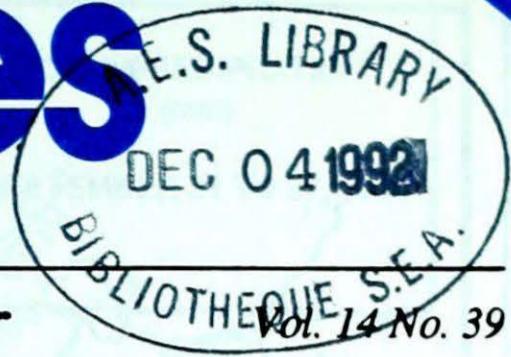


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# Climatic Perspectives

September 21 to 27, 1992 **A weekly review of Canadian climate and water**

## Summer rainfalls push Great Lakes water levels upward

The water levels on the Great Lakes usually begin their seasonal decline during the summer, and continue into the winter season. This has not been the case this year.

Record high precipitation over the Great Lakes Basin in July caused all the Great Lakes to rise. The Basin received 145 percent of its usual July rainfall. The Lake Erie drainage basin, received 175 mm of rain, the highest amount ever recorded and more than twice the average.

Precipitation in August continued its above-normal trend, approximately 113 percent of normal. The overall water supply and outflow conditions on Lakes Ontario, Superior, Huron and Georgian Bay were such that the water levels remained relatively constant during the month. In contrast, the level of Lake Erie began its seasonal decline after rising considerably in July.

In September, rainfall continued its above normal trend, delaying the normal water level declines expected at this time of year. On average, the Basin has received 130 percent of its normal rainfall in September. Only Lake Ontario's water level declined due to the regulated higher outflow into the St. Lawrence River.

### Rain and wind buffets Ontario's cottage country

During the early morning hours of the 22nd, heavy thunderstorms rumbled across the Muskoka/Haliburton cottage

district north of Toronto, producing torrential downpours. The slow moving storms dropped between 100 and 150 millimetres of rain in a matter of hours, causing local flooding and sharp lake and river rises of 30 to 60 centimetres. The East River, north of Huntsville, rose by nearly three metres. Luckily, the water levels in many of the lakes were in the process of being lowered, as this is the seasonal draw-down period; but even so, currents in some of the connecting rivers and channels became unusually strong - a hazard to boaters.

On Sunday, September 27, in the wake of a cold frontal passage, gale-force winds picked up and blew across southern and central Ontario.

The strong, gusty westerly winds, approaching 100 km/h, toppled trees and broke limbs and branches, which in turn knocked down power and phone lines, cutting-off many rural residents until the next day.

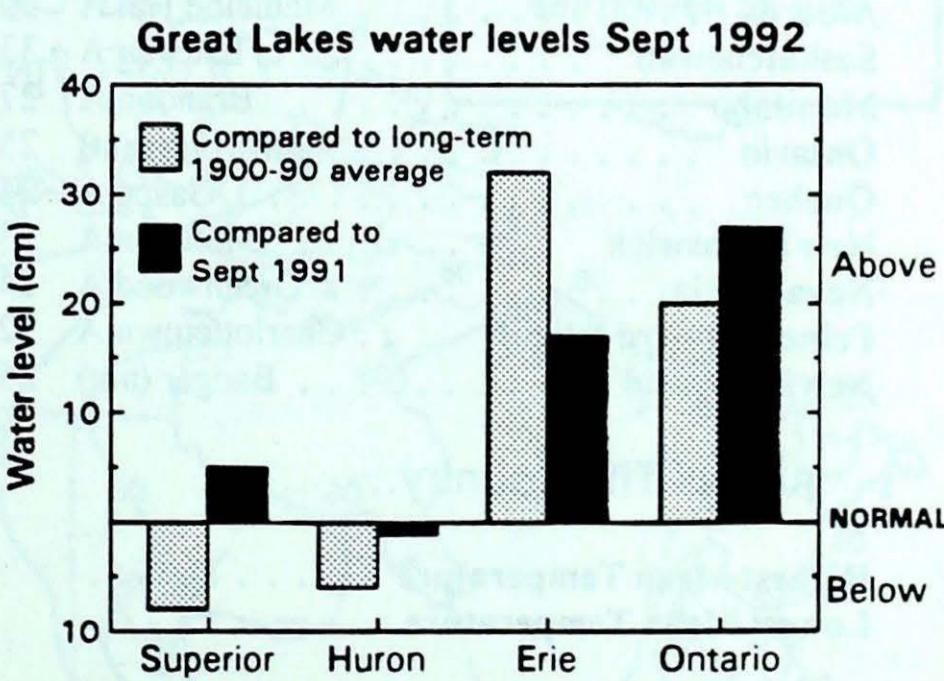
### Elsewhere...

Snow and record cold encompassed the Yukon. Strong winds, snow and freezing rain af-

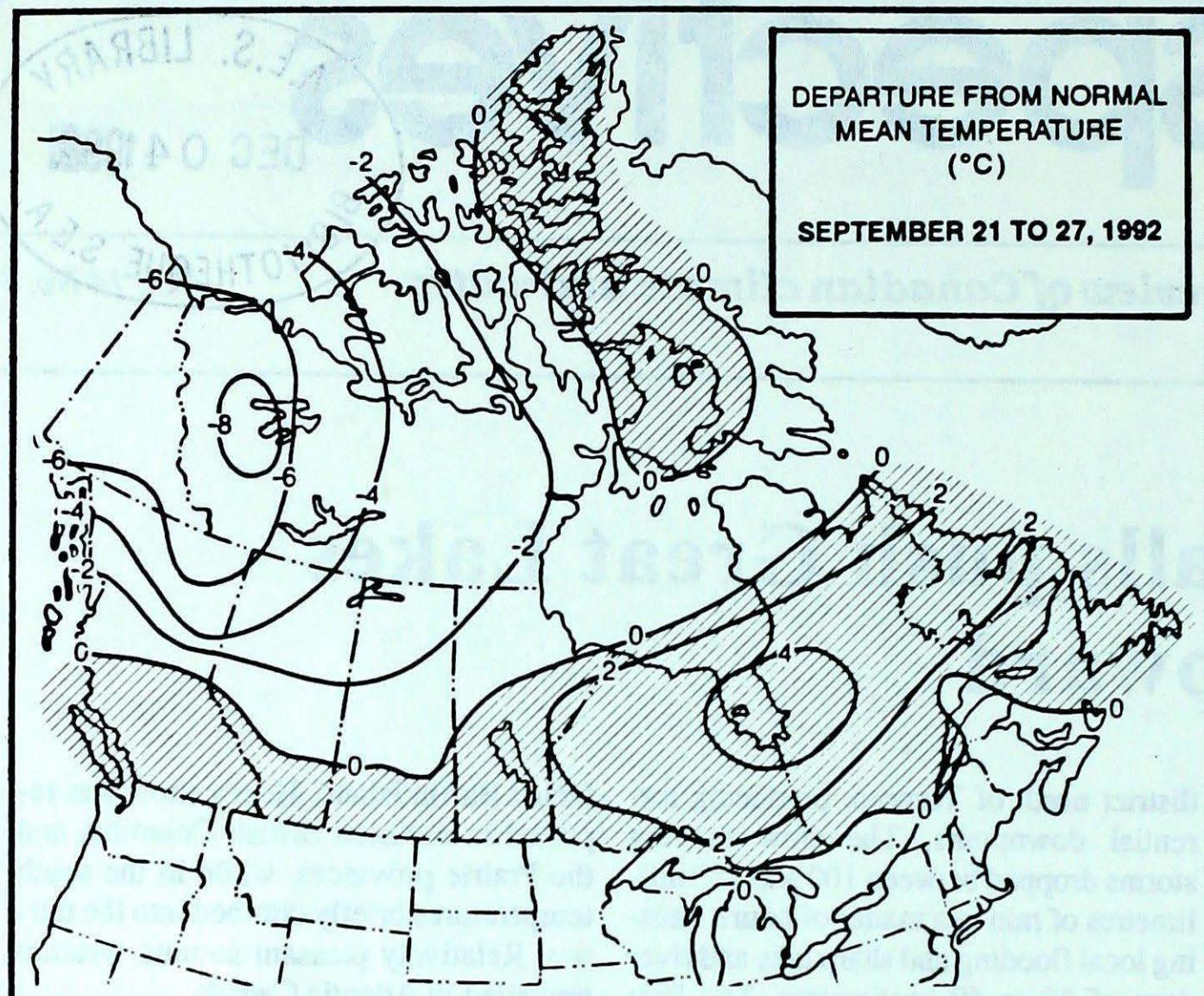
fected Baffin Island. Heavy snow was reported in northern British Columbia and the Prairie provinces, while in the south temperatures briefly climbed into the thirties. Relatively pleasant autumn weather prevailed in Atlantic Canada.

### A Look Ahead...

For the week of October 5, temperatures will be above normal across most of Canada. Near to below normal values are expected across the Atlantic region, the Yukon, the Mackenzie District of The Northwest Territories and British Columbia. Stormy weather is likely over the Maritimes.



Although Lake Superior is higher than a year ago, it together with Lake Huron have lower water levels than average. In contrast, Lakes Erie and Ontario are now considerably above both last year and the long-term average. The outflow of Lake Ontario can be regulated to reduce the risk of damage.



### Weekly normal temperatures (°C)

	max.	min.
Whitehorse A	10.5	1.3
Iqaluit A	2.6	-2.0
Yellowknife A	7.5	1.4
Vancouver Int'l A	17.2	9.1
Victoria Int'l A	18.0	8.0
Calgary Int'l A	15.9	2.5
Edmonton Int'l A	15.1	2.0
Regina A	15.8	2.4
Saskatoon A	15.4	2.7
Winnipeg Int'l A	15.6	3.8
Ottawa Int'l A	17.5	7.3
Toronto (Pearson Int'l A)	19.2	8.1
Montréal Int'l A	18.0	8.0
Québec A	15.9	5.7
Fredericton A	18.0	5.8
Saint John A	16.3	6.8
Halifax (Shearwater)	17.7	9.4
Charlottetown A	16.8	8.3
Goose A	12.2	3.4
St John's A	14.8	6.9

### Weekly temperature and precipitation extremes

	Maximum temperature (°C)	Minimum temperature (°C)	Heaviest precipitation (mm)
British Columbia . . . . .	Penticton A 27	Fort Nelson A -10	Prince Rupert A 167
Yukon Territory . . . . .	Watson Lake A 7	Beaver Creek -22	Sheldon Lake 26
Northwest Territories . . . . .	Fort Smith 7	Alert -23	Capc Dyer A 47
Alberta . . . . .	Medicine Hat A 30	High Level A -5	High Level A 33
Saskatchewan . . . . .	Estevan A 33	Collins Bay -5	Cree Lake 29
Manitoba . . . . .	Brandon A 27	Grand Rapids (aut) -6	Winnipeg Int'l A 37
Ontario . . . . .	Armstrong (aut) 25	Lansdowne House -4	Petawawa A 66
Quebec . . . . .	Gaspé A 24	Sherbrooke A -4	Baie Comeau A 52
New Brunswick . . . . .	Moncton A 23	St-Léonard A -3	Saint John A 50
Nova Scotia . . . . .	Greenwood A 24	Greenwood A -1	Western Head (aut) 28
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	Charlottetown A 22	Charlottetown A 3	East Point (aut) 10
Newfoundland . . . . .	Badger (aut) 25	Badger (aut) -3	St John's A 26

### Across The Country...

Highest Mean Temperature . . . . .  
Lowest Mean Temperature . . . . .

Abbotsford (B.C.) 15  
Alert (N.W.T.) -15

**CLIMATIC PERSPECTIVES**  
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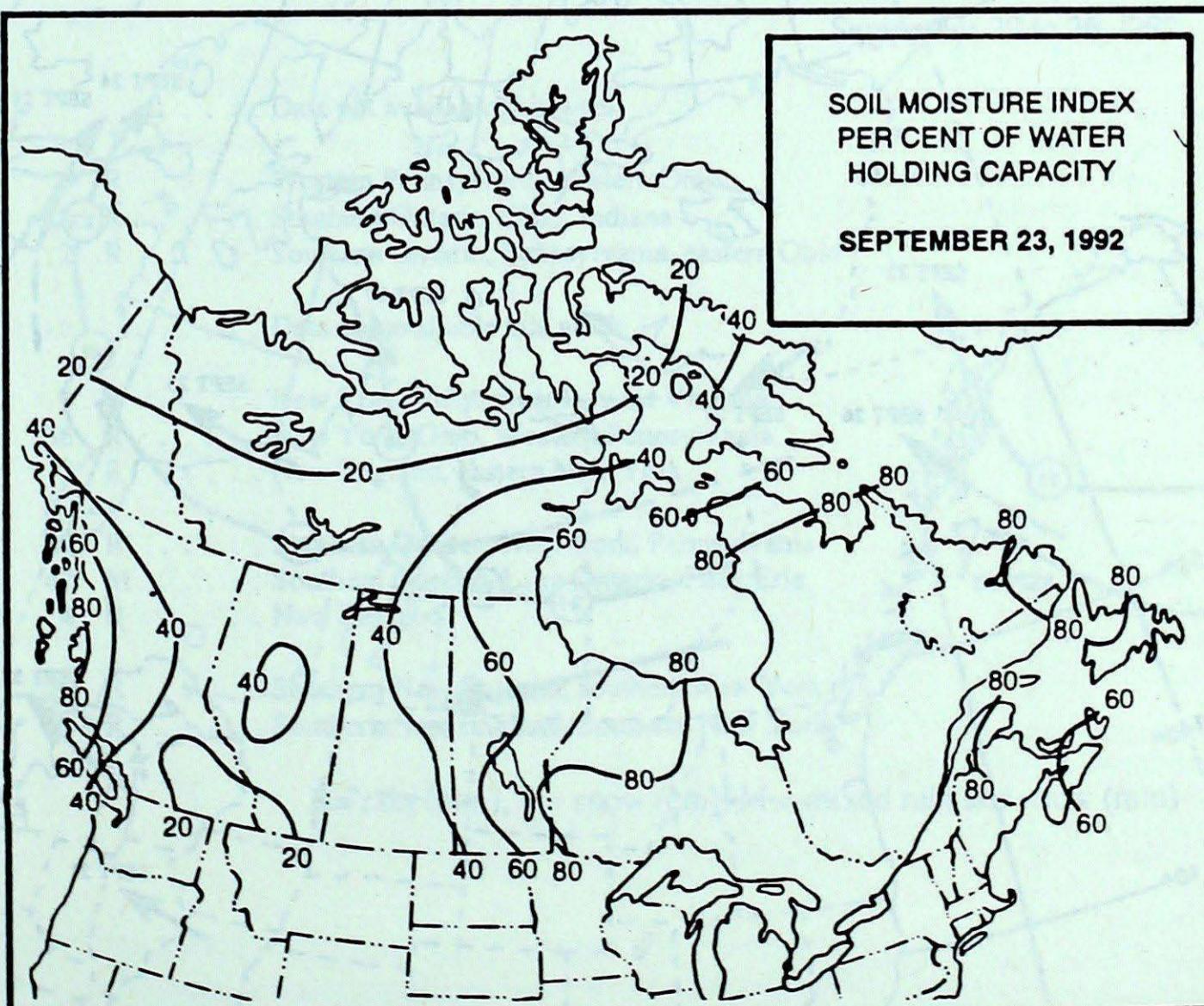
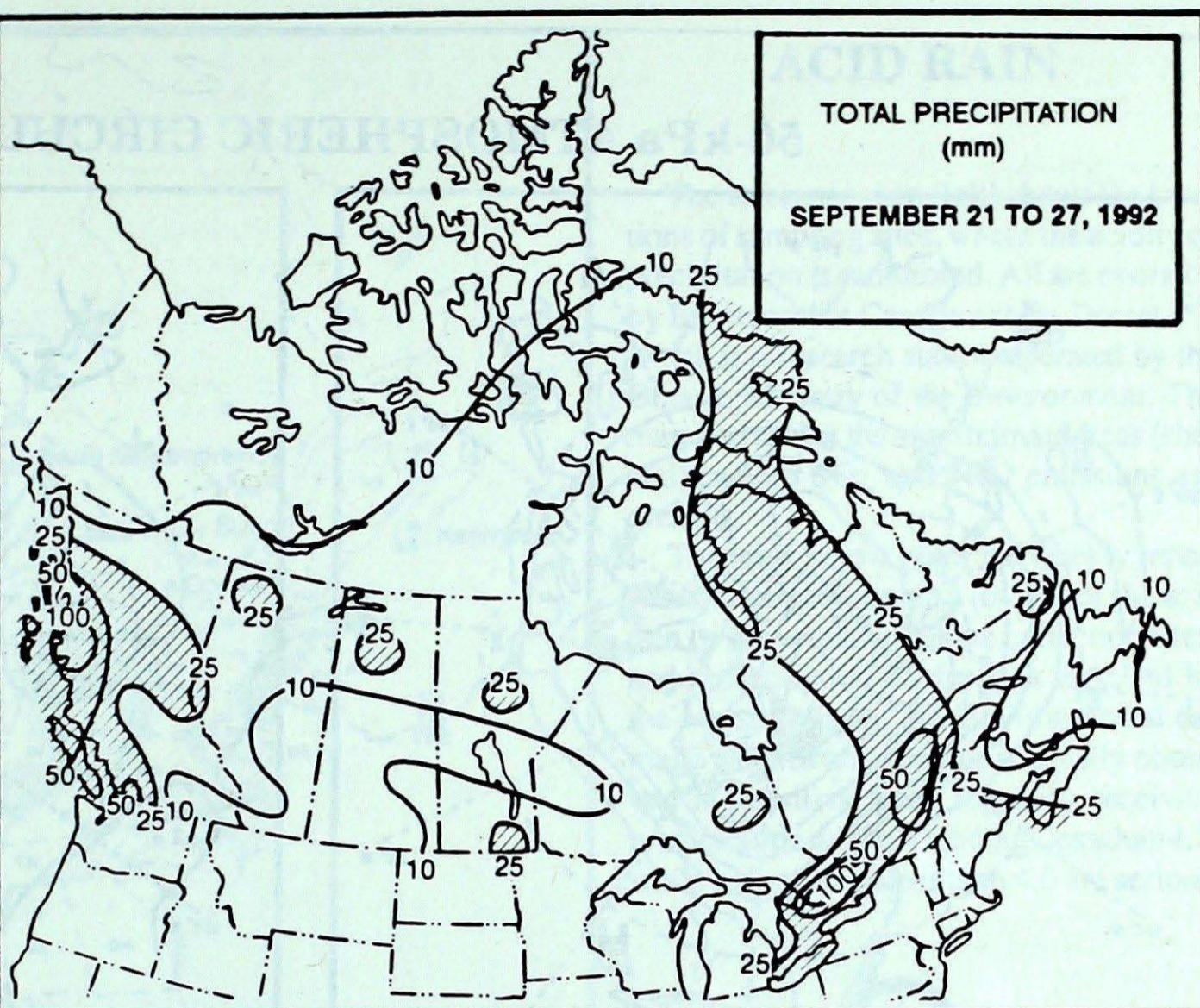
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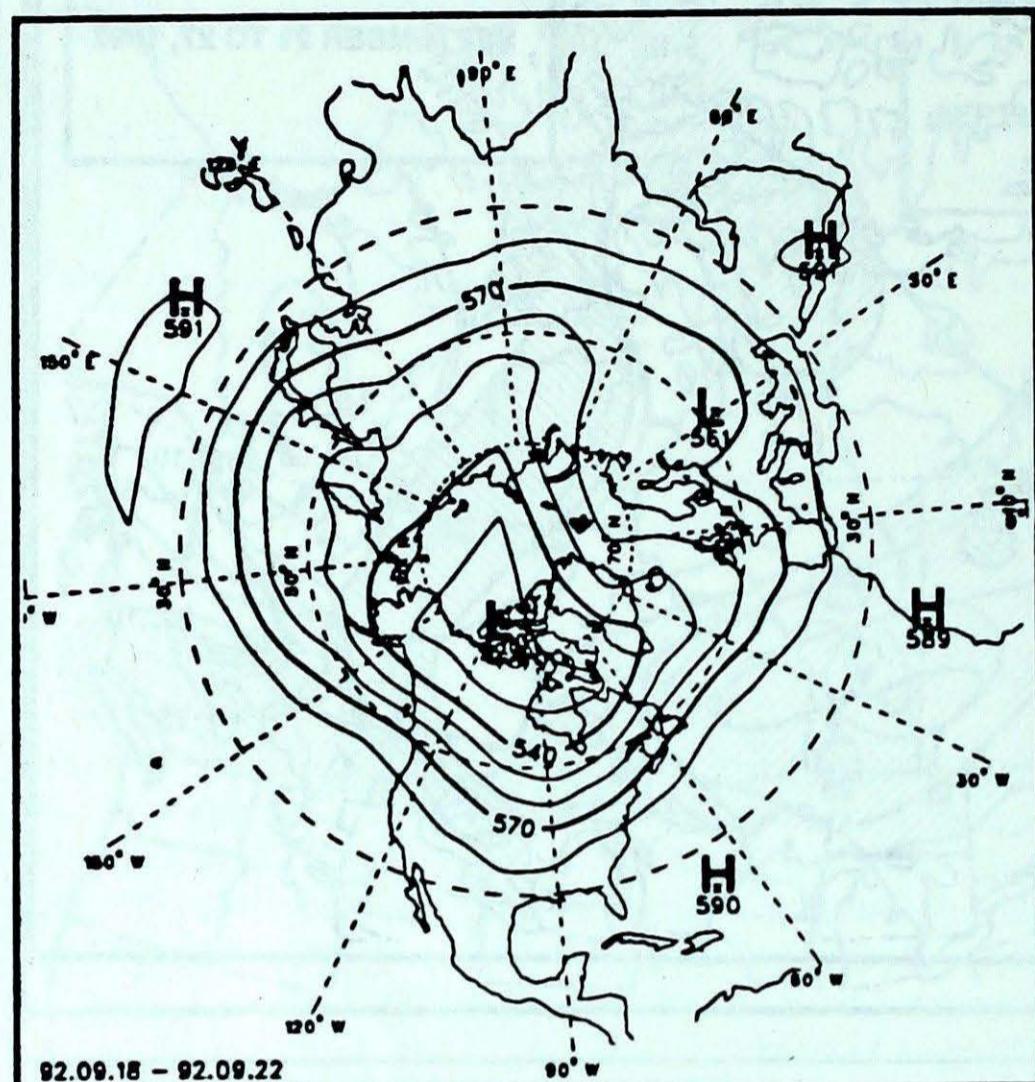
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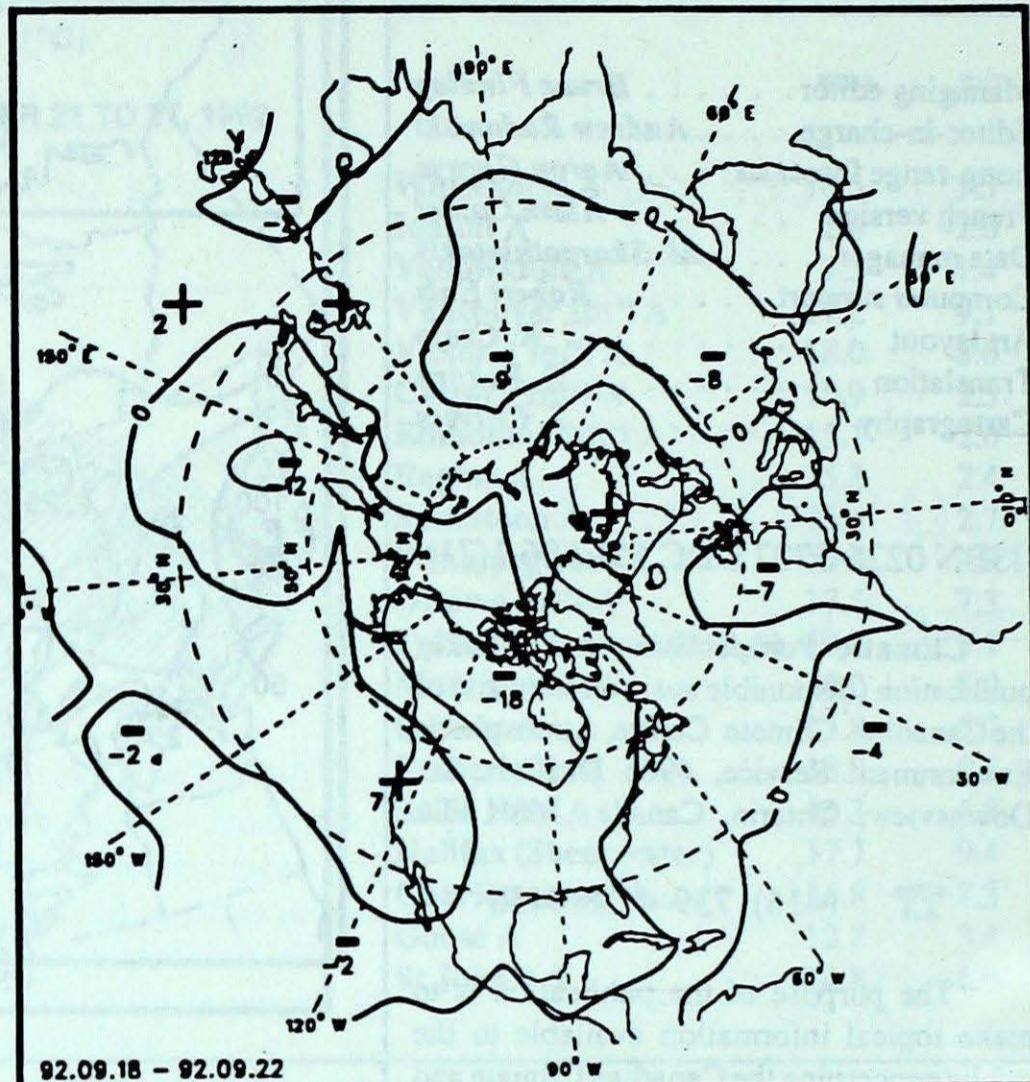
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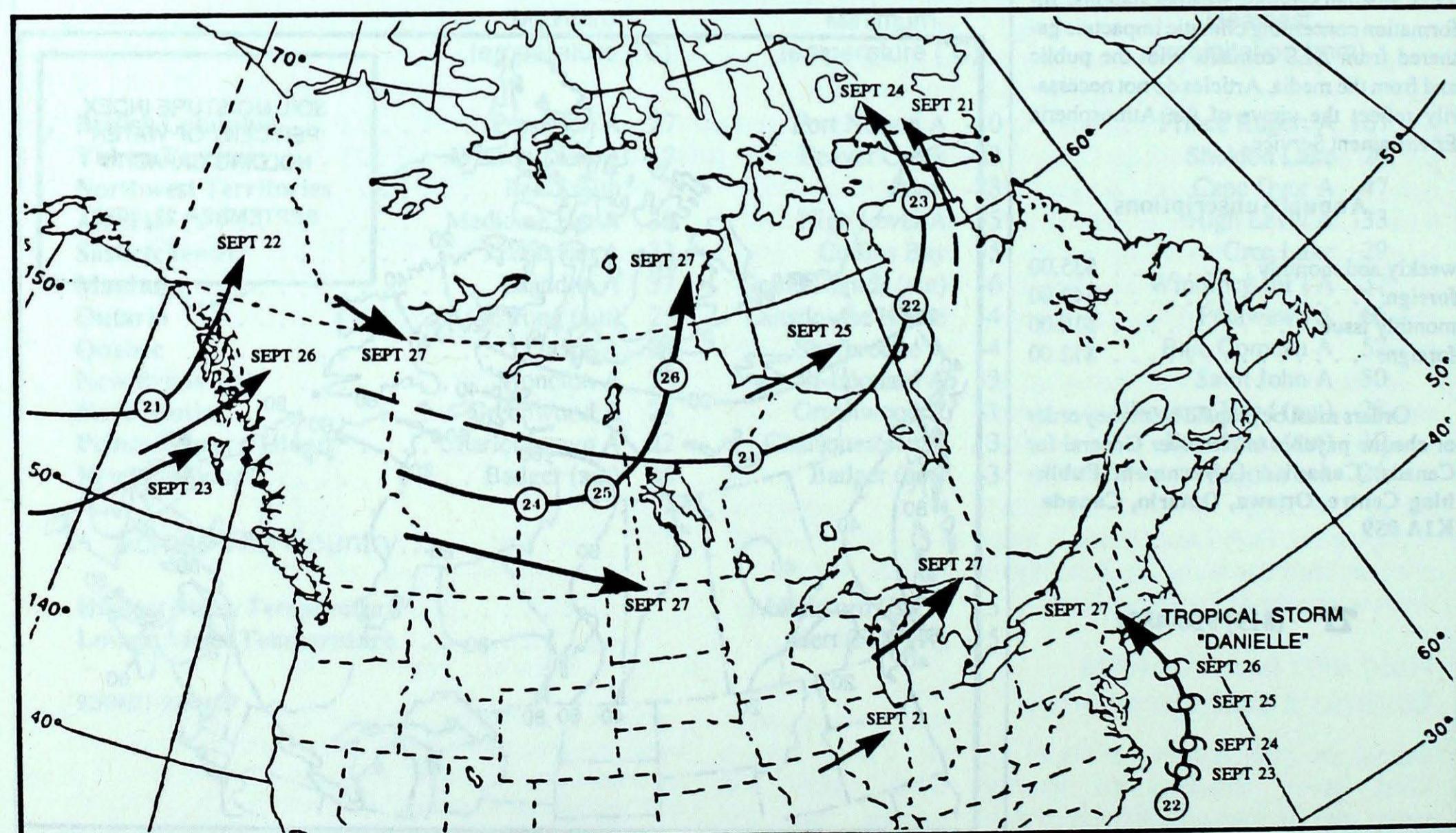
## 50-kPa ATMOSPHERIC CIRCULATION



Mean geopotential height  
50-kPa level (10 decametre intervals)

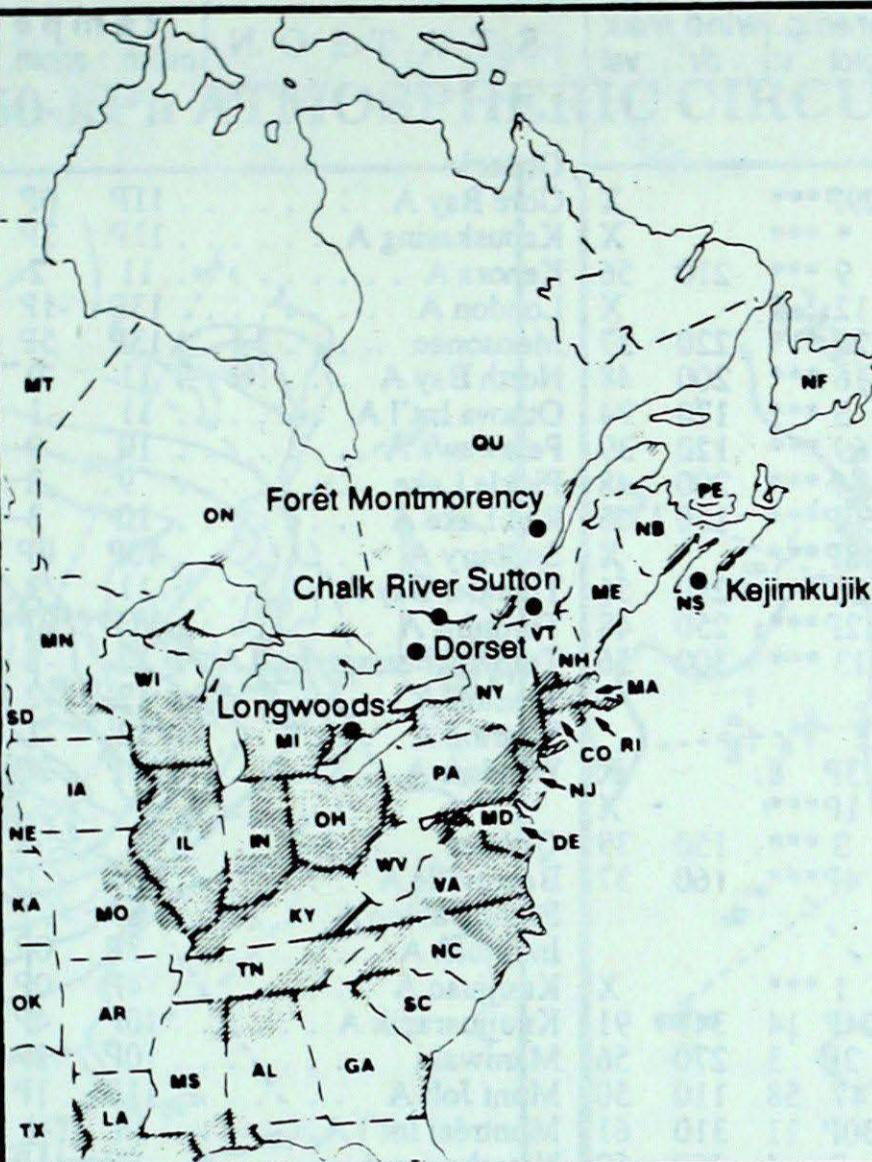


Mean geopotential height anomaly  
50-kPa level (10 decametre intervals)



Tracks of low pressure centres at 12:00 U.T. each day during the period.

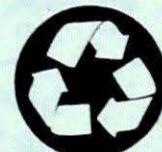
ALABAMA  
ARKANSAS  
CONNECTICUT  
DELAWARE  
FLORIDA  
GEORGIA  
ILLINOIS  
INDIANA  
IOWA  
KANSAS  
KENTUCKY  
LOUISIANA  
MAINE  
MANITOBA  
MARYLAND  
MASSACHUSETTS  
MICHIGAN  
MINNESOTA  
MISSISSIPPI  
MISSOURI  
NEBRASKA  
NEW BRUNSWICK  
NEWFOUNDLAND  
NEW HAMPSHIRE  
NEW JERSEY  
NEW YORK  
NORTH CAROLINA  
NORTH DAKOTA  
NOVA SCOTIA  
OHIO  
OKLAHOMA  
ONTARIO  
PENNSYLVANIA  
PRINCE EDWARD IS  
QUÉBEC  
RHODE ISLAND  
SOUTH CAROLINA  
SOUTH DAKOTA  
TENNESSEE  
TEXAS  
VERMONT  
VIRGINIA  
WEST VIRGINIA  
WISCONSIN



## ACID RAIN

The reference map (left) shows the locations of sampling sites, where the acidity of precipitation is monitored. All are operated by Environment Canada except Dorset (\*), which is a research station operated by the Ontario Ministry of the Environment. The map also shows the approximate areas (shaded), where SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> emissions are greatest.

The table below gives the weekly report summarizing the acidity (or pH) of the acid rain or snow that fell at the collection sites, and a description of the path travelled by the moisture laden air. Environmental damage to lakes and streams is usually observed in sensitive areas regularly receiving precipitation with pH readings less than 4.7, while pH readings less than 4.0 are serious.



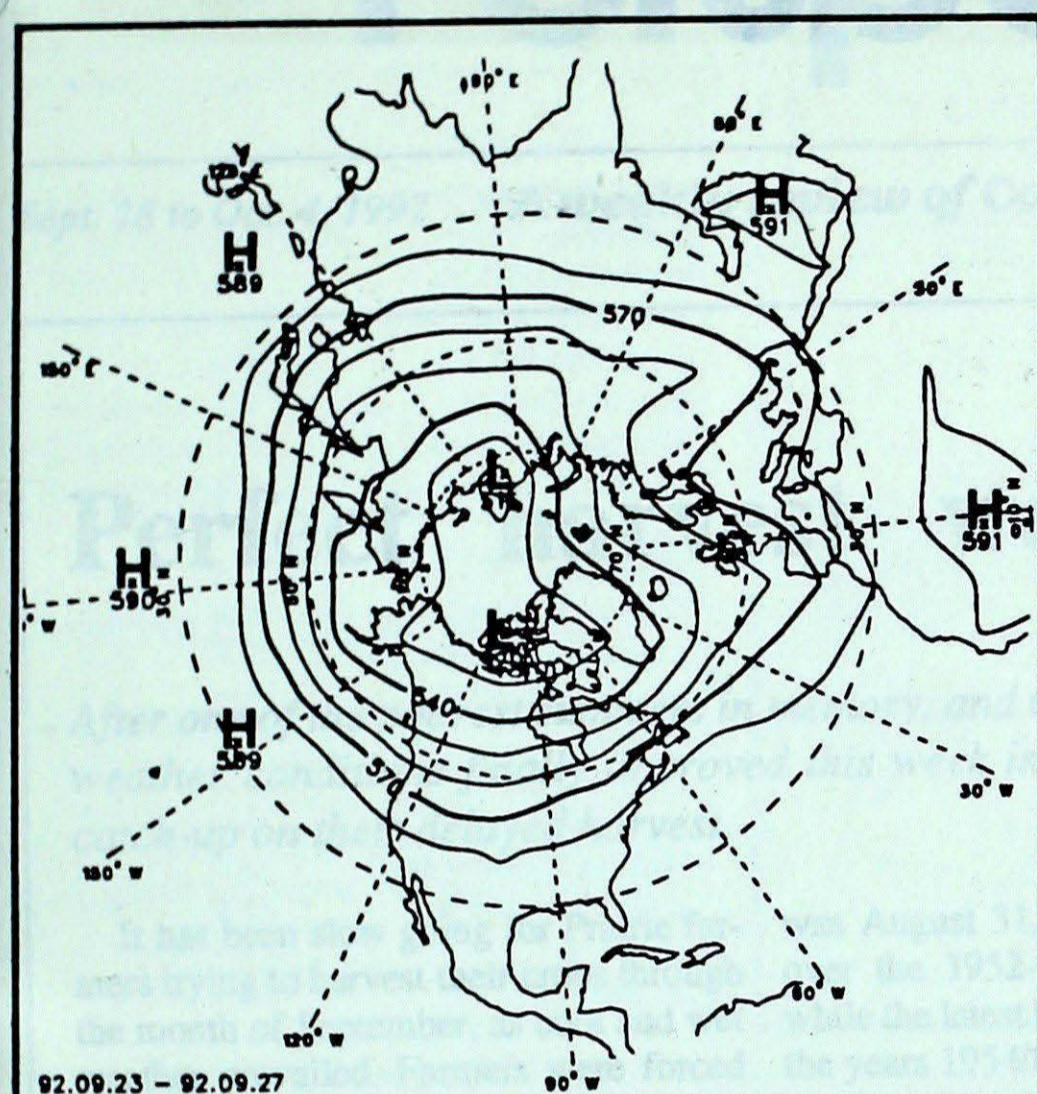
SITE	day	pH	amount	AIR PATH TO SITE
Longwoods				..... Data not available this week
Dorset *	20	4.1	1 R	..... Western Pennsylvania, eastern Ohio
	21	4.3	28 R	..... Southern Ontario, Ohio, Indiana
	26	4.0	2 R	..... Southern Ontario, Pennsylvania, eastern Ohio
Chalk River				..... Data not available this week
Sutton	21	3.8	9 R	..... New York, Pennsylvania, west Virginia
	22	4.4	36 R	..... New York, Ohio, Western Pennsylvania
	26	5.1	3 R	..... New England, eastern New York
Montmorency	21	4.6	19 R	..... Southern Quebec, New York, Pennsylvania
	22	4.7	42 M	..... Southern Quebec, Lake Ontario, Lake Erie
	26	5.0	4 R	..... New England
Kejimkujik	22	4.9	20 R	..... Southern New England, southern New York
	23	4.6	1 R	..... Southern New England, Southern New York

September 20 to 26, 1992

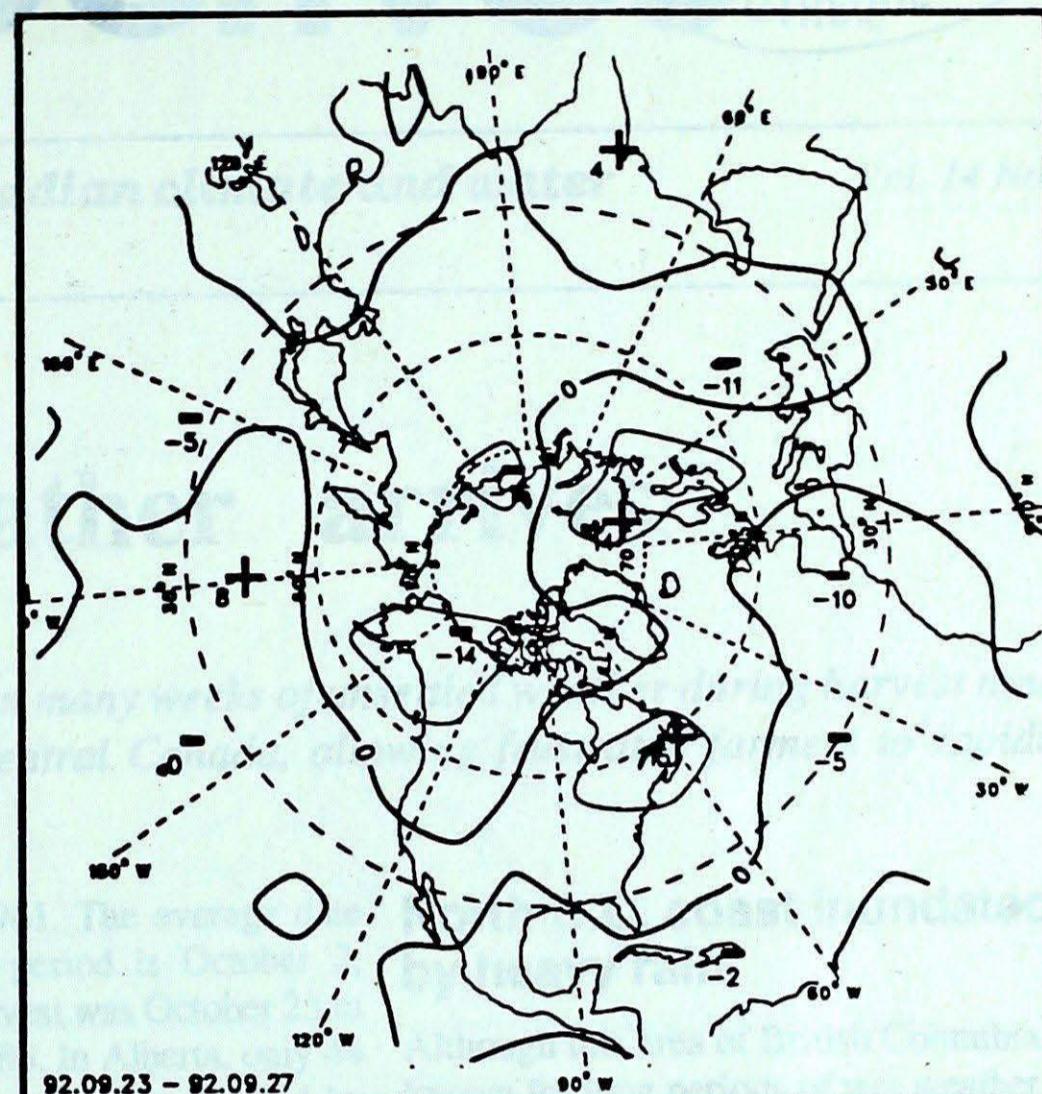
R = rain (mm), S = snow (cm), M = mixed rain and snow (mm)

STATION	mean	anom	temperature	max	min	precip.	wind	max	STATION	mean	anom	temperature	max	min	precip.	wind	max		
	P	P	mean	anom	max	min	tot	st	dir	P	P	mean	anom	max	min	tot	st	dir	vel
<b>British Columbia</b>																			
Blue River A	9P	-1P	23P	0P	29P***		X			11P	0P	17P	3P	7P***	300	65			
Cape St James	*	*	*	*	*	****	X			11P	3P	22P	-2P	18P***	200	50			
Cranbrook A	12	1	25	1	9	***	210	56		Kenora A	11	2	25	-1	11 ***	170	65		
Fort Nelson A	-1	-8	7	-10	12	8	X			London A	13P	-1P	22P	3P	18P***	250	65		
Fort St John A	3	-6	17	-4	20	***	220	37		Moosonee	13P	5P	23P	-2P	9P***	200	56		
Kamloops A	14	1	23	2	16	***	200	48		North Bay A	11	0	21	-2	26 ***	190	63		
Penticton A	15	1	27	2	5	***	170	74		Ottawa Int'l A	11	-1	22	0	34 ***	250	82		
Port Hardy A	12	1	19	2	69	***	120	39		Petawawa A	10	0	20	-2	66 ***	200	65		
Prince George A	9	1	20	1	54	***	200	48		Pickle Lake	9	3	24	-2	9 ***	250	61		
Prince Rupert A	10P	-1P	15P	4P	167P***	150	65			Red Lake A	10	3	23	-2	6 ***	280	69		
Smithers A	8P	-1P	17P	-1P	48P***		X			Sudbury A	10P	0P	19P	-2P	24P***	290	54		
Vancouver Int'l A	15	2	21	6	21	***	280	56		Thunder Bay A	11	2	22	-3	7 ***	300	59		
Victoria Int'l A	15P	2P	22P	6P	12P***	250	48		Timmins A	11P	3P	22P	-1P	27P***	320	56			
Williams Lake A	10	1	21	-1	13	***	300	56		Toronto(Pearson Int'l A)	12	-2	21	2	30 ***	260	70		
<b>Yukon Territory</b>																			
Komakuk Beach A	-7P	-5P	-4P	-10P	3P	8	X			Wiatron A	12	-1	20	1	25 ***	250	74		
Teslin (aut)	1P	*	6P	-2P	1P***		X			Windsor A	14P	-2P	23P	5P	25P***	260	54		
Watson Lake A	1	-5	7	-5	3	***	150	39											
Whitehorse A	-1P	-7P	6P	-4P	4P***	160	37												
<b>Northwest Territories</b>																			
Alert	-15	-2	0	-23	1	***	X												
Baker Lake A	-3P	-3P	3P	-8P	24P	14	340	91											
Cambridge Bay A	-5P	-2P	0P	-10P	2P	3	270	56											
Cape Dyer A	-5	-1	1	-12	47	58	110	50											
Clyde A	-2P	0P	2P	-10P	30P	11	310	61											
Coppermine A	-7	-6	-2	-14	0	4	250	52											
Coral Harbour A	-1P	0P	2P	-6P	9P***	300	85												
Eureka	-12P	1P	-6P	-19P	0P	3	X												
Fort Smith A	2	-3	7	-2	12	3	X												
Hall Beach A	-2	1	2	-6	14	6	320	83											
Inuvik A	-6	-6	-2	-10	6	10	290	41											
Iqaluit A	0P	0P	5P	-4P	21P	3	300	89											
Mould Bay A	-12P	-2P	-7P	-17P	1P	5	X												
Norman Wells A	-6	-10	-1	-12	2	10	X												
Resolute A	-8P	0P	-2P	-13P	7P	5	030	57											
Yellowknife A	-1P	-6P	3P	-6P	1P***	040	41												
<b>Alberta</b>																			
Calgary Int'l A	10	1	25	-1	11	***	250	67											
Cold Lake A	7	-1	26	-1	5	***	290	46											
Edmonton Namao A	7P	-2P	25P	-3P	8P***	290	48												
Fort McMurray A	5	-3	20	-2	23	***	X												
High Level A	1	-6	8	-5	33	***	360	32											
Jasper	*	*	23	*	*	***	X												
Lethbridge A	12	0	28	0	11	***	240	83											
Medicine Hat A	13	1	30	2	11	***	250	56											
Peace River A	4	-4	19	-4	24	***	X												
<b>Saskatchewan</b>																			
Cree Lake	2	-3	9	-4	29	3	320	65											
Estevan A	12	2	33	-5	9	***	170	102											
La Ronge A	5	-2	19	-4	22	***	310	46											
Regina A	11	2	32	-4	2	***	360	70											
Saskatoon A	10	1	28	-2	0	***	290	54											
Swift Current A	11	1	31	-3	2	***	290	54											
Yorkton A	9	1	28	-4	11	5	310	74											
<b>Manitoba</b>																			
Brandon A	9	0	27	-5	10	***	300	80											
Churchill A	2	-1	10	-2	21	***	300	93											
Lynn Lake A	3	-2	9	-2	15	3	010	52											
The Pas A	8	0	26	-1	5	***	310	82											

## 50-kPa ATMOSPHERIC CIRCULATION



### Mean geopotential height 50 kPa level (10 decametre intervals)



### Mean geopotential height anomaly 50 kPa level (10 decametre intervals)



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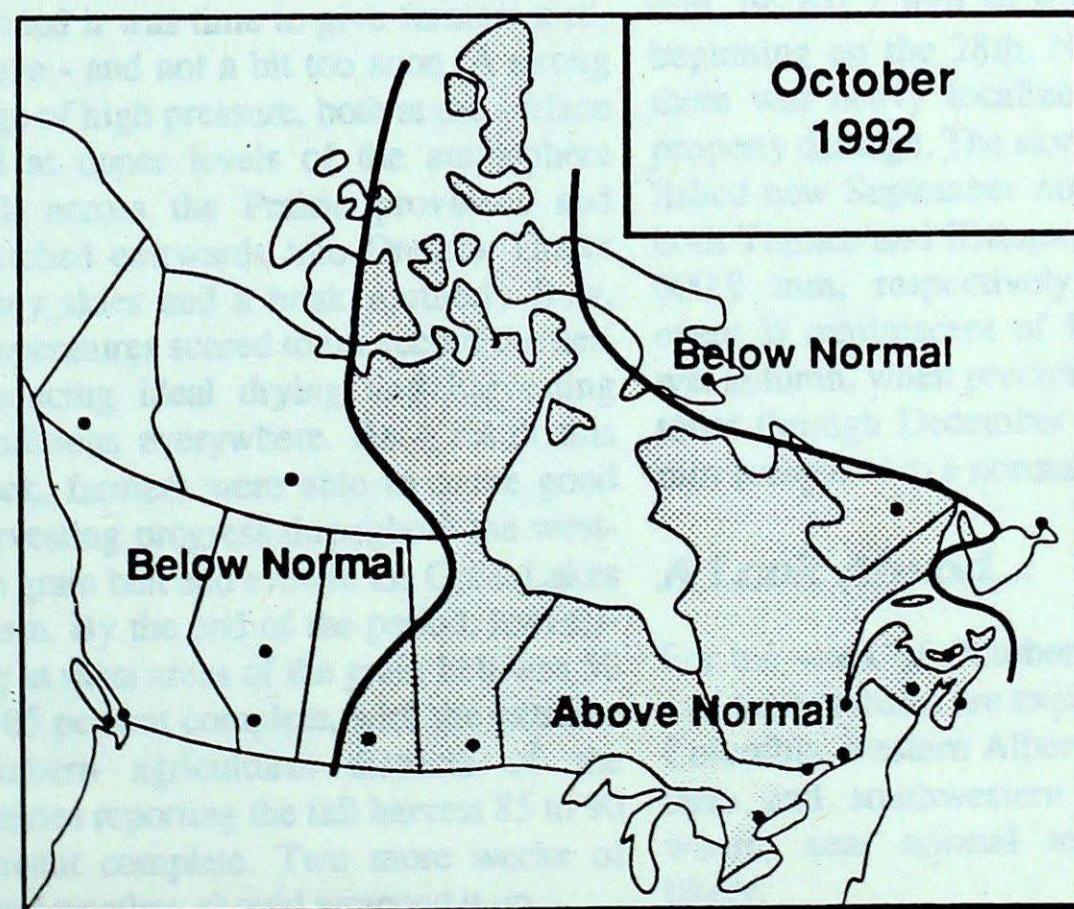
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# MONTHLY TEMPERATURE FORECAST

*Normal temperatures for  
the month of October, °C*

Whitehorse	1	Toronto	9
Yellowknife	-2	Ottawa	8
Iqaluit	-5	Montréal	9
Vancouver	10	Québec	7
Victoria	10	Fredericton	8
Calgary	6	Halifax	10
Edmonton	5	Charlottetown	8
Regina	5	Goose Bay	3
Winnipeg	6	St. John's	7



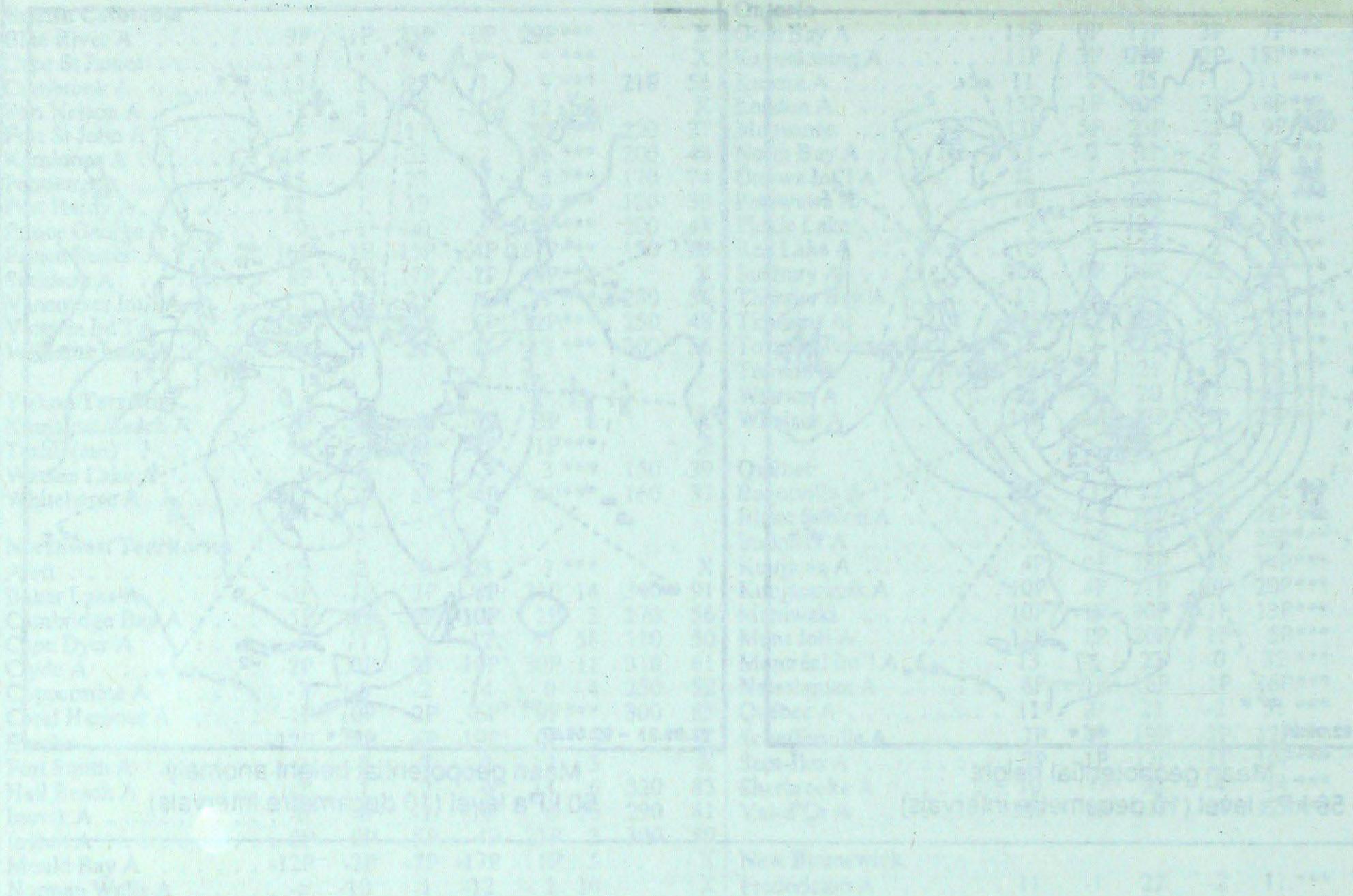
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## GO-KP1 ATMOSPHERIC CHARTS



## STATIONARY HIGH PRESSURE

