	-16	-2	-6	-25	0 40		130	32	Fredericton A	9	1	19	-3	27 ***		020	56							
Cape Dyer A	-12P	-2P	-4P	-18P	6P120			X	Moncton A	7P	1P	20P	-6P	38P***		020	56							
Clyde A	-13P	-1P	-6P	-17P	4P 20		320	41	Saint John A	7	1	17	-3	28 ***		020	59							
Coppermine A	-9	1	7	-19	0 60		200	37	<b>Nova Scotia</b>															
Coral Harbour A	-14	-3	-5	-25	0 55		350	43	Greenwood A	9	1	21	-4	50 ***		180	57							
Eureka	-16	1	-11	-25	1 19		010	48	Shearwater A	7	0	16	-3	67 ***		320	63							
Fort Smith A	4P	0P	18P	-6P	0P 1			X	Sydney A	4	0	13	-5	22 ***		350	67							
Hall Beach A	-15	-1	-6	-23	1 32		310	46	Yarmouth A	8	1	15	1	10 ***		360	46							
Inuvik A	6	12	19	-7	0 1			X	<b>Prince Edward Island</b>															
Iqaluit A	-9	-2	-1	-19	2 33		320	33	Charlottetown A	5	0	16	-5	8 ***		050	67							
Mould Bay A	-13	3	-2	-24	0 20			X	Summerside A	6	0	17	-3	13 ***		360	54							
Norman Wells A	8	8	20	-2	0 ***		100	35	<b>Newfoundland</b>															
Resolute A	-15	1	-9	-19	0 15		330	56	Cartwright	-1	-2	7	-8	13 156		320	74							
Yellowknife A	1	1	13	-11	0 ***		170	33	Churchill Falls A	-1	0	12	-15	6 66		340	44							
<b>Alberta</b>								<b>91/04/29-91/05/05</b>																
Calgary Int'l A	4	-2	15	-8	4 ***		350	67	Gander Int'l A	3	0	13	-6	12 1		330	46							
Cold Lake A	3	-4	14	-4	0 ***		350	37	Goose A	1	-1	11	-9	0 1		330	37							
Edmonton Namao A	5	-3	14	-4	0 ***		330	52	Port Aux Basques	4	1	10	-3	11 ***		040	56							
Fort McMurray A	6	-1	17	-5	0 ***		360	39	St John's A	4	1	14	-5	16 ***		330	37							
High Level A	7	0	18	-3	0 ***		190	33	St Lawrence	5	1	15	-4	20 ***			X							
Jasper	5	-1	15	-5	9 ***			X	Wabush Lake A	2	3	12	-10	5 1		180	32							
Lethbridge A	4	-4	17	-4	8 ***		350	56																
Medicine Hat A	4	-6	15	-4	4 ***		330	46																
Peace River A	7	1	17	-4	0 ***		130	37																
<b>Saskatchewan</b>								<b>Manitoba</b>																
Cree Lake	0	-4	11	-10	1 1		040	48	Brandon A	1	-7	11	-3	18 4		330	74							
Estevan A	1	-7	7	-4	10 1		310	61	Churchill A	-10	-5	-3	-19	2 13		010	69							
La Ronge A	1	-4	10	-7	5 ***		360	33	Lynn Lake A	-3	-6	9	-11	8 ***		350	50							
Regina A	1	-7	10	-5	18 1		320	57	The Pas A	0	-5	9	-6	20 1		340	59							
Saskatoon A	2	-6	12	-4	8 ***		360	39	Thompson A	-3	-5	6	-11	35 4		360	70							
Swift Current A	0	-7	9	-5	10 1		320	52	Winnipeg Int'l A	3	-5	17	-3	54 1		330	83							
Yorkton A	0	-7	6	-5	13 2		340	52																

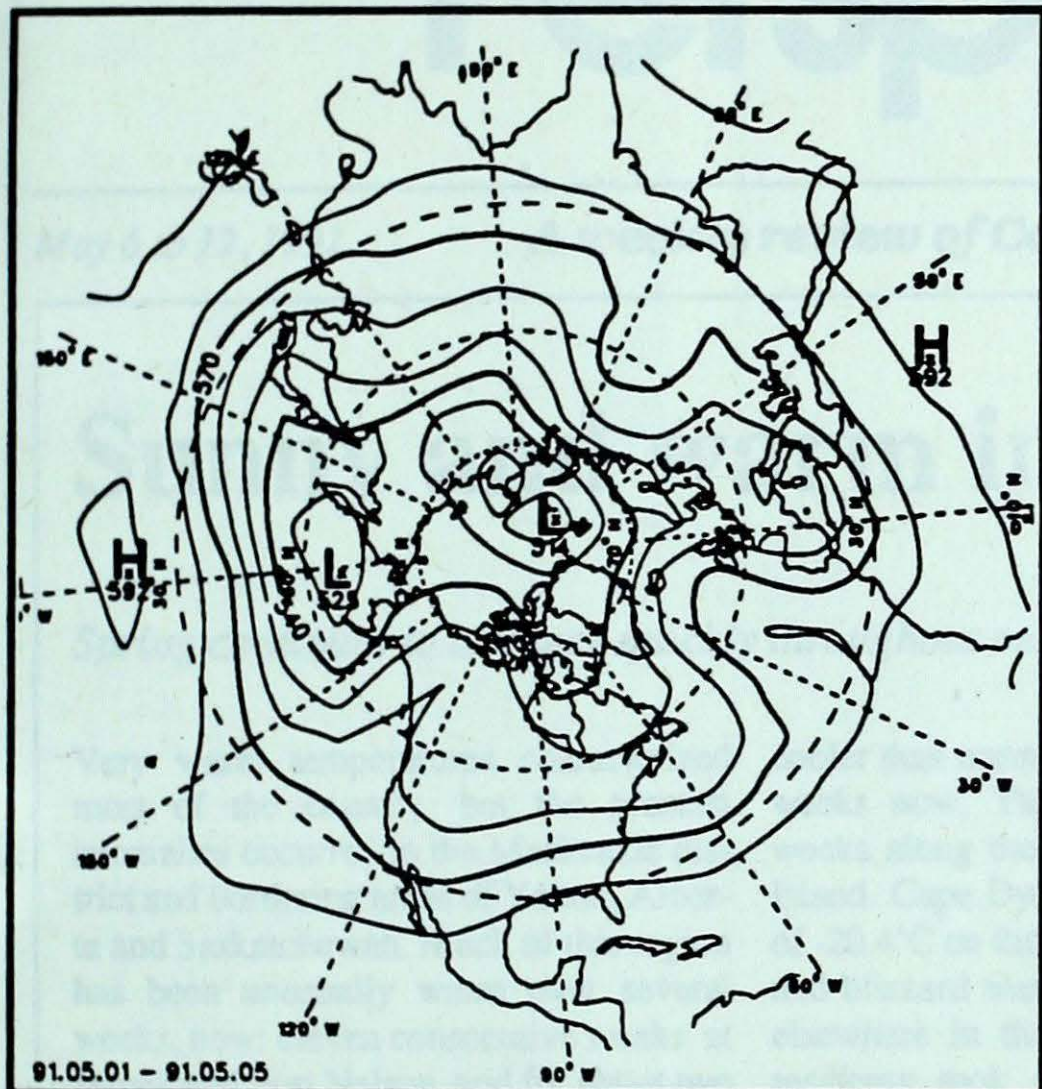
mean = mean weekly temperature, °C  
 max = maximum weekly temperature, °C  
 min = minimum weekly temperature, °C  
 anom = mean temperature anomaly, °C

ptot = weekly precipitation total in mm  
 st = snow thickness on the ground in cm  
 dir = direction of max wind, deg. from north.  
 vel = wind speed in km/h

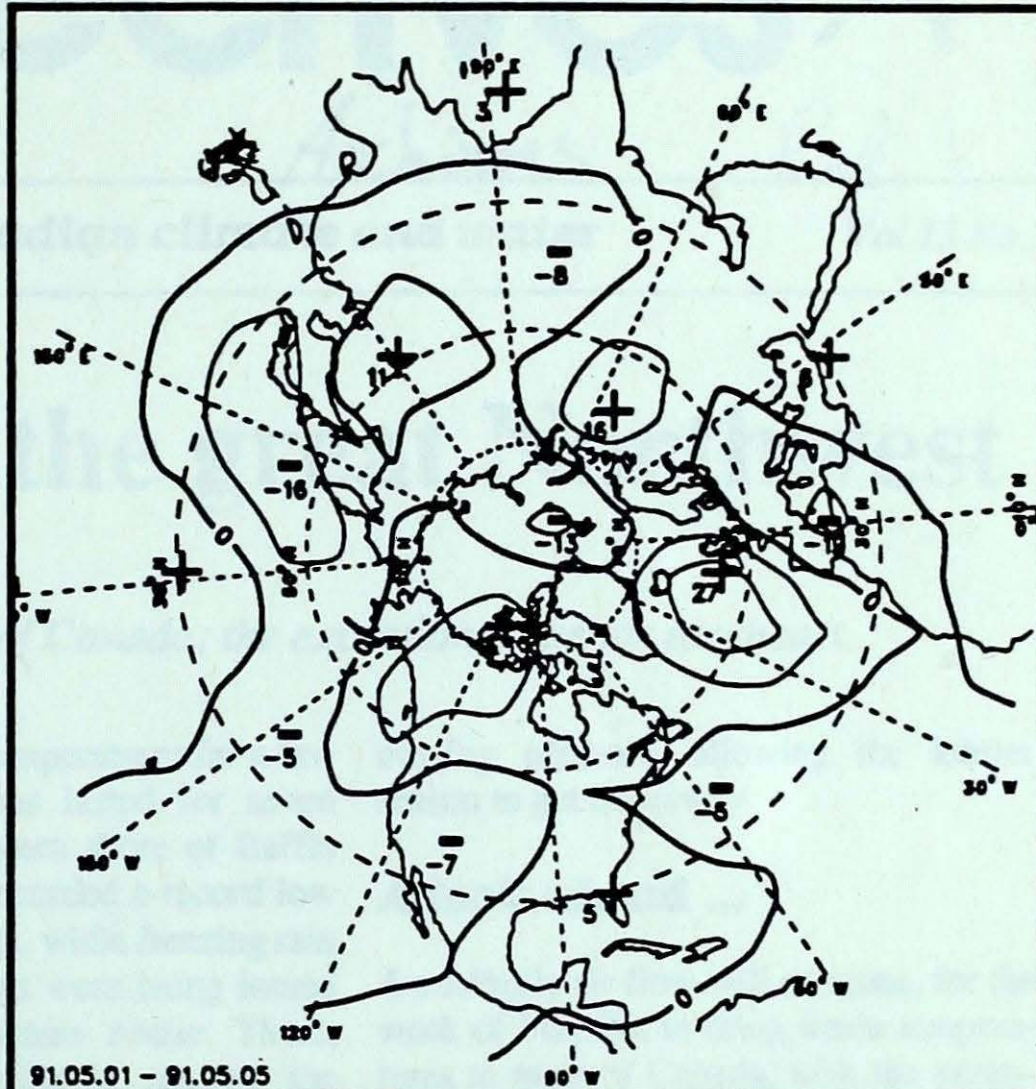
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 X = no observation  
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 \* = missing data when going to printing.



# ATMOSPHERIC CIRCULATION



Mean geopotential height  
50-kPa level (10-decametre intervals)



Mean geopotential height anomaly  
50-kPa level (10-decametre intervals)

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