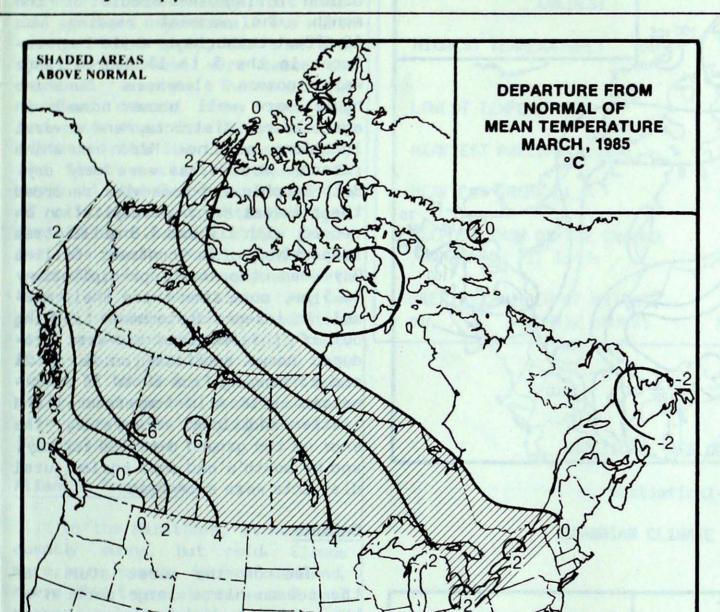
# Climatic Perspectives

Monthly Supplement

Vol.7 March, 1985



# **MEAN TEMPERATURE** MARCH, 1985 -15 -10

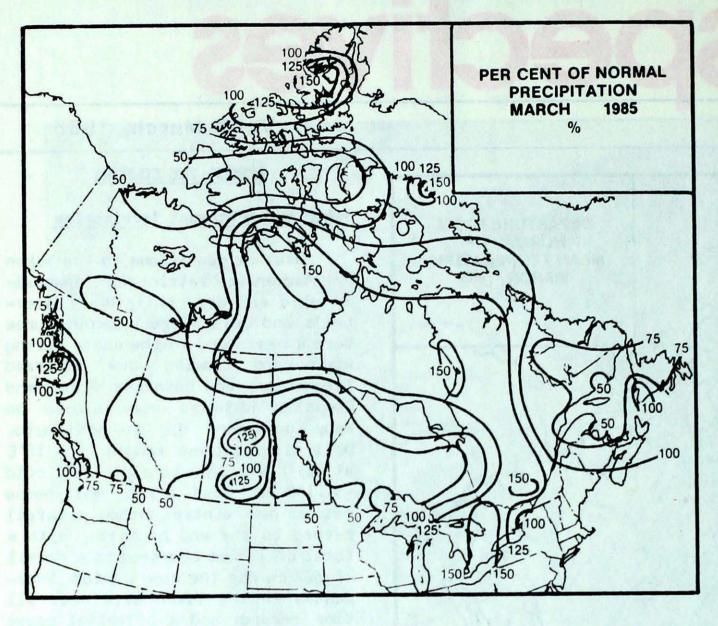
### ACROSS THE COUNTRY

# Yukon and Northwest Territories

Weather conditions in the Yukon and Mackenzie District were unusually mild and dry, while heavy snowfalls and below normal temperatures were experienced in the east. Strong winds and blowing snow occurred frequently, and both the Haines and Dempster Highways were closed on many occasions due to whiteouts. Daily temperatures ranged from 10°C at Hay River down to a bitterly cold -51.1°C at Pond Inlet. Whitehorse set a new winter season snowfall record to the end of March, with a total of 175 cm compared to a normal of 122 cm for the same period Snowdepths in the Yukon were near all time records and a potential cause for concern

#### British Columbia

Under the influence of a strong high pressure ridge, fine weather prevailed for the most part, but weather conditions deteriorated somewhat after spring's official arrival. Mean temperatures were near normal in the south, but were well above seasonal values in the north. Precipitation was significant along the north coast, but elsewhere it was a relatively dry month. Five communities in the interior set new monthly low precipitation records. Cranbrook received only 5.7 mm of precipitation. The 3-month period, January to March inclusive, was the second driest at Vancouver since records began in 1937. Despite sunny skies during the first three weeks of the month, cool night-time temperatures along the south coast delayed the flowering of many bulbs and shrubs by as much as two weeks. Considering the time of year, gales were infrequent over coastal waters.



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# Prairies

March was a much warmer and drier than normal month. Only areas in the northeast recorded near or below normal temperatures. A number of maximum temperature records were broken during the middle of the The warmest reading was month. 18.6°C at Lethbridge, while temperatures in the 5 to 15 degree range common elsewhere were Surishine hours were well above normal in agricultural districts, and several locations set new March sunshine records. Most areas were very dry. Both Dauphin and Broadview recorded their lowest March precipitation on record, with 1.4 and 3.8 millimetres respectively. In contrast Collins Bay had the most precipitation, 48.5 mm, more than twice their normal. An intense disturbance tracking out of the American mid-west produced heavy snowfalls on March 21 and 22 ranging from 10 to 36 centimetres. With mild temperature; and little additional snowfalls, the snow on the ground dwindled rapidly, and by month's end most agricultural districts were snow-free

## <u>Ontario</u>

Two of the worst storm; of the season hit a large portion of the province during the early and latter parts of the month. On larch 4, up to 35 centimetres of snor and freezing rain snarled traffic and stranded motorists in many paris of southern and central Ontaric On March 31, a major freezing rain storm, accompanied by gale-'orce winds hit the south. Up to 25 :m of fresh snow blanketed central Intario. Trees snapped under the weight of ice pulling down transmission lines. Some communities were without power for more than a day. Some locations in central Ontario recorded their heaviest March snowfall in more than 30 years. Precipitation in northwestern Ontario was unusually light. Kenora received only 7. 1 mm, one quarter of their normal tarch moisture. In contrast, many localities in the southern half of the province experienced their wettest March since 1976. Temperatures were mild, ranging from 3 to 4 degrees above normal in the north and 1 to 2 degrees above normal in the south.

# Quebec

typical March fashion, weather conditions were quite variable, with periods of cold and snow, intermixed with brief periods of mild and sunny weather. Temperatures fluctuated widely, but overall averaged near normal. The north was cold and snowy, and snowfalls in the northwest were twice the seasonal average. The southwest received several heavy snowfalls and rain. More than 40 cm of snow blanketed the St. Lawrence Valley the first week of the month. On March 13, the Gaspé received 89 mm of rain and snow, establishing a new 24-hour precipitation record for the month. Precipitation was unusually light along the North Shore. In the mountainous regions of the province, skiing conditions were very good. Surprisingly sunshine was plentiful across the south. At the end of the month snow still covered the whole province with snow depths ranging from 8 to 121 centimetres.

# Atlantic Provinces

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In the Maritimes, it was frequently sunny, but cold. Clouds were more common in Newfoundland, where mean temperatures were 2 to 3 degrees below normal. A cold snap on March 6 and 7 set new daily temperature records at several locations. The minimum temperature at Stephenville on March 7 dropped to 23.5°C, a new monthly record. Precipitation was below normal in the Maritimes, but quite variable in Labrador and Newfoundland, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island were especially dry. hatham received only 39.8 mm of precipitation during the entire month, the lowest March total since 1950. At many locations this was the seventh consecutive month with below normal precipitation. Several storms affected the East Coast. Snowfalls were heavy in Newfoundland and along he Labrador Coast. Strong winds, qusting to 120 an/h on at least two occasions caused heavy blowing snow and zero visibilities. In the Maritimes there was a mixture of rain and snow. On March 12 and 13, both Halifax and Saint John received more than 60 mm of rain.

# CLIMATIC EXTREMES IN CANADA - HARCH 1985

#### MEAN TEMPERATURE: Victoria Gonzales Hts. BC WARMEST 6.t° -40.9° COLDEST Eureka, NWT HIGHEST TEMPERATURE: St. Catharines, ONT 21.0° Pond Inlet, NWT 51.1° LOWEST TEMPERATURE: **HEAVIEST PRECIPITATION:** Ethelda Bay, BC 394.3 mm Goose, NWT HEAVIEST SNOWFALL: 109.4 cm DEEPEST SNOW ON THE GROUND ON MARCH 31, 1985: Battle Harbour, NFLD 141 GREATEST NUMBER OF BRIGHT SUNSHINE HOURS: 249 hrs

# ADDITIONAL AES CLIMATE PUBLICATION

Fort McMurray, ALTA

#### Statistical Climate Data

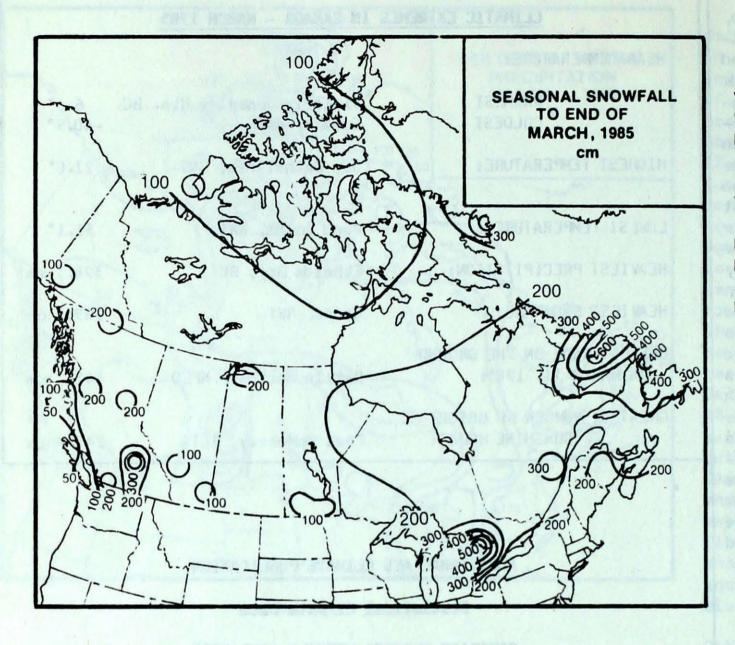
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# SNOWFALL



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# SEASONAL SNOWFALL TOTALS (CH)

TO END OF MARCH

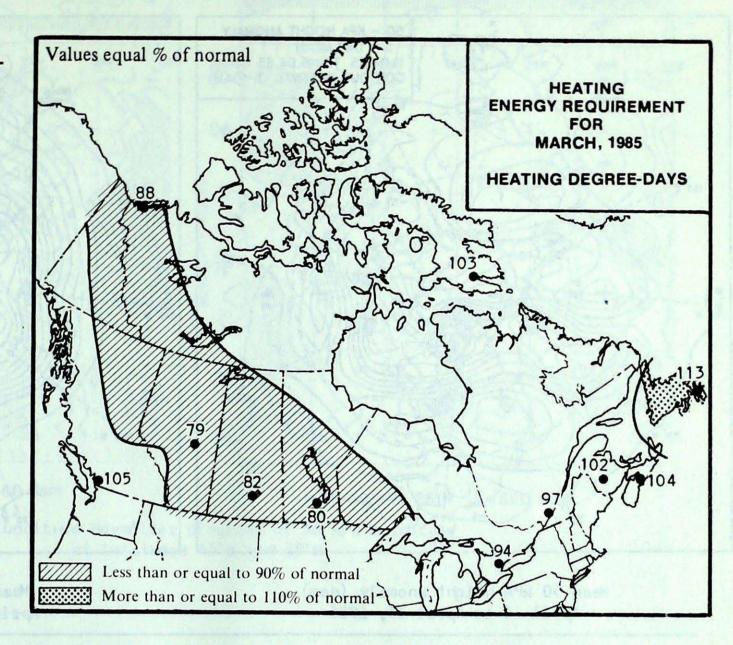
	1985	1984	HORMAL
YUKON TERRITORY			lange of
Whitehorse	174.9	95.0	122.3
NORTHWEST TERRI	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	170 5	107.4
Frobisher Bay	192.2	132.5	193.4
Inuvik Yellowknife	148.4	138.4	144.9
TELLOWRITTE	140.4	147.7	121.7
BRITISH COLUMBI	A		
Kamloops	115.3	48.2	91.2
Penticton	72.2	63.5	75.8
Prince George	191.0	127.1	229.6
Vancouver	66.1	11.7	60.1
Victoria	73.8	19.3	49.6
particular to fine			
ALBERTA	00.0	00.1	desnu
Calgary	90.9	80.1	116.3
Edmonton Namao	115.6	69.8	116.9
Grande Prairie SASKATCHEWAN	141.5	109.1	164.3
Estevan	123.0	63.2	98.0
Regina	134.8	66.7	101.6
Saskatoon	124.1	56.8	101.6
MANITOBA		A Section 1	estal S. f. file
Brandon	83.5	58.2	103.5
Churchill	162.2	190.8	150.2
The Pas	151.8	108.6	144.6
Winnipeg	89.0	61.5	111.7
cold Cloud			
ONTARIO	Lugare	the trade	#KDW >
Kapuskasing	283.4	223.7	284.8
London	218.9	261.0	199.4
Ottawa Sudbury	296.5	245.8	229.3
Thunder Bay	185.2	141.1	192.6
Toronto	134.0	130.5	123.7
Windsor	149.8	125.6	113.2
QUÉBEC		nesitiva il	toba9
Baie Comeau	288.6	375.4	342.6
Montréal	212.5	238.3	223.7
Quebec	270.3	335.0	326.3
Sept-Iles	270.0	389.8	387.9
Sherbrooke	272.6	272.1	270.6
Val-d'Or	293.7	236.0	285.1
NEW COUNCILOR			
NEW BRUNSWICK	241.8	*	372.4
Charlo Fredericton	151.3	294.7	267.8
Moncton	208.7	299.1	310.6
NOVA SCOTIA	20017		
Halifax	*	180.6	243.5
Sydney	247.8	272.5	287.2
Yarmouth	*	190.4	200.9
PRINCE EDWARD	ISLAND		ottent d
Charlottetown	216.4	225.0	301.2
NEWFOUNDLAND	ster britis	in least the	r amit
Gander	332.8	409.5	342.2
St. John's	254.9	226.7	311.7
	and the		

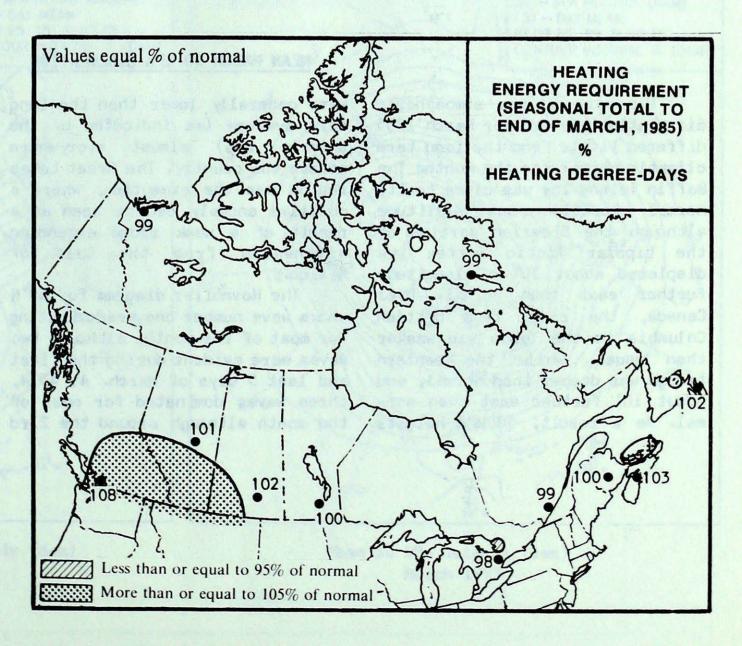
# SEASONAL TOTAL OF HEATING

# DEGREE-DAYS TO END OF MARCH

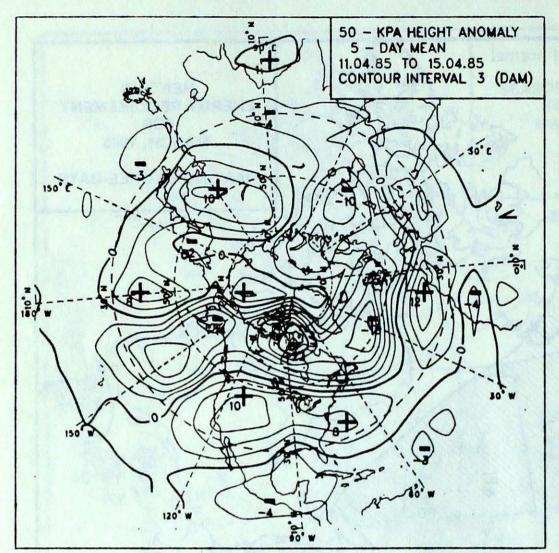
AMANDA SERVICIONE SE MANDA SERVICIONE SE MANDA SE SERVICIONE	1985	1984	NORMAL
YUKON TERRITOR	v		
Whitehorse	5728	5610	5790
NORTHWEST TERR			
Frobisher Bay	7736	8430	7812
Inuvik	8323	8428	8385
Yellowknife	7472	6809	7187
BRITISH COLUMB	IA		
Kamloops	3546	3181	3326
Penticton	3383	2963	3048
Prince George	4681	4215	4556
Vancouver	2689	2392	2484
Victoria	2735	2415	2506
ALBERTA			
Calgary	4575	4267	4514
Edmonton Mun.	4871	4321	4832
Grande Prairie	5449	4737	5272
SASKATCHEWAN	4040	1501	4010
Estevan Regina	4840 5286	4521 4808	4810 5171
Saskatoon	5452	4859	5309
MANITOBA		4037	,,,,,
Brandon	5710	4869	5559
Churchill	7372	7021	7378
The Pas	5889	5327	5838
Winnipeg	5145	4943	5138
ONTARIO			
Kapuskasing	5370	5436	5419
London	3383	3649	3504
Ottawa	3928	4094	4079
Sudbury	4525	4654	4636
Thunder Bay Toronto	4715 3405	4783 3709	4851 3460
Windsor	3037	3322	3116
QUEBEC	name to the second	Tana.	2110
Baie Comeau	4951	4962	4875
Montréal	3895	4009	3930
Quebec	4309	4371	4348
Sept-Iles Sherbrooke	5084	5157 4358	5039 4456
Val-d'Or	5207	5211	5213
NEW BRUNSWICK			
Charlo	4462	4495	4351
Fredericton	3975	3924	3968
Moneton NOVA SCOTIA	3925	3846	3914
Halifax	3448	3221	3355
Sydney	3731	3486	3505
Yarmouth	3180	3100	3222
	ISLAND		
Charlottetown NEWFOUNDLAND	3907	3629	3730
Gander	4241	4057	3999
St. John's	3836	3640	3712

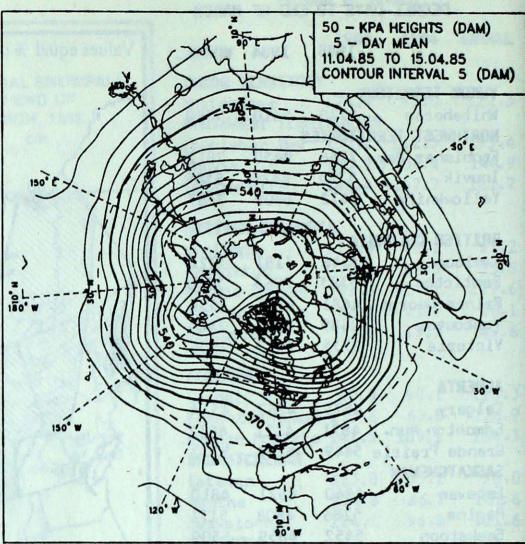
# ENERGY REQUIREMENT





# ATHOSPHERIC CIRCULATION





Mean 50 kPa height anomaly (dam) April 11 to April 15, 1985

Mean 50 kPa heights (dam) April 11 to April 15, 1985

# MEAN MARCH 50 kPa CIRCULATION

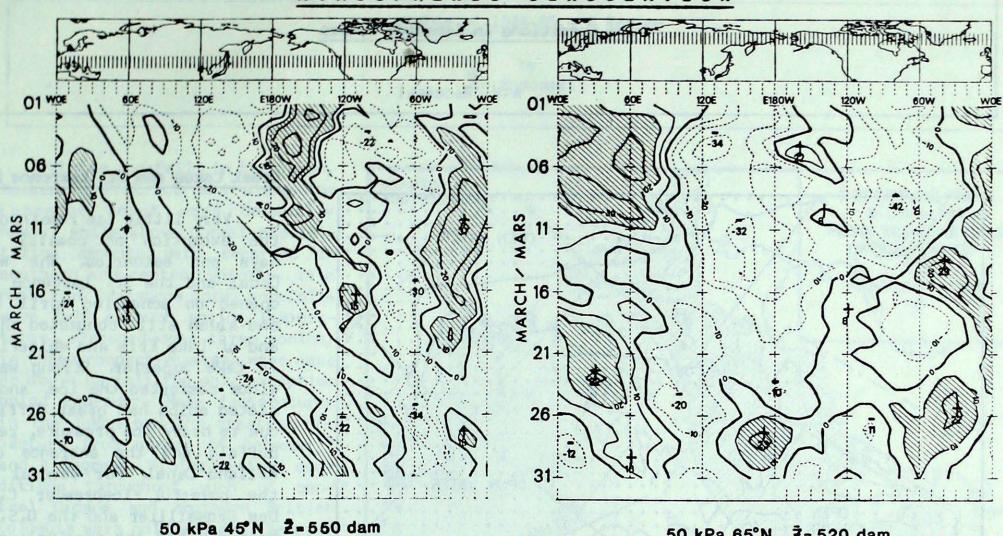
The mean 50 kPa atmospheric circulation pattern for March 1985 differed little from the long term climatic normal for the month. The Baffin Island low was close to its normal location and amplitude although the Siberian portion of the bipolar Arctic vortex was displaced about 30° of longitude further east than normal. Over Canada, the ridge from British Columbia to the Yukon was weaker than usual, while the eastern trough was deeper than normal, and about 10° further east than normal. As a result, 50 kPa heights were generally lower than the long term average (as indicated by the anomaly map) almost everywhere across the country. The Great Lakes region was the exception, where a positive anomaly can be seen as a result of a weak ridge extending northwards from the Gulf of Mexico.

The Hovmöller diagram for 65°N shows wave number one predominating for most of the month, although two waves were evident during the first and last 5 days of March. At 45°N, three waves dominated for most of the month although around the 23rd

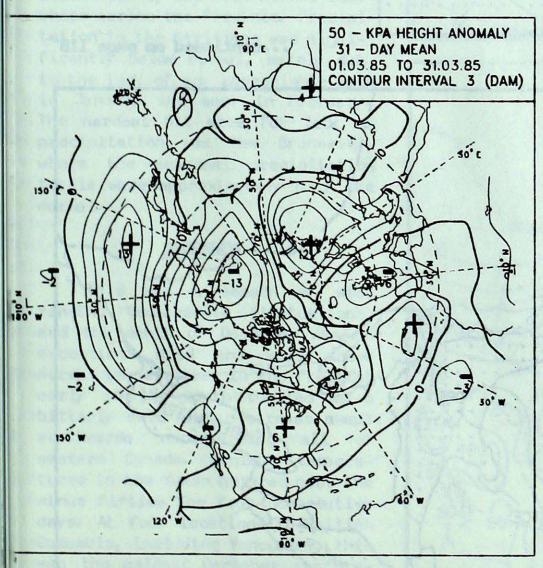
the circulation readjusted itself to a transitory wave 5 regime. During the first three weeks of March the strong, longlived ridges over the Pacific and the Atlantic converged towards each other as the former progressed and the latter retrogressed.

In general, the mean northwesterly flow over the eastern half of Canada produced cooler than normal temperatures while a warmer than normal temperature regime was associated with the western ridge.

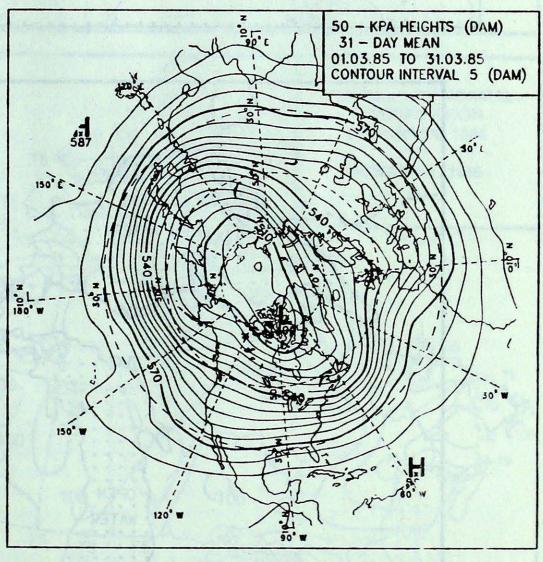
# ATMOSPHERIC CIRCULATION



Time-longitude Hovmöller diagrams of 50 kPa heights at latitudes 45°N and 65°N



Mean 50 kPa height anomaly (dam) March 1985

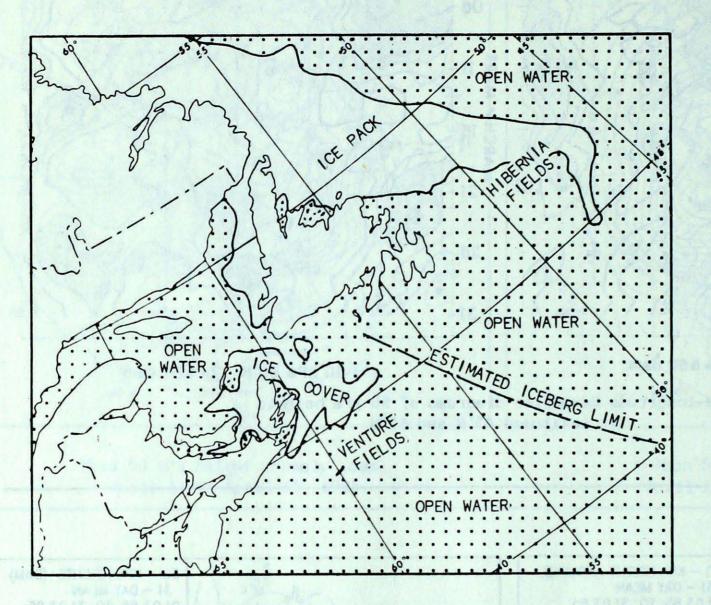


50 kPa 65°N Z= 520 dam

Mean 50 kPa heights (dam) March 1985

# Ice Conditions In Canadian Waters

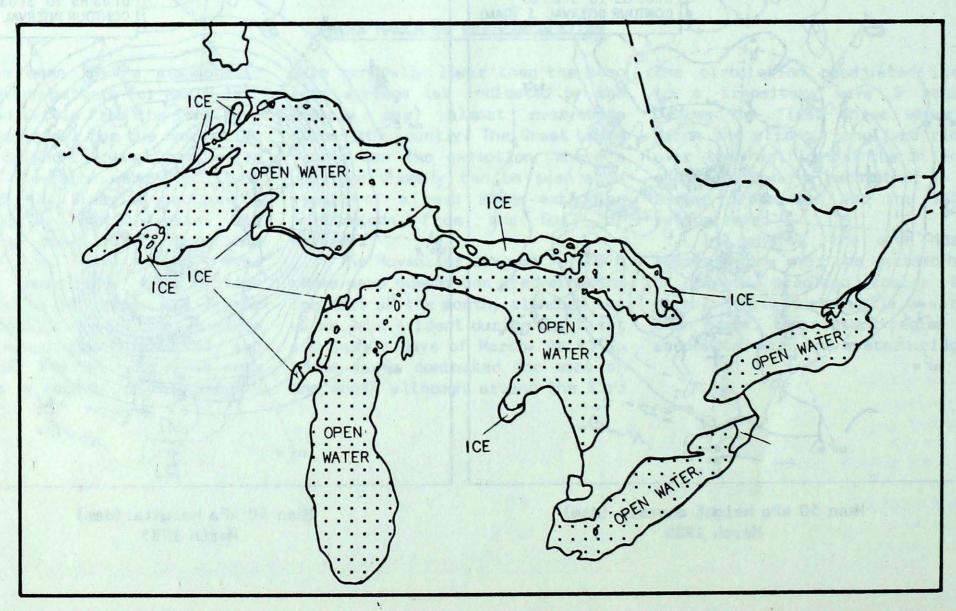
by A.K. Radomski



# Great Lakes and St. Lawrence River:

Very little ice remained, with the exception of coastal areas, bays and estuaries. The Welland Canal and the St. Lawrence Seaway opened on scheduled April 1. Ice and slush still congested the east end of Lake Erie and Whitefish Bay in Lake Superior. Strong westerly winds compacted the ice, and unassisted ships had great difficulty, due to heavy ice pressure, reaching Buffalo and the entrance of the Welland Canal For several weeks, the powerful icebreaker C.C.G.S. Des Groseillier and the U.S.C.G.C. Neah Bay had the seemingly endless task of keeping the shipping lanes open. Two Canadian and two American icebreakers also had a difficult assisting vessels through heavy ice in Thunder Bay Whitefish Bay.

... continued on page 118



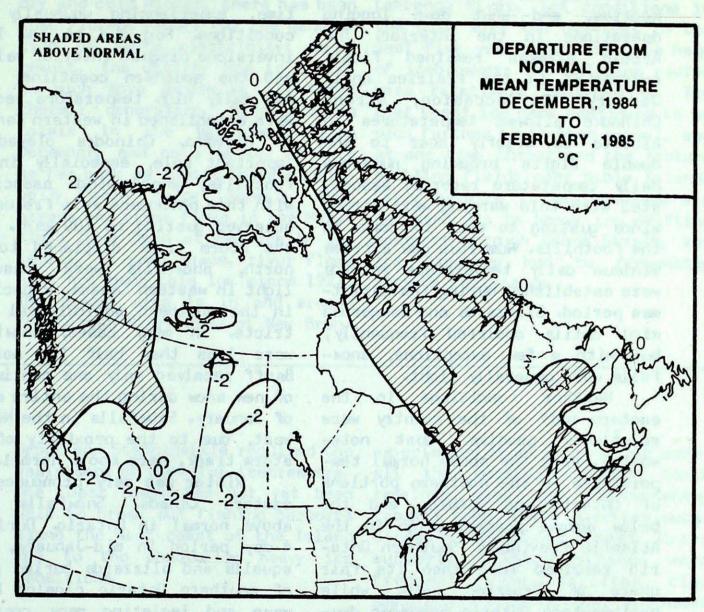
### Winter of 1984-85 - A Review

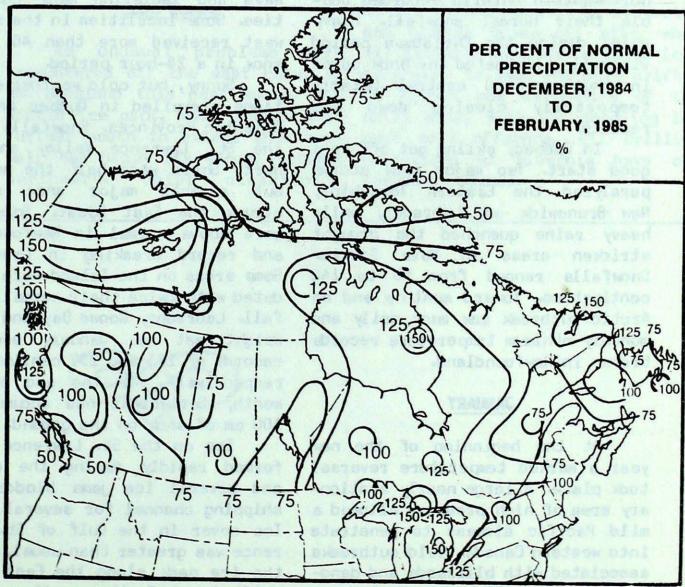
by A. Radomski

Winter snowfalls in the Yukon. Mackenzie District and along the Labrador coast were unusually heavy, while above normal precipitation amounts were recorded in southern and central Ontario. In a number of instances total snowfalls were half as much again. Temperatures, averaged over three months, in these respective areas were near or above normal; the only exception being Labrador. Mean temperatures in the Yukon had the greatest departure from normal of between 2 and 4 degrees. Winter weather conditions throughout much of central Canada and southern British Columbia were cold and dry. Several localities in southern British Columbia and on Vancouver Island recorded only half their normal precipitation during the three month period. Temperatures in the Okanagan were 3° below normal. Snowfalls in southern Québec were below normal, but near normal elsewhere across the Province. Precipitation in the Maritimes was significantly below normal, mainly due to the lack of any appreciable rain in January and snow in February. The hardest hit area for lack of precipitation was New Brunswick, where the seasonal precipitation totals were approximately half the normal.

### DECEMBER

This was a season of ranging temperature fluctuations. and the month of December was no exception. Mild and well above normal temperatures in the Prairies early in the month tumbled as a bitterly cold Arctic airmass swept southwards encompassing all of western Canada. Minimum temperatures in the Yukon hovered near the minus fifties for four consecutive days. At four locations in British Columbia, including Vancouver, this was the coldest December ever recorded. In addition, several long standing monthly minimum tempera-





ture records were smashed. Gales were frequent along the British Columbia coast, and on December 28 and 29, near blizzard conditions affected a large portion of the lower mainland. The extreme cold temporarily curtailed skiing in the Rockies, and shut down logging operations in the interior. The Arctic airmass remained firmly entrenched in the Prairies until January. On occasion, strong Chinooks allowed temperatures in Alberta to briefly soar to the double digits breaking numerous daily temperature records; associated with this warming were strong winds gusting to over 100 km/h in the foothills. Numerous new extreme minimum daily temperature records were established during the Christmas period. Blizzards and dangerous wind chills occurred frequently, but with a few exceptions, snowfalls were generally light.

Weather conditions in the eastern half of the country were Most noterelatively passive. worthy, were the above normal temperatures in the southern portions of Ontario and Quebec, and the below normal precipitation in the Atlantic Provinces. Southern Ontario received more than its fair share of freezing rain, while northwestern Ontario recorded double their normal snowfall. Heavy rains during the Christmas period virtually eliminated the snow cover in southern and central Ontario closing down ski temporarily resorts.

In Québec, skiing got off to a good start. Two major snow storms paralyzed the Eastern Townships, New Brunswick and Labrador, while heavy rains quenched the drought stricken areas in Nova Scotia. Snowfalls ranged from 50 to 140 centimetres. Toward month's end an Arctic outbreak saw many daily and monthly minimum temperature records broken in Newfoundland.

# **JANUARY**

At the beginning of the new year a marked temperature reversal took place. A large nearly stationary area of high pressure allowed a mild Pacific airmass to penetrate into western Canada. Cold outbreaks associated with blizzards and dangerous wind chills were kept to a

minimum. Highest January temperature anomalies were recorded in the Northwest, where temperatures averaged between 10 and 20 degrees above normal. Many locations in British Columbia recorded their warmest January ever, at the same time, experiencing unusually dry conditions. Fog due to low level inversions plagued interior valleys and the southern coastline. Many new daily high temperature records were established in western Canada. In Alberta, Chinocks played an important role, especially in the foothills, where winds associated with this phenomena were frequently observed gusting to 100 km/h. With the storm track displaced to the north, snowfalls were unusually light in western Canada, especially in the southern agricultural districts. In many cases, snowfalls were less than half the normal. Banff received only one centimetre of new snow during the entire month of January. Snowfalls in the Northwest, due to the proximity of the storm track, were above normal.

Winter was very pronounced in eastern Canada. Snowfalls were above normal in Ontario During a 4-day period in mid-January, snow squalls and blizzards buried parts of southern Ontario closing high-ways and isolating many communities. Some localities in the southwest received more than 40 cm of snow in a 24-hour period.

Sunny, but cold weather conditions prevailed in Québec and the Atlantic Provinces. Snowfalls along the St. Lawrence Valley and the North Shore were half the normal, several major snow storms struck the East Coast. Snowfalls were above normal in Newfoundland and record breaking in Labrador. Some areas on the Island were inundated with twice their normal snowfall. Labrador, Goose Bay and Cartwright set new January snowfall records of 235 and 237 centimetres, respectively. At the end of the month, Cartwright had accumulated 300 cm of snow on the ground.

Ice on the St. Lawrence River formed rapidly during the month, and several ice jams blocked the shipping channel for several days. Ice cover in the Gulf of St. Lawrence was greater than usual, while the ice pack along the East Coast drifted much further south, and was

more extensive than normal forcing five ocean drilling rigs to leave the Hibernia site. Canadian ice breakers were kept busy keeping shipping routes open to navigation.

#### FEBRUARY

A strong on-shore flow allowed a series of Pacific weather systems to approach the coast, and move inland. Gale occurred quite reqularly along the coast On February 11, gale force winds were observed gusting to 176 km/h along the outer coastline. With the exception of the southern agricultural districts, snowfalls were unusually heavy in western Canada, especially in central and northern British the Yukon, Northwest Columbia, Territories and northern Manitobe Several locations established new monthly snowfall records. In one, two-day period, communities adjacent to the north coast were inundated with more than 100 cm of snow, while two metres of fres powder fell in the mountains. Extremely cold Arctic air streamer southward from the Beaufort frequently dropping temperatures to the minus fifties in the Yukon and Northwest Territories, and the midminus forties in the Prairie breaking many daily minimum temper ature records. Traveller warning were issued systematically for the Yukon and Mackenzie District due to blowing snow and extreme chills. On February 8 and 9, communities in southern Saskatchewa experienced a fierce blizzard 0 February 14, heavy thunderstorm developed in the British Columbi interior and crossed into the Gran Prairie district of Alberta accompanied by heavy snow squalls an damaging winds. Temperatures moder ated significantly by the middle of the month, and the weather became relatively spring-like.

In Ontario this was a month of sharp weather contrasts. It was bitterly cold during the early part of the month, after which a southerly flow allowed temperatures to moderate substantially. Mean temperatures were near or above normal throughout much of eastern Canada. Snowfalls were unusually heavy in southern and central Ontario. In

... Winter cont'd from page 108

addition, heavy rainfalls were experienced in the southwestern portion of the province, which contributed to heavy flooding in the Chatham District. Many monthly precipitation and snowfall records were broken across the southern half of the Province. At Windsor this was the snowiest February since 1965.

In Québec, February was a relatively tranquil, but cloudy month. Snowfalls were light, and as a result skiing conditions slowly deteriorated. Heavy rains fell in Québec southwestern during the latter part of the month, including a swath of freezing rain along the Lawrence Valley, which coated trees with several centimetres of ice.

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Weather conditions were gen-

erally seasonal in the Maritimes. but changeable in Newfoundland Total snowfall during February was well below normal even though several major storms buffetted the East Coast. Due to the relatively dry and cold winter, there has been insufficient runoff for the generation of hydro electricity: as a result, the utility had to switch to much more expensive oil fired thermal generators. Precipitation totals in the Maritimes since December, and as a matter of fact as far back as August, have continbeen below normal. stream and river flows in the Maritimes have been at critically low levels. In some cases, river flows have not been this low since 1922. The driest area is in and around the Canaan River area of New Brun-

swick, where only 19 percent of the normal cumulative runoff has occurred since October 1984.

Mild weather during the latter half of February allowed earlier than normal ice break-up on the St. Lawrence River. Ice conditions in the Gulf were the heaviest in the last five years, but with the help of icebreakers the shipping routes were relatively trouble-free The East Coast ice pack continued to be much further south than normal, and at one time threatened the Venture drilling fields near Sable Island. Ferry service to Newfoundland was hampered due to heavy ice drifting eastward through Cabot Strait, and ice breakers had to frequently provide assistance

### ... Ice Conditions cont'd from 88

# Gulf of St. Lawrence

Gulf was clear of ice, but because of below normal temperatures it has taken longer than normal. Persistent westerly winds have continually pushed loose ice through the Cabot Strait, and at one time the ice threatened the Venture drill sites near Sable Island. Ferry service to Newfoundland required icebreaker assistance up until two weeks ago. Ice conditions along the west coast of Newfoundland are the heaviest in the last five years. Vessels trying to reach Corner

Brook and Stephenville required the assistance of powerful icebreakers. The Coast Guard has not yet been able to break out fishing harbours along the west coast of the Island due to the abnormally heavy ice conditions.

#### East Coast

No unusual problems were encountered off the east coast of Newfoundland this past month. The Arctic ice pack, even though much further south in extent than normal, has begun its annual retreat northward. Ships occasionly

experienced short delays, but overcoastal shipping route all the remained open and predominantly trouble free Ferry services occasionally required Coast Guard support. Iceberg sitings were frequent. The drilling rig. Bowdrill 3, 200 Km east southeast of St. John's, had to be evacuated and quickly moved off site, when all attempts to steer a large iceberg away failed. The berg drifted to within one killometre of the drill site. With the decaying ice pack well offshore, all drilling operations at Hibernia have returned to normal.



	Tem	peratur	e C				1		2	9.70					Tem	peratur	e C	E W						more			
STATION	Mean	Difference from Normal	Maximum	Minimurn	Snowfall (cm)	Z of Normal Snowfall	Total Precipitation (rnrn)	% of Normal Precipitation	Snow on ground at end of month (cm)	No. of days with Precip 1.0 rnrn or mon	Bright Sunshine (hours)	% of Normal Bright Sunshine	Degree Days below 18 C	STATION	Mean	Difference from Normal	Maximum	Winimum	Sno#fall (cm)	Z of Normal Snowfall	Total Precipitation (mm)	7. of Normal Precipitation	Snow on ground at end of month (cm)	No. of days with Precip 1.0 mm or mo	Bright Sunshine (hours)	7, of Normal Bright Sunstiine	Degree Days below 18 C
BRITISH COLUMBIA									TO SERVICE TO	THE RESERVE				YUKON TERRITORY			185					TO MAY DO	en the				
ABBOTSFORD ALERT BAY AMPHITRITE POINT BLUE RIVER BULL HARBOUR CAPE SCOTT	5.3 5.0 5.5 -1.2 4.9 5.1	-0.3 -0.2 -0.7 0.3 -0.1 -0.3	18.3 13.4 10.6 14.0 11.6 10.2	-4.1 0.3 0.1 -16.4 -1.0 0.3	9.4 4.7 2.1 27.4 1.5	82 45 47 74 15	109 0 96.5 321.6 30.0 161.7 230.6	79 94 54 97	000000	12 14 17 7 18 23	150 X X 99 X	133	395.3 402.5 389.1 MSG 409.0 400.5	BURWASH DAWSON MAYO WATSON LAKE WHITEHORSE  NORTHWEST	-11.2 -12.0 -9.4 -8.5 -6.1	1.2 2.5 1.9 2.4 1.7	5.7 3.8 5.2 7.5 5.0	-31.5 -37.2 -36.7 -37.6 -26.7	7.0 15.7 15.4 9.3 12.2	48 138 142 33 74	6.0 13.6 7.8 7.6 6.8	75	10 56 32 60 36	34327	X X 155 178	114	903 927.4 849 827.6 745.4
CAPE ST JAMES CASTLEGAR COMOX CRANBROOK DEASE LAKE	5.2 2.7 4.7 6.8 -5.5	0.3 -0.3 -0.3 0.7	9.7 15.7 12.1 16.3 7.3	1.1 -7.4 -2.6 -10.6 -31.6	9.6 21.8 5.4 4.6 33.8	104 100 52 24 127	109.8 30.0 104.1 5.7 15.4	84 53 93 34 69	0 0 0 0 50	20 7 13 1 6	MSG 157 X 201 142	128 122 107	396.2 473.8 410.8 519.6 728.6	TERRITORIES  ALERT BAKER LAKE CAMBRIDGE BAY CAPE DYER	-33.8 -30.1 -32.5 -21.9	-0.6 -2.6 -1.6 0.6	-9.6 -10.9 -15.8 -0.5	-43.4 -43.7 -44.1 -43.1	6.4 21.0 11.3 29.8	88 253 209 87	4.8 20.8 9.9 26.4	273	45 67 40 92	2527	61 185 189 X	91 98 102	1605.0 1491.4 1563.0 1236.
ETHELDA BAY FORT NELSON FORT ST JOHN HOPE KAMLOOPS KELOWNA	3.7 -4.2 -1.5 5.7 3.9	-0.5 5.6 5.1 0.1 0.4	11.2 11.9 11.3 19.5 16.6	-2.6 -28.2 -18.8 -3.0 -6.7	12.3 18.4 18.9 6.9 1.8	65 63 58 44 40	394.3 13.4 13.8 99.4 4.7	55 46 67 48	56 6 0 0	22 3 5 11 2	167 X 144 183	143 125 128	443.5 689.4 605.2 382.7 438.7	CAPE PARRY  CLYDE COPPERMINE CORAL HARBOUR EUREKA FORT RELIANCE	-24.7 -27.8 -27.4 -27.5 -40.9 -19.6	-1.1 -0.7 -2.7 -3.9	-16.1 -7.6 -11.4 -13.0 -21.0 0.7	-35.8 -42.7 -41.5 -34.1 -49.8 -34.7	4.6 16.4 9.7 12.1 5.2 12.6	43 273 93 112 216 101	2.8 10.8 5.1 12.1 3.5 5.8	180 52 112 159	9 53 25 19 33 38	0 31612	177 169 179 121	110 104 90 102	1322. 1409. 1406. 1410. 1828. 1165.4
LANGARA LYTTON MACKENZIE MCINNES ISLAND PENTICTON	5.3 -1.7 5.1 3.2	0.4 0.2 3.0 0.1 -0.7	8.2 20.5 10.0 11.9	0.6 -5.8 17.0 0.1	5.0 17.4 22.8 48.1	29 189 54 332 93	180.3 17.9 26.0 373.3	136 63 49 171 83	47 0	23 2 5 25 25	161 121 X 170	111 96	426.7 392.6 601.6 400.5	FORT SIMPSON FORT SMITH FROBISHER BAY HALL BEACH HAY RIVER	-9.3 -10.0 -23.8 -31.6 -11.6	5.2 4.4 -1.1 -2.5 4.3	8.6 8.6 0.3 -6.8 9.5	-32.7 -32.7 -39.0 -47.6 -27.6	6,0 14.1 34.2 8.8 2.5	28 88 138 71 13	3.2 12.5 27.4 7.1 2.5	14 86 118 60	25 40 34 21 44	22632	191 193 162 X	119 109 92	845.5 869.2 1297.2 1572.2 922.4
PORT ALBERNI PORT HARDY PRINCE GEORGE PRINCE RUPERT  PRINCETON	4.4 4.6 0.2 3.1	0.2 2.0 9.1	16.6 14.0 9.3 10.2	-5.6 -2.6 -10.9 -5.4 -11.0	7.4 3.2 10.9 22.3	29 36 86	128.0 116.5 8.5 271.7	23 135 47	0000 00	12 14 4 19	122 105 117 101	104 85 107	MSG 415.5 551.8 14.9	INUVIK MOULD BAY NORMAN WELLS POND INLET RESOLUTE	-19.6 -32.4 -16.2 -30.4 -32.1	5.4 0.0 3.2 *	-4.7 -20.7 -0.3 -8.7 -15.1	-34.0 -45.0 -35.8 -47.1 -44.4	12.6 2.4 8.3 7.0 TR	84 60 61 *	6.0 2.4 7.0 6.8 TR		33 17 23 15 17	31400	134 135 173 144 182	76 123 102 124	1166.9 1561.8 1060.4 1499.6 1554.5
DUESNEL EVELSTOKE SANDSPIT MITHERS EFRACE	0.5 1.0 4.4 0.2	0.9 0.3 0.5 1.5	11.8 10.0 10.9 9.4 9.5	-13.4 -9.7 -1.5 -12.8	14.8 13.0 0.8 18.2 46.2	80 41 7 82	14.2 20.8 101.4 23.9	102 93 135	36 0 0	5 18 6	146 105 114 96	143 67 93 88	541.6 526.5 410.7 553.1 490.1	SACHS HAPBOUR YELLOWENIFE ALBERTA	-26.4 -15.9	1.6 2.6	-16.9 -0.5	-39.9 -32.4	0.6	18 77	0.6	20 79	10 44	ON	167 210	112	1377.7
ANCOUVER HARBOUR ANCOUVER INT'L VICTORIA GONZ. HTS VICTORIA INT'L VICTORIA MARINE	6.0 5.2 6.6 5.3 5.4	-0.1 -0.6 -0.1 -0.4 -0.5	14.1 13.3 11.9 13.0 11.7	0.1 -2.4 1.7 -3.0 -2.0	2.8 0.0 0.0 0.0	0 42 0	113.0 101.9 23.6 56.2 69.9	101 50 78 61	000 00	12 14 4 10 10	146 169 170 X	113 112 118	369.4 397.1 353.9 394.6 389.0	BANFF BROOKS CALGARY INT'L COLD LAKE CORONATION	-1.8 -0.7 -0.6 -2.3 -5.1	1.2 3.5 3.0 4.9 1.6	12.5 15.5 16.5 11.5 7.7	-20.5 -13.5 -18.6 -23.0 -19.9	11.0 12.4 4.6 2.6 7.8	44 76 23 12 33	8.8 11.1 2.8 1.2 6.5		TR 0 0 TR 14	MSG MSG 2 0 2	MSG 182 218 179 197	134 104 107	MSG MSG 580.5 628.4 715.5
VILLIAMS LAKE	-1.0	0.0	12.6	-15.2	9.1	42	5.6	25	24	1	145	90	599.3	EDMONTON INT'L EDMONTON MUNI. EDMONTON NAMAO EDSON FORT CHIPEWYAN	-2.0 -0.7 -1.5 -1.8 -8.7	4.3 3.9 3.7 4.0 5.0	11.0 13.5 11.6 16.0 8.0	-20.5 -17.0 -:8.2 -15.7 -31.0	4.2 4.8 3.0 12.0 14.7	22 25 17 36 89	4.2 4.8 2.9 5.3 14.7	26 25 16 27 95	TR TR 0 3 3 37	MSG	188 194 X 146 MSG	109 115 94	618.1 577 1 6C3. 613.1 MSG

	Tem	peratu	re C						(cm)	more					Tem	peratur	e C						(cm)	ore			
STATION	Mean	Difference from Normal	Moximum	Minimum	Snowfall (cm)	% of Normal Snowfall	Total Precipitation (nnm)	7, of Normal Precipitation	Snow on ground at end of month (a	No. of days with Precip 1.0 rnm or r	Bright Sunshine (hours)	% of Normal Bright Sunshine	Degree Days below 18 C	STATION	Wean	Difference from Normal	Maximum	Minimum	Snowfall (cm)	Z of Normal Snowfall	Total Precipitation (mm)	% of Normal Precipitation	Snow on ground at end of month (c	No. of days with Precip 1.0 mm or m	Bright Sunshine (hours)	% of Normal Bright Sunshine	Degree Days below 18 C
FORT MCMURRAY SPANDE PRAIRIE HIGH LEVEL IASPER LETHBRIDGE	-2.7 -0.9 -6.8 -0.8 0.8	6.1 5.9 4.6 1.5 2.5	13.6 11.5 7.5 13.7 18.6	-28.0 -18.7 -31.1 -15.5 -18.3	12.9 11.2 13.6 2.4 21.4	53 48 64 16 81	8.7 8.4 13.0 1.7 20.2	42 40 80 10 83	TR TR 30 TR 0	3 3 2 0 5	249 137 163 162 MSG	150	640.9 584.6 768.0 581.4 535.6	PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE THE PAS THOMPSON WINNIPEG INT'L ONTARIO	-2.0 -5.7 -10.5 -2.8	5.0 5.1 4.9 5.0	10.8 11.7 10.5 9.2	-19.9 -26.1 -34.8 -21.4	6.3 11.9 18.2 2.8	36 42 62 13	5.6 9.5 17.9 6.8		0 9 23 0	2 3 4 2	x 223 153 207	127 78 117	619 73 884 64
MEDICINE HAT PEACE PIVER RED DEER ROCKY MTN HOUSE SLAVE LAKE SUFFIELD	0,7 -3.0 -3.3 -3.4 -1.3	3.1 5.1 2.5 0.8 5.2 2.7	17.6 9.0 10.8 11.8 15.4	-15.3 -22.4 -22.5 -22.5 -20.1	14.4 10.2 8.4 5.7 7.2 20.9	76 49 41 18 26	12.8 10.2 6.4 2.4 5.0	69 59 32 8 23	0 2 TR TR TR	2 5 1 0 1 1 2	198 X X X 174 205	122	538.1 645.7 665.5 663.4 598.8 583.5	ATIKOKAN BIG TROUT LAKE EARLTON GERALDTON GGRE BAY	-3.6 -11.2 -6.5 -7.8 -3.3	3.8 2.9 0.7 2.8 0.6	9.8 5.7 7.1 7.5 6.6	-26.0 -33.4 -27.6 -33.5 -24.6	39.4 30.8 47.6 22.0 63.2	119 * 107 56 202	31.9 24.8 53.0 16.3	114 91 42	3 84 34 29	8 8 10 5	186 185	108	66 90 75 791
WHITECOURT SASKATCHEWAN BROADVIEW	-3.3	4.6	9.3	-14.0	12.3	48	9.0 3.8	37	TR	1	X 236	136	572.4 660.2	HAMILTON RBG HAMILTON KAPUSKASING KENORA KINGSTON	1.8 0.8 -8.1 -3.2 -0.7	1.0 1.2 0.9 3.5 0.5	20.0 18.4 8.4 9.4 11.8	-10.5 -11.7 -30.8 -16.8 -15.1	32.2 28.2 29.4 7.6 34.0	159 140 61 25	74.5 113.2 112.4 39.6 7.4 79.6	150 158 71 24	5 0 0 23 3	10 10 10 8 2	165	106	80° 65° 58
COLLINS BAY CREE LAKE ESTEVAN HUDSON BAY KINDERSLEY	-11.5 -9.0 -0.3 -4.6	3.8 4.2 5.2 4.7	9.0 11.2 16.8 11.0	-26.2 -33.1 -13.9 -30.1	91.9 23.2 12.8 6.6	331 109 73 19 53 64	48.5 17.4 11.8 4.2	211 111 61 14	49 34 2 17	11 3 2 2 2	178 156 239 218	87 128	910.2 828.2 566.3 699.6	LANSDOWNE HOUSE LONDON MOOSONEE MOUNT FOREST MUSKOKA	0.9 -11.5 -2.7 -3.2	1.4 0.4 0.3 0.2	15.5 7.6 11.1 13.0	-12.3 -33.6 17.7 -25.4	26.6 8.9 40.9 54.9	95 26 96 148	131.7 16.5 114.8 106.6	175 44 142 160	0 63 MSG 3	10 6 14 12	124 178 145	102 120 107	53; 91: 64:
LA RONGE MEADOW LAKE MOOSE JAW NIPAWIN NORTH BATTLEFORD PPINCE ALBERT	-5.4 -5.1 1.0 -5.9 -4.4	4.9 2.1 6.2 * 3.8	15.1 8.0 16.0 7.7	-30.5 -30.3 -19.3 -26.4 -19.0	14.1 9.0 23.0 24.3	49 124 *	21.2	99	37 14 1 28	3 2 3 3	X 190 210 224 X	126 134	724.2 718.1 584.1 740.4 694.6	NORTH BAY OTTAWA INT'L PETAWAWA PETERBORDUGH PICKLE LAKE	-5.5 -2.0 -3.1 -1.1 -7.4	-0.6 0.6 1.1 1.0 2.9	10.3 15.1 11.0 16.5 7.1	-21.9 -17.0 -20.6 -16.3 -32.9	83.4 44.8 43.2 25.4 28.6	216 125 144 109 74	115.7 92.4 85.2 78.6 24.6	189 136 168 124 58	34 MSG TR MSG 54	12 8 10 9 5	150 185 X X	100	72 618 653 776
REGINA SASKATOON SWIFT CURRENT URANIUM CITY	-5.0 -2.5 -3.9 -2.1	4.9 4.9 4.3 3.2 2.5	7.9 11.9 6.5 14.0	-27.0 -19.3 -19.4 -17.2	26.3 13.0 9.2 25.9	133 71 49 121	25.5	141 70 48 128	25 0 TR 13 80	5 2 3 4	208 198 X 216	126 126 138	717.8 634.6 679.3 637.9	RED LAKE ST. CATHARINES SARNIA SAULT STE. MARIE SIMCOE	2.3 1.6 -2.9 1.2	1.2 0.6 1.8 1.1	21.0 17.4 9.4 20.0	-9.3 -11.2 -22.6 -12.3	20.2 19.2 34.8 28.4	112 87 114 114	117.6 87.6 79.3 147.0	141	MSG 0 14 0	9 E 12 14	139	108	657
MANITOBA	- <b>4.</b> 2 -5.4	4.2 3.8	6.6	-24.0 -27.2	18.6	74 69	18.8	75 70	9 7	2	238	128	688.7	SIOUX LOOPOUT SUDBURY THUNDER BAY TIMMINS TOPONTO	-4.4 -5.4 -2.4 -7.3 2.1	3.5 0.2 3.5 0.7 1.0	9.7 6.1 11.3 10.2 17.6	-21.7 -21.7 -21.7 -28.9 -10.9	10.8 71.8 36.6 46.6 33.4	33 205 107 86 135	17.6 94.4 31.2 48.4 107.7	171 69	28 16 MSG 40 0	4 13 6 10 9	170	111	70 720 63 769
BISSETT BRANDON CHURCHIEL DAUPHIN GILLAM	-3.7 -3.6 -19.9 -3.9 -13.2	5.1 4.7 0.1 4.8 3.6	8.7 e.c 2.9 7.9 5.8	-26.2 -25.9 -33.2 -25.6 -33.1	12.7 3.8 21.4 1.6 19.8	56 19 115 6 63	19.9 3.7 19.0 1.4 9.2	5	7 2 31 3 53	3 1 9 0 4	218 X 197 211 X	113 104 119	707.1 667.6 1161.5 673.9 966.6	TORONTO INTIL TORONTO ISLAND TRENTON WATERLOO-WELL WAWA	0.3 1.8 -0.3 -0.7 -6.3	0.9 1.3 0.3 0.7	18.4 14.5 14.7 15.0 8.1	-13.9 -10.6 -15.0 -14.8 -24.2	28.6 21.1 27.8 28.8 54.0	128 99 104 119	78.6 89.3 90.4 104.2 52.8	148 125 145	MSG 0 0 0 34	B 9 9 9 9			545 500 566 750
GIMLI ISLAND LAKE LYNN LAKE NORWAY HOUSE PILOT MOUND	-3.9 -8.5 -10.7 -8.0 -3.1	4.7 3.8 4.2 *	9.2 7.7 11.6 7.0 8.1	-19.9 -29.8 -30.3 -30.8 -25.0	10.2 18.5 25.0 21.8 9.0	43 33 100 * 43	9.2 11.6 21.7 19.2 16.0	,	TR 49 36 2	3 4 7 8 3	226 X 148 0 X	115 79	677.6 818.0 891.1 806.7 658.0	WIARTON WINDSOR	-1.5 3.4	0.9	11.6 17.2	-18.1 -7.2	52.0 6.6	121 44	95.7 125.4	147	MSG 0	11 9	156	112	60: 45:

X = Not observed \* = normal missing MSG = data missing

													MARCH	1985													
	Tem	peratur	e C		W.		1		(cm)	more					Tem	peratu	re C						(cm)	more			
STATION	Mean	Difference from Normal	Maximum	Minimum	Snowfall (cm)	7 of Normal Snowfall	Total Precipitation (mm)	7 of Normal Precipitation	Snow on ground at end of month (	No. of days with Precip 1.0 mm or	Bright Sunshine (hours)	% of Normal Bright Sunshine	Degree Days below 18 C	STATION	Mean	Difference from Normal	Maximum	Minimum	Snowfall (cm)	7 of Normal Snowfall	Total Precipitation (mm)	% of Normal Precipitation	Snow on ground at end of month (	No. of days with Precip 1.0 mm or	Bright Sunshine (hours)	% of Normal Bright Sunshine	Degree Days below 18 C
									100				24 T	Market				35		NA.				2			2000
QUEBEC					3-5	1								NOVA SCOTIA											I E	No.	
BAGOTVILLE BA'E COMEAU BLANC SABLON CHIBOUGAMAU GASPE	-6.9 -6.9 -8.5 -11.1 -5.3	-0.8 -0.9 -3.1 -0.7 -0.6	10.5 8.0 3.7 6.0 10.3	-26.9 -26 1 -25.6 -37.5 -21.5	38.4 49.2 70.9 34.2 62.2	80 81 85 77 71	41.8 51.2 41.3 119.7	75 91	21 52 71 67 33	10 9 14 10 7	X 176 113 148 179	94	773.0 773.0 822.4 902.6 721.7	EDDY POINT GREENWOOD HALIFAX INT'L SABLE ISLAND SHEARWATER	-0.8 -2.4 -0.6 -1.7	-0.5 -1.2 -1.7 -1.3	12.9 12.5 7.1 12.4	-8 4 -17.2 -10.8 -17.9	29 S 34.8 23.8 29.6	61 76 83 76	81.0 122.4 125.8 103.9	95	TR O O	10 8 10 7	129 168	110 114	610.3 633.6 575.5 629.4
INUKJUAK KUUJJUAQ KUUJJUARAPIK LA GRANDE RIVIERE MAN:WAKI	-20.8 -19.5 -17.7 -15.7 -4.7	-0.6 -2.2 -1.0	-3.6 3.5 2.0 1.4 10.4	-37.5 -38.5 -36.0 -36.0 -23.3	21.4 32.5 38.1 42.2 56.0	237 121 186 * 165	20.0 32.5 38.1 34.4 81.8	124 161	66 121 32 40 26	6 7 11 11 9	181 168 130 166 165	112 102 77 • 113	1202.8 1161.6 1105.9 1045.3 703.6	SYDNEY TRUPO YARMOUTH PRINCE EDWARD	-4.4 -3.6 0.5	-2.3 -1.7 -0.2	7.2 10.8 14.4	-21.5 -27.9 -11.9	56.9 31.2 16.6	89 65 50	117.9 81.4 107.5	89 88 109	1 4 0	11: 7 11:	133 134 187	105 106 137	697.5 667.4 545.0
MATAGAM: MONT JOL! MONTREAL INT'L MONTREAL M INT'L NATASHQUAN	-11.4 -5.2 -2.1 -3.4 -7.3	-0.2 -0.6 0.0 * -1.5	6.7 7.1 13.4 9.8 5.4	-36.6 -22.0 -18.9 -19.9 -27.0	32.9 43.4 51.7 50.4 32.6	61 68 144 x 56	34.2 45.4 111.5 94.0 35.4	64 151	46 2 TR 5	12 8 11 12 8	151 153 171 209 160	98 117 110 2	920.7 719.0 621.1 663.5 784.9	CHARLOTTETOWN SUMMERSIDE	-4.7 -3.8	-2.0 -1.4	5.1 7.1	-19.5 -19.1	40.0 27.7	64 50	62.8 51.3	65 60	6 5	8 8	X 149	105	702.1 672.1
NITCHEQUON QUEBEC ROBERVAL SCHEFFERVILLE SEPT-ILES	-16.0 -5.1 -6.9 -16.0 -7.8	-1.8 -1.0 -0.4 -1.3 -1.6	2.1 7.4 7.5 1.3 7.6	-38.0 -25.1 -27.2 -37.0 -27,2	49.4 48.8 32.3 30.9 62.9	144 90 54 73 89	45.6 80.0 45.8 27.4 78.4	75 65	94 45 28 45 27	9 11 9 12 10	156 173 152 139 169	103 123 110	1054.1 705.1 773.1 1055.0 797.6	ARGENTIA BATTLE HARBOUR BONAVISTA	-3.7 -8.4 -4.6	-3.6 -2.8 -2.3	7.2 4.0 4.8	-16.0 -27.7 -15.9	48.2 59.7 32.2	155	79.4 87.7 46.8	112 130 53	8 141 24	13 13 11	XXX		672.7 819.8 700.9
SHERBROOKE STE AGATHE DES MONTS ST-HUBERT		-0.5	11.0 8.4	-23.0 -22.5	81.7 74.2	153	94.6 98.4	103	55	11 14	165 164	107	691.6 728.1	CARTWRIGHT	-4.8	-3.1 -1.2	4.2	-18.7 -26.4	48.2 86.7	100	90.6	93	134	16	120	98 65	709.9 635.7
VAL D'OR NEW BRUNSWICK	-2.2 -8.6	-0.2 -0.7	12.8		52.7 59.0	138	110.1		54	11 13	171	109	631.0 825.5	CHURCHILL FALLS COMFORT COVE DANIEL'S HAPBOUR DEER LAKE GANDER INT'L	-13.6 -5.9 -6.5 -6.7 -5.8	-1.4 -2.7 -2.4 -2.3 -2.7	3.3 5.4 5.8 6.6 5.2	-34.7 -20.0 -24.9 -24.6 -19.4	57.0 47.8 48.4 55.6 41.4	88 69 78 102 57	48.2 56.0 52.8 43.5 51.0	73 54 69 63 46	95 33 63 27 21	14 13 12 12 13	119 X 96 X 130	86 83 124	980.2 740.6 760.9 766.4 739.5
CHARLO CHATHAM FREDEPICTON MONCTON SAINT JOHN	-6.0 -3.4 -2.8 -3.4 -2.6	-1.2 -0.5 -0.8 -0.9 -0.5	12.5 10.9 14.5 8.7 13.4	22.7 -21.0 -23.7 -20.4 -19.4	53.7 21.0 33.6 44.1 40.0	70 31 63 65 80	62.2 39.8 56.9 95.4 110.2	67 85	16 TP 0	B 6 9 11	175 186 200 156 189	118 127 * 113 131	743.1 662.3 642.9 663.5 639.6	GOOSE PORT-AUX-BASQUES ST ANTHONY ST JOHN'S ST LAWRENCE	-9.3 -5.1 -8.3 -5.1 -4.6	-1.1 -2.8 -2.8 -3.2 -3.4	5.1 4.8 2.2 5.6 5.6	-30.7 -17.8 -25.8 -22.5 -20.1	109.4 81.3 80.4 51.1 76.6	146 158 90 78 172	56.5 124.7 86.0 102.3 113.1	78 119 115 77 88	102 20 90 16 24	1: 16 14 13 13	104 98 137	80 *	715.0 813.3 717.2
									to the o	O NEW OF				STEPHENVILLE WABUSH LAKE	-5.8 -13.6	-3.4 -0.2	6.2 2.4	-23.5 -35.5	101.0 62.4	172 104	131.3 50.5	161 88	40 54	15 12	93	88	739.3 980.9
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AGROCLIMATOLOGICAL STATIONS

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										above	lays 5 C									(cm)			above!	tays 5 C
			Minimum	Snowfall (cm)	Total Precipitation (mm)	% of Normal Precipitation	Snow on ground at end of month (cm)	No. of days with Precip 1.0 mm or more	Bright Sunshine (hours)	This month	Since jan. 1st	STATION	Mean	Difference from Normal	Maximum	Minimum	Snowfall (cm)	Total Precipitation (mm)	% of Normal Precipitation	Snow on ground at end of month	No. of days with Precip 1.0 mm or more	Bright Sunshine (hours)	This month	Since jan. 1st
			- 3.5 -5.0	1.0	9.5	72 64	0	12	165	28.3	40.1	GUELPH HARROW KAPUSKASING MERIVALE OTTAWA SMITHFIELD VINEL AND STATION WOODSLEE QUEBEC	-0.9 3.3 -2.0 0.9 2.1	1.0 2.1 0.9 2.3 1.4	15.6 15.0 14.2 13.5 20.7	-17.3 -7.5 -17.8 -14.0 -8.7	66.4 0.0 30.0 16.0 26.4	111.6 90.5 86.8 101.0 118.4	179 121 146 119 168	0 0 T 0	11 9 9 8 10	153 133 177 158	7.6 23.4 2.9 4.0 18.1	26 24 23
.1 4 .1 2 0 3 .1 2	.0 s	2.C 3.5 7.0	-19.0 -22.0 -23.0 -17.0 -15.5 -20.0	8.0 3.5 3.5 27.7 18.4 3.2	8.0 5.1 3.5 23.2 19.8 3.2	33 30 18 97 115 26	0 2 0 0 0 0	5 1 1 4 3 1	133 193 185 182 185	2.0 0.0 0.0 25.0 8.4 0.0	2.0 0.0 0.0 30.3 8.4 0.0	LA POCATIERE L'ASSUMPTION LENNOXVILLE NORMANDIN ST. AUGUSTIN STE CLOTHILDE NEW BRUNSWICK	-4.3 -3.4 -8.9	0.1 0.3 -0.2	7.0 10.0 7.0	-20.0 -24.0 -33.0	45.4 54.0 31.1	54.2 96.6 49.8	80 139 84	14 T 29	7 10 B	181 156 149	0.0	0000
3 3 2 5 3 4 8 2	.9 .0 1.2 2.1	2.5 5.0 5.0	-24.0 -25.0 -23.5 -20.0 -21.0 -15.5	21.6 21.3 2.4 11.1 22.2 29.2	21.6 21.3 11.0 11.1 21.5 28.8	99 120 68 50 113 187	T 30 0 13 19 13	4 2 2 2 4 3	217 206 189 195	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 5.5	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 5.5	FREDERICTON NOVA SCOTIA KENTVILLE NAPPAN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND	-2.6	-0.3	10.0	-29.5	41.5	59.6	66	0	9	160	0.5	0
4 5 5 5 4 5	.0 8 .5 8	3.0 3.0 1.5	-27.5 -23.0 -21.0	3.2 3.4 10.4	3.2 9.4 13.4	14 39 47	0 0	1 5 6	188 193 166	0.0 0.0 1.5	0.0 0.0 1.5	CHARLOTTETOWN NEWFOUNDLAND					7,							
5 0 1	1,8	3.0 3.5	-13.7 -14.6	53.2	161.8 87.9	192 119	0	13	144	4.7	7.5 4.6	ST. JOHN'S WEST	<b>-4.4</b>	-2.4	6.0	-21.0	44.4 3 56% 301	108.3	72	20	13	110	6.0	٥
6 0	E - 0 4 2 3 2 3 8 3 2 3 8 3 3 3 3	E -0.5 19  6 -0.1 15  6 -0.1 15  7.1 13  4.0 5  1 2.9 12  3.2 18  3.9 1  4.8 1  8 5.1 5  3 3.9 1  4.2 6  5.1 6  6 -0.1 15	E -0.5 19.0  E -0.5 19.0  F -0.1 15.5  F -0.	E -0.5 19.0 -3.5  6 -0.1 15.5 -5.0  7.1 13.0 -19.0 14.0 9.0 -22.0  1 2.9 12.0 -23.0 18.5 -17.0 15.5 11.0 -20.0  8 5.1 2.9 17.0 -15.5 11.0 -20.0  8 5.1 9.0 -24.0 3.9 12.5 -23.5 6.0 -20.0 2.3 4.2 6.0 -21.0 12.5 -23.5 6.0 -21.0 14.5 -15.5  4 5.0 8.0 -27.5 8.0 -27.5 8.0 -23.0 11.5 -23.0 11.5 -23.0	E -0.5 19.0 -3.5 1.0  10 7.1 13.0 -19.0 8.0 1 4.0 9.0 -22.0 3.5 1 2.9 12.0 -23.0 3.5 1 2.9 17.0 -15.5 18.4 3.2 18.5 -17.0 27.7 1 2.9 17.0 -15.5 18.4 3.2 18.5 -25.0 2.0 3.5 12.5 -23.5 2.4 4.8 11.0 -20.0 3.2  8 5.1 9.0 -24.0 21.6 3.9 4.5 -25.0 21.3 2.1 6.0 -21.0 22.2 2.7 14.5 -15.5 29.2	E -0.5 19.0 -3.5 1.0 106.1  6 -0.1 15.5 -5.0 2.0 9.5  1 2.9 12.0 -23.0 3.5 5.1  1 2.9 12.0 -23.0 3.5 5.1  2.9 17.0 -15.5 18.4 19.8  3.2 18.5 -17.0 27.7 23.2  1 2.9 17.0 -15.5 18.4 19.8  3.1 3.9 4.5 -25.0 21.3 21.3  3.1 3.9 4.5 -25.0 21.3 21.3  3.1 3.0 -20.0 11.1 11.1  3.1 3.0 -20.0 11.1 11.1  3.1 3.0 -20.0 11.1 11.1  3.1 3.0 -20.0 11.1 11.1  3.1 3.0 -20.0 11.1 11.1  3.1 3.0 -20.0 11.1 11.1  3.1 4.2 6.0 -21.0 22.2 21.5  3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2  4.3 5.5 8.0 -27.5 3.2 3.2 3.2  4.5 5.5 8.0 -23.0 3.4 9.4  5.0 8.0 -27.5 3.2 3.4 9.4  5.0 8.0 -27.5 3.2 3.4 9.4  5.1 5.3 11.5 -21.0 10.4 13.4	English Pool   100	Engling  Eng	ENERGY ENERGY STORY SERVICE ST	Second   S	E -0.5 19.0 -2.5 1.0 106.1 72 0 12 165 28.3  6 -0.1 15.5 -5.0 2.0 9.5 64 0 5 191 13.3  0 7.1 13.0 -19.0 8.0 8.0 33 0 5 193 0.0  1 2.9 12.0 -23.0 3.5 51 30 2 1 193 0.0  1 2.9 12.0 -23.0 3.5 3.2 3.2 26 0 1 185 8.4  1 3.3 4.8 11.0 -20.0 21.6 21.3 20 30 2 1 193 0.0  1 3.3 4.8 11.0 -20.0 21.6 21.3 20 30 2 1 18.5 8.4  1 4.5 -25.0 21.3 21.3 120 30 2 1 18.5 8.4  1 5.0 2.5 12.5 -25.0 2.8 18.5 11.5 0 3 30 2 2 1 18.5 8.4  1 5.0 2.5 12.5 12.5 13.3 2 2.0  1 6.0 -21.0 22.2 21.5 113 19 4 189 0.0  2 5.0 2.7 14.5 -15.5 29.2 28.8 187 13 3 195 5.5		Second   S	Second   S		Fig.   Fig.			STATION   STAT	Second   S	Second   S	Second   S	Second   S	Second   S

# CORRECTED HEATING DEGREE-DAY DATA FOR FEBRUARY 1985

# SEASONAL TOTAL OF HEATING

#### DEGREE-DAYS TO END OF FEBRUARY

	1985	1984	NORMAL
YUKON TERRITORY			
Whitehorse	4983	5056	4992
NORTHWEST TERRI			
Frobisher Bay	6440	7259	6676
Inuvik	7158	7081	7067
Yellowknife	6421	5722	6049
DOLTICU COLUMN			
BRITISH COLUMB	3108	2828	2871
Penticton	2924	2592	2601
Prince George	4129	3722	3933
Vancouver	2294	2080	2103
Victoria	2341	2097	2128
ALBERTA		7.500	7001
Calgary	3998	3608	3821
Edmonton Mun.	4293 4864	3718 4136	41 04 4482
Grande Prairie SASKATCHEWAN	4004	4150	4402
Estevan	4273	3831	4067
Regina	4653	4059	4294
Saskatoon	4776	4148	4480
MANITOBA			
Brandon	4744	4111	4427
Churchill	6200	5841	5191
The Pas	5158	4479	4922
Winnipeg	4495	4167	4318
ONTARIO			
Kapuskasing	4561	4498	4570
London	2850	2955	2918
Ottawa	3310	3327	3429
Sudbury	3799	3852	3891
Thunder Bay	4084	3974	4099
Toronto	2856	3008	2872
Windsor	2583	2702	2595
QUEBEC	41 78	4130	4156
Bale Comeau Montréal	3274	3253	
Quebec	3604	3564	3650
Sept-lles	4286	4351	4276
Sherbrooke	3653	3546	3766
Val-d'Or	4381	4304	4393
NEW BRUNSWICK	3719	3733	3631
Fredericton	3332	3207	
Moncton	3261	3139	3266
NOVA SCOTIA			
Halifax	2814	2595	2746
Sydney	3033	2824	2871
Yarmouth	2635	2540	2672
PRINCE EDWARD	ISLAND		
Charlottetown NEWFOUNDLAND	3205	2951	3076
Gander	3502	3380	3332
St. John's	3119	3034	3082

# ENERGY REQUIREMENT

