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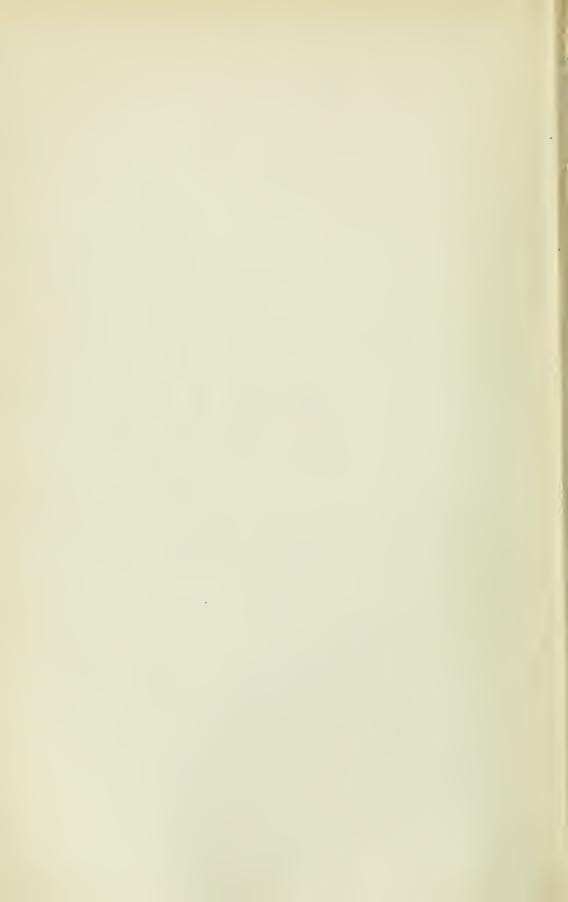
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SESSIONAL PAPERS

VOLUME 24

SECOND SESSION OF THE TWELFTH PARLIAMENT

OF THE

DOMINION OF CANADA

SESSION 1912-13



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2. The Public Accounts of Canada, for the fiscal year ended 31st March, 1912. Presented by Hon. Mr. White, 26th November, 1912.

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4. Supplementary Estimates of sums required for the service of the Dominion for the year ending on the 31st March, 1913. Presented by Hon. Mr. White, 10th March, 1913.

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7. Report on dividends remaining unpaid, unclaimed balances and unpaid drafts and bills of exchange in Chartered Banks of the Dominion of Canada, for five years and upwards prior to 31st December, 1911. Presented by Hon. Mr. White, 26th November, 1912.

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- 10a. Report of the Department of Trade and Commerce, for the year ended 31st March, 1912. (Part II.—Canadian Trade with (1) France, (2) Germany, (3) United Kingdom, and (4) United States). Presented by Hon. Mr. Foster, 12th December, 1912.

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- 10c. Report of the Department of Trade and Commerce for the fiscal year ended 31st March 1912. (Part VI.—Subsidized Steamship Services). Presented, 1913.

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10/. Report of Trade and Commerce for fiscal year ended 31st March, 1912. (Part VII.—Trade of Foreign Countries, Treaties and Conventions). Presented, 1913.
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- 38. Report of the Department of the Naval Service, for the fiscal year ending 31st March, 1912. Presented by Hon. Mr. Hazen, 28th November, 1912.

Printed for distribution and sessional papers.

- 40. Statement of Treasury Board over-rulings, nnder Section 44, Consolidated Revenue and Audit Act. Presented by Hon. Mr. White, 26th November, 1912........Not printed.
- 41. Statement in pursuance of Section 17 of the Civil Service Insurance Act, for the year ending 31st March, 1912. Presented by Hon. Mr. White, 26th November, 1912.

Not printed.

- 42. Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of the Ottawa Improvement Commission to 31st March, 1912. Presented by Hon. Mr. White, 26th November, 1912.....Not printed
- 43. Statement of Governor General's Warrants issued since the last Session of Parliament on account of 1912-13. Presented by Hon. Mr. White, 26th November, 1912.

Not printed.

- 45. Return (in so far as the Department of the Interior is concerned) of copies of all Orders in Council, plans, papers and correspondence relating to the Canadian Pacific railway, which are required to be presented to the House of Commons, under a Resolution passed on 20th February, 1882, since the date of the last return, under such Resolution. Presented by Hon. Mr. Roche, 26th November, 1912........Not printed.

- 48b. An Act respecting the Naval Service of Canada." (Copy of Order in Council, No. P.
 C. 126 dated 20th January, 1913, "Amendment to the Regulations for the Entry of Naval Cadets)." Presented by Hon. Mr. Hazen, 4th February, 1913....Not printed.

- 52a. Return of Orders in Council passed between the 1st August, 1911, and 30th September, 1912, in accordance with the provisions of Section 5 of the Dominion Land Survey Act, Chapter 21, 7-8 Edward VII. Presented 5th December, 1912, by Hon. Mr. Roche. Not printed.

- 53. A detailed statement of all bonds or securities registered in the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada, since last return (28th November, 1911) submitted to the Parliament of Canada under Section 32 of Chapter 19, of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906. Presented by Hon. Mr. Coderre, 4th December, 1912......Not printed.

- 56. Orders in Council passed between the 1st August, 1911, and 30th September, 1912, in accordance with the provisions of the Rocky Mountains Park Act, Chapter 60, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906. Presented by Hon. Mr. Rogers, 4th December, 1912.
 Not printed.
- 56a. Return of Orders in Council passed between the 1st August, 1911, and 30th September, 1912, in accordance with the provisions of the Forest Reserves and Park Act, Section 19, of Chapter 10, 1-2 George V. Presented by Hon. Mr. Roche, 5th December, 1912.
 Not printed.

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CONTENTS OF VOLUME 27.

(This volume is bound in two parts).

57a. Report on the organization of the Public Service of Canada, by Sir George Murray. Presented by Hon. Mr. Borden, 18th December, 1912.

Printed for distribution and sessional papers.

- 59. Schedules of Trade Transactions between the West Indies and Canada, the United States and the United Kingdom, compiled from the West Indian blue books and statistics. Presented by Hon. Mr. Foster, 12th December, 1912.

Printed for distribution and sessional papers.

- 61d. Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of all papers letters, complaints, telegrams, reports, and other documents in the possession of the Post Office Department relating to the dismissal of John Milward, Postmaster at Stormont, Guysborough County, N.S. Presented 14th January, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair.

Not printed.

- 61f. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 25th March, 1912, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, memorandums and Orders in Council, relating to the dismissal of Mr. W. W. Hayden, late wharfinger of the government wharf at Digby, Nova Scotia. Presented 14th January, 1913.—Mr. MacLean (Halifax).

- 61h. Return to an Order of the House of the 11th December, 19:2, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Fred. E. Cox, engineer lobster hatchery at Isaac's Harbour, Guysborough County, N.S., and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin in regard to the same. Presented 14th January, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair.....Not printed. 43849—3

- 611. Return to an Order of the House of the 11th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of John Commings, assistant at the lobster hatchery at Isaac's Harbour, Nova Scotia, and of evidence taken and reports of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same. Presented 14th January, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair.......Not printed.
- 61n. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges correspondence, letters, telegrams, and other documents relating to the dismissal of Joseph Shean, harbour master at North Sydney, N.S., in the riding of North Capo Breton and Victoria. Presented 14th January, 1913.—Mr. McKenzic.....Not printed.

- 61r. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a return showing all the public officers of the Inland Revenue Department in the County of St. Jean Iberville, removed by the present Government since 1st May, 1912, together with the names and duties of such persons, the reasons of their dismissal, the nature of the

complaints against them, the names of the persons who brought these complaints; also a copy of all correspondence relating thereto, and of the reports of inquiries in the cases where such have been held. Presented 14th January, 1913.-Mr. Demers.

- 61s. Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence, complaints, petitions, memoranda, notes of evidence, reports of investigations and other documents in the possession of the Department of Inland Revenne regarding the dismissal of J. Fabien Bugeaud, Bonaventure, Quebec, assistant iospector of weights and measures in the Quehec district, and the appointment of his successor or successors, with the names, residence, salaries and duties; also of all documents relating to A. B. Caldwell, New Carlisle, Quebec, joint assistant inspector with J. Fabien Bugeaud, and the duties assigned to him, together with a copy of all recommendations for said new appointment. Presented 14th January, 1913.-Mr.
- 61t. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence. Orders in Council and all other papers or documents in any way relating to the dismissal of Duncan McArthur, from the Annuities Branch, while the said branch was attached to the Department of Trade and Commerce. Presented 15th January, 1913.-Mr. Murphy.................Not printed.
- 61u. Return to an Order of the Honse of the 26th February, 1912, for a copy of all documents, letters, requests, reports, recommendations and evidence taken under investigation by Dr. Shentliff, relating to the dismissal of Charles O. Jones, postmaster of Bedford, County of Missisquoi. Presented 15th January, 1913.-Mr. Kay.

- 61v. Return to an Order of the House of the 1st April, 1912, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, complaints or other papers or documents in the possession of the Government or any department thereof, relating to the dismissal of Archibald Barss, postmaster, New Harbour, West, Guysborough County, N.S. Presented 15th January,
- 61w. Return to an Order of the House of the 10th December, 1912, for a copy of all corres pondence, documents, recommendation and other reports respecting the dismissal of Dr. A. Allaire as surgeon of the penitentiary of St. Vincent de Paul, and also respecting the payments of his gratuities, superannuation or retiring allowance. Presented
- 61x. Return to an Order of the House of the 10th December, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence, documents, recommendations and reports respecting the dismissal of Oscar Beanchamp as warden of the penitentiary of St. Vincent de Paul, and also respecting the payments of his gratuities, superannuation or retiring allowance.
- 61y. Return to an Order of the Honse of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges. correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of John McDonald, freight handler and checker Intercolonial railway at Sydney Mines Nova Scotia, in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 16th January,
- 61z. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all letters, correspondence, documents and reports relating to the dismissal of Allan Kinney, of Linwood, Antigonish County, Nova Scotia, a sectionman on the Intercolonial rail-35 $43849 - 3\frac{1}{2}$

- 61cc. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Harry E. McDonald, assistant engineer at St. Peters Canal, Richmond County, N.S. Presented 13th January, 1913.—Mr. Kyte.
- 61dd. Return to an order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all letters, papers, documents, telegrams, and charges relating to a complaint against Neil Ross sectionman on the Intercolonial railway at West River, County of Pictou, and of the evidence taken at the investigation, of the report of the commissioner thereon, and of all letters, papers or other documents relating to the appointment of his successor. Presented 16th January, 1913.—Mr. Macdonald..................................Not printed.
- **61ee.** Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all letters. correspondence, documents and reports relating to the dismissal of James Armstrong. of Heatherton, Antigonish County, N.S., a sectionman on the Intercolonial railway, and for a statement in detail of the expenses connected with the investigation of the charges against him. Presented 16th January, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Antigonish).

61ii. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all letters, correspondence, documents, and reports relating to the dismissal of Huber Myatte, Tracadie, Antigonish County, Nova Scotia, a sectionman on the Intercolonial railway and for a statement in detail of the expenses connected with the investigation of the charges against him. Presented 16th January, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Antigonish).

- 6111. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of D. J. McDougall, section foreman, Intercolonial railway, Grand Narrows, Nova Scotia, in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 17th January, 1913.—Mr. McKenzic. Not printed.
- 61nn. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of John P. Meagher, foreman deckhand on steamship Scotia, Mulgrave, Guysborough County, N.S., and of all evidence taken and reports of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same; also a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 17th January, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair......Not printed.
- 61pp. Return to an Order of the House of the 11th December, 1912, for a copy of all papers, documents and correspondence relating to the dismissal of Captain C. E. Miller from the 75th Regiment. Presented 17th January, 1913.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax).

- 61qq. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence, letters and telegrams relating to the dismissal of J. N. N. Poirier, collector of excise at Victoriaville, Quebec, and also of the inquiry made by N. Garceau, by the Minister of Inland Revenue, and especially of two affidavits given by Ludger Frechette and Joseph Faucher. Presented 17th January, 1913.-Mr. Brouillard. Not printed.
- 61rr. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges. correspondence, letters, telegrams, and other documents relative to the dismissal of Abraham Astephen, of North Sydney, N.S., interpreter Immigration Department at North Sydney, N.S., in the riding of North Cape Broton and Victoria. Presented
- 61ss. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 4th Decemher, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence, Orders in Council, and all other papers of documents in any way relating to the dismissal of Robert Dow from the Immigration Branch of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa. Presented 17th January, 1913. -Mr. Murphy.........Not printed.
- 61tt. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all papers. documents, correspondence, &c., relating to the dismissal of John Ware of the Immigration Branch of the Interior Department at Halifax, N.S. Presented 17th January,
- 61 uu. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges correspondence, letters, telegrams, and other documents relative to the dismissal of Richard Hickey, agent Immigration Department at North Sydney, Nova Scotia, in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 17th January, 19:3.- Mr.
- 61vv. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges correspondence, letters, telegrams, and other documents relative to the dismissal of Dr. J. W. McLean, of North Sydney, N.S., medical examiner, Immigration Depart ment at North Sydney, N.S., in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria. Pr
- 61 ww. Return to an Order of the House of the 11th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of John A. McRea, lightkeeper, at Margaree Island, Inverness County. Nova Scotia, of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin in regard to the same; also a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 17th January, 1913 .- Mr. Chisholm (Inverness) Not printed.
- 61xx. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Thomas Brymer, lightkeeper at Lower L'Ardoise, Richmond County, N.S. Presented
- 61yy. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Dominique Boudrot, buoy contractor, at Petit de Grat, Richmond County, N.S. Pre-

- 611bb. Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges. correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of M. Wilson Lawlor, harbour commissioner at North Sydney, Nova Scotia, in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 17th January, 1913.—Mr. McKenzie.

Not printed.

61ddd. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal .? P. J. McDonald, harbour commissioner at North Sydney, Nova Scotia, in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 17th January, 1913.—Mr. McKenzic.

Not printed.

- 61cec. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a return showing:

 The names of all lightkeepers in the Province of Nova Scotia who were dismissed from office or employment since 10th October, 1911, together with the date of each dismissal. Presented 17th January, 1913.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax).....Not printed.
- 61fff. Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a return showing the detail and number of dismissals from public offices in the Department of Marine and Fisheries to this date in the County of Bonaventure, the names of the dismissed occupants, the reasons for their dismissal, the complaints against such officials and a copy of all correspondence with respect to the same, and of all reports of investigations where such were held; as well as a list of the new appointments made by the department, with names, residences, salaries and duties, and a copy of all recommendations of such appointments. Presented 17th January, 1913.—Mr. Marcil (Bonaventure).

- 61hhh. Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams, and other documents in the possession of the Department of Marine and Fisheries relating to the dismissal of John W. Davis, fishery officer, Guysborough, N.S. Presented 17th January, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair.

- 61mmm. Return to an Order of the House of the 1st April, 1912, for a copy of all letters, petitions, complaints, declarations and other documents in the possession of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, relating to the dismissal of Mr. Alfred Lalonde, employed in the warehouse of the Government yards at St. Joseph de Sorel and the appointment of his successor. Presented 20th January, 1913.—Mr. Cardin.. Not printed.
- 61nnn. Return to an Order of the House of the 1st April, 1912, for a copy of all letters telegrams, complaints or other papers or documents in the possession of the Government or any department thereof, relating to the dismissal of James Webber, light-keeper, Tor Bay Point, N.S. Presented 20th January, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair.

Not printed.

- 61ppp. Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Angus Smith, pilot on the steamer Earl Grey, and also of all the evidence taken at the latest investigation held in regard to the said complaints, and of the report of the investigation with regard to the same. Presented 20th January, 1913—Mr. Macdonald.

- 61rrr. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of William Hackett, harbour commissioner at North Sydney, Nova Scotia, in the riding

of North Cape Breton and Victoria, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin in regard to same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 20th January, 1913.—Mr. McKenzic.

- 61ttt. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all documents, papers, evidence and correspondence, relating to the dismissal of Geoffrey Gorman, coxswain of the lifeboat station at Herring Cove, Halifax County, N.S. Presented 20th January, 1913.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax)................. Not printed.

- 61www. Return to an Order of the House of the 11th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of H. C. V. LeVatte, fishery officer at Louisburg, Cape Breton South, N.S., and of the evidence taken and reports of investigations held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same. Presented 20th January, 1913.—Mr. Carroll............Not printed.

- 61zzz. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all complaints and charges made against Jeffrey Crespo, sub-collector of Customs at Harbout au Bouche, Antigonish County, Nova Scotia, and of all letters, telegrams, correspondence and reports relating in any way to his dismissal and the appointment of a successor. Presented 20th January, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Antigonish).

61 aaaa. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all letters, papers, charges and correspondence between the Department of Customs and all other persons regarding the dismissal from office of Thomas Cameron, preventive officer at Andover, N.B., and also of all evidence and reports thereon with reference to the dismissal of the said officer. Presented 20th January, 1913.—Mr. Michaud.

Not printed.

- 61cccc. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all complaints, accusations, inquiries, reports, correspondence, and of all documents relating to the dismissal of Lucien O. Thisdale, a customs employee at Valleyfield. Quebec, and the appointment of his successor. Presented 20th January, 1913.—Mr. Papineau.

Not printed.

61dddd. Return to an Order of the House of the 11th December, 1912, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, correspondence, reports, and other documents relating to the dismissal of Alexander Macdonald of Doctor's Brook, Antigonish County, as sub-collector of customs. Presented 20th January, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Antigonish).

- 61////. Return to an Order of the House of the 10th December, 1912, for a copy of all documents concerning the dismissal of Charles Mennier, customs preventive officer at Marieville, Quebec. Presented 20th January, 1913.—Mr. Lemieux.....Not printed.
- 61hhhh. Return to an Order of the House of the 22nd January, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence, documents, recommendations and reports respecting the dismissal of C Michaud, postmaster at St. Germain, Kamouraska, and the appointment of his successor. Presented 20th January, 1913.—Mr. Lapointe (Kamouraska)....Not printed.

- 61qqqq. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams, and other documents relative to the dismissal of William Marsh, preventive officer at Little Pond, Sydney Mines, in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria. Presented 21th January, 1913.—Mr. McKenzic.

 Not printed.

- 61ssss. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 11th December, 1912, for a copy of all papers, documents, orders in council, telegrams, letters, &c., relating to the dismissal from office of Lemuel Bent, late Collector of Customs at Oxford, N.S. Presented 24th January 1913.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax).

 Not printed.

 - 61uuu. Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of alt correspondence, letters, telegrams, reports and other documents concerning the dismissal of Donald J. Hachey, Collector of Customs at Bathurst, County of Gloucester, and the appointment of his successor. Presented 24th January, 1913.—Mr. Turgeon.

 Not printed.
- - 61xxxx. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Jumes Grantmyre, preventive officer at Little Bras D'or, N.S., in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria. Presented 24th January, 1913.—Mr. McKenzie.

 Not printed.

- 67jjjjj. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all letters correspondence, documents and reports relating to the dismissal of William R. Fougere, of Frankville, Antigonish County, N.S., a sectionman on the Intercolonial rail way, and for a statement in detail of the expenses connected with the investigations of the charges against him. Presented 27th January, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (.Intigonish).
- 61kkkkk. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all letters, correspondence, documents and reports relating to the dismissal of John Melanson, of Afton, Antigonish County, N.S., a sectionman on the Intercolonial railway, and for a statement in detail of the expenses connected with the investigation of the charges against him. Presented 27th January, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Antigonish). Not printed.
- 611111. Return to an Order of the House of the 11th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dis missal of Ronald D. McDonald, fishery overseer, at Broad Cove, Inverness County, Nova Scotia, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin in regard to the same; also a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 27th January, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness).

- 61nnnn. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of A. R. Forbes, fishery overseer at North Sydney, Nova Scotia in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 27th January, 1913.—Mr. McKenzie.

 Not printed.

6100000. Return to an Order of the House of the 15th January, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams, complaints, petitions, and other documents concerning the dismissal of Sebastien Savoie, superintendent of the lobster hatchery at Shippigan.

- 61qqqqq. Return to an Order of the House of the 11th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of M. Muce, lightkeeper at Cheticamp Island, Inverness County, Nova Scotia, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin in regard to the same; also a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation.

 Presented 29th January, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness).....Not printed.

- 61wwww. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams, complaints, and of the evidence given at investigation, if one was held, relating to the dismissal of Mr. A. J. Gosselin, acting preventive officer of customs at St. Alhans, Vermont, through the port of St. Armand, County of Missisquoi. Presented 4th February, 1913.—Mr. Kay.....Not printed.
- 61rxxxx. Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of an papers, letters, telegrams, and petitions for and against the dismissal of James W. Bannon, preventive officer of customs at St. Agnes de Dundee, County of Huntingdon also a copy of the report of investigation and evidence, if any, submitted to investigating commissioner. Presented 4th February, 1913.—Mr. Robb.....Not printed.

- 61 (6g). Return to an Order of the House of the 10th December, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents respecting the dismissal of J. E. Phaneuf, postmaster of St. Hugues, County of Bagot. Presented 6th February,
- 61 (6h). Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of ail charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Murdock McCuteheon, postmaster at Sonora, Guysborough County, N.S., and of all evidence taken and report of investigation held by Mr. H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same; also a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation.
- 61 (6i). Return to an Order of the House of the 15th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of Duncan Gillies, fishery overseer at Baddeck, C.B., in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 7th February, 1913.-Mr. McKenzie.. Not printed.
- 61 (6j). Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all complaints, accusations, correspondence, petitions and of all documents and reports respecting the dismissal of Antonio Leduc, postmaster of St. Timothée, in the County of Beauharnois and the appointment of his successor. Presented 7th February, 1913. -
- 61 (6k). Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of the recommendation to council, the order in council, all correspondence with the government or any member thereof, and of all letters, documents and papers in any way connected with the dismissal of Charles Arthur Bowman from the engineering branch of the Department of Railways and Canals .- Mr.
- 61 (61). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all papers, documents, evidence, reports, letters, correspondence, &c., relating to the dismissal of Elnathan D. Smith, fishery overseer, Shag Harhour, Shelburne County,
- 61 (6m). Return to an Order of the House of the 15th January, 1913, for a copy of ail charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of Donald McAulay, lightkeeper, Plaister, Baddeck Bay, C.B., riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, and of the evidence taken and reports of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin in regard to the same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 11th February, 1913.-Mr. McKenzie.

- 61 (6n). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all papers, documents, letters, correspondence, &c., relating to the dismissal of John Fredericks, lightkeeper at East Jordan, Shelburne County, N.S. Presented 11th
- 61 (60). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all papers, documents, letters, correspondence, &c., relating to the dismissat of Jone Fredericks, wharfinger at East Jordan, Shelburne County, N.S. Presented 11th Feb

- 61 (6q). Return to an Order of the House of the 15th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of Captain Roderick McDonald, tide waiter, at Big Bras D'Or, riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, N.S., and of the evidence taken and reports of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin in regard to the same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 11th February, 1913.—Mr. McKenzic.

Not printed.

- 61 (6r). Return to an Order of the House of the 15th January, 1913, for a copy of alt charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of James Maloney, customs officer at Dingwall, riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, N.S., and of the evidence taken and reports of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin in regard to the same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 11th February, 1913.—Mr. McKenzie.....Not printed.

- 61(6u). Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of J. A. McNeil, customs officer at Grand Narrows, Nova Scotia, in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 11th February, 1913.—Mr. McKenzic.

Not printed.

61 (6v). Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of George Burchell, custom house officer at Sydney Mines, Nova Scotia, in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 11th February, 1913.—Mr. McKenzic.

Not printed.

61 (6w). Return to an Order of the House of the 15th January, 1913, for a copy of ail papers, documents, telegrams, reports, correspondence and recommendations in any way relating to the dismissal of W. H. Saver, collector of customs at Cardinal, Out., and the appointment of his successor. Presented 11th February, 1913.—Mr. McMillan. Not printed.

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61 (6x). Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of Captain George Livingstone, custom officer at Big Bras D'Or, Cape Breton, in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to same and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 11th February, 1913.—Mr. McKenzie.

Not printed.

- 61 (y). Return to an Order of the Honse of the 10th December, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence, reports and other documents and papers relating to the dismissal of H. Lacasse, as postmaster at Wendover, County of Prescott, Ontario, and the appointment of his successor. Presented 13th February, 1913.—Mr. Proulx...Not printed
- 61 (7a). Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all papers, memoranda, orders in council, and correspondence relating to the dismissal of A. H. Stratton, late postmaster at Peterborough, Ont. Presented 17th February, 1913.—Mr. Mocleon (Holifax).

- 61 (7e). Return to an Order of the Honse of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of ail letters, papers, charges and correspondence between the Department of Marine and Fisheries and all other persons, regarding the dismissal of Jos. Lord, keeper of lighthouses at Pointe à la Mule on the River Richelieu, Parish of St. Blaise, County of Saint Jean and Iberville and of all reports thereon with reference to the dismissal of the said Mr. Lord. Presented 19th February, 1913.—Mr. Demers.......Not printed.
- 61 (7f). Return to an Order of the House of the 15th January, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and petitions concerning the dismissal of Henri Friolet, wharfinger at Caraquet, and Richard Sonthwood, wharfinger and agent of the Storm Signal Service at Bathurst, Gloucester County, N.B., and the appointment of their successors. Presented 19th February, 1913.—Mr. Turgeon......Not printed.

- 61 (7h). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dis missal of Captain Pope as lighthouse keeper at Scatarie, Cape Breton South, N.S., and of the evidence taken and reports of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same. Presented 19th February, 1913.—Mr. Carroll.....Not printed
- 61 (7i). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Captain W. W. Lewis, as shipping master at Louisburg, Cape Breton South, Nova Scotia, and of evidence taken and reports of investigation held by H. P. Duchmin, in regard to the same. Presented 19th February, 1913.—Mr. Carroll.

- 61 (7k). Return to an Order of the House of the 15th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of George Hines, lighthouse keeper at South Ingonish, riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, N.S., and of the evidence taken and reports of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 20th February, 1913.—Mr. McKenzie.. Not printed.
- 61 (7m). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of a'l charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of Archibald McDonald, preventive officer at Mull River, Inverness County, Nova Scotia. Presented 20th February, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness)..Not printed.

- 61 (70). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, reports and other documents relative to the dismissal of Edward C. Humphreys, of Treuton, N.S., as an officer of the Inland Revenue Department and to the appointment of his successor. Presented 20th February, 1913.—Mr. Macdonald.

 Not printed.

- 61 (7t). Return to an Order of the House of the 15th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of Joseph Day, customs officer at Little Bras D'Or, C.B., in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 25th February, 1913.—Mr. McKenzic.....Not printed.
- 61 (7v). Return to an Order of the House of the 17th February, 1913, for a copy of all papers, letters, telegrams, evidence, &c., given at the investigation or investigation and of reports of such investigations, relating to the dismissal of Edouard D Chiasson, suh-collector of customs at Lamèque, Gloucester County, and the appoint ment of his successor. Presented 25th February, 1913.—Mr. Turgeon....Not printed.

- 61 (7y). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all papers, charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Thomas Cameron, preventive officer at Andover, N.B., and of the evidence taken and reports of investigation held by Mr. E. T. C. Knowles, in connection with the same. Presented 26th February, 1913.—Mr. Michaud.....Not printed.

- 61 (8b). Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of Roderick Bain, hoatman at New Campbellton, riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, N.S., and of the evidence taken and reports of the investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to same, with a detailed statement of expenses of such investigation. Presented 26th February, 1913.—Mr. McKenzie.......Not printed.
- 61 (8c). Return to an Order of the House of the 15th January, 1913, for a copy of all papers, documents, telegrams, reports, correspondence and recommendations in any way relating to the dismissal of W. A. Scott, lockmaster at Cardinal, Ontario, and of the appointment of his successor. Presented 27th February, 1913.—Mr. McMillan.

- 61 (8e). Return to an Order of the House of the 27th January, 1913, for a copy of all letters, documents, telegrams, reports, correspondence and recommendations in any way relating to the dismissal of John Merrifield, lockmaster at Burritts Rapids, Ont., and the appointment of his successor. Presented 27th February, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm. Not printed.

- 61 (8s). Return to an Order of the House of the 15th January, 1913, for a copy of all letters, documents, telegrams, reports, correspondence and recommendations in any way relating to the dismissal of Adam Henderson, bridgemaster at Cardinal, Ontario, and of the appointment of his successor. Presented 27th February, 1913.—Mr. Murphy.

 Not printed.
- 61 (Su). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of John C. McNeil, lighthouse keeper at Grand Narrows, in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria. Presented 27th February, 1913.—Mr. McKenzie.
 Not printed
- 61 (8v). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of A. A. Chisholm, fishery overseer at Margaree Forks, Inverness County, Nova Scotia. Presented 28th February, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness)....Not printed.
- 61 (8w). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of Charles E. Aucoin, collector of customs at Cheticamp, Inverness County, Nova Scotia, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by Mr. H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same; also a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 28th February, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Antigonish).

- 61 (9c). Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all complaints and charges made against John J. McLean, postmaster at Cross Roads, Ohio, Antigonish County, Nova Scotia, and of all letters, telegrams and correspond ence relating in any way to his dismissal and the appointment of a successor. Presented 28th February, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness)............Not printed

- 61 (93). Return to an Order of the House of the 10th February, 1913, for a copy of all papers, letters, documents and orders relative to the dismissal of Fred Shultz as caretaker of the armouries at Kentville, Nova Scotia, and of the appointment of William Shoop in his place and also for a statement of the stores in said armouries in the years 1910, 1911, 1912, respectively, and for a copy of all orders and regulations relative to the duties of such caretaker. Presented 3rd March, 1913.—Mr. Macdonald.

 Not printed.
- 61 (9h). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Dr. Freeman O'Neil, from the Marine Hospital a' Louisburg, Cape Breton South, N.S., and of evidence taken and reports of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same. Presented 10th March, 1913.—Mr. Carroll..Not printed.

- 61 (9n). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all papers, letters, telegrams and other documents respecting the dismissal of Robert Pragnall from the position of agent of the Dominion Land Office at Swift Current and the appointment of his successor. Presented 10th March, 1913.—Mr. Knowles.

- 61 (9p). Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a return showing the detail and number of dismissals from public offices by the present government to this date in the riding of Saskatoon, with the names of the dismissed occupants, the reasons for their dismissals, the complaints against such officials, and all correspondence with respect to the same, and of all reports of investigations, in case where such were held. Presented 17th March, 1913.—Mr. McCrancy......Not printed
- 61 (9q). Return to an Order of the House of the 17th l'ebruary, 1913, for a copy of all letters, petitions, telegrams, complaints, evidence, reports, affidavits and other documents in the Department of Iuland Revenue, respecting the dismissal of J. N. Poirier, Collector of Excise at Victoriaville, County of Arthabaska, and the names of the witnesses interested, with a copy of the evidence and a statement of expenses of the said inquiry. Presented 17th March, 1913. Mr. Browillard......Not printed.
- 61 (9r). Return to an Order of the House of the 15th January. 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of John G. Morrison, fishery inspector at Englishtown, in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 18th March, 1913.—Mr. Kytc........Not printed

- 61 (9t). Return to an Order of the House of the 27th January, 1913, for a copy of a'l documents, petitions, letters, correspondence, inquiries and reports concerning the dismissal of Evariste Talbot, employed in the general freight office of the Inteccolonial. Presented 18th March, 1913.—Mr. Lapointe (Kamouraska).....Not printed
- 61 (9u). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all letters, petitions, telegrams, complaints, evidence, reports and other papers and doc ments in the possession of the Department of Railways or any department of the government, relating to the dismissal of Philip H. Ryan, an employee of the Intercolonial railway at Mulgrave, N.S., and if there was an investigation, the names of all witnesses examined, a copy of the evidence, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 18th March, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair..Not printed.

- 61 (9y). Return to an Order of the House of the 27th January, 1913, for a copy of all letters, petitions, telegrams, complaints, evidence, reports and other papers and documents in the possession of the Post Office Department, regarding any change in any post office or postmastership in Bonaventure County, between 5th December, 1912, up to date. Presented 26th March, 1913.—Mr. Marcil (Bonaventure).....Not printed.
- 61 (92). Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all papers, documents, correspondence, orders in council, &c., relative to the dismissal of S. A. Johnson, late postmaster at Petite Rivière, Lunenhurg County, N.S. Presented 26th March, 1913.—Mr. MacLean (Halifax).

- 61 (10d). Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams, and other documents relative to the dismissal of Frank Dunlop, postmaster at Groves Point, Nova Scotia, in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to same, and a detailed statement of the expense of such investigation. Presented 26th March, 1913.—Mr. McKenzie.

Not printed.

61 (10e). Return to an Order of the House of the 10th December, 1912, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, complaints, petitions and other documents relating to the investigation of A. W. Salsman, postmaster at Middle Country Harbour, N.S., and to the appointment of his successor. Presented 26th March, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair.

- 61 (101). Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence, orders in council and all other papers or documents in any way relating to the dismissal of Alexander Marion, from the position of postmaster at Rockland, Ontario. Presented 26th March, 1913.—Mr. Murphy
 Not printed.

- 61 (10j). Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of the evidence taken and the report made by each commissioner appointed since 1st of November, 1911, to conduct an investigation into charges of offensive partizanship made against postmasters in the County of Russell. Presented 26th March, 1913.—Mr. Murphy
 Not printed.
- 61 (101). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a return showing the names of the postmasters in the County of Joliette, who have been dismissed from 1896 to September, 1911; their respective parishes; dates of their dismissals; the reasons alleged; whether an inquiry was made in each case; on whose recommendation in each case the dismissals were made; names of successors in each case, and on whose recommendation were they appointed. Presented 26th March, 1913.—Mr. Guilbault.

 Not printed.
- 61 (10m). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all papers, documents, evidence, reports, letters, correspondence, &c., relating to the dismissal of T. Doane Crowell, postmaster at Shag Harbour, Shelburne County, N.S., and the appointment of his successor. Presented 26th March, 1913.—Mr. Law.

- 61 (10u). Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a return showing the foremen employed at the various public works in the County of Gloucester on the 21st of September, 1911, who have been dismissed since by the present administration, containing their names, reasons of dismissal, nature of the charges made against them, also a copy of all correspondence connected with the same and reports of in quiries, in cases where such inquiries have been instituted. Presented 28th March, 1913.—Mr. Turgeon.
 Not printed
- 61 (10w). Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence, orders in council and all other papers or documents in any way relating to the dismissal of James McCartin, from the position of inspector of the concrete work forming part of the contract for the construction of the The Plaza at the City of Ottawa Presented 28th March, 1913.—
 Mr. Murphy
 Not printed.
- 61 (10x). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of at: charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Robert C. Morrison, postmaster at St. Peters, Richmond County, N.S., and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same; also a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation, together with a copy of all recommendations, letters, telegrams and other papers relating the appointment of Mr. Morrison's successor. Presented 31st March, 1913.—Mr. Kyte.
 Not printed
- 61 (10y). Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams, and other documents relative to the dismissal of Richard Dugas, storm signal attendant at Alder Point, Nova Scotia, in the riding of North Capo Breton and Victoria. Presented 4th April, 1913.—Mr. McKenzie.

 Not printed.

- 61 (11b). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, correspondence, reports and documents touching the dismissals of Alexander R. McAdam as fishery officer for the County of Antigonish, N.S., and the appointment of his successor. Presented 4th April, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Antigonish).
 Not printed.

- 61 (11h). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dis missal of Frederick Mitchell, from the position of postmaster at Dominion, Cape Breton South, N.S., and of the evidence taken and reports of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same. Presented 9th April, 1913.—Mr. Carroll.

- 61 (11m). Return to an Order of the House of the 11th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of A. G. McDonald, postmaster of North East Margaree, Inverness County. Nova Scotia, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same; also a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 14th April, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness)..Not printed.
- 61 (11n). Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a return showing in detail the number of dismissals from public office by the present government to this date, in the constituency of Qu'Appelle, with the names of the dismissed officers, and the reason for their dismissal, the complaints against such officials and a copy of all correspondence, petitions, papers and documents with respect to the same, and of all notes of evidence and reports of investigations in cases where they have taken place. Presented 14th April, 1913.—Mr. Thomson (Qu'Appelle)..........Not printed

- 61 (11y). Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a return showing the detail and number of dismissals from public offices by the present government to this date in the riding of Mackenzie, together with the names of the dismissed occupants, the reasons for their dismissal, the complaints against such officials, and a copy of all correspondence with respect to the same, and of all reports of investigations, where any such were held. Presented 15th April, 1913. Mr. Cash. Not printed.

61 (11z). Return to an Order of the House of the 7th April, 1913, for a copy of all charges investigated by Commissioner W. J. Code, and also of the evidence taken and the report made by the said commissioner. Presented 16th April, 1913.—Mr. Murphy.

Not print

- 61 (12b). Return to an Order of the Honse of the 11th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of J. Scott Nelson, postmaster at Louisdale, Richmond County, N.S., and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by Il. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation; and a copy of all papers relating to the appointment of his successor. Presented 16th April, 1913.
 —Mr. Kyte.
 Not printed
- 61 (12c). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Joseph McMullen, from the post office at Bridgeport, Cape Breton South, Nova Scotia, and of evidence taken and reports of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same. Presented 16th April, 1913. Mr. Carroll....Not printed.

- 61 (12f). Return to an Address to Ilis Royal Highness the Governor General of the 7th December, 1911, for a copy of all papers, correspondence and orders in council in connection with and relating to the dismissal from office of public officials from each of the departments of government since the 1st day of October last past, including both Inside and Outside Service. Presented 18th April, 1913.—Mr. Carvell......Not printed.
- 61 (129). Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 3rd March, 1913, for a copy of all papers, documents, correspondence, evidence, order in council, &c., relative to the dismissal of Edward Doucett, sub-collector of customs, Digby County, N.S. Presented 21st April, 1913.—Mr. McLean (Halifax).

Not printed.

61 (12h). Return to an Address to Ilis Royal Highness the Governor General of the 3rd March, 1913, for a copy of all papers, documents, correspondence, evidence, orders in council, &c., relative to the dismissal of Mr.: LeBlane, sub-collector of customs, Church Point, Digby County, N.S. Presented 21st April, 1913. Mr. McLean (Halifax).

61 (12i). Return to an Order of the House of the 19th March, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of John C. Bourinot, chief customs officer at Port Hawkesbury, Inverness County, Nova Scotia, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by Mr. H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same; also a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 21st April, 1913.—Mr. Chishalm (Inverness).

Not printed.

- 61 (121). Return to an Order of the House of the 31st March, 1913, for a copy of all complaints and charges against James Falconer, of Newcastle, County of Northumberland. New Brunswick, as correspondent of the Labour Gazette at Newcastle, and of all letters, telegrams and other correspondence relating in any way to his dismissal and the appointment of a successor. Presented 22nd April, 1913.—Mr. Loggic.. Not printed.
- 61 (12m). Return to an Order of the House of the 19th March, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of John B. Chisholm, lightkeeper at Port Hastings, Inverness County, Nova Scotia, and the evidence taken and report of investigation held by Mr. H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same; also a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 24th April, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness).......Not printed.
- 61 (120). Return to an Order of the House of the 31st March, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams, and other documents relative to the dismissal of D. J. Morrison, boatman in the customs service at Big Bras D'or, North Cape Breton and Victoria, N.S., and of the evidence taken and of reports of the investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same, with a detailed statement of expenses of such investigation. Presented 25th April, 1913.—Mr. McKenzie.

Not printed

61 (12p). Return to an Order of the House of the 31st March, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams, and other documents relative to the dismissal of Rod McLeod, Foatman in the customs service at Big Bras D'or, North Cape Breton and Victoria, N.S., and of the evidence taken and of reports of the investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same, with a detailed statement of expenses of such investigation. Presented 25th April, 1913.—Mr. McKenzic.

- 61 (12v). Return to an Order of the Honse of the 31st March, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Captain P. J. Wilcox, from the customs office at Louisburg, Cape Breton South, Nova Scotia, and of evidence taken and reports of investigations held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same. Presented 29th April, 1913.—Mr. Carroll.

Not printed

- 61 (12w). Return to an Order of the House of the 31st March, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of M. J. McKennon. from the customs office at Glace Bay, Cape Breton South. Nova Scotia, and of evidence taken and reports of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to the same. Presented 29th April, 1913.—Mr. Carvell......Not printed
- 61 (12x). Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relative to the dismissal of Captain John Arsenault, telegraph line repairer at Alder Point, Cape Breton, in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria, and of the evidence taken and report of investigation held by H. P. Duchemin, in regard to same, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 29th April, 1913.—Mr. McKenzie.

61 (12y). Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Mrs. John Arsenault, telegraph operator at Alder Point, N.S., in the riding of North Cape Breton and Victoria. Presented 2nd May, 1913.—Mr. McKenzie.

Not printed

- 61 (13c). Return to an Order of the House of the 10th March, 1913, for a copy of 11 reports, charges, and correspondence in the office of the Department of Marine and Fisheries relating to charges of political partizanship against Michael O'Brien, light-keeper at Bear Island, Richmond County, N.S., and of the instructions issued to H. P. Duchemin, commissioner, to investigate the same together with the Commissioner's report and finding thereon, and his expenses of holding such investigations. Presented 7th May, 1913.—Mr. Kyte.
- 61 (13d). Return to an Order of the House of the 17th February, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams, reports, recommendations and other documents bearing on or having relation to the dismissal of J. H. Leduc, as medical port officer of the port of Three Rivers, P.Q. Presented 7th May, 1913.—Mr. Burcau.. Not printed.

- 61 (13h). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Angus R. McDonald, postmaster at Broad Cove Chapel, Inverness County. Nova Scotia. Presented 7th May, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness)....Not printed.

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- 61 (13j). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, complaints, petitions or other documents of any kind received by the government, or any member or official thereof, relating to the conduct of J. Morgan, one time postmaster of the village of Ailsa Craig. Ontario, as such, and relating to an investigation into said conduct. Presented hay, 1913.—Mr. Ross.

Not printed

- 61 (131). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Allan Gillis, postmaster at Gillisdale, South West Margaree, Inverness County, Nova Scotia. Presented 8th May, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness).

Not printed.

61 (13m). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of David Shaw, postmaster at Marsh Brook, North East Margaree, Inverness County, Nova Scotia. Presented 8th May, 1913.—Mr. Chisholyn (Inverness).

- 61 (13p). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Dan. McEachern, postmaster at McEachern's Mills, Broad Cove Chapel. Inverness County, Nova Scotia. Presented 8th May, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness).
 Not printed.

- 61 (13u). Dismissal of N. C. Lyster, late postmaster at Lloydminster, Sask.—(Senate).

 Not printed.
- 61 (13v). Return to an Order of the House of the 2nd April, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of Mrs. Maggie Cameron, postmistress at Achosnach, Inverness County, Nova Scotia. Presented 9th May, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness)......Not printed.
- 61 (13w). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all charges, correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the dismissal of David Frager, postmaster at North East Margaree, Inverness County, Novo Scotia. Presented 9th May, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness)......Not printed.

- 61 (13z). Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1913, for a return showing the number of employees of the Department of Public Works who have been dismissed in the County of Berthier since the 21st September, 1911, giving the names of the said employees; if an inquiry was held in each case; on whose recommendation, in each case, these dismissals were made; the names of those appointed successors to these pers as and on whose recommendation. Presented 12th May, 1913.—Mr. Beland Not printed.

- 61 (14d). Return to an Order of the House of the 15th January, 1913, for a copy on the papers, letters, telegrams, evidence and other documents regarding the dismissal of Mary A. Bohan, as postmistress at Bath, Carleton County, N.B. Presented 21st May, 1913.—Mr. Carvell.
 Not printed.

- 61 (141). Return to an Order of the House of the 16th April, 1913, for a copy of all paper, documents, evidence, reports, &c., relating to the dismissal of B. C. Kanock, late shipping master at Lunenburg, N.S. Presented 4th June, 1913.—Mr. McLean (Halifax).

 Not printed.

- 61 (140). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all letters, petitions, telegrams, complaints, evidence, reports and other papers and docal ments in the possession of the Post Office Department, or any department of the government relating to the dismissal of Captain Freeman Myers, postmaster at Cole Harbour, Guysborough County, N.S., and if there was an investigation, the names of all witnesses examined, a copy of the evidence, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 4th June, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair.

- 61 (14p). Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a return showing all public officers removed by the present government in the district of St. James, Montreal, together with the names and duties of such persons, the reasons of their dismissal, the nature of the complaints brought against them, and a copy of all correspondence relating thereto, and of reports of inquiries in the cases where such have been held. Presented 4th June, 1913.—Mr. Lapointe (Montreal).......Not printed

- 61 (14s). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all letters, petitions, telegrams, complaints, evidence, reports and other papers and documents in the possession of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, or any department of the government relating to the dismissal of Levi Munroe, harbour master at

- 61 (14w). Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all letters, petitions, telegrams, complaints, evidence, reports and other papers and docoments in the possession of the Department of Railways and Canals, or any department of the government, relating to the dismissal of Alex. McInnis, car inspector of the Intercolonial railway at Mulgrave, N.S., and if there was an investigation, the names of all witnesses examined, a copy of the evidence, and a detailed statement of the expenses of such investigation. Presented 6th June, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair...Not printed.

- 62. Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a return showing the number of all contracts cancelled in the County of Bonaventure since the 1st of October, 1911; the names of the contractors, the prices paid to them, the reasons for the cancellation in each case; and a copy of any investigations and reports had into the causes of such cancellations, the names of the new contractors and the prices paid to them in each case. Presented 14th January, 1913.—Mr. Marcil (Bonaventure).

Not printed.

- 62b. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all corre spondence, letters, telegrams, complaints and other documents relating to the cancelling of the contract for conveying His Majesty's mails, entered into on the 1st day of January, 1912, between the Honourable Postmaster General and Mr. J. C. Beeman of Guthrie, County of Missisquoi; together with the reason for the cancellation of this contract, the price paid to Mr. Beeman, the name of the present contractor and the price paid to him. Presented by Hon. Mr. Pelletier.—Mr. Kay......Not printed.
- 62d. Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of a'l papers, letters, telegrams, tenders, bonds, agreements, contracts and other documents in the possession of the Post Office Department relating to the letting of the contract for carrying the mails between Heatherton and Guysborough, in the year 1912; and also relating to any temporary agreement entered into prior to the date of letting such contract. Presented 21st January. 1913.—Mr. Sinclair................................Not printed
- 62f. Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all letters, and other documents relating to the establishment of a rural mail delivery service between Merigonish Station, County of Pictou, and Arisaig, in the County of Antigonish, in the year 1912. Presented 17th February, 1913.—Mr. Macdonald.

62). Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1913, for a return showing what changes, if any, have been made in the contracts for the carrying of the mails in the County of Berthier, since the 21st September, 1911; in what parishes, on what date, and for what reason; to whom have the new contracts been granted, and if a tender was asked for in each case. Presented 14th April, 1913.—Mr. Béland.

Not printed

62k. Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all letters, petitions, telegrams, bonds, reports and other papers and documents in the pessession of the Post Office Department, or any department of the government, relating to the letting of the mail contract between Guysborough and Charlos Cove, County of Guysborough, N.S., during the year 1912. Presented 28th April, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair.

- 62n. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th April, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence, telegrams, &c., exchanged between the Honourable the Postmaster General and Dr. Faucher, of Quebec, concerning the purchase of a certain patented lock for mail bass. Presented 7th May, 1913.—Mr. Lapointe (Kamouraska)......Not printed.
- 62p. Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all letters, petitions, telegrams, complaints, reports, honds of indemnity, and all other papers and documents in the possession of the Post Office Department, or any department of the government, relating to the contract for carrying the mails between Linwood or some point of the Intercolonial railway, County of Antigonish, N.S., and Grosvenor, County of Guysborough, N.S. Presented 9th May, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair....Not printed.

- 62s. Return to an Address to His Excellency the Administrator of the 7th April, 1913, for a copy of all orders in council, reports of experts and contracts, in connection with

the different purchases of rural mail delivery boxes made by the Post Office Depart ment since 1908, until 1st January, 1912. Presented 21st May, 1913.—Mr. Lemieux.

- 62°. Return to an Order of the House of the 31st March, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence concerning the purchase of new locks for mail bags by the Post Office Department from the Ontario Equipment Company. Presented 4th June, 1913.—Mr. Carrell. Not printed.
- 62w. Return to an Order of the House of the 17th February, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams, memoranda, tenders, bonds and all other documents relative to the contract for the carrying of the mail between the post office and Can adian Pacific Railway station at Three Rivers and vice versa, since the eleventh day of October, 1911, to date. Presented 4th June, 1913.—Mr. Tobin.......Not printed.

- 67g. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 9th Decem ber, 1912, for a copy of all papers, documents, petitions, orders in Council, memoranda, correspondence, &c., by and between the government of Canada or any member thereof, and the government of the province of British Columbia, or any member thereof, since 1st May, 1912, relating to the subject to an increase of the provincial subsidy to the said province. Presented 16th April, 1913.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax).

- 68. Copies of general orders promulgated to the militia for the period between 2nd November, 1911, and 5th Novmber, 1911. Presented by Hon. Mr. Hughes, 14th January, 1913.
 Not printed.
- 69. Return to an Address to His Excellency the Right Hononrable Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, P.C., &c., administrator, of the 31st March, 1913, for a copy of all papers, documents, petitions, letters, telegrams, orders in council and other papers and documents in possession of the Department of Customs, relating to the duty payable on twine used for fishing purposes, and especially relating to the construction placed upon item 682 of the Customs Tariff. Presented 23rd May, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair.......Not printed.
- 70. Return to an Order of the House of the 30th November, 1912, for a return showing:-
 - 1. The date when the present Canadian Pure Food Act, now known as the Adulteration Act, R.S.C., was enacted.
 - 2. What foods, beverages or drugs have standards of strength and purity under the Act been fixed, and what are the dates when such standards become operative.
 - 3. What foods, beverages or drugs have standards of strength and purity been prepared and recommended from time to time by the chief analyst, which have not been put in force, and why were such standards not put in force.
 - 4. How many cases of adulteration together with cases which show standards of quality below those required by the Adulteration Act, have been ascertained by the Dominion analyst since the said Act came into operation.
- 71. Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence, negotiations, proposals in writing and other papers and documents in the possession of the government, or any department thereof, relating to reciprocity in trade with the United States, bearing date between the 1st day of January, 1890, and the 31st day of December, 1891. Presented 14th January, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair.

- 72c. Return to an Order of the House of the 27th January, 1913, for a copy of all documents, letters, correspondence, recommendations, reports, &c., relating to the appointment of Mr. J. Begin as manager of the experimental farm at Ste. Anne de la Pocatière. Presented 13th February, 1913.—Mr. Lapointe (Kamouraska)....Not printed.

- 72k. Appointment of Mr. McCloskie as postmaster at Waukau, British Columbia.—(Scnate)
 Not printed.
- 73. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 9th December, 1912, for a return showing all changes made in the Customs Tariff of Canada by order in council since the close of last session of parliament. Presented 14th January, 1913.
 Not printed

- 80. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence, complaints, reports and all documents relating to the cancelling of lease No. 18778, consented to by the Honourable Minister of Railways and Canals, to Aurile Lebeuf, on the 12th December, 1910.—Presented 16th January, 1913.—Mr. Papineau.

 Not printed

- 83d. Return to an Order of the House, of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of the evidence taken at the inquiry held in the month of November, 1912, by Mr. MacDonald 43819—6

- 83j. Return to an Order of the House of the 19th March, 1913, for a return showing how many kcgs of nails were purchased in 1912 for the Intercolonial Railway; the prices paid therefor in each case; whether tenders were invited in the case of each purchase and, if so, who the respective tenderers were and the prices submitted; to whom were the contracts awarded in each case. Presented 28th March, 1913.—Mr. Murphy.

Not printed.

83k. Return to an Order of the House of the 19th March, 1913, for a return showing the amounts received by the Intercolonial Railway for freight and passengers respectively for each of the twelve months of the calendar years 1910, 1911 and 1912, at the following stations:—Montreal, Halifax, St. John, Sydney, Truro, Moncton, New Glasgow

and Amherst; also, the total receipts of the said railway for freight and passengers respectively during each of the said years. Presented 28th March, 1913.—Mr. Rhodes.

Not printed.

- 83p. Return to an Order of the House of the 24th February, 1913, for a copy of all complaints, requirements, requisitions, petitions, and correspondence of all kinds made by the Sydney, N.S., Board of Trade, or by the citizens of the city of Sydney, or any of them, having reference to better and increased facilities on the Intercolonial Railway on the Sydney division. Presented 21st April, 1913.—Mr. Carroll.

- 83u. Return to an Order of the House of the 31st March, 1913, for a copy of all letters. memorials, petitions, correspondence, reports and other documents in the Department of the Postmaster General, or on file therein, relating or in any wise appertaining to the inauguration or establishing of railway mail facilities between Moncton, N.B., westward over the Intercolonial Railway towards St. John, in the morning, so as to furnish, among other things, opportunities for the transmission of newspapers and oth r mail matter, along said railway, to make morning connection with the railway mail facilities afforded by the railway from Salisbury. Westmorland County, N.B., running into Albert County, N.B.; and also relating to the establishment of railway mail facilities on each week day evening between Moneton eastward over the said railway by train known as number 84, running between Moncton, N.B., and Springhill Junction, Nova Scotia, thus affording the direct mail connection for newspapers and other mail matter each evening from Moncton to Shediac, Memramcook, Dorchester, Sackville, Amherst, and intermediate points east of Moncton; together with a statement showing what, if any, such railway mail facilities, either by locked bag or otherwise, were established or furnished over either of the said routes, and stating the respective dates when the same were so established or furnished generally, or in relation to any one of the newspapers published in Moncton, either in the morning or in the evening. Presented 12th May, 1913.-Mr. Emmerson.......Not printed.
- 83w. Return to an Order of the House of the 28th April, 1913, for a return showing all amounts collected by the Intercolonial Railway for freight on hay shipped from Amberst and other stations on the Intercolonial, in the County of Cumberland, to Antigonish and other stations in the County of Antigonish, during the months of

- 88. Commission appointed to investigate Indian reserves of British Columbia.—(Senate).

 Not printed.
- **90.** Report of departmental commission relating to official statistics of Canada.—(Senate).

 *Printe d for distribution only.
- 92. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all papers, documents, petitions, memoranda, correspondence, &c., with the Government of British Columbia or any member thereof, with the fishery officers of the Marine and Fisheries Department resident in said province, with salmon canneries in said province, and with any company, person or persons, relating to the prohibition of the expert of sockeye salmon from the said province of British Columbia since 15th October, 1911. Presented 20th January, 1913.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax)....Not printed.
- 94. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all papers, documents, letters, &c., between the Government of Canada and the Commonwealth of Australia for the past twelve months relative to the matter of preferential tariff arrangements between the said two countries. Presented 21st January, 1913.—Mr. Maclean (Halifar). Printed for sessional papers only.
- 95. Report of Mr. Olivar Asselin on an investigation of Belgian and French emigration to Canada. Presented by Hon. Mr. Roche, 21st January, 1913.

- 95c. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of the report of the commission appointed to investigate complaints against the United Shoe Machinery Company, together with the order in council appointing the commission, the complaints upon which the order was issued and all action, if any, taken by the government on report of commission, by order in council or otherwise. Presented 11th February, 1913.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Not printed

- 95d. Return to an Order of the House of the 20th January, 1913, for a copy of all evidence, letters, telegrams and other documents in connection with the investigation into the stranding of the D. G. steamer Earl Grey at Toney River, County of Pictou, in the spring of 1912; of the reports of the commissioner investigating the same, and of all correspondence, telegrams and documents in connection therewith, and of any departmental action in connection therewith. Presented 18th March, 1913.—Mr. Macdonald Not printed
- 96. Report of the Second International Moral Education Congress held at the Hague, 22nd to 27th of August, 1912, and as related thereto, on moral instruction in the Canadian public schools, &c., by Mr. J. A. M. Aikins, who was appointed by the government to represent Canada at that Congress. Presented by Hon. Mr. Borden, 21st January, 19:3.
 Printed for distribution only.
- 98. Return to an Order of the House of the 22nd January, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence, letters and telegrams between the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, or any officer of his department, and J. A. Gillies, K.C., Sydney, relating to the purchase from John B. Nicholson, of a site for a salmon hatchery at Snidlope Lake, Richmond County, N.S., and also of all accounts, charges and vouchers received from the said J. A. Gillies, for services in connection therewith and the payments made to the said J. A. Gillies in respect of the same. Presented 7th February, 1913.—Mr. Kyte.

- 101. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 22nd January, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence between the government of Canada and the government of the Province of Ontario, with regard to the extension of the boundaries of the said province. Presented 23th January, 1913.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier.
 Not printed.
- 102. Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence, reports, and documents, bearing on the claim of C. R. Scoles, of New Carlisle, Quebec, to a halance of subsidy voted to the Atlantic and Lake Superior railway, since October, 1911, to date. Presented 24th January, 1913.—Mr. Marcil.

Not printed.

- 165. Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of all the different freight tariffs in force on the line of railway from Matapedia, Quebec, to New Carlisle, Quebec, and from New Carlisle, to Gascons, Quebec, and vice versa, and of any requests that have been received in regard to the change in the same; and also a copy of any requests, petitions, letters, or other documents complaining of the said tariffs. Presented 27th January, 1913. Mr. Marcil (Bonaventure).

Not printed.

106. Return to an Order of the House of the 5th December, 1912, for a copy of the original instructions, including maps, specifications, profiles, &c., furnished the engineers on the eastern division of the Transcontinental railway between Winnipeg and Quebec by the chief engineer of the Transcontinental Commission, and approved by the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company. Also of all instructions, including specifications and profiles, issued by the chief engineer of the Transcontinental Commission or by the chairman, since 31st October, 1911, which in any way vary, amend, or depart from the original instructions above mentioned. Also, of all correspondence between the Minister of Railways or any official of his department and the chairman of the Transcentinental Commission, or the chief engineer, concerning the departure from the original instructions, either as to the grades, curves and bridges or other permanent structures. Also a copy of all correspondence between the Minister of Railways or any member of the government and any official of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company referring to change of original instructions as regards grades, curves or permanent structures on the said line between Winnipeg and Quebec; and also of all correspondence between the chairman of the Transcontinental Commission or the chief engineer and any official of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company, or any member of its engineering staff, concerning the proposed change of grades, curves, or other permanent structures on the line of the Transcontinental between Winnipeg and the City of Quebec. Presented 30th January, 1913-Mr. Graham.

Not printed.

- 108a. Return to an Order of the House of the 27th January, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence between the Department of Railways and Canals and C. D. Sargent, C.E., and between C. D. Sargent, C.E., and H. G. Stanton, Superintending Engineer of the St. Peters Canal, or between W. H. Weller, contractor for the St. Peters canal improvements, and either or all of said parties relative to work done by the contractor outside of his contract, and the specifications thereof, and also a copy of all correspondence, letters and telegrams between the Department of Railways and Canals or C. D. Sargent, C.E., and any other person, in regard to the same; and of all accounts and vouchers rendered by the contractor to the government of such work, and the payment made by the government to the contractor, specifying whether the same is paid for in full or otherwise. Presented 21st April, 1913.—Mr. Kytc.

Not printed

108b. Return to an Order of the House of the 19th March, 1913, for a copy of the accordits of personal expenses paid to Mr. St. Amour, Superintendent of the Soulanges Canal,

- 115. Return to an Order of the House of the 27th March, 1912, for a copy of all papers, letters and telegrams relating to the applications for, or the granting of, a lease of False Cove Flats, Vancouver, B.C. Presented 11th February, 1913.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.
- 116. Return to an Order of the House of the 27th January, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence and other papers in connection with a proposed guarantee of bonds to the Quebec and Siguenay railway. Presented 11th February, 1913. Mr. Lemicux....Not printed.

116b. Return to an Address to His Reyal Highness th: Governor General of the 11th December, 1912, for a copy of all orders in council in connection with the construction of a line of railway from St. John to Grand Falls in the Province of New Brunswick, or any portion thereof and also of all plans and profiles filed with the Department of Railways and Canals by the St. John and Quebec Railway Company, and of all correspondence between the Department of Railways and Canals or any official thereof and with the said company or the Government of the Province of New Brunswick, or any official thereof, with reference to the curves, grades or general specifications of the said railway or any portion thereof. Presented 20th May, 1913.—Mr. Carvell.

- 118. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 22nd January, 1913, for a copy of all orders in council and of all correspondence relating to the extension of facilities for obtaining information useful to Canadian Trade and Commerce in connection with the British Consular Service. Presented 11th February, 1913.—Mr. Ames.
 Not printed.
- 119a. Supplementary return to an Order of the House of the 24th January, 1912, for a return showing all the employees of the different departments at Ottawa, and also in the nine provinces and territories of Canada, and other places outside of Canada, in the inside and outside service, who have left their employment since the 1st October, 1911, up to the 10th January, 1912, inclusively, with their names, Christian names, age, nationality, employment and salaries respectively; the date of their appointment; the date of their leaving; their salaries at the time of their appointment and at leaving; the reasons of their leaving; and if replaced or not; the names, Christian name, age, nationality, employment and salary of those who have replaced them;

120. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 5th February, 1912, for a copy of all tenders, contracts, reports and other memoranda of the engineers of the Department of Public Works, orders in council, correspondence and all other documents relating to the construction of a dam for storage purposes at the foot of Lake Timiskaming. Presented 12th February, 1913.—Mr. Pugsley.

- 125. Return to an Address to His Reyal Highness the Governor General of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all papers, letters, telegrams and correspondence between the Government of Canada or any member thereof, since 1st November, 1911, to the pre-

- 125b. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all papers, documents, petitions, orders in council, letters and telegrams in any department of the government of Canada, or that passed between the Department of Customs and the Department of Justice or any solicitor, counsel, association, company or individual, during the past twelve months, respecting the imposition of tariff duties upon imported lumber dressed on one side and sized, or respecting the interpretation of tariff item No. 504, together with a printed copy of any stated case, appeal, factum or argument used before the Exchequer Court of Canada or the Supreme Court of Canada, in the matter of the judicial interpretation of tariff item No. 504. Presented 4th June. 1913.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax)

Not printed.

- 127. Return to an Order of the House of the 27th January, 1913, for a return showing when the militia or regular forces was first called out in Canada since Confederation in aid of the civil authorities, how often, when and where has the same been called out since, the amount of money paid by each municipal corporation for such service in each case, what corps called out on each occasion, whether to quell strikes in each instance or for what purpose. Presented 18th February, 1913.—Mr. Macdonald.

- 129. Return to an Order of the House of the 10th February, 1913, for a copy of all documents, correspondence, memorandums, reports, requests for inquiries, of the appointment of commissioners and other documents, relating to the study of the causes for the depopulation of country places and the high cost of living in the eastern provinces of the Dominion. Presented 18th February, 1913.—Mr. Paquet.........Not printed.
- 130. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all papers, documents, memoranda and correspondence relating to the application of the Banque Internationale to the Treasury Board for a certificate for the commencement of husiness. Presented 18th Tebruary, 1913. Mr. Maclean (Halifax)..........Not printed.

- 132. Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence and papers concerning the increase of salary of Mr. Sevigny, employed at the immigration office at Moutreal. Presented 18th February, 1913.—Mr. Carvell.

 Not printed.
- 134. Return to an Order of the House of the 10th December, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence and other papers, in the Department of Public Works, concerning the awarding of a contract for a Welsh coal supply to the various Dominion public buildings in Montreal. Presented 19th February, 1913.—Mr. Lemieux...Not printed.

- 137. Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a return showing the amount of money expended in improving the channel of the Ottawa river between the city of Hull and the village of Masson. Presented 19th February, 1913.—Mr. Devlin.

 Not printed.

- 141. Claims of present fish warden, Baker Lake, County of Madawaska, N.B.—(Senate).
- 141b. Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all papers, letters, telegrams and documents or other communications, had with the Department of Marine and Fisheries or any official thereof, in regard to the prosecutions against the following parties:—Samuel Stewart, Melvin Hart, Andrew McNeil, Thomas McNeil, Hugh Malcolm, Tom Moffatt, James Waddin, Samuel Wright and Dougald Higgins, of Westville, County of Pictou, for infractions of the Fisheries Act, and of any applications or letters relative to relief from the fines imposed or the return of the same; and also of all papers, letters, and other documents relating to a charge against Rod. Martin, of Westville aforesaid, a fishery guardian, for illegal fishing and other offences. Presented 21st May, 1913.—Mr. Macdonald............Not printed.
- 141a Claims of Messrs. Boulanger and Son. Montmagny, Quebec .- (Senate) Not printed.
- 142. Copy of Report of Minister of Justice in re Florence Mining Company .— (Senate).

 Not printed.

- 145. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 9th December 1912, for a copy of all papers, telegrams, letters and orders in council respecting the transfer of the property known as the Police Point Reserve to the corporation of the City of Medicine Hat, Alberta. Presented 20th February, 1913.—Mr. Buchanan.

 Not printed.

- 150. Return to an Order of the House of the 24th February, 1913, for a return showing the stenographers and secretaries of the House of Commons, and the names of the members for whom each of them work. Presented 26th February, 1913.—Mr. Boulay.

Not printed.

1:0a. Return to an Order of the House of the 31st March, ultimo, for a return giving the names and home addresses of the persons employed in the House of Commons as stenographers to members. Presented 1st April, 1913.—Mr. Martin (Regina).

- 153a. Report of the Honourable Sir William Ralph Meredith, Kt., Commissioner appointed to make investigation into all matters connected with the Farmers Bank of Canada. Presented by Hon. Mr. White, 26th February, 1913.

Printed for distribution and sessional papers.

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(This volume is bound in three parts.)

153b. Report of Royal Commission authorized by orders in council dated 19th day of July, 1912, and the 5th day of August, 1912, to inquire into alleged complaints as to methods of weighing butter and cheese in Montreal, and also as to the methods of payment. Presented by Hon. Mr. Burrell, 30th May, 1913.

Printed for distribution and sessional papers.

154. Return to an Order of the House of the 27th January, 1912, for a return showing the amount of the subsidy paid to each of the four original provinces of the Dominion at Confederation, and the population on which such payment was based; the subsidy payable to each of the remaining five provinces on entering the union, and the population on which such payment was based; the sum added to the subsidy of any province as better terms, and the date which such addition was made respectively; the details of each readjustment of subsidies since 1867, and the yearly subsidy at present payable to each province, with the population on which such payment is based, and the original debt allowance, if any, respectively, placed to the credit of each province on entering the union. Presented 27th February, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair.

Printed for sessional papers only.

- 156. Return to an Order of the Ilouse of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all letters, tenders, contracts, papers and other documents in the possession of the Department of Marine and Fisheries relating to the making and cancellation of a contract or agreement between the said department and one Charles G. Giffin, of Isaac Harbour,

157. Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all papers and correspondence concerning the claim of Charles Mennier, ex-Collector of Customs at Marieville, Quebec, for rent. Presented 25th February, 1913.—Mr. Lemieux.

Not printed.

- 159c. Return to an Order of the House of the 12th May, 1913, for a copy of the last surrender and of all papers, correspondence and other documents in connection with the surrender of part of the White Bear Indian Reserve; together with a copy of all letters and telegrams referring to this surrender by officials of the Department or others, and of the authority on which this surrender was taken, the number of acres surrendered, and how disposed of. Presented 23rd May, 1913.—Mr. Bradbury.

- 160. Immigrants-number of, who settled in Canada, in 1911-12, and from whence.—(Scnate).

 Not printed.

- 162. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 25th March, 1912, for a copy of all letters, requests, petitions, orders in council and other documents in the possession of the Department of Marine and Fisheries relating to the change in the fishery regulations by which steam trawlers were prohibited from participating in the fishing bounty. Presented 3rd March, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair.

Not printed.

- 163. Return to an Order of the House of the 19th February, 19'3, for a copy of all correspondence, papers, accounts, vouchers, concerning the purchase and subsequent repairs of a private car by the Department of Militia and Defence, from the Canadian Northern Railway Company. Presented 3rd March, 1913.—Mr. Lemieux.

- 167. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 3rd February, 1913, for a copy of all telegrams, letters and other documents passing between the Government of Canada, or any member thereof, and the Government of the Province of Saskatchewan, or any member thereof, with respect to chapter 17 of the statutes of Saskatchewan, 1912, being an Act to prevent the employment of female labour in certain capacities. Presented 17th March, 1913.—Mr. Martin (Regina)......Not printed.

- 174a Return to an Order of the House of the 13th February, 1913, for the name of the discipline efficer in charge of each of the following departments in Portsmouth penitentiary, the date when each was first appointed on the penitentiary staff, the date to his present position, and the religious belief of each: Quarry, farm, warden's residence and grounds, blacksmith shop, bath room and laundry, stone shed, tailor and shoe shop, changing room, stone pile, sewage plant, asylum ward, cell wings, library and Roman Catholic and Protestant chapels, hospital, shop dome, carpenter, tin and paint shop, and prison of isolation. Presented 25th March, 1913.—Mr. Edwards.

Not printed.

- 175. Return to an Order of the House of the 17th February, 1913, for a copy of all statements of account for salary or remaneration to the Commissioner, and his expenses, for witness fees and all other expenses in connection with the investigations by Commissioner Duchemin, of the following persons in Antigonish County namely: Patrick M. Decoste, deckhand SS. Scotia, Harbour au Boucher; William R. Fougère, sectionman, Harbour au Bouche; Allen Kinney, sectionman, Linwood; Hubert Myatte, sectionman, Tracadie; John McDonell, sectionman, Afton Station; John W. Malanson sectionman, Afton; James Armstrong, sectionman, lleatherton; Charles Landry, sectionman, Pomket; William S. Landry, section foreman, Pomket; Colin McDonald, sectionman, James River; Archibald Chisholm, station agent, Heatherton; Joseph Beroit, station agent, Pomket; Alex. R. McAdam, fishery officer, Malignant Cove; Alex. McDonald, sub-collector, Doctors Brook; Charles I. Gass, sub-collector, Bayfield; Jeffrey M. Crispo, sub-collector, Harbour au Bouche; Hugh R. McAdam, postmaster, Arisaig; Thomas J. Sears, postmaster, Lochaber, Charles L. Gass, postmaster, Bayfield; and Joseph P. Benoit, postmaster, Pomquet; also the expenses in detail, of and incidental to the investigation by said Commissioner Duchemin of the charges made against John J. McDonald, postmaster, McArra's Brook; Archibald Stewart, section foreman, Harbour au Bouche; Ronald McFarlane, section foreman, Williams Point; Henry Williams, sectionman, Marshy Hope; and John W. McInnes, bridge foreman Intercolonial Railway, Antigonish. Presented 26th March, 1913.-Mr. Chisholm (Antigonish)......Not printed.
- 175a. Return to an Order of the House of the 28th April, 1913, for a return showing the date of the appointment of H. P. Duchemin, Investigating Commissioner for Eastern Nova Scotia; the number of days he has been employed by the government since the appointment; the gross amount paid to Mr. Duchemin as an allowance for his services, excluding travelling expenses or other outlay; the amount which has been paid to Mr. Duchemin to date for travelling expenses, living expenses, witness fees, and other sundry expenses, respectively. Presented 21st May, 1913.—Mr. Sinclair.

- 177. Return to an Order of the House of the 6th February, 1913, for a return showing what properties within the area north of Wellington street and west of Bank street, in the City of Ottawa, have been purchased or acquired by the Government; from whom the said purchases were made, and the price paid, or agreed to be paid, in each case; the

- 181. Return to an Order of the House of the 4th December, 1912, for a copy of all correspondence, letters and telegrams addressed by the Conservative candidate in the County of Gloucester at the election of 21st September, 1911, to the Minister of Public Works from the day he took his oath of office, on 10th October, 1911, up to the 31st December, of the same year, on the subject of public works then under construction in the said county. Presented 28th March, 1913.—Mr. Turgeon......Not printed.

- 183. Report on wholesale prices in Canada, 1912, by R. H. Coats, B.A., F.S.S., editor of the Labour Gazette. Presented by Hon. Mr. Crothers, 28th March, 1913....Not printed.
- 184. Area of territories added to Ontario and Quebec, by Statutes of 1912.—(Senate).

 Not printed.

- 187c. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd March, 1913,-1. For a copy of all correspondence and other papers in connection with the disposal of the following lands and the claim of James W. Brown in connection with these lands:-

Part of S.E. 4 section 21-20-21-W. 2nd meridian, area 5400ths acre.

Part of N.E. 3 section 21-20-21-W. 2nd meridian, area 116/100ths acre

Part of S.E. 1 section 20-20-21-W. 2nd meridian, area 80 acres.

Part of S.W. 4 section 28-20-21-W. 2nd meridian, area 724400ths acres.

Whole of S.E. 1/4 section 28-20-21-W. 2nd meridian, area 160 acres.

· Whole of N.E. \(\frac{1}{4}\) section 32-20-21-W. 2nd meridian, area 160 acres.

Part of S.E. 4 section 32-20-21-W. 2nd meridian, area 80 acres.

Whole of N.W. 1/4 section 5-21-21-W. 2nd meridian, area 160 acres.

Whole of S.E. 4 section 5-21-21-W. 2nd meridian, area 160 acres.

Part of N.E. 4 section 5-21-21-W. 2nd meridian, area 12385100ths acres.

Whole of S.W. 4 section 5-21-21-W. 2nd meridian, area 160 acres.

- 187d. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th April, 1913, for a copy of all letters, papers, telegrams and other documents in connection with the sale of the N.W. quarter-section 29 10-18-W. Presented 13th May, 1913.—Mr. Turriff......Not printed.
- 187c. Return to an Order of the House of the 28th April, 1913, for a copy of all letters, memoranda and other documents relating to the northeast quarter of 14-75-15-5, during the years 1911, 1912, and 1913 to date. Presented 13th May, 1913.—Mr. Oliver.

 Not printed.

- 187f. Return to an Order of the House of the 31st March, 1913, for a copy of all papers, telegrams, applications, and other documents in connection with the S.W. 2-19-20, west 2nd M. Homestead, patented 3rd June, 1892; the S. ½ of N.E. 20-20-21, west 2nd M. patented 11th October, 1904, N.W.H.B., as assignee of Edward Boucher; the S.E 🚦 of 22-20-21, west 2nd M., N.W.H.B., patented 22nd September, 1900, as assignee of Lonis McGillies; the S.E. 4 of 28-20 21, west 2nd M., N.W.H.B., patented 26th August, 1901, as assignee of J. Bte. Fagant, jr., and the E. 1 of S.E. 1 of 32-20-21, west 2nd M., N.W.H.B., patented 11th September, 1901, as assignee of Jos. Alexander; and of all papers in connection with any claims of G. W. Brown or others in connection with these lands. Presented 3rd June, 1913.—Mr. Bradbury.................Not printed.
- 187g. Return to an Order of the House of the 31st March, 1913, for a copy of all papers. telegrams, applications and other documents regarding the S.W. 1, 28-20-21, west 2nd M., N.W.H.B., patented 1st March, 1909, as assignee of Norbert Bellehumenr; and the W. ½ of S.E. ¼, 32, 20, 21, west 2nd M., N.W.H.B., patented 1st March, 1909, as assignee of Norbert Bellehumeur; and of all papers in connection with any claims by Norman McKenzie or others against the Government in connection with these lands.
- 188. Return to an Order of the House of the 10th March, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence or communication of any kind between the Department of Insurance at Ottawa and the Department of Insurance at Toronto since June, 1907, touching the transfer of the Canadian Guardian Life Insurance Company from the jurisdiction of the Insurance Department at Ottawa to that of the jurisdiction of the Insurance Department at Toronto; of all correspondence, if any, between the Insurance Department at Ottawa and the Saturday Night, newspaper of Toronto, touching the affairs of the Canadian Gnardian Life Insurance Company or the International Insurance Company, Limited; and of all correspondence and other communications between the Department of Insurance at Ottawa and the Government of the province of Alberta in reference to the affairs of the Canadian Guardian Life Insurance Company or the International Insurance Company, Limited. Presented 31st March, 1913.-Mr. German.

Not printed.

189. Copy of an Order in Council, &c., respecting a contribution of \$30,000 to assist in alleviating the distress of the sufferers by the disastrous cyclone which swept over the City of Regina and its vicinity. Presented by Hon. Mr. White, 31st March, 1913.

190. Copy of correspondence respecting the Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between the United Kingdom and Japan. Presented by Hon. Mr. Borden, 1st April, 1913.

Printed for sessional papers only.

- 190a. From Imperial Consulate General of Japan for the Dominion of Canada. The undersigned, His Imperial Majesty's Consul General at Ottawa, duly authorized by His Government, has the honour to declare that the Imperial Japanese Government are fully prepared to maintain with equal effectiveness the limitation and control which they have since 1908 exercised in the regulation of emigration from Japan to Canada. 11th April, 1913. Presented by Hon. Mr. Borden, 11th April, 1913.......Not printed.
- 191. Copy of the order in council in connection with the appointment of a Commission to inquire into the claims of the province of British Columbia for exceptional treatment. Presented by Hon. Mr. Borden, 1st April, 1913...... Printed for sessional papers only.
- 191a. Memorandum re British Columbia's claims for special consideration. Presented by

\$91b. Copies of orders in council, &c., relating to the appointment of commissioners to adjust all matters relating to Indian lands and Indian affairs generally in the province of British Columbia. Presented by Hon. Mr. Borden, 17th April, 1913.

Not printed.

- 191d. Report of Royal Commission on Industrial Training and Technical Education, Parts

 I, II, III. and IV. Presented by Hon. Mr. Crothers, 4th June, 1913.

Printed for distribution and sessional papers.

- 193. Return to an Order of the House of the 10th February, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence exchanged between the Department of Marine and Fisheries and the member for Temiscouata, and all other persons, respecting the placing of a light or line of lights on wharf at Ile Verte, County of Temiscouata. Presented 4th April, 1913.—Mr. Paquet
 Not printed.
- 195. Return to an Order of the House of the 10th March, 1913, for a statement showing the total volume of trade, in import and export, respectively, between Canada and Newfoundland for each year during the period from the 1st day of January, 1896, to the 1st day of January, 1913, and of what the said trade consisted of each year.
 - 2. The volume of trade between Newfoundland and the West Indian Islands, included in the West Indian trade agreement with Canada, dated the 9th day of April, 1912, during the years 1909, 1910, 1911 and 1912, in import and export, and of what the said import and export consisted of each year. Presented 10th April, 1913.—Mr. McKenzie. Not printed.
- 195a Supplementary return to an Order of the House of the 10th March, 1913, for a statement showing the total volume of trade, in import and export, respectively, between Canada and Newfoundland for each year during the period from the 1st day of January, 1896, to the 1st day of January, 1913, and of what the said trade consisted of each year.

- 197. Return to an Order of the House of the 19th March, 1913, for a copy of all tenders asking for the construction of a drill hall at Fernie, B.C., of all correspondence concerning the awarding of the contract, and of all correspondence and documents regarding said tender and contract. Presented 14th April, 1913.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier.
 Not printed.

- 202. Return to an Order of the House of the 31st March, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence claims and reports with reference to compensation claimed by owners of horses attached to the 0th Field Battery at Camp Petawawa in the summer of 1912, by rea-

203. Return to an Order of the House of the 11th December, 1912, for a copy of all papers, documents, pay-rolls, accounts, receipts, and correspondence in connection with all expenditures of money made in 1912 upon the Petite Rivière breakwater, Lunenburg County, Nova Scotia. Presented 29th April, 1913.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax).

Not printed.

203a. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 9th December, 1912, for a copy of all advertisements, tenders, contracts, orders in council, letters, correspondence, &c., relating to the construction of a wharf or breakwater at Seaforth, Halifax County, N.S. Presented 29th April, 1913.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax).

- 203b. Return to an Order of the House of the 20th March, 1912, for a copy of all documents, letters, correspondence, petitions, reports, &c., addressed to the Department of Public Works since the 21st September last on the subject of a wharf now under construction at St. Croix, in the County of Lotbinière, province of Quebec. Presented 29th April, 1913.—Mr. Fortier.
 Not printed.

- 203g. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th April, 1913, for a copy of all documents, correspondence, &c., relating to the purchase by the Department of Public Works of a certain quantity of timber for the construction of a wharf at St. Germain de Kamouraska, the said purchase having been made, as alleged, from Murray Castonguay during the year 1912. Presented 26th May, 1913.—Mr. Lapointe (Kamouraska).
 Not printed.
- 203i. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th May, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence exchanged between the Postmaster General and M. Isidore Belleau, of Quebec, in connection with improvements contemplated in Quebec harbour. Presented 2nd June, 1913.—Mr. Carvell.
 Not printed.
- 204. Return to an Order of the House of the 4th March, 1912.—1. For a copy of all reports of engineers from 1874 to 1930, relating to the most suitable site in the harhour of Quebec for the construction of a dry dock.
 - 2. Of all correspondence exchanged on the subject of a choice of a site for the dry dock now existing at St. Joseph de Lévis, at the time of its construction.
 - 3. Of engineers reports, plans, maps and bearings relating to the construction of a new dry dook in the port of Quebec since 1900.
 - 4. Of all correspondence exchanged between the different companies and the government relating to the construction of a new dry dock in the port of Quebec, since
- 204a. Dry dock of Lévis. Report of Mr. Charles Smith against Sampson, et al.—(Senate).

 Not printed.
- 204b. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 19th March, 1913, for a copy of all orders in council, plans and estimates, correspondence, papers and inquiries respecting the construction of a dry dock at Quebec or Lévis or in the port or harbour of Quebec. Presented 6th June, 1913.—Mr. Lachance....Not printed.
- 206. Return to an Order of the House of the 13th February, 1913, for a return showing the name of the company who has the contract for the electric lighting of the government buildings and grounds in Ottawa, date of contract and period, on what notice can contract be cancelled, price paid per kilowatt hour for electric lighting, names of

buildings lighted, cost of lighting each per year, rate for electric lighting if a combined power and light rate, price for current for power purposes, if lamps are not free, price paid for the carbon and tungsten lamps renewed, are lamps marked so as to be identified as belonging to the government buildings, number of electric lamp renewals paid for during the last fiscal year, where required, number of carbon and tungsten lamps respectively in use in the several buildings and the candle power or wattage of the same. Presented 2nd May, 1913.—Mr. Wilson (Wentworth)

Not printed.

207. Return to an Order of the House of the 17th February, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams, petitions, memoranda, reports, tenders, deposits, recommendations and all other documents of any nature whatsoever bearing on or having relation to the erection of a public building in the city of Three Rivers, P.Q., since the 11th day of October, 1911, to date. Presented 2nd May, 1913.—Mr. Bureau.

Not printed.

207a. Return to an Order of the House of the 26th May, 1913, for a copy of all papers, letters, and documents relating to the construction of a public building in the town of Laurentides, County of L'Assomption. Presented 4th June, 1913.—Mr. Seguin.

Not printed.

207b. Return to an Order of the House of the 2nd April, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams, contracts, tenders and reports of government inspector, in relation to the work and repairs on the public building at North Sydney during the year 1912, and particularly the inspector's report on the damages caused by fire during the construction of said works and repairs; and also a copy of the tenders of Henry Lovell, for the above work. Presented 6th June, 1913.—Mr. McKenzie.

- 211. Report made by the Central Railway of Canada to the Railway Department.—(Senate).

 Not printed.

- 213a. Return to an Order of the House of the 2nd April, 1913, for a return showing hy quarter-section, or fraction of quarter-section, all school lands sold in Manitoba, Suskatchewan and Alberta during the calendar year 1912; the price per acre at which each separate parcel was sold; the name and address of each purchaser; a list of all school lands sold at above sales which have singe been cancelled; the price at which each parcel of said cancelled lands were sold, with the names and addresses of purchasers of each parcel of said lands sold and subsequently cancelled. Presented 23rd May, 1913.—Mr. Turriff.
 Not printed.

- 216. Return to an Order of the Mouse of the 28th April, 1913, for a copy of all telegrams, correspondence, returns, &c., between the Department of Agriculture, and any other person or persons, requesting recently that the Veterinary Director General of Canada visit Nova Scotia. Presented 9th May, 1913.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax).

- 218a. Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all diaries relating to and showing the work performed during the months of June and July, 1912, by Homestead Inspectors Brandt, Balfour, Ouelette and Sipes, in the Regina land district. Presented 16th May, 1913.—Mr. Martin (Regina)......Not printed.
- 218b. Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a return showing the expenses of Homestead Inspectors Brandt, Balfour, Ouelette and Sipes during the months of June and July, 1912. Presented 16th May, 1913.—Mr. Martin (Regina).

 Not printed.
- 218d. Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a copy of all diaries and other documents relating to and showing the work performed during the months of June and July, 1912, by Homestead Inspectors Shields and McLaren, in the Swift Current lands district. Presented 23rd May, 1913.—Mr. Knowles......Not printed.
- 218c. Return to an Order of the House of the 29th January, 1913, for a return showing the expenses of Homestead Inspectors Shields, McLaren, Erratt and Rathwell, during the months of June and July of 1912. Presented 26th May, 1913.—Mr. Knowles.

- 222a. Return to an Order of the House of the 2nd April, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence, petitions, letters, telegrams, and other documents in the Department of Trade and Commerce, or any department of the Government, relating to the SS. service,

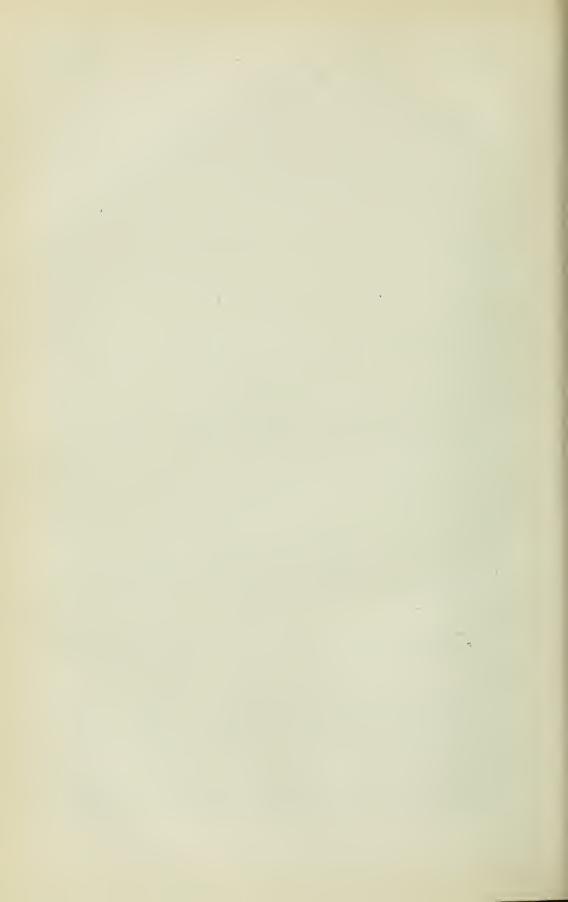
between Mulgrave, County of Guysborough and Cheticamp, Inverness County, during the years 1910-11, 1911-12, and 1912-13, and the service to be continued during the year 1913-14. Presented 27th May, 1913.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness)............Not printed.

- 223. Return to an Order of the Senate calling upon the Clerk of the House to furnish a statement showing the number of Bills passed by the House of Commons since Confederation, which have been:—1. Amended by the Senate. 2. Rejected by the Senate.

 3. Amended by the Senate and accepted by the Commons.—(Senate).....Not printed.

- 227. Return to an Order of the House of the 19th May, 1913, for a return showing the per capita taxation for the year ending 31st March, 1913, and for each of the twelve preceding years. Presented 3rd June, 1913—Mr. Hughes (Kings, P.E.I.)....Not printed.

- 230. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 10th March, 1913, for a copy of all correspondence, memoranda, orders in council, departmental orders and reports from fishery overseers or other officers, during the past two years, relating to weir licenses in the waters of the Counties of Charlotte and St. John, Province of New Brunswick. Presented 6th June, 1913.—Mr. Pugsley..........Not printed.
- 232. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 3rd February, 1913, for a copy of all papers in connection with the withdrawal from settlement of a strip of land one mile in width along the line of the Hudson Bay Railway, and of the order in council, and also of all plans and correspondence in connection with the same, prior and subsequent thereto. Presented 6th June, 1913.—Mr. Graham. Not printed.



DEPARTMENT

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PUBLIC PRINTING AND STATIONERY

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 1912

PRINTED BY ORDER OF PARLIAMENT

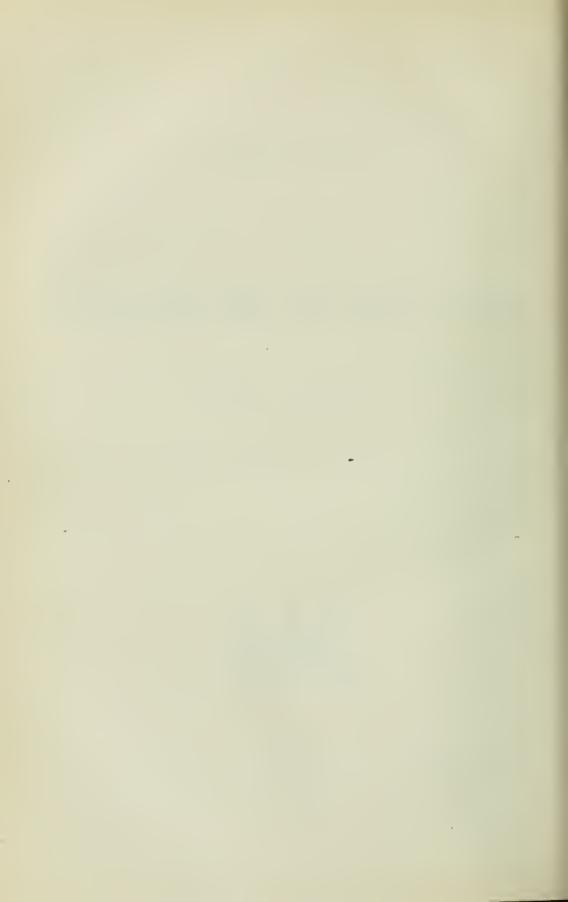


OTTAWA

PRINTED BY C. H. PARMELEE, PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY

1913 *

[No. 32-1913.]



To His Royal Highness, Field Marshal, Prince Arthur William Patrick Albert, Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, K. G., K. T., K. P., &c., &c., &c., Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of the Dominion of Canada.

SIR,-

The undersigned has the honour to present to Your Royal Highness the Annual Report of the Department of Public Printing and Stationery, for the year ended March 31, 1912.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your Royal Highness's most obedient servant,

LOUIS CODERRE,
Secretary of State.

1st March, 1913.



DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PRINTING AND STATIONERY.

Office of the King's Printer and Controller of Stationery,
Ottawa, 28th February, 1913.

To Hon. Louis Coderre, Secretary of State.

SIR,-

I have the honour to submit herewith the Annual Report of this Department for the fiscal year ending the 31st March, 1912. The details are, as usual, grouped under their proper heads, as Reports of the several departments under the Superintendent of Printing, Superintendent of Stationery, and the Accountant, respectively. These statements are so complete that they furnish very full information respecting the work of the department during the year, so that lengthy comment is unnecessary. It is not too much to say that all branches of the Bureau have put forth every effort to discharge their full duty, and in the face of many difficulties have succeeded in giving Parliament and the various departments of the Government a reasonably good service. The volume of work, as was to have been expected, shows a steady increase, and the Printing Branch, by the addition of new plant, has been placed in a position to do more and better work at a smaller cost. The Stationery Branch has also been able to give a service that may be fairly considered satisfactory.

As I pointed out in my last Report, one of the greatest hindranees to the efficient and economical management of the Bureau is the building in which the department is housed. The conditions are worse now than they were a year ago, from the fact that the operations which have to be carried on have sensibly increased in that time; in fact, the congestion has become so acute already that some immediate steps must be taken to secure temporary storage room outside. One of two things should be done as soon as possible, in the public interest: either extend the present building, or erect a new building, especially planned after the most modern ideas with a view of securing the greatest convenience and economy in the operation of a large printing plant, as well as the handling of very large quantities of stationery and office supplies by the Stationery Branch.

It is obvious that the management and efficiency of the Printing Bureau must closely concern all branches of the public service. It goes without saying that it is highly important from every point of view that the operations of the Printing Bureau should not be hindered or hampered from lack of space or by the occupancy of a building never properly planned for the economical and

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

\$4 266 784 90

efficient handling of the work, in respect to the stationery as well as the printing. In my opinion, it would be poor policy to spend money on any extension of the present Bureau. No extension that could possibly be made would overcome the defects in the original structure or give a building that would be modern and up-to-date. The public printing and stationery have increased four-fold in the past twenty years, and that rate of increase is likely to be maintained for many years to come. After graphically describing the unsatisfactory conditions existing in the Bureau from lack of space, the Public Service Commissioners in their Report, among other things, say:

"The Commissioners have considered the question of enlarging the present building and have come to the conclusion that such a course would not meet the situation. At present the whole arrangement of the building is so inconvenient that in order to fit it with modern conveniences an immense sum would have to be spent on reconstruction. In addition to this no possible extensions would be adequate to meet the requirements of even five years hence and give an efficient and economical service."

The fact that a new Printing Bureau is required is so generally recognized that it would be useless to enlarge on the subject further. The details of the Report tell a story of pretty general increase in the business of the department in all its branches. The cash clearances increased to the tune of \$673,382.62, the figures being:

1910–11	
The Expenditure by Letter of Credit cheque was	
" Application on the Auditor General was	64,979.08
" Application on Accountant of Contingencies was	6,648.57
Making a grand total of	\$2,225,603.39 185,466.95
Total amount of wages paid	\$649,930.11 54,161.67

Amount of Printing, etc., turned out for Parliament and the Departments of the Government increased by \$34,844.47,

the figures being, 1911–12, \$1,165,455.03 1910–11, 1,130,610.56

The amount of work given outside was comparatively the same as the previous year, although on the face, it shows an increase of \$32,548.73. This is accounted for by the printing outside of part of the Voters' Lists to the amount of \$31,740.61, which occurs only every four or five years.

The figures are as follows:

Outside Work 1911–12	
Increase of	
Net increase of	\$ 808.12

The total of expenditure for wages, printing and binding supplies, etc.,

for last year amounted to	,164,939.92
for 1910–1911 amounted to	996,478.22

An increase of \$168,461.70, thus for the first time bringing the expenses of the Printing Branch over the million dollar mark.

The amount of Stationery, etc., supplied to Departments and Parliament was increased by \$153,511.50,

the figures being,	1911-12	\$774,561.30
	1910-11	621,049.80
		\$153,511.50

The amount of Stationery, etc., purchased during the year was increased by \$160,576.21,

the figures being,	1911–12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	1910–11	541,366.74	
		\$160,576.21	

The expenses in connection with the purchase of Stationery, etc., for the year were as follows:

Freight, express, etc		
Wages		30,287.19
	S	37,569.88

The Customs duties in Stationery, etc., purchased, amounted to \$7,642.91. This charge is not proportioned over the total purchases, but is added to the eost of the importations.

The stock of Stationery, etc., on hand was again reduced this year.

Stock on		31, 1911 31, 1912	
Reductio	n of		\$ 20,267.37

3 GEORGE V., A. 1911'3

The profit on Stationery, etc., issued during the year amounted to \$7,138.19, which sum was transferred to the credit of Casual Revenue Account.

The printing of the Voters' Lists for the last General Election cost \$75,720,36, the detail of which follows:

Printing performed in the Bureau outside the Bureau	
Office Supplies	61,790.61 331.27 13,598.24
	\$ 75,720.36

The revenue of the Canada Gazette increased by \$5,261.46:

1911-12	\$	22,056.26
1910–11		16,794.80
	ş	5,261.46

The number of copies printed for the last number of the fiscal year 1911–12 was 2,000. This is an increase of 275 copies over last year.

The number of paid subscribers increased from 250 to 258.

The free distribution numbered 1,742 copies.

The receipts derived from the sale of Parliamentary Publications to the Departments and to the Public show an increase of \$999.76:

1911–12 1910–11		<i>'</i>
	8	999.76

The amount of accounts for Intercolonial and Prince Edward Island Railways printing, which is audited at the Bureau, shows an increase of \$8,049.69:

1911–12 1910–11		
	S	8,049.69

The amount of accounts for Government Newspaper Advertising, which is ordered and audited at the Bureau, increased by the sum of \$22,142.60:

1911-12.			٠			S	166,224.26
1910-11.							144,081.66
						.75	22.1.10.40
						5	22,142.60

A matter of great inconvenience to the Accountant's Branch, in the collecting of payments for the Printing and Stationery Accounts, is the lack of sufficient funds on the part of several Departments to carry them through the year. These Departments usually run short of funds after the first six mouths, the result being that the Bureau has to carry them for the rest of the year, till the appropriation for the next Fiscal Year becomes available. This goes on year after year with pretty much the same Departments. At times the unpaid accounts reach so large a sum that it seriously impairs the Bureau's Advance Account of \$200,000, and besides necessitates, month after month, reporting the same Departments as in arrears in the regular statements to the Auditor General. The most inconvenient part is, that it is extremely difficult to collect all the outstanding amounts, before the date set by the Auditor General for the closing of the year. Last year, notwithstanding the fact that the time for closing was considerably extended, two Departments failed to pay their accounts in time. The obvious remedy for this state of affairs would be an appropriation sufficient in all cases to enable the various Departments to meet their necessary expenditure for printing and stationery promptly as the accounts are rendered and audited.

I wish, in conclusion, to bear testimony to the growing spirit of co-operation on the part of the officials of the Departments whose duties bring them into close relations with the Printing Bureau. There are a hundred and one ways in which such officers may contribute towards making the work of the Bureau more economical and efficient as well as more pleasant, and it should be gratifying to them to realize that they cannot help the Bureau without at the same time helping the Departments which it is their first duty to serve.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your most obedient servant,

C. H. PARMELEE.

King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.



ACCOUNTANT'S BRANCH.

Ottawa, November, 1912.

CHARLES H. PARMELEE, Esq.,

King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit the following report of the transactions of this branch of the Department, for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1912. Complete details of the financial operations of the Department, will be found under the following heads:—

- 1. Statement of Receipts and Expenditure, showing total cash clearances for the year.
- 2. Letter of Credit Account.
- 3. King's Printer's Advance Account.
- 4. Printing Branch Account and comparative statements.
- 5. Stores and Distribution Branch Account and comparative statements.
- 6. Expenditure on Appropriations and detail of same.
- 7. Canada Gazette, comparative statement of Revenue and Expenditure.
- 8. Casual Revenue Account.
- 9. Audit of Intercolonial and Prince Edward Island Railways Printing Accounts.
- 10. Government Newspaper Advertising Accounts.

Respectfully submitted,

J. A. FRIGON.

Accountant.

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

1. GENERAL STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND

Receipts.	Amount.
	\$ cts
Auditor General— Unforeseen expenses, gratuity	266 67
Civil Government —	200 0
Salaries	88, 187 50
Contingencies	7,300 0
Letter of Credit— Appropriations—	
Plant. New.	35,000 0
Plant, Renewals.	7,000 0
Miscellaneous Printing	100,000 0
Canada Gazette	13,000 0
Distribution of Parliamentary Documents.	1,500 0
Printing, binding and distributing the Annual Statutes	10,000 0 82,000 0
King's Printer's Advance account—	02,000 0
Printing Branch account	1,164,939 9
Stores and Distribution Branch account.	710, 181 9
Bills of Exchange—	00.000.0
Stores and Distribution Branch account	36,973 8
General Revenue, proceeds of sales— Parliamentary publications to departments and parliament	3,900 5
Parliamentary publications to the public	8,423 0
Canada Gazette, subscriptions and advertisements	22,056 2
Voters' Lists	869 0
Waste paper, empty cases, etc	1,929 8
Dross, empty spools, etc.	527 3 7,138 1
Amount received for goods issued over and above expenditure on the same	12,921 0
Outside work, printing, lithographing, stamping, etc., for departments and parliament.	292,219 1
Inside work, printing, binding, stamping, etc., for departments and parliament	604,689 9
Paper used on above work	268,545 9
Stationery, books, etc., supplied to departments and parliament	774,561 3
Printing and binding material sold by Printing Branch to Stores and Distribution Branch	11,878,6
Refunds— Civil Government Contingencies	5.0
Plant—Renewals	22 5
Contingent expenses in connection with the Voters' Lists	17 4
King's Printers Advance account—	
Printing Branch account.	159 1
Stores and Distribution Branch account	570 7
Total	4 000 504 0

2. LETTER OF

Total amount received by Letter of Credit for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1912,\$ 2,177,001 90

EXPENDITURE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 1912

Expenditure.	Amount.
	\$ ets.
Auditor general— Unforeseen expenses, gratuity	266 67
Civil Government— Salaries Contingencies	64,712 41 6,648 57
Letter of Credit— Appropriations— Plant—New Plant—Renewals. Miscellaneous Printing. Canada Gazette. Distribution of Parliamentary Documents Printing, binding and distributing the Annual Statutes. Contingent expenses in connection with the Voter's Lists.	34,994 96 6,965 60 99,968 63 12,982 15 1,475 58 9,003 06 75,720 36
King's Printer's Advance account.— Printing Branch account. Stores and Distribution Branch account.	1, 164, 939 92 747, 155 74
Dominion Government— Deposits to credit of the Receiver General	1,989,331 14
Entry Warrant— Amount received on Stores and Distribution Branch account, over and above expenditure transferred to credit of Casual Revenue account.	7,138 19
Unexpended balances on appropriations— Civil Government— Salaries Contingencies. Plant—New Plant—Renewals Miscellaneous Printing Canada Gazette Distribution of Parliamentary Documents Printing, binding and distributing the Annual Statutes. Contingent expenses in connection with the Voters' Lists. Outstanding accounts— Marine and Fisheries, printing for March, 1912 Intercolonial Railway, parliamentary publications for March, 1912. Balance carried forward to credit of Printing Branch account.	23,475 09 651 43 5 04 34 40 31 37 17 85 24 42 996 94 6,279 64 1,038 65 6 00 12,921 09
Total	\$4,266,784 90

CREDIT ACCOUNT.

Detail, by Accounts, of Expenditure by cheque; drawn on Letter of Credit Account—

Printing Branch Account.	
Stores and Distribution Branch Account	
Contingent Expenses in connection with the Voters' Lists	
Plant. New	34,994 96
Plant, Renewals	6,988 10
Canada Gazette	12,982 15
Miscellaneous Printing	
Distribution of Parliamentary Documents	1,475 58

\$2,117,001 90

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3. KING'S PRINTER'S ADVANCE ACCOUNT.

Advances to King's Printer made during the fiscal year 1911–12— For Printing Branch Account				
Account		· · · _	747,726	44
Amount received from Departments and Parliament for Printing, &c., over and		\$1	1,912,825	46
above expenditure on the same \$ Amount received from sale of Dross and	515			
Empty Spools	527	34		
Branch on March 31, 1911	11,878	64	12,921	09
Amount received from Departments and Parliament for Stationery, &c., over and above expenditure on the same\$ Amount of Stationery, &c., supplied to	7,138	19	,	
Departments and Parliament out of Stock purchased previous to April 1, 1912	20,267	37	27,405	56
		\$1	1,953,152	11
Deposits in Bank, made by King's Printer to cover Advances during the Fiscal Year 1911-12— Amount received from Departments and Parliament for Printing, &c	11,878 527 159	64 34	1,164,416 12,565	
Amount received from Departments and Parliament for Stationery, &c Refund—Stores and Distribution Branch			774,561 570	30
Amount of Outstanding Accounts		sı	,952,113 1,038	46 65
		\$1	,953,152	11
		-		

4. PRINTING BRANCH ACCOUNT.

Expenditure for year 1911-12— Wages	Inventory on March 31, 1911		§	179,567	79
Material	Expenditure for year 1911-12—				
Amount received over and above Expenditure, and carried forward to the credit of the Account for 1912-1913\$ Amount uncollected from Departments and Parliament on March 31, 1912 and carried forward to the credit of the Account for 1912-13	Material	321,450 $290,617$	$\frac{06}{35}$	1,164,939	92
Account for 1912-13	diture, and carried forward to the eredit of the Account for 1912-1913\$ Amount uncollected from Departments and Parliament on March 31, 1912 and			-,,	
Revenue for year 1911-12— Sale of Printing, &c., to Departments and Parliament		1,038	65	12,921	09
Sale of Printing, &c., to Departments and Parliament			\$	1,357,428	80
and Parliament	Revenue for year 1911-12—				
*Amount carried forward to the credit of the Account for 1912-1913\$ 12,921 09 Net Debit Balance for year 1911-1912	and Parliament	292,219	11		
*Amount carried forward to the credit of the Account for 1912-1913\$ 12,921 09 Net Debit Balance for year 1911-1912 42,818 66 Inventory on March 31, 1912 55,739 75 123,828 04		527	34	1,177,861	01
Inventory on March 31, 1912	the Account for 1912-1913\$	12,921	09		
\$1,357,428 80	Inventory on March 31, 1912				
			\$	1,357,428	80

^{*}This amount, \$12,921.09, has since been transferred to the Credit of Casual Revenue Account for 1912-1913.

Detail of	Inventory o	f Printing	Branch on	March	31,	1912.
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2000000	· ·			
Work in hand—				
Typesetting\$	31,969	88		
Stereotyping	1,139			
Press work	9,555			
Binding	17,232			
Map engraving	6,559	88		
Map engraving	0,000	<u></u> \$	66,457	76
		•	00,101	•
Stock, &c., on Jobs—				
Plates\$	327	39		
Stereotyping material	279			
Binding material	1,685	-		
Ink	453			
	39,528			
Paper	00,020		42,274	33
_			72,217	00
Stock, &c., on hand in different rooms—				
Monotype\$	17	40		
Stereotype	59	35		
Press	1,044			
Bindery	6,790			
Stamping and Envelope	291			
Map engraving	350			
Map engraving	000		8,543	99
A			0,010	00
Amount of Lithographing, Printing, Binding,				
&c., paid to outside firms and not				
charged to Departments and Parlia-			6,551	06
ment on March 31, 1912		• •	0,551	90
Total		9	123 828	04
Total		· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	120,020	UI

STATEMENT, by Departments, of amounts paid for Lithographing, Printing, Binding, &c., done outside the Department, during the fiscal year ending March 31, 1912.

Department.		Amount.
Agriculture	\$ cts. 25,845 38	\$ cts.
Freight, etc	168 16	26,013 54
Freight, etc	60	588 15
Clerk of Crown in Chancery Commission of Conservation Customs	1,441 15	2,452 81 341 30 8 50
Freight, etc Exchequer Court.	3 20	1,444 35 5 50
External Affairs. Finance. Governor General's Secretary. House of Commons.	17,347 81	97 85 533 04 619 70
Freight, etc Immigration	36 98 6,684 26	17,384 79
Freight, etc.	2 30	6,686 56
Indian Affairs. Freight, etc.	565 80 3 56	569 36
Inland Revenue Insurance Intercolonial Railway Freight, etc	196 00 75	767 98 7 50
Interior Freight, etc	97,443 87 301 77	196 75
International Joint Commission. Justice Labour. Freight, etc	20,297 27 8 05	97,745 64 46 00 270 48
Library of Parliament. Marine and Fisheries. Freight, etc.	14,092 18 42 74	20,305 32 34 50
Milicia and Defence	1,826 42 4 02	14, 134 92
Mines Freight, etc.	30,051 87 57 24	1,830 44
Naval Service	6,242 80 12 49	30,109 11
Post Office	20,676 11 69 62	6,255 29
Privy Council. Public Printing and Stationery. Freight, etc.	32,717 77 6 19	20,745 73
Public Works Freight, etc.	1,347 10 2 90	32,723 96
Railways and CaualsFreight, etc	1,606 36	1,350 00
		1,606 81

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STATEMENT, by Departments, of amounts paid for Lithographing, &c.—Con.

Department.		Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ ets.
Railway Commission	725 22 6 82	228 95
Secretary of State	3,894 42	732 04 443 55 420 95
Freight, etc	10 56	3,904 98
Total		290,617 35

Statement of Outside Work, Printing, Binding, &c., and Paper supplied to Departments and Parliament for the fiscal year ending March, 31, 1912.

Auditor General. Civil Service Commission. Clerk of Crown in Chancery. Commission of Conservation. Customs.	\$ ets. 28,204 45 588 15 206 73	\$ ets. 57,114 32 1,167 19	\$ ets. 27,125 60	\$ cts.
Dominion Police. Exchequer Court. External Affairs. Finance. General Consulting Engineer. Governor General's Secretary House of Commons. Immigration. Indian Affairs. Inland Revenue. Insurance Intercolonial Railway International Joint Commission Interior. Justice. Labour. Library of Parliament. Marine and Fisheries. Militia and Defence. Mines. Miscellaucous Printing Naval Service. Penitentiaries. Post Office. Privy Council. Public Printing and Stationery. Public Service Commission. Public Works. Railway and Canals. Railway Commission Royal Mint. Royal North-West Mounted Police Secretary of State. Senate. Supreme Court. Trade and Commerce.	68 50 443 55	1,143 00 2,779 84 21,54 17,021 15 100 29 355 70 692 38 1,856 01 2,998 51 2 70 205,123 86 5,070 14 2,304 26 10,359 44 4,936 62 1,527 55 22,949 23 23,479 97 9,083 18 54,877 16 5,642 86 299 37 55,359 06 79 63 14,274 91 3,722 17 1,234 42 187 06 1,433 28 1,698 18 6,892 53 1,156 77 8,455 80	963 07 740 26 4,848 97 32 29 19,399 67 47 74 246 91 104 25 261 47 1,949 17 809 48 30,114 41 6,054 50 1,320 45 5,714 58 1,999 35 4,699 35 7 34 20,643 24 7,71 54 1,098 86 51 78 10,083 79 15,967 10 3,753 72 18,452 95 3,493 36 251 85 51,512 72 449 17 16,296 52 84 49 17 16,296 52 84 49 17 16,296 52 84 49 17 16,296 52 84 49 17 16,296 52 84 49 17 16,296 52 84 49 17 16,296 52 84 49 988 51 51,512 72 449 17 16,296 52 84 49 17 16,296 52 84 49 17 16,296 52 84 49 17 16,296 52 84 49 988 51 97 58 1,519 33 744 05 435 38 190 95 5435 38	112, 444 37 2,718 41 2,089 99 7,970 11 62 33 37,756 13 178 03 642 71 802 13 2,215 33 5,234 94 2,215 33 5,234 94 29,314 19 4,372 57 16,772 46 7,012 50 6,332 14 76 74 132,363 52 2,402 48 45,977 22 40,883 75 41,388 55 77,502 41 15,430 55 850 48 121,500 06 123,110 11 7,489 05 104,392 24 164,392 24 2,454 93

Comparative Statement of Outside Work, Printing, Binding. &c., and Paper supplied to Departments and Parliament for the last five fiscal years, 1907-1908, 1908-1909, 1909-1910, 1910-1911, and 1911-1912.

Department.	1907-08	1908-09.	1909–10.	1910–11.	1911-12.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.
Agriculture	1,180 69 334 46 592 93 34,374 63	131,323 89 2,150 49 1,774 84 4,564 84 36,456 51 52 16	93,629 69 1,735 28 3,104 58 438 56 473 51 39,394 02 75 35	81,337 74 1,705 93 1,993 25 167 29 86 06 36,027 98 126 05	112,444 37 2,718 41 2,089 99 7,970 11 62 33 37,756 13 178 03
Dominion Police		1,028 12 6,038 36	1,127 17 1,740 54 4,872 99	1,968 13 1,978 51 4,618 93	642 71 802 13 2,215 33 5,234 94
General Consulting Engineer Governor General's Secretary House of Commons	000 001 00	1,936 72 257,207 50	1,318 69 243,401 92	2,060 11 336,376 65	2 70 1,838 17 256,757 40
Immigration. Indian Affairs. Inland Revenue Insurance. Intercolonial Railway International Joint Commission	4,018 29 16,843 63 4,517 35 4,743 85	3,251 22 17,997 31 5,452 61 3,516 85	4,844 12 14,648 64 6,181 31 5,420 37	5,385 78 13,818 03 6,154 61 5,727 61	29,314 19 4,372 57 16,772 46 7,012 50 6,332 14
International Joint Commission Interior Justice. Labour. Library of Parliament Marine and Fisheries Militia and Defence Mines Miscellaneous Printing Naval Service Penitentiaries Post Office Privy Council	20,301 04 1,999 70 30,809 00 37,175 41 31,935 38 54,959 21	98, 157 37 3, 033 63 20, 444 78 2, 944 10 30, 489 37 30, 351 08 50, 049 65 54, 905 65 1,713 78 93, 172 03 1, 138 13	149,244 59 4,379 91 22,416 31 1,680 31 45,049 66 39,610 04 42,703 87 54,998 82 1,342 00 99,309 77 1,154 95	155, 326 63 2, 131 04 28, 989 03 2, 818 14 31, 450 56 39, 499 01 35, 467 55 112, 406 26 12, 396 17 1, 647 32 103, 946 91	76 74 132,363 58 2,016 43 22,252 49 2,402 44 45,977 22 40,883 75 41,388 55 77,502 41 15,430 55 850 48 121,500 65
Public Printing and Stationery. Public Service Commission Public Works Railways and Canals Railway Commission. Royal Mint Royal North-West Mounted Police Secretary of State Senate Supreme Court Trade and Commerce	45, 118 72 21, 657 76 9, 077 29 1, 995 40 4, 114 15 1, 833 32 6, 925 02 879 26	70,394 41 17,842 36 8,647 81 1,548 52 3,930 64 2,107 83 7,601 96 1,034 01 15,537 51 18 87	15,405 72 13,252 50 1,878 81 257 07 3,268 80 2,920 10 6,973 00 2,006 34 25,539 46 38 91	37, 163 89 19, 020 69 7, 834 15 2, 588 51 343 62 5, 089 70 12, 821 33 894 54 15, 764 01 121 77	104, 392 24 164 07 23, 110: 11 7, 489 05 2, 454 93 284 64 3, 021 11 2, 885 78 7, 327 91 1, 362 47 14, 950 65 74 17
Total	\$80,252 28	987.814 94	988,929 58	1,130,610 56	1,165,455 03

5. STORES AND DISTRIBUTION BRANCH ACCOUNT.

Stock on hand on April 1, 1912	\$194,690	66
	\$101,000	
Total amount of goods purchased during the year		
Salaries during the year	747,155	74
Amount received for goods issued over and above expenditure on the same, and transferred to credit of Casual Revenue		
Account for fiscal year 1911–1912	7,138	19
	\$948,984	59

Goods stocked but not paid for 10,813 36	423	29
	423	29

The stock of goods on hand has been reduced during the year by \$20,267.37.

STATEMENT of Goods purchased and Goods issued to Departments and Parliament, in each month for the year ending March 31, 1912.

Wd							
Month.	Month. Sterling.				Currency.	Goods Issued.	
1911.	£	s.	d.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ ets.	
April				}	3,026.45	52,680.71	
May	353	12	1	1,720 87	40,157.33	58,790.68	
June	231	10	7	1,126.78	47,991.61	58,944.68	
July	782	7	8	3,807.60	54,332.44	61,302.38	
August	646	13	0	3,147.03	48,475.33	64,767.15	
September	914	4	9	4,449.29	70,647.01	55,887.14	
October	659	16	0	3,211.03	36,495.32	58,677.68	
November	894	1	6	4,351.16	68,798.80	63,473.10	
December	1, 107	0	4	5,387.48	44,236.38	65,656.15	
1912.							
January	151	8	10	737.01	59,129.73	61,801.15	
February	580	14	11	2,826.29	22,100.38	69,430.70	
March	1,275	17	8	6,209.30	169,578.33	103,149.78	
	7,597	7	4	36,973.84	664,969.11		
					36,973.84		
					701,942.95	774,561.30	

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

Comparative Statement of Value of Goods issued to Departments and Parliament for the last five years, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911 and 1912.

Commission of Conservation 17,487-85 Departments Generally 511-05 Dominion Police Exchequer Court External Affairs 6,042-00 General Consulting Engineer 1,241-55 House of Commons 38,915-88 Immigration 10,441-04 Inland Revenue 4,812-82 Insurance 10,441-04 Inland Revenue 4,812-82 Interval 1,851-47 Interval 1,851-47	19,554 77 508 05 3,439 21 2,048 70 39,280 95 8,687 03 4,544 21 56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	16,777 26 3,482 96 316 45 18,317 04 516 47 3,507 44 1,929 94 26,536 89 9,620 45 5,552 32	\$ cts. 20,412 74 1,757 94 637 23 265 46 1,846 63 19,497 66 603 93 223 43 308 73 683 25 3,658 99 924 72 11,463 97 5,865 82 11,022 68 5,132 35 1,368 00 20,590 68	\$, cts 24,654 5 2,984 7 806 0 396 1 22,370 9 659 7 428 7 579 7 1,333 4 4,328 9 135 4 1,356 6 15,429 1 6,507 2 11,164 5 5,908 5 552 7 15,752 6
Auditor General 2,436 96 Divil Service Commissioners 55 84 Commission of Conservation 74,487 85 Departments Generally 511 05 Dominion Police 75,11 05 Commission of Conservation 75,487 85 Departments Generally 75,11 05 Dominion Police 75,11 05 Comercial Consulting Engineer 75,11 05 Governor General's Secretary 1,241 55 House of Commons 38,915 88 Immigration 10,441 04 Inland Affairs 10,441 04 Inland Revenue 4,812 82 Insurance 10,11 0,11 0,11 0,11 0,11 0,11 0,11 0,	2,849 02 298 22 19,554 77 508 05 3,439 21 2,048 70 39,280 95 8,687 03 4,544 21 56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	3,482 96 316 45 18,317 04 516 47 3,507 44 1,929 94 26,536 89 9,620 45 5,552 32 62,875 50	1,757 94 637 23 265 46 1,846 63 19,497 66 603 93 223 43 308 73 683 25 3,658 99 924 72 11,463 97 5,865 82 11,022 68 5,132 35 1,368 00 20,590 68	2,984 7 806 0 396 1 22,370 9 659 7 428 7 579 7 1,333 4 4,328 9 135 4 1,356 6 15,429 1 6,507 2 11,164 5 5,908 3 5,527 15,752 6
Civil Service Commissioners 55 84 Clerk of Crown in Chancery 55 84 Commission of Conservation 17,487 85 Customs 17,487 85 Departments Generally 511 05 Dominion Police 511 05 Exchequer Court 22 External Affairs 6,042 00 General Consulting Engineer 38,915 88 House of Commons 38,915 88 mmigration 10,441 04 ndian Affairs 10,441 04 nland Revenue 4,812 82 nsurance 1 nterrolonial Railway 1 nterrolonial Railway 1 nterrolonial Point Commission 1 nterior 48,661 12 ustice 7,340 22 Jabour 354 25 Jibrary of Parliament 1,851 47 Iarine and Fisheries 22,631 29 Illitia and Defence 26,805 31 Ilines 4,106 05 Naval Service 51,076 02 Privy Council 1,512 41 P	298 22 19,554 77 508 05 3,439 21 2,048 70 39,280 95 8,687 03 4,544 21 56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	316 45 18, 317 04 516 47 3, 507 44 1, 929 94 26, 536 89 9, 620 45 5, 552 32 62, 875 50	637 23 265 46 1,846 63 19,497 66 603 93 223 43 308 73 683 25 3,658 99 924 72 11,463 97 5,865 82 11,022 68 5,132 35 1,368 00 20,590 68	\$06 0 396 1 22,370 9 659 7 428 7 1,333 4 4,328 9 135 4 1,356 6 15,429 1 6,507 2 11,164 5 5,908 3 7,552 7 15,752 6
Clerk of Crown in Chancery	19,554 77 508 05 3,439 21 2,048 70 39,280 95 8,687 03 4,544 21 56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	3,507 44 1,929 94 26,536 89 9,620 45 5,552 32 62,875 50	265 46 1,846 63 19,497 66 603 93 223 43 308 73 683 25 3,658 99 24 72 11,463 97 5,865 82 11,022 68 5,132 35 1,368 00 20,590 68	22,370 9 659 7 428 7 579 7 1,333 4 4,328 9 135 4 1,356 6 15,429 1 6,507 2 11,164 5 5,908 3 15,752 7
Commission of Conservation 17,487-85 Departments Generally 511-05 Dominion Police Exchequer Court External Affairs 6,042-00 General Consulting Engineer 1,241-55 House of Commons 38,915-88 Immigration 10,441-04 Inland Revenue 4,812-82 Insurance 10,441-04 Inland Revenue 4,812-82 Interval 1,851-47 Interval 1,851-47	19,554 77 508 05 3,439 21 2,048 70 39,280 95 8,687 03 4,544 21 56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	3,507 44 1,929 94 26,536 89 9,620 45 5,552 32 62,875 50	1,846 63 19,497 66 603 93 223 43 308 73 683 25 3,658 99 924 72 11,463 97 5,865 82 11,022 68 5,132 35 1,368 00 20,590 68	22,370 9 659 7 428 7 579 7 1,333 4 4,328 9 135 6 15,429 1 6,507 2 11,164 5 5,908 3 15,752 6
17, 487 85 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	19,554 77 508 05 3,439 21 2,048 70 39,280 95 8,687 03 4,544 21 56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	3,507 44 1,929 94 26,536 89 9,620 45 5,552 32 62,875 50	19, 497 66 603 93 223 43 308 73 683 25 3, 658 99 924 72 11, 463 97 5, 865 82 11, 022 68 5, 132 35 1, 368 00 20, 590 68	659 7 428 7 1,333 4 4,328 9 135 4 1,356 6 15,429 1 6,507 2 11,164 5 5,908 3 552 7 15,752 6
Dominion Police Sex Sex Sequence Sex Sex Sequence Sex Sequence Sex Sequence Sequence	3,439 21 2,048 70 39,280 95 8,687 03 4,544 21 56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	3,507 44 1,929 94 26,536 89 9,620 45 5,552 32	603 93 223 43 308 73 683 25 3,658 99 924 72 11,463 97 5,865 82 11,022 68 5,132 35 1,368 00 20,590 68	659 7 428 7 1,333 4 4,328 9 135 4 1,356 6 15,429 1 6,507 2 11,164 5 5,908 3 552 7 15,752 6
Dominion Police Sex Sex Sequence Sex Sex Sequence Sex Sequence Sex Sequence Sequence	3,439 21 2,048 70 39,280 95 8,687 03 4,544 21 56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	3,507 44 1,929 94 26,536 89 9,620 45 5,552 32 62,875 50	223 43 308 73 683 25 3,658 99 924 72 11,463 97 5,865 82 11,022 68 5,132 35 1,368 00 20,590 68	428 7 579 7 1,333 4 4,328 9 135 4 1,356 6 15,429 1 6,507 2 11,164 5 5,928 7 15,752 6
Cachequer Court Cachequer Court Cachequer Court Cachequer Court Cachequer Consulting Engineer Covernor General's Secretary 1,241 55 Covernor General's Secretary 1,241 04 Covernor General's Secretary 1,411 04 10	3,439 21 2,048 70 39,280 95 8,687 03 4,544 21 56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	3,507 44 1,929 94 26,536 89 9,620 45 5,552 32	308 73 683 25 3,658 99 924 72 11,463 97 5,865 82 11,022 68 5,132 35 1,368 00 20,590 68	579 7 1,333 4 4,328 9 135 4 1,356 6 15,429 1 6,507 2 11,164 5 5,908 3 552 7 15,752 6
External Affairs	3,439 21 2,048 70 39,280 95 8,687 03 4,544 21 56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	3,507 44 1,929 94 26,536 89 9,620 45 5,552 32 62,875 50	683 25 3,658 99 924 72 11,463 97 5,865 82 11,022 68 5,132 35 1,368 00 20,590 68	1,333 4 4,328 9 135 4 1,356 6 15,429 1 6,507 2 11,164 5 5,908 3 552 7 15,752 6
Finance. 6,042 00 General Consulting Engineer 1,241 55 Governor General's Secretary 1,241 55 House of Commons 38,915 88 mmigration 10,441 04 ndian Affairs 10,441 04 nland Revenue 4,812 82 nsurance 10 ntercolonial Railway 10 nternational Joint Commission 48,661 12 ustice 7,340 22 abour 354 25 sibrary of Parliament 1,851 47 Iarine and Fisherics 22,631 29 tilitia and Defence 26,805 31 tines 4,106 05 Naval Service 20 Pentientiaries 20 Ost Office 51,076 02 Privy Council 1,512 41 Public Printing and Stationery 223,250 93 Public Works 21,266 29 Railway Commission 52,537 20	3,439 21 2,048 70 39,280 95 8,687 03 4,544 21 56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	3,507 44 1,929 94 26,536 89 9,620 45 5,552 32 62,875 50	3,658 99 924 72 11,463 97 5,865 82 11,022 68 5,132 35 1,368 00 20,590 68	4,328 9 135 4 1,356 6 15,429 1 6,507 2 11,164 5 5,908 3 552 7 15,752 6
General Consulting Engineer.	2,048 70 39,280 95 8,687 03 4,544 21 56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	1,929 94 26,536 89 9,620 45 5,552 32 62,875 50	11,463 97 5,865 82 11,022 68 5,132 35 1,368 00 20,590 68	135 4 1,356 6 15,429 1 6,507 2 11,164 5 5,908 3 552 7 15,752 6
minigration 10,441 04 ndian Affairs 10,441 04 nland Revenue 4,812 82 nsurance 1,812 82 ntercolonial Railway nternational Joint Commission nterior 48,661 12 ustice 7,340 22 abour 354 25 abour 354 25 ibrary of Parliament 1,851 47 Jarine and Fisheries 22,631 29 fillitia and Defence 26,805 31 lines 4,106 05 Naval Service Pententiaries 20 Post Office 51,076 02 Privy Council 1,512 41 Public Printing and Stationery 223,250 93 Public Works 21,266 29 Railway and Canals 52,537 20 Railway Commission	8,687 03 4,544 21 56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	26,536 89 9,620 45 5,552 32 62,875 50	11,463 97 5,865 82 11,022 68 5,132 35 1,368 00 20,590 68	15,429 1 6,507 2 11,164 5 5,908 3 552 7 15,752 6
minigration 10,441 04 ndian Affairs 10,441 04 nland Revenue 4,812 82 nsurance 1,812 82 ntercolonial Railway nternational Joint Commission nterior 48,661 12 ustice 7,340 22 abour 354 25 abour 354 25 ibrary of Parliament 1,851 47 Jarine and Fisheries 22,631 29 fillitia and Defence 26,805 31 lines 4,106 05 Naval Service Pententiaries 20 Post Office 51,076 02 Privy Council 1,512 41 Public Printing and Stationery 223,250 93 Public Works 21,266 29 Railway and Canals 52,537 20 Railway Commission	8,687 03 4,544 21 56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	9,620 45 5,552 32 62,875 50	5,865 82 11,022 68 5,132 35 1,368 00 20,590 68	6,507 2 11,164 5 5,908 3 552 7 15,752 6
minigration 10,441 04 ndian Affairs 10,441 04 nland Revenue 4,812 82 nsurance 1,812 82 ntercolonial Railway nternational Joint Commission nterior 48,661 12 ustice 7,340 22 abour 354 25 abour 354 25 ibrary of Parliament 1,851 47 Jarine and Fisheries 22,631 29 fillitia and Defence 26,805 31 lines 4,106 05 Naval Service Pententiaries 20 Post Office 51,076 02 Privy Council 1,512 41 Public Printing and Stationery 223,250 93 Public Works 21,266 29 Railway and Canals 52,537 20 Railway Commission	8,687 03 4,544 21 56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	5,552 32	11,022 68 5,132 35 1,368 00 20,590 68	11,164 5 5,908 3 552 7 15,752 6
nland Revenue	56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	5,552 32	5,132 35 1,368 00 20,590 68	5,908 3 552 7 15,752 6
nsurance. ntercolonial Railway nternational Joint Commission nterior.	56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	62,875 50	1,368 00 20,590 68	552 7 15,752 6
Intercolonial Railway International Joint Commission	56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	62,875 50	20,590 68	15,752 6
nternational Joint Commission nterior.	56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	62,875 50		
nterior.	56,861 05 7,368 21 2,088 81	62,875 50		
ustice	7,368 21 2,088 81		49,740 08	
abour 354 25 .ibrary of Parliament 1,851 47 Iarine and Fisheries 22,631 29 Iilitia and Defence 26,805 31 Iines 4,106 05 Naval Service 51,076 02 Penitentiaries 51,512 41 Public Printing and Stationery 223,250 93 Public Works 21,266 29 Railways and Canals 52,537 20 Railway Commission 52,537 20	2,088 81		3,695 96	48,277 5 4,092 5
aibrary of Parliament 1,851 47 Iarine and Fisherics 22,631 29 Illitia and Defence 26,805 31 lines 4,106 05 Naval Service 20 Pententiaries 51,076 02 Privy Council 1,512 41 Public Printing and Stationery 223,250 93 Public Works 21,266 29 Railways and Canals 52,537 20 Railway Commission 52,537 20		8,240 52 3,704 54	2,878 51	$\frac{4,092}{2,536}$ 1
Iarine and Fisherics. 22,631 29 Iilitia and Defence. 26,805 31 Iines. 4,106 05 Naval Service. 5 Penitentiaries. 5 Post Office. 51,076 02 Privy Council. 1,512 41 Public Printing and Stationery 223,250 93 Public Works. 21,266 29 Railways and Canals. 52,537 20 Railway Commission.	484 48	366 99	557 65	273 3
Iilitia and Defence 26,805 31 Iines 4,106 05 Naval Service 51,076 02 Penitentiaries 1,512 41 Public Printing and Stationery 223,250 93 Public Service Commission 21,266 29 Railways and Canals 52,537 20 Railway Commission 52,537 20	21,849 69	24.904 49	23,525 50	23,478 3
1 1 2 3 4 106 05	25,423 48	25,985 73	33,593 26	36,554 3
Naval Service Cenitentiaries Cenit	5,417 67	6,295 23	6,750 05	9,005 1
Post Office 51,076 02 Privy Council 1,512 41 Public Printing and Stationery 223,250 93 Public Service Commission 21,266 29 Railways and Canals 52,537 20 Railway Commission			10,905 69	21,761 7
Privy Council 1,512 41 Public Printing and Stationery 223,250 93 Public Service Commission 21,266 29 Public Works 21,266 29 Railways and Canals 52,537 20 Railway Commission			2,401 34	1,819 9
Public Printing and Stationery. 223,250 93 Public Service Commission. 21,266 29 Public Works. 21,266 29 Railways and Canals. 52,537 20 Railway Commission.	63,203 27	58,043 20	62,566 38	79,804 6
Public Service Commission 21,266 29 Public Works 21,266 29 Railways and Canals 52,537 20 Railway Commission 52,537 20	1,857 86	1,486 03	1,369 61	1,660 1
Public Works. 21,266 29 Railways and Canals. 52,537 20 Railway Commission. 52,537 20	237,312 30	231,514 40	265,228 74	360,367 1
Railways and Canals	10 507 00	01 000 00	00 701 07	387 7
Railway Commission	19,587 82 47,905 08	21,206 36 36,456 17	22,701 67 7,442 38	33,183 5 10,576 5
tan may Commission	47,303 08		3,761 72	4,758
Coval Mint .			277 37	160 3
Royal Mint	7,324 24	8,893 97	3,573 19	6,355 7
ecretary of State 1,580 57	3,780 34	4,933 10	2,230 42	2,647 2
enate of Canada 11,894 32			3,765 03	4,503 1
upreme Court	12,033 31	7,377 28		
Trade and Commerce	12,033 31	7,377 28	1,018 67	973 6
ranscontinental Railway	12,033 31	7,377 28	4,258 66	973 6 4,184 8
Totals	12,033 31	7,377 28		

6. DETAIL OF EXPENDITURE OF APPROP	RIATIONS.
Appropriation, Unforeseen Expenses	266 67
Detail of Expenditure—	
Gratuity, William Roger, deceased	266 67
Appropriation, Civil Government Salaries	88,187 50
Detail of Expenditure—	
Salaries paid during the year \$ 64,712 41 Unexpended balance 23,475 09	88,187 50
Appropriation, Civil Government Contingencies \$	7,300 00
Detail of Expenditure—	
Charwomen and cleaning. \$ 2,634 97 Office printing. 1,067 27 Office stationery. 2,689 48 Sundries. 256 85	
Ünexpended balance \$ 6,648 57 651 43	7,300 00
Appropriation, Plant, New	35,000 00
Detail of Expenditure—	
Hand composing rooms \$ 3,359 96 Monotype room 6,744 34 Linotype room 1,165 90 Stereotype room 175 43 Press room 5,788 02 Bindery—	
Book \$4,589 37 Pamphlet 2,154 30 Envelope and stamping 3,126 80 Loose leaf 2,451 25 Map engraving room 792 97 Proof reading room 184 25 Mechanical stock 4,462 37	
Unexpended balance \$ 34,994 96 5 04	35,000 00

	3 G	EORGE V.,	A. 1913
Appropriation, Plant, Renewals		\$7,000	00
Detail of Expenditure—			
Hand composing rooms \$ 2,571 Monotype room 1,412 Linotype room 1,322 Stereotype room 792 Press room 165 Bindery— 8 316 19	94 09 67		
Pamphlet			
Mechanical stock — 426 274 — —			
Unexpended balance	60 40	\$7,000	00
Appropriation, Canada Gazette		\$13,000	00
Detail of Expenditure—			
Postage \$ 290 Printing, &c 12,235 Translating 438 Old issues purchased 18	15 60		
Unexpended balance \$ 12,982		13,000	00

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 32		
Appropriation, Miscellaneous Printing		\$100,000.00
Detail of Expenditure—		
Agriculture Auditor General Civil Service Commissioners Clerk of Crown in Chancery Customs External Affairs Finance Indian Affairs Inland Revenue Insurance Interior Labour Marine and Fisheries Militia and Defence Mines Naval Service Penitentiaries Post Office Public Printing and Stationery Public Works Railways and Canals Railway Commission Royal North-West Mounted Police Secretary of State Trade and Commerce	36,316 14 9,827.80 317.78 139 86 3,782 36 12 00 982 45 547 91 675 08 2,182 40 5,409 29 1,820 42 2,748 96 334 70 2,207 54 157 30 302 92 987 64 12,940 03 2,685 63 1,883 05 855 35 656 20 3,709 20 8,327 98	
Transcontinental Railway	99, 968.63	
Unexpended balance		100,000 00
Appropriation, Distribution of Parliamentary	Documents	\$1,500 00
Detail of Expenditure—		
Office Printing\$ Office Stationery	991 85 133 73 350 00	
Unexpended balance	1,475 58 24 42	1,500 00

Appropriation, Printing, binding and distributing the Annual Statutes	\$10,000 00
Office Printing. \$ 107 66 Office Stationery. 153 90 Postage. 150 00 Printing and binding. 8,292 06 Indexing. 131 94 Translating. 167 50	
Unexpended balance \$ 9,003 06 996 94	\$10,000 00
Appropriation, Contingent Expenses in connection with the Voters' Lists	\$82,000 00
Detail of Expenditure—	
Printing of Voters' Lists: 31,740 61 Outside work. 30,050 24	
Office Stationery. \$ 61,790 85 Salaries, etc. 331 27 13,598 24	
Unexpended balance	\$82,000 00

7. Comparative Statement of Receipts and Expenditure on account of Canada Gazette from the Year 1875 to the Fiscal Year ending March 31, 1912.

The number of eopies issued in the last week of March, 1912, was 2,000, of which 258 were sent to paying subscribers, and the remainder gratis to judges, public departments, exchanges, etc.

			Expendit	URE,					
	Copies Gratis.	Sub- scrib- ers.	Paper.	Printing and Distribution	Transla-	Subscriptions.	Advertising.	Loss.	Gain.
			\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets
1875. 1876. 1877. 1878. 1879. 1880. 1881. 1882. 1883. 1884. 1885. 1886. 1887. 1889. 1890. 1891. 1892. 1893. 1894. 1895. 1899. 1901. 1902. 1904. 1905. 1906. 1907. 1908. 1907. 1908. 1909. 1910. 1910. 1910. 1910. 1910. 1911. 1912.	1,019 1,084 1,108 1,115 1,170 1,251 1,238 1,250 1,290 1,321 1,318 1,366 1,369 1,429 1,436 1,439 1,426 1,418 1,425 1,428 1,428 1,428 1,428 1,528 1,553 1,455 1,559 1,573 1,559 1,573 1,559 1,665 1,665 1,692	\$5 88 81 79 85 70 68 92 109 \$5 69 77 84 83 71 84 82 75 72 72 77 97 105 116 177 191 1200 185 208 258	1,177 17 1,195 98 1,292 25 1,016 65 1,195 21 1,208 48 1,197 38 1,360 61 1,414 24 1,428 61 1,404 76 1,633 88 1,797 22 2,164 85 1,883 80 1,758 50 1,492 62 1,480 79 1,485 71 1,183 66 1,153 87 1,129 52 1,450 21 940 43 1,092 72 1,349 79 1,430 89 1,315 56 1,427 48 1,684 85 1,629 58 1,322 63 1,305 72 2,053 45 2,053 45 2,053 45 2,053 45 2,548 44 2,943 28	2,414 00 2,301 51 2,323 45 2,139 48 2,203 81 2,357 81 2,132 20 2,261 85 2,181 48 2,219 00 2,243 43 2,241 65 2,537 79 2,859 19 3,128 36 2,060 55 2,069 36 2,069 36 2,069 36 2,826 07 2,485 08 2,704 36 3,907 00 3,003 51 3,803 11 3,273 01 3,640 17 4,287 81 3,758 22 3,997 80 4,368 81 6,125 57 6,909 57 4,248 17 7,484 48 7,319 99 7,983 10 9,532 19 9,600 27	242 80 184 80 141 89 125 80 123 90 123 90 127 60 215 30 147 40 197 60 215 30 148 80 103 00 204 00 201 85 188 98 240 54 265 10 232 50 256 75 245 10 237 10 255 30 259 50 256 60 284 00 253 60 253 60 254 60 253 60 255 70 255 30 256 60 284 00 253 60 253 60 253 60 255 70 255 80 256 80 257 90 258 60 25	242 80 241 80 224 75 268 40 243 90 353 65 378 44 367 25 414 67 289 35 290 70 321 40 316 85 308 60 487 36 324 18 313 47 306 500 298 73 281 65 298 55 312 70 329 65 3310 70 329 65 340 40 604 12 750 10 775 25 949 85 979 15	\$\frac{843}{681} 74 \$\frac{678}{681} 41 681 62 683 47 739 82 865 38 1,028 04 2,706 28 2,181 53 6,655 12 1,264 65 2,020 82 2,831 04 2,709 72 4,637 49 2,777 06 3,309 61 3,436 32 3,612 37 3,545 87 4,015 64 4,673 69 4,992 94 5,574 40 3,948 65 4,679 98 4,370 82 4,451 39 5,667 65 4,679 68 4,370 82 4,451 39 5,667 65 6,927 20 8,472 51 8,684 40 14,219 41 15,844 95 21,077 11	2,318 53	206 5 559 0 913 5 296 7 7 5 470 5 1,445 4 4,037 2 3,795 6

8. CASUAL REVENUE ACCOUNT.

Detail of proceeds of various sales made during the fiscal year ending March 31, 1912, and deposited to the credit of Casual Revenue Account.

Sales of Parliamentary Publications to the	3,900 53 3,423 07 13,323 60
	1,077 11 979 15 22,056 26
Sales of Voters' Lists	
above expenditure	7,138 19
Total	\$ 45,316 93

RAILWAY PRINTING AUDIT.

The amount of accounts audited at this Department during the fiscal year ending March 31, 1912, for printing, binding, lithographing, etc., for the Intercolonial and Prince Edward Island Railways was \$104,026.24, showing an increase of \$8,049.69 over the fiscal year 1910-1911. These accounts being paid by the railway for which the printing is done, the amount is not included in the statement of receipts and expenditure of this Department.

The number of accounts audited was 18,000, audit notices issued 800, and there was considerable amount of correspondence in connection therewith, the number of letters, sent and received, being 800.

Below is a statement, showing increase in the amount of the accounts audited at this Department, for printing, binding, lithographing, &c., for the Intercolonial and Prince Edward Island Railways.

Amount.	Increase.		
\$ cts.	\$ ets.		
49,021 53			
59,268 59	10,247 06		
95,976 55	36,955 02		
104,026 24	8,049 69		
	\$ cts. 49,021 53 59,268 59 95,976 55		

10. GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING.

The total amount certified by this department for government advertising during the fiscal year ending March 31, 1912, was \$166.224.26, the details of which are set forth in a statement on page 20. These accounts being paid by the several departments for which the advertising is done, the amount is not included in the statement of receipts and expenditure of this department.

The number of advertising accounts audited was 9,679; circulars issued,

8,086.

There was, moreover, a considerable amount of correspondence in con-

nection therewith.

Below is a statement of the total amount of advertising accounts, audited by this department from the year 1876 to the fiscal year ending March 31, 1912, melusive.

CALENDAR YEARS.

1876	\$ 12,529 27	1897	\$ 35,138 54
1877	12,751 56	1898 (6 mos. to	
1878	20,583 77	June 30, 1898).	16,312 58
1879	29,676 60		
1880	63,092 50	Fiscal Year	RS.
1881	30,015 44		
1882	50,605 71	1898–1899	27,699 72
1883	30,149 31	1899–1900	46,317 74
1884	39,401 48	1900–1901	50,790 40
1885	33,782 53	1901–1902	53,850 75
1886	25,102 83	1902–1903	41,078 02
1887	48,596 03	1903-1904	57,898 72
1888	44,520 30	1904–1905	102,848 11
1889	35,939 47	1905–1906	107,812 56
1890	26,102 48	1906–1907	89,329 77
1891	27,519.59	(Meh. 31)	
1892	24,819 54	1907–1908	141,200 45
1893	26,704 27	1908–1909	156,673 50
1894	26,423 22	1909–1910	102,841 15
1895	27,424 68	1910-1911	144,081 66
1896	30,760 76	1911–1912	166,224 26

10. Government Advertising in Newspapers for the Fiscal Vear ending March 31, 1912.

Total.	•\$ ct	1,620 00 611 98 574 30	617 5,630 43	28, 286 22, 860		7,395	40,872 29 29,615 35 333 68		17 166, 224 26
Other	s ets.		135 75	67 20 603 68		78 51			885
Yukon.	es ets.	1,620 00		621 00				105 80	2,349 80
Bratish	& cts,		13 75 93 22	1,228 53	127 00 126 20 150 00		2,371 19 157 20 23 40	13 75	5,459 51
Saskat- chewan.	es ets.		94 80 871 32	3,601 59	22 40 5 70	117 50 180 16	1, 437 05 139 44 109 66		7,017 47
Alberta	s cts.	08 81	48 80 733 90	2,981 01	173 84	135 16 683 08	86.1 88 202 29 65 92		6,675 74
Manitoba.	s ets.	20 16	226 20 516 40	3, 567 96	152 90	13.1 92 408 97	1,117 75 171 02 122 22		7,150 66
Prince Edward Island,	s cts.	06 81	49 00	161 92 619 31	174 49 20 25	88 53 58 53	379 61 393 23	42 00 242 90	2,774 64
New Bruns- wick.	ets.	15 80	35 00 65 60	245 32 3,263 99	1,039 30 178 65	311 45 588 11	3,294 29 2,257 48	12 00 750 70	12,057 99
Nova Seotia.	ets.	1 69 .	30 00 51 90	431 20	1,213 70 144 30	421 90 439 82	4,282 13	17 00 518 85	15,848 66
Quebee.		9 00	120 00 781 60 7	6, 436 01 9, 809 40		950 07 1,093 23	10,048 95 9,031 87	2,726 52	43,640 05
Ontario.	& cts.	164 35		8,941 46 4,502 47	1,519 74	2,127 27 3,348 38		187 50	62,364.57
Agriculture Auditor General Customs Indian Affairs Marine and Fisheries Mittin and Defence. Naval Service Public Printing and Stationery Public Printing and Stationery Public Printing and Cambis. Railway Commission Totals									

PRINTING BRANCH.

Ottawa, November 28, 1912.

C. H. PARMELEE, Esq.,
King's Printer, &c., &c.,
Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit a report of the work executed for Parliament in the Printing Branch of the Department, and also the departmental work during the fiscal year ending March 31, 1912, contained in the following tabulated statements:—

- 1. Annual reports.
- 2. Supplementary reports.
- 3. Routine Parliamentary work
- 4. Canada Gazette.
- 5. House of Commons and Senate Debates
- 6. Statutes.
- 7. Voters' Lists.
- 8. Pamphlets and miseellaneous book-work.
- 9. Letterpress departmental work.
- 10. Summary of letterpress departmental work.
- 11. Plates contained in annual and supplementary reports.
- 12. Books bound.
- 13. Summary of books bound.
- 14. Pads made.
- 15. Summary of pads made.
- 16. Making and stamping of prepaid Post Office envelopes.
- 17. Die stamping of note headings, letter headings and envelopes.
- 18. Loose leaf work.

Respectfully submitted,

FRED. BOARDMAN,
Superintendent of Printing

Table No. 1.—Statement showing the work on Annual Reports to Parliament, Year 1911-12.

Title of Document.	Num-	Num- ber of	Distribution.			
	Copies.	Pages.	Parlia- ment.	Depart- ment.	Stock.	Sess. Papers Bound.
Trade and Commerce, 1909-10, Part VI. (English). Fisheries, 1909-10 (French). Mines, 1909-10 (French). Civil Service Commission, 1909-10 (French). Militia Council, 1910-11 (English). Topographical Surveys, 1909-10 (English). Insurance Abstract, 1909-10 (French). Unclaimed Bank Balances, 1910-11 (English). Searctary of State, 1909-10 (French). Mines, 1910-11 (English). Interior, 1909-10 (French). Interior, 1909-10 (French). Insurance Abstract, 1910-11 (English). Trade and Commerce, 1910-11 Part V. (English). Auditor General, 1909-10 (French). Bank Shareholders, 1910-11 (French). Postmaster General, 1910-11 (French). Estimates of Canada, Further Supplementary, 1911-12 (English). Estimates of Canada, Further Supplementary, 1911-12 (English). Experimental Farms, 1910-11 (English). Agriculture, 1910-11 (English). Secretary of State, 1910-11 (English). Agriculture, 1910-11 (French). Militia Council, 1909-10 (French). Militia Council, 1909-10 (French). Mines, 1910-11 (English). Indian Affairs, 1910-11 (English). Militia Council, 1909-10 (French). Mines, 1910-11 (English). Public Works, 1910-11 (English). Adulteration of Food, 1910-11 (English). Marine, 1910-11 (English). Public Works, 1910-11 (French). Transcontinental Railway, 1910-11 (English). Marine, 1910-11 (English). Estimates of Canada, Further Supplementary, 1911-12 (English). Estimates of Canada, Further Supplementary, 1911-12 (English). Estimates of Canada, Further Supplementary, 1911-12 (English). Estimates of Canada, Further Supplementary, 1911-12 (English). Estimates of Canada, Further Supplementary, 1911-12 (English). Estimates of Canada, Further Supplementary, 1911-12 (English). Estimates of Canada, Further Supplementary, 1911-12 (English). Estimates of Canada, 1910-11 (English). Estimates of Canada, 1910-11 (English). Estimates of Canada, 1910-11 (English).	3,885 945 990 3,660 8,610 1,045 1,653 3,385 10,610 945 11,685 4,785 1,255 73,610 4,110 3,535 73,610 4,110 3,535 740 995 4,740 955 740 955 740 955 740 955 3,815 750 3,815 750 4,110 3,740 990 3,815 750 4,110 3,740 990 4,110 4,110 3,740 990 4,110 4,110 3,740 990 4,110 4,110 3,740 990 4,110 4,110 3,740 4,110 3,740 4,110 3,740 4,110 3,740 4,110 3,740 4,110 3,740 4,110 3,740 4,110	166 454 110 1,462 24 162 1,168 810 696 400 344 562 1,04 126 2,702 696 648 32 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82	2, 425 475 475 575 2, 275 2, 275	600 200 250 300 5,500 325 100 7,500 250 8,500 1,500 1,500 1,000 1,	600 200 155 10535 200 600 600 200 315 200 1100 600 300 355 355 150 355 355 155 1	Bound.
Trade and Commerce, 1910-11, Part IV. (English) Trade and Commerce, 1910-11, Part IV. (French) Public Printing and Stationery, 1910-11 (English) Estimates of Canada, Supplementary, 1912-13 (English) Militia Council, 1910-11 (French)	4,515 815 3,265 3,915 730	112 112 80 10 24	2,425 475 2,275 2,475 475	1,300 75 250 500	60 15 10 210 5	730 250 730 730 250
Totals	251,920	22,604	95, 135	119,800	4,535	31,990

Table No. 2.—Statement showing the work on Supplementary Reports to Parliament, Year 1911-12.

Title of Document.		Num- Num- ber of ber of	Distribution.			
The of Document.	Copies.	Pages.	Parlia- ment.	Depart- ment.	Stock.	Sess. Papers Bound.
Analytical Index, Commons Debates, 1909-10 P (English) Steamship Subsidies, 1909-10 (French) List of Vessels, 1910-11 (English) Geographic Board, 1910-11 (English) Canadian Archives, 1909-10 (French) Steamboat Inspection, 1909-10 (French) Ice Formation in the St. Lawrence, 1909-10 (English) Chief Astronomer, 1910-11 (English) Hydrographic Survey, 1909-10 (French) Canal Statistics, 1909-10 (French) Veterinary Director General, 1910-11 (English) Comparative Prices in Canada and United States.	2,945 735 4,335 3,910 1,550 840 3,860 730 730 23,035	332 136 450 456 720 112 60 622 218 112 410	2,825 475 3,000 2,275 475 475 2,275 2,225 475 475 2,270	500 800 800 100 750 800	120 10 35 35 25 15 35 35 5 5	250 800 800 250 250 800 800 250 250 730
Railway Statistics, 1910–11 (English). Express Statistics, 1910–11 (English). Dairy and Cold Storage, 1910–11 (French). Telephone Statistics, 1910–11 (English). Railway Statistics, 1909–10 (French).	14,040 4,240 3,540 30,040 12,885 4,040 3,440	316 274 36 144 152 56 144	8,275 2,275 2,275 2,275 620 2,275 2,175	5,000 1,200 500 27,000 12,000 1,000 1,000	35 35 35 35 15 35	730 730 730 730 730 250 730 250
Evidence of Experimental Farm officers given before S.S. Committee on Agriculture and Colonization:— A. G. Gilbert James E. Johnson. J. A. Ruddick.	35,000 15,000 30,000	34 26 18	32,375 13,875 27,450	2,575 1,125 2,550		• • • • • • •
Trade and Commerce Bulletin:—	3,450 3,450 3,450 3,450 3,450 3,450 3,535 3,535 3,435	132 176 196 152 160 268 200 180 202	2,175 2,175 2,175 2,175 2,175 2,175 2,175 2,175 2,175 2,175	1,250 1,250 1,250 1,250 1,250 1,250 1,350 1,250 1,250	25 25 25 25 10 10	
Trade and Navigation, Monthly Statement:— April, 1911 May, 1911 June, 1911 July, 1911 August, 1911 Scptember, 1911 October, 1911 November, 1911 December, 1911	2,810 2,810 2,810	508 508 508 508 508 508 508 508 508	2, 175 2, 175 2, 175 2, 175 2, 175 2, 175 2, 175 2, 175 2, 175 2, 175	500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500	135 135 135 135 135 135	
Totals	255, 150	11,066	135, 262	101,450	2,005	9,320

Table No. 3.—Statement showing the Routine Parliamentary work, Year 1911-12.

	Number	Number	Distribution.		
Title of Document.	of Copies.	of Pages.	Parlia- ment.	Sessional Papers Bound.	
Votes and Proceedings. Orders of the Day. Senate Minutes. French Public Bills (Commons and Senate). Private Bills (Commons and Senate). French French French French French French French French Third Reading Bills (Commons). English French Third Reading Bills (Senate). Returns (for distribution or Sessional Papers, either or both, aggregate). Divorce Cases (aggregate). House of Commons— Journals, 1910–11 (English). Journals, 1909–10 (French) Appendix No. 1, 1910–11 (English). Appendix No. 3, 1910–11 (English). Appendix No. 3, 1910–11 (English).	165 640 200 9,690 3,700 8,000 \$50 250 3,800 950	1,084 1,086 1,982 2,060 866 876 456 460 596 524 762 472 328 296 258 396	2,625 496 790 190 2,065 337 2,345 490 1,145 285 485 165 640 200 9,690 8,000	200 75 	
Appendix No. 1, 1910-11 (French)	1,050	752	800	250 850	
Totals	41,418	15,416	37,618	5,055	

Table No. 4.—Statement showing the work on the Canada Gazette, 1911-12

Tido	Aggregate Annual	Number of	DISTRIBUTION WEEKLY.		
Title.	Issue.	Pages in Volume.	King's Printer.	Mailed.	
Canada Gazette	152, 125	5,160	50	1,900	

Table No. 5.—Statement showing the work on the House of Commons and Senate Debates, Year 1911-12.

	Num-	Num-	Distribution.			
Title of Document.		ber of Pages.	House of Com- mons.	Senate.	Binding	Stock.
House of Commons— Daily Debates, 1911–12 Book Forme Debates, 1910–11 English French	415	4,746	390 600		690	500 25 226 42
The Senate— Daily Debates, 1911–12 English Book Forme Debates, 1910–11 English French Extra copies of speeches ordered by Members and Senators	2,420 205	1,268 808		1,850	500	25 5 70 5
Totals.	283,163	23,606	3,775	2,100	1,540	898

Table No. 6.—Statement showing the work on the Statutes, 1911-12.

	Title of Document.	Number of Volumes.	Number of Pages.
	The Statutes. 1 George V., 12th Parliament.		
Volume 1 Volume 2.	English French Eglish French	6.500 1,700 5,800 1,050	458 468 352 372
	Totals	15,050	1,650

Table No. 7.—Statement showing the work on Voters' Lists, 1911-12.

Title.	Number of Copies.	Number. of Pages.
Voters' Lists (258 constituencies)	 38,875	10,364

Table No. 8.—Return of Pamphlets and Miscellaneous Book-work, Year 1911-12 (copies and pages aggregate).

		1		
Description.	Number of	Number of	Number	Number of
	Copies.	Copies.	Pages.	Pages.
Agriculture— Canadiaa Patent Office Record (13 issues)	15,600		4,478	
Index to Canadian Patent Office Record	1,200 8,000		104 534	
Statistical Year Book (French)	$\frac{2,050}{16,000}$		536 60	
Trade Mark and Design Act	2,000		28	
Archives of France (by J. E. Roy) Precursors of Cartier	1,250 1,000		1,100 248	
Beef Raising in Canada (French)	30,000		156	
Growing and using Mangels, &c	14,000 2,000		20 32	
Trial Shipments of Peaches	13,000		36	
Dominion Cerealist Report	1,000 15,000		30 72	
Hardy Apples	55,000		32	
Mangels and Sugar Beets	55,000 200		20 36	
Tobacco Culture in Canada	5,000		12	
Bovine Tuberculosis	100,000 50,000		32	
Dairy Industry in Canada	27,000		94	
Copyright Act Horse Breeding	200 25,000		20 16	
Canadian Meat Inspection Service (French)	20,000		8	
'Canada Gazette' (extra copies)	25,000	Į	112 32	
Canadian Record of Performance	15,000		64	
Index to Archives Report	20,000		258 106	
Animals Contagious Disease Act	1,000		16	
Government Assistance to Agriculture	25,000 300		16 8	
Pure Bred Dairy Cattle	5,000	ļ Ē	32	
Horse Breeding and Rearing of Colts. Report of the Canadian Seed Growers Association	20,000		16 128	
Instructions re Card Punching	300		8	
Mange in Horses and Cattle	10,000		16 36	
Seed Control Act and Regulations (English)	15,000 3,900		12	
Seed Control Act and Regulations (French)	12,000		8	
Report on the Work of the Archives Branch	50,000		126	
Tuberculosis—Facts regarding the Disease	9,000		36	
List of Cheese Factories in Canada	2,500 2,000		130	
Canadian Record of Performance (French)	3,000		64	
Dairy Legislation (Freach)			20 188	
Seed Supply	20,000		24	1
Report of Šir James Grant	81,400		352	
Census and Statistics Monthly (French)	17,600		358	
Publications of the International Institute	24,700 49,000		328 224	
Bulletins, &c		889, 175		10,518
Civil Service Commission— Civil Service Examination Papers (English)	2,000		152	
Civil Service Examination Papers (French)	500		158	
Regulations of the Civil Service Commission (English) Regulations of the Civil Service Commission (French)	4,000 3,000		41 48	
Curriculum for the Civil Service Examinations	1,000		14	
Information respecting the Civil Service Examinations	5,000	15 500	40	
·		- 15,500		- 45

Table No. 8.— Return of Pamphlets and Miscellaneous Book-work, Year 1911-12 (copies and page aggregate).— Continued.

1911-12 (copies and page aggreg				
Description.	Number of Copies.	Number of Copies.	Number of Pages.	Number of Pages.
Brought forward		904,675		10,974
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery— Instructions for Returning Officers (English) Instructions for Returning Officers (French) Dominion Elections Act, &c., (English) Dominion Elections Act, &c., (French) Instructions and Oaths (English) Instructions and Oaths (French) The Manhood Suffrage Registration Act.	39,000 5,000 5,000 1,000 4,000 1,000 1,000	55,000	440 136 136 136 32 32 32 34	946
Customs— List of Forms. List of Ports, Outports and Preventive Stations. Memo. No. 1592 B. Financial Report. Customs Tariff. Customs Act and Amendments.	1,500 2,000 2,000 100 4,000 2,000	11,600	16 52 10 238 174 92	582
Exchequer Court— Report No. 3, Vol. XIII. Report No. 1, Vol. XIV.	1,000	2,000	152 120	272
Experimental Farms— Brandon Agassiz, B. C Prince Edward Island Rosthern, Sask Lacombe, Alta Maritime Provinces. Indian Head Lethbridge The Potato and Its Culture (English) The Potato and Its Culture (French) Destructive Insect and Pest Act. Trees and Shrubs Cultivation of Alfalfa. Results of Trial Plots. Extracts from Annual Report.	1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 3,000 7,000 3,000 7,000 2,000 8,000	121,000	42 24 10 8 26 36 20 48 60 64 16 48 32 74 512	1,020
Externol Affairs— Confidential Papers	925	925	660	660
Finance— Tariff relations between United States and Canada Appropriation Act. Budget Speech. Estimates of Canada. Appropriation Acts. Canadian Life Insurance Companies. List of Licensed Companies. Report of Trust and Loan Companies. Report of the Superintendent of Insurance. By-laws of Canadian Bankers' Association. Quarterly Statement. Pilots' Fund. List of Insurance Companies. Appropriation Act.	3,000 300 8,000 1,200 600 500 400 300 8,500 200 800 100 24,000 500	40.400	72 48 16 38 106 44 12 192 116 12 24 12 40	
Carried forward		48,400		748 15, 202

Table No. 8.—Return of Pamphlets and Miscellancous Book-work, Year 1911–12 (copies and pages aggregate).—Continued.

Description.	Number of Copies.	Number of Co	Number of Pages.	Number of Pages.
Brought forward		1, 143, 600		15, 202
Act to Amend the Companies Act Canada Shipping Act. Index to Unrevised Debates. House of Commons Debates (extra copies of various dates Statement of Insurance Companies in Canada. Grain Act. Estimates not yet adopted (English). Estimates not yet adopted (French). Sault Ste. Marie Light and Power Co. Index to Votes and Proceedings (English). Index to Votes and Proceedings (Freach). List of Members Reciprocity in Trade. List of Reports and Returns. List of Members (English and French). Railway Transportation. List of Members and Senators. List of Reports and Returns (Freach) Select Standing Committees. Naturalization of Aliens List of Sessional Papers.	100 212 1,900 530 500 200 250 250 250 300 2,300 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,500 2,500 1,700	- 10,842	16 22 62 276 104 72 50 52 2 76 64 16 16 8 32 42 48 8 8 12	1,27
dian Affairs— Blackfoot Indian Lands Extract from Auditor General's Report (Part H.) The Indian Act	. 500	3,000	28 168 160	34
Rocky Mountains Forest Reserve	100 850 1,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500	59,950	24 8 96 68 52 20 42 4 10 16 24 44 16 76 12 8 8 28 32 60 40	5

Table No. 8.—Return of Pamphlets and Miscellaneous Book-work. Year 1911-12 (copies and pages aggregate).—Continued.

	1			
Description.	Number of Copies.	Number of Copies.	Number of Pages.	Number of Pages.
Brought forward		1,217,392		17,346
Interior—Concluded. Thunder Bay and Rainy River District	1,300 1,000 100,000 2,000 3,000 3,000 3,500 3,000 3,000 1,000 200 1,000 200 30,000 14,400	336,850	56 8 8 40 74 24 24 48 20 16 10 24 4 4 170 16 8 8 114 16 32 52 1,386	3, 13
Act to Amend the Yukon Act. Rules and Regulations for the Dominion Police	25 500	525	16	1
'Canada Gazette'	10,000	10,050	36	
Report of the Shad Fishery Commission Meteorological Tables. Report of Alberta and Saskatchewan Fishery Commission By-laws of the Pilotage District of Montreal. Rules for the Life Saving Service. Fish Breeding. Regulations respecting Public Harbours in Canada. The Cruise of the 'Arctic' Fishery Regulations for Manitoba. Canadian Ports. Uniform Regulations. Specification for a Dredge. Specification for a Dredge. Specification for a Proposed Hopper Barge. Schedule of Lightkeepers' Salaries. International Rules of the Road. Comparison of the Angstrom Pyrheliometer and Callenddar Sunshine Recorder. Coasting Regulations. Judgment. Meteorological Tables, Part VII. Monthly Weather Review.	1,500 1,200 2,000 250 100 50 1,000 2,000 1,000 200 100 100 500 500 500 150 150 13,200	10,000	170 770 222 20 18 74 24 530 8 240 12 114 194 52 24 24 8 12 10 162 60	

Table No. 8.—Return of Pamphlets and Miscellaneous Book-work, Year 1911-12 (copies and pages aggregate).—Continued.

Total Cooper and pulgar	· /			
Description.	Number of Copies.	Number of Copies.	Number of Pages.	Number of Pages.
Brought forward	•••••	I,564,817		20,540
Marine and Fisheries.—Concluded. List of Lights on the Pacific Coast Supplements to List of Vessels. Monthly Fishery Statistics. A Talk on Herring Fishery.	500 2,900 24,300 300	58, 150	40 60 214 12	3,342
Militia and Defence— Short Guide to Officers, &c Standing Orders of the Royal Military College Courses of Instruction Voluntary Medical Aid Instructions for Training. Pay and Allowance Regulations Militia and Defence Estimates Regulations for the Royal Military College Rifle and Musketry Exercises. Camps of Training Stretcher Exercises Regimental Establishments of the Canadian Militia Instructions for Training. Ready Reckoner Conduct of Correspondence. Field Service Regulations. Extract from Auditor General's Report (Part P) Royal Military College Admission Examinations. Amendments to King's Regulations and Orders Amendments to Regulations for Magazines and Care of War Matériel. Instructions for Artillery Notes on the Relative Costs of Criminal Statistics Short Guide to Officers, &c., (French). Militia General Orders (English). Militia General Orders (French).	1,900 500 3,150 6,000 1,000 500 700 3,000 5,500 1,000 5,500 7,500 7,000 4,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 1,000 5,000 1,000 5,000 1,000		16 98 16 12 36 88 24 12 38 36 52 32 23 23 148 148 36 8 8 12 12 12 5 12 5 12 5 13 14 15 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	
Lists of Changes in War Matériel. Index to Militia General Orders Militia Council Minutes Index to Militia Council Minutes. Quarterly Militia List. Index to Militia Daily Orders Extract from Report of Royal School of Artillery.	30,500 2,800 575 25 10,115 3,000 300	248,040	264 18 214 24 1,524 16 24	4,294
Mines— Mineral Productions of Canada. Survey of Shore Lines of Lakes Algonquin and Nipissing. Memoir by Frank Springer Geological Reconnaissance. Geology of an Area Adjoining Lake Temiskaming. Report on Chrysolite Asbestos. Bighorn Coal Basin. Clay and Shale Deposits of Nova Scotia. Molybdenum Ores of Canada. Mineral Productions of Canada. Gypsum Deposits of the Maritime Provinces. Lavestigation of the Explosives Industry. Production of Coal and Coke in Canada. Act to regulate the Manufacture of Explosives. Torbrook Iron Ore Deposits. Report on the Explosives Industry. Production of Iron and Steel in Canada. Proposed Legislation respecting Explosives. Production of Cement, Lime, Clay Products, &c., in	4,000 3,000 4,000 2,000 1,000 2,000 500 1,500 500 1,000 500		24 76 66 56 54 442 74 208 98 296 230 16 32 40 8 20 16 40	
Canada	2,000	51,210	64	1,904
Carried forward		1, 922, 217		30,08

Table No. 8.—Return of Pamphlets and Miscellaneous Book-work, Year 1911-12 (copies and pages aggregate).—Continued.

	Number	Number	Number	Number
Description.	of Copies.	of Copies.	of Pages.	of Pages.
Brought forward		1,922,217		30,08
Vaval Service—		•		
Tide Tables for Eastern Canada, 1912. Regulations for the Entry of Naval Instructors. Tide Tables for the Pacific Coast. Regulations for the Entry of Naval Instructors (French) Regulations for the Entry of Naval Cadets (English) Regulations for the Entry of Naval Cadets (French). Result of Test of Gunlayers. Regulations for the Entry of Medical Officers General Memorandum Circular No. L. Regulations for the Entry of Medical Officers (French). Tide Tables for the Eastern Coast.	4,000 300 5,000 200 1,500 500 100 400 150 200 4,000		56 12 58 12 12 12 12 12 40 8 64	
Post Office—		16,500		30
Monthly Money Order Circular (English) Monthly Money Order Circular (French). Official Postal Guide (English). Official Postal Guide (French). Extract from Official Postal Guide (French). Quarterly Supplement to Postal Guide (English). Quarterly Supplement to Postal Guide (French). Instructions to Postmasters of Accounting offices. Catalogue of Articles in Stock. Instructions to Postmasters. The Empire Girding Cable. Instructions for the Guidance of Clerks. Rural Mail Delivery. Distribution List. Schedule of Mail Trains Instructions for the Guidance of Clerks.	32,550 7,650 17,247 2,670 625 74,425 10,300 3,750 200 250 200 18,000 3,600 3,100 3,50	188,667	108 108 520 528 200 92 80 96 52 242 242 32 10 34 32 10 504	2,64:
Statutes of Canada, 1907, Vols. I. and II. Statutes of Canada, 1908, Vols. I. and II. Loose Leaf Devices. Appropriation Acts. The Potato and Its Culture. Act respecting Toronto Harbour. Act to Amend the Act respecting Toronto Harbour. Senate Debates, April 19 and 20, 1911. Supplement to 'Canada Gazette'. Commons Debates, July 18, 1911. Dominion Elections Act (English). Dominion Elections Act (French). Commons Debates, July 27, 1911. Instructions to Returning Officers (English) Instructions to Returning Officers (French). Price List of Government Publications. Customs Tariff. Act respecting Queen's College. Commons Debates, Feb. 5, 1912. Quarterly Supplement to Postal Guide (English). Quarterly Supplement to Postal Guide (French). Various Chapters (English and French).	500 500 2,000 2,400 3,000 200 200 2,500 2,000 2,000 2,000 3,000 2,0	92, 225	908 1,110 40 264 60 10 4 48 24 50 136 64 136 136 72 196 196 10 48 42 2,184	5,710
ublic Works— Chicf Architect's Report	50 200 500		48 114 20	

Table No. 8.—Return of Pamphlets and Miscellaneous Book-work, Year 1911-12 (copies and pages aggregate).—Concluded.

Description.	Number of Copies.	Number of Copies.	Number of Pages.	Number of Pages.
Brought forward		2,220,359		38,920
Railways and Canals— Classification of Expenditures Rules and Regulations respecting Canals	500 4,000	4,500	20 30	50
Railway Commission— Tariff of Express Companies. Rules and Regulations of the Railway Commission (Eng-	250	4,000	122	30
Rules and Regulations of the Railway Commission (English)	2,000		36	
(Freuch) Loeomotive Boilers Orders of the Railway Commission	300 2,000 2,700	7,200	40 22 32	
Secretary of State— Provisions of the Companies Act List of Newspapers Naturalization Act	1,500 100 100		24 52 24	100
Senate— Address to His Excellency List of Senators Railway Transportation List of Senators and Committees	100 900 200 150 800	1,700	28 30 98 30 40	
Trade and Commerce— Directory of Foreign Imports Annuities Aet	3,800 100,000 1,000 300 50 202,350 3,950	2,150	200 36 78 112 112 1,542 18	226
Totals		$\frac{311,450}{2,547,359}$		2,098 41.646
A OWNER TO				

Table No. 9.—Statement showing Letterpress Departmental Work during the Fiscal Year 1911-12.

2—3	APRIL	АРВІГ, 1911.	Max, 1911	1911.	JUNE, 1911	1911.	JULY, 1911.	1911.
Department,	Envelopes,	Copies other Work.	Envelopes.	Copies other Work.	Envelopes,	Copies other Work.	Envelopes.	Copies other Work.
Agriculturo	15,000	21,200	25,000	312,786	10,000	225,900	129,000	354, 175
Auditor General Civil Service Commission.		3,150	1,000	11, 400 9, 100		0 0 0 0 0 0		29, 200 275
Clerk of Crown in Chancery Customs Experimental Farm.	36,000	656,900	1,000	791,290	10,000	223, 200 100	22,000 20,000 5,000	452,830 33,500
External Affairs		13,980	1,000	10,370		4,500 3,150	000'9	22, 690
Governor General		1,000		4,400 1,700	2,000	4,080	2,500	4.570
Indian Affairs.	1,000	5,080 30,950	10,000	5,700 83,635	5,750	8,375	2,300	15,042
	15,000	142,310	73,000	275,685	16,000	153,845	122,000	901,767
Labour	5,000	10,000	5,000	3,000		200 200	60,000	35, 575
Library of Parliament, Marine and Fisheries,	21,900	42,010	11,000	151,080	4,500	10,070	28,000	134, 140
Militia and Defence.	215,000	6,200	001 'c1	13,450		4,400	1,000	28,325
Naval Service Post Office	3,000	323,890	5,000	49,800 804,274	1,000	38,500	20,000	58,900 14,515,305
Privy Council Public Printing and Stationery		2,400	15,000	250 6,800	21,000	15,750	21,000	25, 483
Public Service Commission Public Works Railways and Canals	50,500	24,844	26, 200	26,818	21,000	183, 268	76,525	288, 164
Railway Commission.				19,000	21,000	006.1		006 6
oliec		77,850	20,000	15,900	2,000	21,000	000 F	26,000
y of State		2,600	5,000	3,000		5,300	5,000	1,500
Trade and Commerce.	5,000	73,000	2,000	6,000	32, 150	7,200	11,000	490, 163
Totals	594.750	1,542,599	1,178,800	2, 764, 483	402,750	2,754,900	1,572,075	18, 234, 740

Table No. 9.—Statement showing Letterpress Departmental Work during the Fiscal Year 1911-12—Continued.

T.	1 1		913 a
в, 1911.	Copies other Work.	286,348 16,000 16,000 2,072,2376 2,709 2,709 1735 173,100 1,033,010 1,033,010 1,033,010 1,033,010 1,033,010 1,030,010 1,130,010 1,130,010 1,140	14, 882, 489
Nоvемаек, 1911	Envelopes.	135,300 23,000 53,450 7783,075 171,500 38,500 5,700 18,000 18,000 18,000 18,000 18,000 18,000 18,000 18,000 18,000 18,000 18,000 11,250,200 11,250,200 25,000	3, 955, 525
Остовек, 1911.	Copies other Work.	435, 136 40, 600 153, 294 1, 144, 800 87, 200 43, 1100 43, 1100 43, 130 1, 637, 837 291, 677 891, 779 182, 339 105, 388	9,170,343
OCTOBE	Envelopes.	223,000 312,775 22,500 4,250 1,000 271,580 25,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 1,26,700 9,000 35,450 24,100 22,000	2, 582, 905
ен, 1911.	Copies other Work.	266, 532 20, 723 20, 723 1,000 8,800 83,500 1,000 83,500 1,000 83,500 83,500 2,000 4,215,025 78,381 226,975 229,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000	6, 702, 401
Ѕветвмави, 1911	Envelopes.	66, 500 1, 600 67, 000 20, 600 29, 500 29, 500 162, 500 162, 500 222, 600 222, 600 222, 600 223, 600 24, 600 283, 750 5, 000 113, 650 113, 650 113, 650 110, 600 110, 600	1,315,850
r, 1911.	Copies other Work.	297, 986 10, 373 11, 389, 700 1, 389, 700 1000 11, 000 11, 013 11, 013	7, 262, 211
AUGUST, 1911.	Envelopes.	76,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 11,000 2,000 301,500 11,500 11,500	1,239,925
	Department.	Agriculture Auditor General. Civil Service Commission. Cirkl Service Commission. Customs Customs Experimental Farm Experimental Farm Experimental Affairs. Finance. Governor General. House of Commons Indian Affairs. Inland Revenue Indian Affairs. Inland Revenue Labour. Library of Parliament Marine and Defence Marine and Disheries. Militia and Defence Post Office. Post Office. Post Office. Public Frining and Stationery Public Service Commission. Public Service Commission. Railways Commission. Railway Commission. R. N. W. Mounted Police. Secretary of State. Service and Commerce.	Totals

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 32 Table No. 9.—Statement showing Letterpress Departmental Work during the Fiscal Year 1911-12—Concluded.

7, 296 51, 325 381, 250 790, 545 22, 860 9, 600 587, 508 120, 408 40, 1132 3, 614, 166 79, 450 213, 530 131, 499 16, 770 525,650 49,500 05,072 1,962 4,90023,700 9,900 2,150 8,900 7,546,575 Copies other Work. Макси, 1912. 60,500 4,000 9,600 15,050 25,500 267,000 5,000 38, 100 89, 000 22, 000 7, 7, 000 15, 000 1, 000 12, 200 369, 000 1,892,525 Envelopes, 1,094,715 28,275 103, 325 210, 050 14, 150 97, 675 713, 383 39, 620 3, 900 288, 085 365, 825 365, 825 37, 800 5, 000 5, 000 11, 750 8, 800 1, 000 1 148,908 8,536 10,000 5,779,227 Copies other Work. FERRUARY, 1912. 5,000 5,000 15,000 230,050 30,000 37,000 116,460 130,000 10,000 21,500 840,050 17,500 10,000 2,750 340,250 20,000 82,000 20,000 14,620 2,082,680 Unvelopes, 96,940 3,006 3,006 27,350 7,594 2,975 74,000 215, 350 536, 200 32, 632 126, 950 5, 830, 652 599, 062 50,460 18,100 174,760 1,380 100,200 100,200 118,146 2,743 8,284 8,284 8,284 8,284 15,610 15,610 9,204,858 Copies otĥer Work, JANUARY, 1912. 63,000 12,000 1,000 1, 124, 275 Envelopes. 325, 910 400, 400 20, 650 127, 800 3, 453, 841 800 177, 330 53, 240 56, 600 23, 900 7, 500 3, 002 157, 186 6,000 3,300 7,160 82,750 87,750 4,095 114,079 18,950 210,300 289,254 11,725 7,218,434 Copies other Work. **DECEMBER**, 1911. 10,500 530,750 3,000 6,000 2,000 42,000 41,000 10,000 2,500 6,000 7,566 1,000 57,500 71,000 2,200 88,500 1,087,866 Envelopes. Post Office. Privy Council. Public Printing and Stationery. Royal Mint. R.N.W. Mounted Police. Public Service Commission.... Agriculture.... Auditor General.... Civil Service Commission... Department. Clerk of Crown in Chancery Labour Library of Parliament... Marine and Fisheries... Militia and Defence Railways and Canals.... Secretary of State..... Trade and Commerce. Railway Commission. Naval Service..... Experimental Farm. House of Commons. Totals. External Affairs.... Inland Revenue Finance. Governor General. Indian Affairs Interior.... Publie Works. Customs... Mines.... Justice...

Table No. 10.—Summary of Letterpress Departmental work for Twelve Months.

Month.	Envelopes.	Copies other work.
April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December. January February. March.	402,750 1,572,075 1,239,925 1,315,850 2,582,905 3,955,525 1,087,866	1,542,599 2,764,483 2,754,900 18,234,740 7,262,211 6,702,401 9,170,343 14,882,489 7,218,434 9,204,855 5,779,526
Totals	19,029,926	93,083,260

Table No. 11.—Statement showing the number of Plates in Annual and Supplementary Reports for Year 1911-12.

Title of Document.	Number	Number	Total
	of	of Copies	Plates
	Plates.	of Reports.	Inserted.
Fisheries, 1909-10 (Fr.). Interior, 1909-10 (Fr.). Chief Astronomer's Report, 1909-10 (Eng.). Hydrographic Survey, 1909-10 (Fr.). Naval Service, 1910-11 (Eng.). Naval Service, 1910-11 (Fr.). Marine, 1910-11 (Eng.). Totals.	21 5	945 945 3,910 730 3,815 1,005 3,790	8,505 11,340 179,860 15,330 19,075 5,025 45,480

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 32

Table No. 12.—Statement showing the number of Books Bound during the Fiscal Year 1911-12.

Full Half Quarter Cloth Leather Leather Jeather Je			АРВИС, 1911	1911.			MAY,	Max, 1911.		4	Jun	JUNE, 1911.	
300 88 890 88 181 1 1 28 300 6 4 4 488 66 1 12	Department.	Full Leather.	Half Leather.	Quarter Leather.	Cloth.	Full Leather.	Half Leather.	Quarter Leather.	Cloth.	Fall Leather.	Half Leather.	Quarter Leather.	Cloth.
	Agriculture Agriculture Civil Service Commission Conservation Commission Conservation Commission Collerk of Crown in Chancery Customs. Experimental Farm Experimental Farm Experimental Affairs Finance Governor General. Indian Affairs Indian and Defence. Indian Affairs Indian and Defence. Indian Affairs Ind	988	18. 1 2 3 12. 2 3 1 2 2 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 3 1 2	φ <u>Θ</u> α + Φ	80	0 8	S 2 2 6 1 1 1 1 1		32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 3	\$ 55 8 3	1	01	1,000
Totals. 300 385 71 28 65 177	Totals	300	385	71	28	65	177	142	1,232	208	181	17	1,000

Table No. 12.—Statement showing the number of Books Bound during the Fiscal Year 1911-12—Continued.

		JULY, 1911	1911.		-	August, 1911	1911.			September, 1911.	ι, 1911.	
Department.	Full Leather.	Half Leather.	Quarter Leather.	Cloth.	Full Leather.	Half Leather.	Quarter Leather.	Cloth.	Full Leathor.	Half Leather.	Quarter Leather.	Cloth.
Agriculture	13	17	67	25	9	88		1,692	1	16		4,000
Auditor General. Civil Service Commission Conservation Commission		C1				2 : :				o		
Clerk of Crown in Chancery. Customs.		10	25	200		330		06		20	4.0	
External Affairs.	9	513		395		32		1 : :	. चंग . 	000		300
Governor General Governor General Fadion Affects		200			N :			300		7		
Interior Evenue.	101	363		500	67		105	1,000		192	2007	3.000
Justice. Labour.	67	17			9 8			C)	234	255	000	: :
Library of Farliament. Marine and Fisheries. Militia and Defence	25	431	166	300		. 65	300	2,000		13	320	
Mines Naval Service. Post Office.		795 3 3 6 7	4,		210	163		1,990	203		350	536
Privy Council Public Printing and Stationery Public Works.		23	24	500		3,5	36			208 49	22	
Railway Commission Railways and Canals.	6	38			20	- 63	30	40		9		
R.N.W. Mounted Police Secretary of State	1∞ ⊶	12 149				<u> </u>				24		
Trade and Commerce		9					3		50		13	
Totals	219	2,216	4,672	2,741	364	981	504	7, 151	132	820	847	7,837

Table No. 12.—Statement showing the number of Books Bound during the Fiscal Year 1911-12—Continued.

	Cloth.				637			12	32		687
ι, 1911.	Quarter Leather.			=	100	30	1,749	122	<u> </u>		2,208
D кскмпвв, 1911.	Half Leather.	25	य	22.0	35 42 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43	216 127 181 51	857			⊃ e1 → ∞	2,212
	Full Leather.	7.53	4 03		20			1,500		3 - 60	1,594
	Cloth.	2		852	6,400		2	12			7,270
د, 1911.	Quarter Leather.	10			95		1,000	108	13		1,252
November, 1911	Half Leather.	255	847 37 33	1018	202 955 858	523 523 533	1,788	15		1 26	4,366
	Full Leather.	4	230	- 		202					525
	Cloth.	20	255		1,100		952	200			3,767
1911.	Quarter Leather.		440		3, 100	12	8,642		150	01	12, 533
Остовки, 1911	Half Leather.	221	180	01	252 282 3.58	3 E	819	167	- oc -	I 21	1,877
	Full Leacher.	7			35		95	001	(2) (C)		204
	Department.	Agriculture. Auditor General. Civil Service Commission. Conservation Commission	Clerk of Crown in Chancery Customs Experimental Farm External Affairs	Governor General House of Commons. Indian Affairs	Inland Revenue. Interior. Institee.	Library of Parliament Marine and Fisheries. Militia and Defence	Naval Service.	Public Printing and Stationery.	Railway Commission Railways and Canals Royal Mint.	Re.N.W. Mounted Ponce. Secretary of State. Senate. Trade and Commerce.	Totals

Table No. 12.—Statement showing the number of Books Bound during the Fiscal Year 1911-12—Concluded.

		JANUARY, 1912.	1912.			Еввичану , 1912	c, 1912.			Максн, 1912	1912.	
Department.	Full Leather.	Half Leather.	Quarter Leather.	Cloth.	Full Leather.	Half Leather.	Quarter Leather.	Cloth.	Full Leather.	Half Leather.	Quarter Leather.	Cloth.
AgricultureAuditor GeneralGivil Service Commission	10	38		101	30	48 6		200		49 64		72
Conservation Commission Clerk of Crown in Chancery. Customs Experimental Farm.	4	75	20			109	92	10	21	9 28	31	
External Affairs. Finance. Governor General.	eo _ 64	- 63			4	777			61=	10 51		6,500
House of Commons. Indian Affairs. Indian Revenue. Interior	30 37	8888	1,004	840	©1 60	30 117 93		1,000		43 51 93 1,040	100	
Justice Labour Library of Parliament.	12	40	129		69	700				1,222		
Marine and Fisheries. Militia and Defence. Mines.	150	85 178 6	10	- 4	2	282 237 1	300	312	8	282	200	200
Naval Service. Post Office. Privy Council		153 1	2,500	36	50	362			10	365		: : :
Public Printing and Stationery. Public Works. Railway Commission.		11	18		1,000	33	20,000	175	385	311 311 36	120	7,750
Royal Mint R.N.W. Mounted Police Secretary of State Track and Commerce	· · · · ·	500 500	C	200		2612				51 16 3		00
Totals	337	1,824	3,788	1,201	1,373	1,767	20,426	2,360	999	3, 792	\$. 3,771	15,142

TABLE No. 13.—Summary of Books Bound during the Twelve Months.

Month.	Full Leather.	Half Leather.	Quarter Leather.	Cloth.
April May June July August September October November December January February March Totals	300 65 708 219 364 132 204 525 1,594 337 1,373 665	385 177 181 2,216 981 820 1,877 4,366 2,212 1,824 1,767 3,792	71 142 17 4,672 504 847 12,533 1,252 2,208 3,788 20,426 3,771 50,231	28 1, 232 1, 000 2, 741 7, 151 7, 837 3, 767 7, 279 687 1, 201 2, 360 15, 142

Table No. 15.—Statement showing the Number of Pads made during the Fiscal Year 1911-12.

					1911.	•					1912.	
Department.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Agriculture				100 1,000			126 20 100	680				480
External Affairs. Finance. House of Commons Indian Affairs.				18	24	1,410 12		12	636			
Inland Revenue		116	80	336 1,527 234 50 200			1,567 40 30 82	100 2,150 50 640	1,100	100 840 50 400	3,100	300 25
Marine and Fisheries Militia and Defence Mines Naval Service Post Office	25	1,650 40	100 350 500 15	1,275 100 20	850 220	200	2,260	324	100 300 50	3,200	2,000 300	2,320 100 3,000
P. P. and Stationery Public Works Railway Commission Railways and Canals	• • • • • •	5	• • • • • • •	100 260		6,006	227	134 40 10	30 84	100 20,650	356 5 60 77	535 6,378 40
R.N.W. Mounted Police Trade and Commerce.		• • • • • •		500		100	400	4, 140	40	400	400 70	610

TABLE No. 15.—Summary of Pads for the Twelve Months.

Month.	 Quantity
April May une uly uly ugust september October November December anuary February March	2,6 1,0 6,2 1,1 8,8 9,9 4,1 3,2 32,0

Table No. 16.—Statement showing the Making and Stamping of Prepaid Post Office Envelopes.

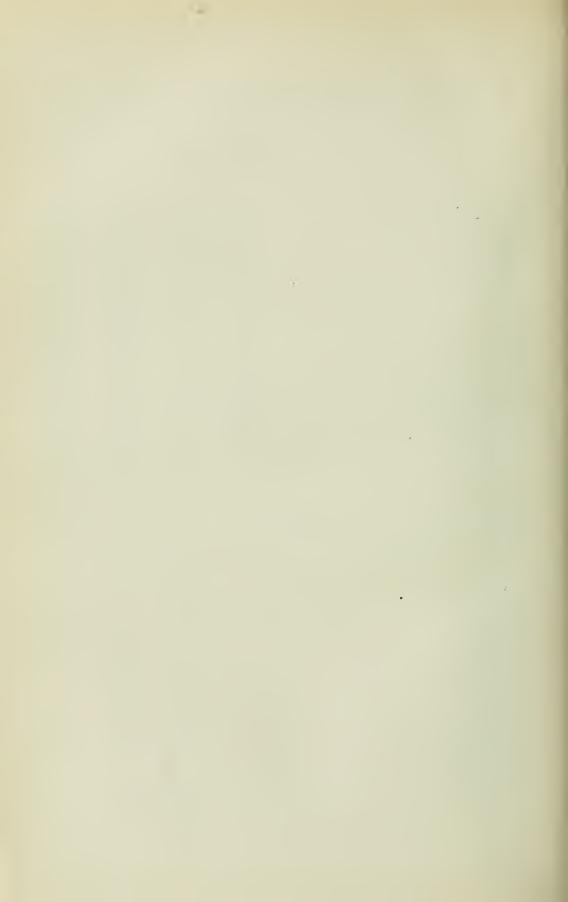
•	Quantity Made and Stamped.
One cent	1,700,000 4,300,000 6,000,000

Table No. 17.—Statement showing the Die Stamping of Note and Letter Headings and Envelopes during the Fiscal Year 1911-12.

Department	Foolscap, Half cap, Letter and Half Letter.	Note and Half Note.	Envelopes.	Number of Impressions.
Agriculture	118,000		40,200	158,200
Civil Service Commission	9,000	2,500	5.000	16,500
	13,280	1, 140	36,500	51, 220
Customs. External Affairs.	11,920	4,500	30,300	16,420
Finance.	4,000	4,000	8,080	12,080
Governor General	20,880	46,950	59,150	126,980
House of Commons	5,500	6,400	5,500	17,400
Indian Affairs.	21,600		8,000	29,600
Inland Revenue.	19,000	5,000	10,000	34,000
Interior	118,000	5,500	48,000	171,500
Justice	44,505	17,880	62,750	125, 135
Labour	26, 250	4,000	10,000	40, 250
Marine and Fisheries	18,500	8,100	15,300	42,900
Militia and Defence	41,560	23,980	105,500	171,040
Mines	21,000		22,500	43,500
Naval Service	4,000	10,000	4,000	18,000
Post Office	57,000	15,500	47,650	122,150
Privy Couacil	34,635	16,000	32,000	72,635
Public Printing and Stationery	29,500		1,000	30,500
Public Works	56,840	19,480	33,000	109,320
Railway Commission	6,000	2,200	50,500	58,700
Railways and Canals	37,800	10,380	30,380	78,560
Royal Mint	1,000		500	1,500
R. N. W. Mounted Police	5,000	0.00	00.000	5,000
Secretary of State	42,780	2,625	29,000	74,405
Senate	9,430	4,000	26,850	40,280
Trade and Commerce	40,000	2,000	19,000	61,000
Totals	817,580	210,435	701,360	1,729,375
				1

Table No. 18.—Statement showing the Loose Leaf work during the Fiscal Year 1911-12.

Department.	Binders.	Loose Leaves.	Index Leaves.	Index. Cards.
Agriculture.	31	146,450	1,934	2,909
Auditor General.	1	1,400		
Civil Service Commission	4	3,282	487	
Customs	111	26,577	378	
Finance	10	3,500	29	
ndian Affairs.	5	1,000	532	
nland Revenue	6	1,000	* 100	1 00
nterior	64	72,700	5, 192	1,00
ustice	4 18	3,000 100	269	
Labour	145	82,785	4,747	
Militia and Defence	68	31,326	2.823	
dines	221	61,000	116	
Naval Service	73	32,614	294	
Post Office.	41	97,300	423	
Privy Council.	**	31,000	120	1,000
Public Printing and Stationery	150	54.790	11.887	1,00
Public Works	15	6,650	352	
Railways and Canals	51	16,950	589	1,00
R. N. W. Mounted Police	2		139	
ecretary of State.	1	300	20	
Senate	25	500		
Trade and Commerce	35	27,800	29	
Totals	1,081	671,024	30,240	5,92



STATIONERY OFFICE,

Ottawa, November 28, 1912.

C. H. PARMELEE, Esq.,

King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit for your information a general statement of the accounts of this branch from April 1, 1911, to March 31, 1912, as follows, viz:—

		19
Balance profit.	\$948,984	59
King's Printer Work Book account, Printing Branch Stock on hand, verified March 31, 1912	497,907 276,654 174,423	23 29

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The Comparative Statement 'C' shows also the following increases, viz:-

Departments.	
	\$ c
	N
griculture	4,241 1,226
ivil Service Commission.	168
erk of Crown in Chancery.	130
istoms	2,873
epartments generally	55
ominion Police	$\frac{205}{271}$
ternal Affairs	650
nance	669
overnor General's Office and Government House	431
buse of Commons	3,965
Imigration	641 141
land Revenue	776
stice.	396
litia and Defence.	2,961
nes,	2,255
aval Service	10,856
ost Officeivy Council	17,238 425
thlie Printing and Stationery	77,351
" Work Book	17,776
iblic Works	10,481
ailways and Canals	3,134
ailway Commission oyal North West Mounted Police	996 $2,782$
cretary of State	416
nate of Canada	738
blic Service Commission	387
ternational Joint Commission	164
Total	164,813
ne Comparative Statement also shows the following decreases, viz.:-	
ommission of Conservation	1,486
terior	1,468
surance	813
ercolonial Railway	4,837
bour of Parliament	349 284
orary of Parliament	43
nitentiaries.	581
oyal Mint.	117
preme Court	45
ade and Commerce and Government Annuities	1 200
anseontinental Railway	1,202

A.—Statement of Expenditure for, and issue of, Goods in each month for the year ended March 31, 1912.

				
	G			
	Sterling.	Curre	Goods. issued.	
. 1911.	£ s. d.	\$ cts.	\$ et.	\$ cts.
April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	353 12 1 231 10 7 782 7 8 646 13 0 914 4 9 659 16 0 894 1 6 1,107 0 4 15f 8 10	1,720 87 1,126 78 3,807 60 3,147 03 4,449 29 3,211 03 4,351 16 5,387 48 737 01	22,840 20 55,690 29 43,665 09 59,562 74 64,315 28 53,727 40 49,586 53 59,895 77 44,550 76	52,680 71 58,790 68 58,944 68 61,302 38 64,767 15 55,887 14 58,677 68 63,473 10 65,656 15
1912.				
January February March	580 14 11 460 12 8 815 5 0	2,826 29 2,241 75 3,967 55	66,088 83 55,195 74 104,776 08	61,801 15 69,430 70 103,149 78
Paid in currency Paid in sterling		36,973 84	679,894 71 36,973 84	
Total Expenditure			716,868 55	
Value of goods brought forward April 1, 1911			194,690 66 30,287 19 7,138 19	
Total goods issued. Stock on hand, verified March 31, 1912.				774,561 30 174,423 29
			948, 984 59	948,984 59

B.—Statement of Value of Goods issued to the Civil Service from April 1, 1911 to March 31, 1912.

Departments.	
	1 8
griculture	24,654
uditor General.	2,984
ivil Service Commission.	806
lerk of Crown in Chancery	396
ustoms	22,370
epartments generally	659
ominion Police	428
schequer Court	579
nance	1,333 4,328
overnor General's Office and Government House	1,356
ouse of Commons.	15,429
imigration	6,507
terior	48,277
dian Affairs and School Supplies	11,164
land Revenue	5,908
surance	552
tercolonial Railway	15,752
stice	4,092
bour	2,536 273
brary of Parliament	23,478
litia and Defence	36,554
ines	9,005
ival Service	21.761
nitentiaries	1,819
st Office	79,804
ivy Council	1,795
blic Printing and Stationery	83,712
" Work Book	276,654
blic Works.	33,183
ilways and Canals	10,576
ullway Commission by al Mint	4,758 160
yal North West Mounted Police.	6,355
eretary of State	2,647
nate of Canada	4,503
preme Court	973
ade and Commerce and Government Annuities	4,184
anscontinental Railway	1,684
ablic Service Commission	387
ternational Joint Commission	164
Tatal	774 501
Total	774,561
ock on hand, verified, March 31, 1912	174,423

C.—Comparative Statement of the issue of goods to the Departments from April 1, 1910 to March 31, 1911, and for the year ended March 31, 1912.

Departments.	Issued in 1910-11.	Issued in 1911-12.	Increase in 1911-12.	Decrease in 1911-12.
	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ ets.	\$ ets.
Agriculture Auditor General Civil Service Commission. Clerk of Crown in Chancery Commission of Conservation. Customs. Departments generally. Dominion Police Exchequer Court. External Affairs. Finance Governor General's Office and Gov't House. House of Commons. Immigration. Interior. Indian Affairs and School Supplies. Inland Revenue. Insurance. Intercolonial Railway. Justice. Labour. Library of Parliament. Marine and Fisheries Militia and Defence. Mines. Naval Service. Penitentiaries. Post Office. Privy Council. Public Printing and Stationery. Public Printing and Stationery Work Book. Public Works. Railways and Canals. Railway Commission. Royal Mint. Royal North West Mounted Police. Secretary of State. Senate of Canada. Supreme Court. Trade and Commerce and Gov't Annuities. Transcontinental Railway. Total issued to Departments. Increase for Departments.	11, 463 97 5, 865 82 49, 745 68 11, 022 68 5, 132 35 1, 368 00 20, 580 68 3, 695 66 2, 878 51 23, 525 65 23, 525 65 33, 539 26 6, 750 05 10, 905 69 2, 401 34 62, 566 38 1, 369 61 1258, 877 63 22, 701 76 7, 442 38 3, 761 72 277 37 3, 573 19 2, 230 42 3, 765 03 1, 018 67 4, 258 66 2, 887 70 621, 049 48	23, 478 31 36, 554 39 9,005 17 21, 761 70 1, 819 98 79, 804 60 1, 795 56 83, 712 94 276, 654 23 33, 183 51 10, 576 57 4, 758 63 160 34 6, 355 71 2, 647 20 4, 503 15 973 66 4, 184 83 1, 684 96 387 74 164 19	205 32 271 02 650 18 669 95 431 95 3,965 22 641 38 141 91 776 00 396 54 2,961 13 2,255 12 10,856 01 17,238 22 425 95 77,351 83 17,776 60 10,481 75 3,134 19 996 91 2,782 52 416 78 738 12 387 74 164 19	1,486 63 1,468 1S \$15 23 4,837 99 342 39 284 26 47 19 581 36
Net Increase.			153 511 S2	

D.—Comparative Statement of Business transacted in the Stationery Office from 1886-7 (the first year that the Bureau was handed over to the King's Printer) and subsequent years up to 1911-12.

Years.	Goods. received.	Goods sent out.	Demands	Letters received.	Letters sent out.	Packages de- spatched by Mail.	Packages and cases de- spatched by rail.	Papers and envelopes supplied to Printing Branch for work.
1886-7. 1887-8. 1888-9. 1889-90. 1890-1. 1891-2. 1892-3. 1893-4. 1895-6. 1896-7. 1897-8. 1898-9. 1900-1. 1901-2. 1902-3. 1903-4. 1904-5. 1905-6. 9 months 1906-7. 1907-8. 1908-9. 1909-10.	\$ cts. 128, 463 16 183,731 61 192,101 36 180,747 41 185,089 29 218,495 69 228,100 38 191,838 69 190,840 65 197,592 91 205,051 35 230,497 06 218,088 17 237,017 96 302,766 26 296,721 64 280,414 42 353,810 93 483,232 96 463,388 08 390,043 40 588,786 87 635,340 20 599,226 80 541,366 74 716,868 55	\$ cts. 132, 313 88 186, 832 56 185, 895 04 176, 273 58 193, 035 51 219, 749 90 225, 401 37 205, 873 33 195, 769 83 199, 538 62 214, 061 82 625, 116 44 236, 988 62 252, 160 23 301, 495 95 288, 782 90 303, 166 80 352, 933 61 427, 783 74 444, 515 73 369, 592 34 580, 027 75 613, 516 45 592, 902 55 621, 049 48 774, 561 30	16, 901 17, 857 18, 899 20, 756 21, 772 21, 047 21, 928 23, 227 23, 386 23, 148 25, 752 28, 003 28, 808 22, 355 31, 858 33, 298 36, 164 39, 068	8,439 7,851 6,979 11,007 12,539 13,801 12,368		4 728 5, 317 6, 153 5, 883 6, 730 9, 244 12, 521 11, 343 14, 129 16, 382 15, 191 16, 288 21, 263 22, 822	463 1,794 2,118 2,111 2,017 1,469 1,022 1,170 1,217 1,060 1,038 805 412 689 1,102	93, 114 84 117, 312 10 113, 706 19 110, 049 48 142, 421 20 115, 597 91 122, 530 50 140, 772 33 162, 787 26 157, 823 76 120, 308 65 216, 093 73 225, 508 23 222, 442 62

E.—Distribution of the Statutes of Canada; being 2 George V., First Session, Tewlfth Parliament, 1912, English and French, bound half sheep.

The share of	Volumes	1 AND 2
To whom sent	English.	French
His Excellency the Governor General. Honourable Cabinet Ministers Senators Members House of Commons	3 36 150 541	8 14 102
Total	730	124
Departments.		
udges, clerk and offices, Supreme Court. "Exchequer Court. aw clerk, Senate. aw clerk and assistant, House of Commons Offices, Senate. "House of Commons. iibrary of Parliament. Departments. Department of Justice, for agents. Clerk of the Crown in Chancery.	9 2 1 3 6 9 60 85 75	2 1 2 4 10 23
Total,	251	43

<i>T</i>	Volu	ме 1.	Volumes	1 AND 2.
To whom sent.	English.	French.	English.	French.
Province of Ontario.				
Provincial Government			17	
Honourable Judges, High Court Judge and Clerk, Admiralty Court			22	
Registrars of Courts			4 21	
Judges, County Courts			48 27	
Police Magistrates			145 43	
County Attorneys			3 44	
Clerks of the Peace Clerks, County Courts			48 62	
Registrars Libraries and Colleges			30	2
Law Associations Commissioner of Police			56 1	
Mayors of City Corporations			$\frac{10}{287}$	
Newspapers. Municipalities).	500		425	4
Total	500		1,295	6
Total				
Province of Quebec.				
Provincial Government			15 6	18 6
Honourable Judges, King's Beneh " Superior Court. " Circuit Court.			41	41
Judges, District Court			5 4	5
Judge and Clerk, Vice-Admiralty Court			$\frac{2}{9}$	2 9
Advocates' Libraries. Le Commissaire d'Extradition.			14 1	14 1
Judges and Clerks, Sessions of the Peace			4 9	1 4 9
Stipendiary Magistrates			5 4	18 17
Sheriffs. Prothonotaries.			7 5	14
Clerks of the Peace Registrars			15	54 23
Universities and Colleges			12 6	6
City, Town and County Corporations.			20 2	68
Clerks, Circuit Courts			19 1	53
Clerks of the Crown			3	3 1
Crown Lands Agent			1 63	63
Newspapers	190	645	00	00
Total	190	645	246	451

	Volum	es 1 Nand 2
To whom sent.	English.	French.
Province of Nova Scotia.		
Provincial Government Judges, Supreme Court Judges, County Court. " Pro bate Court " and Registrar, Vice-Admiralty Court Prothonot aries. Judges' Ch ambers. Sheriffs. Clerks of the County Courts. City, Town and County Corporations Mayor of City. Libraries and Colleges. Harbour Commissioner. Police Magistrate. Stipendiary Magistrate Newspapers.	16 16 7 20 2 18 1 18 20 36 1 6 1 2 30 56	1
Total	242	3
Province of New Brunswick. Provincial Government. Judges, Supreme Court. "County Court. "Inferior Court. "and Registrar, Vice-Admiralty Court. Judges' Chambers. Clerks, Supreme Court. "County Court. "Circuit Court. Mayors of Cities. Police Magistrates Stipendiary Magistrates Registrars. Sheriffs. City, Town and County Corporations Libraries and Colleges. Newspapers. Totals.	16 8 7 10 2 1 1 10 9 2 9 5 15 14 26 7 36	3 6
Province of Prince Edward Island. Provincial Government. Judges, Supreme Court. "County Court. Stipendiary Magistrates. Prothonotaries. Sheriffs. Judges' Chambers. Registrar. Clerks of County Courts. Mayor of City. City and Town Corporations. Clerk of the Crown. Law Society. Newspapers. Total.	14 3 3 6 3 3 1 1 3 1 3 1 1 3 1 1	2 2

	Volume	1 AND 2.
To whom sent.	English.	French.
Province of British Columbia.		
Provincial Government Judges, Supreme Court Court of Appeals County Court Clerks, County Court Registrars, Supreme Court Judges' Chambers Judges' Chambers Judges' Chambers Judges' Chambers Judges' Chy Registrars City and County Corporations Police Magistrates Stipendiary Magistrates Sheriffs	12 5 4 12 13 4 1 1 1 4 3 3 12 26 6 6	1
Libraries and Colleges	53	
Total	172	1
Province of Manitoba. Mayor and Clerk of City. Provincial Government. Judges, King's Bench. "Court of Appeal. "County Court. "Court of Appeal. "Court of Appeal. "Court of Appeal. "Police Magistrates. Sheriffs. Registrars. Prothonotary. Mayor and Clerk of City. Libraries and Colleges. Newspapers. Total.	4 5 7 15	1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 8
Province of Alberta.		
Provincial Government Judges Supreme Court Clerks Judges, District Court Sheriffs Registrars Libraries and Colleges Newspapers City Corporation. Police Magistrates	14 5 4 6 4 2 11 53 1 3	
Total	98	

	Volumes 1 and 2.			
To whom sent.	English.	French.		
Province of Saskatchewan.				
Provincial Government Judges, Supreme Court Clerks "S. Judges, District Court. Judges' Chambers. Sheriffs. Registrars. Libraries and Colleges. Newspapers City Corporation. Police Magistrates.	14 5 4 8 1 4 4 5 82 1			
Total	129	1		
Yukon District.	1			
The Commissioner. Judges. Officer commanding. Sheriff Clerk of the Court. Officials. Newspapers.	1 3 1 1 1 21 21			
Total	30			

DISTRIBUTION of Statutes, 1912—Continued.

List No. 2.—Bound in Full Calf.

To whom sent.	Volu	ME 1.	Volu	ме 2.	VOLUMES 1 AND 2	
	English.	French.	English.	French.	English.	French.
His Excellency the Governor General. Their Honou s the LieutGovernors. The Colonial Secretary. The Registrar General. Cabinet Minis ters.				1	3 9	2
Cabinet Minis ters. Privy Councillors, not otherwise entitled. Clerk, Privy Council Officers, Privy Council (half ealf). Deputy Ministers (half calf).				 	36 13 1 5 20	1
Judges and Registrar, Supreme Court. Library and Judges' Chambers, Supreme Court. Judge and Registrar, Exchequer Court. Keeper of Records, Dept. of Secterary of State "Agriculture					5 2 2 1	2 2 1 1 1
Librarians of Parliament. The Clerk, Senate The Clerk, House of Commons. The Speaker, Senate The Speaker, House of Commons.					2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2
Deputy Clerk, " Law Clerk, " Assistant Law Clerk, " Law Clerk, Senate Clerk's Secretary, House of Commons.					1	ĩ
Honourable Senators. Legislative Libraries. Religious bodies. British Government. British Museum						17 9 12
Canadian Agency, Paris. United States, Secretary of State. United States, Attorney General. United States, Library of Congress. Foreign Affairs.					1 1	1 1 1 1 9
The Prefect of Propaganda Canadian College, Rome. Colonial Governments. Canadian Law Library, London. British Library of Political Science, London.					24	1 1
Society of Comparative Legislation, London. Society of Comparative Legislation, Paris. British Legation, Washington. Foreign Consuls.					1	1 2 3
Totals	2	1	2	1	298	84

DISTRIBUTION of Statutes, 1912—Concluded.

RECAPITULATION.

To whom sent.	Volu	тме 1.	Volume 2.		Volumes land 2	
	English.	French.	English.	French.	English.	French.
Bound in Half Sheep. Parliament of Canada Departmental List. Province of Ontario. " Quebec. " Nova Scotia. " New Brunswick " Prince Edward Island. " British Columbia " Manitobn " Alberta. " Saskatchewan Yukon District. Cash Sales. Secretary of State. Orders in Council.	500	645			730 251 1,295 244 179 56 6172 170 98 129 30 1,010 7	[124
Copies Bound in Calj.	690	645			4,616	681
Per list No. 2	2	1	2	1	298 7	84 6
Total distributed	692	646	2	1	4,921	771
In stock—Half sheep Calf	8	4			815 62	262 16
Total ordered	700	650	2	1	5,798	1,049

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

G.—DISTRIBUTION of Yearly Statutes of Canada.

	3*.1		On I April		Sent	OUT.	On I March	HAND 31, 1912.
1	itle.		Eaglish.	French.	English.	French.	Eaglish.	French.
Actes et ordonances, Bas Edits " Index to Statutes, Upper Lower	" (3 volsi Canada	1845 1845 1854 1856	50 50	20 20 48		3	50 50	20 20 45
Table of Statutes, " Revised Statutes, Upper " Lower	66	1856 1843 1845	22 22 22	50 20			22 22 22	50 20
" " Lo	pper Canada wer "	1859	15 82	15			15 82	15
Statutes, Province of Car		1842 1846 1851	20 35 57	25 30 35			20 35 57	25 30 35
61 11 61 62 62 63		1854–55 1856 1857	5 90 93	47 48 28 49	2 61 56		3 29 37	47 48 28 49
66 (4 66 (4 66 (4		1858 1859 1860 1861	91 93 69 6	48 48 49 18	43 1 2		48 93 68 4	48 48 49 18
46 66 66 60 46 64 46	1st pt. 2nd pt.	1862 1863 1863	86 10 11 4	49 5 49 40	1 1		\$6 9 10 3	49 5 49 40
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	1st pt. 2nd pt.	1864	12 55 7	49 49 49	1 1 1		11 54 6	49 49 49
Dominion of C		1867	75 105 94	95 93 97	3 3		71 102 91	95 93 97
66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66		1871 1872 1873 1874	116 88 96 25	100 45 53 18	3 4 3 4		113 84 93 21	100 45 53 18
66 66 66 66	vol. 2,	1875 (ealf) 1876 1877	77 109 161	46 16 51	3 3		73 106 158	46 16 51
66 66 66 66		1878	162 56 78	49 50 43 48	3 3 3		159 53 75	49 50 43 48
66 66 66 66 68 66	vol. 2, vols. 1 & 2,	1882	104 26	51 51 46	3 4		101 22	51 51 46
66 66 66 66 66 66	64 64 44	1884 (calf) 1885 1885 (ealf)	21 3	58 5	3		3 18 3	11 58 5
64 64 66 66 66 66	" vol. 2,	1886 (calf) 1887	89	45 3 137	3		60 14 86	45 3 137
66 66 66 66	66 66	1888. 1889. 1890. 1891.	136	111 84 80 89	7 3		107 129 136	111 84 80 89
66 66 66 66 66 66	66 66 66	1891 (calf) 1893 1892	12	12 11 15	3 3		12 25	12 11 15
66 66		1895		72				72

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 32

DISTRIBUTION of Yearly Statutes of Canada—Concluded.

	m.				hand I, 1910.	Sent	out.	On l March	
	11	tle.		English	French	English	French	English	French
Statutes, Do	ominion of Ca		1896	117	100 72	3		114	100
66	66	vois. 1 &	2. 1896–97		53				72 53
66	44	"	1899		47				47
66	66	66	1900	6	108	6			108
44	64	44	1900 (calf)	29	14			29	14
44	44	44	1901	49		4		45	
46	44	44	1901 (alf)	33	14		8	33	6
"	65	44	1902	8	127			8	127
44	"	44	1902 (calf) 1903	116	16 144		4	111	12 92
44	44	66	1903 (calf)	116 17	10	5 1	52	111 16	10
44	44	66	1905 (can)	47	143	3	43	44	100
44	44	66	1904 (calf)	29	5	i	3	28	6
44	46	44	1905	287	163	$\frac{1}{4}$	37	283	126
66	66	4.6	1905 (calf)	37	11	î		36	11
66	66	44	1906	251	147	4	50	247	97
46	66	44	1906 (calf)	48	12	2		46	12
64	44	**	1907	485	24	122	9	363	15
44	66	66	1907 (calf)	10	10	10			10
"	"	66	1908	451	32	122	9	329	23
46	"	"	, 1908 (calf)	24	7	10		14	7
66	66	46	1909	393 19	183 13	128 6	15	265 13	168 13
44	66	66	1910 (can)	801	306	150	22	651	284
44	64	44	1910 (calf)	40	13	6	44	34	13
44	44	46	1911	723	265			723	265
66	64	44	1911 (calf)	43	13			43	13
Revised Sta	tutes of Cana	da	1886	188	107			188	107
	ealed by Rev			107	107			107	107
	tutes of Cana	da		*3,133	515	239	53	2,894	462
44	46		1906 (½ calf)	140	19	6		134	19
			1906 (full calf)	39		1		38	
			1889	90	18	2		88	18
Criminal La	WS			1,259	585	368	65	882	20

^{*3,000} reprinted.

H.—Sales of Departmental Reports.

		On l April 1	naud , 1911.	Sal	es.	Ou h March 3	and 1, 1912
	Title.	English	French	English	French	English	Frenc
riculture-	-						
Mortuary Statistics		5				5	
66 86		5 7				5 7	
66	1890.	7				7	
Criminal Statistics		8				8	
46 64		8 8				8 8	
"		8				8	
u	1892						
"		8				8	
46		8				8 8	
44		8 8				8	
46	1897	8				8	
44		18				18	
"		11				11	
44		8				8	
+4		16				16	
44	1904	25				25	
66		25				25	
66		25 10				25 10	
44	1908	18				18	
Report of Minister		1 40				10	
44		17	10			17	10
66			6				, (
			$\begin{vmatrix} 10 \\ 9 \end{vmatrix}$			8	10
**	1893.		10			10	1
44	1894.	10	10			10	10
44	1895.		10			2	10
66			10			10	1
66			10			10	1
64			9			10	
44			10			11	1
44	1902.		10			11 9	1 1
**			10			18	
6.6						19	
6.6	1906.		10				1
4.6			10			25	1
**	1908.		8 10			22 17	1
64	1910.		15	3	2	18	l î
*6						25	
Archives							
4.			4				1
44	1889	3	3	1		2	
**	1890.		4	1		4	
44			3	2		$\frac{2}{6}$,
	1892.		10	1 1		1	1
			9	1		1 7	1
			. 8				
44		. 7	4	1		6	
		. 8	10	1 1	7	7	1
44	1898 and supplements		10	2	6	1	1
. 44			. 10	-		1	Î

		nand l, 1911.	Sent	out.	On l March 3	nand 81, 1912.
Title.				1		
	English	French	English	French	English	French
Agriculture—Continued.						
Archives		10 10			7	10 10
"1903	. 12	5	1		11	5
" 1904. " 1905.		6 10	$\frac{1}{2}$		6	6 10
Experimental Farms	10	8	- .		10	8
"		4	· · · · · · · ·		10	4
"	10				10	
"	10	3 8			10	3 8
" 1895.						
"	7				7	
"		4				**
·	. 8				8	
"		4			8 9	4
"1902	. 10				10	
"					10 12	
" 1905.	. 17				17	
	19				19	
"	12		4		S	
"•1909		25	60	2	40	23
Dairy Commissioner	$\frac{24}{6}$		3		21 6	
"1893.	. 7				-	
"			<i>.</i>		25	
" 1909	. 23				23	
Statistical Abstract		3 7			8	3 7
"		9				9
		9 5			8	9
					5	2
		2 5			1	9 5 2 5 7 2
"	15	7 2			15	2
1906.	4	10			4	10
1907.	27				27	
"	33	25	11	1	22	24
Census of Canada, Vol. 2		25	60	2	40	23
Census of Canada, Vol. 2	4				4	
41891	4				4 2	
" 1	60	1			60	
31901	60				60	
4	60				60	
"	8	5			8	5
	8	5 5	2		6 6	5
	. 7	5			7	5 5 5 5 4 4 2 2 11
	. 8	4			8 7	4
"		4 2				2
		2				2
"	6	11 2			6	11
	6	ĩ			6	2 1
**	4				4	

SALES OF DEPARTMENTAL REPORTS.

	m) 1		On h April 1		Sent	out.	On h March 3	
	Title.		English	French	English	French	English	French
Auditor General	-Concluded.	1000		0				
Auditor Ger	eral's Report	1900 1901		3				3
	46	 1902	4	6	2		2	6
	14	1903		3				6 3 7
	46	1904 1905		7	4			7
	44	1906	20	7			16	7
	44	1907	10					
	66	1908 1909	16 5	8 15	3	3	13 4	8 12
	44	1910	27		27			
a .	44	 1911	100		46		54	
Customs— Trade and	Navigation.	1811	5	5			5	5
Trade and	66	1889	i	5			ı	5 5 5 9 5 5
	44	 1890		5				5
	44	1891 1892	6	9 5			6	9
	44		6	5			6	5
	46	1894	6 7	10			7	10
	46							
	44	1896 1897	7	10			7	10
	44	1898	9	9			9	9
	44	 1899	9	5			9	5
	"		8 8	10	3		5 6	10
	46	 1901 1902	6	10	2 2		4	9
	46	1903	3	8	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\2\\2\\2\\2 \end{bmatrix}$		1	8
	4.6	1904	12	5	2		10	10 9 8 5 10
	"	 1905	7	10			7	
	44	1907	10	6			10	6
	46			6				9 6 6 7 7
	"	1909.: 1910	8	8 10	8	3	1	7
	44		100		26		74	<mark>.</mark>
External Affairs Report of M	— inister, 1910.	 	23				23	
Finance— Public Acco	unts	 1887	3				3	l
		1888	6				6	
44			13	5 5			13	5
44		1890 1891	10	10			10	10
44		1892	iŏ				10	
"		1892	10				10	
46		1893 1894	10	10 10			10 9	10
,46		1895	1				ı	1 6
44		1896	- 11	6 5			11	5
"		1897	1 10	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			10	5
46		1898 1899	10 23	5 9			23	9
44		1900	10	10			10	10
66 66		1901	9	10			9	10
46		1902 1903	9 8	9 2 6	1		8 7	22
44		1904	4	6			4	i
"		 1905	15				15	
44		1906						10
16		1907 1908	6 16	10	1		6	10
44		1909	3	10			2	10
44		 1910	3 23	10	1 4 4		19	10
66		 1911	25		4		21	

ţ	Tiolo			nand I, 1911.	Sal	les.	On l March	nand 31, 1912
	Title.		English	French	English	French	English	Frenc
nance—Conclud	ed.							
Loan Compa	nies and Building Socie	ties 1887						
44	**	1892 1894						
4.6	46	1897	7				7	
**	+6	1898	4				4	
46	46	1899	4				4	
		1900	9 4				9	
Insurance Re	port	1889	8 4	5 5			- 8 4	5 5
44		1891	l*	5			T	5
4.6		1893	11	5			11	5
4			10				10	
.6			8	10			8-	10
46	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	IS96	8	9	1		7	9
44		1897	6	6	1		5	6 6
**		1899	7	9	i		6	9
44	*	4000	7	2 8	i		6	2
44		1901	8		1		7	8
44		1902		10				10
44	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1903 .	6	5			6	5
64	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1904 1905	8	10		• • • • • • •	8	10
64		1906	18	10			18	10
44			3	10			3	10
44		1908 .	7	10			7	10
46		1909	1	10	1	3		7
	b =1.d	1910 .	50		25		25	
List of Share	holders of Banks	1887 .	8				8	
	46	1888.	S				6 8	
	68	1890						
	46	1891						
	46	1892	8					8
		1893	S 9				8	
	16	1894 .	10				2	
	64	1895	10				10 10	
	44	1897		7			7	
	48	1898	10				10	
	66	1899	22				22	
			12					
	******		13				13	
	66	1902	12				8 12	
	44	4004	5				5	
	46	1905	8				8	
	"	1907	16				16	
	44		17				17	
Unclaimed B		1910. 1893	25		24		21 9	
cacaminet D	arance	1894	7				7	
44		100*					7	
44			7 7				7 7	
46			7					
44		1898	10				10	
44		1899.	9 2				9	
4.6	*************		10				2 10	
ee		1902	10				10	
44	*********		10				10	
44			6				6	
44		1005	14		,		14	

	DALES OF DEPARTMENT		ORIS	-0011111			====
	Title.	On I April 1	nand , 1911.	Sal	les.	On l March 3	and 31, 1912.
	Title.	English	French	English	French	English	French
Finance-Concluded.							
	ances1907.	15				15	
66	1908.	18				18	
44				23		16 22	
Geological Survey-	_	20		20		2.5	
Summary Repo	ort1890.		10				10
66		11	10	1 2	'	10	10
66		1	5 10			5	5 10
46		3		1		2	
64		5		1	,	4	
66		8 18	4	1 1		7 7 7	4
66	1899.	. 8	5	1			5 4
**	1900	7	4	2		5	
46		S	10	s			10
46	1902	8	10	1		7	10
46		. 12				12	
66			10			25	10
4.		13	10			13	10
46	1908	9		6		3	
6.	1909.		3			21	
Tadion & Claim	1910	. 25		1		24	
Indian Affairs— Report of Super	intendent						
- +4		4	5			4	5
ee fe		. 11	5			11	5 5 7
4.		7 9	7			7	
4.		7	9			9 7	9
44	1993	S	9			S	9
66		. 11	8			11	8
44		12 9	6 3			12	9 8 6 3 3 2
"	1897.	. 11	3			11	3
44	1898		2				2
66		. 10	10			10	10
44		10	5			10	5
		. 9				9	
46		. 10	5			10	5
46	1904.	15 25	10 S			15 25	10 S 9
66		. 7	9			7	9
46	1907.	. 19	8			19	8
41		. 25	10			25	10
66		. 19 24	10	1		19 23	10
66	1911	25		2		23	
Inland Revenue-	4.05			-			
Report of Minis	ster	. 14	5			14	5
- 66	1889	7	5			7	5
"		7	4			7	4
66		S	5			8	5 5
16	1892	7	3			7	3
44		77887777	5 5 3 3 5			7 7 8 7 7 7	554553355
44		7	ž.			7	5
44			5			7	5
fs.		7	5			7	5
6.4	1899	7 7				7	
66		1	1	1	1	1	

		hand 1, 1911.	Sa	les.	On l March	nand 31, 1912.
Title.	English	French	English	French	English	French
1nland Revenue—Concluded.				•		
" 1901.		10			8	10
" 1902. Report of Minister		10			8 7	10 10
"					7	
"		10			8	10
					6 14	
"		9			23	9
"	. 20	10	1		19	10
"			3	<i></i> .	21	
	. 25				25	
Adulteration of Food	8				8	
"	. 6					
"1891.	7				6 7	
1892.	. 8	5			8	5
"	8 8	10			8 8	10
"		10			2	10
	. 8	10			8	10
"					8	
"	8 -8	5			8 8	
" 1900.	10	10			10	5 10
"	12	10			12	10
" 1902.	10	5			10	5
	10	10			10	10
"	10	10 10			10 18	10 10
" 1906	18	10			18	10
"1907	20				20	
	20	10			20	10
Inspection of Weights, Measures and Gas. 1899.	20 8	10 5			$\frac{20}{8}$	10 5
"1890						
"1891	8	2			8	2
"· · · . 1892.	8				8	
"1893 "1894		9			8	9
"	8				8	10
"1896	4	10			4	10
. 1898	8	10			8	10
"1899 "1900	8 11	10			8	10
"1901	12	10			12	10
"1902	10	10			10	10
"1903	10	9			10	9
"1904 "1905	10 5				10 5	
" 1906					J	
"1907	24				24	
"1908 "	24	9			24	9
" 1909 1910	20 24	9			$\frac{20}{24}$	9
Interior—	-1				2.48	
Report of Minister	5				5	
	13				13	
"	12 10	5 3	1 9		11 8	5
"	10	5	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		8	3 5
"	8	3	2		6	3
"		10	2			10
" 1894 " 1895	10	9 8	2		8 8	9 8
"	10	6	2		8	
" . 1897	2	5	2 2			5

	Title.		On l April 1	and , 1911.	Sal	es.	On h March	
			English	French	English	French	English	French
Interior-Concluded							To produce the control of the contro	
Report of Min	nister,	898	$\frac{10}{9}$	10 9	2 2		8 7	10
4.6		900		10				19 10
46		901						
66)02)03.	1	5 5			1	ð 5
.6		904		9				9
44		9 05	21 18				21 18	• • • • • • • •
.4		907		8			10	···· s
44		908	8 19	10 10			8	10
+6		910	23	10			19 23	10 10
(C		911	25		12		23	
Topographical Surve		907	$\frac{24}{17}$		2 7		22 10	
4.6		909	22		i		21	
F		910	25		2		23	
Justice— Report of Ministe	er 18	887						
46		888	7				7	
**		889	8 8	5			8	ŏ
"		890 891	8	10			8	10
44		892	8				8 8 8	
16		893 894	8 5	9			8 5	9
**		89 5	3	4			3	4
44		896	5	6			5	6
66		894 898	3	8 9			3 8	8 9
• (399		9				9
46		900	6	8			6	8
66		$901 \\ 902$	8 8	6 5			8	6 5
44		903	6	4			6	4
66		904	8 17	. 5			8	5
**		905 906	19	10 10			17 19	10 10
66		907	25	10			25	10
64		908 909	25	10			25	10
		910	25	10	16		29	10 10
Marine— Report of Ministe	16	50=	9					
Report of armist		887 888	3				3	
66	18	889	7	10			3 7	10
•6		890 801	$\frac{6}{7}$	5 5			6 7	5 5
64		892	5				5	9
		893	5 5	5 5			5	5
		894 .	5 5	5 5			5 5	5 5
+6		396.	- 8	5			8	5
**		897	1				1	
44		898 . 899 .	8	5 10			8	5 10
66		900 .		8				8
64	1/	$\frac{901}{902}$	6 7	8			6	0
.6		903	$\frac{7}{7}$	10	2 2 2		6 5	8 10
68	19	904	7	4	2		5	4
**		905 906	7 13	10			5 13	10 10
4.6	19	907	17	10			17	10
**	19	908	12	10			12	10

	T:	tle.		On l April	hand 1, 1911.	Sa	les.	On h March 3	nand 31, 1912
	11	ue.		English	French	English	French	English	Frenc
farine-Conclud	led.								
44				25 20	10 10	2 7		23 13	10 10
"				25		3		22	
isheries—			1000						0
Report of M			1890	18	9 5			18	9 5
46 °				38	10			38	16
66					15				15
61				7 6	$\frac{7}{10}$			7 6	10
6+			1000	8	10			8	10
64				6	9			6	9
			1898 - 1899	7 8	9			8	9
**			1901	9	7			9	7
"			. 1902.	10	9	1		9	g
64			. 1903	6	10 10	1		5	10
44			1904 1905 .	15	2	1		13 11	$\frac{10}{2}$
6.6			1906	3		2			
**				15	1			15	1
6.			. 1908 1909	14	9 8	$\frac{2}{2}$		12	
4.6			. 1910	21	10	13		8	10
			1911.	25		2		23	
Fishery Pro	tection Se	rvice	.1887	10 23	23			10	95
66	44		. 1888 1889	23	23 23			23 23	23 23
Fishery state	cinent		. 1890	6				6	
44			1891	12				12	
Fishery Indi	ustry Ont	tario	1892. 1982.	19 14				19 14	
64	Br	. Columbia	1902	5				5	
Lobster Indi	ustry	stry		22 15 24	23 9	4		22 15 21	23
Harbour Co	mmission	er	1910 1898	25 8	10			25 8	10
44	66		. =000	8	9			8	9
"	44		. 1900	8 8	4			8 1	4
44	66			8				8	
66	44		. 1903.	8 7				8	
66	66		1904 . 1905 .	$\frac{7}{16}$	9			7 16	9 10
**	46		. 1907.	26	9	1		26	9
44	6.8		. 1908	15				15	
	noncation	report		17 10				17	
Steamboat 1	napection	1 port	. 1899	4				10 4	
66			. 1891	2				2	
4.6	66	***	. 1892.	8 7	5			8 .	- 5
+6	6.6		. 1893. 1894	S	5			8	ð
44				8	5			S	5
46	44		1896	10	8			10	8
4.			. 1907. . 1908	23 20	8 10			23 20	8 10
	66		. 1909.	25	10			25	10
4.5	ing		1892.	3				3	
List of Shipp			1S95.	7				7	
List of Shipp			. 1898	2				2	
List of Shipp			. 1898						

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

	Tial.	On I April	nand I, 1911.	Sal	es.	On l March 3	
	Title.	English	French	English	French	English	French
Fisheries—Conclu		0					
List of Shipp	ing	6 2				$\frac{6}{2}$	
46		18				18	
44		11 20		5		11 15	
		25		9		16	
Militia and Defer Report of the							
report of the	1889		5				5
**							
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"		15	10			15	10
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3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

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" " 1889 " " 1889 " " 1891 " " 1892 " " 1894 " " 1895	55 47 19 56 100 8 23 15 13 3	16 23 23 36 40 43 47 18 46 28 20	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		54 46 17 54 98 6 21 14 12 2 8	16 23 36 40 43 47 18 46 28 20
"	19 20 24 6 23 84 28 65 25 46	8 9 44 8 18 2 11 20 15 14 14	2 2 2		17 18 24 4 20 80 25 61 21 42	8 9 44 8 18 2 11 20 15 12 14
" 1507 " 1908 " " 1909 " " (bound) 1909 " " (bound) 1910 " " (bound) 1911 " " (bound) 1911 " " (bound) 1912	33 7 36 14 54 25 95 25 100 25	16 22 22 22 21	6 20 50 19 54		27 2 30 9 48 5 45 6 46 25	16 22 22 22 21 21
Royal Commission, Civil Service	18 34 12 25 200 183	99		2	18 34 12 25 200 183	60 100 99
Public Works— Report of the Minister	6 2	5 8 5 5 5 5 5			6	5 5 8 5 5 5 5
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44	1908		10	3 3		16 16	10 10
46	1910		10	4		18	10
44	1911			4		21	
Georgian Bay	Ship Canal	17				17	
International	Water Ways			1		22	
Ruilmona and Con	"1906	5		1		4	
Railways and Car Report of the			5				5
arcport of the	1889		5			7	5 5
44	1890		10			9	10
**			5			4	5 5
46			5 10			9	10
44	1893		8			5	8
46	1895	1	10			3	10
"	1896		5			9	5 9
46			9			6	
46	1898		6				6
46			10 8	1		$\frac{4}{6}$	10
44			7	1		0	7
46	1902		7	I		6	7
**			10	1		5	10
44	1904		5	1		24	5
66			10	1		24	1.0
			10	1		21	10
64			10			10	10
4+	1909		10				10
46	1910		10	3		- 11	10
64	1911			22		3	
Railway Stati				3		7	
16	1889					10	
**	1891					2	
46	1899					10	
4.6		25		1		24	
6.6			10	1		17	10
44			10 10	I		22 11	10
	1908		10	i		13	10
**						16	
44	1911	. 75		5		10	
Canal Statisti							
**						8	
• •	1893 1893					10	
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44	1900		10		1	23	10
	1903	7	. 10				10
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+4			10			21	10
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Sales of Departmental Reports—Continued.

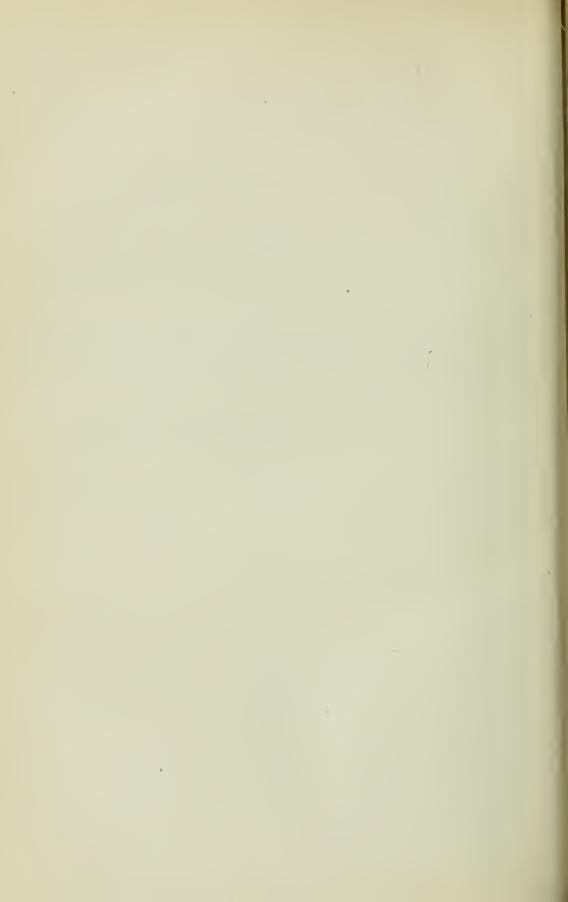
	m.)	On l April 1	nand , 1911.	Sales.		On hand March 31, 1912	
	Title.	English	French	English	French	English	French
Public Works.—Con	tinued.	. 10				95	
Railway Commi	ssion	10 5	10	2		25	10
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Secretary of State-							
Report of the Mi	inister					10	
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"	1892		5			18	5 5 5 5
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66	1897		6			6	6
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"		20	5	1		19	5 5 5
66			5 5	1 0		5 7	5 5
.6	1904	1	10	2		24	10
44		15	10	1		14	10
46		13	8	4		9	8
4	1908-09	. 5	10	2		2	10
"	1910			6 3		13	
Civil Service Ex	aminers		46	120		267	46
66	1908	492	78	134		358	78
"			85 473	$\frac{270}{710}$	62	292 773	85 412
"				116		884	
Civil Service Lis						11	
"			4			12 13	4
66	1892.					9	
6.		9	5			9	5
44		4				4	
66	1897		2 5				2 5
64		8	9			8	0
46		24				24	
66			6			12	6
66		97	250			97	250
66		234		234			
Trade and Commerc	e - 1911	1,000		116		88	
Report of the Mi	nister 1893.	10	5			10	5
66	1894	10	5 5			10	5
6 •		10	5 5 8			10	5 5
61 61			8 5				8 5
"	1898	10	5 9			10	9
66 44	1900	7	4			7	
44		14	4 3 5 6			14	4 3 5
44	1903		6				6
66		8	8			8	8

SALES OF DEPARTMENT REPORTS—Continued.

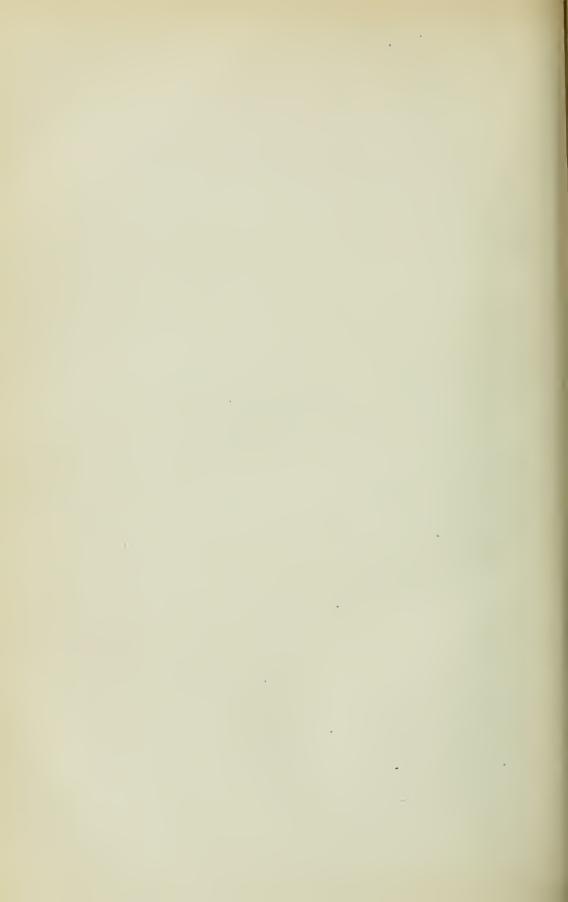
Title.	On hand April 1, 1911,		Sales.		On hand March 31, 1912	
	English	French	English	French	English	French
Trade and Commerce—Concluded. Report to the Minister. 1906. " 1907. " 1908. " 1909. " 1910.	4 4 17	3 3 3 5 10	16		4 4 17	3 3 3 5 10

The expenditure of the Department shows an increase of \$152,511.82 compared with that of 1910-11 (See Statement C.). During the year demands of the office have reached 43,753; 16,091 letters were received and 23,247 were mailed; packages despatched by mail, 21,601; and packages and cases despatched by rail, 1,307.

J. O. PATENAUDE, Superintendent of Stationery.







REPORT

OF THE

MINISTER OF JUSTICE

AS TO

PENITENTIARIES OF CANADA

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31

1912

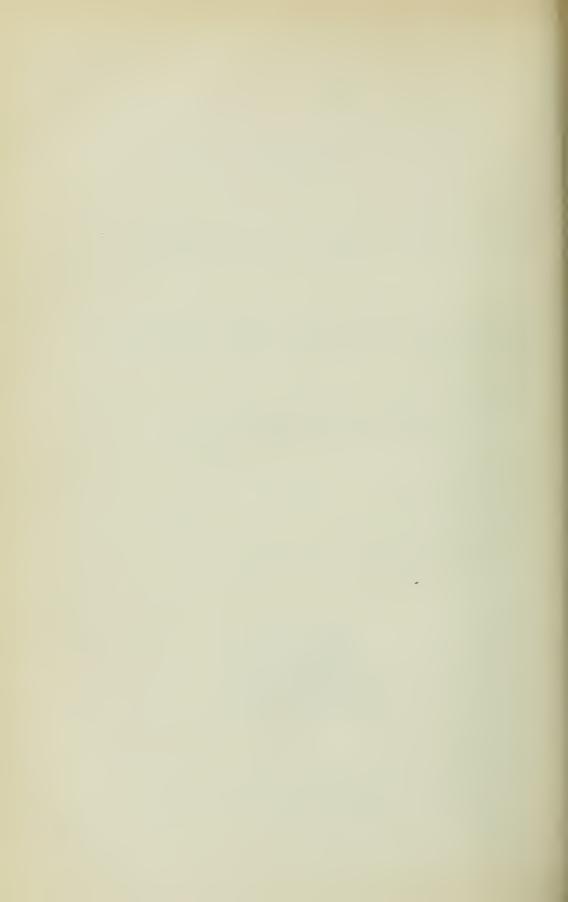
PRINTED BY ORDER OF PARLIAMENT



OTTAWA

PRINTED BY C. H. PARMELEE, PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY

1912



To His Royal Highness, Field Marshol, Prince Arthur William Patrick Albert,

Duke of Connought and Strathcarn, K.G., K.T., K.P., &c., &c., &c.,

Governor General and Commander in Chief of the Dominion of Canada.

SIR.

I have the honour to lay before Your Royal Highness the Annual Report of the Inspectors of Penitentiaries for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1912.

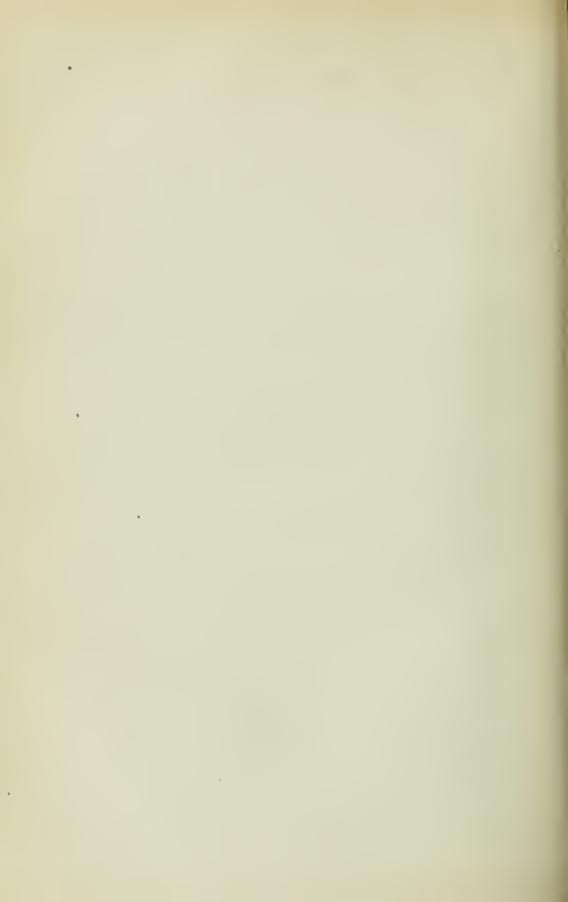
I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your Royal Highness's most obedient servant.

CHAS. J. DOHERTY,

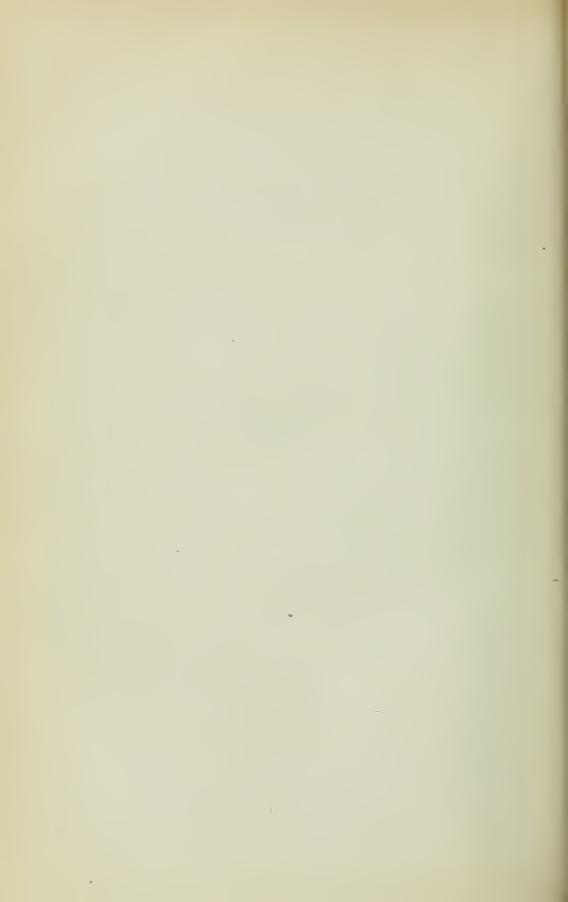
Minister of Justice.

OTTAWA, September 30, 1912.



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ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

INSPECTORS OF PENITENTIARIES

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR 1911-1912

To the Honourable

CHARLES J. DOHERTY, K.C., D.C.L., LL.D.,

Minister of Justice.

Sir,—We have the honour to submit herewith reports and statistics with reference to the penitentiaries of Canada for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1912.

POPULATION.

The average daily population of the penitentiaries for the past five years has been as follows:—

1907-8	1,418
1908–9	1,625
1909–10	
1910–11	
1911–12	1.853

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION.

	King- ston.	St.V. de Paul.	Dor- chester.		B.Col- umbia.		Sask- ateh- ewan.	Total.
In custody, April 1st, 1911	502	476	255	173	260	199		1,865
Received— From jails By transfer Paroles forfeited Paroles cancelled. Recapture.	15 6	176	82	95		95 4	29 36 1	801 55 9 6

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION—Continued.

	King- ston.	St.V. de Paul.	Dor- chester.	Mani- toba.	B.Col- umbia.	Al- berta.	Saskat- chewan.	Total.
Discharged By expiry of sentence " pardon " parole " deportation " death " escape " transfer " returned to provincial authorities	10 7	123 8 65 6 2 1	45 3 62 2 3	26 5 2 1 5	23 2 55 10 1 5 1	13 1 69 6 5 1 36	3	322 17 380 40 20 9 55
In custody, March 31, 1912	494	442	220	183	331	167	58	1,895

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF PAROLES AND PARDONS.

	Paroles.	Pardons.		Paroles.	Pardons.
1899-0. 1900-1. 1901-2. 1902-3. 1903-4. 1904-5. 1905-6.	71 122 157 113 122 126 179	70 36 43 35 31 50 36	1906-7. 1907-8. 1908-9. 1909-10. 1910-11. 1911-12.	157 215 244 286 334 380	29 29 14 17 15 17

NATIONALITY (Place of Birth).

British:		
Canada	959	
England	208	
Ireland	64	
Scotland	52	
Newfoundland	12	
Other British Countries	15	
-		1,310
Foreign:		-,020
United States	225	
Germany	28	
Italy	114	
Norway and Sweden	18	
Austria-Hungary	74	
Duggio	35	
Russia		
France	19	
Turkey	10	
China	18	
Other Foreign Countries	44	***
_		585
		1.805
		1,000

CREEDS.

Roman Catholic 934	
Church of England	
Presbyterian	
Methodist 195	
Baptist 84	
Congregationalist 3	
Lutheran	
Greek Catholic	
Other Christian Denominations. 18	
Hebrew	
Databouni	
No Creed14	1 905
	1,895
PRINCIPAL CENTRES FROM WHICH THE CONVICTS WERE RECEIVE	D.
Montreal	
Vancouver	34
Winnipeg 114 Halifax	33
Toronto	31
Quebec	
Victoria	21
Edmonton	19

FINANCIAL.

EXPENDITURE, 1911-12.

	Gross Expenditure	Revenue.	Net Expenditure
Kingston St. Vincent de Paul Dorchester Manitoba. British Columbia Alberta. Saskatchewan.	134,779 40 71,239 18 60,719 12 100,606 01	\$ cts. \$ 35,493 55 9,649 16 3,305 42 4,195 07 2,944 23 2,034 56 2,044 43 59,666 47	\$ cts. \$118,639 59- 125,130 24 67,933 76- 56,524 05- 97,661 78- 65,271 70- 58,522 55 589,683 67

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET OUTLAY.

	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12
Kingston St. Vincent de Paul Dorchester Manitoba British Columbia Alberta. Saskatchewan	75,152 89 52,921 40 70,598,04 51,397 28	121,205 61 70,764 34 46,138 38 64,894 46 61,196 81	\$ cta. \$118,639 59- 125,130 24 67,933 76- 56,524 05 97,661 78 65,271 70 58,522 55
	\$490,639 02	\$473,630 02	\$589,683 67
Average daily population	1,824	1,834	1,853

COMPARATIVE COST PER CAPITA.

	King-	St.V. de	Dor-	Mani-	British	Al-	Saskat-
	ston.	Paul.	chester.	toba.	Columbia.	berta.	chewan.
	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.
Staff. Maintenance of convicts. Discharge expenses. Working expenses. Industries. Land, buildings and equipment. Miscellaneous.	157 85	154 80	177 54	171 22	144 48	186 65	498 72
	63 77	60 14	59 28	65 27	64 61	64 33	73 20
	6 05	4 34	8 28	9 15	4 79	8 40	15 77
	32 89	38 14	39 54	57 76	36 63	38 97	75 85
	31 41	19 49	16 84	21 17	18 16	21 83	141 38
	22 92	36 83	23 09	20 45	85 35	88 92	321 52
	0 94	1 69	0 71	6 32	1 96	7 40	42 69
Deduct for revenue	315 83	315 43	325 28	351 34	355 98	416 50	1,169 13
	72 89	20 89	14 32	24 11	10 16	12 12	48 67
Cost per capita	242 94	294 54	310 96	327 23	345 82	404 38	1,120 46

COST PER CAPITA FOR PAST THREE YEARS.

	1910.	1911.	1912.
Kingston St. Vincent de Paul. Dorchester Manitoba. British Columbia. Alberta. Saskatchewan	\$ cts. 241 60 225 18 335 92 356 80 345 04 495 74	\$ cts. 241 55 238 61 300 98 323 97 287 84 296 64	\$ cts. \$ 242 94 294 54 310 96 327 23 345 82 404 38 1,120 46

ACTUAL COST.

Supplies on hand April 1, 1911		
	\$830,683 0	0
Deduct—		
Supplies on hand March 31, 1912 \$189,941		
Estimated labour employed on production of capital and revenue 75,000		
	\$264,941 0	0
Net cost	\$565,742 0	0
Cost per caput	305 3	1
Cost per caput per diem	0 8	4

COMPARATIVE SUMMARY.

·	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.
Gross expenditure. Net expenditure. Actual cost. Cost per caput Cost per caput per diem. Average daily population.	481,222 00 263 83 0 72	R	

Respectfully submitted,

DOUGLAS STEWART, G. W. DAWSON,

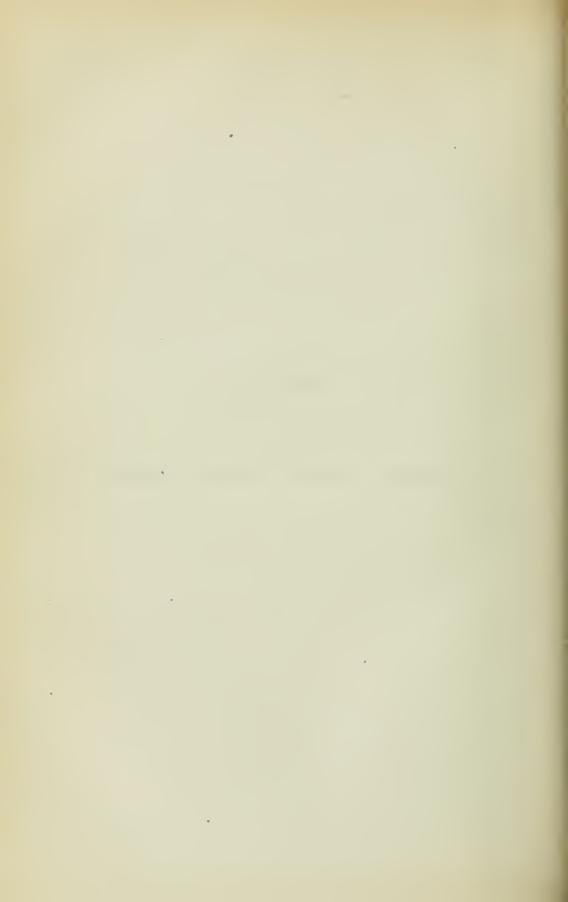
Inspectors.

OTTAWA, August 8, 1912.



APPENDIX A

DOMINION PAROLE OFFICER'S REPORT



To the Honourable

CHARLES J. DOHERTY, K.C., D.C.L., LL.D., Minister of Justice.

Ottawa, Ont.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit to you the annual report on the parole system for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1912.

ITINERARY.

During the year I visited six penitentiaries, interviewing 881 prisoners. I also visited five reformatories in the provinces and interviewed 86 lads in custody. Also, I visited 22 jails in the provinces and had 67 interviews with prisoners. The total number of interviews for the year is 1,034. During the year I visited 422 prisoners on parole, and I am pleased to be able to report that I found them doing exceptionally well and busily employed in industrial work. Very few of the men have had occasion to be idle during the year, in fact we have found an abundance of employment for the men released on parole. Prisoners released from the penitentiaries generally have employment pre-arranged for them before release and a very small percentage indeed are they who fail to take up with the avocations provided for them by their friends. In a few cases I have found it necessary to re-arrange the employment and environment to assist and make it more helpful to the prisoner in his effort to regain his social status. During the year very few have been reported sick and unable to earn their way and in every case of disability reported, they have been relieved from the funds for the helping of paroled prisoners.

PAROLE FIGURES.

I beg to call your attention to the large number of men having completed their paroles during the past year. At the beginning of the past fiscal year 1,387 were reporting on license—848 prisoners were released on parole during the year. At the close of the past year only 562 were reporting on license. Altogether 3,780 sentences have been completed on parole since the inception of the Act. The total number of paroles granted during thirteen years operation is:—Penitentiaries, 2,521; jails, reformatories and provincial prisons, 2,058—making a grand total of 4,579 paroles issued. From a careful analysis of these figures it is gratifying, when so many have completed their sentences and are now enjoying good citizenship, that of the entire number paroled, only 237 can be regarded as delinquents, making the percentage of failures 5.17% on the whole system. The percentage of those who have been returned by subsequent conviction during the thirteen years is only 2.18%. The percentage of those whose licenses have been cancelled for non-compliance with conditions of license is only 3%; revealing beyond the shadow of a doubt that there is a responsive cord, found among men who have been lost to society and the state, by their anti-social act, which vibrates and responds to sympathy when mercy is extended from the gracious hand of the Crown.

FISCAL YEAR'S FIGURES.

Of the 848 released on parole during the past year, 463 were extended to prisoners in the reformatories, provincial prisons and jails of the Dominion; 385 to prisoners in the seven penitentiaries. From this number there have

been 15 licenses cancelled for non-compliance with conditions, or 1.8%. 21 licenses were revoked for subsequent convictions, or 2.5%, making the total percentage for delinquents or failures for the fiscal year, 4.3%.

I also beg to submit to your consideration the report of Colonel Sherwood, Commissioner of Dominion Police, embracing the figures of the entire parole system from the inception of the Act in 1899-1900 to the fiscal year ending

March	31,	1912,	giving	the	exact	situation	•
Domolos		41	£	:4			

Paroles granted from penitentiaries	. 2,521 . 2,058 ——4.579
Licenses cancelled Licenses forfeited Sentences completed Sentences not completed	100 .3,780

At the close of each month Colonel Sherwood, sends to me a list of all delinquents, i.e., those who have failed to report to the constituted authorities, or those who have been returned to prison by subsequent conviction, or by having their licenses cancelled for non-compliance with conditions of license, steps are immediately taken on receipt of each report to locate any prisoners who have failed to report and if satisfactory answers are not forthcoming the licenses are revoked. I am pleased to be able to say that the percentage of delinquency in reporting is very small. The men invariably report to the authorities as specified in their license, and the chiefs of police, sheriffs, magistrates, or those who are authorized to receive reports, have been very punctual in notifying the office of the Dominion Police, who have the responsibility and supervision of the reporting of prisoners at large. Sometimes I have known prisoners to report for a number of months and then lapse in their visits to the authorities. It is not generally due to a falling into temptation but it can rather be attributed to a weakness of human nature in growing weary in well doing.

I am pleased to be able to report that the system is working satisfactorily

to all who are in a position to judge of its utility and operation.

PENITENTIARIES.

Number of prisoners released on parole for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1912:

	Men.	Women.	
Kingston	77	4	
St. Vincent de Paul	64		
Dorchester	60	2	
Manitoba	46		
British Columbia	54		
Alberta	65	3	
Saskatchewan	2		
-	368	9	
Penitentiaries total			377
Central prison			150
Industrial schools and reformatories			51
Common, city and provincial jails			262
Grand total			840

Note.—The divergency of eight in our figures from those of the Dominion Police is due to the fact that the Dominion Police record the date at which the license is granted from the Secretary of State Department, while we record the parole as issued from the date of discharge from the institution.

GENERAL COMMENT.

The parole, as a vital test of a restored capacity for a permanent citizenship is of supreme value to a community, when fairly inaugurated and fully tried out. If found to be a failure in any individual application, the whole system should not be condemned. Any movement in the known world embracing reform principles without its faults and failures is yet to be introduced, yet there are some who condemn an entire system because of a local failure or a fault, which assumed attitude is entirely wrong. It is always the one who has broken a parole and gone astray who attracts attention. The only true test of a system is to be taken from the total results, and when figures reveal and demonstrate that 95% at least, receive great benefits from the operation of the parole law, it is absolutely an injustice to take from the 3% who have partially failed to report and have consequently been returned to prison on the basis of a failure to comply with conditions of license, or the 2% who have totally failed, having committed offences and having been convicted and returned to custody for criminal offences,

as a criterion of the parole system.

In re-entering society, the paroled prisoner should not be placed in a false position, supported by concealment or deception, where a discovery of misrepresentation would add to any prejudices already existing in a community against a convict. I have always felt it best in recommending men to a position to have the head of the firm, understand fully that the individual has been in trouble, also the cause of his weakness, and the possibility of his amendment, and it is only fair, to the employer as well as to the man, that an understanding should be arrived at before the individual is placed in a situation. Should a paroled prisoner be placed in a situation without any knowledge whatever given to the employer and he should afterwards find that the man had been under a conviction for a crime and had served a portion of his sentence, the very fact in itself is enough to make the employer suspicious and to resent deceptions of this character. It is infinitely better for the prisoner to make a clean breast of his past if he desires to redeem himself, and there are thousands of men in business to-day who would put themselves out to assist a man in his reformation, if they are satisfied that he is in earnest and sincere in his endeavour to rehabilitate himself. This is where some have failed in the past, being anxious to hide their past life, they have sought out positions in disguise, only to reap in sorrow that which they did for the best.

It is of little advantage to restrain criminals by punishment unless you

inculcate within them the principles of discipline and self-control.

The person declared to be a criminal has come under social condemnation. He is more than an unfortunate, he is an offender. He is also more than a diseased social unit. To call criminalism 'moral insanity' is neither good morals nor sound science. A cult of scientists full of mystical phrases, are exceedingly dangerous to the well-being of society when they begin to confound moral will with disease, and regard crime as a malady, and that crime alone has an absolute bearing on the physical nature of man. Wherever we find criminal law and organized society, we find the assumption of moral reliability. Crime springs from an evil passion and carries with it its moral desolations. It is more than a disease. We do not condemn a sick man—we sympathize. It is more than an abnormal physical function. We do not punish the colour-blind or paralytic. The very judgments everywhere within the pale of our civiliza-

tion passed upon the criminal involve primarily and pre-eminently the exercise of conscience. The criminal represents an unconformity to social law and moral ethics, revealing not only weakness but waywardness, which calls for moral

restraint and government.

Whatever theory of punishment may be the truest, the underlying principle is one of conscience. We understand that crime is an act which the government stamps with condemnation. It is more than a vice—it may be less than a sin. Criminal law whether as a statute or a custom represents the re-action of the social conscience against whatever is felt to be injurious to the public good. Whenever a person does what reveals him to be anti-social, harmful or dangerous, he is declared to be a criminal, and, consequently, subjected to some form of punishment. In this declaration speaks what may be called corporate conscience of humanity.

It is the moral sentiment of mankind which demands certain acts as criminal. It may be an imperfect judgment, but it is a judgment pronounced by conscience. It may be a false and cruel judgment, as when witchcraft was punished by the death of the cuplrit, but, notwithstanding this, it had embodied in it a declaration of moral theories. Public theories respecting what constitutes a crime

fluctuate with the growth and decay of our moral standards.

A release on parole may be defined as a conditional release extended to a convicted prisoner for the purpose of aiding in the completion of his reformation and his final restoration to citizenship, generally extended in the community he

offended.

The parole system is a graduated movement in which, from the first step forward, the criminal must be trained to have a thorough appreciation of, and be fitted for, the use of his freedom; also he should be made to comprehend the right society has to expect from him in his newly acquired relation to the community, and of the full concurrence and co-operation of the released criminal in his effort to better his condition, should from the inception of a parole, be imperatively required.

As there is no romance about the ugly monster crime, there should be no romance indulged in as regards a parole for the criminal. The culprit has been an actual personal exemplification of a capacity for a criminal offence, so his release should be conditional on a practical manifestation of his determination

to change the tenor of his life.

In the very inception of the subject of a parole, we are supposed to find the basis of operation on the presumption that the prime object of all punishment, or rather enforced confinement, constituting the deprivation of liberty (the modern bulk of imprisonment as it now consists), is the protection of society against the law-breaker, and any system for the reconstruction and the rehabilitation of the convict to encircle the situation must be in a position to stand scrutinizing from every view-point.

Society cannot realize why a man, undeniably a law-breaker, who has perhaps been a recidivist criminal, should be placed on a par with the good citizen who has never violated the law—and concludes that when we grow zealous to secure the right of the convict through his conduct and industry to redeem himself, that we should be certain to fully guarantee the rights of the community

from which he has outlawed himself by his anti-social act.

In considering the subject, and giving all weight to the advanced and charitable humanitarianism of the age, in its worthy efforts for the reformation of the criminal, the parole system should strenuously resist the influence of any mawkish sentimentality, which, neglecting to encourage honesty and virtue, would have us indulge in a sentimental sympathy for the perverted and immoral person, the violater of law and order in our communities.

The criminal act carries with it more than immorality, nevertheless it is its immorality which involves punishment. Punishment to be punishment at

all and serve its purpose, must penetrate to the springs of moral life. If preventative the punishment is inflicted with an eye to the greater moral strength and ideals. The very word reform does not have a reference, primarily, to economic habits, but to moral capacities. The benefit which flows to the convict from industrial training arises largely from what is carried over into the moral realm of his life and adds to his true manhood. If retributive, then punishment indicates the majesty of the moral as well as the criminal law. If administered in vengeance or vindictiveness it destroys every design for the moral

uplift of the prisoner from the human and divine view-point of life.

Probably all these elements must be included in the widest and truest system of punishment, but the dominant note will grow more and more humanitarian in the future than it has been in the past. The higher we rise in our national civilization, the more the emphasis will rest on the helpfulness and reform of our penalogical systems, rather than in retribution, but surely the suffering that acts as a deterrent and vindicates the law must also educate, and educate for the best of the prisoner or everything is lost. We are not satisfied if the prisoner comes out simply better educated to earn a living, but he must come out qualified to live a better life. Punishment to have a salutary effect on the prisoner must be felt to be something more than a forced seclusion from the busy world for the benefit of others. To deter from wrong-doing even those who witness it, punishment must mean something more than a suffering inflicted in a spirit of vengeance. A writer has aptly said: 'True reformation comes only with the acceptance of punishment as the fruit of the act.' Only as prisoners may be made to feel that what they suffer has a moral significance can we have any hope for their reformation and rehabilitation as social units, and only as on-lookers see this aspect of the question can we feel sure that crime has been prevented in a community, and that society has been protected. A man must be tutored by suffering to see himself in his true light in order that he may become his bestself. The law is fully vindicated only when the convict is reformed. The vicious are deterred from criminality by the punishment of an associate only as far as they are morally strengthened by it. The protection of society is fully realized where the convict comes forth from the prison with the thing he lacked—moral fibre and moral force, to enable him to resist temptation. And vet there are scientific men who hold that criminalism has no moral bearing in the national life. In penalogical discussions I have heard thoughtful men allude to the Mosaic law, not only as if it were all antiquated, but as if every body knew it were so. But is the law of Moses no longer in good standing?

Moses taught that if a man puts out a neighbour's eye, neither riches nor social status should enable him to go scot-free from punishment. Much of the Mosaic law is embodied in our laws to-day. If Moses taught that the value of an eye cannot be expressed in money or by imprisonment, is it not a true principle still? When the rich man to-day who has influence and friends goes free of punishment although he has practically put his neighbour's eye out, (in fact put him down and out of the running of life,) is it a better type of law? I often wonder if the modern judge or magistrate has any right in equity to say 60 days, or 30 days, or \$50, for the value of an eye or a nose, and I doubt greatly, in coming in contact with divergency of sentences, if the modern judge has as clear a conception of equity as the old time Moses. If Moses taught that the rich bully shall not compound his felony with money (a universal principle now in vogue), why has he been relegated by modern penologists as a 'has been'?

Some teachers of modern thought have so spiritualized matters that they have banished all uncleanliness once attributed to materialized man, reducing the soul to a mere function of the brain, producing a moral code which leaves nothing really moral in human conduct. The venerable, awful words: 'Duty,' 'Justice,' 'Righteousness,' although they may be included in the new vocabulary, are so stripped of their old meaning and so degraded from their

original theories that the sanctities they represented are juggled about as cheap conveniences in the new system of criminology. Instead of feeling the stateliness and steadiness of the operation of the law, translating the organisms upward. our moral life has been brought down to the level of animal processes. Following the same thought there has grown up a movement which evaporates from the word crime in all its vital meaning, and reduces the offender to the station of an irresponsible patient whose conduct is simply the outcome of a twisted brain fibre. The criminal is merely an 'abnormal man' in their estimation. How clear this term makes everything? Who is criminal because he has a pointed head, round eyes, scant beard and protruding ears? From the outside view-point this theory of crime accounts for much there is found in moral life of to-day, without any reference as to what makes up the real man, it contents itself with measuring certain nervous re-actions of our bodies, calling them 'time rates of thought,' when, in truth, they are not thoughts at all but mere modes of motion. These measurements claim that conscience is purely an animal function rather than a moral sentiment. this new theory in criminalism relieves the criminal of moral responsibility and merely labels him as a 'defective organization.' In the words of a modern writer 'the criminal is an anthropological monster,' and presents the traits of racial regression. This statement is rather severe on all our ancestors at least, but let it be granted, even as a racial regression the criminal does not cease to be a moral problem.

The Canadian governments are spending some money for the industrial education and the moral training of prisoners in the penitentiaries and reformative institutions, and when they cut their wisdom teeth they will spend much more. The industrial and moral education of the prisoner is destined to become one of the greatest factors in prison administration, in aiding in the reformation of the inmates. In considering questions involved in prison management in these times, the fact should not be lost sight of, that in the so-called prisons visited by the great Howard and other reformers a century ago, the occupants were prisoners, not convicted of a crime and incarcerated because of a conviction and sentence, but they were generally people charged with crime and held for trial, or debtors. The usual result of a conviction for crime in those days, death was the penalty. We can understand this fact when accompanied by the knowledge that over two hundred known criminal offences were punishable by death, and the authorities were not slow in the discharge of their gruesome duties, and so numerous were the offences punishable by death that there was little occasion for prisons as we understand them now. The transition from the jail of a hundred years ago to the penal colony, and then to the established penitentiary of to-day need not be dwelt upon. It is enough to say that the present day conditions of the inmates of our prisons (except in a few of the city or county jails) is one of luxury and happiness compared with the inmates of the prisons one or two hundred years ago. In saying this it does not follow that all has been done for the benefit of the convict that is possible or best for himself, or for society at large. His treatment is still a matter of grave concern and deep interest and importance. We have, on one hand, to consider the best interest and welfare of society in the treatment of the convict and the best interests and welfare of the convict himself. Many, if not all, of the acts we brand as criminal are such crime because of the necessity of the preservation of society, that is, man in civilization is contra-distinguished from man in a state of nature; and society's sole right to imprison one of its members is derived from the right of self-preservation to society itself. During the time of incarceration of the convict, it is both wise and beneficial that such treatment be adopted or such a course of discipline and management inaugurated as will result in making him, if at all possible, a better member of society when his term of imprisonment is come to an end. There is occasion for grave doubt, to

say the least about it, that society has a right to imprison or hold in imprisonment any of its members merely for the sake of reforming him; particularly in the British Empire where the fundamental principles of free and responsible government is founded on the fact that all subjects are born with certain unalienable rights, namely: 'Life,' 'Liberty,' and the 'Pursuit of Happiness,' but there can be no question but what such measures for the reformation of character may be taken, either by experience, or upon reason, as may be deemed best calculated for that purpose, during the period of imprisonment adjudged by the laws of the land to be justified by the crime committed. A scheme of imprisonment or of prison management when the duration of the incarceration is dependent on the reformation of the convict is unworkable, because of the practical impossibility of judging from the prison view-point when the cure has been effected or the reformation taken place. That good conduct should be adequately rewarded goes without saying, but, that the condition of being reformed should be a pre-requisite to the ending of the imprisonment, is open to many objections. Especially is this difficulty found in countries where the indeterminate sentence system has been inaugurated. But the least of these objections grows out of the fact that there is no definite test of reformation that can be relied upon as a sound basis of operation during the period or under the conditions of incarceration. It is not a question whether a man has resolved to do right while under restraint but whether, under conditions of freedom and the temptations of the open world, he can resume his place and live a proper A premium on hypocrisy ought not to be a part of any treatment of the convict, yet, if the modern sentimentalist, would banish all punishment from the criminal code and work purely on reformative methods, gain the right of way or hold the ascendant voice, then look out for an unlimited crop of criminals for the future generations to care for. Inability or unwillingness to restrain self and the great desire to make a living by any other means than work, or the lack of systematical training in youth to apply one's energies to individual work and responsibilities, are probably the strongest factors in compelling crime Probably the largest portion of chronic criminals is produced by a lack of home-training and discipline in some form or other in the early life. unwillingness to be controlled exists, to a greater or less extent, in every one. Self-control is usually the result of a series of acts of obedience to authority and is a habit resulting from a training to obey. Without attempting to go into a careful analysis, my intention is to emphasize the need of adhering strongly to the principle of disciplinary training in our penal institutions. That is, to wit: if we hope to have influence over the men for their ultimate good and restoration to society on their release; and the institution failing in this respect will miserably fail to produce ultimate results in the transformation and redemption of vital character. I would also emphasize the fact that the prison is the proper place to supply the lack of obedience and self-control which the home-life had so seriously and thoughtlessly neglected, and which is always found wanting in the life of every criminal. A course of discipline involving compulsory teaching to obey, to control self, and to work, if not the largest element in the foundation of character, has a most important place in the re-construction of men, and these characteristics are absolutely necessary as a fundamental basis in a good citizenship.

It must not be inferred from the prominence I have given in this year's report to the subject of discipline, that a wise moral and religious training is not essential in the re-construction of criminal life, but I believe there can be but little hope for moral and religious improvement of the man if the other essentials are neglected, and that, if the disciplinary and industrial principles are not inculcated into the life by the institutional treatment, it makes the reformation almost an impossibility, and result in the loss of religious and moral efforts for their

good.

Idleness is one of the best promoters of crime. Take the very best man your community can produce and place him in enforced idleness, surrounded by prison walls for a year or two, and I would not give very much for his morality when he is discharged. Do we not sometimes expect too much from the man who has fallen from the estate of his manhood and has had the misfortune to commit a petty crime, in placing him for a year or two in some prison where no employment exists and where enforced idleness is the general rule? If idleness has a demoralizing effect on a man of good habits, how much more so is it to those who are viciously inclined?

While the prison discipline should be strict, yet it should be just and humane. A prison should not be a pleasure resort, rather the convict should be made to dread the prison, not for its brutality or cruelty, but for the hard work and strong discipline administered; particularly when the prison treatment has failed to accomplish its object and the convict returns for a second or third term of incarceration. Life in any prison, spent in comparative idleness or ease, is of no direct benefit to the criminal, because it is plain that such a life incapacitates him for maintaining himself when released, and society, when such treatment exists, can expect nothing but a repetition of the crime and imprisonment from those thus dealt with. It is not of so much importance as to the nature of the work, but that the very principle of industry should be transfused into the life and character of the convict while in custody. One of the results of hard work, which is of great importance, aside from the argument above mentioned, is the natural result of restraint and the repression, through the channel of industry, of evil passions, as well as the great benefits to health

and happiness accruing from industrial systems.

A clearer view of the moral aspects of crime will lead to greater success in efforts for the reformation of the criminal in the future than in the days when a prison was simply a place of detention, and punishment managed on the old system or theory that the criminal was simply an abnormal animal. convict can be reformed only upon the principle that he is a spiritual as well as a physical being. We now have proper ventilation, hygienic food, sufficient exercise, strong and humane discipline, and general good management, all of which go to make the penitentiaries pleasant places for one to visit, but if this were all contained in our treatment of the prisoner very few prisoners would leave such an institution reformed men. To make the institutions what they are by intention, needs the close association of noble lives who can impart moral fibre and force to delinquent humanity, whose influence will re-create the personality of the prisoner. When the convict is brought into contact with prison officials who represent the highest type of manhood, then, and not till then, can we expect to master the greater problems of prison reform. To impart this higher type of living, most needed to the life of the convict, is for the officials to possess it in an overflowing abundance. The supreme importance of the truth, reflecting the moral aspect of crime, lies in the emphasis which is placed on the absolute necessity of the higher type of manhood through all grades of the service of our penal and correctional institutions. Public sentiment needs education in this direction.

To those who are conversant with and have studied the older systems of punishment, especially where vengeance and repression were the dominant factors, will find in comparison with modern movements an extreme divergence of opinion. We have some ardent advocates to-day, who would entirely eliminate any mode of punishment whatever in the treatment of the delinquent class. They would banish all our penitentiaries and jail and reformatories, and adopt systems which have never been tried out. While the old and tried out systems of punishment, where vengeance and repression have so signally failed to restrain the convict, are to be avoided, yet to veer to an extreme opinion on the other side would be, in result, just as disastrous as the former, probably more so.

The supreme test of all efforts will be found in the final analysis of the results. All systems will have to be tried out and carefully analysed before a clear basis of operation can be established in reform work. During the past decade or two it has been demonstrated without a shadow of doubt that industrial methods, strong and healthy discipline, accompanied by a parole, produce good habits and create moral fibre, and very excellent results have accrued in the after-life of thousands who have found their footing through the systems of our penitentiaries, and are now occupying good positions in the social life of the Dominion. It is also very gratifying to note that the recidivist class of criminal is receding in the penitentiaries and that the number of repeaters are not increasing, but gradually becoming less. This is not so much the result of a former treatment of the criminal but more the result of an auxiliary treatment by the various prison aid societies, and the Salvation Army, who not only interest themselves in the prisoner, but meet him and look after his temporal needs by obtaining employment and finding a suitable environment for him which enables him to redeem himself.

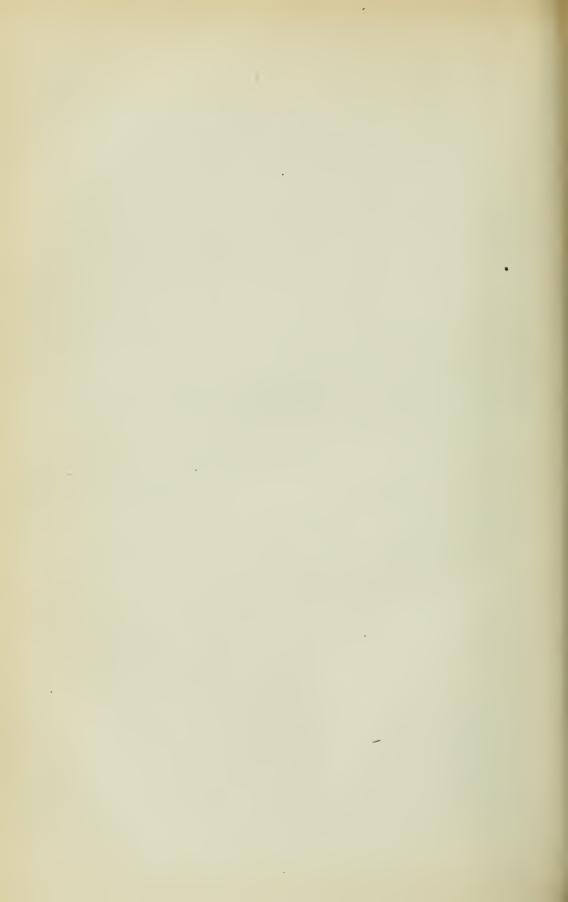
I would not close this year's report without paying a warm tribute to the self-sacrificing persons engaged in prison-reform work, representing various prison aid associations and the secretaries of the Young Men's Christian Associations, for their persistent and untiring efforts to influence men who are fallen to live better lives, and I have found a most hearty co-operation in the parole system, not only from the various organized societies, but from the public at large, and I find there are many of our business men who are interested enough in prison reform to give the prisoner employment at the crisis of his life when a little practical kindness and sympathy go a long distance in the re-habilitation

of our fallen fellow citizens.

Respectfully submitted,

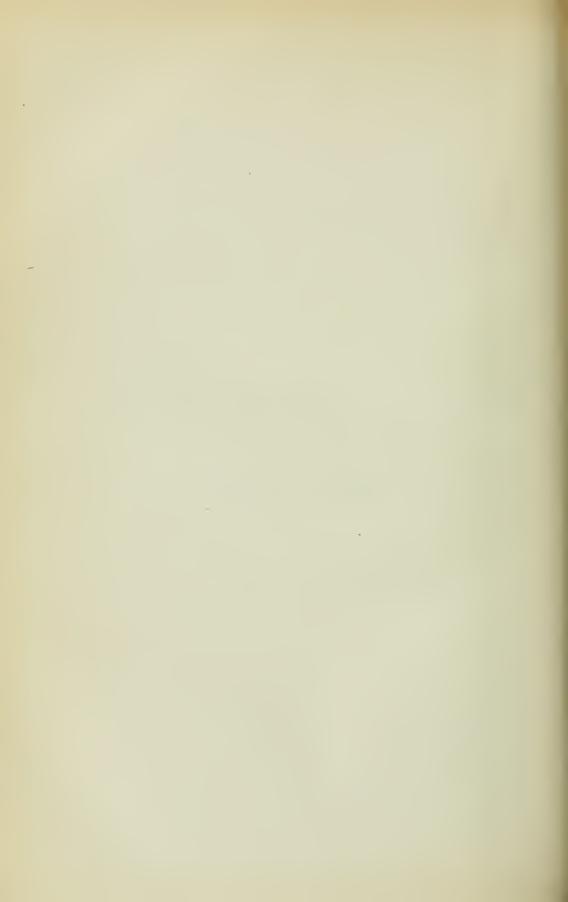
W. P. ARCHIBALD,

Dominion Parole Officer.



APPENDIX B

WARDENS' REPORTS



KINGSTON.

KINGSTON, April 26, 1912.

Inspectors of Penitentiaries, Ottawa.

DEAR SIRS,—Re Annual Report, I enclose statistical tables for the year ended March 31, 1912.

Yours truly,

J. M. PLATT,

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

St. Vincent de Paul, April 25, 1912.

The Inspectors of Penitentiaries,

Ottawa.

DEAR SIRS,—Enclosed please find the annual reports and statistics for the fiscal year ended the 31st March last. I hope that you will find them all correct and satisfactory.

I beg to call your attention to the fact that on account of the unexpected death of the Chaplain, the Reverend L. O. Harel, we have no report from him.

On account of my recent appointment to the wardenship of this institution, I am unable to make any report on the past fiscal year.

Yours respectfully, '

G. S. MALEPART,

DORCHESTER.

Dorchester, N.B., April 30, 1912.

Inspectors of Penitentiaries,

Ottawa.

Sirs,—I have the honour to submit my annual report, together with crime statistics and other reports in connection with this penitentiary, for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1912.

During the year there has been a decrease in the prison population. On March 31, 1912, the total population was 220 as against a total of 255 on March

31, 1911.

The work on the new boundary wall was carried on during the summer and fall, and about 900 feet is now completed, along with two thirds of the foundation. Included in the 900 feet is the new gateway and two watch towers. It is intended to proceed with this work the coming season. During the winter a large quantity of stone and gravel has been prepared for this purpose.

Under Instructor McPherson, the farming operations have been carried forward energetically with many indications of improvement, and with the infusion of new blood in the farm stock, I can see a brighter future for the farm

at this penitentiary.

On April 1, 1911, Mr. John Hebert was promoted to the position of storekeeper and warden's clerk, and is performing the duties of those positions in a satisfactory manner.

I regret that on account of failing health, Mr. N. A. Burden was compelled to resign, after serving for nineteen years as guard at this penitentiary, the duties of which position he performed to the entire satisfaction of his superiors.

The discipline has been good, and the officers have been faithful in the dis-

charge of their duties.

In conclusion, I desire to express my sincere thanks to yourselves for the courtesy and assistance extended to me, and also thanks to the general staff for the respect and devotedness accorded me in the discharge of my duties.

Respectfully submitted,

A. B. PIPES,

STONY MOUNTAIN.

STONY MOUNTAIN, April 25, 1912.

The Inspectors of Penitentiaries,

Ottawa.

Sirs,—I have the honour to submit my annual report, together with crime statistics and other reports in connection with this penitentiary, for the year ended March 31, 1912.

Remaining at a Received since	midnight, March 31, 1912* from common jails (one female)	173 95	
"	expiration of sentence parole deportation	27 46 4	268
46 46 46	death suicide transfer to Provincial authorities " Alberta penitentiary (female) transfer to Kingston penitentiary	1. 1 1 1 4	
			85
Remaining at	midnight, March 31, 1912		†183

The daily average for the year was 171 against 163 for the previous year. A large amount of building work was accomplished during the year.

Up till the time cold weather set in, 528 feet had been added to the wall, the east wall (328 feet) being completed and made ready for coping—the southeast bastion and guard stand were also completed and 200 feet of the south wall erected. It is reasonable to expect that the boundary wall will be brought to completion this season, when it will be advisable to proceed immediately towards the erection of new farm buildings, as it is impossible to increase our crop acreage and other farming operations, until this is done.

I would again beg to recommend, as on former occasions, that the remuneration to guards in our penitentiaries be increased; and that a scale of increase in pay be adopted, which in itself, would be the reward for length of service and faithfulness to duty. The daily routine of the guard's life is not only tedious but he must ever be on the alert and close to his post of duty. At best he has only brief intervals for rest and diversion, and this even on the day most sacred

to rest.

The question has been raised by one of our wardens that 'it is difficult to find men qualified and otherwise suitable, willing to take a position on the staff at the present rates of remuneration, and the temptation to increase their remuneration by illegitimate means has proved too much for several of the officers during the year.' I feel most decided, in my opinion, that any guards found

^{*}Including one at Setkirk Asylum. †Including five at Selkirk Asylum.

stooping to practices intended to increase their remuneration illegitimately, deserve no such leniency as mere discharge from duty, but should be summarily

tried and when guilty punished severely, by a term of imprisonment.

As mentioned in my report of 1901, I would again strongly recommend that the carbine Winchester rifles supplied to guards for duty on the wall, be replaced by magazine weapons shooting buckshot. The modern 'riot gun' is, in my opinion, the very best weapon to prevent the escape of convicts and does not carry with it the same element of danger to the surrounding neighbourhood.

I have often recommended that a building be erected close to the penitentiary, to be used as a gymnasium and recreation and reading room for the guards. A convict inured to hard labour daily, has an advantage over a guard, in the case of a scuffle, should the guard not be in the best physical and muscular trim. A gymnasium would not only provide the best means for exercise in off hours, but would give a manly form of recreation, and with a good reading and recreation room properly conducted would naturally redound to the discipline, and esprit de corps of the entire penitentiary staff.

I cannot overlook mention of the readiness shown by the Winnipeg chief

of police. Mr. McPherson, and his deputy, Mr. Newton on all occasions in assisting us in the handling or guarding of convicts in transit, in fact in every

way they can.

The officers of the Salvation Army are worthy of the highest praise in the splendid work they are ever ready to perform in offering their good services towards the reformation and uplifting of all classes of convicts.

Respectfully submitted,

A. G. IRVINE,

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., April 30, 1912...

Sirs,—I have the honour to submit my report for the year ended March 31,

1912, together with statistical and other statements.

I have again to report a large increase in prison population. At the close of last year there were 258 prisoners within the walls of the penitentiary; the end of this year found us with 329—an increase of 71, which is the actual net increase for the year, the number of insane convicts in the provincial asylum being the same. The number received during the year was 181; as against 145 during the previous year. Of these, 77 were received during the four months, November to February, inclusive.

Five convicts escaped during the year. Two of these got away from the provincial asylum to which they had been transferred, and three from the penitentiary. Of the latter, one escape was due to carelessness and the officer responsible was dismissed. The other two who escaped risked their lives. A defective cartridge gave them time to get partial cover and they consequently

escaped the bullets sent after them. One of them was retaken.

The increase in prison population has made it necessary to provide further cell accommodation in advance of the completion of the east wing. Accordingly we began in July last to prepare the site for a building 145 x 45 feet and 25 feet from floor to plates, to be used eventually as an industrial building, but in the meantime to hold 192 temporary cells. The close of the year found this building almost ready for occupation, and it will be occupied before this report reaches

you.

It being necessary to push the construction of this building, work on the yard wall was suspended for about six months, and the close of the year found it three or four days short of completion. Before work was suspended, however, the wall was completed except that a part was 12 feet high only, so that we were able to remove some 1,400 feet of the old 12-foot wooden fence, and to make some progress in the work of remodelling the road approaches and laying out the grounds. A large quantity of the old fence material has been used in the construction of the new building and temporary cells and in building a temporary kitchen for the convicts therein confined. In remodelling the road approaches and grading the brickyard, some 4,000 cubic yards of earth have been removed, the greater part being wheeled for a considerable distance and used to widen the road along the bank of the glen.

The whole upper floor of the administration building has been thrown into one room, which is now the chapel, the old chapel being much too small for the

congregation.

Discipline has been fairly well maintained. The number of convicts punished was 40.65 per cent of the total number in confinement, against 32.20 per cent last year, but a large number of the offences entailing punishment were in connection with 'trafficing.' This was not due to an increase in the practice, but to the fact that, since the number of keepers was increased and a chief keeper appointed, it has been possible to do more to detect and suppress trafficing. Tobacco, sometimes in considerable quantity, has been found and confiscated and several officers have been discharged.

The old standing difficulty of obtaining competent and trustworthy officers continues to keep the staff below the desirable standard of efficiency; but, on the whole, I think I am fortunate in having so many on the staff who are faithful in the performance of their several duties and loval to the service.

The substitution of electric power for steam, noted in my last annual report,

came just in time and has proved most useful.

The improvement in the pipe connection between the reservoir on the grounds and the laundry and bath-room has resulted in an appreciable saving, our payments for city water being \$322.76 less than last year, notwithstanding the considerable increase in prison population.

I am pleased to be able to repeat and emphasize what I have said in former reports of the readiness of the Chaplains to assist discharged and paroled prisoners in obtaining employment, and of the good work done by the Salvation

Army representatives in the same direction.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN C. BROWN

Warden.

The Inspectors of Penitentiaries,

Department of Justice,
Ottawa.

ALBERTA.

Edmonton, Alta., May 20, 1912.

Sirs,—I have the honour to submit my annual report embracing detailed reports from the various departments of the Alberta penitentiary for the twelve months ended March 31, 1912.

I am pleased to report a very satisfactory year in building operations, the east wing cell block is about complete, and we will be using it this winter, it will be much safer and better in every way than the temporary cell house. It is a fine piece of work and will be a credit to the Department. The warden's house

is well under way.

Our brickyard has been very successful and has turned out about one million brick, supplying all our needs and leaving about four hundred thousand on hand. We have built a permanent kiln that will hold two hundred and fifty thousand. If this proves a success I will ask leave to build three more kilns. We use clay for mortar, and our own brick, so the cost is very light, and in the end

there will be a great saving in lumber.

Our farm has been very successful and we have a good supply of potatoes and other vegetables, enough for use until the new ones come in and some to spare. The coal mine has supplied all our needs, also the officers. We have sunk a shaft in the yard to the coal about one hundred and ten feet and will be taking our coal from there next winter, this will be a saving and will be safer for convicts working in the mine. I regret to say that we had two escapes from the coal mine. One was recaptured and the other has never been heard of. We also had two attempts to escape by climbing over the fence. They were both wounded by the guards and failed to make their escape.

The conduct of the prisoners has been good and the instructors have been

very successful in getting good work done.

I regret to say that over two-thirds of our police staff has left us on account of the greater opportunities for advancement and higher wages offered elsewhere. I find it hard to get good men to take the position. At present we have temporary men on duty that cannot qualify for the permanent staff. The discipline has been good and well maintained.

Not one complaint has been received from the female ward and the matron deserves great credit for her good management and the large amount of work

turned out from her department.

In conclusion I wish to thank my officers one and all for their hearty support.

Yours respectfully,

M. McCAULEY,

PRINCE ALBERT.

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK., April 2, 1912.

Sirs,—I have the honour to submit my first annual report for the year ended March 31, 1912, together with statistical and other statements.

The prison opened on the 15th May, 1911, and on the 16th I received 36 convicts, on transfer, from the Alberta penitentiary. We have received 30 since, making a total of 66 inmates during 10½ months.

During the 10½ months we have been in operation we have only received 30 convicts, this tends to show that Saskatchewan is comparatively free from

serious crimes.

There was one escape. The convict was away 4 months but was finally recaptured at Grand Island, Nebraska, U.S.A., and returned to the prison.

There have been no deaths or serious accidents during the year.

Two female convicts were received during the year and transferred to the

Alberta penitentiary.

Our per capita cost is large compared with the other penitentiaries. This is on account of our opening up the prison. A complete equipment had to be furnished which necessarily increased the per capita cost. It will take probably two or three years before we can compare favourably with the other penitentiaries.

Considerable work has been done during the year. We have put up two stables, ice house, blacksmith shop, considerable amount of work setting up brick-plant, additions and improvements inside the prison, put down ties and track from the brickyard to the clay pits and towards the railway siding, and got out necessary timbers from bush for brickyards and sheds.

Warden's residence—The brick work is completed, roof on and shingled, first flooring laid throughout the building, concrete floor in basement three-quarters finished, concrete stairs to basement finished, all brick work back plastered inside, ground floor walls have been strapped, papered and sheeted ready for metal lath, outside woodwork completed ready for paint.

We constructed ten bed rooms and a reading room for the officers in the west wing of the prison. This was necessary as the officers could not get lodg-

ings anywhere within a mile and a half of the prison.

Farm.—We cut and put up 123 loads of wild hay, cropped 50 acres to oats and harvested same, threshed out 1,500 bushels, brushed off 30 acres and got them ready for this season's crop, making a total of 80 acres ready for the seeder this season. We brushed off an additional 25 acres. This requires to be cleared of stumps and roots before we can crop it.

We had three acres of vegetables, a poor crop, as it was put in too late in the

season.

A road was graded 66 feet wide through three of the river lots on the north side of the building. We also cut and put up 100 cords of wood for the brickyard.

The conduct of the convicts has been very good, no serious breach of the

discipline has occurred.

The instructors of the various trades are all busily engaged and are doing

good work.

The discipline has been good and the officers on the staff have been faithful in the discharge of their duties.

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

There have been considerable changes in the staff during the year. It is almost impossible to get good men to do the work for the salaries paid them.

Inspector Dawson, Mr. Adams, architect, and Mr. Creighton, auditor, were with us three weeks at the opening of the prison and instructed the new

staff in their various duties.

I desire to express my thanks to the general staff of the institution for the respect and devotedness which they have accorded me in the discharge of their duties.

Respectfully submitted,

F. W. KERR,

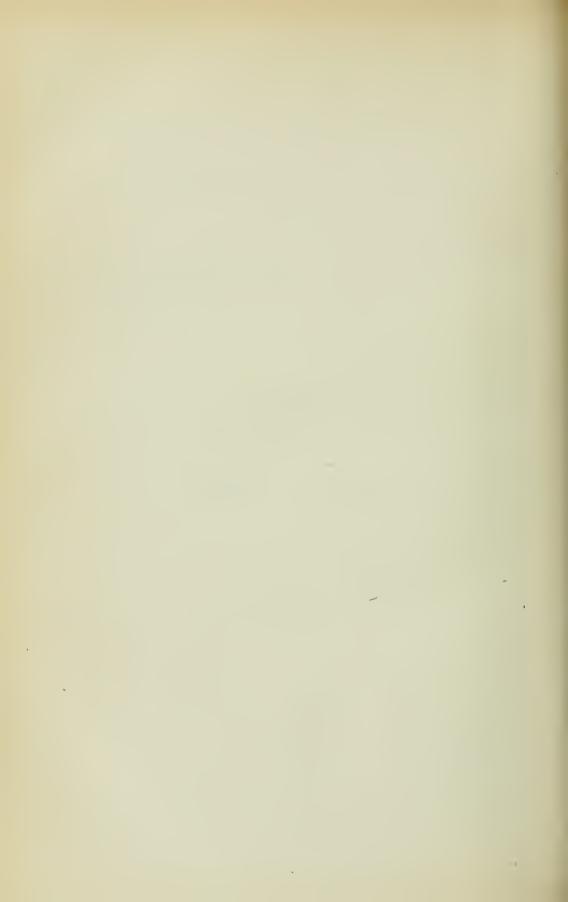
Warden.

The Inspectors of Penitentiaries,

Ottawa.

APPENDIX C.

SURGEONS' REPORTS



KINGSTON.

To the Warden,-

Sir,—I herewith submit my annual report of the medical department of the

Kingston penitentiary, for the year ended March 31, 1912.

The general health of the prisoners has been about the same as in previous years, and we have been entirely free from any contagious disease. The number of deaths has been smaller than it has been for some years; only seven being registered on the death roll by the hospital overseers.

The sewage works have been operated satisfactorily, and the premises surrounding the works have been kept free from unpleasant odors, whilst the various sewers have been flushed regularly, thus preventing any contamination

which might arise from these parts.

The general heating of the prison has been up to the usual standard, and comfort in this important matter appeared to prevail everywhere. Certainly, in very cold weather one might feel a certain chilliness, but taking it all in all, there have been no justifiable complaints regarding the heating operations. The prisoners are kept as comfortable as possible in this regard. It is not only in the dormitories, but in the various industrial departments, that the required comfortable temperature prevails. When the prisoners are kept warm, there is a likelihood that, disease due to variation of temperature, is lessened.

The ventilation and cleanliness of the dormitories, various work shops, and other departments, have been the aim of those in charge, and the closets have been kept clean and sanitary and in good working condition. Much care has been taken in the preparation of the food supplied the prisoners, and in quantity and quality they have been well served. The kitchen is kept clean and sanitary, and the cooking utensils and the dishes used in the distribution of the meals, have been kept as bright and clean as it is possible to make them. There can be no possible chance of any infection in consequence of the care taken in these matters.

It is much to be regretted that, so many prisoners so far advanced in years that mental and physical decay has begun, should continue to be sent to the penitentiary. If provision elsewhere could be provided, such as in a home for incurables, the provision would be in line with advanced penology. Until that is done, these old cripples whose crime perhaps is the one act in their lives, and no doubt often committed to secure the shelter which a prison affords, will continue to be a constant source of annovance no matter in what part of the prison they may be placed. These men are continually seeking relief in vain, in medicine, to alleviate the infirmities due to the advancement of years. In like manner youths of tender years are being frequently committed to prison, when the repression of their criminal tendencies could be better effected by a term in an industrial school, or by some system of penalty as breathes a benignant air, and which would have a tendency to appease, rather than inflame, those on whom it is imposed. Being incarcerated, long before they have reached the years of maturity, they do not stand the prison air well, and are liable to droop and pine away. Health, a long life, and a useful one, might be the result of milder methods administered to this class of juveniles. The moral and physical health certainly should be considered, and punishment in such cases should have a tendency to modify ideas and disarm passions.

The sanitary and heating arrangements of the hospital are complete in every particular, and the sick have been made very comfortable. In the matter of cleanliness, all care has been taken to have everything in first-class order. and the sick have been attended to carefully. Many minor operations were performed during the year, and were very successful. There were five hundred and eighteen prisoners treated in the hospital during the year, and it was the care given that prevented a larger number of deaths. The hospital is kept up to date, as far as possible, in its equipment, and is always kept in a condition ready for the reception of patients. It has been completely renovated and painted, and with flower pots in which plants with rich foliage, decorate the windows and corridors, the wards are as inviting to the sick as it is possible to make them. The dispensary patients which usually number up in the thousands, have been supplied with the usual stock prescriptions which are prepared in large quantities by the hospital overseers. The regular administration of these stock prescriptions, prevents many entering the hospital, who otherwise would seek admission.

There were one hundred and forty seven officers on the sick list during the year, all of whom received my attention at their homes, day and night, as required. It is a pleasure for me to make the statement that, officers on the sick list are always most anxious to return to duty, and on that account, always co-operate with me in every regard, as to my instructions for their recovery.

There is no suicide recorded on the books; this is a rare occurrence in prison. Seneca and the Stoic philosophers say of convicts who prefer death to imprisonment, and of those who commit suicide,—'The death of a criminal is no punishment, but is for him, as for every other mortal, only the end of all earthly troubles. cares, and suffering. In vain, does the multitude of suicides show us daily that death is no evil, and therefore no punishment, for the men who thus abridge their days, manifestly prefer death to the endurance of the evils of life.

Insane Ward.—There were forty-two in this ward at the end of the fiscal As will be seen by the returns of the hospital overseers, the admissions to, and discharges from, the ward have been above the average in number. The ward has been kept in a very sanitary condition, and the health of the inmates has been very good. Two of the deaths recorded on the books, were

from this ward.

Female Ward.—The number in the ward is becoming small, and at the end of the year, only eight remained. The inmates have been comparatively free from sickness. One of them added to the population within the prison walls, by giving birth to a daughter on February 29 of this year. She was

received here August 4, 1911.

Isolation Ward.—This ward has been re-opened for the reception of the incorrigible class who are a menace to prison discipline, but who can be detained without danger to their health. The cells are well lighted and ventilated, and the large yard affords them ample space for exercise. There were fifteen inmates in the ward at the close of the year.

The usual returns of the hospital overseers are transmitted herewith.

DANIEL PHELAN,

Surgeon.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 34

RETURN OF SICK TREATED IN HOSPITAL, FROM APRIL 1, 1911, TO MARCH 31, 1912.

]		1	1	1
Name of Disease.	Re-	Ad-	Total.	Died.	Dis-	Re-
Name of Disease.	mained.	mitted.	Total.	Died.	charged.	maining.
Abseess	3 •	28	31	1	29	1
Alcoholism		1	1		1	1
Bronchitis	4	105	109		107	2
Burn		1	1		1	
Carbuncle		1 2	1 2		1 2	
Cancer		2	2		2	
Confinement		ĩ	ĩ			1
Colie	1	40	41		41	
Constipation	1	3	4		4	
Chalara	1	3 2	4 2		4 2	
Cholera		24	24		21	3
Diabetes	.1	1	2		2	
Diarrhoea	2	111	113		112	1
Dyspepsia		3	3 2		3	
Ear ache		2 2	2 2		2 1	1
Epilepsy	1	2	3		3	
Fistula		1	1		1	
Frost bite		1	1		1	
Haemorrhage		4	$\frac{4}{2}$		4	
Hepatization		1	1		2	
Hydrocele		1	1		1	
Heart disease		11	11	2	9	
Indigestions		28	28		27	1
Influenza		20	20		19	1
Inflammation of bowels	1		1 1		1 1	
Injured hand		2	2		2	
Lumbago		19	19		19	
Malingering		8	8		8	
Migraine		3	3 1		3	
Morphomania		$\frac{1}{2}$	2		$\frac{1}{2}$	
Odontalgia		2	$\tilde{2}$		2	
Ophthalmia		10	10		9	1
Orehitis		3	3		3	
Pneumonia		1	I	1		
Paralysis Pediculi	1	1	1		1	1
Phthisis		î	î	1		
Phythosis	1		1		1	
Phimosis		1	1		1	
Rheumatism		33 1	33 1		32 1	1
Sciatiea		1	Î	1	1	
Synovitis		ī	ī		1	
Sprain		3	3		2	1
Stricture		4 =	4		4	
Taenia solium		5	5 1		5 1	
Testicle non-descent		1	1		1	
Tonsilitis		9	9		9	
Tuberculosis		1	1	1		
Tumor		1	I 1			I
Ulcer		1	1		I	
	18	520	538	7	514	17

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

CONVICTS ADMITTED INTO THE INSANE WARD.

	Names.		From whence received.			From whence received. How disposed of							
No.		Names.	Names.	Date of admiss- sion.	Kingston.	St. Vincent de Paul.	Dorchester.	Manitoba.	Dixcharged cured.	Improved to resume work.	Transfered to provincial asylums.	Died.	Remaining under treatment. March 31, 1912.
E 855 F 172 F 196 F 215 F 216 F 217 E 937 F 202 F 248 F 273 F 262 E 420 F 218 F 322 F 323 F 325 F 325 F 346 F 346 F 346 F 346 F 346 F 346 F 346 F 346 F 347 F 348 F 348	Wm. Wilson John Lortia Jos. Boucher Jas. Baroma Frd. Staggs Geo. Vanstone H. Cadieux Roy Oakes Geo. Hart A. Goodwin H. Benda D. H. Ryan Réné Allaire John Tipson — Giovanni	10-4-11 10-4-11 12-4-11 19-5-11 19-5-11 19-5-11 9-6-11 2-6-11 1-8-11 8-8-11 11-10-11 22-10-11 19-1-12 21-11-11 2-11-11 2-11-12 29-1-12 29-1-12 29-1-2 29-1-2 29-1-2 29-3-12	1 1 1	1 1 1	1		1	1	1	. 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Improved. Incurable. "" Improved. Incurable. Improved. "" Improved. "" Improved. "" Improved.	
E 853 E 272	M. Hannah P. Bellinger H. Wilson	23-3-12 29-3-12	1								1 1 1	Improved.	
	Totals		17	6	3	}	. 3	2	1] 1	19		

ANNUAL RETURN OF CRIMINAL INSANE NOW IN INSANE WARD.

Distribution.	Male	
Remained under treatment on March 31, 1911		28
Since admitted— Kingston Penitentiary St. Vincent de Paul Dorchester	17 6 3	26
Total number under treatment for above period	_	54
Discharged— Curcd Improved to resume work Transferred to Provincial asylums Died	3 3 4 1	11
Remained under treatment March 31, 1912.		4

OBITUARY.

Age.	Name.	Date of death.	Duration of insanity.	Proximate cause of death.
24	Fred. Arsenault	Apl. 13, 1911	11 hours.	Pneumonia.

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE FOR DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

Stock on hand, March 31, 1911		78		
		36		
Drugs on hand March 31, 1912\$ Received for medicine to officers		55	614	14
		\$	403	52
Net expenditure for drugs Per capita cost 44c.		\$	210	62

H. W. WILSON,

Hospital overseer.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL, April 1, 1912.

To the Warden,-

SIR,—I have the honour to submit to you the report of the medical depart-

ment for the fiscal year 1911-12.

Nothing extraordinary has occurred during the course of the year, and although there were more patients treated at the hospital than in the past, the great majority of those patients made but a very short sojourn, a few days only.

There were no serious accidents among convicts.

Only two prisoners died during the year:

Daniel Glass, suicide.

Philipp Furlong, rupture of the stomach.

I gave 12,115 consultations at the dispensary, and 103 patients were admitted to the hospital from the 1st day of April, 1911, to the 31st day of March, 1912.

Yours sincerely,

Dr. AD. ALLAIRE,

Surgeon.

CASES TREATED IN HOSPITAL DURING YEAR 1911-12.

Diseases.	Admitted.	Discharged.	Died.	Remaining.	Remarks
A maximud alitic	7	7			
Amygdalitis	3	3	1		
Adenoides	i	1	10		
Adenoid superated	4	3		1	
Bronchitis	i	1			
Burns	î	i			
Contusion	3	3			
Constipation	2	2			
Conjunctivitis	1	ī			
Colitis	i	ī			
Cholerine	i		1	1	
Diarrhoea	24	24			
Embarras intestinal	7	7			
Enteritis tuberculosis	2	2			
Erysipelas	1	1			
Furoncle	1	1			
Grippe	1	1			
Gastro enteritis	4	4			
Gastritis	2	2			
Heart disease	2	2 2			
Hydrocele	2	2			
Hemorroide	2	2			
Laryngitis	I	1			
Malaria	1	1			
Neurasthenia	8	8			
Orchitis	I			I	
Pleurodynia	1	1			
Rheumatism	4	4			
Rupture of stomach	1		1		
Strangulation			I		
Sprain	1	1			
Syphilis	8	7		1	
Tuberculosis	2	1		1	
Wounds to the leg	1	1			

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE FOR DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

Drugs on hand March 31, 1911	215 319	85 44
Drugs sold to officers during the year 8 62 36 Drugs issued to convicts during the year 266 94	535	29
Drugs issued to convicts during the year 200 04	329	30
Drugs on hand March 31, 1912.	205	99
Cost per capita, 58c.		

D. O'SHEA,

Hospital overseer.

DORCHESTER.

Dorchester, N.B., April 26, 1912.

To the Warden,-

I have the honour to submit my annual report for the year ended March

31, 1912.

During the past year the health of the convicts has been fairly good. No epidemics. There were three deaths. One being caused by apoplexy, one from broncho-pneumonia, andone from diarrhoca,—the patient being a feeble old man. Two insane cases were transferred to Kingston. One on April 10, and one on October 10. I consider the sanitary conditions of the prison good, and the food served to the prisoners is of good quality, abundant, and nourishing. The convicts seem satisfied in this respect.

I very much appreciate the courtesy of the staff shown me during the year.

Respectfully submitted,

D. D. McDONALD, M.D.

Surgeon.

CASES TREATED IN HOSPITAL.

Diseases	Remaining.	Admitted.	Discharged.	Died.	Remaining.	Remarks.
Broncho-pneumonia Bruises. Cardialgia Dementia Debility. Diarrhoea Fingers cut. Influenza. Insanity. 'Jiggers' Orchitis. Otitis. Rhenmatism Stricture. Syphilis. Tuberculosis. Wounds.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1	I paroled.

^{*}Transferred to Kingston Penitentiary.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 34

CASES TREATED AT THE DISPENSARY.

Diseases.	Remained.	Admitted.	Died.	Discharged.	Remaining
Apoplexy		1	1		
Abscess		6		6	
Asthma		3		3	
Boils		12		12	1
Bronchitis		4		4	
Burns		3		3	
Cardialgia	2	8		10	
Catarrh (nasal)		18		18	
Cephalagia		30		30	
Chills		22		22	
Colds		65		65	
Colic		10		10	
Contusions	2	21		23	
Costiveness		75		74	1
Coughs		80		80	
Cutaneous eruptions		15		15	
Debility		5		5	
Diarrhoea		73		73	
Dysentery		8		8	
Dyspepsia		5		5	4
Gonorrhoea		8			1
Heart-disease		5		5	
Hernia		4		4	
Haemorrhoids		14		14 9	1
Incontinence		10		25	1
Indigestion		25 21		21	
Influenza		21		4	
Insanity	-	18		18	
Insomnia		32		32	
Lumbago		32 27		26	1
Acidity		45			L .
Neuralgia		18		18	
Ophthalmia		15		15	
	9	12		14	
Retention Rheumatism	3	28		28	3
Scrofula		20		2	· ·
Sore throat		39		41	
Spermatorrhoea		15		15	
Sprains		6		6	
Stomatitis		20		20	
Stricture		5		5	
Syphilis	1	5		5	1
Teeth extracted		127		127	
Tonsilitis		23		21	2
Tuberculosis		7		7	
Varicocele		3		3	
Varicose veins		2		2	
Wounds		18		18	

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE FOR DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

Stock on hand, March 31, 1911	S	419 354	
Less. Drugs, &c., on hand, March 31, 1911\$ 493 2	-	774	35
Received for medicines supplied officers 57		551	47
Net expenditure for drugs Per capita cost, 96½c.	s	222	88

D. D. McDONALD, M.D. Surgeon.

MANITOBA.

To the Warden,-

STONY MOUNTAIN, MAN. April 6, 1912.

I have the honour to submit report of the medical department of Manitoba penitentiary, for the year ended March 31, 1912.

The statistics for the greater part of the year are taken from the records of my predecessor, Dr. R. W. Neill, whom I succeeded on November 28, 1911.

Since taking charge I find the health of the prisoners fairly good. Although a considerable number have presented themselves for treatment most of their complaints were for minor ailments, only a few being of a grave character. During the year there was one death, due to tuberculosis; and one convict committed suicide by hanging himself in his cell. Four insane patients were transferred to Selkirk asylum. Only one accident of a serious nature occurred; a convict by falling from a ladder, sustained a fracture of the leg.

With regard to ventilation, heating, food and sanitation in general the con-

ditions are satisfactory.

The health of the officers has been fair with the exception of one who died from nephritis, and one who, on account of tuberculosis, was obliged to leave the service. Amongst the officers 250½ days were lost on account of illness.

Statement of cases treated at dispensary and in hospital are appended.

Respectfully submitted,

J. A. McGUIRE, M.D. Surgeon.

CASES TREATED AT THE DISPENSARY.

Diseases	CASES TREATED AT THE DISPENSARY.						
Adenitis 3 Laryngitis 2 Anaemia 28 Liver disorder 1 Arcus Senilis 2 Lupus 1 Anuria 1 Malaria 4 Asthma 3 Muscular rheumatism 1 Alopoeia 2 Neuralgia 21 Abscess in ear 5 Neuritis 1 Bruised knee 1 Pain in side 15 Bright's disease 1 Pain in side 15 Bright's disease 1 Pin worms 1 Boil 11 Pharyngitis 4 Constipation 171 Pain in chest 3 Cold 208 Pruritis 7 Corns 5 Piles 15 Catarrh 14 Paoryngitis 4 Cystitis 9 Puritis 7 Corns 5 Piles 15 Catarrh 14 Psorasis 15 Cyst	Diseases.	No.	Diseases.	No.			
Hives	Adenitis. Anaemia. Areus Senilis. Anuria. Asthma. Alopoeia. Abscess in ear. Burns. Bruised knee. Bright's disease. Boil. Constipation. Cold. Corns. Catarrh. Crabs Cystitis. Cough. Debility. Diarrhoea. Dizziness. Eczema. Earache. Epilepsy. Enlarged glands. Epistaxis. Gleet. Gonorrhoea. Hives. Heart disease. Heart disease. In growing toe-nail. Insomnia. Indigestion.	3 28 2 2 1 1 3 2 5 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Laryngitis Liver disorder Lupus. Malaria. Muscular rheumatism Neuralgia. Neuritis Ophthalmia Pain in side Pin worms Pharyngitis Pain in chest. Pruritis. Piles. Psorasis. Rheumatism Rupture Syphilis. Stricture. Seminal emissions Strain. Sore lips. Sore foot. Sore hands. Sciald Sprain Scabies. Toothaehe Tooth extracted. Tonsilitis Tumor Tuberculosis Ulcer. Varicose. Weak eyes.	2 1 1 21 1 20 15 1 1 4 3 7 15 1 3 2 2 7 13 9 17 2 18 2 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19			

CASES TREATED IN THE HOSPITAL.

Diseases.	Re- mained April 1, 1912.	Ad- mitted.	Dis- charged.	Died.	Acci- dent.	Transferred to Selkirk.	Re- mained April 1 1912.
11							
Abscess in ear	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	1 3				
Bruise	-	$\frac{z}{7}$	7				
Boil Bright's disease		í	í				
Burn		1	i				
Cold	1	14	15				
Cancer	î	Ĩ.	ĭ				
Constipation		17	17				
Conjunctivitis		1	1				
Diarrhoea		33	33				
Earache	1	2	3				
Exophthalmia	1		1				
Epilepsy		4	4				
ractured leg		1	1		1		
oreign body in eye		2	2				
Gleet		1	1				
Gravel		1	1				
Gonorrhoea		1	1				
Gastric ulcers		1	1				
Headache	2	3 12	3 14				
nfluenzansanity	1	8	9				
ndigestion	1	14	14			4	
umbago		11	11			T	
Ialaria		3	3				
Veuralgia		2	2				
Vephritis		ī					
Pain in side		5	5				1
Piles		1	1				
Pleurisy		1	1				
Rheumatism		10	9				
Rupture		2	2				1
yphoid		1	1				
ciatica		3	3				
ham insanity		1	1				
train		8 2	8				
tricture		_	2				
wollen face		1 3	1 3				
yphiliscald		1	1				
cald	I	1	$\frac{1}{2}$				
uberculosis	Ī	1	~	1			
obacco heart		1	1	_			
		1	4				
Ilcer on finger		Î	î				
Vound		5	5				
Vounded foot		2	2				

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE FOR DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

Stock on hand, March 31, 1911			
Drugs on hand, March 31, 1912.	\$ 3		
Drugs sold to officers \$ 20 Drugs sold to farm 0		128	63
		20	83
Net expenditure for year Per capita cost, 63c.	1	107	80

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

New Westminster, B.C., May 6, 1912.

To the Warden.

Sir,—I have the honour to transmit herewith the usual tables showing the work done in the hospital for the year ended March 31, 1912.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

W. A. DEWOLF-SMITH,

Surgeon.

CASES TREATED IN THE HOSPITAL.

Diseases.	Remaining.	Admitted.	Total	Discharged.	Died.	Remaining.
Anorexia		1 1	1 1			1
Chronic biliousness		1 3 1	1 3 1	1 2 1		1
Cut finger Epilepsy General debility	1	2	1 1 2	1 1 2		•
Indigestion Injury to ankle Insane		3 1 5	3 1 5	1 5		3
Pharyngitis Phthisis Synovitis	1	1 4 1	1 5 1	1 3 1	1	1
Syphilis		1 1	1 1	1		1
Total	2	27	29	21	1	7

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 34

CASES TREATED AT THE DISPENSARY.

Diseases.	No. of cases.	Diseases.	No of cas
	10	Onhahalmia	
bscess	12 2	Ophthalmia	
" (alveolar)		Ottis	
(axinary)	$\frac{1}{7}$	Othorrhoea	5
Cae	10	Pain in back	4
denetis	4	" chest	4
phthae	2	" head" leg	
scarides	1	" neck	
sthmailiousness.	6	" side	
	1	" stomach	
roken fingerruises	16	Pharyngitis	
union	1	Pleuritic adhesions.	
urns	2	Pleurodynia	
atarrh	10	Prutitis.	1
ellulitis	10	Rnsh on bnck.	
hilblains	Î	Rheumatism	1
olds	148	Sciatica.	
onjunctivitis	9	Scrofula.	
onstipation		Short breath.	
orns	4	Sore ankle	
oryza	14	" arm	
ough	77	" back	
ramps	20	" ears	
uts	6	" eyes	1
ystitis	1	" feet	
Defective vision	11	" finger	
Carache	4	" hand	
Cczema	4	" knee	
" (scroti)	4	" lip	
Emesis	1	" mouth	
Inlarged glands	8	" nose	
Epilepsy	1	" scalp	
pistaxis	2	" throat	
Ext. dent	23	tnumb	
uruncle	12	toe	
Janglion	1	Sprained foot	
lingivitis	1	tbumb	
lleet	7	WTISt	
Gonorrhoea	9	Synovitis	
Iaematuria	1 1	Syphilis	
Hemorrhage	9	Tinea	
	39	Tinnitis	
leadache	1	Toosillitis	
Icart disease	3	Toothache	
Helminthiasis	3	Torticollis. Ulcers.	
	2	Urticaria	
Iydrocele	1 2	Vaccination	
Typeridrosis	99	Varicose ulcer	
ndigestionnsomnia	8	" veins	
ame back	6	Wax in enr	
umbago.	9	Weak ankle.	
Malaria	1	" back.	
Ayalgia		" eyes.	
Ayopia		Weakness	
Neuralgia		Wound of arm	
Veurasthenia	2	" leg	
old break of leg	1	*\5	

'3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

DEATHS DURING YEAR.

Name.	Age.	Cause of death.	Date of admission.	Date of death.	Nationality.	Days in hospital.
Lewis Colquhoun	34	Phthisis.	Sept. 4, 1911	Sept. 22-11	Canadian	18 days.
Number of o Number of o New prescri Number of p Patients trai	lispensary ptions wri prescriptionsferred to	ttenons filled			. 3,740 . 1,135 . 3,264) 5 1
Value of drugs or Value of drugs p					10	× 00
Received for med Value of drugs or					67 15	.5 33
Net cos	t of drugs					97 51

Cost per caput \$1.03.

ALBERTA.

Edmonton, Alberta, April 1, 1912.

To the Warden,-

I have the honour to submit my annual report for the year ended March

31, 1912.

The health of the convicts on the whole, has been good, and although I regret to report five deaths, three were caused by tuberculosis, one by typhoid fever and one by rheumatic endocarditis, when patients become very sick the shadow of the barriers and their environments have a very depressing effect which is not conducive to recovery. We had one operation for appendicitis with recovery, on a female convict.

The sanitary conditions are good considering that we are still occupying

temporary cells for the large majority of the convicts.

Contagion in the shape of measles got in the institution, but we only had six

cases in all.

The health of the officers was good, and very few days were lost on account of sickness.

Respectfully submitted,

ALEX. FORIN,

Surgeon.

CASES TREATED IN THE HOSPITAL.

Disease.	Remaining.	Admitted.	Died.	Discharged.
Pulmonary tuberculosis Tuberculosis of bowels Cardiac rheumatism and purupra. Typhoid fever Tuberculosis adenitis. Appendicitis, operation performed		1 1 1	1 1 1 1	2

CASES TREATED AT THE DISPENSARY.

Diseases.	No. of cases.	Diseases.	No of case
Acne Asthma Amputation of fingers Bronchitis Catarrh (nasal). Carbuncle Colic Chronic spasms of muscles. Conjunctivitis Constipation Cystitis Diarrhoea Goitre Gonorrhoea Haemorrhoids. Hypertrophy liver Indigestion Indisposition Influenza Injured foot Injured hand Insomnia	6 30 2 24 4 4 4 4 1	Itch Lumbago Nephritis Neuralgia Otitis Pharyngitis Phrodynia Pulm tuberculosis Psoriasis Rhenmatism inflam " mucs Rupture Sprains Sprained wrist Stomatitis Styphilis Teeth extracted Tonsilitis Torpid liver Ulcer. Valvular heart disease. Variose veins	51 1 3 2 2 2

EXPENDITURE FOR DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

Stock on hand, April 1, 1911	211	08	\$511	10
Medicine sold to officers	207	55 23	\$511	10
Cost per capita			\$911	10

3

SASKATCHEWAN.

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK., April 1st, 1912.

To the Warden,

SIR,—Herewith I beg leave to submit the first annual report of the medical

department, for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1912.

Fortunately there has been no contagion in the prison, due in a large degree to the care expended in keeping the hygene and sanitation as perfect as possible. This requires the more attention here on account of the temporary cell blocks with the bucket system in vogue.

There has been, however, considerable sickness both amongst the officers and convicts especially during the winter, but comparatively little of a serious

nature.

All the convicts have been duly vaccinated except the very latest arrivals.

There has been the usual difficulties attendant on the opening of a new institution in connection with the water and sewerage systems and in this and other connections I would recommend:

First.—That a large concrete sanitary well be constructed as an accessory

water supply.

Second,—That the septic tanks and filtration system be overhauled as early

as possible in spring.

Third,—That a bake oven of sufficient size be constructed as soon as possible. Fourth,—That a building be provided that would be suitable for an isolation

hospital in case of emergency.

Fifth,—That the medical department be more thoroughly equipped and at as early a date as possible. Further I would suggest that one or more isolation cells be provided, so that cases of hysteria and malingerers could not annoy their fellow-convicts at night.

The usual statistical tables are appended.

FRANK W. FOURNEY, B.A., M.D.,

Surgeon.

PATIENTS TREATED IN DISPENSARY FROM MAY 16, 1911, TO MARCH 31, 1912.

Diseases.	No. of cases.	Diseases.	No. of cases.
Acne vulgaris. Anorexia. Adontis tubercula Astigmatism. Anaemia. Alopoecia. Appendicitis. Bronchitis. Blistered chest. Blistered feet. Chapped lands. Constipation. Conjunctivitis. Cramps. Coryza. Catarrh. Colic abdominal Cystitis. Cutaneous eruptions Crushed finger. " leg. " toe. Debility. Diarrohoea Dysentry. Follicular tonsilitis. Gonorrhoea. Gastralgia. Gravel Hammer toe. Hæmmerhoids. Heraia inguinal. Headache. " gasoline Hives Heartburn. Herpes. Hemorrhage artery lip Hystero-epilepsy. Haemotoma Indigestion. Infected knuckel	1 1 3 2 17 4 1 4 2 1 1 1 1 1	Infected toe Insomnia Injured chest " spinc. Keloid Lumbago La grippe Lame back Laryngitis Morphinomania Migraine Neurasthenia Orchitis Otitis Pleurodynia Pharyngitis Pediculosis corporis Punetured foot on nail Rheumatism Sprained wrist " thumb Strained back " tendon. Sore throat " toe Syphilis Stomatitis Tonsolitis Teeth extracted Torpid liver Ulcerated lips " teeth Uvulectomy Vaccinai Vaccinai Vaccinations Varicocele Warts removed Wounds finger " knee " knee " scalp	1 2 3 21 8 1 11 11 14 37 1 1 15 1 15

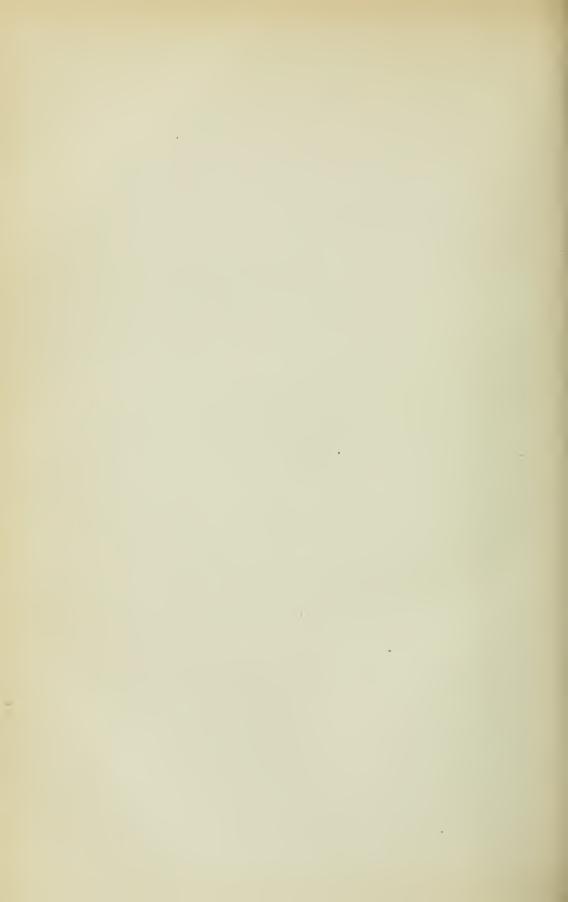
RETURN OF SICK TREATED IN HOSPITAL FROM MAY 16, 1911, TO MARCH 31, 1912.

Diseases.	Remained.	Admitted.	Total.	Died.	Discharged.	Remaining.
Rheumatism Constipation. Syphilis. Insanity. Furunculus.		1	1 1 1 1		1 I I 1	1
Total		5	5		4	1

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 34

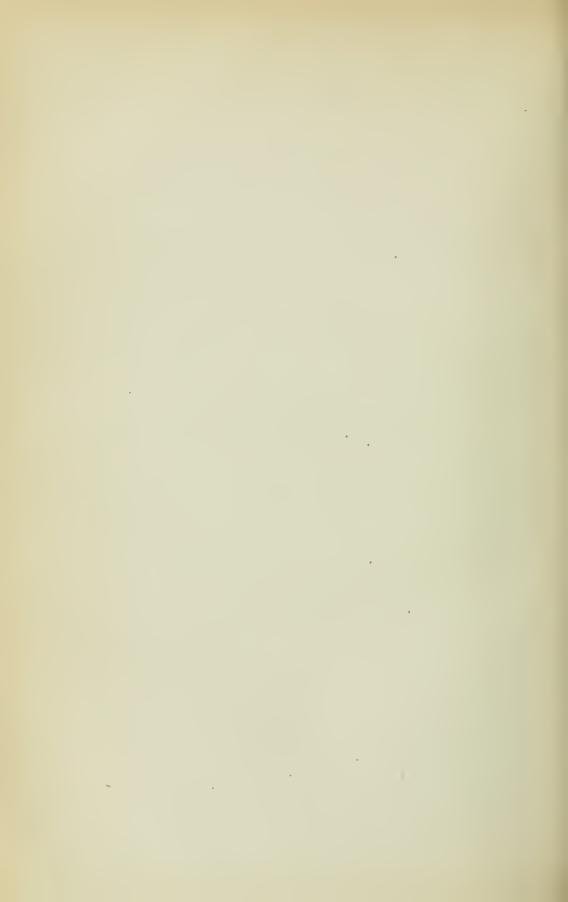
STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES FOR DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

Drugs purchased since May 15, 1911	\$86 12 40 88
Drugs sold to officers	\$45 24 5 45
Net expenditure for year	\$39 79
Cost per capita, 94c.	



APPENDIX D

CHAPLAINS' REPORTS



KINGSTON.

Kingston, April 1, 1912.

To the Warden,-

Sir,—I hereby beg to present my report for the year ended March 31, 1912.

On that date there were on my register the names of 298 prisoners: 294 males and 4 females, 22 less than a year ago. They are classified according to their religious beliefs as follows:

Church of England	91
Methodists	93
Presbyterians	64
Baptists	20
Lutherans	10
Congregationalist	1
S. Army	
Jews	
Mennonite	1
Greek Catholic	3
Catholie Apostolie	1
Quaker	
Universalist	
No creed	2
Unknown, insane	2
	298

During the past year the services on Sundays and holy days, as well as the week day classes, have been regularly held; and all the other manifold duties, such as visiting the sick, and having private interviews with prisoners, have been,

I hope, faithfully performed.

Also during the year as in other years, several ministers and laymen have on my invitation delivered sermons and addresses at our afternoon services. Two of our visitors being the member of parliament for Kingston, Mr. W. F. Nickle, whose interesting address on Canada, its past history, its present and future prospects was well received; and Mr. F. Hoag, the mayor of Kingston, who spoke encouragingly on the progress of the country, and argued that there was a good living within the reach of every man who strove to do the right.

Our choir has also been helped on several occasions at our sacred concerts by musicians from Kingston, both singers and players, who have become like old friends in this respect, as they have been present at our services a good many times. I believe these changes do a great deal of good, and are much enjoyed

by the prisoners.

The sending of youths to the penitentiary is no doubt a very serious matter and the public regards it as such. The public, however, I imagine, holds some very erroneous views on the question, and it may be asked what is to be done? I feel that the subject should be placed fully and properly before the public and should be written up for that purpose.

In connection with the matter of youthful depravity, the premier, it may be remembered, dropped some remarks which certainly deserve the serious study of the people of this country. He said 'that parents did not seem to have as much influence over their children as they used to have.' These words should be taken to heart, for they set forth, in a great measure, the reason why so many youths go astray. For character for good or for evil is formed in the home. The responsibility lies mostly with the parents.

Respectfully submitted,

A. W. COOKE,

Protestant Chaplain.

Kingston, June 20, 1912.

To the Warden,-

Sir,—The past years like its predecessors has been characterized by satisfactory results through the exemplary behaviour of the catholic convicts, during their attendance in the chapel, at the morning and afternoon services on the Sundays and Holy Days of the year.

I feel it is no exaggeration to say that the majority of them have laboured to adorn their souls with Christian virtues, which are the natural fruitage of a

Christian life, the only offering truly worthy of our great God.

. Many times during the past twelve months communications have come o hand from men who have been released either on 'parole' or by expiration of sentence, which have strengthened me in the belief that my feeble efforts had not fallen on barren soil.

In 1911, we had four deaths, registered 83 new-comers, struck off the names of 66 who had been released, leaving a total of 191 men and 4 females with which

we begin the new fiscal year.

My thanks are due to all the officers of the institution for courtesies shown and for ever ready co-operation with me in the discharge of my duties.

Respectfully submitted,

M. McDONALD,

Roman Catholic Chaplain.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

Owing to the death of the Reve'd L. O. Harel, on the 13th day of April, 1912, there is no report from the Roman Catholic chaplain.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL, April 4, 1912.

To the Warden,—

Sir,—I have the honour of presenting my report for the year ended March 31, 1912; being my seventeenth annual report as chaplain of this penitentiary.

Statistics for the year are as follows:-

Total for the year	Convicts remaining March 31, 1911	78 33	
Discharged on parole 13 Discharged by deportation 2 Discharged by transfer 2 Discharged by pardon 1 Discharged by death 1 Discharged by death 1 Remaining March 31, 1912 72 Creeds: 2 Church of England 35 Presbyterian 17 Methodist 9 Unclassed 5 Lutheran 3 Baptist 2 Christian Scientist 1 Total 72 Country of birth: 73 <tr< th=""><th>Total for the year</th><th>111</th><th></th></tr<>	Total for the year	111	
Creeds: Church of England. 35 Presbyterian. 17 Methodist. 9 Unclassed. 5 Lutheran. 3 Baptist. 2 Christian Scientist. 1 Total. 72 Country of birth: 72 Canada. 30 U. S. A. 11 England. 11 Scotland. 6 Ireland. 3 France. 2 Sweden. 2 Finland. 1 Germany. 1 Turkey. 1 Newfoundland. 1 Italy. 1 Porto Rico. 1 Belgium. 1	Discharged on parole Discharged by deportation Discharged by transfer. Discharged by pardon	13 2 2 1	36
Church of England 35 Presbyterian 17 Methodist 9 Unclassed 5 Lutheran 3 Baptist 2 Christian Scientist 1 Total 72 Country of birth: 72 Canada 30 U. S. A 11 England 11 Sectland 6 Ireland 3 France 2 Sweden 2 Finland 1 Germany 1 Turkey 1 Newfoundland 1 Italy 1 Porto Rico 1 Belgium 1	Remaining March 31, 1912	7	12
Presbyterian. 17 Methodist. 9 Unclassed. 5 Lutheran. 3 Baptist. 2 Christian Scientist. 1 Total. 72 Country of birth: 72 Canada. 30 U. S. A. 11 England. 11 Seotland. 6 Ireland. 3 France. 2 Sweden. 2 Finland. 1 Germany. 1 Turkey. 1 Newfoundland. 1 Italy. 1 Porto Rico. 1 Belgium. 1	Creeds:		
Country of birth: 30 U. S. A. 11 England 11 Scotland 6 Ireland 3 France 2 Sweden 2 Finland 1 Germany 1 Turkey 1 Newfoundland 1 Italy 1 Porto Rico 1 Belgium 1	Presbyterian Methodist Unclassed. Lutheran Baptist	17 9 5 3 2	
Canada 30 U. S. A 11 England 11 Scotland 6 Ireland 3 France 2 Sweden 2 Finland 1 Germany 1 Turkey 1 Newfoundland 1 Italy 1 Porto Rico 4 Belgium 1	Total	72	
	Canada. U. S. A England. Scotland. Ireland. France Sweden Finland. Germany. Turkey. Newfoundland. Italy. Porto Rico	11 11 6 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 1	

With the exception of a case of suicide by a young man, while mentally deranged, the year has not been marked by anything of unusual occurrence. The conduct of the men in chapel has, as usual, been good. The library continues to fill an important place in the lives of the prisoners.

Thanking you, sir, and the staff generally, for the courtesy and support

extended to me in the exercise of my duties.

I am,

Yours faithfully,

JOHN ROLLIT.

Protestant Chaplain.

DORCHESTER.

Dorchester, N.B., April 1st, 1912.

To the Warden.—

SIR.—Herewith is submitted to you my sixth annual report, showing the record as taken from my register, which is carefully kept, with every possible regard for exactness. The report covers the fiscal year, ended March 31st, 1912. I think I can say without doing violence to that significant word 'modesty,'

that I have discharged the ever recurring duties of the year, with diligence, and

with the consecrated desire to declare the 'whole counsel of God.'

It is a matter of very special satisfaction to me, to note an unmistakable increase of interest in religious matters, among the men and women, under my spiritual care and attention. I have this conviction from the fact that I have an increased number of men who are ready to converse with me on the vital points of practical religion, and also the increased average in the attendance at the Wednesday Bible class, which is an optional service.

There were on my register, at midnight, March 31, 118 prisoners. Four females are included in the above number.

The total number in custody on the corresponding date of one year ago, was 137.

The following is the list in tabulated form:

In custody, April 1, 1911	137 47
Total Less discharged during year	184 64 2
In custody, March 31, 1912	118
Registration by creeds:	
Church of England	45
Baptist	32
Methodist	19
	17
Presbyterian	11
Lutheran	2
Salvation Army	1
Unitarian	1
Stundist	1
Total	118

It is my privilege to record two observations of the ordinance of the Lord's supper during the year.

It will be noted that death laid claim to two of our number during the period included in this report. One who died in August last. The body was forwarded to relatives. Also one who died in March, in this instance the body was interred in the prison cemetery, brief but impressive services were conducted.

I am again prompted to make mention of the very excellent conduct of the

prisoners in all chapel exercises conducted by me.

The new warden has brought large administrative powers into the office, and is giving me a large measure of hearty co-operation for which I record my sincere appreciation.

Unfailing courtesies have been shown me, by the matrons, and chief keeper,

my appreciation is here recorded.

Believing that the gospel of Jesus Christ is the one and only sovereign remedy for the ultimate restoration of the criminal classes, I face the incoming year with the well defined purpose of sounding out the imperishable truths of that gospel.

Respectfully submitted,

BYRON H. THOMAS,

Protestant Chaplain.

DORCHESTER, N.B., April 1st, 1912.

To the Warden,—

I have the honour to submit my annual report.

At the end of the fiscal year, on March 31, I had 102 male convicts under my spiritual charge.

No females. Last year I had 117 male and 1 female, total 118 convicts. It was my sad duty to register one death in the course of this fiscal year.

Divine service has been regularly held in the prison chapel, and as a rule attended by the convicts with proper attention and devotion. The holy sacraments have been frequented quite often by a certain number of them. Christmas and Easter devotions were performed by such large number and in a measure that was noteworthy.

I generally have a number of men under a course of instruction in prepara-

tion to their first communion.

I have the consolation to think that the Master has blessed to a vast extent my humble efforts to bring those poor souls nearer to Him, by the fact that we have clear evidence of what appears to be earnest efforts to reform their lives on the part of some of them at least.

In conclusion, I must again express my sense of gratification to you and the officers with whom I came in contact in the discharge of the duties of my office,

for your civility and gentlemanly demeanour towards me.

Respectfully submitted,

A. D. CORMIER, Priest,

Roman Catholic Chaplain.

MANITOBA.

STONY MOUNTAIN, April 3, 1912.

To the Warden,-

I herewith submit my fifth annual report.

The monotony of the past year has been greatly relieved by the visit of our late governor general, Earl Grey. This visit will long be remembered for the encouraging words and kindly manner of His Excellency.

Our services have been conducted regularly throughout the year. A

splendid interest being maintained and excellent order at all times.

I have been encouraged by the number who have shown evidence of reformation. Some have gone out and are making good. The letters I receive from some of these are most hopeful.

I greatly appreciate the help given by the Salvation Army. Their meetings have all been helpful and interesting. Their prison-gate officer has also proved helpful in securing employment for those needing it, and helping

them to start life afresh in honest toil.

I am still hoping that conditions will soon be brought about so that proper classification will be made and the indeterminate sentence put into use, that those suffering from mental and moral disease, which manifest themselves in crime, may be so treated that these people shall not be lost to the nation, but restored to useful citizenship.

The movement of prisoners for the year has been as follows:

Number on register, April 1, 1911 101	
Received during year	
	159
Discharged:—	
By expiration of sentence	
" parole 28	
" transfer to other penitentiaries	
" transfer to other penitentiaries	
" deportation 3	
" death	
Committed suicide	56
Remaining on register, March 31, 1912	103

Respectfully submitted,

S. W. L. STEWART,

Protestant Chaplain.

STONY MOUNTAIN, MAN., April 8, 1912.

To the Warden,-

Sir,—I have the honour to report that I have at the present time 75 con-

victs confied to my care.

May I be permitted to draw your attention to the very large proportion which constitute convicts of foreign nationalities. Forty-three out of these seventy-five, belong to what is commonly called in this country, foreign element. This is an abnormal proportion, which should cause the federal authorities to be more exacting in the choice of their immigrants. This would be to the benefit of all, for if we suffer from the coming in of a certain number of undesirable immigrants, the countries that send them to us, do not benefit by it, and are misjudged by the inhabitants of this country, who, wrongly it is true, nevertheless base their opinion of the people of these countries upon what they see of those who come here.

For purposes of statistics, I may say that I have under my charge, Englishmen, French Canadians, Scotchmen, Irishmen, Americans, Frenchmen, Belgians,

Austrians, Germans, Poles, Italians and Greeks.

Respectfully submitted,

ARTHUR BELIVEAU,

Roman Catholic Chaplain.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NEW WESTMINSTER, April 1, 1912.

To the Warden,-

Sir,—I beg herewith to present to you my report for the year ended March 31, 1912.

Convicts remaining April 1, 1911	163 118
Total ministered to during the year	281
Discharged by expiry of sentence Paroled Pardoned Deported Transferred to provincial asylum Discharged by death. Escaped	16 36 1 6 2 1 1 63
Total under my charge March 31st, 1912	218
Creeds. Church of England. Presbyterian. Methodist Buddhist Lutheran Baptist. Greek Orthodox. Jewish Carmelite. Armenian Orthodox Congregationalist Christian Church Sikh Doukhobor. No ereed.	66 41 36 15 17 11 17 3 1 2 1 3
Total	218

It is a matter of regret that the foregoing figures show an increase of flfty-five in the number of prisoners under my charge.

The temporary chapel to which I referred in my last report was completed

during the year, and it is now possible for all the men to attend the service.

At the present rate of increase in prison population, the increased seating accommodation will be absorbed during the next twelve months. I merely

point this out so that the present chapel may not be regarded in any other light

than that of a temporary makeshift.

My work as chaplain varies but little from year to year; preaching the word, visiting the sick, exhorting and counselling the well, all the time giving out sympathy and kindness, and in a firm but gentle manner striving to be of some real assistance to the men.

In the light and shadow, the encouragement and disappointment that are ever blending in this work, which is pre-eminently one of faith, one cannot help

speculating 'What shall the harvest be.'

I have to report one death during the fiscal year.

I am convinced that the great majority of the men value the privilege of attending chapel. In no other way can I account for the conduct of the men in chapel which will compare favourably with that of any congregation in the country.

It is impossible to speak in other than the highest terms of the services

rendered by the choir.

The sacrament of the Lord's supper was dispensed once during the year. The attendance was encouraging, and the demeanour of the men suggested appreciation of the solemnity of the occasion.

The question of segregation and classification appears to have been lost

sight of for the present. I trust it is only for the present.

No one can engage in this work without feeling that there must be some better way than the present of dealing with our young delinquents and first offenders.

I take this opportunity to tender my sincere thanks to the staff of the penitentiary for their kindness and courtesy.

Yours respectfully,

ALBERT EDWARD VERT,

Protestant Chaplain.

WESTMINSTER, B.C., April 22, 1912.

To the Warden,-

DEAR SIR:—I herewith submit the report for the year ended March 31, 1912. At the beginning of the year there were 97 catholics enrolled, at the end of the year 113. During the year 19 were paroled, 4 deported, 3 were sent to the insane asylum, one escaped. Amongst the new-comers received since I am in charge, I have remarked that the greater number of them had a very poor knowledge of their religion, others were catholic in name only, but I may say that a good number of them show good will for the better.

Yours respectfully,

ED. MAILLARD,

Roman Catholic Chaplain.

ALBERTA.

Edmonton, Alta., April 18, 1912.

To the Warden,—

I have the honour to present to you my annual report for the year ended March 31, 1912. At the close of the year ending March 31, 1911, there were one hundred and twenty-five male and three female prisoners under my care. During the past year there were admitted sixty-two male and seven female prisoners and during the same period there were discharged sixty-seven males and three females. Two males and one female died during the same period and eighteen males were transferred to the Saskatchewan penitentiary. This leaves a total at the end of March this year of one hundred males and six females.

Religious services in which I have been assisted by the Church of England elergyman and the commanding officer of the Salvation Army in Edmonton, have been held regularly every Sunday and pastoral visits have been made during the week as required. The Women's Christian Temperance Union still continue their good work among the female prisoners on Sunday afternoons with gratify-

ing results.

Two hundred and fifty volumes have been added to the library and apparently the prisoners do a great deal of reading. We are hoping to be in the new chapel before very long with all its increased accommodation and convenience. Mention should be made of the valuable services of the organist and leader of the choir.

In conclusion allow me to thank you and all the officials for your uniform

kindness, courtesy and assistance in all my work as chaplain.

D. G. McQUEEN,

Protestant Chaplain.

To the Warden,-

Dear Sir,—I beg herewith to submit to you my report for the year ended March 31, 1912. At the end of March 1911, there were 71 male convicts under my care. During the year there were admitted 26 male and 2 female convicts. Since March 31, 1911, 36 male convicts have been discharged and 2 died.

The divine services have been held every Sunday and on the feasts of

obligation from 8 a.m. to 9.

A choir practice takes place every Thursday afternoon followed by a special instruction on religion given to those most in need. All the convicts have been provided with books of catechism as well as prayer books in their own language; English, French, Polish, Italian and Spanish. The Ruthenian convicts have been attended to several times by a priest of their rite. In conclusion, I wish to thank you, as well as the deputy warden and all the officers, for your kindness and courtesy.

Yours truly,

A. DARIDON, O.M.I.,

Roman Catholic Chaplain.

SASKATCHEWAN.

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK., April 2, 1912.

To the Warden,—

Sir,—I beg herewith to present to you my report for the year ended March 31, 1912:—

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Convicts received from opening of prison on 15th May, 1911 to March 31, 1912	42	1	
Total ministered to during year			43
Discharged by:— Expiry of sentence Parole Deportation Transfer to Alberta penitentiary.	2 2 1 0	0 0 0 1	2 2 1 1 6
Total under my charge March 31, 1912.			37

Creeds:

Church of England	14
Methodist	8
Presbyterian	5
Lutheran	
United Brethren	1
Mennonite	1
Baptist	3
Jewish	1
	37

Divine service has been held regular y every Sunday. The behaviour of the convicts in the chapel has been good. There have been three celebrations of the holy communion since the opening of the penitentiary.

I desire to thank the warden and all the other officers of the penitentiary for their kindness and courtesy.

Respectfully submitted,

JAMES TAYLOR,

Protestant Chaplain

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 34

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK., April 2nd, 1912.

To the Warden,-

Sir,—I beg to herewith submit the annual report of my labour as Roman Catholic chaplain of this penitentiary for the year ended the 31st March, 1912:—

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Convicts received from opening of prison, 15th May, 1911 to 31st March, 1912	22	1	23
Total ministered to during year			23
Discharged by:— Expiration of sentence Transfers	1 0	0	1 1 2
Total under my charge 31st March, 1912			21

According to the duties of my office I have conducted catholic service every Sunday, besides on the holydays falling within the year and have been edified by the attention and devotion exhibited by the prisoners under my charge. I have observed the beneficient effect of religious influence upon the generality and trust that when the more backward of them become better acquainted with the practices and usages of our holy religion they will be induced to lead a better life and become useful citizens of the commonwealth. I can with truth say that but five have a conversant knowledge of their religion. The others, however, have shown such a marked willingness to learn that I have been much encouraged in my work.

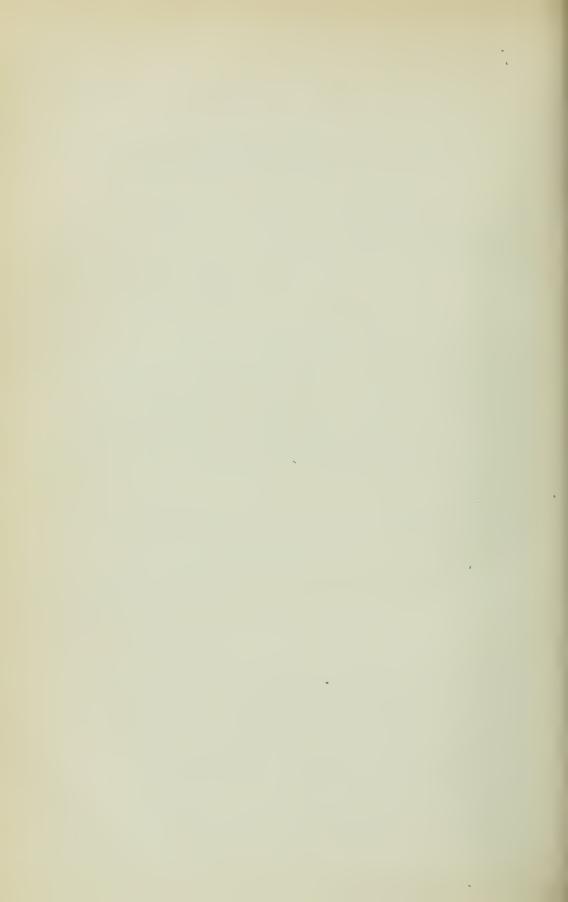
I would like to add that I have received nothing but kindness and courteous treatment at your hands as well as at that of the deputy warden and in fact from

all members of the staff for which I here express my most sincere thanks.

Respectfully submitted,

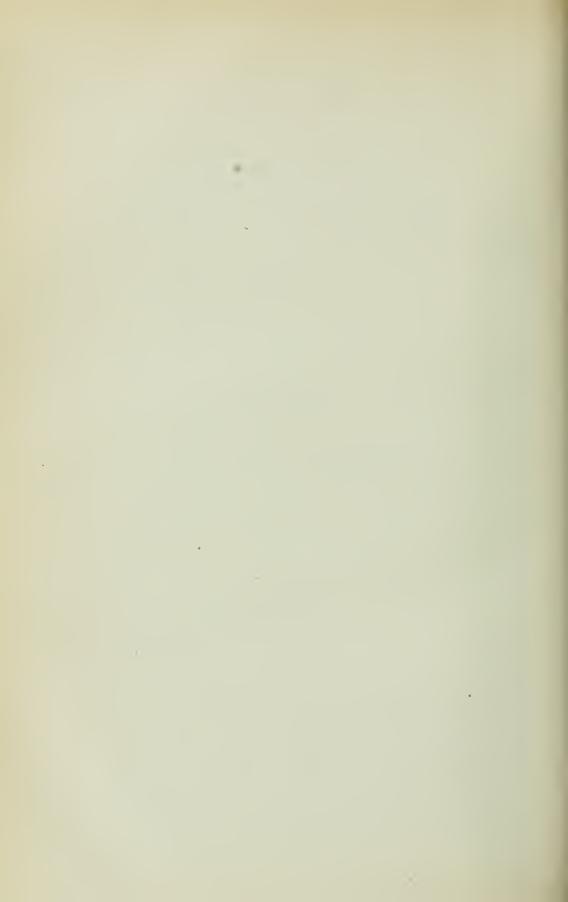
REV. E. PASCAL, O.M.I.,

Roman Catholic Chaplain.



APPENDIX E

SCHOOL INSTRUCTORS' REPORTS



KINGSTON.

To the Warden,-

I have the honour to submit the report of the school in this penitentiary, for

the year ending March 31, 1912.

The total number enrolled during the year was 75; of this number 30 passed out capable of reading, writing, and arithmetic; 5 retired at expiration of sentence, present attendance, 40.

The studies of these are as follows:—

Reading in Part I	15
Reading in Part II	13
Reading in second book and writing	7
Reading in third book, writing and arithmetic	5

H. W. WILSON,

School Instructor.

LIBRARY RETURNS.

	Total number of volumes in library.	Number added during year.	Number condemned during year.	Average number of convicts who used books.	Total number of issues during the year.
General library Protestant library Roman Catholic library Total	300 ·	275	91 7 7	480	51,871
1 otai	5,310	245	105	480	51,871

The number added includes magazines bound during the year.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

ST VINCENT DE PAUL, April 1, 1912.

G. S. Malepart, Esq., Warden.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit you my annual report for the year ended March 31, 1912.

During the year thirty-three pupils were admitted to school, and nine were attending school at the closing of the year. They were given lessons in reading, writing, spelling and arithmetic.

Eighty-nine convicts were supplied with books, slates, &c., to study in their

cells.

In conclusion I beg to express thanks to my superiors for their assistance in the discharge of my duties.

Yours respectfully,

D. O'SHEA.

English School Instructor.

To the Warden,—

Sir,—I have the honour to submit you my annual report for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1912.

During the year twenty-two convicts were admitted to follow the French course. At the end of the year the attendance was nine, and they were taught spelling, reading, writing and arithmetic.

The conduct of the convicts has always been exemplary, their attendance

very regular, attentive to lessons and have made sensible progress.

Mr. O'Shea and I have supplied eighty-nine convicts with books, copy-

books, slates, slate pencils, &c., to study in their cells.

I beg to express my sincerest thanks to my superiors and other officers for the assistance given me in the discharge of my duty.

Yours sincerely,

G. J. RENEAULT,

French School Instructor

LIBRARY RETURNS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 1912.

Number of books in library April 1, 1911	4,701
Number of books added during the year	286
Number of books condemned during the year	237
Number of books in library March 31, 1912	4,750
Number of convicts who have used books	442
Number of issues during the year	45,968

D. O'SHEA, G. J. RENEAULT,

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 34

DORCHESTER.

Dorchester, N.B., April 20, 1912.

To the Warden,-

I have the honour to submit my annual report for the year ended March 31, 1912.

At the beginning of the year the school was attended by fifty-two pupils.

The present attendance is forty-seven, divided as follows:

Reading, writing and arithmetic	25
Reading and writing	6
Reading only	16

Four were reading in the sixth English reader; two in the fifth, one in the fourth, twelve in the third, twelve in the second and sixteen in the first.

I am pleased to state that good progress has been made by the pupils, and

their conduct has been satisfactory.

In conclusion I beg to express my sincere thanks to yourself and other officers for the assistance given me in the discharge of my duties.

G. B. PAPINEAU,

School Instructor.

LIBRARY RETURNS.

	Total number of volumes in library.	Number added during year.	Average number of eonviets who used books.	Total number of issues during the year.		
General library Roman Catholic library. Protestant library. Total	1,654 165 112	56	157 24 16	16, 328 624 *416 17, 368		

G. B. PAPINEAU,

MANITOBA.

STONY MOUNTAIN, MAN., April 1, 1912.

To the Warden,—

Sir,—I have the honour to submit my annual report for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1912. Of the 27 pupils on the register during the year 11 were Austrians, 4 Russians, 2 Italians, 3 Finlanders, 4 Canadians, 1 Belgian, 1 Hungarian and 1 German.

The attendance at the close of the year was 11, classified as follows:

First	Reader,	Part	I													3
First	Reader,	Part	II													3
	l Reader															5

All are given lessons in arithmetic and geography. One hundred and sixtyone convicts are at present supplied with school books and slates for the purpose
of studying in their cells. The conduct and industry during school hours has
been most satisfactory and I am pleased to say that they all show a great desire
to learn. My monitors also deserve thanks, for their help.

In conclusion I beg to express my sincerest thanks to yourself and others,

for the assistance given me, in the discharge of my duties.

Respectfully submitted,

J. H. DAIGNAULT,

School Instructor.

LIBRARY RETURNS.

Volumes received during the year	206
Volumes condemned during the year	133
Volumes on hand March 31, 1912	
Number of convicts using books	
Circulation	18,916
Average per convict	116

J. H. DAIGNAULT.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 34

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., April 1, 1912.

To the Warden,-

I have the honour to submit my annual report for the fiscal year ended

March 31, 1912.

At the beginning of the year the school was attended by forty-one pupils. The average attendance has been forty-six. Total number enrolled during the period twenty-seven. Twenty-four passed out, leaving a present attendance of forty-nine.

Classified as follows:

Arithmetic, spelling and writing	10
Reading, spelling and writing	20
Reading and spelling	16
Reading (only)	3
table to the state of the state	
Total	49

Four are reading in the fourth reader, sixteen in the third reader, fourteen in the second reader and fifteen in the primers. One hundred and sixty-four are supplied with slates and books for the purpose of studying in their cells.

I am pleased to state that most of the pupils who attended school during the year have made good progress. All take every opportunity to improve themselves by careful attention while at school, as well as by studying in their cells.

In concluding, I must thank the warden and other officers for the kindness shown me in the discharge of my duty.

Respectfully submitted,

R. J. ROBERTSON,

School Instructor.

LIBRARY RETURNS.

	Total number of volumes.	Volumes added during year.	Convicts using books.	Circulation.
General library Roman Catholic library Protestant library Officers' library.	1,568 206 308 16	26	321 11 13	24,650 112 134

R. J. ROBERTSON.

ALBERTA.

To the Warden,-

Sir,—I have the honour to submit my report for the year ended March

31, 1912.

At the beginning of the year there were 18 pupils on the list, since that time ten have been discharged and twelve more added to the list. Owing to my time being taken up in my various other duties work was all done in the cells with help given from time to time, very fair progress was made in reading, writing and arithmetic.

I beg to express my sincere thanks to yourself and the other officers for

help given.

Respectfully submitted,

PETER CONWAY,

School Instructor.

LIBRARY RETURNS.

Volumes on hand at the beginning of the year	1,340
Volumes added during the year	250
Volumes condemned during the year	175
Total number on hand at the end of year	1,425
Total issues during the year	10,800
Number of monthly magazines	´ 8

PETER CONWAY,

SASKATCHEWAN

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK., April 1, 1912.

To the Warden,-

I have the honour to submit my report for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1912.

The attendance at close of year was 12, classified as follows:—

Primer and writing	8
First book and writing	2
	1
Third book, writing and arithmetic	1

The school was opened January 1st, 1912.

The conduct of the pupils was good and fair progress was made in reading, writing and arithmetic, considering the short time school has been open.

I beg to express my sincere thanks to yourself and the other officers for

assistance given me in the discharge of my duties.

HAROLD KEECH,

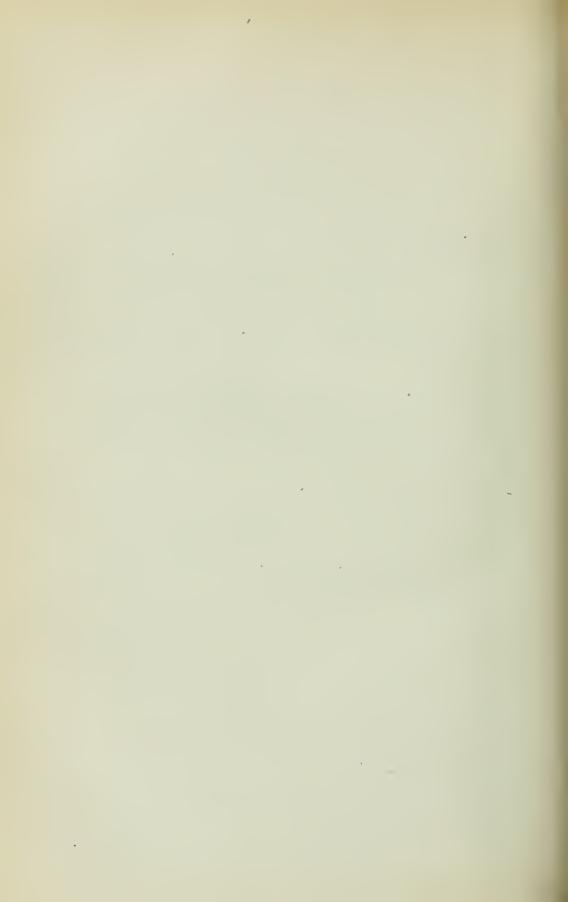
School Instructor.

LIBRARY RETURNS.

Volumes on hand at opening of prison	519
Total on hand at end of year	519
Total issues during the year	3,010

HAROLD KEECH,

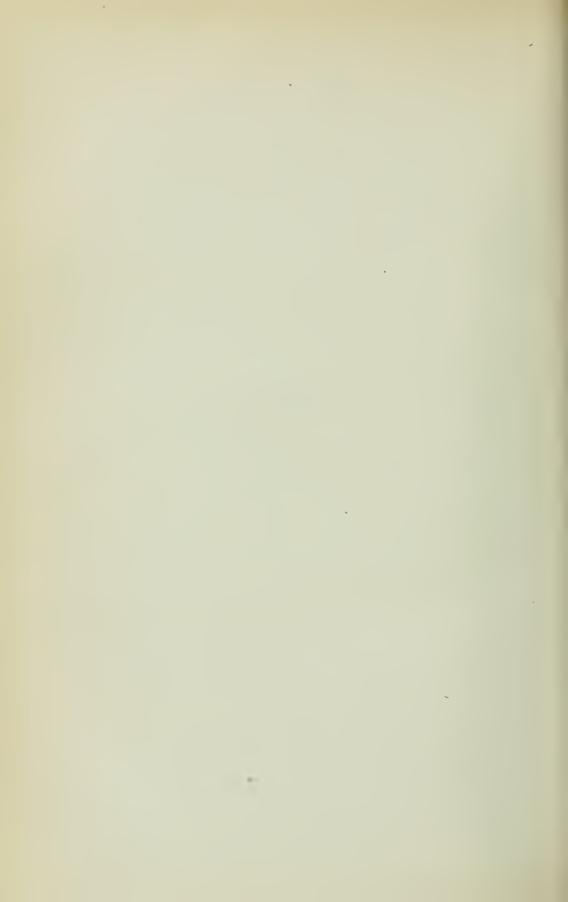
Librarian.



APPENDIX F.

MATRONS REPORTS.

.



KINGSTON.

Kingston, April 1, 1912.

To the Warden,-

Sir,—I beg to submit my annual report of the female prison. At present there are 8 prisoners. There were 4 received, 4 discharged and 4 released on parole.

The prisoners have been very industrious and their conduct very satisfactory.

R. A. FAHEY

Matron.

WORK DONE IN FEMALE WARD.

Number of articles.		Equal to days.	Rate per day.	Amount.	Total.
187 864 277 251 482 1,842 113 590 108 48 98	For Male Department. Night shirts Handkerchicfs Socks Sheets Pillow slips. Towels Bed ticks Striped shirts Contract shirts Table napkins Bandages and swabs for hospital Discharge outfits Laundry for police mess, hospital, &c Officers' laundry (revenue) For Female Department.	9 48		\$ cts. 37 40 14 40 55 40 12 40 1 60 1 60 5 60 118 00 21 60 0 80 1 80 9 60 39 75 66 00	\$ cts.
	Making clothing, washing, cooking and cleaning	1,59514	0 20	319 05	319 05
	Totals	3,04134			714 00

R. A. FAHEY
Matron.

DORCHESTER.

Dorchester, N.B., April 1, 1912.

To the Warden,-

I have the honour to present my report of the female department for the year ended March 31, 1912.

On April 1st, 1911, there were eight female prisoners, since then two have been received, four discharged by expiration of sentence, one paroled, and one given a conditional pardon, leaving four at present in this department.

I am pleased to be able to state that the industry of the women has been good, and their conduct with one exception very satisfactory.

Yours respectfully,

E. McMAHON,

Matron.

RETURN OF WORK DONE IN FEMALE WARD.

Number of articles.		Equal to days.	Rate per day.	Amount.	Total.
60 7,324 16 400 394 257 36	For Male Department. Pairs socks Pairs socks repaired Pairs mittens. Sheets Pillow cases Towels Table napkins Washing for officials (revenue)	$35\frac{1}{20}$ 971 $14\frac{3}{10}$ $100\frac{1}{20}$ $100\frac{1}{20}$ 33 3 $26\frac{7}{10}$		\$ cts. 7 11 194 20 2 86 20 01 20 03 6 60 0 60 5 34	\$ cts.
6	For Female Prison. Outfits for discharged	60 1,095	0 20 0 20	12 00 219 00	231 00

ALBERTA.

EDMONTON, ALTA., April 1, 1912.

To the Warden,

Sir,—I have the honour to submit my report of the female department for

the year ended March 31, 1912.

On March 31, 1911, there were four female prisoners. During the year eight have been received, three have been released on parole and one died, leaving eight at present in this department.

I am pleased to say that the conduct and industry of the women have been

very good.

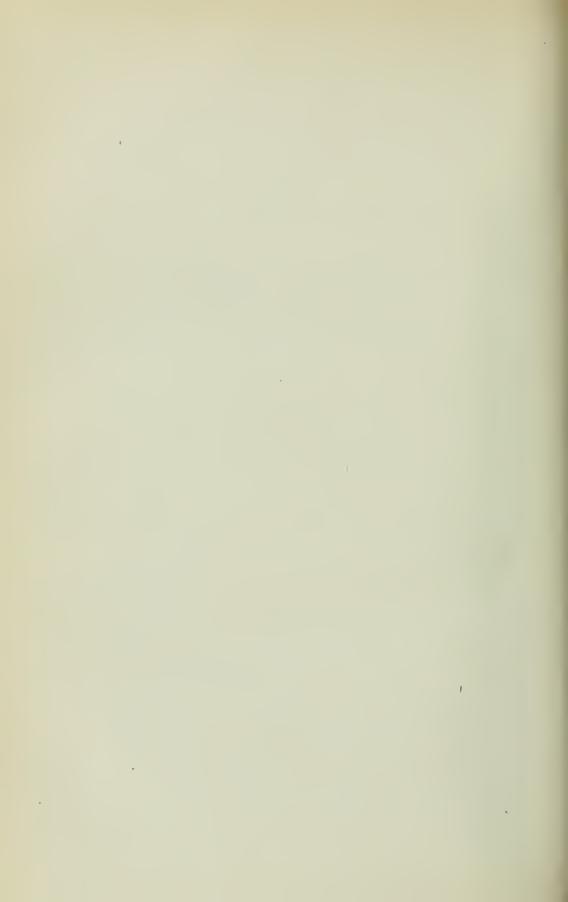
Yours respectfully,

ELIZABETH CUMMINGS,

Matron.

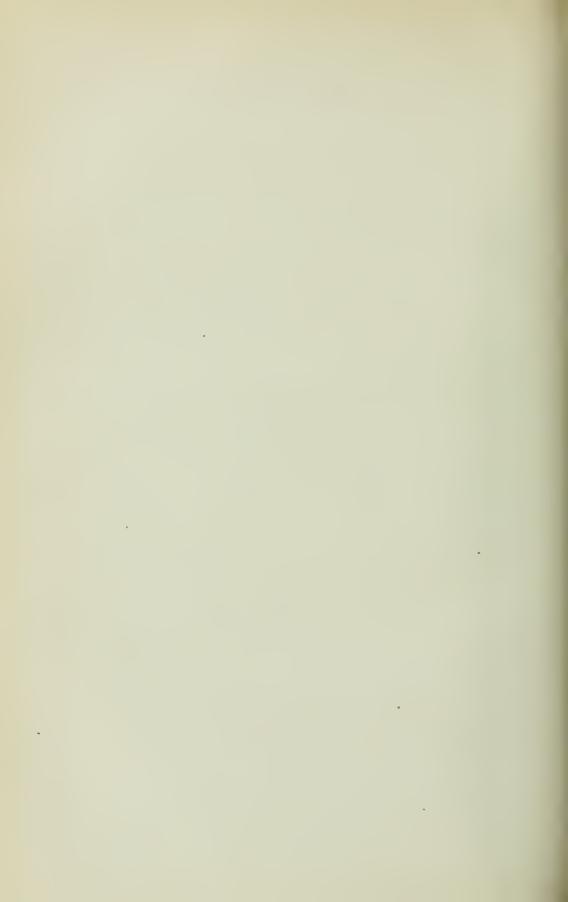
WORK DONE IN FEMALE WARD.

Number of articles.		Equal to days.	Rate per day.	Amount.	Total.
1,029 72 8 127 107 72 90 54 333 3	Work done for Male Prison. Freedom shirts. Masons' gloves. Masons' mitts. Pillow cases (officers). Pillow cases (convicts). Sheets. Bath towels. Cell towels. Duffles. Top shirts (convict). Sleeve protectors. Top shirts (cooks). Handkerchiefs. Repairs to clothing, &c. Work done for Female Prison.	249 7 7 14 191/2 3 3 71/2 82 1/2 3 4 565	\$ cts. 0 20 0 20 0 20 0 20 0 20 0 20 0 20 0	\$ ets. 0 90 48 90 1 40 0 05 1 00 3 90 0 60 0 60 1 50 16 40 0 10 0 60 0 80 113 00	\$ cts.
3 12 16 6	Discharge outfits. Dresses (convicts) Underclothing. Aprons. Capes. Uniform (matron). Cleaning, washing, &c. Total work done for male prison. Total work done for female prison.			3 20 2 00 2 00 0 60 1 20 0 80 164 00	175 00 365 65



APPENDIX G

CRIME STATISTICS



MOVEMENT OF CONVICTS

KINGSTON.

	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
In custody, March 31st, 1911	159 13	2 2	161 15	488	14	502
" forfeiture of parole	6		6	178	4	182
Discharged since— By expiration of sentence. pardon. parole. deportation death.	84 3 77 10 6	5	89 3 81 10 7	180	18	684 190
In custody, March 31, 1912				486	8	494

^{*}Including four deported at expiration of sentence.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

	Male.	Female.	Total.	Grand Total.
n custody, March 31, 1911. Received from common jails Paroles Iorfeited Paroles revoked.	476 174 2 2	2	476 176 2 2	656
Discharged during the year—. By expiration of sentence " pardon " parole " deportation " death " escape	123 8 65 6 2			
" transfer to Kingston		2		214
n custody, March 31, 1912.				442

DORCHESTER.

	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Remaining at midnight, March 31, 1911	247 80	8 2	255 82	327	10	337
Discharged since—. By expiration of sentence. " parole. " pardon " deportation. " transfer. " death	41 61 2 2 2 2 3	4 1 1 1	45 62 3 2 2 2	111	6	117
Remaining at midnight, March 31, 1912				216	4	220

MANITOBA.

Remaining at midnight, March 31, 1911	173
Received since from common jails	95
Recaptured	1
Discharged:—	269
By expiration of sentence. " parole. " deportation " death " escape. " transfer to Kingston. " transfer to Alberta. " returned (insane when received).	26 46 5 2 1 4 1
Remaining at midnight, March 31, 1912	<u>86</u> *183

^{*}Including five convicts in Selkirk asylum.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Remaining at midnight, March 31, 1911	260		260
From common jails. Revocation of license. Recaptured.	162 4 1		168
	427	1	428
Discharged since— By expiration of sentence " deportation " pardon " parole " transfer to Edmonton.	23 10 2 55		
" death " escape	†5 †5	1	
	96	1	97
Remaining at midnight, March 31, 1912			*301

^{*}This includes two convicts in the provincial hospital for the insane.

†This includes two convicts who escaped form the provincial hospital for the insane.

ALBERTA.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Remaining at midnight, March 31, 1911	195	4	199
From common jails		4 4	99
	286	12	298
Discharged since— By parole " pardon " deportation. " expiration of sentence " transfer. " death " escape.	6 13 36	3 0 0 0 0 0 1	69 1 6 13 36 5
	127	4	131
Remaining at midnight, March 31, 1912			167

4

SASKATCHEWAN.

	Malc.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
In custody, March 31st, 1911						Nil
From common jails. "other penitentiaries. "recapture " forfeiture of parole	36 1 1		36 1 1	65	2	67
Discharged since— By expiry of sentence " parole " deportation " escape	3 2 1		3 2 1			
" escape " transfer to Alberta penitentiary	<u> </u>	2	1 2	7	2	9
Remaining in custody, March 31st, 1912						58

^{*}One convict from Kingston penitentiary who had forfeited his license was committed to serve unexpired time in Saskatchewan penitentiary.

MOVEMENTS OF CONVICTS FOR PAST TEN YEARS.

KINGSTON.

[]	r£6•	Баі]у аvета	455	451	443	455	461	463	535	571	520	487
	ag Je	.lstoT	4433	4:18	4.18	460	458	488	570	558	505	49.1
1/2	Remaining at end of yeur.	Female.	===	=	1-0	01	=	<u>01</u>	13	20	7	œ
	Ren at a	Male.	430	437	=	120	444	176	557	538	488	486
		Total	149	150	139	156	117	151	163	215	232	96
1	Totul.	Female.	- ⁷³ .	•	2	61	©1	or.	IQ.	6	00	0
	-	Male.	=	7	132	75	115	133	158	200	224	081
1	nns oms	Female.			-	:	:	-	:	:	-	:
1	Truns- fers to asylums	Male.		:	_	_	23	:	:	20	23	
1	Removed by order of court.	Male,	_	=	1		-	-		:	01	
	Other peniten- tiaries.	Male.	2/	**	-		_	©3		:	-	
Discurrees.	Escapes.	Male.					_	-				:
GILA	Deported.	Female.		-:-	-	-		-		-	-	
D _{rs}		Male.	:	<u>:</u>	- 21	:	:	_	51	=	1 18	
	ole.	Female.	:			:				:		
	Pardons. Deuths. Parole.	Male.	*	3	27	47	37	52	58	89	83	77
	tbs.	Female.		:				_	_			_
	Den	Male.	=	==	ဏ	\$-	1-	ici.	2	12	12	9
	ons.	Female.	-	23	~	:		_	:	_	63	:
	Pard	Male.	01	9	7	6		œ	5.3	63	\$1	ಣ
		Female.	77	-	ಬ	C3	-	21	er ~	7	7	r3
	Expiry of sentence	Male.	200	8	833	0°C	54	7:1	86	107	105	₹
	e e	Total.	132	155	139	168	1155	181	245	203	176	182
1	Admission	Female.	***	7	77	5	9	9	9	16	21	~
f	Adh	Male.	129	151	136	163	109	175	239	187	174	178
	Years.		1902-03	1903-04	1904–65.	1905-06.	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909–10.	1910-11	1911-12

*Including 4 deported after expiration of sentence.

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

											3	GE	ORGE	-
1		• ৬৯৮	Daily aver	336	346	365	380	403	392	457	536	498	461	1
		Remaining at to be end to be year.	Male.	335	365	357	110	-102	101	510	533	476	4.12	
			Total.	145	1333	7	125	Ξ	17.5	171	201	247	214	
		Total.	Female.	200	63	-	:	::	-	7	91	:	C'S	
		I.	Male.	142	131	1.13	125	128	171	167	191	247	212	
	GES.	Deported.	Male.	1	:	:	:	_	51	2.5	=	10	9	
	Discharges	ns- red ther ten- ies.	Female.	65	63	_		::	÷	7	0.	:	. c1	
	Drs	Trans- ferred to other peniten- tiaries.	Male.	7	L-	51	-		21	φ	-	₹	1~	
-		Escape.			-		:		:		:	-		
۱		Death.	-	63	¢1	ಭ	23	_	1-	1.0	7.0	2)		
		Parole.	Male.	28	35	£	46	33	45	57	65	75	65	
		Pardon.	Male.	6	ro	<u>x</u>	n-je	7.3	r.c	3.)	r3		oc	
		Expiration of sentence.	Male.	100	81	87	89	255	116	107	101	152	123	
		otal.	Total.	135	163	136	178	123	174	280	223	190	180	
		Grand total	Female.	7	1	_	:	00	-		10	:	63	
	NS.	Gra	Male.	131	162	135	178	120	170	276	214	190	178	
	Apmissions	Other peniten- tiaries.	Male.	-	35	:	:	-		:	:		:	
	Aps	Reformatory.	Male.		ಣ	:	:	_		:	:	:	:	
ij		Com- mon jail.	Female.	4	1	_	:	5.5	77	-	0	:	C3	
		-	Male.	130	124	135	178	118	168	276	214	190	178	
		In custody begin- ning of the year.		345	335	365	357	410	402	101	510	533	476	
		Years.		1903-01	1904–05	1905-06.	1906-07.			1909–10.	1910-11	1911–12		

DORCHESTER.

5:17 Daily average. Total. of year, ¢1 Female, Remaining at the end Male. Total. Total. G Female. Ξ Male. tianes. 0.1 Male. Other peniten-Removed by order of court. **C1** DISCHARGES. Deported. Male. Female. Deaths. G3 Male. Female. Parole. Male. C3 Pardon. Male. Female. sentenee. Expiry of Male. Total. Total. C.1 Female. Male. ADMISSIONS. parole, Porfeiture of Other peniten-tiaries. Reformatory. Male. Military prisoners. Male. о 1 ı Female. Common jails. 10:1 Male. In Custody beginning of year. .IstoT io ¢, CI Female, Male. Years. 1911-12.... 1905-06... ...80--206 902-03... 1903-04... 906-07... 904-05. 908-09 909 - 10. 910-11.

(conditional pardon.) 'Including one from reformatory. | Including one by order of minister of justice (female.) | Including one female

MANITOBA.

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

		Daily average.	120	144	177	203	191	140	129	158	163	174
	at ar.	Total.	140	156	190	216	175	120	144	165	173	*183
	In eustody at end of year	Female.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	In eustody at end of year.	Male.	140	156	190	216	175	120	144	165	173	183
		Total.	43	66	7.1	85	98	97	53	63	83	82
	Total.	Female.	:	C.1	-	23	:	:	:	7	:	
	T	Male.	43	26	20	833	98	97	533	62	83	84
	To provincial suthorities.	Male.		:		:	:		:	-	ಣ	
	Deportation.	Male.	:		:			್	C.S	න	75	55
	Deaths.	Male.	1	0.0	51	ಬಾ	23	22	:	1		61
83	Paroles.	Male.	9	10	14	25	31	40	22	22	32	46
Discharges	Escapes.	Male.		63	C)	2	:	:		-		
Disc	tiaries.	Female.			_	¢.3	:	:	:	_	:	_
	ot berrelearen- netineg redto	Male,	:	37	:	:	2.4	4	71		23	77
	Ратдолед.	Male.	7	9	=	- 9	ಬ	ಣ	-	:	:	:
	Expiration of sentence.	Male.	32	39	40	47	56	44	24	28	40	36
		Total.	78	115	105	111	45	42	22	1 8	06	95
	Total.	Female.		63	¢3	63	:	:	:		:	
ons,	Т	Male.	78	113	103	109	45	42	77	83	90	16
ADMISSIONS.	.1	Весаргите	:	63	:	:	1	:	¢3	:	:	:
AD	entiaries.	Other peni		:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	-
	count nous no	Female.	:	¢1		63	:	. :	:	-	:	Ħ
	Common jails.	Male.	78	111	103	109	7	42	75	80	90	3
.T.	say do gainnigad te	In custody	105	140	156	190	216	175	120	144	165	173
				:				:		:	:	:
	Years,											
			1902–03	1903-04	1904–05	1905–06	1906–07	1907–08	1908–09	1909–10	1910–11	1911–12

 $\ ^*$ Including 5 convicts at Selkirk asylum.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 34

2121213 134 178 226 290 Daily average. In custody at end of year. 818 152 209 260 39 42 37 204 1331 Total. Total. # 65 29 17 39 69 88 75 97 3 Total. Female, 17 65 17 39 96 37 89 90 87 94 Male. order of court. C3 63 03 Alale. Кетолец Бу Sent to indus-linal school. Male. Deported Male. 9 9 DISCHARGES. Female. penitentiaries. Sent to other .9lsM 15 28 55 24 Male. Paroled. Returned to pro-slight laisury C.1 Male. 40 Male. Escaped. Sent to asylum. Male. C1 Male. Death. 6 63 01 63 CI Male. By pardon. 18 sentence 25 22 25 26 31 29 32 23 Male. By expiration of 891 59 50 3 84 93 .lstoT Total. Female. 12 92 \$ 59 50 83 167 34 2 Male. Male. Surrendered. ADMISSIONS. Returned by order of court. Male. Male. Recaptured. Other penitentiaries. 23 01 License revoked. Female. Jails. кіой сошшов 49 891 140 162 47 7 59 34 83 801 Male. 139 1+2 152 506 260 95 94 601 204 In custody beginning of year. Years. 905-06. .909-101910-11 1911-12. .902 - 03903-04 80-206 70-906 908 - 909

This includes two convicts who escaped from the provincial hospital for the insane. This includes two convicts in the provincial hospital for the insane.

ALBERTA-Six Years.

		Daily aver	57 41	02 08	98 16	148 112	199 177	891 291
į	d of ar.	Total.	<u>:</u>	ಣ	71	2	7	8
	Remaining at end of year.	Female.	57	22	82	146	195	159
		Male.		25	49	50 1	67 1	131
	Total.	Total.		-:		4,		3 1
	To	Male.	: 	25	48	-94	67	128
	sq	Female.	:	-:-		•	:	
	eath	Male.	_ :			: =		4
	So I	Female.	:	:		:		:
	Escapes. Deaths	Male.			:	<u>c1</u>	:	-
GES.	penitentiaries.	Female.	:	:	:	:	:	•
DISCHARGES.	ot berrelearer redio	Male.			:	C3	:	 †36
Disc		Female.	_ [:		-	:	:
	Deported.	Male.	_ <u> </u>	-	ಣ	63	9	9
	oles.	Female.	:	:	7	-	:	ಣ
	Pardons Paroles.	Male.	- 9	17	39	31	45	99
	dons	Female.	:	:	•	*	:	:
	Par	Male.		4	ಣ		63	-
	sentence.	Female.	:	:	:			
	Expiration of	Male.					12	1
	ions.	Total.	99	48	3	107	118	66
	Admissions.	Female.		ر ت	63	0.3	63	
	Ad	Male.	99	45	58	105	116	91
	Years.		1906-07	80–2061	1908-09	1909–10	1910–11.	1911-12

* Released on order of court, # Hanged.

SASKATCHEWAN-One Year.

The custody beginning of year. Alale, From other common jails. Female.	SESSIONAL	PAPER No. 34							
Male. Pernale. Pernale. Male. Pernale. Male. Pernale. Male. Pernale. Male. Male. Pernale. Male.	4	erage.	Daily av	24.2					
The custody beginning of year. SANATCHEMANN The custody beginning of year. Sale. Themale. Themale. The captured. The ca	у.еат.	In custody at end of	Male.	55					
And the custody beginning of year. Stands			Total.	6					
And the custody beginning of year. Stands		ofal.	Female.	C1					
Agamate, From Sale, From other Common jails. Male, From other Common jails. Promother Commo		Ĕ	Male.	<u>.</u>					
AANKA CHEWAN STANKA CHEWAN STA		Died.							
The custody beginning of year. SANEAR STORM of Periods of Pears and Second Sec	±,		Male.						
The custody beginning of year. SANEAR STORM of Periods of Pears and Second Sec	ARGE			63					
The custody beginning of year. SANEAR STORM of Periods of Pears and Second Sec	Hosp	to other							
AARANA SARANA SA	<u> </u>			— <u>.</u>					
AARACOLEGA To Comming of 7'ear. Male. Female. From other generation of parole. Female. Forestured. Female. Forestured. Female. Forestured. Forestured	*			C1					
AARKANARAS And			- alel	0					
AARKANARA Langer									
A Male. Forming of year. The custody beginning of year. From other common jails. From other common jails. Male. Male. From other common jails. Male. From other common jails. Male. Male. From other common jails. Male. M			Male.						
The custody beginning of year. Male. From other		=i	Total.						
The custody beginning of year. Male. From other	i de l	Tog	Female.						
In custody beginning of year.	The The		Male.						
In custody beginning of year.	, tu	Forfeiture of parole.		0					
In custody beginning of year.	WAN DISKE	Recaptured.	Male.						
In custody beginning of year.	wax.	From other penitentiaries.	Male.	36					
In custody beginning of year.	Z		Female,	21					
In custody beginning of year.	200	From	Male.	85					
	7.	In custody beginning of year.							
		Veur.		1911-12					

RECOMMITMENTS.

KINGSTON.

Name.	Recommit- ments.	Crime.	Where Sentenced.	Date of Sentence.	Term.
W. Chapman Isaac Lotteridge H. Quackenbush F. Lawrenee H. Waldheim P. Canfield M. Dyer J. Britton Jos. Smith John Yade	1 3 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1	Receiving stolen goods. Theft of horse and buggy. Shopbreaking and theft. Housebreaking with intent. Assault and robbery. Shopbreaking and theft. Robbery. Housebreaking and theft. Theft of horse. " and cattle (including balance of former	Milton. Toronto. Belleville. "Guelph. Trenton. Toronto. "Renfrew.	May 12, 1911 May 23, 1911 May 29 1911 May 29, 1911 May 29, 1911 June 10, 1911 Aug. 4, 1911 Aug. 8, 1911 Aug. 5, 1911	4 " 4 " 10 " 12 " 13 " 16 "
S. Prince. W. Marshall. W. Munn. P. S. Wagar. H. Johnson.		Forgery Rape Horse Stealing (including balance of former sentence)	Arnprior Toronto Ottawa Napanee Kingston	Aug. 29, 191; Aug. 29, 191; Aug. 31, 191; Oct. 10, 191; Oct. 21, 191	2 years. 7 months
F. Graham	1 1 2	Theft from the person	LindsayGoderich	Dec. 1, 191 Nov. 10, 191 Dec. 13, 191	1 7 " 1 6 " . 2 months
R. Cook	2	Stealing Burglary Shooting with intent to do grievous bodily harm robbery and attempt to	Cobalt	Jan. 29, 191	2 3 "
G. W. Smith		escape from jail. Assault, robbery and wounding (Parole forfeiture)	Toronto	Nov. 23, 190	0 2 " . 8 months,
D. McGrain		Manslaughter. (Parole forfeiture)			14 days. 9 4 months,
Levi Bauman	. 1	(Parole forfeiture). Shopbreaking and theft (Parole forfeiture)			9 11 months, 9 days.
A. Bonnar	. 1	Horse stealing, escape from penitentiary and breaking prison	Winnipeg	. May 25, 191	1 7 years.
W. Johnson	. 1		. London	May 6, 190	2. 1 year. 8 1 year, 11 months, 6 days.
G. La Motte	. 1	Highway robbery and escap	. "	. Feb. 26, 191	2 7 years.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

Name.	Re com- mitments.	Crime.	Where sentenced.	Date of sentence.	Term.
Amyot Tanerède Allard Arthur Anderson William Bouchard, Joseph Bélauger, Désiré Beaudin, Osias Bouchard, Joseph Beaudry, Albert fils, Caroa, J. Emile Deneault, Octave	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Theft. Theft from the person. Having housebreaking tools. Theft. Housebreaking with intent. Incest and poisoning cattles. Shopbreaking with intent. Theft by servant. " Obtaining money by false pretenses. Infliction receives hoddly harm.	QuebecSt Hyacinthe MontrealQuebec Montreal	Feb. 6, 1912 May 19, 1911 July 5, 1911 Sept. 26, 1911 Oct. 21, 1911 Jan. 11, 1912 Mch. 12, 1912 Oct. 20, 1911	4 " 5 " 7 " 5 " 2 4 "
Desaultels, Louis Desjardins, Joseph Dupont, Alfred Daudelin, Adélard Evans, James J. Emond, Armand. Foster, Thomas.		Inflicting grevious bodily harm Theft. Shopbreaking. Theft from railway cars. Shopbreaking. Receiving stolen goods. Theft.	Richelieu. Montreal	Dec. 19, 1911 Jan. 11, 1912 Meh. 16, 1912 Dec. 19, 1911 Jan. 25, 1912	21/2 "
Furlong, Philipp. Gagnon, Majorique Gagnon, Oscar. Jeanneau, Stanislas. Joly, Augustin. Lefebvre, Ulric. Lêpine, Arthur. Labranche, Donat. Laramée, Albani. Lauzon, Arthur.	3 1 2 2 2 2 1	Shopbreaking. Theft. Shopbreaking. Theft. Housebreaking. Theft. Shopbreaking with intent. Robbery. Obtaining money by false pre-	st. Francis Montreal	Aug. 31, 1911 Oct. 13, 1911 June 9, 1911 June 27, 1911 Apl. 20, 1911 Apl. 21, 1911 May 4, 1911 Jan. 11, 1912	2 years. 4 " 2 " 7 " 2 " 5 " 5 " 3 "
Lefebvre, Magloire Lafleur, Arthur- Lavoie Lèvesque, Georges Major, Osias Mooney, James	3	Obtaining money by false pretenses Shopbreaking with intent Shopbreaking "Shopbreaking with intent Theft	Montreal	Feb. 13, 1912	2 5 "
Plante, Louis	3 1 2 1	Aggravated assaut and resist- ing peace officer Theft Horse stealing Theft by servant	Quebec. Montreal St. Francis Montreal	June 6, 1911 June 27, 1911 Aug. 1, 1911 Aug. 3, 1911	5 " 1 2½ " 1 8 " 2 5 years, 1 m.8 days.
Parent, William Quintal, Adrien Roy, Alfred Roy, Arthur Ryan, William Robillard, Elic	1 1	Attempt at shopbreaking Shopbreaking and theft Theft Shopbreaking "False pretenses	St. Francis Montreal	April 8, 1911 July 6, 1911 June 7, 1910 July 11, 1911	2 " 3 " Bal. 2 yrs. term. 3 years. 3 years.
Reid, Edward Ramson, Joseph Séguin, Emile Turcotte, Eugène Toranto, Frank. Vermette, Elzéar. Villemaire, Antonio. Vézeau, Pierre. Viens, Omer	5 1 1	Shopbreaking 'Theft Receiving stolen goods Bigamy and perjury Wounding with intent. Shopbreaking and theft. Theft Rohbery Theft	Quebee Montreal Quebec Montreal Montrea	July 13, 1911 Aug. 31, 1911 May 22, 1911 Oct. 5, 1911 Jan. 11, 1912	3 " 1 3 " 1 5 " 3 "

DORCHESTER.

Name.	Re com- mitments.	Crime.	Where sentenced.	Date of sente		Term.
White, James Barker, Robert	2	Breaking, entering and stealing Stealing horse and waggon Wounding with intent to maim,	King's Co., N.S		1911 1911	3 years.
Hector, George		carnally knowing woman Arson and stealing horse and	St. John, N.B.	July 5,	1911	25 "
Power, William		wagon	Dorchester, NB	Sept. 7,	1911	
Walsh, George alias			P.E.I		1912	
William G. Wells	1	Indecent assault	Annapolis, N.S.	Jan. 17,	1912	8 mos. 22
Gordon, Charles Higgins, William	1 1	Breaking, entering and stealing Breaking, entering and stealing	Halifax, N.S King's Co., N.S			days. 7 yrs. 1 day 5 yrs. & months.

MANITOBA.

		MANITOBA.				
Murphy, E	1 2 1	Shopbreaking and theft Stealing a horse Robbery Housebreaking, theft	Macleod Winnipeg	Oct. Oct. Oct. May	9, 20, 26, 14,	1905 14 years, 1905 10 " 1906 7 " 1907 24 "
Brown, T. W		Theft and obtaining signature by false pretenses.	46	March	12,	1908 7 "
Cyncar, R	1	Shopbreaking and theft, for- feited license		May	12,	1908 4 yrs. 11 mos. 5 days.
Lawrence, J		Robbery and forfeited license.	+	Feb.	5,	1909 4 yrs., 9 months, 13 days.
Massey, J	1	Forgery and uttering and for- feited license		July	7,	1909 6 years, 7 months, 26 days.
McVicar, J		Theft and forfeited license		Sept.		1909 4 years, 10 months, 15 days.
Gilboy, M	3	Theft and attempted escape	**	Feb. June	23,	1910 2 years, 1910 10 months.
Munroe, J.: Larsen, E. E Carson, J Newton, J.	1 2 2 1	Robbery with violence	Winnipeg	Sept. Oct. Nov. Nov.	11, 5,	1910 3 years 1910 2 " 1910 15 " 1910 14 "
McItroy, W. Kaiser, J. McManus, C. A		Buggery	44	March April June	5, 7,	1911 2 " 1911 6 " 1911 2 "
Carlsen, J	1	Theft and forfeited license		June July	19, 18,	1911 3 " 1911 3 " 11 months, 12 days.
Harker, C		Revoked license		Aug.	17.	1911 5 years. 4 months.
Allan, J		Forgery and uttering and for- feited license	Winnipeg	Oct.	12,	1911 7 years, 9 months, 4 days.
Ward, M		Theft from person and forfeited license	Winnipeg	Dec.	13.	1911/3 years. 9 months. 24 days.
Gibson, G	1	Assault, occasioning hodily harm. Theft and forfeited license	::Pt. Arthur	Dec. Dec.		1911 3 years. 1911 3 years. 2 months,
Missell, D	1	Their and folicited heebse	windipeg	1760;		

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Name.	Re com- mitments.	Crime.	Where sentenced.	of	Date sentend	·e.		Term.
Chapman, Edward alias Edward Myers Smith, A	1	Househreaking	Vancouver	May Aug.	6, 23,		3 6	years, years, months, days.
Dewar, A. J Pulford, Dennis Cameron, Donald alias	1	Obtaining money under false pretenses	Vancouver New Westm'ter.	Oct. Oct.		1911 1911		years.
Jas. Wallace Joe, Lee Wah Sing alias Gin	1 1	Assault on a peace officer Breaking, entering and stealing				1911 1912		44
Gah Dick Yutoski, J Callahan, Pat	3	Breaking, entering and stealing Forgery Stealing	Vancouver	Feb.	21,	1912	5	44
							1	

ALBERTA.

Cotton, Frank	Horse stealing Horse stealing Cattle stealing and unexpired	Macleod, Alta Sept.		
Pettipiece, Morris	time Theft and unexpired time Theft and unexpired time	Calgary, Alta Dec.	11,	1912 1912 1912 1912

SASKATCHEWAN.

Smith, Alonzo D	1	Buggery Horsestealing. Breaking parole.	Battleford	June	16,	1909 1911	
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WHERE SENTENCED.

KINGSTON.

Where sentenced.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Where sentenced.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Algoma Brant Carleton Dufferin Elgin Essex Frontenae Grey Haldimand Hatton Hastings Huron Kent Lambton Lanark Leeds and Grenville Lennox and Addington Lincoln Middlesex Muskoka Nipissing Norfolk Northumberland and Durham Ontario Oxford Parry Sound Peel Peterborough Peterborough Prescott and Russell Prince Edward	17 3 19 22 121 11 6 1 77 74 4 3 17 6 3 11 1 3 10 14 4 2 27 3 3 4 4 10 9 5 5 8 8 8 2 2 1	1	2 12 11 18 7 14 3 18 6 3 3 11 2 27 3 3 4 4 10 9 5 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Simcoe. Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry. Sudbury. Toronto. Thunder Bay. Victoria Waterloo. Welland. Wellington Wentworth. Lytton, B.C. Golden, B.C. Neweastle, N.B. Montreal, P.Q. Kamouraska, P.Q. Pontiac, P.Q. St. Hyaeinthe, P.Q. Antigonish, N.S. Montgomery, P.Q. Quebec. Beauharnois, P.Q. Sweetsburg, P.Q. Three Rivets, P.Q. Dawson, Y.T. Winnipeg, Man. Morden, Man. Battleford, Sask Wolsley, Sask. Halifax, N.S.	1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 3 1 1 8 8 1 1 1	1 1 1	S 9 157 3 2 16 11 1 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 3 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Rainy River	3 6		3 6	Total	486	8	494

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

County or District.	Male.	· County or District.	Male.
Arthabasea. Beauharnois. Bedford. Iberville. Joliette. Kamouraska. Montmagny. Montreal. Ottawa. Pontiac.	4 3 16 1 1 1 4 3 293 9 3	Quebec Richelieu Rimouski St. Francis St. Hyacinthe Terrebonne Three Rivers Total.	6 11 20

DORCHESTER.

District.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	District.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total
Nova Scotia— Halifax. Cumberland. Annapolis. Cape Breton. Pictou. Guyboro. Kings. Colchester. Lunenburg.	33 10 8 34 6 1 5	1	33 10 9 34 7 1 5 12	New Brunswick—Concluded. Gloucester. Northumberland. Sunbury. Madawaska. Victoria. Total.	8 10 2 2 2 6 6	2	8 10 2 2 2 6 6
Digby. Antigonish. Shelburac. Yarmouth.	7 3 4 9		5 7 3 4 9	P. E. Island— Prince. Queea's. King's.	5 12 2		5 12 2
Total	137	2	139	Total	19		19
New Brunswick— St. John. Westmoreland Carleton. Charlotte. York Restigouche Kent	3 4	2	12 8 3 4 2 4	Totals by proviaces— Nova Scotia New Brunswick P. E. Island Total	137 60 19	2 24	139 62 19

MANITOBA.

District.	No.	District.	No.
Manitoba— Brandon. Morden. Minnedosa. Portage la Prairie. Winnipeg	6 1 1 9 122	Ontario—Concluded. Kenora. Nipigon. Port Arthur. Rainy River.	17
Ontario— Fort Frances Fort William	139 5 16	Alberta— Macleod ·	43 1 183

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Asheroft. 3 Nelson. Clinton. 8 New Westminster.	
Clinton. 8 New Westminster.	0.77
	24
Cranbrook	
Dawson	6
Fernie 11 Vancouver	174
Greenwood 2 Vernon.	
Hazelton 1 Victoria	42
Kamloops 16	
Nanaimo	331

ALBERTA.

District.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	District.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Alberta— Calgary Edmonton. Fort Saskatchewan Lethbridge. Medicine Hat. Macleod. Red Deer. Vermilion. Fort Vermilion, Peace River Stratheona. Wetaskiwin.	28 39 5 15 11 16 12 4 1 3 5	3	31 39 5 16 11 16 13 4 1 3 5	Saskatchewan— Battleford. Drinkwater. Moosejaw. Prince Albert. Regina. Viking. Weyburn. York Town. Manitoba— Brandon. Winnipeg.	1 3	1 1 8	1 1 5 2 7 7 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

SASKATCHEWAN.

District.	No.	District.	No.
Battleford	10	Regina Saskatoon Yorkton Total	6

CRIMES COMMITTED

KINGSTON. -

Crime.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.		Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Abduction and seduction	1		1	Indecent assault and burglary.	1		1
" attempted rape and wounding	I		1	" and carnally knowing girl	1		1
Abortion Aiding escape from jail	3		3	Interfering with dead human	_		1
Arson assault and bringing stolen				Involuntary homicide	i		i I
goods into Canada Assault and eausing bodily				Killing two horses	1		
harm	. I		1	Manslaughter Murder Obtaining money by false pre-		2 2	27
" and shooting with in-				tenses	1		1
" with intent to rob	, 2 5			Perjury Procuring	1		Ī
bodily harm	3			Rape and breaking jail	1		1
Attempt to murder and rob-				Rape and attempted murder Receiving stolen goods	3		3
hery with violence. Attempt to murder and horse	1			Robbery and indecent assault	1		1
Attempt to commit rape	6		6	" with intent			0
Attempt to commit buggery Bigamy Bigamy and theft	1 5		5	Shooting with intent to main. Sending a letter with menaces.	5		5
Breaking jail	4			Shopbreakingstealing and escape and attempt to es-	5		
Bringing stolen goods into Canada	2			cape	1		0.77
Canada Buggery Burglary	5 30 2		30	" and theft and at-			
" and escape	7		7	Sodomy	Ţ		
" and highway robbery Carnally knowing girl under 14 years of age		1	1	Stealing	1	1	1 16
Causing grievous bodily harm. Causing explosion likely to en-	1	1	2	" from the person " from railway car	5		. 5
danger life	2			" post letters Subornation of perjury			
Conspiracy Counterfeiting Extortion	1		1	Theft and escape.			
False pretenses " and forgery Forgery	5 4		5	" and assault" of eattle	1		1
Forgery and uttering	7 6		7	" of harness and grain	1		1
Gross indecency	7		_	" and forgery " and false pretenses " and receiving	. 1		1
sives, &c., and forgery	1			" and making false doeu- ment		,	
" and breaking jail Househreaking	2		. 2	Uttering forged document			6
" and shop breaking and theft	2	1,	. 2	Wilfully causing explosion Wounding	3		3 6
" and attempted murder	2		1	" and robbery	. 1		. 1
Incest " and carnally knowing girl	14			" with intent, received ing stolen goods			
under 14 years of age Indecent assault	1			nnd seduction Wounding with a knife	. 1		. 1
" and assault caus- ing bodily harm.				Total		8	
		1					

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

Crime.	Male.	Crime.	Male
Aggravated robbery. " and resisting peace officer. Assault eausing bodily harm. " with intent to rob carrying a weapon to rob. Assisting escape and burglary. Attempt to commit murder. " to sticide. " to rape and robbery. " to arson and theft. Arson. " and theft Bigamy " and perjury. Buggery. Breaking and entering. Breaking, entering and damage. Burglary. Breaking and entering a bank house. " a car and stealing therefrom a warehouse. Conspiracy to defraud. Carnally knowing girl under 14 years of age. Committing bestiality upon a mare. Escape from jail, &c. Forgery " and shopbreaking " and shopbreaking " and of orgery. Gross indecenty " and theft. Having housebreaking tools. Indecent assault. " and theft " and injury to his wife. Incest " and poisoning cattle.	10 1 2 1 2 2 9 2 1 1 1 3 1 7 2 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 3 1 1 2 2 3 1 1 1 1	Inflicting bodily harm with intent so to do. Mischief. Murder Manslaughter. Obtaining money under false pretenses Possession of counterfeit bank notes " of explosive substances. Rape. Robbery " with violence Receiving stolen goods. Sending letters demanding money with menaces Shooting with intent to murder " to do grievous bodily harm. Sodomy and gross indecency. Shopbreaking " and arson " and theft Safe and shopbreaking Theft " in church " by servant " with nesault " from railway cars " from railway station " from railway station " from the person and assault " and robbery " by breaking.&c " and escape from jail " with threats Wounding " with intent so to do " and extertion " with intent to disfigure " and attempt to escape Wilfully causing an explosion likely to endanger life	1 1 1 5 6 6 2 2 18 8 5 5 5 3 2 2 6 5 5 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

DORCHESTER.

Crime.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Crime Remaic.	Total.
Attempted rape and assault occasioning actual bodily harm. Attempted burglary. "murder. rape. Assault. "with intent to rob. "occasioning bodily harm. Assaulting peace officer. Assault and robbery. Arson. Burglary. Buggery. Breaking, entering and stealing.	3 1 1 2 2 4 1 1 3 2 2 2		1 1 2 2 2 4 1 1 3 2 2 2 2	Breaking and entering with intent and escape	3 1 1 1 2 1 4 8 1 1 3

DORCHESTER—Concluded.

Crime.	Male.	Pemale,	Total.	Crime.	Male.	Female.	Total.
House breaking and rape " horse stealing Indecent assault Incest Manslaughter Murder Malicious injury, arson and theft Obtaining goods on false pretenses. Perjury Putting obstruction on f.C.R Robbery " with violence Rape Receiving stolen goods " money Stealing " horse, wagon and harness " and robbery " horses and wagons and arson	1 2 4 14 2 1 3 2 1 1 1 5 6 1 48 5	1 2	2 4 14 2 1 3 2 1 1 1 5 7	Stealing with violence. Shooting to murder and wounding "with intent to disable Shop breaking and wounding to prevent arrest. Theft from the person "prison breaking and escape. Unlawfully wounding with intent to do grievous bodily harm. Unlawfully wounding with intent to murder Wounding with intent to murder and carnally knowing woman. Wilful injury to property Total	3 2 1 3 3 1 2 1		3 2 1 3 3 1

MANITOBA.

Crime.	Male.	Crime.	Male.
Altering and uttering a cheque Arson Assaulting a peace officer Assault, aggravated on wife " and causing bodily harm " and inflicting grievous bodily harm oceasioning bodily harm Attempt to rob. Bigamy Blackmail. Buggery " antempted Burglary " and shopbreaking " " theft Carnal knowledge and seduction " " of girl under 14 " " " 16 Carnally knowing sister Causing actual bodily harm Doing Forgery " and fraud " " theft " " uttering " " uttering " " uttering and forfeited license " " uttering and theft Housebreaking and theft Housebreaking and theft Indecent Indecent Indecent Manslaughter Murder " attempted Obtaining money by false pretenses " tools by false pretenses, stealing, perjury Procuring a woman to be a prostitute	1	Robbery " and forfeited license " and attempt to commit robbery " attempt to commit robbery " shooting with intent Robbery while armed " with arms " " violence " " and theft from person. Shooting with intent " " and theft " " to do grievous bodily harm Shopbreaking " and forfeited license " and robbery " and robbery " and theft Shopbreaking with intent. Stealing horse " post letters " " forgery and uttering " money. Theft " and attempted arson " contributing to delinquency of a juvenille Theft and falsifying books " forfeited license " obtaining signature under false pretenses Theft and receiving stolen goods " attempt to escape " from the person " " and forfeited license " " theft, forgery and uttering " " and forfeited license " " theft from dwelling-house " " and and forfeited license " " and inflicting bodily harm " with breaking in the store " and inflicting bodily harm " with intent	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Receiving stolen goods " " money Revoked license	1 1 1	" to maim	153

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Crime. Male. Crime. M	Male. Crime. Male
Attempt to break and enter	Having stolen property in his possession Housebreaking with intent Indecent assault. Murder Manslaughter Obtaining money by false pretenses. Procuring. Possession of instruments of housebreaking. Rape Robbery. With violence. H. M. mail Stealing. With violence. Maleiously wounding. From the person. Schopbreaking. Sending threatening letter. Shooting. Theft. With violence. Unlawful wounding. "" to do grievous bodily harm. Wounding with intent to murder and stealing. Total. Total. 33 Having stolen property in his possession. 6 6 6 6 7 8 Murder Murder with intent to murder and stealing. Total. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

ALBERTA.

Crime.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male. Wale.
Abducting a girl under fourteen Arson Attempt to murder "commit sodomy Assisting an escape from custody. Assault "and theft from person "and causing bodily harm. Buggery "and rape. Burglary "and theft Bigamy Cattle stealing. Conspiring to defraud. Entering and stealing. Forgery "and uttering "and uttering "and uttering "and theft. False pretenses Getting security by false pretenses Failing to procure medical aid at child birth Having carnal knowledge Harboring a young girl under 18 years of age	2 4 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 1 4 1 2 2 1 1 5 5 1 3 4 1 2 1 1 5 5 1 3 1 4 1 2 1 1 5 1 3 1 4 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1		1 2 3 1 1 1 7 7 8 1 4 2 5 1 3 4 1 2 1 1 2 2 1	Highway robbery.

SASKATCHEWAN.

		<u> </u>	
Crime.	No.	Crime.	No.
Assaulting wife Assault with intent. Arson. Bigamy. Buggery. Burglary " and theft. Breaking parole. Conspiracy " and assault Carnal knowledge of girl 14 years. Forgery False pretenses.	1 1 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 8 3	Forgery and uttering. Frand and conspiracy. Horse stealing. Incest. Indecent assault. Manslaughter Murder. Perjury. Procuring girl to become prostitute. Receiving stolen money. Theft.	1 1 8 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3

DURATION OF SENTENCE.

KINGSTON.

Duration of Sentence.	Malc.	Female.	Total.	Duration of Sentence.	Male.	Female	Total.
Two years. Over two years and under three years Three years Over three years and under four years. Four years Over four years and under five years Five years. Over five years and under six years Six years Seven years. Eight years. Nine years. Ten years Eleven years	24 85 12 36 2 80 1 2 53 8 1	2	36 2 82 1	Over eleven years and under twelve years. Twelve years. Over twelve years and under thirteen years. Fourteen years. Fifteen years. Seventeen years. Eighteen years. Twenty years. Twenty-five years. Twenty-eight years. Life Total.	1 5 6 2 1 1	2	5 7 2 1 7

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

Sentence.	Male.	Sentenee.	Male.
Two years. Over two years and less than three. Three years. Over three years and less than four. Four years. Over four years and less than five. Five years. Over five years and less than six. Six years. Over six years and less than seven. Seven years. Over seven years and less than eight. Eight years. Over eight years and less than nine.	10 85 1	Niae years. Over nine years and less than tea. Ten years. Over ten years and less than twelve Twelve years. Fourteen years. Fifteen years. Niaeteen years. Twenty years. Over twenty years and less than twenty-five Twenty-five years. Life. Total.	2 2 16 1 3 7 4 1 4 1 2 13

DORCHESTER.

Sentence.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Sentence.	Maie.	Female.	Total.
Two years. Over two, under three. Three years. Over three, under four. Four years. Over four, under five. Five years. Over five, under six. Six years. Over six, under seven. Seven years. Over seven, under eight.	6 35 2 20 1 26 3 4 1	1	6 35 2 20	Eight years Over nine, under ten Ten years. Twelve years Fourteen years. Fifteen years. Tweaty years. Tweaty years. Totty years. Tottal.	1 17 4 3 2 7	4	4 1 17 4 3 2 7 2 1 7 220

MANITOBA.

Sentence.	Male.	Sentence.	Male.
Two years. Over two and less than three years. Three years. Over three and less than four years. Four years. Over four and less than five. Five years. Over five and less than six years. Six years. Over six and less than seven years. Seven years.	43 11 43 4 7 3 22 1 8 1 13	Over seven and less than eight years, Ten years. Twelve years. Fourteen years. Fifteen years. Seventeen years. Twenty years. Twenty years. Life. Total.	3 5 3 1 4

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Two yearsOver two and under three	13	Ten years
Three years Over three and under four years Four years	56 7 12	Twelve years. Fourteen years. Fifteen years.
Over four and under five years	56	Seventeen years. Twenty years. Twenty-two years.
Over six and under seven years Seven years Eight years	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\14\\2 \end{bmatrix}$	Twenty-five years
Over eight and under nine years	1	Total 33

ALBERTA.

Sentenee.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Sentence.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Two years. Over two years and under three years. Three years. Four years. Five years. Six years. Seven years.	36 16 20 10		58 5 38 16 21 10 7	Nine years. Ten years. Twelve years. Fifteen years. Life. Under two years. Totals.	1 2 2 1		1 5 1 2 2 1

SASKATCHEWAN.

Sentence.	Male.	Sentence.	Male
2 years. 10 lashes. 2 years, 1 month. 2 years, 5 mos., 26 days. 2 years, six months. 3 years. 3 years. 4 years. 4 years. 4 years. 4 years. 4 years. 5 years. 5 years. 5 years. 5 years. 60 lashes. 6 years. 7 years. 90 lashes. 90 lash	1 1 2 14 1 3	5 years, 10 lashes. 6 years. 7 years. 8 years. 10 years. 12 years. 15 years. Life. Total	1 3 1 2 1 1

OCCUPATIONS

(Previous to conviction).

KINGSTON.

Occupation.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Occupation.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total
Agents	1		1	Masons	4	·	4
Bakers	8		8	Millwrights	2		2
Bank manager	1		1 1	Millhand	1		1
Barbers	7		7	Miners	10		10
BarkeeperBarrister	1			Moulders	5 1		5
Blacksmiths	2		2	No occupation			$\frac{1}{6}$
Bell boy	ī		ī	Office manager			1
Book keepers.	7		7	Painters	15		15
Brakemen	3		3	Pedlers			1
Brass finisher	1		1	Photographers	2		$\frac{1}{2}$
Bridgebuilders	2		2	Physician	-		ĩ
Bricklayers	2		- 1	Plumber	5		5
Butchers	10		10	Plasterer			1
Cabinet maker	1		1	Policeman,	1		i
Cab driver	2		2	Porter	2		2
Canner	1			Postal elerk	1		1
Carpenter	4			Printers	3		3
Chauffeur	1		1	Prospector	1		1
Cigar maker	1		1 /	Quarryman	1		1
Civil engineer	1			Reporter	1		1
Clerks	8			Rivetter	1		1
Coachmen	2		2	Sailors			5
Cooks	13		13	Salesman	4		4
Coremaker	1			Servants		4	4
Detective	1	'		Shirtmaker			1
Druggist Electricians	4		1 4	Shoemaker	8		8
Farmers	46		4.0	Singer	1		1
Farm hands	3		3	Steamfitters			2
Firemen	6			Stenographer	1		1
Florist	1			Steward.	1		1
Fruit dealer	i		î	Stockbroker	1		1
Galvanizer	i		î	Stoneeutter	8 13		8
Gardener	. 3		- 1	Tailors	2		2
Glove maker	1		1	Teamsters	18		18
Horsemen	2			Telephone operator	1		13
Horse trainer	2		2	Tinsmith	1		1
Harnessmaker	1		1	Traveller	î		
Hotelkeeper	2		2	Veterinary surgeons	3		3
Housekeepers,	1	4	5	Waiters.	5		5
Hotel clerk.,	1		1	Undertaker.	1		1
Iron worker	1		1	Upholsterer	2		2
Labourers	158		158	Watchman and barber	1		1
Lather	1		1	Weaver.	2		2
Lawyers	3		3	Woodturner	2		2
Letter earriers	1		1	Unknown (insane)	1		1
Machinists	10		10				
" apprentices	2		2	Total	486	8	494

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

Occupation. ·	Male.	Occupation.	Male
Actor.	1	Letter-carrier	1
Agents	2	Laundryman	i
Advocate	ĩ	Labourers	141
Accountants	3	Lather	1
Advertising agent	1	Moulders	3
Brickmaker	î	Merchant	1
Bell-boy	- Ī	Machinists	12
Bookkeepers.	4	Millman	1
Blacksmiths	6	Masons	4
Bookbinder	. 1	No trade	4
Butchers	6	Priest	1
Barbers	11	Presser	1
Bartenders	3	Painters	13
Boatman	_ 1	Plumbers.	1 3
Bakers	4	Plasterer	1
Broker	1	Quarryman.	1
Clerks	15	Railroad man	1
Carters	13	Sailors	2
Carpenters	. 13	Stenographer	
Cooks	. 5	Shipper.	
Coachman.	1	Salesman	1
Cigarmakers	6	Student Shoemakers	21
Civil engineer	1 1	Stonecutters	121
Chief of police	+ 1	Stonecutters. Shoelaster.	
Contractor	1	Steamfitters.	1 6
Candymaker	i	Saddler	
Doctor	i	Travellers	
Electricians	6	Teacher	1
Engineers	2	Tanner	1
Farmers	14	Typographers	É
Farmer's hands.	2	Tinsmiths	10
Firemen.	12	Tailors	19
Gasfitter	ĩ	Upholsterer	
Horse-trainer	2	Waiters.	3
Innkeepers.	. 2		
Jockey	1		441
Leather-cutters	. 12		

DORCHESTER.

Occupation.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Occupation.	Male.	Fe- male, Total
Agents	5		ã	Miners	. 11	11
Bookkeepers	9		9	Machinists	. 11	9
Barbers	7		7	Printers	ī	1
Bakers	3		3	Painters	4	1
Blacksmiths	5		5	Plasterers	ī	1
Blast furnace helper	1		1	Pipe-fitters	1	1
Circus performer		1	1	Pit Driver.	. 1	1
'arpenters	1		1	Sea captain.	1	1
`lerk	1		1	Stream driver	1	1
Civil engineer	1		1	Sail maker	1	1
Cooks	2		2	Sawyer	2	2
Detectives	1		1	Shoemaker	3	3
Domestics		2	2	Stone cutters	3	3
Engraver	1		1	Sailors	11	11
ishermen.	3		3	Storekeepers	1	1
Firemen . Farmers	- 6		6	Tailors	2	2
Grooms	12		12	Teamsters.	111	11
Housekeeper .	1	1	1	Trained nurses.	2	1
lewellers	1	1	1	Type and stamp maker Telegraph operator	1	1
Jumbermen	2		2	Well borer.	1	1
Labourers	96		96	1111 1 1 m	1	1
Longshoreman	1		1	waiters	1	
Musician	1		1	Total.	216	4 220

MANITOBA.

Occupation.	Male.	Occupation.	Male.
Barbers. Blackmsiths. Boilermakers. Bookbinder. Bricklayer Butcher. Carpenters. Clerks. Cook. Electrician. Engineers. Firemen. Labourers. Machinist.	1	Painters Printer Sailor Sailor Shoemakers Stenographer Stone-cutter Stonemason Switchmen Tailor Telegraph operator Waiters Total	5 1 1 1 4 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

. Occupation.	Male.	Occupation.	Male
Occupation. Accountant Barkeeper Butcher Billiard player Billiard player Billiard player Book-keeper Blacksmith Blacksmith's helper Brakeman Barber Clergyman Coremaker Cooks Clerks Carpenters Contractor Canvasser Cabinet maker Concrete worker Clothes presser Commission agent Carpenter's apprentice Cement worker Electrician Engineer Electrician Engineer Fireman Fisherman Fisherman Fisherman Farmer Freighter Fruiterer Gardiner Hardware merchant Fournalist Labourer Labourer	2 2 2 6 6 1 3 2 2 7 2 1 1 9 9 10 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3	Logger Livery stable keeper Laundryman Meehanie Maehinist Miner Meehanieal engineer Master mariner. Meehanie's helper Moving picture operator Merchaut. Painters. Promoter. Pasker Plasterer Sewing machiue maker Surveyor Soldier Steam fitter Shoemaker Sailor Salesman Stationary engineer Storekeeper Steam engineer Steam engineer Storekeeper Steam engineer Steam fitter Trader Teamster Trader Trader Traction engineer Weaver	

ALBERTA.

Occupation.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Occupation.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total
Agent, laud. Agent, machine. Blacksmiths. Barbers. Bookkeepers. Bakers. Bank clerk. Book agent Boot black. Bosmaker. Bartender. Butcher. Cowboy. Cook. Conductor, street car. Carpenter. Clerk. Car repairer. Drug clerk. Engineer. Electrician. Farm labourer. Farmers. Firemen. General merchant. Grain buyer. Harnessmaker.	1 1 2 2 3 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5 6 1 7 3 1 1 2 3 2 1 4 7 1 1 1 1 2 1		1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1	Hotel porter. Housekcepers. Jockey. Labourer. Linotype operator. Liverymen. Machinists. Mining engineers. Mierchants. Porter. Painters. Printing pressmen. Ranchers. Stone masons. Stone masons. Stone cutters. Section men. Teamsters. Teacher and hookkeepers. Teacher Waiters.	1 0 1 32 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8	1 8 1 32 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

SASKATCHEWAN.

Occupation.	Male.	Occupation.	Male
Agent Bank clerk Barbers Blacksmith Bookkeeper Butcher Candy maker Carpenters Chemist Clerks Electrician Fireman	1 5 1 1 1 1 3	Farmers Harnessmaker. Lather. Liveryman. Lahourers. Ranchers. Shoemaker. Storckeeper. Telegraph operator. Veterinary surgeon.	17 1 1 11 3 1 1 1

NATIONALITY (Place of Birth).

KINGSTON.

	Male.	Fe- male.	Total		Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Canada. England United States. Germany Italy India Ireland Sweden. Austria-Hungary	276 60 56 4 30 1 20 1 7	7	283 60 56 4 31 1 20 1 7	Scotland Denmark Russia Fraace Turkey Australia Unknown (insane) Total.	13 2 5 4 4 2 1	8	13 2 5 4 4 4 2 1

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

	Male.		Male.
Australia Austria Belgium Canada China England France Germany Greece Ireland Itnly	1 1 3 329 1 12 6 1 1 27	Newfoundland Russia Roumania Scotland Sweden. Spaia Turkey United States.	1 5 1 9 2 1 2 32 442

DORCHESTER.

	Male.	Fe- male.	Total		Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Canada. England. France. Hungary. Ireland Italy Newfoundland Norway. Scotland	3 1 1 17 11	2	151 12 3 1 1 18 11 11 1	Spaia Sweden Switzerland Turkey. United States West Indies Total	 1 1 2 1 14 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	1	1 1 2 1 15 1 220

MANITOBA.

_	Male.		Male.
Austrian. Belgian. Canadian Danish. English French. German. Greek. Holland. Irish.	31 2 48 4 31 3 5 1 1 6	Italian. Norwegian. Roumanian Russian. Scottish. Swedish. United States. Welsh Total.	9 1 1 11 6 2 19 2 183

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

	Male.		Male.
Austria-Hungary. Australia Canada China. Denmark England France. Germany Greece. Ireland India	14 1 76 17 2 58 1 10 2 20 3	Italy Japan Montenegro Roumania Russia Scotland Sweden Turkey United States Total	6

ALBERTA.

	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.		Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Canada England Ireland Scotland United States Germany Russia Italy Austria	4	2	52 26 9 5 38 5 4 2 16	Australia. Sweden. Mexico. Norway France. Spain. Totals.	1 2	8	1 3 1 2 2 2 1 167

SASKATCHEWAN.

	Male.		Malc.
Austria-Hungary Australia Belgium Canada England Germany India	1 2 19 9	Ireland. Norway. Russia. Turkey. United States.	1 5 1

AGE.

KINGSTON.

_	Male,	Female.	Total.	· <u> </u>	Male.	Pemale.	Total.
Under twenty Over twenty and under thirty Over thirty and under forty Over forty and under fifty. Over fifty and under sixty	123 76	1 3	34 204 126 78 28	Over sixty and under seventy Over seventy and under eighty Over eighty Total	5		5

ST. VINCCENT DE PAUL.

	Male.	_	Male.
Under 20 years Over 20 years and less than 30 " 30 " " 40 " 40 " " 50	197	Over 50 years and less than 60	25 6 442

DORCHESTER.

_	Male.	Female.	Total.		Male.	Female,	Total
Under 20. 20 to 30. 30 to 40. 40 to 50. 50 to 60.	21 95 54 29 12	1 1 1	22 96 55 29 13	60 to 70 70 to 80	3 2 216	4	3 2 220

MANITOBA.

	Male.	_	Male.
Under 20 years		50, and under 60 years	

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

	Male.		Male.
Under 20 years Over 20 and under 30 years. Over 30 and under 40 years. Over 40 and under 50 years. Over 50 and under 60 years. Over 60 and under 70 years.	151 96 39 18	Over 70 and under 80 years. Over 80. Unknown. Total.	331

ALBERTA.

_	Male.	Femule.	Total.		Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 20 Over 20 and under 30 " 30 " 40 " 40 " 50 " 50 " 60	14 80 38 16 7		14 83 40 18 8	Over 60 and under 70			2 2 167

SASKATCHEWAN.

	Male.	
Under 20 years. Over 20 and under 30. Over 30 and under 40. Over 40 and under 50.	8 25 16 7	Over 50 and under 60. 1 Over 60 and under 70. 1 Total. 58

EDUCATION.

KINGSTON.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Can read and write Can read and not write Can neither read nor write	396 1 88	5	401 1 91
Unknown (insane)	486	8	494

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

	Male.
Cannot read nor write. Can read only Can read and write.	74 17 351
Total	442

DORCHESTER.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Can read and write Can read only Cannot read or write.	169 3 44	4	173 3 44
Total	216	4	220

MANITOBA.

	Male.
Can read and write. Can read only Cannot read or write	174 3 6
Total.	183

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

	Male.
Can read and write. Can read only Cannot read or write	291 3 37
Total	331

ALBERTA.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Can read and write	140 16 3	8	148 16 3
Total	159	8	167

SASKATCHEWAN.

	Male.
Can read and write	53 5
Total	58

SOCIAL HABITS.

KINGSTON.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Abstainers.			115
Temperate Intemperate Unknown (Insane)	192 178	3	197 181
Total.	486	8	494

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

	Male.
Intemperate	219 223
Total	442

DORCHESTER.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Abstainers. Temperate. Intemperate	51 95 70	1 3	52 98 70
Total	216	4	220

MANITOBA.

	Male.
Abstainers. Temperate.	18 103
Intemperate	59 3
Total	183

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

	Male.
Total abstainers. Temperate. Intemperate.	60 153 118
Total	331

ALBERTA.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Total ubstainers	20	6	
Total abstainers. Temperate. Intemperate.	124 15	2	26 126 15
Total	159	8	167

SASKATCHEWAN.

	Male.
Abstainers. Temperate. Intemperate.	10 44 4
Total	58

CIVIL CONDITION.

KINGSTON.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Single Married Widowed	323 153 10	2 5 1	325 158 11
Total	486	8	494

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

	Male.
Married	135 289 18
Total	442

DORCHESTER.

	Male.		Total.
Iarried Single Vidowed.	50 157 9	1 2 1	51 159 10
Total	216	4	220

MANITOBA.

	Male.
Married. Single Widowed.	47 130 6
Total	183

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

	Male.
Single. Married Widowed	. 89
Total.	331

ALBERTA.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Single Married Widowed	$^{110}_{\substack{42\\7}}$	6 1 1	116 43 8
Total	159	8	167

SASKATCHEWAN.

	Male.
Single	31 22
Widowed Total	58

RACIAL.

KINGSTON.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
White	470	7	477
Indian	15	1	16
Total	486	8	494

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

	 Male.
Coloured White Yellow.	 33 7 1
Total.	442

DORCHESTER.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
White Colored Indian.	196 19 1	4	200 19 1
Total	216	4	220

MANITOBA.

_		
		Male.
White Coloured Half-breed.		173 5
Total .		181

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

	Male.
White	286 15
Indian half-breed Coloured Mongolian	2 2 26
Total	331

ALBERTA.

- ·	Male.	Female.	Total.
White Colored	143	7	150
Indians. Half-breeds	4 7		4 7
Total	159	8	167

SASKATCHEWAN.

	Male.
White Half-breed	 52 6
Total	 58

PARDONS.

KINGSTON.

Name,	Crime.	Where Sentenced.
J. A. Savignac. Stephen Odor. John Bradshaw.	Attempt to commit murder. Stealing Arson	Ottawa. Hamilton. Toronto.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL

		ST. VINCENT DE PA	(L.	
Name.		Crime	Where Sentenced.	
Deselos, Pierre M Fitzgerald, Robert Lavin, John. Mooney, Frank alias Meel Ryan, Thomns. Sekjer, Carl. P. Sheal, Gerald. Vilandré, Ovila	ker.	Conspiracy to defraud Attempt to commit murc	der.	St. Francis. St. Francis. Montreal. Montreal. Montreal. Bedford.
		MANITOBA. (None.)		
		DORCHESTER.		
Name.		Crime.	When Released.	Where committed.
William O'Neil	Gen. of Ca Breaking, en	nadatering and stealing	April 1, 1911 May 25, 1911	N.S. Northumberland Co., N.B.
		BRITISH COLUMBIA		
Name.		Crime		Where Sentenced.
		Forgery Wounding with intent.		
		ALBERTA.		
Name.		Crime		Where Sentenced.

SASKATCHEWAN.

(None.)

William Sigleson... Theft... Fort Saskatchewan, Alta.

DEATHS.

KINGSTON.

	ALNOSTON,	
Name.	Crime.	Where Sentenced.
Lizzie Lessard F. Arsenault John Whyte Peter Demaison. J. Lie S. Gouin C. Colombo	Wounding Forgery Attempt to set fire to a barn. Rape Theft Causing grievous bodily harm Sending letter with menaces (Sec. 451	Dalhousie, N.B. Woodstock. Barrie. Ottawa North Bay.
	ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.	
Name.	Crime.	Where Sentenced.
Furlong, Philip. Glass. Daniel	Shopbreaking	Montreal. Iberville.
	DORCHESTER.	
Name.	Crime.	Where Sentenced.
Charles Smith Colin McDonald Wesley Wheaton	Stealing Attempted rape Incest	St. John, N.B. Sydney, N.S. Hants Co., N.S.
	MANITOBA.	
Name.	Crime.	Where Sentenced.
Thompson, J Crowe, R	Housebreaking and theft Theft and forgery and uttering.	Winnipeg, Manitoba Winnipeg, Manitoba.
	BRITISH COLUMBIA.	
Name.	Crime.	Where Sentenced.
Lewis Colquhoun	Robbing H.M. mail	Kamloops.

ALBERTA.

	1	
Name.	Crime.	Sentence.
Carl Bansemer	Horse stealing. Horse stealing.	4 "
Alfred Carson	Theft. Sbooting with intent to kill. Theft.	

SASKATCHEWAN.

(None.)

INSANE.

KINGSTON.

(See Surgeon's Report, Appendix C.)

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

Name.	Crime.	Term.			Remarks.		
Cadieux, Henri Lortie, Jean Tipson, John Wilson, William	Shopbreaking and theft Arson Theft Theft Theft Rape Attempt to murder	4 " 2 " 3 " 2 "	Transferred	16	Kingston,	May August May January May	19, 1912 19, 1912 8, 1911 19, 1911 19, 1912 19, 1911 8, 1911
	DORG	THESTE	ER.		<u> </u>		
Name.	Name. Crime. Term. Remarks.						
	Making false document Breaking, entering and stealing		Transferred Transferred				

MANITOBA.

Name.	Crime.	Term.	Remarks.
Sytych, J	Assault	5 "	Transferred to the Provincial authorities, May 22, 1911. Transferred to Selkirk Asylum, Aug. 8, 1911. Transferred to Selkirk Asylum, Aug. 8, 1911.
Harker, C	and shopbreaking and theft	5 "	Transferred to Selkirk Asylum, Feb. 7, 1912. Transferred to Selkirk Asylum, Feb. 7, 1912.

^{*}Received back from the Provincial Authorities, July 12, 1911.

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BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Name.	Crime.	Where Sentenced.
Dominick Martsam	Stealing. Wounding with intent to murder	Vancouver. Victoria

ALBERTA.

(None.)

SASKATCHEWAN.

(None.)

PUNISHMENTS.

KINGSTON.

	Number of times administered.	Number of convicts punished.
Remission forfeited. Punishment cell on bread and water. Deprived of cell lights. Reduced in grade. Reduced rations. Deprived library privilege. Deprived of writing pivilege. Confined in prison of isolation. Bread and water diet. Corporal punishment (per court sentence).	490 321 35 38 14 3 1 14 21	187 · 124 25 35 8 3 1 14 9 18
Number of convicts who received one or more punishm Number of convicts who received no punishment Number of convicts in custody during the year		467

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

Mode of punishment.	Number
Application of the hose Bread and water (days). Corporal punishment (leather paddle). Deprived of bed Deprived of remission. Deprived of books for two weeks. Dungeon Punishment cells (bread and water). Shackled to cell gate during working hours. To wear Oregon boot 2 months.	5 295 295 2 36 45 4 1
Convicts punished during the year. 266 Convicts not punished during the year 389	5
Convicts in custody during the year	1

DORCHESTER.

DORCHESTER.		
	Number of times administered.	Number of prisoners punished
Punishment cell on bread and water Punishment cell shackled to cell gate during working hours. Deprived of remission time Bread and water. Deprived of books. Water from hose, in presence of Warden. To wear Oregon boot one month.	28 120 191 5 3	64 6 63 94 5 1
Number of convicts punished Number of convicts not punished Total number in custody during the year		. 214
MANITOBA.		
Penalty.	Number of times administered.	Number of convicts purished.
Bread and water, six consecutive meals, with hard bed	8 5 1 3 2 25	8 4 1 3 2 10
Number of convicts who received one or more punishments Number of convicts who received no punishment		73 195
Number of convicts in custody during the year		268
BRITISH COLUMBIA.		
		Number of times punishment was administered.
Bread and water. Confined in punishment cell. Deprived of privileges. Remission forfeited. Shackled to cell-gates. To wear Oregon boot. To wear double irons.		
Total		505
Number of convicts punished		254

ALBERTA.

	Number of times administered.	Number of convicts punished.
Remission forfeited Punishment cell, bread and water Dungeon, bread and water Ball and chain Solitary confinement Shackled to cell-gate	52 9 17 2 3 25	35 6 14 2 3 16
Number of convicts punished Number of convicts not punished. Number of convicts in custody during the year		76 222 298

SASKATCHEWAN.

Nature of punishments.	Number of times administered.	Number of convicts punished.
Remission forfeited. Deprived of library privileges. Deprived of bed. Shackled to cell-gate during working hours. Reprimanded. Ball and chain. Corporal punishment (as per court sentence). Paddled (surgeon in attendance). Pregon boot. Probation term extended.	16 4 1 32 12 1 2 1 1 1	10 4 1 18 11 1 2 1 1
Number of convicts who received one or more punishm Number of convicts who received no punishment		23 43
Number of convicts in custody during the year		66

CREEDS.

KINGSTON.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Church of England	89	9	91
Roman Catholic.	192	4	
		4	196
Iethodist	91	2	93
Presbyterian	64		64
Baptist	20		20
utheran	10		10
Congregationalist	1		1
alvation Army	2		2
Icbrew	6		6
fennonite	1		1
Greek Catholic	3	[3
Greek Apostolic	1		1
uaker	ī		1
niversalist	ī		î
To creed	2		2
Juknown (insane)	2		2
MANOTH (INCOME)	- 4		
Total	486	8	494

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

Denomination.		Number
Pomon Cotholia		364
Roman Catholic. Thurch of England tresbyte rian. Iethodist.		35
resbyterian.		17
lethodist		9
lo creed		5 3
utheran		3
aptist. hristian Scientist.		2
hristian Scientist		1
ewish		6

DORCHESTER.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Church of England	43 102	2	45 102
Baptist	32 19		32 19
Presbyterian Lutheran Salvation Army	$\frac{15}{2}$	2	2 1
Unitarian Stundist	1		1
Total	216	4	220

MANITOBA.

	Numb
man Catholic	7
urch of England. sbyterian.	4
sbyterian	I
thodist	I
heran	18
otist	
rish	1
creed	
tarian	
ek Catholic	

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

	Number
oman Catholic	 113
nurch of England.	66
ethodist.	36
	41
	11
ptist	17
itheran	15
ddhist	
wish	 3
reek Orthodox	14
menian Orthodox	
armelite]
kh	 3
oukhobor	1
ongregationalist	 2
pristian Church]
o creed	3
V 04.04	

ALBERTA.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Church of England. Roman Catholic. Presbyterian. Methodist. Baptist. Lutheran. United Bretbren.	31 59 38 13 9 8	1 2 2 1	32 61 40 14 9 10
Totals	159	8	167

SASKATCHEWAN.

		Numbe
hureb of England		. 14
oman Catholic		21
ethodist		5
eshyterian	***************************************	1
theren	**************************	
annonite	***************************************	
emonite		
aptist		è
wish		
nited Brethren		1
Total	***************************************	59

ESCAPES.

KINGSTON.

(None.)

	ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.		
Name.	Crime.	Term.	Remark.
Clouthier, Henri	Escape from jail, Chicontimi	2 years.	Escaped Aug. 12, 1911
	DORCHESTER.		
	(None.)		
	MANITOBA.		
Name.	Crime.		Where Sentenced.
*Bonnar, A	Horse stea ing		Winnipeg, Manitoba.
*Escaped July 2, 1911 and re	captured same day.		
	BRITISH COLUMBIA.		
Name.	Crime.		Where Sentenced.
Peter McCoy. J. Scott. "J. Smith †Charles White. †Fred Munro.	Forgery Theft Assault with intent to steal Robbery Assault with intent to rob		New Westminster. Vancouver. Vancouver. Vietoria. Cranbrook.
*Escaped August 2, 1911; red†Escaped from the provinci	captured August 3, 1911. al hospital for the insane.		
	ALBERTA.		
Name.	Crime.		Where Sentenced.
Charles Rider Landon *George Courtnage	pretenses, perjury	, I	Red Deer, Alta. Medicine Hat, Alta.

^{*}Escaped March 16, 1912. Recaptured March 19, 1912.

SASKATCHEWAN.

Name.	Crime.	Where Sentenced.
* A. M. Murray	Theft	Regina, Sask.

^{*}Escaped July 29, 1911. Recaptured and returned to custody, November 13, 1911.

DEPORTATIONS.

KINGSTON.

Name.	Crime.	Where Sentenced.
E. H. Case. R. Cullen. Harry Howard. E. C. Gravatt. *W. Buterbaugh. *Apel Luikka. *T. Williams.	Wounding Robbery with violence Assault and wounding. Assault and wounding. Having burglars tools, explosives, &e., and forgery. Lareeny. Burglary. Wounding. Stealing Stealing Irom dwelling house.	Belleville. Belleville. Sault Ste. Marie. Woodstoek. Niagara Falls. Cochrane. Toronto.

^{*}Deported after expiration of sentence.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

Name.	Crime.	Where Sentenced.
Gushee, Eugène. Geoffroy, Emmanuel Gelchuk, Mike	Burglary and theit Receiving stolen goods Shopbreaking Receiving stolen goods Attempt to poison.	Bedford. Montreal. Montreal. Montreal. Montreal. Bedford.

DORCHESTER.

Name.	Crime.	When Sentenced.	Where Sentenced.
Martin Flynn	Breaking, entering and stealing	September 19, 1910	Sydney, N.S.
	Stealing	November 4, 1910	Sydney, N.S.

MANITOBA.

	MANITOBA.	
Name.	Crime.	Where Sentenced.
Elliott, G Jarvinvo, H Mullins, W. C	Forgery and uttering	Winnipeg, Man. Fort William, Ont. Winnipeg, Man.
	BRITISH COLUMBIA.	
Name.	Crime.	Where Sentenced.
M. Lison J. H. Conley A. H. Davis Edward Morris.	Robbery	Yukon. Michel. Vancouver. Vancouver. Vancouver. Vancouver. Vancouver.
	ALBERTA.	
Name.	Crime.	Where Sentenced.
John Herschberger. John Robertson. John Wren. Harry Schildt	Theft of horse Forgery Theft, escape from custody Horse stealing Horse stealing Forgery and uttering	Edmonton, Alta. MacLeod, Alta. Lethbridge, Alta. MacLeod, Alta.
	SASKATCHEWAN.	
Name.	Crime.	Where Sentenced.
Charles Baxter	Horse stealing	Moosejaw.



APPENDIX H

LABOUR STATISTICS



LABOUR STATISTICS

KINGSTON.

Departments.	Days.	Rate.	Amount.
Baker. Blacksmith Broom. Carpenter. Change room and laundry. Clerks. Engineer.	2,428 7,929 250 3,865 6,060 1,360 5,496 8,272	\$ cts. 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30	\$ cts. 728 55 2,378 70 75 22 1,159 75 1,818 03 408 00 1,648 80
Farm and stables. Hospital Loom Mason. Printing Quarry Shoe Steward and kitchen.	2,425 169 4,358 907 8,295 5,720 5,544	0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30	2,481 88 727 50 50 77 1,307 48 272 26 2,488 77 1,716 20 1,663 40
Stone cutting Stone pile, coal and wood Tailoring Tin and paint Wing and cells. Store Female	14,481 28,443 9,665 2,575 10,056 579 3,570	0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 20	4,344 45 8,533 03 2,899 65 772 74 3,017 03 173 70 714 00
Total			39,379 91

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

Departments.	Days.	Rate.	Amount.	
Electric department. Stone cutters. Masons. Change room Steward. Bakery. Carpenter. Tailor. Engineer. Shoe. Tinsmith. Blacksmith. Stone breakers. Dormitories. Farm, piggery and stable. Quarry. Clerical staff. Brick yard. Sewerage. Excavation. Teamsters—hauling freight, &c. Book bindery. Cutting and packing ice. Shovelling snow. Shovelling snow. Shovelling snow.	893 11, 460 11, 394 5, 737 7, 412 1, 453 10, 964 8, 140 7, 000 6, 379 3, 515 5, 008 5, 054 12, 127 5, 919 5, 207 1, 445 2, 966 6, 346 1, 156 805 556 1, 224 582	\$ cts. 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0	\$ cts. 267 90 3,438 00 3,418 20 1,721 10 2,223 60 435 90 3,289 20 2,442 00 2,100 00 1,913 70 1,054 50 1,502 40 1,516 20 3,638 10 1,775 70 1,552 10 433 50 889 80 144 60 1,903 80 346 80 241 50 166 80 367 20 174 60	
Shoveling coal. Librarians. Chapel caretaker. Barber shop. Messengers Ornamental grounds. Hospital orderlies.	893 302 302 1,510 979 1,208	0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30	267 90 90 60 90 60 453 00 293 70 362 40	
Yard Odd jobs Total	723 1,263 130,404	0 30 0 30	216 90 378 90 39,121 20	

DORCHESTER.

Departments. Days.	\$ cts.	Amount. \$ cts. 1,117 80
Barbers. 1,21 Blacksmith shop. 1,87 Boiler room. 91 Breaking stone. 6,66 Carpenter shop. 3,81 Cell wings. 4,19 Clearing land. 15 Cutting stone. 6,34 Cutting wood in woods 9	6 0 30 6 0 30	1,117 80
Ditching 11 Fencing 16 Farm, stables and piggery 8, 33 Grading and digging foundation, new wall 2, 06 Laundry 1, 76 Loading, coal, stone and cement 22 Library 30 Machine shop 1, 38 Masons 5, 71 Making roads 6 Prison and hospital orderlies 7 Quarry 3, 18 Repairs to warden's quarters 2 Repairing stockade 2 Removing stockade 2 Shovelling snow 5	2 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 1 0 30 0 0 30 4 0 30 6 0 30 7 0 30 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	364 80 561 90 273 60 1,982 40 1,143 60 1,259 70 45 30 1,903 27 00 182 40 34 50 30 30 2,498 70 619 80 511 80 88 88 81,714 50 19 20 219 60 955 50 17 70 6 00 70 20 18 00 626 10 937 80
Water works and sewers. 8 Yard. 4,61 Female prison. 2,43 Total. 66,33	83 0 20	1,383 00 487 75 19,652 95

MANITOBA.

Departments.	Days.	Rate	Amount.	
Steward	4,111	\$ cts 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30	\$ cts. 470 70 189 00 1,233 54	
Shoe. Mason. Carpenter. Engineer. C. room. Blacksmith.	1,823 16,330 1,819 1,562 1,215 391	0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30	546 93 4,899 12 545 75 468 85 364 50 117 45	
Farm Hospital. Customers Bookbindery Main hall and offices Chapels and library.	3,490 305 80 274 1,039 304	0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30	1,047 00 91 50 24 20 82 35 311 85 91 20	
Prison orderlies. Surroundings Basement orderlies. Barbers. Hauling freight, &c.	7,839 2,659 315 418 210 123	0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30	2,351 70 797 85 94 50 125 55 63 15 36 90	
Sawing wood Extra gangs (odd jobs). Quarry. Total	686 908 48,107	0 30 0 30	206 05 272 55 14,432 19	

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Departments.	Days.	Rate.	Amount.	
Bakery. Briekyard. Blaeksmith Carpenter Cleaners. Clearing land Chapels. Clerks. Farm Feneing. General library. Hospital orderlies. Halls. Laundry and barber shop. Maintenanee of buildings. New roads. New walls. New east wing. New temporary chapel. New temporary ehapel. New temporary eellhouse. Motor power, shops and briekyard. Shoeshop. Steward Tailorshop. Quarry. Water supply.	907 } S, 807 ½ 3, 316 ½ 3, 814 ½ 3, 814 ½ 258 ½ 299 1, 488 6, 924 ½ 1, 594 602 ½ 762 332 4, 633 636 3, 148 ½ 5, 007 ½ 1, 482 ½ 228 6, 777 ½ 94 4, 370 2, 718 ½ 7, 019 5, 686 ½ 23 ½	\$ ets. 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0	\$ ets. 272 25 2,642 25 994 95 1,144 35 1,158 75 77 55 89 70 446 40 2,077 35 478 20 180 75 228 60 99 60 1,389 90 190 80 944 55 1,502 25 444 75 68 40 2,033 25 28 20 1,311 00 815 55 2,105 70 1,705 95 7 05	
Total	74,793}		22,438 05	

ALBERTA.

Department.	Days.	Rate.	Amount.
Brickyard Bakery. Carpenter Clerks. Clearing land, teaming, &c. Coal mine. Engineer and blacksmith. Laundry, wings and cells. Masons. Shoemaker. Steward. Tramway and clay-pit. Trailor. Female ward.	2, 623 812½ 3, 256½ 881 621 2, 686½ 2, 764 13, 850 10, 690½ 1, 991½ 1, 935 917 3, 087½ 1, 823¼	\$ cts. 0 30 0 30	\$ cts. 786 90 243 75 976 95 264 30 186 30 805 95 829 20 4, 155 00 3, 207 15 597 45 580 50 275 10 926 25 364 65
Total	47,9391		14,199 45

SASKATCHEWAN.

Department.	Days.	Rate.	Amount.
		\$ ets.	\$ cts
Brickyard	603	0 30	180 90
Carpenter. Engineer.	$1,202\frac{1}{2}$ 1.116	0 30 0 30	360 75 334 80
Farm	2,0851	0 30	625 63
Laundry, wings and cells	$1,569\frac{1}{2}$ $1,335\frac{1}{2}$	0 30	470 85 400 65
Masons Shoemakers	4981	0 30	149 65
Steward	967	0 30	290 10
Tailor	339	0 30	101 8€
Total	9.7161	0.30	2,915 21



APPENDIX I

PER CAPITA COST



KINGSTON.

(Average population 487.)

Head of service.	Supplies on hand Mar.31, 1912	Supplies on hand Expenditure Mar.31, 1912	Prison products used.	Total.	J.ess supplies on hand Mar.31,1912.	Net cost.	Per capita cost.
Staff Maintenance of convicts Discharge expenses Norking expenses Industries Land, buildings and equipment.	\$ cts. 1,946 51 8,910 43 77,876 45 77,873 69 6,857 20	\$ cts. 76,699 94 27,118 17 3,274 39 14,608 44 12,337 22 19,638 36 456 62	\$ cts. 104 59 27	\$ cts. 78,751 04 38,667 87 3,852 84 21,978 99 90,180 91 26,495 56 456 62	\$ cts. 1,876 63 7,611 50 908 01 5,961 51 74,883 37 15,335 14	\$ cts. 76,874 41 31,056 37 2,944 83 16,017 41 15,297 54 11,160 42 456 62	cts. 157 cts
Total	103,506 76	154, 133 14	2,743 86	260,383 76	106, 576 16	153,807 60	APER
Net cost. Deduct revenue.				\$ 949 0.1	\$ 153,807 60 35,493 55 \$ 118,314 05	0.10 : 10	No. 34

\$ 135,781 91

294 54

Net cost per capita....

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

(Average population 461.)

Head of scrvice. Supplies on Expenditure hand, Mar.31,1911. Supplies Der Supplies Der Supplies Net cost. Capita on hand on hand hand Der Cost.	\$ cts. \$ cts.<	\$ 145, 431 07
Head of service.	Staff. Maintenance of convicts. Discharge expenses. Working expenses. Land, buildings and equipment. Miscellaneous. Total.	Net cost Deduct revenue

DORCHESTER.
(Average population 231.)

Head of service. Head of service. Mar.31, 1911 12 used. Total. Mar.31, 1911 Mar.31, 1911	otal. supplies on hand Mar.31, 1912	Net cost.	Per capita cost.
Staff Maintenance of convicts Maintenance of convicts Maintenance of convicts Discharge expenses Discharge expenses 1,540 81 1,540 88 Maintenance of convicts 1,540 89 Maintenance of convicts 1,540 80 Maintenance of convicts Maint	ets. 881 38 250 250 250	\$ cts. 41,011 84 13,692 83 1,913 25 9,131 55 3,839 04 5,335 94 164 25	\$ cts. 177 54 1859 28 8 28 39 53 16 84 23 09 0 71
Total. Total. 9,285 14 71,239 18 3,013 26 83,537 58 8,399 3		75,138 20	

	ı
Net cost. \$ 75,138 20 Deduct revenue 3,305 42	71,832 78
90	95
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- : :	Net cost per enpita\$ 310 96
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Net cost. Deduct revenue.	
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MANITOBA. (Average population, 174).

Head of service.	Supplies on Expenditure hand 1911 1911-12	Expenditure 1911-12	Prison products used.	Total.	Less supplies on hand Mar.31, 1912	Net cost.	Per capita cost.
	\$ cts.	es ets.	et s.	& cts.	s ets.	& cts.	\$ ets.
Staff Maintenance of convicts Discharge expenses. Working expenses Industries. Land, buildings and equipment. Miscellaneous	181 04 3,328 28 176 38 2,004 00 1,462 93 999 92	30,092 93 9,202 96 1,628 58 10,569 26 3,662 27 4,463 61 1,099 51	1,076 95	30,383 80 13,608 19 1,804 96 12,573 26 5,125 20 5,463 53 1,099 51	2,250 73 213 27 2,522 72 2,522 72 1,441 64 1,905 53	29, 792 50 11, 357 46 11, 591 69 10, 050 54 3, 683 56 3, 558 00 1, 099 51	171 22 65 27 9 15 57 76 21 17 6 32
Total	8,152 55	60,719 12	1,186 78	70,058 45	8,925 19	61, 133 26	
Net eost. Deduct revenue.	f i	}			\$61,133 26 4,195 07		

\$56,938 19

\$327.23

Net cost per capita....

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 34

BRITISH COLUMBIA. (Average population 290).

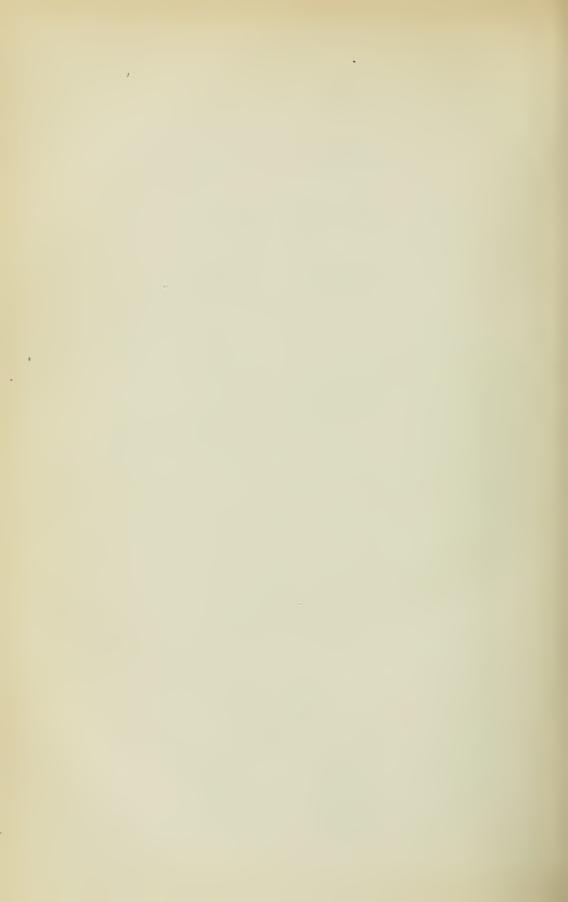
ALBERTA. (Average population, 168).

Head of service.	Supplies on Expenditure hand Mar.31, 1911	Expenditure 1911-12	Prison products used.	Total.	Less supplies on hand Mar.31, 1912	Net cost.	Per capita cost.
	& cts.	\$ ets.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	s cts.	\$ ets.	& cts.
enance of convicts. ingre expenses fries	1,147 01 1,887 20 290 75 427 31 303 92 9,164 73	31,494,47 11,330,53 1,466,47 4,337,74 3,976,62 13,457,24	31 26 334 07 2,416 50	32,672 74 13,551 80 1,757 22 7,181 55 4,280 54 22,620 97	1,315 50 2,750 25 345 24 635 20 612 07 7,681 14	31, 357 24 10, 801 55 1, 411 98 6, 546 35 3, 668 47 14, 940 83	186 65 64 33 8 40 38 97 21 83 7 40
Total	13,220 92	67,306 26	2,781 83	83,309 01	13,339 40	69,969 61	
Net cost Deduct for revenue					\$69,969 61 2,034 56		
Net cost per capita		:	:	\$404 38	67,935 05		

(Average population, 42). SASKATCHEWAN.

SESSIO	Per Per Cost. Cost.	cts. \$ cts. o	6 39 498 72 469 73 20 73 20 73 20 73 20 73 20 73 20 73 20 73 20 85 79 85	3 89
	Net cost.	•	20,946 3,074 662 3,185 5,937 13,503 1,792	49,103
	Less supplies on hand Mar.31, 1912	\$ ets.	977 23 1,530 32 219 05 1,881 56 403 46 6,729 31	11,740 93
	Total,	\$ cts.	21, 923 62 4, 605 01 881 62 5, 067 37 6, 341 30 20, 233 10 1, 792 80	60,844 82
	Prison products used.	\$ cts.	277 79	277 79
	Supplies on Expenditure hand 1911-12	\$ cts.	21,923 62 4,327 22 881 62 5,067 37 6,341 30 20,233 10 1,792 80	60,567 03
SASKATCHEWAN. (Average population, 42).	Supplies on hand Mar.31, 1911			
SASKAT (Average p	Head of service.		Staff. Maintenance of convicts Discharge expenses. Working expenses Industries. Land, buildings and equipment. Miscellancous.	Total

89	41
849,103 89 Deduct revenue 2,044 48	\$47,059 41
	Net cost per capita
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Net cost. Deduct revenue.	
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APPENDIX J.

REVENUE STATEMENT



SUMMARY OF REVENUE.

Kingston	\$35,493 55
St. Vincent de Paul.	
Dorchester	3,305 42
Manitoba	4, 195 07
British Columbia	2.944 23
Alberta	2,034 56
Saskatchewan	2,044 48
Total	\$59,666 4

DETAILS OF REVENUE.

KINGSTON.

\$ cts.	G. O. Aikin.	\$ cts.
3 25 1 70 2 98 0 93 4 19 0 48 2 41 2 50 0 79 3 85 0 70	Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Bread. Meals. Farm produce. Broom. Cinders. Medicine. Stores.	2 10 3 30 3 79 5 70 13 23 6 78 0 27 1 0 40 4 02 25 20 0 66 0 70 2 76 0 40 0 15 0 70
		70 16
0 15 0 20 0 75 0 10 0 90 0 27	E. J. Adams. Repairs on valise	0 10
10 22 0 25 0 10 1 00	E. H. Asselstine.	20 93
13 94		
	John Ashby.	
	Macadam	0 31
48 00 54 21	W. G. Ainsley.	
102 21	Hay	13 68
	3 25 1 70 2 98 0 93 4 19 0 48 2 41 2 50 0 79 3 85 0 70 23 78 0 15 0 20 0 75 0 10 0 27 10 22 0 25 0 10 1 1 00 13 94	3 25 1 70 Repairing sundries, tailor. 2 98 Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Repairing shoes. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Bread. Making sundries, tin and paint. Bread. Farm produce. Bream produce. Stores. Parm produce. Stores. E. J. Adams. Repairs on valise. Cinders. Medicine. Stores. E. H. Asselstine. Hay. John Ashby. Macadam. 48 00 54 21 W. G. Ainsley.

KINGSTON—(Continued).

P. Asseltine. Sets P. M. Beaupre.				
Repairing shoes Repairing shoes Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing sundries Repai	\$ ets.	P. M. Beaupre,	\$ cts.	P. Asseltine,
Repairing shoes Repairing shoes Repairing shoes Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing sundries Repairi	6 58	Making sundries, tailor	12 78	Hav
Repairing sundries, tailor. 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1 71	Repairing shoes		
Making sundries, tailor	0 30 2 00			
Making sundries, tailor. 3 33 Repairing sundries, tailor. 0 95	2 32			T. W. Bowie.
Repairing sundries, tailor.	0 20		0.99	Walting our daine dellar
Making shoes.	2 79 0 16			
Making sundries, carpenter	0 40	Brooms	6 15	Making shoes
Repairing sundries, enrpenter	2 30	Medicine		
Meals	18 76			
Brooms.				Meals
Medicine. 0 13 13 13 13 13 14 13 13		Chas. Bostriage.		
Stores	1 30		0 13	Medicine
17 58	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		0 90	Stores
Making sundries, tailor	0 10		17 58	
Making sundries, tailor	0 30			
Farm produce	1 26 2 64	Meals		H. S. Bena
Repairing sundries, tailor.	0.70	Farm produce		
Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 92 0 67			
Repairing sundries, carpenter.	0 21	Canvas		
Farm produce	6 40	Medicine		
Brooms.	18 21			
Chas. Baylie.			0 84	Brooms
Medicine.		Ino Bannister		
Chas. Baylie.				
Binder Twine. 22	17 50	Farm produce	10.69	
Chas. Baylie.			10 02	
Making sundries, tailor.		Binder Twine.		Cl., P.,E.
Making sundries, tailor. 3 00 Repairing sundries, tailor. 0 96 Making shoes 1 86 Repairing shoes. 2 17 Making sundries, blacksmith. 1 42 Repairing sundries, blacksmith. 0 10 Making sundries, tin and paint. 0 85 Repairing sundries, tin and paint. 0 85 Repairing sundries, tin and paint. 0 66 Farm produce. 1 28 Brooms. 0 92 Electrician. 1 00 Razor honed 0 10 Medicine. 0 65 Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing shoes. Repairing sundries, tailor. 4 29 Repairing sundries, tailor. 5 66 Making sundries, tailor. 4 29 Repairing sundries, tailor. 5 49 Repairing sundries, tailor. 5 49 Repairing sundries, tailor. 6 40 Making sundries, tailor. 6 40 Making sundries, tailor. 6 40 Making sundries, tailor. 7 4 29 Repairing sundries, tailor. 6	2,712 47	Sundry customers		Chas. Baytte.
Making shoes 1 86 Repairing shoes 2 17 Making sundries, carpenter 0 59 Making sundries, blacksmith 1 42 Repairing sundries, tin and paint 0 10 Making sundries, tin and paint 0 10 Meals 0 66 Farm produce 1 28 Brooms Medicine Brooms 4 28 Brooms J. Berrigan Making sundries, tailor 0 10 Medicine Making sundries, tailor R. J. Burns Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor 4 29 Repairing sundries, tailor 4 98 Repairing shoes 4 98 Repairing sundries, carpenter 2 00 Repairing sundries, carpenter 4 39 Repairing sundries, blacksmith 0 10 Making sundries, blacksmith 0 10 Making sundries, tailor 0 40 Makin		-		
Repairing shoes.				
Making sundries, blacksmith 1 42 Farm produce Repairing sundries, tin and paint 0 10 Brooms Medicine Repairing sundries, tin and paint 0 10 Medicine Medicine Brooms 1 28 J. Berrigan Medicine Brooms 0 92 J. Berrigan J. Berrigan Brooms 0 10 Making sundries, tailor Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter Making sundries, tailor 0 65 Making sundries, tin and paint Bread Farm produce Repairing sundries, tailor 4 29 Making sundries, tin and paint Bread Farm produce Bread Farm produce Brooms Medicine Stores Stores Making sundries, tailor 4 29 Medicine Stores Stores Making sundries, carpenter 2 00 Repairing sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, blacksmith Mnking sundries, blacksmith Mnking sundries, blacksmith Mnking sundries, blacksmith		James Bennett.	2 17	
Repairing sundries, tin and paint	4 85	Farm aroduce		
Making sundries, tin and paint 0 85 Medicine Repairing sundries, tin and paint 0 10 Medis Meals 0 66 Farm produce 1 28 Brooms 0 92 J. Berrigan Electrician 1 00 Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Medicine 0 65 Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter Making sundries, tin and paint Bread Farm produce Brooms Medicine Stores Stores Stores Medicine Repairing sundries, carpenter Againg sundries, carpenter Againg sundries, stores Medicine Repairing sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, stores Stores Stores R. Bryant R. Bryant Repairing sundries, blacksmith Mnking	0 42			Repairing sundries, blacksmith
Meals.	0 20	Medicine		Making sundries, tin and paint
Tarm produce	5 47			
The state of the			1 28	Farm produce
Razor honed		J. Berrigan.		
To 66	4 20		0 10	Razor honed
The state of the	4 07 0 78		0 65	Medicine
Mnking sundries, tin and paint	0 36		15 66	
R. J. Burns. Farm produce. Brooms. Medicine. Stores. Stores. Stores. Expairing sundries, tailor. 4 29 Stores. Stores. Stores. Expairing shoes. 1 75 Expairing sundries, carpenter. 2 00 Repairing sundries, blacksmith. 2 00 Repairing su	5 24			
R. J. Burns. Brooms. Making sundries, tailor. 4 29 Repairing sundries, tailor. 0 40 Making shoes. 4 98 Repairing shoes. 1 75 Making sundries, carpenter. 2 00 Repairing sundries, earpenter. 4 39 Repairing sundries, blacksmith. 0 10 Making sundries, tin and paint. 1 36 Mnking sundries, blacksmith. Mnking sundries, blacksmith.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Farm produce		
Making sundries, tailor. 4 29 Stores. Repairing sundries, tailor. 0 40 Making shoes. 4 98 Repairing shoes. 1 75 Making sundries, carpenter. 2 00 Repairing sundries, earpenter. 4 39 Repairing sundries, blacksmith. 0 10 Making sundries, tin and paint. 1 36 Mnking sundries, blacksmith. 0 10	0.82	Brooms		R. J. Burns.
Repairing sundries, tailor.	1 10 0 35		4 20	Making sundries toiler
Making shoes		Giordania		Repairing sundries, tailor
Making sundries, carpenter	55 82		4 98	Making shocs
Repairing sundries, earpenter				
Making sundries, tin and paint		R. Bryant,	4 39	Repairing sundries, earpenter
	1 12	Unking sundries blacksmith		
	1 12 1 87	Making sundries, tin and paint		
Medicine	0 15			
20 99	3 14		20 99	
		1.		

KINGSTON—(Continued).

British Columbia Penitentiary	\$ cts	R. A. Caughey.	\$ ets.
Making sundries, blacksmith. Brooms. Printing. Receipt books. Stores.	2.185 85 30 12 81 00 4 03 242 00 2,543 09	Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, tin and paint. Meals. Brooms. Razors honed. Brooms. Printing.	1 96 1 17 0 30 2 77 0 99 1 88 0 10 0 17 1 39
Peter Bird.			10 73
Repairing shoes. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Brooms. Rubble stone. Medicine.	1 30 0 49 13 75	W. W. Cook. Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Farm produce.	3 25 0 66 0 21 2 70
	18 23		6 S2
R, Baden,		R. Corby.	
Straw	12 70	Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Meals.	3 20 1 26 2 64
$R.\ Boyd.$		Medicine	7 30
Macadam	2 50		1 00
		D. Curtis.	
F. Burke.		Repairing sundries, tailor	2 91
Straw	4 40	Making shoes	2 05 0 38
$R.\ Bushel.$		Making sundries, carpenter	0 31 16 70 12 50
Hay	8 00	Stores	0 70
Straw			35 55
	16 00		
Wm. Bourke.		James Campbell.	
Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes	0 28 1 38	Macadam	0 72
Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, earpenter. Repairing sundries, hlacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Bread.	1 02 2 03 0 30 2 63	Medicine. Bread. Lunch box made. Bread box. Brooms.	0 15 5 22 0 31 0 87 0 87
Farm produce. Brooms. Razor honed. Medicine.	1 19 1 31 0 10	Jno. Crawford.	7 42
Rev. A. M. Cooke.	23 41	Medicine Repairing shoes. Repairing sundries, tailor. Vegetables. Lunch box made.	0 10 0 89 0 10 53 60 0 33
Medicine	0 30	Dun if Dox made	55 02
and Capeline.	0 00		0.7 02

K1NGSTON-(Continued).

Jno. Cody.	\$ ets.	Thos. Davidson.	\$ cts.
C. H. Coulter. Straw	4 00	Repairing shoes. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Carpent Service Ser	2 87 1 71 9 08 0 15 0 70 0 10 0 70 1 30 1 05 0 40
D. Couper.	8 30		18 06
Straw	3 30	James Doyle.	
Corporation of Portsmouth. Sifted cinders	. 3 90 6 40	Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing shoes. Repairing sundries, carpenter Making sundries, tin and paint	0 15 0 71 0 79 1 89
J. Carson.	10 30	Meals Tomatoes Razors honed Medicine	13 05 0 25 0 10 2 15
Straw	12 00		19 09
J. B. Cook.		$Geo.\ Doyle.$	
Chas. Clarke.	4 00	Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Brooms. Medicine.	0 20 0 10 7 04 2 72 1 48 3 55 0 73 1 30 2 30
E. Cowin.	0 12		19 42
W. J. Colvert. Making sundries, tailor Making shoes Repairing shoes. Making sundries, tin and paint Farm produce. Medicine Stores	1 73 1 60 0 89 1 53 1 10	R. D. Dowsley. Repairing shoes Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Brooms. Condemned articles. Medicine.	0 37 0 12 0 23 0 10 4 00 0 40 1 60 1 55 8 58
W. H. Derry. Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Brooms. Razor honed. Repairing book Medicine	1 80 2 89 2 47 1 33 0 45 0 49 1 60 0 10	R. M. Davis. Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce Brooms. Medicine	0 10 2 78 0 10

J. V. Donaghue.	\$ ets.	Joseph Eres.	\$ cts.
Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Making sundries, blacksmitb.		Straw	4 00
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 10	J. R. Forster.	
Meals. Farm produce		Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor	4 79 0 40
Medicine Stores	0 65 0 15	Making shoes	7 76 3 62
. *	9 20	Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 11 0 14
Dorchester Penitentiary.		Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint	0 20 0 68
Brooms Printing	62 06 49 80	Repairing sundries, tin and paint Bread	0 10 2 63 5 72 5 08
	111 86	Brooms	0 64 0 29
G. W. Dawson.		Medicine. Stores	0 35 0 39
Printing	3 33		32 95
Frank Doyle.		_	
Repairing sundries, tailor	0 20 2 11	Miss R. A. Fahey.	
Making shoes	4 39 3 42	Making sundries, blacksmith	0 10 0 75
Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith.	1 21 0 56	Farm produce. Brooms.	0 83 0 92
Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries tin, and paint	0 40 5 25	Sanitary fluid. Medicine.	0 18 0 30
Repairing sundries, tin and paint Farm produce	0 59 1 20	Stores	0 22
Razors honed	0 40 0 90	_	3 30
Glass Condemned articles	0 41 0 60	C. H. Fenning.	
Medicine Stores	7 10 0 35	Repairing shoes	4 47
	29 09	Making sundries, carpenter	2 40 0 10
Hotel Dieu.		Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 53 0 20
Macadam.	0 92	Making sundries, tin and paint Bread	0 76 17 28
F. Dawson.		MealsFarm produce	3 96 0 13
Hay	14 00	Brooms	0 52
H. Day.			30 30
Cinders.	0 10	Thos. Fowler.	
		Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor	3 40 0 20
J. F. Ettinger.		Making shoes	2 32 1 30
Hay	10 96	Making sundries, carpenter	1 08 2 31
J. Edwards.		Making sundries, blacksmith	0 10 0 20
Нау	14 68	Making sundries, tin and paint Bread Farm produce	1 20 16 74
Elliott Bros.		Brooms	2 03 0 40 3 55
Hay	9 80		34 83
		-	

J. A. Fegg.	\$ cts.	I. Germain.	\$ ets.
Making sundries, tailor	0 60	Making sundries, tailor	4 20
Repairing sundries, tailor	0 10	Repairing sundries, tailor	0.70
Repairing shoes	1 12	Repairing shoes	4 29
Making sundries, tin and paint	0 89	Making sundries, carpenter	5 92
Meals	9 46	Repairing sundries, carpenter	3 14
Pork	1 30	Making sundries, blacksmith.	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 24 \\ 6 & 60 \end{array}$
Razors honed	0 14	Repairing sundries, blacksmith	1 35
Medicine	0 75	Farm produce.	54 70
22002		Lime	0 31
	14 46	Stone	0 30
W E II		Cinders	1 85
Mrs. Forsythe.		Pasturage. Razors honed	6 00 0 10
Rent	48 00	Condemned articles	5 25
2000		Drugs	0 40
Howard S. Folger.		Making sundries tin and paint	0 30
Gravel	6 00		95 65
Geo, Ford.			
Geo. Pora.	1	C. H. Gray.	
Macadam	2 38		
		Making sundries, tailor	3 82
Geo. Flemming.		Making shoes.	0 50
Farm produce	19 00	Repairing shoes Repairing sundries, blacksmith	1 05 0 30
raini produce	15 00	Making sundries, tin and paint	0 62
Wm. Fisher.		Meals	5 71
		Medicine	0 10
Hay	26 94	-	10.10
Straw	4 50 1 50		12 10
Gravel	1 50		
	32 94		
		Mrs. Green.	
$J.\ Fisher.$		TT	
C1	8 00	Hay	17 40
Straw	8 00		
W. A. Gunn.	1		
Repairing sundries, tailor		S. Green.	
Repairing shoes		Stropp	12.00
Making sundries, carpenter		Straw	12 00 330 00
Making sundries, blacksmith		-	900 00
Rent			342 00
Laundry		-	
	20.07	III' C II	
	32 07	W. S. Hughes.	
Jno. Girens.		Making sundries, tailor	12 50
0.110.1. (3.180/1907		Repairing sundries, tailor	6 46
Making sundries, tailor		Making shoes.	4 62
Repairing sundries, tailor		Repairing shoes	3 06
Making shoes		Making sundries, carpenter	3 07 1 51
Repairing shoes		Making sundries, blacksmith	0 27
Repairing sundries, carpenter		Repairing sundries, blacksmith	7 63
Repairing sundries, blacksmith		Making sundries, tin and paint	10 99
Making sundries, tin and paint	3 08	Repairing sundries, tin and paint	0 66
Repairing sundries, tin and paint		Bread	0 79
Farm produce		Farm produce	3 91 24 10
Razors honed		Printing	14 40
Book.		Cartridges	3 00
Electrician	0 10	Brooms	0 58
Brooms	1 56	Rope	4 60
Condemned articles		Medicine	0 86
Medicine	2 30	Gravel	0 56
	33 22		103 57
	00 22		100 01

F. Hornibrook. Making sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, tin and paint. Brooms. Medicine	\$ cts. 1 20 0 15 0 57 0 40	J. Halpin.	\$ cts.
Repairing shoes. Making sundries, tin and paint. Brooms	0 15 0 57 0 40	Hay	8 32
	0 60	G. W. Hentig.	
	2 92	Straw	4 00
Wm. Holland.			
Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint Farm produce. Lime	1 57 6 01 7 35 3 26 0 10 0 76 0 26 1 94 0 28 19 34 0 31	Dept. of Indian Affairs. Making sundries, tailor	968 63 4 50 973 13
Medicine	0 15	Making sundries, tailor	2 84
J. J. Hughes. Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Bread Meals. Farm produce.	3 07 0 30 4 10 1 48 8 91 2 64	Making shoes Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Bread	6 65 4 82 0 30 0 47 3 14 4 20 1 05 37 35
Farm produce	1 18 0 38 1 06	Farm produce. Brooms. Condemned articles. Medicine.	45 35 1 27 1 00 0 20
	23 12	_	108 64
Isaac Houghton.			
Making sundries, blacksmith	0 10 0 35 0 45	Jno. Kennedy. Making sundries, tailor	0 58 0 82
T. E. Hennessy. Making shoes Making sundry articles, carpenter Repairing sundry articles, carpenter Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint Bread	0 19 1 43 0 10 0 12 0 13 1 44 0 19 3 96	Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Razors honed. Brooms.	7 22 1 89 5 73 4 53 0 23 0 30 1 11 0 20 0 21
Printing. Medicine.	0 43 3 56		
H. D. Hinkey.	11 55	T. A. Keenan. Repairing sundries, tailor	0 30
Rubble stone	7 00	Repairing sundries, shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint.	1 18 1 10 0 10 0 23
Hay Horse carrots	16 50 8 00	Meals. Farm produce. Broom. Book bound.	0 13 3 80 0 21 0 32
Phillip T. Hoffner.	24 50	Medicine. Stores.	0 88 0 18
Hay	15 40	-	8 43

M. J. Kennedy.	\$ ets.	Jas. Lawless.	\$ ets.
Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint Bread. Mortar. Razors honed. Chips. Medicine. Stores	2 44 7 60 0 20 9 24 0 72 1 58 0 79 43 75 1 07 0 40 0 50 7 00	Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes Making sundries, earpeuter Repairing sundries, earpeuter Making sundries, tin and paint Meals Farm produce. Brooms Medicine Jas. Lee.	0 21 1 95 3 36 0 68 0 56 12 24 1 40 1 63 0 20
Wm. Kenny.	86 47	HayStraw.	27 81 9 00
Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint Stone. Printing Medicine.	0 33 0 46 0 10 2 48 0 25 0 29	P. Lawson. Straw Hay.	36 81 4 00 14 91
	8 69	-	18 91
V. Kane. Hay, 2,900 lbs	11 60	P. Lyman. Water service	12 00
Lawrenee Kenny.			
Macadam	5 31		
Kingston Ship Building Co.	2 61	W. J. MeLeod. Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes	1 87 1 36 2 11
J. Keenan. Clover seed	7 00	Repairing sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Bread	0 44 0 40 1 25 0 35 0 53
J. T. Knapp. Hay, 2,130 lbs Kingston Hosiery Co.	12 78	Farm produce Book bound Broom Razors honed Medicine	1 25 0 16 0 10 0 10 1 65
Condemned stoker	49 20	Stores	0 35 2 02
J. Kane.	10 30		13 94
HayStraw	4 00	P. J. Madden.	
Jas. Lawlor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, blacksmith. Meals. Medicine.	0.75	Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Bread Brooms	0 45 0 44 0 49 0 26 1 35 22 59 0 52
	2 45		26 10

K1NGSTON—(Continued).

W. Macdonnell.	\$ cts.	Rev. M. McDonald.	\$ cts.
Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter	1 98 0 20 0 10	Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing shoes	0 55 1 80 0 27
Making sundries, blacksmith	0 26 3 51	Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 50 3 90
Bread	2 25	Repairing sundries, blacksmith	5 84
Brooms	1 02 0 10	PrintingLaundry	0 33 24 00
Medicine	0 40	Electrician	0 10
	9 82	Condemned articles	1 05 0 80
		Making sundries, tin and paint	14 32
F. S. Montgomery.			53 46
Making sundries, tin and paint	0 90	R. McDonald.	
Bread	0 90	Making sundries, tailor	4 46
	1 80	Repairing sundries, tailor	0 20
		Repairing shoes	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Dept. of Marine and Fisherics.		Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 20
Macadam	7 91	Making sundries, tin and paint	0 4S 0 10
22.05.057400AA44		Bread	29 34
		Farm produce	0 13 0 79
W. H. Matthews.		Lime	0 13
Making shoes	8 25	Brooms	0 52 2 05
Making shoes	0 56	Medicine	2 00
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 30		43 45
Farm produce	0 70 0 52	J. A. McCaugherty.	
Medicine	0 95		- 00
Making sundries, tin and paint	0 89	Repairing sundries, tailor	5 90 19 92
	12 17	Repairing shoes	1 26
		Repairing sundries, blacksmith Bread	3 01 0 20
J. Marks.		Farm produce	31 78
Rubble stone	0 31	Rent Stone	100 00 9 82
		Medicine	0 25.
		D. J. McCarthy.	172 14
J. Mullin.			* 00
Straw, 2,070 lbs	4 14	Making sundries, tailor	1 90 5 55
		Repairing shoes	0 28
		Posts	5 00 0 15
Market P. C.			
Manitoba Penitentiary.		R. McGeein.	12 88
Brooms	28 S0		0.0-
Printing	13 69	Making sundries, tailor	2 35 0 62 5 04
	42 49	Making shoes	2 53
P. Mantagan and		Making sundries, carpenter	4 16
F. Montgomery.		Repairing sundries, carpenter	2 45 0 45
Repairing shoes		Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 30
Repairing sundries, carpenter Making sundries, tin and paint	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 10 \\ 2 & 17 \end{array}$	Making sundries, tin and paint	4 12 1 75
Repairing sundries, tin and paint	1 94	Brooms	1 32
Brooms	9 99 0 36	Razors honed	0 10 0 65
Medicine	0 40	Stores	0 35
	15 93		26 19

KINGSTON—(Continued).

J. McWaters.	\$ cts.	Geo. McCaulcy.	\$ cts.
Making sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Brooms. Lime. Razors honed.	1 10 4 42 2 90 0 35 2 89 1 03 0 14 0 30	Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Meals. Medicine	1 50 0 10 1 51 0 10 0 44 13 33 1 60
Medicine	1 85		18 58
	14 98	E. 1. McCue.	
S. A. McCormack. Repairing sundries Making sundries, tin and paint Bread Medicine	0 15 0 90 0 72 0 45	Repairing shoes. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Bread. Meals. Farm produce.	0 36 0 10 0 10 0 10 17 91 5 12 1 40
	2 22	Brooms	0 98 0 10
Wm. McCartney.		Binder twine	0 30 0 95
Farm produce. Macadam. Gravel.	13 02 13 33 11 23		27 42
	37 58	A. McConville.	0.00
A. McIlquham.	131 40	Making sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Medicine.	0 80 3 41 0 10 1 65 37 36 0 35
4 H. M. D. W			43 67
A. W. McDonald. Brooms Shoes repaired. Medicine		A. McLean, Farm produce	813 81
	2 02	G. Nolan.	
R. F. N. McFarlane. Macadam	10 50	Making sundries, tailor. Making shoes Repairing shoes. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint.	1 00 6 62 2 81 0 10 0 41
J. McQuade. Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 S4 0 10	Repairing sundries, tin and paint	0 11 11 26 0 10 2 78
Making sundries, blacksmith	0 22 0 13		25 19
Farm produce		Jas. Nesbitt.	
	3 19	HayStraw	44 45 4 00
J. S. McPherson.			48 45
Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce.	2 50 0 84 0 63 0 10 3 18 0 10 0 83	Thos. Nicholson. Hay F. Nicholson.	15 00
Brooms	1 26 0 15	HayMacadam	3 29
	9 59		57 72
	1		

KINGSTON—(Continued).

D. O'Leary.	\$ ets.	R. Paynter.	\$ cts.
Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter Making sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Meals.	3 04 1 48 1 24 3 05 0 37 1 66 0 50	Making sundries, tailor	14 43 0 20 2 36 0 76 0 56 1 42 0 55 20 28
Farm produce. Laundry. Wood. Brooms. Icc. Medicine.	4 85 12 00	J. A. Potter. Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter	2 55 1 \$2 3 71 0 95
	47 92	Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 91
J. B. O'Driscoll. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith.	3 91 3 32 0 10 0 52	Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint Farm produce Brooms Razors honed Medicine	1 55 2 04 4 73 0 10 11 77 1 11 0 10 2 40
Making sundries, tin and paint	1 10		33 74
Bread. Meals. Farm produce. Brooms. Chips. Medicine.	3 52 1 50 0 82 0 50 0 50	H. J. Powell, Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes	6 75 0 30 9 24 2 13
Jno. O'Neill. Repairing shoes		Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Bread. Brooms. Condemned articles. Medicine. Farm produce.	0 11 0 54 0 25 6 55 0 35 1 08 2 45 1 50 14 76
	6 28		46 01
J. M. Platt. Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter	2 15 2 60	Jas. Potter. Repairing shocs Bakery. Mortar	0 27 0 18 1 18 1 63
Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint Bread	2 81 2 01 0 23 0 87 0 61	Portsmouth, Corporation of. Rubble stone	0 25
Farm produce	4S 77 8 50 1 20 6 09 0 30	G. Pyke & Son. Rubble stone	30 00
	105 24	John Peters.	
D. Phelan.		Straw	4 00
Brooms. Medicine.	0 78 0 45	$R.\ N.\ Polk,$	
	1 23	Straw	4 00

Jas. Purdy.	\$ cts.	J. Saunders.	\$ ets.
Clover	16 00	Bread Farm produce. Razors honed.	0 38 5 00 0 10
Printing	33 08	Medicine	1 35
		-	
J. A. Rutherford.	00.10	Miss Mary Smith.	0.00
Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith.	20 16 0 62 4 74 2 69 1 85 0 21 0 32	Repairing sundries, tailor. Making sundries, tin and paint. Bread. Farm produce. Brooms. Medicine.	0 20 0 74 0 20 1 50 0 60 1 25
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	1 22 2 23		4 49
Farm produce. Brooms. Fire elay.	8 21 0 92 0 10 0 20	P. Storer.	0 40
Books bound	0 70 2 90	Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Condemned articles.	0 48 9 40 0 15
	47 07	Condemned articles	10 43
Wm. Ryan.			
Making suadries, tailor	6 09 4 68	Geo. Sullivan.	2 77
Repairing shoes Repairing sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Brooms. Medicine.	0 76 0 37 3 01 0 83 1 24 0 35	Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, earpenter. Repairing sundries, earpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith.	0 10 3 33 1 54 0 24 0 45 0 86 0 10
	17 33	Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint	1 95 0 10
C. H. Redden. Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor	2 04 0 20	Farm produce. Razors honed Brooms. Medicine.	0 90 0 20 0 58 0 78
Making shoes Repairing sundries, carpenter. Brooms. Medicine.	2 90 1 59 0 58 0 55		13 90
	7 86	St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary. Printing	65 47
A. Rankin.		Brooms	109 30
Macadam	0 76		174 77
W. H. Read.		Jas. Short.	
Hogs	1,307 70	Hay Straw	65 25 4 00
_			69 25
Royal Canadian Horse Artillery. Removing manure	180 00	St. Lawrence Ice Co.	
removing manute	130 00	Chaff	10 50
E. Robb.		P. H. Small.	
Straw	4 00	Hay	15 30
		II.	

E. O. Sliter.	\$ ets.	A. Thompson.	\$ ets.
Old window sash	1 50	Straw	13 14
W. D. Scott.		T. Thurlby.	
Straw	4 00	Hay, 2,300 lbs	9 20
		Geo. Thompson.	
St. Mary's on the Loke Orphanage.		Hay, 6,210 lbs	37 26
Rubble stonc	0 25		
		A. Tyo.	4 00
J. Smith.	0.00	Straw	4 00
Making sundries, tailor	2 90 1 33	Township of Kingston.	
Making shoes	4 05	Cinders.	14 45
Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter	1 26 2 85 0 87	William Tollerst.	
Making sundries, blacksmith	0 30 1 95		2 32
Making sundries, tin and paint	0 50 8 50	Making shoes	2 48 0 16
Broom Medicine	0 21 0 60	Brooms	2 76 0 10
172 CA10 III C	31 40	-	7 82
~		-	
Saskatchewan Penitentiary.		M. Tucker.	
Making sundries, tailor Making shoes	857 87 141 00	Making shoes	5 05 3 87
Making sundries, blacksmith	25 83 4 26	Making sundries, earpenter	0 93 0 20
BroomsBooks	15 84 90 89	Farm produce. Brooms.	0 70 0 80
Printing Stamps.	63 69 1 28	Medieine	2 90
	1,200 66		14 45
Jas. Tweddell.		H. L. Walker.	
Making sundries, tailor	5 72	Making sundries. blacksmith	0 57
Repairing sundries, tailor	1 21 0 55	Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 60 7 25
Repairing shoes, carpenter	0 10 1 88	Repairing shoes	4 06 0 10
Meals Medieine	0 66 0 28	Making sundries, tin and paint	2 91 3 81
	10 40	Brooms	2 27 0 10
Wm. Tatton.		Medicinc	1 00
Making sundries, tailor	1 10		22 67
Making shoes Repairing shoes Repairing sundries, carpenter	3 06 3 14 1 40	Jas. W cir.	
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 86	Repairing shoes.	2 47 0 99
Making sundries, tin and paint	0 45 2 16 1 45	Making sundries, carpenter	0 10 0 88
Brooms	0 63	Making sundries, tin and paint Farm produce	3 00
Medicine	0 95	Medicine	7 89
	15 20		1 99

C. S. Wheeler.	\$ ets.	Lawrence Walsh.	\$ cts.
Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter.	0 65 0 16 0 20 0 87 0 42	Repairing shoes. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Medicine.	0 62 0 24 0 44 1 40 0 25
Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint Meals. Brooms. Condemned articles. Medicine.	0 51 0 49 2 71 0 17 4 10 0 48 0 50 0 45	R. Weddell & Co. Rubble stone	911 30 471 21
Farm produce	1 05		1,382 51
J. A. Wilson.		W. B. Westlake.	
Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, tin and paint. Meals. Condemned articles. Medicine.	0 10 2 11 0 95 7 30 1 00 0 50	Macadam	0 68
	11 96	Nelson Watts.	1 83
S. H. Watts.		MacadamAshes	0 45
Farm produce			2 28
	12 00	Alfred Watts.	
M. J. Walsh. Making sundries, tin and paint	0 43	Straw Vegetables	4 00 32 00
Meals			36 00
	1 90	John Watts.	
R. B. Watson.		Straw	4 00
Repairing shoes. Making sundries, tin and paint, Making sundries, carpenter. Farm produce. Brooms. Medicine.	0 88 0 44 1 18 1 00	W. E. Woods.	· 10 50
	4 39		35,493 55

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

W. Aubé.	\$ cts.	Alberta Penitentiary.	\$ cts.
Repairing sundries, tailor		Repairing sundries, tailor	0 77 5 23
Repairing shoes	1 15 9 88	Brooms	13 44
Repairing sundries, carpenter	1 90		19 44
Farm produce	3 00	Jos. Aubry.	0.45
Coal	4 55	Repairing sundries, tailor	0 15 4 69
Medicine	0 20	Repairing shoes	0 92 10 30 3 22
	31 01	Repairing sundries, carpenter Making sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint	4 95 1 28
A. A. Allaire, M.D.		Brooms	0 48 0 40
Making sundries, tailor	3 14 0 15		26 39
Making shoes. Repairing shoes.	2 90 7 59	D. Aumais.	
Making sundries, carpenter	2 90	Making shoes	3 43
Making sundries, blacksmith	3 40	Making sundries, carpenter	2 15 0 15
Making sundries, tin and paint	3 61 0 25 16 22	Renairing sundries, blacksmith	0 17 3 25
Printing Brooms Water rates	0 48 10 00		9 15
Ice	6 00 0 52	E. Bertrand.	
Mortar. Coal.		Repairing shoes	3 12 2 36
	63 39	Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 62 0 10
		Making sundries, tin and paint	0 10 3 00
J. Archambeault. Water rates	5 83	Fire clayCoalMedicine	0 10 3 37 0 66
N. Archambeault.	3 60	Medicine	13 43
Tee and union	0 29	V. Bisson.	10 10
W. P. Archibald.		Repairing sundries, tailor	0 54
Meals	0 50	Making sundries, carpenter	1 61 1 37 4 02
	- 00	Making sundries, tin and paint	3 27 0 33
$E.\ J.\ Adams.$		Making sundries, blacksmithFarm produce	0 36 1 50
Repairing shoes	1 07	IceCoal	6 00 6 63
Making sundries, tailor		Medicine	0 30
	5 78	E. Donnelle	25 93
E. M. Auclair.		E. Bonenfant. Making sundries, tailor	0 25
Making sundries, carpenter		Making shoes	1 23 0 68
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 35 0 27	Making sundrics, carpenter	1 97 0 89
Water rates	10 00 0 53	Farm produce	0 54 0 40
Pigs dressed	1 00	Ice Medicine	3 00 0 25
	58 49		9 21

E. Brisebois.	\$ ets.	E. Bisson.	\$ cts.
Making sundries, tailor	0 65 0 45	Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, tin and paint. Water rates.	0 20 1 42 0 11 1 13 10 00
Repairing sundries, tin and paint Farm produce Broom	0 60 0 25 0 48		12 86
Medicine	1 28	Jos. Bastine.	
	14 44	Making sundries, tin and paintLime	3 70 0 15
` E. Barbeau.		,	3 85
Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint Rent Ice. Printing Coal. Medicine.	0 92 4 96 2 85 6 36 2 59 2 03	A. Bastine. Making sundries, tailor. Making sboes. Repairing sboes. Making sundries, carpenter Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Cement. Brooms. Repairing sundries, carpenter.	5 76 17 09 2 14 4 53 1 45 1 55 4 88 0 30 0 25 0 53 0 48 1 51
	S3 66		40 47
		Jos. Boivin.	*
P. Blondin. Making shoes	8 07 3 40 3 31 2 21	Gravel Macadam Lime	1 50 1 35 0 40 3 25
Repairing sundries, carpenter Making sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Farm produce. Brooms. Coal. Medicine.	0 32 2 49 0 20 0 48 3 31 0 50	C. Bisson. Books bound	3 22 10 00 13 22
	24 29		
, O. Beauchamp.		A. Bouillon. Box made	1 00
Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter.	26 62 4 69 4 63 3 41 12 23 6 72	A. Boisrert.	1 60
Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint Farm produce. Stationery. Coal. Labour Ice	0 71 7 88 0 24 8 27 1 65 5 00	Dr. Beaudoin. Water supply Madame M. Bastien.	10 00
Mcdicine	85 21	Water supply	10 00
		water supply	10 00

E. Bélanger.	\$ cts.	U. Chartrand.	\$ cts.
Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tia and paint Repairing sundries, tia and paint Repairing sundries, tia and paint Farm produce Brooms Ice Printiag Coal Condemned articles Medicine	0 75 12 08 11 27 10 48 5 07 1 31 0 73 3 60 0 39 0 94 0 96 3 00 0 32 6 60 1 00 2 00	Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpeater. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Rent. Wood. Water rates. Ice Medicine. Gravel.	2 31 0 54 17 89 9 24 0 94 5 58 0 25 4 16 12 90 0 20 0 94 76 46
	60 50		
		F. Clermont.	
British Columbia Penitentiary. Repairing sundries, tailor Making sundries, blacksmith	0 77 3,797 64 3,798 41	Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith.	1 38 0 90 10 75 2 14 6 60 0 78 3 10 0 95
G. Charbonneau. Making sundries, tailor	4 36	Farm produce. Ice Coal Medicine. Stores	0 25 3 00 3 09 4 45 0 20
Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpeater Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce.	6 97 4 78 6 21 3 78 1 34 0 73 5 48 1 05 0 15	Jos. Charbonncau.	37 59
Water rates. Lime. Ice Mortar. Brooms. Medicine.	10 00 0 75 3 00 0 15 0 48 0 10	Cement	2 62 0 15 3 02
	49 33		
E. Constantine. Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Loc Coal Medicine Farm produce.	3 27 2 50 4 38 0 32 0 23 4 00 3 19 0 10 0 52	A. Charbonneau. Making sundries, tailor Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpeater. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Brooms. Water rates. Stone. Zine. Mortar. Condemned articles. Medicine. Stores.	0 64 7 64 3 79 10 67 0 74 0 89 2 73 0 25 0 57 27 50 2 00 0 58 0 23 102 50 0 41 0 38
	35 67		161 52

I. Cloutier.	\$ cts.	J. Chartrand.	\$ ets.
Making shoes	6 49	Making sundries, carpenter	1 59
Repairing shoes	1 41 3 73		
Repairing sundries, carpenter	1 48	R. Desjardins.	
Making sundries, tin and paint	17 50	Making sundries, tailor	5 51
Ice		Repairing sundries, tailor	1 93 9 43
The state of the s	37 12	Repairing shoes	1 93 8 75
	37 12	Making sundries, carpenter	0 96
E. Charbonneau.		Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 II 4 36
Water rates	10 00	Repairing sundries, tin and paint	0 33 0 62
		Farm produce	2 00
A Chartrand.		Carting. Glass.	2 30 0 11
	40.40	Brooms	0 48
Empty pork barrels. Dog clipped.		Sidewalk borderLabour	9 10 5 70
Cracked gravel Soil pipe	1 60	Condemned articles	2 50 1 21
Straw	0 53	ACCEPTAGE OF THE PROPERTY OF T	
Water rates			57 33
Keys made		F. Désormeau.	
	27 18	Making shoes	10 51
		Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter	1 36 2 14
N. Chartrand.		Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 94 2 29
Macadam	0 68	Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 11
		Making sundries, tin and paint	1 58 0 25
D. D. Cuciahtan		Coal	6 56 0 60
R. R. Creighton.		Medicine	0 10
Making sundries, tailor			26 44
Meals	5 50		
Cotton bags		C. Desjardins.	
	10 65	- Making shoes	6 38
Mrs. J. Charbonneau.		Repairing shoes	0 41 0 28
		Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 10
Water rates	. 10 00	Making sundries, tin and paint	0 66 5 00
		Condemned articles Medicine	0 50 0 40
Mrs. J. Chevron.		raccione	13 73
Water rates.	. 10 00		13 /3
		Jos. Desjardins.	
Avila Chartrand.			1 62
Water rates	. 5 00	Making sundries, tailor. Making shoes.	3 50
		Making sundries, carpenter	8 91 3 37
		Making sundries, blacksmith	0 84
G. Carson.		Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 65
Gravel	. 4 75	Rent	4 00
		Condemned articles	0 50
Alf. Chartrand.		MedicineFarm produce	
Water rates	25 00		45 76
11 (2002 2000)	20 00		-

A. Desjardins.	\$ cts.	Jos. David.	\$ cst.
Making sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing shoes. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Mortar. Coal. Condemned articles. Medicine. Repairing sundries, tin and paint.	0 90 0 26 4 92 0 98 6 41 2 42 0 56 2 85 0 25 0 15 3 37 4 80 0 70 1 93	Making sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Printing. Broom. Medicine.	1 37 6 03 2 26 6 23 0 61 1 50 3 01 4 03 0 94 0 25 50 00 0 34 0 53
	30 50	· .	77 58
G. W. Dawson. Meals Coat pressed Tinware Poles made.	1 25 0 20 2 45 1 61	Geo. Forest. Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes Repairing shoes Making sundries, earpenter	0 96 0 10 -8 16 4 84 7 30
W. David.	4 73	Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Water rates. Mortar.	0 64 1 72 0 30 1 87 0 16 10 00 0 30
Dominion Police. Making uniforms, tailor	97 80	Ice Brooms Glass Coal Condemned articles Medicine	4 00 0 72 0 71 3 32 0 92 0 63
A. Dencyer.	1 62	P. Forster.	46 65
		Rent	4 16
D. Desjardins. Pieces stove cast		D. J. Fitzgibbon.	
J. Demers. Mortar	0 53	Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith	1 38 1 67 0 23 0 31
Dorchester Penitentiary. Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Printing Blue prints	0 77 1 20	Making sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Printing. Rent. Ice. Brooms. Coal. Medicine.	3 44
	58 20		70 31

H. C. Fatt.	\$ cts.	F. Fortin.	\$ cts.
Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes. Repairing shoes.	0 15 2 66 2 82	Tomato plants	0 25
Making sundries, carpenter	3 30	Fab. St. Vincent de Paul.	
Repairing suadries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint	0 10 1 13	Pyramids for tapers	1 76 1 56
Farm produce	0 37 50 00	,	3 32
Ice Condemned articles Medicine.	6 00 1 15 0 92	A. Fortin.	
	69 85	Macadam	3 83
N. Filiatreault.		W. Gibson,	
Making shoes	4 22	Making shoes	1 76
Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter.	1 62 4 30	Repairing shoes. Repairing sundries, blacksmith	1 48 0 55
Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 88 1 20	Making suadries, tin and paint	0 83 0 83
Repairing sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, tin and paint	0 98 0 05	Printing Condemned articles	0 64 0 50
Farm produce	0 25 3 00 0 48	Medicine	2 83
Brooms. Coal. Condemned articles.	3 32	A. Granger.	9 42
Medicine	1 96	Repairing sundries, tailor	0 15
	22 51	Making shoes. Repairing shocs.	2 14 1 67
		Making sundries, carpenter	0 41 2 18
A. Frappier.		Making sundries, blacksmith	1 37 0 33
Making sundries, tailor	0 15 1 80	Water rates.	8 33 3 19
Repairing shoes. Making suadries, carpenter.	1 03 8 45	Medicine	0 40
Repairing sundries, carpenter	1 14	W. Grece.	20 17
Making sundries, tin and paint		Making sundries, tailor	0 81
Farm produce	0 50 1 50	Making shoes	4 55 3 04
Ice Brooms.	3 00 0 48	Making suadries, carpeater	0 47 3 30
Condemned articles	1 50 3 41	Making sundries, blacksmith	0 19 0 15
	26 48	Farm produce. Brooms.	0 25 0 51
77. A 26		Printing.	0 10 0 26
Frères Maristes.	12 06	Coal. Rent	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & 64 \\ 6 & 24 \\ 0 & 52 \end{array}$
Repairing sundries, tailor	22 86 1 67	Medicine	27 03
Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith	2 96 4 83	N. Giguère.	
Making sundries, tin and paint	1 80 20 00	Repairing sundries, tailor	1 36
Cement. Empty bags.	2 57 0 60	Making sundries, carpenter	10 85 2 59
Printing Books bound	2 86 32 68	Making sundries, tin and paint	3 06 0 48
Condemned articles	5 68	Repairing shoes	0 78
	110 57		19 12

A. Gauthier.	\$ cts.	E. Jobin.	\$ cts.
Tomato plants	0 30	Making shoes.	3 55 3 16
Lim. Gouin.	10 00	Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint.	1 42 7 81 1 01 1 49 3 21
N. Gadbois.	0 60	Repairing sundries, tin and paint Farm produce	0 18 0 25 0 30 0 05 6 00
A. Gravel.	0 40	Ice	0 48 3 32 2 56
Lime	0 10		34 79
D. Hogue.		E. Jolicoeur.	
Making sundries, tin and paint	1 67	Making shoes	1 70
G. Hotte.	1 20	Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith.	3 37 0 44 1 04 0 10 0 27
		Making sundries, tin and paint	1 00
Hyde & Webster.	74 50	Ice Lime Coal.	0 80 6 64
Cement bags Hudon & Orsali.	74 50	Plan made. Condemned articles. Medicine.	0 75 0 60 0 10
Empty vinegar barrels	12 00		20 14
•		1	
C. Hogue.		A. Jolivet.	0.40
Water rates	10 00	Repairing shoes	0 48 1 81
Rev. L. O. Harel.	10 00	Repairing sundries, carpenter Making sundries, carpenter Making sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint	0 22 3 36 4 55 3 12 0 25
Ice	6 00	Farm produce Lime	0 15 0 72
	16 00	Brooms Medicine	0 10
G. Ingram.			14 76
Repairing sundries, tailor	0 33 3 06		
A. Jubinville.	3 39	R. Joyce.	0 48
Making sundries, tailor	0 57	Medicine	0 30
Making shoes	8 43		0 78
Making sundries, carpenter	0 41	U. Jetlé.	
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	3 57	Making shoes	4 28
Repairing sundries, tin and paint	0 42	Repairing shoes	0 42 0 34
Ice.	4 00	Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, tin and paint	1 03 1 99
Brooms Coal. Medicine.	3 14	Farm produce	0 20 0 10
Medicine	28 34		8 36

N. Kositsky.	\$ cts.	E. Leblanc.	\$ cts.
Condemned articles	27 19	Making shoes	6 01
		Repairing shoes. Making suadries, carpenter.	12 20 0 72 0 15
Rev. Kavanaugh.		Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 20
Water rates	10 00	Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 32 2 00
		Farm produceLime	0 75 0 25
Kingston Penitentiary.	1	Cement and sand	0 57 0 48 0 84
Making sundries, tailor.	124 80	Medicine	24 49
Repairing sundries, tailor	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 77 \\ 40 & 32 \end{array}$	· -	24 49
	165 89	J. Lauzon.	
E. Larin.		Making shoes	5 51 5 80
Repairing sundries, tailor.	0 89	Repairing shoes. Making suadries, carpenter.	7 90 0 78
Making shoes	7 15 0 33	Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 23
Making sundries, carpenter	22 15 1 23	Farm produce	0 25 0 .48
Making sundries, blacksmith	0 62 0 35	Medicine	0 50
Making tin and paint	0 77 0 94		21 45
Stone Brooms	0 68 0 26		
Water rates	10 00	Geo. Léger.	
Condemned articles.	3 12 1 00	Making sundries, tailor	4 93
Medicine	0 80	Repairing sundries, tailor	0 76 11 30
	50 29	Repairing shoes	1 36 9 94
P. J. G. Lynch.		Repairing sundries, carpenter	1 65 0 56
	0 10	Repairing sundries, blacksmith	4 75 0 40
Making sundries, tailor. Making shoes.	3 74	Farm produce	0 95
Repairing shoes	4 40 4 56	Water rates	6 67 4 00
Repairing suadries, carpenter	0 36 0 36	Condemned articles	0 25 0 80
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 29 6 13		48 32
Repairing sundries, tin and paint	0 34	}	10 02
Farm produce.	3 00	E. Leclair.	
Coal Brooms	3 43 0 48	Repairing sundries, tin and paint	0 06
Medicine	2 23	Repairing suadries, tailor	0 63 14 83
	30 24	Repairing shoes	2 04 8 79
V. Lortie.		Repairing sundries, carpenter	2 29 1 55
	10.00	Repairing sundries, blacksmith	1 04
Making shoes Repairing shoes	4 58	Making sundries, tin and paint	1 47 0 75
Making sundries, carpenter	1 59 0 11	Brooms	1 05 10 00
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 10 0 63	Ice Coal	3 00 3 44
Repairing sundries, tin and paint	0 43	Rent	4 24
Printing Water rates	0 91 10 00	Condemned articles	1 00 0 96
Medicine	0 20	Stores	0 52
	32 38		57 66
		1	

F. Lesage.	\$ cts.	D. Ledue.	\$ cts.
Making sundries, carpenter	6 50 0 87 6 20	Tomb board lettered	0 32
Repairing shoes. Making sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint.	0 28 0 27 1 46	J. Lareheresque.	
Farm produce	0 15 45 76 4 00	Cracked gravel Fine gravel	0 75 2 00
Brooms. Medicine.	0 96 2 12	E. Langlois.	2 75
	68 57	Threading pipes	0 20
J. E. Labrecque.		Threading pipes	0 20
Making sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shocs. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter.	5 37	Lake of the Woods Milling Co. Empty flour bags	48 00
Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint	0 75 0 60 5 29 0 53	W. Levesque.	00 15
Farm produce Wood Ice Condemned articles		Hot water heater repaired	00 25
Medicine		A. Lafranec.	00 10
A T T '-	29 01	Repairing sundries, tailor	0 25
A. Lahaie. Repairing shoes Repairing sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint Books bound Condemned articles Medicine	2 15 0 47 0 78 0 67 1 05 1 45	Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Broom	21 18 1 59 1 96 0 71 2 33 0 83 1 28 0 19 0 25 0 3 00
A. Latulle.		Coal	6 17 0 50 0 90
Fine gravel			41 40
	2 50	C. A. Lemoine.	
L. Label. Water rates	6 67	Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, tin and paint. Coal.	3 50 0 10 1 63 3 13 0 35 3 32
M. Laroux.		Condemned articles. Medicine	2 00 0 10
Water rates	9 17	ALCOHOLING.	14 13
R. Larite. Water rates	5 00	O. Lafrance. Making shoes	4 39
A. Larive.		Making sundries, carpenter	2 15 0 20
Water rates	5 00		6 74

J. E. Leblanc.	\$ ets.	A. Manseau.	\$ ets.
Making shoes Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter Meals Brooms Medicine	0 62 0 27 1 52 2 00 0 48 0 50	Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, tin and paint. Medicine.	9 25 0 67 1 23 0 23 0 77 0 10
	5 39		12 25
J. Latour.		Manitoba Penitentiary.	
Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter.	0 34 1 24 0 16	Making sundries, tailor	135 72 0 77 1 60
Making sundries, tin and paint		-	138 09
Coal. Condemned articles. Medicine	0 25	Jos. Morin.	
	10 30	Fine gravel Water rates	1 00 10 00
L. Marchand.			11 00
Making sundries, tailor		U. Maisonneure.	
Making shoes	2 35	Water rates	10 00
Repairing sundries, tailor	0 20 0 10	Jos. Masson.	
Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Farm produce	0 21	Lime, 225 lbs	8 50
Rent Electric light	50 00 10 80	G. McDonough.	
Ice Condemned articles Medicine	0 16	Making sundries, tailor	0 88 0 13
	96 83	Making shoes	2 54 2 28
		Making sundries, carpenter	8 41 0 62 0 30
G. S. Malepart.		Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 59 3 90
Repairing sundries, tailor	0 80 1 53 0 15	Meals. Farm produce.	2 20 0 25 4 00
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 20 0 41	Coal	6 31
Farm produce	0 32		33 61
IceCondemncd articles	6 00 8-30	McColl Bros. & Co.	
Medicine		Empty oil barrels	2 00
	25 04	Geo. Nixon.	
J. Murphy. Making shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Bakery. Meals. Medicine.	1 32 2 00 1 20	Making sundries, tailor. Making sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Farm produce. Cement. Brooms.	1 20 1 87 1 08 0 40 0 25 1 17 0 96
	6 27	- Control of the cont	6 93
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L. Normand.	\$ ets.	T. Quimet.	\$ ets.
Making sundries, tailor.	5 57 1 25	Drain pipe	3 20
Repairing sundries, tailor		Clay pipe	2 00
Making shoes			5 20
Making sundries, earpenter	5 41		
Repairing sundries, carpenter		0.71 8 167 6	
Making sundries, blacksmith	1 43 0 77	Ogilvie Flour Mills Co.	
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	2 70	Bags	16 00
Repairing sundries, tin and paint	0 63		
Farm produce	0 87		
Brooms	0 78 0 55	A. Proulx.	
Sea grass	4 00	Repairing sundries, tailor	0 20
Fire clay	0 10	Repairing shoes	0 14
Medicine	2 08	Repairing sundries, earpenter	0 52
	36 69	Making sundries, blacksmith	0 25
D. O'Shea.		Farm produce	0 31 0 25
		Glass	0 22
Making sundries, tailor	6 99	Ice	3 00
Repairing sundries, tailor	0 80 6 60	Condemned articles	
Making shoes	4 75	Medicine	0 40
Making sundries, earpenter	1 34		5 54
Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 69	W. Prevost.	
Making sundries, tin and paint	0 80 0 30	W. Frevost.	
Rent	50 00	Making sundry articles, tailor	0 97
Printing	0 26	Repairing shoes	1 83
Fire clay	0 10 2 00	Making sundries, carpenter	1 92
Ice	6 64	Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 66 0 20
Books bound	0 29	Making sundries, tin and paint	0 73
Medicine	1 21	Farm produce	0 25
	82 77	Cement	1 06 10 00
•		Ice	4 00
D. Ouimet.		Brooms	0 48 0 78
Repairing sundries, tailor	0 15	-	
Making shoes	3 08 1 27		22 88
Repairing shoes	1 48		
Repairing sundries, carpenter	2 82	O. Papineau.	
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 28	3.6.3.5	
Making sundries, tin and paint	5 35 0 14	Making sundries, tailor	2 38 2 33
Stone	11 98	Repairing shoes	4 54
Cement	5 28	Making sundries, carpenter	4 85
Brooms	0 48 1 00	Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 46
Condemned articles. Medicine.	0 35	Making sundries, blacksmith	1 20 0 42
		Making sundries, tin and paint	0 22
117. 0	33 66	Repairing sundries, tin and paint	0 35
W. Ouimet.		Farm produce	1 00 0 15
Making shoes	1 36	Stone	5 60
Repairing shoes	1 02	Cement	2 09
Making sundries, earpenter	1 83	Clipping horse	0 60
Repairing sundries, carpenter Making sundries, blacksmith	1 02 1 52	Condemned articles	11 13 0 35
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	1 22	and the state of t	0 00
Making sundries, tin and paint	5 20		37 67
Farm produce	0 50 4 50	G. A. Pratt.	
Stone	2 64	G. M. Frau.	
Lime	0 15	Meals	0 50
Brooms	0 48		
Medicine	3 59 0 10	Em. Pepin.	
- I		zm. repm.	
	25 13	Macadam	11 25

J. E. Pepin.	\$ ets.	V. Papin.	\$ ets.
Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes.	11 60 4 94 4 90	Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 31 2 50 0 25
Repairing shoes	3 42 0 46 1 45		3 06
Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Printing	0 62 1 46 1 39	V. Paquette.	
Brooms Water rates Cement	0 48 8 33 0 10	Water rates	8 74 0 67
Coal Books bound	6 49 0 78	Washing machine repaired	9 51
Medicine	+ 00 47 42	Em, Prevest.	
		Water supply Band saw brazed.	10 00
Jos. Paquette.		Dand Say Drazed	0 18
Making sundries, tailor	3 48 0 23 44 53	Paul Paradis.	
Repairing shoes	9 39 5 86 3 86	Lime	0 15
Making sundries, blacksmith	4 53 1 34		
Farm produce	0 67 10 00 0 82	Dr. Pominville.	
Brooms Coal Condemned articles	0 70 3 01 2 50	MortarRed bricks	0 15 0 22
Medicine	0 30	•	0 37
	91 25	Providence Nunnery.	
M. Proulx.		Making shoes Repairing shoes Repairing sundries, carpenter.	$\begin{array}{c} 2 & 00 \\ 22 & 59 \\ 2 & 12 \end{array}$
Making sundries, tailor		Making sundries, blacksmith	10 27 0 19
Repairing shoes	1 87 3 01	Making sundries, tin and paint	1 94 0 64 15 00
Making sundries, blacksmith		Pictures cardboarded Stones Cement	0 10 6 75 8 70
Repairing sundries, tin and paint Farm produce	0 87	Cement bags	0 20 0 49
Lime. Gement. Brooms.	1 15 0 53 0 96	Sand Drawing paper cut Lime.	0 08 0 10 0 32
Ice Coal Condemned articles	3 00		71 49
Medicine	3 27	A. Parè.	
	31 89	Making sundries, tailor	0 27 0 15
Jos. Pelletier.	6 00	Making shoes Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter	6 59 6 70
Mason's stone	4 25 0 83	Repairing sundrics, carpenter	8 76 2 88 2 30
Lime	9 55	Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint	1 06 3 58 0 56
		Farm produce	

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL-Continued.

Making sundries, blacksmith 2 33 Making sundries, tin and paint 1 29 Repairing sundries, tin and paint 0 89 Repairing sundries, tin and paint 0 28 Making sundries, tin and paint 0 95 Bakery 0 50 Farm produce 1 00 Meals 0 50 Printing 6 69 Farm produce 7 31 Ice 6 00 Ice 6 00 Coal 8 27 Kindling wood 0 10 Book bound 2 63 Condemned articles 0 16 Condemned articles 0 85 Medicine 1 03 Medicine 1 85 Stores 0 12				
Printing	A. Pare-Continued.	\$ cts.	E. Rodier.	\$ ets.
Making sundries, tailor. 3 47 Pierre Robin.	Printing Cement Lime Carding Brooms Coal Condemned articles	1 48 0 53 0 40 0 65 0 48 6 46 4 77 1 91	Repairing shoes. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Ice Coal.	0 60 1 84 1 78 0 91 1 92 0 16 0 25 3 00 2 93
Repairing sundries, carpenter	A. Préfontaine.			16 51
Purchasing Agent. 2 10	Repairing sundries, tailor	0 52 0 48 0 41 0 14 0 20 0 63	Macadam	
H. Riopel.		6 72	Water rates	5 00
No. No.	•	2 10		5 00
Valer rates	Jos. Quivillon.		water supply	
10 43 Repairing sundries, carpenter 2 44 Making sundries, tailor. 0 54 Making sundries, carpenter 2 44 Making sundries, carpenter 2 45 Making sundries, tailor. 9 53 Rev. J. Rollit.				1 20
Making shoes	$U.\ Roger.$	10 43	Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 35 2 44
Making sundries, tailor	Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Wood. Water rates Ice Condemned articles.	0 20 0 53 5 79 2 42 0 10 1 25 0 25 0 76 9 17 3 00 1 10	Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes Repairing shoes Making sundries, earpenter Bakery Meals Printing	9 53 0 43 5 08 5 12 8 77 1 60 3 40 1 85
Making sundries, tailor 14 02 Making sundries, tailor 2 46 Repairing sundries, tailor 0 25 Repairing sundries, tailor 2 34 Making shoes 9 94 Making shoes 4 39 Repairing shoes 4 51 Making sundries, earpenter 5 48 Making sundries, carpenter 9 81 Repairing sundries, earpenter 1 47 Repairing sundries, carpenter 5 00 Making sundries, earpenter 1 47 Making sundries, carpenter 5 00 Making sundries, earpenter 1 47 Making sundries, carpenter 5 00 Making sundries, earpenter 1 47 Making sundries, carpenter 1 47 Making sundries, earpenter 1 47 Making sundries, carpenter 2 34 Making sundries, earpenter 1 29 Making sundries, carpenter 1 29 Making sundries, earpenter 1 29 Making sundries, dawner 1 23 Making sundries, earpenter 1 29 Making sundries, earpenter 1 23 Making sundries, earpenter 1 29 Making sundries, earpenter 1 23 Making sundries, earpenter		25 71		38 65
74 99	Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, earpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Printing. Iee	0 25 9 94 4 51 9 81 5 00 2 33 0 89 0 95 1 00 6 69 6 00 8 27 2 63 0 85	Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Bakery. Meals. Farm produce. Ice Kindling wood. Condemned articles. Medicine.	2 34 4 39 5 48 1 47 0 75 1 29 0 28 0 50 0 50

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL-Continued.

		1	
N. St. Germain.	\$ ets.	A. Trudeau.	\$ cts
Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Muking sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint.	1 42 3 64 1 49 1 22 0 37 0 31	Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith Bakery. Mortar. Stone	8 11 5 23 4 16 1 51 2 13 0 44 0 40 0 09
Lime. Water rates. Printing. Medicine.	0 25	Cement. Water rates. Lime. Cement post and step made Medicine. Repairing sundries, blacksmith.	0 11 10 00 0 25 3 50 0 10 0 10
Saskatchewan Penitentiary,			36 13
Making sundries, tailor. Making shoes Brooms. Blue prints. Making sundries, tin and paint. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, tin and paint.	601 22 35 00 4 48 3 18 465 62 1 80 8 43	P. Thérien. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making shoes. Farm produce.	0 50 0 14 0 62 0 35
	1,119 73	Water rates. In connection with P. Thérien's investigation.	5 00 2 00
C. Simard.			8 61
Water rates	10 00		
Municipality St. Vincent de Paul.	212 52	Chas. Taillon. Making shoes	2 85
Gilbert Smith. 2 book cases made	3 85	Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Rent Brooms. Medicine.	1 15 1 14 0 20 0 20 0 22 0 30 50 00 0 48 1 00
D. Stewart.			57 54
Meals	0 50	Em. Théoret.	
Repairing sundries, tailor. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint. Farm produce. Ice. Brooms.	0 15 1 57 0 75 1 05 0 18 0 25 3 00 0 48	Making shoes Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter Making sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Lime Medicine.	4 58 0 27 9 34 0 44 1 35 1 85 0 28 0 25 0 20
Medicine	0 40	-	18 56
St. Vincent de Paul Church.	7 83	G. W. Trenholme.	
Water rates. Stone. Sand. Cement. Gravel.	10 00 1 80 1 80 3 69 4 50	Rent of siding Terrebonne Municipality.	30 00
	21 79		

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL-Concluded.

P. A. Trottier.	\$ cts.	T. Valade.	\$ cts.
Cement. Empty bags Water rates. Pipe.	2 50	Water rates Cracked gravel. Oil stove repaired Pipe Cement. Lime Bricks.	10 00 0 75 0 10 1 54 0 52 0 20 0 28 13 39 9,649 16

DORCHESTER.

A. A. Allain.	\$ cts.	A. L. Bellireau.	\$ cts.
Making sundry articles, tailor	2 40 0 30 1 85 4 49 0 20 0 10 1 10 0 10 1 35	Repairing sundry articles, tailor. Repairing sundry articles, carpenter Repairing shoes. Making shoes Repairing sundries, tin and paint: Beets. Glass Rent.	0 10 0 15 1 15 0 80 0 20 0 68 0 29 50 00
Farm produce	32 08 50 00		53 37
Glass. Pig butchcred. Labour. Condemned articles. Mediciae.	0 28 1 20 1 50 2 14 2 60	F. C. Bowes. Repairing shoes. Meals Medicine	0 55 0 63 0 40
	101 69	D. Balfour.	1 58
Wm. Alexander.		Pigs	21 00
Repairing sundry articles, tailor	0 75 0 40 0 60 0 10 6 00 0 77 0 30 2 40	M. Bowser. Bull service	1 00
	11 32	Hides	7 20
F. Alkinson.	3 00	W. W. Brownell. Water rates	6 00
N. A. Burden. Making sundry articles, tailor Repairing sundry articles, tailor. Repairing shoes Making sundry articles, carpenter Making sundry articles, blacksmith Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith Farm produce Rent Mcdicine.	1 75 0 10 3 05 5 67 0 45 0 10 7 21 50 00 0 25	D. P. Bellireau. Making sundry articles, tailor Repairing shoes Making sundry articles, carpenter Repairing sundry articles, carpenter Making sundry articles, blacksmith Farm produce. Rent Glass Coal Mediciae	1 25 4 80 0 60 1 59 0 50 3 63 50 00 0 30 15 30 0 80

DORCHESTER-Continued.

A. Brown.	\$ cts.	Canadian Hide & Leather Co.	\$ cts.
Making sundry articles, tailor	1 20 5 55	Hides	112 91
Meals Farm produce	1 55 20 31	John Corcoran.	
RentCoal	50 00 6 18	Making sundry articles, tailor	1 63
Medicine	0,25	Repairing shoes	0 55 0 30
	85 04	Repairing sundry articles, carpenter Making sundry articles, tin and paint	0 10 0 10
W. R. Burns.		Farm produce	8 40 50 00
Making sundry articles, tailor	7 55 1 35	Pig butchered	0 60 0 20
Repairing sundry articles, tailor Repairing shoes	4 90	Medit me	
MealsRent	5 37 50 00	Chas. Card.	61 88
Coal. Medicine	4 98 9 40	Making sundry articles, tailor	1 68
	S3 55	Repairing sundry articles, tailor Making shoes	0 15 0 50
G. N. Bishop.		Repairing shoes	0 90 1 20
Repairing shoes.:	0 45	Repairing sundry articles, carpenter Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith	0 30 0 40
Repairing sundry articles, carpenter	1 35	Repairing sundries, tin and paintFarm produce	0 15 4 89
Making sundry articles, blacksmith Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith	0 25	Rent	50 00
Making sundry articles, tin and paint Meals	0 55 0 13	Coal. Medicine	8 73 0 89
Farm produce	9 93 1 50		69 70
	14 66	L. H. Chambers.	
Rufus Cole.		Repairing sundry articles, tailor	1 30
Pigs	6 00	Repairing shoes	1 85 13 52
		Repairing sundry articles, carpenter Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith	1 29 8 36
Wm. Cook.		RentGlass	50 00 0 15
Pig	3 00	Wood. Labour.	0 75 0 30
		Condemned articles	I 00 0 70
Campbell Milling Co.			79 22
Flour bags	56 00	P. Connell.	
		Repairing sundry articles, tailor	1 40 3 55
Walter Crossman.		Making sundry articles, carpenter	0 50 1 66
Hay press followers	0 90	Repairing sundry articles, carpenter Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith	0 35
		Making sundry articles, tin and paint . Farm produce	1 70 11 61
Clarence Chapman.		Glass Rent	0 44 50 00
Iron pipe	0 60	LabourCoal	0 60 5 92
		Condemned articles	0 40 3 15
A. W. Chapman.			81 28
Smoke stack made	2 10	A. B. Cummings.	
Harold Crossman.		Repairing sundry articles, tailor Repairing shoes	0 10 0 60
Gravel	247 50	- Family of the state of the st	0 70

DORCHESTER-Continued.

Rev. A. D. Cormier.	\$ cts.	C. Filmour.	\$ cts.
Repairing sundry articles, tailor	0 10 0 65	Boar service	0 50
Making sundry articles, carpenter Making sundry articles, tin and paint Farm produce Pork	1 06 1 96	Albert Friel.	0 10
Labour Laundry	0 10 1 20	Making sundry articles, carpenter Repairing sundry articles, carpenter	1 45 10 89 0 40
F. O. Chapman.	15 63	Making sundries, tin_and paint	0 90 22 29 50 00
Making sundry articles, blacksmith Coal. Rent.	5 80 6 26	Glass Labour Condemned articles Medicine	0 40 0 63 1 27 2 65
Geo. Drillio.	12 76		90 98
Making sundry articles, tailor	1 00	T. F. Gillespie.	
Repairing sundry articles, tailor. Repairing shoes. Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith. Farm produce Rent Glass Medicine Repairing sundry articles, carpenter	0 10 4 75 0 40 19 21 50 00 0 30 3 00 0 15	Suit pressed Repairing shoes Making sundry articles, carpenter Repairing Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith Pork Pig butchered Coal	0 15 1 60 5 92 0 10 0 60 0 80 0 30 6 49
	78 91	Me licine	0 35
C. S. Elsdon.	1 60		16 31
Repairing sundry articles, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundry articles, carpenter Repairing sundry articles, carpenter Repairing sundry articles, tin and paint. Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith. Farm produce. Rent. Laundry. Glass. Coal. Medicine.	0 25 0 10 0 30 13 07 45 87	S. H. Getson. Coat made Repairing shoes Making sundry articles, carpenter Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith. Coal scuttle repaired. Rent Medicine	1 00 2 90 5 89 0 40 0 10 50 00 0 55
,	90 54	John Hebert.	
W. J. Foran. Making sundry articles, tailor Repairing sundry articles, tailor Repairing shoes Making sundry articles, carpenter Repairing sundry articles, carpenter Making sundry articles, blacksmith Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith Repairing sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint Bakery Meals Farm produce Plaster Water service Glass Condemned articles Medicine Nails	2 50 1 10 3 55 4 76 0 35 0 10 0 10 0 57 0 10 0 15 3 88 7 97 0 10 6 00 0 06 0 52 1 10 0 29	Pair trousers made Pair trousers repaired Repairing shoes. Butter tub made. Old churn. Medicine. Sundry articles repaired, blacksmith. Stove pipes. Bakery. Meals. Farm produce. Rent. Glass. Pig butchered. Coal.	1 70 0 10 3 45 0 15 0 25 0 20 0 40 0 60 2 85 0 13 56 92 50 00 0 59 0 30 5 19
	33 20	Pig	6 00
		-	

DORCHESTER—Continued.

L. S. Hutchinson.	\$ cts.	B. A. Lowerisan.	\$ cts.
Coats made Repairing sundry articles, tailor Repairing shoes Making sundry articles, carpenter Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith. Making sundry articles, tin and paint. Repairing sundry articles, tin and paint. Farm produce Stone. Lime. Water service. Glass Pig butchered. Labour Coal. Condemned articles. Repairing sundry articles, carpenter	21 04 0 60 0 80 0 50 21 18 0 75 0 33 6 55 0 45 0 60 1 20 18 82 0 71 1 30	Repairing sundry articles, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundry articles, carpenter. Repairing sundry articles, carpenter. Making sundry articles, blacksmith. Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith. Making sundry articles, tin and paint. Bakery. Farm produce. Glass. Rent. Labour. Condemned articles. Medicine. T. A. Leblanc.	0 90 3 80 0 86 0 25 0 86 0 30 0 35 8 50 3 32 1 02 50 00 0 30 1 20 1 60
T. N. Howard.	85 13	Steel couplings	0 75
Sundry articles repaired, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundry articles, carpenter. Meals. Medicine.	0 20 0 50 4 34 2 51 1 80	W. E. Lawrence. Vest made. Suit pressed. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Whiffle tree made.	0 50 0 10 1 75 0 50 0 15
C. R. Hannington. Bull service	1 00	Repairing lounge Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith Making s ndry articles, tin and paint Repairing sundry articles, tin and paint. Farm produce Rent.	0 40 0 35 0 40 0 15 2 52 50 00
J. H. Hickman. Bull service Steel couplings	2 50 2 00	Kindling wood. Bones. Labour.	0 75 0 10 0 25 57 92
J. J. Kane.	4 50	H. S. Leblanc.	
Repairing sundry articles, tailor. Making shoes Repairing shoes Making sundry articles, carpenter. Repairing sundry articles, carpenter. Making sundry articles, blacksmith Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith Making sundry articles, tin and paint. Meals. Farm produce.	0 20 0 24 0 85 5 36 0 65 0 59 0 50 0 95 1 28 22 66	Boots repaired. Fire screen made. Sled made. Sled ironed. J. S. Milton. Suit pressed. Repairing shoes.	1 30 0 45 2 05 4 60 8 40 0 10 1 25
Laundry Condemned articles Medicine	0 25 0 50 0 25	Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith. Tin box made. Repairing tinware. Farm produce.	1 23 0 25 0 27 2 05
Jos. Leblanc.	34 28	Rent. Stove. Glass. Medicine.	50 00 3 80 0 15 0 60
Coat relined Repairing shoes Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith Making sundry articles, tin and paint Farm produce Rent Laundry Medicine	0 50 1 75 0 10 0 25 3 40 12 51 0 30 1 90	Justin Milton. Pig	3 00
Repairing sundry articles, carpenter	0 87	Frank Miltan.	3 00

DORCHESTER-Continued.

Howard Murray.	\$ ets.	A. M. McDonald.	\$ cts.
Pig	7 00	Making sundries, tailor	3 33 1 10
Miss E. McMahon.		Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter.	0 60 0 50 0 50
Repairing shoes.	0 30	Repairing sundries	0 10
Chairs repaired	0 30 20 29	Making sundry articles, tin and paint Farm produce	4 92 6 00
	20 89	Water service	0 75 0 40
Sinclair McDougall.		Medicine	20 03
Repairing suadries, tailor	0 20		
Repairing shoes. Chair repaired.	2 00 0 15	Mrs. L. McGrath.	
Boiler made Making sundry articles, tin and paint Rent	0 50 0 58 50 00	Cassock made Horse shod.	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 00 \\ 0 & 25 \end{array}$
Kindling wood	0 75 1 00	Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 57 1 20
Pumpkins	0 13	Vegetables Water service	1 41 6 00
	55 31		10 43
Jno. McCaull.			
Repairing sundries, tailor	0 80 1 95	Jas. A. McQueen.	
Boiler repaired. Milk can	0 20 0 10	Pig	3 00
Farm produce	4 45 50 00		
Medicine	1 45	L. A. McDonald.	
	58 95	Suit made	2 50
John McLeod.		Repairing shoes.	1 55 0 10
Vest made	0 90	Sled repaired	0 15 0 20
Suit pressed	0 10 0 50	Making sundry articles, tin and paint Tea kettle repaired	0 85 0 10
Making crates	0 85 0 15	Bakery	6 25 0 75
Rent	8 34	Rent	15 82 50 00 0 20
	10 84	Cleaning carpet	1 08 12 67
A. McPherson.		Medicine	8 20
Suit pressed	0 10 0 55	0	100 42
Repairing shoes	0 40 0 10		
Farm produce	7 09 0 30	D. D. McDonald.	
	8 54	Commode made	1 97
J. D. McDonald.		Repairing sundries, tailor	0 75 0 50 14 32
Repairing sundries, tailor	1 25	Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 74 1 55
Repairing shoes. Framing picture	0 60 0 25	Repairing sundries, blacksmith	3 76 1 90
Bag pipe repaired	0 70 1 25	Farm produce	6 50 0 22
	4 05	t constitution of the cons	32 21
		Į.	

DORCHESTER—Continued.

Making sundries, tailor. 0 09 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				
Repairing shoes	Alex. O'Brien.	\$ cts.	Amos Robinson.	\$ cts.
Repairing sundries	Repairing shoes	2 55	Repairing sundry articles, tailor	0 55
Seed repaired				
Farm produce				
Rent				
Medicine				2 25
SS 777 Wm. Robinson. 60 29				50 00
Repairing sundries, tailor. 0 60 Henry Russell. Condemned horse. 35 00	Medicine	0 20	Glass	0 15
Repairing sundries, tailor. 0 60 Henry Russell. Condemned horse. 35 00		*O ==	-	
Repairing sundries, tailor. 0 60 Henry Russell.	,	58 11	IVan Polinson	60 29
Repairing sundries, tailor			m. Kooinson.	
Repairing shoes	G. B. Papineau.		Pig	3 00
Making sundries, carpenter	Repairing suadries, tailor	0 60	Henry Russell.	
Fire screen.			G. 1 .11	0. 00
Farm produce	Making sundries, carpenter	0 60		
S. A. Palmer.	Form produce	4 99		3 00
C. S. Starratt.				38.00
S. A. Palmer.	ACCEPTANCE OF THE PROPERTY OF		C. S. Starratt	
Repairing sundries, tailor.		62 80		
Making sundries, tailor.			Making sundries, tailor	18 61
Repairing sundries, tailor				0 20
Repairing sundries, tailor	S. A. Palmer.			
Repairing shoes	T 11 11 11	0.4		
Making suadry articles, carpenter. 3 18 Repairing sundry articles, carpenter. 3 18 Repairing sundry articles, carpenter. 1 14 Repairing. Making sundries, blacksmith. 3 95 Repairing sundries, blacksmith. 3 95 Making sundry articles, tin and paint. 0 85 Making sundry articles, tin and paint. 0 30 Making sundry articles, tin and paint. 0 30 Making sundry articles, tin and paint. 0 40 Making sundry articles, tin and paint. 0 40 Making sundry articles, tin and paint. 0 40 Mean Making sundry articles, tin and paint. 0 40 Mean Making sundry articles, tin and paint. 0 40 Mean Making sundry articles, tin and paint. 0 40 Mean Making sundry articles, tin and paint. 0 40 Mean Making sundry articles, tin and paint. 0 40 Mean Mean Mean Mean Medicine. 0 20 Medic				
Repairing suadry articles, carpenter 1 14 Repairing				
Repairing sundries, blacksmith			Danairing	
Making sundry articles, tin and paint 0 15 Farm produce Repairing sundry articles, tin and paint 0 45 Farm produce 19 47 Stone 19 47 Stone 19 47 Stone 4 31 Stone 4 30 Stone 4 31 Stone 4 30 Stone 4 31 Stone 4 30 Stone 4 30 Stone 4 30 Stone 4 32 Stone				
Farm produce.			Renairing sunrdy articles tis and paint	
Rent.			Farm produce	
Coademaed articles				
Medicine			Glass	0 30
Table Tabl	Coademaed articles		Coal	IS 79
Tas. A. Pierey. Pig. 3 00	Medicine	0 65		
Pattern made		=	Medicine	4 05
Pattern made		74 07	_	04.00
Pattern made			III Stules	94 80
Pattern made	Jos A Piercu		IF. Styles.	
Pattern made	0 uo. 11. 1 io/cg.	1	Pig.	3 00
Repairing sundries, tailor.	Pattern made	0 30		
Repairing shoes		0 35	-	
Repairing sundries.				3 23
Pigs 9 00				
Rent.			E. Smith.	
Wood.			D!	0.00
Coal			Pigs	9 00
Coal. 12 75 Medicine. 12 75 O 90 Pig. 3 00 A. B. Pipes. 89 41 T. Sherrin T. Sherrin A. B. Pipes. Cutters sharpened. 0 20 Making sundry articles, tailor. 2 65 Bird house made. 1 00 Fire-box made. 1 00 Fire-box made. Repairing suadries, blacksmith. 0 90 Boar service. Making sundry articles, tin and paint. 1 08 Farm produce. 1 921 Laundry. 4 80 Brush (1 load) 0 15 Convict labour. Geo. A. Tingley.			A Sutherland	
Medicine 0 90 Pig			11. Samorana.	
S9 41 T. Sherrin A. B. Pipes. Cutters sharpened. 0 20			Pig	3 00
T. Sherrin Cutters sharpened 0 20			_	
A. B. Pipes. Cutters sharpened. 0 20 Making sundry articles, tailor. 2 65 Frank Tait. Bird house made. 1 00 Fire-box made. 0 25 Making sundry articles, tin and paint. 1 08 Repairing sundries, blacksmith. 0 90 Making sundry articles, tin and paint. 1 08 Boar service. 1 50 Farm produce. 19 21 1 50 Laundry. 4 80 2 40 Brush (1 load). 0 15 Geo. A. Tingley.		89 41		
Making sundry articles, tailor 4 05 Frank Tait Repairing sundry articles, tailor 2 65 Frank Tait Bird house made 1 00 Repairing sundries, blacksmith 0 90 Making sundry articles, tin and paint 1 08 Boar service 1 50 Farm produce 19 21 1 Laundry 4 80 2 40 Brush (1 load) 0 15 Geo. A. Tingley			T. Sherrin	
Making sundry articles, tailor 4 05 Frank Tait Repairing sundry articles, tailor 2 65 Frank Tait Bird house made 1 00 Repairing sundries, blacksmith 0 90 Making sundry articles, tin and paint 1 08 Boar service 1 50 Farm produce 19 21 1 Laundry 4 80 2 40 Brush (1 load) 0 15 Geo. A. Tingley	4 D D:		0	0.00
Repairing sundry articles, tailor.	A. D. Pipes.		Cutters snarpened	0 20
Repairing sundry articles, tailor.	Making sundry articles tailor	4 05		
Bird house made. 1 00 Fire-box made. 1 00 O 25 Fire-box made. Repairing suadries, blacksmith. 0 90 O 25 Fire-box made. Making sundry articles, tin and paint. 1 08 Fire-box made. 1 50			Frank Tait.	
Fire-box made. 0 25 Repairing suadries, blacksmith. 0 90 Making sundry articles, tin and paint 1 08 Boar service 1 50 Laundry. 4 80 Brush (1 load) 0 15 Convict labour. 0 60 Geo. A. Tingley.	Bird house made			
Making sundry articles, tin and paint 1 08 Boar service 1 50 Farm produce 19 21 Laundry 4 80 Brush (1 load) 0 15 Convict labour 0 60 Geo. A. Tingley	Fire-box made		Repairing suadries, blacksmith	0 90
Farm produce. 19 21	Making sundry articles, tin and paint	1 08	Boar service	
Brush (1 load) 0 15 Convict labour 60 Geo. A. Tingley.	Farm produce		-	0.11
Convict labour 0 60 Geo. A. Tingley.	Laundry			2 40
	Generical lobests		Con A Timeles	
33 79 Pigs 6 00	Convict labour	0 60	Geo. A. Tingley.	
1 igs		33 70	Pios	6.00
1 11		35 79	1 1g.5	
		,		

DORCHESTER-Concluded.

D D 4 (T)			
Rev. B. A. Thomas.	\$ cts.	N. P. Ward.	\$ cts
Repairing sundries, tailor	1 25 3 75	Repairing sundries, tailor	0 10
Making shoes	5 45	Repairing shoes.	1 45 0 85
Making sundries, carpenter	6 61	Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 30
Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 35	Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 40
Making sundries, blacksmith	0 24	Farm produce	0 50
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 30 0 35	Rent	50 00
Making sundry articles, tin and paint Farm produce	1 75	Lumber Medicine	0 10 0 15
Glass	0 60	Jacob Control of the	0 10
Rent	50 00		53 85
Labour	0 60 0 35	70 1 1 77 1 77 1 7	
Medicine	0 35	Dorchester Electric Light Co.	
ļ	71 60	Leaders	0 50
		Pipe cut and threaded	0 15
Thomas Walsh.		Pins turned	0 15
			0.80
Making sundries, tailor	2 20 0 20	T 77 TO 17	
Repairing sundries, tailor	0 25	J. H. DeForest.	
Repairing shoes	1 60	Pig	3 00
Making sundries, carpenter	0 80		
Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 40 0 10	,	
Making sundry articles, tin and paint	0 65	Dominion Metal Co.	
Farm produce	8 05	Old iron	34 08
Rent	50 00	Old rags	50 33
Pig butchered	0 30 1		
Glass	0 60		84 43
TACCITE INC.		Hon. H. R. Emerson.	
	65 95		
	- 0	Bull service	2 00
W. D. Wilbur.		Elbows made	0 12
n . D. n nour.			2 12
Bull service	1 00		
		Philip Le Blanc.	
H. Ward.		Pig	3 00
Grain crushed	0 32		3,305 42
	MANI	TOBA.	

W. C. Abbott.	\$ cts.	W. P. Archibald.	\$ cts.
Making sundries, tailor	1 25 0 60	Meals	0 25
Making shoes	2 55		
Repairing shoes	4 79 0 75		
Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 25 0 10	E. J. Adams.	
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 10 1 66	Repairing shoes	0 16 0 25
Repairing sundries, tin and paint	0 15	Meals	6 50
Horse labour	0 50		6 91
Farm produce	40 50		
Labour Glass	0 80 0 41	D, Buckley.	
Wood	3 71 0 79	Repairing shoes Laundry	0 46
	92 23		0.56

MANITOBA-Continued.

G. E. Brooks,	\$ cts.	T. Bain.	\$ cts.
Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 32 1 17 1 40 3 00	Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Laundry. Medicine.	11 35 1 15 4 74 0 25 0 10
	5 89	Medicine	
W. Burt. Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Bakery. Horse labour. Farm produce.	4 20 0 70 0 75 0 25 3 37 2 88 7 59 0 50 2 05	J. W. H. Blower. Making sundries, tailor	3 17 3 25 1 69 1 01 0 50 0 27
Rent Laundry	30 00 0 15	R. R. Creighton.	
Labour	0 25 0 10	Suit cleaned, pressed and repaired	1 00
	52 79	Canadian Pacific Railway Co.	
R. Bowie. Boar service	0 75	Refund on empty sacks	16 47
		H. E. Chaplin.	
John Baird. Potatoes	49 40	Teaming Smoke stack made	2 00 2 25
			4 25
W. Bowie, Boar service	0 75	C. C. Castle.	160 00
British Columbia Penitentiary. Locking clevises	35 66	A. J. Christmas.	100 00
W. Bennett. Boar service		Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing shoes. Laundry. Medicine.	1 07 0 25 1 30 0 50 0 95
F.~Bell.			4 07
Boar service	0.75	R. Downey.	
J. Burton. Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making sundries, carpenter. Bakery. Meals. Farm produce. Laundry. Rent. Wood. Labour.	2 50 2 30 3 29 4 57 3 10 8 15 1 50 5 50	Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes. Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint Bakery Horse labour Farm produce Rent Wood Labour Ice Laundry Coal	3 75 0 30 2 60 4 43 0 81 0 40 0 53 0 65 35 27 1 25 16 48 42 00 0 70 0 10 0 70 0 10
Miss M. Beaupre.		Medicine	0 66
Horse labour	1 00		124 86

MANITOBA—Continued.

J. Douglass.	\$ ets.	G. F. England.	\$ cts.
Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes Repairing shoes	2 77	Making sundries, tailor	1 25 0 60 3 30 0 20
Making sundries, carpenter	3 88 0 74 0 10 0 10	Jos. French.	5 35
Repairing sundries, tin and paint Bakery. Horse labour. Farm produce. Rent Laundry. Labour. Medicine	13 56 1 25 18 76 48 00 0 10 0 20 0 48	Repairing shoes Making sundries, tin and paint Bakery Farm produce. Rent Labour. Medicine	4 58 0 15 5 43 3 16 16 00 1 60 0 37
	101 77		31 29
J. H. Daignault.	0.00	E. Freeman.	
Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Bakery. Horse labour. Farm produce. Rent. Labour. Medicine.	0 80 1 80 1 03 0 15 0 65 0 10 29 44 1 00 39 10 48 00 1 50 0 10	Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint Bakery Horse labour Farm produce	1 55 0 80 5 56 7 69 9 97 1 51 0 15 0 25 0 20 21 03 1 00 24 29
T. Dougles	123 67	Rent. Convict labour. Ice.	48 00 4 30 0 19
T. Douglas. Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes Repairing shoes	1 25 0 20 3 00 0 25	Medicine	127 22
Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter Bakery Horse labour. Farm produce Rent. Medicine	1 26 0 90 17 32 0 50 4 66 36 00 0 53	Repairing shoes Repairing sundries, blacksmith Bakery Farm produce. Rent Labour	0 95 0 10 3 69 1 90 15 00 0 40
	65 87	Medicine	0 10
G. W. Dawsan.		W. H. French.	22 14
Boots repaired. Trousers pressed Meals.	0 55 0 10 6 50	Farm produce Bull service	19 00 3 50 0 20
	7 15	Galv. iron	
J. S. Donald.		W. R. Graham.	22 70
Repairing sundries, tailor Laundry	0 10 0 40 0 10	Repairing sundries, tailor	0 55 2 80 1 69
	0 60	Making sundries, tin and paint Bakery	5 23 5 83
Eastern Fruit & Produce Ca.		Meals Horse labour	1 SO 1 OO
Rags, 8 tons Scrap iron, 5 tons	25 00 30 00	Farm produce	26 24 48 00 0 20
	55 00		93 34
34-131		1	

MANITOBA-Continued.

W. B. Goff.	\$ cts.	F. Kilgour.	\$ cts.
Making sundries, tailor	5 14 2 25 2 55 0 20	Vegetables	18 20 1 00 19 20
Bakery. Horse labour. Farm produce. Rent Medicine	7 49 1 00 2 60 17 00 0 53	Lethbridge Jail.	60 00
	38 76		
A. H. Garland.		H. A. Leadley.	
Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes. Repairing shoes.	0 25 5 54 0 55	Beef hides	22 85
Meals Laundry	0 30	A. Lindsay & Son.	0.10
Medicine	40 84	Tinware repaired	0 40
A. G. Irvine.		A. R. Mitchell.	
Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Bread. Farm produce. Ice. Medicine.	0 61 17 82 43 73 3 76 0 15	Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint.	1 25 1 45 0 10 2 17 10 37 5 82 0 10 0 53 1 37
N. Isbester. Pipe	78 48 0 50 5 25 5 75	Bread Horse labour Farm produce Rent Printing Pitch Labour Medicine	8 13 5 50 15 67 60 00 0 70 0 36 0 80 1 05
A. Johnston.			115 37
Farm produce	3 75	A. Manseau.	
W. B. Johnston.	1 00	Repairing sundries, tailor	1 80 6 25 3 31 3 15
H. Keech. Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint Bakery Horse labour Farm produce	1 22 0 82 0 63 0 25 16 37 2 50 33 65	Making sundries, carpenter Bread. Meals. Farm produce. Jeweller. Labour. Icc. Lime Glass. Medicine. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint	9 84 16 69 1 80 39 56 0 50 3 60 2 92 0 10 0 11 0 91 0 10 0 10
Rent Repairing clock Labour. Ice Coal. Medicine.	0 10 1 50 1 93 4 95	Moosomin Jail.	90 95
	148 89	Making sundries, tailor	621 96

MANITOBA—Continued.

T. Miller.	\$ ets.	$J.\ McCullough.$	\$ ets.
Repairing sundries, tailor	0 55 12 04	Making sundries, tailor	3 40 0 75
Repairing shoes	1 95	Repairing shoes	1 72
Making sundries, earpenter		Making sundries, earpenter	0.84
Making sundries, blacksmith	0 45	Repairing sundries, earpenter	1 97
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	2 08	Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 40
Making sundries, tin and paint	0 15	Making sundries, tin and paint	1 31
Repairing sundries, tin and paint	0 10	Repairing sundries, tin and paint	0 10
Bread	32 02	Bread	26 89 1 25
Horse labour.	1 00 30 05	Farm produce	19 74
Farm produce	48 00	Rent	48 00
Labour	6 68	Tamarae, 1 cord	
Medieine	0 41	Labour	1 60
		Laundry	
	139 21	Medicine	2 04
7 3614 2 33			110 21
J. Mitchell.		·	116 51
Repairing shoes	1 45		
Repairing sundries, earpenter	2 94		
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 10	W. McVittie.	
Bread	20 61	Fa d	. 11 00
Horse labour.	0 50 11 05	Farm produce	0 50
Rent	30 00	Crushing gram	
Medicine			11 50
	66 85		
J. Miltzer.		J. McArthur.	
	00.00	36 12	2 10
Condemned articles	90 00	Making sundries, tailor	0 40
		Repairing shoes.	1 40
		Making sundries, carpenter	33 77
T. Mills.		Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 10
		Bakery	3 80
Farm produce	27 75	Horse labour.	1 25 4 55
		Farm produce	0 80
		Rent	15 00
J. Molyneux.		Medicine	0 30
D			63 47
Repairing shoes	0 40 0 89		00 41
Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 89		
Making sundries, tin and paint	2 22		
Bread	1 68	G. A. McGuirc.	
Meals	0 10		
Farm produce	0 70	Making sundries, tin and paint	2 44
Rent	11 00	Bakery	0 75 2 90
Coal. Labour.	4 95 0 40	Meals Horse fabour	3 50
Laundry	0 20	Farm produce	1 60
Medicine	0 12	Rent	5 00
		Coal	9 90
	22 76	Medicine	0 11
J. McKay.			26 20
Boar scrvice	0 75		
Doat Service	0.73	E. Newbury.	
		Moleing sundains tailor	1 25
R. McComb.		Making sundries, tailor	2 20
26		Bakery.	9 41
Oats	2 10	Farm produce	0 20
		Rent	28 00
J. B. McLeod.		Convict labour	0 30
J. D. McLeod.		Medicine	1 40
Washing	0 20		42 79
	l	lt.	l

MANITOBA—Continued.

Dr. R. W. Neill.	\$ cts.	G. Richmond.	\$ cts.
Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Bread. Horse labour. Farm produce. Rent Convict labour. Wood. Binder twine. Medicine.	11 70 0 35 3 94 4 12 2 08 0 10 0 28 0 65 1 75 7 00 35 00 2 50 7 57 0 30 1 97	Making sundries, tailor Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Bread. Horse labour. Farm produce. Rent. Labour. Laundry. Medicine.	1 15 1 75 0 90 4 35 0 51 0 60 0 20 7 89 1 25 2 54 36 00 0 80 0 80 0 82
	79 31		
R. Neale.	0 75	Geo. Reid. Boar service	0 75
R. Owens.	16 53	Jno. Smith. Repairing sundries, tailor	1 05 2 00 0 25 0 50
J. Paterson. Potatoes	31 25	Bread. Horse labour. Farmproduce. Rent. Labour. Wood. Medicine.	22 05 1 50 13 90 54 00 0 80 2 75 0 38
Prince Albert Jail.			
Overalls. Duffles. Moccasins.	34 20 5 40 40 08	Jno. Snell.	99 18
C. Pratt. Repairing shoes Laundry	79 68 0 55 0 75 1 30	Repairing shoes. Repairing sundries. Repairing sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Bread Farm produce Glue Tar paper	0 75 0 39 0 44 0 30 1 26 4 88 37 30 0 88 0 72
C. H. Payne.		Tai papei.	47 02
Making shoes Laundry Medicine	3 32 0 55 0 10	T. Scott. Making sundries, tailor	12 45 4 10
	3 97	Making shoes	0 25 2 33
E. C. Ridley. Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing shoes Making sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint Bakery Farm produce Rent Medicine.	1 80 0 30 0 20 0 14 0 10 7 26 7 98 21 00 0 18	Repairing sboes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Bread Horse labour. Farm produce. Rent. Labour. Laundry. Medicine.	2 33 2 68 0 40 0 35 0 15 28 57 1 25 26 39 54 00 0 60 1 20 0 77
	38 96		135 49
		ı ı	

MANITOBA-Csncluded.

Revd. S. W. L. Stewart.	\$ cts.	S. Vincent.	\$ cts.
Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Bread Farm produce Rent Labour Ice Medicine Horse labor.	0 50 3 05 0 84 15 65 0 15 0 26 13 26 45 95 84 00 0 60 1 93 1 55 2 75	Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Bread. Horse labour. Farm produce. Rent Labour. Medicine.	1 70 1 65 0 60 2 70 0 10 11 85 0 50 24 25 30 00 0 66 74 61
	170 49	H. Woods.	
W. Skeoch. Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Bread. Meals. Horse labor. Farm produce. Rent. Laundry. Medicine.	0 55 0 45 5 20 8 24 7 80 0 50 5 00 18 00 0 95 0 38	Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Bakery. Horse labour. Farm produce. Rent. Laundry Labour. Medicine	2 40 0 45 0 16 2 07 0 30 0 25 1 15 0 10 10 65 1 00 11 98 42 00 0 40 0 66
			74 47
H. Saunders. Making sundries, carpenter	7 89	A. E. Whish. Repairing sundries, tailor	0 10 2 60
Saskatchewan Penitentiary.			2 70
Boots	57 80	F. Watson. Boar service	0 75
W. Sellers. Boar service	0 75	L. Watson.	S 00
James G. Smith.		F. Young.	
Making sundries, tailor	1 07 3 63 4 70	Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes Luundry. Medicine	0 25 3 32 0 20 0 20
J. Taylor.			3 97
Boar service	0 75		4,195 07

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

J. C. Brown.	\$ cts.	W. J. Carroll.	\$ cts.
Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries. Repairing sundries. Making sundries. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint Bakery. Printing. Electrician. Convict labour. Medicine. Stores.	7 14 1 40 1 29 6 14 8 26 0 20 0 50 - 0 48 0 34 22 05 1 18 0 10 1 80 2 27 0 58	Sundry articles repaired, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blacksmith Bakery Meals. Printing. Brooms. Medicine. Stores.	3 40 3 02 1 21 0 35 1 26 17 35 2 60 1 41 0 81 2 06 0 23
	53 73	W. Currie.	
W. Botting. Repairing sundries. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Bakery. Coal. Rent. Stores. Horse labour.	1 68 3 13 7 77	Making sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sondries, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Bakery. Meals. Electrician. Jeweller. Coal. Brooms. Old hinges. Medicine. Stores.	0 98 8 30 2 04 0 93 1 76 4 74 28 30 4 08 0 40 25 82 1 40 0 90 3 57 0 12
	53 84	W. A. Cameron.	
W. Bennett. Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Bakery. Mess. Electrician.	0 65 0 96 0 65 2 00	Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint. Bakery Meals. Glass. Jeweller. Brooms. Elecacician. Medicine. Cabbage plants.	10 88 0 70 4 19 0 04 1 91 0 60 3 62 15 82 15 00 0 20 0 25 0 33 0 30 1 43 0 10
			55 37
E. Buckley. Meals Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint. Bakery. Wood. Jeweller Electrician. Brooms Rent. Medicine.		H. Cooney. Meals Miss Chastily. Bread	0 60
Stores	1 81	E. Clarke.	
	38 69	Meals	2 00

R. Craig.	\$ cts.	R. Dynes.	\$ cts.
Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, tin and paint. Bakery. Meals. Glass. Coal. Medicine.	1 60 2 35 13 57 0 70 0 67 6 01 6 70 0 28 7 59 1 40	Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Bakery. Rent. Brooms.	6 45 0 65 9 79 9 54 7 46 3 98 2 90 1 42 45 11 60 00 1 76
L. Cormack.	40 87	Electrician. Labour. Printing.	1 36 0 45 0 51
Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Bakery. Meals. Netting.	0 35 1 15 0 46 2 75 4 00 0 44	Medicine Jas. Doyle.	0 65
	9 15	Making sundry articles, tailor Making shoes	6 68 6 66
T. Cox.	1 85	Repairing. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Bakery.	9 75 0 72 1 93 48 78
F. Cowin. Making sundries, tailor	9 99	Meals. Horse Labour Coal. Electrician.	1 00 1 50 31 61 3 29
Repairing sundries, tailor	0 30 1 71 3 63 0 39 0 67	Rent Broom Labour	60 00 0 33 0 50 172 75
Making sundries, tin and paint Bakery Meals Rent Brooms Electrician Medicine	2 26 11 40 6 75 0 28 1 21 0 90	T. Dominy.	4 10
	39 49		
H. Disney. Making sundries, tailor Making shoes Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter	11 10 1 85 1 33 3 41	Miss Jessic Disney. Bakery	3 75
Making sundries, blacksmith Bakery Horse labour Brooms. Rent Rope ('ement Labour Medicine	14 01 4 91 0 50 0 66 20 00 0 23 4 60 0 60 0 40	S. Dailey. Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing shoes Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries. Electrician Stores	0 30 2 04 0 10 6 05 1 34 0 17
	63 60		10 00
P. Derine.		R. P. Day.	
Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing shoes. Making sundries Meals Jeweller	0 90 0 33 5 21 15 40 0 15	Repairing sundries, tailor	0 20 1 31 2 45 5 10 0 15
	21 99		9 21

	1		
D. Exley.	\$ ets.	J. W. Harvey.	\$ ets.
Repairing shoes	0 52	Making sundries, tailor	5 00
Bakery	0 31	Repairing sundries, tailor	0 60
Meals	0 30	Making shoes	3 05
	1 13	Making sundries, carpenter	8 58 7 69
, , , , ,		Repairing sundries, earpenter	0 99
J. R. Edwards.		Making sundries, blacksmith	0 59
Meals	1 50	Repairing sandries, blacksmith	0 30
	1 50	Bakery. Horse labour.	25 11 2 50
		Meals	0 50
1 F		Farm produce	2.08
A. Ferguson.		Brooms	2 25
Making sundries, tailor	4 40	Coal. Electrician.	24 36 5 02
Repairing sundries, tailor	0 64	Glass	0 20
Repairing shoes		Jeweller	0 20
Rent	5 60 2 00	Medicine Stores	1 11
		Stores	2 22
	13 16		92 35
T. Fellows.		A. Healey.	
Renairing sundries tailor	0.15		0.53
Repairing sundries, tailor	0 15 0 35	Repairing sundries, tailor	0 30
Repairing sundries, earpenter	0 37	Repairing shoes.	0 65 4 57
Bakery	1 28	Bakery	0 35
Meals	20 30	Meals	20 00
Rent Jeweller	13 25 0 10	Electrician	0 15
Brooms	. 0 28	Rent Medicine	1 50 0 20
	36 08	, and the state of	
			27 72
E. Frankum,			
Repairing sundries, tailor	4 75	P. Horrigan.	
Repairing shoes	1 26	Repairing shoes	_b 1 26
Bakery	0 22	Making sundries, carpenter	1 44
Meals	2 80	Meals	0.70
Rent	1 00	Rent	1 00
	10 03		4 40
T. R. Gray.		R, Halliwell,	
· ·		K. Hattiwett.	
Repairing shoes	3 61	Meals	1 40
Repairing sandries, blacksmith	0 25	Bread	0 55
Bakery Meals	12 18 10 50		1.05
Jeweller	0 15		1 95
Brooms			
	0 33		
Coal	1 21	C. O. Harris.	
Rent	1 21 9 00		0.00
Rent	1 21	Making sundries, tailor	2 20
Rent	1 21 9 00		0 10
Rent	1 21 9 00 0 04	Making sundries, tailor	
Rent	1 21 9 00 0 04	Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, carpenter Bakery	0 10 0 25 2 30
Rent Making sundries, tin and paint	1 21 9 00 0 04 37 27	Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, carpenter Bakery	0 10 0 25
Rent Making sundries, tin and paint	1 21 9 00 0 04	Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, carpenter Bakery	0 10 0 25 2 30
Rent Making sundries, tin and paint	1 21 9 00 0 04 37 27	Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, carpenter Bakery Meals R. Henderson.	0 10 0 25 2 30 4 85
Rent Making sundries, tin and paint A. Grundy. Meals	1 21 9 00 0 04 37 27	Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, carpenter Bakery Meals	0 10 0 25 2 30
Rent Making sundries, tin and paint A. Grundy.	1 21 9 00 0 04 37 27	Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, carpenter Bakery Meals R. Henderson. Making sundries, tailor	0 10 0 25 2 30 4 85
Meals	1 21 9 00 0 04 37 27	Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, carpenter Bakery Meals R. Henderson. Making sundries, tailor Meals	0 10 0 25 2 30 4 85 9 99 1 30

A. Hauxwell.	\$ ets.	M. Lavell.	\$ ets.
Repairing shoes	0 65 4 30	Repairing sundries, tailor	0 25
ATT COMPONENT AND A STATE OF THE STATE OF TH	4 30	Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 30 14 00
	4 95	Horse labour.	0 50
7 7 7 1		Rent	60 00
$J.\ Imlah.$		Coal	6 11
Making shoes	1 74	Labour	0 50 0 50
Repairing shoes	1 76	Medicine	0 00
Making sundries, carpenter	10 37		82 16
Repairing sundries, carpenter	0 50	W. Leslie.	
Bakery	21 74 26 10	Donoising anadaine Anilan	0.25
Horse labour.	2 00	Repairing sundries, tailor	0 35 1 92
Lime	0 10	Meals	8 20
Electrician	1 00	Rent	5 00
Rent Jeweller	40 00 0 40	-	15 45
Coal.	12 21	B. A. Mullins.	15 47
Labour	0 50	. D. A. Flattino.	
Old window sash	0 25	Repairing sundries, tailor	0 45
Medicine	0 69	Repairing shoes	5 64
	119 36	Making sundries, earpenter	3 29
	119 50	Repairing sundries, earpenter	0 36
John Ingram.		Repairing sundries, blacksmith	1 42
		Making sundries, tin and paint	16 12
Repairing sundries, tailor	0 50 1 95	Bakery	5 28
Repairing shoes Making sundries, earpenter	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{95}{75}$	Meals	14 20 2 00
Bakery	0 73	Rent	1 00
Mess	4 87	Glnss	2 84
Rent	7 75	Brick and lime	11 59
Lamp	0 67 0 30	Sand	0 50 5 06
TACCHELIAC		Coal Broom	0 28
	19 52	Jeweller	0 25
		Medicine	1 25
Harry Johnson.		Stores	7 86 1 69
Repairing shoes	1 38	Gravel	1 09
Making sundries, carpenter.	0 98		82 10
Repairing sundries, carpenter	1 50	-	
Repairing sundries, blacksmith Medicine	0 28 0 60	W. Mackie.	
Stores	2 86	Making sundries, tailor	0.50
Bakery	0 18	Making shoes	1 50
Meals	16 60	Making sundries, carpenter	2 47
Jeweller	0 10	Repairing shoes.	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 67 \\ 0 & 82 \end{array}$
	24 48	Making sundries, blacksmith	2 32
		Bakery.	25 95
		Meals	7 20
P. J. Keenan.		Electrician	3 08 0 15
Making shoes	3 73	Jeweller	0 28
Repairing shoes	1 32	Medicine	2 48
Making sundries, blacksmith	0 30	Stores	1 13
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 10		50 55
Meals	19 40		00 00
	24 85	F. Muir.	
G. Keeling.		Making sundries, tailor	7 49
G. Arceing.		Repairing sundries, tailor	0 30
Repairing shoes	0 37	Making sundries, tin and paint	0 69
Making sundries, earpenter	0 19	Meals	6 00 7 75
Repairing sundries, blacksmith	0 20 6 05	Rent	0 28
Meals	15 90	Stores	1 10
Stores	2 36	Bakery	1 10
	0* 07		94.71
	25 07		24 71
		(**	

Revd. Father Mallard.	\$ cts.	G. McInnes.	\$ cts.
Bakery	0 20 2 50 0 93	Meals	0 70
	3 63	Ewen McInnes.	
H. Morey & Co. General library	13 60	Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Bakery	5 79 0 65 0 80
J. Millor.		Meals. Jeweller. Rent. Medicine.	12 20 0 15 5 25 0 60
Meals.	1 40	Making sundries	2 70
D. C. MacKenzie.		-	20 11
Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint Bakery Meals	3 50 4 59 9 00 12 33 0 10 0 93 0 88 3 70 7 71 12 99 28 60	A. McBeth. Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Making shoes Repairing shoes Making sundry articles, carpenter Repairing sundry articles, carpenter Meals Rent	2 20 0 30 1 50 0 10 2 12 0 58 12 60 2 50
Meals. Horse labour Coal.	2 00 24 30		21 90
Electrician. Lamps cleaned. Medicine. Stores.	9 49 0 10 1 29 1 16	James McLennan. Making sundries, carpenter	0 67 0 51 3 91
	122 67	Making sundries, blacksmith Bakery	1 81 1 22
Rev. W. F. McCullough. Meals George McKenzie.	1 80	Meals Printing Electrician Jeweller Broom Medicine	17 60 0 62 1 79 0 10 0 28 0 59
Making sundries, tailor	8 72		29 10
Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter Making sundries, carpenter Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith Bakery. Meals. Horse labour. Farm produce. Rent. Printing. Coal. Electrician. Old boards. Medicine. Stores.	2 20 3 01 19 03 1 22 4 88 3 20 0 65 23 78 7 20 3 50 0 50 0 00 0 50 3 06 1 18 0 25 1 76 1 70	H. F. Norman. Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Repairing shoes. Making sundry articles, carpenter. Bakery Meals. Brooms Electrician Rent. Coal Labour. Stores.	0 48 0 70 1 38 2 80 9 61 6 00 0 66 2 55 60 00 5 06 1 00 0 79
J. McLaughlin.	146 34	H. Phillips.	
Meals	1 40	Making sundries	0 35 0 40
J. McLennan.		Glass.	0 25
Mcals	1 60		1 00
		,	

W. A. Patchell.	\$ ets.	W. A. De Wolfe Smith.	\$ cts.
Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries. Repairing sundries. Bakery. Rent. Printing. Set horns repaired. Jeweller. Electrician, heater Medicine.	0 21 2 75 3 57 4 02 32 93 60 00 0 88 0 75 0 15 0 75 1 50	Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, blaeksmith. Repairing sundries, blaeksmitb. Making sundries, tin and paint. Bakery. Horse labour. Coal. Glass. Medicine.	5 30 1 30 2 74 3 19 0 10 0 34 0 51 0 68 0 10 6 90 1 00 10 12 0 59 0 40
	113 16		33 27
G. Quinn.		P. Smyth.	
MealsRent	5 50 2 00 7 50	Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing shoes. Making sundries, earpenter Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Bakery	0 10 0 65 2 97 0 73 7 01
F. Quinn. Meals Rent	3 00 1 00 4 00	Mess Jeweller Electrician Brooms Medicine Stores	19 60 0 30 3 88 0 90 0 55 1 81
	4 00	•	38 50
R. Roberts. Repairing shoes. Bakery. Meals.	0 34 0 97 1 00	F. Stewart. Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Bakery. Horse labour. Rent.	5 05 0 94 0 20 7 62 2 00 60 00
R. J. Robertson. Making sundries, tailor. Repairing sundries, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes.	4 84 0 25 1 75 8 12	Coal. Labour. Medicine. Stores. Repairing shoes.	25 30 0 50 1 75 0 96 0 80
Making sundries, earpenter Making sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, tin and paint Bakery Farm produce. Glass Rent Brooms Tar Electric heater Iron.	3 70 0 64 2 39 0 30 24 92 0 10 0 34 60 00 0 61 0 11 3 07 0 76	T. Sampson. Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing shoes Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, earpenter Repairing sundries, blacksmith Repairing sundries, tin and paint Bakery Meals Horse labour	11 10 1 10 3 58 6 88 0 10 0 10 0 10 8 17 0 20 1 50
	111 90	Ram produce Rent. Lime Electrician Brick.	0 15 60 00 0 10 4 67 14 85
E. F. Roberts. Meals	0 90 0 20 1 10	Coal. Pheasant skin eured. Jeweller. Medicine. Stores.	3 06 0 10 0 15 2 72 0 49
1		1-	

Making sundries, tailor.				
Repairing shoes	A. H. Silk.	\$ ets.	G. Vince.	\$ cts.
Making sundries, tailor. 4 40	Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, tin and paint. Bakery. Meals. Rent	1 40 0 95 0 73 0 50 15 00 7 25 0 67	Bakery. Meals. Medicine.	1 89 4 70 14 00 1 05 1 01 22 65
Repairing sundries, tailor.		37 44	II. Walsh.	
Horse labour 5 0 Color	Making sundries, tailor	2 50 1 00	Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Repairing sundries, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, carpenter. Making sundries, tin and paint. Repairing sundries, tin and paint.	0 20 2 18 33 02 0 10 0 33 2 60 0 15 7 98
Repairing sundries, carpenter	Repairing sundries, tailor		Horse labour Electrician. Medicine.	5 00 7 55 5 57 0 66
Making shoes	Repairing sundries, carpenter Bakery Meals	0 19 0 26 9 20	W. Wood.	05 34
Repairing sundries, tailor. 0 15 Bakery. 17 6 Repairing shoes. 2 8 Bakery. 17 6 Repairing shoes. 12 2 Rent. 12 2 Re		12 80	Repairing sundries, tailor	0 15 0 64
R. H. Smith. Repairing shoes. 0 20 8 20 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Repairing sundries, tailor		Repairing shoes. Bakery. Meals. Rent.	2 84 4 63 17 60 12 25 0 15
Repairing shoes		0 65		38 26
Mr. Webster. Serap iron. 5 0	Repairing shoes Repairing sundries, blacksmith Bakery Meals.	0 10 1 25 1 60 0 13		50 (0
Bakery		3 23	Mr. Wcbster.	
Rev. A. E. Vert. Bread. Meals.	BakeryMeals	6 90	Leather cuttings	5 00 5 00 10 00
Rev. A. E. Vert. Bread. 0 1	Jeweiler			20 00
Rev. A. E. Vert. Bread 0 1 Meals Making sundries, tailor 5 00 Repairing sundries, tailor 0 15 Repairing shoes 4 14 Horse labour Coal 5 06 Medicine 1 10 R. Woolcock.		9 03	G. Woolcock.	
	Making sundries, tailor Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing shoes Horse labour Coal.	0 15 4 14 0 50 5 06	Bread	0 15 2 10 2 25
15 95 Meals 0 0		15 95	Meals	0 60

BRITISH COLUMBIA-Concluded.

W. Wilson.	\$ cts.	Jas. Walker.	\$ eta
Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter Repairing sundries, carpenter. Bakery. Meals. Rent. Jeweller Electrician.	0 20 1 44 0 66 0 71 2 92 17 30 12 25 0 10 2 01 4 40	Repairing sundries, tailor Repairing shoes. Making sundries, carpenter. Meals. Rent. Jeweller. Stores	0 18 1 98 1 47 17 20 10 28 0 10 0 61
,	41 99	Wm. Webb. Meals Total	4 00

ALBERTA.

A. Berry.	\$ cts.	P. Conway.	\$ cts.
Making sundry articles, carpenterBakery. MealsCoal.	6 80 4 50	Repairing sundry articles, tailor	0 25 10 19 0 77 2 60 0 94
J. J. Cashman.	12 50	Medicine	0 59
Making sundry articles, tailor	0 72	J. B. Dharty.	15 34
Making sundry articles, carpenter Repairing sundry articles, carpenter Making sundry articles, blacksmith Coal.	11 09 0 54 0 83 22 50	Making shoes	2 05 1 38
Electrician. Medicine.	0 57 0 15	G. W. Dawson.	3 43
	78 84	Repairing sundry articles, tailor	0 40
E. H. Cummings. Making sundry articles, tailor	3 98 4 83 5 94 0 10 0 46	Alex. Forin. M.D. Repairing sundry articles, tailor Making shoes	0 15 17 19 0 29 6 95 2 73 0 10
R. Chapman.		Lumber	0 35 0 25
Making sundry articles, tailor	5 09 7 85 2 58 14 69 0 10 5 10	J. Finlayson. Repairing shocs	28 01
Meals	46 91	J. R. Gernon.	
R. R. Creighton. Repairing sundry articles, tailor	0 50	Repairing shoes	0 60 23 80
The state of the s	0 50	_	24 40

ALBERTA-Continued.

J. S. Greenwood.	\$ ets.	R. C. Morris.	\$ cts.
Repairing shoes Making sundry articles, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Meals. Coal. Piece galv. iron J. R. Goldsmith.	0 66 14 10 9 00	Making sundry articles, tailor Repairing sundry articles, tailor Making sundry articles, carpenter Bakery Meals Coal Medicine Stores Making shoes.	5 58 0 30 3 62 5 82 9 20 4 50 0 10 1 57 5 17
Making sundry articles	2 53		35 86
Making shoes. Making shoes. Meals. Medicine.		Jno. Mann. Meals	4 30
	26 43		
Gorman, Clancy & Grindley.			
Cement bags	55 20	A. D. Mallandaine.	
C. W. Goldsmith. Meals	1 30	Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sandries, tin and paint. Bakery Meals. Coal. Medicine.	4 42 0 43 0 10 4 82 28 10 18 00 0 40
G. P. Halley.		Making sundry articles, carpenter	2 34
Making shoes Making sundry articles, carpenter. Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Bakery Coal Medicine. One clock shield.	2 19 26 90 0 75 0 82 5 15 15 75 0 10 0 43	F. Martin. Meals	3 00
	52 09	A. E. Morrison.	
E. Hewitt. Making shoes Repairing shoes Repairing sundry articles, carpenter Bakery Meals Coal Medicine	0 40 0 22 0 26 4 37 24 70 4 50 0 20	Repairing sundry articles, tailor. Making shoes. Making sundry articles, carpenter. Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Meals. Hospital (mediciae). Straight edge.	0 40 3 62 0 62 0 10 0 20 8 40 0 25 0 40
	34 65	-	13 99
W. L. Lambe.		_	
Making sundry articles, tailor Repairing sundry articles, tailor Making shoes Repairing shoes Making suadries, tin and paint Meals Boiled oil Repairing suadry articles, carpenter	2 53 0 70 3 58 1 73 1 40 11 80 0 31 4 77 26 82	H. W. J. Maddison. Repairing sundry articles, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundry articles, carpenter Making sundry articles, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint Repairing sundries, tin and paint Meals. Coal Mcdiciae.	0 15 4 28 0 36 15 31 0 47 0 77 0 10 2 50 9 00
		AMARCA ACTUAL CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	0.40
Lethbridge $m{J}$ ail.		Mattress	2 33

ALBERTA—Continue1.

W. R. Manning.	\$ cts.	P. M. Oldroyd.	\$ cts.
Making sundry articles, tailor	9 00	Repairing sundry articles, tailor	0 40 3 17 1 06 5 73 0 53 0 10 7 65 13 50 0 98 0 79 0 25
	40 04	F. Pope.	34 16
Jno. Milner.	15 75	Making suadry articles, tailor	1 26 0 50 1 61 5 94 0 54 0 25
F. Martin. Repairing shoes. Meals	0 59 0 70	Making sundries, tin and paint	0 60 0 28 1 77 59 00 4 50
	1 29	Cement. Lime	13 39 0 27
Jno. McDougall. Making sundry articles, tailor	2 53 12 84	Medicine Tar paper.	0 25 0 58 90 74
Repairing shoes. Making sundry articles, carpeater Repairing sundry articles, carpeater Making sundry articles, blacksmith. Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Bakery. Coal. Cement.	10 43 0 35 0 20 0 94 1 69 8 57 34 50 66 55	Jas. Pollard. Making sundry articles, tailor Repairing sundry articles, tailor. Repairing shoes Meals. Elect. light. extension.	1 26 0 25 0 31 54 80 0 33
Medicine	144 67	Ross Bros.	56 95
M. McCauley.	144 07	Speed indicator	4 00
Making shoes Making sundry articles, carpenter. Making sundrics, tin and paint Coal Medicine.	0 42 2 20	J. Stockman. Meals Repairing clothing	1 90 10 2 00
μ	19 70	Saskatchewan Penitentiary.	2 00
Rev. D. G. McQueen. Making shoes	11 36	Making sundry articles, tailor Making shoes. Making sundry articles, blacksmith Making sundries, tin and paint Screws	478 98 99 00 6 93 8 19 0 77
A. H. McHugh,			593 87
Bakery Bakery	1 20 2 80	John Schell.	
	4 00	Making sundry articles, tailor	4 83 4 85 2 27 13 50 1 46
W. H. L. Orledge. Meals	1 80	Hinges	26 91
94 14).	

ALBERTA-Concluded.

H. E. Smith.	\$ cts.	C. Turgeon.	\$ cts.
Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundry articles, carpenter. Making sundry articles, blacksmith. Bakery. Meals. Coal.	2 94	Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundry articles, carpenter. Repairing sundry articles, carpenter. Making sundry articles, blacksmith. Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith. Repairing sundries, tin and paint. Bakery. Meals. Coal. Medicine.	3 36 0 90 4 15 0 44 2 59 0 55 0 24 0 10 24 40 18 00 0 25
M. J. Salzl.	0.00	Door bandles	0 12 0 14
Repairing sundry articles, tailor. Making shoes. Making sundry articles, carpenter. Repairing sundry articles, carpenter. Making sundry articles, blacksmith. Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith. Making sundries, tin and paint. Coal. Cement. Medicine. Boiled oil.	0 10 3 64 15 75 11 88 0 55	F. Urquhart. Making sundry articles, tailor	2 84 1 37 3 55 3 56
	49 03	Making sundry articles, carpenter Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith	3 53 0 40
Ralph Smith.		Bakery Coal Medicine Stores	0 20 9 00 0 25 3 48
Making sundry articles, tailor Repairing sundry articles, tailor. Making shoes. Repairing shoes. Making sundry articles, carpenter Bakery. Coal Medicine.	0 45 0 45 0 73 12 29 0 10 13 50	C. Wilson.	28 18 0 75 0 55
	30 15	Making sundry articles, carpenter Making sundry articles, blacksmith Bakery	0 56 0 30
E. N. Senior.		Meals	13 90 4 50
BakeryMeals			20 56
	4 50	C. A. Wooton.	
Jas. Saunt. Repairing sundry articles, tailor Making shoes Making sundry articles, carpenter Bakery. Meals. Lumber. Coal.	2 06 2 82 6 65 5 20 0 89	Making sundry articles, tailor	2 53 0 70 0 24 0 13 23 10 0 31 0 25 27 26
	20 77		
R. P. Ottowell. Repairing sundry articles, tailor Making shoes	. 10 49	E. Wilson. Bakery	0 60 4 50 5 10
		11	

SASKATCHEWAN.

E. J. Adams.	\$ cts.	G. W. Dawson.	\$ cts.
Meals	10 35 3 00	MealsRoom rent.	10 20 3 00
TOOM TEMP.	13 35		13 20
M. Alan.		P. Doolan.	
Meals	0 30	Meals	101 60
		Room rent	145 74
J. M. Brown.		M. P. Dunn.	140 /4
Meals	16 08 8 29	Repaired clothes	0 20
Room rent	24 37	Repairing shoes	4 30 38 85
A. Baxter.		Medicine	1 05
Meals	19 52	-	44 40
Room rent	9 36	J. Ewon.	
	28 88	Meals Room rent	74 97 32 27
T. F. Boyes.		-	107 24
Meals	20 39	F. W. Dickinson.	
G. D.		Making sundry articles, tailor	5 15 0 15
G. Brown.	1 69	Making shoes	5 00 2 42
Meals Room rent	0 57	Repairing sundry articles, carpenter Repairing sundry articles, blacksmith	0 18 1 19
*	2 26	Fence railsLabour	4 00 5 85
Celtic Brick Co.			23 94
Rental	1 00	F. W. Fourney.	
		Repairing shoes	3 34
R. R. Creighton.			
Meals	14 70 3 42	A. A. Grant.	0 75
Repairing coat	18 22	Meats	0 10
G. Cowie,	15 22	J. T. Howell,	
Shoes repaired	0 40	Meals	126 17
Bakery	0 82 0 48	Room rent	44 12
	1 70		170 29
W. Cowie.		J. Hall.	00.40
Bakery	0 62	Meals	29 40 14 14
Meals	0 39		43 54
I . C	1 01	A. Honsen.	
J. Cameron.	20 76	Making shoes	0 42 75 57
Meals	7 57	Room rent	31 13
	28 33		107 12
34—144		,	

SASKATCHEWAN-Continued.

	1		
T. J. Henderson.	\$ ets.	W. Millar:	\$ ets.
Straw	2 00	Sundry articles repaired, tailor Repairing shoes	0 31 1 31
J. Johnson.		Meals	22 79 11 15
Making shoes	3 28		35 56
Repairing shoes	0 57 0 37	W. C. McAllister.	1 00
Meals Farm produce Medicine	19 08 3 30 0 30	Making shoes	1 92 0 15 0 60
	26 90		2 67
W. Johnston.		A. McIntosh.	
Making shoes	2 20	Straw	10 00
Repairing shoes. Sundry articles repaired, blacksmith Meals Farm produce	0 69 0 73 79 79 8 70	A. McDonald. Meals	6 84
Room rent	32 43 124 54	Room rent	9 62
	121 01	D. O'Sullivan.	
Harold Keech.	0 35	Making shoes.	2 48 0 37
Sundry articles repaired, tailor	2 92 126 32	Repairing shoes Bread	10 SS 12 96
Room rent	44 13 0 60		26 69
	174 32	R. Ormand.	
F. W. Kerr.		Sundry articles repaired, tailor Repairing shoes.	0 15 0 78
Sundry articles repaired, tailor Repairing shoes	0 14 1 38	Meals Room rent	94 50 43 13
Sundry articles repaired, blacksmith Bread	1 16 5 17		138 56
Fence rails. Labour Medicine	2 00 13 40 0 50	W. Porter.	118 71
medicine	23 75	Room rent	43 55
ъ и :		, n n n	162 26
R. Mair. Repairing shoes	0 54	Rev. E. Pascal. Making shoes	3 07
Meals Room rent	29 SS 14 14		
	44 56	D. Sherville. Sundry articles repaired, tailor	0 30
J. McLeod.		MealsRoom rent	74 71 36 53
Repairing shoes	0.78	D D 0	111 54
Sundry articles repaired, blacksmith Bread Meals	$\begin{array}{c c} 0 & 45 \\ 0 & 12 \\ 22 & 76 \end{array}$	D. R. Smith. Making shoes	8 42
Straw. Labour. Medicine	1 00 1 40 0 20	Repairing shoes. Meals. Room reat.	0 98 108 78 39 43
	26 71		157 61
	26 71		157 6

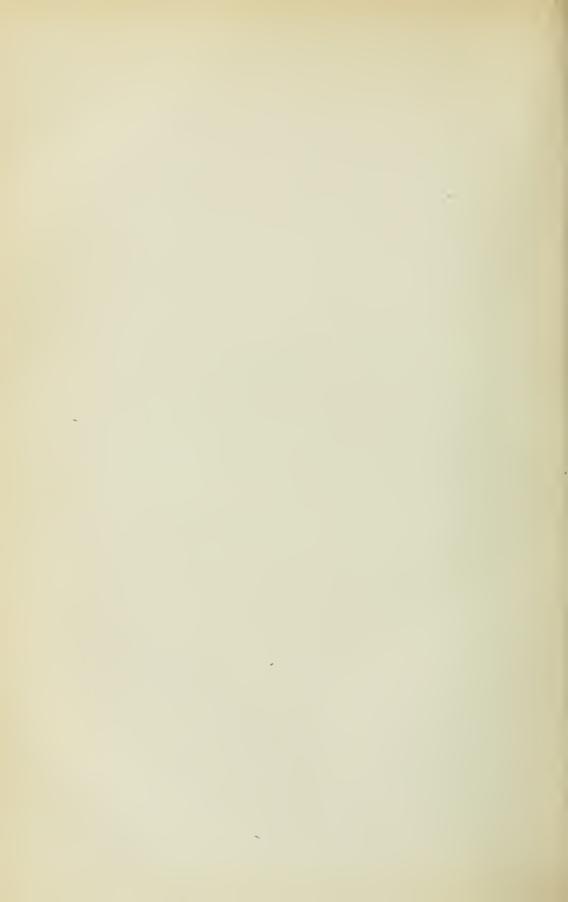
SASKATCHEWAN-Concluded.

H. A. Sims.	\$ ets.	A. Smith.	\$ ets.
Making sundry articles, tailor	15 48 1 50	Meals Room rent	2 79 1 85
Repairing shoes Sundry articles repaired, blacksmith Meals	8 39		4 64
Oats. Labour	2 15 0 60	A. Tait.	
	29 75	Meals	21 26 8 00
			29 26
D. Sullivan.		T. G. Tynan.	
Bread	2 43	Straw	8 00
Medicine	1 45	R. Williams.	
	3 88	Repairing sundry articles, tailor	0 55 1 20 68 22
		Room rent	14 58
A. A. Strachan.			84 55
Meals	4 67		2,044 48



APPENDIX K

DETAILS OF EXPENDITURE



KINGSTON.

STAFF.	\$ cts.	Staff—Continued.	\$ ets.
Salarics.		Uniforms.	
General.		Anticapal 22 lbs	2 14
General.		Antisqueak, 23 lbs	14 00
Warden, 1, 12 m	2,600 00	Buttons, gilt, coat, S ¹ / ₂ gross	21 00
Surgeon, 1, 12 m	2,400 00	Buttons, gilt, vest, 12 gross	19 20
Chaplains, 2 at \$1,200, 12 m Accountant, 1, 12 m	- 2,400 00 1,700 00	Buttons, trouser, 2 gr. gross	2 50 0 60
Engineer, 1, 12 m		Budges, crowns, gilt, 2 prs	1 60
Warden's elerk, 1, 12 m	900 00	Badges, stars, gilt, 2 prs	1 60
Storekeeper, 1, 12 m	1,000 00	Badges, crosses, gilt 1 pr	1 50
Asst. storekeeper, 1, 12 m	700 00 1,000 00	Canvas, 569½ yd	74 06 13 00
Asst. steward and baker, 1 at \$700,	2,000 00	Caps, stiffners, 250.	12 50
(broken period)	656 6S	Caps, peaks, 200	40 84
Hospital overseer, &c., 1 at \$900, broken period	600 00	Caps, straps, 100	3 75 6 00
Asst. hospital overseer, 1, 12 m	700 00	Caps, wife, 100	124 80
Matron, 1, 12 m	600 00	Cement channel, 2 gal	4 50
Asst. matron, 1, 12 m	450 00	Denim, 96\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	15 88
Asst. electrician, 1, 12 m	900 00 700 00	Drilling, 175¼ yds Duck lining, 57¾ yds	22 50 8 66
Asst. engineer, 1, 12 m	700 00	Eyelets, 9 M	2 25
Messenger, 1, 12 m	600 00	Frieze, 1374 yds	172 19
Firemen, 3 at \$600, 12 m	1,800 00 30 10	Gloves, 1 pr	1 25 46 91
Fireman, 1 at \$600, broken period	30 10	Hooks and eyes, 4 gross.	1 30
		Holland, 1444 yds	20 44
		Hooks, trouser, 4 gross	1 20
		Hooks, boot, 2 M	1 50 2 10
Industrial.		Lining, sleeve, 130 yds	20 80
		Lining, Italian, 248 ³ yds	87 01
Chief trade instructor, 1, 12 m	1,000 00 3,200 00	Lining, overcoat, 75\frac{3}{4} yds	37 88
Trade instructors, 4 at \$800, 12 m Trade instructors, 4 at \$800, less		Linen, 92 yds Laces, 5 gross	20 24 4 50
deductions	3,118 15	Leather, sole, 552 lbs	129 83
Asst. farm instructor, 1, 12 m	700 00	Leather, box calf, 3983 lbs	107 66
Stable guards, 2 at \$600, 12 m Stable guards, 2 at \$600, broken	1,200 00	Leather, welt, 34 lbs Leather, willow calf, 360 ft	12 24 122 40
period	574 19	Leather, upper, 2 prs	4 50
		Mitts, 1 pr	0 60
		Nails, zinc, 50 lbs	6 50
		Padding, 50 yds	11 25 15 90
Police.		Serge, blue, 407\(\frac{3}{4}\) yds	542 23
D	1 *00 00	Serge, kbaki, 357 ³ / ₄ yds	354 17
Deputy warden, 1, 12 m	1,500 00	Shoe felt, 14 lbs	15 40 10 00
Keepers, 7 at \$700, 12 m	4,900 00	Scarlet cloth, 9½ yds	30 88
Keepers, 4 at \$700, broken periods	2,789 09	Silesia, 32½ yds	5 85
Chief watchman, 1 at \$\$00 less deduction	788 90	Thread, hardash, 1 lb	5 00 8 70
Watchmen, 1 at \$650, 12 m	650 00	Thread, shoe, 10 lbs	74 45
Watchmen, 4 at \$650, broken periods.	1,013 04	Thread, linen, 12 lbs	24 00
Watchmen, 5 at \$650, less deductions.	2,560 85	Thread, cotton, 6½ gross	29 25
Guards, 18 at \$600, 12 m	$10,800 00 \\ 10,747 30$	Waterproof coat, 1	3 00 8 00
Guards, 3 at \$600, broken periods	1,431 49	Wadding, 75 yds	17 25
Temporary officers	606 79	Wax, shoe, 10 lbs	1 00
	70,216 49	Duty Containers.	0 60 1 50
	70,210 49	Freight and express	10 26
			9 269 60
Retiring Allowances.			2,362 62
	1 495 00		
W. A. Green	1,425 00		
J. Saunders	589 43		
	0.220.05		
	2,336 65		
	011		

KINGSTON-Continued.

Staff-Continued.	\$ cts.	MaIntenance of Convicts-Continued.	\$ cts.
Mess.		Prison Clothing.	
Apples, canned, 10 doz Apples, fresh, 4 brl Beef, 9, 628 lbs. Butter, 959 lbs. Baking powder, 12 lbs. Baking powder, 12 lbs. Baking soda, 30 lbs. Cheese, 1464 lbs. Currants, 88 lbs. Cornstarch, 88 lbs. Cream of tartar, 10 lbs. Cloves, 6 lbs. Coffce, 10 lbs. Eggs, 363 doz. Essences, 1 doz Fish, fresh, 1,252 lbs. Figs, 160 lbs. Flour, 85 bags. Ginger, 20 lbs. Lard, 731 lbs. Lemons, 48 doz. Milk, 366 gals. Mustard, 8 lbs. Macaroni, 100 lbs. Mutton, 160 lbs. Nutmegs, 2 lbs. Prunes, 350 lbs. Raisins, 72 lbs. Sugar, granulated, 1,000 lbs. Sugar, pulverized, 5 lbs. Savory, 3 lbs. Savory bottles, 2 ½doz. Sago, 20 lbs. Freight and cartage.	4 80 2 75 1 41 2 00 77 85 2 00 134 64 6 40 187 85 4 20 7 56 65 26 1 55 9 50 16 00 0 80 38 75 7 20 55 00 0 40 0 2 10 3 00	Buttons, trouser, 79 gross. Cotton, gray, 1,785 yds. Cotton, twilled, 1,022¾ yds. Cottonade, 85⅓ yds. Duck, 103 yds. Denim, 1,535 yds. Drilling, 1,323⅓ yds. Flannel, 14 yds. [Galatea, shirting, 2,775⅙ yds. ¼ Hats, straw, 19 doz. Leather, sole, 2,990 lbs. ¼ Leather, wax upper, 608⅓ lbs. Leather, iled sheepskins, 3 doz Leather, russetts, 6 doz. Leather, laces, 11 gross. Leather, peak, 76 lbs. Mackinaw, 44 yds. Nails, shoe, 125 lbs. Neatsfoot oil, 15 gals. Prison tweed, 643 yds. Prison tweed, 643 yds. Rivets, shoe, 142 lbs. Rubber boots, 2 prs. Suspenders, 10 doz. Silence cloth, 1 yd. Shoe tacks, 25 lbs. Thread, linen, 40 lbs. Tape, 10 gross. Underclothing, 134 doz. Yarn, 670 lbs. Containers. Freight and express.	8 03 188 90 123 75 11 54 225 24 353 05 158 64 2 76 358 86 20 90 732 55 286 00 34 50 66 00 17 75 9 12 37 40 6 25 12 85 630 15 630 15 62 7 90 25 00 0 75 15 62 7 90 25 00 0 75 15 62 7 90 25 00 0 75 15 62 7 90 25 00 0 75 15 62 7 90 25 00 0 75 15 62 7 90 25 00 0 75 15 62 7 90 25 00 0 75 15 62 7 90 25 00 0 75 15 62 7 90 25 00 0 75 16 95 16 95
MAINTENANCE OF CONVICTS.	1,784 18	Less refunds	36 00
Rations.			4,090 07
Beef, 103,193 lbs. Bacon, 16,472 lbs. Beans, 23,934 lbs. Cabbage, 1,200 lbs. Flour, 2,695 bags. Herrings, 21 bbls. Lard, 775 lbs. Milk, skimmed, 69,700 lbs. Molasses, 1,135 gals. Mutton, 8,112 lbs. Onions, 600 lbs. Pease, split, 4,484 lbs. Potatoes, 126,452 lbs. Pepper, 265 lbs. Rolled oats, 28,910 lbs. Rice, 8,100 lbs. Sugar, 20,425 lbs. Salt, fine, 36 bbls. Salt, coarse, 25 sacks. Saltpetre, 10 lbs. Sage, 2 lbs. Tca, 1,200 lbs. Tomatoes, canned, 30 doz. Vinegar, 443 gals. Yeast, 382 lbs. Christmas extras. Freight and express.	17 50 1 00	Hospital. Butter, 190 lbs Biscuits, 23½ lbs Cornstarch, 20 lbs Drugs Eggs, 225 doz. Essences, 3 doz. Lard, 20 lbs Milk, 1,424 gals. Malt, 100 lbs. Nurse for female convict. Nutmegs, 1 lb Oranges, 49 doz. Rubber sheeting, 5 yds Sugar, 50 lbs Sponges, 3. Septic peneils, 2. Syringe, repairs to. Tapioca, 180 lbs Tobacco, 116 lbs Tobacco, 116 lbs Trusses, 1 doz. Stationery, envelopes, 1 M. Freight and express	49 70 2 18 1 40 209 57 47 31 5 50 2 30 253 24 11 00 14 28 0 50 17 02 2 75 2 26 1 00 0 20 1 40 11 10 50 24 3 75 6 65 8 82
2,030 10101100000000000000000000000000000	22,331 93	a regitt und caprocorri	696 17
		ll -	

KINGSTON-Continued.

DISCHARGE EXPENSES.	\$ cts.	Working Expenses—Continued.	\$ cts.
Freedom Suits.		Maintenance of Buildings.	
Buttons, collar, 12 gross. Buttons, vest, 12 gross. Buttons, vest, 12 gross. Buttons, coat, 18 gross. Braces, 14 doz. Boots, woman's, 1 pr. Canvas, French, 150 yds. Collars, 7 doz. Coats, women's, 11. Caps, 11 doz. Dress goods, 40 yds. Gloves, 43 prs. Flannelette, 56½ yds. Hats, women's, 11 Hats, men's, 7 doz. Handkerchiefs, 15 doz. Holland, 47 yds. Leather' chrome, 887½ lbs Lining, sleeve, 328 yds. Lining, sleeve, 328 yds. Mitts, 3 doz. Mufflers, 6 doz. Shirts, 16 doz. Sateen, 478 yds. Silesia, 220½ yds. Thread, shoe, 1 lb. Thread, silk, 2 lbs. Ties, 22½ doz. Tryeed, 1007² yds.	10 50 7 00 53 00	Maintenance of Buildings. Alabastine, 5 pkgs. Bolts, tower, 2 doz. Bends, 4 Bushings, 1412 doz. Buckles, 3 doz. Bassin, 1 Battery, relay, 1 Brushes, kalsomine, 1 doz. Benzine, 5 gals. Colours, assorted, 871 lbs. Castings, 78 lbs. Cement, smoothon, 10 lbs. Cord, flexible, 6 ft. Chloride of lime, 100 lbs. Camphor, 15 lbs. Carbon batteries, 12. Carbon cylinders, 30. Crosses, small, 2. Closet bowl, 1. Discs, Jenkins, 23. Elbows, assorted, 3372 doz. Fruses, knife blade, 12. Fuses, plugs, 100. Fly paper, 2 boxes Glass, 1 light. Glass, 5 cases. Grass seed, 25 lbs. Lice gelvanized, 216 lbs.	6 00 0 80 1 00 3 61 5 04 1 85 3 25 8 67 0 75 20 47 3 12 5 00 0 18 3 00 1 50 0 70 7 50 0 70 4 80 26 30 30 49 7 80 3 25 0 90 0 95 13 90 6 88 8 8 8
Tweed, 1,097½ yds. Wadding, 38 yds. Yarn, 6 lbs. Underelothing, 17½ doz. Containers. Freight and cartage.	8 74 3 00 85 11 1 00 2 89	Iron, galvanized, 216 lbs. Japan, 42\frac{1}{2} gal. Kreso, 419 gals. Lumber, pine, 12, 456 ft. Lead, white, 2,000 lbs. Locks, pad, yale, 5. Lye, 3 tins.	11 14 0 30
Allowances. Discharge allowance to 179 men Conveying insane prisoner to asylum		Metal polish, 200 lbs. Nuts, lock, 25. Nozzels, 4. Oil, boiled, 82.96 gals. Pipe, 350 lbs. Paint, 2 gals. Pyrometer, repairs to Plaster Paris, 1 brl. Potash, 2 lbs. Rivets, 36 lbs.	0 13 3 00 90 33 6 00 2 90 2 25 2 00
Interments. Interments, 2	8 00	Repairing intake pipe. Ring for grate, 1. Reducers, 3. Rope, 107 lbs	412 25 9 50 0 54 9 36
WORKING EXPENSES. Heat, Light and Water. Coal, run of mine, 1,759.1767 tons Coal, egg, 272 tons Coal, screenings, 1,058.161 tons Coal, nut, 45 tons Coal oil, 289½ gals Carbons, 400. Lamps, electric, 506 Matches, 10 boxes	1,311 04 2,423 77 226 35 38 83 11 04 175 00	Soap, chip, 2,451 lbs Soda, washing, 10,580 lbs Sapolia, 4½ gross Screws, machine, 1 gross Steel, soft, 1 piece Steel, cast, 20 lbs Steel, octagon, 265 lbs Services of caretaker, warden's ground: Sink and fittings, 1 Sleeve, 1. Salamoniac, 100 lbs Shelf bracket, 1 Stoves, 5. Toilet paper, 50 cases	113 58 52 46 1 15 0 66 1 50 19 88 37 25 9 05 2 25 9 00 0 35 40 75
Wood, 52 cords	230 00 0 90 2 53 9,568 27	Turpentine, 92.10 gals. Tape, grimshaw, 10 lbs. Trap, running, 1 Valves, globe, 3 doz. Valves, tap, 6 doz. Valves, hard rubber, 16 lbs. Vents, air, 12. Wire, magnet, 2‡ lbs.	79 95 11 50 1 05 1 05 41 40 0 66 21 60 1 08 1 21

KINGSTON-Continued.

Working Expenses—Continued.	\$ cts.	Working Expenses—Continued.	\$ cts.
Maintenance of Buildings.—Concluded.		School.	
Wire, brass, 10 lbs. Washers, 5 lbs. Washers, flushometer, 7 Washers, fire hose, 5 doz Water heaters, 2 Water front, 1 Zincs, 100 Customs charges. Freight and express.	3 50 0 45 1 17 5 00 8 50 2 50 3 25 3 55 30 50	Books, spelling, 1 doz Books, grammars, 1 doz Books, copy, 1 doz Slate peneils, 3 boxes. Pen holders, $1_{1/2}^+$ gross. Library.	2 40 2 88 2 88 0 99 3 15
	2,977 90	Subscriptions to magazines	84 25 2 26
Maintenance of Machinery.			86 51
Asbestos wick, 15 lbs. Brick, fire, 1,000 Belting, leather, 227½ ft. Boiler inspection. Brushes, wire flue, 3 Castings, iron, 2,376 lbs. Castings, brass, 91½ lbs. Clay, fire, 1.270 tons. Couplings, 2 sets. Cylinders, C.I., 2 Gauge glasses, 2 doz.	3 45 50 00 113 32 50 00 3 83 83 99 28 13 11 93 0 80 26 00 1 50	Office Expenses. Subscriptions to papers. Postage. Premium on officers' bonds Telephone exchange. Telephone, long distance. Telegrams Printing. Stationery. Freight and express.	0 30 180 00 24 00 215 00 28 70 24 80 23 20 218 50 16 07
Gauge washers, 3 doz	0 45 90 39		730 57
Labour, 21 hours Oil, cylinder, 137.38 gals	10 75 62 67	INDUSTRIES.	
Oil, engine, 147.80 gals Oilers, 6 Packing, asbestos, 150 lbs Packing, plumbago, 21 lbs Packing, E. B., 10 lbs Pump plungers, 3 Piston heads, 2 Repairs to boilers, 140 hours Rubber bumpers Soda, wyandotte, 5,600 lbs Steam hose, 100 ft. Valves, blow off, 3 Valves, globe, 9 Valves, automatic, 1 Waste, 512 lbs Water purifier, 531 lbs Tube brush, 1 Freight and express	39 14 9 90 28 50 7 35 6 00 3 25 24 00 60 00 5 00 98 00 47 00 45 00 33 60 10 50 51 91 95 58 1 20 28 69	Farm. Axle grease, 2 doz. Bran, 600 lbs Bags, 12. Blankets, borse, 3 pairs. Evergreens for marking ice cutting Forks, hay, ½ doz. Forks, manure, ½ doz. Fork handles 1 doz. Grinder plates, 6 sets. Loading manure. Leather dash Horses, 2 Horses, shoeing Horses, examination of. Harness, 1 set Harness, collars, 6.	4 00 7 55 3 33 10 50 2 00 3 40 3 88 1 75 8 40 18 00 2 25 595 00 5 40 12 00 6 00 28 00 30 00
	1,131 83	Binder, I	135 00 33 20
Chapels. Seapulars, 1 gross. Music paper, 1 quire. Wax candles, 48 lbs. Olive oil, 2 gals. Altar wine, 7 quarts. Tapers, 1 doz. boxes. Floats, 1 doz. boxes. Repairing organ. Palms. Charcoal. Care of chapels. Organist's salary. Containers.	1 00 12 00 2 00 0 50 24 05 50 00 0 25	Pantisote, 2 yds. Rat poison, 1 lb. Rakes, garden, 1 doz. Seed, oats, 201½ bush. Seed, barley, 23 bush. Seed, timothy, 144½ bush. Seed, beans, 2½ bush. Seed, potatoes, 4 bags. Seed, assorted. Shaft tips, 1 pair. Shaft leathers, 1 pair. Shafts, 1 pair. Threshing grain. Services of veterinary. Webbing, 3 yds. Cartage, manurc. Freight and express.	2 50 1 10 4 18 84 20 23 00 25 00 5 00 4 40 67 43 0 10 0 60 1 40 138 76 79 75 0 35 45 00 1 96
	111 11		1,394 39

Industries=Continued.	
Awls, seving, I gross	\$ cts
Awls, sewing, I gross. 2 00 Awls, strip, I doz. 3 00 Awls, strip, I doz. 3 00 Awls, strip, I doz. 5 786 Acid, oxalic, I lb. 0 15 Acid, muriatic, I gals. 0 60 Acid, muriatic, l gals. 1 60 Acid, muriatic, legals. 1 60 Acid, muriatic, legals. 1 60 Acid, muriatic, legals. 1 60 Aci	
Awls, stitching, I gross. 2 00 Edger, I. Awls, assorted, 5 gross 7 86 Files, assorted, 17 doz. Files, 500 (ft. sold. Files, assorted, 17 doz. Files, assorted, 17 doz. Files, assorted, 17 doz. Files, 500 (ft. sold. Files, 500 (ft. sold. Files, assorted, 17 doz. Files, 500 (ft. sold. Files, assorted, 17 doz. Files, 500 (ft. sold. Files, assorted, 20 doz. Gasoline, for assorted, 18 doz. Files, 600 (ft. sold. Files, 600 (ft. sold. Files, 600 (ft. sold. Files, assorted, 20 doz. Files, 600 (ft. sold. Files, asorted, 20 doz. Files, 600 (ft. sold. Files, a	8 65
Awls, strip, I doz. Awls, assorted, 5 gross Acid, oxalic, 1 lb. O 15 Acid, muriatic, 1 gals. O 66 Acid, muriatic, 1 gals. O 60 Acid, muriatic, 1 gals. O 80 Acid, muriatic, 1 gals. O 90 Ales, 3 sets. O 90 Antisqueak, 10 lbs. O 90 Brushes, 16teres, 2 doz. O 90 Brushes, 16teres, 2 doz. O 90 Brushes, 16teres, 2 doz. O 90 Brushes, varnish, 2 doz. O 90 Brushes, varnish, 2 doz. O 90 Brushes, varnish, 2 doz. O 90 Brushes, wall, 1 doz. O 90 Brushes, wall, 1 doz. O 90 Brushes, wall, 1 doz. O 90 Brushes, painters dusters, 1 doz. O 90 Brushes, painters dusters, 1 doz. O 90 Brushes, painters dusters, 2 doz. O 90 Brushes, painters dusters, 2 doz. O 90 Broom, corn, 4, 182 lbs. O 90 Bolts, tire, 500 O 182 Bolts, tire, 500 O 182 Bolts, tire, 500 O 182 Bolts, patch, 574 D 90 Bolts, patch, 574 D	12 73 1 50
Aveid, oxalic, I lb.	15 35
Acid, nuriatic, 1 gals.	5 00
Aciel, muriatic, 113 lbs.	1 20
Axles, 3 sets 40 93 Axles, 3 sets 40 93 Axles, 3 sets 40 93 Axles, 1 sets 40 93 Axles, 2 sets 40 93 Axles, 2 sets 40 93 Brushes, 10 lbs 98 Brushes, 2 doz. 63 Brushes, 2 doz. 63 Brushes, 2 sets. 10 los. 3 doz. 42 Brushes, 2 sah tools, 3 doz. 42 Brushes, 3 sah tools, 3 doz. 44 Brushes, a sah tools, 3 doz. 44 Brushes, and sah	9 35
Auger, 1.	7 40 20 00
Autisqueak, 10 lbs.	1 20
Antisqueak, 10 lbs	2 50
Brushes, fitches, 2 doz. Brushes, varnish, 2 doz. Brushes, varnish, 2 doz. Brushes, walt tools, 3 doz. Brushes, walt tools, 3 doz. Brushes, walt tools, 3 doz. Brushes, walt, 1 doz. Brushes, walt, 1 doz. Brushes, painters dusters, 2 doz. Brushes, wall, 1 doz. Brushes, painters dusters, 2 doz. Handles, peg awl, 2 doz Hammers, shoe, 1 doz. Horseshoes, 5 lbs. Horseshoes, 5 lbs. Horseshoes, 2 kgs. Hooks and eyes, gate, 1 doz. Hair felt, 600 sq. ft. Hooks, soulder, 1 gross. Hooks, soulder, 1 gross. Hooks, soulder, 1 gross. Hooks, soulder, 1 gross. Harifelt, 600 sq. ft. Hooks, soulder, 1 gross. Harifelt, 600 sq. ft. Hooks, scow, 1 gross. Harifelt, 600 sq. ft. Hooks, 1 doz. Harifelt, 600 sq. ft. Hooks, scow, 1 gross. Harifelt, 600 sq. ft. Hooks, scow, 1 gross. Harifelt, 600 sq.	2 25
Brushes, lettering, \(\frac{1}{2} \) doz. \(6 \) 33 Brushes, svarnish, \(2 \) doz. \(4 \) 42 Brushes, sash tools, \(3 \) doz. \(4 \) 42 Brushes, sash tools, \(3 \) doz. \(4 \) 42 Brushes, painters dusters, \(\frac{1}{2} \) doz. \(4 \) 80 Bruttons, gilt crown, \(20 \) gross. \(78 \) 00 Buttons, gilt crown, \(20 \) gross. \(78 \) 00 Buttons, gilt crown, \(20 \) gross. \(78 \) 00 Buttons, gilt crown, \(20 \) gross. \(78 \) 00 Buttons, gilt crown, \(20 \) gross. \(78 \) 00 Buttons, gilt crown, \(20 \) gross. \(18 \) 52 Bolts, carriage, \(2, 600 \) Bolts, tire, \(800 \) Bolts, stove, \(100 \). \(0 \) Bolts, stove, \(100 \). \(0 \) Bolts, machine, \(250 \) Bulkeles, \(100 \) Buckles, \(100 \) Buckles, \(100 \) Buckles, \(100 \) Buckles, \(100 \) Braid, \(20 \) d, \(150 \) yds. \(37 \) 50 Bursido, \(30 \) d, \(150 \) yds. \(37 \) 50 Berziale, \(10 \) gals. \(100 \) Berziale, \(10 \) gals. \(150 \) Bersitles, \(10 \) Berswax, \(12 \) lbs. \(100 \) Berswax, \(12 \) lbs. \(100 \) Beeswax, \(12 \) lbs. \(100 \) Beeswax, \(12 \) lbs. \(100 \) Beeswax, \(12 \) lbs. \(100 \) Coal, streenings, \(453 \) 152 tons \(108 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(22 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(22 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(22 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(22 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(25 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(25 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(25 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(25 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(25 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(25 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(25 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(25 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(25 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(25 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(25 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(25 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(25 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(366 \) Coal, trun of mine, \(754 \) tons. \(360 \) Coal, tru	19 65
Brushes, varnish, 2 doz. 4 42 Brushes, wall, 1 doz. 2 93 Brushes, painters dusters, \(\frac{1}{2}\) doz. 4 80 Brushes, painters dusters, \(\frac{1}{2}\) doz. 4 80 Brushes, painters dusters, \(\frac{1}{2}\) doz. 78 00 Broom, corn, 4, 182 lbs. 337 81 Binders, cloth, 5 rolls. 18 52 Bolts, carriage, 2,600 22 14 Bolts, trie, 900 1 8 Bolts, stove, 100. 0 36 Bolts, patch, 574 17 50 Bolts, machine, 250 2 80 Blueing, 5 lbs. 1 00 Buckles, trouser, 11\(\frac{1}{2}\) gross. 2 30 Buckles, gilt, belt, 1 gro. 10 00 Braid, gold, 150 yds. 37 50 Bristol board, 100 sheets. 4 00 Bevel cutter, 1. 2 50 Bristol board, 100 sheets. 1 80 Benzine, 10 gals. 1 50 Bristles, 1 lb. 13 00 Benzine, 10 gals. 1 50 Bristles, 1 lb. 13 00 Beeswax, 12 lbs 4 20 Coal, slacksmith s, 7 tons. 45 75 150 Coal, screenings, 453 ·1152 tons 1,038 75 Coal, run of mine, 754 tons. 2, 266 12 Colours, assorted, 290 lbs. 1 00 Chalk, tailor's, 12 boxes. 564 Chalk, carpenter's, 20 lbs. 1 00 Chalk, tailor's, 12 boxes. 564 Chalk, carpenter's, 20 lbs. 1 00 Chalk, tailor's, 12 boxes. 564 Chalk, carpenter's, 20 gross. 0 40 Chalk, carpenter's, 20 gross. 0 40 Courudum, wheels, 11. 1 10 Cutters, wire, 1 pair. 1 54 Cheese cloth, 360 yds. 13 50 Compasses, shoemaker's, \(^3\) doz. 12 85 Drilling, 64\(^1\) yds. 13 50 Columber, oppose. 142 Columber, onk office the cloth, 20 gross. 10 cloth, 36 yds. 13 50 Columber, consening, 43 fls. 10 cloth, 85 yds. 13 50 Corundum, wheels, 11. 1 16 Cutters, wire, 1 pair. 1 54 Cheese cloth, 360 yds. 13 50 Corundum, wheels, 11. 1 16 Cutter, wile, 1 pair. 1 54 Cheese, 1 box. 1 150 Columber, onk, 666 ft. 1 Lumber, onk, 666 ft. 1 Lumber, cypress, 1,000 ft. 1 Lumber, cypress, 1,000 ft. 1 Lumber, onk, 666 ft. 1 Lumb	16 60 45 50
Brushes, sash tools, 3 doz.	2 00
Brushes, painters dusters, \(\frac{1}{2}\) doz. Buttons, gilt crown, 20 gross. 78 00 Broom, corn, 4, 182 lbs. 337 81 Binders, cloth, 5 rolls. 85 22 Bolts, carriage, 2, 600 Bolts, tire, 800 Bolts, stove, 100. Bolts, patch, 574 Bolts, machine, 250 Bukels, gilt, belt, 1 gro. Buckles, trouser, 11\(\frac{1}{2}\) gross. Coal, blackmith's, 7 tons. Coal, blacksmith's, 7 tons. Coal, blacksmith's, 7 tons. Co	0 40
Broom, corn, 4, 182 lbs	3 00
Broom, corn, 4, 182 lbs	4 25 0 84
Binders, cloth, 5 rolls.	2 00
Bolts, carriage, 2, 600	8 00
Bolts, stove, 100.	1 05
Bolts, patch, 574 Bolts, machine, 250 Bolts, machine, 250 Blueing, 5 lbs 100 Buckles, trouser, 11½ gross. Buckles, gilt, belt, 1 gro Braid, gold, 154 doz. Braid, gold, 150 yds. Bevel cutter, 1. Bevel cutter, 1. Benezine, 10 gals. Bristol back, 12 box. Coal, patch, 253 Coal, screenings, 453-1152 tons Coal, screenings, 453-1152 tons Coal, run of mine, 754 tons. Coal, run of mine, 754 tons. Chalk, carpenter's, 20 lbs. Chalk, carpenter's, 20 sbs. Chalk, tailor's, 12 boxes. Charcoal, 203 bush. Cement, rubber, 4 gals. Corper, 15 lbs. Corpers, 15 lbs. Cor	5 50 33 00
Bolts, machine, 250	1 50
Blueing, 5 lbs 1 00	0 42
Buckles, gilt, belt, I gro. Braid, gold, 154 doz. Braid, gold, 150 yds. Bristol board, 100 sheets. Brint, 110 show, 100 sheets. Bristol board, 100 sheets. Bristol board, 100 sheets. Bristol board, 1,397 lbs. Bristol board, 201 ba. Bristol board, 100 sheets. Bristol board, 1,397 lbs. Bristol board, 1,397 lbs. Bristol board, 1,307 lbs. Bristol board, 1,30	8 00
Braid, gold, 154 doz. 12 00 Heel, shaves, 1 doz. Braid, gold, 150 yds. 37 50 Hose, 4 feet. Bristol board, 100 sheets. 4 00 Iron, flat, 11,205 lbs. Iron, galvanized, 1,397 lbs. Binding, 72 yds. 18 00 Iron, band, 200 lbs. Benzine, 10 gals. 1 50 Iron, tinned, 469 lbs. Bristles, 1 lb. 13 00 Iron, hon, 152 lbs. Iron, bat, 422 lbs. 4 20 Iron, bat, 422 lbs. Iron, tinned, 469 lbs. Iron, tand, 400 lbs. Iron, tand, 400 lbs. Iron, tand, 400 lbs. Iron, tand, 400 lbs. Iron, tand	4 70
Braid, gold, 150 yds	7 30 9 00
Bristol board, 100 sheets.	0 80
Binding, 72 yds. 18 00 Iron, band, 200 lbs.	236 08
Berzine, 10 gals.	54 24
Bristles, 1 lb.	4 98 39 06
Beeswax, 12 lbs	4 22
Coal, screenings, 453-1152 tons 2, 206 12 Irons, tailor's, electric, 2 Colours, assorted, 209 lbs. 42 76 Castings, 331 lbs 16 80 Chalk, carpenter's, 20 lbs. 100 Chalk, tailor's, 12 boxes. 5 64 Cleaning, fluid, 1 bottle. 0 90 Charrielle, 275 yds. 32 51 Convers, French, 275 yds. 36 62 Copper, 15 lbs. 360 Coundum, wheels, 11. 41 61 Cutters, wire, 1 pnir. 154 Chese cloth, 360 yds. 63 42 Cotton grey, 509 yds. 63 42 Cotton grey, 509 yds. 63 42 Compasses, shoemaker's, 3 doz. 2 55 Drilling, 641 yds. 10 Dye, diamond, 9 peks. 175 Die cutter, 1 only. 175 Italian cloth, 85 yds. 10 Latalor's, electric, 2 Irons, tailor's, electric, 2 Iralian loth, 85 yds. Iralian loth, 85 yds. Ivalian loth, 80 Iralian loth,	8 81
Castings, 331 16s. Chalk, carpenter's, 20 lbs. Chalk, tailor's, 12 boxes. Cleaning, fluid, 1 bottle. Cement, rubber, 4 gals. Charcoal, 203 bush. Canvas, French, 275 yds. Copper, 15 lbs Corundum, wheels, 11. Cutters, wire, 1 pnir Cheese cloth, 360 yds Cotton, grey, 509 yds Calks, toe, 1 box Compasses, shoemaker's, 3 doz. Calks, toe, 1 box Compasses, shoemaker's, 3 doz. Calks, toe, 1 box Compasses, shoemaker's, 3 doz. Drilling, 641 yds Dye, diamond, 9 pcks. Die cutter, 1 only. Discreption of the machine, 1 of the compassion of the compassi	10 15
Castings, 331 10s. Chalk, carpenter's, 20 lbs Chalk, tailor's, 12 boxes. Cleaning, fluid, 1 bottle. Cement, rubber, 4 gals. Charcoal, 203 bush Canvas, French, 275 yds. Copper, 15 lbs Corundum, wheels, 11. Cutters, wire, 1 pnir Cheese cloth, 360 yds Cotton, grey, 509 yds Calks, toe, 1 box Calks, toe, 1 box Calks, toe, 1 box Compasses, shoemaker's, 3 doz Calks, toe, 1 dox Drilling, 641 yds Dye, diamond, 9 peks Die cutter, 1 only Die cutter, 1 only Dox Japan, 5 gals Knives, shive, 2 doz Knives, skiving, 1. Knitting machine, parts for Knitting machine, parts for. Knitting machine, parts for Knitti	4 30 24 40
Castings, 331 16s. Chalk, carpenter's, 20 lbs. Chalk, tailor's, 12 boxes. Cleaning, fluid, 1 bottle. Cement, rubber, 4 gals. Charcoal, 203 bush. Canvas, French, 275 yds. Copper, 15 lbs Corundum, wheels, 11. Cutters, wire, 1 pnir Cheese cloth, 360 yds Cotton, grey, 509 yds Calks, toe, 1 box Compasses, shoemaker's, 3 doz. Calks, toe, 1 box Compasses, shoemaker's, 3 doz. Calks, toe, 1 box Compasses, shoemaker's, 3 doz. Drilling, 641 yds Dye, diamond, 9 pcks. Die cutter, 1 only. Discreption of the machine, 1 of the compassion of the compassi	31 87
Chalk, tailor's, 12 boxes. 5 64 Knives, shoe, 2 doz Cleaning, fluid, 1 bottle 0 90 Knives, skiving, 1 Cement, rubber, 4 gals. 8 00 Knives, skiving, 1 Charcoal, 203 bush 32 51 Knobs, 7 gross Canvas, French, 275 yds. 36 62 Leather, belt, 368\ ft Copper, 15 lbs 3 60 Leather, belt, 368\ ft Corundum, wheels, 11 41 61 Leather, willow calf, 44\frac{2}{4} lbs. Cutters, wire, 1 pnir 1 54 Leather, harness, 74 lbs. Cheese cloth, 360 yds 13 50 Leather, harness, 74 lbs. Cotton, grey, 509 yds 63 42 Leather, box calf, 914 ft. Locks, drawer, 6. Locks, drawer, 6 Locks, pad, 6 Cotter pins, 2 gross. 0 40 Locks, pad, 6 Calks, toe, 1 box 2 25 Lumber, cypress, 1,000 ft Drilling, 64\frac{1}{4} yds 12 85 Drills, assorted, 298 91 81 Lumber, basswood, 1,000 ft Die cutter, 1 only. 1 75 Latches, cupboard, 1 doz	1 50
Cleaning, flind, 1 bottle	4 25
Cement, rubber, 4 gals 8 00 Knitting machine, parts for Charcoal, 203 bush. 32 51 Knobs, 7 gross Canvas, French, 275 yds. 36 62 Leather, belt, 368} ft. Copper, 15 lbs. 3 60 Leather, belt, 368} ft. Corundum, wheels, 11. 41 61 Leather, willow calf, 442 ft. Cutters, wire, 1 pnir. 1 54 Leather, willow calf, 91 ft. Cheese cloth, 360 yds. 13 50 Leather, box calf, 914 ft. Cotton, grey, 509 yds. 63 42 Leather, sole, 2,573 lbs. Cotter pins, 2 gross. 0 40 Locks, drawer, 6. Calks, toc, 1 box. 1 50 Locks, pad, 6. Compasses, shoemaker's, 4 doz. 2 25 Lumber, cypress, 1,000 ft. Drilling, 644 yds. 12 85 Lumber, hemlock, 2,000 ft. Drills, assorted, 298 91 81 Lumber, basswood, 1,000 ft. Die cutter, 1 only. 1 75 Latches, cupboard, 1 doz	3 00 1 50
Charcoal, 203 bush. 32 51 Knobs, 7 gross. 36 62 Leather, belt, 368\frac{1}{2} ft. 368\fra	2 08
Canvas, French, 275 yds. 36 62 Leather, belt, 368\ ft. Copper, 15 lbs. 3 60 Leather, welt, 142\	5 25
Corundum, wheels, 11. 41 61 Leather, willow calf, 44½ ft. Cutters, wire, 1 pnir. 1 54 Leather, harness, 74 lbs Cheese cloth, 360 yds. 13 50 Leather, box calf, 914 ft. Cotton, grey, 509 yds. 63 42 Leather, sole, 2,573 lbs Cotter pins, 2 gross. 0 40 Locks, drawer, 6 Calks, toe, 1 box. 1 50 Locks, pad, 6 Compasses, shoemaker's, ¼ doz. 2 25 Lumber, cypress, 1,000 ft. Drilling, 64¼ yds. 12 85 Lumber, cypress, 1,000 ft. Drills, assorted, 298 91 81 Lumber, oak, 666 ft. Dye, diamond, 9 peks. 0 75 Lumber, basswood, 1,000 ft. Die cutter, 1 only. 1 75 Latches, cupboard, 1 doz.	101 40
Cutters, wire, 1 pnir 1 54 Leather, harness, 74 lbs Cheese cloth, 360 yds 13 50 Leather, box calf, 914 ft Cotton, grey, 509 yds 63 42 Leather, sole, 2.573 lbs Cotter pins, 2 gross 0 40 Locks, drawer, 6 Calks, toe, 1 box 1 50 Locks, pad, 6 Compasses, shoenaker's, 3 doz 2 25 Lumber, cypress, 1,000 ft Drilling, 641 yds 12 85 Lumber, hemlock, 2,000 ft Dye, diamond, 9 pcks 91 81 Lumber, basswood, 1,000 ft Die cutter, 1 only 1 75 Latches, cupboard, 1 doz	49 83 15 21
Cheese cloth, 360 yds 13 50 Leather, box calf, 914 ft. Cotton, grey, 509 yds 63 42 Leather, sole, 2,573 lbs. Cotter pins, 2 gross 0 40 Locks, drawer, 6 Calks, toe, 1 box 1 50 Locks, pad, 6 Compasses, shoemaker's, 3 doz 2 25 Lumber, cypress, 1,000 ft Drilling, 641 yds 12 85 Lumber, hemlock, 2,000 ft Drills, assorted, 298 91 81 Lumber, oak, 666 ft Dye, diamond, 9 peks 0 75 Lumber, basswood, 1,000 ft Die cutter, 1 only 1 75 Latches, cupboard, 1 doz	27 38
Cotter pins, 2 gross. 0 40 Locks, drawer, 6. Calks, toe, 1 box. 1 50 Locks, pad, 6. Compasses, shoemaker's, 3 doz. 2 25 Lumber, cypress, 1,000 ft. Drilling, 643 yds. 12 85 Lumber, hemlock, 2,000 ft. Dye, diamond, 9 pcks. 91 81 Lumber, oak, 666 ft. Die cutter, 1 only. 1 75 Latches, cupboard, 1 doz.	246 78
Compasses, shoemaker s, ¼ doz. 2 25 Lumber, cypress, 1,000 ft. Drilling, 6¼ yds. 12 85 Lumber, hemlock, 2,000 ft. Drills, assorted, 298 91 81 Lumber, oak, 666 ft. Dye, diamond, 9 pcks. 0 75 Lumber, basswood, 1,000 ft. Die cutter, 1 only. 1 75 Latches, cupboard, 1 doz.	$624 \ 02$
Compasses, shoemaker s, ¼ doz. 2 25 Lumber, cypress, 1,000 ft. Drilling, 6¼ yds. 12 85 Lumber, hemlock, 2,000 ft. Drills, assorted, 298 91 81 Lumber, oak, 666 ft. Dye, diamond, 9 pcks. 0 75 Lumber, basswood, 1,000 ft. Die cutter, 1 only. 1 75 Latches, cupboard, 1 doz.	3 49
Drilling, 64½ yds 12 85 Lumber, hemlock, 2,000 ft Drills, assorted, 298 91 81 Lumber, oak, 666 ft. Dye, diamond, 9 peks 0 75 Lumber, basswood, 1,000 ft Die cutter, 1 only. 1 75 Latehes, cupboard, 1 doz	9 60 61 00
Drulls, assorted, 298	39 50
Die cutter, J only 175 Latches, cupboard, 1 doz	26 64
	25 00
Dryer, Japan, 5 gals 4 25 Lasts, 44 pairs	2 00 30 60
Duck, 53\(\frac{1}{2}\) vds 8 02 Lead, white, 2,000 lbs	118 00
Dies, 2 pairs 15 20 Lead, red, 25 lbs	1 25
Dyes, Japan, 6 qts 5 40 Laces, 23 gross	24 25
Emery, powder, 692 lbs 34 60 Measures, tape, 3 doz	1 14
Emery, wheels, 42 145 65 Millboard, 8 bdls Emery, wheel rollers, 6 doz 23 40 Marline, 17 balls	10 00 3 06
Emery, wheel dressers, 20. 3 00 Nippers, 1 doz	5 50
Emery, sticks, 2 doz	6 55
Emery, cloth, 90 quires 29 10 Nails, wire, 1 keg	2 40

Industries—Continued.	\$ cts.	Industries—Concluded.	\$ ets.
Trade Shops—Continued.		Trade Shops—Continued.	
Nails, iron, 75 lba	3 75	Starch, laundry, 14 lbs	0.88
Nuts, hexagon, 75 lbs	5 73	Slates, 11	0 64
Nuts, hexagon, taped, 25 lbs	1 71	Tacks, brown, 25 lbs	2 50
Nuts, hexagon, taped, 1,836	129 14	Tacks, shoe, 30 lbs	3 10 1 02
Needles, sewing, 160 paper Needles, sewing, machine, 19 doz	4 50 3 80	Taeks, cut, 6 doz. pkgs Thread, linen, 16 lbs	32 30
Needles, knitting, machine, 576	8 87	Thread, eotton, 75 gross	37 42
Oil, 3 in 1, 6 bottles	0 99	Thread, shoe, 21 lbs	18 25
Oil, machine, 45 gals	11 56	Thread, shoe, 21 lbs Thread, silk, 2 lbs	9 00
Oakum, 50 lbs	1 40	Tin, plate, 15 boxes	75 20
Powder, blasting, 2 kegs	4 65	Tin, pig, 115 lbs Tin, block, 124 lbs	55 20 55 18
Paper, erown, 55 rms	145 20 10 50	Twine, 5 lbs	5 55
Paper, halfmoon, 2 rolls	4 69	Twine, broom, 40 lbs	12 00
Paper, colonial white, 100 rms	147 00	Taps, hand, 4	2 95
Paper, monogram, 10 rms	15 00	Tweed, 2½ yds	1 65
Paper, blue print, 9 rolls	4 75	Torehes, gasoline, 3	18 40 40 00
Printers' supplies, type Printers' supplies, rollers, 4	$156 67 \\ 4 05$	Toe calks, I box	1 75
Printers' supplies, ink, 104 lbs	5 25	Turpentine, 45 gals	29 25
Pliers, flat nose, 2 prs	1 63	Thimbles, 4 doz	0 80
Pliers, stubside, 1 pr	1 15	Tapes, rubber, 1 doz	1 00
Pinch tubes, 13 doz	1 50	Tinsmith's fire pot, 2	6 50
Padding, 100 yds	22 50	Unions, 2 doz Vise, blacksmith's, 1	1 92 6 88
Pail ears, 1 gross	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 90 \\ 2 & 20 \end{array}$	Varnish, 10 gals	23 75
Pant fasteners, 3 gross	0 90	Wax, bees, 11 lbs.	3 85
Pincers, 1 doz	5 50	Wax, cobblers, 10 lbs	1 00
Pencils, earnenters, 6 doz	1 20	Washers, 60 lbs	3 19
Rasps horse & doz	3 14	Wrench, stillson, 1	1 65
Rasps, shoe, 3 doz	8 25	Wreneh, monkey, 1	0 70 0 40
Rules, brass, 1 Rules, 2 foot, 3 doz	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 70 \\ 13 & 55 \end{array}$	Wreneh, frame for pipe, 1	4 50
Rivets, assorted	43 11	Wire, fuse, 15 lbs	10 75
Rubber tissue, 7 lbs	8 15	Wire, broom, 120 lbs	8 46
Rims, 2 sets	8 50	Wire, galvanized spring, 31, 158 lbs	249 66
Ruling paper,	5 00	Wire, sereen, 300 ft	5 10
Rubber for force cup	0 50	Wire, screen, 2 pcs	0 70 8 78
Silk, sewing, 13 lbs Staples, 10 lbs	78 21 1 00	Wire, cotter, 660 lbs	46 20
Staples, broom, 25 lbs	2 50	Wire cutters, 2 prs	8 00
Sewing machine, I	35 53	Warp cotton, 1,820 yds	52 96
Sewing machine, parts for	6 45	Wodding 91 balos	14 51
Saws, hack, 2	1 33	Welding compound, 150 lbs.	13 00 25 41
Screws, machine, 11 gross	14 55 3 39	Waste, cotton, 242 lbs	0 95
Screws, set, 24 doz	6 35	Webbing gaiter, 1 gross	2 00
Screws, eap. 2 doz	0 60	Wheels, hand cart, 2 sets	9 00
Scoops, 3 doz	27 95	Customs, charges	78 52
Shovels, ½ doz	3 05	Freight and cartage	65 47
Subscription to 'Bakers' Helper'	1 50		9,221 81
Subscription to 'Tailor and Cutter' Steel, angle, 7,926 lbs	7 00 178 34		J, 551 01
Steel, oetagon, 218 lbs	30 52		
Steel, toe ealk, 550 lbs	16 89		
Steel, selfhardening, 21 lbs	13 65	Binder Twine.	
Steel, cast, 446½ lbs	22 15	Subscription to (Condege Journal)	2 50
Steel, rods, 361 lbs	12 90 8 03	Subscription to 'Cordage Journal' Small ledger	0 35
Steel, sheet, 292 lbs		Tags, 4 M.	2 00
Steel, tool, 22 lbs	1 65	Telegrams	41 51
Spokeshaves, ½ doz	1 80	Stationery Exehange on eheeks, &c	0 25
Springs, door, ½ doz	0 78	Exchange on checks, &c	19 00
Spokes, 2 sets	15 00	Postage Travelling expenses	83 25 359 05
Scaffolding poles, 975 ft	48 75 4 35	Freight and cartage	1,632 99
Spruce poles, 29 ft	2 05	Treight and cartage	1,002 00
Shafts, 1 pr	1 10		2,140 90
Snips, tinsmiths', 1 pr	2 00	Less refund	419 88
Serew elamps, 2 prs	0 15		1 701 00
Salamoniae, 2 lbs	0 24		1,721 02
Saw sets, 4	1 46	11	

PRISON EQUIPMENT.	\$ cts.	Prison Equipment—Continued.	\$ cts
New Machinery.		Buildings—Continued.	
Printing press	427 50	Buckles, 14	2 96
		Bolts, expansion, 1,336	68 34 28 51
		Boilers, heating, 2.	498 00
Duisen Furmishing		Bushings, 64	1 89
Prison Furnishing.		Bushings, brass, 163 lbs	57 05 443 32
Blankets, 17 only	36 55	Cement, 933 brls	1,664 95
Cotton, twilled, 9583 yds	127 03 96 00	Chain, 20 ft	1 04 9 72
Print. 18 vds	1 80	Copper, sheet, 20 lbs.	5 00
Bed spreads, 2	4 00	Cleanout, 1	0 60
Mattress, 1 Pillows, 2		Curtain poles and fittings, 13 Elbows, assorted, 220	12 10 38 29
Felt, hair, 4,800 sq. ft	264 00	Electric fittings for deputy warden's	90 29
Mats, door, 1	1 50	residence	207 04
Soap, castile, 4,159 lbs	337 71 10 50	Electric fittings, sundry, small	43 05 30 80
Table linen, 10 yds	6 00	Electric condulets, 328.	98 20
Ticking, 961 yds		Electric wire solder, 10 lbs	2 34 7 50
Freight	9 13	Electric splicing compound, 5 lbs Electric panel boards, 2	7 50 44 26
	1,102 23	Electric wire, 1,929 ft	46 32
		Electric conduit pipe, 2, 200 ft	182 28
Utensils and Vehicles.		Electric tape, 10 lbs.	6 50 8 47
		Electric outlet boxes, 12	1 82
Ammunition, 4,000 rods. Brushes, scrubbing, 36 doz	134 90 40 32	Electric condulet covers, 15	1 73 1 02
Brushes, sboe, 1 doz	2 19	Ells, 6	10 00
Brushes, bannister, 2	1 15	Glass, 32 boxes	71 20
Brushes, shaving, 1 doz	4 00 3 75	Glass, 42 panes	9 96 9 50
Bathbricks, 3 doz.		Hooks, hat, 6 doz	8 00
Crockery	1 60	Hose nozzle, 1	0 30
Clothespins, 1 box	0 90 3 00	Iron, bar, 11,831 lbs	252 80 288 48
Clippers, repairs to 2 prs	1 00	Locks, cupboard, 1 doz	7 20
Cups, 3 doz	1 10	Lumber, basswood, 160 ft	6 40
Globes, lantern, 4 doz	2 70 4 00	Lumber, pine, 18,869 ft Lumber, moulding, 125 ft	718 85 1 88
Globes, miner, 2 doz. Hose sprinklers, 3	3 00	Lumber, spruce, 13,622 ft	315 46
Hones, razor, 2	0 50 2 40	Lumber, hemlock, 133 ft	3 72
Knives, potato machine, 100	8 50	Lumber, furring, 2,838 ft Lead, white, 3,289½ lbs	73 08 169 89
Knives, bread, 1	0 90	Lime, 199½ bus	57 06
Knives, butcher, 1	0 45 0 65	Lime, 17,080 lbs	61 06
Measure, 1 gallon, 1	9 85	Marble chips, 300 lbs	11 57 2 00
Range, 1	8S 00	Nuts, lock, 25	0 15
Range, sets bricks for, 3	8 50 4 00	Nails, finishing, 1 keg	$\begin{array}{cccc} 2 & 75 \\ 22 & 00 \end{array}$
Shovels, snow, 3 doz	13 50	Nails, wire, 16 kegs	37 50
Screws, brass, 1 doz	0 40	Nails, roofing, 2 kegs	9 10
Tumblers, 2 doz Thermometers, 2	1 20 0 70	Oil, raw, 48 gals Pipe covering, 84 ft	45 00 8 91
Washboards, 4	1 00	Pipe, soil, 40½ ft	12 80
Water jugs, 3.	1 20	Pine, galvanized, 20 ft.	1 00
Freight and express	3 31	Pipe, iron, 5,405 ft Paint, 7 gals	350 02 31 70
	349 87	Posts, cedar, 50	10 00
		Paris green, 50 lbs	9 50 21 68
Buildings.		Pitch, 3 bbls	13 87
		Putty, 856 lbs Pipe straps, 2 ⁶ / ₁₅ lbs	23 20
Axle pulley, 3 doz	1 65 8 50	Pipe straps, 2 to 105 lbs	0 36 12 50
Bends, 15. Bibs, 3	2 25	Rivets, 195 lbs Rivets, countersunk, 200	7 00
Bolts, machine, 200	1 91	Rivets, tinned, 14 pkgs	4 12
Brackets, 8 Buttons, 8	0 40 0 16	Roofing paper, 25 rolls	11 25 88 18
	50 20	AND LIGHT OF THE THE PARTY OF T	00 10

Prison Equipment—Continued.	\$ cts.	Prison Equipment—Concluded.	\$ cts
Buildings—Continued.		Buildings—Concluded.	
Reducer, 1	0 95	Weather strip, 21 ft	0 50
Risers and treads, marble, 36	193 40	Y's, 1	1 25
Rope, 168 lbs	17 64	Duty on steel	414 74
Steel, angle, 6,727 lbs	170 35	Containers	0 10
Steel, machine, 155 lbs	3 65	Freight and cartage	536 5 8
Steel, milled, 3, 120 lbs	110 60		
Steel, soft, 25,310 lbs	502 80		17,984 86
Steel, core, 101,905 lbs	8,289 23	Less refund	226 10
Steel, reinforcing, 2,840 sq. ft	256 50		
Steel, bar, 335 lbs	7 88		17,758 76
Sand, 216 cub. yds	205 20		
Sink, enamel, 1	14 48	MISCELLANEOUS.	
Staples, 39½ lbs	3 70	m 12: T	
Sash lifts, 3 doz	1 08	Travelling Expenses.	
Shades, 3 only	1 80	Cr. A. M. I. A.	20.00
Sink and taps, 1	19 50	Street car tickets	32 00 86 90
fees, assorted, 439	37 35	Return of paroled prisoners.	241 15
Fimber, 2,565 sq. ft	588 30 3 76	Penitentiary officers	
Farred felt, 4 rolls	4 70	Departmental officers	40 91
Farred felt, 235 lbs	11 02	~~	406 62
File, vitrified, 125 ft	14 66	Special.	100 02
Valves, gate, 36	85 32	Special.	
Wire, iron, 395 lbs	10 87	Prizes for rifle and revolver competi-	
Wire, netting, 3 rolls	8 78	tion	50 00
Wall paper, 68 rolls	31 15		30 00
Wall paper, crowns, 176	12 32		
Wall paper, border, 56 yds	6 70	Total	154, 133, 14

KINGSTON.

RECAPITULATION.

Ct. #	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Staff— Salaries and retiring allowances Uniforms and mess	72,553 14 4,160 80	76,699 94
Maintenance of Convicts— Rations	22,331 93 4,786 24	27,118 17
Discharge Ezpenses— Freedom suits and allowances. Transfer and interment.	3,266 39 8 00	3,274 39
Working Expenses— Heat, light and water. Maintenance of buildings and machinery. Chapels, schools and library. Office expenses.	9,558 22 4,109 73 209 92 730 57	14,608 44
Industries— Farm Trade shops. Binder twine.	1,394 39 9,221 81 1,721 02	12,337 22
Prison Equipment— Machinery. Furnishing. Utensils and vehicles. Land, buildings and walls.	427 50 1,102 23 349 87 17,758 76	19,638 36
Miscellancous— Advertising and travel Special.	406 62 50 00	456 62
Total		154, 133 14
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ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

STAFF.	\$ cts.	Staff—Continued.	\$ cts.
Salaries.		Uniforms.	
General.		Buttons, trouser, 8 gross	2 19
	2 100 00	Buttous, gilt, 23¼ gross Buttous, khaki, 5½ doz	68 85 1 10
Warden, 1, 12 m Surgeon, 1, 12 m	2,400 00 1,600 00	Buttons, barrel, 4 doz	5 80
Accountant, 1, broken period	1,255 16	Boot varnish, 3 gals	4 50
Chaplains, 2, 12 m. at \$1,200 Engineer, 1, 12 m	2 400 00 1,000 00	Braid, $5\frac{1}{4}$ yds	1 09 1 70
Storekeeper, 1, broken period	780 00	Crowns, 3 pairs	1 80
Steward, 1, 12 m	1,000 00	Crosses, 1 pair	0 80 3 40
Asst. storekeeper, 1, 12 m	700 00	Cotton, grey, 572½ yds	75 11
Hospital, overseer, 1, 12 m	900 00	Canvas, Freuch, 300 yds	41 50 43 20
Asst. electrician, 1, 12 m	700 00	Cap springs, 3 doz	0 75
Asst. steward, 1, 12 m	700 00	Cap wires, 8 doz	3 84 7 20
Gate keeper, 1, 12 m	700 00 1,200 00	Cap bands, 7 doz	7 50
Messenger, 1, 12 m	600 00	Cap straps, 3 doz	1 35
Messenger, 1, broken period	150 00	Cap stiffeners, 3 doz	1 80 35 73
		Duck, brown, 49½ yds	25 74
		Eyelets, boot, 1 m	0 S5 42 93
Industrial.		Felt, red, 6 yds	3 20
Chief trade instr. 1 broken neried	499 98	Felt, soleing, 4 ³ / ₄ yds	40 38 0 75
Chief trade instr., 1, broken period Instructors, 7, at \$800, 12 m	5,600 00	Frieze, 99½ yds	124 37
Instructors, 2, at \$800, broken periods	1,399 87 600 00	Gloves, 4 pairs	5 00 3 84
Stable guard, 1, 12 m Stable guard, 1, broken period	450 00	Holland, 48 yds	58 32
		Hooks and eyes, 100	0 94 0 60
		Hooks and eyes, 1 box	1 44
		Hair seal skins, 12 only	72 00 23 50
Police.		Hats, felt, 1 doz Hats, felt, reblocked, 11–12 doz	4 40
	* *00.00	Italian, cloth, 153½ yds	72 83
Deputy warden, 1, 12 m	1,500 00	Laces, boot, 4 gross	3 70 441 00
period	1,066 13	Leather, sheepskins, 1 doz	8 82
Keepers, 4, at \$700, 12 m Keepers, 2, at \$700, 12 m., less deduc-	2,800 00	Leather, sheepskins, $359\frac{3}{4}$ ft Leather, boxcalf, $618\frac{1}{4}$ ft	32 38 152 11
tion	1,393 36	Leather, dongola, 39\(\frac{3}{4} \) ft	10 73
Keepers, 3, at \$700, broken periods Chief watchman, 1, at \$800, broken	656 69	Leather, welt, 25 lbs Leather, tan calf, 20 ¹ / ₄ ft	8 75 6 68
period	765 51	Leather, Canada calf, 3021 lbs	223 48
Watchmen, 2, at \$650, 12 m	1,300 00 1,290 00	Mitts, 76 pairs Persian lamb skins, 17 only	76 00 204 00
Watchmen, 2, at \$650, less deduction Watchmen, 3, at \$650, broken periods.	974 99	Padding, 83 ³ yds	19 92
Guards, 15, at \$600, 12 m	9,000 00 5,907 16	Pegs, shoe, 1 bushel	1 05 15 00
Guards, 10, at \$600, less deduction Guards, 13, at \$600, broken periods	4,616 68	Russet paste, 11 doz	16 50
Temporary officers	1,052 24	Rubber tissue, 3 lbs	3 50 422 91
	58,857 77	Serge, blue, 328¼ yds Serge, khaki, 292 yds	289 08
		Silk, machine, 3 lbs	24 49
•		Silk, twist, 1 lb	4 50 35 10
73.44.47		Sleeve lining, 552½ yds	75 39
Retiring Allowances.		Scarlet cloth, 2 yds Thread, shoe, 8 lhs	6 50 6 82
J. P. Forster	1,113 18	Thread, sewing silk, 5 boxes	38 12
D. Hogue C. Desjardins	154 17 480 24	Waddiug, 25 yds	5 75 0 31
George Léger	208 32	Containers	2 25
U. Chartrand		Freight and express	9 26
N. St. Germain	724 01		
W. W. Gibson	2,232 05		
	8,170 63		2,934 40
		II .	

Staff—Concluded.	8 -4-	Maintenant Comity Con 1.11	
Mess.	\$. ets.	Maintenance of Convicts—Concluded.	\$ cts
		Clothing.	
Apples, evaporated, 100 lbs		Braces, 10 doz Buckles, shoe, 2 gross	12 50 1 80
Beef, 4,741 lbs	352 57	Buttons, tronser, 35 great gross	45 20
Baking powder, 2 lbs	0 50	Buttons, shirt, 12 gross	1 20
Baking soda, 50 lbs		Buttons, bone, 12 gross	2 40 204 09
Curry, 5 lbs	1 75	Cotton, 500 yds.	60 41
Cornstarch, 40 lbs	2 80	Duck, 55½ yds	11 10
Currants, 100 lbs	8 00 2 00	Denim, 6,406 yds Eyelets, 10 M	1,446 62
Eggs, 93 doz.		Flannel, 129 yds.	3 50 14 84
Fish, 737 lbs	58 46	Gingham, 116 yds	15 66
Flour, 40 bags Lard, 100 lbs	92 00 12 25	Gimp, 72 yds	2 16 82 50
Mustard, 20 lbs.	2 00	Kersey, 137 ² yds	71 40
Mutton, 133 lbs	13 30	Laces, leather, 27 gross	26 90
Milk, 225½ gals	55 12 1 10	Leather, sole, 4,084 lbsLeather, welt, 66 lbs	990 37 21 12
Raisins, 84 lbs	6 72	Leather, split, 200 lbs	40 00
Salt 100 lbs.	1 00	Leather, upper, 205 lbs	92 25
Sugar, 100 lbs	4 50 13 40	Leather, buffing, 305½ ft Leather, sheepskins, 3 doz	54 95 34 50
Tea, 150 lbs	25 50	Nails, heel, 30 lbs	1 05
Freight and express	3 67	Oil, neatsfoot, 10 gals	9 50
	\$1,080 07	Pegs, wooden, 1 bushel	1 05 2 75
	\$1,000 01	Rivets, shoe, 158 lbs	13 69
		Rivets, copper, 3 lbs	2 70
MAINTENANCE OF CONVICTS.		Shirting, galatea, 3,675½ yds	456 55 404 98
MAINTENANCE OF CONVICTS.		Tape, 25 gross	10 63
Rations.		Thread, linen, 38 lbs	38 10
Beans, 14,021 lbs	525 84	Thread, cotton, 22 gross. Thread, shoe, 6 lbs.	99 00 5 22
Beef, 69,792 lbs	5, 185 26	Underclothing, 265 doz	1,184 55
Barley, 500 lbs	12 05	Wax, black, 10 lbs	1 00
Cloves, ground, 20 lbs	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4 & 20 \\ 2 & 50 \end{array}$	Yarn, 625¾ lbs Postage.	259 69 0 17
Fish, 3,048 lbs	110 44	Containers	0 35
Flour, 2,460 bags	5,475 00	Freight and express	31 20
Herrings, 28 brls. Lard, 280 lbs.	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		5,757 65
Mutton, 1,977 lbs	199 70	Less refund of expenditure	1,641 56
Molasses, 2,426 gals	733 02	-	1 110 0
Oatmeal, 2,450 lbs	71 87 2 25	· Hospital.	4,116 09
Potatoes, 16,365 lbs	181 65		
Potatoes, 866 bags	896 38	Alcohol, 1 gal	4 60
Pepper, 186 lbs Pease, split, 58 bush	26 04 89 70	Baking powder, 2 cans Biscuits, sodas, 1 box	0 50 0 30
Pease, split, 1,133 lbs	34 51	Cotton, absorbent. 15 lbs	6 00
Pork, 75 brls	1,637 50	Corks, 2 gross.	0 16
Rice, 2,300 lbs	76 25 120 13	Drugs and medicines. Eggs, 22 doz	359 06 6 30
Saltpetre, 3 lbs	0 21	Hot water bottles, 2	1 50
pice, 90 lbs	12 60	Ice bags, 2	0.70
Salt, fine, 300 lbs	$\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 75 \\ 102 & 90 \end{array}$	Linament, 3 gals. Milk, 673 gals.	24 00 166 60
Sugar, yellow, 7,484 lbs	342 87	Methylated spirits, 10 gals	6 50
Sugar, raw, 3,814 lbs	186 44	Mustard, 20 lbs	2 00
Cea, 1,170 lbs	192 70 38 29	Olive oil, 1 gal	2 00 1 44
east, 176 lbs	52 80	Standard trial set (opticians), 1	50 70
Christmas extras	186 02	Spectacles, 25 prs	3 75
Containers	$\begin{array}{c c} 3 & 00 \\ 211 & 31 \end{array}$	Spectacles, repairs to 1 pr Tobacco, 96 lb	2 00 43 20
reight and express		Trusses, 8	43 20 5 71
Y = 0 1 / 21/	16,897 55	Wine, sherry, 2 qts	1 50
Less refund of expenditure	36 09	Freight and express	5 64
	16,861 46		694 16
ļ-		-	
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DISCHARGE EXP	ENSES.	\$ cts.	Working Expenses—Continued.	\$ ets.
Freedom Suits and All	owances.		Maintenance of Buildings-Continued.	•
Allowance and travel, 200 Buttons, coat, 12 gross Burnishing ink, 4 gals Braces, 10 doz Canvas, French, 450 yds. Caps, 10 doz Farmers satin, 216½ yds. Gloves, men's, 10 doz Handkerchiefs, 20 doz Leather, buff, 310 ft Leather, chrome, 36 ft Laces, tan, 12 doz Laces, tan, 12 doz Laces, leather, 3 gross Sleeve lining, 33 yds Sleeve lining, 33 yds Silesia, 210½ yds Tacks, shoe, 10 lbs Ties, 20 doz Thread, linen, 5 lbs Thread, shoe, 6 lbs Tweed, 642 yds Wadding, 25 yds Containers) men 1	, 049 76 7 20 2 80 12 50 35 88 48 71 20 50 55 80 3 20 6 48 72 00 21 03 1 00 9 50 2 25 5 94 4 72 00 21 03 20 00 9 50 9 50 20 00 9 50 20 00 9 50 20 00 21 03 1 00 9 50 20 00 21 03 1 00 9 50 20 00 9 50 9 50 9 50 9 50 1 00 9 50 9 50 9 50 9 50 9 50 9 50 9 50 9	Butts, spring, 1 doz. Butts, brass, 12 doz. Batteries, dry cell, 56 Battery zines, 48 Babbit metal, 25½ lbs. Couplings, 73 Colours, 49 gals. Corbon brushes, 60. Conduit, two-way 408 feet. Cups, porous, 12 Cleanout eyes, 2 Cord, electric, 300 yds. Casters, 32 Cupboard turns, 1 gross. Cross-arms, 2 doz. Copper, sheet, 12½ lbs. Closet chain, 3 yds. Compression bibbs, 14 Cnps, 3 only. Closet tanks, 4 Candle wick, 5 lbs. Dises for g. valves, 3 doz.	0 75 21 40 29 28 1 68 1 1 48 3 02 6 6 12 85 93 50 00 6 20 74 24 3 19 1 50 6 51 11 00 7 20 3 41 0 20 8 15 0 23 16 75 1 25 1 32
Freight and express			Dryer, Japan, 5 gals Elbows, 196.	7 00 37 08
Transfers and Intervention Transfers to Kingston Freight and express	ments.	1,733 08 188 80 1 25 190 05	Electric globes, 6 Electric fixtures, ceiling, 3 Electric tape, 37 lbs Electric joints, insulating, 50 Electric condulets, 8 Electric cable, 928 ft. Electric conduit, 1,776 duct ft Flanges, floor, 2 Fibre, black, 10 5 Fixture stems, 18	9 12 4 74 19 40 16 20 3 74 290 11 169 02 1 00 6 19
WORKING EXPEN Heat, Light and W Coal oil, 134 gals Cordwood, tamarac, 13 c Cordwood, maple and bit Coal, egg, 257 c tons Coal, run of mine, 2,523 c Couplings, 3 bs Electric lamps, 500 only. Matches, I case Freight and express	ords	20 77 65 00 97 50 1,470 94 0,120 81 0 52 128 00 4 70 63 13	Grass, sea, 320 llbs. Glass, 17 cases. Glue, 250 lbs. Graphite, 10 lbs. Hinges, 20 doz. Hubs, double, 12 Hooks and eyes, gate, 3 gross. Hooks, cupboard, 1 gross. Hoose, rubber, 300 ft. Hose, garden, 200 ft. Hose, fire, 300 ft. Hose fittings, sundry. Heater coils, 12 sets. Iron, pig, 6, 600 lbs.	0 72 8 00 56 94 25 10 2 20 13 07 2 55 2 11 1 04 64 91 28 50 225 00 6 17 51 90 64 82
		1,971 37	Iron, galvanized, 5,060 lbs	183 60 30 97
Maintenance of Build Asbestos, sheet, 63} lbs Asbestos, cord, 5 lbs Branches, 6 Bolts, carriage, 1,900 Bolts, carbiage, 1,900 Bolts, window spring, 1 g Bolts, brass barrel, 1 gro Bolts, stove, 100 Bends, 28 Bibbs, hose, 2 Bowls, closet, 4 Basin and fittings, 1 Boxes, junction, 4 Boxes, ceiling, c. i., 18 Boxes, covers, c. i., 12	ross.	2 92 5 18 3 15 16 03 9 00 1 10 15 00 3 13 0 28 12 17 1 76 18 00 8 50 24 75 1 07	fron, sundry, 985 lbs. 1ron, bar, 1, 542 lbs. Jars, battery, 6. Keys, yale, 6. Keys, sundry, 15 Knobs, shutter, 1 gross. Knobs, solid, 66. Lead, pig, 560 lbs. Lead, white, 2,000 lbs. Locks, pad, 2½ doz. Locks, drnwer, 2½ doz. Locks, cupboard, 2 doz. Locks, rim, 1 doz. Lumber, piae, 586 ft. Metal polish, 10 gals. Mothballs, 25 lbs.	18 33 34 18 0 48 3 00 1 85 7 50 - 0 60 0 30 19 60 120 00 22 84 13 10 19 50 3 25 7 80 7 50 1 12 24 35 20 00 1 13

Working Expenses—Continued.	\$ cts.	Working Expenses—Continued.	\$ c
Inintenance of Buildings-Continued.		Maintenance of Buildings—Concluded.	
Iagnets, 5	46 90	Wire, binding, 10½ lbs	3 6
lieanite, 5½ lbs	13 75	Wire, fisb, 150 ft	1 7
Nuts, 40 lbs	1 74	Wire, cloth, 1 roll	4 0
Vails, wire, 58 kegs	137 51	White zinc, 201 lbs	17 6
Vails, roofing, 5 kegs	23 34	Y's, medium, 12	12 0
Vails, finishing, 50 lbs	4 61	Customs duty on locks	2 4
Oil, Hinseed, $168\frac{2}{3}$ gals	179 08	Rent of railway siding	11 5
Plugs, fuse, 50	1 75	Containers	3 2
Plugs, sink, 1	0 12	Freight and express	129 3
Plumbago, 10 lbs	2 10 0 75		4 200 0
Pulleys, awning, 1 doz	45 60	T (1 - (1))	4,308 2
Penrline, 12 boxes	3 54	Less refund of expenditure	10 0
Paper, toilet, 30 boxes	160 20		4,298 2
Paper, wall, 55 rolls.	9 28		4,200 2
Paper, border, 91½ yds	7 38		
Pipe, soil, 12 lengths	12 48	Maintenance of Machinery.	
Pipe, soil, 200 ft.	35 81	municenance of machinery.	
Pipe, galv., 121 ² / ₃ ft	4 96	Brushes, furnace, 2	1.4
Pipe, black, 1,129½ ft	101 32	Brushes, earbon, 120	40 1
Pipe, conduit, 100 ft	43 48	Belting, single, 200 ft	47 9
Pipe, lead, 60 lbs	5 40	Belting, double, 100 ft.	80 9
Pump, oil, I	7 00	Brick, fire, 6 M.	150 (
Rivets, 15 lbs	0 93	Brick, for heater, 1 set	5 (
Rivets, tinned, 15 lbs	1 78	Clay, fire, 10, 240 lbs	38 8
Resistence eoils, 2	3 00	Coil for self starter, 1	12
Reflectors, 6	0 55	Cement, smoothon, 5 lbs	2 (
Rosin, 273 lhs	11 74	Dises, valve, 36	1 (
Roofing caps, 100 lbs	4 65	Gauge, steam, 1	1 :
Rubber, 115 lbs	26 44	Gauge glasses, 3 doz	1 5
Subber, $11\frac{5}{16}$ lbs	38 20	Gauge glass mountings, 2 sets	10
Receivers, 6	9 00 ,	Grease cups, 32	20 3
Rubber closet inlets, 6	0 60	Gaskets, asbestos manhole, 3	1 5
oda, wyandotte, 1,680 lbs	31 85	Grates, furnace, 3	25 9
oda, c. and c., 2,800 lbs	81 90	Hose, steam, 16 ft	16
oap, laundry, 6,700 lbs	274 75	Inspection of boilers, I year	50 (
oap, chip, 2,155 lbs	130 91	Lnce leather, 28 lbs	19 2
oda ash, 600 lbs	6 30	Oil, eylinder, $263\frac{1}{2}$ lbs	154
avogran, 620 lbs	40 30	Oil, engine, 376 lbs	122
Seeds, 19 pckgs	1 54	Packing, rainbow, 37 lbs	27
puds, 2	1 10	Packing, sheet, 1 yard	6
ash cord, 615 lbs	2 10	Packing, sheet, 98 lbs	68
taples, copper, 10 lbs	0 90	Packing, spiral 35½ lbs	17
nlamoniae, 50 lbs	3 63	Packing, rings, 12	0
ockets, wall, 58	10 86	Path for lubricator, 1	7
hade holders, 30	1 22	Path for stoker,	63
hades, electric, 18	8 70	Polish, metal, 35 gals	35
witches, electric, 12	2 59 2 88	Polish, stove, 1 gross	1 4
hields, pierce, 6		Polish, putz, I gross	7
erews, wood, 75 gross	11 89	Rubber, sheet, 46 lbs	9
crews, lag, 200	2 64 7 50	Sink, enamelled, 1	0
hellae, 5 gals	15 32	Screws, machine, 1 gross	2
teel, soft, 696 lbs	0 50	Steam gauge, 2	21
acks, cut, 3 doz. pprs		Steam trnp connection, 1	0
Curpentine, 177 7 gals	157 83 7 11	Trap, whirlpool, 1	. 14
ransmitters, 3	0 65	Valves, asst., 19	. 13
aps, hand, o	6 90	Freight and express	26
	1 60	Freight and express	
Cees, 24	7 24		1,122
Jnions, 26	31 00		1,122
arnish, 20 gals	4 60		
olt anmeter, 1	15 81	Chapels, Schools and Library.	
alves, straightway, 1	1 50	Chaptes, Echooco and Inorary.	
	8 75	Organists' salaries, 2 for 12 m	100
White waste, I bale	4 12	Hosts, 2,670	4
Vhiting, 2 brls	3 78	Repairs to chapel linen	31
Vashers, 85 lbs	0 24	Care of chapel	50
Washers, rubber, 24	2 94	Altar wine, 3 gals	4
Wire, brass spring, 5 lbs	1 50	Register book, 1	2
Wire, magnet, 841 lbs	23 92	Incense, 4 boxes	4
	will Jan		

Working Expenses—Concluded.	\$ cts.	Industries—Continued.	\$ cts.
Chapels, Schools and Library-Concl'd.		Farm—Concluded.	
Slates, 2 doz Slate pencils, 3 boxes. Library books, 178 vols. Copy books, 1 gross. Containers, 2 cans. Freight and express.	1 44 0 86 85 05 11 52 1 10 5 21	Scythe stones, 1 doz Screws, brass, 1 doz Straw, 10½ tons Veterinary services Auctioneers' fees Postage Containers	0 30 0 90 62 40 14 00 4 00 0 15 6 60
	308 96	Freight and express	39 52
Office Expenses.			3,895 19
Postage. Printing Stationery. Subscription to Detective. Subscriptions to newspapers, 5. Telegrams, Telephone rental. Telephone connections. Premium on officers' bonds. Freight and express.	2 75 100 18 169 12 322 22 1 00 16 00 28 22 40 00 77 55 24 00 15 12	Trade Shops. Ammonia, 1 gal. Axes, 6 only. Acid, oxalic, 3 lbs. Awls, 1 gross. Awls, straight, 1 gross. Awls, crooked, square, 1 gross. Awls, pegging, 1 gross. Awls, 1 only. Auger bits, 8	1 45 3 50 0 40 0 60 2 00 2 00 0 93 0 21 1 44
į į į	796 16	Auger bits, 2 sets	15 50 8 16
industries. Farm.	720 10	Bolts, cabinet, 3 doz	1 35 3 90 1 35 3 68
"Axle grease, 1 doz. boxes. Buckwheat, 2,730 lbs Binder twine, 100 lbs Baskets, potatoe, 1 doz Bran, 500 lbs Bandages, Derby, 1 set Condition powders, 1 doz	0 55 34 13 8 50 10 80 6 00 0 63 1 20	Bolts, stove, 1,100. Bolts, expansion, 3 doz. Brads, wire, 24 lbs. Bristles, 2½ lbs. Bevel profractor, 1 Buckles, japanned, 3 gross. Brushes, 9½ doz.	2 72 2 76 2 52 25 73 2 50 2 80 35 50
Fencing, wire, 80 rods. Fencing, staples, 50 lbs. Feed, "Champion," 70 tons Forks, vegetable, 2. Forks, potatoe, 2. Forks, spading, 1.	44 00 1 65 1,860 00 2 53 1 38 0 04	Brushes, Kalso, 1 doz. Brushes, lettering, 1 doz. Brushes, sash tools, 1 doz. Brushes, stripers, ½ doz. Brushes, steel, ½ doz. Brushes, dusters, ½ doz.	20 50 1 25 1 30 12 25 1 75 2 75
Forks, hay, fitting for Grindstone, 1 Garden trowell, 1 Handles, fork, 1 doz Hair, goat, 50 lbs Horse cinches, 1	1 11 2 85 0 05 7 13 3 50 1 00	Buttons, gilt, 1 gross. Buttons, tufting, 2 doz. Buttons, coat, 5 gross. Buttons, vest, 5 gross. Buttons, sundry, 12 gross. Bronze, 1 lb.	2 00 1 90 1 75 1 50 1 44 1 05
Horse shoes, 300 lbs. Horse-shoe nails, 100 lbs. Horse clipper, power, 1 Harrow, 1 Harrow, parts for Knives, sticking, 1	11 35 5 99 12 50 26 50 2 50 0 37	Brass, sheet, 9½ lbs. Chisels, 21 only. Colours, 335 lbs. Chalk, red, 30 lbs. Chalk, tailors, 11 boxes. Canvas, French, 300½ yds.	2 19 5 93 45 38 4 00 2 33 31 58
Knives, castrating, 1. Knives, skinning, 6. Linsced meal, 10 lbs Leather, collar, 22\frac{3}{4} ft. Nails, brass, 1 M.	0 32 0 51 0 70 5 01 1 05	Cement, rubber, 6 cans	4 50 2 25 7 26 25 20 2 50 2 25
Manure, 10 cars. Milk, 4 gals. Monlée, 500 lbs. Oats, feed, 1,279 } bush. Parts for machines.	190 00 0 80 7 75 601 39 16 00	Cutter, button hole, 1 Chair webbing, 1 roll. Coke, $24\frac{2}{2}\frac{10}{00}$ tons. Cardboard, 75 sheets. Chamois skin, 1	0 27 126 63 3 75 0 25
Parts for carts Parts for wagons. Parts for ploughs. Paris green, 187 lbs. Rope, 35 lbs.	5 80 52 30 4 80 35 16 4 02	Crucible pots, 3 Duck, 133} yds. Drills, twist, 3 doz. Drills, points, 1 set. Drills, hand, 1	3 60 60 08 1 76 0 44 0 70
Reaping hooks, 2 Seeds, sundry. Shears, pruning, 1 pr. Shears, grass, 1 pr.	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 34 \\ 794 & 43 \\ 0 & 18 \\ 0 & 50 \end{array}$	Drills, breast, 1. Drills, sundry, 13½ doz. Drills, sundry, 239. Dye, ½ gal.	2 25 22 84 64 33 2 25

Industries—Continued.	\$ ets.	Industries—Continued.	\$ ets.
Trade Shops—Continued.		Trade Shops—Continued'.	
Duck vest, 1	0 63	Leather, raw horsehide, 28 lbs	19 60
Dies, pipe, 9 sets	22 54	Leather, split, 155 ft	31 00
Duck, lining, 56 ³ yds	10 22	Millboard, 8 bundles	10 00
Drawing triangle, 1	0 50	Mortise, 1.	0 51
Dryer, Japan, 1 gal Emery eloth, 1½ ream	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 & 10 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$	Machine punches, 6	3 60
Emery wheels, 15 only	46 69	Moulders sieve, 1	0 54 12 30
Emery wheels, dressers, 1 doz	6 00	Moulding sand, 4 brls	8 20
Emery powder, 100 lbs	4 25	Nuts, 100 lbs	5 03
Emery straps, 1 doz	1 50	Nail sets, 1 doz	0 90
Eyelets, 10 M	1 70 260 30	Needles, machine, 480	5 27
Files, assorted, 136 doz	2 60	Needles, saddlers, 18 papers Needles, upholsterers, 6	2 70 0 23
Felt, ½ yd	0 28	Needles, sailmakers, 3	0 05
Glue, 100 lbs	9 00	Needles, harness, 2 doz	1 30
Grindstones, 1	1 78	Needles, tailors, 4 M	4 00
Grindstones, 415 lbs	4 76	Nails, finishing, 1 keg.	2 85
Grindstone fittings, 1 set	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 62 \\ 2 & 70 \end{bmatrix}$	Nails, horsesboe, 50 lbs	4 27
Gold leaf, 32 books	11 74	Oil, sewing machine, 1 gal	1 20 10 00
Gloves, electricians, 1 pr	4 36	Oil stones, 3.	0 85
Gum Tragacanth, 1 lb	0 50	Planes, stanley, 3	4 61
Graining combs, 1 set	0 55	Planes, stanley, iron for, 1	0 50
Graining roller, 1	0 70	Planes, Bailey, 1	1 79
Graining pencil, 1. Gimp, black, 2 rolls.	0 30 0 80	Planes, Babbitt, 1	1 28 1 75
Gasolene, 35 gals	7 55	Planes, smooth, 1	1 00
Hinges, brass, 17 doz	17 00	Punches, Bullock, 1	0 13
Hinges, refrigerator, 14 prs	1 44	Punches, spring helt, 1	0.50
Hinges, iron, 5 ² / ₃ doz	5 84	Parts of sewing machines	2 23
Hammers, assorted, 11	5.91	Parts of tools	10 22
Handles, awl, 1 doz	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{bmatrix}$	Persian lamb skins, 11	133 20 18 95
Holland, 49 yds	6 37	Paper, sand, 5 reams	6 90
Heel Ball, 1 doz	0 70	Paper, tailors manilla, 2 rolls	2 94
Hair seal skins, 26	195 00	Paper, tailors manilla, 110 lbs	4 95
Hollow handle and tools, 2	1 98	Paper, wrapping, 2 reams	4 20
Iron, bar, 316 lbs	6 32 9 86	Pencils, earpenters, 14 doz	4 61
Iron, Russian, 256 lbs	26 88	Plumbago, 10 lbs	2 10 10 24
Iron, Swede, 548 lbs	18 57	Purnice stone, 20 lbs	1 00
Iron, galvanized, 1,416 lbs	42 77	Press, hydraulic, 1 only	16 00
Japan, gold sized, 5 gals	8 75	Pliers, cutting, 1 pr	0 67
Key, 1	0 17	Pipe vice, 1 only	1 90
Knives, paper hangers, 1	0 50 0 80	Pipe eutter, 1 only	1 24 0 55
Knives, planer, 4.	9 18	Rivets, 1 peck	0 32
Knives, shoe, 2 doz	2 90	Rivets, 30 lbs.	1 85
Knives, jack, 1	0 75	Rivets, shoe, 25 lbs	2 50
Knives, horsesboeing, 6	1 67	Rivets, tinned, 10 M	1 80
Knives, fur, 1. Knives, poeket, 4.	0 80 1 78	Rivets, copper, 2 lbs	1 20 7 67
Latches, 2½ doz	13 25	Rules, 2-ft., 3 doz. Rules, 1-ft., 2 to doz.	2 54
Lasts, 5 doz. prs	38 00	Rules, pocket, 2.	1 10
Lining, Italian, 421 yds	14 88	Rasps, horse, 1 doz	8 05
Level, masons, 1	2 37	Rottenstone, 25 lbs	1 70
Level glasses, 2 doz	1 28	Rushes, 6 bunches	3 00
Loeks, drawer, 4\(\frac{1}{2}\) doz	21 03 5 70	Rice root, 218 lbs	56 68
Locks, eash box, 5	0 83	Rings, brass, 2 gross	5 00 7 12
Locks, pad, 1 doz.	4 75	Rubber, India, ½ lb	2 00
Lines, masons, 10 lbs	3 50	Serge, khaki, 30 yds	39 00
Leather, welt, 253 lbs.	8 24	Spokeshaves, 7	0 47
Leather, box call, 372 it	9 82	Spoke pointer, 1	0 60
Leather, barness, 105 lbs Leather, sole, 220 lbs	36 75 53 90	Silver solder, 5 oz	5 68
Leather, collar, 34½ ft	6 90	Soldering paste, 12 lbs	$\begin{array}{c} 5 & 40 \\ 3 & 94 \end{array}$
Leather, dongola, 112 ft	28 50	Shellac, white, 10 gals	18 25
Leather, buffing, 280 ft	40 48	Saw set, 13	1 47
Leather, Persian calf, 121 ft	1 88	Silk elastie, 2 yds	1 70
Leather, rowan, 41 ft Leather, (wax) upper, 256 lbs	5 07	Stay binding, 4 gross	1 80
ACCRETAGE WAY ADDEL SOUTDS	111 88	MASH CHAID, AUG II	7 20

Industries—Continued.	\$ ets.	Industries—Concluded.	\$ cts
Trade Shops—Continued.		Trade Shops—Concluded.	
Shears, bench, 1 pr. Screw drivers, 2 Slip stone, 1 Sewing machines, 3 Sea moss, 176 lbs Sharpening machine kaife, 1 Staples, blind, 10 lbs Stock for die, 1	12 42 1 74 0 19 105 00 15 84 1 35 0 90 1 40	Wrenches, monkey, 4. Wrenches, Stillsoa, 3. Wrenches, trims, 2. Wrenches, sundry, Zinc, sheet, 611½ lbs. Postage. Containers. Freight and express.	2 44 2 92 2 80 2 24 43 59 0 25 8 15 32 30
Sand paper, 3½ reams. Steel, east, 772 lbs.	13 20 60 26		\$4,178 58
Steel, bar, 537 lbs	75 18 13 71	PRISOR EQUIPMENT.	
Screws, tura, 1. Subscriptions to Clayworker, 2 yrs	0 34 4 00	Furnishings.	
Subscriptions to Tailor and Cutter, 1 year. Saws, eireular, 1 Saws, band, 156 ft. Saws, band, brazing of Saws, hand, 4 Saws, buck, 1 Saws, hack, 7 doz. Sponges, small, 5 doz. Shovels, 4 doz. Scoops, 2 doz.	12 00 3 70 18 80 3 40 7 66 1 42 3 88 2 04 30 40 17 10	Crash towelling, 1,880½ yds Forfar linen, 250½ yds Soap, eastile, 2,268 lbs Soap, barbers, 20 doz. Towels, 7 doz. Ticking, 762 yds. Freight and express.	243 47 64 13 177 66 7 00 5 74 156 21 0 96
Scissors, tailor, 6 pairs Snips, 2 pr	16 87 6 65	Utensils and Vehicles.	
Snips, 2 pr. Screwdrivers, cabinet, ½ doz. Screwdrivers, machinists, ½ doz. Screwdrivers, ratchet, 1 Sea grass, 158 lbs. Thread, shoe, 37 lbs. Thread, shoe, 37 lbs. Tin, ingot, 355 lbs. Tin, ingot, 25 boxes. Taps, hand plug, 4. Taps, machine, 1 set. Taps, blacksmith, 3 Taps, taper, 7. Tool set, 1 Trowels, masons, 1 doz. Tapes, 1 doz. Tapes, 1 doz. Tapemeasures, steel, 2. Tampico, 40 lbs. Tacks, hand, 40 lbs. Tacks, hand, 40 lbs. Turning webs, 10 Tacks, shoe, 15 lbs. Turning webs, 10 Tacks, shoe, 1 gross. Tacks, simp, 9 doz. pprs. Tacks, 92 pprs. Turpentine, 43½ gals. Varnish, bookbinders, 1 quart. Varnish, white, 5 gals. Varnish, body, 2 gals. Varnish, rubbing, 2 gals. Vise, bench, 1 Wadding, 25 vds.	6 65 0 38 0 73 1 47 3 95 30 44 2 40 161 46 147 41 2 55 1 03 2 79 0 88 7 57 0 37 4 10 6 40 2 70 3 30 1 08 1 50 0 25 2 12 3 56 41 35 41 35 42 94 7 75 12 00 7 00 4 50 7 575	Ammunition, rifle, 7,000 rounds Ammunition, revolver, 3,000 rounds Brushes, bannister, 6 only Brushes, shoc, 6. Brushes, shaving, 2 doz Brushes, hair, 1. Brooms, hair, 3. Brooms, corn, 61 doz. Brooms, birch, 25 doz Bath spray, 1. Bathbricks, 22 doz Burners, 1\(\frac{6}{2}\) doz Boots, rubber, 3 pairs. Clock, 1. Coffee percolators, 3. Combs, 1 \(\frac{6}{2}\) gross Coat hangers, 100. Chamois skin, 1. Cups and saucers, 1 doz Can opear, 1. Dusters, feather, 6. Ears, bucket, 50 lbs. Iron, Russian, 200 lbs. Iron, tinned, 572 lbs. Knives, kitchen, 1. Knives, table, 2 doz. Lewn, mower, 1. Meat, chopper, 1. Mirror, 6.	201 10 41 72 1 38 0 90 2 00 1 33 3 08 183 70 12 50 0 30 8 90 1 01 1 01 1 5 00 4 96 3 50 0 40 1 00 1 00 1 30 4 96 4 96 4 96 4 96 1 1 00 5 5 5 5 5 4 4 7 5 5 6 11 00 5 6 8 2 2 20 0 0 5 4 6 00 5 4 0 6 00 5 5 4 0 6 00 7 5 6 00 7 5 7 5 7 6 00 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
Wadding, 4 bales Whiting, 336 lbs. White netting, 600 ft. Wire, suadry, 690½ lbs. Wood, slabs, 114 cords. Wood, tamarac, 52 cords. Wax, prepared, 1 lb. Wnx, bees, 50 lbs. Wax, white, 10 lbs. Wax, white, 10 lbs. Wax, black, 20 lbs. Welding compound, 30 lbs. Wrenches, agris, 1 Wrenches, coes, 4	23 00 1 56 9 60 18 60 456 00 273 00 0 45 17 50 1 00 1 60 2 10 0 60 2 47	Molasses, Gates, 2 Oilcloth, 12 yds. Plates, 2 doz. Perforator, 1 Razors, 1 doz. Razor, hone, 1. Rakes, garden, 1 Rubber, type, 2 sets. Rivets, 5 lbs. Spoons, table, 19 doz. Scales, inspection of. Shafts, 4 pairs. Shears, barbers, 1 pr	1 67 2 40 1 90 0 95 11 00 0 35 0 40 6 50 0 32 4 87 12 50 6 72

Prison Equipment-Continued.	\$ cts.	Prison Equipment—Concluded.	\$ cts
Utensils and Vehicles-Concluded.		Lands, Buildings and Walls—Concl'd.	
Tin, 16 boxes,	103 85	Monitor heads, 38	129 20
Trowel, garden, 1	0 40	Nails, finishing, 1 keg	2 90
Tumblers, 2 doz	1 65	Nails, roofing, 200 lbs	9 68
	0 50		
Thermometers, 1		Nipples, close, 80	1 76
Whisks, 4 doz	8 50	Offset, 1	0 70
Water, sterilizers, 1	495 00	Paper, wall, 274 rolls	70 26
Water, coil, 1	10 00	Paper, border, 25 rolls	8 00
Wire, 407 lbs	15 61	Paper, roofing, 220 lbs	154 00
Wire, brass, 10 sq. ft		Paste, 4 kegs	4 75
Freight and express	19 74	Plug and waste, 1	1 10
		Plugs, 8½ doz	1 34
	\$1,439 73	Pulleys, 3 doz	1 50
		Poles, curtain, 20	30 96
Lands, Buildings and Walls,	ı	Putting glacier on 3 windows	35 10
		Posts, cedar, 400	32 00
Asbestos, finish, 1,000 lbs	7 50	Pipe, basin supply, 1 pair	1 25
Bushings, 661	14 65	Pipe lavatory supply, 1 pr	1 10
Bolts, top, 1 doz	0 50	Pipe, iron, 1, 162 ft	113 28
Bolts, bottom, 1 doz	0 38	Radiators, 23.	496 33
Burlap, 180 yds	56 70	Steel, core, 28,421 lbs	2,310 77
Bowl, porcelain, 1	0 56		60 00
Branches, 6.	20 40	Sand, 100 loads	88 41
	374 10	Sand, 11 carloads	
Branches, connections, 174		Size, 100 lbs	3 25
Bends, $3\frac{1}{2}$ doz	11 41	Stops, door, 3 doz	0 33
Boilers, 2	239 00	Sash lifts, 6 doz	8 28
Boilers, twin connections	76 60	Sash knobs, 1 gross	1 20
Domestic water heaters, 2	5 62	Shutter bars, I gross	18 60
Cement, 570 brls	847 40	Shades, window, 58	99 08
Chain, sash, 500 ft	7 20	Stove, cooking, 1	59 25
Cocks, basin, 3	2 25	T. Y's, 209	44 93
Cocks, air, 36		Trap, 1	2 60
Cocks, Fuller, 1 pair		Tar, 10 brls	32 50
Copper, ball, 1	1 00	Unions, 5 doz	8 75
Cupboard turns, 1 doz.	0 90	Valves, gate, brass, 14	50 SS
Catches, door, 3 doz	3 11	Valves, angle, 28	38 20
Connections, 16	34 40	Varnish, rubbing, 2 gals	3 50
Cleanout, 1.	2 25	Varnish, finishing, 14 gals	33 00
Caps, tin, 220 lbs.	15 40	Wire picture 6 palege	0 30
Caps, tim, 220 los		Wire, picture, 6 pckgs	107 00
Caps, pipe, 7 doz		Window screens, rust proof wire, 40.	116 55
Couplings, 21 doz		Customs charges	0 75
Conduit, pipe, 2,500 ft		Containers	
Conduit, boxes, 195		Cement bags, 2,280	228 00
Electric fixtures, 31 complete	120 34	Freight and express	311 52
Electric, sockets, 36			41 147 00
Electric, rosettes, 176	30 07		11,157 22
Electric fittings, sundry	12 02	Less refund of expenditure	458 73
Elbows, sundry, 242		-	
Floor dressing, 11 gals	24 75		10,698 49
Fasteners, sash, 1½ doz	4:50	_	
Glass, 13 hoxes	67 16		
Gaskets, 176	70 40	MISCELLANEOUS,	
Hinges, 4 pairs	1 19	MI CDBEATTEOUS.	
Hooks, coat and hat, I doz	2 55	Travel.	
Hooks, hat and coat, 1 gross	6 60	Tigier.	
Hooks, picture, 5 doz	0 60	De nartmental Officers	
		Departmental Officers—	=0.00
Heads, c.i., 4	13 60	G. W. Dawson	70 00
Headers, branch, 6	16 20	Douglas Stewart	53 45
Iron tank, 1	102 04	E. J. Adams	184 75
Iron, galvanized, 12,146 lbs	425 07	Hon. J. Bureau	50 00
Lavatory, enamel, 1	7 27	Penitentiary officers, sundry	207 65
Linen, 7 pieces	1 24	Return of paroled man	7 60
Lead, white, 1,000 lbs	63 00	_	
Lumber, pine, 26,840 ft	905 80		573 45
Lumber, hemlock, 4,000 ft	128 00	_	
Lumber, basswood, 6,002 ft	228 00	Special.	
	64 88	C / Collection	
Lumber, cottonwood, 811 ft	90 00	Allowance, warden's residence, 2 mos.	100 00
Lumber, cottonwood, 811 ft		vino nanco, marden s residence, a mos.	100 00
Lumber, tamarac, 3,000 ft			5.1.20
Lumber, tamarac, 3,000 ft Lumber, birch, 1,008 ft	50 40	Detective services	54 30 50 00
Lumber, tamarac, 3,000 ft Lumber, birch, 1,008 ft Lumber, red oak, 2,001 ft	50 40 150 08		54 30 50 00
Lumber, tamarac, 3,000 ft Lumber, birch, 1,008 ft	50 40	Detective services	

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

RECAPITULATION.

Staff— Salaries and retiring allowances	\$ cts. 67,028 40	\$ cts.
Uniforms and mess	4,014 47	\$71,042 87
Maintenance of Convicts— Rations Clothing and medicines	16,861 46 4,810 25	21,671 71
Discharge Expenses— Freedom suits and allowances. Transfer and interment	1,733 08 190 05	1,923 13
Working Expenses— Heat, light and water Maintenance of buildings and machinery. Chapels, schools and library. Offices expenses.	11, 971 37 5, 420 29 308 96 796 16	18,496 78
Industries— Farm Trade shops	3,895 19 4,178 58	8,073 77
Prison Equipment— Furnishing Utensils and vehicles Land, buildings and walls.	655 17 1,439 73 10,698 49	12,793 39
Miscellaneous— Advertising and travel Special	573 45 204 30	777 75
Total		134,779 40

DORCHESTER.

STAFF.	\$ ets.	Staff-Continued.	\$ cts.
Salaries.		Uniforms—Concluded.	
General.		Hats, felt, reblocked, 4 doz	3 00
	010 00	Hooks, black, 6 boxes,	2 70
Warden, broken period		Hair cloth, 25 yds	5 00 27 61
Accountant, 1, 12 m	1,200 00	Khaki, 376 ³ yds	389 18
Chaplians, 2 at \$1,000, 12 m Storekeeper, 1, 12 m		Laces, boot, 4 gross	4 50 10 82
Steward, &c., 1, 12 m	900 00	Leather, welt, 29 ¹ / ₄ lbs Liniag, sleeve, 188 yds	34 78
Engineer, 1, 12 m	1,000 00	Lamb skins, Persian, 9	98 00
Hospital overseer, 1, 12 m		Mitts, 2¼ doz prs. Overcoating, 6 yds	30 37 25 50
Deputy matron, 1, 12 m.	450 00	Polish, boot, 3 gals	3 25
Messenger, 1, 12 m	600 00	Polish, boot, 15 doz	17 70
Firemea, 3, broken periods	549 23	Pocketing, 26 yds. Stars, gilt, 4 prs.	3 90 3 20
		Silesia, 52 yds	4 42
7 7 - 1 * 7		Serge, 1443 yds	220 02
Industrial.		Silk, 4 yds. Satcen, 100 yds.	1 50 8 00
Chief trade instructor, 1, 12 m	1,000 00	Thread, bemp yellow, 3 lbs	3 30
Instructors, 4 at \$800, 12 m		Thread, B. H. twist, 3 boxes	11 33
Instructors, 2, broken periods Stable guards, 2 at \$600, 12 m	1,019 41 1,200 00	Thread, linen, 6 lbs	5 10 4 95
State Bad act and good, and military	1,200 00	Thread, sewing, 1 lb	9 95
		Wadding, 4 bales	23 00
Police,		Containers	0 90 12 70
	07. 00		
Deputy warden, 1, broken period Chief keeper, 1, 12 m	875 00 900 00	Less refund of expenditure	1,488 S1 22 55
Keepers, 4 at \$700, 12 m	2,800 00	Less return of expenditure	
Keeper, 1, brokea period	58 33		1,466 26
Chief watchman, 1, 12 m	800 00 1,300 00		•
Guards, 17 at \$600, 12 m	10,200 00		
Guards, 2, broken periods	1,070 69 25 81	Mess.	
Temporary officer	25 01		
	35,865 13	Apples, evaporated, 122 lbs	9 25 14 52
		Biscuits, sodas, 78 lbs	5 85
75 - 1		Butter, 753½ lbs	178 13
Retiring Allowances.		Beef, 2, 129 lbs. Baking powder, 16 lbs.	177 91 6 90
N. A. Burden	843 38	Baking soda, 10 lbs	0 30
Amos Robinson	412 50	Clams, 3 cases	12 00
Patrick Connell	1,432 80	Coffee, 30 lbs.	8 70 4 40
	2,688 68	Essence of Vanilla, 6 bottles	0 45
		Essence of lemon, 8 bottles Eggs, 45 doz	1 30 10 31
		Flour, 14 brls.	63 70
Uniforms.		Lemons, 5 doz	0 89
Boot uppers, 92 prs	174 70	Lard, 300 lbs	34 75 3 05
Buttons, barrel, 4 gross	1 13	Muttoa, 128 lbs	10 88
Buttons, trouser, 5 gross	1 50	Mustard, 15 lbs	4 00
Buttons, gilt, small, 4 gross Buttons, gilt, large, 4 gross	8 00 12 00	Mixed spice, 6 lbs	1 60 0 50
Cap wires, 100	4 00	Onions, 650 lbs	16 75
Cap badges, 6	1 80 63 41	Prunes, 120 lbs	14 40
Caps, hair seal, 9.	23 57	Pepper, 20 lbs. Pickles, 15 gals	3 60 8 10
Crowns, gilt, 3 prs	2 40	Peaches, canned, 18 doz	32 10
Crosses, gilt, 1 pr Canvas, 250 yds	0 80 23 75	Raisins, 114 lbs	9 27 36 81
Cloth, scarlet, 5 yds	13 76	Tomatoes, 2 cases	5 40
Duck, 101 yds	52 52	Tea, 110 lbs	33 00
Dress goods, 12 yds Farmers' satin, 124½ yds	9 00 56 03	Freight and express	5 34
Gloves, 18 prs	22 88		714 16
Hats, felt, 21 doz	52 88	-	

DORCHESTER-Continued.

		1	
MAINTENANCE OF CONVICTS.	\$ cts.	DISCHARGE EXPENSES.	\$ ets.
Rations.		Freedom Suits and Allowanees.	
Barley, pot, 196 lbs Beans, 6,000 lbs Beef, 30,275 lbs Boneless fish, 5,100 lbs. Herring, 26 brls. Flour, 1,195 bags. Lard, 100 lbs. Mutton, 4,389 lbs Molasses, 1,942 gals Onion, 885 lbs. Prunes, 300 lbs.	4 90 219 25 2,556 72 290 75 146 80 2,733 83 13 50 373 13 574 89 26 37 32 50	Allowances and travel, 109 convicts Braces, 9 doz. prs Caps, 12 doz Canvas, 200 yds Hats, 1 doz Handkerchiefs, 15 doz Holland, 149½ yds Lining, sleeve, 328½ yds Leather, sheepskins, 20 lbs. Outfits for females, 6. Pocketing, 27½ yds	923 45 15 00 38 40 22 50 4 50 6 00 20 90 28 74 10 00 55 84 4 09
Pepper, 30 lbs. Pease, split, 8 brls. Rice, 400 lbs. Rolled oats, 2,700 lbs. Rolled oats, 50 brls. Sugar, yellow, 6,900 lbs. Salt, fine, 6 bags. Salt, fine, 4,680 lbs. Salt, coarse, 2,000 lbs. Salt, coarse, 13 bags.	5 30 44 42 13 00 74 25 251 20 341 78 7 80 33 90 10 00	Silesia, 50 yds. Shirts, top, 9 \(\frac{7}{2} \) doz. Sateen, 276 yds. Ties, 12 doz. Tweed, 400 yds Underclothing, 19 doz. Wadding, 4 bales. Cases. Freight and express.	4 25 43 13 23 84 17 00 197 88 85 50 23 00 0 85 1 96
Tea, 544 lbs Vinegar, 67 gals. Yeast, 280 lbs	90 48	Transfers and Interments.	1,526 83
Christmas extras Freight and express	39 47 8 28 8,013 32	Transfer to Kingston of 2 men. Coffin fittings, 2 sets. Freight and express.	221 65 10 34 1 38
Less refund of expenditure	39 10	Tright and Capitess	233 37
	7,974 22	WORKING EXPENSES.	200 01
Clothing.		Heat, Light and Water.	
Buttons, bone, 3 great gross Checked eloth, 530½ yds Cotton, grey, 201 yds Cotton, twilled, 375 yds Cottonade, 213½ yds Duck, 104 yds Eyelets, black, 6 M Flannel, grey, 130 yds	7 20 519 89 21 11 47 02 41 63 19 76 1 50 14 95	Coal oil, 531 gals Coal, slack, 1,525\frac{1550}{1550} tons Coal, screened, 371\frac{200}{2000} tons Coal, hard, 60\frac{10.35}{200} tons Electric current, 13 mos Electric lamps, 300 Freight and express.	92 91 3,556 98 1,315 83 372 18 1,625 00 65 00 4 20
Hats, straw, 25 doz Handkerchiefs, 50 doz Laccs, leather, 17 gross	27 50 22 50 26 65	Less refund of expenditure	7,032 10 9 92
Leather, sole, 3,060 lbs. Leather, wax upper, 924 lbs	738 28 428 88		7,022 18
Leather, sheepskins, 20 lbs. Neatsfoot oil, 10 gals. Nails, Hungarian, 150 lbs. Nails, zinc, 200 lbs. Shirting, galatea, 336 yds. Thread, linen, 6 lbs. Underclothing, 85 doz. Freight and express.	10 00 11 00 13 00 25 00 106 98 5 10 379 95 11 92	Maintenance of Buildings. Bolts, carriage, 200 only. Brushes, kalso., 4 doz. Bushings, 48. Bracket, electric, complete, 1. Bell and push button, 1. Cement, smooth on, 10 lbs. Colours, burnt umber, 10 lbs.	3 74 64 68 0 79 1 75 0 35 5 00 0 90
Hospital.	2,479 82	Compression cock seats, 200. Cocks, bibb, 6. Cocks, plug, 3. Cocks, stop, 6. Elbows, 25.	1 10 7 50 3 90 3 56 3 07
Biscuits, sodas, 2 boxes. Eggs, 13 doz. Medicines. Spectacles, 2 prs. Cornstarch, 40 pkgs. Freight and express.	2 56 3 30 351 75 3 06 2 97 2 50	Electric tape, 3 lbs. Glass, 6 cases. Gold dust, 100 pkgs. Gold dust, 30 lbs. Hose and fittings, 50 ft. Iron, bar, 1,368 lbs. Japan, brown, 5 gals. Kreso, 197½ gals.	1 35 18 30 4 10 2 40 7 60 32 26 4 00
	366 14	Locks, pnd, 2 doz. Lumber, spruce, 3,121 ft.	133 20 15 02 43 69

DORCHESTER—Continued.

Working Expenses-Concluded.	\$ ets.	Working Expenses—Concluded.	\$ cts.
Maintenance of Buildings—Concluded.		Chapels, Schools and Library—Concl'd.	
Lumber, oak, 200 ft Lumber, pine, 2,535 ft Lead, red, 25 lbs Lend, white, 500 lbs Latches, thumb, 1 doz. Nails, shingle, 6 kegs Pencil zincs, 60	14 00 56 31 1 38 33 75 4 50 29 10 1 80	Library book, 1	2 00 100 00 1 08 2 24 334 84
Poles, light, 3 Paper, toilet, 5 cases. Paper, fly, 1 case. Plugs, 2 doz. Pipe, iron, assorted, 1,472 ft. Sand, sbore, 22 tons. Sal soda, 3,136 lbs. Steel, sheet, 67 lbs. Seeds, flower. Soap, P.Y., 740 lbs. Salamoniac, 50 lbs. Tar, 8 tins. Tin, 8 boxes.	7 50 26 70 3 70 0 32 103 98 7 70 34 94 2 83 1 80 29 93 4 50 0 93 4 30	Office Expenses. Dials, for clock, 2 Cylinder, for dater, 1 Postage Printing Stationery. Subs. to newspapers, 8 papers Telegrams. Telephones. Freight and express Premium on officers bonds	20 00 1 50 63 00 164 12 77 87 29 50 16 87 78 86 6 95 24 00
Unions, 8. Valves, globe, 6. Whiting, 336 lbs Wick, asbestos, 3 lbs Wire, assorted, 85 lbs	0 75 8 09	INDUSTRIES. Farm.	482 57
Containers. Customs duty. Freight and express.	0 50 2 51 10 44	Acid of phosphate, 10 bags Axle grease, 6 boxes Assessment for work on dyke Bull ring	10 00 0 60 131 92 0 25
Less refund of expenditure	801 86 14 34	Brushes, dandy, 2 doz. Bran, 2 tons. Baskets, 26	4 32 49 00 5 50
Maintenance of Machinery. Boiler, inspection, 1 year. Cotton, waste, 225 lbs. Gauge, coeks, 1 doz. Gauge, glasses, 1 doz. Lace, leather, 5½ lbs. Oil, engine, 44 gals Packing, Garlock, 10 ½ lbs. Packing, Strathcona, 13 lbs. Polish, metal, 96 lbs. Tube clenners, Ingalls, 6 Freight and express.	21 38 5 22 0 62 4 31 15 40 6 54 6 50 19 20 9 60 17 04	Binder, 1. Binder cover, canvas, 1 Binder twine, 150 lbs. Bits, bridle, 1½ doz. Curry combs, 2 doz Farm tile, 5,184 ft. Forks, manure, 1 doz. Forks, hay, 1 doz. Fencing, wire, 320 rods. Harness, double, 1 set. Collar pads, 8. Horse blankets, 6. Horses, 2. Handles, fork, 1 doz. Insect powder, 4 lbs. Leather, 97 lbs.	128 00 4 00 12 75 1 25 3 00 74 64 11 75 6 25 101 50 47 00 3 68 18 00 535 00 2 20 1 52 25 89
	145 81	Lumber, hardwood, 4,200 ft Nitrate of soda, 5 bags	71 40 13 75
Chapels, Schools and Library. Slate pencils, 1 doz. boxes. Arithmetics, 1 doz. Choir, mannel, 1 Hymnals, 2 Hymn, books, 16. Mass, books, 2. Subs., 14 magazines, 1 year. Scapulars, 1 gross. Silver chalice, 1 Silver eiborium, I. Cructs, 1 set. Chasuble, silk, 1 Biretta, 1 Incense, 1 box. Carpet, 56 yds. Candles, 54 lbs. Wine, 2 gals. Altar bread.	0 60 1 60 10 80 0 90 22 15 1 30 30 00 28 00 8 50 25 00 1 00 1 25 44 80 15 96 5 00 2 00	Mower, 1. Middlings, 3 tons. Ploughs, 2. Potatoes, 67 bags. Parts, for ploughs. Parts, for truek wheels. Potato phosphate, 3 tons. Paris green, 50 lbs. Sulphate of potash, 5 bags. Spades, 1 doz. Spades, dykiag, 1 doz. Spanes, harness, 2 gross Subs. to 'Maritime Farmer,' 1 year Seeds, sundry Wire, hay, 265 lbs. Travel of farm instructor. Travel, deputy warden. Containers. Freight and express.	50 00 81 00 21 00 116 44 4 00 28 56 114 00 11 25 9 25 7 61 16 75 1 20 0 80 199 74 6 89 5 15 5 80 2 25 64 08
Making cassoek	15 00 4 50		2,018 94

DORCHESTER—Continued.

Industries—Continued.	\$ cts.	Industries—Concluded.	\$ cts.
Trade Shops.		Trade Shops—Concluded.	
Acid, oxalic, 5 lbs	0 56	Shellac, orange, 1 gal	1 60
Anvil, 256 lbs	23 47	Squares, steel, 2 doz	23 00
Bristles, 1 oz.	1 25	Steel, octagon, 646 lbs	64 10
Beeswax, 5¼ lbs.	2 36 6 00	Steel, tire, 48 lbs	1 20
Brushes, paint, 1 doz	0 51	Steel, calk, 25 lbs	0 83 2 57
Bits, 3 doz	6 30	Sand paper, 45 qrs	8 54
Bolts, tire, 150.	0 48	Sharpeners, kuife, 2 doz	3 30
Bolts, carriage, 700	4 54	Sand screen, 6 yds	2 10
Benzine, 10 gals	3 50	Screws, 60 gross	8 43
Borax, 10 lbs	0 48	Subs. Tailor and Cutter, 1 year	12 00
Buckles, Jap, 1 gross	0 55	Saws, hack saw, 2 doz	1 33
Coal, blacksmith's, 10 ½7 tons	30 71	Thread, linen, 30 lbs	66 20
Canvas, 166 yds	24 90 0 20	Thread, Barbour's, 12 lbs	10 62 23 00
Chalk, lump, 10 lbs.	3 10	Tin, iugot, $57\frac{1}{2}$ lbs	28 71
Compasses, pencil, 1 pair	0 20	Tacks, lasting, 5 gross	1 50
Draw gauge, 1	2 00	Tapes, shoemakers', 2	0 20
Drugget pins, 1 gross	0 23	Tapes, tailors', 2	0 34
Emery flour, 5 lbs	0 19	Tapes, tailors', 2	15 75
Elbows, cast iron, 1-in., 4 doz	1 76	Tailor's stove, lundstrom, 1	25 00
Files, assorted, 42 doz	69 S0	Varnish, 8 gals	17 50
Fuse, 9 coils	4 05	Freight and express	25 50
Glue, white, 100 lbs	20 00 23 36		1 509 90
Grindstones, 1,335 lbs	9 13	PRISON EQUIPMENT.	1,502 29
Horse shoes, 3 kegs	12 36	THEON EQUITABLE.	
Haft's, sewing awl, 1½ doz	4 14	Furnishings.	
Handles, axe, 2 doz	2 00		
Handles, hammer, 22 doz	26 40	Forfar linen, 1,544½ yds	386 13
Ink, burnishing, 1 doz	2 00	Napkins, 3 doz	5 25
Iron, refined, 490 lbs	10 69	Shades, ruby, 2	7 80
Iron, bar, 2,127 lbs	43 11 25 38	Soap, castile, 5032 lbs	47 83 18 90
Iron, hoop, 1,036 lbs	1 07	Soan hand "Zin" 36 tins	3 60
Iron, flat, 48 lbs Iron, galv., 920 lbs	38 39	Soap, hand, "Zip," 36 tins	3 60
Kettle cars, 2 gross	1 94	Freight and express	4 82
Knives, shoe, 3 doz	4 50	-	
Knives, welt, 1	0 20		477 93
Lead, white, 500 lbs	32 25	-	
Lumber, hardwood, 550 ft	6 60	Utensils and Vehicles.	
Lumber, pine, 2,027 ft	65 92	D	20.00
Lumber, oak, 313 ft	25 04 63 45	Brooms, 25 doz	62 06 7 90
Lasts, 59 pairs Leather, sole, 996 lbs	244 01	Brushes, shoe, 2 doz Brushes, hair, 6	4 00
Mallets, stonceutter's, 2 doz	12 00	Brushes, stove, 6 doz	6 90
Needles, 24 papers	0 60	Black lead, 2 gross	3 10
Needles, sewing machine, 1 doz	0 25	Bung borer, 1	2 50
Nails, zinc, 25 lbs	3 75	Clothes pins, 2 gross	0 86
Nails, iron, 25 lbs.	1 50	Clippers, 3 prs.	7 59
Nails, horse shoe, 100 lbs	9 45 46 65	Cups and saucers, 2 doz	4 40 1 65
Nails, wire, 18 kegs	40 00	Dishes, dinner, 1 doz	8 30
Nails, shoe, 50 lbs Oil, sewing machine, 2 gals	1 60	Flour sieve, I	0 20
Oil, linseed, 43½ gals	42 63	Hose, garden, 50 ft.	4 55
Oakum, 50 lbs	1 25	Hones, razor, 2	0 42
Bottom roller, for leather splitter	11 40	Knives, paring, 1 doz	1 00
Knife, for leather splitter	8 90	Knives, butcher, ½ doz	1 95
Parts, for sewing machines	4 68	Knives and forks, 2 doz	3 00
Parts, for carriage	38 24	Nozzle for watering cans, 1 doz	0 50 2 00
Powder, blasting, 16 kegs	36 80 0 30	Rubber lap cover, 1	2 00 2 25
Pliers, cutting, 1 pair	1 05	Rubber dash apron, 1	5 50
Rules, 2 ft., 2 doz	7 81	Shovels, 4 doz	21 44
Rivets, machine, 9 lbs	0 66	Shovels, snow, 1 doz	2 40
Rivets, copper, 3 lbs	0 82	Spoons, table, 12 gross	4 58
Rivets, cone head, 10 lbs	0 70	Typewriter, 1	65 00
Rivets, round head, 5 lbs	0 38	Tea percolater, 2	10 00
Rope, manilla, 343 lbs	31 87	Freight and express	6 32
Rubber tissue, 2 lbs	2 00		210.27
Rosiu, 25 lbs	2 00 36 60		240 37
Shovels, 5 doz	36 60		

DORCHESTER—Continued.

Prison Equipment—Continued.	\$ cts.	Prison Equipment—Concluded.	\$ cts
Lands, Buildings and Walls.		Lands, Buildings and Walls-Concl'd.	
Blue prints	0 91	Sockets, 50	8 38
Basin, hand, 1	3 55	Switches, 2	0 80
Blasting powder, 3 kegs	6 90	Tubing, flexible, 60 ft	2 18
Chimney cans, octogon, 2	7 00 0 60	Tees, 40 only	3 92
Cock, basin, 1	1 95	Vent, wall, 1. Wire, r. c., 2,265 ft.	1 60 29 51
Colours, red, 100 lbs	5 29	Wire, iron, 78 lbs.	29 31
Cement, 1,440 brls	2,894 40	Wire, wpf., No. 6	14 87
Conduit, flexible, 240 ft	6 00	Travel of officer	2 85
Detonators, 300	2 81	Freight and express	145 51
Elbows, cast iron, 8	0 44		
Elhows, mall, 12	1 88		4,989 40
Flanges, floor, 18	1 46	Less refund of expenditure	241 53
Hinges, 3 doz. prs	3 00 0 70		4 747 05
Hooks, coat and hat, 2 doz	16 45		4,747 87
Iron, flat, 742 lbs	8 63	MISCELLANEOUS.	
Iron, bar, 1,132 lbs	21 40	MISCHMINITEOUS.	
Labour, rolling logs to mill	10 84	Trarel.	
Lime, 75 casks	117 00		
Lumber, spruce, 10, 119 ft	101 19	Penitentiary Officers—	
Lumber, pine, dressed, 5,342 ft	112 33	Miss McMahon, to St. John	7 25
Lumber, sawing of 13,449 ft	29 19	Departmental Officers—	40.00
Moulding, wooden, 1,154 ft	19 47 6 48	Inspector Dawson	40 00
Pipe, drain, 27 ftPipe, drain, 2 lengths	2 60	Inspector Stewart	67 00
Pipe, standard, 365½ ft	15 48		114 23
Rosettes, moulding, 50	4 00		411 20
Sand, 341 tons	341 41	Special.	
Steel, sheet, 23 lbs	0 46		
Steel, round, 1,132 lbs	31 28	Rifle and revolver competition prizes.	50 00
Screws, wood, 1 gross	0 90	m° - 1	F4 000
Stone, 43520 tons	1,001 53	Total	71,239 18

DORCHESTER.

RECAPITULATION.		
Staff— Salaries and retiring allowances Uniforms and mess	\$ cts. 38,553 81 2,180 42	• 0111
		40,734 23
Mointenance of Conricts— Rations Clothing and medicines	7,974 22 2,845 96	10,820 18
Discharge Expenses—		10,020 10
Freedom suits and allowances	1,526 83 233 37	
Washing Farmers		1,760 20
Working Expenses— Heat, light and water. Maintenance of buildings and machinery. Chapels, schools and library. Office expenses.	7,022 18 933 33 334 84 482 57	
·		8,772 92
Industries— Farm Trade shops	2,018 94 1,502 29	3,521 23
Prison Equipment—		0,021 20
Furnishing. Utensils and vehicles. Land, buildings and walls.	477 93 240 37 4,747 87	5,466 17
Miscellaneous— Advertising and travel	114 25 50 00	9,400 17
· ·		164 25
Total		71,239 18

MANITOBA.

STAFF.	\$ ets.	Staff-Continued.	\$ ets.
Salaries.		Uniforms—Concluded.	
General. Warden, 1, 12 m	2,200 00 1,249 16	Thread, silk shoe, 2½ lbs Wadding, black, 75 doz Postage. Freight and express.	27 50 17 25 0 23 13 79
Accountant, &c., 1, 12 m	1,500 00 2,000 00 900 00		1,142 81
Hospital overseer, &c., 12 m Engineer, 1, 12 m	900 00 1,000 00	Mess. Butter, 528 lbs	135 86
Industrial.	_	Beef, 2,028 lbs Baking powder, 5 lbs Cornstarch, 1 doz	153 58 0 75 0 84
Chief trade instructor, 1, 12 m Instructors, 4 at \$800, 12 m	1,000 00 3,200 00	Cheese, 2 lbs Currants, 35 lbs. Essence of lemon, 6 bottles Eggs, 52 doz.	0 33 3 43 2 85 12 72
Police. Deputy warden, I, 12 m	1,500 00	Flour, 40 bags Fruit, preserved, 3 cans Fruit, oranges, 1½ doz	86 00 0 50 0 60
Chief watchman, 1, broken period Keeper, 1, 12 m. Keeper, 1, broken period Guards, 4 at \$700, 12 m.	750 00 800 00 270 94 2,800 00	Jam, 2 jars	0 50 0 40 0 40 1 00
Guards, 1, 12 m., less deduction Guards, 15, broken periods Temporary officers	681 18 4,146 92 3,321 30	Raisins, 39 lbs. Sugar, 500 lbs. Tea, 1 lb. Vegetables, 5 cans.	3 90 31 05 0 40 0 70
	28,219 50	Freight and express	4 10
Retiring Allowances.			439 91
Guard E. Newbury	290 71	MAINTENANCE OF CONVICTS. Rations.	
Uniforms. Braid, gimp, \(\frac{1}{2}\) gross. Braid, gold, \(\frac{1}{2}\) gross. Buttons, \(\frac{1}{2}\) gross. Buttons, barrel, \(\frac{1}{2}\) doz. Caps, Persian lamb, \(\frac{7}{2}\) Caps, hair seal, \(\frac{18}{2}\) Cap straps, \(\frac{5}\) doz. Cap straps, \(\frac{5}\) doz. Cap straps, \(\frac{5}\) doz. Cap wire, \(\frac{5}\) lbs. Canvas, \(28\) yds. Coats, \(\text{fur}, \frac{3}{2}\) Coats, \(\text{rubber}, \frac{1}{2}\) Cotton, \(\text{grey}, \frac{10}{2}\) yds. Hair \(\text{elot}, \frac{25}{2}\) yds. Hooks, \(\text{box}, \frac{1}{2}\)	11 25 2 26 1 50 1 75 25 51 55 25 7 03 13 13 63 13 6 25 1 00	Beans, 2,280 lbs. Beef, 45,462 lbs. Fish, 2,296 lbs. Flour, 1,000 bags. Molasses, 371 gals. Potatoes, 431 bush Pease, split, 1,000 lbs. Pepper, 60 lbs. Rice, 1,124 lbs. Rolled oats, 3,120 lbs. Salt, 5 brls. Salt, 5 brls. Salt, 5,640 lbs. Sugar, brown, 3,400 lbs. Tea, 558 lbs. Vinegar, 28½ gals. Yeast, 33 boxes. Christmas extras. Freight and express.	96 90 3,450 14 74 62 2,060 00 147 92 215 50 33 25 11 70 49 24 86 92 12 50 30 94 189 58 66 66 7 63 45 09 29 49 5 97
Italian, 252¼ yds Khaki serge, 101¼ yds	103 35 100 24 12 31	Cl-41	6,614 35
Lining, 107 yds. Leather, sole, 293 lbs. Leather, French calf, 40¾ lbs. Leather, Canada calf, 31 lbs. Leather, welt, 12 ft. Leather, grain, 101 ft. Mohair, 1 yd Moose hides, 2. Persian lamb skins, 2. Padding, 39¾ yds. Shoe felt, 4¾ yds. Searlet cloth, 7¾ yds. Silesia, 55 yds. Serge, blue, 148½ yds. Thread, linen, 1 lb.	80 57 57 99 23 25 4 32 20 20 0 80 18 00 20 00 9 88 40 38 24 78 4 68 225 72	Clothing. Blueing, 12 lbs. Buekles, double, 1 gross. Buttons, trouser, 12 gross. Canvas, 200 yds. Cloth, eheeked, 321½ yds. Cotton, grey, 507 yds. Cotton batting, 3 rolls. Duck, 159½ yds. Duffle, 30 yds. Denin, 1,479 yds. Elastic, 200 yds. Flannelette, 3 yds. Hats, straw, 6 doz.	2 28 1 75 1 26 106 00 315 32 53 24 0 30 32 75 40 50 340 17 22 00 0 42 6 60

MANITOBA—Continued.

Maintenance of Convicts-Concluded.	\$ ets.	WORKING EXPENSES.	\$ ets.
. Clothing—Continued.		Heat, Light and Water.	
Leather, sole, 1,000 lbs Leather, wax upper, 104 lbs Leather, moccasin, 302 lbs. Moosehides, 5. Nails, sloe, 45 lbs Rivets, iron shoe, 20 lbs Rivets, brass shoe, 10 lbs Starch, 38 lbs Shirting, galatea, 1,717½ yds Underclothing, 84 doz Yarn, 410 lbs Freight and express	48 88 114 76 45 00	Burners, 6 doz Conl, egg, 166 300 tons. Coal, soft, 678 300 tons. Coal oil, 3,307 gals Cordwood, tamarac, 190 cords Carbide, 2,100 lbs Glasses, lamp, 18 doz Lanterns, C. B., 1 doz Signal oil, 10 gals Lamp wick, 3 gross Containers Freight and express	4 90 1,498 05 4,231 57 500 54 1,125 00 94 50 11 70 7 00 8 00 1 95 0 50 2 85
	2,321 06		7,486 56
How it 7		Maintenance of Buildings.	
Brandy, 1 bottle. Bovril, 8 oz. Biscuits, 8 lbs. Cornstarch, 1 lb. Cornstarch, 3 pkgs. Drugs and medicines. Eggs, 21 doz. Lobster, 2 lbs. Lemons, 7 doz. Linsced meal, 10 lbs. Nestle's Food, 5 tins. Port wine, 1 bottle. Professional services, Dr. Neill. Tomatoes, 4 cans. Tobacco, 18 lbs. Trusses, 1. Vibroscope, 1. Freight and express.	1 75 1 75 0 92 0 10 0 21 179 50 5 27 1 80 2 20 0 90 2 25 1 50 43 33 0 60 16 20 1 11 4 00 4 16	Batteries, dry cell, 12. Canada plate, 2 boxes. Chlor. of lime, 1,303 lbs. Couplings, 1 doz. Colours, 1 gal. Colours, 24 tins. Colours, 646 lbs. Drycr, Japan, 5 gals. Emery cloth, 10 quires. Fire hose, 1,000 ft. Fire hose, play pipes, 2. Grate for stove, 1. Grate for bake oven, 1. Glass, 1,200 ft. Glue, 150 lbs. Heater, tortoise, 1. Heater, tortoise, 1. Heater, tortoise, part. Iron, galvanized, 6 bundles. Iron, bar, 1,979 lbs. Ice, 120 tons.	2 88 7 60 54 23 0 27 2 10 3 69 24 30 5 50 9 50 727 50 13 29 1 35 8 00 57 52 23 50 9 17 5 00 35 19 48 26 81 00
	267 55	Japan, black, 10 gals	14 25 3 70
DISCHARGE EXPENSES. Freedom Suits and Allowances. Allowance and travel, 76 men. Buttons, coat and vest, 6 gross. Buckles, 5 gross. Caps, 2 doz. Handkerchiefs, 7 doz Hats, 3 doz. Italian, 176½ yds. Leather, sole, 300 lbs Leather, canada calf, 92½ lbs. Leather, russet, 20 ft. Linen, stay, 97½ yds. Lining, sleeve, 164 yds. Mufflers, 1 doz. Mitts, wool, 2 doz. Shirts, top, 7 doz. Ties, 7 doz. Ties, 7 doz. Tweed, 248½ yds. Containers. Freight and express.	659 75 1 95 1 00 7 18 2 51 13 50 33 71 82 50 72 42 1 80 14 66 15 58 3 15 4 00 31 50 7 00 134 19 0 85 3 93	Locks, Yale, 1 doz. Lead, white, 2,000 lbs. Lead, black, 1 gross. Nails, 8 kegs. Oil, linseed, raw, 44 gals. Oil, linseed, boiled, 46 gals. Putz pomade, 1 gross. Paper, toilet, 16 cases. Repairs to windmill. Stoves, box, 3. Stoves, gothic, 2. Soda, washing, 3, 100 lbs. Soap, laundry, 3, 929 lbs. Turpentine, 864 gals. Tin, sheet, 2 boxes. Varnish, 5 gals. Whiting, 2 brls. Whiting, 1, 168 lbs. Wire netting, 24 ft. Ground rent, C. P. Ry. Freight and express.	7 30 138 80 1 75 26 70 56 32 63 94 3 80 93 78 5 75 31 24 90 26 54 89 22 29 40 215 12 89 22 29 40 7 10 12 75 14 60 1 00 87 05 2,181 08
Transfers. One to Edmonton Four to Kingston	139 20 398 20 537 40	Bolts, suspension, 8. Boiler compound, 1,510 lbs. Fire brick, 700. Fire clay, 500 lbs Gauge glasses, 1 doz Gauges, water, 2 sets Grate bars, 1,260 lbs	2 40 166 10 27 30 3 50 0 35 1 90 44 10

MANITOBA—Continued.

Working Expenses—Concluded.	\$ ets.	Industries-Continued.	\$ cts.
Maintenance of Machinery-Concluded.		Farm—Concluded.	
Inspection of boilers. Oil, eylinder, 47.5 gals. Oil, 8 bottles Putz pomade, † gross. Parts for boiler. Parts for pump. Pump head, Barnes, 2. Soda, 8 cans. Zine oxides, 8.	30 00 25 41 0 80 4 50 5 25 3 00 19 50 2 00 8 00	Shorts, 2 tons	46 00 250 60 0 66 37 50 4 50 5 48 3 35 7 31
Freight and express	7 98		1,003 83
Chapels, Schools and Libraries.	352 09	Trade Shops.	0.40
Subs. to magazines, 12 for 1 year Library books, 202. Slate pencils, 1 box. Candles, wax, 66 lbs. Lamp wick, 1 box. Incense, 1 box. Glass for sanctuary lamp, 1. Sundries for chapel. Parts for organ. Sanctuary oil, 10 gals. Organists' salaries, 2 for 1 year. Freight and express.	45 00 42 16 0 33 15 12 0 75 0 55 0 60 5 00 1 50 16 72 100 00 5 94	Acid, oxalic, 3 lbs. Awls, strip, 6. Brushes, paint, 3 doz. Brushes, varnish, ½ doz. Bott clippers, 1 pair. Boot, eyelets, 11 M. Boot, hooks, 3 M. Bristles, 1 lb. Buttons, 8 great gross Benzine, 5 gals. Binders, cloth, 10 yds. Bits, 3 doz. Bit, gauge, 1.	0 42 1 00 22 00 2 38 3 50 2 75 1 50 15 00 8 50 1 25 2 75 1 38 4 42 0 42 8 82
Office Expenses.	233 67	Charcoal, 41 bush	364 50 290 40
Postage Printing Stationery. Premium on officers' bonds. Telephone connections. Telegrams. Subscriptions to newspapers, 4 papers. Freight and express.	24 00 16 55	Colours, green, 50 lbs Compasses, 6. Cement, rubber, 6 tins Canvas, 150 yds Cocks, gauge, ¼ doz. Coal, blacksmith's, 4, 200 lbs Chalk, tailor's, 4 boxes Carpenter's pencils, 12 doz Copper, soldering, 1 Canada plate, 2 boxes	3 13 1 80 1 50 10 50 0 99 22 90 0 74 4 32 0 93 7 60
INDUSTRIES. Farm.	315 86	Clamps, carriagemaker's, 2. Denim, 487 yds. Drills, twist, 8. Drills, B.S. shank, 1. Duck, lining, shoe, 54 yds.	1 13 112 01 1 90 0 61 8 10
Bran, 1 ton Barley, 200 bush. Brushes, dandy, 1 doz Binder twine, 400 lbs Curry combs, 1 doz. Clippers, horse, 1 pr Fencing, wire, 80 rods. Grease, axle, 3 doz. Horse shoes, 12 re-set Horse shoes, 8 made. Horse shoes, 2 sharpened. Horse, 1. Knife grinder, 1. Oats, 201 bush. Pig, boar, 1. Parts for grinder. Parts for grinder. Parts for windmill. Parts for plough. Parts for sundry implemeats. Pails, 1 doz. Paris green, 20 lbs. Repairs to wagon axle. Repairs to harness.	100 00 2 65 30 00 1 40 1 20 30 40 3 18 3 00 4 00 0 70 200 00 5 00 74 37 18 50 2 20 0 35 0 35 10 50 8 45 7 44 7 00 12 85 3 00	Emery wheel, 1 Emery cloth, 10 qrs Fuse, 500 ft Fuller balls, 2 doz. Flour, 160 bags. Files, 11½ doz. Graining combs, 1 set. Glue, 50 lbs. Glue, 50 lbs. Glue, pot, 1. Handles, sledge, 15 doz. Handles, axe, 2 doz. Handles, iron, 2. Horse shoes, 4 kegs. Hinges, steel, 3 doz. Hammers, 6. Hammers, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10	9 00 4 00 0 30 344 00 12 83 0 70 6 00 0 75 20 55 5 30 0 30 18 60 2 4 62 2 4 38 2 4 94 2 90 1 65 1 2 62
Scythe stones, 6. Scythes, 6. Seeds.	0 21 3 13	Leather, glazed doagola, 51 ft	13 26 13 50 20 60

MANITOBA-Continued.

Industries—Coneluded.	\$ ets.	Prison Equipment—Concluded.	\$ ets.
Trade Shops—Concluded.		Utensils and Vehicles.	
Leather, welt, 10 lbs Leather, sole, 201 lbs Lumber, pine, 4,366 ft. Lumber, spruce, 1,800 ft. Lumber, spruce, 1,800 ft. Lumber, maple, 500 ft. Lumber, birch, 500 ft. Locks, desk, 1 doz Locks, Yale, 1 doz Level glasses, 3 doz Moose hides, 3 Nails, chair, 1 M Nails, iron, shoe, 6 lbs. Nails, hungarian, 10 lbs. Nails, hungarian, 10 lbs. Nails, wire, 8 kegs Needles, 16,500 Oil, sewing machine, 1 gal. Parisian paste, 20 lbs Parts for blower Parts for knitting machines. Powder, blasting, 10 kegs Padding, felt, 43½ yds. Putty, 358 lbs. Rubber tissue, 2 lbs. Rivets, tinned, 1 M. Rivets, 5 lbs.	2 00 0 17 3 89 30 00 8 96 11 28 2 10 1 20 0 45	Bath bricks, 2 doz Brusbes, rice root, 12 doz. Burners, lamp, 11 doz Brooms, 12 doz. Bunting, 3 pieces. Boxes, pepper, 6 Boxes, salt, 6. Boxes, mustard, 6 Batteries, dry cell, 12 Chair seats, 4 doz. Cups and saucers, 1 doz. Dishes, soap, 6 doz. Glasses, lamp, 30 doz. Glasses, lamp, 30 doz. Glasses, lantern, 9 doz. Handcuffs, 6 pairs. Iron, galv., 454 lbs Knives and forks, 1 doz. Leg irons, 6 pairs. Lawn mower, 1 Lawn shears, 1 pair. Plates, dinner, 1 doz. Pudding pans, 12 doz. Rakes, 1 doz. Razors, 1 doz. Repairs to eco clock. Repairs to wall clocks. Spoons, desert, 13 doz. Spoons, desert, 13 doz. Spoons, desert, 13 doz.	2 30 10 80 8 35 28 80 15 60 0 14 0 24 0 24 2 88 4 65 0 90 12 90 17 30 6 00 30 00 18 61 1 65 4 10 4 00 0 75 0 95 23 40 2 59 11 00 3 50 6 00 - 3 97 0 15
Repairs to tools Shoe rivets, 50 lbs. Shoe tacks, 35 lbs. Screws, F. head, 42 gross Serews, coach, 125 Serews, iron bench, 6 Steel shanks, 24 doz. pairs. Sand screen, 45 ft	8 05 11 45 5 60 9 13 6 97 3 50 9 60 8 10 6 60	Spoons, table, 1 doz. Tin, sheet, 40 lbs. Wash basins, enamelled, 6 doz. Whisks, 1 doz. Postage Crate. Freight and express.	0 28 3 70 10 60 1 50 0 37 1 49 8 41
Shovels, 1 doz. Subs. to Trade Journals, 2 Shears, ground, 6 pairs. Shields, expansion, 200. Taps, machine, 2 Tin, ingot, 225 lbs. Tin, sheet, 2 boxes Tire upsetter, 1 Thread, shoe, 12 lbs. Thread, linen, shoe, 1 lb. Thread, silk, 2 spools. Thread, linen, 48 lbs. Thread, 2 gross Varnish, 5 gals. Wire, eloth, 1 roll. Wire, stove pipe, 5 lbs. Freight and express.	5 50 2 65 15 37 0 79 112 50 7 50 14 00 10 80 2 25 4 45 91 20 9 00 12 50 3 93 0 28 1 20 69 47	Lands, Buildings and Walls. Blue prints, 1 set Bend, return, 1 (rosses, 141	1 60 1 90 36 46 2,220 00 3 68 15 75 28 08 7 15 22 02 66 15 48 75 104 50 213 05 59 17
PRISON EQUIPMENT. Furnishings. Cotton, grey, 800 yds Crash, 613 yds Forfar linen, 940 yds Oil cloth, 2 pieces. Soap, barber's, 20 lbs Soap, castile, 89 lbs Ticking, 322 yds Freight and express	84 00 61 30 242 65 4 80 8 50 11 37 64 40 3 40	Nails, wire, 2 kegs. Pipe, 3, 497 ft. Plasterers' hair, 3 bales. Plaster of Paris, 1 brl. Shingles, cedar, 1 M. Sand, 416 yds. Trap, 4-in, 1. Tees, 157. Unions, 3. Freight on cement. Freight and express on sundries. Less refund of expenditure.	

MANITOBA—Concluded.

MISCELLA NEOUS. Travel.	\$ cts.	Miscellaneous—Concluded. Special.	\$ et:
Departmental Officers— G. W. Dawson E. J. Adams R. R. Creighton Penitentiary Officers— D. Phelan, M. D. Col. Irvine, I.S.O. Sundry officers. Return of two paroled convicts.	95 00 95 00 125 50 115 50 102 90 105 40 115 71 755 01	Bus hire. Automobile hire, Governor General's visit to penitentiary	3 00 71 50 250 00 20 00 344 50 60,719 12

MANITOBA.

RECAPITULATION.

C. a. a.	\$	ets.	\$	cts.
Staff— Salaries and retiring allowances Uniforms and mess		510 21 582 72		
Maintenance of Convicts—			30,0	92 93
Rations Clothing and medicines		614 35 588 61	9,2	02 96
Discharge Expenses— Freedom suits and allowances		091 18 53 7 40	1,6	28 58
Working Expenses— Heat, light and water Maintenance of buildings and machinery Chapels, schools and library. Office expenses	2,	486 56 533 17 233 67 315 86	10,5	69 26
Industries— Farm Trade shops		003 83 658 44	3,6	62 27
Prison Equipment— Furnishing		480 42 288 12 695 07	4,4	63 61
Miscellaneous— Advertising and travel Special.		755 01 344 50	1,0	99 51
Total			60,7	19 12

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

STAFF.	\$ cts.	Staff-Concluded.	\$ cts.
Salaries.		Mess.	
General.		Bacon, 19 ¹ / ₄ lbs	4 33
Warden, I, 12 m Chaplain, I, 12 m Chaplain, I, broken period Surgeon, I, 12 m Accountant, I, 12 m Hospital overseer, I, 12 m Steward, I, 12m	2,200 00 1,000 00 416 67 1,500 00 1,200 00 900 00 900 00 900 00	Butter, 952½ lbs. Beef, 5,840 lbs Baking powder, 23 lbs Baking soda, 36 lbs Beans, 50 lbs Cornstarch, 30 lbs Coffee, 16 lbs Eggs, 24 doz. Fruit, 6 tins	266 64 558 90 5 85 3 00 2 12 1 86 5 15 8 75 1 30
Storekeepr, 1, 12 m	833 34	Flour, 200 bags. Flour, pastry, 2 brls. Fish, fresh, 757 lbs. Lard, 400 lbs.	497 50 11 10 52 55 42 60
Engineer, 1, 12 m	1,000 00 3,200 00 782 78	Milk, 1,140 ² qts Onion, 100 lbs Potatoes, 3,910 lbs Prunes, 400 lbs Peaches, 370 lbs Pepper, 12 lbs	140 03 4 00 53 95 34 50 53 50 1 82
Deputy warden, 1, 12 m Chief keeper, 1, broken period. Chief watchman, 1, 12 m Watchmen, 5, broken periods. Keeper, 1, 12 m Keeper, 3, broken periods Guards, 7 at \$700, 12 m Guards, 23, broken periods	1,500 00 666 67 900 00 966 66 800 00 1,333 32 4,900 00 6,842 85	Rolled oats, 210 lbs Sage, 6 lbs Suct, 20 lbs Sugar, granulated, 1, 205 lbs Tea, 185 lbs Vinegar, 2 gals. Yeast cakes, 6 boxes	6 75 1 50 3 00 73 64 41 24 0 60 8 10
Temporary officers	5,083 36		1,884 28
Less refund of expenditure	37,825 65 10 98	-	
· Retiring allowances.	37,814 67	MAINTENANCE OF CONVICTS.	
	1,145 82	M. M	
H. Disney	1,110 05	Rations.	
Uniforms. Buttons, brace, bone, 6 gross. Buttons, gilt, 6 gross. Cap badges, 6 doz. Canvas, French, 248\(\frac{1}{2}\) yds. Gloves, 40 prs. Holland, 95 yds. Hair cloth, 60 yds. Italian, 55\(\frac{1}{2}\) yds. Leaces, tan, 5 gross. Leather, sole, 506 lbs. Leather, box calf, 115 lbs. Leather, welt, 37\(\frac{1}{2}\) lbs. Leather, willow calf, 136 ft. Leather, lining, 10\(\frac{1}{2}\) lbs. Lining, sleeve, 127\(\frac{1}{2}\) yds. Lining, tweed, 71\(\frac{1}{2}\) yds. Lining, tweed, 71\(\frac{1}{2}\) yds. Padding, felt, 59 yds. Polish, shoe, 4 gals. Rubber heels, 9 doz. Rubber tissue, 3 lbs. Serge, khaki, 153 yds. Thread, silk, 2 lbs. Thread, hardash, 3 lbs. Thread, linen, 9 lbs. Thread, button hole twist, 2 lbs. Webbing, boot, 50 yds.	0 75 16 00 21 60 26 60 35 87 14 25 13 80 19 43 4 25 13 82 31 05 13 50 47 15 3 23 21 66 43 05 14 75 4 10 23 10 3 00 266 89 151 47 18 00 25 50 19 80 7 66 1 50 1 15 23 64	Barley, 320 lbs Beans, 8,970 lbs. Becf, 39,446 lbs. Cornmeal, 2,306 lbs. Flour, 1,671 bags. Fish, fresh, 9,940 lbs. Keep of prisoner in jail, 10 days. Lard, 130 lbs. Oatmeal, 200 lbs. Onions, 200 lbs. Onions, 200 lbs. Onions, 2,3875 lbs. Potatoes, 31,900 lbs. Pruncs, 2,875 lbs. Peaches, evap., 3,750 lbs. Pepper, 263 lbs. Peas, 2,000 lbs. Rolled oats, 4,910 lbs. Rice, 2,361 lbs. Soda, baking, 6 lbs. Spice, mixed, 1 lb. Sage, 12 lbs. Syrup, 22,141 lbs. Sagar, 8,500 lbs. Salt, coarse, 5,000 lbs. Salt, fine, 2,610 lbs. Tea, 819 lbs. Vinegar, 59 gals. Veast, 90 lbs. Christmas extras. Ergipht and expresss	12 40 363 64 3,777 75 54 94 4,079 65 686 13 5 00 8 00 2 50 634 50 234 26 354 00 40 68 90 00 154 45 85 26 0 42 0 35 3 00 553 52 444 70 37 65 26 10 104 91 17 90 117 95 63 20
Freight and express	23 64	Freight and express	3 70
	1,011 57	_	11,982 26

BRITISH COLUMBIA—Continued.

Maintenance of Convicts-Concluded.	\$ ets.	Discharge Expenses—Concluded.	\$ cts.
Clothing.		Allowances and Freedom Suits-Concl'd	
Buckles, pant, 6 pkgs. Buttons, pant, 21½ gr. gross. Brace webbing, 173 yds. Boot, elastic, 121½ yds. Canvas, 100 yds. Cloth, checked, 962½ yds. Cotton, grey, 517 yds.	0 90 26 30 25 95 18 22 7 00 943 01 54 28	Shirts, top, 6 doz Sateen, 172 yds Ties, 6 doz Thread, linen, 10 lbs Tweed, discharge, 286 yds Freight and express	27 00 17 20 6 00 19 50 155 24 10 86
Denim, 1,882 yds	432 86		1,397 52
Holland, white, 48 yds. Hats, straw, 12 doz Ink, burnishing, 10 gals. Ink, indelible, 2 qts. Laces, leather, 10 gross.	8 64 18 00 5 00 9 00 9 00	Transfers and Interments. Transfer female to Edmonton	185 25
Leather, sole, 3,058 lbs Leather, smooth chrome, 351 lbs	840 13 80 73	WORKING EXPENSES.	
Leather, russett, 65 lbs Lining, jean, 103½ yds	5 20 9 32	Heat, Light and Water.	
Pegs, shoe, 1 bush Rivets, shoe, 160 lbs Thread, linen, 20 lbs Underwear, 206½ doz Yarn, 455 lbs Freight and express	924 23	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	21 38 673 23 1,784 70 1,090 00 19 80 4 60
	3,834 71	Water. Light.	904 17 805 00
Hospital.		Cartage	1 88
Biscuits, sodas, I tin. Bacon, 406 lbs Butter, 189 lbs. Drugs and medicines. Brandy, I bottle. Coffee, 45 lbs. Cocoa, 41 lbs Cornstareh, 6 lbs Cups, sputum, 2,000. Chickens, 3. Eggs, 93½ doz. Fruit, fresh, sundry. Fluid beef, 22 lbs. Fluid beef, 22 bots. Gelatine, 6 pkgs. Keep of insane convicts, sundry. Mosquito netting, 10 yds. Mustard, 10 lbs. Milk, 1,557 qts. Professional services, sundry. Stocking, silk, I. Sago. Shot, B.B., 1 lb. Whiskey, Scotch, 1 bot. Freight and express.	53 01 297 79 1 75 14 50 32 89 0 36 21 00 4 10 37 50 12 10 0 60 667 13 1 00 4 00 175 70 35 00 7 60 0 25 0 10	Maintenance of Buildings. Asbestos, 8 sheets. Bolts, carriage, 100. Bolts, sink, 24 Bibbs, Fuller, ½ in., 2 Bibbs, plain, ½ in., 6. Bibbs, plain, ½ in., 6. Bibbs, hose, ½ in., 6 Batteries, dry cells, 29 Bells, electric, 6. Bushings, 6½ doz. Blocks, single, 2 Blocks, single, 2 Blocks, double, 1 Cut-outs, 6 Couplings, pipe, 30 Couplings, fire hose, 2 sets. Couplings, sink, 1 doz. Cocks, stop and waste, 38 Catches, 26 Cord, sash, 35 lbs Cement, 57½ brls. Colours, asst., 7 gals. Colours, asst., 648 lbs.	0 25 5,305 01 \$ cts. 1 25 0 80 1 00 1 82 3 00 2 40 3 60 8 72 2 11 3 69 1 44 0 70 4 10 27 60 4 75 3 00 42 38 2 13 14 00 143 75 15 75 45 09
Allowances and Freedom Suits. Allowances to convicts. Buttons, coat and vest, 57 gross. Braces, 6 doz. Canvas, French, 400 yds. Hats, 6 doz. Italian, 1083 yds. Lining, sleeve, 3041 yds. Laces, mohair, 2 gross. Leather, welt, 20 lbs. Leather, box chrome, 1521 lbs. Lenther, sole, 525 lbs. Polish, shoe, 2 gals.	1 50 7 20 33 55 144 07	Crosses, railing, 34 Chain, iron, 32 ft. Discs, 6. Escutcheons, 3 doz. Elbows, black, 2 doz Elbows, railing, 34 Elbows, stovepipe, 12 Electric fittings, sundry Fire-back for range, 1 Felt, tarred, 20 rolls. Fuses, 8\frac{3}{2} doz. Grate for range, 3 Glass, 1,000 ft. Hose, fire, 1\frac{1}{2} in., 150 ft. Hose, couplings, 3 sets. Hose, nipple, 7 Heaters, airtight, 8	- 10 20 2 18 0 30 0 30 11 18 7 14 1 35 63 16 3 15 24 25 30 51 35 63 6 00 1 80 33 50

BRITISH COLUMBIA-Continued.

Working Expenses—Cantinued.	\$ cts.	Working Expenses—Continued.	\$ ct
Maintenance of Buildings—Continued.		Maintenance of Buildings-Concluded.	
Hinges, 7½ doz	32 39	Tacks, ½ lb	0 1
nsulating tape, 5 lbs	2 40	Unions, 4 doz.	17 4
nsulating compound, ½ lb	0 35	Varnish, 1 gal.	3 3
ce, 8,300 lbs	65 25	Valves, Jenkins, 16.	16 0
ron, band, 42 lbs.	1 22	Valve, gate, 1	4 10
ron, bar, 1,121 lbs	28 40	Wax, floor, 15 lbs	6 00
ron, Norway, 202 lbsron, square, 359 lbs	10 12 8 98	Wire, wacco, 98 lbs	19 3
ron, round, 2,941 lbs.	85 08	Wire, resistance, 3 lbs	3 80 31 39
apan, brown, 30 gals	28 80	Wire netting, 4 rolls.	16 6
apan, black, 20 gals	17 40	Wire, telephone, 135 lbs	4 1
Aeys, Yale, blank, 4 doz	3 10	Wire annunciator, 7,75 lbs	2 4
inobs, 2 doz	2 40	Wire, barbed, I coil	3 2
Kreso, 156 gals	140 40	Wire, galv. cable, 505 ft	13 79
Lead, white, 2,000 lbs	123 00 14 00	Washers, 10 lbs	0 6
ead, sheet, 109 lbs.	6 29	Washers for spuds, 50. Washers, ball, 7 doz.	2 5 1 9
ye, 16 doz	15 36	Washers, bib, 510.	4 0
ime, 39 brls	58 50	Postage	0 2
ocks, cupboard, 2 doz	6 00	Cartage	0 2
ocks, pad, 3 doz	34 45	Freight and express	32 4
ocks, rim, 1 doz	2 25	-	
umber, cedar, 31 M ft	621 31		3,579 8
umber, fir, 14,650 ft	268 63 91 94	,	
umber, pine, 452 ft	11 98		
umber, mouldings, 236 lin. ft	2 62		
Vails, asst., 51 kegs	160 90	Maintenance of Machinery.	
Oil, boiled, 51 gals	66 30		
oil, raw, 38 gals	44 84	Babbitt metal, 25 lbs	5 6
c. & B. compound, 1 gal	1 68	Belt burrs, 1 lb	0 5
Plugs, 7 doz Paste, soldering, 2 tins	5 82 0 50	Belting, 134 ft Brass tube, 2 ³ / ₄ ft	98 7- 2 7-
Putty, 527 lbs	19 51	Bearing, 1	4 7
Pipe, galv., 1,549 ft	123 55	Bolts, 6	1 80
Pipe, iron, 471 ft	39 26	Copper, bar, $1\frac{1}{2}$, 3 ft	6 7
Pipe, stove, 250 ft	15 03	Fire clay, 2 sacks	2 0
Pipe, stove, 27 lengths	4 25	Hose couplings, 1 doz	1.2
Poles, cedar, 750 ft	75 00 5 80	Hose clamps, 2 doz	1 18 18 0
Paper, tar, 10 rolls Paper, fly, 20 boxes	8 50	Hose, 200 ft	7 4
Paper, wall, 42 rolls	5 94	Oil, dynamo 2 gals.	1 5
aper, wall, border, 45 yds	1 77	Oil, cylinder, 49 gals	22 0
'aper, toilet, 10 cases	53 40	Oil, engine, 5 gals	3 7
arts for heater, sundry	5 40	Pins, escutcheon, 1 lb	0 5
Plants and seeds, sundry	24 85	Pulley, 1	4 5
Polish, metal, 8 doz	15 42	Screws, brass, 1 gross	0 4 7 5
Reducers, galv., 6.	0 60 1 13	Washers, gauge glass, 12.	0 1
Rope, manilla, 111 lbs	11 93	Washers, bibb, 100	0 6
Rosettes, 12.	1 20	Washers, special, 12	3 8
taples, 2 lbs	0 20	Freight and express	2 1
taples, fence, 1 keg	4 00	-	
witches, 3	2 28		197 8
ockets, keyless, 12	1 89	_	
apolio, 2 ½ doz	3 20 160 00		
oda, Wyandotte, 1,400 lbs.	35 98		
oda, washing, 70 lbs	1 35	Chapels, Schools and Library.	
teel, 130 lbs	3 58	company communication and any	
hellac, 7 gals	17 50	Organists' salaries, 2	91 6
hellac, 1 lb	0 50	Books for library, 1	2 2
crews, 31 gross	9 75	Books for school, 15 doz	24 6
erew eyes, 2 gross	0 45	Books for chapels	94 9
ubes, porc., 300	0 70 0 86	Candles, 20 sets	2 2
urpentine, 88 gals	96 00	Washing altar linen	2 2
ape, friction, 10 lbs	3 80	Slate pencils, 4 boxes	32 S 1 3
	000	position, a conto	
elephone, with 12 stations, complete	21 65	Freight and express	1.0
clephone, with 12 stations, complete filing, 13 ft ecs, 12	21 65 9 75 1 23	Freight and express	1 9

BRITISH COLUMBIA—Continued.

Working Expenses-Concluded.	\$ cts.	Industries—Continued.	\$ cts.
Office Expenses.		Farm—Concluded.	
Postage	75 00	Sacking	0 15
Printing	201 25	Freight and express	1 05
Stationery	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2,940 30
Typewriter, 1	128 50	Trade Shops.	
Telegrams	57 98	Anna ahanning 9 dag	1= 00
Telephones Premium on officers' bonds	$\begin{array}{c c} 176 & 90 \\ 24 & 00 \end{array}$	Axes, chopping, 2 doz	$\begin{array}{c} 15 & 00 \\ 2 & 79 \end{array}$
Freight and express	44 87	Awls, stitching, 3 gross	6 00
	948 59	Awls, inseam, 1 gross	2 00 5 00
		Asbestos sheet, 8 lbs	0 64
INDUSTRIES.		Brushes, pencil, 1 doz	2 40
Farm.		Brushes, varnish, $1\frac{1}{2}$ doz	5 95 5 50
T COL SET #		Brushes, camel hair, & doz	2 30
Axle, wagon, 1	29 70	Bolts, earr., 1,050	8 52
Bran, 8,000 lbs Brews of grains, 218	113 00 116 50	Brace, 1	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 75 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$
Brushes, 2½ doz	14 53	Boring machine, 2	9 15
Brush hook, 1 doz	8 40 24 78	Blocks wood, 1	0 75
Blankets, rain, 6	59 40	Baskets, tool, 3	1 05 1 75
Collars, pipe, 2	15 00	Bitts, 2½ doz	3 85
Calks, toe, 50 lbs	4 26	Colours, 26 lbs	5 14 185 31
Cauldron, 60-gal., 2	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Cordwood, $85\frac{3}{4}$ cords	226 00
Dressing, harness, 12 qts	6 00	Chain, 18 ft	2 24
Foot rock, 50 lbs	3 50 8 50	Chain, 138 lbs	10 52 2 59
Felt, fawn, 10 ft	110 67	Chalk, tailors', 14 boxes	0 81
Forks, hay, 1 doz	6 28	Car wheels and axies, 3 sets	71 00
Forks, hay, double, 1	4 00 23 47	Carbons, 1 doz	0 60 6 39
Forks, manure, 2½ doz	43 45	Cement, rubber, ½ gal	1 12
Horses, 2	825 00	Drills, twist, 4	- 1 67
Handles, rake, 3 doz	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 75 \\ 0 & 90 \end{bmatrix}$	Drills, taper, 11	5 87 9 12
Handles, fork, 3 doz	3 40	Drawer pulls, 6 doz	2 40
Horse shoe nails, 25 lbs	3 00	Emery powder, 2 lbs	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 14 \\ 20 & 10 \end{array}$
Horse shoes, 6 kegs	$\begin{bmatrix} 27 & 30 \\ 2 & 00 \end{bmatrix}$	Emery wheels, 7	3 00
Hames, 2 prs	6 40	Fuse, 1,000 ft	4 50
Hay carrier, 1	6 00 0 60	Files, assorted, $17\frac{3}{4}$ doz	18 50 0 33
Knives, butcher, 4	22 50	File cards, 2	4 00
Mattock, 1 doz	5 75	Grindstones, 1	2 45
Neatsfoot oil, 2 gals	$\begin{array}{c} 2 & 70 \\ 633 & 35 \end{array}$	Goggles, 6. Gold size, 20 gals.	0 75 35 00
Pulleys, 6	1 10	Gasoline, 2 cases	5 80
Potatoes, 1,000 lbs	20 00	Glue, 130 lbs	19 75
Powder, stumping, 8 boxes Picks, R.R., 1 doz	53 20 6 00	Horse shoes, 1 keg	4 65 3 00
Parts for wagon, sundry	9 25	Heel plates, 1 gross	0 60
Rakes, 2 doz	6 49	Handles, pick, 6 doz	10 90 10 75
Springs, wagon, 6. Shorts, 8,000 lbs.	14 10 122 00	Handles, axe, 7 doz Handles, sledge, 34 doz	51 00
Seeds, suadry.	227 70	Handles, hoe, 2 doz	1 80
Scraper, road, 1	7 70 0 60	Hammers, 15 doz	13 50 4 80
Scythe stones, 1 doz Scythes, 6 only	3 90	Iron, band, 974½ lbs	30 02
Salt, coarse, 300 lbs	2 25	Iron, round, 200 lbs	5 00
Salt, rock, 300 lbs	2 95 1 60	Iron, galv., 738 lbs	31 41 7 98
Scoops, 6.	5 40	Iron, Norway, 88 lbs	3 87
Soap, 3 tins	0 18	Knives, Farrier, 2	0 50
Thimble skeins, 1 set	$\begin{bmatrix} 10 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \end{bmatrix}$	Locks, drawer, 10 Leather, lace, 9½ lbs	1 25 7 13
Veterinary services	16 00	Leather, russet lining, 1154 ft	17 29
Watering cans, 2	1 39	Leather, welt, 29 lbs	10 44
Wire, barbed, 400 lbs		Lead, red, 100 lbs Lead, pig, 110 lbs	6 00
meeting frame Pettral account to the contract of the contract	210 00	Town bell and booth the state of the state o	0 00

BRITISH COLUMBIA—Continued.

Industries—Concluded.	\$ ets.	Prison Equipment—Continued.	8
Trade Shops—Concluded.		Furnishings.	
-	17 00	D11 200	0.4 **
asts, 22 prs	17 00 1 65	Blankets, 300	645 30
amp, wiek, I			
Iur. acid, 1 gal	1 60	Cotton, twilled, 304 yds	37
lason's lines, 5 lbs	1 50	Fire set, 1	48
lachines, sewing, 1	39 75	Felt, 1,800 sq. ft	94
achines, knitting, 1	35 00	Linen, table, 13 yds	12
Jails, wire, 6 kegs	20 45	Linen, forfar, 1,042½ yds Soap, castile, 1,764 lbs	260
ails, eape, 25 lbs	3 25	Soan, eastile, 1,764 lbs	153
Tails, iron, 20 lbs	1 20	Soap, shaving, 30 lbs	11
alls, from 20 lbs	3 90	Towelling, 600 yds	60
ails, channel, 30 lbs			
eedles, assorted	15 29	Ticking, 109½ yds	22
uts, tapped, 25 lbs	2 00	Whisks, 12 doz	16
ilers, 6	6 60	Freight and express	62
il, sewing, 1 gal	1 00	-	
il, separator, 1 gal	1 00		1,454
il, 3 in 1, 15 doz	16 42	_	
uneh, belt, 6	0 25		
icks, 2 doz	10 00	Utensils and Vehicles.	
ins, 1 doz. pprs	0 40	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	8 10	Axles, 2 sets	40
arts for threading machine			40
arts for chucks	3 29	Buckets, 26 ¹ / ₃ doz	109
arts for knitting machines	1 08	Basins, wash, $6\frac{1}{2}$ doz	21
arts for sewing machines	0 35	Baskets, clothes, 6	6
pe cutter, 1	1 75	Bath brick, 2 doz	0
pe cutter, wheels, 12,	1 40	Batteries, flashlight, 4	1
illey, 2	10 50	Boots, gum, 12 prs	45
iers, 3 prs	1 10	Brushes, deek, 1 doz	3
ower for shop motors	287 75	Brushes, serub, 6 doz	6
anes, 15	40 00	Brushes, shaving, 1 doz	2
		Brooms, corn, 24 doz.	=0
eneils, earpenter's, 6 doz	2 16		59
ope, 828½ lbs	83 98	Brooms, hair, ¼ doz	3
ibs. to Tailor and Cutter'	3 00	Cuspidors, 2½ doz	13
rbs. to 'Canadian Engineer'	3 00	Clock, 1	6
and paper, $2\frac{1}{2}$ reams	8 50	Cans, 41 doz	11
teel, tool, 433 lbs	37 08	Coal hods, ¼ doz. Cartridges, 1 M.	1
eaffolding poles, 2,050 ft	102 50	Cartridges 1 M	43
crew driver, 2	0 95	Colanders, 2	0
manage C	2 80	Dippers, dip, 3	0
quares, 6			
novels, 10 doz	66 15	Dust pans, 14 doz	10
alomine, 5 lbs	0 35	Dishes, assorted, 19 doz	20
nears, tailors', 3 prs	14 50	Flour sieves, 2	0
ws, assorted, 22	30 71	Flashlight, 1	2
rews, 18 gross	13 08	Figures, 1 set	3
dphur, 110 lbs	3 58	Handles, mop, 2 doz	3
acks, shoe, 45 lbs	7 20	Key rings, 2 doz	0
hread, sewing cotton, 8 gross		Knives and forks, 2 doz	4
hread, linen, 36 lbs	83 40	Knives, butcher, ½ doz	3
aroad shoo 25 lbs	27 05	Leather, razor strap, 23 lbs	6
hread, shoe, 35 lbs			
aread, tan silk, 3 1 lbs	20 31	Lawn mowers, 3	16
n, 59 lbs	32 45	Lanterns, C. B., 1½ doz	11
nimbles, I gross	0 17	Meat cleaver, 1	0
vine, eollar, 12 balls	6 36	Meat saws, 2	2
ses, 2	23 13	Measures, 1 set	2
bbing, shoe, 25 yds	0 75	Mugs, 163 doz	44
heelbarrows, 1 doz	26 00	Pans, dish, 4	1
heelbarrow bearings, 8 doz	5 20	Pans, milk, 24	1
	0 60	Perforator, 1	0
rench, coes, 1		Parts for range	30
stoms duty	6 42	Danta for rife	
eight and express	5 17	Parts for rifle	4
		Pots, tea, 5	2
	2,159 12	Pots, eoffee, 6	15
PRISON EQUIPMENT.		Pots, galvanized iron, 2 only	1
		Razors, 18	19
Machinery.		Rakes, lawn, 6.	2
m dentilery.		Revolvers, colts, 12.	174
rials no sulda 10	20.00		
rick moulds, 16	32 00	Steel, butchers, 1	0
isintegrater roll and shaft, 1	46 00	Stamp pads, 6	0
otor, 5 h.p., 1	86 00	Shears, garden, 1 pr	1
otor, 10 h.p., 1	217 00	Shovels, snow, 1 doz	7
		Spoons, table, 13 doz	4
	381 00	Spoons, tea, 10 doz.	ī

BRITISH COLUMBIA-Concluded.

Prison Equipment—Continued.	\$ cts.	Prison Equipment—Concluded.	\$ ct
Utensils and Vehicles-Concluded.		Lands, Buildings and Walls-Concluded.	
Syrup cans, granite, 6 doz	15 90	Pitch, 7,050 lbs	77 60
Thermometers, 8	6 95	Roofing, 10 squares	24 50
Vhisks, 24 doz	34 20	Rosin paper, 12 rolls	8 40
reight and express	19 50	Rivets, c. sunk, 583 lbs	26 2
reight and express		Sash weights, 50 lbs	1 2
	858 67	Sash pins, 25 lbs	2 0
		Shingles, 8 M	18 0
Lands, Buildings and Walls.		Steel, core, 49,861 lbs	4,058 0
Danas, Danaingo ana matto		Steel, machine, 200 lbs	5 0
Bushings, brass, 162½ lbs	56 88	Steel, angle, 5,708 lbs	134 1
Blue prints, 60	5 91	Steel, soft, 11,703 lbs	251 6
Hot water boiler, complete and in-	0 01	Staples, fence, 100 lbs	5 0
stalled	192 00	Tin discs, 10 lbs	0.7
Beds, cell, 50	242 00	Traps, running, 3	3 0
Beds, cell, making only, 142	471 89	Tees, 2 ² / ₄ doz	19 2
Barriers, cell, 66	3,797 64	Welding compound, 50 lbs	5 0
Barriers, cell, making only, 126	2,641 48	Y's, T, 6	5 0
Barriers, window, 20	38 98	Customs' duty on steel	203 1
Bed hinges, making only, 258 prs	12 16	Customs' duty on locks	13 5
Closet bowls, spudded, 2	19 50	Freight on barriers, 3 carloads	1,902 1
Clevices, locking, 96	77 95	Freight, sundries	217
Castings, bed, 6,054 lbs	343 99	Treight, sundrices	
rosses, S2	19 54		21,180 4
Tement, 8844 brls	2,401 34		
Elbows, 94 doz	21 88	MISCELLANEOUS.	
Fuse, 500 ft	3 75	111100000000000000000000000000000000000	
Felt, tarred, 4, 156 lbs	107 64	Travel.	
Felt, tarred, 12 rolls		2 1 41 51 1	
Flushometers, 2	17 58	Return of 4 paroled convicts,	57 2
ron, 4, 902 lbs	108 22	Travel, penitentiary officials	44 (
ron, black, 34 sheets		Travel, G. W. Dawson	95 (
ron, band, 50 lbs	1 25	Travel, E. J. Adams	95 (
ron, bar, 14,939 lbs	395 29	Travel, R. R. Creighton	130
Loeks, prison, 2	28 18	Tram tickets	7
Locks, key, 2	2 00		
locks, pad, 3 doz	15 03		428 2
Lime, 678 brls	1,017 00		
Lumber, cedar, 33,309 ft	542 22	Special.	
Lumber, spruce, 3,066 ft	48 30	l postari	
Lumber, fir, 78, 762 ft	1,254 48	Rifle and revolver competition prizes.	
Lumber, oak, 570 ft	82 47	Professional services	50 (
Lumber, V-ioint, 500 ft	14 00	Repairs to window damaged by	93
Lumber, gutter, 150 lin. ft	18 00	blasting.	
Nails, slating, 20 lbs	1 00	o and the same of	1
Plug, trap screw, 1	0 45		
Downdon atumping 5 apage	34 25		144 5
Powder, stumping, 5 cases	118 43	Total	***
Pulleys, sash, 6 doz	2 40	20(44.,	100,606 (

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

RECAPITULATION.	\$ ct3.	\$ cts.
Staff— Salaries and retiring allowances. Uniforms and mess	38,960 49	
Maintenance of Convicts— Rations Clothing and medicines	11,982 26 5,352 66	17,334 92
Discharge Expenses— Freedom suits and allowances Transfer and interment	1,397 52 185 25	1,582 77
Working Expenses— Heat, light and water Maintenance of buildings and machinery Chapels, schools and library Office expenses.	5,305 01 3,777 62 254 08 948 59	
Industries— Farm Trade shops.	2,940 30 2,159 12	5,099 42
Prison Equipment— Machinery Furnishing Utensils and vehicles Land, buildings and walls.	381 00 1,454 69 858 67 21,180 40	23,874 76
Miscellaneous— Advertising and travel Special	428 25 144 25	572 50
Total		100,606 01

ALBERTA.

STAFF.	\$ cts.	Staff-Concluded.	\$ cts.
Salaries.		Mess.	
General.		Allenies 9 lbs	0.20
Warden, 1, for 12 m Surgeon, 1, for 12 m Accountant, &c., 1, for 12 m. Chaplains, 2 at \$800, for 12 m. Steward, 1, for 12 m Hospital overseer, 1, for 12 m Matron, 1, for 12 m Industrial.	2,200 00 1,200 00 1,200 00 1,600 00 900 00 900 00 500 00	Allspice, 2 lbs. Butter, 1,369 lbs. Baking powder, 64 lbs. Baking soda, 15 lbs. Beci, 270 lbs. Coffee, 325 lbs. Currants, 95 lbs. Cheese, 24 lbs. Cornstarch, 40 lbs. Cloves, 2 lbs. Cinnamon, 2 lbs.	0 32 416 79 10 20 0 75 18 17 74 75 9 62 3 80 2 60 0 48 0 40
Chief trade instructor, 1, for 12 m Engineer, &c., 1, for 12 m Instructors, 3 at \$800, for 12 m Brickmaker, 1 at \$800, for 11 m	1,000 00 1,000 00 2,400 00 733 34	Eggs, 286 doz. Extracts, 1½ doz. Figs, 4 doz. Flour, 34 bags. Ginger, 2 lbs. Lard, 360 lbs. Milk, 616§ gals.	81 42 8 10 1 12 73 61 0 46 56 00 232 42
Police.		Mustard, 12 lbs	3 75 9 00
Deputy warden, 1, for 12 m	1,500 00 900 00 750 00 687 50 666 60 800 00 4,200 00 3,678 09 2,124 91	Nutmegs, 2 lbs. Pork, 3,671½ lbs. Peas, canned, 6 doz. Raisins, 145 lbs. Sugar, granulated, 2,700 lbs. Tea, 400 lbs. Tomatoes, canned, 12 gross. Tapioca, 63 lbs. Vinegar, 9 gals. Freight and cartage.	0 60 377 14 9 00 11 08 165 20 120 00 28 30 4 06 4 10 18 32
	28,940 44		1,741 56
		_	
Buttons, gilt, 3 gross. Badges, for uniforms, 8. Caps, staff, 3. Caps, staff, 3. Caps, badges, 6 doz. Canvas, French, 203 yds. Capes, waterproof. 6. Coat, waterproof. 1. Cloth, scarlet, 2½ yds. Felt, sole, 23 lbs. Gloves, 2½ doz. Hardash, 3 lbs. Italian cloth, 5½ yds. Italian cloth, 5½ yds. Leather, sole, 500 lbs. Leather, French, 39½ lbs. Leather, French, 39½ lbs. Leather, willow, 200½ ft. Lining, sleeve, 9 yds. Moose hides, 4. Pudding, felt, 85½ yds. Polish, boot, 18½ doz. Polish, boot, 18½ doz. Polish, boot, 42 tins. Persian lamb skins, 3 Stove dressing, 4 doz. Silesia, 34½ yds. Sateen, 125 yds. Silk, swing, 3½ lb. Silk, twist, 2 lbs. Serge, 57 yds. Shoulder knots, 3 prs. Tape, 7 gross. Wadding, 25 yds. Freight and cartage.	8 00 5 60 19 50 21 60 27 81 14 55 7 03 8 94 20 70 32 00 45 00 15 00 25 75 2 45 137 50 58 37 67 25 15 18 28 00 21 38 16 00 6 20 36 00 4 00 5 52 62 50 30 97 7 7 27 87 55 7 50 3 15 5 7 50 3 15 5 7 50 6 2 00 6 2 00 7 7 7 8 7 5 5 5 7 5 0 0 8 2 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00	Rations. Rations. Beef, 60,761 lbs Beans, 4,540 lbs. Barley, pot, 200 lbs. Evaporated apples, 660 lbs Evaporated pears, 100 lbs. Evaporated peaches, 400 lbs. Fish, 1,546 lbs Flour, 1,127 bags. Figs, 757 lbs Lard, 260 lbs Onions, 1,927 lbs Peas, split, 900 lbs. Peaper, 120 lbs Prunes, 2,325 lbs Prunes, 2,325 lbs Rolled oats, 5,760 lbs Rolled oats, 5,760 lbs Sugar, 7,500 lbs Syrup, 702 lbs Syrup, 702 lbs Tea, 815 lbs Vinegar, 4 gals. Yeast, 280 lbs. Christmas extras. Freight and cartage.	3, 788 38 198 00 5 50 83 25 15 00 65 50 105 57 2, 438 04 46 16 40 20 61 99 32 50 29 25 225 89 229 39 47 25 188 40 460 25 67 25 24 57 130 40 1 60 57 05 15 60 33 61
	886 08		8,390 60
		-	

ALBERTA-Continued.

Maiatenance of Convicts-Concluded.	\$ ets.	Discharge Expenses—Concluded.	\$ cts.
• Clothing.		Interments.	
Buttons, trouser, 10½ gross Buttons, vest, 1 gross	12 27 1 10	Interments	13 70
Buckles, brace, 3 gross. Brace, webbiag, 300 yds. Cloth, prison, 2114 yds.	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 00 \\ 36 & 00 \\ 207 & 03 \end{array}$	WORKING EXPENSES.	
Cotton, 507 yds. Denim, 1,027 yds.	60 51 236 21	Heat, Light and Water.	
Duck, 107 ³ / ₄ yds	21 55 14 90	Coal oil, 160·10 gals Electric light acct	40 21 1,460 26
Duffle, 16 yds	20 00 165 22	Lamps, electric, 500	80 83 0 25
Hats, straw, 12 doz	18 00 0 25	Water acct	282 40
Hooks, boot, ½ M Leather, sole, 1,998 lbs	549 45		1,863 95
Leather, welt, 51½ lbs	238 14 18 54	77 77 0 36 1	
Moose hides, 12	84 00 6 77	Maintenance of Buildings & Machinery.	
Underclothing, 65 doz	336 50 137 78	Asphaltum, 2 gals	1 80 0 32
Freight and cartage	47 80	Bushings, 3	0 13 0 55
	2,215 02	Babbit metal, 22½ lbs	4 95 18 60
Hospital.		Bibbs, 4. Castings, stove, 2	2 75 2 00
Butter, 120 lbs	39 60	Cluster, headers, 2	5 50
Bottles, ½ gross Corks, ½ gross	2 10 0 30	Cord, sash, $30\frac{3}{4}$ lbs	10 15 9 10
Drugs, Eggs, 12 doz	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Closet bowl, I	5 25 0 10
Milk, 8114 gals Tobacco, 86 lbs	273 04 66 62	Cleanout door, 1	2 00 0 79
Cost of operation	55 00 36 00	Door sets, 2	4 50 175 44
General hospital	50 00	Elbows, 12	0 60 33 75
	651 30	Emery cloth, 45 qrs	1 75 3 60
DISCHARGE EXPENSES.		Force cups, 6	18 15
Freedom Suits.		Fire bricks, 50	4 00 1 50
Buttons, coat and vest, 4 gross Canvas, French, 250 yds	1 30 22 87	Fuses, 74	11 S0 29 08
Collars, 9 doz	9 00	Grates, stove, 3	4 50 25 12
Dress goods, 16 yds	8 85 22 50	Iron, galvanized, 340 lbsInsulators, 6	15 29 0 60
Hats, women, 2	2 50 4 50	1ce, 48 tons	122 00 187 33
Lining, sleeve, 82 yds Outfit for female convict	7 18 10 84	Kreso, 217·83 gals Lubricating glasses, 4	3 00
Silesia, 110 yds Shirts, 3 doz	10 18 13 50	Lead, red, 10 lbs Lead, white, 500 lbs	0 50 36 25
Tweed, $106\frac{3}{4}$ yds Ties, 4 doz	61 49 4 00	Lye, 31 doz	39 15 0 75
Freight and cartage	10 86 137 50	Nails, I keg	4 20 0 39
Leather, sole, 500 lbs Leather, Canadian calf, 127½ lbs	87 60	Oil, linseed, 40·1 gals	50 12 52 99
	414 67	Oil, boiled, 41-4 gals	21 36
Discharge Allowance.		Paint, aluminum, 4 gals	12 00 7 70
Allowance, to 86 men	886 05	Pet cocks, 2 Packing, rubber, 19 lbs	0 40 7 43
Fares to Strathcona	3 00	Pins, steel, 2	3 90 0 11
	889 05	Reducing couplings, 4	0 28 360 66
Transfers.		Soap, deformed bars, 4,596 lbs	247 10
Transferring prisoners to Prince Albert	149 05	Soda, washiag, 1,100 lbs	22 00 24 00
1-		Shellac, 2 gal	3 70

254 DEP	PARTMENT	OF JUSTICE ·	
	ALBERTA	3 GEORGE V.	, A. 1913
Working Expenses—Concluded.	\$ ets.	Industries—Continued.	\$ cts
Maintenance of Buildings, &cConel'd.		Farms—Concluded.	
Stain, 5 gals Spud rubbers, 3. Soldering paste, 1 lb. Salamoniac, 5 lbs Switches, 1 doz Tee bolts, 2. Tape, friction, 1 roll Tape, electric, 6½ lbs	7 00 0 40 0 75 1 25 2 40 0 15 0 30 3 70	Oats, 20134 bush Rakes, 1 doz Seeds, garden Seeds, potato, 20 bush Suaps, harness Wagon reaches, 2 Wagon tongues, 2	77 90 6 50 6 15 15 00 0 29 2 40 5 00
Valve, globe, 1. Valve, steam, 2. Wire, galvanized, 45 lbs.	1 00 2 36 2 90	Trade Shops.	222 03
Wire, r.c. electric, 176 ft. Wire, fuse, 2 oz. Whiting, 165 lbs. Washers, 9 Customs charges. Freight and cartage.	3 70 0 15 4 13 0 15 11 40 207 89	Awls, 1½ gross. Acid, muriatic, 5½ lbs. Axle, 1. Axle grease, 3 doz. Asbestos, sheet, 13 lbs. Artisyach, 10 sheets	2 87 1 00 1 00 3 60 1 56 1 00
Chapels.	1,850 59	Antisqueak, 10 sheets . Brushes, kalsomine, 12. Brushes, varnish, $1\frac{1}{2}$ doz. Brushes, wall, $\frac{1}{2}$ doz.	16 07 7 66 4 33
Catechisms, 15 doz Organists' salaries	18 68 100 00	Brushes, whitewash, $\frac{2}{3}$ doz	3 69 0 71 0 40
School.	118 68	Bevels, 2. Brace, jaws for, 3 Buttons, iron, 3 gross.	0 44 1 80 0 50
School books	8 65	Buttons, trouser, 2 gross. Buttons, japanned, 3 doz. Babbit metal, 4 lbs. Block, steel, 1	0 30 0 34 0 40 1 23
Books Magazines Freight and cartage	2 00 13 75 12 45	Bushings, 2 Buekles, shoe, 1 gross Bristles, 1 lb. Boot stain, 1 gal. Castings, 375 lbs. Castings, 6	0 \$7 12 50 2 00 15 00 11 00
Office Expenses.	28 20	Cement, rubber, ½ gal	1 00 1 50 2 00
Desk telephone, 1. Rent of post office box. Clock dials, 3 boxes. Clock dials, 1,000. Telephone exchange. Postage. Premium on officers' bonds. Printing. Stationery. Telegrams. "Long distance" telephones. Subscriptions to newspapers. Duty. Freight and cartage.	5 25 7 84 51 54 39 91 24 00 144 89 96 09 43 71 2 05 7 00	Colours, assorted, 26½ lbs Cordwood, 200 cords. Cutting board, 1 Cutting board oil, 2 gals Coal, smiths', 3·40 tons. Chisels, 1 set Chalk, tailors', 3 boxes Chalk, earpenters', ½ gross Catches, cupboard, 2 doz Catches, elbow, 2 doz Drills, machine, 1½ doz Drills, twist, 1 Drills, auto, 5 Diamond glass cutter, 1. Dises, 2	3 06 350 00 5 50 3 00 50 83 3 22 1 00 0 53 1 36 1 1 00 3 51 0 16 4 98 6 83 0 36
Less refund	471 95 4 28	Dye, 20 lbs. Damper, 1 Dies recut, 1 set.	0 70 0 10 1 90
	467 67	Duck, 598 yds Emery cloth, 51 quires Electric fittings	119 60 - 38 28 2 99
INDUSTRIES. Farm. Axes, $\frac{1}{2}$ doz Curry eomb, 1 only. Handles, axe, 1 doz Handles, fork, 1 doz Hay, 3,680 lbs Horse hire, 37 days Horse shoeing Toe calks, 50 lb	1 80 27 84 55 50 13 20	Eyelets, 10 M Files, assorted, 1½ doz. Felt, soling, 42½ lbs. Gasoline, 70 gals Glue, 75 lbs. Gauges, 2 Graphite, 2 lbs. Groover, hand, 1. Hinges, 3½ gross. Handles, chest, 2 prs. Handles, shovel, 6 doz. Handles, awl, 4 doz.	2 55 4 73 38 00 22 04 9 88 1 16 0 55 0 55 8 00 2 16 3 20

ALBERTA—Continued.

Industries=Continued.		1		
Handles, siek, 1 doz.	Industries—Continued.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.
Handles, saw, 2.	Trade Shops—Continued.		Trade Shops—Continued.	
Hoes, mortar, 2.	Handles, pick, 1 doz	1 75		
Hook and eye set, 2.				
Hose bib, 1.	Hook and eye set, 2.	5 50	Paste, shoemakers', 21 lbs	
Heat shaves, y 5 20	Hose bib, 1	0 83	Pail ears, 2 gross.	
Hose, rubber, 2] ft. 0 50 Pitch gauge, 1 0 4 80 Hasps, 1 doz. 0 550 Pitchers, 7 prs. 4 80 Hooks and eyes, 7 doz. 0 550 Pitchers, 7 prs. 4 80 Hooks and eyes, 2 doz. 0 22 Pitchers, 7 prs. 4 80 Pench, bench, 1 8 550 Penchs, septembers, 10 doz. 3 60 Pitchers, 7 prs. 4 80 Pench, bench, 1 8 50 Penchs, septembers, 10 doz. 3 60 Pitchers, 2 1 2 2 75 Pitchers, 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			Packing, 98 lbs	
Hasps, I doz.	Hose rubber 21 ft	0.50	Pitch gange 1	
Hooks and eyes, 2 doz. Hooks and eyes, 2 doz. Dearly Septembers, 10 doz. Pencils, earpneters', 10 doz. Some Denois, shore, 7 M. 275 Plugs, electric, 2. Plugs, electric, 3. Plugs, electric, 2. Plugs, electric, 3. Plugs, electric, 2. Plugs, electric, 3. Plugs, electric, 3. Plugs, electric, 3. Plugs, electric, 3. Plugs, electric, 2. Plugs, electric, 2. Plugs, electric, 3. Plugs, electric, 2. Plugs, electric, 4. Plugs, electric, 2. Plugs, electric, 2. Plugs, electric, 2	Hasps, 1 doz	0 50	Pincers, 7 prs	
Hooks and eyes, 2 doz.	Hooks and eyes, 7 M	8 40	Punch, bench, 1	
Iron, par, 535 bs.	Hooks and eyes, 2 doz	0 22	Pencils, carpenters', 10 doz	
Iron, angle, 34 lbs.			Pulls drawer 3 dez	
Iron, band, 988 lbs.			Pipe cutters, 3	
Ink, burnishing, 1 gal. 1 50 Rivets, tinned, 24 lbs. 3 60 20 36 pan, 2 gal. 1 50 Rivets, copper, 1 lb. 0 20 3 pan, 2 gal. 1 50 Rivets, copper, 1 lb. 0 30 37 Knives, shoe, 2 doz. 2 70 Rivets, shoe, 3 lbs. 5 76 Knives, shoe, 2 doz. 2 70 Rivets, shoe, 3 lbs. 5 76 Knives, pocket, 1 0 30 Rope, 362 lbs. 36 46 Knife sharpeners, 1 doz. 1 65 Rules, 2-tt., 1 ½ doz. 3 76 Kettle, stew, 1 0 85 Rule, 1 0 45 Knife sharpeners, 1 doz. 4 70 4 5 Knife sharpeners, 1 doz. 5 75 4 75 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5				
Joint rimmer 2 00				0 85
Japan, 2 gal.				
Minves, spocket, 1.	Janan 2 gal		Rivets, copper, 1 lb	
Knijes pocket, 1	Knives, shoe, 2 doz	2 70	Rivets, shoe, 51 lbs	
Rette, stew, 0 85 Rule, 0 45	Knives, pocket, 1	0 30	Rope, 362\frac{3}{4} lbs	
Kila doors, 8.	Knife sharpeners, 1 doz		Rules, 2-ft., 1½ doz	
Leather, dongola, 144 ft.	Kettle, stew, 1		Rule, 1	
Leather, lace, 100 ft.	Leather, dongola, 144 ft.		Silesia 207 vds	
Leather, kangaroo, 151½ ff. 68 17 Screws, jack, 2 8 90 Leather, russett lining, 50½ ft. 7 57 Shovels, 1 doz. 5 75 Leather, sole, 168½ lbs. 63 93 Steel shanks, 1 gross. 4 50 Leather, sheepskins, 50 ft. 4 00 Squares, try, ½ doz. 2 09 Locks, euphoard, 1 doz. 0 50 Locks, euphoard, 1 doz. 10 56 Locks, euphoard, 1 doz. 10 56 Locks, euphoard, 1 doz. 10 56 Lumber, fir, 320 ft. 10 56 Lumber, pine, 4,911 ft. 353 77 Lumber, shelving, 997 ft. 38 88 Saws, hand, 2 31 16 Lumber, shelving, 997 ft. 39 88 Saws, keyhole, 3 1 00 Lumber, V. joint, 500 ft. 13 30 Saws, cross-cut, 2 4 00 Levels, 1 0 75 Saws, coping, 1 1 25 Latches, thumb, 2 0 22 Saws este, 2 2 200 Lath, 30 M. 157 50 Scissors, 6 prs. 4 63 Level glasses, 7 0 41 Level, spirit, 1 0 71 Stain, 2 gals. 4 80 Lasts, iron bottom, 24 prs. 24 00 Slabs, 40 cords. 50 Ladle, 1 1 0 75 Spades, ½ doz. 3 50 Lasts, iron bottom, 24 prs. 24 00 Slabs, 40 cords. 50 Ladle, 1 1 0 75 Spades, ½ doz. 3 50 Mattocks, ½ doz. 3 25 Soldering paste, 1 lb. 2 00 Mica, 4 sheets. 0 20 Stick punches, 3 075 Magneto, 1 2 00 Soldering paste, 1 lb. 2 00 Mica, 4 sheets. 0 20 Stick punches, 3 075 Magneto, 1 2 00 Solder, 100 lbs. 5 37 Nails, moulding, 10 lbs. 1 30 Nails, moulding, 10 lbs. 1 30 Nails, wire, 9 kegs. 37 35 Thread, landsh, 3 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 50 Oil, neatsfoot, 3 gal. 0 30 Oil, clastor, 5 gals. 2 29 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 29 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 29 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 3 2 14 Oil, 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Oil, sewing machine, 1 gal. 0 75 Paper, varapping, 2 rms. 1 144 Vire, and career, 1 20 Vire, paper, and, 16 qrs. 2 99 Varaish, 10 gal. 2 20 Varaish, 10	Leather, lace, 100 ft			
Leather, russett lining, 50½ ft. 757 Shovels, 1 doz 575 Leather, sole, 168⅓ lbs. 663 93 Steel shanks, 1 gross. 450 Loather, sheepskins, 50 ft. 400 Squares, try, ½ doz. 209 Lowks, cupboard, 1 doz. 050 Subscription to Tailor and Cutter. 300 Loather, fir, 520 ft. 105 Saws, 2 295 Lumber, cedar, 3,712 ft. 215 91 Saws, rip, 2 316 Lumber, pine, 4,911 ft. 353 77 Saws, hand, 2 317 Lumber, shelving, 997 ft. 39 88 Saws, keyhole, 3 100 Levels, 1 0 75 Saws, coping, 1 125 Latches, thumb, 2 0 22 Lath, 30 M. 157 50 Scissors, 6 prs. 4 63 Level glasses, 7 0 44 Sheaves, 4 2 70 Level, sprirt, 1 0 71 Stain, 2 gals. 4 80 Lamps, kit, 1 0 75 Spades, ½ doz. 350 Ladel, 1 0 75 Spades, ½ doz. 350 Ladel, 1 0 0 75 Spades, ½ doz. 350 Ladel, 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Leather, kangaroo, $151\frac{1}{2}$ ft	68 17	Screws, jack, 2	
Leather, sole, 1683 lbs.	Leather, welt, 10½ lbs	3 78	Sewing machines, parts for	
Locks, cupboard, 1 doz. 0 50 Subscription to Tailor and Cutter. 3 00 Lumber, fir, 320 ft. 10 56 Saws, 2 2 95 Lumber, cedar, 3,712 ft. 10 56 Saws, 2 3 16 Lumber, pine, 4,911 ft. 353 77 Saws, hand, 2 317 Lumber, shelving, 997 ft. 39 88 Saws, keyhole, 3 100 Lumber, V. joint, 500 ft. 13 50 Saws, cross-cut, 2 400 Lumber, V. joint, 500 ft. 13 50 Saws, cross-cut, 2 400 Levels, 1 0 75 Saws, coping, 1 125 Latches, thumb, 2 0 22 Saw sets, 2 20 Lath, 30 M. 157 50 Scissors, 6 prs. 463 Level glasses, 7 0 41 Sheaves, 4 22 70 Level, spirit, 1 0 71 Stain, 2 gals. 480 Larps, kit, 1 0 75 Spades, 3 doz. 3 50 Lasts, iron bottom, 24 prs. 24 00 Slabs, 40 cords. 500 Ladel, 1. 0 75 Speed indicators, 2 800 Ladde, 1. 0 75 Serew drivers, 3 348 Metal pot, 1 0 65 Seaming stakes, 1 900 Mattocks, 3 doz. 3 25 Soldering paste, 1 lb. 2 00 Mica, 4 sheets. 0 20 Stick punches, 3 0 75 Magneto, I. 20 Sand sapers, 8 qrs. 1 40 Nails, moulding, 10 lbs. 1 30 Sand sapers, 8 qrs. 1 40 Nails, moulding, 10 lbs. 1 30 Sand sapers, 8 qrs. 1 40 Nails, wire, 9 kegs. 3 735 Najpers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Oil, neathor, 413 gals. 1 30 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 28 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 28 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 29 Capper, sand, 16 qrs. 2 99 Capper, sand, 16 qrs. 2 99 Capper, sand, 16 qrs. 2 99 Capper, ranging, 2 rms. 1 44 Capper, varpping, 2 rms. 1 44 Capper, varpping, 2 rms. 1 49 Capper, varpping, 2 rms. 1 40 Capper, cutting, 7 prs. 1 50 Capper, sand, 16 qrs. 2 99 Capper, sand, 16 qrs. 2 99 Capper, sand, 16 qrs. 2 99 Capper, varpping, 2 rms. 1 44 Capper, varpping, 2 rms. 1 44 Capper, varpping, 2 rms. 1 44 Capper, varpping, 2 rms. 1 49 Capper, varpping, 2 rms. 1 44 Capper, varpping, 2 rms. 1 40 Capper, varpping, 2 rm			Shovels, I doz	
Lomber, fir, 320 ft.			Squares try 4 doz	
Lumber, fir, 320 ft.	Locks, cupboard, 1 doz		Subscription to Tailor and Cutter	
Lumber, pine, 4,911 ft 353 77 Saws, hand, 2 3 17 Lumber, Shelving, 997 ft 39 88 Saws, keyhole, 3 1 00 Lumber, V. joint, 500 ft 13 30 Saws, cross-cet, 2 4 00 Levels, 1 0 75 Saws, coping, 1 1 25 Latches, thumb, 2 0 22 Saw sets, 2 2 200 Lath, 30 M. 157 50 Scissors, 6 prs. 4 63 Level glasses, 7 0 41 Sheaves, 4 2 70 Level, spirit, 1 0 71 Stain, 2 gals. 4 80 Lamps, kit, 1 0 75 Spades, 3 doc. 3 50 Lasts, iron bottom, 24 prs. 24 00 Slabs, 40 cords. 50 00 Lead, white, 100 lbs. 7 25 Seed indicators, 2 8 00 Lead, white, 100 lbs. 7 25 Serw drivers, 3 3 48 Metal pot, 1 0 65 Seaming stakes, 1 9 00 Mattocks, § doc. 3 25 Soldering paste, 1 lb. 2 00 Molar, 4 sheets. 0 20 Scile punehes, 3 0 75 Magneto, 1			Saws, 2	2 95
Lumber, shelving, 99'ft.	Lumber, cedar, 3,712 ft		Saws, rip, 2	
Levels, 1. 0.75 Saws, coping, 1. 1.25 Latches, thumb, 2. 0.22 Saw, sets, 2. 2.00 Lath, 30 M. 157 50 Scissors, 6 prs. 4.63 Level glasses, 7. 0.41 Sheaves, 4. 2.70 Level, spirit, 1. 0.71 Stain, 2 gals. 4.80 Lamps, kit, 1. 0.75 Spades, ½ doz. 3.50 Lasts, iron bottom, 24 prs. 24 00 Slabs, 40 cords. 50 00 Ladte, 1. 0. 75 Speed indicators, 2. 8.00 Lead, white, 100 lbs. 7. 25 Screw drivers, 3. 3.48 Metal pot, 1. 0.65 Seaming stakes, 1. 9.00 Mattocks, ½ doz. 3.25 Soldering paste, 1 lb. 2.00 Mattocks, ½ doz. 3.25 Soldering paste, 1 lb. 2.00 Mattocks, ½ doz. 3.25 Solder, 100 lbs. 23 550 Moose hides, 4. 28 00 Solder, 100 lbs. 23 550 Moose hides, 4. 28 00 Sand paper, 8 qrs. 1.40 Nails, moulding, 10 lbs. 1.30 Sand screen, 1 yd. 0. 45 Nails, wire, 9 kegs. 37 35 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5.80 Thread, linen, 25 lbs. 5.81 Nuts, hexagon, 200. 16 75 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5.37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5.80 Thread, shoe, 37 lbs. 5.11 Oil, cylinder, 6 gals. 5.16 Tacks, shoc, 37 lbs. 5.17 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2.28 Tracks, thumb, 3 doz. 0.30 Oil, nacts, 5 gals. 6.00 Trowcls, 15. 17 19 Oil, Cuban, ½ gal. 0.75 Track, wood, 1. 4.75 Oil, sewing machine, 1 gal. 0.75 Track, wood, 1. 4.75 Oil, sewing machine, 1 gal. 0.75 Paper, wrapping, 2 rms. 11 44 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds. 12 10 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds. 12 10 Planes, 3. 755 Wire, tinners', 120 lbs. 43 Wire, galvanied, 46 lbs. 1.72 Wire, galvanied, 46 lbs. 1.72 Planes, 3. 755 Wire, tinners', 120 lbs. 43 Wire, galvanied, 46 lbs. 1.73	Lumber shelving 997 ft		Saws kaybola 2	
Levels, 1	Lumber, V. joint, 500 ft.			
Lath. 30 M	Levels, 1	0.75	Saws, coping, 1	
Level, spirit, 1			Saw sets, 2	2 00
Level, spirit, 1	Lath, 30 M	157 50		
Lamps, kit, 1	Level, spirit, 1	0 41	Stain 2 gals	
Lasts, iron bottom, 24 prs. 24 00 Slabs, 40 cords. 50 00 Ladle, 1 0 75 Speed indicators, 2 8 00 Lead, white, 100 lbs. 7 25 Screw drivers, 3 3 48 Metal pot, 1 0 65 Screw drivers, 3 3 48 Metal pot, 1 0 65 Screw drivers, 3 9 00 Mattocks, ½ doz. 3 25 Soldering paste, 1 lb. 2 00 Mattocks, ½ doz. 3 25 Soldering paste, 1 lb. 2 00 Mose, 4 sheets. 0 20 Stick punehes, 3 0 75 Magneto, 1 2 00 Solder, 100 lbs. 23 50 Moose hides, 4 28 00 Sand paper, 8 qrs. 1 40 Nails, moulding, 10 lbs. 1 30 Sand screen, 1 yd. 0 45 Nails, wire, 9 kegs. 37 35 Thread, cotton, 28 gross. 126 00 Nails, shoe, 45 lbs. 2 70 Thread, linen, 25 lbs. 58 10 Nuts, hexagon, 200. 16 75 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, hardash, 3 lbs. 15 25 Oil, neatsfoot, 3 gal. 3 30 Tacks, shoe, 37 lbs. 5 11 Cill, cylinder, 6 gals. 5 16 Tacks, cut, 12 doz, pprs. 3 09 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 28 Tacks, thumb, 3 doz. 0 30 Oil, machine, 41½ gals. 13 70 Tacks, wood, 1 4 75 Oil, sewing machine, 1 gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 10 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Track, wood, 1 4 75 Oil, sewing machine, 1 gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 10 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Track, sood, 1 1 4 75 Oil, sewing machine, 1 gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 10 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Track, sood, 1 1 4 75 Oil, sewing machine, 1 gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 10 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Track, wood, 1 4 75 Truck wheels, 4 10 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Track, sood, 1 1 4 75 Truck wheels, 4 10 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Track, sood, 1 1 4 75 Truck wheels, 4 10 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Track, sood, 1 1 4 75 Truck wheels, 4 10 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Track, sood, 1 1 4 75 Truck wheels, 4 10 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Track, sood, 1 1 4 75 Truck wheels, 4 10 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Track, sood, 1 1 4 75 Truck wheels, 4 10 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Track, sood, 1 1 4 75 Truck wheels, 4 10 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Track, sood, 1 1 4 75 Truck wheels, 4 10 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Track, sood, 1 1 4 75 Truck wheels, 5 10 Oil 5 In 1 20 Oil 5 In 1 1 20 Oil 5 In 1 20 Oil 5			Spades, ½ doz	
Lead, white, 100 lbs. 7 25 Speed indicators, 2. 8 00 Lead, white, 100 lbs. 7 25 Serew drivers, 3. 3 48 Metal pot, 1. 0 65 Serew drivers, 3. 3 48 Metal pot, 1. 0 65 Serew drivers, 3. 9 00 Mattocks, ½ doz. 3 25 Soldering paste, 1 lb. 2 00 Mica, 4 sheets. 0 20 Stick punches, 3. 0 75 Magneto, 1. 2 00 Soldering paste, 1 lb. 2 00 Moose hides, 4. 28 00 Solder, 100 lbs. 23 50 Moose hides, 4. 28 00 Sand paper, 8 qrs. 1 40 Nails, wire, 9 kegs. 37 35 Thread, cotton, 28 gross. 126 00 Nails, wire, 9 kegs. 37 35 Thread, cotton, 28 gross. 126 00 Nails, shoe, 45 lbs. 2 70 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 53 7 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 53 7 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Sold, neatsfoot, 3 gal. 3 30 Tacks, shoc, 37 lbs. 5 10 Cil, cylinder, 6 gals. 5 16 Tacks, cut, 12 doz, pprs. 3 09 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 28 Tacks, thumb, 3 doz. 0 30 Oil, machine, 41½ gals. 13 70 Tack, wood, 1 475 Oil, sewing machine, 1 gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 140 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Track, wood, 1 475 Oil, sewing machine, 1 gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 140 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Track, wood, 1 475 Oil, sewing machine, 1 gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 140 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Track, wood, 1 475 Oil, sewing machine, 1 gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 140 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Toe calks, 50 lb 1 23 Apper, sand, 16 qrs. 2 98 Varaish, 10 gal. 20 95 Paper, wrapping, 2 rms. 11 44 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds. 12 10 Planes, 3 755 Wire, timore's, 120 lbs. 4 38 Planes, hollow 2 130 Wire, galagated, 46 lbs. 1 73	Lasts, iron bottom, 24 prs		Slabs, 40 cords	
Metal pot, 1 0 65 Seaming stakes, 1 9 00 Mattocks, ½ doz. 3 25 Soldering paste, 1 lb. 2 00 Mica, 4 sheets. 0 20 Stick punches, 3 0 75 Magneto, 1 2 00 Solder, 100 lbs. 23 50 Moose hides, 4 28 00 Sand paper, 8 qrs. 1 40 Nails, moulding, 10 lbs. 1 30 Sand paper, 8 qrs. 1 40 Nails, wire, 9 kegs. 37 35 Thread, cotton, 28 gross. 126 00 Nails, shoe, 45 lbs. 2 70 Thread, cotton, 28 gross. 126 00 Nails, shoe, 45 lbs. 2 70 Thread, linen, 25 lbs. 58 10 Nuts, hexagon, 200 16 75 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Villager, 6 gals. 5 16 Tacks, shoe, 37 lbs. 5 11 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 28 Tacks, shoe, 37 lbs. 5 11 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 28 Tacks, stumb, 3 doz. <	Ladle, I		Speed indicators, 2	
Mica, 4 sheets. 0 20 Stick punches, 3 0 75 Magneto, I 2 00 Stock punches, 3 0 75 Magneto, I 2 00 Moose hides, 4 28 00 Solder, 100 lbs 23 50 Moose hides, 4 28 00 Sand paper, 8 qrs. 1 40 Sand screen, 1 yd. 0 45 Nails, wire, 9 kegs. 37 35 Thread, cotton, 28 gross. 126 00 Nails, shoe, 45 lbs. 2 70 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Oil, neatsfoot, 3 gal. 3 30 Tacks, shoe, 37 lbs. 5 10 Tacks, shoe, 37 lbs. 5 11 Oil, cylinder, 6 gals. 5 16 Tacks, cut, 12 doz, pprs. 3 09 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 28 Tacks, thumb, 3 doz. 0 30 Oil, machine, 41½ gals. 13 70 Tack, wood, 1 475 Oil, sewing machine, I gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 140 Oil 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Tacks, 3 2 14 Turpentine, 42½ gals. 41 90 Oil stove, 1 20 Tacks, sod, 1 475 Truck wheels, 4 140 Oil stove, 1 20 Tacks, sod, 1 42 Tarpentine, 42½ gals. 41 90 Oil stove, 1 20 Tacks, sod, 1 20 Tacks, sod, 1 22 Tacks, sod, 1 22 Tacks, sod, 1 42 Tarpentine, 42½ gals. 41 90 Oil stove, 1 20 Tacks, sod, 1 22 Tack			Seaming stakes 1	
Mica, 4 sheets. 0 20 Stick punehes, 3 0 75 Magneto, I 2 90 Solder, 100 lbs. 23 50 Moose hides, 4. 28 00 Sand paper, 8 qrs. 1 40 Nails, moulding, 10 lbs. 1 30 Sand paper, 8 qrs. 1 40 Nails, wire, 9 kegs. 37 35 Thread, cotton, 28 gross. 126 00 Nails, shoe, 45 lbs. 2 70 Thread, cotton, 28 gross. 126 00 Nuts, hexagon, 200. 16 75 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 12	Mattocks, ½ doz		Soldering paste, 1 lb.	
Magneto, I 2 00 Solder, 100 lbs. 23 50 Moose hides, 4 28 00 Sand paper, 8 qrs. 1 40 Nails, moulding, 10 lbs. 1 30 Sand paper, 8 qrs. 1 40 Nails, wire, 9 kegs. 37 35 Thread, cotton, 28 gross. 126 00 Nails, shoe, 45 lbs. 2 70 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 81 0 Nuts, hexagon, 200 16 75 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 15 25 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 28 Tacks, cut, 12 doz, pprs. 3 09 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 28 Tacks, cut, 12 doz, pprs. 3 09 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 28 Tacks, tumb, 3 doz.	Mica, 4 sheets	0 20	Stick punches, 3	
Nails, moulding, 10 lbs. 1 30 Sand screen, 1 yd. 0 45 Nails, wire, 9 kegs. 37 35 Thread, cotton, 28 gross. 126 00 Nails, shoe, 45 lbs. 2 70 Thread, cotton, 28 gross. 126 00 Nuts, hexagon, 200. 16 75 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 25 5 20 7 20 7 20 1 20 20 30<			Solder, 100 lbs	
Nails, wire, 9 kegs. 37 35 Thread, cotton, 28 gross. 126 00 Nails, shoe, 45 lbs. 2 70 Thread, linen, 25 lbs. 58 10 Nuts, hexagon, 200. 16 75 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 30 15 25 Oil, castoo, 3 gal. 3 30 Tacks, shoe, 37 lbs. 5 11 Tacks, shoe, 37 lbs. 5 11 2 00 30 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 28 Tacks, cut, 12 doz. pprs. 3 09 Tacks, cut, 12 doz. pprs. 3 09 30 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 28 Tacks, cut, 12 doz. pprs. 3 09 Tacks, cut, 12 doz. pprs. 3 09 30 Tacks, cut, 12 doz. pprs. 3 09 <td>Nails moulding 10 lbs</td> <td></td> <td>Sand paper, 8 qrs</td> <td></td>	Nails moulding 10 lbs		Sand paper, 8 qrs	
Nails, shoe, 45 lbs. 2 70 Thread, linen, 25 lbs. 58 10 Nuts, hexagon, 200. 16 75 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Oil, neatsfoot, 3 gal. 3 30 Tacks, shoe, 37 lbs. 5 11 Oil, cylinder, 6 gals. 5 16 Tacks, sut, 12 doz, pprs. 3 09 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 28 Tacks, thumb, 3 doz. 0 30 Oil, machine, 41½ gals. 13 70 Tap, pipe, 1 0 30 Oil, lard, 5 gals. 6 00 Trowels, 15 17 19 Oil, caban, ½ gal. 2 00 Track, wood, 1 4 75 Oil, sewing machine, I gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 1 40 Oil, si 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Teaming, 41½ days. 83 00 Oilers, 3 2 14 Turpentine, 42½ gals. 41 90 Oil stove, 1 0 20 Toe trip gauge, 1 4 20 Paper, drafting, 108 lbs. 5 94 Toe calks, 50 lb 1 23 Apper, sand, 16 qrs. 2 98 Varaish, 10 gal. 20 95 Paper, wrapping, 2 rms. 11 44 Wire, sand screen, 2			Thread cotton 28 gross	
Nuts, hexagon, 200. 16 75 Thread, shoe, 6 lbs. 5 37 Nippers, cutting, 7 prs. 5 80 Thread, hardash, 3 lbs. 15 25 Oil, neatsfoot, 3 gal. 3 30 Tacks, shoe, 37 lbs. 5 11 Oil, cylinder, 6 gals. 5 16 Tacks, cut, 12 doz. pprs. 3 09 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 28 Tacks, thumb, 3 doz. 0 30 Oil, neathine, 41½ gals. 13 70 Tap, pipe, 1 0 30 Oil, lard, 5 gals. 6 00 Trowcls, 15 17 19 Oil, Cuban, ½ gal. 2 00 Track, wood, 1 4 75 Oil, sewing machine, I gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 1 40 Oil, sewing machine, I gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 1 40 Oil, sewing machine, I gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 1 40 Oil, sewing machine, I gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 1 40 Oil, sewing machine, I gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 1 40 Oil, sewing machine, I gal. 1 80 Teaming, 41½ days. 83 00 Oilers, 3 2 14 Turpentine, 42½	Nails, shoe, 45 lhs	2 70	Thread, linen, 25 lbs	
Oil, neatsfoot, 3 gal. 3 30 Tacks, shoc, 37 lbs. 5 11 Oil, cylinder, 6 gals. 5 16 Tacks, cut, 12 doz, pprs. 3 09 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 28 Tacks, thumb, 3 doz. 0 30 Oil, machine, 41½ gals. 13 70 Tap, pipe, 1 0 30 Oil, lard, 5 gals. 6 00 Trowels, 15 17 19 Oil, Cuban, ½ gal. 2 00 Track, wood, 1 4 75 Oil, sewing machine, I gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 1 40 Oil 3 in I, 1 doz. 1 80 Teaming, 41½ days. 83 Oilers, 3 2 14 Turpentine, 42½ gals. 41 90 Oil stove, 1 0 20 Toe trip gauge, 1 4 20 Paper, drafting, 108 lbs. 5 94 Toe calks, 50 lb 1 23 Apper, sand, 16 qrs. 2 98 Varaish, 10 gal. 20 95 Paper, wrapping, 2 rms. 11 44 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds. 12 10 Planes, 3 7 55 Wire, tinners', 120 lbs. 4 38 Planes, hollow, 2 1 30 Wire, galvanized, 46 lbs. 1 73	Nuts, hexagon, 200		Thread, shoe, 6 lbs	5 37
Oil, cylinder, 6 gals. 5 16 Tacks, cut, 12 doz. pprs. 3 09 Oil, castor, 5 gals. 2 28 Tacks, thumb, 3 doz. 0 30 Oil, nachine, 41½ gals. 13 70 Tap, pipe, 1 0 30 Oil, lard, 5 gals. 6 00 Trowels, 15 17 19 Oil, Cuban, ½ gal. 2 00 Track, wood, 1 4 75 Oil, sewing machine, I gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 1 40 Oil, 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Teaming, 41½ days. 83 00 Oilers, 3. 2 14 Turpentine, 42½ gals. 41 90 Oil stove, 1 0 20 Toe trip gauge, 1 4 20 Paper, drafting, 108 lbs. 5 94 Toe calks, 50 lb 1 23 Paper, sand, 16 qrs. 2 98 Varaish, 10 gal. 20 95 Paper, wrapping, 2 rms. 11 44 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds. 12 10 Planes, 3. 7 55 Wire, tinners', 120 lbs. 4 38 Planes, hollow, 2 1 30 Wire, galvanized, 46 lbs. 1 73			Thread, hardash, 3 lbs	
Oil, eastor, 5 gals. 2 28 Tacks, thumb, 3 doz. 0 30 Oil, machine, $41\frac{1}{2}$ gals. 13 70 Tap, pipe, 1 0 30 Oil, lard, 5 gals. 6 00 Trowels, 15 17 19 Oil, Cuban, $\frac{1}{2}$ gal. 2 00 Track, wood, 1 4 75 Oil, sewing machine, I gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 1 40 Oil, 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Teaming, $41\frac{1}{2}$ days. 83 00 Oilers, 3 2 14 Turpentine, $42\frac{2}{2}$ gals. 41 90 Oil stove, 1 0 20 Toe trip gauge, 1 4 20 Paper, drafting, 108 lbs. 5 94 Toe ealks, 50 lb 1 23 Paper, sand, 16 qrs. 2 98 Varaish, 10 gal. 20 95 Paper, wrapping, 2 rms. 11 44 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds. 12 10 Planes, 3 7 55 Wire, tinners', 120 lbs. 4 38 Planes, hollow, 2 1 30 Wire, galvanized, 46 lbs. 1 73	Oil, cylinder, 6 gals		Tacks out 12 doz ppre	
Oil, Inachine, 41½ gats 13 70 Tap, ptpc. 1 0 30 Oil, Iard, 5 gals 6 00 Trowcls, 15. 17 19 Oil, Cuban, ½ gal. 2 00 Track, wood, 1 4 75 Oil, sewing machine, 1 gal. 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 1 40 Oil, 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Teaming, 41½ days 83 00 Oilers, 3 2 14 Turpentine, 42½ gals 41 90 Oil stove, 1 0 20 Toe trip gauge, 1 4 20 Paper, drafting, 108 lbs 5 94 Toe calks, 50 lb 1 23 Paper, sand, 16 qrs 2 98 Varaish, 10 gal 20 95 Paper, wrapping, 2 rms 11 44 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds 12 10 Planes, 3 7 55 Wire, tinners', 120 lbs 4 38 Planes, hollow, 2 1 30 Wire, gayanized, 46 lbs 1 73	Oil, castor, 5 gals		Tacks, thumb, 3 doz.	
Oil, tard, 5 gals 6 00 Trowels, 15 17 19 Oil, Cuban, 3 gal 2 00 Track, wood, 1 4 75 Oil, sewing machine, I gal 0 75 Truck wheels, 4 1 40 Oil 3 in I, 1 doz 1 80 Teaming, 41½ days 83 00 Oilers, 3 2 14 Turpentine, 42½ gals 41 90 Oil stove, 1 0 20 Toe trip gauge, 1 4 20 Paper, drafting, 108 lbs 5 94 Toe calks, 50 lb 1 23 Paper, sand, 16 qrs 2 98 Varaish, 10 gal 20 95 Paper, wrapping, 2 rms 11 44 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds 12 10 Planes, 3 7 55 Wire, tinners', 120 lbs 4 38 Planes, hollow, 2 1 30 Wire galvanized, 46 lbs 1 73	Oil, machine, 41} gals	13 70	lap, pipe, L	
Oil, 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Oil at 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Oilers, 3. 2 14 Turpentine, 42\frac{2}{3} gals. 41 90 Oil stove, 1. 0 20 Paper, drafting, 108 lbs. 5 94 Toe calks, 50 lb 1 23 Paper, sand, 16 qrs. 2 98 Paper, wrapping, 2 rms. 11 44 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds. 12 10 Planes, 3. 7 55 Wire, tinners, 120 lbs. 4 38 Planes, hollow, 2. 1 30	Oil, fard, 5 gals		Trowels 15	17 19
Oil, 3 in 1, 1 doz. 1 80 Teaming, 41½ days. 83 00 Oilers, 3. 2 14 Turpentine, 42½ gals. 41 90 Oil stove, 1. 0 20 Toe trip gauge, 1. 4 20 Paper, drafting, 108 lbs. 5 94 Toe ealks, 50 lb. 1 23 Paper, sand, 16 qrs. 2 98 Varaish, 10 gal. 20 95 Paper, wrapping, 2 rms. 11 44 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds. 12 10 Planes, 3. 7 55 Wire, tanvary, 120 lbs. 4 38 Planes, hollow, 2 1 30 Wire, galarized, 46 lbs. 1 73	Oil sewing machine I gal		Track, wood, 1	
Oilers, 3. 2 14 Turpentine, 42\frac{2}{3} gals. 41 90 Oil stove, 1 0 20 Toe trip gauge, 1 4 20 Paper, drafting, 108 lbs. 5 94 Toe ealks, 50 lb 1 23 Paper, sand, 16 qrs. 2 98 Varaish, 10 gal. 20 95 Paper, wrapping, 2 rms. 11 44 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds. 12 10 Planes, 3 7 55 Wire, tinners', 120 lbs. 4 38 Planes, hollow, 2 1 30 Wire, galvanized, 46 lbs. 1 73	Oil, 3 in 1, 1 doz		Teaming 411 days	
On stove, 1 0 20 1 oc trip gauge, 1 4 20	Oilers, 3	2 14	Turpentine, 42% gals	
Paper, dratting, 108 lbs. 5 94 Toe calaks, 50 lb. 1 23 Paper, sand, 16 qrs. 2 98 Varaish, 10 gal. 20 95 Paper, wrapping, 2 rms. 11 44 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds. 12 10 Planes, 3. 7 55 Wire, rinners', 120 lbs. 4 38 Planes, hollow, 2 1 30 Wire, galanized, 46 lbs. 1 73	Oil stove, 1	0 20	Toe trip gauge, 1	
Planes, hollow 2 130 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds 12 10 11 44 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds 12 10 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds 12 10 13 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds 12 10 13 Wire, sand screen, 22 yds 12 10 13 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	Paper, drafting, 108 lhs		Toe calks, 50 tb	
Planes, 3	Paper wrapping 2 rms		Wire sand serves 22	
Planes, hollow, 2	Planes, 3		Wire, tinners', 120 lbs	
Planes, hollow and rounds, 3 prs 3 10 Wire, annunciator, 45 lbs 1 24	Planes, hollow, 2	1 30	Wire, galvanized, 46 lbs	
	Planes, hollow and rounds, 3 prs	3 10	Wire, annunciator, 45 lbs	

ALBERTA-Continued.

\$ cts.	Prison Equipment—Continued.	\$ et
	Prison Utensils—Concluded.	
1 20 2 50	Kaives, butcher, 3 Knives, ham, 1	3 60 0 68
1 80	Key rings, 3	2 70 1 20 1 50
12 50 1 60	Mouse traps, 1	0 43 1 80
12 50	Oil eloth, 2 pieces	4 40 4 90 0 50
1 65 3 75	Primers, 1 M	2 0
6 00	Range, damper, 1.	38 6 1 50 2 30
340 07	Razors, 2 doz	17 10 5 70
3,265 62 0 90	Salt cellars, 9 doz.	3 27 2 00
3,264 7	Steel, butcher's, 1	2 00 1 00 1 60
8 00	Soup plates, 1 doz	1 40 5 00
211 00 14 56	Tea steeper, 1	1 9 0 60 2 10
50 00	Washboards, 6	1 20 22 0
5 00 6 50		319 7
39 38 5 50 21 00	Buildings.	
91 15	Blue priats	8 00 324 80 82 20
489 87	Boiler, steam heating, 1	605 6 0 4
	Brackets, 200.	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 0 \\ 6 & 9 \\ 12 & 6 \end{array}$
26 50 7 50	Bibs, 8	4 9 0 4
104 72 13 10	Cement, 1,000 barrels	3,310 4 25 5
54 22	Casting, 1	2 8 0 2 0 8
250 43	Cocks, 2. Couplings, 4.	1 6 0 3
	Cord, flexible, 1,221 ft	55 3 17 9 1 9
13 60 4 70	Cord, reinforced, 24 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 9 \\ 3,241 & 1 \end{array}$
1 25 13 44	Crushed rock, 117½ yds	202 8 381 8 1 7
80 50 0 30	Discs, 2	0 1 10 9
3 00 17 66 1 50	Flange, unions, 3	4 2 0 1 532 5
	Gravel, 263 yds	
1 60 24 98	Horse hire, 2 days	
1 60	Horse hire, 2 days Hubs, double, 27. Hair, plasterers, 30 bush Iroa, bar, 1,428 lbs Iron, galvanized, 161 lbs	10 5 9 6 6 0 47 4 8 4
	1 20 2 50 0 60 1 80 0 60 11 80 11 00 12 50 40 00 1 165 3 75 0 40 6 00 0 45 340 07 3,265 62 0 90 3,264 7 8 00 2 50 211 00 6 44 5 50 2 11 00 6 50 7 50 2 11 00 91 15 489 87	Prison Utensils—Concluded. 1 20

ALBERTA-Continued.

Prison Equipment-Continued.	\$ cts.	Prison Equipment-Concluded.	\$ ct
Buildings—Continued.		Buildings—Concluded.	
ath, metal, 256½ yds	299 93	Threading flange, 1	1 00
ead, white, 600 lbs	42 25	Unions, 5.	1 66
end, sheet, 400 lbs.	24 00	Valves, globe, 4	4 46
ead, pig, 2,700 lbs	159 12	Valves, gate, 4	20 20
Lumber, pine sheeting, 542 ft	17 89	Wire, r.c., 4,885 ft	62 8
	1,351 82	Wire, flexible, 360 ft	2 8
Lumber, spruce, 59,614 ft	13 50	Wire, annunciator, 1,000 ft	14 0
Lumber, fir, V-joint, 500 ft	12 10		11 1
Lumber, shiplap, 504 ft		Wire, electric, 75 ft	2 0
Lime, 877 bush	391 53	Whiting, 400 lbs	0 1
oom cord, 12 ft	0 76	Washers, 2	
Lockouts, 306	1 68	Y's, 9	11 4
amp guards, 3	0 75	Containers	0.7
Lavatory, 1	3 75	Freight and cartage	33 7
foulding, 276 ft	8 28	l l	
Nails, wire, 7 kegs	21 95		12,887 (
Nipples, 41	12 31	-	
Offset, 1	0.84		
Outlet boxes, 12	3 00	MISCELLANEOUS.	
Pipe, galvanized, $606\frac{1}{2}$ ft	64 82		
Pipe, soil, 250 ft	72 00 1	Travel.	
Pipe, soil, double head, 21 lengths	59 70	1/4/61	
Pipe, soil, single, 75 lengths	20 25	Penitentiary officer's travelling ex-	
	260 14	penses	71 3
Pipe, black iron, 2,912 ft	11 00	Departmental officer's travelling ex-	11.
Pipe, vitrified, 50 ft			470 (
Plugs, 1	0 19	penses	7 (
Plugs, electric, 2	1 00	Street car tickets	42
Push buttons, 18	2 04	Return of paroled prisoners	42 -
Plaster Paris, 5 brls	26 25		F00
Rock, 11 yds	11 00		590
Sand, 572 yds	828 50	The state of the s	
Switches, outlet, 18	5 64		
Switches, 18	5 76	Special.	
Switches, bell, 4	1 20		
Sockets, wall, 320	49 16	Allowance to warden in lieu of quarters	600
Staples, 1 box	0.50	Freight and express	2 :
Spud rubber, 1	0 15	Rifle and revolver competition	50
Tets, 4\ doz	11 87		
Fraps, 1	1 02		652
Taps, 1	0 90		
Tape, splicing, 2 lbs	1 30	Total	67,306
Lape, spitcing, 2 tos	1 90	10(u1	31,000

ALBERTA.

RECAPITULATION.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Staff— Salaries and retiring allowances Uniforms and mess.	28,940 44 2,627 64	31,568 08
Maintenance of Convicts— Rations Clothing and medicines.	8,390 60 2,866 32	11,256 92
Discharge Expenses— Freedom suits and allowances. Transfer and interment.	1,303 72 162 75	1,466 47
Working Expenses— Heat, light and water. Maintenance of buildings and machinery. Chapels, schools and library. Office expenses.	1,863 95 1,850 59 155 53 467 67	4,337 74
Industries— Farm Trade shops. Coal mine	3,264 72 489 87	3,976 62
Prison Equipment— Furnishing Utensils and vehicles Land, buildings and walls	250 43 319 74 12,887 07	13,457 24
Miscellaneous— Advertising and travel Special.	590 84 652 35	1,243 19
Total		67,306 26

SASKATCHEWAN.

SALARIES.	\$ ets.	Salaries-Concluded.	\$ cts.
General.		Uniforms—Concluded.	
Warden, 1, 12 m	2,200 00 984 70 1,050 00 1,406 46 803 22 756 61	Uniforms, waterproof coat, 1. Uniforms, waterproof capes, 12. Uniform ornaments. Containers. Freight and express.	15 00° 30 00° 7 00° 0 65° 32 19 1,676 09
		Mess.	
Industrial. Engineer, 1, broken period Instructor, 1, 12 m Instructor, 5, broken periods	916 67 800 00 2,324 74	Apricots, evaporated, 100 lbs. Bacon, 234 lbs Baking powder, 20 lbs Baking soda, 5 lbs Butter, 462 lbs Beef, 2,095 lbs Cornstarch, 17 lbs	20 75 5 46 3 40 0 0 40 125 20 199 09 1 41
Police.		Corn, 6 cases	16 50 3 30
Deputy warden, 1, 12 m Chief watchman, 1, broken period Watchman, 1, broken periods Keepers, 2, broken periods Guards, 7, broken periods Temporary officers	1,500 00 825 00 250 00 666 66 1,980 34 2,942 53	Condensed cream, 2 tins. Cream of wheat, 6 pkgs. Coffee, 50 lbs. Cheese, 38 lbs. Essences, 2½ qts. Flour, 12½ brls. Eggs, 435 doz.	0 25 1 20 12 50 7 60 3 20 60 15 118 20
Less refund	19,406 93 37 17	Ginger, 1 lb	$\frac{0}{2} \frac{40}{70}$
	19,369 76	Liver, 52 lbs	8 80 2 60 1 19
Uniforms.		Mutton, 7 lbs. Mustard, 3 lbs. Milk, 274½ gals Nutmegs, ½ lb.	1 19 1 65 107 04 0 20
Braid, mohair, 3 yds Boots, 14 prs Buttons, gilt, 2 gross. Buttons, trouser, 10 great gross. Coats, fur, 4. Canvas, 150 yds Eyelets, 1 M Elastic, 5 yds Felt, 101½ lbs Frieze, 101½ yds Hooks, 1 M Khaki, serge, 76½ yds Leather, dongola, 16½ ft Leather, welt, 1 side Leather, Canada calf, 131 lbs Leather, kangaroo, 22½ ft Lining, Italian, 60 yds	57 80 5 00 11 10 76 00 14 00 0 40 2 25 108 94 127 19 1 50 85 58 3 30	Peel, 5 lbs. Peaches, evaporated, 25 lbs. Pork, 3141 lbs. Prunes, 25 lbs. Raisins, 80 lbs. Sago, 25 lbs. Sago, 25 lbs. Sage, 2 lbs. Salt, 20 lbs. Sugar, granulated, 800 lbs. Tomatoes, 6 cases. Tapioca, 20 lbs. Tea, 10 lbs. Vinegar, 4 gals. Freight and express.	0 75 3 75 40 95 3 50 8 10 20 98 1 88 0 70 0 25 49 50 24 00 1 70 3 50 1 50 1 35 2 50 1
Lining, drill, 71½ yds Laces, 1 gross	9 98 1 20	MAINTENANCE OF CONVICTS.	
Mitts, 18 prs. Polish, boot, 1 doz. Padding, 41 ² / ₄ yds.	18 75 1 20 10 44	Rations.	
Pocketing, 62 yds. Rubber tissue, 5 lbs. Silesia, 66 yds. Scarlet cloth, 10 yds. Serge, 100½ yds. Tape, 1 gross. Thread, Hardash, 1 doz. spools. Thread, machine silk, 6 lbs. Thread, silk, 5 spools. Thread, illen, 1 doz. spools. Uniforms, 23. Uniforms, overconts, staff, 3. Uniforms, overconts, staff, 12. Uuiforms, Persian lamb caps, 7. Uniforms, taff caps, 39. 3.4.—17½	10 23 5 25 9 90 32 50 152 14 1 50 5 00 48 00 0 85 184 32 160 50 90 00 87 43 34 61 74 16	Apples, evaporated, 400 lbs. Beans, 500 lbs. Bread, 4,680 lbs. Bread, 4,680 lbs. Barley, pot, 100 lbs. Cabbage, 563 lbs. Figs, 50 lbs. Fish, 373 lbs. Flour, 160 bags. Kcep of prisoner. Lard, 90 lbs. Molasses, 28 gals. Onions, 2 sacks. Pepper, 10 lbs. Prunes, 75 lbs. Pork, 444 lbs.	57 25 23 55 787 50 140 40 4 00 3 98 3 50 27 91 387 10 5 50 16 20 18 20 9 00 2 50 10 50 56 28

Maintenaace of Convicts-Concluded.	\$ cts.	DISCHARGE EXPENSES,	\$ ets
Rations—Concluded.		Freedom Suits.	
Potatoes, 220 bush Pease, split, 200 lbs. Rolled oats, 1,140 lbs. Rice, 300 lbs. Sugar, 1,500 lbs. Salt, 760 lbs. Turnips, 4 bush. Tea, 200 lbs. Yeast, 12 boxes. Christmas extras, suet, 10 lbs.		Buttons, coat, 3 gross Buttons, vest, 1 gross Canvas, French, 5 yds Lining, 56 yds Silesia, 50} yds Tweed, 253\(\frac{5}{6}\) yds Tweed, 253\(\frac{5}{6}\) yds Wadding, 25 doz Containers. Freight and express	1 05 0 30 3 50 6 44 4 29 113 46 5 75 0 85 7 13
Clothing.	1,888 51	-	14/ //
Boots, 110 prs	240 00	Discharge Allowances.	
Boots, rubber, 2 prs. Buttons, shirt, 3 gross. Buttons, trouser, 4 gross. Buttons, coat, 68 ½ gross. Braces, 134 prs. Checked cloth, 257 yds.	0 24 0 90 6 15	Allowance and travel to 5 men	71 45
Caps, wool, 110	34 15	Transfers and Interments.	
Coats, wool, 60. Coats, denim, 60. Cotton, grey, 198½ yds. Duffle, 25 yds. Denim, 525 yds. Eyelets, 1 M. Gloves, 1 doz.	33 75 121 15	Transfers	662 40
Half soles, 2 doz Heel taps, 2 doz Hats, straw, 4 doz	2 00	WORKING EXPENSES.	
Leather, sole, 493 lbs Leather, moccasin, 47½ lbs	118 32 11 88	Heat, Light and Water.	
Leather, wax upper, 62½ lbs. Leather, Quebec splits, 68 lbs. Leather, lace, 1 side. Mitts, leather, 4 doz. Mitts, cloth, 5 doz. Mitts, woolen, 9½ doz. Nails, iron shoe, 50 lbs. Printers, ink, 1 lb.	31 25 16 32 4 75	Coal oil, 50 gals Coal, 214 \$\frac{25}{25} \tilde{0}_{0}\$ tons. Signal oil, 1\frac{1}{4} gal. Gasoline, 218 gal. Light account, 6 m. Matches, 1 case Wick, 3 yds.	13 80 2,540 74 2 38 63 09 108 08 6 75 0 15
Pegs, wooden, 1 bag. Rivets, shoe, 96 lbs	1 25 9 60		2,734 96
Socks, 320 prs	64 64	Less refund	0 54
Stay, binding, 576 yds. Shirting, galatea, 274 yds. Smocks, denim, 100. Shirts, 320.	3 60 36 99 118 31 204 21		2,734 42
Trousers, wool, 60	87 00 150 10	Maintenance of Buildings.	
Thread, linen, 4 doz. Thread, cotton, 1 spindle. Underclothing, 57 ² / ₃ doz. Yarn, 116 lbs. Containers. Freight and express.	3 40 1 16 306 22 48 14 5 23 103 96	Bushings, 4. Chloride of lime, 100 lbs Elbow, 1. Installation of telephone line Ice, 14,970 lbs Lye, 3 cases	0 50 10 00 1 00 52 75 44 90 4 08
	2,321 58	Nipple, I	0 50
Hospital. Drugs Douche, pan, I. Urinal, 1. Post mortem set, 1. Cornstarch, 5 lbs. Travelling expenses. Freight and express.	90 18 1 00 0 60 11 10 0 40 11 10 2 75	Paper, toilet, 2 cases. Rent of railway siding. Salammoniac, 40 lbs. Sapolio, 3 doz. Soda. washing, 225 lbs. Soap 2,524 lbs Stoves, 5. Switching. Tee, 1. Freight and express	10 68 23 45 4 62 3 60 5 25 137 45 117 10 5 00 0 46 37 46
	117 13	-	458 80

Working Expenses-Concluded.	\$ cts.	Industries—Continued.	\$ cts_
Maintenance of Machinery.		Farm—Concluded.	
Babbit metal, 10 lbs. Grates, boiler. Gauge glasses, 6. Oil, engine, 57 gals. Oil, cylinder, 3 gals. Oil, meatsfoot, 5 gals. Oil, machine, 1 gal Repairs to pump Packing, rubber, 74½ lbs. Packing, flexible, 11 lbs. Packing, asbestos, 12 lbs. Water gauge thermometers, 2 Freight and express.	1 25 93 50 0 90 25 60 3 60 5 50 0 60 15 00 26 53 4 95 12 00 5 00 1 55	Harness, sundry parts for Hay, 12 1000 tons Hog Inrnace, 1 Horse shoes, 2 kegs Hose shoe nails, 50 lbs Hoes, field, 1 doz Mattock cutter, 1 Mitts, harvesting, 2 doz Machinery, plough eveners, 1 set Machinery, dump cart, 1 Machinery, braker, 1 Machinery, combination ploughs, 2 Machinery, harrows, 2 Machinery, harrow disc, 1 Machinery, disc drill, 1 Machinery, pluveriser, 1	67 98 157 27 35 00 11 20 4 50 3 65 5 75 12 00 2 65 43 50 18 85 34 70 21 80 29 75 92 00 111 40
Chapels, Schools and Library. Library books, 519. Bibles, 5½ doz. Prayer books, 7½ doz. Hymn books, 2 doz. Readers, 4 doz. Copy books, 2 doz. Scribblers, 12 doz. Slates, 1 doz. Arithmetics, 1 doz. Slate pencils, 3 boxes. Crayons, 1 box. Printing labels, 2 M Salaries of organists. Communion set, 1 Subscriptions to 8 magazines for 4 m. Organ Freight and express.	103 80 40 00 33 60 16 20 3 29 1 60 4 56 1 08 0 99 0 29 1 08 12 48 19 80 5 86 60 00 25 34	Machinery, binder, 1 Machinery, mower, 1 Machinery, rake, 1 Machinery, cultivator, 1 Machinery, bobsleighs, 1 set. Machinery, brush ploughs, 2 Machinery, plough, 1 Machinery, roller, 1 Machinery, reler, 1 Machinery, repairs to. Oil, fly, 2½ gals. Oil, harness, 2 tins. Oats, 846½ bush Oats, 846½ bush Oats, threshing. Plough lines, 4 pairs. Pump, 1 Pigs, 11 Polish, brass, 4 lbs. Rakes, garden, 8 Shears, 1 pair. Scythes, bush. ½ doz.	143 50 49 50 32 30 8 95 90 90 69 90 26 50 60 90 20 50 15 74 4 30 0 80 347 22 75 00 0 35 12 50 4 80 1 20 4 80 1 25 4 90
Office Expenses. Premium on officers' bonds Postage Rent of post office box Printing Stationery Subscriptions to papers Telegrams Telephone exchange. Freight and express	38 20 30 00 5 00 583 68 377 48 5 50 85 01 133 75 88 50	Snaiths, 2 Seeds, sundry Seythe stones, ½ doz. Trace chains, 4 pairs Tubing, 10 ft Wagon gears, 3 Veterinary services. Freight and express.	2 00 13 95 0 20 1 58 5 00 220 50 18 00 13 88
	1,347 12	Acid, muratic, 6 lbs.	0.42
Farm. Axle grease, 1 doz Brushes, horse, 1 doz Bran, 2 tons. Brooms, stable, ½ doz. Binder twine, 150 lbs. Coupling, 1. Curry combs, 2½ doz. Duck, ½ yd Drugs and medicine Forks, hay, 1 doz. Forks, manure, 1 doz Feed, shorts, 3 tons. Horse shoeing Horse blankets, ½ doz. Harness, 6 sets	0 90 1 90	Axes, chopping, 3 doz Axes, bench, ½ doz Axes, briek, ½ doz Axes, broad, 1 only Augers, 1 set Agurs, assorted, 14 Agurs, post hole, 1 Adze, 1 Awls, assorted, 3½ gross Anvils, 2 Bobs, plumb., 6. Bobs, brass, 1 Bolts, carriage, 550 Bolts, stove, 400 Brushes, kalsomine, 1 doz Brushes, whitewash, 2 Brushes, warnish, ⅙ doz Brushes, warnish, ⅙ doz Brushes, dusters, ⅙ doz Brushes, dusters, ⅙ doz Brushes, sash tools, ⅙ doz Brushes, sash tools, ⅙ doz Brushes, bannister, 1	23 70 4 13 1 25 3 25 8 00 13 45 1 20 1 96 41 84 0 95 1 25 6 45 1 17 4 75 3 00 1 06 3 13 2 63 1 50 0 60

1ndustries-Continued.	\$ ets.	Industries-Continued.	\$ cts.
Trade Shops—Continued.		Trade Shops—Continued.	
Blocks, double, 3	9 65	Handles, carpenter, hammer, 1 doz	,0 75
Blocks, single, 1	1 75	Haadles, long, 1 doz	1 40
Borax, 3½ lbs	0 35	Handles, bench, axe, I doz	1 40
Blacksmith's tongs, 1 pair	2 50	Handles, pick, 4 doz	11 50
Braces, carpenter's, 3	6 05	Handles, sledge, 1 doz	1 80
Bits, assorted, 8	5 95	Handles, ice saw, 2 doz	2 00
Burrs, copper, 2 lbs	0 80	Handles, axe, 6 doz	24 60
Beeswax, 5 lbs	2 50	Heel slicker, 1	0 40
Blower, 1 Bristles, 4 oz.	21 25 3 00	Hoes, mortar, 2 doz	16 75 118 59
Ronch scrows	0 83	Ink, burnishing, 3 doz	3 50
Bench serews, 2 Coal, blacksmith's, 6 tons	98 00	Knives, gauge, 1	1 50
Compasses, 2 pairs	0 45	Knives, shoe, 1 doz	0 85
Cotton waste, 25 lbs	4 50	Knives, putty, 4	0 50
Clippers, 2	0 26	Knives, horseshoeing, 1	0 44
Chain, steel, 36 yds	1 05	Knives, farrier's, I	0 19
Cemeat, rubber, 4 pts	1 60	Knives, draw, 4	2 92
Cemeat, leather, 1 qt	2 00	Levels, spirit, I	3 15
Counter, peg break, 1	1 73	Levels, plumb, 2	3 05
Chisels, caulking, 1 set	2 00	Levels, bricklayer's, 3	2 70
Chisels, assorted, 23	6 50	Last, wood, 1	0 75
Chisels, framing, 2 sets	5 60	Lasts, 29 pairs	14 06 1 35
Chisels, cold, ½ doz	1 12	Laces, 1 gross	0 33
Chisels, hot and cold, 3 lbs.	0 66	Level, glasses, ½ doz Lead, red, 25 lbs	1 25
Cutting nippers, 1 pair	0 50	Lead, white, 200 lbs.	12 00
Candle wick, 7 lbs	1 80	Lead, pig, 511 lbs.	17 89
Clamps, wood, 1 pair	1 50	Leather, wax split, 6½ lbs	2 34
Clamps, steel, 1 pair	10 00	Leather, sheepskin, 1	1 20
Chalk, tailor's, 1 box	0 18	Mason's lines, 5 lbs	1 75
Chalk, carpenter's, 6 gross	0 40	Mortice sets, 2	4 75
Collices, 1 doz	4 20	Mortice, gauges, 3	0 85
Carpenter's pencils, 3 doz	1 31	Mitre box and saw, 1	12 10
Drills, 2	1 20	Mallets, tinners,2	0 26 38 50
Drills, twist, 11	7 16	Machines, knitting, t	96 00
Drills, post, 1	6 85 14 30	Machines, small burring, 1	9 25
Dressing, boot, I gal	1 25	Machines, encased wiring, 1.	12 30
Eyelet, set, 2	4 00	Machines, setting down, 1	9 40
Emery strap, 1	1 00	Machines, beading, 1	15 80
Emery strap, 1. Emery cloth, 21½ gross	26 28	Machines, stove pipe crimper, 1	11 57
Farrier's nippers, 1 pair	1 10	Machines, tin folder, 2	34 70
Fullers, 1 set	7 26	Machines, stovepipe former, 1	20 00
Furnace, gasoline, 1	5 20	Machines, Moyes groover, 1	34 33
Furnace, gasoline, handles for	1 15	Machines, turning layer, 2	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Fuse, 5 lbs Files, assorted, 16 ½ doz	3 25	Machines, turning large, 1	0 70
Gouges, 10.	28 23 2 60	Nails, shoe, 6 lbs	1 80
Gimlets, 1 set	0 50	Nails, horse, 20 lbs.	2 65
Glazer's points, 2 packages	0 28	Nail sets, 3	0 40
Glass cutter, 1	2 65	Needles, assorted	2 96
Grindstone, 1	4 62	Oil, machine, 2 gals	2 00
Grindstone, fittings for	0 35	Oil, sewing machine, 1 bottle	0 10
Glue, 15 lbs	2 10	Oakum, 100 lbs	3 00
Glue, pot, 1	1 15	Oilers, 4.	0 18
Hand, snips, 1 pair	1 05	Oil stones, 4	1 69
Hand, peg break, 1	0 14	Oil slips, 3	0 38
Hooks, boot, 2 M	0 80	Planes, I	2 20 2 75
Hand groover, I	0 39	Planes, circular, 1	15 95
Hammers, claw, 13	1 68 7 60	Planes, stanley, with cutters, 1	7 95
Hammers, stone, 4	6 24	Planes, smooth, 2	2 60
Hammers, stone, 4	1 19	Planes, jointer, 1	1 70
Hammers, shoeing, 1.	1 00	Plaaes, rabbit, 1	1 23
Hammers, shoe, 6	2 25	Parts for knitting machine	5 31
Hammers, hand drill, 1	0 56	Parts for pipe cutter	0 25
Hammers, sledge, 1	0 45	Plumber's pot, 1	0 35
Hammers, adzc. 6	1 18	Plumber's ladle, 1	0 12
Handles, 12 doz	2 95	Picks, 1 doz	6 25
Handles, cast, † doz	0 50	Punches, hollow, 5	4 07
Handles, awl, assorted, 1\(\frac{1}{3}\) doz Handles, machine, hammer, 1 doz	1 80	Punches, solid, 1 set	3 24 0 90
Zameres, macmue, nammer, 1 doz	0 10	Punches, toe cap, 1	0.90

Industries—Continued.	\$ ets.	1ndustries—Concluded.	\$ cts
Trade Shops—Continued.		Trade Shops—Concluded.	
Punches, belt, 1	0 42	T. bevels, 1	0 21
Punches, shoemakers', 3	0 56	Tailors' irons, 40 lbs	2 48
Punches, hand, 9	3 36	Vise, pipe, 1	5 25
Paper, tailors' manilla, 170 lbs	9 10 1 5 94	Vise, saw, 1	0 47
Powder, blasting, 22 lbs Pinchers, hand, 1 pr	1 03	Vise, blacksmith's, 1	6 80 8 60
Rope, 290 lbs.	69 95	Vise, foot, 1	0 90
Pliers, 5 prs.	1 09	Wheels for pipe cutter, 12	1 02
Pipe cutters, 2	2 05	Wrenches, vulcan, 1	
Rules, 2-ft., 1½ doz	2 30	Wrenches, stinson, 2	5 10
Rules, blacksmiths', 1 doz	1 20	Wrenches, monkey, 1	0 60
Rivets, assorted	5 53	Wrenches, pipe, 2	1 85
Rivet sets, 2	0 45	Wrenches, pipe and nut, 2	3 13
Rubber stamps, 2	1 00	Welt trimmer, 1	0 75
Rasps, shoe, 2	0 40	Wax, shoe, 5 lbs	0 50
Rasps, wood, 3	1 56	Zinc, sheet, 60 lbs	5 52
Sand paper, I ream	4 50	Containers	10 77
Solder, 25 lbs.	6 25 33 35	Freight and express	143 66
Shovels, 5 doz	2 48	PRICAN FAITHMENT	1,740 26
Stakes, tinner's, square, 1	2 28	PRISON EQUIPMENT.	1,120 20
Stakes, tinner's, level edge, 1	4 92	Machinery.	
Stakes, tinners', breakhorn, 1	12 22	and the control of the	
Stakes, tinners', breakhorn, 1 Stakes, tinners', creasing, 1	3 30	Boiler, 1	458 00
Stakes, tinners', blow horn, 1	4 10	Engine, 1	312 00
Shears, 1 pr	2 77	Concrete mixer and engine, 1	1,080 00
Shears, bench, 1 pr	4 75	Brick plant, brick machine, 1	730 00
Shears, hand, 1 pr	2 17	Brick plant, pug mill, 1	205 00
Shears, cutting, 1 pr	2 60	Brick plant, turntable, 1,	20 00
Shears, eireular, 1 pr	2 17	Brick plant, mould sander, 1	65 00
Shears, tailors', 1 pr	8 25	Brick plant, kiln barrows, 4	28 00
Stocks and dies, 4 sets	$\frac{42\ 00}{1\ 75}$	Brick plant, double spring barrows, 4.	48 00
Staple puller and wire splicer, 2	4-65	Brick plant, strik knife, 1 Brick plant, shafting and pulleys	3 00 147 00
Saws, 2	2 30	Fire brick, 350	35 00
Saws, hand, 6.	6 83	Fire elay, 2 sacks	8 00
Saws, panel, 2	1 60	Freight and express	214 00
Saws, rip, 3	3 82		
Saws, buck, 9.	3 00		3,353 00
Saws, compass, 1	0 18	Furnishing.	
Saws, hack, 1	0 35		
Saws, hack, blades, 12	0 65	Blankets, 240	516 00
Saws, solder, 10 lb	2 30	Cotton, 233 yds	23 30
Squares, try, 4.	1 28	Crash towelling, 411 yds	37 10
Squares, tailors', 1	2 90	Chairs, 3	10 50
Squares, steel, 9	6 81 0 55	Chair, typewriter, 1	9 50 33 50
Squares, flatters, 1	1 22	Chairs, office, 3	18 00
Squares, iron, 4	14 39	Chairs, kitchen, 2 doz	18 00
Soldering coppers, 6	0 55	Cots, hospital, 2 Desks, flat top, 2	70 00
Shellac, 3 gals	5 85	Desk, double, I.	65 00
Saw set, 1	1 10	Desk, typewriter, 1	30 00
Size sticks, 6	1 13	Fire sets, fire irons, coal seuttles and	
Shoe stands, iron, 2	4 50	screens, 2 each	140 21
Shank laster, I	0 48	Linen, table, 12½ yds	11 25
Spoke shaves, 2	0 45	Mattresses, hair, 100	266 06
Screwdrivers, ½ doz	2 33	Pillows, 104	41 41
Swedges, 26 lbs	5 72	Quilts, 4	5 00
Taps and dies, I set	18 75	Sheets, linen, 240.	144 00
Tap, pipe, 1	0 75	Soap, toilet, I doz	0 60 40 00
Thread, linen, 8 lbs	17 00	Soap, castile, 350 lbs	
Thread, shoe, 13 lbs	11 90	Soap, shaving, 7 lbs	2 55 4 50
Thimbles, tailors', 2 doz	0 37 0 50	Table cloths 4	8 00
Tapes, steel, 2	12 39	Table cloths, 4	28 00
Tacks, carpet, 1 pkg	0 05	Towels, 6 prs.	3 00
Tacks, lasting, 1 gross	0 30	Washstand, I	9 50
Toe stretchers, 2	1 30	Freight and express	96 29
Trowels, bricklayers', 1½ doz	9 75	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Trowels plactorers' 11 des	7 93		1 001 07
Trowels, pointing, 7.	1 30		1,631 27

Prison Equipment—Continued.	\$ cts.	Prison Equipment—Continued.	\$
Prison Utensils.		Prison Utensils-Continued.	
mmunition	119 79	Lantern globes, 1	1
randing iron, 1	0 40	Lawn mower, 1	7
rushes, hair, 3	3 00	Mop cloths, 16.	3
rushes, scrubbing, 6	1 35	Mirrors, 19	13
rushes, shaving, 8	4 20	Meat cutters, 1	2
rushes, shoe, 9.	2 40	Measures, tin, 12	1
rushes, rice root, 4 doz	4 48	Measures, set, 1	1
rushes, bannister, 2 doz	$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 60 \\ 2 & 00 \end{bmatrix}$	Metallic tape, 1	1
rushes, stove, ½ dozoxes, deed, 2		Numbers, cell, 132.	2
oilers, copper, 14	1 34 161 00	Numbers, set, 1	0
oilers, tea, 1	5 91	Nutmeg grater, 1	0
asins, granite, 12	4 20	Oregon boots, 3.	36 10
arrows, tubular, 1 doz	81 00	Pump, sucker for, 1	10
arrows, stone, 1 doz	19 00	Pots, granite, 2.	4
rooms, 6 doz	14 40	Pots, coffee, 1.	1
uspidors, 3 doz	4 60	Pots, tea, 1	î
ombs, $3\frac{3}{4}$ doz	2 38	Plates, pie, 1 doz.	1
uspidors, 1 doz ombs, 34 doz locks, eight-day, 2	11 70	Plates, dinner, 2 doz	3
locks, watchman's, 1	95 00	Plates, desert, 2 doz	2
lothes wringer, 1	3 50	Plates, soup, 2 doz	3
lothes pins, 4 gross.	1 92	Pepper boxes, 154.	3
ell buckets, 150.	3 10 67 50	Police calls, 6	7
lippers, toilet 3 ms	9 38	Pans, bake, 10	3
ell water pails, 222	52 80	Pans, bread, 72. Pans, dust, 12.	25
leaver, 1	0 73	Pans, sauce, 1	0
leaver, 1ans, sprinkling, 6	2 40	Pans, granite, 1	1
arbines, Winchester, 6	80 20	Pans, fry, 2	î
loth, 4 ydsups, molasses, 300	0 60	Pans, milk, 1	î
ups, molasses, 300	9 00	Rakes, garden, 1 doz	1
ups, cell, 150	6 00	Razors, 1 ¹ / ₆ doz	16
ups, tea, 300 ups, tin, 34	13 50	Rolling pin, 1	0
ups, tin, 54ups and saucers, 2 doz	1 53	Riot guns,'6	120
emocrat 1	$\begin{array}{c c} 2 & 00 \\ 127 & 00 \end{array}$	Patrol saddle, 1	37
emocrat, 1	101 00	Patrol saddle blanket, 1	2 2
ump car irons, 7 sets	400 50	Patrol bridle, I	1
ippers, assorted, $2\frac{1}{2}$ doz	1 98	Patrol heel chains, 1 pr.	0
ishes, meat, tin, 300	16 50	Range, 1	95
ishes, soup, 300	18 00	Range, fittings for.	16
ishes, 2-gallon tin 6	1 62	Revolvers, 1 doz	172
ishes, cups and saucers, 2 doz	3 00	Rollers, ½ doz.	1
ishes, butter, 2	1 50	Strainers, 8.	1
ishes, vegetable, 3	3 00	Scuttles, coal, 6.	2
ishes, platters, 3	2 15	Stovepipe, 50 lengths	12
ishes, sugar bowls, 2	1 50	Stovepipe elbows, 8	2
ishes, pitchers, 2	0 70 0 70	Steels, butchers', 2.	1
ishes, pitchers, 2 ishes, tumblers, 2 doz	1 50	Steel plate, 93 lbs. Spoons, tea, 2 doz.	5 1
ishes, plates, 2 doz.	3 00	Spoons, desert, 1 ¹ / ₄ gross	5
re buckets, 4 doz	16 80	Spoons, table, 3 doz	0
nnels, ½ doz	0 36	Scales, 1 set	4
ucets, wood, 3	0 16	Seales, 1 set Seales, union, 2	$1\hat{8}$
ucets, molasses, 1	6 25	Scales, platform, 1	45
orks, table, 1 doz	1 50	Shackles, ball and chain, 10	67
ag, 1	7 50	Steel letters, 1 set	3
andcuffs, 30 prs	146 20	Serapers, wheel, 1	65
ose, 100 ft	10 65	Scrapers, drag, 2	16
ones, 4	1 42	Shovels, scoop, 6.	10
gs, 2. k stands. 3.	1 50 0 66	Shovels, snow, 12	4
k stands, 3 nives, table, 2 doz. and 1 doz. forks.	4 20	Straps, razor, 4	1
nives, butcher, 8.	5 44	Scissors, 10 prs. Saws, butcher, 2	5 1
nives, butter, 2	2 00	Saws, butcher, blades for, 4.	1
nives, mineing, 2	0 36	Saws, buck, 12.	4
ettles, 7	5 26	Slop jar, 1	1
ettles, 7ey rings, 6	0 30	Thermometers, 6	2
g trone 30 pre	248 73	Thermometers, hot water, 2	2
g irons, 30 prs.			
imps, desk, 3 interns, cold blast, 1 doz.	16 00 8 50	Typewriters, 2. Tanks, oil, 8	240 20

Prison Equipment—Continued.	\$ ets.	Prison Equipment—Continued.	\$ cts.
Prison Utensils—Concluded.		Buildings—Continued.	
Ticket punch, 1 Tubs, 3. Wash boards, 2. Wash basins, 150 Water filter, 1. Whisks, 1 doz. Wood letters and stamps, 17 Wringer rollers, 2. Coutainers. Freight and express.	0 40 4 50 1 80 24 00 6 00 1 44 1 28 3 60 5 42 144 66	Hubbs, double, 8. Hair, plasterers, 12 bush. Increasers, 4. Iron, bar, 1,466 lbs. Kalsomine, 1,780 lbs. Loeks, cupboard, 7 doz. Loeks, door, 1 doz. Loeks, pad, 1½ doz. Locks, Yale, 1. Locks, rim, 2. Lead, white, 500 lbs.	1 20 3 60 1 04 40 72 101 08 12 83 5 50 6 00 3 10 1 00
Less refund	3,327 21 74 10	Lath metal 1 700 sq. vds	39 50 43 02 332 50
$m{B}uildings.$	3,253 11	Lumber, spruee, 17, 734 ft. Lumber, shiplap, 20, 000 ft. Lumber, flooring, 9,075 ft. Lumber, rough, 53 ft.	513 82 537 50 303 03 1 38
Bath tubs and fittings, 6 Boilers, range, copper, 1 Boilers, range, stand for, 1 Boilers, heating, 1 Boilers, heating, grates for, 1 set	209 51 30 20 1 00 150 75 9 90	Lumber, fir, 1, 145 ft Lumber, dimension, 55, 154 ft Lumber, V-joint, 1, 008 ft Lumber, eommon, 267 ft Lumber, tamarac, 224 ft Lumber, bridging, 200 ft	47 79 1,449 56 37 30 6 68 6 37 5 20
Blue prints, 38 Bronze, powder, 10 lbs Bronze, liquid, 1 gal Branches, 22 Bends, 28 Bolts, for track, 245 lbs	3 18 2 25 1 85 11 30 4 92 16 02	Lumber, bond timber, 666 ft Lumber, strapping, 4,083 ft Mantels, 2 Mortar eolour, 1,150 lbs Nuts, hexagon, 75 lbs Nails, wire, 31 kegs	13 32 108 21 216 10 57 50 5 41 130 05
Bolts, earriage, 850 Brick, 84, 680 Blinds, window, 39 Bushings, 6. Bells, push, 3. Covering, pipe, 300 ft.	27 22	Nails, wire, 50 lbs. Nails, finishing. 3 kegs. Nipples, 14 Oil, linseed, 40 gals. Offsets, 4. Pipe hangers, 84	2 90 15 65 1 05 59 20 1 86 7 72
Covering, pipe, 300 ft Closets, 2 Coal tar, 652 lbs Cement, Portiand, 500 brls Cement, asbestos, 400 lbs Couplings, 2 Caps, 4 Caps, ventilating, 2 Cement, 200 lbs Covernment of the control of t	32 72 13 04 980 00 3 28 0 20 0 25	Pump, 1 Plaster Paris, 2 brls Plates, floor, 72 Plates, ceiling, 72 Putty, 100 lbs. Paper, building, 50 rolls	3 18 11 50 6 28 6 28 4 35 29 00
Coeks, steam, 23 Coeks, ball, 2.	0 72 12 85 9 44 13 30 4 40 2 85	Paper, tarred felt, 843 lbs Paper, roofing, 21 rods Plugs, 4 Pipe, 39 lengtbs Pipe, iron, black, 200 ft	23 77 57 50 0 70 7 15 39 00
Cleats, 36 prs Colours, assorted, 596 lbs Colours, assorted, 10 gals Curtain poles, complete, 15	0 55 1 08 45 13 65 00 12 00	Pipe, iron, galvanized, 2, 159\(^2\) ft Pipe, iron, wrought, 2, 013\(^3\) ft. Pipe, soil, 220 ft. Pipe, sewer, 110 ft. Rails, 45, 270 lbs. Reducers, 10	161 34 100 75 36 52 17 60 1,055 76
Doors, vault, 2. Drawer pulls, 1 gross. Drain board, enamelled, 1. Expansion tanks, 2. Elbows, assorted.	25 00 4 62 4 95 6 00 50 54	Railway siding, cost of. Rosettes, 18 Screws, brass, 23½ gross. Screws, wood, 66 gross. Soap holders, 1	209 20 4 50 10 23 13 35 5 50
Electric lamps, 200. Electric fixtures for wardens' residence Fuses, 13 doz Field fence, 100 rods Fernules iron, 8	110 00 185 87 11 60 60 00 1 84	Sink, enamelled, 1 Stub switches, 5 sets. Splice bars, 1, 595 lbs. Spikes, r. r., 1, 500 lbs. Staples, fence, 25 lbs.	15 05 50 00 55 83 57 00 1 50
Ferrules, brass, 4 Flanges, iron, 2 Gongs, trip, 2 Glass, 20 boxes and 13 panes, plate Gravel, 390 yds Hasps, 7	1 00 1 35 1 92 190 00 555 00 1 10	Soot doors, 4 Shingles, 42 M. Sockets, 18 Stone, 28 cords. Sash eord, 13 lbs. Sash pullies, 12 doz.	7 00 125 30 4 50 336 00 4 55 13 80
Hinges, assorted, 9‡ doz Hooks and eyes, 6 gross Hooks, serew, 1 gross Hooks, hat and coat, 1 gross	15 39 9 15 0 35 3 00	Sash weights, 1,010 lbs. Shelac, 1 gal. Tank, sectional, 1 Tub, laundry, concrete, 2 parts, 1.	41 92 2 50 90 00 18 00

SASKATCHEWAN—Concluded.

Prison Equipment—Concluded	\$ ets.	MISCELANEOUS.	\$ cts
Buildings—Concluded.		Travel.	
Towel racks, 2	3 90 12 68	Departmental officers	$\begin{array}{cc} 520 & 00 \\ 271 & 30 \end{array}$
Tape, electric, 1 roll. Turpentine, 43\frac{1}{2} gals. Tees, assorted, 20\frac{7}{12} doz. Unions, 3\frac{1}{2} doz. Valves, gate, 14	1 80 0 40 58 73 38 15 9 35 40 40	-	791 30
Valves, angle, 34	43 48 12 00 4 00	Special.	
Valves, air, 35 Washers, 19 Wire, iron, 50 lbs	1 57 2 75	Warden's residence, allowance	600 00 50 00
Wire, netting, 1 roll	2 45 9 00 7 50	Prizes for rifle competition	50 00 300 00
Window shades, 27. Zinc, 67½ lbs.	43 85 10 15	Freight and express	1 50
Freight and express	787 58		1,001 50
Less refund	12,063 70 67 98		
	11,995 72	Total expenditure	60,567 03

RECAPITULATION,		
Staff— Salaries and retiring allowances Uniforms and mess	\$ cts. 19,369 76 2,553 86	\$ cts.
Maintenance of Convicts— Rations	1,888 51 2,438 71	21,923 62
Discharge Expenses— Freedom suits and allowances. Transfer and interments.	219 22 662 40	881 62
Working Expenses— Heat, light and water Maintenance of buildings and machinery Chapels, schools and library Office expenses	2,734 42 654 78 331 05 1,347 12	5.067 37
Industries— Farm Trade shops	4,601 04 1,740 26	6,341 30
Prison Equipment— Machinery. Furnishing. Utensils and vehicles. Land, buildings and walls.	3,353 00 1,631 27 3,253 11 11,995 72	20, 222, 10
Miscellaneous— Advertising and travel Special.	791 30 1,001 50	20, 233 10 1,792 80
Total	-	60,567 03

PENITENTIARIES-GENERAL.		
Travel, W. P. Archibald.	1,312 27	
Travel, G. A. Pratt.		
Travel, Gilbert Smith	551 49	
Travel, G. A. Dillon	221 25	
Allowances to paroled men	38 00	
Salary of purchasing agent Pratt, Apl. 1 to July 20, 1911	66S 27	
Salary of purchasing Agent Dillon, Jan. 4 to Mch. 31, 1912	532 25	
Office disbursements, purchasing agents	742 24	
Office disbursements, parole officer	34 05	
Office disbursements, inspectors	15 03	
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4,132 70



APPENDIX L

LIST OF OFFICES

	3 GEORGE V., A. 1913
Salary.	\$666 1, 2466 1, 2666 1, 2666 1
Date of present appointment.	17, 1899 18, 1897 1, 1898 1, 1897 1, 1898 1, 1
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Date of first appointment.	
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Rank,	Warden Deputy warden Deputy warden Surgeon and medical superintendent asylum for insune Accountant, &c. Protestant deluplain Roman Catholic chaplain Roman Catholic chaplain Warden's eferk Assistant engineer Longineer Assistant engineer Assistant electrician Assistant electrician Assistant electrician Assistant superintendent cordage industry Assistant superintendent cordage industry Assistant superintendent cordage industry Assistant superintendent cordage industry Assistant instructor Chief trade instructor Chief warden instructor Assistant farm instructor Chief wardelman Industry keeper Chief wardelman Industry keeper Chief wardelman Gate keeper Chief wardelman Gate keeper Keeper Keeper Keeper
Name.	J. M. Platt, M. D. D. O'Leary D. O'Leary D. Phelan, M. D. W. S. Hugles Rev. A. W. Cooke, M.A. Rev. M. Me Donald J. R. Forster T. A. Keenan W. H. Derry F. Hornibrook C. Baylic R. McDonald W. J. Mclead W. Kenney H. S. Bragg R. A. Cangley R. A. Cangley R. A. Cangley R. A. Gangley R. A. S. Brag R. A. Cangley R. A. S. Brag R. A. Cangley R. A. McCaugher J. M. Mary Smith R. J. Burnis J. A. McCaugher J. A. McCarthy J. A. Matherford T. Duvidson W. J. Calvert J. M. Calvert C. Bostridge J. M. Galvert C. Bostridge J. M. Gulen J. Givens C. S. Wheeler P. Madden T. Fowler C. S. Wheeler C. S

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Win. Ryan. Peter Bird. L. W. Walsh. L. A. Smith. W. Bourke. F. S. Montgomery. J. Crawford. G. McCoulay. J. O'Neil. J. O'Neil. R. Corby. R. Dowsley. R. D. Dowsley. R. D. Dowsley. R. B. Hamessey R. D. Dowsley. R. D. Dowsley. W. H. Matthews. Jiss. McCormanck W. H. Matthews. Jiss. McCormanck W. H. Matthews. Jiss. McCormanck W. H. Matthews. Jiss. McGounde. W. H. Matthews. J. McGounde. W. H. Grav.	G. O. Aiken G. O. Aiken J. A. Foyde M. A. McDonnell M. A. McDonnell M. J. Powell M. J. Watsh M. J. Watsh J. A. Potterson J. A. Potterson J. A. Wilson J. J. Lawdess J. W. Donnghue G. P. Notan J. J. Lawdess J. W. W. Cook

KINGSTON-Concluded.

Salary.	009
Date of Present Appointment.	an. 1, 1899 an. 1, 1911 an. 1, 1911 an. 1, 1911 day 1, 1884
Date of First Appointment.	Nug. 1, 1899 Aug. Jan. 1, 1911 Jan. Jan. 1, 1911 Jan. April 1, 1872 May
Date of Birth.	July 26, 1860 Aug. Feb. 9, 1871 Jan. Oct. 11, 1875 Jan. April 18, 1857 April
Creed.	Church of England Roman Catholic
Rank.	Fireman. Messenger
Маше,	C. H. Flenning. W. Tollerst. Michael Tucker. M. J. Kennedy.

*Appointed, May 1, 1870; resigned March 31, 1872; re-appointed, January 1, 1877.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

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3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

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(a) Removed Dec. 31, 1897. Reappointed Jan. 1, 1912.

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Date of Birth	Mar. 31, Oct. 23, Nov. 10, Nov. 27, Nov. 10, Nov. 26, Nov. 26, Nov. 26, June 22, June 22, June 22, June 23, June 23, June 23, June 23, June 23, June 23, June 24, June 24, June 24, June 25, June 26, June 27, June 27, June 28, June 38, Jun
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Rank,	Warden. Deputy warden Deputy warden Accountant. Roman Catholic chaplain Protestant chaplain. Storkeeper and warden's clerk. Engineer. Bagineer. Matron. Cheputy matron. Cheputy matron. Che instructor. Tailor instructor. Sloe instructor. Ram instructor. Ram instructor. Ram instructor. Chief weeper. Watchman. Watchman. Keeper. Giurd. Giurd. Giurd. Giurd. Giurd.
Name.	A. B. Pipes. (Vacant. D. D. McDonald C. S. Starratt. Rev. A. D. Cormier. Rev. B. II Thomas. Rev. B. II Thomas. John Hebert. James A. Viercy Angus M. McDonald G. B. Papincan. Elizabeth Cumming Elizabeth Cumming John J. Kane. Wm. R. Burns. J. H. Chambers. Wn. R. Burns. J. H. Chambers. Wn. J. Foran. A. J. Brain. A. J. Milan. A. A. Milan. A. A. Milan. A. A. A. Milan. A. A. A. Milan. Thomas Walsh. Charles S. Elsdom. Wm. Alexander. A. A. Milan. A. A. Milan. A. A. Milan. Thomas Walsh. Charles S. Elsdom. Sinchair McDougall. Tir Gillespie John McCaull. Arthur Brown. George Drillio. Stephen H. Getson. John McDonald S. A. Palmer. Amos Robinson. John McDonald S. A. Palmer. John McDonald S. A. Palmer. John McDonald S. A. Palmer.

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A. W. O'Brien.	Bliss A. Lowerison Thomas N. Howard			Albert Friel Ma

MANITOBA.

Angus M. Medonald resigned Mar. 31st, 1894, reappointed Nov. 1st, 1894, 21 arrive Connell, retired Dec. 31st, 1897, reappointed Feb. 56b, 1899, 31). P. Belliveau, resigned Dec. 2nd, 1993, reappointed Feb. 16th, 1905, John Hebert, resigned May 21st, 1909, reappointed Apr. 1st, 1911.

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Warden	Deputy warden	Surgeon	Accountant and storekeeper	Chapfain	Chaplain	Steward							Mason instructor.	Chief watchman	Keeper	Guard	33	33	99	39	9)	37			7	
A. G. Irvine, 1.8.0	A. Manscau	J. A. McGuire, M.D	H. Keech	Rev. S. W. L. Stewart	Rev. A. Belliveau, D.D	E, Freeman	J. H. Daigneault	J. Smith	A. R. Mitchell	W. R. Grahame	T. Miller.	T. Scott.	J. McCullough	J. Mitchell.	W. C. Abbott	R. Downie	J. Douglas	G. Richmond.	II. Woods.	W. Skeoch	J. McArthur	J. Molyneux	. Fisher.	J. S. Donald	T. Bain.	

¹Resigned May 1st, 1907. Reappointed February 14th, 1908,

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

	3 GEORGE V., A. 191
Salary.	\$ 500 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00
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Date of Birth.	Feb. 13, Mar. 15, Oct. 13, Mar. 15, Mar. 12, Mar. 12, Mar. 12, Mar. 12, Mar. 13, Mar. 13, Mar. 13, Mar. 15, Mar. 16, Mar. 17, Mar. 16, Mar. 17, Mar
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Rank.	Warden. Deputy warden. Deputy warden. Surgeon. Rooman Catholie chaplain. Rooman Catholie chaplain. Rooman Catholie chaplain. Storekeeper. Storekeeper. Storeward. Chief warder instructor Tailor instructor Caren instructor Tailor instructor Caren instr
Name,	Brown, J. C. Carrell, W. J. Le Wolf Smith, W. A. Harvey, J. W. Wert, Rev. A. E. Rabland, Rev. E. Robertson, R. J. Stewart, F. MacKenzie, D. Doyle, Jas. MacKenzie, D. Doyle, Jas. MacKerlan, W. Marchie, W. Marchie, W. Marchie, W. Marchie, W. Marchie, W. Marchie, W. A. Batchell, W. A. Barchell, W. A. Sampha, J. Patchell, W. A. Batchell, W. A. Batchell, W. A. Batchell, W. A. Batchell, W. A. Banchie, P. Sampha, J. Sampha, J. Samyla, P. Sanylan, W. Buckley, J. Sally, A. Buckley, J. Sally, A. H. Walker, Jas. Weeling, Geo H. Walker, Jas. Keeling, Geo H. Walker, Jas. Keeling, Geo H. Walker, Jas.

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1, 1912 1, 1912	
l, 1912 Jan. 1, 1912 Feb.	
Sngland May 8, 1884 Feb.	
Oct. May	
Church of England	
Sinclair, W. S. Twells, Thos. R.	

*Transferred from Manitoba Penitentiary.

ALBERTA.

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Warden. Deputy-warden. Surgeon. Accountant and storkeeper Chief trade instructor. Engineer. Chaplain. Chaplain. Matron. Deputy-matron. Deputy-matron. Steward. Tailor instructor. Shoemaker instructor. Shoemaker instructor Industrial keeper. Shoemaker instructor Industrial keeper. Keeper. Keeper. Keeper. Gaurd. Gaurd.
Matthew McCauley. Edgar II, Cummings. Alexander Forin, M. D. John McDougall. Cleophas Turgeon. Rev. Parkler Daridon. Elizbeth A. Cummings. Esther Wilson. Perty M. Oldroyd. George P. Halley. I. Comway. Frank Upper. Matthew J. Salzl. Frank Upper. Matthew J. Salzl. Antthew J. Salzl. Antthew J. Salzl. Matthew J. Salzl. Matthew J. Salzl. Matthew J. Salzl. Anthur E. Morrison. Henry E. Smith. Henry E. Smith. Henry W. J. Maddison. Henry E. Smith. Henry W. J. Maddison. William I. Lamb William I. Cacenwood William I. Jamb

¹Transferred from Dorchester Penitentiary. ²Resigned May 7th, 1908, reappointed Aug. 1st, 1909. ³Resigned Feb. 13th, 1910, reappointed Mar. 1st, 1910.

SASKATCHEWAN.

Salary.	\$ 200 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,000
Date of Present Appointment.	Apr. 1, 1911 Apr. 1, 1911 May 15, 1911 May 15, 1911 May 15, 1911 May 1, 1911 May 1, 1911 Nay 1, 1911 Nay 1, 1911 Apr. 1, 1911 Apr. 1, 1911 Nov. 1, 1911 Nov. 1, 1911 Dec. 1, 1911
Date of First Appointment.	May 20, 1898 A Dec. 1, 1902 A May 15, 1911 M May 15, 1911 M May 15, 1911 M May 15, 1911 M May 1, 1911 M May 1, 1911 M May 1, 1911 M May 1, 1911 A May 1, 1911 M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M
Date of Birth.	Jan. 3, 1858 M June 25, 1856 M Apr. 2, 1856 M Apr. 2, 1856 M Apr. 2, 1857 M June 22, 1863 J. June 22, 1863 J. June 22, 1863 J. June 14, 1872 M July 18, 1847 A Dec. 23, 1874 M July 18, 1884 J. June 10, 1865 M Apr. 15, 1881 J. Apr. 7, 1881 J.
Creed.	Baptist
Rank.	Warden Deputy warden Deputy warden Surgeon Chaplain Chaplain Engineer etc. Steward Chief wardenum Talor instructor Shoemaker instructor Caprepenter instructor Rason instructor Mason instructor Keeper Watchman
Name.	1F. W. Kerr 2F. W. Dickinson. F. W. Pourney, M.D. F. W. Fourney, M.D. F. W. Fourney, M.D. F. W. James Taylor. Rev. James Taylor. Goll McLeod. Mirhael P. Dunn. Mirhael P. Dunn. John Johnson. John Johnson. John T. Höwell. W. M. Achlister. W. M. Achlister. W. M. Achlister. W. M. Johnson. Patrick Onand. Rederick Omand.

Served govern-¹Appointed deputy-jailer of Prince Albert jail May 20, 1898. Promoted jailer and served government of Canada as jailer until June 30, 1906. ment of Saskatchewan as jailer from July 1, 1906 until March 31, 1911.

²Appointed superintendent of the cordage industry at Kingston penitentiary Dec. I, 1902. Retired with gratuity Mar. 31, 1910. Served government of Canada as clerk of works at Saskatchewan penitentiary April 1, 1910 until March 31, 1911. 3Transferred from staff of Dorchester penitentiary.

APPENDIX M

FARM REPORTS

KINGSTON. Farm Statement.

						0	1
Description.	Quantity.	Price.	Amount.	Description.	Quantity.	Price.	Amount.
		s cts.	es ets.	To Manuary to dammer trains		es ets	e cts.
Stock on hand March 31, 1911			10,247 58		es :	5 00	00 +
Brooms	ह्य क		1 82	g	3482		
Blankets, horse. Collars, horse.	ಣ ಅ	2 20 2 00 3 00	30 20	Cabbage	30,964 3·1359	00 6	
Binder Hoes			144 50 3 07	Carrots	20313 1,375	0 01	85 19 13 75
Harness, single for messenger, set	— c	907 50	28 00	11uckleberries		60 0	
Horks, manure.	V 19			Onions, green	4,579	7000	
- 1		202	3 40	Parsnipsbush.	202	09 0	
Shovels, round month			& 2 21		950	0 20	
Stone, scythe	9			Pork	10,677		
Wagons	- 61	67 19			3013		
Binder twine	210		15 70	v.	25515	:	224 93
Coal. Feed ground (4.900 rolled oats) (755 bran)	5.350			To customers— Beets.	-62		1 05
lbs.	4,230				15	00 1	
Glass, put in hot bed frames					- 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0		50 4 0
Horse shoeing			55 72	Corn green. doz.	100 T	90 0	
Overcharge on hay and rhubarb				9	. 63	1 50	
Paris green	20	61 0	0 20	Cabbagedoz.	21 S	96 6	
Policy raid on horses				Clover seed bush	90	98	
Paid for drawing manure.			63 00	<u></u>	1,240		<u>6</u>
Repairs to tools and implements			69 6		81-1280		
Repairs to harness			80 18	Oats. Dursning kneb	123	0 0	3 %
Repairs to stable, piggery and farm house.			87 92			900	8
Renewals to tools and implements			46 10		33, 100		
Refuse from steward			174 98	Pasturage, months.		20	, А В Я Ф С
Sundries, axle grease, oils, etc.			4 47		50-1380	4 00	92
Stone for breakwater Toise	168		213 00	Turnips bush.	10s	:	
of a tioner y			2		44		

955095546 5680865488	174 90 12 13 15 15 16	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	1,894 75 10,662 17 21,246 01
4 00 0 4 00 0 4 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 8 8 5 19 8 9	0 30 0 30 0 30 0 40 0 40 0 40	0 0 10
6,000 175 175 2,000	55.	6,000 6,000 136 136	25.50
Tomatoes bush. Wheat bush. Storckceper ice acct, straw for ice, ibs, and pulms to mark cuttings, convict labour. days, ice tools repaired days, ice tools repaired to pulms it or both ficks, ibs. Ornamental grds, seed, bulbs, plant	deputys, seed grass. deputys, seed grass. deputys, seed trass. deputys, and convict labour days.	Breakwatter prison acct—stone totse, leadther mittspuirs repairs convict labourdays horse labordays Farm improvements, tile 3-in, and 4-in convict labour days mintenance of buildings	By credit on seeds, castings, manure and ouk. Stock on hand March 30, 1912.
111 78 80 82 82 83 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	17,666 88 3,579 13		21,246 01
00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30	00 009		
8,276 1 8,276 2 236 1	:1		
Threshing grain. Toilet paper. Vegelables, seed, and grain. Veterinary service and medicine. Wood for piggery. Convict labour. Farm instructor's sadary.			

J. A. McCAUGIDERTY,

Farm Instructor.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL. FARM STATEMENT.

Sales to steward. \$ cts. Pork, 1,007 lbs. at 9\frac{1}{2}c. 95 66 " 1,396 lbs. at 9\cdot 143 64 " 29,880 lbs. at \$9\cdot 143 64 " 29,880 lbs. at \$2\cdot 143 64 " 29,880 lbs. at \$2\cdot 150 lbs. 150 lbs.				
Section Comparison Compar	Dr.	\$ cts.	Cr.	\$ cts.
Sales to steward. Sects. Supplied to piggery. Sects. Supplied to piggery. Sects. Supplied to piggery. Sects. Straw, 65,566 lbs. at \$9.00 ton	Feed and seed. Horse, I. Implements and utensils Shop work and horse shoeing Kitchen refuse. Veterinary attendance. Cedar posts Paris green. Rat poison. Drugs, salt, twine, etc. Convict labor, farm, piggery and stable—S,612 days, at 30c. Old wood and old blankets. Repairs to binder, mower and harrow. Macadam stone. Stone to piggery Teamster's salary.	4,354 05 265 00 234 13 474 40 164 19 14 00 32 00 43 56 0 14 13 76 2,583 60 6 10 16 00 85 50 9 00 600 00	Steward, vegetables. Sales to customers. Horse labour to other departments, 3,752 days, at 70c	1,567 67 63 90 2,626 40 807 60 102 00 1,021 89 95 00 9,804 79
Sales to steward. \$ cts. Pork, 1,007 lbs. at 9\frac{1}{2}c. 95 66 " 1,396 lbs. at 9\cdot 143 64 " 29,880 lbs. at \$9\cdot 143 64 " 29,880 lbs. at \$2\cdot 143 64 " 29,880 lbs. at \$2\cdot 150 lbs. 150 lbs.		21,948 27		21,948 27
Beets, 230 bdls. at 2c	Sales to steward. Pork, 1,007 lbs. at $9\frac{1}{2}$ c. \$ cts. " 1,596 lbs. at 9c. 143 64 " 29,880 lbs at 8c. 2,390 40 Onions, 2,121 lbs at $1\frac{1}{2}$ c. 33 33 " 902 bdls. at 2c. 18 09 Carrots, 4,854 lbs, at $\frac{2}{3}$ c. 32 33 " 854 bdls. at 2c. 17 08 Turnips, 9,397 lbs. at $\frac{5}{12}$ c. 39 08	2,629 70 51 34 51 34	Hay, 1,630 lbs. at \$9.00 ton 7 34 Straw, 65,566 lbs. at \$4.70 ton 154 08 Beets, 100 tons at \$4.00 ton 400 00 Oats, 100 bgs. at 25c bag 25 00 Turnips, 24 bgs. at 20c bag 4 80 Turnips, 15 tons at \$4.00 ton 60 00 Barley, 1,900 lbs. at \$1.25-100 23 75 Sales to customers. Signature of the control of the customers	8 cts.
Straw, 53,302 lbs, at \$4.70 toa. 125 26 To Steward 4,197 37 Hay, 146,617 lbs, at \$9.00 ton. 660 23 "Stable. 976 97 Oats, 3,740 lbs, at \$1.25-cwt. 46 75 "Piggery. 674 97 Oats and peas, 1,530 lbs, at \$1.25-bag 23 90 "Customers. 63 90 Barley, 9,650 lbs, at \$1.25-cwt. 120 62 "Ustomers. 63 90	Beets, 230 bdls. at 2c	68 98 5 71 15 00 109 70 19 25 1 50	Turnips, 2 bush, at 25c	63 90
Hay, 146,617 lbs, at \$9.00 ton. 660 23 Oats, 3,740 lbs, at \$1.25-cwt. 46 75 Oats and peas, 1,530 lbs, at \$1.25-bag 23 90 Barley, 9,650 lbs, at \$1.25-cwt. 120 62 "Stable. 976 97 O'' Piggery. 674 97 Customers. 63 90	Supplied to stable.	4,197 37	RECAPITULATION.	
976 76	Hay, 146,617 lbs. at \$9.00 ton 660 23 Oats, 3,740 lbs. at \$1.25-cwt 46 75 Oats and peas,1,530 lbs.at\$1.25-bag 23 90		" Stable Piggery	63 90
				5,913 00

JOS. LATOUR,
Farm Instructor.

DORCHESTER.

Dorchester, N. B., April 29, 1912.

To the Warden:

SIR,—I have the honour to submit herewith my annual report for the year ended March 31, 1912. The spring of 1911 opened early and seeding commenced on the marsh on May 1, and continued without interruption from bad weather until finished. The summer was dry throughout. Crops, with the exception of roots, were not up to the average. Late summer rains helped the root crops, and potatoes and turnips yielded well. The season was favourable for outside work and a large amount was done towards farm improvement. The cattle pasture was cleared of brush and rubbish, and 640 rods of wire fence was erected enclosing nearly the whole of the pasture, replacing an old wooden fence that was completely rotten. The work of breaking in rough land commenced the previous year was continued and nearly the whole of it underdrained. In this field over one half mile of stone drains were put in and the field will be used for oats this summer. We also started to tile drain another field but were stopped by frost. We hope to get it finished this spring in time for a root crop. Nearly all farm work during the winter was done by ox teams. The horse teams were employed hauling stone and gravel, and general freight from the railway siding. Cattle and horses are in good condition.

ANDREW McPHERSON.

Farm Instructor.

FARM STATEMENT.

Dr.	\$ cts.	Cr.	\$ cts.
Stock on hand, March 31, 1911	16,010 76	Sold to storekeeper—	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	}	Potatoes	427 70
From Storekeeper-		Turnips	79 27
Buckwheat	15 90	Carrots	51 56
Corn	127 72	Beets	4 27
Bran	24 00	Parsnips	44 15
Oats	868 33	Pork	1.155 00
Middlings	106 00	Beef	846 51
Seeds, (farm)	198 99	Milk	293 44
Vegetables	277 99	Straw	50.00
Salt	3 70	Wood	184 14
Drugs	4 65		
Tools	50 53	Sundry customers—	
Tiles, drain	105 84	Vegetables	61 37
Machinery, (farm)	199 00	Milk	172 69
Lumber	17 77	Bull services.	7 00
Curry combs	0.75	Boar services	2 50
Horse blankets	23 50	Soap grease	4 00
Harness	47 00	Celcry.	1 35
Horses	535 00	Dog meat	0 25
Truck wagon	52 63	Poultry meat.	0.25
Fertilizer	114 00	Straw	0 33
Wire fencing	101 50	Cows	28 00
Sundries	88 72	Hides	112 01
Assessment on Marsh	131 92	Young pigs	117 00
Kitchen refuse	83 43	Labour to customers-	
Blacksmith account	169 60	Horse labour	1 00
Carpenter necount	166 72	Ox labour	0.55
Shoe shop account	23 08	Conviet labour.	3 95
Machine shop account	1 05	Pigs butchered.	3 00

FARM STATEMENT-Cancluded.

	\$ ets.		\$ cts.
Mason account Convict labour	24 13 2,361 15	Sundries condemned	609 82
Guards' salaries	1,200 00	Labour to storekeeper— Horse labour.	200 0#
Farm instructor's salary Profit	2,216 17	Ox labour.	588 35 124 95
	2,210 11	Convict labour	194 70
		Mason department-	
		Horse labour.	660 50
		Convict labour	123 75
		Sewers' department—	. =0
		Horse labour Convict labour	-1 70 24 15
		Engineer's department—	
		Convict labour	18 60 24 00
		Roads department—	
		Convict labour	104 S5
		Ox labour.	72 63
		Horse labour	92 95
		Quarry department-	
		Horse labour	12 60 12 60
		Convict Rapour	12 00
		Ornamental grounds—	20.70
		Horse labour	28 70 6 65
		Convict labour	31 05
		Seeds, etc	3 80
		Farm improvements-	
		Horse labour	125 00
		Ox labour	30 28 319 20
		Working expenses— Messenger horse	268 60
		Driving horse	268 60
		Error in statement, March 31, 1912 Stock on hand, March 31, 1912	4,861 54
		Stock of fixed, March 51, 1912	13,890 67
	26, 151 53		26,151 53
		1	

MANITOBA.

STONY MOUNTAIN, Man., April 6., 1912.

To the Warden:

Sir,—I beg to submit my annual report for the year ended March 31, 1912.

The farm produced last year the following:

Oats	3,740	Bush.
Barley	3,420	66
Potatoes	550	66
Turnips		66
Beets	120	66
Carrots	70	66
Cabbage	1.000	head
tt	1,000	topa
Hay	100	tons.

Owing to the excessive rainfall our potatoes were a partial failure, the greater portion of the field being drowned out.

Respectfully submitted.

W. R. GRAHAME,

Farm Instructor.

FARM STATEMENT.

To inventory, March 31,	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts
1911	5,951 00	By storekeeper—	000 00	
Convict labour, 3,490		Milk, 1,141½ gals., at 20c.	228 30	
days at 30 cents	1,047 00	Pork, 3,525 lbs., at 9c	317 25	
A		Turnips, 297½ bush., at	89 25	4
\$ cts.		Carrots, 63bush., at 30c.	18 90	
To storekeeper— Horse, 1 only 200 00		Onions, 6½ bush., at \$1	6 50	
Horse, 1 only		Cabbage and green ve-	0 30	
Binder twine 52 05		getables, 5,132 lbs. at		
Paris green		.00½c	25 66	
Knife grinder 5 00		Potatoes, 55 bush, at 60c	33 00	
Oats, 201 bush., at 37c 74 37		Potatoes, 471 bush., at		
Threshing grain 250 60		50e	235 50	
Bridle bit 3 00		Beef, 1,454 lbs. at 7 ³ e	112 68	
Woven wirc 30 40		Beets, 113 bush. at 30c.	33 90	
Breast chains, 3 pairs 7 50		Hay, 3 ton, at \$4	3 00	1 100 0
Auctioneer 4 50				1,103 94
Coal	1	By customers— Pork, 436 lbs, at 9c	39 24	
Veterinary services (6 visits)		Pork, 765 lbs. at 9½c	72 68	
visits)		Potatoes, 78 bush, at 50c	39 00	
Horse shoeing 7 70		" 48\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	36 39	
Pump		" 233 bush. at80c.	186 40	
Wagon box		" 25 bush. at \$1.25	31 25	
Sundry repairs 35 54		" 38 bush. at \$1.30	49 40	
	872 09	" 2 bush. at 60c	1 20	
		Milk, 727 gals, at 20c	145 40	
To steward—		Beef, 6841 lbs. at 10c	68 45	
Salt 3 66		Livers, hearts & tongues	1 00	
Potatoes, 118 bush., at		Hides, 254 lbs. at 9c.	22 85	
40c		Beets, 3\ bush. at 30c	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 05 \\ 2 & 25 \end{array}$	
Kitchen refuse 61 56	112 42	Turnips, 7½ bush, at 30c. Barley, 27¾ bush, at 35c.	9 71	

To accountant—	\$ cts.	\$ ets.		\$ ets.	\$ cts.
Freight, etc	16 14	16 14	Barley, 145½ bush. at 45c. Barley, 122½ bush. at 50c.	65 48 61 25	
To blacksmith— Horseshoeing and re-			Oats, 64 bush, at 35c Oats, 103½ bush, at 40c. Greer vegetables, 120	22 40 41 40	
pairs	55 27	55 27	lbs. at 1c	1 20 3 65	
To carpenter—	51 42		Crushing grain Teaming Boar services (13) at 75c.	6 28 37 00 9 75	
Repairs, etc	01 42	51 42	Bull services (3) at \$1 Convict labour, 2-3 day	3 00	
To mason— Lime and cement	8 17	0.47	at 30c	0 20 90 00	
To engineer—		8 17	Straw, 1½ loads, \$1 Binder twine, 3 lbs. at 10c	1 50 0 30	
Repairs	6 91	6 91	By departments—		1,049 68
To shoemaker— Repairs	21 39		Convict labour, 517½ days at 30c Teams, 341½ days at	155 25	
•		21 39	\$1.40 Patrol horse, 150 days	478 10	
To farm instr.— Salary, 1 year	800 00	800 00	at 70c	105 00 30 40 10 50	
To balance, profit	1,410 19		Toilet paper	0 33	
		1,410 19	10c	0 90	780 48
,			By mason— Convict labour,696½ days at 30c	208 95	
			Teams, 5394 dys. at \$1.40	754 95	963790
			By inventory, March 31, 1912	6,454 00	6,454 00
		10,352 00			10,352 00

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NEW WESTMINSTER, April 1, 1912.

To the Warden:

Sir,—I have the honour to submit my annual report for the year ended March 31, 1912.

The crops this year were fully up to the average, the potato crop was

especially good, giving us abundance for our own use.

The new ground, which I reported upon as being cleared in my last report, came fully up to my expectations in production.

I am pleased to say that the re-stocking of the piggery has given us enough

pork for the use of the prison.

Owing to the large increase in our prison population, and with every indication of a further increase, it is desirable that more land should be placed under cultivation so as to supply all the farm products required for the prison in the event of a partial failure of any crop. We should otherwise be compelled to purchase our farm products in the open market, to meet that failure.

R. DYNES,

Farm Inctructor.

FARM STATEMENT.

DR	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	CR.	§ cts.	\$ cts.
To stock on hand, March 31, 1911 Oats, 24,445 lbs Bran, 8,000 lbs Chop seed, 3,960 lbs Sborts, 8,000 lbs Cauldren, 1 only Wagon running gear, 2 Horse blankets, 5. Feed box, 1 Flour sacks, 24 Onion sets, 50 Bridles, 4 Manure, 84 loads Brewery grains, 359 l'ds. Service of veterinary Sundry plants Seed oats Drugs Blacksmith repairs Shoe repairs Carpenter Sundry supplies Kitchen refuse Team of horses Labour, 6,924½ days at 30c Farm instructor's salary		5,985 84 5,306 13 800 00	By storckee per— Pork, 12,578 lbs Potatoes, 73,579 lbs Carrots, 5.482 lbs Peas, 3,034 lbs Parsnips, 4,156 lbs Leeks, 658 lbs Onions, 2,810 lbs Turnips, 6,534 lbs Beets, 2,527 lbs Cabbage, 6,310 lbs Lettuce, 810 lbs Rhubarb, 275 lbs By sundry customers— Hauling Old brick. Cabbage and lettuce plants Grazing for horse Pork, 15 lbs Young onions Service of convicts By convict's labour to other departments, 1,928 days at 30c By horse labour, 1,927 days at 70c By stock on hand, March 31, 1912 By balance—loss		2,849 97 36 68 1,927 66 7,139 29 138 37
		12,091 97			12,091 97

ALBERTA PENITENTIARY.

FARM STATEMENT.

Dr.	\$ cts.	Cr.	\$ ets
Co stock on hand, March 31, 1911 \$ cts. Received from stores— 4 Hay. 27 84 Rakes 3 25 Garden seeds 53 35 Curry comb 0 15 Axle grease 1 20 Snaps 0 29 Horse brush 0 31	1,461 80	Goods delivered to store— \$ cts. Green beans, 240 lbs	
Salt 1 50 Oats 77 80 Stationery 1 75	167 44	To brickmaker—	318 20
Received from engineer— Horse shocing	3 75	Cordwood, 70 cd 105 00 To steward—	105 00
Received from carpenter— 8 24 Wagon box. 8 1 75 Wagon repairs. 1 2 40		Potatoes, 3 bush	1 80
Wagon tongues	17 39	other dept's, 3,540½ days at 30c	1,062 15
Received from accountant—	1 80	Horse hire to other dept's, 174} days at 75c	
Horse shoeing	66 50		184 I-
Labour— 3,717½ days at 30c1,115 25	1,115 25	Stock on hand, March 31, 1912	1,498 23
Instructor's salary for two months By balance	132 32 203 27		
	3,169 52		3,169 5

SASKATCHEWAN.

PRINCE ALBERT, Sask., April 1, 1912.

To the Warden:

Sir,—I have the honour to submit the farm statement of this penitentiary,

for the year ended March 31, 1912.

Owing to the prison only being opened and the first convicts received on May 16, we were behind hand in getting our crops in and in consequence we did not realize a first class crop. This applies to our farm and to the vegetable

garden.

We broke up and cropped 50 acres in oats and harvested the same, threshing out 1,500 bushels. We brushed off 30 acres and got them ready for next season's crop, making a total of 80 acres to be cropped next season. We brushed off an additional 25 acres but these will not be available for the next season as we have to break them and remove the roots.

We made a start with a piggery, purchasing eleven small pigs. Out of these we have butchered four and turned them over to the steward's department. We are keeping four for breeding purposes and the other three are in good condition for butchering when required.

We graded a 66 ft. road through three river lots and built a fence along it. One hundred and twenty three loads of wild hay were cut and stacked. We cut and hauled out 100 cords of four foot wood ready for the brickyard.

We also have about 75 cords in long lengths in the bush.

We graded about 700 yards for track from the brickyard to the clay pits and towards the siding on the hill. We kept the east and west boundary fences in repair. These fences are very old and it is almost impossible to further repair them. I would ask that they be replaced by either a barbed wire or a Page fence.

Respectfully submitted,

F. W. DICKENSON,

Deputy Warden.

FARM STATEMENTS.

	\$ ets.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
To stores—			By horse labour—		
Harness	450 34		Brickmaker	153 30	
Horses and pigs	.178 16		Carpenter	5 60	
Medicines	8 70		Customers	14 70	
	859 28		Engineer	29 40	
Vehicles	631 22		Mason	25 90 1	
Fencing	61 56		New roads	42 00	
Shorts	40 00		Police patrol	156 11	
Hay	157 27		Stores.	75 95	
Oats	347 22		Warden's residence	8 40	
Wheat ehop	10 00		Sundry	4 90	
Bran.	50 00		Sundiya,		516 26
Garden seeds	13 95				010 20
	33 30		By convict labour—	- 1	
Pumps	105 51		Brickmaker	69 45	
Sundry, small articles	109 91	1 010 51		1 80	
(C)		4,946 51	Carpenter		
To engineer—	01 41		Cons't new building	5 40	
Repairs	21 41		Customers	6 45	
Shoeing	16 09	00.00	Engineer	29 55	
-		37 50	Mason	22 50	

FARM STATEMENTS—Concluded.

			\$ cts.	S cts.
To carpenter-	\$ cts. 1 43	\$ ets.	Maintenance buildings 1 20	
Lumber		1 43	New roads 15 30	
To shoe shop— Repairs	3 50	3 50	Stores. 52 65 Warden's residence. 2 70 Sundry. 8 55	
To steward— Salt	1 13			215 55
		1 13	By steward— Vegetables	
To stores— New parts for machinery	8 62	0.00	Pork. 93 15	0== =0
To switching car—		8 62		277 79
Machinery	6 66	6 66	By customers— Oats	
To threshing and meals— For threshers	81 75		Straw. 33 00 Wood. 12 00	
		81 75	12 00	47 15
To veterinary services— Montreal and Prince Albert	18 00		By brickmaker—	
To carpenter—		18 00	3 axes and handles 3 39	3 39
Air shaft in stable	2 28	2 28		
To horse labour	37 80	ł	By maintenance of buildings-	
To convict labour—		37 80	Air shaft in stable 2 28	2 28
2,129½ days at 30c	638 85	638 25	By convict labour account—	
- 0		000 20	Accountants' credit 37 80	
Profit	446 29	446 29	By stock on hand	37 S0 5, 130 10
		6,230 32		6,230 32

REPORT .

OF

THE MILITIA COUNCIL

FOR THE

DOMINION OF CANADA

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDING MARCH 31

1912

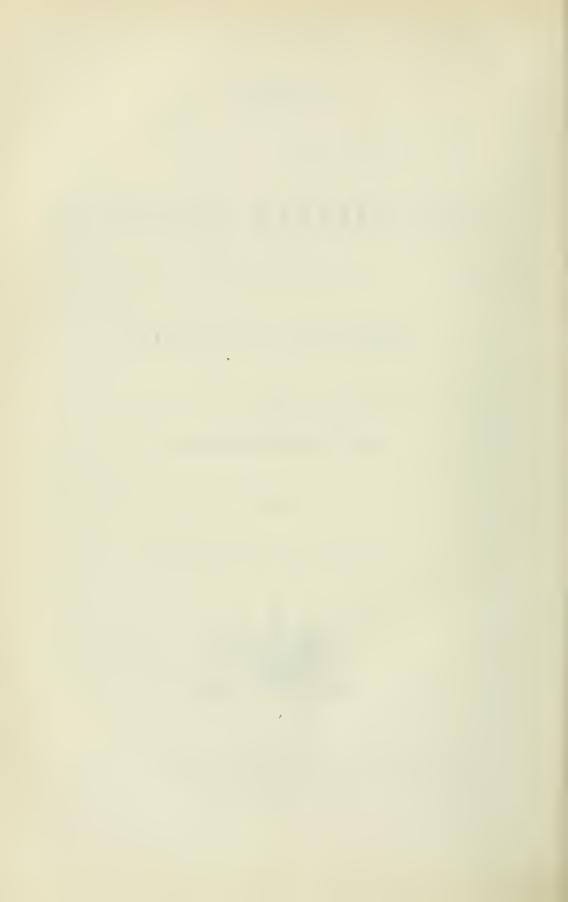
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OTTAWA

PRINTED BY C. H. PARMELEE, PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
1912

[No. 35—1913.]



To His Royal Highness, Field Marshal, Prince Arthur William Patrick Albert, Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, K.G., K.T., K.P., &c., &c., &c., Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief of the Dominion of Canada.

SIR,

I have the honour to lay before Your Royal Highness the annual report of the Militia Council for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1912.

I have the honour to be,

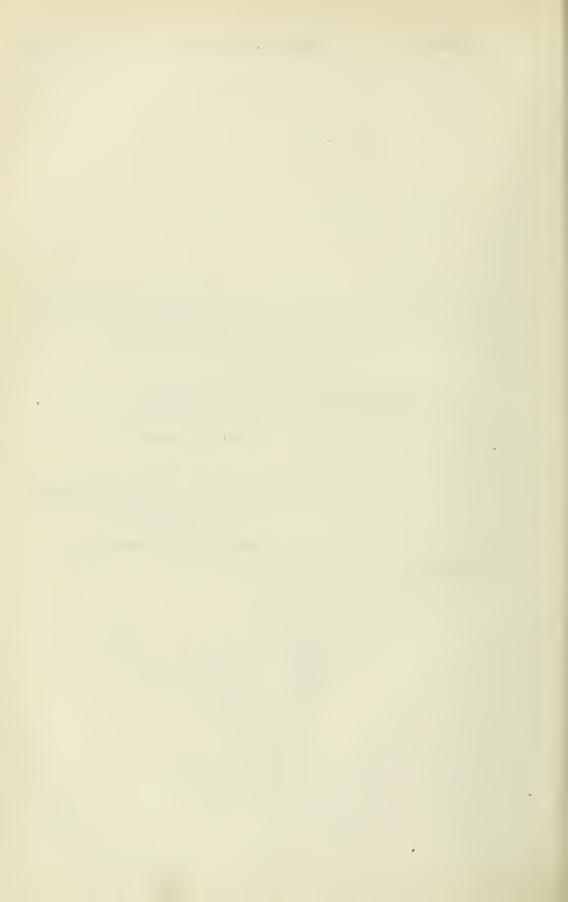
Sir,

Your Royal Highness's most obedient Servant,

SAM HUGHES,

Minister of Militia and Defence.

November 21, 1912.



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ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE MILITIA COUNCIL

Year Ending March 31, 1912.

1. The Militia Council present, herewith, their report on the work of the Militia during the twelve months ended March 31, 1912.

2. The report on the training during the period under review, which was published a few months ago as an Interim Report, is appended hereto for purposes of reference. (Appendix E.)

MILITARY POLICY.

3. The one object to be sought is preparedness for war,—the possession of the power to mobilize at short notice a force of adequate strength, well trained and fully equipped, with added means for maintaining it in the field, during the continuance of hostilities, undiminished in numbers and efficiency.

4. Peace expenditure imposes limitations, and, in Canada, there are special difficulties to be overcome. Effort, however, is being concentrated on essentials, and in certain directions progress has been made; but much remains to be done before from a military point of view, the situation can be regarded as entirely satisfactory.

DEFENCE.

5. In the scheme of defence a few re-adjustments have been made, but no important changes have been introduced.

6. In general terms, the first line of defence consists of the troops which have

been allotted to mobile field formations (divisions and brigades).

7. Of the second line the first portion includes troops, fighting and administrative, required for duty on lines of communication, troops told off to garrison coast defences and to protect certain vulnerable points of strategical importance, and a few units which are held in reserve available for general purposes.

8. The first portion of the second line would be required to mobilize at the same time as the first line; but the second portion, consisting of reinforcements.

would not be taken in hand until a later period.

MOBILIZATION.

9. As regards mobilization, the general scheme is assuming definite shape. It depends for its success on decentralization, on the delegation of authority and responsibility. Divisional and district commanders will be given as free a hand as possible, and they will not be required to adopt a uniform system. Their work will be supervised and their endeavours co-ordinated; but it is recognized that their arrangements must accord, and vary, with local conditions.

10. The actual preparations which it is possible to make in time of peace are, of course, controlled and restricted by political and financial considerations, and they relate, mainly, to the completion of the ranks to war establishment, the

provision of horses and transport, and the supply of war outfit.

11. The peace strength of the Militia is, as compared with its war establishment, relatively low; and there is no organized reserve whence to draw the difference. In circumstances rendering necessary a general mobilization it is safe to assume that the ranks will at once be filled by volunteers; but among their number will be men who have never trained.

12. There is in force no system of "horse registration", in the usual acceptance of the term; but divisional and district commanders have received instructions which will facilitate arrangements for the provision of remounts and transport. The instructions under reference rely on powers conferred by the Militia Act, and they pre-suppose close co-operation between the civil and military

authorities.

13. As regards war outfit, there are stores which, after more or less delay, can be obtained on emergency by local purchase. But there are others of a kind which cannot be improvised; at short notice they can neither be obtained by contract nor bought in sufficiently large quantities in the open market. Therefore, they should be kept in store in time of peace. If they are not, mobilization will be arrested, or the troops will be compelled to take the field improperly equipped. Lack of funds has, so far, impeded even the gradual accumulation of reserves, and it would be wrong to attempt to conceal the fact that there are serious deficiencies. It is, however, satisfactory to note that as regards the supply of arms and ammunition good progress has been made.

INTERDEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE.

14. By maintaining close co-operation between the Militia and the Naval Service the Interdepartmental Committee continues to display its usefulness.

15. Regarding the regulation of traffic at defended ports the respective responsibilities of the two services have now been definitely settled, and other questions of joint interest have from time to time come under discussion.

16. The Committee has been re-constituted; it now consists of-

The Director of the Naval Service, The Chief of the General Staff, and The Ĝeneral Staff Officer for Mobilization.

INTELLIGENCE AND CORPS OF GUIDES.

17. The work of the Intelligence Division is progressive.

18. The recent attachment of Intelligence Officers to the General Staff at the headquarters of divisions and districts appears to be giving satisfactory results.

19. Instructional tours for officers of the Corps of Guides were held at Petawawa, Levis and Aldershot, and at one or other of them an opportunity was afforded for the attendance of every officer of the Corps in Eastern Canada.

20. Whilst the numbers present at training were fewer than in preceding years, the quality of the work done and the interest displayed by those who took

part in it showed marked improvement.

21. Results were sufficiently encouraging to warrant the organization of a mounted company in the 2nd Divisional Arca, and of mounted sections in the 1st and 5th.

SURVEYS.

22. The field work of the Survey Division consisted of topography, and the running of transit traverses and level lines for the control of the topography. The office work consisted of the reduction and plotting of field notes, the compilation and preparation of sheets of the regular one-inch series, and the preparation and lithographing of various maps for field days, manœuvres and training purposes.

23. The general field work continued from May 3rd to November 29th, 1911. Two transit parties were employed during the season, the total period being equivalent to one party for 39½ weeks. These parties ran 1,588 miles of traverse, cheaply and expeditiously. In addition to the above, 555 miles of railway were traversed by a party of two employed for 11 weeks, and 230 miles of bicycle and perambulator traverse were run by a party of three employed for 12 weeks.

24. Four level parties of two each were employed during the season, equivalent to one party for S2 weeks. They ran 2,400 miles of levels, mostly in very

rough country.

25. The topography, which was partly in the vicinity of Kingston and partly in the Eastern Townships, covered an area of 1,331 square miles. The topography of two sheets was completed, and progress was made in that of nine others. The work was carried out by two permanent employees, four non-commissioned officers and men of the Royal Engineers and one temporary employee. This branch of the work was in charge of an officer, whose headquarters were part of the time, at Sherbrooke, P.Q., and afterwards at Kingston, Ontario. The field sheets, as completed, were examined on the ground by this officer or one of the permanent employees; the accuracy of the topography has been thereby increased.

26. A separate party, under an officer, completed the survey of the Petawawa training area. They were in the field for 39½ weeks and did 138 square miles of

topography.

27. During the year four topographical sheets of the regular 1" to 1 mile

series were prepared for lithographing and three were issued.

28. In all 61 sheets of the 1" to 1 mile series, covering an area of 19,100 square miles, have now been completely surveyed. Of these, 31 have been issued, 24 are in the hands of the lithographers, and 6 are in course of preparation.

TRAINING.

EDUCATION OF OFFICERS.

Instruction in England.

29. Officers of the Permanent Force attended instructional courses in England as under:—

Staff College	5
Ordnance College (Advanced Class)	1
Gunnery Staff Course	3
School of Military Engineering	8
Physical Training Course	1
Ordnance Machinery Course	2

Staff College.

30. Two vacancies at the Staff College, Camberley, are allotted to officers of the Permanent Force, annually. At the present time there are four officers preparing to compete for the qualifying examination for entrance to that institution.

Officers' Long Course.

31. The conditions under which officers of the Active Militia may take the

"Long Course" have been changed, with effect from November, 1912.

32. The course formerly consisted of two portions, the first of which was taken at a Royal School of Instruction; the second, lasting three months, at the Royal Military College. The entire course will now be taken, annually, at the Royal Military College; it will last seven months, November to May, and the Syllabus has been amended. The qualifications necessary before attendance have been altered so as to require a candidate to be in possession of a certificate from a Royal School of Instruction, and it is hoped that the new course will provide for officers a useful military education, theoretical and practical.

33. The possession of a "Long Course" certificate has, also, been made obliga-

tory in the case of a candidate for a commission in the Permanent Force (except

administrative services and departments).

34. During the year 1911-12 eleven officers were granted certificates, and at the end of the fiscal year there were five attending the course which was then in progress.

Preparatory and Refresher Courses.

35. A "Preparatory Course" is held at the Royal Military College, annually, from January to June, for the benefit of candidates from the Permanent Force preparing themselves for the entrance examination to the Staff College. Four officers were attending the course at the end of the fiscal year.

36. In conjunction with the above, there is a "Refresher Course" of three months (January-March) for the military education of officers of the Permanent Force, or selected officers of the Active Militia. Five officers attended this course

during the spring of 1912.

Artillery Staff Course.

37. Three officers successfully completed the course, which commenced in January, 1911.

Staff Tour.

38. A Staff Tour was held at Kentville in the autumn for the Permanent Force officers of the Halifax Garrison, and smaller regimental exercises were held in the other divisional areas. It is hoped that in future it will be possible to hold at least one staff tour in each divisional area each year.

War Games.

39. War games were carried out in the various divisional areas under the direction of the General Staff Officers. These exercises are not of an advanced nature; they are intended to provide elementary instruction in tactics for officers both of the Permanent Force and of the Active Militia.

EXAMINATIONS.

Staff College.

40. One officer underwent (and passed) the qualifying entrance examination to the Staff College.

Promotion Examinations.

41. The examination of officers of the Permanent Force in subject "c" (practical), previously conducted under arrangements made from Militia Head-quarters, was handed over to the officers commanding divisions and districts, and

will be held by them from time to time as required.

42. The semi-annual written examinations were held in May and December. Sixty-five candidates, officers of the Permanent Force, presented themselves for examination in one or more subjects or subheads. The papers for these examinations continue to be set by the War Office, and they are looked over and marked in the same way as those of officers of the regular army.

Tactical Fitness.

43. An examination in the practical portion, Part II, was held at Petawawa in August, 1911. Two officers of the Permanent Force were examined and qualified.

Lieutenant-Colonels, Active Militia.

44. The examination of lieutenant-colonels of the Active Militia before promotion to the rank of colonel is similar to that for majors of the Permanent Force, but modified in accordance with the regulations. The papers are looked over in Canada. Two officers underwent this examination, and one succeeded in passing.

Literary Examination.

45. Five candidates presented themselves for the Literary Examination for appointment to the Permanent Force, held in May, 1911, of whom none passed.

Royal Military College.

46. Seventy-six candidates presented themselves for the entrance examination to the Royal Military College, 1911. of whom 51 were successful in passing.

CANADIAN OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS.

47. Regulations suggested for the Canadian Officers Training Corps have been issued to all universities. The general principles of the scheme have been accepted by McGill, but a unit has not yet been organized. It is hoped that during the next college year a contingent of at least one infantry company will be formed at McGill, and that other universities will follow.

INSTRUCTION IN UNIVERSITIES.

48. At McGill University, Montreal, there is a voluntary course of lectures

in military subjects. The course is spread over a period of two years.

At the Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax, the course comprises only thirty lectures, but it is obligatory. Each student attends weekly lectures during one year; in addition, physical and military drill is carried out on two afternoons a week during the same year. The attendance at the College is small, but the Nova Scotia Department of Education is to be congratulated upon the fact that instruction in military subjects is made obligatory.

PERMANENT SCHOOLS.

49. The system of instruction at the Royal Schools of Instruction for cavalry and infantry was re-organized, with effect from 1st January, 1912. By providing for preliminary instruction at local headquarters it has been considered feasible to reduce the minimum length of time required at a permanent school before qualification. Officers and non-commissioned officers of the Active Militia may now qualify for each rank in two weeks, provided they have attained a certain standard of knowledge before going to the school. The syllabus of instruction has been revised accordingly.

PROVISIONAL SCHOOLS.

50. Provisional Schools are specially authorized, when necessary, to suit the convenience of officers and non-commissioned officers who are unable to find time to attend the permanent schools.

INSTRUCTIONAL CADRE.

51. An Instructional Cadre of cavalry and infantry non-commissioned officers has been organized to assume the duties of the instruction of the Active Militia. These non-commissioned officers are selected from units of the Permanent Force after a special course in instructional duties and, on passing a qualifying examination, they are posted to the Cadre.

52. At present the establishment of the Instructional Cadre is 101. This allows of one non-commissioned officer to every two regiments of cavalry or battalions of infantry, but as more instructors become available, and as they may be found useful or necessary, the establishment may be increased to meet require-

ments.

53. Detailing certain non-commissioned officers to perform the duty of instructing the Active Militia leaves the Permanent Force more free to perform its own necessary training, and prevents the interference of the one duty with the other to the extent which formerly obtained, while the absence of non-commissioned officers on instructional duty does not now deprive the permanent units of the non-commissioned officers required to carry on their own regimental work. The system also ensures better instruction for the Active Militia.

54. Provision has also been made for the non-commissioned officers of the Instructional Cadre to revert to regimental duty, periodically, to prevent them

losing touch with practical work.

INSTRUCTION AT LOCAL HEADQUARTERS.

55. The organization of the Instructional Cadre has rendered it possible to instruct squadrons and companies at local headquarters in a way which has never before been feasible. One non-commissioned officer is detailed to one or two regiments for the whole of the non-training period, i.e. from October to May, and is available to conduct classes whenever desired. In this way officers, and more especially non-commissioned officers, should be able to obtain sufficient instruction by means of "preparatory classes", before attending a permanent school, to ensure their qualifying at the school in two weeks time.

56. It is hoped that it will also be possible to collect classes of non-commissioned officers and men for preliminary instruction and squad drill before going

into camp.

CERTIFICATES.

57. The following table shows the number of certificates issued from all schools of instruction.

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MUS-	Distinguished	
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D	O. "A" aberto	55 55
ALLI	Asst. Instructors	<u> </u>
SIGNALLING	Grade "B"	\$ 5
	Grade "A" shard	9 9
	Instructors	
	Artillery Staff Course	
85	Equitation	z -8
HCER	Bombardiers	99
N. С. Орисевя	Сотрога	204 26 26 27 26 26 26 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66
S. C.	Sergeants	232 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111
	Sergt, Instructors or Staff Sergts,	2 2 2 5
	Equitation	50 10 8 2 2 2 8
20	Subaltedus	237 9 9 1 16 18 13 13 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15
OFFICERS	Captains	20 00 0 0 4 4 20 20 - 12 40 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
ð	Field Officers	g∞u-4∞ 03-1 .c
	Serio Sourse	7
	School	Reyal Schools of Cavalry, Toronto, Ont., St. Johns, Que. Royal School of Cavalry, Winnipeg, Mar. Royal School of Artillery (Field), Kingston, Out Royal School of Artillery (Gririson) Halifax, Esquimalt, Quebec Royal School of Infantry, London Royal School of Infantry, Terdericon Royal School of Infantry, Fredericon Royal School of Infantry, Halifax Royal School of Infantry, Quebec Royal School of Instruction (Infantry) Winnipeg, Man Royal School of Instruction (Infantry) Winnipeg, Man Royal Cannadian Engineers Provisional Schools : Gavalry Artillery Copps of Quides Infantry Reyal Cannadian Engineers Infantry Reyal Cannadian Engineers Infantry Royal Cannadian Engineers Infantry Royal Cannadian Engineers Infantry Royal Cannadian Engineers Infantry Artillery School of Instruction (Infantry), Esquimalt Special Corpus (Medical Corps) Provisional Schools (Signalling)

MUSKETRY.

58. The musketry training for 1911 has been reported on in the Interim

Report and the report of the Inspector General. (See Appendix E.)

59. Special volunteer courses of musketry were organized at Toronto and Hamilton, at which forty-four officers and non-commissioned officers presented themselves for examination. Of these, thirty-seven qualified as Musketry Instructors.

60. Arrangements are being made for a course of the Canadian School of Musketry at Calgary, Alta., during July and August, 1912, for the purpose of accommodating officers and non-commissioned officers from British Columbia, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

SIGNALLING.

61. The training in signalling carried out during 1911 has been reported on in the Interim Report and the report of the Inspector General. (See Appendix E.)

LIBRARIES.

62. During the year reference libraries were established, one in each divisional area and military district. These libraries receive an annual grant from the Department for the purchase of books; they also receive an issue of official publications. They are intended to provide officers, both Permanent Force and Active Militia, with military literature, and to encourage them to study their profession.

63. Smaller libraries of a more technical nature have been established at the Schools of Gunnery for the use of officers and non-commissioned officers, attending these schools; also, small libraries for officers' messes of the various units

of the Permanent Force.

ORGANIZATION.

64. During the past year the Militia has expanded and its organization has

improved.

65. The re-organization of the Militia on a divisional basis was effected from the 1st April, 1911. The four commands in Eastern Canada were re-constituted so as to form six divisional commands providing six infantry divisions and four cavalry brigades.

66. The headquarters of the several divisions are as follows:—

1st Division, London, Ont.

2nd Division, Toronto, Ont.3rd Division, Kingston, Ont.

4th Division, Montreal, P.Q.

5th Division, Quebec, P.Q.

6th Division, Halifax, N.S.

- 67. An officer was appointed to the command of each division, the staff of which consists of
 - (a) General Staff.

(b) Administrative Staff.

68. The fortress of Halifax is commanded by a selected officer who is assisted by a staff, the whole being under the General Officer Commanding 6th Division.

69. The military districts of Western Canada, Nos. 10, 11 and 13 remain for the present, as heretofore.

70. The establishment of a Permanent Army Service Corps School of Instruction was authorized in April, 1911, the headquarters of the school being at Halifax, N.S., with branch schools at Quebec, Kingston and Toronto. Provision was made for an officer of the Permanent Army Service Corps to be appointed Commandant and for the necessary instructional staff. A Veterinary School of Instruction has, also, been authorized.

71. A Canadian Postal Corps has been authorized, and a Staff Orderly Service

has been organized at Militia Headquarters.

72. The following new corps and changes were authorized in the several divisional commands and military districts:—

Infantry Brigades renumbered.

1st Divisional Area:-

24th Regiment Grey's Horse, 4th Squadron authorized.

2nd Divisional Area:-

7th Battery, Canadian Field Artillery, disbanded with a view to re-organization.

Mounted Company, Corps of Guides.

3rd Divisional Area:-

56th Regiment re-organized.

No. 5 Company, Canadian Army Service Corps, re-organized.

The Governor General's Foot Guards placed under the Adjutant General for purposes of command, discipline and administration.

4th Divisional Area:-

17th Duke of York's Royal Canadian Hussars. 3rd Squadron authorized.

4th Eastern Townships Cavalry Brigade authorized.

64th Regiment disbanded with a view to re-organization.

6th Divisional Area:-

Re-allotment of units to 16th, 17th and 18th Infantry Brigades.

7th Regiment Canadian Garrison Artillery organized as a Brigade of Field Artillery.

No. 10 Military District:-

29th Light Horse authorized.

27th Light Horse, 3rd Squadron authorized.

Conversion No. VI Field Ambulance into Cavalry Field Ambulance authorized.

No. XXI Field Ambulance authorized.

No. 11 Military District:-

British Columbia Horse, increase four squadrons to form two 4-squadron regiments.

No. 35-2

No. 13 Military District:-

103rd Regiment, increase 6 to 8 companies authorized. 21st Hussars, increase 2 to 4 squadrons authorized. Independent Squadron, Light Horse, Pine Lake, authorized.

73. In Eastern Canada, six 18-pr. batteries of field artillery, three field companies of engineers and two army service corps companies are about to be added to the establishment of the six divisions, and four cavalry brigades now in process of being organized; but to complete total requirements, there will still be needed (disregarding ammunition columns and supply parks) thirty-six batteries of artillery, three field troops and four field companies of engineers, fourteen army service corps companies and five field ambulances, namely:—

In the 1st Divisional Area:

7 field (18-pr.) batteries

1 field company

2 army service corps companies

1 field ambulance.

In the 2nd Divisional Area:-

4 field (18-pr.) batteries

2 howitzer batteries

2 army service corps companies.

In the 3rd Divisional Area:-

2 field (18-pr.) batteries

2 howitzer batteries

1 field troop

3 army service corps companies

2 field ambulances.

In the 4th Divisional Area:-

4 field (18-pr.) batteries

2 howitzer batteries

1 field troop

1 field company

2 army service corps companies.

In the 5th Divisional Area:-

1 field (13-pr.) battery

7 field (18-pr.) batteries

2 howitzer batteries

1 field troop

2 field companies

3 army service corps companies

2 field ambulances.

In the 6th Divisional Area:-

1 field (18-pr.) battery

2 howitzer batteries

2 army service corps companies.

PERMANENT STAFF AND FORCE.

74. During the year 40 officers were appointed to the several branches of the Permanent Staff and Force, as follows:—

Permanent Staff	4
Cavalry	6
Royal Canadian Artillery	4
Royal Canadian Engineers	5
Royal Canadian Regiment 1	0
Permanent Army Medical Corps	3
Canadian Ordnance Corps	1
Canadian Permanent Army Service Corps	3
Canadian Permanent Army Veterinary Corps	1
Corps of Military Staff Clerks	1
	_
Total 4	0

75. The following table shows the strength of the Permanent Force by stations on 31st March, 1912, including Active Militia officers attached for duty, and certain civilians employed in lieu of soldiers.

				ſ	
Stations	Officers	Warrant Officers	N.C.O's & Men	Civilians	Total
Toronto	21	9	315	• •	345
London	9	2	94		105
Kingston	22	11	310	1	344
Ottawa	15	12	106	3	136
Montreal	5	3	32		40
Quebec	19	9	376		404
St. Jean, P.Q.	6	1	107)	114
St. John, N.B	1	1	5	1	8
Halifax	60	21	1,119	1	1,201
Fredericton	3	1	53		57
Charlottetown]				
Winnipeg	19	2	147		168
Esquimalt	7	3	157	2	169
Calgary	2	1	11		14
Seconded in England and abroad	12				12
Militia Officers attached for duty	1				1
Totals	202	76	2,832	8	3,118

76. The following table shows the strength by Corps of the Permanent Force on 31st March, 1912, including Active Militia officers attached for duty, and certain civilians employed in lieu of soldiers.

Corps	Officers	Warrant Officers	N.C.O.'s & Men	Civilians	Total
Royal Canadian Dragoons	15	3	218		236
Lord Strathcona's Horse (Royal Canadians)	13	2	114		129
Royal Canadian Horse Artillery	15	11	230		256
Royal Canadian Garnison Artillery	31	7	611		649
Royal Canadian Engineers	11	10	216		237
Royal Canadian Regiment	29	8	896		933
Ca adian Per. Army Service Corps	10	3	133		146
Canadian Ordonance Corps	29	17	196	8	250
Permanent Army Medical Corps	20	2	89		111
Canadian Army Pay Corps	12	6	31		49
Corps Military Staff Clerks		5	58	e •	63
Musketry & Signalling Staff		2	• •		2
Can. Per. Veterinary Corps	4		4		8
Staff Orderlies	••		11		11
Instl. Cadre			25		25
Seconded in England and abroad	12				12
Militia Officers attached for duty	1				1
Totals	202	76	2,832	8	3,118

Average strength maintained during the financial year 1911-12 2,629.64

Officers Abroad.

In EnglandR	Royal Canadian Dragoons	1
In England	Royal Canadian Artillery	3
In EnglandR	Royal Canadian Engineers	6
In IndiaR	Royal Canadian Regiment	1
In AustraliaR	Royal Canadian Engineers	1
	Total	12
		_

77. The following table shows the changes in strength of the Permanent Force from 1st April, 1911, to 31st March, 1912:—

ABLE SHOWING THE CHANGES IN STRENGTH OF PERMANENT FORCE FROM 18T APRIL, 1911, TO 3100 MARCH 1912
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8193	тио за	Officets and Watta	8026262487788	287	Includes Includes Includes Includes
		CORPS	Royal Canadian Drigoons. Lord Skrithcoan Horse (Aradians). Lord Skrithcoan Horse Artillery. Royal Canadian Horse Artillery. Royal Canadian Regimers. Royal Canadian Regimers. Royal Canadian Regimers. Royal Canadian Permanent Army Service Corps. Canadian Permanent Army Service Corps. Permanent Army Maclical Corps. Permanent Army Maclical Corps. Consolian Permanent Army Veterinary Corps. Musketry and Signalling Staff. Canadian Permanent Army Veterinary Corps. Musketry and Signalling Staff. Canadian Permanent Army Veterinary Corps. Musketry and Maclical Staff Corps. Musketry and Maclical Staff Corps. Musketland Staff Corps. Musketland Staff Corps. Staff Orderlies. Seconded in England and abroad. Militia Officers attached for duty.	Totals	OFFICERS ABROAD

PERMANENT STAFF.

78. The following are the changes in personnel of the Permanent Staff at Militia Headquarters and in the various Divisional Commands and Districts:-

Headquarters' Staff:-

Colonel W. G. Gwatkin was appointed General Staff Officer for Mobilization. Colonel Henry Smith was appointed Judge Advocate General from the Branch of the Adjutant General.

Colonel G. C. Jones (Lieut.-Colonel, P.A.M.C.), whose appointment expired,

was re-appointed Director General of Medical Services.

Lieut.-Colonel C. E. English, R.C.A., vacated the appointment of Inspector of Garrison Artillery.

Lieut.-Colonel H. E. Burstall, R.C.A., was appointed Inspector of Horse, Field

and Heavy Artillery, from Inspector of Horse and Field Artillery.
Lieut.-Colonel W. R. Ward, C.A.P.C., whose appointment expired, was reappointed Assistant Paymaster General.

Lieut.-Colonel H. C. Thacker, R.C.A., vacated the appointment of Director

of Artillerv.

Lieut.-Colonel H. C. Thacker, R.C.A., was appointed Inspector of Coast Defence Artillery.

Charles Greville-Harston, Esq., was appointed Chief Inspector of Arms and

Ammunition, with the rank of Lieut.-Colonel.

Major W. B. Anderson, R.C.E., was appointed Director of Military Training, vice Major (Temporary Lieut.-Colonel) P. E. Thacker, L.S.H. (R.C.).

Captain A. H. Borden, R.C.R., was appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant

Captain A. H. Borden, R.C.R., vacated the appointment of Deputy Assistant Adjutant General.

Captain L. G. VanTuyl, R.C.E., vacated the appointment of Staff Lieutenant. Lieut. and Brevet Captain C. B. Costin, R.C.R., was appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, vice Captain A. H. Borden, R.C.R.

Divisional Staff:—

Lieut.-Colonel J. Galloway was retired retaining rank.

1st Division:

Colonel W. E. Hodgins was appointed Officer Commanding from District Officer Commanding Military District No. 1.

Lieut.-Colonel C. W. Belton, P.A.M.C., was appointed Administrative Medical

Officer, from A.M.O., Military District No. 1.
Major A. H. Macdonell, D.S.O., R.C.R., was appointed Assistant Adjutant General from Chief Staff Officer, Western Ontario Command.

Major L. W. Shannon was appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quarter-

master General from District Staff Adjutant, Military District No. 1.

Captain G. C. W. Gordon-Hall (Yorkshire Light Infantry), Canadian Militia, was appointed General Staff Officer, 2nd Grade.

2nd Division :-

Colonel (Temporary Brigadier General) W. H. Cotton was appointed Officer Commanding from Officer Commanding Western Ontario Command.

Colonel T. D. R. Hemming was appointed Assistant Adjutant General in charge of Administration, from District Officer Commanding Military District No. 3.

Lieut.-Colonel J. A. Grant, P.A.M.C., was appointed Administrative Medical

Officer from Principal Medical Officer, Western Ontario Command.

Lieut.-Colonel J. Galloway vacated the appointment of Deputy Assistant Adjutant General.

Lieut.-Colonel J. T. Fotheringham vacated the appointment of Administrative Medical Officer.

Major L. T. Philips (King's Royal Rifle Corps), Canadian Militia, was

appointed General Staff Officer, 2nd Grade.

Major C. C. Bennett was appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General, from District Staff Adjutant, Military District No. 11.

3rd Division :-

Colonel T. Benson was appointed Officer Commanding from Officer Commanding Eastern Ontario Command.

Colonel G. H. Ogilvie was appointed Assistant Adjutant General in charge of Administration, from District Staff Adjutant, Military District No. 12.

Lieut.-Colonel H. R. Duff, P.A.M.C., was appointed Administrative Medical Officer, from Principal Medical Officer, Eastern Ontario Command.

Lieut.-Colonel J. E. Chinic, R.C.R., vacated the appointment of Chief Staff

Lieut.-Colonel D. D. Young, R.C R., vacated the appointment of Deputy Assis-

tant Adjutant-General.

Lieut.-Colonel A. T. Shillington, A.M.C., vacated the appointment of Administrative Medical Officer.

Major G. V. Horden (King's Royal Rifle Corps), Canadian Militia, was

appointed General Staff Officer, 2nd Grade.

Captain E. E. Clarke was appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General, from District Staff Adjutant, Military District No. 1.

4th Division :-

Colonel A. Roy, M.V.O., A.D.C., was appointed Officer Commanding from

Officer Commanding Quebec Command.

Colonel J. C. MacDougall, R.C.R., was appointed Assistant Adjutant General in charge of Administration, from Chief Staff Officer, Maritime Provinces Command.

Lieut.-Colonel J. A. Fages was appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General.

Lieut.-Colonel C. E. English (Royal Artillery), was appointed General Staff

Officer, 2nd Grade.

Lieut.-Colonel J. W. Bridges, P.A.M.C., was appointed Administrative Medical Officer, from Principal Medical Officer, Quebec Command.

5th Division:-

Colonel O. C. C. Pelletier was appointed Officer Commanding, from Officer Commanding Military District No. 7.

Lieut.-Colonel K. Cameron. A.M.C., vacated the appointment of Adminis-

trative Medical Officer.

Lieut.-Colonel C. F. Winter was appointed Assistant Adjutant General in charge of Administration, from Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, Quebec Command.

Major W. Robertson (Royal Engineers), Canadian Militia, was appointed General Staff Officer, 2nd Grade.

Major J. D. Brousseau, P.A.M.C., was appointed Administrative Medical

Officer, from Administrative Medical Officer, Military District No. 7.

Captain E. W. Pope, R.C.R., was appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General, from District Staff Adjutant, Military District No. 7.

6th Division :-

Colonel (Temporary Brigadier General) C. W. Drury, C.B., A.D.C., was appointed Officer Commanding, from Officer Commanding Maritime Provinces Command.

Colonel W. M. Humphrey was appointed Assistant Adjutant General in charge of Administration, from District Officer Commanding Military District No. 8.

Lieut.-Colonel G. LaF. Foster, P.A.M.C., was appointed Administrative Medical Officer, from Principal Medical Officer, Maritime Provinces Command.

Captain A. H. H. Powell, R.C.D., was appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General, from Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, Maritime Provinces Command.

Captain R. J. F. Hayter (Cheshire Regiment), Canadian Militia, was appointed General Staff Officer, 2nd Grade.

Military District No. 10:-

Major F. L. Vaux, P.A.M.C., was appointed Senior Medical Officer, from Principal Medical Officer.

Military District No. 11:-

Major E. C. Hart, P.A.M.C., was appointed Senior Medical Officer, from Principal Medical Officer.

Captain F. W. J. Moore, R. of O., was appointed District Staff Adjutant, vice Captain C. C. Bennett, transferred.

Halifax Fortress:-

Major W. B. Anderson, R.C.E., was appointed General Staff Officer, 3rd Grade, from Deputy Assistant Quartermaster General, Maritime Provinces Command.

Captain W. W. P. Gibsone, R.C.R., was appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant

and Quartermaster General.

REGULATIONS.

79. During the year the Regulations for the Corps of Guides were revised. 80. The usual report on the examination for admission to the Royal Military College of Canada for the year 1911-12 was published, also the annual report of the Militia Council.

81. The Establishments of the Canadian Militia, including Permanent Force,

for the year 1911-12 were promulgated in May, 1911.

82. The following Regulations were issued during the twelve months ended 31st March, 1912:—

Procedure in regard to the Conduct of Correspondence, Divisional and District Offices, 1911.

Instructions for the Care and Preservation of Q.F. 13-pr. and 18-pr. Equipment, 1911.

Short Guide to Officers of the Cavalry and Infantry joining the Canadian Militia, English.

Short Guide to Officers of the Cavalry and Infantry joining the Canadian Militia, French.

Standing Orders, Royal Military College, 1911.

Courses of Instruction, 1912, English. Courses of Instruction, 1912, French. Catalogue, Library Books, etc., 1911.

War Establishments (Provisional). Canadian Militia, 1912. The Organization of Voluntary Aid in Canada, 1911.

Instructions for Training for City Corps and Corps Training at Camps of Instruction, 1912, Active Militia, English.

Instructions for Training for City Corps and Corps Training at Camps of Instruction, 1912, Active Militia, French.

Extracts from Reports of Royal School of Artillery, etc., 1911.

Pay and Allowance Regulations for Canadian Militia, 1912. (Supplement to Canada Gazette.)

Infantry Training, 1911, French.

Advantages of the Permanent Force, 1912, English. Advantages of the Permanent Force, 1912, French. Memorandum re Militia and Defence Estimates, 1912-13.

Instructions for Practice (Canada), Horse, Field and Heavy Artillery, Central Camp, Petawawa, 1912.

Instructions relating to the Provision of Horses and Transport on Mobilization. List of Military Books issuable to

(a) Permanent Force, and

(b) Active Militia.

COMMISSIONS.

83. The number of commissions in the Active Militia issued during the period under review was 333.

84. Thirty-eight warrants were issued to specially qualified non-commissioned officers of the Permanent Force and Active Militia.

MEDALS.

85. The number and description of medals issued during the twelve months ended 31st March, 1912, were as follows:-

Colonial Auxiliary Forces Officers' Decoration	31
Long Service Medal	134
Long Service and Good Conduct Medal (Per. Force)	8
General Service Medal	87

COURTS-MARTIAL.

86. The number of non-commissioned officers and men tried by courts-martial during the year ending 31st March, 1912, was 102.

CORONATION CONTINGENT.

87. In accordance with an invitation extended by the Imperial Government to the Government of the Dominion of Canada to send a body of troops as representatives of the Canadian Militia at the Coronation of Their Majesties King George V. and Queen Mary, a detachment, composed of representatives of the several units of the different branches of the service was concentrated at Quebec, commencing on the 23rd May, 1911. The Contingent sailed from Quebec on the 2nd June and arrived in England on the 9th idem, proceeding at once, by rail, to London, where they were quartered at the Duke of York's School.

88. On the 22nd June, a detachment, consisting of eight officers and 40 men, took part in the "King's Procession", the remainder of the troops being stationed

at different points on the route of the procession.

89. On the 23rd June, two mounted escorts, composed of four officers and 24 men each, were ordered to be furnished in connection with the Royal Procession through the city, the balance of the troops being disposed of as on the day previous.

90. On the 30th June, the Coronation medals were presented by His Majesty

to the officers, non-commissioned officers and men.

91. On the 2nd July, the Contingent entrained for Liverpool, and arrived at Quebec on the 9th idem.

92. The composition of the Contingent was as follows:—

Staff of Contingent..... 7 officers Subordinate Staff 4 warrant officers, 3 n.c.o. Staff-Mounted Troops 3 officers Subordinate Staff 1 warrant officer, 1 n.c.o. Staff-Dismounted Troops . . 4 officers Subordinate Staff 1 warrant officer Artillery— Horse 2 officers, 16 n.c.o. and men Field 5 officers, 25 n.c.o. and men Heavy 1 officer, Dismounted Troops— 19 n.c.o. and men Garrison Artillery 2 officers, 46 n.c.o. and men Engineers 1 officer, 23 n.c.o. and men Infantry & Departmental 1 officer, 417 n.c.o. and men Band, Royal Canadian Regiment...... 1 warrant officer and 41 n.c.o. and men Attached Officer 1 Total, all ranks..... 719

CADET CORPS.

93. Cadet Corps have continued to increase in number in all the provinces during the year under review.

94. On the 31st March, 1912, there were 506 gazetted Cadet Companies and Squadrons, organized into 266 Corps, with a total membership of 20,240 Cadets.

95. During the year there have been 128 new companies formed and 31 dormant companies disbanded.

96. The following table shows the distribution of Cadet Corps in the various Provinces, Military Divisional Areas and Districts:-

Military Divisional Areas, etc.		Companies		Strength, 31st Mar., 1912		
		Dis- banded	Corps	Com- panies	Cadets	
1st Divisional Area, Ontario. 2nd Divisional Area, Ontario. 3rd Divisional Area, Ontario. 4th Divisional Area, Quebec. 5th Divisional Area, Quebec. 6th Divisional Area, Quebec. 6th Divisional Area, Quebec. Nova Scotia New Brunswick P. E. Island Military District No. 10, Manitoba and Sask'w'n. Military District No. 11, Alberta. Military District No. 13, British Columbia.	9 9 9 25 29	1 3 2 16 7	19 32 32 58 10 69 23 6 17	23 54 52 181 24 77 35 9 51	920 2160 2080 7240 960 3080 1400 360 2040	
Totals	128	31	266	506	20240	

97. The above figures include only those officially gazetted Cadet Corps which are active. Those Cadet Corps which were dormant have been either re-organized during the year, or, where this was not found possible, disbanded.

98. From January, 1912, an ever increasing number of Cadet Corps is being formed throughout the Dominion, chiefly on account of the special inducement offered to the boys in the shape of the approaching Cadet Corps' Camp this summer.

ORGANIZERS AND INSPECTORS OF CADET CORPS.

99. Officers have been appointed Organizers and Inspectors of Cadet Corps for each Divisional Area and District (except in the 3rd Divisional Area, for which one is to be appointed shortly), whose duties are to superintend and organize the Cadet Corps in their Divisional Areas and Districts, in addition to Physical Training in the Public Schools, for which each of these officers holds special qualifications.

100. These officers will take up the work of their appointments in the latter part of April of this year, and it is confidently expected that their appointment will act as a stimulant to all Cadet Corps and Physical Training matters throughout the Dominion, and that, as a result of their work, there will be, at the end of

the year 1912-13, a considerable increase in numbers and efficiency.

CADET INSTRUCTOR COURSES.

101. Courses of military instruction for the qualification of male school teachers as Cadet Instructors were held during the summer vacation throughout the Dominion at military centres, at which a total of 238 teachers obtained qualifying certificates.

102. Applications have been received from 950 male school teachers to attend

the course this summer.

CORPS OF SCHOOL CADET INSTRUCTORS.

103. On the 31st March, 1912, there were 94 officers in the Corps of School Cadet Instructors.

104. The establishment of this Corps has been increased and the number of school teachers qualifying and applying for commissions is also greatly increasing.

REGULATIONS FOR CADET CORPS, 1912.

105. The "Regulations for Cadet Corps" have been re-written, in which numerous amendments have been included. A course of training for mounted and dismounted Cadets has been laid down, which is of a more practical and more interesting nature for boys than formerly; chapters on Training, Discipline, Organization, Inspection, Stores and Procedure, and Cadet Instructors, with numerous appendices, have been included.

INSPECTION REPORTS.

106. The reports of the Inspecting Officers on the Cadet Corps for the past year have been satisfactory and show that a certain degree of efficiency has been attained. These inspections were made on the work done by Cadet Corps during the Cadet Corps' Year, which commenced 1st July, 1910, and continued to 31st June, 1911.

RIFLE SHOOTING.

107. The Governor-General's Challenge Shield was won last year by the Municipality of Joliette, P.Q., with a percentage of 3.41. The Cadet Corps to hold the shield is No. 74, 1st Cadet Battalion, 83rd Regiment, which is the only Cadet Corps in the town of Joliette, P.Q.

108. The Canadian Cadet Team of representative Cadets from the Dominion,

108. The Canadian Cadet Team of representative Cadets from the Dominion, attending the Empire Day matches at Bisley, England, in competition with Cadet Teams from the United Kingdom and the Oversea Dominions, did very creditably,

both as a team and in individual matches.

109. The grants from the Strathcona Trust fund have had a beneficial influence in some of the provinces in encouraging rifle competitions amongst Cadets and in assisting to defray the expenses of Cadets proceeding to and from the Government Ranges.

ARMAMENT AND AMMUNITION.

HORSE AND FIELD ARTILLERY

110. Consequent on the receipt of Q.F. 13 and 18-prs. guns, all 12-pr. B. L. Equipment has been withdrawn, and is available as a reserve for saluting purposes. 111. Twenty-four Q.F. 13-pr. guns (6 batteries) and 64 Q.F. 18-pr. guns (16 batteries), with ammunition, have arrived from England during the year.

The allotment of the above is as follows:-

Q.F. 13-prs.—

Two batteries to Royal Canadian Horse Artillery and four batteries to Canadian Field Artillery.

Q.F. 18-prs.—

Fifteen batteries to Canadian Field Artillery and one battery to Royal Military College, Kingston, Ont.

112. There are now six batteries of Horse Artillery (13-prs.), 24 of Field Artillery (18-prs.) and two batteries of 5-inch B.L. Howitzers.

113. In addition to the above, there are a number of Q.F. 18-prs. and Q.F.

4.5-inch Howitzers under order from England.

HEAVY ARTILLERY.

114. There are at present three B.L. 60-pr. and three Q.F. 4.7-inch batteries with ammunition columns allotted to the Divisional Artillery. It would be more satisfactory if the Q.F. 4.7-inch were replaced by B.L. 60-prs.

HAIJFAX, N.S.

Coast Defence.

115. Provision has been made for 6-pr. sub-calibre guns for use with 9.2-inch,

and it is hoped that they will be received shortly.

116. Alterations in the dispositions of the fixed armament of the fortress are now under consideration.

SMALL ARMS.

117. The output of rifles, bayonets and small arm ammunition has been maintained, in accordance with the requirements of the Department.

118. The manufacture of Ross rifle, Mark III, will commence very shortly.

119. The Standing Small Arms Committee has been reconstructed and takes the place of the Committee and Sub-Committee hitherto existing.

120. Lieut.-Colonel Greville Harston has been appointed Chief Inspector of

Arms and Ammunition.

121. By courtesy of the United States Government, the above-mentioned officer visited the Frankford Arsenal, with a view to witnessing the manufacture of small arm ammunition.

DOMINION ARSENAL.

122. An average monthly output of 750,000 rounds of .303-inch small arm ammunition was maintained throughout the year, and this could be increased if necessary.

123. The manufacture of .303-inch, Mark VII, ammunition and shrapnel shell for Q.F. 18-pr. will commence shortly. A considerable amount of miscel-

laneous stores were also manufactured for the Department.

124. The demands for ammunition and stores, having increased so much, the present available space in the Arsenal is quite inadequate for the needs of the future. It has, therefore, become necessary to select a new site for the Arsenal and danger-buildings outside the city.

CORDITE.

- 125. A quantity of cordite has been manufactured by the Canadian Explosives Company (a branch of Nobels) in Canada, for use with .303-inch, Mark VII, ball cartridge. The subsequent tests showed that, though difficult to make, the ballistic qualities of the cordite were well up to specifications and gave very satisfactory
- 126. The manufacture of cordite for Q.F. 18-pr. ammunition will, it is hoped, commence shortly.

VEHICLES AND STORES.

127. All the limbers and wagons, with stores complete, for Horse and Heavy Artillery Equipment have been manufactured by the Ottawa Car Company.

128. In addition, a number of lorries, carts and numerous stores of M.D.

pattern have been manufactured during the year.

ENGINEER SERVICES.

129. The administration of Engineer Services in the various divisional commands and districts has, on the whole, been satisfactorily carried out, though the branch has suffered seriously through a shortage of officers. In some cases officers of junior rank have had to be placed in charge of important works whilst in Military District No. 13 the Engineer's duties had to be performed by the District Engineer of Military District No. 11, owing to there not being another officer available.

130. All military properties, buildings, rifle ranges, etc., throughout the different divisional commands and districts have been maintained and kept in a state of good repair. In addition to ordinary services coming under the category of "Incidentals" consequent upon fair wear and tear, many other larger works have been undertaken and completed.

131. It might be mentioned that much of the contemplated work was necessarily retarded owing to the Estimates for the year being only partially voted until

very late in the season.

132. In very many cases it has been found preferable to have services carried out by day-labour under the superintendence of the Royal Canadian Engineers, it having been found that a great saving is thus effected as compared with carrying out by contract, and, where practicable and advisable, this system is adhered to.

133. The new system of construction of Drill Halls of standard design will

facilitate the work in connection with these buildings very much.

134. Four Standard types of Drill Halls have been designed to cover the requirements of the majority of places, as follows:—

Design	No.	1.—Headq	uarters	and	1	or	2	Companies.
Design	No.	2.—	•6	and	2	or	3	16
Design	No.	3.—	66	and	4	to	8	**
Design	No.	4.—	cc	and	8	to	16	66

The accommodation provided in all the above designs can be arranged to suit the requirements of all arms of the service.

135. The work of construction of rifle ranges is progressing satisfactorily. The difficulty of securing sites which come within the regulations for danger areas is still a serious one, but much progress has been made in this direction.

136. The following new Rifle Ranges have been con	structed :—
Winnipeg, Manitoba	30 targets
Belleville, Ontario	6
Farnham, Quebec	18 "
Nelson, British Columbia	

137. The following is a list of Armouries, Military buildings and large works constructed by the Department of Militia and Defence during 1911-12:—

Drill Halls and Armouries.

Morinville, Alta.—Armoury, completed.

Pincher Creek, Sask.—Armoury, completed.

Forest, Ont.—Drill Hall; construction; jointly completed with municipality.

Paris, Ont.—Armoury; purchased by Department of Public Works and altered and repaired by Militia Department.

Montreal, Que.—Building purchased as an armoury for the 4th Field Company, Canadian Engineers.

65th Regiment—Drill Hall, Montreal; constructed by regiment, Militia Department contributing a portion of the cost.

Kentville, N.S.—Old Court House purchased for armoury purposes. Sherbrooke, P.Q.—Old Court House purchased for Armoury purposes.

Extensive Alterations and Repairs.

Metcalfe, Ont.—Drill Hall; reconstructed.

Windsor, Ont.—Drill Hall; new Engineer fixtures installed throughout.

Cobourg, Ont.—Armoury and Gun Shed; extensive repairs.

Kingston Drill Hall-New asphalt floor.

Winnipeg—Old Examining Warehouse fitted up to accommodate 90th Regiment.

Victoria, B.C.—Drill Hall; floor renewed.

Chatham, Ont.—Armoury; construction of retaining wall, McGregor's Creek, to protect Drill Hall.

Charlottetown, P.E.I.—Drill Hall; large extension.

Military Buildings and Works.

Montreal—New Magazine and Explosive Store Building.

Ottawa—New Magazine and Explosive Store Building.

London, Ont.—New Magazine and Explosive Store Building.

Ottawa—Four buildings for officers, n.c.o.'s and men attending School of Musketry, Rockeliffe.

Quebec-Additional story to Ordnance Stores.

London, Ont.—Addition to Ordnance Store Building.

Halifax, N.S.—Conversion of Dillon property into Married Quarters.

Montreal—Construction of Wagon Shed and Harness Room for 4th Field Company, Canadian Engineers.

Levis, Que.—No. 1 Fort—Installation of Hot Water Heating System.

Montreal—Construction of Fence around old Military Cemetery, Papineau Avenue.

LANDS ACQUIRED.

138. The following lands were acquired during 1911-12:-

Montreal—65th Armoury Site.

Montreal-4th Field Co. Canadian Engineers Armoury Site.

Chateauguay, Que.—Site of Monument.

Bathurst, N.B.—Rifle Range Site.

Saskatoon, Sask.—Drill Hall Site.
Province of Saskatchewau—Four Townships; Remount Depot.
Province of Alberta—Three Townships; Remount Depot.
Kamloops, B.C.—Site for Rifle Range.
Nictaux, N.S.—Site for Rifle Range.
Collingwood, Ont.—Site for Rifle Range.
Kentville, N.S.—Armoury Site.

EXPENDITURE.

GENERALLY.

of \$32,511), leaving the net increase as stated.

142. Of the sums voted by Parliament, \$621,125 lapsed, owing, as regards construction of buildings and works, to a portion of the Votes not becoming available till too late to finish the works undertaken; and, as regards Annual Drill, to the Militia not turning out for training up to the expected strength.

143. The uncertainty in respect of funds also affected the expenditure at the

Dominion Arsenal, of the Vote for which \$63,209 lapsed.

145. The amount voted for Customs Dues was \$56,931 in excess of requirements.

146. Of the sums voted for construction of Armouries and other Military buildings and works, \$222,678 lapsed, which is approximately two-thirds of the total amount.

147. Taking the Votes in their order, the following remarks are submitted:—

ALLOWANCES TO ACTIVE MILITIA.

148. This is for Command Pay, Drill Instruction, Care of Arms and Postage to Officers of the Active Militia. It also includes gratuities to Trumpeters and Signallers.

149. The expenditure was not so heavy as in the preceding year, although the Vote was a little larger, in expectation of a larger number turning out to train, which would cause a larger expenditure for Command Pay and Drill Instruction.

150. The number, however, was no larger than in the preceding year, and, owing to delay in carrying out inspections of equipment in some localities, the

allowance for Care of Arms was not paid certain Corps before the accounts of the year were closed, and in consequence \$26,132.60 lapsed. (See statement, page 39.)

ANNUAL DRILL.

151. Full particulars of the numbers trained in each Camp, District, etc., are

given in the Interim Report (see Appendix E).

152. The number trained, viz., 45,061, all ranks, with 9,004 horses, was about the same as in the previous year, but the expenditure was \$79,375 greater, owing to slightly higher rates of Efficiency Pay earned, more expenditure on Camp Grounds, and payment of belated transport claims belonging to previous year.

Efficiency Pay.

153. The following statement shows the number of men in the Militia who received Efficiency Pay, and the amounts paid, during training 1911-12:-

	Number Paid			Not	Total	
Arm of Service	1st rate 20e p.d.	2nd rate 40e p.d.	3rd rate 50e p.d.	qualified	trained .	Cost.
Artillery, Engineers and Departmental Corps Cavalry and Infantry	2,980 6,563	2,040 10,714	2,377 11,245	423 2,652	7,820 31,174	\$ 38,216 135,837
	9,543	12,754	13,622	3,075	38,994	174,053

154. The following statement shows the numbers qualified during the last three vears:-

Year	7.	umber Pai	d	Not	Total trained	Amount paid
	1st rate	2nd rate	3rd rate	qualified		
1909–10	11,625	7,721	10,816	4,032	34,194	\$128,590
1910–11	11,295	11,670	13,233	3,314	39,512	170,151
1911–12	9,543	12,754	13,622	3,075	38,994	174,053

155. The average amount paid to each man for Efficiency Pay in above years was, therefore:-

Year	Artillery, Engineers and Dept. Corps	Cavalry and Infantry
1909–10	34c per diem	30c per diem
1910–11	38e per diem	34e per diem
1911–12	34e per diem	36c per diem

156. In 1913 a new system of Efficiency Pay will come into effect, a flat rate of 15c per diem being given to all Corps in the place of the three rates as shown above.

157. Qualification for Efficiency Pay in the Cavalry and Infantry will depend upon scores made at Musketry practice, and in the Artillery, Engineers and Departmental Corps upon certificate of Inspecting Officer.

158. To cover the decrease in rate of Efficiency Pay, the rates of Regimental

Pay have been correspondingly increased.

CADET CORPS.

159. The amount voted for Cadets was \$50,000, but only \$35,946.68 was expended, due mainly to the fact that when the money was wanted most, viz., in June and July, only a part of it was available. School teachers take the opportunity to qualify as Cadet Instructors at the Military Schools during the summer holidays, and the number allowed to attend in 1911 was limited owing to the uncertainty about funds at that period.

160. Besides this, the amount expended on instruction of Cadets was less than

estimated.

161. This expenditure is made in the form of an Allowance to School Teachers who have qualified as Instructors, at rate of \$1.00 for each Cadet instructed, up to 50 Cadets; 75 cents from 50 to 100 Cadets, and 50 cents each Cadet over 100.

162. Particulars of the work done in connection with Cadet Corps and the number of School teachers who qualified as Instructors during the year, will be found elsewhere in this Report.

CLOTHING.

163. The amount expended for Clothing, under Clothing Vote, was \$475,175.09. In addition, \$110,468 was expended out of the large Vote of \$1,300,000 for a reserve stock and to outfit new Corps, making the total \$585,643.09.

CUSTOMS DUES.

164. The amount voted was \$200,000, but only \$143,068.63 was expended, as against \$180,579.63 in the preceding year.

DOMINION ARSENAL.

165. The expenditure at the Arsenal was \$236,790.03, about \$15,000 less than previous year. For output, &c., see report of the Superintendent. (Appendix D.)

ENGINEER SERVICES.

166. The amount voted was \$380,000, which was all expended except \$601.20. The amount expended in the previous year was \$353,965.64, including \$54,235 of money voted in Public Works Estimates and transferred to Militia Department and expended under the supervision of the Royal Canadian Engineers.

GRANTS TO ASSOCIATIONS AND BANDS.

167. The expenditure under this head does not vary much from year to year. Following are the particulars of expenditure for the year:—

Dominion Rifle Association	\$ 15,000.00
Canadian Artillery Association	6,000.00
Provincial Rifle Associations	11,600.00
Local Rifle Associations	12,357.98
University Rifle Associations	699.72
Bands of Active Militia Corps	8,100.00
Military Institutes and Clubs	1,500.00
Prizes for Local Rifle Associations	974.60
Sundry grants	38.14
	\$56,270.44

MAINTENANCE OF MILITARY PROPERTIES.

168. This Vote covers expenses for heating and lighting the Armouries and Drill Halls, also rents of buildings and lands for the use of Active Militia, and sundry expenses for water, telephones, &c. The amount expended was \$80,936.65. For the previous year it was \$79,960.64.

ORDNANCE, ARMS, EQUIPMENT, LANDS, ETC.

169. The amount voted for the purchase of Ordnance, Arms, Equipment, Lands, &c., was \$1,300,000. This amount was first voted by Parliament in 1903-04 and has been voted annually ever since, excepting in 1906-07, which, being a nine months' year, only three-fourths of the amount was granted.

170. In 1911-12 there was expended under this head:—	
46 eighteen-pounder limbers-wagon; 92 eighteen-pound-	
er wagons—ammunition	\$243,726.94
Paid War Office on account of thirteen and eighteen-	
pounder guns purchased	366,151.46
Sundry other Ordnance	24,618.62
7,000 Ross Rifles, Mark II *****	175,000.00
6,000 Ross Rifles, Mark II **	161,400.00
500 Rifle Chests	3,625.00
1,800 Ross Rifles fitted with Mark II Sights	9,197.47
Spare parts of Ross Rifles	19,125.83
20,000 Scabbards	25,052.25
Services of Chartered Accountant	210.00
Inspection of Small Arms and Scabbards	20,422.33
Inspection of Limbers, Wagons, etc.	3,399.02
Harness and Saddlery	6,572.05
12 Motor Cars	11,419.20
Small Arms Committee	6,004.63
Reserve Clothing	110,467.66
T 1 1 1	
Lands purchased:	
For Dominion Arsenal, Quebec \$ 20,000.00	
For Petawawa Camp Site 16,838.17	
For Farnham	
For Sundry 2,510.66	70.001.00
Develope of Old Count II and II at the Count I	50,094.89
Purchase of Old Court House, Kentville, for an Armoury	2.521.90

Construction of new Rifle Ranges:-

Belleville, Ont	\$19,951.62	
Nelson, B.C	17,043.65	
Winnipeg, Man	12,827.00	
Farnham, Que	8,771.89	
Sundry—small	658.75	
5		~ ~ ~

59,252.91

\$1,298,262.16

HEADQUARTERS AND DISTRICT STAFFS.

171. The amount expended under this head was \$187,077.84, an increase of \$29,458.77, compared with the previous year, for the most part due to the appointment of seven General Staff Officers loaned from the Imperial Army for employment in the Divisions and Districts in instructional work.

PERMANENT FORCE.

172. There was an increase of \$101,402.06 in the cost of the Force, compared with the preceding year, the cost for 1911-12 being \$1,946,633.73 and for 1910-11, \$1,845,231.67. This was largely due to an increase in the numerical strength of the Force, which in 1910-11 was:—

173. For cost of pay and maintenance by Corps and at the various stations, see accompanying statements, pages 42-49.

ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE.

174. The Royal Military College cost \$134,948.85 to maintain, an increase of \$7,912.81, compared with the previous year, due to an addition to the Subordinate Staff of a dozen Non-commissioned Officers and Men for a riding school and to a larger number of Cadets attending the College, there being 117 in 1911-12 and 105 in 1916-11.

175. The revenue from the College for fees, &c., paid by the Cadets amounted to \$34,286 for the year, making the net expenditure \$100,662.

SALARIES AND WAGES.

176. There was a slight increase in the amount paid for Salaries and Wages, the figures standing:—

1911-12 ... \$155,644.83 1910-11 ... 153,017.93

This was due to a higher rate of wages paid in a few cases. The estimated amount required for the year was \$167,000, but the requirements fell short of the estimate and \$11,355.17 lapsed.

SCHOOLS OF INSTRUCTION.

177. There was a decrease of \$9,939.21 under this head, the expenditure for 1911-12 being \$70,041.16, and for 1910-11, \$79,980.37. The amount asked in the Estimates was \$80,000, and that amount would have been expended had the money been available when wanted; but, owing to delay in getting the necessary funds, a number of Schools were cancelled and \$9,958.84 lapsed.

CORONATION CONTINGENT.

178. There were 719 Officers and Men of the Canadian Militia sent to London to take part in the Coronation Review. The estimate of cost, including clothing, was \$155,000, but the actual expenditure was only \$134,835.48, transport having been effected at less than estimated and a less quantity of clothing required than was expected.

MILITARY BUILDINGS AND WORKS.

179. The total of the Votes under this head was \$330,500, but, as the greater part of the money was not available till late in the year, many of the works were not undertaken, and, as regards those that were, only a portion of the Vote was expended in many cases. The total expenditure amounted to \$107,821.63. Particulars of the works undertaken are given elsewhere in this report.

STATEMENTS.

180. Following are statements showing:-

(1) Expenditure for the year by Votes (General Statement).

(2) Amounts expended in each Division and District for drill instruction, care of arms, postage, &c.

(3) Expenditure for training by Camps. Divisions, &c.

- (4) Strength of Permanent Force at the various stations, and expenditure for pay, allowance, and supplies.
- (5) Particulars of expenditure for pay, &c., of officers, by Stations.
 (6) Particulars of expenditure for pay, &c., of officers, by Corps.
- (7) Particulars of expenditure for pay, &c., of n.c.o's and men, by Stations.
- (8) Particulars of expenditure for pay, &c., of n.c.o's and men, by Corps.
- (9) Particulars of expenditure for provisions and supplies of officers, n.c.o.'s and men, by Stations.
- (10) Numbers attending Schools of Instruction, and cost.
- (11) Expenditure under Votes during past ten years.

APPROPRIATION ACCOUNTS 1911-1912. MILITIA AND DEFENCE

Votes	Amounts Voted	Amounts expended	Amounts unexpended	Expended in excess of Votes
Allowances Active Militia Annual Drill Cadet Corps Clothing and Necessaries. Contingencies	1 325 000 00	\$ c. 83,867 40 1,169,068 37 35,946 68 475,175 09	\$ c. 26,132 60 155,931 63 14,053 32	\$ c.
Customs Dues Departmental Library Dominion Arsenal Engineer Services	1,000 00 300,000 00 380,000 00	39,919 87 143,068 63 975 31 236,790 03 379,398 80	80 13 56,931 37 24 69 63,209 97 601 20	
Grants to Associations. Maintenance Military Properties. Ordnance, Arms, Lands, etc Pay of Staff Permanent Force. Printing and Stationery Royal Military College. Salaries and Wages. Schools of Instruction	87,000 00 87,000 00 1,300,000 00 171,500 00 1,950,000 00 60,000 00 135,000 00 167,000 00 80,000 00	56,270 44 80,936 65 1,298,262 16 165,477 84 1,946,635 73 134,948 68 134,948 68 155,644 83 70,041 16	6,063 35 1,737 84 6,022 16 3,364 27 6,511 15 51 32 11,355 17 9,958 84 350 00	270 44
Special Examiners. Topographic Survey. Transport and Freight. Warlike Stores SPECIAL VOTES	35,000 00 138,000 00 531,319 13	24,714 04 138,229 88 531,332 57	10,285 96	229 88 13 44
Coronation Contingent. Cadet Team to England. Canadian Artillery Team to England. Fence, Military Cometery, Montreal. Gratuities (Sundry). Rockliffe Rifle Range, Add'l Land.	155,000 00 3,500 00 15,000 00 5,000 00 2,551 32 75,000 00	134,835 48 3,167 46 14,994 58 2,885 37 2,551 32 71,835 25	20,164 52 332 54 5 42 2,114 63 3,164 75	
MILITARY BUILDINGS AND WORKS				
Armouries Generally. Kenora—Armoury. Kingston, R. M. C., Lodgekeeper's House Kingston, R. M. C., Model and Gun Shed London—Magazine Kingston—New Stables for "B" Battery Orillia—Armoury Ottawa—Magazine Ottawa—Accommodation' for Officers School of Musketry	100,000 00 15,000 00 4,000 00 11,000 00 8,000 00 10,000 00 15,000 00 6,000 00	78,947 56 17 50 5,341 45 4,518 62	21,052 44 15,000 00 3,982 50 11,000 00 2,658 55 10,000 00 15,000 00 1,481 38	
Musketry Parry Sound—Armoury. Parry Sound—Armoury. Quebec—Additional Story Ordnance Stores. Quebec—Alterations to Lower Park Stores. Quebec—Construction of Promenade. Quebec—Cove Field Danger Buildings. Winnipeg—Artificers' and Armourers' Shop Winnipeg—Magazine.	10,000 00 12,000 00 15,000 00 20,000 00 63,000 00	15,000 00 32 50 2,088 82 1,831 10	9,967 50 10,000 00 9,911 18 15,000 00 18,168 90 63,000 00 8,500 00 7,955 92	
Total Expenditure under Votes	8,178,720 45	7,558,284 10	621,125 20	688 85
STATUTORY Pay of Inspector General and Military Members of				
Militia Council PENSIONS	21,600 00	21,600 00		
Rebellion—1885 and General. Fenian Raids. Act—1901 Statutory. Rebellion 1837-8 Statutory.	2,000 00	17,118 21 1,827 85 45,697 80 80 00	881 79 172 15	
AID TO CIVIL POWER				
Springhill, N.S Sydney Mines, C.B Inverness, C.B Glace Bay, N.S		491.15 183 27 12 00 28 25		
SPECIAL ACCOUNTS	Received from sale of old properties		,	
Toronto Barracks. Montreal Barracks.	180,000 00 200,000 00	2,012 00	114,961 55 ° 200,000 00	

^{• \$63,026.45} expended 1910-1911.

STATEMENT SHOWING ALLOWANCES PAID ACTIVE MILITIA IN THE VARIOUS DIVISIONS AND DISTRICTS

SIUNAL PA	APER No. 35
Net Expenditure	\$ C. 7.080 C. 17.080 92 17.080 92 11.600 34 11.600 34 9.274 17 14.708 90 5.062 04 3.224 04 2.583 14 83.867 40
Less Deductions and Deficiencies	\$ 1.26.00 2,334.03 1,661.52 1,464.20 1,444.06 1,444.06 4,346.47 146.58 006.67
Gross	\$ 2.0 c.2 20,340.94 13,800.46 13,810.54 10,079.13 16,628.51 9,408.51 3,399.62 3,189.81
General	\$ c. 17.40 201.55
Refund for Stores charged as deficient or returned	\$ c. 165.27 114.63 114.63
Signallers' and Trumpeters' Gratuities	\$ 0. 108.00 1880.00 244.00 1137.00 37.00 44.00 52.00
Stationery	5 ° ° 10.00 5.90 -10.61
Розвико	\$ 533.24 1,135.96 713.08 676.50 910.50 485.50 211.24 165.50
Care of Arms	\$.212.53 6.406.90 5.075.40 5.075.40 3.743.39 4.500.02 1.441.94 1.441.94 3.4.659.03
Command Pay and Drill lastruction	\$ 0.4,287.88
	lst Division. 2nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th M. D. No. 10

Ø \$37.60 of this amount is chargeable to 1st Division, but was paid by 2nd Division. * Stopped from Care of Arms and refunded to the Receiver General by Deposit Receipt.

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

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		NUMBE	NUMBERS TRAINED	AINED							1	
CORPS, DIVISIONS, Etc.	Offi- cere	N.O. 8.	Men	Total	Ногвев	Pay and Allowances	Hations Forage and other supplies	Engineer Services	Travelling Expenses	Railway Transport and Cartage	Miscel- laneous	Total
Local Headquarters:						ů	ė	ů ••	oʻ	°°	÷	° 0
let Division 2nd 2nd 4th 4th 6th 6th Military District No. 10.	88 235 162 217 217 61 128 93 64	190 558 602 602 287 287 109	855 2,836 1,762 2,352 2,352 1,514 1,028 913	1,131 3,629 2,427 3,171 1,105 2,055 1,441 1,218 674	100 100 132 133 133 133 133 133 133 133 133 133	12,750 78 45,486 70 31,055 65 40,870 70 115,150 05 17,691 35 17,691 35 8,636 80	24 69 32 00 57 72		58 80 82 32 94 30 38 4 3 5		14 90 160 90 12 00 152 25 114 45	12,750 78 45,511 39 31,128 45 41,030 70 15,264 37 26,289 62 17,703 35 17,132 40 8,750 96
Carried forward	1,202	3,074	12,575	16,851	312	216,375 13	114 41		77 619		452 70	217,562 01
District Camps: Goderich Niagna Niagna Niagna Niegna Petewawa District. Farabam Artillery Fractice (a). Farabam Artillery Novis Novis Sussex Addresitot Artillery Charlottetown Sowal Kamloops Calgary. Carried forward	149 489 489 489 1114 1114 1114 1114 1114	383 1,281 384 769 769 601 611 111 111 635 635	906 3,646 1,099 1,099 1,193 1,193 1,194 2,040 2,040 1,665 826 407 1,665 835 836 835 836 835	1,608 5,409 1,631 1,631 1,197 1,197 1,190 1,781 2,272 2,272 2,272 2,473 498 498 498 498 498	1,548 1,648 1,600 1,309 1,309 1,509 1,573 1,277 1,277 751 8,568	23,570 29 96,887 44 26,245 01 78,234 01 13,153 30 41,100 27 16,299 36 50,872 14 7,966 50 11,294 54 49,60 38 11,294 54 10,305 71 24,685 59	5,465 82 21,681 11 5,438 60 10,800 34 4,678 97 4,679 97 10,800 33 10,805 34 10,805 34	1,138 16 883 49 883 49 3,556 66 2,016 07 460 79 62 27 5,747 64 1,510 10 2,268 91	2,2734 90 1,06 70 2,2734 90 2,734 90 2,	1,061 48 961 11 274 00 274 00 263 25 346 00 101 135 05 135 05 1284 70	27 90 22 33 22 33 126 83 1,703 50 103 45 88 83 18 32 19 36 32 19 36 32 10 45 10 45 1	31,873 30 121,050 10 121,174 24 121,174 24 121,174 24 123,476 09 12,476 09 12,176 09 12,176 09 12,130 40 16,714 77 16,714 77 16,714 77
	1.	Ī			-					-		2001000

\$588883\$

\$14,148 4 7,619 7 1,362 3 398 3 110 6 102 0 393 4 331.3 33

25,122

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 35

SESSIONAL PA	۹P	ER No. 35
9,621 46 25,122 85 2,216 70 2,000 00 217,124 27	256,085 28	217,562 01 695,421 08 256,085 28 1,169,068 37
9,621 46 25,122 85 2,216 70 2,000 00	38,961 01	452 70 6,303 83 38,961 01 45,717 54
217,124 27	217,124 27	4,613 14 217,124 27 221,737 41
		619 77 6,418 47 7.038 24
		18,069 17
		114 41 125,945 14
		216.375 13 534,071 33 750,416 46
		312 8,568
		16,851 27,194
		12,575 18,516
		3,074 6,351 9,425
		1,202 2,327 ,3,529
MISCELLANEOUS Tactical Field Days, etc. (Active Militia). Permanent Force (b). Military Conference. Topographical Survey. Railway Transport (c).		RECAPITULATION Local Headquarters

Present at the Artillory Practice Camp Petewawa were details from Permanent Force and Active Militia, as follows:—R. C. H. A., R. C. G. A., ath Brig. C. F. A., 13th and 17th Bttye C. F. A., 4th Regt. C. G. A., and Cobourg Co. C. G. A. NOTES:—

Permanent Force:
Pelawawa
Halitar
Halitar
Niagara
Stargen Creek
London
Farnham
Jevis
Esquimalt.
Fort Martiniere. (p)

(c) \$6,730.25 of this amount was on account of Transport 1910-1911.

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

STATEMENT SHOWING EXPENDITURE BY STATION ON ACCOUNT OF PAY, ALLOWANCES AND SUPPLIES FOR THE PERMANENT FORCE.

Stations	Strength all Ranks March 31st, 1911	Strength all Ranks, March 31st, 1912	Pay and Allowances of Officers and Warrant Officers	Pay and Allowances of N.C.O.'s and Men.	Cost of food, fuel and sundry supplies for maintenance in Barracks.	Total Cost
Toronto. London. Kingston. Ottawa. Montreal Quebec. St. Johns. St. John, N.B. Halifax Fredericton. Charlottetown. Winnipeg. Esquimalt. Calgary. Petawawa Camp. Abroad. Sundry & General.	333 123 35 402 113 14 1275 57 5 110 150	345 105 344 136 40 404 114 8 1201 57 168 169 14 	\$ 61,073.06 19,051.73 58,764.19 40,025.11 18,259.14 56,026.09 14,675.12 2,142.97 139,331.10 9,246.67 59,00 30,660.39 15,305.21 6,190.70	\$ 104,288,02 33,638,84 113,916,85 68,633,78 25,264,14 145,068,40 28,124,55 5,438,21 373,944,93 14,556,47 736,11 37,797,11 52,297,91 7,454,56	\$ 32,465.69 8,486.74 48,182.64 2,572.02 2,343.67 44,223.02 21,294.26 510.54 133,011.01 8,551.52 121.83 38,040.02 24,729.51 1,765.48 19,050.82	\$ 197,826.77 61,177.31 220,863.68 111,230.91 45,866.95 245,317.51 64,093.93 8,091.72 646,287.04 32,354.66 916.94 106,497.62 92,332.63 15,410.74 19,050.82 42,924.83 36,391.72
	3071	3118	\$509,460.98	\$1,026,372.62	\$410,802.12	\$1,946,635.73

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF PAY AND ALLOWANCES OF OFFICERS AND WARRANT OFFICERS OF PERMANENT FORCE
FOR YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH, 1912, FOR EACH STATION

		,		1,			9	1	1	1
	Pay Ordinary	Pay Abroad	Total Pay	Allowances Ordinary	Special Western	Allowances Abroad	Total Allowances	Total Pay and Allowances	Credit to Public and Refunds	Net Expenditure
Toronto. London. Lingston. Halfina. Halfina. Gueboe Bequi male. Nontreal. Montreal. Ninipue. St. John. N.B. St. John. N.B. St. John. Que Fredericton. Staginal and Abrond. Sorgeonte-Major City Corpe.	\$ 6.455.08 14.745.00 14.745.00 14.745.00 113.075.20 113.075.20 14.413.075.20 18.65.27 20.545.04 18.79.25 50.00 12.441.05 8.5421.05 8.5421.05 8.5421.05 8.5421.05	.c. 18:386.70	45,455 08 14,743 00 14,743 00 14,413 05 14,413 05 14,413 05 18,653 17 18,653 17 18,654 19 18,640	\$ 6.718 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78	\$ c. 220.59	.c. 16,849.28	\$ 6.718 78 4,386 49 4,386 49 10,222 38 10,222 38 4,613 15 1,384 52 2,407 32 2,407 32 2,2407 32 2,2407 32 1,572.17	\$ 0.1,74 76 19,130 .09 19,130 .09 19,130 .09 130,047 87 130,047 87 15,577 13 18,200 .50 2,144 21 31,772 45 6,211 .09 12,710 .88 9,205 .06 35,215 .09 10.2	6 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6.	8 01,073 06 08 08 08 08 08 08 08 08 08 08 08 08 08
Totals	374,466.16	18,366.70	392,832.86	102,138.82	981.89	16,849.28	119,969.99	512,802.85	3,341.87	509,460.98

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF PAY AND ALLOWANCES OF OFFICERS AND WARRANT OFFICERS OF PERMANENT FORCE FOR YEAR ENDED 318T MARCH, 1912, BY CORPS

aay ioary 600 18 525 78 147 37 147 37 147 37 147 37 147 37 147 07 147 07 147 04 172 04 172 04 172 40 119 75 118 85	CORPS	Royal Canadian Dragoons 19,	Totals
	Pay Ordinary	\$ 0.0 13,552,78 13,552,78 13,552,78 13,557,78 15,547,00 15,747,00 15,747,00 15,747,00 15,747,00 15,747,00 16,77,10 16,77	66.16
	Total Pay	\$ 0.000 0.00	392,832.86
Total Pay 1	Allowances	\$ 0.00 c. 1.00	162,138.82
	Special Western	\$ 0.328.32 328.32 50.05 101.92 50.05 50.05 116.38 249.34 560.05 137.78	981.80
Allowances Sportdinary Wellowances Wellowances Wellow Spirit 1, 422, 64, 64, 64, 64, 64, 64, 64, 64, 64, 64	Allowances	2, 8 0 2,005 50 2,005 50 2,005 50 1,939 00 6,439 00 1,098 00 2,137 88 2,855 00	16,849.28
Allowances Special A Ordinary Western \$ 5.289.65	Total	\$ 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	119,969.99
Allowances Special Allowances Total Allowances Cordinary Western Abroad Allowances 5.209.65	Total Pay and Allowances	\$ 0.00 c.00 c.00 c.00 c.00 c.00 c.00 c.0	512,802.85
Allowances Special Allowances Total and Abroad Allowances Allowances Crdinary Western Abroad Allowances Allowances Allowances Special Abroad Allowances Allowances Allowances S. 289. 6 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Credit to Public & Refunds	\$ 75.03 205.09 205.09 393.64 275.99 480.18 48.32 952.16 78.48 48.45 112.67	3,341.87
Allowances Special Allowances Total Total Pay Critical Abroad Allowances Allowances Fig. 8 0. 8 0. 8 0. 8 0. 8 0. 8 0. 8 0. 8	Net expenditure	2, 8, c. 2, 8, 80 16, 187, 196 65, 187, 196 65, 187, 196 65, 187, 196 67, 116, 50 1, 78, 508, 50 1, 78, 50 1, 7	559,460.98

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF PAY AND ALLOWANCES OF N. C. O'S AND MEN OF PERMANENT FORCE FOR YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 1912

Details of Expenditure at each Station

			PAY			
STATION	Regimental	Deferred	Proficiency Artillery Engineer and Corps	Extra Duty	Other Credits (sundry)	Total Pay
Toronto London. Kingston. Halifax Quebec. Esquimalt. Montreal. Petawawa. Ottawa. St. John, N.B. Winnipeg Charlottetown. Calgary St. Johns, P. Q. Fredericton. • High Commissioner. • N. C. O's on loan.	\$ 75,894 71 22,682 29 81,788 91 298,888 93 98,708 70 39,274 25 12,712 88 4,320 38 34,808 20 2,846 51 31,550 94 356 90 3,873 07 25,363 37 13,806 63 4,269 45 779 06	390 01 1,873 11 14,597 23 2,339 91, 968 32 87 81 185 48 286 93 142 35 382 84 202 67 139 18	\$ c. 6,595 80 1,228 50 8,118 70 24,543 00 10,907 20 6,069 70 2,003 75 1,272 50 5,058 95 483 70 1,066 85 68 90 268 70 355 15 134 90 312 00	789 75 3,459 19 12,428 48 5,519 30 4,220 59 394 00 32 15 712 06 45 60 1,292 46 55 15 956 17 764 40	19 05 140 35 682 83 95 59 13 74 46 75 22 06 19 85 64 38	\$ c. 84,923 13 25,109 60 95,380 26 351,139 57 117,570 70 50,586 70 15,245 19 5,832 57 40,885 61 3,518 16 34,357 47 425 69 27,029 10 14,875 98 4,581 45 779 06
Total	751,924 10	22,488 27	58,488 30	32,081 40	1,485 20	876,467 27

[·] Paid by High Commissioner to N.C. O's and men undergoing Courses of Instruction in England.

^{••} This amount was contributed by Dominion Government towards Pension Fund of N.C. O'a and men of the Regular Army on loan in Canada.

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF PAY AND ALLOWANCES OF N. C. O'S AND MEN OF PERMANENT FORCE FOR YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 1912—Continued.

DETAILS OF EXPENDITURE AT EACH STATION

	Expenditure	\$104,288.02 33,628.84 115,068.40 115,068.40 115,068.40 115,068.40 115,088.20 115,088.20 115,088.20 115,088.20 115,288.20	1,026,372.63
	Deduct charges credited to Public	\$3.021.56 412.83 3.145.54 9.352.84 975.84 152.88 152.88 152.88 153.89 16.88 1,68.17 16.88 1,68.17 16.88 1,68.17 16.88 1,58.17 16.88 1,58.17 16.88 1,58.17 16.88 1,58.17 16.88 1,58.17 16.88 1,58.17 16.88 1,58.17 16.88 16.88 16.88 16.88 16.88 16.88 16.88 17.88 18.88	25,437.93
	Total Pay and Allowances	\$107,309 58 34,051 67 34,051 67 34,051 62 38,297 32 148,891 32 148,891 32 148,891 32 148,891 32 14,501 78 14,55 09 14,55 09 14,56 09 15,264 54 15,264 54 15,266 72 8,265 70 8,265 70 8,265 70	1,051,810.56
	Total	\$22,386,45 8,942,07 21,682,13 31,310,85 31,310,85 10,111,88 10,111,88 11,836,93 5,102,41 5,102,41 3,102,41 3,307,41 3,683,95 3,307,41 3,683,95	175,343.29
ALLOWANCES	In England	3,683.95	3,683.95
Arro	Other	\$1,500.57 705.91 1,082.04 2,108.20 1,126.71 778.43 778.44 140.41 130.81 337.83 25.86 67.22 160.83 86.09	9,802.27
	Special	1,532.54	3,256.31
	Light	\$1,030.59 461.40 1,148.25 1,152.16 1,192.60 43.75 601.196 1,667.95 28.62 28.25 174.61 173.86 28.25 173.86 173.8	8,045.30
	Fuel	\$4,255.40 1,495.35 4,189.36 5,126.40 5,226.40 2,100.17 2,100.17 2,100.17 2,100.17 6,150.10 1,602.90 1,602.90 1,602.90 1,602.90 1,150.10 1,	31,501.28
	Rations	\$5,998.55 2,719.05 6,874.51 10,286.70 11,991.90 2,608.25 7,104.60 7,104.30 11,225.48 11,225.48 203.90	52,004.95
	Lodging	\$9,502.34 5,500.36 8,647.37 13,442.73 11,782.74 4,122.84 11,533.10 11,533.10 11,934.46 4,122.84 11,534.10 11,954.46 7,72.06	66,149.23
	Station	Toronto. London. Kingston Halina. Quebee. Esquimalt. Nottreal. Nottreal. St. John. N. B. Winnipeg. Charlottetown Calgary. St. Johns. P. Q. St. Johns. P. Q. St. Johns. P. Q. St. Johns. P. Q.	Totals

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF PAY AND ALLOWANCES OF N. C. O'S. AND MEN OF PERMANENT FORCE FOR YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 1912.

Details of Expenditure by Corps

			PAY			
Corps	Regimental	Deferred	Proficiency Artillery Engineer and Corps	Extra Duty	Other Credits (Sundry)	TOTAL PAY
Royal Canadian Dragoons	\$50,740.73	\$597.93	\$478.90	\$ 1,484 77	\$212.03	\$53,514.36
Lord Strathcona's Horse	21,842.41	349.99	150.15	886.16	52,26	23,280.97
(Royal Canadians) Royal Canadian Horse Artillery. Royal Canadian Garrison	62,454.35	1,512.20	4,256.40	3,158.07	131.60	71,512.62
Artillery	167,297.67	8,452.35	12,468.10	11,564.10	76.21	199,858.43
Royal Canadian Engineers	60,932.28	1,967.67	21,547.75	440.72	101.13	84,989.55
Royal Canadian Regiment Instructional Cadre	214,849.92	7,097.29	2,707.65 252.50	7,559.31 54.60	603.42	232,817.59
Canadian Permanent Army Ser-	3,261.60		202.00	54.00	74 48	3,643.18
vice Corps.,	32,660.64	1,157,58	9,094.90	107.46	30.16	43,050,74
Permanent Army Medical Corps.	27,681.66	230.57	1,077.25	357.85	76.38	29,423.71
Canadian Permanent Army						
Veterinary Corps Canadian Ordnance Corps	507.75 70.092.42	1 000 50	54.60 13,726.65	1,016.50	113.63	562.35
Canadian Army Pay Corps	11,956.15	13.76	2,673.45	317.10	2.70	85,969.76 14,963.16
Corps Military Staff Clerks	22,150.41		2,010.10	302.30	11.20	22,487,21
Corps Military Staff Clerks Sec-						
tion "B"	1,015.55	65.07				1,080.62
General Service Recruits Miscellaneous	159.00 3,542.50			4 832 46		159.00 8.374.96
* Contributions—Pension Fund—	0,042.00			4,002.40		0,014.90
N. C. O.'s and men on loan	779.06					779.06
	751,924.10	22,488.27	68,488.30	32,081.40	1,485.20	876,467.27

^{*} This amount was contributed by Dominion Government towards Pension Fund of N. C. O's, and men of the Regular Army on loan in Canada.

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF PAY AND ALLOWANCES OF N. C. O'S AND MEN OF THE PERMANENT FORCE FOR YEAR ENDED 31er MARCH, 1912. (Continued).

Details of Expenditure by Corps.

Net expenditure	\$7,887 67 24,030 38 80,617 81 216,428 45 97,384 32 245,102 22 5,303 08 45,944 02 36,083 37 818 01 138,612 15 23,509 37 40,494 17 1,844 69 1,844 69 1,846 69	1,026,372 63
Deduct charges credited to the public	\$ 3,021 38 1,268 33 2,682 95 4,149 35 1,082 03 9,412 19 1,350 29 627 96 62 02 18 00	25,437 93
Total Pay and Allowances	\$60,900 05 25,208 71 83,310 76 220,577 80 98,466 35 254,514 41 5,317 56 50,204 31 36,711 33 140,334 10 23,558 37 40,556 19 1,860 69 1,860 69 1,860 69 1,860 69 1,860 69 1,860 69	1,051,810 56
Total	2,017 74 11,7384 69 2,017 74 11,708 14 20,719 37 13,476 80 21,896 82 1,674 38 7,243 57 7,287 62 255 66 64,334 34 8,595 21 18,008 98 779 97	175,343 29
In	\$ 287 00 110 50 485 00 1.925 00 148 60 139 00 153 00	3,683 95
Other	\$ 360 66 250 26 323 68 1,391 56 1,673 65 1,45 89 577 08 522 01 522 01 522 01 522 04 524 43	9,802 27
Special Western	\$ c. 1,128 99 1,128 99 365 64 138 50 33 67 122 49 122 49 90 09	3,256 31
Light	\$ 282 90 55 96 601 20 612.30 616.13 694 17 994 17 994 17 1,246 94 371 67 1,264 09 50 54	8,045 30
Fuel	2,1237 32 445 78 2,212 76 2,345 76 2,341 35 3,142 84 1,007 58 1,314 40 1,007 58 11,891 60 150 25	31,501 28
Rations	\$ 2,354 58 26.25 3,626 70 8.310 60 3,467 10 6,474 00 4.3 2,858 70 2,077 81 6,65 15 2,156 70 4,804 28 2,156 70 4,804 28	52,904 95
Lodging	\$ 2,892 33 4,648 80 5,938 24 5,219 02 2,444 27 2,726 24 2,125 21 21,25 6,994 08 340 00	66,149 23
CORPS	Royal Canadian Dragoons. Royal Canadian Horse. (Royal Canadian Horse. Artillery. Royal Canadian Regiment. Royal Canadian Regiment. Royal Canadian Regiment. Boyal Canadian Permanent Army Service Corps. Canadian Permanent Army Services Corps. Canadian Permanent Army Services Corps. Canadian Permanent Army Services Corps. Corps Military Staff Clerks. Gorps Military Staff Clerks. Gorps Military Staff Clerks. Gorps Military Staff Clerks. Gorps Military Staff Clerks. Corps Military Staff Clerks. Gorps Military Staff Clerks. Corps Military Staff Clerks.	

ENPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF PROVISIONS AND SUPPLIES FOR PERMANENT FORCE 1911-12.

SIONAL	PAPER No. 35	
Total	\$ c. 32,466 69 32,466 69 25,677 93 44,223 02 133,011 01 13,010 02 24,729 51 1,765 48 19,650 82 25,453 35	410,802 12
Sundries	\$ c. 1,041 01 2,773 90 2,773 90 2,773 90 2,773 90 2,773 90 20,379 35 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26	48,050 40
Library and Mess Allces.	\$ 0. \$39 00 \$29 96 \$92 47 \$42 47 \$1,042 50 1,705 00 330 00 378 75	5,966 14
Remounts	\$ c. 2,335,25 2,400,00 450,00 4,950,00	11,835 25
Forage	\$ c. 7,676 72 18,220 17 5,163 16 3,563 16 2,011 83 8,189 87 114 97 5,795 14	50,762 62
Water	\$ 0 346 92 757 193 35 1,193 35 1,241 48 2,739 00 1,877 74 2,112 70	11,296 02
Drugs	\$ c. 105 38 604 604 1,066 04 1,315 25 2,547 88 2,547 88 2,547 88	7,945 40
Washing	\$ 0.00 50.50	5,139 20
Light	\$ 0. 1,037 76 1,037 76 1,037 76 1,2247 11 1,291 82 460 99 7,490 55 1,249 54 2,128 51 2,7 71	19,641 05
Fuel	\$ 0.2295 01.3.995 01.3.995 01.3.995 01.4.787 85.2.780 62.2.780 62.2.895 66.622 03.48 66.622 03.4	78,061 79
Food	3, 5, 6, 8, 25, 6, 8, 25, 6, 8, 8, 9, 8, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9,	172,134 93
	London, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Kingston and Ottawa, Ont. St. Johns and Montreal, Que Quebre, Que Tredericton & St. John, N.B. Halifax, N.S. Charlottetown, P. E. I. Winnipeg, Victoria. Calgary. Retawawa. Hendquarters.	

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF OFFICERS AND MEN, ACTIVE MILITIA, ATTENDING SCHOOLS OF INSTRUCTION, 1911-1912

The numbers shown do not include those attending Schools without expense to the public.

School			Nt ubers Present				
Corps, etc.	Corps, etc. Place				Nurses	Total	Соѕт
Cavalry	St. Johns, Que. Toronto Vernon Calgary. Edmonton Medicine Hat McLeod Kingston. Quebee Halifax Esquimalt Halifax London Toronto Fredericton Halifax Quebec Winnipeg Kingston. Halifax Toronto Kingston. Halifax Toronto Kingston. Halifax Toronto Kingston. Halifax Toronto Kingston. Halifax Winnipeg St. John N B Quebec Edmonton Roekcliffe.					58 70 16 45 34 41 24 68 11 3 5 5 5 20 82 30 51 18 1 4 1 2 19 5 5 6 6 7 7 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$1,702.23 1,964.85 1,374.10 3,818.25 1,094.80 681.55 1,372.10 3,542.82 722.50 33.61 133.34 367.81 627.05 3,708.26 840.35 2,266.79 10,323.50 6,108.37 20.00 260.70 12.50 120.23 999.59 171.40 774.10 992.50 329.80 6,015.11 50,378.21 411.13 1,815.15 666.52 806.50 1,393.59
Subsistence Allowances to Instructor Permanent Force	6th Division Military Dis. No. 10 Military Dis. No. 11 Military Dis. No. 13 om Headquarters.					 	2,125 70 1,845.80 672.80 1,722.80 1,076.13
Add expenditure I910–1911 p.	aid from 1911–12 fund	s					\$62,914 33 7,126.83
							\$70,041.16

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE FOR THE TEN YEARS 1992-3 TO 1911-12

1911-12	\$ 83,867 1,169,068	35,947 475,175 39,920 143,069 175 236,790 487,222	56,270 2,551 80,937	21,600 66,178 99,300 1,946,836 53,486 131,949 131,949 138,230 531,332 134,835 21,047	649,276 6,713 110,468
1910-111	\$ 104,416 1,089,694	373,960 34,970 180,580 755 280,034 353,966 65,000	54,985 3,970 79,961	21,600 26,589 76,430 1,845,386 60,603 123,018 80,007 26,280 134,281 394,548 6,318	370,469 103,753 150,220
1909-10	\$ 66,565 796,608	374,670 30,364 36,696 938 259,524 274,807	53,187 2,375 74,067	21,600 52,717 84,719 1,758,605 30,699 50,894 79,822 79,822 33,140 101,634 342,406	323,281 47,427 204,770
1908-09	\$ 115,003 1,304,796	371,866 35,010 95,177 1,050 275,936 316,819	51,085 2,513 75,000	21,600 74,732 74,810 1,787,851 43,704 108,496 85,703 28,118 28,118 28,118 28,118 28,118 38,11	612,997 110,084 77,858
1907-08	\$ 70,239 1,084,409	399,919 24,622 143,622 968 341,083 325,913	49,278 26,879 70,062	21,600 77,272 77,272 1,826,733 90,430 90,430 100,830 554,200 7,000	703,750 92,570 57,098
1906-07	8 41,235 724,378	274,510 18,237 71,803 680 224,401 262,587 13,000	45,241 5,700 38,434	16,200 33,7%2 64,334 1,120,445 26,306 67,063 27,760 17,760 17,760 18,905 17,760	428,339 44,404 22,813
1905-06	\$ 122,864 800,924	20,020 20,020 215,037 227,427 27,000	45,825 582 50,523	21,600 21,518,707 25,818 86,283 42,593 42,593 16,518 179,596 179,556	398,020 54,418 271,733
1904-05	\$ 56,740 699,724	179.943 19.350 848 150,563 205,800	49,100 5,178 49,854	14,689 46,519 46,519 46,23,651 64,241 86,084 42,582 11,28,6 11	396,772 212,688 284,478
1903-01	\$ 82,411 500,670	97,121 11,409 364 149,912 162,783	40,499 934 50,511	10,030 31,640 31,640 18,505 90,387 7,164 51,855 62,104 109,087 28,159 7,169 109,087	513,078 172,534 235,214
1902-03	51,774 385,190	142,364 11,574 149,998 146,173	37,987 317 49,201	12, 400 29, 918 29, 918 39, 605 17, 741 75, 006 75, 009 37, 702 37, 702 89, 319 111, 943 111,	213,350 73,151
	Allowances for Drill Instruction, Caro of Arms and Postago	Cadet Corps Clothing and Necesserries Clothing and Necesserries Contingencies—including Guards of Honour, Escorts and Salutes Chatom Dues Departmental Library Dominion Arseal Engineer Services Grants towards construction of City Regt'l Arrannings	to trees	Thy of they, ever, and statistics of striction council, they of Headquarters Staff Pay of Command and District Staffs Perinting and Stationary Provisions and Supplies Perinting and Stationary College Scalaries and Wages of Civil Eraployees Schools of Instruction—Pay of Activo Militia attending. Topographical Survey Topographical Survey Perinting and Preight Warlike Stores Defences of Esquimalt, contributions towards Halifax Provisional Gurrison Coronation Contagents. Missellaneous Small Votes.	Capital Account up to 1909-10 inclusive, but in 1910-11 to Revenue: Ordnance. Annuantition. Tents. Wagons and Equipment generally, excepting Clothing, Suddlery and Harness. Clothing—Reserve Stock and outlitting new units.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE FOR THE TEN YEARS 1902-3 TO 1911-12-Continued.

	Ross Rifles, spare parts, bayonets, scubbards, arm chests and inspection. Dominion Arsenal, for reserve ammunition. Lands and Construction of new rifle ranges.	Total Ordnance, Equipment, etc.	Total Militia Expenditure.	Aid to Civil Power (Statutory and recoverable from Municipalities). Toronto Barracks—Special account. Winnipeg Barracks—Special account. Point St. Charles Armoury.	Pensions—Rebellion, 1837-8 Pensions—Fenian Raids. Pensions—Northwest Rebellion and General. Pensions—Pension Act, 1901.	Total pensions	Civil Government—Salaries Civil Government—Contingenetes	Total Civil Government.	Revenue Reeeived. Militia. Casual. Royal Military College. Pension Act, 1901.	Total Revenue.
1902-03	\$ 62,972 11,692 67,058	428,223	2,503,639	18,850	360 2,268 18,188	20,816	53,078 12,696	65,774	17,836 483 23,956 6,244	48,519
1903-04	\$ 163,916 75,000 140,168	1,299,910	3,544,589	7,352	320 2,373 17,916 8,304	28,913	48,575 10,017	58,592	19,894 595 23,323 8,297	52,109
1904-05	\$ 240,301 75,000 90,725	1,299,964	3,945,141	5,965	2,337 16,420 7,101	26,138	52,512 9,946	62,458	20,695 19,988 25,472 11,308	77,463
1905-06	\$ 367,306 75,000 133,399	1,299,876	5,593,518	492	160 955 16,202 9,423	26,740	58,433 12,026	70,459	32,195 24,641 23,067 14,220	94,123
1906-07	\$ 300,388 56,790 122,549	975,283	4,320,967	2,020	160 1,851 16,073 9,664	27,748	45,668 8,654	54,322	16,618 691 24,368 13,237	54,914
1907-08	\$ 214,143 75,000 155,344	1,297,905	6,795,678	410	1,935 16,283 19,981	38,359	63,104	75,098	39,809 1,174 23,209 19,596	83,788
1908-09	\$ 317,478 126,030	1,245,347	6,484,806		1,508 12,733 26,873	41,234	101,039	114,923	29,791 130 28,019 21,196	77,136
1909-10	\$ 661,123 63,369	1,299,970	5,921,314	58,613	80 1,937 16,760 27,003	45,780	126,726 13,500	140,226	31,783 2,742 29,154 21,742	85,421
1910-11	\$ 585,190 162,773†	1,372,405	6,909,211	13,678 63,026 123,000 17,500	80 1,710 17,628 38,483	57,901	130,732	140,818	44,259 1,390 31,650 23,347	100,646
1911-12	\$ 419,937 183,703*	1,370,097	7,579,884	2,012	80 1,828 17,118 45,698	64,724	137,251	149,214	59,829 1,806 34,286 25,209	121,130

† In addition \$123,000 was expended for purchase of a new site for barracks and rifle range, Winnipeg, from moneys received from sale of old rifle range, and, also, \$17,500 for an Armoury for 4tb Field Co. Canadian Engineers from an appropriation voted under the Department of Public Works estimates and transferred.

^{*} A separate appropriation of \$75,000 was voted for purchase of lands for a Rifle Range, expenditure on which is included in this amount,



APPENDICES.

181. Appended are the following:-

Report of the Director-General of Medical Services for the year 1911-12.

Appendix 'A'.

Report of the Commandant, Royal Military College, 1912. Appendix 'B'.

Report of the Board of Visitors, Royal Military, College, 1912. Appendix 'C'.

Report of the Superintendent of the Dominion Arsenal, 1911-12. Appendix 'D'.

Interim Report of the Militia Council on the Annual Training for the season of 1911, including the Report of the Inspector-General. Appendix 'E'.

E. F. JARVIS,

Secretary,

The Militia Council.

APPENDICES

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

APPENDIX 'A'.

OTTAWA, March 31, 1912.

From the Director-General, Medical Services, Canadian Militia.

To the Adjutant-General, Canadian Militia.

SIR.

I have the honour to submit my report upon the Medical Services for the year ending March 31, 1912:—

GENERAL ORGANIZATION.

1. The organization of the Medical Services to meet the requirements of the mobilized Field Army has been continued. There are still, however, certain medical units deficient, Field Ambulances being required as follows: First Division, one; Third Division, two; Fifth Division, three; the recommendation for

the formation of these units has not been approved for the coming year.

2. I am glad to report that there is very little trouble in procuring excellent medical officers, provided we can supply them with places in interesting units. There is, however, difficulty in persuading medical men to be detailed to units other than medical, for the training is not sufficiently attractive. It is hoped that this will be overcome, because of the very great importance of the Regimental Medical personnel in active service; we are only commencing to realize this in the Canadian Militia.

3. The administration of the Divisions and Districts is now carried on by two officers; one is an officer of the Permanent Army Medical Corps, and the other is an officer detailed as his staff officer from the Army Medical Corps. The latter receives no pay and, if he does not happen to go to camp, is in receipt of no financial return for the work he is called upon to do. This seems hardly just.

MEDICAL STORES.

4. Owing to no money being available, practically no medical stores have been purchased; orders have now, however, been given and when received will bring the equipment for the Field Army almost up to scale.

EDUCATION.

5. The examination for promotion to rank of Lieut.-Colonel Army Medical Corps, having proved so successful, it has been decided to adopt the same procedure for the rank of Major. The papers for these examinations are sent from Head-quarters and are based upon a practical strategical and tactical scheme; uniformity is thus assured and no promotions are made, except of those qualified.

6. Two classes in the Principles and Practice of Medical Strategy and Tactics were held at Ottawa, each lasting one month. The first, in April, was attended by all the Administrative Medical Officers of Divisions; the second, in March, was attended by five officers of the Permanent Army Medical Corps and two of

the Army Medical Corps.

7. It is hoped that other classes will be held at the Central Laboratory of Military Hygiene during the year.

CONVENTIONS.

- 8. I had the honour, with Major Drum, without expense to the public, of attending the Canadian Medical Association Meeting at Montreal in June and reading a paper before the Section of Preventive Medicine, and also at the Symposium on Typhoid Fever. I also attended the meeting of the Canadian Public Health Association at Montreal in December. It was decided at the latter meeting to form a section of Military Hygiene; this section will hold its first meeting in Toronto in September next.
- 9. The Annual Meeting of the Association of Medical Officers of the Militia was held at Ottawa in February, under the Presidency of Major LeBel, A.M.C., Quebec. Great development was shown by this Society, and during two days' meeting the interest never flagged. Lieut.-Colonel A. T. Shillington, A.M.C., Ottawa, was elected President.

PERMANENT ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.

- 10. The Permanent Army Medical Corps has many functions to perform, and its present limited establishment cannot begin to be able to meet the demands made.
- 11. Its first function is the administration of the Medical Services of the Militia, both Active and Permanent. This demands an office and clerical staff in each Division and District. It also supplies the personnel for the office of the Director General at Headquarters.
- 12. Its second function is the care of the sick of the Permanent Force, the Active Militia (cases sent from Camps of Training), the Canadian Naval Service and the Cadets at the Royal Military College. To perform this, there are six dieted hospitals and two non-dieted ones. Two of these hospitals are very large buildings, rather old-fashioned and difficult to care for and administer.
- 13. Its third function is the receiving, distributing and repairing of all Medical Stores. There are Medical Stores in each Division and District and a Central Medical Stores at Ottawa. In a year's time each Divisional Stores will carry the complete medical equipment for that Division, valuable stores amounting to over \$21,000.00.
- 14. Its fourth function is to supervise the sanitation of camps and barracks. It has, therefore, to provide for the personnel of the Central Laboratory of Military Hygiene and other local and temporary laboratories.
- 15. Its fifth function is instructional; it must provide schools and instructors for the Active Militia.
- 16. Its sixth function is to provide medical personnel at certain camps, such as Petawawa, MacNab's Island and York Redoubt, and also at camps for which no Army Medical Corps' personnel is available.
- 17. Its seventh function is to look after its own administration, being divided up into so many small detachments increases this work very materially. There is almost as much clerical work connected with a detachment of five men as that which numbers 100 or more.
- 18. To perform these functions we have a total authorized establishment of 101 of all ranks. The work cannot be done under these conditions.

HEALTH OF THE PERMANENT FORCE.

19. The decline in the incidence of sickness, remarked upon in previous reports, is continued for the period now dealt with. The following table depicts, in figurative form, the improvement in the health of the officers and men that has taken place:—

Ratio per 1,000 of strength.

Years	3.				Admissions.
1906	·				 769.09
1907	7				 709.90
1908	3				 777.07
1909	9			• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 689.34
1910)				 639,50
1911	l				 576.42
1912	3			<i></i>	 499.51
	Aver	age	ratio		 663.69

20. The introduction of the system of treating the milder cases of sickness in barracks will, to some extent, explain the reduction in the admission rate shown above, together with the improved sanitary conditions under which soldiers live.

21. This marked diminution in the numbers admitted cannot but prove a valuable asset to the Permanent Force by adding to its efficiency and curtailing expenditure in the maintenance of hospital beds. The interest shown by both officers and men in sanitary matters, and the facilities afforded by the Central Military Laboratory of Hygiene for the analysis of water and pathological specimens has, without question, also been largely responsible for this low rate of sickness.

22. The principal causes of sickness, in order of their importance, were:—Diphtheria, 9: Enteric fever, 8; and only one admission for Tuberculosis. The improved admission rate for this last disease has been remarkable, the average for the past five years being seven. Admissions for Alcoholism remain in the same as for the last report, but a gratifying decrease in venereal diseases can be reported,—122 cases having been admitted, as against 154 for period 1911.

23. Forty-two cases have been dealt with by operative treatment, thus effecting a reduction of wastage by returning men to duty that would, otherwise, be

invalided and their services lost to the country.

CANADIAN NAVAL SERVICE.

24. The naval ratings that have been treated at the military hospitals at Halifax and Esquimalt are shown at table 4. The diseases call for little comment. Of the 50 admitted, three were for Pneumonia, and a like number for Rheumatic Fever.

TABLE 1.

25. A general statement of admissions, deaths, and discharges medically unfit, of the Permanent Force, during the year ended March 31, 1912:—

	1 1		1
Disease	Admitted	Died	Discharged as medically unfit
Infective diseases General diseases Intoxications Morbid conditions incident to various parts Diseases of the Nervous System. "Eye. "Nose. "Ear. "Circulatory system. "Respiratory system. "Respiratory system. "Urinary system. "Urinary system. "Generative system. "Generative system. "Connective Tissue. "Skin. Local Injuries. Tumors. Parasites.	13 64 27 7 10 14 90 244 9 10 55 52 29 88	8 1	10 2 4 10 1
Totals	1491	15	39

^{26.} In addition to the above, 133 officers and 744 women and children were treated for various ailments.

TABLE 2.

27. Showing the number of surgical operations performed in the Military Hospitals:—

Conorrhoca 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Operations	Cotal
Pneumonia 2 Cyst 2 Varix 2 Abscess, rectal 1 Abscess of Dental Periostium 1 Elongated Uvula 1 Appendicitis 8 Hernia 4 Piles 3 Retention of Urine 1 Inflammation of Prepuce 1 Phimosis 1 Varicocele 4 Inflammation of knee joint 2 Ganglion 1 Hammer toe 1 Abscess 1 Rupture of Urethra 1 Wound, Finger 2 Wound, Thumb 1		0
Cyst 2 Varix 2 Abscess, rectal 1 Abscess of Dental Periostium 1 Elongated Uvula 1 Appendicitis 8 Hernia 4 Piles 3 Retention of Urine 1 nflammation of Prepuce 1 Phimosis 1 Varicocele 4 nflammation of knee joint 2 Ganglion 1 Hammer toe 1 Abscess 1 Rupture of Urethra 1 Wound, Finger 2 Wound, Thumb 1		
Tarix. 2 abseess, rectal 1 abseess of Dental Periostium 1 Clongated Uvula. 1 appendicitis. 8 Hernia. 4 bles. 3 Retention of Urine. 1 nflammation of Prepuce. 1 Phimosis. 1 Varicocele. 4 nflammation of knee joint 2 Sanglion. 1 dammer toe. 1 abscess. 1 tupture of Urethra. 1 Vound, Finger. 2 Vound, Thumb. 1		2
1		2
bscess of Dental Periostium 1 longated Uvula 1 ppendicitis 8 iernia 4 iles 3 etention of Urine 1 inflammation of Prepuce 1 himosis 1 aricocele 4 inflammation of knee joint 2 danglion 1 lammer toe 1 bscess 1 upture of Urethra 1 found, Finger 2 Yound, Thumb 1		2
longated Uvula. 1 ppendicitis. 8 iernia. 4 iles. 3 etention of Urine 1 nflammation of Prepuce 1 himosis. 1 aricocele 4 nflammation of knee joint 2 anglion 1 sammer toe 1 bscess. 1 upture of Urethra 1 Yound, Finger 2 Yound, Thumb 1		1
ppendicitis 8 ernia 4 iles 3 etention of Urine 1 iflammation of Prepuce 1 himosis 1 aricocele 4 iflammation of knee joint 2 anglion 1 ammer toe 1 bscess 1 upture of Urethra 1 Yound, Finger 2 Yound, Thumb 1	oscess of Dental Periostium	1
ernia 4 iles 3 etention of Urine 1 nflammation of Prepuce 1 himosis 1 aricocele 4 nflammation of knee joint 2 anglion 1 ammer toe 1 bscess 1 upture of Urethra 1 Yound, Finger 2 Yound, Thumb 1	ongated Uvula	1
ernia 4 tles 3 etention of Urine 1 uflammation of Prepuce 1 himosis 1 aricocele 4 uflammation of knee joint 2 anglion 1 ammer toe 1 bscess 1 upture of Urethra 1 'ound, Finger 2 'ound, Thumb 1	opendicitis	-8
cles 3 etention of Urine 1 flammation of Prepuce 1 himosis 1 aricocele 4 fflammation of knee joint 2 anglion 1 ammer toe 1 bscess 1 upture of Urethra 1 ound, Finger 2 ound, Thumb 1	·	4
etention of Urine 1 iflammation of Prepuce 1 himosis 1 aricocele 4 iflammation of knee joint 2 anglion 1 ammer toe 1 bscess 1 upture of Urethra 1 'ound, Finger 2 'ound, Thumb 1		3
uflammation of Prepuce 1 himosis 1 aricocele 4 uflammation of knee joint 2 anglion 1 ammer toe 1 bscess 1 upture of Urethra 1 Yound, Finger 2 Yound, Thumb 1		1
himosis 1 aricocele 4 uflammation of knee joint 2 anglion 1 ammer toe 1 bscess 1 upture of Urethra 1 'ound, Finger 2 'ound, Thumb 1	demonstration of Propuses	ī
aricocele. 4 offlammation of knee joint 2 anglion 1 anmer toe 1 bscess. 1 upture of Urethra 1 ound, Finger 2 ound, Thumb 1		î
affarmation of knee joint 2 anglion 1 ammer toe 1 bscess 1 upture of Urethra 1 'ound, Finger 2 'ound, Thumb 1	IIII0SIS	4
anglion 1 ammer toe 1 bscess 1 upture of Urethra 1 'ound, Finger 2 'ound, Thumb 1	iricocele	9
animer toe 1 bscess 1 upture of Urethra 1 'ound, Finger 2 'ound, Thumb 1		
bscess. 1 upture of Urethra 1 found, Finger 2 round, Thumb 1		1
upture of Urethra 1 Yound, Finger 2 Yound, Thumb 1		1
Yound, Finger 2 Yound, Thumb 1		1
ound, Thumb		I
	ound, Finger	2
	ound, Thumb	1
Total		
10tat	Total	42

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

TABLE 3

28. Table showing results of vaccinations and re-vaccinations by Divisional Areas and Districts.

	er ated	Result.		
Station	Number Vaccinated	Perfect	1mmune.	
1st Divisional Area.	35	18	17	
2nd Divisional Area	32	32		
3rd Divisional Area	89	45	44	
4th Divisional Area	110	68	42	
5th Divisional Area	96	40	56	
6th Divisional Area	266	213	53	
Military District No. 10	121	100	21	
Military District No. 11	29	9	20	
Totals	778	525	253	

TABLE 4

29. A general statement of admissions, deaths and discharges medically unfit, of the Naval Ratings, during the year ended March 31st, 1912.

Disease	Admitted	Died	Discharged as medically unfit
Infective Diseases	15	1	
General Diseases	1		
Diseases of the Nervous System	1		1
Diseases of the Eye	1		
Diseases of the Circulatory System	1		
Diseases of the Respiratory System	8		1
Diseases of the Digestive System.	8		
Diseases of the Lymphatic System	1		
Diseases of the Urinary System	2		
Diseases of the Generative System	4		1
Diseases of Organs of Locomotion	2		
Injuries	4		
Parasites	1		
Tumours	1	••	• •
Totals	50	1	2

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

G. C. JONES, Colonel,

Director General Medical Services.

APPENDIX 'B'.

Kingston, June 19, 1912.

From the Commandant, Royal Military College, To the Secretary Militia Council, Ottawa.

SIR,—

I have the honour to submit the following report on the Royal Military College for the year 1911-12:—

STAFF.

1. The following changes have taken place on the staff of the College during the past year:—

Major C. N. Perrean, Royal Dublin Fusiliers, has succeeded Captain H. A. Kaulbach, The King's Own, as Staff Adjutant, taking over the Musketry instruction of the College.

Captain K. Blair, Royal Artillery, and Lieut. E. F. Dawson, Royal Engineers, have been succeeded by Captain M. V. Plummer, Royal Artillery, and Lieut. F. A. Heymann, Royal Engineers, as Instructors in Military Subjects.

Major H. R. Hopwood, 33rd Queen's Own Light Cavalry, has been attached to the General Staff Branch of the College, in succession to Captain A. F. C. Williams, 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers, for instructional work.

OFFICERS' COURSES.

2. The Staff College course, consisting of four candidates, joined at the beginning of January and their examination commences next week. The candidate prepared at the College last year was successful and is now at Camberley.

3. The Refresher course joined with the Staff College course and remained here for three months; six senior officers of the Permanent Force attended. Having regard to the value of the course to these officers and the amount of work there is to be done, I urge strongly that they should join at the beginning of November in future, extending the course to five months. The work which they do is for the most part entirely new to them. I am of opinion that every officer of the Permanent Force should undergo this course, and we shall probably be able to take a similar number each year.

4. The Long Courses of three months each, in the autumn and spring, were attended by eight and five candidates, respectively, all of whom qualified.

5. The practical portion of the Militia Staff course was attended by sixteen officers in August last, fourteen of whom qualified.

RIDING ESTABLISHMENT.

6. We now have our full complement of horses in the Riding Establishment. The result is that from the time of joining the College the Cadet receives instruction in riding and horse-mastership. We shall not, however, derive full benefit

until a covered Riding School is provided. The regular course of instruction cannot be carried on during the winter months in the open, and consequently much valuable time is lost.

STRENGTH.

7. The number of cadets when the College opened last August was 118. During the year two cadets have been withdrawn at the request of their parents.

DISCIPLINE.

8. The conduct and discipline of the cadets has been very good. One cadet has been rusticated for irregular conduct at an examination. Seven cadets were rusticated for a month at the commencement of the year for misbehaviour on the night of the closing last year.

EXAMINATIONS.

9. The results of the examinations are satisfactory, on the whole. Of thirty-one cadets in the senior class, twenty-seven have qualified for Diplomas.

10. In the 2nd Class, one cadet has failed, and in the 3rd Class, five. These gentlemen will need to repeat the year's course.

MUSKETRY.

11. Our rifle shooting has continued to improve. The miniature ranges, which we now have had for two years, enable us to carry on instruction and practice during the cold weather with most satisfactory results.

12. During the past twelve months our Musketry record is as follows:-

	Marksmen.	1st Class.	2nd Clas	s. 3rd Class.
Senior Class	. 4	8	11	8
2nd year	. 11	9	11	9
1st year	. 17	17	11	(2 not classified)
Figure of merit—				
Senior Class				131
2nd year				135

13. In the "Daily Mail" Cup, fired last year, the R.M.C. was 57th in the Empire and 3rd in Canada.

14. We were 3rd in the 2nd series of the Canadian Rifle League competition,

and 5th in the Gallery Miniature Rifle competition.

15. A scratch Royal Military College Tyro team won the Osler Challenge Cup at the meeting of the Ontario Rifle Association. For the first time the College won the match against Sandhurst on the 24th May.

SPORTS.

16. We have been very fortunate this year in our outdoor games. We hold the Intermediate Dominion Championship, the Intermediate and the Junior Intercollegiate Rugby Union Championships, the Intermediate Intercollegiate Hockey Championship, the Intercollegiate Lawn Tennis Championship, and won every match but one during our week's cricket tour.

ACCOMMODATION.

· 17. I am glad to say that the new dormitory building is in process of erection and the repairs to the wharves and boathouses are nearly completed. It is hoped that the new model and gun sheds, for which the money has been voted, will shortly be taken in hand.

18. Officers' Quarters are urgently required. Too much of the time of members of the staff is wasted in going backwards and forwards to Kingston. The advantages of having them quartered at the College are obvious.

antages of having their quartered at the correct are obvious.

19. It is also very desirable that officers attending courses, Staff College

Refresher, Long, &c., should be provided with quarters on the spot.

20. Quarters are also required for the subordinate staff (assistant Instructors).

21. The extension of the educational buildings is a matter for the immediate future. We suffer from the want of a library, suitable draughting room, laboratory, dining accommodation, general lecture room, &c.

22. The covered riding school, to which I have previously referred, is urgently

required. A covered skating rink is also badly needed.

COMMISSIONS.

23. Applications for commissions in the Active Militia for those gentlemen of the graduating class who are not candidates for commissions in the Imperial Army and Permanent Force have already been made.

24. The following gentlemen will be recommended for commissions in the

Imperial Army and Canadian Permanent Force:

Imperial Commissions.

Gentleman	Cadet	S. F.	C. Sweeny Royal	Engineers.
66	66	M. W.	English Royal	Field Artillery.
"			Boggs India	
6.5			StewartArmy	

Canadian Permanent Force Commissions.

Gentleman	Cadet	W. M. Miller	Royal Ca	anadian E	ngineers.
66	66	F. M. Hutchinson	ii.	"	"
"	66	J. P. Edwards	66	66	66
"	66	D. II. Williams	ce	66	66
"		H. St. G. Bond			66
"		R. K. Robertson			e Corps.
"		E. J. Renaud			cĉ.
"	"	A. L. Lindsay	"	cc	cc
66		S. T. Wood.		I. Police.	

DIPLOMAS.

25. The following are awarded diplomas:-

With Honours.

Gentleman Cadet S. F. C. Sweeny. "R. K. Robertson.

Diplomas of Graduation.

Gentleman	Cadet	W. H. E. Schmalz.
66	66	W. M. Miller.
66	cc	T. A. H. Taylor.
4.6	"	A. M. Lacey.
"	66	F. M. Hutchinson.
66	cc	J. P. Edwards.
66	"	D. H. Williams.
cc	66	R. M. Haultain.
66	66	L. V. M. Cosgrave.
"	"	H. St. G. Bond.
"	66	G. B. Latimer.
66	66	A. B. Boggs.
"	66	A. H. Helmer.
cc	66	R. D. Sutherland.
"	66	C. M. P. Fisher.
66	66	E. J. Renaud.
"	66	H. C. V. Macdowall.
cc	66	H. A. Thompson.
44	66	H. J. Woodman.
"	66	S. L. Gunn.
"	66	W. M. Pearce.
"	66	A. L. Lindsay.
66	66	M. W. English.
cc	"	S. T. Wood.
"	"	M. S. Stewart.

PRIZES.

26. Sword of Honour for Conduct and Discipline, Battalion Sergeant-Major S. F. C. Sweeny.

His Royal Highness The Governor General's Medals:-

1st. Battalion	Sergeant Major	S. F. C. Sweeny	Gold Medal.
2nd, Sergeant	R. K. Robertson		Silver Medal.
3rd, Corporal	W. H. E. Schmal	Z	Bronze Medal.

Class Prizes:-

1st Class. Sergeant R. K. Robertson.

2nd Class. Gentleman Cadet W. B. McTaggart. 3rd Class. Gentleman Cadet H. S. Matthews.

Military Subjects:-

1st Class. Corporal W. H. E. Schmalz.

Military Engineering:

1st Class. Corporal W. H. E. Schmalz.

Tactics and Reconnaissance:

1st Class. Sergeant T. A. H. Taylor.

Artillery:-

1st Class. Corporal W. H. E. Schmalz.

Drills, Exercises and Practical Work:—

1st Class. Gentleman Cadet R. M. Haultain.

Military History:-

2nd Class. Lance-Corporal E. H. de L. Greenwood.

Military Administration and Law:-

2nd Class. Lance-Corporal E. H. de L. Greenwood.

Field Sketching and Map Reading:-

2nd Class. Gentleman Cadet H. E. J. Vautelet.

Civil Engineering:-

1st Class. Sergeant R. K. Robertson.

Surveying:-

1st Class. Gentleman Cadet D. H. Williams.

Physics:-

1st Class. Gentleman Cadet W. M. Miller.

Chemistry:-

1st Class. Corporal D. H. Williams.

Mathematics and Mechanics:-

2nd Class. Gentleman Cadet W. B. McTaggart.

Geometrical and Engineering Drawing:-

2nd Class. Gentleman Cadet C. H. B. Garland.

French:-

2nd Class. Gentleman Cadet H. E. J. Vautelet.

French:-

3rd Class. Gentleman Cadet J. O. J. St. Laurent.

English:-

3rd Class. Gentleman Cadet I. R. R. Macnaughton.

Best essay written during the year on Artillery presented by Canadian Artillery Association:—

1st Class. Company Sergeant Major L. V. M. Cosgrave.

Silver Medal presented by the "Alliance Française de Paris" for the highest aggregate in French throughout the course:—

1st Class. Battalion Sergeant Major S. F. C. Sweeny.

Ontario Cups (best shot in each class):-

1st Class. Sergeant R. K. Robertson.

2nd Class. Gentleman Cadet D. H. Storms.

3rd Class. Gentleman Cadet C. R. Fessenden.

Quebec Cups (championship shooting):—

1st. Gentleman Cadet S. E. Lovelace.

2nd. Lance-Corporal R. S. P. MacIvor.

3rd. Gentleman Cadet J. A. Turner.

Artillery Challenge Cup and Silver Medal, won by Sergeant J. P. Edwards. Company Musketry Shield and Silver Medal, won by "D" Company; Company Sergeant Major J. N. Gwynne.

Revolver Challenge Shield and Silver Medal, won by Gentleman Cadet G. B.

Schwartz.

Riding Challenge Cup and Gold Medal, won by Gentleman Cadet S. T. Wood. Gymnastic Bowl and Silver Medal, won by "A" Company; Company Sergeant Major B. A. Rhodes.

Dundonald Challenge Bowl and Silver Medal, won by "B" Company; Com-

pany Sergeant Major J. P. Edwards.

Dummy Thrusting, Cup and Silver Medal, won by Corporal W. M. Pearce. Holt jumping Challenge Cup and Miniature Cup, won by Gentleman Cadet S. T. Wood.

Bayonet Fighting Silver Medal, won by Sergeant C. M. P. Fisher.

Tennis Singles, Challenge Cup and Silver Medal, won by Company Sergeant Major B. A. Rhodes.

Squash Racquets Cup, won by Gentleman Cadet C. G. Carruthers. Handicap Squash-Racquets prize, won by Gentleman Cadet J. Galt.

Jumping on Numnahs, Cup, won by Gentleman Cadet B. H. J. Le Blanc.

Boxing, Novices, light, Gold Medal, won by Gentleman Cadet B. H. Mackenzie. Boxing, Novices, heavy, Gold Medal, won by Gentleman Cadet H. O. D. Wilkins.

Boxing, Featherweights, Gold Medal, won by Gentleman Cadet K. L. McCuaig. Boxing, Lightweights, Gold Medal, won by Gentleman Cadet L. Drummond. Boxing, Welterweights, Gold Medal, won by Gentleman Cadet J. Galt.

Boxing, Middleweights, Gold Medal, won by Gentleman Cadet J. K. M. Green. Boxing, Heavyweights, Gold Medal, won by Gentleman Cadet C. R. Godwin. Special Prize, Canadian Rifle League Competition, 2nd Series, Small Purse,

won by Lance-Corporal R. S. P. MacIvor.

Canadian Rifle League Marksman's Certificate, won by Lance-Corporal R. S. P. MacIvor.

Canadian Rifle League Marksman's Certificate, won by Gentleman Cadet J. A. Turner.

Canadian Rifle League Marksman's Certificate, won by Sergeant R. K. Robertson.

Canadian Rifle League Marksman's Certificate, won by Battalion Sergeant Major S. F. C. Sweeny.

Osler Cup for Tyro Team at "Ontario" Rifle League Competition, Miniature Cups, won by Sergeant R. K. Robertson and Gentleman Cadet J. A. Turner.

Cross Country Running, Cup, won by Gentleman Cadet L. Greene.

Cross Country Running, Challenge Shield, won by "B" Company (Company Sergeant Major R. M. Haultain).

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

(Sgd.) J. H. V. CROWE, Colonel, General Staff,

Commandant, Royal Military College.

APPENDIX 'C'.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF VISITORS, ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE, 1912.

OTTAWA, July 7, 1912.

The Secretary,
The Militia Council.

SIR,—I have the honour to forward, herewith, report of the meeting of the Board of Visitors, Royal Military College, held in the month of May last.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

ERNEST F. WÜRTELE, Lieut. Colonel, Chairman, Board of Visitors.

REPORT.

The Board assembled at the Royal Military College, Kingston, Ont., at 4.30 p.m. on the 1st May, 1912.

PRESENT.

Chairman.—Lieut. Colonel Ernest F. Würtele, Commanding 15th Infantry

Brigade.

Members.—Lieut. Colonel H. S. Greenwood, R.O.; Lieut. Colonel A. H. Macdonnell, D.S.O., Assistant Adjutant General, 1st Division; the Right Rev'd C. L. Worrell, Bishop of Nova Scotia; the Rev'd Canon Dauth, Vice Rector, Laval University, Montreal.

Secretary.—Lieut. Colonel J. S. Dunbar, Assistant Adjutant General, Militia

Headquarters.

The Chief of the General Staff was unavoidably prevented from attending. For two days the Board made careful inspection of the buildings and the grounds and instituted inquiries into the various departments of the institution, and beg to submit the following report:—

INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF.

1. Captain H. A. Kaulbach, The King's Own Royal Lancaster Regiment, vacated the appointment of Staff Adjutant and has been succeeded by Major

C. N. Perreau, Royal Dublin Fusiliers.

2. Captain W. K. P. Blair, Royal Field Artillery, has been replaced by Lieutenant M. V. Plummer, Royal Field Artillery, as Assistant Instructor in Military Subjects, and Lieutenant Heyman, Royal Engineers, at the beginning of the year, took over the duties of Assistant Instructor in Surveying and Signalling, in place of Lieutenant E. F. Dawson, Royal Engineers.

3. The candidate for the Staff College, who was prepared at the Roval Military College in 1911, passed successfully and is now at Camberley. Four candidates for the next course at the Staff College have been under instruction at the Royal Military College since January.

4. Eight officers of the Permanent Force also underwent a "Refresher" course

of three months.

5. It is absolutely essential that Major Robertson, who is now General Staff Officer, 5th Division, should be replaced at once by another General Staff Officer, 2nd Grade, and that another Royal Field Artillery Officer be appointed Assistant Instructor in Tactics, Artillery, Topography, &c. The establishment of General Staff Officers provides for two, but at present there is only one, which is altogether inadequate for the important and extensive work he has to do. Even with the services of Major Hopwood, of the Indian Army, which have been placed at the disposal of the College, the number of General Staff Officers is insufficient. It should be borne in mind that, beginning next November, still further extra work will be placed on the College staff, as all officers undergoing a "Long" course, which will last seven months, will take it at the Royal Military College.

6. An Assistant Professor in French, as, also, another in Mathematics, are also badly needed, for both these professors have to instruct the Staff College Offi-

cers in addition to their ordinary cadet work.

7. The fact, too, that the number of cadets has largely increased must not be lost sight of. From all the above facts, it is obvious that the College is at present under-staffed, both in officers and civil professors. The Board, therefore, strongly urge that the Staff be increased before next term, so as to enable it to be in a position to properly cope with the increasing demands upon it. In this connection, the Board consider it advisable to invite the attention of the proper authorities to the fact that at West Point there is an instructional staff of 106 for about 500 cadets, apart from the "Military Staff" of the institution. The result of this is that the ordinary classes do not consist of more than about 10 cadets, who are thereby enabled to receive individual instruction. Under the present inadequate staff at the Royal Military College, the classes have to average 40. The disadvantage to these cadets, as well as to their professors, as compared with West Point, cannot be too strongly pointed out.

SUBORDINATE STAFF.

8. The Board recommend that local warrant rank be given Staff Sergeant Harvey, Corps of Military Staff Clerks, and Quartermaster Sergeant Vokes. The former replaced Lieutenant Hennessy and is acting as Quartermaster and Paymaster. Quartermaster Sergeant Vokes is Foreman of Works and Assistant Instructor in Military Engineering. Both these non-commissioned officers are very favourably reported upon by the Commandant and their services merit recognition.

ATTENDANCE.

9. The number of cadets upon the roll this year is the largest in the history of the College. One hundred and eighteen cadets joined at the commencement of the term, of these two have since been granted their discharge at the request of their parents.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS.

10. Sixty-five candidates entered for the Entrance Examinations which were held 13th-18th May. The syllabus for these examinations was the same as last year, including a paper on "General Knowledge".

SYLLABUS OF INSTRUCTION AT THE COLLEGE.

11. The time devoted to the study of Tactics was increased during the year. Military History was also taken up, and a course of lectures given to the 2nd Class on Waterloo and Jackson's Shenandoah Valley Campaign. A further course

of Military History lectures was given to the Senior Class.

12. The Commandant has again suggested that an alternative course be given in the third year to cadets who do not propose to enter the engineering profession, civil or military. As a matter of fact, the number of cadets who enter nowadays to take up Civil Engineering as a profession is well below 50 per cent., yet 400 hours of the time of the graduating class during their final year is allotted to it, while 384 hours in addition are devoted to Military Engineering in that year. Such an alternative course would enable those cadets who intended taking up the profession of Civil Engineers to go much further into the subject, while those who did not so propose would get a more thorough grounding in languages and military subjects.

COURSE OF STUDIES.

13. The hours devoted to the different subjects during the past year were as follows:—

Mathematics	664	hours
Geometrical Drawing	104	ce
Military Engineering	280	66
Artillery	198	66
Tactics	921/5	66
Military History	26	66
Reconnaissance	80	44
Field Sketching and Map Reading	165	66
Military Administration and Law	551/5	44
Surveying	337	66
Civil Engineering	396	66
Physics	182	44
Chemistry	112	46
English	1721/2	66
French	264	66
	8	65
Draughting	182	6.
Infantry	64	4.
Musketry	270	6.
Gymnastics	57	66
Signalling		66
Stables and Equitation	393	66
Workshop	63	

14. The Board suggest that, if possible, more English should be taught and Political History introduced. They also recommend that the present system of having outside examiners for the non-military subjects be abolished.

WAR GAME.

15. A series of inter-company war games was played during the year, in addition to exercises with officers' courses.

COMMISSIONS.

16. Twelve of last year's graduates received commissions in the Imperial Army and Permanent Force, while the remainder are being appointed to the non-permanent Militia, as vacancies occur in units in the district in which the graduate lives

PERSONNEL.

17. The cadets were seen at Battalion and Company Drill under their own non-commissioned officers, and they presented a very creditable appearance. They were steady in the ranks, the "March Past" was very well done and all the movements were carried out with precision. Some 48 cadets also gave a remarkably good display of "free gymnastics" and "vaulting the horse". The general physique of the cadets is good. The following table shows the average increase in measurements of the cadets at the date of the Board's visit:—

Class	Age Years	Height inches	Weight lbs.	Chest inches	Arm inches
1st	17 2-5	3–5	9 1-4	1 1–2	1
2nd	18	11-20	9	3-4	7-8
3rd	19 1-12	11-20	17	9–10	1 1-4

EQUITATION.

18. Owing to the non-construction of a covered riding school, as recommended by last year's Board, it is impossible to carry on a systematic course of instruction in equitation. From December till well into April, i.e., for the greater part of the College year, the instruction in riding is carried on under great difficulties out of doors on frozen ground or ice and the thermometer below zero, and the course must necessarily be delayed in consequence. The site exists and the Board repeat their strong recommendation that a covered riding school be constructed before the fall. The Board, also, recommend that two more remounts be purchased to bring the total up to twenty-two. The stables and the grooms' quarters were found clean and in good order.

DISCIPLINE.

19. The Commandant reported that, with one exception, the discipline of the cadets had been all that could be desired. This instance was more of a practical joke than anything else.

MESSING.

20. The messing arrangements carried out by the Canadian Permanent Army Service Corps continue to give every satisfaction. Some of the meals were sampled by the Board and found to be of good quality and well cooked.

CLOTHING.

21. Khaki has been introduced and will in time take the place of the blue undress. All the cadets interviewed by the Board stated it was not popular. The

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

Board are of opinion that the blue serge should be retained in addition to the khaki. It is more distinctive and attractive, especially when the cadets are visiting other cities, or when outside the enclosure, when it is not compulsory to wear tunics.

MUSKETRY.

22. The Miniature Range under the gymnasium has been considerably improved, and very good work was done on it during the winter months. With the addition of a "Solano" target, this range will be complete. Work having been commenced on the new dormitory building, the old rifle range has had to be closed. A new range should, if possible, be built in the College grounds. Proposals and estimates for one along the shore of the Cataraqui have been prepared.

THE FOLLOWING TABLE GIVES THE CLASSIFICATION OF MUSKETRY FOR 1911-12, TRAINED SOLDIERS' COURSE.

CLASS CLASSIFICATION.

Class	Marks- men	1st Class Shots	2nd Class Shots		Figure of Merit	No. in Class	No. Fully Exercised	Per cent of Points Obtained	Best Shot in Class.
1st	4	6	11	10	131	32	29	39.1	Sergt. R. K. Robertson Sergt. T. P. Edwards Equal.
2nd	11	9	11	7	135	39	36	40.5	Gentleman Cadet D. H. Storms.
Total	15	15	22	17	133	71	65	39.8	

COMPANY CLASSIFICATION.

COMPANY	Marks- men	1st Class Shots	2nd Class Shots	3rd Class Shots	Figure of Merit	No. in Co.	No. Fully Exercised	Per cent. of Points ohtained	Best Shot in Company.
" D " " B " " A "	7	3 7 3 2	6 6 3 7	4 1 5 7	147.2 142.7 134 113.2	18 18 18 17	16 18 17 14	42.7 42.6 40.0 33.8	LCpl. R. S. P. MacIvor. Gentlemen Cadet H. E. Mathews. Gentleman Cadet D. H. Storms. Cpl. A. B. Boggs.

Best Shot in College...... Gentleman Cadet D. H. Storms, Best Shot in Class......1st Class— | Sergt. R. K. Robertson | Equal, Sergt. T. P. Edwards | 2nd Class-Gentleman Cadet D.H. Storms,

24. The Recruit Class of 47 members fired a complete recruits' course on

the Miniature Range, 14 of whom have been classified as marksmen.
25. The College Team was placed 57th in the "Empire" match and third in Canada, with a score of 768, as compared with 725 the previous year. It, also, took third place in the 2nd series of the Canadian Rifle League Competition and fifth place in the Miniature Rifle Competition.

26. A scratch College Tyro team won the Osler Challenge Cup for best aggre-

gate at the Ontario Rifle Association Meeting.

RECREATION.

27. The Board desire to record their disappointment at the non-erection of a covered skating-rink and drill-hall, for which, it is understood, provision was made in the 1911-12 estimates.

28 The boat-houses and wharves are being reconstructed. The Board again recommend that a special grant be given for the purchase of suitable rowboats; at present there are none at the College. The old lugger is still afloat and no more. The Board strongly recommend that it be replaced. In athletic competitions the R. M. C. was very successful during the year. It won the Intermediate

and Junior Championships and the Intermediate Dominion Championship at Football, the Intermediate Championship at Hockey, the Intercollegiate Championship at Lawn Tennis, and also won all the Cricket Matches but one played on tour. The Board recommend that new Billiard Tables be procured; those in use are completely worn out. The location of the present billiard room in the basement is unsuitable. The want of a proper library and reading room is still most marked.

HEALTH AND SANITATION.

29. The health of the cadets at the date of the Board's visit was found to be very satisfactory. With the exception of two cases of measles, and three of mumps, there were no infectious diseases during the year. The ventilation of the classrooms during the winter months requires attention. The classes are much larger than they used to be, and the class-rooms, unless properly ventilated, must be unhealthy. The pumping, filtration and sterilizing plants continue to give satisfaction. The sanitary arrangements and bath-rooms appear to be adequate and good. The sewage system, however, requires to be renewed.

HOSPITAL.

30. The hospital was found in a satisfactory condition and very clean.

WORKSHOP.

31. The workshop was found in good order.

KITCHENS.

32. The kitchens and pantries in the main building, hospital and grooms' quarters were clean, tidy and well kept. If more modern ranges were installed in the main kitchen, it would be an improvement.

LIBRARY.

33. The Board repeat their recommendation of last year that the library be enlarged and a map-room be provided. As it is at present, it is far from being satisfactory.

LABORATORY.

34. The laboratory in the top story of the main building requires to be enlarged. It is so restricted that practical experiments can only be done by the professors and not by the cadets. There was also an apparent shortage of textbooks on Civil Engineering, Chemistry and Physics. Uncertainty exists as to who should requisition for them.

OFFICES.

35. The several offices were visited and found tidy and in good order. The books of the Acting Paymaster and Quartermaster were examined and all found to be satisfactory.

LANDS AND GROUNDS.

36. The grounds and tennis court were in good order and clean, but those near the new stables and grooms' quarters still require to be levelled and graded. This was pointed out by the Board last year. The old wooden sidewalks within the

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inner enclosure have been replaced by concrete ones and are a decided improvement. Those in the outer enclosure still remain to be done.

HOLIDAYS.

37. The holidays remain the same as in previous years, viz., a little over two months in summer, two weeks at Christmas and four days at Easter.

GUN SHED.

38. The Board were pleased to learn that the unsightly old gun shed was soon to be demolished and replaced by a modern one, which will also be used as a model shed.

GUN PRACTICE.

39. The Board again suggest that the cadets of the 1st Class attend Petawawa Camp for gun practice towards the end of August when the Permanent Force are in Camp.

ACCOMMODATION.

40. The necessity for immediate increased accommodation in the Educational Building cannot be too strongly urged. With the increase in the number of cadets, officers undergoing courses, etc., more class room is required. The dining-room, also, is now much too small for the present requirements; it is so much so, that the staff and officers on course have to take their meals in one of the recreation rooms. As pointed out by last year's Board of Visitors, a draughting-room, a library, laboratory and general lecture-room, are also very urgently required, and the present Board strongly recommend that they be provided in the new Educational Block, the construction of which cannot be started any too soon if the College is to be put in condition to meet the increased and ever increasing demands upon it. For the third year in succession, the Board desire to again urgently press the necessity for accommodation within the College grounds for the Instructional Staff and for the officers attending the Staff College and Long Courses. Under present conditions, much valuable time is spent in going to and from Kingston, and the advantages of having all the professors and students resident within the College domain are so apparent that it is confidently hoped that provision will be made in the estimates at a very early date for the construction of suitable quarters.

PAY AND PENSIONS.

- 41. The Commandant has many claims upon him as such and the Board strongly recommend that he be given an entertaining allowance.
- 42. The necessity for an early decision as to the pay and pension or retiring gratuity of the members of the Civil Staff cannot be too forcibly brought forward. As regards their pay, the Board beg to repeat the recommendation made in 1909, which was as follows:—
 - First Grade:—\$2,800 to \$3,500 per annum—Professors of Mathematics, Mechanics and Astronomy: Civil Engineering and Architecture; Physics and Chemistry.
 - Second Grade:—\$2,000 to \$2,500 per annum—Professors of French and English,

Third Grade:—\$1,500 to \$2,000—Assistant Professors; Instructors in Mathematics, Chemistry and Civil Engineering.

The Salaries to advance, with the approval of the Commandant, by yearly increases

of \$100 until the maximum is reached.

43. As regards pensions for the Civil Staff, the Board strongly urge that steps be taken to provide some fixed gratuity or retiring allowance. The Professor of Civil Engineering, who is now in his 60th year and who has had a long service at the College, enquired as to the conditions under which he might retire, but the Board were not aware that any provision had been made to meet such cases. They therefore, recommend as follows:—

Retirements.

44. A member of the superior staff of the Royal Military College, not otherwise provided for, may be refired to promote the efficiency of the staff, under the

following conditions:-

(a) If he has reached the age of fifty years, and the duration of his service has been 10 years or more, he shall receive an annuity, for life, of fifty per cent. of the annual salary which he was enjoying at the time of his retirement, with an additional two per cent. of such salary for each year's service over and above ten, but the maximum annuity shall not exceed seventy per cent. of the salary at time of retirement.

(b) If he is under fifty years of age on retirement, with at least ten years' service, he shall receive an annuity—as before described—less two per cent. of

salary for each year he is under fifty.

(c) If the duration of his service has been less than ten years, he shall receive for each year's service a gratuity of one-tenth of his annual salary at the time of retirement.

(d) In case of voluntary retirement, with the approval of the Government, the gratuity will be as previously stated herein, but the annuity will be subject to a reduction of 20 per cent. if the retiring member of the staff has not reached the age of fifty.

(e) The widow of a member of the staff, to whom she has been married at least ten years before his retirement, shall receive one-half of the allowances which would have gone to her husband if he had retired at the time of his death or which he was enjoying at that time.

(f) Annuities shall be paid in monthly instalments clear of all taxes and

deductions, whatsoever, imposed under any Act of Parliament of Canada.

45. The Board further recommend that the Pension Act of 1901 be so amended as to provide that the time spent by a cadet at the College shall count towards pension, should he become an officer of the permanent staff or force of Canada. At present, time in the Civil Service is allowed to count, as, also, half the time served in a non-permanent unit. This appears to the Board to be somewhat inconsistent, as, in the latter case, twelve days' drill in the year entitles an officer to count six months towards pension, whereas the three years spent at the College do not count at all.

VISITORS.

- 46. At the end of 1911, Their Royal Highnesses The Duke and Duchess of Connaught paid a visit to the College, when the latter presented Gentleman Cadet J. O. Leach with the Royal Canadian Humane Society's Medal for saving life in the Georgian Bay.
- 47. Major Holman, D.S.O., of the Commonwealth of Australia Forces, was attached to the College for one week before Easter.

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48. The Chairman and Members of the Board desire, in conclusion, to express their sincere thanks to the Commandant and Staff for their valuable assistance during their visit.

ERNEST F. WÜRTELE, Lieut.-Colonel, Commanding 15th Infantry Brigade. Chairman Board of Visitors.

 H. S. GREENWOOD, Lieut.-Colonel, R.O.
 A. H. MACDONNELL, Lieut.-Colonel, A.A.G., 1st Division.

CLARE L., NOVA SCOTIA.
G. DAUTH, Vice-Rector, Laval University,
Montreal, P.Q.

J. S. DUNBAR, Lieut.-Colonel,
Assistant Adjutant-General,
Secretary, Board of Visitors.

APPENDIX 'D'.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT DOMINION ARSENAL.

Quebec. August 2, 1912.

To the Secretary, Militia Council.

Sir,—I have the honour to report upon the operations of this establishment for the fiscal year ended 31st March, 1912.—

APPROPRIATION ACCOUNT.

1. The appropriation voted by Parliament and expenditure during the year were as follows:—

Amount of appropriation for fiscal year ended 31st March, 1912	\$300,000.00 30,206.33
A	\$330,206.33
Amount of expenditure for the fiscal year ended 31st March, 1912, as per Balance Sheet (p. 79)	\$266,980.21
Amount in Treasury to credit of appropriation on 31st March, 1912	63,226.12
	\$330,206.33

EMPLOYEES AND PAY ROLL.

2. Average number of employees, 346. Total amount of salaries and wages paid, \$146,513.77.

AUDIT OF BOOKS.

3. No independent inspection of the books has been made since 1910. This should be done annually.

COST OF PRODUCTION.

4. The cost of .303" Cartridges, compared with the previous year, has again been reduced.

PROFIT AND LOSS.

5. The estimated profit on the year's work, as compared with the cost of importing, amounts to \$71,924.26, which is equivalent to 12.9 per cent. on gross capital, and a slight increase in comparison with last year.

RATES OF PAY.

6. Wages were increased by about 5 per cent.

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RECOMMENDATIONS.

7. A site for the removal of the Arsenal was purchased during the year. The existing premises are congested, and it is impossible to make satisfactory progress under these conditions. Funds are required for the erection of new buildings and removal of machinery.

STATEMENTS.

8. The following Statements are submitted:-

Balance Sheet.

Capital Account.

Statement of Indirect Expenditure.

Statement of Liabilities and Assets.

Production Statement.

Statement showing cost of manufacture, compared with cost of importing from England.

13 10	13 10 30,5 538 38 10 00	
For uncumined wages one materi, 1912. For amounts received and not credited to Arsenal Vote:— Overcharce, duty on muchinery.	For uncumined wages one materi, 1912. For amounts received and not credited to Arsenal Vote:— Overcharge, duty on unachinery. Miscellaneaus For Materials issued out of Arsenal Stores For Cartago of Serp.	For amounts received and not credited to Arsenal Vote: Overcharge, duty on nuchinery. Miscellaneuus For Materials issued out of Arsenal Stores For Cartage of Serap. For Accounts Payable on 31st March, 1911.
55 57 77	25 # 25 . 20 8 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	02/15000000000
n decount	a= 	a=
12 (p. 77) Salartes Wages Materials Machines	12 (p. 77) Sularres Waters Waters Matchinks Machinery Maintenance of Buildings. Freight Stationery, Printing and Posta Gartage.	12 (p. 77) Subartes Wages Mareinis Machinery Maintenance of Buildings. Freight Freight Stationery, Printing and Postas Cartage Removal of Show Water Supply Advertising sale of scrap Pravelling sale of scrap Adversaries Responses
The state of the s	Idings. 2,344 80 Miscellaneous 10 00 1,821 10	2.344 80 Miscellaneous 10 60 1.821 10 852 80 For Materials issued out of Arsenal Stores. 10 60 1.802 80 For Cartage of Serap. 10 60 1.802 80 For Accounts Payable on 31st March, 1911.

CR.

DOMINION ARSENAL, CAPITAL ACCOUNT 1911-12 BUILDINGS, MACHINERY, TOOLS, &c.

To Balance Account:— For net Capital on 1st April, 1911:— Buildings. Machinery. 101,532 24 101,532 24	4	By Indirect Expenditure Account:— For Depreciation during the year on: Buildings. Machinery.	7,518 03 10,114 61	60
	255,386 61	normal property and the second		17,652 64
To Machinery pur-based in 1911-12.	23.446 97 B	By Balance Account:— For Net Capital on 31st March, 1912:		
		***	3336 09	
			114,864 60	
		T.O.O.D.	6.0	981 900 Q4
•	\$ 278.833.58			FO 000° 100
•			•	978 823 59

DR.

STATEMENT OF INDIRECT EXPENDITURE, 1911-12.

Expenditure on the following services, not chargeable direct to	orders:-
Salaries of Staff	\$ 19,491 45
Wages	13.009 96
Motive Power, Heating and Lighting:—	,
Wages \$ 3,793 62	
Materials, &c 9,367 42	
	13.161_04
Maintenance of Buildings	6,300 79
Removal of Snow	500 00
Water Supply	1,800 00
Printing, Stationery and Postage	852 50
Advertising	248 60
Travelling Expenses	1,003 90
Customs Dues	101 89
Drawings	255 74
Telephone	108 40
Cartage	734 68
Medicines	149 40
Miscellaneous Charges	2,474 12
From Capital Account:—	*,***
5% Depreciation on Buildings \$ 7,518 03	
10% " on Machinery 10,114 61	
	17,632 64
	\$ 77,825 11
Less amounts taken in relief of Indirect Expenditure:	÷ •••••••••
Adjustment of account	1,444 56
Net total	\$ 76.380 55

Note.—This amount, together with indirect expenditure of each factory, has been distributed as a general percentage on direct labour, in each factory, as shown below:—

General percentages on direct labour for the year 1911-12:	
Workshop	
Cartridge Factory	111.17%
Foundry	188.74%
Shell Factory	116.13%
Carpenters' Shop	156.81%
Average rate	132.480%

Cir.

DOMINION ARSENAL, QUEBEC

STATEMENT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS 31st MARCH, 1912

DR.

	261,200 94 109,359 15 185,007 77 188 45	555,756 31
ASSETS	By Buildings, Machinery and Tools. By Stores in Stock By Seni- mandactures. By Accounts Receivable	
LIABILITIES	To Capital: For Net Balance on 31st March, 1912, as per Statement annexed For Advances by Department of Militia and Defence (after deducting the cost of the year's work).	\$ 555,786 31

PRODUCTION STATEMENT 1911-12

Abstract of the Cost of Work Performed

Boxes, Ammunition, S.A. Mark XV. Boxes, Ammunition, S.A. Mark 303" in Chargers No. 1. (a) Cartridges, empty, B. L. 15-Pr. Mark I. Gun, 1½ lbs. Blank. empty, B. L. or B. L. C. 15 or 12-Pr. 1½ lbs. Blank. R. B. L. empty, silk cloth, 20-Pr. 1½ lbs. Blank. R. M. L. filled, 9-Pr. 1 lb. Blank L. G. (b). S. B. filled, 24-Pr. 3 lbs. Blank, L. G. (b). Q. F. Blank, 18-Pr., Filling Completing and Packing (a)(c) (d). Q. F. Blank, 18-Pr., Filling Completing and Packing (a)(d)(e). Dummy, Q.F. 13-Pr. (f). small arm, ball, 303", cordite, Mark VI. small arm, blank, 303", smokeless powder, Mark II, G.P small arm, blank, 303", cordite, Mark V Clips, Cartridge, Q.F. 18-Pr. Experiments, Standing Small Arms Committee	3,050 3,666 1,000 4,000 2,000 1,500 1,400 3,000 1,300 40 10,366,400 50,000 501,200	65 1 28 5 38 4 11 10. 88 06 7 55 20 62 3 88 22 87 5 63 14 29 10 96	Per each a 100 a 100 Each a 100 Each a 1000 1000 1000	\$ 1,967 56 4,682 36 53 80 176 45 217 65 91 66 105 81 105 81 105 83 237,068 23 281 66 7,159 83 3 40 85 59
Experimental Work, Chief Inspector of Arms and Ammunition. Plags, Armoury, Mark V. Pnffs, powder, 2-oz. (b). " R.L.G ² (b). " Prism¹ black (empty). " 4-oz. (b). Repairs:—Boxes, Ammunition, S. A., G. S. " Cases, powder, metal lined. " Reservoirs, Compressed Air, Mark I and II. Ross Riffe Insrection Shells, B. L. Sbrapnel, 12-Pr. 6-Cwt. Mark VII. Filling only (g). Tins, Mess, Mounted Testing Explosives	4,622 1,000 500 1,600 450 2,098 171	3 59 1 42 1 11 3 90 73 37	Each 100 Each Each	126 05 1,616 48 35 93 7 09 17 81 17 56 1,539 72 63 58 77 10 690 72 108 26 1,170 69 17 25

(a) Including special expenditure for tools.
(b) Gunpowder from Store.
(c) Rings, Cups, Primers, Cases and Bags filled from Store.
(d) Including cost of rectifying, cleaning and lacquering cases.
(e) Primers, cases and bags filled from Store.
(f) Cases and Clips from Store.
(g) Shells, Gunpowder and Primers from Store.

STATEMENT showing cost of manufacture compared with cost of importing from England for the year 1911-12.

Profit	82.241.44 120.10 21.40 69.95 68.841.23 1,987.07 21.92 180.48	\$73,828.63	\$71,924.28
Loss	533 00 47.33 645.86 18.71 610.20	\$1,904.37	
Cost of Manufacture at D. A.	28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28.		
Cost of Importing	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
Freight	אם א		
Duty	មមន្តិនិត្តិ និត្តិនិត្តិ និត្តិ និតិ និ		:
ılary e	2011 1.09 1.09 1.09 1.10		
Vocabulary	Per Each 1000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 Each Each Each Each Each Each Each Each		:
Quantity	3 050 3 660 1,000 4,000 1,500 1,400 1,306 1,306 1,306 1,306 1,000 1,000 1,600		
	Boxes, ammunition, S.A. Mark XV Sug's in Chargers No. I. (a) Cartridges, empty, B.I., 15-F. Mark I. Gun. 1½ lbs. blank R.B.I., empty, silk eloth, 20-Pr. 1½ lbs. blank R.M.I., filled, 24-Pr. 1b blank, 1-G, tb. S.B. filled, 24-Pr. 1b blank, 1-G, tb. O.F. Blank, 18-Pr. Filling, Completing and Packing (e). O.F. Blank, 18-Pr. Filling, Completing & Packing (a). O.F. Blank, 18-Pr. Filling, Completing & Packing (a). Pugs. Armony, Q.F. 13-Pr. (e) Small arm, ball, 302 Cordite, Mark VI Pugs. Armony, Mark V Prim. black empty Shells, B.L. Shrapel, 12-Pr. 6 cwt. Mark VII. Filling only (f).	Fotal Deduct Loss	Profit 12.9% on Gross Capital of \$555,756.31.

(a) Including special cost for tools.
(b) Guippowder from store (c) Rings, Cups, Primers, Cases and Bags filled from Store.
(d) Primers, Cases and Bags, filled from Store.
(e) Cases and Clips from Store.
(f) Shells, Gunpowder and Primers from Store.

Note: -It has been possible to make comparison in the case of new stores only, as the cost of repairs of old articles is evidently not comparable.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

F. M. GAUDET, Lt. Col. R. C. A.

Superintendent Dominion Arsenal.

APPENDIX 'E'.

INTERIM REPORT OF THE MILITIA COUNCIL FOR THE DOMINION OF CANADA ON THE TRAINING OF THE MILITIA DURING THE SEASON OF 1911.

To His Royal Highness, Field Marshal, Prince Arthur William Patrick Albert, Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, K.G., K.T., K.P., &c., &c., &c., Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief of the Dominion of Canada.

SIR.—I have the honour to lav before Your Royal Highness an Interim Report on the training of the Militia of the Dominion of Canada, during the season of 1911: to be embodied at a later date in the Report of the Militia Council for the year ending March 31, 1912.

> I have the honour to be, sir, Your Roval Highness's most obedient servant,

> > SAM HUGHES. Minister of Militia and Defence.

February 7, 1912.

REPORT.

The accompanying report briefly ontlines the general scheme of training carried out by the Canadian Militia during the season of 1911. Appended is the report of the Inspector-General on the results of that training.

GENERAL REPORT.

1. The training of the Canadian Militia for 1911 was carried out in accordance with a Memorandum issued for their training early in the year.

2. In the preparation of this Memorandum particular stress was laid on the importance of practical field training and of tactical exercises as against mere drill training.

3. There is no doubt that in the past sufficient time has not been devoted to field training, and while valuable time has been expended in arriving at mechanical accuracy in drill movements, the necessity of tactical training has been somewhat lost sight of.

4. The work outlined to be carried out this year at Camps of Instruction was intended to bring home to all ranks the fact that their proper work at training camps lies in perfecting themselves as far as time allows in their field duties, such as marching, sconting, transmitting information, the scrvices of protection on the march and when halted, skirmishing, fire-tactics, attack and defence, field-engineering, map-reading, &c.

5. It is hoped that the foundation has been laid for a systematic and progressive training along these lines for the future. Great interest was displayed by all ranks in this portion of their work, which it is hoped will be further recognized

and developed in the coming training season.

6. For the first time general staff officers were present at many of the camps to supervise, direct and assist in the training. Their services in the future, not only at these camps, but throughout the year in the divisions and districts, will, without doubt, be of great benefit to the Militia.

7. While it has already been stated that the scheme of training for 1911 was based on the greater necessity for field training, it was found that the training programme could not at many of the camps be properly carried out owing to the limited ground available. This had already been anticipated, and partially met, by dividing the units into two camps,* so as to provide more training room and to allow more time for musketry. Even with this assistance the training grounds were quite inadequate, with the exception of Petawawa and those in western Canada.

8. To carry out proper field training for the Active Militia, sufficient and suitable training grounds are indispensable, and it is hoped may shortly be available.

9. It must further be appreciated that one of the great difficulties encountered in making the training each year more progressive is the fact that a very large percentage of the rank and file are first-year men, and, consequently, much time has to be spent in elementary instruction, during which time men with previous training should be carrying out more advanced work. Until some method can be evolved which will ensure a much larger percentage of men carrying out their obligations entered into on enlistment, progressive and more advanced training, and, consequently, efficiency for war, must suffer.

10. Arrangements were made for composite batteries from the heavy artillery brigades to carry out 16 days' continuous training and gun practice at Petawawa. This was attended only with partial success, owing to the difficulties encountered in getting men away from their employment. As in the case of the field artillery, it is very necessary for these batteries to put in a portion of their training, if possible, the whole of it, at Petawawa, where manœuvre, gun practice and fire tactics can be combined. Twenty-two horses for twelve drills at local headquarters

were authorized for each battery, and much benefit derived therefrom.

11. A course for the personnel of ammunition columns was arranged for at Petawawa. The results, as regards attendance, were far from satisfactory, some three officers in all responding.

12. For the first time, Telegraph detachments of the Canadian Engineers were trained. The units were concentrated at Petawawa and 16 days' training carried

out.

- 13. It has been recognized that city corps have been much handicapped in not devoting the proper amount of time to field training. To partially overcome this, efforts were made this year for certain units of city corps to carry out three to five days' training at Camps of Instruction. Some corps were able to make arrangements to do this, and the results obtained were satisfactory, although even this period of field training is altogether too limited for these corps. It is hoped that next year arrangements can be made by which all city corps will be able to carry out a certain number of days of their training under canvas. The necessity for this is obvious.
- 14. The Army Service Corps carried out their training in administering at the various Camps of Instruction. With the advent of the Divisional Organization their rôle as divisional transport and supply columns and parks requires development, and their training in this direction must be considered at once, and a commencement made during the next training season.

15. On the first occasion for four years the four arms of the Permanent Force were concentrated at Petawawa for training. The necessity for such training being carried out annually, and the various arms being given an opportunity of acting

^{*} As at Niagara, and Aldershot, N.S.

in co-operation, was apparent. The training of the Permanent Force at a central camp annually is essential to its efficiency, and if not so trained its duties in relation to the Active Militia as regards instruction cannot be properly carried out.

SPECIAL REPORT-ARTILLERY.

16. The remarks on the training of the artillery are to be found in "Extracts from the Reports of the Royal School of Artillery", published as a separate pamphlet.

SPECIAL REPORT-ENGINEERS.

17. The Field Works' store at Petawawa, containing bridging material, and spars taken from the Artillery Range clearing, proved very satisfactory, and did away with the necessity of these companies carrying much heavy equipment into camp.

18. Ground was allotted for field works, and all types of earth works were constructed. Derricks, shears, gyns, were erected, and several types of bridges.

19. The Field Troop, being a newly organized unit, was given more preliminary work, but was attached to the field companies, and got the advantage of their experience.

20. The mounted work made good progress, and the mounted drill carried out with hired local pattern wagons (with double interval) was quite satisfactory.

21. The Telegraph Detachments were taken through the syllabus laid down

for these units, and in 16 days did most efficient work.

22. The number of detachments (3) enabled the instructor to train them as a Divisional Telegraph Company. Only one detachment (3rd Field Company) had qualified operators. It was found that unless these detachments have their operators trained before coming to camp, it is impossible to teach an operator in 16 days. Other operators had to be borrowed from the Royal Canadian Engineers, otherwise much valuable time would have been lost.

23. It was also found that, when any speed was required, six horses were

necessary with the cable wagon on ground such as Petawawa.

24. A great advantage in having as many of the Engineer Units train at Petawawa as possible is the fact that a great saving in instruction is made, and the bridging spars and training equipment is available without transport.

SPECIAL REPORT-CORPS OF GUIDES.

25. Camps of Instruction were held at Lévis, Petawawa, Aldershot, Kamloops

and Calgary.

26. There was a further falling off in the attendance of officers at camp, and the numbers were somewhat lower than last year. However, the quality of the work done and the interest displayed by those who did attend, showed marked improvement.

27. The time has now arrived when mounted companies may usefully be organized in those Commands where the officers appear best qualified to undertake

the necessary instruction.

SPECIAL REPORT-MUSKETRY.

28. The scheme for musketry training for 1911 was practically similar to that of 1909 and 1910—i.e, preliminary instruction by means of tripods, sub-targets rifle machines, miniature shooting (where possible), and as much target practice as circumstances permit.

29. The necessity for progressive preliminary instruction in musketry to individuals is better appreciated, and less difficulty in carrying it out was experi-

enced during this season than in the past.

30. As in previous years, owing to limited range accommodation and the short training period, very little shooting beyond 100 and 200 yards was possible at the Camps of Instruction. At Goderich, gallery practice at 25 yards was carried out, as no service range was available. The construction of new ranges at Farnham, being only partially completed, it was necessary to limit the practices to ten shots at 100 yards.

31. A large percentage of the recruits attending camp this year, as in the past, have practically no knowledge of the rifle on arrival, and, as a consequence, advanced musketry training is impossible, and, if attempted, would be a waste

of time.

32. It is hoped that the erection of squadron and company armouries, and the provision of at least one rifle range per regiment will be possible in the near future. When this is an accomplished fact, it is believed that it will be comparatively easy and inexpensive to do a great deal toward training recruits before the annual Camps of Instruction.

33. In the city regiments, shooting at ranges beyond 200 yards is largely practised, but very little attention is given to shooting at moving and vanishing objects.

34. Judging-distance practices have been carried out at Camps of Instruction, but, owing to the short time available, very little instruction can be given: however, it is gratifying to note that the Rural Militia as a rule are fairly good judges of distance. In the City units there is very little knowledge of this important subject.

35. The musketry returns of the Permanent Force are not yet available, but

those to hand indicate a fair degree of efficiency.

36. The number of officers and non-commissioned officers capable of imparting musketry instruction is increasing through the efforts of the Canadian School of Musketry, and it is hoped, by the organization of special courses at different centres of population, to afford an opportunity to qualify a still larger number during 1912.

37. A small permanent Musketry Staff has been authorized which, when not engaged at the Canadian School of Musketry, will be available for instructional

duty in the different divisions and districts.

38. In 1910 authority was obtained for the attendance of qualified Cadet Instructors at the Canadian School of Musketry. Since that date sixty have availed themselves of the privilege, of whom fifty-five qualified. It is believed that these gentlemen will, owing to their close touch with the youth of the country, be in a position to bring about results which will more than justify the expenditure on their training.

SPECIAL REPORT-SIGNALLING.

39. The signalling, with very few exceptions, has been quite satisfactory, and great improvement is looked for next year with the new system of training, especially in the rural corps.

40. The corps training at local headquarters have done excellent work, and commanding officers no doubt are taking more interest in signalling, as this year

many units have presented signallers for inspection for the first time.

41. The standard of efficiency in signalling of most Cavalry and Garrison Artillery regiments is not what it should be, and as signalling is most important in these branches of the service it is necessary that this matter should receive special attention during the coming year.

42. No. 8 Section, Canadian Signalling Corps, St. John, N.B., attained the highest figure of merit in the Dominion this year, and is closely followed by the 38th Dufferin Rifles, of Brantford, Ont. These two units deserve great credit, as they have attained a very high standard of efficiency in signalling.

43. The following is a table by Divisions and Districts, showing the classifica-

tion of Signallers inspected at the Annual Inspection, 1911:-

		Classification												
Division or District	1st Class	2nd Class	Trained	Total.										
1st Division. 2nd " 3rd " 4th " 5th " 6th " M. D. No. 10. " No. 11	17 53 37 35 12 95	25 69 45 22 47 36 41	81 97 78 89 32 164 13	123 219 160 146 91 295 55										
" No. 13.	2	9	23	34										
Totals	252	294	577	1,123										

- N. B.—Column "Trained" includes semaphore signallers trained at Annual Camps 1911.
- 44. Permanent Force.—The efficiency of the Permanent Force is much the same as last year.
- 45. The classification test this year gave the Signallers an idea of what a Signaller is supposed to be able to do, and know, and it is hoped that next year an officer will be placed in charge of the Signallers at each station to assist them and impart instruction in map-reading.
- 46. It was found that many of the Signallers knew very little about the use of the compass, also the setting and reading of a map, which is most important for a Signaller to know.
- 47. More attention must be given to the use of the lamp and heliograph, also station discipline. The latter is essential in order to obtain good results.
- 48. Corps trained at local headquarters.—The units trained at local headquarters this year have greatly improved, both in numbers trained and in efficiency.
- 49. The 38th Dufferin Rifles, Brantford, Ont., obtained the highest figure of merit of corps trained at local headquarters.
- 50. The only corps that have fallen back this year are those in the 4th Divisional Area, and it is hoped that advantage will be taken of the evening classes that are to be held during 1912.
- 51. Rural Corps.—Corps training at annual camps show a marked improvement, as many signallers are now able to take tests on the lamp and heliograph in addition to the flag and semaphore.
 - 52. A detail from each unit in camp is trained in signalling as follows:—
 - 1st-year men.—In semaphore only, up to and including the sending of simple messages.
 - 2nd-year men.—In semaphore and small flag, including simple messages and station work.
 - 3rd-year men.—All the above, and, in addition, the lamp.

53. With the above system of instruction, in many cases good results have been produced. Where signallers are carried on the regimental staff and kept together during the year they improve rapidly and give great value to the corps. Unfortunately, in many cases they are recruited at haphazard without much regard to the work they are to do, and consequently are of little or no value as signallers.

54. Commanding officers of rural units should take steps to see that their signallers are, as far as possible, recruited from the same locality and kept together

in camp, and, if possible, trained a little during the year.

55. More advantage should be taken of signallers on field days; it is only by this means that signalling efficiency is developed. The signallers of the 77th Wentworth Regiment and Governor-General's Body Guard obtained the highest figure of merit, respectively, of corps training at camps in the Dominion this year.

56. No. 8 Section of the Canadian Signalling Corps obtained the highest figure

of merit this year, being first, of all corps in the Dominion.

- 57. The system has been to hold evening classes in the cities for signallers of the local corps and day classes for signallers of rural corps. This is not satisfactory, as it is impossible for many signallers in the country to leave their business to attend.
- 58. As the staff of assistant-instructors has been increased from two to seven, it is the intention next year to hold an evening signalling-class at the headquarters of any rural or city unit that has its signalling section properly organized, and give a bonus of \$15 to all who obtain certificates. Heretofore, signallers received nothing for their time given attending evening classes, and naturally did not take the required interest in the work, with a result that about 50 per cent. drop out before the termination of the classes, which is very discouraging to the assistant-instructors.
- 59. Special courses of training, Petawawa.—A special course of training was held at Petawawa during the month of August, and was attended by eight officers and six non-commissioned efficers from all parts of Canada.

60. The object was to train officers and non-commissioned officers in the more advanced work in signalling and communication in the field, and also to secure uniformity in the inspection of corps and in the examination of signalling classes.

61. This course, it is considered, proved very satisfactory, and those attending received an excellent training in combined work, as the Permanent Force was in camp at the time. It is only this way that signallers can see the importance of signalling and how difficult it is to keep up communication in the field.

SPECIAL REPORT-MEDICAL SERVICES.

62. A further endeavour was made this year to train the ambulances on broad lines. Provision was made at each camp for the care of the sick sufficient to meet the demand.

63. The ambulances were thus free to carry out the schedule laid down for field training, or such modification of it as the local authorities deemed advisable.

64. The most important medical training was at Farnham, where No. VI Cavalry Field Ambulance, and Nos. II, IV, V and VII Field Ambulances were concentrated.

65. Much useful work in medical tactics was done under Lieut.-Colonel Bridges, Permanent Army Medical Corps, who was specially detailed for this duty.

66. During the inspection by the Director-General an elaborate scheme of

medical tactics, involving much work, was carried out most satisfactorily.

67. At Sussex, No. I and No. VIII Field Ambulances were able to do concerted divisional training. It is to be much regretted that circumstances prevented

No. IX Field Ambulance from going to Sussex from Charlottetown and taking part in the valuable training.

68. At the first Niagara camp full advantage was not taken of the presence of a sufficient number of Field Ambulances to do co-ordinated divisional work.

69. With few exceptions, the training of the Regimental Medical Services in

1911 has been a failure.

A very large number of regiments went to camp without any stretcher-bearer section, and sometimes when the section was there its training was most perfunctory, and no attempt was made to follow the schedule.

70. The importance of the medical service detailed to regiments cannot be over-estimated. Especial attention will be directed towards this service during

1912.

71. Little training was done at Petawawa with the Permanent Army Medical Corps. It is hoped, however, to enlarge on this considerably. At present the available personnel is only sufficient to care for the sick and to carry out the heavy sanitary work of the camp.

SCHOOLS OF INSTRUCTION.

72. The usual Qualifying Courses were carried out at the Royal Schools of Instruction during the year. Provisional Schools of Instruction were formed at the following places:—

Cavalry-

Edmonton Alta. Vernon, B.C. Kamloops, B.C.

Artillery—

Montreal, P.Q. St. John, N.B.

Infantry—

Three Rivers, P.Q. Ottawa, Ont.
Toronto, Ont.
Kingston, Ont.
Brantford, Ont.
St. Catharines, Ont.
Port Arthur, Ont.
Kenora, Ont.
Fort Francis, Ont.
Winnipeg, Man.
Calgary, Alta.
Edmonton, Alta.
Vancouver, B.C.

Canadian Army Service Corps-

Montreal, P.Q.
Ottawa, Ont.
Toronto, Ont.
Hamilton, Ont.
Guelph, Ont.
Kingston, Ont. (Cookery).

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Winnipeg, Man. Calgary, Alta.

Engineers-

Toronto, Ont.

Medical-

Ottawa, Ont. Halifax, N.S.

MILITIA STAFF COURSES.

73. Classes in the theoretical portion of the Militia Staff Course were held at Montreal, P.Q.; Quebec, P.Q.; Toronto, Ont.; Ottawa, Ont.; Kingston, Ont.; Hamilton, Ont., and Halifax, N.S. The practical portion of the course was carried out at the Royal Military College, Kingston.

74. Fifteen officers attended and all passed the final examination. Fourteen

certificates were granted.

75. A special Militia Staff Course was held at Winnipeg in the autumn, lasting for a period of five weeks.

Eight officers attended and passed the theoretical portion. Seven officers attended and passed the final examination. Twenty-one certificates in all were granted during the year.

CITY CORPS.

76. The following city corps carried out a portion of their training at training camps, viz.:--

21st Regiment

24th

6 days at Goderich Camp.

3rd Regiment

5th '

65th "

3 days at Farnham Camp.

Composite Regiment from—

79th Regiment

90th

100th "

4 days at Sewell Camp.

RETURN SHOWING NUMBER OF OFFICERS AND MEN OF THE ACTIVE MILITIA TRAINED DURING THE YEAR 1911.

77. The following return shows the number of officers and men of the Active Militia trained during the year 1911:—

		А СТНОНІЗЕО ЕВТАВЬНИВИ	SETABLIBITMES			NUMBER	TRAINED.			Untrained	INED.	
CAMP, &c.	Officers	N.C.O's and Men.	Total.	Потяев.	Officers.	N.C.O's and Mon.	Total.	Ногвез.	Officers.	N.C.O's and Men.	Total.	Погяев.
District Camps	-											
Goderich Niggara. Barriefield Petawawa Perawawa Perawawa Three Rivers Susesx Aldershot Aldershot (Art) Charlottekowa. Sawell Kamloope Calgary.	241 6775 258 258 258 277 278 278 278 378 378 44 378 578 578 578	2.707 7.167 7.167 3.232 2.204 3.334 3.341 5.006 3.006 3.251 6.116 6.116 1.416	3, 9, 9, 8, 8, 9, 9, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8,	1,256 1,670 1,772	25.5 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.5	1,258 4,660 1,401 2,650 1,771 1,771 1,532 2,430 2,659 2,659 3,659 3,813 813	1,386 5,095 1,224 1,224 1,126 1,126 1,604 2,504 2,775	70 1,513 2,643 1,124 1,124 1,124 1,127 1,274 1,2	25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25.	1,504 1,505 1,505 1,505 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,025 2,03 2,03 2,03 2,03 2,03 2,03 2,03 2,03	1,622 2,747 1,700 1,700 1,135 1,967 2,85 2,85 2,85 2,85 2,85 2,85 2,85 2,85	25.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.5
Camp Staff Brivado Staff Permanent Force	3,240 198 58 52	35,753 349 127 2,206	38,993 547 2,258	11,776 148 55 24	2,018 198 58 52	23,202 349 127 2,206	25,220 547 135 2,258	8,465 148 55 24	1,222	12,551	13,773	3,311
Totals	3,548	38,435	41,983	12,003	2,326	25,884	28,210	8,692				
Local Headquarters.												
1st Division 2nd 3nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th M. D. No. 10 " 13	106 263 263 240 240 89 130 130 120 66	1,168 3,344 2,244 3,054 1,002 1,258 1,483 1,483	1,274 3,607 2,443 3,303 1,181 2,428 1,615 1,541	84 4 8 E 2 8 E 2 C 2 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	235 235 1178 1197 1198 1198 1198 1198 1198 1198	1,057 2,064 2,064 1,041 1,315 1,165 538	2,142 2,242 2,242 2,1966 2,165 1,438 1,269 5,96	2448 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	282288600	111 180 285 285 48 48 227 202 202	132 34 34 337 337 76 177 177	
District Camps	1,394	16,804	18,198 41,983	12,003	1,179	15,321 25,884	16,500	209 8,692	215	1,483	1,698	3,311
Totals .	4,942	55,239	181'09	12,280	3,505	41,205	44,710	8,901	1,437	11,031	15,471	3,379

NOTE:—1. "Authorized Establishments" includes the following Corps relieved from training;—7th, 18th and 26th Field Batteries, Canadian Artillery, and 4th, 28th, 28th, 39th, 42nd, 46th, 45th, 48th, 4

The Militia Council. E. F. JARVIS, Secretary,

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ANNUAL REPORT OF INSPECTOR-GENERAL

1911

From,— The Inspector-General, Canadian Militia.

To.-The Secretary, Militia Council.

OTTAWA, January 27, 1912.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit for the information of the Hon. the Minister in Militia Council, my report for 1911, upon the training and efficiency, suitability and sufficiency of equipment, and the readiness and fitness of the Military Forces of Canada for war, together with the condition of the fortifications and defences of the country.

INTRODUCTORY.

2. The great extent of Canada, and the simultaneous training of a large part of the Forces, renders observance of the whole by one individual an impossibility during any one year. Hitherto, the Chief of the General Staff has undertaken a part of the duty, but, owing to his absence in England during the main training season, the duty fell upon the Adjutant-General, who inspected many of the camps in the East, while those in the West were taken by myself.

3. Besides the actual training of a large number of units, I have personally inspected all the large armouries, the Ordnance and Army Service Corps stores, rifle ranges, Divisional and District offices, as well as the quarters, barracks and personnel of the Permanent Corps throughout, save those at Vancouver and Vic-

toria, B.C.

4. The Fortresses at Quebec, Levis and Halifax were also seen by me.

5. Abridged or full reports of all the foregoing have been made as they occurred.

6. Full opportunity for the training of the whole of the Active Militia was again arranged for, there being no curtailment in the vote, and to which was added a sum sufficient to enable a large portion of the Permanent Corps to be brought together at Petawawa for a month, under the immediate supervision of the Chief of the General Staff.

7. In the matter of training and efficiency, our forces, being divided into two classes, viz., the Instructional or Permanent, and the Active Militia or Non-Permanent, I will deal with their respective merits, each under its own denomination, and by arms and departments of the Service.

ADMINISTRATION.

(Divisional and District Offices.)

8. All offices of this description were visited by me, and many of the records inspected, as well as the system of administration inquired into.

9. It was plainly visible that efforts were being made to meet the requirements of decentralization, but, in doing so, many minor matters which so materially

affect a true knowledge being in possession of the Divisional or District Commander, such as qualification of officers, attendance at training, and a number of other records of a similar nature, had either been lost sight of, or were not up to

date, and the information without value.

10. Another important point is the necessity for having all offices occupied by officers in charge of departments of a Division, located in the same building, which is not the case at present; consequently, the necessary combination for capable administration is not present, and delays as well as lack of information on the part of the Officer Commanding is often the result.

ROYAL SCHOOLS OF INSTRUCTION.

11. One of the most important parts of our organization are the various Schools of Instruction, and it is very questionable if they are generally fulfilling their purpose. The doubt arises from the following difficulties which at present appear to nullify their usefulness:—

12. The easy opportunity of qualification afforded by Provisional Schools is

the main factor.

- 13. The long journeys entailed in reaching, for instance, that at Kingston for Field Artillery, it being the only one of its kind in the Dominion; or that at Winnipeg, which caters for the whole of the Cavalry and Infantry of the West, is a further detriment.
- 14. It is also doubtful if that sympathy between teacher and pupil, so necessary to successful instruction, exists in all cases, or that instructors take sufficient pains to prepare and make their lectures and schemes interesting.

15. In so far as the actual instruction in drill is concerned, no fault can be

found.

16. That the knowledge necessary to an officer or non-commissioned officer can be obtained at a Provisional School, is ridiculous to suppose, and if those aspiring to rank and responsibility are not able to devote the time required for a course at the school of their own arm, then our prospect of military efficiency becomes a doubtful issue.

17. Again, the education of officers and non-commissioned officers cannot be complete without practical instruction in interior economy, which is only to be obtained through living in barracks or camp, and which at present is not in all cases possible; for example, I would draw attention to the conditions at the Royal

School of Infantry, Quebec.

18. The reason given by officers and non-commissioned officers for their preference of the Provisional School, is the saving of time which their private business or calling demands, but if their military responsibilities were distinctly understood by them in the first place, viz., that in their hands are placed the subsistence, health and lives of others, during periods of training or service; that a military organization is a large business concern in which system, energy and knowledge are the requisites, and that the real object of the Force is the preservation of the country, I am sure that the intelligence and patriotism of the Canadian would rise to meet the emergency.

19. The distribution of these Schools is also open to question; that at Fredericton could, with advantage, be combined with the one at Halifax, and thus assure the increased interest and better instruction which a large garrison naturally

provides, as well as lessen the cost of the upkeep of an additional station.

20. If schools of all arms were maintained at large centres, such as Halifax, Quebec, Montreal, Kingston. Toronto, London, Winnineg, Calgary and Esquimalt, the interest, convenience and efficiency of all concerned would be greatly increased.

21. Another important point in connection with our Military Schools, is their

instructional equipment and quarters.

22. During my inspections of these institutions, conditions were apparent under both these headings, which militate against proper instruction and study, through the absence of comfortable and adequately equipped lecture or class, and individual rooms.

23. There is an alternative for the provisional and permanent system, viz., the Perambulating School, the advantage of which would consist in its moving from place to place for fixed periods, and providing at each a course upon the same lines as given at a permanent school. Such a school, however, would have its limitations in the matter of practical demonstration of military training and administration, and there is doubt of even its ability to fully meet the requirements.

PERMANENT UNITS.

24. In the maintenance of the Permanent Units up to their respective establishments, difficulty is found, arising mainly from the abundance of employment that exists in all walks of life.

25. But few Canadian born enlist, the majority of recruits obtained being immigrants from Great Britain, most of whom have had previous experience, and

are, therefore, a desirable type.

26. At present the Force is some 372 officers and men under strength, a condition which in such garrisons as Halifax, Quebec, and Esquimalt, where the duties of preserving and maintaining military properties are greatest, seriously affects

efficiency.

27. The efficiency of most of the combatant units has been greatly improved by the month's experience of combined training at Petawawa in August last, particularly "Lord Stratheona's Horse (Royal Canadians)," and No. 2 Company, Royal Canadian Engineers, which, for the first time, had the opportunity of taking part in such work.

28. The "Royal Canadian Dragoons" may be considered as in good order; the practice of "hogging" the horses' manes in this unit cannot, however, be com-

mended; it is neither ornamental nor useful.

29. The recent field training given to "Lord Strathcona's Horse (Royal Canadians)" at Petawawa, was of great advantage, but its usefulness as an instructional corps is lost to a great degree, through delay in the organization of the second squadron, and for the same reason a number of officers are idle.

30. The "Royal Canadian Artillery", though under-manned, maintains a high

standard of efficiency.

31. The "Royal Canadian Engineers" are fulfilling their duties satisfactorily, in so far as fortress requirements and works and repairs are concerned, but I cannot think their association with similar units of the Active Militia, from an instructional point of view, is as close as it should be.

32. The headquarter companies of "The Royal Canadian Regiment" are well in hand and efficient, but weaknesses appear in the administration of the outlying

companies which require attention.

33. A change of stations and personnel, at regular intervals, might produce

good results.

- 34. The musketry of the Permanent Force has been carried out in accordance with the syllabus laid down in Musketry Regulations, 1909, which is of a most practical character, embodying preliminary training, grouping, bulls-eye shooting, and field practices.
- 35. Owing to the many demands on the Permanent Force during the summer months, in connection with the training of the Active Militia, very little time is

left for rifle practice, but, with a few exceptions, the musketry has been as well carried out as circumstances permitted. The interest displayed by the young officer, however, does not always appear as keen as it should be.

36. In the matter of gun practice of the Artillery, similar conditions and remarks obtain as in the preceding paragraph, except as contained in the last

sentence.

37. The condition of the various permanent units of the departmental corps varies.

38. Those of the Medical and Pay Corps appear well administered. super-

vised, and provided both in personnel and materiel.

39. In the Ordnance, weaknesses are apparent, arising principally from the fusion with the old Civilian Stores Branch, and consequent introduction of many individuals who had not been educated up to the higher qualifications necessary to the administration of so technical a department, and are now possibly too advanced in years to apply themselves to new conditions arising from reorganization under military regulations. A handicap is also placed upon the Corps through want of proper storehouses and fittings, consequently congestion and untidiness prevail at a number of the depôts, which must interfere with the heavy duties entailed at certain periods annually.

40. Among the personnel are many in all ranks possessed of capability and zeal: others again whose duties are only performed perfunctorily, while owing to the want of barracks or quarters near-by the several stores and offices, the officers and men are obliged to live in private houses, scattered about, and lose the advantages of military association and discipline, so essential to the soldier, besides being

difficult to supervise or assemble in case of emergency.

41. The Army Service Corps has not yet acquired the efficiency necessary to its importance, because of its hurried organization and feverish anxiety to at once undertake duties in which a thorough grounding had not been obtained, with the result that its personnel contains a number who fail to comply with many of the essentials of the Corps.

42. This Department of the Permanent Service, involving so many important factors in the general efficiency of a military force, should be sound in its organization, and fully capable of educating similar units of the Active Militia, and others

whose duties bring them in contact.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

(General.)

43. As has already been stated, provision was made for training the whole of the Militia in 1911, either at Camps of Instruction or local headquarters, but

unfortunately a large number failed to take advantage of the opportunity.

44. The weakness in units was almost entirely confined to the Infantry Arm at Camps of Instruction, in substantiation of which a comparison between the authorized establishment and actual strength will be found under the heading "Infantry", para. 103.

45. Various explanations of this shortage are given, such as smallness of pay, the necessity for a certain standard in musketry, and the general prosperity which made the demand for labour abnormal; the latter may be taken as the real cause

of the falling off.

46. The weakness in the rank and file, however, is not really of so much moment, but it is the shortage in officers, and the lack of qualification in both officers and non-commissioned officers which is to be deplored, and which reduces the efficiency of our Force; a condition which permeates more or less the various branches of the Service, though mainly, as already noted, that of the Infantry.

47. In commenting upon the absence of knowledge found among officers, it is only fair to report that there are some who have spared neither time nor money to fit themselves for their immediate, as well as higher duties, and I should be unjust in failing to acknowledge the sacrifices made, also the enthusiasm shown by those officers who have passed the examination for the "Tactical Fitness" or the "Militia Staff Courses" or who are now preparing for similar ordeals. They may be comparatively few, but the example has been set, and the hope is that it may have a large following.

48. The shortage in the 'establishment and qualification of officers are not the only weaknesses that strike one at Camps of Instruction, though bad enough; but what is even worse is the number absent with or without leave from training, or

on trivial excuses from parades and duties.

49. In connection with the upkeep of establishments, I cannot forbear drawing attention to the vicious custom, that has more than once come under my observation, viz., the publication in local newspapers of advertisements containing inducements of a picnic variety with a view to enrolling men for camps, the result being that the "loafer" class is in evidence on the assembly of the unit.

50. Again, the eye has been constantly offended with the lack of uniformity in the dress of officers, and for no apparent reason than the desire to flatter individual vanity, by appearing in a dress different from his companions, or suit-

able to complexion or proportions.

51. The same disparity was observable in units, though such was attributable in many instances to the want of proper clothing in Ordnance Stores for issue, or changes in the regulations, or where corps were not yet entitled to receive the latest pattern.

52. The introduction of the new service uniform has proved a boon to non-commissioned officers and men, and gives great satisfaction, being both serviceable

and smart, if properly worn.

53. A definite mode of wearing the straw hat should be prescribed, at least regimentally, in order to ensure uniformity, and officers should be obliged to provide themselves with a distinctive service dress to assimilate with that of the men.

54. On the subject of hats, that of the "Stetson" pattern appears a useless

commodity, and an article for abolition.

55. A general disregard exists amongst Infantry units of the necessity for having their equipment assembled ready for use when required, consequently it is lying about in boxes, forgotten and uncared for.

CAVALRY.

56. A vital necessity for the training of the mounted branches is room, but in few camps is such to be found; therefore, until adequate training grounds are available, no substantial improvement in advanced training can be expected in

Cavalry.

- 57. The quality of the horses brought to the several camps in 1911 was generally fair, but not equal to what would be produced if the pay was somewhat increased, as was shown in the West, where a special increase had been granted for the Artillery and Army Service Corps units. However, conditions in localities differ, and much depends upon the character of the squadron officers as to what class of animals owners will entrust them with.
- 58. In the matter of efficiency, the units in the West show to better advantage generally than those in the East, their superiority being in riding, horsemanship and keenness, although in the 2nd, 4th and 6th Divisions are to be found units whose efficiency maintains them in the first rank.

59. The tendency is still strong in the direction of training on the lines of Cavalry proper, and neglecting that of the role assigned our troops, and for which they are armed and equipped, viz., "Mounted Rifles".

60. In classifying the efficiency of the 33 units, a fair estimate may be obtained

from the following:

Good	 		 	 		 	 	 	 	٠	٠		۰		٠				1	5
Fair												٠					٠		1	3
Indifferent					 	 	 	 	 	٠	۰									1

61. The saddlery at camps I found none too well looked after, but this condition generally arises from lack of care previous to arrival, owing to the absence of proper storage facilities.

62. All units are now furnished with the "Colonial" pattern, which seems

to give general satisfaction.

63. The equipment in possession of Cavalry units may be considered as suit-

able, save that issued for the purpose of carrying the rifle.

64. Carelessness in the enlistment of so-called farriers and shoeing-smiths was evident at some of the camps, for on examination many were found devoid of the least technical knowledge of their trades.

ARTILLERY.

(Field.)

65. That the Field Artillery is our most efficient arm, is generally conceded, yet though individual enthusiasm, careful instruction, together with the advantages afforded by increased length of training, and the use of the Petawawa Camp site, place the majority of units on a higher plane, there are still a few confined to the limited training areas of the extreme East and West, who fail to maintain the general average.

66. Were larger manœuvre areas available in the latter sections, results equally

good might certainly be looked for from the local batteries.

67. All the brigades, save two, trained well up to their establishments, three being complete, and five of the ten brigades, with three individual batteries of other brigades, can be reported in thoroughly good order; the remainder, for the reasons already assigned, lack the standard necessary for so high a stamp of efficiency.

68. The advantage of the concurrent training and gun practice is thus strongly accentuated, and if similar accommodation to that given at Petawawa was afforded, the units to whom that camp is now inaccessible would gladly accept this mode of training, rather than do their twelve days' training in one place, and four days' practice at Petawawa, with an interval intervening, and the result that it is very often impossible to get the detachments for the latter together again.

69. The absence of four brigade commanders from Petawawa Camp must be reported as unfortunate, for that being the only ground that admits of the exercise of fire tactics under active service conditions, it would appear imperative that

the tactical commanders should be present with their units throughout.

70. Another evidence of apathy occurred in connection with the training provided for the officers of Brigade Ammunition Columns, and for which every facility was given; only two attended.

71. The system of attaching an officer instructor to each brigade, and a ser-

geant-instructor to each battery, proved very beneficial.

72. The horses brought for training, except in the 3rd Brigade, showed an improvement over last year, although, generally speaking, but few were up to the requirements for active service.

(Heavy.)

73. Progress is being made in the training of the Heavy Artillery, whose units

are beginning to realize the necessity for more practical experience.

74. Of the six batteries, one composite and one complete carried out the sixteen days' course at Petawawa: the remaining did twelve days at local head-quarters and four days at Petawawa, but, as in the case of Field Batteries, this latter disconnected mode of training can never produce the necessary standard of efficiency.

75. The City Corps system of training, hitherto adopted for Heavy Artillery, has not permitted the acquisition of a knowledge of camp discipline, duties, or interior economy; nor of riding, driving or horsemanship, all so important in the full development of this arm, but under improved conditions these deficiencies will

no doubt soon be remedied.

(Coast Defence.)

76. The training of the Coast Defence branch of Artillery cannot be claimed to have been entirely satisfactory.

77. Under the present distribution of the training syllabus, much time is wasted, and until the several units can be brought together at or near one of the

forts, for the full period, no real proficiency can be hoped for.

78. The officers appear interested, as a rule, and the men are generally of good physique, intelligence, and of the proper stamp, so that under a revised system decided improvement should be in order.

ENGINEERS.

79. The progress made in the organization of new units for this arm is slow, the difficulty being in procuring officers and men with the necessary technical knowledge upon which to build the military structure.

80. Individuals of this type are particularly busy men, and allege they cannot afford the time required for training in camp. Such conditions, from a military standpoint, are unfortunate, as the deficiency of this branch, ever increasing in importance, cannot be too strongly deprecated.

81. Desirable officers for this arm should be obtainable from cadets of the

Roval Military College.

82. Two field companies are now in progress of formation, viz., one at Kingston, Ont., in connection with the Science Department of Queen's University; the other at North Vancouver, B.C., with possibilities for one each at Winnipeg and Calgary; but in the 1st and 5th Divisions no units exist, nor can I learn that there is any likelihood of their organization—a very serious drawback in the development of the present scheme of mobilization.

83. The efficiency of existing units has certainly improved during the past season, as three of the five were sent to Petawawa Camp, and there enabled to obtain a much more extensive training under competent instructors than had

hitherto been available in the restricted areas of their local camps.

84. The unit now most lacking field work is No. 4 Company at Montreal,

which has always been permitted to train at local headquarters.

85. At Petawawa also were concentrated the several Telegraph Detachments, and to them was opened a broader and more technical instruction than heretofore.

86. The one omission in the training at Petawawa was the fact that more opportunity was not given to Engineer units to work with other arms.

87. Complaint is made, and I think with reason, that the period of training of field companies of this branch is too short, and that an extension from twelve to sixteen days is necessary.

CORPS OF GUIDES.

88. This corps, on a basis of reorganization, has made material progress during the last year, its training being of a more advanced character, and upon stricter lines. Its officers now, I think, fully realize the importance and highly technical cast of their duties, and, with very few exceptions, are most enthusiastically responding to the requirements.

89. The selection of officers for this service entails the most careful scrutiny on the part of those from whom the recommendations emanate, as in no other branch

does "dead wood" so materially mar efficiency as in the Corps of Guides.

90. Hitherto, in the eyes of many, little or no thought has been given to its value and responsibilities, consequently it has been looked upon as a comfortable refuge for such as desired rank and uniform without the attending sacrifices.

INFANTRY.

91. In reporting upon this, the strongest arm of our Force, I shall have to deal with two distinct headings, in so far as the method of their training is carried out, viz., the "City" and the "Rural" Corps.

(City Corps.)

- 92. Necessity may appear to warrant, in a measure, this difference, but while City Corps can for the most part be kept up to strength, well drilled and properly regulated in interior economy, no one will think of asserting that this can ever become an efficient element of defence without field training; consequently, the step that was initiated in the scheme for 1911, viz., that of a few days in camp for these units, is certainly one in the right direction, and it is hoped will be further elaborated.
- 93. Few units of the City Corps, however, were represented in recent camps, but these deserve enumeration and were as follows:--
 - 1st Division at Goderich, Ont .-

24th "Kent Regiment" of Chatham, Ont., in full strength for six days. 21st "Essex Fusiliers" of Windsor, Ont., in partial strength for four days.

4th Division at Farnham, Que .-

3rd "Victoria Rifles". 5th "Royal Highlanders", 65th Carabiniers,
"Mont-Royal" of Montreal, in partial strength for three days.

No. 10 Military District at Sewell, Manitaba—
79th "Cameron Highlanders". 90th "Winnipeg Rifles", 100th "Grena-

diers" of Winnipeg, one Company each for three days.

94. Although the proposition of recruiting in City Corps is more easy than in the Rural, it must not be presumed that it follows that all the first named are up to strength; many find difficulty in so doing, and are often obliged to enroll immature youths in their ranks to make a respectable showing in point of numbers.

95. Neither is the drill and interior economy of many up to the mark; a smattering of squad and arm drill, and into the ranks the recruit goes, dubbed as an efficient soldier, before he knows, in a military sense, his right foot from his left.

96. Further, in the matter of the system of administration, weaknesses and

neglect are often met with in the enrolment of men, the record of attendance, the keeping of clothing and equipment ledgers and the conduct of correspondence.

97. There are City Corps against whom all the foregoing charges may assuredly be brought, and whose value to the country is nil; on the other hand, there are those whose strength, drill, administration and enthusiasm are most praiseworthy, and against whom but one weakness can be charged, viz., that of inexperience in field training.

98. In order, however, to reach the stage of efficiency referred to, requires, under present conditions, many sacrifices and much labour on the part of the leading officers of units, and the complaint from them is strong and continuous, that owing to the work entailed they cannot in justice to their own affairs properly

fulfil the responsibilities of their appointments.

99. As the most desirable and energetic of our officers are found among the successful business and professional men, it would seem very necessary that something be done towards encouraging their connection with the Militia by lightening their duties, and no better scheme in that direction presents itself to me, than the provision of paid adjutants and sergeant-majors.

100. In dress and smartness of appearance, the units of the City Corps are as a rule very creditable, and all maintain at least one good band, many two, and in a few cases three; the two latter would appear an extravagance when allowed at

the expense of the small establishment of the rank and file.

101. The relative efficiency of the total number of City Corps (41) may be considered as under:—

Good	15
Fair	21
Indifferent	
Disorganized	2

(Rural Corps.)

102. Coming to the Rural Corps, a similar classification of efficiency for the year 1911 to that given to the Cavalry and City Corps may be of interest, and stands as under, the total units numbering 58:—

Good	8
Fair	29
Indifferent	
Disorganized	

103. The establishment authorized for the year's training of the Rural Infantry was:—

	Officers.	N.C.O.'s and men.
Establishment	1,459	16,825
The number trained	1,019	11,558
Leaving untrained	440	5,267

bearing out my previous remarks upon the meagreness of the attendance.

104. That any great degree of efficiency has been attained at the several camps, I cannot conscientiously report. The time available is no doubt too limited, but even as it is, much better results would be apparent if officers and non-commissioned officers were able to instruct, command and administer. That these qualities

are lacking is only too obvious, and until remedied no improvement can possibly be looked for. Intelligence is not the element wanting, but as I have already pointed out, the absence of a full appreciation of the importance of the duties assumed is the root of the evil.

105. Proper qualification of the officers would soon bring about that of the non-commissioned officers, the ignorance of whom is naturally, under present conditions, mainly due to the lack of example and supervision of their leaders.

106. Touching upon the subject of administration, there are a few units in which a very good system prevails throughout, and where both regimental and company records are practically complete and up to date, but I regret to say that in the majority of regiments many of the requisite books are missing, and a lack of method in the care of those in use. Defects were most apparent in the Regimental Order Books, Record of Officers' Services, Digest of Services, Duty Roster and Register of Correspondence, while in the companies, little was known of the Section Pocket Book or Roll Book, and Service Rolls were anything but well kept.

107. Arms are, in many instances, not properly cared for during camp, and often arrive in a dirty state from lack of accommodation and facilities for care-

at local headquarters.

ARMY SERVICE CORPS.

108. The services of supply and transport, allotted to the Canadian Army Service Corps, are being attended to with zeal and method by nearly all its units, but there are two or three in which evidence of these qualities is not visible.

109. The duties that fall to the lot of this Corps are by no means a sinecure,

but rather downright hard work, devoid of all glamour or excitement.

110. Doubtless owing to this fact, more or less difficulty has arisen in the organization of the many new units that are necessary to complete the several Divisions, for in all parts of Canada excellent material can be found in a combination of the business man and the mechanic of the city or town with the farmer in

111. A recent regulation, whereby some of the most experienced and capable senior officers of the Corps were transferred to the "Reserve", thus losing the effect of their enthusiasm and ability, has had a tendency to reduce its efficiency, but it is hoped that the mistake will soon be remedied; the Force cannot afford to lose

the continuous services of such officers.

ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.

112. Since its inception, the Army Medical Corps has made steady progress, and each year received commendation for its increasing efficiency and spirit.

113 It has had advantages in the form of equipment and encouragement that have not fallen to the share of other branches; but, on the other hand, it has had the determination and enthusiasm to learn its job, and then put into practice the knowledge attained, thus justifying the confidence placed.

114. From a technical standpoint, there are perhaps weaknesses in the medical administration not apparent to the ordinary soldier, but in matters of sanitation. organization and better care of the sick, great strides have certainly been made, as

the much reduced returns of the sick in camps clearly show.

115. The two general hospitals recently organized appear to work satisfactorily, and three field ambulances have been added to the Corps during the past year, appearing in camp with a fairly strong personnel.

116. Additional units are still needed, and their ultimate organization probable.

117. The regimental sections of Stretcher Bearers cannot be termed effective. and so far the experiment appears to have been a failure.

SIGNALLING.

118. Progress and increased efficiency in this branch may, I think, be safely reported as the result of the year's training in all arms except the Cavalry and Garrison Artillery, who do not yet seem to appreciate the importance of it in connection with their respective requirements. There also appears much diffidence among the units of the 4th Division, which, it is hoped, will disappear in the coming year.

119. The interest in signalling is evidently growing, as many units, hitherto more or less indifferent about taking it up, have now sent men to the several classes.

120. No better evidence of the progress made can be presented than the comparisons given below of the results of the years 1910 and 1911.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	. Trained.	Totals.
1910	. 150	135	592	877
1911	. 258	300	585	1,143

121. Of the regimental units, the 38th "Dufferin Rifles" of Brantford, Ont.,

has obtained the highest figure of merit.

122. In addition to the courses at local headquarters and Camps of Instruction, a special course was given at Petawawa during the training of the Permanent Corps in August last. The object of this course was to train officers and non-commissioned officers in the more advanced work, and to ensure uniformity of system in the inspection of corps, and examination of individuals.

123. The attendance of this course reached eight officers and six non-commissioned officers, coming from all parts of the Dominion. It lasted a month, and

very satisfactory results were obtained.

124. The condition of the Canadian Signalling Corps, now numbering thirteen sections, may, for the most part, be reported as good.

125. No. 8 Section, St. John, N.B., is rated as the most efficient.

MUSKETRY.

126. The Musketry in Camps of Instruction was, as a rule, carried ont in

accordance with the plan laid down in "Instructions for Training, 1911".

127. As a large percentage of recruits are sent to camps entirely ignorant of the rifle, much time is necessarily expended in preliminary instruction. This part of the work appeared to be well carried out, and full use made of the different apparatus supplied.

128. Owing to the lack of range accommodation, and the short training period, very little practice beyond 100 and 200 yards was effected, and this, while satisfactory in a measure, cannot be considered sufficient training commensurate with the

need.

129. The provision of squadron and company armouries where preliminary musketry instruction could be carried out by means of sub-target guns and gallery shooting during the winter months, and increased range accommodation, which larger camp sites would give, are here again presented in a marked degree.

130. In City Corps there is an improvement, but the results are still far from satisfactory. A small percentage of certain units can be rated as first-class marksmen, while the majority are indifferent, or without any knowledge whatever of the

weapon with which they are armed beyond the handling of it on parade.

131. The preliminary musketry of recruits in many eity units is lacking in system, or practically neglected altogether, and men are frequently allowed on service ranges before they understand the first principles of aiming or pressing the trigger. The musketry of City Corps has the semblance of bulls-eye shooting in

preparation for Provincial and Dominion prize meetings, while practice at moving or disappearing targets is not encouraged, or only carried out in a few units by a very small number of enthusiasts.

132. And, again, very little, if any, attempt is made to carry out or interest men in "Judging Distance". a branch of training in which officers and non-com-

missioned officers are particularly deficient.

133. As shown under the heading of "Rifle Ranges", many of the units training at local headquarters are without ranges, and consequently are practically

untrained in Musketry.

134. Better supervision of the preliminary instruction, which can be carried out on miniature ranges in all city armouries, is the first step towards ultimate efficiency, followed by the provision of field ranges at large centres, and the final assistance of the Dominion and Provincial Associations through emphasizing in their programmes of matches the importance of Active Service Competitions.

DISCIPLINE.

135. In the observance of discipline by the Active Militia, there exists a decided laxness; not owing to the commission of serious crimes, or the exhibition of rank insubordination, but rather in the evasion of duties and responsibilities, the performance of which cannot be avoided without disjointing the whole structure of military efficiency.

136. Here again appears the example of the officer, for if he shirks or slights regulations or orders by not showing promptness in the acceptance and compliance with such, how can he enforce obedience, or expect it from those under him?

ARMANENT AND EQUIPMENT.

137. In commenting upon this subject. I must note that the recent arrival and probable early distribution of the latest Heavy, Field and Horse Artillery guns, the partial issue of the improved Government rifle, and a quantity of new "Web" equipment, has somewhat relieved our most urgent needs, but very much more requires to be done in the same direction before we can feel satisfied that we are, at any rate, as well provided as "the other fellow".

138. For Cavalry, the much vexed question of an effective mode of carrying

the rifle is still undetermined, a circumstance much to be regretted.

139. Respecting the care of armanent and equipment in possession of units.

conditions are varied, and consequently so are the results.

140. In the Artillery and Engineer units, for which caretakers are, as a rule, provided, the condition and care can safely be classed as good. In units of the same arms which have not paid-caretakers, a much less satisfactory report must be made.

141. In units of the Cavalry, Infantry and Departmental Corps, classed as "City Corps", or quartered in the larger armouries, stores of every description are generally well kept; but in the Rural Corps, which labour under such disadvantages from lack of storage facilities, little can be looked for, and that little is easily found.

142. While the existing Engineer units are fairly well provided, the equipment necessary for new units is wanting for Field Troops, Companies and Telegraph Sections, to which should be added a certain quantity of bridging necessities.

143. Of equipment for the Army Medical Corps, there appears a supply, either

on hand or under order, sufficient for the mobilization of six divisions.

144. In Signalling equipment, that in stores or in possession of detachments

is enough for present purposes.

145. The provision of more water carts of some description seems an absolute and an urgent necessity, in order that means may be provided for furnishing water

to men when at drill in Camps of Instruction. Under present conditions, water has to be hawked about in pails by fatigues detailed for the purpose, a most unsoldierly practice, as well as loss of training to a number of men.

ARMOURIES.

146. Perhaps the most urgent need of our Militia is Armouries for the Rural Corps, both as means of providing a home as it were for non-commissioned officers and men, and the care and protection of the arms and equipment for which the

commanders of units are responsible.

147. In connection with the large majority of City Corps, comfortable and adequate quarters are either provided or being arranged for, and the consequence is that comparatively little trouble is experienced in keeping up the strength of these units, and their stores can be maintained in good order and safety; but in the case of the unfortunate Rural Squadron or Company, very few have a place to rest "their heads", and resort has to be made to a small room on the top flight, or a shed, the cost of which to the commanding officer is generally more than his allowances. Space is lacking for a proper arrangement of his arms, equipment, etc., or the cleaning of them, so everything is piled practically in a heap, and the military pride attending order and system is lost, with the result that interest fails, the unit trains much under strength, accurate accounting is impossible, besides the risk of the loss of the whole outfit by fire.

148. Buildings to meet the requirements need not be expensive, and generally

sites can be procured from municipalities free of cost.

149. Another point in favour of the provision of this accommodation, would be the effective aid given to the development and maintenance of the present scheme for mobilization, having due regard to the establishment of fittings and equipment

to meet war strength requirements.

150. In conjunction with other inspection duties, I was able to include nearly all the existing Government armouries in the Dominion, and found them, more or less, adequate and in good order, and the caretaking staff generally capable, but the introduction of a civilian element thwarts the original intention of the employment of trained and deserving soldiers.

CAMP SITES.

151. No material progress can possibly be made towards real efficiency without the aid of camp grounds of large area, and these are needed in the worst way. The question has been annually referred to for many years, but much has yet to be accomplished.

152. In my peregrinations during the past two years, I have seen all in use, both Government owned, or hired for the purpose, and only one, viz., that at Peta-

wawa, is if anything like sufficient area and under Militia control.

153. At Sewell, Man., and Calgary, Alta., ample and suitable grounds are available, belonging to the Interior and Indian Departments, respectively, from which the right of using during the training season might reasonably be effected.

154. At Aldershot, N.S., and Lévis, Que., the camp sites are in the hands of the Militia Department, but both are so limited as to be of little use. Additional land adjoining could no doubt be obtained in each case, but if not enough, or too expensive, then each of these Provinces contains wild or vacant lands that would serve the purpose, and might be acquired in the same manner as that of Petawawa.

155. The remaining sites belonging to the Militia Department are Sussex, N.B.,

Three Rivers and Farnham, Que., Kingston, Niagara and London, Ont.

156. None of these are of the least use for anything but drill purposes, nor is it likely that more ground can be obtained in their respective neighbourhoods, the country being too well settled.

157. The only recourse, therefore, that appears in the latter cases, is the provi-

sion of a site of proper magnitude in each divisional area or large district.

158. The longer action is delayed, the more difficult it will be to obtain land, and in the meantime money is being spent on training that does not yield its full value.

RIFLE RANGES.

159. In the provision of rifle ranges, much has been done of recent years, and there are now fifty of what might be called Government ranges. Forty of these are in good order, and meet the requirements of the local units, except perhaps at Toronto and Hamilton, Ont., and Lévis, Que.. where the facilities available are inadequate to meet the necessities of both Militia and the many local Cadet Corps. The remaining ten require repairs to a greater or less extent.

160. In a few localities are to be found ranges provided and supported by Civilian Rifle Clubs, but these are generally of a makeshift character, and limited

in use.

161. The following important centres are still unserved, viz.: Chatham, Peterborough, Windsor and St. Catharines, Ont.: Bury, Waterloo, Joliette and Rimouski, Que.; Regina, Saskatoon, Moose Jaw, Edmonton, Medicine Hat. Macleod and Vernon in the West; and the urgency of their needs in this respect cannot be too strongly advocated.

162. The weakness of our largest and most complete ranges, is the lack of

facilities for practice at unknown distances and varied targets.

BARRACKS AND STOREHOUSES,

163. The condition generally of barracks, stables, storehouses and magazines is not good. Of the two first named, those at Halifax, Quebec. St. Johns, London, Winnipeg and Esquimalt, are in fair order, and with a few changes could be made sufficient for the troops allotted; but if the present force is to be retained at Kingston, new barracks and stables with an infirmary are indispensable.

164. At Toronto, the situation has for years been congested and unsanitary, and although a new site has been purchased, and the money voted for the erection of a new establishment, no real steps have been taken towards an alleviation of the

situation.

- 165. For new buildings at Montreal, a similar condition prevails, while at Calgary, the centre of a large and rapidly increasing force, the absence of buildings to house the already authorized and partially organized squadron of the "Lord Strathcona's Horse (Royal Canadians)" gives rise to complaint and dissatisfaction.
- 166. Much also is required towards the provision of store buildings and magazines.
- 167. In the important centres, I find Halifax, St. John, N.B., Quebec, Ottawa, London, Winnipeg and Esquimalt, fairly well served, but in Montreal, Kingston, Toronto and Calgary, the opposite obtains, notwithstanding the fact that stores of immense value are contained in the buildings at these stations, with more or less doubt as to their safety.

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FORTRESSES.

168. Two of these have been inspected by me during the year, viz., those at Quebec and Halifax, in which both the armament and works were found in good order. The works at Lévis are not yet complete.

MOBILIZATION.

169. In case of mobilization, we would at once face a dilemma regarding the

provision of horses and vehicles.

170. Some years ago, with a view to meeting this contingency, the enlistment of transport wagons and teams was carried out with fair success, but the annual financial outlay thus incurred was evidently considered not worth the inadequate service assured by this means, and the scheme has been abandoned.

171. A substitute in the form of a record of all available horses fit for military purposes is supposed to be in operation, but so far I have been unable to find such

in the course of my inspections.

172. The question of mobilization stores is also a very important item, and one

that should receive attention at the earliest date possible.

173. I shall not pretend to dilate upon the subject here, but later on will endeavour to place my views in a more concrete form before the Hon. the Minister in Militia Council.

BOOKS.

174. I am obliged to take up the question of the manuals and books of record, prescribed by regulations, for use in the training and administration of the Militia.

175. Having already made references in this report to the defective and absent records, for which officers commanding units are responsible, it would be well to provide against the common excuse offered in such cases, viz., "not procurable but on requisition."

176. Whether this statement is generally correct, I am not prepared to say, but the list of books (educational and record) though extensive, should be kept on hand for distribution when required, thus enabling Officers Commanding Divisions and Districts to enforce more attention to this part of the interior economy of corps in their respective commands than at present can reasonably be insisted upon.

MILITARY TRAINING IN UNIVERSITIES.

177. The Military Training in Universities, inaugurated some three years ago,

has not made the progress that was hoped for.

178. Small classes have been formed at McGill from which a few qualified, and this winter lectures on military subjects are again being given at the same University, but with only a fair attendance; and a similar course at Toronto. The main object, however, that of qualifying large numbers of the best educated men of the country to become officers of the Militia, has not materialized.

179. In reporting this failure I must give credit to the Science departments of both Toronto and Queen's Universities, for the provision by the former of a section of the 2nd Field Company of Engineers, and by the latter, a complete

company of the same arm, now being organized.

180. That our universities can do yeoman service by developing the spirit of patriotism, was proved beyond question in the example of the company furnished

from the Toronto University in the strenuous times of 1861 and 1866, and many of whose members died in action, while others have since been foremost in the efficient maintenance of the Militia Force.

CADET CORPS.

181. As my duties do not cover the inspection of Cadet Corps, any knowledge I may have acquired of their condition, has been obtained through the records kept at the headquarters of divisions and districts, together with what has been picked up from natural cursory inquiry.

182. The organization is evidently increasing rapidly, is showing steadiness

and smartness in drill, and developing both interest and skill in musketry.

183. In connection with musketry, I gather that there is a marked improvement in the interest taken by Cadets, and the Dominion and the Provincial Rifle Associations are to be commended for the efforts made to encourage their attendance at prize meetings.

184. Any encouragement given this service naturally redounds to the

advantage of the Militia Force.

185. The Cadet Instructors are also doing a great deal in the same direction by qualifying themselves at the School or Schools of Musketry, and thus becoming fit to train those in their immediate charge.

186. The appointment of special officers for supervising the training of these

corps seems a necessity in view of their rapid development.

RIFLE ASSOCIATIONS.

187. Wherever Government Ranges are installed, the interest in musketry is maintained and fostered through Rifle Associations (Military), and the several

Provincial organizations led by that of the Dominion.

188. In many places, Civilian Rifle Associations are established, which, where regular ranges cannot be found, furnish their own, but although this class of association was instituted with a view to encouraging the youth and early manhood of the country to become proficient with the rifle, they have not in my experience fulfilled their object. It would appear better to allot the money spent upon such organizations towards the similar development of Cadet Corps.

SUMMARY.

189. It may be thought that this report bears harshly upon the condition of our Militia Force, considering the difficulties that face it in nearly every direction, and it is, therefore, perhaps incumbent upon me to state the basis upon which my remarks are founded, viz., the personal experience of many years' service in the Permanent and Active Militia, both under peace and war conditions, during the last two of which, I have been enabled to inspect and ascertain the constitution of the personnel of every unit in the Dominion, as well as the immediate surroundings and appurtenances of nearly all.

190. I am not arrogating to myself the discovery of new defects, but simply repeating and affirming, with possibly more detail, the views annunciated by General Sir John French, and my predecessor, Major General Sir Percy Lake.

191. And now I should like to enlarge a little further on the situation.

192. The main obstacles to our efficiency present themselves in two forms, each the opposite of the other, viz., lack of money on one hand, and the profusion of it in the form of successful enterprises on the other. The former militating against the provision of armouries, armament and equipment, rifle ranges and

training grounds, and so placing obstacles in the prosecution of effective training in its full significance; the latter preventing individuals from sparing the time necessary to fit themselves for the military duties they have assumed, or desire to undertake, owing to the pecuniary loss likely to follow neglect of their private affairs, if present opportunities are ignored.

193. Under these circumstances, it cannot be wondered that in the Active Militia at least, serious thought is not given to the consequences sure to follow the neglect of preparation for what personal observation and history prove inevitably fall to

the lot of the successful and unguarded, be it an individual or a nation.

194. In the maintenance of a Force for the defence of our possessions, its necessity is at once conceded; that the cost of our present one is far less than any similar organization in the world, can be proved beyond doubt, while the conviction that we have more to lose than any other country daily obtains increased strength.

195. In the face of this last named fact, is it not imperative that we possess a military force adequate to bear the first brunt of conflict, or at any rate cause the

invader to stop and think on the threshold?

196. Can it be truthfully asserted that such is our present state, or that the object is not worthy of a whole hearted and determined effort to gain so desirable

an end, in so far as energy, intelligence and money permits?

197. Have not the plaudits awarded for a church or ceremonial parade lulled us into the belief that we are fit and capable for any military strain coincident with invasion, and in the continuance of that assumption, are we not encouraging a rude awakening some day, to find ourselves far short of such a consummation, with the result, irreparable loss?

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

W. D. OTTER, Colonel,
(Temporary Major-General),
Inspector-General.





REPORT

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 1912

PRINTED BY ORDER OF PARLIAMENT



OTTAWA

PRINTED BY C. H. PARMELEE, PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY

1912

[No. 36-1913.]



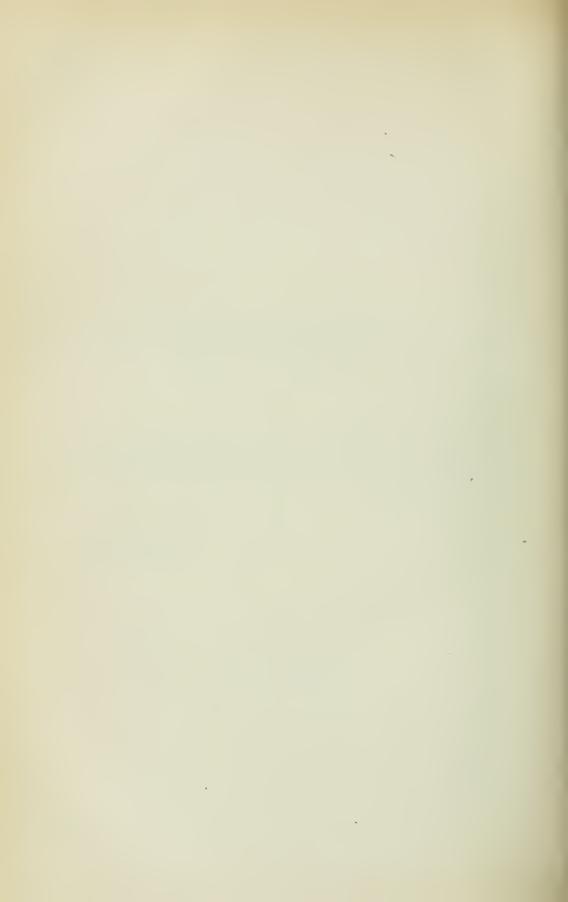
To His Royal Highness, Field Marshal Prince Arthur William Patrick Albert, Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, K.G., K.T., &c., &c., &c., Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of the Dominion of Canada.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR ROYAL HIGHNESS:

The undersigned has the honour to forward to Your Royal Highness the accompanying Report of the Deputy Minister on the work of the Department of Labour of the Dominion of Canada, for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1912, all of which is respectfully submitted.

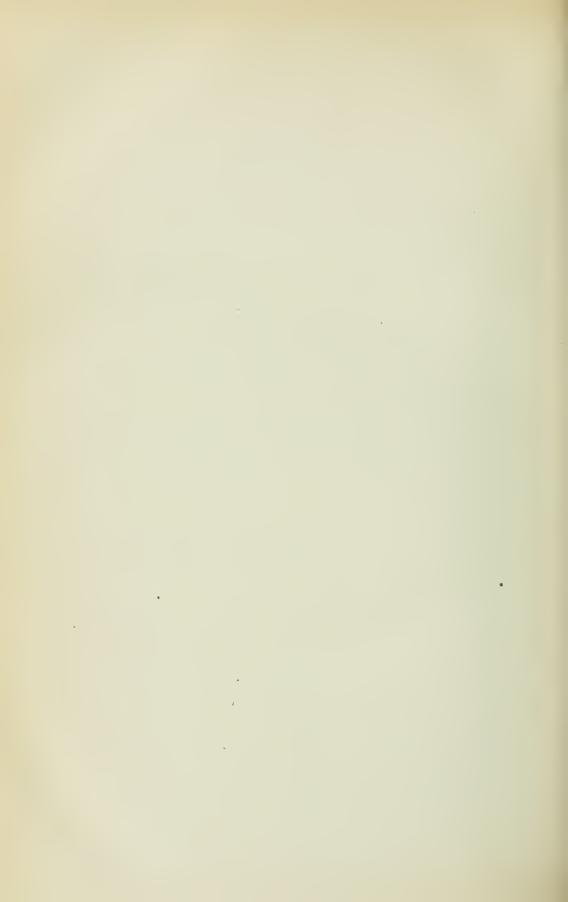
T. W. CROTHERS,

Minister of Labour.



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REPORT

OF THE

DEPUTY MINISTER OF LABOUR

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31,

1912

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR,
OTTAWA, June 20, 1912.

To the Honourable T. W. CROTHERS, K.C., M.P., 'Minister of Labour.

SIR.

I have the honour to submit a report on the work of the Department of Labour for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1912.

The financial year 1911-12 proved to be one of abounding prosperity throughout the Dominion. The immigration was greater than in any previous year, and the western crop yield was unprecedently high. All lines of industry were active. A time of such marked activity has always a strong tendency to stimulate wages and to give an upward trend to prices, and is usually characterized by an increased number of industrial disputes. This, too, has been the case, the number of strikes recorded being somewhat higher than for the past few years. Fortunately, however, with one important exception, the disputes have not been of a serious character, the exception being that involving the western coal mines; a prolonged contest, affecting approximately 7,000 workers.

The immigration returns for 1911 showed a total immigration for the calendar year of 351,000, as compared with an immigration of 311,084 for 1910, a quite remarkable increase for the period; of the immigrants 175,000 came from Great Britain and 130,000 from the United States. From the trend of events during the present spring, the tide of immigration will rise higher yet, reaching, it has been predicted, not less than 400,000 for the year 1912. The upward tendency of wages, which began in 1909, continued throughout the year and was accompanied by an increase in the cost of living, this being especially marked in the case of farm products. The census of the Dominion, taken on June 1, 1911, showed a population of 7,192,338 persons, as against 5,371,315, the population shown by the census of 1901. Business failures for the year 1911 were reported by Bradstreets at 1,399, as

against 1,459 in the year 1910, again an excellent showing for the past year. The foreign trade for the fiscal year 1911-12 showed an increase, in round figures, of \$100,000,000 over the year 1910-11, the total of imports and exports for the Dominion for the year being between \$800,000,000 and \$900,000,000.

The year showed great progress in railway construction, the demand for construction labourers being so heavy that, with a view to easing the situation in this respect, certain immigration regulations were relaxed. The railway mileage of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta was increased during the year by 1,459 miles, or from 8,650 to 10,109. The contract for the first section of the Hudson Bay railway was awarded during the year, and the successful tenderer was authorized in December to proceed immediately with the construction. In the building trades the activity was greater than ever before, and the building permits of the twenty-seven largest cities of the Dominion showed an increased value for the year of nearly \$30,000,000 over the preceding year.

Many of these matters bear intimately on the work of the Department of Labour, both as to the statutes adminstered and as to the various departmental publications. The past year has presented no specially notable feature. The different branches of work have proceeded on the usual lines and in the case of statistical enquiries considerable advance has been made.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES.

The record of proceedings under the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, called for by the terms of that statute, is printed, as last year, as an appendix to the present report and under separate cover, this for the greater convenience of the Department in forwarding copies to the numerous correspondents who request information as to these matters. The number of industrial disputes generally reported for the calcular year 1911 is somewhat above the figures reported for the previous year, being ninety-seven as against eighty-four. The strikes were, as stated, chiefly of the smaller order, and the record of the year as to actual loss of time and other matters would have been particularly pleasing but for the prolonged western coal strike. The strike total for the year 1911, however, though higher than for the few years immediately preceding, is very much below the record of nine or ten years ago; in 1902, for instance, the total for the year was 123, and in 1903 the figures stood at 160. Having in mind the large increase of population during the intervening period, the present record would seem to show some improvement of feeling as between employers and employees. Of the ninety-seven disputes of the past year the building trades were responsible, as usual for a larger proportion than any other single group of industries, disputes in the building trades having totalled thirty for the year; the groups of industries coming next in order were the metal workers, clothing trades and transportation industries. The coal mining industry, however, as has been stated. included the greatest industrial strike of the year, that, namely, of the western coal mines, the severest industrial struggle in Canada for many years. This dispute belongs to an industry falling within the scope of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act and is therefore treated in the report of proceedings under the Act. It is here mentioned only in passing to indicate its significance and bearing in con-

sidering the statistics for the year. The strike, it will be remembered, was the result of a failure to renew a working agreement expiring on March 31, 1911. A week or two after the strike had started the miners called for a Board and an inquiry took place; the strike continued in the meantime and the Board proved unable to bring the parties together. The struggle ended only in November, and the mines, when reopened on November 20, had been closed for practically eight months. It is interesting to record that the conferences which resulted in a settlement of the dispute were inaugurated by personal efforts on the part of the Honourable Robert Rogers, Minister of the Interior, who, being in the vicinity of the dispute, induced the parties to start negotiations anew. There was, during the year, no other single strike of particular magnitude. The strike of coal miners at Springhill, N.S., which had been in force from August, 1909, was formally closed in May, 1911, having continued for practically twenty-two months. This struggle is also mentioned more fully in the appendix giving the proceedings of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act. Of the ninety-seven strikes and lockouts beginning in 1911, forty-two, practically one-half, took place in Ontario and nineteen in Quebec. But one strike was recorded in Nova Scotia. Four strikes occurred in New Brunswick, six in Manitoba, thirteen in Alberta, and ten in British Columbia. None were reported in Prince Edward Island or Saskatchewan. Two disputes extended over more than one province.

COMBINES INVESTIGATION ACT.

The Combines Investigation Act, enacted in 1910, and with the administration of which the Minister of Labour is charged, did not during the year call for active departmental work. It will be remembered that in February, 1911, an order was received by the Minister from the Honourable Mr. Justice Cannon, of Quebec, for the establishment of a Board in the case of the United Shoe Machinery Company, this process being in accordance with the requirements of the statute. A Board was duly established under the chairmanship of the Honourable Mr. Justice Laurendeau, of Montreal. Various judicial proceedings, which are mentioned in the report of proceedings under this Act for the fiscal year 1910-11, prevented the Board proceeding immediately with the investigation ordered, and it was not until November that the Board took up the inquiry, evidence being then taken at the cities of Montreal. Toronto and Quebec. It is understood at the date of writing that the investigation has been closed, but that the findings may not be presented to the Minister until the autumn.

There were no proceedings under the Act during the year with regard to any other case than that of the United Shoe Machinery Company, but the Department was in receipt of much correspondence, largely from the United States, as to the nature of the Act, and so far as possible the information desired was forwarded. A formal statement on the subject is contained in the present report.

SPECIAL DEPARTMENTAL REPORTS OF THE YEAR.

Special departmental reports appearing during the year have related to wholesale prices in Canada and to labour organization in Canada. The Wholesale Prices report for 1911 is a continuation of the inquiry discussed at some length in the annual report of the Department for 1910-11, which drew attention to the intimate bearing of the inquiry on the important question of the cost of living. The inquiry has excited the widest interest, as evidenced particularly by correspondence reaching the Department and by reviews in the newspaper press. The Department has now printed three volumes on wholesale prices, namely: (I) Wholesale Prices in Canada, 1890-1909; (II) Wholesale Prices in Canada, 1910; (III) Wholesale Prices in Canada, 1911. The increased interest in the subject covered by these several reports is perhaps but a natural consequence of the continually increasing cost of the general commodities of life. The commodities included in the departmental inquiry numbered, it will be remembered, 230 in the case of the earlier reports and has been increased in later reports. For the 1911 report the number stood at 261.

The index number, which the Department has been able to maintain as the result of its prices inquiry, and which has been published monthly in the Labour Gazette as part of a monthly article on retail prices, has become a feature of prices reports and is printed regularly by leading journals in Canada, as Sauerbeck's index is printed in English journals. The departmental index number, which stood at 124 for the 261 commodities included in the inquiry for 1910, reached 127.2 for the year 1911. These index numbers, it will be understood, are percentages of the average prices prevailing during the decade 1890-1899, this being the period selected by the Department as the standard of comparison throughout its investigation into wholesale prices. The statement, therefore, is equivalent to saying that wholesale prices were approximately 24 per cent higher in 1910 than in the closing decade of the last century, and that they rose during 1911 to a point over 27 per cent above that basis. An indication less specific than the above, though interesting in its way, of the extent of the rise in prices during 1911 may be obtained by noting that of the articles for which monthly price statistics are published in the present report and in the similar report for 1910, and which are therefore available for immediate comparison, 124 showed an advance during the past year while 67 remained stationary, only 82 showing declines.

The report on labour organization in Canada represented an effort in a different direction. In the report it was aimed at placing before the public in concise and definite form a statement showing details on the subject which had not been previously brought together. This report is of necessity largely statistical in character but includes a general statement as to methods of organization, and considerable general information. As the report shows, the relations as to labour organizations between the United States and Canada are closely interwoven, and the statistics printed include sufficient information bearing on this international aspect of the subject to permit a comprehensive view of the whole. The report was freely and favourably reviewed in the press and many letters have been received from both employers and employees expressing appreciation of the publication. The report becomes incidentally a labour organization directory for the Dominion and it will probably be considered desirable to publish it annually, revised to date

TECHNICAL EDUCATION ROYAL COMMISSION.

The work of the Royal Commission on Industrial Training and Technical Education, appointed in 1910, was discussed in some detail in the departmental report for 1910-11. The general work of inquiry on the part of the Commission was brought to a close about the end of 1911. The Commission had, during the late summer of 1911, returned from Europe and the Commissioners had conferred carefully together as to the report to be presented. The preparation of the report was, after conference with the Minister, referred to Dr. J. W. Robertson, chairman of the Commission, with the assistance of Mr. Thomas Bengough, secretary of the Commission, the Commissioners generally to be called together for conference or other purposes, as occasion might require.

The inquiries of the Commission had been very extensive in character and much information and material had been gathered. The preparation of the report was therefore a task of considerable magnitude. At the close of the financial year it was understood that the report was well in hand, but some time would yet elapse before it could be formally laid before the Minister.

The publication of the Labour Gazette proceeded during the year without a noticeable departure to record. Mention has already been made of the public interest manifested in the index figure or price record now printed monthly in the Labour Gazette. The regular reports printed in the Labour Gazette also of strikes and industrial accidents and its statements on industrial conditions are commonly quoted at length in the daily press.

FAIR WAGES AND INSPECTION WORK.

The work of the Fair Wages branch continues to be of special importance. During the year the officers charged with the work prepared 290 schedules for different Government contracts. This brings to a point well over 2,000 the number of schedules which have been prepared by the Department since the passage of the Fair Wages resolution in 1900. Naturally the majority of the schedules have been prepared at the instance of the Department of Public Works, but other Departments figure in the record of the past year as follows: Railways and Canals, 54: Marine and Fisheries. 41: Militia and Defence, 28: Naval Service, 10; and Interior, 1.

The year has been remarkably light as to grievances arising out of the application of the fair wages principle and a few cases reported have been satisfactorily adjusted.

In some other respects the work of the branch has shown a tendency to marked development. Representations have been received from time to time by the Minister urging that an officer of the Department of Labour charged with the duties of preparing Fair Wages Schedules, &c., should be permanently located in Western Canada. These representations were made on various occasions by the Executive Committee of the Trades and Labour Congress of Canada, which has for many years waited on the Prime Minister and Minister of Labour to present resolutions passed at the annual convention of the Congress held in the mouth of September, and resolutions to the same effect have been passed by various Trades and Labour Councils in Western Canada, copies of which resolutions have been usually forwarded to the Minister. The continued and increasing development of Western Canada has made

n.ore urgent the necessity for action along the lines indicated; moreover, the addition to the duties of the officers in question of certain responsibilities in the nature of inspection of railway construction work, &c., particulars of which are explained lelow, has required a certain reorganization of this branch of the service of the Department. Shortly before the close of the fiscal year 1911-12, therefore, it was decided to transfer to Western Canada one of the officers charged with this work, and Mr. J. D. McNiven, who had for several years performed excellent service as a Fair Wages officer, having had under his special care in this respect Ontario and Western Canada, was recently removed to Vancouver, B.C. This change made necessary the appointment of a new officer to continue throughout Ontario the duties previously performed by Mr. McNiven, and Mr. W. D. Killins was recently appointed. These changes did not come actually into effect during the year 1911-12, but so shortly after its expiration that they are properly mentioned here. Mr. Victor DuBrenil will, as in the past, perform similar work for Quebec and the Maritime Provinces.

This branch of the work of the Department has been much extended during the last year or two. The skill and experience which these officers have acquired in their investigations for the purpose of preparing Fair Wages schedules have frequently enabled them to perform service of marked usefulness to the public by the adjustment of differences between employers and employees; the good offices of the Department have been used on many such occasions without the public having been made generally aware that friction existed. In addition, the natural growth of the Dominion, and particularly the great expansion of Western Canada, has led inevitably to a large growth in government works, and the Fair Wages schedules called for by the various Departments of the Government show a tendency to continual growth, as shown above.

A further matter which may be here conveniently mentioned is one bearing on the increased duties falling on the officers of this branch. On various occasions the Minister of Labour has had representations made to him respecting the severe conditions under which, as it has been alleged, men engaged in railway construction have performed their work. Complaints on the subject have proceeded particularly from labour organizations and from the consuls and vice-consuls of those countries from which come immigrants who have been chiefly employed in this work. It has been explained that it is frequently impossible to procure accurate information, if any information at all, concerning men who are believed to have been employed in certain construction camps and who have fallen ill, or have in some cases become deceased. It has been stated that the possessions of a person deceased have not infrequently been frittered away in ineffective efforts looking to identification of the owner, or have disappeared otherwise.

The difficulty proved on inquiry by the Department to be very real, and one with which, it seemed to the Minister, a practical effort should be made to deal. After a discussion of the matter with the Chairman of the Transcontinental Railway Commission it was arranged that the Department of Labour should frame special regulations for the protection of workmen employed on railroad construction, copies of which were to be supplied to the contractors or sub-contractors controlling any section of work of any railway constructed by the Dominion Government.

Copies of the regulations and forms connected therewith are printed in the present report; the regulations, it will be noted, provide in effect that the employer shall cause the form to be filled out in the case of every employee, with all the information which is thought necessary for the purpose of identification, with names and addresses of relatives or friends, &c.; and in the event of the person concerned falling seriously ill or dying, the form relating to him is to be immediately forwarded to the Department of Labour. The form was prepared on the understanding that trouble of the nature indicated will arise chiefly in the case of immigrants of recent arrival and not well conversant with English; and when the person concerned comes from a country which is represented by consuls in Canada, the Department of Labour will immediately forward to the consular office concerned the information which has been reported. Where, however, the information shows the person ill or deceased, no matter of what nationality, to have relatives or friends in Canada whose addresses are clearly given, then the Department of Labour will communicate the information received to the parties interested.

These forms have been on application distributed in large numbers to the contractors and sub-contractors along the construction camps of the Transcontinental railroad, the Department of Labour having received the largest measure of assistance from the authorities of the Transcontinental Railway Commission. At present the regulations, &c., apply only to railway construction work performed for the Government of Canada, but it is thought the advantage to both contractors and workmen will be such that it may become possible late to extend the system to other construction work.

It should be added that the officers of the Department of Labour will be required to visit from time to time the chief points of railway constructions, with a view to reporting generally on conditions prevailing in the camps; also to inquire specially into the working of the regulations in question.

SPECIAL INQUIRIES UNDER WAY.

During the year much effective work was done on an inquiry into wages, the report resulting from which, it is believed, will be of the highest value to the public. The two questions of cost of living and rates of wages are intimately related and the inquiries which the Department is conducting on the two topics are proceeding side by side. The reports will be companion volumes and will be mutually helpful in throwing light on the somewhat intricate subjects dealt with in their pages respectively. The Department has already necessarily accumulated much information as to rates of wages but had not previously found it possible to undertake the collection from each important centre in the Dominion of wages rates in all lines of industry. The Department is endeavouring, moreover, to carry the inquiry back for a decade so that it may establish a basis for further comparison as in the case of the wholesale prices inquiry.

A further important report now well under way and which may be ready for publication during the coming summer is one showing the strikes of a decade in Can-

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

ada. The decade concerned is that for 1901-10. The information needed for this report has been collected from month to month during the decade in question for the purposes of the Labour Gazette and for the furtherance of the work of the Department in so far as the latter has touched the settlement of disputes. By bringing together the figures for this period it will be possible to present the precise situation of Canada in this respect and permit apt comparisons with other countries printing similar reports, points on which the Department is frequently requested to furnish statements.

I have the honour to be,

Sir.

Your obedient servant,

F. A. Acland, Deputy Minister of Labour.

I.—THE LABOUR GAZETTE.

Previous issues of the present report have described in detail the work of the Department in connection with the issuing of the Labour Gazette, the official monthly journal of the Department. It will be unnecessary to repeat the reference to this work, which during the past year was carried out on very much the same lines as previously.

The Labour Gazette is issued each month in both French and English. Its regular features are a monthly article on industrial and labour conditions for the Dominion as a whole, and in the more important industrial centres; a monthly statistical record of trade disputes in existence throughout the Dominion; a monthly statistical record of industrial accidents; a monthly reprint of immigration colonization statistics; a quarterly record of changes in wages hours of labour; a monthly statement of the proceedings under the In-Justrial Disputes Investigation Act; annual reviews of legislation affecting labour passed by the Dominion Parliament and by the legislatures of the several provinces; annual reviews of building operations; labour organization, and industrial disputes, &c.; annual reports of conventions of important labour and industrial bodies; a record of industrial agreements; and generally a current review of industrial conditions touching on such subjects as technical education, welfare work, conservation, public health, co-operation, profit-sharing, benefit associations, &c., &c. A reproduction monthly of the various fair-wage schedules inserted in Government contracts, reviews of the more important blue-books and official reports received by the Department. and a monthly account of legal decisions affecting labour throughout Canada, are also given, and a highly important feature also is a monthly statistical statement as to the course of prices. The last mentioned feature has been enlarged during the past year by the addition of a monthly summary of the course of wholesale prices, the Department's record of wholesale prices having previously been published only annually, while the record in the Labour Gazette previously was limited to a monthly table of retail prices in the various cities. In general terms, the Labour Gazette contains, as will be seen, information in so far as space permits, on all matters of special importance in the world of industry and labour, the information being gathered as before from a variety of sources, more particularly from the official correspondents of the Department resident in each centre of over 10,000 inhabitants

II.—COMBINES INVESTIGATION ACT.

The Minister of Labour is charged with the administration of the Combines Investigation Act, a measure which received the royal assent on May 4, 1910. Briefly, the object of the Act is to place at the disposal of the people a readier and, it is believed, a more effective means than had been available in Canada of disclosing and of remedying the abuses of combines which may be formed, whether as corporations, monopolies, trusts or mergers, or in the looser forms of agreements, understandings, or arrangements, for the purpose of unduly enhancing prices or of restricting competition to the detriment of consumers or producers.

The Department received much correspondence during the year from persons who had become interested in the new statute. Publicists in the United States, interested in following the legislation in various countries on this subject, were particularly desirous of receiving details of the operation of the Canadian Act. The Act, it will be remembered, provides that a board may be established on the order of a Superior Court judge after a preliminary inquiry under stated conditions. The first order directing the establishment of a board was received in the Department on February 27, 1911, and a Board of Investigation was on that date established by the Minister of Labour. The order was issued by the Honourable Mr. Justice Cannon of the Superior Court, Quebec, under date of February 25, 1911, and related to an alleged combine on the part of the United Shoe Machinery Company of Canada in respect of the manufacture and sale of boot and shoe-making machinery; the original application under the Combines Investigation Act for the establishment of a Board of Investigation was made before Judge Cannon at Quebec, on November 10, 1910.

The establishment of the Board was completed on March 16 by the appointment of a chairman, and was composed as follows, namely: the Honourable Mr. Justice Charles Laurendeau, of the Superior Court, Montreal, chairman; Mr. William J. White, K.C., Montreal, appointed on the recommendations of the persons named in the judge's order as being concerned in the alleged combine; and Mr. Joseph C. Walsh. journalist, appointed on the recommendation of the applicants concerned in the matter. Judge Laurendeau was appointed on the joint recommendation of Messrs. White and Walsh.

In the meantime certain procedure had taken place looking to an appeal against the establishment of a Board of Investigation. On March 1, the Minister of Labour received a certified copy of an inscription in appeal against Judge Cannon's order on various grounds, and generally to the effect that Judge Cannon had not been competent to grant such order.

The Minister of Labour requested the Department of Justice to take all such steps as might be possible to permit the Board to proceed with the investigation ordered, and the Department of Justice is understood to have taken such action accordingly.

On March 21 the Board held a preliminary meeting for organization.

On March 22, pending the hearing and decision of the Court of Appeal, a petition was filed on behalf of the United Shoe Machinery Company for the issue of a writ of prohibition, enjoining the Board of Investigation from proceeding with the investigation ordered. The case was argued on March 23, before Mr. Justice Bruneau, and on April 1, a judgment was given permitting the issue of a writ prohibiting proceedings by the Board until June 15.

The appeal in question was considered by the Court of Appeals during the first week of May. A motion was made on May 5, before the court, for the dismissal of of the appeal. This motion was granted by the court on May 16, the court holding that an order made, under the Combines Investigation Act, was not subject to appeal. The Department was informed that it was the intention of the United Shoe Machinery Company to apply to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council for leave to appeal from the decision of the Court of Appeals of Quebec. In connection therewith, steps were taken by the Department of Justice to oppose the granting of the application in question.

COURT OF APPEALS DECISION.

The reasons for the judgment of the Court of Appeals of May 16, above referred to, were given by the Honourable Mr. Justice Cross, as follows:—

"COURT OF KING'S BENCH (IN APPEAL); UNITED SHOE MACHINERY COMPANY, APPELLANT;
AND DROUIN ET AL, RESPONDENTS; CROSS—JUDGE.

"This is a motion to quash the appeal. It is made on behalf of the persons who are named as respondents, and substantially on the grounds that the so-called judgment is not a judgment of court in any action or matter pending between the appellant and themselves, and in any event is not a judgment from which an appeal to this court is competent.

"The order appealed from is an order of a judge of the Superior Court directing an investigation under the Combines Investigation Act (9-10 Ed. VII., chap. 9, Canada). An investigation such as that Act provides for is not entered upon without having been directed by an order of a judge. It has been so directed, and the present appellant, having been named in the statement accompanying the application for the order as being one of six persons or companies believed to be concerned in the alleged combine, has brought up this appeal from the order, as if it were a party defendant, against the respondents who made the application under section 5 of the Act, as if they were parties plaintiff.

"The order in question is one, the original of which is not required by section. Sof the Act to be transmitted to the Registrar of Boards of Investigation—an officer of the Department of Labour of the Government—thereafter to be access of on by the Minister of Labour. The prothonotary of the Superior Court—who appears to have acted as a clerk to the judge—has nevertheless sent up to us upon this appeal a copy of the order, as if it were a record in that Court instead of in the Department of Labour. The order papers which the judge had before him have also been sent up to us, apparently by courtesy of the Minister of Labour.

"I consider that the order from which it is sought to appeal is not properly speaking a judgment of a court or judge. It does not decide any matter in issue between parties or make any adjudication against anybody, but nearly has the effect of opening the door to the investigation provided for in the Act.

'It is of the nature of those judicial acts referred to in the treatise of Poncet 'Des jugements' at No. 6 where the writer says: 'Cela posé, le bon sens nous fait voir avec la même certitude que les actes 'inobligatoires' ou simples ne peuvent mériter la qualification propre de 'jugements,' car qui dit 'jugement' dit la fixation des rapports qui ont existé ou doivent exister entre les parties et la déclaration des droits que ces rapports ont produits ou doivent produire entre elles; en d'autres termes, on ne peut donner à un acte judiciaire de magistrature le nom caractéristique de 'jugement,' qu'autant qu'il en résulte une action à l'une des parties contre l'autre,''

To guard against ill-considered or meddlesome procedure, the Act has provided the requirement that an investigation shall be entered upon only after a judge who 36-2

has heard the applicants has become satisfied that there is reasonable ground for it and has ordered it.

"It has been pointed out for the appellant that there is no declaration in the Act, that such an order shall be final and without appeal, such as is sometimes introduced into Acts which treat of the Proceedings of Executive Government, and it is argued that as the order is that a judge of the Superior Court, article 72 of the Code of Procedure applies and establishes the right of appeal. But from what has been said it is clear that the order here in question is not one of those decisions mentioned in article 72, but properly speaking is not a decision at all.

"It is to be remembered that the authority upon which the judge acted is that conferred by the Act which is a Dominion Statute. By section 3 the Minister of Labour is given the 'gener ladministration' of the Act. The action which he can take is to be taken by virtue of there having been transmitted to his Department an order of a judge of the Superior Court—he need not act upon the order of any other Court.

"Where actions are about to be instituted or are pending there are numerous instances of judges' orders upon such incidents as permitting a married woman to plead, granting leave to sue 'in forma pauperis,' fixing security, ordering the breaking open of doors, &c., which are not treated as judgments' or 'decisions' either interlocutory or final.

"We recently held at Montreal, in Donaldson vs. Defoy, that a judge's leave to an applicant to proceed under the Employer's Liability Act was mere 'ordonnace préparatoire' and not a judgment from which an appeal lay 'de plano.'

"In France, it has always been recognized, in determining the question of the existence or non existence of the right of appeal, that a distinction was to be made between mere orders regulating procedure (jugements préparatoires) and interlocutory judgments (jugements interlocutoires).

"The former were not considered to be judgments properly so-called and there was no right of appeal from them, whereas from interlocutory judgments there was a right of appeal. The difficulty frequently experienced in deciding whether particular orders were to be considered of the one kind or of the other was what led to the enactment of the rules contained in article 452 of the Code of Procedure of France.

"This fact makes it manifest that there are orders of a judge which are not to be regarded as judgments or decisions of a nature to be subject to appeal. Reference may be made to what is said in the matter in Dalloz, Rep. Verbo 'judgment' at Nos. 706 to 722, and in the same work, Verbis 'jugements d'avoir dire droit,' Nos. 24 and 58, where many illustrations are given; and to Fuzier-Hermann, Rep. Vo. 'judgment,' Nos. 3173 and 3174.

"The cases cited in the treatises just referred to relate in general to incidents of pending suits. It is, however, to be remembered that here there is no pending suit.

"If action is to be taken upon the order, it will be taken before quite another person, to be selected by the Executive Government. The order in question is consequently more of the nature of a 'fiat' of the Attorney General, or of a justice's act in 'backing' a warrant or any of those cases in which a judge is called upon to do an act in virtue of some Act of Parliament and which does not relate to the judicial determination of some right.

'It would not be successfully contended that a warrant of arrest was bad because the magistrate did not hear the person against whom it was directed before deciding to issue it.

"From such acts of a judge, there is, generally speaking, no right of appeal to an appellate court or in fact to any court of law except as may be specially given by apt exactment.

"Under a different system of law, there would be ground for saying that, in making the order here in question, the judge acted administratively, as the licensing justices in Lord Mayor and of Leeds vs. Ryder (1907), A.C. 420, were considered to have acted in granting renewal of certain liquor licenses.

"But, in applying our law of pleading and procedure to this matter, it is unnecessary to decide whether the judge in making this order acted judicially or administratively.

"The judge of the Superior Court is clearly designated as being the person why is to grant or refuse the order. Having made that designation, the Act straightway thereupon provides that the order itself and the related papers shall be transmitted to a department of the Executive Government there to be acted upon as the Act authorizes. That is a statutory scheme which is repugnant to the idea that another court can act in appeal from the order of the judge designated in the Act. His action is like that of a judge in making a recount of votes under the Election Act.

"The right of appeal is a substantive right and its existence, if it has any, should be clear.

"I not only cannot find that there is any clear right of appeal, but having regard to the special nature of the subject of this Act—as it was held appropriate to do in respect of the Election Act in Theberge & Landry and Moses & Parker—I consider that there is a clear legislative intent that there shall be no such right of appeal as is here sought to be exercised.

"The persons who are made to figure as respondents upon this appeal, appear to have done nothing else than to make the application provided for by the preliminary part of the Act. That did not have the effect of raising an issue between themselves and this appellant. I conclude that there is no pending suit, no judgment, no parties in issue and no appeal. In fact it cannot be said with certitude that we have any proper evidence of the existence of this order, because the prothonotary who has certified the copy which has been sent up to us was not custodian of the original of it.

"In view of what has been said it is apparent that the appellant's motion for a certification to the prothonotary of the Superior Court to add a document to the record is unfounded. The custody of such documents is not in the Superior Court but is assigned to the registrar named in the Act. We cannot order the prothonotary to send up papers which are in Government custody. Besides, in view of the tender of the document made at the hearing of the motion before us the appellant's objection ceases to have any effect.

"A few words may be added in reference to the argument made on behalf of the appellant to the effect that, though section 6 of the Act provided for hearing the application only and not an adverse party or a party supposed to be adverse, it was nevertheless a fundamental common law right of any party, who might be affected by a decision, to be heard, and that the appellant had therefore a legal right to defend itself and to be heard even though the Act does not say so. With the proposition stated in these general terms no fault is to be found. In the quite recent case of the Board of Education vs. Rice, 27 T.L.R. 378, it appeared that a statutory duty rested upon the Board of Education to decide 'questions' respecting administration of the Education Act and upon an action by way of 'mandamus' to enforce the decision of such a 'question,' in the opinion expressed in the House of Lords it was said in relation to this duty of the Board: 'It will, I suppose, usually be of an administrative kind: but sometimes it will involve matter of law as well as matter of fact or even depend upon matter of law alone. In such cases the Board of Education will have to ascertain the law and also to ascertain the facts. I need not add that in doing either they must act in good faith and fairly listen to both sides, for that is a duty lying upon every one who decides anything?

"But the proceeding before us is not in the nature of a demand to have any judicial or public authority commanded to hear the appellant or to perform any other statutory duty. What the judge purports to have done in this matter can indeed le seeen to come within the next following observation of the Lord Chancellor in the case just cited which is: 'But I do not think they are bound to treat such a question as though it were a trial.'

"However well founded it may be as a proposition of law, the argument does not help the appellant on the question now before us, and I refer to it now merely

to show that it has not been overlooked.

"The existence of a duty to hear before deciding does not of itself impress upon the decision the character of a judgment, and it is scarcely necessary to add that if it were established that this order was bad in law that would not make the matter an appealable one.

"Upon the whole, I would quash the appeal at the instance of the persons named as respondents other than Brunet who withdrew from the proceedings at the hearing.

"It appears to me that the persons named as respondents might appropriately have ignored the appeal as being a matter to which they were not properly parties, but, as it constitutes a sort of a menace of trouble to them, they have an interest sufficient to justify the motion.

"We are unanimous in the opinion that there is no right of appeal to this court

in this matter."

FURTHER APPEAL PROCEEDINGS DISALLOWED.

At the request of the Minister of Labour the Department of Justice continued to use efforts to remove all impediments to the investigation originally ordered by Judge Cannon, and the Deputy Minister of Justice proceeded to England to oppose the application of counsel representing the United Shoe Machinery Company for leave to appeal to the Privy Council. On July 12 the Department was informed that the application for leave to appeal to the Privy Council had been refused. Under these circumstances the writ of prohibition effective until September 15 now alone restrained the Board from proceeding with the investigation under the order of Judge Cannon. It is understood that the grounds on which special leave to appeal was asked were as follows, namely:—

- (1) That the Combines Investigation Act is a recent Act, founded on novel principles, and the inquiry in connection with the United Shoe Machinery Company of Canada was the first investigation held under the Act, and it is of great importance that the general principles on which the Act is to be interpreted and administered should be decisively settled.
- (2) That such an investigation throws a heavy burden on the persons accused of being concerned in a combine; and the methods and details of their business would be exposed to hostile competitors; and that the issue of an order for an investigation appears to remove the matter from judicial check and to place the persons involved in the hands of administrative departments.

(3) That the most crucial question arising under the Act is whether an order for an investigation is subject to appeal.

- (4) That the reasons given by Mr. Justice Cross attach too little importance to the consideration that an order for an investigation under the Act is a final judicial Act involving important modifications of the ordinary civil rights of Canadian traders by subjecting these rights to curtailment by administrative departments.
- (5) That the injury suffered by the petitioners by an investigation, no matter what the result might be, would far exceed the amount ordinarily justifying an appeal to the Privy Council.

So far as the Department is informed, no reasons were given for the refusal to grant leave to appeal, the Lords of the council merely stating that they would not advise His Majesty to grant such leave.

THE INVESTIGATION PROCEEDS.

The investigation before the Board commenced on November 17, and sessions of the Board were subsequently held in the cities of Montreal, Toronto, and Quebec, evidence being taken from numerous persons. The final session of the Board is understood to have been held on March 28, 1912. Argument by counsel for the respective parties was heard during May. Shortly before the date of writing, the Department received word from the Chairman of the Board stating that owing to the fact that one member of the Board had been compelled to go to England for the summer, it would not be possible to bring the proceedings to a formal close until the autumn months when, no doubt, the report will be laid before the Minister.

The Department had no part in any proceedings taken during the year with reference to any other combine or alleged combine, and had not been informed of any application made under the terms of the statute for the establishment of a Board of Investigation.

III.—WORK OF THE FAIR WAGES BRANCH OF THE DEPARTMENT— RAILWAY INSPECTION DUTIES.

The work of the Fair Wages Branch of the Department has proceeded along the usual lines, showing, however, evidences of considerable expansion, in keeping with the general progress of the Dominion and growth of population. The officers charged with the work of preparing Fair Wages Schedules prepared during the year 290 schedules for insertion in different Government contracts, thus bringing to a figure well over 2,000 the number of schedules of this nature which have been prepared by the Department since the Fair Wages Resolution was passed by the House of Commons in 1900. The schedules have been distributed among the various Departments of Government as follows, namely: Public Works, 156; Railways and Canals, 54; Marine and Fisheries, 41; Militia and Defence, 28; Naval Service, 10; Interior, 1.

Towards the close of the financial year it becames evident that the increased work pertaining to Fair Wages Schedules and additional duties which fall naturally to officers who had been charged with the same might require a certain reorganization or expansion of this branch of Departmental service. While no changes took place within the fiscal year it will not be out of place here briefly to record what has occurred since the close of the fiscal year and before date of writing. Representations have been frequently made to the Minister as to the desirability of having located permanently in Western Canada one of the Departmental officers associated with the Fair Wages work. The growth and activity of Western Canada have made action along this line yet more desirable, and shortly before the close of the fiscal year the Minister decided that Mr. J. D. McNiven should be given headquarters at Vancouver, there to undertake necessary work for the Department, including the preparation of Fair Wages Schedules and other necessary duties. Mr. McNiven had for several years performed the duties of Fair Wages Officer. Mr. McNiven left for Vancouver early in May. This change made necessary the appointment of a new officer, and Mr. W. D. Killins was appointed to perform throughout Ontario the duties which had been previously performed by Mr. McNiven, Mr. Victor DuBreuil continues to perform the duties of this branch of the service for Quebec and the Maritime Provinces.

Duties of inspection have frequently fallen to the Fair Wages officers as a result of inquiries which have been made into grievances laid before the Department, and the duties of inspection have now been placed more definitely on these officers. The Minister has on various occasions received representations as to the alleged severity of conditions attaching to the labour of men engaged in railway construction. Such representations have proceeded sometimes from labour organizations and sometimes from consular representatives in Canada of those countries from which Canada receives immigrants who are chiefly employed in this work. After careful consideration and inquiry and in consultation with the President of the Transcontinental Railway Commission, it was decided that the Department of Labour should frame special regulations for the protection, as to certain matters, of workmen employed on railway construction, copies of such regulations to be supplied to the contractors or sub-contractors controlling the work of any section of any railway constructed by the Dominion Government. The regulations provide in effect that the employer shall cause the form connected therewith to be filled out in the case of every em-

ployee with the information thought necessary for the purpose of identification, &c., and in the event of the person concerned falling seriously ill or dying, the form relating to him to be immediately forwarded to the Department of Labour. The regulations and form were prepared on the understanding that trouble of the nature above indicated will arise chiefly as to immigrants of recent arrival and unable to speak English; when the person concerned comes from a country represented by Consuls in Canada the Department will immediately forward to the Consular office any information which has been reported. Where, however, the information shows the person ill or deceased, no matter of what nationality, to have relatives or friends in Canada whose addresses are clearly given, then the Department of Labour will communicate the information received to the persons indicated.

These forms have been, on application, distributed in large numbers to contractors and sub-contractors in the construction camps of the Transcontinental Railway, the Department of Labour receiving the largest measure of assistance in these matters from the authorities of the Transcontinental Railway. The officers of the Department of Labour will be required to visit from time to time the chief points of railway construction with a view to reporting generally on conditions prevailing in the camps, also to inquire specially into the working of the regulations in question.

TEXT OF REGULATIONS.

The regulations governing these matters and the identification form dependent upon the regulations are here printed:—

Special regulations of the Department of Labour for the protection of workmen employed in railway construction.

The following regulations of the Department of Labour shall be observed on all railway construction work which is performed for the Government of Canada:

- 1. All contractors, sub-contractors or other employers (all superintendents or foremen in cases where work is carried on by day labour) shall be required to take down and keep a careful record of the full names of all men employed (if possible on a printed form,* copies of which may be had on application to the Department of Labour), their nationality, place of birth, age, latest local address in Canada, and home address, if any, elsewhere; also the name and address of their nearest relative or representative to be communicated with in case of death, serious accident or illness.
- 2. The books or documents containing such record shall be open for inspection by any officer of the Department of Labour at any time it may be expedient to the Department of Labour to have the same inspected.
- 3. In the case of the death or serious illness of, or any serious accident to any workman, the employer (or superintendent or foreman, as the case may be), shall at once make an inventory of the man's effects, ascertain the amount of money due him for work or otherwise, and forward a statement of the same to the Department of Labour in Ottawa, along with (a) the record above mentioned, showing the workman's full name, nationality, place of birth, age, local address in Canada, and home address, if any, elsewhere, and the name and address of the workman's nearest relative or representative who should be communicated with; and (b) particulars of such accident, illness, or death, as the case may be.

^{*}The form for use by contractors, sub-contractors or others in the keeping of such record is printed on the reverse side of this sheet.

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Identification Form.

NAMES, ADDRESSES, ETC., OF WORKMEN EMPLOYED IN RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION WORK.

(To be forwarded to the Department of Labour, Ottawa, in case of death, serious accident or illness, along with an inventory of the workman's effects and a statement of the amount of money due him for work or otherwise.)

Name of contractor or sub-contractor, firm or company by whom the workman i	S
employed	۰
Workman's full name.	
Date employed	
Nationality	
Place of birth	٠
Full address in Canada	
Full home address, if any, elsewhere	
Full name of relative or representative to be communicated with in case of illness	3,
accident or death	
Full address of such relative or representative	
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Signature of employee as to correctness of information above given.	

TABLES RELATING TO FAIR WAGES SCHEDULES.

The following tables relate to Fair Wages Schedules prepared by the officers of the Department during the fiscal year 1911-12, also during previous years, and show the various departments controlling the contracts concerned and the locality and value of the contract.

Schedules by Provinces.

TABLE SHOWING BY PROVINCES THE "FAIR WAGES" SCHEDCLES PREPARED-1911-12.

Department of Government.	Nova Scotia.	New Brunswick.	Prince Edward Island.	Quebec.	Ontario.	Manitoba.	Saskatche- wan and Alberta.	British Columbia.	Yukon.	Total.
Public Works	31 18 16 1	19 10 5 	5 3	27 7 5 5 	51 15 6 16 5 	4	9 1 6	10 9 1 4 1 		156 54 41 28 10 1

Fair Wages Schedules-1900-12.

SCHEDULES PREPARED, COVERING PERIOD FROM JULY 1900 TO MARCH 1912, INCLUSIVE.

Department of.	1900 1	1901 2	1902 3	1903 4	1904–5	1905 6	1906 7	1907-8	1908-9	1909 10	1910-111	1911-12	Grand Total.
Public Works Railways and Canals Marine and Fisheries Other Departments Total		17	50 12 		153 21 2	41 95 8 3 147	$ \begin{array}{r} 53 \\ 84 \\ 10 \\ 3 \\ \hline 150 \end{array} $	93 23 11	$ \begin{array}{r} 125 \\ 163 \\ 18 \\ 14 \\ \hline 320 \end{array} $	79 14 12	48 14 23	156 54 41 39 290	978 969 196 107 2,190

FAIR WAGES SCHEDULES PREPARED FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, 1911-1912 WITH NAME OF LOCALE WAGENED, &c.

Amount of Fair Wages Schutzact. Contract. Published.	\$ cts. Vol. Page. 4,600 00 XII 773 5,895 00 XII 379 22,475 00 XII 379 22,475 00 XII 379 22,475 00 XII 177 22,475 00 XII 177 23,900 00 XII 695 7,602 50 XII 697 25,700 00 XII 697 25,500 00 XII 579 26,500 00 XII 500 6,500 00 XII 381 6,500 00 XII 1094 6,500 00 XII 1094	23,895 00 XII 699 210,376 00 XII 773
at h iles od Date of Contract. our.		9. March 22 10. No contract. 11. Dec. 20 17. ". 30.
Date at which schedules supplied by Department of Labour.	April Nay Aune Judy	
Locality.	French River, N.S. Negnoc, N.B. Grandigne, N.B. Kingston, Ont. Beaumaris, Ont. Beaumaris, Ont. Seaforth, Out. Neaforth, Out. Meaford, Ont. Brooklyn, N.S. Fenie, B.C. St. John West, N.B. Calgary, Alta Cutawa, Ont. Ottawa, Ont. Parrishoro, N.S. Ottawa, Ont. Parrishoro, N.S. Ottawa, Ont. Parrishoro, N.S. Ottawa, Ont. Parrishoro, N.S. Ottawa, Ont. Barodynille, Que. Rodhjan Bridge, Que. Nood Islands, P.E.I. Brookville, Ont. Levis, Que. Naufrage Pond, P.E.I. Brookville, Ont. Levis, Que.	Kingston, Ont. Simeaville N.S. Edmonton, Alta. Thombury, Ont.
Nature of Work.		Dormitory at Koyal Military College Cribwork extension to breakwater Pile wharf. Crib and concrete breakwater.

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yet pub.	493 1094 698 695 1195 775	493 1196 1197	1195	1194	639 706	1096	772 1095
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18 No contract	88888	Hala a a a	12 Jan. 13. 12 No contract. 12 Nay 1 12 Jan. 12 13 No contract.		14. Oct. 9" 15. No contract. 15. Dec. 21. 15 20	No contract April 3 No contract "	26. " 26. " 26. No contract. 29. Mar. 29.
Savard Park, Quebec, Que. Feltzen, N.S. Keltys Cove, N.S. Goosebury Cove, N.B. Moosejaw, Sask.		Sarma, Ont. Kingston, Ont. " Anse au Canard, Une. Cape Cove., Que. Grand Manan, N.B.	Grosse Isle, Que St. Valier, Que St. George de Malbaie, Que Elmoushi, Que St. Joseph, N.S. Pleasant IIIl Road, N.B.	Kiversule, N.B. Surf Inde, B.C. Stewart, B.C. Needles, B.C.	Doswell, D.C. Weyburn, Sask, Petit Cap, Que L'Assomption, Que Grand River, P.E.I.	Kincardine, Ont. Windson, Ont. Meaford, Ont. Red Bay, Ont. Three Rivers, Que Foureful, N.S. Port Hood, N.S.	Long Fout, N.S. Marba Monntain, N.S. Nev Listeeard, Out. Cache Bay, Out. Petewawa, Out.
Immigrant detention and reception building. Cribwork breakwater Cribwork extension to breakwater Cribwork wharf and excavation.	Crib and pilework whart with stone approach Pilework wharf Inmigration building Cribwork breakwater Crib and pile landing wharf.	Almoury Chechwork and concerte reconstruction of wharf, Cribwork breakwater Cribwork wharf Cribwork training pier Cribwork breakwater	Cribwork wharf.	CHOWOTK and concrete what	Public building Cribwork breakwater File and concrete ice pier File sund concrete ice pier File sund concrete extension to breakwater and	dredging Cribwork and concrete extension to breakwater and dredging Cribwork wharf Public building Pile and cribwork extension Cribwork breakwater	Critowork extension to wharf and warehouse Friework wharf Filework breakwater Filework wharf

FAIR WAGES SCHEDULES PREPARED FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, 1911-1912, WITH NAME OF LOCALITY CONCERNED, &c.—Continued.

Issue of Indoor Gazette in which Pair Wago schedule was published.	Vol. Page. NII 907 NII 1195 NII 1195 NII 1195	F2 11N	XII 1,196	761'T IIN
Amount of Contract.	21,350 00 13,800 00 21,80 00 38,100 00 5,386 00 11,80 00	9,910 00	11,731 00	19,795 on
Date of Contract.	April 10 Jan. 29 Jan. 29 No contract April 30 March 18 No pril 26 No contract	No contract. 1	6	3. April 3
Date at which schedules supplied by Department of Labour.	Aug. 200		,,,,,	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Locality.		Jamesville, N.S. Meal Cove, N.S. Rousa Breek, N.S. Charles Forests Cove, N.S. Beanmont, N.B. Aspy Eay, Dinghall, N.S. Gindi, Man Surnia, Out. Kront Point, N.S. Shedder Island, N.S. Chefreen Point, N.S.		St. Godfrey, Que. Cheeley, Ont. Lion Head, Ont. Baytield, N.B. Fredericton, N.B. Cape Dauphin, N.S. Point Aconi, N.S.
Nature of Work,	Pilework jetty Public building Puble and concrete ice pier Cribwork wharf Filling Cribwork wherf Filling Cribwork wherf Cribwork pier Cribwork pre-	The and enhanch breakwater Cribwork wharf Filework wharf Filework wharf Cribwork winnf Opening channel and protection work Pilework wherf and shelter basin Filework wharf Cribwork wharf Cribwork wharf Cribwork wharf Cribwork wharf Cribwork wharf	Extension to breakwater Cribwork extension to wharf. Gribwork and concrete wharf. Filework wharf Cribwork breakwater. Completion of stone slopes Gribwork and concrete breakwater.	Extension to wharf Public building Pathic buil

14,500 00 XII 1,096 11,40 00 XII 1,097	265,000 00 XII 1,196		700,1 J. 100 713,17		7,260 00 XII 1,195	11,968 60 X11 1,196	21,500 00 5,760 00 1,240 00
Red River, Man. 18	Dre. 4 No co	===	Grand Mechins, Que	Cap Chat, Out. Karnia, Ont. Kingston, Ont. Salvin as Boove.	2 188		Jan. 26 June 1
Concrete and piling approaches Alterntions to public building (Thuchork wharf and dreedging to wharf Pilework breakwater with stone and cancrete approach Shult Ste. Marie, Ont. Pilework breakwater with stone and carth approach Shult Ste. Marie, Ont. Work shop: Work shop: Work shop: Work shop: Work shop: Work shop: Addition to cribwork wharf with dredging for Cap Ste. I grace, Que. Victorial Harbour, Man. Crap Ste. I grace, Ont. Victorial Larbour, Ont. Victorial Larbour, Ont. Addition to fred testing station and concentrating Ottawa, Ont. Detallings for Mines Dependencet. Ottawa, Ont. Ottawa, Ont.	Cribwork and concrete extension to breakwater and dredging Public building Chesley, Ont Chesley, Ont Lloydminster, Sask	Azimuth and stellar camera buildings for Dominion Ottawa, Ont Astronomical Observatory. Armony Opening N. harbour with cribwork protection piers Aspy Bay, N.B.	vice bridge		Extension to breakwater. Cordetic Survey office, stellar camera building, and two azimuth mark furs for Dom. Observatory. Cribwork breakwater. Cribwork breakwater. East Cherzecterok, N. Chamming warehouse. Color of the co		Pile wharf Detention hospital Nurses cottage. Laboratory building.

FAIR WAGES SCHEDULES PREFARED FOR THE DEPAREMENT OF RAILWAYS AND CANALS, 1911-12, WITH NAME OF LOCALITY CONCERNED, &c.

lasne of Imbour duzette in which Fair Wages schedule was published.	Vol. Page.	NII 962 NII 966	NNII 965 NII 1955 NII 3853		178 178 188		X11 383	NII 908	NII 266 NII 178		3		NII 266	Not published.	NII 1098	ot published.
Amount of	% Cts.	71,500 00	4,616 40 23,500 00 15,166 00	Schedule rates	Schedule rates .		20,184 00 130 770 and	24	3,998 00 1,85 per 2,000 lbs.	1.519 00	23,175 00 8,997 00		Schedulo rates		24,838 e0	\$0.36½ per cu. yd. Not published
Date of Contract.	Anel 94 June 30	26 " 17 5 Aug. 17	Oct. 26. Sept. 2	Aug. 8	July 20	Work abundoned.	Aug. 25	Contractnotexecuted	Ang. 4.	Contractnotexecuted Sept. 15	Oct. 3	Contractnotexecuted Work abandoned.	Aug. 28	Ang. 22	April 9. Contractionesecuted	14 Sept. 29
Date at which schedules supplied by Department of Labour.	16.	May 5	13 Oct.	.: 98	£ £	# R	31	- oc	∞ <u>9</u>	: :	30	50	: :	9		" I4
Locality.		Campbellton, N.B. Moncton, N.B.	Cornwall, Ont Stellarton, N.S. Mulgrave, N.S.	Port Colborne, Ont.	Sault Ste. Marie Canal, Ont. Dartmouth to Deans, N.S.		Fredericton, N.B.		Campbellford, Out. Hungry Bay Dyke, Lake St. Francis, Oue.	Campbellton, N.B.	Halifax, N.S. Sunmerside, P.E.	Campbellton, N.B. Freut Ganal, Out	Soulanges Canal, Ont. Truro, N.S	. West side Chambly Canal, Que	Truro, N.S., College Bridge, N.B.	
Nature of Work	Erection of strauss basenle bridge ever Trent, Canal Canabellford, Ont	Passenger station and platform. Addition to LC.R. office building. Erection of machine shor for Ontario - St. Lawrenge	Ganals. Addition to I.G.R. engine house. Erection of station on I.G.R.	Excavation in Welland Canal and extension of mooring dock	Extension to north mooring pier at upper entrance. Line of railway		:	Lookmaster's residence,	Stoel highway draw-bridge, Lock 12, Section 4, Ontario – Rice Lake Div., Trent Ganal Supply of crushed stone for macadamizing road	Sand houses on I.C.R	Preight shed on quay wall and extension to wharf	Rest room for enginemen, I.C.R. Lock gates, Holland River Division.	Protection works at upper entrance	Supply of crushed stone for macad unizing road	Freight shed on I.C.R. Station on I.C.R.	Canal

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 36

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15	15 Oct. 19 Sept.	2556	951-2		F - F		: :	267
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Lourdes, N.S	St. Pierre aux Liens, Que. Murray Canal, Ont		St. Peter's Canal, N.S. Halifax, N.S. R. Hampton Village, N.B.		\	Amberst, N.S. Nov. Mansonlle, Que., to Interhal Boundary.	general offices. Moncton, N.B.	Ve, pier or wharf Canning, N.S. Centreville to Weston, N.S.
Station on LC.R. Substructure for stranss baseule bridge. Lacture	Canal Supply and operation of dredging plant Line of railway, Sault Ste. Marie to a moint on C	R. between White Raver and Dalton Stations. Portion of Hudson Eay Railway, Jaine of railway	Canal improvements. Pier and shed at Deep Water Terminal, L.C.R. Cut-off line and freight terminal yard and spur line.	Line of railway, Lake Superior towards C.P.R. Superstructure of bridge, Lachine Canal. Removal of naturial intended for use in old Onebox	bridge Brick freight shed on LC.R. Line of railway. Enlywys station	Station and freight sheds Tremanent pavement on Station Street Annherst, N.S. Mannent pavement on Station Street Annherst, N.S. Mannent pavement pavement on Station Street Annherst, N.S. Team, wayon and temps of the street of the str	Bridge over Ridean Ganal. Renting system, new wing, 1-C. R. general offices. Work on approaches to 2nd Concession and Yong Street bridges, Sec. 2. Holland River Division.	ov.

* Not exceeding \$6,400 per mile.

FAIR WAGES SCHEDULES PREPARED FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES, 1911-12, WITH NAMES OF LOCALITY CONCERNED, &c.

lssne of Ludour Gazdte in which Fair Wages schedule was published.	ets. Vol. Page.	325 00 Not published. 185 00 Not published. 200 00 XII 63	155,000 00 Not published.	1,450 00 XII 384	700 00 NII 496 700 00 NII 384 895 00 NII 384	Not pub Not pub		997 00 NII 496	00 NII 496 00 NII 496	678 00 Not published. 845 00 NII 701 380 00 Not published.		5,840 60 Not published. 773 00 NH 1098
Amount of Contract.	Ste	325 00 185 00 1,200 00	155,000	1,450	14,650 00 2,700 00	14,684 00 8,745 00		766	974 00 1,190 00	678 00 1,845 00 380 00	2,944 00	
Date of Contract		April 20 April 20 April 28 Day labour	May 30 Not let	July 8	Aug. 29 July 13 July 22	May 8, 1912 Dec. 13.	Day labour	Day labour Sept. 13	Sept. 22 Sept. 29 Day labum	Note let. Oct. 9 Dec. 5 Jan. 3, 1912	April 11	Not let May 7 Feb. 16 Not let
Date at which schedules supplied by Department of Labour.		18 lay 8	32.53	June 3	>	និនិទ	181	Λug. 9		55.5	1913 9 9 : :	2 2 2 8 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
Locality.		Hall Harbour, N.S. Bastern Points Harbour, N.S. Points Carleton, Que Point Prim, N.S. Nay 8.	Kingston, Out Campbellton, N.B.	Amherstburg, Ont.	Parisienne Island, Lake Superior, Ont. Owls Head, N.S. Hamostead Wharf, N.B.	Point Atkinson, B. C Glacher Island, B. C Active Pass For Alum Station, R. C	Langara Point, Queen Charlotte Island, B.C. Holland Island, outside Prince Rupert Har-	bour, B. C. Kidston Island, N.S. Holland Island P. C.	Man of War Point, N.S. Richtbucto Beach, N.B. Thormbury, Ont.	Simard, Que Joggins, N.S. Burard Inlet, B.C. Ingonial Island, N.S.	Etang du Nord, Que	
Nature of Work.		Wooden lighthouse on a steel frame. Construction of a shed and mast light. Wooden lighthouse tower. Wooden fog alarm building.	Liver Stone ballasted pier and steel skeleton lighthouse	Steet piling at Marine Department what	Concrete lighthouse tower and dwelling Combined lighthouse and dwelling. Pier and lighthouse		Fog alarin station Establishment of light station	Wooden lighthouse tower. Kickson Island, N.S. Wooden lighthouse and dwelling and a concrete riger Holland Island, if C	Wooden lighthouse tower. Bungalow. Wooden lighthouse tower.		Dwelling and lighthouse combined Dwelling and watch tower	Dwelling and outbuildings Double dwelling. Wooden lighthouse tower on wharf Lighthouse.

794 00 Not published.	' LOCALITY	lsane of Labour Gazette in which Fair Wagess schedule was published,	Vol. Pugo.
794 00	TI NAMES OF	Amount of Contract.	58 Ccbs. 23 199 Ccbs. 33 199 Ccbs. 33 199 Ccbs. 33 199 Ccbs. 44 185 Cc
Not yet outered into. May 13. Day Isloon: Day Isloon: Not let. Not let. Not let. Not let. Not let. Not let.	AND DEFENCE, 1911-12, WITH NAMES OF LOCALITY	Date of Contract.	22 No contract, 22 1912 1918
		Date at which schedules supplied by Department of Labour.	April May Aug. Scht. Oct. Nov. Nov. Nov.
Ucluelet, B.C. Gregory Island, N.S. Cape de Bapoir, Que Cape Mudge, I.C. Main Duck Island, Lake Ontario, Out Cape St., Mary, N.S. Cape Negro, N.S. Whitelroad Island, N.S. Bay View, N.S.	OR THE DEPARTMENT OF MILTH CONCIGNISD, &c.	Locality.	Montreal, Que Levis, Que Gruches, Que Quiches, Que Quiches, Que Grucham, Ont Cluatham, Ont
Combined boathonse and dwelling Wooden dwelling Fog alarm building, dwelling and oil store Cape Mudge, R.C Cape Mudge, R.	FATR WAGES SCHEDULES PREPARED FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF MILITIA CONCERNED, &c.	Nature of Work.	Wagon shed and harness roon for armoury Nature of work not given (all trades) New floor for drill hall Retawn of armoury roof (in galvanized ivon) Retaining wall Rith range Repairs and renewals of armoury (all trades). Armoury Concrete retaining wall for rific range Building trades (nature of work not given) " " " " Gun shed Armoury Dommion Arsenal Lodge keepers quarter's, Royal Military College Armoury Repairs and improvements to drill hall Repairs and improvements to drill hall Repairs and improvements to drill hall Stable Engineer fixtures in drill hall Stable Goncrete retaining wall at rifle range

Naval Service Contracts, 1911-1912.

FAIR WAGES SCHEDULE PREPARED FOR THE DEFARTMENT OF NAVAL SERVICE, 1911-12, WITH NAME OF LOCALITY CONCERNED, &C.

Isaue of Lubonr Gazette Fin which Fin Wage Schedule was published.	Vol. Page. Net published.
Amount of Contract.	Vol. Page. Dwelling and operating house, \$8,904, 2 masts, \$3,600. Clearing site, \$90 Netling and operating bouse, \$1,504. 2 masts, \$4,500 Dwelling, operating house and outbuildings, \$10,450. Two ISS housing masts, \$4,800
Date at which Schodules were sup- hied by Do- Labour.	Aug. 15, 1911
Date at which Schedules were supplied by Department of Labour.	June 30
Locality.	Midland, Ont. Tobermory, Out. Sault Ste Marie, Ont Polonto, Out Vancouver, B. C. Prince Rupert, B. C. Cape Lazo, B. C.
Nature of Work.	Certain work

Interior Department Contract, 1911-1912.

Fair Wases Schedule prepared for the Department of the Interior, 1911-12, with name of locality concerned, &c

	1911.	Nov. 24	-
The state of the s		Pacific Coast	
		Motor boat	

Post Office Departmental Contracts, 1911-12.

LIST OF SUPPLIES FURNISHED THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT BY CONTRACT OR OTHERWISE, UNDER CONDITIONS FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE LABOUR EMPLOYED, WHICH WERE APPROVED OF BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR 1911-12.

Name of Order.	Amount of Order.
	\$ cts.
Making and repairing rubber dating and other hand stamps and type. Making and repairing metal dating and other stamps and type and brass crown seals Supplying stamping material, inclusive of making and repairing pads, also wooden boxes,	892 55 11,476 34
and post marking and cancelling ink. Making and repairing post office scales.	9,734 68 2,276 19
Supplying mail bags Repairing mail bags	35,060 51 27,752 83
Repairing mail locks, and supplying mail bag fittings. Supplying portable letter boxes and repairing parcel receptacles, portable tin boxes, and	53,718 28
railway mail clerks' tin boxes.	12,247 97
Miscellaneous orders for making and repairing portable stores. Making up and supplying articles of official uniforms.	1,589 50
Making up and supplying articles of official uniforms	51,919 40
Total	\$206,668 25

Fair Wages Complaints Investigated by the Department of Labour during the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 1912.

The Department of Labour received during the past fiscal year sixteen complaints arising for the most part out of alleged non-compliance with conditions inserted in public contracts for the protection of labour. One of these complaints had not been disposed of at the end of the year. Two complaints which were received prior to the commencement of the fiscal year were also dealt with, in one of which an investigation had been made during the previous year but the matter had not been disposed of. Thirteen of the complaints were made the subject of special investigation by officers of the Department. The complaints related to the following subjects, namely: rates of wages, hours of labour, neglect to post up the Fair Wages Schedules, the employment of workmen other than metal lathers to perform that class of work, importation of stone from the United States, and the sub-letting of railway construction work under false pretenses.

The workpeople affected, classified according to their occupations, are as follows: bridge and structural iron workers, carpenters, bricklayers, masons, stone-citters, machinists, blacksmiths and helpers, metal lathers, railway construction labourers, builders' labourers, and ordinary labourers. Complaints were received from the workmen employed by the Department of Militia and Defence, at the Dominion Arsenal, Quebec; from the employees in the shops and yards of the Marine and Fisheries Department at the Quebec Agency; and from the workmen employed by the Board of Harbour Commissioners, Montreal.

Taking into consideration all complaints either settled or filed during the year, one had to do with work earried out in the Province of New Brunswick, eleven with work in the Province of Quebee, four with work in the Province of Ontario, one with work in the Province of Manitoba, and one with work in the Province of British Columbia.

Nine of the complaints related to work performed for the Department of Public Works, three to work performed for the Department of Marine and Fisheries, three to work performed for the Department of Militia and Defence, two to work per36-31

formed for the Transcontinental Railway Commission, and one to work performed for the Harbour Commission of Montreal.

Of the thirteen complaints investigated by the Department during the fiscal year nine were shown to have been well founded and the matters complained of were adjusted, two were reported groundless, in one case the complainant refused to substantiate his claim, and in the other case the workmen on whose behalf the complaint had been made could not be located. Of the remaining five complaints, one was referred to the Transcontinental Railway Commission, one to the Department of Marine and Fisheries, two of the Department of Public Works,—one of these being declared not well founded,—and the other had not been disposed of at the close of the fiscal year.

A complaint against the contractors for the construction of the Red River Bridge at Winnipeg regarding the rate of wages paid to bridge and structural iron workers had been investigated by an officers of the Department during the previous fiscal year, the result of the investigation being that the claims of the workmen concerned were reported as well founded. The contractors, however, took exception to the statements embodied in the officer's report and accordingly a further investigation was conducted by an officer of the Transcontinental Railway Commission. His findings were substantially the same as those of the officer of the Department, namely, that 40 cents per hour should be paid for competent structural iron workers in the City of Winnipeg, and the working day should consist of nine hours. The matter was left in the hands of the Transcontinental Railway Commission.

In connection with the contract for the construction of the Quebec Customs House, complaint was made that the contractor had hired workmen from Levis, and further that he was paying labourers only 15 cents per hour which was lower than the rate provided for in the Fair Wages Schedule of the contract. The Department of Public Works, to whom the matter was referred, stated that the contractor could not be compelled to hire workmen from Quebec City and requested that an officer of the Department of Labour should investigate that part of the complaint respecting wages. This was accordingly done, the result being that the contractor promised to pay the rate of wages stipulated in the Fair Wages Schedule and to keep the Schedule posted up in a prominent place, which had not been done previously. It was subsequently ascertained that the Fair Wages conditions were being lived up to, and the matter was declared closed.

A copy of a resolution adopted by the City Council of Port Arthur, Out., was received in the Department asking that an investigation should be made into the system of sub-contracts on railway construction work in order that ignorant labourers should be protected from exploitation. The work in question was that of the construction of the National Transcontinental Railway north of Lake Nipigon, and the particular case to which attention was directed was that of a gang of eight men who were hired by an agent at Duluth on the supposition that they were to receive \$2.50 per day. Upon arrival at their destination they were persuaded to accept station work, and after working seven months they were over \$1,300 in debt, having been charged exorbitant prices for supplies. On the request of the Transcontinental Railway Commissioners one of the officers of the Department was instructed to investigate these charges. The sub-contractors stated that the men's loss was due to their incompetence and produced statements of earnings by other gangs who made a profit on their work as well as some who had sustained a loss. The exorbitant prices for supplies were explained as being caused by the expenses of transportation. As the officer was unable to locate any member of the gang referred to the charges could not be proven, and no further action was taken.

The United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, Montreal, lodged complaints in connection with the non-compliance of the Fair Wages conditions of the contract

for work on the Central Post Office building in that City. One complaint was to the effect that the contractor was paying from 20 to 25 cents per hour to his workmen, thus violating the terms of the Fair Wages Schedule which called for 30 cents per hour; the other complaint was that the contractor had neglected to post up the Fair Wages Schedule. An officer of the Department visited Montreal and investigated these matters, the result being that the contractor promised to comply with the Fair Wages conditions of his contract. The matter was accordingly declared closed.

Complaint was made by the Central Nation: I Trades and Labour Council, Quebec, that the contractor for the construction of the Quebec Customs House was working bricklayers, masons and builders' labourers ten hours per day instead of nine hours as set forth in the Fair Wages Schedule of his contract. An investigation was made by one of the officers of the Department, in the course of which he pointed out to the contractor the fact that the Fair Wages Schedule called for a working day of nine hours. The contractor stated that the Fair Wages conditions should be immediately complied with. The matter was thus satisfactorily adjusted.

Complaint was made by the Montreal Branch of the Journeymen Stonecutters' Association that the rates of wages in Montreal were higher than those provided for in the Fair Wages Schedule of the contract for the erection of Postal Station 'C,' and that the hours of labour specified were not those prevailing in the district. It was subsequently stated that the stone used in the construction of the above mentioned work had been imported from the United States. In the course of the investigation it was found that the current rate of wage and working day hours for stonecutters in the City of Montreal were the same as those stipulated in the Fair Wages Schedule of the contract, namely, 40 cents per hour, eight hours per day. The officer was informed that the stone was imported from Indiana but was cut in Montreal, the Fair Wages conditions of the contract being complied with by the sub-contractor for that part of the work. No action was therefore necessary.

An investigation was made into a complaint lodged by the National Union of Carpenters on behalf of the carpenters employed by the Harbour Commissioners of Montreal. The complaint was to the effect that the workmen concerned were being paid at a rate lower than the current rate for that class of labour in Montreal. A request was made that the rate should be increased to 30 cents per hour. In the report of the officer of the Department it was stated that the demands of the men were reasonable and it was recommended that the increase asked for should be granted. The finding of the officer was transmitted to the Board of Harbour Commissioners.

Complaint was made by the Quebec Branch of the Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America that the stone used in the construction of the Quebec Custom House was being cut at a place outside Quebec City—St. Marc des Carrieres—and the workmen were being paid the rate of wage prevailing in that locality, namely, 31½ cents per hour, whereas the rate paid in Quebec City was 40 cents per hour. It was found on investigation that the sub-contractor in Quebec for this work had been unable to fill certain orders and had been authorized to give the extra work to a firm at St. Marc des Carrieres. It was further found that the last mentioned firm had paid the stonecutters according to the Fair Wages Schedule of the contract. The complainants having failed to substantiate their claims, the matter was declared closed.

Request was made by the National Trades Conneil for an investigation by one of the officers of the Department relative to the rates of wages and conditions of employment of workmen employed by the Department of Marine and Fisheries at the Quebec Agency. The Department of Marine and Fisheries expressed the wish that an investigation should be conducted by an officer of the Department of Labour.

This was accordingly done and a report presented making certain recommendation. Copy of the report was then transmitted to the Department concerned.

An investigation was made into the rates of wages paid to and the nature of the work performed by the workmen employed in the Dominion Arsenal, Quebec, by the Department of Militia and Defence, the workmen concerned claiming that their wages were too low and asking that an increase might be granted them. The matter was referred to the Department of Militia and Defence, and on request of the latter a list of wages current in Quebec was prepared. The Department of Militia and Defence stated that any increase decided upon by the Department of Labour should be given the workmen concerned.

Complaint was made by the St. Marc Branch of the Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of violations by the contractor and sub-contractor for the armoury at Levis, Quebec. It was alleged that the sub-contractor was not observing the Fair Wages conditions of his contract in that he was paying stonecutters at rates varying from fifteen to thirty cents per hour and working his men nine hours per day, whereas the Fair Wages Schedule stipulated forty cents per hour and eight hours per day. One of the officers of the Department made an investigation and reported that the contractor was not complying with the Fair Wages conditions of his contract regarding the posting up of the Fair Wages Schedule; also that the complaints against the sub-contractor were well founded. The matter was referred to the Department of Public Works by whom the contract was let. The Department of Labour was later informed that the Department of Public Works had insisted upon a strict compliance with the Fair Wages conditions of the contract.

An investigation was made by one of the officers of the Department into a complaint forwarded by the International Association of Machinists on behalf of certain machinists employed by an Ottawa firm in the execution of contracts awarded by the Department of Militia and Defence. The complaint was to the effect that the Fair Wages conditions were not being lived up to by the Company. The investigation showed that the Company was paying its machinists at rates ranging from twenty-one to thirty cents per hour, the average being 24½ cents; also that overtime was paid for at the regular rate. The report of the officer recommended that the minimum rate of wages of machinists emloyed on Government work should be 25 cents and that the average rate should be 271 cents; also that the oustom prevailing in Ottawa in regard to overtime should be observed, namely, time and a half between 6 p.m. and midnight, donble time between midnight and 7 a.m. and for work performed on Sandays. The Department was subsequently informed by the Company that the minimum wage paid to its machinists had been fixed at 25 cents per hour. Exception was taken by the complainants to this statement, the difference being in the main one involving the proper definition of the class of workmen concerned. It was proposed that one of the officers of the Department of Militia and Defence should co-operate with the Fair Wages Officer in an endeavour to ascertain how many employees were entitled to the mimimum wage of 25 cents per hour previously recommended. The Department of Labour was informed on behalf of the member- of the International Association of Machinists that they had secured an increase of ten per cent.

The United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America lodged a complaint that the contractor for the construction of a wooden lighthouse tower on Hog Island, Chippewa, Ontario, was not complying with the Fair Wages clause of his contract providing for the payment of rates of wages generally accepted as current in each trade for competent workmen in the district where the work is carried on. It was stated that the rate for carpenters in that locality was 40 cents per hour and the working day eight hours, whereas the contractor worked his men 9 and 10 hours per day and paid from 30 to 35 cents per hour. An investigation was made by an officer of the Department who reported that the claims were not well founded and

that the contractor had been living up to the Fair Wages conditions of his contract. The result of the investigation was communicated to the complainants and the matter was dropped.

In connection with a contract for the construction of a lighthouse on St. Helen's Island complaint was made that the contractors were paying the carpenters employed on the work at a rate of 25 cents per hour instead of 35 cents, the latter being the current rate for that class of labour in Montreal at that time. The matter was referred to the Department of Marine and Fisheries with recommendations from the Department of Labour as to the rate which should be paid to carpenters on the work in question.

A complaint was received from the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, St. John, N.B. that the contractor for the new Armoury building in that place was paying carpenters \$2.50 per day whereas the current rate for that class of labour was \$3.00 per day. Complaint was also made that the contractor had failed to comply with the Fair Wages conditions of his contract regarding the posting up of the Fair Wages Schedule. On inquiry it was found that the rate for carpenters at the time the contract was let was \$2.50 per day. It was understood, however, that the matter was settled satisfactorily to all concerned.

In connection with the construction of an Examining Warehouse at Vancouver, B.C., complaint was made that the carpenters employed on the work were being paid 50 cents per hour and working eight hours per day, whereas the current rate was 53½ cents per hour. It was also stated that carpenters were working nine hours instead of eight hours as provided for in the Fair Wages conditions of the contract. It was pointed out that at the time the Fair Wages Schedule was-prepared the current rate for carpenters in Vancouver was 50 cents per hour. On being asked for a statement regarding wages and hours the contractors stated that they had never worked carpenters more than eight hours per day and that they were then paying \$4.25 per day. These facts were communicated to the complainant and no further action was taken.

A complaint was made by the International Brotherhood of Blacksmiths and Helpers on behalf of certain men employed on Government work in the blacksmith department of an Ottawa firm. It was alleged that they were being paid at a rate lower than the rate prevailing in the district for that class of labour, also that straight time was paid for overtime. An investigation was made by an officer of the Department, the result of which was that a recommendation was made for the payment of a rate of wage not less than 27 cents per hour for blacksmiths and 17½ cents per hour to all blacksmiths' helpers employed by the Company in the execution of Government contracts. A further recommendation was made that overtime should be paid for at a rate of time and a half, this being the custom of the trade in the City of Ottawa. The men concerned went out on strike. Shortly afterwards a meeting was held in the House of Commons at which representatives of both employers and former employees were present. At this meeting it was decided that the parties themselves should endeavour to effect an amicable settlement. No further action was therefore taken by the Department.

Complaint was received from the Wood, Wire and Metal Lathers' International Union, Montreal, Quebec, that the work of metal lathing on the old Post Office building in Montreal was being done by carpenters, bricklayers and masons. This complaint had not been disposed of at the end of the fiscal year.

Following is a tabular statement covering, the various grievances investigated.

1.—Complaints received prior to the beginning of the piscal year 1911 12 and investigated during the year.

Disposition.	Oct. 20, 10 Winning. Man, Transconti-That the contractors were violating This complaint was investigated and reported upon by an officer of the Pair Wages Glause Gonstruction of the terms of the Pair Wages Glause Gonstruction of the terms of the Pair Wages Glause Gonstruction of the terms of the Pair Wages Glause Gonstruction of the terms of the Pair Wages Glause Gonstruction of the terms of the Pair Wages Glause Gonstruction of the terms of the Pair Wages Glause Gonstruction of the Pair Wages Gonstruction of the Pair Wages Gonstruction of the Company	Public Works, Alleged payment to labourers of a rate investigation was made by an officer of the Department who reported that lower than that specified in Pair the contracter had promised to comply with the Pair Wages canditions of Wages Schedule of contract; also his contract was being hired from contract was being hired from Quebec workmen. The matter was therefore declared closed.
Subject of Investigation.	That the contractors were violating the terms of the Fair Wages Clause of their contract respecting the rates of wages and heurs of labour of structural iron workers.	Alleged payment to labourers of a rate lower than that specified in Pair Wages Schedule of contract; also that labour was being hired from Levis.
Department affected.	Transconti- nental Rail- way Com- mission.	Public Works,
Locality and Public Work.	Winnipeg, Man, Construction of Red River bridge	Mar. 28, '1] Quebec, Que, Construction of Customs House.
Complaint received.	Oct. 20, '10	Mar, 28, 11

II.—Complaints regeived since the beginning of the fishal year 1911 12, and investigated during the year.

o oconde	V., A. 151.
May 8, '11 District north of Transconti-That men were then induced to make the Nipigon, nental Rail- labour and were then induced to had been unable to locate any member of the gang on whose behalf the contracts make sub-centracts under each north of National Trans. Ont. Construction way Comparing the contracts under the new not continental Rail- mission. Which of the performance of the Pepartment who reported that he comparing the contract of the gang on whose behalf the comparing the new not continental Rail- mission. Department.	June 12, 11 Montreal, Que, Public Works. That the Fair Wages conditions of Investigation was made by an officer of the Department, the result of which is contracter promised to adhere to the Fair Wages conditions of wages and the posting up of the his contract. Schedulo were being violated.
Lake North Color Nation of Nation continent way.	lontrea Alteratio tral Post
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SESSIONAL	PAPER No.	36					
Con. Public Works, That the Fair Wages conditions of Investigation was made by an officer of the Department who reported that the contracts were being violated in the contractor was working the Fair Wages condition complied with, certain employees longer hours than those stipulated in the Fair Wages Schedule.	ublic Works. That the current rate of wages for Investigation showed that the complaint was not well founded, the rate of stonecutiers was higher than that wages of stonecutions specified in the Fair Wages Schedule being the current embadied in the Pair Wages Schedule being the current real and adding the stone used was imported from Indiana, work was imported from the United States.	June 28, '11 Montreal, Que,, Beard of Har-That the rates of wages paid by the Investigation was made by an officer of the Department. In his report it was by Harbour Com- missioners. Work undertaken bear Com- Harbour Commissioners to car recommended that an increase should be given carpetters employed by the particles are less than the current. Harbour Commission, to whom the matter was referred, rates in Montreal for that class of Eubenr.	Con-Public Works, That part of the work having been Investigation was made by an officer of the Department, who reported that sub-jet to a firm in Ste. Mare des the complaint was not well founded, the sub-contractors for the enting of Carrieres, the stonecutters were the stone paying the working the rate of wages specified in the Fair Wages being paid the local rate. Schedule.	Pisheries, tons of employment, was made by an officer of the Department of Labour. Certain recommendations for increases were embodied in his report, capy of which was branshifted to the Department concerned.	Investigation was made by an officer of the Department into the nature of the work performed in the Dominion Arsenal, also as to the rates of wages prevailing in the City of Quebec. A revised list was then prepared and submitted to the Department of Milibia and Defence.	Con-Public Works, That the terms of the Pair Wages Investigation was made by an officer of the Dapartment who reported that clause of the contract were being two larges and violated with respect to wages and home. Annihoms, descriptions of the contract in neglecting to past up homes, and the Pair Wages Schelule. The swall of the investigation was communicated to the Dapartment of Public Works by whom the contract was let. The latter Department wrote the contract was let.	and APeged violation of Fair Wages con-Investigation was made by an officer of the Department. His report emditions in certain Government con-Investigation are continued with the custom of the trade in the City of Ottawa. A difficulty then are regarding the classification of the employees. It was understood that the matter was settled satisfactorily, the company granting an increase in wages.
S. That the Fair Wages conditions of the contract were being violated in that the contractor was working certain employees longer hours than those stipulated in the Fair Wages Schedule.	s. That the current rate of wages for stonecuters was higher than that embodied in the Fair Wages Schedule; also that the stone used in the work was imported from the United States.	a. That the rates of wages paid by the nathern Commissioners to carpenters were less than the current rates in Montreal for that class of labour.	s. That part of the work having been sub-let to a firm in Ste. Mare dos Carrieres, the stonecuters were being paid the local rate.	d Regarding rates of wages and conditions of employment.	iltin and Regarding rates of wages. Defence.	s. That the terms of the Pair Wages leaves of the contract were being violated with respect to wages and hours.	d APoged violation of Fair Wages con- ditions in certain Government con- tracts.
Public Work	Public Work	Fourd of Har- Dour Com- missioners,	Public Work	Maripe a n Fisheries.		Public Work	Militia ån Defence,
June 14, TPQuebec, Que, Con- struction of Cus- toms House,	June 19, 'Il Montreal, Que, P. Construction of Postal Station "G."	Mon treat, Que., Work undertaken by Harbour Com- missioners.	July 3, 'II Quebec, Que, Construction of Customs House.	Aug. 10, 'II. Quebec, Que. Work-M men employed in shops and yards of the Marine & Fish- eries Department.	Aug. 16, 71. Quebec, Que. Work. A men employed in Dominion Arsenal.	Aug. 16, 71. Levris, thue. Construction of Armoury.	Aug. 22, 'II. Ottawa, Ont. Work Militia in connection with Defence certain Govern- ment contracts.
June 14, '11	June 19, '11	June 28, '11	July 3, '11	Aug. 10, '11.	Aug. 16, '11.	Aug. 16, '11.	Aug. 22, 'II.

TABLE SHOWING NATURE AND RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION, &c.-Continued.

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Disposition.	Marine a n d'That the contractor was violating the Investigation was made by one of the officers of the Department, who reported Fisheries. Fisheries, paying less than the current rate substantiate his claims, and accordingly the matter was declared closed, and working longer hours than those specified in the Fair Wages Schedule.	Marine a n d That carpenters were being paid a The matter was referred to the Department of Marine and Fisheries under Fisheries. Fisheries. In the City of Montreal. ting certain recommendations regarding the rate which should be paid cacpenters on the work in question.	Public Works. That the contractor was paying a It was ascertained that the rate for carpenters at the fair Wages Schedule was prepared was \$2.50 per day, whereas the rate at the time current rate; also that he had not posted up the Fair Wages Schedule Department of Public Works by whom the contract was let. It was understood that the matter was settled satisfactorily.	Public Works. That the rate for carpenters specified It was ascertained that the contractor had been living up to the Fair Wages Schedule was lower than the current rate; also been paying carpenters the current rate which was higher than that that contractor was working carpen specified in the Fair Wages Schedule, the same having been prepared day.	Jan. 31, 72. Ottawa, Ont. Work Militia and That the blacksmiths and nepers An investigation was understood to the Defence central in connection with Defence. Correction of corracts. Corracts in contracts. Corracts in the Fair Wages conditions of time was paid for overtime.
Subject of Investigation.	That the contractor was violating the Fair Wages clause of his contract in paying less than the current rate and working longer hours than those specified in the Fair Wages Schedule.	That carpenters were being paid a lower rate of wage than that current in the City of Montreal.	Fhat the contractor was paying a lower rate to carpenters than the current rate; also that he had not posted up the Fair Wages Schedule of his contract.	That the rate for carpenters specified in the Fair Wages Schedule was lower than the current rate; also that contractor was working carpenters 9 bours instead of 8 hours perday.	That the blacksmiths and helpers enabloyed by an Ottawa firm on Government work were heing paid less than the current rate provided for in the Fair Wages conditions of the contract; also that straight time was paid for overtime.
Department affected.	Marine and Fisheries.	Marine and Fisheries.	Public Works.	Public Works.	Militia and Defence.
Locality and Public Work.	Nov. 16, 'II. Hog Island, Chippe- wa, Out. Construc- tion of lighthouse tower	Nov. 28, 11. St. Helen's Island, Montreal, Que. Construction of lighthouse.	Jan. 15, '12, St. John, N.B. Construction of armoury.	Jan. 23, '12. Vanconver, B.C. Construction of examinging warehouse.	Ottawa, Ont. Work in connection with certain Govern- ment contracts.
Complaint received.	Nov. 16, 'II.	Nov. 28, '11.	Jan. 15, '12.	Jan. 23, '12.	Jan. 31, 72.

III.-Complaints received dumng the fiscal year 1911-12, but remaining undisposed of at the end of the year.

Mar. 26, 12. Montreal, Que., Public Works, That metal lathing was being done by The investigation had not been entered upon at the close of the fiscal year.

Work on old Post other classes of labour.
Office.

IV.—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES—SPECIAL REPORT BY THE DEPARTMENT ON THE COURSE OF PRICES DURING 1911.

The Department has continued during the past year its current investigation into the course of Wholesale and Retail Prices, issuing in this connection during March, 1912, a special report dealing with the course of prices in Canada during the preceding calendar year. The report dealt largely with Wholesale Prices and was the third of the kind to be published by the Department. The first report it may be recalled, was published in 1910 and covered the twenty years 1890-1909 inclusive. In it the Department stated its intention of carrying the investigation forward currently and of issuing periodic reviews and analyses of the results. In accordance with this design a monthly summary of price fluctuations with an estimate of their relative importance now appears in The Labour Gazette, the official journal of the Department, while a special report in more detail is made at the close of each year. The report issued in March thus brings the survey of the subject by the Department from the beginning of 1890 down to date of December, 1911, i.e. over the past twenty-two years.

SCOPE AND ARRANGEMENT OF THE REPORT.

The original investigation covered 230 articles selected for their representative character. As explained in the first report, however, the list, though as complete as was possible at the time, was not regarded as final, and efforts have since been made to extend it. Six additional commodities were included in the annual report for 1910. To these have now been added twenty-four others. For each of the articles thus added a series of quotations was secured back to 1890 so as to ensure uniformity of statistical treatment throughout, especially in the matter of including them in the Department's index number, for which the base period is the decade 1890-1899. These historical tables are published in Appendix A of the report. The Department's index number for 1911 accordingly covers 261 articles.

The manner of quoting prices was the same as in the earlier reports except that for certain articles subject to rapid fluctuations (grains, live animals, butter, eggs, and fresh fruits,—twenty-five in all) weekly instead of monthly quotations have been obtained.

The arrangement of subject matter was the same as in the report for 1910.

RETAIL PRICES DURING 1911.

A new feature of the report is an Appendix giving a comparative view of retail prices throughout Canada during 1910 and 1911. Since the beginning of 1910 the Department has secured on the fifteenth of each month a return from the correspondents of The Labour Gazette (resident in each locality of the Dominion having a population of 10,000 and over, forty-nine in all) showing the current retail prices of some thirty articles which enter prominently into cost of living, together with a statement in each case as to rentals. It is thought that probably 80 per cent of the expenditure of the ordinary family is represented in these returns, while the localities selected are the most important industrially in the several provinces. The prices on the first of each quarter in the two years 1910 and 1911 reported in this way to

the Department were averaged and the results set forth in the table in the Appendix, with a brief analysis of the nature and extent of the changes shown as between 1910 and 1911. They amounted to about 5 per cent increase.

COURSE OF WHOLESALE PRICES.

Turning to the findings of the report as to the course of wholesale prices the following statement is made:—

Wholesale prices in Canada reached during 1911 a general level higher probably than in any previous year within the present generation. The detailed statistical record of the Department of Labour on the subject goes back to 1890; within that period prices have only once approached a high point comparable with those of the past year, namely, in 1907, and as may be seen from the diagram which is published on the preceding page, the level is distinctly higher now than then. Looking to the period prior to 1890, prices ranged very high in the early 70's but were lower in the later years of that decade; in the decade 1880-90 they rose again, reaching a higher level than in 1890-1900. Accepting the findings of the most authoritative foreign index numbers as roughly applicable to Canada for these earlier years, it is safe to say that prices have been higher in Canada in the year just past than at any time since 1882-4 or possibly since 1872-3.

The upward movement during 1911 which effected this result did not develop with any degree of strength during the first six months of the year. From the middle of June onward, however, the advancing trend became pronounced and continuous, each month showing a material gain over its predecessor, the year closing without appreciable check to the tendency and with November and December prices on the highest levels of the twelvemonth. Between January 1 and December 1, the average rise may be set down as approximately three per cent. How the level varied from month to month in the interval may be conveniently seen from the chart on the next following page in which the line indicates the course followed throughout 1911 by the combined prices of 261 articles, including the most important commodities of Canadian commerce, and selected as representative in so far as possible of all phases of production and consumption in Canada.

'Comparing the average level for the year as a whole with that of 1910, the Department's index number which was 124.0 for the 261 commodities above mentioned in 1910 was 127.2 in 1911. These numbers, it will be understood, are percentages of the average prices prevailing during the decade 1890-1899, this being the period selected by the Department as the standard of comparison throughout its investigation into wholesale prices. The statement, therefore, is equivalent to saying that wholesale prices were approximately 24 per cent higher in 1910 than in the closing decade of the last century, and that they rose during 1911 to a point over 27 per cent above that basis.

'An indication less specific than the above, though interesting in its way, of the extent of the rise in prices during 1911 may be obtained by noting that of the articles for which monthly price statistics are published in the present report and in the Department's similar report for 1910, and which are therefore available for immediate comparison, 124 showed an advance during the past year while 67 remained stationary, only 82 showing declines.'

CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE RISE,

Reviewing the circumstances attending the rise above mentioned the report states:—

'The year was one of general trade prosperity and industrial expansion in Canada. The heavy immigration movement, the very pronounced activity in rail-

way construction and other building operations, the enlarged outputs of manufacturing establishments, and the increased volume of trade, foreign and domestic in which fields the returns of the year uniformly indicated a marked advance over those of 1910—all united in causing an exceptionally keen demand for materials. with resultant enhancement in prices. In foodstuffs, at the same time, the unfavourable crop reports of the summer and autumn months worked similar tendencies. Grains advanced sharply, and though there was a decline in live animals and meats this was attributed to feed shortage and cannot be regarded as an alleviation in fundamental conditions, Moreover, imported foods, including sugar, were on decidedly higher levels. The financial tone was favourable, and the gold production the largest recorded. From a cost of living standpoint, therefore, notwithstanding declines in cotton, rubber, and a few important instances, the year must be regarded as having, through this double influence of crop shortage and accelerated consumption distinctly intensified the situation which had previously given rise to such widespread comment, though industrially and commercially it constitutes on the whole a very favourable record.'

FEATURES OF THE ADVANCE.

Some light in detail on the movements above referred to is thrown by a table of the Department's index numbers throughout 1911 for the various groups of articles into which the investigation has been divided. It may be noted, for example, that grains and fodder, dairy products, fish, fresh fruits and vegetables, miscellaneous groceries and provisions, hides, leathers and boots and shoes, metals, implements, fuel and lighting, house furnishings, drugs and chemicals, and liquors and tobaccos all were higher in December than in January, animals and meats, textiles, and paints and oils being the only groups to show a contrary tendency. Fuller details, with charts by way of illustration, for each of these several groups are given. It is noted that the present high point is the culmination of a movement which began about the middle of 1909, previously to which a recession had been in progress following the financial stringency which occurred in the autumn of 1907. For the ten years previous to 1907, however, the tendency was one of rapid and all but continuous advance, following an almost equally rapid decline in the early nineties. Comments at some length have been made on these movements in previous reports. Compared with the low year, 1897, the rise shown by 1911 prices amounts to approximately 40 per cent.

V.—LABOUR ORGANIZATION IN CANADA—SPECIAL REPORT ISSUED.

An officer of the Department was occupied during the later months of the fiscal year in preparing material for a special report published in May, 1912, on Labour Organization in Canada, the general nature of which is set forth in the opening sentences of the introductory chapter. 'The aim of the present report,' it is there explained, 'is to present in concise and convenient form a statement showing the details of labour organization in Canada. The subject is one that has not perhaps in the past received the attention it has merit d. The extent and variety of interests concerned, and the elaborate system of organization which has been evolved, are little realized by the public in general, and are not closely appreciated. in all probability, by many of those who are themselves sometimes participating in the work here indicated formally in facts and figures. The information presented will be of particular value to employers and employees of all classes, but will also be of deep interest in other circles. Labour organization is to-day attracting a closer attention than perhaps at any previous time, whether in Canada or elsewhere. Associated with the question of labour organization, growing sometimes, in fact, out of it, are some aspects of those industrial problems which are becoming more and more the subject of research on the part of publicists, journalists and all students of affairs. The one matter bears closely on the other, and the facts which have been here assembled will be, it is believed, of material value from this point of view. It is not intended that this record should be considered as in any way either an advocacy or a condemnation of trades unionism. An effort is made simply to state freely and clearly the facts gathered, and thus to show as precisely as the limits of an official publication will permit the general situation in Canada to-day.

The report is of necessity largely statistical, but includes a general statement as to methods of organization. As the report shows, the relations as to labour organization between the United States and Canada are closely interwoven, and the statistics printed include sufficient information bearing on this international aspect of the subject to afford a comprehensive view of the whole.

EXTENT OF ORGANIZATION.

Briefly, it may be stated that there are 1.741 local unions in Canada, of which 1.531 are international in character and the remainder are associated with central bedies having affiliation outside the Dominion. Ontario bulks largely in trade unionism, claiming over 600 local unions out of 1.741 in Canada. British Columbia comes second with 234 local unions, and Quebec is third with 205. The other provinces divide the honours as follows: Alberta 153, Nova Scotia 138. Manitoba 118. Saskatchewan 84, New Brunswick 73, Prince Edward Island 7. These figures as to provinces include all local unions whether international or otherwise; in Prince Edward Island there are respectively three international and four national bodies. The special strength of unionism is necessarily in the larger cities in Canada comprising between them about one-fifth of the local unions, proportioned as follows: Toronto 105, Montreal 95, Winnipeg 79, Vancouver 76. Other cities rank in number as follows: Hamilton 48, Ottawa 47, Quebec 42, Victoria 42, Calgary 40,

London 35, Edmonton 33, St. Thomas 28, Fort William 28, Lethbridge 28, Port Arthur 27, Halifax 22, Moosejaw 21, Saskatoon 21, St. John 20. It is interesting to note in these figures the prominence taken by western cities and how far in some cases they have, relatively speaking, outstripped the older eastern cities in labour organization.

MEMBERSHIP.

The total estimated membership in Canada of trade unions is 133,132, the Canadian international roll reaching 119,415, the remainder belonging to purely Canadian unions. Of the latter class the membership is no doubt actually larger than these figures indicate, but precise reports have not been received. The international bodies represented in Canada show a total membership, mostly in Canada and the United States. of 2,340,865 members comprised in 27,418 unions; there is besides, it will be remembered, a considerable minority of trades organizations in the United States without branches in Canada, the membership of which in the United States will increase the total considerably. The total union membership in the United States is placed at 2,625,000 for 1910, a somewhat greater strength relatively than in Canada, having regard to the respective populations.

LABOUR ORGANIZATION ABROAD.

The report includes an interesting statement of the totals of trade union membership as to various leading countries of Europe, and including Canada and the United States, respectively, the figures being as follows:—

	Total Member-ship.	Percentage of Membership to total Popu- lation.
Anstria Belgium Denmark France German Empire Hungary Italy Netnerlands Sweden Switzerland United Kingdom United States. Canada	$\begin{array}{c} 138,928 \\ 131,563 \\ 977,350 \\ 2,638,144 \\ 85,266 \\ 167,256 \\ 143,850 \end{array}$	1 · 4 1 · 8 4 · 9 2 · 5 4 · 1 · 5 2 · 4 2 · 7 3 · 1 5 · 4 3 · 0 2 · 0

Canada, it will be noticed, is less highly unionized than many European countries. Germany has the largest union membership, exceeding even the figures of the United States, with its greater population, but Great Britain shows the highest percentage of unions to population, Denmark being second, Germany third and the United States fourth.

The report serves also as a Trade Union Directory, including as it does the names and addresses of secretaries for 1912 of all Canadian trades organizations.

DISTRIBUTION OF REPORT.

A slight delay in printing prevented the issue of the report prior to the close of the fiscal year, but copies were distributed shortly after March 31. Notices in the press generally, and in many cases special articles, were given to the contents of the report. Many letters were received in the Department expressing appreciation of the value of the report.

VI.—STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS IN CANADA, 1911, WITH COMPARATIVE STATISTICS 1902 TO 1911.

The number of strikes and lockouts in Canada during 1911 exceeded the record in any year since 1907, and the loss of time occasioned by them to employees was greater than in any single year since the Department began its record in 1901. The total number reported of strikes and lockouts in Canada during 1911 is 100, the number in each of the past ten years having been as follows: 1902, 123; 1903, 160; 1904, 103; 1905, 87; 1906, 139; 1907, 151; 1908, 69; 1909, 69; and 1910, 84.

The dispute of the most serious nature was a strike of coal miners in Alberta and in the Crow's Nest District of British Columbia, which affected about 7,000 coal miners, and caused a loss to them of about 1,390,000 working days. This strike arose from the failure of the miners to reach an agreement with members of the Western Coal Operators' Association with regard to wages and conditions of employment, and lasted from April 1 to November 20. The agreement finally made was in the nature of a compromise and provided for an increase in wages amounting to from five to ten per cent. Apart from this single prolonged strike, there was no strike-during the year involving very notable losses, and the miners' strike is chiefly responsible for the large increase in time lost. The total of strikes for the year was swollen by an increase of small strikes.

MAGNITUDE OF DISPUTES.

Of the ninety-seven disputes which began in 1911, five involved over 1,000 employees each, and ten affected from 300 to 1,000 employees. The total number of employees involved in trade disputes during the year was approximately 28,898, compared with 19,554 in 1910, and 17,302 in 1909.

LOSS OF TIME IN WORKING DAYS.

The loss of time to employees through trade disputes during 1911 was approximately 2,021,440 days, compared with a loss of about 718,745 days in 1910, and 872,000 days in 1909. While these figures are of necessity merely rough approximations, they serve to convey some idea of the extent of the loss suffered by the community through strikes and lockouts and to afford a fair means of comparing the different years.

TRADES AFFECTED BY THE DISPUTES.

Out of ninety-seven disputes which began in 1911, thirty occurred in the building trades, eighteen in the metal working trades, twelve in the trades connected with transport, and eleven in the clothing trades. No strikes or lockouts took place in the industries relating to agriculture, fishing, lumbering, printing and bookbinding.

LOCALITIES AFFECTED BY TRADE DISPUTES.

The strikes and lockouts of the year were distributed among the various provinces as follows: Ontario, forty-one; Quebee, twenty; Alberta, thirteen; British

^{*}In this chapter the expression "Trade Disputes" refers only to disputes which involved a cessation of work on the part of not less than six employees.

Columbia, ten; Manitoba, six; New Brunswick, four; and Nova Scotia, one. One of the remaining disputes occurred in the provinces of Alberta and British Columbia, and the other extended through the provinces of Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. No strike or lockout took place in Prince Edward Island.

CAUSES OF DISPUTES.

Of the ninety-seven trade disputes which began in 1911, forty-two arose from demands for higher wages, and questions of wages entered into nineteen other disputes, in seven of which a reduction of wages was the cause. Questions of trade unionism entered into eleven other disputes, and in nine cases the dispute related either wholly or partly to hours of labour. There were two sympathetic strikes during the year.

METHODS OF SETTLEMENT.

Of the one hundred disputes in existence during 1911, forty-two were settled through negotiations between the parties concerned, two by arbitration and seven by conciliation. In seventeen cases work was resumed on the employers' terms, and in ten places of the strikers were filled. In four cases the disputes were settled partly by negotiations and partly by the places of the strikers being filled, in two cases the demands of the strikers were granted without negotiations, and in three disputes some of the strikers returned to work, while the places of others were filled. In one work was resumed pending an investigation, and in three others work was resumed, the employer not being involved. The remaining nine disputes were either unsettled at the close of the year, or the method of their settlement was not reported.

RESULTS OF DISPUTES. -

Of the one hundred disputes in existence during the year, thirty-four ended in favour of the employers and twenty-one in favour of the employees, while compromises were reached in twenty-four disputes. In three cases the employees were partially successful some of their number having been granted their demands. In two cases work was resumed, the employers not being concerned in the settlement, and of the remaining seventeen, four were unsettled at the end of the year, and the final results of thirteen were not reported.

STATISTICAL TABLES RELATING TO TRADE DISPUTES.

The following tables contain statistics of strikes and lockouts which were in existence in Canada during 1911, and during the previous nine years, in so far as they were reported to the Department.

In ten disputes during 1911, the number of firms involved was not reported; in six disputes the number of employees involved was not reported, and in four disputes particulars were not reported as to the methods of settlement and the results.

The following table contains a list of all the strikes and lockouts involving six or more employees, which were in existence in Canada during 1911, arranged according to industries and trades. In each dispute is shown the occupation of the work-people concerned, the locality in which the dispute occurred, the principal cause, recthod of settlement and result, dates of commencement and termination, approximate number of establishments and employees affected, and the approximate loss of time in working days.

CLASSIFIED TABLE OF TRADE DISPUTES IN EXISTENCE IN CANADA DURING 1911.

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Approximate No. of employees affected,	1,000	154	950		80	250	33	82	291	7	130	:	116	83	300	9
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egotiation concerned ot reporte	erne	port by n	PR OF Of SI tlod	atio	concerned ork resun	of s	ation	resm	s, intio	concerned	concerned egotiation concerned	egotiation	intio	port	egotiation	resu	garnens ry egotiation concerned	resu fron
Negotiations concerned. Not reported.	Negotiations concerned.	Not reported Partly by neg	plac laces neet	Negotiations	conc ork	laces	Arbitration.	ork	tions, egotis	Negotiations	Negotiations concerned.	egot	Conciliation	Not reported	Negotiations	ork	Sacrams by Negotiations concerned.	ork tion
	Z 7		<u>c.</u> ::	<u>z</u>	nd 📈	and Places of strikers filled	<u> </u>	er/W	of Negotiations	<u>z</u>	of n	wages and shorter Negotiations	<u> </u>	<u>z</u> :	<u>z</u>			_ <u>=</u>
Against employment of a par-		For increase in wages for over- time. For increase in wages	, seg.	:			:	wint		:	Against employment of non- unionists and discharge of	hort	:	7본	:	Against alleged violation of	striking electrical	man
it of	25	S 10	Against reduction in wages. For increase in wages.	:	wages	wages ion.		ä.	violation	union rutes. For increuse in wages	nt o	nd s	20	Against sub-letting of work.	Dispute between unions	iolat	Φ	fore
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, gains	ticular person For increase in wages	r or increase in wages time. For increase in wages.	Against reduction in w For increase in wages.	-	ır in	recognition of union. recognition of union.	For increase in wages	r le	Maninst alleged	union rules, or increase i	gainst er unionists	foreman. For higher	For increase in wages	gains	sput	gainst alleged vi	rair wake Chures. In sympathy with carpenters and workers.	ains
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undo Igury	tori	ntre	gary	noou	ոութ	ort A	one.	Montreal, Que	Brandon, Man	Co	Ont. Algary	lin a	nebec, Qu	algary and	ngsto	Quebec, Que	neoti	nt.
Brandon, Man	Victoria, B.C.	Nontreal, Que	Calgary, Alta	Blectrical workers. Vancouver, B.C.	Marble workers Winnipeg, Man For		Plasterers and plas Calgary, Alta.		-	Plumbers St. Catharines,	Phu. bers and steam Calgary, Alta. litters.	Numbers and steam. Berlin and Water.	Plumbers, tinsmiths Quebec, Que.		n n d Kingston. Out.		All building trades Vancouver, B.C except bricklay-ers, carpenters and electrical workers.	.v.
: :	:	*	s and	ers.	7.	•	plas	Plasterers	:	:	team	team	mith	Stonecutters	n n	Stonecutters	H building trades except bricklay- ers, carpenters and electrical workers.	
	:		rker	s. work	rker	Painters	and	berer s labourers.	:		мрил	ndst	tinsı	18.		1.8	H building trade except bricklay ers, carpenters and electrical workers	etul Trades— Blacksmiths.
: :	2	= =	ıt we	labourers. lectrical w	e we	F.S.	rers	r s la	:	ers.	ers a	ers a	HELN,	and rodiers.	utte	utte.	nildi pt carpe rrical	rades
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CLASSIFIED TABLE OF TRADE DISPUTES IN EXISTENCE IN CANADA DURING 1911-Continued.

										3 G	EOF	GE V	, A.	1913
Approximate loss of time in working days.	2,400	8,400	900	100.	1,000	900	2,368	5,400	130	980	802	5,200	ì	253
Approximate Zo. of employees affected.	200	1,200	100	10 8	950	67	270	99 00	65	20	115	200		9
No. of establish- ments affected.	-	18	:		7	1	12	m -	_	:		10 CI		_
Date of Termination.		12 June 20 12 July 18*	15 June 26	Aug. May	3 Jan. 6	1 May	4 May 12†	5 Nov.‡	7 Dec. 9	23 July 8	12	1 May 31		April 6
Date of Commencement.	Nov. 13		15	Aug. May 1	Jan 3		4	June 5		June 23	July 4			Mar. 30 April
Result.	In favour of employer	negoti- In favour of employer June parties In favour of employees.	A compromise	parties In favour of employees.	A compromise	In favour of employer May	parties A compromise	favour of employers.	compromise	compromise	In favour of employees.	without negoti In favour of employers. May without negoti- In favour of employers.		:
Method of Settlement.	Work resumed without negoti- In favour of employer Nov. 13 Nov.	ed without s between	between	Negotiations between parties concerned. Places of strikers filled	Conciliation	Places of strikers filled	Negotiations between parties concerned.			Concerned. Negotiations between parties A	Conciliation.	Work resumed without negotiations.	ations.	Negotiations between parties A compromise
Alleged Cause of Object.	other strikers	For increase in wages For increase in wages	For increase in wages	Delay in payment of wages For increase in wages	¥.	conditions. Against reduction in piecework Places of strikers filled	For increase in wages	For increase in wages to make Men procured work elsewhere. In the production in hours, Negotiations between parties. Negotiations between parties	For shorter hours	For increase in wages	For increase in wages	For increase in wages		For increase in wages
Locality.	:	: :	" Calgary, Alta	. g	St. Catharines, Ont.	Guelph, Ont	Toronto, Ont	London, Ont	Ont. St. John, N.B	Calgary, Alta	Levis, Que			:
Occupation.	Metal Trades—Con. Boilermakers Montreal, Que.	Gar and foundry Montreal, Que. Workers. Electrical workers Toronto, Ont.	= ;	Electrical linenien. Edmonton, Alta. Furnace tenders Niagara Falls,	Iron moulders	2	Iron moulders and Toronto, Ont .	Iron moulders London, Ont	works. Machinists	Sheet metal workers Calgary, Alta	Shipbuilders Levis, Que	Structural iron Toronto, Ont workers. Structural iron Hamilton. Ont.	workers.	Woodworking Trades Billiard table ma-Toronto, Out kers.

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May	24 Sept.	31 Apr.	2 Nov.	20 Dec.	Jan,	May		Jan.	Mar.	June	28 Oct.	21 Dec.	=	5 June	17 Mar.	3 Apr.	
1 18	<u> </u>	3		8	0.10	30	7	2'10'.	20	13.	83					ಣ	27
April 18 May	Work resumed without negoti- In favour of employer Mar.	=	parties In favour of employees. Nov.	=	In favour of employer Dc.30'10 Jan.	between parties In favour of employees. May 30 May	Jan.	open In favour of employer Dc.22'10 Jan.	In favour of employer Mar. 20 Mar.	June 13 June	=	employ- Places of some strikers filled; In favour of employer Nov.	Dec.	June	claimed Mar.	=	÷
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l eor	n fav	n fav	n fav	n fav	n fav	n fav	Not reported,	n fav	n fav	Vot r	In favour of employer.	n fav	Vot r	l coi	soth sett	n fav	n fav
between partie A compromise.	oti-I	non-unionist In favour of employees.	ties	Concerned. Converteemed without negotic In favour of employer ations.		ties I	:	Den	- -	parties Not reported.	- :	I; pa	parties Not reported.	parties A compromise	parties Both parties settlement	Work resumed by some stri- In favour of employer.	kers; places of othors filled. Work resumed on reinstatement In favour of employees, of employee.
par	neg	unio	har	neg		bar	:		:	bar	:	s fill	par	par		ne s	kers; places of others filled, ork resumed on reinstateme of employee.
reen	hout	nou-	uea.	hout	:	nee/		under	illed.	reen	eoncerned. Places of strikers filled.	riker	/ork. /een	/een	between	1.801	thors einst
betw	l wit		between	l wit		betw		ed!	ers f	Negotiations between	ers fi	ne sti	others resumed work, egotiations between	between	betw	d by	o to
ons ed.	umec	Work resumed;	OTH	umec	nmeC	9118	ted.	Vork resumed shop conditions.	strik	ons	ea. strik	нои	esun	ons ed.		anne	haces mucd oyee
egotiation	ork res	K 16	Negotiations	concerned fork resum ations.	k res	tiati	Not reported	3 4	io sa	tiati	eoncerned aces of st	o sc	others resm Negotiations	Concerned. Negotiations concerned.	egotiation eoncerned	ж ге	kers; places fork resumed of employer
Negotiations concerned.	Wor	Wor	Neg	Wor ati	Wor	Z	Not	Wor	Places of strikers filled	Nege	eor Plae	Plac	Nega Nega	Neg Sol	Nege en	Wor	Wor of
:	eni	non.		:	make Work resumed.	Against introduction of piece.	:	make Work which shop	a par-	non.	employ-	doy-	:	fore- n in	piece-work prices. Men objected to foreman doing Negotiations work of absent employee.	er.	cm.
:	ğ. e	a Je	Against action of a foreman.	:		d jo	:						:	Against employment of a fore- man and alleged reduction in	an d oyee.	For higher piecework prices.	Against discharge of an ployee.
ъgев.	ockout on account of	Against employment of a	a for	nges	refusal to company	ion	ages.	Loekout on refusal to clothes for company	Against employment of	Against employment of	Against conditions of	Against conditions of		ent o Fred	piece-work prices. en objected to foreman d work of absent employee.	ork ;	o
in wa	12	oym	Jo u	For increase in wages	refin	e. oduct	For increase in wages	refu	e. oym	son. Joyn	ition	lition	:	oym	piece-work prices, en objected to for work of absent em	ecew	harge
ease	on ioi	emp	actio	9386	or a	intre	y ster	ng j	empl	emi ;	cond	conc	rted	empl od al	vork seted fab	er pi	disel
iner	Lockout on plovees joir	gainst en	inst	incre	sekout on caps for a	gninst introd	incre	kout	nad u strike. gainst emplo	gainst employ	unionists.	gainst	ment. Not reported.	inst an ai	ork c	hiigh	inst
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Pet 0		τ <u>.</u>	HČ	Ma			San	Win	Montreal, Que.	Mo	Toronto, Ont	. Montreal, Que.	Mo			Tor	Off
Pattern makers (Peterborongh, For increase in wages	Carpet weavers Toronto, Ont.	Cotton spinners St. Henri, Que	Cotton nill hands Hochelaga, Que.	Cotton mill hands Magog, Que	othing Trades— Cap workers	Coat makers	:	Garment workers Winnipeg, Man		:		٠	:	Glove workers	Shoe workers, Quebee, Que		Tailors Ottawa, Ont
aker	aver	ınner	ll ha	ll ha	rdes-	ers.	s.	vork	=	=	2	=	=	kers.	ers.		
rn n	Trad	de u	n nu	in ni	, Tre	mak	orke	ent v						wor	work	Ξ	
Patte	Textile Trades— Carpet weaver	Jotto	Cotto	Jotto	Clothing Trades— Cap workers	Coat	Fur workers	arın	=	=	=	=	=	love	shoe	=	Pailo
	Te				200		~								<i>y</i> .		

*About 12 men continued out after July 19. No definite settlement reported in their case. †About 13 men of one firm continued out after May 12. No definite settlement reported in their case. ‡Six men still receiving strike pay on Nov. 1.

CLASSIFIED TABLE OF TRADE DISPUTES IN EXISTENCE IN CANADA DURING 1911—Continued.

										3	GEO	RGE	٧.,	A.	1913
Approximate loss of time in workin wdays.		320	60	300	1,145	900	40	9	160	6,300	300 21,000	408	1,400 28,000	225	300 27,000
Approximate No. of employees affected.		160	3	15	ક્ષ	200	20	40	30	2,100	300	89	1,400	225	300
No. of establish- ments affected.	*	C? ►	4			<u></u>			67	20	-	1	_	20	20
Date of Termination.	1 May—		o ndaci)	9 Oct. —	1 May 5	28 Oct. —	f June 9	10 May 11	1 Nov. 6	20	:	20 Sept. —	3 May 26	. 11	June 12
Date of Commencement.		-	, depr.				June 7			- II	of Oct. 10			" 10	June 1
Result.	Employees partially successful.	between parties A compromise	in tayour of employees.	In favour of employer Oct.	In favour of employer May	In favour of employer	between parties Indefinite	between parties In favour of employer. May	between parties In favour of employees. Nov.	A compromise	Unsettled at end of	In favour of employer Sept.	In favour of employees. May	A compromise	In favour of employers.
Method of Settlement.	Partly by negotiations between Employees partially suc- May parties concerned.	Negotiations between parties concerned.	work resumed windout negotias in layour of employees,	Places of strikers filled	Places of strikers filled	Work resumed In favour of employer., Sept.		* **	- 00			:	Conciliation	Negotiations between parties	concerned. Places of some strikers filled, work resumed by others.
Alleged Canse of Object.	Vancouver and For shorter hours		gamst employment of parti- cular persons.	Alleged lockout for refusal to Places of strikers filledsum an agreement not to join a union.	аве in wages	For increase in wages	For increase in wages	Refusal of men to work under	n wages	Against conditions of employ-Conciliation,	to For higher wages, shorter hours Unsettled at end of year	Against employment of a non-Places of strikers filled	Against reduction in wages	Victoria, B.C For higher wages and shorter Negotiations, between parties A compromise	Hours. For payment of wages for legal Places of some strikers filled, In favour of employers. June 1 June holidays.
Locality.	Vancouver and New Westmin-	1 1	:		:	Montreal, Que		Toronto, Ont	تب	Montreal, Que.	Westport, Ont., to Edson, Alta		Niagara Falls to	Victoria, B.C	:
Occupation.	Food and Tobacco pre- paration— Bakers	Brewing workers.	Olgar makers	Leather Trades- Horse collar makers Winnipeg, Man.	General Transport— Freight handlers Hamilton, Ont	:	Garbage collectors Ilamilton, Out	Longshorenien	:	**	Railway machinists Westport, Ont., and boilermakers. Edson, Alta.	Railway yardmen Hamilton, Ont.	Section men	Teamsters	=

SES	SIONA	AL I	PAP	ER N	o. 36					
275	270	250 6,000	30	30	85	120	520	292	50 10,000	150 450
275	135	250	99	10	17	9	52	73	20	150
4	-	ಣ	y-mi	-	-	-			***	1
6	ಲ	∞ 	7	13	21	17	1	61	:	8
Aug	June	Apri	June	Oct.	Feb. 16 Feb. 21	July	Mar.	July	:	Aug.
∞ •••	e	ن	9 91	97	, 16	y 12		y 18	. 26	y 31
Aug	Jun	Ma.	Jun	Oct	-Feb	Jul	Ma	Jul	[Api	Jul
In favour of employees.	In favour of employer June 1 June 3	In favour of employers., Mar. 6 April 8	Strikers partially suc-	In favour of employer Oct. 10 Oct. 13	A compromise	In favour of employer July 12 July 17	In favour of employer	la favour of employer. July 18 July 22	Unsettled at end of Apr. 26	In favour of employers July 31 Aug.
Negotiations between parties In favour of employees. Aug. 8 Aug. 9 4 275 concerned.	Work resumed	Places of strikers filled	Increase granted to some strik. Strikers partially suc. June 6 June 7	ers, praces or others inted. Places of strikers filled	Negotiations between parties A compromise	concerned. Work resumed	Conditions ceased to be affected In favour of employer Mar. 3 Mar	Work resumed	:	Places of strikers filled
For increase in wages	For increase in wages.	Street labourers Prince R upert, For increase in wages	For increase in wages	St. Thomas, Out. For increase in wages and im- Places of strikers filled	iscellaneous Trades Stoney Creek, Ont. For increase in wages	For increase in wages	For increase in wages,	For shorter hours	For higher wages and shorter Unsettled at end of year.	For increase in wages
Edmonton, Alta	Towanto Ont	Prince Rupert,	London, Ont.	St. Thomas, Out.	Stoney Creek, Ont.	:	:	Ottawa, Ont	St. George, B.C	:
=	Unskilled Labour— Railway construction Jabaners	Street labourers		:	Miscellaneous Trades Basket makers	Gas works employees Toronto, Ont	Hotel waiters Toronto, Ont	Pulp beaters	Pulp mill hands	Warehouse men Montreal, Que.

*Number not reported, but fifteen firms signed agreement with Bakers' Union.

NUMBER AND MAGNITUDE OF TRADE DISPUTES.

The following table shows the total number of employees so far as could be ascertained, involved in trade disputes during each month of 1911, including both old and new disputes each month.

Month.										
January February March April May June July Angust September October November December	2,134 4,424 9,143 13,007									

MAGNITUDE OF DISPUTES BY MONTHS 1911.

The following table shows the magnitude of trade disputes which were reported to the Department in 1911, according to the months in which they occurred:—

Magnitude.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total
25 to 50		1 1 1	1 1 1 2 2 1 2	1 3 1 	1 1 1 4 2 5 5 5 2 3 	1 1 5 3 3	3 3	1 1 2	1	1	1 1 1 1 1		3 2 5 5 10 17 19 15 14 7

MAGNITUDE OF DISPUTES BY YEARS 1902-11.

The following table shows the magnitude of trade disputes in Canada according to the number of employees involved during the years 1902 to 1911, inclusive.

Magnitude.	Year.													
	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	Tota			
		5	2		1	3	2	2	2	3	20			
,000 to 2,000	2	5	3 2	5	4 6	10	2	2	$\frac{2}{7}$	2 5	36 54			
500 to 1,000 300 to 500	8	10 9	$\frac{2}{9}$	4	6	ģ	9	6	2	5	67			
200 to 300	7	18	2	4	15	7	6	$\begin{bmatrix} \check{4} \end{bmatrix}$	9	10	85			
100 to 200	15	13	10	15	14	18	7	12	10	17	131			
50 to 100	21	29	15	17	29	28	12	10	4	19	18			
25 to 50	28	34	23	17	32	28	7	11	15	15	210			
6 to 25	37	36	35	21	30	31	15	14	15	14	248			
Inknown	4	1	2		1	5	2		5	17	3			
Total	123	160	103	87	138	146	66	68	71	107	1,069			

The following table shows the approximate number of employees affected each mouth by trade disputes which began during 1911.

NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES INVOLVED-19I1.

Month.	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES AFFECTED.							
MONTH.	Directly.	Indirectly.	Total.					
January Pebruary Varch April Vay Une Une Une Une Color Vovember December December	302 1,067 1,412 7,353 4,008 8,144 1,351 294 271 355 3,107	69 145 7 136 125 95 121 421 11	371 1,067 1,557 7,360 4,144 8,269 1,446 415 271 355 3,528 115					
Total	27,768	1,120	28,89					

From the above table it may be seen that the trade disputes which began in June affected a greater number of employees than in those which began in any other month.

About 521 firms or establishments were affected by strikes and lockouts which began in 1911, so far as they were reported to the Department.

Of these 456 were directly affected, and 65 indirectly. The following table shows the number involved according to the months in which they began.

NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS AFFECTED-1911.

No.	Number	Number of Firms Affecte						
Монтн.	Directly.	Indirectly.	Total.					
January January Jebruary March April May June July August Beptember Jectober Sovember	4 3 12 19 182 170 16 9 5 3 30 3	6 	8 3 12 19 188 170 16 12 55 3 32					
Total	456	65	521					

DISPUTES BY MONTHS 1902-11.

The following table shows the number of disputes which have occurred in each month during the past ten years, from which it may be seen that the greater number took place in the months of April, May and June:—

Months.	NUMBER OF DISPUTES.												
Months.	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	Total.		
January February March April May June July August September October November December	8 5 12 20 27 18 7 6 9 4 7	6 12 22 23 29 23 15 11 7 6 3 3	9 5 9 20 23 9 6 6 3 8 2	6 4 6 8 11 12 13 8 9 3 3 4	12 6 8 13 28 14 8 17 15 3 12 2	8 3 8 28 31 20 15 12 8 7 3 3	7 6 5 9 14 6 3 6 2 2 2 4	3 4 7 11 8 10 10 2 4 3 2	2 7 5 11 15 10 12 5 3 2 5 4	4 3 10 6 24 20 7 4 3 3 10 3	66 54 89 145 213 140 96 85 61 42 50 28		
Total	123	160	103	87	138	146	66	68	81	97	1069		

The following table shows the number of disputes in the various industries and trades, during the year 1911, according to the month in which they began.

BY TRADE GROUPS-1911.

Trades.	MUMBER OF DISPUTES.												
118000	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	\mathbf{June}	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
Agriculture Fishing Lumbering Mining Building Metal working and shipbuilding Woodworking & furnishing Textile trades Clothing trades	2	1	1 1 2	1 3	12	7	2	2			1 3 1	1	6 30 18 2 4 11
Food and tobacco prepara- tion Leather trades Printing and book binding Transport Unskilled labour Miscellaneous trades					14	2 2	1	1	1 2	1 1 1 1			3 1 12 4 6

DISPUTES BY TRADE GROUPS 1902-11.

The following table shows the number of disputes in the various groups of trades during each of the last ten years:—

, Trades.	NUMBER OF DISPUTES.											
rages.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	T'tl.	
Agriculture Building Metal Woodworking, lumbering and furnishing Textile Clothing Food and tobacco preparation. Leather. Printing and bookbinding Transport Longshoremen Mining Fishing Unskilled Miscellaneous. Total.	28 31 10 1 1 9 10 3 3 4 4 4 4 3 1 6 10	9 5 11 6 4 3 18 4 9 1 9 20 160	29 16 3 3 12 11 1 5 2 3 10	2 19 13 2 1 11 4 7 4 1 12 2 9	29 21 11 4 9 8 3 6 15 1 1 12 5	45 17 6 6 17 1 5 2 15 3 14 1 7 7	12 9 5 6 5 1 17 10 8 2	13 5 4 2 10 2 2 2 4 3 10 2 9 2 2	25 14 2 10 8 1 1 6 1 3 5 1	30 18 2 4 11 3 1 9 3 6 4 6	2 274 161 56 34 105 54 20 28 84 20 86 86 72	

NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES AFFECTED BY TRADE GROUPS 1911.

The following table shows approximately the number of employees affected by trade disputes during 1911, according to their respective trades and industries, including those disputes which began in the previous year and continued into 1911.

Industry or Trade.	Approximate number of Employees.
Mining Building trades Metal trades Woodworking trades Textile clothing Clothing trades Food and tobacco preparation Leather trades Transport Unskilled labour Miscellaneous trades	9,769 5,843 3,167 61 943 1,285 373 300 4,987 425 402
Total	27,555

DISPUTES FALLING UNDER INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, AND OTHERWISE.

The next two tables indicate respectively the number of strikes and lockouts which have occurred since 1902 in mines, transportation agencies and other public utilities, which come under the operation of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, and the number of strikes and lockouts during the same period in other industries, in which 100 or more employees were involved.

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS IN MINES, AGENCIES OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION, AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES IN CANADA 1902-1911.

Industry.	Year.												
	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	Total.		
Coal mines. Metal mines. Railways. Shipping. General transport. Other public utilities	7	6 1 7 6 8	4 1 1 2	8 2 1 2	11 2 8 5 1	9 2 4 4 9 2	7 2 4 1 2	9 1 1 3 3	6 1	6 1 5 4 3 1	64 12 42 30 32 7		
Total	15	28	8	15	30	30	16	17	8	20	187		

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS IN CANADA AFFECTING ONE HUNDRED OR MORE EMPLOYEES IN INDUSTRIES OTHER THAN MINES AND PUBLIC UTILITIES 1902-1911.

Industry.		Year.											
Thuisty.	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	Total.		
Agriculture Fishing. Lumbering. Building trades. Metal trades. Woodworking trades. Painting and allied trades. Textile trades. Clothing trades. Food and tabacco preparation. Leather trades. Unskilled labour Miscellaneous trades.	1 7 7 2 1	1 5 11 9 3 2 1 7 1	1 1 10 2 1	5 3 1 3 1 5	1 4 10 3 2 3 2	1 2 14 6 1	2 3 3 4	1 2 6 3 1 4 4	2 11 6 1 1 2 2 2	11 11 4 5 1	2 5 19 84 53 11 5 5 19 34 9 1 22 15		
Total	21	48	24	20	28	38	21	21	27	31	279		

DISPUTES BY PROVINCES 1911.

Of the 97 disputes which began in 1911, 41 took place in Ontario and 20 in Quebec. In Alberta there were 13, and in British Columbia 10, while more than one province was affected in two disputes. No strike or lockout was reported in Prince Edward Island. The following table shows the number of disputes by provinces according to the month in which they began:—

TRADE DISPUTES BY PROVINCES DURING 1911.

PROVINCE.	NUMBER OF DISPUTES.												
THOVING.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
Nova Scotia Prince Edward Island. New Brunswick. Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan. Alberta British Columbia. More than one province affected	3	1 2 	3 5	1 1 1*		3 7 7 3	3 2 2	1 1 2	1 2	1 1	6	1 1 1 1	1 20 41 6 13 19 2
Total	4	3	10	6	24	20	7	4	3	3	10	3	97

DISPUTES BY PROVINCES 1902-11.

The following table gives by provinces the number of trade disputes which have occurred during the past ten years:-

TABLE SHOWING TRADE DISPUTES IN CANADA ACCORDING TO PROVINCES FOR THE YEARS 1902. 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910 AND 1911.

Locality.					Numbe	er of Di	sputes				
Locanty.	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	Total
Nova Scotia. Prince Edward Island. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia. More than one province affected	12 2 7 20 65 8	7 33 83 1 5 24	7 2 31 52 4 1 4	7 5 21 32 9 2 10	8 24 61 9 13 12	12 8 29 71 6 1 6 11 23	3 6 19 26 1 1 1 3 6	6 1 12 26 7 1 6 8 1 ⁵	3 1 17 34 7 5 6 6 6	1 20 41 6 13 10 27	69 49 220 49 58 56 99
Total	123	160	3 03	87	138	146	66	68	81	97	1,069

First dispute affected Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta; second, affected same provinces with the addition of British Columbia.

^{*}This dispute affected the provinces of Alberta and British Columbia.
†This dispute affected the provinces of Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

²Dispute took place in Quebec and Ontario.

³One dispute took place in Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba, and the other in Alberta and British Columbia.

⁴Disputes affected all the provinces except Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia.

⁵Dispute took place in Alberta and British Columbia.

One dispute took place in Quebec and Ontario, and the other in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

One dispute took place in Alberta and British Columbia, and the other in Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

LOSS OF TIME IN WORKING DAYS 1911.

The following table shows the number of working days estimated to have been lost by employees through trade disputes in each month during 1911. From this it may be seen that the greatest loss occurred in the month of June, the next greatest loss having been in the month of July.

Month,	Approximate loss of time in working days.
anuary 'ebruary farch pril	39,500 226,000
fayuneulyugust	282,450 344,085 303,100 203,200 189,750
eptember Jovember Jecember	191,200 140,600 39,930

LOSS OF TIME BY DISPUTES 1911.

The following table shows the estimated loss of time in each branch of industry or trade during 1911.

Trade or Industry.	Approximate loss of time in working days
Mining . Building trades	1,592,800 285,904 32,633
Woodworking trades	557 18,123
Food and tobacco preparation Transport. Unskilled labour.	673 61,193 6,330
Miscellaneous trades Total	2,021,440

LOSS OF TIME BY DISPUTES 1901-1911.

The following table shows the approximate loss of time in working days through trade disputes in each year from 1901 to 1911, inclusive.

Year.	Approximate loss of time in working days.
	Cu4 202
1901	684,282
1902	163,125
1903	759,180
1904	278,956
1905	2014.0
	490,400
1906	200 000
1907	613,986
1908	718,443
909	872,000
910	718,745
	2,021,440
1911	2,021,990

CAUSES OF TRADE DISPUTES 1911.

The principal causes of strikes and lockouts which took place in Canada during 1911 are set forth in the following table, arranged according to the months in which they began.

					Nu	mber	of I	Dispu	tes.				
	Jan.	Peb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Angust.	Sept.	October.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
For increase in wages. Against reduction in wages. Delay in payment of wages. For payment of wages on legal holidays. For decrease in hours. For increase in wages and shorter hours. For increase in wages, shorter hours and				1	1 i 1	1	1	1			2	1 1 	42 7 1 1 3 1 3
For increase in wages and other changes. Against piece work system			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 1	1 1 1					1	i	• • • • •	1 2 4 1 5
against discharge of employees. Against employment of other than non- unionists. For discharge of employee and changes in condition of employment. Against discharge of employees Lockout on account of employees joining a			1			1			1				3
union. Against conditions of employment. Sympathetic. Dispute between unions Unclassified.					1	1 1 		1	• • • •	1	1 2 2	1	2 4 2 1 9
Total	-1	3	10	6	24	20	7	4	3	3	10	3	97

CAUSES OF TRADE DISPUTES 1902-11.

In the following table comparison is shown of the principal causes of strikes and lockouts which have taken place in Canada during the last ten years:—

()				:	Numbe	R OF D	SPUTES	١.			
Causes.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	Total.
For increase in wages	54 7 7	60 7 8	36 7 3	30 8 3	55 3 7	65 3 11	21 14 3	38 5 2	35 2	46 7 3	440 63 47
For increase in wages and decrease in hours	14 8	18 13	8 16	4 9	7 13	8 20	1	8	′ 6 9	7	73 110
Against conditions of employment. For recognition of union Sympathetic.	5 5 9 14	5 5 10 34	4 4 3 22	8 1 1 23	3 5 2 43	5 3 2 29	3 1 19	5 J	4 3 6 16	3 2 19	45 30 36 225
Unclassified	123	160	103	87	138	146	66	68	81	97	1,069

METHODS OF SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES 1911.

The following table illustrates the methods by which trade disputes were settled during 1911, according to the month in which they were terminated.

					Nux	iber	or D	ISPU	TES.				
Method.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
Arbitration Conciliation. Negotiations between parties concerned Places of strikers filled. Work resumed on employers' terms. Partly by negotiations, partly by filling of strikers' places. Demands of strikers granted without negotiations	3			1 2 2 2	3 12 2 4	 9 3	1 1	3 1	1 1	2 1	2 4 1 2	2	2 7 42 10 17 4
tiations. Partly by resumption of work, partly by filling of strikers' places. Work resumed pending investigation. Work resumed, employer not concerned Unsettled, or not reported				i				i		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1	3 1 3 9
Total	4	2	6	7	22	16	12	6	5	3	9	8	100

RESULTS OF TRADE DISPUTES 1911.

The following table shows the results of the strikes and lockouts which were in existence in Canada during 1911, according to the months in which they were terminated.

					Nus	BER	of I	Oispu	TES.				
Results.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
In favour of employers	1		i	i	5 9 6 1	4 3 4 1 1 3	2 3 5	2 2 1 1 	2 1 2	3	3 2 2 	2 4	33 21 24 3 2 17
Total	4	2	6	7	22	16	12	6	5	3	9	8	100

RESULTS OF TRADE DISPUTES 1902-11.

The following table shows the results of trade disputes in Canada, which have been in existence from 1902 to 1911, inclusive.

Results.				2	UMBER	of D	ISPUTES				
Teoting.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	Total.
In favour of employers	35 46 33	46 45 46	43 24 28 6	37 24 15	45 41 23 6	57 33 39 3	43 12 9	26 10 15 4	29 23 14 5	33 21 24 3	394 279 246 27
No change (employers not con- cerned)	4	10	9	1 10	3 22	3 16	5	14	13	2 17	9
Total	118	147	100	87	140	149	69	69	S4	100	1,075

From the above it may be seen that the employers were successful in 394 disputes, while the employees were successful in 279 and partly successful in twenty-seven disputes and 246 resulted in compromises. Most of the disputes which were entered under the above table as 'unsettled' were terminated in the following year.

CAUSES AND RESULTS OF TRADE DISPUTES 1911.

The following table contains analysis of the principal causes of the trade disputes which began in 1911, classified according to their results.

			R	ESULTS	3.		
Causes.	In favour of employers.	In favour of employees.	Settled by compromise.	Employees partially successful.	No change, employer not concerned.	Indefinite, unsettled, or terms not reported.	Total.
For increase in wages Against reduction in wages Delay in payment of wages For payment of wages on legal holidays For decrease in hours For increase in hours For increase in wages and shorter hours	1 1 1	11 2 1	11 1 1 	2		5 1 	42 7 1 1 3 1 3
For increase in wages, shorter hours and recognition of union. For increase in wages, shorter hours and other changes. For increase in wages and recognition of union. For increase in wages and other changes. Against piecework system. Against employment of non-unionists. Against employment of non-unionists, and against dis-	2	1 2	3		1	1 1 1	1 2 4 1 5
charge of employees Against employment of persons other than non-unionists. For discharge of employees and changes in conditions of employment. Against discharge of employees Lockout on account of employees joining a union Against conditions of employment. Sympathetic.	1 2 2 1	1	1 2			1	1 3 1 2 2 4 2
Dispute between unions Unclassified Total	31	21	23	3	2	5 17	97

VII.—INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS IN CANADA, 1911.

The record of industrial accidents maintained by the Department during the calendar year of 1911 shows that 1,084 workmen were either killed or fatally injured, while 2,146 received serious injuries.

The first two of the statistical tables given below show the number of fatal and non-fatal industrial accidents occurring throughout Canada in 1911, analysed by months.

The next following table shows the record, by industries and groups of trades, of the fatal and non-fatal accidents occurring yearly since 1904. From this table it will be seen that the greatest number of fatalities occur in the steam railway service, and that the largest number of non-fatal accidents occur in the metal trades. This has been the case in each of the preceding years for which statistics are available. In the number of fatal accidents agriculture stood second and mining third, and in the number of non-fatal accidents the steam railway service stood second and agriculture third.

The information of greatest practical importance brought out by these statistics is that relating to the causes of the various fatal and non-fatal accidents. The entire return has been prepared with the primary object of revealing the circumstances from which danger most frequently occurs to workingmen and in connection with which remedial measures are chiefly desirable. It may be noted for example, that during the year past 55 out of a total of 81 fatalities, and 137 out of 210 non-fatal accidents, occurred in the building trades were the results of falls, in connection with which it might be stated that two workmen were killed and 26 received serious injuries owing to the collapse of scaffolds. Under the heading of navigation, 77 out of 96 fatalities were drownings, and 15 out of 39 non-fatal accidents the result of falling material. In the steam railway service, 61 out of 178 employees met death as the result of being run over, and of the non-fatal accidents 53 out of 261 were caused by falling from trains. In the fishing industry, 19 fishermen were drowned; and in the metal trades 36 workmen were electrocuted.

The most disastrous accidents during the year entailing the death of two or more workpeople, and of which special mention was made in The Labour Gazette, were recorded under the heading of navigation, the worst being the foundering of the barque Antigua in the lower St. Lawrence on November 16, on which occasion twelve of the ship's crew were drowned. A second shipwreck occurred on July 25, when 11 sailors of the crew of the collier Irwin were drowned, the steamer foundering in a gale off Beaver Light, N.S. On August 21 a third disastrous shipwreek occurred when the tug Albatross foundered in a gale on Georgian Bay, on which occasion nine sailors were drowned. The Mining industry stood next on the list of industries in which the most disastrous single accidents occurred, on January 3, cight miners met death in a mine explosion at Florence, N.S. There were four ethor occasions on which six persons met death, two of which were recorded under navigation, one under railway construction and the other in the fishing industry. There were four accidents on each of which occasions five persons were killed while four persons met death on five other occasions. There were six accidents in each of which three persons met death, and 26 accidents in which two workpeople were either killed, injured to such an extent that death subsequently ensued, or drowned.

Table of Fatal Industrial Accidents in Canada, 1911.

				Nun	nber o	Accid	ents A	ceordin	Number of Accidents According to Months.	fonths.			
Trade or Industry.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
Agriculture Lumbering Limbering Mining Mining Mining Building trades Metal trades Woodworking trades Textile trades Clothing trades Clothing trades Clothing trades Clothing trades Railway service Masigation Mavigation Charle trades Railway strades Mayoree Mailway service Clothing trades Mayorelianeous trades Clothing trades Mailway service Clothing trades Mayorelianeous trades Clothing trades Mayorelianeous trades Clothing trades Mayorelianeous trades Clothing trades Miscellaneous trades	20002640 HUU BUU 84	7	8451255 H- 87-20511	4632362 H 364-08	t-7t-20mmm	5	11 11232 - 1 2282327	11401880171 11173202462	01 040041 11 1100 000	12 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	111224722222222222222222222222222222222	217973 11 77 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	22 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	06	33	113	4.6	39	35	98	109	5	102	86	84	1,084

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Table of Non-Fatal Industrial Accidents in Canada, 1911.

				Numb	er of A	Number of Accidents According to Months.	ts Acc	ording	to Mo	aths,			
Trade or Industry.	Jan.	Feb	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
Agriculture Fishing and hunting Lumbering Mining Mining Building trades Building trades Woodworking trades Printing trades Printing trades Cotching trades Food and tobacco preparation Food and tobacco preparation Railway service Navigation General transport Street railway service Navigation General transport Street railway service Wallway service Wallway construction	2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	71 :222 - 23 m	8 188288 - 2222 E 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	# 000000000000000000000000000000000000	F 470%0 F-1388702048	# 846644 NH HH#8669	21 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	H 840850 0 1 8474H381	F-10000000 1224 12201-1-004	2 11082221-120-81-220-121	© ∞0%%¥ 00% − % ← I ∪ 0 0 4 4	E1 x 4 E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	197 197 197 198 198 198 198 198 198 198 198 198 198
	206	197	260	121	133	112	199	151	125	253	196	193	2,146

FATAL AND NON-FATAL ACCIDENTS IN CANADA BY TRADES 1904-1911.

tal.	Non-Fatal.	2,145 1,092 1,1909 1,1909 1,1909 1,1909 1,1909 1,1909 1,430	
Total.	Fatal.	1,466 1,065 1,065 13 388 888 878 677 670 103 103 103 103 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104	0,010
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1911	Fatal.		1,003
.0	Non-Fatal.	332 333 34 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113	, CO (**
1910.	Fatal.	138 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	1,000
ę;	Non-Fatal.	374 1181 1181 1181 1183 1183 1183 1183 118	27.6
1909	Fatal.	13.00 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1,2,1
oci	Non-Fatal	291 115 115 116 116 116 116 117 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118	1305
1908	Estal	293 37 113 113 1148 63 63 63 63 63 64 64 65 7 7 7 10 7 10 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	3,512
7.	Non-Fatal.	295 226 227 237 237 241 241 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257	4,100
1907.	Fatal.	209 1111 181 182 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1,000,1
9	Non-Fatal.	262 272 272 273 273 273 273 273 273 273 27	(22)
1906	Fatal.	115 115 115 117 117 117 117 117 117 117	1,1VI
	Non-Fatal.	2.36 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.5	7,001
1905.	Fatal.	132 132 140 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 15	Carre
	Non-Fatal.	121 117 117 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 11	1,16.1
1904	Fatal	890 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	200
	Trades.	Agriculture Fishing and hunting. Manubering Maine Railway construction. Building trades. Moodworking trades. Woodworking trades. Textile trades. Fextile trades. Tood and tobacco preparations. Leather trades. Transportation steam railway service. Plectro railway service. Miscellaneous transport Miscellaneous trades. Unskilled labour.	

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CAUSES OF ACCIDENTS—AGRICULTURAL INDUSTRY.

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CAUSES OF ACCIDENTS FISHING AND HUNTING.

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CAUSES OF ACCIDENTS -BUILDING TRADES.

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Explosion of gas in a tunnel.

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of a gasoline torch.

CAUSES OF ACCIDENTS—METAL TRADES.

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* Explosion of chemicals in a trunk, when being handled by baggagemen.

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VIII.—THE DISTRIBUTION OF LABOUR GAZETTE AND OTHER PUBLICATIONS.

The Labour Gazette, with some exceptions, is mailed from the Government Printing Bureau, under the supervision of the Department of Labour, this work necessitating the preparation of a mailing list and its constant revision, also the enclosing and addressing of copies of the Gazette each month to names and addresses given on the mailing list. To expedite delivery, the copies of the Gazette are sorted and distributed into mail bags, suitably labelled, for their destination in the several localities throughout the Dominion.

In addition to copies of the Gazette mailed regularly each month to subscribers or as exchanges, &c., copies of the Gazette are sent out from time to time as samples. Single copies are also mailed from day to day in reply to requests for the same, or in connection with answers sent by the Department to inquiries on subjects which may have been dealt with, either in part or whole, in the Labour Gazette, but a limited number of all copies already issued is kept on file for the same purpose.

During the fiscal year 1911-12, copies of the individual numbers contained in Volume XI-XII of the Labour Gazette to the number 179,925 were distributed, 150,680 in English and 22,558 in French, also 5,035 copies in English and 1,652 in French of individual numbers of the Gazette of previous years or an average monthly distribution of 14,993.

In addition to copies of the Labour Gazette distributed there were mailed from the Department 180 copies of bound volumes of the Labour Gazette; 1,775 copies of the Annual Report of the Department; seven copies of the Report and Evidence of the Royal Commission appointed to investigate the cause of Industrial disputes in British Columbia: thirty-three copies of the Report of the Royal Commission appointed to inquire into inflex of Italian Labourers into Montreal and alleged fraudulent practices of emplayment agencies: 73 copies of the Report of the Royal commission appointed to inquire into dispute between the Bell Telephone Company and its operators at Toronto; 334 copies of the Report of the Royal Commission appointed to inquire into losses sustained by Chinese population of Vancouver, B.C., by riots, September, 1907; 337 copies of the Report of the Royal Commission appointed to inquire into losses sustained by the Japanese population of Vancouver, B.C., by riots, September, 1907; 271 copies of the Royal Commission appointed to inquire into the methods by which Oriental Labourers have been induced to come to Canada; 270 copies of Report of the Deputy Minister of Labour on mission to England to confer with British authorities on the subject of immigration to Canada from Orient; ninety-one copies of the Report of the Royal Commission appointed to inquire into the Industrial Disputes in the cotton factories of the Province of Quebec; thirty-eight Reports on methods adopted in Canada in the carrying out of Government Clothing Contracts, 1889; six copies of Report of the Investigation in England of alleged fraudulent practices to induce printers to come to Canada: 132 copies of the Report on the need for the suppression of the Opium Traffic in Canada, 1908; 53 copies of the Report by Deputy Minister of Labour, on Industrial conditions in the Coal Fields of Nova Scotia, 1909; 953 copies of 'Wholesale Prices in Canada, 1900-1909, inclusive,' 660 copies of 'Wholesale Prices, 1910,' 5,606 copies of 'Comparative Prices, Canada and United States, 1906-11, inclusive; 520 copies of 'Wholesale Prices in Canada, 1911,; 126 copies of the Report of the proceedings of the Special Committee of the House of Com-36 - 63

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mons to which was referred 'Bill 21' an Act respecting hours of labour on Public Works, 1909-10; 204 copies of the Report of Special Committee of the House of Commons to which was referred 'Bill 2' an Act respecting Industrial and Co-operative Societies, 1906-09; 257 copies of Conciliation and Labour Act, 1906; 1,311 copies of Industrial Disputes and Investigation Act, 1907; 8,000 copies of Indices to Volume XI and other volumes of the Labour Gazette, and in addition to the distribution several reports, &c., communications in the nature of miscellaneous publication, documents, bills, circular letters, Acts of Parliament, copies of the Hansard, forms, and other matter of one kind and another were distributed to the number of 3,316, making a total in all of 203,693 separate communications or publications distributed by the Department through its Distribution Office, in addition to the correspondence of other branches of the Department, during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1912, or an average monthly distribution of 16,974 publications, &c.

The following table is arranged to show by months the number and nature of the publications, &c., distributed from the Distribution Office of the Department during the fiscal year, 1911-12.

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Name of Publication.		Report by Deputy Minister of Labour, on Industrial conditions in the coal fields of Nova Scotia, 1909. Wholesale Prices in Canada 1909-1909, inclusive. Wholesale Prices, 1910	Comparative Prices, Canada and the United States, 1906-11. Wholesale Prices in Canada, 1911.	Proceedings of Special Committee of the House of Commons to which was referred "Bill" 21. An Act respecting hours of labour on public works, 1990-18 of Special Committee of the House of Commons to which was referred "Bill" No. 2. An Act respecting Industrial and Co-oper-	ative Societies, 1906-09 Copies of Conciliation and Labour Act, 1906	Objest of Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907. Miscellaneous publications, documents, Bills, Acts of Parliament, circular	Copies of the Index to Vol. XI of the Labour Gazette

Total publications, &c., mailed and distributed through the Distribution Office during the fiscal year 1911-12.

IX.—THE CIRCULATION OF THE LABOUR GAZETTE.

The Labour Gazette is published in both English and French, which necessitates the keeping of separate mailing lists and the printing of all notices and forms in both languages. The number of paid subscriptions to the Gazette received during the past fiscal year was 6.777, the total paid circulation on the 31st of March, 1912, being 8.840. All subscriptions were promptly entered and remittances acknowledged. The customary subscription notices and renewal forms were forwarded from month to month and mailing lists corrected and revised as occasion required. In addition to maintaining the regular list of subscribers, many sample copies were sent out from the Department during the year.

In connection with the circulation of the *Labour Gazette* for the twelve months ending March 31, 1912, 6,812 letters were received and acknowledged, 4,903 of which had reference to subscriptions to the *Labour Gazette*, 401 to a change of address on the part of subscribers, and 1,508 to other matters.

For the same period, 27.794 pieces of mail matters were despatched from the circulation branch, representing 24,006 communications containing notices, accounts, or receipts for subscriptions; 1.493 other communications in connection with the circulation of the *Gazette* and 2,295 parcels.

During the fiscal year 1911-12 the average monthly circulation of the *Labour Gazette* was 14,248 copies, of which 9.478 were on account of paid circulation,* and 4,770 to persons on the free and exchange lists.

The following figures will show the total circulation of the Gazetle as it was on the last day of each of the fiscal years during the period from 1900 to 1912.

MABLE SHOWING CIRCULATION OF THE 'LABOUR GAZETTE' AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR FROM 1900 TO 1912 INCLUSIVE.

Year.	Annual Subscrip- tions.	Free and Exchange Distribu- tion.	Total Circulation.
1900-1 1901-2 1902-3 1903-4 1904-5 1905-6 1906-7 1906-7 1908-9 1909-10 1910-11 1911-12	4,391 5,648 7,748 7,361 6,645 7,547 8,033 9,033 9,338 9,426 10,635 8,840	2,158 2,722 3,046 3,553 3,717 3,987 4,105 4,320 4,472 4,778 4,778 4,799 4,713	6,549 8,370 10,794 10,914 10,362 11,534 12,138 13,353 13,810 14,204 14,834 13,553

^{*} The actual number of paid subscribers at the end of the fiscal year, March 31, was 8,840.

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

The following summary will show by Provinces the number of paid subscriptions to the Labour Gazette at the end of the fiscal year, March 31, 1912.

Nova Scotia	729
New Brunswick	256
Prince Edward Island	31
Quebec	2,322
Ontario	3,198
Manitoba	536
Saskatchewan	445
Alberta	589
British Columbia	546
The Territories	7
The British Empire (other than Canada)	53
Foreign countries	128
Total	8.840
Total	0,010

FREE AND EXCHANGE LISTS.

Under the head of copies of the Labour Gazette sent as exchanges are included Labour Gazette sent to public departments of the governments both Federal and Provincial, in this and other countries, and to the publishers of trade papers and labour journals in exchange for their publications. On the free list are included copies sent to members of both Houses of Parliament, commercial agents, immigration agents, public libraries, boards of trade, libraries of educational institutions, local newspapers and the officers of organizations who supply from time to time information requested by the department. The following summary will show the number of copies mailed monthly on account of exchange and free lists:—

Exchange List.

Departments of Governments (including Federal, Provincial, British and foreign Governments and their		
officers)	423	
Trade papers and labour journals	140	
Trade papers and labour journals	110	
Free List.		
Public libraries and libraries of educational institutions	213	
Members of the House of Commons	221	
Members of the Scnate	87	
Boards of Trade	273	
Newspapers	1,056	
Miscellancous	87	
· <u> </u>		2,500
Labour organizations—		
Nova Scotia	140	
Prince Edward Island	7	
New Brunswick	76	
Quebec (copies, English and French)	458	
Ontario	749	
Manitoba	130	

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SaskatchewanAlberta	
The Territories	1
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Total	4,713

REVENUE OF THE LABOUR GAZETTE,

The revenue of the Labour Gazette is derived from the sale of single and bound copies and from annual subscriptions. Single copies are supplied at the rate of 3 cents each, or 20 cents per dozen. Bound volumes of the Gazette, including the issues of each year, are sold at the rate of 75 cents per copy. The annual subscription rate is 20 cents, or when more than twelve copies are taken by the same person or institution 15 cents.

The following statement of receipts from subscriptions, and from the sale of single and bound copies of the *Gazette* during the fiscal year 1911-12 shows that the net revenue derived from this source amounted to \$1.397.95.

Statement of the Revenue of the Labour Gazette for the Fiscal Year ended March 31, 1912.

Amount received from subscriptions to Labour Gazette	\$ 1,340.15
Sale of single and bound copies	76.22
Amount received up to June 30, 1911 for subscriptions to the	
Labour Gazette which has been held pending the identifica-	
tion of the remitters, and which is now being paid into revenue,	
as no claims have been presented for same	1.90
-	
	\$1,418.27

LESS.

Commission on	subscriptions	and	Fees	paid	for	postal	notes
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\$1,397.95

X.—THE LIBRARY OF THE DEPARTMENT.

During the last fiscal year, there were added to the Library of the Department over two hundred books, aside from reports, &c., received from the government of various countries. These were upon subjects of general interest, although technical education was again especially dealt with. The indexing of several hundred pamphlets was also completed, necessitating the writing of nearly a thousand index cards. The Library now contains a fairly complete file of the official journals of all the important trade unions of the United States and Canada, the official organs of the labour bureaus of the world, and a large number of government reports and other publications on subjects relating to industrial problems, besides general works of reference and theory. A matter which received some attention during the year was the compilation of bibliographies on topics of current interest. These bibliographies do not claim to be complete, nor do they contain all that the Department possesses on the subjects, but are rather a selection of the more important material in order to facilitate research along certain lines. Incorporated in the present report are two such bibliographies which may be of interest, relating respectively to Employment of Women and Industrial Conciliation and Arbitration.

Employment of Women.

General Works.—Annuals of the American Academy of Political & Social Science. Economic Function of Women. Vol. V, 1894-5, p. 361. Meson, O. T. Woman's Share in Primitive Culture. New York, 1910. New Zealand Journal of the Department of Labour, Industrial Position of Women, 1899, p. 489, Economic Position of Women, 1900, p. 971, More Truth about Women in Industry, 1905, p. 192. Schreiner, Olive, Woman and Labour. New York, 1911. Tuckwell, Gertrude, Women's Opportunity. Woman's Trade Union League, London, 1898.

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FIFTH REPORT

OF THE

REGISTRAR OF BOARDS OF CONCILIATION AND INVESTIGATION

OF THE PROCEEDINGS UNDER

THE INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907

BEING FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 1912.

(Being an Appendix to the Annual Report of the Department of Labour.)

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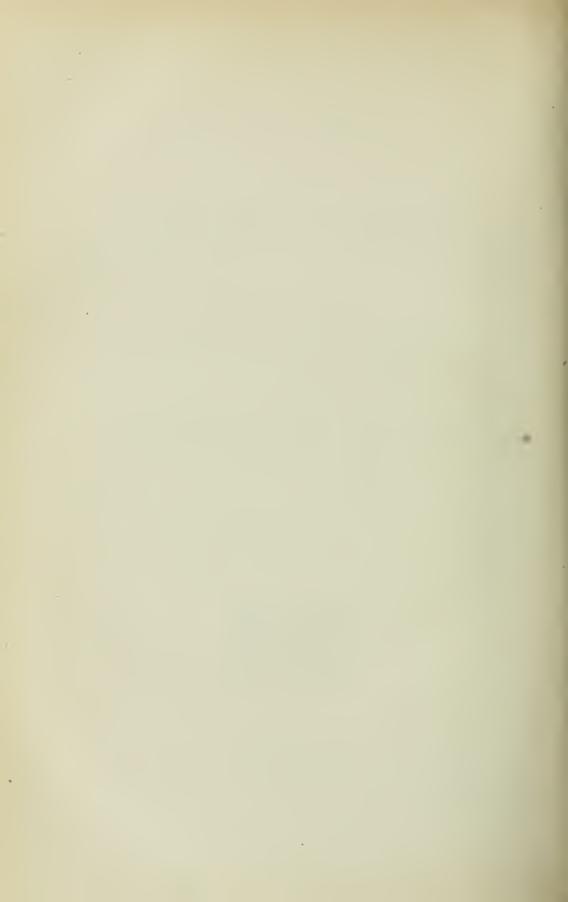


OTTAWA

PRINTED BY C. H. PARMELEE, PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY

1912

[No. 36a-1913.]



Оттаwa, June 19, 1912.

To the Honourable T. W. Crothers, B.A., K.C., Minister of Labour.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit a Report of Proceedings under the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1912.

F. A. Acland, Registrar of Boards of Conciliation and Investigation.



Department of Labour, Ottawa, June 15, 1912.

The Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, had been at the close of the past fiscal year in operation for five years, the measure having been in force from March 22, 1907. During the fiscal year 1911-12 there have been 18 disputes involving procedure under the statute and in 15 of these disputes Boards have been established. The record of the year brings to a total of 124 the number of disputes dealt with under the provisions of the Act during the period of five years. In 14 of these disputes the procedure has failed to avert the strike which in each case had been declared to be imminent; 4 of the 14 strikes in question took place during the fiscal year 1911-12. Of the 18 disputes referred under the Act during the past year three were adjusted by mutual agreement while communications looking to the establishment of a Board were passing between the Department and the respective parties. One further dispute figures in the record of the year, the proceedings having been continued over from the preceding fiscal year; this will explain why the statistical record places at 19 the disputes dealt with during the year while the number of applications received during the same year stands at 18. It may be added that correspondence took place as to numerous other disputes in connection with which no formal action was necessary.

The general interest in the proceedings under the Act, which has been noticeable from its inception, has not shown any sign of slackening during the past year. Requests have continued to reach the Department from many different points for information on the subject. It will be remembered that the report of the proceedings for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1911, was printed for the first time in the form of a separate appendix to the annual report of the Department, and occasion was taken to include in the report not only a complete statement of operations for the fiscal year then past, 1910-11, but a somewhat comprehensive review also of operations from the inception of the statute. Copies of the report thus issued have been found a particular convenience in providing inquirers with the information desired. The plan inaugurated last year of printing under separate cover the statement of proceedings under the Act has been continued for the year 1911-12 because of its various conveniences. The Act requires that all reports or minority reports made by Boards or members of Boards established under its provisions shall be printed in the Labour Gazette, the official monthly publication of the Department of Labour, and shall be included also in the annual report of the Department of Labour. The various reports of this nature received in the Department during the year have been accordingly printed from month to month in the Labour Gazette and are now included in the present report, the official statement being in each case preceded by brief explanatory remarks.

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

The disputes dealt with under the Act during the year were distributed among different industries as follows, namely:—

Coal mining	2
Metal mining	1
Railways	10
Street railways	1
Commercial telegraphers	1
Telephone workers	I
Electrical workers	2
Boot and shoe making	I
	19

The various classes of railway labour concerned in the ten disputes in the above list credited to railways were the following, namely: section men, car men, machinists, boilermakers, telegraphers, telephone operators, tower men, station agents, maintenance-of-way men, coal handlers, cable men, repair men, hoist men, engineers, firemen, baggagemen, checkers, chuckers, yardmen, stores men, sleeping and dining car employees, accountants, freight handlers and freight clerks. Usually several of these different classes were represented in a single dispute. The number of employees concerned in the 19 disputes dealt with during the year was 37,626.

THE WESTERN COAL MINES DISPUTE.

Of the four disputes included in the above list, occurring during the year and in which a strike was not averted, the most important was that affecting the coal mines of Eastern British Columbia and Southern Alberta. In this dispute coal miners, numbering approximately 7,000, were concerned, and the strike resulting being prolonged for many months, a serious shortage of coal was threatened and was to some extent realized in the latter months of the year. The action taken by the Government in remitting the coal duties during the continuance of the strike no doubt contributed to lessening the severity of the inconvenience to the public. The parties concerned in the dispute, the Western Coal Operators' Association on the one hand, and the United Mine Workers' Association representing the employees on the other hand, did not in the first place avail themselves of the machinery provided under the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act and it is therefore not possible to state whether the application of the principles of the Act would have availed to render unnecessary the recourse to a strike. Operations at the mines had been conducted under agreement, which expired on March 31, 1911. For some weeks prior to this date negotiations had been proceeding at Calgary looking to the making of a new agreement under which work would be continued. The Department had drawn the attention of Companies and miners to the applicability of the statute and had submitted the apparent advantages, in the event of a new agreement not being reached prior to the termination of the old agreement, of recourse to the machinery provided by the Act; it must be added that both operators and miners had in various ways become fairly eognizant of the nature of the Act from its inception in 1907 and had each been at various times in touch with the Department as to the various phases of the statute.

It will be of some interest to state briefly the facts on this point:—Since the passage of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, there have been three disputes between the Western Coal Operators' Association and the Miners (1) At about the date of the enactment of the statute in March 1907 the mining Companies and miners operating in this district were nearing the close of the then existing agreement. The nature of the law newly placed on the statute books had not become generally known when, on March 31, 1907, the working agreement expired. The enactment of the Act immediately prior to this date did not result in averting the strike, work ceasing from March 31, 1907. A week or two later operators and miners showed a disposition to test the machinery of the new law and a Board was established, the strike being however continued pending efforts that followed at conciliation and during the investigation. An agreement was brought about by the general efforts of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation and the efforts of the then Deputy Minister of Labour, who spent some time at the scene of the dispute. The strike had lasted about two months. The agreement concluded extended until March 31, 1909. (2) In March 1909 the situation resembled that of March 1907. Negotiations between the coal operators and the miners failed to bring about a renewal agree-The nature of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act was now generally known to both parties. An official of the Department had been moreover despatched to the scene of the dispute and made formal representations to both parties on the subject. Neither side appears to have endeavoured to cause the differences to be referred under the provisions of the Act; the Department at least received no request for a Board or for action under the terms of the statute. Work ceased from March 31, 1909. After the strike had lasted some weeks the miners called for a Board and an investigation followed. The recommendations of the Board were not definitely accepted by either party but conferences followed which resulted in an agreement being reached closely on the lines of the Board's report. The strike lasted from April 1 to July 1. The new agreement extended to March 31, 1911. (3) During March 1911 the impending lapse of the working agreement again caused negotiations between operators and miners. An official of the Department of Labour was present and by the Minister's instruction placed the good offices of the Department at the disposal of the contending parties, and was also authorized to assist in expediting procedure under the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, should it be decided to refer the dispute for adjustment in this way. No action in this direction was however taken by the parties concerned until after the cessation of work brought about by the dispute. Work ceased as before from March 31. An application for a Board was later (April 13) made by representatives of the miners, and an enquiry occurred, the strike continuing however meantime. The report of the Board. accompanied by a minority report, was received early in July. The Board had failed to secure an agreement and made recommendations for settlement; these recommendations were not however accepted. The strike continued until, in October, the Honourable Robert Rogers, Minister of the Interior, being in the vicinity of the dispute, brought about a renewal of negotiations, which resulted in an agreement signed on November 17 and to continue in force until March 31, 1915; work was resumed November 20, 1911. The strike had in this case lasted nearly eight months. The matters in dispute were set forth with much fullness in the Board's reports, majority and minority, which are printed in the following pages. The questions at issue in the dispute were many, involving a general schedule of wages at a higher figure than had been previously paid but there is considerable ground for the view that the point on which it was most difficult to effect an understanding was the degree of recognition to be granted by the operators to the Union. Recognition, in a general sense, had been of course long since conceded by the operators and successive agreements had been

made between the mining Companies and the officials of the Union, but, on each occasion, various phases of the question of recognition had been mainly responsible for certain delay in reaching the agreement. This aspect of the dispute of last year is discussed at some length in the report presented by the Chairman of the Board (Rev. Dr. Gordon) on which was placed the task of attempting the

adjustment of the coal dispute of 1911.

It is not of course possible to state whether or not the prolonged strike of 1911 in the Western coal mines would have been averted if the principles involved in the statute, those of conciliation and investigation, could have been given the free play which the statute intends, but in view of the repeated failures of the parties concerned to effect an agreement outside the terms of the statute, it is not perhaps unreasonable to conclude that, when the time comes to renew the present agreement March 31, 1915, the operators and miners will each incline more favourably to a formal reference of their differences under the terms of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act. It may be added that the clause in the agreement of November 1911 provided for the reference of minor differences arising during the life of the agreement to a Committee consisting of the Commissioner of the Western Coal Operators' Association and the President of District No. 18 U.M.W.A., with an independent Chairman if necessary, such independent Chairman to be chosen by the other members of the Committee if possible, and if not possible then a Chairman to be named by the Minister of Labour. On several occasions since the conclusion of the 1911 agreement disputes of the nature in question have arisen and the Minister of Labour has been twice requested to name an independent Chairman and has complied with the request. So far as the Department has been informed the decisions of the Committee have been accepted.

THE COAL STRIKE AT SPRINGHILL.

A notable dispute which figured during the past fiscal year, and in which a strike had also been declared, was that of the coal miners employed at Springhill, N.S., by the Cumberland Railway and Coal Company. The strike here involved had continued for the almost unprecedented (in Canada) period of 22 months, commencing in August 1909, and closing only in May, 1911. The strike was one of a number which had occurred in connection with the coal industries of Nova Scotia, arising largely out of friction between rival trade organizations to which the employees belonged, this dispute, as in the case of that occurring in Western Canada and mentioned above, involving something of the question of union recognition; in the Nova Scotia dispute however the point at issue was not, as in Western Canada, as to the degree of recognition that should be conceded, but whether recognition of any kind should be granted. It is not necessary here to recite the precise circumstances; in earlier reports of proceedings under the statute the facts have been set forth fully. It was pointed out in a previous report bearing on the operations of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act that disputes arising directly out of union recognition were peculiarly difficult of adjustment and have proved hardly susceptible to ordinary methods of conciliation. Inquiry into such disputes shows that agreement can be reached only by the abandonment on one side or the other of the matter of contention, This statement is sustained there being no ground for a common point of view. again by the result of the protracted struggle at Springhill when work was resumed without any agreement on the point mainly at issue,—that of union recognition. The strike at Springhill differs from that occurring in Western Canada in one important respect, the Springhill strike, declared in August 1909, did not begin until the matters in dispute had been passed upon by a Board of

Conciliation and Investigation, the requirements of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act having been thus formally met; whilst as the paragraphs above printed have made it clear, the dispute in Western Canada was not referred

to a Board until some time after work in the mines had ceased.

The loss by enforced idleness in these two strikes alone reaches very large figures; other illustrations might be given were it necessary to illustrate further the important part played in trade disputes within the past year by this question of union recognition. Generally it may be remarked that the 98 strikes in all industries reported to the Department of Labour as having occurred during the calendar year 1911 include not less than 15 cases in which union recognition or some aspect of the same was an important factor. These eases are treated in the report of the Department proper.

PROCEEDINGS STAYED BY INJUNCTION.

A dispute which requires mention in these remarks because of the judicial proceedings to which it gave rise was that between the Montreal Street Railway Company and its employees. The application was made on behalf of the employees who alleged dismissals by the Company showing discrimination against employees who had been members of the local Union, then recently formed, of the International Street Railway Employees' organization. Objection had been raised by the Company as to certain points of procedure but the Company had named a member of the Board and the Board was fully constituted, as it is believed, under the terms of the Act. The application was received on July 15, 1911, and a meeting of the Board, duly established, was called for August 15. On that date the Chairman of the Board was served with a petition for a writ of injunction asking that proceedings before the Board should be forbidden by the courts as being ultra vires, the petition in question being presented on behalf of the Montreal Street Railway Company. On August 15 judgment was given on this petition, directing the maintenance of the statu quo. On October 27 the Chairman of the Board was served with a copy of a judgment of the Superior Court. Montreal, authorizing the granting of a writ of prohibition against further procedure by the Board until final judgment had been rendered on the point raised by the Montreal Street Railway Company, relative to the constitutionality or unconstitutionality of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act 1907, under which the Board in this matter had been constituted. The court proceedings in the matter had not been further advanced at the end of the fiscal year, and at present date of writing, so far as the Department has been able to learn, the judgment of the court has not been rendered. In the meantime there was no interruption of work on the part of employees concerned in the application, and the danger of a strike, which the applicants believed to exist, appears to have passed away.

The question raised in the proceedings at Montreal, as to the constitutionality of the Act, is necessarily of the highest importance; at the request of the Minister of Labour the Department of Justice undertook the defence of the constitutionality of the statute and counsel was duly instructed in the matter. In the meantime, as the present report will show, procedure under the Act was not generally affected and the question of constitutionality was not raised in

the case of any other dispute.

PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE ACT.

It will be interesting to glance in these introductory pages at the following points:

(1) The more important adjustments effected under the statute;

(2) The four several strikes which action under the Act did not avert or end:

(3) The proceedings under the Act during the five years from March 22,

1907, to March 31, 1912.

Then will follow the statistical summaries and re-capitulatory tables and the formal statements called for under the Act containing the text of all Board reports received during the year.

Some Important Adjustments.

A dispute which threatened serious public inconvenience concerned the Great North Western Telegraph Company of Canada and its telegraph operators, involving wages, hours and other conditions of employment, also alleging discrimination against certain employees on account of their connection with the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America. The number of operators concerned in this matter was 200 directly and 1,100 indirectly. The report was signed by all three members of the Board, Messrs. Markey and Campbell each dissenting, on one point. The Department was subsequently informed of the acceptance of the Board findings by the Company and the employees affected.

The Board established to deal with a dispute between the Canadian Northern Coal and Ore Dock Company Limited of Port Arthur, Ont., and its employees, succeeded in bringing about a settlement effective for one year from the 1st of May, with provision for conference to renew an agreement for the ensuing year. The number of employees affected was given as 150 directly and 200 indirectly. The dispute concerned wages, compensation for overtime, and alleged discrimination on the Company's part against members of the Coal Handlers' Union. The agreement was reached by mutual concessions before the Board.

A joint dispute between the cities of Port Arthur and Fort William and their respective electrical employees resulted in the conclusion of an agreement between the parties for one year, to continue in force from year to year thereafter unless three months' notice of its termination was given by either party on or before April 1 of any year. The matters in dispute related to wages, hours, overtime, hours of payment, and alleged discrimination. The number of employees affected was given as 32 directly and 66 indirectly. In acknowledging receipt of the Board findings the City Clerk of Fort William stated that the same had been presented to the City Council at a meeting held on July 1 and that 'the members had expressed themselves as being entirely in accord with the award of the Board of Conciliation, and, as far as known, the terms of the award are perfectly satisfactory to the men. In acknowledging receipt of your report I was instructed to convey to your Department the thanks of the Council for the successful adjustment of this dispute between the electrical workers and this city.'

A dispute between the Pere Marquette Railway Company and its maintenance-of-way employees, to the number of 140, was settled before a Board by agreement on the several points at issue, which included wages, hours, and other conditions of employment. Following the publication of the Board findings a set of rules and rates of pay governing the Company's section foremen and section men in Canada was promulgated by the Company in the terms of the Board report. A letter was received in the Department from the employees'

representative stating that 'the employees of said Pere Marquette Railway

are well pleased and satisfied with the report of the Board.'

Three disputes, in connection with which applications had been made for the establishment of Boards, were settled whilst proceedings were under way looking to the establishment of such Boards. (1) One of these disputes grew out of a reduction in wages among the section men employed by the Michigan Central Railway Company, 1.200 to 1.400 in number. Whilst communications were passing between the Department and the parties concerned relative to the granting of a Board an officer of the Department of Labour proceeded to St. Thomas and conferred with the parties. As a result the Company restored the scale of wages which had existed prior to May 1, 1911, and announced its willingness to re-engage its former employees, of whom a number had ceased work by way of protest against the Company's action. (2) Some differences occurred between the Quebec Central Railway Company and its telegraph and station employees, to the number of 70, growing out of a demand on the part of the latter for the adoption of a new schedule of rules and rates of pay. An officer of the Department of Labour visited Sherbrooke to confer with the parties. Later the Department was advised that an agreement had been reached, the application under the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act being accordingly withdrawn. (3) The third dispute affected the Quebec and Lake St. John Railway Company and its carmen, to the number of 80 directly and 15 indirectly. The dispute concerned wages and conditions of employment. The Railway Company's properties were in the hands of a receiver. An officer of the Department visited Quebec to confer with the parties concerned and a settlement was later reached by direct negotiation. Proceedings under the Act were accordingly discontinued.

All the disputes referred under the Act during the year, with one exception, related to industries to which the Act primarily applies. The exception was that of a dispute between the John Ritchie Company, William A. Marsh Company, Gale Brothers, and J. M. Stobo, boot and shoe manufacturers of the City of Quebec, and their employees, 68 of the latter being affected directly and 875 indirectly. The reference was made to a single Board by consent of all the parties concerned, and the Board findings, dealing with the wages paid for certain classes of work, were accepted by the employing Companies and the employees affected.

FOUR STRIKES AFTER ENQUIRY.

The cases in which strikes were not after enquiry either averted or ended were as follows:—(1) A dispute between the Coal Mining Companies comprising the Western Coal Operators' Association, operating mines in southeastern British Columbia and southern Alberta, and their employees to the number of approximately 6,000. The particulars of this dispute are mentioned on a previous page. (2) A dispute between the Hudson Bay Mining Company, of Gowganda, Ont., and employees, members of Gowganda Miners' Union of the Western Federation of Miners. This dispute grew out of an alleged reduction of wages in the Company's mines, the number of employees affected being about 30. The employees, refusing to accept the Board findings, declared a strike in the month of June. Operations were resumed in the mines at the end of July. A number of the Company's former employees remained, however, on strike throughout the ensuing summer, fall, and winter months. The employees, in the absence of a formal settlement, represented the strike as continuing, (3) A dispute between the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company and machinists and boilermakers in its employ,

to the number of 300. The differences related to wages, hours, and conditions of employment, and the employees' demand for a schedule of agreement. On October 6 the company closed down certain of its shops. On October 10 the employees declared a strike. Shortly afterwards the Board made its findings. The employees signified their willingness to accept the award. The findings were not accepted by the Company, which claimed to be paying the same scale of wages as competing railways in Western Canada. The Company claimed to be unaffected by the strike and the employees represented the strike as effective and in the absence of any formal settlement continued to make such representations to the close of the fiscal year. (4) A dispute between the Alberta Coal Mining Company, Limited, at Cardiff, Alta, and employees, to the number of 80. The differences concerned related to wages and conditions of employment. After the Board findings had been communicated to the Company and employees concerned there was a cessation of work for a few days, following which the Department was informed by the Company that a settlement had been reached on the basis of the Board findings. The employees claimed that the Board findings were not accepted by the Company. Writing to the Department of Labour on January 13 Mr. George S. Montgomery, the Company's Manager, said 'We are satisfied that this is the proper way of settling disputes, and as far as we are concerned, we will do all in our power to see the law enforced.' The Company accepted the Report of the Conciliation Board and changed its scale of wages to conform thereto, which was only in minor points, and, as stated above, the business of mining coal has been resumed without any prospects of further trouble. In two cases Boards after establishment were prevented from effective work by circumstances of an unusual character. (1) In the case of a dispute at Port Morien, N.S., between the North Atlantic Collieries Company, Limited, and its employees, it proved that the Company concerned had gone into liquidation and operations had been discontinued. The Board reported formally on March 24, 1911, but obviously the reason for its establishment had ceased to exist. (2) The dispute between the Montreal Street Railway Company and its employees has been mentioned on a preceding page; in this case the Board was restrained by injunction from proceeding and the legal proceedings then commenced were not concluded at the close of the fiscal year.

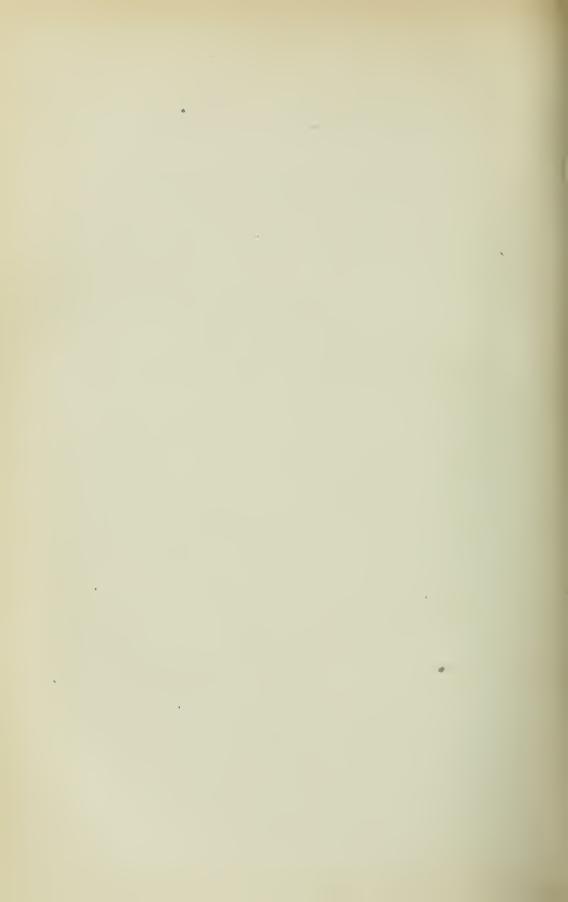
FOURTEEN STRIKES IN FIVE YEARS.

Of the 124 disputes referred during the five years' life of the Act there have been, as previously stated, fourteen instances where the operation of the statute did not lead to agreement or otherwise avert the strike that had threatened. Four of these fourteen disputes concerned the railway industry, nine related to the mining industry, and the other one related to the street railway industry. In seven cases these disputes had to do in whole or in part with the question of alleged discrimination against or the recognition of certain labour unions. The

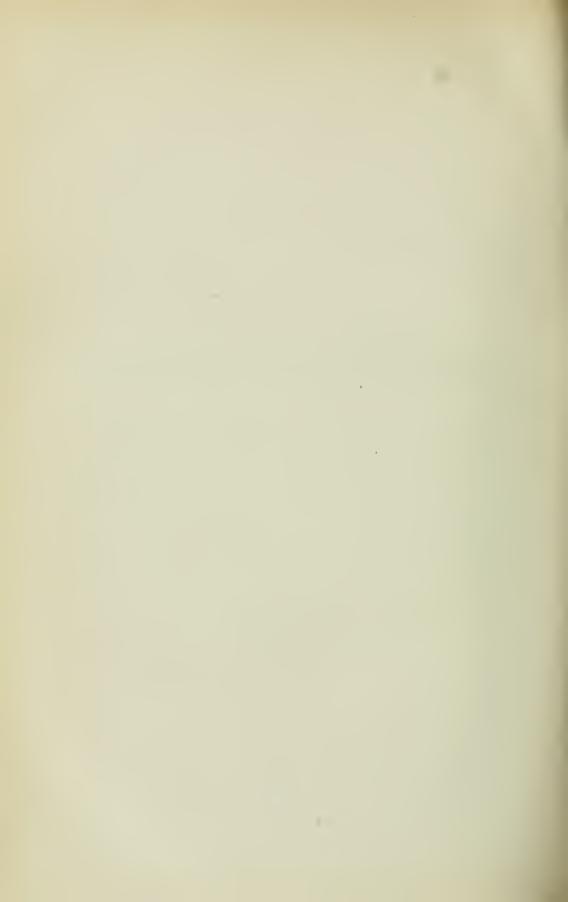
fourteen disputes were the following:—
(1) Cumberland Railway & Coal Company of Springhill, N.S., and its employees; (2) Canadian Pacific Railway Company and its mechanical employees; (3) Nicola Valley Coal & Coke Company of Middlesboro, B.C., and its employees; (4) British Columbia Copper Company of Greenwood, B.C., and its employees; (5) Dominion Coal Company of Glace Bay, C.B., and its employees; (6) Cumberland Railway & Coal Company of Springhill, N.S., and its employees; (7) British Columbia Copper Company of Greenwood, B.C., and its employees; (8) Canadian Northern Railway Company and its earmen and steamfitters; (9) Grand Trunk Railway Company and its employees in train and yard service; (10) Winnipeg Electric Railway Company and its

employees; (11) Coal Mining Companies comprising the Western Coal Operators' Association and their employees; (12) Hudson Bay Mining Company of Gowganda, Ont., and its employees; (13) Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company and its machinists and boilermakers; and (14) Alberta Coal Mining Company of Cardiff, Alta., and its employees.

In No. 1, the strike lasted from August 1, 1907, to August 31, 1907, when the employees returned to work on the conditions recommended in the report of the Board. In No. 2, the strike lasted from August 5, 1908, to October 5, 1908, when the employees returned to work on the conditions recommended in the report of the Board. In No. 3, the employees went on strike on April 28, 1909, during the process of establishing a Board, and returned to work early in June on lines recommended by the Board. In No. 4, the strike lasted from June 28 to July 24, 1909; in this case several reports were put in by the members of the Board, and the settlement was on the lines substantially of the Chairman's recommendations. In No. 5, the strike lasted from July 6, 1909, to April 28, 1910, when the employees returned to work on the lines recommended in the report of the Board, with such modifications as had been made in the same by an agreement subsequently effected. In No. 6, the strike lasted from August 9, 1909, to May 27, 1911, when a settlement was effected by negotiation between the parties. It should be noted that the parties concerned in Nos. 1 and 6 In No. 7, the strike lasted from April 19 to May 11, 1910, are identical. when the employees returned to work on the conditions recommended in the report of the Board. In Nos. 4 and 7 they are also identical. In No. 8, the strike lasted from July 7 to September 27, 1910, when the employees returned to work on the conditions recommended in the report of the Board. In No. 9, the strike lasted from July 18 to August 2, 1910, when a settlement was effected through Government intervention. In No. 10, the strike lasted from December 16 to December 31, 1910, when the strike was terminated through the efforts of a committee of citizens. In No. 11, the strike lasted from April 1, 1911, to the middle of November, when a settlement resulted from negotiations resumed at the instance of Hon. R. Rogers. It is understood that in drawing up the terms of settlement the report of the Chairman of the Board was taken as a basis. In No. 12, the strike occurred in the month of June last. Operations in the mines were, however, resumed in the month of July. A number of the Company's former employees at the close of the fiscal year declared the strike to be in continuance, no formal settlement having been reached. In No. 13, the Company's shops at Edmonton and Rivers, Alta., were closed down on October 6, last, and on October 10 the employees declared a strike which the employees stated at the close of the fiscal year to be still effective, though this was denied by the Company which claimed to be unaffected. In No. 14 the strike occurred in December last. Following the communication of the findings of the Board to the parties concerned there was a cessation of work for a few days. A settlement was, however, reached on the basis of the Board findings.



STATISTICAL STATEMENTS.



INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907—STATEMENT IN BRIEF FOR ONE YEAR.

1912. TABLE SHOWING PROCEEDINGS UNDER ACT FROM MARCH 31 1911, TO MARCH 31,

2	App	Applications concerning disputes in mines and public utilities	rnîng dispute 18	s in mines un	d public utili	X.		Applications concerning, disputes in industries other than mines and public utilities.	Total Applica- tions under Act	Total Applica- Tions under Act averted or ended.
	Concerning	ting mines and smolters.		Concerning transportation and communication.	ng transportation s constantivation. 13	, in the same of t	Concerning civio employees.	Disputes referred by consent of opening and of opening and of the Act, 1907.	01	0. 30a
	Coal Mines.	Metallifer- ous Mines,	Ruil- ways,	Street Railways	Commer- cial Tele- graphers.	Telephone Workers.	Electrical workers.			
Disputes referred for adjust inent under Act. Strikes not averted or ended.	ės ės		2 -	- 0	, ' 0	~ e	21 🙃	H 9	19	

1.—The proceedings under the Act during this year include one case in which certain proceedings had taken place during the preceding year, viz.; a dispute between the Great North Western Telegraph Company of Canada and its telegraphers.

2.—At the close of the financial year results were still pending in connection with two applications, viz.: (1) application made on behalf of the employees of the Montreal Street Railway Company at Winnipeg, Man.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT—STATEMENT IN BRIEF FOR FIVE YEARS.

TABLE SHOWING PROCEEDINGS UNDER ACT FROM MARCH 22, 1907, TO MARCH 31, 1912.

Total strikes.	-		= =
-epiloga latoT tions under Act.	124		124
Applications concerning disputes in industries other than mines and public utilities.	Disputes referred by consent of parties concerned under section 63 of I.D.I. Act, 1907.		• 0
	rning ployees 5	Electrical Workers.	84 E
	Concerning civic employees	.етэпиоде.Л	· 0
		Lelephone Norkers.	- 0
ities,		Commercial Telegraphera.	21 2
ıblíc util	ation.	Deckbands.	. 0
ce and pu	mmunic	Ship linera.	- 5
Applications concerning disputes in mines and public utilities.	on and co	Sailora.	- 0
	Concerning transportation and communication,	Теятығета.	 0
		Freight Handlers.	e 0
		Голдзадотетев.	ю Ф
Λρρί		Street Railways.	, 90 HH
		Railways.	Š 44
	Concerning mines and smelters.	Metalliferous Mines.	эс m
	Conc	Coal Mines.	39
			Disputes referred for ad- justment under Act. Strikes oot averted or ead- ed.

1. At the close of the financial year results were still pending in connection with two applications, viz.; (1) application made on behalf of the employees of the Montreal Street Railway Company at Winnipeg, Man

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SESSIONAL PAPER No. 36a

PROCEEDINGS 1911-1912.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907.

A.-MINES, AGENCIES OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION, AND OTHER PUBLIC SERVICE UTILITIES.

1. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 1, of the L.D.f. Act, on recommendation from party concerned.

2. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 2, of the L.D.f. Act, in the absence of a recommendation from party concerned.

3. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 3, of the L.D.f. Act, on the joint recommendation of the two members first appointed.

4. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 4, of the L.D.f. Act, in the absence of a joint recommendation by the two members first appointed.

ion 4, of the I.D.I. Act, in the absence of a joint recommendation by the

MINING AND SMELTING INDUSTRY.

1. COAL MINES.

Department of Labour, Canada. Statistical Tables, XI., A.R., No. 6.

Andreas Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna An	Result of reference.	The employees concerned in this dispute ceased work on March 31, 1911, on the termination of a two years agreement with the employing companies. A Board was established by request of the employees on April 13. The Board's report was accompanied by a minority report, by Mr Carter. The	Norman Fraser Nov. 27 Norman Fraser Norman Fraser Norman Andrew Norman No
	Date on Date of which receipt of coard was report of sonstitu- fed. Board.	1911 July 10. July II.	. Dec. 12
	<u>m</u> 0	1911 April 21	Nov. 27
	Names of Members. (C) Chairman; (E) Employer; (M) Mea.	Bev. C. W. Gordon, D. D., (e) 4 Coltin Maeleod., (z) 1. A. J. Carter (m) 1.	
	Nature of Dispute.	Concerning making of new agreement.	Concerningwagesand J. conditions of employment.
	No. persons affected.	6,600 dir., an indef- inite nem- ber indir.	80
	Locality	Eastern British Columbia and Southern Alberta.	Employer Cardiff, Alta
	Party making application.	Employees	
	Parties to Dispute.	Western Coal Operators Employees Eastern British Colum. 6,000 dir., Concerning making Rev. C. W. Gordon, April 21 July 10. bin and Southern Al. an indeference D. D., (e) 4. Colin Macleod., (g) 1. bor indir. ber indir. A. J. Carter (M) 1.	Oct. 23 Alberta Coal Mining Company Limited and employees.
	Dato of receipt of applieation,	1911 April 13	Oct. 23

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907.

PROCEEDINGS 1911-12.

MINING AND SMELTING INDUSTRY

2. METAL MINES

	Result of reference.	Report of Board was accompaned by minority report signed by Mr. McDonell. The employees, heigh unwilling to accept the Board report declared a strike of which no formal settlement was reported. Operations were resumed in the company's mine at the end of July.
	Date of receipt of report of Roard.	
	Date on which floard was constitu- ted.	June 9.
	Names of Members Date on Date of Which receipt of C.) Chairman; Board was report (a) Employer constitut red. Roard.	George Ritchie, K. C. (e) 4. Prof. John Sharp, Duncan J. McDonell (M) 1.
0	Nature of Dispute.	Concerning reduction George Ritchie, K. June 9 July 10. C. (c) 4. Prof. John Sharp, Duncan J. McDonell
	No. persons affected.	30
	Locality	Gowganda, Ont.
	Party making application.	Emploýees
	Parties to Dispute,	Hudson Bay Mining Company, Ltd., and eroployees, members Gowganda Miners Union No. 154 Western of Miners errs.
	Date of eveript of supplica-	1911 May 25

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION.

1. RAILWAYS.

The employees concerned in this dispute cleased work on May 1, on account of proposed reduction in their rate of proposed reduction was later made by the amployees for the establishment of Board. Whilst communications we assume between the Depurtment at the employees an officer of the D partment proceeded to St. Thomas the Minister's request for the purpoof conferring with the parties concerne as a result the Congonny restored the Sealed of wages which had existed pringuess to re-engage those who had caused work.	150 dir. Concerning wages Tis Honour Judge June 2 June 19. A unanimous report was presented he 290 indir. and conditions of John McKay (c). Ceorge F. Horrigan (E) 1.
	47 8 P
	June 19.
	June 2
	Judge Judge (
	oncerning wages Tis Honour Judge and conditions of John McKay (e). George F. Horrigan (E) I.
ages :	Kes 71i
oncerning proposed reduction in wages	ng wa ondition Finent
Concerni	Concerni and co
1,300 to Concerning proposed	150 dir. 200 indir.
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nns, ()n	har, On
t. Thou	ort Artl
	- T
Employe	Employe
Rail-	Com- d em-
Centra mpanys B.	Norther Dork td., an
May II Michigan Central Ruil-Employees St. Thomas, Out. way Company and section mea.	May 17 Canadian Northern Coal Employees Port Arthur, Ont and Ore Dork Company LAd., and employees, members of
1911	y 17
M	Ma

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913 pute of a car. the of a car. the of a car. the car. De-car. De-car. car. the car. the trior tior till.

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from May 1, 1911, to April 30, 1912, having been signed by both parties to.	Whilst proceedings looking to the estra- bishinent of a Board were in progress, the Department was inference that a settlement had been reached on the various points at issue.	6,000 indir for a new selectible W. Teeted (c.) 3. of rules and rates flow. Waltere Nesson of rules and rates flow. Walter flow. Walter Nesson of rules and rates flow. Walter flow. Wa	Oct 28. A unanimous report was presented by the losard which was favourable to the employees concerned and was accepted on their behilf. The Company, in a letter dated November 2, declined to uccept the Board's findings. On Oct.	monton and Rivers were closed down and the employees concerned declared a strike in October 10, which was still in progress on March 31, 1912,
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		0er.		_ '
		1	2	
	<u>:</u>			
Andrew Boyd (м) 1.	:	Hon. Mr. Justice J. V. Tectzel (c) 3. For Wallace Nesbirt, K.C. (v) 1. J. G. O'Donoghue, (M) 1.	Soncerning wages, Dr. J. W. Sparling, (ed. 12, and hours, and lower, and employ. Rev. J. E. Gordon drittons of employ. Rev. J. E. Gordon Rev. J. E. Gordon Rev. J. F.	
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	rerning wand condition	w sch nnd	irs, and of em	and compand compand compand compand condended
	Concerning wages and conditions of employment	oncerning for a ne of rules of pay.	oncerning wages, it and hours, and con- ditions of employ- ment, also demand schedule.	Concerning wages, hours and conditions of employment, also demand for schedule.
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	Quebee and Lake St. Employees Quebee, Que John Railway Com- pury and curmen, members of the Bro- therhood of Railway.	Crand Trank Railway Employees G T.R. System. Company and Machiners of thinks, members of the International Association of Machinists	Grand Trunk Pacific Employees . G.T.P. Ry. System. Ridivary Compuny, and Machinists members of the International Association of Machinists.	Aug S Grand Trank Pheific Employees. G.T P. Ry. System 150 Railway Co., and boilermakers, mem- bers of the Interna- tional Brotherhood of Ship Builders and Boilernoakers, Iron Relpers of America
Union	Com- rmen, Bro- ilway	ilway Ma- sers of ad As- tinists	puny, mem- terna-	and and menu- terna- xod of and fron
Coal Handlers' Union No 319.	uebee and Lake St. John Railway Com- pany and curmon, members of the Bro- therhood of Railway Carmen of America.	rand Trunk Railway Company and Ma- chinsts, members, members the International As- sociation of Machinists	Railway Company, and Machinets and Machinets mem- legs of the laterational Association of Machinets	traind Trunk Pheific (failway Co., and hollermikers, meni- bers of the Interna- tional Rotherhood of Ship Builders and Boiletroakers, fron Helpers of America
Hand 19.	Rail nac bors ood en of	Trun pany ets, n Interi	Railway und Muchir bers of th tional Asse Machinists.	True
Coul Ha	Quebee John puny mem therh Curm	Grand Comp chinis the sociat	Grand Raily and S bers tional Mach	Grand Raily Boiler Hors tional Ship Boilee Helpe
				į.
	May 17	Judy 18	July 31	Aug.

The two applications here recorded are regarded as one in the tabular statement.
2. Honourable Walter Nesbitt, K.C., was at first appointed a member of the Board, but, being unable to act, withdrew on October 5.

Proceeding discontinued.	Pending establishment of Board, a settlement was arrived at,	
: :		
John Anthony Mc Donald (M) 1.		
oncerning alleged discrimination against members of Union.	Concerning demand for a new schedule of rules and rates of pay.	
00 dir. C	0	
Calgary and Medicine 6.5 Hat, Alta. 6.5	Quebec Central Railway lines.	
Sept. II Connecting Pacific Ruil-Employees. Calgary and Medicine 6,500 idir. Concerning alleged John Anthony Medicine 6,500 idir. Conc	Nov. 14 . Quebec Central Railway Employees Quebec Central Railway 70 Concerning demand Company, and telegraph and station employees members of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers.	
1911 Sept. II	Nov. 12	

3 GEORGE V. A 1913

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907. PROCEEDINGS 1911-12.

Statements of Applications for Boards of Conciliation and Investigation and of Proceedings thereunder from March 31, 1911 to March 1912.

H. TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION—Con.

I. RAILWAYS-Con.

				3 GEORG	SE V	, A. 1913
	Result of reference.	Jan. 17 Mar. 12 Report of Board was accompanied by a minority report signed by Mr. Duval. As a result of the enquiry the Company granted an increase of wages and made certain modifications in its rules governing the unphoyment of its rule tion agents, telegraphers, etc No cessation of work occurred.	A unanimous report was presented by the Board, making certain reconnenda- tions for the settlement of the dispute which were necepted by both parties concerned.	At the close of the fiscal year the Board had not been completed by the up- pointment of a chairman.		Board restrained from proceeding by order of Court panding dotermination of an application by the Company to the Superior Court for a writ of in-
	Date on Date of which receipt of our dwa report of our dita- tod.	Mar. 12,	Feb. 19			
	Date on which Popular	Jan. 17	Jan. 20			Aug. 11
	Names of Members. Date on Board, Rouel, Round was (E) Chariman; Board was (E) Employer; constitation (M) Men.		oncerning wages. Hon. Chief Justice Jan. 20. Pob. 19 liours and demand SirClenholm Pallon for a set of rules, conbridge (©) 3. governing both the Hon. Wullace Nesborging. J. G. O'Donoghue, (M) 1.	onecrning alloged Chas. P. Fullerton, discrimination by (g) 2. Company against Thes J. Murray, (M) Chion. Chion.		Hon. Justice Thos. Fortin (c) 4. J. L. Perron, K.C. (g) 1.
i. region of the Con.	Nature of Dispute.	Concerning demand for the adoption of certain amend- ments to the ox- isting schedule.	Concerning wages, Hon. Chief Justic liours and derinard SirClenbolme Pargoverning both the Hon. Wallace Nee forcegoing. J. G. O'Donoghu (A) 1. G. O'Donoghu (A) 1.	Concerning alleged Chas. P. Fullerton, discrimination by (e) 2. Company against Thes J. Murray, (M) anombers of the 1. Union.	2. STREET RAILWAY.	Concerning dismis- Hon. Justico Thos. Aug. 11 ployees and alloged J. L. Perron, K.C. discrimination (6) 1.
;	No. pergons nifected.	3,000 indir	140	230 indir.	2. STRI	30 dir.
	Locality	Michigan Central Rail- Employees M.C.R. lines in Canada. 115 dir Concerning dennard Poter McDonald, station agouts, telegraph and telephone operation, and tower new, members of the Trelgraphers. It is not	Dec. 29 Pere Marquette Railway Employees Buffalo Division of the 140 Company and man- ten an at e-el-way on- ployees and pump men members of the Intor- national Brotherbood of Maintenance-of-Way	Winniper, Man		
	Party making application.	Employees	Employees	Етрюусев		Employees
	Partics to Dispute.	Michigan Central Rail- road Company and station agents, tele- graph and telephone operators, and tower men, members of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers.	Pere Marquette Railway Conpuny and main- te n a n e-ed-way one- ployees and pump men meribers of the Inter- national Brotherbood of Maintenance-of-Way	Canadian Pacific Rail- Employees way Company, and railroad feright had- lers and railway clerks ne em ber so of Win- mineg Division, No. 177, Brotherbood of Rail- road Freight Hand- lers, and Railway		Montreal Street Railway Employees Montreal, Que Company and employ- ees, members of the Amalganated Associa-
	Dute of receipt of applica-	Dec. 12	Dec. 29	:		1911 June 19

tio tri	1911 Grea. To Care Care Care Care Care Care Care Care	-	Sep. 6 Britis photocom con lot lint lint how		May 27. Cities and Ont., work work hood	May 29 Clty unc	1 - B	Apr. 3 John I Limi Mars mitee mitee and J nad turer empl
tion of Street and Elec- tric Railway Employ- ces of America No.328	Great North Western Empl Caracter Company of Caracter and the Certain ers. members of the Commercial Tele- graphers Union of Am-	- }	British Columbia Tele-Emplehone Company and employees, members of Local Union 213, International Brother-Mord of Electrical Workers.		and Fort Arthur Employees and Fort William. of Mars, and electrical workers, mombers of hood of Electrical hood of American	Circaet ('non' too, say, too, say, say, say, say, say, say, say, say	B-INDUSTRIES OTHER	John Ritchie Company Employees Marsh Company Li- mited; Galle Bross, and J. M. Stobo Boot and J. M. Stobo Boot turers, Quebec, and employees.
	aplayees All		оуччч[L		nployees Port	aployees Ed	THAN	
	3. COMMII doyees All offices operated by 200 dir the G.N.W. Telegraph I.100 indir Co., of Canada.		Lines of the B.C. Tele- phone Company.	III.	tt Arthur and Fort 32 dir William, Onc.	Imonton, Alta,	MINES, AGENCIES OF TRANSPORTATION	Quebec, Que
	3. COMME	4.	220		1 32 dir C	35	OF TRAN	68 dir'C 875 indir.
aguinst them as Charlemagne members of Union ior (M) 1.	COMMERCIAL TELEGRAPHY Out Concerning wages Out indirections of V.T. and conditions of V.T. and conficient; also Freder alloged discrimina. key tion ugainst mem. D. Cun bers of the Union.	TELEPHONES.	Concerning wages and Company's attitude toward Union men.	MUNICIPAL PUBLIC UTILITIES	Concerning wages and hours.	Concerning wages and conditions of employment.		Concerning wages
Charlemagne Rod- ier (at) 1.	ACIAL TELEGRAPHY. Inon. Mr. Justice J. Mur. 30 and conditions of V. Tectzel (c) 3. V. Tectzel (c) 4. V. Tectzel (c) 5. V. Tectzel (c) 4. V. Tectzel (c) 4. V. Tectzel (c) 4. V. Tectzel (c) 5. V. Tectzel (c) 7.	oncerning wages Iohn II. Senkler, K. C. (e) 3. and Company's an-C. (e) 3. Barker, iohn men. (E) 1. Chs. Enright (M) 1.	LITIES.	Rev. S. C. Murray, June 8 July 3 D.D., (c) 3. J. Dix Fruser (E) 1. C. W. Foster (M) 1.	Hon. Mr. Justice H. June 9 C. Taylor (c) 3. Arthur W. Ormsby, (p) W. Symonds	ND COMMUNICAT	Dr. G. W. Joliccaur, (c) 3. Telix Marois (e) 1. Loseph Alphonse. Langlois (M) 1.	
	Mar. 30 July 17		Oct. 6 Nov. 28.		lune 8 July 3	lune 9 July 5	TION, AND OTH	Apr. 24 June 26
junction, declaring the Industrial Dis- putes Investigation Act to be ultra vires.	July 17 Report of Board was signed by all three members. Mr. Markey and Mr. Campbell, however, each dissenting on one point. The findings of the Board were accepted by both parties concerned.		fobn H. Senkler, K. Oct. 6 Nov. 28 Report of Board was neconnanied by a minority report signed by Mr. Barker. (19.3). The necoglame or non-sceeptance of the Rought (M.) 1. Chs. Enright (M.) 1. Notessation of work however, occurred		A unanimous report was presented by the Board in which it was stated that an agreement had been standed by both Cities and their olectrical workers, the agreement being effective for one year, from June 1, 1911.	A unanimous report was presented by the Board in which it was stated that a schedule of wages and a set of rules for each department had been drawn up and accepted by both puries to the dispute effective from July 1, 1911, to May 1, 1913.	AND COMMUNICATION, AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES.	Dr. G. W. Joliccaur, Apr. 24 June 26 A unanimous report was presented by the following tell. Marois (E) 1. However, Alphonse. Langlois (M) 1. Langlois (M) 1.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907. · Proceedings 1910 1911,

Statements of Applications for Boards of Conciliation and Investigation and of Proceedings thereunder from March 31, 1910 to March 1911

MINES, AGENCIES OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION AND OTHER PUBLIC SERVICE UTHATIES.

- Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 1, of the LDL. Act, on the absence of a recommendation from party concerned.

 Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 3, of the LDL. Act, in the absence of a recommendation from party concerned.

 Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 3, of the LDL. Act, on the joint recommendation by the two members first appointed. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 4, of the LDL. Act, in the absence of a joint recommendation by the two members first appointed.

I.-MINING AND SMILLTING INDUSTRY.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR, CANADA,

			3	GEORGE	V., A. 191
Statistical Tables, XI., A.R., No. 8.	Result of reference.	2 A unanimous report was presented by the floard making certain reconnocentations for the settlement of the dispute, which were understood to have been accepted by both parties concerned; a strike being thereby averted.	4 Settlement arrived at by Chairman without Board being formully con- vened; settlement effective to March 31, 1911.	1911 Board effected sottlement which was understood to be acceptable to both purties concerned, a strike being thereby averted.	23 During proceedings for establishment of Bourd, Company went into liquidation and mines were accordingly closed down.
	Date on Date of which receipt of overd was report on sonstitu-	17 Apr. 2		1911 Peb. 18	9 Mar. 23
	Date on Date o which receipt Board was report constitu- fed. Board				
	Names of Members Date on Board: which (C) Churman: Board was (E) Employer; constitu- (M) Men.	Concerning wages R. G. Duggin, $(C)^3$. Jun. and conditions of J. O. Hamah, $(B)^4$ employment. Clement Stubbs $(M)^4$	202 Concerning marking L.S. G. VanWart (***), Apr. of new agreement Colin MacLead (***), and recognition of Clement Stubbs(***)*, U.M.W.A.	3,000 Concerning alleged 1,8.G VanWart (C)! Nov. breach of agree-W. S. Lane, (B)! ment and increase Clement Stubbs (M)! ed charge for special train	Concerning reduc-Prof. Robt. Magill Martion in wages and (C) , and conditions of emboured. MacDon-ployment of the (D) and (D) .
1. COAL MINES	Nature of Dispute.	Concerning wages and conditions of employment.	Concerning marking of new agreement and recognition of U.M.W.A.	Concerning alleged LS.G. VanWart (Concerning alleged W. S. Lane, (19) ment, and increased end charge for special frain	Concerning reduc- tion in wages and conditions of em- ployment.
	No. persons affected	35 dir 25 indir.	7,62	3, 000	110 dir. 150 indir.
	Locabiy	Cardiff, Alta	Frank, Altae.	Fernie, B.C.	
	Purty making application.	Employer	Smployer	Employees	Вогрюуееч
	Parties to Dispute.	5 Mberta Coal Mining Employer Company and em- ployees.	18 Canadian-AmericanCoal Employer Frank, Mtn., & Coke Company and employees, men bers of Frank Local No. 1263, U.M.A.	26 Crow's Nest Pass Coal Employees. Fernic, B.C. Company, Litoited, and employees, members of District No. 18, U.W.A.	16 North Atlantic Collier-Eouployees. Port Morien, N.S. ies Company, Limited and employees, nembers of Local Union. No. 2173, District No.
l _i	Dute of receipt of applica-tion.	Jan 1910	Apr. 18	Oct. 26	Jan 161

26, U.M.W.A.

SESSIO	NAL PA	PER No. 36a		
28 A unanimous report was presented by the Board making certain recommends- tions for southerneut of dispute. No reseation of work occurred.	- - -	Agreement was reached between parties concerned without Board having been convened. The terms of settlement of this dispute were understood to correspond closely to the terms of settlement of a similar dispute between the C.P. R., and its coppleyees in train and yard service.	22 Report of Board was necompanied by a minority report sized by Mr. J. (G. O'Donoghue, member appointed on the recommendation of the employees. John receipt of these reports nogitimized by market of these reports nogitimized which resulted, on July 21, in an agreement to continue in force until terminated by thirty days incide in writing. The agreement was understood to be in some respects smilar to, but in other particulars different from the terms of settlement proposed by the Board, and was said to correspond closely both in respect of rates of wages and rules to standard. These may rules to standard. The proceeding of the principal rules are a number of the principal rules, as well as a number of the principal rules are a number of the principal ruleway systems in the Eastern Statles.	22 Report of Board was accompanied by a minority report signed by Mr. Whlace Neebitt, K.C., member appointed on the recommendation of the Company if pon receipt of these reports negativism were resumed between the Company and the employees concerned for settlement of the differences in question. These negatitions were continued up till July 18, when a strike was declared of the employees concerned. Strike confined up till July 18, when a strike was declared of the employees concerned. Strike confined up till July 18, when a strike was a trike confined up till July 18, when it was amonured that a settlement had been arrived at through Government intervention, the strike being declared off.
_			e e	23
20 Feb.		: 	nue	0 June
1911 ?eb.		- Feb	Mar.	· id
Concerning reduc-George Ritchio, $(C)^4$ Feb. 20^4 Feb. tion in wages. (Chas. H. Lowthian, $(M)^4$, $(M)^4$.	MMUNICATION.	10) Concerning employ- J. E. Atkinson. (C) ¹ . Apr. cest demand for in- P. H. McGuigan (B) ¹ croused component. J. G. O'Donoglue, from and improved. (M) ⁴ . conditions.	1.360 Concerning comploy. I. E. Atkinson(C) ⁴ , Mar- ces' demund for in-Wallace Nesbitt (B) ⁴ greased compensu. J. G. O'Donoghue tion and improved. (M) ⁴ . conditions.	3,017 Concerning employ-1. E. Arkinson, (C)4, Apr. evs. deminad for in-Walline Neehiti (E)1 eroused compensus (A)1, Thompshue, lion and improved (M)1, Thompshue, conditions.
	II, TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION I. Railways.	Concerning cumpay- ces demand for in- revolved compensa- tion and improved conditions.	O'Concerning employ- ces demind for in- grensed componsa- tion and improved conditions.	Concerning cinploy- cest defined for in- crossed compensa- tion and improved conditions.
35 dir. 30 indir.	RANSPOR			
. South Lorrain, Out	пт	All lines of T., II, & B. Ratkay.	All Ince of C.P. Builway.	All lines of G T R, System.
7 The Metthaufer Silver Employees South Lorrain, Out. Mining Computy, Limbited, and certain employees.	,	17 Teronto, Hamilton and Employees Buffalo Railway Componey, and its conduc- fors, brigareonen, brikemen and yard- men.	Water Pacific Rail-Employees way Company and its confluctors, buggarge men, brakemen and yardmen.	I7 (frand Trunk Railway, Employees Company and its con-ductors, baggagemen, brakemen and yard-men.
Trbe Wet Mining ited, an phoyees.		F. Toronto Buffal puny (ors. brake men.	Signatural signatura signat	7 Grand Com duest hraik near
1911 Jan.		Mar. B	Mar	Mar. 13

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907.

PROCEEDINGS 1910-1911.

Statements of Applications for Boards of Conciliation and Investigation and of Proceedings thereunder from March 31, 1910 to March 1911.

II.—TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION—Con.

1. RULWAYS-Con.

			3	GEORGE	V., A. 1913
Result of reference.	7 A unanimous report was presented by the Board which made certain recommend- ations for the settlement of the dispute. No cessation of work occurred.	12 Report of Board was accompanied by a minority report sinced by Mr. Aaron A. R. Mosher, member appointed on behalf of the employees which was accepted by them. The Department was informed by the Company that there would be no discrimination on its No cessation of work occurred.	No Board established, settlement having been arrived at between the parties concerned.	No Board established, settlement having been arrived at between the parties concerned.	No Board established, settlement having been arrived at between the parties concerned.
Date of receipt of report of Board	22 July 7	29 May 12			
Date on which Board was constitu- ted.					
Names of Members of Board: (C) Chairman; (E) Employee; (M.) Men.	His Honour Judge D. McGibbon, (C) ³ , Donald Ross, (E) ² . W. T. J. Lee, (M) ¹ .	Concerning terms of Honourable John N. Apr. employment and Armstrong (C)4, dismissal of cer-McCallum Grant(E) tain employees. Aaron A. R. Mosher (M)1,			
Nature of Dispute.	75 Concerning rules and His Honour Judge Apr. 176 Day. D. McGibbon, (C) ³ Donald Ross, (E) ³ W. T. J. Lee, (M) ¹ ,	Concerning terms of employment and dismissal of cer- tain employees.	Concerning demand for new working agreement, increased wages and shorter hours.	Concerning demand for new working agreement, in- creased wages and shorter hours.	Concerning demand for new working, agreement and in- creased wages.
No. of persons affected.	75	4 dir	30	Between 30 and 40	325
Locality	G.T.P. Lines		Winnipeg, Man	Winnipeg, Man	Winnipeg, Man
Party making application.	Employees	Employees	Employees		Employees
Parties to Dispute.	19 Grand Trunk Pacific Employees Railway Company and telegraph and station employees.	22 Dominion Atlantic Rail- Employees Kentville, N.S ployces.	2 Canadian Northern Rail- Employees Winnipeg, Man way Company and its blacksmitharmen bers of Blacksmiths Rail- way Union, No. 147.	Veganadian NorthernRail-Employees Way Company and its blacksmiths' helpers, members of Blacksmiths antithe Helpers Veganation 1999.	2 Canadian Northern Rail- Employees Winnipeg, Manmethinists, members of Fort Garry Lodge, No. 139, International Association of Machin-184s.
Date of receipt of applica-tion.	Mar. 19	Mar. 22	May 2		May 2

SESSIC	NAL PAPI	ER No. 36a			
. No Board estublished, settlement having been arrived at between the parties concerned.	. No Board established, settlement baving been arrived at between the parties concerned.	28. Board presented a unanimous report making certain recommendations for a settlement. Award was not accepted by employees concerned sonno devium declared strike on July 7. Strike continued antil September 27, when the men retarned to work on the terms of the Board's award.	Pending establishment of Board a settlement was arrived at between parties concerned.	Establishment of Board was postponed oving to arrangements being made for a conference between the Government Raliways Manuging Board and representatives of the employees concerned. A request was received from the employees on November H, 19th, for a Board, no settlement having been arrived at. A unanimous report was received making certain reconnucendations for the settlement of the disputations for the settlement of the disputations for the settlement of the disputations of the settlement of the settlemen	30 Report of Board was accompanied by a aniority report, signed by Mr. Wm. Aird, member appointed on behalf of the Company. Report was accepted by the employees concerned. No ces- sation of work occurred.
		Jane June		4 Feb. 1911	13 July 3 Aug.
:				1	
		Concerning demand Wm. Elliott Macura May for new working (C/9) agreement, in Dayld H. Cooper ereused wages and (E). Philip C. Locke (M).	(E) ¹ .	His Honour Indge In Ohn A. Barron, (C) ³ , H. Gilmour, (B) ³ , G. O' Donoghue, (M) ⁴ ,	Concerning demand A. G. B. Claxton (C)! July for minimum rate Wm. Aird (E)!, of 30 cents per hr. C. Rodier (M)!
Concerning demand for new working agroement, in- creased wages and shorter hours.	Concerning demand for new working agreement, in- creased wages and shorter hours.	Concerning demand for new working agreement, in greensed wages and shorter hours, all	Concerning demand David H. Cooper for new working (E) ¹ . ugreement, increased wages and shorter hours.	Concerning proposed His Honour Judge Jam, amendments to John A. Barren, (C) ³ schedule and al- J. H. Gilmour, (E) ³ leged mistreat, J. G. O'Donoglue, ment of certain (M) ¹ ,	Concerning demand for minimum rate of 30 cents per hr.
\$**	82	433	170	190	4.01
Winnipeg, Man	Winnipeg, Man	Winnipeg, Man,	. Winnipeg, Man.	Canudian Government Ruilwny System.	Montreal, Que
way Company and its machinists' helpers, members of Federal Union, No. 4.	Canadian NorthernRail. Employees way Company and its moulders, members of Moulders' Union, No.	Canadian NorthernRail. Employees way Company and cer- tin employees, mem- bers of Bretherhood of Railway Curnen, Nor- Railway Curnen, Nor- thern Star No. 371, and Plumbers, Gas and Plumbers, Gus and Plumbers, Cus	way Computy and its bolloyees vay Computy and its bollermakers, boiler makers specialists and bollermakers helpers, members of Boller, members of Albier, Buildess of America, Fort Garry, No. 451, and Bollermakers, Iron Ship Buildess of America.	Interectional & Prince Employeos (Edward Island Rail- ways and telegraphers, station algorits, and station agents, area- bers of Order of Rail- road Telegraphers.	25 Grand Trunk Railway Employees
May: 2	Mn ₃	May	May 2	€1	
7	Z.	N	N.	June	June

ENDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907.

PROCEEDINGS 1910-1911.

Statements of Applications for Boards of Conciliation and Investigation and of Proceedings thereunder from March 31, 1910, to March 1911,

II.—TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION—Con.

I. Railways-Con.

			5 GLONGE	- V., A. 1913
Result of reference.	Report of Board was accompanied by a Minority report signed by Mr. F. H. McGuigan, member appointed on behalf of the Company. Department was informed that the majority report was accepted by Company and employees concerned.	7 Report of Board was accompanied by a minority report signed by Mr. J. W. Dawsey, mercher appointed on behalf of the Company. Report was accepted on behalf of employees concerned. The Company, however, declined to bound by the Board findings. No cessation of work occurred.	2 Report of Board was accompanied by a princity report signed by Mr. F. H. McGuigan, member appointed on be half of the Company. Employees accepted Board findings. Company, however, declined to be bound by the same, but accepted instead the minority report. No cessation of work occurred.	Department advised parties concerned that further effort should be unde to effect settleroent and on March II, 1911, was informed that an amicable settlement had been arrived at.
Date of receipt of report of Board	_	1-	—	
Date of receipt of report of Board	191 Mar. Mar.	21 Jan,	Mar.	
Date on Date which receipt Poard way report constituted ted.	}			
Names of Meorbers. (C) Chairman; (E) Employer; (M.) Men.	His Honour Judge D WeGibbon (C): F. H. McGuigan(E): N. T. J. Lee (M):	His Honour Judge D McGibbon (C) ² , W. Dawsey (E) ¹ , V. T. J. Lee (M).	Jis Homour Judge D. McGibbon (C) () T. H. McGuigan (B) V. T. J. Lee, (M) ¹ .	
Nature of Dispute.	Concerning demand His Honour Judge D Sept. for increased wages NcGibbon (C). and revision of F. H. McGingan (E)! sehedule.	Concerning demand His Honour Judge D. Sept. for increased wages. McGibbon (C) ² , and revision of J. W. Pawsey (E) ¹ . schedule.	Concerning demand His Honour Judge D Sept. Con necessed wages McGibbon (C). and revision of F. H. McGuigan (E) schedule. W. T. J. Lee, (M)!	Concerning demand for increased wages and revision of rules.
No. persons affected	4, 600	8	1,800	11 dir
Locality	Canadian Pacific Rail-Employees, C.P.R. System in Can- way. Company and maintenance-of-way coployees.	Whole system of G.T.P. Ikailway.	c'N.R. System in Canada.	Kingston, Out
Party muking application	Sorphoyees			Employees
Parties to Dispute.	Canadian Pacific Rail: way Company and maintenance-of-way coupleyees.	3 Grand Trunk Pacific Employees., Railway Company and maintennee-of-way employees.	Canadian NorthernRail Employees www. Company and maintennace-of-way employees.	Kingston & Pembroke Employees
Pate of receipt of applica-	1	Sept.	=	Feb. 10

2. STREET RALWAYS.

20. A maninous report was presented by floard making certain recommendations for settlement of dispute, which were accepted by both parties concerned.	2 Constitution of Board not completed, the parties concerned having arrived at a settlement of the matters in dispute.	Ill Report of Board was accompanied by a ninority report signed by Mr. L. J. Pellier, member appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned. Employees coased work on December 16, 1910, to enforce their denand for reinstatement of four discharged employees. A settlement was effected through the intervention of Citizens' Committee by which strike was terminated on December 31, 1910.		20. A manimous report was presented by the Board, making certain recommendations for the estellament of the dispute, which were accepted by both parties concerned, an agreement being entered into effective for a period of fly years. In connection with the same a permanat Board of Conciliation was established to settle such grievances as might from time to time he complained of.
8		13.		8
16 Aug.	Sept.	11 Dec.	ļ	7.Apr.
Sla		4ov.		
Concerning demand His Honour Indge July for new working John A. Barron (C) ² agreement. J. G. O'Donoghue, (M) ¹ .	neering demind A. E. Beck $(B)^1$, for dismissal of Jas. H. MeVety $(M)^1$ foreman of linemen	Cack William alleged W. J. Christie (C) ³ , Nov. discrimination Cack Wm. Robinson agains certain em- (E); the constant of Anagamated Association of Association of Street Railway.		Honourable Mr. Jus-Apr. tive T. Forin (C)4. Wm. Lyall, (B)1. Gustave Francq (M)
Concerning demand for new working agreement.	Concerning demand A. E. Beck (E) for dismissal of Jas. H. McVety foreman of linemen	Concerning alleged discrimination against certain employees, members of Anaigamated Association of Street Railway Employees.	3. Shipping.	Concerning wages and conditions of employment.
1,300	20	200		1, 800
Toronto, Ont	oyees Vancouver and vicinity	Winnipeg, Man.		:
Employ ees	Employees	Employees		Employ ees
5 Toronto Railway Com. Empl pany and employees, members of Toronto Railway Employees' Union, No. 113.	22 British Columbia Elec-Empler (Edulmay Company and lineren, menthers of Local No. 213 International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers.	Winnipeg Electric Rail, Empl way Company and confluctors and notor- inen, members of Am- alganated Association of Street Railway Em- ployees of America, Local, No. 99.		Hallan Line, Donaldson Employees Montreal, Que, Cheyland Line, White Star-Dominion Line, Sutt. Dominion Line, South African Line, South African Line, Manchester Lines, Black Diamond Line, Had Line, way Line, and all other lowers of steamships navigating to Montreal and Syndicaded Long, shoremen of Montreal.
1910	ê	हैं।		7
July July	Ang	Oet.		Mar.

25 A unanimous report was presented by Board in which it was stated that an agreement was concluded between the purities concerned on all points at issue.

7 July

July

Concerning wages J E. Duval (C)3. and conditions of F.H. McGuigan(E)1 employment.

909

23 Canadian Paoific Rail-Employees.... Commorcial Telegraph commorcial telegraph and crs. members of Com-

June

4. COMMERCIAL TELEGRAPHERS.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907. PROCEEDINGS 1910-1911.

Statements of Applications for Boards of Conciliation and Investigation and of Proceedings thereunder from March 31, 1910 to March 31, 1911.

II.—TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION—Con.

3.-SHIPPING-Con.

		0 0201142
Result of reference.	16 Report of Board was accompanied by a minority report signed by Mr. J. Herbert Lawe, member appointed on the recommendation of the Shipping Federation of Camada. The report was acceptable to the employoes concerned, the Shipping Computers, however, in a communication addressed to the Department, expressed themselves as unhile to accept the majority report. No cessation of work-occurred.	A unanimous report was presented by Roard making certain recommendations for the settlement of the dispute, which were accopted by the employees concerned. The Company maintained that the fall the configuration of the dispute was necessary. No cessation of work occurred.
Date of receipt of report of Board.	22 Sept. 16 Sept. 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	27 Nov. 28
Date on which Board was constituted.		
Names of Members. Date on Date of Board: (C) Chairman; Board was (E) Employer; constituted (M.) Mon.	Concerning wages, W. D. Lighthall (C)4 Aug. bours, and condi-J. Morbert Lauer (B) tions of amploy- 1. Geo. Poliquin (M) 1.	Concerning wages, filis Honour Judgo Oct. hours and condit. W. W. B. McInnes tions of employ- G. E. McCrossan (E) J. H. McVety (M) 1.
Nature of Dispute,	Concerning wages, hours, and condi-, tions of employ-meet,	Concerning wages, hours and condi- tions of employ- ment.
No. persons affected.	500	86 dir.
Locality	Montreal, Que	10 Grand. Pacific Steam- Employces Vancouver and Victoria, 86 dir ship Company and its employees commonly employees commonly frown as deckhands, at Vancouver and Victoria, members of Sail- ors. Union of the Pacific.
Party making application.	Employees	Employces
Parties to Dispute.	8 Allan Line, Donaldson Employees Montreal, Que	treal, Campina Pacific Steam- ship Compiny and its amployees commonly known as deckbands, at Vancouver and Vic- toria, members of Sail- ors, Union of the Pa- cific.
Date of receipt of applica-tion,	1910 8 Aug.	Sept. 10

	-
	Proceedings unfinished.
	ar. 30
-	Hon. Mr. Justice J. M. V. Teetzel (C)3. Frederick H Markey (E)1. D. Campbell (M)1.
	Hon. N Frederikey D. Car
	Concerning wages He and conditions of employment.
	200 dir. 100 indir
	All offices operated by the G.N.W. Telegraph Company of Canada.
	loyees
mercial Telegraphers' Union of America.	3 Great North Western Empl Telegraph Company of Canadu and telegraph- ers, members of Com- mercial Telegraphers Union of America.
101	

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907.

PROCEEDINGS 1909-1910.

Statements of Applications for Boards of Conciliation and Investigation and of Proceedings thereunder from March 31, 1909 to March 1910.

1. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 1, of the L.D.I. Act, on recommendation from party concerned.

2. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 2, of the I.D.I. Act, in the absence of a recommendation from party concerned.

3. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 3, of the 1 D.I. Act, on the joint recommendation of the two members first appointed.
4. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 4, of the 1, D.I. Act, in the absence of a joint recommendation by the two members first appointed.

MINING AND SMELTING INDUSTRY.
1. COAL MINES,

DEPAIGMENT OF LABOUR, CANADA, STATISTICAL TABLES, XI., A.R., No. 7.

	Result of reference.	The Board did not present a unmimous report, Mr. Me Dougall presenting the minority report. The Board found against the contentions of the inet, and the latter relating to accept the findings struck, on July 6. It was claimed by the Company that the output coal from its mines had practically ceased to be affected during the winter months following, although a considerable number of workmen, members of the United Mine Workers of harories, remained on strike at the end of March, 1910.	The report of the Board was accompanied by a minority reports sized by Probles, the member appointed on behalf of the employees. The report was not accepted by either party, and while proceedings were pending for the establishment of a Board in this case tho employees ceused work on April 28, and remained on strike until the month of June 15, the Department was informed that un understunding had been reached between the management and the men
	Date on Date of which receipt of coard was report of ted. Board.	Apr. 16	June 3 June 11
	Date on which Board wus eonstitu- ted.	Mar. 22	May 7
	Names of Members. (C) Chairman; (E) Employer; (M) Men.	leged discrimina-Dis Honour Judge tionagainst certain Wallace, (c) 4. employees, men-GS. Campbell (E) 2. Mine Workers of (M) I. Rebougall, America.	His Honeur Judge P. S. Lampunan, (c) 3. Thes Kiddie, (e) 1. Thes Kiddie, (e) 1. Thes Chas. Brooke, (a) 1.
	Nuture of Dispute.	Alleged discrinting His Honour Judge Mar. 22 Apr. 16 tionagainst certain Wallines, (c) 4, employees, neine G. S.Campbell (E) 2. hers of United Daniel McDaugall, America.	Alleged discrimina-His Honour Judge May 7 tion against cer-P. S. Lampunan, tain employees. (C) 3. These Kiddie, (E) 1. These Kiddie, (E) 1. These Kiddie, (E) 1. (A) 1. (A) 1.
	No. persons affected.	-	120
	Locality	Dominion Coal Com-Employees Glace Bay, C. B 3,000. pmy and employees. Mine Miner of United Mine Workers of America.	Middlesboro, B.C
	Party making application.	Employees	Етрюучева
	Farties to Dispute.	Denninion Coal Company and employees, members of United Mine Workers of America.	Nicola Valley Cond & Employees, Middlesboro, B.C Coke Company and employees.
11	Date of receipt of upplica-	1909 Mar. 4.	Apr. 13

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

S	SESSIONAL PA	APER No. 36a				
	The report of the Board was accompanied by a minority report, signed by Mr. D. Mc Dougul, neurber appointed on behalf of the employees. The report of the Board found against the claims of the employees. There was thosever, no cessation of work, the threatened strike being averted.	The report of the Board was accommanded by aminerity report, signed by Mr. Colin Mucleod, which was, however, in substantial agreement with that of the Baurd. The report was not definitely accepted by either party, but conferences between the employers and the employers followed its publication, with the result that an agreement was reached, cleedy following the terms of the award, effective to March 31, 1911. The employers, who had been on strike from April 1, resumed work on July 1.	July 23 The report of the Board was neconpainted by Ar. E. B. Punl, the member appointed on behalf of the employees. The Board's facilities were substitutially in favour of the Company. The award was not, however, necepted by the employees, and a strike was defeared on August 9, which resulted in the closing down of the Company's mines until ently in the month of Murch, 1910, when operations were resured on a limited scale.	<	<	Proceedings in connection with the application were discontinued in view of an agreement being reached by the parties concerned.
_	July 23	June 23.		July 19	Dec. 27	
	June 23	Mny 15	June 5	July 3	Dec. 2	
	nges and condition His Honour Judge of labour and res. J. P. Chipman (C) 4 cognition of United His Honour Judge Mine Workers of MacCallivery (a)2. America.	Rev. Hugh Grant May 15 (c) 4 (c) 1 (d) 1 (a) 1 (a) 1	ugos and condi. Ifon. Mr. Justice tions of lubour and Jongley (c) 4. recognition of Uni. Claus. Archibald (s) ided Mina Workers E. B. Paul (st) 1.	His Honour Judge R.Wintor (c) 3. Colin Mucleod (E) 1. W. C. Simmons (M) 1.	Geo. F. Cunninghum (c) 3. Frunk B. Smith (g) L. Clement Stubbs (m)	
	. Wages and condition. His Honour Judge June 23 of Inbour and re- J. P. Chipman (c) 4 cognition of United His Honour Judge Cognition of United His Honour Judge Macinification (D) MacCilification (B) America.	. Wugesandconditions Rev. J of hubour. (c) 4. (c) 4. (c) 11. Fr. 11. (a) 1.	Wages and condi-Ifon, Mr. Justice June 5 tions of labour and longley (c) 4. receptation of Uni-Clus. Archibald (s) icod Mine Workers! E. B. Paul (st) 1.	Wages and condi-His Honour Judge July 3 R.Winter (c) 3. Coffin Mucleod (E) 1. W. C. Simmons (N) 1.	Wages and dismissal Geo. F. Canningham Dec. 2 Dec. 27 of employees. Frank B. Smith (cly 1. Clement Stubbs (w)	60 dir Wages and condition 15 indir. of employment.
	310	2,100	1,500	300.	75	60 dir 15 indir.
_	Sydney Mines, C.B	Lethbridge, Coleman, Calle, Bankbeud, Ifill- erest, Belleven, Pass- burg, Cannore, and Tuber, Alta., Hosmo- and Frank, B.C.	Springhill, N.S.	Tabor, Alta	Edmonton, Alta	Cardiff, Alta
		Einployees	Етрюжев	Employer	Stundard Employer	Employer
	Nova Scotia Steel & Employees Coal Company, 1.td., and employees	Western Coal Operators Employees, assentitudo, comprision: Abberta Railway & Irrigation Cempany II. W. Mex Neil Company; Pueffe Coal Company; Pueffe Coal Company; Loitch Colling Limited; Western Campany Colling St. Limited; Indernational Coal & Coke Company, Limited, and Hosner Mines, famited, and Hosner Mines, famited, and their employees.	Cumberland Railway & Employees Conl Company and employees.	June 15 Cannula West Coul Com-Employer	Nov. 18 Edmonton Standard Coal Compuny, Ltd., and employees.	Dec. 2 James W. Blain, contrac. Employer Cardiff, Alta dor for output of Cardiff Coal Company. Limited and employees
1909	: 96 4 36a—3	May 8	May 10	June 15	Nov. 18	Dec. 2

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907. Proceedings 1909–1910.

Statements of Applications for Boards of Conciliation and Investigation and of Proceedings thereunder from March 31, 1909 to March 1910.

MINING AND SMELTING INDUSTRY—Con.

1. COAL MINES-COR.

Result of reference.	Proceedings unfinished.
Date of receipt of report of Board,	
Date on which Board was constituted.	Jan. 17
Names of Members. Board; (C) Chairman; (E) Employer; (M) Mon.	38 dir. Wages and condi-R. G. Duggan (c) 3. Jan. 17. PP25 indir tions of employ-J. O. Hannah (E) 1. Clement Stubbs (M)
Nature of Dispute.	Wages and conditions of employ-
No. persons affected.	35 dir
Locality	Cardiff, Alta
Party making application.	Employer
Date of Parties to Dispute. applica-	Jan. 5 Alberta Coal Mining Emplo Company and em- ployees.
Date of receipt of applica-tion.	Jan. 5

2. METAL MINES.

3	GE	ORGE	٧.,	A.	19	13
Three separate reports were presented in this case, the Company expressing willingness to accept that of the Chairman as a basis of settlement, while the mon accepted the report of Mr. John McInnes. The mon declared a strike on June 28, which continued until	July 2.1.	Employees unwill-J.1. Senkler (C) ¹ Jan. 10 Mur. 29 The report of the Board was necomingness to work John A. Mara (E) ¹ Mur. 29 The report of the Board was necomingness to work John Melmis (M) ¹ . He Board by with non-union John Melmis (M) ¹ . He Board by port was substantially in favour of the	Company. The employees concerned being unwilling to concur in the findings	of the Board a strike was declared on April 19, and continued until May 11,	when the coployees returned to Com- pany's service on terms of Board's	award.
May 29 June 11.		Mar. 29				
April 20		Jan. 10				
His Honour Judge P. E. Wilson (C)1 ¹ Edward Cronyn (E)4 ¹ John McInnis (M) ¹ ,		mployees unwill-J.H. Senkler (C) ⁴ ingness to work John A. Mara (E) ¹ . John McInnis (M) ⁴ . meb.				_
Alleged discriptime His Honour Judge April 20 May 29 tion against cortain T. E. Wilson (C.) ¹ June 3. Edward Cronyn (E) ⁴ June 11. John Metranis (M) ⁴ .		Employees unwill- ingness to work with non-union men.				
225		350				_
		Graenwood, B.C				_
Employees		Employer				
April 5 British Columbia Cop-Employees Greenwood, B.C		British Columbia Cop-Employer Greenwood, B.C per Company and employees.				
1909 April 5	1910	Jan. 8,				

SESS	SIONAL	PAPER	No. 36a

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SESSIONAL	PA	FER NO. 3	oua .				
Kingston & Pembroke 19 dir Wages and condi-Ifis Honour Judge Jan. 15 April 22 Apr		A unanimous report was presented by the Board, making certain recommendations for the settlement of the dispute, which were subsequently, in correspondence with the Department, accepted by hoth parties concerned, a strict by the parties concerned, a strict by the parties of the concerned.	<	The report of the Board was accompanied by a minority report, signed by Mr. W. J. Christie. The fadings of the Board were subsequently accepted by both parties to the dispute, a strike being therby averted.	Sept. 25 Nov. 17 A unanimous report was presented by the Board, naking certain recommendations for the settlement of the dispute. The findings of the Beard were subsequently accepted by both parties to the dispute, a strike being thereby averted.	A unanimous report was presented by the Board, making certain recommendations for the settlement of the disputation which were accepted by both parties concerned, a strike being thereby averted.	Afreportfuss presented which was unanimens on certain of the juratters in dispute. AM. Wallacel Nesbitt, 1 K.C. member appointed, on hebalf of the Company dissenting from the views of the other members on two points. At the close of the year the Department wasjin communication with the parties to the dispute. No essention of work occurred.
April 22		June 11	Aug, 14	July 21	Nov. 17.	Dec. 8	1910 Feb. 24
lan. 15		Мау 29	June 24	June 24	Sept. 25	Oct. 19	Dec. 21
His Honour Judge, Guan (C) ¹ , L. Whiting, K.C. (G) ¹ , G, O'Donoghue (M) ¹ ,		Hon. Mr. Justice May 29 June 11 Fortin (C)*. Wallace Nesbitt, W.C. (E)!.	and condi Hon. R. F. Suther June 24 Aug. 14 Ind., M.P. (C) ³ , F. H. McGuigan (E) ³ , G. O'Donoghue (M) ⁴ , G.	and condi-His Honour Judge June 24 of labour. R. M. Myers (c)4. W. J. Christy (E)1. J. G. O'Donoghue, (M)1.	ř.	oecerning dismis- H-s Honour Judge sal of certain on— John A. Barron, ployves and alleged (C)*, violation of con- Jas. H. Gilmour (E)* tract.	J. E. Atkingon, (C)*. Wallace Nesbitt, W. T. J. Lee (w) 1.
Wages and condi- tioes of labour		Concerning alleged Hon. Mr. Justi unfair dismissal Fortin (C), and breach of con-Wallace Neebitt, tract. K.C. (E), W. T. J. Lee (M),	Wages and condi- tions of labour.	Wages and condi- tions of labour.	Employers' Alloged Sir Geo, Garnoau, discrimination [Cly. Granner against certain em-Jas. M. Gilmour, [E)'. Asron A. R. Moshe (M)',	Concerning dismis-H-a Honour Judge Oct, 19 sal of certuin em. John A. Barron, ployees and alleged (C)', violation of con-Jas, H. Gilmour (E) ¹ tract, (M)'.	760 Wagew, advertising J. E. Atkieson, (C)4. Dec. 21 Feb. 24. of vacancies, etc. Wallace Nebitt, K.C. (E)1 W. T. J. Lee (M) 1.
19 dir		:	:	700 indir. Wages	20 dir	363dir	760,
gatoo & Pembroke ailway System.		Canadiao Pacific Rail- 1,600	lines. Truek Pacific 300	Canadiae Northern Railway lines west of Port Arthur,		Railway	Grand Trunk Railway lines, east of Detroit, Mich,
			Employees Gra	<u> </u>	Aug. II Halifax, N.S.	Employees Inte	
Kingston & Pembroke Employees Kailway Company and employees, members of Order of Railrond Telegraphers.		Canadian Pacific Rail-Employees wy Company and railroad telegraphers in its employ.	Grand Trunk Pacific Employees Grand Railway Company and orgineers, fremen, con- ductors, brakemee, haggagemen and yard- men in its employ.	Canadian Northern Rail- Employees way Company and its ranintenance-of-way employees.	Aug. 11 Intercelonial Railway of Aug. Canada and its round-house employees.	Intercolonial Railway of Employees Intercolonial Canada and nachinista and fitters in its employ.	Grand Trunk Railway Employees Company and telegra- phers and station ageets in its employ.
1908 Dec. 26	1909	May 7	June 3	June 8	Aug. 11	Oct. 2	рес. 3

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907.

PROCEEDINGS 1909-1910.

Statements of Applications for Boards of Conciliation and Investigation and of Proceedings thereunder from March 31, 1909 to March 1910.

A.—MINES, AGENCIES OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION, AND OTHER PUBLIC SERVICE UTILITIES.

2. METAL MINES-Con.

V				3 GE	ORGE	/., A. 1913
Result of reference.	Proceedings unfinished.	Proceedings unfinished.	Proceedings unfinished.	Proceedings unfinished.	. Proceedings unfinished.	A unaninous report was presented by the Board, accompanied by an agreement covering all points in dispute and effective from May I, 1998 to May I, 1911, a strike heing therby averted
Date on Date of oard was report of constitution of ted.	:	•	•	•	•	June 1
Date on which Board was constitu-	Mar, 18	Mar. 18	Mar. 18	Mar. 30		May 10
Names of Members Date on which (C) Chairman; Board was (E) Employer constitution (M) Men.	J. F. Atkinson (C) ⁴ Wallace Nesbitt, K. C. (E) ¹ J. G. O'Donoghue, (M) ³ .	Wallace Nesbitt, K. C. (E) ¹ J. G. O'Donoghue, (M) ¹ .	F. M. McGuigan E)1. J. G. O'Donoghue, (M)1.	W. T. J. Lee (M)1		Rev. C. W. Gordon, D.D. (C) ⁴ . W. J. Christie (E) ¹ . J. G. O'Donoghue, (M) ² .
Nature of Dispute.	Wages and condi-J. E. Atkinson (C)*. Mar. 18 tions of employ-Wallace Nesbitt, K. C. (E)' Respitt, K. J. G. O'Donoghue, (M)'.	Wages and condi-Wallace Nesbitt, K. Mar. 18 tions of employ-C. (E) ¹ J. G. O'Donoghue, (M) ¹ .	Wages and condi-F. M, McGuigan Mar. 18 tions of employ- E.), ment. (M) ¹ .	75 Rules and rates of W. T. J. Lee (M) ¹ Mar. 30 pay.	Terms of employ ment and dismissal of certain em- ployees.	Concerning wages Rev. C. W. Gordon, May 10 and conditions of D. D. C.). labour. J. Gi. O'Donoghue, (M).
No. persons affected.	4,360	3,017	101	75	4 dir 25 indir	
Locality	Canadian Pacific Rail Employees Canadian Pacific Ruil- 4,360 way Company and conductors, bragage-men, brakemen and yardmee in its omploy	Grand Trunk Railway Employees Grand Trunk Ruilway 3,017 tors, baggagemen, tors, baggagemen, men in its employ.	Toronto, Hamilton & Employeee Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Rallway lines. Bargagemen, brakenan brakes and yardmen in its employ.	Grand Trunk Pacific lines.		Winnipeg, Man
Party making application.	Employees	Employees	Етрюуеев	Employees	Етріоуеся	Етрючеен
Parties to Dispute.	Canadian Pacific Railway Company and conductors, baggagemen, brakemen and yardmee ia its omploy	Grand Trunk Railway Company and conduc- tors, baggagemen, brakemen and yard- men in its employ.	Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Railway Company and conductors, baggagemen, brakemen and yardmen in its employ.	Grand Trunk Pacific Employees Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company and its telegraph and station employees.	Dominion Atlantic Rail-Employees Kentville, N.S way Company and employees.	Winnipeg Electric Rail-Employees Winnipeg, Man way Company and em- ployees.
Date of receipt of application.	Маг. 17	Mar. 17	Mar. 17	Mar. 19	Маг. 22	1909 April 20.

	A strike of freight hundlers employed by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company at the Own Sound, occurred on May and continued until May 10, when upplication was made for the establishment of a Board under the Industrial Dispute was referred for adjustment. The report of the Board was accomputed by a minority report by Mr. O'Donoghuo. The report of the Roard was accomputed by the parties to the dispute by the parties to the disputereby averted.	A strike of freight handlers employed by the Canadian Pacific Ruilway Company at Fort William eccurred on August 9, and continued until August 16, when application was made for the catablishment of a Baurd under the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act to which the dispute was referred for adjustment. In the application it was stacked that the employees were not informed of the provisions of this Act when the strike was declared. A unufumous report was presented by the Board, anaking certain recommendations for the settlement of the dispute, which were accopted by the parties concerned, a further cessation of work being thereby averted.		Proceedings unfinished.
	June 17	ug. 30,		
	June 2 Ju	Аиқ. 20 Аиқ. 30,		Mar. 24
	Donald Ross (c)4, Wallace Nesbit, K.C. (g)1. (a)1.	wages S. C. Young (c) 3 Ons of W. J. Christie (k) I. W. T. Rankin (м) I.		
3. FREIGHT HANDLERS.	Concerning wages	Concerning wages and conditions of Malour.	LONGBHOREMEN.	Wages and condi. Wm. Lyzill (g) I. tions of omploy- Gustave Francq. (at) I.
	250 0	200	4.	1,800
	Owen Sound, Ont	ort William ,Ont		Montrenl, Que
	Employees	Employees, F		Employees
	Canadian Pacific Rail-Bimployces way Company and froight handlers in its employ.	Canadian Pacific Buil- Employees Fort William Ont way Company and employ.		Allan Line; Donaldson Employees Line; Thomson Line; Leyland Line; White Star-Dominion Line; Canada Line; South African Line; South Line; Head Line; Ca- nadian-Pacific Railway Line; Head Line; Ca- nadian-Pacific Railway Line; and all othor owners of steamships mayagaliag to Montreal and Syndicated Long shoremen of Montreal
	1909 Mny 17	Aug. 18		Мат. 14

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907.

PROCEEDINGS 1909-1910.

Statements of Applications for Boards of Conciliation and Investigation and of Proceedings thereunder from March 31, 1909 to March 1910.

A-MINES AGENCIES OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION, AND OTHERIPUBLICESERVICE UTILITIES—Com

5. TEAMSTERS.

		3 GE	ORGE	. V., A. 1913
Result of reference.	A unanimous report was presented by the Board, making recommendations for the estiment of the dispute. The report was not accepted by the Company, but the inquiry had the effect of improving the conditions and bringing about an understanding, so that the threatened strike was averted	A report was presented by the Chairman and Mr. Alex. Smith, making certain recommendations for the settlement of the dispule, and stating also that an agreement had been reached on all points except the establishment of a minimum wage scale and recognition of the employees union. No cessation of work was reported.	PUBLIC UTILITIES.	May 7 May 25 A unanimous report was presented by the Board, making certain recommendations for the settlement of the dispute, which were accepted by both parties concerned, a strike being thereby avorted.
Date 'of receipt of report of Bourd.	Арг. 1	Sept. 9.	OTHER	May 25
_ g =		Aug. 4	ON AND	May 7
Names of Members. (C) Chairman; (E) Employer; (M.) Men.	Rev. Dr. C. W. Gordon (c) 3. Prof. R. Cochrane. (E) 2. T. J. Murray (N) 1.	E. J. Meilicke (c) 4. E. Stephenson (M) 1	D COMMUNICATI	1.1
Nature of Dispute.	Alleged discrimina- tion aguinst men connected with Union,	Concerning wages and conditions of labour,	SPORTATION AN	Concerning wages Hon. Mr. Justice and condition of Portin (c) 3. F. G. Daniels (c) A. A. Gibenult (m.
No. persons uffected.	40 dir. 260 indir.	150 dir. 150 indir.	F TRANS	70 dir. 3,000 indir.
Loculity	Winnipeg, Man	Saskatoon, Sask	MINES, AGENCIES O	Montreal, Que
After making application.	Этрюуеев	3mployees		2mployees
Parties to Dispute.	Manitoba Cartage Com-J pany, Limited.	Corporation of Suska-1 toon,Sask., and lahour- ers in its employ.	B.—INDUSTRIES OTI	1909 Apr. 27 Dominion Textile Com-Employees Montreal, Que
Date of receipt of applica- tion.	1909 Feb. 10	July 8		1909 Apr. 27
	Parties to Dispute. After After Locality persons application. After Locality Locality bersons application.	Parties to Dispute. After Locality Dersons Indicated. Parties to Dispute. Parties to Dispute. Another Dersons Indicated. Another Dersons Indicated. Manitoba Cartage Com- Employees Winnipeg, Man	Alter Dispute. Corporation of Saska. Bandoves Stackatoon, Sask and haltourer et a Dispute. Corporation and Mr. Alex Smith (St.) and haltourer et a light of the statement of the dispute, and haltourer et a light of the statement indir.	After application. Antice app

31,

Proceedings 1908-1909.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907.

Statements of Applications for Boards of Conciliation and Investigation and of Proceedings thereunder from March 1908 to March 31, 1909.

A.—MINES, AGENCIES OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION, AND OTHER PUBLIC SERVICE UTILITIES.

1. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 1, of the I.D.I. Act, on recommendation from party concerned.

3. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 3, of the I.D.I. Act, on the joint recommendation of the two members first appointed. 2. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 2, of the I.D.I. Act, in the absence of a recommendation from party concerned.

4. Appointed by the Ministor, under Section 8, Sub-section 4, of the I.D.I. Act, in the absence or a joint recommendation by the two members first appointed.

MINING AND SMELTING INDUSTRY.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR, CANADA, STATISTICAL TABLES, XI., A.R., No. 6.

STATISTICAL LABLES, AL., A.K NO. 6.	Regult of reference.	Company bad previously made an agreement individually with employees. Representative of men was willing to take agreement for what it was worth, but would not enter into same on behalf of union. Board decided to leave the existing agreement intact, and this arrangement appears to have been satisfactory, a strike being thereby averted.	. An agreement concluded before the Board on all points, and a strike thereby averted.	No Board was established in this case, the parties baying come to an arcineable agreement, subsequent to forwarding the application, a strike being thereby averted.	No Board was established in this case, the parties having come to an amicable agreement subsequent to forwarding the application, a strike thereby being
2	Date on Date of which receipt of toard was report of constitut of ted.	July 22			
	Date on which Board was constituted.	June 19	June 19		
	Names of Members Date on Board. (C) Chairman, Board was (E) Employer constitu-	His. Honour Judge Taylor (c) 4. F. H. Shritb (g) I. F. H. Sherman (M)I.	oncerning wages Prof. A. Short (c) 3. and conditions of Dr. D. Allison (E) 2. labour.		
I. COAL MINES.	Nature of Dispute.	Concerning wages His Honour Judge June 19 July 22, and conditions of Taylor (c) 4, labour. F. H. Sherman (M)L.	Concerning wages Prof. A. Short (c) 3. June 19 Aug. I and conditions of Dr. D. Allison (E) 2. J. W. Maddin (M) I.	Concerning wages, and conditions of labour.	Concerning wages and conditions of labour.
	No. persons affected.	20	1,750	800	800
	Locality	Edmonton, Alta	North Sydney, N.S	Westville, N.S.	Stellarton, N.S
	Party making application,	Employees	Employees	Employees	
	Parties to Dispute.	May 2 Standard Coal Company Employees Edmonton, Alta	May 12 Nova Scotia Steel & Coal Employees North Sydney, N.S Company and employees.	International Coul and Employees Westville, N.S Coke Company and employees.	May 15 Acadiu Coal Company
	Date of receipt of application.	1908 May 2	May 12	Nay 14	May 15

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3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

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INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907. PROCEEDINGS 1908-1909.

Statements of Applications for Boards of Conciliation and Investigation and of Proceedings thereunder from March 31, 1908, to March 31, 1909.

A-MINES, AGENCIES OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION AND OTHER PUBLIC SERVICE UTILITIES.

- 1. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 1, of the L.D.I. Act, on recommendation from party concorned.
- 2. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 2, of the I.D.I. Act, in the absence of a recommendation from party concerned.

 3. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 2, of the I.D.I. Act, on the joint recommendation of the two members first appointed.
- 4. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 4, of the I.D.I. Act, in the absence of a joint recommendation by the two members first appointed.

MINING AND SMELTING INDUSTRY—Con.

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Result of reference.	A unanimous report was made by the Board with recommendations for a settlement of all differences, which is understood to have been arcepted as a busis of working operations, a strike being thereby averted.	wages Rev. Chas. Wilson July 6 July 27 An agreement was effected before the tions of (c) 3. Board on all the points at issue and evolveing the period of two years from July 31. 1908, a strike being thereby averted.	Concerning wages Chas. Simister (c) 3. Nov. 25 Dec. 14 The Board presented a manimous report recommending a basis of settlement, which was subsequently, in correspond to the correspond to the corresponding to the dispute, as strike being thereby averted	Proveedings unfinished.
Date on Date of which receipt of coard was report ted.	July 2	July 27	Dec. 14	
Date on which Board was constituted.	June 8	July 6	Nov. 25	Mar. 22
Names of Membors Date on Date of Sourd: (C) Board: (C) Chairman: Board was report (E) Employer ed. (M) Men.	oncerning wages His Honour Judge and conditions of McGillivray (c) 3. Gabbur. (Geo. 8. Campbell (E) I.	Rev. Chas, Wilson (c) 3, B. Barnhill (E) 1. R. B. Murray (M) 1.	Chas. Simistor (c) 3. F. B. Smith, C.E. (E) 1. Jus. A. McDonald (M) 1.	leged discrimina His Honour Judge tion against mon. Wallace (c) 4. bers of United G.S.Campbell (6) 2. Mar. 22 Mine Workers of Daniel McDougall (M) 1.
Nature of Dispute.	Concerning wages His Honour Judge June 8 July 2 and conditions of McGillivray (c) 3. Garaphell (E) I. Jas. Macdonald (M) I	Concerning wages and conditions of labour.	Concerning wages and conditions of labour.	Alleged discrimine His Honour Judge tion against moni- Wallace (c) 4. bers of United G.S.Campbell (c) Mine Workers of Daniel McDougall America.
No. persons affected.	300	200	30	3,600
Locality	Port Hood, N.S.	Chignecto, N.S	Lundbreck, Alta	Glace Bay, N.S
Party making application.	Employees	Employees	Employees	Employee8
Parties to Dispute.	Port Hood and Rich-Employees Port Ifood, N.S Company and employees.	Maritime Coal, Railway Employees Chignecto, N.S & Tower Company, Limited and employees	Oct. 19 Galbraith Coal Com-Employees Lundbreck, Alta pany, Limited, and employees.	Dominion Coal Com-Employees Glace Bay, N.Smembers of United Mine Workers of America.
Dnto of receipt of application.	May 18	July 2	Oct. 19	1909 Mar. 4

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 36a

Concerning wages Prof. S. J. Maclean, Aug. 22 Aug. 29 Unanimous report presented by Board and hours. E. L. Fraleck (v) 1. C. B. Duke (N) 1.
Aug. 29
Aug. 22
Prof. S. J. Maclean, (c) 4. Fraleck (b) 1. C. B. Duke (m) 1.
к маден
Concernin
105
Imployees Cobult, Ont
Employees
Cobatt Central Mining Education Company, Limited, and employees.
1908 July 20

2. METAL MINES.

II.—TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION,

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Concerning wages P. A. Macdonald (c)4 May 13 July 16 The Board did not present a unanimous and conditions of C. F. Fulleron (e) L. Gaidt (e) 2.* minority report. The Board and babour. Jas. Somerville (M) 1 censor of dispute which were accepted from the Company with some derivations of Board and ceased work on August 5. They returned to work 5. They returned	The proceedings in this case were under the Conciliation and Labour Act by request of the employees and were subject to deby through the inbility to act of the member of the Committee of Mediation and Investigation first appointed on the recommendation of the men. The Committee was finally constituted and a settlement of all differences effected, a strike being thereby averted.
July 16	
P. A. Macdonald (c)4 May 13 C. F. Fullerton (E) L. Jas. Sornerville (M) 1	Concerning wages His Honour Judge Sept. 8 Oct. 6 and conditions of McGibbon (c) 4. H. Holgato, F. E. (E) 1. J. G. O'Donoghue, (M) 1. R. E. Fim (M) 1.**
	Concerning wages H and conditions of Habour,
8,000	
r.	. and St.
Junadian Puci way System.	John, N.B. John, N.B.
Employees	Employees
April 28 Canadian Pacific Rail-Employees Cunadian Pacific Rail- 8,000 way System. way Company and various trades in its mechanical department.	May 14 Intercolonial Railway of Employees Hubflax, N.S., and St. Candah, and Station Feright Clerks Union, Nov. 1 and 2 of Halifax, N.S., and St. John N. B.
1008 April 28	May 14

"Mr. Fullerton, finding himself at an early stage of the proceedings unable to agree with his collengues resigned from the Board, and the Company declining to make a further recommendation, the Minister appointed Mr. Galt without recommendation,

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907.

PROCEEDINGS 1908-1909.

Statements of Applications for Boards of Conciliation and Investigation and of Proceedings thereunder from March 31, 1908 to March 31, 1909.

A.—MINES, AGENCHES OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMENICATION, AND OTHER PUBLIC SERVICE UTILITIES.

- 1. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 1, of the U.D.I. Act, on recommendation from party concerned.
- Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 2, of the LD.I. Act, in the absence of a recommendation from party concerned.
 Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 3, of the LD.I. Act, on the joint recommendation of the two members first appointed.
- 4. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 4, of the I.D.I. Act, in the absence of a joint recommendation by the two members first appointed.

II.—TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION—Con.

1. RAILWAYS-Con.

Result of reference.	Concerning alleged Hon. Mr. Justice June 17 Sept. 26 A unanimous report was made by the wrongful dismissal C Campbell, K.C. settlement of all differences, which was weetlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was weetlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences, which was made by the settlement of all differences and the settlement of all differences are settlement.	Concerning wages Ludovic Brunet Sept. 30 Nov. 19 A unanimous report was presented by the and conditions of E. A. Evans, (E) 1. sobin, (st) 1. A. Chartrain (a) A. Chartrain (a) A. Chartrain (a) A chartrain (a) A solid conditions of the dispute to the dispute, a strike being thereby	Concerning nileged Hon. Judge Fortin, Jan. 5 Jan. 25 A unanimous report was presented by the wrongful dismissal (C) 3. (C) 3 Which were accepted by the parties, (E) 1 (C) O'Donoghue, (A) 1	Concerning wages His Honor Judge Sept. 14 Nov. 16 A unanimous report was presented by and conditions of Gunn, (c) 4. Richardson, (e) 1. H. Richardson, (e) 1. Harvey Hall,(M)1.
Date of receipt of report of Board.	Sept. 26	Nov. 19	Jan. 25	Nov. 16
Date on which Board was constitu- ted.	June 17	Sept. 30	Jan. 5	Sept. 14
Names of Members. Date on Board: (C) Chairman; Board was (E) Employer; constituted) Men.	Hon. Mr. Justice Fortin, (c) 4. C. Campbell, K.C. (E) I. W. T. J. Lee, (M) J.	Ludovic Brunet (c) 3. E. A. Evans, (E) 1. P. J. Jobin, (M) 1. A. Chartrain (M).	d Hon. Judge Fortin, J (C) 3. W Nesbitt, K.C. (E) 1. G. O'Donoghue, (M) 1.	His Honor Judge Gunn, (c) 4. F. H. Richardson, (E) 1. J. Harvey Hall, (M)1.
Nature of Dispute.	Concerning alleged Hon. Mr. Justice wrongful dismissal Fortin. (c) 4. of certain employees; C. Campbell, R.C. (E) I. W. T. J. Lee, (M) 1.	Concerning wages and conditions of labour.	Concerning alleged wrongful dismissal of certain employees	Concerning wages and conditions of labour.
No. persons affected.				
Locality	Canadian Pacific Rail- 1,605 way system.	Lake St. John Division, 49 Cunadian Northern Railway.	Canadian Pacific Rail- 7,000 way system.	Canadian NorthernRail- 341. way system.
Party making application.	Employees		Employees	Northern Employees tpuny and engineers
Parties to Dispute.	Canadian Pacific Rail-Employees way and railway tele- graphers in its employ:	Canadian Northern Rail- Employees way Company and car- men on its Lake St. John Division.	Canadian Pacific Rail, Employees, way Company and livenea and engineers in its employ.	Canadian Northern Railway Company and Iocomotive engineers in its employ.
Date of receipt of applica-tion.	May 29.	Aug. 21	Aug. 22	Aug. 22

S	ES	SS	10	NA	\L	PA	PΕ	R	N	0.	36a
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Mar. 22. A ununinous report was presented by the Board, making certain recommendations for the set defenond of the dispute. The report was substantially in favor of the employees. The Company had refused to norminate to the Board and relatined freesponsibility on the matter. The inquiry, though not resulting in the agreement is enderstood to have modified the situation to such a degree that danger of the threatened strike was averted.		Differences unitenbly arranged before the Board and strike thereby averted.	The two members of the Board appointed respectively on the nomination of employing Company and employees presented a point efficient making certain recommendations for a settlement of the disputed points, which recommendations were accepted by both methics to the disputed points, which recommendations were accepted by both methics to the dispute and settlement of the Mariness of the dispute and the former of the former	un antreteurs) is sufficiently. Proceedings unfinished.	PUBLIC UTILITIES.	Cote, Dec. 31. Feb. 17 An agreement was concluded before the Board covering all matters in dispute effective from February 12, 1909 to 0.1. May 1, 1910, a strike being thereby averted.
Mar. 22.		Jone 15	Oct 6	:	OTHER	°ев. 17
tenor Judge Jan. 15 (C) 4. (C) 4. (C) 1. (C) 1	The second secon	Prof. A. Shortt, May 22 Jone 15 1. F. Henderson, J. G. O'Donoglue,		Concerning alleged Rev. Dr. C. W. Gor-Mar. 2 discrimination against mon con-Prof. R. Cochrane, nocted with the (E) 2. Union.	B INDUSTRIES OTHER THAN MINES, AGENCIES OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES.	Dr. Chus. Cote, Dec. 31. F. (c) 3. Felir Marcis, (g) 1. Z. Bfrub6, (M) 1.
Concerning wages His I and conditions of Gunn labour. K.C. J. L. K.C. J. G. M.C. J. G. M.C. J. G. M.C. J. G. M.C. J. G. J.	2. STHEET RAILWAYS.	Concerning wages Prof. and conditions of (e) labour.	Concerning nileged Omer Bronet, (w). wrongfol dismissal W. H. Moore, (E). of certain rm- ployees	Concerning alleged discrimination against men connected with the Union.	ISPORTATION AN	309) Concerning introduc- Dr. Chus. tion of certain ma- (c) 3. ethine and wages. Felir Marcis, Z. Bfrubf, (s)
1,600 indir. 75.	6.9 30	256	116	40 dir 260 indir.	F TRAN	300,
Kingston & Pembroke 19 dir Railway system 1,600 indir. Michigan Central Rail- 75 way system					MINES, AGENCIES O	
Employees		Ешрюуеев,	Employees	Employees	HER THAN	Smployees and employers.
Dec. 26, Kingston & Pennbroke Employees Rainway Company and employees, nembers of Order of Raitroad Telegraphers, Telegraphers, Great NorthwesterrI'el Employees. egraph Company and egraph Company and errain Railway and Central Railway system.		Ottawa Electric Rail Employees Ottawa, Ont	Quebec Reat, Light & Employees Quebec, Que- Power Company and its Street Railway employees.	Manitolm Cartage Com-Employees Winnipeg, Man	B INDUSTRIES OF	The John Ritchie Com-Employees Quebee, Que certain employees employees.
Dre. 26		1908 May 8	Scpt. 3	1909 Feb. 10.		1908 Dec. 17

*Owing to inability of Mr. H. E. Fina to not as member of Board, Mr. J. G. O'Denogluo was appointed in his stend.

"Owing to inability of A. Chartenia to not as member of the Board, P. J. John was appointed in his stend.

"Owing to inability of A. Chartenia to not as a formal and a largestigation under section 63 of the Act which provides that "in the event of a dispute arising any industry or trade other "These disputes were referred to a Board of Ornellation and Investigation under section 63 of the Act which provision of this Act and such abspace threatens to result in lockout or starke, or has actually resolted in a lockout or strike, either of the parties may agree in writing, to allow such dispute to be referred to a Board of Conciliation and Investigation, to be constituted ender the provisions of this Act," etc.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT, 1907.

PROCEEDINGS 1907-1908.

Statement of Applications for Boards of Conciliation and Investigation and of Proceedings thereunder from March 22, 1907, to March 31, 1908.

A.—MINES, AGENCHES OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION, AND OTHER PURICE SERVICE UTILITIES.

- Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 1, of the LDJ. Act, on recommendation from party concerned.
- 3. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 3, of the 1.D.I. Act, on the joint reconnectation of the two members first appointed. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 2, of the I.D.I. Act, in the absence of a recommendation from party concerned.
- 4. Appointed by the Minister, under Section 8, Sub-section 4, of the L.D.f. Act, in the absence of a joint recommendation by the two members first appointed.

MINING AND SMELTING INDUSTRY,

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR, CANADA, STATISTICAL TABLES, A.R.,

Result of reference.	On April I, employees went on strike. It was alleged by employees that floy were under impression that the mines of Nova Scotia, were excupt from provisions of Act. When it was explained Act applied to all Camda, employees returned to work April 8. Difficulty amicably settled. No Board constituted.	On April 1, employer locked out employees. Employer alleged that this was done in ignorate of provisions of Act. When informed of provisions of Act by Department, mines were re-opened on April 18. Subsequently an amicable settlement was effected through indervention of Mr. J. D. Mc-Niven, Fair Wages Officer of Department. No Board constituted.
Date of receipt of report of Board.		
Bate on Date of which receipt of Board was report constituted.		
Names of Mombe of Board: (C) Chairman; (E) Employer (M) Men.		
Nature of Dispute.	Concerning employ- neul, of non-union workmen.	Concerning hours of labour.
No. of persons affected.	1,700	
Locality	Springbill, N.S	Tubor, Alta
Party muking application.	Employees	Employees
Parties to Dispute,	Apr. 8 iCamberland Railway Employees Springhill, N.S 1,700 Concerning employees employees workinen.	i Canada West Coal & Employees Tuber, Alta Coke Company and employees.
Date of receipt of applica- tion.	1907 Apr. 8	Арг

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 36a	
Concerning terms of Sir Wm. Mulock, Apr. 22. May 29. Employees went on strike in the soveral including waters. Sub-chole and other J. I. Parker (E)I. conditions of curl L. P. Eckstein (a)I. Sir Wm Mulock. K.C.M.G. (c) 4. K.C.M.G. (c) 4. Eckstein (a)I. I. Eckstein (a)I. I. P. Ecks	Concerning payment The Hon, Mr. Jus- May II. July I3. Board being unable to effect a settlefor work in count-tree Graham (c) 3. er levels and stone P. S. Archibald (k) I Archibald. Minority report was presented by Mr. Marray. The recomning mentations of the Spart were not accorded by Mr. Marray. The recomning the country of the character of the strike which was threatened prior to the application for Board on May 8 was averted for the time being but took place on August I continuing until October 31, when the employees recommended in the report of the Beard.
May	July
ä	17.
Арт	May.
(M)1. (M)1. (M)1. (M)1. (M)1.	Jun- (C) 3. ((E) 1 (M) 1.
Mulo G. (c. C.	Mr. ham ii)ald Tuy (
Sir Wm. Mulock, K.C.M.G. (e)4, J. L. Parker (g.)1. L. P. Eckstein (a)1). Sir Wm. Mulock, K.C.M.G. (e) 4, F. B. Smith (e) 1. L. P. Eckstein (a)1.	Hon. Arch . Mun
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oncerning torins of Sir Wm., Mulock including wages, sebedule and other J. Parker (E). ployment Sir Wm. Mulock, K.C.M.G. (C) 4. F. B. Smith (E) 1. F. B. Smith (E) 1. F. B. Sekstein (M) 1. F. B. Sekstein (M) 1.	oncerning payment The Hon. Mr. Justice work in count. in piller work. R. B. Murray (M.) I.
agree and a street of the stre	k in c
joint a processing solution as a conditions of polyment ployment p	cerain c wor level pillur
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Con E.G. For
Frank, Alta	
reek,	
Prank, Alta. Femie, Coul Creek, Miehel, B.C. Coleman, Alta. Lille and Bellevue Landbreek, Alta. Canmore, Alta Bankhead, Alta.	
Frank, Alta Fornic, Coul Michel, B.C. Coleman, Alta. Lille and Bellon Landbreek, Alt Cannore, Alta Bankhead, Altı	Z
nk, A nic, tichel tichel andro unbro	inghii
	Spr
Prank, Alta. Frank, Alta. Fornic, Conl Creek, Michel, B.C. Coleman, Alta. Lille and Bellovuc Landbreck, Alta. Canmore, Alta Bunkheud, Alta.	oes3
mploy	mploy
9 2Western Coal Operators Employees Association and employees Canadian American Coal & Coko Company. Crow's Nest Puss Coal Company. Haternational Coal & Coke Company. West Company. West Company. Herekenridge and Land Coal Company. H. W. McNeill Coal Company. Pacific Coal Company.	Cumberland Railway & Employees Springhill, N.S. employees
Western Coal Operators Association and employees, Candian American Coal & Coko Company, Crow's Nost Pass Coal Company. Hernational Coal & Cobe Company. West, Committed, Breckenridge and Land Coal Company. Coal Company. H. W. McNeill Coal Company. Company. Company.	ilway ay a
Association and Association and Association and Association and American & Coke Company. Tow's Nest Pass (Company. Townstional Coal Coapeny. Toke Company. Toke Coal Company. Toke Coal Company. Toke Coal Company. Toke Coal Company.	d Ra
Association do Association do Association do Association do Association An & Coko Company: Company: Company: Company: W. Me Company: W. Me Company: W. Me Company: editic Coation Coation Company: we have company: we have company:	umberland Coal Coal employees
2Western Coal Operators Association and employees. Candian American Coal & Coko Company. Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company. Goke Company. Goke Company. Heekerridge and Land lores, Limited. Herekerridge and Land Coal Company. H. W. McNeill Coal Company. Company.	Com
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Арг.	Mny 8

I It is important to note in connection with these disputes that the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act was not assented to till March 22, 1907. It was some weeks later before copies of the Act were available for distribution. Its provisions in consequence were not fully known by the parties at the time these disputes occurred.

2 Applications for a Board were received also from the croployers, parties to this dispute.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT—Continued.

Result of reference,	Amicable settlement including agreement as to conditions of employment and establishment on standing committee of conciliation offseted between parties while Board was in process of constitution, strike being thereby averted.	oncerning wages His Honour Judge July 27 Sept. 21 Employees declured a strike on August 1, and odder condi- tions of employ— R. B. Marray (a) 1. Represendent of a greene to a question of paymond for accept the recummendations of the float appearance of the support of the first float.	The report of the Board was accoro- panied by a minority report by Mr. Sherman. Though neither report was formally accepted by the parties, settlement was recebed in consequence of the inquiry by the Board, and a strike thereby averted.	wages His Honour Judge Sept. 30 Oct. 21 The Board presented a unanimous recend-wilson (c) 4 a port, which though not formally notepack by the parties, formed the basis of an agreement subsequently reached by them and reported to the Days of the parties of the basis of the parties of the par	Difference adjusted, and agreement concluded helore Bard, daing from December 9, 1997, until March 31, 1999, a strike being thereby averted.
Date of receipt of report of Board.		Sept. 21	Nov. 4	Oct. 21	Dec. 20
Dute on Dute which receipt Bourd was report constitu- ted. Bour		July 27	Sept. 24	Sept. 30	Justico Nov. 21 Dec. 20 8) I. pn (x) 1.
Names of Members. (C) Chairman; (E) Employer; (M.) Men.		oncerning wages His Honour Judge and other condi- Patterson (c) 4. tions of employ- P. S. Archibald(E) I. nucut. R. B. Marray (s) I.	onearning wages Hon. C. W. Fisher, Sept. 24 Nov. 4 and other condi- (c) 4 irons of employ-I. R. McDonald(s)1. ment. [F. H. Sherman (w)]	oncerning wages H1s Honour Judge and other cond. Wilson (c) 4. tions of employ- F. B. Smith (c) 1. ment.	
Nature of Dispute.	400 Concerning conditions of employ-	Concerning wages, and other condi- tions of employ- nord.	Concerning wages and other condi- tions of employ- ment.	Concerning wages His Honour and other condi- Wilson (c) 4, tions of employ- F. B. Smith (F. H. Sherman ment.	Concerning wages, Hoo. Mr. hours and other Shurt (c) conditions of em- S. A. Jones (ployment,
No. persons affected.	400	.1,700	70		150
Locality	Lothbridge, Altu		Hillerest, Mu	Hosmer, B C	Taber, Alta
Party making upplication,	Етрюуеев	Employees	Employees	Employees	Employees
Parties to Dispute.	Alberta Railway and Employees Lothbridge, Altupnny and employees of coal mines.	Camborland Railway Employees Springhill, N.S. Coal Company and employees.	Sept. 11 [Hillerest Coal & Coke Employees Hillerest, Mus	Sept. 16 Howmer mines and em-Employees	Canada West Coal & Employees Taber, Altaemployees.
Pure of receipt of upplica-tion.	May 27	July 12	Sept. 11	Sept. 16	1907 Nov. 5.

SESSIONAL	PAPER N	lo. 36a					
Justice Nov. 20 Dec. 28 Differences adjusted, and agreement concluded before Board dating from December 9, 1907, until March 31, 1909, a strike being thereby averted. Justice Nov. 20 Dec. 28 Differences adjusted, and ngreement concluded before Board, dating from the concluded before Board, dating from.	Differences adjusted, and agreement concluded a strike being thereby averted. Differences adjusted, and agreement concluded before Board, dating from Septomber 23, 1907, until March 31, 1905, a strike being thereby averted.	The Board presented a unaninous report, which the employees expressed a willingness, and the Company an unwillingness to accept. No further cessation of work took place.	Differences adjusted and an agreement concluded before the Board effective from March 16, 1908, to December 31, 1908, strike being thereby averted.	The report of the Board stated that the Act did not apply in this case, the mines having closed down for lack of orders before the investigation oreured. A wage scale was, however, recommended. The report was accompanded by a minority report, rasking other recommendation.	Differences adjusted and agreement con- cluded before Board, effective from May 1, 1908, to May 1, 1909 a strike being thereby averted.	The report in this case appears as represented to the Department, to have been inisial by one of the members of the Beard and an amestal deby, everired therein in its presentation. The Beard disappeed in its fine fine and cessation of work was reported.	The report found against the claims of the men, and was accompanied by a numority report, finding generally, but not wholly, in favour of the men. The employees declared the minority report acceptable to them. No cesses- tion of work was reported.
Dec. 28	ñ	Jan. 22	Mar. 23	April 6	May 5	Dec. 8	May 26
Justice Nov. 20 Dec. 28. (5) 1. Justice, Nov. 20 Dec. 28. Justice, Nov. 20 Dec. 28. (5)	Dec. 2		Feb. 18	Feb. 25	Apr. 10	Арг. 22	Арг. 29
Ilon. Mr. Stuart (c) R. Duggan (F. H. Sherm Hon. Mr. Stuart (c)	F. H. Sherman (M) I. C. Montgomery (C)3. F. L. Otter (E) I. F. H. Sherman (M) I	oneerning wuges, His Honour Judge Dec. 21. and other condi- Patterson (c) 4. tions of employ- R. B. Murray (a) 1. Hiram Dankin (g) 1.	oncerning wages, Prof. A. Short (c) 4. Feb. 18 and conditions of J. Dix Fraser (E) 1. Dr. A. Kendal, M. P. P. (M) I.	Hon. Mr. Justice Feb. 25 April 6 Stuart (c) 3. W. E. Bullock (z) 1. F. H. Sberman(M) 1.	His Honour Judge Apr. 10 May 5 Myers, (C) 4. J. O. Hannah (E) 1. F. H. Sherman,	winges His Honour Judge Apr. 22 Dec. 8 Daveson, (c) 4. G.C. Crowe, (g) I. F. H. Sherman, (N)1	His Honour Judge Apr. 29 Wallace, (C) 4 Hom. John Armstrong, (8) 2. R. B. Murray, (a) 1.
Concerning wages, IIon. Mr. Justons, and other Stuart (c) 4. eonditions of em-R. Durgan (g) Layroren. (F. II. Sherman (word) and the concerning wages. Hon. Mr. Justons, and other, Stuart (c) 4.	Concerning wuges, G. Montgomery(c)3. Dec. 2 hours, and other F. L. Otter (E) I. Ordinions of em- F. H. Sherman (x) 1 ployment.	Concerning wuges, and other conditions of employment.	Concerning wages, and conditions of employment.	Concerning wages, and conditions of employment.	Concerning wages and bours.	Concerning wages	Concerning wages.
\$0	40	1,700	7,000	100	90	50	1,600
Taber, Alta	Edmonton, Alta.	Springbill, N.S	Dominion, C.B	Woodpecker, Alta	Taylorton, Sask	Bientfait, Sask	Springhill, N.S.
mployees	mployees	трюўсев	mployees	mployers	mployees	mployees	mployees
Nov. 5 Domestie Coal Cone Employees Taber, Alta Nov. 5 Duggas Huntrols and Employees Taber, Alta	Stratheona Coal Com-Employees Educaton, Alta	Cumberland Railway & Employees Coal Company and employees.	Dominion Coal Com-Employees Dominion, C.B pany, Limited, and members of the Provincial Worker's Association.	John Marsh, Join How-Employersedlls, Stevens Brothers, coal mine operators, death with as a whole and employees.	Western Dominios Col. Employees livries, Limited, and employees.	Manitoba & Stakatehe-Employees Bientfait, Sask wan Coal Company. Limited, and om- ployees.	Cumberland Railway & Employees Coal Company, Ltd., and employees.
Nov. 5	Nov. 12	Nov. 21	Jan. 4	Feb. 10.	Mar. 16	Mar. 16	Mar 25.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT—Continued.

2. METAL MINES.

Result of reference.	wages His Hon. Judge Wil- Sept. 23 Dee, 28 The Board after an exhaustive inquiry son, (c) 3. (c) 3. (d) 1. (e) 3. (e) 1. (e	A unanimous report was presented by the Board, making recommendations for the settlement of the dispute. The findings of the Board were not formally accepted by the parties, but the investigation by the Board is believed to have been beneficial to the camp as a whole, and no cessation of work was reported.	Unanimous report was presented by Board making reconnendations for the settlement of the dispute. The findings of the Board were accepted by the men, but not by the Company. No cessation of work was, however, reported.
Date of receipt of report of Board.	Dee. 28	1908 Jan. 22,	Feb. 13
Date on which Board was constituted.	Sept. 23.	Dec. 21	Jan, 31
Names of Members Date on which (C) Chairman, (E) Employer constitution (M) Men.	His Hon. Judge Wil- son, (C) 3. J. A. Harvey, (E) 1. S. S. Taylor, K.C. (M) 1.	wages Prof. A. Shortt, (c)3. Dec. 21 Jan. 22. John A. Welch, (M)1.	wages Prof. S. J. Maclean, Jan. 31 Feb. 13. (c) 4. M. F. Pumaville, (E) 1. C. B. Duke, (M) I.
Nature of Dispute.	Concerning wages and hours.	120 Concerning wages	Concerning wages
No. of persons affected.	400	120	50
Locality	Canadian Consolidated Employees Moyie, B.C	Cobait, Ont.	Cobalt, Ont
Party making application.	Employees	Елиріоуеев	Employees
Parties to Dispute.	Canadian Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company and em- ployees.	McKinley-Darragh Min-Employeee Cohalt, Ontand its employees.	Temiskaning & Hudson Employees Cobalt, Ont Limited, and its employees.
Date of receipt of applica-	. Sopt. 12	Dec. 9	1908 Jan. 9

II. THANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION,

S	ESS	Concerning schedule Prof. A. Shortt, (c)4 May 4 May 21 Differences adjusted, and agreement P involving ways, W. Neshitt, K.G. hours, appendixed before Board for period of T one year from May 1, strike being T ment of former of fo	Concerving schedule Prof. A. Shortt, (c)4 July 18 Aug. 46 Differences adjusted, and agreement for of wages, and rules W. Nesbitt, K.C., (s) 1. (s) 1. (s) 1. (s) 1. Cardell, (s) 1.	Concerning wages Prof. W. Merray, July 22 Aug. 12 On June 29, employees went on strike, and a and elassification (C)? I. E. Finn, M.P.P (M) I. A. M.P.P physical process and a refured to verk. On the request of the parties, proceedings were subsequently adopted under the Conciliation and Labour Act, and as settlement effected, the terms of which were made and propess at St. John, N.B., as well as at Halifax, N.S., and further cessation of work was thereby averted.
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AMUNICATION.		rof. A. Shortt, (c) ⁴ I. V. Neshitt, K.C., (E) 1. G. O'Donoghue, (M) 1.	rof. A. Shortt, (c)4 J V. Nesbitt, K.C., (E) 1. J. Cardell, (M) 1.	Prof. W. Merray, J. (C.) J. (C.) J. (L.) H. (C.) J. (R.) F. F. F. M. P. P. (M.) I.
II. THANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION	I. Raidways.	vacerning schedule Prof. A. Shorti, (c)4 involving wages, W. Neshiti, K.C., hours, apprendee, (E) I. Ship, re-instake-J. G. O'Donoghue, mont of former (M) I.	Concerning schedule Prof. A. Shortt, (c)4 of wages, and rules W. Resbitt, K.C., (F) 1. J. Cardell, (M) I.	oncoming wages I and classification of employees.
ANSPOR		:	:	250,
II. TR		Grand Trunk Railway Employees Montreal, Ottawa, To-400 and machinists.	June 27 Grand Trunk Railway Employees Montreal, Ottawa, To- 1,300 Company of Canada ronto, Stratford, etc. and its locomotive engineers.	Halfax, N.S
		Employees	Employees	
		Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada and machinists.	Grand Trunk Railway Compuny of Canada and its locomotive en- gineers.	July 10 Intercolonial Railway of Employees Canada mad freight handlers in its employ at Halffax, N.S.
		36a—4	June 27	July 10

TEXT OF REPORTS RECEIVED DURING 1911-1912.

In the following pages appears the text of the reports presented by Boards of Concilation and Investigation, received by the Registrar during the financial year 1911-1912, also the text of minority reports received.

I. APPLICATION FROM TELEGRAPHERS, MEMBERS OF THE COM-MERCIAL TELEGRAPHERS' UNION OF AMERICA, EMPLOYED BY THE GREAT NORTH WESTERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF CANADA.—BOARD ESTABLISHED.—STRIKE AVERTED.

Application received—March 3, 1911.

Parties concerned—The Great North Western Telegraph Company of Canada and telegraphers, members of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America.

Applicants—Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Telegraphy.

Nature of dispute—Wages and conditions of employment; also alleged discrimination against the members of Union.

Number of employees affected—Directly, 200; indirectly, 1,100.

Date of constitution of Board-March 30, 1911.

Membership of Board—Honourable Mr. Justice J. V. Teetzel, Toronto, Ont., Chairman, appointed on the joint recommendation of the other members of the Board; Mr. Frederick H. Markey, K.C., Montreal, Que., appointed on the recommendation of the employing Company; and Mr. D. Campbell, Toronto, Ont., appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned.

Report received—July 17, 1911.

Result of inquiry—Report was signed by the three members of the Board, Mr. Markey and Mr. Campbell each, however, dissenting on one point. The findings of the Board were accepted by both parties concerned.

The Minister of Labour received, on July 17, the report of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation to which had been referred for adjustment certain differences between the Great North Western Telegraph Company of Canada and telegraph operators in its employ, members of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America.

In the application for the establishment of the Board it was stated that the dispute related to rates of wages, working conditions, the dismissal of a number of men and general discrimination against them as members of the Union, and for acting on a committee representing the employees. The number of employees concerned was given as 200 directly and 1,100 indirectly.

A Board was established by the Minister on March 20, and was constituted as follows:—Mr. Frederick H. Markey, K.C., Montreal, Que., member appointed on the recommendation of the employing Company; Mr. D. Campbell, Toronto, Ont., member appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned; and the Honourable Mr. Justice J. V. Teetzel, Toronto, Ont., Chairman, appointed on the joint recommendation of the foregoing members of the Board.

The Board met in the City of Toronto on April 6, concluding its work on July 13. The General Manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's Telegraph and other officials of that Company, as well as representatives of the Great North Western Telegraph Company of Canada and of the employees were present at the meetings.

With respect to the dismissal of the men and alleged discrimination against them as members of the Union, the Board found that eleven men had been dismissed on or about the 14th of February, 1911, three of whom had acted on a committee which had presented a schedule of wages and preposed rules to the Company, at the same time requesting a conference with the Manager for the purpose of considering the said schedule of wages and set of rules. This proposal had been refused and the dismissals had followed shortly afterwards. The Company agreed to reinstate the former employés with the exception of four, including the three who had acted on the committee; other reasons, the Company alleged, being responsible for their dismissal. The Board, however, with the exception of Mr. Frederick H. Markey, member appointed on the recommendation of the Company, thought the fourth member should be reinstated.

The employees submitted a set of rules which they had drawn up, and the Board after amending and altering them in certain respects recommended their adoption from the first day of August, 1911. Mr. D. Campbell, member appointed on the recommendation of the men, dissented from the Boards' finding in one particular. With regard to the question of wages, the Board found that since the appointment of the General Manager in March last, an increase to the extent of over \$7,000 had been granted to the telegraphers; and as the General Manager seemed inclined to treat his employees justly the Board did not, therefore, recommend any further increase at the time. A system of percentage grading similar to that in use by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's Telegraphs was asked for by the employees; this the Board recommended should be adopted in the cities of Toronto, Montreal, Ottawa and Quebec, the same to take effect on January 1, 1912.

The findings of the Board were accepted by both parties concerned.

Report of Board.

The text of the findings of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation in this matter is as follows:—

In the matter of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, and in the matter of differences between the Great North Western Telegraph Company of Canada, employer, and certain telegraph operators in its employ, employees.

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As members of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation appointed to deal with the disputes between the Great North-Western Telegraph Company of Canada and its employees, we beg to report as follows:—

The matters referred to us were the following:—

1. Dismissal of a number of the employees, and also general discrimination against them for participating in membership of the Union, and for acting on a committee representing the employees.

2. A dispute as to rates of pay and working conditions.

The Telegraphers were represented by Messrs. S. J. Konenkamp, M. J. O'Neill and Charles Godwin, and the Telegraph Company was represented by Mr. George D. Perry, General Manager.

The Board met at the City of Toronto on the 6th day of April, the 25th and 26th days of May, the 15th and 16th days of June, and the 10th and 11th days of July, 1911, when the evidence of the aforesaid representatives, also James Kent, General Manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's Telegraph; W. J. Camp, Electrical Engineer of that Company; J. F. Richardson, Superintendent of the Eastern Division of that Company, and G. D. Robertson, General Chairman of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's Railroad Telegraphers; Charles E. Davies, Manager of the Great North Western Telegraph Company's office at Ottawa; Ernest Stainton, Chief Night Operator at the Company's office at Montreal; George Salloway, that company's Chief Operator at Montreal; and L. S. Humes, its Manager at Montreal; and, in addition to such evidence, the Board heard extensive arguments of the respective representatives touching the matters in question, and on July 12 and 13 the Board met for the final consideration of the evidence and arguments presented and the preparation of this Report.

ITEM 1.

Dismissal of a number of employees, and also general discrimination against them for participating in the Union.

On or about February 14,1911, the following eleven employees were dismissed by the Company: W. F. Moore, Robert Dunn, W. H. Hartley, A. J. Thompson, A. R. M. Sterling, Joseph Manning, F. Carceau, C. A. Godwin, J. E. Montgomery, M. J. O'Neil and R. W. Ball.

These men were discharged by the Company by reason of the active part which they took as members of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America. Three of them, Manning, O'Neil and Godwin, were members of a Committee which presented for adoption by the Company a schedule of wages and proposed rules or working conditions, and who requested a conference with the late General Manager, for the purpose of discussing the said schedule of wages and rules. The conference requested was refused by the late General Manager, and shortly afterwards, to wit, on or about February 14, the said Committee and the others above named were discharged.

At the first meeting of this Board, the representatives of the employees stated that they had not intended and did not now intend to demand from the Company a recognition of the said Union, or any other Union, or to require anything to be done which would prevent promotion of employees on their merits.

No reason other than their action in connection with the Union as above stated was advanced for the dismissal of these men, and this Board is of the opinion that the reason given for such dismissal was insufficient.

The Company, through its General Manager, Mr. Perry, stated to the Board that it would, upon application being made by them, reinstate all the said employees, except O'Neil, Godwin, Manning and Hartley, as to the reinstatement of whom they showed other objections, and this Board, having considered these objections, nevertheless recommends that the Company should reinstate the said Joseph Manning, from which recommendation, however, Mr. Markey dissents.

ITEM 2.

(a) Working Conditions or rules.

The employees submitted a set of rules, which the Board has very fully considered, and, having amended and altered the same, unanimously recommends that the following rules shall govern the telegraphers employed by the Great North Western Telegraph Company of Canada, and shall be adopted and take effect on August 1, 1911.

Rules and Working Conditions.

The following rules shall govern the telegraphers employed by the Great North Western Telegraph Company of Canada, and shall be adopted and take effect on August 1, 1911.

ARTICLE 1. Employes assigned to regular service will be classed as telegraphers within the meeting of these rules.

ARTICLE 2. Telegraphers' rights of promotion in each office will be governed by merit, fitness and ability, and where these are sufficient the senior telegrapher will be given the preference.

ARTICLE 3. When a vacancy occurs, the same will be filled by the appointment of the senior telegrapher in that office, who, in the opinion of the proper authority, is capable of filling the position.

ARTICLE 4. A list of all telegraphers employed at Winnipeg, Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal and Quebec will be kept on file at the Company's offices in said cities, showing the dates when said telegraphers entered the service of the Company; such list to be open to the inspection of all telegraphers whose names should appear thereon, and shall be subject to correction on proper representation from any such telegrapher at any time.

ARTICLE 5. In case of a reduction in the number of telegraphers employed, the senior telegraphers in their respective offices, if capable of performing the telegraph work required by the Company, will be retained in preference to

telegraphers junior to them. Any telegrapher in good standing whose services have been dispensed with on account of a reduction of the staff will be given preference of re-employment when staff is increased, if his merit and ability justify it.

ARTICLE 6. A telegrapher declining or being unable to accept promotion shall not forfeit his right to the same or any other position he may be entitled to under Article 2 when a vacancy occurs.

If a vacancy occurs when a telegrapher is on leave of absence (not exceeding thirty days) he will not be debarred from claiming the position to which he is entitled under seniority, and receiving the appointment on resuming duty, if his merit and ability justify it.

All vacancies shall be bulletined by the proper officer within ten days from the time such vacancy occurs.

ARTICLE 7. If a telegrapher be taken off his work for any cause, he shall be given a hearing by his chief Operator, when he shall be given particulars of the charge or charges against him, and shall have the right to have a co-employee of his own selection appear and speak for him. He shall have a right to appeal from the decision to the Superintendent, if one exists, and from the decision of the Superintendent to the General Manager; and if there is no Superintendent the appeal shall be direct from the decision of the Chief Operator to the General Manager. Should no decision be reached within fifteen days after the Division Superintendent or General Manager, as the case may be, has received notice of appeal, he shall receive his regular pay for time in excess of fifteen days until the decision is arrived at.

If the telegrapher is found blameless in the matter under investigation, he will be reinstated, and paid at regular rates for time lost, and necessary expenses while attending such investigation, if away from home.

ARTICLE 8. A telegrapher leaving the service of the Company will, on request to the Chief Operator in writing, as soon thereafter as practicable, be furnished with a certificate by him, stating term or terms of service, capacity in which employed, and whether discharged or leaving of his own accord. If discharged, cause of dismissal will be stated.

If detained by the Company more than five days waiting for such certificate, the telegrapher will be paid regular wages for all time in excess of five days. Unless otherwise requested, this certificate will be mailed to the telegrapher at his last place of employment.

ARTICLE 9. Where the words "Senior Telegrapher" or "Senior Telegraphers" occur in the foregoing rules, they shall mean senior telegraphers or senior telegraphers in length of service.

ARTICLE 10. At offices where four or more telegraphers are employed, the hours for work, except on legal holidays, shall be as follows:—

Nine hours shall constitute a day's work, beginning between 6 a.m. and 9 a.m. Eight hours shall constitute a days' work on split tricks or early or late night duty. Pay for overtime shall be computed on the basis of seven hours constituting a day's work.

ARTICLE 11. On New Year's Day, Good Friday, Victoria Day, Dominion Day, Labour Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day, five hours, from 8 a.m. to 1 p.m., and from 1 p.m. to 6 p.m., and four and one-half hours, from 5 p.m. to 9.30 p.m., or from 6 p.m. to 10.30 p.m. shall each constitute a day.

As regards Rule 10, Mr. Campbell dissents as to the hours which shall constitute a day duty and split tricks and recommends eight hours and seven hours, respectively.

ITEM 2 (b) SCALE OF WAGES.

The employees submitted a minimum scale of wages for the Company's principal offices in which operators are employed at a fixed salary, and for the offices at Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal and Quebec proposed the adoption of a percentage grading, along the lines heretofore adopted by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's Telegraphs in those offices on their lines.

The evidence of Mr. Perry shows that since his appointment, in March last, as General Manager of the Company, the wages of the telegraphers have been increased to the extent of over \$7,000; and that by such increase the wages of 106 operators or about half the total number employed have been augmented. Inasmuch as Mr. Perry has only been in charge of the affairs of the Company as General Manager for a short time, the Board is not disposed to recommend a further increase of wages at this time, feeling confident that Mr. Perry is inclined to treat his employees in a spirit of fairness. The board is pleased to note the mutual good feeling existing at present between Mr. Perry and the Company's employees.

The Board recommends that the minimum scale of wages for the future shall not be less than is at present paid the respective operators for the same class of service.

ITEM 2 (c). GRADING OF EMPLOYEES IN CERTAIN OFFICES.

The Board recommends that in Toronto, Montreal, Ottawa and Quebec Offices a system of grading of employees should be adopted, on the following lines, to take effect on January 1, 1912.

The basis for computing in each office the number of telegraphers to be paid specified wages on the present scale, shall be the minimum number employed in that office during any one month in 1911; and the percentage of any class shall not be required to exceed the percentage of such class ascertained on that basis. For example, assume that in any office there are fifty telegraphers, of whom two, or four per cent., are paid \$80 per month; five or ten per cent., \$75 per month; six, or twelve per cent., \$70 per month., ten, or twenty per cent., \$65 per month; four, or eight per cent., \$60 per month; four, or eight per cent., \$55 per month; and four, or eight per cent., \$50 per month, and the balance to make up one hundred per cent. are to be paid rates at the option of the Company; the percentage of any class ascertained on the above basis shall not be increased, not-withstanding that at the time this recommendation goes into force there may be

then a larger number in that office in any class, or notwithstanding that at any time, by reason of increase of business the employment of a larger staff is required in any office; in other words, the Company shall have the right to add to the number in any class beyond the number to be ascertained as above without being required to readjust or add to the numbers employed in other classes.

In case the falling off of business in any office necessitates a reduction in the staff below the minimum to be fixed as aforesaid, the reduction shall be carried out under the provision of Rule Number 5.

Our work has been facilitated by all parties concerned. All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Sgd.) J. V. Teetzel, Chairman. Fred. D. Markey, For the Company. D. Campbell, For the Employees.

TORONTO, July 13, 1911.

II. APPLICATIONS FROM EMPLOYEES OF THE JOHN RITCHIE COMPANY, LIMITED, THE WM A. MARSH COMPANY, LIMITED, GALE BROTHERS, AND J. M. STOBO, BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURERS OF THE CITY OF QUEBEC.—BOARD ESTABLISHED.—UNANIMOUS REPORT BY BOARD.—NO CESSATION OF WORK OCCURRED.

Applications received—April 3, 1911.

Parties concerned—The John Ritchie Company, Limited, The Wm. A. Marsh Company, Limited, Gale Brothers, and J. M. Stobo, Boot and Shoe Manufacturers of the City of Quebec, and employees.

Applicants—Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Boot and Shoe manufacture.

Nature of dispute-Wages.

Number of employees affected—Directly, 68, indirectly, 875.

Date of constitution of Board—April 24, 1911.

Membership of Board—Dr. G. W. Jolicoeur, Quebec, Que., Chairman appointed on the joint recommendation of the other members of the Board; Mr. Felix Marois, Quebec, Que., appointed on the recommendation of the employing Companies; and Mr. Joseph Alphonse Langlois, Quebec, Que., appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned.

Report received—June 26, 1911.

Result of inquiry—A unanimous report was presented by the Board making certain recommendations for the settlement of the dispute. It was understood that the findings of the Board were accepted by the parties concerned.

The report of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation to which had

The report of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation to which had been referred for adjustment certain matters in dispute between various boot and shoe companies of Quebec and their respective employees was received in the Department on June 26. The firms concerned in the disputes were the following, namely: The John Ritchie Company, Wm. Marsh & Company, Gale Brothers and J. M. Stobo, all of the City of Quebec. The boot and shoe manufacturing industry, not being a public utility, can be referred under the terms of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act only by virtue of Section 63 of the statute, which requires the consent to such reference of both parties to the dispute. In the present case the matters set forth in the several applications received on April 3, were referred by joint consent of the parties to a Board of Conciliation and Investigation, and since the various disputes concerned the same industry, the Department corresponded with the various parties to ascertain the willingness of all concerned to have a single board established, the firms agreeing on a representative in common and the employees also nominating the same person. Under these conditions a Board was established, composed of

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the following gentlemen, namely: Dr. G. Will. Jolicoeur, Chairman, Mr. Félix Marois and Mr. Joseph A. Langlois, all of Quebec. Dr. Jolicoeur was appointed on the joint recommendation of Messrs. Marois and Langlois. The number of employees affected by the various disputes was placed at sixty-eight directly and 875, indirectly. The report received was unanimous, bearing the signatures of the three members of the Board, and dealt with the various disputes in turn.

It was understood that the findings of the Board were accepted by the parties concerned.

Report of Board.

The text of the findings of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation in this matter is as follows:

(Translation).

QUEBEC, June 24, 1911.

To the Honourable
W. L. Mackenzie King,
Minister of Labour, Ottawa.

SIR,-

In the matter of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, and in the matter of differences between the following firms: the John Ritchie Company, Wm. Marsh & Company, Gale Brothers and J. M. Stobo, boot and shoe manufacturers, Quebec and their employees.

After having heard the evidence of both parties in each case and examining the nature of the work of each of the employees concerned, also the methods followed and the prices paid in the boot and shoe factories in Montreal as well as in Quebec, we transmit the following report and the unanimous findings of the three members of the Conciliation Board established under your hand and seal on April 24, 1911.

First-Charles Garneau vs. The John Ritchie company.

The dispute arose as a result of the introduction of a new machine for pressing heels. With the old machine the plaintiff worked for ten cents per case. The new machine requiring two operations instead of one, he asked twenty cents per case. After having heard the evidence and examined the working of the two machines we have concluded that the work is about the same: a little longer with the new machine, but on the other hand less dangerous. Charles Garneau should be paid twelve cents per case for the two operations on the new machine, or should he prefer, \$10 per week, if he accepts engagement by the week as his employer, J. Ritchie, offered him before going before a Board of Conciliation. We may add that everywhere else, or nearly everywhere else, this work is done by the week.

This decision is to take effect from the day on which the matter was submitted to the arbitration of the Board composed of manufacturers and workmen, that is to say, from March 7, 1911.

Second—Phidime Drouin, Jos. Goulet & Adjutor Fortin vs. Wm. Marsh & Company.

The demand of the employees for an increase of \$1 per week, raising their respective salaries from \$11.50 to 12.50 per week, is granted and the increase is to take effect from April 1, 1911.

Third-Gale Brothers vs. Ferdinand Berube.

The employer Gale was paying Ferdinand Bérubé fifty cents per case for cutting the front of the heels and sandpapering them, and sandpapering and polishing the heels of children's and young ladies' boots and shoes. The employer Gale considers that excessive, inasmuch as F. Bérubé with his 19-year-old boy makes an average wage of \$38.75 per week, including even the five or six weeks that he does not work during the summer. The Gale firm being the only one in Quebec for this kind of work, our investigation was made chiefly in Montreal, where we were able to obtain information which justifies us in rendering the following decision: The employer Gale shall pay to F. Bérubé forty cents per case for heels and twenty cents per case for spring heels; this decision to take effect forthwith.

The price of forty cents per case for heels shall apply only to heels not more than one inch in height. Over this height, the price shall be fixed in the proportion of one inch one heel.

Fourth-Hubert Bonneau vs. J. M. Stobo.

In the settlement of this difference there were two questions in dispute: (1) the question of wages; (2) the upholding of Article 10 of an agreement existing between the employers and employees. After hearing the evidence, and in accordance with the information obtained here in Quebec and in Montreal, we decided the question without reference to this clause 10, which did not appear to us as having a direct bearing on this dispute and which would have hindered both parties rather than have been of use to either. We, therefore, decide that the employer, J. M. Stobo, shall pay to Hubert Bonneau, \$14.00 per week from November 1, 1910, and shall also give him the preference whenever there is work.

As you have already understood from our previous letters, the greatest difficulty in the settlement of these disputes is not so much in the re-adjustment of wages as in the attempt which we have made to bring the workmen and the employers together. A great deal of the present trouble, we believe, is due to the fact that the two associations have for some years looked upon each other as veritable enemies. We have, therefore, taken advantage of every opportunity that presented itself to point out to the workmen that they should respect the authority of the employer. Have we succeeded in reconciling them? We hope so, but much would still remain to be done. We have, therefore, in concluding our work, informed the two parties that we shall be at their service, if we are needed even after the Board has disbanded.

We shall likewise be ready, Sir, to give you any further information that you may require.

In conclusion we are glad to testify that all parties concerned in the settlement of these differences were ready to give us all the information requested.

Signed at Quebec, June 24, 1911.

(Sgd)

Dr. G. WILL. JOLICOEUR,

Chairman.

FELIX MAROIS,

Representing the employers.

J. A. Langlois,

Representing the Employees.

III. APPLICATION FROM MEMBERS OF DISTRICT NO. 18 UNITED MINE WORKERS OF AMERICA, EMPLOYED BY THE COAL MINING COMPANIES COMPRISING THE WESTERN COAL OPERATORS' ASSOCIATION. EMPLOYEES DECLARED A STRIKE ON MARCH 31, 1911, ON THE EXPIRY OF A TWO YEARS' AGREEMENT WITH THE EMPLOYING COMPANIES.—BOARD ESTABLISHED.—AGREEMENT SUBSEQUENTLY CONCLUDED THROUGH GOVERNMENT INTERVENTION.

Application received—April 13, 1911.

Parties concerned—The Western Coal Operators Association and employees, members of District No. 18 United Mine Workers of America.

Applicants—Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Coal mining.

Nature of dispute—Failure to agree upon the terms of a new working agreement to replace one which expired on March 31, 1911.

Number of employees affected—Directly, 6,000; indirectly, an indefinite number. Date of constitution of Board—April 21, 1911.

Membership of Board—Reverend C. W. Gordon, D. D., Winnipeg, Man., Chairman, appointed by the Minister in the absence of any joint recommendation from the other members of the Board; M. Colin Macleod, Macleod, Alta., appointed on the recommendation of the employing Companies; and A. J. Carter, Fernie, B. C., appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned.

Reports received—July 10 and July 11.

Result of inquiry—The employees concerned in this dispute ceased work on March 31, 1911, on the termination of a two years' agreement with the employing Companies. A Board was established on April 13 by request of the employees. The report of the Board was accompanied by a minority report signed by Mr. Carter. The Operators signified their willingness to negotiate an agreement along the general lines suggested by the Board in its majority report, the employees, on the other hand, accepting the minority report of Mr. Carter. The majority of the mines remained closed down until the middle of November when a new agreement was signed, effective to March 31, 1915.

The Minister received, on July 11, the report of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation to which had been referred for adjustment certain matters in dispute between the Coal Operators comprising the Western Coal Operators' Association and the workmen who had been employed in these mines; also a minority report signed by Mr. Carter. The Companies comprised in the Western Coal Operators' Association are as follows: Bankhead Mines, Limited,

Bankhead; The H. W. McNeill Company, Limited, Canmore; Alberta Railway and Irrigation Company, Lethbridge; West Canadian Collieries, Limited, Blairmore; The International Coal and Coke Company, Limited, Coleman; Royal Collieries, Limited, Lethbridge; Chinook Coal Company, Limited, Lethbridge; Leitch Collieries, Limited, Passburg; Davenport Coal Company, Burmis; Crows' Nest Pass Coal Company, Limited, Fernie, B.C.,; The Corbin Coal and Coke Company, Limited, Corbin, B.C.; Hosmer Mines, Limited, Hosmer, B.C.; Diamond Coal Company, Limited, Diamond City; Canadian Coal Consolidated, Limited, Frank, Alta.; Hillcrest Collieries, Limited, Hillcrest; and the Maple Leaf Coal Company, Maple Leaf. The miners concerned were members of District No. 18 of the United Mine Workers of America. The mines affected are located in eastern British Columbia and the southern portion of Alberta. The number of men concerned was placed at 6,000.

A board was established by the Minister on April 13, and was composed of the Rev. C. W. Gordon, D.D., Winnipeg, Man., Chairman, appointed by the Minister in the absence of any joint recommendation from the other members of the Board; Mr. Colin Macleod, Macleod, Alta., named by the operators; and Mr. A. J. Carter, Fernie, B.C., named by the employees concerned. At the time this Board was established the employees concerned had already ceased work on the expiry of a two years' agreement between the Coal Mining Companies and the United Workers' Association, to which very many of the workmen belonged. The coal miners being unwilling to resume work until a new agreement was reached, the mines in question were accordingly closed down.

The matters at issue related to wages and conditions of employment, the latter including the question as to the degree of recognition which should be given by the mine owners to the United Mine Workers' organization.

The Board entered upon its work of investigation in the middle of April. A short adjournment was made on May 12, after which the inquiry was resumed and carried to completion. The Board in its report expressed regret that its efforts to bring the dispute to a conclusion had been unsuccessful. The Board accordingly submitted its findings on the various points of difference regarding the wages which should be paid to the different classes of employees and the other conditions which should be put into effect between the Coal Mining Companies comprising the Western Coal Operators' Association and their employees.

The Western Coal Operators informed the Department of Labour on July 24 of their conditional acceptance of the majority report and their willingness to negotiate an agreement along the general lines suggested by the Board. The Board's report was later referred by the employees' organization to a referendum vote which was understood to have resulted in a majority against the acceptance of the Board's findings.

The mines, with few exceptions, remained closed down throughout the spring, summer and autumn months, resulting in a very considerable reduction of the domestic fuel supply in the Provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta. The seriousness of the situation in this respect increased with the advent of cold weather. It was not, however, until the middle of November that a settlement

was arrived at, operations in the mines being very generally resumed on the 20th of that month.

The settlement followed a series of conferences at Lethbridge. Alta., between the parties concerned, which were also attended by Honourable Robert Rogers, Minister of the Interior. The new agreement is to continue in force until March 31, 1915, the parties to meet in conference 30 days before its expiry to discuss renewal thereof.

In view of the threatened shortage of coal throughout Alberta and Saskatchewan due to the almost total cessation of mining operations, an Order in Council was passed on July 31 on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, authorizing a remission of the customs duty on bituminous coal imported into Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia east of the one hundred and twenty-second meridian, which remission continued in force until November 20. It was estimated that the importations of coal into Canada to which the remission of customs duty applied was in the neighbourhood of one million tons.

Report of Board.

The text of the findings of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation in this matter is as follows:—

Banff, Alta., July 5, 1911.

To the Honourable The Minister of Labour, Department of Labour, Ottawa, Ont.

Sir:

In the matter of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act and in the matter of differences between the Western Coal Operators' Association and District No. 18, United Mine Workers of America, your Board respectfully presents the following report:

Historical Sketch.—During the years 1909 and 1910 the Western Coal Operators' Association and District No. 18 United Mine Workers of America had been conducting operations under an agreement which terminated March 31, 1911. Under the terms of this agreement, a conference was held at Calgary, Alberta, thirty days prior to the date of expiration of this agreement, to negotiate a new agreement. The conference proved fruitless, the agreement lapsed on March 31, 1911, and immediately the miners throughout practically the whole district covered by the eighteen mines "ceased work."

The Department of Labour immediately offered a Conciliation Board; the parties finally accepted. The Board was constituted with Mr. A. J. Carter of Fernie, B. C., representing the United Mine Workers of America, and Mr. Colin Macleod, of Macleod, Alberta, representing The Western Coal Operators' Association, and Rev. Charles W. Gordon, D.D., of Winnipeg, as Chairman.

The Board re-convened at Lethbridge, Alberta, on April 26, continued in session until May 12, and adjourned; convened at Coleman. Alberta, on June 8, and finally adjourned in Banff, Alberta, on July 5, 1911.

The Board regrets its inability to present a unanimous Report, Mr. A. J. Carter, who represents the United Mine Workers of America, will present a Minority Report. The Board further deeply regrets that after the utmost diligence and care in the securing and weighing of evidence secured during the investigation, and after the most strenuous and prolonged efforts to harmonize the opinions and attitudes of the parties, that it is forced to report a failure in this respect, in that neither of the parties is prepared to accept the finding of the Board. It is, however, the conviction of the Board, that after due consideration of the equity and of the effect of this decision, the parties will come to an agreement upon the basis suggested.

The problems confronting the Board in dealing with this dispute were so intricate and varied, and the issues involved so vast and far reaching, that the time consumed was far beyond the expectation of any of its members. But having entered upon the task, it was felt that anything but the most thorough and exhaustive investigation would satisfy neither the Board itself, nor the Department, nor the country at large.

In conducting its work, the Board placed itself entirely at the disposal of the parties in seeking to possess itself of the fullest data upon every point. Every mine was visited, every witness called, every grievance probed as each party desired. Sworn documents taken from the Company's book were presented, pay-rolls were examined, mine officials and union officials were put on the stand. Sanitation was inspected; the cost of living; the cost of coal production; the tonnage output of mines; the selling price of coal; markets; the relation of coal companies to railway companies; these and all cognate matters at the instigation of the parties and on its own motion, the Board faithfully and fearlessly investigated. No information was refused by either party, no inquiry burked.

When it is remembered that in The Western Coal Operators' Association there are eighteen mining companies represented, working lignite, bituminous and anthracite fields, differing in methods of working and in character of seams, with a capital of \$40,000,000, and that in District 18 of the United Mine Workers of America there are eighteen locals, each with its own set of claims and grievances and all united in common aims, it will not be difficult to understand why the Board found it necessary to extend the time of its labours to such a length.

Throughout this investigation the Board has set itself to discover the causes of this perennial strife between the parties to this dispute, feeling that there must be some deep rooted reason, not for divergence of opinion simply—that is explicable and yields to reasonable negotiations—but for the spirit of hostility approaching to bitterness, and of distrust that clouds their every relation.

Many grievances of the miners were reported arising from conditions of work, interpretation of agreement, discrimination, &c., &c., due in some cases to misunderstandings, in some to petty tyranny of subordinate officials, in some to mismanagement of mines, and in some again to unwise interference of Union officers. At this point the Board ventures the opinion that a stupid, tyrannical or unsympathetic pit-boss or foreman may work great injury in a mine and should be removed, and that a meddlesome Secretary of a Local Union can with the greatest case keep a camp in a state of turmoil. His local should deal with him.

The Board further made the discovery that in the mines best managed there were fewest causes of complaint. These grievances, while individually of comparative insignificance, cumulatively furnish a mass of inflammable material for strike conflagrations. They ought to be dealt with promptly and settled without delay.

But these grievances, while they account for local irritation, do not explain the phenomena of recurring strikes, persistent antagonism and suspicion, impossibility of mutual concession, &c., that have marked the relations between the parties during the past years. What is the cause? Minor grievances, annoying though they be, never appear at the meetings of the Scale Committee where agreements are discussed. Difference of opinion on a wage question is inevitable, but this yields to negotiation by reasonable men. What is the cause of this deplorable feeling? The effects are serious enough to concern thoughtful men all over the country. The situation has become intolerable. The question is not solely for the parties primarily concerned and their interests, vast though they may be, but for those constituting that Third Party. The People, with their immensely greater interests, who, unable to protect themselves from loss and suffering, are wholly at the mercy of those who at will let loose upon them this biennial flood of misery and strife. What is this?

A study of the Calgary conference sets forth one chief cause in clear light. For thirty days the parties sat in conference, so-called, unable to achieve a single step in advance. What blocked the way? The General Provisions of the Agreement, as they are called, and specifically the "Check-off." What is this "Check-off?" It is a plan by which the Company agrees to collect for the Union its dues, assessments, fines, &c., from the employees affected. This plan which seems to be peculiar to the coal mining industry, has found a place in practically all the Districts in the United States where the United Mine Workers of America are in existence, is recognized in the Statutes of Alberta, and has been in operation in all the mines represented in the Western Coal Operators' Association. Why then should the "Check-off" clause become the béte noir of every conference? Simply because in the "Check-off" is involved the principle of the "open" or "closed" shop, as also the development, if not the existence, of the Union.

A certain variety of "Check-off" clause the operators will accept, though grudgingly perhaps, but a particular form of "Check-off" the operators resolutely reject. And why? Because in this particular form of "Check-off" clause both the Union and the operators believe they see the closing of the door. At every conference both parties sit with their eyes upon that door. Let it move ever so little, open or shut, and the guns are out. And this in the face of the extraordinary fact that the Union frankly and fully concedes the "Open Shop," and the no less extraordinary fact that the operators frankly and fully concede to the Union the right to exist and develop itself among their employees. Thus the Union, professing the policy of the "Open Door," gently proceeds to close it a little and are surprised and grieved to find behind the door the whole body of the operators shoving as for dear life. Meantime, the Third Party, the People of Canada, gaze and suffer. If the shop is "Open," why bother about

the "Door." A little more sincerity on the part of both parties and a definite understanding upon the question would eradicate what, in the opinion of the Board, is a deep-rooted cause of this continuous strife, and would effectually remove the inability of the parties to rationally negotiate an agreement. Settle the "Open Shop" question, and with that right of the Union to exist and to exercise its proper functions, and there will be little difficulty in finding clear and adequate words with which to frame an acceptable "Check-off" clause with those clauses germane to it, viz., those dealing With Mine Management, Union Jurisdiction, Discrimination, &c., which now invariably awaken strife.

The Board, therefore, suggests that both parties frankly come out into the open in regard to the principle of the "Open Shop" and in regard to the right of the Union to exist and exercise its functions, and then there will be no difficulty in drafting the clauses named above. The operators must remember that a mine is not a hole in the ground with coal in it, but is an industry producing coal for the market in co-operation with labour, and the miners must remember that there are no coal miners unless mines are in operation.

On the question of wages the Board discovered wide divergence of opinion, but, as the investigation proceeded, certain striking features emerged upon the field of inquiry, and prominent amongst these, two in particular, viz., an abnormally low Day-Wage scale and an abnormally high wage for men engaged in pillar coal. Then, too, there was brought out into clear prominence the startling fact that out of the eighteen companies only four have paid any dividends, and these four only intermittently, while during the past two years probably two-thirds of the mines have been operated at a loss.

The Board came across the impression, not only among the miners but also in the community generally, that this was due in some cases to mismanagement and in others to collusion with railway companies. It is true there are instances of loss due to mismanagement and to unfortunate experiment, but this is true only in comparatively few mines. As to railway influence, the Board was unable to discover that such influence was used either to depress the selling price of coal or to increase the cost of production. There are instances where a railway company secures the lowest rate on coal, but this is to be accounted for by the common business custom of giving a better rate where the whole output of product is purchased and where the security is absolute. The Board is of the opinion that under present conditions most of the coal mines in this district cannot without loss increase the cost of production. It is obvious that this fact has a profound influence upon the question of wages. It is equally obvious, however, that in certain cases this influence must be steadily resisted. When the question, for instance, is one of a living wage, the ability of a mine to pay must be disregarded, from the simple consideration that while it cannot be shown to be an absolute necessity that a particular mine should be worked it is clearly evident that the wages a man receives must be such as to support himself and his family in decency and comfort as Canadian citizens.

In coming to a finding upon the wage scale the Board was governed by certain well defined principles:

1. A Living Wage is a necessity.

- 2. In mines operating under the same Association and within the jurisdiction of the same Labour Union, uniformity should prevail, as far as possible.
 - 3. In the same mining camp equalization of wages should be sought.
- 4. After passing the limit of the Living Wage the financial standing of the Company should be considered.

In the application of these principles to the Day Wage scale the Board found little difficulty. The rates for both Inside and Outside Day men are obviously too low. The Board, therefore, suggests the advance mentioned in the schedule below.

In approaching the Contract Rates the Board experienced more difficulty. Here a great variation was discovered in the wages paid for the same class of work in different mines. For instance, the average wage for contract miners steadily employed in the Alberta Railway and Irrigation Company's mines stands at \$3.54 per day, this being the lowest average in the district. Counting all contract miners in this mine the rate would be lower still. low rate is partially accounted for by the fact that the character of the mining in these mines seems to demand less highly skilled labour. In other mines general averages for all contract miners for a year showed such variation as is indicated in the figures \$3.98, \$4.62, \$5.46, \$5.61 and \$6.00 per day. variation is to be accounted for partly by a difference in the contract rates in different mines, but more by the character of the seam, and the method of working. The Board felt little difficulty in deciding that an average over a mine for contract miners of \$3.54 per day was too low, and hence the suggestion that the rates prevailing in the Alberta Railway and Irrigation Company's mines should be advanced three per cent. A higher advance might have been suggested had it not been that already a very substantial increase had been suggested in the Day Wage, which in this particular mine would effect a very considerable proportion in the pay-roll.

In considering the earnings of different classes of contract miners working in the same mine, the Board made another striking discovery, namely, that the miners engaged in Pillars earned wages far in excess of those earned in other kinds of work. The following table of average net daily earnings will illustrate these differences:

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AVERAGE CONTRACT (NET) EARNINGS PER MAN PER DAY FOR THE YEAR 1910.

	INTERNATIONAL COAL AND COKE CO., LTD.
WEST CANADIAN COLLIERIES, LTD. BELLEVUE MINE.	COLEMAN MINE. No. 2 Seam. Per Day (net).
Breasts (up the pitch) Per Day (net) Breast (across the pitch) \$ 4 89 Breast (across the pitch) 4 74 Pillars 8 80 Development 4 09	Rooms
Total contract 5 46	No. 4 Scam. Per Day (net).
BLAIRMORE MINE.	Rooms \$ 5 79 Pillars 6 66 Entry 4 98
Rooms Per Day (net).	Total contract \$ 6 16 Total both seams \$ 5 61
Total contract 6 00	BANKHEAD MINES, LTD.
LILLE MINE. Per Day (net). S 3 33 Pillars. 504 Development 6 24	BANKHEAD MINE. Per Day (net). Cangways. \$7 01 Counters. \$5 31 Chutes. \$4 37 Breasts. \$1 36 Crosscuts. \$4 30
Total contract	Pillars 7 37 Average earnings 8 5 20

In support of a claim for these high averages, two facts must be remembered; first, that this pillar work is recognized as more dangerous, and as therefore demanding more highly skilled men, and second, that it appears to be an established rule, though perhaps not invariable, that men who carry up the rooms have their turn at the pillars. But even with these facts in mind, the Board could not bring itself to justify rates of mining that resulted in such remarkable discrepancies between men engaged in the same mine as indicated in the figures, \$4.74 and \$8.80 for an average daily wage.

These discrepancies stand out more strikingly when the individual earnings are considered. In one mine whose general daily average net wage for the whole mine is \$5.61 per day, individual net daily carnings run up in one instance, to \$10.13 per day for the year, and in this same mine twenty men show daily net average earnings of \$6.72 to \$10.31, the lowest daily average in the same mine being \$4.01 per day. In another mine where the average net daily earnings for contract men for the year are \$6 per day, individual earnings of men steadily employed show a variation of from \$3 to \$17, \$19 and even \$20 per day. Indeed the records show a miner earning for four days a daily net average of \$44.72. In this same mine fifty-eight men received for the year 1910 net earnings of over \$1,000 each. These figures found in documents duly attested as being extracted from the Companies' payrolls impressed the Board not so much with the fact that unduly high wages were being paid, but that rates that permit such extraordinary variations in earnings in the same mine demanded readjustment. The Board, therefore, suggests that the rate for pillar coal be reduced. Hence, the differential in Pillars mentioned in the schedule below of 5 cents to 7 cents per ton as may be decided. So much for pillars rate. Now for Contract Rates generally.

A strong plea was made for a general advance in contract rates throughout the district, but with the exception of the Lille Mine, where for a certain class of work the earnings are too low, and where a readjustment will mean advance, the Board could not see its way to yield to the demand for a general increase of the Contract Rates in the face of the high averages prevailing throughout the district, with the exceptions noted.

The Board might have considered an advance in the case of Michel with a daily average of \$3.96 for all contract miners, and of Fernie with a daily average of \$3.98 for the year 1910, though these rates can hardly be claimed as below a living wage, were it not for the peculiarly trying conditions of the Company operating these mines, and for the strong declaration of the newly appointed manager that by the introduction of new methods he expects to be able to increase the earnings of the men by ten per cent., at least.

The operators assert that the general result of the acceptance of the schedule of wages below would be an increase in Day Wages amounting to about \$280,000 and a reduction by pillar differential of about \$46,180 per annum over the district, a total net increase in the Companies' payrolls of \$233,820. But though this may appear a somewhat heavy increase, the Board feels that the wages will be more equitably distributed than formerly, the lowest wages paid being increased and the highest reduced.

The Sanitation of the various mining camps came under the careful investigation of the Board. In a number of camps Sanitation has received the careful consideration of the companies, but in regard to the sanitary conditions in others the Chairman found it necessary to call the attention of the local and Provincial authorities to the deplorable neglect of the ordinary precautions against disease, dirt and over-crowding. A company, giving but a perfunctory attention to these matters, lays itself open to the most serious condemnation and cannot hope to win and to retain the respect and cooperation of its employees.

The Board cannot but express its profound regret that nowhere could it discern indications of any sincere and earnest attempt on the part either of a company or of a local union to promote the social, moral and intellectual well-being of the workers in the mines. Earnest and intelligent co-operation here would surely be productive of the best results.

The Board further regrets that by the action of the parties in declining the suggested schedule of wages as a basis of settlement, it was prevented from offering its assistance in preparing an Agreement which could with little difficulty be prepared and which undoubtedly would do much to remove causes of grievance, clarify ambiguity in expression and altogether make for the harmonious co-operation of the parties in the working of the mines.

The Board is convinced, however, that with a clear and definite understanding and a sincere agreement upon the question of the "Open Shop" and with an acceptance of the suggested wage schedule an agreement can be made satisfactory to both parties.

The following is the schedule of wages suggested:

1. That the Day Wage scale be increased as follows:—

Ten per cent. advance up to \$3.00, inclusive.

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Eight per cent. advance from \$3.00 to \$3.50, the latter inclusive.

Five per cent. advance above \$3.50.

- 2. A differential of 5 cents to 7 cents per ton in all pillars presently without a differential; the application to be by mutual consent.
- 3. An adjustment of the Contract Rate at Lille mine so as to make the rate proportionate to the size of the seam.
 - 4. An advance of three per cent. on Contract Rates at Lethbridge.
 - 5. All other Contract Rates to remain unchanged.

I have presented the above as the Majority Report of the Board, Mr. Macleod being in full accord therewith, with the exceptions noted in his subjoined statement.

Respectfully submitted, (Sgd.) Charles W. Gordon,

Chairman.

I concur with the award of the Chairman with the following exceptions:

- (a) In clause one (1) of the schedule of wages the word "inclusive" should read "exclusive."
 - (b) In clause two (2) the figures "seven" should read "twelve."

(Sgd.) COLIN MACLEOD.

Minority Report.

The text of the minority of Mr. A. J. Carter in this matter is as follows:

Banff, Alta., July 6, 1911.

To the Honourable

The Minister of Labour.

In the matter of dispute between the Western Coal Operators' Association and its employees as represented by District 18 U.M.W. of A. which includes practically the whole of the men working in and around the mines operated by the several companies known as the above Association.

The details in connection with the work of the Board have been recorded by your duly appointed stenographer, therefore it is needless for me to outline the proceedings or dwell in any manner upon this feature of the Board's work. I feel, however, in order to emphasize the position taken by the Board in dealing with this dispute that it is essential to point out that all possible speed has been taken, consistent with the importance of the matter under consideration and keeping in mind the probability of getting the parties together with a view of making a mutual settlement, and that no undue delays have taken place. The Board convened at Lethbridge on April 28, and have visited in the meantime most of the camps affected under this dispute.

Before dealing with the matters of dispute that have been brought to the attention of the Board, I desire to briefly touch upon the actions of the Chairman,

Rev. C. W. Gordon, after all evidence had been taken, in trying to arrive at a settlement, and also in the making of the report. It may be somewhat irregular, but I feel it a duty to the Department and the public to do so. On the twentysixth ultimo, in requesting the Committees to submit a statement of their relative positions, he stated: "That he had not up to that time understood the points of contention between the parties", and further emphasized his desire to have both parties submit statements showing clearly the points of contention, and outlining those particular things that each party insisted on having even at the expense of a continuation of the deadlock. In response to this request the miners submitted a full and detailed statement setting forth their demands. The operators' reply was impracticable and evasive in the extreme. On the first instant, a proposal regarding wages was submitted by the Chairman to the parties, which was rejected by both on the third. The Board then made an attempt to draft a report, but each of the other members refused to review, or argue on the evidence that had been placed before them, stating that they were agreed to sign a majority report embodying the suggestions contained in the proposal submitted to the parties by the Chairman on the first instant. This procedure was, in my opinion, most inconsistent and, compared with the statement made by the Chairman on the twenty-sixth that "this whole matter is too big a question to be settled in any but a thorough way, and, as far as I am able, I shall make it thorough," it would appear that the interests of the parties involved had become a secondary consideration to the operation of the mines at any cost. Not having had the privilege of reviewing their report, I am unable to say that I agree or disagree with them, with the exception of the matter of wages when, after going over the question briefly, I found I could not conscientiously accept the position taken by the Chairman in the aforementioned proposal.

The matters of dispute resolve themselves into four main questions as follows:

Day Wage Rates, being rates paid to all employees in and around the mines employed by the day.

Contract Rates, being prices paid for the actual mining of coal and work done in connection therewith by the miners.

Differential in Pillars, which is a claim by the operators for a less contract price on this particular class of work when compared with other contract prices, and is generally understood to mean a reduction from rates paid at present in most cases, and the General Provisions of the agreement between the two parties, being clauses governing the conditions of employment and the relationship to be maintained between the two parties.

In considering the evidence submitted, and the statements made by both parties, I would consider that the following would be a fair basis of agreement.

Day Wage Scale.—On rates below \$2.50 an advance of fifteen per cent; on rates from \$2.50 to \$3.15 inclusive, ten per cent; on rates above \$3.15 an advance of eight per cent, with the elimination of all twelve-hour schedules.

Contract rates.—Substantial advances at Michel, Lille, Canmore and mines at and around Lethbridge, with a general advance at all mines excepting where extraordinarily favourable conditions exist.

Differential on Pillars.—This cannot be considered as a general principle, and should be taken into consideration only with the conditions existing at the various mines.

General Provisions.—These contain some matters of vital importance to both parties, but, as the representatives of the miners only, submitted what they desire in this direction it is safe to assume that these matters would not long delay settlement providing the question of wages could be satisfactorily arranged.

In support of my position generally, I desire to offer the following arguments. In dealing with the question of wages the Board was asked to make comparisons between the wages paid in this district and in the mining districts of Montana, Wyoming, Washington and Vancouver Island, and it is shown in practically every instance that the rates paid in this district, both contract and day wage, are much lower than the rates for the same classes of labour in the districts named.

Another point that has been forcibly shown in connection with this matter is the phenomenal advances that have occurred during the past few years in the cost of living. This necessarily curtails the purchasing power of the individual in every case where wages remain stationary.

Another important matter that was drawn to the attention of the Board, and one which appears to have been lost sight of by my colleagues, is the effect of the elimination or restriction of the blasting of coal on the wages of contract miners. When the present contract rates were fixed it is admitted that they were based on the understanding that men were allowed to blast their coal. In many of the mines shooting is now prohibited and this undoubtedly places the men in a very unfavourable position, compared with the advantages they enjoyed when permitted to blast the coal, and after the evidence by all witnesses on this matter, as to the relative opportunities from a wage standpoint, it would only be compensated in a fair and reasonable manner as they are in other districts when blasting is eliminated.

I find that there have been substantial increases in wages granted on this Continent to all classes of labour, during the past few years, and I am of the opinion that the men working in and around the mines are justly entitled to the same consideration. According to the evidence submitted, the miners have not received any material advances in wages, in fact a great majority have not received any increase since the present rates were fixed some years ago. It is apparent that the majority of the contract miners in the district are averaging less than four dollars per day, which according to the testimony of every company official should in their judgement be from \$4 to \$5 per day. It has also been freely admitted by all company officials who were examined that they have received substantial increases during the past two years, and this is a further argument in favour of the claims of the miners. At Coal Creek, Michel, Lille, Lethbridge and Canmore the conditions were most unfavourable to the men, and it was pointed out that in many instances it was an impossibility for the

men to make a wage that would, at least, ensure them a decent living. In almost all the mines, owing to the nature of the winter's experience out in the West, it is an impossibility to give the men an opportunity to work regularly, even if other matters, such as steady trade, railway facilities, &c., are all favourable. It is, therefore, absolutely necessary that a man should have an opportunity of making a fair wage in order to withstand these contingencies. It is quite true that some mines show much above the average, but these are exceptional, and generally the class of work where these wages are obtained is of such hazardous and dangerous character that they are warranted to the fullest extent. This, however, is not uncommon in the mining industry, and it is a fact, that in practically every coal field in the world there are miues at which men earn more than the average wages, consequently I do not think that the men in this field be singled out regarding this particular feature, or that evidence on this point should be taken to prove that wages generally are exceptionally high. I desire to draw attention to one matter in connection with the averages that were submitted by one company. I refer to those of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company. In Coal Creek, the manner in which the Company endeavoured to place statements before the Board was misleading and were compiled in such form as to leave a wrong impression as to what the correct averages were for these particular mines. The method adopted was to show some of the averages of men who had worked under the most favourable conditions and leave out those who had worked under unfavourable conditions; again in Michel according to testimony, it had been the practice for two men to be loading on one contract check and all the coal sent out would be credited to one man, the other man being classed as a company man, and paid as such. Under this method whatever earnings over \$3 were credited to the contract miner would have to be divided between the two men in that place, and while the average would be shown as the full amount received by the contract miner, the actual wages would be less fifty per cent. of the amount above \$3. The adoption of this method of payment also clearly shows that the contract rates in such cases are not sufficient for the miner to make wages, hence the necessity for review.

In all cases the payrolls asked for were not submitted, but extracts given that would take up considerable time before any intelligent understanding as to the manner of compiling, or the information they intended to convey, could be reasonably arrived at, and, taking into further consideration that all documents have been kept at all times, almost exclusively in the possession of the Chairman, it has placed me in the position of being able to get only a slight knowledge of the facts they may contain. While the miners were not in a position to submit evidence contradictory to the statements of daily averages submitted by the companies, it was shown, in the case of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company that the daily averages submitted did not give any actual idea of the real earnings. In connection with this matter a letter was filed by the Ex-Secretary of Michel Local which was received by himself from the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company, in connection with certain compensation claims, showing the average weekly amount earned by contract miners during 1909 to be \$12.36. This, I would like to point out, is made up in the manner prescribed by the

Workmen's Compensation Act, and should, under the circumstances, be much more reliable information on actual earnings than the other statements submitted by the Company.

In connection with the differential on Pillars, I find that this could not be applied as a general principle, as the conditions affecting the carnings of the men in this class of work vary considerably at the different mines, as the physical conditions of the same vary. It is true that in some of the mines exceptionally high wages are made under most favourable circumstances, but this does not apply generally. In some of the mines, the differential is already in operation, but this is not true of the majority, nor should it, in my opinion, be the case, and it may be pointed out that there are mines where no differential now exists that the men employed are making only low wages, in many instances even below the minimum rate for miners. In the case of the differential existing at Hillcrest, as a result of an award made by the Rev. Hugh Grant as Arbitrator, on July 7, 1909, it was clearly stated that such reduction was given, not on account of any principle of differential, but on account of the adverse conditions in connection with the outside haulage, and this in my opinion is not a justifiable method of determining prices to be paid in the mines, nor should it be taken into consideration in discussing the principle generally.

I have little to add to the statement already given covering General Provisions, but would point out that both parties insist on certain principles being embodied in the manner laid down by the respective parties. Possibly the most serious point of contention is the Check-off, which is practically an assignment on wages for dues, given by members of the United Mine Workers of America, and for the collection of which the companies are responsible. This is a principle which has been acknowledged in various forms since the Organization of the United Mine Workers of America, and I cannot see that the companies would be justified in refusing this at this time, or of imposing any worse conditions on the men than have existed previously.

One other very important matter in connection with the mining industry in this district, which is very noticeable, and which has a very detrimental effect on the welfare of both men and operators, is the overproduction. There are too many men available to meet the present demand for coal; consequently, it is impossible to insure the miners steady employment: I am of the opinion, though this may not be within the scope of my duty as a member of the Board, that the Government should take some measures to check the indiscriminate immigration into this coal field.

The operators have, in many circumstances, endeavoured to show that the mines were not on a paying basis, but have not during any part of the proceedings contended that they were unable to procure a higher price for their coal. I am of the opinion that an increase of eight to ten cents per ton on the selling price would meet the increases asked for by the men.

Respectfully submitted,

(Sgd.) A. J. Carter, Representative Employees. IV. APPLICATION FROM EMPLOYEES, MEMBERS OF GOWGANDA MINERS' UNION NO. 154 WESTERN FEDERATION OF MINERS, OF THE HUDSON BAY MINING COMPANY, LIMITED, GOWGANDA, ONT.—BOARD ESTABLISHED.—EMPLOYEES DECLARED STRIKE.

Application received—May 25, 1911.

Parties concerned—The Hudson Bay Mining Company, Limited, Gowganda, Ont., and employees, members of Gowganda Miners' Union, No. 154 Western Federation of Miners.

Applicants—Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Silver mining.

Nature of dispute—Reduction in wages and increased charge for board.

Number of employees affected—30.

Date of constitution of board—June 8, 1911.

Membership of Board—Mr. George Ritchie, K.C., Toronto, Ont., Chairman, appointed by the Minister in the absence of any joint recommendation from the other members of the Board; Professor John Sharp, New Liskeard, Ont., appointed on the recommendation of the employing Company; and Mr. Duncan J. McDonnell, Gowganda, Ont., appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned.

Reports received—July 10, 1911.

Result of inquiry—Report of Board was accompanied by a minority report signed by Mr. McDonnell. The employees, being unwilling to accept the Board report, declared a strike. Operations were discontinued in the mines for nearly a month and a half but were resumed with other workmen at the end of July.

The Minister of Labour received on July 10, the report of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation to which had been referred for adjustment certain matters in dispute between the Hudson Bay Mining Company, Limited, of Gowganda, Ont., and its employees, members of Gowganda Miners' Union, No. 154, Western Federation of Miners. A minority report was also received from Mr. Duncan J. McDonnell, member appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned.

In the application for the establishment of this Board it was stated that the dispute in question related to a reduction of wages by the Company and an increase in the price for board, the employees demanding that the old scale of wages should be continued. The number of employees affected by the dispute was given as thirty.

The Board which was appointed to investigate the differences was composed as follows: Professor John Sharp, New Liskeard, Ont., member appointed on behalf of the employing Company; Mr. Duncan J. McDonnell, Gowganda, Ont., member appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned;

and Mr. George Ritchie, K.C., Toronto, Ont., Chairman, appointed by the Minister in the absence of any joint recommendation from the foregoing members of the Board.

The Board met on June 15, at the Company's mine about twelve miles from the village of Gowganda. At this meeting the Company produced the scale of wages in question and gave the following reasons in support of their action, namely, the extra cost of bringing supplies to the locality; that the property was not sufficiently developed to justify any further expenditure for the accommodation and convenience of the men; that the old scale of wages was too extravagant and higher than the wages paid at other mines around Gowganda; that the cost of the work done was not justified by the results shown; and that about eighty per cent, of the men working in the operating mines around Gowganda were getting wages on the new scale submitted by the Hudson Bay Mining Company. The employees, on the other hand, submitted the evidence of many witnesses and claimed that the remoteness of the locality, the loss of time and expense going to and returning from Gowganda, as well as the extra cost of such necessities as the men required, justified their contention that the old scale of wages should not be changed. The Board also visited the bunk-house which had been complained of and unanimously recommended that the same should be suitably enlarged and the roof mended. The day following the Board visited several of the mines in the district and found that the men were, on the whole, contented with their wages and condition.

The report was signed by the Chairman and Professor Sharp, member appointed on the recommendation of the Company, and was favourable to the contention of the Company; the Minority report signed by Mr. Duncan J. McDonnell, member appointed on the recommendation of the employees, being favourable to the men.

The Board findings were not accepted by the employees, most of whom went out on strike about the middle of June. The Mines were closed down for about a month and a half, when operations were resumed with other workmen. It was understood that the strike of the Company's former employees continued in force for months following and that some of the individuals concerned were still on strike on March 31, 1912.

Report of Board.

The text of the findings of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation in this matter is as follows:—

Gowganda, June 6, 1911.

To the Honourable
Wm. L. Maekenzie King, C.M.G.,
Minister of Labour,
Ottawa, Ont.

Sir:—In the matter of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1907, and in the matter of the differences between the Hudson Bay Mines at Gowganda and its employees.

The Board of Conciliation convened at the Company's Mine, near Hanging Stone Lake, about twelve miles from the village of Gowganda, on June 15, 1911, in the presence of all the employees at the mine.

There were present Mr. Duncan J. McDonnell, a member of the Board appointed by the employees, Professor John Sharp, M.A., appointed by the Company, and George Ritchie, the Chairman.

The employees named Fred. J. Carroll to represent them before the Board. The Company named Horace G. Young to represent it before the Board, both parties consenting, and the members of the Board were duly sworn.

The Chairman briefly explained the scope and objects of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, and asked for the co-operation of both sides.

The Company then produced the seale of wages in question and adduced evidence in support of it, showing that the extra cost of bringing supplies to this remote locality, a distance of about sixty miles from the railway, amounting to \$1.60 per one hundred pounds, justified the reduction from the old scale of wages to the new scale, that the property was merely a prospect and not yet sufficiently developed to justify an expenditure for the accommodation and convenience of the men further than the buildings and conveniences at present existing; that the old scale of wages was too extravagant and higher than the wages paid at mines around Gowganda in a like state of development; and that the cost of the work done was not justified by the results shown; that about eighty per cent. of the men working in the operating mines around Gowganda were getting wages on the scale submitted by it.

On the other side the men submitted the evidence of many witnesses and showed that owing to the remoteness of the locality and the difficulty of ingress and egress, there being two portages and a trail, very swampy, of about fourteen miles, the loss of time and expense going to and returning from Gowganda (fare \$1.50 for both ways), the extra cost for such necessities as the men required for wearing apparel &c., amounting to about 3S cents per week, each man, as compared with Cobalt prices, justified their contention that the old scale of wages should not be disturbed. (See memo. of comparison between the old scale and the new scale herewith enclosed.)

The Board visited the bunk-house and heard evidence from the men showing that it was too small to accommodate twenty-six men; that the roof leaked, and the Board was unanimous in finding that the bunk-house should be suitably enlarged and the roof mended. There was no complaint about the food.

In the course of taking the evidence, reference was made to the Millerette Mine and the O'Brien Mine (Big Six), about three miles from Gowganda, and the Board deemed it advisable to visit these mines.

Accordingly, on the following day the Board visited the first of the above mines and took further evidence as to the scale of wages paid the men there. The Board next visited the O'Brien Mine and obtained the scale of wages paid to the men there, and it was shown that the men were content at these two places with their wages and accommodation although they worked ten hours per day.

The men further submitted the scale of wages paid the men at the Labrick Mine, the Boyd-Gordon Mining Company, the Calcite Lake Mining Company, the Powerful Mines, Limited, the Reeves-Dobie, Blackburn and Big-Six. Some of these are in operation and some are not, but all are referred to in the "Labour Gazette" under date of March, 1911, at page 985.

The scale of wages paid the men at Big Six is enclosed herewith marked "A". The scale of wages paid the men at the Millerette Mines is hereto annexed marked "B". The scale of wages submitted by the Hudson Bay Company and posted at the door of the bunk-house is hereto annexed marked "C". In this latter scale the wages of the blacksmith instead of being reduced to \$3.50 per day continued at \$4, and with this exception the scale marked "C" is what the Company contend for.

After securing such evidence as the Board deemed necessary, it convened on the evening of June 16, at Gowganda, and after considering the matter in dispute in all its phases, Mr. McDonnell contended very strongly that the old scale should be restored, Mr. Sharp contending very firmly that the new scale under the circumstance was only fair to the Company as compared with the wages paid by other mining operators.

A compromise was suggested by the Chairman to split the items in difference, but neither side would yield on any points and except as to the improvements in the bunk-house, which the Company agreed to remedy, the Board was unable to make an unanimous report.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

(Sgd) GEO. RITCHIE,
Chairman.
JOHN SHARP,
Member.

"A"

WAGE SCALE.

We make no charge for board, and the following amounts are what the men receive clear of all expenses.

receive clear of an expenses.		
	Per	Per
	hour.	shift.
Drill runners, in shaft stope, or raise	\$.30	\$3.00
Drill runners, in drift or cross cut	$.27\frac{1}{2}$	2.75
Drill helpers, in shaft, stope or raise	25	2.50
Drill helpers, in drift or cross cut	$22\frac{1}{2}$	2.25
Topmen,muckers trammers	20	2.00
Blacksmiths	35	3.50
Blacksmiths' helpers	$22\frac{1}{2}$	2.25
Carpenters	$32\frac{1}{2}$	3.25
	and	
	30	3 00

WAGE SCALES—Concluded.

	Per	Per
	hour.	shift.
Carpenters, helpers	. 25	2.50
Axe men, general work	$.22\frac{1}{2}$	2.25
Pick and shovel, general work	. 20	2.00
Firemen	$.22\frac{1}{2}$	2.76

From the above it will be seen that we are paying on the average about 25 cents per shift more than is paid for the same class of work by the majority of mines in Cobalt.

"B"

MILLERETTE SILVER MINING COMPANY, LIMITED

SCALE OF WAGES FOR MEN EMPLOYED AFTER OCTOBER 1, 1909.

Shifts are ten hours except at the Power Plant where twelve-hour shifts are worked. Overtime paid at same rate as regular time. One dollar per month deducted from each man for Medical Service. Seventy-five cents per day charged to each man for Board. Men will be charged full board unless absent for three successive meals or more.

OCCUPATION.

	$R_{A'}$	TE No.	6.
	Per	Per	
	hour.	shift.	
Drill runners in shaft, stope or raise	$\$.37\frac{1}{2}$	\$3.75	\$3.00
Drill runners in drift, or cross cut	.35	3.50	2.75
Drill helpers in shaft, stope or raise	$.32\frac{1}{2}$	3.25	
Drill helpers in drift or cross cut	.30	3.00	
Hoistmen	. $32\frac{1}{2}$	3.25	
Topmen, Muckers, Trammers and Nippers	$.27\frac{1}{2}$	2.75	
Blacksmiths, general	$.37\frac{1}{2}$	3.75	
Blacksmiths, steel sharpening	.40	4.00	
Blacksmiths' helpers	$.32\frac{1}{2}$	3.25	
Carpenters		3.75	
Carpenters' helpers		3.00	
Axemen, pick and shovel, general work	$.27\frac{1}{2}$	2.75	
Firemen	$.32\frac{1}{2}$	3.90	
Hand-steel miners (hammermen)	$.32\frac{1}{2}$	3.25	

Special work not on this list at varying rates.

Cordwood paid \$1.50 per cord. Board charged at 75 cents per day.

"C"

WAGES TO GO INTO EFFECT APRIL 15, 1911.

WAGES TO GO INTO EFFECT APRIL 15, 1911.	
Machine runner, in shaft "helper, in shaft "runner, in drift "helper, in drift Muckers Surface labourers Blacksmith "helper Hoistman Teamster (monthly) Woodcutters (per cord) For nine-hour day. Board 75 cents per day.	3.50 3.50 3.25 2.75 2.75 3.50 2.75 3.25 50.00
By order	
(Sgd.) H. G.	Young,
	Manager.
OLD SCALE OF WAGES.	
There was no drift at this time. Shaft, Machine runners. Machine helpers. Machine Muckers. Surface labourers. Blacksmith. Blacksmith's helper. Hoistman. Teamster—\$50 per month. 60 cents for board.	Clear. 4*.00 3.30 3.50 2.80 3.25 2.55 3.25 2.55 4.00 3.30 3.25 2.55 3.50 2.80 1.91½
Shaft—Machine runner	Clear. $3.75 \ \$2.87\frac{1}{2}$ $3.50 \ 2.62\frac{1}{2}$ $3.50 \ 2.62\frac{1}{2}$ $3.25 \ 2.37\frac{1}{2}$ $2.75 \ 1.87\frac{1}{2}$ $2.75 \ 2.62\frac{1}{2}$ $3.50 \ 2.62\frac{1}{2}$

NEW SCALE—Concluded.

		Clear.
Blacksmiths' helper	\$2.75	$1.87\frac{1}{2}$
Hoistman	3.25	$2.37\frac{1}{2}$
Teamster—\$50 per month		$1.91\frac{1}{2}$

75 cents off for board.

By order of

(Sgd.) H. G. Young.

WHAT REDUCTION AMOUNTS TO PER SHIFT.

Shaft—Machine runners\$.4	$12\frac{1}{2}$
Machine helpers	
Drift—Runner	
Muckers	$57\frac{1}{2}$
Surface labour	$57\frac{1}{2}$
Blacksmith	$57\frac{1}{2}$
Blacksmiths' helper	$57\frac{1}{2}$
Hoistman4	
Teamster (no change)	

HUDSON BAY MINES, LIMITED.

SCHEDULE OF WAGES-GOWGANDA CAMP.

Composition of which do work the chart.		
	Old	New
	scale.	scale.
Machine men	\$ 4.00	\$3.50
Machine helpers	3.50	3.25
Muckers	-3.25	2.75
Blacksmiths	4.00	4.00
Blacksmiths' helpers	-3.25	2.75
Deckmen	-3.25	2.75
Hoistmen	3.50	3.25
Surface labourers	-3.25	2.75
Teamster (monthly)		50.00
Engineer	3.50	3.50
Cook (monthly)		80.00

Seventy-five cents per day deducted from all employees for board except those employed at the monthly wage.

(Sgd.) Hudson Bay Mines, Ltd.. Per H. G. Young, Manager.

Minority Report.

The text of the minority report of Mr. Duncan J. McDonnell is as follows:

GOWGANDA, ONT., June 22, 1911.

In the matter of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act and in the matter of differences between the Hudson Bay Mining Company and its employees, the Board of Conciliation appointed to inquire into this matter met at the mine near Hangingstone Lake, Gowganda, on Thursday, June 15, at 2 o'clock, p.m. Those present included Geo. Ritchie, Chairman, who was appointed by the Hon. the Minister of Labour, John Sharp, appointed by the Company, and Duncan J. McDonnell, appointed by the employees.

The members of the Board being duly sworn then proceeded to take evidence. The Company was represented by H. G. Young, Manager, Arthur Pooley, foreman, and C. E. Cook, timekeeper. The employees were represented by Fred. T. Carrol, Nicolas King, Duncan Campbell, Alex. Chisholm, Thomas Temple, and others of the employees, who acted as witnesses.

Both parties consenting, H. G. Young presented the Company's side of the case, and submitted a wage scale introduced in the first instance by himself, without consulting the Company in the matter, and claimed as his reasons for doing so that the Millerette Mining Company were paying the same rate of wages and that the cost of freighting provisions into the Camp was high, also that the previous Manager (now deceased) did not run the mine upon an economical basis.

Arthur Pooley, the foreman at the mine, then gave his evidence and claimed that sixteen of the twenty-seven men affected still remained at the mine, stating that those who ceased work made no complaint, but asserted that in his (Pooley's) mind the new scale was too low and as proof he admitted that he made an advance of twenty-five cents per shift to some of the men, but that this change was not upheld by the General Manager.

After the Company's evidence had been given Fred. T. Carroll presented the employees side of the case, and proved that the new scale of wages which was posted on April 15, had been altered somewhat. Several employees were examined who gave evidence of the bunk-house being unfit for the men to live in, and also that all the employees were dissatisfied with reduction owing to the many inconveniences of the locality and demanded unanimously that the wages should be, at least, as denoted in former scale.

After all the evidence deemed necessary was obtained at the mine the Board then adjourned for the day after deciding to visit the Millerette mine which pays the lowest wage in camp.

Friday, June 16, the Millerette property was visited and upon inquiries being made it was demonstrated that the Millerette Mines, Gowganda, were paying slightly over the scale adopted by the Hudson Bay Company. The Board then visited the Miller Lake O'Brien and were tendered a copy of their wage scale, which showed they were paying a much better wage than the Millerette

Mine, and not as H. G. Young had stated. The sleep camps, although not the best, bore a greater resemblance to human habitation than the shelter at Hudson Bay property.

The same evening (June 16) the Board met to consider evidence and after a lengthy discussion in analysing the situation, failed to arrive at a satisfactory conclusion. The Chairman suggested a compromise which neither of the other members would agree to. In my opinion the Company had no reason to introduce a reduction in wages as they were not by any means paying the highest scale in Gowganda.

The conditions under which the men live and work are far from being as they should be. The banks are hard boards without even a common mattress whilst the blankets can speak and act for themselves. There is no "dry" accommodation for the miners and indeed taking the property as a whole it is not operated with any degree of consideration for the men.

The contention of the Company that cut was justifiable owing to prohibitive cost of mining is perfectly absurd, as the same argument would apply with more than equal force in favour of the men.

Under all the circumstances of the case, and taking into consideration the entire evidence, I am convinced the employees have not been fairly dealt with in the premises, and without any hesitation do state that the Hudson Bay Mining Company have been guilty of using their men unfairly, to say the least. Furthermore, I wish to conclude in this my report that, regardless of the findings of any individual member of this Board, the fact still remains that the Hudson Bay Mining Company have directly infringed Section 57, Chapter 20, of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, and are therefore liable in that respect.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Sgd). Duncan J. McDonnell, Gowganda, Ont. V. APPLICATION FROM EMPLOYEES, MEMBERS' OF COAL HAND-LERS' UNION NO. 319 OF THE CANADIAN NORTHERN COAL AND ORE DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED, PORT ARTHUR, ONT.—BOARD ESTABLISHED.—UNANIMOUS REPORT BY BOARD.—AGREE-MENT CONCLUDED.

Application received—May 17, 1911.

Parties concerned—The Canadian Northern Coal and Ore Dock Company, Limited, Port Arthur, Ont., and employees, members of Coal Handlers' Union, No. 319.

Applicants—Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Coal mining.

Nature of dispute—Wages and conditions of employment.

Number of employees affected—Directly, 150; indirectly, 200.

Date of constitution of Board—June 2, 1911.

Membership of Board—His Honour Judge John McKay, Port Arthur, Ont., Chairman, appointed on the joint recommendation of the other members of the Board; Mr. George F. Horrigan, Port Arthur, Ont., appointed on the recommendation of the employing Company; and Mr. Arthur Boyd, Port Arthur, Ont., appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned.

Report received—June 19, 1911.

Result of inquiry—A unanimous report was presented by the Board, in which it was stated that a settlement had been effected of all matters in dispute, an agreement effective from May 1, 1911, to April 30, 1912, having been signed by both parties concerned.

The Minister of Labour received on June 19 the unanimous report of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation to which had been referred for adjustment certain matters in dispute between the Canadian Northern Coal and Ore Dock Company, Limited, of Port Arthur, Ont., and its employees, members of Coal Handlers' Union No. 319.

In the application for the establishment of this Board it was stated that the dispute in question related to demands on the part of the employees concerned for increased wages, and increased compensation for overtime, also that members of the Union should not be discriminated against, and that when an agreement was concluded between the parties it should remain in force for a period of one year. The number of employees affected by this dispute was estimated at 150 directly and 200 indirectly.

On May 19 the Minister of Labour established a Board of Conciliation and Investigation to inquire into the matters in dispute. The Board was constituted as follows: Messrs. Geo. F. Horrigan and Andrew Boyd, both of Port Arthur, Ont., members appointed on the recommendation of the employ-

ing Company and the employees respectively; and His Honour Judge John McKay, also of Port Arthur, Ont., Chairman, appointed by the Minister on the joint recommendation of the foregoing members of the Board. The Board met on June 2 and continued to hold sittings from that date until June 16, when a settlement was effected of all matters in dispute, an agreement being signed by representatives of the Company and the employees concerned, this agreement to take effect from May 1, 1911, and to continue in force until April 30, 1912. Concessions were made on both sides, the men modifying their demands respecting wages and compensation for overtime, and the Company. on the other hand, granting the employees' demands that members of the Union should not be discriminated against and that the life of the agreement, when concluded, should be for a period of one year. The Company also agreed to reinstate the five men who were discharged in the month of May, 1911. It was arranged that on the fifteenth day of January, 1912, the General Manager, or other representatives of the Company, would meet with three employees or their representatives for the purpose of drawing up a new agreement to go into effect the first day of May, 1912.

Report of Board.

The text of the findings of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation in this matter is as follows:—

To the Honourable,
The Minister of Labour,
Ottawa, Ont.

In the matter of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, and of the dispute at the City of Port Arthur; between the Canadian Northern Coal and Ore Dock Company, Limited, employers, and the said Company's employees as represented by the Coal Handlers' Union, No. 319, employees.

The Board of Conciliation and Investigation appointed herein under the provisions of the above-named Act, and composed of Andrew Boyd of Port Arthur, recommended by the employees, George Francis Horrigan of the same place, recommended by the company, and His Honour Judge John McKay of the same place, appointed on the joint recommendation of the other members of the Board by the Minister of Labour as Chairman of the Board beg to report as follows:—

By mutual agreement we met on the second day of June A.D., 1911, subscribed and took the oaths of office and held two sittings on that date.

The Board met on the fifth and seventh days of June, 1911, endeavouring to bring about a settlement of the differences between the said Company and its employees, but did not then succeed in doing so.

On the eighth, ninth, twelfth and thirteenth days of June, 1911, evidence was adduced on behalf of the employees and at the close of the evidence a further effort was made to bring about a settlement.

Two sittings were held on the sixteenth day of June, when a settlement was agreed upon in regard to all matters in dispute herein.

The Chairman drew up the agreement and it was duly signed in our presence by all the representatives who appeared before us for the respective parties herein, and a copy of such agreement is herewith transmitted.

The Board are unanimously of the opinion that the agreement effected is fair and reasonable under the conditions prevailing at the Cities of Port Arthur and Fort William.

The Board having concluded its labours agreed upon the above report. All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Sgd.) JOHN McKay, Chairman.

Andrew Boyd.

Geo. F. Horrigan, Members of Board of Conciliation.

PORT ARTHUR, June 17, 1911.

Memorandum of Agreement.

Memorandum of Agreement made this sixteenth day of June, A.D., 1911, between the Canadian Northern Coal and Ore Dock Company, Limited, of the first part, and the employees of the said Company engaged as Coal Handlers, of the second part.

The said employees of the second part covenant and agree to and with the said Company of the first part that they will faithfully, honestly and diligently serve the said Company in the capacity of coal handlers at the Company's premises in the City of Port Arthur in the District of Thunder Bay, and obey the lawful and proper orders and directions of the Company's agents and superintendents for and during such reasonable hours as the Company may have work for the said parties of the second part to perform from the first day of May A. D., 1911, until the thirtieth day of April A.D., 1912, at the following rate of wages, that is to say: twenty-five cents per hour for dock work and thirty cents per hour for boat work during the season of navigation and one and a half time to be paid for work performed on Sundays, and for overtime, that is to say for work performed between seven o'clock in the evening and six o'clock in the morning, and at the rate of twenty-two and one-half cents per hour for work performed between the close of navigation and the thirtieth day of April, A.D., 1912.

The said Company of the first part covenants, promises and agrees to and with each of the parties of the second part that they will employ the said parties for such reasonable hours as they may have work for the said parties to perform as coal handlers during the said period so long as they perform faithful service

at the rate of wages per hour hereinbefore set forth and pay such wages so earned each month to each of the said employees on the fifteenth day of each succeeding month.

The said Company of the first part hereby agrees with the parties of the second part that they will re-instate at once the five men discharged in the month of May, A.D., 1911, and that the members of the Union will not be discriminated against.

The said Company of the first part also convenants, promises and agrees to and with the parties of the second part that on the fifteenth day of January A.D., 1912, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon at the Company's office in the said City of Port Arthur the General Manager or other representatives of the said Company will be prepared to meet with three representatives of the said employees and consider, discuss and decide on the schedule of wages payable for the year commencing the first day of May, A. D., 1912.

In witness whereof the said parties have hereunto set their hands the day and the year above written.

(Sgd.) N. N. JORPLAND,

Superintendent of the Canadian Northern Coal & Ore Dock Company, Limited.

(Sgd.) MECHEL PENTO,

G. Ross,

N. Ciacco.

Representatives of the Employees of the second part.

Witnesses:

(Sgd.) JOHN McKay, Geo. F. Horrigan, Andrew Boyd.

VI. APPLICATION FROM THE SECTIONMEN EMPLOYED BY THE MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.—SETTLEMENT EFFECTED THROUGH DEPARTMENTAL INTERVENTION.

Application received—May 18, 1911.

Parties concerned—The Michigan Central Railway Company and sectionmen. Applicants—Employees.

Nature of Industry concerned—Railways.

Nature of dispute—Reduction in wages.

Number of employees affected—1,200 to 1,400.

The employees concerned in this dispute ceased work on May 1 on account of a proposed reduction in their rates of pay. Application was later made by the employees for the establishment of a Board. Whilst communications were passing between the Department and the parties concerned relative to the establishment of a Board, an officer of the Department proceeded to St. Thomas at the Minister's request for the purpose of conferring with the parties. As a result the Company restored the scale of wages which had existed prior to May 1, 1911, and announced its willingness to reengage those who had ceased work.

On May 3, the Department of Labour was informed as a result of orders issued on April 28, by the Michigan Central Railroad Company, directing a reduction of ten cents per day in the wages of its Maintenance-of-Way Emplovees, a number of the sectionmen affected on the Company's lines in Canada refused to accept the lower rates of remuneration and had ceased work. May 20, application was made to the Department of Labour on behalf of the sectionmen concerned, for the establishment of a board of Conciliation and Investigation under the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, to which the matters at issue between the Company and its employees should be referred for adjustment. It was claimed on behalf of the employees that the reduction of wages had been made without proper notice, and in violation of the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act in this respect. The application was not entirely in form and whilst communications were proceeding between the Department and the employees on these points Mr. E. H. Williams, an official of the Department, was instructed to proceed to St. Thomas, Ont., to confer with the parties concerned and to report on the circumstances of the dispute for the Minister's information.

As a result of interviews which Mr. Williams had with the officials of the Michigan Central Railroad Company, it was stated by the latter that the railway management had not been previously aware of the requirements of Section 57, of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act concerning proposed changes in conditions of employment as to wages and hours. Later, it was announced by the Company, as a result of the information placed before them by the Depart-

ment, that the rates of wages paid sectionmen before the change should be restored and the former employees reinstated if they so desired. The rates of wages restored by the Company's orders were \$1.65 per day for yard sectionmen and \$1.60 for sectionmen along the line. The scale of wages in question is that which had prevailed on the Michigan Central lines in Canada between May 1, 1910, and April 30, 1911. The number of employees concerned was understood to be between 1,200 and 1,400.

On May 27, a resolution in the following terms was adopted at a meeting of Michigan Central Maintenance-of-Way Employees in St. Thomas: 'Resolved, that we, the sectionmen employed on the Canadian lines of the Michigan Central Railroad, in meeting assembled, desire to place on record our approval of the Industrial Disputes' Investigation Act, 1907, as a means of satisfactory settlement of disputes without strike or lockout, and desire, further, to thank the Department of Labour for its prompt action in sending so capable an Officer of the Department to aid in restoring the very pleasant relationship existing previous to May 1, between the above Company and its sectionmen.

(Sgd.) Jacob Mors, Chairman,

(Sgd.) F. Chinn, Secretary. VII. APPLICATION FROM ELECTRICAL WORKERS, MEMBERS OF LOCAL UNION NO. 339, INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS OF AMERICA, EMPLOYED BY THE CITIES OF PORT ARTHUR AND FORT WILLIAM, ONT.—BOARD ESTABLISHED.—UNANIMOUS REPORT BY BOARD.—AGREEMENT CONCLUDED.

Application received—May 27, 1911.

Parties concerned—The Cities of Port Arthur and Fort William, Ont., and electrical workers, members of Local Union No. 339, International Brother-hood of Electrical Workers of America.

Applicants—Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Electrical work.

Nature of dispute—Wages and hours.

Number of employees affected—Directly, 32; indirectly, 66.

Date of constitution of Board—June 8, 1911.

Membership of Board—Rev. S. C. Murray, D.D., Port Arthur, Ont., Chairman, appointed on the joint recommendation of the other members of the Board; Mr. J. Dix. Fraser, Port Arthur, Ont., appointed on the recommendation of the Corporations of Port Arthur and Fort William; and Mr. C. W. Foster, Fort William, Ont., appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned.

Report received—July 3, 1911.

Result of inquiry—A unanimous report was presented by the Board, in which it was stated that a uniform agreement had been signed by both Cities and their electrical workers, the agreement being effective for one year from June 1, 1911.

The Minister of Labour received on July 3, the unanimous report of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation to which had been referred for adjustment certain differences between the Cities of Port Arthur, Ont., and Fort William, Ont., and employees of said cities, being electrical workers and members of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers of America, Local Union No. 339.

The matters in dispute which led to the establishment of this Board related to wages and hours, the number of employees affected being given as thirty-two directly and sixty-six indirectly.

A Board was established by the Minister on June 1, and was constituted as follows: Mr. J. Dix Fraser, Port Arthur, Ont., member appointed on the recommendation of the Cities of Port Arthur and Fort William; Mr. C. W. Foster, Fort William, member appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned; and Rev. S. C. Murray, D.D., Port Arthur, Ont., Chairman, appointed by the Minister on the joint recommendation of the foregoing members of the Board.

The first meeting of the Board was held in Port Arthur on June 13; subsequent meetings were also held in Fort William, the Board completing its work of conciliation and investigation on June 29. The points considered by the Board were discrimination, wages, date of payment, hours per day, overtime, and annual agreement. After a very thorough investigation on these points the Board drew up an agreement effective for a period of one year from June 1, 1911. This agreement was presented to the Councils of both cities and to the representatives of the employees. It was formally signed by both parties to the dispute, their differences being thus amicably settled and the threatened strike averted.

On July 19, a letter was received from the City Clerk of Fort William, acknowledging receipt of a copy of the findings of the Board in the above matter and stating that the same had been presented to the City Council at a meeting held on July 11. The letter of the City Clerk further stated that: "the members all expressed themselves as being entirely in accord with the award of the Board of Conciliation, and as far as known, the terms of the award are perfectly satisfactory to the men, and in acknowledging receipt of your report, I was instructed to convey to your Department the thanks of the Council for the successful adjustment of the dispute between the Electrical Workers and this city."

Report of Board.

The text of the findings of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation in this matter is as follows:—

Port Arthur, June 30, 1911.

F. A. Aeland, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Labour,

Department of Labour,

Ottawa, Ont.

Sir:—The members of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation in the matter of the dispute between the cities of Port Arthur and Fort William and electrical workers, beg leave to submit the following report:

In the matter of the "Industrial Disputes Act, 1907", and in the matter of differences between the cities of Port Arthur, Ont., and Fort William, Ont., and certain employees of the said cities being Electrical Workers, and members of the International Brotherhood of electrical workers of America, Local Union No. 339.

The Board, composed of Rev. S. C. Murray, D.D., Chairman, Port Arthur, Mr. J. Dix Fraser, of Port Arthur, and Mr. C. W. Foster, of Fort William, took the oath of office before Magistrate Halling of Fort William.

The first meeting was held in Port Arthur, Tuesday, June 13, at four o'clock p.m. The documents were read, including clause of the Act bearing most directly upon the case, and methods of procedure agreed upon. The Board then adjourned to meet at Fort William the following day.

Meetings were held continuously, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, June 14 to June 21, inclusive.

All members of the Board were present at every sitting of the Board.

The City of Port Arthur was represented by Acting Mayor H. B. Dawson, in the earlier sessions, and by Richard Fox, Manager of the Electrical Department of the City of Port Arthur.

The City of Fort William was represented by Mr. A. L. Farquharson, Manager of Utilities for Fort William.

The employees were represented by Mr. John B. Pegg, of Fort William, and Mr. A. R. McRae, of Port Arthur.

Your Board decided not to place men on oath and to give all possible liberty in discussing points at issue.

The situation was somewhat complicated.

- 1. The employees in both cities were living under practically the same conditions, and were members of one union.
- 2. The schedule of wages in one city differed in almost every instance from the schedule operative in the other.
- 3. Men working under a specific designation in one city might be employed in part, in as many as three departments, while the men similarly designated by the other city might be serving in more than one department, though different from the departments in the former.
- 4. In order to substantiate their claims the employees usually quoted Western Wage Schedules, while in their defence the cities quoted Eastern Schedules, making it necessary to study a wide range of conditions in order to reach an intelligent basis.
- 5. While the employees had stated in their application for a Board of Conciliation that they "are willing to expurgate" certain clauses which envolved recognition of their Union, it was pleaded that it had not been anticipated that the above expression would bar discussion of that point. Though contrary to precedent the point was re-admitted with the result that it was mutually agreed to substitute the word "Employees" for "Union" (see clause 1 of agreement). The points considered were discrimination, wages, date of payment, hours per day, overtime and annual agreement, in all which was involved the question of uniformity in the two cities.

Upon adjournment Wednesday, June 21, it was agreed to meet Friday morning at Fort William, June 23, and as far as possible interview parties to the dispute during the interval.

On Friday morning the Board met, reported progress and held conference with Mayor at Fort William, who assured the Board that he would advise his council to acquiesce in the finding of the Board should it be unanimous.

After discussion of the principal points now at issue—wages and hours—it was agreed to adjourn to meet at the call of the Chairman, and to spend whatever time was necessary in study of relative cost of living as compared with wages schedules, using the "Labour Gazette" for the former purpose in compiling comparative tables with a view to a fair and intelligent agreement, and also to further interview parties.

The Board again met Tuesday morning, June, 27, reported progress, compared tables and made draft agreements as a basis for further discussion with parties to the dispute.

Wednesday, June 28, the Board met, reported progress, and completed the agreement, and returned to the parties.

A meeting of the employees was convened for Wednesday evening. Their representative, Mr. Foster, presented the agreement, which, after argument and presentation of statistical tables, was accepted by a majority of the men, and upon a second vote was accepted unanimously, and their representatives authorized to sign.

Thursday morning, June 29, the Board again met, made a final draft of agreement, ordered copies to be prepared for signature, and during Thursday afternoon and Friday morning had the agreements before the Council of Port Arthur, and the Mayor and Clerk of Fort William, and also the representative of the men and duly signed.

The dispute was thus, by an unanimous finding of the Board, amicably settled, and a uniform agreement for the two cities and their Electrical workers formally signed.

The agreement is as follows:

AGREEMENT BETWEEN CITIES OF PORT ARTHUR AND FORT WILLIAM AND ELEC-TRICAL WORKERS OF SAID CITIES.

1. That the Cities of Port Arthur and Fort William in the event of diputes arising between the cities and their employees with regard to wages, hours, or any other matter pertaining to the welfare of their employees, agree to confer with their employees through their regularly appointed representatives, and that such appointees shall not in any way be discriminated against in subsequent relations with the cities on account of having accepted such appointment from their fellow employees.

2. Seale of wages recommended.

Foremen	.\$100.00 per mo.
First linemen	. 3.50 per day.
Second linemen	3 00.
Wire chief	. 100.00 per mo.
Meter men	. 90.00 "
Cable meu	. 4.00 per day.
Arc light trimmers and repairers	
Trouble men	
Phone installers	90.00 " or
	3.50 per day.
Wire inspectors	3.75 "

3. That employees be paid semi-monthly.

- 4. That ten hours shall constitute a day—from seven o'clock a.m. to six o'clock p.m., with one hour at noon for dinner; or as may be mutually agreed upon between managers and men; and further that the ten-hour day shall continue throughout the year.
- 5. All time worked over regular schedule working hours, to twelve o'clock midnight, shall be paid at the rate of time and one half; after midnight, double time. Sundays and all Dominion holidays, including New Year's Day, Good Friday, Victoria Day, Dominion Day, Labour Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day will be paid at the rate of double time. Should any of the above mentioned holidays fall upon Sunday the day observed by the Federal or Provincial Government will be observed.
- 6. That this agreement shall remain in force for one year, beginning June 1, 1911, and shall continue in force from year to year, from June 1 to June 1, unless notice in writing be given by either party on or before April 1, in any year, and if no such notice be given, then this agreement shall remain in force for the further period of one year beginning June 1.

Board of Conciliation:

(Sgd.) E. C. Murray,
Chairman.
J. Dix Fraser,
C. W. Foster.

We accept the above award.

For the City of Fort William:

(Sgd.) S. C. Young, A. McNaughton, Clerk.

For the City of Port Arthur:

(Sgd.) H. B. Dawson,
Presiding Officer.
J. McTeigue, Clerk.

For electricians duly elected to represent employees of Fort William and Port Arthur:

(Sgd.) A. McRae, John B. Pegg.

All which is respectfully submitted.

S. C. Murray, Chairman. C. W. Foster,

J. DIX FRASER.

PORT ARTHUR, ONTARIO, June 30, 1911. VIII. APPLICATION FROM ELECTRICAL WORKERS, MEMBERS OF LOCAL UNION NO. 544, INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS OF AMERICA, EMPLOYED BY THE CITY OF EDMONTON, ALTA.—BOARD ESTABLISHED.— UNANIMOUS REPORT BY BOARD.—AGREEMENT CONCLUDED.

Application received—May 29, 1911.

Parties concerned—The City of Edmonton, Alta., and electrical workers, members of Local Union No. 544, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers of America.

Applicants—Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Electrical work.

Nature of dispute-Wages and conditions of employment.

Number of employees affected—35.

Date of constitution of Board-June 9, 1911.

Membership of Board—Honourable Mr. Justice H. C. Taylor, Edmonton, Alta., Chairman, appointed on the joint recommendation of the other members of the Board; Mr. Arthur W. Ormsby, Edmonton, Alta., appointed on the recommendation of the Corporation of the City of Edmonton; and Mr. W. Symonds, Lethbridge, Alta., appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned.

Report received—July 5, 1911.

Result of inquiry—A unanimous report was presented by the Board, in which it was stated that a schedule of wages and a set of rules for each department concerned had been drawn up and accepted by both parties to the dispute, effective from April 1, 1911, to May 1, 1913.

The Minister of Labour received, on July 5, the unanimous report of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation to which had been referred certain differences between the City of Edmonton, Alta., and employees, being electrical workers and members of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, Local Union No. 544.

In the application for the establishment of this Board it was stated that the dispute grew out of a demand on the part of the employees concerned for a change of wage allowance or remuneration of the employees, and a change generally of conditions surrounding their employment in and about the various utilities owned and operated by the City of Edmonton, namely, telephones, electric lights, street railway, and electric power. The number of employees concerned was given as thirty-five.

A Board was established by the Minister on June 2, and was constituted as follows: Mr. Arthur W. Ormsby, Edmonton, Alta., member appointed on the recommendation of the City of Edmonton; Mr. W. Symonds, Lethbridge, Alta., member appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned; and the Honourable Mr. Justice H. C. Taylor, Edmonton, Alta., Chairman, appointed

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by the Minister on the joint recommendation of the foregoing members of the Board.

The Board convened on June 21, at the City Hall in the City of Edmonton, Working rules and schedules of wages were examined; and a new set of rules and a new schedule of wages were drawn up by the Board for each of the departments concerned, namely: telephone department, electric light and power, house and street railway electrical workers. The Board recommended that the rules and schedule above mentioned should remain in force from July 1, 1911, until May 1, 1913. After making some changes both parties to the dispute accepted the recommendations of the Board; the dispute being thus amicably settled and the threatened strike averted.

Report of Board.

The text of the findings of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation in this matter is as follows:—

DISTRICT COURT.

EDMONTON, June 30, 1911.

To the Honourable, W. L. Mackenzie King, Minister of Labour, Ottawa, Ont.

In the matter of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1907, and of a dispute between the City of Edmonton (Employer), and certain of its employees being electrical workers, (Employees).

The Board of Conciliation and Investigation, established under the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1907, to whom the above dispute was referred under the provisions of the said Act, having concluded their duties, beg to report as follows:

The Board convened at the City Hall in the City of Edmonton, pursuant to appointment, on Wednesday, June 21, 1911, and proceeded to enquire fully into the matters in dispute. Working rules and schedule of wages covering the different departments of the City concerned were fully gone into and a new set of rules and a new schedule of wages were drawn up by the Board who unanimously agreed to them. These were submitted to the parties interested and were accepted by them after some changes had been made, and we are pleased to report that the dispute herein has been harmoniously settled.

We attach hereto, duly signed, the working rules and schedule of wages as agreed upon.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Sgd.) H. C. Taylor,
Chairman.
A. W. Ormsby,
For the City.
Wm. Symonds,
For the Workers.

TELEPHONE DEPARTMENT.

WORKING RULES AND SCHEDULE OF WAGES.

- 1. The City does not object to any of the employees of this Department belonging to the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers or Union, nor is it the intention of the City to discriminate against any of the employees because of his connection with same, it being understood that the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers will not, in any way, interfere with or limit the right of the City to discharge or discipline its employees. And nothing herein contained is to be understood as debarring any employee or any committee of employees of the City of Edmonton, affected by this schedule, from interviewing the management relative to any further difference or disagreement pertaining to the provisions herein.
- 2. Nine hours shall constitute a day's work in exchanges except during the months of November, December, January and February, when eight hours shall constitute a day's work.
- 3. All overtime shall be paid at the rate of time and one-half. Sundays and Dominion Holidays shall be counted as overtime.
- 4. Employees who are relieved from duty owing to inclemency of weather, except by their own fault or request, will be allowed one-half a day's pay after liaving worked two hours of such day. A full day's pay shall be paid only on working, at least, six hours of such day.
- 5. Employees shall be paid semi-monthly, payment to be made on or before the twenty-second of the month for wages due up to and including the fifteenth of the current month, and on or before the seventh of the month for wages due up to and including the last day of the preceding month.
 - 6. "Foreman" means an employee having charge of five or more men.
- 7. Where carfare during working hours is deemed necessary by the City, same will be furnished to employees affected by this schedule. Where transportation is considered necessary by the City beyond the five-cent limit the City will furnish same to employees.
 - 8. The foreman shall be held responsible for all tools belonging to the City.
- 9. Schedule of wages: The Board recommends that the position of city foreman is worth \$115 per month; cablemen, \$3.75 to \$4.50 per day; exchange linemen, $33\frac{1}{3}$ to $41\frac{2}{3}$ cents per hour; wire chief \$100 to \$110 per month; switchmen and assistant wire chief, \$85 to \$95 per month; inspectors, \$70 to \$100 per month; chief installer, $41\frac{2}{3}$ cents per hour; installers, 25 cents to $33\frac{1}{3}$ cents per hour; cable helper, 30 cents per hour.
- 10. Nothing herein shall be construed to reduce the pay of any employee now getting a higher rate of pay.

The Board recommends that this schedule do take effect on July 1, 1911, and continue until May 1, 1913.

(Sgd.) G. S. Armstrong, Mayor.

A. Clubb,

President. Local 544, I.B.E.W.

J. H. HELLIER,

Financial Secretary, Local Union 544. I.B.E.W.

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER.

Working Rules and Schedule of Wages.

- 1. The City does not object to any of the employees of this Department belonging to the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers or Union, nor is it the intention of the City to discriminate against any of the employees because of his connection with same, it being understood that the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers will not in any way interfere with or limit the rights of the City to discharge or discipline its employees. And nothing herein contained is to be understood as debarring any employee or any committee of employees of the City of Edmonton, affected by this schedule, from interviewing the management relative to any future difference or disagreement pertaining to the provisions herein.
- 2. Nine hours shall constitute a day's work except during the months of November, December, January and February, when eight hours shall constitute a day's work.
- 3. At electric light line work the first five hours overtime worked between 6 p.m. and 11 p.m., shall be computed at the rate of time and one-half of the standard rate. Additional overtime at electric light line work or overtime starting at 11 p.m., or later, shall be computed at the rate of double time of the standard rate and shall continue until 7 a.m., except intermission for meals.
- 4. All time worked on Sundays and Dominion holidays at electric light line work to be paid at the rate of double time.
- 5. Employees relieved from duty owing to inclemency of weather except by their own fault or request will be allowed one half day's pay after having worked two hours of such day. A full day's pay shall be paid only on working at least six hours of such day.
- 6. Employees shall be paid semi-monthly, payment to be made on or before the twenty-second of the month for wages due up to and including the fifteenth of the current month, and on or before the seventh of the month for wages due up to and including the last day of the preceding month.
- 7. Where carfare during working hours is deemed necessary by the City same will be furnished to employees affected by this schedule. Where transportation is considered necessary by the City beyond the five cent limit the City will furnish same to employees.

- 8. All wires carrying a voltage of 650 volts or more shall be classified as high voltage wires.
- 9. When work is to be done on high voltage wires not less than two journeymen are to be assigned to the job except on "thawing machines." No apprentice shall be allowed to work on high voltage wires.
- 10. In case of trouble with high voltage wires and where work is hazardous, two journeymen or more must be sent out to repair the trouble. One man can be sent out to watch until another man can be obtained.
 - 11. Schedule of wages:

Foreman, \$125 a month; sub-foremen and linemen 45 cents to 50 cents per hour; are lamp trimmer and troublemen 42 cents per hour.

12. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to reduce the pay of any employee getting a higher rate of pay.

The Board recommends that this schedule do take effect on July 1, 1911, and continue until May 1, 1913.

(Sgd.) G. S. Armstrong,

Mayor.

A. CLUBB,

President, Local 544, I.B.E.W.

J. H. HELLIER,

Financial Secretary, Local Union 544, I.B.E.W.

POWER HOUSE.

Schedule of Wages.

1. The chief electrician in the power house being responsible for the performance of all electrical apparatus, alterations, etc., the Board considers the position worth \$110 per month as a minimum. Assistant to chief electrician 40 to 45 cents per hour.

The Board recommends that this schedule do take effect on July 1, 1911, and continue until May 1, 1913.

(Sgd.) G. S. Armstrong,

Mayor.

A. Clubb,

President, Local Union 544, I.B.E.W.

J. H. HELLIER,

Fin. Sec., Local Union 544, I.B.E.W.

STREET RAILWAY ELECTRICAL WORKERS.

Schedule of Wages.

1. Foreman, \$115 per month; linemen $37\frac{1}{2}$ cents per hour; car-repairers, 35 cents per hour.

The Board recommends that this schedule do take effect on July 1, 1911, and continue until May, 1913.

(Sgd.) G. S. Armstrong, Mayor.

A. Clubb,

President, Local 544, I.B.E.W.

J. H. HELLIER,

Fin. Sec., Local Union 544, I.B.E.W.

IX. APPLICATION FROM CARMEN, MEMBERS OF THE BROTHER-HOOD OF RAILWAY CARMEN OF AMERICA, EMPLOYED BY THE QUEBEC AND LAKE ST. JOHN RAILWAY COMPANY.—PENDING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A BOARD A SETTLEMENT WAS REACHED ON ALL POINTS AT ISSUE.

Application received—June 7, 1911.

Parties concerned—The Quebec and Lake St. John Railway Company and carmen, members of the Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America.

Applicants—Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Railways.

Nature of dispute-Wages and conditions of employment.

Number of employees affected—Directly, 80; indirectly, 15.

Whilst proceedings looking to the establishment of a Board were in progress the Department was informed that a settlement had been reached on all points at issue.

In the application received on behalf of the carmen employed by the Quebec and Lake St. John Railway Company it was stated that the matters in dispute related to wages and conditions of employment, the number of employees affected being given as eighty directly and fifteen indirectly. The application as received was not in the form prescribed under the Act and whilst communications were passing between the employees and the Department in respect of the correction of the same, and following a visit of one of the officers of the Department of Labour to Quebec a communication, under the date of June 20, was received from the General Superintendent of the Canadian Northern Quebec Railway in which the following statement was made: "Beg to inform you that Committee representing the men was met at Quebec on the fifteenth instant and a new schedule of rates and conditions arranged and agreed to."

X. APPLICATION FROM EMPLOYEES OF THE MONTREAL STREET RAILWAY COMPANY, BEING MEMBERS OF LOCAL UNION NO. 328 AMALGAMATED ASSOCIATION OF STREET AND ELECTRIC RAILWAY EMPLOYEES OF AMERICA.—BOARD ESTABLISHED.—PROCEEDINGS SUSPENDED PENDING DETERMINATION OF APPLICATION TO THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR A WRIT OF INJUNCTION DECLARING THE INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES INVESTIGATION ACT TO BE ULTRA VIRES.

Application received—June 19, 1911.

Parties concerned—The Montreal Street Railway Company and Employees, members of Local Union No. 328 Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees of America.

Applicants—Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Street railways.

Nature of dispute —Dismissal of certain Employees and alleged discrimination against them as members of the Union.

Number of employees affected—Directly, 30; indirectly, 1,970.

Date of constitution of Board—August 11, 1911.

Membership of Board—Honourable Mr. Justice Thomas Fortin, Montreal, Que., Chairman, appointed by the Minister in the absence of any joint recommendation from the other members of the Board; Mr. J. L. Perron, K.C., Montreal, Que., appointed on the recommendation of the employing Company; and Mr. Charlemagne Rodier, Montreal, Que., appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned.

The Board was restrained from proceeding by order of Court, pending determination of an application by the Company to the Superior Court for a writ of injunction declaring the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act to be ultra vires. On March 31, 1912, the Company's application in this matter had not been disposed of.

The application of certain employees of the Montreal Street Railway Company for the establishment of a Board of Conciliation and Investigation related to the alleged dismissal by the Company of certain employees and alleged discrimination against them as members of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees of America. The number of employees concerned was given in the application as 30 directly and 1,970 indirectly.

A Board was established by the Minister on July 19, Messrs. J.L. Perron. K.C., and Charlemagne Rodier, both of Montreal, Que., being appointed members of the same on the recommendation of the employing Company and the employees respectively. In the absence of any joint recommendation

from the foregoing the Board was completed by the Minister on August 11 by the appointment of Honourable Mr. Justice Fortin of the Superior Court, Montreal, as Chairman.

On August 15 the Chairman of the Board was served with a copy of a petition for a writ of prohibition asking that the Board should be permanently enjoined from proceeding in this matter and the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act should be declared to be unconstitutional. On the same date judgment was given on this petition directing the maintenance of the statu quo. On October 27 the Chairman of the Board was served with a copy of a judgment by the Honourable Mr. Justice Charbonneau, of the Superior Court, Montreal, authorizing the granting of a writ of prohibition against further procedure by the Board of Conciliation and Investigation, until final judgment had been rendered on the point raised by the Montreal Street Railway Company, relative to the constitutionality or unconstitutionality of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, under which the Board in this matter had been constituted.

The judgment of Mr. Justice Charbonneau is in the following terms:

"The Court, after hearing the parties on the motion asking that a Writ of Prohibition be issued against the Defendant Board to prevent it from proceeding in the above mentioned matter;

"Considering that, among other means invoked by the Applicant in support of its request, it is alleged that the Industrial Disputes Act 1907 is unconstitutional and not within the power of the Parliament which passed it;

"Considering that, in spite of the opinion of this Court being against the claim put up by said Applicant on that point, it is is in the interest of justice that this matter be further argued;

"Allows the issuance of the writ asked for, and declares that the statu quo order granted on August 15, 1911, by the Honourable Mr. Justice Pagnuelo, and since continued remains in force until final judgment."

The further proceedings in connection with the above mentioned petition had not been disposed of on March 31, 1912.

XI. APPLICATION FROM MACHINISTS, MEMBERS OF THE INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF MACHINISTS, EMPLOYED BY THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY.—BOARD ESTABLISHED—NO CESSATION OF WORK OCCURRED.

Application received—July 18, 1911.

Parties concerned—The Grand Trunk Railway Company and machinists, members of the International Association of Machinists.

Applicants—Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Railways.

Nature of Dispute —Demand for new schedule of rules and rates of pay.

Number of employees affected—Directly, 2,000; indirectly, 6,000.

Date of constitution of Board—October 11, 1912.

Membership of Board—Honourable Mr. Justice J. V. Teetzel, Toronto, Ont., Chairman, appointed on the joint recommendation of the other members of the Board; Honourable Wallace Nesbitt, K. C., Toronto, Ont., appointed on the recommendation of the employing Company; and Mr. J. G. O'Donoghue, Toronto, Ont., appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned.

Report received—October 23, 1911.

Result of inquiry—Report was signed by the three members of the Board, Mr. O'Donoghue, however, dissenting in certain particulars. The Department was informed that the findings of the Board were not acceptable to the employees concerned. No cessation of work, however, occurred.

The Minister of Labour received on October 23 the report of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation to which had been referred for adjustment certain matters in dispute between the Grand Trunk Railway Company and its machinists, 'machinists' specialists and helpers, members of the International Association of Machinists.

In the application it was stated that the dispute grew out of the employees' demand for a new schedule of agreement with the Company, the number of employees affected by this dispute being given as 2,000 directly and 6,000 indirectly.

The Board was established by the Minister of Labour on September 30, and consisted of the Honourable Mr. Justice Teetzel, of Toronto, Ont., Chairman, the Honourable Wallace Nesbitt, K.C., of Toronto, Ont., nominated by the Company, and Mr. J. G. O'Donoghue, of Toronto, Ont., nominated by the employees. The Board met on October 14, in Montreal, and continued to hold sessions from that date until October 21.

In the report it was stated that the majority (Honourable Mr. Justice Teetzel, Chairman, and Honourable Wallace Nesbitt, the Company's nominee) find that owing to the system of payment prevailing on the Grand Trunk Railway,

they do not see how it is possible for the Board to lay down any schedule or minimum rate without dislocating a system having for its basis merit and qualification of the individual workman, based on the foreman's judgment. Owing, however, to the increased cost of living it was felt that the rates of pay had not kept pace in all instances, and the majority recommended that master mechanics take up the matter with the foreman and increase the remuneration according to the qualifications of the individuals. The shop rules which had previously been adopted in May, 1907, were recommended by the Board as being fair and reasonable, with the modification of Rule 11, namely that a man with a grievance shall have a right of appeal to the Master Mechanic, and from him to the Superintendent of Motive power.

Mr. J. G. O'Donoghue, appointed on behalf of the employees, held that the men were entitled to a grievance committee and that a minimum rate on a par with that of other Canadian roads should be established; also that double time should be paid for overtime from midnight to six a.m., and that apprentices should share in the increases above mentioned.

The Department was informed that the findings of the Board were not acceptable to the employees concerned. No cessation of work, however, occurred.

Report of Board.

The text of the findings of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation in this matter is as follows:—

We, Mr. Justice Teetzel, J. G. O'Donoghue and Wallace Nesbitt, members of the Board of Conciliation appointed under the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, and Amendments, in a dispute between the machinists in the employ of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, beg to report that we met on the fourteenth day of October, 1911, in the Board room, at the Grand Trunk Offices, in the City of Montreal, and subsequently in the Home Life Building on the nineteenth, twentieth and twenty-first days of October, 1911, and heard and conferred with the parties fully.

In May, 1907, a Board of Coneiliation, consisting of Professor Adam Shortt and J. G. O'Donoghue and Wallace Nesbitt, investigated a dispute between the same parties. That Board and the parties unanimously agreed upon certain shop rules as being fair and reasonable, and also agreed upon a schedule of pay promulgated by the Grand Trunk at that time, as being under all the circumstances fair and reasonable. We have had the same rules fully discussed before us, and with the modification of Rule No. 11 so as to make the meaning clear, namely, that a man with a grievance shall have a right of appeal to the Master Mechanic, and from him to the Superintendent of Motive Power, we, the majority of the Board, adopt the shop rules of the Grand Trunk which were at that time adopted.

Owing to the system of payment which prevails in the Grand Trunk, and which has been fully explained to us, the majority of the Board do not see how it is possible for the Board to lay down any schedule of minimum rate without

dislocating the system which has as its basis the payment according to the merit and qualification of the individual workman based upon the judgment of his foreman. The evidence, however, satisfies us that owing to the increased cost of living since 1907, the increases which have been granted by the Grand Trunk since that time in the rates of pay of the men have not in a number of instances kept pace with the necessities of the men, while in other instances the rates of pay seem to be fair and reasonable.

The majority of the Board strongly recommend therefore that the Master Mechanics take up with their foreman, at the earliest possible moment, the individual cases in the various shops and round-houses, where the lower rates of wages obtain, and should make advances in pay according to the merit and qualification of the individual, so that the pressure of the increased cost of living will be relieved by an advance in remuneration.

The majority of the Board are glad to report that the Superintendent of Motive Power expresses himself as anxious to do everything possible to meet the wishes of his men. The system of individual merit, while productive of much good in its results, is open to the criticism that the less efficient do not obtain the advantages which would accrue to them under a general fixed minimum.

The majority of the Board award that the rules as aforesaid remain in force, and that in our opinion the rates of pay should be advanced in a number of individual instances.

Mr. O'Donoghue is of the opinion that the men are entitled to have their grievances presented through a Committee, and that a minimum rate, on a par with that in force on other Canadian roads, should be established. This would give to the men an increase of wages that would, in some measure, compensate for the increased cost of living. He is also of opinion that double time should be paid for overtime from midnight to six a.m., and that apprentices should share in the increase above mentioned.

Dated this twenty-first day of October, 1911.

(Sgd.) J. C. TEETZEL,

Chairman.

WALLACE NESBITT,

Representing the Company.

J. G. O'DONOGHUE,

Representing the Men.

XII. APPLICATIONS FROM MACHINISTS AND BOILERMAKERS, MEMBERS OF THE INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF MACHINISTS AND THE INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF BOILER-MAKERS, IRON SHIP BUILDERS, AND HELPERS OF AMERICA RESPECTIVELY, EMPLOYED BY THE GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.—BOARD ESTABLISHED.—UNANIMOUS REPORT BY BOARD.—EMPLOYEES DECLARED STRIKE.

Applications received—July 31, August 8, 1911, respectively.

Parties concerned—The Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company and machinists and boilermakers, members of the International Association of Machinists and the International Brotherhood of Boilermakers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America.

Applicants—Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Railways.

Nature of dispute—Wages, hours, and conditions of employment; also demand for schedule.

Number of employees affected—150 and 150 respectively.

Date of constitution of Board—October 12, 1911.

Membership of Board—Rev. Dr. J. W. Sparling, Winnipeg, Man., Chairman, appointed by the Minister in the absence of any joint recommendation from the other members of the Board; Rev. J. L. Gordon, Winnipeg, Man., appointed by the Minister in the absence of any recommendation from the employing Company; and Mr. Thos. J. Murray, Winnipeg, Man., appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned.

Report received—October 28, 1911.

Result of inquiry—A unanimous report was presented by the Board which was favourable to the employees concerned and was accepted on their behalf. The Company, in a letter dated November 2, declined to accept the Board's findings. On October 6 the Company's shops at Edmonton and Rivers were closed down, and the employees concerned declared a strike on October 10, which was still in progress on March 31, 1912.

The Minister of Labour received, on October 28, the joint report of the Boards of Conciliation and Investigation to which had been referred for adjustment certain matters in dispute between the Grand Trunk Paeific Railway Company and its machinists and boilermakers respectively.

In the application for the establishment of these Boards, it was stated that the differences in question related to wages, hours, and other conditions of employment, the number of employees affected in each ease being 150.

The Boards as originally formed were composed of the Rev. J. W. Sparling, of Winnipeg, Man., Chairman; the Honourable Wallace Nesbitt, K.C., of

Toronto, Ont., appointed on the recommendation of the employing Company; and Mr. Thomas J. Murray, of Winnipeg, Man., appointed on the recommendation of the employees. The Department was subsequently notified that Mr. Nesbitt was unable to act as the representative of the Company on these Boards; and, the Company failing to nominate a successor to Mr. Nesbitt, the Minister of Labour appointed the Rev. J. L. Gordon, of Winnipeg, Man., in his stead.

Prior to the appointment of the Rev. J. L. Gordon, the Chairman and Mr. Murray held meetings in Winnipeg, on October 2 and 3, and prepared a report of same, dated October 11, which was received by the Department, together with the final report, dated October 25. The final report in effect sustains the demand of the employees, and is signed by each member of the Board.

The findings of the Board were formally accepted on behalf of the employees concerned; the Company on the other hand declined to accept the award.

On October 6 the Company's shops at Edmonton and Rivers were closed down, and the employees concerned declared a strike on October 10 which was still in progress on March 31, 1912. The Department was, however, informed by the Company that operations in its shops were not affected by the continuance of the strike.

In correspondence with the Department it was claimed by the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company that the latter was paying its machinists the highest rates current in the West, namely: those of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. The Department was also informed by the Grand Trunk Pacific Company that the latter had put into force the same rules as existed in the shops of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, including the amendments to the latter suggested by a Board established under the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act in the fall of 1911. The Company's claim as respects the rates of wages paid was disputed by the representatives of the striking employees.

During the fall and winter a further effort was made by the Department of Labour to bring about an adjustment of this dispute, which was, however, without result.

The text of the report prepared by the Chairman and Mr. Murray on October 11, prior to the appointment of Rev. J. L. Gordon as a member of the Board, is as follows:—

Winnipeg, Man., October 11, 1911,

F. A. Acland, Esq.,
Deputy Minister of Labour,
Department of Labour,
Ottawa, Ont.

S_{IR},—In the matter of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, and in the matter of the disputes between the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company and its employees, being members of the International Association of Machinists and of the International Brotherhood of Boilermakers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America, the undersigned, two members of the Boards of Conciliation

and Investigation, established under the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, to whom the above disputes were referred under the provisions of the said Act, beg to report as follows:—

Two Boards were established, one to deal with the dispute between the Company and its machinists and the other to deal with the dispute between the Company and its boilermakers, but as the matters in dispute are similiar in each case, and as similiar proceedings have been taken by the two Boards up to the present time, it is considered that both disputes may be dealt with in one report.

The Boards were composed of the Rev. J. W. Sparling of Winnipeg, Chairman, Thomas J. Murray of Winnipeg, appointed on the recommendation of the employees, and Wallace Nesbitt, K.C., of Toronto, appointed on the recommendation of the Company. Immediately upon the formation of the Boards it was found by the two members resident in Winnipeg, that the employees were considerably annoyed on account of the delays which had occurred in the granting and formation of the Boards. It appeared that the Boards had been applied for by the employees about August 1, but had not been granted until August 23. The formation of the Boards was not completed until September 5. The Chairman and Mr. Murray at once endeavoured to get into communication with Mr. Nesbitt, with a view to an early Session, hoping by prompt action to allay the feelings of disappointment and dissatisfaction entertained by the employees towards the Department of Labour resulting from delays. It was found that Mr. Nesbitt had gone to Northern Ontario and could not be communicated with. It was felt that if the breach between the Company and its employees was not to be widened the Board should take up the matter of investigation without delay, and representations were then made to your Department with a view to having the Company nominate another representative who could act immediately. Word was then received from your Department that Mr. Nesbitt had withdrawn from the Board, and that his resignation had been accepted, and the Company had been requested to nominate a substitute. A week later no nomination having been received from the Company, it was suggested to your Department that you appoint a third member under the provisions of the Act made for such a case. Then the Company withdrew the resignation of Mr. Nesbitt, and he was re-appointed a member of the Board. These negotiations occupied a period of two weeks and needless to say the further delay was very provoking to the employees. On September 18, the Chairman called a meeting of the Board to be held in Winnipeg, on October 2, feeling that the interval allowed would give the Company's representative every opportunity of being present. Your Department and Mr. Nesbitt were both notified of the meeting.

On October 2, the meeting called as above was held and there were present at this meeting the Chairman of the Board, Mr. Murray, the Committees representing both machinists and boilermakers and Mr. Robb, an official of the Company. Mr. Robb made it plain that he had not appeared in his official capacity, that he had no instructions or authority to represent the Company, that he could not bind the Company by any action of his, but that he was present simply because Mr. Murray had requested Mr. Chamberlain, the Vice-President of the

Company, to have some official of the Company present to meet the members of the Board.

Word had been received in the interval from Mr. Nesbitt to the effect that he could not be present at this meeting, but that he might be able to be present later on.

The representatives of the employees expressed themselves as ready and anxious to proceed with the investigation. After spending two days in going into some of the matters in dispute without being able to make any real progress, because of the fact that the Company was not represented officially, the Board adjourned. Before the adjournment the employees requested that we should make a report to your Department, but the Chairman did not feel inclined to do so without making a further attempt to secure the attendance of the Company's representative.

It was represented to the Board by the Committees of the employees that the latter were asking only for rates of pay and working rules similiar to those existing on other Railway lines in the same territority. It was also represented to the Board by the Committees of the employees that Mr. Chamberlain, Vice-President of the Company, had stated that while the Company was willing to grant the same rates of pay as were being given by the other roads, the Company would not grant any set of working rules other than those to be granted by the Board of Conciliation, which it was expected would deal with the disputes now existing between the Grand Trunk Railway and its employees in the mechanical department, and that if the Board of Conciliation recommended anything more than the Company was willing to give in this regard, the Company would not accept the findings of this Board. The position taken by the employees was that if this statement of Mr. Chamberlain's correctly represented the attitude of the Company it was useless spending further time investigating the matter.

After the adjournment of the Board the representatives of the employees dispersed to their respective homes, stating that it was not their intentions to return before the Board until some reasonable assurance was given on behalf of the Company that the requests of the men would be considered by this Board on their merits, without reference to Eastern Disputes or the finding of the Board of Conciliation that may be appointed to deal with such disputes.

As the situation had begun to take on a serious aspect, and as it looked as though a strike might occur, the Chairman of the Board at once notified by wire both your Department and Mr. Nesbitt fully as to the situation. Since that time no official word has been received from Mr. Nesbitt. Word was, however, received from your Department to the effect that Mr. Nesbitt had again resigned from the Board.

In the meantime we understand that pursuant to an ultimatum served on the Company by the men, a strike has been declared. We understand that the men claim that prior to the strike a virtual lockout was declared by the Company.

We believe that had it been possible to investigate the disputes before a full Board, with representatives of both parties to the present dispute, it would have been possible to avert open hostilities, even if not actually to settle the differences. While the investigation made at the Sessions of the Board held on

October 2 and 3, possibly did not get to the root of the difficulty, nevertheless, judging from the attitude of the representatives of the employees present, had the Company been represented on the Board and before the Board by someone in authority, we believe the two parties to the dispute could have been brought much closer together than they then appeared to be. We consider that the employees have shown great patience and forbearance in view of the many delays which occurred prior to and after the formation of the Board.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Sgd.) J. W. Sparling, Chairman. Thos. J. Murray.

Final Report of Board.

The later report of the Board, under date of October 25, bearing signatures of all three members, is as follows:—

WINNIPEG, MAN., October 25, 1911.

Hon. T. W. Crothers, Minister of Labour, Ottawa, Ont.

Sir,—In the matter of the Industial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, and in the matter of the disputes between the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company and the machinists and boilermakers in its employ.

The Board of Conciliation to whom the above disputes were referred, beg to report as follows:—

Two Boards were established, one to deal with the dispute between the Company and its machinists, and the other to deal with the dispute between the Company and its boilermakers, but as the matters in dispute are similiar in each case, and as similiar proceedings were taken by both Boards, it is considered that both disputes may be dealt with in one report.

The Boards as originally formed, were composed of the Rev. J. W. Sparling, of Winnipeg, Chairman, Thomas J. Murray of Winnipeg, appointed on the recommendation of employees, and Wallace Nesbitt, K.C., of Toronto, appointed on the recommendation of the Company. Later, owing to the resignation of Mr. Nesbitt, the Rev. J. L. Gordon, of Winnipeg, was appointed third member of the Board.

A very long delay occurred between the time of the application for the appointment of the Board, and the date when the work of investigation actually commenced, two months and a half. The views of the Board as to where the responsibility for delay should be placed, are fully set out in a report prepared on October 11, immediately prior to the appointment of the Rev. J. L. Gordon,

which appointment resulted in postponing the forwarding of such report. It is now considered advisable, however, to accompany our present report by the earlier one.

Throughout these long delays the employees have shown a conciliatory and forbearing spirit, but apparently convinced that they would not be able to obtain an investigation, they decided, subsequent to the meetings of the Board, on October 2 and 3 (above referred to) to prepare for a strike. On October 4, the employees delivered an ultimatum to the Company asking for an acknowledgement of their right to a Schedule Agreement and a minimum wage, intimating that refusal means a strike, and asking for an answer by noon on the sixth. On the morning of October 6, there occurred what the employees claim was a lockout. The shops at River and Edmonton, the two most important shops of the system were closed. The Company claims that there was no lockout, but that the shops were simply closed for repairs. No answer was given to the employees' ultimatum, and on October 10, a strike commenced.

On October 12, the Rev. J. L. Gordon was appointed the third member, and the real work of the Board at once commenced. The men were asked by the Board to facilitate the work of conciliation by returning to work, pending investigation of dispute, and the men agreed to do this providing that they were restored to their former positions 'without discrimination and without prejudice.' The Company was then asked by the Board to agree to the return of the men to work under these conditions, but up to this date the Board has received no answer to its request. The Rev. Dr. Gordon personally attended upon the officials of the Company, with a view to ensuring their co-operation in the work of investigation and conciliation, but while they acknowledged him as the Company's representative, they failed to give him any assistance.

Pursuant to notice given to all parties, the Board began its sessions on October, 16. The investigation showed that the more important requests of the men are as follows:—

- 1. A schedule agreement.
- 2. A miminum rate of wage.
- 3. Committee representation on grievances.
- 4. Nine hour day.
- 5. Definition of trades.

Generally speaking, the men asked for conditions similiar to those in existence on other roads in the same territory.

The investigation extended over a period of five days. The inquiry assumed a wide scope, and information was gained from every available source. Employees of the Company engaged in each of the trades involved in the dispute, were called from points extending over most of the road. Witnesses were also summoned from the Canadian Pacific and Canadian Northern Roads, and expert opinions obtained on the various matters under consideration. The investigation was extended so as to include in a general manner the Canadian Pacific Railway Company and the Canadian Northern Railway Company, as well as the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company, and in a general way all

other Canadian roads and many American roads. The Board took into consideration the fact that the Canadian Northern Railway Company and the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company are both new roads, that each is still to a large extent a road of extension and construction, that they extend practically over the same territory, and therefore the Board concluded that a careful comparison of the conditions affecting these Companies and their employees and the relations between them would enable the Board to arrive at a reasonably definite conclusion as to the fairness of the demands of the men. The Board had before it in detail the official answers given by the Company to the requests of the men and the written arguments advanced by the Company to show why such requests should not be granted. These answers and arguments were most carefully investigated and considered, and independent advice summoned before the Board.

As a result of its inquiries the findings of the Board are as follows:—

The number of employees involved in the dispute is approximately 300. Their requests are of vital importance; they have been conceded by nearly all the railroads in Canada and the United States, and unless some satisfactory settlement is reached at the present time, it seems almost inevitable that the differences involved in this dispute must recur in the future and become more acute with the increasing number of employees.

Omitting certain minor details which the employees do not insist upon, the requests of the men are, in the opinion of the Board, fair and reasonable. Similiar conditions were granted by the Canadian Northern Railway Company and Canadian Pacific Railway Company nearly ten years ago, and have ever since been conceded. They were allowed by the Canadian Northern Railway Company when that road's staff of mechanics was much smaller than is the present staff of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company.

The conditions asked for are almost identical with those now in operation on other roads in same territory. We are informed that similiar conditions prevail on all other important roads in Canada, except the Grand Trunk Railway Company, and on at least eighty per cent of the American roads.

The Board can see no sufficient reason why the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company should be exempt from the necessity of granting to its employees an agreement and rates of pay such as are recognized as fair and reasonable by so many other roads. A number of the conditions asked for are already in effect on that portion of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway under Government control, and apparently no difficulty or disadvantage to the Company accrues therefrom.

The men asked for a schedule Agreement such as other roads have. This involves no new principle. It has long been recognized that employees are entitled to have some voice in the decision as to conditions under which their services shall be performed and as to the rate at which they shall be compensated. Up to the present on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway the rates and conditions have been arranged by the Company, without any consultation whatever with the men. Co-operation in these matters between the employer and employee

has worked out most satisfactorily on other roads, and has apparently tended to reduce friction and encourage harmony and contentment.

The Company, in its official reply to the requests of the men, has used as its chief objection the argument that the conditions asked for are impracticable, and would tend to produce friction. This objection is not sustained by the information laid before the Board. On the contrary, the Board considers, after a most thorough investigation, that the very opposite result would be achieved.

A miminum rate of pay is asked for. This is the system in operation on most railroads, including the Canadian Pacific and the Canadian Northern Railway Companies. The present sliding scale in operation on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway tends to produce dissatisfaction and results in apparent injustice.

A difference was found in the statements before the Board as to the rate of wages actually being paid on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway. The Company stated it was prepared to pay and was actually paying as high wages as the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. The employees, on the other hand, stated that such was not the ease, that, about twenty-five per cent. of their number were in receipt of wages slightly less than the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's minimum wage, and that the remainder were receiving wages decidely lower. By a careful examination of the pay sheets produced by the Company before the Board, it was found that the statements of the men were fully sustained and corrobated. The minimum wage asked by the employees is as low as the lowest minimum wage now paid west of the Lakes, and lower than some others now paid in some territory.

Committee representation is also asked for. The operation of this principle appears to be essential. It is almost in universal operation in Canada and the United States. In practice it is found to be a most satisfactory method of adjusting differences important and unimportant which continually arise between employer and employee, especially when, as in the case of a railroad corporation, the employee rarely comes in direct contact with the higher officials. He should have the right to appeal from decisions of foremen and minor officials to higher officers through a regularly constituted grievance committee. The Company claims no grievance existed. Undoubtedly grievances have existed but perhaps they have not been presented through lack of facilities or through fear of results to the individual.

The employees asked for a nine hour day. The present working day on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway is ten hours, although on other roads in the same territory it is only nine hours. Also a nine hour day is in operation on that portion of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway under Government control. The Company claim a nine hour day is impracticable. It seems to work out very well on other roads, and we cannot see how conditions are so different as to make it impracticable for the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company. Through the system of overlapping, such as is in operation on other roads, it is possible to have employees in the shops at all hours even with a shorter working day. The Company also claims that their employees do not desire a shorter working day, but careful investigation has failed to show convincing evidence in favour of

this contention. Satisfactory information, however, was received showing that a reasonable shortening of the working day usually results in increased efficiency and improved social, domestic, and intellectual conditions.

A definition of trades is asked for. This is something also acceded to by most railroads. Much of the present friction seems to have resulted from lack of proper definition of the duties of various classes of employees. The complaint of skilled mechanics is that the absence of this provision results in general lowering of wages. In answering this request, the Company states that if granted, it would be necessary to dismiss many of the less skilled employees. The men hold that such a course would not be necessary, but that with proper definition of the duties of each, and with a reasonable minimum rate of wages, all present employees could be retained in the service without reduction in the wages of any. Your Board sees no good reason to dissent from this position.

The Board is of the opinion that the employees fully complied with the letter and spirit of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, before declaring a strike. Without attempting to make a finding as to whether or not there was actually a lockout in existence prior to the strike, the Board is satisfied that the employees were convinced as to the existence of a lockout for some days before the strike was declared.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Sgd.) J. W. Sparling,

Chairman.

(Sgd.) James L. Gordon, (Sgd.) Thos.J. Murray.

XIII. APPLICATION FROM EMPLOYEES, MEMBERS OF THE CANA-DIAN BROTHERHOOD OF RAILROAD EMPLOYEES, OF THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY AT CALGARY AND MEDICINE HAT, ALTA.—PROCEEDINGS DISCONTINUED.

Application received—September 11, 1911.

Parties concerned—The Canadian Pacific Railway Company and various employees at Calgary and Medicine Hat, Alta., members of the Canadian Brotherhood of Railroad Employees.

Applicants—Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Railways.

Nature of dispute—Alleged discrimination against members of the Union.

Number of employees affected—Directly, 6,500; indirectly, 6,500.

A Board was established in this matter on October 19, Mr. John Anthony McDonald, Halifax, N.S., being appointed a member thereof on the recommendation of the employees concerned. Further proceedings were, however, discontinued, owing to the failure of the employees to furnish the Department with certain required information.

On August 31, the Department received an application for the establishment of a Board of Conciliation and Investigation on behalf of certain employees of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company at Calgary and Medicine Hat, Alta. The application as received at that time did not conform in all respects with the requirements of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, and was accordingly returned for correction, being received in its amended form on September 11. The employees concerned were designated as clerks of all departments, freight shed foremen, checkers and truckers, station baggagemen, sleeping and dining car employees, storesmen, agents and yardmasters, and car-checkers; being members of the Canadian Brotherhood of Railroad Employees. It was estimated that 6,500 employees were directly affected by this dispute, and an equal number indirectly. In the application it was stated that the dispute in question related to the dismissal of two employees for the sole reason that they belonged to the Brotherhood; also to alleged intimidation of and discrimination against other employees for the same reason.

A Board was established by the Minister on October 19, Mr. John Anthony McDonald, of Halifax, N.S., being appointed a member thereof on the recommendation of the employees concerned.

Further proceedings were, however, discontinued owing to the failure of the employees to furnish the Department with certain required information.

XIV. APPLICATION FROM EMPLOYEES, MEMBERS OF LOCAL UNION NO. 213, INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS OF AMERICA, OF THE BRITISH COLUMBIA TELEPHONE COMPANY.—BOARD ESTABLISHED.—NO CESSATION OF WORK OCCURRED.

Application received—September 6, 1911.

Parties concerned—The British Columbia Telephone Company and employees, members of Local Union No. 213, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers of America.

Applicants-Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Telephones.

Nature of dispute-Wages and Company's attitude towards union men.

Number of employees affected—220.

Date of constitution of Board-October 6, 1911.

Membership of Board—John Harold Senkler, K.C., Vancouver, B.C., Chairman, appointed on the joint recommendation of the other members of the Board; Mr. William Henry Barker, Vancouver, B.C., appointed on the recommendation of the employing Company; and Mr. Charles Enright, Vancouver, B.C., appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned.

Reports received—November 28, 1911.

Result of inquiry—Report of Board was accompanied by a minority report signed by Mr. Barker. The Department was not informed of the acceptance or non-acceptance by either party of the Board's findings. No cessation of work, however, occurred.

The Minister of Labour received on November 28 the report of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation to which had been referred for adjustment certain matters in dispute between the British Columbia Telephone Company and its linemen, installers, cable splicers and trouble men, etc., also a minority report bearing the signature of Mr. Wm. H. Barker, member appointed on behalf of the Company. This dispute related in the main to the employees' demand for increased wages and was also understood to involve the Company's attitude towards Union men. The number of employees concerned was given in the application as approximately 220. A Board was established on November 29, Messrs. Wm. H. Barker, of Vancouver, B.C., and Chas. Enright, of Vancouver, B.C., being subsequently appointed members on the recommendation of the Company and employees respectively. The Board was completed by the appointment of Mr. John H. Senkler, K.C., of Vancouver, B.C., as Chairman, on the joint recommendation of the foregoing.

The Board in its findings dealt with the subject of the cost of living on the Pacific Coast, and especially in Vancouver, and also pointed out that men work-

ing for the Telephone Company must be young, strong, and active, that their employment is an extra hazardous class of work, for which reason they are unable to obtain life insurance at anything like rates which they can afford to pay, also "that the Telephone Companies on the Pacific Coast, other than the Pacific Telephone Company which is apparently, so far as wages are concerned, bound by some arrangement with the British Columbia Telephone Company, pay a higher rate of wages than the latter two Companies." The report concluded, "Under the circumstances I cannot see that the men are acting unreasonably in asking for a further advance in wages of 25c per day." The report was signed by Mr. J. H. Senkler, Chairman, and by Mr. Chas. Enright, member appointed on behalf of the employees. Mr. Wm. H. Barker, in his minority report, said that "taking into consideration the facts as shown by evidence submitted, I have come to the conclusion that the employees of the British Columbia Telephone Company earn as much as the average skilled mechanic, owing to steadier work. and a raise in wages to them means demands for a raise all round or general dissatisfaction."

The text of the Report of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation is as follows:—

In the matter of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, and in the matter of differences between the British Columbia Telephone Company, Vancouver, B.C., and Local Union No. 213. International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers.

Report of Chairman.

While I feel that the contention of the B. C. Telephone Company, taken at the preliminary hearing of this Board, that a Board of Conciliation should not have been appointed by the Government upon the material contained in the Application to the Minister is very probably correct, still I and the other members of the Board felt that it was our duty to endeavour to effect some settlement between the parties and, with that end in view, we had several sessions for the taking of evidence and finally the Chairman had a meeting with the officers of the Company and endeavoured in every way to effect a settlement without the necessity of the Board making a report, but without success, the Company taking the position that as they are paying the same rate of wages to their journeymen as the other largest Telephone Company on this Coast does that they could not voluntarily raise that rate of wages.

At the outset the Company took the position that as the Lemieux Act was a Canadian Act, that therefore this Board of Conciliation had no right to take into consideration any conditions existing outside of Canada. I could not agree to this. In taking evidence as to the conditions existing in Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and San Francisco, we were considering conditions as they exist in places most similarly situated to those in Vancouver, and in my opinion was the only way in which the Board could with any accuracy arrive at a conclusion in regard to the conditions here as between the Company and the men.

The Company, during the course of the proceedings did offer to pay the men for an extra hour at the same rate if the latter would agree to work one hour per day longer, but this the men flatly refused to do, and having regard to the manner in which the British Columbia Government has dealt with the eight hour question, I could not accept that as a fair settlement of the matter, and indeed I personally am of the opinion that eight hours per day is a long enough working day.

From the evidence that was brought before the Board, there can be no doubt but that the cost of living is higher in Vancouver than in any other place on the Coast, and higher than in other Canadian cities which we have had any evidence about.

In fact I am of the opinion that whatever the cause may be, the cost of living in Vancouver is higher at the present time than it was a year ago. There is no question that from the evidence, men working for a Telephone Company must be young, strong and active men, and that as an average, they cannot employ a man over forty years of age; that his employment is considered an extra hazardous class of work, and for this reason he is unable to obtain Life Insurance at anything like a rate which he could afford to pay; that his work is quite as hazardous, if not more so, than the electrical workers who from the evidence before us, received a minimum wage of \$4 a day, going up as high as \$5 a day.

Men employed on the B. C. Electric Railway Company in this City on similar class of work have wages of \$4 a day and besides, receive extra assistance by way of free car service, and a flat rate for light and heat.

The Telephone Companies on the Pacific Coast, other than the Pacific Telephone Company, which is apparently so far as wages are concerned bound by some arrangement with the B. C. Telephone Company, pay a higher rate of wages than the latter two Companies.

Under the circumstances, I cannot say that the men are acting unreasonably in asking for a further advance of wages of 25c, per day.

I must take the occasion to compliment the two parties on the eminently fair manner in which they have conducted their respective cases in this matter. Dated at Vancouver, B. C., this 21st day of November, A. D. 1911.

(Sgd.) J. H. Senkler, Chairman. (Sgd.) Chas. Enright, Member of Board.

Minority Report.

The text of the minority report in the above matter is as follows:

Vancouver, B. C., November, 22, 1911.

The Board of Conciliation and Investigation in the matter of dispute between The British Columbia Telephone Company (Employers) and Local Union No. 213, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers beg to report:

That they have met and taken evidence, and have had letters, lists of wages, and other written and printed matter offered as evidence, including the Labour Gazette.

I find that a very large percentage of the Linemen and other employees are Americans, who have come here because there was work for them. That most—if not all—evidence submitted as to cost of living, was in comparison with American cities—principally Seattle.

While I thought it fair to take this evidence of conditions in another country, yet they are the nearest large towns, and conditions, perhaps nearer our own than those of towns and cities in the Dominion.

Yet this is a Canadian Act, to regulate conditions in Canada, and anyone coming here comes voluntarily, and is not compelled to stay, yet, perhaps, we must in some measure be governed by evidence given.

Wages paid by the largest Telephone Companies from San Diego to Seattle are the same as paid by the B. C. Telephone Company.

Cost of living is less in Seattle than Vancouver, likely caused by dull times and keener competition. Work is harder to get, so while living is some cheaper when work is scarce, it is as stated by one of the witnesses, "that living is mostly cheap where work is scarce."

Regarding the relative earnings of the employees and skilled mechanics, taking the testimony of the business agent of the Allied Building Trades—

Bricklayers	average	about	 \$1,000 a year.
Carpenters	"	66	 900 "
Painters	44	"	 700 ''
Plasterers	"	44	 900 "
Structural			 700 "

while by testimony given, the employees of the B. C. Telephone Company average \$1,000 or more per year.

Evidence showing that the labour of a lineman is hazardous; I do not think it any more so than that of the Structural Iron Worker.

Carpenters and other skilled mechanics must own a costly kit of tools, while the tools necessary by linemen cost about \$15.

Increased cost of living has had much attention in the Dominion, Great Britain and other countries; it is the same, however, to all workers, and particularly hard on the unskilled laborer and cheaply paid clerks.

I was pleased to find that very friendly feeling exists between the B. C. Telephone Company and its employees. That in April, 1910, they voluntarily increased the wages of their employees, bringing them up to those paid by the large Telephone Companies in the Pacific Coast States.

The B. C. Telephone Company say they are willing to pay their men $47\frac{7}{8}$ cents more per day if the men will work nine hours instead of eight. I think this is one way out of the difficulty. The men ask for twenty-five cents more, and the Company agrees to pay them more than that if they will work for it.

Taking into consideration the facts as shown by evidence submitted I have come to the conclusion that the employees of the B. C. Telephone Company earn as much as the average skilled mechanic, owing to steadier work, and a raise in wages to them means demands for a raise all round or general dissatisfaction.

While the cost of living here is some higher than in Seattle, it is not very much. I will not admit that Vancouver is the most costly place to live in on the Coast.

My judgment is, to leave the pay of the B. C. Telephone Company's employees to the Company.

Respectfully submitted,

(Sgd.) WM. H. BARKER.

XV. APPLICATION FROM THE ALBERTA COAL MINING COMPANY CARDIFF, ALTA. — BOARD ESTABLISHED. — EMPLOYEES CEASED WORK.—SETTLEMENT LATER REACHED ON BASIS OF BOARD'S FINDINGS.

Application received—October 23, 1911.

Parties concerned.—The Alberta Coal Mining Company, Limited, Cardiff, Alta., and employees.

Applicants—Employers.

Nature of industry concerned—Coal mining.

Nature of dispute-Wages and conditions of employment.

Number of employees affected—80.

Date of constitution of Board—November 27, 1911.

Membership of Board—Mr. Norman Fraser, Edmonton, Alta., Chairman, appointed on the joint recommendation of the other members of the Board; Mr. J.C. Hannah, Calgary, Alta., appointed on the recommendation of the employing Company; and Mr. Clement Stubbs, Bellevue, Alta., appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned.

Report received—December 12, 1911.

Result of inquiry—Report was signed by all three members of the Board, with slight objections noted by Messrs. Hannah and Stubbs. After the award of the Board had been communicated to both parties concerned there was a cessation of work for a few days. The Department was later informed that a settlement had been reached on the basis of the Board's findings, and work resumed.

The Minister of Labour received on December 12 the report of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation to which had been referred for adjustment certain matters in dispute between the Alberta Coal Mining Company, Limited, and its employees at Cardiff, Alta.

The application for the establishment of this Board was made by the Alberta Coal Mining Company, and stated that the differences in question related to the refusal of the Company to accede to the employees' demand for increased wages and improved conditions of employment. The number of employees affected by the dispute was given as 80.

A Board was established by the Minister on November 8, and was constituted as follows: Messrs. J. O. Hannah, of Calgary, Alta., and Clement Stubbs, of Bellevue, Alta., members appointed on the recommendation of the Company and the employees respectively, and Mr. Norman Fraser, of Edmonton, Alta., Chairman, appointed by the Minister on the joint recommendation of the foregoing members of the Board.

The Board, met at Edmonton on December 1 and completed its work of investigation on December 7, having in the meantime visited the Company's mines at Cardiff, Alta., for the purpose of investigating conditions there.

The report of the Board was signed by all three members, with slight objections noted by Messrs. Hannah and Stubbs. After the award of the Board had been communicated to both parties concerned there was a cessation of work for a few days. The Department was later informed, however, that a settlement had been reached on the basis of the Board's findings, and work accordingly resumed.

Report of Board.

The text of the findings of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation in this matter is as follows:—

539 16th Street, Edmonton, Alta., 7 Dec., 1911.

To the Minister of Labour, Ottawa:

In the matter of "The Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907," and of a dispute between the Alberta Coal Mining Co. (Employer) and Miners, Mine Labourers and Others (Employees).

We, the undersigned members of the Board, having earefully gone over the evidence submitted by both parties, and having made a thorough inspection of the mines of the above named Company, and having investigated the wages and conditions existing at other mines in this Competitive Field, make and submit to you the following findings and recommendations:—

That all the findings of the Board as reported on March 24, 1910, be carried into effect, together with the following provisions and further recommendations:—

1. General Increase on all Present Contract Prices for Narrow Work.

In comparing the present narrow work rates, with similiar work paid for in this competitive field, and investigation of average earnings of miners engaged in this class of work at the Alberta Coal Company's mine, would recommend that the yardage rates remain as at present, except in the case of room turning and that this be increased to \$1.25 per yard for four yards.

2. Increase in Present Mining Rate.

Investigation shows that the average daily earnings of the contract miners at this mine are up to the age standard of this field. While it is true that

retail prices for coal have advanced during the past year yet from the statement of the Manager of the Alberta Coal Co., that owing to his Company being under contract they did not receive any advantage from this increased price, would recommend that the present mining rate remain the same.

3. Increase in Price of Timbering.

That the present price of timbering is reasonable, would recommend that they remain the same.

4. Payment for Removing Bone.

That the recommendations of the former Board in regard to this matter be carried into effect and would further recommend that the price paid be 42 cents per lineal yard where the bone is over four inches in thickness.

5. Payment for Laying of Track.

That as the payment for laying track is included in the mining price would recommend that this be continued, except that would recommend that the Company lay track in all main haulage entries, and lay all switches.

6. Increase to all Day Labourers of 25 cents per Day.

That the scale of wages, as per schedule attached, which has been submitted by the Company since meeting of the Board, be accepted with the following additions and changes: Timbermen \$3.25; Track-layer \$3.25.

7. Payment of Miners taken from Working Face to Perform Company Work.

That as the average daily wages for contract miners was found to be higher than the wages of underground day labourers, would recommend that when a miner is taken from his working place to perform Company work that he be paid at the rate of \$3.25 per day of eight hours, while actually engaged in such work.

8. Removal of Water from Working Places.

Would recommend that when practicable the Company remove the water from the working places, and when the miner removes the water from his working place that he be paid at the rate of \$3.25 par day of eight hours while actually engaged in such work.

9. Relative to Pay Days, etc.

That as it has always been the custom at this mine for wages to be paid once a month, and as the present arrangements for pay day does not give sufficient time to make up the pay-rolls and issue statements to employees prior to pay day would recommend that the pay day be on the 10th of each month,

the pay periods to cover from the first to the last of each month, and that statements be issued to the employees at least three days prior to pay day.

In making the change in the date of pay day we would suggest that a special pay should be made covering the period from the 20th, (which is the present regular date for making up accounts) to the last of the month, and that payments for work done during this single period immediately preceding the change being made should be made on the 10th of the succeeding month, making the first regular pay day on the new date.

Further demands submitted to Board:

A. Recognition of U. M. W. of A. agreement with same and check off by assignment.

B. Minimum rate for deficient places.

Relative to Section A, it is clear that when the employees are organized more harmony between employer and employees should result, through the handling of matters in dispute through the employees' committees and representatives, than would otherwise result, and we would consider it advisable that such methods of handling disputes and grievances should be followed out.

B. In connection with the minimum rate we believe that some provision should be made in the case of a miner performing work which was not anticipated in the fixing of contract prices, through changes or deficiencies that would reduce his earning power, and as this principle is already acknowledged between the mine workers and operators in the coal fields of Southern Alberta, but as, also, the sum to be considered as the minimum rate is at present being made the subject of reference to an Arbitration Board between the Western Coal Operators' Association and District 18 of the United Mine Workers of America we would suggest that the decision in that case should be the basis of settlement in the present dispute.

(Sgd.) NORMAN FRASER, Chairman of Board.

I agree with the foregoing reports with the following provisions:

1st. That the following be substituted for recommendation No. 2. As the miners at a number of the mines in this field have already received slight advances and as the market prices have been enhanced while the mining rates have remained the same, would recommend that the mining rate be increased 10 cents per ton.

2nd. That the following be added to recommendation No. 6, drivers, Spike Team, \$3.50 per day 8 hours.

In connection with the "Monthly Pay" it should be noted that while it now exists at the Alberta Coal Mining Co.'s mine, the employees at most of the mines in the vicinity, and practically all other trades are paid semi-monthly and my opinion in the matter is that this method should prevail throughout the Province.

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

As, however, there is considerable agitation to have this made a Legislative matter it is possible that some change in this may be made by Legislative action in the near future, thereby avoiding disputes on this account.

(Sgd.) C. Stubbs, Representative of Employer.

DAY WAGES SCHEDULE.

ALBERTA COAL MINING COMPANY.

Inside Labour—	
Track layers	83.00 per day of 8 hrs.
Drivers	3.00 per day of 8 hrs.
Hooker-on	2.75 per day of 8 hrs.
Outside Labour—	
Blacksmith	3.50 per day of 9 hrs.
Timber sawyer	3.50 per day of 9 hrs.
Box car shovellers	2.60 per day of 9 hrs.

XVI. APPLICATION FROM TELEGRAPH AND STATION EMPLOYEES MEMBERS OF THE ORDER OF RAILROAD TELEGRAPHERS, EMPLOYED BY THE QUEBEC CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.—PENDING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A BOARD, SETTLEMENT WAS ARRIVED AT BY PARTIES CONCERNED.

Application received—November 14, 1911.

Parties concerned—The Quebec Central Railway Company and telegraph and station employees, members of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers.

Applicants—Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Railways.

Nature of dispute—Demand for adoption of a new schedule of rules and rates of pay.

Number of employees affected—70.

Whilst proceedings looking to the establishment of a Board were in progress a settlement was arrived at by the parties concerned.

The application of the station agents and telegraph employees of the Quebec Central Railway Company grew out of a dispute between these employees and the Company, relative to the desire of the former for a new schedule of agreement covering rules and rates of pay to take the place of the schedule at present in force on this line. An officer of the Department of Labour proceeded to Sherbrooke at the Minister's request for the purpose of conferring with the parties and in the course of ensuing correspondence the Department was informed on November 20 that conferences were taking place between the operating officers of the Company and the employees for a settlement of the matters in dispute, and on November 30 word was received that an agreement had been arrived at, the application under the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act being thereupon withdrawn.

XVII. APPLICATION FROM STATION AGENTS, TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE OPERATORS AND TOWERMEN, MEMBERS OF THE ORDER OF RAILROAD TELEGRAPHERS, EMPLOYED BY THE MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY ON ITS LINES IN CANADA.—BOARD ESTABLISHED.—NO CESSATION OF WORK OCCURRED.

Application received—December 12, 1911.

Parties concerned—The Michigan Central Railroad Company and Station agents telegraph and telephone operators, and towermen, members of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers.

Applicants—Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Railways.

Nature of Dispute—Demand for the adoption of certain amendments to the existing schedule.

Number of employees affected—Directly, 115; indirectly, 3,000.

Date of constitution of Board—January 17, 1912.

Membership of Board—Mr. Peter McDonald, Woodstock, Ont., Chairman, appointed by the Minister in the absence of any joint recommendation from the other members of the Board; Mr. J. E. Duval, Montreal, Que., appointed on the recommendation of the employing Company; and Mr. J. G. Donoghue, Toronto, Ont., appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned.

Report received-March 12, 1912.

Result of inquiry—Report of Board was accompanied by a minority report signed by Mr. Duval. As a result of the inquiry the Company granted an increase of wages and made certain modifications in its rules governing the employment of its station agents, telegraphers, etc. No cessation of work occurred.

The Minister of Labour received, on March 12, the report of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation to which had been referred for adjustment certain matters in dispute between the Michigan Central Railroad Company and the station agents, telegraph and telephone operators, and towermen, members of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers, employed by that Company on its lines in Canada; also a minority report by Mr. J. E. Duval, member appointed on behalf of the Company.

In the application for the establishment of a Board in this matter it was stated that the differences in question grew out of the refusal of the Company to adopt certain amendments to the existing schedule of rules and rates of pay, the number of employees affected being given as 115 directly and 3,000 indirectly.

A Board was established by the Minister of Labour on December 26, and was constituted as follows: Messrs. Peter McDonald, Woodstock, Chairman; J. E. Duval, Montreal, Que., (named by the Company); and J. G. O'Donoghue, Toronto, Ont., (named by the employees). The Chairman was appointed by the Minister in the absence of any joint recommendation from the other members of the Board.

The Board met at Toronto on January 26; sittings were later held at St. Thomas, the final meeting, however, being held at the former place on March 6. The majority report of the Board, to which was appended a schedule of rules and rates of pay, was signed by the Chairman and Mr. J. G. O'Donoghue, member appointed on behalf of the employees, the minority report being signed by Mr. J. E. Duval, member appointed on behalf of the Company.

As a result of the inquiry the Company granted an increase of wages and made certain modifications in its rules governing the employment of station agents, telegraphers, etc. No cessation of work occurred.

Reports of Board.

The text of the majority report of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation in this matter is as follows:

To the Hon. T. W. CROTHERS, Minister of Labour, Ottawa, Ont.

In the matter of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, and of a dispute between the Michigan Central Railroad Company, employer, and its employees in the station, telegraph, telephone and signal department, employees.

The undersigned members of the Board of Conciliation appointed under the Act in this matter have the honour to report as follows:—

The Board met at Toronto on January 26, 1912, and took evidence as to the general outlines of the claims of the employees and the Company's defence thereto and concluded its sittings there on the same day and adjourned its sittings to St. Thomas, Ontario, where it met on February 2, 3, 7, 8, 13 and 14, 1912, and at Toronto on March 5 and 6, 1912.

The Company was represented by Mr. S. W. Brown, Detroit, and Messrs. H. Shearer, J. S. Graney and A. E. Evans, all of St. Thomas, Ont., and the employees were represented by Mr. D. Campbell, Toronto; Mr. D. Hoy. Fletcher, Ont.; Mr. J. H. Staley, Niagara Junction; and Mr. J. C. Culkins, Detroit.

A great amount of the time of the Board was taken up in the hearing of evidence and argument tendered by the employees and the Company upon the hours of labour, the cost of living and the different conditions and rates of pay by other railroads operating in same territory or territory contiguous to the Company's lines of railway.

After discussion, the Company and the Employees agreed upon the following Articles of the Employees' claim as amended and set out in the schedule annexed hereto, namely; Articles 2, 3, 4, 5; Sections 3, 4, 5, and 6 of Article 9, and Articles 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16. Article 17 of the proposed schedule was not pressed by the employees. On all other points it was found impossible to bring about an agreement between the parties.

Mr. J. E. Duval, the representative of the Michigan Central Railroad Company on the Board does not agree with the undersigned members of the Board upon all points and he has filed a minority report which is annexed hereto and expresses his views upon the matters at issue.

It is a matter for congratulation that so little difference of opinion really exists between the members of the board upon these questions.

The principal point of dispute between the Company and the employees was "Article 1" in which the employees asked to have telephone operators. levermen and station agents considered as telegraphers. The evidence given showed that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company included telephone operators and station agents in its schedule as telegraphers, and that the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company station agents performing telegraph duties of any duration as telegraphers in its schedule of "Rules and Rates of Pay Governing Agents and Telegraphers," which became effective on March 1, 1910, and it was also shown that the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company (including the Peoria and Eastern Railway), usually known as the "Big Four," by an award in arbitration proceedings held in March, 1910, included telegraphers, telephone operators, station agents and levermen as telegraphers. It was also admitted by the Michigan Central Railroad Company's repesentatives that the Company now paid its telephone operators the same wages as its telegraphers and that its tower or levermen are paid fifty dollars per month and upwards and that many of its station agents are promoted telegraphers who are sometimes required to do telegraphic work in the absence of the operators. In view of these facts the undersigned members of the Board decided to allow Article 1 of the Telegraphers' schedule as to telephone operators and to specify the certain tower or levermen and the specific agencies, which are included in "Article 1" of the Schedule annexed hereto.

The other main points of difference were as to the proposed increase of fifteen per cent in the wage scale and a reduction of two hours per day in the number of hours constituting a day's work. After giving these matters due consideration it was decided by the undersigned members of the Board to grant an increase of ten per cent in the total wage fund made up of the amount paid to those included in the Schedule of April 1, 1910, and the amount paid to those others now added by Article 1 of the annexed schedule—the said increase of ten per cent. to take effect on January 1, 1912, and be apportioned as may hereafter be agreed upon by the Company and its Telegraphers. It was also decided that no change should be made in the Company's schedule of April 1, 1910, as to the question of the number of hours constituting a day's work. It was not thought proper to grant a meal hour at midnight nor to raise the rate of pay for overtime from twenty-five to thirty cents per hour as asked for by the employees.

All the evidence and arguments written and verbal submitted by the parties to the dispute have been duly considered and the undersigned members of the Board would recommend to the Company and the employees the schedule of conditions and the rates of pay hereunto annexed believing that these conditions and rates of pay, if placed in operation by the Company and agreed to by the men, would be fair and equitable as between the parties as a settlement of the dispute.

We beg to congratulate the representatives of the men and of the Company upon the very careful and efficient manner in which their respective eases were prepared and submitted to the Board and we also wish to thank them therefor, and to express our appreciation of the courtesy and good feeling which prevailed between them during the sittings of the Board.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

Dated at Toronto, Ontario, this sixth day of March, A.D. 1912.

(Sgd.) Peter McDonald, Chairman.

(Sgd.) J. G. O'Donoghue, For the Employees.

In the matter of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, and of a dispute between the Michigan Central Railroad Company, Employer and its employees in the Station, Telegraph, Telephone and Signal Department, Employees.

Schedule of wages for Telegraphers referred to in the annexed report of the Board of Conciliation, dated March 6, A.D. 1912. This schedule to become effective January 1, 1912.

ARTICLE 1.

All employees performing Railway telegraph or telephone service of any character or duration (except train despatchers) also levermen and station agents as shown in Article establishing wage scale will be considered as telegraphers, within the meaning of this Schedulc with the following limitations, namely;—

The tower men so added to the said Schedule shall be the following:- -

At Windsor, Towers 1, 2, 3 and 4, 2 men each.

At Essex, 2 men.

At St. Thomas, 3 men.

At St. Appin, 2 men.

At Air Line Junetion, 2 men.

At Yarmouth, 2 men.

At Welland Drawbridge, 3 men.

At G. T. R. Crossing, 2 men.

and also tower men at Fargo, Hagersville and Niagara Junetion and that the following Agencies shall be added, Essex, Fargo, Ridgetown, Waterford, Hagersville, Welland, Niagara Falls, Bridgeburg and Charing Cross.

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ARTICLE 2.

Section 1.—Telegraphers will be regarded in line for promotion and, where ability is sufficient, seniority will prevail. In making transfers and promotions seniority will govern, provided ability to fill the position is sufficient. Seniority will date from the last time of entering the service, and will extend over each Superintendent's Division. Transfers from one Division to another will be at the discretion of the General Superintendent, and will be made when a position cannot be filled on account of lack of ability among the Telegraphers on the division on which the vacancy exists. The Superintendent of the Division on which the vacancy exists or the Superintendent of Telegraph will be the judges as to the ability of the applicant. Temporary vacancies on any Division will be filled by transfer from the general list (extra) by the Superintendent of Telegraph. Telegraphers transferred from one Division to another will carry their seniority with them.

Section 2.—Vacancies will be promptly bulletined to all offices on each Division and will be filled by the Division Supertintendent of Telegraph, in accordance with Section 1. A vacancy will be filled as soon as practicable. Applications for the vacancy must be filled six days after the issuing of the bulletin. When a Telegrapher is transferred or promoted and, after a fair trial, is found incapable he will take his place on the extra list, but will retain his seniority rights. Telegraphers declining to accept promotion or transfer to any position do not forfeit their rights to it or another position when vacancy occurs.

Section 3.—In the event of a reduction of Telegraphers, the men on the extra list will be laid off first, and the men last appointed to a regular position will be the first to be placed on the extra list. Appointment to a regular position will be governed by fitness and ability, according to Section 1, Article 2. The oldest man on the extra list shall be first considered.

In the event of any position shown in the Wage Scale being abolished, the Telegrapher thereby displaced will be entitled to the position held by the junior permanently located Telegrapher, provided his seniority entitles him to it and he is properly qualified.

Section 4.—A list of Telegraphers on each Division will be prepared according to seniority, posted in the telegraph office at Division headquarters, and revised annually.

Section 5.—Seniority will only be effective when vacancies occur, or new positions are created.

ARTICLE 3.

When new positions are created compensation will be arranged in conformity with positions of the same class as shown in this schedule.

ARTICLE 4.

Telegraphers will not be suspended or discharged without just cause. When they consider they have been unjustly treated they will have the right to appeal to the Division Superintendent, General Superintendent and General Manager in the order named. In case a Telegrapher has been disciplined or discharged and after an investigation found not at fault he will be reinstated and paid for all time lost. Such investigation is to be held within ten days after the request of the party designated. Telegraphers may be accompanied by one or more co-employees from their department at any or all investigations if they so desire.

ARTICLE 5.

Telegraphers absent from regular duty on business of the Company, whether attending court or other assigned duties, will be allowed their regular pay and authorized expenses while away from home.

ARTICLE 6.

One hour will be allowed for meals for all telegraphers, working more than eight hours per day, when consistent, between the hours of 11.00 a.m. and 1 p.m. If less than one hour is allowed for meals, one hour over time pro rata, but not less than Twenty-five cents per hour will be paid.

ARTICLE 7.

Section 1. Where but one operator is employed twelve consecutive hours, including meal hour, shall constitute a day's work, except operators at Chicago GG & OW, Niles, Kalamazoo, Jackson, Jackson Junction, Z office, Car Shops, Bay City, Detroit F and St. Thomas, where ten consecutive hours, including meal hour, will constitute day's work. Where more than one operator is employed ten consecutive hours, including meal hour, will constitute day's work.

Section 2.—At stations where but one operator is employed and who works ten hours or more per day, such operators will, after a continuous service in the Telegraph Department of four years or more, be given fifteen days' vacation yearly under full pay or be paid in lieu thereof fifteen days' extra pay at the rate applying to their station. Vacations can be granted only up to the ability of the Company to provide relief, and applications will be granted according to the seniority of applicants; all applications to be filed during the months of January, February and March for vacations during the current year.

ARTICLE 8.

Section 1.—When Telegraphers are required by the Train Despatcher to remain on duty longer than the number of hours constituting a day's work, they will be paid overtime.

Overtime will be based on the regular salary. The rate per hour will be determined by dividing the monthly rate by the number of hours required for the month's work, provided that the rate per hour will in no case be less than twenty-five cents. Allowance will be made for the actual time of service computed to the nearest five minutes.

Section 2.—When Telegraphers are called to the office by proper authority outside of their usual hours for duty, the compensation for one hour's work or less shall be twenty-five cents when the call is within three hours after the appointed time for relief, otherwise it will be fifty cents. If held more than one hour, overtime will be paid as per section 1.

Section 3.—Day Telegraphers are expected to report at an appointed hour on Sunday, but if held by the Despatcher for work they will be allowed overtime. Day Telegraphers are expected, however, to know that their relief reports for duty Sunday night.

Section 4.—When day Telegraphers are required to work Sundays, overtime as per Section 1 (this Article) will be allowed.

Section 5.—Night Telegraphers will be paid one day extra at the schedule daily rate for each Sunday they are required to work.

Section 6.—At three trick telegraph offices, the second and third trick men will be considered as night operators.

ARTICLE 9.

Section 1.—Telegraphers will not be required to scrub waiting-rooms, offices or outbuildings, clean or disinfect stock cars.

Section 2.—When Telegraphers are required to attend pumps they will receive five (\$5.00) dollars per month extra compensation.

Section 3.—When Telegraphers are required to attend switches or work interlocking levers in interlocking towers they will be paid five (\$5.00) dollars per month extra compensation. This extra compensation paid for attending to switches will include attending to the lamps pertaining to said switches.

Section 4.—Telegraphers required to attend pumps and switches will be paid seven (\$7.50) dollars and fifty cents per month extra.

Section 5.—Telegraphers will be allowed four (\$4.00) dollars extra compensation per month for taking care of six (6) switch or semaphore lamps, or less, and fifty cents for each additional lamp per month will be paid, it being understood that in cases where the Day and Night Operators share in the performance of the work the compensation shall be equally divided.

ARTICLE 10.

Section 1.—Regular Telegraphers transferred or promoted or extra telegraphers assigned to regular positions will be furnished free transportation for themselves, family and effects.

Section 2.—Regular Telegraphers transferred or promoted will not suffer any loss of pay on account of the time lost in making the transfer, but will be paid at the rate of the position left until they go on duty in the new position.

ARTICLE 11.

Telegraphers will be granted leave of absence from time to time for the purpose of attending their meetings, provided such leave of absence does not interfere with the business of the Company and they will be granted the necessary transportation over the lines of the Michigan Central Railroad.

ARTICLE 12.

Telegraphers will not be descriminated against on account of their serving on Boards of Adjustment representing the Telegraphers, and will be furnished transportation over the lines of the Michigan Central Railroad, and relieved without unnecessary delay for that purpose.

ARTICLE 13.

In case Telegraphers are dismissed or should resign and should be reinstated or re-employed within one year they shall retain their rights; after one year they shall be considered as new men.

ARTICLE 14.

Telegraphers shall receive the same rate of pay as Agents or telegraphers relieved. Nothing in this Article shall be construed as meaning that Telegraphers shall suffer a reduction in their pay while temporarily relieving an Agent or Telegrapher.

ARTICLE 15.

Nothing in these Articles will relieve Telegraphers from responsibility under the rules.

ARTICLE 16.

These rules will be effective January 1, 1912, and will remain in effect subject to thirty days' notice by either party.

ARTICLE 17.

A net increase of ten per cent on the total wage fund of all those employees mentioned or referred to in Article 1 hereof is granted, this amount to be distributed as may be mutually agreed upon by the representatives of the Company and of the employees.

All of which is respectfully submitted by the Board of Conciliation at Toronto, Ont., this sixth day of March, A. D., 1912.

(Sgd.) PETER McDonald, Chairman.

(Sgd.) J. G. O'Donoghue, Representing Employees

Minority Report.

The text of the minority report in this matter is as follows:

Toronto, March 6, 1912.

To the Honourable
The Minister of Labour,
Ottawa, Ont.

In the matter of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, and of dispute between the Michigan Central Railway Company, Employer, and its Employees in the Station, Telegraph, Telephone and Signal Department.

The material changes from the schedule of April 1, 1910, contained in the proposed schedule and the request for an increase of wages were strongly opposed by the Company, who urge that the conditions on its Railway are such as to materially relieve its employees of onerous duties which exist upon other Canadian Railways; that the wages earned as a whole are greater than upon other Railways in Canada; and that, therefore, there should be no change in the existing Schedule.

Notwithstanding the contention of the Company, I am prepared to accept the recommendation of the other members of the Board in the following:—Articles 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 of the amended Schedule as set forth and attached to their Report, but disagree with their recommendation in Articles 1, 16 and 17 in the amended Schedule referred to, and would recommend in lieu thereof the following:—

ARTICLE 1.

"This Schedule applies to Telegraphers. A Telegrapher is defined as one "who fills a position other than an official position in which ability to telegraph is a necessity.

"Nothing in this Article is to be construed as meaning that a Telegrapher is "ineligible for promotion to any agency or any other position in the Company's service, for which he may be considered fit."

ARTICLE 16.

"These rules shall be effective on the first day of the month following their "acceptance, and remain in effect for one year thereafter, and may then be "terminated at the expiration of thirty days' notice given by either party to "the other."

ARTICLE 17.

"A net increase of 10% shall be granted and added to the monthly rate "on active positions, as shown in the Schedule of April 1, 1910, or an amount

"equal to 10% of such monthly rates shall be distributed over said Schedule "as may be agreed to by the Company and a Committee representing its Tele-"graphers."

In support of the above recommendations, I would submit the following explanation:—

Article 1. As to Towermen and Signalmen: No evidence has been submitted which convinced me that signalmen, or towermen, whose duties do not require them to handle train orders or transmit messages, either by telephone or telegraph, and whose duties are confined exclusively to regulating the movement of trolley or steam cars crossing the tracks of the Railway, or the regulation of drawbridges permitting vessels to pass, or the operation of interlocking plants for yard purposes by mechanical appliances, should be included in the Schedule.

As to the proposed additional agencies: After carefully considering the arguments presented by both sides, I have come to the conclusion that it would not be to the interest of good railroad operation to include these Agencies in the Schedule. The Company claim that the positions are semi-official, and in a more or less degree confidential, (and as there was no evidence to the contrary), that to include these agencies would prevent the Company from advancing employees from other Departments to the positions of agents at stations named. Promotion to fill vacancies at these stations have been made from the ranks of the Telegraphers to a greater or less extent, and their omission from the Schedule I do not consider would work any material hardship to the Telegraphers as a body.

Article 16 is self explanatory. Change in date Schedule becomes effective, etc.

Article 17.—The evidence submitted not only disclosed that the present earnings of all employees covered by the Schedule of April 1, 1910, were higher than those of employees on other Railways in Canada, but that a very considerable increase in remuneration of employees has taken place since the year 1902. The average carnings for operators were shown to be for the month of October, 1902, \$45.28; for October, 1904, \$53.15; and for October, 1910, \$70.95—an increase in earnings for the operators per month of \$25.67, equivalent to an increase of 56.6 per cent over that for October, 1902.

Notwithstanding this fact, I would recommend an increase in pay to be applied and distributed as outlined in recommended Article 17, quoted above.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Sgd.) J. E. DUVAL.

XVIII. APPLICATION FROM MAINTENANCE-OF-WAY MEN AND PUMPMEN, MEMBERS OF THE INTERNATIONAL BROTHER-HOOD OF MAINTENANCE-OF-WAY EMPLOYEES, EMPLOYED BY THE PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY COMPANY.—BOARD ESTABLISHED.—UNANIMOUS REPORT BY BOARD.—SETTLE-MENT EFFECTED.

Application received—December 29, 1911.

Parties concerned—The Pere Marquette Railway Company and maintenance of-way men and pumpmen, members of the International Brotherhood of Maintenance-of-Way Employees.

Applicants—Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Railways.

Nature of dispute—Wages and hours; also demand for a schedule governing both the foregoing.

Number of employees affected—140.

Date of constitution of Board—January 20, 1912.

Membership of Board—Honourable Chief Justice Sir Glenholme Falconbridge, Toronto, Ont., Chairman, appointed on the joint recommendation of the other members of the Board; Honourable Wallace Nesbitt, K.C., Toronto, Ont., appointed on the recommendation of the employing Company; and Mr. J. G. O'Donoghue, Toronto, Ont., appointed on the recommendation of the employees concerned.

Report received—February 19, 1912.

Result of inquiry—A unanimous report was presented by the Board, making certain recommendations for the settlement of the dispute which were accepted by both parties concerned.

The Minister of Labour received, on February 19, the unanimous report of the Board of Conciliation and Investigation to which had been referred for adjustment certain matters in dispute between the Pere Marquette Railway Company and the maintenance-of-way men and pumpmen employed on the Buffalo Division of the road, members of the International Brotherhood of Maintenance-of-Way Employees.

The application was made on behalf of the employees concerned, and stated that the differences in question related to wages and hours and to the employees' demand that both should be embodied in a set of rules. The number of employees affected by this dispute was given as 140.

A Board was established by the Minister on January 8, and was constituted as follows: Chief Justice Glenholme Falconbridge, (Chairman), Mr. Wallace Nesbitt, K.C., and Mr. J. G. O'Donoghue, all of Toronto. Messrs. Nesbitt and O'Donoghue were appointed on recommendation of the company and employees espectively and the chairman on their joint recommendation.

The Board met for the hearing of the parties on February 9, completing its work on the 16th of the same month. A set of rules and rates of pay was drawn up by the Board and was accepted by both parties to the dispute, an amicable settlement of all matters at issue being thereby reached.

The Department received from the Pere Marquette Railroad Company on March 6 a printed circular relative to the rules and rates of pay governing the employment of its section foreman and section men in Canada, effective from March 1, 1912. The rules and rates of pay in this circular are identical with those recommended by the Board of Conciliation and Investigation.

Report of Board.

The text of the findings of the Board of Coneiliation and Investigation in this matter is as follows:

In the matter of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act. 1907, and of dispute between the Pere Marquette Railway Company and its Maintenance-of-Way Employees,

We, The Honourable Sir Glenholme Falconbridge, Kt., The Honourable Wallace Nesbitt, K.C., and J. G. O'Donoghue, Esq., all of Toronto, the members of the Board appointed in the above matter, hereby report that the Board met for the hearing of the parties on the 9th day of February, 1912, and was engaged in conference with the parties on the 10th February and the 12th February and again met on the 16th February, 1912.

We beg to report that after hearing the parties and discussing the matter fully and after conference with both, it has been agreed that the following schedule of wages shall be paid:—

3 GEORGE V., A. 1913

SCHEDULE OF SECTION MEN ON THE L. E. & D. R. AND L. & P. S. LINES.

	Foreman.	Men.	Rate Foreman.	Rate Labourers
Walkerville L. E. 1 Oldcastle " 2 McGregor. " 3 New Canaan " 4 Harrow. " 5 Kingaville " 6 Leamington. " 7 Leamington. " 7 Wheatley " 9 Rewick " 10 Merlin. " 11 Sandison. " 12 Blenheim. " 13 " 14 " 13 Ridgetown. " 14 Highgate. " 16 Rodney. " 17 West Lorne. " 18 Dutton. " 18 Outcon. " 19 Iona. " 20 Sheddon. " 20 Middlemarch " 21 Middlemarch " 22 Rondeau. E & M. 1 Blenheim " 2 Chatham " 2 Chatham " 3 Eberts. " 5 Dresden. " 6 Wallace	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3	60·00 57·50 57·50 57·50 57·50 57·50 60·00 57·50 60·00 60	16\frac{1}{6}
Windsor Yard	1	nil 2	55.00 62.50	- 16 1

The pump men are each to be paid the sum of \$40 per month.

The hours shall be ten hours per day.

It was further agreed that the Superintendent of the Pere Marquette Railway Company in Canada should promulgate a set of rules governing the trackmen in Canada, as follows:

RULES AND RATES OF PAY, PERE MARQUETTE RY.

The following rules and rates of pay will govern the service of "Permanent Maintenance-of-Way Employees" on the Buffalo Division of the Pere Marquette Railway.

Sec. 1.—By "Permanent Maintenance of Way Employees" is meant employees who take their orders from the Roadmasters and Bridge and Building Master on such parts of the line as are open for traffic, and who have been in the Maintenance-of-Way service continuously for one year or more, or who have had one year cumulative service during the three years inmediately preceding and same will hereafter be referred to as "Employees." Labourers in extra gangs unless those practically engaged all the year round will not be ranked as Permanent Employees.

Sec. 2.—Ten hours shall constitute a day's work excepting for Pumpmen. Twelve hours either continuous or intermittent shall constitute a day for a Pumpman.

Sec. 3. Section Foremen and Sectionmen travelling on orders of the Company to and from work after regular hours outside of their regular sections will be allowed straight time.

Sec. 4.—In computing time one hour will be allowed for 30 to 60 minutes; for less than 30 minutes no allowance will be made.

Sec. 4.—In computing time one hour will be allowed for 30 to 60 minutes; for less than 30 minutes no allowance will be made.

Sec. 5.—Employees will be promoted hereafter on the Buffalo Division in order of seniority provided they are qualified such qualification to be solely in the judgment of the Division Engineer.

(a) Employees refusing promotion become junior to employees accepting such promotion.

(b) Employees unable to read or write English need not be promoted.

(c) In the event of reduction in the number of men employed, those longest in the service shall have preference of employment, provided they are qualified in the judgment of the Division Engineer.

Sec. 6.—Employees suspended or dismissed or who consider that they have been unjustly treated will receive fulf and impartial hearings, and will be advised of decision reached within fifteen days of such hearing. Should investigation show suspension, dismissal, or treatment unjust, full time will be allowed and employee reinstated. Appeals from decisions must be made in writing through his roadmaster within fifteen days after being advised of such decision.

Sec. 7.—Employees taken off their regular sections temporarily to work on snow or tie trains or other work will be compensated for board and lodging expenses they necessarily incur.

Sec. 8.—The Company will keep Company's section houses in good repair; the cost of repairs other than ordinary wear and tear will be charged to the occupants.

Sec. 9.—Employees in the service over six months will be granted free pass three times a year to any point on the Buffalo Division and one pass a year over the entire system.

wear and tear will be estated.

See, 9.—Employees in the service over six months will be granted the place.

See, 9.—Employees in the service over six months will be granted the place.

Division and one pass a year over the entire system.

(a) Quarterly passes will be issued to employees living at flag stations and outside sections for marketing purposes.

(b) Half rate will be granted on household goods of employees when moving and remaining in the Company's service; when moved under agreement with or on the Company's orders, household goods will be carried free and free and family.

These rules will not take away any of the privileges that are now in effect with the employees. They will become effective and will remain in force until either party desiring a change gives the other party sixty days' notice.

We are very happy to report that the men after considerable discussion expressed themselves as thoroughly satisfied with the above arrangement in view of the conditions prevailing upon the railway, and that on the solicitation of the Board the Railway yielded to the payment of the above schedule of wages.

Dated this 16th day of February, 191

(Sgd.) Glenholme Falconbridge.

Chairman.

(Sgd.) WALLACE NESBITT,

For Ry. Co'y.

(Sgd.) J. G. O'DONOGHUE,

For the Men.

XIX. APPLICATION FROM THE RAILROAD FREIGHT HANDLERS AND RAILWAY CLERKS, MEMBERS OF WINNIPEG DIVISION NO. 177 BROTHERHOOD OF RAILROAD FREIGHT HANDLERS AND RAILWAY CLERKS, EMPLOYED BY THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY AT WINNIPEG, MAN.—PROCEEDINGS UNFINISHED.

Application received—March 11, 1912.

Parties concerned—The Canadian Pacific Railway Company and railroad freight handlers and railway clerks, members of Winnipeg Division No. 177, Brotherhood of Railroad Freight Handlers and Railway Clerks, employed at Winnipeg, Man.

Applicants—Employees.

Nature of industry concerned—Railways.

Nature of dispute—Alleged discrimination against members of the Union.

Number of employees affected—Directly, 220; indirectly, 230.

A Board was established in this matter on March 18, Messrs. Charles P. Fullerton and Thos. J. Murray, both of Winnipeg, Man., being appointed members thereof, the former by the Minister in the absence of any recommendation from the employing Company, and the latter on the recommendation of the employees concerned. On March 31, 1912, the Board had not been completed by the appointment of a Chairman.

CASES WHERE PROCEEDINGS WERE UNFINISHED AT THE CLOSE OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR.

In addition to the applications received and disposed of prior to the close of the financial year, the following applications have been received, concerning which proceedings were still pending on March 31, 1912:—

- 1. An application from the employees of the Montreal Street Railway Company, the number of employees concerned being estimated at 30 directly and 1.970 indirectly.
- 2. An application from the railroad freight handlers and railway clerks employed by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company at Winnipeg, Man., the number of employees concerned being estimated as 220 directly and 230 indirectly.



