

Climatic Perspectives

Archives Ref. 1

December 9 to 15, 1991

A weekly review of Canadian climate and water

Vol. 13 No 50

Fierce winds lashed the West Coast.

Although the British Columbia coast recorded the strongest winds this week, other parts of the country were also affected by blustery winter weather.

For most of the week the British Columbia coast was under the influence of a strong westerly flow, which was associated with a series of Pacific frontal systems. Sustained wind speeds of 75-85 km/h, with gusts to 100 km/h, were common. The highest gust, 115 km/h, was reported on December 11 at McInnes Island, which is situated along B.C.'s north coast. At Vancouver Airport, a gust of 100 km/h tied the record maximum gust for December, set in 1957. The highest gust ever, 129 km/h, was set in November 1957. The wind storm over southern B.C. on the December 12, ripped off roof shingles, pushed over heavy machinery and left thousands of homes without power. Also, ferry schedules were disrupted for a 5 hour period.

Although these winds have been reported in the past, this fall/winter season has seen a higher number of events than normal, and considerably more than last 10-15 year average.

In Ontario, after a week of balmy, dry weather, a cold front barreled through on December 14, producing storm-force winds, as well as snow squalls and blowing

snow. Winds along the Lake Ontario and Erie shorelines hit 100-110 km/h, producing 5 to 6 metre high waves. Several highways were closed in the Lake Huron-Georgian Bay snowbelt, as 10-30 cm of snow were blown about by the wind. A return to the colder, more seasonal weather regime, will allow ski resorts operators to make much needed snow for the upcoming Christmas holidays.

In Nova Scotia and Newfoundland, colder temperatures and storm-force winds were also reported. For example, Grand Etang, N.S., had gusts up to 100 km/h, while Sagona Island, Nfld., recorded speeds as high as 107 km/h.

The weather across the Arctic was just as severe, as numerous weather advisories

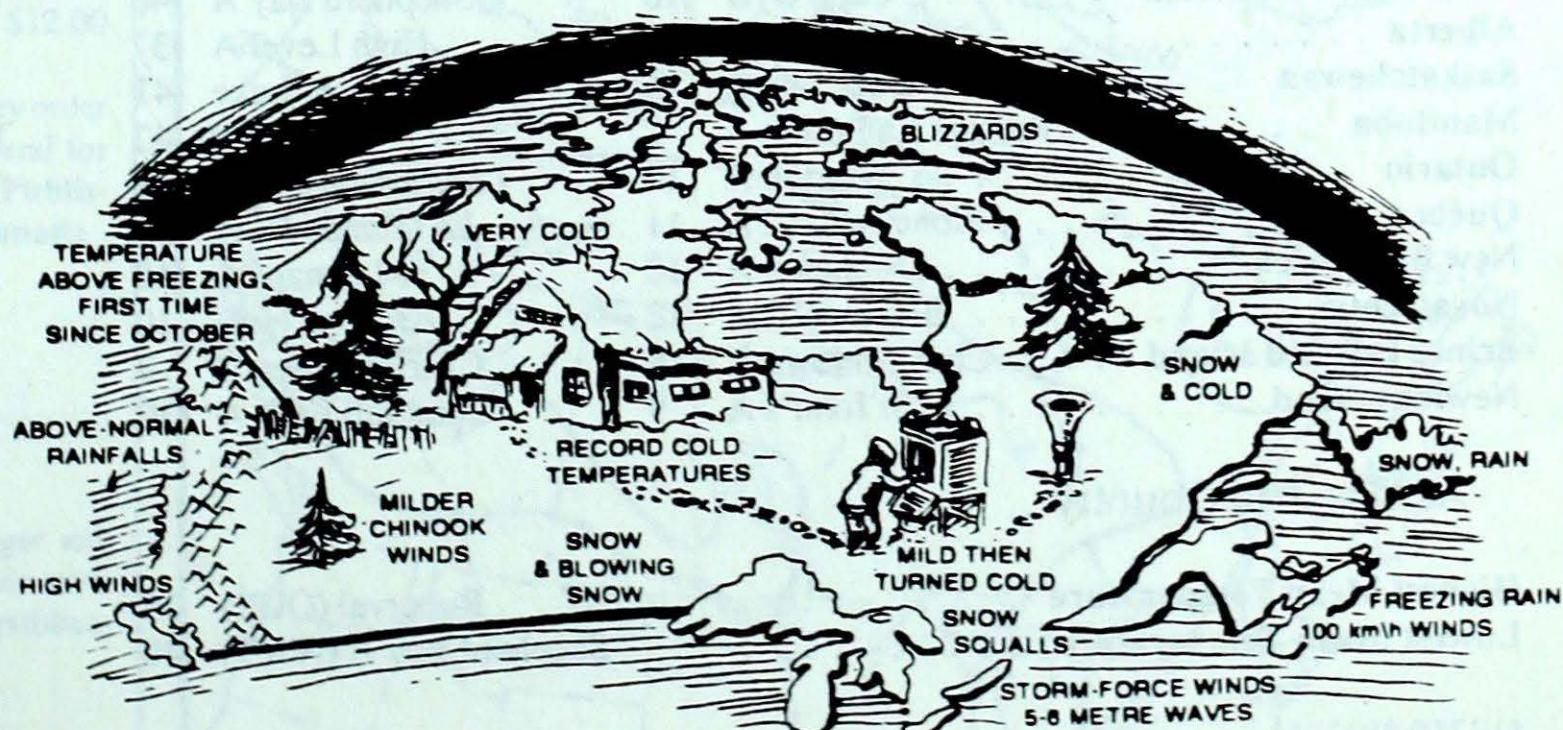
and warning were issued, mainly due to the cold, winds and blizzard conditions.

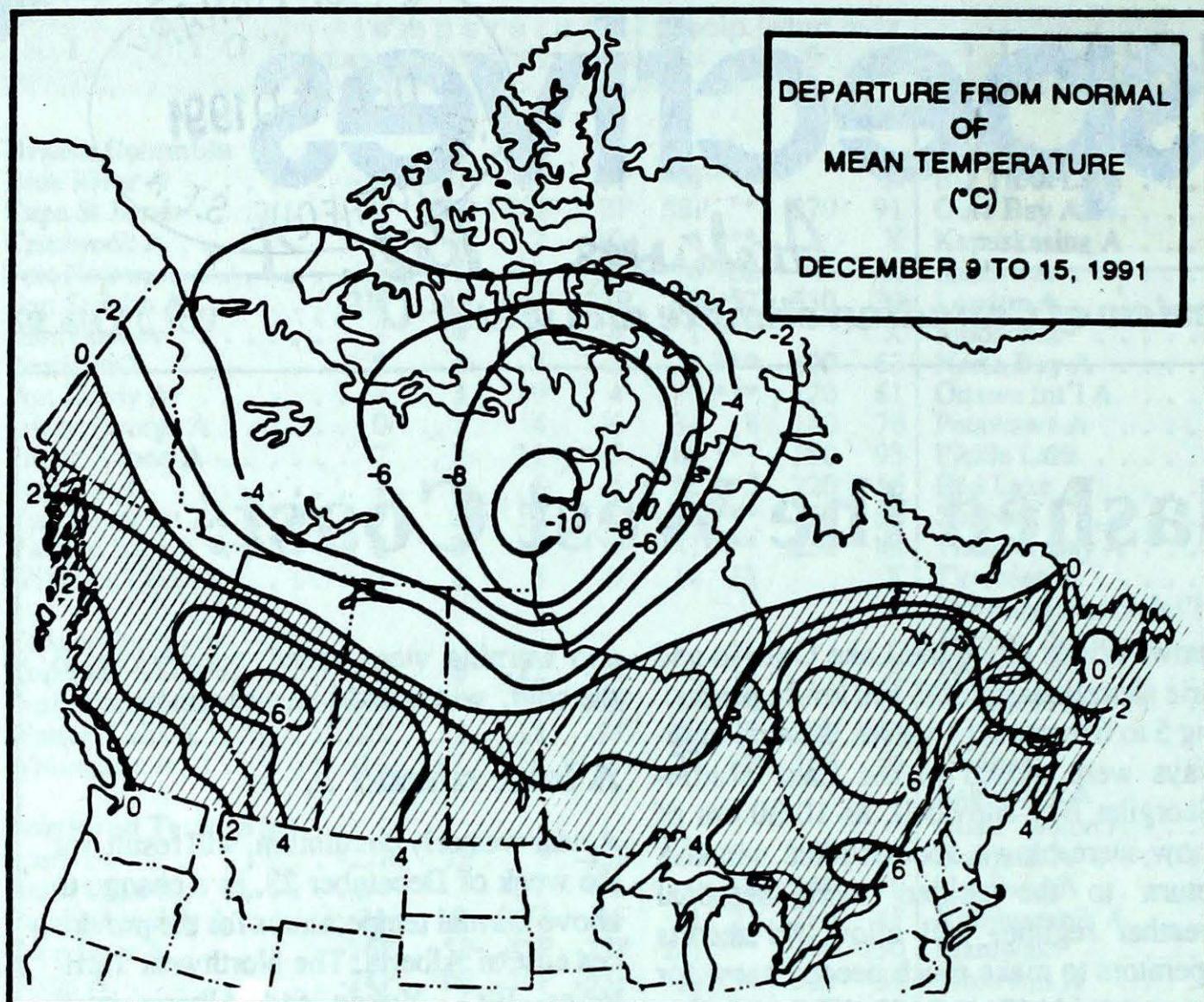
A look ahead ...

A near westerly circulation, will result, for the week of December 23, in a change to above normal temperatures for the provinces east of Alberta. The Northwest Territories, B.C., Yukon and Alberta itself should endure below normal readings.

The staff of *Climatic Perspectives* would like to wish all our readers the very best for the holiday period. As usual *Climatic Perspectives* will not be published during the holiday, but all maps and tables will be included in the New Year edition.

SEASON'S GREETINGS FROM CCC





Weekly normal temperatures (°C)

	max.	min.
Whitehorse A	-12.2	-20.3
Iqaluit A	-18.7	-26.4
Yellowknife A	-19.6	-27.4
Vancouver Int'l A	7.0	1.4
Victoria Int'l A	7.5	1.4
Calgary Int'l A	-0.9	-13.5
Edmonton Int'l A	-7.3	-18.8
Regina A	-7.5	-18.2
Saskatoon A	-9.0	-19.2
Winnipeg Int'l A	-9.9	-19.1
Ottawa Int'l A	-2.9	-11.0
Toronto (Pearson Int'l A)	0.7	-6.4
Montréal Int'l A	-2.1	-9.8
Québec A	-4.4	-12.5
Fredericton A	-1.2	-10.3
Saint John A	0.7	-8.3
Halifax (Shearwater)	2.8	-4.9
Charlottetown A	0.4	-6.9
Goose A	-10.2	-18.0
St John's A	1.8	-4.6

Weekly temperature and precipitation extremes

	Maximum temperature (°C)	Minimum temperature (°C)	Heaviest precipitation (mm)
British Columbia	Abbotsford A 10	Fort Nelson A -33	Prince Rupert A 120
.	Penticton A 10		
.	Victoria Int'l A 10		
Yukon Territory	Whitehorse A 1	Shingle Point A -39	Watson Lake A 4
Northwest Territories	Cape Dyer -10	Shepherd Bay A -46	Cape Dyer A 46
Alberta	Whitecourt A 10	High Level A -37	High Level A 15
Saskatchewan	Moose Jaw A 5	Cree Lake -41	Regina A 10
Manitoba	Portage La Prairie A 2	Gillam A -42	Portage La Prairie A 15
Ontario	Wiarton A 14	Lansdowne House -38	Gore Bay A 37
Québec	Montréal Int'l A 11	La Grande IV A -36	Québec A 40
New Brunswick	Moncton A 10	St-Léonard A -18	Saint John A 27
Nova Scotia	Greenwood A 12	Amherst (aut) -10	Yarmouth A 43
Prince Edward Island	Charlottetown A 8	Charlottetown A -9	Charlottetown A 16
Newfoundland	St John's A 9	Churchill Falls A -30	St Anthony 49

Across The Country...

Highest Mean Temperature	Roberval (QUÉ) 15
Lowest Mean Temperature	Shepherd Bay A (NWT) -40

CLIMATIC PERSPECTIVES
VOLUME 13

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The data in this publication are based on unverified reports from approximately 225 Canadian synoptic weather stations. Information concerning climatic impacts is gathered from AES contacts with the public and from the media. Articles do not necessarily reflect the views of the Atmospheric Environment Service.

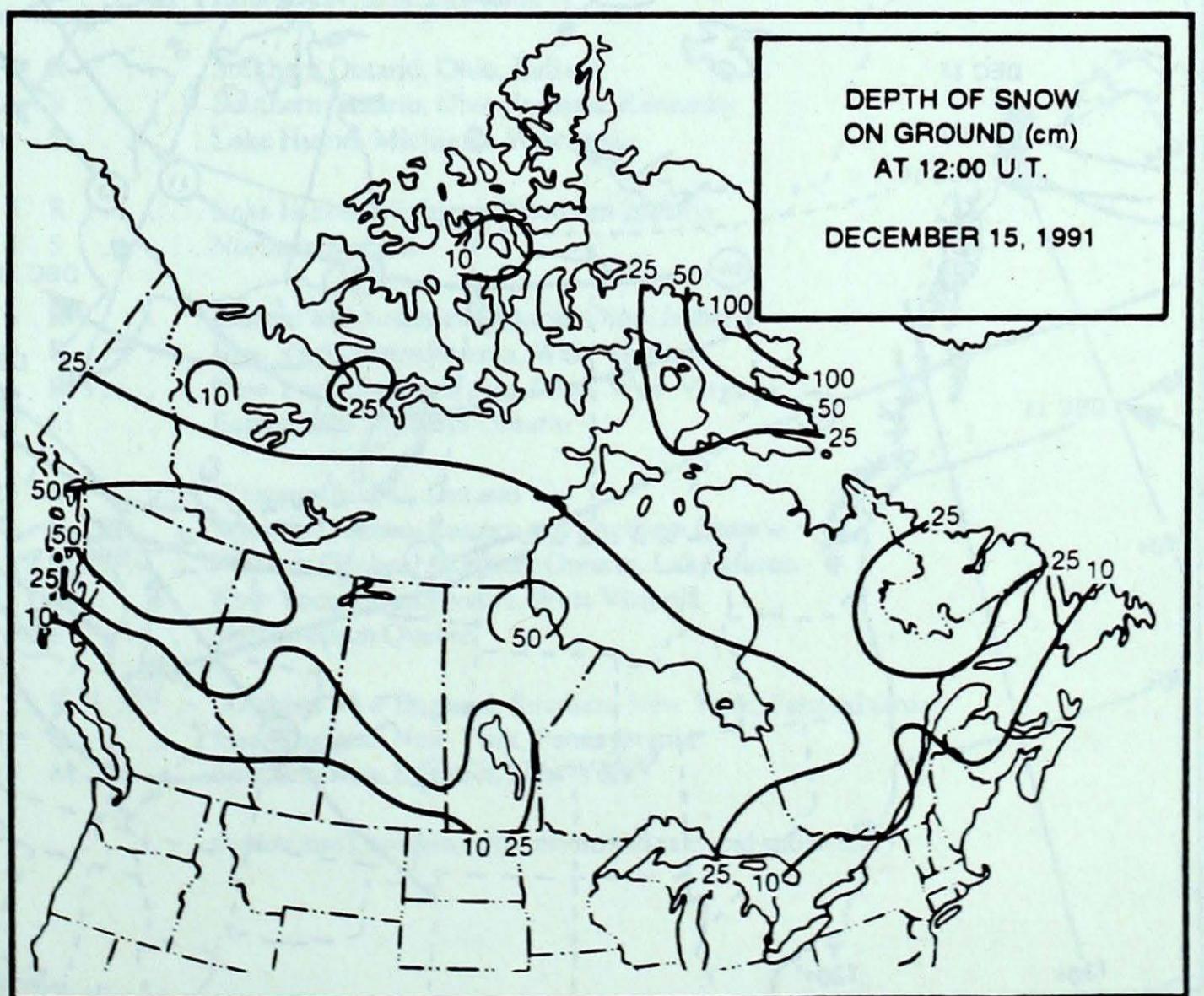
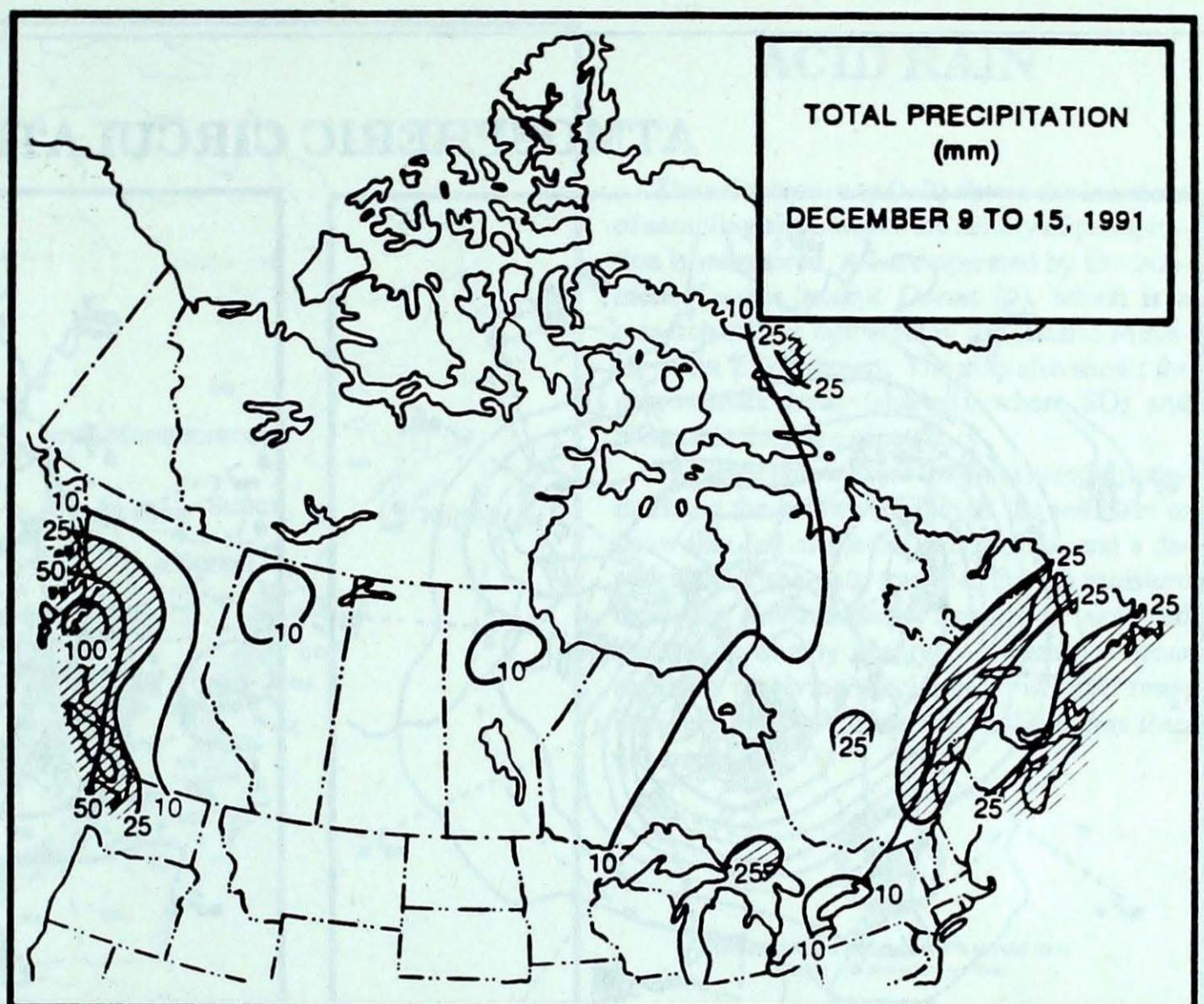
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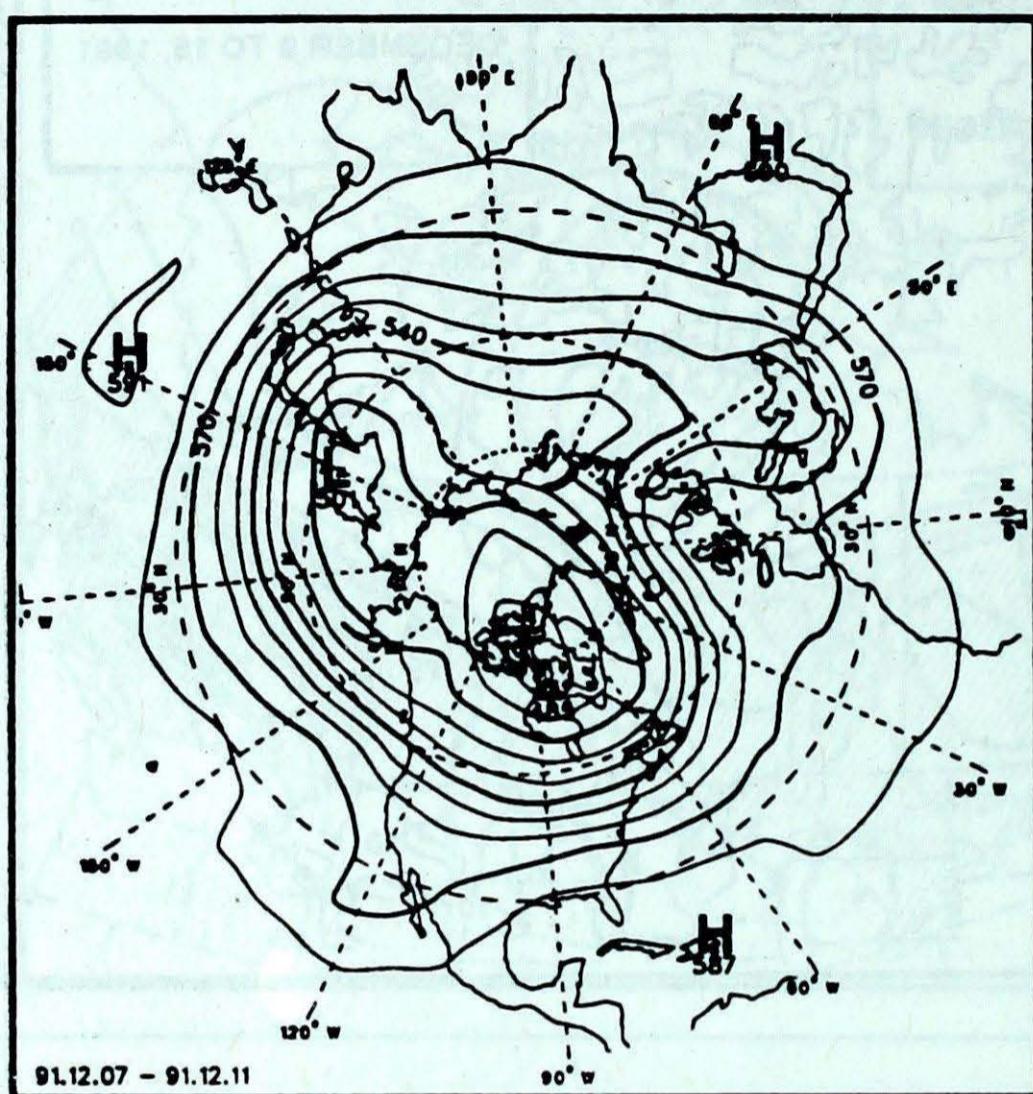
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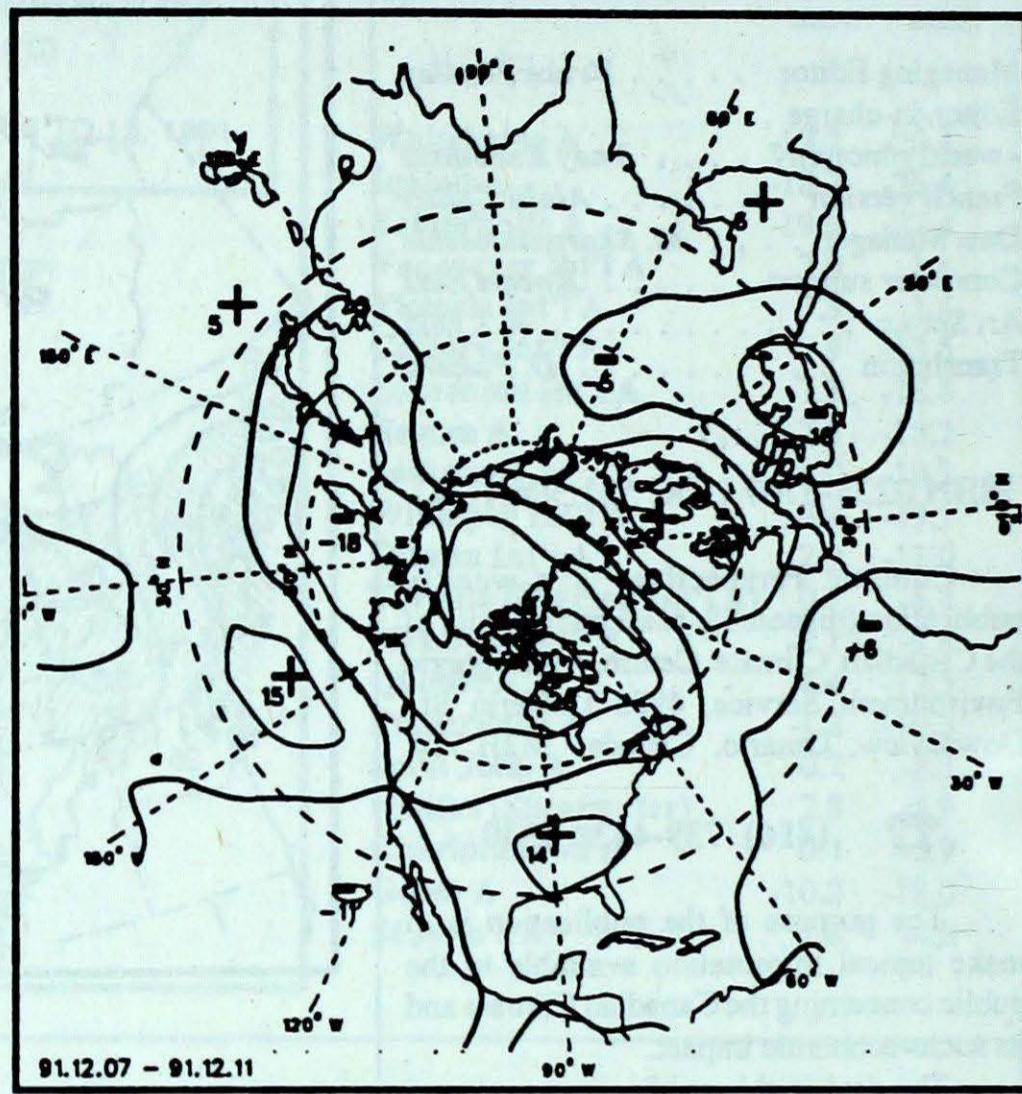
We would like to thank Joan Badger and Krystyna Czaja for their cartographic assistance in ensuring that this week's publication went to press on time.



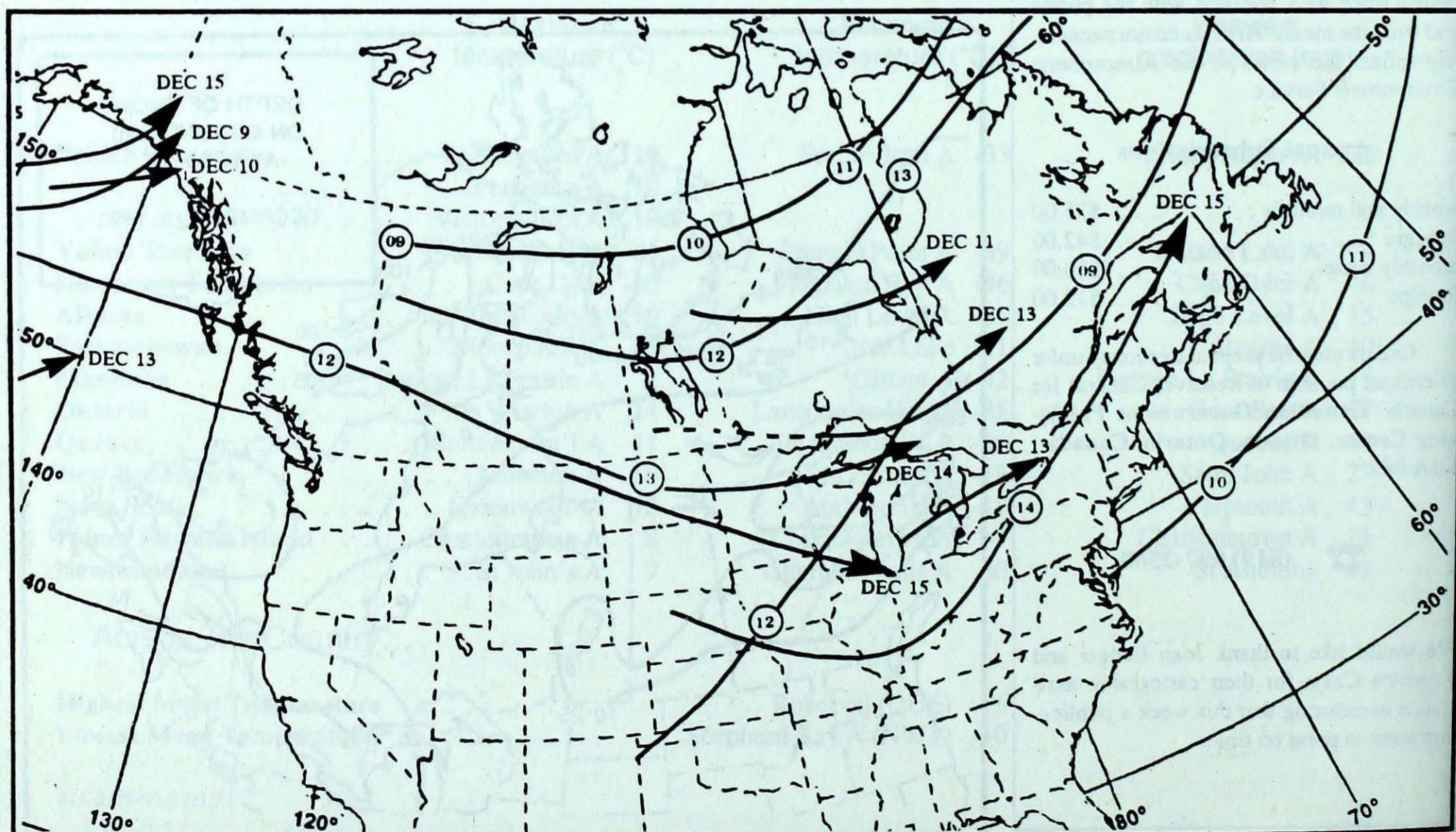
ATMOSPHERIC CIRCULATION



Mean geopotential height
50-kPa level (10-decametre intervals)

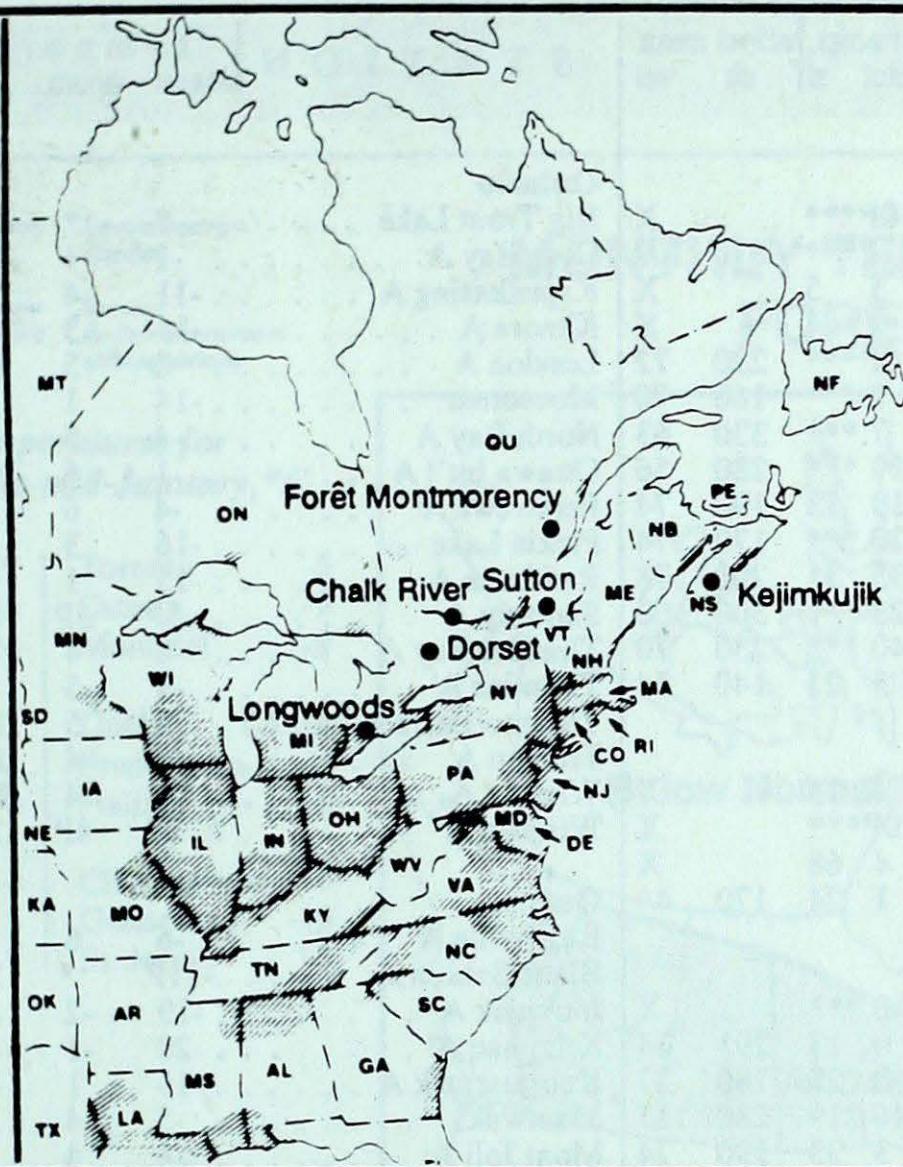


Mean geopotential height anomaly
50-kPa level (10-decametre intervals)



ALABAMA
ARKANSAS
CONNECTICUT
DELAWARE
FLORIDA
GEORGIA
ILLINOIS
INDIANA
IOWA
KANSAS
KENTUCKY
LOUISIANA
MAINE
MANITOBA
MARYLAND
MASSACHUSETTS
MICHIGAN
MINNESOTA
MISSISSIPPI
MISSOURI
NEBRASKA
NEW BRUNSWICK
NEWFOUNDLAND
NEW HAMPSHIRE
NEW JERSEY
NEW YORK
NORTH CAROLINA
NORTH DAKOTA
NOVA SCOTIA
OHIO
OKLAHOMA
ONTARIO
PENNSYLVANIA
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND
QUEBEC
RHODE ISLAND
SOUTH CAROLINA
SOUTH DAKOTA
TENNESSEE
TEXAS
VERMONT
VIRGINIA
WEST VIRGINIA
WISCONSIN

— AL
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— NJ
— NY
— NC
— ND
— NS
— OH
— OK
— ON
— PA
— PE
— QU
— RI
— SC
— SD
— TN
— TX
— VT
— VA
— WV
— WI



ACID RAIN

The reference map (left) shows the locations of sampling sites, where the acidity of precipitation is monitored. All are operated by Environment Canada except Dorset (*), which is a research station operated by the Ontario Ministry of the Environment. The map also shows the approximate areas (shaded), where SO₂ and NO_x emissions are greatest.

The table below gives the weekly report summarizing the acidity (or pH) of the acid rain or snow that fell at the collection sites, and a description of the path travelled by the moisture laden air. Environmental damage to lakes and streams is usually observed in sensitive areas regularly receiving precipitation with pH readings less than 4.7, while pH readings less than 4.0 are serious.



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Site	day	pH	amount	air path to site
Longwoods			 Data not available this week
Dorset*	08	4.2	8 R	..... Southern Ontario, Ohio, Indiana
	12	4.1	16 R	..... Southern Ontario, Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky
	12	4.5	11 S	..... Lake Huron, Michigan, Wisconsin
Chalk River	08	3.9	4 R	..... Lake Huron, Michigan, Northern Indiana
	14	4.4	4 S	..... Northern Ontario
Sutton	08	4.0	6 R	..... Eastern and Southern Ontario, Ohio, Indiana
	12	4.1	9 R	..... New York, Pennsylvania, West Virginia
	13	4.1	3 R	..... New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia
	14	4.2	10 M	..... Eastern and Southern Ontario
Montmorency	08	4.4	24 M	..... Western Quebec, Ontario
	10	4.2	4 S	..... Western Quebec, Eastern and Southern Ontario
	11	4.3	2 S	..... Western Quebec, Northern Ontario, Lake Huron
	12	4.3	13 M	..... New York, Pennsylvania, West Virginia
	14	5.0	9 S	..... Northwestern Quebec
Kejimkujik	09	3.7	2 R	..... Southern New England, Southern New York, Pennsylvania
	13	4.2	11 R	..... New England, New York, Pennsylvania
	14	4.3	19 M	..... Southern New England, New York

December 8 to 14, 1991

..... r=rain(mm), s=snow(cm), m=mixed rain and snow(mm)

STATION	temperature	precip.	wind	max	STATION	temperature	precip.	wind	max
	[mean anom max min]	[ptot st]	[dir]	[vel]		[mean anom max min]	[ptot st]	[dir]	[vel]
British Columbia									
Blue River A	-4P	4P	5P	-11P	OP***	X			
Cape St James	7P	1P	9P	4P	21P***	310	109		
Cranbrook A	-5	1	5	-17	5 5	X			
Fort Nelson A	-21	0	1	-33	1 64	X			
Fort St John A	-4P	9P	5P	-16P	OP***	220	72		
Kamloops A	0	3	10	-8	2 ***	160	70		
Penticton A	1	1	10	-9	7 ***	330	63		
Port Hardy A	4	0	8	-1	99 ***	280	56		
Prince George A	-3	4	3	-14	13 13	190	74		
Prince Rupert A	4	2	10	0	120 ***	170	74		
Smithers A	-4	3	9	-12	35 31	200	78		
Vancouver Int'l A	4	-1	9	-5	22 ***	300	100		
Victoria Int'l A	4	-1	10	-3	40 ***	250	70		
Williams Lake A	-6	0	2	-18	5 21	140	54		
Yukon Territory									
Komakuk Beach A	-27P	-4P	-11P	-38P	OP 14	X			
Teslin (aut)	-15P	*	-1P	-29P	OP***	X			
Watson Lake A	-24	-1	-15	-37	4 68	X			
Whitehorse A	-15	1	1	-33	1 24	170	44		
Northwest Territories									
Alert	-34	-3	-29	-38	0 ***	X			
Baker Lake A	-38	-11	-33	-44	0 13	291	44		
Cambridge Bay A	-35	-7	-22	-41	0 20	180	37		
Cape Dyer A	-21	0	-10	-35	46 219	280	115		
Clyde A	-28	-4	-20	-35	3 33	190	74		
Coppermine A	-31	-2	-17	-40	0 21	210	70		
Coral Harbour A	-35	-9	-27	-41	0 19	330	52		
Eureka	-38	-2	-28	-43	0 16	X			
Fort Smith A	-25	-4	-8	-36	4 46	160	44		
Hall Beach A	-36	-8	-29	-41	0 16	320	44		
Inuvik A	-31	-4	-11	-41	0 23	180	46		
Iqaluit A	-25	-2	-13	-41	7 15	321	89		
Mould Bay A	-33	-2	-22	-45	1 15	X			
Norman Wells A	-30	-4	-18	-42	2 6	290	52		
Resolute A	-32	-3	-23	-39	0 6	190	56		
Yellowknife A	-28	-5	-14	-35	5 31	320	59		
Alberta									
Calgary Int'l A	-2	5	9	-15	1 1	270	93		
Cold Lake A	-11	3	5	-27	5 16	340	46		
Edmonton Namao A	-5	7	6	-15	2 15	310	52		
Fort McMurray A	-16	1	2	-33	6 31	270	50		
High Level A	-23	0	1	-37	15 45	270	46		
Jasper	-4	4	4	-15	7 22	X			
Lethbridge A	-1	4	8	-11	1 1	250	63		
Medicine Hat A	-2	5	9	-10	2 1	240	65		
Peace River A	-11	4	5	-26	4 53	270	76		
Saskatchewan									
Cree Lake	-24	0	-6	-41	6 31	320	32		
Estevan A	-7	4	4	-25	8 5	300	87		
La Ronge A	-18	1	-1	-34	6 40	260	50		
Regina A	-9	4	3	-24	10 14	290	70		
Saskatoon A	-10	4	-1	-23	5 25	300	52		
Swift Current A	-6	4	4	-15	2 5	180	52		
Yorkton A	-12	3	-1	-32	9 46	310	46		
Manitoba									
Brandon A	-12	3	1	-34	12 21	040	65		
Churchill A	-30	-8	-18	-41	4 59	350	39		
Lynn Lake A	-27P	-2P	-12P	-41P	6P 40	320	37		
The Pas A	-19	-1	-2	-34	2 25	280	54		
Thompson A	-27	-4	-12	-41	14 32	310	39		
Winnipeg Int'l A	-11	3	1	-31	10 24	030	78		
Ontario									
Big Trout Lake	*	*	*	*	*	24	300	52	
Gore Bay A	*	-1	4	9	-17	37	11	180	89
Kapuskasing A	*	-11	4	2	-30	17	57	270	46
Kenora A	*	-11	3	1	-30	7	31	300	44
London A	*	2	5	13	-8	16	1	270	93
Moosonee	*	-14	1	2	-34	10	40	270	56
North Bay A	*	-4	5	8	-21	21	11	140	44
Ottawa Int'l A	*	-1	6	10	-15	17	14	200	56
Petawawa A	*	-4	6	9	-18	10	7	310	46
Pickle Lake	*	-16	3	0	-30	4	28	210	33
Red Lake A	*	-15	1	0	-32	8	29	290	41
Sudbury A	*	-5P	5P	6P	-22P	18P	8	180	52
Thunder Bay A	*	-8	4	6	-25	11	35	080	44
Timmins A	*	-9	5	2	-27	14	21	191	44
Toronto (Pearson Int'l A)	*	2	5	13	-11	4	1	260	74
Trenton A	*	0	4	12	-11	9	3	240	93
Wiarton A	*	0	4	14	-12	16	3	250	74
Windsor A	*	2P	4P	13P	-10P	4P	1	270	72
Québec									
Bagotville A	*	-6	6	8	-21	17	9	290	57
Blanc Sablon A	*	-11P	2P	-25P	38P	11	340	87	
Inukjuak A	*	-19	-2	-9	-28	4	8	020	59
Kuujjuaq A	*	-20	-1	-6	-29	11	15	280	63
Kuujjuarapik A	*	-15	1	-1	-26	11	16	250	78
Maniwaki	*	-5	4	9	-20	11	10	180	41
Mont Joli A	*	-4	4	8	-16	22	10	170	78
Montréal Int'l A	*	-1	5	11	-16	18	5	230	69
Natashquan A	*	-10	0	2	-25	31	10	170	65
Québec A	*	-4	5	5	-14	40	14	270	41
Schefferville A	*	-19	1	0	-30	14	41	280	78
Sept-Îles A	*	-9	2	2	-21	38	33	350	46
Sherbrooke A	*	-2	5	9	-15	23	6	250	67
Val-d'Or A	*	-8	5	5	-22	19	15	200	48
New Brunswick									
Chatham A	*	*	*	*	*	*	***	X	
Fredericton A	*	-2	4	9					

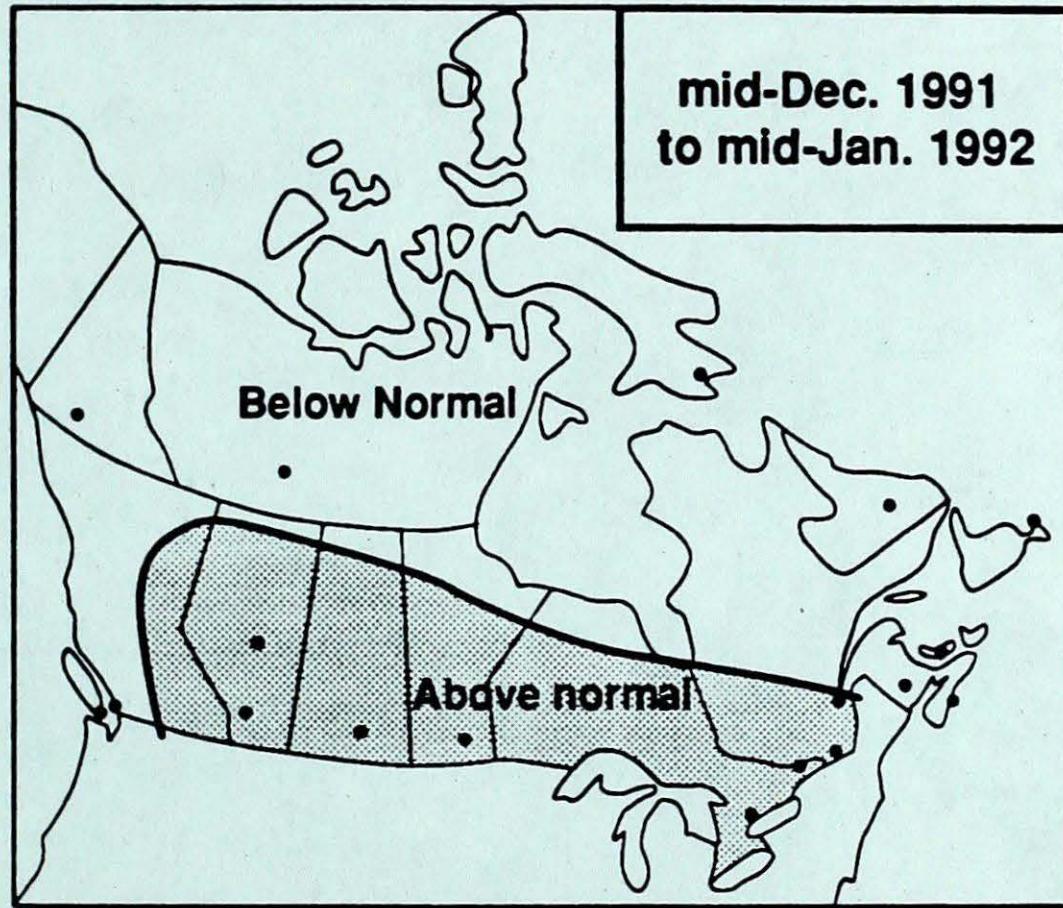
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*Normal temperatures for
mid-December to mid-January, °C*

Whitehorse	-19	Toronto	-5
Yellowknife	-26	Ottawa	-9
Iqaluit	-24	Montréal	-9
Vancouver	3	Québec	-11
Victoria	4	Fredericton	-8
Calgary	-10	Halifax	-3
Edmonton	-14	Charlottetown	-6
Regina	-15	Goose Bay	-15
Winnipeg	-17	St. John's	-3

MONTHLY TEMPERATURE FORECAST

mid-Dec. 1991
to mid-Jan. 1992



Canadä



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BLUE	25972	BLEU
RL BLUE	25973	BLEU RL
GREY	25974	GRIS
GREEN	25975	VERT
TANGERINE	25977	TANGERINE
RED	25978	ROUGE
EX RED	25979	ROUGE EX

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