

# Climatic Perspectives

October 7 to 13, 1991 *A weekly review of Canadian climate and water* Vol. 13 No 41

*Ref 1*  
*Archives*

## Autumn storms drench parts of the country

Substantial amounts of rain and snow fell in northern British Columbia this week. A strong atmospheric ridge of high pressure has been deflecting Pacific weather systems northward since early September, providing sunny, warm and dry weather to the southern half of the province. On the other hand, communities situated along the north coast, in the northern interior and in the Yukon have been plagued by inclement weather. This week Prince Rupert and Terrace were inundated with more than 200 mm of rain. Heavy snowfalls were reported at higher elevations and in the interior. Raging floods and washouts cut off two communities, Greenville and Canyon, situated between Terrace and Prince Rupert, where more than 340 mm of rain has soaked the area since October 10. Once the rains subside, it will take several days to rebuild the roads. Fort Nelson received 13 cm of snow.

In parts of eastern Quebec and the Maritimes, another 50 to 120 millimetres of rain was recorded this week. This is in addition to last week's abundant rainfalls between 50 to 110 millimetres. In Parc des Laurentides, north of Quebec City, the season's first major snowfall of 12 cm paralysed highway travel, and resulted in numerous accidents and injuries.

### Great Lakes water levels decline

During September, Lakes Superior, Huron, Erie, and Ontario drainage basins

received 139%, 98%, 63%, and 99% of their normal September precipitation, respectively. During the past month, the water levels on Lakes Huron, Erie and Ontario have fallen much more than the average amount for the season. This is due to the dry weather conditions experienced this summer, and increased evaporation from the Great Lakes at this time of year, due to the strong temperature differences between the warm water and the cool, dry autumn air masses.

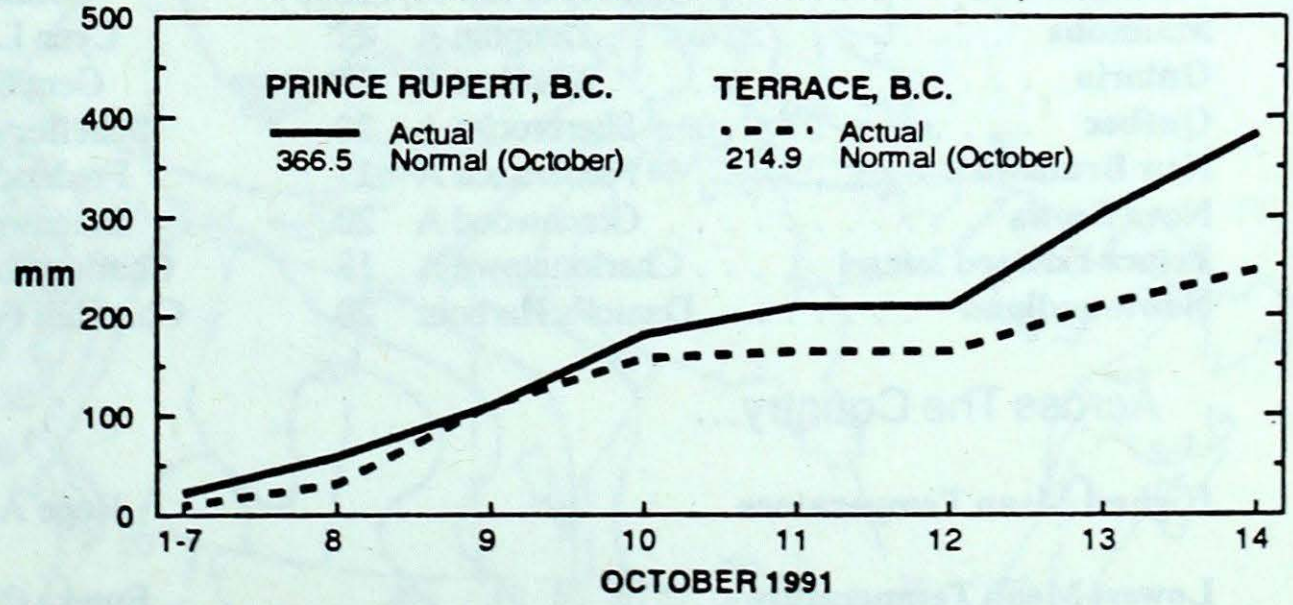
At the beginning of October, the water levels of Lakes Huron, St. Clair, Erie and Ontario were 2, 6, 17, and 9 centimetres, respectively, below last years levels, while Lake Superior was 5 cm above. Compared to the long term, 1900-1989 average, the water levels of Lakes Supe-

rior, Huron and Ontario are 14, 15 and 15 centimetres below average, respectively. Currently the levels of Lakes St. Clair and Erie are 10 and 6 centimetres above average.

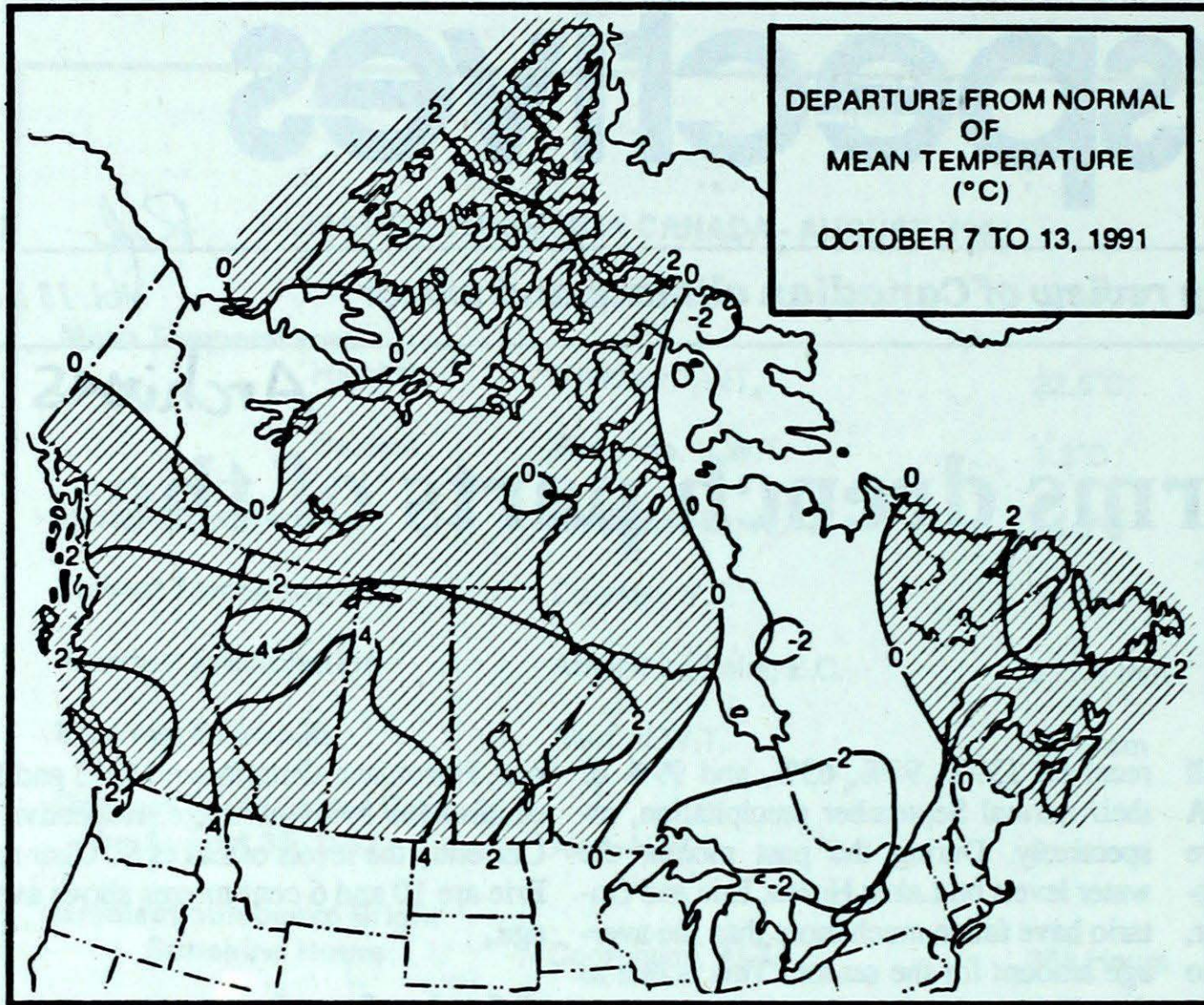
### A look ahead ...

A trough of low pressure previously over central Canada will move to the northwest for the week of October 21. This should bring a northerly circulation and below normal temperatures to the provinces west of the Great Lakes and keep the Atlantic provinces in a mild southerly air flow, with slightly above normal temperatures. Ontario and Quebec are forecast to be near normal for the same period.

Cumulative Rainfall October 1-14, 1991



Heavy rainfalls between October 8 and 14, along the northern part of the B.C. west coast, resulted in major flooding, isolating two communities. Amounts to-date have already surpassed the average for the whole month of October.



**Weekly normal temperatures (°C)**

	max.	min.
Whitehorse A	6.1	-1.3
Iqaluit A	-0.5	-5.9
Yellowknife A	3.2	-1.9
Vancouver Int'l A	14.5	7.7
Victoria Int'l A	15.0	6.6
Calgary Int'l A	13.6	0.0
Edmonton Int'l A	12.8	-0.9
Regina A	13.4	-0.2
Saskatoon A	13.0	-0.1
Winnipeg Int'l A	13.1	2.2
Ottawa Int'l A	14.0	4.2
Toronto (Pearson Int'l A)	15.7	4.7
Montréal Int'l A	14.2	5.0
Québec A	11.9	3.0
Fredericton A	13.9	2.8
Saint John A	13.0	4.1
Halifax (Shearwater)	14.2	6.4
Charlottetown A	13.0	5.2
Goose A	7.8	0.0
St John's A	11.8	4.5

**Weekly temperature and precipitation extremes**

	Maximum temperature (°C)	Minimum temperature (°C)	Heaviest precipitation (mm)
British Columbia	Hope A 27	Puntzi Mountain (aut) -8	Prince Rupert A 286
Yukon Territory	Watson Lake A 13	Komakuk Beach A -17	Watson Lake A 19
Northwest Territories	Fort Smith A 13	Alert -23	Fort Smith A 36
Alberta	Lethbridge A 30	Edson A -8	High Level A 9
Saskatchewan	Moose Jaw A 28	Collins Bay -10	Collins Bay 6
Manitoba	Dauphin A 22	Lynn Lake A -7	Churchill A 24
Ontario	Windsor A 23	Geraldton A -6	Britt (aut) 25
Québec	Sherbrooke A 20	Schefferville A -8	Sept-iles A 87
New Brunswick	Fredericton A 17	Fredericton A -2	Fredericton A 55
Nova Scotia	Greenwood A 20	Greenwood A -1	Sydney A 64
Prince Edward Island	Charlottetown A 18	Charlottetown A 2	Charlottetown A 25
Newfoundland	Daniel's Harbour 20	Churchill Falls A -3	Argentia A 119

**Across The Country...**

Highest Mean Temperature	Hope A (BC) 15
Lowest Mean Temperature	Eureka (NWT) -14

CLIMATIC PERSPECTIVES  
VOLUME 13

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ISBN 0225-5707 UDC 551.506.1(71)

**Climatic Perspectives** is a weekly publication (disponible aussi en français) of the Canadian Climate Centre, Atmospheric Environment Service, 4905 Dufferin St., Downsview, Ontario, Canada M3H 5T4

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The purpose of the publication is to make topical information available to the public concerning the Canadian Climate and its socio-economic impact.

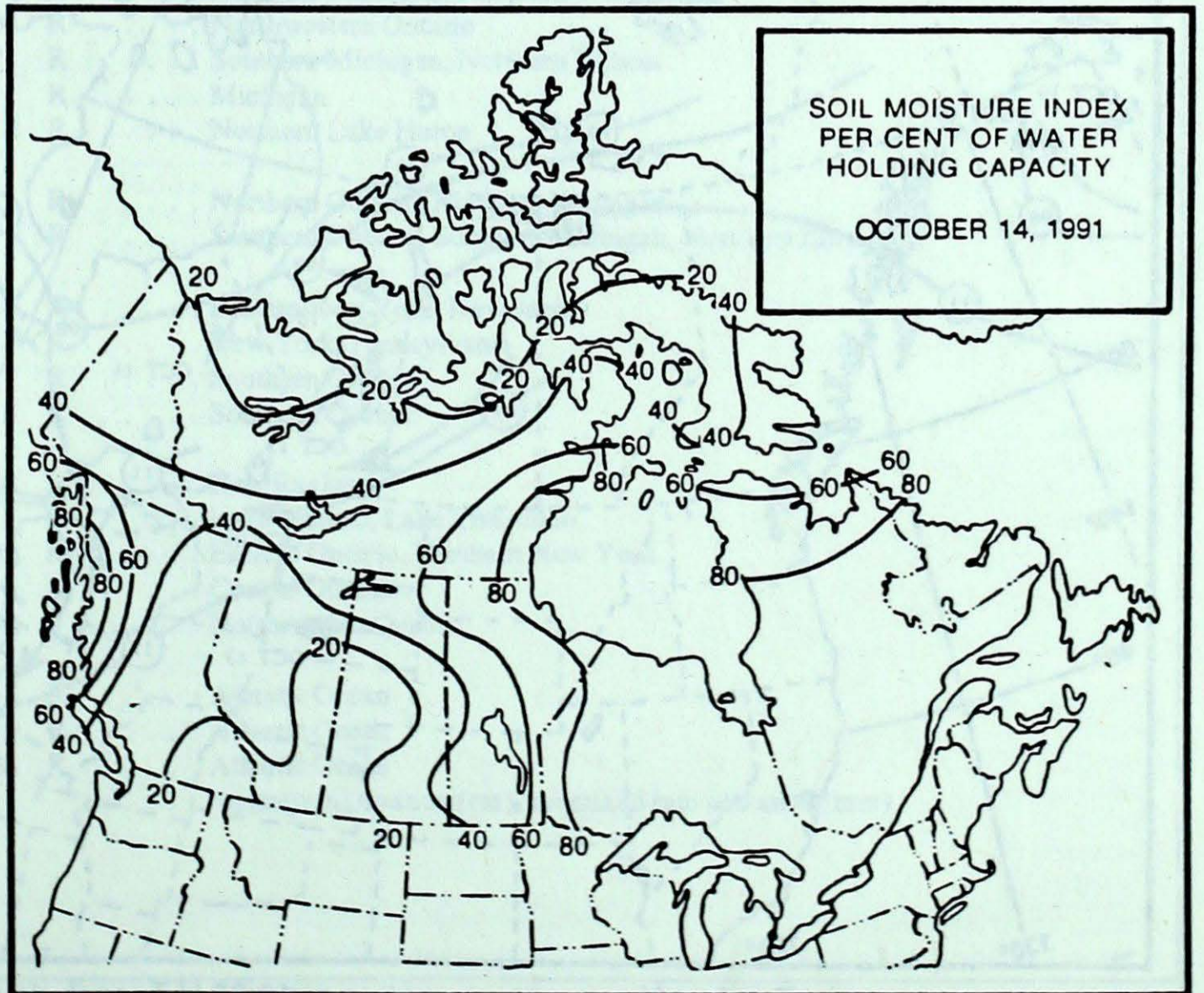
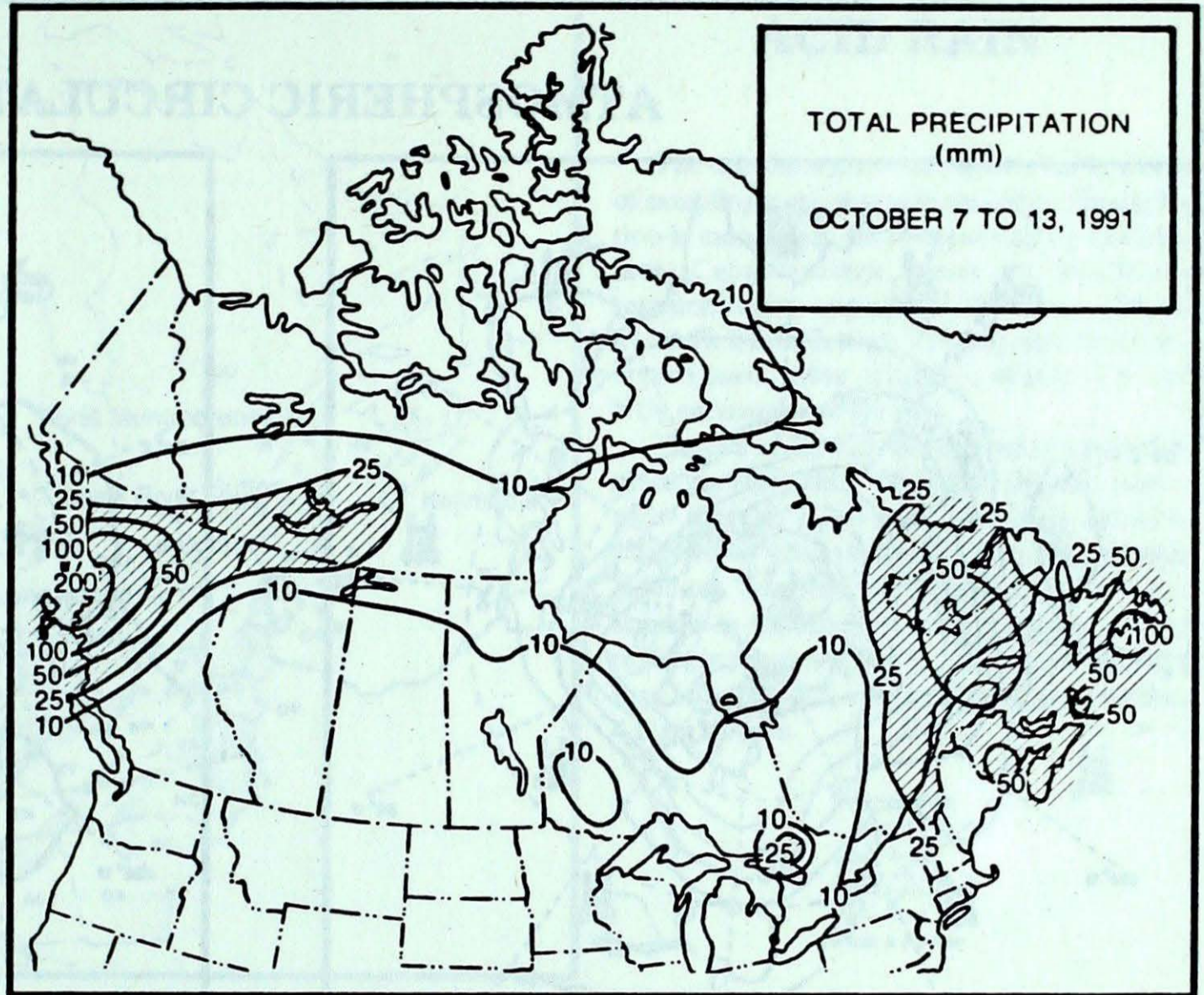
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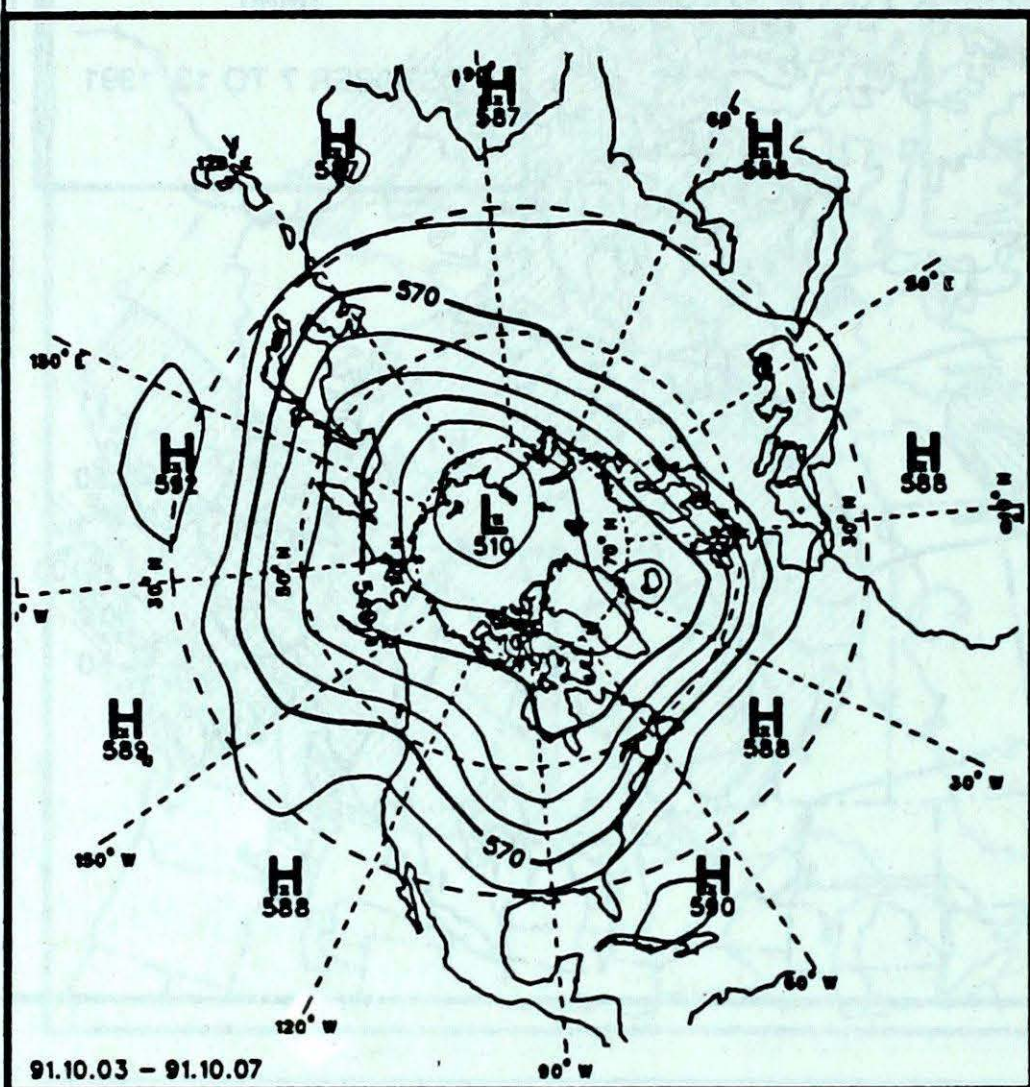
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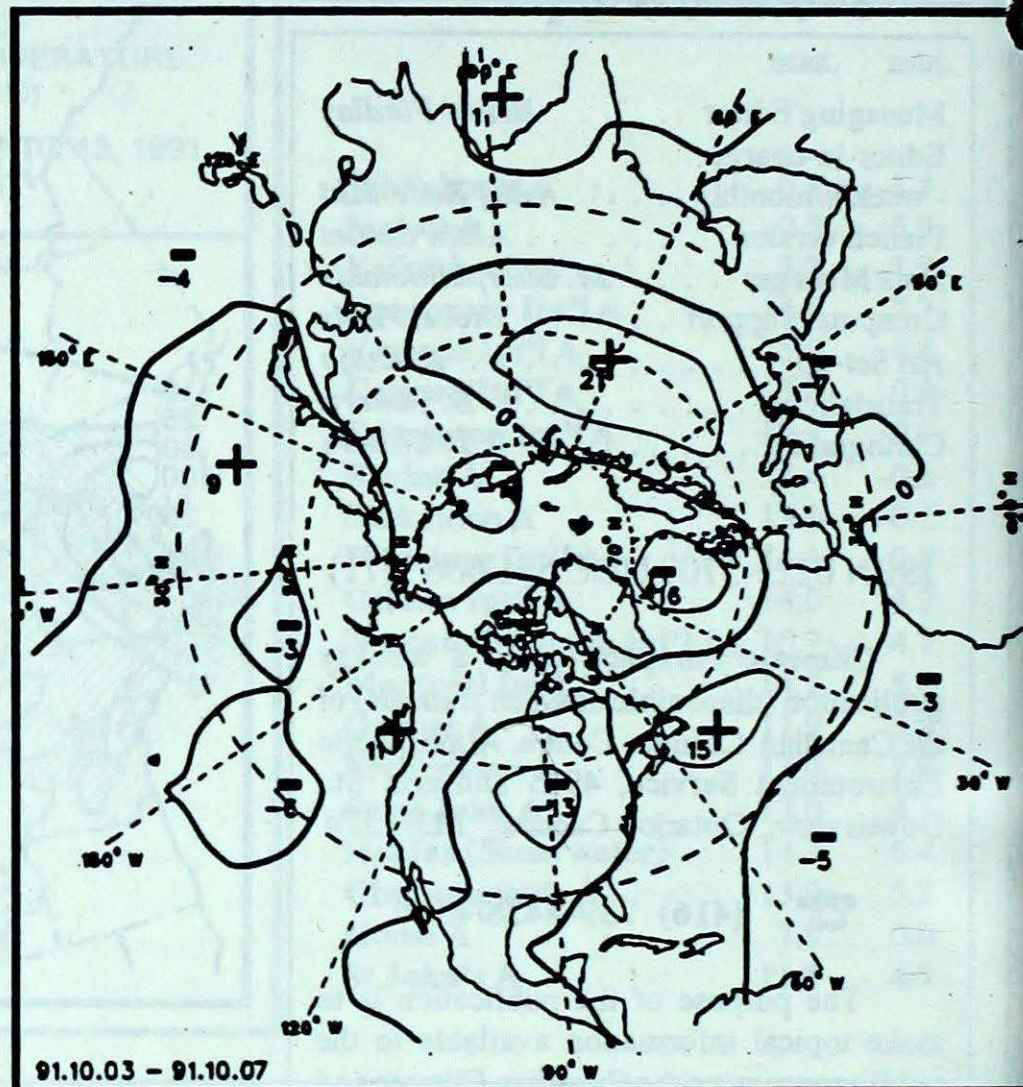
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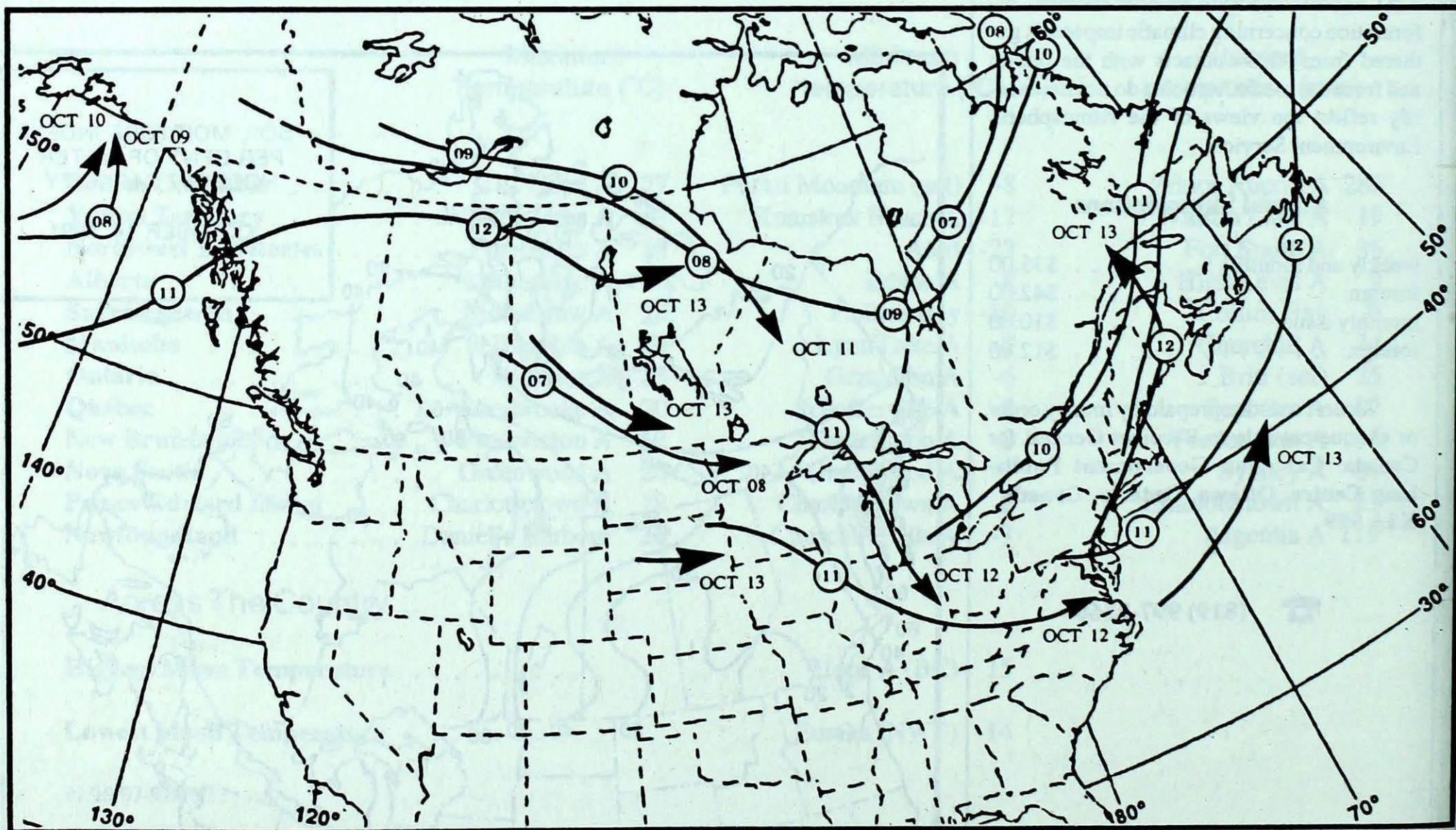
### ATMOSPHERIC CIRCULATION



Mean geopotential height  
50-kPa level (10-decametre intervals)



Mean geopotential height anomaly  
50-kPa level (10-decametre intervals)

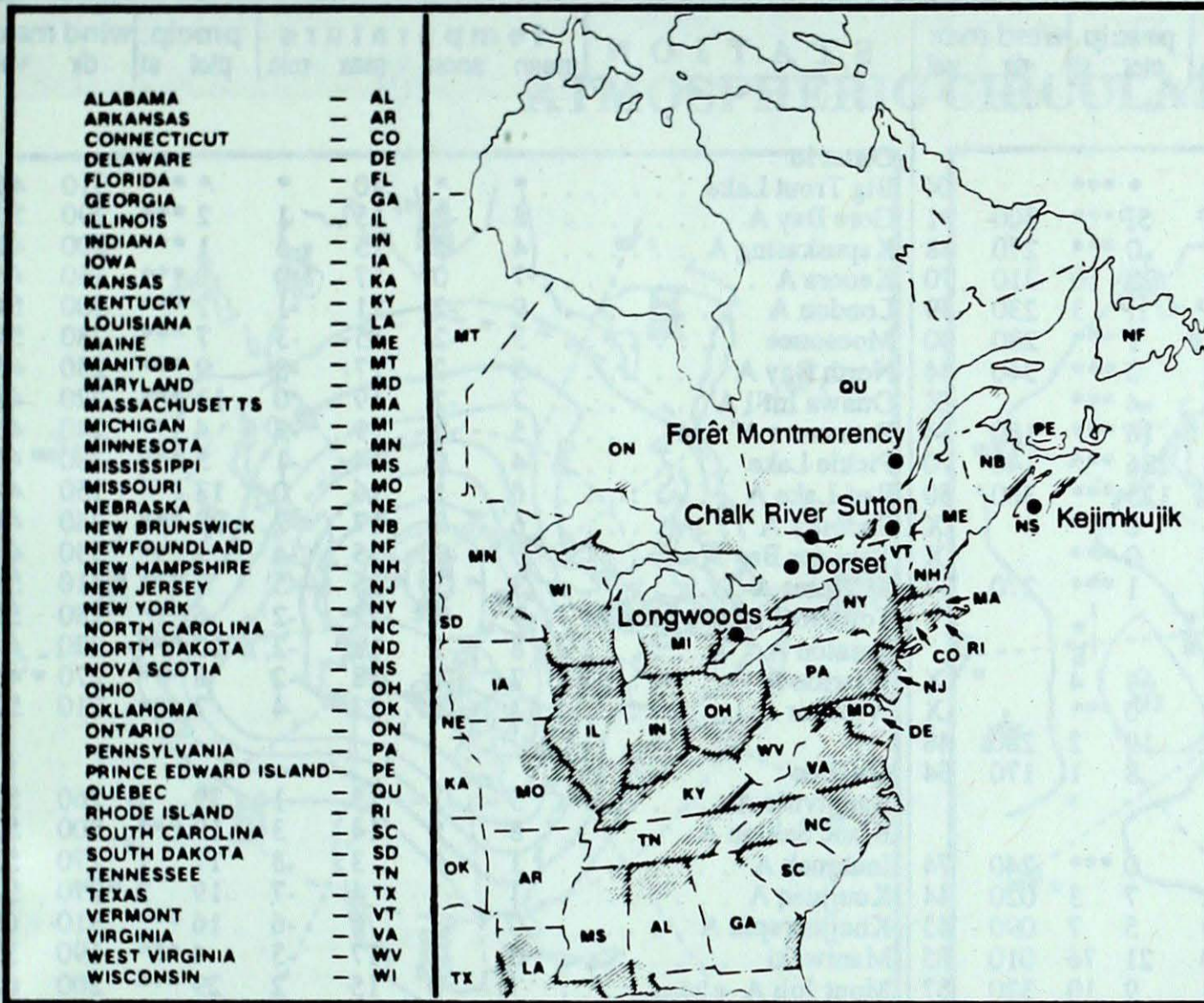
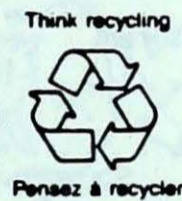


Tracks of low pressure centres at 12:00 U.T. each day during the period.

# ACID RAIN

The reference map (left) shows the locations of sampling sites, where the acidity of precipitation is monitored. All are operated by Environment Canada except Dorset (\*), which is a research station operated by the Ontario Ministry of the Environment. The map also shows the approximate areas (shaded), where SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> emissions are greatest.

The table below gives the weekly report summarizing the acidity (or pH) of the acid rain or snow that fell at the collection sites, and a description of the path travelled by the moisture laden air. Environmental damage to lakes and streams is usually observed in sensitive areas regularly receiving precipitation with pH readings less than 4.7, while pH readings less than 4.0 are serious.



**Site day pH amount air path to site** October 6 to 12, 1991

Site	day	pH	amount	air path to site
Longwoods				..... No precipitation this week
Dorset*	06	4.9	8 R	..... Northern Michigan, Northern Wisconsin
	07	4.7	2 R	..... Northwestern Ontario
	09	4.9	1 R	..... Southern Michigan, Northern Illinois
	10	4.7	1 R	..... Michigan
	11	4.2	2 R	..... Northern Lake Huron
Chalk River	08	4.7	1 R	..... Northern Ontario, Northern Michigan
	09	4.7	3 R	..... Southern Ontario, Southern Michigan, Northern Illinois
Sutton	06	4.6	10 R	..... Eastern New York, New Jersey
	10	4.3	14 R	..... New York, Pennsylvania
	11	4.7	11 R	..... Southern Quebec
	12	4.7	3 R	..... Southern Quebec
Montmorency	06	4.9	18 M	..... New England
	09	4.0	3 R	..... Lake Ontario, Lake Erie, Ohio
	10	4.1	12 M	..... Eastern Ontario, Northern New York
	11	4.7	5 S	..... Central Quebec
	12	5.8	10 S	..... Northeastern Quebec
Kejimikujik	06	4.8	8 R	..... Atlantic Ocean
	07	5.1	2 R	..... Atlantic Ocean
	11	4.8	13 R	..... Atlantic Ocean

..... r=rain(mm), s=snow(cm), m=mixed rain and snow(mm)

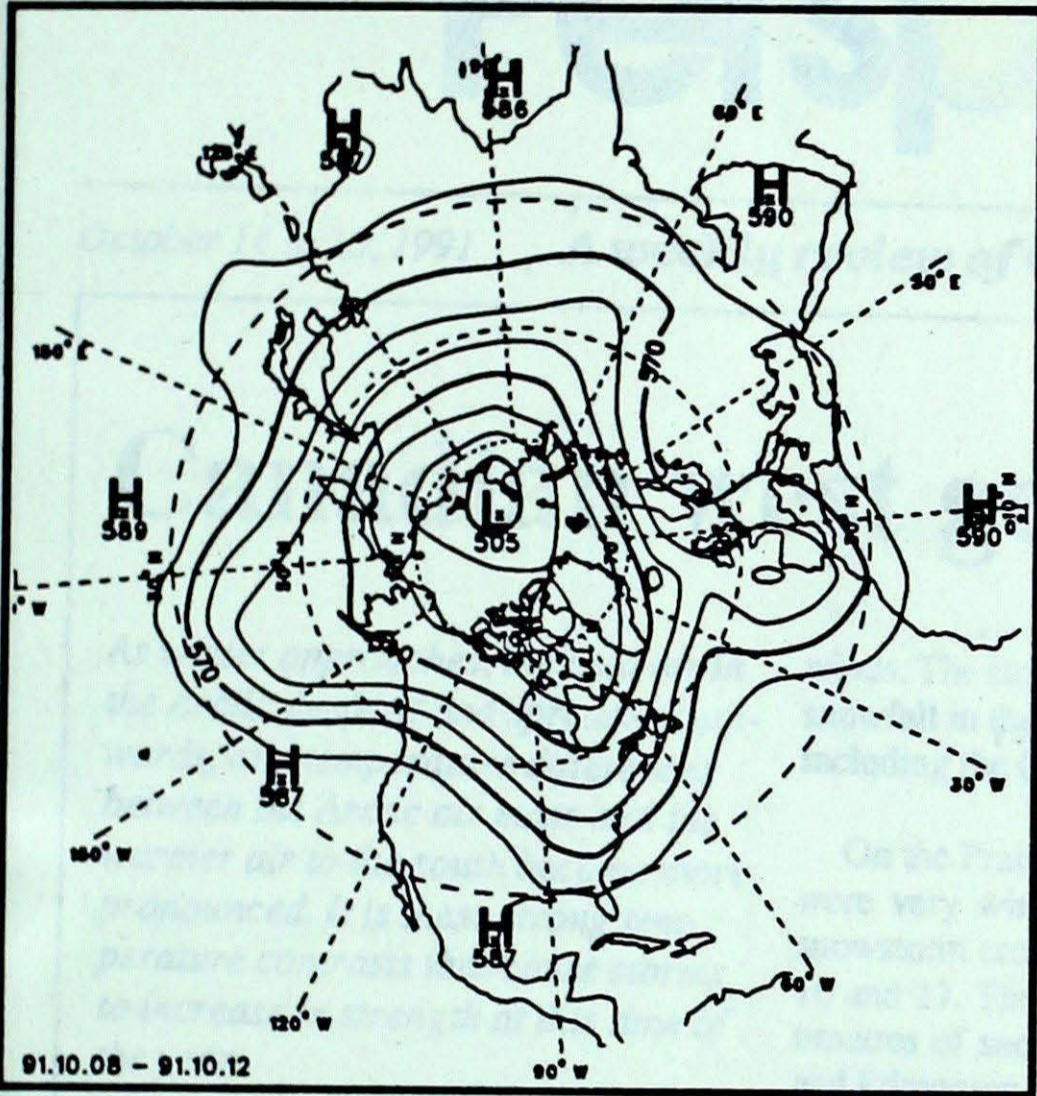
STATION	temperature				precip. ptot st	wind max		STATION	temperature				precip. ptot st	wind max	
	mean	anom	max	min		dir	vel		mean	anom	max	min		dir	vel
<b>British Columbia</b>								<b>Ontario</b>							
Blue River A	*	*	*	*	****		X	Big Trout Lake	*	*	10	*	****	310	46
Cape St James	13P	2P	16P	9P	5P****	300	91	Gore Bay A	8	-2	15	1	2***	290	56
Cranbrook A	11	4	24	-2	0***	270	48	Kapuskasing A	4	-2	15	-3	1***	300	41
Fort Nelson A	5	2	19	-8	28 10	310	70	Kenora A	7	0	17	0	9***	160	46
Fort St John A	8P	3P	22P	2P	1P 3	230	59	London A	9	-2	21	-1	1***	200	54
Kamloops A	12	2	26	1	1***	280	80	Moosonee	3	-2	15	-3	7***	280	54
Penticton A	13	3	24	3	0***	340	44	North Bay A	5	-2	17	-3	9***	250	43
Port Hardy A	11	2	19	3	4***		X	Ottawa Int'l A	7	-2	19	0	13***	220	48
Prince George A	9	3	24	-5	16***	180	54	Petawawa A	5	-2	19	-3	4***	240	43
Prince Rupert A	12	3	17	6	286***	140	70	Pickle Lake	4	0	14	-1	5***	180	41
Smithers A	8	2	20	-4	125***	360	50	Red Lake A	6	1	16	0	13***	150	44
Vancouver Int'l A	13	1	24	5	0***		X	Sudbury A	6	-2	17	-2	22***	240	41
Victoria Int'l A	13	2	23	5	0***		X	Thunder Bay A	5	-2	15	-4	1***	330	48
Williams Lake A	10	3	25	-4	1***	270	37	Timmins A	3	-3	15	-5	2***	310	56
<b>Yukon Territory</b>								<b>Quebec</b>							
Komakuk Beach A	-9	-2	5	-17	4 4		X	Bagotville A	5	-1	15	-1	39 1	260	57
Teslin (aut)	4	*	12	-3	0***		X	Blanc Sablon A	8	*	14	3	19***	200	52
Watson Lake A	4	2	13	-3	19 2	280	48	Inukjuak A	1	0	3	-3	11 1	170	52
Whitehorse A	3	0	11	-4	8 1	170	54	Kuujuuaq A	-1	-1	4	-7	19 2	270	57
<b>Northwest Territories</b>								<b>New Brunswick</b>							
Alert	-14	4	-7	-23	0***	240	74	Chatham A	*	*	*	*	****		X
Baker Lake A	-5	0	0	-12	7 3	020	44	Fredericton A	9	1	17	-2	55***	290	57
Cambridge Bay A	-8	0	-1	-19	5 7	090	43	Miscou Island (aut)	9P	1P	13P	5P	0P***		
Cape Dyer A	-8	-2	-2	-20	21 76	010	85	Moncton A	10	1	17	-1	34***	270	56
Clyde A	-6	-1	-1	-14	9 10	320	57	Saint John A	9	1	16	-1	47***	210	63
Coppermine A	-4	2	2	-16	7 11	080	52	<b>Nova Scotia</b>							
Coral Harbour A	-5	1	-1	-10	11 1	360	52	Greenwood A	11	2	20	-1	17***	270	57
Eureka	-14	4	-6	-22	1 6		X	Shearwater A	12	1	18	3	22***	210	41
Fort Smith A	3	0	13	-5	36 6	250	82	Sydney A	10	1	18	3	64***	100	69
Hall Beach A	-8	1	-2	-12	0 1	360	54	Yarmouth A	11	1	16	4	20***	220	52
Inuvik A	-6	-1	3	-15	19 13	320	52	<b>Prince Edward Island</b>							
Iqaluit A	-4	-1	2	-10	5 1	070	109	Charlottetown A	11	2	18	2	25***	150	44
Mould Bay A	*	*	*	*	****		X	East Point (auto)	9P	*	16P	5P	21P***		
Norman Wells A	-3	-1	5	-11	6 3	110	56	<b>Newfoundland</b>							
Resolute A	-12	1	-4	-19	1 5	030	59	Cartwright	7	3	17	2	20***	180	57
Yellowknife A	1	1	7	-6	23***	120	57	Churchill Falls A	2	1	9	-3	59 7	250	57
<b>Alberta</b>								<b>91/10/07-91/10/13</b>							
Calgary Int'l A	12	6	27	-4	0***	290	56	Gander Int'l A	10	3	18	3	59***	180	50
Cold Lake A	10	4	23	-2	0***	290	69	Goose A	6	2	16	1	36 1	250	61
Edmonton Namao A	10	5	24	-3	0***	280	76	Port Aux Basques	9P	1P	15P	3P	11P***	120	74
Fort McMurray A	9	4	20	-3	4***	270	67	St John's A	11	2	18	2	41***	190	83
High Level A	6	2	18	-3	9***	280	57	St Lawrence	10	2	17	2	84***		X
Jasper	10	4	25	-4	2***		X	Wabush Lake A	2	1	10	-3	43 17	040	56
Lethbridge A	15	6	30	0	0***	250	69								
Medicine Hat A	14	5	28	-1	0***	250	63								
Peace River A	9	5	21	-6	4***	260	78								
<b>Saskatchewan</b>															
Cree Lake	6	4	15	-6	0 1	280	65								
Estevan A	11	4	26	-2	0***	310	78								
La Ronge A	7	4	20	-3	2***	300	56								
Regina A	11	5	26	-4	0***	310	89								
Saskatoon A	11	4	24	-5	0***	300	54								
Swift Current A	12	5	27	-3	0***	310	65								
Yorkton A	10	4	21	0	0***	330	67								
<b>Manitoba</b>															
Brandon A	9	3	22	-5	0***	300	78								
Churchill A	1	0	4	-5	24***	350	87								
Lynn Lake A	4	4	13	-7	9***	340	65								
The Pas A	7	2	18	-1	2***	340	76								
Thompson A	4	4	15	-5	14***	330	41								
Winnipeg Int'l A	8	0	18	-3	8***	300	72								

mean = mean weekly temperature, °C  
 max = maximum weekly temperature, °C  
 min = minimum weekly temperature, °C  
 anom = mean temperature anomaly, °C

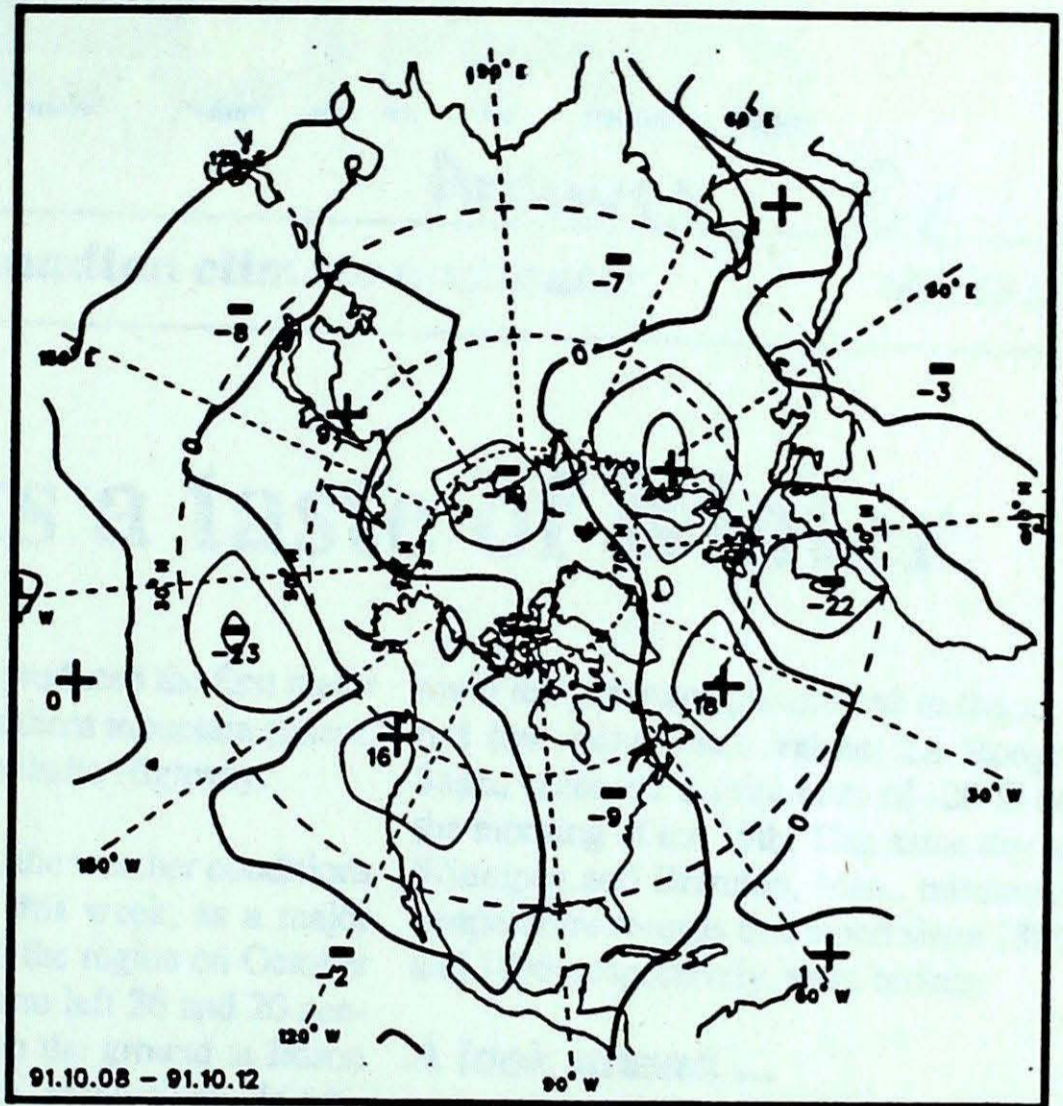
ptot = weekly precipitation total in mm  
 st = snow thickness on the ground in cm  
 dir = direction of max wind, deg. from north.  
 vel = wind speed in km/h

— Annotations —  
 X = no observation  
 P = less than 7 days of data  
 \* = missing data when going to printing.

### ATMOSPHERIC CIRCULATION



Mean geopotential height  
50-kPa level (10-decametre intervals)



Mean geopotential height anomaly  
50-kPa level (10-decametre intervals)



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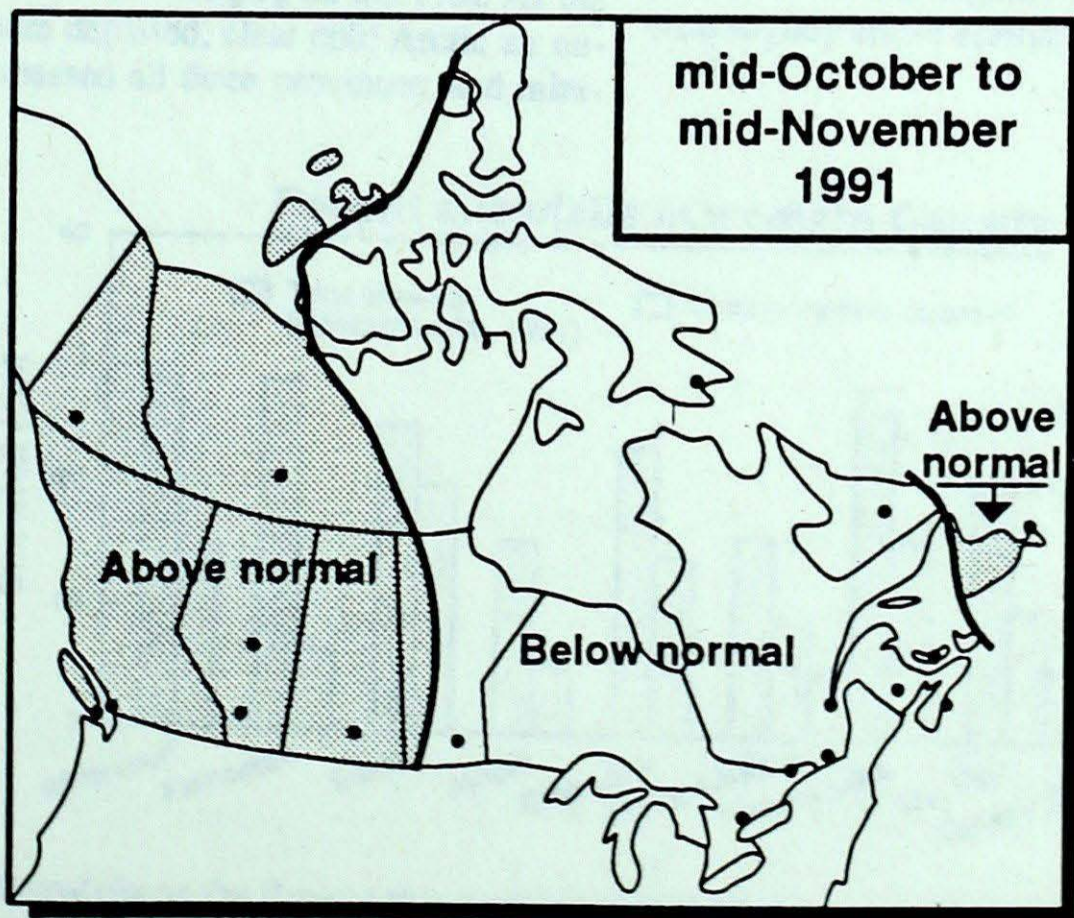
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### MONTHLY TEMPERATURE FORECAST

*Normal temperatures for  
mid-October to mid-November, °C*

Whitehorse	-4	Toronto	6
Yellowknife	-8	Ottawa	5
Iqaluit	-9	Montréal	5
Vancouver	8	Québec	3
Victoria	8	Fredericton	4
Calgary	1	Halifax	7
Edmonton	0	Charlottetown	6
Regina	0	Goose Bay	1
Winnipeg	1	St. John's	5

mid-October to  
mid-November  
1991



Canada