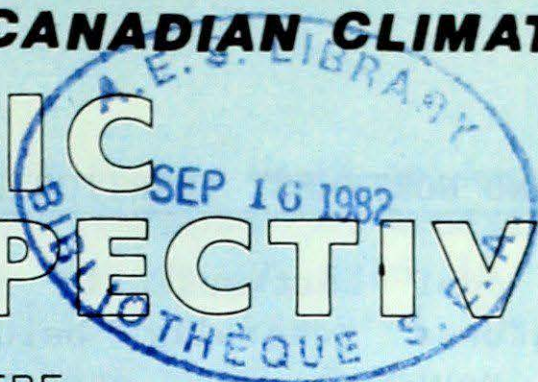


# CLIMATIC PERSPECTIVES

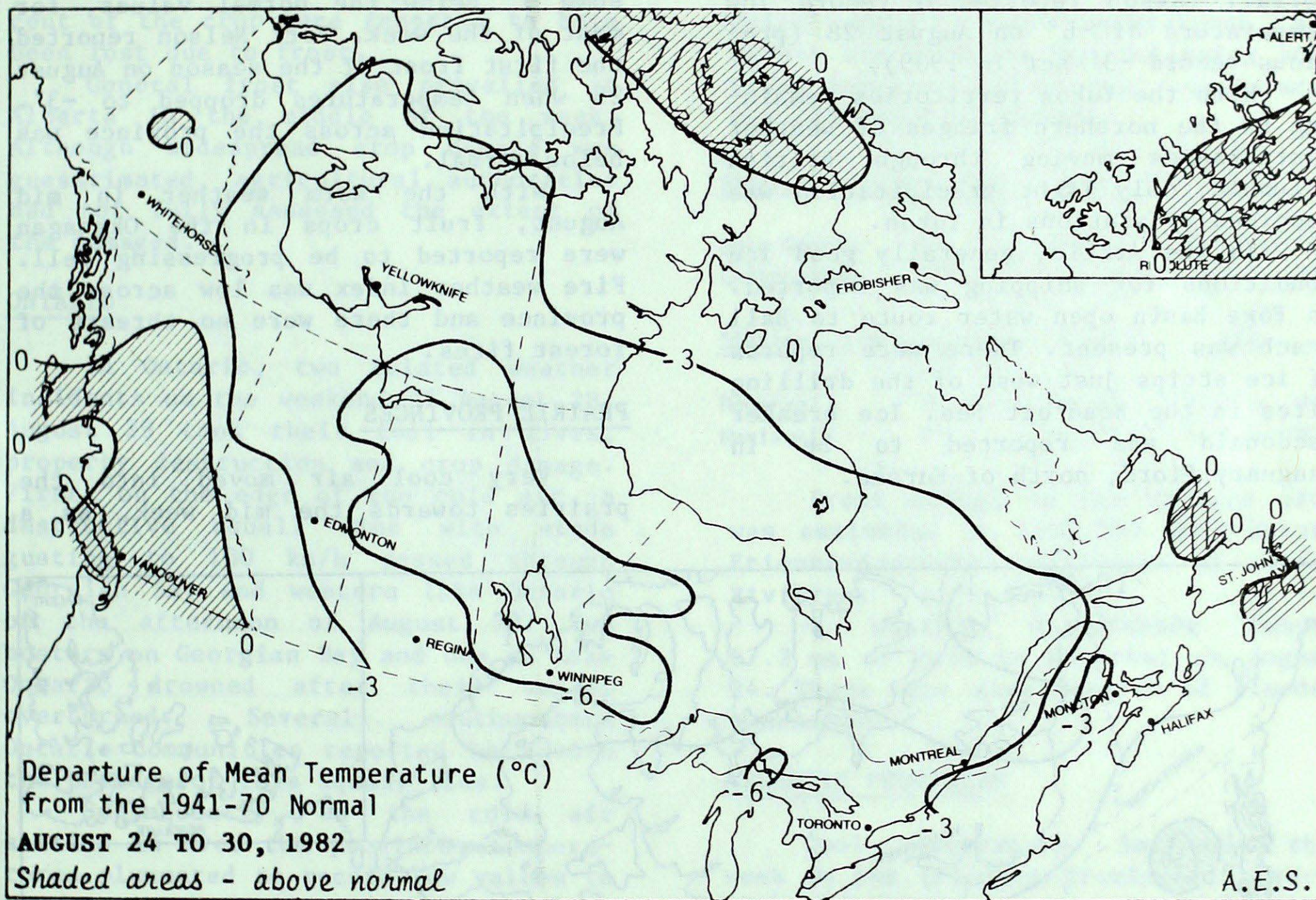


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SEPTEMBER 3 1982

(Aussi disponible en français)

VOL.4 NO. 34



## WEATHER HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE PERIOD - AUGUST 24-30, 1982

### Widespread crop damage from frost

Below freezing temperatures across the country resulted in widespread frost damage to the crops. Hardest hit was southwestern Ontario where up to 50 percent of the tobacco crop was lost during the weekend. Grain crops in Saskatchewan suffered extensive frost damage earlier in the week.

Three boaters were drowned in southern Ontario, as a violent squall line with winds gusting to 100 km/h destroyed their vessels.

Temperatures ranged from a high of  $34.1^{\circ}$  at Lytton, B.C. to a low of  $-4^{\circ}$  at Nictau, N.B. Woodstock, Ont. totalled 115 mm of rain for the week.

NOTE: The data shown in this publication are based on unverified reports from approximately 225 Canadian and 115 northern United States Synoptic stations.



### YUKON AND NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

A cool northwesterly flow kept temperatures generally below normal across southern and eastern Yukon. Central and western localities fared better with slightly above normal maximum temperatures, however clear skies overnight held minimums well below normal. Dawson reported a record low temperature of  $-6^{\circ}$  on August 28 (previous record  $-3^{\circ}$  set in 1909).

With the Yukon territories remaining on the northern fringes of weather disturbances moving through British Columbia, only light precipitation was recorded by stations in Yukon.

In the Arctic, generally good ice conditions for shipping was reported. In Foxe Basin open water route to Hall Beach was present. There were reports of ice strips just west of the drilling sites in the Beaufort Sea. Ice breaker Macdonald was reported to be in Tanguary Fiord, north of Eureka.

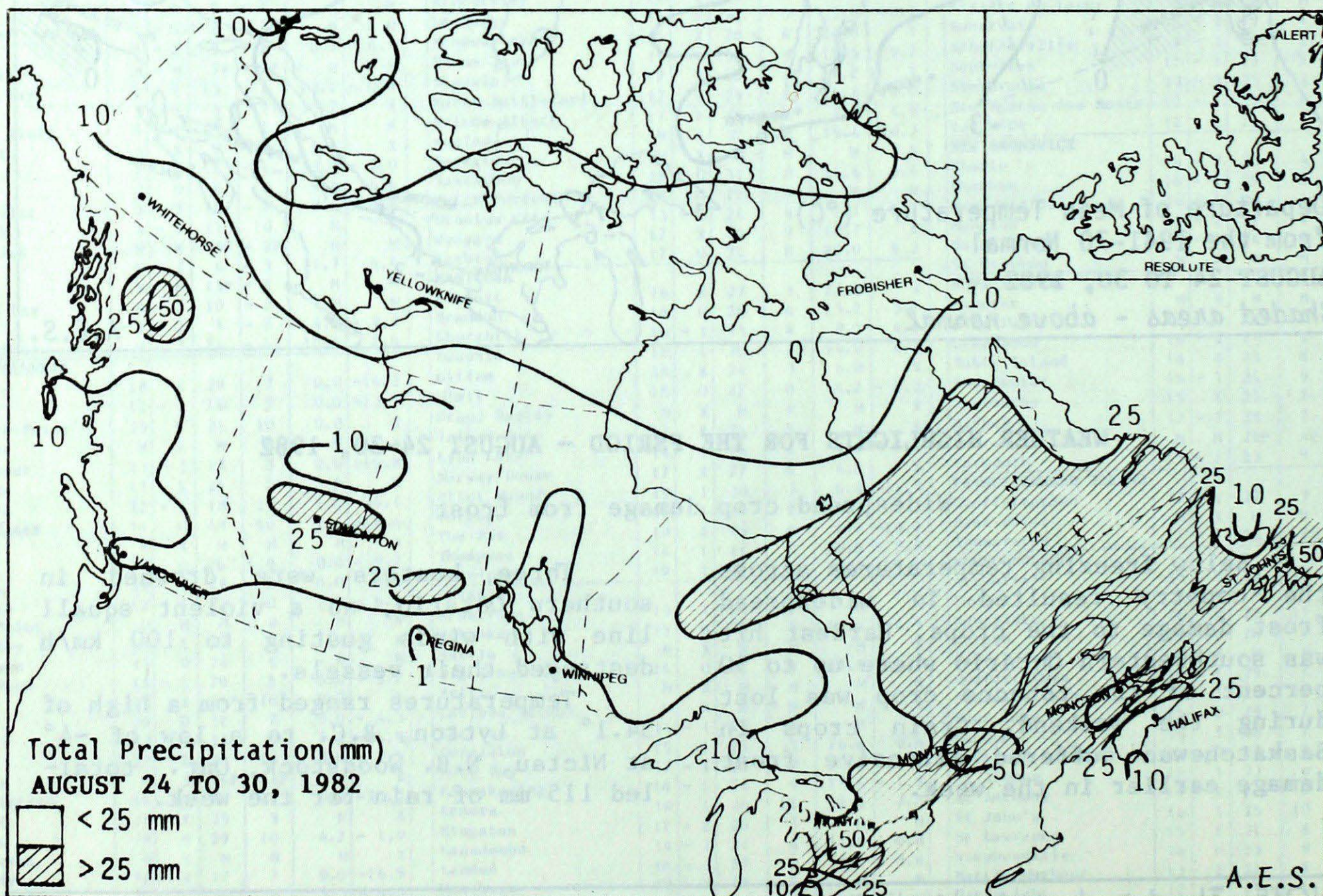
### BRITISH COLUMBIA

The week started with near to above normal temperatures across most of the regions, however, towards the end of the week much cooler air had moved in. The only exception to this temperature trend was the far northern regions where temperatures remained some  $5^{\circ}$  below the normal values, for most of the week. Fort Nelson reported the first frost of the season on August 25 when temperatures dropped to  $-3^{\circ}$ . Precipitation across the province was below normal.

With the warm weather in mid August, fruit crops in the Okanagan were reported to be progressing well. Fire weather index was low across the province and there were no threats of forest fires.

### PRAIRIE PROVINCES

Very cool air moved into the prairies towards the mid week, as a





result, several record low temperatures were set in the area. Mercury plunged to a record  $-5^{\circ}$  at Broadview, Sask. on August 27 (previous record  $0^{\circ}$ , set in 1941). Frost was reported across most of eastern Saskatchewan and southwestern Manitoba on August 25 and August 26. Areas experiencing worst frost were east of a line Meadow Lake - Regina - Estevan. In Saskatchewan, up to 50 per cent of the crop were reported to have been lost due to frost.

General frost also prevailed in Alberta in the middle of the week. Although widespread crop damage was guesstimated, agricultural authorities had not fully assessed the extent of the damages.

#### ONTARIO

In Ontario, two related weather incidents on the weekend of August 28, August 29 took their toll in lives, property destruction and crop damage. First, on the edge of the cold air, a destructive squall line with winds gusting to 100 km/h passed through Georgian Bay and western lake Ontario on the afternoon of August 28. Two boaters on Georgian Bay and one on Lake Ontario drowned after their vessel overturned. Several southwestern Ontario communities reported hail with the passage of this squall line.

Subsequently, as the cold air settled in over the province, temperatures plummeted to record low values in many southern localities. This resulted in widespread frost damage to crops in southern Ontario. Hardest hit was the tobacco crop, up to 50 per cent of the unharvested tobacco in the Delhi-Tilsonburg area was lost when ground level temperatures fell to  $-5^{\circ}$  on August 29. In addition to tobacco losses, agriculture officials estimated a 20 per cent loss of the soybeans in Elgin county.

Earlier in the week on August 25, a torrential downpour in Woodstock resulted in 115 mm of rain in just 6 hours. Burlington measured 94 mm of rain from the same storm.

#### QUÉBEC

A rather cool weather pattern persisted in Québec. In addition to 38 daily record low temperatures set across the province the following stations reported record low temperatures for the month of August.

<u>Station</u>	<u>Low max. temp.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Old</u>
Bale Comeau	$10^{\circ}$	Aug.27	$11.1^{\circ}$ in 1972
Chibougamau	$9^{\circ}$	Aug.27/28	$10.0^{\circ}$ in 1976

<u>Station</u>	<u>Low min. temp.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Old</u>
Roberval	$0^{\circ}$	Aug.28	$0.6^{\circ}$ in 1965
Maniwaki	$0^{\circ}$	Aug.26	$1.1^{\circ}$ in 1976

Frost damage to the tobacco crop was estimated at \$400,000 near Saint-Etienne-des-Grès northwest of Trois Rivières.

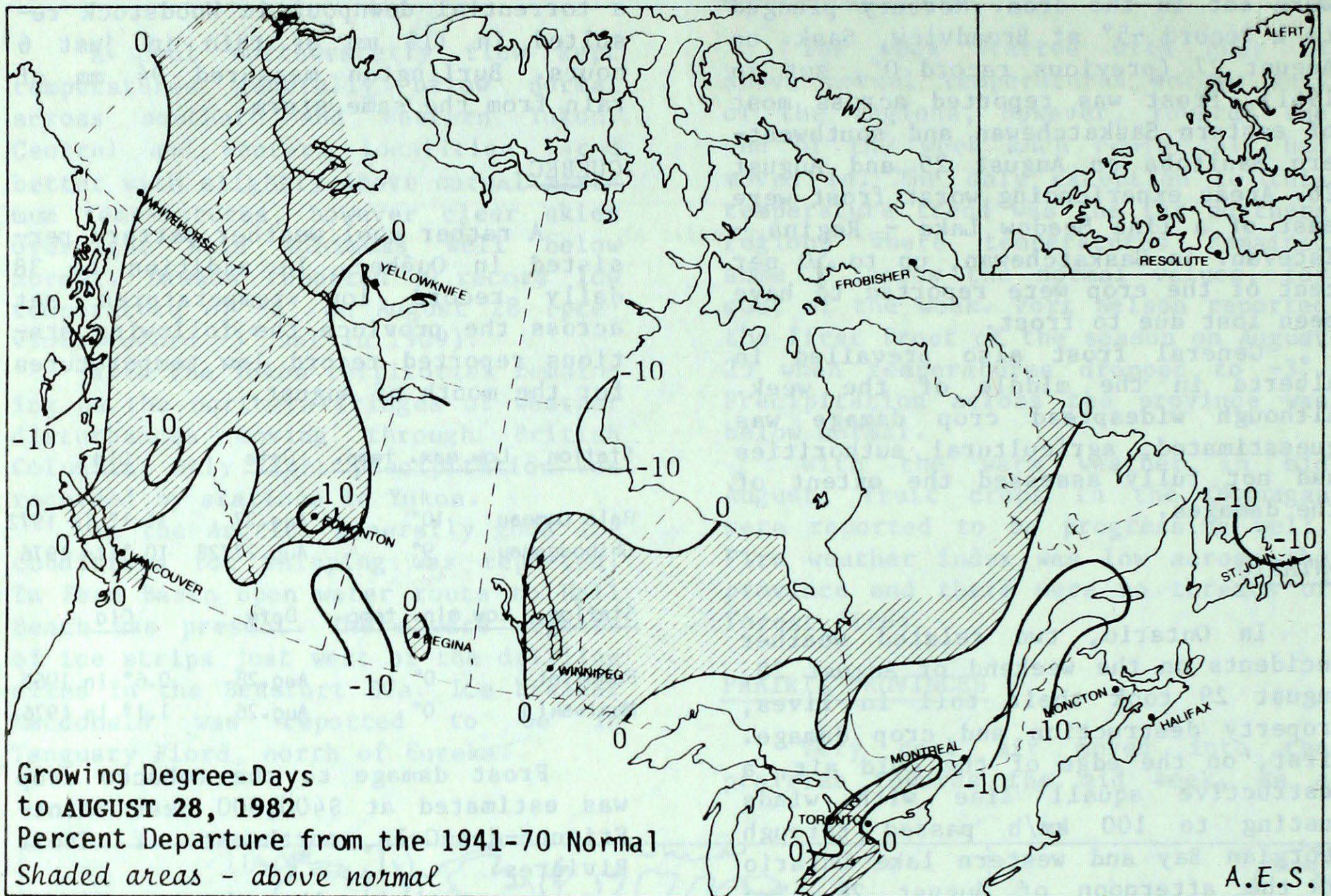
A weather disturbance dumped 67.2 mm of rain in Montréal on August 24. There were some reports of flooded basements.

#### ATLANTIC PROVINCES

Cool temperatures dominated the week in the Atlantic provinces. Overnight minimum temperatures fell below the freezing mark in many northern and central New Brunswick communities. Temperatures plummeted to  $-4^{\circ}$  at Nictau, New Brunswick on August 29. Minor damage to crops was evident from the frost, however no damage to the tobacco crop was reported. Up to one-half of the tobacco crop had been harvested. A major summer storm passed through Fredricton on August 24. There were some reports of power outages.



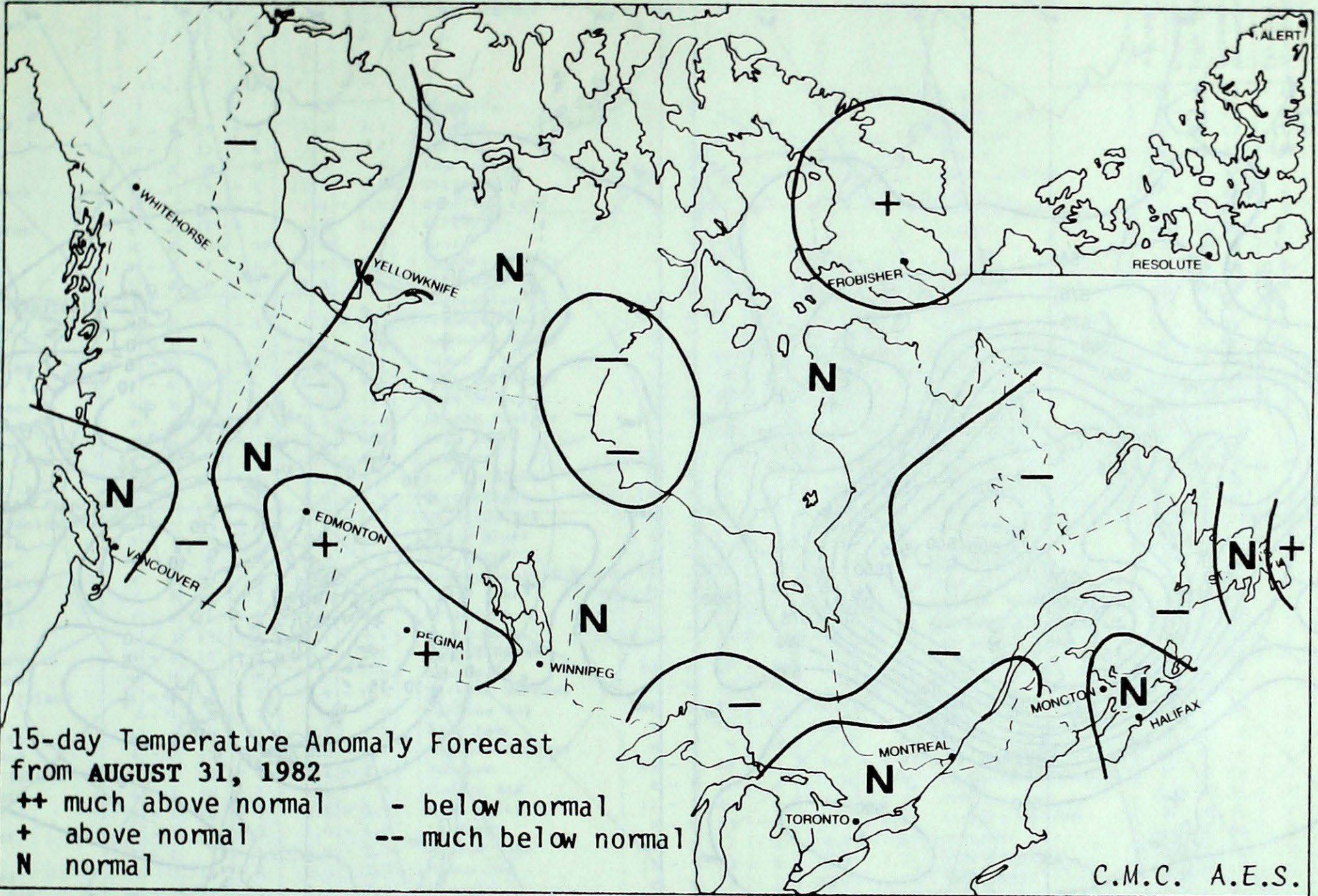
## GROWING DEGREE-DAY SUMMARY TO AUGUST 28, 1982



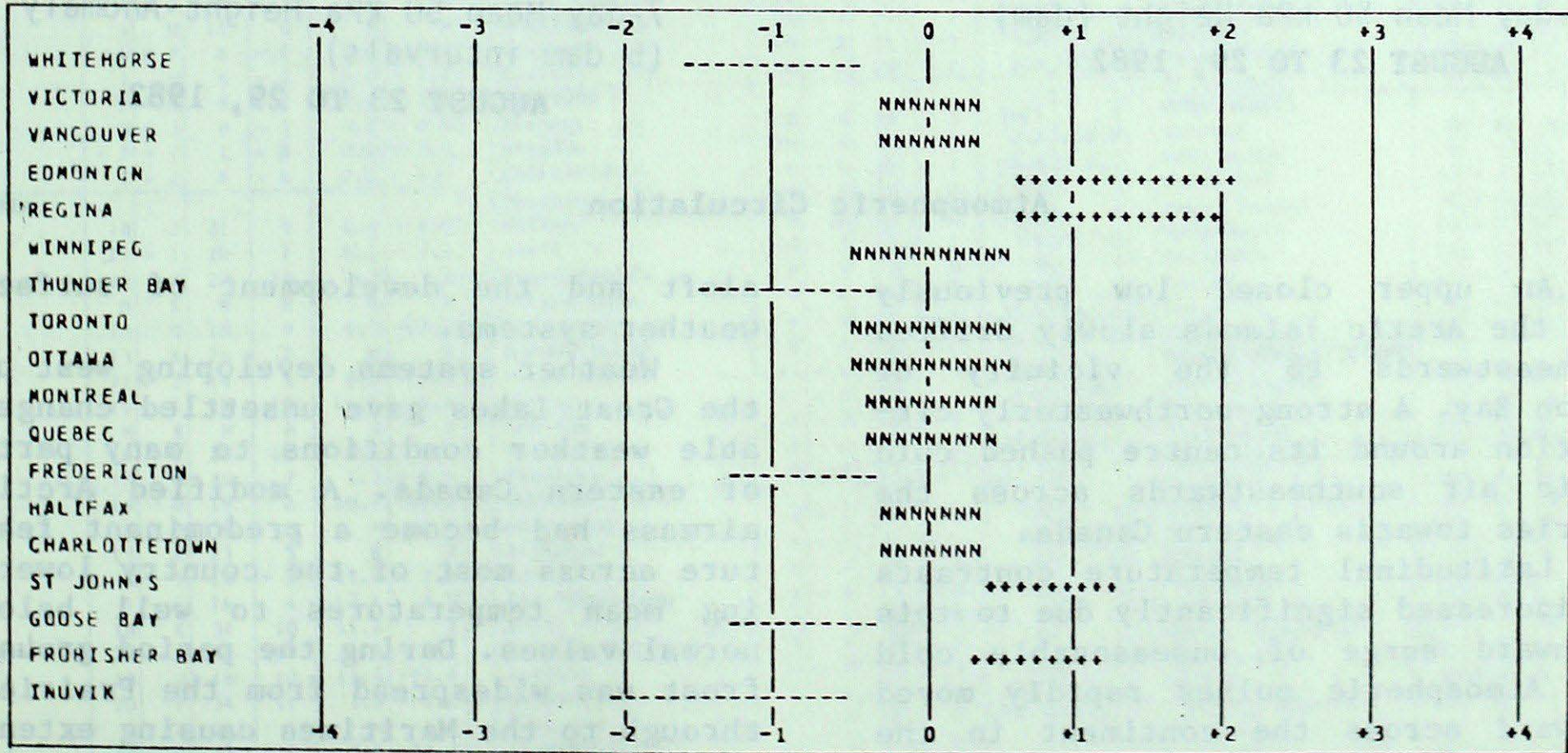
STATION	MONTHLY CUMULATIVE TOTAL	MONTHLY DIFF. FROM 1941-70 NORMAL	SEASONAL TOTAL	SEASONAL DIFF. FROM 1941-70 NORMAL	SEASONAL PERCENT OF NORMAL
Whitehorse	185.0	-25.0	773.0	-3.0	100
Penticton	394.5	-9.5	1577.5	-53.5	97
Vancouver	331.0	-10.0	1372.5	-51.5	96
Edmonton	286.5	-9.5	1225.0	126.0	111
Calgary	283.0	-10.0	1053.0	3.0	100
Regina	361.5	-6.5	1319.5	14.5	101
Saskatoon	325.5	-29.5	1199.0	-91.0	93
Winnipeg	354.0	-33.0	1401.5	13.5	101
Thunder Bay	276.0	-48.0	1065.0	-32.0	97
Windsor	431.5	-27.5	1867.0	27.0	101
Toronto	354.0	-69.0	1502.0	-97.0	94
Ottawa	349.5	-55.5	1578.5	19.5	101
Montréal	351.5	-68.5	1572.0	-32.0	98
Québec	305.5	-53.5	1278.5	-47.5	96
Fredericton	325.0	-43.0	1299.0	-30.0	98
Halifax	328.5	-35.5	1066.5	-113.5	90
Charlottetown	333.5	-29.5	1096.0	-54.0	95
St. John's	308.0	11.0	727.5	-81.5	90



TEMPERATURE ANOMALY FORECAST



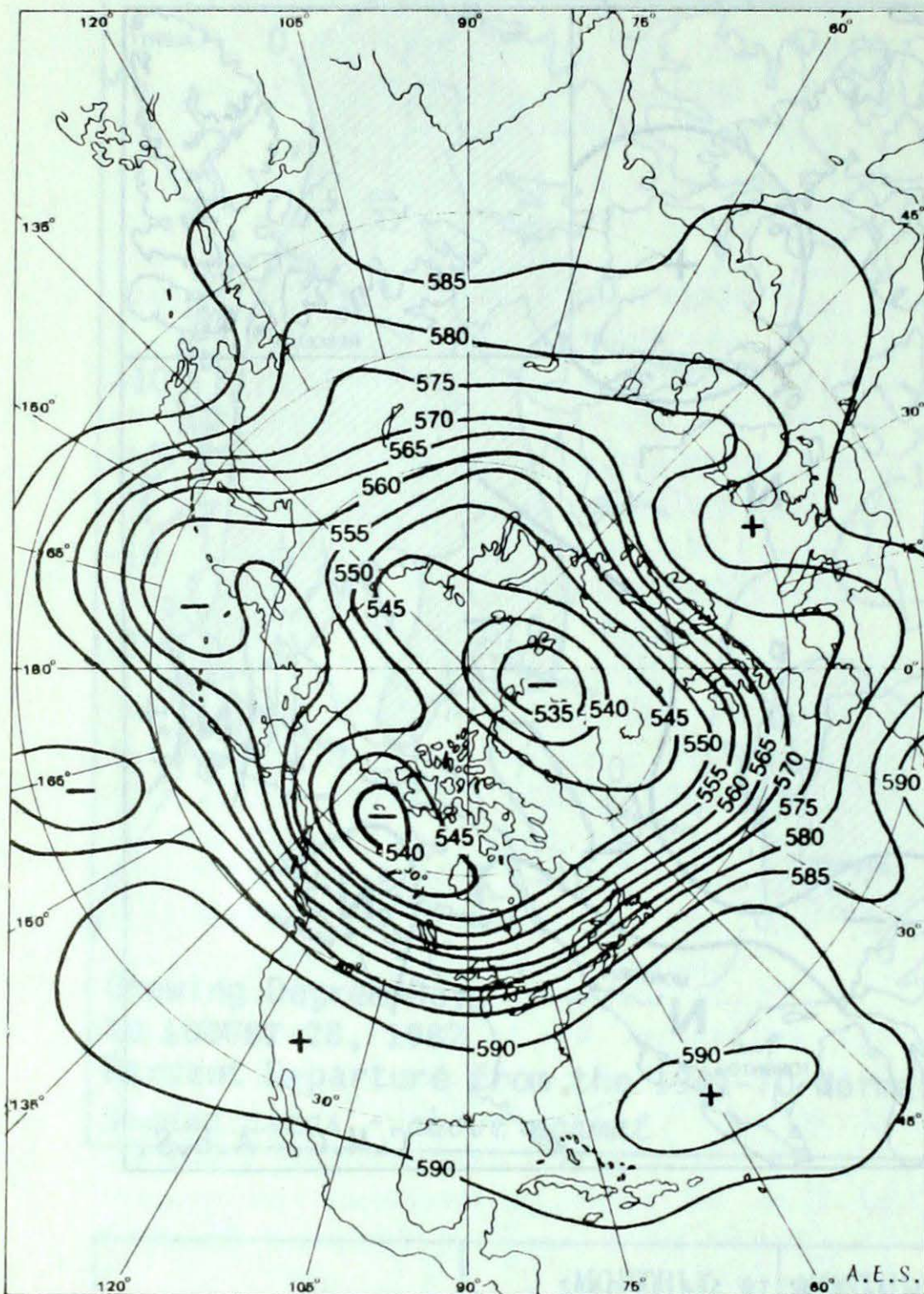
TEMPERATURE ANOMALY FORECAST FOR AUG 31 1982 TO SEP 14 1982



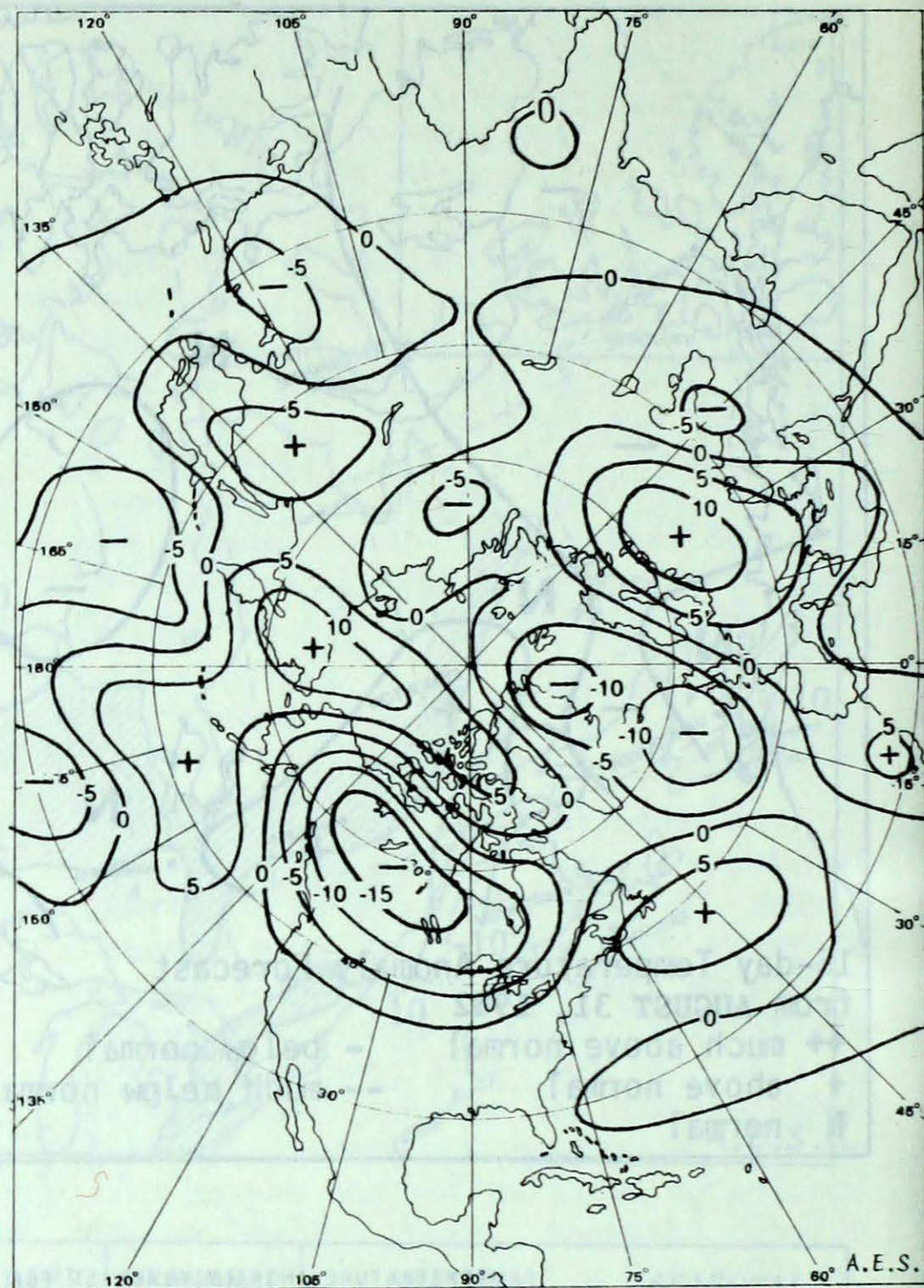
<<<< MUCH BELOW NORMAL      NNNN NEAR NORMAL      >>>> MUCH ABOVE NORMAL  
 ----- BELOW NORMAL      +++++ ABOVE NORMAL



## ATMOSPHERIC CIRCULATION



7-day Mean 50 kPa Height (dam)  
AUGUST 23 TO 29, 1982



7-day Mean 50 kPa Height Anomaly  
(5 dam intervals)  
AUGUST 23 TO 29, 1982

## Atmospheric Circulation

An upper closed low previously over the Arctic Islands slowly drifted southeastwards to the vicinity of Hudson Bay. A strong northwesterly circulation around its centre pushed cold Arctic air southeastwards across the prairies towards eastern Canada.

Latitudinal temperature contrasts had increased significantly due to this southward surge of unseasonably cold air. Atmospheric pulses rapidly moved eastward across the continent in the upper flow. This combination had intensified both the circulation pattern

aloft and the development of surface weather systems.

Weather systems developing west of the Great Lakes gave unsettled changeable weather conditions to many parts of eastern Canada. A modified Arctic airmass had become a predominant feature across most of the country lowering mean temperatures to well below normal values. During the period ground frost was widespread from the Prairies through to the Maritimes causing extensive damage to many farm crops in Saskatchewan and Ontario.

Andy Radomski



TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION DATA FOR THE WEEK ENDING 0600 G.M.T. AUGUST 31, 1982

Station	Temperature (°C)				Precip. (mm)		Station	Temperature (°C)				Precip. (mm)		Station	Temperature (°C)				Precip. (mm)	
	Average	Departure from Normal	Extreme Maximum	Extreme Minimum	Total	Departure from Normal		Average	Departure from Normal	Extreme Maximum	Extreme Minimum	Total	Departure from Normal		Average	Departure from Normal	Extreme Maximum	Extreme Minimum	Total	Departure from Normal
Smithers	14	1	27	3	5.0	-4.7	Petawawa	12	X	23	-1	9.4	X	Pick Lake	8	-6	15	2	M	M
Stewart	14	X	21	9	M	X	Red Lake	10	-6	17	-1	10.5	-8.6	Sincoe	M	M	25P	10P	M	M
Terrace	16	2	28	9	4.3	-16.1	Stouffville	10	-6	18	1	13.8	-6.4	Sudbury	13	-4	23	2	18.6	1.9
Vancouver	17	1	27	11	12.4	2.9	Thunder Bay	11	-4	22	2	9.5	-14.6	Timmins	10	-5	20	1	8.4	-15.7
Victoria	17	1	28	11	1.8	-4.8	Toronto	15	-5	26	2	48.9	28.8	Trenton	15	-4	24	6	44.0	29.8
Williams Lake	14	1	24	8	4.5	-5.4	Upsala	M	X	M	M	M	X	Wawa	10	X	16	1	4.1	X
<b>ALBERTA</b>							Warton	13	-5	21	2	14.4	-7.3	Windsor	18	-4	28	5	5.1	-16.1
Banff	11	0	23	3	M	M	<b>QUÉBEC</b>							Bagotville	11	-5	22	4	43.8	26.5
Calgary	12	-1	23	3	18.2	-1.4	Bale Coneau	10	-4	20	2	10.3	-10.6	Blanc Sablon	12	1	17	2	M	M
Cold Lake	7	-6	14	-1	32.0	10.8	Border	M	M	M	M	M	M	Chevery	M	X	M	M	M	X
Coronation	11	-3	23	3	18.2	5.7	Chibougamau	8	X	18	1	30.4	X	Gaspé	11	X	21	1	29.0	X
Edmonton Intl	9	-4	20	2	21.7	2.5	Grindstone Island	15	-1	19	10	29.2	8.0	Inukjuak	6	-2	10	2	7.6	-9.1
Edmonton N. Main	9	-5	18	1	27.4	11.4	Kuujuak	8	-1	18	2	36.4	22.3	Lac Eon	M	X	M	M	M	X
Edson	9	-3	20	4	34.0	14.3	Grande Rivière	6	X	17	0	27.7	X	Maniwaki	11	-5	22	0	24.0	8.5
Fort Chipewyan	5	-7	18	-3	M	M	Matagami	9	X	19	0	M	X	Mont-Joli	11	-4	20	4	25.6	5.5
Fort McMurray	7	-6	15	-2	7.3	-4.7	Montréal	14	-5	26	4	74.7	54.2	Natashquan	10	-2	19	4	48.8	29.8
Grande Prairie	10	-3	18	4	14.9	4.0	Nitchequon	8	-3	16	0	43.0	24.0	Parent	M	X	M	M	M	X
High Level	7	-5	18	-4	15.2	-11.2	Port Menier	M	M	M	M	M	M	Poste-de-la-Baleine	7	-3	18	2	30.0	10.5
Inverness	11	-1	20	5	13.8	2.9	Québec	12	-4	25	2	43.4	22.9	Rivière du Loup	M	M	M	M	M	M
Lac La Biche	M	X	M	M	M	X	Roberval	10	-6	20	0	27.8	9.1	Schefferville	8	-2	16	1	43.2	23.7
Lethbridge	14	-2	29	5	7.5	-4.6	Sept-Îles	10	-3	17	2	28.1	8.6	Sherbrooke	12	-3	26	-1	54.1	36.8
Medicine Hat	15	-2	27	5	6.9	-6.9	Ste Agathe des Monts	10	-5	22	0	53.8	35.0	Val d'Or	10	-5	21	0	34.3	12.3
Peace River	7	-6	15	-2	14.3	6.8	<b>NEW BRUNSWICK</b>							Charlo	13	-1	22	3	45.9	25.3
Red Deer	11	-2	21	5	27.7	8.6	Chatham	13	-3	26	2	46.6	28.4	Fredericton	14	-3	26	2	65.9	46.6
Rocky Mountain House	10	-2	20	4	14.5	-9.5	Moncton	14	-2	25	4	51.9	28.5	Salisbury	13	-2	22	3	73.7	48.3
Slave Lake	8	-5	15	-2	7.5	-13.6	St Stephen	M	X	M	M	M	X	<b>NOVA SCOTIA</b>						
Vermilion	8	-5	17	-1	13.5	-4.6	Amherst	M	X	M	M	M	X	Eddy Point	15	X	22	8	32.8	X
Whitecourt	9	-3	19	2	39.5	22.1	Greenwood	14	-3	27	3	15.4	-9.6	Sable Island	16	-1	20	9	24.6	2.5
<b>SASKATCHEWAN</b>							Shearwater	15	-2	21	6	13.4	-8.6	Shelburne	14	X	24	5	6.6	X
Broadview	10	X	24	-5	2.2	X	Sydney	15	-2	23	4	26.6	-0.6	Truro	M	M	25P	2P	M	M
Buffalo Narrows	7	-6	14	0	M	M	Yarmouth	14	-2	20	7	12.6	-7.3	<b>PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND</b>						
Collins Bay	4	X	12	-2	28.4	X	Charlottetown	15	-2	24	6	57.0	32.9	East Point	M	X	M	M	M	X
Cree Lake	5	X	14	-2	10.9	X	Summerside	15	-2	24	6	18.4	-5.6	<b>NEWFOUNDLAND</b>						
Eastend Cypress	M	X	M	M	M	X	Argenta	16	X	21	10	44.9	X	Badger	M	X	M	M	M	X
Estevan	13	-5	28	3	6.9	-3.9	Bonavista	15	1	23	10	18.8	-1.2	Burgeo	13	-1	18	4	26.2	-10.3
Hudson Bay	8	-7	17	-2	M	M	Cape Race	M	X	M	M	M	X	Comfort Cove	13	0	22	4	12.0	-4.2
Kindersley	12	-3	24	4	5.0	-2.2	Daniel's Harbour	14	0	18	10	38.2	20.4	Deer Lake	12	-1	23	1	31.1	7.9
La Ronge	6	-8	13	-3	10.9	-6.7	Garfield	14	-1	21	5	9.8	-15.3	Gander	14	-1	21	5	33.0	-2.9
Meadow Lake	7	X	17	-2	18.4	X	Port aux Basques	13	0	18	7	M	M	St Albans	14	0	21	3	M	M
Moose Jaw	12	-5	23	4	6.3	-7.2	St Anthony	12	X	19	6	M	X	St John's	15	0	23	7	62.8	36.2
Nipawin	8	X	17	-1	30.4	X	St Lawrence	14	1	21	6	36.7	6.0	Stephenville	14	-1	20	7	43.1	18.3
North Battleford	9	-6	18	-1	20.3	4.3	Battle Harbour	10	0	17	4	M	M	Battle Harbour	10	0	17	4	M	M
Prince Albert	8	-7	16	-4	34.2	21.4	Cartwright	11	0	20	5	33.6	19.8	Churchill Falls	9	-1	17	2	40.8	25.5
Regina	12	-4	24	3	0.4	-18.0	Churchill Falls	11	-2	16	4	31.4	16.5	Goose	11	-2	16	4	11.3	-8.0
Rocky Mountain	M	X	M	M	M	X	Hopedale	8	-2	17	5	11.3	-8.0	Wabush Lake	8	-3	17	1	18.0	-4.6
Saskatoon	10	-6	18	2	6.8	-4.7	<b>ONTARIO</b>													
Swift Current	12	-4	23	4	M	M	Armstrong	8	-6	21	-2	M	M							
Uranium City	6	-7	15	1	23.2	13.4	Atikokan	9	-7	21	-2	13.0	-2.7							
Wynyard	10	X	21	-3	5.8	X	Barré	M	X	M	M	M	X							
Yorkton	10	-5	23	-2	3.0	-15.2	Big Trout Lake	8	-5	13	3	21.3	-3.4							
<b>MANITOBA</b>							Britt	M	X	M	M	M	X							
Bissett	10	X	18	-1	16.7	X	Carthou Island	M	X	M	M	M	X							
Brandon	10	-6	22	-3	2.2	-16.9	Earlton	12	-4	21	1	M	M							
Churchill	6	-4	10	-1	16.8	0.2	Geraldton	9	-5	22	0	8.6	-4.2							
Dauphin	10	-6	20	0	8.8	-4.3	Gore Bay	13	-5	20	2	12.5	-1.7							
Gillam	6	X	12	0	19.6	X	Kapuskasing	10	-5	21	0	7.1	-10.9							
Gimli	10	-7	18	1	5.0	-17.0	Kenora	10	-7	18	2	9.9	-9.7							
Grand Rapids	M	X	M	M	M	X	Kingston	16	-3	24	5	M	M							
Island Lake	9	X	16	3	M	X	Lansdowne	8	-6	14	1	28.0	10.7							
Lynn Lake	6	-7	12	-1	17.1	-12.0	London	14	-5	25	2	67.4	51.2							
Norway House	8	X	16	-1	6.6	X	Moosonee	10	-4	21	0	M	M							
Pilot Mount	11	-6	22	-2	4.6	-7.5	Mount Forest	13	-3	24	1	31.2	18.3							
Portage	11	-6	21	1	2.0	-20.2	Muskoka	14	-3	22	0	M	M							
The Pas	8	-7	15	1	13.8	-1.4	Nagami	M	X	M	M	M	X							
Thompson	6	-6	15	-3	4.7	-22.7	North Bay	12	-4	21	2	18.1	2.8							
Winipeg	M	M	19	1P	M	M	Ottawa	14	-4	24	4	44.7	26.7							

P = extreme value based on less than 7 days X = no normal due to short period M = not available at press time