July 26 to August 1,1993

A weekly review of Canadian climate and water

Vol. 15 No. 31

Severe summer weather

A cold front swept across southern Alberta on the 29th triggering severe thunderstorms in areas surrounding Edmonton. To the southwest, there were several reports of golf-ball sized hail and late that afternoon a small tornado was seen near Pigeon Lake.

The thunderstorms continued to redevelop and drift eastwards throughout the evening. Another tornado, near Holden, injured two people and a third, weaker tornado touched down near Smoky Lake after midnight.

In Manitoba, the Red River Valley was so saturated with water from last week's storms that rains from this week (July 26th, 27th) have flooded vegetable crops south of Winnipeg as well as portions of the city.

On July 26th, a line of severe thunderstorms struck southern and central Ontario. Near Orillia, winds that were estimated to be gusting to 120 km/h uprooted several large tress and downed power lines. In Burlington Mississauga, structural damage to buildings resulted from another thunderstorm cell that moved along the Lake Ontario shoreline.

A record one day rainfall of 153.5 mm at Kenora on July 27th and 28th (140 mm falling in three hours), washed out several local roads. Severe erosion and flooding from the heavy rains, in this section of the province, caused the closure of the Canadian Pacific Rail main line and the Trans-Canada Highway, 150km east of Thunder Bay. On the 28th, southern Ontario experienced more severe thunderstorm activity in an area around London, with reports of hail, downed trees and torn roofs.

Quebec was struck with severe thunderstorms on the 28th and 29th. Overnight on the 28th and into the 29th, Val-d'Or, Quebec received 66.8 mm of rain in less than six hours, causing 1,000 homes to suffer flooded basements. Southwestern Montreal received 53 mm of rain in one hour on the 29th, causing a flash flood that forced the closures of the Bonaventure highway downtown access and the exit to the Iles des Soeurs. Power outages in Montreal left close to 25,000 residents without electricity. Thunderstorms then rolled into Sherbrooke, flooding more basements and leaving an additional 30,000 residents without electricity.

Elsewhere...

In the Mackenzie region, a cold front pushed south of Great Bear on the 27th bringing with it clouds, showers and northerly winds. On the 28th, cloud and rain dominated the Great Slave area where Yellowknife recorded a 24-hour precipitation record of 17.6 mm. Iqaluit received heavy rains (41.2 mm) on the 31st.

The Yukon was mostly unsettled and cloudy, however, several stations set record high minimums this week.

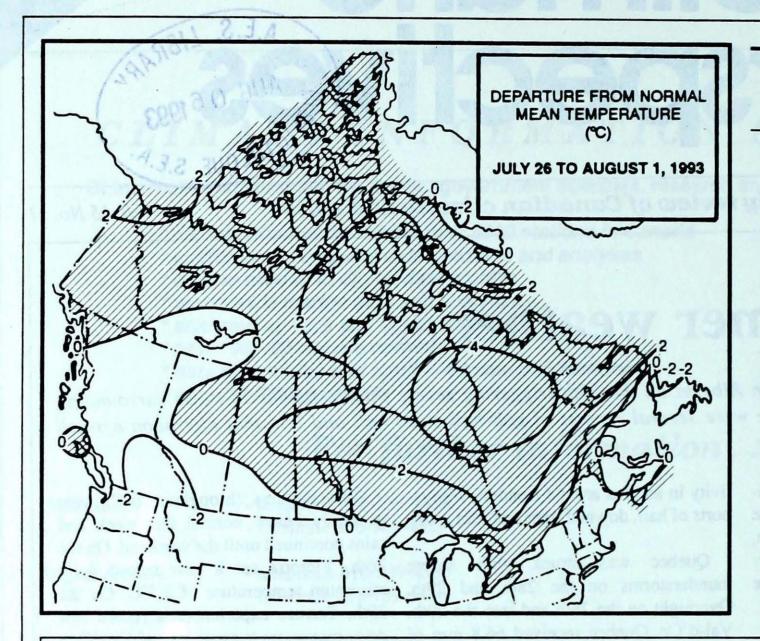
Temperatures throughout B.C. were generally below normal this week and rains continued until the weekend. On the 26th, Victoria set a new record daily minimum temperature of 8.7°C. On the 29th, Terrace experienced a record low daily maximum temperature of 13.1°C in addition to a daily record rainfall of 25.6 mm.

The Maritimes were sunny and cool early in the week, but cloud, showers, drizzle and fog settled in by midweek. Temperatures managed to rise above seasonal values as sunny conditions returned for the weekend.

Newfoundland and Labrador had fair weather and warm southerly winds due to a ridge of high pressure lingering southeast of the Island. However, a few disturbances throughout the week triggered some shower and thundershower activity.

A Look Ahead ...

For the week of August 9, temperatures are expected to be above normal for Quebec and the Atlantic region. Below normal values are likely over the Arctic islands. Elsewhere, near normal temperatures will occur. Precipitation may brush southern British Columbia and the Alberta foothills. Precipitation is also likely over southern Quebec and the Atlantic region.



93/07/26-93/08/01

Weekly normal temperatures (°C)

	max.	min.
Whitehorse A	20.0	0.4
	20.9	8.4
Iqaluit A	11.6	4.1
Yellowknife A	19.9	11.1
Vancouver Int'l A	22.9	13.0
Victoria Int'l A	22.7	10.9
Calgary Int'l A	23.7	9.4
Edmonton Int'l A	22.5	9.6
Regina A	26.4	11.4
Saskatoon A	25.5	11.2
Winnipeg Int'l A	25.7	12.7
Ottawa Int'l A	26.2	15.0
Toronto (Pearson Int'l A)	26.9	14.5
Montréal Int'l A	26.3	16.1
Québec A	25.1	13.7
Fredericton A	25.9	13.4
Saint John A	22.2	12.2
Halifax (Shearwater)	22.2	14.0
Charlottetown A	23.7	14.5
Goose A	22.0	11.5
St John's A	21.1	11.8

Weekly temperature and precipitation extremes

newacta leads and down of at the	Maximum emperature (প	C)	Minimum temperature (℃)	Heaviest precipitation (mm)
British Columbia	Lytton	33	Puntzi Mountain (aut)	1	Smithers A 60
Yukon Territory Wa		26	Watson Lake A	7	Faro (aut) 12
Northwest Territories		28	Cape Hooper	-3	Iqaluit A 48
Alberta Me	dicine Hat A	34	Banff (aut)	3	Slave Lake A 36
Saskatchewan Mea	dow Lake A	33	Collins Bay	6	Uranium City A 33
Manitoba		31	Churchill A	5	Churchill A 45
Ontario		34	Armstrong	8	Kenora A 161
Quebec		30	Blanc Sablon A	2	Val-d'Or 95
New Brunswick		29	St-Léonard A	5	Saint John A 28
Nova Scotia	reenwood A	29	Yarmouth A	8	Shearwater A 55
Prince Edward Island Cha	rlottetown A	26	Charlottetown A	7	East Point (aut) 35
Newfoundland	. Goose A	31	Bonavista	2	Burgeo 114
Across The Country					news too became (much sent) a ke
Highest Mean Temperature Lowest Mean Temperature			Windsor A (Ont.) Cape Hooper (N.W.T.)	24	the less y sime in this section is the comment of t

CLIMATIC PERSPECTIVES VOLUME 15

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ISBN 0225-5707 UDC 551.506.1(71)

Climatic Perspectives is a weekly publication (disponible aussi en français) of the Canadian Climate Centre, Atmospheric Environment Service, 4905 Dufferin St., Downsview, Ontario, Canada M3H 5T4

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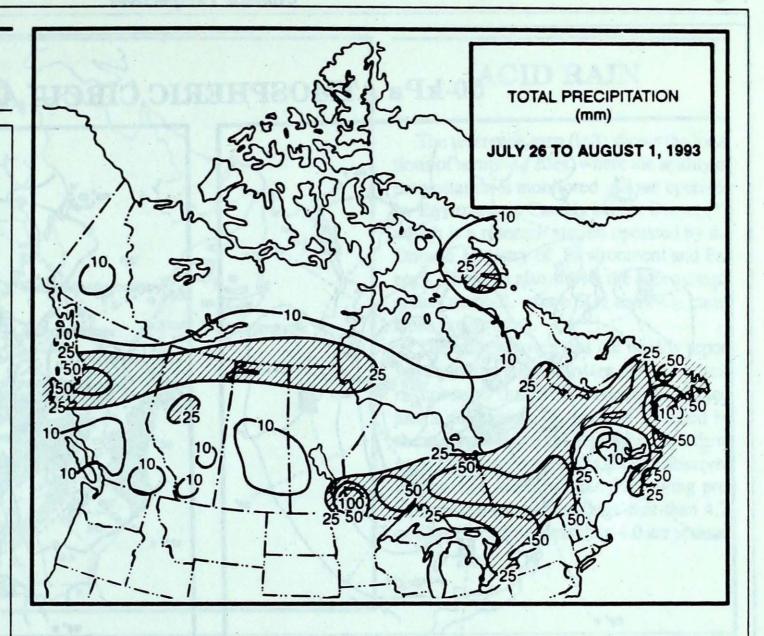
The purpose of the publication is to make topical information available to the public concerning the Canadian Climate and its socio-economic impact.

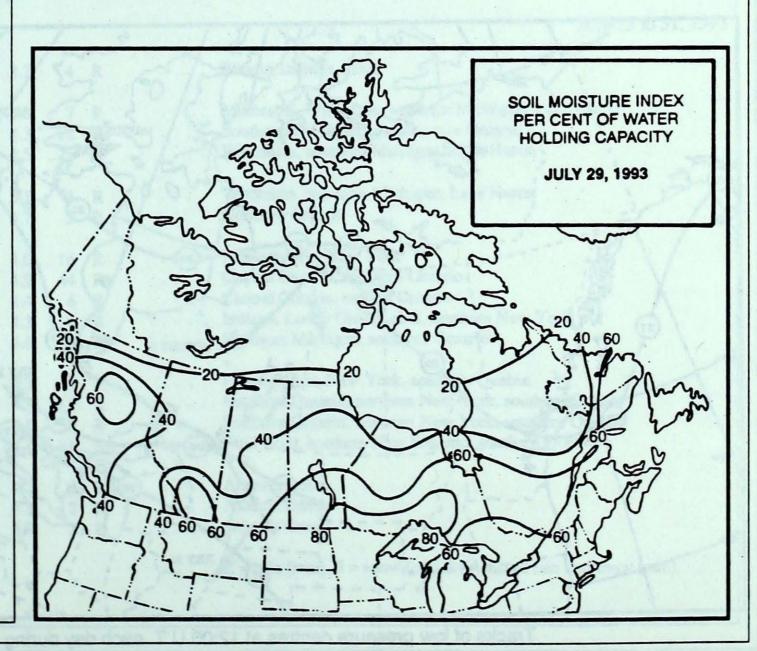
The data in this publication are based on unverified reports from approximately 225 Canadian synoptic weather stations. Information concerning climatic impacts is gathered from AES contacts with the public and from the media. Articles do not necessarily reflect the views of the Atmospheric Environment Service.

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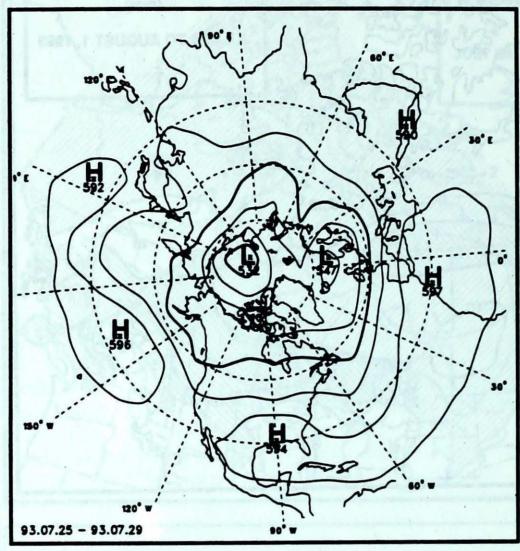
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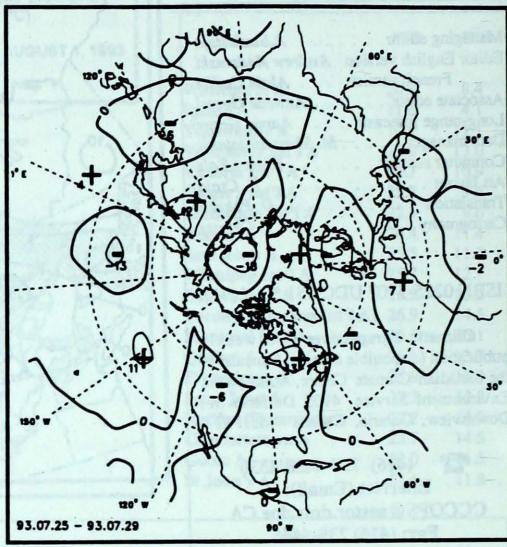




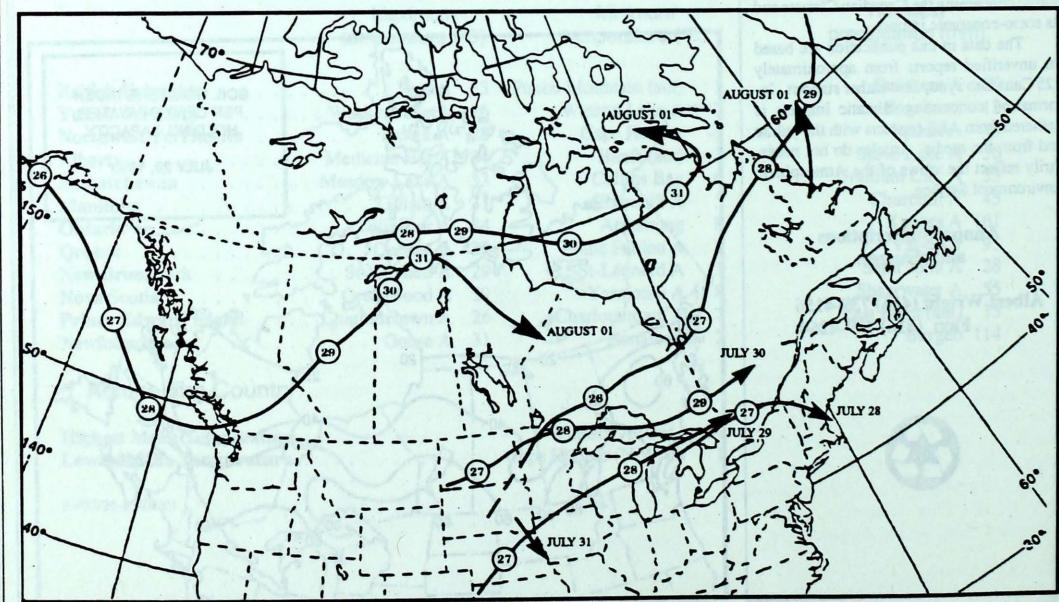
50-kPa ATMOSPHERIC CIRCULATION



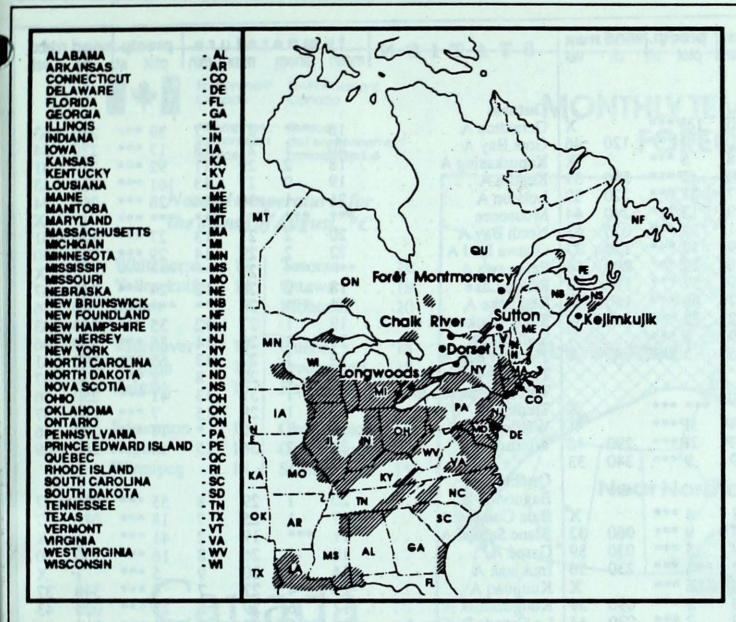
Mean geopotential height 50-kPa level (10 decametre intervals)



Mean geopotential height anomaly 50-kPa level (10 decametre intervals)



Tracks of low pressure centres at 12:00 U.T. each day during the period.



ACID RAIN

The reference map (left) shows the locations of sampling sites, where the acidity of precipitation is monitored. All are operated by Environment Canada except Dorset (*), which is a research station operated by the Ontario Ministry of Environment and Energy. The map also shows the approximate areas (shaded), where SO₂ and NO_x emissions are greatest.

The table below gives the weekly report summarizing the acidity (or pH) of the acid rain or snow that fell at the collection sites, and a description of the path travelled by the moisture laden air. Environmental damage to lakes and streams is usually observed in sensitive areas regularly receiving precipitation with pH readings less than 4.7, while pH readings less than 4.0 are serious.

SITE	day	pH	amo	ount	Codoec A Schellore	AIR PATH TO SITE
						July 25 to 31, 1993
Longwoods	25	3.7	4	R	Val-d'Or.	Illinois, Indiana, Ohio
Dorset *	26	4.0	7	R		Minnesota, Wisconsin, southern Michigan, Lake Huron
	28	4.3	12	R		Southern Michigan, southwestern Ontario
	29	4.5	25	R	mot total	Wisconsin, southern Michigan, Lake Huron
Chalk River	30	5.1	1	R		Wisconsin, southern Michigan, Lake Huron
	31	4.7	5	R		Northern Ontario
Sutton	26	4.0	16	R		Pennsylvania, New York
	27	4.9	44	R		Central Ontario, southern Ontario
	28	4.4	6	R		Central Ontario, eastern Ontario
	29	4.3	4	R		Indiana, Lower Great Lakes, northern New York
	30	4.6	18	R		Southern Michigan, southern Ontario
Montmorency	26	4.2	9	R		Pennsylvania, New York, southern Quebec
and hemed	27	4.3	5	R		Southern Ontario, northern New York, southern Quebec
	29	4.6	19	R		Southern Ontario, northern New York, southern Quebec
20 A 6	30	4.6	18	R		New York, northern New England, southern Quebec
Kejimkujik	27	4.3	2	R		Atlantic Ocean
100 A 0	28	4.6	12	R		Atlantic Ocean
	29	3.9	2	R	1	Atlantic Ocean
						R = rain (mm), S = snow (cm), M = mixed rain and snow (mm)

STATION	t e mean	m p e anom	rat: max	min	precip. ptot st	wind i dir	max vel	STATION	mean	m p e	max	ure min	precip.	wind dir	m
British Columbia								Ontario							
Blue River A	15P	-3P	25P	8P	18P***		X	Ontario	10	***	-			-0.5	
Comox A		i i	28	10	2 ***	120		Geraldton A			27	7	39 ***	240	
						120	46	Gore Bay A	20	1	27	13	17 ***	270	
Cranbrook A		-3	29	8	5 ***		X	Kapuskasing A	18	2	29	11	92 ***	220	
Fort Nelson A		-1P	27P	7P	6P***	270	39	Kenora A	19	0	27	13	161 ***	110	
Fort St John A		-1	24	7	31 ***	220	39	London A	21	1	30	14	28 ***	200	
Kamloops A	. 20	-2	30	9	12 ***	240	44	Moosonee	***	***	***	***	*** ***	200	
Penticton A	. 20	-1	31	11	23 ***	020	63	North Bay A	. 20	2	27	12	27 ***	120	
Port Hardy A		1	23	9	17 ***	120	37	Ottown Int'l A	20	2	27	13		120	
Prince George A	15	100	25		29 ***		N 53,03	Ottawa Int'l A	22	. 2	29	14	29 ***	230	
Prince George A	. 13	0		6		200	56	Petawawa A		***	27	***	*** ***		
Prince Rupert A	. 14	1	20	9	37 ***	180	33	Pickle Lake	18	2	28	12	24 ***	240	
Smithers A		-1	24	7	60 ***	150	46	Red Lake A	***	***	28	***	*** ***	240	
Vancouver Int'l A	. 18	0	23	12	22 ***	160	39	Sioux Lookout A		1	27	12	35 ***	260	
Victoria Int'l A	. 16	-1	26	9	8 ***		X	Sudbury A			28	14	35 ***		
Williams Lake A		-2	24	5	3 ***		X	Thursday Day A	10	1	ALC: UNION		Street and to the street	330	
Williams Dake A			27	3	3		^	Thunder Bay A	. 19	1	27	13	65 ***	290	
								Timmins A		2	29	8	78 ***	330	
Yukon Territory								Toronto(Pearson Int'l A). 22	1	31	13	41 ***	250	
Komakuk Beach A	***	***	***	***	*** ***		X	Trenton A		1	28	15	7 ***	280	
Teslin (aut)	15P	***	23P	7P	5P***		X	Wiarton A		i	30	*	17 ***	220	
Watson Lake A	16P	1P	26P	7P	2P***	290	46	Windsor A	24	2	34		the state of the s		
Whitehorse A		1	25	9	9 ***		100 PG 200 Uni	WINGSOF A	. 24	2	34	15	14 ***	280	H
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Northwest Territories								Bagotville A	. 20	1	29	8	55 ***	090	
Alert	. 6	2	17	1	4 ***		X	Baie Comeau A	17	î	25	7	18 ***	080	
Baker Lake A		3	22	7	9 ***	060	32	Blanc Sablon A		***	19	2	41 ***	000	
Cambridge Bay A		1	17	4	5 ***	030						2			
Cambridge Bay A		***	***	***			39	Gaspé A	. 18	-1	26	8	16 ***	130	
Cape Dyer A		***			*** ***	230	56	Inukjuak A	. 14	4	20	9	5 ***		
Clyde A	. 4	0	9	0	8 ***		X	Kuujjuaq A	. 16	4	27	7	7 ***	340	
Coppermine A	. 10	1	19	3	5 ***	090	39	Kuujjuarapik A	. 17	6	29	8	23 ***	020	
Coral Harbour A	11	2	19	3	2 ***	020	43	La Grande Rivière A	10	6	29	12	16 ***	210	
Eureka		2P	12P	3P	1P***	020	X			1					
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Fort Smith A	. 15	0	25	8	44 ***	330	48	Montréal Int'l A	. 22	1	29	14	52 ***	150	
Hall Beach A	. 8	3	16	3	1 ***		X	Natashquan A	. 15	0	22	8	28 ***	100	
nuvik A	. 16	2	28	5	8 ***	340	35	Natashquan A	. 21	1	30	11	53 ***	230	
qaluit A	. 9	1	20	2	48 ***	300	39	Schefferville A	17	4	26	8	38 ***	210	
Mould Bay A	***	***	8	***	*** ***		X	Sept-Îles A	15	0	22	*	56 ***	090	
Norman Wells A	17	1	26	10	8 ***	110	52	Sherbrooke A	20	2		0	51 ***		
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Alberta								Fredericton A	. 18P	-2P	29P	7P	14P***	200	
Calgary Int'l A	. 16	-1	29	7	12 ***	180	63	Miscou Island (aut)			24P	12P	4P***	200	
Cold Lake A		2	31	11	8 ***	280	57	Moneton A	10	0	26	7	5 ***	180	
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ort McMurray A	. 16	1	25	8	13 ***	280	56	St Leonard A	. 18	***	29	5	17 ***	170	
Grande Prairie A	. 16	0	24	. 7	20 ***	240	63								
ligh Level A	. 16	0	26	6	36 ***	330	54	Nova Scotia							
ethbridge A	17	-2	31	9	31 ***	270	87	Greenwood A	20	1	29	10	8 ***	180	
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		3	32	11	11 ***		100	Charlottetown A				150		100	
a Ronge A	. 19					240	78	East Point (auto)	. IOP	P	18P	15P	35P***		
legina A	. 19	0	29	9	3 ***	290	67								
askatcon A	. 18	-1	32	7	6 ***	240	69	Newfoundland							
wift Current A	. 18	0	32	11	12 ***	270	80	Cartwright	. 17	3	29	2	19 ***	210	
orkton A		1	29	10	2 ***	270	85	Churchill Falls A	16P	2P	28P	7P	22P***	*	
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ynn Lake A		2	30	8	22 ***	260	50			1	20	6	9 ***		
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nean = mean weekly tem				pt				tion total in mm	Y _	no obs			ons —		
	tempera	ature, °C		st di	= snow	w thick	ness	on the ground in cm	X =		ervation	n			



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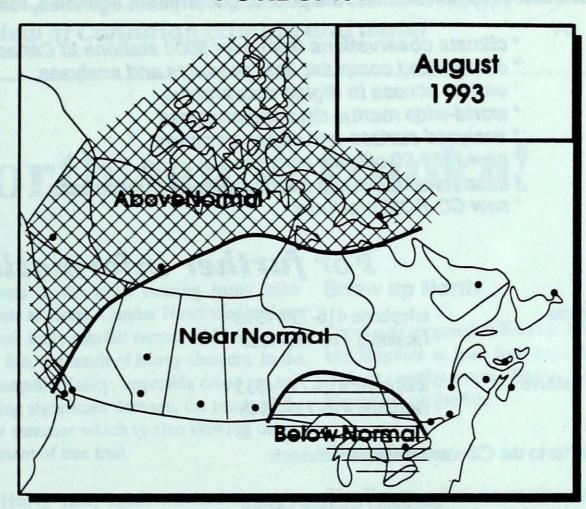
Service de l'environnement atmosphérique

Normal temperatures for the month of August, °C

Whitehorse	13	Toronto	20
Yellowknife	14	Ottawa	19
Iqaluit	7	Montréal	20
Vancouver	17	Québec	18
Victoria	16	Fredericton	18
Calgary	15	Halifax	18
Edmonton	16	Charlottetown	18
Regina	18	Goose Bay	14
Winnipeg	18	St. John's	15

Canadä

MONTHLY TEMPERATURE FORECAST





Did you know that old-growth forests are irreplaceable? They provide the only available home for many wildlife species. They also contain hundreds of years of the Earth's history. Old-growth forests are a treasure worth protecting.

An environmental citizenship message from Environment Canada.

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