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   Printed for distribution and sessional papers.

2. The Public Accounts of Canada for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1915. Presented by Sir Thomas White, February 1, 1916... Printed for distribution and sessional papers.

   Printed for distribution and sessional papers.

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5b. Further Supplementary Estimates for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1917. Presented by Sir Thomas White, May 1916... Printed for distribution and sessional papers.

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18. Return of By-elections for the House of Commons of Canada held during the year 1915. Presented by Hon. Mr. Speaker, 1916. Printed for distribution and sessional papers.

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22. List of Shipping issued by the Department of Marine and Fisheries, being a list of vessels on the registry books of the Dominion of Canada on December 31, 1915. Presented by Hon. Mr. Hazen, 1916. *Printed for distribution and sessional papers.*


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## CONTENTS OF VOLUME 19.


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34. Report of the Minister of Justice as to Penitentiaries of Canada for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1915. Printed for distribution and sessional papers.


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41. Copies of Orders in Council authorizing Regulations for the Department of Naval Service in accordance with Section 47, Chapter 43, 9-10 Edward VII, as follows:—

P.C. 2864, dated the 4th December, 1915, Payment of Separation Allowance in the case of Warrant Officers.

P.C. 3099, dated 21st December, 1915, with reference to application of the Naval Discipline Act, etc., for the Government of the Naval Volunteer Force.

P.C. 63/422, dated 15th October, 1915, with reference to appointment of Assistant Paymasters in charge.

P.C. 2267, dated 25th September, 1915, with reference to regulations for payment of "Detained Pay."

P.C. 93/2151, dated 17th September, 1915, with reference to allowances to officers and men employed on coding and decoding duties, etc.

P.C. 1712, dated 21st July, 1915, with reference to scheme of pensions for officers and men of the Royal Canadian Forces, etc.
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P.C. 748, dated 13th April, 1915, with reference to institution of the ratings of rangetaker first and second class in the Royal Canadian Navy.

P.C. 55/1470, dated 24th June, 1915, with reference to increase in amount of Separation Allowance to a motherless child from 3s. to 5s.

P.C. 85/1158, dated 20th May, 1915, with reference to revision of amounts payable on account of Separation Allowance to dependents of Royal Canadian Naval Permanent Ratings.

P.C. 756, dated 13th April, 1915, with reference to payment of Allowances to officers of the Royal Naval Canadian Volunteer Reserve for performance of duties which carry with them an Allowance to officers of the Royal Canadian Navy. Presented by Hon. Mr. Hazen, January 17, 1916... Not printed.


44. Copy of New Rules of Court passed by the Judges of the Supreme Court of Alberta, under the authority of Section 576 of the Criminal Code, at meeting of 27th November, 1915. Presented by Hon. Mr. Meighen, January 20, 1916... Not printed.

45. Account of the average number of men employed on the Dominion Police Force during each month of the year 1915, and of their pay and travelling expenses, pursuant to Chapter 92, Section 6, Subsection 2, of the Revised Statutes of Canada. Presented by Hon. Mr. Doherty, January 20, 1916... Not printed.

46. Regulations under "The Destructive Insect and Pest Act," pursuant to Section 3, Chapter 31 of 9-10 Edward VII. Presented by Hon. Mr. Burrell, January 24, 1916... Not printed.

47. Return of Orders in Council which have been published in the Canada Gazette and in the British Columbia Gazette, between 12th January, 1915, and the 31st December, 1915, in accordance with provisions of Subsection (d) of Section 38 of the regulations for the survey, administration, disposal and management of Dominion Lands within the 49-mile Railway Belt in the Province of British Columbia. Presented by Hon. Mr. Roche, January 25, 1916... Not printed.

48. Return of Orders in Council which have been published in the Canada Gazette, between 12th January, 1915, and the 31st December, 1915, in accordance with the provisions of Section 77 of "The Dominion Lands Act," Chapter 20 of the Statutes of Canada, 1908. Presented by Hon. Mr. Roche, January 25, 1916... Not printed.

49. Return of Orders in Council which have been published in the Canada Gazette, between the 16th January, 1915, and the 31st December, 1915, in accordance with the provisions of "The Forest Reserves and Park Act," Section 19 of Chapter 10, 1-2 George V. Presented by Hon. Mr. Roche, January 25, 1916... Not printed.

50. Return of Orders in Council which have been published in the Canada Gazette, between the 12th January, 1915, and the 31st December, 1915, in accordance with the provisions of Section 5 of "The Dominion Lands Survey Act," Chapter 21, 7-8 Edward VII. Presented by Hon. Mr. Roche, January 25, 1916... Not printed.

51. Return of Orders in Council which have been published in the Canada Gazette, between the 12th January, 1915, and the 31st December, 1915, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 47, 2 George V, entitled "The Railway Belt Water Act." Presented by Hon. Mr. Roche, January 25, 1916... Not printed.

52. Return of Orders in Council passed between the 16th January, 1915, and the 31st December, 1915, approving of regulations and forms prescribed in accordance with the provisions of Section 57 of the Irrigation Act, Chapter 61, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, as amended by Chapter 38, 7-8 Edward VII. Presented by Hon. Mr. Roche, January 25, 1916... Not printed.

53. Return of Orders in Council passed under the provisions of Section 18 of Chapter 63, Revised Statutes of Canada, "An Act to provide for the Government of the Yukon Territory." Presented by Hon. Mr. Roche, January 25, 1916... Not printed.

54. Return showing lands sold by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company during the year which ended on the 30th September, 1915. Presented January 25, 1916... Not printed.
CONTENTS OF VOLUME 28—Continued.

55. Return called for by Section 88 of Chapter 62, Revised Statutes of Canada, requiring that the Minister of the Interior shall lay before Parliament, each year, a return of liquor brought from any place out of Canada into the Territories by special permission in writing of the Commissioner of the Northwest Territories. Presented by Hon. Mr. Roche, January 25, 1916. Not printed.


57. Statement of Superannuation and Retiring Allowances in the Civil Service during the year ending 31st December, 1915, showing name, rank, salary, service, allowance and cause of retirement of each person superannuated or retired, also whether vacancy is filled by promotion, appointment or by transfer, and the salary of any new appointee. Presented by Sir Thomas White, February 1, 1916. Not printed.


66. Return to an Order of the House of the 8th March, 1915, for a return showing the quantity of Oliver equipments purchased since 1st August, 1914, the persons from whom they were purchased, the price paid to each contractor, and the dates of their delivery. Also a copy of all complaints received from any quarter in regard to the equipment, and of any action, departmental or otherwise, taken in regard to the same. Presented 3rd February, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.

67. Return to an Order of the House of the 1st March, 1915, for a return showing the amount of dredging done in the county of Inverness since 1896, up to the present; where such dredging was done, the quantity of dredging done in each place, and dates on which such dredging was done, also the cost in each case of such dredging. Presented February 3, 1916.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness). Not printed.

68. Return to an Order of the House of the 17th March, 1915, for a copy of all reports, correspondence and other communications between the Department of Customs and Auguste Desjardins, of St. Denis de Kamouraska, since his appointment as a preventive officer of that Department. Presented by Hon. Mr. Reid, February 3, 1916.—Mr. Lapointe (Kamouraska). Not printed.


71. Return to an Order of the House of the 22nd March, 1915, for a copy of all letters, despatches, correspondence, petitions, recommendations, tenders, etc., relating to the purchase of the land for the Quarantine de Lévis. Presented February 3, 1916.—Mr. Bourassa. Not printed.
CONTENTS OF VOLUME 28—Continued.

72. Certified copy of a report of the Committee of the Privy Council, approved by His Royal Highness the Governor General on the 7th February, 1916, appointing Robert A. Pringle, of the city of Ottawa, one of His Majesty's council learned in the law, and His Honour D. H. MacTavish, Judge of the County Court for the County of Carleton, a Commission, under the Inquiries Act, to conduct an inquiry into and concerning the origin of the recent disastrous fire which destroyed the Parliament Buildings at Ottawa. Presented by Sir Robert Borden, February 7, 1916. Not printed.

72a. Report of the Royal Commission appointed to inquire into the origin of the fire which destroyed the Central Parliament Building at Ottawa, on Thursday, 3rd February, 1916. Also copy of evidence taken before the Royal Commission appointed to inquire into the origin of the fire which destroyed the Central Parliament Building at Ottawa, on Thursday, 3rd February, 1916. Presented by Hon. Mr. Rogers, May 16, 1915. Printed for sessional papers only.


76. A communication from the Right Honourable A. Bonar Law, Colonial Secretary, to His Royal Highness the Governor General, enclosing a copy of a Imperial Parliamentary Debates (House of Commons, 16th January) on a resolution which was adopted by that House, as follows:—"That with a view to increasing the power of the Allies in the prosecution of the war, His Majesty's Government should enter into immediate consultation with the Governments of the Dominions in order with their aid to bring the whole economic strength of the Empire into co-operation with our Allies in a policy directed against the enemy." Presented by Sir Robert Borden, February 7, 1916. Printed for distribution and sessional papers.


79. Return to an Order of the House of the 5th February, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence and reports on the claims of Sealers of British Columbia under the last treaty with the American Republic. Presented February 9, 1916. Printed for sessional papers only.


82. Return to an Order of the House of the 8th February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, papers, and other documents relating to the application of Wasyl Pinianski for the patent of the southwest quarter section 5, township 25, range 4, west second principal meridian, Office File No. 1752484. Presented February 10, 1916. Not printed.
CONTENTS OF VOLUME 28—Continued.

83. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all affidavits, letters, telegrams and other correspondence during the years 1914 and 1915 in reference to the S.E. 7-1-13 west 2nd meridian, now the 160-acre homestead of Frank Strubbell, between the Department of the Interior or the Minister, or any officer of the Department and the Land Office at Weyburn and Estevan, and with all parties who endeavoured to secure or assisted in securing homestead entry for the said land. Presented February 16, 1916.—Mr. Turiff. Not printed.

84. Report of the Board of Inquiry appointed to make an investigation into the increase in the cost of living in Canada and the causes which have occasioned or contributed to such result. Presented by February 16, 1916. Printed for distribution.


86. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General, of the 7th February, 1916, for a copy of all Orders in Council, letters and correspondence which led to the convening of the conference of local governments which took place in Ottawa during the month of October last; together with all the proceedings and resolutions of the said conference. Presented February 17, 1916.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Not printed.

87. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the purchase by the Government of the several parcels of land now comprised in the Experimental Farm at Rosthern, Saskatchewan. Presented February 22, 1916.—Mr. McCraney. Not printed.

88. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a return showing the names and post office addresses of all applicants for bounty under the Deep Sea Fisheries Act, from the districts of Ecum Secum, Marie Joseph, Spanish Ship Bay, and Liscombe, county of Guysborough, N.S., for the years 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915, distinguishing between applications that have been accepted and the bounty paid, and those that have been rejected, and also the reasons for such rejections, if any. Presented February 22, 1916.—Mr. Sinclair. Not printed.

89. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a return showing the fractional areas of homestead lands, or otherwise, in the province of Saskatchewan, sold in the year 1915, the name of the purchaser, and the price paid in each case. Presented February 22, 1916.—Mr. Martin (Regina). Not printed.

90. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a return showing a copy of the prospective rates of interest, the effective interest, the net yield, commission charges, printing charges and other charges, in connection with the Government Domestic Loan of one hundred million dollars, and also in connection with the loan of forty-five million dollars made at New York in 1915. Presented February 22, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax). Not printed.

91. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a return showing the number of subscribers in the Government Domestic Loan of one hundred million dollars which were in the sum of $1,000 or under, and the number of other subscriptions in multiples of $1,000. Presented February 22, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax). Not printed.

92. Return to an Order of the House of the 5th March, 1915, for a return showing:—1. From how many firms or private individuals the Government, or any Department of the Government, has ordered trousers, breeches, and pantaloons since the 1st of July, 1914? 2. The names of these firms? 3. How many trousers, breeches and pantaloons have been ordered from each firm? 4. How many each firm has delivered up to date? 5. How many each firm has yet to deliver? 6. The price each firm is receiving for these trousers, breeches and pantaloons. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness). Not printed.

93. Return to an Order of the House of the 8th March, 1915, for a return showing the number of appointments to the Inside Service and to the Outside Service since October, 1911, of persons resident in the county of Wright, the number of dismissals from the service since October, 1911; the number of resignations from the service since above date; with the names of parties at whose request such resignations, if any, were tendered. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. Devlin. Not printed.
CONTENTS OF VOLUME 28—Continued.

94. Return to an Order of the House of the 8th April, 1915, for a return showing:—1. The names of the persons who have successfully passed the Civil Service examination in the province of Quebec since the establishment of the Civil Service Commission. 2. The number of such persons who have been called upon to enter the Civil Service. 3. The number in each grade of those who have passed such examinations with success. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. Boulay. Not printed.


95a. Return to an Order of the House of the 11th February, 1916, for a copy of all telegrams, letters, petitions and documents of any kind, referring in any way to the application of Aiyes or Angus McKinnie, of Iron Mines or Orangeville, Inverness County, for the Fenian Raid Bounty. Presented March 3, 1916.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness). Not printed.

96. Return to an Order of the House of the 15th March, 1915, for a copy of the claim of Captain Stephen Paul, owner of the steamer Rhoda, for the destruction of his ship, as a wreck, by the Department of Marine, and of all correspondence with regard to the same. Presented February 24, 1916.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Not printed.

97. Return to an Order of the House of the 29th March, 1915, for a copy of all letters and telegrams, or any other written communications which passed between the Minister of Railways and Canals and J. C. Douglas, Esq., M.P.P., of Glace Bay, Nova Scotia, between the 1st of January and the last of December, 1914, and of all letters and telegrams between the Minister of Customs and Public Works, and the Postmaster General, and the said J. C. Douglas during the above period, in respect to the dismissal, appointment or restoration to office of Government officials. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. McKenzie. Not printed.

98. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all reports upon the depths of water in the different locks in the East River of Pictou, improvements, and of all correspondence and recommendations in regard to changes on the plans therefor. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.

98a. Supplementary return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all reports upon the depths of water in the different locks in the East River of Pictou, improvements, and of all correspondence and recommendations in regard to changes on the plans therefor. Presented March 13, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.


100. Return to an Order of the House of the 1st March, 1915, for a return showing the number of miles of telegraph lines, and the locations, erected in the county of Inverness, each year since 1896, to the present day, with the cost of each year. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness). Not printed.

101. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all tenders, letters, telegrams and contracts relative to a mail contract from Noel to Maitland, in the county of Hants, and relative to the wording of the same under contract. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. Boivin. Not printed.

102. Return to an Order of the House of the 22nd March, 1915, for a copy of the petition addressed to the Post Office Department for the establishment of the rural mail delivery route in the county of Shefford, known as Warden No. 1, and of all letters, telegrams reports and other communications connected therewith. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. Boivin. Not printed.

103. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th February, 1916, for a return showing the different rural mail routes in the Strathcona constituency, their location and date of establishment, and all rural routes under consideration at the present time. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. Douglas. Not printed.

103a. Return to an Order of the House of the 16th February, 1916, for a return showing the location of all rural mail routes in the present constituency of Strathcona, the date of their inception, and the location of routes at present under consideration. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. Douglas. Not printed.

104. Return to an Order of the House of the 25th March, 1915, for a copy of all letters, papers, petitions, reports and other documents relating to the establishment of a rural mail delivery route, for the purpose of giving postal service to the districts of Hodson and Toney Mills, county of Pictou. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.
105. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and memorials received by the Honourable Postmaster General or the Right Hon. Sir Robert L. Borden, since January 1, 1912, relating to the contract for carrying the mail across Lemon Ferry, in the county of Richmond, N.S., and also of all replies thereto. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. Kyte...Not printed.

106. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a return showing how many rural mail delivery routes have been opened during the last fiscal year, in what counties, and at what cost in each county. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. Lemieux. Not printed.

107. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence between the Department of Marine and Fisheries, or any department of Government, and the Pilot Commissioners of the harbour and district of St. Ann's, in the county of Victoria, during the years 1914 and 1915, in respect to the removal or dismissal of Daniel Buchanan from the office of pilot of said harbour or district. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. McKenize...Not printed.

108. Return to an Order of the House of the 5th April, 1915, for a copy of all documents, letters, correspondence, messages, reports, etc., relating to the calling for tenders for the carrying of the mails between the post office at St. François de Montmagny and the Intercolonial Station during the years 1914 and 1915, as well as a copy of the tenders that have been sent in relating to the said mail service. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. Lapointe (Kamouraska)...Not printed.

109. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence, memorials, letters and telegrams received by the Honourable Postmaster General or the Right Hon. Sir Robert L. Borden, in 1915, relating to the contract for carrying the mails between Roberts, in the county of Richmond, and West Bay, in the county of Inverness, N.S., and also of all replies thereto. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. Kyte...Not printed.

110. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, tenders, advertisements, posters, telegrams, and of all other documents in connection with the letting of the contract for conveying the mails between Medicine Hat and Eagle Butte, in the constituency of Medicine Hat, Alberta. Presented February 24, 1916.—Mr. Buchanan...Not printed.

111. Return to an address to His Royal Highness the Governor General, of the 7th February, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence, evidence, official reports, memoranda and Orders in Council, in connection with an Investigation or inquiry into the conduct of any officials of the customs service at the Port of Halifax, N.S., in the latter part of 1915, by Mr. Busby, Inspector of Customs. Presented February 25, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax)...Not printed.

112. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a return showing the total amount of duties rebated to importers during the present fiscal year up to December 31, 1915, with the particulars thereof. Presented February 25, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax)...Not printed.

113. Return to an address to His Royal Highness the Governor General, of the 7th February, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence, inquiries, evidence, reports by departmental officials or Orders in Council, relative to the dismissal of Clifford G. Brander of the Customs Preventive Service at Halifax, N.S. Presented February 25, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax)...Not printed.

114. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence, telegrams, or other communications between the officers of the customs at North Sydney, N.S., or any of them, and the Department of Customs, in respect to the renting of a room or rooms for the purposes of the said department at North Sydney. Presented February 25, 1916.—Mr. MacKenzie (Halifax)...Not printed.

115. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a return showing the revenue collected during the present fiscal year up to 31st December, 1915, from the importation of the following classes of dutiable articles, and under the divisions of General Tariff, Preferential Tariff, and Surtax Tariff, together with the quantities and values of such importations: iron ore, iron and steel and manufactures of iron and steel; cotton and cotton manufactures; leather and manufactures of leather; wool and manufactures of wool; coal; manganese; zinc; copper; meats; eggs and butter.

Where any of the above items are numerously subdivided in the customs return, the principal item as to quantity, value and revenue need only be given. Presented February 25, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax)...Not printed.

116. Return to an address to His Royal Highness the Governor General, of the 7th February, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence, evidence, reports, memoranda and Orders in Council relative to the dismissal of Charles McCarthy from the customs service at the Port of Halifax, and in respect to his restoration to office. Presented February 25, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax)...Not printed.
CONTENTS OF VOLUME 28—Continued.

117. Return to an address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 7th February, 1916, for a copy of all evidence, reports, memoranda or Orders in Council, relative to the retirement or dismissal from the customs service at the Port of Halifax, of A. J. Crosby, Thomas Lynch and J. B. Naylor. Presented February 4, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax) . Not printed.

118. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th February, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence and reports relating to the closing of the Customs House Office or Preventive Station at Victors, Quebec; the opening of Customs House Office or Preventive Station at Frontier, Quebec, county of Huntington, and subsequent protest against the closing of the office at Victors. Also for a return showing reports since 1912 of inspectors and collector as to the administration and ability of Preventive Officer of Customs John W. Curran, recently dismissed, at Victors, Quebec. Presented February 25, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax).

119. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents, including tenders, relating to the establishment of a rural mail route between Pictou and West River, in the county of Pictou. Presented February 25, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald.

120. Return to an Order of the House of the 14th February, 1916, for a return showing the different rural mail routes in the constituency of Qu'Appelle, their location and date of establishment, and all rural mail routes now being established or under consideration at the present time in the same constituency. Presented February 25, 1916.—Mr. Thomson (Qu’Appelle).

121. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all documents, letters, messages, correspondence and reports concerning the contract for carrying the mails between the post office at Saint Jean, P.Q., and the railway stations of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, the Grand Trunk Railway Company and the Vermont Central-Railroad Company since and during the year 1911. Presented February 25, 1916.—Mr. Venner.

122. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents, including tenders, relating to the establishment of the rural mail route from Eureka to Sunnybrae and return, in the county of Pictou. Presented February 25, 1916.—Mr. Macdonnell.

123. Return to an Order of the House of the 16th February, 1916, for a copy of all telegrams, letters, petitions, and of all documents of all kinds, in any way referring to the awarding of the contract for carrying the mail to Upper Margaree Post Office and Gilles Post Office. Presented February 25, 1916.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness).

124. Return to an Order of the House of the 16th February, 1916, for a copy of all telegrams, letters, petitions, and of all documents of all kinds in any way referring to the awarding of the contract for carrying the mail to Margaree Harbour and Cheticamp. Presented February 25, 1916.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness).

125. Return to an Order of the House of the 8th March, 1915, for a return showing the amounts of money expended, in construction work or repairs, apart from salaries paid to permanent or yearly officials or employees in the Departments of Public Works, Railways and Canals, Militia and Defence, Marine and Fisheries, and Agriculture, within the county of Cumberland, during the fiscal years 1906 to 1911, both inclusive, together with the particular purpose of each expenditure, and where expended. Presented February 28, 1916.—Mr. Rhodes.

126. Revenues of Canada for years 1909-10-11, also amounts voted for agriculture in years 1909-10-11.—(Senate) . Not printed.

127. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of the investigation held on the loss of a horse belonging to Louis de Gonzague Belzile, of Amqui, county of Matane, during the year 1915. Presented March 1, 1916.—Mr. Boulay.

128. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of the report of the investigation held in the case of Messrs. Nazaire Morin and Napoleon Hébert, of Ste. Florence, county of Matane, bearing the number 10033 of the records of Mr. Alward, of Moncton. Presented March 1, 1916.—Mr. Boulay.

129. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of the report of the investigation held in connection with the burning of the barn of George Laviole, a farmer at Bic, on the 23rd May, 1914. Presented March 1, 1916.—Mr. Boulay.


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CONTENTS OF VOLUME 28—Continued.

131. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, evidence of witnesses at the investigation, and reports thereon, in relation to the claim of Alexandre D. Doucet, of Beresford, N.B., for cattle killed on the Intercolonial Railroad on May 25, 1915. Presented March 1, 1916.—Mr. Turgeon. Not printed.

132. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, correspondence and agreements between the Department of Railways and Canals, and any official thereof, including the officials of the Intercolonial Railway, regarding the installation of the McQueen Siding, at Shediac, in the province of New Brunswick, and the subsequent removal thereof. Presented March 1, 1916.—Mr. Carvell. Not printed.

132a. Supplementary Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, correspondence and agreements between the Department of Railways and Canals, and any official thereof, including the officials of the Intercolonial Railway, regarding the installation of the McQueen Siding, so-called, at Shediac, in the province of New Brunswick, and the subsequent removal thereof. Presented March 23, 1916.—Mr. Carvell. Not printed.

133. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a return showing:—1. The names, post office addresses, rate of wages and gross amount paid during the year 1915, to all engineers and employees of every description, engaged in connection with the survey of a branch line of the Intercolonial Railway in Guysborough County. 2. The gross expenditure in any way connected with the survey referred to in paragraph one since October, 1911. Presented March 1, 1916.—Mr. Sinclair. Not printed.

134. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all documents, letters and petitions in the possession of the Railway Department relating to the dismissal of Wm. P. Mills, Bridge and Building Master of District Number 4, Intercolonial Railway; and also a copy of all letters, telegrams, petitions and documents of all kinds in the possession of the Government either in Ottawa or at Moncton, relating in any way to the application of said Wm. P. Mills for an investigation into the causes which led to his dismissal. Presented March 1, 1916.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness). Not printed.

135. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a return showing the names and salaries of all the officials, assistants and clerks employed in the Intercolonial Railway offices in Moncton, including the assistant superintendent's office, dispatcher's office, station and freight house, the names and salaries of the foremen employed in each of the shops, and also the names of all officials, clerks, engine drivers and conductors who have been retired and placed on the pension list since the first of January, 1915, with the amount of the annual retiring allowance to each. Presented March 1, 1916.—Mr. Copp. Not printed.


137. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all telegrams, letters and other documents in connection with repairs to wharf at Shag Harbour, Shelburne County, N.S., during the years 1915 and 1916. Presented March 1, 1916.—Mr. Law. Not printed.

138. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams and other papers or documents in the possession of the Department of Public Works relating to a request made by the Nova Scotia Historical Society for permission to place a memorial tablet commemorating the late Reverend Dr. James MacGregor, on the post office building, New Glasgow, N.S. Presented March 1, 1916.—Mr. Sinclair. Not printed.

139. Return to an Order of the House of the 5th February, 1916, for a return showing:—1. Who had the contract or contracts for supplies, meals and other provisions required for the dredges of the Department of Public Works, working in the East River of Pictou or elsewhere in Pictou County, during the years 1914 and 1915, respectively. 2. Amounts paid respectively to each of said tenderers. Presented March 1, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.

140. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a return showing all sums of money expended during the present fiscal year to December 31, 1915, by the Department of Public Works, respectively, for public buildings, harbours and rivers, roads and bridges, telegraph and telephone lines, dredging, and for miscellaneous purposes, chargeable to Income, showing said expenditure under the above headings and by provinces. Presented March 1, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax). Not printed.
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A. 1916

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141.

Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a return of all sums ol
money expended, respectively, during the present fiscal year by the Department of
Public Works, chargeable to capital account, for public buildings and liarbours and
rivers, by provinces, designating in detail the purposes of such expenditure.
Presented
March 1, 1916. Mr. Maclean (Halifax)
Not printed.

142.

Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents in connection with the purchase of a site for the post office
building at Bear River, N.S. Presented March 1, 1916. Mr. Law
Not printed.

143.

Return

144.

Return

to an Order of the House of 7th February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, papers,
telegrams, pay-sheets, pay-rolls, receipts and documents of all kinds whatsoever in connection with the extension or repairs on the public breakwater at Port Morien, in South
Not printed.
Cape Breton, during 1915. Presented March 1, 1916. Mr. Carroll
to an Order of the House of 16th February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams and correspondence between the Department of Marine and Fisheries, or any
any person or persons in reference to the proposed retirement from
keeper of the lighthouse at Cape Jourmain, in the county of WestNot printed.
morland. Presented March 1, 1916. Mr. Copp

official thereof, and
office of the present

145.

Return to an Order of the House of 7th February, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence
between the Department of Militia and Defence or any of its branches, and the Department of Agriculture, in reference to the using of the immigration or quarantine buildings at McNab's Island and Lawlor's Island, Halifax, N.S., for military purposes, and
Presented March
particularly for their use by the 63rd Regiment, Overseas Contingent.
Not printed.
Mr. Maclean {Halifax)
1, 1916.

146.

Return

to an Order of the House of 7th February, 1916, for a return showing the names
of all medical officers appointed and employed for immigration or quarantine purposes

St. John, Quebec, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, Edmonton,
Vancouver and Victoria, together with the date of appointment of each, their salary, and
in each case designating whether they or any of them. are still in the service of the
Government, and when not, the date when the service ceased. Presented March 1, 1916.
Mr. Maclean (Halifax)
Not printed.

at Halfax,

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147.

Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a return showing: 1.
The names of the different tenderers for the carrying of the mails from the rural boxes
2.
established in the counties of I'Assomption and Montcalm down to the present day.
The figure of each of such contracts, and the name of the tenderer to whom each of
such contracts has been awarded, and for what sum. 3. If any contracts were given
without tender. If so, to whom, and for what amount. Presented March 2, 1916.
Not printed.
Mr. Segiiin

148.

Return to an Order of the House of the 21st February, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence and telegrams exchanged between the Labour Department and the workingmen at
Thetford Mines prior, during, or after the last strike in that vicinity, and of all other
Not printed.
papers relating thereto. Presented March 2, 1916. Mr. Verville

149.

Fenian Raid Bounties

150.

Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General, of the 3rd February,'
1916, for a copy of all Orders in Council passed since 4th August, 1914, dealing with
members of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces in the following particulars: Pensions
money allowances or other
to partially or totally disabled soldiers or their dependents

—to whom paid

in

Queens County, N.S.

— (Senate)

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.Not printed.

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made

for the support or care of partially or totally disabled returned soldiers
and pay allowances or other consideration to dependents of soldiers while on active sertheir
return fiom active service, because of disablement from any cause.
vice, and after
Printed for sessional papers only.
Presented March 3, 1916. Mr. Oliver

provision

151.

Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916. for a return showing the
names of all medical officers employed and designated in the years 1914 and 1915, in
the examination of recruits in the county of Pictou, and of any changes in the list of
..Not printed.
said officers in said period.

152.

Return to an Order of the House of the 4th March, 1915, for a return showing the names
and addresses of all persons in Annapolis and Digby Counties, Nova Scotia, to whom
the bounty under the Fenian Raid Volunteer Bounty Act has been paid the names and
addresses of all persons from said counties whose applications have been rejected and
the names and addresses of all applicants from said counties whose applications have
Not printed.
not been disposed of. Presented March 3, 1916. Mr. Law

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153.

an Order of the House of the 19th February, 1915, for a return showing the
of all persons in South Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, who have been
paid Fenian Raid Bounty the names and addresses of all persons In South Cape Breton,
N.S., who have made application for said bounty and who have not yet received it.
Not printed.

Return

to

names and addresses

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154. Return to an Order of the House of the 1st March, 1915, for a return showing the names and addresses of all persons who received bounty. Raid Bounty was paid in the county of Halifax, N.S., to date. Presented March 3, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax). Not printed.

155. Return to an Order of the House of the 21st March, 1915, for a copy of all applications received for Fenian Raid Bounty from residents of the county of Hants, N.S.; also the names of persons who have been paid the bounty and those who have been refused it in said county; with the reasons for refusal, and showing the number of applications that have not yet been dealt with. Presented March 3, 1916.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness). Not printed.

156. Return to an Order of the House of the 22nd March, 1915, for a return showing the names and addresses of all persons who received bounty under the provisions of the Fenian Raid Volunteer Bounty Act, in respect of services rendered in the county of Richmond, Nova Scotia; and the names and addresses of all whose claims for bounty have been rejected, and the reasons for rejecting the same. Presented March 3, 1916.—Mr. Kyte. Not printed.


158. Return to an Order of the House of the 16th February, 1916, for a list of the permanent and other employees on the Soulanges Canal in 1916, with the salary of each of them; also a list of the employees, permanent or otherwise, in 1915, and the salary of each of them. Presented March 3, 1916.—Mr. Boyer. Not printed.

159. Unclaimed balances in the banks for patriotic purposes. Correspondence relating to.

—(Senate) Not printed.

160. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents in connection with repairs, upkeep and watchman’s services on patrol boat A, Captain Blackford, while laid up at Shelburne, N.S., during the month of December, 1914, and subsequent months until ready for sea in 1915. Presented March 6, 1916.—Mr. Law. Not printed.

161. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents in detail, showing expenses, mileage and disbursements of Joseph W. V. Wilson, of Barrington, N.S., as fishery guardian in Shelburne, N.S., during year 1915. Presented March 6, 1916.—Mr. Law. Not printed.

162. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General, of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all Orders in Council, letters, telegrams, reports and other documents in connection with the commandeering of wheat about the 27th November, 1915, and in connection with the disposal of such wheat. Presented March 6, 1916.—Mr. Knowles. Not printed.

162a. Supplementary Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all Orders in Council, letters, telegrams, reports and other documents in connection with the commandeering of wheat about the 27th November, 1915, and in connection with the disposal of such wheat. Presented March 6, 1916.—Mr. Knowles. Not printed.

163. Return to an Order of the House of the 21st February, 1916, for a return showing the different rural mail routes in the constituency of Regina, their location and date of establishment, and all rural routes under consideration at the present time in said constituency. Presented March 7, 1916.—Mr. Martin (Regina). Not printed.

164. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a copy of all tenders, offers, letters, telegrams, engineer’s reports and other documents relating to the construction of a breakwater or boat harbour at North Lake, Prince Edward Island. Presented March 7, 1916.—Mr. Hughes, (Kings, P.E.I.) Not printed.

165. Return to an Order of the House of the 23rd February, 1916, for a return showing the names of all persons who worked at the repairing of the wharf at Rivière Ouelle during the summer of 1915 with a statement of their occupations and the amounts paid to them, respectively. Presented March 7, 1916.—Mr. Lapointe (Kamouraska). Not printed.

166. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents relative to repairs on the Hanlover at Cape Negro, Shelburne County, N.S., in 1915. Presented March 7, 1916.—Mr. Law. Not printed.

167. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, papers, pay-rolls, telegrams and correspondence in connection with the expenditure of, and receipts and vouchers for moneys paid for, the building of a wharf or blocking at the head of Belleville, Yarmouth County, N.S. Presented March 7, 1916.—Mr. Law. Not printed.
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<td>Return to an Order of the House of the 21st February, 1916, for a return showing the amounts spent for the furnishing of the office of the Hon. E. Patenaude, Minister of Inland Revenue; with a copy of all invoices. And also a statement of the amounts spent for the furnishing of the office of the Hon. W. B. Nantel, when Minister of Inland Revenue; with a copy of all invoices. Presented March 7, 1916.—Mr. Lancot. Not printed.</td>
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<td>171.</td>
<td>Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all documents, title deeds, papers, notarial deeds or private writings in connection with the sale, donation or transfer, by the estate of Alex. Fraser, of Rivière du Loup, to the Government or the Railway Department, for the intercolonial, the lot of land or part of the lot of land, at the east of the intercolonial bridge at Rivière du Loup, at a place called Gauvreau Yard; also of all correspondence in this connection. Presented March 7, 1916.—Mr. Gauvreau. Not printed.</td>
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<td>173.</td>
<td>Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for copies of all telegrams, letters, petitions, correspondence and other documents whatsoever relating to the post office and the postmaster of the Parish of St. Esprit, in the county of Montcalm, from October, 1911, to the present day. Presented March 10, 1916.—Mr. Seguin. Not printed.</td>
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<td>174.</td>
<td>Return to an Order of the House of the 16th February, 1916, for a copy of all telegrams, letters, petitions and documents of all kinds, in any way referring to the awarding of the contract for carrying the mail from Inverness to Margaree Harbour. Presented March 10, 1916.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness). Not printed.</td>
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<td>175.</td>
<td>Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, papers, telegrams and documents of all kinds whatsoever in connection with the tenders and awarding of the contract for carrying the mails between the tram cars and the post office at Glace Bay, South Cape Breton. Presented March 10, 1916.—Mr. Carroll. Not printed.</td>
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<td>176.</td>
<td>Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a copy of all papers, memoranda, correspondence, reports, etc., in connection with the dismissal of John E. Hallmore, as postmaster at Upper New Cornwall, Lunenburg County, N.S. Presented March 10, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax). Not printed.</td>
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<td>177.</td>
<td>Return to an Order of the House of the 16th February, 1916, for a copy of all telegrams, letters, petitions, and of all documents of all kinds in any way referring to the awarding of the contract for carrying the mail to Eastern Harbour and Pleasant Bay. Presented March 10, 1916.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness). Not printed.</td>
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<td>181.</td>
<td>Return to an Order of the House of the 21st February, 1916, for a detailed statement of all the wrecks which have taken place on the St. Lawrence river from 1867 until 1916, inclusive. Presented March 13, 1916.—Mr. Levieux. Not printed.</td>
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<td>182.</td>
<td>Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all Orders in Council, letters, telegrams, reports and other documents regarding the proposed public building in Prince Rupert for post office and other purposes, and regarding the land proposed for such public building and the purchase of such land. Presented March 13, 1916.—Mr. Knoules. Not printed.</td>
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183. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 7th February, 1816, for a copy of the Order in Council or departmental order dismissing Mr. Bayfield from the position of Superintendent of Dredging in British Columbia; and also a copy of the Order in Council or departmental order appointing J. L. Nelson in his place. Presented March 13, 1816.—Mr. Burgess... Not printed.

184. Return to an Order of the House of the 23rd February, 1816, for a copy of all reports and documents concerning the surveys made by the Federal Government during the autumn of 1914 of Lake Matapedia and the river of the same name down to the village of Amqui. Presented March 13, 1816.—Mr. Lapointe (Kamouraska)... Not printed.

185. Return to an Order of the House of the 13th March, 1816, for a copy of the pension list in force in Canada for disabled soldiers and of all petitions, letters or other documents relating to the amendment or readjustment of the same. Presented March 14, 1816.—Printed for distribution and sessional papers.

186. Return to an Order of the House of the 16th February, 1816, for a copy of all letters, petitions, correspondence and telegrams between the Government, the engineers, and all other persons concerning the building of the post office at Rigaud; also of the amount of money paid to divers persons for such building, furnishing, the land, the care of the ground's and other works. Presented March 15, 1816.—Mr. Boyer... Not printed.

187. Return to an Order of the House of the 6th March, 1816, for a return showing the different rural mail routes in the constituency of Medicine Hat, with their location and date of establishment; and also all rural mail routes now being established or under consideration at the present time in the same constituency. Presented March 15, 1816.—Mr. Buchanan... Not printed.

187a. Return to an Order of the House of the 29th March, 1816, for a return showing:—1. The reason for the delay in the establishment of the rural mail routes, reported under consideration, in the constituency of Medicine Hat. 2. When these routes were first applied for. 3. If the applications possessed the required number of signatures. 4. If tenders have been invited. If so, for what routes. 5. Why the lowest tenders were not accepted, and the routes established. 6. If any tenders are being invited for these routes. 7. If there is a likelihood of any of these routes being operated immediately. Presented March 27, 1816.—Mr. Buchanan... Not printed.

188. Return to an Order of the House of the 21st February, 1816, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, investigations and reports relating to the dismissal of Joseph Fleming, conductor Intercolonial Railway, and in regard to his reinstatement. Presented March 19, 1816.—Mr. Macdonald... Not printed.

189. Return to an Order of the House of the 15th March, 1816, for a copy of all petitions, telegrams, communications and other documents relating to the dismissal of Mr. Hubert Paquin, postmaster of St. Gilbert de Portneuf. Presented March 16, 1816.—Mr. Delisle. Not printed.

190. Return to an Order of the House of the 16th February, 1816, for a copy of all letters, petitions, correspondence and telegrams, exchanged between the Government, its Inquiry Commissioner, Mr. G. H. Bergeron, and all other persons, concerning the inquiry, the dismissal and replacing of the postmasters of the different post offices mentioned below; and of all correspondence relating to the appointments of the present postmasters who replace the former ones, who had been either dismissed or replaced for one reason or another.—St. Lazare Village, Vaudreuil Station, Pointe Fortune, Val des Ehouls, Mont Oscar, St. Justine de Newton, Ste. Marthe. Presented March 16, 1816.—Mr. Boyer. Not printed.

191. Dismissal of Mr. Chisholm, Inspector of Indian Agencies, Saskatchewan.—(Senate). Not printed.

192. Return to an Order of the House of the 25th February, 1816, for a return showing:—1. The names, rank and military qualifications of the officers on the Headquarters Staff of the 1st, 2nd and 3rd Divisional Areas, including those on Staffs of Camps and School's of Instruction, on October 1, 1815. 2. The names of those of the above who on that date had volunteered, taken the oath and been attested for overseas service. Presented March 30, 1816.—Mr. Poulin. Not printed.

193. Return to an Order of the House of the 21st February, 1816, for a return showing:—1. How many persons have been employed by the Department of Militia since the beginning of the war in the examining, appraising or testing of materials, such as clothing, harness, etc., purchased for military purposes. 2. How many of such employees are practical trades people, experts, or otherwise experienced persons in the respective callings connected with the various materials as purchased. Presented March 30, 1816.—Mr. Verville... Not printed.
194. Return to an Order of the House of the 6th March, 1916, for a copy of all telegrams, letters, petitions and documents of all kinds referring in any way to the application of Mrs. Flora McIntyre, of River Dennis, Inverness County, N.S., for the Fenian Raid Veteran Bounty of her late husband, Angus McIntyre, late of River Dennis. Presented March 20, 1916.—Mr. Chisholm (Inverness) Not printed.

195. Return to an Order of the House of the 13th March, 1916, for a return showing:—1. The names, dates of appointment, post office addresses at time of appointment, and former occupations of the censors employed by the Militia Department at Louisbourg and North Sydney, Nova Scotia. 2. The names of all the said censors who are also decoders, and the names and addresses of all who are employed in the censorship service at the above points. 3. The amount paid to each censor or decoder since 1st August, 1914, up to the 1st February, 1916, or to any party or person in connection with the censorship or decoding services at the above places. Presented March 20, 1916.—Mr. McKenie. Not printed.

196. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, agreements and all other papers relative to the creation of a Board of Conciliation, during the year 1915, under the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act in regard to the employees of the Nova Scotia Steel Company, in the county of Pictou. Presented March 20, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.


198. Return showing:—1. Whether the Government have taken cognizance of the following article published in the Montreal "Gazette" on November 1, 1915:—"Canadian Help Comes from Sale of Gift Flour. Foodstuffs not Needed by the English Poor were Bought for Belgian Relief.—Funds to Aid East Coast.—Hon. Walter Long Suggested to Canadian Government that $750,000 be Allotted, and Latter Agreed.—(Special cable from the "Gazette's" resident staff correspondent.)

"London, October 31,—Canada's aid to the east coast towns of England, which are suffering through the war, is the subject of some misconception," said Sir George Perley to-day. In a statement in the Commons, Hon. Walter Long said that the necessary funds for a Government scheme of help for hotel and lodging house keepers had been generously provided by the Canadian Government. This gave rise to the idea that the Dominin was taking a new step, but the fact is that no money is coming from Canada. Of the flour sent by Canada a year ago to relieve distress in England, very little was distributed, as poverty was in no way abnormal. Some 400,000 bags of this flour were transferred to the American committee for Belgian relief, which purchased the large lots. The money paid for this flour being in the hands of the Local Government Board, Hon. Walter Long, as President of the Board, suggested to Sir George Perley that the money might be utilized for the relief of the east coast towns where the season had been ruined owing to the lack of railway facilities and the disinclination of the public to visit the east coast because of the possibility of German naval or aerial raids. The Dominion Government had dismissed this proposal, and the sum of $750,000, part of the proceeds of the sale of the flour, has now been allotted for this purpose. Canada's generosity will therefore go to alleviate the distress of a large number of better-class people, who are direct sufferers from the war, instead of the destitute poor, for whom it was intended, but who, it develops, were not in need of it." 2. Whether the said article is accurate. If not, in what respect it is inaccurate. Presented March 20, 1916.—Mr. Papineau. Not printed.

198a. Return showing:—1. Whether the Government is aware that the following extract from an article was published on the 12th January, 1915, in the Montreal "Gazette":—

"Distress Caused in England by War is Negligible.—Comparatively Small Portion of Colonial Gifts Used for National Relief.—Much Went to Belgians.—War Office also took Large Share.—Salvation Army has Scheme Requiring Canadian Co-operation.—(Special cable from the "Gazette's" resident staff correspondent.)

"London, January 11.—Very satisfactory evidence of the comparative absence in England of any distress caused by the war is furnished by a report on the special work of the Local Government Board arising out of the war, which was issued to-day as a White Paper. The action by Noel Kershaw, dealing with the disposition of the gifts from the Colonies shows that only a small part of the goods allocated has been required for relieving the distress of civilians.

"The following is the disposition of the 940,530 bags of flour received from Canada: To the local committees for the relief of distress, 90,471; to the Belgian Refugees Committees, 1,591; transferred to the War Office, 99,760; further offer to the War Office, 300,900; to the Belgian Relief Commission, 413,856 sold, owing to damage, 4,719; 2. Whether the Government have any information of the shortage of 58,430 bags of flour, alleged in said article. If not, what became of the flour that was short. Presented March 20, 1916.—Mr. Papineau. Not printed.
CONTENTS OF VOLUME 28—Continued.

199. Return to an Order of the House of the 6th March, 1916, for a return showing the amounts contributed from the constituency of Medicine Hat for machine guns, and by whom contributed or forwarded. Presented March 21, 1916.—Mr. Buchanan. Not printed.

200. Return to an Order of the House of the 13th March, 1916, for a copy of all letters, petitions, recommendations and other documents in the possession of the Post Office Department relating to the appointment of the postmaster at West Roachdale, Guysborough County, Nova Scotia, to take the place of J. H. McGeire, deceased. Presented March 21, 1916.—Mr. Sinclair. Not printed.

201. Return to an Order of the House of the 25th February, 1916, for a return showing in detail the payment or payments amounting to $647.50, paid to P. A. Stoddart, fishery guardian, Shelburne County, N.S., during the year ending March 31, 1915. Presented March 21, 1916.—Mr. Kyte. Not printed.


203. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a copy of all documents, letters, messages, correspondence and reports concerning a conference between the Minister of Agriculture and certain representatives of the Mennonite Church in or about July, 1873, and referred to in a certain letter dated 23rd July, 1873, signed by P. M. Lowe, Secretary of the Department of Agriculture, and addressed to Messrs. David Klassen, Jacob Peters, Heinrich Wiebe and Cornelius Toews, delegates from Southern Russia. Presented March 21, 1916.—Mr. McCraney. Not printed.

204. Return to an Order of the House of the 13th March, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, petitions, memorials and other documents relating to the subsidizing by the Government of the construction of ships in British Columbia, or of ships when built; or as to the laying down or constructing or assisting in the construction in British Columbia of twenty-five ships by the Government, or as to assisting by subsides or otherwise in the construction of ships in the Dominion. Presented March 23, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.

205. Return to an Order of the House of the 13th March, 1916, for a copy of the affidavit of David W. McLean, Windsor, N.S., to whom Warrant No. 25737 was issued for Fenian Raid Bounty, and also a copy of all correspondence and other documents relating to the payment of the same. Presented March 23, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.

206. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th March, 1916, for a return showing:—1. The amount collected in wharfage on goods landed on Government wharves in the county of Victoria, at Nells Harbour, Ingonish, Englishtown, South Gut, Baddeck, Little Narrows, Nyaiga, and Big Bras d’Or. 2. The amount collected at each of the above places, by whom collected, and how much returned to the Government in each case. Presented March 27, 1916.—Mr. McKenzie. Not printed.

207. Return to an Order of the House of the 20th March, 1916, for a return showing:—The names of the 54 Canadian officers employed in the Canadian Pay and Record Office, London, and amounts per month paid to each of them. Presented March 27, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.

208. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, petitions, directions and other documents relative to the surveys for a railway under the Railway Department, which have been carried on during the past summer, at points east and west from Sunnybrae, in the county of Pictou. Presented March 27, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.

209. Return to an Order of the House of the 21st February, 1916, for a copy of all papers, agreements, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the proposal to purchase, lease, or use of, the railway known as the Vale Railway, county of Pictou, and to the operation of the same by the Railway Department. Presented March 27, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.

210. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a return showing the number and purpose of all commissions appointed by the Government since 1911, and the cost of each, together with names of the various members of such commissions. Presented March 27, 1916.—Mr. Pardoe. Not printed.

211. Return to an Order of the House of the 6th March, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and documents relating to the dismissal or resignation of Dr. W. T. Patton from the service of the Veterinary Inspection Branch of the Department of the Interior, and his re-appointment and his later dismissal or resignation. Presented March 27, 1916.—Mr. Buchanan. Not printed.
CONTENTS OF VOLUME 28—Continued.

211a. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd April, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and documents relating to the dismissal or resignation of Dr. W. T. Patton, from the service of the Veterinary Inspection Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Coutts, Alberta, and his re-appointment and later dismissal or resignation. Presented May 10, 1916.—Mr. Buchanan. Not printed.

212. Return to an Order of the House of the 28th February, 1916, for a copy of all accounts, telegrams, letters, bills of costs and other documents relating to the case of J. P. Dionne against the King, before the Exchequer Court, in which case Mr. Leo Berube was attorney and Mr. E. H. Cimon was counsel, both being lawyers of Fraserville. Presented March 27, 1916.—Mr. Gauvreau. Not printed.

212a. Return to an Order of the House of the 5th April, 1916, for a copy of all telegrams and letters from Leo Berube, lawyer, M.P.P., to the Minister of Justice, relating to the production of the official and public documents asked for by C. A. Gauvreau, M.P., in the case of J. P. Dionne vs. The King, and of any answers of the Minister of Justice to such telegrams and letters. Presented April 10, 1916.—Mr. Gauvreau. Not printed.

213. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General, of the 7th February, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence with the Imperial authorities in connection with the purchase of horses, and the prohibiting of the export of horses. Presented March 27, 1916.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Not printed.

214. Return to an Order of the House of the 1st March, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence, telegrams, reports and documents of all kinds relating to the visits of a fair wage officer to New Glasgow, N.S., in connection with the schedule of wages of men employed in works making shells at that place. Presented March 28, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.


216. Return to an Order of the House of the 6th March, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence, accounts, vouchers, memoranda, etc., relating to the construction of a launch way and boat house at Bear Cove Beach, Halifax County, N.S., and completed in 1914. Presented March 29, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax). Not printed.

217. Return to an Order of the House of the 6th March, 1916, for a detailed statement of the expenditure last year at McNair's Cove, Nova Scotia, giving the names of the workmen, the number thus employed, the amount paid to each; also the amount paid for supplies and material, and the names of the persons to whom the same was paid. Presented March 29, 1916.—Mr. Chisholm (Antigonish). Not printed.


219. Return to an Order of the House of the 16th March, 1916, for a return showing:—1. Whether the Government has received any complaints as to the manner of supplying clothing to the Royal Military College, or as to its fit, workmanship or materials employed, or as to any delay in furnishing the cadets with clothing. 2. If so, from whom such complaints have been received. 3. On what grounds. 4. What form the complaint was in. 5. The nature of the complaint. 6. If the Government is aware as to whether or not there has been dissatisfaction as to the fit, workmanship and materials employed, or as to any delay in furnishing the cadets with clothing. 7. If it is true, as alleged, that the late Commandant of the Royal Military College, Colonel Crowe, before he left, recommended a change of system for the supply of clothing, and outlined the features of such a system. 8. If so, the details of the plan suggested. 9. To what extent the plan suggested by Colonel Crowe was adopted. If not adopted, why not. 10. Whether the present Commandant of the Royal Military College made any suggestions as to a change in the system of supplying clothing to the cadets. 11. If so, the changes which he suggested. Presented March 30, 1916.—Mr. Corvell. Not printed.

220. Escape of alien enemies from detention camps at Amherst, N.S.—(Senate). Not printed.

221. Return to an Order of the House of the 21st February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, petitions, papers, telegrams, tenders and other documents relating to the establishment of a rural mail route from Alma, through Sylvester and Loch Broom, and the closing of the post offices at Sylvester and Loch Broom. Presented March 31, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.
CONTENTS OF VOLUME 28—Continued.

222. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all petitions, letters, papers, telegrams, tenders and other documents relating to the establishment of rural mail routes from Scotsburn to North Scotsburn, Rogers Hill and Hardwood Hill, and also to the closing on said route. Presented March 31, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.

223. Return to an Order of the House of the 9th February, 1916, for a copy of all documents, letters, messages, correspondence, reports, etc., regarding the cancellation of the subsidy contract to the Compagnie de Navigation Trans-St. Laurent, and the granting of a like contract to another company, for service between Rivière du Loup, Tadoussac and other ports on the north shore, including all correspondence exchanged between the Department of Trade and Commerce, the Post Office Department, or the ministers of such departments and the two above-named companies. Presented April 3, 1916.—Mr. Gauvreau. Not printed.

224. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a return showing the amounts expended by the Post Office Department for that part of the present fiscal year ending 31st December, 1915, under the following subheads: Conveyance of mails by land; conveyance of mails by railways; conveyance of mails by steamboats; making and repairing mail bags, locks, etc.; rural mail boxes, salaries, traveling expenses, manufacturing postage stamps and postage notes, tradesmen's bills, stationery, printing and advertising, miscellaneous disbursements, and maintenance of the service in the Yukon. Also showing the revenue for the same period under the various sub-heads of revenue mentioned in Appendix "A" of the report of the Postmaster General for the year ending March 31, 1915. Presented April 3, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax).

225. Return to an Order of the House of the 21st February, 1916, for a copy of a petition from the citizens of Louisville, requesting that L. F. Sanfaçon be not dismissed from his position of postmaster of that town; also of all letters sent by A. Bellemare, M.P., in connection with the dismissal of said L. F. Sanfaçon and asking for such dismissal; and of all letters from the same A. Bellemare, M.P., recommending Chas. Ed. Lassage as postmaster in the place of the said L. F. Sanfaçon. Presented April 3, 1916.—Mr. Gauvreau. Not printed.

226. Return to an Order of the House of the 23rd February, 1916, for a copy of all documents, reports, correspondence, etc., relating to the changing of St. Eleuthère Station on the National Transcontinental Railway. Presented April 3, 1916.—Mr. Lapointe (Kamouraska). Not printed.

227. Return to an Order of the House of the 13th March, 1916, for a copy of all instructions, letters, telegrams, and of other documents relating to any action taken, or to be taken, against the firm of Jas. W. Cumming, by the Department of Railways on account of the disclosures made in regard to irregularities in the weighing of freight, as appears in Return No. 25, dated February 29, 1916. Presented April 3, 1916.—Mr.Macdonald. Not printed.

228. Certified copy of a Report of the Committee of the Privy Council, approved by His Royal Highness the Governor General on the 3rd April, 1916, respecting the appointment of a Royal Commission to inquire into certain contracts made by a committee (known as the Shell Committee) of which General Sir Alexander Bertram was chairman. Presented by Sir Robert Borden, April 3, 1916. Not printed.

228a. Certified copy of a Report of the Committee of the Privy Council, approved by His Royal Highness the Governor General on the 15th April, 1916, concerning the transmission of the Hansard report containing the debate on the motion of Sir Wilfrid Laurier re expenditure made by the Shell Committee (so-called), to the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies, together with a copy of the Order in Council approved on the 3rd instant authorizing the issue of a Royal Commission to inquire into certain contracts made by the said Shell Committee (so-called). Presented by Sir Robert Borden, April 17, 1916. Not printed.

229. Return to an Order of the House of the 20th March, 1916, for a copy of all letters, recommendations, telegrams, reports of officials and other documents relating to the appointment of A. Kastella as Mechanical Superintendent of Dredges, and as to his resignation from said office, and also as to causes and reasons of his removal. Presented April 4, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.

230. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General, of the 21st February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, memos, Orders in Council, reports of all and every document concerning the construction of the dam at Grand'Mère, county of Champlain, province of Quebec, by the Laurentide Co., Limited. Presented April 4, 1916.—Mr. Lemieux. Not printed.

CONTENTS OF VOLUME 28—Continued.

232. Return to an Order of the House of the 15th March, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams and petitions in the possession or under the control of the Post Office Department having reference to the dismissal of Postmaster McRitchie at North River Crossing, Victoria County, Nova Scotia, and to the appointment of Neil McLeod in his place. Presented April 5, 1914.—Mr. McKenzie. Not printed.

233. Return to an Order of the House of the 27th March, 1916, for a copy of all petitions, correspondence, telegrams, recommendations and other papers or documents in the possession of the Postmaster General or his department, relating to the dismissal of James Hall, Postmaster at Milford Haven Bridge, Guysborough County, Nova Scotia, and the appointment of Guy O’Connor, as his successor. Presented April 5, 1916.—Mr. Sinclair. Not printed.


235. Return to an Order of the House of the 23rd February, 1916, for a copy of all profiles, reports, correspondence and all documents concerning the construction of a viaduct at Amqui, on the Intercolonial Railway, at the place called Traverse Dubé, Dubé Crossing; also of the plans of properties belonging to the Intercolonial Railway at Amqui, and of the land leased to the Municipality of Amqui, with a copy of the lease affecting such land. Presented April 5, 1916.—Mr. Lapointe (Komouraska). Not printed.

236. Return to an Order of the House of the 20th March, 1916, for a return showing the number of horses bought for remounts in Alberta, the persons from whom they were purchased, and the amount paid for each horse. Presented April 6, 1916.—Mr. Buchanan. Not printed.

237. Return to an Order of the House of the 15th March, 1916, for a return showing:—1. Who has been furnishing food, clothing and other necessary supplies to the soldiers at North Sydney and Sydney Mines, since the 4th August, 1914, to the 1st February, 1916. 2. The names and amounts paid to each, and amounts due to each on 1st February, 1916, over and above what has already been paid. 3. Whether the said supplies of all kinds were obtained or called for by public tender. If so, how the tenders were called, and who the tenderers were. 4. If the contracts for such supplies were always given to the lowest tenderer. 5. The names of those who tendered, and the figures of the tenders in each case. 6. The different methods by which tenders were invited, and for what classes of merchandise or supplies. Presented April 6, 1916.—Mr. McKenzie. Not printed.


239. Return to an Order of the House of the 13th March, 1916, for a copy of all the evidence taken by the Commission appointed to inquire into claims for damages made against the Militia Department in the town of Sydney Mines, Nova Scotia, and of the report made upon each claim or case, said claims being for damages to lands and other property. Presented April 7, 1916.—Mr. McKenzie. Not printed.

240. Return to an Order of the House of the 1st March, 1916, for a copy of all letters, correspondence and telegrams between the Speaker, the Clerk of the House of Commons, the Civil Service Commission and the Minister of Finance in regard to the proposed appointment of Mr. H. Crossley Sherwood, as Assistant Clerk of Routine and Records, from 1st October, 1914, down to the present date. Presented April 7, 1916.—Mr. Turriff. Not printed.

240a. Supplementary Return to an Order of the House of the 1st March, 1916, for a copy of all letters, correspondence and telegrams between the Speaker, the Clerk of the House of Commons, the Civil Service Commission and the Minister of Finance in regard to the proposed appointment of Mr. H. Crossley Sherwood, as Assistant Clerk of Routine and Records, from 1st October, 1914, down to the present date. Presented April 10, 1916.—Mr. Turriff. Not printed.

241. Return to an Order of the House of the 20th March, 1916, for a copy of all recommendations, letters, telegrams and correspondence relating to the recent appointment of a lightkeeper at Arisaig, N.S. Presented April 7, 1916.—Mr. Chisholm (Antigonish). Not printed.

242. Return to an Order of the Senate dated 21st March, 1916.—For a copy of all papers, letters and all correspondence regarding the passport granted to W. F. Bauman, an alien enemy. The said Bauman is a Bavarian.—(Senate). Not printed.
CONTENTS OF VOLUME 28—Continued.

243. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, or other communications sent to the Government or any member or department thereof before 15th August, 1914, pointing out the necessity of granting relief to the settlers in the drought-stricken area of Alberta. Presented April 10, 1916.—Mr. Buchanan. Not printed.

244. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General, for a copy of all correspondence with the Imperial authorities respecting legislation by the Parliament of the United Kingdom, in answer to the petition of the Canadian Parliament asking for amendment of the British North America Act with reference to the Senate. Presented April 10, 1916.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Printed for sessional papers only.

245. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 7th February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, correspondence, memoranda, Orders in Council, etc., relative to the Transatlantic Mail Service for the winter season 1915-16, and passing between the contractor company and any Department of Government or Minister of the Crown. Presented April 10, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax). Not printed.

246. Return to an Order of the House of the 21st February, 1916, for a return showing the amounts of money paid by all Departments of the Government to the Regina “Province” and “Standard,” the Moosejaw “News,” and the Saskatchewan Star,” respectively, in each of the years 1914 and 1915. Presented April 10, 1916.—Mr. Martin (Regina). Not printed.

247. Return to an Order of the House of the 5th April, 1916, for a copy of all questions asked of candidates for examination in the Inside Civil Service since the 1st May, 1912. Presented April 10, 1916.—Mr. Boulay. Not printed.

248. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a return showing:—1. Who recruiting officers were for the counties of Lunenburg, Queens, Shelburne and Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, during the months of July, August, September, October, November and December, 1915. 2. What remuneration each received during each month, for salary, disbursements and expenses. 3. If they are still employed as recruiting officers. 4. If so, what salary is being paid each recruiting officer per day or per month. Presented March 10, 1916.—Mr. Kyte. Not printed.

249. Return to an Order of the House of the 18th February, 1916, for a return showing:—1. Whether the Government, or the Department of Militia and Defence has employed any parties other than the officers of the permanent force to obtain recruits for the overseas forces. 2. If so, the number of persons so employed in each province. Presented April 11, 1916.—Mr. Hughes (P.E.I.). Not printed.

250. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a return showing the names and addresses of members of the House of Commons and of the various Provincial Legislatures in Canada who are in the service of the Department of Militia and Defence, either in Canada or overseas; the official rank and rate of pay of each; the names of those who are now in Canada; the names of those who are in England; and the names of those who are or have been in active service at any of the battle fronts. Presented April 11, 1916.—Mr. Kyte. Not printed.

251. Return to an Order of the House of the 16th February, 1916, for a return showing:—1. The amounts expended in railway subsidies in Canada during the years 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915. 2. The amounts by provinces, and the names of the lines to which granted. 3. Amounts expended on the construction of Government-owned railways in Canada during the above years. 4. The amount expended in each province, and the name of the line of railway on which such expenditure was made. 5. Amounts expended on harbour and river improvements in Canada during the above years. 6. The amounts by provinces and the particular places where expended. 7. Amounts expended on the building of public wharves, public breakwaters, and public dredging in North Cape Breton and Victoria during the years 1905 to 1911, inclusive, including the expenditure on Government railways. 8. Amounts expended for like purposes in the said county, during the years 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915. Presented April 11, 1916.—Mr. McKenzie. Not printed.


253. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd April, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams and correspondence of all kinds in any way referring to a subsidy granted to the ss. Amethyst, plying between Montreal and Newfoundland ports during the years 1910-11 and 1911-12. Presented April 11, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax). Not printed.
CONTENTS OF VOLUME 28—Continued.

254. Return to an Order of the House of the 21st February, 1916, for a copy of all letters, papers, telegrams and other documents relating to the survey in the harbour of Pictou, for a proposed new bridge, by the Railway Department; and also a statement showing the amounts paid in connection with said survey, the names of the persons for whom paid, and the purposes for which they were paid. Presented April 11, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.

255. Return to an Address of the Senate, dated 21st day of March, 1916, for:—A statement giving the following information as regards each of the following countries: Great Britain, France, Russia, Italy, Belgium, Servia, the Dominion of Canada, Australia, New Zealand, and the Confederation of South Africa, for each of the last three years for which the information may be at hand, namely:—
(a) The quantity and value of spirituous liquors produced or manufactured;
(b) The quantity and value imported;
(c) The quantity and value exported; and
(d) The quantity and value consumed, giving in each case, the information for each kind of spirituous liquors separately. Ordered, That the same do lie on the Table.
—(Senate) Not printed.

256. Return to an Order of the House of the 16th March, 1916, for a return showing:—1. The number of medical doctors employed by the Militia Department at Halifax, N.S. 2. The name of each, and their rank and pay, respectively. 3. If the entire time of all or any is devoted to the militia service. 4. When not constantly employed in the militia service, the usual daily period of service. Presented April 12, 1916.—Mr. Maclean (Halifax). Not printed.

257. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd April, 1916, for a copy of the correspondence between Mr. J. Antime Roy, of l'Isle Verts, and the Federal Government, on the subject of a farm that might be sold or leased to the Government for the purposes of an experimental farm. Presented April 12, 1916.—Mr. Paquet. Not printed.

258. Return to an Order of the House of the 28th February, 1916, for a copy of the contract with the Amalgamated Dry Dock and Engineering Company for the construction of a dry dock at North Vancouver, B.C., together with the application for subsidy therefor, and also a copy of all reports of engineers' correspondence, and all other documents relating thereto. Presented April 12, 1916.—Mr. Pugsley. Not printed.

259. List of those in the Canadian Expeditionary Forces who had received decorations, medals and mentions in despatches, to 17th March, 1916. Presented by Hon. Mr. Kemp, April 12, 1916. Printed for sessional papers only.


260. Return to an Order of the House of the 12th March, 1916, for a return showing the names of all the medical examiners of recruits appointed since the war started to date. Presented April 13, 1916.—Mr. Nesbitt. Not printed.

261. Return showing:—1. How much overtime was paid to men in the Printing Bureau from 1st January, 1916, to 1st April, 1916. 2. The names of the men who were paid overtime. 3. Which were day men, and which night men. 4. What rate of overtime each man received, how much at 1½ day rate, and how much at double rate. Presented April 17, 1916.—Mr. Turiff. Not printed.

262. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 3rd February, 1916, for a copy of all Orders in Council, letters, telegrams, recommendations and other documents in connection with the Government's decision in September, 1915, to exact payment of one-half of the seed grain liens. Presented April 15, 1916.—Mr. Knowles. Not printed.

263. Return to an Order of the House of the 5th February, 1916, for a return showing the name, port of registry, tonnage and name of the master of all steam trawlers that cleared outwards from the port of Canso, Nova Scotia, in the year 1915. Also a copy of all reports and declarations under the hand of the master or chief officer of each of the said trawlers so clearing outward from said port since 16th April, 1915, required to be signed by such masters under the provisions of an Order in Council passed on the 16th April, 1915. Presented April 25, 1916.—Mr. Sinclair. Not printed.

264. Return to an Order of the House of the 7th February, 1916, for a statement showing the quantity of wheat shipped month by month, during the calendar years 1914 and 1915, from Winnipeg to Port William and Port Arthur, and by what railways; to Duluth by the Canadian Northern Railway or allied system; to Minneapolis and St. Paul by the Canadian Pacific Railway, to the seaboard by rail over Canadian territory and to American ports over American railways. Presented April 25, 1916.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Not printed.
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Alphabetical Index to Sessional Papers

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an Order of the House of the 12th April, 1916, for a return showing: 1. How
miny clerlvs there are in the Finance Department who belong to and are paid from the
outside service vote and who work in the inside service.
2. The names of said clerks.
4. How long each has been in the service of the Department.
3. Salary paid to each.
If so, whal examination
5. If all or any of these clerks have passed any examination.
and on what date or dates. Presented April 26, 1916. Mr. Turriff
Not printed.

265.

Return

266.

Return

267.

Return to an Order of the Senate dated the 14th instant, showing the number of men
recruited up to the first day of April, 1916.
(Seiiate)
Not printed.

268.

Return to an Order of the Senate, dated the 23rd day of March, 1916, of all papers and
documents dealing with the escapes and the liberation of alien enemy prisoners from
the detention camp situated at Banff, in the province of Alberta.
Ordered, That the
same do lie on the table. (Senate)
Not printed.

to

—

to an Order of the House of the 23rd February, 1916, for a return showing:
1.
The number of permanent employees in the Department of Inland Revenue in 1915-16.
2. How many there will be in 1916-17.
3. How much money was paid in salaries for
temporary employees in each of the following years: 1912-13, 1913-14, 1914-15 and
1915-16.
4. The names of the temporary employees and the dates of their appointment,
Presented April 26, 1916. Air. Lanctot
respectively.
Not printed.

—

—

269.

—

Return to an Order of the House of the 19th April, 1916, for a return showing:
Whether there is a Director of Recruiting and Organizations in England for the Canadian Service. 2. If so, his name and duties. 3. The number employed upon his staff.
4.

270.

The

total expenses of his staff.

Presented April

Not

1916

printed.

—

Return to an Order of the Senate, dated 11th instant
For a copy of an application
made by Rev. Isaac Hunter Macdonald, of Kintore, Ontario, to the Militia Department
for a position of chaplain or major
also, of all copies of letters, papers or telegrams
either recommending or opposing said application.
{Senate)
Not printed.
:

—

;

271.

28,

to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 29th March,
a copy of all petitions received by the Governor General in Council requesting
the disavowal of the Act of the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, Chapter 45, 5
George V, 1915, concerning the School Commission of the Roman Catholic Schools of the
City of Ottawa, and of all documents, memoranda, reports, letters and correspondence
concerning the said petitions for disavowal, or concerning the said Act of tlie Legislature
of the Province of Ontario, 5 George V, Chapter 45.
Presented May 1, 1916. Mr.

Return

1916, for

Lapointe (Katnouraska)

Not

printed.

in Council and Report of Minister of Justice transmitting to Lieutenant Governor
of Ontario copy of petition from Samuel Genest and others, praying for the disallowance
Order in
Coimcil and Report of Minister of Justice on the Statutes of the Legislature of Ontario,
passed in the 5th year of His Majesty's reign (1915). Report of Prime Minister of
Ontario on petition relating to the disallowance of an Act of the Legislature of Ontario,
Presented May 3, 1916. Mr. Lapointe (KamourChapter 45 of 5 George
(1915).
aska)
Printed for sessional papers only.

271a- Order

V

272.

an Order of the House of the 20th March, 1916, for a copy of all telegrams,
correspondence and contracts between the Quebec Harbour Commission and
of the parish of St. Nicolas, county of L6vis, concerning the purchase
Presented May 1, 1916. Mr. Bourassa
of the St. Nicolas quarry.
Not printed.

Return

to

letters,

Benjamin Demers,

to an Order of the House of the 13th March, 1916, for a return showing a list
of vessels belonging to the Canadian Government which are on service under the provision of the Canadian Naval Act, and of all vessels not now in sei vice and their present condition and suitability for service, and also for a copy of all letters, petitions or
communications had by or with the Government in regard to the establishment of a
Canadian Naval Brigade. Presented May l, 1916. Mr. Macdonald
Not printed.

273.

Return

27-1.

Return

275.

Duplicate Return to an Order of the House of the 17th, March, 1915, for a copy of all
correspondence and reports relating to the purchase of 25,000 shovels of special pattern
mentioned in Order in Council P.C. 2302, dated 4th September, 1914, on page 3S of
memoranda respecting work of the Department of Militia and Defence, and also relating to any further purchases of such shovels.
Presented May 1, lyie. Mr. Hughes
(PE.I.)
Not printed.

to an Order of the House of the 29th March, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence, petitions and papers, including the report of Charles Bruce, engineer, in the possession of the Department of Marine and Fisheries relating to the construction of a bait
freezer at "White Head, Nova Scotia.
Presented May 1, 1916. Mr. Sinclair
Not printed.

—

3060—3

33


CONTENTS OF VOLUME 28—Continued.

276. Return to an Order of the House of the 5th April, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, offers, tenders, reports, contracts and documents relating to the sale or other disposal of small arms ammunition since 4th August, 1914. Presented May 1, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.

276a. Supplementary Return to an Order of the House of the 5th April, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, offers, tenders, reports, contracts and documents relating to the sale or other disposal of small arms ammunition since 4th August, 1914. Presented May 2, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald. Not printed.

277. Return to an Order of the House of the 23rd February, 1916, for a copy of all documents, correspondence, reports, etc., concerning the dismissal of J. B. Levesque, of Rivière Ouelle, as steward on the steamer Champlain. Presented May 2, 1916.—Mr. Lapointe (Komouraska). Not printed.

278. Return to an Order of the House of the 13th March, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence, memoranda, reports, telegrams, recommendations, orders, etc., between the Department of Railways and Canals and the officers of the St. Maurice Fire Protective Association with reference to fire protection on the Transcontinental Railway line between Hervey Junction and the western boundary of the Province of Quebec. Presented May 2, 1916.—Mr. Bureau. Not printed.

279. Return to an Order of the House of the 20th March, 1916, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, correspondence and contracts between the Department of Railways and Canals or any official thereof, including the officials of the Intercolonial Railway, and any member of the Government of New Brunswick, the St. John and Quebec Railway Company or any official thereof, regarding the operation of the Valley Railway, so-called in the Province of New Brunswick, from the first day of October, 1914, down to the present date. Presented May 2, 1916.—Mr. Curvell. Not printed.

280. Return to an Order of the House of the 10th April, 1916, for a copy of a certain lease made by the Government of Canada to one J. A. Culverwell, of a certain water-power on the Trent waterway, known as the Burleigh Falls power; and of all assignments of said lease and of the consents of the Government of Canada thereto; and also a copy of all correspondence, telegrams, tenders, reports, contracts and other papers, relating to the said original lease. Presented May 2, 1916.—Mr. Burnham. Not printed.

281. Return to an Order of the Senate, dated the 12th April, 1916, showing copies of all petitions, correspondence, etc., relating to the purchase, by the Government, of the Quebec and Saguenay Railway.—(Senate). Not printed.

282. 1. Copy of letter from the Chairman of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada to the Prime Minister re proposals made in respect to the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company.
   4. Statement showing bonds, etc., authorized, issued and outstanding and net proceeds therefrom, also interest payable for the years 1916 and 1917 (as at 29th February, 1916), Grand Trunk Pacific Railway and Grand Trunk Pacific Branch Lines.
   7. Memorandum re Canadian Northern Railway Company Guarantee Act, 1914, and proceeds of securities issued thereunder.
   8. Letter from G. A. Bell, financial comptroller of the Department of Railways and Canals to the Prime Minister, in respect to issue of his certificate for the purpose of releasing the proceeds of the forty-five million dollar, 4 per cent debenture stock, guaranteed by the Dominion Government. Presented by Sir Robert Borden, May 3, 1916. Printed for distribution and sessional papers.


283. Return to an Order of the House of the 23rd February, 1916, for a return showing:—1. The amount which has been paid out for new buildings and repairs at the Royal Military College and at Fort Henry, in each of the years 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915. 2. To whom the money was paid, and the amount in each case. 3. What portion of the work was tendered for, and the amount of each tender submitted. Presented May 3, 1916.—Mr. Edwards. Not printed.
CONTENTS OF VOLUME 28—Continued.


285. Return to an Order of the House of the 17th February, 1916, for a return showing the amount which has been paid out for printing outside of the Printing Bureau in each province, in each of the years 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915, and to whom paid. Presented May 5, 1916.—Mr. Best. Not printed.

285a. Supplementary Return to an Order of the House of the 17th February, 1916, for a return showing the amount which has been paid out for printing outside of the Printing Bureau in each province, in each of the years 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915, and to whom paid. Presented May 17, 1916.—Mr. Best. Not printed.


287. Return to an Order of the House of the 12th April, 1916, for a return showing: 1. How many clerks there are in the Customs Department who belong to and are paid from the outside service vote and who work in the inside service. 2. The names of said clerks. 3. Salary paid to each. 4. How long each has been in the service of the Department. 5. If all or any of these clerks have passed any examination. If so, what examination and on what date or dates. Presented May 10, 1916.—Mr. Turiff. Not printed.

288. Return to an Order of the House of the 6th March, 1916, for a return showing the amounts paid under retroactive clause of the Act providing for an impost of 50 cents per proof gallon on all spirits taken from bond between the date of the outbreak of war and the date of the passage of such Act; and also by whom paid, and the date of payment. Presented May 10, 1916.—Mr. Graham. Not printed.

289. Return to an Order of the House of the 3rd February, 1916, for a return showing the names of all employees of the Government of Canada in the inside and outside service who have enlisted since the 1st day of August, 1914, for overseas service; and the names of all employees of the Government of Canada in the inside and outside service who have enlisted since the 4th day of August, 1914, for home defence; also the salary received by each previous to enlisting; and the rate of pay received by each since enlisting; specifying those, if any, who continue to enjoy the salaries paid them before their enlistment and the amount of same. Presented May 10, 1916.—Mr. Kyte. Not printed.

290. Return to an Order of the Senate, dated 26th April, 1916, for:—A copy of the agreement between the Government of Canada, acting for the Transcontinental Railway, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company and the Canadian Northern Railway Company for the construction, operation and maintenance of the Union Station at Quebec, which the Honourable the Acting Minister of Railways says (Hansard, page 2690) is to be used by these three railways.—(Senate). Not printed.

291. Return to an humble Address of the Senate, dated 29th March, 1916, to His Royal Highness the Governor General; praying His Royal Highness to have laid on the Table of the Senate:—A statement of all expenses to date in connection with the expenditures of public moneys at Port Nelson; also an estimate of the further expenditure to complete the works at Port Nelson on Hudson Bay.—(Senate). Not printed.


293. Return to an Order of the House of the 19th April, 1916, for a return showing a list of the decoders and censors employed at Halifax since the war broke out, together with the names, dates of employment, total amount paid, by whom recommended, and former employment of each. Presented May 12, 1916.—Mr. Sinclair. Not printed.

294. Return to an Order of the House of the 22nd March, 1916, for a return showing:—1. Whether there is a list of companies, firms, or persons resident in Halifax, N.S., at present in the Department of Militia and Defence from whom are asked tenders for war supplies on behalf of the said Department or War Purchasing Commission. If so, the names of such companies, firms or persons. 2. During the calendar year 1915, whether public tenders were asked for any war supplies at Halifax, N.S. 3. If so, the nature of the supplies for which tenders were asked, to whom tenders were awarded, and the prices, for the said respective articles or supplies. Presented May 15, 1916.—Mr. McLean (Halifax). Not printed.

295. Reports of engineers relating to the Lotbinière and Megantic Railway; the Quebec, Montmorency and Charlevoix Railway between Quebec and Tourmente; and the Quebec and Saguenay Railway from Cape Tourmente to Nairn Falls, near Murray Bay. Presented by Hon. Mr. Reid, May 15, 1916. Not printed.
295a. Correspondence in respect to the offer of sale to the Government of Canada of the Quebec, Montmorency and Charlevoix Railway, the Quebec and Saguenay Railway and the Lothièrè and Megantic Railway. Presented by Hon. Mr. Reid, May 16, 1916.

296. Return to an Address to His Royal Highness the Governor General of the 1st March, 1916, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams, Orders in Council, etc., relating to the transfer by the Government of Ontario to the Government of Canada, of the rights held by the former in the lakes, dams, etc., contiguous to or forming a part of the Trent Valley Waterways System. Presented May 17, 1916.—Mr. Graham.


298. Return to an Order of the House of the 12th April, 1916, for a return showing the plan and description of the proposed permanent harbour quay line in the harbour at Pictou, and for a copy of all papers, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the establishment of the same. Presented May 17, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald.

299. Return to an Order of the House of the 21st February, 1916, for a copy of all tenders, offers, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the arrangements for the handling of freight and coal at Pictou, in connection with the boats engaged in the winter service between Pictou and Prince Edward Island during the year 1914-1915, and during the present season. Presented May 18, 1916.—Mr. Macdonald.
REPORT

OF THE

SECRETARY OF STATE

OF

CANADA

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 1915

PRINTED BY ORDER OF PARLIAMENT.

OTTAWA
PRINTED BY J. DE L. TACHE, PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
1915
To Field Marshal His Royal Highness
The Duke of Connaught and of Strathearn,
K.G., etc., etc., etc., Governor General of Canada.

Sir,—I have the honour to lay before Your Royal Highness the accompanying report of the work performed in the branches of my department during the twelve months ended March 31, 1915.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your Royal Highness’ most obedient servant,

LOUIS CODERRE,
Secretary of State.
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REPORT
OF THE
UNDER-SECRETARY OF STATE.

To the Honourable
Louis Coderre, K.C., LL.B.,
Secretary of State of Canada.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit to you a statement of the work of the Correspondence Branch of the Department of the Secretary of State for the year ended March 31, 1915.

INCORPORATION OF COMPANIES.

The number of charters, including supplementary charters, issued under the Companies Act during the fiscal year, 1914-15 was 546 as compared with 758 in the last previous year. The total capitalization of new companies was $208,283,633.34, and the capitalization of existing companies was increased by $19,810,000, the whole amounting to $228,093,633.34, as compared with $425,307,569.65 in 1913-14.

Particulars as to the capital stock, etc., of the companies incorporated or granted Supplementary Letters Patent during the twelve months, together with the date, etc., of the Canada Gazette in which the objects and powers are set forth, will be found in my report of the work of the Registrar's Branch of the Department.

NATURALIZATION OF ALIENS.

In my report as Deputy Registrar General above referred to, full particulars are given of all naturalizations effected throughout the Dominion for the twelve months since the date of the last return, viz., to December 31, 1914. Complete returns showing the names, places of residence, and former nationalities of all Canadian naturalized subjects of His Majesty are tabulated and recorded in the Registrar's Branch of the department, and are always available for reference.

The payments to the court officers, charged with the making of naturalization returns, details of which will be found in the report of the Auditor General, amounted to $9,959.82. All the correspondence in connection with the returns and all the accounts for the same were dealt with in this branch.

The Report of the Naturalization Branch which was organized to supervise applications under the Naturalization Act, 1914, will be found immediately following the Report of the Registrar's Branch.
During the past year the Act was repealed in the Counties of King's, Cumberland, Pictou and Hants, Nova Scotia. Elections were also held in the Counties of Muskoka, Ontario, and Stanstead, Quebec, for bringing the Act into force. The vote in Muskoka resulted in the defeat of the Act. In Stanstead, protest proceedings were taken and the result has not yet been reported to the Department. The result of the scrutiny of the vote taken in Welland County in 1914 which had not been announced at the time of the issue of the last report has been reported by the Returning Officer as against the Act. Elections will shortly be held in the Counties of Perth, Ontario, and Brome, Quebec, for bringing the Act into force, and in the County of Annapolis, Nova Scotia, for its repeal.

At this date the Act is in the following counties and cities:

**Ontario.**
- Counties of Peel and Huron and district of Manitou

**Quebec.**
- City of Thetford Mines.

**Nova Scotia.**
- Counties of Annapolis, Digby, Guysborough, Queens, Shelburne and Yarmouth.

**New Brunswick.**
- Counties of Albert, Carleton, Charlotte, Kings, Northumberland, Queens, Sunbury, Westmorland and York, and city of Fredericton.

**Manitoba.**
- Lisgar and Manitoba.

The Act is not in force elsewhere in the provinces or territories.

**Receipts and Expenditure.**

Subjoined is a statement of the revenue of the Department for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1915:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Charters and supplementary charters</td>
<td>$129,761 60</td>
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<tr>
<td>Commissions</td>
<td>669 00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Certificates of Deposit</td>
<td>202 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificates of Legalization</td>
<td>24 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificates of Incorporation, Boards of Trade</td>
<td>30 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificate of Registration, Trade Union</td>
<td>4 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificates, copies and certified copies</td>
<td>1,031 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exemplifications</td>
<td>16 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificates of Registration</td>
<td>3 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificates of Naturalization, The Naturalization Act, 1914</td>
<td>270 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filing declarations, The Naturalization Act, 1914</td>
<td>1 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Search</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$132,012 05</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

Of the foregoing amount, the sum of $14,381.35 was transferred to the King’s Printer for advertising notices of letters patent under The Companies Act in the Canada Gazette; $2,573 was refunded upon applications withdrawn or not granted and $12 was transferred to other departments, leaving a net amount of $115,045.70.

The net revenue exceeded the expenditure of the Department for salaries and contingencies by $32,243, and after providing for the customary expenditure, under the Naturalization Acts; the cost of supplying the library of the High Commissioner’s Office in London with Canadian books and periodicals; the usual purchase of 600 copies of the Canadian Parliamentary Guide; the annual subscription of the Government to the International Catalogue of Scientific Literature; expenses under The Canada Temperance Act, etc,—left a credit balance of $8,635.99.

GENERAL.

The library continues to be used by the various departments, by the public and by the staff of this department. Want of space unfortunately prevents a proper classification being made of the publications and they are consequently not arranged in a satisfactory order.

My report of the work done in the Registrar’s Branch of the department follows this. In addition to the list of charters of incorporation and supplementary charters, and the returns of naturalization already mentioned, it contains a list of all boards of trade registered in the department, trade unions, loan companies, licenses granted to British and foreign companies, commissions issued to public officers, and other useful information.

The synopsis of returns to addresses and orders passed by the Senate and House of Commons of Canada during the session of 1914-1915, received and prepared by the department, and presented through the Secretary of State, will be found in Appendix A.

The Civil Service List of Canada for the year 1915, showing the names, dates of appointments, and promotion, ages and salaries of all persons permanently employed in the several departments of the service and the two Houses of Parliament on April 1, 1915, is now in course of preparation.

I have pleasure in expressing my satisfaction with the manner in which the staff of the department have performed their duties during the year.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

THOMAS MULVEY,

Under-Secretary of State.

OTTAWA, April 1, 1915
LIST OF APPENDICES.

A. Synopsis of Return to Addresses and Orders passed by the Senate and House of Commons during the session of 1914-15.


C. Tariff of fees payable upon Commissions to public officers.

D. List of the officers, clerks and servants of the Department, with date of appointment, rank and salary in each case.
REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR’S BRANCH.

DEPARTMENT OF THE Secretary of State,
OTTAWA, April, 1913.

The Honourable Louis Coderre, K.C., LL.B.,
Secretary of State of Canada.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit for your information the following statement of the work performed in the Registrar's Branch of your department for the year ending March 31, 1915, viz.:

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<th>Recorded</th>
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<td>Agreements</td>
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<th></th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2Ordinance Land Sales</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Grants</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>24</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>978</td>
<td>1,004</td>
<td>2,081</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 An annual statutory return of bonds is submitted to parliament under section 32 of chapter 1, R.S.C., 1906, giving full particulars of the bonds registered in the branch since last return.

2 Quarterly returns of these lands were sent to the registrar of each city and county in the province of Ontario, and to the secretary-treasurer of each city and county in the province of Quebec in which patents were issued, and a copy of the several returns in Ontario was also sent to the Provincial Secretary of Ontario.

During the year there have been copies furnished of over 3,200 pages of documents, manuscripts, and records.

The number of companies incorporated under “The Companies Act” during the fiscal year was 461, with a total capitalization of $208,283,633.34, and the number of
existing companies to which supplementary letters patent were issued was 55, of which 34 increased their capital stock $26,650,000; 4 decreased their capital stock $6,840,000; the remaining 47 were granted supplementary letters patent for various objects, such as changing names, extending powers, etc., making a total of 546 charters and supplementary letters patent issued during the year, a decrease of 212 from previous year; whilst the total capitalization of new companies and the increased capital of existing companies amounted to $228,093,633.34.

The usual synopsis (with index thereto) giving full particulars of all companies incorporated, as well as of all existing companies to which were issued supplementary letters patent during the fiscal year, is appended hereto.

NATURALIZATION.

During the year 1914, there were returned under "The Naturalization Act," chap. 77, R.S.C. (1906), the names of 35,079 persons who were granted certificates of naturalization, and of readmission to British nationality. The greater portion of these have been indexed after having been carefully examined, and compared with copies of the certificates accompanying the returns. The returns, with the certificates, have been numbered and filed in the branch.

A schedule showing the former nationalities of the persons naturalized under "The Naturalization Act," chap. 77, R.S.C., as registered in this branch during the twelve months ended December 31, 1914, will be found on the following pages:
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

Schedule showing former nationalities of persons naturalized under "The Naturalization Act," chap. 77, R.S.C., 1906, as registered in this branch during the twelve months ended December 31, 1914.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nationality</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Albanian</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Algerians</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arabian</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Argentines</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armenians</td>
<td>87</td>
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<tr>
<td>Austrians</td>
<td>7,128</td>
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<tr>
<td>Belgians</td>
<td>350</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bohemians</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brazilians</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bulgarians</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chillians</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinese</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cubans</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Danes</td>
<td>290</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dutch</td>
<td>219</td>
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<tr>
<td>Egyptian</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finns</td>
<td>835</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flemish</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>French</td>
<td>588</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Galicians</td>
<td>1,034</td>
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<tr>
<td>Germans</td>
<td>1,070</td>
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<tr>
<td>Greeks</td>
<td>224</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hebrews</td>
<td>27</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hungarians</td>
<td>392</td>
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<tr>
<td>Icelanders</td>
<td>149</td>
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<tr>
<td>Italians</td>
<td>3,221</td>
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<tr>
<td>Japanese</td>
<td>1,120</td>
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<tr>
<td>Luxembersers</td>
<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Macedonians</td>
<td>18</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mexican</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montenegrins</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norwegians</td>
<td>1,150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persians</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poles</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portuguese</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roumanians</td>
<td>344</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Russians</td>
<td>5,737</td>
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<tr>
<td>Servians</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Africans</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spaniards</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swedes</td>
<td>1,632</td>
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<tr>
<td>Swiss</td>
<td>145</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Syrians</td>
<td>95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turks</td>
<td>501</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States of America</td>
<td>8,656</td>
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<tr>
<td>Re-admission</td>
<td>214</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not given</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: 35,079
Previously recorded: 218,321
Grand total: 253,400
Also submitted herewith are the following lists:—

1. A list of all loan companies licensed under part IV of chap. 79, R.S.C., 1906, and registered in the branch up to March 31, 1915, to carry on mining operations within the Yukon and Northwest Territories.

2. A list of public officers to whom commissions have been issued since last return.

3. An alphabetical list of all boards of trade registered in the branch under chap. 124, R.S.C., 1906, to March 31, 1915, inclusive, and

4. A list of all trade unions registered in the branch to March 31, 1915, under chap. 125, R.S.C., 1906, intituled "The Trade Unions Act."

All of which is respectfully submitted.

THOMAS MULVEY.

Deputy Registrar General of Canada.
SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

ISSUED TO

COMPANIES INCORPORATED

UNDER

'THE COMPANIES ACT,' PART 1 OF CHAP. 79, R.S.C., 1906

From April 1, 1914 to March 31, 1915.

"BRITISH COLUMBIA FISHING AND PACKING COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, April 1, 1914 - - - - Amount of capital stock, $5,000,000. Number of shares, 50,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Steller Lovell, accountant; Robert Gowans, William Bain, Charles Delamere Magee and Joseph Ellis, solicitor's clerks, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Vancouver, B.C.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3488, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"CEDARS RAPIDS TRANSMISSION COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, April 1, 1914 - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Broadbent Taylor and Richard Pike, accountants; William Alfred James Case, solicitor; Clifford Gordon Lynch, secretary, and John Arthur Christilaw, student-at-law, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3492, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"GREAT LAKES TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, April 2, 1914 - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000. Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Henry Wartman Richardson, of Kingston, Ont., grain merchant; James Playfair and Douglas Leland White, lumbermen, and Frederick William Grant, barrister-at-law, of Midland, Ont.; and William Joseph Shepard, of Waubaushene, Ont., lumberman.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Midland, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3489, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
“SOCIEDAD INTERNACIONAL DE EDITORES, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, April 2, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Charles Hazlitt Cahan, the younger, barrister-at-law; James Louis Finley, stenographer; James Henry Wilkie, Eric James Church and William Edward Brown, accountants, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3490, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“C. J. DRYDEN COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, April 2, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $25,000. Number of shares, 250.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Clarence Johnston Dryden, contractor, and Norman Chalmers Brown, clerk, of Westmount, Que.; Hugh Chester Wallace, druggist, and Ralph Hugh Somers, dentist, of Montreal, Que.; and Amy Eagle, of Toronto, Ont., spinster.

First or Provisional Directors.—Clarence Johnston Dryden, Hugh Chester Wallace, and Ralph Hugh Somers.

Chief place of Business.—City of Westmount, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3491, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“THE CARLTON, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, April 2, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Amable Asselin and Adrian Moisan, commercial travellers; Calixa Narcisse Moisan and George Albert Cavanagh, managers, and Mrs. Clara Gaudaire MacKinnon, married woman, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3491, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“LYNCH & BRUNEAU, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, April 2, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William Lynch and Michel Bruneau, of L’Epiphanie, Que., manufacturers; Joseph Oscar Mathieu, Eugène Mathieu and Henri Mathieu, manufacturers, of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Village of L’Epiphanie, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3490, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"WATT & SCOTT, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 3, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Lockhart Watt, merchant; George Lockhart Watt and Alfred Walter Hutchison, salesmen, of Toronto, Ont.; Arthur Herbert Scott, merchant, and Philip Charles Messervy, salesman, of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—James Lockhart Watt, George Lockhart Watt and Arthur Herbert Scott.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3489, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"GRAIN SECURITIES, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 3, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Hugh Phillipps, Charles Stuart Anderson Rogers and Harold St. Clair Searth, barristers-at-law; William Miller Shaw, accountant, and Kathleen Beatrice Armstrong, stenographer, all of Winnipeg, Man.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Winnipeg, Man.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3750, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"RIKER-HEGEMAN DRUG STORES, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 3, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $10,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $5.

Corporate Members.—William Alfred James Case, solicitor; James Broadbent Taylor, accountant; Richard Pike, book-keeper; Clifford Gordon Lynch, secretary, and John Arthur Christilaw, student-at-law, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—William Alfred James Case, James Broadbent Taylor and Richard Pike.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4043, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

Supplementary Letters Patent issued February 24, 1915, to

"RIKER-HEGEMAN DRUG STORES, LIMITED."

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from the sum of $10,000 to the sum of $513,000, being an addition of 161,000 shares of $5 each to the present capital stock, and changing the corporate name of said company to that of

"TAMBLYN DRUG STORES, LIMITED."

AGREEMENTS FOR SALE AND DEBENTURE COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED.

Incorporated, April 3, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Jamieson Davidson, capitalist; Herbert Sheffield Merrill and George Thomas Robinson, real estate brokers; Leonard Brooks Ring, barrister; Hiram Porter Hendricks, surgeon, and Walter David Cowan, dentist, all of Regina, Sask.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Regina, Sask.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3583, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"HERB FUERST, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 3, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Edwin Charles Fuerst, manager; Richard Knowles and Oscar Losekrug, clerks; Johnny Charette, porter, and Jennie Fuerst, married woman, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3580, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued April 3, 1914, to

"THE SLATER SHOE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Decreasing the capital stock of the said company from $1,000,000 to the sum of $400,000, such decreased capital stock to consist of 4,000 shares of $100 each.

Vide p. 3493, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"PAGE & SHAW (CANADA), LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 4, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Robert Taschereau and Thibaudau Rinfret, both of His Majesty's counsel learned in the law; John Edward Short, clerk; Rosario Genest and Joseph Emile Billette, advocates, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3584, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"FAIRWEATHER AND COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 4, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000.
Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Steller Lovell, accountant; William Bain and Charles Delamere Magee, bookkeepers; Robert Gowans and Joseph Ellis, solicitors' clerks, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—James Steller Lovell, William Bain, Robert Gowans and Joseph Ellis.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3581, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
"STRAND CAFE, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 7, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Florence Jane Bowden, married woman; James Lambert Bowden, draughtsman; Christopher Edward Acheson and Herbert Pichard Pipes, clerks, and Antoine Delvida Giasson, chef, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3582, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"CLEMENT HATS AND FURS, LIMITED."

"CLEMENT CHAPEAUX ET FOURRURES, LIMITEE."

Incorporated, April 7, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Hippolyte Clement, merchant; Joseph Horace Cusson, manufacturer; Eugène Coste, accountant; Cécile Clément, wife of the said Joseph Hippolyte Clément, of Montreal, Que.; and Donald Hector McLean, of Ottawa, Ont., barrister.

First or Provisional Directors.—Joseph Hippolyte Clément, Joseph Horace Cusson and Eugène Coste.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3585, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"CANADA FOXES, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 7, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000.
Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Frank Atwood Good, Normal School Instructor; George Alfred Inch, vice-principal Normal School, and Hamilton George Kitchen, contractor, of Fredericton, N.B.; Clement Chandler Avard, of Sackville, N.B., publisher; Harry Archibald Watson, of Saint-Mary’s, N.B., financial broker; Alvah Hovey Chipman, of Hampton, N.B., financial broker, and Daniel Alexander Morrison; of Amherst, N.S., wholesale grocer.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Sackville, N.B.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3676, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"GATEWAY FISH COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated April 7, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Oscar Loran Davis, merchant; James Stewart Gray, lobster packer; Charles Edwin Langille, telephone superintendent; William Henry Townsend Spinney, salesman, and Samuel Bancroft Davis, master mariner, all of Yarmouth, N.S.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Yarmouth, N.S.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3583, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
"BLEURY INVESTMENT CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 7, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $125,000. Number of shares, 1,250.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Charles Davis Tweedie, sales manager, and Percival Albert Hill, clerk, of Montreal, Que.; Richard Robert Greetham, secretary-treasurer, John Peter Atkinson, manager, and Charles Wellington Baker, accountant, of Westmount, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3582, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued April 7, 1914, to

"ADVERTISING SERVICE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $50,000 to the sum of $100,000, being an addition of 500 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.

Vide p. 3580, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued April 7, 1914, to

"MOUNT ROYAL SECURITIES, LIMITED."

Changing the corporate name of said company to that of

"AMALGAMATED INVESTMENTS, LIMITED."

Vide p. 3580, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"THE WESTLAKE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 8, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Frederick James Evernden and Jabez Taylor, wine clerks; William Nelson, machinist; Frederick William Montercieff, contractor, and Percy William Henry Bassett, painter, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3681, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"UNITED CIGAR STORES, LIMITED."

(Re-incorporation.)

Incorporated, April 8, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $865,000. Number of shares, 173,000.—Amount of each share, $5.

Corporate Members.—William Alfred James Case, solicitor; James Broadbent Taylor, accountant; Clifford Gordon Lynch, secretary; John Arthur Christilaw and Charles Edgar Lafayette Babcock, students-at-law, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3778, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

Supplementary Letters Patent issued April 16, 1914, to

"UNITED CIGAR STORES, LIMITED,"

Changing the corporate name of said company to that of

"AMALGAMATED CIGAR STORES, LIMITED."


"H. MOSS & COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 9, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $500,000.
Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

**Corporate Members.**—Harold Herbert Moss, financial broker; Robert Francis Rorke, physician; William Walker Kennedy, barrister-at-law; Capt. Reginald Joseph Bentinck, Charles Moss, Capt. James Lightfoot and William Aldane Dingwall, managers, all of Winnipeg, Man.

**First or Provisional Directors.**—The said corporate members.

**Chief place of Business.**—City of Winnipeg, Man.


"CANADA COKE CORPORATION, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 9, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $75,000.
Number of shares, 750.—Amount of each share, $100.

**Corporate Members.**—Farquhar Stuart Maclean, of Westmount, Que., King's counsel; Charles Champoux, Laurence deKalisz Stephens and Joseph William Weldon, advocates, and Lucy Mary Shea, clerk, of Montreal, Que.

**First or Provisional Directors.**—The said corporate members.

**Chief place of Business.**—City of Montreal, Que.


"DOMINION ENGINEERING AND MACHINERY COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 11, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $2,000,000.
Number of shares, 20,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

**Corporate Members.**—George Mortimer Kelley and John Delatre Falconbridge, barristers-at-law; Alexander Carew McFarlane, Lester Millman Keachie and Joseph Harold Wilson, students-at-law; Ida Anne Cooper and Leonora Claire Stephens, stenographers; Grace Burley and Gladys Vivian McCrimmon, bookkeepers, all of Toronto, Ont.

**First or Provisional Directors.**—The said corporate members.

**Chief place of Business.**—City of Toronto, Ont.


"ELECTRIC FURNACE PRODUCTS COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 11, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $5,000,000.
Number of shares, 50,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

**Corporate Members.**—Harris Earle Wallace, barrister-at-law; Richard Pike, accountant; John Arthur Christilaw, student-at-law; Byron Best Spence and James Ernest Jefferies, solicitor's clerks, all of Toronto, Ont.

**First or Provisional Directors.**—The said corporate members.

**Chief place of Business.**—City of Toronto, Ont.

"THE CAMBRIDGE CAFE, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 11, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Louis Lehrer, saloon keeper, and Etta Lehrer, married woman, of Westmount, Que.; Nehemiah Goodkowsky, saloon keeper, Gertrude Goodkowsky, married woman, and Hyman Lehrer, gentleman, of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Louis Lehrer, Nehemiah Goodkowsky and Hyman Lehrer.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3669, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"THE NATIONAL AUTOMATIC BUSINESS DIRECTORIES, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 14, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Harold Clifford Shipman, inventor; John Ross Thomson and Victor Bélanger, patent solicitors; Katie Frances MacGibbon, secretary, and John Douglas Ormond, accountant, all of Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3679, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"DE LEON COSTUME COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 14, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Wilfrid Rousseau, of Quebec, Que., trader; Louis Albert Dubrule, manufacturer; Blanche Elizabeth Parent, spinster; Maurice Dubrule, accountant, and Paul Dubrule, manager, of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Joseph Wilfrid Rousseau, Louis Albert Dubrule and Blanche Elizabeth Parent.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3781, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"LAURENTIAN LAND COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 14, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Benson Clothier Beach, manufacturer; Edwin Abel Beach and Martin Rosenthal, real estate agents; Andrew Haydon, barrister-at-law, and James Eugene Taggart, dentist, all of Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3676, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"CARRE VIGER HOTEL, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 14, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Angela Daigneault, hotel proprietor; Arthur Pelletier, bookkeeper; Edmond Gingras, clerk; Albert Beaudoin, railroad contractor, and Antonio Poitras, wine clerk, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3686, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

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"SOUTHERN LAND SYNDICATE, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 15, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, £125,000. Number of shares, 250.—Amount of each share, £500.

Corporate Members.—James Steller Lovell, accountant; Robert Gowans, William Bain, Charles Delamere Magee, Joseph Ellis and John Joseph Dashwood, solicitor's clerks, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3678, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

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"FRED G. SIMS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 15, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $30,000. Number of shares, 6,000.—Amount of each share, $5

Corporate Members.—Frederick George Sims, merchant; Annie Florence Sims, married woman; James Levi McCullough, civil servant, and Wilfred Cheevers Greig, barrister-at-law, all of Ottawa, Ont.; and Joseph William Couture, of Hull, Que., clerk.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3651, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

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"HOTEL CECIL COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 15, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $75,000. Number of shares, 750.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—George Edward Jewell, inn-keeper; Robert George Code, Edmund Foster Burratt and Samuel Rupert Broadfoot, barristers-at-law, and Gertrude Maud Sibley, stenographer, all of Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3778, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
"LONGUEUIL IMPROVEMENT CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 15, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $300,000. Number of shares, 3,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Wilfrid Bovey and William Roy Hastings, advocates; Harry Arthur Ellis, bookkeeper; Lillian Montgomery Gamble and Esther Tomkins, stenographers, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3675, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"THE JOURNAL OF COMMERCE PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 15, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $500,000. Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Howard Salter Ross and Eugène Réal Angers, barristers; Ellen Maud Leet, Laura Lavigne and Florence Salmon, stenographers, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3657, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"THE NATIONAL STOCK FOOD COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 16, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Raoul Alfred Leduc, insurance broker; Wilfrid Monette, physician, and Napoléon Rochon, accountant, of Montreal, Que.; Sylvio Lafortune, of Pointe Gatineau, Que., physician, and Avila Isidore Telmosse, of Ottawa, Ont., veterinary surgeon.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3686, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"FINANCIAL AGENCIES, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 6, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Herbert Doyle Bennett, accountant; Henry Dunlop Morrison, architect and structural engineer; Privat Raymond Charlevoix, real estate broker; Henrietta Maria Bassett and Ella Mary Jackson, spinsters, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Herbert Doyle Bennett, Henry Dunlop Morrison, Henrietta Maria Bassett and Ella Mary Jackson.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3683, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

“TELFORD AND CHAPMAN, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, April 16, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. 
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.


First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Village of Rock Island, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3686, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“AUTOMATIC TELEPHONE MANUFACTURING COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, April 16, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000. 
Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Hugh Phillips, Charles Stuart Anderson Rogers and Harold St. Clair Scarth, barristers; William Miller Shaw, accountant, and Roderick Matheson Maclean, law student, all of Winnipeg, Man.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Winnipeg, Man.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3684, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“THE CORBETT CONTRACTING COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, April 16, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. 
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Herbert Corbett, Edward Corbett and James Henry Corbett, of Welland, Ont., contractors; Herman Allan Corbett, of Frederick, N.B., contractor, and Edward Selkirk Skead, of Hull, Que., gentleman.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Welland, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3674, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“UNIVERSAL TOOL STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, April 17, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $10,000,000. 
Number of shares, 100,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Gerard Ruel and Reginald Herbert Moutagne Temple, barristers-at-law; Archibald James Reid, King’s counsel; Walter Leland Pinkney, secretary, and Frederick Charles Allen, law clerk, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3680, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
"DOMINION OFFICE SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 18, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $25,000. Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—George Garry Kuhlmann, bookbinder; Fred. Childs Ledyard, salesman; Elizabeth Irene Kuhlmann and Jennie Louise Ledyard, married women, of Detroit, Mich., U.S.A.; and Charles Wilson Northwood, bookbinder, of Windsor, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—George Garry Kuhlmann, Fred. Childs Ledyard and Charles Wilson Northwood.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Walkerville, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3777, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"A. LAURIAN & COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 18, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Alderic Laurion, hotelkeeper; Alexandre Laurion and Alfred Lariviere, wine clerks; Mrs. Rose De Lima Laurion and Mrs. Corinne Laurion, married women, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3777, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"THE KIERSTEAD & MERSEREAU FOX AND FUR COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 18, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000. Number of shares, 100,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Jacob Whitfield Keirstead and Chalmers Jack Mersereau, financial brokers; James Austin Smyth Kierstead, clerk; Horace Alfred Porter, barrister-at-law, and Annie Maude Stilwell, stenographer, all of Saint John, N.B.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Saint John, N.B.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3779, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"P. A. DUBORD & COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 20, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $600,000. Number of shares, 60,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Thibaudeau Rinfret, King's counsel; Joseph Emile Billette, Arthur Reginald Whitney Plimsoot and Regnier Brodeur, advocates, and Leon Lajoie, student-at-law, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3786, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

“MARPAL-BLASTINE EXPLOSIVES, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, April 20, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, £4,000 (sterling). Number of shares, 16,000.—Amount of each share, £5 (sterling).

Corporate Members.—George John Allen, of Coombe Cliff, in the Borough of Croydon, Surrey Co., England, justice of the peace; Alfred Cardain Frost, surveyor, and Charles Macure Sclanders, writer, in the village of Beaconsfield, Buckinghamshire Co., England; Archibald Anderson Dickson, timber merchant, and Alfred Passmore Poussette, King’s counsel, of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3783, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“TIMBER PROPERTIES & SECURITIES, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, April 22, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Walter Robert Lorimer Shanks, advocate; Francis George Bush, bookkeeper; George Robert Drennan, stenographer; Michael Joseph O’Brien and Herbert William Jackson, clerks, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide, p. 3782, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“THE ACCOUNTING & TABULATING CORPORATION, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, April 22, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $4,500,000. Number of shares, 45,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Lawrence Macfarlane, King’s counsel; Charles Alexander Pope, Gregor Barclay and William Bridges Scott, advocates, and James Geary Cartwright, office manager, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3782, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“PRINCIPELLO STEAMSHIPS, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, April 22, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $150,000. Number of shares, 1,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Gerard Ruel, barrister; Schuyler Crosby Snively, secretary; Archibald James Reid, King’s counsel; William Barrie Fleming, solicitor, and George Norman Limpricht, draughtsman, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3786, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
"BEAVER REALTY COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 22, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000.
Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Walter Robert Lorimer Shanks and Daniel Percy Gillmor, advocates; Francis George Bush, bookkeeper; George Robert Drennan, stenographer, and Herbert William Jackson, clerk, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3781, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"THE WELCH CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 22, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000.
Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—George MacPhail Clark, barrister-at-law; William Walter Perry, secretary; Charles Herbert Croft Leggott, accountant; Pearl Stokes, Elsie Estelle Sutherland and Elizabeth Davies, stenographers, and Edna Fitzsimmons, bookkeeper, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of St. Catharines, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3787, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"DOWNING-COOK COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 23, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Walter Robert Lorimer Shanks and Daniel Percy Gillmor, advocates; Francis George Bush, bookkeeper; George Robert Drennan, stenographer, and Herbert William Jackson, clerk, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3784, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"MOYNEUR, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 23, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $300,000.
Number of shares, 3,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Robinson Osborne, Samuel Rupert Broadfoot and Rodolphe Phillips, barristers-at-law; Ernest Buck, operator, and Frances Sinclair McPhail, stenographer, all of Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3865, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"THE CANADIAN UNDERWEAR COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 23, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Alexander Rives Hall, King's counsel; Gui Casimir Papineau-Couture and Louis Fitch, advocates; Pierre Badeaux, student-at-law, and Violet Winifred Leslie Henry-Anderson, stenographer, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Alexander Rives Hall, Gui Casimir Papineau-Couture and Louis Fitch.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3877, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"SUN REALTY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 24, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $2,500,000. Number of shares, 25,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Frank Williams, gardener; William Clark Perkins and Harold Duncan McCormick, barristers-at-law; Reuben Melville Perkins, druggist, and Christine Mathews, stenographer, all of Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3785, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"THE PREMIER PANTS MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 24, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Isidore Ballon, advocate; Saul Rubin, Charles Rubin and Samuel Cohen, merchants, and Jacob Rubin, dentist, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Saul Rubin, Charles Rubin and Samuel Cohen.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3867, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

Supplementary Letters Patent issued April 24, 1914, to "BANNERMAN, LIMITED."

Changing the corporate name of said company to that of "BRONX REALTY CO., LIMITED."

Vide p. 3787, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

Supplementary Letters Patent issued April 24, 1914, to "LA COMPAGNIE J. A. GUILMETTE, LIMITEE."

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $200,000 to the sum of $400,000, being an addition of 2,000 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.

Vide p. 3824, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
"CANADIAN LACO-PHILIPS COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, April 25, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $25,000.
Number of shares, 250.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Steller Lovell, accountant; William Bain, bookkeeper; Robert Gowans, John Joseph Dashwood and Joseph Ellis, solicitors’ clerks, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3871, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

Supplementary Letters Patent issued April 25, 1914, to

"STANFORDS, LIMITED."
Decreasing the capital stock of the said company from $500,000 to the sum of $200,000 such decreased capital stock to consist of 2,000 shares of $100 each.

Vide, p. 3866, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"THE LANCASTER WATER WORKS, LIMITED."
Incorporated, April 27, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $20,000.
Number of shares, 200.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Arthur Bourbeau, financial agent, of Montreal, Que.; Arthur Powell, druggist; Théodore Aubry and Donald Patrick Joseph Tobin, merchants, and James Alexander Taillon, blacksmith, of Lancaster, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Village of Lancaster, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3869, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"A. BARNET & COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, April 28, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000.
Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Alexander Barnet, James Edward Henry Barnet, Thomas Foster Barnet and Joseph George Barnet, of Renfrew, Ont., lumber merchants, and John Charles Browne, of Ottawa, Ont., lumber merchant.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Renfrew, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3869, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"POLSON DRY DOCK & SHIPBUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED."
(Re-incorporation.)
Incorporated, April 28, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $2,000,000.
Number of shares, 20,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Stewart, accountant; William Gilchrist, solicitor’s clerk; Gertrude Hancock, stenographer; McGillivray Aylesworth and Waldon Lawr. students-at-law, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—James Stewart, William Gilchrist, and Gertrude Hancock.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3867, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
"CAPITAL STORAGE CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 28, 1914. Amount of capital stock, $500,000. Number of shares, 5,000. — Amount of each share, 100.

Corporate Members.—Robert George Code, Edmund Foster Burritt, and Samuel Rupbert Broadfoot, barristers-at-law; William Hermidas Edouard Lepine, advocate and Gertrude Maud Sibley, stenographer, all of Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3875, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"BLACKBURN SPRINGS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 29, 1914. Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 100,000. — Amount of each share, $1.

Corporate Members.—Bernardin Boutet, solicitor; Aurelien Bélanger, student-at-law; Antoine Boutet, yeoman; Alphonse Lapierre and Charles Lapierre, brokers, all of Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3873, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"FEDERAL PAPER COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 29, 1914. Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000. — Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Joseph Meagher and Henry Noel Chauvin, of Montreal, Que., advocates; Percival William Peacock, of Westmount, Que., secretary; James Edouard Coulin, of Outremont, Que., advocate; and Reginald Hurst Dare, of St. Lambert, Que., agent.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3872, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"SOUTH AMERICA CABINET WOODS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, April 29, 1914. Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000. Number of shares, 10,000. — Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Charles Joseph Frederick Collier, student-at-law; Horace Frederick Welsh, Esquire; Estelle Blanche Ridge, Edith Mary Carruthers and Aileen Ritchie, stenographers, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3876, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
"SLABOSKY & BERNZWEIG, LIMITED."
Incorporated, April 29, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $20,000. Number of shares, 200. - Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John O'Reilly and James Johnston, clerks; Henry Judah Trihey, Peter Bercovitch and Ernest Lafontaine, advocates, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3874, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"E. LEMIRE & FILS, LIMITEE."
"E. LEMIRE & SONS, LIMITED."
Incorporated April 30, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500. - Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Ernest Lemire and Oswald Lemire, merchants; Dame Corinne Charest, wife of Ernest Lemire; Joseph Ernest Lemire, notary public, and Mademoiselle Maria Lemire, spinster, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Ernest Lemire, Joseph Ernest Lemire and Oswald Lemire.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3958, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"LA MARQUISE, LIMITED."
Incorporated, April 30, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500. - Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—George Eddington, candymaker; Arthur Paul Copson, artist; Ollie Douglass and William Edwin MacAdams, clerks, and Charles Lindsay MacAdams, agent, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—George Eddington, Arthur Paul Copson and Ollie Douglas.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3874, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"AUTOMATIC CHEMICAL SPRINKLER COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, April 30, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000. - Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—George Allan Robinson, accountant; Alice Gertrude Boylan, stenographer; George Francis Clare, assistant manager, and Alfred George Moore, clerk, of Toronto, Ont.; and Peter Kyan Sproule, bookkeeper, of Hamilton, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3874, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
"LA COMPAGNIE DE PUBLICATION DU COURRIER, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 1, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000
Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Herecle Gohier, notary, and Philémon Cousineau, advocate, both of St. Laurent; Raoul Carignan, trader, of Lachine; Anselme Séraphin Deguire, advocate, of Outremont; Rodolphe Monty and Joseph Alphonse Beaulieu, advocates, of Montreal, all of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3959, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"LADDER LAKE LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 2, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $400,000.
Number of shares, 4,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Gerard Ruel, barrister; Archibald James Reid, King’s counsel; Walter Leland Pinkney, secretary; George Norman Limpricht and Harry Reeve Burrows, draughtsmen, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3959, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"EDINBURGH INVESTMENT COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 4, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Alexander Huntly Duff, Walter Alfred Merrill and Ralph Burnett, advocates; Jean Lang Muir, accountant, and Emily Oldroyd, secretary, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3956, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"CONSOLIDATED SILVER BLACK FOXES, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 5, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William King Gross and John Humphrey Harris, brokers; Frank Chester Robinson, lumberman, and Richard Freeman Kinnear, contractor, of Moncton, N.B.; and Thomas Eustache Babin, hotelkeeper, of Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Village of Allison, N.B.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3956, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
Supplementary Letters Patent, issued May 5, 1914, to

"BOWLES LUNCH, LIMITED."

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $1,000,000 to the sum of $5,000,000, being an addition of 20,000 common and 20,000 preference shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.

_Vide p. 3955, Canada Gazette, 1913-14._

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued May 6, 1914, to

"CANADIAN ASSETS, LIMITED."

Extending the powers of the said company.

_Vide p. 3955, Canada Gazette, 1913-14_

"THOUIN HOTEL CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 6, 1914. — - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

_Corporate Members._—Joseph Thouin, hotelkeeper; Albert Erpicem, agent; Raoul Perreault, accountant; Noëlla Archambault and Laura Montpetit, stenographers, all of Montreal, Que.

_First or Provisional Directors._—Joseph Thouin, Albert Erpicem and Raoul Perreault.

_Chi ef place of Business._—City of Montreal, Que.

_Objects of Company._—_Vide p. 4040, Canada Gazette, 1913-14._

"THE ASSOCIATED MERCHANTS OF CANADA, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 6, 1914. — - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $20,000. Number of shares, 400.—Amount of each share, $50.

_Corporate Members._—Joseph Edmond Dubé, druggist; Joseph Cyprien Achille Bédard, real estate agent; Joseph Charles Boulanger, manager, all three of Quebec, Que.; Joseph Eugène Thériault, financial agent, and Dame Florence Newton, both of London, England.

_First or Provisional Directors._—The said corporate members.

_Chi ef place of Business._—City of Quebec, Que.

_Objects of the Company._—_Vide p. 4040, Canada Gazette, 1913-14._

"LA COMPAGNIE D’EXPLOITATION MASSON, LIMITÉE."

"MASSON DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 6, 1914. — - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

_Corporate Members._—Raymond Masson, gentleman; François de Sales, Alphonse Bastien, and Charles Auguste Harwood, both of His Majesty’s counsel learned in the law; Guillaume Napoléon Moncel, accountant, and Raymond Bastien, agent, all of Montreal, Que.

_First or Provisional Directors._—The said corporate members.

_Chi ef place of Business._—City of Montreal, Que.

_Objects of the Company._—_Vide p. 3960, Canada Gazette, 1913-14._
SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"THE CANADIAN UNITED THEATRES, LIMITED."
Incorporated, May 6, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $3,000,000. Number of shares, 30,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Charles Ralph Collyer, accountant; George Sutton Gibbons, solicitor; Agnes Isabel Pelton, Lillian Adelaide Fowler and Gladdys Catherine Legg, stenographers, all of London, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of London, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3961, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"ANDREW WILSON & COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, May 6, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000. Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Andrew Wilson and Alexander Ross Wilson, wholesale tobacco-nists; George MacPhail Clark and Richmond Wyllie Hart, solicitors, and Charles Herbert Croft Leggott, accountant, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—Andrew Wilson, Alexander Ross Wilson and George MacPhail Clark.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3962, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"CANADIAN RAILWAY INSTITUTE, LIMITED."
Incorporated, May 7, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $25.

Corporate Members.—Frederick Lewis Jones, mechanical and air-brake instructor; William John Hatch, air-brake inspector; Charles Alpheus Martin, John James Cecil Wight and John Patrick Wynn, locomotive engineers, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Frederick Lewis Jones, John James Cecil Wight and Charles Alpheus Martin.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3960, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"AMERICAN OIL PROCESSES, LIMITED."
Incorporated, May 7, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, £3,100,000 sterling. Number of shares, 3,100,000.—Amount of each share, £1 sterling.

Corporate Members.—Edward Seybold, gentleman; Walter Goodman Bronson, lumberman; William Clark Perkins and Harold Duncan McCormick, barristers-at-law, and Reuben Melville Perkins, druggist, all of Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 3963, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
Supplementary Letters Patent issued May 7, 1914, to

"THE CAMPBELLTON & GASPE STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED,"

Changing the corporate name of said company to that of

"THE GASPE & BAIE DES CHALEURS STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED."

Vide p. 3955, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"SECOND CITY REALTY COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, May 9, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000. Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Charles Alexander Pope, Gregor Barclay and William Bridges Scott, advocates; James Geary Cartwright, office manager, and James Arthur Mathewson, student-at-law, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4044, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"LOWRY'S, LIMITED."
Incorporated, May 9, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Lowry, saloon keeper; Charles Henry Lowry, wine clerk; Herbert Allan Clark, bookkeeper; Mary Geneva Lowry, spinster, and Annie Lowry, married woman, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—James Lowry, Charles Henry Lowry and Herbert Allan Clark.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4039, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"EMPLOYERS DETECTIVE AGENCY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, May 9, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Charles Michael Garvey, solicitor; Beatrice Irene Heron and Edna Beatrice James, stenographers; Stephen Ferdinand Adelia and Alexander Murdoch, gentlemen, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4039, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"CENTRAL FRUIT AUCTION COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 9, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Richard Charles Barry, William Bell, John Stetson and Howard Upham Cogg, of Montreal, Que., merchants; Robert Burthistle Brown, of Westmount, Que., merchant.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4042, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"CO-OPERATIVE SILK MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 9, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Henry Noel Chauvin, Harold Earle Walker and John MacNaughton, of Montreal, Que., advocates; George Harold Baker, advocate, and Christina Imrie, bookkeeper, of Westmount, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4038, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"MONTREAL NEW CITY EXTENSION CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 11, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $450,000.
Number of shares, 4,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Arthur Hoolahan, Isidore Trudeau, Félix Vanasse, brokers; Donat House, commercial traveller, and Count Alban de Sars-le-Comte, civil engineer, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4037, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"ST. CLOUD LAND COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 11, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $300,000.
Number of shares, 3,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Louis Athanasé David and Louis Edouard Adolphe d'Argy Mailhoit, advocates; Segfried Hinson Read Bush, student; Edward Charles Baker, accountant, and Amédée Blanchard, notary public, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4041, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
"CANADA FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 12, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $3,000,000. Number of shares, 30,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Steller Lovell and Charles Delamere Magee, accountants; William Bain, bookkeeper; Robert Gowans, Joseph Ellis and John Joseph Dashiwood, solicitors' clerks, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Woodstock, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4042, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued May 12, 1914 to

"THE RICHARD COMPANY" (LIMITED).

Changing the corporate name of said company to that of

"BELIVEAU, LIMITED."

Vide p. 4027, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"F. W. ANDERSON COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 13, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Harry Riley, Willus Bertram Sturrup and William Robert Anderson, law clerks; Thomas Stewart Hagan Giles, bookkeeper, and Arthur Claude Simmonds, stenographer, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4042, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued May 13, 1914, to

"DRUMMOND SHIRT COMPANY, LIMITED."

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $150,000 to the sum of $300,000, being an addition of 1,500 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.

Vide p. 4027, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"THE PREMIER GLASS COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 14, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $3,000,000. Number of shares, 600,000.—Amount of each share, $5.

Corporate Members.—William Taylor, accountant; William Cedric Nicholson and John Morton Monttle, law students; Bertha Hodgson and Bertha McCully, stenographers, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4125, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"WAWOTA AGRICULTURAL COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, May 14, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Edgar Rodolphe Eugene Chevrier, barrister; Aldege Joseph Richer, clerk; Napoléon Bélanger, trader; Jessie Lila May Boyce and Rebecca Mary Bobier, stenographers, all of Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4045, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"THE SHERBROOKE QUEBEC TOWNSITES, LIMITED."
Incorporated, May 15, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $500,000. Number of shares, 20,000.—Amount of each share, $25.

Corporate Members.—George Lamb Hume, doctor of medicine; Albert Kinkead, merchant; John Henry Bell, real estate broker; George Lawrence McLennan, clerk, and Reginald Alexis Smith, laundry proprietor, all of Sherbrooke, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Sherbrooke, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4126, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"THE SAW-MILL OWNERS SALES COMPANY, LIMITED."
"LA COMPAGNIE DE VENTES DES PROPRIETAIRES DE MOULINS A SCIE, LIMITEE."
Incorporated, May 18, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $20,000. Number of shares, 200.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Joseph alias Aleide Savoie, manufacturer, and Joseph Olivier Crochetiere, accountant, of the Parish of St. Joseph de Blanford, Que.; François Theodore Savoie, of Plessisville, Que., manager; Ulric Edmond Germain, lumber dealer, and Joseph Real Poulin, accountant, of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4124, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"ANGILDILE SALES COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, May 18, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Frank Joseph Hughes, barrister-at-law; Harry Melvin and Robert James Browne, clerks; Daniel Patrick James Kelly, student-at-law, and Edith McIntosh, stenographer, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—Frank Joseph Hughes, Daniel Patrick James Kelly and Edith McIntosh.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4124, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
“GLOUCESTER GARDENS, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, May 19, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 50,000.—Amount of each share, $1.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Benjamin Moyneur, merchant; Saint-George Lemoyne, banker, and Oscar Damasse DeCelles, broker, of Ottawa, Ont.; Jean Baptiste Pharand, the younger, and Joseph Ephrem Gravelle, of Hull, Que., merchants.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4124, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“TIMES PUBLISHING COMPANY, OF OTTAWA, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, May 19, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Andrew Edward Rea and Emmanuel Tassé, merchants; Edgar Rodolphe Eugène Chevrier, barrister, and George Emile Clapin, clerk, of Ottawa, Ont.; Albert Turner and Frederick Hulbert Page, of New York, N.Y., merchants.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4125, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued May 20, 1914, to

“MACARTHUR, PERKS & COMPANY, LIMITED.”
Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $250,000 to the sum of $500,000, being an addition of 2,500 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.

Vide p. 4123, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

Supplementary Letters Patent issued June 26, 1914, to

“MACARTHUR, PERKS & COMPANY, LIMITED.”
Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $500,000 to the sum of $1,500,000, being an addition of 10,000 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.

Vide p. 4577, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“LA CIE DES POURVOYEURS UNIVERSELLE, LIMITEE.”
“THE UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS CO. LIMITED.”
Incorporated, May 20, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $50.

Corporate Members.—Hector Charles Parent, notary, of Pointe Claire, Que.; Joseph Oscar Seguin, trader; Joseph Ernest Carreau, artist; Blanche Girard, stenographer, and Blanche Irene Poirier, spinster, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4126, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued May 26, 1914 to
"BEAUBIEN, LIMITED."—"BEAUBIEN, LIMITEE,"

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $150,000 to the sum of $1,000,000 being an addition of 8,500 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.

Vide p. 4209, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"INTERNATIONAL TRAVELLERS ACCOMMODATION, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 26, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $25,000. Number of shares, 250.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Daigneault, restaurant keeper; Raoul Payette, real estate agent; Narcisse Beaudry, hotelkeeper; Edouard Bachand, agent, and Anthime Dalbec, trader, all of Montreal, Que.

First of Provisional Directors.—Joseph Daigneault, Raoul Payette and Narcisse Beaudry.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4209, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"GOLDEN WINDERMERE, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 27, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $2,000,000. Number of shares, 20,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Benjamin Charles Prowse, Senator, and Angus Alexander McLean, Member of Parliament, of Charlottetown, P.E.I.; Patrick Charles Murphy, of Tignish, P.E.I., Senator; William David McKay, of Vancouver, B.C., promoter; and Gordon Muir, of Ottawa, Ont., advertising agent.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4210, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"THE STOCKWELL MOTORS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 27, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Francis Bernard Stockwell, merchant; Edouard Leger, manager; Harold Earle Walker, John MacNaughton and Henry Noel Chauvin, advocates, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Francis Bernard Stockwell, Edouard Leger and Henry Noel Chauvin.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4301, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
"THE MERCHANTS BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 27, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $3,000,000.
Number of shares, 30,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Henry John Hague, King’s counsel; Chilion Graves Heward, advocate; Alvin Ernest Woodworth, accountant; Alfred Boreham Wright and Clarence Arnold, clerks, all of Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.
Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4209, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"MARSH & McLennan, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 27, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William James Shaughnessy and Chilion Graves Heward, advocates, and Arthur Charters, bookkeeper, of Montreal, Que.; Alvin Ernest Woodworth, accountant, and Alfred Boreham Wright, clerk, of St. Lambert, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—William James Shaughnessy, Chilion Graves Heward, Arthur Charters and Alvin Ernest Woodworth.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.
Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4213, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"THE OTTERBROOK LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, May 27, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $45,000.
Number of shares, 450.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Harry Ibbetson, agent; Alexander Ronald Johnson, advocate, and Leslie Hale Boyd, King’s counsel, of Montreal, Que.; Theodore Langlois, of Westmount, Que., manager, and Frederick Dalby, of St. Lambert, Que., clerk.
First or Provisional Directors.—Harry Ibbetson, Theodore Langlois and Frederick Dalby.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.
Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4212, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued May 28, 1914, to

"THE SHELDON FARM COMPANY, LIMITED.

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $250,000 to the sum of $1,000,000, being an addition of 7,500 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.
Vide p. 4209, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"THE NORTHERN GARDENS OF MONTREAL, LIMITED."
Incorporated, May 29, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000.  
Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Jean-Baptiste David Légaré, real estate agent; Paul Emile  
Martin, accountant; Roch Thimoléon Beaudoin, notary; Oscar Larose, student,  
and Louis Elzéar Beauregard, advocate, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief Place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4211, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"SMARDON SHOE CO., LIMITED."
Incorporated, May 29, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000.  
Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Robertson Fleet and William Roy Hastings, advocates; Harry  
Arthur Ellis and Joseph Alphonse L'Heureux, bookkeepers, and Ethel Mary  
Austin, stenographer, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief Place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4210, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"CANADIAN HART ACCUMULATION COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, May 30, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, £60,000.  
Number of shares, 60,000.—Amount of each share, £1.

Corporate Members.—George Watson Kidd, of the District Council of Wanstead,  
engineer; Edward James Clark, of the District Council of Leytonstone, engineer;  
and Theodore Prestige, of London, engineer, all of England; Arthur Reid Slipp,  
of Fredericton, N.B., King’s counsel and member of the Legislature of New  
Brunswick; and Edouard Fabre Surveyor, King’s counsel, and Charles Gouverneur  
Ogden, barrister, of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of St. Johns, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4298, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"THE GREAT LAKES AND ATLANTIC CANAL AND POWER COMPANY,  
LIMITED."
Incorporated, May 30, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000.  
Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Edward Andrew D. Morgan, George Adelard Morrison, Henri  
Stanislaus Menesippe Caron, Charles Arcade Hetu and Leo Joseph Lefebvre, advoca-  
tes, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4299, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
Supplementary Letters Patent, issued May 30, 1914, to
“ALLISON & CO., LIMITED.”

Changing the corporate name of said company to that of
“WARNER, QUIN & CO., LIMITED.”

*Vide p. 4294, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.*

Supplementary Letters Patent issued May 30, 1914, to
“STAR SHOE, LIMITED.”

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $20,000 to the sum of $100,000, being an addition of 500 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock, also extending the undertaking of the said company.

*Vide p. 4295, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.*

“THE NORTH AMERICAN & FOREIGN CORPORATION, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, June 1, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Arnaud Marie Daniel Latrille, chemical engineer; Joseph Hector Ludovic Pelletier, manager; Benoît Séraphin Brosse, clerk, and Arthur Asselin, agent, all of Montreal, Que.; and Henri Arthur Raymond Lafleur, of Outremont, Que., manager.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4303, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“La COMPAGNIE HOUILLERE NATIONALE, LIMITÉE.”

Incorporated, June 1, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 100,000.—Amount of each share, $1.

Corporate Members.—Zénophile Bourdeau, merchant; Léandré Lepage, agent; Xavéri Lesage, agent; Adélaïd Lachapelle, advocate, all of Montreal, Que.; and Joseph Arthur Lesage, of Québec, Que., broker.

First or Provisional Directors.—Léandré Lepage, Xavéri Lesage and Zénophile Bourdeau.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4300, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“GRIFFIN AMUSEMENT CORPORATION, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, June 1, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $6,000,000. Number of shares, 60,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William Andrew Henderson and Austin Gregory Ross, barristers-at-law; Howard McConnell, stenographer; Hector Leslie Ross, druggist, and Helen Grant Fraser, spinster, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4297, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"CANADIAN SILVER BLACK FOX CORPORATION, LIMITED."

Incorporated, June 2, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $150,000.
Number of shares, 1,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Stephen Olin Humphrey, contractor; Percival Newton Crandall, photographer; George Johnson Robbins, broker; Frank Tuplin Pridham, artist, and Helen Sharp Hopey, stenographer, all of Moncton, N.B.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Village of Sunnie Brae, N.B.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4296, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"J. W. WINDSOR, LIMITED."

Incorporated, June 2, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Daniel Percy Gillmor, advocate; Francis George Bush, bookkeeper; George Robert Drennan, stenographer; Herbert William Jackson and Michael Joseph O'Brien, clerks, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Daniel Percy Gillmor, Francis George Bush and George Robert Drennan.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4302, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"ANTI-NICO COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, June 2, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $10,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Reginald Edgar George Burroughs, broker; Albert Victor Joyce, manager; Gregor Lenox Mattice, civil engineer; Wellington Johnston Boyd, conductor, and Bell Chipman Joyce, married woman, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Reginald Edgar George Burroughs, Albert Victor Joyce and Gregor Lenox Mattice.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4303, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"CANADIAN GENERAL FIRE EXTINGUISHER COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, June 4, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Autliff Kent, accountant; John Hay McDonald, Christopher William Thompson, James Miles Langstaff and Edward Warner Wright, barristers-at-law, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—John Autliff Kent, John Hay McDonald, James Miles Langstaff and Edward Warner Wright.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4300, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
“DAVIE SHIPBUILDING AND REPAIRING COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, June 4, 1914. Amount of capital stock, $500,000. Number of shares, 5,000. Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—George Duncan Davie and Allison Caufaude Davie, both of Lauzon, Que., shipbuilders; Thomas Alexander O’Neill, accountant; Joseph Pierre Augustin Gravel and Andrew Cecil Meredith Thomson, advocates, of Quebec, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Lauzon, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4295, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“HOTEL COMPANY OF ST. JOHN, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, June 5, 1914. Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000. Number of shares, 10,000. Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Charles Hazlitt Cahan, the younger, barrister-at-law; James Louis Finlay, stenographer; James Henry Wilkie, Eric James Church and William Edward Brown, accountants, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of St. John, N.B.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4475, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“PLACEMENT FONCIER, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, June 5, 1914. Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500. Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Madame Joséphine Lepage, wife of Cléophas Dignard; Cléophas Dignard, manufacturer; Jean Guillaume Latour, physician; Paul Ethier and Joseph Marceau, merchants, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4384, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“L’ÉCHANGE COMMERCIAL, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, June 5, 1914. Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500. Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Madame Joséphine Lepage, wife of Cléophas Dignard; Cléophas Dignard, manufacturer; Paul Ethier, merchant; Jean Guillaume Latour, physician, and Joseph Marceau, merchant, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4383, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued March 22, 1915, to

"L'EXCHANGE COMMERCIAL, LIMITEE."

Changing its incorporate name to that of

"JACQUES, ANTOINE, LIMITEE."


"STANLEY PARK REALTY COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, June 5, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $150,000
Number of shares, 1,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Abraham Jacob Bloomfield, agent; Eva Chipchase and Alfred Lamontagne, clerks; Harry Bloomfield and Samuel Bloomfield, merchants, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4382, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"ATLAS SHIPPING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, June 8, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000.
Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.


First or Provisional Directors.—Eratus Edwin Howard, Jacob DeWitt and Wilbert Harvard Howard.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4382, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"GALICIAN FINANCIAL COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED."

Incorporated, June 8, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $20.

Corporate Members.—Ernest Leon Lilien, banker; Frank Wartan, real estate broker; Maxwell Goldstein, Pierre Beullac and John Albert Engel, advocates, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Ernest Leon Lilien, Frank Wartan and Maxwell Goldstein.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4383, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
"J. A. KING AND COMPANY (CANADA), LIMITED."

Incorporated, June 8, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $150,000. Number of shares, 1,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Orick Burroughs MacCallum, barrister-at-law; James Louis Finlay, stenographer; James Henry Wilkie, Eric James Church and William Edward Brown, accountants, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4381, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"CANADIAN DAVID E. KENNEDY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, June 10, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $10,009. Number of shares, 100.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Frederick Henry Markey and Waldo Whittier Skinner, both of His Majesty’s counsel, learned in the law; William Gilbert Pugsley and George Gordon Hyde, advocates, and Ronald Cameron Grant, accountant, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4479, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"LEAVITT REALTY CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, June 10, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Alexander Rives Hall, Gui Casimir Papineau-Couture and Louis Fitch, advocates; and Pierre Amable Badeaux and Sol Vineberg, students-at-law, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Alexander Rives Hall, Gui Casimir Papineau-Couture, and Louis Fitch.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4479, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

Supplementary Letters Patent issued June 12, 1914, to "THE WM. CAULDWELL PAPER CO., LIMITED."

Changing the corporate name of said company to that of "BEVERIDGE PAPER COMPANY, LIMITED."

Vide p. 4475, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued June 12, 1914, to "CANADA WIRE AND CABLE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $500,000 to the sum of $3,000,000, being an addition of 25,000 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.

Vide p. 4475, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"MEDICINE HAT & EASTERN CANADA LANDS, LIMITED."
Incorporated, June 15, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $160,000. Number of shares, 1,600.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Andrew Lorne Hamilton, bank manager; David Watson, manager; Alexander Johnstone Gorrie, accountant; George Harold Doble, bond broker, and Charles Edmond Taschereau, notary, all of Quebec, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Andrew Lorne Hamilton, David Watson, Alexander Johnstone Gorrie and Charles Edmond Taschereau.

Chief place of Business.—City of Quebec, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4475, Canada Gazette, 1913-14..

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"LA COMPAGNIE INDUSTRIELLE D'ALFRED, ONTARIO, LIMITEE."
Incorporated, June 16, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Arthur Bourbeau, merchant, of Montreal, Que.; Honoré Bélanger, merchant; Doué Daoust, merchant; Joseph Houle, hotelkeeper, and Basil Batien Parisien, insurance agent, all four of the Parish of Alfred, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Parish of Alfred, Ont.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4480, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

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"ALBERT SILVER BLACK FOXES, LIMITED."
Incorporated, June 17, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Clifford Frank Gross and Philip Herd Fryers, brokers, and Horace McDonald Gross, butcher, of Moncton, N.B.; Karl Steeves Duffy and Charles Seymour Steeves, of Hillsboro, N.B., merchants.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Village of Sunny Brae, N.B.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4476, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

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Supplementary Letters Patent, issued June 17, 1914, to

BATHURST LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED."
Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $1,000,000 to the sum of $5,000,000, being an addition of 40,000 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.

Vide p. 4577, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

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"CHALEURS BAY PULP & PAPER COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, June 18, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Harry Redfern Fraser, King’s counsel; Arthur Frederick Fraser, manager; Frederick Samuel Rugg, advocate; Harriet Maud Terrill, bookkeeper, and Cora May Coombs, stenographer, all of Sherbrooke, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Sherbrooke, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4476, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
“DU PONT SAFETY POWDER COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, June 18, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $2,000,000. Number of shares, 20,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

**Corporate Members.**—Daniel Percy Gillmor, advocate; Francis George Bush, bookkeeper; George Robert Drennan, stenographer; Herbert William Jackson and Michael Joseph O'Brien, clerks, all of Montreal, Que.

**First or Provisional Directors.**—The said corporate members.

**Chief place of Business.**—City of Montreal, Que.

**Objects of the Company.**—Vide p. 4481, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

Supplementary Letters Patent issued November 26, 1914, to

DU PONT SAFETY POWDER COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED.

Changing the corporate name of the said company to that of

“PALMER-PERCHLORATE POWDER COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED.”

Vide p. 1658, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

Supplementary Letters Patent issued February 5, 1915, to

PALMER-PERCHLORATE POWDER COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED.

Decreasing the capital stock of the said company from $2,000,000 to the sum of $600,000, such decreased capital to consist of 6,000 shares of $100 each.


“THE GLOBE EDUCATOR SYNDICATE COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, June 18, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $25,000. Number of shares, 250.—Amount of each share, $100.

**Corporate Members.**—John McIntosh Smith, dental surgeon; Stephen Cresswell Matthews, cashier; Frederick Green, telegraph clerk, and George Perry, janitor, of St. John, N.B.; and William Banks, of Ottawa, Ont., financial broker.

**First or Provisional Directors.**—John McIntosh Smith. Stephen Cresswell Matthews and William Banks.

**Chief place of Business.**—Town of Hampton, N.B.

**Objects of the Company.**—Vide p. 4568, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“INDEPENDENT SILK COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, June 18, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

**Corporate Members.**—Theodore Ernest Herlihy, manufacturer's agent, and James Joseph O'Grady, inspector, of Westmount, Que.; Augustus Frederick Dillon, contractor, and Joseph Henry Dillon, advocate, of Montreal, Que.; and John Marazza, of Maisonneuve, Que.; contractor.

**First or Provisional Directors.**—The said corporate members.

**Chief place of Business.**—City of Montreal, Que.

**Objects of the Company.**—Vide p. 4480, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued June 18, 1914, to

"NEWFOUNDLAND SLATE QUARRIES, LIMITED."

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $500,000 to the sum of $2,500,000, being an addition of 20,000 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock, and changing the corporate name of said company to that of

"NEWFOUNDLAND SLATE CORPORATION, LIMITED."

_Vide p. 4475, Canada Gazette, 1913-14._

Supplementary Letters Patent issued June 19, 1914, to

"G. W. FAUST, LIMITED."

Changing the corporate name of said company to that of

"BORDEAUX SASH & DOOR, LIMITED."

_Vide p. 4567, Canada Gazette, 1913-14._

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued June 19, 1914, to

"FEDERAL SHOE FACTORIES, LIMITED."

Changing the corporate name of said company to that of

"LA PARISIENNE SHOE COMPANY, LIMITED."

_Vide p. 4567, Canada Gazette, 1913-14._

"THE HALL ENGINEERING WORKS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, June 19, 1914. Amount of capital stock, $200,000. Number of shares, 2,000. Amount of each share, $100.

_Corporate Members._—Thomas Hall, of Montreal West, Que., manager; Frank Herbert Fox and Richard Balmer Proctor, accountants, and William Frederick Fletcher, superintendent, of Montreal, Que.; and Charles Wellington Baker, of Westmount, Que., chartered accountant.

_First or Provisional Directors._—The said corporate members.

_Chief place of Business._—City of Montreal, Que.

_Objects of the Company._—Vide p. 5469, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"OTTAWA BASEBALL ASSOCIATION, LIMITED."

Incorporated, June 19, 1914. Amount of capital stock, $40,000. Number of shares, 400. Amount of each share, $100.

_Corporate Members._—Travers Lewis, King's counsel; James Forman Smellie, barrister-at-law; William Robertson Rowatt, agent; Mabel Burns Moir and Frances Pearl Burgess, stenographers, all of Ottawa, Ont.

_First or Provisional Directors._—Travers Lewis, James Forman Smellie and William Robertson Rowatt.

_Chief place of Business._—City of Ottawa, Ont.

“L. J. A. SURVEYER, LIMITED.”

“Incorporated, June 19, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Edouard Fabre Surveyer, King’s counsel; Charles Gouverneur Ogden, barrister; Paul Servilllon Conroy, notary; Romeo Cusson, clerk, and Alice Rosalia Warren, stenographer, all of Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—Edouard Fabre Surveyer, Charles Gouverneur Ogden and Alice Rosalia Warren.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.
Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4568, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“EASTBOURNE LANDS, LIMITED.”

“Incorporated, June 19, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000.
Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Thibaudeau Rinfret, King’s counsel; Joseph Emile Billette, Arthur Reginald Whitney Plimsoll and Régnier Brodeur, advocates, and Jean Freddy Féréol Bernard, student-at-law, all of Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.
Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4569, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“AMERICAN LA FRANCE FIRE ENGINE COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED.”

“Incorporated, June 20, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Harry Riley and William Robert Anderson, law clerks; Thomas Stewart Hagan Giles, bookkeeper; Harold Ernest McKitrick, barrister, and John Steuart Duggan, student-at-law, all of Toronto, Ont.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.
Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4571, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

“CLARK’S DAIRY, LIMITED.”

“Incorporated, June 22, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000.
Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Clark, the elder; John Clark, the younger; Albert Sumner Clark, Oliver Clark, Levi Clark and Harry J. Clark, dairymen, and Mary Janet Clark, wife of the said John Clark, the elder, all of the township of Nepean, county of Carleton, Ont.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—Village of City View, Ont.
Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4570, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"BOASE OF MONTREAL, LIMITED."

Incorporated, June 22, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Edouard Fabre Surveyer, King’s counsel; Charles Gouverneur Ogden, barrister; Roméo Cusson, clerk; Paul Servillian Conroy, notary, and Alice Rosalia Warren, stenographer, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4572, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"ALBERTA HOTEL, LIMITEE."

Incorporated, June 22, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Louis Philippe Godin, restaurant keeper; Joseph Godin, Edouard Godin and Emile Demers, all three gentlemen, and Wilfrid Legault, cigar manufacturer, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Louis Philippe Godin, Joseph Godin and Edouard Godin.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4568, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"IMPERIAL WASTE AND METAL COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, June 22, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Alexander Rives Hall, Gui Casimir Papineau-Couture and Louis Fitch, advocates; Pierre Amable Badeaux and Sol Vineberg, students-at-law, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4572, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"BOURDON & CHEVALIER, LIMITED."

Incorporated, June 23, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Louis Bourdon and François Xavier Chevalier, the younger, manufacturers; Edouard Joseph Nicholson, superintendent; François Xavier Chevalier, the elder, gentleman, and Joseph Levesque, clerk, all of L’Epiphanie, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Village of L’Epiphanie, Que.

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued December 16, 1914, to
"BOURDON & CHEVALIER, LIMITED;"
Changing the corporate name of the said company to that of
"THE KNIGHT CIGAR COMPANY, LIMITED.

"MONTREAL-ALBERTA OIL WELLS SYNDICATE, LIMITED."
Incorporated, June 23, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $5.
Corporate Members.—George Leonard Alexander, advocate; Harold Beauport Mussen, financier; Robert Henry Squire, bank manager; Samuel Abram Grant, real estate agent; and Harry Austin Jones, consulting engineer, all of Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.
Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4573, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"UPPER FRASER LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, June 23, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $3,250,000.
Number of shares, 32,500.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Walter Robert Lorimer Shanks, advocate; Francis George Bush, bookkeeper; George Robert Drennan, stenographer; Michael Joseph O’Brien, and Herbert William Jackson, clerks, all of Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.
Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4573, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"CORNER REALTIES, LIMITED."
Incorporated, June 24, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $210,000.
Number of shares, 2,100.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Henry Johnston Elliott, King’s counsel; Louis Athanase David, advocate; Louis Edouard Adolphe D’Argy Mailhiot and Edward Charles Baker, accountants, and Sara Innes, stenographer, all of Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.
Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4573, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

"LECLERC & DEGUISE, LIMITEE."
Incorporated, June 24, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $49,000.
Number of shares, 490.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Theodore Leclerc, Antonio Joseph DeGuise, Joseph Alberic Mainguy, insurance agents, and Louis Cyrius Jacques, notary, all four of Quebec, Que.; and Agesilas Wilfrid Coulombe, accountant, of Lévis, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Quebec, Que.
Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4576, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.
THE ROCK ISLAND TOBACCO COMPANY, LIMITED.

Incorporated, June 26, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000.
Number of shares, 20,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—William Hughes Davidson and Fergus Murphy, both of His Majesty's counsel, learned in the law; Edward Arthur Evans, civil engineer; Simon Boiteau, clerk, and Alphage Parent, bookkeeper, all of Quebec, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4576, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

J. H. HAMILTON SHOE CO., LIMITED.

Incorporated, June 26, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $50.

Corporate Members.—James Hollingrake Hamilton, of Levis, Que., manufacturer; Joseph Arthur LaRue, Eugene Trudel, George Cantin and Hildevert Groleau, all of Quebec, Que., accountants.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Sherbrooke, Que.

Objects of the Company.—Vide p. 4576, Canada Gazette, 1913-14.

PNEUMATIC CONCRETE PLACING COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED.

Incorporated, June 27, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Arnold Wainwright, advocate and King's counsel; Maurice Alexander, advocate, and Darley Burley-Smith, manager, all of Montreal, Que.; Aubrey Huntingdon Elder, advocate, and Jennie Louise Lawrence, stenographer, both of Westmount, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


NATIONAL WAIST COMPANY, LIMITED.

Incorporated, July 2, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $45,000.
Number of shares, 450.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Henry Judah Trihey, Peter Bercovitch and Ernest Lafontaine, advocates; James Johnston and John O'Reilly, clerks, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"DRUMMOND SHIRT COMPANY, LIMITED."
(Re-incorporation.)

Incorporated, July 2, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $300,000. Number of shares, 3,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Albert Gendron, accountant; Walter Alexandre Moisan, notary; George Broekbank, manager; Harry Tucker, foreman, and Charles-Henri Lalonde, lawyer, all of Drummondville, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Drummondville, Que.


"CITY DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 2, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Henry Weinfield, Pierre Ledieu and Jacob Yale Fortier, advocates; Jean Charles Duhamel, accountant, and Jessie Brown, bookkeeper, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Henry Weinfield, Pierre Ledieu and Jean Charles Duhamel.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"DRUMMOND STREET LANDHOLDERS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 3, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000. Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Cecil Gordon MacKinnon, John Thomas Hackett and Henry Robert Mulvena, advocates; Clara Thomas and Nita Pollock, stenographers, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Cecil Gordon MacKinnon, John Thomas Hackett and Henry Robert Mulvena.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"THE INTERNATIONAL FREEHOLD PULP WOOD COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 3, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Stewart Gordon, accountant; James Burness Smith Mitchell and Elmyr Sidney Scott, bookkeepers; Flora Marcotte and Marie Lydie Grenier, stenographers, all of New Carlisle, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—New Carlisle, Que.

"DOMINION SAND AND BARGING COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, July 4, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—James Roland Morton, financial agent; Neil Francis MacNeil and William Raymond MacKay, agents; Richard Smith McGillivray, accountant, and Alfred George Young, manager, all of Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—James Roland Morton, Neil Francis MacNeil and William Raymond MacKay.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"CANADIAN UNIVERSAL FILM COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, July 4, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $150,000.
Number of shares, 1,500.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—James Stellar Lovell, accountant; William Bain, bookkeeper; Robert Gowans, John Joseph Dashwood and Joseph Ellis, solicitor’s clerks, all of Toronto, Ont.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

"SEGUR, MACKAY, SEGUR OILS, LIMITED."
Incorporated, July 6, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000.
Number of shares, 1,000,000.—Amount of each share, $1.
Corporate Members.—René Chènevert and Frank Callaghan, advocates; Holsey Lorne Mitchell, agent; John Coolican and Percy Gregory, accountants, all of Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"VALENTINE & GUILBAULT, LIMITED."
Incorporated, July 7, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $45,000.
Number of shares, 450.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Joseph Arthur Guilbault and Henry Valentine, master painters; Avila Raymond, merchant; Jean-Baptiste Gratton, clerk, and Joseph Emile Gill, civil engineer, all of Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.
Supplementary Letters Patent, issued July 7, 1914, to "WELLINGTON COMOX COMPANY, LIMITED."

Changing the corporate name of said company to that of "WELLINGTON COMOX AGENCY, LIMITED."


"MONTREAL CONTRACTING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 8, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $10,000. Number of shares, 100.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Armitage Ewing, advocate and King's counsel; George Samuel McFadden, advocate; James William Brown, Alexander Steele and Edward Laurence Earl, clerks, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"LEDCOTE COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 8, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $150,000. Number of shares, 1,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Clarence James Silliker, broker; Harry Alden Purdy and Frank Leopold Milner, barristers-at-law; Florence Gardner Moffat and Florence Margaret McLachlan, clerks, all of Amherst, N. S.

First or Provisional Directors.—Clarence James Silliker, Harry Alden Purdy and Frank Leopold Milner.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Amherst, N.S.


"NASH TEMPERATURE CONTROL, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 8, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $40,000. Number of shares, 400.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William Marshall, consulting engineer; George Patrick Reid, bond broker; Nathan Edward Nash, mechanical engineer; Florence Moore Dillon and Nita McFarlane, stenographers, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—William Marshall, George Patrick Reid and Nathan Edward Nash.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"ALL RED FEATURE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 8, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Frederick Henry Lawrence, esquire; William David Brock, manager; Alexander Robert Bartlet and Walter George Bartlet, barristers-at-law, and Andrew Braid, accountant, all of Windsor, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Windsor, Ont.

“CANADIAN BOND CROWN COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, July 8, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Howard Salter Ross and Eugene Real Angers, barristers; Laura Lavigne, Laurentia Lavigne and Florence Salmon, stenographers, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


“THE CITY AND SUBURBAN MOTOR BUS COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, July 9, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000. Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Russell Lovett Starr, Grant Cooper and Russell Pierce Locke, barristers-at-law; John Stewart Emery, stenographer, and Lillian Murray Heal, accountant, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


“GEORGE SULLY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, July 9, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $40,000. Number of shares, 800.—Amount of each share, $50.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Washington Richards and Joseph Alexander Trotwood Richards, business experts; Ernest William Morrison, accountant; Harry Charles Organ, assignee, and Burton Dixon, real estate broker, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


“CANADIAN CLIMAX CONTAINER COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, July 9, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Callahan, student-at-law; Isabella Barry, married woman; Lydia Belle Spicer, stenographer; Clara Johnston, bookkeeper, and Robert James Gibson, barrister-at-law, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

"THE ONTARIO BOND CORPORATION OF CANADA, LIMITED."
Incorporated, July 9, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000.
Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Frederick William Brennen, lumber manufacturer; Edward Shepherd Smith and Frederick William Sage, sales managers; Frank Edward Shepard, accountant, and John Connor, manager, all of Hamilton, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Hamilton, Ont.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued July 9, 1914, to

"ANGLO-CANADIAN CONTRACTORS, LIMITED,”
changing the corporate name of said company to that of

"S. PEARSON SON & PARTNERS (CANADA) LIMITED."


Supplementary Letters Patent issued July 10, 1914, to

"THE LAKE ST. LOUIS LAND COMPANY, LIMITED,”
increasing the capital stock of the said company from $50,000 to the sum of $100,000, being an addition of 500 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.


"A. CLUBB & SONS, LIMITED."
Incorporated, July 10, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000.
Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Azariah Clubb, gentleman; Arthur Francis Clubb and William Henry Clubb, merchants; Clarence Victor Clubb, manager, all of Toronto, Ont.; and Domingo Granda, manufacturer, of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"THE ARNPRIOR FELT COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, July 11, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Thomas Griffith, manufacturer; Murtagh Sullivan and John Cunningham, merchants; George Harold Moles, insurance agent; Ralph John Slattery, barrister-at-law; Stafford Rolston Rudd, N. Lewis McNaughton and Wallace Archibald Mackey, contractors, and Murtagh Sullivan, the younger, mail clerk, all of Arnprior, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Arnprior, Ont.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"PROVINCE GRAIN COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 11, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000. Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Sydney Thomas Smith and William Arthur Murphy, grain merchants; Charles Alan Crawley, barrister-at-law; James Cormack, student-at-law, and James Kerr, accountant, all of Winnipeg, Man.

First or Provisional Directors.—Sydney Thomas Smith, William Arthur Murphy and Charles Alan Crawley.

Chief place of Business.—City of Winnipeg, Man.


"THE CLAUDE BEAUCHAMP IMPORTS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 11, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Claude Beauchamp, importer; Joseph Prosper Thériault, Pierre Omer Lefebvre, Paul Ethier, merchants, and Raymond Beauchamp, accountant, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"H. D. KINGSTONE & CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 13, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Herbert D'Olier Kingstone, investment banker; Edward Stuart McDougall and Daniel Percy Gillmor, advocates; Francis George Bush, bookkeeper, and George Robert Drennan, stenographer, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Herbert D'Olier Kingstone, Edward Stuart McDougall and Daniel Percy Gillmor.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"PUBLISHING AND PRINTING COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 14, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $300,000. Number of shares, 3,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Edmunds Thomas Sayers and Felix Barrière, the younger, advertising agents; Leon Charlebois and Alfred Ernest Balfry, clerks, and Hector Louis Moreau, accountant, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"INTERNATIONAL LOCK, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 14, 1914. - - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.  
  Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Richard Webster Dawson and Alexander Edwin Thurston,  
  accountants; William Lloyd Chilton and John Evan Evans, salesmen, and Wilfred  
  Cheevers Greig, barrister, all of Ottawa, Ont.  

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.  

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.  


Supplementary Letters Patent, issued July 14, 1914, to  

"JOSE GRANDA, LIMITED,"

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $50,000 to the sum of $250,000,  
being an addition of 2,000 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.  


Supplementary Letters Patent, issued July 15, 1914, to  

"CANADIAN ROGERS COMPANY, LIMITED."

Changing the corporate name of said company to that of  

"CANADIAN WM. A. ROGERS, LIMITED."  


"H. R. GOODAY & COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 15, 1914. - - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000.  
  Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Andrew Cecil Meredith Thomson, advocate; William Frederick  
  Fanning, bookkeeper; Harold Gordon Blair, William Arthur Goodday and Clifford  
  Johnson Fletcher, clerks, all of Quebec, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.  

Chief place of Business.—City of Quebec, Que.  


"LEWEN PLATE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 17, 1914. - - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.  
  Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Samuel William Tilden, publisher; Louis Gosselin, advocate  
  and King's counsel; James Renwick, accountant; Mary Reid Thomson, book-  
  keeper, and Martha Kennedy, stenographer, all of Montreal, Que.  

First or Provisional Directors.—Samuel William Tilden, Louis Gosselin and Martha  
  Kennedy.  

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.  

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"NATIONAL EXPLOSIVES, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 17, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $2,000,000.
            Number of shares, 20,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Gerard Ruel, Reginald Herbert Montague Temple and Samuel Perey Biggs, barristers-at-law; William Barrie Fleming, solicitor, and Frederick Charles Allen, solicitor's clerk, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"ROCMAC ROAD CONSTRUCTORS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 20, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
            Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Francis Hugh Keefer and Norman Ewart Towers, barristers-at-law; George Duncan Coles, bookkeeper, all of Port Arthur, Ont.; Mervyn John Kennedy Allen and Hugh Allen Mackay, esquires, both of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"PATHESCOPE OF CANADA, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 21, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000.
            Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Adelard Brodeur, advocate; Joseph Elzear Bernard, accountant; Philias Laplante and Théophile Albert Brodeur, agents, and Anna Robichaud, stenographer, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"FRANK C. FOX, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 22, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $10,000.
            Number of shares, 100.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Edward Albert Fox, bank clerk; Alvin Ernest Woodworth, accountant; Arthur Charters, bookkeeper; Alfred Boreham Wright and Clarence Arnold, stenographers, all of Montreal, Que.

First of Provisional Directors.—Edward Albert Fox, Alvin Ernest Woodworth and Arthur Charters.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

“CANADIAN MOTION PICTURE ADVERTISERS, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, July 22, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William Raymond MacKay and Neil Francis MacNeil, agents; Richard Smith McGilvray and John Joseph O'Reilly, accountants, and John Budge Baikie, clerk, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—William Raymond MacKay, Neil Francis MacNeil and Richard Smith McGilvray.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


“COMMERCIAL TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, July 23, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $49,000. Number of shares, 490.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Jean Charles Duhamel, accountant; Alcides Desroches, bailiff; Florence Varney, stenographer; Alfred Arthur Beresford, clerk, and François Regis Hervieux, collector, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Jean Charles Duhamel, Florence Varney and Alcides Desroches.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


“DOMINION GENERAL FILM CORPORATION, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, July 25, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $300,000. Number of shares, 30,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Leslie Carter Harris and Rudolph Bergman, both of New York, N.Y., U.S.A., publishers; John William Peachy and Maurice Marcelot, manufacturers, and Marie Fabiola Caisse, stenographer, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


“INTERNATIONAL DISTRIBUTING COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, July 27, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $10,000. Number of shares, 100.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Arthur Albert Tritsch, manager; William Henry James Tubb, accountant; M. Zaire Pilon, stenographer; Edson Grenfell Place and Ralph Frederick Stockwell, advocates, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"COMBUSTO DEVICES CORPORATION OF CANADA, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 27, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $500,000. Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Shirley Greenshields Dixon, advocate; William Taylor, accountant; Angus McLeod Murray, Charles Wadsorth and Bertha McCully, clerks, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"BENOIT & DAIGNEAULT, LIMITEE."

Incorporated, July 27, 1914. - - - - 72 - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 506.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Alsace Daigneault and Edmond Benoit, merchants; Eustache Lamoureux, Albany Gendron and Louis Eugène Brisson, clerks, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


Supplementary Letters Patent, issued March 24, 1915, to

"BENOIT & DAIGNEAULT, LIMITEE."

Extending the undertaking of the said company.


"IDEAL REALTIES, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 28, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $45,000. Number of shares, 450.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Jean Charles Duhamel, accountant; Jacob Yale Fortier, Pierre Ledieu and Henry Weinfield, advocates, and Alcides Desroches, bailiff, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Jean Charles Duhamel, Jacob Yale Fortier and Henry Weinfield.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"CONSOLIDATED FUR FARMS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, July 28, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $150,000. Number of shares, 3,000.—Amount of each share, $50.

Corporate Members.—William King Gross, Sydney Hope Grant and Henry Angus Grant, brokers; Wellington Duncan Allanach, merchant, and Isaac Walton Keirstead, druggist, all of Moncton, N.B.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Village of Sunny Brae, N.B.

“THE DOMINION HEAD REST COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, July 28, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Wilfrid Joseph Condron and Aimé Faille, manufacturers; Donat Bélanger, financial agent; Léopold Lemire, dentist, and Elzéar Malo, commercial traveller, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


“THE ATHENAEUM SOCIETY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, July 29, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 20,000.—Amount of each share, $5.

Corporate Members.—Charles Hazlitt Cahan, the younger, barrister-at-law; James Louis Finlay, stenographer; James Henry Wilkie, Eric James Church and William Edward Brown, accountants, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Charles Hazlitt Cahan, the younger, James Louis Finlay and Eric James Church.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


“THE WESTERIAN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, July 29, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Henry Hall, forwarder; Emma Hall, married woman, and Ralph Tuller Holcomb, accountant, all of Ottawa, Ont.; Arthur Lefebvre, master mariner, and Eugenie Amyot, married woman, both of Valleyfield, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.


“OTTAWA CENTRAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, July 29, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Arthur Bourbeau, agent, of Montreal, Que.; Joseph Arthur Desrivières, manufacturer; Edmond Gauthier, merchant; Robert Fabien Berlinguette and Eugène Joseph Labelle, accountants, all four of Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued July 31, 1914, to

"ATLANTIC SUGAR REFINERIES, LIMITED."

Decreasing the capital stock of the said company from $10,000,000 to the sum of $6,500,000, such decreased capital stock to consist of 65,000 shares of $100 each.

_Vide p. 486, Canada Gazette, 1914-15._

"ST. LAMBERT & DISTRICT BUILDING CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, August 1, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $500,000. Number of shares, 20,000.—Amount of each share, $25.

Corporate Members.—Arnold Wainwright, advocate and King's counsel; Aubrey Huntingdon Elder, advocate; Harry Frederick Glass, manager; James Henry Wilkie, accountant, and Annie Eileen Kennedy, bookkeeper, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of St. Lambert, Que.


"THE RIDEAU VIEW REALTY CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, August 4, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $50.

Corporate Members.—Sydney Fader Smith, contractor; Eugene Joseph Labelle, accountant; Arthur Beaulieu, agent; Wierner Ernest Noffke, architect, and Rodolphe Chevrier, physician, all of Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.


"J. EDWARD OGDEN COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, August 5, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $25,000. Number of shares, 250.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Edward Stuart McDougall and Daniel Percy Gillmor, advocates; George Robert Drennan, stenographer; Herbert William Jackson, bookkeeper, and Michael Joseph O'Brien, clerk, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Edward Stuart McDougall, Daniel Percy Gillmor and George Robert Drennan.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


Supplementary Letters Patent, issued August 5, 1914, to

"WILT TWIST DRILL COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED."

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $150,000 to the sum of $200,000, being an addition of 500 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.

_Vide p. 555, Canada Gazette, 1914-15._
"EASTERN LINEN MILLS, LIMITED."
Incorporated, August 6, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $120,000.
Number of shares, 2,400.—Amount of each share, $50.

Corporate Members.—John Lauchlin MacKinnon and William Martin McDonald, barristers; Emily Hilton, Gladys May Harris and Mary Phelan, stenographers, all of Halifax, N.S.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Dorchester, N.B.


"CALOROXIDE CORPORATION, LIMITED."
Incorporated, August 6, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—George Franklin Johnston, of Montreal, Que., broker; John Wesley Allison, publisher; Leo. Laurin, editor; Beverley Baruch Tucker, engineer; and Daniel Dailey, groom, all of Morrisburg, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Village of Morrisburg, Ont.


"THE WINTERING HILLS RANCHING COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, August 6, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $300,000.
Number of shares, 30,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—James Barr, rancher, of Pincher Creek, Alta.; John James Trickey, manager; Thomas Scott, gentleman; Louis Bree, commercial traveller, and Ephrem Filion, advocate, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—John James Trickey, James Barr, and Thomas Scott.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


Supplementary Letters Patent, issued August 6, 1914, to

"THE ROBERT WHITE COMPANY, LIMITED."
Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $250,000 to the sum of $300,000 being an addition of 500 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.


"INTERNATIONAL FUEL SAVING CORPORATION, LIMITED."
Incorporated, August 10, 1914. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500. Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—George Franklin Johnston, of Montreal, Que., broker; John Wesley Allison, publisher; Leo. Laurin, editor; Beverley Baruch Tucker, engineer, and Daniel Dailey, groom, all of Morrisburg, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Village of Morrisburg, Ont.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"FRANCO-AMERICAN CHEMICAL CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, August 11, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Honourable George Aimé Simard, chemist; Arthur Mignault, doctor of medicine; Jean Louis Phillippe Lacasse, notary, and Aurélien Boyer, civil engineer, all of Montreal, Que.; and Louis Boyer, of Westmount, Que., advocate.

First or Provisional Directors.—Jean Louis Phillippe Lacasse, Aurélien Boyer and Louis Boyer.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"ALGOMA DREDGING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated August 11, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Bertha Christena Stuart and Bessie Pearl Lawson, stenographers; George William Goodwin, barrister; Tracy Earl Carmichael and Henry Sidney Hamilton, students-at-law, all of Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—George William Goodwin, Tracy Earl Carmichael and Henry Sidney Hamilton.

Chief place of Business.—City of Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.


"GARDEN HOMES, LIMITED."

Incorporated August 11, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $75,000. Number of shares, 750.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Jean Charles Duhamel, accountant; Alcides Desroches, bailiff; Jacob Yale Fortier, Pierre Ledieu and Henry Weinfield, advocates, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Jean Charles Duhamel, Jacob Yale Fortier and Henry Weinfield.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"PURVES', LIMITED."

Incorporated, August 17, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—George Purves and William Henry Aikman Purves, both of Earlstone, Alta., ranchers; George Arthur Hanford, manufacturer, and Grace Warner Hanford, married woman, both of Syracuse, N.Y., U.S.A.; and Robert McLean, of Bassano, Alta., accountant.

First or Provisional Directors.—George Purves, William Henry Aikman Purves, George Arthur Hanford and Grace Warner Hanford.

Chief place of Business.—Carolside Ranch, Alta.

“THE MARTEN-FREEMAN COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, August 18, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000.
Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Thomas Henry O. Marten, designer; Arthur Emery Freeman, mechanical engineer; John Leonard Thorne, accountant; William Armour Peace, insurance manager, and Archibald Douglas Armour, solicitor, all of Toronto, Ont.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

“N. MITCHELL & COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, August 20, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $90,000.
Number of shares, 900.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Nelson Mitchell, trader; Edmond Dextradeur, travelling salesman; Joseph Eugene Tetreault, clerk; Marion Sophia Roberts, wife separate as to property of Nelson Mitchell, and Maximilienne Aurore Ostiguy, widow of the late Lionel Lague, bookkeeper, all of Granby, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—Village of Granby, Que.

“COMMERCIAL COAL-SAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, August 22, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Irwin Hilliard, barrister-at-law; Frederick Henry Broder, manufacturer; James Nelson Eastman, division court clerk; Justin D’Arcy McDonald, merchant, and Frank Stewart, merchant tailor, all of Morrisburg, Ont.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—Village of Morrisburg, Ont.

“DOMINION IRON & WRECKING COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, August 22, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $20,000.
Number of shares, 200.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Walter Henry Millican, of St. John, N.B., broker; Ferdinand Omer Drouin and Paul Drouin, advocates; Joseph Philippe Moisan, bailiff, and Irma Laveau, stenographer, all of Quebec, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Quebec, Que.
"JAMES STRACHAN, LIMITED."
Incorporated, August 24, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $500,000.
Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—James Frederick Strachan and William Snowball Strachan, bakers; Edson Grenfell Place, advocate, and Zaire Pilon, stenographer, spinster, all of Montreal, Que.; and Edgar Alexander Wright, of Westmount, Que., accountant.
First or Provisional Directors.—James Frederick Strachan, William Snowball Strachan and Edgar Alexander Wright.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued August 24, 1914, to
"LIGGETT'S, LIMITED."
Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $50,000 to the sum of $150,000, being an addition of 1,000 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.

"CAZEN CIGARETTE MACHINE COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, August 25, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $10.
Corporate Members.—Joseph Alfred Labonté, Joseph Alsace Daigneault and Georges John Jarjour, merchants; Alexandre Georges Goudsi, accountant; Salim Kassab, manufacturer; Espere Kattini Malouf, agent, and Joseph Henri Dillon, advocate, all of Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"CAMPANELLO STEAMSHIPS, LIMITED."
Incorporated, August 26, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Samuel Percy Biggs and William Watson Evans, barristers; Walter Leland Pinkney, Frederick Charles Allen and George Norman Limpricht, clerks, all of Toronto, Ont.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

"INTERNATIONAL ROYALTIES COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, August 27, 1914 - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $25,000.
Number of shares, 250.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Walter Gerald Lumsden, student-at-law; Pearl Stokes, Elsie Estelle Sutherland and Elizabeth Davis, stenographers, and Charles Herbert Croft Leggott, accountant, all of Toronto, Ont.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.
Incorporated, August 28, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500. Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James McKenna, Frank Joseph McKenna and Leo James McKenna, florists; Henry William McKenna, clerk; and Joseph Christopher Barry Walsh, notary public, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—James McKenna, Frank Joseph McKenna and Joseph Christopher Barry Walsh.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"INTERNATIONAL MILITARY EQUIPMENT COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, August 28, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000. Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Andrew McLean Moffat, army officer; Joseph Doust, stationer; Stephen Boden Dawson and Francis Joseph Stanley, brokers, and William Rucker Haille, financier, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"HIGGINS & LEE MOTOR SUPPLIES, LIMITED."

Incorporated, August 28, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500. Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Robert Sutherland Higgins, merchant; John Lauder Roger Gibson, accountant; Joseph Trevor Lowry, solicitor, and Philip Graham McGibbon, clerk, all of Montreal, Que.; and James Crankshaw, of Westmount, Que., King’s counsel.

First or Provisional Directors.—Robert Sutherland Higgins, John Lauder Roger Gibson, and James Crankshaw.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"MOUNTAIN CITY REALTY CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated August 31, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500. Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Alexander Rives Hall and Gui Casimir Papineau-Couture, advocates; Pierre Amable Badeaux and Joseph Alter Budyk, students-at-law, and Belle Rubinsky, stenographer, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

Supplementary Letters Patent issued September 1, 1914, to

"METAL PRODUCTS, LIMITED."

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $25,000 to the sum of $100,000, being an addition of 750 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.


"THE SAFETY TIRE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated September 2, 1914. — — — — Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000. Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Georges Frenette and Arthur Moisan, accountants. Achille Bégin, agent, and Ernest Taschereau and Armand LaVergne, advocates. Quebec, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Quebec, Que.


"LA CIE DE CONSERVES ST. LAURENT, LIMITEE."

"THE ST. LAWRENCE CANNING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, September 2, 1914. — — — — Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $10.


First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"STANDARD PROPERTIES, LIMITED."

Incorporated, September 3, 1914. — — — — Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—René Chenevert and Frank Callaghan, advocates, Percy Gregory, accountant, Alfred Tracey, bookkeeper, and Marjory Anderson, stenographer, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

“THOMPSON’S RESTAURANTS, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, September 3, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Wilkerson William Thompson, broker, Charles Marvin Preston, lawyer, John Horton Pritchard, salesman, Howard Joseph Clarke, manager, and Anna Downey, stenographer, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


‘COLONIAL BREWING COMPANY, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, September 5, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $400,000.
Number of shares, 4,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Robie Lewis Reid, King’s counsel, David Stevenson Wallbridge and James Bruce Boyd, barristers-at-law, William Reilly, clerk and Whitley Murray, student-at-law, Vancouver, B.C.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Vancouver, B.C.


Supplementary Letters Patent, issued September 8, 1914, to

“O. B. SHOE COMPANY, LIMITED”
changing the corporate name of said company to that of

“DRUMMOND SHOE, LIMITED.”

“ST. DENIS THEATRE COMPANY, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, September 9, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $750,000.
Number of shares, 7,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Louis Athanase David, Louis Adolphe D’Argy Mailhiot and Segfried Hinson Reid Bush, advocates, and Edward Charles Baker and Harold Lemessurier Butteris, accountants, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


“W. H. TAYLOR, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, September 9, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Neil Francis MacNeil, agent, Zephyrin Alexander Baptist Cameron, engineer, Richard Smith McGillivray, and John Joseph O’Reilly, accountants and Alfred George Young, manager, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

“GERTH’S, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, September 10, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
   Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Edwin Arthur Gerth, tobacco-merchant, William Kenneth McKeown
   and Henri Lacerte, advocates, and James Robertson Law and George Edward
   Chart, accountants, Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—Edwin Arthur Gerth, William Kenneth McKeown,
   and Henri Lacerte.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

“INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM COMPANY, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, September 10, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, £4,000,000.
   Number of shares, 4,000,000.—Amount of each share, 1 Pound Sterling.
Corporate Members.—Andrew Melville Stewart, barrister-at-law; Helen Louise
   Macbell, Mary Pamala Clark, and Marjorie Clarke, stenographers, and James
   Broadbent Taylor, accountant, Toronto, Ont.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

“NORTH AMERICAN IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, September 11, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000.
   Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Charles Edward Hastings Medhurst, accountant; Francis
   Alexander Sutherland, manager; Howard Kilborne Harris, barrister-at-law; Ina
   Maude Johnston and Janet Knox, stenographers, Toronto, Ont.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

“A. MCDougall & Co., LIMITED.”
Incorporated, September 12, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000.
   Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Walter Robert Lorimer Shanks, advocate; Francis George Bush,
   bookkeeper; George Robert Drennan, stenographer; Michael Joseph O’Brien and
   Herbert William Jackson, clerks, Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Supplementary Letters Patentissued September 12, 1914. to
“TAYLOR & ARNOLD, LIMITED.”
Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $50,000 to the sum of $100,000,
being an addition of 500 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.

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"VAPO COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, September 14, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Edward Day and Samuel Cameron Arrell, barristers-at-law; Ella Edith Purvis, bookkeeper; Lillian Tarberton, stenographer, and Joseph Patrick Walsh, student-at-law, Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"IMPERIAL PIPE LINE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, September 16, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000. Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Humason Archbold and Harry Valentine Otto, esquires, Norman Lisle LeSueur, barrister, and Mary Ellen Oxenham and Muriel Grace Proctor, spinsters, Sarnia, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—James Humason Archbold, Harry Valentine Otto and Norman Lisle LeSueur.

Chief place of Business.—City of Sarnia, Ont.


"MAISON VIAU, LIMITEE."

Incorporated, September 17, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $25,000. Number of shares, 250.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Francis Harel, grocer, Ulric Genest, merchant, Eugène Viau, insurance broker, Edouard Robitaille, travelling agent, and Henri Gagnon, accountant, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Ulric Genest, Edouard Robitaille and Eugène Viau.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"LA COMPAGNIE DES MARCHANDS TAILLEURS, LIMITEE."

Incorporated, September 18, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $150,000. Number of shares, 1,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Louis Adelard Blanchet, merchant tailor, Félix Vanasse, business agent; Napoleon Turner, merchant tailor; Isidore Trudeau, financier, and Donat Houde, commercial traveller, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"DUBRULE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, September 18, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Louis Albert Dubrule and Maurice Hilaire Dubrule, traders;
Marie LaRue, wife separate as to property of the said Louis Albert Dubrule, and
Oswald Lussier, business manager, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"MONTREAL UNION LANDS COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, September 22, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000.
Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Louis Philippe Fortin, merchant; Félix Vanasse, broker;
Joseph Emile Desy, broker; Joseph Alphonse Gagnon, accountant, all of the city
of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, and Jules N. Bouche, parish priest, of
the parish of Ste. Marie d'Ely, in the said province.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"DOMINION FANCY GOODS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, September 24, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $30,000.
Number of shares, 300.—Amount of each share $100.

Corporate Members.—Richard Tuson Heneker, King's counsel; Walter Seely John-
son and Gerald Augustine Coughlin, advocates; Hugh Wylie, accountant, and
Mabel Hyndman, stenographer, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Richard Tuson Heneker, Walter Seely Johnson and
Gerald Augustine Coughlin.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


Supplementary Letters Patent, issued March 30, 1915, to

"DOMINION FANCY GOODS, LIMITED,"

changing the corporate name of the said company to that of

"JAS. McQUILLAN CO., LIMITED."

Vide p. 3113, Canada Gazette, 1914 15.
Supplementary Letters Patent, issued September 24, 1914, to

"BOSTON & YARMOUTH STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED."

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $350,000 to the sum of $500,000, being an addition of $3,000 shares of $50 each to the present capital stock.

_Vide p. 984, Canada Gazette, 1914-15._

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"UNION CLOTHING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, September 25, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

_Corporate Members._—Samuel William Jacobs, and Alexander Rives Hall, advocates; Joseph Alter Budyk, student-at-law, and Isabel Ernestine Dowling and Belle Rubinsky, stenographers, Montreal, Que.

_First or Provisional Directors._—The said corporate members.

_Chief place of Business._—City of Toronto, Ont.


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"THE OTTAWA LEAD AND ZINC MINING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, September 29, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $300,000. Number of shares, 300,000.—Amount of each share, $1.

_Corporate Members._—George Arthur Maidens, of the city of Syracuse, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America, esquire; Wilbur Norman Squires, of the city of Joplin, in the State of Missouri, one of the United States of America, miner; and Ralph John Slattery, barrister-at-law; Florence Blakeley, stenographer, and William Allen Whyte, jeweller, Arnprior, Ont.

_First or Provisional Directors._—The said corporate members.

_Chief place of Business._—Town of Arnprior, Ont.


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JACOB & VALENTIN, LIMITED."

Incorporated, September 29, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

_Corporate Members._—Henry Weinfeld, Thomas Michael Tansey and Jacob Yale Fortier, advocates; and Jean Charles Duhamel and Jessie Brown, accountants, Montreal, Que.

_First or Provisional Directors._—The said corporate members.

_Chief place of Business._—City of Montreal, Que.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"THE A. E. REA DRUG CO., LIMITED."
Incorporated, September 29, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Thomas Francis Carry, Toronto, Ont., chemist; and Lefebvre Brownhill and George Emile Clapin, managers; James Hutton, accountant, and Andrew Edward Rea, merchant, Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.


"FRASER, BRACE & COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, September 29, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Maurice Alexander and Aubrey Huntingdon Elder, advocates; Howard Elliot Scott and Felix Winfield Hackett, students-at-law, and Darley Burley-Smith, manager, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"KNIGHT'S PATENTS, LIMITED."
Incorporated, September 30, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $16,000. Number of shares, 1,600.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Maurice Alexander and Aubrey Huntingdon Elder, advocates; Howard Elliot Scott and Felix Winfield Hackett, students-at-law, and Darley Burley-Smith, manager, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"GEORGE H. CARROLL & COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, October 1, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—George Henry Carroll, of the city of Plattsburg, in the State of New York, U.S.A., manufacturer; Claude Pervical Johnson, of the city of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, U.S.A., real estate agent; and Clara Thomas, Laura May Smith and Ella Mary Jackson, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—George Henry Carroll, Claude Pereival Johnson and Clara Thomas.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"NEW LAND COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, October 2, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporation Members.—Joseph Masse, farmer, of St. Cesaire, in the county of Rouville; Charles Valentine, Paul Varin and Ulyse Rondeau, civil servants, and Alphonse St. Onge, real estate agent, all four of the city of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"MONTREAL & LAKE SHORE LAND COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, October 2, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporation Members.—Leonard William Halliday, manager, Aubrey Huntingdon Elder, barrister-at-law, Mostyn Lewis, accountant, Bertha Magdalen Rice, stenographer and Violet Marie Kerns, bookkeeper, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"H. S. PETERS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, October 2, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporation Members.—Harry Stuart Peters, manufacturer, Arling Melvin McFall, manager, and Agnes Birmingham, private secretary, of the city of Dover, in the State of New Jersey, U.S.A., and Edwin John Surman, manager, and Gladys Elsie Bradshaw, accountant, of the town of Welland, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—Harry Stuart Peters, Edwin John Surman and Gladys Elsie Bradshaw.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Welland, Ont.


"LEWIS HARDWOOD COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, October 3, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporation Members.—George Ezra Morton Lewis and Frank Leslie Lewis, manufacturers, and Bertha Jane Lewis, married woman, Town of Truro, N.S.; Carl Hanger Andersson, village of Lewiston, N.S., manufacturer, and John Lewis, of the town of Brownville, in the State of Maine, one of the United States of America, manufacturer.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Village of Lewiston, N.S.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29
"CARSON AND WILLIAMS BROTHERS, LIMITED."
Incorporated, October 3, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.
First or Provisional Directors.—John Alexander Milne, William Winter Dunlop and Wilfrid Maynard Cox.
Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

"CALORIGENE OF OTTAWA, LIMITED."
Incorporated, October 5, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 50,000.—Amount of each share, $1.
Corporate Members.—Bernardin Boutet, barrister; Aurelien Belanger, and Edgar Boutet, students-at-law; Antoine Boutet, civil servant, and Joseph Henri Gervais, agent, Ottawa, Ont.
First or Provisional Directors.—Bernardin Boutet, Aurelien Belanger and Antoine Boutet.
Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

Supplementary Letters Patent issued October 5, 1914, to
"SWIFT CANADIAN CO., LIMITED."
Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $1,000,000 to the sum of $3,000,000, being an addition of 20,000 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.

"CANADIAN NATIONAL TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, October 6, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000. Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—George Norman Limpricht and Harry Reeve Burrows, draughtsmen; Frederick Charles Allen, solicitor's assistant; William Barrie Fleming, solicitor, and Walter Leland Pinkney, secretary, Toronto, Ont.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.
"VACUUM FREEZERS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, October 7, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Charles Marvin Preston, lawyer, William Henry Harding, manufacturer; Howard Joseph Clarke, manager; George Albert Taylor, carman; Cecil Archer Lansdell, draughtsman; George Ashley Williams, physician, and Wilkerson William Thompson, broker, Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued October 16, 1914, to

"THE A. E. REA COMPANY, LIMITED;"

increasing the capital stock of the said company from $2,000,000 to the sum of $2,500,000 being an addition of 5,000 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.


"CANADIAN MEXICAN ESTATES, LIMITED."

Incorporated, October 17, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Steller Lovell, accountant; William Bain, bookkeeper, and Robert Gowans, Joseph Ellis and John Joseph Dashwood, solicitors' clerks, Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—James Steller Lovell, William Bain and Robert Gowans.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"RADNOR WATER COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, October 19, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Wesley Blair, advocate, and Francis Joseph Laverty, King's Counsel, of the city of Westmount in the province of Quebec; and Charles Albert Hale, advocate, John Bevans Giles, agent, and Lorne Campbell Fraser, merchant, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—John Wesley Blair, Francis Joseph Laverty and Charles Albert Hale.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

Supplementary Letters Patent issued October 19, 1914, to
"FRANK WYETH HORNER, LIMITED,
changing the corporate name of said company to that of
"FRANK W. HORNER, LIMITED."

Supplementary Letters Patent issued October 20, 1914, to
"THE WILLIAM A. MARSH COMPANY, WESTERN, LIMITED,
changing the corporate name of said company to that of
"CONGDON MARSH, LIMITED,
and extending powers.

"THE BLASHILL WIRE MACHINERY COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, October 20, 1914. Amount of capital stock, $48,000.
Number of shares, 480. Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Judson Albert DeCew, chemical engineer, and Louis Lyon Cohen, merchant, of the city of Montreal, Quebec; Harold Arthur Radford, of the city of Westmount, Quebec, commercial traveller; William Percival Best, of the town of Montreal West, Quebec, mechanical engineer, and Rita Evelyn Johnston, of the town of St. Lambert, Quebec, stenographer.
First or Provisional Directors.—Judson Albert DeCew, Harold Arthur Radford, and William Percival Best.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"UNITED CIGAR STORES OP-CO., LIMITED."
Incorporation, October 20, 1914. Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500. Amount of each share, $100.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

"J. E. LALONDE, LIMITED."
Incorporated, October 23, 1914. Amount of capital stock, $150,000.
Number of shares, 6,000. Amount of each share, $25.
Corporate Members.—Joseph Adhémar Magnan, physician, Joseph Elisé Giguère, notary; Joseph Edouard Simard, insurance agent; Joseph Eloi Lalonde, real estate agent, and Philibert Geoffrion, financial agent, Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.
"DOMINION EQUITY AND SECURITIES CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, October 23, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $500,000. Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William Langley Bond, King’s counsel; John Bicknell Johnson, bookkeeper, Frederick Charles Orr, accountant, and James McBride, agent, Montreal, Que.; and Edward Goff Trevor Penny, advocate, of the city of Westmount, Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


Supplementary Letters Patent; issued October 23, 1914, to

"GENERAL MANUFACTURERS AGENCIES, LIMITED,"

changing the corporate name of the said company to that of

"T. H. HIGGINSON, LIMITED."


"LAMARRE & COMPAGNIE, LIMITEE."

Incorporated, October 26, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $195,000. Number of shares, 1,950.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Horace Lamarre, Armand Lamarre, Fridolin Lamarre, Jacques Lamarre and Jean Louis Lamarre, manufacturers, of the village of St. Remi, Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Village of St. Remi, Que.


"UPTOWN LAND COMPANY OF MONTREAL, LIMITED."

Incorporated, October 27, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Alfred Peter Stuart, Edward Soulby Jacques and Norman Charles Stuart, grain exporters; James Gardner Thompson, insurance manager; and George Green Foster, King’s counsel, all of the City of Montreal, Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—Alfred Peter Stuart, James Gardner Thompson and George Green Foster.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"THE CANADIAN UNDERWRITERS' ELECTRICAL INSPECTION BUREAU, LIMITED."

Incorporated, October 27, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $25,000. Number of shares, 250.—Amount of each share, $100.


First or Provisional Directors.—Alfred William Hadril, Leonard Howgate and Charles Malcolm Tait.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


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"SUPERIOR TUBES AND ACCESSORIES, LIMITED."

Incorporated, October 27, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $300,000. Number of shares, 3,000.—Amount of each share, $100.


First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


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"LYONS CUT RATE DRUG STORE, LIMITED."

Incorporated, October 27, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Dame Lea Jubinville, wife separate as to property of Herbert Henry Lyons, and Herbert Henry Lyons, Adolphe Veilleux, Charley Lippens and Adelard Savard, druggists. Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Dame Lea Jubinville. Herbert Henry Lyons and Charley Lippens.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


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Supplementary Letters Patent, issued October 28, 1914, to

"PATENAUDE, LA RUE, CARIGNAN, LIMITED."

Changing the corporate name of the said company to that of

"PATENAUDE, CARIGNAN, LIMITEE."

"COMMERCIAL SYNDICATE, LIMITED."

Incorporated, October 29, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Wilson Cook, King’s counsel, Hugh Stowell Pedley, advocate, Eric Almon Lovett, student-at-law, Margaret Teresa Darragh, accountant, and Agnes Low Richmond, clerk, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"CALGARY PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, October 29, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,500,000. Number of shares, 1,500,000.—Amount of each share, $1.

Corporate Members.—George Allford and Percy Ralph Curtis, law clerks, John Montgomerie Bell, solicitor, Peter Duncan McAlpine, student-at-law, and Oliver Edward Culbert, barrister-at-law, Calgary, Alberta.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Calgary, Alta.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued October 31, 1914, to

"JOHN DEERE PLOW COMPANY OF SASKATOON, LIMITED,”
changing the corporate name of the said company to that of

"JOHN DEERE PLOW COMPANY OF SASKATCHEWAN, LIMITED."


Supplementary Letters Patent issued October 31, 1914, to

"ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES, LIMITED,”
changing the corporate name of the said company to that of

"WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED."


"THE ASSOCIATED CEMENT COMPANY (CANADA), LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 2, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $2,000,000. Number of shares, 20,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Steller Lovell, accountant; William Bain, bookkeeper; and Robert Gowans, John Henry and John Joseph Dashwood, solicitors’ clerks, Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—James Steller Lovell, William Bain, Robert Gowans and John Joseph Dashwood.

Chief place of Business.—City of Victoria, B.C.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"NAIRN FALLS POWER & PULP COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 2, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Louis Alexandre Martin, civil engineer, Real Pepin and Leandre Edouard Morin, clerk, Laurent Gilmartin Morin, broker, and William Edward Morgan, manufacturer, Montreal Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Village of Malbaie, Que.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued November 2, 1914, to "THE AUSTRIAN IMPORT COMPANY, LIMITED." changing the corporate name of the said company to that of "FRANKE, LEVASSEUR & COMPANY, LIMITED."


"HENDER'S & COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 3, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Walter Herbert Henders, and John Bodrug Berezowski, agents. Howard Salter Ross and Eugene Real Angers, barristers, and Florence Salmon, stenographer, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"CANADIAN TAR PRODUCTS COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 4, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $500,000. Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Errol Malcolm McDougall, Gilbert Sutherland Stairs and Pierre François Casgrain, advocates; John Buchanan Henderson, clerk, and Florence Salmon, stenographer, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"CHALEUR PULP AND LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 4, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $75,000. Number of shares, 750.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Howard Salter Ross and Eugene Real Angers, barristers; James Greig Robertson, clerk; and Olive Daisy Eddy, and Florence Salmon, stenographers, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

“DOHAN’S, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, November 5, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Michael Lawrence Dohan, hotel proprietor, and Gladys Barnfield Dohan, wife separate as to property of Michael Lawrence Dohan, of the Town of Lévis, Quebec, William Burrows, of the Village of Abenakis Springs, Quebec, gentleman; and Christopher Anthony Dohan, live stock commissioner, Montreal Stock Yards, and Philip Zotique Milette, gentleman, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Gladys Barnfield Dohan, William Burrows and Philip Zotique Milette.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Lévis, Que.


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“THE CANADIAN LIPPARD-STEWART MOTOR CAR COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, November 9, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Scott Innis, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, salesman, and Thomas Anderson Burgess and Louis Coté, barristers-at-law, and Margaret Surgenor and Mary Keays, stenographers, of the City of Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—John Scott Innis, Thomas Anderson Burgess and Louis Coté.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.


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“DOMINION FOUNDATION CO., LIMITED.”

Incorporated, November 10, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500. Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Matthew Joseph Butler, C.M.G., civil engineer, and Hugh Doheny, contractor, Montreal, Que.; Hugh Quinlan and Angus William Robertson, Westmount, Que., contractors, and Michael John O’Brien, of Renfrew, Ont., capitalist.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


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“SPINACI BROS., LIMITED.”

Incorporated, November 10, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $10,000. Number of shares, 100.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Enrico Spinaci and Dominico Spinaci, manufacturers, Augusto Camiletti, labourer; Giovanni Cecutti, baker, and Eugenio Gaultieri, agent, Sudbury, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—Enrico Spinaci, Dominico Spinaci and Giovanni Cecutti.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Sudbury, Ont.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued November 10, 1914, to

"THE CANADIAN ELEVATOR COMPANY, LIMITED.

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $1,000,000 to the sum of $3,000,000, being an addition of 2,000 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.


"MACKEEX COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 13, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Rupert Thomas Mackeen, manager, and Howard Salter Ross and Eugene Real Angers, barristers, and Olive Daisy Eddy and Florence Salmon, stenographers, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"PALERMO, FRASCARELLI, PANETTA, LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 16, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Antonio Palermo, Gesidio Frascarelli and Rocco Passarelli, contractors, Giuseppe Panetta, musician, and Vincenzo Frascarelli, engineer, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued December 12, 1914, to

"PALERMO, FRASCARELLI, PANETTA, LIMITED," changing the corporate name of the said company to that of

"SAVOY CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, LIMITED."


"AMERICAN TAILORS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 17, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Alexander Rives Hall, Gui Casimir Papineau-Couture and Louis Fitch, advocates, and Pierre Amable Badeaux and Joseph Alter Budyk, students-at-law, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"COMPAGNIE CONTANT, MONETTE & PION, LIMITEE."

Incorporated, November 18, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $40,000. Number of shares, 400.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Arthur Contant, Lactance Charles Monette and Joseph Wilfrid Pion, merchants; Jean Baptiste Bazinet, baker; and Edgar Contant, clerk, all of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Arthur Contant, Lactance Charles Monette, and Joseph Wilfrid Pion.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"AZTEC OIL AND ASPHALT REFINING COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 18, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $2,000,000. Number of shares, 20,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Frederick Henry Markey, and Waldo Whittier Skinner, both of His Majesty's counsel learned in the law; William Gilbert Pugsley and George Gordon Hyde, advocates, and Ronald Cameron Grant, accountant, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"OTTO R. BRENNER, LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 19, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $150,000. Number of shares, 30,000.—Amount of each share, $5.

Corporate Members.—William Alfred James Case, solicitor; James Broadbent Taylor, accountant; Clifford Gordon Lynch, secretary, and John Arthur Christilaw and Charles Edgar Lafayette Babcock, students-at-law, Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"THE SANDWICH BAY PULP AND LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 19, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $2,000,000. Number of shares, 20,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Aurèle Bernier, Lucien Bernier, Arthur Bernier, Georges Etienne DeSève and Oscar Beauchamp, Montreal, Que., brokers.

First or Provisional Directors.—Arthur Bernier, Georges Etienne DeSève and Oscar Beauchamp.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"SOPER & McDOUGALL, LIMITED."
Incorporated, November 20, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Elbert Newsom Soper, and Honoré Gaston Rouleau, Esquires,
Russell Morrison Dick and Norman Gordon Larmonth, barristers-at-law and
Annie Melora Warne, spinster, all of Ottawa, Ont.
First or Provisional Directors.—Elbert Newsom Soper, Russell Morrison Dick and
Norman Gordon Larmonth.
Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

"THE PASTE COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED."
Incorporated, November 23, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—John Antliff Kent, accountant, and John Douglas Scott,
Leonard Charles Jarvis, Maxwell Cline Purvis and John Bamber Allen, students-at
law, Toronto, Ont.
First or Provisional Directors.—John Antliff Kent, John Douglas Scott and Leonard
Charles Jarvis.
Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

A. E. WRY-STANDARD, LIMITED."
Incorporated, November 23, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $500,000.
Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Albert Edward Wry, manufacturer; Fred Trueman Tingley,
merchant; John Warren Sangster, dental surgeon; John Ellsworth Fowler, and
William Carey Robinson, commercial travellers; Edgar Maitland Copp, medical
doctor; Aretus Anderson, clerk, and William Clare Wry, harness maker, of Sack-
vville, N.B., and James Smith, manufacturer, and George Morten, accountant, of
Middle Sackville, N.B.
First or Provincial Directors.—Albert Edward Wry, Fred Trueman Tingley and
James Smith.
Chief place of Business.—Town of Sackville, N.B.

"L'AGENCE DE COLLECTIONS, LIMITEE."
"THE AGENCY OF COLLECTIONS, LIMITED."
Incorporated, November 25, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $40,000.
Number of shares, 800.—Amount of each share, $50.
Corporate Members.—Joseph Eudore Morier, advocate; Ernest Charette, account-
ant; Joseph Emile Cadotte, law student; Ernest Therrien, typographer, and
Rosario Picard, business agent, Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.
Supplementary Letters Patent, issued November 25, 1914, to

"CANADIAN NATIONAL CARBON COMPANY, LIMITED,"

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $70,000 to the sum of $500,000, being an addition of 4,300 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.


"ASSOCIATES SECURITIES COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 27, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $3,200,000.

Number of shares, 32,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Steller Lovell, accountant; William Bain, bookkeeper, and Robert Gowans, Joseph Ellis and John Joseph Dashwood, solicitors' clerks, Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"THE HELIOTYPE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 27, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.

Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Archibald Ernest Shaw, photographer, Robert George Code, Edmund Foster Burritt and Samuel Rupert Broadfoot, barristers-at-law, and Gertrude Maud Sibley, stenographer, Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—Archibald Ernest Shaw, Robert George Code, and Edmund Foster Burritt.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.


"MINES DEVELOPMENT, LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 27, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.

Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Elsie Frederica Mayo and Annie Eleanor Hollingsworth, stenographers; Ernest Stanley Ball, manager; William John Rooney, secretary; and John Alexander McEvoy, barrister-at-law, all of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—Elsie Frederica Mayo, Ernest Stanley Ball, and William John Rooney.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"PARISIAN IMPORTS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 27, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500. - Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Frederick Aaron Koch, of the city of Detroit, in the State of Michigan, U.S.A., manager; and John Sale, barrister, Dorothea Margareta Sale, married woman, Rhys Manly Sale, clerk, and Charles Percival Sale, student, Windsor, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—Frederick Aaron Koch, John Sale and Dorothea Margareta Sale.

Chief place of Business.—Windsor, Ont.


"LA SOCIETE DF CONSTRUCTION DES MAISONS OUVRIERES, LIMITEE."

Incorporated. November 28, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500. - Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Jules Antoine Marcel Marin and Charles Desmarais, accountants; David Deschamps, merchant; Hector Boismenu, printer and Henri Chevalier, agent, all of the city of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"SOCIETY BRAND CLOTHES, LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 28, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $150,000. Number of shares, 1,500. - Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Samuel Hart, manufacturer, and Alexander Falconer and Michael Arthur Phelan, advocates, Westmount, Que., and John Lesly Reay, accountant, and Joseph Alphonse L'Heureux, bookkeeper, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"DOMINION FARMING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, November 30, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000. Number of shares, 2,500. - Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Fletcher Gundy, Henry Wentworth Gundy and Garnet Sumner Bell, real estate brokers; Charles Sedgwick, accountant, and Georgina Augusta Hopkins, stenographer, Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—Garnet Sumner Bell, Charles Sedgwick and Georgina Augusta Hopkins.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

THE CANADA COLONIZATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

Incorporated, November 30, 1914. Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000. Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Charles Wilmot Livingston and Archibald Cameron Macnaughton, barristers; Alexander Laurence Shaver and Robert Stuart Clark, students-at-law, and Vergie Henrietta Johnson, stenographer, Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—Charles Wilmot Livingston, Archibald Cameron Macnaughton and Alexander Laurence Shaver.

Chief place of Business.—City of Edmonton, Alta.


THE BRADING BREWING COMPANY, LIMITED.

Incorporated, December 1, 1914. Amount of capital stock, $250,000. Number of shares, 2,500. Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Kennedy Tannahill, bookkeeper; James Frederick Cunningham, accountant; Rose McDougall, stenographer; and Harold Ernest McMahon and John Rankin, clerks, Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.


WALKERVILLE ROOFING MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

Incorporated, December 2, 1914. Amount of capital stock, $60,000. Number of shares, 6,000. Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Lester Howe Cheeseman, Clifford James Cheeseman and John Thomas Sullivan, manufacturers; and Winnifred Kendall, secretary, of Walkerville, Ont., and Frederick Charles Kerby, Windsor, Ont., barrister-at-law.

First or Provisional Directors.—Lester Howe Cheeseman, Clifford James Cheeseman and John Thomas Sullivan.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Walkerville, Ont.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"ANGLO-CANADIAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated December 3, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Shirley Greenshields Dixon, advocate; William Taylor, accountant; Ralph Erskine Allan, student-at-law; and Bertha McCully, and Bertha Hodgson, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Montreal, Que.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued December 3, 1914, to

"CANADIAN WESTERN LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED."

(Subdividing the existing shares of the said company.)


"CANADIAN SERIES COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 3, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Thomas Minney and Joseph Sidebottom, manufacturers; Alexander Tait McDonald, and James McDonald, salesmen, and Victor Henry Hattin, barrister-at-law, Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—Thomas Minney, Joseph Sidebottom and James McDonald.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


Supplementary Letters Patent, issued December 4, 1914, to

"CHALEUR, PULP & LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED."

Changing the corporate name of said company to that of

"CASCAPEDIA PULP AND LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED."


"SINCLAIR, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 4, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Shirley Greenshields Dixon, advocate; William Taylor, accountant; and Alexander Murray, Marjorie Tidmarsh, and Bertha Hodgson, clerks, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"INTERNATIONAL LIME COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 9, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William Kenneth McKeown and Henri Lacerte, advocates; Edward Arthur Barnard and George Edward Chart, accountants; and Berthe Charlebois, stenographer, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—William Kenneth McKeown, Henri Lacerte and George Edward Chart.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"BRANDY BROOK COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 10, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $10,000. Number of shares, 100.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Edouard Fabre Surveyer and Charles Gouverneur Ogden, both of His Majesty's counsel learned in the law; Humbert Cecil George Mariotti, advocate; Bernard Bourdon, law student, and Alice Rosalia Warren, stenographer, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Edouard Fabre Surveyer, Bernard Bourdon and Alice Rosalia Warren.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"PORT LOBOS PETROLEUM COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 10, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $30,000,000. Number of shares, 300,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Charles Gouverneur Ogden, barrister and King's counsel; Humbert Cecil George Mariotti, barrister; Joseph Arthur Perodeau and Paul Servillian Conroy, notaries public; Eugène Henri Laframboise and Lucien Beau-regard, law students; and Alice Rosalia Warren, stenographer, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued December 10, 1914, to

"THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, LIMITED."

(Issuing share warrants), and extending the powers of the said company.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"HARRIS LITHOGRAPHING COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, December 11, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $300,000. Number of shares, 3,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Samuel Harris and Henry Harris, manufacturers; Margaret Ellen Harris, married woman; Horace Currie, traveller, and William Layden, superintendent, Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—Samuel Harris, Henry Harris and Margaret Ellen Harris.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"SESSLER-WEAVER COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, December 11, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Samuel William Jacobs, and Alexander Rives Hall, advocates and King's counsel; Gui Casimir Papineau-Couture, and Louis Fitch, advocates, and Pierre Amable Badeaux, student-at-law, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Samuel William Jacobs, Alexander Rives Hall and Gui Casimir Papineau-Couture.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"TATE ELECTROLYTIC WATER-PROOFING PROCESSES, LIMITED."
Incorporated, December 14, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $300,000. Number of shares, 3,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Robert Taschereau and Thibadeau Rinfret, both of His Majesty's Counsel learned in the law; and Rosario Genest, Joseph Emile Billette and Reignier Brodeur, advocates, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"INTERIOR FARM PRODUCTS COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, December 14, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Annie Lamonarche, stenographer; Clare Montrose Wright, barrister-at-law; Daniel Stewart Maenab, physician; Arthur Wilmot Peck, farmer, and Roy Everett Boss, accountant, Calgary, Alta.

First or Provisional Directors.—Daniel Stewart Maenab, Roy Everett Boss, and Arthur Wilmot Peck.

Chief place of Business.—City of Calgary, Alta.

"JARDIN DE DANSE, LIMITED."
Incorporated, December 15, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $10,000.
Number of shares, 100.—Amount of each share, $100.

First or Provisional Directors.—Robert Henry Teare, Paul Servillian Conroy and Joseph Arthur Perodeau.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"CANADIAN ROOFING MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, December 15, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Hancock Brown, manufacturer; Clara Curry Brown, married woman; Alexander Robert Bartlet, and Walter George Bartlet, barristers-at-law, and Andrew Braid, bookkeeper, Windsor, Ont.
First or Provisional Directors.—John Hancock Brown, Alexander Robert Bartlet, and Andrew Braid.
Chief place of Business.—City of Windsor, Ont.

"THE STAR BOILER AND RADIATOR COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, December 15, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000.
Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Ulric Granger, merchant; Dame Anna Bergeron, wife separate as to property of Odessa Paquette and duly authorized to the present by the said Odessa Paquette; Edouard Michaud, accountant, and Euclide Granger and Charles Paquette, clerks, Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"BLAIR & ROLLAND, LIMITED."
Incorporated, December 15, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Hugh Christin Blair and Oswald Taylor Blair, lumber merchants; Charles Gouverneur Ogden, advocate and King's counsel; Humbert Mariotti, advocate, and Lucien Beauregard, law student, Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—Hugh Christin Blair, Charles Gouverneur Ogden and Lucien Beauregard.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.
Incorporated, December 15, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—George Newcombe Gordon and Charles Russell Widdifield, barristers-at-law; John Alfred New, student-at-law; Maude Leahy, stenographer, and May Antoinette Grady, bookkeeper, Peterborough, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—George Newcombe Gordon, Charles Russell Widdifield, and John Alfred New.

Chief place of Business.—City of Peterborough, Ont.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued December 15, 1914, to

"LONGUEUIL REALTIES, LIMITED."

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $150,000 to the sum of $200,000, being an addition of 500 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.


"CHAMBLY MANUFACTURERS, LIMITED."

Incorporated December 16, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Alexandre Papineau Mathieu, Paul Auguste Beaudry, and Armand Mathieu, advocates; Joseph Adhémar Ogden, notary; and Honoré Garceau, law student, Montreal Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"WATSON, JACK AND COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 16, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Watson Jack, merchant; William James Shaughnessy, Chilion Graves Heward and Henry Hutton Scott, advocates; and Alvin Ernest Woodworth, accountant, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Watson Jack, William James Shaughnessy and Chilion Graves Heward.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"THE BRITANNIA SECURITIES CORPORATION, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 17, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000. Number of shares, 1,000,000.—Amount of each share, $1.

Corporate Members.—Martin Ellsworth Smith and Henry Godfrey Ogg, real estate agents; Sydney Lewell Heaton, law clerk; Annie MacFadyen, stenographer, and Henry David Petrie, barrister-at-law, Hamilton, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Hamilton, Ont.


"D. DERBYSHIRE CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 18, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $75,000. Number of shares, 750.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Daniel Derbyshire, senator; John Alvin Derbyshire and George Edward Smart, merchants; and James Joseph Venney and William George Osmond, clerks, all of the town of Brockville, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Brockville, Ont.


"ONTARIO SPECIALITIES, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 18, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Patrick Thomas Murphy, of the town of Midland, Ont., contractor; and George Fullerton Perley, manager, Richard Webster Dawson and William Taylor Hart, accountants, and Richard Henson Cunnington, salesman, Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—Patrick Thomas Murphy, George Fullerton Perley and Richard Webster Dawson.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.


"MANNING AND COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 18, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Thomas Sargent Owens, Edward Stuart McDougall, Ralph Frederick Stoekwell and Gerard Augustine Coughlin, advocates, and George Joseph Bonenfant, merchant, Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Thomas Sargent Owens, Edward Stuart McDougall, and George Joseph Bonenfant.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

“THE BECK MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, December 19, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $400,000. Number of shares, 4,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Sir Adam Beck, Knight Bachelor; Lilian Beck, wife of the said Sir Adam Beck, generally known as Lady Beck; William Kingston, manager; Richard Margrave Toothe, barrister-at-law, and Gertrude May Neely, stenographer, London, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—Sir Adam Beck, Lilian Beck and William Kingston.

Chief place of Business.—City of London, Ont.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued December 19, 1914, to

“OTTAWA RACING ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.”

Changing the corporate name of the said company to that of

“WESTERN RACING ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.”

(and substituting powers.)


“THE RADIANT SIGN COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, December 21, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Harry James Brown, commercial traveller; Fred Cecil Hunt, real estate agent; Ross Stewart Carpenter Stalker, student-at-law; and Elizabeth Maud Brown and Iola Winfield Hunt, married woman, Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—Harry James Brown, Fred Cecil Hunt and Ross Stewart Carpenter Stalker.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


“UNITED COUPON & PROFIT SHARING COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated December 22, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $500,000. Number of shares, 500,000.—Amount of each share, $1.

Corporate Members.—William Alfred James Case, solicitor; James Broadbent Taylor, accountant; Clifford Gordon Lynch, Secretary; John Arthur Christilaw and Charles Edgar Lafayette Babcock, students-at-law, all of the city of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

"EPLETT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 23, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Roger Kendall Eplett, manufacturer; William Graham, cheesemaker, and Samuel Karr, lumberman, of Village of Cumberland, Ont.; and Lauchlin O’Brien, clerk; Morgan James O’Brien, broker, and Duncan Roy Kennedy, law clerk, Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Village of Cumberland, Ont.


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"THE TARGET PRACTICE ROD COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 23, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Robert Edwin Reardon, manager; William George Charleson, contractor; William Richard Greene, dentist; and Arthur Ellis, barrister-at-law, Ottawa, Ont., and Maynard Curtis Denton, Digby, Nova Scotia, contractor.

First or Provisional Directors.—Robert Edwin Reardon, William George Charleson, and Maynard Curtis Denton.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.


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"ALBERGRAS OIL & GAS COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 24, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $2,500,000. Number of shares, 2,500,000.—Amount of each share, $1.

Corporate Members.—Thomas Coltrin Keefer, civil engineer; Charles Osborne Wood, civil engineer; John Symes Hollingsworth, accountant; George Erskine Ewing, accountant, and J. Ogle Carss, barrister-at-law, all of the city of Ottawa, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.


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"THE BALL FURNITURE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 24, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $125,000. Number of shares, 1,250.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Robert James Ball, manufacturer; John Ball, druggist; Milton Leonard Ball, accountant; Austin Elmer Ball, shipping clerk; Mary Jane Ball, married woman, all of the town of Hanover, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Hanover, Ont.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"MANUFACTURING & CONTRACTING COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 26, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $150,000. Number of shares, 1,500.—Amount of each share, $100.


First or Provisional Directors.—Thomas Alfred Rowan, James Edmund Jones and Harry Allen Newman.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"ANGLO FRANCO SADDLERY COMPANY, LIMITED."

("LA SELLERIE ANGLO FRANCO, LIMITEE.")

Incorporated, December 26, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $50.

Corporate Members.—Henri Gerin-Lajoie and Paul Lacoste, both of His Majesty's counsel learned in the law; Thomas John Shallow and Joseph Henri Gerin-Lajoie, advocates; Joseph Emile Cote, accountant, all of the city of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Paul Lacoste, Thomas John Shallow and Joseph Emile Cote.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"THE MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 28, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000. Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Charles Mills, architect; Nelson Mills, merchant; Jean Mills, stenographer; Ruby Mills and Marjorie Mills, spinsters, all of the city of Hamilton, Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Hamilton, Ontario.


"AUTOMATIC PAPER BOX COMPANY, LIMITED.

Incorporated December 28, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $125,000. Number of shares, 1,250.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Hugh Harold Hawkins, builder; William Lainskill, salesman; Charles Edward Lainskill, manufacturer, and William Ponting King, the younger, agent, all of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, and Frank Shannon, of the city of Hamilton, Ont., gentleman.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

"DOMINION CORD & TASSEL COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 29, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Samuel William Jacobs, Alexander Rives Hall, advocates and King's counsel; Gui Casimir Papineau-Couture, advocate; Louis Fitch, advocate; Isidore Friedman, accountant; all of the city and district of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"MUNRO CONSTRUCTION CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 30, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Thomas James Coulter and William Stanley Jones, accountants; Robert Thomas Mullin, advocate; Walter Horace Thomson, bookkeeper; and Walter Francis Lee, clerk, all of the city of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"G. M. GEST, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 30, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Walter Robert Lorimer Shanks, advocate; Francis George Bush, bookkeeper; George Robert Drennen, stenographer; Michel Joseph O'Brien and Herbert William Jackson, clerks, all of the city of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"NATIONAL JEWELERS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, December 30, 1914. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $150,000. Number of shares, 1,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Alfred Edward Porteous, of the village of Fulford, Que., salesman; Sebastian Anthony McDona and Wilfrid Norman Harrison, bookkeepers; Dame Lena Grace Marsh, wife of Erwin Carlyle Joyal and Mark Eathan Whiting, real estate agent, of the city of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"THE GULF PULP AND LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, December 31, 1914. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000.
Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $25.

Corporate Members.—Shirley Frankland Kavanagh and Vilda Rene Lamontagne, real
estate brokers; Frederick William Harper, accountant; Alfred Gervais, notary
public; Frederick Erwin Ritchie, lumber merchant, all of the city of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"Vogue Hat, Limited."
Incorporated, January 2, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $50.

Corporate Members.—Paul Lacoste, King's Counsel; Alexandre Lacoste, Thomas John
Shallow and Joseph Henri Gerin-Lajoie, advocates, and Joseph Emile Cote, accountant, all of the city of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—Paul Lacoste, Thomas John Shallow and Joseph
Emile Cote.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued February 12, 1915, to

"VOGUE HAT, LIMITED."
Changing the corporate name of said Company to that of

"QUALITY HAT OF CANADA, LIMITED."

Supplementary Letters Patent issued January 4, 1915, to

"L. O. McCORMACK CO., LIMITED."
Changing the corporate name of the said company to that of

"LAURENTIAN SECURITIES CORPORATION, LIMITED."

"INGERSOLL MACHINE COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, January 7, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $40,000.
Number of shares, 400.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Louis Athanase David, Louis Edouard Adolphe D'Argy Mail-
hiot, and Segfried Hinson Read Bush, advocates; Edward Charles Baker, accountant; Amedee Blanchard, notary public, all of the city of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Ingersoll, Ont.

"THE CANADIAN TEXOLEUM SALES COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, January 7, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $150,000. Number of shares, 1,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Arnold Wainwright, King's Counsel; Aubrey Huntingdon Elder, advocate; Howard Elliot Scott and Felix Winfield Hackett, students—attorney-at-law; Darley Burley-Smith, manager, all of the city of Montreal, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


Supplementary Letters Patent, issued January 7, 1915, to

"THE REINHARDT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Changing the corporate name of the said company to that of

"J. D. CAMIRAND, LIMITED."


"ALMY'S, LIMITED."

Incorporated, January 9, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $500,000. Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $100.


First or Provisional Directors.—Emma Secombe Atkinson, Warren Hathaway Butler, and Henry Wolf.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"WINNIPEG AQUEDUCT CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, January 11, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000. Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Charles Victor Cummings, William Henry Carter, John Banker McLean, Frank Earnest Halls, contractors; George Herbert Elliott, accountant; George Henry Davis, barrister; all of the city of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Winnipeg, Man.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"DER WEG PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, January 11, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $40,000.
Number of shares, 800.—Amount of each share, $50.
Corporate Members.—Henry Judah Trihey, Peter Bercovitch, Ernest Lafontaine, and Michael Thomas Burke, advocates; James Johnston, accountant, all of the city of Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued January 11, 1915, to
"REGINA MINING COMPANY, LIMITED."
Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $50,000 to the sum of $250,000, being an addition of 2,000 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.

"PERHAM AND COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, January 12, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Edward Dennis Maguire, financial agent; David Fawcett Carter, manager; Robert Edward O'Neil, contractor; Elsie Shea, stenographer, and Tom James Maguire, accountant, all of the city of Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"BOULEVARD BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, January 12, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $500,000.
Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Joseph Charles Hector Dussault, Joseph Alexandre Mercier, city of Outremont, Que., advocates; Pierre Louis Dupuis, advocate; Rosaire Dupuis, notary; Gratia Belisle, stenographer, of the city of Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"KIERAN, CRAWFORD & GRAY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, January 12, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Peter John Kieran, James Gourlay Gray, Joshua Warrington Crawford, Philip Peter Kieran, engravers, Edson Grenfell Place, advocate, all of the city of Montreal, Que.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.
Supplementary Letters Patent issued January 13, 1915, to

"STANDARD CHEMICAL IRON AND LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED."

Decreasing the capital stock of the said company from $6,000,000 to the sum of $5,000,000, such decreased capital to consist of 50,000 shares of $100 each.

_Vide p. 2218, Canada Gazette, 1914-15._

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"ROBERT CALLUM, LIMITED."

Incorporated, January 14, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000. - Amount of each share, $100.

_Company Members._—Robert Callum, merchant; Mary Callum, wife of the said Robert Callum; Douglas Kennedy, solicitor's clerk; Alfred Hunter, bookkeeper; Etta Tout, stenographer, all of the city of Toronto in the province of Ontario.

_First or Provincial Directors._—Robert Callum, Alfred Hunter and Etta Tout.

_Chief place of Business._—City of Toronto, Ont.


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"GRADDOON LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, January 14, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500. - Amount of each share, $100.

_Company Members._—Charles Brondgeest Graddon, and James Buchanan, merchants; and Frederick Wigg, bookkeeper, of the city of Montreal, Que.; and William Theodore Owens, of the village of Montebello, in the said province of Quebec, merchant; and Edgar Alexander Wright, of the city of Westmount in the said province of Quebec, accountant.

_First or Provincial Directors._—Charles Brondgeest Graddon, James Buchanan and William Theodore Owens.

_Chief place of Business._—City of Montreal, Que.


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_LA COMPAGNIE CANADIENNE D'ELEVAGE, LIMITEE._

Incorporated, January 15, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500. - Amount of each share, $100.

_Company Members._—Jean Baptiste Bergeron and Arthur Elpège Desautels, gentlemen; Joseph Legault, Joseph Camille Desjardins and Joseph Amedee Bernier, real estate brokers; Joseph Hormidas Rocheleau, agent, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

_First or Provincial Directors._—The said corporate members.

_Chief place of Business._—City of Montréal, Que.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

Supplementary Letters Patent, issued January 16, 1915, to
"WINNIPEG RIVER POWER COMPANY, LIMITED"
(extend the powers of the said company).


"MOUNT ROYAL AGENCY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, January 19, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Robert Bickerdike, insurance manager; James Allan Smart,
manager, and Charles Edward Bickerdike, clerk, of the town of Lachine, in the
province of Quebec; Duncan Campbell, of the city of Westmount, in the said
province of Quebec, and Clinton Henderson, of the city of Montreal, in the
province of Quebec, manager.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"CANADIAN HAT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, January 20, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Henry Judah Trihey, Peter Bercovitch, Ernest Lafontaine and
Michael Thomas Burke, advocates, and James Johnston, accountant, all of the
city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"LEATHER-CANVAS-TEXTURE MFG. COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, January 21, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $50.

Corporate Members.—Robert George Code, Edmund Foster Burritt, John Robinson
Osborne, and Samuel Rupert Broadfoot, barristers-at-law, and Gertrude Maud
Sibley, stenographer, all of the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

"J. V. POAPS & CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, January 21, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $40,000. Number of shares, 400.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Jacob Vincent Poaps, Percival McLean Poaps, manufacturers; Jennie Ann Poaps, married woman, and George David Kelley and Allen Joseph Fraser, barristers-at-law; all of the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.


"THE SWEETGRASS EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, LIMITED?"

Incorporated, January 21, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $500,000. Number of shares, 100,000.—Amount of each share, $5.

Corporate Members.—William Fitzgerald Langworthy, King’s counsel, Alexander Jarvis McComber, barrister-at-law; Laura Victoria McComber, law clerk, Beatrice Elizabeth King, bookkeeper, and Etta Elizabeth Allen, stenographer, all of the city of Port Arthur, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued January 21, 1915, to

"CASCAPEDIA PULP & LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED."

changing the corporate name of said company to that of

"CARLETON PULP & LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED."


"THE CHATHAM PACKING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, January 23, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $400,000. Number of shares, 4,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Reginald Lancaster Pattinson, oil and gas producer; John Craig Stewart, barrister-at-law; Bessie Evelyn Daniels and Grace Alberta Jackson, stenographers; and Emala Maud Eckhardt, married woman, all of the city of Chatham, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members

Chief place of Business.—City of Chatham, Ont.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"DIXON & HURTUBISE, LIMITED."

Incorporated, January 25, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $25,000.

Number of shares, 250.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Fred. Milton Dixon and Jean Hurtubise, merchants; Leon Hurtubise, clerk, and Joseph Auguste Armand Houle, and René Théberge, students-at-law, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"THE BRITISH COLUMBIA SKEENA COAL COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, January 25, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000.

Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Honourable Philippe Auguste Choquette, senator; Honourable Némése Garneau, member of the Quebec Legislative Council; James Guthrie Scott, gentleman; John Theodore Ross, President Quebec Bank; Gaspard Lemoine, merchant and Director Quebec Bank; Alexandre Gauvreau and Charles Edmond Tasehereau, notaries public; Elzéar Baillargeon, lawyer; Arthur Emile Doucet, civil engineer; Joseph Edmond Dubé, druggist; Olivier Edouard Gauvreau, merchant; and Gustave Proteau, and Alexandre Hardy, real estate brokers; all of the city of Quebec, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Quebec, Que.


"THE KAUFMAN RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, January 26, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $2,000,000.

Number of shares, 20,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Jacob Kaufman, Milton Ratz Kaufman and Alvin Ratz Kaufman, manufacturers; Mary Kaufman, married woman; and Emma Ratz Kaufman, spinster, all of the city of Berlin, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—Jacob Kaufman, Milton Ratz Kaufman, and Alvin Ratz Kaufman.

Chief place of Business.—City of Berlin, Ont.


"WELDON COURT REALTY COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, January 26, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.

Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Thomas Arthur Beament, and Alan Haskett Armstrong, barristers-at-law; and Carrie Duncan Hendry, Mona Devine and Lola Scharfe, stenographers, all of the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

“UNIVERSAL WALL PAPER COMPANY, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, January 27, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Aitchinson and John Alexander Donovan, barristers-at-law; Thomas Ormsby Cox, law clerk; and Duncan McArthur and Peter Randolph Ritchie, students-at-law, all of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—James Aitchinson, John Alexander Donovan and Duncan McArthur.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

“VANDERWATER, WATT, BROWN COMPANY, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, January 23, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $40,000. Number of shares, 1,600.—Amount of each share, $25.

Corporate Members.—Fred Miles Vanderwater, manufacturers’ agent; William Winfield Watt, commercial traveller; Howard Milton Brown, real estate agent; and Robert Reynolds Bridges, merchant, of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, and Herbert Henderson, of the city of London, in the said province of Ontario, commercial traveller.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

“THE CANADIAN BROWN SCIENTIFIC TUBE AND ACCESSORIES, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, January 29, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Archibald Brennan, contractor; William James Wallace, agent; David Edmison Winter, physician; Millie Fanny Ethelyn Frerichs, and Edna Pearl Cameron, stenographers, all of the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

“ONTARIO CLOAK CO., LIMITED.”
Incorporated, January 29, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Edward Warner Wright, James Miles Flagstaff, and Christopher William Thompson, barristers-at-law; James Frederick Uffen, secretary; and John Bamber Allen, student-at-law, all of Toronto, Ont.

First or Provisional Directors.—Edward Warner Wright, James Miles Langstaff, Christopher William Thompson, and James Frederick Uffen.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

Supplementary Letters Patent issued January 29, 1915, to

"THE PATERSON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $50,000 to the sum of $500,000, being an addition of 4,500 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.


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"C. DUPRE & CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, January 30, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $40,000. Number of shares, 400.—Amount of each share, $100.

*Corporate Members.*—Henry Bradford Clark and Frederick Forfar Allison, merchants; Charles Whitfield Clark, physician; Laura Edna Clark, and Eva May Clark, spinsters, all of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario.

*First or Provisional Directors.*—Henry Bradford Clark, Frederick Forfar Allison, and Charles Whitfield Clark.

*Chief place of Business.*—City of Toronto, Ont.


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"INTERNATIONAL SCRIP COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 1, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

*Corporate Members.*—Joseph Franklin Peck, John Joseph Daly, and Samuel Solomon Golden, brokers; and John Sherwood Bowron and John Sargeant, accountants, all of the city of Calgary, in the province of Alberta.

*First or Provisional Directors.*—John Franklin Peck, John Joseph Daly and Samuel Solomon Golden.

*Chief place of Business.*—City of Calgary, Alta.


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"LACKAWANNA FUEL COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 1, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

*Corporate Members.*—Walter Hamilton Ewing, president; and Henry Bulmer Cassils, broker, both of the city of Westmount, in the province of Quebec; and Charles Petrie, manager, Ernest Edgar Vipond and Herbert Salkeld Vipond, advocates, all of the city of Montreal, in the said province of Quebec.

*First or Provisional Directors.*—The said corporate members.

*Chief place of Business.*—City of Montreal, Que.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued February 1, 1915, to

"THE ST. SIMEON LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED."

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from the sum of $290,000 to the sum of $500,000, being an addition of 2,100 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.

"COMPAGNIE D’INFORMATIONS COMMERCIALES, LIMITEE."

"THE COMMERCIAL INFORMATION COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 2, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Philorum Bonhomme, insurance manager; Joseph Eugene Bernier, accountant; Rene Bonhomme, accountant; Jean-Baptiste Bonhomme, merchant, all of Montreal, Que.; and Guillaume Narcisse Ducharme, of Chambly Basin, Que.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"SILVER LAKE FUR FARMS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 2, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Leverett Herbert Price, physician; Wellington Duncan Allanach and Donald Alexander McBeath, merchants; Harry Scott Thomson, dentist; Sydney Hope Grant, broker, and William John Pippey, accountant, of the city of Moncton, in the province of New Brunswick; and Joseph Elmer Dobson, of the village of Stony Creek, in the said province of New Brunswick, lumberman.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Village of Coverdale, N.B.


"TEES & PERSSE INVESTMENT COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 2, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $10,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $20.

Corporate Members.—John Thomas Blundell Persse, Robert Griffin Persse, and William Harvey, managers, Victor Blundell Persse, clerk, and May Kathleen Persse, wife of Robert Griffin Persse, all of the city of Winnipeg, in the province of Manitoba.

First or Provisional Directors.—John Thomas Blundell Persse, Robert Griffin Persse and William Harvey.

Chief place of Business.—City of Winnipeg, Man.


"ZENITH MACHINE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 6, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Wesley Blair, advocate; Francis Joseph Laverty, King’s counsel, and Alexander Gordon Dewey, student-at-law, of the city of Westmount, in the province of Quebec, and Charles Albert Hale and Auguste Angers, of the city of Montreal, in the said province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"LES AMIS DU DEVOIR (à responsabilité).

Incorporated, February 6, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Napoleon Cabana, manager, Joseph Felix Boulais, financier; Jean Baptiste Prince, physician; Joseph Albert Payette, insurance agent; Dolphis Chouinard, physician; Jean Baptiste Beaudoin, clerk; Joseph Adolphe Papineau, accountant, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, and Raoul Carignan, merchant, of Lachine, and Leopold Doyon, agent, of Ville St. Pierre, in the said province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"R. D. CLARK & SONS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 8, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Henry Turner, clerk; Marcella McNulty and George Robert Drennan, stenographers, and Agatha Clifford and Francis George Bush, bookkeepers, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—John Henry Turner, Marcella McNulty and Agatha Clifford.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"SUBURBAN PROPERTIES, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 9, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $5.

Corporate Members.—Charles Kennedy Bowman, auctioneer; Edwin Woodward, clerk; John Richard Williams, machinist; and Wilfred Girouard, student, of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec; and Charles Edwin Jones, of the town of Verdun, in the said province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"TEXTILE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 9, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Richard Wyllie Hart, barrister-at-law; Walter Gerald Lumsden, student-at-law; Charles Herbert Croft Leggott, accountant; Pearl Stokes, stenographer, and Edna Fitzsimmons, bookkeeper, all of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.
Incorporated, February 10, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. 
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Thomas Henry McKechnie, agent; Percy Wilkinson Monk, accountant; and Robert James McKechnie, Ernest Richard Gibson and Thomas Norman Dean, managers, all of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


Incorporated, February 10, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. 
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William Kirk McKean, George Robert McKean, and William Edgar Golding, merchants; and Frederick Richard Taylor and Oscar Ring, barristers-at-law, all of the city of St. John, in the province of New Brunswick.

First or Provisional Directors.—William Kirk McKean, George Robert McKean, and William Edgar Golding.

Chief place of Business.—City of St. John, N.B.


Incorporated, February 10, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $5,000. 
Number of shares, 50.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William Kenneth McKeown and Henri Lacerte, advocates; May Beatrice Flanagan, and George Edward Chart, accountants; and Berthe Charlebois, stenographer, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—William Kenneth McKeown, Henri Lacerte and George Edward Chart.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


Incorporated, February 10, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. 
Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Octave Aube, mechanical engineer; Antoine Roy, accountant; Eugène Viau, insurance broker; Amédée Munsey, druggist, and John Henry Carson, agent, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

Supplementary Letters Patent issued February 10, 1915, to

"D'ALLAIRD, RETTIE, LIMITED."
changing the corporate name of said company to that of

"RETTIE & SMITH, LIMITED."


"COMMERCIAL ELECTRICS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 11, 1915.  -  -  -  -  Amount of capital stock, $500,000. Number of shares, 50,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—George Reece Kappele, barrister-at-law; George Henry Morgenstern, financier; Herbert Eddington, accountant; Bertha Marie Scarlett, stenographer; Edith Mceachern, switchboard operator; Austin Torrance Crowther, traveller, and James White Bicknell, student-at-law, all of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"THE F. E. COOMBE FURNITURE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 11, 1915.  -  -  -  -  Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Frank Ernest Coombe and Howard Randolph Magwood, manufacturers; and Josephine Mary Coombe, married woman, of the town of Kincardine, in the province of Ontario; George Davidson, of the city of Woodstock, in the said province of Ontario, manufacturer's agent; and William John Craig, of the city of Toronto, in the said province of Ontario, manufacturer's agent.

First or Provisional Directors.—Frank Ernest Coombe, Howard Randolph Magwood, George Davidson and William John Craig.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Kincardine, Ont.


"DOMINION ADDRESS COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 11, 1915.  -  -  -  -  Amount of capital stock, $150,000. Number of shares, 1,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Robert Lionel Welch, Charles Andrew Mitchell, Edwin Frankland and Charles Frank Welch, of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, salesmen, and Harold Henry Hines, of the city of Hamilton, in the said province of Ontario, mechanical superintendent.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

"LUXTON & SIMMS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 12, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Alexander Rives Hall, King’s Counsel; Gui Casimir Papineau-Couture and Louis Fitch, advocates; Violet Winefred Henry-Anderson, stenographer, and Harry Gough, bookkeeper, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—Alexander Rives Hall, Gui Casimir Papineau-Couture and Harry Gough.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"CANADIAN TOY & NOVELTY COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 12, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $75,000. Number of shares, 750.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Origene Adrien Thibault, manager; Osear Barthelemy Meunier, manufacturer; Henri Pierre Bruyere, broker; Charles George Derome, accountant; and Leopold Charles Meunier, advocate, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued March 24, 1915, to "CANADIAN TOY & NOVELTY COMPANY, LIMITED," changing the corporate name of the said company to that of "COLONIAL TOY & SHOW-CASE, LIMITED."


"MACDONALD-COOPER, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 12, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000. Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Henry Hamilton Cooper and Garnet Green Morris, merchants; James Jenkin, accountant; William John Burns, shipper; and Hans Herbert McMordie, traveller, all of the city of Edmonton, in the province of Alberta.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Edmonton, Alta.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"ACCOUNTANTS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 12, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $35,000. Number of shares, 250.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Irvin Augustus Tobias, John Nelson Wilson, Clarence Henry Bastow, and Ethel May Lennox, accountants; and Malcolm McLean, student-at-law, all of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—Irvin Augustus Tobias, John Nelson Wilson, and Malcolm McLean.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued February 12, 1915, to

"LA COMPAGNIE CHAPUT, LIMITEE," changing the corporate name of said company to that of

"THE CHAMPAGNE CIGAR, LIMITED."

"CHAMPAGNE CIGARE, LIMITEE."


Supplementary Letters Patent issued February 12, 1915, to

"FREDERICK STEARNS AND COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED."

Decreasing the capital stock of the said company from $500,000 to the sum of $400,000, such decreased capital stock to consist of 16,000 shares of $25 each; increasing the capital stock of the said company from the sum of $400,000 to the sum of $600,000, being an addition of 8,000 shares of $25 each to the present capital stock, and extending powers.


"CANADA MODEL AND MACHINE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 13, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $40,000. Number of shares, 400.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William John Pulling, Alexander Neil McLean and John Alexander McLean, manufacturers; William Thomson Carter, accountant; and Edmond John Baxter, agent, all of the city of Windsor, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Windsor, Ontario.

“NEW IDEA SPREADER COMPANY, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, February 13, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000. Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Bernard C. Oppenheim, Joseph A. Oppenheim, and Charles A. Mullenix, manufacturers; and Wilhelmina Synck and Cecilia Selhorst, married women, all of the town of Coldwater, in the State of Ohio, one of the United States of America.
First or Provisional Directors.—Bernard C. Oppenheim, Joseph A. Oppenheim, Wilhelmina Synck and Cecilia Selhorst.
Chief place of Business.—City of Guelph, Ont.

“MONTREAL AMMUNITION COMPANY, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, February 13, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $300,000. Number of shares, 3,000.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Eratus Edward Howard and Jacob DeWitt, advocates; Henry Charles McNeil, accountant; and Wilbert Harvard Howard, student-at-law, of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, and Orville Siewright Tyndale, of the city of Westmount, in the said province of Quebec, student-at-law.
First or Provisional Directors.—Eratus Edwin Howard, Jacob DeWitt, and Wilbert Harvard Howard.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

“FRED. A. LALLEMAND REFINING COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED.”
Incorporated February 15, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000. Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Marie Albertina Laurendeau, wife separate as to property by contract of marriage of Frederic Alfred Lallemand, manufacturer, the said Frederic Alfred Lallemand personally and to authorize his said wife; Frederic Alfred Lallemand, the Younger, sales manager; Remus Lallemand, manager; and Albert Lallemand, accountant, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.
First or Provisional Directors.—Frederic Alfred Lallemand, Frederic Alfred Lallemand the Younger, Remus Lallemand and Albert Lallemand.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

“SOO LINE MILLS, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, February 15, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $150,000. Number of shares, 1,500.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Archibald Peter McNab, Minister of the Crown, and Edith Ellen Wilson McNab, married woman, of the city of Regina, in the province of Saskatchewan, and William Wilson Irvine and Frederick John Ballantyne, millers, and Mary Agnes Irvine and Bertha Earle Ballantyne, married women, of the city of Weyburn, in the said province of Saskatchewan.
First or Provisional Directors.—Archibald Peter McNab, William Wilson Irvine and Frederick John Ballantyne.
Chief place of Business.—City of Weyburn, Sask.
SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

“WETTLAUFER BROTHERS, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, February 16, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $300,000. Number of shares, 30,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

**Corporate Members.**—Christian Lichty Wettlaufer, William Lichty Wettlaufer, John Lichty Wettlaufer, and Edward Lichty Wettlaufer, manufacturers; and Eldon McDougall, salesman, all of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario.

**First or Provisional Directors.**—The said corporate members.

**Chief place of Business.**—City of Toronto, Ont.


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“THE SIMMONS PRINTING COMPANY, LIMITED.”

Incorporated February 16, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $30,000. Number of shares, 300.—Amount of each share, $100.

**Corporate Members.**—James Forman Smellie and Frederick Drummond Hogg, barristers-at-law; Frances Pearl Burgess and Edith Jane Chambers, stenographers; and Frederick Whitehead, solicitor's clerk; all of the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario.

**First or Provisional Directors.**—James Forman Smellie, Frances Pearl Burgess and Edith Jane Chambers.

**Chief place of Business.**—City of Ottawa, Ont.


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“SCROGGIES, LIMITED.”

Incorporated, January 16, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

**Corporate Members.**—Walter Bruce Scroggie, merchant; Hortensia Edythia Scroggie, married woman, Joseph Washington Richards, Harry Charles Organ and Joseph Alexander Trotwood Richards, accountants, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

**First or Provisional Directors.**—The said corporate members.

**Chief place of Business.**—City of Montreal, Que.


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Supplementary Letters Patent issued February 16, 1915, to “PERMANENT INSURANCE AGENCY, LIMITED.” changing the corporate name of said company to that of “PERMANENT AGENCIES, LIMITED.” and extending the powers.

"EFFICIENCY BOILER HEATING COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, February 18, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William Nelson Graham, barrister-at-law; Harold Hastings Short and Honore Gaston Rouleau, accountants; Sidney Edward Farley, civil engineer, and Ernest Hanmer, tobacconist, all of the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.


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"CURTISS AEROPLANES & MOTORS, LIMITED."
Incorporated, February 18, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Steller Lovell, accountant; William Bain, bookkeeper; and Robert Gowans, Joseph Ellis and John Joseph Dashwood, solicitor's clerks, all of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


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"THE B. & L. GRANITE COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, February 19, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $149,000. Number of shares, 1,490.—Amount of each shares, $100.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Ledoux, mechanic, of McLaren, in the county of Labelle; Joseph Oliva Benoit, agent; Gelas Beauregard, agent; Damase Arthur Léonard, notary, and Emile Beauchamp, advocate, of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—Joseph Ledoux, Joseph Oliva Benoit, and Gelas Beauregard.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


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"McDONNELL HAY & GRAIN COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, February 19, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Rennie Ogilvie McMurtry, advocate; Francis George Bush, bookkeeper; George Robert Drennan, stenographer; and Michael Joseph O'Brien and Herbert William Jackson, clerks, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—Francis George Bush, George Robert Drennan, and Michael Joseph O'Brien.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SEASONAL PAPER No. 29

"THE WESTERN SALT COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, February 19, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000.
Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Gerard Ruel and Reginald Herbert Montague Temple, barristers-at-law; George Norman Limpricht and Harry Reeve Burrows, draughtsmen; and Frederick Charles Allen, solicitor’s clerk, all of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

"CROWN FURNITURE, LIMITED."
Incorporated, February 20, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Austin Moss and Robert Alexander MacGillivray, manufacturers; Alexander Edward Schwalm, accountant; and Harry Clifford Edgar, insurance agent, of the town of Preston, in the province of Ontario; and John Henry Hancock, of the town of Galt, in the said province of Ontario, solicitor.
First or Provisional Directors.—Austin Moss, Robert Alexander MacGillivray, and Alexander Edward Schwalm.
Chief place of Business.—Town of Preston, Ont.

"WORTHINGTON LAND COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, February 20, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $99,000.
Number of shares, 990.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Robert A. Ewing, Thomas Malcolm Craig and Willard Gilbert Cross, traders; John Harry Blue, manufacturer; and William Henry Griffith, druggist, all of the city of Sherbrooke, in the province of Quebec.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Sherbrooke, Que.

"LABERGE, LIMITED."
Incorporated, February 23, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $40,090.
Number of shares, 400.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Joseph Gustave Laberge and Norman Ernest Laberge, traders; Dame Marie-Anna Carignan, wife separate as to property of Norman Ernest Laberge and duly authorized by the latter, and Joseph Alfred Julien, advocate, of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec; and Dame Hermenegilde Cecyre, of the parish of St. Joachim de Chateauguay, in the county of Beauharnois, in the said province of Quebec, widow of Evariste Laberge, in his lifetime farmer.
First or Provisional Directors.—Joseph Gustave Laberge, Norman Ernest Laberge, and Dame Marie-Anna Carignan.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

20—8
"THE MONTREAL ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORKS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 23, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Thomas James Coulter and William Stanley Jones, accountants; Charles Archibald Roberts and John Gilmore, bookkeepers; and Walter Francis Lee, clerk, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—Thomas James Coulter, William Stanley Jones and Charles Archibald Roberts.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"THE DEAKIN CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated February, 23, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Eratus Edwin Howard and Jacob DeWitt, advocates; Henry Charles McNeil, accountant; Wilbert Harvard Howard, and Harold Ernest Andrews Rose, students-at-law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"MONTREAL HAT CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated February 23, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Solomon Garber, Elias Garber and Saul Garmaise, merchants; Simon Alter Garber, rabbi, and Michael Garber, student, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—Solomon Garber, Elias Garber and Michael Garber.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued February 23, 1915, to

"THE BEAVER COMPANY, LIMITED."

increasing the capital stock of the said company from $500,000 to the sum of $2,000,000 being an addition of 15,000 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock and extending the powers.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"CANADIAN LAND AND INVESTMENT COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated February 24, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Harold Stephen Gausby, auditor; Peter Spark Chalmers, bookkeeper; William Alexander Walker, Frederick McNamee Little, and Elmer Scott Stainton, accountants, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"PAQUETTE & GRENEI?, LIMITED."
Incorporated, February 24, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Romeo George Paquette, furrier; Madame Berthe Fortier, wife separate as to property of the said Romeo George Paquette, Joseph Misael Fortier, trader; and Romuald Delfausse, advocate, of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec; and Pierre Amable Grenier, of the town of Longueuiil, in the said province of Quebec, designer.

First or Provisional Directors.—Romeo George Paquette, Joseph Misael Fortier, and Pierre Amable Grenier.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"SOUTHERN STORES, LIMITED."
Incorporated, February 24, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $25,000. Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Pierre Alexandre Boivin, general broker; John Albert Labelle and Elphee Giroux, clerks; and Joseph Fluet, foreman, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec; and Marie Louise Boivin, spinster, of the town of Cartierville, in the said province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—Pierre Alexandre Boivin, Joseph Fluet and Marie Louise Boivin.

Chief place of Business.—Montreal South, Que.


"LA COMPAGNIE D'EAU OZONE, LIMITED."

"OZONE WATER COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, February 25, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $25.

Corporate Members.—Antonio Handfield, Raymond Albert Handfield, dealers; Ludger Bolduc, accountant; Albert Saint-Martin, stenographer, and Philippe Boissonneault, blacksmith, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

6 GEORGE V, A. 1916

“QUIKANSHUR MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.”
Incorporated February 25, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000. Number of shares, 25,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—William Langley Bond, King’s Counsel, and John Bicknell Johnson, bookkeeper, both of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec; Charles Albert Duclos, King’s Counsel; Edward Goff Trevor Penny, advocate; and Christina Beatrice Young, stenographer, all of the city of Westmount, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


“PARISIAN PRODUCTS COMPANY, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, February 25, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Clifford Benjamin Miller, manufacturer; and Wilbur Bradley Grandison, attorney-at-law, of the city of Buffalo, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America; Helen Josephine Conroy, stenographer, and Laura Pearl Ferguson, bookkeeper, of the village of Fort Erie, in the province of Ontario; and Holton Richard Morwood, of the town of Welland, in the said province of Ontario, barrister.

First or Provisional Directors.—Clifford Benjamin Miller, Helen Josephine Conroy, and Holton Richard Morwood.

Chief place of Business.—Village of Fort Erie, Ont.


“ART STATUARY COMPANY, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, February 25, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Michael Arthur Phelan, advocate; Harry Arthur Ellis and Joseph Alphonse L’Heureux, bookkeepers; Esther Tompkins and Lillian Montgomery Gamble, stenographers, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—Michael Arthur Phelan, Harry Arthur Ellis, and Joseph Alphonse L’Heureux.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


“The Electric Chain Company of Canada, Limited.”
Incorporated, February 25, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Frederick Egbert Earl, accountant; Kay Anderson, Stanley Meredith Scott, Loyola Vincent Fitzpatrick, students-at-law; and Frederick Gordon Dyke, solicitor, all of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—Frederick Egbert Earl, Kay Anderson, Stanley Meredith Scott and Frederick Gordon Dyke.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"LEGAL SECURITIES AND INVESTMENT COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated February 26, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $40,000.
Number of shares, 400.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Anthony L'Estrange Malone, Edwin George Long and Albert Mearns, barristers-at-law; Frederick Lawson Whatley, accountant; and Gerald Morphy Malone, law student, all of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—Anthony L'Estrange Malone, Albert Mearns, and Gerald Morphy Malone.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"THE STANDARD VALVES COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 26, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Hugh Burnet, civil engineer; William James Wallace, financial agent; Edna Pearl Cameron, stenographer; and John Baird and John Arthur McAllister, real estate agents, all of the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—Hugh Burnet, William James Wallace, and Edna Pearl Cameron.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.


"METALS-CHEMICAL, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 26, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000.
Number of shares, 1,000,000.—Amount of each share, $1.

Corporate Members.—William Gilchrist, solicitor's clerk; James Stewart, accountant; Vera Hughes and Anne Hand, stenographers; and Gertrude Elizabeth Hancock, bookkeeper, all of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"UNITED SHOE MACHINERY COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED."

Incorporated, February 26, 1915. - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000.
Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Frank Wallace Knowlton, manager; Errol Malcolm McDougall and Gilbert Sutherland Stairs, advocates; John Buchanan Henderson, clerk; and Beatrice Isolde Brant, stenographer, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Maisonneuve, Que.

"UNITED LAST COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, February 26, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000.
Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Frank Wallace Knowlton, manager; Errol Malcolm McDougall
and Gilbert Sutherland Stairs, advocates; John Buchanan Henderson, clerk; and
Beatrice Isolda Brandt, stenographer, all of the city of Montreal, in the province
of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Maisonneuve, Que.


"RECORD INVESTMENT COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED."
Incorporated, March 1, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William Henry Chenery, broker; and James Nicoll Dick,
William Gardner Forbes, John Forbes, George McKillop and Henry Corran
Hannaford, engineers, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—William Henry Chenery, James Nicoll Dick, and
William Gardner Forbes.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"LA COMPAGNIE DESJARDINS, LIMITEE."
Incorporated, March 2, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000.
Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Charles Alfred Desjardins and Alexis Darisse, of the town of
St. André de Kamouraska, in the province of Quebec, manufacturers; Joseph
Octave Samson and Marcellin Pettigrew, merchants; and David Pettigrew,
commercial traveller, of the city of Quebec, in the said province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of St. André de Kamouraska, Que.


"THE INGERSOLL PACKING COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, March 3, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000.
Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Charles Clements Lumsden Wilson, James Henry Thomas,
Cyrus Hartsuff Sumner and Harry Chadwick Wilson, of the town of Ingersoll,
in the province of Ontario, manufacturers; and Thomas Kenneth Boyd, of the
city of Chicago, in the State of Illinois, one of the United States of America,
manufacturer.

First or Provisional Directors.—Charles Clements Lumsden Wilson, Cyrus Hartsuff
Sumner, and Harry Chadwick Wilson.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Ingersoll, Ont.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"METALYTE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 3, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $500.
   Number of shares, 100.—Amount of each share, $5.

Corporate Members.—Joseph Jefferson Steinharter, broker; John Louis Brautigan, agent; Alfred Hayden Machon, clerk; Arthur M. Doyle, barrister-at-law; and George Bernard Murphy, student-at-law, all of the city of Winnipeg, in the province of Manitoba.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Winnipeg, Man.


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"THE MYSTERY TIRE COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 4, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $400,000.
   Number of shares, 4,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Henry Farmer, Elie Lalumière, Elmer Farmer, merchants; Berthe Dufort and Jeanne Marsan, stenographers, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


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"ELITE CONSTRUCTION AND SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 5, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
   Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Leo Doyon, Frank Malone, brokers; Dave Turner, merchant; George Gordon, machinist; and Alfred McGovern, agent; all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—Leo Doyon, Dave Turner and George Gordon.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


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"LANDS AND CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, LIMITED."

"COMPAGNIE DE TERRAINS ET CONSTRUCTIONS, LIMITEE."

Incorporated, March 6, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000.
   Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Henry Lavoie, carpenter; Albert Saint-Martin, stenographer; Aline Brochu, spinster, dressmaker; Emile Jean Lord, gentleman; all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec; and Milton Rousseau, hotelkeeper, of Pierreville, in the said province.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"CANADIAN WESTRUMITE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 6, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $400,000. Number of shares, 4,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Charles Stewart Towle, civil engineer; William Gerald Coats, contractor; William Duncan Preston, capitalist; and Samuel Moon Ecclesine, land surveyor, of the city of New York, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America; and William Thomas Henderson, of the city of Brantford, in the province of Ontario, King's Counsel.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Brantford, Ont.


"THE FEDERATED SHOE SERVICE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 6, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—George Selkirk Currie, chartered accountant, and Frank Charles Smith, manufacturers' agent, of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec; and George Mitchell Mitchell, broker; Thomas Henry Connolly, accountant; and James Cathcart, engineer, of the city of Quebec, in the said province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—Frank Charles Smith, George Mitchell Mitchell, and Thomas Henry Connolly.

Chief place of Business.—City of Quebec, Que.


"COLONIAL FILM COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 8, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Charles Berman, Esquire; Elik Gell, hotelkeeper; and Henry Siskind, attorney-at-law, of the city of Boston, in the state of Massachusetts, one of the United States of America; and Edward Golden, manager, and Charles Solomon, Esquire, of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"THE AXLE VALVE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 8, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Henry Judah Trihey, Peter Bercovitch, and Ernest Lafontaine, advocates; James Johnston, accountant; and Margaret McMartin, clerk, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"THE CREDIT CLEARING HOUSE OF CANADA, LIMITED."

(re-incorporation.)

Incorporated, March 9, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Almon Ritchie and Edgar Rodolphe Eugene Chevrier, barristers-at-law; Joseph Symaune Plouffe, student-at-law; and Jessie Lila May Boyce and Rebecca Mary Bobier, stenographers, all of the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued March 9, 1915, to

"CANADIAN CONSOLIDATED RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED."

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $5,000,000, to the sum of $6,000,000, being an addition of 10,000 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.


"THE STANDARD PAVING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 10, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000.
Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Foley and John Gleeson, contractors; Edward Patrick Gleeson, barrister-at-law; Percy Cyril Cooper, accountant; and Florence May Doherty, stenographer, all of the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—John Foley, John Gleeson and Percy Cyril Cooper.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.


"CRITERION THEATRE AND AMUSEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 10, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $75,000.
Number of shares, 7,500.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Harold Wolferstan Higgins, Harry Leonard Godsoe and Horace John Pratt, brokers; Joseph William Leboeuf, accountant, and Walter Frederick Higginson, agent, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"G. M. CHANDLER GARAGE & MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 11, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $99,000.
Number of shares, 990.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—George Manchester Chandler and William Ernest Bullen,
engineers; William Henry Boudreau, salesman; and Ethel Vera Kerr and
Florence Campbell Weir, stenographers, of the city of Montreal, in the province
of Quebec; and Louis Philippe Crepeau, of the town of Athabaska, in the said
province of Quebec, advocate.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"NYAL COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 12, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Frederick Kimball Stearns, Wayland Dike Stearns, Samuel
Chapin Stearns, David Moffat Gray, Frederick Sweet Stearns, and Willard
Ohliger, of the city of Detroit, in the State of Michigan, one of the United
States of America, pharmacists; and Charles Albert Smith, of the city of
Windsor, in the province of Ontario, pharmacist.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Windsor, Ont.


"THE PAVING & CONSTRUCTION COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 12, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Leopold Henri Durand, accountant; Bernard Brault, civil
engineer; Joseph Azaric Boutet, bookkeeper, all three of city of Montreal, in the
province of Quebec; Napoleon Malenfant, machinist, Joseph Louis Hector St.
Amour, accountant, of the city of Maisonneuve, in the said province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"THE BRITISH AMERICAN IMPORT CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 12, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $150,000.
Number of shares, 1,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Alexander Rives Hall, King's counsel; Louis Fitch, advocate;
Harry Gough, accountant, and Minnie Isabel Bustin and Violet Winefred Leslie
Henry-Anderson, stenographers, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of
Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"CLEGHORN & BEATTIE, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 12, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Blyth Beattie, merchant; Janet Beattie, widow, and Wilfred Cheevers Greig, barrister, of the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario; and Mary Edith Cleghorn, widow; and James Cleghorn, merchant, of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—Blyth Beattie, Janet Beattie and Wilfred Cheevers Greig.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued March 12, 1915, to

THE MARTIN-SENOUR COMPANY, LIMITED.

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from $150,000 to the sum of $400,000, being an addition of 2,500 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.


"SUDbury FLOUR MILLS, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 13, 1915. - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000. Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William Clark Perkins and Harold Duncan McCormick, barristers-at-law, John Parks Hegan, accountant, and Bertha O'Brien and Christine Matthews, stenographers, all of the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.


"Daly & Morin, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 15, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $500,000. Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William Joseph Daly and Albert Morin, of the city of Westmount, in the province of Quebec, manufacturers; and Thomas John Shallow and Joseph Henri Gérin-Lajoie, advocates, and Joseph Emile Côté, accountant, of the city of Montreal, in the said province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—William Joseph Daly, Albert Morin and Joseph Henri Gérin-Lajoie.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Lachine, Que.

Incorporated, March 15, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Edward Alfred Paterson, mining engineer, Francis Henry Keefer, Esquire, and Harold Augustine Keefer, mill superintendent, of the town of Thorold, in the province of Ontario; Francis Hugh Keefer, of the city of Port Arthur, in the said province of Ontario, barrister-at-law; and Arthur Cameron Johnston, of the city of Cleveland, in the State of Ohio, one of the United States of America, civil and mechanical engineer.

First or Provisional Directors.—Edward Alfred Paterson, Francis Henry Keefer, and Harold Augustine Keefer.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Thorold, Ont.


Incorporated, March 15, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Bertram O. Knechtel, Gordon Knechtel, Orland Knechtel, and Solomon Knechtel, manufacturers; and Margaret Knechtel, married woman, all of the town of Southampton, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—Bertram O. Knechtel, Gordon Knechtel, and Orland Knechtel.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Southampton, Ont.


Incorporated, March 16, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, 4,500,000. Number of shares, 45,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Walter Robert Lorimer Shanks, advocate; Francis George Bush, bookkeeper, George Robert Drennan, stenographer; and Michael Joseph O'Brien and Herbert William Jackson, clerks, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


Incorporated March 16, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Pierre Hyacinthe Chabot, real estate agent; Andrew J. O'Brien, scaler; Frederick William Ward and Charles Vickers Maxwell, manufacturers; and Francis William Bauer, agent, all of the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—Pierre Hyacinthe Chabot, Frederick William Ward, and Charles Vickers Maxwell.

Chief place of Business.—City of Ottawa, Ont.

SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"THE JAMES FRID COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 16, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James William Frid, contractor; Annie Frid, married woman; Marion Boag, stenographer; James Allan Forrest, accountant; and William John Aylett, clerk, all of the city of Winnipeg, in the province of Manitoba.

First or Provisional Directors.—James William Frid, Annie Frid and Marion Boag. Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


"JAS. CARRUTHERS & COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 17, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—James Carruthers, William Carruthers and Thomas Henry Reeves, of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, grain merchants; Charles Walter Band, of the city of New York, in the state of New York, one of the United States of America, grain merchant; and Capel Tilt and George Andrew Carruthers, of the city of Winnipeg, in the province of Manitoba, grain merchants.

First or Provisional Directors.—James Carruthers, William Carruthers, Charles Walter Band and Capel Tilt.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"CANADIAN HORSESHOE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 17, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $300,000. Number of shares, 3,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Guy Hathaway Long, lumber merchant; Llewellyn Frederick Stephens and Hugh Jean McKenna, barristers; Richard Thomas Gilbert, clerk; and Reba Campbell, accountant, all of the city of Hamilton, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—Guy Hathaway Long, Llewellyn Frederick Stephens and Hugh Jean McKenna.

Chief place of Business.—City of Hamilton, Ont.


"THE PROGRESSIVE SYNDICATE, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 18, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Arthur Marshall Irvine, real estate agent; Alexandre Chase-Casgrain, King's Counsel; Pierre Francois Casgrain, advocate; John Buchanan Henderson, clerk; and Beatrice Isolde Brandt, stenographer, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"DAYKIN AND JACKSON, LIMITED."
Incorporated, March 18, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $75,000.
Number of shares, 750.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Frederick Taylor Jackson, manager; George Bell Clark, secretary; Thomas Cummings, Esquire, Reginald Radcliffe Perry, barrister, and Mary M. Gable, stenographer, all of the town of Armstrong, in the province of British Columbia.
First or Provisional Directors.—Frederick Taylor Jackson, Reginald Radcliffe Perry and Mary M. Gamble.
Chief place of Business.—Town of Armstrong, B.C.

"J. R. MYERS & SONS, LIMITED."
Incorporated, March 18, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000.
Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—Clove Riley Myers, Lawson Harrison Myers, and Joseph Edward Myers, merchants; Eliza Jane Myers, widow, and Elizabeth Rena Myers, married woman, all of the town of Stratford, in the province of Ontario.
First or Provisional Directors.—Clove Riley Myers, Lawson Harrison Myers, and Joseph Edward Myers.
Chief place of Business.—Town of Stratford, Ontario.

"BERMITE EXPLOSIVES, LIMITED."
Incorporated, March 18, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000.
Number of shares, 20,000.—Amount of each share, $10.
Corporate Members.—Carlton Winfred Berry, of the town of Waterloo, in the province of Quebec, Esquire; Charles Watt, of the town of Lachine in the said province of Quebec, superintendent; Egbert William Westover, of the city of Montreal, in the said province of Quebec, advocate; and Frederick Thomas Enright and Charles Mackay Cotton, of the city of Westmount, in the said province of Quebec, advocates.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"THE JOHN GOODISON THRESHER COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, March 18, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000.
Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $100.
Corporate Members.—John Goodison, manufacturer; John Cowan, King's Counsel, Charles MacKenzie, hardware merchant. Edwin Francis Goodison, accountant; and William Thomas Goodison, Esquire, all of the city of Sarnia, in the province of Ontario.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Sarnia, Ont.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

Supplementary Letters Patent issued March 18, 1915, to

"AMERICAN TAILORS, LIMITED."

changing the corporate name of said company to that of

"ARROW TAILORING CO., LIMITED."


Supplementary Letters Patent issued March 18, 1915, to

"P. L. SCHMIDT HARDWARE, LIMITED."

changing its corporate name to that of

"HARDWARE, LIMITED."


Supplementary Letters Patent issued March 22, 1915, to

"THE CANADIAN ADVERTISING, LIMITED."

changing its corporate name to that of

"CANADIAN ADVERTISING AGENCY, LIMITED."


"MATTHEWS, TOWERS & COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 22, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $199,000. Number of shares, 1,990.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Louis Athanase David, Louis Edouard Adolphe D’Argy Mailhoit and Sefgried Hinson Read Bush, advocates, and John Ligertwood Hutcheon and Edward Charles Baker, accountants, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"RUBBER REGENERATING COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 22, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000. Number of shares, 2,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Charles Macpherson Holt, King’s Counsel, Errol Malcolm McDougall, Gilbert Sutherland Stairs and Pierre François Casgrain, advocates, and John Buchanan Henderson, clerk, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"MICHAUD & SCOVL, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 23, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000. Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Louis Arthur Michaud, James Micheau Scovil and Joseph Edouard Ouimet, manufacturers; Ernest Saint Pierre, tailor, and Clement Antoine Guertin, King's Counsel, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"KELLY, POWELL, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 24, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Thomas Kelly, salesman, and Edgar Garfield Powell, manager, of the city of Winnipeg, in the province of Manitoba; and Henry Judah Trihey, Peter Bercovitch and Ernest Lafontaine, of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, advocates.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Winnipeg, Man.


"THE MEADES UPHOLSTERING COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 24, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500. Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Walter Meades and George Albert Rozel, manufacturers; Archibald Bryant Taylor, physician; Ralph Brunt, cattle buyer; Joseph Jagelowski, finisher, and John Mills, insurance broker, all of the town of Hanover, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—Town of Hanover, Ont.


Supplementary Letters Patent issued March 24, 1915, to

"F. GALIBERT, LIMITED."

Extending the powers of the said company.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"THE CANADIAN BLOWER AND FORGE COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 25, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $500,000.
Number of shares, 5,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William Franz Wendt and Henry William Wendt, manufacturers, John Melancthon Chipman, attorney, and Charles Arthur Booth, sales manager, of the city of Buffalo, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America; and Allan Getchell McAvity, of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, manufacturer.

First or Provisional Directors.—William Franz Wendt, Henry William Wendt and Allan Getchell McAvity.

Chief place of Business.—City of Buffalo, N.Y.

"THE COLONIAL SHIRT COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 27, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $25,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $25.

Corporate Members.—David Forsyth, principal, Berlin Collegiate Institute; Otto Roudolph Forsyth, manager; Arthur Conrad Slumkoski, secretary-treasurer; Armand Alvin Schreiter, manager, and Nora Louise Roos, secretary, all of the city of Berlin, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—David Forsyth, Otto Roudolph Forsyth and Arthur Conrad Slumkoski.

Chief place of Business.—City of Berlin, Ont.

"J. W. SCALES, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 27, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000.
Number of shares, 8,000—Amount of each share, $25.


First or Provisional Directors.—George Milligan, Arthur Milligan, and Charles Henry Scales.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.

"NEW BRUNSWICK CANNERIES COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 27, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $10,000.
Number of shares, 100.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Hugh Havelock McLean, Frederic Richard Taylor, Oscar Ring and Henry Fisher Puddington, barristers-at-law, and Robert Campbell Gilmour, insurance agent, all of the city of Saint John, in the province of New Brunswick.

First or Provisional Directors.—Hugh Havelock McLean, Frederic Richard Taylor, and Oscar Ring.

Chief place of Business.—Parish of St. Andrews, N.B.

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SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"SIMPLEX ASPHALT PAVING COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, March 27, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $100,000.
Number of shares, 1,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Frederick Henry Markey and Waldo Whittier Skinner, both of
His Majesty's Counsel, learned in the law; William Gilbert Pugsley and George
Gordon Hyde, advocates; and Ronald Cameron Grant, accountant, all of the city
of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"THE PREMIER ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, March 29, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $49,000.
Number of shares, 490.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Louis Athanase David, Louis Edouard Adolphe D'Argy Mailhiot
and Segfried Hinson Read Bush, advocates; and John Lighterwood Hutcheon and
Edward Charles Baker, accountants, all of the city of Montreal, in the province
of Quebec.
First or Provisional Directors.—Louis Athanase David, Louis Edouard Adolphe
D'Argy Mailhiot, and Segfried Hinson Read Bush.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"TORONTO BUTCHERS' SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED."
Incorporated, March 29, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $40,000.
Number of shares, 400.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Louis Athanase David, Louis Edouard Adolphe D'Argy Mailhiot
and Segfried Hinson Read Bush, advocates; John Lighterwood Hutcheon and
Edward Charles Baker, accountants, all of the city of Montreal, in the province
of Quebec.
First or Provisional Directors.—Louis Athanase David, Louis Edouard Adolphe
D'Argy Mailhiot, and Segfried Hinson Read Bush.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"LE PROGRES FINANCIER, LIMITEE."
Incorporated, March 29, 1915. - - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $200,000.
Number of shares, 20,000.—Amount of each share, $10.

Corporate Members.—Félix Henry Bédard, superintendent of insurance; Joseph
Elisée Giguère, notary; Joseph Edgar Desjardins, financial agent; Josephat
Ernest Bédard, accountant, and Joseph Edouard Simard, insurance and real
estate agent; all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.
First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.
Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.
SYNOPSIS OF LETTERS PATENT

6 GEORGE V, A. 1916

“CANADA FOREIGN TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, March 30, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $250,000. Number of shares, 2,500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William Taylor, accountant; Ralph Erskine Allan, student-at-law; Bertha McCully and Bertha Hodgson, stenographers; and Grace Pearl Kyle, clerk, all of the city and district of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


“HEADLIGHTLY HOME REALTY COMPANY, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, March 30, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $49,000. Number of shares, 490.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William Henry Griffith, druggist; William Bernard Murray and Thomas Malcolm Craig, traders; William Amherst Hale, farmer; and Alfred Godfrey Campbell, manufacturer, all of the city of Sherbrooke, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Sherbrooke, Que.


“CANADIAN WALLBOARD COMPANY, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, March 30, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $50,000. Number of shares, 500.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Harry Riley and Willis Bertram Sturrup, law clerks; Alfred Bicknell, barrister; Thomas Stewart Hagan Giles, accountant; and William Charles Harold Swinburne, student-at-law, all of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—Harry Riley, Alfred Bicknell, and Thomas Stewart Hagan Giles.

Chief place of Business.—City of Toronto, Ont.


“FELS & LIPPE, LIMITED.”
Incorporated, March 30, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $99,000 Number of shares, 990.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Henry Horwitz, designer; Samuel Gordon Russell, shipper Joseph Edouard Campbell, bookkeeper, and Joseph Horace Herman Lippe, notary public, of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, and Paul Emile Riberdy of La Tuque, in the said province of Quebec, student-at-law.

First or Provisional Directors.—Henry Horwitz, Samuel Gordon Russell and Joseph Edouard Campbell.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.

"G. C. EGAN COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 31, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $40,000.
Number of shares, 400.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—John Wright Laing, manager; Louis Joseph Scheuer, Joseph Normandin and Joseph Constant Jean Baptiste Normandin, merchants, and Edward Charles Baker, accountant, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"PARAMOUNT PICTURES CO., LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 31, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $40,000.
Number of shares, 400.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—Frederick Henry Markay and Waldo Whittier Skinner, both of His Majesty’s Counsel learned in the law; William Gilbert Pugsley and George Gordon Hyde, advocates, and Ronald Cameron Grant, accountant, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Montreal, Que.


"THE GUELPH TIRE AND RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 31, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $350,000.
Number of shares.—4,000 common shares of $25 each.
   "   " 5,000 preferred shares of $50 each.

Corporate Members.—Alexander Henry Davidson, of the town of Southampton, in the province of Ontario, capitalist; Thomas Nairn Dunn, of the town of Strathroy, in the said province of Ontario, manufacturer; Archibald Orr, builder, Gideon Grant, barrister-at-law, John Henry Legge Patterson, manager and Frank Dyche, law broker, of the city of Toronto, in the said province of Ontario; and Christian Roth Miller, of the city of Berlin, in the said province of Ontario, superintendent.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Guelph, Ont.


"WINNIPEG OIL COMPANY, LIMITED."

Incorporated, March 31, 1915. - - - - - Amount of capital stock, $1,000,000.
Number of shares, 10,000.—Amount of each share, $100.

Corporate Members.—William Alfred James Case, solicitor; Clifford Gordon Lynch, secretary; William John Beattie, student-at-law, and Byron Best Spence and James Ernest Jefferies, clerks, all of the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario.

First or Provisional Directors.—The said corporate members.

Chief place of Business.—City of Winnipeg, Man.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

Supplementary Letters Patent issued March 31, 1915, to

"CANADA MACHINERY CORPORATION, LIMITED."

Increasing the capital stock of the said company from the sum of $1,500,000 to the sum of $2,000,000, being an addition of 5,000 shares of $100 each to the present capital stock.

_Vide_ p. 3113, _Canada Gazette_, 1914 1s.
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Dated November 3, 1874.

"THE HERITABLE SECURITIES & MORTGAGE INVESTMENT ASSOCIATION" (LIMITED).
Dated May 23, 1876.

"THE ALLIANCE SOCIETY."
Dated November 16, 1876.

"THE NORTH BRITISH CANADIAN INVESTMENT COMPANY" (LIMITED)
Dated June 6, 1878.

"THE DUNDEE MORTGAGE AND TRUST INVESTMENT COMPANY" (LIMITED).
Dated September 20, 1878.

"THE OMNIUM SECURITIES COMPANY" (LIMITED).
Dated November 24, 1880.

"THE DUNDEE LAND INVESTMENT COMPANY" (LIMITED).
Dated April 5, 1881.

"THE DUNDEE INVESTMENT COMPANY" (LIMITED)
Dated October 20, 1882.
LIST OF MINING COMPANIES.

Licensed under Part V, Chap. 79, R.S.C., 1906, to carry on mining operations with the privileges of a free miner within the Yukon and Northwest Territories of Canada, registered in the Registrar’s Branch of the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada, to March 31, 1915.

"THE KLONDYKE AND KOOTENAY VENTURE SYNDICATE" (Limited).

Date of license, September 27, 1898.—Authorized capital, £50,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—James Pender, 15 Eldorado St., Dawson City.

"THE YUKON VALLEY PROSPECTING AND MINING COMPANY" (Limited).

Date of license, March 15, 1899.—Authorized capital, $750,000.
Chief place of Business:—Chicago, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon:—William James McLean, Dawson City.

"THE LEWES RIVER MINING AND DREDGING COMPANY."

Date of license, March 30, 1899.—Authorized capital, $180,000.
Chief place of business:—Cleveland, Ohio, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—John A. McPherson, Dawson City.

"THE YUKON GOLDFIELDS" (Limited).

Date of license, March 30, 1899.—Authorized capital, £100,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Richard Burt Wood, Dawson City.

"THE DOME (YUKON) GOLD MINING COMPANY" (Limited).

Date of license, April 1, 1899.—Authorized capital, £150,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Louis Coste, C.E., Dawson City.

"ANGLO-FRENCH KLONDYKE SYNDICATE" (Limited).

Date of license, April 12, 1899.—Authorized capital, £50,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—George Robert Clazy, Dawson City.
LIST OF MINING COMPANIES

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"THE JOSEPH LADUE GOLD MINING AND DEVELOPMENT COMPANY OF YUKON" (LIMITED).

Date of license, April 12, 1899.—Authorized capital, $5,000,000.
Chief place of business:—Jersey City, N.J., U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—W. H. B. Lyon, Dawson City.

"THE NORTH AMERICAN TRANSPORTATION AND TRADING COMPANY."

Date of license, May 10, 1899.—Authorized capital, $1,000,000.
Chief place of business:—Chicago, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—John J. Healey, Dawson City.

"KLONDYKE GOVERNMENT CONCESSION" (LIMITED).

Date of license, May 18, 1899.—Authorized capital, £350,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Robert Anderson, Dawson City.

"KLONDYKE DEVELOPMENT COMPANY" (LIMITED).

Date of license, May 18, 1899.—Authorized capital, £60,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Thomas Alfred Rufus Purchas, Dawson City.

"W. J. WALThER COMPANY" (LIMITED).

Date of license, May 19, 1899.—Authorized capital, $10,000.
Chief place of business:—Port Townsend, Jefferson Co., U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—W. J. Walther, Dawson City.

"MCDONALD'S BONANZA (KLONDYKE)," (LIMITED).

Date of license, May 23, 1899.—Authorized capital, £450,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Thomas S. Marshall, Dawson City.

"KLONDYKE DOME MINING COMPANY" (LIMITED).

Date of license, May 26, 1899.—Authorized capital, £20,000.
Chief place of business:—Liverpool, Eng.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Arthur Smith, Dawson City.

"H. ELDORADO REEF SYNDICATE" (LIMITED).

Date of license, June 14, 1899.—Authorized capital, £10,000.
Agents or managers in the Yukon Territory:—Wm. White and F. L. Gwillam, Dawson City.

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"THE KLONDIKE-ALASKA MINING COMPANY" (LIMITED).

Date of license, June 21, 1899.—Authorized capital, $1,000,000.
Chief place of business:—Pierre, South Dakota, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Warren C. Wilkins, Dawson City.

"THE BRITISH COLUMBIA (ROSSLAND AND SLOCAN) SYNDICATE" (LIMITED).

Date of license, August 7, 1899.—Authorized capital, £100,000.
Agents or managers in the Yukon Territory:—William White, K.C., of Dawson City,
and C. C. McCall, K.C., of Calgary, N.W.T.

"THE TRADING AND EXPLORING COMPANY" (LIMITED).

Date of license, August 7, 1899.—Authorized capital, £34,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—William White, K.C., Dawson City.

"YUKON CORPORATION" (LIMITED).

Date of license, August 14, 1899.—Authorized capital, £250,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—William White, K.C., Dawson City.

"THE KLONDIKE MINING COMPANY" (LIMITED).

Date of license, September 2, 1899.—Authorized capital, $10,000,000.
Chief place of business:—Phoenix, Arizona Terr., U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—George W. Comerford, Dawson City.

"WARBURTON'S CONSOLS (KLONDYKE)" (LIMITED).

Date of license, September 8, 1899.—Authorized capital, £40,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Henry Warburton, Dawson City.

"SOCIETE INDUSTRIELLE COMMERCIALE ET MINIERE DU KLONDIKE."

Date of license, September 19, 1899.—Authorized capital, 2,000,000 francs.
Chief place of business:—Brussels, Belgium.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Jules Rossiand, Dawson City.
LIST OF MINING COMPANIES

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"THE ALASKA GOLD FIELDS" (Limited).
Date of license, September 20, 1899.—Authorized capital, £300,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—L. R. Fulda, Dawson City.

"LONDON-KLONDYKE DEVELOPMENT SYNDICATE" (Limited).
Date of license, October 11, 1899.—Authorized capital, £51,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—F. C. Liddle, Dawson City.

"KLONDYKE CONSOLS" (Limited).
Date of license, December 7, 1899.—Authorized capital, £250,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—George Robert Clazy, Dawson City.

"ALASKA AND NORTHWEST EXPLORATION COMPANY."
Date of license, December 20, 1899.—Authorized capital, $5,000,000.
Chief place of business:—New York, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Cornelius B. Zabriskie, Dawson City.

"THE KELLY KLONDIKE SYNDICATE" (Limited).
Date of license, February 6, 1900.—Authorized capital, £12,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—James Barr Wood, Dawson City.

"THE ANGLO-KLONDYKE MINING COMPANY" (Limited).
Date of license, February 9, 1900.—Authorized capital, £100,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Joseph McGillivray, Dawson City.

"RELIANCE MINING AND TRADING COMPANY OF ALASKA."
Date of license, February 19, 1900.—Authorized capital, $5,000,000.
Chief place of business:—Camden, New Jersey, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—J. O. Hestwood, Dawson City.

"THE ALBERTA GOLD-DREDGING SYNDICATE" (Limited).
Date of license, April 19, 1900.— Authorized capital, £10,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory and N. W. Territories:—Frederick P. Hobson, Edmonton, N.W.T.
"THE YUKON GOLDFIELDS" (Limited).

(Re-licensed).

Date of license, April 26, 1900.—Authorized capital, £100,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Richard Burt Wood, Dawson City.

"THE LOYAL DOMINION CREEK (YUKON) GOLD MINING COMPANY" (Limited).

Date of license, April 26, 1900.—Authorized capital, £10,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Edgar Haydon Searle, Dawson City.

"THE BRITISH CANADIAN GOLDFIELDS OF THE KLONDIKE" (Limited).

Date of license, April 26, 1900.—Authorized capital, £275,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Peter Reid Ritchie, Dawson City.

"THE LONDON AND DAWSON AGENCY" (Limited).

Date of license, May 17, 1900.—Authorized capital, £2,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Thomas Alfred Rufus Purchas, Dawson City.

"YUKON GOLD MINING COMPANY."

Date of license, August 23, 1900.—Authorized capital, $500,000.
Chief place of business:—Petersburg, Pike Cn., Indiana, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Frank C. Lory, Dawson City.

"ELDORADO QUARTZ MINING COMPANY."

Date of license, September 11, 1900.—Authorized capital, $1,000,000.
Chief place of business:—City of Seattle, Washington State, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—T. W. Roach, Dawson City.

"THE DOMINION DEVELOPMENT COMPANY."

Date of license, November 26, 1900.—Authorized capital, $100,000.
Chief place of business:—Philadelphia, Penn., U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—J. A. Osborne, Fort Francis, Out., and Fort George, Ungava District.
LIST OF MINING COMPANIES

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"QUARTZ CREEK (YUKON) SYNDICATE" (LIMITED).

Date of license, January 2, 1901.—Authorized capital, £100,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Joseph Whiteside Boyle, Dawson City.

"LOS ANGELES AND YUKON MINING COMPANY."

Date of license, January 10, 1901.—Authorized capital, $400,000.
Chief place of business:—Los Angeles, California, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Mrs. Alice Rollins Crane, Dawson City.

"BIG SALMON HYDRAULIC COMPANY."

Date of license, February 8, 1901.—Authorized capital, $100,000.
Chief place of business:—Seattle, Washington Terr., U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Falcon Joslin, Dawson City.

"SYNDICAT LYONNAIS DU KLONDYKE."

Date of license, March 2, 1901.—Authorized capital, 1,100,000 francs.
Chief place of business:—Lyons, France.
Agents or managers in the Yukon Territory:—M. Louis Paillard and M. Hippolyte de Silan.

"DOMINION GOLD MINING COMPANY."

Date of license, March 18, 1901.—Authorized capital, $750,000.
Chief place of business:—Danville, Illinois, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Frank C. Lory, Dawson City.

"THE DOME (YUKON) GOLD MINES" (LIMITED).

Date of license, October 1, 1901.—Authorized capital, £100,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—George R. Clazy, Dawson City.

"GOLD RUN PLACER MINING COMPANY."

Date of license, March 24, 1902.—Authorized capital, $1,000,000.
Chief place of business:—City of Seattle, Washington State, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—William T. Lory, Dawson.

"THE KLONDYKE CONSOLIDATED GOLD FIELDS" (LIMITED).

Date of license, June 11, 1902.—Authorized capital, £300,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—R. Auzias Turenne, Dawson.
"THE KLONDYKE ESTATES CORPORATION" (Limited).

Date of license, July 18, 1902.—Authorized capital, £500,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—John Archibald Heyman, Dawson City.

"THE TROND SYNDICATE" (Limited).

Date of license, September 3, 1902.—Authorized capital, £20,000.
Chief place of business:—Kendal, Eng.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Arthur Davey, Dawson.

"THE KLONDYKE-CHEECHAGO HILL GOLD MINING COMPANY."

Date of license, November 28, 1902.—Authorized capital, $1,000,000.
Chief place of business:—Phoenix, Maricopo Co., Arizona, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—A. G. Cunningham, Dawson.

"DETROIT-YUKON MINING COMPANY."

Date of license, November 27, 1902.—Authorized capital, $250,000.
Chief place of business:—Detroit, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Otto R. Brener, Dawson, Y.T.

"GOLD RUN (KLONDIKE) MINING COMPANY" (Limited).

Date of license, February 2, 1903.—Authorized capital, £400,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Alfred Ernest Wills, Dawson, Y.T.

"THE TREASURE HILL MINING COMPANY (1903)" (Limited).

Date of license, March 9, 1903.—Authorized capital, £50,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—John Henry Patterson, Dawson, Y.T.

"PACIFIC COAST MINING COMPANY."

Date of license, May 27, 1903.—Authorized capital, $1,000,000.
Chief place of business:—Phoenix, Arizona, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Ernest E. Andrews, Dawson, Y.T.

"THE KLONDYKE GOLD PLACER MINES COMPANY."

Date of license, June 9, 1903.—Authorized capital, $100,000.
Chief place of business:—Cheyenne, Wyoming, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Charles J. Vivquain, Dawson, Y.T.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

"THE BONANZA BASIN GOLD DREDGING COMPANY" (Limited).

Date of license, September 4, 1903.—Authorized capital, $1,000,000.
Chief place of business:—Pierre, South Dakota, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—H. G. Herbert, Dawson, Y.T.

"WEST CANADIAN COLLIERIES" (Limited).

Date of license, October 6, 1903.—Authorized capital, £400,000.
Chief place of business:—St. James's, S.W., England.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Jules Justin Fleutot, Frank, N.W.T.

"ADAMS CREEK GOLD MINING COMPANY."

Date of license, May 25, 1904.—Authorized capital, $100,000.
Chief place of business:—Cheyenne, Wyoming, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—D. H. MacKinnon, Dawson, Y.T.

"ELLIOT DEVELOPMENT COMPANY."

Date of license, July 20, 1904.—Authorized capital, $500,000.
Chief place of business:—Manhattan, New York, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Ralph P. Elliot, Dawson, Y.T.

"THE BONANZA CREEK HYDRAULIC MINING COMPANY" (Limited).

Date of license, August 12, 1904.—Authorized capital, £250,000.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Emile Wheinhein, Dawson, Y.T.

"NORTHWEST HYDRAULIC MINING COMPANY."

Date of license, May 8, 1906.—Authorized capital, $1,000,000.
Chief place of business:—City of Wilmington, Delaware, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Chester A. Thomas, Dawson, Y.T.

"YUKON CONSOLIDATED GOLD FIELDS COMPANY."

Date of license, May 8, 1906.—Authorized capital, $8,000,000.
Chief place of business:—City of Wilmington, Delaware, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Chester A. Thomas, Dawson, Y.T.

"YUKON GOLD COMPANY."

Date of license, April 20, 1907.—Authorized capital, $25,000,000.
Chief place of business:—Augusta, Maine, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Chester A. Thomas, Dawson, Y.T.
“YUKON BASIN GOLD DREDGING COMPANY” (Limited).

Date of license, July 22, 1907.—Authorized capital, $20,000,000.
Chief place of business:—Phoenix, Arizona, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Daniel A. Matheson, Dawson, Y.T.

“SOCIETE MINIERE FRANCAISE DU KLONDYKE ET DE L’ALASKA.”

Date of license, April 6, 1908.—Authorized capital, 366,000 francs.
Chief place of business:—Marseilles, France.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Frank J. McDougal, Dawson, Y.T.

“THE STEWART RIVER GOLD DREDGING COMPANY” (Limited).

Date of license, December 11, 1908.—Authorized capital, $10,000,000.
Chief place of business:—Phoenix, Arizona, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—Daniel A. Matheson, Dawson, Y.T.

“VIRGIN CREEK MINING COMPANY.”

Date of license, February 27, 1911.—Authorized capital, $255,000.
Chief place of business:—Phoenix, Arizona, U.S.A.
Agent or manager in the Yukon Territory:—George Armstrong, White Horse, Y.T.
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<tr>
<td>Yukon Goldfields</td>
<td>146</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yukon Goldfields (re-licensed)</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yukon Gold Mining Co.</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yukon Valley Prospecting and Mining Co.</td>
<td>146</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## COMMISSIONS TO PUBLIC OFFICERS.

List of Public Officers to whom Commissions have been issued from April 1, 1914, to March 31, 1915.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Office or Appointment</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>When Gazetted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anderson, Andrew C.</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>Feb. 28, '14</td>
<td>Mar. 28, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aseltine, Walter Morley</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mar. 10, '14</td>
<td>April 4, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armstrong, William</td>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Addis, Harry</td>
<td></td>
<td>Feb. 28, '14</td>
<td>May 2, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anderson, Thomas A.</td>
<td></td>
<td>May 4, '14</td>
<td>9, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anderson, Hugh</td>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horace</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Archibald, Hon. John</td>
<td>To perform the duties of Chief Justice of the Superior Court of the Province of Quebec, in and for the District of Montreal, as it is constituted for the Court of Review.</td>
<td>Feb. 2, '15</td>
<td>Feb. 13, '15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sprott</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Alward, Harry Freeman | A Commissioner 

_perdedimus potestatem_ to administer to and take from every person or persons the oath of office and the oath of allegiance. | Mar. 11, '15  | Mar. 20, '15  |
| Belanger, Valmore     | A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the "Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens." | Feb. 28, '14  | 28, '14       |
| Barnes, Samuel Weir   |                                                                                        | "          | "            |
| Bartley, Frederick William |                                                                                   | Mar. 10, '14 | "            |
| Blair, Alexander      |                                                                                        | Feb. 28, '14 | April 4, '14  |
| Blocha, Dmytro        |                                                                                        | "          | "            |
| Bennett, Dakota Lorne |                                                                                        | "          | "            |
| Bell, Charles         |                                                                                        | "          | "            |
| Blair, William Thomas |                                                                                        | "          | "            |
| Briggs Samuel         |                                                                                        | "          | "            |
| Benson, David John    | A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the "Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens." | Feb. 28, '14  | April 25, '14 |
| Boyd, Millard Austin  |                                                                                        | May 4, '14  | May 9, '14    |
| Baillie, Robert Stevenson |                                                                                   | "          | "            |
| Browne, Harry         |                                                                                        | "          | "            |
| Baynes, Ernest Willie | A Commissioner to tender and administer to and take from all and every person or persons the oath of allegiance. | June 6, '14  | June 20, '14  |
List of Public Officers to whom Commissions have been issued from April 1, 1914, to March 31, 1915.—Continued.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Office or Appointment</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>When Gazetted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bush, George Frederick</td>
<td>Canadian Delegate to attend the sixth International Dental Congress to be held at London, England, in August, 1914.</td>
<td>June 24, '14</td>
<td>July 4, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baldwin, Joseph Oscar</td>
<td>Judge of the District Court of the Judicial District of Kindersley, in the Province of Saskatchewan.</td>
<td>Aug. 1, '14</td>
<td>Aug. 8, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boone, Lewellyn Ambrose</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>July 28, '14</td>
<td>&quot;    1, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bell, Cecil Howard</td>
<td>Judge of the District Court of the Judicial District of Wynyard, in the Province of Saskatchewan.</td>
<td>Aug. 1, '14</td>
<td>&quot;    8, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barnard, Frank Stillman</td>
<td>Lieutenant Governor of the Province of British Columbia.</td>
<td>Dec. 5, '14</td>
<td>Dec. 12, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bernier, Joseph Arthur</td>
<td>A Commissioner <em>per dedimus potestatem</em> to administer the oaths of allegiance and office to any employee of the Outside Service of the Department of Inland Revenue, in any part of the Dominion of Canada.</td>
<td>&quot;    11, '15</td>
<td>Jan. 23, '15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chrestenson, Louis Frederick</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>Mar. 20, '14</td>
<td>&quot;    28, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comstock, John Vernon</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;    10, '14</td>
<td>Mar. 28, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cunningham, Albert Edgar</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>Feb. 28, '14</td>
<td>April 4, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crawford, James William</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;    28, '14</td>
<td>&quot;    4, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case, John</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>Mar. 10, '14</td>
<td>Mar. 28, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clunas, jr., Andrew</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>Feb. 28, '14</td>
<td>April 11, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carmichael, Samuel</td>
<td>A Commissioner to investigate the condition of Indian Affairs in the Province of British Columbia and to settle all differences between the Governments of the Dominion of Canada and the Province of British Columbia respecting Indian Lands and Indian Affairs generally, in the said Province of British Columbia.</td>
<td>April 7, '14</td>
<td>&quot;    18, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chambers, William Henry</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>Mar. 26, '14</td>
<td>&quot;    18, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Colter, Frederick Samuel</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>Feb. 28, '14</td>
<td>&quot;    25, '14</td>
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<td>Cochrane, Hugh</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;    28, '14</td>
<td>&quot;    25, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Carleton, Cecil Henry</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>May 4, '14</td>
<td>May 9, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Christian, William Perl</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;    1, '14</td>
<td>&quot;    9, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Croft, Frederick J. G.</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;    11, '14</td>
<td>&quot;    16, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cotter, Wemyss M.</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;    11, '14</td>
<td>&quot;    16, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Office or Appointment</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>When Gazetted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>---------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>Crawford, Harry A</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the “Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.”</td>
<td>May 11, ’14</td>
<td>May 23, ’14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Clarke, Claude Harold Elliott</td>
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<td>13, ’14</td>
<td>Jan. 9, ’14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Crate, Harold Edwin</td>
<td></td>
<td>June 12, ’14</td>
<td>June 20, ’14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Connery, David Gibson Stewart</td>
<td></td>
<td>July 28, ’14</td>
<td>Aug. 1, ’14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Craven, Thomas Roy</td>
<td></td>
<td>28, ’14</td>
<td>1, ’14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cameron, Harold</td>
<td></td>
<td>28, ’14</td>
<td>1, ’14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clay, Henry</td>
<td>Deputy District Registrar in Admiralty of the Exchequer Court for that portion of the Toronto Admiralty District comprising the Counties of Essex, Elgin, Kent, Lambton and Middlesex, in the Province of Ontario</td>
<td>Aug, 14, ’14</td>
<td>22, ’14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conroy, Frederick Roice</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the “Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.”</td>
<td>29, ’14</td>
<td>Sept. 12, ’14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Campbell, Major the Hon. John Beresford</td>
<td>Deputy of His Royal Highness the Governor General for the purpose of signing warrants of election, proclamations, writs for the election of Members of the House of Commons and letters patent of Dominion and other lands, whether the Governor General be absent or not.</td>
<td>17, ’14</td>
<td>24, ’14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Craig, James Henry</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the “Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.”</td>
<td>Nov. 28, ’14</td>
<td>Dec. 3, ’14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cadiz, Raymond Lowder</td>
<td></td>
<td>24, ’14</td>
<td>26, ’14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dungan, Perry Preston</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the “Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.”</td>
<td>Feb. 28, ’14</td>
<td>Mar. 28, ’14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dickinson, Frederick Leonard</td>
<td></td>
<td>28, ’14</td>
<td>28, ’14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dale, John</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mar. 10, ’14</td>
<td>21, ’14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Drew, John Hilary</td>
<td></td>
<td>10, ’14</td>
<td>21, ’14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dinnin, John Robert</td>
<td></td>
<td>Feb. 28, ’14</td>
<td>April 4, ’14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dynes, Theron Bruce</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the “Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.”</td>
<td>Feb. 28, ’14</td>
<td>April 4, ’14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas, Fred Aubrey</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mar. 10, ’14</td>
<td>4, ’14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Duncan, John Alexander</td>
<td></td>
<td>20, ’14</td>
<td>4, ’14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dunn, John</td>
<td></td>
<td>26, ’14</td>
<td>4, ’14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dove, Arthur Le Neve</td>
<td></td>
<td>26, ’14</td>
<td>11, ’14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Downey, William James</td>
<td></td>
<td>10, ’14</td>
<td>May 9, ’14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Drummond, Alexander John</td>
<td></td>
<td>May 11, ’14</td>
<td>Jan. 9, ’15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Office or Appointment</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>When Gazetted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>Duplessis, K.C., Théodule Néée Lenoblet</td>
<td>A Puisne Judge of the Superior Court in and for the Province of Quebec.</td>
<td>June 16, '14</td>
<td>June 20, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Drouin, K.C., François Xavier</td>
<td></td>
<td>&quot; 16, '14</td>
<td>&quot; 20, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dubé, Endore</td>
<td>Canadian Delegate to attend the Sixth International Dental Congress to be held at London, England, in August, 1914.</td>
<td>&quot; 24, '14</td>
<td>July 4, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dunn, John Kennedy</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>July 28, '14</td>
<td>Aug. 1, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dowsley, His Honour John Kelley</td>
<td>A Local Judge of the High Court Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario, with the style and title of a Local Judge of the High Court.</td>
<td>&quot; 29, '15</td>
<td>&quot; 6, '15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evans et al, William Sanford</td>
<td>Commissioners to enquire into and report upon the construction of a deep inland waterway providing for the accommodation for the large lake carriers from the Georgian Bay, in the Province of Ontario, to the port of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, etc.</td>
<td>Mar. 18, '14</td>
<td>Mar. 28, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elliott, Dr. Harvey Moir</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>June 5, '14</td>
<td>June 27, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eaton, Arthur William</td>
<td></td>
<td>Nov. 18, '14</td>
<td>Nov. 22, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Farley, Harold Keith</td>
<td></td>
<td>Feb. 28, '14</td>
<td>April 18, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flynn, K.C., Edmund James</td>
<td>Puisne Judge of the Superior Court in and for the Province of Quebec.</td>
<td>June 9, '14</td>
<td>June 13 '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faulkner, William L.</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>&quot; 3, '14</td>
<td>&quot; 6, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>French, George Wallace</td>
<td></td>
<td>&quot; 12, '14</td>
<td>&quot; 20, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fickler, Edward George</td>
<td></td>
<td>&quot; 15, '14</td>
<td>&quot; 20, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glover, John Charles</td>
<td></td>
<td>Nov. 26, '14</td>
<td>Mar. 28, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graham, Robert McCance</td>
<td></td>
<td>&quot; 28, '14</td>
<td>&quot; 28, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Griffin, Charles</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mar. 26, '14</td>
<td>April 4, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gore, Arthur Henry Nichols</td>
<td></td>
<td>&quot; 26, '14</td>
<td>&quot; 11, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Groutage, Hunsdon Wynn</td>
<td></td>
<td>&quot; 26, '14</td>
<td>&quot; 11, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Garratt, George Jordan</td>
<td></td>
<td>Feb. 28, '14</td>
<td>&quot; 11, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glover, Thomas</td>
<td></td>
<td>May 4, '14</td>
<td>May 9, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gallon, William J</td>
<td></td>
<td>&quot; 4, '14</td>
<td>&quot; 9, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Garland, Herbert Graham</td>
<td></td>
<td>&quot; 4, '14</td>
<td>&quot; 9, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genity, William Francis</td>
<td></td>
<td>Dec. 31, '14</td>
<td>Jan. 9, '15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hill, Archibald Bruce</td>
<td></td>
<td>Feb. 28, '14</td>
<td>Mar. 28, '14</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### COMMISSIONS TO PUBLIC OFFICERS

#### SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

**LIST OF PUBLIC OFFICERS to whom Commissions have been issued from April 1, 1914, to March 31, 1915.—Continued.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Office or Appointment</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>When Gazetted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Harnett, Cyrus Howard</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>Mar. 10, '14</td>
<td>Mar. 28, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hayes, Charles</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>10, '14</td>
<td>21, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hurn, Herbert George</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>10, '14</td>
<td>21, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hearn, Frederick William</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>10, '14</td>
<td>April 4, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hayes, K.C., Louis Martin</td>
<td>Judge of the Court of the County of Wellington, in the Province of Ontario.</td>
<td>30, '14</td>
<td>11, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hayes, His Honour Louis Martin</td>
<td>A Local Judge of the High Court, Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario, with the style and title of a Local Judge of the High Court.</td>
<td>30, '14</td>
<td>-11, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harrigan, Elliott</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>26, '14</td>
<td>4, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hollenback, George</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>26, '14</td>
<td>April 11, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hoffman, Delbirt George</td>
<td></td>
<td>Feb. 28, '14</td>
<td>11, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hutton, Lytle Wilkinson</td>
<td></td>
<td>28, '14</td>
<td>May 2, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hoggarth, Thomas</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>28, '14</td>
<td>9, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Howell, John Daniel</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>28, '14</td>
<td>9, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Haggerty, Swanton</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>28, '14</td>
<td>9, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Howell, Marshall Job</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>May 4, '14</td>
<td>9, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hodson, Edward St. George</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>June 5, '14</td>
<td>13, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hunt, David Allan</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>May 11, '14</td>
<td>May 30, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyndman, James Duncan</td>
<td>A Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court of Alberta.</td>
<td>July 11, '14</td>
<td>July 18, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawkes, Phillip</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>28, '14</td>
<td>Aug. 1, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hoskyn, Charles Hamilton Hope</td>
<td></td>
<td>28, '14</td>
<td>1, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Haynes Ernest Miller</td>
<td>A Commissioner to tender and administer to and take from all and every person or persons the oath of allegiance.</td>
<td>Aug. 8, '14</td>
<td>15, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Idington, Hon. John</td>
<td>Deputy of His Royal Highness the Governor General for the purpose of assenting in His Majesty's name, to any Bill or Bills passed or to be passed during the present Session of Parliament.</td>
<td>April 3, '14</td>
<td>April 11, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Office or Appointment</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>When Gazetted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ilsley, Charles William</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the “Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens”</td>
<td>Feb. 28, '14</td>
<td>April 4, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Irvine, Howard</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mar. 10, '14</td>
<td>May 9, '14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ives, William Carlos</td>
<td>A Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court of Alberta</td>
<td>July 11, '14</td>
<td>July 18, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Inglis, Robert Hadden</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the “Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens”</td>
<td>Oct. 6, '14</td>
<td>Oct. 10, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jones, Thomas Alwyn</td>
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<td>Feb. 28, '14</td>
<td>May 9, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Johnston, Elyah A.</td>
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<td>May 4, '14</td>
<td>9, '14</td>
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<td>Jennison, Harry M.</td>
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<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the “Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens”</td>
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<td>LeBlanc, K C., Pierre Evariste</td>
<td>Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Quebec</td>
<td>Feb. 9, '15</td>
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### List of Public Officers to whom Commissions have been issued from April 1, 1914, to March 31, 1915.—Continued.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
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<th>Date</th>
<th>When Gazetted</th>
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<td>Lemieux, Sir Francis Xavier</td>
<td>Chief Justice of the Superior Court in and for the Province of Quebec.</td>
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<td>Meighen, Hon. Arthur</td>
<td>One of His Majesty's Counsel learned in the Law.</td>
<td>Mar. 14, '14</td>
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<td>Morgan, Harold Sydney</td>
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<td>May 4, '14</td>
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<td>Marshall, James S.</td>
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<td>Mugleston, Percy</td>
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<td>Morrison, William J.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Martin, Jesse V</td>
<td>A Preventive Officer in His Majesty's Customs.</td>
<td>Aug. 20, '14</td>
<td>Nov. 7, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Miller, William Frederick</td>
<td>A Commissioner per dedicam potestatem to administer the oaths of allegiance and office to employees of the Outside Service of the Department of Inland Revenue.</td>
<td>Nov. 7, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>McIntyre, Duncan</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>Mar. 10, '14</td>
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<th>Name</th>
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<th>Date</th>
<th>When Gazetted</th>
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<td>McCorkell, Robert Roy</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>Mar. 20, '14</td>
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<td>McFadden, Thomas Clément</td>
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<td>McMurphy, Dugald</td>
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<td>McElhone, Charles J.</td>
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<td>McGurran, James J.</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>June 5, '14</td>
<td>June 13, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>McEwan, Alfred E</td>
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<td>June 5, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>McDonough, Andrew J.</td>
<td>Canadian Delegate to attend the Sixth International Dental Congress to be held at London, England, in August, 1914</td>
<td>July 24, '14</td>
<td>July 4, '14</td>
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<td>McCarthy, K.C., Maitland Stewart</td>
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<td>McNeil, Peter</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens&quot;...</td>
<td>Aug. 6, '14</td>
<td>Aug. 15, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>McKay, K.C., James</td>
<td>A Judge of the Supreme Court of Saskatchewan, with the style and title of a Justice of the Supreme Court of Saskatchewan</td>
<td>Dec. 16, '14</td>
<td>Dec. 28, '14</td>
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<td>McKelvy, Thomas</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens&quot;...</td>
<td>Dec. 31, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>McErlie, James Jacob</td>
<td>A Commissioner to administer oaths and to take and receive affidavits, declarations and affirmations in the State of California, one of the United States of America, in or concerning any proceeding had or to be had in the Supreme Court of Canada and in the Exchequer Court of Canada</td>
<td>Dec. 29, '14</td>
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<td>McGough, Henry John</td>
<td>A Fishery officer in the Fisheries Protection Service of Canada</td>
<td>Jan. 20, '15</td>
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<td>Newton, Chester Thomas</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens&quot;...</td>
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<td>Nantel, Hon. Wilfrid Bruno</td>
<td>A Member and Deputy Chief Commissioner of the Board of Railway Commissions under the provisions of The Railway Act, 1903</td>
<td>Oct. 20, '14</td>
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<td>Parish, Alfred Gurney</td>
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<td>Fringle, K.C., Robert Abercombie</td>
<td>A Commissioner to inquire into the reports in the construction of a line of railway from a point in or near Millville, in the Province of New Brunswick, to</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Office or Appointment</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>When Gazetted</td>
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<td>Peterman, Milton Roy</td>
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<td>Powell, John Bleeker</td>
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<td>June 5, '14</td>
<td>June 13, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pelletier, K.C., Hon. Louis Philippe</td>
<td>A Puisne Judge of the Superior Court in and for the Province of Quebec.</td>
<td>Nov. 7, '14</td>
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<td>Pelletier, Hon. Mr. Justice Louis Philippe</td>
<td>Assistant Judge of the Court of King’s Bench for the Province of Quebec during the illness of the Honourable Mr. Justice Gervais.</td>
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<td>Richardson, James Jacob</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
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<td>May 28, '14</td>
<td>13, '14</td>
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</table>
List of Public Officers to whom Commissions have been issued from April 1, 1914, to March 31, 1915.—Continued.

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<th>Name</th>
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<th>Date</th>
<th>When Gazetted</th>
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<tr>
<td>Shepherd; Joseph Turner</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
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<td>Spotton, Anson</td>
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<td>Tache, Joseph De Labroquerie</td>
<td>King's Printer and Controller of Stationery</td>
<td>Mar. 14, '14</td>
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<td>Trettet, John</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>Apr. 4, '14</td>
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<td>Thompson, James Blain</td>
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<td>Aug. 18, '14</td>
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<td>Townsend, Howard</td>
<td>An Inspector in the Royal North West Mounted Police Force</td>
<td>Dec. 26, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Underhill, James E.</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>May 9, '14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Van Norman, Harry Hinds</td>
<td>&quot; &quot; &quot; &quot;</td>
<td>Mar. 28, '14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vernon, Mark Henry</td>
<td>An Inspector in the Royal North West Mounted Police Force</td>
<td>Dec. 26, '14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westaway, Richard James</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>Mar. 28, '14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wallworth, John Thomas</td>
<td>&quot; &quot; &quot; &quot;</td>
<td>Apr. 4, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wilson, Joseph</td>
<td>&quot; &quot; &quot; &quot;</td>
<td>Mar. 21, '14</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Wilson, Charles Matthews</td>
<td>&quot; &quot; &quot; &quot;</td>
<td>Apr. 11, '14</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Ward, K.C., Henry Alfred</td>
<td>Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Northumberland and Durham, in the Province of Ontario</td>
<td>Apr. 11, '14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ward, His Honour Henry Alfred</td>
<td>A Local Judge of the High Court Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario, with the style and title of a Local Judge of the High Court.</td>
<td>Nov. 11, '14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White, K.C., Nathaniel W.</td>
<td>Chairman of the Commission to settle all differences between the Governments of the Dominion of Canada and the Province of British Columbia, respecting Indian Lands and Indian Affairs generally, in the Province of British Columbia.</td>
<td>May 9, '14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Williams, Edward F. M.</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>Sep. 9, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wilson, William Robert</td>
<td>&quot; &quot; &quot; &quot;</td>
<td>Sep. 9, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wylye, K.C., Edmund Richard</td>
<td>Judge of the District Court of the Judicial District of Estevan, in the Province of Saskatchewan</td>
<td>Aug. 8, '14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wallace, K.C., James Gamble</td>
<td>Judge of the County Court of the County of Oxford, in the Province of Ontario</td>
<td>Nov. 7, '14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wallace, His Honour James Gamble</td>
<td>A local Judge of the High Court Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario, with the style and title of a Local Judge of the High Court.</td>
<td>Dec. 7, '14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White, Wilfred Freethy</td>
<td>A Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the &quot;Act respecting Naturalization and Aliens.&quot;</td>
<td>Dec. 19, '14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ware, Samuel Arthur</td>
<td>&quot; &quot; &quot; &quot;</td>
<td>Nov. 19, '14</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Wilson, William Foster</td>
<td>Chief Preventive Officer in His Majesty's Customs</td>
<td>Jan. 23, '15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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</table>
## BOARDS OF TRADE.

List of Boards of Trade in the Dominion of Canada registered in the Registrar's Branch of the Department of the Secretary of State, under the provisions of Section V., Chapter 124, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, to March 31, 1915, inclusive.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Date of Formation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Abbotsford, District Board of Trade</td>
<td>Abbotsford, B.C</td>
<td>July 31, 1913</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agassiz Board of Trade</td>
<td>Agassiz, B.C</td>
<td>September 19, 1912</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alameda Board of Trade</td>
<td>Alameda, Sask.</td>
<td>April 12, 1909</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alberton and West Prince Board of Trade</td>
<td>Alberton, P.E.I.</td>
<td>April 25, 1903</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alexandria, Board of Trade</td>
<td>Alexandria, Ont.</td>
<td>October 15, 1912</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Almonte, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Almonte, Ont.</td>
<td>January 21, 1902</td>
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<tr>
<td>Anderst, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Amherst, N.S.</td>
<td>May 7, 1894</td>
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<tr>
<td>Annapolis Royal Board of Trade</td>
<td>Annapolis Royal, N.S</td>
<td>March—, 1901</td>
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<tr>
<td>Antigonish, Board of Trade</td>
<td>Antigonish, N.S</td>
<td>February 11, 1904</td>
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<tr>
<td>Arnprior Board of Trade</td>
<td>Arnprior, Ont.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Athabaska, La Chambre de Commerce du Comte d'Ashcroft and District Board of Trade</td>
<td>Athabaska, La Chambre de Commerce du Comte d'Ashcroft and District Board of Trade</td>
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<tr>
<td>Attin District Board of Trade</td>
<td>Attin, Ont.</td>
<td>July 8, 1904</td>
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<tr>
<td>Aylmer Board of Trade</td>
<td>Aylmer, Ont.</td>
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<td>Ayr Board of Trade</td>
<td>Ayr, Ont.</td>
<td>April 9, 1906</td>
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<tr>
<td>Baddeck, The Board of Trade for</td>
<td>Baddeck, N.S.</td>
<td>November 28, 1905</td>
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<tr>
<td>Baie-Comeau, Board of Trade</td>
<td>Baie-Comeau, N.S.</td>
<td>April 25, 1910</td>
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<tr>
<td>Balgonie Board of Trade</td>
<td>Balgonie, Sask.</td>
<td>March 22, 1895</td>
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<tr>
<td>Barrie, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Barrie, Ont.</td>
<td>May 11, 1889</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bathurst Board of Trade</td>
<td>Bathurst, N.B.</td>
<td>May 5, 1913</td>
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<tr>
<td>Battleford Board of Trade</td>
<td>Battleford, Sask.</td>
<td>March 5, 1889</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bear River Board of Trade</td>
<td>Bear River, N.S.</td>
<td>February 7, 1905</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beaumont, La Chambre de Commerce de</td>
<td>Beaumont, Que.</td>
<td>May 12, 1914</td>
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<td>Beauharnois, Chambre de Commerce de</td>
<td>Beauharnois, Que.</td>
<td>January 25, 1908</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beaverton Board of Trade</td>
<td>Beaverton, Ont.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Belleville Board of Trade</td>
<td>Belleville, Ont.</td>
<td>May 5, 1881</td>
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<tr>
<td>Berwick Board of Trade</td>
<td>Berwick, Ont.</td>
<td>May 1, 1883</td>
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<td>Biggar Board of Trade</td>
<td>Biggar, Sask.</td>
<td>December 31, 1892</td>
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<tr>
<td>Blind River, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Blind River, Ont.</td>
<td>November 26, 1899</td>
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<tr>
<td>Boisbriand, District Board of Trade</td>
<td>Boisbriand, N.B.</td>
<td>January 3, 1897</td>
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<tr>
<td>Boisbriand, La Chambre de Commerce de</td>
<td>Boisbriand, Que.</td>
<td>March 16, 1898</td>
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<tr>
<td>Brampton Board of Trade</td>
<td>Brampton, Ont.</td>
<td>October 29, 1899</td>
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<tr>
<td>Brandon Board of Trade</td>
<td>Brandon, Man.</td>
<td>March 24, 1901</td>
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<tr>
<td>Brantford Board of Trade</td>
<td>Brantford, Ont.</td>
<td>April 25, 1883</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bridgetown Board of Trade</td>
<td>Bridgetown, N.S.</td>
<td>September 25, 1879</td>
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<tr>
<td>Brighton Village and Township, Board of Trade of</td>
<td>Brighton, Ont.</td>
<td>August 4, 1897</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>British Columbia Board of Trade</td>
<td>Victoria, B.C.</td>
<td>July 23, 1878</td>
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<tr>
<td>British Columbia Inland Board of Trade</td>
<td>Kamloops, B.C.</td>
<td>January 2, 1896</td>
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<tr>
<td>Brockville Board of Trade (re-organized)</td>
<td>Brockville, Ont.</td>
<td>October 4, 1906</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calgary Board of Trade</td>
<td>Calgary, Alta</td>
<td>August 27, 1899</td>
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<td>Callander Board of Trade</td>
<td>Callander, Ont.</td>
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<td>Campbellford Board of Trade</td>
<td>Campbellford, Ont.</td>
<td>May 31, 1904</td>
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<tr>
<td>Campbellton Board of Trade</td>
<td>Campbellton, N.B.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Carnarvon Board of Trade</td>
<td>Carnarvon, Alta</td>
<td>April 19, 1910</td>
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<td>Carnew Board of Trade</td>
<td>Carnew, Man.</td>
<td>November 1, 1913</td>
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<td>Caron, Board of Trade</td>
<td>Caron, Sask.</td>
<td>January 6, 1906</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chambly, La Chambre de Commerce de</td>
<td>Chambly, Que.</td>
<td>February 1, 1901</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chapleau, La Chambre de Commerce du Comte de</td>
<td>Chapleau, Que.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Charlevoix, La Chambre de Commerce du Comte de</td>
<td>Charlevoix, Que.</td>
<td>June 22, 1910</td>
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<tr>
<td>Charlottetown Board of Trade</td>
<td>Charlottetown, P.E.I.</td>
<td>April 26, 1887</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chase Central Board of Trade</td>
<td>Chase, B.C.</td>
<td>December 6, 1911</td>
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</table>
### SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

**List of Boards of Trade in the Dominion of Canada, registered, etc.—Continued.**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Date of Formation</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>Chatham Board of Trade</td>
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<td>Chatham Board of Trade</td>
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<td>Chester, Board of Trade</td>
<td>Chester, N.S.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chippewa Board of Trade</td>
<td>Chippewa, Ont.</td>
<td>April 1, 1897.</td>
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<td>Chilliwack Board of Trade</td>
<td>Chilliwack, B.C.</td>
<td>March 26, 1903.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chinese Board of Trade of Montreal, Que.</td>
<td>Montreal, Que.</td>
<td>June 6, 1912.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Clinton Board of Trade</td>
<td>Clinton, Ont.</td>
<td>July 18, 1903.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Coaticook, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Coaticook, Que.</td>
<td>December 16, 1898.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt Board of Trade</td>
<td>Cobalt, Ont.</td>
<td>September 22, 1908</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cobourg, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Cobourg, Ont.</td>
<td>March 8, 1907.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cochrane Board of Trade</td>
<td>Cochrane, Ont.</td>
<td>June 14, 1909.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Coldwater and District, Board of Trade of</td>
<td>Coldwater, Ont.</td>
<td>February 19, 1912.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Collingwood Board of Trade</td>
<td>Collingwood, Ont.</td>
<td>September 23, 1910</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cookshire Board of Trade</td>
<td>Cookshire, Que.</td>
<td>February 12, 1890.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cornwall Board of Trade</td>
<td>Cornwall, Ont.</td>
<td>February 15, 1912.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cranbrook Board of Trade, The Corporation of the</td>
<td>Cranbrook, B.C.</td>
<td>March 20, 1890.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Danville and Shipton Board of Trade</td>
<td>Danville, Que.</td>
<td>June 6, 1912.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dartmouth Board of Trade</td>
<td>Dartmouth, N.S.</td>
<td>June 18, 1913.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dauphin Board of Trade, The Corporation of</td>
<td>Dauphin, Man</td>
<td>February 11, 1896.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dawson Board of Trade</td>
<td>Davidson, Sask.</td>
<td>March 6, 1903.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Delaworrie Board of Trade</td>
<td>Dawson, Yukon</td>
<td>May 8, 1905.</td>
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<td>Dennis, Board of Trade for the County of</td>
<td>Virden, Man</td>
<td>February 25, 1901.</td>
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<td>Deseronto Board of Trade</td>
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<td>Digby Board of Trade</td>
<td>Digby, N.S.</td>
<td>June 8, 1889.</td>
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<td>Dresden, Ont., Board of Trade</td>
<td>Dresden, Ont.</td>
<td>March 27, 1902.</td>
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<td>Drummond, La Chambre de Commerce du Comté de</td>
<td>Drummondville, Que.</td>
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<td>Dryden Board of Trade</td>
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<td>Duck Lake Board of Trade</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dufferin Board of Trade</td>
<td>Carman, Ont.</td>
<td>October 3, 1908.</td>
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<td>Duncan (B.C.) Board of Trade</td>
<td>Duncan, B.C.</td>
<td>May 13, 1891.</td>
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<td>Dumfries Board of Trade</td>
<td>Little Current, Ont.</td>
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<td>Eastern Manitoulin Board of Trade</td>
<td>Edmonton, Alta</td>
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<td>Elk Lake Board of Trade</td>
<td>Englehart, Ont.</td>
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<td>Essex, County of Essex Board of Trade</td>
<td>Essex, Ont.</td>
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<td>Estevan Board of Trade</td>
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<td>Eyebrook Board of Trade</td>
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<td>Essex, Ont.</td>
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<td>Fenelon Falls Board of Trade</td>
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<td>Fernie, Board of Trade</td>
<td>Fernie, B.C.</td>
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<td>Fort Frances Board of Trade</td>
<td>Fort Frances, Ont.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fort George Board of Trade</td>
<td>Fort George, B.C.</td>
<td>May 17, 1899.</td>
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<td>Fort Saskatchewan Board of Trade</td>
<td>Fort Saskatchewan, Alta</td>
<td>September 7, 1911.</td>
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<td>Fort William Board of Trade</td>
<td>Fort William, Out.</td>
<td>March 8, 1904.</td>
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<td>Fredericton, Board of Trade of the City of</td>
<td>Fredericton, N.B.</td>
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<td>Frobisher Board of Trade</td>
<td>Frobisher, Sask.</td>
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<td>Galt Board of Trade</td>
<td>Galt, Ont.</td>
<td>January 13, 1891.</td>
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<td>Gananoque Board of Trade</td>
<td>Gananoque, Ont.</td>
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<td>Gaspe Board of Trade</td>
<td>Percé, Que.</td>
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<td>Georgetown Board of Trade</td>
<td>Georgetown, Ont.</td>
<td>March 22, 1883.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gilbert Plains Board of Trade</td>
<td>Gilbert Plains, Man.</td>
<td>March—, 1888.</td>
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<td>Glace Bay, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Glace Bay, N.S.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gladstone Board of Trade</td>
<td>Gladstone, Man.</td>
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<td>Goderich Board of Trade</td>
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<td>Granby Board of Trade</td>
<td>Granby, Que.</td>
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<td>Grand Forks, Board of Trade of the City of</td>
<td>Grand Forks, B.C.</td>
<td>March 6, 1875.</td>
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<td>Grand Mere, La Chambre de Commerce de la Ville de</td>
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<td>Gravelbourg Board of Trade</td>
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<td>Gravenhurst Board of Trade</td>
<td>Gravenhurst, Ont.</td>
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<td>Grenfell Board of Trade</td>
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<tr>
<td>Name,</td>
<td>Address,</td>
<td>Date of Formation.</td>
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<td>Greenwood Board of Trade</td>
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<td>Haileybury Board of Trade</td>
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<td>Halifax, N.S.</td>
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<td>Halifax, The Board of Trade of.</td>
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<td>October 1, 1890.</td>
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<td>Hastings Board of Trade</td>
<td>Hastings, Ont.</td>
<td>April 4, 1913.</td>
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<td>Hawkesbury Board of Trade</td>
<td>Hawkesbury, Ont.</td>
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<td>Hazelton Board of Trade</td>
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<td>Hespeler, Board of Trade of the Town of.</td>
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<td>Holland, Man.</td>
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<td>Hosmer Board of Trade</td>
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<td>Hull, La Chambre de Commerce de.</td>
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<td>Huntsville Board of Trade</td>
<td>Huntsville, Ont.</td>
<td>January 1, 1909.</td>
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<td>Indian Head, Board of Trade</td>
<td>Indian Head, Sask.</td>
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<td>Inverness, Board of Trade of the Town of.</td>
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<td>Iroquois Board of Trade</td>
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<td>Joliette, La Chambre de Commerce de la Ville et du</td>
<td>Joliette, Que.</td>
<td>April 18, 1893.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Districz de</td>
<td>Kaslo, B.C</td>
<td>December 1, 1897.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kelowna Board of Trade</td>
<td>Kelowna, B.C</td>
<td>April 4, 1906.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kenora Board of Trade</td>
<td>Kenora, Ont.</td>
<td>July 5, 1911.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kentville Board of Trade</td>
<td>Kentville, N.S.</td>
<td>November 29, 1893.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Killarney Board of Trade</td>
<td>Killarney, Man.</td>
<td>January 1, 1909.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kincardine, Board of Trade of the Town of.</td>
<td>Kincardine, Ont.</td>
<td>October 24, 1905.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kindersley Board of Trade</td>
<td>Kindersley, Sask.</td>
<td>September 10, 1909.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kings County Board of Trade</td>
<td>Kingston, N.S.</td>
<td>November 13, 1893.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kings (Southern) Board of Trade</td>
<td>Lachute, Q.C.</td>
<td>March 22, 1911.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kings, Board of Trade</td>
<td>Lachute, Que.</td>
<td>December 31, 1886.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lachine, La Chambre de Commerce de.</td>
<td>Lachine, Que.</td>
<td>March 18, 1912.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lachine, Board of Trade</td>
<td>Lisieux, Que.</td>
<td>May 2, 1912.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lévis, Board of Trade</td>
<td>Lisieux, Ont.</td>
<td>January 1, 1909.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Listowel Board of Trade</td>
<td>Liverpool, Ont.</td>
<td>August 23, 1904.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>London Board of Trade</td>
<td>London, Ont.</td>
<td>April 20, 1876.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lunenburg Board of Trade</td>
<td>Lunenburg, N.S.</td>
<td>March 1, 1900.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Machnow District Board of Trade</td>
<td>Macknaw, Alta.</td>
<td>February 26, 1899.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manitoba, Board of Trade</td>
<td>Edmonton, N.B.</td>
<td>January 21, 1907.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mahone Bay Board of Trade</td>
<td>Madoc, Ont.</td>
<td>January 9, 1907.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manito Board of Trade</td>
<td>Mahone Bay, N.S.</td>
<td>June 18, 1905.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manor, The Corporation of the Board of Trade</td>
<td>Manito, Man.</td>
<td>April 12, 1899.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maple Creek Board of Trade</td>
<td>Manor, Sask.</td>
<td>May 21, 1908.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medicine Hat Board of Trade</td>
<td>Maple Creek, Sask.</td>
<td>May 21, 1908.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medicine Hat Board of Trade</td>
<td>Medicine Hat, Alta.</td>
<td>March 31, 1900.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Melfort Board of Trade</td>
<td>Melfort, Sask.</td>
<td>June 12, 1905.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melissa Board of Trade</td>
<td>Melissa, Man.</td>
<td>August 26, 1902.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Merritt Board of Trade</td>
<td>Merritt, B.C</td>
<td>February 18, 1914.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Middleton Board of Trade</td>
<td>Middleton, N.S.</td>
<td>October 18, 1896.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Milestone Board of Trade</td>
<td>Milestone, Sask.</td>
<td>June 24, 1906.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Minnedosa Board of Trade</td>
<td>Minnedosa, Man.</td>
<td>April 9, 1906.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mission City Board of Trade</td>
<td>Mission City, B.C.</td>
<td>June 19, 1893.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mitchell Board of Trade</td>
<td>Mitchell, Ont.</td>
<td>April 30, 1879.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moncton, Board of Trade of the City of.</td>
<td>Moncton, N.B.</td>
<td>May 4, 1911.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Montreal, Chambre de Commerce du District de</td>
<td>Montreal, Que.</td>
<td>December 20, 1886.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moosejaw Board of Trade</td>
<td>Moosejaw, Sask.</td>
<td>December 11, 1888.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Address</td>
<td>Date of Formation</td>
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<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>Moosomin Board of Trade</td>
<td>Moosomin, Sask</td>
<td>April 13, 1891</td>
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<tr>
<td>Morden, The Board of Trade of the Electoral division</td>
<td>Morden, Man</td>
<td>March 7, 1890</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mount Forest Board of Trade</td>
<td>Mount Forest, Ont</td>
<td>April 24, 1893</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nakusp, B.C., Board of Trade</td>
<td>Nakusp, B.C.</td>
<td>February 2, 1914</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nanaimo Board of Trade</td>
<td>Nanaimo, B.C.</td>
<td>March 20, 1889</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nanapoo Board of Trade</td>
<td>Nanapoo, Ont</td>
<td>March 3, 1886</td>
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<tr>
<td>Neepawa Board of Trade</td>
<td>Neepawa, Man</td>
<td>April 10, 1900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nelson Board of Trade</td>
<td>Nelson, B.C.</td>
<td>April 21, 1900</td>
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<tr>
<td>Newcastle Board of Trade</td>
<td>Newcastle, N.B.</td>
<td>March 9, 1894</td>
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<tr>
<td>New Glasgow Board of Trade</td>
<td>New Glasgow, N.S.</td>
<td>April 1, 1889</td>
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<tr>
<td>Newmarket Board of Trade</td>
<td>Newmarket, Ont</td>
<td>January 1, 1911</td>
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<td>New Michel Board of Trade</td>
<td>New Michel, B.C.</td>
<td>April 13, 1909</td>
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<tr>
<td>New Westminster Board of Trade</td>
<td>New Westminster, B.C.</td>
<td>October 10, 1882</td>
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<tr>
<td>Niagara Falls Board of Trade</td>
<td>Niagara Falls, Ont</td>
<td>March 13, 1889</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nicola Valley Board of Trade</td>
<td>Nicola Mining Div., Yale Co, B.C.</td>
<td>July 29, 1906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nicolet, La Chambre de Commerce du District de</td>
<td>Nicolet, Que</td>
<td>March 30, 1906</td>
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<tr>
<td>North Bay Board of Trade</td>
<td>North Bay, Ont</td>
<td>October 19, 1894</td>
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<tr>
<td>North Battleford Board of Trade</td>
<td>North Battleford, Sask</td>
<td>December 30, 1905</td>
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<tr>
<td>North Queens Board of Trade</td>
<td>Caledonia, N.S.</td>
<td>January 10, 1906</td>
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<td>North Sydney Board of Trade</td>
<td>North Sydney, N.S.</td>
<td>November 3, 1884</td>
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<td>Norwich Board of Trade</td>
<td>Norwich, Ont</td>
<td>February 29, 1911</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oakville Board of Trade</td>
<td>Oakville, Ont</td>
<td>February 4, 1913</td>
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<tr>
<td>Okanagan Board of Trade</td>
<td>Vernon, B.C.</td>
<td>December 31, 1896</td>
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<tr>
<td>Orangeville Board of Trade</td>
<td>Orangeville, Ont</td>
<td>February 18, 1901</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oshawa, Township of East Whisky, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Oshawa, Ont</td>
<td>October 31, 1880</td>
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<tr>
<td>Owen Sound Board of Trade</td>
<td>Owen Sound, Ont</td>
<td>May 30, 1898</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oxbow Board of Trade</td>
<td>Oxbow, Sask</td>
<td>October 24, 1881</td>
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<tr>
<td>Paris, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Paris, Ont</td>
<td>December 28, 1905</td>
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<tr>
<td>Parkhill Board of Trade</td>
<td>Parkhill, Ont</td>
<td>December 16, 1881</td>
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<tr>
<td>Parrsboro, N.S.</td>
<td>Parrsboro, N.S.</td>
<td>November 19, 1891</td>
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<tr>
<td>Parry Sound Board of Trade</td>
<td>Parry Sound, Ont</td>
<td>April 19, 1890</td>
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<tr>
<td>Penetanguishene Board of Trade</td>
<td>Penetanguishene, Ont</td>
<td>June 5, 1897</td>
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<td>Pentigon Board of Trade</td>
<td>Pentigon, B.C.</td>
<td>March 12, 1889</td>
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<tr>
<td>Perth, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Perth, Ont</td>
<td>May 8, 1897</td>
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<tr>
<td>Peterborough, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Peterborough, Ont</td>
<td>December 13, 1889</td>
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<tr>
<td>Peloria, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Peloria, Ont</td>
<td>March 21, 1889</td>
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<tr>
<td>Picton, Board of the Trade of</td>
<td>Picton, Ont</td>
<td>April 22, 1890</td>
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<tr>
<td>Picton Board of Trade</td>
<td>Picton, N.S.</td>
<td>February 18, 1889</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pilot Mound District, Board of Trade of</td>
<td>Pilot Mound, Man</td>
<td>November 24, 1897</td>
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<tr>
<td>Port Arthur, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Port Arthur, Ont</td>
<td>May 29, 1905</td>
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<tr>
<td>Port Dover Board of Trade</td>
<td>Port Dover, Ont</td>
<td>April 21, 1885</td>
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<td>Port Hope Board of Trade</td>
<td>Port Hope, B.C.</td>
<td>June 4, 1912</td>
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<tr>
<td>Portage la Prairie Board of</td>
<td>Portage la Prairie, Man</td>
<td>April 23, 1911</td>
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<tr>
<td>Port Hood Board of Trade</td>
<td>Port Hood, N.S.</td>
<td>July 7, 1874</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portneuf, la Chambre de Commerce du Comté de</td>
<td>Portneuf, Que</td>
<td>July 22, 1886</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port Perry Board of Trade</td>
<td>Port Perry, Ont</td>
<td>February 24, 1906</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prescott Board of Trade</td>
<td>Prescott, Ont</td>
<td>August 29, 1910</td>
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<tr>
<td>Preston Board of Trade</td>
<td>Preston, Ont</td>
<td>January 28, 1903</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prince Albert Board of Trade</td>
<td>Prince Albert, Sask</td>
<td>March 30, 1898</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prince Edward Island Chamber of Commerce</td>
<td>Prince Edward Island</td>
<td>March 4, 1901</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prince Rupert Board of Trade</td>
<td>Prince Rupert, B.C.</td>
<td>July 26, 1875</td>
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<td>Prince Rupert Board of Trade</td>
<td>Prince Rupert, B.C.</td>
<td>May 6, 1875</td>
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<td>Prince Edward Island Chamber of Commerce</td>
<td>Prince Edward Island</td>
<td>December 10, 1903</td>
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<td>Prince Edward Island Chamber of Commerce</td>
<td>Prince Edward Island</td>
<td>December 12, 1913</td>
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<td>Prince Edward Island Chamber of Commerce</td>
<td>Prince Edward Island</td>
<td>April 20, 1907</td>
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<td>Prince Edward Island Chamber of Commerce</td>
<td>Prince Edward Island</td>
<td>February 7, 1890</td>
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<td>Quebec Chamber of Commerce</td>
<td>Quebec, Que</td>
<td>January 31, 1877</td>
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<td>Quebec Chamber of Commerce</td>
<td>Quebec, Que</td>
<td>August 8, 1910</td>
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<tr>
<td>Quesnel Board of Trade</td>
<td>Quesnel, B.C.</td>
<td>December 22, 1888</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rainy River, Board of Trade of the District of (changed to Kenora Board of Trade)</td>
<td>Kenora, Ont</td>
<td>June 19, 1899</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rapid City District Board of Trade</td>
<td>Rapid City, Man</td>
<td>February 7, 1911</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Deer Board of Trade</td>
<td>Red Deer, Alta</td>
<td>February 7, 1911</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Address</td>
<td>Date of Formation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Regina Board of Trade</td>
<td>Regina, Sask.</td>
<td>June 30, 1888.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Renfrew Board of Trade</td>
<td>Renfrew, Ont.</td>
<td>January 23, 1901.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Revelstoke Board of Trade</td>
<td>Revelstoke, B.C.</td>
<td>July 12, 1895.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Richmond Board of Trade</td>
<td>Richmond, Que.</td>
<td>October 15, 1894.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond and Point Grey Board of Trade</td>
<td>Point Grey, B.C.</td>
<td>March 30, 1910.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ridgeway Town Board of Trade</td>
<td>Ridgeway, Ont.</td>
<td>March 2, 1892.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rimouski, La Chambre de Commerce de</td>
<td>Rimouski, Que.</td>
<td>May 11, 1908.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rock Island Board of Trade</td>
<td>Rock Island, Que.</td>
<td>March 6, 1903.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rockland Board of Trade</td>
<td>Rockland, Ont.</td>
<td>January 13, 1914.</td>
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<td>Roland Board of Trade</td>
<td>Not given</td>
<td>September 1, 1906.</td>
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<td>Rossland Board of Trade</td>
<td>Rossland, B.C.</td>
<td>November 24, 1896.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rosneath, Board of Trade</td>
<td>Rosneath, Sask.</td>
<td>March 6, 1896.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Roulein Board of Trade</td>
<td>Rouleau, Sask.</td>
<td>May 3, 1906.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rouville, La Chambre de Commerce du Comité de</td>
<td>Marieville, Que.</td>
<td>January 9, 1899.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Boniface Board of Trade</td>
<td>St. Boniface, Man</td>
<td>February 22, 1911.</td>
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<tr>
<td>St. François, La Chambre de Commerce Canadienne du District</td>
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<tr>
<td>St. George Board of Trade</td>
<td>Sherbrooke, Que.</td>
<td>April 15, 1910.</td>
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<tr>
<td>St. Hyacinthe, La Chambre de Commerce de</td>
<td>St. George, Ont.</td>
<td>July 31, 1890.</td>
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<tr>
<td>St. Jérôme, La Chambre de Commerce de</td>
<td>St. Hyacinthe, Que.</td>
<td>November 28, 1892.</td>
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<tr>
<td>St. Martins Board of Trade</td>
<td>St. Johns, Que.</td>
<td>October 16, 1894.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Mary's Board of Trade</td>
<td>St. Martins, N.B.</td>
<td>March 24, 1896.</td>
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<td>St. Mary's, Ont.</td>
<td>St. Mary's, Ont.</td>
<td>June 1, 1899.</td>
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<td>Sackville Board of Trade</td>
<td>Sackville, N.B.</td>
<td>June 9, 1902.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Saguenay (Chicoutimi) La Chambre du Commerce de</td>
<td>Chicoutimi, Que.</td>
<td>August 23, 1887.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Saint Andrews Board of Trade</td>
<td>St. Andrews, B.C</td>
<td>September 25, 1896.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Salmon Arm Board of Trade</td>
<td>Salmon Arm, B.C.</td>
<td>May 1899.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Saltcoats Board of Trade, District of</td>
<td>Saltcoats, Sask.</td>
<td>December 8, 1897.</td>
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<td>Sandon Board of Trade</td>
<td>Sandon, B.C.</td>
<td>May 18, 1899.</td>
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<td>Sandwich Board of Trade</td>
<td>Sandwich, B.C.</td>
<td>May 18, 1899.</td>
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<td>Sarina Board of Trade</td>
<td>Sarina, Ont.</td>
<td>April 29, 1907.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Saskatoon Board of Trade</td>
<td>Saskatoon, Sask.</td>
<td>May 25, 1889.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Saint Anthony, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.</td>
<td>March 6, 1913.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Scott-Trampling Lake Board of Trade</td>
<td>Scott, Sask.</td>
<td>December 12, 1898.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Seaforth Board of Trade</td>
<td>Seaforth, Ont.</td>
<td>June 27, 1890.</td>
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<td>Selden Board of Trade</td>
<td>Selden, Man.</td>
<td>December 12, 1897.</td>
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<td>Sherbrooke Board of Trade</td>
<td>Sherbrooke, Que.</td>
<td>December 13, 1889.</td>
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<td>Slocan District Board of Trade</td>
<td>Silverton, B.C.</td>
<td>November 20, 1912.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Smith's Falls Board of Trade</td>
<td>Smith's Falls, Ont.</td>
<td>April 17, 1899.</td>
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<td>Souris Board of Trade</td>
<td>Souris, Man.</td>
<td>April 29, 1899.</td>
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<tr>
<td>South Porcupine Board of Trade</td>
<td>South Porcupine, Ont.</td>
<td>February 1, 1912.</td>
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<tr>
<td>South Shore Board of Trade</td>
<td>St. Lambert, Que.</td>
<td>April 23, 1913.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southampton Board of Trade and Chamber of Com-</td>
<td>Southampton, Ont.</td>
<td>October 30, 1895.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Commerce</td>
<td>Georgetown, P.E.I.</td>
<td>January 13, 1903.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Southern Kings Board of Trade</td>
<td>Springhill, N.S.</td>
<td>June 4, 1908.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Springhill Board of Trade</td>
<td>Stellarton, N.S.</td>
<td>August 14, 1900.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stellarton, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Stellarton, N.S.</td>
<td>June 17, 1914.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stirling Board of Trade</td>
<td>Stirling, Ont.</td>
<td>February 7, 1913.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stonewall Board of Trade</td>
<td>Stonewall, Man.</td>
<td>September 17, 1909.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Strathcona Board of Trade</td>
<td>Strathcona, Alta.</td>
<td>June 2, 1874.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Strathroy Board of Trade</td>
<td>Strathroy, Ont.</td>
<td>June 2, 1874.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sudbury and the Township of McKim, Board of</td>
<td>Sudbury, Ont.</td>
<td>March 30, 1895.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Summerside, P.E.I.</td>
<td>January 25, 1900.</td>
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<td>Summerside Board of Trade</td>
<td>Sussex, N.B.</td>
<td>August 27, 1897.</td>
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<td>Sussex, N.B.</td>
<td>June 29, 1896.</td>
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<td>Swan River Board of Trade</td>
<td>Swan River, Man.</td>
<td>May 12, 1898.</td>
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<td>Swift Current Board of Trade</td>
<td>Swift Current, Sask.</td>
<td>February 24, 1911.</td>
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<td>Sydney Board of Trade</td>
<td>Sydney, N.S.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Timiskaming District Board of Trade</td>
<td>New Liard, Ont.</td>
<td>February 2, 1913.</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Pas Board of Trade</td>
<td>The Pas, Man.</td>
<td>July 10, 1898.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thessalon and District Board of Trade</td>
<td>Thessalon, Ont.</td>
<td>January 23, 1912.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thorold Board of Trade</td>
<td>Thorold, Ont.</td>
<td>February 20, 1912.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tillsonburg Board of Trade</td>
<td>Tillsonburg, Ont.</td>
<td>December 21, 1914.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timmins Board of Trade</td>
<td>Timmins, Ont.</td>
<td>December 21, 1914.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** The dates listed are indicative of when the boards of trade were established or registered.
### SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

**List of Boards of Trade in the Dominion of Canada, registered, etc.—Concluded.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Date of Formation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tisdale Board of Trade</td>
<td>Tisdale, Sask.</td>
<td>April 9, 1907</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trail Board of Trade</td>
<td>Trail, B.C.</td>
<td>November 28, 1900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trenton Board of Trade</td>
<td>Trenton, Ont.</td>
<td>November 30, 1886</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truro Board of Trade</td>
<td>Truro, N.S.</td>
<td>August 28, 1890</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uxbridge Board of Trade</td>
<td>Uxbridge, Ont.</td>
<td>April 25, 1894</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valleyfield, Chambre de Commerce de Salaberry de</td>
<td>Salaberry de Valleyfield, Que.</td>
<td>March 13, 1894</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vancouver Board of Trade</td>
<td>Vancouver, B.C.</td>
<td>November 24, 1887</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vancouver, Board of Trade of North</td>
<td>North Vancouver, B.C</td>
<td>February 6, 1911</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vancouver, Board of Trade of South</td>
<td>South Vancouver, B.C</td>
<td>January 20, 1910</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegreville, The Board of Trade of</td>
<td>Vegreville, Alta</td>
<td>May 23, 1906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Victoria County, N.B., Board of Trade of</td>
<td>Andover, N.B.</td>
<td>April 26, 1909</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ville-Marie, Chambre de Commerce de</td>
<td>Ville-Marie, Que.</td>
<td>March 5, 1908</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walkerton Board of Trade</td>
<td>Walkerton, Ont.</td>
<td>January 12, 1878</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walkerville Board of Trade</td>
<td>Walkerville, Ont.</td>
<td>May 29, 1906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wallaceburg Board of Trade</td>
<td>Wallaceburg, Ont.</td>
<td>March 21, 1894</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waterloo Board of Trade</td>
<td>Waterloo, Ont.</td>
<td>March 24, 1890</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wawanasea Board of Trade (re organized)</td>
<td>Wawanasea, Man.</td>
<td>August 10, 1909</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Welland, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Welland, Ont.</td>
<td>July 23, 1906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wellington Board of Trade</td>
<td>Wellington, Ont.</td>
<td>August 6, 1914</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westmin, Board of Trade of</td>
<td>Westmin, Ont.</td>
<td>August 20, 1909</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westville, Nova Scotia, Board of Trade of</td>
<td>Westville, N.S.</td>
<td>June 30, 1900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wetaskiwin Board of Trade</td>
<td>Wetaskiwin, Alta.</td>
<td>December 14, 1903</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whistler, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Whistler, Ont.</td>
<td>December 29, 1898</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whitewood Board of Trade, Corporation of the</td>
<td>Whitewood, Sask.</td>
<td>March 13, 1899</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winterton Board of Trade</td>
<td>Winterton, Ont.</td>
<td>January 25, 1902</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wilkie Board of Trade</td>
<td>Wilkie, Sask.</td>
<td>February 22, 1899</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windermere District Board of Trade</td>
<td>Invermere, B.C</td>
<td>May 3, 1913</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windsor Board of Trade</td>
<td>Windsor, Ont.</td>
<td>February 12, 1889</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windsor Board of Trade</td>
<td>Windsor, N.S.</td>
<td>March 6, 1896</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wingham Board of Trade</td>
<td>Wingham, Ont.</td>
<td>May 8, 1884</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winnipeg Board of Trade</td>
<td>Winnipeg, Man.</td>
<td>January 4, 1879</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wolfville Board of Trade</td>
<td>Wolfville, N.S.</td>
<td>January 9, 1898</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wolseley Board of Trade</td>
<td>Wolseley, Sask.</td>
<td>March 18, 1900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Woodstock Board of Trade</td>
<td>Woodstock, Ont.</td>
<td>February 9, 1877</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Woodstock, Board of Trade of the Town of</td>
<td>Woodstock, N.B.</td>
<td>March 1, 1894</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yarmouth Board of Trade</td>
<td>Yarmouth, N.S</td>
<td>May 8, 1894</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yorkton District Board of Trade</td>
<td>Yorkton, Sask.</td>
<td>January 18, 1898</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### List of Trade Unions, registered in the Registrar's Branch of the Department of the Secretary of State, under the provisions of "The Trade Unions Act," Chapter 125, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, to March 31, 1915 inclusive.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Date of Formation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Canadian Granite Cutters Union</td>
<td>Beebe Plain, Que</td>
<td>May 25, 1907</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canadian Brotherhood of Railroad Employees</td>
<td>Halifax, N.S</td>
<td>June 9, 1906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>British Columbia Association of Stationary Engineers</td>
<td>Vancouver, B.C</td>
<td>August 24, 1910</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pacific Garment Workers Union</td>
<td>Victoria, B.C</td>
<td>August 27, 1913</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Union of Bridge &amp; Structural Iron Workers</td>
<td>Niagara Falls, Ont.</td>
<td>March 12, 1914</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REPORT OF NATURALIZATION BRANCH DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

OTTAWA, April, 1915.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit for your information a statement of the work of the Naturalization Branch of the Department of the Secretary of State for the three months ending March 31, 1915.

On the 1st of January, 1915, the Naturalization Act, 1914, came into effect. This Act which is known as the Imperial Naturalization Act follows the lines laid down in the Imperial legislation of the same year and confers on persons naturalized under it all the rights, powers and privileges of a natural-born British subject. Under chap. 77, R.S.C., which is still in force, and will remain in force until the 1st of January, 1918, a person naturalized under it becomes a British subject in Canada only, and it applies only to persons residing in Canada on January 1, 1915.

In order to carry out thoroughly the provisions of the new Act, it was thought advisable to organize a branch of the department to be known as the Naturalization Branch, which would supervise in every detail the applications under the Act. With this object in view an arrangement has been made with the Immigration Branch of the Department of the Interior to check the statements of all applicants, as to the date of their arrival in Canada, etc., and various other means are taken to prevent fraud in the obtaining of a certificate under the Act. For the information of the public a pamphlet was prepared setting forth the method of obtaining naturalization under the new Act, together with the regulations covered by Order in Council of the 23rd December, 1914, governing the Act. These regulations together with the Act are reprinted in Appendix "A."

To prevent the possibility of persons obtaining certificates of naturalization in a fraudulent manner it was decided to have the certificate engraved on specially made paper with a water mark consisting of the Arms of the Dominion. These precautions have resulted in an unforeseen delay in receiving the certificates from the engravers, and it has been necessary in some cases to issue temporary certificates which will be returned to the department as soon as the regular certificates are available.

As a result of the present war the number of aliens who have sought naturalization under the new Act has been comparatively small. One of the reasons for this is the fact that the Secretary of State following the rule laid down in England, and at the instance of the Colonial Office, has refused, to grant certificates of naturalization to applicants of alien enemy origin.

The question of granting naturalization to aliens of enemy origin is one upon which different opinions are held by eminent members of the judiciary, and in Appendix B. is given the judgment of the Honourable R. M. Meredith, Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Judicature for Ontario, at the Waterloo spring assizes, held on February 16 and 17, 1915, in the applications of a number of aliens seeking naturalization under chap. 77, R.S.C., in which the applications were refused. Appendix C. is the judgment handed down by The Honourable Mr. Justice Archambault, at a sitting of the Circuit Court held at Montreal on October 10, 1914.

The total number of applications under the Naturalization Act, 1914, up to March 31, 1915, is 174.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

THOMAS MULVEY.

The Honourable Louis Codere, K.C., LL.D.,
Secretary of State of Canada.

Ottawa.
APPENDIX "A."

DOMINION OF CANADA NATURALIZATION—THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914, AND AMENDMENT—THE REGULATIONS UNDER THE ACT AND A DEPARTMENTAL MEMORANDUM.

World-wide British Nationality.
Five years' residence.
Apply to Clerk of nearest Court.
Post Notice at Post Office and in office of Clerk.
All forms prepared and issued by the Department.
Any applicant able to read and write may conduct his application.
Persons heretofore naturalized may have certificate under new Act. Apply directly to Department of State.
Naturalization Commissioners under old Act have no authority under new.

DEPARTMENTAL MEMORANDUM. *

What is known as the Imperial Naturalization Act comes into force on the 1st January, 1915.

Persons naturalized under this Act shall be entitled to all the political and other rights, powers and privileges, and be subject to all the obligations, duties and liabilities, of a natural-born British subject, and as from the date of naturalization have to all intents and purposes the status of a natural-born British subject.

This is a wide development from the provisions of the existing Naturalization Act, Chapter 77 of the R.S.C., under which a person naturalized became a British subject within Canada, and entitled to the rights, powers and privileges and subject to all the obligations of a natural-born British subject, but only within Canada; and also subject to the qualifications that when within the limits of the foreign state of which the person naturalized was formerly a subject or citizen, he was not to be deemed to be a British subject, unless he had ceased to be a subject or citizen of the state of his origin.

The former Naturalization Act, Chapter 77 of the R.S.C., is repealed, subject to this qualification, that persons residing in Canada on 1st January, 1915, may apply and obtain naturalization under that Act. There will, therefore, be two methods of naturalization during the following three years, the first requiring only three years of residence and conferring naturalization within Canada, and the second requiring five years of residence and conferring British nationality for all intents and purposes.

There has been no change in the regulations under the Naturalization Act R.S.C., Chap. 77.

*This Memorandum is intended to be accurate but for certainty reference must be had to the Act and regulations thereunder.
The regulations which follow this memorandum relate only to the Act of 1914, which comes into force on the first of January, 1915.

Naturalization Commissioners heretofore appointed hold their Commissions under Chapter 77 of the R.S.C. only and for the purposes of that Act alone. Consequently they have no right to take oaths under the Naturalization Act, 1914. Naturalization Commissioners for the purpose of that Act may hereafter be appointed.

The conditions and qualifications for naturalization are as follows:

1. Residence within His Majesty's Dominions for a period of not less than five years or service under the Crown for the same period within the last eight years before the application;

2. Residence in Canada for not less than one year immediately preceding the application and previous residence either in Canada or in some other part of His Majesty's Dominions for a period of four years within the last eight years before the application;

3. Good character;

4. An adequate knowledge of the English or French languages;

5. An intention, if a Certificate of Naturalization is granted, either to reside in His Majesty's Dominions or to enter or continue in the service of the Crown.

An alien desiring to be naturalized shall apply to the specified Court for a decision establishing that he is qualified and fit to be naturalized.

The Courts are as follows:

In Ontario.

(a) In Ontario, to the court of general sessions of the peace of the county in which the alien resides, or to the court of assize and nisi prius during its sittings in such county;

(b) In Quebec, to any circuit court within the territorial limits of the jurisdiction of which the alien resides;

(c) in Nova Scotia, to the Supreme Court, during its sittings in the county in which the alien resides, or to the county court having jurisdiction in such county;

(d) in New Brunswick, to the circuit court, in the county in which the alien resides, or to the county court having jurisdiction in such county;

(e) in British Columbia, to the Supreme Court of British Columbia, during its sittings in the electoral district in which the alien resides, or to the court of assize and nisi prius during its sittings in such electoral district, or to the county court of such electoral district;

(f) in Manitoba, to the Court of King's Bench during its sittings in the judicial district within which the alien resides; to a judge of the Court of King's Bench, sitting in court in the judicial district within which the alien resides; or to the county court during its sittings in the division within which the alien resides;

(g) in Prince Edward Island, to the Supreme Court of Judicature, during its sittings in the county within which the alien resides, or to the court of assize and nisi prius during its sittings in such county, or to the county court of such county;
(h) in Saskatchewan or Alberta, to the Supreme Court sitting in the judicial district in which the alien resides, or to the district court in such district;

(i) in the Yukon Territory, to the Territorial Court, during its sittings in the circuit within which the alien resides;

(j) in the Northwest Territories to such authorities or persons as the Governor in Council may prescribe.

An application to the Court is initiated by a Notice (Form A) which may be procured from the Clerk of the Court. On the applicant obtaining this form from the Clerk, the latter required to endorse thereon the probable date when the application may be heard. This time is fixed so that the applicant may have some information of the probable time he will be required to appear in Court, and that persons having objections to the alien may know when to forward them. Copies of this Notice must then be posted by the applicant in the Post Office nearest to his residence, and in the office of the Clerk of the Court. These Notices should be securely posted in a conspicuous place in order that they may be available for production in Court when the application is heard, together with an affidavit of a person other than the applicant that they have been so posted and remained posted for three months. Forms of these affidavits are also to be procured from the Clerk of the Court.

The applicant should obtain from the Clerk Form B., "Facts for the Petition." This form is prepared by the Department and is issued to assist applicants in preparing their petition, so that when it comes before the Judge there may be no omissions or errors. The Form should be taken home by the applicant, so that at his leisure he may obtain information to answer all the questions respecting his arrival in Canada and his former residence within British Dominions. Five years' residence within His Majesty's Dominions is required. These years need not, however, be continuous, but may cover any periods within eight years prior to the application. The year immediately preceding the application must be spent in Canada. In order that the times and places of residence may be checked, all places of residence for eight years prior to the application should be set out, together with the term of residence at each place.

The names and ages of children should be set out if the applicant desires that their names shall be endorsed on the Certificate of Naturalization.

When the names of children are included in the Certificate such children also become naturalized as British subjects, and it is only in case they are so named that naturalization is conferred on them.

The description of the applicant, shewing his age, height, colour of hair and eyes, should be carefully prepared as it will be checked by the Judge and inserted in the Certificate as a ready method of identification. Any visible marks such as scars, moles, loss of fingers, cross eyes, etc., should also be referred to.

The time, place and mode of arrival in Canada should be set out with care, shewing clearly the mode of conveyance, that is, whether by ferry-boat, steamboat, railway or the other means of transportation employed, and the day at which the applicant arrived in Canada.

It often happens that persons of central European origin change their names when they come to Canada. In such cases the name
borne when on arrival in Canada should be given, as well as the name under which the applicant is known.

After this form is filled out by the applicant, it should be returned to the Clerk of the Court in ample time to allow of the petition being prepared in a leisurely manner before the application comes up to be heard in Court. The exact date of the hearing will be fixed from time to time by the Judge of the Court. It is only the probable date which is named by the Clerk upon the Notice of application. The applicant in each case will be notified by the Clerk of the exact time and place of the hearing of the application. This Notice is in Form C.

The Petition to the Secretary of State of Canada for naturalization should be made out by the Clerk of the Court, or someone in his office. This is required so that the Petition may be prepared carefully, without mistakes and easily readable, when it comes up for consideration by the Judge. The applicant on the day of the hearing of the application should attend at the office of the Clerk of the Court to sign the Petition, file the affidavit of posting of his application, and making the affidavit verifying the facts set out in the Petition.

The application then comes before the Judge for consideration. The evidence which must be adduced is a matter entirely within the discretion of the Court. The Petition says that the applicant must be of good character. It is for the Judge in his absolute discretion to require evidence to support this statement. The applicant must have an adequate knowledge of the English or French language. Whether he has or not, is a matter for the Court to decide. The Judge may, if necessary, adjourn the application for the purpose of obtaining evidence of witnesses respecting the character, place of residence, former places of residence of the applicant, and all other facts set out in the Petition; or he may appoint a Commissioner to take such evidence. At the conclusion of the case the Judge will endorse his decision upon the Petition, which, together with all papers, will be forwarded to the Department of the Secretary of State by the Clerk. If the Secretary of State decides that the Certificate should issue, the applicant is notified of the fact, and the form of Oath of Allegiance will be provided. This oath will be taken by the applicant before any person authorized to take affidavits, and it should then be returned to the Department. The Certificate will be sent to the Clerk of the Court, who forwards one copy to the applicant.

Provision is made in the Naturalization Act of 1914 for the issue of Naturalization Certificates to persons naturalized under Chapter 47 of the R.S.C., the former Naturalization Act, or similar Statutes prior to that, so that the British nationality may be extended and world-wide British nationality conferred. Applications for this purpose are made directly to the Department of the Secretary of State by Petition. The form of Petition is given in the Regulations and copies may be procured from the Department. The Certificates of Naturalization formerly issued should accompany the Petition. If it has been lost or destroyed, the Petition and the affidavit verifying it should set out as clearly as possible how the loss occurred or that a diligent search has been made for the document and that it cannot be found. The comments on the preceding part of the Regulations respecting a statement of the first arrival in Canada apply to the Petition in this case.
If the Petition is satisfactory, and the Certificate is directed to be issued, it is forwarded directly to the applicant.

Under Section 4 of the Act the Secretary of State may grant special Certificates of Naturalization to persons with respect to nationality as British subjects where doubt upon the point exists. It is impossible to prepare forms suitable for such applications, as the facts upon which they are based are not uniform, and each particular case will stand upon its own merits. For this reason, it is preferable to correspond directly with the Department of State, setting out all facts replied upon by the applicants, and the form of Petition and other proceedings will then be settled.

Fees: the fee for naturalization is Five dollars ($5.00) and this must be paid to the Clerk of the Court when the Notice of Application is given. There is no further fee to be paid, except fifty cents ($0.50); for taking the Oath of Allegiance after the applicant is notified that the Certificate will issue. The applicant may himself prepare the Notice of Application and Facts of Petition, but all other forms and proceedings are taken by the Clerk of the Court and the Department. Where persons are naturalized under existing or prior Acts, with nationality limited to Canada, the Petition is made directly to the Department, and a fee of Three dollars ($3.00) must accompany it.

DOMINION OF CANADA—THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

Regulations under The Naturalization Act, 1914, approved of by an Order of His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council dated the 23rd day of December, 1914.

1. An application for a decision of the Court that the applicant is qualified and fit to be naturalized shall be in Form A. The applicant shall deliver such application to the Clerk of the Court, who shall enter thereon the probable date, not less than three months thereafter, of the hearing thereof by the Court and shall transmit a copy to the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada.

2. The Clerk of the Court, upon receipt of the aforesaid application for Petition, shall deliver to the applicant Form B, “Facts for Petition for Naturalization.”

3. At least one month prior to the time fixed, as aforesaid, as the probable time of hearing the application, the applicant shall deliver to the Said Clerk, Form B, “Facts for Petition for Naturalization.”

4. At least ten days before the date fixed for hearing such application by the Court the Clerk of the Court shall, by registered letter, in Form C, notify the applicant of the time when and place where such application shall be heard.

5. Upon receipt of the form “Facts for Petition for Naturalization” filled out by the applicant, the Clerk of the Court shall forthwith prepare the Petition to the Secretary of State of Canada for naturalization in Form D. The Petition shall be signed by the applicant in the presence of the said Clerk, and the affidavit verifying the statements therein contained shall be taken and made by the applicant before the said Clerk in Form E.
6. On the hearing of the application by the Court, the applicant shall produce (a) the duplicate of the application posted at the Post Office nearest to his residence, with an affidavit in Form F made by some one other than the applicant that such duplicate application was duly posted and remained posted for three months prior to the hearing of the said application, and (b) an affidavit of some one other than the applicant that the application was posted and remained posted in the office of the Clerk of the Court for three months prior to the time of hearing of the application, in Form G. In case the said applications, or either of them, are lost, removed or destroyed, the causes thereof shall be disclosed in the said affidavits, to the satisfaction of the Court.

7. If upon the hearing of the application it is discovered that any discrepancies or misstatements occur in the Petition to the Secretary of State of Canada, the said Judge presiding in Court shall make such corrections to the said Petition as he may deem necessary and attach his initials thereto, and shall make notes of such *viva voce* evidence as varies, adds to or modifies the statements contained in the said Petition.

8. On the hearing of an application for a decision that the applicant is qualified and fit to be naturalized, the Court may adjourn the application from time to time, and may issue a commission or commissions for the taking of evidence of witnesses unable through disability, illness or other sufficient reason to attend on the hearing, and for such purpose the Court may appoint a Commissioner or Commissioners.

9. At the conclusion of the hearing of the application by the Court, the presiding Judge shall endorse upon the petition his decision in the case.

10. Upon the decision of the Court being given, the Clerk of the Court shall transmit to the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada, by registered mail, the Petition to the Secretary of State of Canada, the application and all papers, documents and other proceedings had and taken, together with a certificate of the decision of the Court in Form H.

11. If the Secretary of State of Canada, in the exercise of his discretion, decides to issue a Certificate of Naturalization, such Certificate shall be prepared in duplicate in Form I, and the applicant shall be notified by registered mail. The applicant shall within three months from the time of mailing the aforesaid notice take the Oath of Allegiance in Form J, and such Oath shall be attested in Form K. Such Oath of Allegiance shall be written (by the applicant in his own handwriting, if he be able to write) upon a form to be provided by the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada and shall forthwith be forwarded by the applicant to the said Department. Upon receipt of the aforesaid Oath of Allegiance by the Department, the Certificate in duplicate shall be transmitted to the Clerk of the Court by registered mail. One of the duplicates shall be forwarded by the Clerk of the Court to the applicant, and the other shall be filed of record with the Court.
12. Applications for naturalization under Section 6 of the Act shall be made by Petition addressed to the Secretary of State of Canada in the Form L. Such Petition shall be verified by an affidavit of the applicant, in Form M.

13. The applicant shall with his Petition forward the Certificate of Naturalization previously granted to him. If such Certificate shall have been lost or destroyed, satisfactory evidence of the loss or destruction thereof shall be given.

14. If the Secretary of State of Canada in his discretion decides to issue a Certificate of Naturalization on such Petition, such Certificate shall thereupon be prepared in Form X and shall be forwarded to the Petitioner by registered mail.

15. Certificates of Naturalization under Section 4 shall be issued by the Secretary of State of Canada upon Petition therefor.

16. Such Petition shall disclose all the facts upon which the applicant bases his claim for a Certificate of Naturalization.

17. If the Secretary of State of Canada in his discretion decides to issue such Certificate of Naturalization, the same shall be in Form O, and the applicant shall be notified thereof by registered mail.

18. The applicant shall thereupon within one month from the time of mailing the aforesaid notice take the Oath of Allegiance in Form J, and such Oath shall be attested in Form K. Such Oath of Allegiance shall be written (by the Petitioner in his own handwriting if he be able to write,) upon a form provided by the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada and forthwith forwarded by the petitioner to the said Department, and thereupon the Certificate of Naturalization shall be forwarded to the petitioner.

19. Declarations of alienage shall be made before the Clerk of a Declaration Court authorized to give decisions in Naturalization applications, of Alienage, and shall

(a) with respect to persons born within His Majesty’s Dominions of foreign parentage or on board a British ship, be in Form P;

(b) with respect to British Dominions born out of His Majesty’s Dominions, be in Form Q;

(c) with respect to naturalized British subjects, be in Form Sec. 15.

R;

(d) with respect to a minor named in a Certificate of Naturalization where the declaration of alienage has to be made within one year of his attaining his majority, in Form S.

20. Declarations of Alienage shall be transmitted to the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada by the Clerk taking the same, and shall be filed of record there.

21. Declarations of resumption or retention of British nationality shall be made before the Clerk of the Court authorized to give deci—

See Sec. 24. APPLICATIONS UNDER SECTION 6.

See Sec. 24. APPLICATIONS UNDER SECTION 4.

See Sec. 12 (2).

See Sec. 10.
sions in Naturalization cases and shall be in Forms T and U respectively and shall be transmitted to the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada by the Clerk taking the same, and shall be filed of record there.

22. Oaths of Allegiance may be taken before a Commissioner under the said Act or any person authorized to administer oaths for use in the Courts in the County or District within which the applicant resides.

RETURNS.

23. Clerks of the Courts authorized to entertain applications in naturalization proceedings shall half-yearly, immediately after the first of January and July in each year, transmit to the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada a statement in Form V of all applications and decisions that applicants are qualified and fit to be naturalized, setting out separately the cases in which applications were approved and those in which applications were rejected, and of all Declarations of Alienage or resumption or retention of British nationality, and the Clerk of the Court shall be entitled to the sum of Two Dollars ($2.00) therefor.

FEES.

24. Fees shall be paid and shall be appropriated on applications or otherwise under the said Act as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>When payable</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Appropriated to</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>On filing application for a decision that the applicant is fit and qualified to be naturalized.</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
<td>One half to Judge giving decision and one half to Clerk of Court, subject to proviso.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With petition to the Secretary of State of Canada for Certificate under Sections 4 or 6 of the Act.</td>
<td>$3.00</td>
<td>Department.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On making a declaration of alienage or of resumption or retention of British nationality.</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
<td>One half to Clerk of Court taking declaration, and half to Department.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On taking any oath other than those required to be taken before Clerk of Court.</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td>Person taking oath.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Provided, however, that if in any one calendar year the fees as aforesaid received by a Judge or a Clerk of a Court exceed One Thousand Dollars ($1,000), all fees in excess shall be transmitted to the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada and shall form part of the Consolidated Revenue of Canada and provided further that fees above appropriated to the Department shall be paid to the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada and shall form part of the Consolidated Revenue of Canada.
FORMS

This application should be securely posted in the Post Office nearest the residence of the applicant and in the office of the Clerk of the Court as it should be produced before the Court with an affidavit that it has been posted.

Application for a decision.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

To the Court, I, (Name in full)

of, (Post Office and street address if any)

the undersigned, intend to apply to the above Court after the expiration of three months from this date for a decision that I am qualified and fit to be naturalized as a British subject. I have resided for five years within the last eight years in His Majesty's Dominions at the places and during the periods following:

I am a (subject) of (citizen) and I came to Canada from and arrived at the Port of on the vessel on or about the day of .

Dated at .

Signature of applicant.

The above application will be heard before (Set out name of Court) on or about the .

Clerk.

*If applicant entered Canada from the United States having resided in, but not being a citizen of, that country, insert here name of port on International Boundary.
In the matter of the application
of ................................................
for naturalization.

This is the application marked A referred to in the affidavit
of ................................................
sworn before me at ................................of ................................
in the Province of ........................................ this ....................
day of ................................................19 ....

................................................
A Naturalization Commissioner.
A Notary Public.
A Commissioner.
A Justice of the Peace.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

FACTS FOR PETITION FOR NATURALIZATION.

A copy of this form should be furnished by the Clerk of the Court to each
person posting an application for a decision that he is qualified and fit
to be naturalized, so that he can at his leisure fill in the answers to the
questions. After being filled out the form is to be returned to the Clerk,
to be used by him in filling out the Petition.

1. My name in full is ........................................

2. My occupation is ........................................

3. My address in full is ........................................

4. I was born on the ........................................ day of ....................

................................................18 ...., at ................................
(village, town or

city, and post office) 
(province

or state)

and I am a {subject} {citizen} of ........................................

5. I came to Canada from ........................................

and arrived at the port of ........................................

on the ........................................ day of ....................

19 ...., on the vessel ........................................

or by the ........................................ Railway.

6. (a) My name above set out is that under which I

have been known at all times.

(b) I came to the Dominion of Canada under the name of ........................................

and I am now known under the name above set forth.

*If applicant entered Canada from the United States having resided in, but not being a citizen of, that country, insert here name of port on International Boundary.
7. (a) I have resided in His Majesty's Dominions for not less than five years within the last eight years. During the last eight years, I have resided at the places hereinafter named, for the periods therein specified:


8. I have resided continuously in Canada for one year immediately preceding the date of this Petition.

9. It is my intention, if my application for naturalization is granted, to reside permanently in His Majesty's Dominions.

10. I am married. My wife's name is ............................ She was born at ............................ She now resides at ............................

11. I have ............................ children under the age of twenty-one years and their names, residence and dates and places of birth are as follows

(1) ...................., resides at ............................ born ............................ at ............................

(2) ...................., resides at ............................ born ............................ at ............................

(3) ...................., resides at ............................ born ............................ at ............................

(4) ...................., resides at ............................ born ............................ at ............................

(5) ...................., resides at ............................ born ............................ at ............................

(6) ...................., resides at ............................ born ............................ at ............................

(7) ...................., resides at ............................ born ............................ at ............................

Give full address in each case.

12. I have an adequate knowledge of the ............................ language.

13. I am of good character.

14. (a) I have not heretofore petitioned for naturalization.

(b) I heretofore petitioned for naturalization as a British subject, and an application for a decision that I was entitled to naturalization was heard before the Judge of the Court of ............................ on the day of ............................ and my application was refused because ............................ Give in a few words the reason why application was refused, e.g., insufficient residence, inadequate
15. The following are correct particulars of my description for endorsement on the Certificate of Naturalization:

Age. ............... years. Height. ............... feet

................ inches. Colour. ............... Complexion.

Colour of eyes. ............... Colour of hair. ............... 

Visible distinguishing marks. ............... ............... 

Petitioner's Signature.

(This Notice should be mailed by the Clerk of the Court to the applicant at least ten days before the hearing of the application in Court.)

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

6 GEORGE V, A. 1916

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

You are hereby notified that in pursuance of your notice of application for a decision that you are qualified and fit to be naturalized as a British subject, delivered to me dated the ........... day of ...........

19......, the Court. ............... ............... ............... 

will hold a sitting at the ............... of ............... 

on ............... ............... ............... ............... day of 

............... ............... ............... 19......, at the hour of ...........

in the ............... ............... noon, for the purpose of considering such application, and you are required to be present at my office prior to that time for the purpose of signing your Petition to the Secretary of State of Canada for naturalization and to make affidavit in proof thereof, and subsequently to attend at the sitting of the Court at the time above set out to be examined by the presiding Judge touching the matter set out in your said Petition.

Dated at ......................... this ............... day of ............... ............... 19......

............................................................ 19......

............................................................ Clerk of the Court.

TO. ............................................................

............................................................

............................................................

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

PETITION FOR NATURALIZATION.

TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

The Petition of ......................... of ......................... in the County of ......................... in the Province of ......................... respectfully sheweth
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

1. My name in full is. .................................................. No abbreviation must be used.

2. My occupation is..................................................

3. My address in full is.............................................

4. I was born on the. day of...................................... If country of allegiance and of birth are different, an explanation should be given.

5. I came to Canada from ........................................... and arrived at the port of* ...........................................

6. (a) My name set out is that under which I have been known at all times.

   (b) I came to the Dominion of Canada under the name of .................................................. and I am now known under the name above set forth.

7. (a) I have resided in His Majesty's Dominions for not less than five years within the last eight years. During the last eight years, I have resided at the places hereinafter named, for the periods therein specified

8. I have resided continuously in Canada for one year immediately preceding the date of this Petition.

9. It is my intention, if my application for naturalization is granted, to reside permanently in His Majesty's Dominions.

10. I am. married. My wife's name is..................................................

11. I have. children under the age of twenty-one years and their names, residence and dates and places of birth are as follows:

   (1) .................................................. resides at ...........................................................

*If applicant entered Canada from the United States having resided in, but not being a citizen of, that country, insert here name of port of International Boundary.
Give full address in each case.

The appropriate paragraph should be retained and the other struck out and initialled by the person taking the affidavit of verification.

Give in a few words the reason why application was refused, e.g., insufficient residence, inadequate knowledge of the English or French language, or any other cause which may be remedied.

12. I have an adequate knowledge of the [English] language.

13. I am of good character.

14. (a) I have not heretofore petitioned for naturalization.

(b) I heretofore petitioned for naturalization as a British subject, and an application for a decision that I was entitled to naturalization was heard before the Judge of the [British] Court on the [date]. My application was refused because.

15. The following are correct particulars of my description for endorsement on the Certificate of Naturalization:

Age: [Age] years. Height: [Height] feet. 

[Other physical characteristics]

Your petitioner, therefore, humbly prays that a Certificate of Naturalization be issued to him.

Dated at [Date] this day of [Month].

Witness:

[Signature]

Clerk of the Court. Petitioner's signature.
Form E.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

Dominion of Canada: In the matter of an application
Province of: of ............... for a Certificate of Naturalization
County of: as a British subject.
To Wit:

I, ........................................ of the
........................................ in the
........................................ make oath

and say as follows:

1. That I am the person named in the Petition herewith as an
applicant for a Certificate of Naturalization, and that I
have signed the said Petition;

2. That I have resided in His Majesty's Dominions during the
times set out in the said Petition and I intend to reside
in His Majesty's Dominions if a Certificate of Naturaliza-
tion is issued to me;

3. That the statements made in the said Petition are true in sub-
stance and in fact.

Sworn before me at the...

............. of .............
in the County of.............
.............and Province of...
............. this ..........
day of ..........A.D. 19..

........................................
The Clerk of the Court.

Form F.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

Province of ............. In the matter of the application
County of: of ............. for

naturalization as a British sub-
ject.
To Wit:

I, ........................................ of the
........................................, in the Province
of: ........................................, make oath and say as

follows:

1. I am personally acquainted with the above named.............

........................................ an applic-
ant for naturalization as a British subject.

2. The notice of application hereunto attached and marked "A"
was posted at the..........................
6 George V, A. 1916

Post Office on the.................day of..........19...... in a conspicuous place and so remained posted for a period of three months prior to the date on which I make this affidavit.

3. The said notice hereunto attached is the notice of application aforesaid posted by or on behalf of the said applicant.

Sworn before me at the.............
............of ..............
in the Province of..............
this.............day of...........
19......

.............
A Naturalization Commissioner.
A Notary Public.
A Commissioner.
A Justice of the Peace.

Form G.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

Province of...................... \( \text{In the matter of the application} \)
County of......................... \( \text{of} \)
\( \text{To Wit:} \)

I, ...............of the ..............
Province of........................., make oath and say as follows:

1. The notice of application hereunto attached and marked “A” was posted in the office of the Clerk of the Court...........
...............on the.............day of...........
19...... in a conspicuous place and so remained posted for a period of three months prior to the date on which I make this affidavit, on behalf of the above named.............

Sworn before me at the
.............of .........
in the Province of..............
this.............day of...........

.............
A Naturalization Commissioner.
A Notary Public.
A Commissioner.
A Justice of the Peace.
DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

I, ........................................ of the ........................
........................................ of ..................................... in the Province
to ........................................ Clerk of the Court...

.......

...which
...he
...is
...qualified
...and
...fit
...to
...be
...naturalized
...as
...a
...British
...subject,
...his
...Honour
...presiding
...in
...the
...Court
...heard
...and
...disposed
...of
...the
...said
...application
...and
...found
...as
...follows:

Dated at ...........................................................this... day of .......................................................

(SEAL)

Clerk.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

Certificate of Naturalization.

I, the undersigned, Secretary of State of Canada, do hereby certify and declare that .................................................................
whose particulars are endorsed hereon, is hereby naturalized as a
British subject; that ........................................ is entitled to all political and other
rights, powers and privileges, and subject to all obligations, duties
and liabilities to which a natural born British subject is entitled or
subject, and that ........................................ has to all intents and purposes the status
of a natural born British subject.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name and
affixed the Seal of the Department of the Secretary of State of
Canada, this ........................................ day of .......... 191...

........................................

Under Secretary of State.

Secretary of State of Canada.

This Certificate shall be effective on and from ........................................ day of ..........................................................

PARTICULARS.

Full name .................................................................
Address .................................................................
Trade or occupation ...................................................
FORM J.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.

I, ........................................... of the ........................., swear by Almighty God that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty King George the Fifth, his Heirs and Successors according to law.

So help me God.

This oath must be written below upon this sheet by the person making the same in his own handwriting and signed unless he cannot do so on account of inability to write. The oath must be taken before a Commissioner, Notary Public or other person authorized to administer oaths to be used before the Court of the County or District wherein the affiant resides, and if the person making the oath does not write the same and sign in his own handwriting, the causes thereof shall be noted by the person taking the oath.

FORM K.

ATTESTATION OF OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.

The above oath of allegiance was made and subscribed by the above named ........................................... after he had written the same before me at the ........................................... of ........................................... in the Province of ........................................... this ........................................... day of ........................................... before me.

(Signed) ...........................................

A Naturalization Commissioner.
A Notary Public.
A Commissioner.
A Justice of the Peace.

In case the affiant cannot on account of physical disability write or sign the oath the person taking the same should set out the reason thereof.
FORM L.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

PETITION OF NATURALIZATION.

To the Secretary of State of Canada:

The Petition of

of the ........................................ of ............... in the
County of ........................................ in the Province of

respectfully sheweth.

1. My name in full is ..............................................................

2. My occupation is ..............................................................

3. My Post Office address is ...................................................

4. I was born on the ......................................................... day of ........................................ at the ........................................ of ........................................ in the ........................................... of ........................................ and prior to my local naturalization in Canada I was a

{subject}

{citizen}

of ........................................

5. I came to Canada from ...........................................................

and arrived at the port of ........................................ day ct. ........................................ 19........ on the vessel ........................................ or by the ........................................ Railway.

6. I was naturalized as a British subject in Canada upon an

application therefor to the Court ........................................

and a Certificate of Naturalization was issued to me which is
dated the ........................................ day of ........................................, and is

attached hereto.

7. The following are correct particulars of my description for

endorsement on my Naturalization Certificate:

Age ................................ years. Height ................................ feet,

................. inches. Colour ................................ Complexion.

Colour of eyes ................................ Colour of hair ................................

Visible distinguishing marks ..............................................................

..............................................................

..............................................................

..............................................................

..............................................................

Your Petitioner therefore humbly prays that a certificate of

naturalization may be issued to him.

Dated at ........................................ this ........................................ day of ........................................ 19........

..............................................................

Petitioner's signature.

*If applicant entered Canada from the United States having resided in,

but not being a citizen of that country, insert here name of port on Inter-

national Boundary.

20—13
DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

County of ......................

To Wit: .........................

I, .............................
of the ..........................
in the Province of.................,

make oath and say as follows:

1. That I am the petitioner for a Certificate of Naturalization named in the petition therefor attached hereto.

2. That the signature thereto is in my handwriting and in my name.

3. That I am the person named in the Certificate of local naturalization attached hereto and the said Certificate which bears date ......................... was issued to me.

4. 

5. That the statements made and contained in the petition for naturalization hereto attached are true in substance and in fact.

Sworn before me at the ......................
in the Province of ......................
this ......... day of ....... 19......

A Naturalization Commissioner.
A Notary Public.
A Commissioner.
A Justice of the Peace.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

Certificate of Naturalization granted to a person who was naturalized before the passing of the above mentioned Act.

I, the undersigned, Secretary of State of Canada, do hereby certify and declare that .........................

who was naturalized as a British subject in Canada before the passing of the above mentioned Act, and whose particulars are endorsed hereon, is hereby naturalized under the provisions of the said Act as a British subject; that he is entitled to all political and other rights, powers and privileges, and subject to all obligations, duties and liabilities to which a natural born British subject is entitled or subject and that he has to all intents and purposes the status of a natural born British subject.
In testimony whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed the Seal of the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada, this..............day of..............191....

Under Secretary of State. Secretary of State of Canada.
This Certificate shall be effective on and from..............
day of.............................

PARTICULARS.

Full name ..........................................................
Address ..........................................................
Trade or occupation..........................................
Place and date of birth (when known)......................
Nationality .....................................................
Married, single or widower (widow)........................
Name of wife..................................................
Name and nationality of parents...........................
Age............years. Height............feet............inches. Colour......
Complexion......................... Colour of eyes........ Colour of hair........
Visible distinguishing marks..............................
Prior Naturalization Certificate issued by................
Court..........................day of..........................
Trade or occupation ....................................................
Place and date of birth (when known)................................
Nationality ......................................................................
Married, single or widower (widow)..................................
Name of wife ....................................................................
Name and nationality of parents ......................................
Age........ years. Height........ feet........ inches. Colour....
Complexion........................ Colour of eyes............. Colour of
hair.................. Visible distinguishing marks..................

---

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

Declaration of Alienage by a Person Born Within His Majesty's
Dominions.

I, ........................................ of the .......................
of......................................................, in the Province of
................................................................., being held by the common law of
the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the
Dominion of Canada to be a natural born subject of His Britannic
Majesty by reason of my having been born within His Majesty's
Dominions and being also held by the law of ............... to have
been at my birth and to still be a {subject} of.................
hereby renounce my nationality as a British subject and declare that
it is my desire to be considered and treated as a {subject}
{citizen} of .............
Made and subscribed this ............................................
...... day of ....... 19........
before me the Clerk of the ...........................................

The Clerk of the ..........................................................

---

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

Declaration of Alienage by a Person who is by Origin a British
Subject.

I, ........................................ of the .......................
of......................................................, in the Province of
................................................................., having been born out of
His Majesty's Dominions, of a father being a British subject, do
hereby renounce my nationality as a British subject.

Made and subscribed this ............................................
...... day of ....... 19........
before me the Clerk of the ...........................................

The Clerk of the ..........................................................
FORM R.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

Declaration of Alienage by a Naturalized British Subject.

I, .............................................. of the .............................................., in the Province of .............................................., having been naturalized as a British subject at .............................................. on the .............................................. day of .............................................. 19...., do hereby under the provisions of The Naturalization Act, 1914, of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada and The British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, of the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the treaty between Great Britain and .............................................., renounce my naturalization as a British subject and declare that it is my desire to resume my nationality as a .............................................. of ..............................................

..............................................

Made and subscribed this ..................
day of .............................................. 19....
before me, the Clerk of the ..............................

..............................................

The Clerk of the .............................................. Court.

FORM S.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

Declaration of Alienage under Section 5 (1).

I, .............................................. of the .............................................., in the Province of .............................................., being a naturalized British subject under the provisions of the above-named Act having been named in a Certificate of Naturalization issued to my father, .............................................., of the .............................................., in the Province of .............................................., formerly a .............................................. of ..............................................

by the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the .............................................., and having attained my majority on the .............................................. day of .............................................. 19...., do hereby renounce my nationality as a British subject

Made and subscribed this ..................
day of .............................................. 19....
before me, the Clerk of the ..............................

..............................................

The Clerk of the .............................................. Court.
DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

Declaration of Resumption of British Nationality Under Section 12 (2) of the Above-mentioned Act.

I, ........................................ of the ........................................, in the Province of ........................................, my father, ........................................, having ceased to be a British subject, having been naturalized as a ........................................ of ........................................, and having attained my majority on the ........................................, do hereby declare that it is my desire to be considered and treated as a British subject.

Made and subscribed this ........................................
day of ........................................ 19 ........................................ before me, the Clerk of the ........................................

........................................
The Clerk of the ........................................ Court.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

Declaration of Retention of British Nationality.

I, ........................................ the wife of ........................................ of ........................................, of the Province of ........................................, being a natural
born* British subject, do hereby declare that I desire to retain my British nationality, my said husband having ceased to be a British subject

(Signed) ........................................

Made and subscribed this ........................................
day of ........................................ 19 ........................................ before me, the Clerk of the ........................................

........................................
The Clerk of the ........................................ Court.

*In case the person making the declaration is a naturalized British subject, or became a British subject through marriage to her husband, or being a widow through marriage to a former husband, the facts should be fully set out.
Half-yearly return of Clerk of Court.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

Office of the Clerk of the Court,
Province of
County of

The Secretary of State of Canada,
Ottawa, Ontario.

Sir,—In compliance with Regulation 23 under the Naturalization Act, 1914, I have the honour to submit the following return of all applications for naturalization made to the Court, shewing in schedule

1. the names, addresses, former nationality and date of decision that the applicants are fit and qualified to be naturalized in each case;
2. the names, addresses, former nationality and date of decision that the applicants are not fit and qualified to be naturalized, with the reasons therefor;
3. the names and addresses of persons who have made declarations of alienage;
4. the names and addresses of persons who have made declarations of resumption or retention of British nationality.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,
Your obedient servant.

Clerk.
THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

SCHEDULE 1, FORM V.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Occupation</th>
<th>Date of decision</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

SCHEDULE 2, FORM V.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Occupation</th>
<th>Date of decision</th>
<th>Cause decision</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

SCHEDULE 3, FORM V.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Occupation</th>
<th>Date of declaration</th>
<th>Nature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

SCHEDULE 4, FORM V.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Occupation</th>
<th>Date of declaration</th>
<th>Nature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
An Act respecting British Nationality, Naturalization and Aliens.

[Assented to 12th June, 1914.]

His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

PART I.

NATURAL-BORN BRITISH SUBJECTS.

1. The following persons shall be deemed to be natural-born British subjects, namely:—

(a) Any person born within His Majesty's dominions and allegiance; and,

(b) Any person born out of His Majesty's dominions, whose father was a British subject at the time of that person's birth and either was born within His Majesty's allegiance or was a person to whom a certificate of naturalization had been granted; and,

(c) Any person born on board a British ship whether in foreign territorial waters or not:

Provided that the child of a British subject, whether that child was born before or after the passing of this Act, shall be deemed to have been born within His Majesty's allegiance if born in a place where by treaty, capitulation, grant, usage, sufferance, or other lawful means, His Majesty exercises jurisdiction over British subjects.

2. A person born on board a foreign ship shall not be deemed to be a British subject by reason only that the ship was in British territorial waters at the time of his birth.

3. Nothing in this section shall, except as otherwise expressly provided, affect the status of any person born before the commencement of this Act. Imp. Bill, s. 1.
2. The Secretary of State of Canada may grant a certificate of naturalization to an alien who makes an application for the purpose, and satisfies the Secretary of State of Canada,—

(a) that he has either resided in His Majesty’s dominions for a period of not less than five years in the manner required by this section, or been in the service of the Crown for not less than five years within the last eight years before the application; and,

(b) that he is of good character and has an adequate knowledge of either the English or French languages; and,

(c) that he intends if his application is granted either to reside in His Majesty’s dominions or to enter or continue in the service of the Crown.

2. The residence required by this section is residence in Canada for not less than one year immediately preceding the application, and previous residence, either in Canada or in some other part of His Majesty’s dominions, for a period of four years within the last eight years before the application.

3. The grant of a certificate of naturalization to any such alien shall be in the absolute discretion of the Secretary of State of Canada, and he may, with or without assigning any reason, give or withhold the certificate as he thinks most conducive to the public good, and no appeal shall lie from his decision.

4. A certificate of naturalization shall not take effect until the applicant has taken the oath of allegiance.

5. The Secretary of State of Canada may in any special case, if he thinks fit, grant a certificate of naturalization, although the four years’ residence or five years’ service has not been within the last eight years before the application. Imp. Bill, s. 2.

3. A person to whom a certificate of naturalization is granted by the Secretary of State of Canada shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, be entitled to all political and other rights, powers and privileges, and be subject to all obligations, duties and liabilities, to which a natural-born British subject is entitled or subject, and as from the date of his naturalization have to all intents and purposes the status of a natural-born British subject.

4.
4. The Secretary of State of Canada may in his absolute discretion, in such cases as he thinks fit, grant a special certificate of naturalization to any person with respect to whose nationality as a British subject a doubt exists, and he may specify in the certificate that the grant thereof is made for the purpose of quieting doubts as to the right of the person to be a British subject, and the grant of such a special certificate shall not be deemed to be any admission that the person to whom it was granted was not previously a British subject. Imp. Bill, s. 4.

5. Where an alien obtains a certificate of naturalization, the Secretary of State of Canada may, if he thinks fit, on the application of that alien, include in the certificate the name of any child of the alien born before the date of the certificate and being a minor; and that child shall thereupon, if not already a British subject, become a British subject; but any such child may, within one year after attaining his majority, make a declaration of alienage, and shall thereupon cease to be a British subject.

2. The Secretary of State of Canada may, in his absolute discretion in any special case in which he thinks fit, grant a certificate of naturalization to any minor, although the conditions required by this Act have not been complied with.

3. Except as provided by this section, a certificate of naturalization shall not be granted to any person under disability. Imp. Bill, s. 5.

6. An alien who has been naturalized before the passing of this Act may apply to the Secretary of State of Canada for a certificate of naturalization under this Act, and the Secretary of State of Canada may grant to him a certificate on such terms and conditions as he may think fit. Imp. Bill, s. 6.

7. Where it appears to the Secretary of State of Canada that a certificate of naturalization granted by him has been obtained by false representations or fraud, the Secretary of State of Canada may by order revoke the certificate, and the order of revocation shall have effect from such date as the Secretary of State of Canada may direct.

2. Where the Secretary of State of Canada revokes a certificate of naturalization he may order the certificate to be given up and cancelled, and any person refusing or neglecting to give up the certificate shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars. Imp. Bill, s. 7.

8.
8. The Secretary of State and the Government of any British possession shall have the same power to grant a certificate of naturalization under or pursuant to the provisions of the *British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914*, as the Secretary of State of Canada has under this Act and the provisions of this Act as to the grant and revocation of such a certificate shall apply accordingly with the substitution of the Secretary of State or the Government of the possession for the Secretary of State of Canada, and the United Kingdom or the possession for Canada, and also in a possession where any language other than French is recognized as on equality with the English language with the substitution of that language for the French language.

2. Any certificate of naturalization granted under this section shall have the same effect as a certificate of naturalization granted by the Secretary of State of Canada under this Act.

9. The next preceding section shall not apply to any of the Dominions specified in the first schedule of this Act, unless the Legislature of that Dominion adopts Part II of the *British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914*.

**PART III.**

**GENERAL.**

*National Status of Married Women and Infant Children.*

10. The wife of a British subject shall be deemed to be a British subject, and the wife of an alien shall be deemed to be an alien. R.S., c. 77, s. 32. Imp. Bill, s. 10.

11. A woman who, having been a British subject, has by or in consequence of her marriage become an alien, shall not, by reason only of the death of her husband, or the dissolution of her marriage, cease to be an alien, and a woman who, having been an alien, has by or in consequence of her marriage become a British subject, shall not, by reason only of the death of her husband, or the dissolution of her marriage, cease to be a British subject. R.S., c. 77, s. 33. Imp. Bill, s. 11.

12. Where a person being a British subject ceases to be a British subject, whether by declaration of alienage or otherwise, every child of that person, being a minor, shall thereupon cease to be a British subject, unless such child, on that
that person ceasing to be a British subject, does not become by the law of any other country naturalized in that country:

Provided that where a widow who is a British subject marries an alien, any child of hers by her former husband shall not, by reason only of her marriage, cease to be a British subject, whether he is residing outside His Majesty’s dominions or not.

2. Any child who has so ceased to be a British subject may within one year after attaining his majority make a declaration that he wishes to resume British nationality, and shall thereupon again become a British subject. R.S., c. 77, s. 34. Imp. Bill, s. 12.

Loss of British Nationality.

13. A British subject who, when in any foreign state and not under disability, by obtaining a certificate of naturalization or by any other voluntary and formal act becomes naturalized therein, shall thenceforth be deemed to have ceased to be a British subject. Imp. Bill, s. 13.

14. Any person who by reason of his having been born within His Majesty’s dominions and allegiance or on board a British ship is a natural-born British subject, but who at his birth or during his minority became under the law of any foreign state a subject also of that state, and is still such a subject, may, if of full age and not under disability, make a declaration ofalienage, and on making the declaration shall cease to be a British subject.

2. Any person who though born out of His Majesty’s dominions is a natural-born British subject may, if of full age and not under disability, make a declaration of alienage, and on making the declaration shall cease to be a British subject. Imp. Bill, s. 14.

15. Where His Majesty has entered into a convention with any foreign state to the effect that the subjects or citizens of that state to whom certificates of naturalization have been granted may divest themselves of their status as such subjects, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by order in council, to declare that the convention has been entered into by His Majesty; and from and after the date of the order any person having been originally a subject or citizen of the state therein referred to, who has been naturalized as a British subject, may, within the limit of time provided in the convention, make a declaration of alienage, and on his making the declaration he shall be regarded as an alien and as a subject of the state to which he originally belonged as aforesaid. R.S., c. 77, s. 8. Imp. Bill, s. 15.

16.
Where any British subject ceases to be a British subject, he shall not-thereby be discharged from any obligation duty or liability in respect of any act done before he ceased to be a British subject. Imp. Bill, s. 16.

Status of Aliens.

Real and personal property of every description may be taken, acquired, held and disposed of by an alien in the same manner in all respects as by a natural-born British subject; and a title to real and personal property of every description may be derived through, from or in succession to an alien in the same manner in all respects as through, from or in succession to a natural-born British subject:

Provided that this section shall not operate so as to,—
1. Qualify an alien for any office or for any municipal, parliamentary, or other franchise; or
2. Qualify an alien to be the owner of a British ship; or
3. Entitle an alien to any right or privilege as a British subject, except such rights and privileges in respect of property as are hereby expressly given to him; or
4. Affect an estate or interest in real or personal property to which any person has or may become entitled, either medially or immediately, in possession or expectancy, in pursuance of any disposition made before the fourth day of July, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, or in pursuance of any devolution by law on the death of any person dying before that day. R.S., c. 77, ss. 4, 5, 6, 7. Imp. Bill, s. 17.

An alien shall be triable in the same manner as if he were a natural-born British subject. Criminal Code, s. 922. Imp. Bill, s. 18.

Procedure and Evidence.

An alien desiring to be naturalized shall apply for a decision establishing that he is qualified and fit to be naturalized under the provisions of this Act:—

(a) in Ontario, to the court of general sessions of the peace of the county in which the alien resides, or to the court of assize and nisi prius during its sittings in such county;
(b) in Quebec, to any circuit court within the territorial limits of the jurisdiction of which the alien resides;
(c) in Nova Scotia, to the Supreme Court, during its sittings in the county in which the alien resides, or to the county court having jurisdiction in such county;
(d) in New Brunswick, to the circuit court, in the county in which the alien resides, or to the county court having jurisdiction in such county;

(e) in British Columbia, to the Supreme Court of British Columbia, during its sitting in the electoral district in which the alien resides, or to the court of assize and nisi prius during its sitting in such electoral district, or to the county court of such electoral district;

(f) in Manitoba, to the Court of King's Bench during its sittings in the judicial district within which the alien resides; to a judge of the Court of King's Bench, sitting in court in the judicial district within which the alien resides; or to the county court during its sittings in the division within which the alien resides;

(g) in Prince Edward Island, to the Supreme Court of Judicature, during its sittings in the county within which the alien resides, or to the court of assize and nisi prius during its sittings in such county, or to the county court of such county;

(h) in Saskatchewan or Alberta, to the Supreme Court sitting in the judicial district in which the alien resides, or to the district court in such district;

(i) in the Yukon Territory, to the Territorial Court, during its sittings in the circuit within which the alien resides;

(j) in the Northwest Territories to such authorities or persons as the Governor in Council may prescribe. R.S., c. 77, s. 54.

20. The application shall be delivered at the office of the clerk or other proper officer of the court during office hours, and such application shall be posted by such clerk or other proper officer in a conspicuous place in his office; the applicant shall also post up a copy of such application in a conspicuous place in the post office nearest to his place of residence. Both such notices shall be posted up at least three months before the application is heard by the court. R.S., c. 77, s. 17.

21. At any time after the filing of any such application and previous to the hearing of the application, any person objecting to the naturalization of the alien may file in court an opposition in which shall be stated the grounds of his objection. R.S., c. 77, s. 18.

22. The applicant shall produce to the court such evidence, that he is qualified and fit to be naturalized under the provisions of this Act, as the court may require, and shall also personally appear before the court for examination.
ination unless it is established to the satisfaction of the court that he is prevented from so appearing by some good and sufficient cause.

23. If the court decides that the alien is a fit and proper person to be naturalized and possesses the required qualifications, a certified copy of such decision shall be transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Secretary of State of Canada together with the application and such other papers, documents and reports as may be required by any regulation made hereunder.

24. The Secretary of State of Canada may thereupon in his absolute discretion issue a certificate of naturalization, which certificate shall be in duplicate, and shall send the same to the clerk of the court to whom the application for naturalization was made. Upon the applicant taking and subscribing the oath of allegiance the clerk shall deliver one original to the applicant and the other shall be filed of record in the court.

25. (1) The Governor in Council may make regulations generally for carrying into effect the objects of this Act, and in particular with respect to the following matters:—
(a) the forms to be used for the purposes of this Act including the form and registration of certificates of naturalization granted by the Secretary of State of Canada;
(b) the form and registration of declarations of alienage and declarations of resumption of British nationality;
(c) the time within which the oath of allegiance is to be taken after the grant of a certificate of naturalization;
(d) the persons by whom the oath of allegiance may be administered and the persons before whom declarations of alienage and declarations of resumption of British nationality may be made;
(e) the form in which the taking and subscription of oaths of allegiance are to be attested;
(f) the registration of oaths of allegiance;
(g) the persons by whom certified copies of oaths of allegiance may be given; and the proof in any legal proceeding of any such oaths;
(h) the imposition and application of fees in respect of any registration authorized to be made by this Act or any Act hereby repealed, and in respect of the making of any declaration or the grant of any certificate authorized to be made or granted by this Act or any Act hereby repealed, and in respect of the administration or registration of any oath.
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2. Any regulation made by the Governor in Council in pursuance of this Act shall be of the same force as if it had been enacted therein. Imp. Bill, s. 19.

26. The Governor in Council shall have power to appoint commissioners to take oaths under this Act.

27. Any declaration made under this Act or under any Act hereby repealed may be proved in any legal proceeding by the production of the original declaration or of any copy thereof certified to be a true copy by the Secretary of State of Canada or by any person authorized by him in that behalf, and the production of the declaration or copy shall be evidence of the person therein named as declarant having made the declaration at the date therein mentioned. Imp. Bill, s. 20.

28. A certificate of naturalization issued under this Act or under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, or under any Act or law passed by or in force in any British possession in which Part II of the said British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, has been adopted or is in force may be proved in any legal proceeding by the production of the original certificate or of any copy thereof certified to be a true copy by the officer or person authorized to issue such naturalization certificate or by any person authorized by such officer or person in that behalf.

29. Entries in any register made in pursuance of this Act or under any Act hereby repealed may be proved by such copies and certified in such manner as may be directed by the Secretary of State of Canada, and the copies of any such entries shall be evidence of any matters, by this Act or by any regulation of the Governor in Council or of the Secretary of State of Canada, authorized to be inserted in the register. Imp. Bill, s. 22.

30. If any person for any of the purposes of this Act knowingly makes any false representation or any statement false in a material particular, he shall be liable on summary conviction in respect of each offence to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any term not exceeding three months. Imp. Bill, s. 23.

31. The oath of allegiance shall be in the form set out in the Second Schedule to this Act. Imp. Bill, s. 24.

32.
Supplemental.

32. Nothing in this Act shall affect the grant of letters of denization by His Majesty. Imp. Bill, s. 25.

33. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires—

(a) The expression "British subject" means a person who is a natural-born British subject, or a person to whom a certificate of naturalization has been granted;

(b) The expression "alien" means a person who is not a British subject;

(c) The expression "certificate of naturalization" means a certificate of naturalization granted under this Act or under any Act repealed by this or any other Act;

(d) The expression "disability" means the status of being a married woman, or a minor, lunatic, or idiot;

(e) The expression "territorial waters" includes any port, harbour, or dock;

(f) The expression "Secretary of State" means one of His Majesty’s Principal Secretaries of State for the time being.

2. For the purposes of this Act the clerk of the peace of any county in Ontario shall be deemed to be the "clerk" of the General Sessions of the Peace of that county, and the prothonotary of the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia for any county shall be deemed to be the "clerk" of that court in relation to matters arising in or dealt with respect to such county.

3. Where in pursuance of this Act the name of a child is included in a certificate of naturalization granted to his parent, such child shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed to be a person to whom a certificate of naturalization has been granted. Imp. Bill, s. 27.

34. Sections 17, 18 and 19 of chapter 77, Revised Statutes, 1906, are amended by striking out the words "Except in the provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta" at the beginning of each said sections, and section 20 of the said chapter 77 is repealed.

2. At any time within three years from the date of the coming into force of this Act, any alien who is resident in Canada on such date may be naturalized under the provisions of the Acts mentioned in the third schedule to this Act upon complying with the requirements under the said Acts, but no other person shall be so naturalized, and after the expiration of three years from the said date the said Acts shall be repealed to the extent specified in the second column of the said schedule.

35. This Act may be cited as The Naturalization Act, 1914.

36.
36. This Act shall come into operation on the first day of January, nineteen hundred and fifteen. Imp. Bill, s. 28.

SCHEDULES.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

LIST OF DOMINIONS.

The Commonwealth of Australia (including for the purposes of this Act the territory of Papua and Norfolk Island).
The Dominion of New Zealand.
The Union of South Africa.
Newfoundland. Imp. Bill.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.

"I, A.B., swear by Almighty God that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty King George the Fifth, his Heirs and Successors, according to law. So help me GOD." Imp. Bill.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title or Short Title</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
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<tr>
<td>The Naturalization Act, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, chapter 77</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Naturalization Amendment Act, 1907, Statutes of 1907, chapter 31</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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<tr>
<td>An Act to amend the Statute Law in its application to the provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta, Statutes 1907, chapter 45</td>
<td>Section 2.</td>
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<tr>
<td>An Act to amend the Naturalization Act, Statutes of 1908, chapter 48</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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WHEREAS by The Naturalization Act, 1914, the Dominion of Canada adopted Part II of the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, passed by the Parliament of the United Kingdom, which was before the said Parliament at the time of the passing of The Naturalization Act, 1914, and which received the assent of His Majesty on the seventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred and fourteen; and whereas amendments were made in Parts II and III of the said Act while it was being passed by the Parliament of the United Kingdom, which are not contained in The Naturalization Act, 1914, and it is desirable that corresponding amendments be made in The Naturalization Act, 1914: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

1. Subsection 5 of section 2 of The Naturalization Act, 1914, chapter 44 of the statutes of 1914, is repealed and the following is substituted therefor:

"5. In the case of a woman who was a British subject previously to her marriage to an alien and whose husband has died, or whose marriage has been dissolved, the requirements of this section as to residence shall not apply, and the Secretary of State may, in any other special case, if he thinks fit, grant a certificate of naturalization, although the four years' residence or five years' service has not been within the last eight years before the application."

2. Section 10 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto the following proviso:

"Provided that where a man ceases during the continuance of his marriage to be a British subject, it shall be..."
lawful for his wife to make a declaration that she desires to retain British nationality, and thereupon she shall be deemed to remain a British subject."

3. Paragraph (b) of section 25 of the said Act is repealed and the following is enacted in lieu thereof:

"(b) The form and registration of declarations of alienage and declarations of resumption or retention of British nationality."
APPENDIX "B."

SUP. COURT, ONT., H. C. DIV.

In the matter of Pishak Cimonian and Twelve others seeking "naturalization in Canada."

WATERLOO SPRING ASSIZES, 16 & 17 February, 1915.

Secord, K.C., for applicants; no one opposing

JUDGMENT

MEREDITH, C.J.C.P.

In the matter of Pishak Cimonian and twelve other persons seeking "naturalization in Canada" under the provisions of the Naturalization Act, R.S.C., 1906 chapter 77.

Among the naturalization papers, presented at the recent Waterloo spring assizes, were the thirteen now being dealt with. Upon perusing them I found that twelve of the applicants were described as formerly of Armenia, and one of them as formerly of Macedonia; and as no more information was given as to the monarch or state to whom or which they now owe allegiance, it seemed very probable that they were all Turkish subjects, and so alien enemies.

Being of, and expressing the opinion that an alien enemy was not within the provisions of the Naturalization Act, R.S.O., 1906, chapter 77, I retained the papers, in each of these matters, and gave leave to each applicant to give such evidence as he could, and should see fit to give upon the question whether he is or is not an alien enemy; and to Mr. Secord, who appeared on behalf of all the applicants, I gave liberty to present any such argument, oral or written, as he might see fit to present, in support of the contention that an alien enemy is entitled to "naturalization in Canada" under the enactment in question.

No further evidence has been given, nor has any further argument been presented, but I am very much indebted to the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada, and especially to the Under Secretary, for an expression of the views of the Department upon the subject, and for very much light thrown upon it generally.

As I have said, naturalization in these cases is sought under the provisions of the enactment I have mentioned, and rightly so, if the affidavits of the applicants are true; for although that enactment has been repealed by the Naturalization Act, 1914, 4-5 Geo. V, chap. 44 (C) it has, by section 34, been kept alive for three years in regard to aliens resident in Canada on the first day of January, 1915, who comply with the requirements of the earlier enactment; and that these applicants, according to their affidavits, all were, and all have done, and so are entitled to naturalization if they are not alien enemies, or if alien enemies are entitled to its benefits.

In all respects, in each case, the formalities of the enactment in question have been observed, except in the insufficiency of the statements of former residence—which would not be material now if the Act be applicable to foe and friend alike; “no opposition has been filed to the naturalization” of any of them, and “no objection thereto” was “offered during the sittings;” and so, in time of peace, the certificate of each applicant would have been directed to be filed of record in the court, and certificates of naturalization in Canada would thereupon have issued in due course; but
I cannot think that the Act is applicable alike to subjects of countries at enmity and in amity with the British Empire, and so withhold the direction which would entitle the applicants to naturalization certificates.

As my right to consider such a question has been raised, it may be well to read, from the enactment itself, the provisions respecting the "presentation of the certificate" and to consider that question first:

"10. Except in the provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta, presentation of such certificates shall be made in open court and on the first day of some general sittings of the court, and thereupon the judge shall cause the particulars of all such certificates to be openly announced in court, the name, residence and occupation or addition of each applicant for naturalization being stated.

"2. Where no opposition has been filed to the naturalization of an applicant, and no objection thereto is offered during the sittings, the court on the last day of the sittings shall direct that the certificate of the applicant be filed of record in the court.

"3. If such opposition has been filed or objection offered the court shall hear and determine the same in a summary way, and shall make such direction or order in the premises as the justice of the case requires. 3 E. VII, c. 38, s. 2."

It is obvious from these words, and from the purpose and whole scope of the enactment, that it is the duty of the judge to satisfy himself in regard to these things:—that the papers comply with the requirements of the Act and that the case is one within its provisions, and also that the proper notice has been given and posted; all that having been done, and if there be no opposition or objection to the naturalization of the applicant, it is the judge's duty to give the directions provided for in the section; if there be opposition, or objection, then he must deal with the whole case judicially and "make such direction or order in the premises as the justice of the case requires."

The contention that the judge cannot concern himself with the question, whether the applicant is or is not within the provisions of the Act, is too plainly erroneous to require refutation. No judge has a right to act in any matter until assured of his authority. If the Act excludes an alien enemy, what excuse would there be for giving him the benefit of it, knowing him to be an alien enemy, or without proper inquiry into the question? A slovenly method of letting the certificate of naturalization go for what it might be worth, might be dangerous, and in any case would be inexcusable.

It is quite true that the judge is not concerned with the merits of any case which is within the Act and in which there is no opposition or objection; but that could not excuse him for any neglect of his other duties, especially the duty to take care that every one he passes on to naturalization—to the status of a British subject in Canada—is one to whom the Act, authorizing such naturalization, is applicable.

If an alien enemy be not entitled to naturalization under the Act in question, then it is plainly the duty of these applicants—Armenians and Macedonians—to show that they are not alien enemies, to show that they are not excluded from the benefits of the enactment.

In dealing with naturalization matters, an alien enemy is the subject of a nation which is at war with the nation in which naturalization is sought; and that too is the general meaning of the words; and an alien friend, in any part of the British Empire, is a subject of a nation in amity with that Empire.

It is true that sometimes, for some purposes, an alien enemy is treated as if, and called an alien friend, and even a British subject is treated as and sometimes called an alien enemy, see Porter v. Freudenberg, (1915), 1 K.B. 857; but that is really not correct, though quite convenient in the cases in which it occurs, (action to recover money or property in which the test is not whether the plaintiff is an enemy or friend
or alien or subject, but is, to what use the money or property may be put to if the court should aid in its recovery); to a British subject living in the country which is at war with the British Empire, no aid will be given, the enemy might be benefited; to an alien enemy living in the Empire with the license of the King to trade there, or with any proclamation or other authorization tantamount to it, aid will be given, because the money or property recovered cannot be available to the enemy, but may be to the Empire. It is obvious that a British subject by merely living in an enemy country—sometimes he cannot get out—has not become an alien enemy, if he should he would be a traitor and liable to be hanged.

If a Turkish subject, each of these applicants is, and must be treated as an alien enemy, in the consideration of his case.

Then is the earlier enactment applicable to an alien enemy?

Before considering the provisions of the enactment alone, with a view to answering that question, it is important to have in mind some undisputable facts bearing upon the subject: first, the fact that the concurrence of the “three Estates of the Realm” is necessary for the lawful admission of an alien into British allegiance; that nothing short of an Act of Parliament can authorize the naturalization in Great Britain, or in Canada, of any person. The power of the King to grant letters of denizenship, or liberty to trade, is, it need hardly be said, a thing of a character quite different from and one which falls far short of power to grant naturalization; second, that war revolutionizes the relationship existing between nations in peace, as well as the rights and privileges of an alien turned by war from an alien friend to an alien enemy. It has been said, by an eminent judge, that an alien enemy is not civili[il]er mortuus, that he is under disabilities, and disabilities which may be largely removed by the King’s license; and that is so, but still he remains an alien enemy; and third, that naturalization is a thing which no nation, in its own interests, should confer upon an alien enemy except with the utmost circumspection and caution, whilst very different considerations might apply to the case of an alien friend.

Then coming to the provisions of the Act in question: Its main features, bearing on the question under consideration, are, first, the case with which naturalization in Canada can be accomplished, second, the provisions of sec. 24, under which the person naturalized is not to be deemed a British subject when “within the limits” of the State of his former allegiance, unless he has ceased to be a subject of that State under its laws or under a treaty or convention to that effect; and, third, the provisions of section 12, permitting naturalization of a British subject, in a foreign state, under which he is to be deemed, in Canada, to have “ceased to be a British subject and shall be regarded as an alien.”

Having regard to all these things, is it not inconceivable that the provisions of this enactment were intended to be applicable to nations at war with the British Empire? Inconceivable that its provisions could have been meant to apply to alien friend and alien foe entirely alike?

If it be so applicable, then, notwithstanding all the criminal laws of great stringency against treason and traitors, it expressly permits treason of the most flagrant character, it invites and enables traitors to array themselves against the British Empire, all they need to do is to go over to the enemy’s country.

And, if so applicable, it turns a naturalized British subject into an enemy whenever his foot is set on the land of his former allegiance unless expatriated under its laws or conventions. So that when he may be compulsorily fighting in a Canadian army under the provisions of the Militia Act of Canada, in and against the land of his former allegiance, the act in question converts him into a subject of that land.

And, if intended to be so applicable, is it within the range of possibility that parliament would have neglected to provide some stricter mode of dealing with an application of an alien enemy, and so, sometimes, doubtless with a spy, than the easy and
easily misused method—easy and easily misused even if applicable to alien friends only—by which naturalization may be obtained under this enactment.

Naturalization in Canada has been during the more than half a century under which it has been under my observation, really little if anything more than a matter of form. It could hardly be more than that having regard to the easy method by which it was attainable under the Act in question: affidavits of the applicant's residence and allegiance; a certificate of a commissioner for taking affidavits, a Justice of the Peace or Notary, or any other of the numerous persons authorized by the Act to give it, without any power in the court to interfere unless someone opposed or objected in the manner before mentioned—a thing which in all my experience never happened. So that, if the Act be applicable to an alien enemy, it is something like an invitation to spies to provide themselves with the cloak of concealment which its provisions supply, giving to them aid in Canada, and, that which is worse, credentials which, in other parts of the Empire, are likely to be accepted, and relied upon with confidence.

Apart from judicial authority upon the subject, I should have no difficulty in considering the Act in question inapplicable to an alien enemy, and the cases upon the subject seem to me to support, abundantly, that conclusion.

The case of The King v. Lynne (1903, 1 K.B. 444, is a somewhat recent case expressly in point under the 12th section of the Act. The ruling was that the provisions of a similar section in the Imperial enactment are not applicable in time of war, and so Lynch was found guilty of treason for doing that which the section expressly permits, but which, upon a proper interpretation of the Act, permits in time of peace only.

And if that section of the Act be applicable in time of peace only, how can the other provisions of the Act, to which I have especially referred, be applicable in time of war? If it be treason for a British subject to become naturalized in an enemy country, can it reasonably be said that it is not equally treason for a subject of a State at war with the British Empire to become naturalized in Canada during the war?

That eminent writer upon the subject of nationality, and upon other kindred subjects, Chief Justice Piggott, seems to have no doubt that the effect of the decision in the case of the King v. Lynch is that an alien enemy could not be naturalized in Great Britain, under the laws in force in Great Britain when that case was decided, laws precisely like those in question upon these applications: See Piggott on Nationality, p. 137.

In the Province of Alberta, Harvey, C.J. with, I understand, the concurrency of all the other judges of the Supreme Court of that province, approving of the opinion expressed in Piggott on Nationality, made a general ruling against the naturalization of any alien enemy, a ruling in all things in point in these cases.

The statute-law of the United States of America has always, I believe, contained some expressed provision against the naturalization of an alien enemy; yet the cases in the courts of that country are not without some bearing upon the question here involved, even though the enactment in question contains no such expressed provision.

In Ex parte Newman, 2 Gall. (U.S.) 11, which was a case of an application for permission to file the preparatory declaration for naturalization two years before the final proceeding could be had, it was said, in refusing it: The petitioner is an alien enemy and therefore has no legal standing in court to acquire even inchoate rights.

In Ex parte Ovington, 5 Binn. (Pa.) 371, an opposite conclusion was reached on the same point; but it seems to me to be plain that the opinion expressed, by Mr. Justice Story, in the case of Newman is the preferable one.

And in the case of Ex parte Little, 2 Bro. (Pa.) 218, the whole subject was fully and well dealt with. The application in that case was under a provision of the naturalization laws to which the expressed provision against naturalization of an alien enemy was not applicable, yet a majority of the Court found no difficulty in applying such a
rule to that case as a fundamental principle of the law respecting expatriation and naturalization. The learned Chief Judge stating in clear and forceful language the main reasons for that paramount underlying principle, namely, the impropriety of conferring citizenship, or the status of a subject, upon one who could not be claimed as a citizen or a subject if he fell into the enemy’s hands; the impropriety of any nation being a party to an act which might be treated as treason in the other party to that act, and which, if done by a subject of such nation, would be treason according to the laws of that nation; and the danger of admitting to the bosom of the nation an alien enemy in the stress and embitterment of actual warfare; the danger of the nation taking a viper to its breast.

Opposed to these direct rulings, and weighty indirect considerations, I am aware of one judicial opinion only, a ruling upon the very point, by Archambault, J., in a Circuit Court of the Province of Quebec: See now, 46 Q.R., 281.

In the month of October last that learned Judge considered, to use his own language that, “the quality of German or Austrian aliens, in the present state of affairs, is not an obstacle to their naturalization in Canada” under the enactment now in question. And his conclusions were based upon these three grounds, namely: (1) Article 23 (b) of The Hague Convention of 1907; (2) that his functions, acting under section 19 of the Act in question, were merely “Administrative,” and so incapacity of an alien enemy to take suit did not apply; and, (3) that when commissioners or other duly authorized persons have administered the oaths of residence and allegiance and given those certificates, a judge, acting as before mentioned, had no power to refuse to do his part in the naturalization proceedings.

So that it is quite plain that the learned judge did not consider in any manner the first and paramount question whether the Act in question is at all applicable to an alien enemy; that he assumed that it was applicable to friend and foe alike, and acted in the cases before him accordingly; therefore, if his judgment stood alone, notwithstanding the great importance of uniformity of decision throughout Canada upon the subject, indeed the great importance of uniformity of laws and practice throughout the Empire upon the subject, I would not be justified in merely following his ruling. And, apart from that question, I am bound to disregard it, even if I agreed with him in the result, because the other authorities to which I have referred, one of them the Court of Criminal Appeals in England, require that my conclusion should be the opposite of that reached by him. So, too, as I have shown, my conclusion, quite apart from the authorities, on the question whether the Act is applicable to an alien enemy or not, must have been the opposite of his; must have been that no alien enemy can be naturalized in Canada under the provisions of the Act in question; and I feel bound to add that I am also unable to agree with him in any of the three grounds upon which his judgment is based.

As to the first of them, an unusually full Court of Appeal in England has held that the clause of The Hague Convention relied upon by the learned judge is inapplicable to England, and if so must be inapplicable to Canada, and so the learned judge’s view of it is directly overruled; see Porter v. Freudenberg (1915) 1 K.B. 857: and if it were not so, I would find it difficult to understand how the clause could be applicable to a question of naturalization.

In regard to the second, what difference can the character of the naturalization proceedings make? If the law disable an alien enemy from becoming naturalized, can it be that any judge is bound, in the face of that disability, to enable him to become naturalized? It is not the judge who is under disability, it is the alien enemy. The disabilities of aliens are not confined to those imposed in proceedings in the courts; there is, for instance, the disability, even in an alien friend to hold public office; and in whatsoever they may occur they must be given effect.

And as to the last point, can there be any doubt that the judge’s duties are judicial not merely ministerial? If any proof of that were needed (of their judicial
character) the learned and comprehensive judicial opinion expressed by the learned judge would afford it; he has not acted as if his duties were purely ministerial. The fact that the judge cannot _ex mero motu_ enter into the merits of an application, that there must be "opposition" and "objection", something in the nature of an appeal against the certificate of the magistrate, notary or other officer, who deals with the case in the first instance, does not make the duties which the judge has to perform any the less judicial; that is indeed generally so in regard to all appellate tribunals, there can be no judicial enquiry into any matters which have not been duly appealed against.

The subject must not be treated as if it were, and were merely one whether an alien enemy would be disabled from seeking redress in the civil courts, redress of the character there commonly awarded. The question is a very different one. It is whether the Act in question enables an alien enemy to become naturalized in Canada: the onus of showing that it does is on him; and, if he satisfy that onus, common law disability cannot stand in his way; if he does not, nothing can help him. And I may add, parenthetically, that if a convention between nations for mutual naturalization, were confirmed by an Act of parliament it could hardly be construed as applicable in times of war between the contracting nations. The King's license, or a proclamation tantamount to it, may relieve from the disability to sue, but, as I have said, nothing short of an Act of Parliament can confer any right to naturalization.

Therefore, I am, with much respect, bound to differ entirely from Archambault, J., in the opinion expressed by him, and agreeing with the contrary opinions I have mentioned, to consider that the Act in question is not applicable to an alien enemy.

If the Act could be said to be only ambiguous in that respect, driving one to a consideration of the purposes for which, and the circumstances under which, it was passed, the conclusion would be the same.

Grave reasons at once suggest themselves to the mind why such an enactment should not be applicable to an alien enemy, especially in these days when the power of some great armies is so mightily increased by the ramifications of vast numbers of spies throughout the length and breadth, and in all the corners, of the enemy country; an army of spies constituting largely, the eyes, ears and intelligence of the fighting army. With present battlefields so far away from Canada, the vital importance of every kind of protection against such a system of spying may not be fully appreciated by all of us as it should be, but, if we remember that some day the battlefields may be at or within our gates, that importance cannot but be more apparent. So, too, as I have already intimated, fairness in one part of the Empire to all other parts, demands, at least, great care in admitting any alien enemy to the status of a British subject. If the methods provided in the Act in question be applicable to such an alien, then, indeed, the least, if any, care has been taken.

On the contrary, nothing of a grave character has been, or can be, suggested. If the application for naturalization be made in good faith, what harm can come in letting it remain in abeyance during the war? It is said that under the Dominion Lands Act no alien can obtain title to land acquired under its provisions. But assuredly, if that be a matter of consequence, the proper remedy lies in providing for discriminate grants to aliens, rather than in the indiscriminate naturalization of alien enemies in order that a few persons may be able to complete their titles to lands to be granted by the Crown to them.

So that, whatever road may be taken, at the journey's end is a door closed against alien enemies; a closed door with the words "enemies excluded" written plainly above it.

There are yet, however, a few more things to be said in order that it may plainly appear that I have not overlooked anything that has been suggested, or that I can imagine, in favour of these applications.

It is said, and it is no doubt a fact, that the Secretary of State of Great Britain and Ireland has, in the present year, granted certificates of naturalization to a number
of persons who are described as Austrians, Germans and Turks, under the present naturalization laws of the United Kingdom, of which the Canadian Naturalization Act of 1914 is an echo. But that fact helps these applicants little, if at all, because it may be that such persons, when so naturalized, had been, in accordance with the laws of the land of their natal allegiance, expatriated or otherwise relieved from such allegiance. It is not to be presumed that any Minister of the Crown would be a party to an act and would make the United Kingdom a party to an act, which would be, in the other party to it, an act of treason for which he and she rightly might be hanged or shot; and of course the fact—if it be a fact—that the Secretary of State is of opinion that he has power to grant naturalization to an alien enemy, would not confer the power; whether he has or not can be determined only by the proper courts, including the High Court of Parliament; and, besides all that, the enactment under which such naturalization took place is so widely different from the Act in question in these applications, that a binding decision in favour of the power under the former, could, in no sense, be considered a decision in favour of the right of an alien enemy to naturalization under the latter.

A Canadian Order in Council and Proclamation, of October 28, 1914, make it plain that, at that time, the Governor General in Council deemed that an alien enemy might be naturalized in Canada. The last paragraph of the proclamation makes that plain. But, again, all that has little, if any, effect upon the question under consideration, for the like reasons as those expressed as to action of the Imperial Secretary of State. To the courts, not to the Governor General in Council, belongs the interpretation of the law; an assumption that an alien enemy is entitled to be naturalized in Canada may, or may not, be right in regard to the naturalization enactment of 1914. I hold that it cannot be right only in regard to the earlier enactment. Whether the Governor in Council has, or has not, power to curtail the right to naturalization in Canada, by virtue of the War Measures Act; it is quite plain that there is no such power to extend it.

If the subject be considered of sufficient importance to be taken before a Court of Appeal, either to the Supreme Court of Canada under the provisions of section 60 of the Act governing that Court, or to the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario, I shall do everything in my power to facilitate any such appeal; and, for that purpose, Mr. Secord's contention, at the Assizes, may be treated as also a refused application to me, as a judge of the Supreme Court of Ontario, for a mandamus to compel me, as persona designata under the 19th section of the Act in question, to make the direction provided for in that section, so that the naturalization of these applicants may be carried on to completion, with leave, for what it may be worth, to appeal in any possible way, though I fear that none of these things can aid very much, if at all, in getting the matter before any Court of this province.

If no such steps, or any other for the same purpose, be taken within thirty days, no direction, such as the 19th section of the Act provides for, will be made, and so the applicants must fail in their present efforts to become naturalized in Canada; but, if any such steps be taken, the applications will be held in abeyance, for a reasonable length of time, to obtain the opinion of some Court of Appeal upon the subject, which, if favourable to the applicants, can then be given effect to by me.
APPENDIX "C."

CIRCUIT COURT.

MONTREAL, October 10, 1914.

Present:—Archambault J.

Re:—Herzfeld et al.

Applicants for Naturalization.

NATURALIZATION—WAR STATE—ENEMY SUBJECT—CIVIL LAW.

Held; 1°. In Canada the commissioner who receives the application for naturalization, takes the oaths of allegiance and hears the evidence:—the judge who directs the certificate granted by the commissioner to be read and filed of record: the Court which affixes the seal to the certificate of naturalization, all of them exercise administrative but not judicial functions.

2°. According to the principles of the public International law admitted in England in war-time, the subjects of an enemy State are enemies like the States themselves, and consequently the subjects of an enemy State are deprived of the "Jus Standi in Judicio" but if the subjects of the belligerent State are allowed to remain in the country, they are exonerated from their disability.

3°. The proclamation issued by the Governor General on the 15th August, 1914, which confirms to Germans and Austro-Hungarians residing in Canada all the rights given them by the law, in the past, on condition of good behaviour, is in accord with section 23b of the Hague Convention 1907; and consequently, Germans and Austro-Hungarians who reside in this country during the actual European War, hold their civil rights, and specially the right to apply for naturalization R.S.C. ch. 77.

The war is actually declared between England and Germany allied to Austria-Hungary.

Germans and Austro-Hungarians have applied to the naturalization commissioner for certificates. It is on the presentation of that certificate to the Circuit Court which, in this matter, has an exclusive jurisdiction, that this interesting question of public international law presented itself.

Archambault J. The question to decide is this: is the quality of German or Austrian subjects in the present state of affairs an obstacle to their naturalization.

In the first place, before entering into consideration of the question put, let us determine the character of naturalization, and the functions exercised by this court in that respect.

Definition: (Naturalization is a sovereign and discretionary act of the public power, by which a person acquires the quality of native (Fr. national) or that of citizen in the state which that public power represents. It is to be noted that it is essentially a sovereign and discretionary act.)—(Weiss.)

Moreover, let us remark that it is based on a convention between the nation and the individual joining that nation by a concurrence of the two wills.

The State to which the applicant for naturalization belongs is not consulted in this contract. Whether that State permits or does not permit the expatriation of its subject, recognizes or does not recognize the naturalization, the naturalization takes effect just the same.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

(The legal prescriptions concerning naturalization are of international public order. They command the respect of all on the territory where they come into force and they cannot be checked by the national domicile law of the parties.) (pand. fr. V° Naturalization No. 623.)

These points settled, the question now arises as to what power in the State granting naturalization is to pronounce upon naturalization. Is it the legislative, administrative or judiciary power?

In France, these functions are entrusted to the administrative power.

It is the same thing in England where they are exercised by the Secretary of State who grants or refuses the certificates, in his absolute discretion, without giving any reasons and without appeal.

On the contrary the United States have made of them Judicial functions, and there it is held that “The executive branch of the Government cannot prescribe the action of any Court on a given application” (3 Moore.—International Law Digest, p. 328).

Under our Naturalization Act (R.S.C. c. 77) the procedure is divided essentially in three acts: 1. the application; 2. the hearing; 3. the decree or certificate.

1. The application is made to certain persons invested by the law with the authority to take oaths of residence and allegiance, the Governor General keeping the power to confer such authority to special commissioners (sect. 14).

2. These are persons authorized by law or by special commission who are charged with assuring themselves that the alien has fulfilled the conditions required as to residence and good character. And if that official of the administration is “satisfied with the evidence and that the alien is of good character, he grants to such alien a certificate.”

It is here that the role of the Circuit Court begins. In what does it consist?

This certificate is presented to the Circuit Court. (Sec. 16.)

The judge shall cause the particulars of such certificate to be openly announced in Court, the name, residence and occupation or addition of the applicant, and sec. 19.

2. adds “Where no opposition has been filed to the naturalization of an applicant, and no objection thereto is offered during the sittings, the court shall direct that the certificate of the applicant be filed of record in the court.”

The certificate of Naturalization is issued sec. 22 (a) under the seal of the Court “or (b) if the certificate has been presented to an authority or person, as prescribed by order or regulation of the Governor in Council, in manner prescribed by such order or regulation.”

And now can it be said that that act, whose clauses which seem to us as indicating its characteristics, as has just been set out, is intended to derogate from the common law, as did the law of the United States, and bestow on the judicial authority functions in matters of naturalization. We do not think so. We think that it must be held that the commissioner who receives the application, takes the oaths of residence and allegiance, and hears the evidence:—the judge who causes the certificate granted by the commissioner to be read and filed of record in the Court:—the Court which affixes its seal to the certificate of naturalization, as does any person invested with the same authority by the administrative power, all of them exercise administrative functions.

This first conclusion facilitates the solution of the question asked: Does the quality of subject of an enemy State deprive the alien of the capacity to formulate an application for naturalization?

This question brings us to the study of the incapacities which may be caused by war to subjects of enemy nations.

There are three systems or theories.
DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

6 GEORGE V, A. 1916

The first, according to the authors who favour it, is corollary of the ancient law which sets out that war should produce effects or relations as between subject and subject. Therefore, if the war makes enemies of the States and their subjects at one and the same time every legal convention ceases by the very fact of the existence of the war, and particularly the contracts between the belligerents are suspended and new ones can not be made, and the right of action of subjects of the enemy state is not recognized in law.

The second system resembles the first. It attributes to war the same consequences, but there incapacities would not be caused "ipso facto" by the war; the Sovereign would have to declare them.

In the third system, the war does not produce effects as between subject and subject, but between State and State, and it affects the subject indirectly only in as much as it is required to attain the end or object (of the war). This is modern theory and it is attributed to Jean Jacques Rousseau. It is probably based on the idea expressed by Montesquieu, to the effect that in peace time, one should do all the good possible for each other, and in war time, the least possible harm.

"The Law of nations, he says, is naturally based on the principle that every nation in peace time should do for each other all the good possible, and in time of war the least possible harm, without sacrificing its own interests." (Montesquieu, Esprit des lois.)

That doctrine repudiates the civil incapacities of the two first systems and specially the rejection of the theory of "jus standi in judicio."

All authors agree that the first system is a fundamental rule of English public international law. Therefore, it is the rule prevailing in our law. Nevertheless it is important to inquire if this law does not admit of some middle course as to the "jus standi in judicio."

Hall teaches that if the subjects of the belligerent State are allowed to remain in the country, they are relieved of these disabilities.

"When persons are allowed to remain, either for a specified time, or during good behaviour, they are exonerated from the disabilities of enemies for such time as they in fact stay, and they are placed in the same position as other foreigners, except that they cannot carry on a direct trade in their own or other vessels with the enemy" Hall-International Law, p. 388.

Now, a proclamation of the Governor General in Council of the 15th August last, expressly says:—

"And, whereas certain instructions have been received from His Majesty's Government in connection with the arrest and detention of subjects in Canada of the German Empire and of Austria Hungary; and particularly of those who attempt to leave Canada."

"And whereas there are many persons of German and Austro-Hungarian nationality quietly pursuing their usual avocations in various parts of Canada, and it is desirable that such persons should be allowed to continue in such avocations without interruption."

"Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:—"

"1. That all persons in Canada of German or Austro-Hungarian nationality, so long as they quietly pursue their ordinary avocations, be allowed to enjoy the protection of the law, be accorded the respect and consideration due to peaceful and law abiding citizens, and that they be not arrested, detained or interfered with, unless there is reasonable ground to believe that they are engaged in espionage, or engaging in attempts to engage in acts of a hostile nature, or are giving or attempting to give information to the enemy, or unless they otherwise contravene any law, Order in Council or proclamation."
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

Is it not clear, from the very words of this Proclamation issued in consequence of instructions received from His Majesty's Government, that the subjects of German and Austrian States, who are in Canada, do not lose, according to the rule of law governing war conditions quoted by Hall, the right to contract, and that their right of action, that is to say, the right to enter suit and obtain judgment for what is due them is admissible in law.

For otherwise, how could we say in the words of the Proclamation that they are allowed "to pursue their ordinary avocations and to continue to enjoy the protection "of the law." What becomes of the protection of the law to residents to whom has been refused the "jus standi in judicio?"

Do not these instructions of the Government of Great Britain and the proclamation we have just read, indicate an evolution of the English law regarding war in conformity with the spirit of the Hague Convention of 1907? Article 23 of that convention added to article 23 governing the laws and customs of war on land, reads as follows: "It is forbidden to declare extinguished or suspended or not acceptable in "justice the rights and actions of the subjects of the enemy party."

In truth, the English authors strongly opposed the introduction of that clause which, according to them, would strike out the said paragraph as being null, because unintelligible. Without such a unanimous agreement, we must accept the English theory as to its meaning, and we are confident that any well constituted arbitration court would be of the same opinion." 3 Nys. Droit International, p. 69.

Merignac. (Traité de droit international. Vol. 111, p. 112, note) says that this clause will be binding on the English jurists of the future, if they desire to respect International law."

How can it be otherwise, at least as long as the arbitration tribunal, asked for by Holland, has not declared it null? The instructions given by British Government and the proclamation of the 15th August seem to answer the question in the affirmative.

The conclusions to which we have arrived are these:—

It seems to us that in the present state of things, public international law upholds the right of action of German and Austrian subjects living in Canadian territory.

At all events the functions of this Court with regard to naturalization being administrative, the incapacity to take suit before the law under which German and Austrian subjects might suffer does not extend to applications for naturalization.

When the commissioners or other duly authorized persons have received applications for naturalization, have administered the oaths of residence and allegiance and have produced before this Court the requisite certificates according to the instructions of the administrative power from which they hold their power, we see nothing which authorizes us to refuse the reading and filing of such certificates with the Court.

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<td>11</td>
<td>Mr. Kyte</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Mr. Chisholm (Antigonish)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Mr. Carvell (for Mr. Buchanan)</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Mr. Carvell (for Mr. Buchanan)</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Mr. Proulx</td>
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<td>16</td>
<td>Mr. Proulx</td>
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<td>17</td>
<td>Mr. Turose</td>
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<td>18</td>
<td>Mr. Pugsley</td>
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<td>19</td>
<td>Sir Wilfrid Laurier</td>
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<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Mr. Turriff</td>
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<td>21</td>
<td>Mr. Carvell</td>
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- All Departments... 12
- Naval Service... 12
- Finance... 12, Feb. 15, Mar. 8
- Militia and Defence... Mar. 1, Mar. 2
- Post Office... 12, Feb. 12, Apr. 10, Apr. 12
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- Justice... 12, Feb. 25, Feb. 18, Mar. 19
- Post Office... 12, Feb. 12, Mar. 18, Mar. 19
- All Departments... 15, Presented by Mr. Hazen, 1915.
- Further Supp. sent to Council... 10
- Further Supp. sent to Council... 10
- Cabinet Heads... 12, Feb. 12, Mar. 3
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<tr>
<th>Reference No.</th>
<th>Mover.</th>
<th>Subject.</th>
<th>Date of Address or Order and of its Receipt.</th>
<th>To What Department Referred.</th>
<th>Date.</th>
<th>Return.</th>
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<th>Sent to Council.</th>
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<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Mr. Delisle</td>
<td>Re persons of German nationality employed in the several departments of the Federal Government.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
<td>All Departments</td>
<td>Feb. 15.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
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<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Mr. McCraney</td>
<td>No. of applications for seed grain received from residents of the three Prairie Provinces since June, 1914.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
<td>Agriculture</td>
<td>13. Feb. 15.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
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<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Mr. Nesbitt</td>
<td>How many transport wagons were purchased for the second and third contingents.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
<td>Interior</td>
<td>13. Feb. 15.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Mr. Cockshutt</td>
<td>Showing whether any exportations of food-stuffs have been made since Aug. 1, last, to European countries other than the United Kingdom, France and Belgium, and if so, their nature and what countries.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
<td>Militia and Defence</td>
<td>16. Feb. 15.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
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<td>26</td>
<td>Mr. Carvell (for Mr. Sinclair)</td>
<td>All tenders for army stores that have been received and dealt with by the Dept. of Militia and Defence since Aug. 1, 1914.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
<td>Customs</td>
<td>16. Feb. 15.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
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<td>30</td>
<td>Mr. Turriff (for Mr. Buchanan)</td>
<td>All correspondence, etc., in connection with the appointment of A. H. McKeown to the Immigration Service at Lethbridge, Alta.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
<td>Customs</td>
<td>16. Feb. 15.</td>
<td>1915.</td>
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<td>No.</td>
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<td>31</td>
<td>Mr. Carroll (for Mr. Buchanan)</td>
<td>All correspondence, etc., in connection with the removal from office of A. E. Humphries, Inspector of Immigration at Lethbridge, Alta.</td>
<td>Feb. 15</td>
<td>Interior</td>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Militia and Defence</td>
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<td>16.</td>
<td>Public Works</td>
<td>18.</td>
<td>April</td>
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<td>Feb. 22</td>
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<td>32</td>
<td>Mr. Carvell (for Mr. Buchanan)</td>
<td>All tenders in connection with the supply of lumber to the Dept. of Militia for training camps at Medicine Hat and Calgary, etc.</td>
<td>15-16.</td>
<td>Militia and Defence</td>
<td>16.</td>
<td>April</td>
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<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>Mr. Law</td>
<td>Names and addresses of all persons in Yarmouth Co., to whom bounty under the Fenian Raid Volunteer Act has been paid</td>
<td>15-16.</td>
<td>Militia and Defence</td>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Feb. 16</td>
<td>19.</td>
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<td>Feb. 24</td>
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<td>Nil</td>
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<td>34</td>
<td>Mr. Murphy</td>
<td>Names of all the transports hired since August 1, 1914, for the conveyance of troops, etc., to England, etc.</td>
<td>15-16.</td>
<td>Militia and Defence</td>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Feb. 23</td>
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<td>Feb. 23</td>
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<td>35</td>
<td>Mr. Macdonald</td>
<td>All letters, etc., re the purchase of cars by the Intercolonial Railway since July 1, 1914.</td>
<td>15-16.</td>
<td>Railways and Canals</td>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Mar. 26</td>
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<td>36</td>
<td>Mr. McCrae</td>
<td>All correspondence, etc., re the application by Udo F. Schrader for a grazing lease in townships 40 and 41, Range 7 west of the 3rd Meridian, Province of Saskatchewan.</td>
<td>15-16.</td>
<td>Interior</td>
<td>16.</td>
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<td>Feb. 23</td>
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<td>37</td>
<td>Mr. Robb</td>
<td>All tenders, etc., for rural mail delivery in the Township of Dundee, County of Huntingdon.</td>
<td>15 16.</td>
<td>Post Office</td>
<td>16.</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>18</td>
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<td>Mar. 19</td>
<td>22</td>
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<td>38</td>
<td>Mr. Carvell</td>
<td>All correspondence, etc., with the Department of Railways and Canals of F. P. Cutchins, General Manager of the Intercolonial Railway, or any other official thereof re freight rates over that portion of the Transcontinental Railway, Province of New Brunswick, etc.</td>
<td>15-16.</td>
<td>Railways and Canals</td>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Feb. 26</td>
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<td>Feb. 23</td>
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<td>39</td>
<td>Mr. Carvell</td>
<td>All letters, etc., had by Margaret Lynch or any person representing her, re the expropriation of certain land belonging to the said Margaret Lynch in the city of Fredericton, N.B., by the Intercolonial Railway, etc.</td>
<td>15-16.</td>
<td>Railways and Canals</td>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Mar. 19</td>
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<td>Public Works</td>
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<td>Feb. 23</td>
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<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>Mr. Carvell</td>
<td>All letters, etc., re the operation of the St. John Valley Railway, so called by the Intercolonial Railway since the 1st July last past, etc.</td>
<td>15-16.</td>
<td>Railways and Canals</td>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Feb. 26</td>
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<td>Feb. 23</td>
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<td>41</td>
<td>Mr. Carvell</td>
<td>All letters, etc., re the cutting of lumber by Mr. B. F. Smith, and others from the so called Tobique Indian Reserve in the Province of New Brunswick since 12th March, 1914.</td>
<td>15-16.</td>
<td>Indian Affairs</td>
<td>16.</td>
<td>25</td>
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<td>Feb. 23</td>
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<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>Mr. Copp</td>
<td>How many motor trucks were sent with the First Contingent to England.</td>
<td>18-19.</td>
<td>Militia and Defence</td>
<td>19.</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>25</td>
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### Table: Synopsis of Returns to Addresses and Orders of the House of Commons, Session 1915—Continued.

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<th>Reference No.</th>
<th>Mover.</th>
<th>Subject.</th>
<th>Date of Address, or Order and of its Receipt.</th>
<th>To What Department Referred.</th>
<th>Date.</th>
<th>Return.</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>Mr. Graham (for Mr. Lemon)</td>
<td>All Orders in Council, etc., exchanged between the Dominion Government and the several Provinces, re the proposed transfer of fisheries in tidal waters from the Provincial to the Federal control.</td>
<td>Feb. 19-20</td>
<td>Secretary of State</td>
<td>1915</td>
<td>1915</td>
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<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>Mr. Marcil</td>
<td>All correspondence, etc., re the awarding of the mail contract at Maria Caps, Bonaventure County in 1911.</td>
<td>= 19-20</td>
<td>Post Office</td>
<td>= 20</td>
<td>Mar. 15</td>
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<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>Mr. Murphy (for Mr. MacDonald)</td>
<td>Names and addresses of all persons in the County of Pictou who have been paid the Fenian Raid Bounty, etc.</td>
<td>= 19-20</td>
<td>Militia and Defence, Finance</td>
<td>= 20</td>
<td>Mar. 13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>Mr. Martin (Regina)</td>
<td>All correspondence between the Dominion Government and the Governments of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta re the supplying of seed grain to settlers for season of 1915, etc.</td>
<td>= 19-20</td>
<td>Secretary of State, Interior, Agriculture</td>
<td>= 20</td>
<td>Feb. 21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>Mr. Martin (Regina)</td>
<td>Showing total quantity of seed grain purchased to date, specifying in each case the number of bushels of wheat, oats, barley and flax, etc.</td>
<td>= 19-20</td>
<td>Agriculture, Interior</td>
<td>= 22</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>Mr. Martin (Regina)</td>
<td>All Orders in Council, etc., issued by the Government or any member or Department thereof which contain instructions re the distribution of relief assistance to settlers in Alberta and Saskatchewan, etc.</td>
<td>= 19-20</td>
<td>Cabinet Heads</td>
<td>= 22</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>Mr. Sinclair</td>
<td>Names and addresses of all persons in Guysborough County, N.S., to whom the bounty under the Fenian Raid Volunteer Act has been paid, etc.</td>
<td>= 19-20</td>
<td>Militia and Defence, Finance</td>
<td>= 22</td>
<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>Mr. Carroll</td>
<td>Names and addresses of all persons in South Cape Breton, N.S., who have been paid Fenian Raid Bounty.</td>
<td>= 19-20</td>
<td>Militia and Defence, Finance</td>
<td>= 22</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>Mr. Clark (Red Deer)</td>
<td>Number of prisoners of war in this country, the number under parole, etc.</td>
<td>= 19-20</td>
<td>Militia and Defence, Justice, Finance</td>
<td>= 22</td>
<td>Mar. 29</td>
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<td>Sessional Paper No. 29</td>
<td>Sessional Paper No. 29</td>
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<td><strong>SYNOPSIS</strong> of <strong>RETURNS</strong></td>
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<td><strong>52</strong> Mr. Carroll (for Mr. Chisholm Inverness).</td>
<td>All correspondence, etc., re the dismissal of Mr. Mallet, Captain of the life boat in the life saving station at Cheticamp, etc.</td>
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<td><strong>19-20.</strong> Marine and Fisheries. Feb. 22. 9. 10</td>
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<td><strong>53</strong> Mr. Carroll (for Mr. Chisholm Inverness).</td>
<td>All correspondence, etc., re a proposed change in the mail route from Inverness railway station to Margaree Harbour.</td>
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<td><strong>19-20.</strong> Post Office. 22. 15. 18</td>
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<td><strong>51</strong> Mr. Carroll (for Mr. Chisholm Inverness).</td>
<td>All letters, etc., appertaining to the construction of a wharf at Lower Burlington, County of Hants.</td>
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<td><strong>19-20.</strong> Public Works. 22. 12. 15</td>
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<td><strong>55</strong> Mr. Martin (Regina).</td>
<td>Properties acquired by the Government in the city of Regina since Sept. 21, 1911.</td>
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<td><strong>56</strong> Mr. Lemieux.</td>
<td>Number of employees, both permanent and temporary, at the following post offices: Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Halifax, Quebec, St. John, N.B., and Vancouver, etc.</td>
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<td>Feb. 22-23. Post Office. Feb. 23. 18. 18</td>
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<td><strong>57</strong> Mr. Achin.</td>
<td>Total amount of the travelling expenses of the members of the late Government in the last ten years of their administration.</td>
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<td><strong>22-23.</strong> Cabinet Heads. 24.</td>
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<td><strong>58</strong> Mr. Loggie.</td>
<td>Inward tonnage freight and also the outward tonnage freight respectively at Loggieville Station of the Intercolonial Railway for each month of 1911.</td>
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<td><strong>22-23.</strong> Railways and Canals. 23. 19. 22</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>59</strong> Mr. Gauvreau.</td>
<td>Names and addresses of all persons in the county of Temiscouata, who have received the bounty which is granted to the Fenian Raid veterans, etc.</td>
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<td><strong>22-23.</strong> Militia and Defence. 23. Finance.</td>
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<td><strong>60</strong> Mr. Gauvreau.</td>
<td>All papers, etc., in connection with the naturalization of F. P. Guelth, general manager of the Intercolonial Railway.</td>
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<td><strong>22-23.</strong> Secretary of State. Feb. 27. 3.</td>
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<td><strong>61</strong> Mr. Cruise.</td>
<td>Report of investigations held about June 1, 1914, by R. T. Ferguson, as a special Commissioner into the allotment of homesteads, etc.</td>
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<td><strong>62</strong> Mr. Law.</td>
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DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

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Presented by the Minister of Railways and Canals on the 9th April, 1915.
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<td>Re the claim of Telephore Paradis of the City of Levis, arising from the burning of his wharf and mills which were set on fire by a locomotive of the Intercolonial Railway.</td>
<td>29-30.</td>
<td>Railways and Canals...</td>
<td>30.</td>
<td>Presented by the Minister of Railways and Canals on the 9th April, 1915.</td>
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<td>Author</td>
<td>Motion</td>
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<td>Date 1</td>
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<td>Mar. 29-30</td>
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<td>Mar. 30</td>
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<td>April 6</td>
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<td>April 6</td>
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<td>April 3</td>
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<td>Names of all the individuals, etc., to whom contracts have been given for supplies, by the Department of Militia and Defence, or by any other department of the Government.</td>
<td>April 3</td>
<td>All Departments</td>
<td>April 3</td>
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APPENDIX B.

TARIFF OF FEES UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT AS FIXED BY ORDER IN COUNCIL OF DECEMBER 30, 1909.

The following is the tariff of fees payable under section 24 of the Act:—

When the authorized capital is $50,000 or less—$100.

When the authorized capital is more than $50,000 and not more than $200,000—$100 and $1 for every $1,000 or fractional part thereof in excess of $50,000.

When the authorized capital is more than $200,000 and not more than $500,000—$250 and 50 cents for every $1,000 or fractional part thereof in excess of $200,000.

When the authorized capital is more than $500,000—$400, and 20 cents for every $1,000 or fractional part thereof in excess of $500,000.

Examples of fees according to the tariff:

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<th>Fee</th>
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<td>50,000</td>
<td>100 00</td>
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<tr>
<td>75,000</td>
<td>125 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>150 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150,000</td>
<td>200 00</td>
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<td>200,000</td>
<td>250 00</td>
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<td>250,000</td>
<td>275 00</td>
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<td>400,000</td>
<td>350 00</td>
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<td>500,000</td>
<td>400 00</td>
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<tr>
<td>600,000</td>
<td>420 00</td>
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<td>1,000,000</td>
<td>500 00</td>
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<td>2,000,000</td>
<td>700 00</td>
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<tr>
<td>5,000,000</td>
<td>1,300 00</td>
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<tr>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>2,300 00</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

For Supplementary Letters Patent increasing the Capital of a Company, the fee is according to the above tariff, but on the increase only. That is to say, the fee is the same as if the applications were for a new company with a capital of the amount of the proposed increase.

For Supplementary Letters Patent changing name... $ 50 00
For Supplementary Letters Patent for any purpose other than above... $ 100 00
APPENDIX C.

TARIFF OF FEES UPON COMMISSIONS TO PUBLIC OFFICERS
APPROVED BY ORDERS IN COUNCIL OF FEBRUARY 19,
1886, AND SEPTEMBER 7, 1893.

1. Upon Commissions to Lieutenant Governors, Ministers of the Crown, Judges of all Courts, Junior Judges, Deputy Ministers and King’s Counsel, a fee of $20.
2. Upon Commissions issued to officers and others receiving salaries of $1,000 or over, a fee of $15.
3. Upon Commissions issued to officers and others receiving salaries from $400 to $1,000, a fee of $8.
4. Upon Commissions issued to officers or others receiving salaries from $100 to $400, a fee of $5.
5. Upon Commissions issued to officers or others receiving a salary of $100, or to officers or persons appointed to office, who are paid by fees of office, a fee of $4.

Upon Commissions to the Solicitor General of Canada, and all officers in the service of the Crown who may receive a salary of $3,000 or upwards, a fee of $20.

The above to apply to Commissions issued under the Great or Privy Seal.

No commission or document to be delivered out of the Department of the Secretary of State until the fee, if any, has been paid thereinto.

N.B.—No fee to be exacted upon commissions appointing Commissioners to make inquiries into matters affecting public interests. (O. C. December 5, 1891.)
APPENDIX D.

List of the Officers, Clerks, and Servants, of the Department of the Secretary of State, with Rank, Salary and Date of First Permanent Appointment in each case as on the 1st April, 1915.

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<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Title of Office</th>
<th>Division</th>
<th>Date of First Permanent Appointment</th>
<th>Salary</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mulvey, Thomas, K.C., B.A.</td>
<td>Under-Secretary of State and Deputy Registrar General.</td>
<td>1 June '09</td>
<td>5,000 00</td>
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**Correspondence Branch.**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Title of Office</th>
<th>Division</th>
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<th>Salary</th>
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<tr>
<td>Pelletier, Philippe</td>
<td>Assist. Under-Secretary of State.</td>
<td>1-A.</td>
<td>1 Mar. '88</td>
<td>3,750 00</td>
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<td>20 Jan. '85</td>
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<td>1 June '82</td>
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<td>18 Aug. '03</td>
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<td>Roy, Henri</td>
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<td>1 July '86</td>
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<td>Dubé, L. J. Arthur</td>
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<td>Shibley, Gervase R., M.A.</td>
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<td>Steele, Evelyn Y.</td>
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<td>Dent, Elsie A.</td>
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<td>Bradley, Florence G.</td>
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<td>Stewart, Clystal C.</td>
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**List of the Officers, Clerks, and Servants, of the Department of the Secretary of State.—Concluded.**

**Registrar's Branch.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Title of Office</th>
<th>Division</th>
<th>Date of First Permanent Appointment</th>
<th>Salary</th>
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<tr>
<td>Storr, Ira William</td>
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<td>Champagne, Joseph F.</td>
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<td>Berthe, Edmond H.</td>
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**Naturalization Branch.**

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**Messengers.**

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<th>Salary</th>
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<td>Brankin, James F.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Duggan, Hugh H</td>
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<tr>
<td>McLay, James</td>
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<tr>
<td>O'Regan, Basil</td>
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</table>
REPORT

OF THE

WORK OF THE PUBLIC ARCHIVES

FOR THE YEARS 1914 AND 1915

ARTHUR G. DOUGHTY
Public Archivist.

PRINTED BY ORDER OF PARLIAMENT

OTTAWA
PRINTED BY J. DE L. TACHE,
PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
1916

[No. 29a—1916.]
The Hon. P. E. Blondin, M.P.,
Secretary of State,
Ottawa.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit to you a report of the work of the Public Archives for the years 1914 and 1915.

In the appendices will be found copies of early Canadian ordinances, many of which are not to be found elsewhere in print. The present collection with the ordinances printed in the report of 1913 complete the list so far as it is known.

The numerous additions to the pamphlets previous to Confederation has made it necessary to issue a list which is included in this present volume.

Papers of considerable interest have been copied in Montreal, Quebec, the Maritime Provinces, and the West.

There are so many additions to the Map Division that it has been considered desirable to prepare a supplementary catalogue which will be issued in due course.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

A. G. DOUGHTY.
APPENDICES TO ARCHIVES REPORT.

A.—Reports of the Index, Manuscript, and Map Divisions.

B.—Papers relating to the Surrender of Fort St. Johns and Fort Chambly.

C.—Ordinances made for the Province of Quebec, by the Governor and Council of the said Province, from 1768 until 1791, being a continuation of the Ordinances published as Appendix E of the Report of the Public Archives for 1913.

D.—Catalogue of Pamphlets, Journals, and Reports in the Public Archives of Canada, 1611-1867, with index.
APPENDIX A

REPORTS OF THE INDEX, MANUSCRIPT, AND MAP DIVISIONS
REPORTS OF THE INDEX, MANUSCRIPT AND MAP DIVISIONS

INDEX DIVISION.

The work of indexing the volumes in the "C" or Military series is being pursued normally. The documents covering the important period of the War of 1812-15 are nearly all indexed; only about a half-dozen volumes now remain to be done. Out of the 1,850 volumes forming the Military series, 326 are now completely indexed.

The number of cards prepared, typewritten, checked, classified and placed in their respective drawers, since my last report, is as follows—

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Division</th>
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SEARCHES.

The number of requests for information and the production of documents continue to increase every year. The subjects of these numerous inquiries are quite varied; they embrace all sorts of questions: some refer to very important points of history, others relate to family histories and genealogy; while a large number deal with land applications, grants for military services, etc.

The following list shows the principal questions put and answered:—

- The sale of Anticosti Island to present owner and the regulations now governing it.
- The Sixth Article of the Treaty of Ghent.
- The De Watteville regiment.
- The life of Bishop Strachan.
- The War of 1812.
- The United Empire Loyalists.
- The Shoolbred Seigniory.
- The early history of Qu'Appelle Valley.
- The Division line between Upper and Lower Canada.
- Information on Fort St. Jean, Lower Canada, and its reserve.
- The North West Fur Company.
- Information as to the extent to which French families have spread since they originally came to Canada.
- The battle of Châteauguay.
- Sir Alexander Mackenzie's expedition to the Pacific Ocean, 1793.
- Information respecting Samuel Holland, the first Surveyor General of Lands in Lower Canada.
- Information re William Henry's journal.
- Information re Wm. Dummer Powell, chief justice of Upper Canada.
- The Indian Land Management Fund.
- The Temiscouata Post Road, from Rivière-du Loup to New Brunswick.
Colonel By's Estate.
Lands granted to Théodore de Pincier.
Grant of Thompson Island, formerly known as "Sir John's Big Island."
The Courville family.
Money said to have been buried by soldiers near London either in 1812, or 1837-38.
Title Deed of Fighting Island, Detroit River, given by the Government, in June, 1857.
Information respecting Pierre Du Calvet.
List of Post Offices and Post Masters in Upper Canada, with dates of their establishment.
Description of the ship that brought Father Hennepin from LaRochelle, 1675.
Care of the insane under the French Régime.
Information respecting a fort built by Amherst in 1759, and "probably called Crown Point."
Letters patent de terrier for the fief St. Denis de la Bouteillerie, 1st January, 1847.
Information respecting the Vankoughnet and Clive families.
Abolition of the Seigniorial Tenure in Lower Canada, 1854.
Quebec censuses for the years 1765, 1784, 1790.
Respecting Joseph Brant and the Six Nation Indians.
The capture of Fort Cumberland by Colonels Monckton and Edie.
Erection of parishes in the districts of Montreal and Trois-Rivières.
Respecting the picture of Haldimand given to Major Holland.
Coat of arms of François LaRoque de Roberval.
Description of the Battle of the Long Sault, 1660.
Original charter of St. John, N.B., granted by George III., 1785.
Removal of the 1st battalion of the 17th Regiment and the 4th battalion of the 60th Regiment from Quebec.
Respecting the administration of Justice in the District of Hesse, Upper Canada, before 1796.
Respecting the surrender of land by the Mississauga Indians on the 5th of September, 1806.
Date of re-sale by Lord Selkirk's heirs to the Hudson's Bay Company of the Red River Settlement, about 1836.
About Colonel Thomas Gage's letters to the Commanders at Niagara, 1759-1777.
Actes de baptême et de sépulture de l'abbé Jean Louis LeLoutre.
Lettres d'anoblissement de Robert Giffart.
Relation de la captivité du Révérend Père Milet chez les Onnéonts.
Were the Queen's Light Dragoons in Canada in 1846, and did the 9th Lancers go to Spain under Wellington?
Respecting Francis Goring and Lucy Secord.
Respecting the mortgage given by the Érie & Ontario Railway Company, registered against the road in 1837 as a security for a loan made by the Government.
Re boundaries of Canada.
Respecting Boone's land in connection with the War of 1812; also Indian encampment near the 20 Mile Creek.
Respecting the French Regiment "Laférté-Imbeau."
History of Chedabucto and Canso; list of the crew of the "Chub" lost near Halifax Harbour.
Respecting the Chevalier de La Concorde.
Respecting the Glengarry Corps of Fencibles that went to the Red River Settlement with Lord Selkirk.

What connection existed between the Bank of Upper Canada and the Ordnance Land of Upper Canada?

Petition of the Presbyterians of Shelburne, N.S., to William Pitt, asking for assistance to establish a church.

Respecting American prisoners taken at Trois-Rivières.

Respecting Daniel Boone, the Kentucky pioneer.

Reflections made by James Fisher and Charles Blake, Surgeons, re population, agriculture, colonization of Crown lands, etc., 1784.

Grants of land to Alexander Rutherford, in Bytown and in Montreal.

Grant of Clergy Reserves to St. Andrew’s Church, Quebec, 1841-54.

Information respecting Merrickville and vicinity.

Respecting the extradition of the St. Albans raiders.

Information on the families of Sabrevois de Bleury, d’Odé d’Orsonnens and Claude Poulin de Courval.

Visit of the Prince of Wales, 1860.

Inscription on the corner stone of the Parliament Building, Ottawa; objects laid in that corner stone.

Was Joseph Brant present at the battle of The Cedars, 1776?

Early settlers in Shipton and Granby Townships, L.C.

Trial of Allan McLane, for high treason, 1797.

The De Lignery family.

Commission appointing the Honourable John Stewart Commissioner for the Jesuits Estates, 1830-41.

Information respecting the famous ride of Brock from Fort George to Queenston Heights.


Genealogy of the Bruyère family.

List of the soldiers of the Regiment de Carignan who settled in Canada.

Order in Council granting the Roman Catholic Episcopal Corporation of Toronto a lot of land in Toronto, 1852-55.

Information respecting Robert Caron who came to Quebec in 1636.

Particulars of the burning of the “Caroline,” 1837.

The family Rivard dit Loranger dit Maisonville.

The encounter that took place near Chambly Basin, 22 Nov., 1837, also respecting the “patriots” Dumaray and Davignon.

General statements of public properties in Upper Canada, 1792-99.

Origin of the name of the town of St. Catharines.

Respecting Emmanuel LeBorgne de Belisle.

Early history of Saskatchewan.

Bounty offered by the King for the apprehension of prisoners, 1764.

The burial place of Lord Howe.

Respecting Tecumseh’s brother “The Prophet.”

Description of the province of West Florida, for the purpose of settlement.

Respecting the medical history of the siege of Quebec, 1759.

Respecting Patrick Sinclair, Lieutenant Governor of Detroit.

The famine in Quebec, in 1816.

Population of Canada, number of acres of land under cultivation, etc., in 1791.

Respecting the location of two volumes of the Deeds of Suffolk County, Mass, which are supposed to have been brought to Canada by a United Empire Loyalist family at the time of the American Revolution.

Any records relating to the erection of a monument on the boundary line in the St. Régis reserve, about 1845.
Arms of the City of Montreal.
Information respecting Fort Rouillé (Toronto).
Arms of the LaPorte de Louvigny family.
Dates of the Royal Commissions of vice-royalty issued in 1620 to De Montmorency, and in 1625 to de Ventadour.
Respecting a petition to the British Government against Governor Lawrence of Nova Scotia.
Portrait and biographical sketch of Nathaniel Coffin, M.P. for Bedford.
Respecting the Trent Canal.
Respecting treaties between the English and the Iroquois from 1664 to 1768.
The Military history of the County of Peterborough, U.C.
Establishment of the Militia in Montreal.
The Red River Rebellion, 1769.
Trial of Bigot.
Concerning the fruit growing industry in Nova Scotia.
American flags captured by the British during the War of 1812.
Unaicke's scheme of Colonial Union.
Respective powers of the Gouvernor, Intendant and Bishop, under the French rule.
Nuns as nurses in the War of 1812.
History of the Hyda Indians.
Origin of different place names in Canada.
Report of the Commissioners on the defense of Canada in 1862.
Early history of Fredericton, N.B.
The Catholic Bishop of Quebec and the recruiting of the Army in Canada.
Duels fought in Canada.
Establishment of a German colony in the Seigniory of St. Gilles.
Respecting the Valcartier Camp near Quebec.
First ministry of the Province of Quebec after Confederation.
Fires in the town of Quebec and suburbs.
Sir Geo. Etienne Cartier and his participation in the Rebellion of 1837-38.
Respecting the capitulation of Montreal.
Commissions of the Governors of New France.
French Canadians who took part in the Crimean War.
Administration of Justice under the French Régime.
Indian sports in the first years of the Colony.
Licenses to practice the law in Upper Canada from 1794-1820.
The Quebec North Shore Turnpike Trust.
Early settlements in Upper Canada.
Trade between the United States of America and the British West Indies in 1796.
History of the Catholic Church in Canada.
The Micmac Indians in Acadia.
Construction of war vessels under the French Rule.
The discovery of Prince Edward Island.
Information on the Jews in Canada.
Transfer of the Rideau and Ottawa Canals to the Canadian Government.
The currency question in 1767.
History of the Canadian snow-shoe.
Police regulations in New France.
The Clergy and Crown reserves system in Canada between 1791 and 1837.
Biographies of the Chief Justices of Lower Canada.
Respecting the Guibord case.
Council of War held at Montreal, 1757.
Council of War held at Quebec, 1759.
Early history of Grenville County, U.C.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Coloured men serving during the Rebellion of 1837 in Upper Canada.
John Jacob Astor and his participation in the War of 1812.
Survey of a railway line through the Maritime Provinces.
Information respecting the dual languages in Canada.
Charter of the Rideau Club, Ottawa.
Information on Lemoyne d'Iberville.
Foundation of the University of New Brunswick.
The mission of Messrs. Adhémar and Delisle to England respecting Ecclesiastical affairs in Canada.
Education of Huron children at the Quebec Seminary paid by Government.
Information on the Canadian Labrador.
The early history of Virginia.
The maple leaf as the national emblem.
Biographies of eminent men during the French Régime.
Conversion of Sir Allan MacNab to the Catholic Faith.
John Henry's secret political mission to the United States of America, 1809-1811.
Grands Voyers under the French Régime.
Origin of the present political parties in Canada.
The art of painting in Canada and the first artists.
Respecting the Jesuits Estates in Lower Canada.
The Military Order of Saint-Louis in Canada.
The first letters of nobility granted in Canada.
History of banking in Canada.
Governors and officials in Canada, 1760-1791.
The Mississippi Valley in 1675.
The arrival of the Brothers of the Christian Schools in Canada.
Establishment of the Royal Institution in Lower Canada, 1818.
Early engineering in Canada.
Opinion of Haldimand respecting the French Canadians.
Trials of DuCalvet, Walker, Disney and McLane.
Rigaud's campaign against the Indians, 1746.
Information respecting the Sieur de Vincennes, founder of one of the oldest towns in the United States.
Creation of Districts in that part of the Province of Quebec, now forming the Province of Ontario, 1789.
Monuments erected to discoverers in North America.
The national flag of Canada.
Leaders of the Rebellion of 1837-38 in the two Canadas.
Land grants to the family of Sir Isaac Brock.
Use of the French language in the municipalities of Upper Canada.
French Royalists establishments in Upper Canada, in 1798.
Establishment of brick and shingle industries in early days.
Coat of Arms of Champlain.
MANUSCRIPTS RECEIVED JAN. 1, 1914-DEC. 31, 1915.

TRANSCRIPTS FROM ENGLAND.

PUBLIC RECORD OFFICE.

C.O. 1.

Vol. 1, 1574-1621.
  2, 1622-1623.

C.O. 5.

  22, 1755-1757.  
  23, 1760-1763.  
  24, 1766-1767.  
  25, 1768.  
  26, 1769.  
  27, 1771-1773.  
  28, 1773.  
  29, 1774.  
  30, 1775-1777.  
  31, 1778-1779.  
  32, 1781-1785.  
  33, 1786-1794.  
  34, 1795-1798.  
  35, 1799-1801.  
  37, 1793-1819.
  40, 1775-1776. Intercepted American Letters.
  43, 1743-1783. Miscellaneous Correspondence.
  53, 1758. Military and Naval Despatches.
  65, 1762-1764.  
  66, 1765.  
  67, 1765-1767.  
  68, 1767.  
  69, 1768.  
  70, 1768-1769.  
  71, 1769-1770.  
  72, 1770-1771.  
  73, 1772.  
  74, 1772-1773.  
  75, 1773-1774.  
  858, 1693-1694. Board of Trade, New England.
  859, 1694-1697.
  860, 1698-1699.
  861, 1699-1700.

C.O. 42.

Vol. 21, 1785-1792. Quebec Miscellaneous.
  22, 1793-1821.  
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

C.O. 217.

" 98, 1816. "
" 99, 1817. "
" 100, 1817. "
" 138, 1820. Cape Breton State Papers.

C.O. 226.


Admiralty Secretary In-Letters.

" 481, 1745-1763. " 4358, 1812.
" 502, 1811-1812. " 5439, 1813.
" 503 and 4359, 1776-1813. " 5445, 1814.
" 1487, 1756-1757. " 5450, 1815.
" 2736, 1811-1812. 

Admiralty Secretary Out-Letters.

" 488, 1745. " 495, 1746.
" 489, 1745. " 496, 1746.
" 490, 1745. " 497, 1746.
" 491, 1745. " 498, 1746.
" 492, 1745. " 499, 1746.
" 493, 1745. 

Admiral's Journals.


W.O. 12.

" 4949, 1760-1761. " 35th 
" 5561, 1760-1761. " 43rd 
" 5871, 1760-1763. " 47th 

State Papers, Foreign, France.

Vols. 1-9, 1577-1583.

State Papers, Domestic.

Vols. 95, 117, 131, 1574-1579.

Patent Rolls.

Queen Anne, Geo. I., Geo. III.

Chatham Manuscripts.

Bundles 6-11, 13, 16-19.

ROYAL INSTITUTION.

American Manuscripts.

Vols. 1-37, 1775-1789.
Vol. 100. Anthony Parkdale's account of advantages arising from encouraging traffic at Newfoundland.

" 733, Reports made by the commissioners for examining public accounts from 1709 to 1713.

" 885, Report on the demands from New England for the expedition against Cape Breton, made to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, dated 29th December, 1747.

" 1177, Memoirs on the western coast of North America.


Vol. 2716. Reply to representations of the Hudson's Bay Company.

" 2902, Miscellaneous papers.


" 3662, Account of the relation of Sir George Calvert with Newfoundland. John Scott's preface to his History of America.


" 246, 1711-1718. Miscellaneous letters.


" 482, 1725. State of ordnance and stores at Annapolis and Placentia.

" 484-486, 1762-1764. Returns of British troops in America.


Vol. 494, Papers relating to the southern whale fishery, etc.

Vol. 167

" 260

" 306 A few papers have been copied, relating to early voyages and colonization.

" 525

" 589

" 1223

COTTONIanus Manuscripts.

Only two papers have been copied.

EGERTON Manuscripts.

Vol. 921, Statistical and political papers relating to Great Britain and France.

" 929, Miscellaneous letters and papers, 1705-1746.

" 1717, 1747, 2071. Only three papers copied.

" 2395, Miscellaneous papers relating to Acadia, Canada and Newfoundland, 1629-1676.

" 2541, Miscellaneous historical papers of Sir Edward Nicholas, 1588-1722.

" 2694, Papers relating to French encroachments in America.

LANSDOWNE HOUSE.

SHELBURNE Manuscripts.

Vol. 72, 1781-1783.

" 85, 1764-1768.

" 86, 1764-1784.

" 87, 1775-1784.

" 88, 1785-1789.

" 102, 1716-1760.

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" 161, 1767-1768.

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" 164, 1788.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

Journals, York Fort, 1727-1731.

" Albany Fort, 1727-1732.

" Prince of Wales Fort, 1724, 1726-1731.

Render's Journal, 1730-1731.

GENERAL POST OFFICE.

Post Office Transcripts, 1837-1846.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Directions for sailing from Halifax to Quebec, etc. By James Cook. (Transcript from original in the Library of University College, London).

Phillips collection, number 136.

Lord Barrington's Thoughts upon North America.

Sundry documents purchased at Hodgson's sale.

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### Archives Nationales

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<td>Proceedings of councils and conferences with Indians of Lower Canada, 1826-1840.</td>
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<td>Executive Council Land Book “B,” Lower Canada, 1790-1791.</td>
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<td>Nominal census of Indians, Lower Canada, 1841-1852.</td>
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SARNIA INDIAN OFFICE.

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Annuity account book, 1844-1863... 1
Returns for presents, 1846-1852... 1
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Governor General's Letter-Books.

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January, 1862-July, 1867. ("Military No. 1."
1864-July, 1866.
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Letter-Books of the Civil Secretary.

1867-June, 1869.
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Letter-Books of the Assistant Military Secretary.

Vol. I., October, 1856-April, 1858.
  " II., April, 1858-November, 1859.
  " III., November, 1859-December, 1866.
  " IV., January, 1867-1871.
Index to despatches from the Colonial Secretary, 1868-1870.
Index of despatches sent and received by Sir Edmund Head, 1855-1857.
Register of despatches to the Colonial Secretary, July, 1867-1868.
Register of despatches to the Colonial Secretary, 1869-Sept., 1870.
Register of despatches to the Colonial Secretary, September, 1870-1872.
General register, October, 1856-June, 1868.
General register, 1867-1890.
Bundle of enclosures belonging to drafts to the Colonial Secretary, 1861-1869

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Rangers ..................................................... 1780-1781.
Light Dragoons ........................................... 1781.

In addition to the volumes listed above there are also a number of unbound muster rolls.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Transcripts from the Seminary of St. Sulpice.
Déclaration du fief et seigneurie de l’Isle de Montreal, 1781. (Copy.)
Account-book of the bateau St. Augustin, 1802-1820.
Réponses aux questions d’histoire du Canada proposées lors du concours ouvert en juin, 1897.

Thirty-three notarial acts relating to the Seigniory of Neuville.
Several reports and other papers relating to the Jesuit estates, 1788.
Register of the Commissioners’ Court in the parish of Kamouraska, 1821-1825.
Papers of H. W. Ryland. (Copies.)
Rules for the Royal Artillery and Royal Engineer mess at Quebec, as adopted by a general meeting, January 12, 1853.
Repertoire des Archives de Notre Dame de Québec.
Jugements et Délibérations du Conseil Supérieur, 1717-1727. (Copies.)
Letters to Sir Louis Lafontaine, 1836-1855.
Pièces concernant l’Hôpital Général.
Three papers relating to Iberville’s expedition to Hudson Bay, 1698.
Marriage contracts of Louis Jolliet and of Robert Giffard.
John Frost’s remarks on the expedition against Canada, 1760. (Copy.)
Painchaud documents.
Genealogie de la Famille Gaucher.
Transcripts of registers of the Prévôté of Quebec, 1689, 1722-1723.
Transcript of a criminal register of the Prévôté of Quebec, 1729-1739.
Mémoire of an advocate of Paris on a suit between the Seminary of Quebec and
the Jesuits respecting Ile Jesus, 1738.
Funeral sermon of Mgr. Plessis.
Funeral sermon of Mgr. Hubert.
Photostat copies of sundry papers relating to L. J. Papineau.
Inventory of the records of Quebec Trinity House.
Transcript of minutes, Trinity House, 1805-1810; also list of pilots.
Census of Montreal, 1831.
Documents relating to Ile aux Reaux.
John McDonnell’s Journal. (Copy.)
An Account of Lake Superior, by John Johnston. (Copy.)
Some account of the Department of Fond du Lac, by G. H. Monk. (Copy.)
Some account of the Red River, by John McDonnell. (Copy.)
Accounts of the Northwest Indians, by Encas McDonnell. (Copy.)
Some account of the Northwest Company, containing an Analogy of Nations,
Ancient and Modern, by Roderick Mackenzie. (Copy.)
Journal of a Passage in a Canoe from Pais Plat in Lake Superior to Portage de
l’Isle, in Rivière Ouihipique, by Edward Umfreville, 1784. (Copy.)
Letter-book of Joseph Frobisher, 1787-1788. (Copy.)
Journal of Joseph Frobisher, 1806-1810. (Copy.)
Letters to Wolfred Nelson. (Copy.)
Stratheona letters. (Copy.)
Index to judgments of the Prévôté of Quebec.
List of “lieutenants-particuliers, procureurs du roi et greffiers de la Prévôté de
Quebec.”
Sundry papers relating to the Labadie family.
Papers of the Chevalier de la Pausa. (Photostat copy.)
Memoires de Montcalm, and Discours sur le Canada, by Pierre Roubaud.
Ermatinger papers. (Photostat copies.)
Repertory of Benique Basset, 1657-1699. (Copy.)
  " J. B. Adhémar, 1714-1747. (Copy.)
  " Jean de St. Pére, 1648-1657. (Copy.)
  " Nicolas Duplessis, 1652-1653. (Copy.)
  " Raphael L. Closse, 1651-1656. (Copy.)
  " G. Hodienne, 1740-1764. (Copy.)
Transcripts from Bermuda records, 1838.
Three papers and a map relating to Fort Necessity. (Copies.)
Plumitif of the register of the court in the cote du sud. 1759-1760. (Copy.)
Account book of Mr. Lachaine.
Register of births, marriages and deaths, military garrison at Quebec, 1797-1800,
1817-1821. (Copy.)
Memorandum on affairs in Lower Canada in 1837, by Thomas Storrow Brown.
(Copy.)
Journal of F. F. Brown, 1838. (Copy.)
Statement on the rising in Lower Canada in 1837, by T. S. Brown. (Copy.)
Political events as recorded in the Vindicator, November 4, 1838- November 6,
1837. (Copy.)
Returns of imports at Toronto from the United States, April 1, 1838-July 3, 1841.
Articles of agreement between the members of the German association for settling
lands to be obtained from the Government of Upper Canada, 1794.
Minutes of a board on accounts of the Royal Canadian Volunteers, 1798.
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Sundry muster rolls of the War of 1812, Upper Canada.
Six books relating to the Gore militia.
Diary of Att.-Gen. White. (Photostat copy.)
Warden's register of St. John's Church, Bath, U.C., 1800-1842. (Copy.)
Report of the trial of John Wilson and Simon Robertson. (Copy.)
Sundry muster rolls, 4th regt., Middlesex militia, 1824-1827.
Miscellaneous papers relating to Middlesex.
Land Index, Carleton county.
Minutes of the Brock district council, 1842-1849.
Sundry letters to Robert Baldwin. (Copy.)
Various original maps and papers relating to the northeast boundary.
Register of baptisms, Chimogouy, 1813-1876. (Copy.)
  " burials, " 1813-1882. "
  " marriages, " 1820-1893. "
  " baptisms and marriages, St. Barthelemi. (Copy.)
Registers of Granville, Wilmot and Annapolis. (Photostat copies.)
Register for the villages of Barachois, Nabouyan and Didiche:
  Baptisms, 1812-1838. (Copy.)
  Burials, 1812-1838. "
  Marriages, 1820-1838. "
Register of marriages, Grand Digue, 1880-1820. (Copy.)
  " baptisms, " 1800-1846. "
  " burials, " 1802-1820. "
Record book, county of Sunbury, N.B., 1776-1784.
General returns, 2nd battalion of Westmorland militia, 1823-1849.
Register of Newport township, N.S.
  Marriages, 1805-1856.
  Births, 1761-1845.
  Burials, 1762-1858.
Sackville township book.
Simeon Perkins's diary, Liverpool, N.S., 1766-1812.
Various Northumberland memorials.
Voyage to the Island of St. John, by Curtis, 1775.
Letter-book of Paul Mascarene. (Copy.)
Register of baptisms, Buctouche, 1800-1850. (Copy.)
Record book of the Court of Requests, Talbot Road, Yarmouth township, 1818-1819.
Letters of Thomas Parker, Liverpool, N.S.
Sundry transcripts of records at Shelburne, N.S.
Record book of Annapolis.
Three volumes relating to canals.
Privy Council register, July, 1867-1868. (Copy.)
John Lowe papers.
Philip Durnford papers.
Hudson’s Bay Company, minutes of council of the Northern Department of Prince Rupert’s Land, 1830-1833, 1835-1837, 1839-1843.
John Young collection.
Transcripts from the Bancroft collection.
Merritt papers.
Ledger, American Fur Company, Michilimackinac, June, 1827-Nov., 1833.
Ledger, American Fur Company, Michilimackinac, April, 1817-Sept., 1834.
Blotter, American Fur Company, Montreal and Michilimackinac, April, 1817-October, 1819.
Chamberlain-Badgeley papers.
Miscellaneous documents from western Canada.
Letter-book of Prescott and Green. (Copy.)
Journal of Alexander Colquhoun, 1777.
"Our Township," by B. H. Doane.
Orders for the French forces during the campaign of 1758 in Canada. (Copy.)
Stairs papers.
Six portfolios of papers from the Post Office Department, 1831-1872.
Journal of Capt. William Humphrey. (Copy.)
Memoirs of Col. John Clark. (Copy.)
Papers relating to the administration of justice, district of Hesse. (Copies.)
Notes and memorandum relative to the trade between British North America and the West Indies.
Petition of J. A. Macdonald and others to the Legislative Assembly praying for incorporation under the name of the Rideau Club, Aug. 25, 1865. (Photostat copy.)
Book of forms, Court of Appeals, Lower Canada.

MAP DIVISION.

During the two years there have been 2,657 maps received. These may be classified as follows: Maps pertaining to—

Acadia.......................... 9
Alaska Boundary.................. 39
Alberta.......................... 35
America, North................... 35
Atlantic Ocean................... 4
British America................... 2
British Columbia................ 11
British Empire.................... 2
Canada........................... 45
Labrador.......................... 4
Manitoba.......................... 6
New Brunswick.................... 4
Newfoundland..................... 1
Nova Scotia....................... 13
Ontario........................... 77
Pacific Ocean..................... 10
Quebec........................... 75
Saskatchewan..................... 3
International..................... 1
United States, parts of........... 3
West Indies....................... 1
World............................ 5
Colonial 'Church Atlas........... 29
Public Works maps.............. 1641
From Search Commission,
mostly plans of Parlia-
ment buildings............... 369
Railway Statistics maps........ 18
Electoral atlas................. 212

During the last year there have been 52 searches referred to the map room and a large number of maps drawn. In the last three months of the year, for which period alone a record has been kept, 25 maps have been drawn, several being redrawings to preserve for the use of students maps which are becoming decayed and illegible.
APPENDIX B

Papers Relating to the Surrender of Fort St. Johns and Fort Chambly.
PAPERS RELATING TO THE SURRENDER OF FORT ST. JOHNS AND FORT CHAMBLY.

Montreal, June the 8th—1775.

Sir

I have ordered a party of Savages into the woods from the Isle aux noix till below your post, but don’t depend upon them so far as to omit taking the same precautions you would observe, were there no such people. I recommend to you, that the two redoubts, one to enclose Hazen’s house, the other to enclose the barrack, be finished as soon as you can; you will then have more men at liberty—The soldiers might work two or four hours, at most & then be relieved, so the business might go on briskly. I shall allow half a pint of rum to those who work, or have any extraordinary fatigue to mix with their water, at your discretion, but all who get drunk are to be struck off this allowance.

Your most humble Servant

Guy Carleton.

P.S:

If you want entrenching tools, you may get some from Chambly — —

Addressed

To

Major Preston
commanding the troops
at St. Johns.

Montreal August 5th.

Sir

I am to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of yesterday’s date; It won’t no doubt be easy to surprise & take the Rebels posted at point au Fer, but we must not at present attempt anything beyond the Line of the Province.

I have ordered two Batteaux to be sent to you from Chambly.

Inclosed I send you an account of the Affair of the 17th just come to hand. A thousand of the Rebels deserted from their Camp the day after the Action.

I am, with great regard

Sir

Yr most obedient humble Servt

R’t. Prescott.

(turn)
The motions of all the Partisans of the Rebels must be carefully watched, & no one suffered to go beyond St John's, except such as are employed on the King's Service by my order, or the Commanding Officer there.

Col. Abercrombie killed 52nd Regt.

Major Williams
Cap. Davison
Addison
Smith
Lt. Higgins
Gus Graham

Nelson
Crawford
Thompson
Addison Jf.
Chetwynd
Brook

10th
Parsons & Kelly wounded
with many others.
Verner of the 10th killed.

Montréal, August 31st 1775.

Sir

In Baker's papers, mention is made of Macdonald Col: Christie's Overseer at Riviere la Colle, as a person that was very kind & free in telling him all the proceedings of the Regulars, which he found to agree with all his other accounts, but more full & particular.

Be so good as to send a Party & take this fellow up, confine him at St. John's & examine him strictly, that we may see if he is equally inclined to inform us of what he knows respecting the Rebels. You must frighten the Rascal & inform me of what you can get out of him, I then will send you directions how he is to be disposed of.

Be so good as to acquaint me when the schooner is launched & when you think she will be equip'd for Service:

(8) The Wind has been easterly for some time past & will consequently have detained the Rebels on the other side of the lake, when it changes they will probably send some of their people to reconnoitre. I wish you would send some parties out to watch for them in different places & surprise them, but not beyond the limits of the Province, they certainly keep up intelligence with some of our Traytors by way of Misisqui Bay.

No arrivals from England or Boston.

I am Sir
Your most obedient humble Servant

Rt. Prescott.

Major Preston.

I desire that no person may be admitted to St. John's but people of known principles, in case of doubt, away with them.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

[Probably first week of September, 1775.]
Montreal, Tuesday Evening
five o'clock.

Sir,
I have just received your's of this day's date—we are preparing here to give the Rebels a good reception. You must defend St. John's to the last Extremity—send frequent Parties for Intelligence & communicate to me by Express all that passes—if a Prisoner could be taken it would be of infinite use—Carden will send you paint tobacco &c. without loss of time—Canoes will be difficult to be got, but I will do my utmost to supply you. I am raising the Militia—the English Inhabitants are already under Arms—the Canadian Gentry well disposed & assembling—A few days or Hours respite will, I hope, enable us to repel all attempts. I am, with fervent wishes for your Success Sir,

Your most faithfull
humble Servant
Rd. Prescott.

Major Preston.

Montréal. Sep't. 11th 1775.

Sir,
General Carleton is arrived here. I have his directions to acquaint you, that Capt. Hasen the Bearer, has his authority to raise Men & has his orders to join you with them & put himself under your Command—the General intended paying you a Visit this morning, but an idle Report that the Communication was cut off, prevented him—he Joyns me in Compliments & good Wishes to you & all with you.

Ever Your's
Rd. Prescott.

Major Preston.

Addressed
To
Major Preston
Commanding at
St. John's.

Montreal Sep't 15th 1775

Sir,
In addition to the letter wrote to you by General Carleton & sent by Monsieur Bellêtre of this day's date, I am to inform you that whenever it may be found necessary to send out Detachments to harrass or attack the Enemy, you will do well to consult with him upon the best manner of conducting them, as he is an Officer of experience & perfectly acquainted with the manner of carrying War in this Country, & indeed he is capable of advising upon every other measure which may become necessary.

Do not forget giving written Orders to any Messenger you may send here, as without one they will not be furnished with Boats or Horses. Most faithfully

Your's
Rd Prescott

Major Preston.

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Addressed

Livingstone

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Ensign

Ensign

Capt

Preston.

Major Preston.

A Reinforcement of Canadians & Indians, will I hope, soon he with you.

St. John's Tuesday Noon

Sir/

Ensign Gordon acquainted me this morning that being on Guard last night with Capt Livingstone, some expressions which were highly improper passed between them. Captain Livingstone being very much in liquor: that this morning Captain Livingstone and he being still on Duty, the former came to him and insisted on satisfaction; that he answer'd it was an improper time, & was astonished he shou'd speak to him in that stile, when on other occasions he had told him publicly he was a scoundrel, and had threatened to treat him as Such; of which, he, Captain Livingstone, had never taken any notice, that on this Captain Livingstone spit in his face, & the other knocked him down.—

From this account, I am therefore, under the very disagreeable necessity of refusing doing duty with Captain Livingstone till he publicly clears himself: and take this early opportunity of acquainting you, (both as Commanding the troops here & having the immediate Command of the Regiment) with my resolution, as I shou'd otherwise have been in orders to relieve him this evening.—And have the honor to remain

Sr

Your very Humble Servt

A. Gordon

Captain 26th

Received this letter Oct 3rd 1775

Addressed

To Major Preston

Commanding H: M: troops

at St John's

Minutes of a Court of Enquiry held at St John's the Fifth of October 1775 by order of Major Preston. Composed of the following Members Cap' Stuart, Cap' Kinneer, Cap' Newmarsh, . . . Cap' Strong & Cap' Bailie.

Ensign James Gordon informs the Court, that he was upon Guard along with Cap' Livingston Monday Night last the second inst that about Two o'Clock on Tuesday morning Cap' Livingston came in to the Room where M'r Gordon was laying on the Table and Complained that one of the Sentinells had been absent from his post, at the same time desiring M'r Gordon to go out and visit them, that M'r Gordon did
so and found them all on their posts and alert, which he reported to Cap't Livingston; Cap't Livingston then said it was not so, and found fault with Mr. Gordon for interfering with what did not belong to him. Mr. Gordon then appealed to Mr. Hay and Mr. Thomas the two other officers of the Guard, if he did anything but his Duty. Cap't Livingston paid no attention to what the Gentlemen said, but gave him a great deal of abusive Language, and Challenged him. Mr. Gordon told him it was no proper time to give a Challenge and took Mr. Thomas witness that, Cap't Livingston did Challenge him; in the morning after breakfast when Mr. Gordon came into the Room, Cap't Livingston told him he expected to have Satisfaction for what had passed in the Night. Mr. Gordon replied if there was any one injured it was him, but that he did not think that a proper time. Cap't Livingston still urged him to fix upon an hour to fight him, and upon his pressing him to it, he told him he would not fight him, that he did not look upon him (Cap't Livingston) as a Gentleman, having given him language formerly that no Gentleman would put up with, which he had taken no notice of, and further told him that he would make Major Preston acquainted with what had passed and that Cap't Livingston was Drunk upon Guard, upon which he rose in a great Passion and Called Mr. Gordon a Scoundrell & Raseall & Spitt in his face, upon which Mr. Gordon gave him a blow and left the Room immediately; And went directly to Cap't Gordon and informed him of what had passed.

Cap't Gordon, informs the Court, that Ensign Gordon had acquainted him as abovementioned. On which he declined doing duty with Cap't Livingston till he had Cleared up his Character.

Cap't Livingston, informs the Court that Ensign Gordon and he had some Disputes in the course of the Night but that he gave him no Names. that Mr. Gordon told him if he was not upon Guard, he would call him out; that as he had done so, in the morning after breakfast, Cap't Livingston told Mr. Gordon that he would be off Guard at Six in the Evening, that Mr. Gordon made use of many Scurrilous expressions, upon which he spit in his face and Mr. Gordon knocked him down.

Ensign Thomas, informs the Court, that there was some Dispute happened betwixt Cap't Livingston and Ensign Gordon, but does not recollect the Particulars, that he remembers Cap't Livingston told Mr. Gordon frequently that he was to be off Guard at Six o'Clock in the Evening and then expected he would meet him and give him Satisfaction, that he Mr. Thomas advised Mr. Gordon to give no ans' wanting to avoid a quarrell betwixt them, he remembers Cap't Livingston called Mr. Gordon two or three times an Ignorant Boy—he likeways says he thinks Cap't Livingston was much in Liquor; he recollects that upon Cap't Livingston telling Mr. Gordon, as above, that Mr. Gordon replied it was an improper time to accept of a Challenge.

Lieu't Hay, informs the Court, that Cap't Livingston having been out on the Rounds, came in and said he had found a Sentinell of his post, that he ordered him to be relieved and Confined, but before the Corporall had time to relieve the Sentinell. Cap't Livingston ordered Mr. Gordon to go out and visit that Post; Mr. Gordon accordingly went. And upon his return told Cap't Livingston that he had found the Man upon his post; Cap't Livingston seemed to think that Mr. Gordon meant to reflect or him for ordering the man to be Confined, and upon that an Altercation commenced betwixt Cap't Livingston & Mr. Gordon, which continued from time to time. And to the purport as mentioned by Mr. Thomas: The Sentinell was accordingly Confined by Cap't Livingsons order, but released in the morning upon it's being found he was not from his post—after Breakfast Cap't Livingston mentioned to Mr. Gordon that they would be of Duty at Six o'Clock at Night, and expected then Satisfaction. Mr. Gordon replied he would not fight him because upon a former occasion he threatened to thrust a Tobacco pipe down Cap't Livingston's throat which he did not resent properly, that he then left the Room and as he was going out at the Door he heard Cap't Livingston mention the word Spit but does not know what he meant by
it. About half an hour after that, Cap' Livingston came up to the room where Mr Hay was, after he had been some time there he observed Cap' Livingstons nose bleeding, who told him he had been knocked down by Ensign Gordon. Cap' Livingston asked Mr Hay & Lieut. Duff (who happened to be likeways in the room) their advice how he should act, who recommended to him to send for Cap's Strong & Stuart who were in the next Room imagining them more proper to advise with than they Mr Hay & Duff. Mr Hay says in regard to Cap' Livingstons being Drunk he appeared very much flustered, which he Mr Hay attributed to two reasons, the Effect of Liquor, and the Effect of Passion. Mr Gordon desiring to know whether he thought Cap' Livingston Drunk before the Altercation happened, he answers he did not think him Drunk but flustered; he likeways says he means by being flustered a person that is a little in liquor. Mr Gordon having asked, what was his intention in desiring Cap' Livingston not to Sing Mr Hay answers that it was, that the gentlemen who lay over the Guard Room might not be disturbed—he further says that Mr Gordon told Cap' Livingston he was a fellow beneath his notice.

Fra'^ Stuart  
F. H. Kinneer  
Tim: Newmarsh  
John Strong  
Ja'^ Wm Baillie

Cap' 26th Regt  
Cap'  
Cap'  
Cap' 26th Regiment  
Capt'^ Royal Fuziliers

Proceedings of a  
Court of Enquiry  
on Cap' Livingston

Sir  

I beg leave to inform you that Yesterday the Pilot declared before Captuin MacKay that he could not take charge of Piloting this Schooner up the river on any Service whilst there was a Battery that the Guns could be turned on the Vessel in different directions as she run up; because said he if our Rigging should be shot away the vessel could go no further, and under such a Fire as we must expect from both Guns and Musqueetry there would be no possibility of repairing it—  

Now Sir you find he differs very much from what he formerly mentioned, and I was well convinced myself, that there was no performing any Publick Service with a Vessel of this kind and in so confined a Navigation, under so many obstacles that could in any way turn out to answer the purpose intended—I always have and ever will be ready to render any Service that is practicable, and from the present arrangement of the Enemies Vessels and their Battery's that they are determined to Stop the passage up the River; and I give this as my opinion that was the vessel double the Force and completely equipped as a Vessel of War that we could not force a passage, without there was a general attack by Land as well as Sea, and I am Sir  

Your most Obedient  
Humble Servant  

Win Hunter

Royal Savage, St. John's  
October 6th 1775
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29

To
Major Preston

Addressed
To
Major Preston of His Majesty's 26th Regiment and Commanding Officer of His Majesty's Troops at St. Johns

Sir
When you sent for me on shore to ask my Opinion with regard to the Vessel's, it was in a publick Guard Room; I expected it would have been before the Council whom I thought was the most proper Persons to be present: However, I give it as my Opinion, that as there is no possibility of being out of the range of the Enemy's Shot from their Battery's, and the Vessel's (under the present circumstances) being of no use, it is the best way to haul both Vessel's close to the shore between the Redouts, there if the Vessel's are sunk, their Artillery and Store's will be saved, and the Vessel's at a proper opportunity may be weigh'd again; but upon the other hand, was the like accident to happen on the other shore, the Vessel's with their equipment would be lost or perhaps fall into the Enemy's hands; and be assured Sir whenever there is the least probability of making the Vessel's useful I shall not fail of embracing the opportunity; I have accordingly hauled them over between the Redouts.

If the Gentlemen of the Council chuses to see my credentials from General Carleton I am ready to shew them whenever they think proper, and if you should think it necessary whilst the Vessel's lay in this inactive State I am ready to land with my people and render every Service that is in our power for the defence of St. Johns and I am

Sir
Your most Obedient Servant

Wm. Hunter

Royal Savage, October 14th
1775

To
Major Preston

Addressed
To
Major Preston of His Majesty's 26th Regiment and Commanding Officer of His Majesty's Troops at St. Johns

Mr. Hunter presents his Compliments to Major Preston, acquaints him that he was a great deal surprized last night that a Serjeant was sent by the Officer of the Guard to enquire of Capt'n Thomson whether there was any Seamen on board the Vessel's, he thinks that enquiry would have been much properer thro' their Commander as those Seamen are entirely subordinate to him and can be commanded by no other Person here, but if Major Preston has given the charge of these Vessels to Capt'n Thomson he has no kind of objection being conscious that he has always done his duty: he nor his Company has never slept out of the Vessel since she hauled from the Wharf, untill last night when it was impossible to sleep on board without being amphibious; but notwithstanding, the Seamen were employed in hauling the Galley nearer to the Shore and securing her in the best manner we were able, he has had a constant watch
kept on board by the Seamen but as there are only Six of them that can do their duty, can not afford but two upon Watch he does not think it quite sufficient but leaves the rest to Major Preston—

St Johns, October 17th 1775.

P.S. We would have endeavoured to get the Brass Guns out last night but it was so late before we got the Galley secured could not effect it—should be glad if a Black smith would attend to night to take out the Forelocks, but if Major Preston has no occasion for the Guns Mr Hunter thinks they are as safe there as any where as it is impossible they can be carried off without the Centinels giving the alarm—Mr Hunter must likewise hint to the Major that he has been many Years at Sea, that he can Rig a Ship, Navigate, and Manoeuvre her, this is notorious to many in the Navy.—

Addressed
   To Major Preston, Commanding
at
   St Johns

The Garrison of Chambl have passed their baggage to the Encampment of the Continental Army—The General with the most painfull reluctance desires the Commanding Officer of St John's to prepare for his defence.

Edwd Fleming
   Dep. Adj. General in
   the Continental Army.

Camp before St Johns.  
ye: 21st October 1775. 

Addressed
   The Commanding Officer St Johns

Sir

Being obliged to surrender Fort Chambl and made prisoners of War, am under the necessity of applying to you for permission for five Batteauxs to pass & repass your Forts to convey our Women, Children, and Baggage, to Genl Montgomerys Camp, if this request cannot be granted we shall loose all our baggage & be under the necessity of leaving our Women and Children behind, as we are to be sent to New England immediately, I have pledged my honor that our Drum Major returns as soon as possible.

I am Sir Your Humble

Servant J: Stopford Major

Addressed
   To Major Preston
   Commanding at
   St Johns

First Letter

Camp before St Johns
Nov 1st

Sir

From an anxious desire to spare the effusion of my fellow subject's blood, I permit a taken in an action with Governor Carleton at Longueuil a few days since to pass to the Fort, from him you will learn how small
your prospect of relief— By your deserters we find the low state of you provisions; that you throw away and destroy the Artillery, Stores, tools, etc—

Let me entreat you Sir to spare the lives of a brave Garrison entitled to every indulgence consistent with my duty to the Public. Should you continue to destroy the Stores and obstinately persist in a defence which cannot avail you— I will assemble the Canadians, and shall deem myself innocent of the melancholy consequences which may attend it!

I am, Sir, with great esteem,

Your most humble servant

Richard Montgomery
Bridg. Gen.
Continental Army

Addressed
To Major Preston 26th Regt
or Officer Commanding
St. Johns

St. Johns 1st November 1775

State of the Troops Under Command of Major Charles Preston. 26th Regt, on the 17th day of September last, with the Occurrences which since happened.

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<td>17th Sept.</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>2</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>30</td>
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N.B. One Mattress Killed by the Enemy & One Killed by an Accident.

Detachments of the 7th & 26th Regiments.

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<td>11</td>
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<td>229</td>
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<td>26th</td>
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<td>21</td>
<td>11</td>
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N.B.—Seven Men from the Rebels Joined the 26th Regiment at different times, One of which has Deserted; 9 Men Wounded at different times who are Recovering—
### Emigrants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Captain</th>
<th>Serjeant</th>
<th>Rank &amp; File</th>
<th>N.B.</th>
<th>One man Killed.</th>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>17</td>
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- Killed—Artillery .................. 3
- Wounded—Artillery .................. 4
- Fusiliers .......................... 5
- 26th Regiment ..................... 2
- Emigrants .......................... 1
- Canadians .......................... 6
- Carpenters .......................... 2
- Total ................................ 20

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**Return of the Troops at St. Johns**

**Commanded by Major Preston**

**with the Occurrences from 17th September 1775—**

James Thomas Mattross in the Artillery Killed 18th October 1775

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<tr>
<th>Captain</th>
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<tr>
<td>Christl. Hadson Royal Artillery</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kill’d by an Accident the 18th Oct 1775 &amp; Serj</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hunter &amp; Dan Campbille</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wounded by said Accident the same day—</td>
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<tr>
<td>26th Reg’t</td>
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<tr>
<td>Alex. Braid Wounded by the Enemy 5th Oct, 1775 —</td>
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John Grigor Gunnery in the Artillery

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<th>7th Reg’t</th>
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<tr>
<td>John Dunn 26th Reg’t</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wm Holden 7th Regt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Henry Railie</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Minchell</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ruben Allen</td>
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<tr>
<td>John Jones</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wm Dabie of the Artillery Wounded</td>
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<tr>
<th>7th Reg’t</th>
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<tr>
<td>James Mannford deserted 31st Oct.</td>
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<tr>
<th>7th Reg’t of Foot</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lieut. Freeman 14th Oct 1775</td>
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<tr>
<td>Roger Nichols</td>
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<td>Peter Fletcher</td>
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<tr>
<th>Corporal Knowles 18th Sept</th>
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<tr>
<td>James Kelly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serj. Wilkinson 23rd</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Sharp</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tho’ Sandbach 18 D.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Serj. Woodger died of his Wounds 30th October 1775</td>
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<th>26th Reg’t</th>
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<td>Alex. Ross Killed 18th September 1775</td>
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<th>Mate-Miller</th>
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<td>Neil Kilpatrick</td>
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<td>Serj. Weatherison, Artillery</td>
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| Thomas Gray & James Leviston Wounded October 1775 |

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<th>Emigrants</th>
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<td>John Kelly Killed 3rd October 1775</td>
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SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Second Letter

Sir,

The advanced season of the Year will not admit of your proposed delay— I do assure you upon the honour of a Gentleman, that what the Prisoner has informed you of, is true as far as has come to my knowledge—however if it want further confirmation. Mr. Depane of Montreal who is also my Prisoner will I believe give you the same intelligence—

Having now acquitted my conscience I must to save time & prevent trouble acquaint you—that if you do not surrender this day, it will be unnecessary to make any future proposals—The Garrison shall be Prisoners of War—they shall not have the honours of War—& I can not ensure the Officers their baggage.

Shoud you wish to send an Officer to Mr. Depane who is on board the Sloop you have my permission—Capt'n Stewart carries an order for that purpose—

But should you be inclined to persist in a useless defence—you will be so good, as to fire a cannon without shot for a signal.

I am Sr
Your Most Obst Servnt

Richd Montgomery
Brig' Genl
Continental Army.

Camp before St. John's
Novr 21—

Addressed
Major Preston 26th Regt
Commanding
at St. John's

St. John's 2d Novr 1775.

Articles of Capitulation proposed by Major Charles Preston for His Majesty's Forts at St. John's in the Province of Canada [sic].

Art. 1. All Acts of Hostility shall cease on both sides 'till the Articles of Capitulation shall be agreed upon and signed

Agreed—

Art. 2. The Garrison shall be allowed all the Honours of War, and suffered to proceed with their Baggage and Effects to the most convenient Port in America, from thence to embark for Great Britain as soon as they shall be furnished with Transports and Provisions by His Excellency General Gage or Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Troops in America.

(Ans.)—The Garrison shall march out with the Honours of War—This is due to their fortitude and Perseverence. The Noncommissioned Officers and Privates shall ground their Arms on the Plain south of the Fort, & immediately embark on board such boats as shall be provided for that Purpose. The officers shall keep their side arms; & their fire arms shall be put up in a box, & delivered to them when those unhappy disputes are ended if they do not chuse to dispose of them before.

The Garrison must go to Connecticut Government or such other province as the Honble the Continental Congress shall direct, there to remain till our unhappy differences shall be compromised, or 'till they are exchanged—

Our prisoners have been constantly treated with a brotherly affection—The effects of the Garrison shall not be withheld from them.
Art. 34 An Officer or Quarter Master from each Corps shall be allowed to pass to Montreal upon Parole of Honour, there to transact & settle the Business of his respective Corps, and to bring up their Baggage, Cloathing and Pay, for which purpose they shall be furnished with Carts and Batteaux.

Agreed to its fullest Latitude—

Art. 4. The Canadian Gentlemen, Inhabitants and other Persons residing in the Province, and now at St John’s, shall be permitted to return unmolested to their respective homes, with their Arms & Baggage, & remain secure in their Property and Effects.

Answered in the second; the Canadian Gentlemen, & others being part of the Garrison.

Art. 5. The Sick & wounded shall be taken care of and permitted to join their respective Corps or return to their respective homes upon their Recovery.

The sick & wounded shall be taken care of by their own surgeons, & when recovered* follow their respective Corps—

Art. 6. As soon as the above Articles shall be signed, Major Preston will deliver up the Forts with the Ammunition, Provisions &c.

Tomorrow morning at 8 o’clock the Garrison will march out, having first collected their baggage & effects together in a convenient place for embarkation, & leaving a guard for its protection. The officers must be upon honor with respect to their baggage; for should any Canadian or other effect his escape, his baggage shall be given as plunder to the troops.

The Quarter Master General, with proper Commissaries, will attend at 8 o’clock to receive the Artillery, Ammunition, Naval Stores, &c.—

The deserters from the Continental Army shall not be included in the stipulation for the Garrison. The Commanding Officer to sign & deliver the Articles of Capitulation by sunset this evening—

Major Prestons reply to Montgomery’s Articles of Capitulation

The Answers to the above articles will be assented to by Major Preston, provided the Expression (in Answer to Article 24) “I wish they had been exerted in a better cause” be entirely erased; the Garrison being determined rather to die with their arms in their Hands, than submit to the Indignity of such a Reflection.

Articles of Capitulation

St Johns 24 November 1775.

Articles of Capitulation proposed by Major Charles Preston for His Majestys Forts at St Johns in the Province of Canada.

Art. 1. All Acts of Hostility shall cease on both sides till the Articles of Capitulation shall be agreed upon and signed.

Answer—Agreed.

Art. 24. The Garrison shall be allowed all the Honours of War, and suffered to proceed with their Baggage & Effects to the most convenient Port in America, from thence to embark for Great Britain as soon as they shall be furnished with Transports & Provisions by His Excellency General Gage or Commander in Chief of His Majestys Troops in America.

Ans4.

The Garrison shall march out with the Honors of War. This is due to their Fortitude & Perseverance.—The Noncommissioned Officers & Privates shall ground their Arms on the Plain South of the Fort, & immediately embark on board such boats as shall be provided for that Purpose. The Officers shall keep their side Arms, & their
fire arms shall be put in a Box, & delivered to them when those unhappy disputes are ended, if they do not chuse to dispose of them before.

The Garrison must go to Connecticutt Government or such other Province as the Honble the Continental Congress shall direct, there to remain 'till our unhappy differences shall be compromised, or 'till they are exchanged.— Our prisoners have been constantly treated with a Brotherly affection— The Effects of the Garrison shall not be withheld from them.—

Art: 3d An Officer or Quarter Master from each Corps shall be allowed to pass to Montreal upon parole of Honour, there to transact & settle the Business of his respective Corps, and to bring up their Baggage, Cloathing and Pay, for which purpose they shall be furnished with Carts and Batteaux.

Answer. Agreed to in the fullest latitude.

Art. 4th The Canadian Gentlemen, Inhabitants & other persons residing in this Province and now at S't John's shall be permitted to return unmolested to their respective homes, with their Arms & Baggage, & remain secure in their property & Effects.

Answer Answered in the second Article, the Canadian Gentlemen & Others being part of the Garrison.—

Art: 5th The Sick & Wounded shall be taken proper care of & permitted to join their respective Corps, or return to their respective homes upon their recovery.—

Answer. The Sick & Wounded shall be taken care of by their own Surgeons, & when recovered follow their respective Corps.—

Art: 6. As soon as the above Articles shall be signed, Major Preston will deliver up the Forts with the Ammunition, Provisions, &c—

Answer. To Morrow Morning at 8 o'Clock the Garrison will march out, having first collected their Baggage and Effects together in a convenient place for embarkation, & leaving a Guard for its protection. The Officers must be upon Honor 'till to their Baggage for should any Canadian or other Effect his escape, his Baggage shall be given as plunder to the Troops.

The Quarter Master General, with proper Commissaries, will attend at 8 oClock to receive the Artillerys Ammunition, Naval Stores &c—

The deserters from the Continental Army shall not be included in the Stipulation for the Garrison.

The Commanding officer to sign & deliver the Articles of Capitulation by Sun sett this evening.—

Richd Montgomery
Brig' Genl Continental Army.

Articles of Capitulation
Agreed to

Philadelphia Jan'y 4th 1776.

Sir

I am Directed by the Congress to Signify to you their Approbation of your Determining upon the place of your Residence with these Exceptions. Viz't: That it be not in a Sea Port Town, nor in the place where the private Soldiers, who are Prisoners, are Station'd——

I am also Directed, previous to your Departure from this City to the place you may prefer for your Residence, to Take your Parole of Honour, that you will not Go into or near any Sea Port Town, nor further than Six Miles distant from the place of your Residence, without Leave of the Continental Congress, and that you will Carry on no political Correspondence whatever on the Subject of the Dispute between Great Brittain and these Colonies, so long as you remain a Prisoner.
Your Signifying to me the place you shall Determine as most Agreeable for your Residence, and Giving your Parole conformable to the Resolutions of Congress, are the only Requisites previous to your Departure to the Town of your Choice.

Should you be desirous of Communicating any Matter to Congress, I shall, on being Acquainted with it, Lay it before them, and with pleasure inform you the Result—

I am Sir
Your most Obed' Serv'
John Hancock Presid'

Major Preston

St. John's the 17th September 1775

Our Redouts were at this time (if not finish'd) at least in a very defensible State; the Insides of the parapet and the Embrasures were sodded: The ditch was frain'd and the Guns mounted, these it is true on very bad platforms. We had two eight Inch Howitz and 8 royal or Cahorn Mortars, about 30 pieces of Cannon, among which were two light brass 24 lbs, 6 Iron 9 lb. The rest were of Smaller Calibres, and chiefly brass. The Schooner which before the Redouts carried 12 Guns and was finish'd. The Row Galley which was launch'd soon after carried one brass 24 lb. The Garrison consisted of

Officers are

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<td>Fuziliers</td>
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<td>26th Regt</td>
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<td>R. Emigrants</td>
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<td>Volunteers</td>
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<td>R. Artillery</td>
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On board the Vessels

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We had besides these, or rather were encumber'd with about 40 Women & as many children, whom we were now oblig'd to take within the Forts from huts around them where they had hitherto liv'd.

* The whole amounting to souls were contain'd in a Barrack built for 25 Men, a barn, and a large house belonging to Col. Christie & a Mr Hazen. It was round these buildings that the Redouts were thrown up and these were the work of 200 Men since the month of July.

The Men had neither Bedding, Straw or Blankets; for about 20 between near 200 men deserve not to be mention'd.

Provisions and a quantity of blankets which were on the way to St. Johns were seiz'd by the rebels, a loss of great Importance in a Climate where the nights of September and October are as cold as those of the two succeeding Months in England.

17th—At about two oClock this Afternoon a few Batteaux appear'd off Point Daniel about 1/2 Miles from the Fort, and our Guard Boat cou'd perceive a Sloop, a Schooner, Gondolas, pettiangers, and a great many Batteaux. The Vessels were at Anchor and Men were landing from Boats. The Gondola's advance'd a little and fir'd several Shot at the Guard Boats and at the Forts whilst we sent them some Howitz Shells from one of these pieces of Artillery which Capt. Williams had fixt so as to serve as a Mortar.
19th—This morning we were inform'd that the rebels intended to take Post about 2 miles lower than St John's, at a Rivulet near which we had had a redoubt 'till within a fortnight, when the Enemy made their first Appearance at the Isle aux Noix. Lieut Duff with 30 Men was sent for intelligence, with order to bring in the cattle belonging to the neighbouring farms. At his return he reported that there appear'd to him to be about 200 Men on the other Side of the rivulet entrench'd with the logs of a Bridge which they had broken. Capt* Strong was then sent with a detachment of 160 Men, an Officer of Artillery with a field piece and the Volunteers. The Rebels on their Appearing fir'd a few Shot and ran off into the wood. Our people took two wounded prisoners, and lost one man. (Mons* Beaubicn a Volun-
teer.) We had two or three wounded.

After this little Skirmish whilst the breastwork was destroying more Ammunition was sent for from the Fort which an Officer and 20 Men brought up. The Bridge was scarce repair'd when some noise was heard and an Indian who appear'd at the Edge of the wood was seiz'd by two or three who were with us. A good many Shot were fir'd from behind the Trees and Bushes but upon our returning the fire very briskly nothing more was heard of the Enemy. A Soldier of the 26th Regiment was kill'd in this last fray.

Capt*, Dundee, on the second firing being heard at the Fort, was order'd out with a reinforcement of 40 Men and met the first detachment on their return to the Fort.

During this time, the Enemys Gondola's had been insulting the redouts with a few Shot which had no Effect.

The Indian who was taken was buffeted by our Indians and sent back. Mr Hazen and Mr Tucker who were found with the Rebels (tho' indeed without Arms) were kept prisoners in the Forts. In this Affair, as there have since been throughout the Campaing in Canada there were Englishmen fighting against Englishmen, French against French and Indians of the same Tribe against each other.

Both the last night and this the Rebels were heard at work entrenching themselves.—

19. We heard they had again taken post in the place from which we had driven them and had brought away the Inhabitants from between the Redouts and themselves.

We demolis'd the huts which had been built without the Forts for the Women.

The two or three Indians who were yet at St Johns were sent to Montreal. We had a false Alarm in the night from a Sentry firing his piece.

It rain'd extremly hard and half the Garrison was constantly up & was reliev'd every four hours.

20. A Man was sent across the River to Hazens House. He could from thence see them entrenching very near us: We threw a Shell or two towards the place where we presum'd they were.

We had an Alarm in the night & almost a general fire from the Works. In the morning a Horse was found dead, this was the Enemy our out Sentry had seen and challenge'd.

21. A Man was sent out again a little way to the northward of the redouts, and found the road block'd in many places with fell'd trees.

It rain'd the whole night and blew very hard. One of our Batteaux drove down the River and was lost.

A large Batteau with 3 or 4 Barrels of pork and as many of Flour in which a Boy was sleeping, drove down from the Enemy. We Stopt her and at the same time a Yawl from the same quarter.

The Boy told us that the Enemy had 4 Guns and two mortars, that they were erecting a Battery, and making a road to it thro' the wood, that their Tents were insufficient and that they slept in the gondolas pettiangers &c.: that their Batteaux were constructed for 40 Men. He likewise told us they had sent back to Ticonderoga for a 12 inch Mortar called the Sow.
22. A deserter came in, he told us the enemy were erecting a Battery close to the edge of the wood south of the redouts, and within 400 yards of us, that they were making a road thither from the Point. We sent a good many Shot and shells to the place the deserter pointed out to us. Our Guard Batter was fir'd on this morning.

This day we sat about pulling down the houses near the Fort and making a Line of Communication between the North and South Redouts.

Towards night a party of 100 Men was sent across the river to Hazens House to fetch away the Cattle, but the Cattle cou’d not be found & the party was fir’d on.

At about 8 o’Clock we receiv’d several shot from Musketry at the edge of the Wood, South of the redouts. A traverse was begun at the South redoubt and we erected Sheds in the North redoubt, behind the Banquette as a Shelter for the Men on duty, The Weather being very rainy.—

23. A deserter came in this morning, he ascertains the place where the Enemy are erecting their Battery and we distress them as much as we can with Shells. The Accounts from the Deserters are that they have about 2,000 Men.

We fix’d a 6 lb der on the Batteau which the Wind and Stream brought us down and sent her towards the place where the Enemy were at work. She fir’d several Shot into their Camp.

M’L’Orimier and Hazen were sent to Montreal thro’ the woods.

24. This Morning the Batteau with the 6 lb der was sent up again. There were some thoughts of an Expedition up the River with the Schooner. 20 Soldiers were put on board and she mov’d up towards the South Redout. She soon after was order’d to her old Station and the men came ashore.

25. Capt Monin a Volunteer went on a Scout this morning and saw some of the Enemy’s Sentries which are posted very near the Edge of the Wood.

The Row Galley was launc’d. We were fir’d at with small arms from the brush wood north of the Redouts. Soon after this a Battery of 2 guns was open’d against us from the Water’s Edge to the southward of us; The Schooner was struck once or twice, and two or three Shot came into the North Redout, one of which graz’d a Serjeant’s Shoulder. We return’d the fire with Shot and Shells. At dusk the Enemy’s Cannon ceas’d and towards 9 o’Clock they began throwing shells which by a Splinter we judged to be from a royal Mortar. We afterwards had reason to think there were two of different Sizes.—

We began throwing up traverses.

The Weather grew very cold and the Men already felt the want of covering at night very much. Men and Officers were on duty every other day.

26. A Deserter came in this afternoon, he gave us much the same information we had had before concerning the Enemys Artillery, says they have two mortars but that one is for throwing Stones and condemn’d as useless. Their numbers at the point were only 615 and Sickness and Despondency was amongst them. Towards Sun Set we had some Shots from the Battery. The orders of the 26th Sept were The Royal Fusiliers and 26th Regiment are to do duty by detachments till further Orders.

Detail of the Guards

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<td>Picket N. Redout</td>
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On duty each night: 4 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 5 | 200

27. We threw Shot and Shells into the wood. The Enemy fir’d a good deal at the Schooner and forts; two or three Shot entered the Officers Room at the N. R. At dusk they threw 16 or 18 Shells which did no mischief. We had continual and heavy rains.
28. Some Canadians were seen going up the opposite side of the River. Two deserters came in.

We had a Cannonade towards night & sent a few Hauwitz shells in return. 29th We had some firing in the morning. A few drunken Savages appeared at the Edge of the wood, and came into the Forts, among them was one Wildman a fellow very well known to us. They told us of Allens defeat and his being taken prisoner, and talk'd of 4000 Canadians being in Arms against us. They were treated kindly and sent away. We had our daily little Cannonade & 17 Shells burst amongst us in the Evening, without hurting any one.

30. We placed a gun behind the Wharf. The Enemy fir'd a good deal. A Carpenter was wounded in the Row Galley. 

Hard frost.—

The universal Cry was to go up with the Vessels to attack the Enemy and to send a party by Land at the same time to spike their guns. Capt. Hunter did not entirely approve of the plan, it was however thought that some Scheme for an attack was first upon The Pilot was willing to go and answer'd every objection started against it. Firing with small Arms from the wood.

Oct 1st Some firing. Several Shot struck the House Two drunken Indians came in towards night, they confirm the Account of Allens defeat.

2d Rain. Our Canoes almost all disabled.

3d A Soldier of the R. Emigrants kill'd. Several of the French volunteers talked of retiring thro the wood. Shells at night.

4. Some Shells were sent us at Day break. We saw people about Hazens House. A Batteau was seen below us suppos'd to have drifted from the Enemy.

In the night two Batteaux were seen by our guard Boat. The Schooner hail'd and fir'd at them, upon which the Crews got into one Batteau and suffer'd the other to drift. We have heard since, that the latter was a sort of fire raft.

The row Galley with 12 Oars and a 24 lb. went a little way down the river towards Hazens House, and return'd after firing a few shot at the fellows who infested that Shore. A Soldier of the R. Fuziliers was shot this afternoon while Sentry.

8 Head of Cattle appear'd at the edge of the wood and were drove in by Capt. Monin and Mons. Moiquin, none of the Enemy happen'd to be near the Spot and they were not fir'd upon. We heard a great many Shouts amongst the Enemy and the sound of Axes at work.—

5th Two or three of the volunteers went off; this was the second desertion amongst them, 4 or 5 having taken themselves away a few days before. Axes were heard in almost every direction round the forts and several Boats full of Men were seen crossing over from point Daniel. The Enemy's Vessels continued to form a chain across the river and were in full view.

Some imagin'd they saw men at work opposite the north redoubt on the east side of the River.

6. Two more Cows were drove into the fort, Firing was heard towards la Prairiel which gave hopes that Succours might be on their way.

The Rebels fir'd a few Shot at us and threw shells which from their flight, we judged of a more tremendous nature than the former ones. Some Splinters afterwards discover'd them to be 13 Inch in diam: None fell within the forts. A singular Explosion at the mortar Battery, as the last Shell was fir'd, made us imagine the mortar was burst especially as the Shell fell short and in a bad direction and the witty observ'd the Sow had brought her pigs to a fine market. The Enemy, on their side were heard to laugh and we afterwards had reason to think that anything relating to the Sow was a better Joke to them than to us. We sent them a good many Small Shells.

7th In the afternoon the row galley was Mann'd and sent under the Command of Lieut. Abbot an Officer of Art towards Hazens House and along the side of the River.
opposite the N. Redoubt. She fir'd a great deal of grape Shot and the fire was return'd from Musketry behind the Stumps and bushes. Four Men were slightly wounded, among them was D' Millar Surgeons Mate in the 26th Regt—

The Enemy kept firing at us during this Expedition and sent a few Shells towards us but very ill directed. We seconded the fire of the Galley by Shells.

8th We endeavor'd to strengthen our Magazine with logs and Earth. Cap't McKay Monin and about 15 Volunteers pass'd the night in the woods.

9th The Row Galley was sent a little way down the river at daybreak, in hopes of decoying some stragglers to fire upon her, so as to give the party in the Woods an Opportunity of surprising them—But she return'd without having been fir'd at. The Volunteers fell in with a small party and brought in two Men, one dangerously wounded and the other expiring. The former died a day or two after. The Intelligence we receiv'd was that there were 200 Canadians at Hazens, 1,000 Men at Pt Daniel and 1,000 Men below us at the Enemies lower Camp—In the Evening the Enemy threw Shells. Three large ones fell into the N. Redoubt & Several fell into the South Redoubt but only two Men were wounded and those very slightly. Two Volunteers sat out for Montreal by Major Preston's consent.

10th. We began to be more sparing of our Ammunition to make it keep proportion with the provision. A woman who lost her way from one of the Rebels Camps to the other was brought into the Redouts. She talk'd of Batteaux loaded with sick Men having left the Point, and of Guns being arriv'd there.

We could see the Enemy dragging Cannon on the other side of the River.

Shells at night and great shunting at the Point, together with firing of small Arms. Our Men kept their health pretty well.

11. Two Embasures were unmasked at a Battery opposite the N. Redoubt and a few shot were fir'd from them. The Royal Savage was warp'd nearer the S. Redoubt and close in Shore, many thought she might have silenc'd a Battery of two small guns.

We had Shells in the Evening. One fell into the barn in the S. Redoubt but did no more mischief than was repair'd in two hours in the night. Men and Gun Carriages were seen crossing the River at the Point. Many thought the Enemy were going to attack Chambli.

12. Another Carriage and more Men cross'd the River. Sleet Rain and very cold Weather. Several Volunteers again talk'd of going to Montreal but did not obtain leave. They surely suffer'd a great deal, but it was no time to complain. We were busied in raising the gunwale of the row Galley and checking her.

13. Some small Mortars were brought down to the N. Redoubt, and one of the Howitzers. A great many Men with packs at their backs were seen going down the opposite side of the River by Hazens. We heard nothing more from the new Battery opposite us but saw 4 Embasures and 2 Guns. We open'd an Embrasure in the East Side of the N. Redout.

14. Two deserters came in, they told us the Battery opposite us was to be of 4 guns 2 12 lbs a 9 and a 6 lb. They said more Shells were sent for from Crownpoint, that the Mortar Battery was quite enclos'd with a breast work and its guard was 300 Men.

At about 1 o'Clock the Battery of 4 guns open'd upon us. The 2 Gun Battery play'd upon us and shells were thrown at the same time. The House was in a little time very much damag'd. A 13 Inch Shell fell into it which fortunately hurt no one, but broke most of the partitions, threw down a Chimney and made the inside of the House a pile of rubbish in which scarcely a habitable Corner was to be found.

The shell burst in falling and the Experiment if our Magazine was bomb proof was not tried. This day Mr. Freeman Lieut. in the Royal Fuziliers was Kill'd by a 4 lb Shot.

Part of a Barrel of Powder blew up in the S. Redoubt and hurt 4 Men, one is since dead. Two Men in the N. Redout were hurt by the rubbish a shell threw up.
15. The cannonade began again in the Morning, about 140 Shot were fir'd. One of the Volunteers had both his Legs shot off at the N. Redout. At the same time Musketry was fir'd from the Woods and a Man of the R. Fusiliers was shot thro' the Thigh.

The Weather grew very cold, and as the Windows of the house were all broke; As many as cou'd find room in the Cellars slept there. The rest unable either to get a place or to bear the heat and disagreeable smell arising from such numbers being crowded together slept above in cold and danger or walk'd about the greatest part of the night. Towards Evening we were again saluted with shells; and the night being cold and wet, it was thought proper to rouse us at Midnight with a few Shells and Shot.

16. More Cannonading. A Carpenters arm was shot off. The Schooner sunk up to her ports. We found that red hot shot had been fir'd, for part of the Sch'ooner was set on fire and her Colors which lay in the hold were scorched.

Firing was heard in the night: we cou'd not determine whether towards La Prairie or Chambli.

We were constantly employ'd in throwing up Traverses; These from the hasty manner in which they were constructed and the bad weather soon fell in, and were again propt and repair'd: so that our Shatter'd House together with the ruinous Traverses and mud Ditches, broken platforms &c exhibited a very ragged Scene—Within Doors, if that cou'd be called within doors where Doors and Windows were broken in pieces, the Appearance was no better; Heaps of boards. Earth, glass, brick and other Rubbish lay promiscuously scatter'd: The rooms, by the partitions being broke, were mostly laid together, and the roof and ceiling were open on every side, especially where the shell had markt its path. Such was the State of the N. R.

The S. Redout was no better circumstance'd: A 13 Inch Shell had fall'n into the Barn and many Shot had struck the house. Our Rum, Wine &c were exhausted. Salt Pork was our daily fare, with sometimes a few roots, and we reduced ourselves about this time to ¾ of the usual Allowance. The Men were many of them flux'd, yet enjoy'd or rather had better health than cou'd have been hop'd. The Situation of the Sick and wounded was a very cruel one. They were neither out of the reach of danger, nor were they shelter'd from the Inclemency of the Weather, or provided with any of those things which might alleviate their Sufferings: One or two were hurt in their births.

A Shot wounded a Soldier of the R. F. (he died). Another was bruis'd and the pouch of a third was carried away.

17th Firing was heard towards Chambli. Traverses were erected within the house. Capt. Robinson of the R. F. with two Volunteers sat out for Montreal with a Message from Major Preston. [They were taken.]

18 Firing was again heard towards Chambli. A Man of the R. A. was kill'd.

In the night many fellows approach'd the Redoubts and fir'd musquetry.

We saw lights going round the brush. 

19 Cannonading from the Enemy.

20 Two men appear'd at the edge of the Wood to the N. of the redoubts with a flag of Truce. They were brought in blindfolded. One was the drum Major of the R. F. This was to inform us that Chambli had surrender'd and to request leave for Batteaux to pass the Forts with the Prisoners and their Baggage.

21 The Garrison of Chambli pass'd the Forts. Three Volunteers at St. Johns wanted to Capitulate for themselves and were refuse'd Maj' Preston's leave. A young Man came into the Forts with a flag of truce, to bring three Women whose husbands were in the Fort. He gave a letter to Maj' Preston of which the following is a Copy.

We were told by the drum Major that a Battery was erecting to the N.W. of us, and that an unsuccessful Attempt had been made at Longueuil under Mon' Rigauville who was taken prisoner.

Incessant rain.

29a—4
23 We had no extraordinary Incidents 'till this morning when a Serjeant of the R. F. received a mortal wound from a Splinter of a brick. Three Balls have at different time enter'd the Officers guard room at the S. R. and tho' there were never less than 8 or 10 people in the room & once 13, no one was ever hurt, if we except Capt Strong who receivd a slight contusion. The Weather began to be exceeding cold and the Men to fall sick.

We were oblig'd to diminish the guards. The duty having been too hard, Men and Officers having sometimes been two nights successively on duty for want of a sufficient number for a relief. Our Ammunition became scarce and we fir'd little, and only small Shells.

27 Firing heard towards Montreal,

28 Weather exceeding cold, one of the deserters from the rebels deserted back. An Indian came in, who told us many lies; amongst the rest, that Gen Carleton had made good his landing at Longueil, that 5,000 Men were arriv'd in Canada & he likewise inform'd us of Capt. Robinsons Fate. We gave him a letter for Gen Carleton which was fastn'd in a Silver tag he wore in his hair.

We had scarcely any firing. We imagin'd we saw a Battery rising off the N.W. Angle of the X. Redout.

29. Capt Monin and Capt McKoy went out this morning in hopes of getting a prisoner, and if possible to surveu the Enemys position. An Officer & 25 Men were order'd to be in readiness to support them. They had been out a very little while, when they fell in with a Man who we afterward found was a straggler from a party of 200 Men, who were very near the same Spot. The Man inform'd us there were 2,000 Men at the rapid's (i.e. the lower Camp) and 50 Indians. He knew of no advantage gain'd at Longueil. He shew'd us the place of the Battery and told us it was to be of 4 guns. We threw a good many shells towards it and continued so doing every quarter of an hour during the night.

30. The Battery appear'd very plainly. 9 fat pigs came running towards the Fort and were receiv'd with great cordiality.

Firing was heard towards Montreal. We had very little firing from the Enemy A Man was struck in the foot by a grape Shot.

Nov 1 A soldier of the R. F. deserted to the Rebels.—At 10 o'Clock this Morning the N W. Battery of 4 guns open'd. That on the opposite Side of the River play'd on us at the same time, these with 6 Mortars kept an incessant fire 'till Sun Set. Large pieces of the Wall were knock'd in. The Chimneys of the House in the South Redoubt were throw'n down and the few Corners where some little Shelter from the Weather was to be had were now no longer tenable. A great many shot pass'd thro' the parapets and some wounded Men behind them. 3 Men were kill'd and 4 or 5 wounded. A good deal of provision was destroy'd.—

Towards night the Enemy beat a parley. Their Messenger was receiv'd and he brought the following letter from Mr Montgommery

The Messenger was a hair dresser of Montreal who had been taken prisoner at Longueil. He told us of Gen Carleton's not having been able to effect a landing there. Capn Stewart was sent to tell Mr Montgommery that we shoul'd send an Answer next morning.

The Officers were assembled. Maj Preston inform'd them that there was at 8 Rations, pork and flour for 8 days, from this was to be deducted the damages of the day before. The Advice of the Officers was then taken and the following letter sent

23.—Capt Stewart and Capt Williams went to the Camp with the letter and return'd with the following Answer

An Officer was sent up to the point to speak with Mons Despain who confirmd the Barbers deposition. There was now nothing left, but to frame the best Articles We cou'd for the Garrison.

The following were drawn up* and sent in a letter to this Purpose.

* (Here shoud follow the Articles.)
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To these the Enemy sent the Answers following each article and a letter conceiv'd in these terms.

34 The Troops march'd out of the redouts and embark'd for an Encampment of the Rebels two miles above St Johns.

We left in the Forts about 3 days provision, scarce any loose powder, and three Boxes of Ammunition of each gun that was mounted; that is the quantity kept in Case of Storm,

It is remarkable that from the first day of the blockade, we had not a Syllable of Intelligence from Gen'l Carleton, altho' we sent repeated Messages to Montreal.

The little Execution done in proportion to the number of Shot & Shells fir'd is surprising for we had not above 40 Men kill'd & wounded. that is, during the blockade; in all from the time our taking post at St Johns we had 60 kill'd or wounded. Near 1000 Shot & between 50 & 100 Shells were fir'd at the Redouts the last day. The Men shew'd a cheerfullness under their Fatigues which spite of Events can but reflect honor upon them, as Few cou'd be so devoid of reflexion as not to see how slender our hopes of relief were, and of course to apprehend the most unfavorable Issue.

We may thank our Enemy in some sort for leaving us in such slight field Works the credit of having been only reduce'd by Famine. Had they understood, or been a fit people to carry on obsidional Operations, Their Batterys might with their numbers by means of Approaches have been brought much closer to our Redouts have over-look'd us, destroyed our breastworks, and by a slaughter from which there cou'd have been no Shelter, have render'd our holding out, a meer sacrifice of Men who might have been reserv'd for better Services.

Upon the whole it may be said that the Garrison of St Johns suffer'd in their Misfortunes, dangers and hardships which have often been the price of honor to more fortunate troops.

Narrative
of
the siege of St Johns Canada
Com'd by Major Sir Chas Preston
APPENDIX C

Ordinances made for the Province of Quebec by the Governor and Council of the said province, from 1768 until 1791, being a continuation of the Ordinances published as Appendix "E" of the Report of the Public Archives for 1913.
APPENDIX C.

AN ORDINANCE Concerning the Licensing of Publick Victualling Houses (1).

WHEREAS His most Excellent Majesty by an order in his most Honorable Privy Council, dated on the Twenty sixth day of June, in the year of Our Lord One thousand Seven hundred and Sixty Seven, hath been pleased to disallow and Repeal a Certain Ordinance, made by the Commander in Chief & Council of this Province on the Seventh day of July in the year of Our Lord One thousand Seven hundred and Sixty Six, intitled, "An Ordinance for granting Licences for Retailing Rum and Spirituous Liquors and for Suppressing unlicenced houses" And whereas it is Judged to be necessary, in order to prevent Drunkenness and Debauchery amongst His Majesty's Subjects in this Province, and the Riots and Breaches of the Peace and other mischiefs that might thence ensue, that the number of Public Ale Houses and Victualling Houses be restrained within proper Bounds, and that they be kept only by Persons of good fame and Sober Conversation, who will no ways encourage any excess of disorderly Proceedings and that in order thereunto, Certain Rules and restraints be made Concerning the same, resembling, as nearly as the Circumstances of the Province will permit, the Laws that have been enacted in England for the same Purposes, by the Wisdom of the British Parliament: It is therefore Ordained and Declared by the Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief of this Province By and with the Advice and Consent of the Council of the same, That from and after the Day of the Publication of this Ordinance, no Person whatsoever shall Sell by Retail, or by any less quantity than three Gallons at one time, any Ale, Beer, Cider, Perry, Wine, Rum, Brandy, or other Spirituous or Strong Liquor whatsoever, or keep any Ale House or Victualling House, without a Licence obtained for that purpose from the Governor in Chief, Lieutenant Governor, or other Commander in Chief of this Province for the time being under His hand in the manner hereinafter directed, excepting those persons who have already obtained Licences under the former Ordinance.

Those persons who are desirous of keeping Ale Houses or Victualling Houses, or of Selling Strong Liquors by Retail shall apply to the Deputy Secretary of the Province to represent their desire to the Governor, Lieutenant Governor or Commander in Chief of the Province for the time being, in order to obtain Licence in Writing under his hand for that purpose: and the said Licences shall be made out by the Deputy Secretary of the Province, who shall

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And hereby is granted, shall have first entered into a Recognizance to the King in Twenty pounds, with two Securities in Ten pounds each, to keep and maintain good order and Rule in the said House, and to Suffer no disorders or unlawful Games to be used therein, nor in any Out House, yard, or Garden thereunto belonging during the time for which the said Licence shall be granted: And the said Recognizance shall be taken by the Deputy Secretary of the Province, and preserved by him amongst the papers of his Office: And the said Deputy Secretary shall have a Fee of two shillings, and no more, for making out and taking the said Recognizance: And no Licence shall be granted to continue for a longer time than One year, from the Date thereof: And all Licences granted by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Commander in Chief of the Province for the time being, without such Recognizance, or for a longer time than One year, shall be null and void.

Further, when any person, to whom a Licence to keep any Ale House or Victualling House, or to sell Spirituous or Strong Liquors by Retail, has not been granted, shall apply for such a Licence, he shall, besides Entering in a Recognizance aforesaid, produce a Certificate under the hands of at least four Reputable and Substantial Householders of the Parish in which he lives (attested by a witness who saw the said Householders sign their names, or put their marks thereto) setting forth, that such person is of good Fame, and of Sober Life & Conversation And it shall be mentioned in the Licence that such Certificate was produced: And if such Certificate be not produced, or mention be not made in the Licence thereupon Granted, that it was produced, such Licence shall be null and void.

And if any Person, after the Twenty fifth day of March next ensuing the Publication of this Ordinance, in the Publick Gazette of this Province, shall keep any Ale House, Victualling House, or Tippling House, or Sell any Ale, Beer, Cider, Perry, Wine, Rum, Brandy, or other Spirituous or Strong Liquors, by Retail or by any less quantity than three Gallons at one Time without a Licence obtained according to the Directions of this Ordinance, or a Licence obtained before the Publication of the present Ordinance, in pursuance of the Direction of the Ordinance that has been Repealed such person shall for the first offence pay Five pounds, and for the Second Offence Ten pounds, and for the Third, and every Subsequent Offence Twenty pounds, whereof One half shall belong to Our Sovereign Lord the King, and the other half to any one who shall sue for the same by Information, or otherwise, before any one Justice of the Peace of the District in which the said offence shall be committed, who is hereby Authorised and required to determine the said Complaints or Informations, in a Summary Method, and upon the Oath of one Credible Witness (not being the Informer himself) and
to Levy the said Penalties and the costs for suing for them, by a Warrant to Seize and Sell the Goods or Lands of the Offenders.

And if any person Convicted in this manner, before one Justice of the Peace of having sold Strong Liquors by Retail, or kept an Ale House, Victualling House or Tippling House, without a Licence, shall think himself aggrieved by such Conviction, he shall be at Liberty to appeal from such Conviction to the next General quarter Sessions of the Peace, where the matter shall be Examined anew and the sentence of the single Justice either Reversed or Confirmed. According to the Opinion of the Major part of the Justices there assembled: But this appeal shall not be allowed unless the Appellant shall first Lodge the money forfeited upon his first Conviction in the Hands of the Justice before whom he shall have been Convicted, and the said Justice shall either keep the said Money in his own Hands, or pay it into the hands of the Clerk of the Peace, to be kept by him until the Determination of the appeal at the Quarter Sessions, and then it shall be paid as before directed, if the Conviction is Confirmed, or to the Appellant if it is reversed. And further, if the Conviction is Confirmed, the Appellant shall pay to the Informer the Costs he shall have been put to by the said Appeal, which shall be levied upon the Goods and Lands of the Appellant, by an order of the Justices in their said Sessions.

GIVEN &c. the 23rd day of February 1768

By the Lient Governors
Command
(Signed) Jas. Potts D.C.C.

AN ORDINANCE for preventing Accidents by Fire (1).

WHEREAS many Houses in the Towns of Quebec and Montreal in this Province have of late taken Fire, and some of them have been destroyed thereby, which has been owing for the most part to the Negligence of the Inhabitants of the said Houses, in not causing the Chimneys thereof to be Swept so often as they should have been, and by keeping ashes in the said Houses on Wooden floors or in Wooden Vessels, and other such Instances of Carelessness; in order therefore to prevent such unhappy Accidents for the Time to come, and to encrease the means of Extinguishing Fires in Houses when they so happen, It is ordained by the Lieutenant Governor of this Province, by and with the advice of the Council of the same. That after the Twenty Fifth Day of the March in the present year of Our Lord One thousand seven hundred and Sixty eight, every Housekeeper in the Towns of Quebec and Montreal and the Suburbs thereof, shall cause the Kitchen Chimney, or Kitchen Chimneys (if there are more than one) of the House he lives in, to be Swept by a Chimney Sweeper once in every four Weeks throughout the whole year, and every other Chimney in the House, which is made use of either by Fire in a Hearth or by a Stove, to be Swept likewise by a Chimney Sweeper once in every four Weeks during the Winter Season of the year. Reckoning from the first day of October in every year, to the first day of May.

1 Que. Leg. Council, C. p. 6 verso (Can. Arch.).
And further, every Housekeeper in the said Towns of Quebec and Montreal, and the Suburbs thereof, in whose House there shall be three or more Hearths, shall keep two Buckets for carrying water when any Houses in the said Towns shall happen to be on Fire and these Buckets shall be made either of Leather or Seal Skin, or the Skin of some other Fish, or of Canvas painted on the Outside, and Covered with Pitch on the inside, And shall be large enough to hold at least two Gallons of Water each. And every Housekeeper in the said Towns and Suburbs thereof, in whose House there shall be only one or two Hearths, shall be obliged to keep one such Bucket; And these Buckets shall be marked with the Christian & Surname of the Housekeeper to whose House they belong, or at least with the Initial Letters thereof.

And every Housekeeper in the said Towns of Quebec and Montreal and the Suburbs thereof shall likewise keep a Hatchet in his House to assist in pulling down Houses in Cases of Dangerous Fires, in order to prevent the Spreading of the Flames. And every Housekeeper in the said Towns & Suburbs thereof, shall likewise keep as many Ladders fixt on the Roof of his House as there are Separate Chimneys, or Stacks of Chimneys, belonging to the said House. And shall cause them to be so placed that there shall be a Ladder leading from the bottom of the Roof to every Separate Chimney or stack of Chimneys, to the end that, if any Chimney shall happen to take fire, it may be easy to carry up water to it, in order to extinguish the fire.

And every Housekeeper in the said Towns, and the Suburbs thereof, shall likewise keep in his house two fire poles, of the length of ten feet, & five inches diameter, with cross bars made of wood, stuck into them, at the distance of Six inches one from the other, in order to knock off the roofs of Houses that are on fire, or that are in immediate danger of becoming so.

And where it happens that the Housekeepers in the said Towns of Quebec and Montreal and the Suburbs thereof, are not the owners of the Houses in which they live; it shall be Lawfull for them to deduct the expenses they are at in procuring the Water Buckets. Ladders & fire Poles aforesaid, for the Houses they Inhabit and likewise the Expenditure of procuring new Buckets, Ladders and fire Poles, from Time to Time, as the former ones wear out, from the Rent they pay for the said Houses to the Owners thereof.

And to the end that the aforesaid Directions may be Complied with by the Housekeepers of the said Towns of Quebec and Montreal and the Suburbs thereof, It is further Ordained by the Authority aforesaid, that if at any time after the Month of May next ensuing, any Chimney in any House, in either of the said Towns or the Suburbs thereof, shall be on Fire, and it shall be found that the Occupier of such House had not in the House at the time of such fire a Hatchet and two fire Poles, and the proper number of Ladders placed on the Roof of the House in manner above mentioned, or that the Chimney that was on fire, or any other of the Chimneys in the same house, that ought According to the Directions of this Ordinance, to have been Swept within four weeks, has not been Swept by a Chimney Sweeper within the said Space of four weeks immediately preceding such fire, the said Occupier of such House, shall forfeit the sum of Forty Shillings for such Neglect, of which one half shall belong to Our Sovereign Lord the King, and the other half to any one who shall sue for the same by Information before any one Justice of
No Hay or Straw shall be kept in any part of any dwelling house.

Nor shall any ashes be kept on a wooden floor or in a wooden vessel.

Penalty of 40s. half to the King and half to the Informer.

Method of Prosecution.

No Hay or Straw shall be kept in any part of any dwelling house.

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Method of Prosecution.

the Peace of the District in which such House is Situated, who is hereby Authorized and required to hear and Determine such Information in a Summary manner, and upon the Oath of One Credible Witness (being some other than the Informer himself) and to Levy the said Sum of Forty Shillings together with the Costs of Suing for the same, by a Warrant in writing under his hand, to Seize and Sell the Goods of the Offender. And very housekeeper, whose chimney shall take fire, shall be presumed to have neglected to cause it to be swept by a Chimney Sweeper within the said space of four weeks, unless the Chimney Sweeper who Swept the same, or two Witnesses who saw him Sweep it, shall testify before the said Justice that he did Sweep it.

And if any Chimney in any House in the said Towns of Quebec and Montreal or the Suburbs thereof, shall take fire at any time after the first Day of October, and it shall be found that the Occupier of the said House, had not in the House, at the time of the said fire, the Water Bucket or Buckets which he ought to have had. According to the Directions of the said Ordinance, he shall in like manner, forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings, of which one half shall belong to the King, and the other half to him who shall sue for the same, by Information before any one Justice of the Peace for the District in which the said House is Situated who is hereby Authorized and required to hear and Determine such Information in a Summary manner, and upon the Oath of one Credible Witness (not being the Informer himself) and to Levy the said Sum together with the Costs of suing for the same by a Warrant in writing under his hand to Seize and Sell the Goods of the Offender, in Order to produce it.

Also, It is further Ordained by the Authority Aforesaid, That after the first Day of the month of May next, it shall be unlawful to keep any Hay or Straw in the Garret or Cellar or any other part of any Dwelling house in the said Towns of Quebec and Montreal or the Suburbs thereof, and it shall likewise be unlawful to keep any ashes on any Wooden Floor or in any wooden vessel in any of the said Houses, and if any Housekeeper in either of the said Towns or the Suburbs thereof, shall, after the first Day of May, keep or permit, to be kept, any Hay or Straw in the Cellar or Garret, or any other part of the House in which he lives, or shall keep any Ashes on a wooden floor or in a Wooden Vessel in the said House, he shall forfeit the sum of Forty Shillings for every time that any Hay or Straw shall be found to be in his said House, or any Ashes shall be found therein upon a Wooden floor or in a Wooden Vessel, of which Sum one half shall belong to the King and the other to him who shall sue for the same, by Information before any one Justice of the Peace of the District in which the said House is Situated, who is hereby Authorized and required to hear and Determine the said Information, in a Summary manner, and upon the Oath of one Credible Witness (not being the Informer himself) and to Levy the said Sum together with the Costs of Suing for the same, by Warrant in writing under his Hand to Seize and Sell the Goods of the Offender, in Order to produce it.

And it is further provided, That none of the informations appointed by this Ordinance shall be brought after the Expiration of Two Months from the Time that the Neglect or Offence Against this Ordinance shall have been Committed.
And lastly, if any person Convicted in this Manner, before One Justice of the Peace of any of the Neglects or offences before mentioned shall think himself aggrieved by such Conviction, he may appeal therefrom to the next Quarter Sessions of the Justices of the Peace of the District wherein such Conviction was had, where the Sentence of the Justice by whom he was Convicted was had, where the Sentence of the Justice by whom he was Convicted and the Grounds upon which it was founded shall be fully Examined. And the said Sentence of the Single Justice either reversed or Confirmed, According to the Opinion of the Major part of the Justices there assembled. But in order to Intitle himself to this appeal The Appellant shall first Deposit the Money forfeited upon his Conviction in the Hands of the said Justice before whom he shall have been Convicted; and the said Justice shall, at his Discretion, either keep the said Money in his own hands or pay it to the Clerk of the Peace of the Court before which the appeal is brought, to be safely kept by him till the Determination of the said Appeal at the Quarter Sessions, and then shall either pay it as before directed if the Conviction is Confirmed, or to the Appellant if it is reversed. And further if the Conviction is Confirmed, the Appellant shall pay to the Informer the Costs he shall have been put to by the appeal, which shall be Levied upon the Goods and Chattels of the Appellant, by an order of the Justices in their said Sessions.

Given &c. the 23d day of February, 1768.

(Signed) GUY CARLETON.

By the Lieutenant
Governors Command
(Signed) Ja. Potts D.C.C.

AN ORDINANCE to Amend a former Ordinance of this Province, relating to the Assize of read (1).

WHEREAS notwithstanding the provision of a Certain Ordinance of this province Concerning the Assize of Bread, dated on the 3d day of September in the year of Our Lord One thousand Seven hundred and Sixty four. And the other Laws now in being on the same Subject, great Frauds are Daily Committed by Sundry Bakers in this province, by selling Bread under the weight established by the said Ordinance or by Regulations made by Justices of the Peace in pursuance of it, to the great Injury and Oppression of the poor: IT IS therefore Ordained & Declared by the Lieut. Governor and Commander in Chief of this province, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Council of the same, That whenever any quantity of Bread shall be Seized by virtue of the powers given to the Clerks of the Market, in this province by the said Ordinance of the third day of September in the year of Our Lord One thousand seven hundred and sixty four or by Virtue of any other Laws or Regulations now in force in this Province, and shall be found to be more than Ounce under the weight Established by that Ordinance, or by any Regulations made in pursuance of it, The Baker whose Bread shall be found to be this deficient, shall forfeit for every Ounce by which the Bread so Seized shall fall short of the weight

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it ought to have, the Sum of One Shilling, of which one half shall belong to the Kings Majesty, and the other half to any who shall sue for the same, by Information before any one Justice of the Peace of the District in which the offence shall have been Committed, who is hereby Authorized and required to hear and determine the same in a Summary manner, upon the Oath of One Credible Witness (being some other than the Informer himself) and to levy the Sum forfeited together with the Costs of Suing for the same, by a Warrant in writing under his Hand to seize & sell the Goods of the Offender. And if any person Convicted in this manner before one Justice of the peace, and condemned thereupon in the Sum of ten Shillings or more, shall think himself aggrieved by such Conviction, he may appeal therefrom to the next Court of Quarter Sessions of the Justices of the peace of the District wherein such Conviction was had, where the Sentence of the Justice by whom he was Convicted, and the Grounds upon which it was founded, shall be fully Examined. And the said Sentence of the Single Justice shall be either Reversed or Confirmed, according to the Opinion of the Major part of the Justices there Assembled; or if there is an equal number of Justices on each side of the question, according to the opinion of those Justices with whom the Chairman of the said Sessions shall agree: But in order to intitle himself to this Appeal the Appellant shall first deposit the money forfeited upon his Conviction in the hands of the said Justice before whom he shall have been Convicted: And the said Justice shall at his discretion, either keep the said Money in his own Hands or pay it to the Clerk of the peace of the Court before which the appeal is brought to be safely kept by him till the Determination of the said Appeal at the said Court of Quarter Sessions, And then the said Justice or the said Clerk of the peace shall either pay it as is before directed, to wit half to the King and half to the Informer if the Conviction is confirmed or to the Appellant if it is Reversed. And further, if the Conviction is Confirmed the Appellant shall pay to the Informer the Costs he shall have been put to by the Appeal, which shall be Levied upon the Goods & Chattels of the Appellant, by order of the said Justices of the peace in their said Session.

Given &c. on the 5th Day of April 1768.

(Signed)  GUY CARLETON.

By the Lieutenant
Governors Command.

(Signed)  Ja. Potts D.C.C.

AN ORDINANCE Repealing a Clause in a former Ordinance of this Province dated the fifteenth day of May in the year of Our Lord 1765, Concerning the Currency of the Province (1).

WHEREAS it has been found by Experience that a Certain Clause in a Certain Ordinance of this province, made by the Governor and Council of the same on the fifteenth day of May in the year of Our Lord One thousand seven hundred and Sixty five, and entitled, “An Ordinance, in addition to an Ordinance published “the fourth day of October last, for Regulating and establishing the “currency of this province” does not answer the purpose for which it

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was intended but hath occasioned diverse difficulties and Inconveniences in the Recovery of Just Debts in the Courts of Justice in this province, And is thereby likely to become the means of much Fraud and Injustice if it be Suffered to Continue in Force which Clause is as follows, to wit, "And be it further Declared and "Ordained by the Authority aforesaid, that all Original Entries in "Books of Accounts and all Accounts whatsoever for Goods and "Merchandizes or other things sold and Delivered, Agreements, Bills "(Bills of Exchange only excepted), Promissary Notes, Bonds, "Mortgages, and other Securities for Money, Leases and all Interest "and Rents thereby reserved, kept, made and entered into, after the "said first day of July next, in any other Currency, than the said "Currency by the said Ordinance established, contrary to the true "meaning hereof and of the said Ordinance, shall not be admitted as "Evidence in any Court of Law or Equity in this province but shall "be deemed adjudged and taken and are hereby respectively declared "to be null and void to all Intents and purposes whatsoever" It is therefore Ordained and Declared by the Lieut Governor and Com- "mander in Chief of this province by and with the advice and Consent of the Council of the same, that the said Clause above recited of the aforesaid Ordinance, shall be from the day of the date of the Publication hereof Totally void and of no Effect, provided nevertheless that nothing herein Contained shall invalidate or in any Degree Affect any other part of the aforesaid Ordinance, excepting the said Clause above Recited.

Given &c. this 5th day of April 1768.

(Signed)  Guy Carleton.

By Order of the
Lieutenant Governor
in Council.

Ja. Potts D.C.C.

Ordinance for putting in force the new Pilotage Ordinance.

New Preamble.

AN ORDINANCE for appointing Pilots, and for establishing Certain Rules and Regulations to be observed by all Masters or Commanders of Ships, or Vessels, Sailing up or down the River Saint Lawrence, to or from the City and Port of Quebec (1).

WHEREAS the Ordinance hereunder following for the Appointment and Regulation of Pilots for the River Saint Lawrence, was prepared by the Honourable Lieutenant Colonel Irving, late president of His Majesty's Council of this Province, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Council of the same, in the year of Our Lord One thousand, Seven hundred and Sixty Six. And was afterwards sent to England in order to be perused and examined by His Most Excellent Majesty in his Privy Council,—And it hath pleased His Majesty by an order in his said Privy Council to Signify his Royal Approbation of the said Ordinance and to send it back to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor and Command. in Chief of this province, in ord. to be passed by the sd. Lt. Govr. & Council, of the sd. Province. It is therefore Ordained and Declared by His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief of this Province, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Council of the

1 Que. Leg. Council, p. 16 (Can. Arch.).
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

same. That the said Ordinance shall take place and be in force in the said Province of Quebec. But as it would be difficult to make the necessary preparations for Carrying it into Execution soon enough to render it of service to the Navigation of the said River Saint Lawrence during this present year; It is therefore Ordained and Declared by His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief of this Province, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Council of the same, that the said Ordinance shall take place and be in force in the said Province of Quebec only from and after the first day of May in the year of Our Lord One thousand Seven hundred and Sixty nine, and not before.

The said Ordinance is as follows.

"AN ORDINANCE for appointing Pilots and for establishing "Certain Rules and Regulations to be observed by all Masters or "Commanders of Ships or Vessels, sailing up or down the River "Saint Lawrence to or from the City and port of Quebec.—

"WHEREAS the Stationing at proper Seasons of the year a "Certain number of able Pilots, under proper Regulations, at Bic and "the Island of Coudre, in the River Saint Lawrence, will be of great "advantage and Safety to Shipping, bound to or from the City of "Quebec, and in order to render the same effectual, it will be "necessary to establish Certain Rules & Regulations, to be observed "by all Masters or Commanders of Ships or Vessels, on their Arrival "at Bic and Coudre from Sea; or on their Return thither from "Quebec. Be it therefore Ordained and Declared by His Honour the "President of His Majestys Council and Commander in Chief of the "Province of Quebec by and with the advice and Consent of His "Majestys Council, and by the Authority of the same It is hereby "Ordained and Declared, That as soon as the season will permit in "the next Spring, Eight or Ten Branch or other Pilots who shall "have passed an Examination before Competent Judges and have "been found sufficiently qualified to take upon themselves the charge "of the Pilotage of any Ship or Vessel Arriving at Bic or Coudre, "bound to Quebec, and from thence down the River, and who shall "respectively have Certificates of such their qualifications Signed by "the Governor or Commander in Chief of this Province for the time "being, shall be ordered to attend at Bic from the time aforesaid until "the middle of October in every year at which place a Convenient "Log house shall be built for their use and at least Ten pilots shall "likewise be ordered to attend at Coudre from the time aforesaid "until the middle of December in every year who shall respectively "take charge of all ships or Vessels on their Arrival at either of the "said places, That is to say, every Pilot taking upon himself the "charge of any Ship or Vessel at Bic shall pilot the same from thence "to Coudre, at which place if he is not qualified to proceed to "Quebec, he shall be discharged and paid at the rate hereinafter "mentioned, and the Ship or Vessel shall take in another pilot at "Coudre who shall proceed from thence to Quebec, and on their "return from thence to Coudre if the Pilot be not qualified to "proceed to Bic the Master of such Ship or Vessel shall take in "another Pilot there to proceed to Bic; and if any Pilot respectively "appointed to attend at Bic or Coudre as aforesaid for the time, and "in manner as is herein before directed, shall neglect, or Refuse so to
“do, or attending shall neglect or refuse to go on board any Ship or 
Vessel, being thereto required, by Signal or otherwise, and do his 
“duty therein as a pilot, in either of the said cases, such Pilot not 
“having any Just or reasonable Cause for such his Neglect or 
“Refusal, to be allowed of by the person who shall be appointed to 
“Superintend the Pilots, shall for every such Offence, forfeit and 
pay the Sum of Five pounds Currency for such uses, and to be 
“levied, recovered and disposed of in such manner as is herein after 
“directed. And be it further Ordained and Declared by the 
“Authority aforesaid That every Ship or Vessel taking in a Pilot at 
“Bic and proceeding from thence directly to Quebec shall pay for 
“Pilotage at the rate of Twelve Shillings like money per foot, for 
“every foot of Water, any such Ship or Vessel shall draw. And every 
“Ship or Vessel taking in a Pilot at the Island of Coudre and pro- 
“ceeding from thence to Quebec, shall pay for Pilotage at the rate of 
“Six Shillings like money per foot, for every foot of Water any such 
“Ship or Vessel shall draw, and every Vessel proceeding from 
“Coudre to Quebec and drawing less than eight foot of Water, shall 
“pay for Pilotage the sum of Forty eight Shillings like money, and 
“every Ship or Vessel returning from Quebec down the River, shall 
“pay after the rates and proportions as is herein before mentioned 
“and all Vessels to or from any port out of this Province shall and 
“are hereby declared to be Subject and liable to the same payments 
“for Pilotage, as is herein before and herein after mentioned. And 
“be it further Ordained and Declared by the Authority aforesaid 
“that all Ships or Vessels coming up the River Saint Lawrence, shall 
“lye to (provided it can be done with safety) a reasonable time either 
“at Bic or Coudre in order to take in a Pilot at either of the said 
“places; and when any Ship or Vessel taking in a Pilot at either of 
“the said places, and One or more Ships or Vessels Shall follow her, 
“in order to save pilotage, every such Ship or Vessel so following 
“shall pay one half pilotage, according to the rate which would have 
“been paid if a Pilot had been on board; and all Single Ships or 
“Vessels coming up the River without a Pilot, shall pay half 
“pilotage, unless the Master can make appear that it was not owing 
“to his neglect and all Masters or Commanders of Ships or Vessels 
“shall aid and assist the Pilots, in working their respective Ships or 
“Vessels, and shall follow the pilots instructions, when to weigh and 
“where to anchor; and shall not oblige the Pilot on board to run any 
“risque, And no Master of any Ship or Vessel shall detain a Pilot on 
“board after the Ship or Vessel is moored at her Port, or the place 
“for which the Pilot is taken in, more than Twenty four hours, But 
“if the Master shall think it necessary for the Security of the Ship 
“or Vessel to keep a Pilot on board any longer time, he shall pay to 
“such person as is herein after appointed for receiving the pay of the 
“Pilots, the Sum of Five Shillings for every day the Pilot shall be 
“so detained as aforesaid, over and above the rates of Pilotage by 
“this Ordinance Established. And be it further Ordained & 
“Declared by the Authority aforesaid That when any Pilot either at 
“Bic or Coudre shall offer his Service to go on board any Ship or 
“Vessel, and the Master or Commander shall refuse to take him in, 
“every such Master or Commander so refusing. And not taking in, 
“shall nevertheless be obliged, and shall pay the full Pilotage from 
“either of the said places, one quarter part whereof shall be for the 
“use of the Superintendant or person to be appointed to have the
“Care and management of the Pilots, and the remaining three fourths "for the benefit of all the Pilots at the Station where such refusal was "made; And that the whole of the Pilotage as well as the several "forfeitures shall be divided in like manner between the said "Superintendent, and the Pilots of the respective Stations; And all "Masters or Commanders of any Ship or Vessel, shall immediately "after their Arrival in the Harbour of Quebec, and being there safely "moored, pay to the Superintendent of the Pilots the respective "Pilotage Money, And all Ships or Vessels bound down the River "shall pay their respective pilotages when they put the Pilot ashore; "And that in the Branch or Commission of every Pilot hereafter to "be appointed for the services aforesaid, it shall be mentioned therein "for which of the Two Channels he has passed his examination, And "if he knows the Navigation of both the North and South Channels. "And in order to encourage Pilots to Acquire a thorough knowledge "of the South Channel (that being esteemed the safest for vessels of "a Moderate Burthen). It is hereby Ordained that every pilot who "shall Conduct any ship or vessel up or down the said South Channel, "shall receive for his own proper use, over and above the rates of "Pilotage herein before set forth Twelve Shillings Lawful money of "this Province, for every Ship so piloted, and Six Shillings like "money for any other Vessel, to be paid him by the master or "Commander of such Ship or Vessel, upon their discharging such "Pilot. And be it further Ordained and declared by the Authority "aforesaid That the Superintendent or person to be appointed to "have the care and management of the Pilots shall at his own expence "provide a Shallop of between Eight or Ten Tons Burthen; provided "with a Windlass and other necessaries, as well for carrying the "Pilots between Quebec, Coudre and Bic, as to assist ships in cases "of necessity, in carrying out or weighing their Anchors, and for his "care and Expences for providing such Shallop, fitted and Carrying "the Pilots from place to place as aforesaid, he shall be allowed and "may detain in his hands one full fourth part and no more of the "Pilotage money up and down the River, and the like proportion of "the money arising for half pilotage, And when it shall happen that "such Shallop shall be aiding and assisting in Carrying out or "weighing the anchors of, or rendering any other Service to any "Ship or Vessel, the Master or Commander whereof, over and above "the Charges of Pilotages, pay a reasonable price therefor, and such "Superintendent of the pilots shall, from time to time, on Demand, "pay over in equal proportions according to the rates of Pilotage "hereby Established, to and amongst all the Pilots so to be appointed "as aforesaid, the remaining three fourths of the pilotage money up "and down the River as aforesaid, on pain of forfeiting for every "refusal to the party injured, the Sum of Ten pounds of Like Money. "And in order to render the passage over the Traverse more safe and "easy, It is hereby further Ordained and Declared by the Authority "aforesaid That as soon as the Season of the year will permit, there "shall be three Buoys secured on the Traverse with Anchors of "between Eight and Twelve Hundred weight each, One of which "Buoys shall be fixed on the north sand head, and the other on the "middle Ground, and another Buoy shall also be Secured on the "Outer end of the Sand stretching out from the South shore over "towards Coudre, which shall be laid down in the Spring and taken "up late in the Fall, of every year, by the Superintendent of the
"Pilots; for defraying the Expences whereof each Ship shall on her 
arrival at Quebec, pay to the said Superintendent of the Pilots 
sixtcbillings, Snows and Brigantines Six Shillings, and Sloops or 
Schooners four shillings. And be it further ordained and 
Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all other penalties and 
forfeitures arising by this Ordinance, and not herein before disposed 
of, shall be one half to His Majesty for the use of the Government 
of this province, and the other moiety to the person who shall 
Inform and Sue for the same; And shall be Sued for and Recovered 
before any Two of His Majestys Justices of the Peace of the 
District of Quebec, upon the Oath of One or more Credible 
witnesses in which manner all other penalties Contained in this 
Ordinance shall be Sued for and recovered. And the Justices 
before whom the Offender or Offenders shall be convicted shall and 
may by Virtue of this Ordinance, (in case the Offender or Offenders 
shall neglect to pay the penalty or forfeiture) issue their Warrant 
under their hands and Seals for levying the same with full Costs on 
the Offenders Goods and Chattels returning the Overplus (if any) 
And for want of Goods and Chattels whereon to levy the same, to 
Commit the Offender or Offenders to the Common Gaol, there to 
remain without Bail or mainprize for the space of three months, 
or until the said fine and Costs shall be paid.

"Given by the Honourable Paulus Emilius Irving, Esquire, 
"President of His Majestys Council, Commander in Chief 
of this Province, and Lieut. Colonel of His Majestys Army 
at the Castle of Saint Louis in the City of Quebec this 
"Twenty first Day of August, in the Sixth year of His 
"Majestys Reign, And in the year of our Lord One thousand 
"Seven hundred and Sixty Six.

(Signed) "P. AEmli. IRVING"

Given by the Honourable Guy Carleton, Lieutenant Governor 
and Commander in Chief of the Province of Quebec, Bri-

gadier General of His Majestys Forces &c. &c. at the Castle 
of Saint Louis in the City of Quebec, this fifth day of May in 
the Eighth year of His Majestys Reign, and in the year of 
Our Lord One thousand Seven hundred and Sixty eight.

(Signed) GUY CARLETON.

By order of the Lieut. 
Governor in Council. 
(Signed) Geo. Allsopp, D.C.C.

AN ORDINANCE, to amend and enforcc a former Ordinance, 
for preventing Accidents by Fire.1

WHEREAS the Directions contained in an Ordinance of this 
Province, dated on the twenty third day of February last, intituled, 
"An Ordinance for preventing Accidents by fire," have not been 
observed by the greater part of the Inhabitants of the Towns of Que-
bec and Montreal, which is probably owing in part to the want of a 
penalty to be inflicted immediately upon every neglect of complying 
with the said Directions, even though the Houses, or Chimneys, in

Probable causes of the said neglect.

Expediency of enforcing the Execution of the said Ordinance.

And of extending it to the Town of Three Rivers.

After the first day of next January the aforesaid Ordinance of the 23d of February last shall take place in the Town of Three Rivers.

Three officers shall be appointed for the Towns of Quebec, Montreal and Three Rivers, who shall be called Overseers of the Chimneys.

The Chimneys shall be swept at the appointed times by persons employed by the said Overseers.

Housekeepers who refuse to let their Chimneys be Swept by persons employed for that purpose by the said Overseers shall be liable to a penalty of One Spanish Dollar.

Which shall be sued for by the said Overseers.

which such Neglects are Committed, do not actually take fire, and in part to the want of a proper Officer whose particular duty it shall be to Superintend the Execution of the said Ordinance, And in particular to oversee the Chimneys in the said Towns, and take care that they shall be duly Swept at the times therein appointed: AND whereas it is of the greatest importance to the safety of the said Towns that the directions of the aforesaid Ordinance should be generally complied with: AND whereas it is likewise thought Expedient that the Provisions of the aforesaid Ordinance should be extended to the Town of Three Rivers: IT is therefore Ordained and Declared by His Excellency the Governor in Chief of this Province, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Council of the same, That from and after the first day of January next, in the year of Our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and Sixty nine, the Ordinance aforesaid, of the Twenty third day of February last; and all the directions therein given, and the penalties for not complying with them, shall take place in the Town of Three Rivers, and be binding upon the Inhabitants thereof in the same manner as if the said Town of Three Rivers had been expressly and by name mentioned in the said former Ordinance.

AND it is further Ordained and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, that immediately after the day of the Publication of this present Ordinance in the Quebec Gazette it shall be Lawful for His Excellency the Governor in Chief, Lieutenant Governor, or other the Commander in Chief of this Province for the time being, to appoint Three Public Officers, to wit, One for the Town of Quebec, and the Suburbs thereof, to be called The Overseer of the Chimneys for the Town of Quebec, another for the Town of Montreal and the Suburbs thereof, to be called, The Overseer of the Chimneys for the Town of Montreal, and a third for the Town of Three Rivers, to be called, The Overseer of the Chimneys for the Town of Three Rivers, whose duty and Authority shall be as follows:

THOSE Overseers shall undertake to cause the Chimneys in the Towns and Suburbs of the Towns in which they are Overseers, to be Swept at the times appointed in the above mentioned Ordinance, by able and Skilful Chimney Sweepers, whom they shall employ for that purpose: And for every Chimney which they shall so cause to be Swept, they shall receive from the Occupier of the house to which such Chimney belongs, the Tenth part of a Spanish Dollar, and no more.

And if any Housekeeper, in either of the said Towns of Quebec and Montreal, or the Suburbs thereof, or in the said Town of Three Rivers, shall refuse to let his Chimney, or Chimneys, be Swept, at the times appointed by the said Ordinance, by the Chimney Sweeper employed for that purpose by the Overseer of the Chimneys of the Town in which such Chimney shall be Situated, he shall for every such Refusal, forfeit the Sum of One Spanish Dollar, which shall be recovered by the said Over-Seer, by Information before any One Justice of the Peace of the District in which such Chimney shall be Situated, who is hereby Authorized and required to hear and determine such Information in a Summary manner, and upon the Oath of
one Credible witness (being some other than the said Overseer himself) and to levy the said Sum of One Spanish Dollar, together with the Costs of suing for the same, by a Warrant in writing under his hand to seize and Sell the Goods of the Offender: And this Sum of One Dollar shall be forfeited for such Refusal, notwithstanding the said House or Chimney shall not have been on fire, and also notwithstanding the said Chimney may have been Swept within the appointed length of time by some other Chimney Sweeper not employed by the said Overseer.

AND of the Sum of One Dollar so forfeited one half shall belong to Our Sovereign Lord the King, and the other to the Overseer of the Chimneys for the Town in which such Chimney shall be Situated.

FURTHER it shall be Lawful for the said Overseers of Chimneys, to visit all the houses in their respective Towns and Suburbs once in every month, and it shall be their duty to visit them at least once in every Three Months, at such times as they shall think proper, between the hours of Eight in the morning and six in the evening, and to enquire whether the Occupiers of the said houses have the Water Buckets, hatchets and firepoles, which they are directed by the aforesaid Ordinance to provide, and likewise whether they have placed Ladders on the Roofs of their houses in the manner directed by the said Ordinance, and to demand that the said Buckets, hatchets and firepoles be produced before them, and that the Ladders on the Roof may be shewn to them. And if any Housekeeper, in either of the Towns of Quebec, or Montreal, or the Suburbs thereof, shall at any time after the first day of next December, or if any housekeeper in the said Town of Three Rivers, shall at any time after the first day of next January, refuse to admit such Overseer into his House when he so comes to make this Enquiry, provided he has not visited the same within the space of One Month then last past, or shall, after admitting him, and being required by him to produce the Water Buckets, Hatchet, & Firepoles, mentioned in the aforesaid Ordinance and to shew him the Ladders on the Roof of the house, placed in the manner directed in the said Ordinance, fail to produce the said Buckets, Hatchet, and Firepoles, or to shew him the said Ladders placed in the aforesaid manner, such Housekeeper shall forfeit the Sum of One Spanish Dollar, which shall be recovered by the said Overseer, by Information before any one Justice of the Peace of the District wherein such house shall be situated, who is hereby Authorized and required to hear and determine such such Information in a Summary manner, and upon the Oath of One Credible witness (being some other than the said Overseer himself), and to levy the said Sum of One Spanish Dollar, together with the Costs of suing for the same, by a Warrant in writing under his hand to Seize and Sell the Goods of the Offender: And of the Dollar so forfeited, one half shall belong to Our Sovereign Lord the King, and the other to the aforesaid Overseer of the Chimneys, who shall have sued for the same.

AND in these visits of the Houses of the Inhabitants of the said Towns of Quebec and Montreal, and the Suburbs thereof, and of the said Town of Three Rivers, each of the aforesaid Overseers of the
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him one person as a Companion & Assistant.

The Overseer shall also observe whether any Hay or Straw is kept in any Dwelling house or any ashes are kept on any wooden floor or in any wooden vessel in any Dwelling house.

And if any Hay or Straw shall be found in any dwelling house, or any Ashes shall be found on any wooden floor, or in any wooden vessel in any Dwelling house, the Occupier of such Dwelling house shall be liable to a penalty of one Spanish Dollar.

Chimneys may take one person with him as his Companion on the said visits, to see and testify, if necessary, the Condition of the house with respect to the Buckets, Hatchet, firepoles, and Ladders, aforesaid; And a Refusal to admit such Companion of the Overseer into the house, shall subject the Occupier of the house to the same penalty as a Refusal to admit the Overseer himself.

ALSO it shall be the duty of the said Overseers of the Chimneys, when they thus visit the said houses, to observe whether or no any Hay or Straw is kept in the Garrets and Cellars, or in any other part of any Dwelling house, and whether any Ashes are kept on any wooden floor or in any wooden vessel in any Dwelling house contrary to the Injunctions of the Ordinance above mentioned. AND on these Occasions each of these Overseers may take with him any person that he thinks fit as a Companion and Assistant in making these visits and enquiries. And if any Hay or Straw shall be found in the Garrets, or Cellars, or any other part of any Dwelling house, in either of the said Towns of Quebec and Montreal, or the Suburbs thereof, or in the said Town of Three Rivers, or if any Ashes shall be found, on any Wooden floor, or in any wooden vessel, in any Dwelling house in the said Towns or Suburbs, by the Overseer of the Chimneys for the Town in which such house is Situated; or if the Occupier of the house shall refuse to permit the Overseer and his Companion to visit every part of the said Dwelling house (the said House not having been visited by the said Overseer within one month then last past) in either of these Cases the Occupier of the said Dwelling house shall forfeit the Sum of One Spanish Dollar, of which one half shall belong to Our Sovereign Lord the King, and the other half to the Overseer of the Chimneys, who shall sue for the same, by Information before any one Justice of the Peace for the District in which such house is Situated, who is hereby authorized and required to hear and determine such Information in a Summary Manner, and upon the Oath of one Credible witness, (being some other than the said Overseer himself) and to levy the said Sum of One Spanish Dollar, together with the Costs of suing for the same, by a Warrant in writing under his hand, to seize and sell the Goods of the Offender.

FURTHER, it shall be unlawful for any person residing in either of the said Towns of Quebec and Montreal or the Suburbs thereof, or in the said Town of Three Rivers, whether he be an housekeeper or only a Lodger in any house in either of the said Towns or Suburbs, to keep or have at any time more than twenty five pounds of Gunpowder in his House or Lodging, or in any Stable or Outhouse belonging thereunto. And it shall be the Duty of the said Overseers of the Chimneys, when they visit the houses in the said Towns in the manner above mentioned, to go likewise into the Stables and Outhouses thereunto belonging, and observe whether any, and what quantity of Gunpowder is kept either in the said Houses, or Stables, or Outhouses.

AND if the Occupier of any Dwelling house or Lodging, Stable or Outhouse, in either of the said Towns or the Suburbs thereof, when the Overseer of the Chimneys visits the houses in the said Towns and Suburbs in the manner above mentioned, shall refuse to
permit the said Overseer, together with One Companion and Assistant as is above mentioned, to go into every part of the said Dwelling house or Lodging, Stable, or Outhouse, the Occupier of the said Dwelling house, Lodging, Stable, or Outhouse, who shall so refuse him, shall forfeit for such Refusal the sum of One Spanish Dollar, which shall be recovered by such Overseer, by Information before one Justice of the Peace of the District wherein such house, Stable, or Outhouse shall be Situated, which Justice is hereby Authorized and required to hear and determine such Information in a Summary manner, and upon the Oath of one Credible Witness (being some other than the said Overseer himself) and to levy the said Sum of One Spanish Dollar, together with the Costs of suing for the same, by a Warrant in writing under his hand to Seize and Sell the Goods of the Offender.

AND if the said Overseer shall find on such Occasion of making those Visits of the houses (which it shall be his duty to make once in every three Months; but which he shall be at Liberty to make once in every Month) or on any other Occasion whatsoever, in any Dwelling house, Lodging, Stable or Outhouse, in either of the said Towns of Quebec or Montreal, or the Suburbs thereof, or in the said Town of Three Rivers, a larger Quantity of Gunpowder than Twenty five pounds weight, the person in whose Dwelling house, Lodging, Stable or Outhouse, it shall be found, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Spanish Dollars, together with all the Gunpowder that shall be found there more than the allowed quantity of twenty five pds. & the sd. penalty of Twenty Spanish Dollars together with the said Overplus of Gunpowder, shall be recovered by the said Overseer by Information before any one Justice of the Peace for the District in which such house, Stable or Outhouse, is Situated, who is hereby Authorized and required to hear and determine such Information in a Summary manner, and upon the Oath of One Credible Witness (being some other than the said Overseer himself) and to levy such Sum of Twenty Spanish Dollars, together with the Costs of suing for the same, and likewise to seize such Overplus of Gunpowder above the allowed quantity of twenty five pounds, or in case the said Gunpowder shall have been removed and Secreted, to levy such additional Sum of money as the said Justice shall adjudge the said Overplus of Gunpowder to have been worth, by a Warrant in writing under his hand to seize and sell the Goods of the offender.

ALSO, if more than Twenty five pounds weight of Gunpowder shall be found in any Dwelling house, Stable, or other Outhouse, in either of the said Towns of Quebec and Montreal and the Suburbs thereof or the said Town of Three Rivers, by any other persons than the Overseers of the Chimneys of the said Towns, it shall be the duty of such persons to inform the said Overseer thereof; And the said Overseer may in this case also recover the said last mentioned penalty of Twenty Spanish Dollars from the person in whose custody such Gunpowder shall have been found, by Information before one Justice of the Peace of the District in which such house, Stable, or Outhouse, is Situated, which Justice is hereby Authorized and required to hear and determine such Information in a Summary Manner, but not without the Oaths of two Credible witnesses, and to levy the said
Sum of Twenty Spanish Dollars, together with the costs of suing for the same, and likewise to seize such Overplus of Gunpowder above the allowed quantity of Twenty five pounds weight, or, in case the said Gunpowder shall have been removed or Secreted, to levy such Additional Sum of Money as the said Justice shall adjudge the said Overplus of Gunpowder to have been worth, by a Warrant in writing under his hand to Seize and Sell the Goods of the Offender.

FURTHER though the aforesaid Overseers of the Chimnies are authorized by this Ordinance, to visit the Several houses in the aforesaid Towns of Quebec and Montreal and the Suburbs thereof, and in the said Town of Three Rivers, only Once in every Month, and are required to do so only once in every three months, yet it shall be lawful for them to visit the said houses, and the Stables and other Outhouses thereunto belonging, at any other times that they shall think fit;

provided they obtain a Licence or Warrant for that purpose from a Justice of the Peace.

And a refusal to permit them to visit on such occasion shall be attended with the same penalty as in the ordinary visitings.

And the penalties for Neglects and Offences against this and the former Ordinance shall be the same, and recovered in the same manner, as when these neglects or offences are discovered in the ordinary visitings.

Prosecutions for these penalties shall begin in one month after the offences by which they are incurred. This Ordinance shall not take

AND in all the cases mentioned in this Ordinance one half of the penalties recovered by the Overseers of the Chimnies who sue for the same, shall belong to the Kings Majesty, and the other to the Overseer who shall have sued for them.

THE penalties appointed by this Ordinance shall be sued for within One Calendar month after the neglect or Refusal for which they shall be incurred. And they shall not be construed to Supersede or take away, or in any Degree alter or affect the larger Penalties of Forty Shillings, appointed by the Ordinance above mentioned, in the cases of houses and Chimnies that are Actually on fire.
AND further if any person Convicted in this Manner, before one Justice of the Peace, of any of the neglicts or Offences before mentioned, shall think himself aggrieved by such Conviction, it shall be lawful for him to appeal therefrom to the next Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, of the District wherein such Conviction was had; Where the Sentence of the Justice of the Peace by whom he was Convicted, And the grounds upon which it was founded, shall be fully examined, and the said Sentence of the Single Justice shall be either Reversed or Confirmed, According to the Opinion of the Major part of the Justices there Assembled. But in order to entitle himself to this Appeal, the Appellant shall first deposit the money forfeited upon his Conviction, together with the Costs awarded by the said Single Justice upon such Conviction, in the hands of the said Justice before whom he shall have been convicted: And the said Justice shall, at his Discretion, either keep the said Money in his own hands, or pay it to the Clerk of the Peace of the Court before which the Appeal is brought, to be safely kept by him, till the Determination of the said Appeal at the Quarter Sessions; and then it shall be paid by the said Justice, or Clerk of the Peace, in the manner herein above directed, if the Conviction is confirmed, or to the Appellant if it is reversed. And further if the Conviction is confirmed, the Appellant shall pay to the Informer the Costs he shall have been put to by the Appeal, which Costs shall be levied upon the Goods and Chattels of the Appellant, by an order of the Justices in their said Quarter Sessions.

LASTLY, these Employments of Overseers of the Chimnies of the Towns of Quebec, Montreal, and Three Rivers shall never be given to any persons during their Natural lives, but only during the pleasure of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or other the Commander in Chief of the Province for the time being.

(Signed) GUY CARLETON.

GIVEN by His Excellency Guy Carleton, Captain General and Governor in Chief in and over the Province of Quebec Brigadier General of His Majesty's Forces, &c. &c. In Council, at the Castle of Saint Louis, in the City of Quebec, in the said Province, and passed under the Great Seal of the said Province, on the Third day of November, in the ninth year of His Majesty's Reign, and in the year of Our Lord One thousand Seven hundred & Sixty eight.

By His Excellency's Command
(Signed) GEO. ALLSOPP, D.O.C.

AN ORDINANCE, to restrain the keepers of Public Victualling houses from selling Liquors by retail upon Credit, beyond the Sum of half a Spanish Dollar (1).

WHEREAS it is found, by daily experience, that the too great Credit given by the keepers of Public Ale houses and Victualling houses in this Province, to those who frequent the said houses, for the sake of procuring strong Liquors, is a great cause of drunkenness,

Inconvenience arising from the too great Credit given by the Keepers of Public houses to their Customers.

No Contract for Strong Liquors sold by retail by any keeper of a Public house shall for the future be valid and binding in Law for more than the sum of one-half a Spanish Dollar.

idleness and extravagance, and contributes in a great degree to the ruin of many of his Majesty’s Subjects in this Province, by bringing them and their families to extreme poverty, and beggary, who might otherwise by a course of Sobriety and Industry be maintained in a decent and comfortable manner; and it is therefore become highly expedient that a Speedy remedy be provided thereto, by discouraging the keepers of such Publick houses from giving Credit to their said Customers for any but very small sums of Money: It is therefore ordained and declared, by His Excellency the Captain General and Governor in Chief of this Province, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Council of the same, that from and after the first day of July next, no Contract, or Contracts, express or implied, made between any keeper of a Public Ale house, Victualling house, or Tippling house in this Province and any other person, for any Ale, Beer, Cyder, Perry, Wine, Rum, Brandy or any other Strong Liquor sold and delivered to such person by retail, or by less than Three Gallons at a time, for any sum, or sums, of money exceeding the Sum of one half of a Spanish Dollar, shall be valid and binding in Law, for any more than the said Sum of one half of a Spanish Dollar; so that if any person shall, after the said first day of July have received, at different times from any such keeper of a Public Ale house, Victualling house or Tippling house, by retail, and upon Credit, or without paying for the same, divers quantities of Strong Liquors the value of which shall exceed the sum of One half of a Spanish Dollar in any proportion whatsoever, he shall be deemed in Law to owe to the said keeper of a Publick house only the Sum of one half of a Spanish Dollar on the said Account: AND no more than the said Sum of one half of a Spanish Dollar shall be adjudged to such keeper of a Publick house by any Justice of the Peace, or other Judge or Judges, before whom any such keeper of a Publick house shall have sued such person for the value of the Liquors so delivered to him. BUT this shall not affect the rights of any such keeper of a Publick house arising from the sale of Strong Liquors by retail to any of his Customers before the first day of the month of July next ensuing the Publication of this Ordinance.

(Signed) Guy Carleton.

Given by His Excellency Guy Carleton, Captain General and Governor in Chief of the Province of Quebec, Vice Admiral of the same, and Brigadier General of his Majesty’s Forces, &c. &c. In Council, at the Castle of Saint Lewis, in the City of Quebec, in the said Province, and passed under the Great Seal of the sd. Province, on the thirtieth Day of May, in the ninth year of his Majesty’s Reign and in the year of our Lord, One thousand, Seven hundred & Sixty nine. By His Excellency’s Command.

(Signed) Geo. Allsopp, D.C.C.
Preamble.

AN ORDINANCE, Concerning Bakers of Bread in the Towns of Quebec and Montreal (1).

WHEREAS it happens, from the great and unavoidable badness of the roads in this Province at particular Seasons of the year, that it is extremely difficult and almost impracticable at such times and seasons for the Country People in the neighbourhood of the Towns of Quebec and Montreal, to bring any Supplies of Corn or other Provisions into the said Towns; and the said Towns are thereby exposed to the danger of a Scarcity of Corn and other necessary victuals, even when there is a Sufficient quantity thereof in the Province, unless care be taken by the persons who supply the said Towns with the same, and more especially by those who Bake and Sell Bread therein, to provide before hand a sufficient Stock thereof to supply the Inhabitants of the said Towns during the continuance of such unhappy times and seasons: and whereas it has been found that a great number of persons, who follow the Trade of Baking and selling Bread in the said Towns of Quebec, and Montreal, and in the Suburbs of the same, have, at particular times, when Wheaten flour has been scarce and difficult to be procured, suddenly shut up their shops, and refused to bake or sell any bread to their Customers; and their said Customers thereupon have been obliged to have recourse to other Bakers, who have not discontinued their said Trade, to be supplied with Bread for their daily Sustenance; and these latter Bakers have oftentimes not been able to supply such Occasional Customers with Bread on these Occasions, by reason that they have only laid in a Sufficient Stock of Flour to provide Bread for their usual and Constant Customers, upon whose Custom they can depend; which has caused a great and unnecessary scarcity and dearness of Bread in the said Towns, which has been very grievous to the poorer sort of the Inhabitants of the same; and whereas the practice of suddenly leaving off the business of Baking and selling bread, when the profits attending it are small, and resuming it when it is grown more advantageous, is highly and unjustly prejudicial to the Interest of those more usefull Bakers who, notwithstanding the difficulties they labour under at particular times, yet persevere in Supplying the public with bread constantly throughout the year; and these inconveniences make it necessary that some Method should be taken to compel all those persons who shall for the future carry on the Trade of Baking and selling Bread in the said Towns of Quebec and Montreal, to continue the same throughout the year without such intermissions as have been before mentioned: it is therefore ordained and declared, by His Excellency the Captain General and Governor in Chief of this Province, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Council of the same, that from and after the First day of August next, in this present year of Our Lord One thousand, seven hundred and sixty nine, no person whatsoever shall Bake and Sell Bread in either of the said Towns of Quebec and Montreal, or the Suburbs thereof, without having first entered into a Recognizance to the King's Majesty in the sum of Four Score Spanish Dollars, with two Sureties in the sum of forty Dollars each, to keep and observe the Ordinances of this Province concerning the assize and weight of Bread, and the Regulations relating thereto, that are or shall be

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(1) Que. Leg. Council, p. 56 (Can. Arch.).
made by the Justices of the Peace of the district in which such Baker
shall dwell, by virtue of any of the said Ordinances, and to continue
to Bake and sell Bread to their Customers during a Certain reason-
able time, to be mentioned in the said Recognizance, which shall not
be less than one year, without intermitting their said Trade for the
space of three days together. This Recognizance shall be taken by
any Two Justices of the Peace of the district in which the person by
whom it is given proposeth to follow the said Trade of Baking and
Selling bread, in one of the weekly Sessions of the said Justices And
the Clerk of the Peace of the said district shall have a fee of one half
of a Spanish Dollar, and no more for making out the said
Recognizance.

AND if any person after the first day of August next, in the
year of Our Lord One thousand Seven hundred and sixty nine, shall
Bake and sell any bread in either of the Towns of Quebec and
Montreal, or the Suburbs thereof, without first having first entered
into such a Recognizance, such person shall, for the first offence, pay
the sum of Eight Spanish Dollars, and for the Second offence the
Sum of Twenty Spanish Dollars, and for the third, and every
Subsequent Offence the sum of Forty Spanish Dollars, which shall
be recovered by the Clerk of the Market of the Town in which, or
in the Suburbs of which, such offence shall have been committed, if
the said Clerk of the Market shall sue for the same within one
Month after the offence shall have been committed. And if the
said Clerks shall neglect to sue for the said penalties, within the
space of one Month after the Commission of the Offences for which
they are due, then it shall be Lawful for any other person whatsoever
to sue for the same at any time within the space of three months
after the commission of the said offences; but not after the expiration
of the said Three Months. And these penalties may be sued for by
Information, before any two Justices of the Peace of the district in
which such Offence shall have been committed, who are hereby
Authorised and required to hear and determine the said Informations
in a Summary manner upon the Oath of Two Credible witnesses
(both of whom shall be the Informer himself) and to Levy the
said penalties, together with the Costs for suing for the same, by a
warrant in writing under their hands to seize and sell the goods of
the offender. And one half of the said Penalties so recovered shall
belong to the King's Majesty, and the other half to the Clerk of the
Market, or other Informer who shall have sued for the same. And
if any person Convicted in the Manner before any two Justices of
the Peace of the offence of having baked and sold bread in either
of the Towns of Quebec and Montreal or the Suburbs thereof, without
having entered into such a Recognizance as is before mentioned,
shall think himself Aggrieved by such conviction, he may appeal from
such Conviction to the next Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace
for the district in which such conviction shall have been had; where
the Sentence of the said Two Justices and the Grounds upon which
it was given shall be fully examined and the said Sentence shall be
either reversed or confirmed as shall seem just to the Major part of
the Justices there Assembled. But before the said Appeal is allowed,
the Appellant shall deposit the whole money forfeited upon his first
Conviction (including the costs awarded by the said Two Justices
thereupon) in the hands of the said Justices, or one of them, who
shall either keep the said Money in their own hands or deliver it into the hands of the Clerk of the Peace of the district in which such Conviction shall have been had, to be kept by the said Clerk of the Peace until the Determination of the said Appeal, as the said Justice or Justices shall think fit. And after the determination of the said Appeal, by the said Court of Quarter Sessions, the said money shall be paid by the said Justices, or the Clerk of the Peace, in the manner and to the uses above mentioned, if the said Conviction shall be there Confirmed, or to the appellant if it is reversed. And further, if the Conviction is confirmed, the appellant shall pay to the Clerk of the Market, or other person, who shall have brought the Information, the reasonable Costs he shall have been put to by the said Appeal, which shall be Estimated according to the discretion of the Justices in the said Court of Quarter Session, and shall be levied upon the Goods and Chattels of the Appellant, by their order in their said Session. And if the Conviction is reversed by the said Justices in their said Court of Quarter Session and the said Justices shall be of opinion that the said Information was frivolous and vexatious, and brought without any appearance of reason, it shall be Lawful for them to adjudge the Appellant, over and above the money before deposited by him and now to be returned to him, the reasonable costs which the said Appellant shall have been put to in the whole Course of the Prosecution, both before the two Justices and before the Court of Quarter Session, or such part of the said Costs, as they shall think proper, and to order the same to be levied upon the Goods and Chattels of the Clerk of the Market, or other person who shall have brought the said Information. And if any Baker, who shall have entered into any such Recognizance as is above mentioned, shall intermit his Trade of Baking and Selling bread for the space of Three Days together, or shall Commit any offence against the Ordinances of this Province concerning the Assize and weight of bread, or against the Regulations relating thereunto that are or shall be made by the Justices of the Peace of the District in which such Baker lives by Virtue of any of the said Ordinances, or shall do any other thing whereby the Money specified in the said Recognizance shall become forfeited, the money so forfeited shall be sued for by the Clerk of the Market of the Town in which, or in the Suburbs of which, such Baker lives, before the Justices of the Peace of the district in which such Town is Situated, in their next General Quarter session of the Peace after such Offence shall have been Committed; and if he fails to sue for it at the said next general Court of Quarter Session, then it may be sued for and recovered by the Clerk of the Peace of the said District in the ensuing quarter Session of the Peace for the said District, that is, in the second quarter Session of the Peace after the Commission of the Offence; and if the said Clerk of the Peace shall neglect to sue for it at the said Second, quarter Session, then it may be Sued for and recovered by any other person in the Province, in the Third quarter Session after the said Offence shall have been committed: And the said money so forfeited may be sued for and recovered by the said Clerk of the Market, Clerk of the Peace, or other person, by Information before the said Justices in their said Sessions. And the said Justices are hereby authorized, and required to hear and determine, the said Informations in a Summary manner, and upon the Oath of two Credible witnesses; and if upon such an Information, the Defendant shall be convicted...
by the said Justices of having committed such Offence, the said Justices shall order the said Sum of Four Score Spanish Dollars, together with such reasonable Costs as the said Clerk of the Markets, Clerk of the Peace, or other Informer, shall have been put to by prosecuting the said Information, to be levied upon the Goods and Chattels, Lands and Tenements, of the said Offender. And if the Provost Marshal, or other Ministerial Officer, to whom the said order of the said Justices shall be directed, shall make a return thereto, that he cannot find sufficient Goods and Chattels, Lands and Tenements, belonging to the said offender to produce the said Sum of Four score Spanish Dollars, the said Justices shall, in such case, Summon the Two sureties of the said offender to come before them in their quarter Sessions, and shew cause why they should not pay the Sum of Forty Dollars each, which they had bound themselves to pay in the said Recognizance; or so much thereof as is necessary to increase the sum levied upon the Goods and Chattels of the Offender to four Score Dollars; and if they cannot produce any Just and sufficient reasons to exempt them from the payment of the said sums, the Justices of the Peace, either in the same, or in the next following quarter Session, shall make another order to the said Provost Marshal, or other Ministerial Officer, to seize and sell so much of the Goods and Chattels, Lands and Tenements, of the said Sureties, as shall be sufficient to increase the sum already raised upon the offender himself to Four Score Dollars, taking care, as much as may be, to raise an Equal Sum of money upon each Surety: and of the said sum of Four Score Dollars so forfeited and Levied, one half shall belong to the said Clerk of the Market, or Clerk of the Peace, or other person who shall have brought the said Information, and shall be paid to him by order of the said Justices together with the costs above mentioned: And the other half of the said Four score of Dollars shall belong to the King’s Majesty, and shall be paid into the hands of the Receiver General of his Majesty’s Revenue in this Province. And if, upon hearing the said Information, the said Justices shall acquit the Defendant and determine that he hath not done anything whereby the Sum specified in the said Recognizance ought to be forfeited, and they shall be of opinion that the said Information is frivolous and vexatious, and was brought without any appearance of reason, it shall be Lawful for them to award to the Baker who shall have been so informed against and acquitted, such reasonable Costs, as he shall have been put to by means of such Information, or a part of the said Costs, at their discretion, and to order the same to be Levied upon the Goods and Chattels of the Clerk of the Market, or Clerk of the Peace, or other person who shall have brought the said frivolous and vexatious Information.

LASTLY, nothing in this Ordinance shall be Considered to take away, or alter in any degree, any penalties or Confiscation appointed by any former Ordinance of this Province, relating to the Assize and weight of Bread.

(Signed) Guy Carleton

Given by His Excellency Guy Carleton, Captain General and Governor in Chief in and over the Province of Quebec, Vice Admiral of the same, and Brigadier General of his Majesty’s Forces, &c. &c. In Council, at the Castle of Saint Lewis, in the
City of Quebec in the said Province, and passed under the
great Seal of the said Province, on the Thirtieth Day of May,
in the Ninth year of his Majesty's Reign, and in the year of
Our Lord One thousand and Seven hundred and sixty nine.
By His Excellency's Command

(Signed) GEO. ALLSOPP, D.C.C.

AN ORDINANCE, for the more Effectual Administration of
Justice, and for Regulating the Courts of Law in this Province.1

WHEREAS it has been found by Experience, that the Several
provisions contained in an Ordinance, bearing date the Seventeenth
day of September One thousand, Seven hundred and Sixty four and
Intituled amongst other things, "AN ORDINANCE for Regulating and
establishing the Courts of Judicature," by virtue of which certain
powers and Authorities are given to the Justices of the Peace for
this Province, as well Separately as Collectively, to hear and deter-
mine in matters of private property, between party and party; in-
stead of answering the good purposes for which they were ordained,
have become an intolerable Burthen to the Subject, and proved the
means of great disquiet, vexation and oppression: IT IS THERE-
FORE ORDAINED and DECLARED by His Excellency the Captain
General and Governor in Chief of this Province, by and with
the Advice and Consent of the Council of the same, that from and
after the day of the date of the Publication of this Ordinance, all
Jurisdiction, power and authority in matters of private property
belonging to, or exercised by, any Justice or Justices of the Peace
for this Province, or any District, part or member of the same, except
such as already have procured, or hereafter may procure a Special
Commission for that purpose, under the hand and seal of the Gover-
nor or Commander in Chief for the time being; shall be clearly
annulled, taken away and determined: And that from and after the
day of the date of the Publication aforesaid, No Justice or Justices
of the Peace, except as before excepted, shall have any power or
authority, to hear examine or determine any matter of private pro-
erty, between party and party, or to make, pronounce or deliver
any Judgment, Sentence, order or Decree, or to do any Judicial Act
whatsoever touching the same. AND IT IS FURTHER ORDAINED
and DECLARED by the Authority aforesaid, that from and
after the day of the date of the Publication aforesaid, the fol-
lowing clauses or parts of an Ordinance, bearing date the Seven-
teenth day of September One thousand, seven hundred, and sixty
four, and Intituled, amongst other things, "AN ORDINANCE
for regulating and establishing the Courts of Judicature," shall be re-
pealed, and the same are hereby Repealed, and absolutely revoked
and made void; that is to say; "And whereas it is thought highly
"necessary, for the case, convenience and happiness of all his
"Majestys loving Subjects, that Justices of the Peace should be
"appointed for the respective Districts of this Province, with power
"of determining property of small value in a Summary way, it is
"therefore further ordained and Declared by the Authority afore-

1 Que. Lég. Council, p. 70 (Can. Arch.).
said, and full power is hereby given and granted to any one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, within their respective Districts, to hear and finally determine in all causes or matters of Property, not exceeding the Sum of Five pounds, current money of Quebec; and to any Two Justices of the Peace, within their respective Districts, to hear and finally determine in all causes or matters of property, not exceeding the sum of Ten pounds said Currency, which Decisions being within, and not exceeding the aforesaid Limitation, shall not be liable to an appeal; and also full power is, by the Authority aforesaid, given and granted, to any Three of ".... said Justices of the Peace to be a Quorum, with power of holding Quarter Sessions in their respective Districts every three months, and also to hear and determine all Causes and Matters of Property, which shall be above the sum of Ten pounds, and not exceeding Thirty pounds current money of Quebec, with Liberty of appeal to either party to the Superior Court, or Court of King’s "Bench:" And all and every other Ordinance or Ordinances, and all and every Article Clause, or Sentence in them, and every of them, by which any Jurisdiction, power or authority to hear and determine in matters of private property, between party and party, is given, limited and appointed to any Justice or Justices of the Peace, for so much as concerneth the same, shall also be repealed, and the Same are hereby Repealed and absolutely revoked and made void. And it is further ordained and declared by the Authority aforesaid, that from and after the day of the date of the Publication aforesaid, if any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or any other person whatsoever, shall offend or do any thing contrary to the purport, true intent and meaning of this Ordinance, he or they so offending, besides being liable to answer the same in a Criminal way, shall also forfeit and lose unto the party grieved, by anything so done, his, her or their treble Damages, which he, she or they shall sustain, and be put unto by means or Occasion of anything so done as aforesaid; the same to be recovered in any of the Courts of Record in this Province, by Action of Debt, or in any other way and manner, according to the known and established practice of the Court, in which such Action shall be brought. Provided always, that nothing contained in this Ordinance, shall extend, or be construed to extend, to take away, determine or abridge any of the powers given and granted, to any Justice or Justices of the Peace, for this Province, by virtue of His Majesty's Commission of the Peace to them directed, or to restrain or hinder them, in the Exercise of any other powers, to them limited, and appointed, by any other Ordinance or Ordinances, save and except such as relate to the Administration of Justice in matters of private property, between party and party only, but such Justice or Justices of the Peace, is and are hereby further authorized and required, to do and execute, all and every matter or thing to him or them enjoyned, by virtue of the said Commission of the Peace: and also to hear and determine all Penalties and forfeitures arising from the Breach of any Ordinance or Ordinances, and to proceed therein, in the same manner, as he or they would have done, if this Ordinance had not been made. And provided also, that nothing herein contained, shall extend or be construed to extend, to reverse, alter or Suspend any Judgement or Judgments, already pronounced or given, by any Justice or Justices of the Peace, upon
nor to any Writ of Execution already issued and not returned.

Preamble to the clause for erecting a new Jurisdiction.

All disputes for sums not exceeding £12 to be heard before the Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas only, except as after excepted.

Preamble to the Clause for fixing the Court of Common Pleas at Montreal.

Court of Common Pleas at Montreal constituted an independent Court with Original Jurisdiction, in all matters arising within the District of Montreal, in the same manner as the Court of Common Pleas in Quebec, in all matters arising within the District of Quebec.

which no Execution has yet been awarded, or to Supersede, vacate, alter or Suspend any Writ or Writs of Execution, already awarded and not yet returned, but the said Justice or Justices of the Peace, is and are hereby further Authorized and required, to award Execution upon such Judgements already pronounced and given, and the Provost Marshal is hereby Authorized and required to enforce the same and also to proceed upon such Writs of Execution, as are already awarded and not yet returned, and to levy the Debt and Costs, and make such return, to the Justice or Justices awarding the same, as he would have done before the Publication of this Ordinance. And whereas the providing an easy, plain and Summary method of proceeding, for the recovery of small debts, with a due regard at the same time to a certain degree of Solemnity and Deliberation which ought ever to accompany the administration of Public Justice, very much contributes to promote Industry, and to Support and Encourage useful Credit: IT IS THEREFORE ORDAINED and DECLARED by the authority aforesaid, that from and after the day of the date of the Publication aforesaid, all manner of disputes and Differences, between party and party, for any sum not exceeding Twelve pounds Currency of this Province, except as is herein after excepted, shall be heard, tried and adjudged, before the Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas for the time being only, who are hereby authorized and required to take cognizance thereof, and the same to hear, adjudge and finally determine, as to them shall seem just in Law and Equity, any Ordinance or Ordinances, or any Cause, matter or thing in them or any of them contained, to the contrary heretofore in any wise notwithstanding. AND WHEREAS some Inconveniences have arisen from the present practice of adjourning the Court of Common Pleas from Quebec to Montreal, and from the want of a fixed, settled and Established Court, for the hearing and determining all matters arising within the District of Montreal before Judges specially appointed for that District, and constantly residing within the same; IT IS FURTHER ORDAINED and DECLARED by the Authority aforesaid, that from and after the day of the date of the Publication of this Ordinance, the Court of Common Pleas heretofore held by adjournment at different days and times in the Town of Montreal, and considered and taken to be a part or member of the Court of Common Pleas established at Quebec, shall be, and it is hereby constituted a Court of Record, with Original Jurisdiction of its own, independent of, and no wise connected with the Court of Common Pleas established at Quebec; which Court of Common pleas for the District of Montreal shall for the future, be held before Judges constantly residing within the said Town of Montreal, who shall have the same power and authority, and the same is hereby given and granted to them, to hear and determine within the District of Montreal, and to award Execution, and to do and execute all and every matter or thing touching the Administration of Justice, in as full and ample a manner, as is now, or has at any time been used, practised or done by the Court of Common Pleas established at Quebec, in and for the District of Quebec, And that from and after the day of the date of the Publication aforesaid, the said Court of Common Pleas in the Town of Quebec, and the said Court of Common Pleas in the Town of Montreal shall be taken, and adjudged to have each their Separate Jurisdiction, independent of, and unconnected with
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each other, That is to say; the said Court of Common Pleas at Quebec, in and over all matters and things arising within the District of Quebec; and the Court of Common Pleas at Montreal, in and over all matters and things arising within the District of Montreal. Provided always, and it is hereby further Ordained & Declared by the authority aforesaid, that from and after the day of the date of the Publication aforesaid, where any person or persons against whom Judgement shall be obtained, in either of the said Courts of Common Pleas, shall not have any Lands, Goods or Effects, where-with to satisfy the said Judgement, within the Jurisdiction of that Court wherein such Judgement shall have been obtained, but such person or persons shall have Lands, Goods or Effects, within the Jurisdiction of the other Court of Common Pleas, that then, and in that case, it shall and may be lawful for the Judge or Judges, of the Court of the District, in which such Judgement shall have been obtained, to award Execution to the Provost Marshal of the District, in which such Lands, Goods or effects shall be found, who shall before he proceeds to do any thing therein, carry the said Writ of Execution to one of the Judges of the Court of the District, in which such Lands, Goods or Effects shall be found, who is hereby authorized and required, to indorse the same; which Writ of Execution, being so indorsed as aforesaid, the sd. Provost Marshall of the District in which such Lands, Goods or Effects shall be found, shall proceed to levy the Debt and Costs, and make return thereof under his hand and Seal, to the Judge or Judges of the Court from whence such Writ of Execution was originally awarded, and such Writ of Execution, together with the return thereof, under the hand and seal of the Provost Marshal Subscribing the same, shall be by him conveyed, so soon after the making and Signing thereof as conveniently may be, to the Provost Marshal of the District, from whence such Writ was originally awarded, who is hereby authorized and required, to deliver the same into the Court of Common Pleas, from whence such Writ was originally awarded, on the first Court day, next after the coming of the said Writ and return into his hands, and the Judge or Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas, by whom such Writ of Execution was originally awarded, are hereby Authorized and required to receive the same, and the same shall be as valid and Effectual, to all intents and purposes, as if the Provost Marshal making and Subscribing the same, had himself been present, and delivered the same into the Court with his own hand; Provided nevertheless, that the Provost Marshal executing the said Writ, and making return thereof as aforesaid, only shall be answerable, as well for the Truth of the said Return, as for any misbehaviour, Omission or neglect, in the manner of executing the said Writ, or making return thereof, before the Judge or Judges of the Court, from whence such Writ of Execution was originally awarded, and not before the Judge or Judges, of the Court of the District to which he belongs. And in case any person or persons, against whom such Judgement as aforesaid shall be obtained, not having any Lands, Goods or Effects within the Province, wherewith to satisfy the said Judgement, shall usually reside without the Jurisdiction of the Court, in which such Judgement shall be obtained, or, being at the time of obtaining the said Judgement, resident within the same, shall alter his or their place of residence, and
withdraw his or their person or persons from the Jurisdiction of the Court, in which such Judgement shall have been obtained, it shall and may be lawful for the Judge or Judges of the said Court, in which such Judgement shall have been obtained, in all cases where such Writ may legally issue, to award a Writ or Writs of Capias ad Satisfaciendum, to the Provost Marshal of the District, in which such person or persons shall reside, or be found, which Writ or Writs, being so Indorsed as aforesaid, the said Provost Marshal of the District, in which such person or persons shall reside, or be found, shall proceed to execute the same, and to arrest the Body or Bodies of such person or persons, and him, or them, to convey to the Common gaol of the District, in which such person or persons shall be arrested, there to remain, till the Debt and Costs are paid, or he or they be otherwise delivered by due Course of Law. And in order to avoid the delays and inconveniences occasioned by the present practice of holding the said Courts of Common Pleas, at certain fixed times and periods, according to the directions of the aforesaid Ordinance of September One thousand, Seven hundred, and sixty four, and to the Intent that the Judges of the said Courts, may be enabled to give more speedy and effectual relief in all cases, as well where the matter or thing in demand shall exceed the sum of Twelve pounds, as where it falls short of, or is equal to it; it is further ordained and declared by the authority aforesaid that from and after the day of the date of the Publication of this Ordinance, the said Courts of Common Pleas, as well at Quebec as at Montreal, shall be Constantly open to the Suitor, and they are hereby required to be kept open, at all times throughout the year, except on Sundays, and three weeks at seed time, a Month at Harvest, and a Fortnight at Christmas and Easter, and except during such vacation, as shall be from time to time appointed by the Judges, for making their respective Circuits throughout the Province, twice in every year, and the Judges of the said Courts, are hereby authorized and required, to issue their process, and to do and execute all and every other matter or thing touching the Administration of Justice, without regard to Terms, or any stated periods of time, as limited and appointed by the Ordinance of September One thousand, seven hundred, and sixty four, or any other Ordinance, Custom or usage whatsoever, all and every of which Ordinance or Ordinances, so far as they relate to the sitting of the said Courts, or prescribe any Limitations of time for that purpose, are hereby annulled, revoked, and made void, in as full and ample a manner, as if they were herein particularly enumerated, and set forth. Provided always, and it is further Ordained and Declared by the authority aforesaid, that the Judges of the said Courts of Common Pleas, as well in Quebec as Montreal, shall appoint one day in every week (except Sunday or in such vacations as aforesaid) at their discretion, for the hearing and determining all matters, wherein the cause of action, shall exceed the sum of Twelve pounds; which day shall be declared at the rising of the Court, on the Court day next preceding. And no adjournment of the Court shall be made, for any longer time than one week, upon any pretence or ground whatsoever. Provided also, that Friday in every week, except it be in such Vacation as aforesaid, shall be always a Court Day, as well in the Town of Quebec as Montreal, for the hearing and determining all matters, wherein the cause of action shall not exceed the sum of Twelve
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One Judge sufficient in matters not exceeding £12, the other having a reasonable cause of absence.

pounds as aforesaid, on which day, one of the Judges of the said Courts of Common Pleas, shall attend, as well at Quebec as at Montreal, for the dispatch of Business, who is hereby Authorized and required to proceed to hear and determine, all matters where the cause of action shall not exceed the sum of Twelve pounds, in the absence of the other Judge, such Judge being prevented from attending, by sickness, or any other lawful and reasonable cause of excuse, and every Judgement, Sentence, Order or Decree, given, made or pronounced, and every Writ of Execution, awarded by such Judge, in matters where the cause of Action shall not exceed the sum of Twelve pounds, as aforesaid, shall be in all respects, as binding, and valid, as if both the Judges of the said Court, had been present, and concurred, in giving making or pronouncing, such Judgement, or in awarding such Writ of Execution. And to the intent that this part of the Jurisdiction, of the said Courts of Common Pleas, which attaches upon matters, where the value of the thing in demand does not exceed the Sum of Twelve pounds, and the manner and form of proceeding therein, may be clearly comprehended, so as to enable the party either by himself or his agent, to prosecute his own means of redress, with dispatch, certainly, and moderation, in point of expense, IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED AND DECLARED by the authority aforesaid, that from and after the day of the date of the Publication aforesaid, in all matters, where the cause of action shall not exceed the sum of Twelve pounds Currency, no Process whatsoever, shall issue against any Defendant or Defendants, until the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or his, her, or their Agent or Agents, shall have first produced and left with, or being unable to write or read, shall have first procured from, the Clerk of the Court, in which such action is intended to be brought, who is hereby ordered and required to make out the same, a Declaration, either in the English or French Language, according to the following form.

Quebec ——day of ———177:

Montreal

A.B. Plaintiff

C.D. Defendant.

The Plaintiff demands of the Defendant, the Sum of ——— due to the Plaintiff, from the Defendant, for ——— which said Sum, tho' often demanded, still remains due; THEREFORE the Plaintiff demands Judgement. Which Declaration, being so produced to, and left with, or so as aforesaid made out by, the Clerk of the Court, in which such action is intended to be brought, shall be filed by the said Clerk, with the other Records of the Court, and the said Clerk, shall immediately make out an attested copy thereof, and upon the back of such Copy indorse a Summons, to which he shall procure the name, of one of the Judges of the said Court, to be set, commanding the Defendant, either to pay the debt and costs to the Plaintiff, or else to appear on some Subsequent Court day, according to the discretion of the Judge who signs the same, regard being had to the distance of the Defendants place of residence, and the means of Communication therewith.———Which Summons shall be in the following form.———To C.D. the Defendant in this Action.
Form of the Summons

You are hereby commanded and required, to pay to the Plaintiff, the within named Sum of _______ together with ________ Costs, or else to be and appear, either in person, or by your Agent, before me, at the Court House, of the Town of _______. Together with your witnesses, if any you have, on _______day _______of_______ on which day, the matter of Complaint against you, as contained in the within Declaration, will be heard and finally determined, otherwise Judgement will be given against you, by default in this Action. E. E. Judge of the Court of Common Pleas. And this attested Copy of the Declaration, together with the Writ of Summons, indorsed and signed as aforesaid (for all which the Clerk of the said Court shall receive from the Plaintiff the Sum of Six pence and no more, where the Original Declaration shall be produced and delivered to him, and the Sum of One shilling and no more, where he shall make out the Original Declaration himself, at the request of the Party) shall be delivered to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or his, her, or their Agent, or Agents, who shall convey, or cause the same to be conveyed to one of the Bailiffs of the Parish, in which such Defendant resides, who is hereby Authorized and required, to serve the same upon the Defendant, personally, if he can be found, or otherwise, upon his Wife, Son, Daughter, Servant, or some other grown person, at his the sd. Defendants Dwelling House or usual place of abode, and at the same time to show him, her or them, the attested Copy of the Declaration, together with the Writ of Summons annexed, under the hand of the Judge issuing the same, and to acquaint him, her, or them, with the contents thereof, and to leave a Copy of the same, at the said house, and the Bailiff serving such Process as aforesaid, is hereby further authorized and required, to attest the said Service, at the foot of the said Writ of Summons, together with the day and time of serving the same, according to the following form. I, G.H. Bailiff of the Parish of _______did on _______day _______ of_______personally serve the within named Defendant, with the Copy of the Declaration and Writ of Summons annexed, by shewing him the same, and acquainting him with the Contents thereof, and by leaving a Copy of the same at his house, with _______ the of the said Defendant, such _______ being of the age of _______ or thereabouts. And this Copy of the Declaration, with the Writ of Summons Annexed, and the Certificate of the Service, so made by the Bailiff, shall be Delivered by him to the Plaintiff, if thereto personally required by the Plaintiff himself, who shall pay the Bailiff for the Service and attestation as aforesaid, the Sum of one Shilling, and no more, which sum of one shilling, together with the charges of issuing and returning the said Process, shall be allowed him in his Costs, in case he shall obtain Judgement, against the said Defendant in the action, but in case the said Plaintiff shall not personally demand the Custody of the said Process, after such service and attestation as aforesaid, that then the Bailiff so serving and attesting the same, shall forthwith return the same to the Court of Common Pleas, from whence such Process issued, who shall direct the Costs of returning the same, together with the fee of one shilling for the service and attestation thereof, to be paid to the said Bailiff, by the Defendant if he shall be condemned in the suit, or by the Plaintiff if he shall discontinue the Action, or otherwise fail in the proof of the matter contained in his Declaration. And
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Defendant not appearing after service of the Declaration and Summons.

Cause to be heard on the part of the Plaintiff only.

Plaintiff not appearing or appearing and not prosecuting, or failing in Proof of the debt, Defendant shall be dismissed and the Plaintiff shall be condemned in costs.

Execution not to be awarded till the Court day next after giving Judgment.

On which day Execution shall be awarded to the Bailiff of the Parish where the Defendant resides, or to some other discreet person residing in or near the same.

To be levied out of the Defendant's Goods and Chattels only.

Beasts of the Plough, implements of Husbandry, Tools of his Trade and one Bed and Bedding, unless the other Goods and Chattels of

IT IS FURTHER ORDAINED and DECLARED by the authority aforesaid, that if any Defendant, after having been duly Summoned as aforesaid, shall refuse to pay the said debt and Costs, and shall not appear either by himself or agent, before the Court, at the time and place mentioned in the said Writ of Summons, it shall and may be lawful for the Judge or Judges of the said Court, upon view of the Certificate of the said Bailiff, as aforesaid, or other due proof of the Service of the said Writ of Summons, in manner aforesaid, to hear the Cause on the part of the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs only, and to make such order, decree, or Judgement, and to award such reasonable Costs of suit, as to him or them shall seem most agreeable to Equity and good Conscience. And if upon the day of the return of such Writ, or one such other day as shall be specially appointed by the Court, for the hearing of the cause, the Defendant so Summoned as aforesaid, shall appear, either by himself or his Agent, and the Plaintiff shall not appear, either by himself or his Agent or appearing shall not prosecute or prosecuting shall fail in the proof of the matter contained in his Declaration, that then upon due proof that such Defendant was Served with such process, it shall and may be Lawful, for the Judge or Judges of the said Court, to dismiss the said Defendant, and Decree and award him such Costs, as in his or their discretion shall seem meet, and to award Execution against the said Plaintiff, for recovering and levying thereof, in the same manner, as other Executions are hereby directed to be awarded, against the Defendant where the Plaintiff shall obtain Judgement in the Action. PROVIDED always and declared and it is hereby FURTHER ORDAINED and DECLARED by the Authority aforesaid, that no Execution shall be awarded against any Defendant, until the next Court day after that, on which Judgement shall be given in the cause, to the intent that the party may have time to satisfy such Judgement, by paying the debt and Costs, into the hands of the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or his, her or their Agent, or to the Clerk of the Court, who is hereby authorized and required to receive the same, for his, her or their use, unless it shall be made appear, to the Judge or Judges pronouncing such Judgement, that the Defendant or Defendants, is, or are, preparing to leave the District, or otherwise to defeat the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, of the Effect of his, her, or their Judgement, in which case, it shall and may be Lawful, for the Judge or Judges, pronouncing the said Judgement, to award Execution immediately; but in Default of such payment as aforesaid, that then it shall and may be lawful, for the Judge or Judges giving such Judgement, on the Friday next ensuing the said Judgement, to award Execution, under his or their hand and Seal, directed to the Head Bailiff of the Parish, wherein the Defendant resides, or, to some other discreet person, dwelling in, or near the said Parish, whom the Judge or Judges, shall think proper to name for that purpose, and which he or they, are hereby Authorized and Impowered to do, commanding him to levy the debt and Costs, together with his fees, for leaving and returning the said Writ (which Fees shall be expressed in the Warrant of Execution) out of the Goods and Chattels belonging to such Defendant only, with an Express exception nevertheless therein Contained, to his, the party's, Beasts of the Plough, Implements of Husbandry, Tools of his Trade and one Bed and Bedding, unless the other Goods and Chattels of
such Defendant or Defendants, shall prove insufficient, in which case, such Beasts of the Plough, Implements of Husbandry, and Tools of his Trade, shall be sold, but not the bed and bedding. And the said Bailiff, or other person, to whom such Writ of Execution shall be awarded, as aforesaid, shall before he proceeds to do anything therein, give notice at the Church door of the Parish, wherein such Writ is intended to be Executed, immediately after divine Service, both Morning & Evening, on two Successive Sundays, next after the coming of the said Writ, of the day and time appointed, for the Sale of the Defendants Goods, on which day he shall proceed to sell the same to the highest bidder, and for the most money he can get, till he shall have raised sufficient, to discharge the whole of the said Writ of Execution, after which, if any Goods remain in execution, the same shall be immediately restored to the Defendant. And in case the Defendant or Defendants against whom such Writ of Execution as aforesaid, shall be awarded, shall not have, Goods or Chattels sufficient to satisfy the said Writ of Execution, either in the whole or in part, that then the Bailiff, or other person so as aforesaid Authorized, shall inquire whether the said Defendant or Defendants, hath or have any Lands, in his or their possession or Occupation, or in the hands of any other person, in trust for him or them, lying within the Parish, wherein such Defendant or Defendants shall reside, or else where, within the Jurisdiction of the Court, from whence such Writ of Execution, shall be awarded, and if the said Bailiff, or other person so as aforesaid Authorized, shall be fully informed and Satisfied, that such Defendant or Defendants, hath or have, any Lands as aforesaid, such Bailiff, or other person so as aforesaid Authorized, is hereby required, to make return thereof, upon the Back of the Writ, specifying the extent and Quality of the same, and particularly, if any part thereof, be land usually sowed with Corn or Meadow Land reserved for Hay, and upon such return, it shall and may be lawful, for the Judge or Judges of the Court from whence such Writ issued, to issue another Writ, to the Bailiff of the Parish, in which such Lands lye, or to some other discreet person, residing in, or near the same, commanding him to enter upon such Arable or Meadow Land, belonging to such Defendant or Defendants, at the proper Season, immediately after the reaping or mowing the same, and before any part of the produce thereof, shall be removed and carried of, and of such produce, whether of Corn or Hay, to set apart so much, as in his discretion he shall think sufficient, to discharge the whole of the Writ, so to him directed, and the same to sell upon the Land, for the most money that he can get, leaving the Overplus, if any there be, upon the Land, for the use of the Defendant or Defendants. And it is further Ordained and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, that if any Defendant or Defendants, or any person or persons, by his or their direction; after notice to him or them of the coming of such Bailiff, or other person aforesaid, upon the Land (which notice he is hereby required to give) shall make any resistance, or prevent his coming upon the Land, to execute the Writ, or otherwise disturb him in the Execution of it, or shall remove or Carry away, all or any, of the parcels of Corn or Hay, so as aforesaid set off, without having first satisfied the whole of the said Writ of Execution, he or they, so offending, shall pay and forfeit, over and above the Sum so commanded to be levied, the sum of Ten pounds Currency of this Province to be
Judges Impowered to order the Debt to be levied by Instalments.

So as the whole time does not exceed three months from the time of awarding the Writ of Execution.

If Defendant conveys away, or Secrets his effects Court may award a Writ of Capias ad Satisfaciendum.

Preamble to the Clause for empowering Justices to determine matters to the Value of £3.

Their Authority under special Commission.

Titles of Lands not to be drawn in question in their proceedings.

Persons so authorized by Commission to observe the same Forms in their proceedings as the recovered in a Summary way, before one of the Judges of the Court, issuing the said Writ of Execution, by the person, against whom such Offence shall have been committed, or any other person who shall sue for the same. PROVIDED ALSO, and it is hereby FURTHER ORDAINED and DECLARED by the Authority aforesaid that it shall and may be lawful for any Judge or Judges, issuing any Writ of Execution, in matters where the Cause of Action shall not exceed the sum of Twelve pounds as aforesaid, upon due proof before him or them made, of the distressed Circumstances of the Defendant or Defendants in the Action to indorse upon the same, his or their order to the Bailiff, or other person as aforesaid, commanding him to levy and raise the same by Instalments, in such proportions, and at such days and times, as to him or them shall seem meet. Provided nevertheless, that the whole of the time so allowed and given, shall not exceed the space of Three months, from the day of the date of issuing such Writ of Execution. And provided also, that if it shall appear upon due proof thereof, made before such Judge or Judges issuing such Execution as aforesaid, that the Defendant or Defendants, hath, or have, at any time after the Service of the Declaration and Writ of Summons as aforesaid, conveyed away, or Secreted, all or any part of his or their Goods or Effects, in order to defeat the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, of his, her, or their demand, that then and in such case, it shall and may be lawful, to and for the said Judge or Judges, immediately to award a Writ of Execution, against the Body or Bodies of the said Defendant or Defendants directed to the Bailiff or other person as aforesaid, commanding him to arrest the said Defendant or Defendants, and him or them to convey, to the Common Gaol of the District, there to remain, till such Debt and Costs be fully satisfied, or other Order be made by the said Court, for his or their deliverance. AND WHEREAS it may be of still further utility and Convenience, and the means of extending the benefit of these Regulations more Generally throughout the Province, to constitute and appoint other Jurisdictions, by which disputes of a still inferior nature, may be terminated, as well in the Towns of Quebec and Montreal, as in other parts of the Province remote from the Courts of Justice It is FURTHER ORDAINED and DECLARED by the Authority aforesaid, that it shall and may be Lawful, to and for any person or persons, as well within the Towns of Quebec and Montreal, as in other remote parts of the Province, being thereto specially appointed, by Commission under the hand and Seal, of the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, to hear and determine, and also to award Execution, in all causes, where the matter in question shall not exceed the sum of Three pounds Current money of this Province, so as the Title of Lands be not drawn in Question, in any such proceedings, in as full and ample manner, as any Judge or Judges, of either of the Courts of Common Pleas, are hereby authorized and Impowered to do, in matters where the Cause of Action shall not exceed the Sum of Twelve pounds, as aforesaid, any thing to the Contrary hereof in this Ordinance notwithstanding; And the person or person so as aforesaid appointed by Commission, as well in the Towns of Quebec & Montreal as elsewhere within the Province, are hereby authorized and Commanded, in the Execution of the powers to them entrusted, of hearing, determining and awarding as aforesaid, to keep and observe all the Rules and Regulations, herein
prescribed, limited, and directed, to the Judge or Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas in the Exercise of their Jurisdiction, in matters where the Cause of action shall not exceed the sum of Twelve pounds, and to Conform to the same, both in their Judgments and Process, as fully and perfectly, as if the same were herein particularly, again set forth at large and enjoyed; And all Bailiffs of Parishes, or other persons, to whom any Writs of Summons, Warrants of Execution, or any other process whatsoever, in matters where the Cause of Action shall not exceed the Sum of Three pounds as aforesaid, shall be directed by any person or person so appointed as aforesaid, are hereby authorized and required to pay due obedience to the same, and cause the same to be Executed, and returns thereof to be made to the person or persons, so appointed issuing the same, as they would do or make, to any Judge or Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, if such Process had issued from him or them. Provided that such person or persons as shall be appointed for this purpose within the Towns of Quebec and Montreal shall not sit, or hold any Court, for the hearing & determining matters within their Jurisdiction, on any Friday, but on some other day in every week, according to their discretion other than Friday, or in such Vacation as aforesaid.

AND WHEREAS great and manifold inconveniences and Losses, have arisen to the proprietors of real Estates in this Province, by having their Houses and Lands taken in execution, and exposed to Sale, for the payment of small debts, and also from the hasty and Informal methods, of settling the same to Sale even in cases where the Extent of the Judgement will admit of no other Satisfaction; IT IS FURTHER ORDAINED and DECLARED by the Authority aforesaid, that from and after the day of the Date of the Publication of this Ordinance, No Process whatsoever, shall be awarded for the Sale of any House or Houses, Land or Lands, Tenement or Tenements, upon any Judgement or Judgements, where the Original cause of Action, shall not exceed the Sum of Twelve pounds, current money of this Province, and that from and after the day of the date of the Publication aforesaid, no Houses, Lands or Tenements, taken in Execution upon any Judgement or Judgements, obtained in His Majesty’s Supreme Court of Judicature for this Province, or upon any Judgement or Judgements, obtained out of the Court of Common Pleas in Quebec or Montreal, shall be extended or Sold, by the Provost Marshal, or any person whatsoever, unless the personal property of the Defendant or Defendants in the Action, shall be found insufficient. AND IT IS FURTHER ORDAINED & DECLARED by the Authority aforesaid, that upon the issuing of any Writ of Execution for the Sale of any Houses or Lands, or so soon after as may be, the Provost Marshal of the District in which such Houses or Lands shall lie or be, shall cause the same to be advertised in the Quebec Gazette, both in English and French, and therein set forth as near as may be, the quantity & Condition of such Houses and Lands, together with the Terms and day of Sale, which day of Sale, shall not be till Six months after such Publication, and at the same time, or so soon after as Conveniently may be, he shall also cause a true Copy of the said Advertisements, both in English and French, to be sent to the Head Bailiff of the Parish where such houses or Lands shall lie or be, who is hereby Ordered and required,
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to fix the same upon the Door of such Parish Church, and to replace the same, so often as it shall be removed, defaced, or rendered illegible, by time or Accident, and also to publish and declare, the Contents thereof, every Sunday at the door of the said Church immediately after divine Service, both in the morning and afternoon, that the same may be fully known and understood, by the Inhabitants thereof, for which the said Bailiff shall receive, out of the produce arising from the sale, the Sum of one Spanish Dollar, to be paid by the Provost Marshal, and allowed in his Accounts: Provided always, and it is hereby, and by the authority aforesaid, further Ordained and Declared, that from any after the day of the date of the Publication aforesaid, all Houses and Lands, against which any Writ or Writs of Execution shall be awarded, for the Sale of the same, shall be taken to be, and they are hereby, and by the Authority aforesaid, declared to be obliged and bound in Law, to pay and satisfy all and every Judgement or Judgements which shall and may be obtained, against the owners and proprietors thereof, from the day on which such Judgement or Judgements shall be pronounced or given, and that no mortgage, Sale or Assignment, or any Deed of Conveyance, or any Disposition without Deed whatsoever, howsoever, or to whomsoever, made after the day on which such Judgement or Judgements, shall be pronounced or given as aforesaid, shall defeat, avoid, suspend or delay, the force and operation of such Judgement or Judgements, but all and every such Mortgage, Sale, Assignment, Deed and Disposition, shall be taken to be, and all and every of them, are, and is hereby, declared to be fraudulent, as against the said Judgement Creditor or Creditors, and to have no validity, power, operation or Effect whatsoever, to the prejudice of such Judgement Creditor or Creditors. And Lastly it is further Ordained and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, that all Judges, and other persons authorized to administer Justice, issuing any Writ of Execution, as well where the Cause of Action shall exceed the sum of Twelve pounds as aforesaid, as where it falls short of, or is equal to that sum, shall, and they are hereby Authorized and required to, mark upon such Writ of Execution, the day on which Judgement was given in the Cause, and if two or more Writs of Execution shall be issued, upon Judgements given the same day, against the same Defendant or Defendants, and so marked upon the Writ, such Executions, shall have the same privilege, and be satisfied in the same proportions, And the Provost Marshal, Bailiff or other person, to whom such Writs of Execution shall be awarded, receiving the same, is hereby Authorized and Commanded, after the Sale of the whole of such Defendant or Defendants real and personal Estate, where the said Writs shall be awarded against both, in case the same should not be sufficient to satisfy the whole of the said Judgement, to pay over and divide the Neat produce of such Sale or Sales after deducting his own Costs and Charges, amongst the Several Plaintiffs, in proportion to the amount of their respective Judgements.

(Signed) GUY CARLETON.

Given by His Excellency Guy Carleton Captain General and Governor in Chief in and over the Province of QUEBEC, Vice Admiral of the same, and Brigadier General of His Majesty's Forces, &c. &c.: In Council, at the Castle of Saint
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Lewis, in the City of Quebec, in the said Province and passed under the great seal of the said Province, on the first day of February, in the Tenth year of His Majesty's Reign, and in the year of Our Lord, One thousand, Seven hundred and Seventy.

By His Excellency's Command,

(Signed) GEO. ALLSOPP, D.C.C.

AN ORDINANCE,

"For altering the first day of Michaelmas Term, at the City of Quebec, in every year, from the fifteenth day of October to the sixth day of November."

"WHEREAS the Term of St. Michael, commonly called "Michaelmas Term, as heretofore observed and kept by the Supreme "Court in pursuance of an Ordinance of this Province, bearing date "the 26th day of July in the year of Our Lord 1766, and intituled, "amongst other things, "An Ordinance in Addition to an Ordinance "of the 17th, of September, 1764," has given Occasion to much In- "convenience, Prejudice and Loss, on the part of divers of his "Majesty's good Subjects, and in particular of the Merchants and "Traders, of the City of Quebec: be it therefore ordained and "declared by his Honor the Lieutenant Governor and Commander in "Chief of this Province, by and with the Advice and Consent of the "Council of the same. And it is Accordingly Ordained and Declared, "by the Authority aforesaid, That so much of the said Ordinance of "the 26th of July, 1766, as directs a Term called Michaelmas Term to "commence and be held yearly in the said Supreme Court, on every "15th day of October, be annulled and made void and that in stead "thereof, for all Times to come, the said Term, called Michaelmas "Term, shall commence and be held by the said Supreme Court, at "City of Quebec, on the 6th day of November yearly and in every "year, and continue from thence during the Ordinary and Accus- "tomed Time for holding any other Term of the said Supreme Court, "any Clause, Provision, Article or Direction, in the aforesaid Ordin- "ance of the 26th July, 1766, or any other Ordinance or Ordinances, "or any Usage, Custom, or Practice, to the Contrary hereof in any "wise notwithstanding: And all persons who stand bound by Recogn- "nizance to appear and answer, or to appear, prosecute and give "evidence, and all other persons whatsoever, who have anything to do "at the said Supreme Court as intended to be held on the 15th day "of October next if this Ordinance had not been made, are hereby "discharged from their Attendance on the said 15th day of October "next and are at their Peril required to keep their Day on the said "6th day of November next, at the said Supreme Court, in the City "of Quebec.

"AND be it further Ordained and Declared by the Authority "aforesaid, That all Writs and Process made returnable at any Day

Persons bound by Recognizance, &c., to appear on any day of the Term as formerly held, discharged from their appearance, and ordered to attend as directed by this Ordinance.

Also all Writs & Process to have day to the Term as directed by this Ordinance.

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"of the said Michaelmas Term, as heretofore held and kept, shall have "day to the said Michaelmas Term, as now directed to be held by "Virtue of this Ordinance; And all parties to the said Writs and "Process shall then appear and plead, and proceed thereon, to all "Intents and purposes, as if the said Writs and process had been "made returnable at the time and According to the Directions of this "present Ordinance.

"Given by the Honorable Hector Theophilus Cramahe, "Esquire Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief of "the Province of Quebec, &c. &c. in Council, At the Castle of "Saint Lewis, in the City of Quebec, in the said Province, "and passed under the Great Seal of the said Province, on "the Twenty fourth Day of August, in the Twelfth year of "his Majesty’s reign, And in the year of Our Lord 1772.

(Signed) "H. T. Cramahe.

"By the Lieutenant Go’vernor’s Command,"


AN ORDINANCE, In Aid of and Addition to, Two former Ordinances for preventing Accidents by Fire.1

WHEREAS, notwithstanding the Ordinances of the Twenty third day of February, and the Third day of November, One thousand seven hundred and sixty eight, for preventing Accidents by Fire, several Houses in the Towns of Quebec, Montreal, and Three Rivers in this Province, have of late been in great danger of taking fire, and the whole of the said Towns exposed, and do still continue to be exposed, to that dreadful calamity, as well from the evil and dan- gerous construction of certain Chimneys heretofore known and described in the French Language by the Words, Les Cheminées dévoyées, as also from the pernicious use of Shingles in covering the Tops of the said houses: Be it enacted, and it is hereby Enacted, by the Lieutenant Governor of this Province, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Council for the same, That from and after the Day of the Publication of this Ordinance, it shall not be Lawful for any person or persons whatsoever, but the same are hereby expressly forbid, to build, raise, or construct, or suffer to be built, raised or constructed, within any house, or Outhouse, or Room in any house, in either of the Towns of Quebec, Montreal and Three Rivers, or the Suburbs thereof any such Chimneys as aforesaid, or to make, or cause to be made or constructed, any Fire place whatsoever, at a Distance from the main Chimney or Chimneys of any House, and Communicating therewith, in a winding direction, for the pur- pose of discharging the Smoke through the Flue of such main Chimney or Chimneys, and if any person shall offend in the premises, and shall be Convicted thereof, in the Manner herein after prescribed, he or she shall, for every Chimney or Fire place so built, made or constructed, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten pounds of Lawful Money of this Province, and one Dollar per day, as long as such Chimney

or Fire place shall be suffered to stand and remain: And every Mason or other Artificer that shall be employed in building such Chimneys, &c. and shall be convicted thereof, in manner hereinafter prescribed, he or they shall, on every such conviction, forfeit and pay the sum of Three pounds of like Lawful Money, which said penalties of Ten pounds, one Dollar per day, and Three pounds, shall belong one half to Our Sovereign Lord the King, and the other half to any one who shall sue for the same, by Information before any one Justice of the Peace for the District wherein such offence shall be committed, who is hereby authorized and required to hear and determine such Information in a Summary manner, upon the Oath of one or more credible Witness or Witnesses, (being some other than the Informer himself) and to levy the said Sums of Ten pounds, One Dollar per day, and Three pounds, together with the Costs of suing for the same, by a Warrant in writing under his hand and Seal, to seize and sell the Goods of the offender for that purpose.

And all and every owner, Occupier, Lodger, Inmate or person resident in any House, Outhouse, or Room in any house, in either of the Towns of Quebec, Montreal or Three Rivers, or the Suburbs thereof, wherein there is at present any one or more of such Chimneys or Fireplaces as aforesaid, are hereby ordered and commanded within Three months after the Publication of this Ordinance, to take down and remove or cause to be taken down and removed, all such Chimneys and Fireplaces as aforesaid, or otherwise effectually to stop up the same with Masonry, so as to prevent all communication between them and the main Chimney, upon pain forfeiting the sum of one Shilling for every day such Chimney or Fire place shall remain unremoved or not stopped as aforesaid. And farther, the sum of one Dollar for every time such Fire place shall be made use of contrary to the Directions of this Ordinance, the same to be sued for, levied and disposed of as the other penalties herein before mentioned.

And for as much as without entering the Houses in the said Towns and Suburbs it cannot be known whether due Obedience is paid to the foregoing Clauses of this Ordinance and the Directions therein contained, BE IT FURTHER ORDERED by the Authority aforesaid, That after the Expiration of the said Three Months from the Publication of this Ordinance, it shall and may be Lawful for the Overseer of the Chimneys of this Province for the time being together with one or more experienced person or persons, not exceeding the Number of three, such Overseer having first made Oath before some Magistrate of his Suspicion that the present Ordinance in this respect is not complied with, and being also Authorized with a Warrant for that purpose under the hand and Seal of such magistrate, which Warrant he is hereby Authorized and directed to grant, to enter together with such person or persons as aforesaid in the Day time, the House or Room suspected, and examine whether any such Chimneys or Fireplaces as are herein before described, remain unremoved, or unstopped, contrary to the Directions aforesaid.

And further, if any Owner, Occupier or person residing in any house, or Room of any house, shall refuse Admittance to the Overseer so Authorized as aforesaid, together with such person or persons as aforesaid, upon Demand from him, and notice of the Intent
Chimneys raised with Wood or other Combustible Materials, dangerous on account of fire. Such Wooden or Combustible Constructions to be taken away in 40 Days, and built up with Masonry, Iron, or other not Combustible Materials.

Penalty on Persons offending therein.

Persons not Owners of the house or Room in which they live, may deduct all fair expenses in removing or stopping such false Chimneys as aforesaid, or in raising up or taking down the main Chimneys as aforesaid, out of the Rent they pay for the house or Room.

The danger of Shingle Coverings.

Prohibition from Covering with Shingles or other Building to be Constructed hereafter in Quebec, Montreal, Three Rivers or the Suburbs thereof.

for which he comes and not permit him and them, in the day time, to enter and view the house or Room suspected, every such person so refusing shall for such refusal, forfeit and pay the Sum of One Dollar, which Penalty shall be repeated from day to day, and the party offending is hereby made liable to the same, till he or she shall permit the said Overseer to enter and Examine the house or Room suspected; the same to be sued for levied and disposed of as the former Penalties herein before mentioned.

And whereas a very Injudicious and dangerous practice has been lately introduced of raising several Chimneys in the Towns aforesaid, and Suburbs thereof, and making additions thereto, with * and other Combustible Materials for the purpose of giving a free Draught to the Air and preventing their Smoaking below, it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that in Forty days from and after the Publication of this Ordinance, every Owner or Occupier of any house in either of the Towns aforesaid or the Suburbs thereof, the Chimney or Chimneys of which house are raised with wood or other Combustible Materials, shall be obliged to take down the part so raised and build up the same, if it shall be thought expedient to continue such Chimney or Chimneys at the height to which they were raised before said removal, with masonry, Iron or other not combustible materials. And if any person or persons shall neglect or refuse to take down the part so raised as aforesaid, and shall be convicted thereof in manner as herein before set forth, he, she, or they, so offending, shall forfeit and pay the sum of One Dollar per day, for each Chimney, so long as such Additional Construction of Wood shall be Suffered to remain; the same to be Levied and Disposed of in like manner as the former Penalties in this Ordinance.

And all and every person and persons, Occupying or Residing in any house, or Room of any house, in either of the Towns or Suburbs aforesaid, not being the Owners thereof, shall and may Deduct the Expence they are at, in procuring such Chimneys and fire places as are described in the first and Second Sections of this Ordinance, to be removed or otherwise stopped up, or in taking down any part of a Chimney raised with wood or other Combustible materials, from the rent they pay for the said house or Room to the Owner or Owners thereof, who shall allow the same, provided there is no fraud or unjust Charge in the Account.

And whereas it has been found by Experience that the Method of late years pursued, in covering houses and other Building with Shingles instead of Boards or other more Substantial materials is extremely mischievous in cases of Fire, by communicating the same from House to house and frequently to Houses at a great distance from that in which the fire begins: To remedy therefore, and prevent as much as possible, the like Accidents for the Future, be it further Ordained, by the Authority aforesaid, that from and after the Publication of this Ordinance, no Person or Persons whatsoever who shall build or cause to be built any one or more house, Houses or Outhouses, whether upon Old or new Foundations, in either of the Towns or Suburbs aforesaid, shall use, or cause to be made use of, Shingles for Covering the same, or any part thereof (such use of
Shingles being hereby, and by the Authority aforesaid, expressly prohibited and forbid) except for covering the Windows upon the Roof, round the Chimmies, and where the covering boards join the Gables or End Walls of such houses or Outhouses. And where the Shingled covering of any such house already built, in either of the Towns or Suburbs aforesaid, is now, or shall hereafter be, so ruinous as to require to be new made, every Owner and Occupier, or person interested in putting on such new Covering, shall be obliged, and he or they are hereby expressly directed and enjoined, to make use of Boards or other more durable and Substantial Materials only, and not otherwise to employ or make use of Shingles than as before excepted. And if any person or persons shall, after the Publication of this present Ordinance, presume to use, or cause to be made use of Shingles, for covering any house, Out house, or part of any house or Out house hereafter to be built as aforesaid, or any house already built, the Shingled Covering of which requires to be new made, or shall otherwise offend in the Premises, every such person or persons so offending, shall pay and forfeit for such his Disobedience and neglect the sum of Ten pounds Lawful Money as aforesaid, and also one Dollar per day, so long as any part of such house or other Building, save as aforesaid, shall continue covered with Shingles; which said penalties of Ten pounds and one Dollar per day, shall be sued for, levied and disposed of, in the same manner as the former and other penalties already mentioned in this Ordinance.

And whereas there are frequently one or more Ladder or Ladders upon houses in the Towns and Suburbs aforesaid, fixed to the Roofs of such Houses, and Secured with Hooks made of wood only, which often give way and endanger the Lives of those who have occasion to make use of them. It is further Enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, that within Three months after the Publication of this Ordinance, all and every Owner and Occupier of any house, wherein are one or more Ladder or Ladders, so fixed with hooks made of Wood only, shall be obliged to take down and afterwards to refix and Secure the same, or put up new ones secured with strong Iron hooks; and no Person for the future shall be permitted to make use of, or have upon his house, any Ladder but such as is fixed and Secured with Iron hooks under Penalty of Twenty Shillings for every Ladder so remaining as aforesaid after the day prescribed in this Ordinance. The charge of taking down the Ladders, making the Iron hooks, and refixing the same, to be allowed by the Owner to his Tenant out of the Rent, in the same manner as in the Clauses above mentioned with Respect to the Alteration or Removal of Chimmies.

And it is further provided, That the Information or Informations appointed by this Ordinance shall be sued for within two Months after the Neglect or offence against the same shall have been committed, and not after.

And further, if any person convicted in this manner before one Justice of the Peace, of any of the neglects or offences before mentioned, shall think himself Aggrieved by such Conviction, he may appeal therefrom to the next Court of Quarter Sessions of the Justices of the Peace of the District wherein such Conviction was had, where the Sentence of the Justice by whom he was convicted, and
the Grounds upon which it was founded, shall be fully examined, and the said Sentence of the single Justice, either reversed or confirmed, according to the Opinion of the Major part of the Justices there assembled. But in order to entitle himself to this appeal, the appellant shall first Deposit the money forfeited upon his first Conviction, together with the Costs awarded by the said Single Justice upon such Conviction, in the hands of the said Justice before whom he shall have been Convicted, and the said Justice shall at his Discretion, either keep the said Money in his own hands, or pay it to the Clerk of the Peace of the Court before which the Appeal is brought, to be safely kept by him till the Determination of the said Appeal at the Quarter Sessions, and then shall either pay it as before directed if the Conviction is confirmed or to the appellant if it is reversed. And further, if the Conviction is confirmed, the appellant shall pay to the Informer the Costs he shall have been put to by the appeal which shall be levied upon the Goods and Chattels of the Appellant, by an Order of the Justices in their said Sessions.

And lastly, It is Ordained by the Authority aforesaid, that if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any person or persons, for anything done in pursuance of this Ordinance, the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Ordinance and the special matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the authority of this Ordinance; and if it shall appear so to have been done, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, and if the Plaintiff shall be none Sued, or discontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if Judgment shall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer against the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as Defendants have in other Cases by Law.

Given by the Honorable Hector Theoeps. Cramahe Esquire, Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of Quebec, &c. &c. In Council, At the Castle of Saint Louis, in the City of Quebec, in the said Province, and passed under the Great Seal of the said Province, on the Twenty Second day of May, in the Thirteenth year of his Majesty's Reign, and in the year of Our Lord One thousand Seven hundred & Seventy three.

(Signed) H. T. CRAMAHE.

By the Lieutenant Governor's Command,
Countsd. Geo. Allsopp, D.C.C.

AN ORDINANCE for Establishing a Court of Appeals during the Absence of the present Chief Justice, and for Ascertaining the Powers of the Commissioners for Executing the Office of Chief Justice.¹

WHEREAS it is become necessary during the absence of the present Chief Justice of this Province to establish another Court of Civil Jurisdiction for hearing and determining such appeals from

the Courts of Common Pleas as in and by an Ordinance of this Province bearing date the Seventeenth day of September One thousand seven hundred and sixty four are directed to be, and Accordingly have been hitherto sued and prosecuted before the Chief Justice in the Supreme Court, and also to ascertain the Powers intended to be vested in the Commissions for Executing the Office of Chief Justice by virtue of their Commission. Be it enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Lieutenant Governor of this Province by and with the Advice and Consent of the Council for the same, that from and after the day of the Publication of this Ordinance, and for so long time as the said Office of Chief Justice shall continue to be Executed by Commissioners and no longer, the Governor and Lieutenant Governor for the time being, or in their absence the Eldest Member or President of the Council (not being one of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas) together with every other Member of his Majesty's Council in this Province shall be, and they are hereby and by the Authority aforesaid Constituted and appointed a Court of Civil Jurisdiction for the purpose of hearing and determining all such appeals from either of the Courts of Common Pleas in this Province as have heretofore been heard and Determined before the Chief Justice of the Province in the Supreme Court, and for no other purpose whatsoever.

Provided always and it is hereby further Enacted and Ordained that no Judge of either of the Courts of Common Pleas, being at the same time a Member of His Majesty's Council shall sit as Judge in this Court, or have any voice in, or give his Opinion upon any part of the proceedings, or otherwise interfere in the business thereof, than by stating to the Court the Nature of the Proceedings in the Cause together with the Grounds and reasons of his Judgement in the Court below, which he shall be at Liberty to do whether called upon by the Court for that purpose or not, and all other the Judges of the Courts below not being Members of the Council shall and may do either in person or by writing under their hands if thereto Called upon and required by the Court and not otherwise.

And that all unnecessary delay may be avoided and speedy Justice done to the Parties, it is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid that for and during the time that this Court shall Continue to Exercise its Jurisdiction by Virtue of this Ordinance it shall and may and it is hereby and by the Authority aforesaid required to sit and hold a Session once in every Month during the six Winter Months, that is to say the months of November, December, January, February, March and April, and the second day of November next ensuing the Publication of this Ordinance, and the first day of every other of the said months as aforesaid, not being Sunday or some other great Festival, shall be and be Called the first day of the Session of the Court of Appeals, from which day it shall continue to sit by Adjournments from day to day till every appeal before them is finally determined, and no adjournment shall be made for any longer time than till the next day (except where Sunday or some great Festival intervenes) without the special direction of the Court, and except in the case of such appeals as may be thought to require a more full and Solemn Deliberation, which
may be Adjourned from Court to Court as the President in his Discretion shall think prudent or necessary.

BUT there being reason to apprehend that the continued sitting of this Court during the Summer months may prove detrimental to the commercial Interest of this Country, It is further enacted and Ordained that there shall be Vacation and no Court shall sit on or be adjourned to any day, during the Months of May, June and July, but upon the last day of every Session to be held in the month of April, and before the rising of the Court, the same shall be adjourned over to the first day of August (not being Sunday or other great Festival as aforesaid) next ensuing, on which day the Court shall again meet and continue to sit during all the said Month of August, or so much of it as shall be sufficient for the dispatch of all the business then before the Court, and in like manner upon the last day of the Session of the Court for the Month of August aforesaid, and before the rising of the same, the Court shall be again adjourned to the second day of November next ensuing, and no Court shall sit during the months of September and October.

AND in all cases of appeals from either of the Courts of Common Pleas in this Province during the absence of the present Chief Justice or until the Arrival of some other in his place the Governor and Lieutenant Governor for the time being, and in their absence the Eldest Member of the Council or President of the Court together with Five other Members of the Council, shall be and Constitute a Court for the hearing and determining the same, and their proceedings shall be as Effectual and their Determinations as final and conclusive as if every member of his Majesty's Council was present and gave his voice in the same.

AND where it shall happen at any time that the Court is divided in Opinion and there shall be the same number of voices for reversing as for confirming the Judgement of the Court below, in such case the Governor, Lieutenant Governor or President of the Court over and above his Vote already given by virtue of which such equality has been formed shall have one other Vote or Casting voice by which the Event of the Appeal shall be finally determined.

It is further ordained by the Authority aforesaid that as well the Original Writ for removing the Record out of the Court below, as all Subsequent Process shall be and issue in the name of the King Tested by the Governor Lieutenant Governor or President of the Court only, and by no other, and such original Writ may issue at any time upon the application of the Party and bear date as well out of Session as in, returnable if out of Session on the first or some other day of the next Session, and if in Session on some day in the same or the first day of the next Session as the Governor Lieutenant Governor or President of the Court shall think proper.

AND that the Court proceed to try the real merits of every appeal, and not be confined Solely to the Examination of Errors upon the face of the Record, it shall be Lawful for, and by Authority aforesaid Power is hereby given to this Court to issue Process to bring up not only the Original Record but all papers and written Evidence of every kind produced by either of the Parties in the Court below, and the Judges of the Court below shall also send up a List of the Witnesses who have been examined vivâ voce, in the cause in
The Court
Authorized to give such Judg-
ment and award such Costs, as
upon the face of the proceedings,
and re-examina-
tion of the
Evidence appears just.

Judgement of this Court to be final where the matter in dispute shall not exceed 1500 Sterling.

Execution to issue out of this Court without remanding the Record to the Court below.

Preamble to the Clause for Ascertaining the Power of the Commissioners.

The whole CriminalJuris-
diction of the
Chief Justice to be Executed dur-
ing his absence
by Commissioners
under the Great
Seal of the Province.

Magistrates,
Provost Marshals,
&c., to pay due
obedience to the
said Commissioners,
in Executing
all Criminal
Process, &c.

order that the Court may re-examine them if they think proper and finally determine upon the true merits of the case.

AND if the Court shall be of Opinion that the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas have mistaken either the Law or the Fact, and given Judgement for the Defendant in Error when in truth they ought to have given it for the Plaintiff, in such case it shall be lawful for the Court and they are hereby Authorized and Impowered not only to reverse such Judgement of the Court below, but also to give such other Judgement and award such Costs as upon the whole face of the proceedings and Examination of all the Evidence it appears to them ought to have been given and warded by the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas.

AND it is further Enacted and Ordained that Judgment in this Court upon the appeal where the matter in dispute shall not exceed the sum of Five hundred Pounds Sterling shall be final and conclusive to all Parties without further Examination revision or appeal whatsoever, and Execution shall issue thereupon to enforce the same out of this Court, without remanding the Record upon any Occasion or sending it back to the Court below to issue Process of Execution in cases where the Judgement of the Court below shall be confirmed.

AND whereas it is conceived to be neither necessary nor expeditious to vest the full power and Authority of the Chief Justice of the Chief Justice of this Province together with the whole Civil Jurisdiction as exercised by him in the hands of Commissioners, and it is of great Importance as well to the Commissioners themselves as to the Publick in General that the full extent of their powers should be known and the same ascertained with Clearness and precision, it is hereby further Enacted and Ordained by the Authority aforesaid that from the day of the Publication of this Ordinance and until the Chief Justice shall return into the Province, or some other be appointed to succeed him, the whole Criminal Jurisdiction belonging to that office shall be vested and reside in such Commissioners as are or shall be thereto appointed by a Publick Instrument or Commission under the Broad Seal of the Province and such Commissioners so appointed as aforesaid are hereby Authorized Impowered and required to execute all and every part of the said Criminal Jurisdiction in as full and ample a manner as has or at any time ought to have been executed by any Chief Justice since the Establishment of Civil Government in this Province.

AND all inferior Magistrates, Provost Marshals, Coroners, Bailiffs, Keepers of his Majesty's Gaols and others are hereby and by the Authority aforesaid Authorized and required to pay due obedience to the Acts of such Commissioners to Execute all Criminal Process to them or any of them directed, to return all such writs as shall from time to time be awarded under the hand and Seal of one or more of the said Commissioners and otherwise to do and execute in their respective offices all such things as shall be Legally Demanded of them or any of them and as they have been used to do and execute in the time of any Chief Justice whatsoever upon pain of being Proceeded against for the Contrary by Attachment or such other Summary mode of Proceeding as has been usually adopted in the Supreme Court, and the Court shall think proper to direct.
BUT for as much as the peculiar Circumstances and Situation of this Province seem to require that the Civil Authority of the said Commissioners should be Limited and restrained, the Proceedings in all causes already instituted in the Supreme Court either removed out of the said Court or Suspended, and others which may hereafter be commenced not suffered to proceed beyond a certain extent, it is further enacted and Ordained and Power is hereby given to the said Commissioners for Executing the Office of Chief Justice to issue all such Original Process for bringing in the Defendants Body as has usually issued in the time of any Chief Justice whatsoever, to mark the same for Bail upon the proper Affidavit, in cases where such Bail has commonly been allowed, to Justify and perfect such Bail in Court, or otherwise upon the Return of a Cepi Corpus to grant a Rule or Rules for bringing in the Defendants Body, and for want of procuring such Bail to commit the Defendant to Prison, to supersede and discharge out of Prison all persons intitled thereto, and to admit and record the surrender of the Principal and discharge the Bail, &c.

AND such Bail as aforesaid being perfected in Court or the Defendant in Custody for want of finding Bail, the power of the Commissioners shall cease and all further proceedings be stayed till the return of the present Chief Justice into the province or the coming of some other in his place, and no advantage shall be taken by any Defendant for want of filing a Declaration or the discontinuance of any Process whatsoever by lapse of time or otherwise, but the Plaintiff shall be at Liberty at any time within the first Term to be held after the return of the present Chief Justice or the coming of some other, to file his Declaration and otherwise proceed in the Cause as if Bail had been perfected as of the Term in which the said Declaration shall be filed, any Law, Usage, Practice or Custom of the Supreme Court to the Contrary hereof in any wise notwithstanding.

AND in like manner the Proceedings in all cases already instituted in the Supreme Court shall be stayed without prejudice to either party and the same shall be and remain in the same situation in which they shall be left at the Departure of the present Chief Justice until his return or the coming of some other person in his place, at which time the parties shall be at Liberty to proceed in the same manner as if there had been no interruption or stay of Proceedings whatsoever.

Provided always that the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in any cause now depending in the Supreme Court not being at issue shall be at Liberty to discontinue the same without payment of Costs and com-
pending not being at issue may discontinue the same without payment of Costs and Commence a new Action in the Court of Common Pleas, or being at Issue may remove the Record to the said Court. The Commissioners upon Consent of parties may Refer matters to Arbitration, and make such Reference a rule of Court. They may examine Witnesses upon Interrogatories, enter up Judgements, &c., and issue Writs of Execution upon the same.

Before any Commissioner shall issue a Bailable Writ the Plaintiff to procure two persons as pledges for prosecuting his Suit.

Provost Marshals, &c., required to Execute all Writs and Process, &c.

mence a new Action or Actions in the Court of Common Pleas, or being at Issue and ready for Trial by a Jury may remove the Record unless he or they shall think proper to discontinue as aforesaid, as it stands upon the Pleadings into the Court of Common Pleas who are hereby Authorized and required to receive the same and try such issue by a Jury and give Judgement and award Execution thereupon in the same manner as if the cause had Originated and been brought to issue in their own Court.

AND provided also that it shall and may be Lawful for the said Commissioners upon the Consent of Parties to refer matters to Arbitration and also to make such reference a Rule of Court, and afterwards proceed thereon in case of disobedience to or contempt of such Rule in such manner as has at any time, or might have been done by the Chief Justice himself. And also to examine upon Interrogatories (in cases where such examination has usually been taken) Witnesses Aged, Infirm or under a necessity of leaving the Province, to enter up Judgement or Judgements upon an old Warrant or Warrants of Attorney together with all Judgements already pronounced by the Court and not entered, and to issue such Writ or Writs of Execution upon the same as the parties would have been intitled to if the Chief Justice had been present.

AND that no person or persons may be arrested and held to Bail upon frivolous and vexatious pretences &c is Lastly Enacted and Ordained by the Authority aforesaid that before any Commissioner shall Issue a Bailable Writ in any case whatsoever, the Party suing out such Writ shall besides making the usual affidavit of the Debtor procure the names of two respectable and substantial persons as his Pledges for prosecuting his Suit, which names shall be entered upon Record and the persons so named shall become liable to the Defendant and shall answer to him the whole Costs of the suit in case the Plaintiff shall fail in his Action, Discontinue, be Non Suited or the Defendant in any manner become intitled to the same, and the same shall be awarded him by the Judgement of the Court.

AND in the Execution of all Writs and Process to them sent under the hand and Seal of one or more of the Commissioners the Provost Marshals of the Province of Quebec as well as all other Ministerial Officers of Justice are hereby Authorized and Required to use all due diligence and make such Returns as they have at any time been accustomed to use and make in the time of any Chief Justice whatsoever, as they will Answer the Contrary thereof at their peril.

Given by the Honorable, Hector Theophilus Cramahe Esquire, Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of Quebec, &c. &c. in Council, at the Castle of Saint Louis, in the City of Quebec, in the said Province, and passed under the Great Seal of the said Province on the first day of September, in the thirteenth year of his Majesty's Reign and in the year of Our Lord One thousand Seven hundred and Seventy Three.

(Signed) H. T. Cramahe.

By the Lieutenant Governor's Command.

Countsd. Geo. Allsopp, D.C.C.
ORDINANCES MADE AND PASSED BY THE GOVERNOR AND LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC. QUEBEC: PRINTED BY WILLIAM BROWN, BEHIND THE CATHEDRAL CHURCH, M, DCC, LXXVII.

ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO.

GEORGIUS III. REGIS.

CAP. I.

An ORDINANCE

For establishing courts of civil judicature in the province of QUEBEC.

WHEREAS it is necessary to establish courts of civil judicature for the speedy administration of justice within this province,

It is therefore ordained and enacted, by his excellency the captain-general and governor in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the same, THAT

ARTICLE I.

For the ease and convenience of his majesty's subjects residing in different parts of this province, the same shall be, and hereby is divided into two districts, to be called and known by the names of Quebec, and Montreal; which said districts shall be divided and bounded by the river Godfrey on the south, and by the river St. Maurice on the north side of the river St. Laurence.

ART. II.

A court of civil jurisdiction, to be called the court of common pleas, shall be and hereby is erected, constituted and established for each of the said districts, the one whereof shall sit at the city of Quebec, and the other at the city of Montreal, at least one day in every week for the decision of causes in which the value of the matter in dispute shall exceed ten pounds sterling; and another day in every week for the decision of causes in which the matter in dispute shall be of, or under the value of ten pounds sterling; and shall so continue their sittings throughout the whole year; excepting three weeks at seed-time, a month at harvest, and a fortnight at Christmas, and Easter; and except during such vacations as shall be appointed by the judges for making their circuits twice every year through their respective districts.

The said courts shall have full power, jurisdiction, and authority to hear and determine all matters of controversy relative to property and civil rights, according to the rules prescribed by an act of parliament made and passed in the fourteenth year of the reign of his
present majesty, intitled, "an act for making more effectual pro-
vision for the government of the province of Quebec in North-
America," and such ordinances as may hereafter be passed by the
governor and legislative council of this province.

ART. III.

In matters above the value of ten pounds sterling, the presence
of two judges shall be necessary to constitute a court of common-
pleas; the decision of which court shall be final in all cases where
the matter in dispute shall not exceed the value of ten pounds ster-
ling; except in matters which may relate to the taking or demanding
any duty payable to his majesty, or to any fee of office, or annual
rents, or other such like matter or thing where the rights in future
may be bound; in which cases, and also in all matters that exceed the
said value of ten pounds sterling, an appeal shall lie to the governor
and council; provided security be duly given by the appellant that he
will effectually prosecute the same, and answer the condemnation, as
also pay such costs and damages as shall be awarded, in case the
judgment or sentence of the court of common-pleas shall be affirmed.

ART. IV.

The governor and council are hereby erected and constituted a
superior court of civil jurisdiction (whereof in the absence of the
governor, and lieutenant governor, the chief justice shall be presi-
dent) for hearing and determining all appeals from the inferior
courts of civil jurisdiction within the province, in all cases where
the matter in dispute shall exceed the sum of ten pounds sterling, or
shall relate to the taking or demanding any duty payable to his
majesty; or to any fee of office, or annual rents, or other such like
matter or thing where the rights in future may be bound, though the
immediate sum or value appealed for, be less than ten pounds
sterling.

And any five members of the said council (the judges who shall
have given the judgment appealed from, excepted) with the governor,
lieutenant-governor, or chief justice, shall constitute a court for that
purpose, which shall sit the first monday in every month throughout
the year, and continue sitting each month as long as the business
before it may require.

And the said court of appeals shall have power to revise and
examine all the proceedings in the court below, and to correct all
errors both in fact and in law, and to give such judgment as the
court below ought to have given, and on such judgment to award
and issue such execution as the law shall direct.

ART V.

The judgment of the said court of appeals shall be final in all
cases where the matter in dispute shall not exceed the value of five
hundred pounds sterling: But in cases exceeding that value, an
appeal shall lie to his majesty in his privy council; provided security
be first duly given by the appellant that he will effectually prosecute
his appeal, and answer the condemnation, as also pay such costs and
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majesty's in council.

Other cases in which appeal shall be allowed to his majesty in council.

Judgments, sentences and executions of the courts of civil jurisdiction established since the 1st of May, 1775, confirmed. Subject to an appeal, &c.

Appeal from the judgments of all the courts heretofore established, to be prosecuted within 3 months.

Action undetermined in the civil courts to be transmitted to the court of common pleas.

All matters undetermined in any former court of appeals, to be transmitted to the court of governor and council.

damages as shall be awarded by his majesty in his privy council, in case the sentence of the said court of appeals shall be affirmed.

An appeal shall likewise lie to his majesty in his privy council from the judgment of the said court of appeals, in all cases where the matter in question shall relate to the taking or demanding any duty payable to his majesty, or to any fee of office, or annual rents, or other such like matter or thing where the rights in future may be bound, though the immediate sum or value appealed for, be less than five hundred pounds sterling.

And in all cases where appeal shall be allowed to his majesty in his privy council, execution shall be suspended until the final determination of such appeal; provided security be given as aforesaid.

ART. VI.

All judgments, sentences and executions of the courts of civil jurisdiction which it has been found necessary to establish since the first of May in the year 1775, are hereby ratified and confirmed; subject nevertheless to an appeal to the said court of appeals in matters exceeding the value of ten pounds sterling, and in cases where rights in future may be bound.

ART. VII.

Any party meaning to appeal from any judgment, either of the said last mentioned courts, or any of the courts of civil jurisdiction subsisting in the province before the first of May 1775, shall sue out the writ of appeal within three months after the publication of this ordinance; after which period the same will not be allowed.

ART. VIII.

All actions instituted in any of the courts of civil jurisdiction subsisting in the province before the first of May 1775, or in those established since the first of May 1775, and remaining undetermined therein, shall be transmitted to the courts of common pleas hereby established for the respective districts, to be proceeded upon to judgment as if the same had been commenced therein.

Also all matters remaining undetermined in any court of appeals heretofore subsisting in this Province, shall be forthwith transmitted to the court of appeals hereby established, to be proceeded therein to judgment and execution.

GUY CARLETON.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the Great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the twenty-fifth day of February, in the seventeenth year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

J: WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO
GEORGII III. REGIS.
CAP. II.
An ORDINANCE
To regulate the proceedings in the courts of civil judicature in the province of Quebec.

WHEREAS it is necessary for the ease and convenience of his majesty's subjects who may have actions to prosecute in the courts of civil judicature established in this province, that the mode of administering justice in the said courts should be clearly ascertained, and rendered as plain as possible,

It is therefore ordained and enacted by his excellency the captain-general and governor in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the same, THAT

ARTICLE I.

In all causes or matters of property exceeding the sum or value of ten pounds sterling upon a declaration presented to any one of the judges of the court of common-pleas, by any person setting forth the grounds of his complaint against a defendant, and praying an order to compel him to appear and answer thereto; such judge shall be, and hereby is empowered and required, in his separate district, to grant a writ of summons, in the language of the defendant, issuing forth in his majesty's name, tested and signed by one of the judges, and directed to the sheriff of the district, to summon the defendant to appear and answer the plaintiff's declaration, on some certain future day, regard being had to the distance of the defendant's abode from the place where the court sits: but if the judges, or any two of them, are satisfied by the affidavit of the plaintiff, or otherwise, that the defendant is indebted to him, and on the point of leaving the province, whereby the plaintiff might be deprived of his remedy against him, it shall be lawful for the said judges, or any two of them, to grant an attachment against the body of such defendant and hold him to bail, and in default of bail, to commit him to prison until the determination of the action against him. The declaration shall in all cases accompany the writ, and the plaintiff shall not be permitted to amend it, until the defendant shall have answered the matter therein contained, nor afterwards, without paying such reasonable costs as the court may ascertain.

ART. II.

Copies both of the writ of summons and the declaration shall be served on the defendant personally, or left at his house with some grown person there, otherwise the service shall be deemed insufficient.
ART. III.

If on the day of the return of the writ of summons, the defendant does not appear in person or by attorney (proof of such service being produced or made in court) the plaintiff shall obtain a default against the defendant; and if on calling over the action on the next weekly court day the defendant should still neglect to appear, without any good reason for such his neglect; the court, after hearing and receiving sufficient proof of the plaintiff's demand, shall cause their final judgment to be entered against the defendant, and shall award such costs thereupon as they shall think reasonable, and issue such execution as the law, according to the nature of the case, may direct.

ART. IV.

If the defendant appears at the return of the writ of summons, or, having made default on that day, pays such costs as the court may think reasonable, and appears on the next weekly court day after such return; he shall, either then or on such other day as he may obtain from the court, make his answer to the declaration, either in writing or verbally, as he thinks fit: provided that if his answer is verbal, the clerk of the court shall take down the substance thereof in writing, and preserve the same amongst the records of the court.

If the plaintiff does not appear, or appearing, does not prosecute his action, the same shall be dismissed with costs.

ART. V.

If upon the declaration and answer, or such further pleadings as the court may, if it thinks proper, permit or direct, the parties shall appear to differ essentially in their state of facts; the court shall ascertain, and order the clerk to take down in writing, such facts material to the decision of the cause as it will proceed to receive proof upon; and appoint a day for hearing and receiving such proof as the parties shall think proper to produce.

ART. VI.

In all cases where witnesses are produced, they shall be examined and cross examined, vivâ voce, in open court; unless some good reason is shewn to the judges from departing from this rule in particular cases.

The examinations of the witnesses shall be taken down in writing by the clerk, and filed among the records of the court.

ART. VII.

In proof of all facts concerning commercial matters, recourse shall be had, in all the courts of civil jurisdiction in the province, to the rules of evidence laid down by the English Law.

ART. VIII.

OF APPEALS.

The party meaning to appeal from any sentence or judgment of any of the courts of common-pleas, shall sue out a writ from the court of appeals, tested and signed by the governor, lieutenant gov-
error, or chief justice; stating that the appellant complains of being aggrieved by the judgment, and therefore commanding the judges of the inferior court, or any two of them, to send up the original papers and proceedings found in the records or registers of the court, concerning the same.

Such writ, when presented to any of the judges of the court below, shall be allowed by him, if the appellant has given the requisite security; and when allowed, the clerk of the court shall proceed to comply with the order of the writ; and the judges, or any two of them, shall make their return against the return day thereof.

ART. IX.

If the appellant does not within eight days after the return of the said writ, and the transmission of the proceedings, fyle his reasons of appeal; the appellee shall obtain a rule or order, that unless the appellant's reason of appeal are fyled in four days, the appeal will be dismissed. And if the said reasons of appeal are not fyled within four days after service of the said rule on the appellant or his agent, the appeal shall accordingly be dismissed, with costs.

ART. X.

Within eight days after the reasons of appeal are fyled, the appellee shall fyle his answer thereto; or if he neglects so to do, the appellant shall obtain a rule or order, that unless the appellee fyle his answers within four days, he will be precluded from fyling them after that period; and if his answers are not fyled within four days after service of such rule on the appellee or his agent, he shall accordingly be precluded from fyling them; and the court will proceed to hear the cause on the part of the appellant, and proceed to judgment therein without the intervention of the appellee.

ART. XI.

The said court of appeals nevertheless shall and may upon application made and good cause shewn by either of the parties (notice being given to the other) prolong the time allowed for fyling either the reasons of appeal or answers thereto: And in case the court shall not be sitting at the time when such reasons or answers ought regularly to be fyled, the party neglecting shall apply to the court at the next sitting thereof, and shew his reasons for such neglect; and if the court finds them insufficient, it will, as the case may be, either dismiss the appeal, or proceed to hear it without the intervention of the appellee, as above directed.

ART. XII.

When the reasons of appeal and the answers thereto are fyled, the court shall, on the application of either of the parties, fix on such convenient day for the hearing of the cause, as to it may seem proper.

ART. XIII.

If the writ of appeal is not allowed by one of the judges of the court below, and a copy thereof served on the appellee or his agent within fifteen days after any judgment given in the court of common-pleas, execution shall issue.
And no appeal shall be allowed or received from the court of common-pleas after the expiration of one year from the date of the judgment of such court.

ART. XIV.

OF EXECUTIONS.

The execution sued out from any of the courts of civil jurisdiction, shall be a writ issuing in the king's name, tested and signed, when issuing from the court of appeals, either by the governor, lieutenant governor, or chief justice; and when issuing from the court of common-pleas, by one of the judges of the court for the district in which it is given, directed to the sheriff of the district, setting forth the judgment of the court between the parties, and the kind of execution which the law, according as the case may be, shall direct, whether the same be to take the body, or to levy a sum of money out of any one's goods and chattels lands and tenements, or to do any special matter or thing whatever. The date of the judgment shall be indorsed on every writ of execution, and that indorsement signed by the judge.

ART. XV.

In all cases where execution shall issue against real and personal estates, the sheriff shall first dispose of the personal property, and if the proceeds thereof fall short of the amount of the judgment, the real estate, or so much thereof as will produce the amount, shall be sold for that purpose.

ART. XVI.

Where moveables shall be seized by the sheriff under an execution, he shall cause the seizure to be published at the church door of the parish, immediately after divine service, on the first Sunday succeeding such seizure; and at the same time cause to be proclaimed the day and place, when and where, he means to proceed to the sale thereof; provided that the place of sale shall be in the same parish in which the seizure is made.

ART. XVII.

When lands and tenements shall be seized by the sheriff under a writ of execution, he shall advertise the sale thereof three several times in the Quebec gazette, to be on some certain day after the expiration of four months from the date of the first advertisement; and proclaim the said sale at the church door of the parish in which the premises are situated, immediately after divine service, on the three sundays next preceding the sale; and cause a copy of the said advertisement to be fixed on the door of the parish church.

ART. XVIII.

If two or more writs of execution shall be issued upon judgments given the same day against the same defendant or defendants, and so marked on the writs, such executions shall have the same privilege, and be satisfied in the same proportions; and the sheriff or other person to whom such writs of execution shall be awarded,
receiving the same, is hereby authorized and commanded, after the sale of the whole of such defendant's real and personal estate, where the writ shall be awarded against both, in case the same should not be sufficient to satisfy the whole of such judgments, to pay over and divide the net produce of such sale or sales, after deducting his own costs and charges, amongst the several plaintiffs, in proportion to the amount of their respective judgments.

**ART. XIX.**

On every execution the sheriff shall be allowed all his disbursements, and shall be authorized to charge, over and above, at the rate of two and a half per cent. to be deducted out of the money he levies.

**ART. XX.**

*Proceedings in actions under ten pounds sterling.*

In matters either not exceeding or under ten pounds sterling, any person having a right of action against another, shall prepare, or procure from the clerk of the court of common-pleas, a declaration in the following form; viz.

**Declaration.**

"Quebec, \[day of \]—17—
"Montreal, "A. B—Plaintiff,
"C. D—Defendant,

"The plaintiff demands of the defendant the sum of
"due to the defendant for
"which said sum, though often demanded, still remains due there-
"fore the plaintiff prays judgment."

This declaration shall be filed by the clerk, who shall make a copy thereof, and at the foot of such copy write out a summons, in the language of the defendant, in the following form; viz.

"To C. D. the defendant in the above action,"

"You are hereby commanded and required to pay the plaintiff A. B."

"—the above mentioned sum of—together with—
"costs; or else, to appear in person, or by your agent, before me at
"the courthouse of the city of—Quebec, together with your wit-
"nesses, if you have any, on the—day of—; when the matter
"of complaint against you, as ascertained in the above declaration,
"will be heard and finally determined, otherwise judgment will be
"given against you by default.

E. F. judge of the court of common-pleas,"

This summons shall be signed by one of the judges of the court, and a copy thereof, and of the declaration, served on the defendant personally, or left at his dwelling-house, or ordinary place of residence, with some grown person there; and the person serving the same, shall inform the defendant, or such grown person, of the contents thereof.

If at the time mentioned in the summons the defendant does not appear (proof of the service thereof being produced in court) the judges, or any one of them, shall hear the cause on the part of the
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plaintiff, and make such order, decree, or judgment, and award such reasonable costs of suit, as to him or them shall appear agreeable to equity and good conscience.

But if the defendant does appear by himself or his agent, and the plaintiff or his agent does not appear; or appearing, does not prosecute; or prosecuting, fails in his action; the judge or judges shall dismiss the defendant with costs.

If the plaintiff makes good his charge against the defendant, the judge or judges shall give judgment accordingly, and award costs and execution; but the execution shall not issue till the next court day after judgment given.

The execution shall go against the moveables only of the defendant, which shall be seized by some person to be for that purpose appointed by the court, and sold by him in the manner mentioned in the sixteenth article of this ordinance.

But the execution shall contain an exception of the party’s beasts of the plough, implements of husbandry, tools of his trade, and one bed and bedding, unless his other goods and chattels shall prove insufficient; in which case, such beasts of the plough, implements of husbandry, and tools of his trade, shall be sold, but not the bed and bedding.

The judge or judges may, if they think proper, order the debt to be levied by instalments, provided the time allowed shall not exceed the space of three months from the day of issuing the execution.

ART. XXI.

In matters as well above, as of, or under the value of ten pounds sterling, if the defendant shall convey away or secrete his effects, an execution shall go against his person, to be taken and detained in prison, until he satisfies the judgment.

ART. XXII.

For the satisfaction of all judgments given in commercial matters between merchants, as well as of all debts due to merchants for goods, wares and mercantizes by them sold, execution shall issue, not only against the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the defendant, but also, in case they shall not produce the amount of the plaintiff’s demand, against his person, to be taken and conveyed into the prison of the district, and there detained, until he pays the amount of the judgment, or otherwise settles with and satisfies the plaintiff.

Provided that if the defendant, after remaining one month in prison, shall make application to the court, and make an affidavit that he is not worth ten pounds, the plaintiff shall pay to the defendant the sum of three shillings and six-pence weekly, for his maintenance, as long as he shall be detained in prison at the suit of the plaintiff. Such payment shall be made in advance, on monday in every week; in failure of which, the court, from whence the execution issued, shall order the defendant to be released; but the plaintiff shall not be obliged to make such payment, if he can prove to the satisfaction of the court, by which the defendant stands committed, that the defendant has secreted or conveyed away his effects to defraud his creditors.
ART. XXIII.

When any person against whom judgment shall be given in any of the courts of common-pleas, shall not have sufficient goods, chattels, lands or tenements to satisfy such judgment within the jurisdiction of the court wherein such judgment shall have been obtained; but shall have goods, chattels, lands or tenements within the jurisdiction of the other court of common-pleas: it shall be lawful for the judge or judges of the court wherein judgment shall have been obtained, to award execution to the sheriff of the other district, who, after getting the writ endorsed by one of the judges of the court for the district in which the goods, chattels, lands or tenements are situated, shall execute the same, and make return thereof to the court from which it issued; and such writ and return shall be by him sent to the sheriff of the district from whence the writ was originally awarded, to be delivered into the court that issued the same. The sheriff executing such writ shall be answerable for his doings, relative thereto, before the court from which it was originally awarded. And the judges of the court of common-pleas for the one district, may, in like manner, award execution against the body of a person residing in the other, in cases where such execution is by law allowed; and the sheriff executing the writ to him in such case directed, shall convey the body of such person into the prison of the district wherein such person shall be arrested.

ART. XXIV.

This ordinance, and the several provisions and matters therein contained, shall remain in force only during the space of two years from the publication thereof.

GUY CARLETON.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the Great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the twenty-fifth day of February, in the seventeenth year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

J: WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO
GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. III.

An ORDINANCE

For ascertaining damages on protested bills of exchange, and fixing the rates of interest in the province of Quebec.

It is enacted and ordained by his excellency the captain general and governor in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the same, THAT

ART. I.

All bills of exchange drawn by persons residing within this province, upon persons in Europe, or the West Indies, that may, after the publication hereof, return under protest; and all bills of exchange hereafter to be drawn, by persons residing here, on persons in Europe, or the West Indies, and returning protested; shall be subject to ten per cent. damages, and six per cent. per annum interest, upon the principal sum furnished here, from the day of the date of the protest, to the time of payment: which said principal sum shall be reimbursed to the holder of the bill, at the par of exchange, that is to say, at the rate of one hundred and eleven pounds and one ninth currency, for every one hundred pounds sterling.

ART. II.

All bills of exchange drawn by persons residing within this province, on persons in any of the colonies on the continent of America, that shall, after the publication hereof, return under protest; and all bills of exchange hereafter to be drawn here, on persons residing in the said colonies, and returning protested; shall be subject to four per cent. damages, and six per cent. per annum interest, upon the principal sum furnished here, from the day of the date of the protest, to the time of payment.

ART. III.

All bills, orders, or mandates drawn, after the publication hereof, by persons residing in this province, on persons living in the same, and notes of hand given in the province; if protested for non-payment, shall be subject to six per cent. per annum interest, from the date of the protest to the time of payment: excepting only that such bills, orders, or mandates, when drawn in or upon any place beyond the Long Sault on the Ottawa river, or beyond Oswegatché, in the upper parts of the province, or in or upon any place below Cape Cat on the south side, and the Seven Islands on the north side of the river Saint Laurence, shall be subject, when protested, to four per cent damages, besides the said interest of six per cent. per annum.
ART. IV.

In all the said cases of protest, the expense of noting and protesting the bill, and the postages thereby incurred, shall be allowed and paid to the holder, over and above the said interest and damages.

ART. V.

From and after the publication of this ordinance, it shall not be lawful, upon any contract, to take, directly or indirectly, for loan of any monies, wares, merchandize, or other commodities whatsoever, above the value of six pounds, for the forbearance of one hundred pounds for a year, and so, after that rate, for a greater or lesser sum or value, or for a longer or shorter time; and the said rate of interest shall be allowed and recovered, in all cases where it is the agreement of the parties that interest shall be paid; and all bonds, contracts, and assurances whatsoever, whereupon or whereby a greater interest shall be reserved and taken, shall be utterly void; and every person who shall, either directly or indirectly, take, accept, and receive a higher rate of interest, shall forfeit and lose, for every such offence, treble the value of the monies, wares, merchandize, and other things lent or bargained for; to be recovered by action of debt in any of the courts of Common-Pleas in this province; a moiety of which forfeiture shall be to his majesty, and the other moiety to him or them that will sue for the same.

GUY CARLETON.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the Great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the fourth day of March, in the seventeenth year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

J: WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO

GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. IV.

An ORDINANCE

For regulating the markets of the towns of Quebec and Montreal.

IT is ordained and enacted by his excellency the captain general and governor in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the same, THAT
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All provisions and provender to be carried to the market places.

penalty on hucksters, &c., buying on the road to market.
penalty on any other person.
penalty for preventing any person to bring provisions to market, &c.

No huckster, &c., to buy to sell again, before 10 o'clock in summer and 12 in winter.

Penalty.

Provisions and provender brought in sloops, &c., may be sold on board, giving notice.
penalty on persons purchasing before such notice.
penalty on hucksters, &c., purchasing within 3 hours after such notice.
Provisions coming in canoes, to be carried to the market places.

All bad meat, or fish, or other provision to be forfeited.

I.

From and after the publication of this ordinance, all kinds of live stock (horned cattle excepted) and all kinds of provision and provender whatsoever, which shall be brought to the towns of Quebec and Montreal for sale, shall be carried to the public market places of these towns, and there exposed; and if any butcher, huckster, or other person buying to sell again, shall buy or contract for, or cause to be bought or contracted for, any kind of provision or provender in the road, or in the street, coming to market, such butcher, huckster, or other person buying to sell again, shall, for every such offence, forfeit the sum of five pounds; and any person who does not buy to sell again, shall, if guilty of the said offence, forfeit the sum of twenty shillings: And if any person whatsoever shall dissuade or deter any person from bringing any kind of provision or provender to market, or from selling the same when brought to market, or shall persuade any person to enhance the price of such provision or provender; such person, so offending therein, shall forfeit the sum of five pounds.

ART. II.

No butcher, huckster, or other person buying to sell again, shall, on any pretence, purchase or contract for, or cause to be purchased or contracted for, any kind of provision or provender brought to the market of either of the said towns, before the hour of ten in the forenoon, from the first day of May to the thirtieth day of September, nor before the hour of twelve at noon, from the first day of October to the thirtieth day of April; under a penalty on such butcher, huckster, or other person buying to sell again, before the said hours, of five pounds for every such offence.

ART. III.

Any person bringing live stock, or any other kind of provision or provender, to either of the said towns, in schooners, sloops, or other such like craft, shall be at liberty to sell the same on board, an hour after notice shall have been given to the inhabitants of the town, by the bellman; any person purchasing any of the above articles, on board, before the said notice shall have been given, shall forfeit the sum of twenty shillings; and no butcher, or other person buying to sell again, shall purchase such provision or provender, until three hours after such notice, under a penalty of five pounds for every such offence.

ART. IV.

All provisions coming to either of the said towns in canoes, shall be carried to the market place, and there exposed to sale; and any person purchasing such provision before the same shall be brought to the market place, shall forfeit twenty shillings.

ART. V.

All blown meat, and meat fraudulently or deceitfully set off, all veal under three weeks old, and all tainted meat, fish, or other provisions whatever, shall be forfeited; to be disposed of, in such manner as the commissioner of the peace, to whom complaint shall be made, may direct.
ART. VI.

Any person who shall take, or attempt to take, forcibly, and at an arbitrary price, any commodity brought to market, shall forfeit the sum of ten shillings.

ART. VII.

All penalties and forfeitures incurred by offences against this ordinance, shall be recovered by information before any one commissioner of the peace, who shall hear and determine the same in a summary manner, upon the oath of one credible witness (being some other than the informer) and shall cause the sum forfeited, together with the costs of suing for the same, to be levied by a warrant under his hand to seize and sell the goods of the offender; one half of such forfeitures (except in the case of the fifth article) shall belong to his majesty the king, and the other half to the informer. And it shall be lawful for any commissioner of the peace, to convict any person, guilty of any offence against this ordinance, on his own view of such offence; in which case, the whole forfeiture (except in the case mentioned in the fifth article) shall belong to his said majesty.

All prosecutions for offences against this ordinance, shall be begun within fifteen days from the commission of the offence.

GUY CARLETON.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the Great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the fourth day of March, in the seventeenth year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

J: WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO

GEORGHII III. REGIS.

CHAP. V.

An ORDINANCE

For establishing courts of criminal jurisdiction in the province of Quebec.

It is ordained and enacted by his excellency the captain general and governor in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the same, THAT

ART. I.

There shall be, and hereby is erected, constituted, and established for the province at large, a supreme court of criminal justice and
jurisdiction, to be called and known by the name of the Court of King's Bench, for the cognizance of all pleas of the crown, and for the trial of manner of offences whatsoever. The said court shall be held before the Chief Justice of the province, or commissioners that may be appointed for executing the office of Chief Justice, for the time being; who shall hear and determine the said pleas of the crown, and all manner of offences whatsoever, according to the laws of England, and the ordinances of the governor and legislative council of the province.

And for the speedy administration of justice, and the preventing long imprisonments, there shall be held, in every year, four sessions of the said court of King's Bench, whereof two sessions shall be held at the city of Quebec, and the other two at the city of Montreal, at the times hereafter following, to wit, at the city of Quebec, on the first Tuesday of May, and the first Tuesday of November; and at the city of Montreal, on the first Monday of March, and the first Monday of September, in every year: But nothing herein contained shall extend to prevent the governor, lieutenant governor, or commander in chief, for the time being, to issue commissions of Oyer and Terminer and Goal Delivery, at any other time or times, when he may think it necessary and expedient so to do.

**ART. II.**

In each of the districts of Quebec and Montreal, there shall be held and kept, four times in every year, a court of general quarter sessions of the peace, by the commissioners of the peace, of each respective district, or so many of them, as are, or shall be limited in the commission of the peace; who shall hear and determine all matters, relative to the conservation of the peace, and whatsoever is by them cognizable, according to the laws of England, and the ordinances of the governor and legislative council of the province. The said sessions for the district of Quebec, shall be held at the city of Quebec, and the said sessions for the district of Montreal, shall be held at the city of Montreal, on the days hereafter following, to wit, on the second Tuesdays of the months of January, April, July and October in every year.

And two of the said commissioners of the peace shall sit weekly, in rotation, in the cities of Quebec and Montreal, for the better regulation of the police, and other matters and things belonging to their office; and the names of the commissioners, who are to sit in each week, shall be posted up on the door of the sessions house, by the clerk of the peace, two days before their respective sittings.

**ART. III.**

As the great extent of this province may render it often impracticable for the coroner of the district, to give his attendance at the different places where it might be necessary; the captains of militia shall be, and hereby are empowered, in their respective parishes, when any marks of violence appear on any dead body, to summon together six reputable householders of his parish, to inspect the same; and he shall, according to their opinion, report the manner and cause of such death, in writing, to the nearest commissioner of the peace, that a further examination may be made therein, if necessary.
ART. IV.

And as great inconveniencies might arise from the want of peace officers in different parts of the province, the said captains of militia shall be, and hereby are empowered to arrest any person, guilty of any breach of the peace, or any criminal offence, within their respective parishes, and to convey, or cause to be conveyed such person before the nearest commissioner of the peace, to be dealt with according to law.

GUY CARLETON.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the Great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the fourth day of March, in the seventeenth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

J: WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO

GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. VI.

An ORDINANCE

Declaring what shall be deemed a due publication of the ordinances of the province.

It is ordained and enacted by his excellency the captain general and governor in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the same, THAT the printing and publishing of any ordinance of this province in the Quebec Gazette shall be deemed a sufficient publication thereof; and all ordinances heretofore published as aforesaid, are declared to have been thereby duly published.

GUY CARLETON.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the Great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis in the city of Quebec, the fourth day of March, in the seventeenth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, King defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven.

By His Excellency’s Command,

J: WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO
GEORGII III. REGIS.
CHAP. VII.

An ORDINANCE

To prevent the selling of strong liquors to the Indians in the province of Quebec, as also to deter persons from buying their arms or cloathing and for other purposes relative to the trade and intercourse with the said Indians.

Whereas many mischiefs may be occasioned by the practice of selling rum and other strong liquors to the Indians, and of buying their cloaths and arms, and also by trading with the said Indians, or settling amongst them, without a license, it is ordained and enacted by his excellency the captain general and governor in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the same, that

ART. I.

From and after the publication of this ordinance, no person or persons whatsoever shall sell, distribute, or otherwise dispose of, to any Indian or Indians within this province, or to any other person or persons for their use, any rum or other strong liquors, of what kind or quality soever, or shall knowingly or willingly suffer the same, in any manner, to come to the hands of any Indian or Indians, without a special license in writing, for that purpose first had and obtained, from the governor, lieutenant governor, or commander in chief of this province for the time being, or from his majesty’s agents or superintendents for Indian affairs, or from his majesty’s commandants of the different forts in this province, or from such other person or persons as the governor, lieutenant governor, or commander in chief of the province for the time being, shall authorise for that purpose.

Every person offending herein shall, for the first offence, forfeit the sum of five pounds, and suffer an imprisonment for any time not exceeding one month, and for the second, and every subsequent offence, shall forfeit ten pounds, and suffer an imprisonment for any time not exceeding two months.

If the person so offending, be a publican, inkeeper, or retailer of strong liquors, he shall, over and above the said penalty and imprisonment, be rendered incapable, from the day of his conviction, of selling or retailing liquors to any person whatsoever, notwithstanding any licence that he may have for that purpose, which licence is hereby declared to be null and void from the day of his conviction.

ART. II.

From and after the publication of this ordinance, no person or persons whatsoever shall purchase, or receive in pledge, or in
under a penalty of £5 and 1 month's imprisonment for the 1st offence and £10 and 2 month's imprisonment for the 2d.

No person to settle in any Indian country or village without a licence, under a penalty of £10 for the 1st offence and £20 for the 2d.

Manner of inflicting and levying the said penalties. Prosecution to be within 6 calendar months.

exchanged, any cloaths, blankets, firearms, or ammunition belonging to any Indian or Indians within this province, under a penalty of five pounds and imprisonment for any time not exceeding one month, for the first offence, and of ten pounds and imprisonment for any time not exceeding two months, for the second, and every other subsequent offence.

ART. III.

From and after the publication of this ordinance, it shall not be lawful for any person to settle in any Indian village or in any Indian country within this province, without a licence in writing from the governor, lieutenant governor, or commander in chief of the province for the time being, under a penalty of ten pounds for the first offence, and twenty pounds for the second, and every other subsequent offence.

ART. IV.

It shall and may be lawful for any person or persons whatsoever, to sue for the penalties and forfeitures aforesaid, by information before one or more of the commissioners of the peace of the district, in which any offence against any of the above articles of this ordinance, shall have been committed; who is, and are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine such information, in a summary manner, and upon the oath of one credible witness (being some other than the informer himself) and to inflict the said imprisonment, and to levy the said penalties or forfeitures, together with the costs of suing for the same, by a warrant to seize and sell the goods or lands of the offenders. Provided always that such informations shall be brought within six calendar months from the time that the offence shall have been committed, and not after.

ART. V.

From and after the publication of this ordinance, no person shall, under any pretence whatever, send or carry any goods, wares, merchandize, or provisions, for the purpose of trading, above the foot of the Long Fall on the River Outawais, or than St. Regis on the Iroquois River, or into any other parts of the province upon lands not granted by his majesty, without a pass or permit in writing for the same, to be signed by the governor, lieutenant governor, or commander in chief of the province for the time being, under a penalty of fifty pounds; which shall and may be sued for, at any time within the space of twelve calendar months from the time of committing the offence, but not after, by information before any two or more commissioners of the peace, who are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine such information, in a summary manner, and upon the oath of one credible witness (being some other than the informer himself) and to levy the said penalty, and the costs of suing for the same, by a warrant to seize and sell the goods and lands of the offenders, and for want of goods or lands whereon to levy the same, to commit the offender or offenders to the common goal, there to remain, without bail or mainprize, until the said penalty and costs shall be paid and satisfied, or the party otherwise discharged by due course of law.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

And further it shall and may be lawful for any person, having a warrant for that purpose under the hand and seal of any one commissioner of the peace, or of any of his majesty's commandants of the different posts or forts in this province, at present established, or hereafter to be established, who are hereby authorized and required to issue such warrant or warrants, to seize all such goods, wares, merchandize, or provisions as may be carried beyond the said limits, contrary to the directions of this ordinance; and all and every the boats, battoes, canoes, or other carriages whatsoever made use of in the transporting or conveyance of such goods, wares, merchandize, or provisions; together with the apparel and furniture of such boats, battoes, or canoes, and the horses or cattle belonging to such carriages; and to proceed against the same by information, within the space of six months, in manner herein before mentioned, before any two or more commissioners of the peace, who are hereby authorized and required to determine the same in manner aforesaid: and in case of condemnation, where no appeal shall be made from the same, or where no security shall be given for prosecuting any appeal in the manner herein after directed, or where, on such appeal, the said sentence of condemnation shall be confirmed, to cause the whole of the said seizure to be sold, and the moneys arising therefrom, after deducting all reasonable charges, to be divided as herein after directed.

If the owner or owners of any such goods, wares, merchandizes, or provisions so seized, or the person or persons intrusted with the same, shall give good and sufficient security for producing the same, or paying or accounting for the value of them, in case of condemnation, such owner or owners, person or persons intrusted as aforesaid, shall recover the possession of all such goods so seized.

All commandants of posts, not being commissioners of the peace, are hereby required to send such security, together with all informations and papers relative to such seizure, and for want of such security, to send the goods, wares, merchandizes, provisions, boats, battoes, canoes, or other carriages so seized, together with a certificate of the cause of seizure, to the commissioners of the peace residing nearest the place where such seizure shall be made, who shall proceed therein in manner herein before mentioned.

ART. VI.

If any person or persons shall think him or themselves aggrieved by the judgment or determination of the said commissioners of the peace, it shall and may be lawful for such person or persons to appeal therefrom, at any time within twelve months from the time of giving such judgment or determination, to the governor and council of this province, any five or more of whom (the commissioners of the peace who shall have given such judgment or determination only excepted) with the governor, lieutenant-governor, or chief justice, shall constitute a court of appeals for that purpose; who are hereby authorized fully to examine into the grounds and nature of the appeal, and the judgment or determination of the said commissioners of the peace to reverse, or affirm, according to the opinion of the major part of the said court of appeals:—and in case the same shall be reversed, the
appellant shall be restored to all that he has lost by such seizure and condemnation, and be allowed such costs and charges as the said court shall award and adjudge.

But no person shall be intitled to such appeal, unless he shall have first given good and sufficient security for prosecuting the same, and paying all such condemnation money and costs, as shall be awarded by the court of appeals, in case the judgment and determination of the commissioners of the peace shall be affirmed.

Upon such security so given, the levying of the penalty, and the sale of the goods, wares, merchandizes, boats, battoes, canoes, or other carriages seized, shall be suspended, and be made to abide the final determination and judgment of the court of appeals.

**ARTICLE VII.**

All penalties and forfeitures recovered by virtue of this ordinance, shall be divided and applied in the manner following, that is to say, after deducting the charges of prosecution from the gross produce thereof, one moiety of the net proceeds shall be paid into the hands of the receiver general of this province, for the use of the king's majesty, and the other moiety to the person or persons who shall seize inform and sue for the same.

**GUY CARLETON.**

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the Great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the twenty-ninth day of March, in the seventeenth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven.

By His Excellency's Command.

**J: WILLIAMS, C. L. C.**

**ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO GEORGH III. REGIS.**

**CHAP. VIII.**

**An ORDINANCE**

For regulating the militia of the province of Quebec, and rendering it of more general utility, towards the preservation and security thereof.

WHEREAS his excellency the captain general and governor in chief of this province is, by virtue of his majesty's commission under the Great Seal of Great-Britain, empowered to levy, arm, muster, command, and employ all persons within the province, and, as occasion shall serve, them to march or transport from one place to another, for the purpose of resisting and withstanding of all enemies, pirates, and rebels, both by land and by water; which commission, in
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the absence of the captain general, the lieutenant governor, or commander in chief, for the time being, is authorized to execute:—and whereas the well ordering and training of the said militia, may hereafter be of great use towards preserving and securing the province from all hostile invaders thereof, BE IT ENACTED by the captain general and governor in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the same, THAT

ART. I.

All persons, as well in the towns as in the country, from the age of sixteen years to sixty, are bound to serve in the militia of that parish, wherein they reside; and from and after the publication of the present ordinance, every person (excepting such as are herein after excepted) refusing to serve, or neglecting to get himself inrolled under the officers appointed by his excellency the captain general or governor in chief, in the different parishes, shall forfeit five pounds; and upon a second refusal, he shall, over and above a like forfeiture of five pounds for such second refusal, be rendered incapable of keeping by him or bearing any fire-arm whatsoever, under the like penalty of five pounds, and one months imprisonment, for every time he shall be convicted of having used or kept such fire-arm.

ART. II.

Every militia man, whose conduct or behaviour proves unworthy of, or dishonorable to the corps, shall be expelled therefrom, and in like manner rendered incapable of keeping by him, or using any fire-arm, under the penalties mentioned in the foregoing article; and as well those who have refused or neglected to enroll themselves, as those who are expelled therefrom, shall furnish sleighs and other carriages for the king’s service, when called upon, in a double proportion to their neighbours of the same parish, doing duty as militia men readily and cheerfully, and for half the price; PROVIDED ALWAYS that, after the expiration of one year, any person, who has committed any of the above recited offences, and suffered the penalties directed by this and the foregoing articles, upon making his submission to the captain of militia, in the presence of the most reputable inhabitants of the parish, at the church door, on a sunday or some other feast day, shall, after report has been made thereof to the colonel of militia of the district, and being approved by the captain general, or in his absence, the lieutenant governor, or commander in chief, for the time being, be restored to the corps, intitled to the privileges thereof, and act therein, as if no such offence had been committed.

ART. III.

The captain or captains of militia in every parish, shall, twenty days after the publication of the present ordinance, or sooner, if it can be done, transmit to the colonels of militia, or inspectors when such shall be appointed, for the respective districts, an account of the number of officers and militia men fit for service in their respective companies; as also a list of such as may have refused to inroll themselves, or disobeyed the orders of their superior officers:
and hereafter such lists, as well as of any alterations that may have
happened within the last twelve-month, are to be transmitted by the
captains to the colonels of militia, or inspectors when such shall be
appointed, by the tenth or fifteenth of March in every year at farthest.

ART. IV.

No person belonging to a particular company of militia, shall
leave his usual residence, whereby he became subject thereto, without
giving due notice to his captain or commanding officer, and
of the place where he intends to settle; and every person, so settling
in another parish, shall give notice thereof to the captain or com-
manding officer of the parish wherein he settles, under a penalty of
forty shillings for the first offence, and for the second, the like sum
and one month's imprisonment.

ART. V.

Upon the two last sundays in the month of June, and the two
first in July, the captains or commanding officers of the militia, sha
draw out their companies in the most convenient place of their
respective parishes, in order to inspect their arms, fire at marks, and
instruct them in their duties; and such as disobey, and do not appear
on such training days, or at such other times as the colonels of
militia, inspectors, or other persons authorized to review or exercise
them, by special orders from the captain general, or, in his absence,
the lieutenant governor, or commander in chief, for the time being,
shall direct, are to forfeit ten shillings for every offence, except they
shall have first asked and obtained leave of absence, on shewing
reasonable cause for the same.

ART. VI.

In time of war, rebellion, or when any other pressing exigency
of the state requires it, such number of officers, serjeants, and militia-
men, as the governor, lieutenant governor, or commander in chief,
for the time being, thinks fit to direct, shall be drawn out of the
different companies, marched from their respective parishes, to such
place as they shall be ordered to, and serve, tho' still as militia, in
conjunction with his majesty's forces, under the guidance and super-
intendence of the officers whom the commander in chief shall be
pleased to appoint for that purpose; and at the end of the campaign,
or of the service they were ordered upon, shall return to their own
homes, but not before they have been regularly dismissed from the
same; any person refusing to obey such order, absconding, or not re-
pairing to the place he is ordered to, shall incur double the penalties
indicted by the first article of this ordinance; and any one quitting
the service, when so embodied, before he is discharged therefrom,
shall moreover be expelled the corps, and never allowed to re-enter
the same: And any person buying or purchasing arms, ammunition,
or equipments, delivered out of his majesty's stores to the militia,
when embodied, or any ammunition, furnished out of the said stores,
for training and exercising the said militia, shall incur a penalty of
five pounds for every such offence, to be recovered upon the oath of
one credible witness, before any one commissioner of the peace in the
district where such offence has been committed.
ART. VII.

All inhabitants above the age of sixty, and having one servant, as well as all others holding lands en roture, and not exempted therefrom by this ordinance, shall, when ordered by government, and called upon by the captains of the militia, in rotation, furnish carts, sleighs, or other carriages for the king’s service, at such price per day, as shall be fixed upon by the commander in chief; and any who shall neglect or refuse to furnish the same, or shall desert or quit that service, without being duly discharged therefrom, shall likewise incur the penalties directed by the first article.

ART. VIII.

The captains and other officers of militia not paying due obedience to their superiors, or who shall be convicted of having acted with partiality, of exempting some, without being properly authorized so to do, or ordering others out of their turn, out of pique or resentment, shall be deprived of their commissions, and obliged to serve as private militia-men.

ART. IX.

The captains and other officers of militia, shall take up all deserters, whether soldiers or sailors, all stragglers and other persons, travelling through their respective parishes, suspected of being emissaires from, conveying intelligence to, or corresponding with the rebellious colonies, all persons spreading false reports to the detriment of government, and persons leaving the province without a pass from the captain general, or, in his absence, the lieutenant governor, or commander in chief, for the time being; and any person, either in town or country, lodging or concealing such deserters, stragglers, or suspected persons as above, or aiding and assisting any person leaving the province without a pass, without giving immediate notice thereof to the captains of their respective companies in the country, and if in the towns of Quebec, Montreal, and Trois Rivieres, to the colonels or commanding officers, or other officers appointed for that purpose, shall for the first offence, if inhabitants of the towns, forfeit ten pounds, and be imprisoned one month; if residing in the country, shall forfeit five pounds, and be imprisoned for the same time; and double the sum, and double the time of imprisonment, for the second, and every other subsequent offence of the like nature.

ART. X.

In all cases where the manner of prosecuting for the penalties inflicted by this ordinance has not been directed; where the fine imposed does not exceed the sum of forty shillings, any one field officer of the militia, or inspector when such officer shall be appointed, of the district wherein the offence shall have been committed, being a commissioner of the peace; and where the penalty exceeds the sum of forty shillings, or directs the imprisonment of the offender, any two field officers, or one field officer and inspector, as before, belonging to the district in which the offence shall have been committed, being commissioners of the peace, or any other two commissioners of the peace for that district; is and are hereby authorized, upon infor-
Appeal in certain cases to the governor and council.

Persons exempted from serving in the militia, &c.

Proviso.

This ordinance to be in force for 2 years.

Mention laid before them, to take cognizance of, and hear in a summary manner, all offences committed against the intent and meaning of this ordinance, to inflict the penalties, and levy the fines, by warrant under his or their hands and seals, and all monies arising therefrom, to be by him or them transmitted to the receiver-general of the province, and applied, as other public monies, to his majesty's use; subject nevertheless, in cases where the penalty is of, or exceeds ten pounds, and where the party offending is to be imprisoned for more than one month, or to be expelled the militia, to an appeal before the governor, or in his absence, the lieutenant-governor, or commander in chief, for the time being, and any five members of his majesty's council (the commissioners of the peace who shall have heard the same and given judgment therein only excepted) who are hereby appointed a court of appeals for that purpose, and authorized to hear and finally to determine the same.

ART. XI.

The members of his majesty's council, judges, and other officers of civil government, the seigneors, stiled here seigneurs primitifs, the noblesse, so acknowledged under the antient government of the country, half pay or reduced officers, clergy, students of the seminaries of Quebec and Montreal, and persons employed in offices of public utility, are exempted from serving in the militia or furnishing carriages; Provided always that nothing in this ordinance contained, be construed to exempt the seigneurs, or noblesse, from rendering such personal services as are agreeable to the antient usage, and to which they are bound by the tenure of their lands, whenever the governor, or in his absence, the lieutenant governor, or commander in chief, for the time being, shall judge it necessary to call upon them for the same.

This ordinance to be in force for two years, and to the end of the session of the legislative council of this province, which will be held in the year one thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine.

GUY CARLETON.

Enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the Great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the twenty-ninth day of March, in the seventeenth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, King defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO
GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. IX.

An ORDINANCE

For regulating the currency of the province.

IN order to ascertain the value of the different coins usually passing in this province, and to prevent the same from being falsified or impaired, It is ordained and enacted by his excellency the captain general and governor in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the same, THAT

ART. I.

The following species of coins shall pass current throughout this province, at and after the rates herein after mentioned,—that is to say,

GOLD.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dwts</th>
<th>Gr</th>
<th>£</th>
<th>s</th>
<th>d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Johannes of Portugal, weighing</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Moidore</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Doubloon or four Pistole piece</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Guinea</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Louis d’Or</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

paying two-pence one farthing for every grain of gold under weight.

SILVER.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>£</th>
<th>s</th>
<th>d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Spanish Dollar</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The british Crown</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The French crown or piece of six livres tournois</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The French piece or four livres ten sols tournois</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The British shilling</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The French piece of twenty four sols tournois</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Pistereen</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The French piece of thirty six sols tournois</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

And all the higher or lower denominations of the said gold and silver coins, shall pass current in their due proportions. And the said species of coins or any of them, at the said rates, shall be deemed a legal tender in payment of all debts whatever.

ART. II.

If any person whatsoever shall, after the publication of this ordinance, for lucre or gain, by any art, ways, or means, clip, wash, round, file, impair, diminish, or falsify, or cause to be clipped, washed, rounded, filed, impaired, diminished, or falsified, any coin passing
current in this province (other than the current coin of Great Britain, whereof the clipping, washing, rounding, filing, impairing, diminishing, or falsifying, is declared to be high treason by the criminal laws of England, now in force in this province) such person offending therein, shall and may be indicted for every such offence, at any time within six months after it is committed, at any Quarter or General Sessions of the peace, for the district in which the offender shall be found, or in any other court of criminal jurisdiction in the province; and being thereof legally convicted, shall be fined one hundred pounds for every offence; the prosecutor shall be intitled to receive fifty pounds out of the said fine, and the remainder thereof shall belong to our sovereign Lord the King.

If any person so offending, shall discover any other person so offending, so that such person be thereupon convicted, the person so discovering shall be discharged and indemnified from the penalty by reason of any such offence, if such person so discovering hath not been before convicted thereof, and shall be admitted as an evidence to prove the same.

ART. III.

If any person shall, after the publication of this ordinance, make, coin, or counterfeit, or cause to be made, coined, or counterfeited, any brass or copper money of any species or denomination, or shall import, or cause to be imported into the province, any false or counterfeit copper money, in order to sell or pass away the same; such person shall, for every such offence, forfeit the sum of twenty pounds, which shall be recovered by information, before two or more commissioners of the peace, who shall hear and determine such information in a summary manner, and upon the oath of one credible witness (being some other than the informer) and shall cause the said sum to be levied by warrant of distress out of the offender’s goods; and of the said sum, one half shall belong to his majesty, and the other half to the informer.

ART. IV.

No person shall be obliged to receive at any one payment, above the value of one shilling in copper money.

GUY CARLETON.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the Great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis in the city of Quebec, the twenty-ninth day of March, in the seventeenth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, King defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven.

By His Excellency’s Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO
GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. X.

An ORDINANCE

Concerning bakers of bread in the towns of Quebec and Montreal.

Preamble.

To prevent the frauds and abuses that might be committed by persons carrying on the business of baking and selling bread, it is ordained and enacted by his excellency the captain general and governor in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the same, THAT

ART. I.

From and after the first day of May next, no person whatsoever shall bake and sell bread in either of the towns of Quebec and Montreal, or the suburbs thereof, without having first entered into a recognizance to the king's majesty, in the sum of twenty pounds, with two sureties in the sum of ten pounds each, to keep and observe the regulations, relative to the assize and weight of bread, that shall be made by the commissioners of the peace of the district in which such baker shall dwell, by virtue of the power herein after given to the said commissioners; and also to continue to bake and sell bread, during a certain reasonable time, to be mentioned in the said recognizance, which shall not be less than one year, without intermitting their said trade for the space of three days together; this recognizance shall be taken by any two commissioners of the peace of the district in which such baker shall propose to follow his trade, in one of the weekly sessions of the said commissioners; and the clerk of the peace shall have a fee of two shillings and six-pence, and no more, for making out the said recognizance.

And if any person shall, after the said time, bake and sell bread in either of the said towns or suburbs, without having first entered into such a recognizance; such person shall forfeit five pounds for every offence, which shall be recovered by the clerk of the peace of the district in which such offence shall have been committed, if the said clerk of the peace shall sue for the same within one month after the commission of the offence; and if the said clerk of the peace shall neglect to sue for the same within the space of three months after commission of the said offence; and the said penalty shall be sued for, by information before any two commissioners of the peace, of the district in which such offence shall have been committed, who shall hear and determine the same in a summary manner, on the oaths of two credible witnesses (neither
of whom shall be the informer himself) and shall levy the said penalty, together with the costs of suing for the same, by warrant under their hands to seize and sell the goods of the offender, one moiety of such penalty shall belong to the king’s majesty, and the other half to the clerk of the peace, or other informer, who shall sue for the same.

Any person convicted in this manner, and thinking himself aggrieved by such conviction, shall be at liberty to appeal to the next general quarter sessions of the peace; provided he first deposits the penalty and costs in the hands of one of the commissioners of the peace before whom he shall have been convicted, to be by such commissioner paid to the uses above-mentioned, if the conviction is confirmed, and to the appellant, if it is reversed. If the conviction is confirmed, the commissioners, in their general quarter sessions, shall order the costs, the informer shall have been put to by the appeal, to be levied upon the goods and chattels of the appellant; and if the conviction is reversed, it shall be lawful for them to adjudge to the appellant, the reasonable costs he shall have been put to, in the whole course of the prosecution, or such part of such costs as they shall think proper, and to order the same to be levied out of the goods of the person who shall have brought the said information.

**ART. II.**

If any baker, who shall have entered into any such recognizance as is above-mentioned, shall intermit his trade of baking and selling bread for the space of three days together, or shall commit any offence against the regulations that shall be made by the commissioners of the peace, concerning the assize and weight of bread, or shall do anything, whereby the money specified in the said recognizance shall become forfeited, the money so forfeited shall be sued for by the clerk of the peace of the district in which such offender dwells, before the commissioners of the peace of such district, in their next general quarter sessions of the peace, after such offence shall have been committed, and if he fails to sue for it at the said next general court of quarter sessions, then it may be sued for and recovered by any other person in the province, in the ensuing quarter sessions of the peace for the said district, that is, in the second quarter sessions of the peace after the commission of the offence; and the said money so forfeited, may be sued for and recovered by the said clerk of the peace, or other person, by information before the said commissioners, in their said sessions: and the said commissioners are hereby authorized and required, to hear and determine the said information, in a summary manner, and upon the oaths of two credible witnesses; and if upon such information, the defendant shall be convicted by the said commissioners of having committed such offence, they shall order the said sum of twenty pounds, together with the costs of suing for the same, to be levied upon the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of the said offender; and if sufficient goods and chattels, lands and tenements, belonging to the said offender, cannot be found by the sheriff, or other ministerial officer, to produce the said sum, the said commissioners shall, in such case, summon the two sureties of the said offender, to come before them in their quarter sessions, and show cause why they should not pay the said sum of ten pounds each, or so much thereof, as is necessary to increase the sum levied upon the goods and chattels, lands and tene-
mements of the offender, to twenty pounds; and for want of any good and sufficient cause, the commissioners of the peace, either in the same or in the next following quarter sessions, shall make another order to the said sheriff, or other ministerial officer, to seize and sell so much of the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of the said sureties, as shall be sufficient to increase the sum already raised upon the offender himself, to twenty pounds; taking care, as much as may be, to raise an equal sum on each surety; and of the said sum of twenty pounds, so forfeited and levied, one half shall belong to the said clerk of the peace, or other informer, together with the costs above-mentioned, and the other half shall belong to the king's majesty, and shall be paid into the hands of the receiver general of his majesty's revenue in this province: and if, upon hearing the said information, the said commissioners shall acquit the defendant, and they shall be of opinion that the said information is frivolous, and brought without any appearance of reason; it shall be lawful for them to award to the baker, who shall have been so informed against, and acquitted, his reasonable costs, or such part thereof as they shall think fit, and to order the same to be levied upon the goods and chattels of the clerk of the peace or other person who shall have brought the said frivolous and groundless information.

ART. III.

If any baker shall bake and sell any bread under the weight established by the commissioners of the peace, or shall bake and sell any bread made of unwholesome or adulterated flour; such baker shall for every offence forfeit the sum of forty shillings, one half of which shall belong to the king's majesty, and the other half to the person who shall sue for the same, by information before any one commissioner of the peace, of the district in which such offence shall have been committed, who shall hear and determine such information in a summary manner, upon the oath of one credible witness (being some other than the informer) and shall levy the sum so forfeited, together with the costs of suing for the same, by a warrant in writing under his hand, to seize and sell the goods of the offender.

ART. IV.

Every baker shall mark his or her bread with the initial letters of his or her christian name, and surname, under the penalty of forfeiting all such bread, as shall be found without such mark, to be applied to the use of the poor, or the prisoners, at the discretion of the commissioner of the peace, before whom any complaint, relative to such offence, shall have been heard.

ART. V.

The commissioners of the peace, or any three of them, are hereby authorized and required to fix and regulate the assize of bread, the first monday in every month, having always regard to the price of wheat and flour, and to publish such regulations as they shall make, relative thereto, in the Quebec Gazette.

GUY CARLETON.
Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the Great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis in the city of Quebec, the twenty-ninth day of March, in the seventeenth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, King defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

J: WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO
GEORGIll III. REGIS.

CHAP. XI.

An ORDINANCE

For repairing and amending the public highways and bridges in the province of Quebec.

WHEREAS the king's high-roads, and the bye-roads, as well as the bridges in this province, are at present very much out of repair, It is ordained and enacted by his excellency the captain general and governor in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the same, THAT

ART. I.

The king's high-roads shall be thirty feet wide, with a ditch of three feet wide on each side, and of sufficient depth to drain off the water; and shall be separated from the fields by sufficient fences, made of posts and rails, or pickets and rails, in order that such fences may be taken down every year, before winter, in such places as the surveyor of the high-roads, commonly stiled the Grand Voyer, shall direct, to prevent the snow from being collected in heaps on the road. Standing pickets shall nevertheless be permitted to remain, in places where the said Grand Voyer shall be of opinion that the same can be no prejudice to the road adjoining thereto; and where the said high-roads are not already of the breadth of thirty feet, the Grand Voyer, if he shall think it necessary and practicable, shall cause them to be widened to that extent, by the persons bound to repair the same.

ART. II.

Every owner or occupier of land adjoining to the king's highroad, shall keep in constant good repair so much thereof as runs in the front of the land of which he is the occupier or owner, and also keep up and repair bridges over ditches or streams of water, not more
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penalty for every neglect.

All owners or occupiers of land, without exception, bound to perform this duty.

How the highroad is to be repaired when it runs lengthwise between two concessions.

Bye-roads to run on the line of division between 2 concessions, and to be 20 feet wide, both ditches and one of the fences to be made by the joint labour of the inhabitants of the concessions who demand it, penalty for every neglect.

the other fence to be made by the proprietors of the land through which it passes.

How new high-roads are to be opened.

Trees and underwood to be removed.

penalty for neglect.

Highroads thro' ungranted lands to be opened and repaired by the parish,

if too burdensome for one parish, the Grand Voyer to lay the case before the Governor and council.

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than four feet wide, and shall clean and keep clear the ditches at the sides of such high-road, and keep up such fences as are directed by the first article of this ordinance, under a penalty of ten shillings for every neglect.

All owners or occupiers of lands shall be bound to perform this duty, whether such lands be held in a joint or separate capacity, or for the use, or in the right of others.

When such high-road shall happen to run lengthways along the lines dividing two concessions, it shall be kept in repair by the joint labour of such persons as the Grand Voyer shall appoint for that purpose, under the like penalty of five shillings for every neglect.

ART. III.

Bye-roads shall always be run on the line of division between two concessions, of twenty feet wide, with a ditch of three feet wide on each side, and of sufficient depth to drain off the water; it shall be fenced on both sides; the ditches and one of the fences shall be made and kept in constant good repair, by the joint labour of the inhabitants of the concession who shall have demanded the same, according to the allotment or apportionment which the Grand Voyer shall make in writing, of every man's share or proportion of the work, under the penalty of ten shillings on every person neglecting to make and keep in repair, the portion so allotted to him by the Grand Voyer: the other fence shall be made and kept in constant good repair, by the proprietors of the land through which the road passes.

ART. IV.

When a king's high-road is to be opened, the owners and occupiers of lands, through which it is meant to run; or in case such highway runs lengthways between two concessions, the persons to whom the Grand Voyer shall allot such labour; shall open and clear so much of it as adjoins to such land, or as shall fall to their share, and shall make it in all respects conformable to the directions contained in the first article of this ordinance.

And when any such road shall be carried through a wood, the trees and underwood on each side of it, for the space of half an arpent in breadth, shall be cut down immediately, and the wood and brush removed within two years, by the person whose duty it is to make or repair such road, under a penalty of ten shillings for every neglect.

ART. V.

The king's high-roads running through ungranted lands, shall be opened and repaired by the joint labour of the people of the parish in which such lands lie, according to the allotment or apportionment of such labour, made by the Grand Voyer; but if it shall be necessary to run a new road through a tract of ungranted lands of considerable extent, which might be too burthensome for any one parish, the Grand Voyer shall lay the affair, clearly stated, before the governor and council, with his opinion on the matter, that they may order to be done, what to them shall seem fitting: and the persons, whom
the work to be done when ordered.

Rules to be observed by the Grand Voyer when a new road is to be opened or an old one turned.

Roads to mills to be made according to the ancient usage.

Roads near precipices.

Roads running along the face of steep hills.

No incumbrances to be left on the highway; penalty 5s.

No horses or hogs to be left on the highway; penalty 5s.

The highways in winter to be marked out by branches.

they shall order to do such work, shall perform the same under the penalty herein after to be mentioned.

ART. VI.

In all cases where it shall be necessary to turn an old, or open a new road, the Grand Voyer on application made to him, will view the same, and if he finds it necessary to have the old road turned, or a new one opened, he shall lay out the same, and he will consult with the officers of militia, and some of the principal inhabitants; and from their report and advice, he will determine what portion of the work, necessary to be done, shall be given to each person concerned, and give his order or proces verbal in writing, to be read at the church door of the parish, the next ensuing sunday after divine service: a copy of the proces verbal shall be presented to the governor and council to be ratified, if they shall think it proper, and kept amongst the records of the council, and another copy of it, when ratified, shall be delivered the captain of militia, to be retained by him and his successors for the use of the inhabitants of the parish.

ART. VII.

The roads leading to mills in the different seigniories in this province, shall be made and repaired according to the antient usage and custom of the country.

ART. VIII.

Roads made near precipices, shall be fenced and well guarded on the side of a precipice, by a strong well fixed rail of four feet high; and roads running along the face of steep hills, shall be made with an easy descent, twenty feet wide, and well guarded likewise with a strong rail, according to the directions of the Grand Voyer, by the joint labour of the people of the parish in which such roads may lie.

ART. IX.

No stones, stumps, or roots of trees, timber, pickets, dung, or any other incumbrance whatsoever, shall be left lying on the highway, under a penalty of five shillings on any person leaving them; and it shall be a necessary part of the duty of repairing the highways, to remove all kind of obstructions that may be left thereon; and no person shall allow any horses or hogs to run about on the highways, under a penalty of five shillings for every offence.

ART. X.

To mark out the path in winter, the persons bound by this ordinance to repair the highways, shall, in the fall, before the ground is frozen, fix poles or branches along the sides of such part of the road as they are bound to repair; these poles shall be eight feet long, and fastened with wyths to a stake driven in the ground, and at the distance of twenty four feet from each other, and when blown down, or pulled up, they shall be replaced by the person whose duty it was to fix them there.
and beat and kept open.

Manner of building bridges,

how, and by whom to be kept in repair.

Captains of militia appointed Deputy surveyors or Sous Voyers.

After every fall of snow, or after drift, which shall fill up the beaten track, every person shall beat and open that portion of the highway which he is bound by this ordinance to repair, of width sufficient for two carriages conveniently to pass by one another; and shall keep the same constantly level, open, and easily passable: every person neglecting any of the directions contained in this article, shall forfeit five shillings for every such neglect.

ART. XI.

OF BRIDGES.

Ditches which divide two grants or concessions, and run across the road, shall be covered with bridges by the owners or occupiers of the lands, through which such ditches are cut, to the breadth of eighteen feet. The sleepers of all bridges shall be of cedar, the logs covering the sleepers, shall be of ash or red spruce, well squared and pinned to the sleepers, and there shall be a rail, of three feet high, on each side of the bridge, and such rail shall reach from the corner of the bridge to the ditch, on each side of the road.

All bridges already built, or to be built, over rivulets or runs of water, shall be kept in constant good repair, by the inhabitants who, from their proximity to such bridge or bridges, have by the antient custom of the country, been obliged to perform that service; and in case of any dispute among the inhabitants concerning such service, the Grand Voyer, after having thoroughly informed himself concerning the matter, will determine who shall work at the bridge, and who shall furnish and bring timber and other materials for building or repairing the same.

All bridges subject to be overflowed, shall be loaded with large stones, carried to the spot by such persons as are bound to build or repair the bridge; under a penalty of five shillings, on every person neglecting to carry and place the stones as herein directed.

Every bridge hereafter to be made, shall be built and constructed according to the directions given by the Grand Voyer, who shall in all cases of importance, refer to the governor and council for instructions relative to his duty.

When it shall be deemed a work too burthensome for the people of any one parish, to repair bridges built over rivers, such bridges shall be rebuilt and repaired by the people of two or more parishes, which shall be found most benefited by such bridges; concerning the apportionment of which labour, the Grand Voyer shall consult the captains and other officers of militia, and some of the principal inhabitants of such parishes, and shall report thereon to the governor and council, who will give such order as they shall think fit concerning the same.

ART. XII.

For the better execution of the regulations contained in this ordinance, the captains or other oldest officers of militia in every parish, are hereby appointed Deputy Surveyors of the highways, or Sous Voyers, within their respective parishes; and the inhabitants of the several parishes, shall obey such orders as they may receive from their respective captains or other oldest officers of militia, touching the matters contained in this ordinance.
Inferior officers to have certain portions of the highways assigned them, for their more immediate inspection.

Duty of the captains, and of the inferior officers.

Persons neglecting to do their work on the highways, penalty 10s.

Grand Voyer to make his visits from the 10th of May to the 20th of July.

Penalties how recovered and applied.

Judges of the common-pleas on their circuits, to convict on their own view.

And the captains or other oldest officers of militia, shall assign to each of his inferior officers, a certain portion of the highways lying in the parish, which shall be more immediately under their inspection, and it shall be the duty of each officer, to visit the highways committed to his care, once in every six weeks, and to report the state thereof to his captain or other oldest officer of militia; and the captain or other oldest officer of militia, shall visit all the highways in the parish, once in every three months, and report the state thereof to the Grand Voyer on his circuits.

And whenever the captain or other oldest officer of militia, shall find any part of the highway out of repair, or shall find any particular work neglected; he shall immediately employ some person, at such price as he can agree upon, to make such repair, or to do such work; and the hire of such person so employed, shall be paid by the person whose duty it was to have done the work (over and above a penalty of ten shillings, which is hereby inflicted on him for every neglect) and such hire shall be recovered and levied with the other penalties as hereafter directed to be recovered.

ART. XIII.

The Grand Voyer shall employ himself from the tenth of May to the twentieth of July, annually, in visiting the highways of the province, and in giving the necessary orders and directions for the amendment thereof; and he shall keep a register of all the orders and proces verbals, which he shall make touching the same; and at his return, he shall make his report to the governor and council, of the state and condition of the roads which he shall have visited.

ART. XIV.

All penalties incurred by offences against this ordinance, shall be sued for and recovered by information, before any one commissioner of the peace, who shall hear and determine such information in a summary manner, and upon the oath of one credible witness (being some other than the informer) and shall levy the penalty, together with the costs of suing for the same, by warrant to seize and sell so much of the offenders goods and chattels, as shall be sufficient for that purpose; one half of all such penalties, shall belong to the king's majesty, and the other half to the person who shall sue for the same.

And the judges of the courts of common-pleas, being commissioners of the peace, are hereby directed, when on their circuits, to examine particularly into the state of the roads; and, besides hearing such informations as may be brought before them, to convict on their own view, for any offence against this ordinance.

GUY CARLETON.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the Great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis in the city of Quebec, the twenty-ninth day of March, in the seventeenth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace
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of God of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, King defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

J: WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO

GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. XII.

An ORDINANCE

Empowering the commissioners of the peace to regulate the prices to be paid for the carriage of goods, and the passage of ferrys in the province of Quebec.

TO prevent the many impositions practised by carters and ferry-men within this province, It is ordained and enacted by his excellency the captain general and governor in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the same, THAT

ART. I.

The commissioners of the peace, in their Quarter Sessions, shall be, and hereby are authorized and required to fix and regulate, as often as they shall see occasion, in their respective districts, the rates that shall be paid for the carriage of any goods on any cart, truck, or sled, within the towns of Quebec and Montreal, or the suburbs thereof; and likewise the rate that shall be paid for the passage at any ferry, over any river, within their respective districts; and likewise to make such further and other regulations, touching the premises, as shall to them appear necessary and expedient: and the said commissioners shall cause such rates and regulations, so made, to be published in the Quebec Gazette, and to be affixed at such convenient places as they shall think proper.

ART. II.

Any carter or ferryman who shall, after the publication of any such rate or regulation as aforesaid, ask, or receive a higher price than is thereby allowed, or shall refuse to work and be employed at the price specified in such rate, or shall disobey any of the regulations to be made by the said commissioners as aforesaid, shall, for every offence, forfeit the sum of twenty shillings; to be recovered if sued for within fifteen days, by information before any one commissioner of the peace, who shall hear and determine such information in a summary manner, and upon the oath of one credible witness (being some other than the informer) and shall cause such penalty, together with the costs of suing for the same, to be levied by a warrant to seize and sell the goods of the offender, one half of every such penalty shall belong to the king's majesty, and the other half to the person who shall sue for the same.

GUY CARLETON.
Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the Great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis in the city of Quebec, the twenty-nine day of March, in the seventeenth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

J: WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO

GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. XIII.

An ORDINANCE

For preventing accidents by fire.

WHEREAS it is absolutely necessary for the preservation of the lives and properties of his majesty's subjects, that every precaution should be taken to prevent the dreadful accidents that might happen by fire, in the towns of this province: It is ordained and enacted by his excellency the captain general and governor in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the same, THAT

ART. I.

For each of the towns of Quebec, Montreal, and Three Rivers, there shall be an overseer to prevent accidents by fire; to be appointed by his excellency the governor, the lieutenant governor, or other the commander in chief of this province, for the time being.

ART. II.

The said overseers shall cause every chimney made use of in the towns, and suburbs of the towns, in which they are overseers, to be swept, and scraped as high as possible, once in every month, by able and skilful chimney sweepers, whom they shall employ for that purpose; and for every chimney which they shall so cause to be swept and scraped, they shall receive six-pence from the occupier of the house to which such chimney belongs: and the overseer shall forfeit the sum of five shillings, for every chimney that shall be neglected to be swept and scraped, once in every month, by the persons employed by him, whether such chimney happens to take fire or not; and if the chimney so neglected to be swept and scraped shall take fire, the said overseer shall forfeit the sum of forty shillings, to be recovered in the manner herein after directed.
ART. III.

If any occupier of any house, or of apartments therein, shall refuse to let his chimney or chimneys be swept as aforesaid, by the chimney sweepers employed for that purpose by the overseer of the town in which such chimney shall be situated; he shall for every whether such chimney happens to take fire or not; and if the chimney which he shall refuse to allow to be swept shall take fire, he shall forfeit the sum of forty shillings.

ART. IV.

Every house-keeper in the said towns and suburbs, shall keep two buckets for carrying water when any house shall happen to be on fire; and these buckets shall be made either of leather, or seal skin, or of canvas painted on the outside and covered with pitch on the inside, and shall hold at least two gallons of water each; the said buckets shall be marked with the christian and surname of the house-keeper to whose house they belong.

And every house-keeper in the said towns and suburbs, shall keep a hatchet in his house to assist in pulling down houses, in order to prevent the spreading of the flames; and two fire-poles, of the length of ten feet, and five inches diameter, with cross bars made of wood stuck into them at a convenient distance one from the other, in order to knock off the roofs of houses that are on fire, or that are in immediate danger of becoming so.

And every house-keeper in the said towns and suburbs, shall keep as many ladders on each side of his house as there may be chimneys or stacks of chimneys, to be properly and securely fixed with iron hooks or bolts on the roof, and from the roof to the tops of the chimneys, and so placed that easy access may be had to sweep the chimneys or carry up water to them in case of fire. And every proprietor of any buildings covered with wood in the said towns and suburbs, shall keep as many ladders on such buildings as the overseer shall think reasonable and necessary.

And every house-keeper, for every neglect of having the said buckets, hatchet, fire-poles, and ladders, or any of them, shall forfeit the sum of five shillings; and in case any house, or the chimney of any house in or upon which any of the said articles shall be wanting, shall happen to take fire, the occupier of such house shall forfeit the sum of forty shillings.

The expense of the said buckets, hatchet, fire-poles, and ladders, shall be borne by the proprietors of the houses; and if they neglect or refuse to furnish them, the occupiers shall procure them, and deduct the expense of them out of their rents.

ART. V.

If any house-keeper shall, after the publication of this ordinance, keep or permit any hay or straw in any part of the house in which he lives; or shall keep any ashes on a wooden floor, or in a wooden vessel, in the said house, or in any outhouse; he shall forfeit the sum of forty shillings for every such offence, and likewise the hay and straw that shall be found in any part of the dwelling house.
No more than 25 pounds of gunpowder to be kept in any house or outhouse. Penalty £5 and forfeiture of the gunpowder.

No false chimneys or Chaminées dévoyées to be built hereafter.

Penalty of £10 on the owner and 5s. per day till removed.

Penalty of £3 on the builder. False chimneys already built to be removed within 6 months, penalty of 1s. per day for every day they are allowed to stand afterwards.

No house to be hereafter covered with shingles. Penalty of £10 and 5s. per day till removed.

No wooden dwelling house to be built in town, penalty £20 on the owner £10 on the builder, and demolition of the building, no fire to be made in a wooden outhouse, penalty 40s.

Manner of passing the pipe of a stove, through a wooden partition or floor, under a penalty of 20 shillings.

ART. VI.

It shall be unlawful for any person, in either of the said towns or suburbs, to keep or leave at any time more than twenty-five pounds of gunpowder in his house, or lodging, or in any outhouse thereunto belonging; and the person in whose dwelling-house, lodging, stable, or other outhouse, a larger quantity shall be found, shall forfeit the sum of five pounds, together with the whole of the gunpowder.

ART. VII.

It shall be unlawful for any person to build, or cause to be built, in either of the said towns or suburbs, any false chimneys, called in French Cheminées dévoyées; or to make or cause to be made or constructed, any fire place at a distance from the main chimney or chimneys of any house, and communicating therewith in a winding direction, for the purpose of discharging the smoke through the flue of such main chimney or chimneys; and any person offending herein, shall for every chimney or fire place so built, made, or constructed, forfeit the sum of ten pounds; and five shillings per day, as long as such chimney or fire place shall be suffered to stand and remain; and every mason, or other artificer, that shall be employed in building such chimney or fire place, shall forfeit the sum of three pounds. And all chimneys or fire places of the above description, that are already built, shall be taken down and removed, or effectually stooped up, within six months after the publication of this ordinance, under the penalty of one shilling for every day they shall remain unremoved, or not stopped up, after the expiration of the said six months; to be paid by the owner of the house to which such chimney or fire place shall belong.

ART. VIII.

No house or outhouse hereafter to be built or new covered, in either of the said towns or suburbs, shall be covered with shingles in any part, except over the garret windows, round the chimneys, at angles where two roofs may happen to join, and where the boards touch the end walls; under the penalty of ten pounds, payable by the owner of such house, and a further penalty on the owner of five shillings for every day that any such house or outhouse shall continue covered with shingles.

ART. IX.

It shall not be lawful hereafter, to build in either of the said towns, any wooden dwelling house, under the penalty of twenty pounds on the proprietor, and ten pounds on the undertaker or contractor, and a demolition of such dwelling house; nor to make any fire in any wooden outhouse, under the penalty of forty shillings.

ART. X.

It shall not be lawful to pass the pipe of a stove through any partition of wood, or wood and lime, or through a wooden floor, without leaving six inches clear between the pipe and the partition or floor, the pipe to be surrounded with a sheet of iron which shall be nailed to such partition or floor; and the pipe of every stove shall pass into a chimney. Every person offending in the premises, shall forfeit twenty shillings.
ART. XI.

All houses hereafter to be built, shall have their gable-ends raised three feet higher than the roof, and projecting out far enough at the eaves, to guard them from the fire of an adjoining house; for every neglect hereof, the owner of the house shall forfeit the sum of ten pounds, and the builder shall forfeit the sum of five pounds.

ART. XII.

For the better discovering offences against this ordinance the overseers shall visit all the houses in their respective towns, once in every three months, under the penalty of five shillings for every house they shall neglect to visit: and it shall be lawful for the said overseers, if they think fit, to visit every house once a month, at any time between the hours of eight in the morning, and six in the evening; and every person refusing to admit the overseer into his house, provided he has not visited the same within the space of one month then last past; or having admitted him, shall refuse to produce to him the buckets, hatchet, and fire-poles, or shall refuse to shew him the ladders which every house-keeper is bound to provide; or shall prevent him from visiting any part of his dwelling house or out-houses, in order to enquire into and discover any offence that may be committed against this ordinance; such person shall for every such refusal forfeit the sum of five shillings.

And besides the said quarterly visits which the overseers are obliged to make, and the said monthly visits which they are permitted to make, when they think proper, it shall be lawful for them to visit the houses and out-houses in their respective towns and suburbs, at any other time, provided that some person shall have first made oath before a commissioner of the peace, that some particular offence, which he shall specify, is committed against this ordinance, in or about the house or houses which the overseers propose to visit at these extraordinary times; and the said commissioner of the peace shall thereupon give the overseer so applying, a licence or warrant to visit any house, lodgings, stables, or other out-houses, so informed against; and a refusal to admit the overseer when so authorized, shall subject the occupier of such house, lodgings, stables, or other out-houses, to a penalty of five pounds for every refusal.

ART. XIII.

In all cases where the overseers are directed or permitted to make their visits as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for them to take along with them one person as a companion or assistant, and a refusal to admit such companion or assistant, shall in every case subject the person refusing to the same penalty as a refusal to admit the overseers themselves.

ART. XIV.

All penalties and forfeitures incurred by any overseer, for any offence against this ordinance, shall be recovered by information before any one commissioner of the peace of the district, in which the town, to which such overseer shall belong, shall be situated; who shall hear and determine such information in a summary manner, and upon the oath of one credible witness (being some other than
the informer) and shall cause such penalty or forfeiture, together with the costs of suing for the same, to be levied by warrant to seize and sell the goods of the offender; one half of every such penalty or forfeiture shall belong to the king's majesty, and the other half to the informer.

ART. XV.

All penalties and forfeitures incurred by any other person than the said overseers, for offences against this ordinance, shall be sued for and recovered by the overseer for the town in which the offence shall be committed, by information before any one commissioner of the peace of the district, in which such town shall be situated; who shall hear and determine such information in a summary manner, and upon the oath of one credible witness (being some other than the overseer himself) and shall cause such penalty or forfeiture, together with the costs of suing for the same, to be levied by warrant to seize and sell the goods of the offender; one half of every such penalty or forfeiture shall belong to the king's majesty, and the other half to the overseer who shall sue for the same.

ART. XVI.

The penalties and forfeitures appointed by this ordinance, shall be sued for within ten days after the offence for which they shall be incurred.

ART. XVII.

If any person convicted before one commissioner of the peace, of any of the neglects or offences before mentioned, shall think himself aggrieved by such conviction, he shall be at liberty to appeal therefrom to the next court of quarter sessions of the peace of the district wherein such conviction was had; provided he do first deposit the money forfeited upon his conviction, together with the costs awarded upon such conviction, in the hands of the commissioner before whom he shall have been convicted; and the said commissioner shall at his discretion, either keep the said money in his own hands, or pay it the clerk of the peace of the court before which the appeal is brought, to be paid by the said commissioner or clerk of the peace, in the manner herein above directed, if the conviction is confirmed; or to the appellant, if it is reversed; and further, if the conviction is confirmed, the appellant shall pay to the informer the costs he shall have been put to by the appeal; which costs shall be levied upon the goods and chattels of the appellant, by an order of the commissioners in their said quarter sessions.

GUY CARLETON.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the Great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis in the city of Quebec, the twenty-ninth day of March, in the seventeenth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

J: WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO
GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. XIV.

An ORDINANCE

For preventing persons leaving the province without a pass.

To prevent injustice being done to the creditors of persons disposed to leave the province clandestinely, without providing for the payment of their debts, It is enacted by his excellency the captain general and governor in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the same, THAT

ART. I.

Every person intending to leave the province (military persons only excepted) is required to put up a paper writing in the secretary's office, at least thirty days before his departure, made out in the following form, viz.

A. B. of the parish of --in the district of Quebec intends leaving this province after thirty days from the date thereof.

Quebec, the --- day of --- 17 ---

A. B.

and in case no opposition to the granting him a pass for departure, be entered within that period by any of his creditors, in the manner herein after mentioned, he shall then be intitled to have a pass granted him; and the secretary is hereby authorized and required to grant him one, in the following form, viz.

Province of Quebec, ss.

 Permit A. B. to depart this province [if by land, the road to be expressed, and if by sea, the master's name with that of the vessel to be inserted] he, having complied with the rules prescribed in an ordinance of this province, in that case made, Quebec, the --- day of --- 17 --- for which pass the secretary shall receive the sum of one shilling only.

If the secretary shall refuse to grant such pass, to any person who shall have so put up his name for thirty days, and no opposition entered in the office as herein after is directed (provided he applys for the same before the shutting up of the navigation, for that year in which he shall have so put up his name) he shall forfeit and pay to such person the sum of fifty pounds; to be recovered, if sued for within one month after refusal, by plaint or information in his majesty's court of common-pleas for the district of Quebec.

ART. II.

Every creditor intending to oppose the granting a pass to any person who shall have to put up his name as aforesaid, is required to make an affidavit of the debt due to him, sworn to before any
to lodge an affidavit of their debt in the secretary's office, and put up a caveat there.

Form of the caveat.

Such creditors are to institute their suits within fifteen days, otherwise the pass to be granted.

Persons giving security may obtain a pass within the 30 days.

Form of the obligation.

Know all men by these presents the we A. B. of the parish of—— in the district of——in the province of Quebec——and——of etc.—are held and firmly bound to our sovereign Lord the King in the sum of——good and lawful money of the said province, to be paid to our said sovereign Lord the King, his heirs or successors for the uses herein after mentioned; for the true payment whereof we bind ourselves, and each of us, by himself, our, and each of our heirs, executors, and administrators, firmly by these presents, sealed with our seals, dated the——day of——in the year of our Lord 17——

Whereas the above bounden A. B. did on the——day of——last [or instant] fix up a paper writing in the secretary's office at Quebec, setting forth that he intends to leave the province, after thirty days from the date thereof, but his business requiring that he should depart before that period, and willing that his creditors who might be inclined to oppose his departure, should be secured the payment of their debts, has procured the said——to be his sureties for the same, THE CONDITION therefore of the above

judge or commissioner of the peace within the province, setting forth in what manner it accrued, and the particular amount thereof, and to lodge the same in the secretary's office; the creditor may then, but not before, enter a Caveat in the said office against the granting him a pass, in the following form, viz.

C. D. of the parish of——in the district of——having lodged an affidavit in this office of a debt due to him from A. B. of the parish of——in the district of——enters a Caveat against the secretary's granting him a pass for his departure, Quebec, the——day of——17——

C. D.

And every creditor who shall have so entered his Caveat, is required to institute his suit against his said debtor, in the court of common-pleas of the district in which such debtor resides, within fifteen days from the date thereof; otherwise the debtor is hereby declared to be intitled to his pass, and the secretary may grant him the same, at the expiration of the said thirty days, on his producing a certificate signed by the clerk of the court of the district in which he resides, that the creditor has not instituted his suit against him in the court of that district, within the time hereby required.

ART. III.

No person whatsoever who shall have put up his name as aforesaid, whether a Caveat be entered against him or not, shall obtain a pass from the secretary's office before the expiration of the said thirty days, without entering into an obligation with good and sufficient sureties, to pay all his creditors, who may have at the time entered their Caveats against the granting him a pass as aforesaid, or might within the remainder of the said thirty days, lodge an affidavit of debt against him in the said office as herein after is for that purpose mentioned.

The said obligation, and the condition thereof, shall be made out in the following form, viz.
obligation is such, That if the above bounden A. B. and the said
—or either of them, their or either of their heirs, executors, or
administrators, shall pay or cause to be paid to all the creditors
of the said A. B. who may have already entered their Caveats
in the said office against the granting him a pass for his depart-
ture, as well as all those who shall within the remnant of the
said thirty days from the time of fixing up the said paper writ-
ing, lodge an affidavit of debt against him, the money which,
upon trial, and by the judgment of any court of record in this
province, shall appear to be due to them, together with costs of
suit; then the above written obligation to be void, otherwise to
remain in full force and virtue. For which obligation the secre-
tary shall receive two shillings and six-pence only.

And the secretary is hereby authorised and required to grant any
person who shall have put up his name as aforesaid, and given the
before mentioned security, a pass for his departure, if demanded,
before the expiration of the said thirty days, in the same manner as
if he remained all that time in the province and no Caveat entered
against him.

ART. IV.

Wherever any person upon giving such security, shall have
obtained a pass and departed the province, within the said thirty
days from the time of fixing up his name; any creditor may within
the remainder of the said thirty days, notwithstanding his departure,
lodge an affidavit of debt against him in the secretary's office, made
and sworn to in the manner directed by the second article of this
ordinance; and such creditor is hereby required to institute his action
against the said departed debtor, in the court of common-pleas of the
district in which the said debtor resided, within fifteen days from the
time of lodging his said affidavit in the office, otherwise he is to be
precluded from his action, in like manner as if he had not made and
lodged his said affidavit. The summons which he shall obtain in the
suit shall be served on each of the sureties of the said departed per-
son, and such service is hereby declared to be as good in the law, as
if served on the person himself before his departure: Any law or
ordinance to the contrary hereof, notwithstanding.

ART. V.

If no actions be instituted by the creditors of persons who shall
have put up their names as aforesaid, within the times and in the
manner mentioned in the second and fourth articles; the sureties of
such persons shall be intitled to have their obligations cancelled, and
the secretary, in such cases, is hereby authorised and required so
to do.

ART. VI.

The secretary, at the request of the creditors who shall have
obtained judgment in any actions brought against any departed
debtor, is authorised and required to give the man authentic copy of
the obligation of such debtor and his sureties, to be sued and pro-
ceded upon to judgment in his majesty's name; but the money which
shall be recovered thereupon, shall be ordered by the court to be paid
to such creditors, in satisfaction of their said judgment.
Masters of vessels, on their arrival, to deliver the governor, a list of the officers, soldiers, and passengers brought with them, and after their clearance, a list of the officers, soldiers, and passengers they are to take away with them, and to get a permission from the governor for their departure, under the penalty of £50, how to be recovered.

Masters of vessels carrying away any person without a pass, made liable to pay all the debts he may have contracted in the province, how to be recovered.

The master of every ship or vessel arriving in this province, is hereby required immediately on his arrival, to deliver a list of the names of all his officers and seamen, and of the passengers which he shall have brought with him, to the governor, or in his absence the lieutenant governor, or commander in chief for the time being: and in like manner, the master of every ship or vessel leaving this province, is required after obtaining his clearance for departure, to deliver a list of the names of all his officers and seamen, and also of the passengers which he is to take away with him, to the governor, lieutenant governor, or commander in chief as aforesaid: and every master of any ship or vessel arriving in this province without delivering such list as aforesaid after his arrival; or leaving the same, without delivering such other list as aforesaid after his clearance, and without a permission in writing for his departure from the governor, or in his absence the lieutenant governor, or commander in chief for the time being, shall forfeit for every offence the sum of fifty pounds, to be recovered by information in any of the courts of common-pleas in this province, and applied to his majesty's use.

No master of any ship or vessel leaving this province, shall carry away any person whatsoever (except the crew brought with him at his last arrival) without having a pass signed by the secretary, under the penalty of being liable to pay to the creditors of such person, all the debts he may have contracted in the province, to be recovered by plaint or information in any of his majesty's courts of common-pleas.

GUY CARLETON.

Enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the Great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis in the city of Quebec, the twenty-third day of April, in the seventeenth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, King, defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

J: WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO
GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. XV.
An ORDINANCE

To empower the commissioners of the peace to regulate the police of the towns of Quebec and Montreal, for a limited time.

WHEREAS the forming a permanent police for the towns of Quebec and Montreal, seems impracticable in the present advanced state of this session, and it is necessary that a temporary remedy be applied to the inconveniencies which might result from the want of some fixed regulations in that respect: It is enacted by his excellency the captain general and governor in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the same, THAT

ART. I.

The commissioners of the peace for this province, are authorized and required in their General Quarter Sessions of the peace for the respective districts of Quebec and Montreal, to make such rules and orders touching the police necessary to be maintained and observed in the said respective towns (excepting only where the same may have been already provided for, by ordinances for that purpose made in this present session) and to impose such fines, not exceeding forty shillings for any one offence committed against such rules or orders, as to them, in their discretion, shall seem requisite and proper; which rules and orders they shall cause to be publicly proclaimed in those respective towns by the bell-man, and, wherever the said commissioners may think it proper, to be published in the Quebec Gazette.

ART. II.

If any person in either of the said towns shall refuse to obey any of the rules or orders so made by the said commissioners of the peace, after the same shall have been proclaimed by the bellman as aforesaid; such person shall for every refusal forfeit the sum which in every such rule or order shall be specified (provided the same shall not exceed the sum of forty shillings) to be recovered, if sued for within fifteen days from the time of such refusal, by information before any one commissioner of the peace, who is hereby authorized and required to hear and determine the same in a summary manner, upon the oath of one credible witness, (being some other than the informer) and to be levied by warrant under his hand to seize and sell the goods of the offender, one moiety whereof shall belong to the king's majesty, and the other moiety to the person who shall sue for the same.
ART. III.

In cases where any person shall refuse to do, or cause to be done, any work regarding the police, which by any such rule or order of the said commissioners of the peace he may be required to do, it shall and may be lawful for the commissioner before whom the information shall have been brought, to employ any other person, to do that work in his stead, for such reasonable price as he shall agree upon; and the person who shall have disobeyed such rule or order by refusing or neglecting to do the work; shall, over and above the penalty mentioned in the second article, be obliged to pay to the person who shall have done the same, the price agreed to be paid him by the said commissioner; to be levied, in default of payment, in the same manner as the said penalty is by the said article directed to be levied.

ART. IV.

This ordinance is to remain in force only during the term of two years from the time of the publication thereof.

GUY CARLETON.

Enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the Great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis in the city of Quebec, the twenty-third day of April, in the seventeenth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, King, defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

J: WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO

GEORGH III. REGIS.

CHAP. XVI.

An ORDINANCE

Concerning the distribution of the estates and effects of persons leaving the province without paying their debts.

WHEREAS divers persons formerly residing in this province, have of late absented and absented themselves therefrom, without making any provision for the payment of the debts by them due, and whereas it is just and reasonable that the estates and effects of such absentees, as well as of all others who may hereafter depart from the province without paying their debts, or conforming to certain rules prescribed in an ordinance of this present session, intitled, "An ordinance for preventing persons leaving the province without a pass," should be divided equally amongst their respective creditors in proportion to the amount of their respective demands: It is
Any creditor of any absentee (except such as shall have obtained a pass) may call a meeting of all the creditors, who shall name trustees, to be approved of by the judges of the court of common-pleas; if disapproved of by them, the governor to name such as he shall think proper; their nomination to be advertised in the Quebec Gazette.

The real and personal estates of the absentee to be vested in the trustees.

The trustees to sell the personals but they are not to sell the real estate without an order from the court.

ART. I.

Any person being a creditor of any absentee, (excepting such as shall have conformed to the rules prescribed in the said ordinance, intitled, "An ordinance for preventing persons leaving the province without a pass,"') may and shall upon application made to any one of the judges of the court of common-pleas of the district wherein such absentee resided, be authorized by him to call a meeting of all the creditors of such absentee, by advertisement to be inserted in the Quebec Gazette, at least ten days previous to the day appointed for such meeting, to assemble before the judges of the said court, on some future court day; and the creditors who shall appear at such meeting, by themselves, or persons authorized to act for them, and shall have made oath of the amount of their claims before any one of the said judges, or shall produce their accounts against such absentee otherwise proved and authenticated according to law; or the major part of such creditors, are hereby authorized to nominate and elect such and so many trustees, to take the care and management of the estate and effects of their absent debtor, as they, with the approbation of the said judges, or any two of them, shall think proper and necessary; and in cases where the judges disapprove of the nomination and election made by the creditors, the governor, or in his absence the lieutenant-governor, or commander in chief for the time being, is hereby authorized to name such and so many trustees, for the purpose aforesaid, as he in his discretion shall think proper; and the trustees shall cause such their election or nomination to be advertised in the Quebec Gazette as soon as may be.

ART. II.

All the estate both real and personal belonging to such absentee in this province, shall immediately on such election or nomination become vested to all intents and purposes in the trustees so chosen and approved of, or nominated as aforesaid; and they shall and may take possession thereof, in trust and for the use of all the creditors of such absentee, who shall prove their debts within thirteen months after the last mentioned notice in the Quebec Gazette, provided such debts shall have been contracted before the time of such absentee's leaving the province; and after having taken possession thereof, they shall make out an inventory of the same, to be filed in the said court of common-pleas.

The said trustees shall and may sell and dispose of all the personal estate belonging to such absentee, rendering an account of the sales and net proceeds thereof, to be filed in the said court of common-pleas, within one month after the sale; but they shall not sell, convey, or dispose of any part of the real estate belonging to such absentee, without obtaining an order for that purpose from the judges of the said court, or any two of them (who are hereby authorized and required to grant the same, if the proceeds of the personal estate belonging to such absentee be insufficient to pay all his debts) and the said trustees having thereupon sold the same for the best
price or value that can be procured, shall likewise make out an account of the net proceeds thereof, to be fyled in the said court within such time as shall be for that purpose limited in the said order.

ART. III.

The trustees and the survivors or survivor of them, shall within fourteen months after the time of their election or nomination, make an equal and rateable dividend of such monies as they shall have collected and received, amongst all the creditors who shall have proved their debts within the time above limited; and shall afterwards make dividends as often as they shall have money in hand, sufficient to pay the creditors six-pence in the pound.

If any surplus should remain in the hands of the trustees or the survivors or survivor of them, after paying all the debts due by such absentee, proved as aforesaid; the same shall be paid to such person as shall be empowered by the absentee to receive the same.

ART. IV.

The trustees, elected and approved of, or nominated as aforesaid, and the survivors or survivor of them, are hereby empowered to prosecute, maintain, and defend any action or actions for the benefit and advantage of the estate of the absentee, in any of the courts of justice in this province, as fully and effectually as the absentee himself might do, if he was present.

ART. V.

Wherever any person who shall have complied with the rules prescribed in the before recited ordinance, shall have been absent from the province for upwards of a twelvemonth, the creditors of such person are hereby empowered, after that period, to proceed to the nomination and election of trustees to his estate and effects, and to the sale thereof, and the distribution of the proceeds thereof, in the same manner as is herein before directed to be done, concerning such persons as shall leave the province without conforming to the said rules.

GUY CARLETON.

Enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the Great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis in the city of Quebec, the twenty-third day of April, in the seventeenth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven.

By His Excellency’s Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
ORDINANCES MADE AND PASSED BY THE GOVERNOR AND LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

QUEBEC: PRINTED BY WILLIAM BROWN, IN MOUNTAIN STREET, MDCCCLXXX.

ANNO DECIMO NONO.
GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. I.

An ORDINANCE.

For continuing an Ordinance made the twenty-fifth day of February, in the seventeenth year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Ordinance to regulate the proceedings in the Courts of Civil Judicature in the Province of Quebec."

BE IT ENACTED and ORDAINED by His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council of the Province of Quebec, and by the Authority of the same IT IS HEREBY ENACTED,

That an Ordinance made in the seventeenth year of His present Majesty's Reign, Intituled, "An Ordinance to regulate the proceedings in the Courts of Civil Judicature in the Province of Quebec;" And every Article and Clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby continued, to be in force from the expiration thereof and until the thirtieth day of April, which will be in the year of our Lord One thousand, seven hundred and eighty-one.

FRED. HALDIMAND.

Ordained and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, and passed in Council, under the Great Seal of the Province, at the Council Chamber, in the Castle of St. Lewis, in the City of Quebec, the sixteenth day of January, in the nineteenth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord One thousand, seven hundred and seventy-nine.

By His Excellency's Command,

A: DAVIDSON, C.L.C.
ANNO DECIMO NONO.

GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. II.

An ORDINANCE.

For continuing an Ordinance made the twenty-ninth day of March, in the seventeenth year of his Majesty's Reign, Intituled, "An Ordinance for regulating the Militia of the Province of Quebec, and rendering it of more general utility towards the preservation and security thereof."

BE IT ENACTED and ORDAINED by His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council of the Province of Quebec, and by the Authority of the same IT IS HEREBY ENACTED,

That an Ordinance made in the seventeenth year of His present Majesty's Reign, Intituled, "An Ordinance for regulating the Militia of the Province of Quebec, and rendering it of more general utility towards the preservation and security thereof," and every Article and Clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby continued, to be in force, from the expiration thereof, for the space of two years, and unto the end of the Session of the Legislative Council of this Province, which will be held, according to the Statute, in the year of our Lord One thousand, seven hundred and eighty-one.

FRED: HALDIMAND.

Ordained and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, and passed in Council, under the Great Seal of the Province, at the Council Chamber, in the Castle of St. Lewis, in the City of Quebec, the sixteenth day of January, in the nineteenth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord One thousand, seven hundred and seventy-nine.

By His Excellency's Command,

A: DAVIDSON, C.L.C.
ANNO DECIMO NONO.

GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. III.

An ORDINANCE.

For continuing an Ordinance made the twenty-third day of April, in the seventeenth year of His Majesty's Reign, Intituled, "An Ordinance to empower the Commissioners of the Peace to regulate the Police of the Towns of Quebec and Montreal, for a limited Time."

BE IT ENACTED and ORDAINED by His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council of the Province of Quebec, and by the Authority of the same IT IS HERE-

BY ENACTED,

That an Ordinance made in the seventeenth year of His present Majesty's Reign, Intituled, "An Ordinance to empower the Commissioners of the Peace to regulate the Police of the Towns of Quebec and Montreal, for a limited Time;" and every Article and Clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby continued, to be in force, from the expiration thereof, for the space of two years, and unto the end of the Session of the Legislative Council of this Province, which will be held, according to the Statute, in the year of our LORD One thousand, seven hundred and eighty-one.

FRED: HALDIMAND.

Ordained and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, and passed in Council, under the Great Seal of the Province, at the Council Chamber, in the Castle of St. Lewis, in the City of Quebec, the sixteenth day of January, in the nineteenth year of the Reign of our Soverign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the year of our LORD One thousand, seven hundred and seventy-nine.

By His Excellency's Command,

A: DAVIDSON, C.L.C.
ANNO VICESIMO
GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. I.

An ORDINANCE

To prohibit, for a limited time, the exportation of wheat, pease, oats, biscuit, flour, or meal of any kind; also of horned cattle: and thereby to reduce the present high price of wheat and flour.

BE IT ENACTED AND ORDAINED by his excellency the governor, by and with the consent of the legislative council of the province of Quebec, and by the authority of the same it is hereby enacted and ordained.

ART. I.

That no person or persons whosoever, after the publication of this ordinance shall directly or indirectly export, carry, or convey, or cause to be exported, carried, and conveyed out of, and from this province; or shall load or lay on board any ship, vessel, or boat, in order to be carried, conveyed, and transported out of this province, or within this province, to the several posts, fisheries, and Indian countries below Quebec, any wheat, pease, oats, biscuit, flour, or meal of any kind; or horned cattle.

ART. II.

Provided whosoever it may be, that his Majesty's service and the public good shall require a quantity of all or any of the above-mentioned articles of provision, or horned cattle, to be exported out of this province, and transported to any other part of his Majesty's dominions;—It shall be lawful for his excellency the governor, or commander in chief for the time being, with the advice and consent of the members of his Majesty's council, to grant and issue a licence and permit, under his hand and seal, to any of his Majesty's subjects, to export and take from this province, any of the above-mentioned articles, therein, in such permit specifying the quantity and quality of the several provisions, or horned cattle so to be exported, and for what service or purpose intended: provided the same can be done without manifestly exposing this province to want; any thing above contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

ART. III.

Provided also, that this ordinance or any thing herein contained, shall not extend to prohibit the exportation or carrying out of this province, such or so much of all or any of the several articles of provision above specified, as shall be necessary to be carried in any ship or ships, or other vessel or vessels, for their respective voyages, for the sustenance, diet, and support, of the commanders, masters, mariners, passengers, and others, in the same ships or vessels only; or from transporting and sending to the several fisheries within this province, and the several posts and Indian countries, such provisions
or horned cattle abovesaid, as may be necessary for support of the same, the masters of such ships, boats and vessels, or the shippers of the several provisions or horned cattle, or the owners thereof, first having complied with the directions respecting such exportation as are hereafter contained.

ART. IV.

BE IT ALSO EXACTED and ORDAINED, that all masters of vessels, merchants, and their agents, or whosoever may have the direction of clearing from the custom-house or ports within this province, any ship, vessel, or boat, to depart from the said province, or from any of the ports within the said province, to any of the fisheries and posts as abovesaid; shall before lading on board any ship, vessel, or boat, any of the provisions aforesaid, or horned cattle, to be transported as aforesaid, make an entry with the naval officer, or his deputy, of the several quantities and qualities of all or any of the provisions above specified, or horned cattle, which may be necessary, or permitted to be laden on board, and transported out of this province, or to the fisheries, posts, and Indian countries as aforesaid. And before any such ship, vessel, or boat, shall depart with, carry and transport any provisions or horned cattle as aforesaid, the master of such ship, vessel, or boat, the shipper or owner of the provisions or cattle therein laden or to be laden, shall obtain a clearance, licence, and permit, from the naval officer, or his deputy, to take and transport the same.

And moreover that the said master, shipper, or owner, of any of the several provisions or horned cattle as aforesaid, shall, before he or they may be permitted to take and transport the same, make oath before the said naval officer or his deputy (who are hereby authorized to administer the same) that such provisions so laden or to be laden on board such ship, vessel, or boat, are actually necessary for the respective voyage or voyages of the said ship, or vessel, or that all and every such provisions or horned cattle, so laden or to be laden on board any ship, vessel, or boat, are for the use of, and to be consumed at, the respective fishery or fisheries, or at the several posts to which the same are destined within this province.

And the master, shipper, or owner of all and every such provisions or horned cattle, so laden or to be laden on board any ship, vessel, or boat, shall, before he or they may have and receive a clearance, licence, and permit, from the naval officer or his deputy, to depart with the provisions or horned cattle as aforesaid, enter into bond, with two good and sufficient sureties, in the penal sum of one hundred pounds, to his majesty, his heirs and successors, that no part of such provisions or horned cattle so laden or to be laden on board such ship, vessel, or boat, shall be exported, taken or carried in the said ship, vessel, or boat, to any other port or place than such, as may be set down and specified in the clearance of such ship, vessel, or boat, so granted, or to be granted by the naval officer or his deputy. The said bond to be taken before, and delivered to, the said naval officer or his deputy. Upon pain and penalty of one hundred pounds, to be levied of the master of every ship, vessel, or boat, or the shipper or owner of such provisions, or horned cattle, who may refuse or neglect to conform to, and perform all and every the aforesaid articles and directions, according to the true intent and meaning of this ordinance. And also upon forfeiture of double the value of all the provisions
and cattle which may be so laden on board, contrary to this ordinance as aforesaid.—And all and every ship, vessel, and boat is hereby made liable to, and answerable for the aforesaid penalties and forfeitures, so far as they may be of value to answer the same, and may lawfully be taken, seized, and sold by judgment of law, for and toward satisfying the penalties and forfeitures above-mentioned. And the said naval officer or his deputy, for the entry, permit, oath, and bond, as aforesaid, and also the clearance of the provisions or horned cattle as aforesaid, and certificate to the collector or other of his majesty’s customs, as mentioned in the 7th article of this ordinance, shall take and receive five shillings for the said business, and no more.

ART. V.

That the naval officer or his deputy may at all times, by night or by day, enter on board any ship, vessel or boat, and the same and every part thereof to search and examine, and lawfully may seize and hold in his or their custody, all and every ship, vessel or boat, on board of which may be laden any provisions or horned cattle, contrary to this ordinance, and the same retain, until judgment of law be made in the premises.

Provided always that the said naval officer, or his deputy, shall release and give up all and every ship, vessel, or boat, which he may seize as aforesaid, upon the owner or master of such ship, vessel or boat, giving two good and sufficient sureties to the said naval officer, or his deputy, to answer the prosecution, hearing, and trial, to make good and perform the judgment of law upon and against such master, owner, or shipper, for having acted contrary, or neglected to comply with, and perform this ordinance.

ART. VI.

That all and every naval officer, his or their deputy or deputies, who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to take the entry, oath, and security above-mentioned, or who may grant any clearance of any ship, vessel, or boat, before having taken such entry, oath, and security; or who shall neglect or refuse to perform the several duties of him and them by this ordinance required, shall be liable to, and have judgment against him or them for the same penalties, and the value of all such forfeitures, as by this ordinance the master, shipper, or owner of any ship, vessel, or boat, or the provisions or horned cattle therein laden, would be liable to, for a wilful neglect or refusal to conform to this ordinance, or the particular duty necessary to be performed as above-mentioned.

ART. VII.

That no collector of his majesty’s customs, his deputy, or other officer of his majesty’s customs within this province, shall, during the continuance of this ordinance, clear or suffer and permit any ship, vessel or boat to be cleared, from any port or custom-house within this province, until after the said collector, his deputy, or other custom-house officer, may have received a clearance and certificate from the naval officer of this province, or his deputy, that the master of such ship, vessel or boat, hath in all things duly complied with, kept and obeyed this ordinance.
ART. VIII.

That all and every person acting contrary, or neglecting to conform, to this ordinance and the penalties and forfeitures imposed as abovesaid, shall and may be prosecuted, sued for, and recovered in any of his majesty's courts of record in this province, according to the course and usage of such courts, for the trial, hearing and judgment of causes. And the forfeitures above-mentioned recovered, divided, and paid, one moiety to the receiver-general of the province, for the use of his majesty, and the other moiety to the person who shall inform, sue and prosecute for the same.

ART. IX.

That this ordinance, and every article and clause herein contained, shall be and remain in force, from the publication of the same, for and during the space of two years, and unto the end of the sessions of the legislative council of this province, which will be held according to the statute, in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-two.

Fred: Halimand.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the great seal of the province, at the council chamber, in the castle of St. Louis, in the city of Quebec, the ninth day of March, in the twentieth year of the reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and eighty.

By His Excellency's Command,

J. Williams, C. L. C.

Anno Vicesimo
Georgii III. Regis.

Chap. II.

An Ordinance

Describing the persons who shall be deemed Forestallers, Regrators and Ingrossers in this Province, and inflicting punishments upon those who shall be found guilty of such offences.

Whereas the exorbitant price of wheat and flour, so necessary for the sustenance of man, requires the interposition of the legislature, in the manner most forcible, and the most likely to diminish the price; be it enacted and ordained by his excellency the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the province of Quebec, and by the authority of the same it is hereby enacted.
ART. I.

That whatsoever person or persons who shall buy, or cause to be bought any provisions or victuals of any kind whatsoever, coming by land or water towards any of the markets, towns or villages, within this province, to be sold in the same, either from parts within the said province, or from parts beyond the seas; or who shall make any bargain, contract or promise, for the having or buying of the same, or any part thereof, so coming as aforesaid, before the said provisions and victuals shall be in the markets, towns or villages aforesaid, or the port, creek or road thereto pertaining, and there ready to be sold openly and publickly; or who shall make any motion by word, letter, message or otherwise, to any person or persons, for the enhancing of the price, or dearer selling of any provision or victual as aforesaid; or who shall dissuade, move, or stir any person or persons coming to any of the said markets, towns or villages aforesaid, to abstain or forbear to bring or convey any of the things aforesaid, to any of the said markets, towns, villages, ports, creeks or roads, there to be publicly sold as aforesaid, shall be deemed, taken and adjudged a forestaller.

ART. II.

That whatsoever person or persons who shall by any means regrate, obtain or get into his or their hands or possession, in any market, town or village, or the ports, creeks or roads thereto pertaining, within this province as aforesaid, any corn, to wit, wheat, pease, beans, barley, oats, indian corn, rye; or any flour or meal thereof made; or any beef, pork, mutton, veal, lamb, fresh fish, calves, swine, pigs, turkeys, geese, fowls, chickens, pidgeons, partridges, hares or wild fowl; or any dead victual or provision proper for the sustenance of man whatsoever (salt fish excepted) that shall be brought to any of the said markets, towns or villages, ports, creeks or roads there to be sold; and having so obtained, do sell the same again within the said markets, towns or villages, where so brought to be sold as aforesaid, or within fifty miles thereof; the said person or persons (not being licenced tavern-keepers and inn-holders purchasing for the consumption of their houses only) shall be accepted, reputed, taken and adjudged a regrator or regrators.

ART. III.

That whatsoever person or persons who shall get into his or their hands by buying, contracting or promise taking (other than by demise, grant or lease of land or tithe, or by toll) any wheat, oats, pease, beans, barley, rye, indian corn, or any of the said articles growing in the fields; or any flour or meal thereof made; or any potatoes, or other roots or vegetables; or any salt; or any beef, mutton, veal, lamb, pork, butter, cheese, fish, or any dead victual whatsoever, proper for the sustenance of man, within this province, to the intent the same to sell again within the province aforesaid, without first having obtained a licence as herein after is mentioned; shall be accepted, reputed and taken as an unlawful ingrosser or ingrossers; any thing in the ordinance for regulating the markets within this province to the contrary notwithstanding.
ART. IV.

That it shall not be lawful for any marchand de côté, country shopkeeper, or other person whatsoever, without first having obtained a licence and permit as hereafter mentioned, to contract for, purchase, or take in payment of and for any debt, any quantity of wheat, pease, beans, barley, oats, indian corn, rye, or any flour or meal thereof made, over and above such quantity as may be necessary for the support of his or their family, when and at such time as the current price of the said corn, grain and flour may be above the several prices by this ordinance fixed, set and limited, on pain and penalty of being punished as forestallers, regrators and ingrossers.

ART. V.

That if any person or persons shall offend in any of the things above recited, and act contrary to this ordinance; and being thereof duly convicted by the laws of the realm of England, or after the manner and form hereafter mentioned, he or they shall, for the first offence, pay a fine equal to half the value of the corn, flour or provisions so forestalled, regrated or ingrossed; or be imprisoned for a space of time not exceeding one month, without bail or mainprize: and for the second, and every subsequent offence, shall pay a fine equal to the whole value of the corn, flour or provisions so forestalled, regrated or ingrossed; or be imprisoned for a space of time not exceeding three months, without bail or mainprize.

ART. VI.

And be it exacted and declared, that all and every miller, mealman or manufacturer of flour, purchasing or getting into his possession any wheat, pease, beans, barley, oats, indian corn, rye, or any flour or meal thereof made; or any other victual as is above-said, contrary to the express words and true intent of this ordinance; shall and may be reputed, taken, adjudged and convicted, as an unlawful ingrosser, regrator or forestaller; any laws to the contrary notwithstanding. And all and every miller, meal-man or manufacturer of flour being lawfully convicted of any of the offences aforesaid in manner as hereafter mentioned, shall be subject and liable to the same fines, penalties, and imprisonments as mentioned and set forth in the foregoing article.

ART. VII.

Provided always that nothing in this ordinance contained, shall be construed to interrupt or prevent his excellency the governor, the lieutenant-governor, or commander in chief for the time being, from granting licence and authority to any person or persons, to purchase and collect any quantity of wheat, pease, beans, barley, oats, indian corn or rye; or the flour or biscuit thereof made; or any other provisions before-mentioned, for the use of his majesty.

ART. VIII.

Provided also, that nothing in this ordinance contained, shall prevent any person whatsoever, from the purchase of such necessary
corn and victual as may be needful for the support of his family and domesticks, or persons by him hired and employed, and for their sustenance for the space of twelve months; or to prevent any person from the purchase of feed-corn to sow his own land; or any person having sufficient feed-corn, from purchasing other corn for exchange of feed; or to prevent any person from the purchase and transportation of all and every the articles of provision above-mentioned, which may, by such person, be judged needful for the trade and support of the Indian trade and fisheries below the port of Quebec on the river St. Lawrence, and other parts within this province; such last mentioned person first having for that purpose legally obtained the licence and permit hereafter directed.

ART. IX.

Whereas the case, convenience and comfort of persons residing in the several towns and villages within this province, may make it necessary to permit certain quantities of wheat, oats, pease, beans, barley, rye and Indian corn, or the meal and flour thereof made, to be purchased out of the respective towns and villages, and to be collected and brought within the said towns and villages, and there exposed to sale in small quantities, and wrought into bread and biscuit, for the sustenance of the several inhabitants of the said towns and villages: And also it may be necessary, for the reasons aforesaid, to permit the purchase of live cattle or other provisions necessary for the sustenance of the inhabitants of the respective towns and villages; and also to permit certain persons to purchase, collect and transport necessary provisions to the several Indian countries and fisheries below the port of Quebec, and other parts within this province: It is therefore enacted that it shall and may be lawful for any three or more magistrates (not being millers, meal-men, or manufacturers of flour) at their weekly sittings, to authorize, licence and permit such and so many persons, as well millers and manufacturers of flour, as others, as they may judge necessary (not forestalling or grating as described in the first and second articles of this ordinance) and the said magistrates are hereby required to grant permits as aforesaid to purchase within the said province, and the same to sell again, wheat, pease, oats, beans, barley, rye and Indian corn; or the meal and flour or biscuit thereof made: And also to licence and permit the purchase of live-cattle; or other provisions, for the purposes aforesaid: And also to licence and permit the purchase of any of the above-said provisions for the Indian countries and fisheries as aforesaid. That all and every licence so to be granted as aforesaid, shall express the respective quantities and qualities of corn and provisions therein, permitted to be bought, and also the period of time and continuance of such licence in force and effect; which shall not exceed twelve months from the date thereof, and at shorter continuance, as the magistrates may see needful. And for the better regulating the quantities of wheat so to be permitted to be bought, and made into flour, by millers, mealmen or manufacturers of meal and flour; the magistrates of each district, in their sessions, shall cause a list to be made out of such millers, meal-men, and manufacturers of meal and flour, as shall apply for licences; and apportion the quantities to each respectively, according to circumstances.
ART. X.

That the clerks of the peace, in the court of quarter sessions, at Quebec, for the district of Quebec, and at Montreal, for the district of Montreal, shall keep a book of public registry and record of every licence so to be granted as aforesaid; therein expressing the substance of each respective licence, which may be granted by the magistrates of each district as aforesaid. That no magistrate shall grant a licence or permit as above-mentioned, until after the person applying for the same, hath entered into recognizance in the sum of one hundred pounds, that he hath not, directly or indirectly, obtained any other licence than that so applied for, or then mentioned (and which shall be expressed in the said recognizance) and that he will in all things conform to this ordinance, and the purport of the licence and permit which may be to him granted as aforesaid. Neither shall any magistrate sign or grant any such licence or permit, until after he hath had reference to, and examined the public registry of such licences and permits, as may have been granted in the district where such register may be kept as aforesaid. Nor shall any magistrate grant or deliver any such licence or permit, until after the substance of the same shall have been entered in the public registry as aforesaid; which shall be certified by the clerk of the peace on the said licence, as entered in the registry, and before delivery thereof. That every clerk, of the peace shall, upon every request, and without fee or reward, at all public office hours, give communication of, and shew the said public register of licences as aforesaid, to any person requesting the same; and the said clerk of the peace, for the said licence, recognizance, and entry aforesaid, shall take and receive two shillings and six pence, and no more.

ART. XI.

Provided always that any person, who may think himself aggrieved by the refusal of the magistrates aforesaid, to grant to such person a licence and permit to purchase any of the articles of corn, flour or provisions aforesaid; or for such quantities of the several articles above-mentioned, as may be required; to obtain redress in the premises, may petition his excellency the governor, lieutenant-governor, or commander in chief for the time being; who, upon fully hearing the cause of complaint and refusal aforesaid, may (by and with the advice and consent of his majesty's council) grant a licence, and permit such person so aggrieved as aforesaid, to purchase such corn, flour, and provisions, as his excellency the governor, lieutenant-governor, or commander in chief for the time being, by and with the advice and consent of his majesty's council, may judge reasonable: the person so obtaining such licence as aforesaid, first having entered into recognizance before, and entered of record with the clerk of the peace, conformable to such order as may in that respect be made in council touching the same.

ART. XII.

Provided also, that nothing in this ordinance contained, shall be construed to prevent any farmer or grazier from purchasing horned cattle to make fat for sale, the same being by him grazed for the space of five weeks, at least, after the purchase as aforesaid.
Neither shall any thing herein contained prevent any person or persons from purchasing such quantities of salt, as may be needful for his or their families, or for the use of the fisheries in which they are concerned, or agents for; or prevent any retailer of salt, from purchasing any quantity not exceeding three thousand minots, at a time when salt may be retailed at or under five shillings per minot; or one thousand minots, when the retailing price is above that sum.

ART. XIII.

Provided always that nothing in this ordinance shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent any and every person from the purchase of wheat, oats, pease, beans, barley, rye, or Indian corn; and therein to deal and traffick as goods of free merchandize, trade and commerce, without licence, when, and at such time as any of the abovesaid articles shall be at or under the current prices following, that is to say, wheat, five shillings; oats, one shilling and three pence; pease, three shillings; barley, two shillings; rye, three shillings and six pence; and Indian corn, five shillings, currency for each minot. Nor shall prevent any person from the purchase of flour, meal, and biscuit, and therein to deal and traffick as aforesaid, when, and at such time as first flour shall be sold at or under the current price of sixteen shillings; second flour, or farine entière, at or under twelve shillings and six pence; and ship-biscuit at or under fifteen shillings for each quintal of 112lb. English weight.

ART. XIV.

And whereas it may be necessary that the several prices current before mentioned, should be so ascertained and made public, as may govern and direct all persons to act in obedience to this ordinance, It is therefore enacted, that the several magistrates and commissioners of the peace, at their monthly sittings in the city of Quebec and Montreal, shall and may, upon the oath of one or more credible person, or by such other ways and means as they may find just; fix, settle and determine the several prices current of all and every the articles of corn, grain, flour and biscuit above-mentioned, and cause the same immediately then after, or as soon as may be, to be published in the Quebec Gazette; and every rate of prices so made, to continue and publish until a new rate of prices shall be settled in manner aforesaid. And it is hereby declared that no person whosoever shall be deemed, taken and adjudged an Ingrosser, who may actually, and bona fide, have purchased any corn, grain, flour or biscuit, at or under the several prices established by the XIIIth article of this ordinance.

ART. XV.

That the justices or commissioners of the peace in their several quarter sessions, to be held at Quebec and Montreal, shall have full power and authority, by virtue of this ordinance, to enquire, hear and determine all and every offence or offences, which may be perpetrated and committed contrary to this ordinance, within the respective districts where such offence may be committed; and by inquisition, presentment, bill or information, before them exhibited; and
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by examination of two lawful witnesses; or by any of the same ways and means, by the discretion of the justices or commissioners; and to make process thereupon, as though they were indicted before them by inquisition, or by verdict of twelve or more men; and upon conviction, to award execution in the premises. The one moiety of all fines, which may arise under this ordinance, to be paid to his majesty's receiver-general, for the use of his majesty; and the other moiety, to the informer or person who may sue and prosecute for the same.

ART. XVI.

And if any person or persons shall think him or themselves aggrieved, by the judgment or determination of the said commissioners of the peace, in their quarter-sessions; it shall and may be lawful for such person or persons, at any time within three calendar months from the time of giving such judgment or determination, to appeal therefrom to the governor and council of this province; any five or more of which council (not being commissioners of the peace who shall have given such judgment or determination) with the governor, lieutenant-governor, or chief justice, shall constitute a court of appeal for that purpose; which said court of appeal, is hereby authorized fully to examine into the grounds of such prosecution and appeal, from the proceedings and record of such cause; and the judgment or determination of the said commissioners of the peace, to reverse, or affirm, according to the opinion of the major part of the said court of appeal. But it is declared that no person shall be entitled to such appeal, unless he shall first have given good and sufficient security to be forth-coming to undergo the execution of such judgment; and to pay such condemnation money and costs as shall be awarded by the judgment of the said court of appeal, in case the judgment so appealed from, shall be in the whole, or in any part, affirmed.

ART. XVII.

That all and every prosecution for any of the several offences above-mentioned, shall be commenced, sued, and prosecuted within six calendar months after the commission of such offence, and not afterwards. And if it should appear that any such prosecution were instituted and sued after the said period of six months from the time of committing such offence as aforesaid, judgment shall not be pronounced thereupon: any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

ART. XVIII.

That this ordinance, and every article and clause herein contained, shall continue and remain in force and effect for and during the space of two years, and until the end of the sessions of the legislative council, which will be held according to the statute, in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-two.

FRED: HALDIMAND.
Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the great seal of the said province, at the council chamber, in the castle of St. Louis, in the city of Quebec, the twelfth day of April, in the twentieth year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and eighty.

By His Excellency's Command,

J. Williams, C. L. C.
ANNO VICESIMO

GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. III.

An ORDINANCE

For the regulation and establishment of Fees.

BE IT ENACTED and ORDAINED by his excellency the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the province of Quebec, and by the authority of the same IT IS HEREBY ENACTED.

ART. I.

That the several fees hereafter mentioned, be allowed to, and taken by, the several officers and persons hereafter named, for several business which may be done and performed by them, conformable to the respective establishments following.

The Governor's Fees.

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His Excellency Governor Haldimand is pleased to relinquish his right and claim to any of the above fees.

The Secretary of the Province.

For ingrossing a grant or patent for a new seigniory, of two leagues in front by two leagues in depth, fixing the great seal of the province, wax, parchment, &c

For ingrossing a grant en roture, fixing the great seal, wax, parchment, &c

For ingrossing a commission for a place of profit, great seal, parchment, wax, administering oaths, certificate, &c

For ingrossing a commission under the governor's hand and seal for a place of profit, parchment, affixing the seal, administering oaths, certificate, &c

For drawing out a certificate, not exceeding 200 words, under the governor's hand and seal, and affixing the seal

If under the great seal

If a certificate exceeds 200 words, for every 50 words in addition thereto

For a pass for any ship, snow, or brigantine to any port out of the province

Idem for any schooner or sloop, idem
For affixing the governor's seal, and procuring his signature to the register of any vessel 0 2 6
For a pass to any person leaving the province by sea 0 1 0
For the bond, when security is given 0 2 6
For posting up the name 0 1 0
For entering a caveat against any person's departure 0 2 6
For a special pass under the governor's hand and seal for any person's departure by land or water 0 5 0
For making out and entering a warrant under the governor's hand and seal, directed to the attorney general to prepare commissions or letters patent for a place of profit, or for a seigniory, or land en rature 0 10 0
For making out and entering a warrant to the surveyor general, for a survey, &c. 0 10 0
For making out and entering a warrant to the judge of the vice admiralty to issue a commission or letter of marque, to any ship or other vessel 2 0 0
For making out and entering leave of absence to any officer of government under the governor's hand and seal 0 10 0
For a licence to sell liquors 0 5 0
For a licence or pass to trade with the Indians, duplicate thereof, bond, agency, administering oaths, and all other business attendant thereon 1 3 4
For fylving each paper belonging to individuals, and taking an inventory 0 1 6
For attending a court of justice with an original record 0 10 0
For administering the oath of allegiance to any person not before licenced to sell liquors, with the certificate thereof 0 1 0

The Register of the Province.

For registering letters patent, commissions, deeds, or other writings belonging to individuals, per sheet of 100 words 0 0 6
For copies of all writings per sheet of 100 words 0 0 6
For a certificate of the record 0 1 0
For searching the register book for any one year 0 1 0
For a general search 0 2 6
For attending a court of justice with the register book 0 10 0
For drawing and ingrossing certificates to prove the due execution of deeds, &c. per sheet of 100 words 0 0 6
For administering the oath touching the same 0 1 0

The Clerk of the Council.

Fees to be taken from, and for business done at the instance of individuals.

For fylving a petition or any other paper 0 0 6
For reading a petition at the council board, and entering it in the minutes 0 2 6
For entering the order of council thereon 0 2 6
For attending a committee of council upon a reference 0 5 0
For drawing out the report, reading it at the council board, entering it in the book, with the order of council thereon

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For the copy of any order, report, or other paper per sheet of 100 words

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For drawing, ingrossing and entering a warrant for payment of money

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**The Surveyor General.**

When the surveyor general or his deputy is employed in the service of his Majesty's subjects.

For surveying either in town or country, per day

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For drawing the plan of a lot in town, and duplicate, together with the report or certificate

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<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For drawing the plan of a seigniory, after having been surveyed, and the duplicate, with the report or certificate, and recording the same

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**The Surveyor General of Roads.**

Whenever required to attend, for the examination of roads, public or private, at other than his usual and established times of circuit, an allowance from the day of his departure to that of his return, inclusive of all expenses for carriage, &c. per day

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For every verbal process and copy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Surveyors of Land having the Governor's special Commission.**

For surveying per day

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For each land-mark laid down, on furnishing his verbal process thereof, and a plan, to the party, together with a duplicate to be lodged in the surveyor general's office

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**The Naval Officer.**

For entering and clearing every ship, snow or brig coming from or bound to sea

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For do.—every sloop or schooner coming from or bound to sea

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For a bill of health

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For a naval store certificate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For a pig or bar iron certificate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For a pot of pearl ash certificate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For a new register

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**The Attorney General.**

For the draught of a patent for a seigniory

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For the draught of a grant en roture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For the draught of every commission or grant, of any office or place of profit

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For his opinion on every case referred to him by the governor, or council

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Every attendance on the governor, or council, or committee of council, when required

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>£</td>
<td>s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For the draught of every ordinance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For the draught of every proclamation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For drawing every bill of indictment, or information in the court of King's Bench</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For drawing every pardon, or remission of fine</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For all business not above mentioned, done by the attorney general passing thro' the secretary's office, double the fees taken in that office.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For all motions, attendances and business done in the different courts of justice in this province, one third more fees than those allowed to other attorneys and practitioners.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Fees to be taken in the Court of Appeals.**

**By Counsel and Attornies.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Attendence examining the proceedings of the inferior court, and taking instructions to prosecute or defend the appeal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filing for the writ of appeal, lodging it in the office, and attending the president to sign it</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fair copy of the writ to serve on the appellee</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attendance in court at the return of the writ</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drawing appearance and attendance to fyle it in the office</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Every attendance at the office to fyle pleadings, or obtain rules</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drawing reasons of appeal, or answers</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fair copy to fyle</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drawing replication or other further pleading</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fair copy of do. to fyle</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copy of every rule to serve on the adverse party</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Every motion in court</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Every necessary attendance in court</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fee on argument of every point of law on motion</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 118</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do.—of every law issue</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1 34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do. upon merits, whether on one or more days</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2 68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drawing bill of costs</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attending taxation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filing for the writ of execution, attending the president to sign the writ, and lodging it with the sheriff</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**By the Clerk.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Entering and fyleing a fial for writ of appeal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drawing, ingrossing and sealing the writ</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entering and fyleing the return thereof</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entering and fyleing, appearance, reasons of appeal, answers, or other pleading, each</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entering and fyleing petition, affidavit, or any other paper (those accompanying the return of the writ excepted) each</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reading the same, and indorsing it as an exhibit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copies of all papers per sheet of 100 words</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 06</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

QUEBEC ORDINANCES, 1768-91

£ s. d.
Entering every motion - - - 0 2 0
Drawing and entering the order thereon - - 0 3 0
Copy of the motion and order - - 0 1 6
Entering a rule in the office - - 0 2 6
Copy - - 0 1 6
Reading the record, viz. the transcript of the rules, orders, proceedings and judgment of the inferior court, with all the pleadings there - - - 0 10 0
Reading each exhibit annexed to the record, and indorsing the same - - - 0 2 6
Reading reasons of appeal and answers, each - - 0 1 0
Entering every continuance after the cause is at issue, and set down for hearing - - 0 3 0
Attending every consultation of the judges - - 0 5 0
Drawing up and entering judgment upon every law issue or point of law, argued on motion - - 0 11 8
Drawing up and entering final judgment upon the merits - - 1 3 4
Extract of a judgment - - 0 5 0
Drawing, ingrossing and sealing a writ of execution - - 0 10 0
In cases of appeal to the King in council.
Entering justification of bail - - 0 10 0
Drawing and ingrossing the recognizance - - 0 10 0
Entering and taking the acknowledgment of it - - 0 10 0

Fees to be taken in the Court of Common Pleas.
By Counsel and Attorneys.

In matters under ten pounds sterling, no allowance is to be made to any attorney where the action is simply for debt; but when it is to fix a line or fence between two different lands, to ascertain a water-course, or any other case where it may be necessary to examine deeds or writings, an attorney to be allowed for conducting the whole cause - - 0 5 0
In matters above £10 sterling and under £30 currency.
To the plaintiff's attorney prosecuting to judgment, for his Fees altogether - - 2 6 8
To the attorney defending, for do - - 1 10 0

In matters above £30 currency.

Attendance taking instructions to prosecute or defend a suit - - 0 6 0
For drawing the declaration - - 0 5 0
For a fair copy to be laid before the judge - - 0 2 6
Attendance on the judge with the declaration, the clerk of the court for the writ, the judge to sign it, and lodging the writ and declaration with the sheriff, altogether 0 3 0
For another fair copy of the declaration to deliver the sheriff to serve on the defendant - 0 2 6
For an accommodation fee and moving for a retraxit - 0 5 0
Attendance in court at the return of the writ - 0 3 0
Attendance in court a second day, if the defendant does not appear; going through the proofs to establish the plaintiff's demand, in order to get judgment pronounced - 0 10 0
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>£</th>
<th>s</th>
<th>d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Drawing appearance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Every necessary attendance at the clerk's office</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Every necessary motion or attendance in court</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For drawing plea, replication, or other pleading, each</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fair copy to fyle, and another to deliver the adverse party, each</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drawing affidavit where necessary</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fair copy</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notice of trial</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copy to deliver the adverse attorney</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fitt for a subpoena for witnesses</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For every copy of the subpoena</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drawing state of facts to be proved, when thought necessary by the judges</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copy to fyle and another to deliver the adverse party, each</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fee on trial of the merits</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fee on argument of any point of law on motion</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fee on argument of every law issue</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drawing bill of costs</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copy to serve</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attending taxation</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fitt for a writ of execution, attending the judge to sign it, and the sheriff to lodge it with him</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attending court at the return of that writ</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In matters of Licitation, or Auction.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>£</th>
<th>s</th>
<th>d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Drawing the petition</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attendance on the judge to lay it before him</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attendance in court to name appraisors</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do.—to have their award ratified</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drawing the verbal process containing a description of the estate to be put up</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drawing an extract to be posted up, and copy, each</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attendance in court each day of bidding</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drawing advertisement to insert in the gazette</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drawing the terms and conditions of sale</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fair copy</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attendance at the clerk’s office to lodge the conditions</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do. in court at the time of adjudication</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drawing bill of costs</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copy</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attending taxation</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

By the Clerk.

In matters under £10 sterling.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>£</th>
<th>s</th>
<th>d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For a summons</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entering judgment</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Writ of execution</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In matters above £10 sterling and under £30 currency.

For all his fees including the judgment, but exclusive of office copies of papers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>£</th>
<th>s</th>
<th>d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
In matters above £30 currency.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>£</th>
<th>s</th>
<th>d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For a summons</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For entering each cause on the court-book, at the return of the writ</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For every motion entered</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For every order or rule of court</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copy of motion and order</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For a subpoena, including all the witnesses for one party</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drawing every deposition in court</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entering default</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copy thereof</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filing appearance and entering</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entering judgment on argument of every law issue</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do. on argument of any point of law on motion</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entering final judgment on the merits of the case</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A writ of execution</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A writ to hold to bail</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Every paper filed</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Every security or recognizance taken in court</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office copies per sheet of 100 words in all matters above £10 sterling</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
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<td>Searching the records for any one year</td>
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<td>1 0</td>
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<tr>
<td>A general search</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>2 6</td>
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By the Crier.

On the entry of every cause by the clerk, under £10 sterling in the court books |   | 0 | 0 2 |
Do. above £10 sterling, and £30 currency |   | 0 | 0 9 |
Do. above £30 currency |   | 0 | 1 0 |

Bailiffs.

For service of every summons in causes under £10 sterling | 0 | 1 0 |
For seizure and sale upon an execution under that sum | 0 | 4 0 |
For the service of a rule of court, or other paper in matters above £10 sterling | 0 | 1 0 |

By the Sheriff.

For service of summons in causes above £10 sterling and under £30 currency | 0 | 2 6 |
Do. above £30 currency | 0 | 5 0 |
On the entry of every cause by the clerk above £10 sterling and under £30 currency | 0 | 0 9 |
Do. above £30 currency | 0 | 1 0 |
Arrest, whether on mesne process or execution | 0 | 10 0 |
Bail-bond | 0 | 10 0 |
Levying execution on goods or estate, in the pound | 0 | 0 6 |
For a deed of sale | 1 | 10 0 |

Fees to be taken in the Court of Quarter Sessions.

The counsel and attorneys to be allowed and take fees in this court in the same proportion as far business done in the court of common pleas in matters above £30 currency.
The cryer and bailiffs the same proportion likewise as for business done in the court of common pleas.

**Goaler.**

For every imprisonment, and nothing for the release £ s. d. 0 5 0

**Clerk of the Peace.**

For drawing and ingrossing the precept for every general quarter sessions, attending the commissioners to sign it and transmitting it to the sheriff £ s. d. 1 0 0
For every recognizance entered into in court, by a party with his sureties, for the peace or good behaviour, to be paid by the party bound £ s. d. 0 5 0
For do. to appear to answer for an assault, to be paid by the party bound £ s. d. 0 5 0
For discharging every such recognizance where the party is convicted £ s. d. 0 5 0
For every distringas, levari facias, or warrant, to be paid by the party £ s. d. 0 1 0
For every summons £ s. d. 0 1 0
For every summary conviction or rule of court £ s. d. 0 1 0
For entering the allowance of every writ or certiorari, and for the return £ s. d. 0 1 0
For recording the allowance of every writ of certiorari, and for the return £ s. d. 0 1 0
For every bond or recognizance for the party to pay costs upon allowance of such writ £ s. d. 0 5 0
For ingrossing or copying per sheet of 100 words, if not otherwise provided for £ s. d. 0 0 6
For attendance taking recognizance on the renewal of licences of publicans, recording the same, and for a copy of it with the certificate £ s. d. 0 5 0
For every baker's and carter's licence, and certificate £ s. d. 0 2 6
For administering the oath of allegiance in court, or before two justices, to be paid by the party £ s. d. 0 1 0
For attending every quarter sessions £ s. d. 1 0 0

**Fees to be taken in the prerogative Court.**

*By the Register, for Business done in English.*

For the probate of a will and ingrossing £ s. d. 0 12 6
Swearing witnesses or executors, each £ s. d. 0 1 0
Affixing seal and filing the will £ s. d. 0 1 6
Letters of administration £ s. d. 0 12 6
Drawing bond and ingrossing £ s. d. 0 5 0
Registering per sheet of 100 words £ s. d. 0 0 6
Marriage licence and bond £ s. d. 0 12 6

*By the Register for business done in French.*

For drawing and ingrossing an act of tutorship or guardianship at the judge's chambers £ s. d. 0 5 0
For closing an inventory, entering it on the register and copy &pound; 0 4 0
For drawing an act for the emancipation of minors by an assembly of relations at the judge’s chambers, and fair copy &pound; 0 5 0
For every sale by auction, entries of adjournments, copies of the buildings, and of the adjudication, wherein the title deeds are recited, and which serves as a title for the purchaser, for the whole &pound; 1 5 0

Fees to be taken by the Coroner and Sub-Coroner.

The Coroner.
For summoning the jury, taking depositions, making the inquest and returning it &pound; 1 5 0

The Sub-Coroner.
For every inquest taken and the return thereof made agreeable to law &pound; 0 15 0

Fees to be taken in the Court of Vice Admiralty.
The judge of this court is allowed by his Majesty a salary of two hundred pounds sterling per annum, in lieu of fees

Advocates and Proctors.

Attendance examining parties and papers for instructions to prosecute or defend &pound; 0 11 8
Drawing libel, plea, answer or other pleading &pound; 1 0 0
Copies of do. each &pound; 0 10 0
Every necessary motion &pound; 0 7 6
Every necessary attendance at the register’s office &pound; 0 2 6
Every necessary attendance in court &pound; 0 7 6
Fee on hearing &pound; 2 6 8
Bill of costs &pound; 0 3 0
Copy &pound; 0 1 0
Attending taxation &pound; 0 5 0

The advocate general to be allowed one third more fees for all business done by him in the court of vice admiralty.

Register.
For drawing and ingrossing an affidavit to ground a writ upon, drawing and ingrossing the writ and affixing the seal to it &pound; 0 7 6
Drawing and ingrossing a summons and affixing the seal &pound; 0 5 0
Entering and filing the return of a writ of summons &pound; 0 1 6
Entering and filing a libel &pound; 0 2 6
Proclamation for appearance each time &pound; 0 1 0
Taking minutes of every stipulation in court &pound; 0 3 0
Entering every motion &pound; 0 2 0
Rule of court thereon &pound; 0 3 0
Copy of motion and rule &pound; 0 1 0
Drawing every deposition and administering oath &pound; 0 5 0
Filing every deposition &pound; 0 1 0
Reading it in court &pound; 0 1 0
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>£</th>
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<tr>
<td>Filing answer, plea, replication or other pleading, each</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reading all libels, answers, replications, &amp;c. if special, each</td>
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<tr>
<td>Subpena for witnesses</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
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<tr>
<td>Entering every decree, or judgment, in the minutes and ingrossing it in the register</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copy of all pleadings, decree, &amp;c. per sheet of 100 words</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entering return of appraisers</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drawing and ingrossing every bail bond</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
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<tr>
<td>For a commission to examine witnesses and affixing the seal</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Registering a commission or any other instrument per sheet of 100 words</td>
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<tr>
<td>In cases of capture under the statute of the 16 of Geo. 3, where the vessel is under the burden of 100 tons, his proportion of the £10 sterling there allowed</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>And in the same proportion where the vessel is above that burden out of the £15 sterling allowed by the same statute.</td>
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<tr>
<td>On every letter of marque issued from the vice admiralty here</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>£</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For every arrest and return</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For service of summons or any order of court, and return</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For attendance every court day, from every cause wherein business is done</td>
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<tr>
<td>In cases of capture (as above stated in the register's list)</td>
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<tr>
<td>where the vessel is under 100 tons his proportion of the £10 sterling</td>
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<tr>
<td>In the same proportion out of the £15 where the vessel is above that burden.</td>
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<tr>
<td>For all sales, by order of the court, two and an half per cent.</td>
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Cryer.

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<th>Description</th>
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<tr>
<td>For attendance every court day, in every cause wherein business is done</td>
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Fees to be taken by Notaries.

In commercial Matters.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>£</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For entering the appearance of a master of a ship or other vessel to protest against wind and weather, taking minutes for that purpose, and swearing him to the same</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Drawing out the protest, swearing the mariners, registering it, and fair copy attested and under seal</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other copies per sheet of 100 words</td>
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<tr>
<td>Affixing the seal</td>
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<tr>
<td>Certificate</td>
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<tr>
<td>Noting bills of exchange</td>
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<tr>
<td>Drawing protest and registering</td>
<td></td>
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</table>
In other Business.

£  s.  d

For drawing a bond or obligation from one person to
another without a special mortgage  -  -  -  0 2 6
Fair and certified copy  -  -  -  0 1 3
For drawing a bond or obligation from many joint debtors,
with a mortgage of real property therein described  0 3 6
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 1 9
For a simple procuration or power of attorney a brevet 0 2 6
For a special do.  -  -  -  0 5 0
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 2 6
For drawing a deed of mutual donation between husband
and wife after articles of marriage  -  -  -  0 5 0
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 2 6
For drawing a deed of donation wherein the donee becomes
bound to furnish the donor sundry articles by way of
annuity  -  -  -  -  0 5 0
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 2 6
For drawing marriage articles between a bachelor and
spinstor containing the ordinary clauses  0 3 6
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 1 9
For drawing marriage articles between a widower and
widow  -  -  -  -  0 5 0
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 2 6
For drawing a deed to exchange houses or lands  0 5 0
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 2 6
For drawing a deed of sale in the common form of a house
or land by one single person, or by husband and wife  0 5 0
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 2 6
For drawing a deed of sale by several vendors, with
warranty and stipulating terms of payment  -  -  -  0 6 0
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 3 0
For drawing a deed of sale from several vendors to several
purchasers with a recital of the title deeds  0 6 0
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 3 0
For drawing an assignment of a right of succession
whether by transfer or substitution  -  -  -  0 3 6
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 1 9
For drawing a deed of concession or grant from a seignior, 0 3 6
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 1 9
For drawing a new title from a seignior  0 2 6
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 1 3
For drawing a deed creating a rent-charge with a general
and special mortgage  -  -  -  0 3 6
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 1 9
For drawing articles of apprenticeship  -  -  -  0 2 6
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 1 3
For drawing a ratification  -  -  -  0 2 6
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 1 3
For drawing a discharge or acquittance  -  -  -  0 2 0
Copy  -  -  -  -  0 1 0
Attendance out of the office within the town  -  -  -  0 2 6
Do. in the country per day  -  -  -  0 5 0
For drawing the preamble of a verbal process  -  -  -  0 2 6
For each vacation of three hours  -  -  -  0 5 0
For drawing a *verbal process* of a sale

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For copies of inventories and account sales, per sheet of 100 words

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For poundage on collecting the proceeds of the sale, two per cent.

With regard to wills, accounts relating to guardianships, partitions or divisions of estates, and articles between parties by way of transaction, being instruments often long and difficult to draw up, and therefore not to be justly estimated in a general list of fees; any two or more of the judges of the court of common pleas are impowered, in cases of difference, to tax and allow what shall seem just and right, having regard to the difficulty of the case and the necessary length of the deed.

*Fees to be taken by the Clerk keeping the Archives of deceased Notaries.*

For copies of all deeds, articles, contracts, etc., per sheet of 100 words

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For every search, when the party names the notary and year

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<th>£.</th>
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For a general search

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For the certificate

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A R T. II.

That what officer or person soever, who shall ask, demand, and take, greater or other fees than the above mentioned for the doing and performing the respective business for which fees are established by this ordinance, shall and may be prosecuted as in cases of extortion, and being thereof duly convicted in any court of record within this province, shall suffer and pay a fine of twenty five pounds current money, one moiety thereof to be paid the receiver general for the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to the informer or person whosoever may sue for the same, to be recovered as aforesaid.

A R T. III.

That this ordinance and every article and clause herein contained, shall continue and be in force for and during two years from the publication of the same, and unto the end of the sessions of the legislative council of this province, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-two.

FRED: HALDIMAND.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Louis, in the city of Quebec, the ninth day of March, in the twentieth year of the reign of our Sovereign lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and eighty.

By His Excellency’s Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C.I.C.
ANNO VICESIMO
GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. IV.

An ORDINANCE

For regulating all such persons as keep horses and carriages to let and hire, for the accommodation of travellers, commonly called and known by the name of maitres de poste.

BE IT EXACTED and ORDAINED by his excellency the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the province of Quebec, and by the authority of the same IT IS HEREBY ENACTED.

ART. I.

That from and after the publication of this ordinance, no person or persons whosoever, acting as a postman or maitre de poste, by commission from his excellency the governor, the lieutenant-governor, or commander in chief; or by commission from any person duly authorised by the governor, lieutenant-governor, or commander in chief, for the purpose of granting commissions to postmen or maitres de poste, shall ask, demand, or take more than one shilling for each league for the hire of a horse and carriage, whether the same shall carry one or two persons; or more than six pence for each additional horse, which any person travelling post may demand and require to be harnessed to such carriage; or more than six-pence for each league, for every saddle-horse and saddle which may be required. That all and every person travelling post in their own carriages, shall pay one shilling and two pence, for each league such carriage may be carried by one horse, and if the person travelling demand a second or additional horse, he shall pay one shilling and six-pence for the two horses as aforesaid. That all and every person journeying as aforesaid, shall and may take and have carried in the respective carriage as aforesaid, a reasonable quantity and weight of baggage, that is to say, for every single person so travelling in a carriage as aforesaid one hundred pounds weight, and for two persons travelling as aforesaid seventy pounds weight, and no more.

ART. II.

That all and every the said maitres de poste, or postmen, shall furnish and provide to all and every person demanding the same, one or more carts or sleighs, with one horse to each, whether it be for travelling or carrying baggage for travellers, and in case of baggage, such cart or sleigh to carry six hundred pounds weight at least, and for the hire of the same shall demand and take nine pence for each league and no more.
ART. III.

That every postman or maitre de poste shall support and keep four good and sufficient horses at least, with the like number of good and substantial caleches; the caleches to be commodiously wide and long, and two of them at every post-house to be mounted on iron creeks or springs. That each postman or maitre de poste shall be allowed, and may retain, an assistant or aide de poste, who respectively shall keep and support two good horses, and the like number of sufficient carriages and harnesses. That each postman or maitre de poste, together with two able servants whom he shall keep and support for the purpose of driving the horses and carriages as aforesaid; and also the assistant or aide de poste as aforesaid, shall be exempted, and are hereby freed and exempted, from all public service and duty, which by law otherwise they might be bound to perform: such services and duties always excepted, to which they are bound by the tenure of their land.

ART. IV.

That all and every postman, maitre de poste, assistant or aide de poste as aforesaid, shall immediately on demand, and without delay, furnish and provide for persons so journeying as aforesaid, horses and carriages. And if any postman, maitre de poste, or aide, shall delay or detain the person demanding any horses, carriages, or saddle horses as before mentioned, more than one quarter of an hour in the day, or half an hour in the night; or shall not drive such horse or horses, and the carriages so hired as aforesaid, at the rate and distance of two leagues for every hour at the least, provided the roads will permit; such postman or assistant so neglecting as above-mentioned, shall forfeit and pay for every offence the sum of ten shillings.

ART. V.

That no maitre de poste, or aide de poste, shall on any pretence whatever, pass or drive any carriage beyond the limits and distance of his or their respective faxes and stages, without first having obtained permission so to do from the next maitre de poste, and to whose house his stage and fare may end; under the penalty of one shilling for each league which he or they may so transgress, to be recovered from, and paid by the maitre de poste who shall so have transgressed, to the maitre de poste whose permission and leave ought to have been obtained to drive and pass as aforesaid. Provided always that whatsoever it may happen that all the horses or carriages retained as aforesaid, at any post-house and the house of the aide or assistant as aforesaid, shall be employed, or absent from their respective stages; in such case any maitre de poste, or aide de poste shall pass, and he is hereby required, when demanded, to pass and drive beyond the limits of his or their respective stages, without incurring the penalty aforesaid. And every maitre de poste and his aide are hereby respectively required to place and expose to public view in his or their houses an account of his and their lawful fare and distance of road and stage, which such maitre de poste or aide may respectively drive as aforesaid, upon penalty of five shillings for every neglect.
ART. VI.

In consideration of the advanced price of provender in the several towns of Quebec, Montreal, and Three-Rivers, and in compensation for the time they may lose in attending at the respective houses and lodgings of persons taking the first stage: and also that the posts of Quebec and Montreal are only employed in driving from the said towns, it is exacted, that the maîtres de poste and the aide and assistant as aforesaid, in the towns of Quebec and Montreal may demand and receive twenty pence for each league for the hire of a horse and carriage, whether the same may carry one or two persons; and for one horse and carriage from the town of Three-Rivers, one shilling and four pence per league; and in proportion for one or more horses as is above-mentioned.

ART. VII.

That all and every ferryman, and person keeping a ferry, on the public roads in this province, shall be provided with good and sufficient ferry-boats, batteaux, and canoes as they may be necessary for the ease and convenience of persons travelling as aforesaid. The persons keeping the ferries aforesaid shall not on any pretence, detain any person so journeying, under a penalty of ten shillings for every detention.

ART. VIII.

That all and every the forfeitures and penalties by this ordinance imposed shall and may be sued for, prosecuted and recovered, upon the oath of one or more credible witness, and before any one of his majesty’s commissioners of the peace; and such penalties and forfeitures levied by warrant under the hand and seal of any commissioner of the peace as aforesaid, one half to be paid to the receiver-general for his majesty’s use, the other half to the prosecutor.

ART. IX.

That this ordinance, and every article and clause herein contained, shall continue and be in force and effect, for and during the space of two years, and until the end of the sessions of the legislative council which will be held according to the statute in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-two.

FRED: HALDIMAND.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the great seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Louis, in the city of Quebec, the ninth day of March, in the twentieth year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and eighty.

By His Excellency’s Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
Anno vicesimo primo GEORGII III Regis.

Chap. I.¹

AN ORDINANCE for further continuing an Ordinance made the twenty fifth day of February in the seventeenth year of His Majesty's Reign intitled “AN ORDINANCE to regulate the proceedings in the Courts of Civil Judicature in the province of Quebec.”

Be it enacted and ordained by his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the province of Quebec, and by the authority of the same, it is hereby enacted, that an ordinance made in the seventeenth year of his Majesty's Reign, intitled, “AN ORDINANCE to regulate the proceedings "in the courts of civil judicature in the province of Quebec,” and every Article and Clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby further continued, from the passing of this present ordinance unto the thirtieth day of April One thousand seven hundred and eighty three.

And whereas in and by the eighth article of the said ordinance, it is ordained and enacted, that a Writ of Appeal shall be allowed, if the Appellant hath given the requisite security for prosecuting the same; it is hereby enacted and ordained that the Judges to whom any such writ of Appeal may be directed, shall and may be empowered, and are hereby lawfully authorized to accept of personal Security on Bail by Justification, for sufficiently prosecuting all or any such writ of appeal to be sued out and prosecuted according to the said ordinance; any thing contained in the ordinance or Laws of this province to the contrary notwithstanding.

FRED. HALDIMAND.

Ordained and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, and passed in Council under the public Seal of the province, at the Council Chamber in the Castle of St. Lewis in the City of Quebec, the twentieth day of January in the twenty first year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the third by the Grace of God of Great Britain, France and Ireland King Defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty one.

By his Excellency's command.

J. WILLIAMS C.L.C.

¹Ordinances, P. of Q., 1780-1781 (Can. Arch.).
Anno vicesimo primo GEORGH III Regis.

Chap. II.¹

AN ORDINANCE for further continuing an ordinance made the twenty ninth day of March in the seventeenth year of his Majesty's Reign intitled "An Ordinance for regulating the Militia of "the province of Quebec, and rendering it of more general Utility "towards the Preservation and Security thereof."

BE IT EXACTED and ORDAINED by his Excellency the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council of the province of Quebec, and by the Authority of the same IT IS HEREBY EXACTED THAT an Ordinance made in the seventeenth year of his Majesty's reign, intitled, "AN ORDINANCE for regulating the Militia "of the province of Quebec, and rendering it of more general utility "towards the preservation and Security thereof" and every Article and Clause therein contained shall be and continue, and the same is hereby further continued from the passing of this present Ordinance, unto the thirtieth Day of April, which will be in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and Eighty three.

FRED. HALDIMAND.

ORDAINED and EXACTED by the Authority aforesaid and passed in council under the public Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the Castle of St. Lewis in the City of Quebec the twentieth day of January in the twenty first Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the third by the Grace of God of Great Britain France and Ireland King Defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the Year of our Lord One thousand Seven hundred and Eighty One.

By his Excellency's command.  J. WILLIAMS C.I.C.

Anno vicesimo primo GEORGH III Regis.

Chap. III.²

AN ORDINANCE for further continuing an Ordinance made the twenty third day of April in the seventeenth year of his Majesty's reign, intitled, "An Ordinance to empower the Commissioners of the "peace to regulate the Police of the Towns of Quebec and Montreal "for a limited time."

BE IT EXACTED and ORDAINED by His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative Council of the

¹ Ordinances, P. of Q., 1780-1781 (Can. Arch.).
² Ordinances, P. of Q., 1780-1781 (Can. Arch.).
Province of Quebec and by the authority of the same it is hereby enacted that an Ordinance made in the seventeenth year of his Majesty's Reign, intitled, "An Ordinance to empower the Commissioners of the peace to regulate the police of the Towns of Quebec and Montreal for a limited time," and every Article and Clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby further continued, from the passing of this present Ordinance unto the thirtieth Day of April, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty three.

FRED. HALDIMAND.

Ordained and enacted by the Authority aforesaid and passed in Council under the public Seal of the province, at the Council Chamber in the Castle of St. Lewis in the City of Quebec the twentieth Day of January in the twenty first year of the Reign of our sovereign Lord George the third by the Grace of God of Great Britain France and Ireland King Defender of the faith and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty one.

By his Excellency's command.

J. WILLIAMS C.L.C.
Anno vicesimo secundo George III. Regis.

CHAP. I. ¹

An ORDINANCE

For continuing an ordinance made the ninth day of March in the twentieth year of his Majesty's reign, intitled, "An ordinance to prohibit, for a limited time, the exportation of wheat, pease, oats, biscuit, flour, or meal of any kind; also of horned cattle: and thereby to reduce the present high price of wheat and flour."

Be it enacted and ordained by His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the province of Quebec, and by the authority of the same it is hereby enacted and ordained that an ordinance made in the twentieth year of his present majesty's reign, intitled, "An ordinance to prohibit, for a limited time, the exportation of wheat, pease, oats, biscuit, flour, or meal of any kind; also of horned cattle; and thereby to reduce the present high price of wheat and flour," and every article and clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby continued to be in force, from the expiration thereof for the space of two years, and unto the end of the session of the legislative council of this province, which will be held in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty four, according to a statute of the fourteenth year of his present majesty's reign, chapter eighty three.

FRED: HALDIMAND.

Ordained and enacted, by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the great Seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the 11th day of February, in the twenty second year of the reign of our sovereign Lord, George the Third, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty two.

By His Excellency's command,

J. Williams, C. L. C.

Anno vicesimo secundo George III. Regis.

CHAP. II. ²

An ORDINANCE

For continuing an ordinance made the twelfth day of April in the twentieth year of his Majesty's reign, intitled, "An ordinance describing the persons who shall be deemed Forestallers, Regrators, and Ingrossers in this province, and inflicting punishments upon those who shall be found guilty of such offences."

¹ Quebec Gazette, 14th February, 1782.
² Quebec Gazette, 14th February, 1782.
Be it enacted and ordained by His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the province of Quebec, and by the authority of the same it is hereby enacted and ordained that an ordinance made in the twentieth year of his present majesty's reign intitled, "An ordinance describing the persons who shall be deemed Forestallers, Regrators and Ingrossers "in this province, and inflicting punishments upon those who shall "be found guilty of such offences," and every article and clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby continued to be in force, from the expiration thereof, for the space of two years, and unto the end of the session of the legislative council of this province which will be held in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty four; according to a statute of the fourteenth year of his present majesty's reign, chapter eighty three.

FRED: HALDIMAND.

Ordained and enacted, by the authority aforesaid and passed in council under the great seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle in the city of Quebec, the eleventh day of February, in the twenty second year of the reign of our sovereign Lord, George the Third, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty two.

By His Excellency's command,

J. Williams, C. L. C.

Anno vicesimo secundo Georgii III. Regis.

CHAP. III.¹

An ORDINANCE

For continuing an ordinance made the ninth day of March in the twentieth year of his Majesty's reign, intitled, "An ordinance "for the regulation and establishment of fees."

Be it enacted and ordained by His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the Quebec, and by the authority of the same it is hereby enacted and ordained that an ordinance made in the twentieth year of his present Majesty's reign, intitled, "An ordinance for the regulation and "establishment of fees," and every article and clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby continued to be in force, from the expiration thereof, for the space of two years, and unto the end of the session of the legislative council of this province, which will be held in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty four; according to a statute of the fourteenth year of his present majesty's reign, chapter eighty three.

FRED: HALDIMAND.

¹Quebec Gazette, 14th February, 1782.
Ordained and enacted, by the authority aforesaid and passed in council under the great seal of the province at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the 11th day of February, in the twenty second year of the reign of our sovereign Lord George the third, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty two.

By His Excellency's command,

J. Williams, C. L. C.

Anno vicesimo secundo Georgii III. Regis.

CHAP. IV.

An ORDINANCE

For continuing an ordinance made the ninth day of March in the twentieth year of his Majesty's reign, intitled, "An ordinance for regulating all such persons as keep horses and carriages to let and hire, for the accommodation of travellers, commonly called and known by the name of Maitres de Poste."

Be it enacted and ordained by His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the province of Quebec, and by the authority of the same it is hereby enacted and ordained that an ordinance made in the twentieth year of his present Majesty's reign, intitled, "An ordinance for regulating all such persons as keep horses and carriages to let and hire, for the accommodation of travellers, commonly called and known by the name of Maitres de Poste," and every article and clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby continued to be in force, from the expiration thereof for the space of two years, and unto the end of the session of the legislative council of this province, which will be held in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and eighty four, according to a statute of the fourteenth year of his present Majesty's reign, chapter eighty three.

FRED: HALDIMAND.

Ordained and enacted, by the authority aforesaid and passed in council under the great seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis in the city of Quebec, the eleventh day of February, in the twenty second year of the reign of our sovereign Lord George the Third, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the faith and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty two.

By His Excellency's command,

J. Williams, C. L. C.

1 Quebec Gazette, 14th February, 1782.
ANNO VICESIMO SECUNDO

GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. V.¹

An ORDINANCE

For altering, fixing and establishing the Age of Majority.

WHEREAS many and great inconveniencies may arise, from the continuance of the law which at present establishes the age of majority at twenty five years, Be it Therefore Exacted and Ordained by his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative Council of the province of Quebec, and by the authority of the same It is hereby enacted and ordained, that from and after the first day of January which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty three, the age of majority shall, to all and every intent and purpose whatsoever, be held, taken and considered, in every part and place wheresoever within this province, to be at the age of twenty one years, to be computed from the day of the birth of any person whosoever; any law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

FRED. HALDIMAND.

Ordained and enacted, by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the great seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the sixteenth day of February, in the twenty second year of the reign of our sovereign Lord, GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and eighty two.

By his Excellency's command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

¹Ordinances, P. of Q., M.DCC.LXXXVI. (Printed by William Brown in Mountain-Street, Quebec.)
Anno vicesimo tertio Georghi III. Regis.

CHAP. I.

An ORDINANCE

For further continuing an Ordinance made the twenty fifth day of February, in the seventeenth year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Ordinance to regulate the proceedings in the courts of civil judicature in the province of Quebec," and in amendment of the same.

Be it Enacted and Ordained by his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council of the province of Quebec, and by the authority of the same it is hereby Enacted,

That an Ordinance made in the seventeenth year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Ordinance to regulate the proceedings in the "courts of civil judicature in the province of Quebec," and every article and clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby further continued, from the passing of this present Ordinance unto the thirtieth day of April one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five.

And whereas in and by the eighth article of the said Ordinance, it is Ordained and Enacted, that a writ of appeal shall be allowed, if the appellant hath given the requisite security for prosecuting the same; It is hereby Enacted and Ordained, That the judges to whom any such writ of appeal may be directed shall and may be empowered, and are hereby lawfully authorized to accept of personal security on bail by justification, for sufficiently prosecuting all or any such writ of appeal to be sued out and prosecuted according to the said Ordinances; any thing contained in the Ordinances or Laws in this province to the contrary notwithstanding.

FRED. HALDIMAND.

Ordained and Enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the fifth day of February, in the twenty third year of the reign of our sovereign Lord George the Third, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty three.

By His Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C.L.C.

1 Quebec Gazette, 13th February, 1783.
Anno Vicesimo tertio Georgii III. Regis.

CHAP. II.¹

An ORDINANCE

For further continuing an Ordinance made the twenty ninth day of March, in the seventeenth year of His Majesty's reign, intitled, "An Ordinance for regulating the Militia of the province of 'Quebec, and rendering it of more general utility towards the preservation and security thereof.'"

Be it Enacted and Ordained by His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council of the province of Quebec, and by the authority of the same it is hereby Enacted, That an Ordinance made in the seventeenth year of his Majesty's reign, intitled, "An Ordinance for regulating the Militia of the province of Quebec, and rendering it of more general utility towards the preservation and security thereof," and every article and clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby further continued from the passing of this present Ordinance, unto the thirtieth day of April, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty five.

FRED. HALDIMAND.

Ordained and Enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the fifth day of February, in the twenty third year of the reign of our sovereign Lord George the Third, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty three.

By his Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C.L.C.

CHAP. III.²

An ORDINANCE.

For further continuing an Ordinance made the twenty third day of April, in the seventeenth year of His Majesty's reign, intitled, "An Ordinance to empower the commissioners of the peace to regulate the Police of the towns of Quebec and Montreal for a limited time."

Be it Enacted and Ordained by his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council of the province of Quebec, and by the authority of the same it is hereby

¹ Quebec Gazette, 13th February, 1783.
² Quebec Gazette, 13th February, 1783.
Enacted, That an Ordinance made in the seventeenth year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Ordinance to empower the commissioners of the peace to regulate the Police of the towns of Quebec and Montreal for a limited time," and every article and clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby further continued, from the passing of this present Ordinance unto the thirtieth day of April, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty five.

By his Excellency's Command, FRED. HALDIMAND.

Ordained and Enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the fifth day of February in the twenty third year of the reign of our sovereign Lord George the third, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty three.

By his Excellency's Command, J. WILLIAMS, O.L.C.

Anno Vicesimo tertio GEORGH III. Regis.

CHAP. IV.1

An ORDINANCE.

For raising a sum of money by Lottery, for building a Gaol in the town of Montreal.

WHEREAS the Grand Jury for the town and district of Montreal by their presentment to his Majesty's Commissioners for executing the office of chief justice of this province dated the second day of September last, did request, "That an ordinance might be passed to empower certain persons to raise a sum of money by Lottery for the special purpose of building a Gaol in the town of Montreal."

BE IT ENACTED AND ORDAINED by his excellency the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council of the province of Quebec, and by the authority of the same, IT IS HEREBY ENACTED.

ARTICLE I.

That the honourable La Corne St. Luc, Edward William Gray, James McGill, Peter Guy and Jacob Jordan, Esquires, of the said town and of the district of Montreal, or any three or more of them, be and are hereby allowed and empowered to set up and carry on a Lottery, amounting in the whole to such a sum or sums of money as, after paying the several benefit tickets of the said Lottery, and the charges incident and necessary to the management of the same, may be by the managers aforesaid, or any three or more of them, by and

1 Quebec Gazette, 13th February, 1783.
with the approbation of his excellency the Governor and his Majesty's council, judged sufficient for building a Gaol in the town of Montreal aforesaid.

ARTICLE II.

Provided always that the sum or sums of money to be raised by the said Lottery, free of the charges and expences which may arise as aforesaid, do not exceed Four Thousand Pounds currency.

ARTICLE III.

It is Enacted that the persons above named, or any other three or more of them be, and are hereby directed to be managers and directors of the said Lottery, and are hereby empowered to make all necessary rules, and use all necessary methods to manage and direct the same; and also to direct, control and manage the carrying on, erecting and finishing the said Gaol, and to hire, contract for, purchase and employ the labour and materials necessary to be used and employed in and about the same; and to pay out of the proceeds of the said Lottery all and every the expences which may arise for erecting, perfecting and completing the building aforesaid: and generally to do and perform all and every matter and thing requisite and needful, as well respecting the completing and finishing the said Lottery, as the said Gaol and building.

ARTICLE IV.

And it is hereby directed and ordained, that the said managers, or any three or more of them, do forthwith before carrying into execution the said Lottery, and so soon as may be, draw out and prepare as well a scheme of the said Lottery, as a plan of the said proposed Gaol and building; together with full and clear estimates as well of the money to be raised by the said Lottery, as to be expended in erecting and completing the said building, and that the same be submitted by the said managers, or any three or more of them, to his excellency the Governor and his Majesty's council as above said, for their approbation and assent; in order that the same, or such other scheme, plan, rules or orders as may be approved and assented to as above said, may be carried into speedy and due execution.

Article V.

And lastly, it is Enacted and Ordained that the said managers, or any three or more of them, do account and make return of their doings, acts and proceedings in the execution of this ordinance and the same do render and submit to his excellency the Governor, Lieutenant Governor or Commander in chief for the time being, and the legislative Council of the province aforesaid, on or before the first day of January of every year, until the Lottery and Building above mentioned shall be fully completed; in order that the balance of money, if there shall be any, remaining in the hands of the said managers, may be disposed of by an ordinance of his excellency the Governor and legislative Council in some other work of public
utility: or that a further sum may be raised by the same power and authority, if the sum then employed should not be sufficient to finish the said Gaol.

FRED. HALDIMAND.

Ordained and Enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the fifth day of February, in the twenty third year of the reign of our sovereign Lord George the third, by the grace of God of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty three.

By His Excellency’s Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C.L.C.
Anno Vicesimo quarto GEORCI III. Regis.

CHAP. I.¹

An ORDINANCE.

For continuing an Ordinance made the ninth day of March in the twentieth year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Ordinance for regulating all such persons as keep horses and carriages to let for the accommodation of travellers commonly called and known by the name of Maitres de Poste."

Be it Ordained and Enacted by his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council of the province of Quebec, and by the authority of the same it is hereby Enacted, That an Ordinance made in the twentieth year of his present Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Ordinance for regulating all such persons as keep horses and carriages to let for the accommodation of travellers commonly called and known by the name of Maitres de Poste," and every article and clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby continued, to be in force, from the expiration thereof, for the space of two years, and unto the end of the session of the Legislative Council of this province which will be held according to the statute, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty six.

FRED: HALDIMAND.

Ordained and Enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in Council, under the public seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of St. Lewis, in the City of Quebec, the twenty-ninth day of April, in the twenty fourth year of the reign of our Sovereign Lord George the third, by the grace of God of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four.

By His Excellency's Command.

J. WILLIAMS, C.L.C.

¹ Quebec Gazette, 6th May, 1784.
An Ordinance for continuing an Ordinance made the ninth day of March in the twentieth year of his Majestys reign, intituled, “An Ordinance for the Regulation and Establishment of Fees.”

Be it Ordained and Enacted by his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council of the province of Quebec, and by the authority of the same it is hereby enacted, That an Ordinance made in the twentieth year of his present Majestys reign, intituled, “An Ordinance for the regulation and establishment of fees,” and every article and clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby continued, to be in force, from the expiration thereof, for the space of one year, and unto the end of the session of the Legislative Council of this province, which will be held according to the statute, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five.

FRED: HALDIMAND.

Ordained and Enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in Council, under the public seal of the province, at the Council Chamber, in the Castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the twenty-ninth day of April, in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of our Sovereign Lord George the third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four.

By His Excellency’s Command,

J. Williams, C.L.C.

An Ordinance.

For securing the Liberty of the Subject, and for prevention of Imprisonments out of this province.

WHEREAS it hath graciously pleased the King’s most Excellent Majesty, in his instructions to his Excellency the Captain General and Governor in Chief of this province, to commit to the Legislature thereof, the consideration of making due provision for the security of the personal liberty of his subjects therein, and to
suggest that, for that purpose, the Legislature could not follow a better example, than that which the common law of England hath set. in the provision made for a writ of Habeas Corpus which is the right of every British subject in that kingdom: Be it declared and enacted by his Excellency the Captain General and Governor in Chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, and by the authority of the same it is hereby declared and enacted.

A R T. I.

That from and after the day of the publication of this Ordinance, all persons who shall be or stand committed or detained in any prison within this province, for any criminal or supposed criminal offence, shall of right be entitled to demand, have and obtain from the Court of King's Bench in this province or from the Chief Justice thereof, or from the Commissioners for executing the office of Chief Justice, respectively, or from any Judge or Judges of the said Court of King's Bench, the writ of Habeas Corpus, together with all the benefit and relief resulting therefrom, at all such times, and in as full, ample, perfect and beneficial a manner, and to all intents, uses, ends and purposes, as his Majesty's subjects within the realm of England, who may be or stand committed or detained in any prison within that realm, are there entitled to that writ, and the benefit arising therefrom, by the common and statute laws thereof.

A R T. II.

And for the prevention of delays which may be used by Sheriffs, Goalers, and other officers and persons, to whose custody any of the King's subjects may be committed or detained, for criminal or supposed criminal matters, in making returns of writs of Habeas Corpus to them directed; it is hereby further declared, ordained and enacted, by the authority aforesaid, That whenever any person or persons shall bring any writ of Habeas Corpus, directed unto any Sheriff, Goaler, Minister, or other person whatsoever, for any person in his or their custody, and the said writ shall be served upon the said officer, or left at the goal or prison with any of the under-officers, under-keepers, or deputy of the said officers or keepers, that the said officer or officers, his or their under-officers, under-keepers, deputies or other persons, shall within three days after the service thereof as aforesaid [unless the commitment aforesaid were for treason or felony plainly and specially expressed in the warrant of commitment] upon payment or tender of the charges of bringing the said prisoner, to be ascertained by the Chief Justice, Commissioner or Commissioners for executing the office of Chief Justice, or Judge or Judges of the Court that awarded the same, and endorsed upon the said writ, not exceeding three shillings per league; and upon security given, by his own bond, to pay the charges of bringing back the prisoner, if he shall be remanded by the Court, Chief Justice, Commissioner or Commissioners, Judge or Judges to which or whom he shall be brought, according to the true intent of this present Ordinance, and that he will not make any escape by the way, make return of such writ, and bring or cause to be brought the body of the party so committed or restrained unto or before the Chief Justice, or Commissioners for
executing the office of Chief Justice, or Judges of the said Court of King's Bench from whence the said writ shall issue, or unto or before such other person or persons before whom the said writ is made returnable, according to the command thereof; and shall then likewise certify the true causes of his detainer or imprisonment, unless the commitment of the said party be in any place beyond the distance of ten leagues, from the place or places where such court or person is or shall be residing; and if beyond the distance of ten leagues, and not above thirty leagues, then within the space of ten days; and if beyond the distance of thirty leagues, and not above sixty leagues, then within the space of twenty days; and if beyond the distance of sixty leagues, and not above one hundred leagues, then within the space of forty days; and if beyond the distance of one hundred leagues, then within the space of three months, if from the first day of March to the twentieth of September, otherwise in the space of eight months, after such delivery and service of the writ as aforesaid, and not longer. But if such payment or tender shall not be made by the person bringing the writ to the sheriff, goaler, minister or other person as aforesaid, such sheriff, goaler, minister or other person, shall return the writ with the true causes of the imprisonment or detainer, without bringing or causing to be brought the body of the person committed or restrained as it may be thereby commanded; and shall certify on the back thereof, that a default of such payment or tender, is the reason and cause that the body of the person is not brought therewith; which shall be deemed a sufficient return.

ART. III.

And to the intent that no sheriff, goaler, or other officer, may pretend ignorance of the import of any such writ; Be it enacted, declared and ordained, by the authority aforesaid, That all such writs shall be marked in this manner "By virtue of an Ordinance passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third" and shall be signed by the person that awards the same; and if any person or persons shall be or stand committed or detained as aforesaid, for any crime [unless for felony or treason plainly expressed in the warrant of commitment] in the vacation time, and out of term or sessions, it shall and may be lawful to and for the person or persons so committed or detained (other than persons convict or in execution by legal process) or any one on his or their behalf, to appeal or complain to the chief justice, or any one of the commissioners for executing the office of chief justice, or any judge or judges of the court of king's bench; and they or any one of them, upon view of the copy or copies of the warrant or warrants of commitment and detainer, or otherwise upon oath made that such copy or copies were denied to be given by such person or persons in whose custody the prisoner or prisoners is or are detained, are hereby authorised and required upon request made in writing by such person or persons, or any on his, her, or their behalf, attested and subscribed by two witnesses who were present at the delivery of the same, to award and grant an Habeas Corpus under the seal of the Court of king's bench, to be directed to the officer or officers, person or persons, in whose custody the party so committed or detained shall be returnable immediate before the said chief justice or such commissioner for executing the office of chief justice, or judge of the said court of
king's bench; and upon service thereof as aforesaid, the officer or officers, his or their under-officer or under-officers, under-keeper or under-keepers, or their deputy, in whose custody the party is so committed or detained, shall within the times respectively before limited, bring such prisoner or prisoners before the said chief justice, or such commissioners, or judges, or any one of them before whom the said writ is made returnable, and in case of his absence, before any other of them, with the return of such writ, and the true causes of the commitment and detainer; and thereupon, within two days after the party shall be brought before the them, the said chief justice, or such commissioner or judge of the court of king's bench, before whom the prisoner shall be brought as aforesaid, shall discharge the said prisoner from his imprisonment, taking his or their recognizance, with one or more surety or sureties, in any sum which shall not be excessive, according to his or their discretion, having regard to the quality of the prisoner, and nature of the offence, for his or their appearance in the court of king's bench, at the next sessions or term, or general goal delivery of and for the district where the commitment was, or where the offence was committed, or in such other court where the offence is properly cognizable, as the case shall require, and then shall certify the said writ with the return thereof, and the said recognizance or recognizances into the said court where such appearance is to be made; unless it shall appear unto the said chief justice or commissioner or commissioners for executing the office of chief justice, or judge or judges of the said court of king's bench, that the party so committed, is detained upon a legal process, order, or warrant out of some court that hath jurisdiction of criminal matters, or by some warrant signed and sealed, with the hand and seal, either of the chief justice or of one of the commissioners for executing the office of chief justice, or of one of the judges of the said court of king's bench, or of some justice or justices, commissioner or commissioners of the peace, for such matters or offences, for which by the law the prisoner is not bailable.

ART. IV.

Provided always and be it enacted, That if any person shall have wilfully neglected, by the space of two whole sessions or terms of the king's bench established by law for the district where such detention or imprisonment may be, after his imprisonment, to pray a writ of Habeas Corpus for his enlargement, such person so wilfully neglecting shall not have a writ of Habeas Corpus to be granted in vacation time, in pursuance of this Ordinance.

ART. V.

And it is further enacted, That if any officer or officers, his or their under-officer or under-officers, under-keeper or under-keepers or deputy, or other person, shall neglect or refuse to make the return aforesaid, or to bring the body or bodies of the prisoner or prisoners according to the command of the said writ, within the respective times aforesaid, or upon demand made by the prisoner, or person in his behalf, shall refuse to deliver, or within the space of six hours after demand, shall not deliver to the person so demanding, a true copy of the warrant or warrants of commitment and detainer of such prisoner
[which be and they are hereby required to deliver accordingly] all and every the head goalers and keepers of such prisons and such other person or persons in whose custody the prisoner shall be detained, shall for the first offence forfeit to the prisoner or party grieved the sum of one hundred pounds lawful money of Great-Britain, and for the second offence the sum of two hundred pounds like lawful money of Great-Britain, and shall and is hereby made incapable to hold or execute his said office. The said penalties to be recovered by the prisoner or party grieved, his executors or administrators, against such offender, his executors or administrators, by any action of debt, suit, bill, plaint, or information in the courts of common-pleas or any other court of record having original jurisdiction within this province, wherein no privilidge, protection, injunction or stay of prosecution by non vult ulterius prosequi, or otherwise, shall be admitted or allowed, or any imparlance or continuances for a longer period than three months; and any recovery or judgment at the suit of any party grieved shall be a sufficient conviction for the first offence; and any after recovery or judgment at the suit of a party grieved for any offence, after the first judgement, shall be a sufficient conviction to bring the officers or person within the said penalty for the second offence.

ART. VI.

Provided always and be it ordained by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons, subjects of his Majesty, shall be committed to any prison or in custody of any officer or officers whomsoever, for any criminal or supposed criminal matter, that the said person shall not be removed from the said prison and custody into the custody of any other officer or officers, unless it be by Habeas Corpus, or some other legal writ; or where the prisoner is delivered to the constable, bailiff or other inferior officer to carry such prisoner to some common goal; or where any person is sent by order of any judge of a court of criminal jurisdiction, commissioner or justice of the peace to any common work-house or house of correction; or where the prisoner is removed from some one prison or place to another within the same district, in order to his or her trial or discharge in due course of law; or in case of sudden fire or infection; or other necessity: And if any person or persons shall after such commitment aforesaid make out and sign or countersign any warrant or warrants for such removal aforesaid contrary to this Ordinance, as well be that makes or signs or counter-signs such warrant, or warrants, as the officer or officers that obey or execute the same, shall suffer and incur the pains and forfeitures in this Ordinance before mentioned both for the first and second offence respectively, to be recovered by the party grieved in manner aforesaid.

ART. VII.

And for the preventing unjust vexation by reiterated commitments for the same offence, it is further enacted, That no person or persons, who shall be delivered, or set at large upon any Habeas Corpus, shall at any time hereafter, be again imprisoned or committed for the same offence by any person or persons whatsoever, other than by the legal process and order of such court, wherein he or they shall be bound by recognizance to appear, or other court having
jurisdiction of the cause. And if any person or persons shall, know-
ingly, contrary to this Ordinance, re-commit or imprison, or know-
ingly procure or cause to be re-committed or imprisoned, for the
same offence or pretended offence, any person or persons delivered
or set at large as aforesaid, or be knowingly aiding or assisting there-
in, then he or they shall forfeit to the prisoner or party grieved, the
sum of five hundred pounds lawful money of Great-Britain, to be
recovered as aforesaid, any colourable pretence or variation in the
warrant or warrants of commitment notwithstanding.

ART. VIII.

It is hereby further enacted, That if any person or persons shall
be committed for high treason or felony, plainly and specially ex-
pressed in the warrant of commitment, upon his prayer or petition in
open court the first week of the sessions or term of the court of king’s
bench, and of oyer and terminer or general-goal-delivery for the dis-

triet, to be brought to his trial, shall not be indicted some time in the
next sessions or term of the court of king’s bench, oyer and terminer,
or general-goal-delivery, after such commitment, it shall and may
be lawful to and for the chief justice, or commissioners for execut-
ing the office of chief justice, or judges of the said court of king’s bench,
and they are hereby required, upon motion made to them in open
court, the last day of the sessions or term of the court of king’s bench,
and of oyer and terminer or general-goal-delivery either by the pri-
soner or any one in his behalf, to set at liberty the prisoner upon bail;
unless it appears to the chief justice, or commissioners for execut-
ing the office of chief justice, or judges of the said court of king’s bench,
upon oath made, that the witnesses for the king could not be pro-
duced the same sessions or term or general-goal-delivery. And if any
person or persons committed as aforesaid, upon his or their prayer or
petition in open court the first week of the sessions or term of the
court of king’s bench and of oyer and terminer and general-goal-del-

ey, held in and for the district where such prisoner or prisoners
may be committed, to be brought to his or their trial, shall not be
indicted and tried the second sessions or term of the court of king’s
bench and oyer and terminer and general-goal-delivery after his com-
mittance, or upon his trial shall be acquitted, he shall be discharged
from his imprisonment.

ART. IX.

Provided always that nothing in this Ordinance shall extend to
discharge out of prison, any person charged in debt or other action,
or with process in any civil cause, but that after he shall be dis-
charged from his imprisonment for such his criminal offence, he shall
be kept in custody according to the law for such other suit.

ART. X.

Provided also and it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and
may be lawful to and for any prisoner or prisoners as aforesaid, to
move and obtain his or their Habeas Corpus out of the court of king’s
bench. And if the chief justice or commissioners for executing the
office of chief justice or judges of the said court of king’s bench in
the vacation time, upon view of the copy or copies of the warrant or
warrants of commitment or detainer, or upon oath made that such copy or copies were denied as aforesaid, shall deny any *Habeas Corpus* by this Ordinance required to be granted (being moved for as aforesaid) they shall severally forfeit to the prisoner or party grieved the sum of five hundred pounds lawful money of Great-Britain, to be recovered in manner aforesaid.

**ART. XI.**

And for preventing illegal imprisonments in prisons without this province, or beyond the seas. Be it further enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid. That no subject of his Majesty, his heirs or successors, that now is or hereafter shall be an inhabitant or resident of this province of Quebec, shall or may be sent prisoner into any province or into any state or place without this province, or into any parts, garrisons, islands or places beyond the seas, which are, or at any time hereafter shall be within or without the dominions of his majesty, his heirs or successors: and that every such imprisonment or transportation is hereby enacted and declared to be illegal. And if any of the said subjects shall hereafter be so imprisoned, every such person and persons so imprisoned, shall and may for every such imprisonment maintain by virtue of this Ordinance an action or actions of false imprisonment against the person or persons by whom he or she shall be so committed, detained, imprisoned, sent prisoner or transported contrary to the true meaning of this Ordinance, and against all or any person or persons that shall frame, contrive, write seal or countersign any warrant or writing for such commitment, detainer, imprisonment or transportation, or shall be advising, aiding or assisting in the same, or any of them; and the plaintiff in every such action shall have judgment to recover his treble costs, besides damages, which damages so to be given shall not be less than five hundred pounds lawful money of Great-Britain, in which action no delay, stay, or stop of proceeding by rule, order, or command, nor any injunction, protection or privilege whatsoever, nor any more than one imparlance or continuance (according to the practice of the court) shall be allowed, excepting such rule of the court wherein the action shall depend, made in open court, as shall be thought in justice necessary, for special cause to be expressed in the said rule.

**ART. XII.**

Provided always that nothing in this Ordinance shall extend to give benefit to any person who shall by contract in writing agree with any merchant or owner of any plantation, or other person whatsoever to be carried to any province or to parts beyond the seas, and receive earnest upon such agreement, although that afterwards such person shall renounce such contract.

**ART. XIII.**

And provided always and be it enacted. That if any person or persons lawfully convicted of any felony, shall in open court, pray to be transported beyond the seas or out of the province, and the court shall think fit to leave him or them in prison for that purpose, such
person or persons may be transported into any parts beyond the seas; this Ordinance or any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

ART. XIV.

Provided also, That if any person or persons at any time resident within this province shall have committed any capital offence in Great-Britain, Ireland or any province, island or plantation of the king, his heirs or successors, where he or she ought to be tried for such offence, such person or persons may be sent to such place, there to receive such trial in such manner as the same might have been used by the common laws of England before the making of this Ordinance; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

ART. XV.

And to the intent that no person may avoid his trial at the sessions or term of the court of king's bench, oyer and terminer or general-goal-delivery by procuring his removal before the sessions or terms of the court of king's bench, oyer and terminer, or general-goal-delivery held in and for the district where he may be committed, at such time as he cannot be brought back to receive his trial there, it is further enacted, That after the sessions or term of the court of king's bench, oyer and terminer or general-goal-delivery proclaimed or advertised for the district where the prisoner is detained, no person shall be removed from the common goal of the district upon any Habeas Corpus granted in pursuance of this Ordinance; but upon any such Habeas Corpus, shall be brought before the chief justice, or commissioners for executing the office of chief justice, or judges of the said court of king's bench, in open court, who is or are thereupon to do what to justice shall appertain.

ART. XVI.

Provided nevertheless, That after the sessions are ended any person or persons detained in any common goal, may have his, her, or their Habeas Corpus according to the direction and intention of this Ordinance.

ART. XVII.

"And because many times persons charged with petit-treason or felony, or as accessories thereunto, are committed upon suspicion only, whereupon they are bailable or not, according as the circumstances making out that suspicion are more or less weighty, which are best known to the justices of the peace who may have committed such persons, and have the examinations before them, or to other justices of the peace in the district where such prisoner may be committed."

Be it therefore ordained and enacted, That where any person shall appear to be committed by any judge, commissioner or justice of the peace, and charged as accessory before the fact to any petit-treason or felony, or upon suspicion thereof, or with suspicion of petit-treason or felony, which petit-treason or felony shall be plainly and specially expressed in the warrant of commitment, that such person shall not be removed or bailed by virtue of this Ordinance in any other manner than by the common law of England they may be.
ART. XVIII.

Provided also and it is enacted, That no person or persons shall be sued, imploved, molested or troubled for any offence against this Ordinance, unless the party offending be sued or imploved for the same within two years, at the most, after such time wherein the offence shall be committed, in case the party grieved shall not be then in prison, and if he shall be in prison then within the space of two years after the decease of the person imprisoned, or his or their delivery out of prison which shall first happen.

ART. XIX.

And be it also ordained by the authority aforesaid, That if any information, suit or action, shall be brought or exhibited against any person or persons for any offence committed or to be committed against the form of this law, it shall be lawful for such defendants to plead the general-issue, that they are not guilty, or that they owe nothing, or to plead specially, according as may be the course and practice of the court where such suit may be, and in case it be upon the said plea of not-guilty, or that he owes nothing, then to give such special matter in evidence which if it had been pleaded more specially had been good and sufficient matter of law to have discharged the said defendant or defendants against the said information, suit or action; and the said matter so given in evidence under either of the said general-pleas, shall be then and there as available to him or them to all intents and purposes as if he or they had sufficiently pleaded, set forth or alleged the same matters in bar or discharge of such information, suit or action.

FRED: HALDIMAND.

Ordained and Enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council, under the public seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of St. Lewis, in the City of Quebec, the twenty-ninth day of April, in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord, GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four.

By his Excellency's command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
ORDINANCES MADE AND PASSED BY THE GOVERNOR AND LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

QUEBEC: PRINTED BY WILLIAM BROWN, IN MOUNTAIN STREET, MDCCCLXXXVI.

ANNO VICESIMO QUINTO.

GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. I.

An ORDINANCE.

For further continuing an Ordinance made the twenty-ninth day of March, in the seventeenth year of his Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Ordinance for regulating the Militia of the Province of Quebec, and rendering it of more general utility towards the preservation and security thereof."

BE it ordained and enacted by his honour the lieutenant-governor and commander in chief of the province of Quebec, and by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council thereof, and by the authority of the same, it is hereby ordained and enacted, that an ordinance made in the seventeenth year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, "An ordinance for regulating the militia of the province of Quebec, and rendering it of more general utility towards the preservation and security thereof," and every article and clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby further continued, from the passing of this present ordinance, unto the thirtieth day of April, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six.

HENRY HAMILTON.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council chamber, in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the twenty-first day of April, in the twenty-fifth year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the third, by the grace of God of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five.

By the Lieutenant-governor's Command.

ALEX. GRAY, A.C.L.C.
ANNO VICESIMO QUINTO.
GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. II.

An ORDINANCE.

To regulate the proceedings in the courts of civil judicature, and to establish Trials by Juries in actions of a commercial nature and personal wrongs to be compensated in damages.

WHEREAS it is necessary for the ease and conveniency of his majesty's subjects who may have actions to prosecute in the courts of civil judicature established in this province, that the mode of administering justice in the said courts, should be clearly ascertained and rendered as plain as possible.

Be it therefore ordained and enacted by his honour the Lieutenant-governor and commander in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council thereof, and by the authority of the same it is hereby ordained and enacted.

A R T. I.

That in all causes or matters of property exceeding the sum or value of ten pounds sterling, upon a declaration presented to any one of the judges of the court of common pleas, by any person, setting forth the grounds of his complaint against a defendant, and praying an order to compel him to appear and answer the same, such judge shall be, and hereby is empowered and required, in his separate district, to grant such an order, whereby the plaintiff may have and obtain, from the clerk of the court, a writ of summons, in the language of the defendant, to be issued in his majesty's name, and tested by the name of such judge, to be directed to and executed by the sheriff of the district where such court shall have jurisdiction, and in which the defendant may be or doth reside, commanding such defendant to be and appear in such court, to answer to the plaintiff, on the day appointed by such judge in the order on the declaration, regard being had to the season of the year as well as to the distance of the defendant's abode or place of service from the place where the court may sit.

A R T. II.

Provided always that a copy of the writ of summons and the declaration shall be served on the defendant personally or left at his house with some grown person there, belonging to the family, and in so doing the service shall be deemed sufficient. Provided nevertheless that if the defendant be absent in the upper country or lower parts of the province, that is to say, when in or upon any place beyond the Long Sault on the Ottawa river, or beyond Oswegatché, in the upper parts of the province, or in or upon any place below cape Cat on the south side and the Seven Islands on the north side of the river St. Lawrence, and where such defendant hath not been personally served with such summons and declaration as aforesaid; that no
execution shall issue, unless the plaintiff shall give good and sufficient security, to be approved by the court, to refund to the defendant or his legal representative, as much as the defendant, appearing by himself or his legal attorney within a year and a day, may be able to set aside and reverse of the said judgement, by such reconsideration of the said judgement in the court where given, as may be prescribed in the conditions expressed in the security to be given as above-said for rehearing of the merits of said cause.

A R T. III.

That the said declaration, so to be filed shall not be altered or amended after being filed as above-said, unless upon rule of the court and upon payment of costs.

A R T. IV.

That in all and every case where one or more judges of any court of common pleas is or may be satisfied by the affidavit of the plaintiff, or his book-keeper, or clerk, or legal attorney, that the defendant is personally indebted to the plaintiff in a sum exceeding ten pounds sterling, and may also be satisfied by the oath of the plaintiff or some other person, that the defendant is immediately about to leave the province, and whereby the Plaintiff might be deprived of his remedy against such defendant, it shall and may be lawful for one or more judge or judges of any court of common pleas, to grant a capias or attachment against the body of such defendant, to be directed to the sheriff in manner as aforesaid, to hold such defendant to bail, for his appearance at the return of such writ: and in default thereof, to commit him to prison, there to remain until special bail may be given by such defendant, or until two days after execution may be obtained by the plaintiff, if judgement be in his favour.

A R T. V.

Provided always, that if any defendant so bound in recognizance, by special bail, shall or do surrender himself in open court, pending the action, or at any time within one month after judgement obtained; or do surrender himself unto the sheriff of the district where such court may have jurisdiction at any time within fifteen days after the day on which the plaintiff might legally have and obtain execution, by capias ad satisfactiendum upon judgement obtained, that then and in such case such surrender of the defendant shall be held, taken, and considered, as a discharge of the persons bound for such defendant on special bail.

A R T. VI.

If on the day of the return of the writ of summons, the defendant does not appear in person, or by attorney (proof of such service being produced or made in court) the plaintiff shall obtain a default against the defendant; and if, on calling over the action on the next weekly court day, the defendant should still neglect to appear, without any good reason for such his neglect; the court, after hearing and receiving sufficient proof of the plaintiff's demand, shall cause
their final judgement to be entered against the defendant, and shall award such costs thereupon as they shall think reasonable, and issue such execution as the law, according to the nature of the case, may direct.

ART. VII.

Provided always, that every proof that may be offered by the and remain of record in the same manner as if the defendant had To prevent the exportation of unmerchantable flour, and the false appeared and defended the action.

ART. VIII.

Provided also that the defendant, upon his appearance at the return day of the writ, or in case of default, upon his appearance at the next weekly court after such return, and after payment of costs of such default as abovesaid, shall then or on such other day as he may obtain from the court, make his answer to the declaration, either in writing or verbally, as he thinks fit. And if the answer be verbal, the clerk of the court shall take down the substance thereof in writing, and preserve the same among the records of the court and in the said action. And if the plaintiff doth not appear at the return day of such writ, or appearing, doth not prosecute his action, the same shall be dismissed with costs to the defendant.

ART. IX.

That all and every person having suits at law and actions in any of the said courts of common pleas, grounded on debts, promises, contracts and agreements of a mercantile nature only, between merchant and merchant, and treader and treader, so reputed and understood, according to law, and also of personal wrongs, proper to be compensated in damages, may, at the option and choice of either party, have and obtain the trial and verdict of a jury, as well for the assessment of damages on personal wrongs committed, as the determination of matters of fact in any such case. Provided always that the agreement of nine of the twelve jurors, who shall compose such jury, shall be sufficient and effectual to return a verdict, and that the same so made and returned shall be held as legal and effectual, to every intent and purpose, in as much as if the whole twelve jurors had agreed therein. And the clerk of the court shall set down the names of the jurors, on the register of the court, in every cause where verdicts may be returned, as abovesaid. Provided also that in all such causes and actions that may be between his majesty’s natural born subjects of Great-Britain, Ireland, or the plantations and provinces in America, the juries in such causes, shall be composed of such natural born subjects as abovesaid. And in all causes and actions between his majesty’s Canadian or new subjects, the juries shall be composed of such Canadian or new subjects. And in all causes and actions between natural born subjects, and the Canadian or new subjects, the jury shall be composed of an equal number of each, if such be required by either of the parties, in any of the abovementioned instances.
ART. X.

In proof of all facts concerning commercial matters, recourse shall be had, in all the courts of civil jurisdiction in this province, to the rules of evidence laid down by the laws of England.

ART. XI.

Provided always and it is ordained and enacted, that in all causes, before the said courts of common pleas, where the parties, plaintiff nor defendant are neither of them desirous of a trial by the verdict of a jury, of and respecting matters legally within the cognizance of such jury, but that such trial should be by the deposition of witnesses, and by proofs, as at present used in his majesty’s said courts of common pleas, the court shall, after issue joined on the merits of the cause, in the manner as hereafter expressed, appoint a day for hearing the evidence of the parties, plaintiff and defendant, and cause the same to be taken down in writing by the clerk of the court, in open court, and signed and sworn to by each respective witness, save and except as hereafter provided for witnesses absent by reason of sickness or of departing the province.

ART. XII.

Provided also that in case of sickness and where the witnesses cannot attend the court, to be ascertained by affidavit, it may be lawful for the court, in such cases, and of evident necessity, after issue joined as above-said, to allow and permit that any one judge, in the presence of the parties, plaintiff and defendant, or their attorneys, or in their or either of their absence after due notice signified, may take the deposition of such witness, in writing, to be signed and sworn to, and certify and record the same, in the said court, and there to be of legal effect; and moreover, that such deposition, so taken, may be offered and read to the jury, as legal evidence, if such cause be to be tried by jury. And also in causes instituted in the said court, where any witness may be about to depart the province, and by which means either party might be deprived of his testimony to be ascertained by affidavit, it shall and may be lawful for any judge of the said courts to take the deposition of such witness, in presence of the parties or their attorneys, in the manner above expressed, and the same shall be of legal effect in every cause, in the manner as above-said.

ART. XIII.

And it is further ordained and enacted, that every issue in law or fact, to be formed in any cause in either of the said courts of common pleas, between the parties, plaintiff and defendant, shall be made and completed by the declaration, answer and replication; or by the plea, answer and replication, in cases of abatement and bar, of the said parties, plaintiff and defendant, and that no other or further pleadings or writings by way of plea upon such issue or matter in dispute, whether of law or fact, shall be received or admitted by the said courts of common pleas, as part of and to be put upon record, in any case there instituted, and to be heard and adjudged upon, any thing to the contrary notwithstanding.
ART. XIV.

That every writ and process which ought to be served and executed by the sheriff, where it shall happen that the sheriff may be personally interested and concerned, shall be served and executed by the coroner of the district in which such writ, process or execution may issue.

ART. XV.

OF JURORS.

That all merchants or traders of lawful age, and also all persons of lawful age, being house-holders, or occupying lodgings of the value of fifteen pounds per annum, rent, shall be held and considered qualified as jurors, and to serve on petit juries.

ART. XVI.

That the sheriff of each district shall make out lists of all persons so qualified as above said, who may reside in the cities of Quebec or Montreal, and within the vicinage or banlieu thereof, and return the same into the respective courts of common pleas of the district in which such sheriff may officiate, and in which return shall be set down, the christian and surname, and also the profession, trade or calling, and place of abode of such persons so returned.

ART. XVII.

That from the said general list, the clerk of each court shall make two separate lists or books, the one to contain the names of all merchants, persons concerned in trade, or qualified to serve on special juries, and the other list or book to contain the names of persons of different occupations, so returned on the said general list by the sheriff as aforesaid. That the said lists or books, when so made, shall be examined by the judges and sheriff, and corrected if needful, and shall be of record and open in the clerk’s office, to the inspection of all persons, without fee or reward.

ART. XVIII.

That on all and every cause where a trial may be moved for, and directed to be taken by the verdict of a jury, it shall and may be lawful for the parties, plaintiff and defendant, or their attorneys, to strike a jury from the above lists or books, so returned into court, and completed as above-said, in the same manner and under the same rules as special juries are struck in the courts of record in England, that is to say, from the first list or book so formed by the clerk, and approved by the judges, as above said, in all causes of mercantile dispute or actions of damages where the total amount, sum, dealing, or matter of account, agreement or transaction between the parties, may exceed fifty pounds. And from the second list, or jury book, where the total sum as above-said may not exceed the said sum of fifty pounds.
ART. XIX.

Provided always that the said juries, so to be struck from either of the said lists, shall be taken from the same in rotation and following each other, by commencing at that part of the list from whence the former or preceding jury was struck or taken. And also, that in all causes that may appear to the court before which they are to be tried, to be of intricacy, and that ought to be tried by a jury from the first list, although the sum or total amount may not exceed fifty pounds, the judges of such court may permit and order the jury to be struck from the first list; the party applying for such jury, paying the difference of fees between jurors from the first and the second jury list or book.

ART. XX.

That all and every challenge or exception to the panel, or any particular juror returned thereon, shall be taken, made and determined upon in open court, and conformable to the laws of England. That jurors, serving on special juries as aforesaid, and struck from the first list or jury book, shall have and receive two shillings and six pence each for every verdict to be made and delivered, and before returned into court. And jurors struck from the second list or jury book, one shilling each for every verdict in manner as aforesaid.

ART. XXI.

That lists of jurors, in the manner prescribed by the preceding articles, shall be made by the sheriffs, returned into the several courts, and formed in the manner above-mentioned, in the month of June in every year.

ART. XXII.

That all persons being duly summoned to attend in any of his majesty’s courts of common pleas, to serve as jurors as aforesaid, and neglecting or refusing so to do, shall be liable to, and may be fined by the said courts respectively, in any sum not exceeding five pounds, and not less than ten shillings, to be levied, by warrant of distress, on the goods and chattels of such person so refusing or neglecting to attend, and to be paid to his majesty’s receiver-general for the public uses of the province.

ART. XXIII.

That the members of his majesty’s council, the officers of his majesty’s courts, officers of the customs, naval officer, persons employed in the service of the post-office, physicians and surgeons, and officers employed in military service, shall be exempted from serving on juries.

ART. XXIV.

OF APPEALS.

The party meaning to appeal from any definitive sentence or judgment of any of the courts of common pleas, shall sue out a writ from the court of appeals, tested and signed by the governor, lieutenant-governor, or chief justice; stating that the appellant com-
ART. provided

plain of being aggrieved by the judgement, and therefore commanding the judges of the inferior court, or any two of them, to send up the original papers and proceedings, found in the records or registers of the court, concerning the same. Such writ, when presented to any of the judges of the court below, shall be allowed by him, if the appellant has given the requisite security, which security is hereby understood to be personal security, or bail by justification, any law, usage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding; provided nevertheless that an appeal may be had and obtained, in manner abovesaid, from any interlocutory sentence or judgement which may carry execution, by ordering something to be done or executed that cannot be remedied by the final sentence or judgment, or whereby the right of the matter in contestation between the parties may be in part decided, or whereby final hearing and judgment may be unnecessarily delayed, provided always that such appeal shall not be granted and allowed, except upon motion made in the court of appeals for that purpose, and a rule served upon the other party, or his attorney, to show cause why a writ of appeal from such interlocutory sentence or judgment should not be granted. And it is hereby ordained that a rule so served shall have the effect to stay execution upon such interlocutory sentence or judgment, till the determination of the motion for such appeal, and if the writ of appeal shall be awarded thereupon, and allowed by the judges in manner as aforesaid, the clerk of the court shall proceed to comply with the order of the writ, and the judges, or any two of them, shall make their return as therein commanded.

ART. XXV.

If the appellant does not, within eight days after the return of the said writ and the transmission of the proceedings, file his reasons of appeal, the appellee shall obtain a rule or order, that unless the appellant’s reasons of appeal are filed in four days, the appeal will be dismissed. And if the said reasons of appeal are not filed within four days after service of the said rule on the appellant or his agent, the appeal shall be accordingly dismissed with costs.

ART. XXVI.

Within eight days after the reasons of appeal are filed, the appellee shall file his answers thereto; or if he neglects so to do, the appellant shall obtain a rule or order, that unless the appellee file his answers within four days, he will be precluded from filing them after that period; and if his answers are not filed within four days after service of such rule on the appellee or his agent, he shall accordingly be precluded from filing them, and the court will proceed to hear the cause on the part of the appellant, and proceed to judgment therein without the intervention of the appellee.

ART. XXVII.

The said court of appeals, nevertheless, shall and may, upon application made, and good cause shewn by either of the parties (notice being given to the other) prolong the time allowed for filing
either of the reasons of appeal or answers thereto; and in case the court shall not be sitting at the time when such reasons or answers ought regularly to be filed, the party neglecting shall apply to the court at the next sitting thereof, and shew his reasons for such neglect; and if the court finds them insufficient, it will, as the case may be, either dismiss the appeal, or proceed to hear it without the intervention of the appellee, as above directed.

ART. XXVIII.

When the reasons of appeal, and the answers thereto, are filed, the court shall, on the application of either of the parties, fix on such convenient day for the hearing of the cause, as to it may seem proper.

ART. XXIX.

If the writ of appeal is not allowed by one of the judges of the court below, and a copy thereof served on the appellee or his agent, within fifteen days after any judgment given in the court of common pleas, execution shall issue. Provided always, that in cases of appeal from judgments in his majesty’s court of common pleas in the district of Montreal, execution shall be stayed for the space of twenty days, where the party meaning to appeal shall lodge good and sufficient security in the said court within fifteen days from the date of such judgment, to prosecute his said writ of appeal with effect, and that such security shall be taken as in case of an actual writ of appeal issued and admitted. And no appeal shall be allowed, or received from the court of common pleas, after the expiration of one year from the date of the judgment of such court. Save and except such judgment, whereby the rights of infants, absenteees, femmes couvertes, or persons non compos mentis, may be bound.

ART. XXX.

OF EXECUTIONS.

The execution sued out from any of the courts of civil jurisdiction, shall be a writ issuing in the king’s name, tested and signed, when issuing from the court of appeal, either by the governor, lieutenant-governor, or chief justice, and when issuing from the court of common pleas, by one of the judges of the court for the district in which it is given, directed to the sheriff of the district, setting forth the judgment of the court between the parties, and the kind of execution which the law, according as the case may be, shall direct; whether the same be to take the body, or to levy a sum of money out of any one’s goods and chattels, lands and tenements, or to do any special matter or thing whatever. The date of the judgment shall be indorsed on every writ of execution, and that indorsement signed by the judge.

ART. XXXI.

In all cases where execution shall issue against real and personal estates, the sheriff shall first dispose of the personal property, and if the proceeds thereof fall short of the amount of the judgment, the real estate, or so much thereof as will produce the amount, shall be sold for that purpose.
Where moveables shall be seized by the sheriff, under an execution, he shall cause the seizure to be published at the church door of the parish, immediately after divine service, on the first sunday succeeding such seizure; and at the same time cause to be proclaimed. the day and place, when and where he means to proceed to the sale thereof; provided that the place of sale shall be in the same parish in which the seizure is made, and provided always that the sheriff shall not sell any chattels, so to be seized and notified, until eight days after notification of sale as above-said. And that, at the request of the plaintiff, the sheriff may cause goods and merchandises so seized as above-said, to be transported from the parish where seized, to the city of Montreal or Quebec (being in the district where seized) and there to be sold after due notice, as aforesaid. And that execution, so to be issued against chattels or personal estate, shall be made returnable at such day as the court from whence it may issue shall judge reasonable; and that execution shall issue against chattels, or personal and real estate, in one and the same writ, but that such execution shall be first levied upon the chattels or personal estate, and be returnable as to such first levy, yet nevertheless, may have force and effect, and be returnable also, at a more distant period, as to the second levy on real estate, for the full satisfaction of the execution aforesaid.

ART. XXXIII.

When lands and tenements shall be seized by the sheriff, under a writ of execution, he shall advertise the sale thereof, three several times, in the Quebec gazette, to be on some certain day after the expiration of four months from the date of the first advertisement, and proclaim the said sale at the church door of the parish in which the premises are situated, immediately after divine service, on the three sundays next preceding the sale; and cause a copy of the said advertisement to be fixed on the door of the parish church; and that lands en roture shall be sold at the door of the church of the parish where seized. And the sheriff is hereby further required, to advertise, immediately after the seizure, that all and every person having any claim on said lands and tenements, by mortgage, or other right or incumbrance, do give notice thereof at his office, either before or after the sale, where the law makes a distinction, and to remove all doubts, the sale then, by the sheriff, without any other formality, shall have the same force and effect as the decret had heretofore.

ART. XXXIV.

If two or more writs of execution shall be issued upon judgments given the same day, against the same defendant or defendants, and so marked on the writs, such executions shall have the same privilege, and be satisfied in the same proportion, provided always, that if any oppositions or claims may be entered at the sheriff's office, either before the sale of moveables, or before or after the sale of immovables, and where required, by law, in the one or the other case above-mentioned, or where the moveables seized may be claimed by any other person, as to him pertaining: in all such cases, the sheriff
shall return the same at the proper periods, into the court where such execution issued, that the said court may, on hearing such claims and oppositions, and the parties therein concerned, adjudge them according to law.

ART. XXXV.

On every execution the sheriff shall be allowed all his disbursements, and shall be authorised to charge over and above, at the rate of two and an half per cent. to be deducted out of the money he levies.

ART. XXXVI.

PROCEEDINGS in ACTIONS under Ten Pounds Sterling.

In matters either not exceeding or under ten pounds sterling, any person having a right of action against another, shall prepare or procure from the clerk of the court of common pleas, a declaration in the following form, viz.

"Quebec
"Montreal"

day of 17
A. B. Plaintiff
C. D. Defendant

"The plaintiff demands of the defendant the sum of
"due to the plaintiff from the defendant for
"which said sum, though often demanded, still remains due, therefore the plaintiff prays judgment." This declaration shall be filed by the clerk who shall make a copy thereof, and at the foot of such copy, write out a summons, in the language of the defendant, in the following form, viz.

"Quebec "Montreal"

GEORGE the third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, king of the faith, to C. D. defendant in the above action. "You are hereby commanded and required, to pay the plaintiff, A. B. the above-mentioned sum of together with costs; or else to appear in person, or by your agent, before our judges of our court of common pleas,

"at the court-house of the city of

Quebec
Montreal

on the day of when the matter of complaint against you, as ascertained in the above declaration, will be heard and finally determined; otherwise judgment will be given against you by default. Witness the honorable one of the judges of our said court of common pleas,

"this day of in the year

"and year of our reign."

This summons shall be signed by one of the judges of the court, and a copy thereof, and of the declaration, served on the defendant personally, or left at his dwelling house, or ordinary place of residence, with some grown person there; and the person serving the same, shall inform the defendant, or such grown person, of the contents thereof.
If at the time mentioned in the summons, the defendant does not appear, (proof of the service thereof being produced in court) the judges, or any one of them, shall hear the cause, on the part of the plaintiff, and make such order, decree, or judgment, and award such reasonable costs of suit, as to him, or them, shall appear agreeable to equity and good conscience.

But if the defendant does appear by himself or his agent, and the plaintiff or his agent does not appear; or appearing, does not prosecute; or prosecuting, fails in his action; the judge or judges shall dismiss the defendant, with costs.

If the plaintiff makes good his charge against the defendant, the judge or judges shall give judgment accordingly, and award costs and execution; but the execution shall not issue until eight days after judgment given.

The execution shall go against the moveables only of the defendant; which shall be seized by some person to be for that purpose appointed by the court, and sold by him in the manner mentioned in the thirty-second article of this ordinance.

But the execution shall contain an exception of the party's beasts of the plough, implements of husbandry, tools of his trade, and one bed and bedding, unless his other goods and chattels shall prove insufficient; in which case, such beasts of the plough, implements of husbandry, and tools of his trade shall be sold, but not the bed and bedding.

The judge or judges may, if they think proper, order the debt to be levied by instalments provided the time allowed shall not exceed the space of three months, from the day of issuing the execution.

**ART. XXXVII.**

In matters as well above, as of, or under the value of ten pounds sterling, if the defendant shall convey away, or secrete his effects, or shall with violence, or by shutting up his house, store, or shop, oppose his effects being seized; in all such cases, on due proof thereof, an execution shall go against his person, to be taken and detained in prison until he satisfies the judgment; any law, usage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

**ART. XXXVIII.**

For the satisfaction of all judgments given in commercial matters, between merchants or traders, as well as of all debts due to merchants or traders for goods, wares and merchandizes by them sold, execution shall issue, not only against the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the defendants, but also, in case they shall not produce the amount of the plaintiff's demand, against his person; to be taken and conveyed into the prison of the district, and there detained, until he pays the amount of the judgment, or otherwise settles with and satisfies the plaintiff, any law, usage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided that if the defendant, after remaining one month in prison, shall make application to the court, and make an affidavit, that he is not worth ten pounds, the plaintiff shall pay to the defendant the sum of three shillings and six-pence weekly, for his maintenance, as long as he shall be detained in prison at the suit of the plaintiff; and in times of scarcity, the said court of common pleas may, in its discretion, augment the said allowance, not exceeding the
further sum of one shilling and six-pence per week. Such payment shall be made in advance, on Monday in every week; in failure of which the court, from whence the execution issued, shall order the defendant to be released; but the plaintiff shall not be obliged to make such payment, if he can prove, to the satisfaction of the court by which the defendant stands committed, that the defendant has secreted or conveyed away his effects, to defraud his creditors.

ART. XXXIX.

When any person, against whom judgment shall be given, in any of the courts of common pleas, shall not have sufficient goods, chattels, lands, or tenements, to satisfy such judgment, within the jurisdiction of the court where in such judgment shall have been obtained; but shall have goods, chattels, lands or tenements within the jurisdiction of the other court of common pleas; it shall be lawful for the judge or judges of the court wherein judgment shall have been obtained, to award execution to the sheriff of the other district, who, after getting the writ indorsed by one of the judges of the court for the district in which the goods, chattels, lands or tenements are situated, shall execute the same, and make return thereof to the court from which it issued; and such writ and return shall be, by him, sent to the sheriff of the district from whence the writ was originally awarded, to be delivered into the court that issued the same. The sheriff executing such writ, shall be answerable for his doings relative thereto, before the court from which it was originally awarded. And the judges of the court of common pleas for the one district, may in like manner, award execution against the body of a person residing in the other, in cases where such execution is by the law allowed; and the sheriff executing the writ to him in such case directed, shall convey the body of such person into the prison of the district wherein such person shall be arrested.

ART. XL.

That this ordinance shall continue and be in force, from and during two years from the first day of May next, and unto the end of the sessions of the legislative council which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

HENRY HAMILTON.

Ordained and Enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council, under the public seal of the province, at the council-chamber, in the castle of St. Lewis, in the City of Quebec, the twenty-first day of April, in the twenty-fifth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord, GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five.

By the Lieutenant-governor's Command,

ALEX. GRAY, A. C. L. C.
ANNO VICESIMO QUINTO
GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. III.

An ORDINANCE

Concerning Land Surveyors, and the admeasurement of Lands.

WHEREAS it is highly necessary, in order to secure to his majesty's subjects the peaceable possession of their landed property; by preventing frequent and vexatious suits; that such persons only should be appointed surveyors of land, as are properly qualified. And that all and every survey to be made, should be done and performed in a manner, the best to secure the rights of his majesty's subjects.

Be it therefore ordained and enacted, by his honor the lieutenant-governor and commander in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council thereof, and by the authority of the same, it is hereby ordained and enacted,

ART. I.

That a meridian line shall be properly drawn and marked, at the most convenient place, in or near the town of Quebec, Three Rivers, and Montreal, by the surveyor, or deputy surveyor general of this province; and by which all surveyors shall regulate and rectify their several surveying instruments, once in every year at least, and in the presence of the surveyor or deputy surveyor general, or other person by them or either of them duly authorized for that purpose. And all and every surveyor of lands, is hereby required to demand and obtain, from the said surveyor or deputy surveyor general, or person authorized as aforesaid, a certificate, that their several instruments, to be used and employed in surveying, are good and sufficient. And in the certificate so to be granted, shall be set down and expressed, the variation found at the period of making such certificate as aforesaid.

ART. II.

That from and after the publication of this ordinance, no person shall act as a public surveyor of lands, nor be appointed to act as such, until he shall have been duly examined by the surveyor or deputy surveyor general, as to his fitness and capacity, his character, and the sufficiency of his instruments as above-said, and have obtained the certificate above-mentioned.

ART. III.

That all and every person to be commissioned and appointed to act as a land surveyor, for the districts of Quebec or Montreal, shall, before he enters upon the duties of such appointment, give good and sufficient security to his majesty, in the sum of fifty pounds, for the faithful discharge of his duty; and shall take the following oath, in his majesty's court of common pleas for the district wherein he may be appointed to act as above-said.
OATH.

I do solemnly swear, that I will well and truly discharge my duty as a surveyor of lands, agreeable to law, without favour, affection, or partiality, when, and as often as thereto I may be required by any person or persons; or by the rule and order of any court of justice, and that, without delay, unless from some lawful impediment whereby I may be prevented, and which I will faithfully and immediately submit to the party requiring, or the court directing, my duty, and a survey as abovesaid.

ART. IV.

That all and every chain carrier shall take an oath, and be sworn on the holy Evangelists, to administer justly and exactly, according to the best of his knowledge, and to deliver a true account thereof to the surveyor, by whom he may be appointed to the performance of such duty. And which oath the surveyor, so nominating, is hereby authorized and required to tender and administer.

ART. V.

That the land measure shall be the same as before the year of our Lord 1760, in all grants of seigneuries and concessions therein, to that period.

ART. VI.

That all and every surveyor, who shall survey or measure lands, shall plainly mark and bound the lands so measured; that the boundary mark to be made on lands surveyed, between seigniory and seigniory, and the property of co-seignior and co-seignior, in any seigniory, shall be of stone, of the length of one foot and an half at least, above the surface of the earth. And the boundary mark on lands, the property of persons holding under a seigneur, by title of concession, shall also be of stone, of one foot at least above the surface of the earth. And that, under every boundary mark, shall be placed, pieces of brick, or dross of iron, or pieces of earthen ware, conformable to the custom of the country in like cases.

ART. VII.

That all and every surveyor shall keep a book of registry of his several surveys, and also of the plot or land admeasured and surveyed. And in which registry shall be entered a minute detail of the proceedings of such surveyor, in the performance of his duty, upon every survey by him made, and from which registry copies shall be granted to persons therein concerned, in the manner following:
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

FORM OF REGISTRY OF SURVEY, AND CERTIFICATE OF THE SAME.

On this day of in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and at the request of of the parish of in the district of (or in obedience to an order of his majesty's court of bearing date the day of A.D. 17 ) I, surveyor of lands in the district of having been on the fief and seigniory of situate and lying in the parish of in the district of on at the concession of the said fief and seigniory, and then and there, after having read and examined the title-deeds and papers of the parties before me, that is to say, those of bearing date the (repeating the several title-deeds by dates, as above said) and also the title-deeds of bearing date the granted and executed by, &c. (as above) and by which said several title-deeds, I have considered, that there doth belong unto the said acres in front, by acres in depth. And in consequence of the said titles, and in conformity to the title of prior to I have admeasured acres in front, upon a line running correction of the compass (or magnetical variation) between and bounded on the one side, on and on the other side, on and at each extremity of the said lands which in consequence of the said titles ought to contain acres in front, I have planted and fixed a boundary mark of stone, of the length of from the surface of the earth, and laid and placed thereunder pieces of earthen ware (or brick, or dross of iron) from which boundaries so placed, I have raised perpendiculars, running in depth on the point of the compass declining which I have measured to be at the distance of from the said boundary marks so placed: And this I have so done and performed in order to allot and lay out to the said the full quantity of land mentioned and contained to be granted and conceded by his titles making superficial acres Surveyed, done, and executed, in the presence of the parties interested; also in the presence of inhabitants of the said parish of witnesses, or chain-carriers (or of by them named and chosen for this purpose, or, if one of the parties be absent) in the absence of no person appearing for him, altho' duly notified to attend the survey above-said.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name, and have also caused the said witnesses to subscribe their names, the day and year above-mentioned (or who have made their marks, after hearing these presents duly read unto them, and declaring they did not know how to write) And I have delivered these presents unto the said for the purposes therein mentioned.
And if there should be found triangles in the surveying or measuring of any lands by their respective titles, the surveyor so surveying, shall particularly make mention of the same, in the survey and form of registry abovesaid. As also of curvilinear or mixtlineal figures and descriptions, and also of superficials, if it be necessary. Also if there be one or more rivers running across or through a seigniory, every surveyor, surveying and measuring the same, shall make mention, in his survey, of such rivers and their course, and also of the side of the river on which he shall have begun his survey.

ART. VIII.

That whosoever shall remove a boundary or land mark as above-mentioned, without lawful authority so to do, shall be subject to an action of damages, to be instituted by the person injured, to recover such damages as the nature of the case may require, and also shall be liable to and pay a fine of twenty pounds; to be recovered by bill, plaint, or information, in his majesty's court of common pleas in the district where the offence may be committed. One moiety of such fine shall be paid to the receiver general of the province, for his majesty's use, and the other moiety, to the person who shall inform and sue for the same.

ART. IX.

That all and every person who at present may act, or may be desirous to be lawfully appointed to act, as a public land surveyor, shall, within three months from the publication of this ordinance, transmit to the office of the surveyor general of this province, his christian and surname, with the date of the commission or authority under which he hath acted, and by whom granted, that those only may be published in the gazette and authorized to act, as shall be approved of by the governor, lieutenant-governor or commander in chief upon the report of the surveyor general.

ART. X.

That on the death of any surveyor, his books of survey, and other books and papers relating thereto, shall be taken and considered as public records, of the court of common pleas, of the district wherein he may have acted as a surveyor; and shall be thereafter deposited of record in the clerk's office of the said court of common pleas, for the benefit of all his majesty's subjects; and to which they may, from time to time, freely have recourse, and on demand, may have copies thereof granted by the respective clerks of such courts, on payment of the legal and accustomed fees. That in case of the decease of any surveyor, and of his books and papers being so lodged as above-said, the widow or heirs of such surveyor shall annually be entitled to have a just account, and receive one half part of all fees for copies from the books and papers of such deceased surveyor, and for and during the space of five years from his decease.

HENRY HAMILTON.
Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council-chamber, in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-fifth year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five.

By the Lieutenant-governor's Command,

ALEX. GRAY, A. C. L. C.

ANNO VICESIMO QUINTO
GEORGIUS III. REGIS.

CHAP. IV.
An ORDINANCE
Concerning Advocates, Attorneys, Solicitors, and Notaries, and for the more easy collection of his Majesty's Revenues.

WHEREAS the welfare and tranquility of families, and the peace of individuals require, as an object of the greatest importance, that such persons only should be appointed to act and practise as barristers, advocates, attorneys, solicitors, proctors and notaries, who are properly qualified to perform the duties of those respective employments, and that, under certain necessary and proper regulations.

Be it therefore ordained and enacted by his honor the lieutenant-governor and commander in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council thereof, and by the authority of the same, it is hereby ordained and enacted.

ART. I.

That from and after the publication of this ordinance, no person shall be commissioned, appointed or permitted to practise in any of his majesty's courts of civil jurisdiction in this province, as a barrister, advocate, solicitor, attorney or proctor at law, who shall not have, bona fide, served a regular and continued clerkship, for and during the space of five years, under a contract, in writing, for that purpose made and entered into, with some advocate or attorney duly admitted, and practising in the courts of civil judicature in this province; or in some other part of his majesty's dominions, or with some clerk or register of any court of common pleas, or court of appeals, within this province, for and during the space of six years. Unless such person shall have been already called to the bar, or intitled so to be, and to practise as an advocate or attorney, in some court of civil jurisdiction, within some part of his majesty's dominions. Neither shall any person so intitled to be commissioned, or admitted to practise as aforesaid, be commissioned or admitted, to practise in any of the several capacities aforesaid, until after he shall have been examined by some of the first and most able barristers,
advocates and attorneys of the courts of judicature in this province, in the presence of the chief justice, or two or more judges of some of his majesty's courts of common pleas, and that such person, so examined, shall be, by the said chief justice or judges, approved and certified to be of fit capacity and character to be admitted, to practise the law, in the several courts in this province.

ART. II.

That no person shall hereafter, be commissioned or appointed, a notary in this province, who shall not have bona fide served a regular and continued clerkship, for and during the space of five years, under a contract, in writing, for that purpose made and entered into, with some notary; duly commissioned and appointed, and practising as such. And until after such person so serving a continued clerkship shall have been examined by some of the eldest notaries and practitioners in that science, in the presence of the chief justice or two or more judges of his majesty's court of common pleas of the district, wherein such person may have so served his clerkship, and be approved in manner abovesaid, as a person of fit capacity and character, to be commissioned and admitted to act and practise as a notary, in this province. And all and every notary with whom any person may serve a continued clerkship as abovesaid, shall give due proof, when required, of the service performed.

ART. III.

That from and after the publication of this ordinance, all and every notary is, and are hereby directed, to collect and place, in regular and due order, all and every the minutes of acts and contracts, that may have been, or may be passed before them, in the proper order of time in which such acts may have been, or may be passed: And shall select and put up the minutes and writings, of what nature soever, of every year's transactions and acts, in separate bundles folded and covered with strong paper, in the manner of a register, and on the back of which shall be indorsed, the general contents of each bundle, and the year in which the same may have been made or done.

And that the register as abovesaid, of every notary, shall be open, to legal inspection, for examining the legal state thereof. And if on such examination, to be made at reasonable periods, it shall be found, that any notary hath neglected obedience to this article, or that his registers are irregular and imperfectly kept and preserved, he shall be deprived of the office of notary, and held and considered as disqualified to pass any future act.

ART. IV.

And all and every notary are hereby required, strictly to comply with the ancient laws of this province, which respect the passing of acts before them, or any of them, as notaries; and by which the validity of such their acts will be considered and adjudged.

ART. V.

That from and after the decease of any notary, his minutes, registers, books and acts, by him passed and preserved, as and relating
to the duties of a notary, shall be held and considered as public records, of the court of common pleas, of the district wherein he may have acted as a notary; and shall be forthwith deposited in the clerk's office of the said court of common pleas, of record, for the benefit of his majesty's subjects, who may have legal interest therein.

That upon the decease of any notary, as aforesaid, the clerk of the court of common pleas of the district wherein the said deceased notary shall have resided, shall repair to the office of such deceased notary, and demand the records aforesaid; and shall upon delivery, take a regular account of the same, and in an inventory thereof, to be by him made, shall specify every particular minute, act, book, and paper, by him received, and shall sign and record the same, in the said court of common pleas, and shall deliver a copy of the said inventory to the person from whom he may receive the several minutes, acts, books, and papers as aforesaid.

That all and every clerk of any court so receiving the minutes, books and papers of any deceased notary, shall preserve a regular account of all fees, which may be by him received for copies of any act so passed by such deceased notary; and shall, once every quarter of the year for and during five years only, pay unto the widow or heirs of such deceased notary, one moiety of all fees, which may be so received as aforesaid.

ART VI.

And whereas it has been found expedient, that notaries and clerks of courts should not be permitted to practise in any of his majesty's courts of civil jurisdiction within this province, as barristers, advocates, solicitors, attorneys, or proctors at law, and that land surveyors should not hold and exercise the functions of notaries. Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, that no person shall hereafter be appointed, commissioned, or admitted to practise, in any court in this province, as a barrister, advocate, solicitor, attorney, or proctor at law, or be, or act as the clerk of any court, who may be a notary. Nor shall any person be appointed or permitted to act as public land surveyor, who may be a notary. But that these several occupations of practising the law, in his majesty's courts in this province, and of being a clerk therein; and of notary; and of land surveyor, shall be held and exercised separately, and by different persons, to the intent and purpose that the functions and duties of the one may not interfere with the other.

And that all and every person, who at present may hold any two of the above appointments, and may exercise the joint functions and duties of those respective offices or trusts, are hereby required, that within twelve months from the publication of this ordinance, he and they, do elect and make choice of the one of these employments, commissions or offices, which he or they may be desirous to hold, exercise, and enjoy; and to transmit and file with the clerk of the court of common pleas of the district wherein such person may exercise the said employments and functions, such his election and choice.

ART. VII.

And it is hereby further ordained and enacted, that from and after the period of such choice and election taken and made as aforesaid, no person being a notary, shall be permitted to plead, or practise as a barrister, advocate, solicitor, attorney, or proctor at law, in any
court in this province, or directly or indirectly to sue out any writ or process whatever, or commence, carry on, or defend, any action or suit in the name or on behalf of any other person, whether by original writ, or on appeal, in any of his majesty’s courts within this province: on pain of being disqualified from acting and exercising the functions of a notary as abovesaid.

And all persons who may practise in any of the said courts as a barrister, advocate, attorney, solicitor or proctor, twelve months after the publication of this ordinance, or after the choice and election abovesaid, are hereby disqualified from passing any acts or deeds, or doing any other matter or thing in the capacity of a legal notary.

**ART. VIII.**

That during the period abovesaid, and until the choice and election abovesaid, all and every person holding the two commissions as abovesaid, and exercising the functions thereof, are hereby disqualified and prohibited from suing out any writ or process, or appearing in any court of justice, and there to plead or defend, or otherwise act as a barrister, advocate, counsel, attorney, or proctor in any matter or cause, wherein any act passed before such person as a notary, may be objected to, controverted, disputed, or called in question.

And all and every person, being an advocate, attorney, solicitor or proctor at law, and notary, who may have conducted, pleaded or been counselled, and have advised, in and concerning any matter in dispute, before any court of justice, is and are hereby prohibited and disqualified to pass any act as a notary, between the parties abovesaid, and wherein the matter that hath been or may be in dispute may, in any wise enter into or make any part of such act or transaction, so to be passed as abovesaid.

**ART. IX.**

Provided always, that all and every notary who shall comply with and perform the third article of this ordinance; and who, at or before the expiration of twelve months as abovesaid, may make his choice and election to be, remain, and act as a barrister, advocate, attorney, solicitor and proctor, or in any one of the said employments, shall and may hold and enjoy the benefit of keeping and preserving his study, and several minutes and acts by him passed, when notary as abovesaid, and of making and delivering copies of the same, when legally required, and on payment of the lawful fees. And that after his decease, the books, minutes, acts, registers and papers of such notary, shall become public records, in the manner prescribed by the fifth article of the present ordinance.

**ART. X.**

And for the better collecting of his majesty’s rights and dues, which may arise and grow due by mutation fines, and lots et ventes, and quints.

Be it also enacted by the authority abovesaid, that every person exercising the functions and duties of a legal notary, within this province, shall regularly and duly every three months in every year, commencing on the first day of August next, send and transmit to the receiver-general of the king’s domain (or to the person lawfully
authorized to perform the duties of receiver-general in the city of Quebec) an abstract of all and every deed of sale, or act equivalent to sale, and deeds of exchange and deeds of gift, subject to life-rent or charge; on pain of five pounds for every neglect, to be recovered by bill, plaint or information in any of his majesty’s courts of common-pleas in this province, to be paid to his majesty’s receiver-general, and applied to the public uses of the province.

And for every such abstract, the notary making and transmitting the same, shall be entitled to receive from his majesty’s said receiver-general, one shilling and three pence and no more.

ART. XI.

And also, that all and every sheriff, and the several clerks of the prerogative courts, in the separate districts of this province, shall, in like manner, and under the same pains and penalties, for neglect or disobedience, send and transmit to the receiver-general as aforesaid, abstracts of all and every sale by auction, or otherwise, by them made, under process of any of his majesty’s courts, to them or either of them directed. And also of sales by licitation or judicial order and decree, and whereby any rights and dues may accrue to his majesty’s revenue, for each of which abstracts they shall in like manner be entitled to have and receive one shilling and three pence and no more.

HENRY HAMILTON.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council chamber, in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-fifth year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five.

By the Lieutenant-governor’s Command,

ALEX. GRAY, A. C. L. C.

ANNO VICESIMO QUINTO.

GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. V.

An ORDINANCE

For granting a limited civil power and jurisdiction to his majesty’s justices of the peace in the remote parts of this province.

WHEREAS it is expedient, for the ease and convenience of his majesty’s subjects, who have settled or may settle, in the upper parts of this province, from and above point au Baudet, on the north-side of lake St. Francis, to the head of the bay of Quintiz, on lake Ontario; and in the lower parts of the province, from and below cape
Rosier, in the gulf of St. Lawrence, to the river Richtigouche, or the eastern boundary of this province; that his majesty's justices of the peace should be authorized to hear and determine causes for the recovery of small debts, respecting personal rights and property; and until such time as permanent establishments may be made in the said districts and settlements, for the better administration of justice.

Be it therefore ordained and enacted by his honor the lieutenant-governor and commander in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council thereof, and by the authority of the same, it is hereby ordained and enacted,

ART. I.

That from and after the first day of September next ensuing, any one of his majesty's justices of the peace shall have lawful authority, in the districts above-mentioned, to issue one or more writs of summons, to call before him any person or persons residing within either of the said districts above-described, where such writ may issue; and to hear and determine any cause or matter of dispute, for the recovery of any debt respecting personal estate, where the sum demanded may exceed two shillings and six pence, and may not exceed forty shillings. And that any two of his majesty's justices of the peace, may in like manner, in the districts aforesaid, issue one or more writs of summons, and hear and determine any cause, as above-said, respecting personal rights, for the recovery of debts, where the sum demanded may exceed forty shillings, and may not exceed five pounds.

ART. II.

That the judgments which may be made, by one or more of his majesty's justices of the peace, on any matter before him or them as aforesaid, shall be held and considered as conclusive and final, and that no appeal shall be allowed therefrom.

ART. III.

That the said justice or justices may issue one or more writs of execution in his majesty's name, to levy the debt adjudged, together with costs of suit; which costs shall not exceed the sum of three shillings, in the first case, nor the sum of five shillings, in the second case.

ART. IV.

Provided always that such execution so to be issued, shall be, to levy the debt and costs from the personal estate of the debtor, and by such instalments as the magistrate or magistrates, before whom judgment may be awarded, may judge reasonable. And provided also, that the time allowed shall not, in the whole, exceed more than four months from the date of the judgment awarded.

HENRY HAMILTON.
Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council chamber, in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-fifth year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five.

By the Lieutenant-governor's Command,

ALEX. GRAY, A. C. L. C.

ANNO VICESIMO QUINTO
GEORGIH III. REGIS.

CHAP. VI.

An ORDINANCE

To prevent the exportation of unmerchantable flour, and the false taring of bread and flour casks.

Be it ordained and enacted, by his honour the lieutenant-governor and commander in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council thereof, and by the authority of the same, it is hereby ordained and enacted,

ART. I.

That every bolter of flour, or baker of bread, for exportation, from any part of this province, shall each, provide and have a separate and distinguishable brand mark, and shall therewith brand each and every cask of flour or biscuit, of his own bolting or baking, for exportation, as aforesaid, before the same shall be removed from the place where such flour or biscuit shall have been packed, or put into casks for exportation, under the penalty of one shilling for every cask so removed, and not branded as aforesaid.

ART. II.

That every bolter and baker, who may bolt or manufacture flour, or bake biscuit, for exportation, shall, prior to the use of any brandmark as aforesaid, enter, with the clerk of the peace for the district where such bolter or baker may reside, such his brand-mark or marks, together with his name and place of abode; and the said clerk is hereby directed to record the same, in a book to be kept for that special purpose; and for which registry he shall receive one shilling, and no more: And that every bolter or baker, neglecting to record his brand-mark as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay the sum of forty shillings.

ART. III.

That all wheat and flour, so bolted and manufactured for exportation, as afore-said, shall, by the bolter thereof, be made merchant-
able, and of due fineness, and honestly and well packed, in good strong casks, well made, of staves well seasoned, and bound with ten hoops, and the tare of the cask shall be marked thereon. And that, from and after the first day of September, in the year of our lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six, each cask shall contain one quintal and one quarter, one quintal and two quarters, one quintal and three quarters, or two quintals, of one hundred and twelve pounds, English weight, each: And each and every cask, shall be well and sufficiently nailed, before the same may be removed from the place where packed. And if any bolter or baker, shall offend in all or any of the premises, he shall forfeit and pay the sum of one shilling for each cask.

ART. IV.

That if any person or persons, shall put a false or wrong tare on any cask of flour or bread, to the disadvantage of any purchaser of the same, the person so offending, shall forfeit and pay for every such cask, so falsely tared as aforesaid, the sum of three shillings.

ART. V.

That no person or persons, shall ship any flour for exportation as aforesaid, until the same shall have been inspected and examined, by some one of the officers or inspectors, who may be hereafter appointed for that purpose, by his majesty’s courts of quarter sessions of the peace, for the respective districts of Quebec and Montreal. And the said inspectors, are hereby severally authorized and required, to search, try, and examine the said flour, so packed for exportation, by boring the head of the cask, and piercing through the flour, with an instrument to be contrived for that purpose, in order to prove whether it be honestly and truly packed, and to judge of its goodness. And the said inspector shall afterwards plug up the hole. And if the said inspector shall find and judge the said flour, so examined, to be of a proper fineness and merchantable, according to the directions of this ordinance, he shall brand every such cask of flour on the quarter, in a fair and distinguishable manner, with the name of the place where shipped, and the initial letters of his christian and surname, and for which trouble the inspector shall receive, from the purchaser, two pence per cask and no more.

ART. VI.

That, if any dispute shall arise between any of the said inspectors and the proprietor of such flour, so examined, concerning the fineness or goodness thereof, upon application made to any one of his majesty’s justice of the peace, he shall, and is hereby required, to hear and receive the opinion of three persons of skill and integrity; that each of the said persons may name one of the said three persons, and the third to be named and appointed by the magistrate as aforesaid. That the said three persons shall be duly sworn, carefully to examine the said flour, and make their report to the said magistrate forthwith, according to the true state in which they find the same. And if, in the opinion of the said three persons, or any two of them, the said flour is not fit to be exported, the said magistrate shall issue an order, in writing, to the owner or holder thereof, that the said flour shall not be exported, on pain of forfeiture; and if exported, con-
trary to the said order, the exporter thereof shall forfeit, and be liable to pay the full value thereof. And the said magistrate shall award and order the owner of the said flour, to pay unto the inspector, two pence for each cask of flour, judged unfit for exportation as aforesaid, with reasonable costs and charges. But if, in the opinion of the said three persons, or any two of them, the said flour shall be found good, and merchantable, according to the directions of this ordinance, the charges of inspection shall be borne and paid by the inspector or purchaser, as whose request the examination was made.

ART. VII.

That the said several inspectors, so to be appointed, shall have full power, and lawful authority, by virtue of this ordinance, to enter on board of any ship or vessel, in which any flour is loading, for exportation, and the same to search and examine; and if on searching, he or they shall discover any cask or casks of flour, that may not be branded in manner as before directed, the same shall be forfeited, and so held and adjudged. And the master of such ship or vessel, who shall have received on board his vessel, such cask or casks of flour, not branded as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay, for each cask so received as aforesaid, the sum of ten shillings. And if the master or commander of any ship or vessel, or any of his servants or seamen, shall obstruct or prevent any inspector or inspectors in making such search as aforesaid, every person so offending shall forfeit the sum of thirty pounds.

ART. VIII.

That all and every inspector, so to be appointed as is directed by this ordinance, shall, before entering upon the duties of his said office, take and subscribe the following oath, in the court of quarter sessions, or before any one of his majesty's justice of the peace, for the district wherein he may be so appointed:

OATH.

"I do solemnly swear, that I will faithfully and impartially, and according to the best of my judgment, skill and understanding, execute, do, and perform the office and duty of an inspector, and examiner of flour, according to the true intent and meaning of an ordinance of this province, intituled, An ordinance to prevent the exportation of unmerchantable flour, and the false taring of bread and flour. So help me God."

ART. IX.

That no inspector shall purchase, or cause to be purchased, any flour, condemned by himself or any other inspector, as unmerchantable, under the penalty of thirty pounds.

ART. X.

That if any inspector, on any application to him, to attend survey, and examine flour as aforesaid (and who shall not, at the time of such application be employed in the examination of flour) shall neglect, or delay, to proceed to such survey and examination, for the
space of three hours, after application made, the inspector, so neglecting or refusing, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of forty shillings.

ART. XI.

That any person or persons, who shall counterfeit any of the aforesaid brand-marks, or brand the same on any cask of flour, or shall empty any cask of flour, branded by the inspector as aforesaid, in order to put therein other flour, for sale or exportation, without first cutting out the said brand-mark; the said person or persons so offending, shall severally, for every offence, forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred pounds.

ART. XII.

That all and every fine and forfeiture, which may be incurred and inflicted by this ordinance, may be sued, prosecuted for, and recovered, by bill, plaint, or information, in any of his majesty's courts of common pleas in this province; the one half whereof shall be paid to his majesty's receiver-general, for his majesty's use, and the other half to the informer or person suing for the same.

HENRY HAMILTON.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council, under the public seal of the province, at the council chamber, in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-fifth year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five.

By the Lieutenant-governor's Command,

ALEX. GRAY, A. C. L. C.

ANNO VICESIMO QUINTO
GEORGI III. REGIS.

CHAP. VII.

An ORDINANCE

For continuing an Ordinance made the ninth day of March, in the twentieth Year of his Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Ordinance for the regulation and establishment of Fees."

BE it ordained and enacted, by his honor the lieutenant-governor and commander in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council thereof, and by the authority of the same, it is hereby ordained and enacted,

That an ordinance, made and passed in the twentieth year of his majesty's reign, intituled, "An ordinance for the regulation and establishment of fees." and every article and clause therein contained,
shall be and continue, and the same is hereby continued, to be in force, from the expiration thereof, for the space of one year, and unto the end of the session of the legislative council of this province, which will be held, according to the statute, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six.

HENRY HAMILTON.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council, under the public seal of the province, at the council chamber, in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-fifth year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five.

By the Lieutenant-governor's Command,

ALEX. GRAY, A. C. L. C.

ANNO VICESIMO QUINTO
GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. VIII.

For further continuing an Ordinance made in the twenty-third day of April, in the seventeenth year of his Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Ordinance to empower the Commissioners of the Peace to "regulate the Police of the Towns of Quebec and Montreal, for a "limited time."

Be it ordained and enacted, by his honour the lieutenant-governor and commander in chief of this province, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council thereof, and by the authority of the same, it is hereby ordained and enacted,

That an ordinance made in the seventeenth year of his majesty's reign, intituled, "An Ordinance to empower the Commissioners of the "Peace, to regulate the Police of the towns of Quebec and Montreal "for a limited time," and every article and clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby further continued, from the passing of this present ordinance, unto the thirtieth day of April, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

HENRY HAMILTON.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council, under the public seal of the province, at the council chamber, in the castle of St. Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-fifth year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five.

By the Lieutenant-governor's Command,

ALEX. GRAY, A. C. L. C.
ANNO VICESIMO SEXTO
GEORGII III. REGIS.

CHAP. I.

An ORDINANCE

For further continuing an Ordinance made the twenty-ninth day of March in the seventeenth year of his Majesty's Reign, intitled, "An Ordinance for regulating the Militia of the Province of "Quebec, and rendering it of more general utility towards the "preservation and security thereof."

BE it enacted and ordained by his honor the lieutenant-governor and commander in chief of the province of Quebec, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council thereof, and by the authority of the same, it is hereby ordained and enacted, that an ordinance made in the seventeenth year of his majesty's reign, intitled, "An ordinance for regulating the militia of the province of "Quebec, and rendering it of more general utility towards the pres- "ervation and security thereof," and every article and clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby further con- "tinued, from the passing of this present ordinance, unto the thirtieth day of April, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

HENRY HOPE.

Ordained and Enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council, under the public seal of the province, at the council-
"chamber, in the castle of St. Lewis, in the City of Quebec, the twenty-sixth day of February, in the twenty-sixth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord, GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of GREAT BRITAIN, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six.

By his Honor the Lieutenant-governor's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L... C.
ANNO VICESIMO SEXTO
GEORGH III. REGIS.

CHAP. II.

An ORDINANCE

For further continuing an Ordinance made the ninth day of March in the twentieth year of his Majesty's Reign, intitled, "An Ordi-

nance for the regulation and establishment of fees."

BE it enacted and ordained by his honor the lieutenant-governor and commander in chief of the province of Quebec, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council thereof, and by the authority of the same, it is hereby ordained and enacted, that an ordinance made and passed in the twentieth year of his majesty's reign, intitled, "An ordinance for the regulation and establishment "of fees," and every article and clause therein contained; shall be and continue, and the same is hereby further continued, from the passing of this present ordinance, unto the thirtieth day of April, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

HENRY HOPE.

Ordained and Enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council, under the public seal of the province, at the council-

chamber, in the castle of St. Lewis, in the City of Quebec, the twentieth day of February, in the twenty-sixth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord, GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six.

By his Honor the Lieutenant-governor's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L.. C.
ANNO VICESIMO SEXTO
GEORGII III. REGIS.
CHAP. III.
An ORDINANCE
For further continuing an Ordinance made the ninth day of March, in the twentieth year of his Majesty's Reign, intitled, "An Ordinance for regulating all such persons as keep Horses and Carriages to let and hire for the accommodation of Travellers, commonly called and known by the name of Maitres de Poste."

BE it enacted and ordained by his honor the lieutenant-governor and commander in chief of the province of Quebec, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council thereof, and by the authority of the same, it is hereby ordained and enacted, that an ordinance made and passed in the twentieth year of his majesty's reign, intitled, "An ordinance for regulating all such persons as keep horses and carriages to let and hire for the accommodation of travellers, commonly called and known by the name of maîtres de poste," and every article and clause therein contained, shall be and continue, and the same is hereby further continued from the passing of this present ordinance, unto the thirtieth day of April, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

HENRY HOPE.

Ordained and Enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council, under the public seal of the province, at the council-chamber, in the castle of St. Lewis, in the City of Quebec, the twentieth day of February, in the twenty-sixth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord, GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, and IRELAND, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six.

By his Honor the Lieutenant-governor's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
Anno Vicesimo Septimo Georgii III. Regis.

- CHAP. I.

AN ORDINANCE

To regulate the proceedings in certain cases in the Court of King’s Bench, and to give the subject the benefit of Appeal from Large Fines.

WHEREAS it is difficult to find jurors in the towns of Quebec and Montreal, who are proprietors of freehold, it is enacted by His Excellency the Governor and Legislative Council, That in all inquests and trials by jury in criminal cases, it shall be no good challenge or exception that the juror is not a freeholder, if such juror, being otherwise qualified, is in the actual possession of lands, tenements, or real estate, charged with, and paying an annual rent of fifteen pounds or upwards, and upon any such inquest or trial the defect of the pannel in petty jurors, so qualified, may be supplied, as often as it happens, by a tales, as in other ordinary cases, at the discretion of the court, in such manner as the said court shall adjudge proper, to give the party prosecuted, in any criminal cause, jurors, for his trial, one half of whom, at the least, may in the judgment of the court, be competently skilled in the language of his defence, if the same be either the English or French language.

Be it also enacted by the same authority, That the terms thereof be limited to ten days from the first day inclusive, and that the return days in the terms be such as the said court shall by rule or order fix and appoint. And if it shall so happen that offenders brought up from very remote distances of the Western Country in the district of Montreal, or the witnesses may not arrive in time for the trials, while the Court is sitting at Montreal, then the bodies of the prisoners and their causes may be carried to Quebec, and be there proceeded in, to trial, judgment and execution, as fully to all intents and purposes as the same might have been had in the said district of Montreal, and by a jury of the same, and the witnesses be as compellable to attend at Quebec as they were before to appear at Montreal, and new recognizances may be taken for that purpose accordingly.

And inasmuch as his Majesty in his great grace to the subject, has been pleased to signify it to be his royal pleasure, that appeals be admitted to himself in privy council in all cases of fines imposed for misdemeanors, provided the fines so imposed amount to, or exceed the sum of one hundred pounds sterling, the appellant first giving good security that he will effectually prosecute the same and answer the condemnation, if the sentence, by which such fine was imposed in this province, be affirmed: Be it therefore enacted by the same authority, That as often as such case may happen, the execution, and all proceedings in the nature of execution, shall be stayed, as to such fine, whenever such security shall be offered by recognizance filed for that purpose, and that whenever a doubt shall arise concerning the suffi-

1 Quebec Gazette, March 1, 1787.
ciency of the security, it shall be deemed to be valid, and stay execution, unless the governor or commander in chief for the time being, shall in twenty days from the filing of the said recognizance, certify in writing to the court his disapprobation of the security so offered, and so toties quoties, until sufficient security shall be given in manner aforesaid.

DORCHESTER.

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the twenty-seventh day of February, in the twenty-seventh year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

Anno Vicesimo Septimo Georgii III. Regis.

CHAP. II.¹

AN ORDINANCE

For better regulating the Militia of this province, and rendering it of more general utility towards the preservation and security thereof.

WHEREAS the security of the state is the first principle in every well regulated government, Be it enacted and ordained by his excellency the governor and the legislative council of this province, and by the authority of the same it is hereby enacted and ordained,

ARTICLE I.

That all persons resident within this province, as well in the towns as in the country, from the age of sixteen years to sixty, are hereby declared to be militia-men, and bound to serve in the militia of the parish or township, or seigniory wherein they reside; and from and after the day of the publication of this ordinance, every person (excepting such as are herein after excepted) refusing to serve, or neglecting, for the space of one calendar month, to get himself enrolled by the captains of militia, who are or hereafter shall be appointed by his excellency the captain-general or commander in chief for the time being, within the different parishes, or townships or seigniories, shall forfeit the sum of five pounds; and for every subsequent refusal he shall forfeit the sum of five pounds, and suffer one month's imprisonment.

ARTICLE II

That all captains of militia shall within two months after the publication of this ordinance, transmit to the colonel of militia of

¹ Quebec Gazette, April 26, 1787.
their district, or in case of his absence to the senior field officer, a roll of the number of officers and militia men fit for service in their respective companies; and also a list of infirm persons, of those above the age of sixty years, and of every other person residing within their respective precincts, notwithstanding they may not be liable to serve in the militia, together with the names of those who shall have declined getting themselves enrolled; and they shall continue to transmit such rolls and lists, stating such changes as may have happened, to their colonel of militia or senior field officer, in the course of the month of March in every year, to be by them reported to his Excellency the captain-general, or the commander in chief, for the time being.

ARTICLE III.

No militia-man belonging to any of the country parishes shall absent himself for more than a month, nor change his place of residence, without first giving notice thereof to the captain or other commanding officer of the company he belongs to, declaring to him the place to which he is going, under a penalty of forty shillings. And every person who shall go to settle or to hire himself in another parish, and shall not get enrolled by the captain or other commanding officer there, within the space of eight days, at farthest, after his arrival, mentioning the parish and company of militia to which he previously belonged, shall incur a penalty of ten shillings; and if he neglects getting himself enrolled there for the space of fifteen days after his arrival, he shall forfeit the sum of thirty shillings and suffer two months imprisonment.

ARTICLE IV.

The captains or other commanding officers shall assemble their respective companies of militia, on such day in the two first weeks of the months, between the last of May and the first of September in every year, as shall be directed from the commander in chief by the colonel, or senior field officer of the district, and in case of bad weather on the day appointed, on such other day in the same weeks of those months as the captains shall fix, in order to review their arms, make them fire at marks, and instruct them in their exercise. Such militia-men as are already armed, as well as all others who shall hereafter get arms and will not bring them to such review, those who shall be guilty of disobedience there, or who shall leave the place of rendezvous without being regularly dismissed, shall incur a penalty of five shillings for every offence.

Such militia-men as shall not attend on the days fixed for exercise (unless they are prevented by sickness, or upon good cause assigned shall have obtained leave of absence from the captain or commanding officer of the company) shall incur a penalty of ten shillings, and for every repetition of the offence he shall forfeit the sum of twenty shillings.

ARTICLE V.

Whereas circumstances may render it expedient for the security of the frontiers, that a body of well-disciplined militia should be held in readiness, It is enacted and ordained, by the same authority, That his excellency the captain-general, or in his absence the commander
in chief, may whenever he shall judge it expedient, draw out and embody detachments from such companies of militia as he in his discretion shall think proper, in an equal proportion, to march and be employed, under such officers as he shall appoint, for any space of time not exceeding two years.

ARTICLE VI.

Whenever his excellency the captain-general, or the commander in chief, shall have issued his orders to embody detachments, in the manner directed by the foregoing article, and shall have approved the distribution made by the field officer charged with that duty; the captains of militia, in obedience to the orders they may receive, shall forthwith assemble their companies, and make out a roll of the unmarried men, from the age of eighteen years to forty-five, being able-bodied, healthy, and fit for the service destined for them; and from such roll, the captain or senior officer shall command, or ballot for, if the captain-general or commander in chief should judge fit so to direct, the number required to be furnished from his company, and the men so commanded or balloted for, shall have four days to prepare themselves, at the expiration of which time they shall present themselves at the house of the captain or other commanding officer of the company, who shall cause them to be conducted to the place of rendezvous specified in the said orders. And if any militia-man thus commanded or balloted, refuses to obey, or conceals himself, in such case the captain or senior officer shall command the next upon the roll, or ballot for a person fit for the service, and so on, until the number fixed for that company is completed. If upon this occasion, or even upon any other occurrence, it should happen that there be not a sufficient number of unmarried men in a company, to furnish the quota required, in that case, the married men under the age of forty shall be commanded on the detachment or balloted for the purpose, and be obliged to march, in the same manner, as is above directed to be done by unmarried men.

And whereas the safety of the province depends much upon the due observance of this article, It is further enacted and ordained, by the same authority, That all militia-men, commanded for detachments, or balloted for that purpose, who shall not present themselves at the place of rendezvous fixed by the order, or shall desert, either before or after being assembled, shall be liable to be apprehended by any order of the captains or other commanding officers of the parishes to which they may have absconded, who are hereby authorized and enjoined to cause such militia-men to be apprehended and brought before the colonel of militia, or senior field officer, nearest at hand, who, jointly with any two field-officers, is, and are hereby likewise authorized to hear and examine them, and if they shall find them guilty, to condemn such militia-men respectively to pay a fine of ten pounds, and be imprisoned for one month. And after the expiration of such imprisonment, they shall be obliged to take the place of those serving in their stead, who shall then be discharged, and exempted from such command or balloting, until all the militia-men of the company shall have taken their turn of duty.

All those who shall have been fined and imprisoned, and who shall refuse to take up the place of those who marched for them, or
who shall repeat their desertion, shall incur a penalty of twenty pounds and three months imprisonment, by sentence of the colonel and two field officers of the district, as abovesaid.

**ARTICLE VII.**

It shall and may be lawful for any militia-man commanded or balloted for a detachment, to put another man in his place, upon condition that he himself presents his substitute, personally, to the colonel of militia of the district, who shall give him a written discharge, provided he approves of the substitute offered as being capable for the service required; in which case, it shall be considered that the militia-man has taken his turn of duty; but the substitute shall not after the time of service is over, be exempted from being commanded, or balloted for again, in his own turn, equally with the rest of his company.

**ARTICLE VIII.**

All militia-men who shall decline doing the duties required of them when serving in detachments, or shall disobey their officers while they are under their command, shall be summoned before the field officers of the detachment, who are hereby authorized to hear and adjudge the offender such punishment as the circumstances of the case may require, not extending to corporal punishment beyond imprisonment for one month.

**ARTICLE IX.**

The captains and other officers of militia are hereby authorized and required to apprehend all deserters, whether soldiers, militia-men, or seamen, all disorderly persons, vagabonds and persons sowing dissension or disturbing the public tranquility; and whoever shall harbour or lodge any persons of the above description, without giving immediate notice to the captain or some other officer of the company, shall for the first offence incur a penalty of five pounds and suffer one month's imprisonment; and in case of a repetition thereof, double the penalty, and double the time of imprisonment. For the future, all deserters who shall have been apprehended, as well as all disorderly persons, vagabonds and others of the above description, shall be brought from captain to captain, under the charge of an officer or serjeant, and a sufficient number of militia-men, who shall be ordered upon that duty by the respective captains, or commanding officers, before the colonel of militia or other field-officer nearest at hand, who shall deal with such offender as the law directs. The militia-men commanded for that duty, who are always to be married men, shall march with their firelocks and with at least four rounds of ammunition, and those who shall disobey or suffer any prisoner committed to their charge to escape thro' negligence, shall incur a penalty of twenty shillings; and if it shall be proved that the escape happened through design, they shall, besides incurring a penalty of five pounds, suffer imprisonment for one month.

**ARTICLE X.**

The captains of militia shall keep a roll of the names of all those who may be employed upon any service, and shall give the officer or
serjeant conducting the detachment, a duplicate of it, to which shall be added the names of those who may have missed their turn, and explaining therein the cause of it, whether on account of absence, sickness, or for any and what other reason. And as one of the surest means for preventing abuses, the field-officers who are charged with any particular duties shall keep a registry book, in which shall be inserted the names and surnames of every militia-man employed in the detachment, and the parishes to which they belong.

All captains and other officers of militia who shall be convicted before the colonel and any two field-officers of having acted with partiality, by exempting any persons, without being authorized so to do, or of having misused their authority, from pique or resentment, shall incur a penalty of five pounds, their commissions shall be annulled, and they shall be constrained to serve as common militiamen.

ARTICLE XI.

Whereas it may happen among the number of militia-men serving on detachments, that some of them may have lands in cultivation which might suffer in their absence, It is therefore ordained and enacted by the same authority, That the captains or commanding officers of parishes, when such cases happen, are hereby authorized to command and order all persons settled within their precincts, to do or cause to be done by corvée, under the direction of an officer or serjeant, the husbandry of such militia-men who are absent upon detachments, that is to say, to plough and sow their arable land, make and uphold their fences and ditches, house their crop of hay and corn, and to keep in a tenantable condition their buildings. And if it should happen that any of the said militia-men employed on detachments should have left their families without one person in each house, capable of doing the ordinary household business, the parishes shall in like manner be obliged to provide for them, as is before directed for the tillage of their land. And whosoever shall neglect or refuse to act and to obey, in those services, or to find a man in his place who is capable of doing the work assigned, shall incur a penalty of twenty shillings for every neglect or refusal.

The captains or other officers commanding companies, who shall be convicted of having neglected to cause the different business of such militia-men to be done with due precaution, and at a proper season, shall incur a penalty of fifty shillings and be deprived of their commissions.

ARTICLE XII.

In all cases where the mode of prosecution for the fines and penalties inflicted by this ordinance has not been particularly directed, it is hereby declared that wherever a fine or penalty imposed shall not exceed the sum of forty shillings, any one field officer of the militia of the district where the offence shall have been committed; and where it shall exceed that sum, and the offender be liable to be imprisoned, or that the breaking of an officer is in question, the colonel, with two field officers, or any three field officers of the district where the offence shall have been committed, is, and are hereby authorized upon an information brought before him or them, to take cognizance of, and summarily to hear all offences done in contraven-
tion of this ordinance, and to inflict the penalties thereof; to be recovered by warrant under his or their hands and seals, and to render the monies so to be levied into the hands of the colonel of the district, who is to be accountable for the same. Subject nevertheless, in cases where the penalties shall amount to, or exceed ten pounds, and where there shall be a condemnation to more than one month’s imprisonment, or the breaking of an officer, to an appeal before the captain general, or in his absence to the commander in chief, who is hereby authorized to hear and determine the same definitely.

**ARTICLE XIII.**

The colonels of militia, as well as the field officers of the different districts, shall always have an open register, containing therein the names of those who shall have been fined and punished, naming the parish to which they belong, mentioning the dates, and the sums which they shall have paid, the space of time they shall have been kept in prison, the causes for which they shall have been condemned, and at whose instance; together with the names of the field officers who shall have been present on each occasion.

**ARTICLE XIV.**

The members of his majesty’s council, the judges, the commissioners or justices of the peace, the seigneurs or seigneurs primitifs, the noblesse, officers on half-pay, the religious communities, and the clergy in general, are exempted from serving in the militia, and may each of them have one man servant who shall likewise be exempted; clerks of courts, advocates, attorneys, notaries, physicians, surgeons and apothecaries duly authorized to act as such, custom-house officers, the students of the seminary or college at Quebec and Montreal, school-masters duly authorized, one master of a post-house, and one assistant to him in each parish, are also exempted from serving in the militia. Millers and one beadle in each parish are likewise exempted from the same services. Captains of militia, the sisters of the congregation, and millers shall have one man servant, and masters of post-houses shall have two men servants exempted. Captains of militia who have honourably retired from the service shall, with one man servant, be exempted from serving in the militia, and the widows of captains of militia, during their widowhood shall enjoy the same privileges; as likewise all others whom the captain general or commander in chief shall specially exempt, under his hand and seal; together with all such persons as are under or above the age prescribed in this ordinance, the settlement of which question, as well as of every other relative to the age of persons as mentioned herein, is hereby left to the captain of the company in the parish to which he belongs.

**ARTICLE XV.**

*And be it further enacted by the same authority,* That the several fines and forfeitures afore-mentioned, which are hereby granted and reserved to his majesty, his heirs and successors, for the public uses of this province, and the support of the government thereof, may be
applied in the whole, or a proportion thereof, in such manner as the governor, or commander in chief of the province, for the time being, shall conceive to be most conducive to the services by this ordinance intended to be promoted and executed. And that the same, and the expenditures thereof shall be accounted for to his majesty, his heirs and successors, or to the commissioners of his majesty's treasury for the time being, and audited by his majesty's auditor general for the plantations, or his deputy.

DORCHESTER.

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the twenty-third day of April, in the twenty-seventh year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

By his Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C

Anno Vicesimo Septimo GEORGII III. Regis.

AN ORDINANCE

CHAP. III.

For quartering the troops upon certain occasions, in the country parishes, and providing for the conveyance of effects belonging to government.

Experience having demonstrated that, on account of the local position of this province, it is indispensably necessary, upon certain occasions, to quarter the troops at the houses of the country inhabitants; and that, for the same reason, it is impossible to convey, at all times, the ammunition, provisions, and other effects of government, to the different stores or magazines, without the assistance of the inhabitants. It is enacted and ordained by his excellency the governor, and the legislative council,

ARTICLE I.

That all house-holders, in the country parishes, who shall not be particularly exempted by this ordinance, shall be obliged to lodge troops, furnish carriages, and serve as batteaux-men, whenever they shall be thereunto required by the captains of militia, in the manner herein after mentioned, that is to say.

Whenever the troops or militia are upon a march, the commanding officer of the battalion, or detachment, shall present to the captains of militia, or other senior officers of the parishes, the order he may have had on the part of the captain general or commander in chief, and where, upon extraordinary cases, an order could not be procured, he shall make a requisition in writing, to the said captains or other senior officers; who thereupon, without loss of time, shall so billet the troops, as to facilitate their march, and in the manner the

Quebec Gazette, April 26, 1787.
most commodious to the inhabitants. The commanding officer of
the battalion or detachment, is authorized, upon the march, to require
from the captains of militia two carriages for his own use, two for
the field officers, and four for every fifty men: the carriages shall be
relieved, in succession from parish to parish, unless it shall be
expressed in the order that they are to accompany the troops to
the end of their day's march; and the said captains or senior officers
are hereby authorized to command, in their respective parishes, a
supply of such carriages. Whosoever shall neglect or refuse to lodge
troops or furnish carriages as herein before is expressed, shall forfeit
the sum of twenty shillings; and for a second offence, as well as for
every subsequent offence, such person shall forfeit the sum of five
pounds, or suffer imprisonment for any space of time not exceeding
fifteen days.

ARTICLE II.

When the troops or militia are obliged to be cantoned in the
winter, in the country parishes, the field officer ordered upon that
duty by the captain general, or commander in chief, shall apportion
the number to be quartered in each parish, and send his orders
accordingly to the captains of militia, who shall regulate the quarters,
both for the officers and soldiers, discreetly avoiding to incommode
the inhabitants in their houses, but taking due care to accommodate
the troops. The quarters being once established, the captain is to
make a report thereof, and they are not to be changed without his
acquiescence. Two soldiers only are to be lodged in each house, and
one only in the houses of the poorest inhabitants. The inhabitants
shall furnish them with a straw bed, coverlets or blankets, and a pair
of sheets to be changed once in every month, with room at their fire
and by their lights, and with permission to cook their victuals.

The officers shall be provided with a room or appartment, such as
it may happen to be, but it shall not be that of the inhabitant himself,
with a table, three chairs, and a bed for a servant, such as for a
soldier; they shall have the use of the fire-place of the inhabitant, as
well for warming, as having their victuals dressed by it; and if they
should chuse to have a fire in their own appartment, all the inhabi-
tants of the parish, according to an apportionment to be made by the
captain of militia or senior officer, shall be obliged to furnish fire-
wood, according to the rank of the officers agreeable to such regula-
tions as the captain general, or commander in chief of the province
shall make. The captains or senior officers of militia, shall likewise
provide quarters for the guard, taking care that the situation be the
most advantageous to the troops, and this guard is to be furnished
with firewood in the same manner as it is directed to be done for the
officers.

If the commanding officers of regiments or detachments in
cantonments should have occasion for carriages for the service, they
shall make their requisition in writing to the captains of militia,
specifying the service; who shall issue their orders for the purpose.

Every person who shall disobey any of the clauses contained in
this article (not being exempted therefrom by this ordinance) shall
be fined ten shillings for the first offence, and twenty for every
subsequent offence.
ARTICLE III.

If the troops should be guilty of any disorderly behaviour, either upon the march, or when in cantonments, the person injured, shall without delay make his complaint, supported by proof, to the captain of militia or the senior officer of the company to which he belongs, who shall forthwith conduct him before the officer commanding the troops in that parish. If such officer shall decline doing him justice, the complaint shall be laid before the commanding officer of the next principal post; and if satisfaction should not there be obtained, the complaint shall be carried to the colonel of the district, or senior field officer, who shall lay the same before the captain general, or commander in chief for his decision thereof.

ARTICLE IV.

It is further enacted and ordained, That all the country inhabitants and householders, who are not exempted by this ordinance, shall furnish carriages, and serve as battoe-men, every one in his turn of duty, in the manner herein after mentioned, whenever they shall be required so to do by their captains of militia, in consequence of the orders of government. The carters living in the towns and suburbs shall be obliged to furnish carriages in their turn.

In all cases where the government shall be under the necessity of procuring carts, sledges, or other carriages for conveying provisions, ammunition, baggage or other effects, agreeably to the orders of the captain general or commander in chief, the commissary of the district, directing that service, shall transmit his orders, mentioning the place of rendezvous, to the captains of militia, who will respectively command the number required: the loading upon each carriage shall in no case exceed six hundred weight according to the state of the roads, and shall be carried from parish to parish, unless the captain-general or commander in chief, judging it necessary for the good of the service, shall give order that they be employed for the whole day, or longer, if the case should require it.

When the conveyance is to be made by water, the battoe-men shall have two days, from the time they are commanded, to prepare themselves for the service; at the expiration of which time they shall present themselves at the dwelling-house of their respective captains, who will cause them to be conducted by an officer or serjeant to the place described in the order.

All persons who shall neglect or refuse to furnish carriages, or to march upon the battoe service, according to the directions mentioned in this article, as well as those who shall desert or quit the service without being duly discharged, shall incur a penalty of forty shillings, and for a second, and every subsequent offence, shall pay a fine of five pounds and suffer one month’s imprisonment.

And all persons employed in such transport service, either by land or by water, who shall disobey those employed to conduct them, shall pay a fine of ten shillings, and for a repetition of the offence, shall suffer eight days imprisonment.

ARTICLE V.

The captains of militia, or senior officers shall regularly send to the commissary of the district, having the direction of the transport service, a roll of the brigade or party, by the officer or serjeant con-
ducing the same, mentioning therein the names of those who shall have missed their turn, and specifying the cause, whether on account of absence, sickness, or for what other reason. And in order to prevent abuses, the commissaries, directing the transport service, shall respectively keep a register, in which they shall enter the names and surnames of the persons employed, and the parishes to which they belong.

All captains and other officers of militia who shall be convicted of having acted with partiality, in having exempted any persons without being fully authorized so to do, or having commanded others out of their turn of duty, or who shall misuse, in any manner, the authority delegated to them, shall pay a fine of forty shillings, and for a second offence may be condemned to pay five pounds.

ARTICLE VI.

In cases where the fines imposed in virtue of this ordinance shall not exceed the sum of ten shillings, any one commissioner or justice of the peace, and in cases exceeding that sum, and where imprisonment is to be inflicted, any three commissioners or justices of the peace, is, and are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine, summarily, all offences committed against the same, to inflict the punishments and to levy the penalties, together with the amount of the travelling and other expenses of the person prosecuting, by order of seizure under his or their hands and seals, and to pay the monies proceeding therefrom into the hands of the receiver-general of the province, for the use of his majesty. Whosoever shall think himself aggrieved by any determination or decision of the said commissioners or justices of the peace, imposing a fine exceeding forty shillings, or a punishment of imprisonment for more than eight days, may appeal to the governor and council of this province, of which council, any five members (the commissioners or justices of the peace who shall have given such determination or decision excepted) with the governor, lieutenant-governor, or chief justice, shall constitute a court of appeal for the purpose of hearing and finally determining the same.

ARTICLE VII.

The members of his majesty’s council, the judges, the commissioners or justices of the peace, the seigniors who are seigneurs primitifs, the noblesse, officers upon half pay, the religious communities, the seminary and college of Quebec and Montreal, the clergy in general, the captains of militia in commission as well as those who shall have honourably retired from the service, are exempted from quartering troops, furnishing carriages, and marching upon the battoe service, and may respectively have one servant exempted likewise.

Masters of post-houses with two servants each; the sisters of the congregation with one servant; the subaltern officers and sergeants of militia are also exempted from lodging troops, and from all transport service.

Notaries, physicians, surgeons, and apothecaries who are duly authorized to act as such; schoolmasters duly authorized; one assistant post-master, and one beadle in each parish; and millers with one servant are exempted from all transport service.
The widows of captains of militia, during their widowhood, shall enjoy the same exemptions as captains, and all others whom the captain-general or commander in chief shall specially exempt under his hand and seal.

**ARTICLE VIII.**

*And be it further enacted by the same authority,* That the several fines and forfeitures afore-mentioned, which are hereby granted and reserved to his majesty, his heirs and successors, for the public uses of this province, and the support of the government thereof, may be applied, in the whole, or a proportion thereof, in such manner as the governor or the commander in chief of the province, for the time being, shall conceive to be most conducive to the services by this ordinance intended to be promoted and executed. And that the same, and the expenditures thereof, shall be accounted for to his majesty, his heirs and successors, or to the commissioners of his majesty's treasury, for the time being, and audited by his majesty's auditor-general for the plantations, or his deputy.

**ARTICLE IX.**

Whereas the conveniency and good government of the troops and militia, on their march and in quarters, as well as the conveyance of effects belonging to government, may require provisions to be made which may have been omitted in this ordinance, *It is therefore further enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid,* that the governor or commander in chief for the time being may, and he is hereby authorized to make such other and further regulations for that purpose, as experience may point out to be expedient and fit. *Provided nevertheless,* that the disobedience to, or neglect of such regulations shall not in any case subject the offender to a greater punishment than a fine of forty shillings, to be levied and disposed of as herein before directed.

**DORCHESTER.**

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the twenty-third day of April, in the twenty-seventh year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

By his Excellency's Command,

J: WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
Anno Vicesimo Septimo Georgii III. Regis.

CHAP. IV. ¹

AN ORDINANCE

To continue in force for a limited time, an ordinance made in the twenty-fifth year of his majesty's reign, intituled, "An ordinance "to regulate the proceedings in the courts of civil judicature, "and to establish trials by juries in actions of a commercial "nature, and personal wrongs to be compensated in damages," with such additional regulations as are expedient and necessary.

Be it enacted and ordained by his excellency the governor and the legislative council, and by the authority of the same, it is hereby enacted and ordained, That an ordinance made and passed the twenty-fifth day of April in the twenty-fifth year of his majesty's reign, intituled, "An ordinance to regulate the proceedings in the courts of "civil judicature, and to establish trials by juries in actions of a "commercial nature, and personal wrongs to be compensated in "damages," and every clause and article therein contained, be continued, and the same is hereby continued from the expiration thereof to the end of the sessions of the legislative council which will be held in the year of our lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine.

And whereas additional regulations are at this time found to be expedient and useful, Be it further enacted, by the same authority, That in every instance where the fact is not verified by a verdict of the jury, but by other proof, or the testimony of witnesses, the same shall be inserted in the record of the cause, that in case of appeal, the whole proceedings may go up to be adjudged in the superior tribunal, as regularly, and as fully as the same was before the court of common-pleas.

And wherever the opinion or judgment of the said court of common-pleas is pronounced upon any law, usage, or custom of the province, the same shall in like manner be stated upon the minutes or record of the court, and referred to, and ascertained, that the real ground of the opinion or judgment may also appear to the court of appeals; and upon all opinions conceived by any party to be to his injury, he shall be allowed his exception to be preserved in the minutes, all which proceedings shall be transmitted under the signatures of the judges or any two of them, and the seal of the court, that all his majesty's subjects, and especially his Canadian subjects, by these means may be protected in the enjoyment of all the benefits secured to them for their property and civil rights, by the statute passed in the fourteenth year of his majesty's reign, intituled, "An act for making more effectual provision for the government of "the province of Quebec in North-America," and by the ordinance above mentioned.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that in all cases adjudged in the provincial court of appeals where the same may be appeal'd to his majesty in his privy council, and where their opinion or judgment is pronounced on any law, custom, or usage of the province, the same shall in like manner and for the same reason as herein before mentioned, be stated upon the record, or refer'd to and ascertained.

¹ Quebec Gazette, May 3, 1787.
And in all causes of which the common-pleas have cognizance above ten pounds sterling, the same shall be proceeded in, heard and determined only in regular terms, consisting of the first fifteen days, (Sundays and holy-days excepted) in the months of January and July, and the last fifteen days of March and September yearly: the first return days whereof, shall always be the first day of the term, and the rest of the return days, and the general rules of practice, such as the respective judges of the common-pleas shall fix in a formulary.

And to take away all doubts and scruples with respect to the right of appeal in any cause before the said courts of common-pleas, Be it enacted and declared by the same authority, that the court of appeals shall be deemed and adjudged to have an appellate jurisdiction, with all the power necessarily annexed to such jurisdiction, and that it shall henceforth belong to the provincial court of appeals to determine the question when security shall be requisite, and the sufficiency thereof, and the admission, dismissal or remission of appeals, and the supply of the defects of the record, and of the effect of the appeal as a supersedeas of all or any proceedings in the lower courts, for the stay of execution on the judgment of the same, or any process of the nature of execution, with authority also to make rules and orders to regulate, effectuate and accelerate the proceedings in all causes of appeal for the advancement of justice, and to prevent unnecessary delays and expense in the same.

And where appeals are brought by executors, administrators, curators, tutors or guardians, the plaintiff shall not have execution, nor any process in the nature of execution, without such security first given as the court of common pleas in their discretion shall direct, to refund the damages and costs in case the judgment shall be reversed, together with such costs as the court of appeal may award.

And for the more convenient dispensation of justice in small causes, It is enacted and ordained by the same authority, That it shall and may be lawful for his excellency the governor or the commander in chief of the province, for the time being, by and with the advice and consent of his majesty's council, to appoint by commission, such and so many persons as he shall judge fit, and for such parts of the province as he shall think proper, to hear summarily and to determine finally, without appeal, all matters of debt of ten pounds or under. And it shall likewise be lawful for his excellency the governor, or the commander in chief, for the time being, by and with the advice and consent of his majesty's council, to regulate the fees to be taken by the persons so commission'd, and by their subordinate officers, and to direct a mode of proceeding for them; whereof and the extent of their jurisdiction respectively, a notification shall be published in the Quebec Gazette for the information of all persons whom it may concern.

Whereas there are many thousands of loyalists and others settled in the upper countries above Montreal, and in the bays of Gaspy and Chaleurs below Quebec, whose ease and convenience may require, that additional districts should be erected as soon as circumstances will permit, It is enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, that it may be lawful for the governor or commander in chief for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, to form by patent under the seal of the province, one or more new districts, as his discretion shall direct, and to give commission to such officer or
officers therein as may be necessary or conducive to the case and convenience of his majesty's subjects residing in the remote parts of the province.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no process of attachment, except in the case of the dernier equippeur according to the usage of the country, shall hereafter be issued for attaching the estate, debts and effects of what nature soever, of any person or persons whomsoever, whether in the hands of the owner, the debtor or of a third person, prior to trial and judgment, except there be due proof on oath (to be indorsed on the writ of attachment) to the satisfaction of one of the judges of the court issuing the same, that the defendant or proprietor of the said debts and effects is indebted to the plaintiff in a sum exceeding ten pounds, and is about to secrete the same, or doth abscond, or doth suddenly intend to depart from the province with an intent to defraud his creditor or creditors, and that the defendant is then indebted to the plaintiff and he doth verily believe that he shall lose his debt or sustain damage without the benefit of such attachment.

Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to the prejudice of the rights of land-lords in their legal course for the recovery of rents, according to any former mode of proceeding by any law, usage, or custom whatsoever. And provided also, That whenever the defendant or debtor shall either pay the debt and costs, or give security to the sheriff or officer for the goods so attached, as in cases of bail on personal arrests subject to justification in court to answer the value of the goods, and abide the judgment of the court, the same shall be forthwith restored; and for that purpose, the defendant or debtor shall be allowed forty-eight hours, after which period if the debt and costs be not paid, nor security given, the goods so seized shall remain attached and held by the sheriff or officer to answer the judgment of law.

Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the additional regulations hereby enacted, shall be in force until the end of the sessions that shall be held in the year of our lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine, or as long as the ordinance hereby renewed; and that the ordinance passed in the twenty-fifth year of the reign of his present majesty, intituled, “An ordinance for granting a limited civil power and jurisdiction to his majesty's justices of the peace, in the remote parts of this province,” be no longer in force than until such small jurisdictions as by this act are authorized, shall be actually erected.

DORCHESTER.

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-seventh year of the reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

By his Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
Anno Vicesimo Septimo Georghi III. Regis.

CHAP. V.¹

An ORDINANCE,

Further to continue an ordinance intitled, "An ordinance to empower the commissioners of the peace to regulate the police of the towns of Quebec and Montreal, for a limited time."

BE it enacted by his excellency the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council, and it is hereby enacted, That the powers and authorities granted to the commissioners to regulate the police of the towns of Quebec and Montreal, for a limited time, be continued, and that the said ordinance shall continue in force to the end of the sessions of the legislative council which will be held in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine.

DORCHESTER.

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-seventh year of the reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

By his Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

Anno Vicesimo Septimo Georghi III. Regis.

CHAP. VI.²

An ORDINANCE,

To explain and amend an ordinance for establishing courts of criminal jurisdiction in the province of Quebec.

WHEREAS it is expedient, that public officers should be established in the several parishes of this province under the denomination of peace officers, It is enacted and ordained by his excellency the governor and the legislative council, that all and every the captains, and other officers of militia in the said several parishes of this province, duly commissioned by his excellency the governor, or the commander in chief for the time being, and likewise the serjeants named and appointed by the said captains, and other officers in the respective parishes be, and they are hereby declared to be public and peace officers within their respective parishes, and authorized and enjoined to do and exercise all and singular the duties and services of public and peace officers, within their respective parishes according to law.

¹ Quebec Gazette, May 3, 1787.
² Quebec Gazette, May 3, 1787.
And be it further enacted by the same authority, That it shall be lawful for the commissioners or justices of the peace, assembled in quarter sessions, or by a majority of the same, and they are hereby required as soon as conveniently may be, to name and appoint such and so many persons as they may think sufficient, within the towns and banlieues of Quebec and Montreal, for carrying into execution the orders and decrees of the several courts, and to preserve the public peace therein; every of which persons so appointed shall faithfully perform the duties of the offices, for which he may be so appointed for the space of one year; previous to the expiration whereof, it shall be the duty of the said commissioners or justices of the peace, annually to appoint others to serve in their stead; and to increase or diminish the number first appointed, as to them shall appear to be most for the public weal and safety; and that no such appointment shall be valid in Quebec or Montreal, and their banlieues respectively, in the case of a civil or military officer, or any person in priests orders, or in the profession or practice of physic or surgery, or any miller, ferryman, schoolmaster or student of any college or seminary, or any person not of full age. And for neglecting or refusing to perform the said office or offices there shall be the forfeiture of twenty pounds, to be recovered in any court of record, with costs of suit, by bill, plaint or information, in which no esseign, wager of law, or any more than one imparlance, shall be allowed.

DORCHESTER.

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-seventh year of the reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

By his Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

Anno Vicesimo Septimo George III. Regis.

CHAP. VII.

An ACT or ORDINANCE.

Further to continue for a limited time, the ordinance for the regulation and establishment of fees.

BE it enacted and ordained by his excellency the governor and legislative council, and by the authority of the same it is enacted and ordained, That an ordinance made in the twentieth year of his majesty's reign, intituled, "An ordinance for the regulation and "establishment of fees," be continued from the expiration thereof to the end of the sessions of the legislative council which will be held in the year of our lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight.

DORCHESTER.

1 Quebec Gazette, May 10, 1787.
Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-seventh year of the reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

By his Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

Anno Vicesimo Septimo Georgii III. Regis.

CHAP VIII.

AN ACT OR ORDINANCE,

For the importation of tobacco, pot and pearl ashes, into this province, by the inland communication by Lake Champlain and Sorel.

Be it enacted by his excellency the governor and the legislative council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the trade and intercourse between this province and the neighbouring states or any of them, by the route aforesaid, for the importation of leaf tobacco, pot and pearl ashes, shall be free, if the same be of the growth and produce of any of the said states, and bona fide for the re-exportation of the same from this province to Great-Britain. And no tobacco shall be so as aforesaid imported otherwise than in hogsheads, casks, chests, or cases, each hogshead, cask, chest, or case whereof shall contain four hundred and fifty pounds weight net of tobacco at the least, not packed in bags or in any other packages within such hogshead, cask, chest or case, nor separated or divided within such hogshead, cask, chest or case, respectively, by any package or otherwise howsoever, upon forfeiture of all such tobacco, as shall be so imported contrary to this act, together with the hogsheads, casks, chests, cases, or other packages containing the same.

Provided always and be it further enacted, That nothing in this act shall extend or be construed to extend to forfeit any tobacco imported or brought in loose by the communication aforesaid by water or by land for the use of the person or persons employed in bringing in the same, or any passenger in the boat or carriage, not exceeding two pounds weight for each person or passenger.

And the regulations aforesaid requiring due entry of such tobacco, pot and pearl ashes, at the custom-house at St. John's on the said communication, Be it also enacted by the same authority, That all boats, carriages, and conveyances, shall be subject to visitation by the officers of the customs or either of them at St. John's aforesaid, and bond given for the re-exportation of such tobacco, pot and pearl ashes, to be void upon proof thereof by certificate or otherwise, and that no higher fee shall be exacted for such entry and bond, and the office expedition of the lading aforesaid respectively, than the sum of a

1 Quebec Gazette, May 16, 1787.
Spanish milled dollar for the cargo of a boat of the burthen of fifteen tons, and the half of such dollar for any smaller vessel or other conveyance. And in the case of such lading by a raft the fee of two shillings and nine pence on the entry of every separate importer.

All which forfeitures shall be recoverable, and divided in the manner directed by the statutes regulating the forfeitures under the statute regulating the importation of any spirits or other articles by the port of St. John's aforesaid.

And to the intent that if it shall be found by experience that the provisions of this act work any inconvenience to the public interests, the same shall cease and be void on proclamation to be issued by the governor or commander in chief, with the advice of the council, under the great seal of the province, declaring the same.

DORCHESTER.

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-seventh year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland. king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

By his Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

Anno Vicesimo Septimo GEORGH III. Regis.

CHAP. IX.1

AN ORDINANCE,

To explain and amend an ordinance, intituled, "An ordinance for repairing and amending the public highways and bridges in the province of Quebec."

WHEREAS by an ordinance made and passed the twenty-ninth day of March, which was in the year of our lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven, and in the seventeenth year of his majesty's reign, intituled, "An ordinance for repairing and amending the public highways and bridges in the province of Quebec," reference in certain cases, is directed to be had by the 5th, 6th, 11th and 13th articles thereof, to the governor and council for the purposes therein mentioned, It is hereby enacted and ordained by his excellency the governor and legislative council, That all the cases which by the said 5th, 6th, 11th and 13th articles of the said ordinance are referred to the decision and direction of the governor and council, are hereby extended and referred, in the absence of the governor in chief, to the decision and direction of the lieutenant governor, or in his absence of the eldest counsellor, other than the chief justice, and the council.

1 Quebec Gazette, May 10, 1787.
Provided, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to the changing or altering any other part of the said recited ordinance in any manner whatsoever.

DORCHESTER.

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-seventh year of the reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

By his Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

Anno Vicesimo Septimo GEORGIUS III. Regis.

CHAP. X.¹

AN ORDINANCE.

Further to continue and to amend an ordinance made on the ninth day of March, in the twentieth year of his majesty's reign, intituled, "An ordinance for regulating all such persons as keep horses and carriages to let and hire for the accommodation of travellers, commonly called and known by the name of maitres de poste."

BE it enacted and ordained by his excellency the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council, and it is hereby enacted and ordained, That an ordinance passed in the twentieth year of his majesty's reign, intituled, "An ordinance for regulating all such persons as keep horses and carriages to let and hire for the accommodation of travellers, commonly called and known by the name of maitres de poste," and every article and clause therein shall continue from the passing of this present ordinance unto the end of the sessions of the legislative council which will be held in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine.

And be it further enacted by the same authority, that nothing in the said ordinance hereby continued shall be construed to oblige any maitre de poste, or assistant, known by the name of aide de poste, to furnish horses to any person brought to his stage but by post-horses or by horses belonging to the traveller who may demand a relay.

DORCHESTER.

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis in the city of Quebec,

¹ Quebec Gazette, May 10, 1787.
An ordinance, To amend an ordinance, intituled, "An ordinance concerning advocates, attorneys, solicitors, and notaries, and for the more easy collection of his majesty's revenues."

WHEREAS among the other qualifications required to introduce persons into the profession of the law, or to the business of a notary, according to the said ordinance passed in the twenty-fifth year of his majesty's reign, it was made necessary that the clerkship served for the same should have been under written contract, without any reasonable provision for the cases of such as then had been already engaged in the course of qualifying themselves, tho' not under written contracts, yet agreeably to the usage in this province, previous to the passing of the said ordinance; Be it therefore enacted by his excellency the governor and the legislative council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the not having served under written contracts shall be no objection to the introduction of any such person into the respective professions or employments aforesaid, who shall be in other respects qualified, according to the said ordinance, or in the judgment of the persons directed to examine them by the said ordinance, which shall nevertheless be construed to extend to all others, whose clerkships commenced posterior to the enacting of the same.

DORCHESTER.

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-seventh year of the reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

By his Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
Anno Vicesimo Septimo Georgii III. Regis.

CHAP. XII.¹

AN ACT OR ORDINANCE

For the erection of court houses and prisons for the security of creditors and the safe custody of criminals.

WHEREAS no competent provision has been made for court houses or public halls for the convenient administration of justice in the several districts of Quebec and Montreal, nor for suitable prisons for the detention of debtors, and the safe custody of malefactors or offenders.

And whereas by the statute intituled, "An act for making more effectual provision for the government of the province of Quebec in "North-America," authority is given to the legislature of the province to make regulations under certain restrictions for its welfare and good government and to lay rates and taxes for making roads, erecting and repairing public buildings, or for any other purpose respecting the local convenience and economy of any town or district within the said province; and the request of the last grand jury of Montreal, in the conclusion of their presentment praying the interposition of the legislature for a suitable remedy to be provided by a law for that purpose.

Be it therefore enacted by his excellency the governor and with the advice and consent of the legislative council, That an assessment be levied on the inhabitants of the districts of Quebec and Montreal, for the purpose of building proper court-houses and goals in the following manner, that is to say, that Gabriel Elzear Taschereau, Thomas Scott, Antoine Juchereau Duchesnay, Malcolm Fraser, John Coffin, Nicholas Boisseau, Joseph Brassard Deschenaux, Jean Baptiste Couillard, Ignace Aubert de Gaspé, and Pierre Louis Brassard Deschenaux, Esquires, and Messieurs James Johnston, Adam Lymburner, Robert Lester, Jacques Perrault, Michel Riverin and Charles Riverin, be commissioners for the town and district of Quebec; and Paul Marganne La Valtric, Chartier de Lotbiniere, Joseph Marie de Tomancour, François Claude la Perriére, Joseph Montarville La Bruere, James McGill, St. George Dupré, Montigny the elder, Jacob Jordan, Pierre Guy, and Simon Sanguinet, Esquires, and Messieurs François Maillot, Jean Baptiste Badan, John Lilly, Joseph La Croix, and Robert Crookshanks, be commissioners for the town and district of Montreal: and they or any five or more of them in each district, are hereby required and authorized to deliberate upon the subject of building a proper court-house and goal in the towns of Quebec and Montreal; the plan and estimate of the expense thereof shall be laid before the governor or commander in chief for the time being, and when approved by the governor, and any five of his majesty's council, the said commissioners, or any five of them, may and shall proceed to contract for the ground or site, and the erection of the work; and for defraying the expense thereof, they are hereby in pursuance of the statute abovementioned, authorized to

¹ Quebec Gazette, May 10, 1787.
assess the proprietors of houses in the towns of Quebec and Montreal and banlieues thereof, in proportion to the rates at which the said houses are rented; and in cases where the proprietors occupy the houses themselves, in proportion to the rates at which the said commissioners shall estimate that such houses would be rented.

And be it further enacted by the same authority, That the parishes be taxed from the number of landholders in each parish taken from the curé's tythe-life and the livres terriers of the seigniors, who are hereby required to produce the same to the said commissioners, who are hereby directed and authorized to require the inhabitants of each parish, at a meeting assembled for that purpose, to elect assessors or syndics, upon oath, to make such assessment as shall be directed in proportion to the cleared land, arable or pasture, of the respective possessors, and all other proprietors of lands or other fixed residents or citizens of the towns or province, within the limits herein after mentioned, in proportion to their respective faculties and abilities, in the judgment and estimation of the commissioners aforesaid, or any five of them; except the convenants of women and the order of recollets.

The said assessment in the district of Montreal to extend from the river Saint Maurice on the north, and the river Godefroy on the south of the Saint Lawrence, to the Long-Sault on the Ottawa River and the west line of New-Longueuil and Beauharnois; and in the district of Quebec from Cape Cat and the Saguinay, to the said rivers Saint Maurice and Godefroy.

Which assessment if approved by his excellency the governor and council as above, the said commissioners, or any five of them, are authorized to issue warrants to levy the same, and if necessary by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the defaulter, with the necessary charges of executing the same, returning to the proprietors the overplus, if any there be; and of the tax lists and sums so to be levied and the expenditures thereof, and also the vouchers for the same, the said commissioners shall render full and just accounts, upon oath, filing the same accounts and vouchers with the clerk of the council, who shall lay the same before the legislative council at their next ensuing sessions. And the said commissioners are hereby enabled to include in the said assessments the reasonable allowances to be made to such treasurer, clerks and collectors to be by them necessarily employed in the business aforesaid. And when the courthouse and goal shall be complete the sheriff of the district shall take the charge thereof, and preserve the same for the public uses for which they were constructed. And it is further ordained and enacted, That the commissioners abovementioned shall make oath that to the best of their skill and knowledge they will execute the trust reposed in them as commissioners for assessing the rates to be paid for the building of court-houses and prisons with fidelity and impartiality.

And be it also enacted by the same authority, That no suit shall be commenced against any person acting under the authority of this act after six months from the time of committing the fact for which the same suit is brought; and if the defendant shall prevail in any action brought against him for any matter authorized by this act, the plaintiff shall pay treble costs to be taxed, and the defendant may plead the general issue for his defence, and give this act in evidence,
and the said act shall for that purpose be deemed in all courts to be a public act.

Provided always and be it enacted by the same authority, That this act nor any clause therein contained, shall be of force, until his majesty shall have signified his royal pleasure concerning the same.

DORCHESTER.

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the public seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-seventh year of the reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

By his Excellency’s Command.

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
Anno Vicesimo Octavo Georgii III. Regis.

CHAP I.¹

AN ACT OR ORDINANCE.

Further to regulate the inland Commerce of this Province, and to extend the same.

WHEREAS a commercial intercourse with the neighbouring states, to a certain extent, was opened in the course of the last year, and it is conceived that it may, under due restrictions, be made useful to this province and to Great-Britain.

Be it enacted therefore by his Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That all goods, wares, and merchandises (Beaver, Peltries and Furs excepted) of the growth and manufacture or product of this province, or of any other the dominions of Great-Britain, and such as may lawfully be imported into this province by sea, may be exported therefrom by land or inland navigation, to any of the neighbouring states, free from duty, impost or restraint. And there shall be the like freedom of importation from the said states into this province, if the same be made by the route or communication of Lake Champlain and the River Sorel or Richelieu, and not otherwise, of the following enumerated articles, that is to say, Masts, Yards, Bow-sprits, Spars, Plank, Boards, Knees, Futtocks, or any kind of ship-timber; Hoops, Staves, Shingles, Clapboards, Trees, Wood, Lumber, Pitch, Tar, Turpentine, Tallow, Hemp, Flax, and any kind of naval stores; Seeds, Wheat, Rye, Indian Corn, Beans, Peas, Potatoes, Rice, Oats, Barley, and all other grains; Butter, Cheese, Honey, Horses, Neat-cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Poultry, and other live-stock, and live provisions, and fresh fish: and whatsoever is of the growth of the said states; and Gold or Silver Coin or Bullion.

And be it further enacted by the same authority, That the importation by land or the inland navigation into this province, of Rum, Spirits, Copper-coin, and of all other goods, wares and merchandises not enumerated as aforesaid, be prohibited, and such articles seized and forfeited, together with every of the enumerated articles aforesaid, if the same shall not have been imported by the Route and communication aforesaid.

And be it also enacted by the same authority, That the Exportation of Beaver, Peltries and Furs into any of the neighbouring states be prohibited, and that the same shall be liable to seizure and forfeiture upon due proof of their being in the way towards either of the said states, with intent to be exported to the same by Land or Water; and it shall be conclusive Evidence of such Intent, if any person be found in the way to either of the said states, in any place between the South-side of the River St. Lawrence, and the Southernmost extent of his Majesty’s Government; with Beaver, Furs or Peltries, and without a certificate from one of his Majesty’s Justices of the Peace, certifying that oath has been made before him by the Owner or Proprietor, or his Factor or Agent, that the same Beaver, Peltries, and Furs are not intended for such exportation; and every person aiding and assisting, and directly or indirectly interested or

¹ Quebec Gazette, 17th April, 1788.
concerned in any attempt to make such Exportation, shall incur a
fine of ten shillings for every pound weight of Beaver, and ten
shillings for every skin of Furs or Pelttries, so exported or attempted
and intended to be exported.

And for prohibiting still more effectually the exportation of
Beaver, Pelttries and Furs, be it also enacted by the same authority,
That all and every person or persons who shall export, or shall
aiding or assisting or directly or indirectly interested and concerned
in exporting to any of the said states by any Route from any other
part of his Majesty’s Government, to the Westward of St. Regis, any
Beaver, Furs or Pelttries of any kind, such person or persons shall
forfeit and become liable to pay thrice the fines and penalties above-
mentioned.

All which forfeitures, fines and penalties shall be recoverable and
be divided, applied, or disposed of, as directed by the statute of the
fourteenth year of his Majesty’s reign, chapter eighty-eight, respect-
ing the forfeitures and penalties therein mentioned.

Provided always, and it is also hereby enacted by the authority
aforesaid, That nothing in this act contained, shall be construed to
affect travellers to and from this province and their servants, boats,
carriages, and necessary baggage (not including any article what-
soever for trading purposes;) nor the effects of any kind of such
persons coming to settle in this province, or others, as shall have per-
mission, in the manner therein to be expressed, of the Governor or
Commander in Chief, for the time being, under his hand and seal at
arms: Nor to affect the importation of any of the said enumerated
articles, by any route and communication to such posts, places and
districts, and under such restrictions, and for such periods, as the
Governor or Commander in Chief, for the time being, may conceive
to be expedient for the common weal, and from time to time declare
and make known by Proclamation under the Great Seal.

And it is also enacted by the same authority, That it shall be the
duty of the officers of the customs to execute this act in the manner
of executing any of the statutes made for the regulation of the
plantation trade; and they shall be intituled to all such aid and
assistance therein, as they are intituled to, and may demand, under all
or any of the statutes aforesaid.

And be it further enacted, by the same authority, That for every
certificate to be given by a Magistrate as aforesaid, he shall be
intituled to the fee of one shilling, and shall not receive therefor more,
under the pain of extortion, and that any Magistrate granting a
certificate wickedly, knowingly and fraudulently to abet and effect
the exportation of Beaver, Peltry or Furs forbidden by this act, and
thereof duly convicted, shall be liable to such fine and imprisonment,
as the Court of King’s Bench, may impose and adjudge, and thence-
forth be incapable of any office, place or employment in his Majesty’s
Government: And that a wicked and corrupt oath, for obtaining a
certificate, fraudulently to effect such prohibited exportation, shall
upon due conviction expose the offender to the pains and penalties of
false swearing and perjury; and such as advise, encourage, and
persuade to bring about such wicked, fraudulent, and corrupt swear-
ing, to the pains and penalties of subornation of perjury.

DORCHESTER.
Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in
council under the great seal of the province, at the council-
chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec,
the fourteenth day of April, in the twenty-eighth year of the
reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the grace of
God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of
the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one
thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight.

By his Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, O. L. C.

Anno Vicesimo Octavo Georgi III. Regis.

CHAP. II.

AN ACT OR ORDINANCE.

For the easy settlement and recovery of the Crown Debts incurred
on the commercial transportation over the interior Lakes.

WHEREAS the inland commerce has been for divers years past
aided and protected by his Majesty's vessels and naval arma-
ments upon the great lakes, and large sums are due from merchants,
traders and others for the freight and transportation of their effects,
to the payment of which transportation, though previously acquiesced
in by merchants, traders and others, obstacles have been raised since
the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, the recovery of
which sums may require special provision to be made therefore by the
legislature; the engagements, promises and securities for the freight-
money being made and given to naval storekeepers, paymasters, or
other agents for the crown, some of whom are absent or dead; and
divers disputes and controversies are subsisting on the claims of the
owners and shippers of the effects, for delays, damages, and losses,
respecting the carriage and delivering of the goods for which such
freight-money was to accrue. And whereas many of the debtors as
well as the witnesses reside at Detroit and other remote places, where
examinations, enquiries, and settlements may be most conveniently
made: To the intent therefore that the said disputes and controversies
may be adjusted, and the balances due liquidated, and that the
persons indebted for the same may be legally discharged and quieted,
and his Majesty's dues be ascertained and recovered:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governor and the Legislative
Council, and it is accordingly hereby enacted and ordained, by the
authority of the same, That all monies remaining in the hands of any
person or persons that were originally paid by the merchants, traders
or others for freight, in the commerce aforesaid, and not delivered
over for, or already justly applied to the use and benefit of the crown;
and that all monies still outstanding and unpaid for freights due in
the said commerce, and all promises, bonds, notes and securities
therefor, shall for the purpose of recovering the same, for the use of
the crown, be deemed and adjudged in the law to have been, and to be
the right and property of the trustees to be appointed as herein after
mentioned; who shall have as compleat and perfect power and

1 Quebec Gazette, 24th April, 1788.
authority to ask, demand, compound for, agree, and adjust the same, and liquidate and receive the balances, and give acquittances, receipts, discharges, and releases therefor, or sue for and recover the same freight-monies, or any part thereof, in all or any of the courts of the province (which for that purpose shall have cognizance thereof both in law and equity) as if they were the original owners of the said freight-monies, and all the contracts and securities therefor, were made in their names, and payable to them for their own benefit and use.

And be it further enacted and ordained by the same authority, That the said trustees shall be such persons as the Governor of this province, or the Commander in Chief thereof, for the time being, shall authorise for that purpose by commission under the great seal of the province; who shall enter into recognizances to account to the crown, and for the discharge of their trust, under such instructions as they may from time to time receive under his hand and seal at arms.

And that justice may be done to all parties intitled to deductions from the freight-money, or perhaps to a discharge of the whole, on account of the non-delivery of the effects, or damages sustained in the negligent carriage thereof, if any such circumstances there shall have been: Be it also enacted and ordained by the same authority, That the defendant in any action to be brought for such freight-money, on any book debt, promise or security, touching the same, shall, and may have the benefit of such or any other just and equitable matter of deduction or discharge for his defence; and in every action at law, may plead the general issue and give the same in evidence; and by order of any of the judges of the court where such suit may be instituted, shall have access in the manner therein directed, to all such books and entries as have been kept for the purposes aforesaid, and to copies of such of them as may be requested, under the penalty of thirty pounds for every refusal, paying therefor at the rate of six-pence for every hundred words, of which every such copy shall consist, to be recovered by action of debt with costs. But nothing herein contained shall be construed to make the trustees aforesaid, any, or either of them, personally liable to suit or action for any such loss or damage out of their own estates.

And be it further enacted by the same authority, That the payment of any such sum for such freight-money to the said trustees, shall be a perfect and compleat bar against the demand thereof, by the person or persons to whom the same was originally made payable by promise, note, bond, or any other security; or by any others their legal representatives, as fully to all intents and purposes, as if such securities had been assigned or transferred to, or vested in the said trustees; or as if the person they represent never had any right or title to the same.

And if any suit or action shall be brought against the said trustees under pretext thereof they may plead the general issue, and give this act in evidence for their indemnity and discharge, and upon judgment in their favour, shall recover treble costs. And this act shall in all courts be deemed and adjudged to be a public act.

DORCHESTER.
Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in
council under the great seal of the province, at the council-
chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec,
the fourteenth day of April, in the twenty-eighth year of the
reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the grace of
God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of
the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one
thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight.

By his Excellency’s Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

Anno Vicesimo Octavo GEORGH III. Regis.

CHAP. III.¹

AN ACT or ORDINANCE,

For promoting the Inland Navigation.

WHEREAS present circumstances do not require that the transport
of merchandize and peltries over the upper lakes should be
carried on solely by vessels belonging to his Majesty, and the thriving
situation of the new settlements of loyalists in the Western-country,
makes it expedient under certain restrictions, to facilitate the trans-
port of a variety of other articles across those lakes, which will tend
to increase the exports of this province, and consequently to augment
its commerce.

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governor and the
Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the
same, that it shall and may be lawful for all his Majesty’s good and
liege subjects trading to the Western-country by the way of the great
lakes, who shall have taken out the usual pass conformable to the
law; to cause such their effects and merchandize as shall be specified
in the said pass, to be water-borne in any kind of vessel under the
burthen of ninety tons, if the same be built and launched in any part
or place within his Majesty’s government, and all the owners of the
bottom and cargo, and the captain, conductor, crew and navigators,
be his Majesty’s good and faithful subjects, and the said crew and
navigators shall (since the first of May 1783) have taken the oath of
allegiance to his Majesty prescribed by law, or on doubt thereof, shall
take the same before his embarking in such adventure.

And be it further enacted by the same authority, that every
vessel of any kind employed in the commerce aforesaid, shall be fur-
nished with the following documents, under the hand and seal of
such officer or officers as shall be authorized by commission under the
great seal of this province, to take and give the same, to wit, a
register, for which he shall be paid for every vessel not exceeding
twenty-five tons burden, the sum of twenty shillings, and for every
larger vessel the sum of thirty shillings, and no more, shewing that
such vessel was built and launched within his Majesty’s government,
and that the same is wholly owned by subjects of the British Crown,
with their names and places of residence, and that oath had been

¹ Quebec Gazette, 8th May, 1788.
made thereof by such and so many, as had the greatest share and interest in such vessel, her tackle, apparel and furniture, and also a manifest, specifying the quantity and quality of the cargo, shewing to the best of his knowledge and belief to whom the same doth belong, upon the oath of the chief navigator of such vessel, and that they are also subjects of the British Crown, with their names and usual places of residence, and also a pass or clearance expressing the names of the crew and their usual place of residence, and that they had severally taken the oath of allegiance aforesaid.

And be it also enacted by the same authority, that every vessel unfurnished with the documents aforesaid (and not having lost the same by unavoidable accident) shall and may be seized and detained, by order of the commander of any of his Majesty's vessels, or the commandant of any post or fort, or of any magistrate, or other person thereunto authorized by the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, and upon due prosecution and condemnation in any of his Majesty's courts in this province, shall be forfeited and condemned, together with her apparel, furniture and lading, one half part thereof for the use of his Majesty, and the other half for him or them suing for the same.

And be it also enacted by the same authority, that the said register, manifest and pass or clearance shall on the arrival of such vessel at any post or place within his Majesty's government, be reported in twenty-four hours to the person there then authorized to receive the same, nor shall take her departure therefrom until he hath visited the same, or hath had six hours from the making such report for that purpose.

And be it also enacted by the same authority, that no register as aforesaid, shall be granted for any vessel, without bond to his Majesty first given, in a sum double the value of the same, by so many of the owners thereof as the person commissioned to grant such register, shall conceive to be competent security, residents of this province, with condition that if she shall at any time afterwards be employed in any destination, other than such as her clearance or pass shall from time to time specify, that the said sum shall be forfeited.

And be it also enacted by the same authority, that the adventurers in the commerce aforesaid shall not be punishable or accountable, for the use of any wood or timber cut down and taken for fuel, or the purpose of building, masting, equipping or repairing any such vessels, from the ungranted territories and unlocated lands of the Crown. Provided always, and be it enacted, that no new-fixed settlements shall be any where made in the Western country, except for the temporary protection and defence of commercial effects, without his Majesty's Royal grant or patent first had, under the great seal of this province.

And be it also enacted by the same authority, that nothing in this act shall be construed to affect any small vessels under the burthen of five tons, found navigating the river St. Lawrence and the bay of Quinty, on the North-eastern side of Lake Ontario, for the convenience of the loyalists and others in their settlements: Provided always, that no such small vessels be at any time used for the purpose of any trade prohibited by this act, or any other law of this province.
And to remove the trees felled into the river St. Lawrence, and the small rivers falling into it Westward of the Eastern-bounds of the Township of Lancaster, which have greatly incommoded the navigation by compelling boats to contend with the force of the currents. Be it further enacted by the same authority, that the offence aforesaid shall incur the penalty of ten shillings for every tree so felled to be recovered in a summary way before any one of his Majesty's justices of the peace, and levied by his warrant to any constable or peace-officer, for the distress and sale of the offender's goods and chattels at public auction, returning the surplus if any there be to the offender; and for the removal of the present obstructions by the fifteenth day of July next, it shall be the duty of the residents claiming the land on the shores within one league of any tree lying in the water, and inconvenient to the navigation aforesaid, to take away or prevent the same, and that every person neglecting such duty shall incur the penalty of five pounds, to be recovered in manner aforesaid—all which said penalties shall belong, one moiety thereof to the Crown, and be paid to the receiver-general and accounted for by him, as his duty and the Royal instructions may from time to time require, and the other moiety belong to him who shall sue for the same.

And be it also enacted by the same authority, that the persons so to be commissioned for the discharge of the trusts aforesaid, shall with all possible dispatch make out the clearance of such vessel for her intended voyage, and shall annex the same to the manifest of her cargo, which the master shall then deliver to him for that purpose, for which clearance for every intended voyage, he shall take no greater fee or reward than such as are herein after mentioned, to wit, for every vessel from ten to twenty tons burden ten shillings, for every vessel above twenty and not exceeding fifty tons burden fifteen shillings, and for every vessel exceeding fifty tons burden twenty shillings, beside the certificate of a report of arrival at and the passing a post, which is to be five shillings, and for demanding any greater fee or reward, shall forfeit twenty pounds, with costs of suit to the party injured, upon due conviction before any one of his Majesty's justices of the peace, upon a summary trial to be had for that purpose, and to be executed by warrant under his hand and seal, for the distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender returning the surplus.

And be it also enacted by the same authority, that every person convicted in due form of law of making a false oath, in any of the cases in which an oath is required as aforesaid, shall incur the pains and penalties by law annexed to the guilt of wilful and corrupt perjury.

And be it also enacted by the same authority, that if any person shall bona fide have contracted to be one of the crew of any vessel, in any intended adventuring voyage in the commerce aforesaid, and shall have entered into a written contract to perform the same, and afterwards shall desert from the services of the vessel for twenty-four hours, he shall upon due conviction thereof, before one of his Majesty's justices of the peace, be sent to the common prison and there remain for the space of one month, without bail or main-prize, unless one of the owners, or the captain or conductor of the vessel, shall in writing under his hand directed to such justice and left with
him, consent to his discharge; and if such desertion be while such vessel is out, and before her return, such deserter shall lose his wages, and be also liable to imprisonment for three months, and it shall be the duty of the captain or conductor and of the crew to neglect no means in their power, to apprehend and bring to justice, upon their return from their adventuring voyage, any person of the same, or of any other crew, who shall have committed any crime, which by the law of the land is punishable by the loss of the life or limb of the offender, and for wilful neglect to give assistance in such service, or to obey the lawful command of any magistrate for such purpose, shall upon due conviction, on indictment or information, be subject to such fine and imprisonment as his Majesty's court of King's Bench shall adjudge against such person so as aforesaid convicted by the regular course of the law.

And be it enacted by the same authority, that nothing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding, shall be construed to make it necessary for any vessel, being a canoe or bateau, or open boat going on these lakes under the burden of ten tons, to be furnished with such register as aforesaid.

Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein enacted, shall be construed to prevent his Excellency the Governor, or the commander in Chief of this province for the time being, upon any great and urgent occasion, when he may think such order necessary and for the security of the province, to prohibit for any given time, by an order under his hand and seal, all such vessels and craft from navigating the lakes, or to prevent the said Governor or Commander in Chief from making any other temporary regulations regarding these vessels and craft under similar circumstances, by an order under his hand and seal, that he shall judge advisable or expedient for the like purpose.

Be it also enacted by the same authority, and it is hereby enacted, that in the transport of the several merchandize and effects as heretofore mentioned in this act or ordinance, the proprietors of all such vessels above twenty tons, shall be obliged without favour or affection, to transport all merchandize and effects whatever in due rotation as they shall have arrived at the place of deposit, according to an open list which it has hitherto been usual to keep at such post or deposit under the inspection of the officer commanding, and which open list it is hereby enacted, shall continue to be kept in the same manner, under similar inspection, or under that of such other person as shall be appointed thereto by the Governor or Commander in Chief of the province for the time being, and which persons are hereby authorized to see the same duly carried into execution. Provided always, that nothing in this clause shall be construed to extend to prevent the proprietors of any of these vessels above twenty tons, from putting on board in preference to those of all other persons, any goods or effects which shall be declared upon the oath of himself or his agent to be bona fide the property of his own House, to the extent of third of the lading of the vessel, altho' such goods or effects may not be entitled to be received on board according to the rotation directed as above to be kept at the place of deposit.

DORCHESTER.
Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in Council under the great seal of the province at the council chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-eighth year of the reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight.

By his Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

Anno Vicesimo Octavo GEORGH III. Regis.

CHAP. IV.¹

An ACT or ORDINANCE,

For the better security of the Revenue arising on the retail of wine, brandy, rum or spirituous liquors.

WHEREAS in pursuance of an act of parliament intituled "An Act to establish a fund towards further defraying the charges of the Administration of Justice and support of the Civil Government of the province of Quebec in America," passed in the fourteenth year of his Majesty's reign, a penalty of ten pounds sterling is ordained upon keeping a house or place of entertainment or retailing liquors without licence as in the said act directed, and to the end that licences may issue only to such persons as shall keep orderly houses, and that the penalties incurred may be expeditiously recovered for the uses in the said act of parliament declared,

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, That no grant of any licence as by the said act is authorised to be given, shall issue until the person named in the same shall file with the Secretary of the province or his agent an application for such licence, and thereon a certificate signed by the captain of militia of the parish where the same shall be declared to be carried into execution, and countersigned by either the parson, rector, or curate of the parish, or by a magistrate residing in the same parish or township, or by the seigneur of the parish, purporting that they are severally well acquainted with such petitioner, and that they recommend him as a proper subject for the liberty therein asked for, nor until he shall have taken the oath of allegiance required by law, and shall also have entered into bond to his Majesty in the sum of ten pounds, with condition that if he shall during the time such licence shall be granted do his utmost to keep the King's peace and an orderly house, nor sell any spirituous liquors after the termination thereof, without a new licence first had and obtained, nor shall during his licence vend any strong liquors during divine service on Sundays or holidays, except for the use of the sick or travellers, then the said bond to be void, or else to remain in full force and virtue; which oath and bond shall be taken and entered into in the presence of any two justices or more of the district.

¹ Quebec Gazette, 8th May, 1788.
And be it enacted by the same authority, That such penalty of ten pounds for selling without licence, as well as the penalty of every bond for keeping the peace and an orderly house as above-mentioned, shall and may be cognizable in a summary way by any three justices of the peace or the major part of them, to be levied with costs of suit, by warrant for the distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the party convicted directed to any constable or peace officer, returning to the owner the surplus, if any then left.

And be it enacted also by the same authority, That the fines and penalties that may be recovered by the authority of this ordinance, shall be divided and applied in the manner following: That is to say, one moiety to the person who shall inform or prosecute for the same, and the other moiety to be paid into the hands of the Receiver-general for his Majesty’s use. Provided always, that nothing in this act contained shall be construed to extend to deprive the commissioners of the peace of the towns of Quebec, Three-rivers and Montreal, from granting certificates for licences to tavern-keepers as heretofore used and accustomed. Provided also, and be it enacted by the same authority, That such penalty to incur for retailing liquors without licence, shall be only in the case of a sale of any quantity less than three gallons.

DORCHESTER.

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the great seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-eighth year of the reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight.

By his Excellency’s Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

Anno Vicesimo Octavo Georgii III. Regis.

CHAP. V.¹

An ORDINANCE,

For regulating the Pilotage in the River Saint Lawrence, and for preventing Abuses in the port of Quebec.

WHEREAS it is necessary for the encouragement of navigation, that the pilots in this province be properly regulated, be it enacted and ordained by his Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and by the authority of the same, it is hereby enacted, That from and after the publication of this ordinance, no person shall take charge of any ship or vessel as a pilot, without a licence under the hand and seal of his Excellency the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, on a certificate of his capacity from such person as his Excellency the Governor or Commander in Chief may think proper to appoint from time to time

¹ Quebec Gazette, 8th May, 1788.
to superintend or take charge of the pilots, and two experienced masters of vessels or pilots.

II. The pilots shall be divided into companies of two pilots and one apprentice at least to a company, and every company on or before the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine, shall have and possess a proper pilot-boat, well fitted with sails, oars and one anchor, and each company shall have one apprentice at least, not more than sixteen nor younger than fourteen years at the time of binding, and they shall serve until they have attained the age of twenty-one years. The said apprentices may pilot ships for the benefit of their masters, first obtaining the Governor’s licence, after four years apprenticeship, on a certificate from the superintendent and two experienced pilots that they are qualified; the said pilots not being their masters. Each company shall be obliged to instruct their apprentices in the use of the compass, to know the soundings, bays, harbours, creeks, inlets and anchorages in the River Saint Lawrence, and the art of working a ship.

III. If any non-licenced person shall pilot any vessel or ship between the Island of Bic and Quebec, he shall for the first offence forfeit and pay the sum of five pounds, for the second like offence seven pounds ten shillings, and for every other like offence the sum of ten pounds; provided always, that nothing in this ordinance contained shall be construed to prevent the master or mate of any vessel, or the owner, or part owner of any vessel in the fishing or coasting trade, and belonging to this province, from piloting his own vessel, nor to subject any person to any penalties who may be hired to pilot a vessel from Bic, provided none of the licenced pilots within one hour after such vessel shall arrive at Bic, be ready to pilot the same; and if any licenced pilot shall board such vessel on her way to Quebec, he may take charge of the same, and pay the person who piloted the vessel so far a just proportion of the pilotage-money according to the distance from Bic.

IV. No pilot shall give a preference to any vessel, but shall go on board the nearest vessel first, and every pilot on his entering any ship or vessel to pilot her, shall immediately shew his licence to the master, who shall inform the pilot how many feet water his vessel draws.

V. Masters of vessels may choose out of the first pilot-boat that boards them any of the pilots in the boat, and the directions of the pilot in working or navigating the vessel shall be followed.

VI. No person shall be continued of the number of pilots who shall not have exercised the duty of a pilot the preceding year, unless he has been prevented by sickness or other lawful cause.

VII. No pilot shall demand and take more than at the rate of eleven shillings for every foot of water the vessel he shall have piloted between Bic and Quebec may draw, under the penalty of forty shillings.

VIII. If any pilot shall from negligence lose a vessel, he shall for ever after be incapacitated from acting as a pilot.

IX. A list of the names of the pilots with their ages and places of abode, shall be affixed by the superintendent of the pilots in some conspicuous place in the Custom-house at Quebec, by the twentieth day of April every year, under the penalty of forty shillings.

X. Every pilot within hailing or sight of any vessel in distress, shall if possible go on board, and he shall there remain and use his
best endeavours to get her into a place of safety; and if any pilot shall neglect or refuse such duty, he shall by such neglect or refusal be incapacitated from acting as a pilot.

XI. The pilot who boards a vessel in distress, shall be paid by the master all such reasonable charges as shall be ascertained by two shipmasters chosen by the parties and the captain of the port, or a majority of them, regard being had to the pilot’s risk and trouble in his endeavours to secure the vessel.

XII. No pilot shall on any pretence leave the vessel he piloted before she is moored at Quebec, or made fast to some wharf, without leave from the master, under the penalty of one half of the pilotage, to be paid to the master of the vessel so left, on his suing for the same.

XIII. The superintendent of the pilots shall order a sufficient number of pilots to ply constantly at Bic, not less than four boats with their full compliment, in rotation from the twenty-fifth of April to the fifteenth of November in every year, there to be ready to conduct ships and vessels up the River to Quebec, under the penalty of ten pounds.

XIV. No licenced pilot shall refuse to pilot any of His Majesty’s ships when thereunto duly required, nor shall misbehave himself on board any ship or vessel under his charge as pilot, nor shall refuse to obey any lawful command of the superintendent of pilots, under the penalty of being suspended from his employment for six months at the least, and if during that suspension he shall presume to pilot any ship or vessel between Bic and Quebec, he shall pay the forfeitures by this ordinance imposed on persons acting as pilots without licence, but appeal shall lie from the decision of the said superintendent to the commissioners of the peace in their weekly court.

XV. If any master or owner of any ship or vessel shall carry a pilot out of the River St. Lawrence, he shall allow the pilot three pounds ten shillings per month with his board, from the day the vessel leaves Bic until she returns to that place, and the pilot shall have the piloting of the said vessel to Quebec, provided she returns to this province the following spring; but if the vessel does not return to this province, the master or owners of the vessel are to procure a passage for the pilot, and pay him three pounds ten shillings per month until he arrives in this province, provided he makes the best of his way.

XVI. If any misunderstandings shall happen among the pilots, touching their employment, the matter in dispute shall be settled by the superintendent of the pilots.

XVII. And whereas for the security of vessels in the harbour of Quebec, and to prevent accidents by fire, the following regulations are highly necessary, be it therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the masters of all ships or vessels that cast anchor before Quebec, and lay more than two tides without being moored, if the weather permit, causing damage by such neglect to any other ship or vessel in the harbour, shall sustain and pay the said damage.

XVIII. That if any master of a vessel shall lay at any wharf or quay, or ground in the harbour of Quebec, with more than one pound of gunpowder on board, he shall incur a penalty of twenty pounds for every such offence.
XIX. That if any master of a vessel throw overboard or cause to be thrown overboard in the harbour of Quebec any stone ballast, he shall incur a penalty of five pounds for every such offence.

XX. That if any master of a vessel or other person whatsoever, cause any vessel to be graved in the Cul de Sac, or at any wharf or quay in Quebec, and there make or cause fire to be made for heating pitch, tar, turpentine, oil, or tallow, he shall incur a penalty of ten pounds for every such offence.

XXI. That the master of every ship or vessel lying at anchor in the River before Quebec in dark nights, shall shew a light at the bowsprit-end, under the penalty of ten shillings.

XXII. That if any master of a vessel shall lay his vessel in the Cul de Sac, otherwise than with her head to the Shore and stern to the River, with an anchor laid down below the reef of rocks, or throw ballast of any kind overboard in the Cul de Sac, he shall incur a penalty of ten shillings, and be obliged to remove the same.

XXIII. And all the fines and forfeitures by this ordinance imposed, may be sued for and recovered before any two of his Majesty’s Justices of the Peace, on the oath of one or more credible witnesses, one half to be paid to the person who shall sue for the same, the other half to the Receiver-General for his Majesty’s use and the support of the Government, to be by him accounted for to the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty’s Treasury, and audited by the Auditor-General of the Plantations or his Deputy. And it shall be the duty of the captain of the port and superintendent of pilots to see this ordinance carried into execution, under the penalty of twenty shillings for every wilful neglect, to be recovered and applied as aforesaid.

XXIV. Provided nevertheless that nothing in this ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding, shall extend, or be construed to extend to any of his Majesty’s ships of war, that may come into or be stationed in the River St. Lawrence or harbour of Quebec.

DORCHESTER.

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the great seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-eighth year of the reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight.

By his Excellency’s Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
Anno Vicesimo Octavo George III. Regis.

CHAP. VI. 1

For regulating the Fisheries in the River of Saint Lawrence, in the Bays of Gaspé and Chaleurs, on the Island of Bonaventure, and the opposite shore of Percé.

Whereas the Fisheries have ever been found beneficial to the trade of the mother-country, and as several large vessels have been yearly fitted out and equipped therefrom to carry on the cod-fishery in the Bay of Gaspé, at the Island of Bonaventure, at Percé and in the Bay of Chaleurs in this province, in order to encourage that valuable branch of trade, it is enacted by his Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, That all his Majesty's subjects shall peaceably have, use and enjoy the freedom of taking bait, and of fishing in any river, creek, harbour or road, with liberty to go on shore on any part between Cape Cat on the South-side of the River St. Lawrence, and the first Rapid in the River of Ristigouche, above the Islands that lie higher up than the New Mission in the said River, which empties itself into Chaleurs Bay within this province, and on the Island of Bonaventure, for the purpose of salting, drying and curing their fish, and they may cut down wood and trees there, for building, making, mending, or repairing stages, flakes, hurdles, huts or cook-rooms, and other things that may be necessary for curing and preparing their fish for exportation, and all other things that may be useful to their fishing trade, without any hindrance or interruption, denial or disturbance from any person or persons whatsoever.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the commander of every ship or vessel fitted out from Great-Britain or the dominions thereof unto belonging, and entering into any creek or harbour, may reserve to himself so much beach or flakes, or both, as are needful for the number of boats he shall there use, provided they are unoccupied by any other person, or are not in this and the preceding cases private property by grant from his Majesty, or by grant before the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person or persons shall after the publication of this ordinance, rind any trees standing or growing on the said beach reserved for the use of the fishery, nor in the woods adjacent, nor set fire to the woods, or do or cause to be done any damage to the same, for any use whatsoever, except only for necessary fuel, and for building and repairing huts, stages, flakes and other things necessary for carrying on their fishery; and no person or persons whatsoever, shall cast anchor or do any thing to annoy or hinder the hauling of seines in the accustomed baiting places, or in places where salmon are or may be caught, or shoot his, her or their seine or seines within or upon the seine or seines of any other person whatsoever; and also, that no person or persons shall steal, purloin or take out of the net or nets of any other person, nor steal, purloin or take away any bait out of any fishing boat, or steal salmon out of any net belonging to any other person, under the penalty of five pounds.

1 Quebec Gazette, 8th May, 1788.
And be it further enacted, That no ballast or anything else hurtful to any of the harbours in the extent of coast mentioned in this ordinance, shall be thrown out of any vessel or otherwise by any person whatsoever, but that all ballast or other things shall be carried on shore, and laid where they may do no annoyance, under the penalty of five pounds.

And no fisherman or other person shall throw any fish guts, offals or gurry overboard out of any vessel or boat within the distance of two leagues of the shore or Islands within this province, under the penalty of five pounds.

And be it further enacted, That in case any difference or controversy shall arise between the masters of fishing ships, shallop, boats, or other vessels for and concerning the right and property of fishing rooms, stages, flakes, or any other convenience or building for carrying on their fishery, or for curing their fish between Cape Cat and the Rapids in the River of Ristigouche aforesaid in the Bay of Chaleurs, at Percé and on the Island of Bonaventure aforesaid, the said differences, disputes and controversies, shall be heard, adjudged and determined by any two of his Majesty’s Justices of the Peace in the district, and in case any of the parties shall think himself aggrieved by such determination or judgment, an appeal shall lie before the Lieutenant-governor of the district, or Judge of the Common Pleas for the same, as may be most convenient for the person appealing from the said judgment, who are hereby authorized finally to determine the same; provided the effects, right or property so decided, does not exceed the value of fifty pounds sterling, in which case, an appeal from the judgment of the said Lieutenant-governor or Judge of Common pleas may be had to his Majesty’s Court of Appeals for the province.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That after the appointment of such persons as his Excellency the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, may commission as cullers and inspectors, all salmon, mackerel, herrings or other wet fish packed in casks, shall prior to their being shipped for any foreign market, be carefully examined and inspected by some one of the cullers or inspectors commissioned as aforesaid; and all such as he shall find to be good and merchantable, he shall brand on the head of the cask in legible characters his name and the year in which he examined the same, and for his trouble he shall be paid sixpence for every hogshead, tierce or barrel, and three-pence for every smaller cask, and whenever any disputes happen between the seller and purchaser of any dried cod fish, the same shall be called by such culler or inspector, for which he shall be paid at the rate of one penny per quintal; and any culler or inspector commissioned as aforesaid, who shall refuse or neglect his duty hereinbefore mentioned, when thereunto required, without a legal and just cause for such refusal, shall forfeit and pay for every such neglect and refusal, the sum of five pounds.

And be it further enacted by the same authority, That the penalties in this ordinance may be used for and recovered before any two of his Majesty’s Justices of the Peace for the district, one moiety whereof to be paid to the Receiver-general for the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, or to the Commissioners of his Majesty’s Treasury for the time being, and audited by his Majesty’s Auditor-general for the plantations, or his deputy, and the other moiety to the person who shall inform, and sue and prosecute for the same.

DORCHESTER.
6 GEORGE V, A. 1916

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the great seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-eighth year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE the THIRD, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight.

By his Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C.L.C.

Anno Vicesimo Octavo GEORGI III. Regis.

CHAP. VII.¹

AN ACT OR ORDINANCE,

To alter the Ordinance herein after mentioned.

BE it enacted by his Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That for erecting the jurisdictions for the determination of small causes in any district of this province, or the creating of a new district or districts, as by the act or ordinance passed in the twenty-seventh year of his Majesty's reign is directed, it shall not be necessary in the law to effect the same, by the same patent or patents for appointing the officers for such small jurisdiction or district or districts; and that every such officer may be appointed by the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, by separate commissions or patents according to the ancient and accustomed manner, respecting other offices and officers, any thing to the contrary notwithstanding in the said act herein before referred to, intitled, "An Ordinance to continue in force for a limited time an Ordinance made in the twenty-fifth year of his Majesty's reign, intitled, An Ordinance to regulate the proceedings in the courts of civil judicature, and to establish trials by juries in actions of a commercial nature and personal wrongs to be compensated in damages with such additional regulations as are expedient and necessary."

And be it enacted by the same authority, That the courts of small jurisdiction by the said ordinance authorized, may have cognizance of the differences arising within their respective circles on petty trespasses by horses, black cattle, sheep and swine; and also, respecting ditches, fences, and the portion of land that by the custom of the country, people are obliged to clear adjoining their neighbour's fields, known by the word Découvert, and award damages not exceeding forty shillings; also, of all complaints of the voyer against persons neglecting to keep the high-roads in proper repair.

Provided always that nothing in this act contained shall be construed to give cognizance in any case, where title to the realty may come into question; and that if on stating the issue between the parties, either shall assert that he will question the title of his opponent on the hearing, then all further proceedings shall surcease

¹ Quebec Gazette, 15th May, 1788.
to the coming of the Judges on their usual circuits, who shall hear and determine the same.

DORCHESTER.

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the great seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-eighth year of the reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight.

By his Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

Anno Vicesimo Octavo Georgii III. Regis.

CHAP. VIII.

An ACT or ORDINANCE,

To prevent persons practising Physic and Surgery within the province of Quebec, or Midwifery in the towns of Quebec and Montreal, without Licence.

WHEREAS many inconveniencies have arisen to his Majesty's subjects in this province, from unskilful persons practising physic and surgery: Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, That after the first day of November next, no person whatsoever shall on any pretence sell, vend, or distribute medicines by retail, or prescribe for sick persons for gain, or practise physic or surgery within the province, or practise midwifery in the towns of Quebec and Montreal, or the suburbs thereof, without licence first had and obtained from his Excellency the Governor or the Commander in Chief of the province for the time being, which licence shall not be granted but upon certificate of the persons applying for the same, having been examined and approved by such persons as the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, may have appointed for the purpose of examining and inquiring into the knowledge of such persons in physic, or skill in surgery, or pharmacy, or midwifery, a copy of which certificate is to be annexed to the licence, which is to be enregistered in the office of the clerk of the peace of the district where the practitioner resides.

And every person acting in any of the professions aforesaid without such licence, shall forfeit the sum of twenty pounds for the first offence, fifty pounds for the second, and one hundred pounds and three months imprisonment for every subsequent offence committed against the true intent and meaning of this ordinance, to be recovered in the Court of Common Pleas of the district where the offence shall have been committed; a moiety of such forfeiture to be paid to the Receiver-general of the province, and applied to the use of his Majesty's government here, to be accounted for by him to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, or to the Commissioners of his

1 Quebec Gazette, 15th May, 1788.
Majesty's Treasury for the time being, and audited by his Majesty's Auditor-general for the plantations, or his deputy, and the other moiety to be paid to the person or persons who shall sue for the same.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That nothing in this ordinance shall extend or be construed to extend to the subjecting such persons as shall have taken a degree in any University, or who have been commissioned or warranted as surgeons in his Majesty's army or navy to any examination previous to obtaining a licence; but to which licence to be enregistered as above, a copy of the degree or certificate of the commission or warrant shall be annexed.

And that no physician or surgeon doing duty in the army or navy within the province be obliged to have a licence.

Provided also, that nothing in this ordinance shall be construed to prevent retailers or others from selling such drugs for which a royal patent has been obtained.

**DORCHESTER.**

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the great seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-eighth year of the reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight.

By his Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

Anno Vicesimo Octavo GEORGH III. Regis.

**CHAP. IX.**

**AN ACT OR ORDINANCE.**

To alter the present method of drawing Sleds and Carioles, in order to remedy the inconveniences arising from Cahots or Banks of Snow formed on the Winter-roads, and to amend the same.

**HEREAS** his Majesty's subjects have long experienced the difficulty of winter communication, and the labour and attention required of the inhabitants to keep up and repair the winter-roads.

And whereas the present method of affixing the winter-carriages, known by the names of trains, sleds and cariolo, to their shafts and runners, is the cause of the bad roads made by them during the winter-season; the cross-bar of the shaft fixed by its chain under the front part of the train, sled and cariolo, collecting the new fallen snow as it is drawn along the road, and thereby forming at short distances the hillocks or banks of snow called cahots, the hollows between which are sometimes upwards of two feet in depth, to the great inconvenience of the public.

And whereas a method is invented and used of affixing the shaft to the runner of the train, sled and cariolo, which if universally

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1 Quebec Gazette, 15th May, 1788.
adopted will remedy the evil complained of at a very small expence, save much labour to the inhabitants, and facilitate travelling and carriage of every denomination, according to actual experience (in that department of the King’s service under Isaac Winslow Clarke, Esq;) in the transportation of stores in very heavy loaded trains from Montreal to Lachine.

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governor and Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by the authority of the same, That no winter-carriage shall be used after the tenth day of November next, not affixed to its shafts according to one of the models to be seen with the clerks of the markets of Quebec and Montreal, or one of the captains of militia of the town of Three-rivers and parishes of Vaudreuil, Soulange, l’Isle Perrault, La Prairie, Chamby, St. Jean, St. Denis, Boucherville, Vercheres, Sorel, Berthier, La Valtrie, l’Assomption, Terrebonne, La Riviere du Chene, l’Isle Jesus, Masquinongé, Machiche, Masha, La Baye du Fevre, Becancour, Gentilly, Champlain, Ste. Anne, Point aux Trembles of Quebec, Cape Santé, Deschambault, Lotbiniere, St. Antoine, St. Nicolas, St. Henri, Point Levi, Ste. Marie en Nouvelle, Beauce, Beaumont, St. Valier, Berthier, St. Pierre Riviere du Sud, Cap St. Ignace, St. Anne du Sud, Riviere Ouelle, Kamouraska, Riviere du Loup, Malbaye, Baye St. Paul, St. Joachim, Chateau Riché, St. Pierre en l’Isle d’Orleans and St. Jean, under the penalty of five shillings on the person or persons using the same, and the seizure and forfeiture thereof. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and understood by this ordinance. That no person shall be prevented from using slays, carioles, or any other winter-carriages which are drawn by a pole with two horses or two bullocks abreast, or drawn by any other method whereby the bar of the shaft does not raise the snow, so as to form cahots as mentioned in the preamble of this ordinance.

And be it further enacted by the said authority, That after the first day of November next, the runners of every new train, sled or cariole, shall be at least nine inches high, and at least two inches broad, and six feet long at least, and shall be rounded off at the end to which the chains of the shafts are fastened, under the penalty of twenty shillings on the maker, and ten shillings on the owner and the seizure and forfeiture of every train, sled or cariole, not constructed according to this act.

And be it further enacted and ordained by the said authority, That all land-holders and others who by their tenures and the laws of the country are compellable to make and repair roads, do immediately after every fall of snow, carefully beat the King’s high roads with sleds and carioles only affixed as aforesaid, continuing in other respects to set beacons, make, repair and uphold the said roads agreeable to the law and usage of the province.

And be it enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That in the winter all high-roads in future within one league of the suburbs of the towns of Quebec and Montreal, shall run on each side of beacons to be set up between them in one straight line as exactly as may be, and that all travellers and carriages shall take the right of the beacons in going to and coming from the towns of Quebec and Montreal aforesaid, under the penalty of five shillings for the neglect of erecting such beacons by those whose duty it is at present to erect beacons, and of ten shillings for wantonly not pursuing the route above prescribed.
And whereas by the ancient usage and police of the province, the public winter-roads along the rivers on the ice, were usually made by the same persons as were compellable to make the land-roads; and the roads across the said rivers leading to the towns of Quebec, Montreal and Three-rivers, by the inhabitants of the country parishes who had occasion for them to go to those towns; Be it therefore further enacted by the same authority, That the necessary and convenient public winter-roads across the River St. Lawrence, leading to the towns of Quebec, Three-rivers and Montreal, shall be traced, made, kept up, and beaconed by the inhabitants accustomed to make the same; and all other winter-roads across the river St. Lawrence, and other rivers, shall be made, kept up and beaconed, by the inhabitants according to ancient custom. And all winter-roads on the ice along the said river or any other river in the province, shall be traced, made, kept up and beaconed, by the persons who are compellable to make the land-roads along the said river or rivers; and under the same inspection, and under the same fines, penalties and forfeitures on default, as are imposed by the ordinance of the seventeenth of his present Majesty, chap. 11.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the several fines, forfeitures and penalties before-mentioned, shall be recoverable by the judgment of any one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace with costs, and the sale of, at public auction, the effects of the offender by distress, and returning the surplus to the owner, on a summary hearing, and the testimony of any one credible witness or other satisfactory proof, one half of each of which penalties and forfeitures shall be paid to such under surveyor of roads, inspector of police, clerk of the market, master of provincial post-house and officer of militia, as shall bring forward the complaint for any offence against this act, and the other half to his Majesty's use; and it shall be the duty of the said officers to attend vigilantly to the due execution thereof, and every of them shall incur the penalty of fifteen shillings for every instance of his wilful negligence, to be recovered in due form of law in the Court of Common Pleas of the district where such penalty may incur.

And be it also enacted by the same authority, That the several fines and forfeitures reserved by this ordinance to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, for the public uses of this province and the government thereof, shall be paid to the Receiver-general of the province, to be accounted for to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, or to the Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury for the time being, and audited by his Majesty's Auditor-general for the plantations or his deputy.

DORCHESTER.

Enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, and passed in council under the great seal of the province, at the council-chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the thirtieth day of April, in the twenty-eighth year of the reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth; and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight.

By His Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.
An Act or Ordinance.

For the Relief of the Poor, in the Loan of Seeds for Corn and other Necessaries.

WHEREAS many Farmers, distressed by the short Harvests of the last Year, have consumed what was necessary for Seed towards their Support in the next, and such as are able to spare Seed for their Supplies, may not be willing to trust it to the poorer Inhabitants, without indisputable Security for the Repayment thereof at the next ensuing Harvest: In Tenderness therefore to the distressed, and to prevent a general Dearth,

Be it enacted by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority of the same, That if any Contract or Agreement shall, within Two Months after the passing of this Act, be, bona fide, made in writing, for Supplies of Seed-Corn, or Potatoes, in the Presence of one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, or a Curate of any Parish, or a Captain of the Militia and one other Credible Witness, not exceeding Thirty Bushels of Wheat, and Fifty Bushels of other Bread Corn or Grain, nor Twenty Bushels of Potatoes, to any one Buyer or Borrower, his Debt therefor, shall, in all Courts, be deemed and adjudged to be a privileged Debt, with the Benefit of preference to the Lender, before any other Creditor for any Demand of any Kind whatsoever, any Law Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding. Saving nevertheless, to His Majesty His Heirs and Successors, all the Rights of the Crown, with its Dues and Demands, as fully and effectually as if this Act had never been made.

DORCHESTER.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in Council under the great seal of the province, at the Council Chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the eleventh day of April, in the twenty-ninth year of the reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine.

By His Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

1 Quebec Gazette, 13th April, 1789.
Anno Vicesimo Nono Georgii Tertii Regis.

CHAP. II.¹

An ACT or ORDINANCE,

To strengthen certain Deeds and Writings in the District of Hesse.

WHEREAS the want of a regular succession of Notaries, duly appointed, to perform the functions of that employment, in the District of Hesse; and the removal of the records or register of the contracts, mortgages, conveyances, and other writings and instruments, touching property in the said District, from the same, to the Secretary's Office in Quebec, by order of the Government, in the administration of His Excellency Sir Frederick Haldimand, for their greater security and preservation; may give occasion to doubts and controversies, detrimental to individuals, and injurious to the peace of the District: To prevent the same,

Be it enacted by His Excellency the Governor, and the Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That all such Notarial Acts, bona fide, transacted by any person in the said District, in the Character of a Notary, who was not duly appointed, and before the due appointment of another Notary, for the same District, shall not be invalid, merely for want of authority vested in due form of law, in the person or persons that have so acted as Notary or Notaries Public in the said District, but that the same shall be deem'd and adjudged to be as valid as if he or they then had lawful authority to perform the functions of that office or employment: And that the event and circumstance of the removal of the said records or register to Quebec, shall not be construed to destroy their authenticity and legal effect: Saving nevertheless to all persons interested and concerned, their other exceptions to the faith and authenticitie of the said records and register, upon such proofs as may be offered against them, for any cause, other than the bare change of the deposit and custody of them, in the manner aforementioned.

DORCHESTER.

Ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, and passed in Council under the great seal of the province, at the Council Chamber in the castle of Saint Lewis, in the city of Quebec, the eleventh day of April, in the twenty-ninth year of the reign of our sovereign lord George the Third, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine.

By His Excellency's Command,

J. WILLIAMS, C. L. C.

¹ Quebec Gazette, 16th April, 1789.
Anno Vicesimo Nono GEORGE Tertii Regis.

CHAP. III.1

AN ACT.

To continue the Ordinances regulating the Practice of the Law, and to provide more effectually for the dispensation of Justice, and especially in the New Districts.

I. Be it enacted by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the Act, intituled, "An Ordinance to regulate the proceedings in the Courts of civil Judicature, and to establish Trials by Juries in actions of a commercial nature, and personal wrongs, to be compensated in Damages," passed in the twenty-fifth year of His Majesty's reign, "together with the Act continuing the same with additional Regulations," passed in the twenty-seventh year of His Majesty's reign, be continued until the thirtieth day of April, which will be in the year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and ninety-one, and no longer.

II. And the better to adapt the general provision to the present condition of the province, lately divided into the five New districts of Gaspé, Luneburg, Mecklenburg, Nassau and Hesse, be it further enacted, by the same authority, That it shall be no exception or challenge to a Juror on any Inquest or Trial in either of the said New Districts, that he is not a Free-holder, if such Juror, being otherwise qualified, shall have been for one year the actual occupant of one hundred acres of land under the permission or authority of the Government, within the District for which he is summoned, and shall have had a certificate thereof signed by the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, or under the signature of the Surveyor General or Deputy Surveyor General, or any Deputy of them or either of them.

III. And be it also enacted by the same authority, That until the Bench of the Court of Common Pleas for the district of Hesse, shall have three Judges duly appointed to officiate thereon, all the powers and authorities of the whole number shall be vested in such person as shall have a Commission to be the first Judge thereof; any other Law, Act, or Ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And on account of the remoteness of the said New Districts, and for the security of the subject, and to prevent long imprisonments, and to lessen the public charges in criminal prosecutions, be it further enacted by the same authority, That on all trials to be had in either of the New Districts before Commissioners of Oyer and Terminer, or general Gaol Delivery, when the Chief Justice of the province may happen not to be one, the execution of the Sentence or Judgment of the Court shall be suspended until the pleasure of the Governor or Commander in Chief, for the time being, shall be signified thereon, by warrant under his Hand and Seal at Arms.

V. And to the end that the Government may have full information of the proceedings of the said Courts of criminal Jurisdiction, be it also enacted by the same authority, That it shall be the duty

1 Quebec Gazette, 7th May, 1789.
Copies of the Proceedings to be transmitted to the Governor.

Proviso.

Cases, where execution shall be stayed, upon fines, &c., adjudged.

Exception.

Persons convicted of a Capital Offence in the New Districts, may be conveyed to any of His Majesty's Prisons.

of the said Courts, with all convenient speed, to transmit to the Governor, for the time being, not only copies of the indictment, information, or charge, and of the plea and other proceedings in every cause before them had, but of the written and parole testimony read and given to the Jury, and the scope and substance of the points ruled in Evidence, and of their charge to the Jury, and copy of the Verdict, and of every material transaction in the cause, together with such observations as they may think proper to make on every such cause and trial, and the whole under the signatures of the majority of the Judges before whom every such trial was had. Provided always and be it nevertheless enacted by the same authority. That it shall not be necessary to make such report of the proceedings, nor to stay the execution of the Sentence or Judgment in any case where it shall not extend to life or limb, nor to any greater fine, penalty or forfeiture than the sum of twenty-five pounds sterling money of Great-Britain.

And wherever so great a sum shall be adjudged for a fine, forfeiture or penalty in any Court of Sessions of the Peace to be held in either of the said New Districts, execution shall in like manner be stayed, until such information is given to the Government by the major part of the Justices before whom the Trial was had, or Judgment given, as is above directed to be given by the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, except that it shall not be necessary in such Courts of Sessions to reduce to writing all the testimony that may be given to the Jury on Trials before them had, but that instead thereof it shall suffice to report only the main scope and substance thereof, and that the execution in every case to the amount aforesaid given by either of the Courts of Sessions of the Peace of the said New Districts, shall also await the signification of the pleasure of the Governor or Commander in Chief in the manner afore-mentioned.

VI. And be it also enacted by the same authority, That until the New Districts aforesaid shall be furnished with safe Gaols and Prisons, and as often as the majority of the Commissioners of such Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery sitting therein, shall conceive it to be unsafe to continue within their District any prisoner convicted before them of a Capital Offence, they may take course for conveying him to such other of His Majesty's Prisons, as they may designate, for his being safely kept to abide the Judgment of the Law; and the Sheriff and Gaoler, Bailiffs and Officers to whom any such Traitor or Felon shall have been delivered shall be respectively answerable for the Prisoner, and upon his escape shall severally be subject to all such punishments, pains, penalties and forfeitures, as they would respectively have incurred, had such Prisoner received such Judgment upon a conviction for the like offence committed within the Bailiwick for which they serve.

VII. And whereas the detention of prisoners until the sitting of the Court of King's Bench or the sitting of Commissioners of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, hath been very burdensome to the public, and is likely to be encreased by the insufficiency of the Gaols in the Old Districts, and the total want of them in the New Districts, and it often happens that persons committed for simple larcenies are either acquitted or only found guilty of petty larceny,
Be it therefore enacted by the same authority, That simple larceny where the goods stolen shall not in value exceed twenty shillings sterling, shall be deemed and adjudged only petty larceny, and whenever any person shall stand committed to gaol for no higher offence, than a breach of the peace or petty larceny, and shall not within forty-eight hours after his commitment find bail sufficient in the opinion of any one Justice of the Peace for his appearance at the next Sessions of the Peace for the District where the offence is charged to be committed, it shall be lawful for any three Justices of the Peace (one of whom shall be of the Quorum) to meet and cause the offender to be convened before them at some public and convenient place, and then and there or at such other time and place to which they may adjourn, to hear the charge and defence with the Evidence for and against the prisoner, and to determine the same, and upon their conviction of the Guilt of the prisoner, to give Judgment against him for such corporal punishment (not extending to Life or Limb) as they or the major part of them shall in their discretion think adequate to the demerit of his offence, and that after the execution thereof the offender shall be discharged; but if he shall not have been a stated Resident of the province for twelve months preceding his commitment, and shall in twenty days after his discharge be found within the same District, and shall wilfully have remained in the same, it shall be lawful for any one Justice to commit him to prison, and for three Justices to proceed against him in manner aforesaid, and to adjudge him to such further correction (not extending to Life or Limb) as they in their discretion shall think proper, unless he shall find good and sufficient sureties in the opinion of the Justices by whom he shall be tried, to recognize in such sum as they shall appoint for his good behaviour for seven years, on giving which he shall be set at liberty, and the recognizance be filed with the Clerk of the Peace.

And all Gaolers, Constables and Peace Officers, when thereunto required, shall be aiding and assisting to the Justices employed in the said service under the penalty of ten shillings for every default, to be recovered before any one Justice of the Peace, in a summary way, by warrant of distress and sale of the Offender's goods and chattels, returning the overplus to the Owner, if any there be, after deducting the penalty and the costs, one half of which penalty shall belong to the person suing for the same, and the other to the Crown, and be forthwith paid by the Officer executing the said warrant into the hands of His Majesty's Receiver General.

VIII. And in as much as the annual collection of the Trade will require yearly Circuit Courts to be held in the northern parts of the District of Hesse,

Be it also enacted by the same authority, That it shall be lawful for the Governor or Commander in Chief, for the time being, by Proclamation to be issued under the Great Seal of this province, by and with the advice of His Majesty's Council, to ascertain the terms of such Sessions, and the cognizance of the causes there to be tried and adjudged, and the mode of proceeding therein, and whatever shall appear to be requisite for the effectual administration of Civil Justice, at such Circuit Courts, or the perfecting the business thereof in any other Court of the said, or any other District; this Act, and
any other Law usage or custom to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted by the same authority, That in Civil Actions to be instituted in the District of Hesse, it shall not be a ground of Exception of any kind whatsoever to oust the Courts of the said District of Jurisdiction, that the Cause of action arose out of the same, or that by reason of the Domicile of the Defendant it ought to be brought elsewhere, but that all the proceedings in causes there instituted, and the Judgment and Execution thereon, shall be deemed and adjudged to have the like force, effect and consequences in all respects whatsoever, as if the cause of action, and ground of defence had arisen, and all transactions relating to the same had happened within the said District of Hesse.

X. And forasmuch as for want of a regular Magistracy, and an establishment for the convenient dispensation of Justice in the District of Hesse, attempts may be made to elude the payment of just debts, under pretext of the Laws of prescription or limitation, which presuppose a state of general tranquility, and the easy and free course of Justice,

Be it also enacted by the same authority, That every such Plea or Defence under the Laws of prescription or limitation be adjudged to be null and void in every Cause to be instituted in the Courts of the said District of Hesse, except in actions and cases accruing posterior to the first day of January which will be in the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety. Provided always, and be it enacted that nothing herein contained shall be construed to revive a demand for cause of action arisen prior to the first day of January in the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six.

XI. And whereas the western Districts of Luneburg, Mecklenburg, Nassau and Hesse are, and also the District of Gaspé probably will be chiefly inhabited by persons born within the ancient dominions of the Crown of Great-Britain,

Be it further enacted by the same authority, That in civil causes hereafter to be tried or adjudged and determined in either of the said New Districts, where the title to the Freehold shall not come into question, no proof offered in such cause shall be deemed to be inadmissible that would be sufficient to sustain the point for which the same is offered, either by the ancient or present laws of the province, or by the laws of England.

XII. Where moveables shall be taken in Execution by the Sheriff of the District of Hesse, Luneburg, Mecklenburg, or Nassau, or Gaspé, he shall cause such seizure to be published at the church door of the parish immediately after divine service, on the first Sunday succeeding such seizure: or if there be no Church in the Township or Parish, then such Seizure shall be notified by publication or advertisement in writing affixed to the door of the Court-house of the District, and also at the nearest Grist-mill, as soon as may be after such seizure, and the said notification shall design the day and place where and when he means to proceed to the sale thereof, not contracting such sale beyond fourteen days from the date of such publication. And when Lands and Tenements shall be taken in execution by the Sheriff of either of the said Districts, he shall advertise the
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sale by three several publications in writing to be fixed at the Door of the Court-house of the District, and in some ostensible place in the office of the Clerk of the Court whence the Execution issued, and at the nearest Grist-mill; such notice to be renewed the first Monday of three successive months preceding the Sale, which shall not take place in less than four months after the date of the first publication.

XIII. Be it further enacted by the same authority, That in all personal actions to be instituted in any of the districts in this province, it shall not be a legal exception that the cause of action arose out of such District, or that by reason of the Domicile of the Defendant it ought to be brought elsewhere, but that all the proceedings in such actions, and the Judgments and Executions thereon, shall be deemed and adjudged to have the like force and effect in every respect, as if the cause of action, and ground of defence had arisen, and all transactions relating thereto had happened in the District where the action is instituted; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIV. And be it enacted by the same authority, That the course and power given by the said Act, intitled, "An Ordinance to regulate the proceedings in the Courts of Civil Judicature, and to establish Trials by Juries in actions of a commercial nature, and personal wrongs to be compensated in Damages" for perfecting the execution of a Judgment out of the District where the same was rendered, shall be pursued in every old or new district of the province.

XV. And that parties adjudged in the said New Districts may not be deprived of their Right and Benefit of Appeal.

Be it further enacted by the same authority, That the giving security as heretofore used on the bringing of a Writ of Appeal, shall as effectually suspend execution in Causes of the said Districts, as in the Old Districts on the actual production of a Writ of Appeal, such Appellant in all other respects conforming to the Law of Appeals as it now stands, and suing out within twenty days after Judgment an office copy of the proceedings in the cause adjudged; which, to prevent delays, shall be as effectual before the appellate Jurisdiction, as if transmitted according to the present Law and Usage in Appeals, from the Common Pleas Courts of the Old Districts.

DORCHESTER.

Anno Vicesimo Nono Georgii Tertii Regis.

CHAP. IV.¹

An ACT or ORDINANCE,

To explain and amend an Act, intitled, "An Act or Ordinance for better regulating the Militia of this Province, and rendering it of more general utility towards the preservation and security thereof.

I. WHEREAS an Experience of two years hath shewn the Expediency of making some amendments and additions to the Ordinance passed the twenty-third day of April, which was in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty seven and in the

¹ Quebec Gazette, 7th May, 1789.
twenty-seventh year of His Majesty’s Reign, intitled, “An Ordinance for the better regulating the Militia of this Province and rendering it of more general utility towards the preservation and security thereof,” Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governor and Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That whenever any person shall be convicted of the first offence mentioned in the first article of the above recited Ordinance, and shall not have paid the fine of Five pounds within forty-eight hours after such conviction, it shall be lawful for the Field Officers who tried the offence, to commit the Offender to prison, provided such imprisonment shall not exceed the term of one month.

II. Whereas inconveniences have arisen from the Court of Field Officers not being authorised to diminish the Fines and Penalties imposed by the subsequent articles of the said Ordinance, be it enacted by the same authority, That the said Courts of Field Officers shall have full power to reduce and diminish the said Penalties and Fines according to the circumstances of the case and their discretion.

III. And be it further enacted by the same authority, That when the Fine shall exceed Ten shillings, the Court of Field Officers shall consist of the Colonel, Lieutenant Colonel, and Major, and in case of the absence of any of them, of the Officers next in rank.

IV. And in order to explain in a clearer manner the times of review fixed by the said Ordinance, as well as to anticipate the particular circumstances that may require them,

Be it therefore enacted by the said authority, That the Militia shall assemble and be reviewed one day in every month from the first day of May to the thirtieth day of September, and at such other times as the Commander in Chief shall think necessary.

V. Be it further enacted, That whoever shall quarrel, or insult by abusive words, or otherwise, an Officer or Serjeant, being in the execution of his office, shall suffer punishment according to the nature of such offence, by sentence of the Board of Field Officers, not exceeding however a Fine of Forty shillings and Fifteen days imprisonment.

VI. Be it also enacted, That the Serjeants of the towns, suburbs and precincts, shall not be compelled to serve in the offices of Jurors or Constables as long as they continue to be serjeants.

VII. Be it also enacted by the same authority, That it shall be lawful for the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, to make from time to time, and issue under his Hand and Seal, such Regulations as he shall think necessary for the better discipline of the Militia. Provided nevertheless, that the Offenders against such Regulations shall not be liable to a higher Fine than that of Forty shillings, and to an imprisonment of more than Eight days.

VIII. And be it also enacted by the same authority, That in the Regulations so to be issued for the better discipline of the Militia, either of the Fines and Penalties in the said Act mentioned may be lessened, as the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, shall in his discretion be pleased to ordain in manner aforesaid: And that in all levies of the same by Warrant of Distress or otherwise, the costs and charges attending the levy, shall be also recoverable. Provided always that such costs do not altogether exceed the
sum of Five shillings with a mileage fee in addition thereto of One shilling for every league in the services, to be computed from the place of the receipt of the warrant, to the place of the execution thereof, and in that proportion for a smaller distance.

DORCHESTER.

Anno Vicesimo Nono Georgii Tertii Regis.

CHAP. V.¹

An ORDINANCE,

To continue the Ordinance empowering the Commissioners of the Peace to regulate the Police of the Towns of Quebec and Montreal for a limited Time.

Be it enacted by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the Ordinance intitled, "An Ordinance further to continue an Ordinance to empower the Commissioners of the Peace to regulate the Police of the Towns of Quebec and Montreal for a limited time" passed in the twenty-seventh year of His Majesty's reign, shall in every clause and article thereof continue and be of force, from the passing of this Ordinance unto the end of the Session of the Legislative Council which will be held in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one, and no longer.

And be it further enacted by the same authority, That the power of the Justices of the Peace for regulating the Police in the Towns of Quebec and Montreal shall extend through their Suburbs and Parishes respectively.

DORCHESTER.

Anno Vicesimo Nono Georgii Tertii Regis.

CHAP. VI.²

An ORDINANCE,

To continue the Ordinance passed the Thirtieth Day of April, in the Twenty-seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign for regulating the Maitres de Poste.

Be it enacted and ordained by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That an Ordinance passed on the thirtieth day of April in the twenty-seventh year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Ordinance further to continue and amend an Ordinance made on the ninth day of March, in the twentieth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled An Ordinance for regulating all such persons as keep

¹ Quebec Gazette, 14th May, 1789.
² Quebec Gazette, 14th May, 1789.
Horses and Carriages to let for hire for the accommodation of
Travellers, commonly called and known by the name of Maitres de
Poste, "and every Article and Clause therein, shall continue from the
passing of this present Ordinance, unto the end of the Session of the
Legislative Council which will be held in the year of our Lord one
thousand seven hundred and ninety-one, and no longer.

DORCHESTER.

Anno Vicesimo Nono Georgii Tertii Regis.

CHAP. VII.¹

AN ACT,

To repeal Part of an Act therein mentioned relating to Winter
Carriages.

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative
Council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,
That the Act intituled, "An Act or Ordinance to alter the present
method of drawing Sleds and Carioles in order to remedy the incon-
veniences arising from Cahots or Banks of Snow formed on the
Winter Roads, and to amend the same" so far as the same affects the
construction of the Winter Carriages, and the use and regulation of
the same, be, after the passing of this Act, no longer of more force
and efficacy, than if the same Act respecting the Construction of the
Winter Carriages had never been made.

DORCHESTER.

¹Quebec Gazette, 14th May, 1789.
Anno Tricesimo Georgii Tertii Regis.

CHAP. I.

AN ACT OR ORDINANCE,

To amend the Ordinance intituled "an Ordinance for regulating the Pilotage in the River St. Lawrence, and for preventing Abuses in the Port of Quebec."

For more effectually preventing accidents by fire, and without unnecessary restraints on shipping, Be it Enacted by His Excellency the Governor and Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same. That from and after the publication of this Ordinance, it shall not be lawful to have fire on board of any ship or vessel laying in the Cul-de-sae or at any of the wharfs or quays in Quebec or the Suburbs thereof, in any other than close cambuses or fire-places made of iron or other metal, brick or stone—and every fire on board any ship or vessel laying in the Cul-de-sae or at any of the wharfs or quays aforesaid, shall be put out at Sun set and shall not be lighted again before Sun-rise the next day, and the master or owner of any vessel using fire-places on board, other than as aforesaid, shall incur a penalty of five pounds, likewise the same penalty for permitting fire to be made on board from Sun-down to Sun-rise, and the like penalty for every repetition of either of such offences.

And be it further enacted by the same authority, that if any vessel shall in the night-time use any lighted candle while laying in the Cul-de-sae or at any wharf or quay aforesaid, such candle not being in a lantern, the master and person or persons using the same shall for every offence incur a penalty of twenty shillings; but this clause shall not be construed to prevent the necessary use of candle in the cabin or steerage tho' the same be not in a lantern.

And be it further enacted by the same authority that all proprietors of wharfs facing or fronting the Cul-de-sae, shall affix sufficient ring-bolts at thirty feet distance from each other in the front or face of their wharfs, and permit the shipping to make fast thereto, or incur a penalty of ten shillings for every refusal or neglect.

And whereas no danger can arise from permitting pitch or tar, turpentine, or rosin to be heated or boiled in the Cul-de-sae or any other part or place where vessels lay for the purpose of graving, if the fire and pitch-pot be at a proper distance from any wharf, vessel or building, Be it therefore enacted by the same authority, that notwithstanding any thing to the contrary in the twentieth section of the said Act or Ordinance or any other law or ordinance whatsoever, it shall and may be lawful for the purpose aforesaid to boil tar or pitch, turpentine or rosin in the Cul-de-sae or at any wharf or quay in or about Quebec. Provided always the same be done at the distance of twenty feet at least from any vessel, wharf or building whatever, and provided that while the same is heating or boiling, a person constantly attend with a tarpauling and shovel at hand to

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1 Quebec Gazette, 15th April, 1760.
No Pitch to be boiled on board any vessel in the Cul-de-sac, &c.

Pilots on their arrival at Quebec to report to the Superintendant.

Masters of vessels to give the Pilot a certificate.

Pilots not to stay at Quebec above eight days at a time.

Nor to use the branch of any deceased Pilot.

Buoyes, beacons, &c. not to be removed.

Penalty.

The Captain of the Port to select certain laws.

Penalties how recoverable.

cover the same in the case of its taking fire; and provided also, that the fire be immediately thereafter carefully put out and extinguished; any master or owner of a vessel or other person making default therein shall incur a penalty of five pounds for every such default or neglect.

And be it further enacted by the same authority that nothing in this act contained shall be construed to permit any pitch-pot to be heated or boiled on board of any vessel, or any vessel to be breamed or blazed while laying in the Cul-de-sac at any of the wharfs, quays or places aforesaid. And any person guilty of either of these offences shall be subject to a penalty of ten pounds for every of them.

And be it enacted by the same authority, that every pilot who shall have piloted any ship or vessel into the port of Quebec shall in twenty-four hours thereafter make report thereof to the superintendant of pilots or Captain of the port, and shall produce a certificate of his behaviour while on board. If any such he has obtained, or incur a penalty of five shillings—and the master or commander of every such ship or vessel is hereby directed to grant such certificate to every such pilot truly representing his conduct in the execution of his duty as a Pilot,—And any master refusing such certificate upon the demand of the pilot shall incur a penalty of twenty shillings to his use.—And if any pilot shall stay in Quebec above eight days at one time, after being discharged from piloting in any ship or vessel, from the first of May to the first of November, except in the case of his being engaged to pilot out any ship or vessel, or of sickness, or other lawful hindrance or restraint, of which he shall inform the superintendant or master of the port, naming the ship and master, or other cause of detention, he shall incur a penalty of ten shillings for every such offence. And if any pilot or other person shall fraudulently use the branch or branches of any deceased pilot, he shall incur a penalty of twenty pounds, and suffer three months imprisonment for every such offence.

And be it further enacted by the same authority, that any person or persons wilfully removing or destroying, or maliciously procuring to be removed or destroyed, any buoy, beacon, or land-mark placed for the purpose of navigation in the River or on the shores of the St. Lawrence, between the Island of St. Barnaby and the town of Montreal, or in any of the navigable Lakes or Rivers of the Province, he or they, shall incur a penalty of twenty pounds, and be committed to prison three months for every such offence.

And be it further enacted by the same authority, that the Captain of the Port, or other person thereunto to be appointed by His Excellency the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, by any writing under his hand and seal at arms, do select all the laws and regulations concerning Pilots and the navigation of the River St. Lawrence below Montreal, or expressive of the duties of masters of vessels in the Ports of Quebec and Montreal, and that he do deliver the same printed or in writing, and signed by him, to every such master on his arrival in Port, if he be desirous thereof; for which service, the master of the Port or person so appointed, may lawfully take and receive from every ship master the sum of five shillings and no more.

And be it enacted by the same authority, That all penalties incurred under this act, shall be sued for, recovered and applied as penalties under the act aforesaid.

DORCHESTER.
Anno Tricesimo Georgii Tertii Regis.

CHAP. II.¹

An ACT or ORDINANCE.

In Addition to the Act, intitled, "An Act or Ordinance further to regulate the Inland Commerce of this Province and to extend the same," passed in the twenty-eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign.

WHEREAS the importation of divers articles of Goods and Merchandize, particularly enumerated in the said Act, is permitted, under certain restrictions in the same mentioned, and it may be expedient to extend the same:

Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that the free importation given by the said Act to the articles therein distinguished, as enumerated articles, shall extend to Pig-iron, as fully as if the same were enumerated in the said Act, and under the like terms, conditions and regulations; and that every Pig of Iron so imported shall be marked in the mould in legible letters "VERMONT."

And be it further enacted by the same authority, that nothing in any former Act or Ordinance of this Province, shall be construed to compel the Officers appointed, or to be appointed under the Great Seal of this Province, for executing the regulations relating to the Inland Commerce thereof, to proceed in the Vice Admiralty for the forfeitures, fines, and penalties thereby incurred, but that the same may be sued for and prosecuted as effectually as the case may require, in either of His Majesty's Courts of Common-Pleas.

Provided always that nothing in this Ordinance contained shall be in force until His Majesty shall have signified his approbation of the same.

DORCHESTER.

Anno Tricesimo Georgii Tertii Regis.

CHAP. III.²

An ACT or ORDINANCE,

For securing more effectually the Toll of the bridge over the river St. Charles, near Quebec.

WHEREAS Nathaniel Taylor, John Coffin, William Lindsay, David Lynd, Peter Stuart, Chas. Stewart, and James Johnston, Esquires, and Ralph Gray, and John Purss, Gentlemen, all of the Province of Quebec, have lately obtained His Majesty's Letters Patent to construct a Bridge over the River St. Charles, near the city of Quebec, Whereby they are authorized to exact, collect, and receive

¹ Quebec Gazette, 22nd April, 1790.
² Quebec Gazette, 22nd April, 1790.
the several Tolls herein after mentioned, for passing the same, that is to say, for every calesh, chaise or cart, loaden or empty drawn by one horse and for the driver, four pence; for the same with two horses and driver, six pence; for every horse and person riding the same, two pence; for every foot passenger, one half penny; for every ox, cow, or horned cattle, two pence; for every calf, sheep or swine, passing on foot, one half penny; and so in proportion for a greater number: And whereas it is apprehended that other and different articles, not comprized in the said Letters Patent, may require to be transported over the said Bridge, and for which it is proper to ascertain a certain fixed rate; Be it Enacted and Ordained by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the Justices of the Peace for the District of Quebec, in their Quarter Sessions, may, and they are hereby authorized, from time to time, to fix a Toll for all and every Carriage or kind of Cattle which may be required to pass over the said Bridge, as are not enumerated in the said Letters Patent or Ordinance, as herein before mentioned. And the said Patentees, and their several Heirs, Executors and Administrators, are hereby authorised to exact, collect, and receive not only the Toll specified in the said Letters Patent and Ordinance referred to, but also such Toll as shall at any time, and from time to time be fixed by the Justices in their Quarter Sessions as aforesaid during the term granted by the said Letters Patent.

And Whereas the laudable Undertaking of the Patentees in the construction of the said Bridge, tending to promote His Majesty’s service, and conducing to the manifest advantage of His Majesty’s Subjects in the city of Quebec, and the vicinity thereof, requires encouragement and protection; It is hereby further enacted by the same authority, that no person or persons whatsoever shall, at any time hereafter during the term granted by the said Letters Patent, erect or cause to be erected any Bridge, or use or erect any Ferry Boat or Canoe for the passing or conveying, or shall in any manner pass or convey, for lucre and gain, any person or persons or any of the articles enumerated in the said Letters Patent, or those to be ascertained by the Justices in their Quarter Sessions as aforesaid, over the said River St. Charles, between the North-West boundary of the land the property of the Honorable William Grant, Esq. and the North-East boundary of the lands of the Ladies of the General Hospital; and if at any time any person or persons shall, for lucre or gain, pass, transport, or convey any person or persons, or any of the articles specified in the said Letters Patent, or to be ascertained by the Justices in their Quarter Sessions as aforesaid, during the time the said Patentees shall enjoy the same, such offender shall, for every offence, forfeit the sum of ten shillings, recoverable by complaint before any one or more Justices of the Peace, and to be levied by warrant of distress under his or their hand and seal, one half of which forfeiture shall be paid to the Receiver General for the Use of His Majesty, and the other half to the person suing for the same.

DORCHESTER.
Anno Tricesimo Georgii Tertii Regis.

CHAP. IV.¹

An ACT or ORDINANCE,

For preventing Cattle from going at large, or l'Abandon des Animaux.

WHEREAS it has been represented by many respect able inhabitants of the Districts of Quebec and Montreal, that the usage or custom of allowing Cattle to go at large in the fall and spring of the year, known under the name of l'Abandon des Animaux, is hurtful to improvement and Agriculture, Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council of this Province, and by the authority of the same it is hereby enacted and ordained, that from and after the first day of September next, the aforesaid custom known by the name of the Abandon, shall be abolished; that the fences shall be kept up and maintained at all seasons of the year; nor shall it be lawful for any person, at any time, to break down the fences that separate his and his neighbour's lands, or the lands of any other person, or let his Horses, horned cattle, sheep, goats or hogs trespass on individuals, or stray in the public high-roads; any usage to the contrary notwithstanding. And if any neat cattle, goat or sheep be taken in trespass, or straying in the public high-way, the proprietor thereof, over and above the damage which may be recovered in due course of law, shall incur a fine of one shilling for each neat cattle or goat, and three pence for each sheep.

And any cattle taken in trespass may be detained until reclaimed by the owner thereof, and the reasonable charges of maintaining them shall be added to the damage done, together with all costs of suit, and execution shall issue against the defendants goods and chattels for the amount thereof. Provided always that the person detaining any such cattle shall have caused the detention of them to be cried or proclaimed at the Church-door of the parish where taken, on the three subsequent Sundays after their detention, immediately after divine service if the owner does not claim them at the first or second crying.

And be it enacted by the same authority, that any person or persons who shall break any fence, or tread down any growing corn, or hemp, or flax, or pulse, or growing vegetable for the sustenance of man, or enter upon any hay-field, while the grass for hay is growing thereon, shall incur and pay a fine of two shillings and sixpence, over and above the damage which may be recovered by the proprietor thereof for every such trespass in due course of law.

And be it enacted by the same authority, that every injury and damage which shall be sustained by every such straying or trespass as beforementioned, may be used and recovered in the Court of Common-Pleas of the district, or other Court for the trial of small causes in the circle where the same shall be incurred or sustained, and may be ascertained upon the oath of one or more credible witness not interested in the damage sustained. And the fines imposed by

¹ Quebec Gazette, 22nd April, 1790.
this act may likewise be sued in either of the aforementioned Courts, And one half of every fine adjudged under the same shall belong to His Majesty, and the other half to the informer, upon whose oath without other proof, being a credible witness, the same may be sued and adjudged, any law regulation, usage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

DORCHESTER.

Anno Tricesimo Georgii Tertii Regis.

CHAP. V.¹

AN ACT OR ORDINANCE,

To form a New District between the Districts of Quebec and Montreal, and for regulating the same Districts.

WHEREAS divers inconveniences arise by the immoderate extent of the said Districts of Quebec and Montreal, and earnest requests for relief are made by the inhabitants on both sides of Three Rivers, in the middle distances between the cities of Quebec and Montreal:

Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is accordingly hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that the district of Quebec shall extend no farther West-ward than to the Eastern line of the seigniory of Dor- villier, and along the course of the same to the Northern boundary of the Province, on the North side of the St. Laurence, and to the Eastern line of the seigniory of Le Bequet, and along the course of the same to the Southern boundary of the Province on the South side of the St. Laurence; nor the District of Montreal farther East-ward than to the Western line of the seigniory of Masquinongé, and along the course thereof to the Northern boundary of the Province on the North side of the St. Laurence, and to the Western line of the seigniory of Yamaska, and along the course thereof to the Southern boundary of the Province on the South side of the St. Laurence; and that all the intermediate country, between the said Districts of Quebec and Montreal shall be henceforth separated therefrom and be a New District, and be called the district of Three Rivers, and that the chief or County town thereof shall be the Town of Three Rivers.

And be it enacted by the same authority, That as soon as the said New District of Three Rivers shall be organized in the manner of the said Districts of Quebec and Montreal, by like Courts and Judicatures, Magistrates, Commissioners, Offices and Officers, it shall enjoy all the like privileges and benefits, and be subject to the like burdens and service, now common to the said Districts of Quebec and Montreal, of which it was a part, except in such cases as the same shall be varied from by this Act or Ordinance, or such as may be hereafter for such purpose enacted.

Provided always, and be it also enacted, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to affect, alter or change the state of any suit or action that may be pending before any Court of Judi-

¹ Quebec Gazette, 23th April, 1790.
similar powers vested in the courts of the new districts with those of Quebec and Montreal.

Proviso.

Two sessions in the year.

Sessions of the Court of Common Pleas for Quebec.

Sessions of the Common Pleas for Montreal.

Powers of the Court of Appeals over the new district.

The Governor to designate places for holding courts of justice there, and the goal,

and, with the Council, to provide for the police of the town of Three Rivers.

cature of either of the said Districts of Quebec or Montreal, but that the same may be proceeded upon, to the final determination of the same, and to judgment, and the execution thereof, to all intents and purposes as if this Act had never been made.

And be it also enacted by the same authority, that the Courts, Offices, and Officers, to be established and constituted for the said New District, shall have all the powers and authorities of the like Courts, Offices and Officers in either of the said Old Districts of Quebec and Montreal, and be subject to the same Laws, Rules and Regulations in all cases whatsoever.

Provided always, and be it also enacted, That the Court of Common Pleas to be erected in the said New District, shall hold but Two Sessions in the Year, viz. One commencing the first Tuesday of February and the other commencing the first Tuesday of August, and each continuing for eight days, (except Sundays and Holy-days) which are not to be counted for Law-days.

And the better to enable the Judges of all the said Districts to officiate on the Bench of each, and that the business may be the more conveniently attended in the Courts of all of them, Be it also enacted by the same authority, that the Sessions of the Court of Common Pleas for the District of Quebec, shall commence and be the first fifteen days (Sundays and Holy-Days excepted) in the months of January and July, and the last fifteen days of March and September, yearly, and that the Session for the Court of Common Pleas for the District of Montreal shall commence and be the last fifteen days of February, May, August and November, yearly, Sundays and Holy-Days excepted.

And be it also enacted by the same authority, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to exempt the proceedings and Judgments of the Common Pleas of the said New District from the Powers and authorities of the Court of Appeals, and all Laws and Ordinances heretofore made and binding upon the Common Pleas of the Districts of Quebec and Montreal, and the course of practice thereof, shall as effectually bind the Common Pleas of the said New District and all Officers and others, as if the said District had been especially named or included in any Law or Ordinance with the said Districts of Quebec and Montreal.

And be it also enacted by the same authority, That until future provision be made by Laws for that purpose to be passed, it shall be lawful for the Governor or Commander in Chief, for the time being, to designate, set apart, and appoint a place or places for holding the Courts of the said New District, and the Gaol or Prisons for the confinement and punishment of prisoners, as well in Civil as in Criminal cases, and for the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, by and with the advice of His Majesty's Council, to take Order to provide for the better police and government of the said town of Three Rivers, to the intent that the same town may be regulated, as nearly as the condition and circumstances thereof will permit, in the manner now used and practised in the said Cities of Quebec and Montreal, and that such temporary orders and regulations to be directed and made by Proclamation under the Great Seal, shall be as binding upon all Officers and others, as if the same were particularly and specially hereby enacted and declared.
And to provide against any unforeseen casualties that may impede the administration of the public Justice to be administered in the said Courts of Common Pleas, Be it also enacted that nothing herein before declared respecting the terms of the sittings of the said Courts of Common Pleas in either of the said Districts, shall be construed to abridge the Prerogative of the Crown in the adjournment of the said Terms or either of them, but that it shall and may be lawful to fix and limit the same at such days and times as the Governor, for the time being, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Council may ordain and declare by Proclamation under the Great Seal.

DORCHESTER.

Anno Tricesimo Georgii Tertii Regis.

CHAP. VI.

AN ACT OR ORDINANCE.

More effectually to prevent the Desertion of Seamen from the Merchants Service.

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and be it enacted by the authority of the same, that whenever any marriner shall desert from the ship or vessel to which he belongs, contrary to the articles by which he may be bound in pursuance of the statute in that case made and provided, it shall be lawful to proceed against him in the manner by the said statute directed, and to commit him to the common gaol, where he shall be detained as effectually as if the same was such house of correction as by the said statute is intended, and that the keeper of the said gaol shall be compellable to receive and detain such marriner under the penalties to which the keeper of a house of correction may be liable on a commitment under the said statute, until such marriner shall be delivered by the due course of law.

And be it also enacted by the same authority that no person shall knowingly aid, countenance, harbour, or conceal any such deserting marriner under the penalty of twenty shillings for every twenty-four hours such marriner shall continue to be so harboured or concealed, which said penalty shall be recoverable summarily before any one Justice of the Peace, and be paid one half to his Majesty's Receiver-General, for the use of the Crown, and the other moiety to him who shall sue and prosecute for the same.

DORCHESTER.

1 Quebec Gazette, 29th April, 1790.
Anno Tricesimo Georgii Tertii Regis.

CHAP. VII.

AN ACT OR ORDINANCE.

To amend "An Act or Ordinance for preventing Accidents by Fire," passed in the Seventeenth Year of His Majesty's Reign.

WHEREAS by an Ordinance of this Province, passed in the seventeenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled, "An Ordinance for preventing accidents by Fire," it is amongst other things enacted, that the overseers of chimneys shall cause every chimney made use of in the towns, and suburbs of the towns in which they are overseers, to be swept and scraped as high as possible, once in every month, and shall receive six pence from the occupier of the house to which such chimney belongs, for each chimney to swept," And Whereas several poor inhabitants, occupiers of apartments in the small houses of the suburbs of St. Roc, have represented their inability to pay the charge aforesaid, For the relief of all such poor, Be it enacted by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after the Publication of this Ordinance, if any overseer of chimneys in the Province, while in the receipt of an allowance from the Government thereof, for sweeping the chimneys of the poor Gratis, shall take or receive or cause to be taken or received by any person whatsoever, any reward or emolument for sweeping the chimney of any poor occupier of any small house, or apartment, in the towns or suburbs thereof, if such poor person shall produce to the said overseer, or to his agent or sweepers, a certificate of his poverty, signed by any curate or minister, or by a Magistrate of the town or parish of which he is ordinarily an inhabitant, every such overseer and his agent, shall incur a fine of five shillings, for every such offence, one half to His Majesty, and the other half to the use of the poor person, or any other person, who shall prosecute for the same, any act, regulation or authority to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be further enacted by the same authority that after the Publication of this Ordinance it shall not be lawful for any overseer of chimneys to take or receive more than three pence for sweeping, or causing to be swept, any chimney in any house, in the suburbs of the towns of Quebec or Montreal, which in height does not exceed a ground floor and garret, or to insist on sweeping the same more than once in two months if the proprietor or occupier does not acquiesce therein, any law, regulation or authority to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it enacted by the same authority, that all fines and forfeitures that shall be incurred in virtue of this Ordinance, shall be sued for and recovered in the same time, and in the same manner, with the same right of appeal, as if incurred under the Ordinance above-recited, of which no part is to be construed as altered or changed, other than as in this Ordinance expressed or set forth.

DORCHESTER.

1 Quebec Gazette, 29th April, 1790.
Anno Tricesimo Georghi Tertii Regis,

CHAP. VIII.¹

AN ACT OR ORDINANCE,

For the better Preservation and due Distribution of the Ancient French Records:

WHEREAS there are several hundred volumes of Papers, Manuscripts and Records, very interesting to such of the inhabitants of this Province, as hold property under Titles acquired prior to the conquest, which ought so to be disposed of, as to give a cheap and easy access to them; and it is expedient that they be kept in a state of preservation and safety, and that measures be pursued to make them known and useful; And whereas the ancient records of the district of Montreal require a speedy attention to preserve them from danger and ruin, and the erection of the New District of Three Rivers, separated from the Districts of Quebec and Montreal renders it necessary to restore to the said District of Three Rivers, such of the Public Records as may be found elsewhere and more immediately concern the inhabitants of the said District of Three Rivers: Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that it shall and may be lawful, for the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, by and with the advice of the Council, to make orders from time to time touching the arrangement, removal, digesting, printing, publishing, distributing, preserving and disposing of the same papers, manuscripts, and records, or any parcel thereof; and every person possessed of any of the said papers, manuscripts, and records, anciently appurtenant to any Public Office or deposit prior to the conquest, who shall surrender the same, as by such order may be required, shall be as justifiable therefor in the law, as if the same were delivered up in pursuance of any act or Ordinance for such purpose specially made and provided.

And it shall be as unlawful for any person possessed of any such public paper, manuscript or record, to with-hold or detain the same contrary to such order, as if the same was with-held and detained against any Act or Ordinance of the Legislature, expressly commanding the surrender and restitution of the same, to the proper Office to which the same might belong or appertain.

DORCHESTER.

¹Quebec Gazette, 29th April, 1790.
Anno Tricesimo Georgii Tertii Regis.

CHAP. IX.¹

AN ORDINANCE.

To prevent for a limited Time the Exportation of Biscuit, Flour or Meal of any kind, also of Wheat, Pease, Barley, Rye and Oats.

WHEREAS, from the quantity of wheat and other grain in the Province, a scarcity of bread, so necessary for the sustenance of the people, may be apprehended, if the exportation of wheat, pease, barley, rye, oats, biscuit, flour or meal, be not prevented for a limited time: Be it enacted by His Excellency the Governor, by and with the consent of the Legislative Council of this Province, and by the authority of the same it is hereby enacted and ordained, that after the publication of this Ordinance no person or persons whatsoever, shall directly, or indirectly, export, carry or convey, or cause to be exported, carried or conveyed out of this Province, or shall load on board of any ship, vessel or boat, in order to be carried, conveyed and transported out of this Province, any wheat, pease, biscuit, barley, rye, oats, flour or meal of any kind. Provided always that this Ordinance, or any thing therein contained shall not extend to prohibit the exportation or carrying out of this Province, such or so much of all or any of the several articles of provision above specified, for the victualling of such ships and vessels trading to and from this Province, as shall be necessary for the support of the crew and passengers of the same, or for the support of any horses, cattle, or other live stock on board such ship or vessel for their respective voyages only, or to prevent, hinder or restrain the transporting and sending to the several fisheries within this Province, or to the King’s posts, such provisions as may be necessary for the support of the same, the masters of all such ships and vessels that pass sea-ward from the Port of Quebec or the shippers of the several provisions, or the owners thereof, having first complied with the directions respecting such exportation as are hereinafter contained.

Be it enacted by the same authority, that all masters of vessels, merchants or their agents, or whoever may have the direction of clearing from the Custom-House or Ports within this Province any ship or vessel to depart from the same, laden with such provisions as herein before specified, to any of the fisheries or fishing posts below Quebec and within the Province or the posts as aforesaid, or shall have occasion to take in such provisions for the use of the crew and passengers of any ship or vessel trading to or from this Province, that such masters of ships or vessels, or such merchants and others as aforesaid, shall before lading on board any such ship or vessel any such provisions as aforesaid, make an entry with the Naval-officer or his Deputy, of the several quantities and qualities of the provisions above specified which may be necessary or permitted to be laden on board, and that such master of such ship or vessel shall obtain a clearance, Licence and permit from the Naval Officer or his Deputy to take on board and transport the same.

¹ Quebec Gazette, 29th April, 1790.
Provided always and it is hereby enacted, that the masters of all such ships and vessels shall previous to their obtaining such permit and clearance, make oath before the Naval-Officer or his Deputy (who are hereby authorized to administer the same) that such provisions entered for the ship’s use are bona fide for the use and support of the crew and passengers of the same, and that for such provisions as may be shipped for the support of the fisheries and fishing-posts dependant on this Province below Quebec, he the said master the owner or shipper shall enter into bond to His Majesty, his heirs and successors, with two good and sufficient sureties, in a penal sum to the full amount of the value of such provisions so to be entered and shipped, on condition that the whole shall be duly carried and conveyed to the port or place specified in the entry and there landed, and that no part thereof shall be exported or landed in any other port or place out of the limits of this Province. And it is hereby ordained and declared, that a service of process against such person or persons shall be liable to the penalties and forfeitures secured by such bond, whether present or absent shall be deemed good service, if left with, or notified to, all or any of the persons so becoming security as aforesaid, and that it shall not be in any respect necessary to proceed to a discussion of the person or persons adjudged to pay such penalties or forfeitures, but that the persons so bound as aforesaid, shall be immediately answerable for the same, any law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it enacted by same authority, that whosoever shall contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, ship or load or cause to be shipped or laden, on board of any ship, vessel or boat all or any of the articles of provision herein before mentioned, without having previously complied with the several clauses, terms and conditions of this Ordinance shall for every such offence be liable respectively to the penalty and forfeiture of the sum of one hundred pounds, besides the forfeiture of the provisions so shipped or laden, and the ship, vessel, or boat, in which such provisions shall be shipped or laden as aforesaid, contrary to this Ordinance, is hereby made liable and answerable ad valorem for the penalties hereby imposed, and may be lawfully seized and sold for payment of the same. And be it enacted by the same authority that the Naval Officer or his Deputy shall have full power and authority to enter on board any ship or vessel, and the same and every part thereof, to search and examine, and after having with all diligence ascertained the quantity of provisions so illegally laden and the same cause to be brought on shore, which he is hereby authorized to do, lawfully may seize and hold in his or their custody every ship or vessel on board of which may be laden any provisions contrary to this Ordinance, and the same retain until judgment of law be made on the premises. Provided always that the said Naval Officer, or his Deputy, shall release and give up such ship or vessel so seized upon the Owner or Master entering into bond with two good and sufficient sureties in a sum adequate to the penalties and forfeitures hereby imposed to the said Naval Officer or his Deputy, to answer the prosecution and to make good the judgment of law against such Master, Owner or Shipper for having acted contrary or neglected to comply with this Ordinance.

And be it enacted by the same authority, That the Naval Officer or his Deputy or Deputies; who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to take the entry, oath and security above-mentioned, or who may grant
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Penalties for neglect in him.

Prosecutions.

Forfeitures how to be divided.

This Ordinance to be in force for one year.

The Governor, with the advice of His Majesty's Council, may after the 15th of August take off the Embargo, in whole, or in part.

any clearance of any ship or vessel, before having taken such entry, oath, and security, or who shall neglect or refuse to perform the several duties by this Ordinance required, shall be liable to and have judgment against him or them for the same penalties, and the value of all such forfeitures as by this Ordinance the Master, Shipper or Owner of such ship or vessel, or the provisions therein laden, would be liable to, for a wilful neglect or refusal to conform to this Ordinance, or the particular duty necessary to be performed as above-mentioned.

Be it enacted by the same authority, That all and every person concerned acting contrary, or refusing or neglecting to conform to this Ordinance, and the penalties and forfeitures imposed as above, shall and may be prosecuted, sued for and recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of record in this province, according to the course and usage of such Courts, for the trial, hearing and judgment of causes, and the forfeitures above-mentioned being recovered, shall be divided and paid one moiety to the Receiver General of the province for the use of His Majesty, and the other moiety to the person who shall inform, sue for, and prosecute the same.

And be it enacted by the same authority, That this Ordinance shall be and remain in force, from the publication of the same, for and during the space of one year, with authority nevertheless to His Excellency the Governor or Comander in Chief for the time being, by and with the advice and consent of His Majesty's Council, at any time from and after the fifteenth day of August next, if they shall think it expedient by proclamation under the Great Seal of the province, to take off the Embargo directed by this Ordinance, on all or any part of such provisions as are therein specified; and the same again in like manner by proclamation, to lay on or continue, reviving the several clauses and conditions of this Ordinance thereby in whole or in part, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

DORCHESTER.
Pass  
11th April, 1791.  
J. WILLIAMS,  
C.L.C.

Anno Tricesimo Primo GEORGI Tertii Regis.  

CHAP. I.  

AN ACT,  

To explain and amend the Act intituled, "An Act or Ordinance for "promoting the Inland Navigation," and to promote the Trade to the Western Country.

WHEREAS it is expedient to the prosperity of the Commerce which it was the intention of the said Ordinance to encourage, that it be unclogged with any unnecessary impediments, Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that the Oath to the manifest of the Cargo of such vessels trading to the Western Countries which by the said Act are required to have Registers, shall suffice as to such Articles as are not shipped upon the private Account of the Chief Navigator, if he shall swear that the quantities and qualities are in his Manifest stated according to his Bills of Lading, and that the Manifest doth express the whole thereof according to the best of his knowledge and belief, and likewise every article of trade on his private account or on account of any person whatsoever.  

And be it further enacted by the same Authority, that as often as the vessel may be seized for not being documented as by the Act is required, it shall not expose to confiscation either the Vessel or her Apparel and Furniture, or the Property therein, of any of the Shippers not being privy thereto or concerned therein, provided they shall respectively be His Majesty's good and faithful Subjects, residing within His Dominions.  

But for the prevention of Frauds in the Navigation and Commerce aforesaid, Be it further enacted by the same Authority, that as often as any Vessel shall be found sailing on the interior Lakes or Rivers, from any Part of His Majesty's Territories, not documented as by Law directed, the Captain or Chief Navigator shall not only be answerable to all and every Person and Persons who may receive Loss and Damage thereby, but shall incur a Penalty of Two Hundred Pounds to His Majesty, to be sued for and recovered in any Court of Justice within this Province, one third of which forfeiture shall belong to the Person or Persons suing for the same; And for the more secure recovery thereof, such Captain or Chief Navigator shall be detained and imprisoned until he shall have entered into recognizance in double the said Penalty, with two sufficient Surties in the Judgment of one of the Judges of the Common Pleas of the District of the Port, Post or Place to which he may be brought, personally to appear in the Court of King's Bench, within one Year from the Date of such Recognizance, there to answer to any Suit to be brought against him for the said Penalty, and to abide the Judgment of the said Court.

1 Quebec Gazette, 14th April, 1791.
And be it also enacted by the same Authority, that whenever the Court, before which any proceedings may be had for any such Seizure or Penalty, shall give Judgment for the acquittal of the acquittal of the property seized, or the discharge of the Party prosecuted, but shall at the same time cause to be entered in the Minutes of the Court, that the Prosecutor had reasonable cause for making the Seizure or commencing the same Suit, the Owner or Defendant shall not recover any Damages or Costs against any Persons concerned in such Seizure or Prosecution.

And to the end that the Trade to the Western Districts and Indian Countries may be free and open to all His Majesty's faithful Subjects in every Part of His Majesty's Inland Dominions and Territories whatsoever, Be it enacted by the same Authority, that from and after the publication of this Act, it shall not be necessary for any of His Majesty's Subjects, carrying on Trade or other stated Residents of this Province, to take out any where or from any Person or Persons any Licence, Pass, Permit or other Writing whatsoever, for going into or trading with the Indians or other inhabitants of the Western Countries, Districts or Counties of this Province, or Territories whatsoever, or for carrying or conveying thither or elsewhere, in Boats, Battuoes or Canoes, Wares or Merchandise, or Provisions, or other effects not specially prohibited, or for returning with the same or any Part thereof, or with the Produce in Bever Furs or Skins, or such other Effects as may be legally carried, transported or imported, nor to subject Traders to take Licences for the sale of Strong Liquors to Indians, except at a fixed Residence in a settled Part of the Province for keeping a House of Public Entertainment, as is required by an Act of Parliament passed in the fourteenth Year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled, "An Act to establish a Fund towards defraying the Charges of the administration of Justice and support of the Civil Government within the Province in America" any Law, Ordinance or Regulation of this Province heretofore made or passed to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided always nevertheless, and be it enacted by the same Authority, that it shall and may be lawful for His Excellency the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, by and with the Advice and Consent of His Majesty's Council, to restrain the Trade and Commerce to any Part or Place of the said Western Countries and Inland Territories, and regulate the same with any of the Indian Tribes or Nations, or other Inhabitants thereof, and likewise to restrain and regulate the sale and distribution of Spirituous Liquors, in all Forts and Garrisons, and other Places where Indians resort, and of Arms, Ammunition and other Warlike or Naval Stores, when and so often as the Public Safety and Peace may require, declaring the same from time to time by Proclamation under the Great Seal.

And in order to prevent the Accidents that happen to Canoes, the Property therein, and the Navigators thereof, in the dangerous Passage down the Rapids of the Outawais or Great River, between the lower Carrying-place of the Chaudiere and the Allumets, by reason of Persons selling Spirituous Liquors to the Canoe-men, thereby intoxicating them, and rendering them incapable to conduct and manage the Canoes in the said Rapids, to the great Injury of the Trade, and the risk of the lives of the Navigators, Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that every Person who shall be convicted
before any one or more Justices of the Peace, upon the Oath of the Informer and one more credible Witness, of having sold or given any Spirituous Liquors to any Canoe-men in his Passage down the Outa-wais or Great River, between the lower Carrying-place of the Chaudiere and the Place called the Allumets, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and lose the benefit of his Licence if any he has for selling Spirituous Liquors, which Penalty may be sued and recovered summarily before one or more Justices of the Peace and applied as aforesaid.

And whereas it is made Penal to settle in the Indian Villages without Licence, by an Act or Ordinance of this Province passed in the seventeenth Year of His Majesty’s Reign, entitled, “An Ordinance “to prevent the selling of Strong Liquors to Indians in the province “of Quebec, as also to deter Persons from buying their Arms or “Cloathing, and for other Purposes relative to the Trade and Inter-“course with the said Indians,”—Be it further enacted by the same Authority, that nothing in the said Act shall be deemed to affect such as are lawfully employed in the Inland Commerce or such as resort to this Province with the Intention bona fide of settling the Waste Lands of the Crown, and who are in the course to conform to the Regulations by the Government for that Purpose made and established, and shall so declare upon Oath when thereunto required, or to any other His Majesty’s liege Subjects, but to such only as not being His Majesty’s Subjects shall arrive at any Port, Post or Place where any Magistrate may reside, and shall not within twenty-four hours thereafter take the Oath of Allegiance to the British Crown, being required, and shall refuse to take the Oath in this Clause first aforesaid, such Defaulter shall incur a Penalty of Ten Pounds, and may be committed and proceeded against as concerned in illicit Trade.

Provided always nevertheless, that it shall be lawful to all Persons to pass and repass any Part of this Province, with a Permission under the Signature of such Person as shall be authorized to grant the same, by any Instrument to be issued by the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, under his Hand and Seal at Arms, such Person conforming to the Conditions, Regulations and Terms in his Permission prescribed or expressed.

Provided also, that nothing in this or the afore-mentioned Act shall be construed to extend to any Vessel navigating without a Manifest, Pass or Clearance, from the Head of the Bay of Quinty, or any other Part of the District of Luneburg, and not passing beyond the Islands called the Grande Isle, and Isle of Tonty, to the Southward and Eastward.

DORCHESTER.
Quebec Gazette, 14th April, 1791.
shall be kept secret, as well as the Depositions returned therewith, until the Order of two Judges of the Court be given for the Publication thereof; and in Default of joining in such Commission, the same may issue to the Commissioners named by the Party moving for and having the carriage thereof.

And be it also enacted by the same Authority, that whenever such Commission shall be executed according to the Tenor thereof, and conformable to such Instructions as the Judges granting the same may under their Signatures order and direct, to be annexed thereto, for the better Execution thereof the Proofs and Depositions returned therewith shall be as valid as if rendered in open Court in due form of Law, and every such Commission may be granted in the Vacation, by two Judges of the Court, after reasonable Notice to and due hearing of the opposite Party or his Attorney or Counsel, and it shall not be denied to any Party requesting the same, whenever such cause shall be shown therefor as would be sufficient by the Law as it now stands for issuing a Commission rogatoire, for taking such Proofs and Testimony as could not be obtained within the Jurisdiction of the Court in which the Suit or Action may be Instituted.

Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the Court from proceeding in the Cause, and to determine the same, without a return of the Commission, whenever it shall appear that the same Commission was issued merely for delay, or that the return thereof is suspended for a longer Period than Justice and Equity may require, nor to give the Proofs and Depositions so to be obtained by Commission, any greater Authenticity and Admissibility than they would have or be intitled to upon the offer of them in open Court.

DORCHESTER.

Anno Tricesimo Primo GEORGE Tertiī Regis.

CHAP. III.1

AN ACT,

To Continue and Amend an Act passed in the Seventeenth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled "An Ordinance to impower the Commissioners of the Peace to regulate the Police in the towns of Quebec and Montreal for a limited time."

WHEREAS the Province has lately become divided into several New Districts and is increased in the Number of its Inhabitants, and further Provision is necessary for the internal Regulation of its rising Towns and Villages in all the several Districts, as well as in the principal Cities or Towns of Quebec and Montreal; Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority of the same, that the Powers given by any former Ordinance to the Commissioners of the Peace, to make Rules and Orders touching the Police of the towns of Quebec and Montreal, shall henceforth be vested in such Commissioners, and where there are Circles with Courts of Request in the Majority of the Commissioners of the Peace and of the Judges of the Court of Request convened for such Purpose.

1 Quebec Gazette, 14th April, 1791.
And be it also enacted by the same Authority, that the Rules and Orders so to be made, may extend to any City, Town or Village of the District to which it belongs, and for which they shall be declared to be intended, if the Object of Regulation shall be of the nature of that internal Polity appropriate to Cities and Towns, and respect Streets, Lanes, Alleys, Markets, Water-courses, Drains, Nuisances, the Health of the Inhabitants, prevention of Accidents by Fire, the Assize of Bread, the due exercise of the necessary Trades of Butchers, Bakers, and other necessary Occupations, Sign-posts, Cartmen and their Carriages, Pumps, Wells, Fish, Game and Provisions, and such other Objects as are mentioned in the Regulations made by the Commissioners or Justices of the Peace of Quebec of the Month of April in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and eighty, and not repugnant to any Law or Ordinance of the Province, nor to the Duties of any of the public Officers thereof, every of which said Rules and Orders shall be valid for no longer Period than Six Months from the Publication thereof, unless the same shall be continued or revived and published, by a subsequent Order or Regulation in like manner limited and regularly made and ordained.

And be it further enacted by the same Authority, that every Rule, Order and Regulation of Police to be made under the Limitations and Restrictions above-mentioned, shall be as valid and binding in the Law as if the same was specially enacted by an Ordinance of the Provincial Legislature, and that the same, being duly made, may be enforced and carried into Execution by the infliction of Penalties upon Offenders, and in every Instance exceeding Forty Shillings shall be recovered with Costs, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any Court of Record, one Moiety whereof shall belong to the Informer prosecuting for the same, and the Remainder be paid into His Majesty's Treasury for the use of the Crown; and where the Penalty shall not exceed Forty Shillings it shall be recoverable summarily, before a single Judge of the Common Pleas, as in Causes where the Demand shall be of Ten Pounds Sterling and under, and be divided and applied in the manner afore-mentioned; And that the Ordinance first above-mentioned and the last Act or Ordinance to continue the same, shall be of Force for and during the continuance of this present Act.

Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted by the same Authority, that the Power of establishing Regulations of Police, shall extend to no Town or Village with fewer inhabited Houses than thirty, nor unless the Regulation of the Police thereof shall be desired by a Majority of the Heads of the Families in such Houses, under their Signatures before a Notary, filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Peace of the District, and that no such Regulation for any Town or Village in future, shall bind any Inhabitant without the Precinct of such Town or Village aforementioned. Provided also that nothing in this Ordinance contained shall be construed to authorize the Assessment of any Fine or Penalty exceeding Five Pounds.

DORCHESTER.
Anno Tricesimo Primo Georgii Tertii Regis.

CHAP. IV.¹

An ACT,

To continue an Act intitled, "An Ordinance for regulating all such Persons as keep Horses and Carriages to let and hire for the accommodation of Travellers, commonly called and known by the Name of Maitres de Poste."

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority of the same, That the said Ordinance be continued until the first of May One thousand seven hundred and ninety-three.

DORCHESTER.

Anno Tricesimo Primo Georgii Tertii Regis.

CHAP. V.²

An ACT,

To prevent Obstructions to the Inland Commerce on the death of a Superintendent.

WHEREAS mischiefs may happen for want of a person on the spot to furnish the Documents required for Vessels by the Act intitled, "An Ordinance for promoting the Inland Navigation," passed in the twenty-eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, whenever there may be a Vacancy in the Office authorized to grant the same, Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority of the same, that whenever the Office of Superintendent for granting such Documents shall become vacant, by the death of the Patentee, and until the same shall be filled up by a new appointment, the same may be executed by any Justice of the Peace for the District where such Vacancy shall happen, and all the Acts of such Justice shall have the same force and effect in the Law as if he was thereunto appointed under the Great Seal of the Province, until such Vacancy shall be provided for by a new Patent in the manner directed by the said Ordinance.

DORCHESTER.

¹ Quebec Gazette, 5th May, 1791.
² Quebec Gazette, 5th May, 1791.
Anno Tricesimo Primo Georghi Tertii Regis.

CHAP. VI.\(^1\)

AN ACT,

Or Ordinance concerning the building and repairing of Churches, Parsonage Houses, and Church-yards.

WHEREAS doubts have arisen respecting the authority of the Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas in this province to ratify and homologate the Resolutions and Determinations of the Inhabitants thereof at their parish meetings, for the purpose of building and repairing Churches and Parsonage Houses, by reason whereof it becomes necessary to promulgate and make known to His Majesty's subjects the Laws, Usages, and Customs respecting the same; Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority of the same, that whenever it shall become expedient to form Parishes or build or repair Churches or Parsonage Houses or Cemeteries, the same course shall be pursued as was requisite before the conquest, according to the Laws and Customs at that time in force and practice, and that the Bishop or Superintendent of the Romish Churches for the time being, shall have and exercise the rights of the then Bishop of Canada for the purposes afore-mentioned, and that such rights as were then in the Crown of France and exercised by the Intendant and Provincial Government of that day, shall be considered as vested in the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, except so far as may relate to the Compelling of the payment of the Assessments and Repartitions for the construction and repair of Churches, Presbyteries and Cemeteries, and all disputes relative to the same, shall be recognizable in any of His Majesty's Courts for Civil Causes to the amount of the matter in controversy.

Provided always, and be it also enacted by the same Authority, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to bring any of His Majesty's subjects of any Protestant denomination whatsoever, or any other person than such as shall be of the Roman Catholic communion into charge for any of the purposes afore-mentioned, or into any manner of compulsory contribution to the support of the communion of the Church of Rome.

And be it also enacted by the same Authority, that if at any time heretofore Repartitions and Assessments shall have been made for the purposes afore-mentioned, and not strictly according to the Law and Custom anterior to the conquest, no new suit or action shall be maintained on the ground of such variation from the ancient course; provided always that as to any action or suit actually pending in any Court, the same shall proceed as though this Act had never been passed.

And whereas it appears necessary for the tranquility of His Majesty's subjects in this province to regulate a fixed mode of proceeding in every case respecting the construction or repairation of

\(^1\) Quebec Gazette, 5th May, 1791.
How the Inhabitants are to proceed.

Churches, Presbyteries or Cimitaries, Be it further enacted by the said Authority, that whenever it shall become expedient to build or repair any Church, Presbyteries or Cimitaries a majority of the Inhabitants residing in or having lands in the parish, shall present a Petition to the Bishop or Superintendent of the Romish Church, who, after a view of the place by himself or his Substitute, will issue his mandate or permission to proceed to the building or reparations required, fixing the situation, when it is a new Church, and principal dimensions of the Edifice; this being obtained, a majority of the Inhabitants as aforesaid, shall present a Petition to the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, praying his permission to assemble the parishioners and proceed to the election of three or more Sindics by a majority of the voices of the Inhabitants so assembled, being residents in the parish, the permission of the Governor or Commander in Chief being obtained, and the Election of the Sindics made in the parish meeting, at which the Curate shall preside, every person so elected Sindic, although he have five children shall be held to accept thereof and execute the duties of the office without reward, except he has such other legal objection as would excuse him from accepting the Charge of Guardian to Minors, or of Curator agreeable to the Laws and Usages observed in this province prior to the conquest; the Sindics so elected shall present a Petition to the Governor or Commander in Chief to obtain his Confirmation of their election, and for being authorized to make a State and Estimate of the Expense to which the proposed buildings or repairs may amount; and also an Act of repartition or state of what each individual possessing land in the parish shall be held to pay and furnish, which Estimate and Repartition shall by the Sindics be laid before the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being for his order thereon.

And be it further enacted, that the Trust herein before vested in the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, may be executed by such person or persons as he may for that purpose name and constitute.

Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to diminish any Signiorial rights whatsoever.

DORCHESTER.

Anno Tricesimo Primo Georgii Tertii Regis.

CHAP. VII.

An ACT.

Or Ordinance to reward Samuel Hopkins, and Angus Macdonell and others, for their Inventions of two new and improved Methods of making Pot and Pearl Ashes.

WHEREAS Samuel Hopkins hath invented an improved process for the making of Pot and Pearl Ashes, and made discovery of the same to the Government by a writing under his hand lodged in the Council-Office towards rewarding him therefor, and to encourage useful inventors, Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor and the Legislative Council, and it is accordingly enacted by

1Quebec Gazette, 23rd June, 1791.
An exclusive privilege granted to Mr. Samuel Hopkins.

the authority of the same. That no person whomsoever shall before
the first day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hun-
dred and ninety-seven, manufacture Pot or Pearl Ashes within this
province in the manner used by the said Samuel Hopkins, and de-
scribed in the writing afore-mentioned, without a written licence
therefor under his hand and seal attested by two credible witnesses;
and whoever shall offend in the premises, shall for every pound weight
of such Pot or Pearl Ashes forfeit the penal sum of ten shillings
with costs of suit, one moiety whereof shall belong to His Majesty
and be paid to the Receiver General, and the other moiety thereof
to such person as shall sue for the same, and be recoverable by action
of debt, bill, plaint, information or otherwise, before any Court,
Judge or Judges having cognizance of causes and controversies to
the amount of the penalty or penalties in demand.

And be it also enacted by the same authority, That the party or
parties offending against this Act shall also be answerable to the said
Samuel Hopkins or his legal representatives or assigns for any
damages by such offence sustained, to be recovered with costs of suit
in any special action to be brought therefor grounded on this Act
or Ordinance.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the same authority,
That no person or persons shall be liable to such penalty or damages
who shall have authority to make Pot or Pearl Ashes under Letters
Patent from His Majesty, tho' the same be made in the manner so
discovered by the said Samuel Hopkins, the burden of the proof
whereof shall lay upon the maker sued or prosecuted for the same,
nor shall this Act be construed to affect any person or persons manu-
facturing Pot or Pearl Ashes according to any other method hereto-
fore used, and not in that method so as afore-mentioned, to have been
discovered by the said Samuel Hopkins.

And whereas a method equally advantageous for manufacturing
Pot Ash has been invented by Angus Macdonell, Alexander Mac-
donell, late Lieutenant in the Corps of Rangers, James Macdonell,
late Ensign in the eighty-fourth Regiment, and Christopher Carter,
assistant Surgeon to the General Hospital, who have lodged the dis-
cover with Government by a writing deposited in the Council-
Office; Be it therefore further enacted by the same authority, That
in reward for the same they shall have the same securities, benefits,
privileges and advantages herein before given to the said Samuel
Hopkins, as fully to all intents and purposes, as if every clause of
this Act herein-before contained, relating to the Invention of the
said Samuel Hopkins had referred to and been expressly made for
the sole benefit of the said Angus Macdonell, Alexander Macdonell,
James Macdonell, and Christopher Carter.

DORCHESTER.
APPENDIX "D"

Catalogue of Pamphlets, Journals and Reports in the Public Archives of Canada, 1611-1867, with Index.
INTRODUCTION.

The addition of a large number of pamphlets to the Library of the Archives since the publication of the "Catalogue of Pamphlets, etc., in the Dominion Archives," published in 1911, has rendered that catalogue, as a work of reference, inadequate.

The wide circulation of that publication awakened a new interest in the pamphlet and placed the Archives in touch with a large number of private collectors in Canada and in the United States, and with many dealers and collectors abroad. The systematic gathering together of a collection of pamphlets dealing with the affairs of early North America and, more particularly with Canada from the earliest times until 1867 was pursued with new vigour, and no opportunity was lost to secure from these collectors and dealers pamphlets not already on the shelves. Many rare and valuable pamphlets were received from the collections of Abbé Dubois, Archdeacon Raymond, Professor Shortt, the late Sir Sandford Fleming, and from many other persons. Such additions increased the number of pamphlets from 1454 in the year 1911, to 2,931 at the beginning of 1916. These, following the form of the 1911 publication, have been arranged in chronological order, and have been numbered as indicated in this catalogue.

In this catalogue the exact title of each pamphlet or report, excepting the epigraph, is given. Where the epigraph is of unusual length it has been abbreviated. In the selection of pamphlets considerable latitude has been taken; many volumes will be found which will exceed the size usually attributed to a pamphlet. In each case, however, the importance of the volume has been considered as sufficient justification for its mention. Likewise in the list of government reports, only those dealing with special subjects have been included. The list has not been designed to serve as a Blue-book Catalogue, hence the regular annual reports of the various public departments have not been mentioned. The index includes references to the author and the chief subjects of each volume.

This volume has been prepared by Mr. Fee, of the Archives Department.

A. G. D.
1611—1649.


3. A Discoverse and Discovery of New-Found-Land, with many reasons to prove how worthy and beneficial a Plantation may there be made, after a far better manner than now it is. Together with the Laying Open of certaine Enormities and abuses committed by some that trade to that Country, and means laide downe for reformation thereof. Written by Captaine Richard Whithourne of Exmouth, in the County of Devon, and published by Authority. Imprinted at London by Felix Kingston, for William Barret. 1620. 8vo., 74 pp.


D'Après la Copie dans le Mercure François Tome 13.


12. The Mapp and Description of New-England; together with a Discourse of Plantation and Collonics: also A relation of the nature of the Climate, and how it agrees with our owne Country England. How neere it lyes to New-Foundland, Virginia, Nova Francia, Canada, and other Parts of the West-Indies.
Written by Sir William Alexander, KNIGHT.


Par le R. P. Isaac Jogues, de la Compagnie de Jésus.
A New York: Dans l'Ancien Niew Netherland (1646)*.

Zach. 4, 10. Who hath despised the day of small things?
Matth. 13, 13. The Kingdom of heaven is like to a graine of mustard seed.
Ibid, verse 33. The Kingdom of heaven is like unto Leven.
London: Printed by Rich. Cotes, for Fulk Clifton and are to bee sold at his shop under Saint Margarettis Church on New-fish-street Hill. 1647.
17. Recueil de pièces sur La Negotiation entre la Nouvelle France et la Nouvelle Angleterre, és années 1648 et suivantes.

1650—1699.

   Neo-Eboraci in insula Manhattan:

19. Qvelques Particvlaritez du pays Des Hvrons en La NOUVELLE FRANCE Remarquées par le Sieur GENDRON, Docteur en Medecine, qui a demeuré dans ce Pays-là fort long-temps.
   Redigées par Jean Baptiste de Recoles, Conseiller & Aumosnier du Roy, & Historiographe de sa Majesté.

20. Traitez de paix conclus entre S. M. LE ROY DE FRANCE et les INDIENS DU CANADA.
   Paix avec les Iroquois de la Nation TsonnontSan. A Quebec le vingt-deuxième May 1666.
   Paix avec les Iroquois de la Nation d’OnneiSt. A Quebec le douzième Juillet 1666.
   Paix avec les Iroquois de la Nation d’Onmontague. Le treisième Decembre, 1666.

21. Relation de ce qui s’est Passé DE PLUS REMARQUABLE AUX MISIONS DES PERES DE la Compagnie de Jesus en la NOUVELLE FRANCE les années 1672 et 1673 Par le R. P. CLAUDE DABLON Recteur du College de Quebec & Superieur des Missions de la Compagnie de Jesus en la Nouvelle France.
   A La NOUVELLE YORK, de la Presse Cramoisy de JEAN-Marie Shea. MDCCCLXI Avec permission* 8vo., 219 pp.

22. Voyage et Découverte de Quelques Pays et Nations de l’Amérique Septentrionale par le P. Marquette et Sr. Joliet. (With map.)

24. **Traité de paix** entre les Couronnes de France et d'Angleterre.
   Condu à Breda le 31 Juillet 1667.

25. **A Commission** for the Well-Governing of our People inhabiting in Newfound-land; or, Trafficking in Bays, Creeks, or fresh Rivers there. 1669. 4to., 2 pp.

26. **An Abstract** of all the STATUTES made Concerning ALIENS TRADING in ENGLAND from the first year of K. Henry the VII. Also, of all the Laws made for Securing our Plantation Trade to our Selves. With Observations thereon, proving that the Jews (in their practical way of Trade at this time) Break them all, to the great Damage of the King in His Customs, the Merchants in their Trade, the whole Kingdom, and His Majesties Plantations in America in their Staple.
   Together with the Hardships and Difficulties the Author hath already met with, in his Endeavouring to find out and Detect the Ways and Methods they take to effect it.
   By Samuel Hayne, sometime *Ryding-Surveyor for His Majesties Customs, and Surveyor for the Act of Navigation in the Counties of Devon and Cornwall.*
   Printed by N. T. for the Author, and are to be Sold by Walter Davis in Amen-Corner, 1685. 8vo., 38 pp.

27. **Traité de Neutralité** conçu à Londres le seiziéme Novembre 1686.
   Entre les Roys de France et d'Angleterre, Touchant les pays des deux Roys en Amerique.
   A Paris, De l'Imprimerie de Frederic Leonard, premier Imprimeur du Roy, de Monseigneur, & seul pour les Finances. M.DCL.XXXVI.
   *Avec privilege de sa Majesté.* 8vo., 12 pp.


29. **Suite de la Vie** du R. P. Pierre Joseph Marie Chaumont, de la Compagnie de Jésus, par un Père de la même Compagnie avec la manière d'oraison du vénérable Père, écrite par lui-même.

   *Traité de Paix entre le Royaume de France et La Republic d'Angleterre, d'Escoose, et d'Irlande.*

31. **Relation de sa Captivité Parmi les Onzehouts en 1690-1.**
   *Par le R. P. Pierre Milet de la Compagnie de Jésus.*
   **Nouvelle-York:** *Presse Cramoisy de Jean-Marie Shea.* M.DCCC.LXIV.* 12mo., 56 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

32. An Account of the Late Action of the New-Englanders, under the Command of Sir William Phips, against the French at Canada. Sent in a letter from Major Thomas Savage of Boston in New England (who was present at the action) to his Brother, Mr. Perez Savage in London.

Together with the Articles of War composed and agreed upon for that purpose. Licenced April 13-1601.

London: Printed for Thomas Jones at the White Horse without Temple-Bar, 1691.

Hyatt's Photographic Reprint, 1891. 8vo., 15 pp.

1700—1709.


34. Relation de la Mission du Mississipi du Seminaire de Québec en 1700. Par M.M. de Montigny, de St Cosme et Thaumur de la Source.


35. Extrait de la Relation des Aventures et Voyage de Mathieu Ságean.


36. The Two Great Questions Considered.

I. What the French King will Do, with Respect to the Spanish Monarchy.

II. What Measures the English ought to Take.


37. A Collection of Several Treaties, &c., since the late Revolution, viz.

I. The Grand Alliance between the Emperor, the King of England, and States General; with the Separate Article for securing the Spanish Succession to the Emperor and his Family.

II. The English Declaration of War against the French King.

III. The Treaty at Rieswic.

IV. The first Treaty of Partition for dividing the Spanish Monarchy in favor of the Electoral Prince of Bavaria. With the French King's and Dauphin's Powers relating thereunto.

V. The Secret Articles relating to the Elector of Bavaria, the Dutchy of Milan, &c.

VI. The Second Treaty of Partition in favor of the Arch-Duke of Austria.

London, Printed in the Year 1701. 8vo., iv+53 pp.


Nouvelle York: De la presse Cramoisy de Jean Marie Shea. MDCCCLXV.* 12mo., 73 pp.


   Written by Mr. Dennis.
   London: printed for George Strahan at the Golden Ball, against the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill; and Bernard Lintott at the Middle-Temple-Gate in Fleetstreet. 1704. Price is. 6d. 8vo., 64 pp.

41. An Account of the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts. Continued to the year of our Lord 1705. Representing what the Society establish'd in England by Royal Charter, hath done since their incorporation June 16, 1701, in Her Majesty's Plantations, Colonies and Factories. As also what they design to do upon further Encouragement from their own Members and other well disposed Christians, either by Annual Subscriptions, present Benefactions or future Legacies.
   London: Printed by Joseph Downing, in Bartholomew-Close near West Smithfield, 1705. 4 folio pp.

42. Scheeps-Tocht Van Johan de Verrazano, Florentyner, Na Florida; Uytgesonden van Francoys de I, Konig van Vrankrijk, om vreemde Landen te ontdekken. In het Jaar 1524.
   Briefs-wijse door den Ontdekker opgesteld, en aan zijn Koninglijcke Majesteyt gesonden.
   Verhalende een Ontdekkings van verscheeye Zeekusten, en Eylanden, met de beschrijving der selver Volkeren, hun Levens-mantier, Dragt, Gedaante, Imborst, Woonplaatsen, Dieren, Vrugten, Zaat-tijd, en alles, war danmerkinge verdient.
   Voor-af gaat een Kort Voor-berigt van de Scheeps-Tochten en Volk-plantingen der Franssen, in het Noordergeelte van America; te weeten in Florida ei Canada; de eerste in het jaar 1524, en soo vervolgens.
   Nu alder-eerst uyt het Frans verlaald.
   Met noodig Register en Konst-Print verrijkt.

43. Remarks upon the Bank of England, with regard more especially to our Trade and Government. Occasioned by the present Discourse concerning the intended Prolongation of the Bank. Humbly addressed to the Honourable House of Commons. By a Merchant of London, and a true Lover of our Constitution.

   To which is added, by way of Appendix, Essays upon Banks, upon Credit and upon Plenty and Scarcity of Money. By a Merchant.

   NOUVELLE-YORK: de la presse Cramoisy de JEAN-MARIE SHEA, MDCCCLXV.* 12mo., 18 pp.

46. Taylour, Joseph. Commander of H.M.S. Litchfield and Commander in chief of Her Majesty's Forces in Newfoundland. Commission to John Collins to be governor and Commander in Chief of the Fort and Harbour of St. John's and all the Sea-Coasts between Ferryland and Carboneer Island. With petition of John Collins and address of the inhabitants of Newfoundland St John's Nfld.: 1709. Single large folio.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1710—1739.

47. The Four Kings of Canada. Being a Succinct Account of the Four Indian Princes lately arriv'd from North America. With a particular Description of their Country, their strange and remarkable Religion, Feasts, Marriages, Burials, Remedies for their Sick, Customs, Manners, Constitution, Habits, Sports, War, Peace, Policy, Hunting, Fishing, Utensils belonging to the Savages, with several other Extraordinary Things worthy Observation, as to the natural or curious Productions, Beauty, or Fertility, of that Part of the World.

Enter'd in the Hall-Book of the Company of Stationers, pursuant to Act of Parliament.


49. Canadicae Missionis Relatio Ab anno 1611 usque ad annum 1613, cum statu ejusdem Missionis,annis 1703 & 1710, Auctore Josepho Juvencio, Societatis Jesu, Sacerdote.


Romæ Ex Typographia Georgii M.D.CC.X.* 12mo., 38 pp.

50. A Vindication of the Prefent M—y, from The Clamours rais'd against them upon occasion of the New Preliminaries.

Whoever would frighten us with the Expence and Tediousness of such a War, either are not sensible of our Danger, or if they are, they draw a poison'd Arrow out of a French Quiver.

Such a Peace (upon the supposition we could warrant it) is to be rejected, with Scorn and Indignation by every true Englishman, as being both dishonourable and destructive to his Country. Anguis in Herba.


51. A Letter to a Noble LORD. concerning the late Expedition to Canada. (Signed J. D.)


52. The Protest of the L—S, upon A—— Her M—— for Her Sp——: with the names of the L—ds.

Printed in the year 1712. 16mo., 8 pp.

53. The Offers of France Explained.


54. The Trade with France, Italy, Spain and Portugal, considered: With some observations on the Treaty of Commerce between Great Britain and France.

55. Treaty of Peace and Friendship between the most Serene and most Potent Princess Anne, by the Grace of God, Queen of Great Britain, France and Ireland, and the most Serene and most Potent Prince Lewis the XIV, the most Christian King, concluded at Utrecht the 31 Day of March 1713.

By Her Majesty's special command.

London, Printed by John Baskett, Printer to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, and by the Assigns of Thomas Newcomb, and Henry Hills, deceased. 1713. 8vo., 84 pp.

56. Some Reasons offered by the Late Ministry in Defence of their Administration.


57. A Report from the Committee of Secrecy, Appointed by Order of the House of Commons to Examine Several Books and Papers laid before the House, relating to the Late Negotiations of Peace and Commerce, &c. Reported on the Ninth of June, 1715. By the Right Honourable Robert Walpole, Esq; Chairman of the said Committee.

Together with an Appendix, containing Memorials, Letters, and other Papers referred to in the said Report.

Published by Order of the House of Commons.


With an Account of the Discovery, Situation, Produce, and other Excellencies and Rarities of these Countries.

To which is prefixed, a Relation of the first Discovery of the New World called America by the Spaniards. And of the remarkable Voyages of several English-men to divers Places therein. Illustrated with Maps and Pictures.

By Robert Burton.

The Sixth Edition.


59. Observations on the Conduct of Great Britain with regard to the Negotiations and other Transactions abroad.


60. The Craftsman Extraordinary, being Remarks on a late Pamphlet, entitled Observations on the Conduct of Great Britain, &c. Published by Caleb d'Anvers, Esq.; (signed W. Raleigh).

London; Printed for R. Franklin, under Tom's Coffee house, Covent-Garden, MDCCXXIX. 12mo., 28 pp.

61. The Second Craftsman Extraordinary, being further Remarks on a Pamphlet Lately published, entitled, Observations on the Conduct of Great Britain.

Jam aderit tempus cum se etiam ipse oderit.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Published by Caleb D’Anvers, Esq.;

62. Some Further Remarks on a late Pamphlet, entitled Observations on the Conduct of GREAT BRITAIN; particularly with Relation to the SPANISH DEPREDATIONS and LETTERS of REPRISAL. In a Letter to the Craftsman; to which is added, a Postscript, in Vindication of the WEST INDIA merchants, against a late Charge of Theft and Pryancy.

By Caleb D’Anvers of GRAY’S-INN, Esq.;

63. A Short View of the STATE of AFFAIRS, with relation to Great Britain, for Four Years past; with some Remarks on The Treaty lately published and a Pamphlet intitled, Observations upon it.


64. The Case of the HESSIAN Forces, in the Pay of GREAT-BRITAIN, impartially and Freely Examined; with some Reflections on the present Conjuncture of Affairs.

In answer to a late pamphlet, intitled Considerations on the present State of Affairs, &c.

London: Printed for R. Franklin, in Russell-Street, Covent-Garden, 1731. 12 mo., 36 pp.

65. The Natural Probability of a Lasting Peace in Europe.

Shewn from the Circumstances of the Great Powers, as they are now situated; compared with the State of Affairs when the Treaties of Ryswick and Utrecht were severally concluded.


66. A Supplement to the Detection of the State and Situation of the Present Sugar Planters of Barbadoes and the Leeward Islands: Shewing, among other New Matters, that the surest way for England to command the Sugar Market Abroad, is to contract rather than enlarge her Sugar Colonies.

In a letter from an Inhabitant of One of His Majesty’s Leeward Caribbe Islands, to a Member of the House of Commons in England.

There is that maketh himself rich, yet hath nothing; there is that maketh himself poor, yet hath greater riches. Prov. xiii. 7.

To which is added, A Letter from a Traveller in the Caribbees to his Friend in London.


69. Journal de la Guerre du Micissipii contre les Chicachas, en 1739 et finie en 1740, le 1er d'Avril. Par un Officier de l'armée de M. de Nouaille.

70. Remarks upon the Preliminary Articles of Peace.
   As they were lately transmitted to Us from the Hague; Wherein the Article relating to the granting a Subsidy to the Pretender by the House of Hanover, for Securing their Hereditary Succession to the Crown of Great Britain, is proved to be the highest Insult on the Present King, and the most dangerous Attack upon the Original Liberties of the English Nation, which were acknowledged by King William III and from which they have never yet departed, nor can ever Sell. With the Grounds and Reasons of the Revolution.
   To which are subjoined, Some Observations concerning the Payment of the late Emperor's Loan.
   London; printed for C. Corbett, over-against St. Dunstan's Church, Fleet Street. 12mo., 40 pp.

71. The Profit and Loss of Great Britain in the present War with Spain. From July 1739, to July 1741.
   In a Letter to a friend.

   By Mather Eyles, A.I.M. Pastor of a Church in Boston. Numb. xvii. 8.—Behold, the Rod of Aaron budded, and brought forth Buds, and bloomed Blossoms, and yielded Almonds.
   Boston, Printed and Sold by Rogers and Fowle at the Printing-Office over-against the South-East Corner of the Town House. 1741. 24mo., 46 pp.

73. The Treaty Held with the Indians of the Six Nations at Philadelphia, in July 1742. To which is Prefix'd An Account of the first Confederacy of the Six Nations, their present Tributaries, Dependents and Allies.

74. An Inquiry into the Revenue. Credit, and Commerce of France.
   In a Letter to a Member of this present Parliament.

75. Reflexions sur l'Ecrit intitulé Richesse de l'Etat.
   Epig.—De toto statum rerum communium cognoscis, quae quales sint, non facile est Scribere. M. T. Cie. ad Lental, Epist. 8.
   Edition de l'Auteur.

76. The Present Measures proved to be the only means of securing the Balance of Power in Europe, as well as the Liberty and Independence of Great-Britain.
   With observations on that Chimerical Insinuation, That more regard is had to the Welfare of Hanover, than to the Interest of these Kingdoms.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Being Remarks on a Pamphlet, intitled, An Impartial Review of the present Troubles in Germany, &c.
To which is prefixed, A Letter from a Member of Parliament, relating to the behaviour of the Pretended Patriots.

77. The Mysterious Congress. A Letter from Aix la Chappel, detecting the late Secret Negotiations there; Accounting for the Extraordinary Slowness of the Operations of the Campaign since the Action at Dettingen; and, particularly, for the resignation of the E—I of S——R.
With many other curious particulars relating to the present Broils of Europe.
By a Nobleman, distinguished for integrity and Consummate Knowledge in Public Affairs.

78. German Politicks, or the Modern System Examined and Refuted; wherein The Natural Strength of Germany and France are compared; the Nature of the Ballance of Power explained; and our Inability to maintain, in our present Circumstances, a War on the Continent, is demonstrated.
Britannia servitutem suam quotidie emit, quotidian poscit. Tacit. in vita Agricolae.

79. The Queen of Hungary’s Declaration. In which is contained A Plan for adjusting the Claims of the Powers at War, and settling the Public Tranquility of Europe.

80. Considerations on the State of the British Fisheries in America, and their Consequence to Great Britain. With Proposals for their Security, By the Reduction of Cape-Breton, &c. which were Humbly offer’d, by a Gentleman of a Large Trade of the City of London, to His Majesty’s Minister’s, in January 1744-5.

81. A Sermon preached the 18th of July, 1745, Being a Day set apart for Solemn Thanksgiving to Almighty God, for the Reduction of Cape-Breton by His Majesty’s New England Forces, under the Command of the Honourable William Pepperrell, Esq.; Lieutenant-General and Commander in Chief; And cover’d by a Squadron of His Majesty’s Ships from Great Britain, Commanded by Peter Warren, Esq.
By Charles Chauncey, D.D., Pastor of a church in Boston.
Boston: Printed.

82. A Journal Of the Late Siege by the Troops from North America, against the French at Cape Breton, the City of Louisbourg, and the Territories thereunto belonging.
Surrendered to the English on the 17th of June, 1745, after a Siege of Forty-eight Days.

By James Gibson, Gentleman Voluntier at the above Siege.


83. The Dutch Reasoner.

A Letter from the Hague, on the Earl of Chesterfield's Embassy and Success, and the Emperor's Death; Wherein the late Change in our Ministry, the present Views and Interests of the Powers of Europe, and of the Empire particularly; and the Strength and Weakness of France and her Enemies, are considered in a new but natural Light.

Done from the French.


84. A Letter to a Certain Foreign Minister; in which the Grounds of the Present War are Truly Stated; the Conduct of the last Administration in Regard to Foreign Affairs fully vindicated; and the Terms of a Safe and Honourable Peace clearly pointed out.


85. The Present State of the British and French Trade to Africa and America Consider'd and Compar'd: With Some Propositions in Favour of the Trade of Great Britain.


86. The Importance of Cape Breton consider'd; in a Letter to a Member of Parliament, From an Inhabitant of New-England.


(Signed Massachusettsensis.)

87. The Importance and Advantage of CAPE-BRETON, Truly Stated, and Impartially Considered. With proper maps.

Si quid. ... Hor. Ep. Vi Lib. I.


88. Extraordinary Events the Doings of God, and marvellous in pious Eyes. Illustrated in a Sermon at the South Church in Boston, (New-England on the General Thanksgiving, Thursday, July 18, 1745. Occasioned by Taking the City of Louisburg on the Isle of Cape Breton, by New-England Soldiers, assisted by a British Squadron.

By Thomas Prince, M.A., And one of the Pastors of the said Church.

Psal. xcvi. 1, 2. O sing unto the Lord a new Song.

The fifth Edition.

Boston, Printed: London, Reprinted; and sold by John Lewis, in Bartholomew-Close, near West-Smithfield; and by the Booksellers in Town and Country. 1746. (Price Four-pence.) 12mo., 32 pp.

89. The Present Conduct of the War.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

90. The Royal Conference or A Dialogue between their Majesties. G......E the II^d. of E......D. and L......S the XV. of F......E. with some notes Critical and Explanatory.

.........Miscentur seria ludo.
Vetus Auctor.

In the year MDCCCLVI. 12mo., 28 pp.

91. The Lords Protest on a motion to Address His Majesty for the keeping Our Forces at Home, till the Dutch has declared War against France.


92. The Important Question Discussed; or, a Serious and Impartial Enquiry into the True Interest of England with respect to the Continent.

Quapropter in adeundis periculis consuetudo imitanda medicorum est, qui leviter aegrotantes leniter curant; &c. Cic. de Offic. l. i. c. 24.


93. The State of the Nation considered, in a Letter to a Member of Parliament.
The Third Edition.


94. The State of the Nation for the Year 1747, and respecting 1748.

Inscribed to a Member of the present Parliament.


(Price One Shilling.) 12mo., 11+72 pp.

94A. See pamphlet No. 293.

95. The State of Trade in the Northern Colonies considered; with An Account of their Produce, and a particular Description of Nova Scotia.

Salutis communis interest. Cic.


(Preface signed Otis Little.)

96. The State of the Nation for 1747-8.

With a General Balance of the Publick Accompts.


97. A Letter from William Shirley, Esq.: Governor of Massachusetts's Bay, To his Grace the DUKE OF NEWCASTLE: with A Journal of the Siege of LOUISBURG, and other Operations of the Forces, during the Expedition against the FRENCH Settlements on Cape Breton; drawn up at the Desire of the Council and House of Representatives of the Province of Massachussetts's Bay; approved and attested by Sir WILLIAM PEPPERRELL, and the other Principal Officers who commanded in the said Expedition. Published by authority.


98. A Geographical History of Nova Scotia. Containing an Account of the Situation, Extent and Limits thereof. As also Of the various Struggles between the Two Crowns of England and FRANCE for the Possession of that Province. Wherein is shewn, The Importance of it, as well with Regard to our Trade, as to the securing of our other Settlements in NORTH AMERICA.
To which is added, An Accurate Description of the Bays, Harbours, Lakes, and Rivers, the Nature of the Soil, and the Produce of the Country. Together with the Manners and Customs of the Indian Inhabitants.


99. Miscellaneous Reflections upon the Peace, and its Consequences.

More especially on a just, as well as real and national Oeconomy, the Regard due to Subjects, who have served in Quality of Soldiers, Seamen, or Marines, the Necessity of providing for the Security of our Frontiers, and of rendering the Peace solid and lasting, by Steadiness in our Conduct at Home and Abroad; interspersed with seasonable Remarks upon hasty Reductions, Savings ill-placed, and the Folly of exciting Invasions, by leaving the weakest Part of our Dominions exposed.

Addressed to the more considerate and disinterested Part of the Nation.

Non paranda nobis solum, sed fruenda Sapientia est. Cic. l. de Finib.

Non classes non legiones perinde firma imperii munimenta, quam numerum liberorum. Tacit, iv. Hist.

Non enim votis neque suppliciiis multecribus auxilia deorum parantur; vigilando, agendo, prosperè omnia cedunt. Sallust. Catil.


100. A Defence of the Dutch, against the imputations of Fraud, Cruelty, and Perfidiousness. Shewing how Dutch Industry may become profitable to Great Britain in the Herring Fishery; and this Kingdom restored to a prosperous condition by Good Economy, and A more spirited Policy: Particularly with regard to the Encroachments of France, and the untractableness of Spain.

To which is added, a supplement. Relative to the Settlement of Nova Scotia.


101. An Examination of the Principles, and an Enquiry into the Conduct, of the Two B——rs; in regard to The Establishment of their Power, and their Prosecution of the War, ’till the Signing of the Preliminaries. In a letter to a Member of Parliament.

The Third Edition, reviewed and corrected.

Nimirum, ut quidam—etc ———caveret.


102. Reasons to shew, that there is a great Probability of a Navigable Passage to the Western American Ocean, through Hudson’s Streights, and Chesterfield Inlet; from the Observations made on board the Ships sent upon the late Discovery; supported by Affidavits, which coincides with several Former Accounts.

Humbly offered to the Consideration of the Lords and Commons assembled in Parliament.


1750—1754.

103. A Letter from the Lord Bishop of London, to the Clergy and People of London and Westminster; On Occasion of the Late Earthquakes.

LES
VOYAGES
AVANTVREVX
DU CAPITAINE MARTIN
DE HOYARSABAL,
Habitant de Cubibur.

Contenant les Regles & enseignemens
necessaires à la bonne & seure
Navigation.

Reweu & corrigé en cette dernière impression, &
augmenté de la declinaison du Soleil, qui a été
faite fuivant la reformation du Calendrier de l'an
mil cinq cens quatre-vingt deux.

A BOVRDEAVX.
Par GVILLAVME MILLANGES, Imprimeur
ordinaire du Roy.

M. DC. XXXIII.
Ioannis de Laet
Antwerpiani

RESPONSIO

AD

DISSERTATIONEM

SECUNDAM

Huyonis Grotii

DE

Origine Gentium Americanarum.

Cum indice ad utrumque libellum.

Amstelrodami,

Apud Ludovicum Elzevirium.

c1615 c XLIv.
Liberty Asserted.

A

TRAGEDY.

As it is Acted at the

NEW THEATRE

IN

Little Lincoln's-Inn-Fields.

Written by Mr. Dennis.

LONDON:

Printed for George Strahan at the Golden Ball, against the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill; and Bernard Limott at the Middle-Temple-Gate in Fleetstreet. 1704.

Price 1s. 6d.
A VINDICATION
OF THE
Present M—y,
FROM
The Clamours rais'd against
them upon occasion of the
New Preliminaries.

Whoever would frighten us with the Expence and
Tedium of such a War, either are not sen-
sible of our Danger, or if they are, they draw a
poison'd Arrow out of a French Quiver.
Such a Peace (upon the supposition we could warrant
it) is to be rejected with Scorn and Indignation by
every true Englishman, as being both dishonourable
and destructive to his Country.

Anguis in Herba.

LONDON,
Printed in the Year M. DCC. XI.
THE
PROTEST
OF THE
L———S,
UPON
A------ Her M------ for
Her Sp----:
WITH THE
Names of the L———ds

Printed in the Year 1712.
CONSIDERATIONS
On the STATE of the
BRITISH FISHERIES
IN
AMERICA,
And their CONSEQUENCE to
GREAT BRITAIN
WITH
PROPOSALS for their SECURITY,
By the REDUCTION of
CAPE-BRETON, &c.

WHICH WERE
Humbly offer'd, by a Gentleman of a Large Trade of the
City of LONDON, to His Majesty's Ministers,
in January 1744-5.

LONDON
Printed for W. BICKERTON, in the Temple-Exchange, near the Inner-
Temple-Gate, Fleet-street. MDCCXLV.

[Price Six-pence.]
Marvellous Things done by the right Hand and holy Arm of God in getting him the Victory.

A SERMON

Preached the 18th of July, 1745.

Being a Day set apart for

Solemn Thanksgiving to Almighty God, for the Reduction of CAPE-BRETON by His Majesty's New-England Forces, under the Command of the Honourable

WILLIAM PEPPERRELL, Esq;

Lieutenant-General and Commander in Chief;

And cover'd by a Squadron of His Majesty's Ships from Great Britain, commanded by PETER WARREN, Esq;

By CHARLES CHAUNCEY, D.D.
Pastor of a Church in Boston.

Praise ye the Lord for the avenging of Israel, when the people willingly offered themselves. They fought from heaven, the stars in their courses fought against Sisera.

BOSTON: Printed.

LONDON: Reprinted for M. COOPER at the Globe in Pater-nostre-Row, MDCCXLV.
Price 6d.
A

Geographical History

of

NOVA SCOTIA.

Containing an Account of the
Situation, Extent and Limits thereof.

As also

Of the various Struggles between the
Two Crowns of England and France for
the Possession of that Province.

Wherein is shewn,

The Importance of it, as well with
Regard to our Trade, as to the securing
of our other Settlements in North America.

To which is added,

An Accurate Description of the Bays,
Harbours, Lakes, and Rivers, the Nature
of the Soil, and the Produce of the Coun-
try. Together with the Manners and
 Customs of the Indian Inhabitants.

LONDON:

Printed for Paul Vaillant, facing Southamp-
ton-street, in the Strand, 1749.

[Price One Shilling and Six Pence]
104. The Importance of Settling and Fortifying Nova Scotia: with A Particular Account of the Climate, Soil, and Native Inhabitants of the Country.

By a Gentleman lately arrived from that Colony.


105. A Genuine Narrative of the Transactions in Nova Scotia, Since the Settlement, June 1749, till August the 5th, 1751; In which the Nature, Soil and Produce of the Country are related, with the particular Attempts of the Indians to disturb the Colony. Addressed to the Merchants of London.

By John Wilson, late Inspector of Stores.


106. Reflections on the Expediency of a Law for the Naturalization of Foreign Protestants:

In Two Parts. Part I. Containing Historical Remarks on the Disposition and Behaviour of the Natives of this Island, in regard to Foreigners; occasioned by the rejection of the late Naturalization Bill.

By Josiah Tucker, M.A., Rector of St. Stephen's in Bristol, and Chaplain to the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Bristol.


107. An Account of Six Years Residence in Hudson's-Bay, From 1733 to 1736, and 1744 to 1747.

By Joseph Robson, Late Surveyor and Supervisor of the Buildings to the Hudson's-Bay Company. Containing a variety of Facts, Observations, and Discoveries, tending to shew,

I. The vast Importance of the Countries about Hudson's-Bay to Great Britain, on Account of the extensive Improvements that may be made there in many beneficial Articles of Commerce, particularly in the Furs and in the Whale and Seal Fisheries. And,

II. The interested Views of the Hudson's bay Company; and the absolute Necessity of laying open the Trade, and making it the Object of National Encouragement, as the only Method of keeping it out of the Hands of the French. To which is added an Appendix, containing,

I. A Short History of the Discovery of Hudson's-bay; and of the Proceedings of the English there since the Grant of the Hudson's bay Charter: Together with Remarks upon the Papers and Evidence produced by that Company before the Committee of the Honourable House of Commons, in the Year 1749.

II. An Estimate of the Expense of building the Stone Fort, called Prince of Wales's fort, at the entrance of Churchill-river.

III. The Soundings of Nelson-river.

IV. A Survey of the Course of Nelson-river.

V. A Survey of Seal and Gillam's Islands. And,

VI. A Journal of the Winds and Tides at Churchill-river, for Part of the Years 1746 and 1747.

The whole illustrated, By a Draught of Nelson and Hayes's Rivers; a Draught of Churchill-river; and Plans of York-fort, and Prince of Wales's fort.

London: Printed for J. Payne and J. Bouquet in Pater-noster-Row; Mr. Kincaid, at Edinburgh; Mr. Barry, at Glasgow; and Mr. J. Smith at Dublin. MDCCCLII. 8 vo., 84 pp. and app. 95 pp.
108. The Conduct of the French with Regard to Nova Scotia, Virginia, and other Parts of the Continent of North America, From its first Settlement to the present Time. In which are exposed the Falsehood and Absurdity of their Arguments made use of to elude the Force of the Treaty of Utrecht, and support their unjust Proceedings.

In a Letter to a Member of Parliament.

109. General Thoughts on the Construction, Use and Abuse of the Great Offices; with a View to some further Discourses on the same Subject.

1755.

110. Lettres d'un François à un Hollandois Au sujet des differends Survenus entre la France la Grande-Bretagne, Touchant leurs Possessions respectives dans l'Amérique Septentrionale.
MDCCCLV. 12mo., 174 pp.

111. Discussion Sommaire sur les Anciennes Limites de L'Acadie, et sur les Stipulations du Traité d'Utrecht qui y sont relatives.
A Basle, Chez Samueul Thourneisan. MDCCCLV. 16mo., 37 pp.

112. A Miscellaneous Essay Concerning the Courses pursued by Great Britain in the Affairs of her Colonies: With some observations on the Great Importance of our Settlements in America, and The Trade thereof.

113. The Wisdom and Policy of the French in the Construction of their Great Offices, So as best to answer the Purposes of extending their Trade and Commerce, and enlarging their Foreign Settlements.
With Some Observations in relation to the Disputes now subsisting between the English and French Colonies in America.

114. Sympathy with Our Suffering Brethren, and an Improvement of their Distances shewn to be our Duty.
In Two Discourses; Occasioned by the Cruel Oppressions of the Protestants in France, and enlarged with a recent and particular account of the State of the persecution in that Kingdom.
To which are prefixed, some serious Reflexions on the present Situation of these Nations, and our American Colonies.
By Thomas Gibbons.
Saevus Aper Vites Violavit Dente novellas; Et rabidis Uvae Praeda fuere Peris: &c. Johnston, Pf. lxxx.
For if they do these things to a Green Tree, what shall be done to the Dry; Luke xxiii. 31.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

London, Printed for J. Buckland, at the Buck, in Pater-noster Row; J. Ward, at the King's Arms, in Cornhill; T. Field, at the corner of Pater-noster Row, Cheapside; and M. King, at the Bible and Crown in Fore street, near Moorfields. MDCCLV: (Price One Shilling.) With large allowance to such as give them away. 12mo., xiv+80 pp.

115. A Letter to the People of England, on the present Situation and Conduct of National Affairs.

116. Sibylline Leaves, or Anonymous Papers: Containing
A Letter to the Lord Mayor of London; With a view of inducing that great Metropolis to take the lead in addressing His Majesty for his most gracious and auspicious Residence in these Kingdoms, a Point in which the Cities of London and Westminster are at all other times more particularly and immediately concerned; but in so critical and dangerous a Conjuncture, a Matter of the highest importance to the Safety, Honour, and Interest of Great Britain.
Together with An Introductory Speech to the Motion.
Dedicated to the Prince, the Public, and Posterity; and recommended to the Justices at the Assizes and Quarter Sessions throughout Great Britain.
More Whig than Tory far, yet both between,
Like good Eramus in an honest Mean.
Nor Number nor Example with him wrought,
To swerve from Truth, or change his constant Mind,
Though Single. Paradise Lost, B. 5. L. 901.

117. A Clear and Succinct Account of North America, Historical, Geographical, &c., So far as it respects the Arguments of the present time. Done from Authentic Records, and the best Relations extant.
Dublin: Printed by Richard James, at Newton's Head in Dame Street, 1755. 8vo., 48 pp.

118. Observations on the Late and Present Conduct of the French With Regard to their Encroachments upon the British Colonies in North America. Together With Remarks on the Importance of these Colonies to Great-Britain.
By William Clarke, M.D., of Boston in New England. To which is added, wrote by another Hand, Observations concerning the Increase of Mankind, Peopling of Countries, &c.
Boston Printed:

119. The Present State of North America, &c.
Part I (with map).

120. State of the British and French Colonies in North America, With Respect to Number of People, Forces, Forts, Indians, Trade and other Advantages.
In which are considered,
I. The defenceless Condition of our Plantations, and to what Causes owing.
II. Pernicious Tendency of the French Encroachments, and the fittest methods of frustrating them.
29a—24½
III. What it was occasioned their present Invasion, and the Claims on which they ground their Proceedings.

With a Proper Expedient proposed for preventing future Disputes.

In Two Letters to a Friend.

London: Printer for A. Millar, in the Strand. MDCCLV. (Price 2s. 6d.)

12 mo., 190 pp.

121. A brief state of the Province of Pennsylvania, in which The Conduct of their Assemblies for several Years past is impartially examined, and the true Cause of the continual Encroachments of the French displayed, more especially the secret Design of their late unwarrantable Invasion and Settlement upon the River Ohio.

To which is annexed, An easy Plan for restoring Quiet in the public Measures of that Province, and defeating the ambitious Views of the French in time to come.

In a Letter from a Gentleman who has resided many Years in Pennsylvania to his Friend in London.


122. An Answer to an Invidious Pamphlet, intituled, A Brief State of the Province of Pennsylvania.

Wherein are exposed The Many false Assertions of the Author or Authors, of the said Pamphlet, with a view to render the Quakers of Pennsylvania and their Government obnoxious to the British Parliament and Ministry; And the several Transactions, most grossly misrepresented therein, set in their true light.


123. A Letter from a Member of Parliament to his Grace the Duke of...... upon the present Situation of Affairs.


Recueillies par Jean Marie Shea.


1756.

125. An Account of Conferences held, and Treaties made, Between Major-General Sir William Johnson, Bart. and the chief Saches and Warours of the Mohawks, Oneidas, Onondagas, Cayugas, Senekas, Tuscaroras, Aughquageys, Skaniadardirhronos, Chugnuts, Mahickanders, Shawanese, Kanuskagos, Toderighronos, and Oghquagoes, Indian Nations in North America. At their Meetings on different Occasions at Fort Johnson, in the County of Albany, in the Colony of New York, in the Years 1755 and 1756.

With a Letter from the Rev. Mr. Hawley to Sir William Johnson, written at the Desire of the Delaware Indians. And a Preface giving a short Account of the Six Nations, some Anecdotes of the Life of Sir William, and Notes illustrat-

ing the Whole;
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Also an Appendix containing an Account of Conferences between several Quakers in Philadelphia, and some of the Heads of the Six Nations, in April 1756.
London: Printed for A. Millar, in the Strand. MDCCLVI. (Price 1s. 6d.) 12mo., xii+77 pp.

126. An Account of the Present State of Nova-Scotia: in Two Letters to a Noble Lord:
One from a Gentleman in the Navy lately arrived from thence.
The other from a Gentleman who long resided there.
Made public by his Lordship's Desire.
London Printed, 1756. 12mo., 11+31 pp.

127. A Letter from a Frenchman at Paris to His Countryman at the Hague; on The present Dispute between France and Great Britain.
Translated from the French.


Wherein, the Effects of the National Debt; the Necessity of our Connections on the Continent; with the Nature of our Present Subsidy Forces, and the Ancient Mercenaries; Are fully Discussed.

130. Lettre d'un Anglois à Son Ami à la Haye, contenant une relation authentique de ce qui s'est passé entre les Cours de Londres et de Versailles, au commencement des troubles présents. Tirée des Pièces originales.
A La Haye, chez Pierre de Hondt. MDCCLVI. 12mo., 56 pp.

131. Etat Present de La Pensylvanie où l'on Trouve le Détail de ce qui s'y est passé depuis la défaite du Général Braddock jusqu'à la prise d'Oswego, avec une Carte particulière de cette Colonie.
MDCCCLVI. 12mo., 128 pp.

132. An Appeal to the Sense of the People on the Present Posture of Affairs.
Wherein The Nature of the late Treaties are inquired into, and the Conduct of the M—i—y with regard to M—n—ca, A—r—ca, &c. is considered;
With Some Remarks upon the Light in which these, and other Public Affairs have been lately represented.

133. A brief view of the Conduct of Pennsylvania, For the Year 1755: So far as it affected the General Service of the British Colonies, particularly the Expedition under the late General Braddock.
With an Account of the shocking Inhumanities, committed by Inursions of the Indians upon the Province in October and November; which occasioned a Body of the Inhabitants to come down, while the Assembly were sitting, and to insist upon an immediate Suspension of all Disputes, and the Passing of a Law for the Defence of the Country.

Interspers’d with several interesting Anecdotes and original Papers, relating to the Politics and Principles of the People called Quakers: Being a Sequel to a late well-known Pamphlet, intitled A Brief State of Pennsylvania.

In a second Letter to a friend in London.

To see the Sufferings &c. &c. Shakespear.


134. The Conduct of the MINISTRY Impartially examined. In a Letter to the Merchants of London.


135. An Answer To a Pamphlet call’d, The Con duct of the MINISTRY Impartially Examined.

In which it is proved, That neither IMBECILLITY nor IGNORANCE in the M—r have been the Causes of the present unhappy Situation of this Nation.

By the Author of the Four Letters to the People of England.

Falsus honor juvat.—Hor.


Hoc illud est pracique, &c. Tit. Liv.


London: Printed in the Year, 1756. 8vo., 56 pp.

137. A Second Letter to the People of England on Foreign Subsidies, Subsidiary Armies, and Their Consequences to this Nation.

——Quo ruis? inquit.

Non tali auxilio, nec defensoribus istis.


Torpere ultra, & perdendam rempublicam relinquere Sopor & Ignavia videretur. Tacit.


London: Printed in the Year, 1756. 8vo., 64 pp.

139. A Fourth Letter to the People of England, On the Conduct of the M—rs in Alliances, Fleets, aid Armies, since the first Differences on the Ohio, to the taking of Minorea by the French.


SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

140. **A Fair Representation** of His Majesty’s Right to Nova-Scotia or Acadie Briefly stated from the Memorials of the English Commissaries; With an Answer to the Objections contained in the French Memorials, and in a Treatise, Entitled, Discussion Sommaire sur les anciennes Limites de l’Acadie.

London: Printed by Edward Owen, in Warwick-Lane. MDCCLVI. With map. 8vo., 94 pp. (Attributed to W. Mildmay.)

141. **A Letter** to the Right Honourable William Pitt, Esq; being An Impartial Vindication of the Conduct of the Ministry, from the Commencement of the present War to this Time.

In Answer to his Aspersions cast upon them by Admiral Byng and his Advocates.

_The Truth is great._

_Greater than Thou; and I will give it Way._ Thomson.


142. **Remarks** on the French Memorials concerning the Limits of Acadia; Printed at the Royal Printing-house at Paris, and distributed by the French Ministers at all the Foreign Courts of Europe.

With Two Maps, Exhibiting the Limits:

One according to the System of the French, as inserted in the said Memorials;

The other conformable to the English Rights, as supported by the Authority of Treaties, continual Grants of the French Kings, and express Passages of the best French Authors.

To which is added, An answer to the Summary Discussion, &c.

London: Printed for T. Jefferys, at the Corner of St. Martin’s Lane, in the Strand. MDCCLVI. (Price 2s. 6d.) 12mo., 110 pp.

143. **Relation de la prise des forts de Choueguen, ou Oswego, & de ce qui s’est passé cette année en Canada.**

1756.* 8vo., 8 pp.

144. **The Importance of God’s Presence** with an Army going against the Enemy and the Grounds on which it may be expected.

Represented in a Sermon Preached at a Lecture in Westfield, on Wednesday June 2, 1756. Just before Captain John Mosley, and His Company, began their March towards Crown-Point.


_Bo strong and courageous, be not afraid, nor dismayed, for the King of Assyria, nor for all the Multitude that is with him; For there be more with us, than with him._ Hezekiah

Boston: Printed and Sold by Edes and Gill, next to the Prison, in Queen Street, 1756. 16mo., 24 pp.

145. **Reasons** humbly offered To prove that the LETTER Printed at the End of the French Memorial of Justification is a French Forgery, and falsely ascribed to His R——I II——ss.

_Vir omnium qui sunt, fuerunt, erunt, princeps virtute, sapientia ac gloria.—Huic ego homini, quirites, tantum debo, quantum hominem homini debere vix fas est._ Cicero.

146. An Enquiry into the Causes of our Ill Success in the Present War.
   Epig.—Hom.  
   London: Printed for R. Griffiths, in Pater-noster-Row. MDCCCLVII.  

147. A Letter to the People of England, upon the Militia, Continental Connections,  
   Neutralities, and Secret Expeditions.
   *Hic est, aut nusquam, quod quorimus.* Hor.  
   *Multa putans, sortemque animo miseratus iniquam.* Virg. Æn.  

148. A Fifth Letter to the People of England, on The Subversion of the Constitution:  
   and The Necessity of it's being restored.
   Epig.—Xenoph.  
   *Itaque ite mecum, qui & vos metipsos, & Rempublicam salvam vultis.* Tit. Liv.  

149. A Sixth Letter to the People of England on the Progress of National Ruin;  
   in which It is shewn, that the present Grandeur of France, and Calamities of this  
   Nation, are owing to the Influence of Hanover on the Councils of England.
   *And I looked, and behold a pale Horse: and his Name that sat on him was  
   Death, and Hell followed with him.* Revelations Chap. vi. Ver. 8.  

150. The Constitution with a Letter to the Author.
   Number II.  
   To be continued occasionally.

151. Britain a poem; in three books.
   *Tyrtæus.*  

152. Remarks upon a Letter Published in the London Chronicle or Universal  
   Evening Post, No. 115. Containing an Enquiry into the Causes of the Failure  
   of the late Expedition against Cape Breton.
   In a Letter to a Member of Parliament.

153. Roman Politique sur l'état présent des Affaires de l'Amérique ou Lettres de  
   M——. A M—Sur les moyens d'établir une Paix solide & durable dans les Colonies, & la Liberté générale du Commerce extérieur.
   *Sunt certi denique fines.* Horat.  
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

By an Old Sea Officer.
(French and English.)

155. A Letter from a Merchant of the City of London, to the R——t H——ble W—— Esq.; upon the Affairs and Commerce of North America, and the West Indies; Our African Trade; and the destination of our Squadrons and Convoys, New Taxes, and the schemes proposed for raising the extraordinary supplies for the Current Year.
Soli omnium contigit tibi ut pater patriae esses antequam fieres. Plin.
Svo., 98 pp.

156. Memoirs of the Principal Transactions of the Last War between the English and French in North America. From the Commencement of it in 1744, to the conclusion of the Treaty at Aix la Chappelle. Containing in particular an Account of the Importance of Nova Scotia or Acadia and the Island of Cape Breton to both Nations.

1758

157. A Journal containing every Transaction of Consequence of the Guards, as well as of the rest of His Majesty’s Troops in the Late Expeditions on the Coast of France.
From their parade in Hyde Park, the 9th day of May, to their Return to their Respective Quarters, the 20th of October last. Under the command of the late Duke of Marlborough, and Lieut. Gen. Bligh, by Land; and the Rt. Hon. Lt. Visc. Howe, by Sea. With the order of sailing of the whole fleet.
Sold by George Downing, Stationer, in Chancery-Lane, 1758. (Price One Shilling) 12mo., 58 pp.

158. The Conduct of a Noble Commander in America Impartially reviewed. With The genuine Causes of the Discontents at New York and Halifax And The true Occasion of the Delays in that important Expedition. Including A regular Account of all the Proceedings and Incidents in the Order of Time wherein they happened.

159. The Report of the General Officers, appointed by His Majesty’s Warrant of the First of November 1757, to inquire into the Causes of the Failure of the Late Expedition to the Coasts of France.
To which is prefixed A Copy of his Majesty’s Warrant directing the said Inquiry.
With an Appendix, containing the Papers referred to in the said Report.
Published by Authority.
London: Printed for A. Millar in the Strand. MDCCLVIII. (Price 1s. 6d.) Svo., 116 pp.


161. An Authentic Account of the Reduction of Louisbourg, in June and July, 1758.

Ob Patriam pugnando—Virg.
By a Spectator.

162. The Proceedings of a General Court-Martial Held in the Council-Chamber at Whitehall, on Wednesday the 14th, and continued by several Adjournments to Tuesday the 20th of December 1757, upon the Trial of Lieutenant-General Sir John Mordaunt, by Virtue of His Majesty's Warrant, bearing Date the 3d Day of the same Month. Published by Authority.

163. A Discourse on the Conduct of the Government of Great-Britain, in respect to Neutral Nations, during the Present War.

164. Things as they Are.


165. Piano Dell' Assedio Della Fortezza di Luisburgo Nell' Isola Reale, O di Capo Breton Nell' America Settentrionale.
Colla descrizione di essa Isola, suoi prodotti, Commercio. stato della Fortezza, Giornale dell' Assedio e sua resa agli' Inglesi a'26 di Luglio 1758.
Traduzione dall' Inglese.
Amsterdam, MDCCLVIII.
12mo., 22 pp.

166. A Form of Prayer and Thanksgiving to Almighty God: To be used At Morning and Evening Service, After the General Thanksgiving, Throughout the Cities of London and Westminster, and elsewhere within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, on Sunday the Twentieth Day of August, 1758; and in all Churches and Chapels throughout England on the Sunday following; for the taking of Louisbourg by His Majesty's Forces.
By His Majesty's Special Command.
London: Printed by Thomas Baskett, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of Robert Baskett 1758. Svo., 4 pp.

1759.

167. A Form of Prayer and Thanksgiving to Almighty God: to be used at Morning and Evening Service, After the General Thanksgiving, Throughout the Cities of London and Westminster, and elsewhere within the Bills of Mortality, on
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

SUNDAY the Twenty first of October, 1759; and in all Churches and Chapels throughout ENGLAND, WALES, and the Town of BERWICK upon TWEED, on the SUNDAY after the Ministers thereof receive the same; for the Defeat of the FRENCH Army in CANADA, and the Taking of QUEBEC by His Majesty's Forces and for the other Successes and Blessings of the Year.

By His Majesty's Special Command.

London: Printed by THOMAS BASKETT, Printer to the King’s Most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of ROBERT BASKETT. 1759. 8vo., 4 pp.

168. A Form of Prayer and Thanksgiving to Almighty God; To be used In All Churches and Chapels throughout that Part of GREAT BRITAIN called ENGLAND, the Dominion of WALES, and the Town of BERWICK upon TWEED, on THURSDAY the Twenty ninth Day of NOVEMBER next, being the Day appointed by Proclamation for a General Thanksgiving to God; For vouchsafing such signal Successes to His Majesty's Arms, both by Sea and Land, particularly by the Defeat of the FRENCH Army in CANADA, and the Taking of QUEBEC; and for most seasonably granting us at this Time an uncommonly plentiful Harvest.

By His Majesty's Special Command.

London: Printed by THOMAS BASKETT, Printer to the King’s Most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of ROBERT BASKETT. 1759. 8vo., 15 pp.

169. A Sermon Preached before the Right Honourable the LORD-MAYOR, the Court of Aldermen, and the Livery of the several Companies of the City of London in the Cathedral Church of St. Paul, on Thursday, November 29, 1759;

Being the Day appointed by Proclamation for a General Thanksgiving to God; For vouchsafing such signal Successes to His Majesty's Arms, both by Sea and Land, particularly by the Defeat of the FRENCH Army in CANADA, and the Taking of QUEBEC; and the most seasonably granting us at this Time an uncommonly plentiful Harvest.

By JAMES TOWNLEY, M.A.


170. A Sermon Preached At the New Meeting, in White-Row Spital Fields, on Thursday 29 November 1759. Being the Day appointed by his Majesty For a GENERAL THANKSGIVING.

By Edward Hitchin.

O give thanks to the Lord of lords: For his mercy endureth for ever.
To him who alone doth great wonders: For his mercy endureth for ever.
Psalm cxxxvi, 3, 4.

London: Printed; and sold by J. Buckland, in Pater-noster-Row; T. Field in Cheapside; E. Dilly in the Poultry; and G. Keith in Gracechurch-street. 12 mo., 30 pp.

171. A Sermon Preached before His Excellency Thomas Pownall, Esq, Captain-General and Governor in Chief, The Honourable His Majesty's Council and House of Representatives, Of the Province of the Massachusetts Bay in New England, October 16th, 1759. Upon the Occasion of the Success of His Majesty's Arms in the Reduction of Quebec.
By Samuel Cooper, A.M. Pastor of a Church in Boston.
Boston: New-England;
Printed by Green & Russell, and Edes & Gill, by order of His Excellency the Governor, and both Houses of Assembly. 1759. 12mo., xi+53 pp.

172. Daphnis and Menalcas: A Pastoral Sacred to the Memory of the Late General Wolfe. And humbly inscribed to the Right Honourable William Pitt, Esquire.
Eruit ille Argos, . . . Virg.


174. The Conduct and Treatment of John Crookshanks, Esq.; Late Commander of His Majesty's Ship the Lark; relating to his attempt to take the Glorioso, a Spanish Ship of War, in July 1747:
Containing the Original Orders, Letters, and Papers, that passed, in Consequence of that Affair, between Captain Crookshanks, Admiral Knowles, the Secretaries of the Admiralty, and others.
With a Plan, showing the Positions of the Ships.

London: Printed, pursuant to His Majesty's Royal License, for J. Coote, at the King's Arms in Pater Noster Row.


177. Relation de ce qui s'est passé au Siège de Québec, et de la prise du Canada; par une Religieuse de l'Hôpital Général de Quebec: addressée à une Communauté de son Ordre en France.
(Title page missing.) 24mo., 24 pp.

D'après un Manuscrit Récemment Obtenu de France.*
8vo., 8 pp.

179. A Journal of the Expedition up the River St. Lawrence; Containing a true and particular Account of the Transactions of the Fleet and Army, from the time of their Embarkation at Louisburg 'til after the Surrender of Quebec. 1759.
(An extract from the New York Mercury of the 31st December, 1759, republished by the Quebec Literary and Historical Society in 1868.) 8vo., 19 pp.

(A translation of No. 179.) 8vo., 16 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a.

181. The Historical and Political Mercury.
   Numbers I and II. For September and October 1759.
   By Mons. Maubert de Gouvert. Translated from the French.

182. Reflections sommaires sur le Commerce qui s'est fait en Canada; d'apres un manuscrit a la Bibilothèque du Roi à Paris. [1759?] 8vo., 8 pp.

183. Plain Reasons for removing A certain Great Man from His M — — y's Presence and Councils for ever.
   Addressed to the People of England.
   By O. M. Haberdasher.
   Be not righteous overmuch:—Why should thou destroy thyself. Sol.

1760.

184. An Authentic Register of the British Successes; Being a Collection of all the Extraordinary And some of the Ordinary Gazettes, From the Taking of Louisburg, July 26, 1758, by the Hon. Adm. Boscawen and Gen. Amherst, to the Defeat of the French Fleet, under M. Conflans, Nov. 21, 1759, by Sir Edward Hawke.
   Also a Particular Account of M. Thuot's Defeat,
   By Capt. John Elliott.
   To which is now added, Gen. Wolfe's Letter to Mr. Pitt, a few Days before the Taking of Quebec, in which glorious Acquisition he died an Honour to his Country.

185. A Form of Prayer and Thanksgiving to Almighty God; to be used at Morning and Evening Service, After the General Thanksgiving, throughout the Cities of London and Westminster, and elsewhere within the Bills of Mortality, on Sunday the Twelfth of October, 1760; and in all Churches and Chapels throughout England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, on the Sunday after the Ministers thereof receive the same; on occasion of the late Successes of His Majesty's Arms in North-America, and the Surrender of Montreal, and all Canada.
   By His Majesty's Special Command.
   London: Printed by Thomas Baskett, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of Robert Baskett. 1760. 12mo., 4 pp.

186. God the Giver of Victory:
   A Sermon, preached at Bideford, Devon, on the 29th of November, 1759, being the day appointed for a General Thanksgiving for the Success of His Majesty's Arms.
   Published at the earnest request of the Congregation.
   By Samuel Lavington.
   London: Printed for J. Buckland, at the Buck, in Pater-noster-Row; J. Ward, at the King's Arms, in Cornhill; and A. Tozer, at Exeter. MDCCLX. 12mo., 38 pp.
187. A Letter to the People of England, on the Necessity of putting an Immediate End to the War; and The Means of obtaining an Advantageous Peace.

Premanda occasio.—

188. Remarks on a Pamphlet entitled, Reasons why the approaching Treaty of Peace should be debated in Parliament, &c. In a Letter to the Author.
The Grands of the World, of all Kinds, owe more of their Elevation to the Littleness of other Minds, &c. Young's Conjectures on Orig. Comp. p. 56.

189. The Life of General James Wolfe the Conqueror of Canada: or the Eulogium of that Renowned Hero attempted according to the Rules of Eloquence with a Monumental Inscription Latin and English to perpetuate his Memory by J——, A. M. (James Pearce.)
Arida pericula virtus . . . Seneca.
London: Printed for G. Kearsley successor to the late Mr. Robinson at the Golden Lion in Ludgate Street. MDCCLX. (Price One Shilling.) (Title page missing.) 8vo., 37 pp.

190. A Letter to an Honourable Brigadier General, Commander in chief of His Majesty's Forces in Canada.
London: Printed for J. Burd, opposite St. Dunstan's Church, Fleetstreet. 1760. 8vo., 31 pp.

191. A Refutation of the Letter to an Honble. Brigadier-General, Commander of His Majesty's Forces in CANADA. By an Officer.
Urit enim fulgore suo.
(Attributed to Lord Thurlow.)

192. Canadia Ode, Epinikioe.
His de rebus tantis . . . Cic. Pro. Rose Amer.
(The ode consists of thirty-one stanzas in Latin; the dedication is signed by Jacobus Belsham.)

193. A Letter addressed to Two Great Men, on the prospect of Peace; And on the Terms necessary to be insisted upon in the Negotiation.
Mea quidem sententia.
De Offic. Lib. I.
There is a Tide in the Affairs of Men.
Shakespeare.

194. Remarks on the Letter addressed to Two Great Men. In a Letter to the Author of that Piece.
Vis consili expres mole ruit sua:.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Vim temperatam di quoque provebunt
In majus: idem odere vires
Omne nefas animo moveant.—Hor.

London: Printed in the Year MDCCLX. Price Eight Pence 8vo., 38 pp

195. A full and candid Answer To a Pamphlet, entitled, "Considerations on the Present German War."

Sapientes, Pacis Causa, bellum gerunt, et Laboris, spe otii, sustentant.—Sallust.

London: Printed for J. Pridden, at the Feathers, near Fleet-Bridge; J. Burd, near Temple-Bar, Fleet-Street; and J. Gretton, in Old Bond-Street. MDCCLX. 12mo., 86 pp.


1761.

198. A Journal of the Siege of Quebec, to which is annexed, A Correct Plan of the Environs of Quebec, and of the Battle fought on the 13th September, 1759; Together with a particular Detail of the French Lines and Batteries, And also of the Encampments, Batteries and Attacks of the British Army, and the Investiture of that City under the Command of Vice Admiral Saunders, Major General Wolfe, Brigadier General Monckton, and Brigadier General Townshend.

Drawn from the Original Surveys taken by the Engineers of the Army. Engraved by Thomas Jefferys, Geographer to His Majesty.

Price Five Shillings. (1761.) 4to., 18 pp. & plans.

199. Memoirs of the Siege of Quebec, Capital of All Canada, and of the Retreat of Monsieur de Bourlamaque, from Carillon to the Isle Aux Noix in Lake Champlain, from the Journal of a French Officer, on board the Chezine Frigate, Taken by His Majesty's Ship Rippon.

Compared with the Accounts transmitted Home By Major General Wolfe, and Vice-Admiral Saunders; With Occasional Remarks.

By Richard Gardiner, Esq., Captain of Marine in the Rippon.

"In joys of Conquests he resigns his Breath,
And, fill'd with ENGLAND's Glory, smiles in Death,
Add. Campaign.


(Contains a large number of plans and engravings.)

200. Considérations sur L'Etat Present du Canada.* (1759.)

8vo., 29 pp. (Mémoire remis par M. de Beauvart.)

201. Impartial reflections upon the present state of affairs. With incidental remarks upon Certain Recent Transactions. In a Letter to a friend.

Read Pamphlets with Suspicion; neglect all Declamation; weigh the Reasoning; and advert to Facts. Bolingbroke.

Such Flames as high in Patriots burn,
Yet stoop to bless a Child or Wife. Pope
London: Printed for J. Coote, at the King’s Arms, in Paternoster-Row. MDCCLXI. 8vo., 75 pp.

203. An answer to A letter to the Right Honourable The Earl of B. . . . . . In which the false Reasoning, and absurd Conclusions, in that Pamphlet, are fully detected and refuted: Addressed to The Right Hon. Earl T—mple.
—quaerens illidere dentem
Offendet solido:—
—ridentem dicere verum
Quid vetat— Hor.

204. The Interest of Great Britain considered With Regard to her Colonies, And the Acquisitions of Canada and Guadaloupe. To which are added Observations concerning the increase of Mankind, Peopling of Countries, &c. The Second Edition.

205. Reasons for keeping Guadaloupe at a Peace, Preferable to Canada, explained in Five Letters, from a Gentleman in Guadaloupe to his Friend in London.
London: Printed for M. Cooper, in Pater Noster Row. MDCCLXI. (Price 1s. 6d.) 12mo., 79 pp.

206. Things As They Are.
Part the Second.
By the Author of the First.
Turpe est Sibi facere. Cie de Orat.

207. An earnest address to the people of Great-Britain and Ireland: Occasioned by the Dismission of William Pitt, Esq., from the Office of Secretary of State.

208. A Letter to a Great M—R, on the Prospect of a Peace; Wherein the Demolition of the Fortifications of Louisbourg Is Shown to be absurd; The Importance of Canada fully refuted; The proper Barrier pointed out in North America; and the Reasonableness and Necessity of retaining the French Sugar Islands. Containing Remarks on some preceding Pamphlets that have treated of the Subject, and a succinct View of the whole Terms that ought to be insisted on from France at a future Negotiation.
By an unprejudiced Observer.
Omnino qui reipublicae . . . . Cicero.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a


Hoc caverat mens provida Reguli, &c. Hor. Lib. III. Od. 5.

" Fear, admitted into public Counsels, Betrays like Treason." Addison's Cato.

London: Printed for G. Woodfall, the Corner of Craig's Court, Charing Cross. 1761. (Price one shilling and six pence.) 4to., 78 pp.

210. A Word to a RIGHT HONOURABLE COMMONER.

"A word to the Wise is enough." Trite Proverb.

London: Printed for J. Dixwell, in St. Martin's-Lane, near Charing Cross; and M. Cooper, in Pater-noster Row. MDCCCLXI. 12mo., viii+72 pp.

211. A Letter to the Right Honourable Author of a Letter to a citizen, with Animadversions on the Answer thereto, And on the Behaviour of the Corporation of the City of London.

In which His Reasons for resigning; the Conduct, Success and Advantages of his Administration; his Fidelity to his Country; Capacity for directing the Transactions of War, Commerce and Pacification, are fairly stated and freely considered.

Cognitiones capitalium rerum, sine consiliis per se solus exercebat. Liv. de Tarquinio Superbo.


212. Miscellaneous Representations relative to OUR CONCERNS IN AMERICA.

Submitted (in 1761) to the Earl of Bute, by Henry McCulloh. Now first printed from the Original MS., with Biographical and Historical Introduction by Wm. A. Shaw, Editor of the 'Calendar of Treasury Books and Papers.'


Depuis le 26 Mars 1761, jusqu'au 20 Septembre de la Même Année; Avec les Pièces Justificatives.

Imprimée selon l'Édition publiée à Paris, par l'Autorité.

A Londres, Chez D. Wilson, T. Becket & P. A. DeHondt, Libraires dans le Strand. MDCCCLXI. 4to., 60 pp.

215. An Historical Memorial of the NEGOTIATION of France and England, From the 26th of March, 1761, to the 20th of September of the same Year. With the Vouchers, Translated from the French Original, published at Paris by Authority.


1762.

216. A Political Analysis of the WAR: The Principles of the present political Parties examined; And A just, natural and perfect Coalition propos'd between Two Great Men, whose conduct is particularly consider'd.

29a—25
What Shame.... Pope's Homer.

No might nor greatness.... Shakespeare.

London: Printed for Tho. Payne, Bookseller, next the Mews Gate, St. Martin's.
1762. (Price One Shilling.) 8vo., 65 pp.

217. An Examination of the Commercial Principles of the late Negotiation between Great Britain and France in MDCCCLXI. In which The System of that Negotiation with Regard to our Colonies and Commerce is considered.


218. An Enquiry into the merits of the supposed Preliminaries of Peace, signed the 3rd inst.


219. Letter to Her R.—L II—s the P—s D-w-g-r of W— On the approaching Peace.

With a few words concerning the Right Honourable the Earl of B——, and the General Talk of the World.

'Tis a Busy talking World, and with licentious breath &c.—Rowe.

'Tis the privilege of Britons to reprove their Superiors.—Addison.

———I will Talk

Tho' Hell itself should from the Centre gape,
And bid me hold my Tongue.—Shakespeare.


220. Considerations on the approaching Peace.

When once we are afraid to speak, we are no longer safe.—Trenchard.


By His Majesty's Command.

London: Printed by Mark Baskett, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of Robert Baskett. 1762. 8vo., 71 pp.

222. The Sentiments of an Impartial Member of Parliament upon the two following questions,

1. Whether Great-Britain ought to be desirous of a Peace in the present situation of her Affairs.

2. What sort of a Peace Great Britain has reason to expect?


1763.

223. Reflections on the Terms of Peace.

224. A Letter to the Right Hon. George Grenville:

Quem maxumè odisti, ei maxumè obsequeris: aliud stans, aliud sedens, de rep. sentis: his maledicis, illos odisti, levissume transfuga: neque in hæc, neque in illæ partefidem habes. Sallust.

The Third Edition; With several Corrections and Additions.
London: Printed for J. Williams, next the Mitre Tavern, Fleet-Street. MDCCLXIII. 4to., 35 pp.

225. Considerations on the present peace, As far as it is relative to the Colonies, and the African Trade.

Magna est veritas & prevalebit.

226. Serious considerations on the measures of the present administration.

Methinks a Civil Test might be contrived, and prove very convenient, to distinguish those that own the Revolution Principles, from such as Tooth and Nail oppose them.—Molesworth.

227. An Epistle to the Dictator, in His Retirement. Humbly Addressed to him, by his Constant Admirer, and faithful Coadjutor, Pro Bono Publico.

"If we take a survey of the greatest actions that have been performed in the world, under the influences of single men, we shall find the Authors of them all to be persons, whose natural reason hath admitted great Revolutions."—Tale of a Tub.

228. A Letter from a Member of the Opposition to Lord B——.—

Quoth Hudibras, you lie so ope
That I, without a Telescope—
——— Easily can vie,
Where you tell Truth, and where you lie.

Hud.

229. A Review of Lord Bute's Administration.

By the Author of The Review of Mr. Pitt's.
The Title of Favourite, let him be ever so deserving, has always been odious in England. Guthrie's Peerage.

230. Memorial of John, Earl of Egmont, to the King's Most Excellent Majesty.
1763. 8vo., 32 pp. (Title page missing.)

231. Political Disquisitions proper for Public Consideration in the present state of affairs.
In a Letter to a Noble Duke.
232. A Review of Mr. Pitt’s Administration.
He wishes to lay open and reveal to the unerring Public both the motives and actions of every part of his administration.

Observations on the Spanish papers.
The Third Edition, With several Alterations and Additions.

233. An Appendix to the Review of Mr. Pitt’s Administration.
By the Author of the Review.

234. An Account of some late attempts by the Correspondents of the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, To CHRISTIANIZE THE NORTH AMERICAN INDIANS.

235. Thoughts on Trade in General, Our West-Indian in Particular, Our Continental Colonies, Canada, Guadaloupe, and the Preliminary Articles of Peace. Addressed to the Community.
(Signed Ignotus.)

236. A Reply to Mr. Heathcote’s Letter from an honest man.
In which the arguments are proved to be delusive; and the Facts untrue.
Mens incubuit dolori.

1764.

237. The Ancient Right of the ENGLISH NATION to the AMERICAN FISHERY; and its VARIOUS DIMINUTIONS; examined and stated with A Map of the Lands, Islands, Gulph, Seas, and Fishing Banks comprising the whole.
Humbly inscribed to the sincere Friends of the British Naval Empire.
—ne quid falsi dicere audeat; —ne quid veri non audeat.—Cicer. de Orat.
London, Printed; and sold by S. Baker, in York Street, Covent Garden. MDCCCLXIV. 4to., 105 pp.

(Épig.)— . . . les sillons labourée par des Mules, (car elles sont très-superieurs aux Boeufs pour labourer profondément avec une forte charrue les champs qui n’ont pas encore été défrichés.)

239. Regulations for Extraordinary Expenditure on Foreign Stations.
Printed by W. Clowes, Northumberland-Court, Strand, For His Majesty’s Stationery-Office. (1764.) 12mo., 14 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

240. Reasons why Lord—— should be made a PUBLIC EXAMPLE. Addressed to every Free-Born Englishman.

To which is subjoined, An AUTHENTIC EXTRACT OF THE PRELIMINARIES, signed the Third of November 1762, at Fontainbleau: with some comparative Remarks between them and the Terms offered by France last year.

Remember, O my friends, the laws, the rights, &c. &c.—Cato.

Printed for G. Burnet, at Bp. Burnet's Head, in the Strand. (1764?)

(Price One Shilling) 8vo., 49 pp.

241. A Counter-Address to the Public on the Late DISMISSION OF A GENERAL OFFICER.


(Reprint from Maryland Historical Magazine) 8vo., 5 pp.

243. The Administration of the Colonies.

(By Governor Pownall.)


244. The Speech, delivered in the HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY of the Province of Pennsyl-

vania, May 24th, 1764. By JOHN DICKINSON, Esq.; One of the Members for the County of PHILADELPHIA, On Occasion of a Petition, drawn up by Order, and then under Consideration, of the House; praying His MAJESTY for a Change of the GOVERNMENT of this PROVINCE.

With a Preface.


Philadelphia Printed:


1765.

245. The Speech of JOSEPH GALLOWAY, Esq.; one of the Members for Philadelphia County; In Answer to the Speech of John Dickinson, Esq; Delivered in the House of Assembly of the Province of Pennsylvania, May 24, 1764. On Occasion of a Petition drawn up by Order, and then under the Consideration of the House, praying His Majesty for a Royal, in lieu of a Proprietary Government. With a Preface by a Member of the Assembly.

Audi et alteram Partem.

Philadelphia printed.


246. A Reply to A Piece called the SPEECH of Joseph Galloway, Esq., by John Dickinson.

"Yes, the last pen for freedom let me draw, &c. . . . Pope.

Philadelphia, Printed:

247. The Regulations Lately Made concerning the Colonies, and the Taxes Imposed upon Them, considered.

London: Printed for J. Wilkie, in St. Paul's Church-Yard; and may be had at the Pamphlet-Shops at the Royal-Exchange, and Charing-Cross. 1765. 8vo., 114 pp.

248. The Late Regulations, respecting the British Colonies on the Continent of America considered: In a Letter from a Gentleman in Philadelphia to his Friend in London.

Prosunt minus recte . . Fulb. A. Bartol.

Philadelphia: Printed:


(Written by John Dickinson.)

249. Considerations on behalf of the Colonists; in a Letter to a Noble Lord.


250. Considerations, Relative to the North American Colonies.


252. The Objections to the Taxation of our American Colonies, by the Legislature of Great Britain, Briefly Consider'd.

The second edition.


253. A Letter to a Member of Parliament, Wherein the Power of the British Legislature, and the Case of the Colonists, are briefly and impartially considered.


254. Thoughts on a Question of Importance proposed to the Public, Whether is it probable that the Immense Extent of Territory acquired by this Nation at the late Peace, will operate towards the Prosperity or the Ruin of the Island of Great Britain?


Motives for a Subscription towards the relief of the sufferers at Montreal in Canada, by a dreadful fire on the 18th of May 1765, in which 108 houses, (containing 215 families, chiefly Canadians) were destroyed; and the greatest part of their inhabitants exposed to all the miseries attending such misfortunes. The whole loss in buildings, merchandise, furniture, and apparel, amounted to £87580 8s. 10d. sterling; no part of which was, or could be, insured.

At Montreal May MDCCLXV. 8vo., 47 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

256. Relation de ce qui s'est passé au Siège de Québec, et de la prise du Canada; Par une Religieuse de l'Hôpital Générale de Québec: adressées à une Communauté de son Ordre en France.

D'Apres un Manuscrit Récemment obtenu de France*. 8vo., 29 pp.

(Internal evidence places the manuscript at 1765.)

257. A Collection of the Supplies and Ways and Means from the Revolution to the present time.

By Charles Whitworth, Esq., Member of Parliament.


1766.

258. Considerations on the Propriety of imposing Taxes in the British Colonies, for the purposes of raising a Revenue, by Act of Parliament.

Haud Totum Verba resignent. Quod latet arcana, non enarrabile, fibra.

North-America Printed:


(Attributed to Daniel Delaney.)

259. Considerations on the Trade and Finances of this Kingdom, and on the Measures of Administration, with Respect to those Great National Objects since the Conclusion of the Peace.


261. Considerations on the American Stamp Act, and on the Conduct of the Minister Who planned it.

Consilia primum, deinde acta, postea eventus expectantur. Cic. de Orat.


262. An Account of a late Conference on the Occurrences in America.

In a Letter to a Friend.


263. A Short View of the political life and transactions of a late Right Honourable Commoner.

To which is added, a Full Refutation of an invidious Pamphlet supposed to be published under the Sanction of a very popular Nobleman, entitled "An Enquiry into the Conduct of a late Right Honourable Commoner."

London: Printed for W. Griffin, in Catherine Street, in the Strand, 1766. (Price Two Shillings.) 12mo., 95 pp.
   By James Otis, Esq.
   *Hec omnis regio ... Virg.*
   Boston, New-England, Printed:
   London Reprinted, for J. Almon, opposite Burlington House, Piccadilly.
   [Price Two Shillings.] 8vo., 120 pp.

265. The Same as 264.

266. An Examination of the Rights of the Colonies upon Principles of Law.
   By a Gentleman at the Bar.
   *Errores ad sua Principia referre est refellere.* 3d Inst.
   London: Printed for R. Dymott, opposite Somerset-House in the Strand,
   and J. Almon, opposite Burlington House in Piccadilly, MDCCLXVI. 12mo.,
   41 pp.

267. Some strictures on the late Occurrences in North America.
   *Vetant leges sacratce, vetant duodecim tabulae, leges privatis hominibus
   irrogari, id enim est privilegium.* Cicero pro domo.
   London: Printed for W. Owen, near Temple Bar. MDCCLXVI. 12mo.,
   23 pp.

268. A Letter from a Merchant in London to his Nephew in North America;
   relative to the Present Posture of Affairs in the Colonies; in which The Supposed
   Violation of Charters, and the several Grievances complained of, are particularly
   discussed, and the Consequences of an Attempt towards Independency set in a
   true Light.
   And it is further enacted and declared . . . .
   7 and 8 W. III., Cap. 22, Sect. 9.
   London: Printed for J. Walter, at Homer's Head, Charing Cross:
   MDCCLXVI. 8vo., 55 pp.

269. A Plain and Seasonable Address to the Freeholders of Great Britain on The
   Present Posture of Affairs in America.
   Curse on his Virtues, they've undone his Country! Such popular humanity
   is Treason.—Cato.
   London: Printed for Richardson and Urquhart, under the Royal-Exchange,

270. Political Debates.
   *“Upon the whole I beg leave to tell the House what is really my opinion. It
   is, that the Stamp-Act be repealed absolutely, totally and immediately.”*
   The Great Commoner.
   A Paris, Chez J. W. Imprimeur, Rue du Colombier Fauxbourg St. Germain,
   à l'Hotel de Saxe. MDCCLXVI. (Prix 30 Sous.)
   Avec Approbation & Privilege. 8vo., 18 pp.

271. The Late Occurrences in North America, and Policy of Great Britain, con-
   sidered.
   Tantane vos generis . . . Virg.
   MDCCLXVI. (Price One Shilling.) 8vo., 42 pp.
272. A Man of Abilities for the Earl of B——e, or, Scotch Politics defeated in America.

Accompanied with several interesting Anecdotes, and a Hint of the late intended ministerial change.

*Infandum caput!*

*Hic vir! hic est!* Virg.

A man whose Inclinations led him to be corrupt; and said to have great Abilities, to manage and multiply, and defend his corruptions. Swift.

London: Printed for the Author, and sold by J. Williams, next the Mitre Tavern, in Fleet-Street. 1766. (Price One Shilling.) 12mo., iv + 56 pp.

1767.

273. The Conduct of the Late Administration examined, Relative to the American Stamp Act.

With An Appendix containing Original and Authentic Documents.


Shewing the great absurdity of appointing Military Naval Officers to rule over a Commercial People; and the great Uneasiness and Prejudice that is occasioned by such unnatural appointments; which are made more through Interest than Merit.


275. Ordinances made for the Province of Quebec, by the Governor and Council of the said Province, since the Establishment of the Civil Government.

Quebec: Printed by Brown & Gilmore, near the Bishop's Palace. MDCCLXVII. (French and English.) 4to., 51 pp.

276. The Trial of Daniel Disney, Esq; Captain of a Company in His Majesty's 44th Regiment of Foot, and Town-Major of the Garrison of Montreal, at the Session of the Supreme-Court of Judicature, holden at Montreal, on Saturday the 28th day of February, and thence continued by Adjournments to Wednesday the 11th day of March, 1767, before the Honourable William Hey, Esq.; Chief-Justice of the Province of Quebec, upon an Indictment containing two Charges, the one for a Burglary and Felony, in breaking and entering Mr. Thomas Walker's House, at Montreal, on the Night of the 6th Day of December, in the Year 1764, with an Intention to murder the said Thomas Walker, the other for feloniously and of Malice aforesaid cutting off the Right Ear of the said Thomas Walker, with Intention thereby to disfigure him, against the Form of the Statute of 22 and 23 Car. II Cap. i. in that Case made and provided.

Quebec: Printed by Brown & Gilmore. MDCCLXVII 8vo., 44 pp. (incomplete)

1768.

277. The Present State of the Nation: particularly with respect to its Trade, Finances &c. &c. Addressed to the King and both Houses of Parliament.

278. A Letter to the Right Honourable Wills, Earl of Hillsborough, on the Connection between Great Britain and her American Colonies.

Imperat. A m rege: nis paret.


279. The Constitutional Right of the Legislature of Great Britain, to Tax the British Colonies in America, impartially stated.


(Attributed to John Dickinson, Esq., of Philadelphia.)

1769.


"O Tite, si quid ego adjuvero curamve levasso,
"Quae nunc te coquit, et versat sub pectore fixa,
"Ecquid erit pretii?"—Enn. ap. Cic.


(Reply to No. 277.)

282. The American Traveller: or, Observations on the present State, Culture and Commerce of the British Colonies in America, and the further Improvements of which they are capable; with An Account of the Exports, Imports and Returns of each Colony respectively,—and of the Numbers of British Ships and Seamen, Merchants, Traders and Manufacturers employed by all collectively: Together with The Amount of the Revenue arising to Great-Britain therefrom.

In a Series of Letters, written originally to the Right Honourable the Earl of

By an Old and Experienced Trader.


283. The Case of Great Britain and America, addressed to the King, and both Houses of Parliament.

The Colonies of every popular, mixed, and free Government, preserving their Duty, have a Right to be free.—Mr. Canning’s Letter to the E. of Hillsborough.

—Dare do all that may become Men,

—Who do more, are none—


(Attributed to Gervase Parker Bushe.)
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

284. A Petition of the Freeholders of the County of Middlesex, presented to His Majesty, the 24th of May, 1769, by Mr. Sergeant Glynn; John Sawbridge, Esq; James Townshend, Esq; The Rev. Dr. Wilson; George Bellas, Esq; Francis Ayscough, Esq; and William Ellis, Esq.

Printed by Henry Fenwick, Printer to the Honourable City of London. 12mo., 11 pp.

285. Addresses, Remonstrances, and Petitions; Commencing the 24th of June, 1769, Presented to the King and Parliament, from the Court of Common Council, and the Livery in Common Hall assembled, with his Majesty's answers:

Likewise the Speech to the King, Made by the late Mr. Alderman Beckford, When Lord Mayor of the City of London.

Printed by Henry Fenwick, Printer to the Honourable City of London. 12mo., 151 pp.

286. Case of Great Britain and America, Addressed to the King and Both Houses of Parliament.

It is against the liberty of the subject, who hath a true property in his goods, which cannot be taken from him without his actual or implied consent.

—Trial of John Hampden.

The Third Edition.


287. A Vindication of the British Colonies.

By James Otis, Esq; of Boston.

—Sed fugite, O. Miseri.... Virgil.

Boston, printed:


288. Four Dissertations on the Reciprocal Advantages of a Perpetual Union between Great Britain and her American Colonies.

Written for Mr. Sargent's Prize-Medal. To which (by desire) is prefixed an Eulogium, Spoken on the Delivery of the Medal, at the public Commencement in the College of Philadelphia, May 29th, 1766.

Philadelphia Printed; London reprinted, for T. Payne, at the Mews-Gate, and D. Wilson, in the Strand. 12mo., viii+122 pp.

289. The Controversy between Great Britain and her Colonies Reviewed; The Several Pleas of The Colonies, In Support of their Right to all the Liberties and Privileges of British Subjects, and to Exemption from the Legislative Authority of Parliament, Stated and Considered; and

The Nature of their Connection with, and Dependence on, Great Britain, shewn, upon the evidence of Historical Facts and authentic Records.


(Attributed to W. Knox.)

290. An Appendix to The Present State of the Nation.

Containing a Reply to the observations on that Pamphlet.

When Satire flies abroad on Falsehood's wing,

Short is her life indeed, and dull her sting.

Churchill.


292. Thoughts on the Origin and Nature of Government. Occasioned by the late Disputes between Great Britain and her American Colonies. Written in the Year 1766.

—Victor que volentes
Per populos dat jura—

Virg.


(Attributed to Wm. Pulteney, Earl of Bath.)

293. A General View of the present Politics and Interests of the Principal Powers of Europe; Particularly those at War;

Wherein the nature of the Peace to be expected on the conclusion of the War and the conduct of those who chiefly contributed to the Successes of France, are impartially considered.

In a letter from the Hague, to a Foreign Minister at London.


294. Relation Historique de L'Expédition contre Les Indiens de L'Ohio en MDCCLXIV.

Commandée par le Chevalier Henry Bouquet, Colonel d'Infanterie, & ensuite Brigadier-Général en Amérique; contenant ses Transactions avec les Indiens, relativement à la délivrance des Prisonniers & aux Préliminaires de la Paix; avec un Récit introductoire de la Campagne précédente de l'an 1763, & de la Bataille de Bushy-Run.

On y a joint des Mémoires Militaires contenant des Réflexions sur la guerre avec les Sauvages; une Méthode de former des établissements sur la Frontiere: quelques détails concernant la contré des Indiens: avec une liste de nations, combattans, villes, distances, & diverses routes.

Le tout enrichi de Cartes & Tailles-douces.

Traduit de l'Anglois, Par C. G. F. Dumas.

A Amsterdam, Chez Marc-Michel Rey, M.DCC.LàIX. 8vo., 147 pp.

295. Poemata.


———Vacui sub umbra
Lusimus. Hor.


1770.

296. A Fair Account of the late unhappy disturbance at Boston in New England; extracted from the Depositions that have been made concerning it by Persons of all Parties.

With an Appendix, containing Some Affidavits and other Evidences relating to this affair, not mentioned in the Narrative of it that has been published at Boston.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

297. Addresses presented from the Court of Common Council to the King, On his Majesty's Accession to the Throne, and on various other occasions, and his Answers.

Resolutions of the Court, Granting the Freedom of the City to several Noble Personages; with their Answers.

Instructions at different Times to the Representatives of the City in Parliament.

Petitions to Parliament for different purposes.

Resolutions of the Court, On the Memorial of the Livery, to request the Lord Mayor to call a Common Hall; For returning Thanks to Lord Chatham, and his answer; For erecting a Statute in Guildhall, to William Beckford, Esq.; late Lord Mayor.

Agreed to between the 23d October, 1760, and the 12th October, 1770.

Printed by Henry Fenwick, Printer to the Honourable City of London. 12mo., 88 pp.

298. An Appeal to the World; or a Vindication of the Town of Boston, from Many false and malicious Aspersions contained In certain Letters and Memorials, written by Governor Bernard, General Gage, Commodore Hood, the Commissioners of the American Board of Customs, and others, and by them respectively transmitted to the British Ministry.

Published by Order of the Town.

Boston: Printed by Edes and Gill:


Interspersed with various Observations, Characters and Anecdotes; necessary to give Light into the Conduct of American Transactions in general; and more especially into the political Management of Affairs in New York.

In a Letter to a Nobleman.

New York: Printed by Alexander and James Robertson, MDCCLXX. 8vo., 170 pp. (Attributed to Wm. Livingston.)

300. Considerations on the Expediency of Admitting Representatives from the American Colonies into the British House of Commons.


1771.

301. An Essay on the Character and Conduct of His Excellency Lord Viscount Townshend, Lord Lieutenant General, and General Governor of Ireland, &c., &c., &c.

Printed in the year 1771. 8vo., 26 pp.

(Attributed to Chesterfield.)

302. Remarks on the Review of the Controversy between Great Britain and her Colonies, in which The errors of its Author are exposed and the claims of the Colonies vindicated, Upon the Evidence of Historical Facts and authentic Records.
To which is subjoined A Proposal for terminating the present unhappy Dispute with the Colonies; Recovering their Commerce; Reconciliating their Affection; Securing their Rights; And establishing their Dependence on a just and permanent Basis.

Humbly submitted to the Consideration of the British Legislature. By Edward Bancroft.

"Consilia qui dant prava cautis hominibus,
Et perdunt operam et deridentur turpiter."

Phoedr. Eab. xxv.

London: Printed in the year 1769.


304. Two Speeches of an Honourable Gentleman, on the late NEGOTIATION AND CON-VENTION WITH SPAIN.


1772.

305. Fugitive Pieces of IRISH POLITICS.

During the Administration of Lord Townshend.


306. An Abstract of the Several Royal Edicts and Declarations, and Provincial Regulations and Ordinances, that were in force in the Province of Quebec in the time of the French Government; and of the Commissions of the several Governors-general and Intendants of the said Province, during the same Period.

Faithfully collected, from the Registers of the Superior Council of Quebec, By Francis Joseph Cugnet, Esquire, Secretary to the Governour and Council of the said Province, for the French language.

By the Direction of the Honourable Guy Carleton, Esquire, Governour in Chief of the said Province.

London: Printed by Charles Eyre and William Strahan, Printers to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. MDCCCLXXII. 4to., 14 pp.

1774.


At the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the Tenth Day of May, Anno Domini 1768, in the Eighth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Third, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

And from thence continued, by several Prorogations, to the Thirteenth Day of January 1774; being the Seventh Session of the Thirteenth Parliament of Great Britain.

London: Printed by Charles Eyre and William Strahan, Printers to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. MDCCLXXIV. 4to., 9 pp.

308. The Justice and Policy of the late Act of Parliament, for Making more Effectual Provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, asserted and proved; And the conduct of the Administration respecting that Province, Stated and vindicated.


309. An Appeal to the Public; Stating and considering the Objections to the Quebec Bill.

Inscribed and dedicated to the Patriotic Society of the Bill of Rights.

—Vos eritis judices,

. . . . . . . . . . . Ter.

Vultis exemplo . . .

Tit. Liv.


(Written by Thomas Bernard.)

310. Lettre adressée Aux Habitans de la province de Quebec, Ci-devant le Canada. De la part du Congrés Général de l'Amérique Septentrionale, tenu à Philadelphia.


311. The American Querist: or, Some Questions Proposed Relative to the Present Disputes between Great Britain, and her American Colonies. By a North-American.

We are not to think every clamorous Haranguer, or every splenetic Repiner against a Court, is therefore a Patriot.—Bishop Berkley.

The Tenth Edition.

New-York: Printed by James Rivington, 1774.

This Pamphlet, on the 8th Day of September last, was, in full Conclave of the Sons of Liberty in New-York, committed to the Flames by the Hands of their Common Executioner; as it contains some Queries they cannot, and others they will not answer.

(Attributed to Myles Cooper.) 8vo., 31 pp.


To which is added, an Account of the Rise of the Colonies; and the Manner in which the rights of the subjects within the realm were communicated to those that went to America, with the exercise of those rights from their first settlement to the present time.

313. A Friendly Address to all Reasonable Americans, on The Subject of our Political Confusions: in which The necessary Consequences of Violently opposing the King’s Troops and of A General Non-Importation are Fairly Stated. Am I therefore become your Enemy, because I tell you the Truth?—St. Paul. New-York: Printed in the Year M,DCCLXXIV. Svo., 56 pp.

314. The Patriot Addressed to the Electors of Great Britain.
(By Samuel Johnson, LL.D.)
They bawl for freedom in their senseless mood, &c.—Milton.

315. Select Letters on the Trade and Government of America; and the Principles of Law and Polity, applied to the American Colonies.
Written by Governor Bernard, at Boston, in the Years 1763, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8. Now first published.
To which are added The Petition of the Assembly of Massachusetts’s Bay against the Governor, his Answer thereto, and the Order of the King in Council thereon.
London: Printed for T. Payne, at the Mews-Gate, St. Martin’s. MDCCCLXXIV. Svo., 130 pp.

316. A Letter to the Earl of Chatham, on the Quebec Bill.
(Written by Sir William Meredith.)

317. A Letter to Sir William Meredith, Bart.
In answer to His Late Letter to The Earl of Chatham.
“How execrable then is the barbarous impiety of . . . .
Cicero.

318. A Letter from Thomas Lord Lyttelton, to William Pitt, Earl of Chatham, on the Quebec Bill.

319. A Speech intended to have been spoken on the Bill for Altering the Charters of the Colony of Massachusetts Bay.

320. Thoughts on the Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec.

321. The Letters of Governor Hutchinson, and Lieut. Governor Oliver, &c., Printed at Boston. And remarks thereon.
With the Assembly’s Address, and the Proceedings Of the Lords Committee of Council. Together with The Substance of Mr. Wedderburn’s Speech relating to those Letters. And the Report of the Lords Committee to His Majesty in Council.
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From the
Observations made on board the Ships
sent upon the late Discovery; supported
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[See No. 102]
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From CARILLON to the ISLE AUX NOIX
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On Board the CHEZINE Frigate,
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By Major General WOLFE, and Vice-Admiral SAUNDERS;
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By Richard Gardiner, Esq; Captain of Marines in the Rippon.

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And, fill'd with ENGLAND's Glory, smiles in Death,
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SOCIETY for propagating Christian Knowledge,
To Christianize the North American Indians.

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Printed in the Year M,DCC,LXIII.
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Wherein the Power of the BRITISH LEGISLATURE,

And the Case of the COLONISTS,

Are briefly and impartially considered.

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Printed for W. FLEXNEY, near Gray's-Inn Gate, Holborn. 1765.

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The Absurdity of appointing military and
naval Officers to rule over a commercial People;
and the great Uneasiness and Prejudice that is oc-
casioned by such unnatural Appointments; which
are made more through Interest than Merit.

LONDON:
Printed for J. Williams, at No. 38, next
the Mitre-Tavern, in Fleet-Street. 1767.
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The Trial of Daniel Disney, Esq;

Captain of a Company in His Majesty's 44th Regiment of Foot, and Town-Major of the Garrison of Montreal, at the Session of the Supreme-Court of Judicature, held at Montreal, on Saturday the 28th Day of February, and thence continued by Adjournments to Wednesday the 11th Day of March, 1767, before the Honourable William Hey, Esq; Chief-Justice of the Province of Quebec, upon an Indictment containing two Charges, the one for a Burglary and Felony, in breaking and entering Mr. Thomas Walker's House, at Montreal, on the Night of the 6th Day of December, in the Year 1764, with an Intention to murder the said Thomas Walker, the other for feloniously and of Malice aforethought cutting off the Right Ear of the said Thomas Walker, with Intention thereby to disfigure him, against the Form of the Statute of 22 and 23 Car. II. Cap. i. in that Case made and provided.

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Printed by Brown & Gilmore.
M, DCC. LXVII.
322. Considerations on the Measures Carrying on With Respect to the British Colonies in North America.

There is neither King or Sovereign Lord . . . .

Phillippe de Commines, Ch. 108.

London: Printed.


323. The Same as No. 322.


8vo., 176+45 pp.

324. The Interest of the Merchants and Manufacturers of Great Britain, in the present Contest with the Colonies, Stated and Considered.


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(Written by John Dickinson.)

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On the Constitutional Power of Great Britain over the Colonies in America; with the resolves of the Committee for the province of Pennsylvania, and their instructions to their Representatives in Assembly.


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By John Robinson, Farmer at Bewholm, in Holderness, and Thomas Rispin, Farmer at Fangfoss, both in the County of York, Who sailed for Nova Scotia, the 8th of April, 1774, from Scarborough, on Board the Ship Prince George.

York: Printed for the Authors, by C. Etherington, MDCCLXXIV. Price Six Pence. 16mo., 48 pp.

1775.

328. The Speech of a General Officer in the House of Commons February 20th, 1775.

4to., 9 pp. (Speech of Major General Burgoyne on Lord North's motion re. American Colonies.)

329. The Address of the People of Great Britain to the Inhabitants of America.


(Attributed to Sir J. Dalrymple.)

29a—27
330. An Address to the People of England, Scotland, and Ireland, on the present Important Crisis of Affairs.
   By Catherine Macaulay.

331. An Address to The Right Honourable L—d M—s—d; in which The Measures of Government respecting America, are considered in a new light: with a view to His Lordship’s interposition therein.

332. The History of American Taxation, from the Year 1763, to the End of last Session, In which is introduced, An Account of the official Abilities of the following Ministers, and how far they have been concerned either in pursuing or receding from the present Scheme of governing America. The Rt. Hon. Charles Townshend; the Hon. Mr. Grenville; Lord Rockingham; and Lord Chatham.
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   The Subject is instructive to those who wish to form themselves on whatever of Excellence has gone before them. Burke.

333. The Speech of the Right Honourable the Earl of Chatham, in the House of Lords, on Friday the 20th of January, 1775.
   Dublin: Printed by John Exshaw, No. 86, Dame-street. 8vo., 9 pp.

334. The Speech of Edmund Burke, Esq.: on moving his resolutions for conciliation with the Colonies. March 22, 1775.

335. Americans against Liberty: or an Essay on the nature and principles of true freedom, showing that the designs and conduct of the Americans tend only to tyranny and slavery.
   Dictum est &c Tull.
   True Liberty
   always with right Reason dwells
   Twin'd, and from her hath no diuidual Being. Milton.
   Where there is no Law, there is no Freedom. Locke.
   London: Sold by J. Mathews, No. 18, in the Strand. MDCCLXXV. 8vo., 64 pp.

336. Free thoughts on the proceedings of the Continental Congress, held at Philadelphia, Sept. 5, 1774: wherein Their errors are exhibited, their reasonings confuted, and the Fatal Tendency of their Non-Importation, Non-Exportation, and Non-Consumption Measures, are laid open to the plainest Understandings; and the Only Means pointed out for preserving and Securing our present Happy Constitution:
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

In a Letter to the Farmers, and other inhabitants of North America in general, and to those of the Province of New-York in particular.

By a farmer.

*Hear me for I will Speak!*


337. **A Candid Examination** of the *Mutual Claims of Great Britain and the Colonies; with a Plan of Accommodation on Constitutional Principles.*


(Written by Joseph Galloway.)

338. **The sentiments of a foreigner on the Disputes of Great-Britain with America.** Translated from the French.

*Venit summa dies et ineluctabile tempus. Virg.*

Philadelphia; Printed by James Humphreys, Junior; in Front-Street. MDCCLXXV. 8vo., iv+27 pp.

339. **Authentic papers from America:** submitted to the dispassionate consideration of the public.


340. **A Letter to the Right Honourable Lord Camden, on the Bill for Restraining the Trade and Fishery of the Four Provinces of New England.**


341. **A Letter to Dr. Samuel Johnson:** occasioned by His late political publications, with an appendix, containing some observations on a pamphlet lately published by *Dr. Shebbeare.*

*Here let those reign, whom pensions can incite,* &c. &c.—Johnson.


342. **An Appeal to the Justice and Interests of the people of Great Britain, in the present disputes with America.**

By An Old Member of Parliament.


343. **The Plea of the Colonies,** On the Charges brought against them by Lord M—d, and Others, in a Letter to His Lordship.

_Digitæ monstrari; & dicier, Hic est._


344. **Journal of the Proceedings of the Congress, Held at Philadelphia, September 5th, 1774.** Containing, The Bill of Rights; A List of Grievances; Occasional Resolves; The Association; An Address to the People of Great Britain; A Memorial to the Inhabitants of the British American Colonies; And An address to the Inhabitants of the Province of Quebec.

Published by order of the Congress. To which is added (Being now first printed by Authority) an authentic copy of the Petition to the King.

345. The Speech of Lord Lyttelton, on a Motion made in the House of Lords for a Repeal of the Canada Bill, May 17, 1775.

Audi alteram Partem . . .


346. Plan offered by the Earl of Chatham, to the House of Lords, entitled, A Provisional Act, for settling the Troubles in America, and for asserting the Supreme Legislative Authority and Superintending Power of Great Britain over the Colonies.

Which was rejected and not suffered to lie upon the Table.


347. A Plan for conciliating the Jarring Political Interests of Great Britain and her North American Colonies, and for promoting a general Re-Union throughout the whole of the British Empire.

Will Britons generous and free as air, enslave their sons?
Can Americans desire to be more, than Britons are?


348. A Concise Historical Account of all the British Colonies in North America, comprehending their Rise, Progress and Modern State; Particularly of the Massachusetts-Bay (The seat of the present Civil War), Together with the other Provinces of New England.

To which is annexed, An Accurate descriptive Table of the several Countries; etc., etc.


349. Taxation no Tyranny; an Answer to the Resolutions and Address of the American Congress.

London: Printed for T. Cadell, in the Strand. MDCLXXV.

First and third editions.
(Attributed to Dr. Johnson.) 8vo., 91 pp.

350. An Answer to a pamphlet, entitled Taxation no Tyranny.

Addressed to the Author, and to persons in power.


351. Tract V. The respective pleas and arguments of the mother country, and of the Colonies distinctly set forth; And the Impossibility of a Compromise of Differences, or a mutual concession of rights, plainly demonstrated. With a prefatory epistle to the Plenipotentiaries of the late Congress at Philadelphia.

By Josiah Tucker, DD., Dean of Gloucester.


rendues par les Intendants, Faisans partie de la legislature en force en la Colone du Canada, aujourd'hui Province de Québec.

Tirés des Registres du Conseil Supérieur et de ceux d'Intendance.

Par François Joseph Cugnet. Ecuyer, Seigneur de St Etienne, &c., &c.


353. Traité de la Loi des Fiefs. Qui a toujours été suivie en Canada depuis son établissement, tirée de celle contenue en la Coutume de la Prevôté et Vicomté de Paris, à laquelle les Fiefs et Seigneuries de cette Province sont assujettis, en vertu de leurs titres primitifs de Concession, et des Edits, Reglemens, Ordonnances et Declarations de sa Majesté très Chrétienne, rendus en consequence; et des différents Jugemens d'Intendants rendus à cet égard, en vertu de la Loi des Fiefs, et des dits Edits, Reglemens, Ordonnances et Declarations.

Traité utile à tous les Seigneurs de cette Province, tant nouveaux qu'anciens Sujets, aux juges et au Receveur-général des Droits de sa Majesté.

Par François Joseph Cugnet, Ecuyer, Seigneur de St. Etienne, &c., &c.

In magnis voluisse sat est.

Quebec: Chez Guillaume Brown. MDCLXXV. Svo., 71 pp.

354. Traité Abrégé des anciennes Loix Coutumes et usages de la Colonie du Canada, aujord'hui Province de Québec, tiré de la coutume de la prevôté et vicomté de Paris, à laquelle la dite Colonie était assujettie, en consequence de l'Edit de l'établissement du Conseil Souverain du mois d'avril 1663; avec l'explication de chaque titre et de chaque article, puisée dans les meilleurs auteurs qui ont écrit et commenté la dite coutume.

Nécessaire à toutes les personnes qui voudront avoir une teinture des dites anciennes loix, coutumes et usages, et qui pourra les faciliter dans l'étude qu'ils seront obligés d'en faire, tant comme juges, que comme Avocats ou Procureurs.

Par François Joseph Cugnet, Ecuyer, Seigneur de St. Etienne, &c., &c.

O Judices! diligitte justitiam, nam qui justificat impium, et qui condemnat justum, abominabilis est uterque apud Deum.

Lib. sap. et Proverb, ch. 17, v. 16.

Quebec: Chez Guillaume Brown. MDCLXXV. Svo., 188 pp.

355. Traité de la Police. Qui a toujours été suivie en Canada, aujourd'hui Province de Québec, depuis son établissement jusqu'à la conquête, tirée des différents réglement, jugemens et ordonnances d'Intendants, à qui par leurs commissions, cette partie du gouvernement était totalement attribuée, à l'exclusion de tous autres juges, qui n'en pouvaient connaitre qu'en qualité de leurs subdélégués.

Traité qui pourrait être de quelqu'utilité aux Grands Voyers, et aux juges de Police en cette province.

Par François Joseph Cugnet, Ecuyer, Seigneur de St. Etienne, &c., &c.

Cura rerum publicarum.


1776.

356. An Enquiry whether the Guilt of the present Civil War in America, ought to be imputed to Great Britain or America.

357. A Further Examination of our Present American Measures and of the reasons and the Principles on which they are founded.
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   An English Whig can never, &c. &c.
   Lord Molesworth's Preface to Franco-Gallia.
   In one and the same Nation, &c. &c.
   Blackstone, b. 1 c. 3.

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   Heu miseris cives; . . . .
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361. Experience preferable to Theory.
   An Answer to Dr. Price's Observations on the Nature of Civil Liberty, and the Justice and Policy of the War with America.
   — Whereof cometh envy, strife, &c. 1 Tim. VI. 4, 5, 11, 20.


363. The Honor of Parliament and the Justice of the Nation Vindicated.
   In a Reply to Dr. Price's Observations on the nature of Civil Liberty.
   ——— Insidiis, perjurique arte Sinonis
   Credita res. ———
   Virg.
364. Remarks on Dr. Price's Observations on the nature of Civil Liberty, &c.

Quaere peregrinum Vicinia rauca reclamat.

Hor. Ep. XVII. l. 1, v. 62.

London: Printed for G. Kearsley. No. 46, Fleet-Street, MDCCLXXVI.

(Price One Shilling and Six-pence.) 8vo., 76 pp.

365. An Answer to the Declaration of the American Congress.

Il popolo molte volte gridava
Viva la sua morte, muoia la sua vita.
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Will ye turn from Flattery and attend to this Side.

There Truth unlicensed . . .

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MDCCLXXVI. 8vo., 47 pp.

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By a Person of Honor upon the Spot.

Falsus Honor Juvat, . . .

Hor. Ep. XVI.

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376. The Charters of the British Colonies in America.

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1777.

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Should the morals of the English be perverted by luxury; should they lose their Colonies by restraining them, &c., they will be enslaved; they will become insignificant and contemptible; and EUROPE will not be able to shew the world one nation in which she can pride herself.—Abbé Raynal.
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Indeed, it is a strange disposed time—

Where men do construe things after their fashion,

Clean from the purpose of the things themselves.

Shakespeare.


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“Quid a majoribus defensum est aliud quam Libertas: neu cui nisi Legibus pareremus.”

“paraclara prolos, geniti ad ea, quae majores virtute peperere, subvertunda.”


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Concitat, O socii, captam dimittere Trojam?


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By the author of Letters to a Nobleman.

*Audi alteram partem.*


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Disce docendus adhuc quae censet amicus; ut si Caeus iter monstrare velit; tamen aspice, si quid.

Et nos quod cures proprium, facisse, loquamur.

*Hor. Ep. 17, Lib. 1, Ver. 3.*


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1781.

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446. A View of the English Constitution. By the late Baron De Montesquieu. Being A Translation of the Sixth Chapter of the Eleventh Book of his celebrated Treatise, intitled L’Esprit des Lois. London: Sold by B. White, Horaece’s Head, Fleet-Street; and H. Payne, in Pall-Mall. MDCCCLXXI. (Price One Shilling.) 8vo., 74 pp. (Translation by Baron Mazeres.)


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Audi alteram partem.


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"But he abounds

In the division of each several ....

Shakespeare.


1782.

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"O tace, si quid ego adjuvero curamve levasso,
"Quae nunc te coquit, et versat sub pectore fixa,
"Ecquid erit pretii?"

Enn. ap. Cic.

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1783.

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(Complete title page missing.) 8vo., 38 pp.

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Sunt lachrymae rerum.

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Venit summa dies, et ineluctabile tempus Dardanis.

Transtulit

London: Printed for J. Debrett, (Successor to Mr. Almon) opposite Burlington House, Piccadilly. MDCCCLXXXIII. (Price One Shilling) 12mo., 40 pp.


Multa dabo, quibus vitia non nocuerint . . .


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(Written by Joseph Galloway.)

474. **Narrative** of Lieutenant-General Sir Henry Clinton, K.B. Relative to his conduct during Part of His Command of the King's Troops in North America: Particularly to that which respects the unfortunate Issue of the Campaign in 1781. With an Appendix, containing Copies and Extracts of those Parts of his Correspondence with Lord George Germain, Earl Cornwallis, Rear Admiral Graves, &c., which are referred to therein.

London: Printed for J. Debrett (Successor to Mr. Almon) opposite Burlington-house, in Piccadilly, 1783. 8vo., 115 pp.

475. **An Answer** to that part of the Narrative of Lieut. General Sir Henry Clinton, K.B., which relates to the Conduct of Lieutenant-General Earl Cornwallis during the campaign in North America, in the year 1781.

Earl Cornwallis.


1784.

476. **A Letter** from Lieut. Gen. Sir Henry Clinton, K.B., to the Commissioners of Public Accounts, relative to Some Observations in their Seventh Report, Which may be judged to imply Censure on the late Commanders in Chief of His Majesty's Army in North America.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

477. A Letter from an American, now resident in London, to a Member of Parliament, on the subject of the Restraining Proclamation; and containing strictures on Lord Sheffield's Pamphlet on the Commerce of the American States.


By Silas Deane, Esq., Late one of the Commissioners Plenipotentiary from the United States, to the Court of Versailles.

The United States of North America. To which is added, A Letter to the Honl. Robert Morris, Esq., with Notes and Observations. By Silas Deane, Esq., Late one of the Commissioners Plenipotentiary from the United States, to the Court of Versailles. London: Printed for J. Debrett, opposite Burlington-House, Piccadilly, 1784. 12mo., 95 pp. multy

479. Thoughts on the late proceedings of Government, respecting the Trade of the West India Islands with the United States of North America.

The second edition, corrected and enlarged.

To which is now first added a Postscript, addressed to the Right Honourable Lord Sheffield.

By Brian Edwards, Esq.

Quis furor iste novus? 
non hostem, inimicaque castra
Argivum; vestras spes uritis. 
Virg. 


480. The Beauties of Fox, North and Burke, selected from their Speeches, from the passing of the Quebec Act, in the Year 1774, Down to the Present Time; With a Copious Index to the Whole, and An Address to the Public.

Spectemur Agendo.


481. Three Memorials most Humbly Addressed to the Sovereigns of Europe, Great Britain, and North America. By T. Pownall, Late Governor, Captain-General, Commander in Chief, Vice-Admiral, &c., of the Provinces, now States, of Massachusetts-Bay and South-Carolina, and Lieutenant-Governor of New Jersey.


(A reprint of memorials formerly published, which are as follows):—

(I.) A Memorial most Humbly Addressed to the Sovereigns of Europe, on the Present State of Affairs, between the Old and New World.

Epigraph . . .

M. Antonius, Lib. 7. 49


(II.) A Memorial in Two Parts. Originally Intended to be Presented to the King. Since Published with an Explanatory Preface.

Epigraph.

Isocratis Orat, de Pace.


(III.) A Memorial Addressed to the Sovereigns of America, By Governor Pownall.

To make Principles or Fundamentals, belongs not to Man, to Nations, nor to Human Laws: to build upon such Principles or Fundamentals, as are apparently laid by God in the inevitable Necessity or Law of Nature, is that which
truly appertains to Man, to Nations, to Human Laws: to make any other Fundamentals and then to build upon them, is to build Castles in the air.

Harrington’s Political Aphorisms, No. 85.
London: Printed 1783, and again 1784. 8vo., 141 pp.

482. Copy of a Petition from the British Inhabitants of the Province of Quebec, to the Commons House of Parliament in Great-Britain, In the Year 1783.

483. Questions, sur lesquelles on souhaite de savoir les Réponses de Monsieur Adhémard, et de Monsieur De Lisle, et d’autres Habitants de la Province de Québec.
(Attributed to Pierre Du Calvet.)

484. Considerations on the Present Situation of Great Britain and the United States of North America, with a view to their future Commercial Connections;
Particularly designed to expose the dangerous Tendency of the Arguments used, and of the Conclusions drawn, in a late Pamphlet published by Lord Sheffield, entitled “Observations on the Commerce of the American States;” likewise shewing the Advantages, and urging the Necessity of relaxing the Act of Navigation in Favour of America, both in Great Britain and the West Indies.
Interpersed with some Observations on the State of Canada, Nova Scotia, and the Fisheries; and with various Accounts necessary to shew the State of the Shipping and Trade of this Country and the United States; as well as of the Connection of the latter with the West Indies, previous to the War.

Containing Remarks upon the Pamphlet published by Lord Sheffield, entitled, “Observations on the Commerce of the American States;” and also on the Act of Navigation, so far as it relates to those States. Interspersed with some Observations upon the State of Canada, Nova Scotia, and the Fisheries; and upon the Connexion of the West Indies with America; Together with various Accounts, necessary to shew the State of the Trade and Shipping of both Countries.
To which is now first added, The Plan of an Act of Parliament for the Establishment and Regulation of our Trade with the American States.
Also a Preface, containing Remarks upon the Authorities on which Lord Sheffield has formed the principal Part of his Observations.

By Richard Champion, Esq., Late Deputy Paymaster General of His Majesty’s Forces.

—— referent in mare te mori, &c. Hor.

486. Speech of EDMUND BURKE, Esq. On Moving His Resolution for Conciliation with the Colonies, March 22, 1775.
The Third Edition.
487. Opinions on interesting subjects of Public Law and Commercial Policy; arising from American Independence.

1. The Question answered—Whether the Citizens of the United States are considered by the Law of England as Aliens; what privileges are they entitled to within the Kingdom; what Rights can they claim in the remaining Colonies of Britain.

2. The Regulations for opening the American Trade considered; Faults found; and Amendments proposed: How the late Proclamations affect the United States discussed: Objections pointed out; and alterations suggested.

3. How far the British West Indies were injured by the late Proclamations fully investigated; the Amount of their Wants discovered; Modes of Supply Shewn: And the Policy of admitting the American Vessels into their Ports amply argued.

4. An enquiry how far a Commercial Treaty with the United States is necessary, or would be advantageous: What the Laws of England have already provided on this Subject; and the fundamental Laws of the United States compared with them.

By George Chalmers, author of Political Annals of the Revoluted Colonies, and of an Estimate of the Comparative Strength of Britain.


488. History of the Dispute with America; From its Origin in 1754, written in the year 1774.

By John Adams, Esq.


489. Thoughts on the Cause of the Present Discontents.

Hoc vero occultum, intestinum, domesticum malum, non modo non existit, verum etiam opprimit, antequam perspicere atque explorare potueris. Cic.

The Sixth Edition.


490. Honesty the best Policy in the worst of Times. Illustrated and Proved, from The Exemplary Conduct of Joseph of Arimathea and its Consequent Rewards; with an Application to the Case of Suffering Loyalists.

A Sermon, Intended to have been preached at Newport, Rhode Island, on the Sunday preceding the Evacuation of that Garrison by His Majesty's Troops. And afterwards preached at St. Paul's and St. George's Chapels, New York, on Sunday, October 8th, 1780, by George Bisset, M.A. late Rector of Trinity Church, Newport, Rhode Island, in America.


1785.

491. The American Crisis and a Letter to Sir Guy Carleton, on the Murder of Captain Huddy, and the intended retaliation on Captain Asgill, of the Guards.

By Thomas Paine—Author of Common Sense—Rights of Man—Age of Reason—and The Decline and Fall of the English system of Finance.

London: Printed and Sold by Daniel Isaac Eaton, No. 74, Newgate-Street. MDCCCLXXXV. 8vo., 293 pp.
492. A Narrative of the Lord's Wonderful dealings with John Marrant, a Black, (Now going to Preach the Gospel in Nova-Scotia). Born in New-York, in North America. Taken down from his own Relation, Arranged, Corrected and Published by the Rev. Mr. Aldridge.

Thy people shall be willing in the day of thy Power. Psa. cx. 3.
Declare His Wonders among all People. Psa. xcvii. 3.
London: Printed and Sold by Gilbert and Plummer, No. 13, Cree-Church Lane, Leadenhall-Street. 1785.
And sold at the Chapel in Jewry-Street; and by all Booksellers and News-carriers in Town and Country. 8vo., 40 pp.

493. Aux Citoyens et Habitants des villes et des campagnes de la province de Québec.
Québec: 1785. 8vo., 15 pp. (Title page missing.)

To which is added a letter from M. Turgot, late Comptroller General of the Finances of France; with an Appendix, containing a translation of the will of Mr. Fortune Ricard, lately published in France.

495. An Essay on the actual resources for reestablishing the finances of Great Britain.
By George Craufurd, Esq.
Truths would you teach . . .

496. Original Papers, consisting of a Letter from the Late Earl of Hardwicke to a near Relation, on the subject of a Ministerial Negotiation in the Year 1763, and also a Letter from the Honourable Charles Yorke to the Reverend Doctor Birch.
London: Printed and Sold by J. Jarvis, No. 283, Strand; and Sold also by J. Debrett, Piccadilly. MDCCLXXXV.
[Entered at Stationer's-Hall.] 8vo., 19 pp.

497. Mr. Burke's Speech on the Motion made for Papers relating to the Directions for Charging the Nabob of Arcot's Private Debts to Europeans, on the Revenues of the Carnatic. February 28th, 1785. With an Appendix, containing several Documents.
Epig. Juliani Epist. 17.

498. Comparative State of the Public Revenues, for the Years ended 10th October 1783, and 10th October 1784. By John, Earl of Stair.
499. An Answer to Dr. Inglis's Defence of his Character against Certain false and malicious Charges contained in a Pamphlet, entitled Reply to Remarks on a Vindication of Governor Parr and his Council, &c, &c.

By John Viator, Esq.

Ecce autem alia pusilla epistola—Cic. Att.
Tu post carecta latebas.—Virg.
Quid tu speras me feroxibus suis verbis protelear?—Lud.
Aliud maledicere, aliud accusare.—Cic. Pro Cael.
Narrat is, quod nec ad coelum nec ad terram pertinet.—Petron.
Licet ad tubicines mittas.—Petron. Satyr.

1786.

500. Remarks on the DISTEMPER Generally known by the Name of MOLBAY DISEASE including a Description of its Symptoms and Method of Cure chiefly intended for the Use Of the clerical and other gentlemen residing in the country.

By Robert Jones, Surgeon.


501. Idées Sur les Secours à donner aux pauvres malades dans une grande ville.

Miseris succurrere disco. Virg.


502. Laws of the Legislature of the State of NEW YORK in force against the LOYALISTS and affecting the TRADE of GREAT BRITAIN and British Merchants and others having property in that state.

London: Printed by H. Reynell (No. 21) Piccadilly; and sold by J. Debrett, opposite Buruington-House; T. and J. Egerton, Charing-Cross; T. Whieldon, Fleet-Street; W. Richardson, Royal Exchange; and J. Nunn, Great Queen-Street, Lincoln's Inn-Fields. MDCCCLXXXVI. 12mo., xv+186 pp.

1787.

503. The Present State of NOVA SCOTIA, with a brief ACCOUNT OF CANADA, and the BRITISH ISLANDS on the COAST OF NORTH AMERICA.

The second edition corrected and enlarged. Illustrated with a map.

Sunt ingeniorn monumenta . . . . Livy.
C'est le nombre du peuple, . . . .Fenelon.


504. A Comparative View of the RUSSIAN DISCOVERIES with those made by CAPTAINS COOK AND CLERKE; and a sketch of what remains to be ascertained by future Navigators.

By William Coxe, A.M.F.R.S., one of the Senior Fellows of King's College, Cambridge; Member of the Imperial Economical Society at St. Petersburgh. of the Royal Academy of Sciences at Copenhagen; and Chaplain to His Grace the Duke of Marlborough.

505. An Account of the Captivity of Elizabeth Hanson, late of Keecherry in New-England: Who with Four of her Children, and Servant-Maid, was taken Captive by the Indians and carried into Canada. Setting forth The various remarkable Occurrences, sore Trials, and wonderful Deliverances which befel them after their Departure to the time of their Redemption.

A New Edition.
Taken in substance from her own Mouth, by Samuel Bownas.


"The high Court of Parliament . . . .

The Opinion of the Judges in the Case of the Countess of Salisbury.
(Written by Joseph Galloway.)

507. A Review of the Government and Grievances of the Province of Quebec, since the conquest of it by the British Arms. To which is added, an appendix, containing extracts from authentic papers.

"Justice is lame as well as blind, amongst them,
The laws corrupted to their ends that made them,
Serve but for instruments of some new tyranny
That every day starts up to enslave them deeper."

Otway.

508. An Address to the Inhabitants of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, in North America, occasioned by the Mission of two Ministers, John James and Charles William Milton, sent out by the Countess of Huntington, from her college in South Wales, to preach the glad Tidings of Salvation by Jesus Christ to Lost Sinners.

By John Bradford, A.B., Late of Wadham-College, Oxford: Chaplain to the Right Honourable the Countess of Huntington.

Matt. xxiv., 14.—This gospel of the Kingdom, &c.
I John, i., 3.—That which we have seen, &c.
I Tim., iii., 16.—Without controversy, &c.

509. Stated Rules of the Society of the United Brethren, for Propagating the Gospel among the Heathen.

Philadelphia: Printed by Charles Cist, in Race-Street, between Front and Second-Streets. 1788(?) 12mo., 18 pp.

Welches ein Gemeines Jahr von 365 Tagen ist.

By a Late Under Secretary of State.
Volume the Second.
(Written by William Knox.)

512. An Address to the Army; in reply to Strictures, by Roderick M’Kenzie, (Late Lieutenant in the 71st Regiment,) on Tarleton’s History of the Campaigns of 1780 and 1781.

By the Hon. George Hanger, Major to the Cavalry of the British Legion, Commanded by Lieut. Col. Tarleton, and Captain in the Hessian Jaeger Corps.


513. Alfred or a Narrative of the Daring and Illegal Measures to Suppress a Pamphlet Intitled, Strictures on the Declaration of Horne Tooke, Esq., Respecting “Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales,” commonly called Mrs. Fitzherbert. With Interesting Remarks on a Regency; Proving, on Principles of Law and Common Sense, that a certain Illustrious Personage is not Eligible to the Important Trust.

The Narrative contains a Reference to those Parts of the Pamphlet which caused the Alarm, and the Names of the Illustrious Personages in Pall-Mall interested in this Lawless Attack on the Sacred Freedom of the Press—The Privileges of Parliament—and the Common Rights of Citizens.


London: Printed for the Author, and Sold at No. 9, Queen-Street, Grosvenor-Square. M.DCC.LXXXIX. Price, 1s. 6d. 8vo., 40 pp.

514. Plan for Promoting the Fur-Trade and Securing It to this Country, by Uniting the Operations of the East-India and Hudson’s-Bay Companies.

By Dalrymple.


515. The Criminating Complaint of the Proprietors of the Island of St. John, whose lands were condemned and sold in 1781, on the Pretence of Arrears of Quit Rents, against Governor Paterson and others; with the Report of the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Council, For hearing Complaints, &c.


516. State of the Present Form of Government of the Province of Quebec. With a Large Appendix; containing Extracts from the Minutes of an Investigation into the Past Administration of Justice in That Province, instituted by Order of Lord Dorchester in 1787, and from Other Original Papers.


1790.

518. **Introduction** to the Observations made by the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas for the District of Quebec, upon the oral and written testimony adduced upon the Investigation into the past Administration of Justice, Ordered in consequence of an Address of the Legislative Council.


519. **Answer** to an Introduction to the Observations made by the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, for the district of Quebec, upon the oral and written Testimony adduced upon the Investigation, into the past administration of Justice, ordered in consequence of an Address of the Legislative Council. With remarks on the Laws and Government of the Province of Quebec.


520. **State of the Present Form of Government of the Province of Quebec.**

With a large Appendix containing Extracts from the Minutes of an Investigation into the past Administration of Justice in that Province, instituted by order of Lord Dorchester, in 1787, and from other original Papers.

Misera est scritus ubi jus est.

Vagum aut incognito.


521. **The Conduct of the Parliament of 1784,** considered.

*Libenterque his sum testimonio, omnibusque erro, qui bene de republica merentur.*

Cicero.


522. **Observations** on a Pamphlet, entitled A State of the Present Form of Government of the Province of Quebec; circulated in London, during the last summer. With an appendix containing information on the subject.

By a Citizen of Quebec.


523. **Letters** to the Right Hon. Earl of Chatham, First Lord Commissioner of the Admiralty. Prefaced by An Address to the Captains of the Royal Navy; and concluding with An Appeal to the People of Great Britain.

"Tempt not the brave and needy to despair." Juvenal.


Quebec: Printed by Samuel Neilson, No. 3 in Mountain-Street. MDCCXC. 8vo., 26 pp.

525. **Copy** of the Letter of the Bishop of Capua, Comitior of Quebec, &c., to the President of the Committee on Education, &c.

Doctrinam magis quam aurum eligite.

Prov., chap. viii.

English and French. 8vo., 20 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

526. Extract of the proceedings of a committee of the whole Council. Under the following Order of References relative to a Conversion of the present Tenures in the Province of Quebec into that of Free and Common Socage; Printed by Order of His Excellency the Governor in Council of the 20th October, 1790, for the use of the Members of the Legislative Council.

Quebec: Printed by Samuel Neilson, No. 3 Mountain-Street. MDCCXC. Svo., 34 pp.

527. Authentic Copy of the Memorial to the Right Honourable William Wyndham Grenville, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by Lieutenant John Meares, of the Royal Navy; dated 30th April, 1790, and presented to the House of Commons, May 13, 1790. Containing every particular respecting the capture of the vessels in Nootka Sound.


528. An Authentic Statement of all the facts relative to Nootka Sound; its discovery, history, settlement, trade and the probable advantages to be derived from it; in an Address to the King.


529. Plan Original pour établir une Société d'Agriculture dans la Province de Québec. MDCCCLXXXIX. (Title page missing. 1790?) 12mo., 56 pp.

530. Papers and Letters on Agriculture, recommended to the Attention of the Canadian Farmers, by The Agricultural Society in Canada.

Quebec: Printed by Samuel Neilson, No. 3 Mountain Street, M.DCC.XC. 12mo., 34 pp.

531. Mémoire abrégé. Ou Exposition justificative du cas de Jean-Baptiste Lébrun, de la Paroisse de St. Sulpice, dans le District de Montréal.


1791.

532. Thoughts on the Canada Bill, now depending in Parliament.


533. A View of the Civil Government and Administration of Justice in the Province of Canada while it was subjected to the Crown of France. (1791)

[By Francis Mazeres.] 5 to 94 pp.

534. Memoirs of the Life and gallant Exploits of the Old Highlander Sergeant Donald Macleod, who Having returned wounded with the Corpse of General Wolfe from Quebec was admitted an out pensioner of Chelsea Hospital in 1759, and is now in the 103d year of his age.


(Original title page missing.)

535. A Narrative of the extraordinary Sufferings of Mr. Robert Forbes, his wife and five children. During an unfortunate Journey through the Wilderness from Canada to Kennebeck River in the year 1784, in which three of their children were
starved to death. Taken partly from their own mouths and partly from an imperfect journal; and compiled at their request.

By Arthur Bradman.


Par feu M. Turgot, Ministre d'État.

A Paris, De l'Imprimerie de Du Pont, Député de Nemours à l'Assemblée Nationale, hôtel de Bretonvilliers, Isle Saint Louis. 1791. 8vo., 75 pp.

537. Le Conciliateur, ou Lettres d'un Ecclésiastique à un Magistrat, sur les Affaires Présentes.

Par feu M. Turgot, Ministre d'État.

Nulle puissance humaine ne peut forcer le retraitement impénétrable de la liberté du cœur. La force ne peut jamais persuader les hommes; elle ne fait que des hypocrites. Quand les Rois se mêlent de la Religion, au lieu de la protéger, ils la mettent en servitude. Accordez donc à tous la tolérance civile, non en approuvant tout comme indifférent, mais en souffrant avec patience tout ce que Dieu souffre, et en tâchant de ramener les hommes par une douce persuasion.

M. de Fénélon, Arch. de Cambrai.

Troisième Edition.


538. Anciennes Archives Françaises, ou extrait des minutes du conseil qui concernent les Registres du Canada lorsqu'il étoit sous le Gouvernement de France.


539. An Account of the Soil, growing Timber, and other Productions, of the Lands in the Countries situated in the back parts of the States of New York and Pennsylvania, in North America. And Particularly the Lands in the County of Ontario, known by the name of the Genesee Tract, lately located and now in the progress of being settled.

Printed in the year 1791. 4to., 45 pp.

540. On the Effects of Gypsum, or Plaster of Paris, as a manure.

Chieffly extracted from papers and letters on Agriculture by the Agricultural Society in Canada.


541. Regulations for extraordinary expenditure on foreign stations.

Printed by W. Clowes, Northumberland-Court, Strand, for His Majesty's Stationery Office. 12mo., 14 pp.

542. A Sketch of the reign of George the Third, from 1780, to the close of the year 1790.


CONSIDERATIONS

On the Expediency of admitting

REPRESENTATIVES
FROM THE AMERICAN COLONIES

INTO

The British House of Commons.

[Price One Shilling.]
AN AUTHENTIC NARRATIVE OF FACTS RELATING TO THE EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS TAKEN AT THE CEDARS; SUPPORTED BY THE TESTIMONIES AND DEPOSITIONS OF HIS MAJESTY'S OFFICERS, WITH SEVERAL ORIGINAL LETTERS AND PAPERS. TOGETHER WITH REMARKS UPON THE REPORT AND RESOLVES OF THE AMERICAN CONGRESS ON THAT SUBJECT.

LONDON: PRINTED FOR T. CADELL IN THE STRAND, MDCCLXXVII.
THE

CACIQUE

OF

ONTARIO.

AN

INDIAN TALE.

LONDON,

Printed for A. CLEUGH, No. 23 Ratcliff Highway.

Price One Shilling

1789.

[See No. 517]
COPY of the LETTER
OF
The Bishop of Capfa, Coadjutor of Quebec, &c.
TO
The President of the Committee on Education, &c.

Doctrinam magis, quam aurum eligite.
Prefet Knowledge to choice Gold.—Prov. Chap. VIII.

COPIE de la LETTRE
DE
L’Evêque de Capfa Coadjuteur de Québec, &c.
AU

Doctrinam magis, quam aurum eligite.
Préférez la Doctrine à l’Or.—Proverbe de Salomon, Chap. VIII.
ANCIENNES Archives Françaises,

OU

EXTRAIT

Des Minutes du Conseil

Qui concernent les Registres du Canada
lorsqu’il étoit sous le gouvernement de France.

A QUEBEC........CHEZ SAMUEL NEILSON,...........,M.DCC.XCI.
ON THE EFFECTS OF GYPSUM, OR PLASTER OF PARIS, AS A MANURE;
CHIEFLY EXTRACTED FROM PAPERS AND LETTERS ON AGRICULTURE,
BY THE Agricultural Society in Canada.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY JAMES PHILLIPS, GEORGE-YARD, LOMBAED-STREET.
M. DCC, XCI.
RULES AND
Regulations OF THE
HOUSE of ASSEMBLY
LOWER - CANADA.

QUEBEC:
Printed for JOHN NEILSON,
M.DCC.XCIII.
Extracts and Copies of LETTERS from Sir John Wentworth, Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia, to his Grace the Duke of Portland; respecting the Settlement of the MAROONS in that Province.

Ordered to be printed 10th April 1797.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

543. Reflections on the Revolution in France, by the Right Honourable Edmund Burke, Considered also Observations on Mr. Paine's Pamphlet, Intituled The Rights of Men; with cursory remarks on the Prospect of a Russian War, and The Canada Bill now pending.

By James Edward Hamilton, Esq.
Quid verum atque utile rogo, evo, et totus in hoc sum.
London: Printed for the Author: and sold by J. Johnson, St. Paul's Church Yard, and by Debrett, Piccadilly. 1791. (Price 2s. 6d.) 8vo., 145 pp.

544. The Paper read at the Bar of the House of Commons, by Mr. Lymburner; Agent for the Subscribers to the Petitions from the Province of Quebec.

Bearing date the 24th of Nov. 1784. As read the 23rd of March, 1791.
Number I.

545. An Appeal from The New to The Old Whigs, in consequence of some late Discussions in Parliament, relative to the Reflections on the French Revolution.


1792.

546. Second Congress of the United States: at the first session begun and held at the City of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, on Monday the twenty-fourth of October, 1791. An ACT to establish the Post Office and Post Roads within the United States.

Philadelphia: 1792. 4to., 8 pp.


548. Common Sense addressed to the Inhabitants of America, on the following interesting subjects:

II. Of Monarchy and Hereditary Succession.
III. Thoughts on the present State of American Affairs.
IV. Of the present State of America, with some Miscellaneous Reflections.

To which is added an Appendix; together with an Address to the People called Quakers. The New Edition here given increases the Work upwards of One-Third.

By Thomas Paine, Secretary to the Committee for Foreign Affairs to Congress during the American War, and Author of the Rights of Man, and a Letter to the Abbe Raynal.
London: Printed and sold by all the Booksellers. MDCCXCIIL. 12mo., 55pp.

549. Labrador a Poetical Epistle; With Explanatory Notes, Addressed to a Friend.

By George Cartwright, Esq.

29a—30
1793.

   English and French.

551. Plan of a Bill, for altering the Courts of Justice, sent by the Legislative Council to the Assembly, Monday, 8th April, 1793.

552. Plan d’un Bill, envoyé à l’Assemblée, par le Conseil Législatif, lundi 8me Avril, 1793.

553. Plan of a Bill, Proposed to the Legislative Council, And, now in Committee of the whole House, to be taken into Consideration on the 10th Day of March next.
   English and French.

554. Authentic Copies of Letters between Sir Henry Clinton, K.B., and the Commissioners for Auditing the Public Accounts.

555. Principles and observations applied to the manufacture and inspection of pot and pearl ashes.
   By David Townsend, Inspector of Pot and Pearl Ashes for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
   Published according to Act of Congress.
   Printed at Boston, by Isaiah Thomas & Ebenezer T. Andrews, Faust’s Statute, No. 45, Newbury-Street, MDCCXCIII. 8vo., 46 pp (Not complete.)

1794.

   Par Charles Grant, Vte. de Vaux.
   A Londres: et se vend chez MM. Elmsley, Strand; De Bofle, Gerrard-Street; Debrett, Piccadilly; & Longman, Paternoster-Row. 1794. 8vo., 109 pp.

   By Lieut. General Burgoyne.
   Adapted for Theatrical Representation, as performed at the Theatre-Royal, Drury-Lane.
   Regulated from the Prompt-books, By permission of the Managers.
Adapted for Theatrical Representation, as performed at the Theatre-Royal, Drury-Lane.
Regulated from the prompt-books, By permission of the Managers.
Dublin: Printed by J. Chambers, for William Jones, No. 86, Dame Street. MDCCXCIV. 16mo., 79 pp.

559. The Heiress. A Comedy.
Adapted for Theatrical Representation, as performed at the Theatre-Royal, Drury-Lane.
Regulated from the Prompt-Books, By permission of the Managers.
Dublin: Printed by J. Chambers, for William Jones, No. 86, Dame-Street. MDCCXCIV. 16mo., 120 pp.

By Lieut. General Burgoyne.
Adapted for Theatrical Representation, as performed at the Theatre-Royal, Drury-Lane.
Regulated from the Prompt-Books, By permission of the Managers.

561. Letters on Emigration.
By a Gentleman, lately returned from America.

London: Printed for A. Arrowsmith, Charles Street, Soho Square, by C. Buckton, Great Pulteney Street, Golden Square. 1794. 4to., 16 pp. Map in separate folder.

563. Observations on Mr. Stedman's History of the American War.
By Lieutenant-General Sir Henry Clinton, K.B.

564. An Epistle to Zenas.
Boston, Printed by Peter Edes. (1794.) 12mo., 17 pp.

565. The Political Progress of Britain; or an Impartial History of abuses in the Government of the British Empire, in Europe, Asia, and America, from the Revolution in 1688, to the present time.
The whole tending to prove the ruinous consequences of the popular system of Taxation, War, and Conquest.
"The World's mad business."

566. Treaty of Amity, Commerce & Navigation, between His Britannic Majesty, and the United States of America. By their President, with the advice and consent of their Senate.
Philadelphia: Printed, June 30, 1795.
1796.

567. French Originals of Correspondence between the French Minister Plenipotentiary and Secretaries of State Randolph and Pickering, 1794-1796.
Philadelphia: (1794-96.) 8vo., 207 pp.
>Title page missing.

568. Regies et Articles pour mieux gouverner toutes les forces de sa MAJESTÉ, Depuis le 24me jour de Mars, 1794.
Publié par ordre de Son Excellence.
Quebec: Imprimé à la Nouvelle Imprimerie. MDCCXCVI. 12mo., 93 pp.

569. An Inquiry into the state of the FINANCES of GREAT BRITAIN; in answer to Mr. Morgan's facts. By NICHOLAS VANSITTART, Esq.

570. Order of the Governor in Council, Of the 7th July, 1796, for the REGULATION of Commerce, between this Province and the UNITED STATES of AMERICA.
Quebec: Printed by Command of His Excellency the Governor; By William Vondenvelden, Printer at the New Printing-Office, Poor-Street, Upper-Town. Anno Domini. M.DCC.XCVI. 4to., 39 pp.

571. Treaty of AMITY, COMMERCE and NAVIGATION, between His Britannick Majesty and the UNITED STATES of AMERICA, Signed at London, the 19th of November, 1794.
Published by Authority.
Quebec: Printed by Command of, His Excellency the Governor; as the Act of the Provincial Parliament directs. By William Vondenvelden, Printer at the New Printing Office, Poor Street, Anno Domini, MDCCXCVI. 4to., 39 pp.

572. Explanatory Article, signed at Philadelphia, the 4th of May, 1796, to be added to the Treaty of AMITY, COMMERCE and NAVIGATION, between His Britannick Majesty and the United States of America, Signed at London, the 19th of November, 1794.
Published by Authority.

1797.

573. (Quebec Act, 1774.) ANNO REGNI GEORGH III. Regis Magnae Britanniae, Franciae, et Hiberniae, Decimo Quarto.
Quebec: Printed by William Vondenvelden, Law Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. MDCCXCVII. 8vo., 21 pp.
French and English.

574. The Official Correspondence Relative to the Negotiation for Peace, between Great Britain and the French Republick, as laid before both HOUSES of PARLIAMENT. By His Majesty's Command.
London: Printed for J. Wright, opposite Old Bond Street, Piccadilly. 1797. 8vo., 124 pp.
575. Extracts and Copies of Letters from Sir John Wentworth, Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia, to his Grace the Duke of Portland; respecting the Settlement of the Maroons in that Province.
   Ordered to be printed 10th April 1797. 4to., 14 pp.

576. Declaration of the COURT OF GREAT BRITAIN respecting the late NEGOTIATION.
   London: Printed for J. Wright, No. 169, Piccadilly, opposite Old Bond Street. 1797. 8vo., 87+xi pp.

577. A View of the CAUSES AND CONSEQUENCES of the present WAR WITH FRANCE.
   BY THE HONOURABLE THOMAS ERSKINE.
   The Third Edition.

578. A Bone to Gnaw, for the DEMOCRATS:
   Or, OBSERVATIONS on a Pamphlet entitled, “The Political Progress of Britain.”
   “Quand tu manges . . . .
   La Pompadour.

579. An CVIII Years of the Life, and a relation of the gallant exploits of the old Highlander, Sergeant Donald MacLeod, who returned wounded with the Corps of General Wolfe from the Battle of Quebec, was shipwrecked on the coast of Scarborough and is now a pensioner of Chelsea Hospital.
   These Memoirs recount the birth of their aged hero &c. &c.

580. Quebec Hill, or CANADIAN SCENERY.
   A Poem in two parts, By J. MacKay.
   Ego laudo . . .
   Hor.
   London: Printed by W. Blackader, Tooke’s Court, Chancery Lane, for the Author; and sold by Elliot & Kay, Strand, and W. Richardson, Royal-Exchange. 1797. (Price Two Shillings and six pence.) 4to., 34 pp.

581. Le Proces de David M’Lane pour haute trahison, devant une Cour Speciale d’Oyer et Terminer à Québec, le 7me juillet, 1797.

1798.

582. Observations on the DISPUTE BETWEEN the UNITED STATES AND FRANCE, Addressed by ROBERT GOODLOE HARPER, Esq. One of the Representatives in Congress for the State of South Carolina, to his Constituents, in May, 1797.
   The Profits of this Pamphlet are devoted to the Benefit of the Philanthropic Society, by the Editor.
   Sixth Edition.
   Philadelphia Printed.
   London: Reprinted, by Direction of the Editor, at the Philanthropic Reform, London-Road, St. George’s Fields; and sold by Debrett, Wright, and Hatchard,
Piccadilly; Hookham and Carpenter, Bond-Street; Egerton, Whitehall; Kearsley, and Jordan, Fleet-Street; H. D. Symonds, Paternoster-Row; Vernor and Hood, Poultry; Richardson, Royal-Exchange, and by all other booksellers. Except John Stockdale, Piccadilly. 1798. Svo., 110 pp.


584. **Avis au Canada,** a l’occasion de la crise importante actuelle, contenant Une rélation fidele d’un nombre de cruautés inouïes, commises depuis la révolution Français, par les personnes qui exercent actuellement les pouvoirs de gouvernement en France et par leurs adherents.

Par Un Canadien.

Il est essential à la cause de la justice et de l’humanite d’avertir ici, que ce recit mélanéolique n’est pas l’effet d’une malice factieuse, mais qu’il contient de faits qui n’admettent aucun doute, comme étant tirez des Procedures d’Etat de la France, et recueillis de dépositions formelles, faites sous serment, soit par des témoins oculaires ou par complices indirects des crimes qu’ils attestent.


585. **A View of the Conduct of the Executive in the Foreign Affairs of the United States,** as connected with the Mission to the French Republic, during the years 1794, 5, and 0.

By James Monroe, Late Minister Plenipotentiary to the said Republic. Illustrated by His Instructions and Correspondence, and other authentic documents.

*Philadelphia, Printed.*

London: Reprinted for James Ridgway, York Street, St James Square. 1798. (Price 2s. 6d.) Svo., 117 pp.

586. **The Victory** ascribed to God.

A Sermon delivered December 2d, 1798. On the late Signal Successes, granted to His Majesty’s Arms.

By Mather Byles, D.D., Rector of St. John, and Chaplain to the Garrison of New Brunswick.


587. **Sundry Resolutions of the Board of Commissioners For carrying into Effect the Sixth Article of the Treaty of Amity, Commerce, and Navigation, concluded between His Britannic Majesty and the United States of America.**

Published for the Information of the Claimants under the said Article by the General Agent for Claimants.


588. **The Reply of William Cunningham, & Co., to the Answer of the United States to their Claim and Memorial.**

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

589. Extract from the Minutes of Council, Containing His Majesty's late REGULATIONS relative to the WASTE LANDS OF THE CROWN, with His Excellency, the Governor General's order of reference respecting the same, to a Committee of the whole council, of the Province of Lower Canada, the said Committee's report thereon, and His Excellency's speech in reply.

Quebec, printed at the New Printing Office, Palace Street, 1799. 16mo., 55 pp.

1799.

590. A Tour through UPPER AND LOWER CANADA.
By a Citizen of the United States (J. C. Ogden).
Containing,
A View of the present State of Religion, Learning, Commerce, Agriculture, Colonization, Customs and Manners, among the English, French and Indian Settlements.

Printed at Litchfield according to Act of Congress. 1799. 16mo., 119 pp.

591. A Short Topographical Description of His Majesty's Province of UPPER CANADA, in North America.
To which is annexed a Provincial Gazetteer.
London: Published by W. Faden, Geographer to His Majesty and to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, Charing-Cross. 1799.
Printed by W. Bulmer and Co. Russel-court, Cleveland Row, St. James's. 8vo., 164 pp.

592. The Claim and Answer, with the Subsequent Proceedings, in the Case of ANDREW ALLEN, Esquire, against The UNITED STATES. Under the Sixth Article of the Treaty of Amity, Commerce, and Navigation, Between His Britannic Majesty and the United States of America.

593. A Sermon preached at Quebec, on Thursday January 10th, 1799; being the day appointed for a GENERAL THANKSGIVING.
By JACOB, LORD BISHOP OF QUEBEC. Together with the form of prayer drawn up upon the occasion.
PUBLISHED BY REQUEST.
Quebec: Printed by John Neilson, Mountain Street. 1799. 16mo., 35 pp.

594. A Form of Prayer, with Thanksgiving, to be used on Thursday the 10th January, 1799, being the day appointed for a GENERAL THANKSGIVING to Almighty God, For the late unexampled and most important VICTORY obtained by His Majesty's arms over the Fleet and Forces of the Enemy.
Quebec: Printed at the new Printing Office, Garden Street. 4to., 6 pp.

A Quebec: Imprimé au profit des pauvres de la paroisse et se vend à l'Imprimerie. 16mo., 24 pp.
596. A Sermon, preached in the Presbyterian Chapel at Quebec on Thursday, the 10th January 1799; being the day appointed for general thanksgiving. By the Rev. Alex. Spark—To which is added a form of thanksgiving used on the occasion.

Quebec: Printed by John Neilson, Mountain Street. 1799. 8vo., 25 pp.

1800—1805.

597. Memoirs of Charles Dennis Rusoe D'Eres, a native of Canada; who was with the Scanyawtauragahrooote Indians eleven years, with a particular account of his Sufferings, &c. during his tarry with them, and his safe return to his Family Connections in Canada; to which is added An Appendix, containing a brief account of their Persons, Dress, Manners, Reckoning Time, Mode of Government, &c., Feasts, Dances, Hunting, Weapons of War, &c., Making Peace, Diversions, Courtship, Marriage, Religious Tenets, Mode of Worship, Diseases, Method of Cure, Burying their Dead, Character of the Scanyawtauragahrooote Indians, Particular Description of the Quadrupeds, Birds, Fishes, Reptiles and Insects which are to be met with on and in the vicinity of Scanyawtauragahrooote Island.

Copy Right Secured.


— redeant in aurum.
Tempora priscum.—Hor. Ode II, Carm. lib. 4.

599. Proclamations by the King.
Declaring His Majesty's Pleasure concerning the Royal Stile and Titles appertaining to the the Imperial Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and its Dependencies, and also the Ensigns Armorial, Flags, and Banners thereof.

Declaring what Ensigns or Colours shall be borne at Sea in Merchant Ships or Vessels belonging to any of His Majesty's Subjects of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the Dominions thereunto belonging. 1801. 4to., 11 pp.

By Bartholomew Thomas Duhigg, Barrister at Law.

601. A Narrative or Journal of Voyages and Travels through the North West Continent of America; in the years 1789 and 1793. By Mr. Maclearys.
London: Printed for J. Lee, No. 12, King Street. Covent Garden.
T. Smeeton, Printer, 148 St. Martin's Lane, Charing Cross. 1802. 16mo., 91 pp.

602 Definitive Treaty. The Articles of the Definitive Treaty of Peace: between His Majesty the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, (on the one part;) and the French Republic, His Majesty the King of Spain and the Indies, and the Batavian Republic, (on the other part.)
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Signed at Amiens, March 27, 1802. by Cornwallis, Azara, Buonaparte, Schimmelpenninck. A correct copy, J. Buonaparte.

London: Published by John Fairburn, 146, Minories. (Price Sixpence.)

603. An Inquiry into the Causes and Effects of Emigration from the Highlands and Western Islands of Scotland, with Observations on the means to be employed for preventing it.
By Alexander Irvine, Minister of Ranoch.
Edinburgh: Printed by Mundell & Son, for Peter Hill; and for Logman & Rees, London. 1802. 8vo., vii+158 pp.

604. An Address to the Loyalists.
By an American. 1802? 8vo., 48 pp. (Title page missing)

605. Eight Letters on the Peace; and on the Commerce and Manufactures of Great Britain.
By Sir Frederick Morton Eden Bart.
His ego nec metas rerum, nec tempor, pono. Virg.

Le tout compilé par William Vondenvelden, ci-devant Assistant Arpenteur Général de la Province susdite, et Louis Charland, Arpenteur Provincial en icelle.

607. Précis de l'Acte pour mieux régler la Milice de cette Province, et pour rappeler certains Actes ou Ordonnances y mentionnées; Passe dans la 43e. Année du Règne de sa Très Gracieuse Majesté GEORGE III.
Mis par ordre Alphabétique.

Also curious particulars of Emmanuel Sosa, and his wife Elenora Garcia Sala, who were shipwrecked on the East Coast of Africa.

609. A Narrative of the loss of His Majesty's Packet THE LADY HOBART, on an Island of ice in the Atlantic Ocean, 28th of June 1803: with a particular account of the Providential Escape of the crew in two open boats.
By William Dorset Fellowes, Esq., Commander.
Dedicated, by permission to the Right Hon. The Postmaster General.
London: Printed for John Stockdale, Piccadilly. 1803. Price One shilling
and Six pence. 12mo., 46 pp.

610. A Sermon preached in the Scotch Presbyterian Church at Quebec, on Wednes-
day, 1st February, 1804, being the day appointed by proclamation for a General
Fast.
  By the Revd. Alxr. Spark.
  Quebec: Printed and Sold by John Neilson, No. 3, Mountain-Street. 1804.
  8vo., 25 pp.

611. Proces de Louis Perrault, Ecuyer, Capitaine dans le second battalion de la ville
et banlieue de Quebec. 1804. 8vo., 28 pp.
(Minutes of the sessions of the Court Martial on the case of Louis Perrault.)

612. Sketch of His Majesty's Province of Upper Canada. By D'Arcy Boulton,
Barrister at Law.
  London: Printed by C. Rickaby, Peterborough-Court, Fleet-Street; and sold
  by Normaville and Fell (Successors to Mr. Robson) 27, New Bond-Street. 1805.
  4to., 99 pp.

613. A Sermon preached before the Incorporated Society for the Propagation of the
Gospel in Foreign Parts; at their Anniversary Meeting in the Parish Church of
St. Mary-le-Bow, on Friday February 15, 1805.
  By the Right Reverend George Isaac, Lord Bishop of Gloucester.

614. Address to The Six Nations recommending the Gospel of Saint John.
  By Teyoninhokarawen. The Translator.—London.
  16mo., 7 pp.

615. Remarks on the Rev. Mr. Stanser's Examination of the Rev. Mr. Burke's
Letter of Instruction to the C. M. of Nova-Scotia; together with a reply to the
Rev. Mr. Cochran's fifth and last letter to Mr. B.
  Published in the Nova-Scotia Gazette; As also a short review of his former
  letters, and the replies which were made.
  Chohamah Jehovah, imedou al derachim ou reouve shaolou lenithboth holam
  ei zeh derek ha tob ou lechou bah ou mitsou margeho le naphshechim.—Irmih.
  Thus saith the Lord: stand on the ways, and see, and ask of the old paths
  if this be the right way, and walk in it.—Jer. vi. 16.
  Halifax: Printed by A. Gay. 1805. 8vo., 222 pp.

1806—1807.

616. The Act of Incorporation and the Bye Laws, of the Boston and Montreal
Turnpike Company.

617. Dictionnaire Portatif et Abrege.
  Des Loix et Regles du Parlement Provincial du Bas Canada.
  Depuis son Etablissement par l'Acte de la 31me annee du Regne de Sa tres
  Gracieuse Majesté George III. Ch. xxxi. jusques et compris l'an de notre
  Seigneur 1805.
  A Quebec: Imprimé et se vend chez John Neilson rue la Montagne No. 3.
  1806. 6mo., 96 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a


Ill fares the land, to hast'ning ills a prey, &c.—Goldsmith.


619. **Eight Letters** on the subject of the Earl of Se’kirk’s Pamphlet on Highland Emigration: As they lately appeared under the signature of Amicus in one of the Edinburgh Newspapers.


620. **Observations** on the Impression of American Seamen by the Officers of Ships of War; and Vessels commissioned by, and acting under the Authority of Great Britain; with a few remarks on the doctrine of Non-Expatriation. To which is added, a correct list of Impressed Seamen, taken from documents laid before Congress.

Addressed to the People of the United States. By a citizen of Baltimore.

Baltimore: Printed by and for G. Dobbin & Murphy, No. 4, Baltimore Street. 1806. 12mo., 59 pp.

621. **War in Disguise.** or The Frauds of the Neutral Flags. The Third Edition.

London: Printed by C. Whittingham, Dean Street; and sold by J. Hatchard, Piccadilly; and J. Butterworth, Fleet-Street. 1806. 8vo., iv+252 pp.

622. **An Answer to War in Disguise;** or, Remarks upon the New Doctrine of England, concerning Neutral Trade.

“Tllud natura non patiatur, &c., &c., &c.

Cicero de Oratore, 3.


By Charles Taylor, M.D., Secretary to the Society for the encouragement of Arts, &c., in London.

Quebec: Printed for John Neilson, No. 3, Mountain Street, 1806. 8vo., 19 pp. English and French.


“The Good Alone can Happiness enjoy.”

625. Peace or War? or Thoughts on Our Affairs with England.
   By James Cheetham.
   New York: Published by Matthias Ward, Bookseller, No. 149 Pearl Street, 1807. 12mo., 44 pp.

626. The Trial of John Wilson, alias Jenkin Ratford, for Mutiny, Desertion and Contempt; to which are subjoined, a few cursory remarks.

1808.

627. The Orders of Council, and Instructions for imposing the restrictions of Blockade; and for regulating the Navigation of the Sea, and the Importation and Exportation of Merchandize, in consequence thereof; with a brief view of the several provisions therein contained.
   Published 1st January 1808.
   London: Printed by D. N. Shury, Berwick Street, Soho. 8vo., 51 pp.

628. Orders of Council, Proclamations, Instructions, and other Orders and Notifications, made and published after 1st Jan 1808; to which are prefixed certain Orders of Council, Instructions, &c. relating to Trade, Navigation, and War, that were in force on 1st Jan. 1808.
   London: Printed by George Eyre and Andrew Strahan, Printers to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. 1808. 8vo., iv+96 pp.

629. An Inquiry into the Causes and Consequences of the Orders in Council; and an Examination of the Conduct of Great Britain towards the Neutral Commerce of America.
   By Alexander Baring, Esq., M.P.
   Third Edition.
   London: Printed for J. M. Richardson, No. 23, Cornhill, Opposite the Royal Exchange; and J. Ridgway, Piccadilly. 1808. 8vo., 179 pp.

630. Inquiry into the Policy and Justice of the Prohibition of the Use of Grain in the Distilleries; including observations on the nature and uses of a vent to Superfluous Land-Produce; and a particular application of the general question to the present situation of the Colonial Interests.
   By Archibald Bell, Esq., Advocate.

631. A Letter to the Hon. Harrison Gray Otis, a member of the Senate of Massachusetts, on the Present State of our National Affairs with remarks upon Mr. Pickering's letter to the Governor of the Commonwealth.
   By John Quincy Adams.

   By the Earl of Selkirk.
633. American Encroachments, on British Rights; or Observations on the Importance of the British North American Colonies. And on the late Treaties with the United States: with remarks on Mr. Baring's Examination; and a defence of the Shipping Interest from the charge of having attempted to impose on Parliament, and of factious conduct in their opposition to the American Intercourse Bill.

By Nathaniel Atcheson, Esq., F.A.S.

"Disturb not one another with domestic disputes; but remember that we are English, and our enemies are foreigners. Enemies; which, let what party soever prevail, it is equally the interest of our country to humble and restrain."

Dr. Johnson's Life of Admiral Blake.

A new edition, with considerable additions.


634. A Defence of Joint Stock Companies; being an Attempt to Shew their Legality, Expediency, and Public Benefit.

By Henry Day.

London: Printed by Longman, Hurst, Rees, and Orme, Pater-noster Row, and Richardson, Royal Exchange. 1808. Price 2s. 6d. 8vo., 76 pp.


636. Sailing Direction for the River St. Lawrence, From Cape Chatt to the Island of Bic. &c. &c.

By Capt. John Lambly, Three Years Commander of the Government Vessels stationed off Father Point.

Quebec. January 26th 1808.


637. A Letter to His Majesty. The Bandogs: or Remarks on the Managers against W. Hastings, Esq., and Lord Melville; the late Ministers, on the Catholic Bill and Marquis Wellesley; the office of High Admiral, and His Majesty's Right to the Admiralty Droits.


Causes of the Mutiny at Gibraltar, and Opposition to any Inquiry thereon; with remarks on the Duke of Kent's recent Letter to the King.

Public services of the Dukes of York and Kent, with reasons for giving the Command in Spain to the latter.

Hints to Lords Wellesley, Chatham, Castlereagh, To Sir Thomas Trigge, General Fox, Sir Hew Dalrymple, Mr. Canning, Mr. Cook, Colonel Gordon, the West India Commissioners, D. Glassford and Mr. Greenwood.

London: Printed and Published by William Horseman, at No. 8 Hanway "l. Oxford Street; and sold by all the Booksellers in Town and Country. 1808. 8vo., 130 pp.

638. A Bill introduced in the House of Assembly, of the Province of Lower-Canada, to Incorporate a Bank in Lower-Canada.

Quebec: Printed by P. E. Desbarats, Law Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. 1808. 12mo., 53 pp.
639. A View of the Political Situation of the Province of Upper Canada, in North America. In which Her Physical Capacity Is Stated; the means of diminishing her burden, increasing her value and securing her connection to Great Britain are fully considered. With Notes and Appendix.


(Written by John Mills Jackson.)

640. Sermon, Preached in Trinity Church, Kingston, July 16th, 1809.


Saint John: Printed by Jacob S. Mott, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, at the sign of the Bible and Crown, Prince William Street, 1809. 12mo., 16 pp.

641. Considerations sur les effets qu'ont produit en Canada, la conservation des établissements du pays, les moeurs, l'éducation, etc., de ses habitants; et les conséquences qu'entraineroient leur décadence par rapport aux intérêts de la Grande Bretagne.

Par un Canadien, M.P.P.

"Un état mérite le nom de sage; lorsqu'on y prend toujours les mesures les plus justes, pour l'avancement du bien publice."

Platon de la Rep.

Montréal: Imprimé chez James Brown, Libraire, No. 20, Rue St. François-Xavier, yis-à-vis le Seminaire. 1809. 8vo., 51 pp. (Attributed to D. B. Viger.)

642. An Apology for Great Britain, in Allusion to a Pamphlet, intituled, "Considerations, &c., Par un Canadien, M.P.P."

Quebec: Printed and Sold by J. Neilson, No. 3, Mountain Street. 1809. 8vo., 30 pp.

643. Séance de la Société Littéraire de Québec. Tenue Samedi le 3e. juin 1809—

Floreamus in Nemoribus.

Québec, Imprimé par ordre de la Société, par J. Neilson, Imprimeur-libraire
No. 3, rue La Montagne. 1809. 8vo., 21 pp.

644. A Letter addressed to John Cartwright, Esq. Chairman of the Committee at the Crown and Anchor; on the subject of Parliamentary Reform.

By the Earl of Selkirk.


645. Parliamentary Reform. A Full and Accurate Report of the Proceedings at the meeting held at the Crown & Anchor Tavern, on Monday, the 1st of May, 1809, relative to a Reform in the Commons House of Parliament.

Sir F. Burdett, Bart. in the Chair.


646. On the Revival of the Cause of Reform in the Representation of the Commons in Parliament.

By Capel Loft, Esq.; Barrister at Law.

"Hosterna die, jaeta sunt Fundamenta restituendae Reipublica." Cie.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

"I would add my voice to those who would animate the people (Whose hearts are yet right) to new Exertions in the old Cause.—Burke.

London: Printed by Richard Taylor and Co., Shoe Lane: and sold by Bone and Hone, Opposite Somerset House, Strand. Sold also by Deck, Bury St. Edmund's; Bransby, Ipswich; and Alexander, Woodbridge. 1809. 12mo., 34 pp.

647. A few plain Observations upon the End and Means of Political Reform, and the Measures adopted by the present supporters of that cause.

In a letter to a member of Parliament.

London: Printed by Thomas Collins, Harvey's Buildings, Strand, for James Cawthorn, No. 24, Cockspur Street, Bookseller to Her Highness the Princess of Wales. 1809. 12mo., 48 pp.

648. A Full Report of the Proceedings of the Electors of Westminster, on Wednesday the 29th of March, 1809, at a meeting held in Westminster Hall, to express their sentiments on the Inquiry into the Conduct of H. R. H. the Duke of York; containing the speeches at length of Sir F. Burdett and Mr. Whitbread, on the necessity of an Immediate Reform of the House of Commons.

London: Published by Bone and Hone, opposite Somerset House, Strand, 1809. (Price One Shilling) 12mo., 35 pp.

649. Reasons for Reformation.

By John Cartwright, Esq.

Their right hand is full of bribes. Psalm, xxvi, 10.

These are the sellers &c. &c. &c. The author's Letter to a Friend in Boston, 1793.

Printed for the benefit of the fund for advertising in the cause of Parliamentary Reformation, managed by Mr. S. Brooks, No. 110, Strand.

London: Printed by J. McCreevy, Black-Horse-Court, Fleet-Street. Published by Bone and Hone, opposite Somerset-House, Strand. 1809. 12mo., 30 pp.

650. A specific Plan for Organizing the People, and for Obtaining Reform Independent of Parliament.

Addressed by Robert Gourlay, Esq., to the people of Fife——of Britain. "For one restraint——lords of the world besides." Milton.

London: Printed for the author, by Ballantine and Law, Duke-street, Adelphi; Published by J. M. Richardson, 23 Cornhill; And may be had of all Booksellers. 1809. 12mo., 179 pp.

651. A Discourse on the Real Principles of the Revolution, the Bill of Rights, Act of Settlement, &c. In which The Representations of Sir Francis Burdett, Mr. Maddox, and others are considered, Their Ignorance and Their Falseness Exposed and Their Real Views detected; being the substance of three lectures, Delivered in Trinity Term, 1809. By the Gresham Lecturer in Civil Law.


652. An Address to the Electors of the Borough of Stamford and collaterally, to every Borough and Place sending Members to the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain; containing interesting information and observations relative to Parliamentary Reform.

By J. Jepson Oddy, Esq.

653. A Letter from Montagu Burgoyne, Esq. of Mark Hall to the Freeholders and Inhabitants of The County of Essex, on the Present State of Public Affairs, and the pressing necessity of a Reform in the Commons House of Parliament.

London: Printed by Richard Taylor and Co., Shoe Lane: And sold by Messrs. Meggy and Chalk, Chelmsford; the principal booksellers in Essex; Faulder, Bond Street; Budd, Pall Mall; Richardson's, Royal Exchange; and Bone and Hone, Strand, London, 1809. (Price 2s.) 12mo., vii+68 pp.

654. Letters from a Member of Parliament, to His friend in the country.

Letter I.


655. Letters from An American Loyalist in Upper Canada, to His Friend in England; on a Pamphlet Published by John Mills Jackson, Esquire: Entitled, A View of the Province of Upper Canada Price 2s. 6d. Halifax.

8vo., 108 pp.

656. The Story of the Unfortunate but Heroic Highlander. Related by himself. Ornamented with engravings.

Wellington: Printed and sold by Houlston and Son. Sold also by all other Booksellers. 1809. 24mo., 70 pp.

1810.

657. A Discourse on the Character of King George the Third. Addressed to the Inhabitants of British America.

By the Rev. John Strachan, Rector of Cornwall, Upper Canada.

Serus in œulum redeas; diuque.

Latus intersis populo quirini;

Hor.


658. Papers relating to America.

Presented to the House of Commons, 1809.

London: Printed by A. Strahan, Printers-Street. 1810. 8vo., 182 pp.

659. A Treatise on Soap-Making: containing, an account of the Alkaline Materials; Test for discovering the presence of an Alkali, &c. with full Directions for Manufacturing Yellow, Pure, White and Perfumed Hard Soap: also Complete Instructions for the making of Green or Soft Soap: with other requisites necessary to finish the soap-boiler.

To which is added, Abstracts of the Excise Laws relative to Hard and Soft Soap Makers.

By a Manufacturer.

Permit not Poverty thy abodes t' invade: &c. &c. Pope.


660. Tables of the Cubical Contents of Masts, Hand-masts, Spars, and Bowsprits:

Calculated upon the principle described in the Provincial Statute of Lower Canada, 48 Geo. 3, Cap. 27 Sec. vii, Intituled “An Act for the better Regulation of the Lumber Trade,” accompanied with a sketch, illustrating their respective Places of Measurement, As received at Quebec.

By John Charles Grant.

Printed and sold by John Neilson, Mountain Street. 1810. 24mo., 14+10 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

661. Reform in Parliament, Proceedings of The Electors of the City and Liberties of Westminster including correct reports of the speeches delivered at a public meeting held in New Palace-Yard, on Friday, 9th February, 1810, for the purpose of obtaining A Reform in the Representation of the People in Parliament.

662. Effects of the Continental Blockade upon the Commerce, Finances, Credit and Prosperity of the British Islands.
Votre blocus ne bloque point, &c.,
Epitre à Messieurs du Camp de Saint Roch.
By Sir Francis D'Ivernois.
Translated from the third French edition, revised, corrected and enlarged.
To which are added, Observations on certain Statements contained in a late Work, entitled: “A View of the Natural and Commercial Circumstances of Ireland, by Thomas Newenham, Esq.” 4to. 1809.
London: Printed by Cox, Son, and Baylis, 75, Great Queen Street. For J. Hatchard, 190, Piccadilly; J. Asperne, and J. Richardson, Cornhill. Jan. 1810. 12mo., xxiii+152 pp.

663. The Political Principles of Sir Francis Burdett exposed by one who things that “Fair Play is a Jewel.”


665. Argument upon the Jurisdiction of the House of Commons to Commit in Cases of Breach of Privilege.
By Chas. Watkin Williams Wyun, Esq., M.P.
London, printed by Cox, Son and Baylis, Great Queen Street, for J. Budd, Bookseller to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, No. 100, Pall Mall. 1810. 12mo., 90 pp.

666. A Letter to the Right Hon. Lord Manners, &c. &c. &c. on the Expediency of an Immediate and Separate Record Commission, to Investigate, Illustrate and Arrange the Records of Ireland.
By Bartholomew Thomas Duhigg, Esq., Barrister at Law.
To which is annexed Mr. Duhigg's letter to the Speaker, in 1801, on the Assimilation of Irish with English Law, and the Arrangement of Irish Records.
Dublin, printed by Isaac Colles, South Cope-street 1810, (price 2s. 6d.) 12mo., 40 pp.

667. A Series of Letters in which the Effects of the Recent Proceedings in the Court of King's Bench, on the testimony of Colonel Wardle, and the character of His Royal Highness the Duke of York, are considered: With an Address to the Speaker of the House of Commons.
London, printed for Sherwood, Neely, and Jones, Paternoster-Row, John Richardson, Royal Exchange, and C. Chapple, Pall-Mall. 1810. 12mo., 64 pp. 29a—31
668. A Letter addressed by Lieutenant Colonel John Grey, to a Member of the House of Commons on the Subject of the LIABILITY OF THE PAY OF THE OFFICERS OF THE NAVY AND ARMY TO THE TAX UPON PROPERTY.

"Est modus in rebus, sunt certi denique fines,
"Quos ultra citraque nequit consistere rectum."


669. A Collection of Loyalists & other Petitions, Letters, &c., referring to the Boundary Settlements on Lake Ontario to the Bay of Quinte between 1783 & 1810. Compiled in the latter year, by Amos Ansley. 12mo., 20 pp. (Title page missing.)

1811.

670. Papers relating to the action between His Majesty’s Sloop Lille Belt, of eighteen guns, and the United States Frigate President, of Forty-four Guns.


671. An Inquiry into the Past and Present Relations of France and the United States of America.

"The illustrious example——&c. &c.
Prospectus of the American Review.


672. A Letter to the Right Hon. Henry Grattan, on the DEPLORABLE CONSEQUENCES resulting to IRELAND, from the very LOW PRICE OF SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS; pointing out the causes of the aggravated encrease of those evils, and entreating his attention to the necessity and means of remedying them.

Dublin, printed for J. Parry, 33, Anglesea-Street, 1811. 12mo., 20 pp.

673. The Speech of John Leach, Esq. M.P., in the Committee of the Whole House upon the STATE OF THE NATION, on Monday December 31, 1810. Upon the question of limitations to the royal authority in the hands of the regent.


674. The Captivity and Deliverance of Mr. JOHN WILLIAMS, Pastor of the Church in Deerfield, and Mrs. MARY ROWLANDSON of Lancaster. Who were taken, together with their families and neighbours, by the French and Indians, and carried into Canada.

Written by themselves.

675. Rules and Regulations of Police, with abstract of divers Ordinances and Statutes relating thereto.

Published by order of the Magistrates.
Quebec: Printed by John Neilson, No. 3, Mountain Street. 1811. 16mo., 51 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

676. Vie Politique de Mr.— Ex.—Membre de la Chambre d'Assemblée du B. C. &c. &c. &c.

Écrite par lui même à la sollicitation de Mr. son Frère, et a lui adressée par l'Auteur sous le titre modeste de Confidences d’un Frère à son Frère, ou Dix années de mes erreurs passés; avec cette épigraph: “Lis et rougis pour nous deux.” (1811) 8vo., 31 pp.

1812.

677. American Question.

A LETTER FROM a Calm Observer To a Noble Lord, On the Subject of the LATE DECLARATION Relative to the ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

London: Printed by A. J. Valpy, Tooke's Court, Chancery Lane; Sold by Gale and Curtis, Paternoster Row; James Richardson, Opposite the Royal Exchange; and all other Booksellers. 1812. 8vo., 16 pp.

678. An Accurate and Interesting Account of the Hardships and sufferings of the Band of Heroes, who traversed the wilderness in the Campaign against Quebec in 1775.

By John Joseph Henry, Esq., Late President of the Second Judicial District of Pennsylvania.


679. An Address of Members of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States to their CONSTITUENTS, on the subject of the War with Great Britain.


680. Supplement to the Boston Weekly Messenger.

An ADDRESS OF Members of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States, to their constituents on the subject of the war with Great Britain.

(Address same as No. 679.) 8vo., 32 pp.

681. The Wars of the Gulls; AN HISTORICAL ROMANCE. In Three Chapters.

Chap. I. Shewing how, and why, and with whom the Gulls went to war.
Chap. II. Shewing how the Gulls make the deep to boil like a pot.
Chap. III. Shewing how a certain doughty General of the Gulls goes forth to play the game of Hull-Gull in Upper Canada.

“And from the pinnacle of glory,
“Falls headlong into purgatory.”


682. A Narrative of Remarkable Occurrences, connected with the Death of Louis XVI, Late King of France.

Translated from the French of the Abbé Edgeworth de Firmont, late Vicar General of the Diocese of Paris—Confessor in Ordinary to the Princess Elizabeth, and to Louis XVI in his last moments.

By Stephen Cleveland Blyth.

683. A View of the State of Parties in the United States of America: being An Attempt to Account for the Present Ascendancy of the French, or Democratic Party, in that country; in two letters to a friend.

29a—31½
By a gentleman who has recently visited the United States.

"Party is the madness of many for the gain of a few."—Swift.

Edinburgh: Printed by James Ballantyne and Co. for John Ballantyne and /
co. Edinburgh; and Longman, Hurst, Rees, Orme and Brown, London, 1812.
8vo., 110 pp.

684. Rules of the Quebec Benevolent Society; confirmed by His Majesty’s Court of
King’s Bench, April term 1809 and June term 1811.

With an appendix containing an abstract of the Law authorising the Associa-
tion, a list of the members and other useful information.
Quebec: Printed by order of the Society, by John Neilson. 1812. 16mo.,
30 pp.

1813.

685. A Letter to the Right Honourable LORD CASTLEREAGH, &c &c. &c., on the NORTH
AMERICAN EXPORT-TRADE During the War, and During any time the IMPORT AND
USE of our MANUFACTURES are interdicted in the UNITED STATES.

By Charles Lyne.

686. Barbarities of the ENEMY, exposed in a REPORT of the Committee of the House
of Representatives of the United States, appointed to enquire into the spirit and
manner in which the war has been waged by the enemy, and the DOCUMENTS—
accompanying said report.

Troy: Printed by Francis Adancourt, Congress Street, Directly north of the
Park. 1813. 8vo., 179 pp.

687. A Short Topographical Description of His MAJESTY’S PROVINCE of UPPER
CANADA, in NORTH AMERICA. To which is annexed A PROVINCIAL GAZETTEER.

London: Published by W. Faden, geographer to His Majesty, and to His
Royal Highness the Prince Regent, Charing Cross. 1813. 8vo., 123 pp.

(Prepared by D. W. Smyth.)

688. Speech of the Hon. Josiah Quincy, in the House of Representatives of the
United States, delivered the 5th January, 1813, On the bill in addition to the act
entitled “An Act to raise an additional military force” and for other purposes.


689. Reasons for COLONIZING the Island of NEWFOUNDLAND, in a letter addressed to
the INHABITANTS.

By Wm. Carson, M.D., author of a letter to the Members of Parliament of the
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, on the address of the Merchants
and Inhabitants of St. John’s, in the Island of Newfoundland, to the Prince
Regent.

Greenock: Printed by William Scott, and Sold by Sir Richard Phillips,
London; also by the Booksellers of Greenock, Glasgow and Edinburgh. 1813.
8vo., 26 pp.

690. Anticipation of MARGINAL NOTES on the DECLARATION of GOVERNMENT of The 9th
of January, 1813, in the AMERICAN NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER.

Festinare nocet, nocet et Cunctatio saepe;
Tempore quaeque suo qui, facit, ille sapit.

London: Printed by A. J. Valpy, Tooke’s Court, Chancery Lane. Sold by
Underwood, Fleet Street; and all other Booksellers. 1813. 8vo., iv.+31 pp.
1814.

691. **Definite Treaty** of Peace and Amity between His Britannic Majesty and His Most Christian Majesty.  
Signed at Paris, the 30th day of May 1814.  
Published by authority.  
French and English.

692. **A Compressed View** of the Points to be Discussed, in Treating with the United States of America; A.D. 1814. With an Appendix and Two Maps.  
"— At present, amongst European Nations, a Naval Strength, which is the portion of Great Britain, &c."—Bacon.  
"— The Sea, which is our Mother, (that embraces Both the rich Indies in her out-stretched arms), Yields every day a crop, if we dare reap it."—Massinger.  

Printed by Order of the House. 1814.  
English and French. 4to., 64+67 pp.

694. **Memoirs** by a celebrated Literary and Political character, from the Resignation of Sir Robert Walpole in 1742, to the Establishment of Lord Chatham's Second Administration, in 1757; containing strictures on some of the most distinguished men of that time.  

695. **A Sermon**, preached at York, Upper Canada, on the Third of June, being the Day Appointed for a General Thanksgiving.  
By the Rev'd John Strachan, D.D.  

696. **True Patriotism.** A Sermon, preached in the Presbyterian Church in Stamford, Upper Canada, on the 3d. day of June, 1814, being the day appointed by His Honor the President, &c. &c. &c. of Upper Canada, for a Provincial Thanksgiving.  
By the Rev. John Burns. [Published by Request.]  

697. **A Sermon**, Preached in the Scotch Church, in the City of Quebec, on Thursday the 21st April, 1814. Being the Day Appointed for a General Thanksgiving.  
By the Revd. Alexr. Spark, D.D.  
Published at the Request of the Audience.  
Quebec: Printed by John Neilson, 3, Mountain Street. 1814. 8vo., 18 pp.

698. **Excerpts** from Letters from Lieut. and Adjutant William MacEwen, 1st Battalion Royal Scots, to his wife. Canada, 1813-14.  
12mo., 16 pp.

"Who shall not fear thee, O Lord, and glorify thy name. For thou only art holy: For all nations shall come and worship before thee."—Rev. 15, 4.

Printed at the Recorder office, 1814. 16mo., 55 pp.

700. Réflexions sur l'établissement D'Une Société Royale De Médecine et De Chirurgie. 1814?

D'Imprimerie de Didot Jeune, Imprimeur de la Faculté de Médecine. 4to., 20 pp.

701. Militia General Order. His Excellency the Lieut. Governor is pleased to direct that the following Orders, Rules, and Regulations, in which is also contained An Abstract of the Militia Law, Be strictly observed by the Militia throughout Prince Edward Island, and continue in force until further Orders. J. F. Holland, Colonel and Adjutant General Militia.

Militia Adjutant General's Office, Charlotte-Town, Prince Edward Island, 1st May 1814.

Charlotte-Town, Printed by James Bagnall, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. 1814. 8vo., 16 pp.

1815.


"Let those who reprimand their brothers

"First mend the faults they find in others."—Gay.


"And God blessed them, and God said unto them, Be fruitful and multiply, and replenish the earth, and subdue it."—Gen. 1, 28.

Printed by S. Collingwood. 12mo., 36 pp.

704. The Letters of Veritas, re-published from the Montreal Herald; containing a succinct narrative of the Military Administration of Sir George Prevost, during his command in the Canadas; whereby it will appear manifest, that the merit of preserving them from conquest, belongs not to him.


705. Proceedings in the House of Assembly, on the Petition of Thomas Lee, Junr. Esq. For a bill to authorize him to make and maintain Turnpike Roads in the Vicinity of Quebec.

Quebec: Printed by John Neilson. 3 Mountain Street, 1815. 8vo., 38 pp.

English and French.


Published by Authority.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a


Quebec: Printed, by authority by P. E. Desbarats, Law printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. 1815. 24mo., 88+6 pp.

708. Proceedings of the House of Assembly in the first Session of the Eighth Provincial Parliament of Lower-Canada, on the state and progress of Education as resulting from the Act of the 41st Geo. III., Chapter 17th, which provides for the establishment of Free Schools and the advancement of Learning in this Province. Also an Extract from the Improved System of Education.

By Joseph Lancaster.


709. The Several Treaties which have been Negotiated and Signed between the United States of America and Great Britain, since the year 1782.


710. An Exposition of the Causes and Characters of the Late War with Great Britain.

Published by Authority of the American Government.

Seventh Edition.

"This document is official; and comes, I dare say, from the pen of Mr. Madison himself, or from that of Mr. Monroe. It has been published in all the American newspapers that I have seen; and I perceive from advertisements, that it has been published in a pamphlet form in every part of America, to the amount, perhaps, of a million of copies." . . .

"The document is all pith; all home blows. It, therefore, should be answered. I hereby offer my paper as the vehicle of an answer, if any one will send it me."—Cobbett's Political Register of Saturday, Aug. 12.

Washington Printed.


(The Tenth Edition of this pamphlet is also on the shelves.)

711. A Poetical Account of the American Campaigns of 1812 and 1813; with some slight sketches relating to the Party Politics which governed the United States, during the War, and at its commencement.

Dedicated to the people of Canada, by the Publisher.


712. An Inquiry into the Cause of the Increase of Pauperism and Poor Rates; with a Remedy for the Same, and A Proposition for Equalizing the Rates throughout England and Wales.

By Wm. Clarkson, Esq.

London: Printed by C. Baldwin, New Bridge-Street; and sold by Baldwin, Cradock and Joy, 47, Paternoster-Row; J. Hatchard, Piccadilly; and L. B. Seeley, 169 Fleet-street. 1815. 12mo., 77 pp.


Rapport fidel de ce qui a donné lieu, et de ce qui s'en est suivi.

1816.

714. **Reponse a l'Auteur** D'un Pamphlet sur les proceduress d'une Cour D'Enquete sur plainte du Lieutenant Colonel Bourdages, contre le Lieut. JOSEPH CARTIER, Quart. Mait.

Ordonnee par son Excellence le Lieut. General Drummond, et tenue a Chambly, le 1 juin, 1815.

Fiat Justitia Ruat Coelum.


London: 1816.

Printed by R. Causton and Son, Finch-Lane, Cornhill. 8vo., 19 pp.

716. ** Manifeste du Gouvernement Americain** (10 fevrier 1815), ou CAUSES ET CARACTERE DE LA DERNIERE GUERRE D'AMERIQUE AVEC L'ANGLETERRE; (Ouvrage imprime a Washington a un million d'exemplaires);

Par James Madison, President des Etats-Unis, Et traduit sur la 11e edition anglaise, par l'auteur de la Decadence de l'Angleterre.


717. **A Sermon** on the Death of The HONORABLE RICHARD CARTWRIGHT; with a short account of His Life. Preached at Kingston, on the 3d of September, 1815.


718. **Narrative of the SHIPWRECK AND SUFFERINGS of NEIL DEWAR**, (who lost both his legs and arms) SEAMAN of the REBECCA of QUEBEC, wrecked on the Coast of Labrador, 20th November, 1816.


719. **A Narrative** of the Adventures and Sufferings of JOHN R. JEWITT, only survivor of the crew of the Ship **Boston**, during a captivity of nearly three years among the savages of NOOTKA SOUND:

With an Account of the Manners, Mode of Living, and Religious Opinions of the Natives. Embellished with two plates. One representing the Ship in possession of the Savages and the other a Portrait of the Indian Chief Maquina.

“Dire scenes of horror on a savage shore.

“In which, a witness sad, a part I bore.”

Middleton: Printed by Loomis and Richards, and Re-Printed by Rowland Hurst, Wakefield; and published by Longman, Hurst, Rees, Orme and Brown, Paternoster-Row, London; and sold by all other booksellers. 1816. 16mo., 208 pp.

720. **Message** from the President of the United States transmitting A Report of the Secretary made in pursuance of a Resolution of the House of Representatives, of 17th February last, requiring information relative to DUTIES on IMPORTS from the UNITED STATES INTO CANADA, NOVA-SCOTIA, AND NEW BRUNSWICK; of the duties on Articles exported to the United States from said provinces, &c. &c. &c.

April 18, 1816. Read and Ordered to lie upon the Table.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1817.

721. A Short View of the Present State of the Eastern Townships in the Province of Lower Canada, bordering on the Line 45°: with hints for their improvement. By the Hon. and Rev. Charles Stewart, D.D., Minister of St. Armand, Lower Canada, and Chaplain to the Lord Bishop of Quebec.

"It is the sinfullest thing . . .

Bacon.

Montreal, Printed.
London, re-printed, for J. Hatchard, No. 190 Piccadilly. 1817. 8vo., 20 pp.

722. Notice Respecting the Boundary between His Majesty's Possessions in North America and the United States; with a Map of America, between Latitudes 40° and 70° north, and Longitudes 80° and 150° west; Exhibiting the Principal Trading Stations of the North-West Company; and intended to accompany the Narrative of Occurrences in the Indian Countries of North America, connected with the Earl of Selkirk, the Hudson's Bay and the North-West Companies.


723. Caraboo. A Narrative of a Singular Imposition, practised upon the benevolence of a lady residing in the vicinity of the city of Bristol, by a young Woman of the name of Mary Willcocks, alias Baker, alias Bakerstendht, alias Caraboo, Princess of Java.

Illustrated with Two Portraits, engraved from Drawings by E. Bird, Esq., R.A. and Mr. Bramwhite.

Qui vult decipi decipatur.

Printed by J. M. Gutch, 15, Small Street, Bristol; and published by Baldwin, Craddock and Joy, Paternoster Row, London. 1817. Price 5s. 8vo., 68 pp.

724. Companion for Caraboo.

A Narrative of the conduct and adventures of Henry Frederick Moon, alias Henry Frederick More Smith, alias William Newman, a Native of Brightlhelmstone, Sussex, and now under sentence of imprisonment, in Connecticut, in North America; containing an account of His unparalleled artifices, impostures, mechanical ingenuity, &c. &c. displayed during and subsequently to his Confinement in one of His Majesty's Gaols in the Province of New Brunswick.

By Walter Bates, Esq., High Sheriff of King's County, in New Brunswick, With an Introductory Description of New Brunswick; and a postscript, containing some account of Caraboo, the late female impostor at Bristol.

With a Portrait.

London: Printed for Allman and Co., Princess-street Hanover-Square; and sold by all other booksellers. 1817. 8vo., xii+84 pp.


>Title page missing.) 8vo., 62 pp.


Imprimés par Ordre de la Chambre. 1817. 4to., 179 pp.


Montreal:—Printed by W. Gray. 16mo., 13+6 pp.
728. To the Parishioners of Fredericton, and especially to the Members of the Vestry,
(By whose desire it is made public.)

This sermon, composed under circumstances of extreme hurry, of which the marks are too evident in the stile and arrangement. But containing no fruits of hasty or unadvised proceeding in the principles and sentiments which it expresses, Is inscribed by their faithful and ever affectionate servant, Geo. J. Mountain.

Quebec, Sept. 1, 1817. 8vo., 14 pp.

729. Bill for the Relief of Certain Parishes in distress therein mentioned.
1817. (†)
French and English. 12mo., 19 pp.

730. Statement respecting The Earl of Selkirk’s Settlement of Kildonan, upon the Red River, in North America; its destruction in the Years 1815 and 1816; and the Massacre of Governor Semple and his party.

731. The Englishman’s Manual; or a Dialogue between a Tory and a Reformer.
By Walter Fawkes, Esq.

1818.

732. Memoirs of the Administration of the Colonial Government of Lower Canada, by Sir James Henry Craig, and Sir George Prevost; From the year 1807 until the year 1815.
Comprehending the Military and Naval operations in the Canadas; during the late War with the United States of America.
By Robert Christie.
Quebec: 1818. 8vo., 150+9 pp.

733. Another edition of No. 732.
Title page and appendix D. missing. 8vo., 232 pp.

734. Journal of a Voyage of Discovery, to the Arctic Regions, performed between the 4th of April and the 18th of November, 1818, in His Majesty’s Ship Alexander. Wm. Edw. Parry, Esq., Lieut. and Commander.
By an Officer of the Alexander.

735. The Indian Captive; or a Narrative of the Captivity and Sufferings of Zadock Steele. Related by himself.
To which is prefixed an account of the burning of Royalton.
Hath this been in your days, or even in the days of your fathers? &c. &c.—Joel.

736. A Brief Description of Nova Scotia, with plates of The Principal Harbors; including a Particular Account of the Island of Grand Manan.
By Anthony Lockwood, Professor of Hydrography, Assistant Surveyor-General of the Provinces of N.S. and C. Breton.
London: Printed for the Author, by G. Hayden, Brydges Street, Covent Garden; and sold by Cadell and Davies, Strand. 1818. 4to., 102+ii pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

737. Le Manuscrit venu de Ste Helene. D'Une Maniere Inconnue.

----------EgoapisMatinae
Moremodoque, &c.
Horace, Livre IV. Ode I.
Et moi, tel que l'Abeille de Matina, qui picore avec des travaux infinis le suc deliciex du thim, &c.
No. 8. 15 novembre 1818.
Henri Mexiere, Anglo-Canadian, Editeur et Proprietaire.
A Montreal, Chez Lane, Imprimeur, Rue Saint Paul, Près du Marché neuf 8vo., 40 pp.

739. Proceedings at a Meeting of the Inhabitants of the Townships of Hope and Hamilton, in the district of Newcastle, U.C. Held agreeable to notice from Robert Gourlay.


741. Rules and Orders of Practice in the Provincial Court of Appeals.
Lower Canada, Quebec: Printed by P. E. Desbarats, Law Printed to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. 1818. 8vo., 14 pp.

742. Address to the Jury, at Kingston Assizes; in the Case of the King v. Robert Gourlay, for Libel: With a Report of the Trial, &c. &c.
Printed at the Gazette Office—Kingston, August 1818. 8vo., 24 pp.

743. Articles D'Association Etablissant une Compagnie D'Assurance contre les Accidents du feu dans la Cité de Quebec.

744. The Substance of a Judgment, delivered in the Court of Vice-Admiralty, at Halifax in Nova Scotia, on the twenty-fourth Day of August, 1818; In the Case of Schooner Nabby, Thomas Standley Master; by Crofton Uniacke, Esq. Judge of that Court.
Every deviation from this system, whether voluntary or from irresistible necessity, every licence to admit foreign vessels into British ports, is a nail driven into the coffin of the British Empire.”
Sir Alexander Croke.

745. Essay on Modern Reformers; addressed to the people of Upper-Canada.
To which is added, a letter, to Mr. Robert Gourlay: By John Simpson, Augusta, Upper-Canada.
Gratis.
1819.

746. Medical Topography of Upper Canada.
   By John Douglas, Assistant Surgeon, Eighth Regiment.
   London: Printed for Burgess and Hill, 55 Great Windmill Street, Haymarket. 1819. 8vo., 126 pp.

   To which is added an appendix of practical instructions to Emigrant Settlers in the British Colonies.
   By Charles F. Grece, member of the Montreal and Quebec Agricultural Societies; and author of essays on husbandry, addressed to the Canadian Farmers.
   London: Printed for J. Harding, St. James's Street. Sold at Liverpool, by W. Grapel; at Hull, by Wilson; and at Bristol, by Browne and Manchee. 1819. 8vo., 172 pp.

   Printed by Order of the House. 1819.

749. Consultation de douze des plus célèbres avocats de Paris, touchant les droits de propriété du Séminaire de Montréal en Canada.

750. A Voyage to Hudson's Bay, during the Summer of 1812. Containing a Particular Account of the Icebergs and other phenomena which present themselves in those Regions. Also, a Description of the Esquimeaux and North American Indians, Their Manners, Customs, Dress, Language, &c., &c &c.
   By Thomas M'Keevor, M.D., of the Dublin lying-in Hospital. Where undissolving from the first . . .

751. Voyage to the North Pole, in the Frigate the Syrene: including a Physical and Geographical Notice Relative to the Island of Iceland.
   By the Chevalier de la Poix de Freminville, Lieutenant, Chief of the Brigade of the Marine Cadets, and a Member of several learned Societies.

752. An Explanation of Captain Sabine's Remarks on the late Voyage of Discovery to Baffin's Bay.
   By Captain John Ross, R.N.
   London: John Murray, Albemarle-Street. 1819. 8vo., 54 pp.

753. Remarks on the Account of the Late Voyage of Discovery to Baffin's Bay, published by Captain J. Ross, R.N.
   By Captain Edward Sabine, Royal Artillery.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

754. Rules of the QUEBEC BENEVOLENT SOCIETY, confirmed by His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, April Term, 1809—June Term, 1811, and April Term 1819.

With an appendix containing an Abstract of the Law authorizing the Association, a list of the members and other useful information.

Quebec: Printed by Order of the Society, by John Neilson. 1819. 16mo., 89 pp.

755. A Sermon Preached at The Anniversary of The Royal Humane Society, in Christ Church, Surrey, on Sunday the 28th of March 1819.

By the Right Rev. Jacob Mountain, D.D., Lord Bishop of Quebec.

London: Printed for the Society; and sold at the Office, 48 St. Paul's Churchyard. Sold also by F. C. & J. Rivington; Cadell and Davies; J. Hatchard; and Lackington and Co. 1819. 8vo., 32 pp.

756. A Sermon preached in the CATHEDRAL CHURCH OF QUEBEC, on SUNDAY, the 12th September, 1819, after the public calamity experienced in the death of His Grace THE DUKE OF RICHMOND, GOVERNOR IN CHIEF. By the Reverend G. J. MOUNTAIN, A.B., Bishop's Official in Lower Canada, & Rector of Quebec. (Published by Desire.)

Quebec, J. Neilson, Mountain Street, 1819. 8vo., 17 pp.

757. A Sermon Delivered in ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, QUEBEC:

By the late Rev. Alex. Spark, D.D., on the 7th March, 1819, The day of his Death.

Also. A FUNERAL SERMON, PREACHED ON THAT OCCASION, the 14th March, 1819.

"But these were merciful men, whose righteousness hath not been forgotten. Their bodies are buried in Peace, but their name liveth for evermore." Ecclesiasticus.

Quebec: Printed and Sold by J. Neilson, No. 3, Mountain Street. 1819. 8vo., vii+26 pp.

758. Facts presented by the NORTH WEST COMPANY shewing that they have been from the commencement in 1816, continually pressing for a legal investigation into their conduct.

Attitude of LORD SELKIRK, 1819. 12mo., 118 pp.

(Title page missing.) (Not Complete.)

759. Esquisse du Commerce de Pelleteries des Anglois, dans L'Amerique Septentrionale, avec des observations relatives a LA COMPAGNIE DU NORD-OUEST DE MONTEREAL.

Par le Comte de Selkirk.

Publiée à Londres en 1816.

Traduit de l'édition angloise imprimée à New-York, en 1818.


760. An Alphabetical List of the MERCHANTS, TRADERS, AND HOUSEKEEPERS, RESIDING IN MONTREAL. To which is prefixed, a Descriptive Sketch of the Town.

By Thomas Doige.

Montreal: Printed by James Lane, at his printing-office No. 29 Saint Paul Street; And to be had of the Proprietor, No. 5, Saint Jean Baptiste Street. 1819.* 12mo., 192 pp.
1820.

Dédiée aux Sociétés d’Agriculture du Bas Canada.
Montréal: Chez James Lane, 29 Rue Saint Paul. 1820. 8vo., 123 pp.

762. Remarks on the Present System of Roadmaking, with observations, deduced from practice and experience, with a view to a revision of the Existing Laws, and the Introduction of Improvement in the method of Making, Repairing, and Preserving Roads, and defending the Road Funds from misapplication.
Third edition, carefully revised, with considerable addition and an Appendix.
By John Loudon M’Adam, Esq. General Surveyor of the roads in the Bristol District.

763. A Charge delivered to the Clergy of the Diocese of Quebec, in the year 1820,
By the Right Reverend Jacob, Lord Bishop of that Diocese.
Quebec: Printed and Published by John Neilson, No. 3, Mountain Street. 1820. 8vo., 48 pp.

By John Pickering, A.A.S.

765. Annual Report of the state of the Madras School in New Brunswick, for the year 1820.

766. Election du Comté Northumberland.

767. Information to Emigrants. An account of the Island of Prince Edward, with practical advice to those intending to emigrate; and some observations on the Cape of Good Hope, New South Wales, Canada, and the Red River. To which are added, Sailing Directions for the Coast and Harbours of the said Islands; and a correct Map of Holland Harbour and the Lands surrounding Casumpee Bay. By a late resident of that Colony.
London: Printed for and sold by James Asperne, Bible and Crown, Cornhill. 1820 (?) Price 1s. 6d. 8vo., 20 pp.

768. A Few Plain Directions for persons intending to proceed as Settlers to His Majesty’s Province of Upper Canada, in North America.
Pointing out the best Port to embark at for Quebec.—Provisions and other Things necessary to be provided for the Voyage.—The best and cheapest Method of Travelling from Quebec to Montreal, and thence to Kingston and York, a Distance of 600 Miles, whereby Emigrants may avoid heavy Expenses.—The Method of obtaining Land in the most eligible Districts.—What Property various Descriptions of Emigrants should possess on their arrival in America.—Advice to Farmers,
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Tradesmen, Mechanics, &c.—A Description of that fine and interesting Province; its Productions, &c. &c.—Some cursory Remarks on the Manners and Customs of the Inhabitants.

Containing also a short sketch or Journal of the Author's voyage across the Atlantic, in June, 1810.

By an English Farmer settled in Upper Canada.

With a Map.

London: Printed for Baldwin, Cradock, and Joy, 47 Paternoster Row. 1820. 16mo., vii+100 pp.

769. The Emigrant's Guide to Upper Canada: or, Sketches of the Present State of that Province, collected from a residence therein during the years 1817, 1818, 1819, interspersed with reflections.

By C. Stuart, Esq., Retired Captain of the Honorable the East India Company's service and one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Western District of Upper Canada.

Deliberate, Decide, and Dare!


770. A Year's Residence, in the United States of America.

Treating of the Face of the Country, the Climate, the Soil, the Products, the Mode of Cultivating the Land, the Prices of Land, of Labour, of Food, of Raiment; of the Expences of Housekeeping, and of the Usual Manner of Living; of the Manners and Customs of the People; and of the Institutions of the Country, Civil, Political, and Religious.

In Three Parts.


Part I. Containing—I. A Description of the Face of the Country, the Climate, the Seasons, and the Soil, the facts being taken from the Author's daily notes during a whole year.—II. An Account of the Author's Agricultural Experiments in the Cultivation of the Ruta Baga or Russia, or Swedish Turnip, which afford proof of what the climate and soil are.


"Quid non mortalia pectora cogis Auri sacra fames"——


772. Travels in Lower Canada, with the Author's Recollections of the soil, and aspect; the morals, habits, and religious institutions, of that country.

By Joseph Sansom, Esq., Member of the American Philosophical Society, Author of Letters from Europe, &c.

Most National Habitudes are the result of unobserved Causes and Necessities.

Grey.

London: Printed for Sir Richard Phillips and Co. Bride-Court, Bridge Street; and to be had of all Booksellers. 1820. 8vo., 116 pp.

773. Considerations sur Les Biens du Seminaire de Montreal. 1820 (?)

(Title page missing.) 8vo., 64 pp.
774. Rules for the Saint Georges' Society in Saint John, N.B.
   Saint John; printed by Henry Chubb, Prince William-Street. 1820. 12mo., 12 pp.

775. Report on the Projected Canal across the Isthmus that divides Nova-Scotia and New-Brunswick, explored and levelled in the Autumn of 1819, by order of His Excellency Major-General George Stracey Smyth, Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of New-Brunswick.
   Fredericton; printed by George K. Lugrin, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. 1820. 8vo., 22 pp.

1821.

776. A Narrative of the Rise & Progress of Emigration, from the Counties of Lanark & Renfrew, to the New Settlements in Upper Canada, on Government Grant; comprising the Proceedings of the Glasgow Committee for Directing the Affairs and Embarkation of the Societies, with a Map of the Townships, Designs for Cottages, and a Plan of the Ship Earl of Buckinghamshire. Also, Interesting Letters from the Settlements.
   By Robert Lamond, Secretary & Agent.

   Edited by the author of "The Political House that Jack Built."
   "Let willing slaves in golden fetters lie, &c. &c.
   The Right Divine of Kings to govern Wrong. Book I.
   Printed for William Hone, 45 Ludgate Hill, 1821. 8vo., 94 pp.

778. Report of the Commissioners appointed under the Provincial Act of the 59th year of His late Majesty.
   Intituled, "An Act to secure the Inhabitants of the Inferior District of Gaspé, in the possession and enjoyment of their lands."
   The said Report laid before the House of Assembly by His Excellency the Governor in Chief on the twenty-eighth-day of February, 1821.

779. Report at Large of a Debate in the House of Assembly of the Province of Lower-Canada, On the 14th February, 1821.
   From Notes taken Stenographically by William S. Simpson.

780. Statement on the Present Timber and Deal Trade as regards Europe and the British American Colonies, resting on plain and undeniable facts.

   Published by Command of His Excellency Lieutenant-General, Sir James Kempt, K.B., Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief in and over His Majesty's Province of Nova-Scotia, Vice-Admiral of the same, &c. &c. &c.
TOUR,

THROUGH

Upper and Lower Canada.

By a Citizen of the United States.

CONTAINING,

A View of the present State of Religion, Learning, Commerce, Agriculture, Colonization, Customs and Manners, among the English, French, and Indian SETTLEMENTS.

Printed at Litchfield, (according to Act of Congress),
1799.
BILL

INTRODUIT DANS LA

CHAMBRE D'ASSEMBLEE

DE LA

PROVINCE DU BAS-CANADA,

Pour l'établissement d'une Banque dans le Bas-Canada.

QUEBEC:

IMPRIME' PAR P. E. DESBARATS, IMPRIMEUR DES LOIX
DE LA TRES EXCELLENTE MAJESTE' DU ROI.

1808.
LETTERS,
FROM AN AMERICAN LOYALIST
IN
UPPER-CANADA,
TO
HIS FRIEND IN ENGLAND;
ON A PAMPHLET PUBLISHED BY
JOHN MILLS JACKSON, ESQUIRE:
ENTITLED,
A VIEW
OF
THE PROVINCE
OF
UPPER CANADA.

Price 1s. 6d. Halifax.

[See No. 655]
A CONCISE ACCOUNT
OF THE
ORIGIN OF THE TWO HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT:
WITH
AN IMPARTIAL STATEMENT
OF THE
PRIVILEGES OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS,
AND OF THE
LIBERTY OF THE SUBJECT.

By EDWARD CHRISTIAN, of Gray's Inn, Esq.
BARRISTER AT LAW, CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE ISLE OF ELY, AND DOWNING PROFESSOR OF THE LAWS OF ENGLAND.

LONDON:
PRINTED FOR T. CADELL AND W. DAVIES, STRAND,
AND J. BUTTERWORTH, FLEET-STREET.
1810.

[See No. 68]
RULES AND REGULATIONS

OF

POLICE,

WITH ABSTRACTS OF DIVERS ORDINANCES
AND STATUTES RELATING THERETO.

PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE MAGISTRATES.

QUEBEC:
PRINTED BY JOHN NEILSON, NO 3,
MOUNTAIN STREET.
1811.
THE LETTERS OF

VERITAS.

RE-PUBLISHED FROM THE

MONTREAL HERALD;

CONTAINING

A SUCCINCT NARRATIVE OF THE MILITARY
ADMINISTRATION OF

SIR GEORGE PREVOST,

DURING HIS COMMAND IN

THE CANADAS;

WHEREBY IT WILL APPEAR MANIFEST, THAT THE MERIT
OF PRESERVING THEM FROM CONQUEST,
BELONGS NOT TO HIM.

Seminaire a Quebec

1802

MONTREAL.

PRINTED BY W. GRAY.

JULY, 1815.
A

SHORT VIEW

OF THE

PRESENT STATE OF THE

EASTERN TOWNSHIPS

IN THE

Province of Lower Canada,

BORDERING ON THE LINE 45°:

WITH

HINTS FOR THEIR IMPROVEMENT.

BY THE

HON. AND REV. CHARLES STEWART, D. D.

MINISTER OF ST. ARMAND, LOWER CANADA, AND CHAPLAIN

TO THE LORD BISHOP OF QUEBEC.

It is the sinfullest thing in the world to forsake or destitute a
"plantation once in forwardness; for, besides the dishonour, it is
"the guiltiness of blood of many commiserable persons."

BACON.

MONTREAL, PRINTED:

LONDON, RE-PRINTED,

FOR J. HATCHARD, NO. 190, PICCADILLY.

1817.
9irticles

ASSOCIATION OF THE MONTREAL BANK.

[See No. 727]
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

782. Rules and Regulations of Police for the City and Suburbs of Montreal, published by Authority.

783. Circulaire adressée aux Citoyens de la Province par un Comité des Marchands de Québec, demandant de signer une petition au gouvernement Anglais pour faire abroger les droits imposés sur le blé de colonies.
Québec 21 Aout 1821. 1 p.

784. First Report of the Committee of the House of Assembly, on that part of the Speech of His Excellency the Governor in Chief, which relates to the Settlement of the Crown Lands, with the Minutes of Evidence taken before the Committee.

785. Abstract of the Militia Act at present in force; and of the duties thereby imposed on the officers and militiamen.
Québec: Printed by P. E. Desbarats, Law Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. 1821. 12mo., 47 pp.

786. Letters written during the late Voyage of Discovery in the Western Arctic Sea.
By an Officer of the Expedition.

787. A Voyage to North America, and the West Indies, in 1817.
By E. Montule. Knight of the Royal Order of the Legion of Honour. Author of Travels in Egypt, &c.

788. A View of Lower Canada, interspersed with Canadian Tales and Anecdotes, and interesting Information to Intending Emigrants.
By Andrew Oliver, late of Montreal.

789. A Sermon preached before the Incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts; at their Anniversary Meeting in the Parish Church of St. Mary Le Bow, on Friday, February 16, 1821.
By the Right Reverend Herbert, Lord Bishop of Peterborough.
Together with the Report of the Society for the year 1820.
To which are annexed, Lists of the Society's Missionaries, Catechists, and School Masters, and of the Incorporated and Associated Members of the Society.

790. Bureau de Vaccine, établi en vertu de l'Acte de la Legislature Provinciale pour empêcher La Petite Verole de se repandre, et encourager dans toute la Province L'Inoculation de la Vaccine.
791. The Emigrant's Assistant: or Remarks on the Agricultural Interest of the Canadas.

Part I.—Containing an account of the most effectual means of assisting Settlers on their arrival in the country—Observations on the different Tenures by which Lands are held in both Provinces. Directions for procuring grants of waste Lands, and some account of the different methods of clearing them—collected from documents and various papers furnished for the information of the Montreal Emigrant Society, in the year 1820.

By A. J. Christie, A.M.

With an appendix, exhibiting the latest official orders of government respecting the granting of waste lands, forms of petitions—location tickets. &c. &c. &c.


792. Narrative of a Voyage to Quebec, and Journey from thence to New Lanark, in Upper Canada, detailing the Hardships and Difficulties which an Emigrant has to encounter, before and after His Settlement; with an Account of the Country, as it regards its Climate, Soil, and the Actual Condition of its Inhabitants.

By John M'Donald.


793. Description of Messrs. Marshall's Grand Peristrephic Panorama of the Polar Regions; which displays The North Coast of Spitzbergen, Baffin's Bay, Arctic Highlands, &c. now exhibiting in the Masonic Hall, York Street, Bath.

Painted from Drawings taken by Lieut. Beechy, Who accompanied the Polar Expedition in 1818; and Messrs. Ross and Sacehouse, who accompanied the expedition to discover A North West Passage.

Where undissolving from the first of time. &c. &c.

Shrewsbury: Printed by William Eddowes, Salopian Journal Office. 1822. To be had at the Panorama. 8vo., 28 pp.


By Walter Johnstone, A Native of the same County.

The Author of these Letters went out for the express purpose of surveying Prince Edward Island, and collecting information on the subject of Emigration. During two Summers, and one Winter, he was assiduously engaged in the prosecution of this object; and the small Volume now presented to the Public, will be found to contain a full and particular Account of the Climate, Soil, Natural Productions, and Mode of Husbandry adopted in the Island; together with Sketches of Scenery, Manners of the Inhabitants, &c. &c.; the whole being intended for the guidance of future Emigrants, particularly as to what Implements and Necessaries it may be proper to provide themselves with before crossing the Atlantic!


By A.M.


796. The Promise of Paradise, A Funeral Sermon, preached at Alburgh Vt. on the 22nd of April, 1822, on the death of Philyer Loop, Esq. ÆEt. 44.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a


797. Joint Address of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly of Upper Canada to His Majesty and Report of the Committee appointed by the Honourable the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, to consider and report upon the Subject Matter of certain Resolutions of the House of Assembly, in which the Honourable the Legislative Council have concurred, respecting the Financial Concerns of this Province with Lower Canada. With Appendix. 1822. 8vo., x+107 pp.

798. Remarks on the Lachine Canal.
Montreal, printed by James Brown, No. 20, St. François Xavier Street opposite the Seminary, 1822. 8vo., 40 pp.

799. Reply to Remarks on the Lachine Canal, By Theodore Davis.


801. The State of the Nation at the commencement of the year 1822. Considered under the Four Departments of the Finance—Foreign Relations—Home Department—Colonies and Board of Trade, &c. &c. &c.
Sixth Edition.

802. Outline of a plan of Emigration to Upper Canada, with Observations upon the outline of a plan of Emigration to Upper Canada.
London: Printed by F. Warr, Red Lion Passage, Holborn. 1822(?) 8vo., 10+xxv+8 pp.

1823.

803. Some Account of the Public Life of the late Lieutenant-General Sir George Prevost, BART. Particularly of his services in The Canadas; including a Reply to the strictures on his Military Character, contained in an article in the Quarterly Review for October, 1822.
"Either . . . Malice." Measure for Measure.

804. Travels in Prince Edward Island, Gulf of St. Lawrence, North-America, in the years 1820-21. Undertaken with a Design to Establish Sabbath Schools, And Investigate the Religious State of the Country; Wherein is given a Short Account of the Different Denominations of Christians, their Former History and Present Condition, interspersed with Notices relative to the various Clergymen that have officiated on the Islam.
29a—33½
By Walter Johnstone. Author of "A Series of Letters" Descriptive of that Island.

Edinburgh: Printed for David Brown, 16, South St. Andrew's Street; Chalmers and Collins, Glasgow; John Johnstone, Dumfries; and Knight and Lacey, 24 Paternoster-Row, London. 1823. 12mo., 132 pp.

805. A Short Account of the Hartford Convention, taken from Official Documents, and Addressed to the fair minded and the well disposed. To which is added An Attested Copy of the Secret Journal of that Body.

Boston: Published by O. Everett, 13, Cornhill. 1823. 8vo., 36 pp.

806. A Voyage round the world between the years 1816-1819.

By M. Camille de Roquefeuil, in the ship le Bordelais.


807. The Wanderer in America, or Truth at Home; comprising a Statement of Observations and Facts relative to the United States & Canada, North America; The Result of an Extensive Personal Tour, and from Sources of Information the most Authentic; Including Soil, Climate, Manners, & Customs, of its Civilized Inhabitants & Indians, Anecdotes, &c. of Distinguished Characters.

By C. H. Wilson.

"I will a round unvarnished Tale deliver.

. . . . . . . . . . . . nothing extenuate,

"Or set down aught in malice."

Shakespeare.

Thirsk: Printed for the Author by Henry Masterman. 1823. 12mo., 120 pp.

808. Regulations of the Establishment for the Relief of Indigent Sick Emigrants, From the United Kingdom, made by virtue of an Act of the Legislature of the Province of Lower Canada, made and passed in the fourth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled, "An Act to appropriate a certain Sum of Money therein mentioned, for the relief of Indigent Sick Emigrants from the United Kingdom."

Published by Authority.

Quebec: Printed by P. E. Desbarats, Law Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. 1823. 16mo., 10 pp.

809. Extract from the Royal Instructions to His Excellency the Right Honorable George Earl of Dalhousie, G.C.B. Captain General and Governor in Chief. &c. &c. &c. Relating to the Grants of the Waste Land of the Crown, with other papers on the same subject laid by order of His Excellency, before the House of Assembly the 5th February, 1823.

Published by Authority.

Quebec: Printed by P. E. Desbarats, Law Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. 1823. 12mo., 36 pp.

810. Observations on the present state of Newfoundland, in reference to its Courts of Justice, Local Government, and Trade; in a Letter addressed to The Right Honourable Henry Earl Bathurst, One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State. By an Inhabitant of the Colony.

London: Printed by A. Hancock, Middle-Row Place, Holborn—and Sold by J. Walker, 44, Paternoster-Row, and all other Booksellers. 1823. [Price 2s. 6d.] 8vo., 76 pp.

811. A Sermon, preached in Christ Church, Fredericton, April 6th, 1823, The Day after the funeral of His Excellency Major-General George Stracey Smyth,
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Lieutenant-Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Province of New-Brunswick:

By the Reverend James Somerville, A.M.

Published at the request of His Excellency's Executors.


812. Lettres des Curés des Paroisses respectives du Bas-Canada dont il est fait mention dans le cinquième Rapport du Comité Spécial sur les Terres incultes de la Couronne; imprimées en conformité à l'Ordre suivant de la Chambre d'Assemblée.


813. Questions sur le Gouvernement Ecclésiastique du District de Montréal.

Par M. Chaboillez, Prêtre, Curé de Longueuil.


814. Lettre à Mr. Chaboillez, Curé de Longueuil, relativement a ses Questions sur le Gouvernement Ecclésiastique du District de Montreal.

Montréal: Chez James Lane, Rue Saint Paul, 1823. Svo., 40 pp.

(Written by P. H. Bedard.)

815. A Statement of the Case of Bartholomew Tierney, late gauger at Port St. Johns, Lower-Canada, respectfully addressed to the Public.

Montréal: Printed and Published for the Author by James Lane. 1823. Svo., 48 pp.

816. Emigration to Canada. Narrative of a Voyage to Quebec, and journey thence to New Lanark in Upper Canada. Detailing the hardships and difficulties which an Emigrant has to encounter, before and after his settlement; with an account of the country as it regards its climate, soil, and the actual condition of its inhabitants.

By John M'Donald.

Fifth Edition.


Novistine locum potiorem?

Halifax, N.S. Printed at the Royal Acadian School, 1823. 12mo., 208 pp.

1824.

819. Réponse de Messire Chaboillez, Curé de Longueuil, à la Lettre de P. H. Bedard; Suivie de Quelques Remarques sur les Observations imprimées au Trois Rivières.


A Saint Philippe: Chez Joseph Hebert; Imprimeur, 1824. 16mo., 52 pp.


London: Printed by W. Clowes, Northumberland-Court. 1824. 8vo., 43 pp. (Sewell and Robinson.)


London: Printed by W. Clowes, Northumberland-Court. 1824. 8vo., 20 pp. (Written by James Stuart.)

823. *Abstract of a Bill for Unitig the Legislative Councils and Assemblies of the Provinces of Lower Canada and Upper Canada in one Legislature, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Provinces.*


826. *Observations on a Bill for Uniting the Legislative Councils and Assemblies of the Provinces of Lower Canada and Upper Canada in one Legislature, and “To make further provision for the Government of the said Provinces”.*


827. *Letter to His Majesty’s Under Secretary of State, respecting a Plan for a General Union of the British Provinces, and on the subject of the proposed Union of the Canadas.*

London: Printed by Clowes, Northumberland-Court. 1824. 8vo., 27 pp.

828. *An Essay on the Juridical History of France, so far as it relates to the law of the Province of Lower Canada; Read at a Special Meeting of the Literary and Historical Society of Quebec, the 31st day of May, 1824.*

By the Honourable J. Sewell, Chief Justice of Lower-Canada.

829. *The Charivari; or Canadian Poetics;* A Tale after the manner of Beppo. Benedick: Is it come to this, &c.—Shakespeare,—Much Ado about nothing.
Montreal: Printed for the Publisher. 1824. 16mo., 49 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

830. A Warning to the Canadian Land Company, in a Letter addressed to that Body by an Englishman resident in Upper Canada. 1824.


832. Financial Difficulties of Lower-Canada.
   (Extracted from the Quebec Gazette of December 1824.) 8vo., 27 pp.

   Ordonné d'être Imprimé le 23e janvier, 1824.

   Ordonné, Le 2e. Février 1824, par la Chambre d'Assemblée du Bas-Canada, qu'il soit imprimé.
   8vo., 240 pp.

835. Eighth and Ninth Reports of the Committee of the House of Assembly, on that part of the Speech of His Excellency the Governor in Chief which relates to the Settlement of the Crown Lands. With the Minutes of Evidence taken before the Committee.
   Ordered to be printed the Tenth February 1824.
   Quebec: Printed by Neilson & Cowan, No. 3, Mountain Street. 1824. 8vo., 55±7 pp.

836. Tenth Report of the Committee of the House of Assembly, on that part of the Speech of His Excellency the Governor in Chief which relates to the Settlement of the Crown Lands, comprising a report on His Excellency's message relating to the offer from Lieut. Col. Joseph Bouchette, Surveyor General of the Province, to the Government, of the Plates of his Maps of Canada, with the Minutes of Evidence taken before the Committee.
   Ordered to be printed the fifth March 1824.
   Quebec: Printed by Neilson & Cowan, No. 3 Mountain Street. 1824. 12mo., 88 pp.

837. A Report from the Special Committee of the Legislative Council of the Province of Lower-Canada, To whom the Petition from several Merchants and Ship-Owners of the Port of Quebec, was referred, with instructions to the said Committee, to enquire into the means of extending and securing the Coasting
Trade of this Province; also, the Trade carried on between this Province and the other possessions of His Majesty in North-America.

Reported by the Honorable William B. Felton, 5th March, 1824.

Quebec: Printed by order of the Legislative Council, by P. E. Desbarats, Law Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. 8vo., 117 pp.


Par Joseph François Perrault, un des Greffiers et Protonotaries de la Cour Civile du Banc du Roi pour le District de Quebec.


Par Un Membre de la Chambre d'Assemblée. [Dr. François Blanchet, M.P.P.]

Quebec, imprimé par Flavien Vallerand. 1824. 8vo., 70 pp.

840. Le Tresor de la Jeunesse, ou le Salut des jeunes gens dans la dévotion envers la Sainte-Vierge.

A St. Philippe, de l'Imprimerie ecclésiastique.

No date, but printed about 1824. 16mo., 33 pp.

1825.

841. Lettre à l'Honorable EDOUARD BOWEN, Ecuyer, Un des Juges de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté, pour le District de Quebec.

Natura enim Juris . . . .

Cicéron.

Par un Etudiant en droit.

Montréal: Imprimé par James Lane. 1825. 8vo., 16 pp.

(Written by A. N. Morin.)

842. A Faithful Report of the Trial and Acquittal of ROBERT RANDALL, Esq. A Member of the Commons House of Assembly in Upper Canada, Accused of Perjury. And tried at Niagara, on Wednesday the 7th of September, 1825.

“Vox Populi, vox Dei.”

From Stenographic Notes by Francis Collins, Reporter of Parliamentary Debates, in the House of Assembly.


843. Sketches of New Brunswick; containing an account of the first settlement of the Province, with a brief description of the Country, climate, productions, inhabitants, population, &c. By an Inhabitant of the Province.

"Whatever concerns my country, interests me; I follow nature, with truth my guide."


844. A Narrative of the Late-Fires at Miramichi, New Brunswick; with an Appendix, containing The Statements of Many of the Sufferers, and a variety of Interesting Occurrences; together with a Poem, entitled "The Conflagration."
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

All things come alike to all, there is one event to the righteous and the wicked. —Ecclesiastes, c. 9, v. 2.
He doth not affect willingly or grieve the children of men. Lamentations, c. 3: v. 33.

Lines on the great Fire of 1825 and other subjects. 16mo., 12 pp.

845. Savings Bank, or Provident Institution, established in the Town of Fredericton. Fredericton: Printed by Geo. K. Lugrin, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. 1825. 16mo., 8 pp.

Extracted from the Quebec Gazette. (No date.) 8vo., 29 pp.

847. Observations upon the Importance of the North American Colonies to Great Britain.

By an old Inhabitant of British America.

1826.

848. Consultation de M. Dupin, Avocat à la Cour Royale de Paris, pour Le Séminaire de Montréal, en Canada.


849. Opinion of Mr. Dupin, Advocate, of the Royal Court of Paris, on the Rights of the Seminary of Montreal, in Canada.

Paris, 1826. 8vo., 44 pp.

850. The Exclusive Right of the Church to the Clergy Reserves defended: in a letter to the Right Honorable the Earl of Liverpool; being an answer to the letter of a Protestant of the Church of Scotland, to His Lordship.

By a Protestant.

851. An Apology for the Church of England in the Canadas, in answer to a Letter to the Earl of Liverpool, relative to The Rights of the Church of Scotland, &c., by a Protestant of the Church of Scotland.

By a Protestant of the Established Church of England.
O Navis! Referent in Mare Te Novi Fluctus?

852. An Abridged View of the Alien Question Unmasked.

By the Editor of the Canadian Freeman.
York: Printed at the Freeman Office. 1826. 8vo., 16 pp.

853. An Appeal, addressed to a candid Public; and to the Feelings of those whose upright Sentiments and discerning Minds, enable them to "Weight it in the balance of the Sanctuary."
By Elmer Cushing, Esquire.
Wherein is displayed the singular History of the Author; together with that of the other Americans, settled in the Province of Lower-Canada.

"Then let me hope indulgence still to share; etc."

"Yet prompt to stay his country's fall, etc. . . ."


854. Emigration to Canada. Narrative of a voyage to Quebec, and journey from thence to New Lanark, in Upper Canada, detailing the hardships and difficulties which an emigrant has to encounter, before and after his settlement; with an account of the country as it regards its climate, soil and the actual condition of its inhabitants.

By John M'Donald.

London: Printed for the Author by H. Arliss, 35, Gutter Lane, Cheapside. 1826. 12mo., 36 pp.

855. The Young Emigrants; or Pictures of Canada, calculated to amuse and instruct the minds of youth.


856. Rules and Orders, to be observed by the Friendly-Fire-Club.

May 1826. 12mo., 6 pp.


Par un Canadien, dans une lettre à un de ses amis.


(Atributed to D. B. Viger.)


French and English.

859. Suggestions for the Speedy and Secure Conveyance of our Reinforcements to Canada.

By Capt. Bowles, R.N.

Printed for the Author.


861. Remarks on An Address to the Members of the New Parliament. On the Proceedings of the Colonial Department, with respect to the West India Question.

By a Member of the Late Parliament.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Printed by order of the House of Assembly.
Same in French. 8vo., 71 pp.

863. The Fourth Annual Report of the British and Canadian School Society, submitted to the public meeting held at the school-house on Friday October 20, 1826. With a list of the subscribers and benefactors.
Montréal, printed at the, Herald Office, No. 15, Notre-Dame Street. 1826. 12mo., 18 pp.

1827.

864. The Safety and Expediency of Conceding the Catholic Claims; evinced by the good effects of the Concessions in Canada, and the different States of Europe; with the opinions of Pitt, Burke, Fox, and Wyndham thereon.
By Civis.

865. The Trial, Defence, &c. of William Ross, who was executed, together with Robert Ellis, J. B. Monarque & W. Johnson, at Quebec, in April last for Burglary and Robbery committed at the House of Messire Masse, curé of Pointe Levis, on the night of 29th September, 1826.
Raro antecedentem. .
Horace.
Quebec: Printed by Neilson & Cowan, 3, Mountain Street. 1827. 8vo., 19 pp.

Together with An Appendix, containing His Remarks on the Proceedings thereof; and a Relation of the Circumstances connected with his Arrestment and Sentence.

867. Les Premiers Rudimens de la Constitution Britannique; Traduits de l'Anglais de M. Brooke; Précédés d'un Précis Historique, et suivis d'Observations sur la Constitution du Bas-Canada, Pour en donner l'histoire et en indiquer les principaux vices, avec un aperçu de quelques-uns des moyens probables d'y remédier.
Ouvrage utile à toutes sortes de personnes et principalement destiné à l'instruction politique de la jeunesse canadienne.
Par Jacques Labrie, M.P.P.
Montreal: Chez James Lane, 29 Rue Saint Paul. 1827. 8vo., 59 pp.

868. Letter from Delta to Senex, Containing some observations and strictures on a late Manifesto published in the Newspapers, in a sinister form of an Address from a Junto of Members of the Provincial Parliament of Lower Canada to their Constituents.
To which is added an appendix, consisting of the speech of His Excellency the Governor in Chief on proroguing the last session of Provincial Parliament, and the said Manifesto.
"I hate when vice can vote, &c. . . . ."
869. Adresse à tous les Electeurs du Bas-Canada.
    Sur la chose du Représentants, a l'Élection Prochaine.
    “Par un Habitant.”
    8vo., 12 pp.

870. Adresse à tous les Electeurs du Bas Canada.
    Par un Loyal Canadien.
    8vo., 27 pp.

871. Esquisse de la Constitution Britannique.
    Par un vrai Canadien.
    Quebec, Imprimé par T. Cary & Co., Halle des Franc-Maçons. 1827. prix
douze sols. 8vo., 21 pp.

872. Resolutions.
    At a meeting of Electors of the City and Suburbs of Quebec, who approve
of the conduct of the House of Assembly, called for the purpose of considering the
expedience of submitting, by humble Petition to his Majesty and both Houses of
Parliament, the present state of the Province, and the abuses and grievances which
prevail therein, and praying for relief and justice; held at Malhiot’s Hotel. 13th
December, 1827. 4to., 2 pp.

873. An Address to the Electors of the City and County of Montreal.
    By an Anglo Canadian. 1827. 8vo., 11 pp.

874. Speech of Louis J. Papineau, Esq. On the Hustings, At the opening of the
    Election for the West Ward of the City of Montreal, on the 11th of August,
    1827. And his Reply to Peter McGill, Esq.
    Translated from the French.
    To which are added the Speech of His Excellency the Earl of Dalhousie,
    Governor in Chief, &c. &c. &c. to the House of Assembly on Proroguing the
    Provincial Parliament, 7th March, 1827, and the Address of certain Members to
    their Constituents in consequence of that Speech, &c.
    Montreal: Printed by Ludger Duvernay, at the Office of the Canadian

875. Travels through Lower Canada, interspersed with Canadian Tales & Anecdotes,
    and Interesting Information to Intending Emigrants.
    By Thomas Johnston.
    Edinburgh: Printed by J. Glass, 44, South Bridge Street, for the Author.
    1827. 16mo., 96 pp.

876. Letter of Thomas Lee, Not. Pub. to The Earl Dalhousie, Governor in Chief of
    Lower-Canada, &c. &c. &c. Relating to His Late Dismission from the Militia of
    the Province.
    “Quand les nations murissent, la pensée est un instrument nouveau pour
elles; il faut leur apprendre à s’en servir; aucune puissance humaine ne seroit
assez forte pour le leur enlever.” Dupin: Droit de la nature et des gens.
    Quebec: Printed by Neilson and Cowan, 3, Mountain Street. 1827. 8vo.,
    14 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

877. First Report of the Central Committee of the inhabitants of Upper Canada. Whose rights were liable to be affected by the provisions of the Naturalization Bills, reserved last session of parliament for the Royal assent.

878. Resolutions adopted at a meeting of the electors of the county of Montreal, for the purpose of complaining of the present Administration, held at Montreal the 18th December, 1827.
   Julius M. Quesnel, President, P. Ritchot, and A. N. Morin, Secretaries. 4to., 2 pp.

   London: Printed by R. Gilbert, St. John’s Square. 1827. 8vo., 44 pp.

880. A Sermon, occasioned by The Death of the late Mr. Robert Watson, preached in St. Andrew’s Church, Montreal, April 8th, 1827.
   By Alexander Mathieson, A.M.

881. Charge delivered to the Clergy of the Province of New-Brunswick by Archdeacon Best, at his Primary Visitation, Held at Kingston, 12th July, 1827.
   Published at the unanimous request of the Clergy.
   Fredericton: Printed by Geo. K. Lugrin, Printer to the King’s Most Excellent Majesty: 1827. 12mo., 17 pp.

882. A Letter to the Clergy and Congregations of the Church of England, in the Diocese of Quebec, in relation to some existing differences of opinion respecting The Clergy-Reserves and certain other points.
   From the Bishop of Quebec.

   .Oh. let thy word prevail, &c.—Wordsworth.
   London: Published by J. Kershaw, Paternoster Row; J. Stevens, City Road; and sold by Baynes & Son, Paternoster Row; and Tibman & C. 1827. 12mo., ix +336 pp.


885. A Letter from Simon McGillivray, Esq. to the creditors of the firms of McTavish, McGillivraes and Co. and McGillivrays, Thain and Co. of Montreal, in the Province of Lower Canada; dated London, 26th February, 1827. With an Appendix, containing statements in explanation of the circumstances under which the insolvency of these firms was declared at Montreal, on the 27th of December, 1825.


Containing Reports of the Commissioners appointed by several acts of the Provincial Parliament to settle the affairs of the said institution; together with Certain other Accompanying Documents, referred to in the report; being Lists of the Stock-Holders, Creditors, Debtors, &c. &c. &c.

Reprinted by order of the House of Assembly.


Printed at the Gazette Office, by R. Stanton. 8vo., 31 pp.

890. Instructions en forme de Catéchisme sur le Jubilé précédées de la Bulle de N. S. P. Le Pape Léon XII, Qui étend a tous les fidèles de L'Univers le Jubilé qui a eu lieu à Rome pendant l'année 1826. Avec un Précis du Mandement de Monseigneur L'Evêque de Quebec, à l'Occasion du dit Jubilé.


892. A Second Letter to the Right Hon. W. Huskisson, on the effects of Free Trade on our Shipping, Colonies and Commerce.

By S. Atkinson, Esq., of Lincoln's Inn.

London: Printed by Cunningham and Salmon, 119, Fleet Street. Published by James Ridgway, Piccadilly. Price 2s. 6d. 8vo., 51 pp.

1829.

893. The Constitutional Act of the Province of Lower Canada. Anno Regni Georgii III. Regis Magnae Britanniae et Hiberniae, etc.


894. Substance of a speech delivered by Colonel Torrens, in the House of Commons, 15th February, 1827, on the motion of the Right Hon. Robert Wilmot Horton, for the re-appointment of a Select Committee on Emigration from the United Kingdom.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

895. Historical and Descriptive Sketches of the Maritime Colonies of British America.
   By J. McGregor.


897. Letters of a Nova Scotian and of Scyvolon Canadian Politics.

   Addressed to the Public Generally and Particularly to the subscribers and supporters of the Colonial Advocate.

899. Observations upon the Doctrine, lately advanced, that His Majesty's Council have no Constitutional Power to control Individual Appropriations, or to amend or alter Money Bills; with a few Remarks upon the Conduct of that Body on the Questions of granting Encouragement to Common Schools, and a permanent provision to the Pictou Academy.
   "The only use the People ever made in any Country, and can ever make, of "power, is, to give it away, or let it be taken from them,—and the authority of "all is only that of one or of a few."
   —Simond's Tour in Great Britain, vol. i. p. 142.
   Halifax: Printed at the Nova Scotian Office. 1828. 8vo., 40 pp. (Written by Chief Justice Haliburton.)

900. Letter of H. Sherwood to the Public.
   1828. 8vo., 16 pp.


   1828. 4to., 7 pp.

903. Message from the President of the United States, Transmitting a Report from the Secretary of State, and the Government of Great Britain, Relative to the Free Navigation of the St. Lawrence.
   January 7, 1828. Read, and referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.
   Washington: Printed by Gales & Seaton. 1828. 8vo., 54 pp.

904. Report of the Joint Select Committee of the Senate and House of Representatives, of the State of Maine, in relation to the North-Eastern Boundary of the State.
   Printed by Order of the Legislature.
   Portland, Thomas Todd, Printer to the State. 1828. 12mo., 60+24 pp.
905. Report of Charles S. Davies, Esq. Agent appointed by the Executive of the State of Maine. To inquire into and report upon certain facts relating to aggressions upon the rights of the State, and of individual citizens thereof, by inhabitants of the province of New-Brunswick.

Printed by Order of the Legislature.
Portland, Thomas Todd, Printer to the State. 1828. 8vo., 32 pp.

906. Letters on the Boundary Line, first published in the City Gazette, Saint-John, (New Brunswick);


Together with observations on road making, as applicable to the Province of New Brunswick.


"Watch ye, stand fast in the faith, quit you like men, be strong; let all your things be done with Charity." I Cor. xvi. 13, 14.


By Thomas McCulloch, D.D. Honorary Member of the Wernerian Natural History Society of the University of Edinburgh, and of the Literary and Philosophical and the Antiquarian Societies of Newcastle.

"He that is first in his own cause, secketh just; but his neighbour cometh, and searcheth him out." Proverbs.

Glasgow: Printed by Andrew Young, 96, Trongate. And sold by all the Booksellers. 1828. 8vo., 50 pp.


A Letter to the Right Hon. Earl Bathurst, Lord Goderich, and the Right Rev. The Lord Bishop of London; in refutation of some of the gross misstatements contained in the newspaper reports of their speeches in the House of Lords, on the motion of the Right Honourable Lord King, "For a committee to be appointed, to inquire into the expenditure of the public money, granted to the society for the propagation of the gospel in foreign parts, in His Majesty's colonies of North America."

By the Rev. Cornelius Griffin, late a Missionary of the Society, and successively Rector of St. George's Parish, Prince Edward Island, and of Grand Manan, Province of New Brunswick, and one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace.

"There is less real religion in those parts of America where the Society's money has been expended, than there would have been had it been sunk in the Ocean."—Dr. Mayhew.

PROCEEDINGS

AT A

MEETING

OF

THE INHABITANTS OF THE TOWNSHIPS

OF

HOPE AND HAMILTON,

IN THE DISTRICT

OF

NEWCASTLE, U. C.

HELD AGREEABLE TO NOTICE

FROM

ROBERT GOURLAY.

____________________

YORK, U. C.

PRINTED BY R. C. HORNE

1813.
ARTICLES
D’ASSOCIATION
ÉTABLISANT UNE
COMPAGNIE D’ASSURANCE
CONTRE
LES ACCIDENS DU FEU
DANS LA
CITÉ DE QUEBEC.

QUEBEC:
IMPRIME' PAR JOHN NELSON,
NO. 5, RUE SAINT-JACQUES,
1818.
ESSAY
ON
Modern Reformers;
ADDRESSED
TO THE PEOPLE OF UPPER-CANADA.
TO WHICH IS ADDED,
A LETTER,
To Mr. Robert Gourlay:
BY
JOHN SIMPSON,
Augusta, Upper-Canada.

.................

GRATIS

KINGSTON:
PRINTED BY STEPHEN MILES.
1818.
STATEMENT

ON

THE PRESENT

TIMBER AND DEAL

Trade,

AS

REGARDS EUROPE

AND THE

BRITISH AMERICAN COLONIES.

RESTING

ON PLAIN AND UNDENIABLE FACTS.

ORIGINAL.

LONDON:

1821.
A SERIES OF LETTERS,

DESCRIPTIVE OF

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND,

IN THE

GULPH OF ST. LAURENCE.

ADDRESSED

TO THE REV. JOHN WIGHTMAN,

MINISTER OF KIRKMAHOE

DUMFRIES-SHIRE.

BY

WALTER JOHNSTONE,

A Native of the same County.

The Author of these Letters went out for the express purpose of
surveying Prince Edward Island, and collecting information on the
subject of Emigration. During two Summers, and one Winter, he
was assiduously engaged in the prosecution of this object; and the
small Volume now presented to the Public, will be found to contain a
full and particular Account of the Climate, Soil, Natural Productions,
and Mode of Husbandry adopted in the Island; together with
Sketches of Scenery, Manners of the Inhabitants, &c. &c.; the whole
being intended for the guidance of future Emigrants, particularly
as to what Implements and Necessaries it may be proper to provide
themselves with before crossing the Atlantic.

Dumfries:

PRINTED FOR THE AUTHOR;

By J. Swan.

1822.

[See No. 79]
PLAN

FOR A

GENERAL LEGISLATIVE UNION

OF THE

BRITISH PROVINCES,

IN

NORTH AMERICA.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY W. CLOWES, NORTHUMBERLAND-COURT.
APPEL

AU

PARLEMENT IMPERIAL

ET AUX

HABITANS DES COLONIES ANGLOISES,

Dans l'Amérique du Nord.

SUR LES

PRETENTIONS EXORBITANTES

du

Gouvernement Exécutif et du Conseil Législatif de la

Province du Bas-Canada.

Par un Membre de la Chambre d'Assemblée

QUEBEC:

Imprime par FLAVIEN VALLERAND.

1824.
THE EXCLUSIVE RIGHT
OF
THE CHURCH
TO THE
Clergy Reserves
DEFENDED
IN A
LETTER TO THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE EARL OF LIVERPOOL;
BEING AN ANSWER TO
THE LETTER OF A PROTESTANT OF THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND,
TO HIS LORDSHIP.

BY A PROTESTANT.

KINGSTON, U. C.
PRINTED BY H. C. THOMSON
July, 1826.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a


912. Addresses to His Excellency the Right Honourable George, Earl of Dalhousie, Governor in Chief, from different parts of Lower Canada, with His Excellency’s answers. 1827-1828. 8vo., 51 pp.

913. An Appeal to the Right Honourable William Huskisson, His Majesty’s Principal Secretary of State for the affairs of the Colonies, on the present condition of the Maritime and internal interests of the Province of New Brunswick.

By a Colonist.
(Date uncertain—about 1828.) 8vo., 47 pp.

914. Supplement, for 1828, To the Laws of the Customs, compiled by direction of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty’s Treasury, and published (in 1825) by the appointment and under the sanction of the Commissioners of His Majesty’s Customs; with notes and an index.

By J. D. Hume, Esq. Controller of his Majesty’s Customs in the Port of London.

London: Printed by George Eyre and Andrew Strahan, Printers to the King's most Excellent Majesty. And sold by B. Fellowes (Successor to Mr. Mawman,) Ludgate Street. 1828. 8vo., 77 pp.

915. Letters from the Reverend Egerton Ryerson to the Hon. and Reverend Doctor Strachan.

Published originally in the Upper Canada Herald.


916. An Enquiry into the Expediency of Emigration, as it respects the British North American Colonies.

By J. G. Malcolm, Esq., Late Secretary to the Canada Commissioners.

London: Printed by L. Nichols, Earl's Court, For John Richardson, Royal Exchange, Cornhill; James Ridgway, Piccadilly; and Robert Mackie, Greek Street, Soho. 1828. 8vo., 54 pp.

917. A Sermon delivered at Plantagenet, Upper-Canada, August, 1828. At the interment of John Cheeser, Esquire.

By the Rev. Alexander Fletcher.


Published by Request.


919. A Pastoral Letter from the Clergy of the Church of Scotland in the Canadas, to their Presbyterian Brethren, on the subject now agitated between them and the Clergy of the Church of England, relative to the Appropriation of the Lands reserved for the support of a Protestant Clergy in these Provinces.


920. Review of the Pastoral Letter of the Clergy of the Church of Scotland in the Canadas.


29a—35

1829.

922. Rapports du Comité Special sur les Chemins et autres communications intérieures.
Ordonné a etre imprimé par l'Assemblée.
10 Mars 1829. (Map.) Quebec. Imprimé par Neilson & Cowan No. 3 Rue LaMontagne. 1829. 8vo., 144 pp.

923. Report from the Special Committee on Roads and other Internal Communications.
Ordered by the Assembly to be printed 10th March, 1829. Quebec: Printed by Neilson & Cowan, No. 3, Mountain Street. 1829. (With Maps.) 8vo., 139 pp.

Ordered by the Assembly, the fourteenth January 1829, to be printed. Printed by Neilson and Cowan, 3, Mountain Street, Quebec, 1829. (With map.) 8vo., 208 pp.


927. Report of the Special Committee of the House of Assembly of Lower-Canada, on the petition of the Merchants, Ship-owners, Masters of Vessels and Pilots, with an instruction to enquire into the expediency of erecting Light-Houses on the St. Lawrence. Ordered to be printed by the Assembly. 1829. (French and English.) 4to., 9 pp.

928. Rapport du Comité Special Auquel a été référé cette partie de la harangue de Son Excellence relative à l'organisation de la Milice.
Imprimé par ordre de L'Assemblée le 28 février, 1829.
Quebec: Imprimé chez Neilson & Cowan, No. 3, Rue la Montagne. 1829. 8vo., 149 pp.

929. Minutes des Témoignages et Rapport du Comité Spécial de la Chambre d'Assemblée du Bas-Canada, sur la bill pour faire une division nouvelle et plus commodé de la province en contés afin d'avoir une représentation dans l'Assemblée plus égale que ci-devant.
(Imprimé par Ordre de l'Assemblée.) Quebec: Chez Neilson & Cowan, No. 3, Rue La Montagne, 1829. 8vo., 23 pp.

930. Reports and Evidence of the Special Committee of the House of Assembly of Lower-Canada, To whom were referred The petition of the inhabitants of the County of York, that of the inhabitants of the City of Montreal, and other Petitions praying the Redress of Grievances.
Ordered by the Assembly to be printed. 1829. 12mo., 283 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

931. Third Report of the Special Committee of the House of Assembly of Lower Canada, on the Bill for the Qualification of Justices of the Peace.

With an instruction to the said Committee, to enquire at what time and in what manner the office of Justice of the Peace was introduced in this Province, the manner in which Justices of the Peace have been or are appointed, the abuses which have prevailed and exist in the appointment and dismission of Justices of the Peace and the means of remedying such abuses.

House of Assembly, Friday, 6th February 1829. Ordered, That three hundred Copies of the said Report be printed for the use of the Members of this House. Attest, W. B. Lindsay, Asst. Clerk H. of A.

(French and English.) 4to., 7-15 pp.

932. Paper on the more speedy and economical Settlement of the Forest Lands in the District of Quebec. With a detailed Plan of the Method proposed to effect that object, illustrated by IX Tables.


By a Land holder.

Quebec, printed for the author by Frs. Lemaitre Star Office, 1829. 8vo., 30 pp.

933. Cursory view of the Local, Social, Moral and Political State of the Colony of Lower-Canada.

By Chevr. R. d'Estimauville.


934. The Second Annual report of the Central Auxiliary Society for promoting Education and Industry among the Indians and Destitute Settlers in Canada; submitted to the public meeting held in the Masonic Hall Hotel, Montreal, April 8, 1829.

With an Appendix.


935. The Canadian Visitor communicating Important Facts and Interesting Anecdotes respecting the Indians and Destitute Settlers in Canada and the United States of America.

By Thaddeus Osgood, Minister of the Gospel.

London: Published by Hamilton and Adams, Paternoster-row; Westley and Davis, Stationers' Court; J. Nisbet, 21, Berners Street; and J. Miller, 23 St. James Street. (1829?) 16mo., 92 pp.

936. The Order of Confirmation with Forms of Self-Examination and Devotion and Directions for their use.

"Ye are to take care, . . . .


937. Part of the New Testament of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.

Translated into the Chippewa Tongue, from the Gospel by St. Matthew.

By Peter Jones, Native Missionary.

938. A Letter from the Hon. and Venerable Dr. Strachan, Archdeacon of York, U.C., to Dr. Lee, D.D., Convener of a Committee of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland.


939. An Act to make a new and more convenient subdivision of the Province into Counties, for the purpose of effecting a more equal Representation thereof in the Assembly than heretofore. 16mo., 49 pp. (1829).

940. The Emigrants Guide; In ten Letters, addressed to the Tax-Payers of England; containing information of every kind necessary to persons who are about to emigrate, including

Several authentic and most interesting Letters from English Emigrants, now in America, to their Relations in England.

By William Cobbett.


941. Observations on Emigration to British America.

By J. MacGregor.


1830.

942. Notes upon the South Western Boundary Line of the British Provinces of Lower Canada and New Brunswick, and The United States of America.

Quebec: Printed by T. Cary & Co. Freemason's Hall. 1830.

(Written by Andrew Stuart.) 8vo., 58 pp.

943. Rules and Regulations of the British American Society, 1830.


944. Emancipate your Colonies! addressed to the National Convention of France, A° 1793, shewing the uselessness and mischievousness of distant dependencies to an European State.


945. Dissertation sur le Canon de Bronze que l'on voit dans le Musée de M. Chasseur à Québec.

Par A. Berthelot, écuyer, avocat, de Québec.


12 mai, 1830. 8vo., 28 pp.

947. Rules and Orders for the Regulation of the Police of the City of Quebec, in force therein.

Quebec: Printed by His Majesty's Law Printer. 1830. 12mo., 67 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a


950. Report From the Special Committee on the Petition of Certain Inhabitants of the District of Gaspé, complaining of various Grievances; and other References. [Ordered by the House of Assembly to be printed, 19th March 1830.] 8vo., 115 pp.


956. Report from the Special Committee Appointed to enquire into the manner in which Juries in Criminal Matters have been drawn in Lower Canada. Ordered, By the House of Assembly, to be Printed. 20th March 1830. Neilson & Cowan, 1830. Svo., 58 pp. French and English.

957. Schedule of Court fees and Rules of Court.
Easter Term, 11th Geo. IV.
It is ordered by the Court, that from and after this present Term of Easter, the Rule of Court of Easter Term, 2nd Geo. 4th, as revised and altered in Trinity Term, 6th Geo. 4th, regulating Costs in Civil and Criminal Cases, be rescinded, and that from thenceforth the Fees hereinafter expressed shall and may be taken, and be allowed to be taken by any Counsel, Attorney, Clerk of the Crown, Sheriff, Clerk of Assize, and Marshall, Constable, Crier, and Jurors, for the services respectively rendered by them. 1830. R. Stanton, Printer. 8vo., 16 pp.
958. Report of The York Committee, of the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge and the Anniversary Sermon, Preached in St. James Church, By The Rev. J. H. Harris, D.D.
YorK: Printed for the Committee, by R. Stanton. 1830. 8vo., 26 pp.


Various definitions of the term, Education.
Qualities of mind, to the production of which Education should be directed.
Instruments and practical expedients of Education.
Domestic Instruction.
Technical Education.
National Free Schools.
Education in Colonies.
The Social Influences.
The Periodical Press.
Political Education.
By William Lyon Mackenzie. Member of the Parliament of Upper Canada.
"The Education of Nature, without any more human care than is necessary
to preserve life, makes a perfect savage. Human education, joined to that of
Nature, may make a good citizen, a skilful artizan, or a well-bred man. But
Reason and Reflection must superadd their tutory, in order to produce a Rousseau,
a Bacon, or a Newton."—Reid.
York: Colonial Advocate Press. 1830. 8vo., 46 pp.

Corner of Craig and Bleury Streets, opposite Peter Street Bridge, Montreal.
A Publication, appropriated to truth, fact, improvements, inventions, education,
science and benevolence.
"Nil Desperandum."
Montreal: Printed at the Office of J. A. Hoisington & Co., No. 105, Paul
Street. 1830. 8vo., 16 pp.

962. Description of a View of the City of Quebec, now exhibiting at the Panorama, Leicester Square.
Painted by the Proprietor, Robert Burford.


964. On Colonial Intercourse.
Appendix: containing Memorial to the Right Honourable the Board of Trade, against opening the West Indies to Ships of the United States, with Tables of Comparative Prices, Tonnage, &c.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sessional Paper No. 29a</th>
<th>1831.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>965. First General Report</strong></td>
<td>from Robert Randal, Esquire, The Commissioner appointed “Under and by virtue of” An Act passed in the eleventh year of His Majesty’s Reign, entitled, “An Act to grant a further loan to the Welland Canal Company and to regulate their further operations.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>February 8th, 1831.</td>
<td>Ordered by the House of Assembly to be printed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>966 &amp; 967. Decision</strong></td>
<td>of the King of the Netherlands, upon the Disputed Points of Boundary under the Fifth Article of the Treaty of Ghent.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Given at the Hague the 10th of January, 1831. 4to., 7 pp.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>968. Considerations</strong></td>
<td>on the Value and Importance of the British North American Provinces, and the Circumstances on which depend their further prosperity, and Colonial connection with Great Britain. “Ships, Colonies and Commerce.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>969. On Emigration</strong></td>
<td>to Upper Canada, embellished with a Large map, showing the Townships, &amp;c. in Upper and Lower Canada.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>By the late John William Bannister, Esq. Rice Lake, Upper Canada. A new edition: With additions on Nova Scotia; the Cape of Good Hope; New South Wales; Van Diemen’s Land; and the Swan River.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>London: Published by Joseph Cross, 18, Holborn, opposite Furnival’s Inn; and sold by Simpkin and Marshall, Stationers’ Court. 1831. Price Three Shillings. 8vo., 76 pp. Map.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>970. Hints</strong></td>
<td>to Emigrants, respecting North America.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quebec: Printed by Thomas Cary &amp; Co. 1831. 16mo., 39 pp.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>971. Notes</strong></td>
<td>made during a visit to the United States and Canada in 1831.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>By Mr. Fergusson of Woodhill. From the Quarterly Journal of Agriculture, No. xvi. 8vo., 50 pp.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>972. Hints on Emigration to Upper Canada; especially addressed to the lower classes</strong></td>
<td>in Great Britain and Ireland.</td>
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<td><strong>973. Thoughts on Emigration and on the Canadas, as an opening for it. (by Mr Sheriff?)</strong></td>
<td>Quebec: Printed by T. Cary &amp; Co. Free-Masons’ Hall. 1831. 12mo., 43 pp.</td>
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975. Travels in North America.

976. Description of a View of Hobart Town, Van Diemen's Land, and the surrounding Country, now exhibiting at the Panorama, Strand.
Painted by the Proprietor, Mr. R. Burford.
London: Printed by Nicholas and Sons, Earl's Court, Cranbourn Street. 1831. Price Sixpence. 8vo., 12 pp.

977. The Life of Lord Nelson.
First Canada Edition.
Niagara: Henry Chapman, Publisher—Samuel Heron, Printer. 1831. 12mo., 140 pp.

978. The Trade of the Canadas.
Two Letters to the Editor of The Mercantile Journal. 1831. 2 folio pp.

979. Second General Report from Robert Randal, Esquire, The Commissioner appointed "Under and by virtue of" an Act passed in the eleventh year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled, "An Act to grant a further loan to the Welland Canal Company and to regulate their further operations." February 8th, 1831.
Also: The Report of Select Committee of The House of Assembly, appointed to consider the petition of the President and Directors of the Welland Canal Company; and The Bill Reported by Them to the House.
Ordered by the House of Assembly to be printed.

980. First Report on the State of the Representation of the People of Upper Canada in the Legislature of that Province.
March, 1831.

Report of Your Committee upon the Petition of divers Inhabitants of the City of Montreal, complaining of the conduct of James Stuart, Esquire, Attorney General for this Province. English and French. 4to., ix+135 pp.

982. First Report of the Select Committee to whom were referred the Documents sent down by His Excellency relative to Lands set apart for School purposes in this Province.
Ordered by the House of Assembly to be printed.
York: James Baxter, Printer. 1831. 8vo., 5 pp.

983. Schools—Description of the districts, in each county, with the names of the visitors. 1831-32 (Title page missing.) 8vo., 56 pp.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

985. Copy of a Petition to the Imperial Parliament respecting The Clergy Reserved Lands, and The King's College, in that Province, (Upper Canada) agreed to at a Public Meeting at York, on the 10th of December, 1830; with Copies of other Documents relating thereto. 1831.
London: Printed by T. Traveller, Bell Street, Edgware Road. 12mo., 41 pp.

986. Quebec and Its Environs; being a Picturesque Guide to the Stranger.

York Auxiliary Bible Society.

988. Proceedings of a Committee appointed at Brockville, the 10th Nov., 1830, on the Improvement of the St. Lawrence, with Reports, &c.

989. Proceedings of Eighteen Township Meetings in the Home District, Held between July 16th and August 6th, 1831, (both days inclusive).
James Baxter, Printer, York. 8vo., 3 pp.


Ordered, by the House of Assembly, To be printed, 26th March, 1831. 8vo., 31+10 pp.
English and French.

993. Report of the Commissioners, Appointed to Explore the Country Between the St. Maurice and the Ottawa, in the Year 1830.
Ordered by the Assembly to be printed. 1831. 8vo., 56+61 pp.
English and French Editions.

994. Navigation. To the Commissioners for the Improvement of the Navigation of the River St. Lawrence, from Lake St. Louis to Lake St. Francis.
Detailed report of the survey and examination of the rapids of the River St. Lawrence from Lake St. Louis to Lake St. Francis, for the improvement of the navigation, accompanied by Plans, Sections &c, under Act. George 4, chapter 27, of the Provincial Parliament of Lower Canada. 4to., 14 pp.


Large folio 23 pp.


Also, Additional Observations on the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper and Transubstantiation.

"Take heed to yourselves, that your heart be not deceived, and ye turn aside and serve other Gods, and worship them."—Moses.

"Stand fast therefore in the Liberty wherewith Christ has made us free, and be not entangled again with the yoke of Bondage."—St. Paul.

Toronto: Printed and Published by G. P. Bull, Courier Office, Market House. 1831. 8vo., 54 pp.


1001. Copy of a *Memorial* from James Stuart, Esquire, His Majesty's Attorney General for the Province of Lower Canada, to the Right Honourable Lord Viscount Goderich, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State. 1831.

English and French. 4to., with appendix, 37 pp.

1002. Appendix No. 1, to the Memorial of J. Stuart, Esquire, to the Right Honble Lord Viscount Goderich.

Correspondence between Lieutenant Colonel Glegg, Secretary to His Excellency Lord Aylmer, Governor in Chief of Lower Canada, and James Stuart, Esquire, His Majesty's Attorney General for that Province, relating to the suspension of the latter from his office, as prayed for by an address of the House of Assembly, presented to His Excellency, the 23d day of March 1831.

English and French. 4to., 215 pp.

1003. Copy of a *Letter* from James Stuart, Esq., to the Right Hon. Lord Viscount Goderich, relating to animadversions and imputations on his conduct and character, in certain Proceedings of the Assembly of Lower Canada.

English and French. 4to., xliii. pp.

1004. Appendix to a letter from James Stuart, Esquire, to the Right Hon. Lord Viscount Goderich &c. &c. &c.

English and French. 4to., 147 pp.

1005. Copy of a *Communication* and other Papers received by The Honourable The Speaker of the House of Assembly of Lower Canada, from the Honourable Denis Benjamin Viger, Esquire, appointed to proceed to England, and support the Petitions of complaint of the Assembly of Lower Canada to the Imperial Parliament. 1831.

French and English. 4to., 17 pp.

1006. Letter from D. B. Viger, Esq., to the Right Honourable Lord Viscount Goderich; With observations on a Memoir or Statement of James Stuart, Esquire, relating to an address of the Assembly of Lower Canada, praying for the dismissal of the said James Stuart from the Office of Attorney General of that Province. 1831.

French and English. 4to., 187 pp.
1007. **Observations on a Letter from James Stuart, Esquire, to the Right Honorable Lord Viscount Goderich**, relating to Animadversions and Imputations of his conduct and Character in certain proceedings of the Assembly of Lower Canada.
French and English. 4to., 43 pp.

1008. **Observations on Mr. Stuart's letter &c. Second Part.** 1832.
French and English. 4to., 135–29 pp.

1009. **Remarks of the Honorable Denis Benjamin Viger**, relative to the Grievances set forth in the Address of the Commons of Lower Canada.
French and English. 4to., 33 pp.

1010. **Letters from the Honourable Denis B. Viger, to the Honourable Louis Joseph Papineau**, Speaker of the Assembly of Lower Canada.
French and English. 4to., 17 pp.

1011. **Commentaire sur la Constitution du Bas-Canada.**
Par H. Heney.

1012. **Documents laid before the House of Assembly of Lower Canada, on the part of the British Government, In 1831 and 1832, in answer to the complaints of the Assembly.** *(Extracted from the Journals of the Assembly.)*
French and English. 8vo., 31 pp.

1013. **Moyens de conserver nos Institutions, notre Langue et nos Lois.**
Quebec: De l'Imprimerie de Fréchette & Cie., No. 35, rue Lamontagne, Basse-Ville 1832. 24mo., 32 pp.

1014. **Code Rural à l'Usage des Habitants tant anciens que nouveaux du Bas-Canada, concernant leurs Devoirs Religieus et Civils, d'après les lois en force dans le pays;**
Rédigé par Jos. Frs. Perrault, Proton.

1015. **On the Agricultural State of Canada, and part of the United States of America.**
By Adam Fergusson, Esq., of Woodhill.

1016. **A Concise View of the Inland Navigation of the Canadian Provinces; The Improvements Already Effected, and the Inferences to be drawn from these, Towards their full Practicable Accomplishment, and Practical Value.**
By a Projector.

The following notices of the Rideau Canal, In which is made clear, the exalted worth of the Superintendent of that stupendous work, Colonel By, of the Royal Engineers; who for its grandeur of design—its indefatigable prosecution—and rapid, and successful completion, amid, not only, natural difficulties, most untoward, and unparalleled, but also, artificial obstructions, caused by intrigues of envious men, has merited, and enjoys, the gratitude of the present, and secured for himself a Renown, imperishable in future Ages. Are respectfully dedicated to the public, by its obedient humble servant, The Author.

Printed at the Patriot Office, Kingston, Upper Canada, January 1832. 8vo., 22 pp.

1018. The Memorial of John Le Breton to The Right Honorable The Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury. 1832. 12mo., 8+19 pp.

1019. Thoughts on the Money and Exchanges of Lower Canada.

By Henry S. Chapman, (Author of a Statistical Sketch of the Corn Trade of Lower Canada.)


1020. Copies de Communications Officielles, Rapports et Autres Documens qui ont rapport aux evenemens qui ont eu lieu le 21 mai 1832, et durant et après l'élection d'un representant pour le Quartier Ouest de la dite cité. Folio 43 pp.

1021. Continuation des copies de Communications officielles Rapports et Autres Documents Qui ont rapport aux événements qui ont eu lieu, à Montréal, le 21 mai, 1832, et durant et après l’Election d’un representant pour le Quartier Ouest de la dite cité.

1832. Folio, 23 pp.

(English copy also on the shelves.)


Ordonné, d'être imprimé par la Chambre D'Assemblée, 11 février 1832. 8vo., 68 pp.


1025. Questions submitted by a Special Committee of the House of Assembly of Lower Canada, to the curates of the Diocese of Quebec, relative to the affairs of Fabriques: with the curates answers.


London: Printed by W. Marchant, Ingram-Court, Fenchurch-Street. 23rd March, 1832. 8vo., 16 pp.

1028. Statutes, Rules and Ordinances, Made and Established By the Principal and Governors of the M'Gill College, for the Government of the Medical Department of the said College. Passed at a Meeting Held for that Purpose on the 22nd February, 1832, and to which the Royal Sanction was given on the 22d May, 1832. Montreal: Published by Order of the Principal and Governors, and Printed by A. H. Armour and Co., 25, Notre Dame Street. 1832. 8vo., 12 pp.

1029. An Analytical Statement of the case of Alexander, Earl of Stirling and Dovax, &c. &c. &c. containing an explanation of his official dignities, and peculiar territorial rights and privileges in the British Colonies of Nova Scotia and Canada, &c. &c. and also showing the descent of the Stirling Peerge Honours, supported by Legal evidence, and the law and usage of Scotland appertaining thereto: With a variety of incidental Notes and Observations.

By Sir Thomas C. Banks, Bart. N.S.
"Fiat justitia, ruat caelum."
London: James Cochrane and Co. 11 Waterloo Place, Pall Mall, 1832. 8vo., xlii+123 pp.

1030. Information for the use of Persons Emigrating to Upper Canada; Containing an Explanation of the various Modes of Application for Land: Together, with the Different Forms of Petitions, and their Progress to Grant: With a Statement of the Fees, Authorised by Ordinance, and Accompanied by a Lithographic Plan. Exhibiting the various Townships in the Province. Surveyor General's Office, York, 30th November 1832. S. P. Hurd.

1031. Quebec Immigrant Society. Proceedings at a Public Meeting, April 23, 1832; with the report of the Committee of Management, and the new rules and regulations.
Quebec, printed by T. Cary & Co. 1832. 24 mo., 16 pp.

A brief but faithful account of this fine colony; shewing some of its advantages as a place of settlement; addressed to those British farmers and others who are determined to emigrate, and try their fortune in a new country; with directions how to proceed, what to provide, and what steps to take on arriving in the Colony.
By J. L. Lewellin.

1033. Practical Information to Emigrants, including Details, collected from the most authentic accounts relative to the Soil, Climate, Natural Productions, Agriculture, etc. of the Province of New Brunswick.
London: John Richardson, Royal Exchange. 1832. 2 maps. 8vo., 80 pp.

1034. Information Published by His Majesty's Commissioners for Emigration, Respecting the British Colonies in North America.
By Authority:—J. Hartnell, Fleet Street, London. 8vo., 14 pp.

1035. An Account of the Province of New Brunswick; including a description of the settlements, institutions, soil, and climate of that important Province; with advice to Emigrants.
With a map.

1036. Inquiries of an Emigrant; Being the Narrative of an English Farmer from the year 1824 to 1830; During which period he traversed the United States and Canada, with a view to settle as an emigrant: Containing observations on the manners, soil, climate, and husbandry of the Americans; Estimates of Outfit, charges of Voyage and travelling expenses.

By Joseph Pickering, late of Fenny Stratford, Bucks, and now of Canada.
Third Edition; including the information published by His Majesty's Commissioners for Emigration.
London: Published by Effingham Wilson, 88 Royal Exchange. 1832. 24mo., viii+207 pp.


By H. B. Sawbridge, Esq.

1038. The Fourteenth Annual Report of the Quebec Diocesan Committee of the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge. May, 1832.


New York: Published by Swords, Stanford and Co., No. 152 Broadway. 1832. 8vo., 56 pp.
Written by Dr. John Strachan.

1040. Memorandum for giving effect to the school Act of 1832. 7th May 1832.
Folio 2 pp.

1041 & 1042. Reglements sur le Colera, prescrits par le Bureau de Santé à Quebec; et par la Commission Centrale de Paris.

Quebec: Se trouve chez Neilson & Cowan, Côte de la Basse-Ville. 1832. 12mo., 22 pp.

1043. An Account of the Formation of the Upper Canada, Religious Tract and Book Society, at York the 10th January, 1832, With an Address by the Committee.

"Who hath despised the day of small things."—Zech. iv. 10.
York: Printed by Robert Stanton. 1832. 8vo., 14 pp.

1044. An Opening Address, delivered at the first meeting of The Halifax Mechanics' Institute, on Wednesday, January 11, 1832, by Joseph Howe.


Quebec: Printed by J. B. Frechette & Co., No. 11, Mountain Street. 1832. 16mo., 28 pp.
1833.

1046. Upper Canada. Statute 3d. Wm. IV. Chap. 4. RELATING TO CAPITAL OFFENCES; with an EXPOSITION of its Provisions, in a Charge of CHIEF JUSTICE ROBINSON, to the Grand Jury of the Home District; April, 1833.
York, Upper Canada: Printed by ROBERT STANTON. 8vo., 39 pp.

1047. The Rules of THE LAW SOCIETY OF UPPER CANADA with the Standing Orders of Convocation, and such of the Resolutions and Particular or Executive Orders of Convocation as are of general importance, with Addenda, containing the rolls and other matters of interest to the members of the society generally. And an Appendix of Forms; to which is added a Supplement.
Published under the direction of a Committee appointed by The Benchers in Convocation.
York, U.C. Hilary Term, 1833. 12mo., 101+3 pp.

1048. The Canadas as they now are. Comprehending a view of their Climate, Rivers, Lakes, Canals, Government, Laws, Taxes, Towns, Trade, &c., with a description of the soil and advantages or disadvantages of every township in each province; derived from the reports of the inspectors made to the Justices at Quarter Sessions and from other authentic sources, assisted by local knowledge.
With a MAP, showing the position of each township, A Point of the utmost Consequence to the Settler; compiled without reference to the particular interest of any land Company or Association.
By a late Resident.
London: James Duncan, 37, Paternoster Row; Cross, Holborn; and Mann, Cornhill. MDCCCXXXIII. 16mo., 116 pp.

1049. Present State of the Canadas; containing Practical and Statistical information respecting the Climate, Soil, Produce, Agriculture, Trade, Currency, Banking, &c. of UPPER AND LOWER CANADA, Useful for the Emigrant, Merchant and Tourist.
London: Published by Geo. Hebert, 88 Cheapside; and sold by Messrs. Egerton, Smith and Co., Liverpool, and all other Booksellers. 1833. 24mo., iv+198 pp.

1050. Statistical sketches of UPPER CANADA, for the use of Emigrants:
By a Backwoodsman. (Dr. Dunlop?)
"Ships, Colonies and Commerce."—Napoleon.
Third Edition.

1051. York Harbour.
By Hugh Richardson.
R. Stanton, printer. 1833. 12mo., 16 pp.

1052. Case of the Right Hon. Alexander, Earl of Stirling and Dovian, respecting His Lordship's title to Nova Scotia, and other Territorial Possessions in North America; containing a NARRATIVE of the PROCEEDINGS TAKEN ON HIS LORDSHIP'S BEHALF for the Restitution of the Property, with observations thereon.
By J. I. Burn, Esq.
   By Henry Bliss, Esq.
   London: John Richardson, 91, Royal Exchange. 1833.
   (Price Four Shillings.) 8vo., 169 pp.

1054. Sketch of the Trade of British America. Written originally for the Nautical Magazine; with a few alterations and additions.
   By Nathaniel Gould, Esq.

   By Francis A. Evans, Esq. Late agent for the Eastern Townships to the Legislature of Lower Canada.
   William Curry, Jun., and Co., Dublin; Simpkin and Marshall, London; and Oliver and Boyd, Edinburg. 1833. 16mo., 180 pp.

1056. Emigration. A Letter to a member of Parliament, containing a statement of the Method pursued by the Petworth Committee in sending out Emigrants to Upper Canada, in the years 1832 and 1833.
   And a Plan upon which the sums required for defraying the expence of Emigration may be raised.

1057. Letters from Settlers in Upper Canada.
   London: Marchant, Printer, Ingram-Court, Fenchurch Street. 1833. 8vo., 16 pp.

   Sold by John Phillips, Petworth; and by Longman and Co. London. MDCCXXXIII. Price One Shilling. 8vo., x+42 pp.

1059. Continuation of Letters from Sussex Emigrants, in Upper Canada, for 1833.
   Petworth: Printed and sold by John Phillips; and sold by Longman and Co., London.
   Price Two Pence. 8vo., 8 pp.

1060. The Cornwall Tribute; A Piece of Plate, presented to the Honorable and Venerable John Strachan, D.D., Archdeacon of York, By Forty-two of his former Pupils, Educated by Him at Cornwall. Presented Second July, MDCCXXXIII.

1061. A Retrospect of the Summer and Autumn of 1832; being A Sermon Delivered in the Cathedral Church of Quebec, On Sunday, the 30th December, in that year.
   By the Venerable G. J. Mountain, D.D., Archdeacon of Quebec, Rector of the Parish of Quebec and Examining Chaplain to the Lord Bishop of Quebec.
   With an Appendix containing a selection of some few facts and particulars of interest connected with the late awful visitation of the Cholera Morbus.
   Quebec: Printed by Thomas Cary & Co. Freemasons' Hall, Buade Street 1833. 8vo., 33 pp.
TRIAL, DEFENCE, &c.

OF

WILLIAM ROSS,

WHO WAS EXECUTED, TOGETHER WITH

ROBERT ELLIS, J. B. MONARQUE & W. JOHNSON,

AT QUEBEC, IN APRIL LAST,

FOR A BURGLARY AND ROBBERY COMMITTED AT THE HOUSE OF

MESSIRE MASSE, CURE OF POINTE LEVI,

ON THE NIGHT OF THE 29TH SEPTEMBER 1826:

Raro antecedentem scelestum
Deserui pede paras claudio.

Horace

QUEBEC:
PRINTED BY NEILSON & COWAN, 3, MOUNTAIN STREET.

1827.
SPEECH
OF
LOUIS - PAPINEAU, ESQR.
ON THE EUSTINGS.
AT THE OPENING OF THE ELECTION
FOR THE WEST WARD OF THE
CITY OF MONTREAL,
ON THE 11th OF AUGUST, 1827.
And his Reply to Peter McCall, ESQR.

TRANSLATED FROM THE FRENCH.

TO WHICH ARE ADDED
The Speech of His Excellency the Earl of Dalmatie, Governor
in Chief, &c. &c. &c. to the House of Assembly on Pro-
roguing the Provincial Parliament, 11th March 1827,
and the Address of certain Members to their
Constituents in consequence of
that Speech, &c.

MONTREAL:
PRINTED BY LUDGER DUVERNAY,
At the Office of the Canadian Spectator,
No. 5, St. John Baptiste Street.
1827.

[See No. 874]
FIRST REPORT
OF THE
Central Committee of the inhabitants of
Upper Canada
Whose rights were liable to be affected by the provisions of the Naturalization Bills, reserved last session of parliament for the royal assent.

JESSE KETCHUM, Chairman.

York, Dec. 14th 1827.

YORK:
Printed at the Office of the Colonial Advocate, by William Lyon Mackenzie, Printer to the House of Assembly.

Published by order of the Committee.

A statement of the proceedings adopted by Robert Randal, Esquire, M. P. during his mission to London, as the bearer of the petition from, and agent on behalf of, the people of Upper Canada, whose rights might have been affected by the provisions of the Naturalization Bills which passed the two houses of the provincial parliament at its last session. Laid before the central committee at York, on the 10th December 1827.

Instructions to Robert Randal, Esquire M. P. from the committee of the inhabitants of U. C. whose rights are affected by the provisions of the Naturalization Bill.

To Robert Randal Esq., a member of the provincial parliament of Upper Canada.

Dear Sir:

The undersigned, being the central committee appointed to nominate, instruct, and correspond with a fit and proper person to proceed to London on behalf of a large portion of the inhabitants of this province, whose civil rights are deeply affected by the provisions of the Naturalization bill of last session, and which has been reserved for His Majesty's assent: have made choice of you as their agent, and as the agent of the persons whose petitions to the British Parliament have been entrusted to their (the committee's) charge: they are ready to defray, from and out of the funds placed in their hands by the petitioners, your expenses on the journey, and here-with enclose to you said petitions.

Your instructions are; to proceed forthwith to London in the capacity of agent for the petitioners against the Naturalization Bill of last Session, and on your arrival there, to cause said petitions to be laid before parliament by a member of the House of Commons, and further that you take such other measures as you may deem most expedient to obtain for the petitioners their requests as expressed in the prayer of their petition.

JESSE KETCHUM, | JOSEPH SHEPHERD. \{ Committee.
ALEX. BURNSIDE, THOMAS STOVELL.
York, April 11th, 1827.

Additional Instructions from the committee entrusted by the people of Upper Canada affected by the provisions of the naturalization bill reserved last session for His Majesty's assent, to Robert Randal, Esquire M. P. agent for the petitioners against said bill.
LETTER

TO

SIMON M'C GILLIVRAY, Esq.

IN ANSWER

TO ONE ADDRESSED BY HIM TO THE CREDITORS

OF THE LATE FIRMS OF

M'C TAVISH, M'C GILLIVRAY S & CO.

AND

M'C GILLIVRAY S, THAIN & CO.

DATED

LONDON, 26TH OF FEBRUARY, 1826.

BY

HENRY MACKENZIE,

LATE PARTNER OF THE FORMER FIRM.

Montreal:

PRINTED AT THE HERALD OFFICE;

AND SOLD BY H. H. CUNNINGHAM, MONTREAL, AND T. CARY & CO., QUEBEC.

1827.
LETTER
TO
SIMON M'C. GILLIVRAY, Esq.
IN ANSWER
TO ONE ADDRESSED BY HIM TO THE CREDITORS
OF THE LATE FIRMS OF
M'C. TAVISH, M'C. GILLIVRAY'S & CO.
AND
M'C. GILLIVRAY'S, THAIN & CO.
DATED
LONDON, 26TH OF FEBRUARY, 1826.
BY
HENRY MACKENZIE,
LATE PARTNER OF THE FORMER FIRM.

Montreal:
PRINTED AT THE HERALD OFFICE;
AND SOLD BY H. H. CUNNINGHAM, MONTREAL, AND T. CARY & CO., QUEBEC.

1827.
STATEMENT
OF THE AFFAIRS OF THE LATE
PRETENDED BANK OF UPPER-CANADA,
AT KINGSTON.

CONTAINING
REPORTS
OF THE COMMISSIONERS
APPOINTED BY SEVERAL ACTS OF THE PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT TO
SETTLE THE AFFAIRS OF THE SAID INSTITUTION;
TOGETHER WITH
Certain other Accompanying Documents,
REFERRED TO IN THE REPORT:
BEING
LISTS OF THE STOCK-HOLDERS, CREDITORS, DEBTORS,
&c. &c, &c.

REPRINTED BY ORDER OF THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

YORK:
PRINTED BY WILLIAM LYON MACKENZIE, AT THE OFFICE OF THE COLONIAL ADVOCATE
1827.

[See No. 883]
REPORT

OF THE

SUPERVISORS

OF

GREAT ROADS,

ASSEMBLED AT FREDERICTON, IN THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY,

1828.

TOGETHER WITH

OBSERVATIONS

ON

ROAD MAKING,

AS APPLICABLE TO THE PROVINCE OF

NEW-BRUNSWICK.

Saint John:

PRINTED BY ALEXANDER M'LEOD, AT THE OFFICE OF THE CITY GAZETTE.

No. 10 South Market Wharf.

1828.
CURSORY VIEW

OF THE

LOCAL, SOCIAL, MORAL

AND

POLITICAL STATE

OF THE

COLONY

OF

LOWER-CANADA.

By CHEVR. R. d'ESTIMAUVILLE.

QUEBEC:
PRINTED BY T. CARY & Co.
Free-Masons' Hall.
1829.
A

CONCISE VIEW

OF THE

INLAND NAVIGATION

OF THE

CANADIAN PROVINCES;

THE

Improvements Already Effected,

AND THE

INFERENCES TO BE DRAWN FROM THESE, TOWARDS

THEIR FULL PRACTICABLE ACCOMPLISHMENT,

AND PRACTICAL VALUE.

By A PROJECTOR.

ST. CATHARINES, U. C.

PRINTED AT THE WELLAND CANAL INTELLIGENCER OFFICE.

1832.

[See No. 1016]
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1062. Farewell Sermon preached in St. John's Church, Greenwich on Sunday July 28th and in St. Peters Church Westfield on Sunday August 4th, 1833, with a Hymn composed for the occasion.


   Published by order of the Board.
   H. Leavenworth, Printer—St. Catharines. 1833. 8vo., 40 pp.

1065. Information respecting The Eastern Townships of Lower Canada, in which the British American Land Company intend to commence operations for the sale and settlement of lands, in the ensuing Spring. 3rd December, 1833.

   York, U.C.: Printed by J. Reynolds, 81 King-St. At the Correspondent Office. 1833. 8vo., 14 pp.

1067. Emigration. Prince Edward Island: a Brief but Faithful Account of this Fine Colony; shewing some of its Advantages as a Place of Settlement; Addressed to those British Farmers, and others, who are Determined to Emigrate, and try their Fortune in a New Country: With Directions how to proceed, what to provide, and what steps to take, on arriving in the Colony.
   By J. L. Lewellin.

1068. Quebec Emigrant Society. Report of the Proceedings of a Sub-Committee, on the subject of Commuted Pensioners. Published by Order of the Committee of Management.

1069. Le Clergé Canadien vengé par ses ennemis; ou Observations sur un ouvrage recent, intitulé "Tableau statistique et politique des deux Canadas."
   À Québec, chez Neilson et Cowan, 1833. 16mo., 19 pp.

   Published by order of the common-council.
   Montreal: Printed and sold by Fabre, Perrault & Co., at their Bookstore, Notre-Dame Street, opposite the Goal. 1833. 16mo., 32 pp.
   English and French.

1071. Municipal rules, regulations, and statutes of the City of Quebec, printed by order of the town council.
   Quebec: Fréchette & Co. No. 25, Mountain Street, Lower Town, 1833. 24mo., 16 pp.
   29a—37

1834.

1073. What is the result of the Elections? fully answered. From the Daily Advertiser.


1074. Debate in the House of Commons, on the 15th April, 1834, on Mr. Roebuck’s Motion for “A Select Committee to inquire into the means of remedying the Evils which exist in the form of the Governments now existing in Upper and Lower Canada.”

Reported in London for the Montreal Daily Advertiser.


1075. Notes on the Cholera Seasons of 1832 and 1834.


From the Daily Advertiser.


With an Appendix.


Imprimées sous la direction d’un comité spécial du comité central et permanent du district de Montréal.

Montreal. 1834. 8vo., 40 pp.


Ninety-two Resolutions; Report on the State of the Province, and Address to the Commons of Great Britain and Ireland.

8vo., 24+42+14 pp.

1081. Refutation of Aspersions on “Stuart’s Three Years in North America.”

By James Stuart, Esq.

Oh! who shall say what heroes feel,
When all but life and Honour’s lost?—Moore.

1082. The British North American Colonies.
Letters to the Right Hon. E. G. S. Stanley, M.P. upon the existing Treaties with France and America, as regards their “Rights of Fishery” upon the coasts of Nova Scotia, Labrador and Newfoundland; the violations of these Treaties by the subjects of both powers, and their effect upon the commerce equally of the mother country and the colonies; with A General View of the Colonial Policy, shewing that the British Dependencies are now prepared to pay the expenses of their local Governments; That the Military Expenditure, if chargeable to them, is fully counter-balanced by the commercial advantages derived from them; and that their preservation, as integral parts of the Empire is essential to the Commercial Prosperity and Political Supremacy of the British Nation.

By George R. Young, Esq., of Halifax, Nova Scotia.

1083. The Celebrated Letter of Joseph Hume, Esq., M.P., to William Lyon Mackenzie, Esq., Mayor of Toronto, Declaratory of a Design to “Free these Provinces from the baneful Domination of the Mother Country.” With the Comments of the Press of Upper Canada on the Pernicious and Treasonable Tendency of that Letter, and the Speeches, Resolutions and Amendments of the Common Council of this city, Which were the result of a Motion of that body to disavow all participation in the sentiments of Mr. Hume.

“My son, fear thou the Lord and the King; and meddle not with them that are given to change.”—Prov. xxiv. 21.

“For the Commandment is a lamp; and the law is light; and reprofs of instruction are the way of life!”—Prov. vi. 23.


1084. Life of Ma-ka-tai-me-see-kia-kiak or Black Hawk, embracing the Tradition of his Nation—Indian wars in which he has been engaged—cause of joining the British in their late war with America, and its history—description of the Rock-River Village—Manners and customs—encroachments by the whites, contrary to Treaty—removal from his village in 1831. With an account of the cause and general history of the late war, his surrender and confinement at Jefferson Barracks, and travels through the United States.

Dictated by himself.
J. B. Patterson, of Rock Island, Ill. Editor and Proprietor.


1086. Letters by Major Norman Pringle, late of the 21st Royal Scots Fusiliers, vindicating the character of the British Army, employed in North America in the years 1814-15, from aspersions cast upon it in Stuart’s “Three Years in North America.”


1087. Liste Chronologique des Evêques et des Prêtres tant séculiers que réguliers, employés au service de l’Eglise du Canada depuis l’Etablissement de ce pays et 29a—374

A Québec: Chez T. Cary & Cie. Imprimeurs Libraires, Au Chien D'Or, Rue Buade. 1834. 8vo., 52 pp.

1088. **By-Laws, Rules and Orders** of the Trinity-House of Quebec, for the port of Quebec, from the Year 1805 to the 1st May, 1834.


1089. **Divers Documents** addressed to the Honorable Louis Joseph Papineau, Speaker of the House of Assembly, by the Honorable Denis B. Viger, Appointed to proceed to England, and there to support the Petitions of the House to His Majesty, and to the two Houses of the Imperial Parliament.

Laid before the House, and ordered to be printed Wednesday, 8th January, 1834. 4to., 46 pp.

1090. **Report** of the Special Committee, to whom were referred the Answers of His Excellency the Governor in Chief, to the Addresses of the House of Assembly, of the 27th and 31st January 1834 relating to the affairs of the late Receiver-General, John Caldwell, Esquire. 4to., 3 pp.

1091. **Report** of the Special Committee to whom was referred the Resolution of the House of Assembly of the 27th January 1834, "That it is expedient that further and more effectual provision be made for the Extinction of Seigniorial Rights and Burthens on Lands held à titre de Cens in the Province." 4to., 2 pp.

1092. **Second Report** from the Special Committee on Various Communications from His Excellency the Governor in Chief Lord Aylmer on the subject of the Finances of the Province of Lower Canada, *Ordered* by the House of Assembly to be printed 5th March 1834 Quebec, printed by Frechette & Co. 1834. 4to., 66 pp.

1093. **Declaration** of the causes which led to the formation of the Constitutional Association of Quebec, and of the objects for which it has been formed.

Quebec, December 1834. 4to., 3 pp.

1094. **Le Statu Quo en déroute.** La Scène se passe dans une Etude de Procureur, Rue Ste. Anne, Maison voisine de l'Enseigne à la Tortue, a Quebec.

Je ne sais rien nommer si ce n'est par son nom
J'appelle un chat, un chat, et ——— un fripon.

Etats-Unis, Plattsburgh, N.Y. Juin, 1834. 12mo., 16 pp.

1095. **Rapport d'un Québécois** sur quelques Écoles Elémentaires du District de Quebec.

Québec. 1834. 16mo., 15 pp.


Les laches et les fourbes, quelque soit le parti auquel ils appartiennent, méritent d'être représentés comme tels aux yeux du public.


(Written by L. H. Lafontaine.)

1097. **Procédés** du Conseil-de-Ville de Montréal. 1834.

24 mo., 8 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1098. Biographie de Joseph François Perrault, Protonotaire de la Cour du Bane du Roi pour le District de Québec, écrite par lui-même, à l'âge de quatre-vingts ans, sans lunettes, à la suggestion du Lord Aylmer, Gouverneur en Chef du Bas-Canada.
   Québec: Imprimé par Thomas Cary & Cie, Rue Buade, Chien D'Or. 1834. 12mo., 41 pp.

1099. Narrative of a Voyage, a Party of Emigrants, sent out from Sussex, in 1834, by the Petworth Emigration Committee, to Montreal, thence up the River Ottawa and through the Rideau Canal, to Toronto, Upper Canada, and afterwards to Hamilton; also of the Journey from Hamilton to the Township of Blandford, where the families were settled: and of a Journey through a large portion of the London and Gore Districts, with a Map, shewing the Route: a description of the state of the Country generally, and the nature of the soil.
   To which is added a Comparison of the Route to Upper Canada by Quebec, with that by New York; and Observations on the proper Mode of Fitting out Emigrant Ships.
   By James Marr Brydone, Surgeon, R.N.
   Sold by John Phillips, Petworth; and by Effingham Wilson, 88, Royal Exchange, London. 1834. Price 2s. 8vo., 65 pp.

1100. Official information for Emigrants arriving at New York, and who are desirous of Settling in the Canadas; also extracts from the instructions for Emigrants arriving at Quebec, as issued by A. C. Buchanan, Esq. His Britannic Majesty's Chief Agent for Emigration to the Canadas.
   To be obtained without fee or reward, with every assistance and advice that can benefit the Emigrant proceeding to the Canadas, from James Buchanan, Esq., His Britannic Majesty's Consul, Nassau Street, New York.

1101. Friendly advice to Emigrants from Europe, on their arrival in Canada.
   By an old Countryman.

1102. Counsel for Emigrants, and Interesting Information from numerous sources; with original letters from Canada and the United States.
   "In the multitude of Councillors there is safety."—Solomon.
   Aberdeen: John Mathison, Broad Street, 1834. 12mo., 40 pp.

1103. Sequel to the Counsel for Emigrants, containing interesting information from numerous sources; with original Letters from Canada and the United States.
   In the multitude of Councillors there is safety.—Solomon.
   Aberdeen: John Mathison, Broad Street, 1834. (Map.) 12mo., 72 pp.

1104. Information for the use of Military and Naval Officers proposing to settle in the British Colonies. 1834.
   London: Printed by William Clowes, 14, Charing Cross, for His Majesty's Stationery Office. 4to., 7 pp.

   London: W. J. Ruffy, Printer. 29, Budge Row, Walbrook. 1834. 8vo., 8 pp.

PRACTICAL INFORMATION RESPECTING NEW BRUNSWICK including details relative to its soil, climate, productions, and Agriculture.

Published for the use of persons intending to settle upon the lands of the company.

With a map.

To be had at the Company's Office, 15, King's-Arms Yard, Coleman Street, London.


Toronto: Printed by R. Stanton, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. 1834. 12mo., 8 pp.

1108. Report of the Committee of the Commons House of Assembly of U. Canada, relative to the WELLAND CANAL, with the Letter of J. B. Yates, Esq. to said Committee; Some Editorial Articles from the PATRIOT, A Newspaper edited by Thomas Dalton, Esq., City of Toronto, U.C., And Extracts from the Speeches of Members of the Provincial Parliament, on the discussion of measures proposed for the completion and efficient support of that important work.

Also—An Extract from the Report of Benjamin Wright, Esq. A distinguished Engineer employed by the Government Commissioners to examine and report on the situation of the Canal.

Printed by I. Lyon. 1834. 8vo., 56 pp.


York: Printed by Robert Stanton. 1834. 8vo., 96 pp.

1110. Letters and Extracts of Letters from Settlers in UPPER CANADA.

London: Marchant, Printer, Ingram-Court, Fenchurch Street. 1834. 16mo., 20 pp.

1111. Correspondence on CLERGY IN NORTH AMERICA. 1834.

London: Printed by William Clowes, 14, Charing Cross, for His Majesty's Stationery Office. 4to., 14 pp.

1112. Observations on the RIDEAU CANAL, by Edward John Barker, M.D.

Inscribed (by permission) to His Excellency Sir John Colborne, K.C.B. Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Upper Canada.


By Charles James Stewart, D.D. Bishop of Quebec.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1835.

1114. Notes diverses sur le Bas-Canada.
By Armury Girod, Cultivateur a Varennes.

1115. Canada in the years 1832, 1833, and 1834. Containing important information and instructions to persons intending to Emigrate thither in 1835.
By an Ex-Settler, who resided chiefly "in the bush" for the last two years.
London: Published by Richard Groomebridge, Panyer-Alley, MDCCCXXXV. 16mo., 132 pp.

1116. The Emigrant's Informant, or A Guide to Upper Canada, containing reasons for emigration, who should emigrate, necessarys for outfit, and charges of voyage, travelling expenses, manners of the Americans; qualities, and capabilities of the soil, price current of the country for 1833, rates of wages, and an estimate of the amount necessary for the purchase of 80 acres of land, building on, and stocking the same; interspersed with reflections on the happiness of a cottage life.
By a Canadian Settler, late of Portsea, Hants.
"Blest be that spot, where cheerful guests retire,
To pause from toil, and trim their evening fire."
London: Published by G. Cowie and Co., 81, Poultry; Stirling and Kenny, Edinburg; and John Cumming, Dublin. 1834. 16mo., ix+237 pp.

1117. Notes upon Canada and the United States of America: in the year MDCCCXXXV.
By a Traveller.
Toronto, late York, Upper Canada: Printed by W. J. Coates, 160 King Street. 1835. 8vo., 95 pp.

1118. Remarks on the petition of the Convention, and on the Petition of the Constitutionalists.
By Anti-Bureaucrat.
(Written by Adam Thom.)

Quebec: Printed by Order of the Association. 1835. 8vo., 28 pp.

1120. Extrait des Parties les plus essentielles d'un Acte du Parlement Provincial du Bas-Canada, passé dans la Trente-Sixième Année du Règne de Sa Majesté George III. Roi de la Grande-Bretagne, &c. &c. Intitulé Acte pour faire, réparer et changer les Grands Chemins et Ponts dans cette Province, et pour d'autres effets, en autant qu'il se rapporte aux Districts de Quebec, Montreal et des Trois-Rivières.
1121. **A Brief View** of the Township Laws up to the present time, with a treatise on the law and office of constable, the law relative to Landlord and Tenant, Distress for Rent, Inn Keepers, &c. Compiled by the Author of the Provincial Justice.


1122. **Colonial Policy**, with hints upon the formation of military settlements. To which are added observations on the Boundary Question now pending between this country and the United States.

"Coelum non animum mutant qui trans mare currunt."


1123. **Observations** de l'Hon. D. B. Viger, contre la proposition faite dans le Conseil Législatif, le 4 Mars, 1835, de rejeter le Bill de l'Assemblée, pour la nomination d'un Agent de la Province.


1124. **A Speech** on the Improvement of the Shannon, being in continuation of the debate in the House of Commons 12th May, 1835, giving a comparative view of the navigation of the Rideau Canal, in Canada, and the River Shannon in Ireland; with observations on the value of a connection by steam packets, with British America.


1125. **The New Road to Ruin**, or intended Railroad from Boston, Portland, and Portsmouth, three principal naval arsenals of the United States, to Quebec, the principal British Garrison of North America.

Timeo Mainotos

Et dona ferentes et Britannos ridentes.

Quebec, sold by all the booksellers 1835. 16mo., 11 pp.

1126. **Report** of the Special Sanitary Committee of Montreal upon Cholera and Emigration for the year 1834.


1127. **Traité sur la Politique Coloniale du Bas-Canada. Réflexions sur l'état actuel du pays. Par un avocat.**

"Si les Journaux restoient livrés comme aujourd'hui à la license et à l'impunité, la société tombait bientôt en dissolution; le poison qu'ils distillent est fait pour corder les liens qui en tiennent unies toutes les parties."

Bossuet.

Bas-Canada; 1835. 12mo., 67 pp.

1128. **Report** of a Reconnaissance of the Valleys of the Etchemin and Chaudière made in August, 1835, by order of His Excellency Lord Aylmer, in compliance with an Address from a Committee of Citizens of Quebec, appointed to promote a communication by a Railway between Quebec and the Atlantic Ocean, through the State of Maine. 4to., 2 pp.
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The following is a copy of a letter that Mr. A. C. Buchanan addressed to Lord Aylmer in relation to suggested improvements in the Navigation of the Gulf of St. Lawrence and Sea adjacent, which Letter His Lordship subsequently submitted to the present Governor-in-Chief the Right Honorable the Earl of Gosford, for his Excellency's consideration.

Quebec, 1835. 8vo., 11 pp.

1130. A Few Remarks on Internal Improvements in the Canadas.

By James George.

Quebec, 1835. 8vo., 11 pp.

1131. Standing Orders for the Seventy-Ninth Highlanders; with references to all General Orders issued from The Horse Guards, necessary to be known relative to the Discipline, Economy, Conduct, Efficiency, Dress, and General Appearance of the Regiment; War Office Warrants and Instructions, connected with Clothing, Accoutrements, Appointments, Necessaries, and Finances; and Ordnance Regulations, relating to the Arms, Ammunition, Quarters, and Barracks of the Corps.

Quebec, Lower Canada, 1st March, 1835.


1132. Information respecting the Eastern Townships of Lower Canada, addressed to emigrants and others in search of lands for settlement.


1133. The Emigrant and Traveller's Guide to and through Canada, by way of the River St. Lawrence as well as by way of the United States of America: With some Friendly advice on Embarkation; The detailed cost of travelling on each route, and much other useful information to the settler.

By John Murray.

I see in this world, &c.  Rev. John Newton.


1134. Statistical and Practical Observations, relative to the Province of New-Brunswick, Published for the Information of Emigrants.

By Alexander Wedderburn, Emigrant Agent, and Secretary to the late Agricultural and Emigrant Society, at Saint John, New-Brunswick.


1135. The Importance of providing Religious Education for the Poor: connected with the true Principle of all Christian Charity. Two Discourses, preached by request, in the Cathedral Church of Quebec, before the Quebec Diocesan Committee of the Society for promoting Christian Knowledge, on Sunday the 25th day of Oct., 1835.

By John H. Hopkins, D.D., Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in the Diocese of Vermont.

Burlington: Smith and Harrington. 1835. 8vo., 30 pp.

1136. A Brief Extract from the Journal of Thaddeus Osgood, Minister of the Gospel, with some anecdotes and Remarks on men and occurrences, during a residence of six years in England.
Should this brief statement of facts and opinions be useful in removing prejudice and promoting truth and true religion, the author will feel himself well rewarded.

It having been reported that the author was dead, it may be gratifying to many friends and acquaintances to learn that he has returned to Canada in health. And during a long residence in England, has been usefully employed in preaching the gospel, and visiting and instructing the destitute.

This small publication will be lodged at book-shops in this city and other populous towns in Canada, and in London. Should more than sufficient to pay for the work be obtained, it will be employed in publishing more from the same journal.

A copy of some testimonials will appear on this cover; and if any error or misstatement should appear, it will be corrected when made known to the author.


1137. Institution of a Church and Sunday School, in Moore, Western District, Upper Canada.


1138. Message from the Legislative Council with certain resolutions on the subjects of The Clergy Reserves and the Executive and Legislative Councils. 1835. 8vo., 22 pp.

1139. The Legislative Council Not chargeable with the Loss of The Appropriation Bill; with observations on the dangerous and unconstitutional Proceedings of the House of Assembly.


Saint John: Printed by Donald A. Cameron, Observer Office, and sold (for the Author) by G. Blatch, Bookseller, Market-Square. 1835. 8vo., 28 pp.

1141. Remarks on the Proposed Union of the Canadas. Published in the year 1822. Concordia res parvae crescent, discordia maximea dilabuntur.—Sall.

By J. A. Roebuck, Esq., M.P., who, under a bill of the Assembly of Lower Canada of the session 1835 was named "Agent of the province."

Quebec, 1835. 8vo., 12 pp.

1142. Report of a Select Committee To which was Referred the Subject of The Currency.

Ordered, by the House of Assembly, to be Printed, (2000 copies) 15th April, 1835.

Toronto: M. Reynolds, Printer to the Hon. The House of Assembly. MDCCCXXXV. 8vo., 111 pp.

1143. Report of a Select Committee of the Legislative Council of Upper Canada, upon the Provisions made by law for the support of a Protestant Clergy in that Province.

Toronto: Printed by R. Stanton, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. 1835. 8vo., 86 pp.
(Contains several MSS. pages.)

1145. To the Committee for the Construction of a Ship Canal, from Fort Erie to Niagara River, at or below the Village of Waterloo.
Buffalo: Printed by David M. Day. 1835. 8vo., 8 pp.

1834.
Published by order of the Board.

1147. Timber Duties. Resolutions of the select committee of the House of Commons reported to the Honourable House on the 14th August, 1835. 4to., 2 pp.

1148. Record Commission. Papers relative to The Project of building a General Record Office.
With Plans.
London; April, MDCCCXXXV. Svo., xiv+81 pp.

Hon. D. Mondelet and J. Neilson, Esquires, Commissioners.
Quebec, printed by Neilson & Cowan, Mountain Street. 1835. Svo., 75 pp.

1150. The Discovery of America, By Christopher Columbus; and the Origin of the North American Indians.
By J. Mackintosh.

1151. Letter to His Excellency Sir Francis Bond Head, K.G.H., &c. &c. &c. as to the Railroads in Upper Canada, and the means of constructing them without the aid of Foreign capital.
By James Buchanan, Esq., His Majesty's Consul at New York.

1152. A Brief Account, together with Observations made during a visit in the West Indies, and a tour through the United States of America, in parts of the years 1832-3; together with a Statistical Account of Upper Canada;
By Dr. Thomas Rolph, Ancaster, Gore District, Upper Canada.

Copie d'un Manuscrit déposé a la Bibliothèque de Hartwell en Angleterre.
1154. An Authentic Narrative of the Loss of the Barque Marshal M'Donald, off Newfoundland, On her Passage from Quebec to Limerick, on the 7th of Dec. 1835; including interesting particulars of The Sufferings of the Crew, as related by Thomas Goodwin and Joseph Shearer, two of the Survivors, who were landed at Portsmouth, by the Arab Transport, August 22nd, 1836.

Entered at Stationers' Hall.

Bath: Printed for the Editor, By W. Browning, Walcot Street; and may be had of most other Booksellers. 1836. 16mo., 24 pp.

1155. Existing Difficulties in the Government of the Canadas.

By J. A. Roebuck, M.P.


By Camillus.

Montreal: Printed at the Herald Office. 1836. 16mo., 226 pp.

(Written by Adam Thom, M.A.)

1157. Observations on the Constitutions, Political and Judicial, of the British Colonies, with Proposed Amendments, suggested by the political differences now existing in the provinces of Upper and Lower Canada: In a letter to the Right Honourable Lord Glenelg, His Majesty's principal Secretary of State for the Colonies.

By James Christie Esten, LL.D. Late Chief Justice, and President of the Council, of the Bermudas.


1158. A Narrative of the Affair of Queenston: in the War of 1812.

With a Review on the strictures on that event, in a book entitled, "Notices of the War of 1812."

By Solomon Van Rensselaer.


Toronto: 1836. 8vo., 13 pp.

1160. The Reform Alliance Society to their Brother Reformers in Upper Canada. Toronto, May, 1836. 8vo., 8 pp.


By William Bancks.

Printed by C. F. Fothergill, Palladium Office, York-Street, Toronto. 16mo., 12 pp.

1162. A Despatch from the Right Honourable Lord Glenelg, His Majesty's Secretary of State for the Colonies, To His Excellency Sir Francis Bond Head, Lieutenant Governor of Upper Canada: Containing His Majesty's Answer to the separate Addresses and Representations which proceeded from the Legislative Council and
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

House of Assembly, during the first Session of the present Parliament; and His instructions to the Lieutenant Governor.

Communicated to the House of Assembly by Message on the 30th of January, 1836.

Ordered by the House of Assembly to be printed.
Toronto: M. Reynolds. 1836. 8vo., 36 pp.


(Title page missing.)

1164. Message from His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, of 30th January, 1836: Transmitting a Despatch from His Majesty's Government.

Printed by Order of the Hon. The Legislative Council. R. Stanton, Printer. 8vo., 50 pp.

1165. Proceedings had in the Commons House of Assembly, on the Subject of an Address to His Excellency Sir F. B. Head, for certain information on the Affairs of the Colony.

Printed by order of the Commons House of Assembly.
R. Stanton, Printer. 1836. 8vo., 28 pp.

1166. Message from His Excellency Sir Francis Bond Head, Lieutenant Governor of Upper Canada: In answer to the Address of the House of Assembly, of the 5th February, 1836, with Sundry Documents requested by the House in said Address.

Ordered by the House of Assembly to be printed.
Toronto: M. Reynolds. 1836. 8vo., 42 pp.

1167. Important Public Documents relative to the late Changes in the Executive Council.


1168. Address to His Excellency Sir Francis Bond Head, Lieutenant Governor of Upper Canada, for copies of dispatches from His Majesty's Government, on the subject of the Independence of the Judges, and of the Cession of the Revenue Under 14 Geo. III, to the Legislature of this Province. His Excellency's Answer to the same, with the documents desired; and the Proceedings had by the House of Assembly during the 1st Session 11th Prov. Parl. on the passing of a Bill for the payment of salaries to the Principal Officers of the Government.

Toronto: M. Reynolds. 1836. 8vo., 27 pp.

1169. Proceedings of the Legislative Council of Upper Canada on the Bill sent up from the House of Assembly, entitled An Act to amend the Jury Laws of this Province.

Printed by order of the Honourable the Legislative Council.
R. Stanton, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. 1836. 8vo., 60 pp.

1170. Report of a Select Committee of the Legislative Council of Upper Canada, upon the Complaints contained in an address to the King from the House of Assembly, Passed 15th April, 1835, of the Rejection by the Legislative Council, of Bills sent from the House of Assembly; and the Address of the Legislative Council to His Majesty, on that subject.

Toronto: R. Stanton, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty. 1836. 8vo., 52 pp.
1171. Report of the Select Committee, To which was referred The Answer of His Excellency, the Lieut. Governor, to an Address of the House of Assembly, relative to a Responsible Executive Council.

Ordered by the House of Assembly to be printed.

Toronto: M. Reynolds, Printer. 1836. 8vo., 103-+app. 80 pp.


Chambre d'Assemblée, 26 Février 1836.

4to., 8 pp.

1173. Important Debate on the adoption of the Report of the Select Committee on the Differences between His Excellency and the late Executive Council: in the House of Assembly, April 18th, 1836.


1174. Reply of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor to an address presented from the Electors of the Home District, praying His Excellency to Dissolve the present House of Assembly. Toronto, 28th May, 1836. 4to., 1 p.

1175. The Speech of Chr. A. Hagerman, Esq. in the House of Assembly, on the Report of the Committee on the differences between His Excellency Sir Francis B. Head, and the late Executive Council.


1176. Speech of C. A. Hagerman, Esq. M.P.P. in the House of Assembly, April 18th, 1836, against the adoption of the report of the select Committee on the subject of the differences between His Excellency and the Executive Council.


"I know not," observed one of the most eminent English diplomatists with whom he had very frequent communications, "where Lord Collingwood got his style, but he writes better than any of us."


Signed William B. Felton, Quebec, 25th Jany 1836. 4to., 4 pp.

1179. Clergy Reserves & School Lands in Upper Canada.

Mr. Buchanan's Letter to Wm. H. Draper.

Toronto: 1836. 8vo., 14 pp.

1180. Report of a Select Committee of the Commons House of Assembly of Upper Canada on the subject of Government Grants made to certain Religious Denominations in the Province, and the purposes to which such Grants are applied.

2,000 copies printed by order of the House of Assembly.

Toronto: M. Reynolds, Printer, 1836. 4to., 40 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1181. Proceedings had by the House of Assembly during the 2nd Session 12th Provincial Parliament on the subject of the Clergy Reserves.
   Ordered by the House of Assembly to be printed.
   Toronto: M. Reynolds, Printer. 1836. 16mo., 25 pp.

1182. Thoughts on the present state and future prospects of the Church of England in Canada, with hints for some improvement in her ecclesiastical arrangements; humbly addressed to the Rt. Rev. the Lord Bishop and the Rev. Clergy.
   By a Presbyterian of the Diocese of Quebec.
   Printed for the publisher: 1836. 8vo., 16 pp.


1184. Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts.
   A view of the State of the Church in the Canadas, in a letter to the Society, from the Bishop of Montreal.
   No. 4, Trafalgar Square, Charing Cross, London, 1836. 8vo., 20 pp.

   By the Rev. I. E. N. Molesworth, M.A. Domestic chaplain to the Right Hon. & Rev. the Earl of Guildford, Rector of St. Martin’s Canterbury, and one of the six preachers of Canterbury Cathedral.
   Published by command of His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury.

1186. Six Months of a NEWFOUNDLAND MISSIONARY’S JOURNAL, from February to August, 1835.
   (By Edward Wix?)
   London: Smith, Elder and Co., Cornhill, Booksellers to Their Majesties.
   1836. 16mo., vii+228 pp.

1187. Strictures on the remarks of the Rev. J. Reid, in his pamphlet in favour of the Temperance Society by the Rev. J. Abbott, A.M.
   “Prove all things, hold fast that which is good.” St. Paul.

1188. Prospectus of the Plan and Principles of a Society which is proposed to be formed in Montreal for the attainment and security of Universal and Perfect Religious Liberty and Equality, and for the immediate and entire abolition of all invidious distinctions in favour of one sect to the exclusion or disparagement of another.
   Montreal, printed at the Courier office, 1836. 12mo., 28 pp.

1189. The Annual Report of the BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the WELLAND CANAL COMPANY. 1835. Published by order of the Board.

1191. Report on a Reconnaissance for a Rail Road from the Coast of Maine to Quebec. Respectfully inscribed to His Excellency, Robert P. Dunlop, Gov. of Maine.


1192. Report of the Engineer upon the Preliminary Surveys, for the London and Gore Rail Road.


1193. Some Observations respecting a Great Western Railroad.

Printed by G. H. Hackstaff, Printer Office, Market Buildings.

Toronto, 2nd November, 1836. 12mo., 8 pp.

1194. Systeme de Stenographie, applicable au Francais et a l'Anglais.

Par F. Réal Angers, Etudiant en Droit.

Quebec: Imprimé pour le propriétaire, par Frechette & Cie, Rue Lamon-tagne No. 8, 1836. 8vo., 15 pp.


No date, but probably 1836. 8vo., 84 pp.

1196. Prospectus of the St. Andrews and Quebec Railroad.


1197. Information respecting the Eastern Townships of Lower Canada addressed to Emigrants and others in search of lands for settlement.

Sherbrooke, printed by Walton and Gaylord, 1836. 16mo., 10 pp.

1198. Statement made to a Special Court of the directors of the British American Land Company, held on the 3rd of February, 1836, by Mr. Frederick Templeton, who passed the previous Summer in the Eastern Townships of Lower Canada.

8vo., 11 pp.

1199. Henry; or the Juvenile Traveller.

A faithful delineation of a voyage across the Atlantic, in a New York Packet; a description of a part of the United States—manners and customs of the people; A journey to Canada; with an account of the Colonies—Emigration—Sketches of Society—Expenses of Travelling—Scenery, etc. etc.

By the wife of a British Officer, resident in Canada.


1837.


By a Canadian.

[Rev. Egerton Ryerson.]

"Correct every real grievance, but maintain the happy constitution inviolate."

His Excellency Sir Francis B. Head, and the people of Upper Canada.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1201. Resolutions passed at a Public Meeting at the Court House in Sydney, in the Island of Cape Breton, on the 19th Jan. 1837, respecting the Government of that Island. 4to., 7 pp.

1202. Resolutions to be submitted to a General Meeting of the Inhabitants of the City and vicinity of Quebec, to be held on the Esplanade on Monday the 31st July, 1837, at noon, conformably to a published requisition. 4to., 3 pp.


1204. Northeastern Boundary. Message from The President of the United States, Transmitting The Information required by the resolution of the House of the 13th instant, upon the subject of the Northeastern Boundary of the United States.

September 26, 1837. Read, and laid upon the table. 8vo., 56 pp.

1205. A Few Words on the Subject of Canada.

By a Barrister.

"It seems to be the obligation of a general law which affects all these disputes between a popular assembly on the one hand, and the executive on the other, and the course of proceeding which generally takes place strongly impresses this lesson, that popular assemblies are hardly ever wrong in the beginning, and hardly ever right at the conclusion, of these struggles." Lord John Russell.


1208. An Address to The Citizens of Bath, by Sir W. S. R. Cockburn, Bart., In reference to a Speech delivered at the Guildhall, on the 29th of June.

Second Thousand.


1209. Canadiana: containing Sketches of Upper Canada, and the Crisis in its Political Affairs. In two parts.

"All that bear this are villains. Not to rouse up at the great call of Nature, And check the growth of these domestic spoilers, That make us slaves, and tell us, 'tis our charter."

By W. B. Wells, Barrister-at law, and Member of the Provincial Parliament.


29a—38
1210. Narrative of the Passage of the Pique across the Atlantic.
By Lady Aylmer.
Dedicated by permission to Her Majesty.

1211. Sketch of a great co-operative, Agricultural and Horticultural Society, proposed for the Western District.
Sandwich, January 2d. 1837. 4to., 5 pp.

By Robert Davis.

1213. Continuation of Letters from Sussex Emigrants, in Upper Canada.

1214. Observations upon Emigration to Upper Canada, being the Prize Essay for which was awarded a Gold Medal, from the U. Canada Celtic Society.
By Joseph Neilson.

1215. Extracts from Letters written during a first year's residence in the Eastern Townships of Lower Canada.
London: Printed by J. L. Cox and Sons, Great Queen Street, Lincoln's Inn Fields. 1837. 12mo., 31 pp.

1216. Representation on the Legislative Union of the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, by the Constitutional Association of the City of Montreal: (Map.)

1217. An Abstract of the most material parts of an Act of the Provincial Parliament of Lower-Canada, passed in the thirty-sixth year of the reign of his late Majesty George the III, King of Great Britain, &e. Intituled, An Act for making, repairing and altering the Highways and Bridges, within this Province, and for other purposes, so far as the same is relative to the Districts of Quebec, Montreal and Three-Rivers.

1218. Thoughts on the Banking System of Upper Canada, and on the Present Crisis.
Toronto: Printed for the Author. 1837. 8vo., 16 pp.

1219. An Act to Incorporate Sundry Persons under the style and title of The President and Directors and Company of the Free Holders' Bank of Upper Canada.
Toronto: Printed at the Patriot Office. 1837. 8vo., 19 pp.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1221. Remarks on the Proceedings as to Canada, in the present session of Parliament; By one of the Commissioners. 10th April, 1837.

1222. The Real State of Things in Canada: explained in a Few Rough Sketches on Financial and other Vital matters in both the Canadas.
   By Isaac Buchanan, whose primary object was simply to throw light on the question of Specie Suspension. To which are prefixed two articles formerly written by him on the Clergy Reserves.
   "Tis pleasant, sure, to see one's self in print—A Book's a Book, although there's nothing in't.

1223. The Speech of the Hon. John Rolph, M.P.P. Delivered on the Occasion of the Late Inquiry into Charges of High Misdemeanors at the late Elections. Preferred against His Excellency Sir Francis Bond Head, before the Commons House of Assembly of Upper Canada.

1224. Speeches of Dr. John Rolph, and Christopher A. Hagerman, Esq., His Majesty's Solicitor General, on the Bill for Appropriaing the Proceeds of the Clergy Reserves to the purposes of General Education.
   1st Session, 13th Parliament.

1225. The Reserve Question, or a word for the Church.
   By one of its Clergy.
   Audi alteram partem. Fiat Justitia.
   Printed for the Author. 1837. 8vo., 20 pp.

1226. Wesleyan Methodism in Upper Canada: A Sermon preached before the Conference of Ministers of the Wesleyan-Methodist Church in Canada, City of Toronto, June 18th, 1837:
   By Egerton Ryerson.
   Published by request of the Conference.
   "To testify the Gospel of the Grace of God."—St. Paul.
   "The friends of all, the enemies of none."—John Wesley.
   Toronto: Printed at the Conference Office. 1837. 8vo., 27 pp.

1227. Mémoire sur l'amovibilité des Curés en Canada.

1228. Notes sur L'INAMOVIBILITE DES CURÉS dans le Bas-Canada.
   Par L. H. La Fontaine, Avocat.
   Montréal: Imprimé par Ludger Duvernay, à l'imprimerie de la Minerve, No. 29, Rue Saint-Paul. 1837. 8vo., 56 pp.

1229. Remarques sur les Notes de Mr. Lafontaine, Avocat, Relativement a l'Inamovibilité des Curés dans le Bas-Canada—25 Mars 1837.
   8vo., 41 pp.

29a—38½
Ainsi que la Vertu le Crime a ses degrés.—Racine.
Chroniques Canadiennes de 1834.
Par F. R. A.
Imprimé Par Frechette et Cie, No. 8. Rue Lamontagne. Quebec, 1837.
8vo., 73 pp.
(Written by F. R. Angers.)

1231. Traité sur la Tenue des Livres, en partie simple et partie double, rédigé pour la classe mercantile.
Par Jos. Laurin. Étudiant en Droit.

1232. Report of the Committee of the House of Assembly to whom was referred that part of the Journals of last Session, containing the Letter of the Speaker of the House of Assembly of Lower Canada, with certain Resolutions of that House, accompanying the same. 1837. 8vo., 15 pp.

1233. An Abstract of the Minutes of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, (in connection with the Church of Scotland,) Session VII., held at Toronto 31st August-6th September, 1837.

1234. A Sermon preached in St. Andrew's Church, Montreal, on the thirtieth day of November, 1836, (St. Andrew's Day) by the REV. ALEXANDER MATHIESON, A.M. Minister of that Church and one of the Chaplains of St. Andrew's Society, Montreal.
Published by request of the Society.

1235. Address to the Female Members of the Church of Christ in Toronto.
Toronto: Printed by W. J. Coates, King Street. 1837. 8vo., 23 pp.

1236. Christ Crucified: A Sermon preached before the Presbytery of Toronto, on February 7, 1837, by previous appointment of the Presbytery, and published at their request.
By Rev. James George, Minister of Scarborough.

1237. The Authority of a Threefold Ministry in the Church, Bishops, Priests, and Deacons, proved from the New Testament.
By William Hey, Esq., F.R.S. Member of the Royal College of Surgeons in London; Honorary Member of the Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland, of the Royal Medical Society of Edinburgh, of the Literary and Philosophical Society of Manchester; and Late Senior Surgeon of the General Infirmary at Leeds.
New Edition Adapted to the use of the Society.
London: Printed for the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge; Sold at the Depository, Great Queen Street, Lincoln's Inn Fields; and by all Booksellers. 1837. 16mo., 28 pp.

1238. A Sermon, upon the Death of His Late Majesty, William IV. And upon the Accession of our present Sovereign, Queen Victoria; preached at the Episcopal Churches, Saint-John, New-Brunswick.
By the Reverend I. W. D. Gray, A.M., Assistant Minister.
"Put them in mind to be subject to principalities and powers, to obey magistrates, to be ready to every good work." Titus iii. 1.
1239. Experience of Five Christian Indians of the Pequod tribe. Published by William Apess, Missionary of that tribe, and author of "The Son of the forest."

Boston: Printed for the Publisher 1837. 8vo., 47 pp.

1240. A Treatise on Hydrophobia, (taken from the Manuscript of a late Eminent Physician.) To which is appended an infallible Remedy, both as a preventative and in confirmed cases.

By Henry Hughes. (H.M. 1st Royal Reg't.)
Montreal: Printed at the Herald Office. 1837. (Price 2s. 6d.) 8vo., 34 pp.

1241. Correspondence of Archdeacon Mountain, with the Colonial Department of H.M.'s Government.

Southampton: (No date, but probably 1837.) 8vo., 19 pp.

1242. A Constitutional Conversation with a Conscientious Colonist; or Truth vs. Error. 1837 (?) 8vo., 7 pp.

1243. An Address to the People of Canada; with their reply to the Working Men's Association.

"The Tyrant's chains are only strong, &c. &c.—Cole.
London: Cleave, Shoe Lane, Fleet Street; Watson, Hall of Science, City Road, Hetherington Strand; and all Booksellers.
Price One penny. 16mo., 8 pp.


By Rowland Hill.

"We have sufficiently informed ourselves on this subject to be satisfied that an alteration in the present system is absolutely necessary." Fourth Report on the Post Office, by the present Commissioners of inquiry.
London: Published by Charles Knight and Co. 22, Ludgate Street. 1837. 8vo., vii+104 pp.

8vo., 24 pp.

1838.

Printed by Order of the Commons House of Assembly.
Toronto: R. Stanton, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1838. 8vo., 24 pp.

1248. Lord Brougham's speech in the House of Lords, Thursday, January 18, 1838, upon Canada.
   London: James Ridgway and Sons, Piccadilly. 1838. 8vo., 61 pp.

1249. Lord Brougham's Speech in the House of Lords, on Friday, 2nd February, on the maltreatment of the North American Colonies.
   London: James Ridgway and Sons, Piccadilly. 1838. 8vo., 37 pp.

   Friday, February 2. 1838.

1251. A Few Observations upon the value and importance of our North American Colonies.
   By Lieut. Colonel Oldfield, K.H., Corps of Royal Engineers.
   C'est le nombre du peuple ....
   The Fisheries of Newfoundland ....
   Abbe Raynal.
   London: Published by F. Pinkney, at the Military Library, (Late Egerton's), near Whitehall. 1838. 8vo., 17 pp.

1252. Address of the Directing President of the Western District Agricultural and Horticultural Society.
   Prepared to be delivered at a Special General Meeting of the Society in July, but, being then obliged to be postponed, now published agreeably to a resolution of the Executive Committee of the 26th of September, 1838.
   Sandwich: Printed by Henry C. Grant. 1838. 12mo., 23 pp.

1253. Succinct Account of the Treaties and Negotiations between Great Britain and the United States of America, relating to the Boundary Between the British Possessions of Lower Canada and New Brunswick, in North America, and The United States of America.
   By Andrew Stuart.
   8vo., 206 pp. with maps.

   Augusta: Luther Severance, Printer. 1838. 8vo., 27 pp.

1255. Message from the President of the United States, transmitting a letter from the Marshal of the Northern District of the State of New York, respecting disturbances on the Canadian Frontier.
   January the 13th, 1838.

1256. Remarks upon the Disputed Points of Boundary under the Fifth Article of the Treaty of Ghent, Principally compiled from the Statements laid by the Government of Great Britain before the King of the Netherlands, as Arbiter.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a


   As connected with The Singular Oppression of that Officer while in Spain by Lieutenant General Sir De Lacy Evans.
   A man who is too proud to acknowledge a fault when he is conscious of having committed one, and thereby wounded the feelings of another shows himself to be, instead of elevated rank, very low indeed in the scale of intellectual worth. His pride is of the meanest kind, and to him even more disgraceful than his fault.—Anonymous.
   Montreal: Armour & Ramsay; W. Neilson, Quebec; R. Stanton, Toronto; and J. MacFarlane, Kingston. 1838. 8vo., 145+iv pp.


1262. The Canadian Crisis, and Lord Durham's Mission to the North American Colonies; with remarks, the result of personal observation in the Colonies and the United States, on the remedial measures to be adopted in the North American Colonies.
   (Signed M. N. O.)

1263. The Viceroy's Dream or The Canadian Government not "Wide Awake." A mono-dramatico-Political Poem.
   By Lynch Lawdon Sharpe.

1264. Canadian Church Destitution.
   Upon the Insufficient State of the Church in the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada.
   From Appendix C Page 57.

1266. Lower Canada at the close of 1837.  

1267. A Few More Words upon Canada.  
By Charles Clark, Esq., Barrister at Law; Author of "A Few Words on the Subject of Canada."


(By Frederick Elliot Esq., Clerk to the Commissioners?)  
"Vous savez le Latin?"  
"Qui; mais faites" . . .  
Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme.  
"Had the House not heard—not from . . .  
—Lord J. Russell's Speech, 22d December, 1837.  


1271. Hints on the Case of Canada, for the Consideration of Members of Parliament.  
"Do I discourage rebellion, mutiny, rapine, and plunder? You may think I do, believers, but Heaven forbid! No: I encourage you to all these laudable undertakings. You shall plunder, you shall pull down the Government, but you shall do this upon my authority."  
Dryden's Don Sebastien, A. iii. S. 3.  

1272. Correspondence between Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies and the Earl of Durham, on the subject of the Latter's Resignation of the offices of Governor-General of British North America, and High Commissioner in the Canadian Provinces. Translated by Sir George Arthur.  
By order of the House of Assembly.  
Toronto: W. J. Coates, Printer. 8vo., 47 pp.

1273. A Letter to the Right Honorable the Earl of Durham, K.G.B. Lord High Commissioner and Governor in Chief of Her Majesty's North American Possessions, &c., &c., calling His Lordship's Attention to the Advantages to be Derived by Allowing a Free Transit of Merchandise through Canada to the State of Michigan and Wisconsin Territory; as a means of Preserving our Friendly Relations with the United States. With Observations as to the River St. Lawrence, for extending the Commerce of the Empire and Enriching the Canadas.  

London: Effingham Wilson, Royal Exchange, 1838. 8vo., xvi+18 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1275. Sir F. B. Head and Mr. Bidwell. The Cause and Circumstances of Mr. Bidwell’s Banishment by Sir F. B. Head, Correctly stated and proved by a United Empire Loyalist.

“Britain never did, nor never shall
Lie at the proud foot of a conqueror
But when it first did help to wound itself.”

“A generous concern for those who are to come after us, should engage us to labour and strive that we may transmit our civil privileges unimpaired to posterity yet unborn.”


By Egerton Ryerson.

Published by request.

Ne pueri, ne tanta animis assuescite bella,
Ne patriae validas in viscera vertite vires.—Virgil.

“Let us be daily thankful.—Doddridge.


1277. Trial of Dr. Morrison, M.P.P. for High Treason at Toronto, on Wednesday, April 24, 1838.

Toronto: Printed by Donlevy & McTavey, Church Street. 1838. 8vo., 26 pp.


Printed by order of the Commons House of Assembly.

R. Stanton, Printer to the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty. 1838. 8vo., 65+16 pp.

1279. Report from the Select Committee of the Legislative Council of Upper Canada, on the State of the Province.

Printed by Order of the Honorable The Legislative Council.

R. Stanton, Printer to the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty. 8vo., 60 pp.


Toronto: R. Stanton, Printer to the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty. 1838. 8vo., 116 pp.

1281. Report of a Committee appointed by the Committee of Trade of Montreal to consider of and enquire into such matters as might be thought advisable to be recommended to the notice of the Government of Lower Canada. 4to., 3 pp.

1282. Remarks and Observations on the Constitution of the Canadas, civil and ecclesiastical; with a view to its amendment: including Suggestions and Recommendations not before published.

By a Layman of the Church of Scotland.

To which is added, An Appendix, containing several interesting and important papers.


Imprimée par W. Neilson, Imprimeur libraire. Quebec. 1838. 16mo., 129 pp.

1284. Mackenzie's Own Narrative of the Late Rebellion, with illustrations and notes, critical and explanatory: exhibiting the only true account of what took place at the Memorable Siege of Toronto, in the month of December, 1837. Price 1s.

Toronto: Printed and sold at the Palladium Office, York Street. 1838.

(Twenty copies were found in the office of Bell, former printer in company with Mackenzie; not supposed to have been issued.) 8vo., 23 pp.

1285. A Form of Prayer with Thanksgiving to Almighty God: to be used upon Tuesday the 6th day of February, 1838, *Being the Day appointed by Proclamation*, for a General Thanksgiving to Almighty God; to acknowledge His great Goodness and Mercy in delivering us from the dangers and calamities of the unnatural insurrection and rebellion, with which these Provinces have been lately afflicted.

By Authority.

Toronto. Printed by R. Stanton. Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty. 12mo., 7 pp.

1286. A Form of Prayer to be used On Friday, the 7th day of December, 1838; Being the day appointed by proclamation for the observance of a General Fast and humiliation for obtaining pardon of our sins and for averting the continuance of those evils and dangers by which, through the just judgment of God, the Province has been visited.

By Authority.


Depuis les soulevements commencés à la fin de novembre, jusqu’au moment où la tranquillité fut parfaitement rétablie.

Deus ulationem Libere egit,
Super ipsos in coelis tonubit,
In malitia corum disperdet cos.

Par Un Témoin Oculaire.


1288. An Impartial and Authentic Account of the Civil War in the Canadas; with ample details of the immediate causes and progress thereof, from the commencement to its final conclusion; preceded by an introduction, containing a faithful exposition of the more remote causes of the present disastrous state of affairs in those Colonies; the whole to be followed by a complete and highly interesting general account of the Provinces & their Inhabitants: comprising,

I.—A Historical Sketch of the Progress of Settlement.

II.—A Full Account of the Resources (including Agriculture) and Trade of the Country.

III.—A Complete Description of the Country and Climate.

IV.—A Description of the Social Conditions of the People, their Manners, Habits, Customs, Amusements, Songs, &c.

V.—Ample details as to the State of Religion, Education, the Press, &c.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

VI.—A Statistical Account of the Population.
VII.—Information for Emigrants.
VIII.—Biographical Notices of the Canadian Leaders, &c. &c.
Illustrated by Views of the Magnificent Scenery of Upper and Lower Canada, Maps of Both Provinces, Plans & Diagrams illustrative of the War, &c. With Portraits of Mons. Papineau, and other Canadian Leaders, and other highly interesting Engravings.
In two parts.

1289. A Plain Statement of the QUARRIL WITH CANADA; in which it is considered who first infringed the Constitution of the Colony.
London: James Ridgway and Sons, Piccadilly, 1838. 8vo., 20 pp.

1290. The Canadian Portfolio. Conducted by JOHN ARTUHR ROEBUCK, Esq., and other friends of Canada. This work will contain a faithful exposition of the CAUSES THAT HAVE PRODUCED THE CIVIL WAR IN CANADA, together with the various official documents necessary to elucidate and support the history of this disgraceful contest.

1291. Observations on the DISTURBANCES IN CANADA.
By Montague Gore, Esq.
London: Saunders and Otley, Conduit Street. 1838. 8vo., 38 pp.

1292. Sir William MOLESWORTH's Speech, in the House of Commons, March 6, 1838, on the STATE OF THE COLONIES.
London: T. Cooper, 1, Birchin Lane, 1838. 8vo., 59 pp.

John Simpson, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1838. 8vo., 14 pp.

1294. The Correspondence of the HON. WM. MORRIS with the Colonial Office as the Delegate from the PRESBYTERIAN BODY IN CANADA.
1838. 8vo., 28 pp.

1295. Letters to the HONORABLE WILLIAM MORRIS, being strictures on the correspondence of that gentleman with the Colonial Office, as a Delegate from the PRESBYTERIAN BODY in CANADA.
By JOHN STRACHAN, D.D., ARCHDEACON OF YORK.

Toronto: Printed at the Scotsman Office, 54, Newgate Street. MDCCCXXXVIII. 8vo., 54 pp.

1298. The Church and the Wesleyans.
By J. K.

1299. A Brief History of the Church in Upper Canada: containing the Acts of Parliament, Imperial and Provincial; Royal instructions; proceedings of the Deputation; correspondence with the Government, Clergy Reserves’ Question, &c., &c.
By William Bettridge, B.D. (St. John’s College, Cambridge,) Rector of Woodstock, Upper Canada. One of the Deputation from the late Bishop of Quebec, the Bishop of Montreal and the Archdeacons and Clergy of Upper Canada.

1300. Remarks and Suggestions. Respectfully offered, on that Portion of the Clergy Reserve Property, (Landed and funded,) of Upper Canada, “Not specifically appropriated to any particular Church.” In a letter Addressed to His Excellency Sir George Arthur, K.C.B. Governor and Commander-in-Chief, &c. &c.
By the Rev. W. M. Harvard, Late President of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, in Upper Canada.
Quebec: Printed and Sold by William Neilson, Gazette Office; And may be had through any Book-seller in Upper or Lower Canada; Price, A Quarter of a Dollar, Each. 1838. 8vo., 47 pp.

1301 and 1302. Address to the Members of the Established Church of Scotland, in British North America. 1838.
Framed at a meeting held at St. Andrew’s Church, Montreal, on 25th September, 1838, for the purpose of framing and carrying into effect, with their brethren in the sister provinces, such measures as might be deemed advisable in the present crisis for vindicating and maintaining inviolate, by all constitutional means, the rights and privileges of the National Church in British North America. 4to., 8 pp.

1303. Information respecting the Aborigines in the British Colonies. Circulated by Direction of the Meeting for Sufferings.
Being principally extracts from the Report presented to the House of Commons, by the Select Committee appointed on that subject.
London: Darton and Harvey, Gracechurch-Street. 1838. 8vo., xii+60 pp.

1304. The Eighth and Ninth Annual Reports of the Newcastle District Committee, of the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge. Presented by the Committee on the 31st December, 1838.
To which is added a short Account of the Proceedings of the Travelling Missionary Society of the Newcastle District, with a Statement of their Receipts and Expenditure to the 24th December, 1838.
 SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

London: Published by the Protestant Association. And sold by Nisbet, Berners Street; Seeleys, Fleet St.; Hatchards; Rivingtons; Dalton; Shaw; Forbes & Jackson; and may be obtained of all Booksellers. 1838. (Price 3d. or 20s. per 100.) 8vo., 20 pp.

1306. Rules and Regulations of the Orange Institution, of British North America: Adopted by the Grand Lodge at a Meeting, held in the New British Coffee House, City of Toronto, U.C., on Tuesday the 16th of January, 1838. The Right Worshipful Ogle R. Gowan, Esq. of Brockville, Grand Master, in the Chair. All Communications upon the business of the Orange Institution of British North America, are to be addressed (post paid) to the Deputy Grand Secretary, John Bacon, Esq., Brockville, U.C.
Toronto: Printed at the Palladium Office. 1838. 16mo., 15 pp.

1307. The Stewart Missions: a Series of Letters and Journals, calculated to exhibit to British Christians, the Spiritual Destitution of the Emigrants settled in the Remote Parts of Upper Canada. To which is prefixed a brief memoir of the late Hon. & Rt. Rev. Chas. James Stewart, Lord Bishop of Quebec &c. &c. printed at the expense of the venerable Bishop's Upper Canadian Travelling Mission Fund, and dedicated by permission to the Right Hon. the Countess of Galloway, edited by the Rev. W. J. D. Waddilove, M.A., St. John's College Cambridge; late prebendary of Ripon; and domestic chaplain to His Grace the Duke of Roxburgh.
"We take forcible possession," &c. &c.

1308. Case of Baptiste Cadien, for Murder; Tried at Three Rivers, in the March Session 1838.
Three Rivers: Printed and Published by G. Stobbs. 1838. 16mo., 24 pp.


1310. Address to Sir Charles Augustus Fitzroy, Respecting the Land Tenure in Prince Edward Island. (1838) 4to., 3 pp.


1839.

1312. The Quebec Volunteers.
Quebec: Printed and Published by Peregrine Pouchbelt and Roderick Ramrod. No. 32, Carronade Square. 1839.
The (volume consists of title page and nine coloured lithographs, depicting the "Quebec Volunteer Cavalry," "Quebec Royal Engineer Rifles," "Royal Quebec Volunteer Artillery," "Quebec Loyal Artificers, or Faugh a Ballagh," "The "Sailors Company, or Queen's Pets," "The Queen's Own (Light Infantry) of Quebec," "Quebec Light Infantry," "The Queen's Volunteers," and "The Highland Company.")
Par un etudiant en droit.  

1313. A Lecture on the Discovery of America by the Northmen, five hundred years before Columbus, delivered in New York and in the other cities of the State, also in some of the first Seminaries.  
By A. Davis, formerly chaplain of the Senate, etc. of New York.  
New York: Printed by Samuel Colman, 8 Astor House, Broadway. 1839. 8vo., 23 pp.

1314. A Digest of the British Constitution; compiled by Dr. Bridges, and delivered by him as a lecture at many of the principal towns in Upper Canada.  
John Lovell, Printer, St. Nicholas Street. 8vo., 16 pp.

1315. Battle of Lake Erie with notices of Commodore Elliot's Conduct in that engagement.  
By Hon. Tristam Burges.  

1316. Remarks upon the Disputed Points of Boundary under the Fifth Article of the Treaty of Ghent, Principally Compiled from the Statements laid by the Government of Great Britain before the King of the Netherlands, as Arbiter. Second Edition.  
Saint John, New-Brunswick: Printed by D. A. Cameron, at the Observer Office. 1839. 8vo., 85+xxvii pp.

(There are two plans given with this Pamphlet, one showing the outline of the shores of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, of the State of Maine, and the Bay Fundy. This will show the geographical position of Campobello, which is fifteen leagues from St. John, four leagues from St. Andrews, eleven leagues from Calais and St. Stephen, four leagues from St. George or Magadeevic, and half a league from Eastport, with all of which it is in daily communication. The other is a particular plan of Campobello, which, however, is on too small a scale to give a perfect view of its local advantages.)  

1318. Report of the Committee on Foreign Relations, to which was referred the “Bill to provide for surveying the northeastern boundary line of the United States, according to the provisions of the treaty of peace of seventeen hundred and eighty three.”  
In Senate of the United States. July 4, 1838.  
Submitted, and ordered to be printed.  
8vo., 16 pp.

1319. Notes upon the South Western Boundary of the British Provinces of Lower Canada and New Brunswick and the United States of America.  
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1320. **A Brief History** of the **United States Boundary question**. Drawn up from official papers by G. P. R. James, Esq.

1321. **An Honest Exposure** of the **honest Manner** in which certain **honest officials** **conduct the public business in the British Colonies**.
   Burlington, Vt.: Printed for the Publisher. 1839. 8vo., 28 pp.

1322. **Remarks on the Trial of the Earl of Stirling, At Edinburgh, April 29th, 1839, for forgery**.
   By an English Lawyer.
   "Of all injustice, that is the greatest which goes under the name of law: and of all sorts of tyranny, the forcing of the letter of the Law against the equity, is the most insupportable".—Sir R. L'Estrange.

   Halifax: Printed at "The Novascotian" Office. 1839.

1324. **Lord Glenelg's despatches** to Sir F. B. Head, Bart, during his administration of the Government of Upper Canada. Abstracted from the papers laid before Parliament.
   London: James Ridgway and Sons, Piccadilly. 1839. 8vo., 193 pp.

1325. **The Canadian Question**.
   By G. A. Young, Esq., of Lincoln's Inn, Barrister at Law.
   If we were able to go back to the elements of States, and to examine the oldest monuments of their history, I doubt not that we should discover the primal cause of the prejudices, the habits, the ruling passions, and, in short, of all that constitutes what is called the national character. De Tocqueville.
   London: James Ridgway and Sons, 169 Piccadilly. 1839. 8vo., vii+83 pp.

1326. **The Colonies and Great Britain must be incorporated and form one universal and indivisible Empire**.

   (Officially communicated to both Houses of the Imperial Parliament, on the 11th. of February, 1839.)
   Montreal: Printed at the Morning Courier Office, St. François Xavier Street. 1839. 8vo., 126 pp.


1329. **Facts Versus Lord Durham**.
   Remarks upon that portion of the Earl of Durham's Report, relating to **Prince Edward Island**, shewing the fallacy of the Statements contained therein.
To which is added a Tabular view of the British Provinces in North America, shewing their territorial extent, the acres under cultivation and their comparative population.

By a Proprietor.

Every man carries a wallet, or two bags, the one hanging before and the other behind him; in that before he puts the faults of others, in that behind, his own.—Mason.

London: James Madden & Co. (Late Parbury & Co.), 8, Leadenhall Street. 1839. 8vo., 22 pp.


By Philalethes.

First published in the Coburg Star.


Premiere Partie.


Published as “La Revue Canadienne”, at Burlington, Vt., June 1839. 8vo., 35 pp.


 Publiée dans le recueil hebdomadaire La Revue du Progrès, imprimé à Paris.

Imprimerie de John Lovell, Rue St. Nicolas, à Montreal, Bas Canada.

(Signed Sabrevois de Bleury.) 8vo., 136 pp.

1334. Messages from His Excellency the Governor General, on the Subject of the Re-union of the Provinces of Upper & Lower Canada, together with the Resolutions of the House of Assembly, and the Amendments thereto; and the Yeas and Nays thereon—the Address to His Excellency—and His Reply.

Toronto: Printed at the Patriot Office. 1839. 8vo., 41 pp.


By Henry Bliss, Esq., of the Inner Temple, Barrister-at-Law.

London: Published by Effingham Wilson, 18, Bishopsgate Street. 1839. 8vo., 115 pp.


Corrected by the several speakers.

London: Ridgway, Piccadilly. 1839. 8vo., 84 pp.
Moyens
de
Conserven
Nos institutions,
Notre langue et nos
Lois.

Quebec:
de l'imprimerie de Frechette & Cie,
No. 25, rue Lamontagne, Basse-Ville.
1832.
THOUGHTS

ON THE

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

OF

LOWER CANADA.

BY HENRY S. CHAPMAN,

(AUTHOR OF A STATISTICAL SKETCH OF THE CORN TRADE OF LOWER CANADA.)

MONTREAL:
PRINTED AT THE MONTREAL GAZETTE OFFICE,
25, NOTRE DAME STREET.

1832.
THE
CELEBRATED LETTER
OF
JOSEPH HUME, ESQ., M. P.
to
WILLIAM LYON MACKENZIE, ESQ.
MAYOR OF TORONTO,
DECLARATORY OF A DESIGN TO
"Free these Provinces from the baneful Domination of the Mother Country!"
WITH THE COMMENTS OF THE PRESS OF UPPER CANADA ON
THE PERNICIOUS AND TREASONABLE TENDENCY OF THAT LETTER,
AND THE
SPEECHES, RESOLUTIONS AND AMENDMENTS
OF THE
COMMON COUNCIL OF THIS CITY,
Which were the result of a Motion of that body to disavow all participation in the sentiments of Mr. Hume.

"My son, fear thou the Lord and the King; and meddle not with them that are given to change.—Prov. xxivi. 21.
"For the Commandment is a lamp; and the law is light; and reproofs of instruction are the way of life!"—Prov. vi. 23.

Toronto:
PUBLISHED AND PRINTED BY G. F. BULL,
AT THE RECORDER AND GENERAL PRINTING OFFICE,
MARKET-HOUSE.
1834.
Price One Shilling and Three-pence.
[See No. 1083]
LIFE
OF
MA-KA-TAI-ME-SHE-KIA-KIAK
OR
BLACK HAWK,
EMBRACING THE
TRADITION OF HIS NATION—INDIAN WARS IN WHICH HE HAS BEEN ENGAGED—CAUSE OF JOINING THE BRITISH IN THEIR LATE WAR WITH AMERICA, AND ITS HISTORY—DESCRIPTION OF THE ROCK-RIVER VILLAGE—MANNERS AND CUSTOMS—ENCROACHMENTS BY THE WHITES, CONTRARY TO TREATY—REMOVAL FROM HIS VILLAGE IN 1831.

WITH AN ACCOUNT OF THE CAUSE AND GENERAL HISTORY OF THE LATE WAR, HIS SURRENDER AND CONFINEMENT AT JEFFERSON BARRACKS, AND TRAVELS THROUGH THE UNITED STATES.

DICTATED BY HIMSELF.

J. B. Patterson, of Rock Island, Ill. Editor and Proprietor.

BOSTON: RUSSELL, ODIORNE & METCALF.
NEW YORK: MONSON BANCROFT—PHILADELPHIA: MARSHALL, CLARK & CO.—BALTIMORE: JOB. JEWETT—MOBILE: SIDNEY SMITH.
1834.
RAPPORT
D'UN QUÉBECOIS
SUR QUELQUES
ÉCOLES ÉLÉMENTAIRES
DU
DISTRICT DE QUEBEC.
To the Senate and House of Representatives:

I lay before the two branches of the Legislature for their consideration, the Report of Lt. Col. Long, of the Topographical Engineers of the United States, on a Reconnoissance for a Rail Road from the coast of Maine to Quebec; together with a sketch of the country traversed by the routes treated of in the Report, and which is intended as an accompaniment to the document.

ROBERT P. DUNLAP.
NOTES
SUR
L'INAMOVIBILITÉ
DES CURÉS
DANS LE BAS-CANADA.

PAR
L. H. La Fontaine, Avocat.

Montreal:
IMPRIMÉ PAR LUDGER DUVERNAY,
A L'IMPRIMERIE DE LA MINERVE,
No. 29, Rue Saint-Paul.

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MACKENZIE'S OWN NARRATIVE OF THE LATE REBELLION, WITH ILLUSTRATIONS AND NOTES, CRITICAL AND EXPLANATORY: EXHIBITING THE ONLY TRUE ACCOUNT OF WHAT TOOK PLACE AT THE MEMORABLE SIEGE OF TORONTO, IN THE MONTH OF DECEMBER, 1837.

Price 1s.

TORONTO:
PRINTED AND SOLD AT THE PALLADIUM OFFICE, YORK-STREET.

1838.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1337. Peace or War? The Question considered with special reference to the Differences existing between the United States of America and Great Britain.

By a Clergyman of the Church of England, lately resident in America.

O What are these?

Death's ministers, not men; Who thus deal death

Inhumanly to man: and multiply

Ten thousand fold the sin of him who slew

His brother; for, of whom such massacre

Make they, but of their brethren, men of men?

Milton.


1338. Address of Assembly to His Excellency Sir George Arthur, Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, Lt. Governor of the Province of Upper Canada, Major General Commanding Her Majesty's Forces therein &c. &c.

Plan proposed to be followed by the Commission appointed to enquire into and investigate the several departments of the Public Service of Upper Canada. 1839. 8vo., 20 pp.

1339. A Short Account of the Emigration from the Highlands of Scotland, to North America; and the establishment of the Catholic Diocese of Upper Canada.

With an appendix.

Kingston, Upper Canada, 1839. 12mo., 54 pp.

1340. Proceedings had in the Legislature of Upper Canada, During the years 1831-2 & 3, on the subject of the Lands set apart by His late Most Gracious Majesty, King George the Third, for the purpose of Schools; together with sundry Despatches and Documents relating to the same subject.

Printed by Order of the House of Assembly.


1341. Report from the Select Committee of the House of Assembly of Upper Canada, appointed to report on the State of the Province.

Printed by Order of the House of Assembly.

Toronto: Patriot Office. 1839. 8vo., 87 pp.


1343. Remarks on a Legislative Union of the Provinces of British North America.

By O. T.


"The man who is not moved with what he reads . . . . Cowper.

Toronto: Printed at the Examiner Office. 1839. 8vo., 20 pp.

1345. Considerations on the Past, Present & Future Condition of the Canadas.

By Henry Taylor. No. II.

Montreal: Printed for the Author by John Lovell, Saint Nicholas Street. 1839. 8vo., 68 pp. (incomplete).

29a—40
1346. The Address of Bishop Macdonell. To the Irish Catholics of Upper Canada. Published at the office of the Whig, Kingston. 1839. 2folio pp.

1347. A Sermon preached at Trinity Church, Saint John, N.B. On Sunday, 24th November, 1839.
"We preach not ourselves, but Christ Jesus the Lord; and ourselves your servants, for Jesus' sake."—2 Cor. iv. 5.

1348. The Clergy Reserve Question; as a matter of History—a Question of Law—and a Subject of Legislation; in a series of Letters to the Hon. W. H. Draper, M.P. Member of the Executive Council, and Her Majesty's Solicitor General of Upper Canada.
By Egerton Ryerson.
"The most just law... Summons to Part.

By an Anglo-Canadian.
Toronto: Printed at the Commercial Herald Office. 1839. 8vo., 79 pp.
(Attributed to Rev. Adam Townley.)

1350. A short account of Prince Edward Island, designed chiefly for the information of the agriculturist and other emigrants of small capital.
By the Author of The Emigrant's introduction to an acquaintance with the British American Colonies, &c.
Great Nature spoke, observant man obey'd
Cities were built, societies were made.—Pope.
London: Madden & Co. (Late Parbury & Co.), 8, Leadenhall Street. 1839. 8vo., 90+i i pp.

1351. Report of the Commissioners appointed to examine into the Present Condition of the Harbour of Saint John, and to report the same to His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor of the Province. With various documents relating thereto.

By E. Holmes.
Augusta: Smith & Robinson, Printers to the State. 1839. 8vo., 78 pp.

1353. Report of the Land Agent of the State of Maine to the Senate and House of Representatives:
Council Chamber, January 2, 1839.
This pamphlet contains:
2. Copy of a Correspondence between Capt. James MacLauchlan, of Fredericton, (N.B.) and S. S. Whipple, Esq., Surveyor General, of the State of Maine, transmitted to the Land Agent by the Surveyor General, in the month of July 1838.
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3. Report of Ira Fish, Agent for constructing the Aroostook Road, December 15, 1838.


By Alfred A. Fry, Esq., of Lincoln's Inn, one of the Counsel in the Case.


1355. The Second Report of the Upper Canada Clergy Society, for sending out Clergymen &c, to that Province; with a Statement of the Design and Constitution of the Society. It is requested that this report may not be destroyed, but circulated or sent back to the secretary.


1356. Rules for the Government of the Rural Police.


Quebec: De l'Imprimerie de Fréchette & Cie., Imprimeurs-libraires No. 8 rue Lamontagne. 1839. 12mo., 146 pp.


1361. Responsible Government.

Letters to the Right Hon. Lord John Russell &c. &c. on the Right of British Americans to be Governed by the Principles of the British Constitution.

"Look on this Picture, and on that."

Halifax, N.S. 1839. 8vo., 48 pp.

1362. Draught of an Ordinance to Incorporate the Ecclesiastics of the Seminary of St. Sulpice of Montreal, to confirm their Title to the Fief and Seigniory of the Island of Montreal, the Fief and Seigniory of the Lake of Two Mountains, and the Fief and Seigniory of St. Sulpice, in this Province; to provide for the gradual extinction of Seigniorial Rights and Dues, within the Seigniorial limits of the said Fiefs and Seigniories, and for other purposes.

Montreal, printed by Andrew H. Armour and Hen. Ramsay, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty for the District of Montreal, 1839. 4to., 13 pp. 29a—404
1363. The Falls of Niagara or Tourist’s Guide to this Wonder of Nature, including notices of the Whirlpool, Islands, &c. and a complete guide thro’ the Canadas. Embellished with engravings.
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London: J. Cleave, 1 Shoe Lane, Fleet Street, and all Booksellers. 1839.
Price six pence. 16mo., 55 pp.

1840.

Publiée sous la Direction de la Société Littéraire et Historique de Québec.
Québec: Imprimerie de William Cowan et fils. 1840.
This collection consists of:—
(B) Mémoire sur La Canada; d’apres un Manuscrit aux Archives du Bureau de la Marine à Paris. Svo., 14 pp.
(E) Relation du Siège de Québec en 1759; d’apres un Manuscrit récemment obtenu de France. Svo., 21 pp.
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Paris, 1826.

1368. Legend of the Whirlpool.
Strange mysteries bide beneath the waves, and man, hath yet to know a thousand things that nature hides.

1369. Four days at Niagara Falls, in North America.
By W. Flemming, M.D.
Manchester: Printed by Love and Barton, 10 Market Street. 1840. 12mo., 24 pp.
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1374. **The Right of the United States of America to the North Eastern Boundary claimed by them.** Principally extracted from the Statements laid before the King of the Netherlands and revised by Albert Gallatin, with an appendix and eight maps.


1375. **The Caroline Almanack, and American Freeman's Chronicle.** For 1840.


1376. **Post-Office Commission,** Montreal, December 8, 1840.

   Circular regarding the transmission by mail of newspapers. 4to., 2 pp.

1377. **Responsible Government for Colonies.**


1378. **England, her colonies and her enemies; how she may make the former protect her against the latter; and how make them sources of boundless wealth and power.**


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By Sir Francis B. Head, Bart.

"Would you destroy the old House?—Guy Mannering.

London: John Murray, Albemarle Street. 1840. 8vo., 52 pp.

1381. An Address delivered before Her Majesty's Attorney and Solicitor Generals in consequence of a reference from the Crown as to the right of the eldest sons of the Baronets of Scotland and Nova Scotia (being of age) to claim and to receive the dignity of knighthood.

By R. Broun, Esq., Hon. Secretary of the Order.

London: John Mortimer; Wigmore Street, Cavendish Square. 1840. 12mo., 24 pp.

1382. Canada and the Canada Bill; Being an Examination of the Proposed Measure for the Future Government of Canada; with an Introductory Chapter, containing some General Views respecting the British Provinces in North America.

By the Hon. John Beverley Robinson, Chief Justice of Upper Canada.

Nec vidisse semel satis est.—6th Aeneid.

London: Published by J. Hatchard and Son, 187 Piccadilly. MDCCCXL. 8vo., 198 pp.

1383. Report of Committee on Education.

Appendix. (B) To fifth report of General Board.


500 copies.

Printed by Order of the House of Assembly.—W. J. Coates, Printer. Toronto. 1840. 4to., 51 pp.

1384. Reports on the Executive Council and Indian Department, in Upper Canada.

Printed by order of His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor.

Toronto, Robert Stanton, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1840. 4to., 52 pp.

1385. Report from the Select Committee of the House of Assembly of Upper Canada, appointed to report on the State of the Province.

Toronto: 1840. 8vo., 112+xlvii pp.


1387. Address to the Inhabitants of the District of Gore, and Speeches upon the Trade Act, upon the Bill for compensating the losses of sufferers by the late Rebellion, upon the Bank Restriction Bill, and an extract from a speech upon the Union of the Provinces. By the Hon. John Willson.

Hamilton, U.C. Printed at Ruthven's Book and Job Office. 1840. 8vo., 35 pp.


By the Honourable P. B. De Blaquière.

Toronto: Printed by R. Stanton, 164 King Street. MDCCCXL. 8vo., 29 pp.
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1390. Mémoires relatifs à l'emprisonnement de l'Honorable D. B. Viger

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1393. Wesleyan Methodist Conference: its union with the conference of the Wesleyan Methodist Church in Canada, in August, 1833, And its separation from Canada Conference, in August, 1840: consisting of the official proceedings and correspondence of both bodies and their representatives.
By W. & E. Ryerson, representatives of the Canada Conference.
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1394. Ministerial Education. The Discourses, delivered in the Congregational Chapel, Toronto, on Friday, September 11, 1840, on occasion of the opening of the Congregational Academy.
The first by the Rev. A. Lillie, Tutor to the Institution.
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1395. A Sermon preached in St. Paul's Church, Halifax, N.S. on Friday May 1, 1840. Before the Nova Scotia Philanthropic Society, on the occasion of their celebrating the Nuptials of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, with His Royal Highness Prince Albert of Saxe Coburg and Gotha, By William Cogswell, M.A., Curate of St. Paul's and a member of the Society.
"It is a good land, which the Lord our God doth give us."—Deut. 1: 25.
Halifax: Published under the direction of the Committee, appointed by the Nova Scotia Philanthropic Society, to manage the celebration of Her Majesty's Marriage. 1840. 16mo., 20+15 pp.

By Henry Taylor, author of The System of Creation, Considerations on the Canadas, &c.
Quebec, Wm. Cowan & Son. 1840. 16mo., 84 pp.

1397. Rules & Regulations for the interior order and police of the Gaol at Montreal. Drawn up and Homologated according to the Provisions of the Provincial Statute 6 William IV Chap. 15, Sec. 16.
1398. **Draft** of a Convention between Great Britain and the United States, to ascertain and determine the North Eastern Boundary. 4to., 15 pp.


Saint John: Printed by Henry Chubb, Market-Square, 1840. 8vo., xii+76 pp.

1841.

1400. **A Letter** to Her Majesty the British Queen, with Letters to Lord Durham, Lord Glenelg and Sir George Arthur; to which is added an appendix embracing a report of the testimony taken on the trial of the writer by a Court Martial, at Toronto in Upper Canada.

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Fredericton N.B. printed at the Sentinel office. 1841. 8vo., 96 pp.


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New York: Printed for the author and for sale by the Booksellers.

MDCCCXLII. 16mo., vii+222 pp.


Toronto: Printed and Published at the Examiner Office. 1841. 8vo., 77 pp.

1412. Case of Mr. McLeod, in whose person the Crown of Great Britain is arraigned for Felony.

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By David Urquhart, Esq.


1413. Trial of Alexander M'Leod, for the Murder of Amos Durfee; and as an accomplice in the Burning of the Steamer Caroline, in the Niagara River, during the Canadian Rebellion in 1837-8.

New-York: Published at the Sun Office. 1841. 8vo., 32 pp.
1414. Rapports sur les Chemins, Rues, Ruelles et Ponts de la Cité et Paroisse de Montréal. Avril et Mai 1840. avec notes.
Par J. Viger, Ecr. Inspecteur etc.


1416. A Journey Beyond the Rocky Mountains in 1835, 1836, and 1837.
By the Rev. Samuel Parker, A.M.
Corrected and Extended in the Present Edition.
Edinburgh: Published by William and Robert Chambers. 1841. 8vo., 78 pp.

1417. Statement of the Seizure of the British Schooner Lord Nelson, by an American Vessel of War on the 5th June, 1812. 13 Days before the late war with the United States.
Hamilton: Journal and Express Office. 1841. 8vo., 30 pp.

Par J.-P. Thommerel, Docteur és-Lettres de la Faculté de Paris.
Paris: Chez Pouchet, Père, rue des Grès-Sorbonne, Hingray, rue de seine Saint-Germain, 16; Silvestre, rue des Bons Enfants, 30.
Londres: Chez W. Pickering, Chancery Lane, 57. 1841. 8vo., 115 pp.

Published by order of the Board.

Published by order of the Board.
St. Catharines: Printed by Hiram Leavenworth. 1841. 8vo., 7 pp.

1421. Report of the Committee of the Toronto Board of Trade.
April 15th, 1841. 4to., 1 p.

1422. A Statement of the Satisfactory Results which have attended Emigration to Upper Canada, from the Establishment of The Canada Company, until the Present Period; comprising Statistical Tables, and other important information, communicated by respectable residents in the various Townships of Upper Canada.
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1423. Hand Book for Emigrants to the Province of New Brunswick, Containing the average price of Land, Provisions, Clothing, Farm Stock, Building and other Materials, &c., and the rate of Wages to Mechanics, Labourers, &c. With other necessary information for persons with Capital, as well as for Mechanics, Farm Servants, Labourers, &c. intending to settle in the Province.
Compiled from Returns in the office of the Provincial Secretary.
Fredericton: John Simpson, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1841. 8vo., 15 pp.
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Charlottetown: Published for the Mechanics' Institution, by James Douglas Haz ard, Printer to the Queen's Most Gracious Majesty. 1841. 16mo., 42 pp.

1425. Letters on Elementary and Practical Education.

By Charles Mondelet, Esq.

To which is added a French Translation.


1426. Colonial Legislation on the subject of Education; Two Letters, originally addressed to the editor of the Hamilton Gazette, under the signature of Scotus.

By David Burn, Esq. Deputy Registrar of the County of Wentworth.

Toronto: H. Rownell, Printer, King Street, 1841. 8vo., 16 pp.

1427. An Abstract of the Minutes of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, (In connection with the church of Scotland) Holden at Kingston, 1-6 July, 1841.

Hamilton: Printed at Ruthven's Book and Job Office, King Street, 1841. 8vo., 42 pp.

1428. Reply of the Canada Wesleyan Conference June, 1841, to the proceedings of the English Wesleyan Conference and its Committees, August and September, 1840.

With an Appendix, containing the Rev. E. Ryerson's replies to the Wesleyan Committee, Rev. D. Alder, Rev. W. Lord, etc.


1429. The First Report of the Upper Canada Bible Society, and Twelfth of the Society's Operations; for the year ending the 30th of April, 1841. With an Appendix: also, brief view of the plan and operations, and abstract of the Thirty-sixth report of the British and Foreign Bible Society.

Toronto: Printed for the Upper Canada Bible Society. MDCCCXLI. 8vo., 56+8 pp.


Toronto. R. Stanton, Printer, 164, King-Street. 1841. 12mo., 35 pp.

1432. Constitution of the St. Andrew's Society of the Town of Kingston and Midland District of Canada, with a List of its Officers.

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1433. Extracts from a charge delivered to the Clergy of the diocese of Toronto, at the primary visitation, On the 9th Sept. 1841.

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1434. A Charge delivered to the Clergy of the Diocese of Toronto at the Primary Visitation, held in the Cathedral Church of St. James, Toronto, on the 9th September, 1841.
By the Right Reverend John Strachan, Lord Bishop of Toronto.
Toronto, H. & W. Rowsell, King Street, 1841. 12mo., 36 pp.

1435. Memorial and Protest of the Commission of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, in connexion with the church of Scotland, respecting the Clergy Reserve &c. &c.
To the Right Honorable Lord John Russell, Her Majesty’s Principal Secretary of State for the Colonial Department. 1841. 12mo., 8 pp.

1436. The Claims of Temperance Societies:
A Lecture, Delivered to the Young Men's Literary Society, at L'Original; and subsequently to Respectable Audiences at Montreal, St. Andrews, and Quebec.
By Rev. James T. Byrne.

1437. Resolutions at a meeting held at Quebec, on the subject of Taxes imposed without the consent of representatives.
Quebec, 15th October, 1841. 4to., 2 pp.

1842.

1438. No Mistake: or, A Vindication of the Negotiators of the Treaty of 1783, respecting the North Eastern Boundary of the United States. In a Conversation between John Bull and Jonathan.
By W. R. Hamilton, F.R.S., President of the Royal Geographical Society.
London: Printed by William Nicol, 60, Pall Mall. 1842. 8vo., 20 pp.

Message from The President of the United States, Transmitting a Report of the Board of Commissioners appointed to survey the Northeastern boundary April 12, 1842. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs. December 29, 1842. Ordered to be printed.
Svo., 49 pp.

1440. Reply to an “American’s Examination” of the “Right of Search.” With observations on some of the Questions at issue between Great Britain and the United States, and on certain positions assumed by the North American Government.
By an Englishman.
“Nec mihi regna peto: etc.
London: John Rodwell, 46 New Bond Street. MDCCCXLII. 8vo., 111+lxii pp.

1441. Enquiry into the Validity of the British Claim to a Right of Visitation and Search of American Vessels suspected to be engaged in the African Slave Trade.
By Henry Wheaton, LL.D. Minister of the United States at the Court of Berlin—Author of “Elements of International Law.”
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1442. An Act to provide for the sale of the Clergy Reserves in the Province of Canada, and for the distribution of the proceeds thereof; and an Act to make provision for the management of the Temporalities of the United Church of England and Ireland, in this Province, and for other purposes therein mentioned, &c. &c. &c.


1443. Comparative Advantages between the United States and Canada for British Settlers, considered in a letter addressed to Captain Allerdyce Barclay of Ury. By Thomas Rolph, Esq., Canada. Author of a "Tour through the West Indies, United States and Canada 1832" &c. &c.


1444. The Emigrant, a poem, in four cantos.
By Standish O’Grady, Esq., B.A., T.C.D.
Montreal; Printed for the author. 1842. 16mo., 204 pp.

1445. Information for Emigrants to British North America.
Second Edition. Published by Authority.

1446. Remarks on Emigration: more particularly applicable to the Eastern Townships, Lower Canada.
By William F. Buchan, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons and late President of the Hunterian Society of Edinburgh.

"I have visited the Eastern Townships &c. &c. Despatch from His Excellency Lord Aylmer, Governor in Chief of Lower Canada to the Colonial Secretary, 12th October 1831."


1447. Memoranda of a Settler in Lower Canada; or, The Emigrant in North America. Being a compendium of useful practical Hints to Emigrants, selected from an unpublished Narrative of the adventures of a large family from the north of England, which emigrated to America in 1818, and settled in various parts of the Canadas, and the Western States, as farmers, &c.

Together with an account of every day’s doings upon a farm for a year.
By an Immigrant farmer, of twenty years’ experience.

"The wilderness shall be glad for them, and the desert shall rejoice and blossom as the rose." Isaiah.

Montreal, printed for the author, by Lovell and Gibson, 1842. 16mo., 80 pp.

1448. A Statement of the satisfactory results which have attended Emigration to Upper Canada, from the establishment of the Canada Company until the present period; comprising statistical tables and other important information, communicated by respectable residents in the various townships of Upper Canada.

With a general map of the province. Compiled for the Guidance of emigrants.

Third edition with additional information to the present time.

1449. Report of a Special Committee of the Legislative Assembly of Canada, on the Subject of A Free Trade with Great Britain, in the Agricultural Productions of British North America. And of a Protection to those Productions from the Competition of Foreigners in the Colonial and Home Markets.

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 10th October, 1842.

Kingston: Printed by Desbarats & Cary. 8vo., 40 pp.

1450. An Act to renew the Charter of the Bank of Montreal, and to increase its capital stock.

Assented by Her Majesty, in her Privy Council, 11th March, 1842.

Montreal: Printed by Lovell & Gibson, St. Nicholas Street. 1842. 8vo., 49 pp.

1451. Amended Charter of the University of King's College: Passed by the Provincial Parliament of Upper Canada, on the 4th March, 1837.

Toronto: H. & W. Rowsell, King Street. MDCCCXLII. 8vo., 14 pp.

1452. Royal Charter of Queen's College, Kingston. 1841.

Printed at the Chronicle and Gazette Office, Kingston, Canada, 1842. 8vo., 9 pp.


"Man is a Recording Animal."

No. I.—Concerning the Convention and Gagging Law, 1818. Mr. Gourlay's Arrest and Trial. &c. &c. &c.

Printed and sold at the "Journal" Office, St. Catharines: sold, also by Carter & Bentley, Kingston. 1842. 8vo., 40 pp.

1454. Inaugural Address on the Nature and Advantages of an English and Liberal Education; delivered by the Rev. Egerton Ryerson, at the opening of Victoria College, June 21, 1842: with an account of the opening services, courses of studies, terms, etc., in the college.

Seek first the goods of the mind, &c. Bacon.

Toronto: By order of the Board of Trustees & Visitors, Printed at the Guardian Office, 9 Wellington Buildings. 1842. 8vo., 34 pp.

1455. Letters on Medical Education, (originally published in the Montreal Gazette,) addressed to the Members of the Provincial Legislature of Canada.

By Archibald Hall, M.D.

Montreal: Armour & Ramsay.


1456. Appeal of the undersigned Ministers of the City of Montreal, to the People of Canada, on the Present State and Prospects of the Universities and Colleges in British North America, established by Royal Charter, and supported by Public Funds.

Montreal, August 23, 1842. 4to., 3 pp.


1458. A Sermon preached in the Cathedral Church of St. James, Toronto, Canada, on the 5th day of May, 1842, by the Honourable and Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Toronto, on the death of Elizabeth Emily, wife of the Honourable Mr. Justice Hagerman.

Printed for Private Circulation.
Toronto: Printed at the Diocesan Press, By H. & W. Rowsell, King Street.

1459. A Funeral Sermon, occasioned by the death of the Rev. F. W. Miles, preached in the Baptist Church, Fredericton, N.B. on Sabbath, 16th February, 1842, by the Rev. I. E. Bill.

"The path of the just is as the shining light, which shineth more and more unto the perfect day."

1460. By-laws of the Western District Literary Philosophical and Agricultural Association, as sanctioned at a general meeting, held at Amherstburgh, Sept. 23, 1842. Together with the Discourse delivered by the President on the occasion, elucidative of the objects of the Association.

Published by the unanimous vote of the meeting, for general information.


Published by order of the Board.

8vo., 18 pp.


By Lieut-Colonel Phillipotts, Royal Engineers.
Printed in the Fifth Vol. of Papers on Subjects connected with the Duties of the Corps of Royal Engineer. 1842. 4to., 55 pp.

1843.


1468. Traité entre Sa Majesté et les Etats Unis d'Amérique. Signé à Washington, le 9e Août 1842.
Presenté aux deux Chambres du Parlement, Par Ordre de Sa Majesté. 1843. 4to., 8 pp.
1469. Observations upon the Treaty of Washington, signed August 9, 1842; with the Treaty Annexed. Together with a Map, to illustrate the Boundary Line as Established by the Treaty. Between Her Majesty's Colonies of New Brunswick and Canada and the United States of America.

By George William Featherstonhaugh, Esq., F.R.S., F.G.S., Late one of Her Majesty's Commissioners for the North American Boundary.

London: John W. Parker, West Strand. MDCCXLIII. 8vo., 119 pp.


1471. The Banished Briton. Neptunian.

1843. 8vo., 112½ pp.

1472. Seat of Government. (Canada.)

Quebec: Printed by T. Cary & Co. 1843. 4to., 10 pp.

1473. University of King's College, Toronto, Upper Canada.

Proceedings of the Ceremony of Laying the Foundation Stone, April 23, 1842; and At the Opening of the University, June 8, 1843.

Toronto: H. & W. Rowsell, King Street. MDCCXLIII. 8vo., 86½-xviii pp.


1475. Speech of the Hon. W. H. Draper, Q.C., at the Bar of the Legislative Assembly of Canada, (Friday, November 24, 1843), In Defence of the Chartered Rights of the University of King's College.

Authorised Report.

Toronto, Canada—MDCCXLIII. 8vo., 17 pp.


R. Watson, Printer, Kingston, 1843. 4to., 19 pp.


December, 1843.

Published by order of the Board.

Watson, Printer—Kingston. 8vo., 11 pp.

1478. The Strangers' Guide to the City of Montreal.

By Robert W. S. Mackay.

Accompanied by Bourne's New Map of the City.

Montreal: Printed and published by Lovell and Gibson, St. Nicholas Street, and by Robert W. S. Mackay, No. 115, Notre Dame Street. [1843.] Price, 1s. 6d. 24mo., 32 pp.


Quebec: De l'imprimerie de J.-B. Fréchette, père, Imprimeur-Libraire, No. 13, rue Lamontagne. 1843. 8vo., 95 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1480. The Sandwich Islands. Progress of events since their discovery by Captain Cook. Their occupation by Lord George Paulet. Their VALUE AND IMPORTANCE.
By Alexander Simpson, Esq., Late acting there as Her Majesty's Consul.
"Let us not fold our hand," &c. &c.—Edinburgh Review.

1481. The Plough and the Ledger, or Country versus City; A Dialogue between Peter Ploughman, a Country Farmer; and Lyman Ledger, a Bankrupt Merchant.
Also an Address to the Members of the new House of Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick.
By James Redfern.
"Unhappy wit, etc. . . . . Pope.

1482. Six Letters in Defence of the ORDER OF JESUITS; originally addressed to the Editor of the "Montreal Herald," in reply to a series of articles published by him against the principles and practise of that order.
Montreal: Printed for the Author, by John Corcoran, 10, Bleury Street. 1843. 8vo., 30 pp.

1483. The Life of a Backwoodsman; or, particulars of the Emigrant's situation in settling on the wild land of Canada.
By a Settler, at Stratford, Huron District, Canada West.
(Written by John J. E. Linton.)

1484. Sketches of Highlanders: with An Account of Their Early Arrival in North America; Their Advancement in Agriculture; and some of their Distinguished Military Services in the War of 1812, &c. &c. With LETTERS, Containing USEFUL INFORMATION FOR EMIGRANTS from The Highlands of Scotland to the British Provinces.
By R. C. Macdonald, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Castle Tioram Regiment of Highlanders, Prince Edward Island; Chief of the Highland Society of Nova Scotia; and Paymaster of the 30th Regiment.

1485. Her Majesty's Province of New Brunswick, British North America. PRACTICAL INFORMATION respecting NEW BRUNSWICK, including details relative to its soil, climate, productions, and agriculture, published for the use of persons intending to settle upon the lands of the New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Land Company. With Maps.
London: Pelham Richardson, 23, Cornhill. Sold also by Sowler, Simms and Dinharn, and Mrs. Heywood, Manchester; Robinson, Liverpool; Cross, Leeds; Black & Co., Edinburgh; and Murray, Glasgow. 1843. Price 6d. 8vo., 46 pp. and map.

1486. Report of the Board of Works, laid before the Honourable Legislative Council, by Command of His Excellency the Governor General, on the 13th of October, 1843.
Printed by order of the Hon. Legislative Council. 4to., 24 pp.

1488. Travels in the Great Western Prairies, the Anahuac and Rocky Mountains, and in the Oregon Territory.
By Thomas J. Farnham. (Title page missing.) 8vo., 112 pp.


1491. Addresses and Testimonials to James Buchanan, Esq., Ex-Consul of New York, upon his retirement from the Consulate of that City with his respective replies. 1843. 8vo., 8 pp.

By Matthew Richey, A.M.


Extracted from Hansard's Parliamentary Debates, 1843. 8vo., 8 pp.

Extracted from Hansard's Parliamentary Debates, 1843. 8vo., 16 pp.

1496. Copies of letters addressed by the Rev. P. McMahon, to the editors of Le Journal de Québec, and Le Canadien, Containing the Report of a Conference, which took place, at his residence, in the month of April last, between him and two itinerant preachers.
"My thoughts are not as . . .

Isaias, Cap. LV.

Quebec: Printed by Augustin Côte et Cie. 1843. 8vo., 35 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1497. Association Catholique de Temperance de la Paroisse de Beaufort.
Québec: De l'Imprimerie de J-B Frechette, Pere, Rue La Montagne, Basse-Ville. 1843. 8vo., 34 pp.

1498. Two Letters Addressed to the Editor of the Church, exposing the Intolerant Bigotry of that Journal, And Animadverting especially on the Spirit and Assumptions of An Editorial Article which Appeared in its columns on the 7th April, 1843.
By Matthew Richey, A.M., Wesleyan Minister.

1499. A Discourse, Delivered before the Loyal Montreal Lodge of the Manchester Unity of the I.O. of O.F. At their First Anniversary, Nov. 7, 1843.
By the Rev. W. Taylor.
Published by Request.

1500. Articles of Agreement made this 18th day of December in the year of Our Lord 1843 between Her Majesty's Commissioner and James Whitney for the Conveyance of Mails between Halifax and St. Johns. 4to., 4 pp.

1501. On the Present Condition of United Canada, containing plans for the advancement of its Agriculture, Commerce and future Prosperity, with strictures on the eventful question of responsible Government, and the present crisis of the Province.
Montreal: Printed for the Author by Lovell and Gibson. 1843 (?) 8vo., 104 pp.

1502. Regulations relative to the Appointments to Public Offices in the Colonies.


1505. Some remarks upon Sir Charles Bagot's Canadian Government, by the Reverend Dr. Ryerson, of Victoria College, Cobourg.

"With these men came the germ of our Republic."

29a—41a
1844.

1507. History of Oregon Territory, it being a Demonstration of the Title of these United States of North America to the same. Accompanied by a Map.
   By Thomas J. Farnham, Esq.
   Author of "Travels in the Great Western Prairies, the Anahau, and the Rocky Mountains, and the Oregon Territory," "Travels in the Californias," and "Scenes in the Pacific," etc. etc. etc.

1508. The Claims to the Oregon Territory Considered.
   By Adam Thom, Esq. Recorder of Rupert's Land.
   8vo., 44 pp.

1509. England in the Western Hemisphere: The United States and Canada. (From the Portfolio of March 1st, 1844.)
   By David Urquhart, Esq.

1510. Narrative and Recollections of Van Diemen's Land, during a Three Years' Captivity of Stephen S. Wright; together with an account of the Battle of Prescott, in which he was taken prisoner; his imprisonment in Canada; trial, condemnation and transportation to Australia; his terrible sufferings in the British Penal Colony of Van Diemen's Land; and return to the United States: With a Copious Appendix, embracing facts and documents relating to the Patriot War, now first given to the Public, from the original notes and papers of Mr. Wright, and other sources.
   Eternal Spirit of the chainless mind, &c.—Byron.
   By Caleb Lyon, of Lyonsdale.

1511. The Addresses Presented to His Excellency The Right Hon. Sir Chas. T. Metcalfe, Bart., G.C.B., Governor-General of British North America, &c. &c. On the Occasion of the Resignation of His Late Advisers; with His Excellency's Replies.

1512. Letters on Responsible Government. By Legion.
   Toronto: Printed at the Examiner Office. 1844.
   (Written by Hon. R. B. Sullivan.) 8vo., 216+xvi pp.

1513. Plans for Beautifying New York and for Enlarging and Improving the City of Boston. Being Studies to illustrate the Science of City Building.
   By Robert Fleming Gourlay.
   Boston: Published by Crocker and Brewster and Saxton, Peirce & Co. 1844. 8vo., 38+4 pp.

1514. The Hon. R. B. Sullivan's Attacks upon Sir Charles Metcalfe Refuted by Egerton Ryerson; being a Reply to the Letters of "Legion."
   Toronto: Printed at the Office of the British Colonist, 137 King Street. 1844. 8vo., 63 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1515. Sir Charles Metcalfe Defended against the Attacks of His Late Counsellors:
By Egerton Ryerson.
Toronto: Printed at the British Colonist Office, 137 King Street. 1844. 8vo., 182+iv pp.

By a Member of the Provincial Parliament. (Hon. Edward Gibbon Wakefield.)

1517. La Crise Ministerielle et Mr. Denis Benjamin Viger, etc. en deux Parties.
Première Partie. Observations sur les procédés de la Chambre relatifs à la Résignation des Ministres.
Seconde Partie. Résumé d'observations faits en Chambre, par M. Viger, surtout le 2 Décembre 1843, dans son discours relatif à la demande d'une Adresse en faveur des Ministres résignataires.
English Edition of above also on the shelves.

1518. The Ministerial Crisis: Mr. D. B. Viger, and His Position: Being a Review of the Hon. Mr. Viger's Pamphlet entitled "La Crise Ministerielle et Mr. Denis Benjamin Viger, etc. en Deux Parties."
By a Reformer of 1836.
Printed and Sold at the Chronicle & Gazette Office. Kingston, 1844.
(A note signed "F. Hincks, Xmas, 1882," says, "This was written by me in 1844.") 8vo., 20 pp.

1519. The "Crise" Metcalfe and the Lafontaine-Baldwin Cabinet Defended.
Letter of Zeno to the Legislative Assembly of Canada.
At sperate Deos memores fandi atque nefandi.—Virg.
Quebec: Printed by W. Cowan & Son. 1844. 8vo., 44 pp.

1520. First Series of five letters, against the Baldwin faction, by an advocate of Responsible Government, and of the new College Bill.
Toronto: Printed at the British Colonist Office. 1844. 8vo., 38 pp.
(Written by Isaac Buchanan.)

1521. Address to the People of Canada, by the Reform Association: Adopted at a General Meeting, held at the Association Rooms, at Toronto, the 16th Day of May, 1844.
The Hon. Adam Fergusson, of Woodhill, in the Chair.
Toronto: Printed at the Examiner Office. 1844. 8vo., 16 pp.

1522. Tracts for the People, by authority of the Reform Association of Canada.
No. 1. The resignation of the late Ministers.
Toronto: Printed by George Brown, Yonge Street. 1844. 8vo., 16 pp.

1523. The Claims of Mechanics' Institutes, or The Importance of Communicating Literary, Scientific, and Mechanical Knowledge to The Working Classes, an Introductory Address, delivered in The Mechanics' Institute, Saint John, N.B., November 27, 1843, By the Rev. J. C. Gallaway, A.M., and Published by the request of the Directors.
1524. (Observations upon the) Boundary Line between Canada and New Brunswick, according to the Royal Proclamation of 1763, and the Quebec Act of 1774. By the Surveyor General of New Brunswick, Commissioner appointed to assist in exploring and tracing the said boundary. December, 1844. 8vo., 16 pp. 2 maps.

1525. American Memoranda, by A Mercantile Man, during a short tour in the Summer of 1843.
For Private Circulation. Glasgow: Bell & Bain, St. Enoch Square. MDCCCXLIV. 4to., 60 pp.

1526. Message from The President of the United States. Communicating (In compliance with a resolution of the Senate) Copies of correspondence in relation to the interpretation of the Tenth Article of the Treaty between the United States and Great Britain of the 9th August, 1842. March 21, 1844. Read, and ordered to be printed. 8vo., 36 pp.

1527. The Colonial Cambist; or Tables of the Assay, or Fineness, Weight, and Sterling Value of Foreign Coins circulating (By authority) in the British Possessions in North America and the West Indies, to which are added Tables of the Comparative Values of Sterling monies in Currency and Currency in Sterling.

1528. The Emigrant to North America, from Memoranda of a settler in Canada. Being a Compendium of useful practical Hints to Emigrants with an account of every day's doings upon a farm for a year.

1529. The Origin, History, and Management of the University of King's College, Toronto.
"What we want is Liberty—Absolute Liberty—Just and True Liberty—Equal and Impartial Liberty."—Locke.
Toronto: Printed by George Brown, 142 King Street. MDCCCXLIV. 8vo., 101 pp.

1530. Circular containing Instructions to the School Commissioners in Canada East and a précis of their duties. Montreal, May 1, 1844. 16mo., 24 pp.

1531. Extract from the Will of the Late Hon. James McGill, with the Charter of the University of McGill College, and the Address, Delivered by the Principal on the Occasion of the Opening of that Institution, Sixth September, 1843.
Montreal: Printed by Lovell and Gibson, Saint Nicholas Street. 1844. 8vo., 28 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1532. Discours fait devant la "Société de Discussion de Québec" le 15 Juillet 1844, sur le vaisseau trouvé à l'embouchure du ruisseau St-Michel, et que l'on prétend être la Petite Hermine de Jacques Cartier.
Par A. Berthelot.
Quebec. 1844. 8vo., 15 pp. (Title page missing.)

1533. An Act to Incorporate The Church Societies of the United Church of England and Ireland, in the Dioceses of Quebec and Toronto.

Montreal: Printed by Lovell & Gibson, St. Nicholas Street. 1844. 16mo., 69 pp.

Montreal, Printed by J. C. Becket, St. Paul Street. 1844. 12mo., 43 pp.

1536. Nebiro-iriniiu aiamihé massinahigan, shotshegutsh, mitinekapitish iskuamiskutsh, netshekatsh misht', assinitsh, shekutimitsh, ekuanatsh, ashuabmushuanistsh-.piakungamitsh, Gaie missi missi nehiro-iriniiu Astshitsh ka tatjits, ka kueiasku aiamihatjits ka utshi.
Ubistiguatsh.
Massinahitsheu, J. B. Fréchette, Père, No. 13, Rue Lamontagne. 1844. 16mo., 100 pp.

1537. A Commemorative Oration, delivered at the 14th encânia in King's College.
Fredericton. June 27, 1844.
By Edwin Jacob, D.D., Vice President.
Fredericton: John Simpson, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1844. 8vo., 15 pp.

1538. Indian Researches or, Facts concerning the North American Indians; including notices of their present state of improvement, in their social, civil, and religious condition with hints for their future advancement.
By Benjamm Slight.

1539. Reasons why the Montreal Gas Light Company should be protected by the Legislature, (irrelevant of the particular clauses of any bills for incorporating another company,) 1844. 4to., 7 pp.

1845.

1540. Canada Under Successive Administrations.
"Let not my acts be without judgment nor against it."—Jeremy Taylor
"We found her" (America) etc. etc.—Burke.
From the Portfolio for September 1844.
London: John Olivier, 59 Pall Mall. 1845. 8vo., 100 pp.

1541. Journal of Charles Carroll of Carrollton, during his visit to Canada in 1776, as one of the Commissioners from Congress.
With a memoir and notes by Brantz Mayer, Cor. Sec. Md. Hist. Soc. Published by the Maryland Historical Society.
Baltimore: Printed and Published by J. Murphy, 178 Baltimore Street. MDCCCXLV. 8vo., 84 pp.
1542. The Journal of the Bishop of Montreal, during a visit to the Church Missionary Society’s North West America Mission.
   To which is added, by the secretaries, an appendix, giving an account of the formation of the mission, and its progress to the present time.
   London: Seeley, Burnside and Seeley; Hatchard and Son, Nisbet and Co. MDCCCXLV. Price four shillings. 16mo., vii+236 pp.

1543. A Pastoral Letter to the Clergy and Lay members of the Established Church in Western Canada, from The Lord Bishop of Toronto.
   Cobourg; printed at the Diocesan Press. 1845. 12mo., 8 pp.

1544. Journal of a Voyage across the Atlantic: with notes on Canada & the United States; and return to Great Britain, in 1844.
   By George Moore, Esq.

1545. A Brief Narrative of the Shipwreck of The Transport "Premier," near the mouth of the River St. Lawrence, On the 4th November 1843, Having on board the Head-quarter wing of the second Battalion of the First or Royal Regiment, Proceeding from North America to the West Indies. Illustrated with several engravings from sketches made on the spot.
   By George R. Dartnell.
   The drawings in Lithotint by J. A. Hammersley.

1546. The Travellers’ Hand Book for the State of New York, The Province of Canada, and parts of the adjoining States: containing brief accounts of the towns, their public buildings and other objects of interest—natural and artificial curiosities—historical memoranda—modes of conveyance—tables of distances by railroad, canal, stage, and river routes in every direction: The whole arranged on a new plan. By which every interesting object on the leading routes is brought into view, with maps, etc. Third Edition.
   By H. S. Tanner.
   New York: Published at the Geological establishment. S.E. corner of Fulton and Nassau streets. 1845. 24mo., 166 pp.

1547. A Brief Review of the Revenue, Resources, and Expenditures of Canada compared with those of the neighbouring State of New-York; with an examination into the causes which have produced the present extravagant system, and suggesting a remedy. Designed to relieve the inhabitants of this province wholly from direct taxation, and afford a large annual surplus for the improvement of the country.
   By William Hamilton Merritt.

1548. The Travellers’ Guide to the River St. Lawrence and Lake Ontario.
   By Robert W. S. Mackay.
   Montreal: Published by Robert W. S. Mackay, No. 115, Notre Dame Street. Lovell and Gibson, Printers, St. Nicholas Street. 1845. 24mo., 28 pp.

1549. The Oregon Question; or, A Statement of the British Claims to the Oregon Territory, in Opposition to the Pretensions of the Government of the United States of America.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

By Thomas Falconer, Esq., Barrister at Law of Lincoln's Inn, Member of the Royal Geographical Society, etc.


1550. Proceedings had in the Legislature of Upper Canada during the years 1831-2, and 3 on the subject of the LANDS SET APART BY HIS LATE MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY, KING GEORGE THE THIRD FOR THE PURPOSE OF SCHOOLS; together with sundry despatches and documents relative to the same subject.

Montreal: Printed by Desbarats & Derbishire, Printers to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty 1845. 8vo., 48 pp.

1551. Message from the PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES to the TWO HOUSES OF CONGRESS, at the Commencement of the First Session of the Twenty-Ninth Congress.


1552. Journal d'un Exilé Politique aux Terres AUSTRALES.

Par L. DUCHARME.


1553. Analyse des Traditions Religieuses des Peuples INDIGÈNES de L'Amérique.

Par Adolphe Kastner.

Les Voyageurs modernes ont trouvé en Amérique: les Vestales, le Feu nouveau, la Circoncision, le Baptême, la Confession, et enfin la Présence réelle, sous les espèces du pain et du vin.

Soirées de St. Petersbourg, par M. le Comte Jos. de Maistre, II, 85.


1554. No Honesty Separate from Veracity. [Extracts from The Courier and the Montreal Herald—relative to the Controversy between Mr. Kent, W. M. Harvard and Dr. Fallon, re. Church in Canada.]

8vo., 35 pp.

1555. Letter from Alexander McLeod to Sir Allan Napier Macnab, Knight, Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of Canada, requesting compensation for the losses he sustained and the injuries he suffered when arrested by the United States as one of the party who destroyed the Steamer Caroline. Dated Niagara, 4 Jan., 1845. 8vo., 22 pp.

1556. A Letter to the Hon. ROBERT BALDWIN, from Wm. Hume Blake, A.B., Professor of Law in the University of King's College, upon the ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE in WESTERN CANADA.

To which is appended the petition on the same subject now before the Legislature.

TORONTO: Printed by GEORGE BROWN, Yonge Street. 1845. 12mo., 40 pp.

1557. Thoughts on the University QUESTION, respectfully submitted to the Members of both HOUSES of the LEGISLATURE OF CANADA.

By a Master of Arts.

Hoc opus, hoc studium . . . Hor.

Kingston: Printed at the Chronicle & Gazette Office. 1845. 8vo., 36 pp.

1558. The New University Bill, as projected by the Provincial Government, with remarks upon its several heads. Also Two Proposed Methods for the adjustment of this question.

In a Letter to the Editor of "The Church".

1559. The University Question considered.
   By a Graduate.
   Multi dubitabant, quid optimum esset: ... Cicero.
   Toronto: H. & W. Rowsell, King Street. 1845. 8vo., 67 pp.

1560. Observations on the History and Recent Proceedings of the Canada Company;
   Addressed in four letters to Frederick Widder, one of the Commissioners.
   Alas, for the Press of Canada! it neglects its highest duty,—protection to
   the friendless stranger; or such things would not be.
   1845. (Signed Aliquis.) 12mo., 54 pp.

1561. Message from His Excellency the Governor General, with Reports on a
   Geological Survey of the Province of Canada, Presented to the House on the
   27th January, 1845.
   Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly.
   Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, Printers, St. Nicholas Street. 1845. 8vo.,
   159 pp.
   (Report of Sir W. Logan.)

1562. Note sur les Biens que les Jesuites possedaient en Canada, et sur l'affectation
   que ces biens doivent recevoir aujourd'hui.
   Quebec: De l'Imprimerie d'Augustin Coté et Cie. Près de l'Archevêché.
   1845. 12mo., 42 pp.

1563. Memoir upon the Estates which the Jesuits possessed in Canada, and the
   objects to which those estates should be at present applied.
   Montreal printed by Desbarats & Derbishire, Queen's printers, 1845. 8vo.,
   39 pp.

   Par A. Berthelot, Ect., Avocat, M.P.P.
   Lue a la Société de Discussion de Quebec, dans la seance de Lundi 12 Mai,
   1845.

1565. Report of the Survey of the Projected Line of Railroad from Stanstead to
   Montreal; with Estimates of the Cost of Construction.
   By William P. Crocker, Civil Engineer.
   Montreal: Printed by Lovell & Gibson, Saint Nicholas Street. 1845. 8vo.,
   23 pp.

1566. Sketches and Tales illustrative of Life in the Backwoods of New Brunswick,
   North America, Gleaned from actual observation and experience during a resi-
   dence of seven years in that interesting colony.
   By Mrs. F. Beavan.
   "Son of the Isles etc. etc."
   London: George Routledge, 36, Soho Square, 1845. 16mo., 142 pp.

1567. The Report of a meeting in St. John, of certain Gentlemen acting as a Local
   Committee for the purpose of furthering the views of the London Committee for
   the carrying on of a Rail-road in New Brunswick. Oct. 27, 1845.
   Also report of meeting in Fredericton. Oct. 28, 1845. 8vo., 8+2 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

   By Sir John Smyth.
   Toronto, September 26th, 1845. 12mo., 8 pp.


1571. Report of the Provisional Committee of the ATLANTIC & ST. LAWRENCE RAILROAD, appointed 2nd October, 1845, at Halifax. Shewing that the Line suggested from Halifax, via Truro and Cumberland, is best adapted for Connecting the Provinces of British North America.
   With a Map.

1572. An Act to incorporate the LOCKPORT AND NIAGARA FALLS RAIL-ROAD COMPANY, with the several Acts amendatory of the same.

   Laid before the Legislative Assembly, February, 1845, and ordered to be printed.
   Montreal: Printed by Desbarats and Derbishire, Printers to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1845. Folio, 82 pp.

1574. Sermon preached in the Scotch Church, Beauharnois, By Rev. Walter Roach, Minister of that Church, On Sabbath, 23rd September, 1845; on occasion of the deaths by drowning, of Messrs. F. Cowan and C. J. Chard.
   Published at the request of the Congregation.

1575. Recollections of a Beloved Pastor: (Rev'd Robert David Cartwright.)
   By C. M. M.
   "The memory of the Just is blessed."—10th chapter of Proverbs, 6th verse.
   "Well done thou good and faithful Servant . . . enter thou into the joy of the Lord."—25th chapter St. Matthew, 21st verse.
   The profits, if any, to be devoted to St. James Church, Stuartville.

1576. Report on the Part of the Convener of the Synod's Committee to Negotiate on the Subject of Reunion with the Seceding Brethren (Presbyterian Church) 1845. 8vo., 8 pp.

1577. Instructions for the Government of Her Majesty's Consuls abroad, in all matters coming under the cognizance and control of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty; as directed by Admiralty Order, dated 30th January 1845.
   London: Printed by W. Clowes and Sons, 14, Charing Cross, for Her Majesty's Stationery Office. 1845. 8vo., 24 pp.

(Joseph Howe.)

“Six hours to sleep, to laws grave study six, four spend in prayer, the rest on lying fix.”


1846.

1579. Oregon: The Claim of the United States to Oregon, as Stated in the Letters of The Hon. J. C. Calhoun and the Hon. J. Buchanan, (American Secretaries of State,) to The Right Hon. R. Pakenham, Her Britannic Majesty’s Plenipotentiary. With An Appendix, Containing The Counter Statement of Mr. Pakenham to the American Secretaries of State. And a Map, showing the Boundary Line Proposed by each Party.


1580. Crisis in North America! Slavery, War, Balance of Power, and Oregon.

By Israel Lewis, Coloured Man!


1581. Question de l’Orégon.

Par le Major G. T. Poussin, 1846.


Philadelphia: Published by the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. 1846. 8vo., 40 pp.

1583. A Narrative of Col. Ethan Allen’s Captivity.

Written by Himself.

Fourth Edition, with notes.


1584. The Exile’s Return; or Narrative of Samuel Snow, who was Banished to Van Diemen’s Land, for Participating in the Patriot War, in Upper Canada, in 1838.


1585. Narrative of a Voyage to, and travels in Upper Canada, with accounts of the Customs, Character and Dialect of the Country, also remarks on Emigration, Agriculture &c.

By James Taylor, Crowle, Lincolnshire.

Hall: Published by John Nicholson, Bookseller, 48 Lowgate, and may be had of all booksellers, 1846. 16mo., 135 pp.

1586. Observations on a work, entitled “Voyages of Discovery and Research within the Arctic Regions,” By John Barrow, Bart. Aetat. 82:

Being a refutation of the numerous misrepresentations contained in that volume.


“Oh! that mine enemy would write a book!”

Published for the author.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

   (Written by Joseph Howe in Oct., 1846.) 8vo., 41 pp.

1588. A Letter to the Right Hon. Earl Grey, Her Majesty’s Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies, In which the political events of the last three years are briefly reviewed, and remedial measures suggested, and in which also, the Imperial Government is urged to repeal all differential duties; to throw open the navigation of the St. Lawrence, and to give up its control over the Canadian Post-Office Department.
   By A Canadian.
   Montreal: Published by Armour & Ramsay. 1846. 8vo., 16 pp.

1589. Correspondence between the Hon. W. H. Draper & the Hon. R. E. Caron; and, between the Hon. R. E. Caron and the Honbles. L. H. Lafontaine & A. N. Morin, referred to in a recent debate in the Legislative Assembly. Containing many suppressed letters.
   Montreal: Printed by Desbarats & Derbyshire, Queen’s Printers. 8vo., 36 pp.


   Québec: Imprimé par J. B. Fréchette, Père, rue La Montagne, No. 13, 1846. 8vo., 18 pp.


1593. First Report of the Commissioners appointed to enquire into the Losses occasioned by the Troubles arising during the years 1837 and 1838, and into the Damages arising therefrom. 1846.
   Montreal: Printed by Lovell & Gibson, St. Nicholas Street. 4to., 49 pp.

1594. An Account of a journey to Niagara, Montreal and Quebec, in 1765; or “’Tis Eighty Years since.”
   (By Ralph Izard.)


1596. Bill, entitled, An Act to Incorporate the British American Mining Company. Received and read first time, Monday, 20th April, 1846. Second Reading, Monday, the 27th April, 1846.
   Mr. McDonald, (of Kingston.)
   Printed by Desbarats & Derbyshire. 4to., 10 pp.

1597. Remarks on the present insufficient Lighting of the City of Montreal, and the necessity for an application to the Legislature by the citizens, for power to establish a new Montreal Gas-Light Company, to be entitled The Montreal Gas Consumers’ Company.
   Montreal, printed at the Montreal Herald Office, No. 23 St. Gabriel Street, 1846. 8vo., 28 pp.
1598. Discours de M. Berthelot, prononcé dans une Assemblée de l'Association des Instituteurs du District de Québec, le 10 Janvier, 1846.
12mo., 10 pp.


1600. Rapport de E. S. de Rottermund, Ecuyer, chniniste de l'exploration Geologique de la province. Transmis au secrétaire provincial le 17 Avril 1846.
Imprimé par ordre de l'Assemblée Legislative.

1601. Message from His Excellency the Governor General transmitting Copies of Correspondence relating to King's College University. 1844-1846.
Montreal: Printed by Lovell & Gibson, St. Nicholas Street. 4to., 24 pp.


1603. A word on the Clergy Reserve Question, Montreal, April 24, 1846.
12mo., 4 pp.

1604. The Revenue Book: containing the New Tariff of 1846, together with the Tariff of 1842, Reduced to Ad Valorem Rates as far as practicable, also, The Sub-Treasury, Warehousing, and Canadian Transit Bills, of 1846, and the Act allowing Drawback on Goods exported to Santa Fe, and other Places, Passed in 1845. With the Treasury Circulars in Relation thereto. Likewise, The New British Tariff, as amended by the Passage of the New Corn Laws and Sugar Duties, at the Late Session of Parliament; Together with a condensed Cambist, or Table of all Foreign Gold and Silver Coins, Reduced to Federal Currency. Compiled from the most authentic Sources.
By A. Jones.
New York: Published by Bell & Gould, 158 Nassau Street, Booksellers and Stationers, Printers and Law Blank Publishers. 1846. 8vo., 63 pp.

1605. Letter on Free Trade and Navigation of the St. Lawrence, addressed to the Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, Governor General of Her Majesty's North American Possessions: By James Buchanan, Esq., late Her Majesty's Consul at New York: with an Appendix shewing that it is contrary to the laws of England, to raise a revenue from the manufacture of spirituous liquors, as abetting crime.

1606. Petition of the Quebec Board of Trade to the Right Honorable W. E. Gladstone, Her Majesty's Minister of State for the Colonies, praying for a Reduction of Timber Duty.
Quebec, March, 1846 4to., 2 pp.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a
Published agreeably to the Act 45, Geo. III, Cap. 12 Sec. 23.
Quebec: Printed by J. C. Fisher, No. 6, Mountain Street, Lower Town. 1846. 16mo., 26 pp.

1608. Short Remarks on the Present State of the Navy.
By Rear-Admiral Bowles, C.B., M.P.

1609. Projet de Reglement pour qu'il y ait Uniformité dans le Gouvernement des Cures du Diocese de Montreal.

1610. Things to be Remembered. A Sermon, By The REV. W. Agar Adamson, A.B., Chaplain to the Legislative Council of Canada, and Assistant Minister of Christ Church.

1611. Petition of Robert F. Gourlay, to be heard at the Bar of the House, or before a Committee.
Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. (200 copies.)

1612. Marylebone Meeting. Speeches delivered at a meeting in behalf of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, on Thursday June 25, 1846.
London: Printed by Richard Clay, Bread Street Hill. 1846. 8vo., 40 pp.

1613. Proceedings at a Meeting held in the Egyptian Hall, Mansion House, on Tuesday March 17, 1846, to increase the means of Religious Instruction for the Emigrants and Settlers in the British Colonies, through the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel.
London: Printed by Richard Clay, Bread Street Hill. 1846. 8vo., 36 pp.

1614. Westminster Meeting. Proceedings of a Meeting at the Hanover Square Rooms, on Tuesday April 28, 1846, in behalf of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts.

1615. Address of the Free Trade Association, to the Inhabitants of Canada.
Montreal, March, 1846. 4to., 3 pp.

1616. Prospectus of the St. Andrews and Quebec Rail Road.

1847.

Vide Journal page 132.

From His Honour Judge Burns, to the Attorney General, Canada West.

1620. An Appeal to the People of the Late Province of Upper Canada.
By Colonel Fitz Gibbon.
Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, Printers, St. Nicholas Street. 1847.
To be had at the principal Bookstores, Price 1s. 3d. 8vo., 65 pp.

Montreal: Printed by Lovell and Gibson, St. Nicholas Street. 1847. 8vo., xii+191 pp.

1622. Report (Annual) of Common Schools in Upper Canada, for the year 1846; by the chief Superintendent of Schools.
Montreal: Printed by Rollo Campbell, Place d'Armes Hill. 1847. 4to., 14 pp.

1623. Special Report of the measures which have been adopted for the Establishment of a Normal School; and for carrying into effect generally The Common School Act, (9th Vict. Cap. XX) with an Appendix.
By the Superintendent of Schools for Upper Canada.
Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly.
Montreal, printed by Lovell and Gibson, Saint Nicholas Street. 1847. 8vo., 72 pp.

1624. Address to the Electors of Canada, reproducing Papineau's Address to the Electors of St. Maurice and Huntingdon.
1847. Single folio page.

1625. Remarks for Emigrants.
By John J. E. Linton, Author of the "Backwoodsman." A Settler at Stratford, Huron District. Canada West.

4to., 11 pp.

1627. Observations on the Poor Relief Bill for Ireland, and its bearing on the important subject of Emigration; with some remarks on the great public works projected in the British North American Colonies.
By Major T. St. Leger Alecock.
JOURNAL HISTORIQUE

DES ÉVÉNEMENTS ARRIVÉS

À

SAINT EUSTACHE,

PENDANT LA RÉBELLION DU COMTÉ DU LAC DES DEUX-MONTAGNES

Depuis les soulèvements commencés à la fin de novembre, jusqu'au moment où la tranquillité fut parfaitement rétablie.

Deus ulterior Libere egit,
Super ipsos in colis tonubit,
In malitia eorum disperdet eos.

PAR UN TÉMOIN Oculaire.

MONTREAL:
Publié par John Jones.

1833.
THE CAROLINE ALMANACK, AND AMERICAN FREEMAN'S CHRONICLE.
FOR 1840.
Being Bicentennial of Leap Year, and the 6th of American Independence. Calculated for Albany, Lat. 42° 39' N., but will serve for the whole of New York, the Northern and Middle States, New England, Canada, &c.

"It was perpetrated after concert and preparation, by an armed and superior force, upon unarmed and defenseless men, under cover of night, and circumstances of signal atrocity. Indeed, at the very moment when the Lieutenant Governor of Upper Canada was declaring to the Provincial Parliament his confidence in the disposition of the American Government to prevent its citizens from engaging in the contest that was then raging, and was waiting for replies from the Governor of New York and Her Majesty's Minister at Washington, with whom he had communicated, this outrage was, with his knowledge and approbation, planned and executed. Under such circumstances, it was not to have been expected that the whole proceeding could be regarded by the Government of the United States in any other light than as a manifest act of hostile and daring aggression upon its rights and sovereignty, utterly inconsistent with all the principles of national law, and wholly irreconcilable with the friendly and peaceful relations of the two countries."—Mr. Stevenson the American Minister's letter of 2d May, 1838 to Lord Palmerston, demanding redress for the Massacre at Schlosser.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.
MACKENZIE'S GAZETTE OFFICE.

[See No. 1375]
THE

SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

OF THE

GRAND RIVER

NAVIGATION COMPANY.

May, 1841.

PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

ST. CATHARINES:
PRINTED BY HIRAM LEAVENWORTH.
1841.

(See No. 1420)
THE CLAIMS

TO THE

OREGON TERRITORY

CONSIDERED.

BY ADAM THOM, ESQ.,

RECORER OF RUPERT'S LAND.

LONDON:
SMITH, ELDER AND CO., 65, CORNHILL.
1844.

[Price One Shilling.]
EXTRACT
FROM THE
WILL OF THE LATE HON. JAMES McGILL,
WITH THE
Charter of the University of McGill College;
AND
THE ADDRESS,
DELIVERED BY THE PRINCIPAL, ON THE OCCASION OF THE OPENING OF THAT INSTITUTION,
SIXTH SEPTEMBER, 1843.

Montreal:
PRINTED BY LOVELL AND GIBSON, SAINT NICHOLAS STREET
1844.
A BRIEF REVIEW
OF THE
REVENUE, RESOURCES, AND EXPENDITURES
OF
CANADA,
COMPARED WITH THOSE OF THE NEIGHBORING
STATE OF NEW-YORK:
WITH AN EXAMINATION INTO THE CAUSES WHICH HAVE PRODUCED THE
PRESENT EXTRAVAGANT SYSTEM, AND SUGGESTING A
REMEDY;
DESIGNED TO
RELIEVE THE INHABITANTS OF THIS PROVINCE
WHOLLY FROM
DIRECT TAXATION,
AND AFFORD A
LARGE ANNUAL SURPLUS,
FOR THE
IMPROVEMENT OF THE COUNTRY.

By William Hamilton Merritt.

ST. CATHARINES:
H. LEAVENWORTH, BOOK AND JOB PRINTER, JOURNAL OFFICE.
1845.
A LETTER

to the

HON. ROBERT BALDWIN,

from

WM. HUME BLAKE, A.B.,
Professor of Law in the University of King's College,

upon the

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE

in

WESTERN CANADA.

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To which is appended the petition on the same subject now before the Legislature.
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TORONTO:
Printed by George Brown, Yonge Street.
1845
CANADA WEST

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

Chartered by Act of Parliament.

CAPITAL STOCK £1,500,000 Cy.
£125,000 RESERVED FOR CANADA.

DIRECTORS:

SIR ALLAN N. MACNAB, President.

Wm. M. Shaw,        James B. Ewart,
John O. Hatt,       Peter Carroll,
L. Lawrason,        George S. Tiffany.

Jasper T. Gilkison, Secretary.

HAMILTON:

G. P. Bull, Gazette Office.

1845.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1628. Copy of Letter to His Excellency Sir Benjamin D’Urban, G.C.B., K.C.H.,
Commanding the forces in Canada.
Toronto: 1847. 8vo., 15 pp.

1629. Letter to His Excellency the Right Honourable Lord Elgin, on Responsible
Government as applied simply to the Province of Canada; together with his Lord-
ship’s celebrated speech, delivered in the House of Commons, as Lord Bruce in
1841, deprecating, in the strongest terms, all appointments to office by a tottering
ministry, not enjoying the confidence of the people.
By Fuimus.
Montreal, printed by Donoghue & Mantz, 142 Notre Dame Street, January,
1847. 8vo., 20 pp.

1630. Remarks on the Conduct of the Naval Administration of Great Britain since
1815.
By a Flag Officer.
With a preface by Rear-Admiral Bowles.
Fas est et ab hoste doceri.
Third Edition.

1631. Letter of J. G. Spragge to the Attorney General and Solicitor General of Upper
Canada.
Toronto, 2nd June, 1847. 8vo., 28 pp.

1632. Letters, Addressed to the Inhabitants of the Niagara District. On Free Trade,
&c.
By W. Hamilton Merritt, Esq., M.P.

1633. Note additionnelle à celle de 1845 sur les biens des Jesuites, après leur sup-
pression et depuis le Rétablissement de leur Ordre, ainsi que sur l’emploi qui en
a été fait.
Montréal: Imprimerie des Mélanges Religieux, Rue St. Denis, près l’Evêché.
1847. 8vo., 15 pp.

1634. Jesuit Relations of Discoveries and other Occurrences in Canada and the
Northern and Western States of the Union. 1632-1672.
By E. B. O’Callaghan, M.D., corresponding member of the New York His-
torical Society, and Honorary member of the Historical Society of Connecticut.
From the proceedings of the New York Historical Society. Nov. 1847.

1635. Thoughts on Emigration, Education, &c., in a Letter addressed to the Right
Honourable Lord John Russell, Prime Minister of England.
By “A Citizen.”
Montreal: Printed by J. C. Becket, 21½ St. Paul Street. M.DCCCXLVII.
8vo., 38 pp.

1636. Letter to the Rt. Hon. Earl Grey, one of Her Majesty’s Most Honorable Privy
Council, and Secretary of State for Colonial Affairs; embracing a Statement
of Facts in Relation to Emigration to Canada during the summer of 1847.
By the Hon. Adam Ferrie, member of the Legislative Council, Chairman of
the Executive Lay Commission for Emigration, etc.
29a—43
1637. The St. Catharines Building Society, Incorporated in accordance with an Act of the Provincial Legislature, A.D. 1846, for the purpose of Assisting the Members, by advancing the amount of their shares on good mortgage security, in the Erection of Buildings, the acquisition of Freehold or Leasehold Property, the Removal of Incumbrances or Liabilities on Property already held by them; and also, to afford such as do not desire their shares in advance, an efficient and profitable mode of Investing Small Savings.


In a Series of Letters Addressed to the Right Honourable Earl Grey, Her Majesty’s Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies.

By Patrick Morris, Esq.


London: Printed by Order of the Colonial Land and Emigration Commissioners, by W. Clowes and Sons, Stamford Street and Published by Charles Knight and Co., 22, Ludgate Street; and Smith, Elder and Co., 65, Cornhill. 8vo., 22 pp.


London: Printed by W. Clowes and Sons, 14 Charing Cross, For Her Majesty’s Stationery Office. 8vo., 7 pp.

1641. Eight Years in Canada; embracing a Review of the Administrations of Lords Durham and Sydenham, Sir Chas. Bagot and Lord Metcalfe, and including numerous interesting letters from Lord Durham, Mr. Chas. Buller, and other well-known public characters.


Montreal, Canada: Published by H. H. Cunningham, 50, Notre Dame Street. 1847. 8vo., 232 pp.

1642. Report of the proceedings of a meeting of the friends and admirers of Lord Metcalfe, held in Montreal on 1st February, 1847.


1643. The Commercial Policy of Pitt and Peel. 1785-1846.


1644. Report on the Gauge for the St. Lawrence and Atlantic Rail-Road.

By A. C. Morton, Esquire, Chief Engineer.


1645. Remarks on the Mining Region of Lake Superior; addressed to the Committee of the Honorable the Executive Council, and Report on Mining Locations claimed on the Canadian Shores of the Lake, addressed to the Commissioner of Crown Lands, by W. E. Logan, Provincial Geologist.

Montreal: Printed by Lovell & Gibson, at their Steam-printing establishment, St. Nicholas Street, 1847. 8vo., 31 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1646. A Letter to His Excellency the Governor-General on the subject of the Crown Lands Department.
   Rowsell and Thompson, Printers.

1647. Report on the Great Western Railway, Canada West, to the President and Directors. By Charles B. Stuart, Chief Engineer.
   September 1, 1847. With maps. 8vo., 47 pp.

1648. Report and estimate concerning an Electro-magnetic Telegraph between Fredericton and Saint John, Addressed to Sir William M. G. Colebrooke, K.H., &c. &c., Lieutenant Governor of the Province of New Brunswick, 25th January, 1847; also

1649. Engineer’s Report and Statistical Information relative to the Proposed Railway from Port Hope to Peterboro (with map).

1650. Articles on the Great Colonial Project of Connecting Halifax and Quebec by a Railroad; and ultimately the Atlantic and the waters of Lake Huron; with an appendix illustrative of the Cost Mode of raising the Capital and Returns.
   By George R. Young, Esq., M.P.P.

   Québec: Chez Fréchette et Frère, Imprimeurs-Libraires, No. 13, Rue La Montagne. 1847. 8vo., 120 pp. (incomplete).

1652. Eighth Annual Report of the French Canadian Missionary Society, presented at their annual meeting, held at Montreal on Tuesday evening, January 26, 1847.

1653. Règlement de la Société de St. Vincent de Paul, Fondée à Québec, le 12 Nov. 1846.
   A Québec, Chez William Neilson, 1847. 24mo., 71 pp.

1654. Manuel de la Société de Tempérance, dédié à la Jeunesse Canadienne,
   Par le Rev. Père C. Chiniquy, ptre. N. Oblat de Marie Immaculée.
   29a—43½
1655. Manual of the Temperance Society; Dedicated to the Youth of Canada.
By the Rev. Father C. Chiniquy, N. Oblat of Mary Immaculate.
Translated from the French by Pierre Octave Démartay, student at Law.
He shall be great, &c.—St. Luke, Chap. I, v. 15.
First English Edition.
Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, Printers, St. Nicholas Street. 1847. 8vo., 113 pp.

1656. A Charge delivered at his primary visitation held in Christ Church Cathedral, Fredericton, August 24. 1847.
By John, Bishop of Fredericton.
Fredericton, John Simpson, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty 1847. 8vo., 46 pp.

By Ernest Hawkins, B.D. Author of "Historical Notices of the Missions of the Church of England in America."
Published under the direction of the Committee of General Literature and Education appointed by the Society for promoting Christian knowledge.

1658. The Staff of Beauty and the Staff of Bands: A Sermon preached in St. Anne's Chapel, Fredericton, on the day of its consecration March 18, 1847, by John, Bishop of Fredericton.
Published at the request of the Clergy present.
"The sensible things which religion hath hallowed, are resemblances according to things spiritually understood, whereunto they serve as a hand to lead, and a way to direct."—Hooker.

1659. A Charge delivered to the Clergy of the Diocese of Toronto, at the visitation in June MDCCXCVII.
By John, Lord Bishop of Toronto.

1848.

1660. The Guards in Canada; or, the Point of Honor; being a sequel to Major Richardson's "Eight years in Canada."
Montreal: Published for the Author, by H. H. Cunningham. 1848. 8vo., 54 pp.

1661. Résumé Impartial de la discussion Papineau-Nelson, sur les événements de Saint-Denis en 1837.
"La vérité avant tout."
Montréal: Novembre.—1848. 8vo., 16 pp.

Quebec, Petit Séminaire, 1848. 16mo., 26 pp.

1663. Prospectus of the College of Bytown.
Bytown, August 18th, 1848. 1 p.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Toronto: Printed and Published by J. H. Lawrence. 8vo., 32 pp.

1665. The Early Peopling of America, and its discovery before the time of Colum-
bus.
By John B. Newman. M.D.

1666. Observations on the Speech of Sir William Molesworth, Bart., M.P., in the
House of Commons, on Tuesday, 25th July, 1848, on Colonial Expenditure and
Government.
By J. T. Danson, Barrister at Law.
London: James Ridgway, Piccadilly. 8vo., 87 pp.

Speech of Sir Wm. Molesworth, Bart., M.P., In the House of Commons on
Tuesday, 25th July, 1848, on Colonial Expenditure and Government.
12mo., 32 pp.

1668. Canada in 1848. Being an examination of the Existing Resources of British
North America. With considerations for their further and more perfect develop-
ment, as a practical remedy, by means of Colonisation, for the prevailing distress
in the United Empire, and for the Defence of the Colony.
By Millington Henry Synge, Lieutenant, Royal Engineers.
London: Published by Effingham Wilson, Royal Exchange. Price One
Shilling. 12vo., 32+7ii pp.

1669. Three Chapters on a Triple Project. The Canal and the Rail.

1670. Emigration: Its advantages to Great Britain and her Colonies together with
a detailed Plan for the formation of the proposed Railway between Halifax
and Quebec, by means of Colonization.
By P. L. Macdougall, Capt. Royal Canadian Rifles.

1671. Report on the Glamorgan Iron and Coal Works, in the Llanvi Valley, Glam-
morganshire.
London: Printed by C. F. Hodgson, 1, Gough Square, Fleet Street. 1848.
8vo., 18 pp.

1672. Report on supplying the City of Quebec with pure water; Made for the City
Council by order of George O’Kill Stuart, Esq., Mayor of Quebec.
By George R. Baldwin, Civil Engineer.
Boston: Charles C. Little and James Brown. 1848. 8vo., 92 pp. (With
several maps and tables.)

1673. Abstract of the Minutes of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada.
At its sessions at Toronto, in 1848.
Printed by order of the Synod. Toronto, 1848. 8vo., 38 pp.

1674. Petition of the Hon. Elzear Bedard, One of the Justices of the District of
Montreal, to Her Most Excellent Majesty The Queen, &c. &c. &c. (1848)
4to., 24 pp.
1849.


1683. America: A Four Years’ Residence in the United States and Canada: giving a full and fair description of the country, as it really is, with the manners, customs & character of the inhabitants; anecdotes of persons and institutions, prices of land and produce, state of agriculture and manufactures.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

By William Brown, a Leeds Clothier.

"I guess that old Coon is wide awake." Yankee Farmer.

"Nothing extenuate, nor set down aught in malice."

Shakespeare.


1684. The Question Answered: "D ID THE MINISTRY INTEND TO PAY REBELS?" In a letter to His Excellency the Right Hon. The Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, K.T., Governor General of British North America, &c.

By a Canadian Loyalist.

"Non Purgat peccata qui negat."


1685. Notice sur la Destruction des Archives et Bibliothèque des Deux Chambres Législatives du Canada, lors de L'Emeute qui a eu lieu a Montréal le 25 Avril 1849.

Quebec: Imprimerie du Canadien, No. 9, Rue La Montagne, Basse-Ville. 12mo., 11 pp.

1686. Report of the Select Committee of the Legislative Assembly, Appointed to inquire into the causes and importance of The Emigration which takes place annually, from Lower Canada to the United States.

Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly.

Montreal: Printed by Rollo Campbell. 1849. 8vo., 84 pp.

1687. Report of the Select Committee of the Legislative Assembly, appointed to inquire whether any, and what measures can be adopted to repress the Evils of Intemperance.

Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly.


1688. Message of the Governor General to the Legislative Assembly, on the subject of the Halifax and Quebec Railroad, and the Public Works in Canada. March 80, 1849.

Montreal: Printed by Lovell and Gibson, Saint Nicholas Street. 4to., 16 pp.


Published by order of the Government.


1691. A Charge Delivered at Visitations of the Clergy and Churchwardens of the Archdeaconry of York, Held at Newmarket, on Thursday, September 6; at Chippawa, Wednesday, September 12; at Hamilton, Friday, September 14; at Woodstock, Tuesday, September 18; at London, Thursday, September 20; and at Chatham, Tuesday, Sept. 25.

By The Venerable A. N. Bethune, D.D., Archdeacon of York.

By Lord Lyttelton.

1693. A Sermon preached in Trinity Church, Saint John, March 4, 1849, by The Rev. I. W. D. Gray, D.D., Rector of the Parish; on the Providential rescue of that Church from fire, on the night of the 26th February, 1849.

"Duties are our's; Events are God's."

1695. A Statement of Facts, as they occurred at the late Annual Meeting of the Diocesan Church Society: with a Reply to some misstatements and expositions in the Rev'd F. Coster's Defence of the "Companion to the Prayer Book."
By Robert Bayard, M.D., &c.

1696. Observations on Dr. Bayard's mis-called "Statement of Facts, as they occurred at the late annual meeting of the Diocesan Church Society." By Wm. Wright, A.B. Advocate General.
"From Priest-craft happily set free," &c. &c.—Dunciad.


1698. Report of the COMMITTEE APPOINTED by the VESTRY OF ST. JAMES'S CHURCH to report on the rebuilding of the Church.
Toronto: 1849. 8vo., 8 pp.

1699. The Crisis in Canada; or VINDICATION OF LORD ELGIN AND HIS CABINET as to the course pursued by them in reference to the REBELLION LOSSES BILL.
By Alexander MacKay, Esq., of the Middle Temple, Barrister-at-Law, Author of "The Western World," and "Inquiry into the working of the Reform Bill."

1700. The Questions; was the late rebel paying measure forced on the present ministry by their predecessors? and is that Bill a transcript of the rebellion Claim Bill for Upper Canada? Set at rest by A RETROSPECT OF THE VARIOUS ACTS OF PARLIAMENT on the Subject of REBELLION LOSSES.

1701. Circular of the Committee of the ANNEXATION ASSOCIATION OF MONTREAL.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1702. Thoughts on "Annexation," in connection with the Duty and the Interest of Members of the Church of England; and as affecting some particular Religious Questions. Intended originally for publication as a Pastoral Letter, to the Clergy and Laity of the Church of England, in the Diocese of Quebec.


Printed only for Private Circulation.

O navis referunt in mare te novi.

Fluctus: O quid agis? Fortiter occupa

Portum—

QUEBEC: Printed by T. CARY, 2, Buade Street. 1849. 8vo., 28 pp.

1703. The Climax of Protection and Free Trade, capped by Annexation.

Truth is great and will prevail.


1704. Minutes of the Proceedings of the Second Convention of Delegates of the British American League, Held at Toronto, C.W., on Thursday, November 1, and by Adjournment on the 2nd, 3rd, 5th, 6th and 7th of November, 1849.

Toronto: Printed at the Patriot Office, Yonge Street. 1849. 8vo., 24+lix pp.

1705. British American League. Speech of J. W. Gamble, Esq., delivered at the convention of delegates, Saturday November 3, 1849, for an appeal to the Legislature, for authority to hold a convention of delegates, to draw up a new Constitution for the United Provinces of British North America.

Toronto: Printed at the Patriot Office, Yonge Street, 1849. 8vo., 8 pp.

1706 Some Remarks upon the French Tenure of "Franc Aleu Roturier," and on its relation to the Feudal and other Tenures.

By Robert Abraham.


1707. De l'Abolition des Droits Féodaux et Seigneuriaux au Canada, et sur le meilleur mode à employer pour accorder une Juste Indemnité aux Seigneurs.

Ouvrage dont il est de plus haut intérêt pour les Censitaires de se procurer, pour connaître leurs droits, et pour les réclamer unanimement à la prochaine Session du Parlement Provincial.

Par Clément Dumesnil.

Montréal: Imprimé par J. Starke et Cie. 1849. 8vo., 52 pp.


Des Presses de L'Avenir.


1709. The Calumny against the Catholic Church, in Reference to Galileo, Exposed.


1710. Narrative of the Recent Difficulties in the Provincial Lunatic Asylum in Canada West.

Dedicated to the Christian Community, and to the Presiding Officers of Lunatic Asylums in Europe and America.

Toronto: 1849. 8vo., 64 pp.

Charlottetown: Printed by James Douglas Haszard, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1849. 4to., 42 pp.

1712. A Letter from Major Robert Carmichael-Smyth to his friend, The Author of "The Clockmaker," containing Thoughts on the Subject of a British Colonial Railway Communication Between the Atlantic and the Pacific, From the Magnificent Harbour of Halifax, in Nova Scotia (North Eastern America), to the Mouth of Fraser's River, in New Caledonia (North-western America), or such other Port as may be determined upon.

Let those who discard speculations . . . Dr. Lardner, 1849.


1713. The Employment of the People and the Capital of Great Britain in her own colonies, at the same time assisting emigration, colonization and penal arrangements, by undertaking the construction of A Great National Railway between the Atlantic and the Pacific, from Halifax Harbour, Nova Scotia, to Fraser's River, New Caledonia.

(Robert Carmichael-Smyth.)

"Let those who discard speculations," &c. &c.

"Within the memory," &c. &c.

(Two Maps.)


By A. C. Morton, Civil Engineer.

Laid before the Assembly, 7th April, 1849.

Montreal: Printed at the Canada Gazette Office. 1849. 8vo., 47 pp. With maps.


By A. C. Morton, Consulting Engineer.


1717. Report of the Surveyor General of New Brunswick upon the present state of the Crown Lands, with suggestions for their more efficient and ready settlement, and for rendering that branch of Public Property more advantageous and profitable as a source of Revenue.

Laid before the House of Assembly by command of His Excellency Sir Edmund Walker Head, Baronet, Lieutenant Governor, &c. &c. &c.

Fredericton: J. Simpson, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1849. 8vo., 28 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1718. Corps Papers and Memoirs on Military subjects compiled from contributions of the Officers of the Royal Engineers and the East India Company's Engineers. Printed for circulation among subscribers.
   Second Number. Forty seven illustrations.

1719. Assignment by the Corporation of Quebec, To the Quebec Gas Company, For the lighting of this City with Gas.
   1849. 8vo., 26 pp.

   Price 13½ cents.

1850.


1722. Scobie & Balfour's Municipal Manual, for Upper Canada, for 1850, With a Map of the Province, Containing Complete Lists of the various Municipal Corporations of Townships, Counties, Villages, Towns, and Cities, and the Ward Divisions; Also, The Boundaries of the Several Division Courts for the Recovery of Small Debts; the Times and Places at which the Courts are held; and the Name and Address of the Judge and Clerk of each Division; To which are added, The Municipal Corporations' Act, Road and Bridge Companies' Act, and the Various other Acts of the Legislature which Confer Powers, or Impose Duties, on the Municipalities.
   Toronto: Scobie & Balfour, King Street, and Sold by all Booksellers. 1850. 8vo., xxxv+132 pp.


   By J. Gordon Brown.

1725. Jesuits' Estates in Canada Public Property, A careful digest and review of their history; embracing their origin, design, management, revenues, uses, and investment of the income derived from them; the whole being obtained by a laborious examination of official documents, and covering the period from A.D. 1635, to the present time.
   By A. Rankin, A.M., with an introduction by Rev. Henry Wilkes, A.M.

1726. A plan of Settlement & Colonization, adapted to all the British North American Provinces contained in a series of Letters from James Fitzgerald, Esq., To a friend in Ireland.
   With the Correspondence between the Author and the Governor General, the Provincial Agricultural Association of Upper Canada, and the Niagara District Agricultural Society.
   Printed for the Author, By John G. Judd, King Street, Toronto. MDCCCL. 8vo., 63 pp.
1727. A Letter to the Right Honourable Earl Grey on the subjects of Transportation and Emigration as connected with an Imperial Railway Communication between the Atlantic and the Pacific.

(By Robert Carmichael-Smyth.)


1728. A Plan for the Systematic Colonization of Canada, and all other British Colonies.

By an officer of rank, nearly twenty years resident in Canada. "By their works ye shall know them."

London: Hatchard and Son, Piccadilly; J. Bradley, 78, Great Titchfield Street, 1850. 8vo., iv+84 pp.

1729. Depopulation of the British Empire unnecessary.

Improved bridge from starvation to plenty. Annexation of Great Britain to Her Colonies, by means of the Halifax & Quebec Railway, combined with Ocean omnibuses.


1730. Fifteen Years in Canada; being a Series of Letters on its Early History and Settlement: its Boundaries, Divisions, Population, and General Routes; its Agricultural Progress and Wealth compared with the United States; its Religious and Educational Institutions; and its Present Political Condition and Relations; together with the Advantages it affords as a Desirable Field of Emigration.

By the Rev. William Haw.

Edinburgh: Published by Charles Ziegler, 17, South Bridge; and Partridge and Oakey, London. 1850. 8vo., 128 pp. Price 1s. 3d.

1731. A Practical Guide for Emigrants to North America, including the United States, Lower and Upper Canada and Newfoundland. With full information respecting the preparations necessary for the voyage, instructions on landing, travelling routes, capabilities and price of land, farming operations, price of labour and all other matters requisite for the emigrant to become acquainted with before embarking;

With a correct map of the United States. By George Nettle (Late of Devonport), Seven years resident in North America.


Liverpool: Edwd. Howell, 6 Church Street. 1850. 16mo., v+57 pp.

1732. Information for Intending Emigrants of all classes to Upper Canada, designed principally for the small farmer, agricultural labourer, &c., but which will be found interesting to other classes possessed of Capital or independent incomes, who may contemplate leaving the United Kingdom with their families.

By Frederick Widder, Esquire, Commissioner of the Canada Company, Toronto, Upper Canada.

The increasing inquiries made to the Canada Company for information upon Upper Canada from various parts of the United Kingdom, the United States, and Germany by intending Emigrants, have induced the Company to arrange those questions with their corresponding answers, and to print them in a form for general circulation; believing, that as the data are furnished by intelligent and experienced
gentlemen, long resident in the Province, who have readily contributed their assistance, the information herein given, in a succinct form, will prove very useful and interesting and at the same time form a ready means for the transmission of information from settlers to their friends at home who may be anxious to join them.


1733. Views on the Free Navigation of the St. Lawrence, reported by Mr. Buel, to accompany joint resolution on the same subject from the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

In the House of Representatives, May 2, 1850.


By Rear-Admiral Bowles, C.B.

1735. Remarks on the Bill presented to Parliament, and read a first time, for Improving the Condition of Masters, Mates, and Seamen in the Merchant Service.

By Rear-Admiral Bowles, M.P.


1737. Speech delivered in the House of Assembly of Nova-Scotia, March 20, 1850.

By the Hon. Joseph Howe.
Reported by Otto Weeks, Jun'r Reporter to the Assembly, 1850. 8vo., 22 pp.

1738. Directions for taking and curing Herrings and for curing Cod, Ling, Tusk and Hake. By Sir Thomas Dick Lauder, Bart. (Secretary to the Honourable the Board of British Fisheries). Reprinted and circulated by command of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor of New-Brunswick.


By J. F. W. Johnston, F.R.S., S.L. & E., Honorary Member of the Royal Agricultural Society of England, and Author of "Lectures on Agricultural Chemistry and Geology."

Extract from the Journals of the House of Assembly of New Brunswick, 1849.

Resolved, That an humble Address be presented to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, praying that His Excellency will be pleased to invite Professor Johnston to visit this Province, for the purpose of examining the several Counties therein, and reporting on the Soil, and its capabilities for Agricultural purposes.

Fredericton: J. Simpson, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1850. 8vo., 95 pp.

Railway, with the subsequent acts and resolves passed by the Legislature of Maine, and the Doings of the Executive Committee in relation thereto. Published by order of the Convention.


1742. Philosophy of Railroads, Published at the request of the Directors of The Montreal and Lachine Railroad.
   Montreal: Armour & Ramsay, St. Francois Xavier Street.
   Toronto: And'w H. Armour and Co. King Street. 1850. 8vo., 40 pp.

   Par Thos. C. Keefer, Ingenieur Civil.
   Toronto: Chez Andrew H. Armour et Cie, King Street.
   A Montréal: Chez Armour et Ramsay. 1850. 8vo., 11+120 pp.

1744. Church in the Colonies. No. XXV. Newfoundland. Journal of a Voyage of Visitation in the Hawk Church Ship, on the Coast of Labrador, and Round the Whole Island of Newfoundland, in the year 1849.
   Epig.—Odys.
   London: Printed for the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel; and sold by the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, Great Queen Street, Lincoln's Inn Fields, and 4, Royal Exchange; Rivingtons; Hatchards; and all Booksellers. 1850. July. 16mo., 140 pp.

1745. Report of the Board of Engineers as well as that of W. E. Logan, Esq., Provincial Geologist, upon the Survey of Lake St. Peter, in October, 1850.
   Montreal: Printed by Lovell and Gibson, St. Nicholas Street. 1850. 8vo., 22 pp.

1746. Arctic Expeditions: A Lecture delivered at the London Institution, February 6, 1850. By Charles Richard Weld, Assistant Secretary to the Royal Society.
   With a Map.

1747. Archéologie Religieuse du Diocèse de Montreal. 1850. Par J. Viger, Ecr., Ancien et premier maire de Montreal, etc. etc. etc.

1748. Address delivered at the Provincial Industrial Exhibition, Montreal, on Saturday, Oct. 19, 1850, by the Honourable Charles D. Day, one of the Justices of the Superior Court of Lower Canada.

1749. Cadoxton Colliery. Statement of the Working charges on Steam Coal; and Estimate for increasing the workings.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.
Office: Church Street, Toronto.
TORONTO: Printed by Carter & Thomas, Yong Street. 1850. 8vo., 12 pp.


Published for the Society for the Reform of Colonial Government.
London. John W. Parker, West Strand. MDCCCL. 8vo., 30 pp.

1753. Secular State of the Church, in the Diocese of Toronto, Canada West. 1850 (?). (By Dr. Strachan.) 8vo., 40—xix pp.

1754. A Charge delivered in the Cathedral of Christ-Church Fredericton To the Clergy of the Diocese, assembled at the Second Triennial Visitation of John, Bishop of Fredericton.
Saint John, N.B. Printed by W. L. Avery, Prince William Street. 8vo., 63 pp.


A Settler at Stratford, Huron District, Canada West.


1851.

1758. Réponse à une Adresse de l’Assemblée Législative à son Excellence le Gouverneur General, au Sujet de L’Hôpital de Marine et des Emigrés de Québec.
Imprimée par Ordre de l’Assemblée Législative.

1759. Traité sur la Tenue Générale d’une terre dans le Bas-Canada, Démontrant comment un sol usé peut être rendu des plus fertiles sans capital; aussi,
De la Rotation des Récoltes,
Des Racines et Cultures Sarclées,
Des Instruments d’Agriculture,
Du Soin des Animaux, etc. etc.
Par un Habitant du District de Montréal, qui a mis en pratique avec le plus grand succès pendant plus de vingt ans, le système qu’il recommande, et qui ayant commencé sans moyens, est devenu propriétaire de terres.
Publié par ordre de Son Excellence le Gouverneur General et présenté et recommandé par Elle aux Cultivateurs du Bas-Canada, 1851. 8vo., 13 pp.
1760. Votes and Proceedings of the Legislative Assembly.  
Saturday, 30th August, 1851.  
Toronto: Printed by Lovell and Gibson. 4to., 7 pp.

1761. Circular on Taxation, other Revenue and Public Expenditure, Canada.  
By W. H. Merritt, St. Catharines, June, 1851.  
>Title page missing.)  12mo., 7 pp.

By Henry Sherwood.  
Toronto: Printed by Lovell and Gibson, Front Street. 1851. 8vo., 21 pp.

1763. Speech of the Hon. Joseph Howe, Provincial Secretary of Nova Scotia, on the Importance and Value to Great Britain of Her North American Colonies; Delivered at Southampton, on the 14th of January 1851.  

1764. Speech of the Hon. Joseph Howe, on Inter-Colonial Railroads, and Colonization; delivered at Halifax, Nova Scotia, May, 1851.  

1765. The Speech of The Hon. John Rolph, M.P.P., delivered on the occasion of the late Inquiry into Charges of High Misdemeanors, at the Late Elections Preferred against His Excellency Sir Francis Bond Head, before the Commons House of Assembly of Upper Canada.  
Simecoe: Printed at the "Norfolk Messenger" Office. 1851. 8vo., 51 pp.

Par A. Gérin-Lajoie.  
Montréal: Imprimerie de Louis Perrault, Rue Saint-Vincent. 1851. 8vo., 144-1ii pp.

Quebec au Petit Séminaire, 1851. 16mo., 40 pp.

1768. Letter from D. M. Armstrong to the constituents of Berthier. Berthier, 3 October, 1851. 4to., 2 pp.


1770. Speech of the Honorable Francis Hincks, Inspector General, on The Financial Condition of The Province. Delivered before the Legislative Assembly of Canada, in Committee of Supply, 16th July, 1851.  
Toronto: Printed at the Canada Gazette Office. 1851. 8vo., 16 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Toronto: Printed by Brewer, McPhail & Co. 1851. 16mo., v+/167 pp.

1772. The Clergy Reserves: their history and present position, showing the systematic attempts that have been made to establish in connection with the state, a dominant church in Canada. With a full account of the rectories. Also an appendix containing Dr. Rolph's speech on the Clergy Reserves, delivered in 1836.
By Charles Lindsay.

1773. Report of a public discussion at Simcoe, on Wednesday & Thursday, July 16 and 17, 1851, on the Clergy reserves and rectories.
Published at Simcoe, N. Co. C.W. 1851. 12mo., 119 pp.

1774. Copies of letters, addressed to the honorable P. McGill on various occasions, by successive governors, &c.
Montreal: Printed by J. C. Becket, 22 Great St. James Street. 1851. 8vo., 30 pp.

1775. Timber duties. Important statement and remonstrances by the legislature of New Brunswick, and the board of trade of Quebec, Canada, May, 1851.
London: Buck and Straker, Printers, 8 Billiter Street. 8vo., iv+/24 pp.

1776. Canada. state of political parties, economy in the government, the St. Lawrence as a great commercial highway; public instruction, &c., &c.
Translated from the Journal de Quebec.

1777. Committee of council on education. Memorandum respecting the organization of schools in parallel groups of benches and desks.
London: Printed by George E. Eyre and William Spottiswoode, Printers to the Queen's most excellent Majesty. For Her Majesty's Stationery Office. 1851. 8vo., 19 pp.

1778. The Boston Committee in Canada. A series of eight letters reprinted from the Boston atlas.


1780. Tabular representation of the present condition of Boston, in relation to railroad facilities, foreign commerce, population, wealth, manufactures, etc. etc. Also a few statements relative to the commerce of the Canadas, prepared from the most reliable sources, under the direction of a sub-committee from the joint special committee on the railroad celebration, to take place September 17th, 18th and 19th, 1851; with a map.

1782. The Indian of New England, and the North Eastern Provinces; a Sketch of the Life of an Indian Hunter, ancient traditions relating to the Etchemin tribe, their modes of life, fishing, hunting, &c., with vocabularies in the Indian and English, giving the names of the animals, birds and fish; the most complete that has been given for New-England, in the Languages of the Etchemin and Miemaes. These are now the only Indian tribes to the North-East, the former Inhabitants of New England, that have preserved their language entire, being the oldest and purest Indian spoken in the Eastern States. Derived from Nicola Tenesles, by a Citizen of Middletown, Conn. This book is the only work of its kind to be had. It contains the elements of the Indian tongue, and much that is new to the reading public; especially the names by which the Red Men of the forest, designated the natural objects before them.

Middletown, Conn.: Charles H. Pelton, Printer. 1851. 8vo., 24 pp.


With Reference to the Conduct Pursued by Two of the Judges of the Court of Appeals Towards one of the Advocates of the Quebec Section, During the October Term, 1851.

Quebec: Printed at the Quebec Gazette Office. 1851. 12mo., 21 pp.

1784. Le Canadien Emigrant, par Douze Missionnaires des townships de l'Est.

"Rien n'est si beau que son pays."


1785. First Report of the Special Committee appointed to enquire into the CAUSES WHICH RETARD THE SETTLEMENT OF THE EASTERN TOWNSHIPS OF LOWER CANADA.

Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly.

Toronto: Printed by Lovell and Gibson, Front Street. 1851. 12mo., 42 pp.

1786. England's interest in Colonization. Extracts from a letter by the Hon. Joseph Howe, Provincial Secretary of Nova Scotia, etc. etc.


1787. A Comparative View of the CLIMATE OF WESTERN CANADA, considered in relation to its influence upon Agriculture. By Henry Youle Hind, Mathematical Master and Lecturer in Chemistry and Natural Philosophy, at the Provincial Normal School, Toronto.

Toronto: Printed by Brewer, McPhail & Co., 1851. 8vo., vi+38 pp.


L'union cimentée par la Religion est le seul appui solide de la Société.

Translated by the same Reverend Father.

Toronto: Printed by Rollo Campbell, Simcoe Street. 1851. 8vo., 17 pp.

1789. Ceremonial du CONCILE PROVINCIAL DE QUEBEC.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a


1797. Thirty-first Anniversary of the New-Brunswick Auxiliary Bible Society, 1851. On the evening of Thursday, January 9th, the above Meeting was held at the Hall of the Mechanics' Institute. 8vo., 13 pp.


1800. Review of the Proceedings of the Arctic Searching Expeditions under the command of Captain H. T. Austin, C.B., and Captain Wm. Penny.

London: Published by J. D. Potter, 31 Poultry, and to be had by order of all booksellers. 1851. (Map.) 8vo., 90 pp.


Toronto: Printed by A. F. Plees, Printer to the Church University. MDCCCLI. 16mo., 64 pp.

1802. The Church of England in the Colonies. A Lecture delivered before the Members of the Colchester Literary Institution, on Wednesday, January 22nd, 1851, by the Right Honourable Lord John Manners, M.P.


1803. Animadversions upon the Rev. John Roaf's Two Sermons on Baptism.

By James Pyper, Pastor of the Bond Street Baptist Church, Toronto.

Toronto: Printed by Carter & Thomas, 45, Yonge Street. 1851. 8vo., 37 pp.

1804. Exhibition of Industry of all Nations, to be held in London 1851.


1805. Exhibition of Industry of all Nations, to be held in London, 1851 (Progress report of Commissioners).

Valcher & Sons, 29 Parliament St. 4to., 9 pp.


By A. O. Morton, Esq., Civil Engineer.

Quebec: Printed at the Morning Chronicle Office. 1851. 8vo., 18 pp.

1808. The Halifax & Quebec Railway, considered with a view to its Cost, as well as the prospective business of the Road.

By Wm. Pryor.


Published by authority.

Halifax, N.S. 1851. 8vo., 28 pp.


Bytown: Printed at the "Ottawa Citizen" Office. (1851.) 8vo., 28 pp.


Portland, Harmon and Williams, printers, 1851. 8vo., 96 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Halifax, N.S. Printed by J. Bowes & Son, 6 Barrington Street. 1851. 12mo., ii+7 pp.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.
Office: Church Street, Toronto.

Edward Gilbert, Printer, Market Place, Spalding. 16mo., 19 pp.

1815. Howe's Speech at Amherst, N.S., 29th June 1851. Defends himself against libellous attacks. 4to., 8 pp.

1816. First Report of the Standing Committee on Railroads and Telegraph Lines; together with a series of clauses on which to frame a general Railway Bill.
Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly.
Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, Front Street. 1851. 8vo., 54 pp.

1817. Report upon the Fisheries of The Bay of Fundy, by M. H. Perley, Esquire, Her Majesty's Emigration Officer at Saint John, New Brunswick. Laid before the House of Assembly by command of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, and ordered to be printed, 15th March, 1851.
Fredericton: J. Simpson, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1851. 8vo., 176 pp.


1852.

1819. Great Britain One Empire. On the Union of the Dominions of Great Britain by Inter-Communication with the Pacific and the East via British North America, with Suggestions for the Profitable Colonization of that wealthy Territory.
By Capt. Millington Henry Synge, Royal Engineers, F.R.G.S.
London: John W. Parker & Son, West Strand. (With Map.) 8vo., 124 pp.

1820. Transatlantic Packet Station. Electric and Postal Atlantic Trunk-Ferry, and the colonization thereby of British North America.
London, Trelawney Saunders, 6 Charing Cross, and Hodges and Smith, Dublin. 1851. 8vo., 12 pp.

1821. Notes of the Flood at the Red River, 1852.
By the Bishop of Rupert's Land.
1822. The Prisoner's Memoirs, or Dartmoor Prison; containing a complete and impartial history of The Entire Captivity of the Americans in England, from the commencement of the last war between the United States and Great Britain, until all prisoners were released by the treaty of Ghent. Also a particular detail of all occurrences relative to the Horrid Massacre at Dartmoor, on the fatal evening of the 6th of April 1815.

The whole carefully compiled by a prisoner in England. Who was a Captive during the whole War.

Quæque ipse miserrima vide, etc.—Virg. I, ii. v. 5, etc.

New York: Printed for the Author. 1852. 12mo., 152 pp.

(Written by Charles Andrews.)

1823. Reports of the Commissioners on the Rebellion Losses in the years 1837 and 1838.

1851 and 1852. 8vo., 129 pp.

1824. The Rectories of Upper Canada, Being a Return to an Address of the Honourable the House of Commons, Dated 11th March, 1839, for copies or extracts of the correspondence between the Lieutenant Governor of Upper Canada and the Secretary of State, on the subject of the creation of Rectories in that Province by Sir John Colborne. With appendix.

Colonial Office, Downing Street, 26th March 1839. H. Labouchere.

Toronto: Printed and sold by Hugh Scobie, 16 King St. East. 1852. 8vo., 54 pp.

1825. Return with Despatches and Correspondence relative to the Seigniorial and Feudal Tenure in Lower Canada. 1852.

Quebec: Printed by John Lovell, at his Steam Printing Establishment, Mountain Street. 8vo., 40 pp.

1826. Titles and Documents relative to the Seigniorial Tenure, required by an Address of the Legislative Assembly, 1851.

Quebec: Printed by E. R. Fréchette, 13, Mountain Street, Lower Town, 1852. 8vo., 216 pp.


1828. Third Report and Proceedings of the Special Committee of the Legislative Assembly, to whom were referred the resolutions passed by the Legislative Assembly, on the sixteenth day of June, 1850, on the subject of the Seigniorial Tenure. Printed by Order of the Legislative Assembly.

Quebec: Printed by Rollo Campbell, Garden Street, 1852. 8vo., 129 pp.

1829. Speech of Hon. John Rolph on the Clergy Reserves Question, September, 1852. (From Quebec Gazette).

4to., 8 pp.


SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Second Edition of three thousand each.
Toronto: Thomas Maclear, 45, Yonge Street. Printed at the Guardian Steam Power Press. 1852. 8vo., 46 pp.

1832. Reports on the Sea and River Fisheries of New Brunswick.
By M. H. Perley, Esquire, Her Majesty's Emigration Officer at Saint John, New Brunswick.
(Second Edition.)
Fredericton: J. Simpson, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 8vo., 294 pp.

1833. Correspondence Relating to The Projected Railway from Halifax to Quebec.
Fredericton: J. Simpson, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1852. 8vo., 29 pp.

1834. The Geography of Hudson's Bay; being the remarks of Captain W. Coats, in many voyages to that locality, between the years 1727 and 1751. With an appendix containing Extracts from the Log of Capt. Middleton on his voyage for the discovery of the North West Passage in H.M.S. Furnace in 1741-2. Edited by John Barrow, Esq., F.R.S., F.S.A.
"And to speake of no other matter," etc., etc.—Hakluyt.

1835. Petition of William L. Mackenzie, Acting Executor to the Estate of the Late Robert Randall, Esq., of Lincoln County, M.P.P., Relative to the Sale of lot 40, in Nepean, on the Ottawa, (Bytown,) at the suit of Hon. H. J. Boulton, Solicitor General of Upper Canada; together with Reports of Committee of the House of Assembly of Upper Canada, copies of Bills passed for Randall's relief, and successively appointing Hon. Louis Joseph Papineau and others, as Umpire or Chancellor in the case; also the evidence on which such Reports and Bills were founded.
Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, Oct. 27, 1852.
Quebec: Printed by John Lovell, Mountain Street, 1852. 8vo., 66 pp.
(English and French.)

Fredericton: J. Simpson, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1852. 8vo., 63 pp.

1837. Reports of the Endowment Board of the University of Toronto, of Upper Canada College and Royal Grammar School, of the Caput of the University of Toronto, and of the Principal of Upper Canada College, for the Year 1851.
Printed by Order of the Legislative Assembly.
Quebec: Printed by John Lovell, at his Steam Printing Establishment, Mountain Street. 1852. 8vo., 41 pp.

1838. The Oxford Gazetteer; containing a complete history of the County of Oxford, from its first settlement; together with a full abstract of each census, carefully copied from the original extracts. To which is added a map of the county, compiled expressly for the work, from rough drafts, taken by the enumerators on the
spot. By Thomas S. Shenston (compiler of the "County Warden"), County Clerk & Census Commissioner, County of Oxford.
“This county cannot remain in its present state,”—Correspondent T. S. S. to the Hamilton Provincialist.

1839. Copie de la Correspondance échangée entre l'Évêque Catholique Romain de Toronto et le Surintendant en Chef des écoles, au sujet des Ecoles Séparées, dans le Haut Canada: avec un Appendice contenant les Documents mentionnées dans la correspondance.
Imprimée par ordre de l'Assemblée Legislatique.
Quebec: Imprimé par John Lovell, rue La Montagne. 1852. 8vo., 68 pp.

1840. Return of Correspondence relating to the Forges of St. Maurice. 1st Session, 4th Parliament, 16 Victoria, 1852.
Printed by Order of the Legislative Assembly.
Quebec: Printed by John Lovell, Mountain Street. 8vo., 30 pp.

1841. Remarks upon the Desertion of Seamen at the Port of Quebec, with extracts from a work upon "Our Navigation and Mercantile Marine Laws."
Quebec: Printed by Thomas Cary. 1852. 8vo., 23 pp.

1842. Facts and Observations connected with the Management of the Marine and Emigrant Hospital, Quebec, Including a Report of the Trial and Acquittal of Thomas Burke, for the Manslaughter of William Lawson, who died from neglect and improper Treatment in the Hospital.
By W. Marsden, M.D., Fellow of the Medico-Botanical Society of London; Governor of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada East; Fellow of the Montreal Pathological Society, &c., &c., &c.
“Magna est veritas et prevalebit.”
Quebec: Printed by John Lovell, at his Steam Printing Establishment, Mountain Street. 1852. 8vo., 31 pp.

1843. Le Saguenay en 1851; Histoire du Passé, du Présent et de l'Avenir probable du Haut-Saguenay au Point de Vue de la Colonisation.
“Emparons-nous du sol, si nous voulons conserver notre nationalité.”
Québec: De l'Imprimerie d'Augustin Côté & cie. Près l'Archevêché. 16mo., 147+v. pp. (With map.)


1845. The Maine Liquor Law, with an Introduction and an appendix on its practical working.
By a Citizen of Maine.

1846. Retrospective Glance at the Progressive State of the Natural History Society of Montreal, with a view to ascertaining how far it has advanced the important Objects contemplated by its Founders: being a Lecture, Delivered
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

before the Natural History Society, on the 31st March, 1852, and Published by Desire of the Society.

By Major R. Lachlan.

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"Trust not yourself; but your defects to know, Make use of every friend,—and every foe."—Pope.

Montreal: Printed by J. C. Becket, No. 22, Great St. James Street.

MDCCCLII. 8vo., 24 pp.


Ces questions et ces réponses forment maintenant un seul et même ouvrage Destiné a l'Usage des écoles.

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Troisième Edition.


1848. Institut Canadien en 1852.

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The History of the United States of America, from the Discovery of the Continent to the Organization of Government under the Federal Constitution. 8vo., 52 pp.


"Superiority may be conceded for a time, in what it takes time to complete, but no nation will wisely and willingly admit that she is to remain inferior. No matter on what the stake is set for national contest, it is of national import that victory should be achieved."


1852. Constitution et Reglement de l'Institut-Catholique de Saint-Roch de Québec.

Québec: De l'Imprimerie d'Augustin Coté et Compagnie, Près l'Archevêché, 8vo., 88+8vii pp.


1855. Manuel des Notions Utiles sur les Droits Politiques, le Droit Civil, la loi Criminelle, et Municipal, les lois Rurales, etc. Par Jacques Cremazie, Avocat, Commissaire des Ecoles Catholiques de la cité de Quebec. L'Usage des Ecoles des maisons d'éducation, etc. (Enregistré conformément à l'Acte de la Legislature Provinciale, en l'année 1852, par J. et O. Cremazie, dans le bureau du Régistrateur de la Province du Canada).


1856. Letter of the President and Vice-President of the Montreal and Kingston Railroad Company to Sir Allan N. MacNab, Chairman of the Committee on Railroads.

Montreal: 11th October, 1852. 8vo., 4 pp.

1857. Letter from officials of the MONTRÉAL AND KINGSTON RAILWAY COMPANY to the Chairman of the Committee on Railroads.

Quebec, 12th October, 1852. 4to., 3 pp.

1858. Procédés du Comité Général du Chemin de Fer du Nord.

Québec: De l'Imprimerie d'Augustin Côte & Cie, près l'Archevêché. 1852. 8vo., 24 pp.

1859. An Act to consolidate and regulate the General Clauses relating to Railways, 30th August, 1851.

Toronto: Brown's Printing Establishment, King Street East. 1852. 8vo., 76-6 pp.


1862. Toronto & Guelph Railway. Chief Engineer's Report, Adopted by the Board of Directors, May 21, 1852.

Toronto: Printed by Brewer, M'Phail and Co., King Street. 1852 8vo., 30 pp.


By Walter Shawly, Chief Engineer.

Toronto: Printed by Brewer, M'Phail and Co., King Street. 1852. 8vo., 30 pp. (Maps.)

1864. The Ontario and St. Lawrence Steamboat Company's Hand-Book for Travellers to Niagara Falls, Montreal and Quebec, and through Lake Champlain to Saratoga Springs. Illustrated with maps and numerous engravings from original sketches.


Presented, January 20th, 1852.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a


Printed at the Congressional Globe Office. 8vo., 7 pp.

1868. Report on a Railway Suspension Bridge, proposed for crossing the St. Lawrence River at Quebec, made to His Worship the Mayor and the City Council of Quebec.

By Edward William Serrell, Engineer.


Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

Office: Toronto Street, Toronto.

Toronto: H. Rowsell, Printer, King Street. 1852. 8vo., 12 pp.


1873. Almanach Ecclésiastique et Civil de Québec, pour 1853; Contenant la liste du Clergé de tous les diocèses de l'Amérique Brittanique du Nord, avec divers renseignements sur les établissements religieux et civils; Statistiques, &c.


1874. Every man his own Guide at Niagara Falls, without the necessity of enquiry or possibility of mistake; including the sources of Niagara, and all places of interest both on the American and Canadian sides, embellished with views of the Falls and Suspension Bridge, by the best artists, and a large map of Niagara River, by the Author. Also, a full description of the several routes from the Falls to Montreal, Boston, Saratoga Springs via Lake Ontario, Lake Champlain, Albany, New York, etc.

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1875. **Imperial and Provincial Acts, &c.** For the Protection of the Fisheries of British North America.

1876. **Some Account** of the **Seal Fishery of Newfoundland** and the mode of preparing Seal Oil; with a statement of the advantages of Archibald’s Patent steam process for rendering seals and other animal oils.

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1853.

1878. **A Glimpse** at the **United States and the Northern States of America,** with **the Canadas,** comprising their rivers, lakes and falls during the autumn of 1852; including some account of an emigrant ship.
   By Edmund Patten, Esq.
   With Illustrations, Sketched and zincographed by the author.
   London: Effingham Wilson, Publisher, 11, Royal Exchange.  1853. 8vo., 100 pp.

1879. **Journal** of the **Reverend Peter Jacobs,** Indian Wesleyan Missionary, from **Rice Lake to the Hudson’s Bay Territory;** and returning. Commencing May, 1852; with a Brief Account of His Life; and a Short History of the Wesleyan Mission to that Country.
   Toronto: Published by Anson Green, at the Conference Office, No. 9, Wellington Buildings, King Street.  1853. 8vo., 32 pp.

1880. **The North-West Passage.** Capt. McClure’s Despatches from Her Majesty’s Discovery Ship, **Investigator,** off **Point Warren and Cape Bathurst.**
   London: John Betts, 115 Strand (nearly opposite Exeter Hall).  1853. 8vo., 48 pp. (Price with map, Ninpence.)


1882. **A Letter** on **Canada in 1806 and 1807,** during the Administration of Governor Gore.

1883. **Return to an Address on the State of the Colonies.**
   Printed by Order of the Legislative Assembly.
   Quebec: Printed by John Lovell at his Steam Printing Establishment, No. 12, Mountain Street.  1853. 8vo., 80 pp.

1884. **Correspondance** entre le **Gouvernement Français et les Gouverneurs et Intendants du Canada,** relative à la Tenure Seigneuriale, demandée par une adresse de l’Assemblée Legislative.  1851.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

1885. Address at the Bar of the Legislative Assembly of Canada, Delivered on the 11th & 14th March, 1853, on behalf of certain Properties of Seignories in Lower Canada, against The Second Reading of The Bill, entitled "An Act to define Seigniorial Rights in Lower Canada, and to facilitate the Redemption thereof."
By Christopher Dunkin, M.A., Advocate.
Quebec: Printed at the Office of the "Morning Chronicle." 1853. 8vo., 68 pp.

1886. Fisheries and Reciprocal trade with the United States of America.
Joint address of both Houses of the Legislature of New Brunswick to Her Most Gracious Majesty. Printed by order of the Legislature.
Fredericton: J. Simpson, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1853. 8vo., 8 pp.

Quebec: De l'Imprimerie d'Augustin Côté et Cie, Près l'Archevêché. 1853. 16mo., 178 pp.


Printed by Order of the Legislative Assembly.
Quebec: Printed by John Lovell at his Steam Printing Establishment, Mountain Street. 1853. 8vo., 124 pp.

1890. Report of the Special Committee on the Magdalen Islands, and the Western part of this Province, above Lake Huron.
Printed by Order of the Legislative Assembly.
Quebec: Printed by John Lovell at his Steam Printing Establishment, Mountain Street. 1853. 8vo., 74 pp.

1891. The Clergy Reserves. A Letter from the Lord Bishop of Toronto to the Duke of Newcastle, Her Majesty's Secretary for the Colonies.
"Toronto: Printed at the "Churchman" Office, Corner of King and Nelson Streets. MD CCC LIII. 8vo., 27 pp.

1892. The Clergy Reserve Question in Canada.
By A. N. Bethune, D.D., Archdeacon of York, Diocese of Toronto, Canada.
London: Printed by R. Clay, Bread Street Hill. 1853. 8vo., 24 pp.

En réponse a une Adresse de l'Assemblée Législative.

(With addenda.)
Quebec: 1853. 8vo., 38-+xii pp.
1895. Report of a Case tried at Albert Circuit, 1852, before His Honor Judge Wilmot, and a special Jury.

Abraham Gesner vs. William Cairns.
Copied from the Judge's Notes.

1896. The Report of the debate in the City Council on Monday, February 21st, 1853, on bringing up the Report of the Special Committee appointed to investigate in reference to the issuing of City Debentures.

Reprinted from the "British Canadian."
Toronto: 1853. 16mo., 69 pp.


By Adam Townley, Presbyter of the Diocese of Toronto.
Toronto: Henry Rowsell, King Street East. 1853. 8vo., 55 pp.

1898. Attachment to the Church of God. A Sermon Preached in the Cathedral Church of St. James, Toronto, on Wednesday Oct. 12th, 1853, at the Visitation of the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of the Diocese of Toronto.

By The Reverend Henry Patten, Rural Dean & Rector of Cornwall.
Toronto: Henry Rowsell, King Street, East. 1853. 8vo., 24 pp.

1899. The Political Causes and Consequences of the Protestant "Reformation." A lecture by Thomas D'Arcy McGee. (Published by order of the Catholic Institute of New York, before whom it was delivered at the tabernacle Broadway, January 26th 1853.)

The last revolution &c., &c.—Burke. "Thoughts on French Affairs in 1791."


Fredericton: Printed at the Royal Gazette Office by J. Simpson, Queen's Printer, 1853. 12mo., 24 pp.

1901. The Voice of the Sea: A Sermon, preached on Sunday Evening, Oct. 2, 1853, In St. Mary's Church, Richmond Street, Boston, To Commemorate the Death of the Late Captain Robert Hutchings, of the British Steamship "Andes," who died from injuries received during a hurricane on his last voyage from Liverpool to Boston & was buried at sea on 17th September last.

By the Rev. Philip Toque.

1902. A Discourse delivered before the Faculty, Students, and Alumni of Dartmouth College, on the day preceding commencement, July 27, 1853, commemorative of Daniel Webster. By Rufus Choate.

Published by request.
Boston and Cambridge: James Munroe and Company. 1853. 8vo., 100 pp.

1903. The Great Orations and Senatorial Speech of Daniel Webster, comprising Eulogy on Adams and Jefferson; first settlement of New England; Bunker Hill Monument; Reply to Hayne.

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Scarboro' May 14th 1853. 8vo., 12 pp.


1906. Statuts de la Société St. JEAN-BAPTISTE DE LA Cité DE QUÉBEC.
Fondée le 16 Août, 1842, et Incorporée par Acte du Parlement le 30 Mai, 1849.

Par une Société de Littérateurs.
Seconde Veillée.

1908. Lecture on Newfoundland and its Fisheries, delivered By MATTHEW H. WARREN, Before the Mechanics' Institute, At St. John's 14th March, 1853.
Printed at the Office of the “Morning Post," St. John's, Newfoundland. 1853. 8vo., 24+vi4 pp.

1909. Reports on the Preliminary and Locating Surveys of the BYTOWN AND PRESCOTT RAILWAY.
By Walter Shanly, Chief Engineer.
Toronto: Printed by Brewer, M'Phail & Co. 1853. (Map.) 8vo., 60 pp.

1910. Facts relating to the Sale of the ST. MAURICE BRIDGES by the government of this Province, to Théophile Hector Pacaud, Esq.
(French copy also on the shelves.)

Par Thos. C. Keefer, C.E.

1912. A Statement of Facts, and Correspondence, connected with certain Public Improvements in the Huron Tract, including a Railroad to Goderich; to which is added some Information upon Matters relating to the Canada Company.
By Frederic Widdner, Esq., Commissioner of the Canada Company.
Toronto: Printed by Henry Rowson, 8 Wellington Buildings, King Street. 1853. 8vo., 91 pp.

Quebec: Printed by J. T. Brousseau, 9, Buade Street. 1853. 8vo., 12 pp.
Presented, 18th January, 1853.
Quebec: Printed by J. T. Brousseau, 9, Buade Street. 1853. 8vo., 35 pp.

Montreal: Printed by John Lovell, St. Nicholas Street. 1853. 8vo., 52 pp.

Thos. C. Keefer, Engineer.

Toronto: Henry Rowsell, 1853. 8vo., 20 pp.


1919. Papers respecting Claim of Shareholders in the Late Welland Canal Company, for Arrears of Interest, under the Act 7th Victoria, Chapter 34. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly.
Quebec: Printed by Rollo Campbell, No. 11, Garden Street. 1853. 8vo., viii+68 pp.

1853. 8vo., 30 pp.

1921. Trial of Joseph Bérubé and Césaréé Thériault, His Wife, Convicted of having Murdered by Poison Sophie Talbot, the First Wife of Bérubé, at the Criminal Sittings of the Court of Queens Bench, Crown Side, Held at Kamouraska, L.C., in November, 1852, before Mr. Justice Panet; together with comments upon the Law and the Facts of the case.
Lelievre and Angers, Law-Reporters.
Quebec: Printed at the Canada Gazette Office. 1853. 8vo., 78 pp.


Head's Flag of Truce, Or a defence of the memory of the late Colonel Samuel Lount, formerly member of the Legislative Assembly for Simcoe County, from the unjust charge made by Honble. John Rolph, President of the Executive Council, to the effect that Colonel Lount's statement, given shortly before his death, relative to the flag of truce, Dec. 5, 1837, was untrue.
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By W. L. Mackenzie.
The very name of a politician, &c.—Edmund Burke’s Vindication of Natural Society.
1853(?) 8vo., 16 pp.

1924. Agricultural Exhibition of Nova Scotia. Held at Halifax Wednesday and Thursday, October 5th and 6th, 1853.

1924A. The Sermon preached at the Consecration of Christ Church Cathedral, Fredericton, N.B., August 31, 1853; By The Right Rev. Horatio Southgate, D.D., Late Missionary Bishop at Constantinople, and Rector of the Church of the Advent, Boston, Mass. Published by request of the Bishop and Clergy of the Diocese of Fredericton.
   Boston: Ticknor Reed, and Fields. 12mo., 31 pp.

1854.

1925. Le Canada ou Quelque Mots de Réfutation A. M. Le Pasteur Grandpierre par un ami des Canadiens français.
   Société de Saint Victor pour la propagation des bons livres.
   Plancy: Siège, Direction et Ateliers de la Société.
   Paris: Librairie Centrale de la Société, rue de Tournon, 16.
   Arras: Succursale de la Société, rue Ernestale, 289.
   1854. 8vo., 37 pp.

1926. Deux Intendants du Canada:
   Par M. Raudot, Ancien Représentant de l’Yonne.
   Auxerre: Typographie de Perriquet et Rouillé, Editeurs, rue de Paris, 51
   1854. 8vo., 44 pp.

   Par E. Desor.
   Avec une carte et une coupe Géologique.
   (Exhibit du Bulletin de la Société des sciences naturelles de Neuchâtel, tomé III.)

   Speech of the Honourable Inspector General Hincks in the Legislative Assembly, on Friday, the 8th September—Address to the Electors of South Oxford—Correspondence with Mr. Wilson, M.P.P. for London, Canada West.
   Quebec. 1852. 8vo., 27 pp.

   By a Member of the Legislative Assembly, from Upper Canada. (Hon. Francis Hincks.)
   Quebec: 1854. 8vo., 8 pp.

1931. Proceedings of the Standing Committee on Fire, Water, and Gas, of the City of Toronto, in connexion with the supply of Water to the City.

Toronto: Printed by Maclean, Thomas & Co., King Street east. 1854. 8vo., 82 pp.

1932. The Anti-Seignorial Convention of Montreal, To the People.

Montreal: De Montigny & Co., Printers, 125, St-Paul Street. 1854. 8vo., 24 pp.


1934. The Duty of the Members of the Church of England respecting the Clergy Reserves; An Address delivered in St. Peter's Church, Springfield, January 10, 1854, by the Rev. H. C. Cooper, B.A., Rector of Christ Church, Mimico.

Toronto: Henry Rowsell, King Street. 1854. 16mo., 11 pp.

1935. Legislative Assembly. 1854.

List of Expiring Laws.

8vo., 24 pp.


1st Session, 5th Parliament, 1854.

8vo., 76 pp.


1ère Session, 5me Parlement, 1854.

8vo., 53 pp.

1938. Report of the Commissioners Appointed to inquire into the Origin and Cause of the Fire at the Grey Nunnery, or "Hospice des Soeurs de la Charité," on the Third of May Last, and the Circumstances attending the Same.

Quebec: Printed by Rollo Campbell, No. 11, Garden Street. 1854. 8vo., 64 pp.

1939. Report of the Commissioners Appointed to Inquire into the Conduct of the Police Authorities on the occasion of the Riot at Chalmers' Church, on the 6th of June, 1853; together with, Minutes of Proceedings and Evidence Taken before the said Commission.

Quebec: Printed by Rollo Campbell, No. 11, Garden Street. 1854. 8vo., 127 pp.

1940. "Montreal and the Ottawa." Two lectures delivered before the mechanics institute of Montreal, in January 1853 and 1854. By Thomas Keefer, Civil Engineer.


1941. Our Country, and our Duty to it. A lecture delivered before the mechanics' institute, Montreal, on the 7th of March, 1854, by B. Chamberlin, Esq., B.C.L. to which is subjoined some remarks upon the progress of Canada. Taken from a Lecture delivered before the Mercantile Library Association of Montreal, in the Winter of 1852-3.

1942. Work and Wages or, the Penny Emigrant's Guide to the United States and Canada, for Female Servants, Laborers, Mechanics, Farmers &c. containing a short description of those countries, and most suitable places for Settlement; Rates of Wages, Board and Lodging, House Rent, Price of Land, Money matters &c; together with full information about the preparations necessary for the voyage, instructions on Landing, and expenses of Travelling in America. With an appendix.

By Vere Foster.

London: W. & F. G. Cash, 5, Bishopsgate Without; Manchester, Heywood; Norwich, J. Darken; Newcastle, Barkas; Liverpool, Shepherd; Glasgow, Gallie & Sons; Edinburgh, Menzies; Dublin, M'Glashan, Mason; York, J. Brown; Bristol, W. H. Cook; Birmingham, White & Pike. And all Booksellers. Price One Penny each; or Tenpence per dozen. 1854. 12mo., 16 pp.


1944. Peruvian Guano Trade. Statements and Documents in relation to the Bill reported by the Select Committee of the House of Representatives, on the 31st July, 1854, imposing A Sliding Scale of Duty on the Importation of Peruvian Guano into the United States; Together with a Treatise on Peruvian Guano, by Daniel Lee, M.D., Professor of Agriculture in the University of Georgia.


Par le Dr. J. E. Dorion, de Cohoes, N.Y.
A la réquisition spéciale de l'Institut.


Officers, etc.


1947. Narrative of the Failure of an Attempt to Establish a Great National Institution, intended, more especially for the reception of Orphan Children of Officers of the British Army; but so constituted as to form, at the same time, a highly respectable yet economical Seminary, for the Education of Officers' Sons and Daughters, in general.

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Montreal, Canada: Printed by Moore, Owler & Stevenson, 42 St. Francois Xavier Street. 1854. 8vo., 44 pp.

29a—45½
By Expostulatus. [Rev. John Borland.]
"Come now and let us reason together."—Isaiah.
Quebec: Printed by R. Middleton, St. Peter Street. 1854. 12mo., 117 pp.

1949 and 1950. A Charge Delivered to the Clergy of the Diocese of Nova Scotia, at the Visitation held in the Cathedral Church of St. Paul, at Halifax, on the 11th day of October, 1854.
By Hibbert, Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia.
Published at the request of the Clergy.

"He is my God, and I will prepare him an habitation; My father's God, and I will exalt him," Exod. xv. 2.

Toronto: 1854. 8vo., 6 pp.

1953. Scriptural Rights of the members of Christ's Visible Church; or, correspondence containing the reasons of Dr. Ryerson's Resignation of office in the Wesleyan Methodist Church.
The Rights of the Christian are no less Sacred than those of the Citizen.
"The Holy Scriptures contain all things necessary . . . . Fifth Article of Faith in the Doctrines and Discipline of the Wesleyan Methodist Church.

1954. The Book of Duty: Containing A digest of the Philosophy of Duty, or, The True Science of Life; supplying the unerring standards for the formation and regulation of the Mind of Man, with the whole character and conduct; intended as a safe companion to the youthful voyager on the eventful journey of Life; and it may chance to be honoured as not uninteresting, by those who have leisure and inclination, in activity or in retirement to bestow a retrospective glance in its society on "the days that are gone."
London, 1854. 8vo., 63 pp.

Printed by order of the Trustees.
Quebec: Printed by T. Cary. 1854. 8vo., 22 pp.
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1956. Practical Views on Cholera, and on the Sanitary, Preventive and Curative Measures to be adopted in the event of a visitation of the epidemic.
   With an Appendix.
   "It is easier to preserve health than to cure disease."
   Montreal: Published by B. Dawson. 1854. 8vo., 53 pp.
   (Written by Wolfred Nelson.)

1957. Reports of Chief Engineer on the Survey of the North Shore Railway, and.
   of Directors on the Proper Resources of the Same.
   Quebec: Printed by Augustin Côté. 1854. 8vo., 53 pp.

1958. Report of the Chief Engineer, On the Survey of the Line for the Quebec & Saguenay Railway. Containing also a statement of the resources of the Country through which it passes, and the General Advantages to be derived therefrom:—
   With the Proposed Organization and Bye-Laws for the Management of the Company.
   Quebec: Printed by J. T. Brousseau, at his Steam Press Establishment, No. 9, Buade Street. 1854. 8vo., 68 pp.

1959. Rapport de L'Ingénieur en Chef sur l'étude de la Ligne du Chemin de Fer de Quebec et de Saguenay; Contenant aussi un état des Ressources des Localités à Travers Lesquelles la Ligne devra passer, et les Avantages Généraux qui en Déconduent:—Ainsi que l'organisation projetée et les Règlements pour la Gouverne de la Compagnie.

1960. The proposed Hamilton and South-Western Railway, with a Map. By H. B. Willson, Esq.

1961. Great Western Railway, Report to be submitted by the Board of Directors to the Shareholders, at the special general Meeting, to be held on the 15th May, 1854.

   Hamilton: Printed at the Spectator Office, Court House Square. 1854. 12mo., 11 pp.

1963. Railroad Accidents, and the means by which they may be prevented by the use of the Electro-Magnetic Safety Apparatus. To which the attention of the Traveling Public, Presidents and Directors of the various Railroads throughout the United States, is respectfully requested.
   By Laurence Turnbull, M.D., Author of lectures on the Electro-Magnetic Telegraph; and William C. McRea, Telegraphic Engineer.

   Montreal: Printed by John Lovell, at his Steam Printing Establishment.
   St. Nicholas Street. 1854. 8vo., 8 pp.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.
Office, Toronto Street, Toronto.

1967. Ionteri8ainenstakSa de Kari8ioston Tzziasonthia, KahaSaZeka.


1969. Documents relative to the Claim of Chief Justice Bowen for increased salary. 1849.
Printed in 1854 (?) 8vo., 14 pp.


1971. The Inland Seas of North America; and the Natural and Industrial Productions of Canada, with the real foundations for its future prosperity. By the Rev. James Williamson, A.M., Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, University of Queen's College.


1855.

1974. Eloge Historique de Monsieur le Marquis de Montcalm. (Extrait du "Mercure de France" de 1760.)
Québec: Imprimerie d'A. Coté & Cie. 1855. 8vo., 16 pp.

Québec, 1855. A. Coté, Editeur-Imprimeur.
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   By a nun of the General Hospital of Quebec.
   To which is appended an account of the Laying of the First Stone of the
   Monument to Wolfe and Montcalm.
   Quebec: Printed at the Quebec Mercury Office, Buade Street. 1855. 8vo., 28 pp.

1977. Relation de ce qui s’est passé au Siège de Québec, et de la Prise du Canada:
   Par une Religieuse de l’Hôpital Général de Québec:
   Addressée a une Communité de son Ordre en France.

1978. The Battles of the Crimea; with other poems on the most touching and interesting
   Incidents of the Campaign.
   By Mrs. Hayward, from well authenticated sources.
   The proceeds to be applied to the Patriotic Fund.
   Port Hope, Canada West: Published by J. C. Ansley, 1855. 12mo., vi+67 pp.

1979. Essai Couronné. Le Canada, Ses Institutions, Ressources, Produits, Manufactures,
   etc., etc.
   Par Hector L. Langevin, Avocat.
   “Suam quisque pellem portat.”
   “Chacun son mérite.”
   Québec: Imprimé par Lovell et Lamoureaux, due la Montagne. 1855. 8vo., 166 pp.


1981. Canada. An Essay: to which was awarded the First Prize by the Paris Exhibition
   Committee of Canada.
   By J. Sheridan Hogan.
   “Labor omnia vincit.”

1982. Canada and Her Resources: An essay, to which, upon a reference from the
   Paris Exhibition Committee of Canada, was awarded by His Excellency Sir
   Edmund Walker Head, Bart., Governor General of British North America, etc.
   etc., the second prize. By Alexander Morris, A.M., Barirster at Law.
   “Virtute et labore.”
   “Dum spiro, spero.”

   and on the Right of British Colonists to Representation in the Imperial Parliament,
   and to participation in the public employments and distinctions of the Empire.
   London: James Ridgway, Piccadilly, 1855. 8vo., 63 pp.

1984. Reply to the speech of the Hon. Joseph Howe, of Nova Scotia, on the Union
   of the North American Provinces and on the Right of British Colonists to
   Representation in the Imperial Parliament.
   By the Hon. Francis Hincks, member of the Legislative Assembly of Canada.
Quebec: Printed by S. Derbishire & G. Desbarats, Printers to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1855. 8vo., 83 pp.

(French copy also in the shelves.)

1986. Report on the most eligible route for A Canal between Lake Simcoe and the Rice Lake, and Lake Simcoe and Georgian Bay, to the Bay of Quinte, by the back waters of the New Castle District.
By N. H. Baird, Civil Engineer, M.I.C.E.L.
Printed by order of the County Council, of the County of Hastings. George Benjamin, Esquire, Warden.
Belleville: Printed for M. Bowell, "Intelligencer" Office corner of Front and Bridge Streets. 1855. 8vo., vi+37 pp.


(Refutation Victorieuse du Rapport soumis a la Convention Anti-Seigneuriale.) et Quelques Avis d'un Cultivateur aux Censitaires du Bas-Canada.
Quebec: Imprimé par E. R. Fréchette, 13 Rue La Montagne, 1855. 8vo., 41 pp.

Svo., 136 pp.

Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly.
Quebec: Printed by Lovell & Lamoureux, at their Steam-Printing Establishment, Mountain Street. 1855. 8vo., 54 pp.

Quebec: Printed by Stewart Derbishire & George Desbarats, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1855. 8vo., 31 pp.
1994. Return to an Address from the Legislative Assembly of the 28th ultimo. For copy of Mr. Jarvis' report relative to the survey of the proposed Caughnawaga Canal, and the amount of the cost of such surveys as submitted by the said Engineer (Mr. Jarvis) Quebec, March 20, 1855. 8vo., 76 pp.


This is a translation of the Journal of the Sergeant Major of Hopson's Grenadiers. 8vo., 16 pp.


By Col. Guvy.

2005. Letters from North America; written during the summer of 1853. Private impression.


(Written by A. Guvy.)
April, 1855. 8vo., 19 pp.

2007. Memorial of William F. Coffin, Esq., to His Excellency Sir Edmund Walker Head, Governor General, &c. &c.


By A. Farewell and G. P. Ure, President and Secretary of the Canadian Prohibitory Liquor Law League, during the month of February, 1855.

Toronto: Printed for the Canadian Prohibitory Liquor Law League; and sold for them by J. C. Geikie, 70, and C. Fletcher, 54, Yonge Street. 8vo., 94 pp.


Liverpool: M. Rourke, Printer, South John Street. 1855. 16mo., 10 pp.

2010. On the Course of Collegiate Education, adapted to the circumstances of British America.

The Inaugural Discourse of the Principal of McGill College, Montreal.

"Meditor instaurationem philosophiae ejusmodi, quae nihil inanis aut abstracti habeat, quaque vitæ humanae conditiones in melius provchat."—Bacon.


2011. Return to an Address of the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 13th ultimo, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the House copies of the By-laws or Statutes which have been presented to His Excellency by the Toronto University, and which have received his sanction, together with a statement of the number and amount of the scholarships, the establishment of which His Excellency has sanctioned, of the names and residences of the persons upon whom they have been conferred; of the number of matriculated and other students in University College, Toronto, their names, residences, and dates of matriculation, and the amount charged each student for the several courses of lectures, and the sums actually received for the current year, or terms ending this year.

By command, Geo. Et. Cartier, Secretary.

Secretary's Office, Quebec, 17th April, 1855. 8vo., 29 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

2012. Bursar's Statements and Accounts of the University and Colleges at Toronto and of Upper Canada College, for the Year 1854; also, estimate of income for 1855. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. 
Quebec: Printed by Lovell and Lamoureux, at their steam-printing establishment, Mountain Street. 1855. 8vo. 28 pp.

Sta, viator, heroem calcas.
Quebec: De la Presse a Pouvoir de E. R. Fréchette, 13, rue la Montagne, Basse-Ville. 1855. 8vo., 8 pp.

2014. Letters to the Hon. Francis Lemieux, Chief Commissioner Public Works, on Canadian Trade and Navigation, and to the Citizens of Montreal, on the Commerce of the City and the Means of its Further Development.
By the Hon. John Young, M.P.P.

2015. Lettre à L'Honorable Francois Lemieux, Principal Commissaire des Travaux Publics, sur le Commerce et la Navigation du Canada, suivie d'une Adresse aux Citoyens de Montréal, concernant le Commerce de la Cité et ses Moyens de développement futur.
Par L' Hon. John Young, M.P.P.

2016. Letter to the Hon. Francis Hincks, being a review of his reply to Mr Howe's speech on the Organization of the Empire.


2018. The Antidote to Dr. Ryerson's Scriptural Rights, &c., in Two Parts.
No. 1 relating to Children,
No. 2 relating to Adults.
Shewing the error of the Positions on which His Assumption is Founded, that Attendance at Class Meeting is not a Proper Condition of Membership, in the Wesleyan Methodist Church.
"Great Men are not always wise."—Job xxxii, 9.
"Not the Church, but Christ alone saves."—M. D'Aubigne.

8vo., 12 pp.

2020. By-Laws, Regulations and Statutes made and established by the President and Directors of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital for the Government of the Officers, Members, Patients and servants of the Hospital. Passed on the twenty-eight day of February 1852, and since revised and amended. To which
is added an appendix, containing a copy of the charter of incorporation, a list of
the Office Bearers, Directors and Medical Board. Also a form of a legacy to the
Society. Printed by order of the Directors.

2021. Report of the Incorporated Church Society of the Diocese of Montreal, for the
year ending the 6th January, 1855. Established 11th October, 1850. Incorporated
by Act of Parliament 14 and 15 Victoria, Cap. 171.

2022. Documents relative to the Erection and Endowment of Additional Bishoprics
in the Colonies, 1841-1855. With an historical preface by the Rev. Ernest Haw-
London: Sold at the depository of the Society for promoting Christian
knowledge, Great Queen Street, Lincoln’s Inn Fields; 4, Royal Exchange; and 16,
Hanover Street, Hanover Square; and by all Booksellers. 1855. 8vo., iv+64+
25 pp.

2023. A Trip to Newfoundland; its Scenery and Fisheries; with an account of the
laying of the Submarine Telegraph Cable.
By John Mullaly.
Illustrated with thirty engravings from original drawings by D. C. Hitchcock.
New York, Published by T. W. Strong, 98 Nassau Street. 1855. 12mo.,
108 pp.

2024. Rear Admiral Sir John Franklin. A narrative of the circumstances and causes
which led to the failure of the searching expeditions sent by Government and
others for the rescue of Sir John Franklin.
“Magna est veritas, et praevalebit.”
8vo., 118 pp.

2025. First Report of the Royal Commissioners of the Patriotic Fund to Her
Majesty the Queen.
1855(?) 4to., 58 pp.

2026. Paris Universal Exhibition of 1855. No. 1. (Translation) Imperial Com-
mission, Decrees, Regulations and Instructions.
London: Printed by W. Clowes and Sons, Stamford St. and Charing Cross.
8vo., 16 pp.

2027. In the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Pennsyl-
vania. United States vs. Henry Hertz et. al. charged with hiring and retaining
persons to go beyond the jurisdiction of the United States, with the intent to
enlist in the British Foreign Legion, for the Crimea. Taken in shorthand specially
for the Pennsylvanian, by James B. Sheridan, Phonographic Reporter.
Published by William Rice, No. 46, South Third Street, Philadelphia.
McLaughlin Brothers, Steam-power book and job printers, No. 50 South Third
Street, 1855. 8vo., 106 pp.

2028. Letter from Joseph Howe to James C. Van Dike, Attorney for the United
States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, re Foreign Enlistment. (1855?)
8vo., 7 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a


2031. Letter from Joseph Howe to J. A. Roebuck, M.P. (For the Times) respecting enlistment in U.S., for British Service. 4to., 2 pp.

1856.

2032. Esquisse Biographique sur Chevalier De Lorimier.
Par Hector Fabre.

2033. The Seat of Government of Canada. (First published in 1843; now republished with additional matter.) Also the COMPOSITION AND FUNCTIONS of the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and the “DOUBLE MAJORITY” QUESTION.
By Dunbar Ross, Esquire, M.P.P. for the County of Beauce, and, H.M. Solicitor General for Lower Canada.
Seinditur incertum studia, &c.—Virgil.
Quebec: Printed by E. R. Fréchette, 13, Mountain Street, Lower-Town. 1856. 8vo., 33 pp.

2034. Narrative of a Journey across the Island of NEWFOUNDLAND. By W. E. Cormack, Esq., The only one ever performed by a European.
Printed at the office of the “Morning Post” and the “Commercial Journal,” Duckworth Street, St. John’s Newfoundland. 1856. 8vo., 68 pp.


2036. An Act to CHANGE the CONSTITUTION of the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL BY RENDERING the SAME ELECTIVE.
Toronto: Printed by Stewart Derbishire & George Desbarats, Law Printer to the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty. 1856. 8vo., 14 pp.

2037. Mr. Gray’s Closing Speech on the Vote of Want of Confidence. Delivered in the House of Assembly, at Fredericton, on the 29th of February, 1856. Taken from the “Head Quarters.”

2038. The Mackenzie Homestead. Minutes of Proceedings at two meetings held in Toronto, preparatory to an Appeal being made to the people of Canada, on behalf of an old, faithful, and talented public servant, William Lyon Mackenzie, Esq., M.P.P.; with the Address of the Central Committee.
Toronto: Printed for the Central Committee. 1856. 8vo., 16 pp.

2039. Lower-Canada Reports. DÉCISIONS DES TRIBUNAUX du Bas-Canada. QUESTIONS SEIGNEURIALES; compilation Contenant l’Acte Seigneurial de 1854, l’Amendement à l’Acte Seigneurial de 1855, les Questions soumises par le Procureur-Général du Bas-Canada, les Contre-Questions soumises par divers
Seigneurs, les Procédés et Décisions de la Cour Spéciale constituée sous l'autorité de l'Acte Seigneurial de 1854, les Plaidoyers et les Mémoires des Avocats, et les Observations des Juges, etc.
Rédacteurs; MM. Lelièvre et Angers.
Volume B.
Imprimé Partie à Québec, par Augustin Coté; et Partie à Montréal, au Bureau de la Minerve. 1856. 8vo., 14 + 19 + 59 pp.

2040. Réponse a Deux Addresses de l'honorable assemblée législative à son excellence le gouverneur-général, datées le 28 février 1856.
8vo., 30 pp.


2042. Important Insurance Case. SUPERIOR COURT. Before His Honour Judge Smith. MORISON, CAMERON & EMPEY vs. THE PHOENIX INSURANCE CO.
Counsel for the Plaintiffs, Messrs. Rose & Monk.
Attorneys for the Defendants, Messrs. Cross & Bancroft.
Counsel for the Defendants, Messrs. Bethune & Dunkin.
The following Jury was empanelled:—
James Claxton, Benjamin Francis,
Norton B. Corse, Daniel Drummond,
Thomas Davidson, William Manning,
George Dowker, William Snaith,
J. H. Dorwin, Joseph Tuskey,
James Dougall, James Jeffrey.

2043. Agricultural Progress. An outline of the course of improvement in agriculture considered as a Business, an Art, and a Science, with special reference to New Brunswick.
"—E pur se muove!"—Galileo.
By James Robb, M.D., Professor of Chemistry and Natural History, King's College, Fredericton.
Printed for the New Brunswick Society for the Encouragement of Agriculture, Home Manufactures, and Commerce.
Fredericton: J Simpson, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1856. 8vo., 64 pp.

2044. To Emigrants. CANADA: ITS ADVANTAGES TO SETTLERS.
"Be content, and plenty and happiness shall turn and follow thee in this thy adopted Country."
By John Miller Grant, Montreal.
London: Algar and Street, 11, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street; and W. Wesley, 32, Paternoster Row. 1856. Price Threepence; Post Free, Fourpence. 8vo., 16 pp.
2045. Michel Sarrasin, Médecin du Roi à Quebec, Conseiller au Conseil Supérieur, etc. etc.
A. Coté, Editeur-Imprimeur, Québec. 1856. 8vo., 12 pp.
(Attributed to L'Abbé Bois.) Title page missing.

2046. The Two Elders and the Sequel, The Meal Club Plot.
By Toots
Synods are mystical bear gardens, &c.—Hudibras.
How most degraded were their situation, &c.
Late Sir John Smyth, LL.D. Poems, Poet Laureate and Engineer—
Toronto: Printed at the Citizen Office, corner of Berczy Lane and Colborne Street. 1856. 8vo., 16 pp.

Also, Course of the High School Department. Session 1855-6.

2048. Returns from the University of Toronto, Upper Canada College, Victoria, Regiopolis, and Queen's Colleges, shewing Their Annual Expenditure and Income, Number of Professors, &c., &c. 1856. 8vo., 75 pp.

2049. A Charge; Delivered to the Clergy of the Diocese of Toronto, at the Visitation, on Wednesday, April 30, 1856.
By John, Lord Bishop of Toronto.
Toronto: Henry Rowsell, King Street. 1856. 8vo., 34 pp.

2050. Report on the Supply of Water to the City of Hamilton, by Thomas C. Keefer, C.F.
Published by order of the standing committee on Fire and Water, Wm. Davidson, Esq., Chairman.
Montreal: Printed by John Lovell, at his steam-printing establishment, St. Nicholas Street. 1856. 8vo., 43 pp.

2051. A Charge, Delivered to the Clergy of the Diocese of Rupert's Land, at His Triennial Visitation, May 29, 1856.


2053. Résumé des Conférences ecclésiastiques du Diocèse de Québec, commencées en 1854.
Quebec: Imprimé par P. Lamoureaux, rue La Montagne. 1856. 8vo., 40 pp.

2054. The Foundations of Nationality. A Discourse, preached in the Unitarian Church, Montreal, on the Sunday after the great Railway Celebration, November 1856.
By John Cordner.
Published by request of the Committee of the Congregation.
2055. “Faint, yet Pursuing,” an Ordination Sermon, preached in the Cathedral of Christ Church, Fredericton, On the second Sunday in Lent, 1856, and published at the request of some members of the Congregation, by John, Bishop of Fredericton.

Fredericton: J. Simpson. Printer to the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty, 1856. 12mo., 14 pp.

2056. Report of the Proceedings of the Twenty-sixth Grand Annual Session of the Right Worshipful The Grand Lodge of the Loyal Orange Institution of British America, held in the Court-House, Brockville, U.C., On Tuesday, the 17th, and by adjournment, in the same place, on Wednesday, the 18th, and Thursday, the 19th days of June, Anno Domini, 1856; and by further adjournment, in the Yonge-street Orange Hall, Toronto, on Wednesday, the 25th day of the same Month, being in the 19th Year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Queen Victoria, and of Orangeism in America, the 27th.

Toronto: Printed for the Grand Lodge, By James Beaty, Proprietor of the “Patriot” and “Leader” Steam-Press Printing Establishment, 120, King Street East. 1856. 8vo., 91 pp.

2057. Témperance et Intémperance.

Montréal: Des Presses À vapeur de Montigny & Compagnie, 18, Rue Saint-Gabriel. 1856. 8vo., 86 pp.


Québec: Imprimé par P. Lamoureux, 12 rue La Montagne. 1856. 8vo., 32 pp.


By a sub-committee of the Celebration Committee.


2060. The Canadian Tourist. Accompanied by a Map of the British American Provinces, and an Appendix containing useful statistical information.


Quebec, P. Sinclair; Three Rivers, G. Stubbs; Sherbrooke, W. Brooks; Montreal, B. Dawson, and R. & A. Miller; Ottawa, A. Bryson; Kingston, J. Duff; Port Hope, J. C. Ansley; London, C.W., Thos. Coombe. 1856. 24mo., 211 pp.


2062. Burke’s Descriptive Guide; or the Visitor’s Companion to Niagara Falls: Its strange and wonderful localities.

By an old resident.

Buffalo: Andrew Burke, Publisher, Bookseller and Stationer. Mansion House Block. 24mo., 128 pp.


Par M. L’Eveque de Quebec.


   By R. W. Russell.


2067. Letter to the Right Honorable William E. Gladstone M.P. from the Hon. Joseph Howe, being a review of the debate on the Foreign Enlistment Bill, and our relations with the United States.

2068. Les Voeux des Hurons et des Abnaquis a Notre-Dame de Chartres Publiées pour la première fois d'après les Manuscrits des Archives d'Eure-et-Loir avec les lettres des missionnaires Catholiques au Canada, une Introduction et des Notes. Par M Doublet de Boisthibault
   A Chartres est sa mestre iglisque
   Qui si noblement est assise
   Que la Dame tient souz sa main
   Et tout Chartres et tout chartein.—(Le Livre des Miracles.)

2069. Substance of a Lecture delivered at the Smithsonian Institution on a Collection of the Charts and Maps of America.
   By J. G. Kohl.
   Smithsonian Institution Report for 1856.

2070. Two Lectures on Canada.
   By Rollo Campbell, Montreal.
   Delivered in the Sheriff Court Hall, Greenock, Scotland, On Tuesday Evening, January 20, and Friday Evening, January 23, 1857.
   First Canada Edition.

2071. Information for Intending Settlers on the Ottawa and Opeongo Road, and its vicinity, by T. P. French, Crown Land Agent.
   Published with the approval of The Honorable Joseph Cauchon, Commissioner of Crown Lands, and The Honorable P. M. Vankoughnet, President Executive Council and Minister of Agriculture.
   Ottawa, Canada West, 1857. 16mo., 36 pp.

2072. Canada: The Land of Hope for the Settler and Artisan, the small Capitalist, The Honest, and the Persevering. With a description of the climate, free grants of land, wages, and its general advantages as a field for Emigration.

29a—46
By the Editor of the "Canadian News.
Published by Algar and Street, 11, Clement’s Lane, Lombard Street, London, E.C.

Toronto: Printed by S. Derbishire & G. Desbarats, Printer to the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty. 1857. 12mo., 17 pp.

2074. Canada: a brief outline of her geographical position, productions, climate, capabilities, educational and municipal institutions, &c. &c.
Published by authority.
Toronto, Canada West: 1857. 8vo., 24 pp.

Published by order of the Institute.

2076. A Lecture, delivered by The Lord Bishop of Fredericton, before the Church of England Young Men’s Society, of the City of Saint John, at the Hall of the Mechanics’ Institute, on Friday Evening, 23rd January, 1857. Subject.—“Good Taste.” The Rev. Dr. Gray, one of the Patrons of the Society, in the Chair.

2077. Hunter’s Panoramic Guide from Niagara Falls to Quebec.
By Wm. S. Hunter, Jr.

2078. Supplemental Instructions to Receivers of Wreck, and to Officers of the Customs and the Coast Guard, Concerning their Duties in respect of Wrecks and Casualties, under “The Merchant Shipping Act, 1854.”
London: Printed by George E. Eyre and William Spottiswoode, Printers to the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty. For Her Majesty’s Stationery Office. 1857. 8vo., 11 pp.

By M. H. Perley, Esq., H. M. Emigration Officer at St. John, N.B.

2080. Final Report to the Hon. Commissioners of Public Works, On the completion of the Improvements in the north-east Wing of the Common Gaol at Montreal, forwarded to the Secretary of that Department, on 21st Sept. 1854, containing A statement of their nature and extent, and showing the urgent necessity for improving the other Wings of the Gaol upon the same principle;
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With an Appendix, Demonstrating their complete success, by ample trial, with special reference to the peculiar method of heating and ventilation employed, as contrasted with other methods in use which are detrimental to life and property.

By Thomas McGinn, Keeper of the common gaol.


Presented to Both Houses by Command of His Excellency the Governor General.

Toronto: Printed by Stewart Derbishire & George Desbarats, Printer to the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty. 1857. 8vo., 67 pp.


Ordered, by the Legislative Assembly, to be printed, 27th May, 1857. Printed, 28th July, 1857.


2083. Return to an address of the Honourable Legislative Assembly, dated 16th March, 1859, requiring Copies of any Charters, Leases, or other Documents, under which the Honorable Hudson’s Bay Company claim title to the Hudson’s Bay Territory, or any maps relating thereto in the possession of the Government.

Toronto: Printed by Stewart Derbishire & George Desbarats, Printer to the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty. 1857. 8vo., 75 pp.

2084. The Case of the Hudson’s Bay Company. In a letter to Lord Palmerston.

By Andrew Freeport.


2085. The Hudson’s Bay Company versus Magna Charta, and the British People.

By the Liverpool Financial Reform Association.


“Grants of Monopolies are against the ancient and fundamental laws of the Kingdom.”—Ibid, p. 181.

Liverpool: Published by the Association, and issued, free of charge and postage, to Subscribers of 10s. annually. Sold to non-subscribers, at the Office, 6 York Buildings, Dale Street, and by Messrs. Willmer & Smith, Church Street.


Printed by J. R. Williams and Co., 2, Church Lane, Church St., Liverpool. 12mo., 36 pp.


Liverpool: Published by the Association, and issued free of charge and postage, to Subscribers of 10s. annually. Sold to Non-Subscribers at the Office, 6, York Buildings, Dale Street; and by Messrs. Willmer and Smith, Church Street.


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2087. Convention between Her Majesty and the Emperor of the French, relative to the Rights of Fishery on the Coast of Newfoundland and the neighboring Coasts.

J. C. Withers, Queen's Printer. 4to., 6 pp.

2088. The Salmon Fisheries of the St. Lawrence and its tributaries.
By Richard Nettle.

2089. Fish Guano and Fish Oil. Manufactured by a process invented in France, and Patented in France, Great Britain and the United States. State, County or Town rights or licenses to manufacture under this patent, can be obtained by personal application, or by letter to George W. Beach. Agent of the Patentees, No. 146 Pearl Street, New York.

2090. Deliberations du Comité Permanent des Chemins de Fer, etc., relatives au Grand Chemin de fer du Sud.
Toronto: Imprime par John Lovell, Yonge Street. 8vo., 94 pp.

2091. Essai sur les Insectes et les Maladies qui affectent le Blé.
Par Emilien Dupont, Ecr., De St. Joachim, Comte de Montmorency.
L'Auteur a reçu le troisième prix du bureau d'Agriculture et des Statistiques.
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2092. Souvenirs Historiques sur la Seigneurie de La Prairie par J. Viger. Ecuyer, Ancien et Premier Maire de Montreal, etc. etc. etc.

(With map.)

2094. Preliminary Report on the projected North-West Railway of Canada, with a description of the extent, physical features, soil and settlement of the country through which it is proposed to be constructed, showing the importance of the Valley of the River Saugeen, as a field for commerce and railway enterprise and the great benefits, local, provincial and otherwise which would result from the establishment of the proposed line of communication. Sandford Fleming, Engineer.
Toronto: Blackburn's City Steam Press, 63 Yonge Street. 1857. 8vo., 86 pp.

No. 1. Concerning the Convention and Gagging Law; 1818. Mr. Gourlay's Arrest and Trial, &c. &c. &c.
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Toronto: Printed by Lovell & Gibson, Yonge Street. 1857. 8vo., 139 pp. |
By James Armstrong, Advocate.  
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Toronto: Blackburn's City Steam Press, 63 Yonge Street. 1857. 8vo., 44 pp. |
| **2100. Care of our Destitute and Criminal Population.** A Series of Letters Published in the "Montreal Gazette."  
By "Philanthropy."  
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Quebec: P. Sinclair, Bookseller, Stationer, &c., No. 56, St. John Street, 1857. 16mo., 48 pp. |
| **2103. The Canada Educational Directory and Calendar for 1857-8:**  
Containing an account of the Schools, Colleges, and Universities; the Professions; Scientific and Literary Institutions; Decisions of the Courts on School Questions; &c., &c.  
Edited by Thomas Hodgins, B.A., Univ. Coll., Toronto.  
Virtue and knowledge are endowments, &c.—Shakespeare.  
As for the conceit, &c.—Bacon.  
   With a plan.

2105. An Address on the Present condition, resources and prospects of British North America, delivered by special request at the City Hall, Glasgow, on the 25th of March, 1857.
   By the Hon. Mr. Justice Haliburton.

   "They are vanity and the work of errors; in the time of their visitation they shall perish."—Jeremiah x. 15.
   By Adam Townley, D.D., Incumbent of Paris, C.W.
   (Originally written for the Toronto Colonist.)
   By Thompson & Co., 52 King Street East. 1857. Price Seven pence Half-
   penny. 12mo., 27 pp.

2107. A Sermon, preached at Trinity Church, in the Parish of St. John, N.B., on the 8th December, 1857, by The Rev. I. W. D. Gray, D.D., and designed to recommend the Principles of the Loyalists of 1783.
   12mo., 14 pp.

2108. Report on a Water Supply, for the City of Toronto, by Thos. C. Keefer, Esq., C.E.

2109. Résumé des Conférences ecclésiastiques du Diocèse de Québec, commencées en 1854.
   Deuxième partie.
   Québec: Des Presses à vapeur de J. T. Brousseau, 9, Rue Buade, Haute-
   Ville. 1857. 8vo., 65 pp.

2110. Proces de Anais Toussaint, accusée et trouvée coupable de L'empoisonnement de son mari, Joseph Bisson, devant le Cour du Bane de la Reine. 1857. 8vo., 8 pp.

2111. Controversy between Dr. Ryerson, Chief Superintendent of Education in Upper Canada, and Rev. J. M. Bruyere, Rector of St. Michael's Cathedral, Toronto, on the appropriation of the Clergy Reserves Funds; Free Schools vs. State Schools; Public Libraries and Common Schools, Attacked and Defended.
   By J. M. Bruyere for the Prosecution. Dr. Ryerson for the Defence.
   To which is appended a Letter from the Right Rev. Dr. Pinsonneault, Bishop of London, C.W., to Rev. J. M. Bruyere, on the subject of the Late Controversy with Dr. Ryerson.
   Toronto: Leader and Patriot Steam-Press Print, King Street East. 1857.
   8vo., 108 pp.

2112. Preliminary Report on the projected North-West Railway of Canada. With a description of the extent, physical features, soil and settlement of the country through which it is proposed to be constructed. Showing the importance of the
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Valley of the River Saugeen as a field for commerce and railway enterprise, and the great benefits, local, provincial, and otherwise, which would result from the establishment of the proposed link of communication.

Sandford Fleming, Engineer.

Toronto: Blackburn's City Steam Press, 63 Yonge Street. 1857. 8vo., iv+86 pp.

2113. Dr. Ryerson's Letters in reply to the attacks of FOREIGN ECCLESIASTICS against THE SCHOOLS AND MUNICIPALITIES OF UPPER CANADA, including the letters of Bishop Charbonnel, Mr. Bruyère and Bishop Pinsoneault.


By the Rev. J. Gamble Geddes, M.A., Rector of Hamilton, and Secretary to the Synod.

Toronto: Henry Rowsell, King Street East. 1857. 8vo., 18 pp.

2115. Persécutions aux Illinois de l'Abbé Chiniquy, l'apôtre de la tempérance au Canada.


2118. Engineer's Report in reply to the communication from the Mayor of Owen Sound, and the deputation of the County of Grey, on the proposed TORONTO AND OWEN SOUND CENTRAL RAILWAY ROUTE, with a Branch to Saugeen.

Also a supplement containing the latest statistics of the Prospective Local and Through Traffic, and other important information.


2119. Statements, Reports and Accounts of the GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY of Canada.

Laid before the Legislative Assembly, Thursday the 23d April, 1857. By order of His Excellency the Governor General, W. Cayley, Inspector General.

Toronto: Printed by Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1857. 8vo., 71 pp.


4to., 16+6 pp.


   Imprimé par ordre de l'Assemblée Legislative.

2125. Letters on the Recent Railway Riots, their causes and results—and the political position of the "Young Ireland" brigade.


1858.

2129. Rules, Orders and Forms of Proceeding of the Upper House, of the Parliament of Canada.
   Compiled by Robert Lemoine, Esq., Barrister at Law, Clerk Assistant of the Upper House.
   Toronto: Printed by Lovell and Gibson, Corner of Yonge and Melinda Streets. 1858. 8vo., 111 pp.

2130. Legislative Assembly, 1858. List of Expiring Laws.

2131. Awards by the Hon. John Hamilton Gray, as Arbitrator or Umpire, under The Reciprocity Treaty, signed at Washington, June 5, A.D., 1854.
   Dated at Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, April 8, 1858.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

Nouvelle Edition.
Précédée d’une notice biographique, par M. Hospice Verreau, Principal de l’École Normale Jacques-Cartier, et accompagné d’un portrait du Père Lafitaun, d’un facsimile de son autographe et de la planche représentant le gin-seng.
Montreal: Typographie de Senecal, Daniel et Compagnie, No 4 Rue Saint Vincent. 1858. 8vo., 44 pp.

2133. The Celebrated Essay on England and IIer Colonial Policy.
By Count de Montalembert.
Originally Published in the “Correspondant Revue,” under the Title of “Un Debat sur l’Inde au Parlement Anglais,” and for which the Author has been Prosecuted by the Emperor Napoléon III.
With Portrait and Biographical Sketch; also a full account of the State Prosecution of the distinguished Essayist.
Toronto: Lovell & Gibson, and W. C. F. Caverhill, Yonge St.
Montreal: John Lovell, Canada Directory Office. 1858.

(Reproduite du “Journal de Quebec.”) (Attributed to Joseph Cauchon.)
Québec: Typographie d’Augustin Coté et Cie. 1858. 8vo., 36 pp.

2135. Question of Federation of the British Provinces in America. (Confidential.)
Colonial Office, November 1858. 4to., 18 pp.

2136. On the Intention of the Imperial Government to Unite the Provinces of British North America, and a review of some events which took place during The Session of the Provincial Parliament in 1854 in Quebec.
By Henry Taylor.
Toronto 1858. 12mo., 117 pp.

2137. L’Héroine de Chateauguay. Episode de la Guerre de 1813.
Par H. Emile Chevalier.

2138. The Colonial History of Vincennes under the French, British and American Governments, from its first settlement down to the territorial administration of General William Henry Harrison, being an address delivered by Judge Law, before The Vincennes Historical and Antiquarian Society, February 22nd 1889, with additional notes and illustrations.
Vincennes, Harvey Mason & Co., 1858. 8vo., viii+156 pp.

2139. The Plains of Abraham.
Notes, original and selected, by Lt. Colonel Beatson, Royal Engineers.
Gibraltar: Printed at the Garrison Library Press. 1858. 8vo. 48 pp.

2140. The Falls of Niagara; being a Complete Guide to all the Points of Interest Around and in the Immediate Neighbourhood of the Great Cataract.
With views taken from sketches by Washington Friend, Esq., and from Photographs.
“Niagara! the wonder of the world A very ocean to destruction hurl’d!”
Toronto: James Campbell. MDCCCLVIII. 24mo., 64 pp.

An Essay, delivered before the Hochelaga Debating Club, Montreal, 12th December, 1858, by Mr. Geo. H. Macaulay, and published under the auspices of the Club.

Montreal: Printed by Owler & Stevenson, 41 St. François Xavier Street, 1858. 8vo., 16 pp.

2142. Nova Britannia; or, British North America, its extent and future.

A Lecture by Alexander Morris, A.M., advocate, author of a prize-essay on Canada.

Published by Request of the Mercantile Library Association of Montreal: Printed by John Lovell, at the Canada Directory Office, St. Nicholas Street, 1858. 8vo., 67 pp.

2143. Mr. Gourlay's Case, before the Legislature, with his Speech, Delivered on Wednesday, July 1, 1858.

In two parts.

Toronto: Printed at the Globe Book and Job Office. 1858. 8vo., 29 pp.

2144. Le Siège du Gouvernement Provincial.

Par Dunbar Ross, Ecuyer, M.P.P. pour le comté de Beauce et Conseil de Sa Majesté pour le Bas-Canada.
Traduit de l'Anglais, Avec quelques observations ultérieures sur l'état actuel de la question.

Scinditur incertum . . . Virg.

. . . Multos per annos . . . ib.

Quebec: Imprimé par St. Michel et Darveau, 11, Rue La Montagne, Basseville. 1858. 8vo., 44 pp.


Cabinet de Lecture de Montreal. 6 Avril 1858.

Imprimé par Cérat et Bourguignon, 22, Rue St. Gabriel. 12mo., 50 pp.


2147. Quarterly Report of the Sub-Committee of the Board of Arts & Manufactures for Lower Canada, submitted at Quarterly Meeting held in Montreal, 6th April, 1858.

With an Appendix.

Printed by order of the Board.

Montreal: Owler & Stevenson, Printers, 17 Hospital Street. 1858. 8vo., 16 pp.

2148. The Hudson's Bay Territories; A Series of Letters on this Important Question.

By Edward Ermatinger.

Toronto: Maclear, Thomas & Co., Printers, King Street. 1858. 8vo., 32 pp.

2149. Report on a Topographical & Geological Exploration of the Canoe Route between Fort William, Lake Superior and Fort Garry, Red River; and also of the Valley of Red River, North of the 49th Parallel, during the summer of 1857.
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Made under instructions from the Provincial Secretary of Canada; by Henry Youle Hind, M.A., Geologist and Naturalist to the Exploring Expedition.

Toronto: Printed by Stewart Derbishire & George Desbarats, Law Printer to the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty. 1858. 8vo., 16 pp.

Traduction libre, sous la direction de l’auteur par H. Emile Chevalier.

2151. Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition. (By Authority of the Board of Agriculture of Lower-Canada.)

THE IMPROVEMENT OF AGRICULTURE, and the ELEVATION IN THE SOCIAL SCALE, of both Husbandmen and Operative.


Montreal: Printed by DeMontigny & Company, Printers to the Board of Agriculture of Lower-Canada. 1858. 8vo., 22 pp.

2152. Institution of Civil Engineers.

Papers by Mr. Alfred Varley on “ELECTRICAL QUALIFICATIONS REQUISITE IN LONG SUBMARINE TELEGRAPH CABLES” and by R. C. Despard on “DESCRIPTION OF THE IMPROVEMENTS ON THE SECOND DIVISION OF THE RIVER LEE NAVIGATION, AND REMARKS ON CANALS GENERALLY.”

March 30, 1858. 12mo., 11 pp.

2153. Appeal on the Common School Law; Its Incongruity and Maladministration. Setting forth the necessity of a MINISTER OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, RESPONSIBLE TO PARLIAMENT.

To His Excellency Sir Edmund Walker Head, Bart.; Governor General of Canada, &c.

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Montreal: John Lovell, Printer and Publisher; Toronto. Wm. C. F. Caverhill, Bookseller and Stationer, Yonge near King Street; And for sale by all booksellers throughout Canada. 1858. Price 25 cents. 16mo., 136 pp.
2156. Transatlantic Sketches.
By Professor Kelland, Fellow of the Royal Societies of London and Edinburgh, etc.

2157. Canadian Ballads, and occasional Verses.
By Thomas D'Arcy McGee, M.P.P.
Montreal: Printed and Published by John Lovell.
Toronto: Wm. C. F. Caverhill, Bookseller and Stationer, Yonge near King Street; and for sale at the Bookstores throughout Canada. 1858. 16mo., viii+124 pp.

2158. Les Contemporains Canadiens. (1) Blachet (avec portrait.)
Illustres par Sophog Velligul.
Trois Rivières. 1858. 24mo., 33 pp.

2159. Taste in Common Things:
An Essay read before the Hochelaga Debating Club, Montreal. By Alfred Bailey, Esq., on the evening of the 15th of March 1858.
Published by the Club.
Montreal: Printed by Salter & Ross, Great James Street. 1858. 12mo., 19 pp.

"O! fortunatos nimium, sua si bona norint,
Agricolas quibus ipsa, procul discordibus armis,
Fundit humo facilem victum justissima tellus."
Virg. Geo.

2161. Fire and Insurance Offices. The late fire in Stratford, and Mr. A. F. Mickle (with portrait and sketch).
Toronto: Maclear, Thomas & Co., Printers, King Street East, 1858. 8vo., 16 pp.

2162. L'Esclavage dans L'Antiquité, et son Abolition par le Christianisme.
Étude faite avant le Cabinet de Lecture de Montréal, avril, 1858, par George Desbarats, Jr., LL.B. & A. B. 8vo., 19 pp.

2163. Lettres Pastorales de Mgr. L'Eveque de Montreal, Contre les Erreurs du Temps, (en date du 10 Mars 1858,) sur l'Institut Canadien et les Mauvais Livres, (en date du 30 Avril 1858,) sur les Mauvais Journaux, (en date du 31 Mai 1858.)


Toronto: Henry Rowsell, Church Depository, King Street. 1858. 8vo., 31 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

2166. A Letter, addressed to the Clergy and Laity of the Diocese of Quebec, in relation to certain recent proceedings connected with the initiation of Synodical Action in the Diocese of Quebec.
   Together with some considerations previously prepared to be addressed to the same parties, Relative to certain interruptions of the peace of the Church in the Parish of Quebec, and now first Printed. By the same.
   Printed for private Circulation only.
   Quebec: Printed at the Mercury Office. 1858. 8vo., 72 pp.

2167. A Valedictory Discourse delivered in The First Church, Beverly, July 4, 1858.
   By Christopher T. Thayer.
   Published by Request.

2168. Parsons and Politics, Saints and Sinners, from a supplement extraordinary to the Chebucto Flying Mercury, of April 1, 1858.

   Secretary, Mr. W. Coller.
   Bradbury & Evans, Printer, Whitefriars (1858). 8vo., 19 pp.

2170. Report, Of the Medical Superintendent of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum at Toronto, for the year 1858.
   Toronto: Printed by John Lovell, Yonge Street. 8vo., 15 pp.

2171. Letters to the People of Canada, on Canadian Manufactures.
   Printed by John Lovell, at the Canada Directory Office, Montreal.

2172. Reports on Valencia Harbour, as a Western Packet Station.
   By Mr. Walker, Engineer to the Admiralty. And by Captain Wolfe, R.N., to the Hydrographer of the Navy.
   Together with evidences and opinion of various Naval and Scientific authorities on the same subject.

2173. British Columbia and Vancouver's Island. A complete Hand Book replete with the latest information concerning the newly discovered Gold Fields. With a Map. Price one shilling.

   Printed by Order of the Legislative Assembly.
   Toronto: John Lovell, Printer, Corner of Yonge and Melinda Street. 8vo., 64 pp.


2183. Toronto: The Grounds upon which are based her claims to the Seat of Government of Canada, With a MEMORANDUM addressed by Sir Francis Bond Head, Bart., to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, on the subject. Toronto: Thompson & Co., Printers. 52 King Street East. 1858. 8vo., 34 pp.
2184. Ottawa, the Future Capital of Canada: A description of the Country; its resources, trade, population, &c.; who are wanted; how to get there. Hints to Emigrants.

With an excellent view of the City. Price 6d.; Free by Post, 7d.
London: Algar & Street, 11, Clement's Lane; Tweedie Strand; Kent & Co., Paternoster Row. 1858. 8vo., 24 pp.

* 2185. A Sketch of the Early Settlement and History of Shipton, Canada East;

By Rev. Edward Cleveland, A.M., Principal of St. Francis' College, Richmond, Township of Cleveland.

2186. Impressions of the West and South, During a Six Weeks’ Holiday.
(By Wm. Kingsford.)
Toronto: A. H. Armour & Co., King Street West.
Montreal: B. Dawson, Great St. James Street. 1858. 8vo., 83 pp.

2187. Supplemental Instructions to Officers in the British Possessions abroad.
Board of Trade Circular No. 73, May 1858. 8vo., 4 pp.

2188. Separate Report on the Separate School Provisions of the School Law of Upper Canada, and the measures which have been adopted to supply the school sections and municipalities with school textbooks, apparatus and libraries.
By the Chief Superintendent of Education, for Upper Canada.
Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly.
Toronto: Printed by John Lovell, Corner of Yonge and Melinda streets, 1858. 8vo., 76 pp.

2189. Adresse A Messieurs les Electeurs de la Division de Rougemont.
Par M. L. A. Dessaulles.
1858(?) 8vo., 66 pp.

2190. Proces de Marie Anne Crispin et de J. B. Desforges. (1858.)
(Title page missing.) 8vo., 32 pp.

2191. The North-West Transportation Navigation, and Railway Company; its objects.
By Allan Macdonell, Esq.
Toronto: Printed by order of the Board by Lovell and Gibson, Yonge Street, 1858. 8vo., 55 pp.


2194. Éléments de Télégaphie Sous-Marine.
Première partie: Études générales.—Route à suivre.—Construction du câble: difficultés électriques.—Construction du câble; difficultés mécaniques.—Émission du câble.
2195. Correspondence respecting the dismissal of J. R. Forman, Chief Engineer of Public Works. 1858. 8vo., 16 pp.

1859.

2196. The Victoria Bridge:
From the "Toronto Leader."
Toronto: Leader & Patriot Steam-Press Print, King Street. 1859. 16mo., 32 pp.

2197. Letters of "A Merchant," (William Workman) upon "Rival Routes to the Ocean from the West, and Docks at Montreal."
Published by request.

2198. Rival Routes from the West to the Ocean, and Docks at Montreal: A Series of Letters by The Honorable John Young, in reply to letters of "A Merchant," written by Wm. Workman, Esq.
Montreal: Salter & Ross, Printers, Great St. James Street. 1859. 8vo., 49 pp.

2199. Reports on the means of Improving the Present Harbour and the Construction of Docks at Montreal. By John C. Trautwine, Esq., C.E., of Philadelphia. Also, A Reply to the same, in a Letter addressed to the Harbour Commissioners, By The Hon. John Young.

2200. Prairie Farming in America. With Notes by the Way on Canada and the United States.

By Lorenzo Sabine.
Boston: Published by A. Williams & Co. For the Society. 1859. 8vo., 100 pp.

2202. Two and twenty years ago, a tale of the Canadian Rebellion.
By a Backwoodsman.
Toronto: Cleland's Book & Job Printing House, 18 King Street East. 1859. 8vo., 112 pp.
ARTICLES

ON THE

GREAT COLONIAL PROJECT

OF CONNECTING

HALIFAX AND QUEBEC BY A RAILROAD:

AND ULTIMATELY

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AND

THE WATERS OF LAKE HURON;

WITH AN APPENDIX,
Illustrative of the Cost, Mode of raising the Capital, and Returns.

By George R. Young, Esq. M. P. P.

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OF THE
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY,
APPOINTED TO INQUIRE INTO THE CAUSES AND IMPORTANCE OF
THE EMIGRATION
WHICH TAKES PLACE ANNUALLY,
FROM LOWER CANADA TO THE UNITED STATES.

PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Montreal:
PRINTED BY ROLLO CAMPBELL.
1849.
FEDERATIVE UNION

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BRITISH NORTH AMERICAN PROVINCES.

BY HENRY SHERWOOD.

Toronto:
PRINTED BY LOVELL AND GIBSON, FRONT STREET.
1851.
REPORT
ON A
RAILWAY
SUSPENSION BRIDGE,
PROPOSED FOR CROSSING THE
ST. LAWRENCE RIVER AT QUEBEC,
MADE TO
HIS WORSHIP THE MAYOR
AND THE
CITY COUNCIL OF QUEBEC,
BY
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ENGINEER.

QUEBEC:
PRINTED BY AUGUSTIN CÔTÉ & CO.
CITY PRINTERS.
1852.
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OF

THE HON. JOSEPH HOWE

ON

THE UNION

OF THE

NORTH AMERICAN PROVINCES

AND ON

THE RIGHT OF BRITISH COLONISTS

TO

REPRESENTATION IN THE IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT,

AND TO

PARTICIPATION IN THE PUBLIC EMPLOYMENTS AND
DISTINCTIONS OF THE EMPIRE.

LONDON:
JAMES RIDGWAY, PICCADILLY.
1855.
ÉTAT ET AVENIR DU CANADA EN 1854,

TEL QUE RETRACÉ DANS LES DÉPÊCHES DU TRÈS-HONORABLE COMTE D'ELGIN ET KINCARDINE, GOUVERNEUR-GÉNÉRAL DU CANADA, AU PRINCIPAL SÉCRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DE SA MAJESTÉ POUR LES COLONIES.

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AND THE
GREAT BENEFITS,

LOCAL, PROVINCIAL, AND OTHERWISE, WHICH WOULD RESULT FROM THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PROPOSED LINE OF COMMUNICATION.

SANFORD FLEMING,
Engineer.

TORONTO:
BLACKBURN'S CITY STEAM PRESS,
63, YONGE STREET.
1857.
QUESTION OF FEDERATION

OF THE

BRITISH PROVINCES IN AMERICA.

Colonial Office,
November 1858.
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2203. Parliamentary Reform, Should the Colonies be represented?
By T. C. Mossom Meekins, B.A., of the Inner Temple, Esq., Barrister-at-law.

2204. Aux Habitants du Comté de Berthier. Réponses aux Injures de "La Minerve," etc., etc. Contre M. E. U. Piché, Député de Berthier.
"Vos mépris n'arriveront jamais à la hauteur de mon dédain."—Guizot.
May 1859.

2205. Caird's Slanders on Canada. Answered and Refuted.
1859. 8vo., 36 pp.

2206. True Greatness.
A Lecture delivered before the Halifax Young Men's Christian Association, on Tuesday evening, January 18th, 1859.
By Robert Miller, Esq., Of the Middle Temple, Barrister at Law.

2207. The Battle of Queenston Heights: being a Narrative of the Opening of the War of 1812, with notices of the Life of Major-General Sir Isaac Brock, K.B., and Description of the Monument Erected to His Memory.
Edited by John Symons, Esq.

2208. Documents, selected from several others, showing the services rendered by Colonel Fitzgibbon while serving in Upper Canada, between the years 1812 and 1837.

2209. Letters illustrative of the present position of politics in Canada, written on the occasion of the political convention, which met at Toronto, on the 9th Nov., 1859.
By Isaac Buchanan, M.P.P. for Hamilton.
Hamilton: Printed and published at the "Spectator" Office, Court House Square. 1859. 8vo., 8 pp.

2210. The Union of the British North American Provinces considered in a letter addressed to the Citizens of British America.
By Obiter Dictum, (James Anderson, F.R.S.E., &c.) with remarks by "The London Times" on the St. Lawrence Route, & Subsidies to Ocean Steamers.
Dum Loquimur fugerit invida aetas.
Montreal: Printed by Owler & Stevenson, St. Francois Xavier St., 1859. 8vo., 16 pp.

2211. Thoughts on the position of the British Inhabitants composing the minority in Lower Canada, brought about by the maladministration of Justice, and the tyranny of the majority in that Province; and the remedy therefor.
By John Henry Willan, Barrister, and Counsellor at Law.
Quebec: Printed at the Mercury Office. 1859. 8vo., 34 pp.
Par G. H. Macaulay.

2213. Tablettes Historiques Canadiennes.

2214. Rapport du Sous-Comité de la Chamber des Arts et Manufactures du Bas-Canada, présenté à l'Assemblée de la Chamber, tenue le 4e jour de Janvier, 1859, avec les Minutes des Procédés de la Chamber a cette Assemblée; et le Rapport sur les Institutions de Londres, Dublin, Edimburg et Paris, pour le Déléveloppe-ment de l'Instruction Industrielle.
Par B. Chamberlin, B.C.L., Secrétaire de la Chamber.

2215. Theory and Experiment: A Lecture delivered before the Board of Arts and Manufactures for Lower Canada, on the connection between Experiment and Theory in the Progress of Scientific Discovery. December 20, 1858.
By Rev. E. K. Kendall, B.A., Scholar of St. John's College, Cambridge, and Professor of Mathematics in the University of Trinity College, Toronto.
Printed by request.
Montreal: John Lovell, St. Nicholas Street; Toronto: Wm. C. F. Caverhill, Yonge Street. 1859. 8vo., 63 pp.

2216. Report and PROCEEDINGS OF COMMITTEE ON BANKING AND CURRENCY.
Printed by Order of the Legislative Assembly.
Toronto: John Lovell, Printer, Corner of Yonge and Melinda Streets. 1859. 8vo., 52 pp.

2217. Dr. Ryerson’s Letters in REPLY TO THE ATTACKS of the Hon. GEORGE BROWN, M.P.P., “Editor-in-Chief” and Proprietor of the “Globe.”
Edited with NOTES AND AN APPENDIX.
Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, Printers and Publishers; and W. C. F. Caverhill, Bookseller and Stationer, Yonge Street. 1859. 8vo., 110 pp.

Toronto: Published by Wm. Weir & Co., King Street. Printed at the “Guardian” Steam-Press. 8vo., 80 pp.

2219. Lecture delivered before the Saint John Early Closing Association at the Hall of the Mechanics’ Institute, By Hon. Joseph Howe, November 28, 1859.
Printed at the Office of the Morning News: and to be had at all the Book-Stores. 1859. 12mo., 17 pp.

2220. Five Occasional Lectures, delivered in Montreal.
Montreal: Printed and Published by John Lovell. For sale at all the Bookstores. 1859. 8vo., 118 pp.

2221. A Biographical Sketch of James McGill.
By J. W. Dawson, LL.D.
(Reprinted from Barnard’s American Journal of Education for September, 1859.)
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2222. A Charge delivered in the Cathedral, Fredericton, on Thursday, September 1, 1859, to the Clergy of the Diocese, and published at their request.
   By John, Bishop of Fredericton.

2223. Correspondence relative to the Dismissal of Dr. Russell from the Commission of the Peace.
   Quis statuit aliquid parte inaudita altera,
   Aequum licet statuerit haud aequus fecit.
   (1859.) 8vo., 40 pp.

2224. The Abenaki Indians; their treaties of 1713 & 1714, and a vocabulary: with a Historical Introduction.
   By Frederic Kidder, of Boston.

2225. Le Défricheur de Langue. Tragédie-Bouffe, en trois actes et en trois tableaux.
   Par Isidore de Méplats.
   1859. 8vo., 8 pp.

   By Colonel Gugy.
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   "Un homme sous argent est . . . .
   Oxenstiern.
   Quebec. 1859. 12mo., 46 pp.

2227. The Canadian Lyre.
   By J. R. Ramsay.
   Hamilton, C. W. Donnelley, Printer, White's Stone Block, King Street. 1859. 16mo., 126 pp.

   1859. 8vo., 12 pp.


2230. The Queen vs George Preeper, an indictment for manslaughter, tried at Halifax before Mr. Justice Wilkins, At the Sittings before Michaelmas Term 1859.
   "I am pleading in defence," &c. &c.—Extract from a Speech of Lord Hale as counsel in Lord Craven's case, being his last appearance at the Bar.
   For the prosecution, Hon. James W. Johnston, Attorney General and W. J. Johnston, Esq.
   For the prisoner, Hon. William Young, Hon. Jonathan McCully, W. Q. Sawyers, Esq.

2231. The Hudson's Bay and Pacific Territories. A Lecture.
   Montreal: John Lovell, Printer and Publisher. 1859. 8vo., 57 pp.

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   By S. J. Dawson, Esquire, C.E.
   Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly.
   Toronto: John Lovell, Printer, Corner of Yonge and Melinda Streets. 1859. 4to., 45 pp.

2234. Reminiscences of Quebec, derived from reliable sources; For the use of Travellers.
   Quebec: Printed at the Mercury Office. 1859. 8vo., 43 pp.

   By Henry de Groot.
   San Francisco: Printed at the Alta California Job Office, 124 Sacramento Street, upstairs, 1859. 8vo., 24 pp.


2237. Facts and Opinions tending to shew The Scriptural Lawfulness of Marriage with a Deceased Wife’s Sister, and the consequent necessity for its legalization in England, in accordance with the Laws and practice of other Christian Nations.
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  Québec: Imprimerie de J. T. Brousseau, 7, Rue Buade, Haute-Ville. 1859. 8vo., 72 pp.

2239. Relation du Voyage des premières Ursulines à la Nouvelle-Orléans et de leur établissement en cette ville.
   Par la Rev. Mère St. Augustin de Tranchepain, Supérieure.
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2240. The Bibliographical Miscellany. Edited by John Petheram.

2241. A Sermon preached before the SYNOD OF THE DIOCESE OF TORONTO, on the 7th of June, 1859.
  By the Rev. James Beaven, D.D., Minister of Berkeley and Chester.
  Toronto: Rowsell & Ellis, King Street. 1850. 8vo., 16 pp.


2243. Report of the Proceedings of the meeting of the Bishop, Clergy and Laity of the Diocese of Quebec, held at the National School House, Quebec, on the 24th June, 1858.
  Taken from the "Quebec Mercury" of the 26th of that month; together with certain articles from that journal, and others, bearing upon the subject of Synodical Action.
  Quebec: Printed at the Mercury office. 1859. 12mo., 48 pp.

2244. Address to the Laity of the Diocese of Quebec, from the Church of England Lay Association.
  With an appendix, containing a proposed Constitution for the Synod; also the Acts of Parliament which authorize the assembling thereof; and other new matter.

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  "If any man seem to be contentious,?" &c.—I Cor., xi., 16
  "Let nothing be done," &c.—St. Ignatius' Epistle to the Church of Smyrna, cap. viii.
  As Alexander Borgia was wont to say, &c.—Lord Bacon, Advancement of Learning, Book II.
  Quebec: Peter Sinclair, John Street, 1859. 12mo., 62 pp.

2246. The Churchman's Protest; or, Plain Reasons of a Plain Man against the Objects and Proceedings of the Lay Association in the Diocese of Quebec.

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  By a Churchman.

2249. A City Terminus for the Grand Trunk Railway Company; considered in a Report to the Harbour Commissioners of Montreal.
   By Walter Shanly, Esq., C.E.

2250. The Pacific Railway, and The Claims of Saint John, New Brunswick, to be the Atlantic Terminus.
   Read before the Mechanics' Institute of Saint John, February 7, 1859.
   By T. T. Vernon Smith, C.E.
   Published at the request of the President and Directors.

2251. Memorandum on The Present State of the Negotiations with the British and Colonial Governments, respecting the Halifax & Quebec Railroad; The Probable Cost of the Road, and its Prospect of Success as a Commercial Undertaking.
   By Viscount Bury, M.P.


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1860.

2259. Aperçus Historiques sur LA BOUSOLE et ses applications a l’étude des phénoménes du magnetisme terrestre.
Lue a la Société de Géographie dans la séance publique du 20 Avril 1860.
Par M. D’AVESMAC, Président de la Commission centrale.

2260. Cantate en l’honneur de Son Altesse Royale LE PRINCE DE GALLES a l’occasion de son voyage au CANADA.

2261. Cantata, composed in honor of H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES’ VISIT TO CANADA.
John Lovell, Printer, St. Nicolas Street. 8vo., 7 pp.

Montreal: Printed and published by Eusebe Senécal, No. 4, St. Vincent Street, 1860. 8vo., 113+xxvi pp.

2263. Canada Seventy Years Ago: or PRINCE EDWARD’S VISIT TO NIAGARA.
Dedicated to the visitors of the present season, September, 1860.
By a near resident.
St. Catharines: Printed by E. S. Leavenworth. 1860. 8vo., 20 pp.

2264. Addresses presented to H.R.H. The Prince of Wales during His State Visit to British North America, with The Replies thereto, July, August and September, 1860.

2265. Journal of the progress of H.R.H. the Prince of Wales through British North America; and his visit to the United States, 10th July to 15th November, 1860.
By Gardner D. Engleheart, Private Secretary to the Duke of Newcastle.
2266. A Sermon preached before His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, on his visit to Fredericton, in Christ Church Cathedral, August 5th, 1860.
   By John, Bishop of Fredericton.
   Published by request.
   Fredericton, N.B.: Printed by John Graham, “Head Quarters” Office; and sold by S. E. Miller, Queen Street, 1860. 8vo., 13 pp.

2267. Letter to His Grace the Duke of Newcastle, upon a Union of the Colonies of British North America.
   By P. S. Hamilton.

2268. Address of the Constitutional Reform Association to the People of Upper Canada.

2269. Canada, 1849 to 1859.
   By the Hon. A. T. Galt, Minister of Finance.
   A Pamphlet Published by the Honble. Mr. Galt, in London. (1st Edition.)


2271. Protection of Home Labour and Home Productions necessary to the prosperity of the American Farmer.
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2272. A Letter from a Volunteer of 1806 to the Volunteers of 1860, with suggestions on the defence of England, her weakness and her strength.
   By A. W. Playfair, M.P.P., Lt. Col. Commanding Lanark Rifles, Canada West; Author of a pamphlet on Pacific Railway on British Territory, in 1852.
   “Pardon me, my Liege, I said an older Soldier, not a better.”

2273. Defence of Canada. (1860?) (Strictly private and confidential.)
   4to., 7 pp.

2274. Colonial Constitutions and Defences.
   From the North British Review. 1860. 8vo., 16 pp.

2275. Une Apparition. Episode de L'Emigration Irlandaise au Canada.
   Par Eraste d'Orsonnens.
   Montréal: Imprimé par Cérat et Bourguignon, No. 78, Rue Notre-Dame. 1860. 16mo., 180 pp.

2276. An Historical Sketch of the Isle of Orleans, being A Paper read before the Literary and Historical Society of Quebec, on Wednesday Evening, the 4th of April, 1860;
   By N. H. Bowen, an Associate Member.
   Quebec: Printed at the “Mercury” Newspaper Office. 1860. 8vo., 40 pp.
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Edition Illustree.

2278. Memoires et Documents publiés par la Societe Historique de Montreal.
Troisieme Livraison.


2280. University Question.
The statements of John Langton, Esq., M.A., Vice-Chancellor of the University of Toronto; and Professor Daniel Wilson, LL.D., of University College, Toronto; With notes and extracts from the evidence taken before the committee of the Legislative Assembly of the University.
Toronto: Rowsell & Ellis, Printers, King Street. 1860. 8vo., 90 pp.

2281. University Question: The Rev. Dr. Ryerson's Defence of the Wesleyan Petitions to the Legislature, and of Denominational Colleges as part of our System of Public Instruction, in reply to Dr. Wilson and Mr. Langton, before a Select Committee of the Legislative Assembly.
With an Appendix containing Replies to Statements by the Hon. George Brown, M.P.P.
Reported by Arthur Harvey, Esq., and Revised by the Author.

2282. University Question: Being a Report of the Public Meeting held at the Kingston Conference, in reference to the University Question and Victoria College, to which is added Dr. Ryerson's Defence of the Wesleyan Petitions to the Legislature, and of Denominational Colleges as Part of our System of the Public Instruction. In reply to Dr. Wilson and Mr. Langton.
The plain evidence of facts is superior to all declarations. Letter of Junius.
Toronto: Published and sold by Anson Green, Conference Office, No. 9 Wellington Buildings, King Street East. 1860. Price Twenty Cents. 8vo., 54 pp.

2283. Statement made before the Committee of the Legislative Assembly, on the University of Toronto, in reply to those of Rev'd Drs. Cook, Green, Stinson and Ryerson.
By John Langton, M.A., Vice-Chancellor of the University of Toronto.

2284. Returns from the Several Chartered Banks, Stating the Name and Place of Residence of Each Shareholder, with the Number and Nominal Value of the Shares held by them.
[In pursuance of an Order of the House, of the 19th March, 1860.]
Bank of Montreal, Bank of British North America, Commercial Bank of Canada, Bank of Upper Canada, Quebec Bank, La Banque du Peuple, City
Bank, Montreal, Bank of Toronto, Niagara District Bank, Molson’s Bank, Gore Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of The County of Elgin.

No Returns have been received from the following Banks: Provincial Bank, Stanstead, International, Colonial, Royal, La Banque Nationale, Western Canada, and Zimmerman.

Quebec: Printed by Thompson & Co., St. Ursule Street. 1860. 8vo., 70 pp.

2285. Return, to an Address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th instant, praying His Excellency to be pleased to cause to be laid before the House, a Return of the recent Survey and Report of the Engineers on the Ottawa Ship Canal. 1860. 8vo., 56 pp.


2288. Apocalyptic Sketches, being a condensed exposition of the views of the most eminent writers upon The Prophecies of Revelation, Daniel, Isaiah, &c. respecting the Second Coming of Our Lord with all His Saints at the First Resurrection.

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First Canadian Edition.

Galt: Published by William March, and for sale by R. & A. Miller, 87 Yonge Street, Toronto. 1860. 8vo., iv+166 pp.

2289. Specification for District Court Houses and Jails, in Lower Canada.

Québec: Printed by S. Derbishire and G. Desbarats, Printer to the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty. 1860. 8vo., 18 pp.

2290. Report of the Railway Commissioners of the Province of New Brunswick, for the year 1859.


2291. Two Letters to the Lord Bishop of Toronto, in reply to Charges brought by the Lord Bishop of Huron Against the Theological Teaching of Trinity College, Toronto.

By George Whitaker, M.A., Provost of Trinity College.

To which is prefixed the Letter of the Bishop of Huron to the Members of the Executive Committee of the Synod of His Diocese.

Toronto: Rowell & Ellis, Printers. 1860. 8vo., 96 pp.

2292. Defence of Doctrinal Statements; Addressed to the Right Rev. The Lord Bishop of Toronto, the Right Rev. The Lord Bishop of Huron, and the Corporation of Trinity College, with the hope that the explanations now given may remove erroneous impressions, and satisfy the Church at large that I am loyal and true to her.

"Be ready... fear."—I. S. Peter, Cap. iii, v. 15.

James Bovell, Late Professor of Natural Theology, and Curator, Trinity College, Toronto.

Toronto: Rowell & Ellis, Printers, King Street. 1860. 12mo., 58 pp.
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2293. A Discourse concerning the relation of Morality to National Wellbeing: Preached in the Church of the Messiah, Montreal, on Sunday Evening, January 1, 1860.

By Rev. John Cordner.
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2296. Instruction Pastorale de Mgr. l'Évêque de Montréal sur l'Indépendance et l'Inviolabilité des États Pontificaux.
(1860.) 8vo., 52 pp.

2297. Thèse sur les Mariages Clandestins.
Par E. L. de Bellefeuille.

Prononcée lors du 2nd Anniversaire de la Fondation de l'Institut Canadien-Français, le 16 Mai 1860.

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Second edition.
Compiled by Capt D. Vaughan.
Quebec: Printed by Joseph Darveau, No. 8 Mountain Hill. 1860. 8vo., 62 pp.

Publié par autorité.

2306. First Prize Essay. New Brunswick, as a Home for Emigrants: With the best Means of Promoting Immigration, and Developing the Resources of the Province.
By J. V. Ellis.

2307. Second Prize Essay. New Brunswick, as a Home for Emigrants: with the best Means of Promoting Immigration, and Developing the Resources of the Province.
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By William Till, Jun.

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2319. Les Pecheries de Terreneuve.

No date (about 1860?) 8vo., 15 pp.
2320. The Prairies of the Western States: Their Advantages and their Drawbacks
By Charles Lindsey.
Toronto: Printed at the “Leader” and “Patriot” Steam Press, King Street. 1860. 16mo., 100 pp.

2321. Impressions de Voyage or a Tour Through The Continent of Europe:
By the late Wm. H. Merritt, Jr.

A Lecture delivered in the Hall of All Soul’s College, By Mountague Ber-
nard, M.A., Chichele, Professor of International Law and Diplomacy in the
University of Oxford.
December MDCCCLX.

1861.

By Captain Horton Rhys, (“Morton Price,”) Author of “Tit for Tat,”
“Folly,” “All’s Fair in Love and War,” &c. &c.
London: Published for the Author by Charles Dudley, 4, Agar Street, West
Strand. 1861. (With coloured plates.) 8vo., 140 pp.

2324. Notes of a Tour in North America in 1861.
By James Ferguson.
Printed for private circulation.
Printed by William Blackwood & Son. 16mo., 100 pp.

2325. Voyage d’André Michaux en Canada depuis le Lac Champlain jusqu’à la Baie
d’Hudson.
Par O. Brunet.

2326. Correspondence on Constitutional Questions. 1859-1861.
Nova Scotia. 8vo., 34 +51 pp.

2327. Discours prononcé par M. Raymond, V.G., à la Translation du Corps de Messire
Girouard, au Séminaire de St. Hyacinthe, le 17 Juillet, 1861.
St. Hyacinthe: De L’Atelier typographique de Lussier et Frères, Rue des
Cascades. 1861. 8vo., 33 pp.

2328. Ceremonies Funèbres dans les Eglises Cathédrales du Bas-Canada, en l’Hon-
neur Des Glorieux Défenseurs du St-Siège tombés en résistant à l’invasion Pié-
montaise, en Septembre 1860, Avec Les Discours prononcés, à cette occasion, par
M. Louis Lafleche, V.G., Supérieur du Séminaire de Nicolet, et par M. Isaac
Desaulniers, Ptre., Membre du Collège de St-Hyacinthe, Professeur de Philoso-
phie au même Collège et ancien Supérieur.

Extraits de son journal et reproduits par “L’Ordre,” Journal publié dans
les intérêts Catholiques, et organe du Clergé dans le District de Montréal.
Québec: 1861. 8vo., 16 pp.
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2330. Some Incidents Related by Credible Witnesses in the Life of a Provincial.
   Quebec: 1861. 8vo., 29 pp.
   (Written by A. Gugy.)

2331. The National Defences: or, Observations on the Best Defensive Force for Canada.
   By Captain George T. Denison, Jr., commanding No. 1 Troop York Volunteer Cavalry.
   When a nation, &c., &c.—Napoleon’s maxims.
   Toronto: Printed at the Leader Steam-Press, 63 King Street East. 1861. 8vo., 32 pp.

2332. Canada: is She Prepared for War? or a Few Remarks on the State of her Defences.
   By A Native Canadian.
   Toronto: Printed at the Leader & Patriot Steam-Press, 63 King Street. 1861. 8vo., 24 pp.

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   Toronto: Printed at the “Guardian” Office, King Street East. 1861. 8vo., 64 pp.

2336. University Reform.
   Report of the Resolutions adopted at a Great Public Meeting of the Inhabitants of Kingston, Wednesday evening 6th March 1861, with the Speeches delivered on the occasion.

2337. Address of the Wesleyan Conference.
   With a View to Elect Candidates in favour of University Reform and the equal Rights of Colleges according to their Works.

2338. Strictures on the Two Letters of Provost Whitaker in answer to charges brought by the Lord Bishop of Huron against the Teaching of Trinity College.
   By a Presbyter.
   London, C.W.; Printed by Thomas Evans, Dundas Street East. 1861. 8vo., 96 pp.

2339. Plain Words for Plain People: an Appeal to the Laymen of Canada, in behalf of common sense and common honesty, being a review of the “Strictures” on the two letters of Provost Whitaker.
   By Edward II. Dewar, M.A., rector of Thornhill.
   Price twelve and a half cents.
   Toronto: Rowsell & Ellis, Printers, King St. 1861. 8vo., 23 pp.

Quebec: Printed by S. Derbishire and G. Desbarats, Queen's Printer. 1861. 12mo., 15 pp.

2342. Report of the Incorporated Society for the Propogation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts for the year 1861; with an abstract of receipts and payments for the year ending December 31, 1860.

2343. Church Chronicle for the Diocese of Montreal.
"Men speak not with the instruments of writing, neither write with the instruments of speech and yet things recorded with the one and uttered with the other may be preached well enough with both." Hooker. Bk. V. c. 21.

2344. A Discourse delivered in The First Presbyterian Church, Carleton, City of Saint John, N.B., On Sabbath, 31st March, 1861, in Memory of The Late Rev Nicholas Murray, D.D., Author of the "Kirwan Letters," &c. who opened the above Church nearly four years ago.
By the Rev. James Baird, A.M., Minister of the Church.
Published by request of the Congregation.

Montréal: Plinguet & Cie, 26, rue St. Gabriel. 1861. 8vo., 40 pp.

2346. Discours à l'Ocassion du Service Solennel pour les Soldats Pontificaux qui ont succombé dans la guerre.
Prononcé par M. L'Abbé Antoine Racine, dans l'Eglise Cathédrale de Québec, le 19 décembre 1860.


By John Henry Willan, Counsellor at Law.
Québec: 1861. 8vo., 58+ii pp.

2349. Report of the Supervisor of Cullers, on the Lumber Trade. Compiled from notes collected on his recent visit to Europe.
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Quebec: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co., St. Ursule Street. 1861. 8vo., 39 pp.

2351. Preliminary Report and Plans, shewing the necessity of Hydraulic Docks at Montreal, with manufacturing facilities in connection with a City Terminus, for the Grand Trunk Railway.

Made under the Instructions of a Provisional Committee, Hon. John Young, Chairman, by Charles Legge, Civil Engineer, Montreal, June, 1861.

Montreal: Printed by John Lovell, St. Nicholas Street, 1861. 8vo., 42 pp.

2352. Report of the Select Committee of the Legislative Assembly, in the Case of Dr. Rees.

With an Appendix.

Quebec: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co., St. Ursule Street. 1861. 8vo., 27 pp.

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Quebec: Printed for the Contractors, By Hunter, Rose & Co., St. Ursule Street. 1861. 8vo., 85 pp.

2355. Rapport sur le Commerce des Bois.

Par M. William Quinn, Surintendant des inspecteurs et mesureurs de bois du Canada.

Rédige d'après des Renseignements que l'Auteur a Recueillis dans le cours d'un Voyage Récent en Europe.


29a—49
Third edition.
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Quebec: Printed by John Lovell, St. Ann Street. 1861. 8vo., 64 pp.

2358. The Country v. The Company, or Why British North America may be peopled, and how it may be done.
With suggestions towards a plan for doing so to the best advantage.
By Captain M. H. Synge, R.E., F.R.G.S.

2259. A Letter from a Member of the Board of Trade, on the Subject of the Quebec Harbour Commission.
Quebec: Printed by Thompson, Hunter & Co., No. 26, St. Ursule Street. 1861. 8vo., 22 pp.


By Walter Shanly, General Traffic Manager, Grand Trunk Railway.
Toronto: Rowell and Ellis, King Street. 1861. 4to., 30 pp.


2363. Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. First Report of the Select Committee of Share and Bondholders, appointed at the Meeting of the Company held at the London Tavern on 2nd January 1861, to confer with the Directors concerning all the affairs of the Company, and including a Petition to the Legislative Assembly of Canada, and a Statement of Reasons in Support of that Petition.

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By James Horatio Booty.
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London: Printed by the Author at his private residence. 1862. 8vo., 94 pp.
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Souvenirs of a Canadian State Prisoner in 1838.
(By Félix Poutré.)
Montreal, printed for the author by de Montigny & Cie. Sold by the Principal Booksellers, 1862. (French copy also on shelves.) 8vo., 48 pp.

2370. Les Regles et Ordres Permanents du Conseil Législatif relatifs aux Bills Privés. (Tels qu'amendés par ordre de la Chambre.)

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Consolidated Statutes of Canada, Cap. 100.
Québec: Printed by Stewart Derbishire & George Desbarats, Law Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1862. 8vo., 13 pp.

2374. Organisation Militaire des Canadas.
L'ENNEMI! L'ENNEMI!
"Sentinelle! prenez garde à vous!"
Par un Carabinier (Faucher de Saint-Maurice.)
Québec: Typographie de Léger Brousseau, Rue Buade. 1862. 8vo., 38 pp.
(Autograph copy.)

2375. Drill and Rifle Instruction for the Corps of Rifle Volunteers.
By authority of the Secretary of State for War.
Québec: Printed by Stewart Derbishire & George Desbarats, Printer to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty. 1862. 12mo., 3+78 pp.

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Par E. P. Dorion, Chef des Traducteurs Francais.
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Par Le Professeur Bibaud, Jeune, L.L.D. Doyen de l'École de Droit; Membre Honoraire, de la Faculté des Droits de l'Université de New York, de la Société Historique de l'État du Michigan, et de l'Union Catholique de Montréal.
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Montréal: P. Cérat, Imprimeur, No. 78, rue Notre-Dame. 1862. 12mo., 78 pp.

2378. Le Verger Canadien ou Culture raisonnée des fruits qui peuvent réussir dans les vergers et les jardins du Canada.
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London: Tinsley Brothers, 18 Catherine Street. 1862. 8vo., 216 pp.
2385. Aide-Mémoire du Carabinier Volontaire, comprenant une compilation des termes de commandement usités dans l'armée Anglaise, avec quelques notes explicatives.

Aussi: Le Manuel du Sergent et la Manière de se Perfectionner dans l'art du tir, précédés D'un Historique des Armes.

Par L. T. Suzor, Captaine Adjutant du Neuvième Bataillon des Voltigeurs de Quebec, et instructeur de Mousqueterie pour le Bas Canada.

Quebec: Imprimé par Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, Imprimeur de Sa Très- Excellente Majesté la Reine. 1862. 8vo., 52 pp.

2386. Parting Words on the Rejected Militia Bill.

By Colonel D. Lysons, C.B.

Quebec: Printed at the Canada Gazette Office. 1862. 8vo., 14 pp.


By the Right Hon. C. B. Adderley, M.P.

New Edition. With a preface on Canadian affairs; and an Appendix of extracts from evidence taken before the select committee on Colonial Military expenditure.

London: Parker, Son and Bourn, West Strand. 1862. 8vo., xvi+68 pp.

2388. Canada, a Battle Ground; about a Kingdom in America.

By Alexander Somerville.

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Hamilton, Canada West: Printed for the Author by Donnelley & Lawson, King Street, and Sold by all Booksellers. 1862. 8vo., 64 pp.

2389. Sailing Directions for the Gulf and River St. Lawrence.

With an appendix, containing a description of the Harbours of Halifax, and St. John's, N.B.

Compiled from the most recent Surveys.

London, E.: Published by James Imray and Son, Chart and Nautical Booksellers, 89 & 102 Minories. 1862. 8vo., 103 pp.

2390. Sailing Directions for the Island of Newfoundland, and Adjacent Coast of Labrador. Compiled from the most recent Surveys.

London, E.: Published by James Imray and Son, Chart and Nautical Booksellers, 89 & 102, Minories. 1862. 8vo., 96 pp.


Printed by Harrison and Sons, St. Martin's Lane, W.C. 12mo., 26 pp.

2392. Emigration and Colonization in Canada: A Speech Delivered in the House of Assembly, Quebec, 25th April, 1862. By Thomas D'Arcy McGee, Member for Montreal (West).


2393. Letters from Canada, with numerous illustrations. (Republished by Request.) Tenth Edition. Copyright.

Quebec: Printed at the Morning Chronicle Office. 1862. 8vo., 52 pp.
Par F. A. H. La Rue, (Un des Collaborateurs.)
Quebec, 1862. 8vo., 16 pp.

Québec: Typographie D'Augustin Coté & Cie. 1862. 4to., lviii+59 pp.

2396. Bishop of Huron's Objections to the Theological Teaching of Trinity College.
As now Set Forth in the Letters of Provost Whitaker, Published with the Authority of the Corporation of Trinity College.
The which is Prefixed An Address By the Bishop of Huron, Containing a Brief History of the Controversy and Replies to some of the Statements Publicly Made on the Subject.

2397. The Bishop of Huron's Objections to the Theological Teaching of Trinity College, with the Provost's Reply.
Printed by order of the Corporation of Trinity College.
Toronto: Rowsell and Ellis, Printers, King Street. 1862. 8vo., 84 pp.


2400. Second Letter to the Bishops and Clergy of the United Church of England and Ireland in Canada.
From Francis Fulford, D.D., Lord Bishop of Montreal and Metropolitan.

Addressed to the Bishops and Clergy of the United Church of England and Ireland in Canada.
To which is appended "The Second Letter" of the Lord Bishop of Montreal.
Quebec: Printed at the Canada Gazette Office. 1862. 8vo., 137 pp.

2402. No. 3. Reply to a Third Letter of the Right Rev. The Lord Bishop of Montreal, and Metropolitan of Canada, addressed to the Bishops and Clergy of the United Church of England and Ireland in Canada.
To which is appended "The Third Letter" of the Lord Bishop of Montreal.
Quebec: Printed by Middleton & Dawson, Shaw's Building, Lower Town. 1862. 8vo., 16+14 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

   By Adam Crooks.
   Toronto: Printed at the Globe Office, 25 King Street West. 1862. 8vo., 11 pp.

2404. Relations between the United States and North-West British America.
   Letter from The Secretary of the Treasury, in answer to A resolution of the House of 20th May last on the subject of relations with Northwest British America, "particularly the central districts of the Red River of the North and the Saskatchewan."

2405. Reciprocity Treaty with Great Britain.
   Report of the Committee on Commerce, to whom were referred the concurrent resolutions of the legislature of the State of New York in relation to the treaty between the United States and Great Britain, commonly known as the "Reciprocity Treaty."
   Quebec: Printed by Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 8vo., 66 pp.

   Printed by Order of His Excellency the Governor General.
   Quebec: Printed by Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1862. 8vo., 66 pp.

   French copy also on the shelves.

2407. Speech of the Honorable John Rose, on the 2nd reading of the Militia Bill, 6th May, 1862.
   Quebec: Printed by S. Derbishire and G. Desbarats, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 8vo., 23 pp.

   Delivered in Committee of Ways and Means, May 16th, 1862.
   Printed by S. Derbishire and G. Desbarats, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 8vo., 48 pp.


2411. Report of the Commissioners appointed to report a Plan for the Better Organization of the Department of Adjutant General of Militia, and the best Means of Reorganizing the Militia of this Province and to Prepare a Bill thereon.
   Printed by Order of His Excellency.
   Quebec: Printed by Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1862. 8vo., 22 pp.
   By Boucher De La Bruère, Esq.
   Quebec: Printer by Hunter, Rose & Lemieux, St. Ursule Street. 1862. 8vo., 55 pp.

   Part of Appendix No. 25, to the Report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands,
   for 1861.
   Quebec: Printed by Hunter Rose & Lemieux, St. Ursule Street. 1862. 8vo., 19 pp. and maps.

2414. Report of the Railway Commissioners of the Province of New Brunswick,
   for the Year 1861.
   1862. 8vo., 47 pp.

2415. Prize Essay. Nova Scotia and her resources.
   By Thomas F. Knight.
   "Vires acquirit eundo."
   Published by order of the Nova Scotia Commissioners for the International
   Exhibition.

2416. Collection of the Products of the Waters and Forests of Upper Canada,
   Collected and Ordered for the International Exhibition of London, 1862.
   By J. B. Hurlbert, LL.D.
   1862. 8vo., 26 pp.

2417. Collection des Produits des Eaux et Forets du Bas-Canada.
   Recueillie et ordonné pour l'Exposition Universelle de Londres, année 1862.
   Quebec: Typographie de Léger Brousseau, Rue Buade. 1862. 8vo., 20 pp.

2418. Contributions to the History of The Acton Copper Mine, with a plan of the
   Mine and six sections. From the Canadian Naturalist for December, 1862.
   By Thomas MacFarlane.

2419. Canada, 1862. For the Information of Emigrants.
   8vo., 32 pp.

2420. Canada, 1862. Pour l'Information des Immigrants.
   Bureau d'Agriculture & d'Immigration.
   Quebec: Imprimerie de Léger Brousseau, Rue Buade. 1862. 16mo., 52 pp.


   Public meeting at the London tavern, August 13th, 1862. R. W. Crawford,
   Esq., M.P., in the chair.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

2423. Cariboo. The Newly Discovered Gold Fields of British Columbia, fully described by a Returned Digger, who has made his own Fortune there, and Advises Others to go and do Likewise.

"Men at these diggings get from three to ten ounces per day."—Times, Feb. 5th, 1862.

Ninth Edition.


2424. The Great Gold Fields of Cariboo: with an authentic description, brought down to the latest period, of British Columbia and Vancouver Island.

By William Carew Hazlitt, of the Inner Temple, Barrister-at-law.

With an accurate map.

London: Routledge, Warne and Routledge, Farringdon Street.


2425. The Canadian Native Oil; its story, its uses, and its profits, with some account of a visit to the Oil wells.

"... many a row
of starry lamps and blazing cressets, fed
With naptha and asphaltus, yielded light
As from a sky."—Paradise Lost.


2426. Atlantic Telegraph Company. Report and Proceedings at the Fifth Ordinary General Meeting, held at No. 22, Old Broad Street, on Wednesday, 19th March, 1862, at one o'clock P.M., The Right Hon. James Stuart Wortley, in the Chair.


By Cyrus W. Field.

8vo., 15 pp.

2429. The Lower St. Lawrence, or Quebec to Halifax, via Gaspe and Pictou.

To which is appended Mr. Wood's description of the River Saguenay; also, Legends of the St. Lawrence, and all about Fishing, &c. &c.

Quebec: Printed at the "Mercury" Office. 1862. 16mo., 122 pp.

2430. Notes on the Saguenay for Tourists and Others.

By Samuel J. Kelso, formerly agent at Chicoutimi for the Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.


2431. Lumbering on the River Du Loup; Notes of a trip to Hunterstown, St. Maurice Territory, Canada East.

By Charles Robb, Civil Engineer.


2432. The United States and Canada, as seen by two brothers in 1858 and 1861.

2433. **Réponses aux Programmes de Pédagogie et d’Agriculture**, pour les Diplômes d’École élémentaire et d’École Modèle.
Rédigées par M. Jean Langevin, Prêtre.
Québec: Typographie de Joseph Darveau, 8, Rue Lamontagne. 1862. 8vo., 31 pp.

2434. **Les Éléments de l’Agriculture** a l’usage de la jeunesse canadienne.
Par James Smith, Professor d’agriculture au collège agricole et industriel de Rimouski.
Neque qui plantat est aliquid neque qui rigat, sed qui incrementum dat Deus.—(I Cor. 7.)

2435. **Les Contemporains**. Le Chevalier Falardeau.
Par Eugène de Rives.
L’Auteur et l’Editeur se réservent le droit de reproduction.

Courtes Considérations sur l’Etablissement de ce Système dans le Bas Canada.
Par George Henry Macaulay. Traduit de l’Anglais par Emm. Blain De St. Aubin.
8vo., 30 pp. (incomplete.)

2437. **The Twentieth Report** of the Incorporated Church Society of the Diocese of Quebec, for the Year Ending 31st December, 1861.
Established, 7th July, 1842.
Québec: Printed at the Mercury Newspaper Office. 1862. 8vo., 77 pp.

2438. **Journal of the Proceedings** of the Second Provincial Synod of the United Church of England and Ireland in Canada. Held in the city of Montreal, From Sept. 10th to Sept. 17th inclusive, in the year of our Lord MDCCCLXII.
With an Appendix.

2439. **The Staple Trade of Canada**. A Lecture delivered in the Temperance Hall, Ottawa, on Tuesday, 18th March, 1862, Before the Mechanics’ Institute and Athenaeum.
By George H. Perry, Esq., C.E., Vice-President of Association of Provincial Land Surveyors, Institute of Civil Engineers and Architects of Canada.
Ottawa: Printed at the “Union” Caloric Engine Power Presses, Corner of Sussex and York Streets. 8vo., 45 pp.

2440. **Projet d’Etude** pour la formation d’une **Banque Agricole Nationale**, pour le Bas-Canada.
Par G. Boucherville.
2441. Canadian Credit and Securities.
Dedicated to the Holders of Canadian Securities.
(This pamphlet was sent to the holders of original 6 per cent Debentures of
the Grand Trunk Railway by Messrs. Taunton & Molyneux, 8 Sweeting Street,
Liverpool.)

2442. Speeches of the Honourable Joseph Howe, Provincial Secretary, on the
(1) Question of Colleges and Education, Monday, February 19th, 1849.
(2) Defence of the Party, 9 Feb., 1857.
(3) Education, Schools and Railways, 31 March, 1858.
(4) On the Address, House of Assembly, Thursday, Feb. 11th, 1859.
(5) In Reply to Dr. Tupper on the subject of retrenchment, Wed., March
25, 1862.
8vo., 72 pp.

A short account of what passed at Cape Breton from the beginning of the
last war (1750) until the taking of Louisburg, by the English, in the year of Our
Lord 1758.
(Being a reprint, published under the auspices of the Literary and Historical
Society of Quebec.) 8vo., 23 pp.

2444. A Description of the Forest and Ornamental Trees of New Brunswick, By
D. R. Munro.
"Not a tree, a plant," etc. "The Village Curate."
1862. 12mo., 24 pp.

1863.

2445. Le Canada sous la Domination Anglaise. (Analyse Historique.)
Par Boucher de la Bruere, Fils.
St. Hyacinthe: Imprimé par Lussier et Frères, Propriétaires du "Courrier
de St. Hyacinthe." 1863. 8vo., 80 pp.

2446. A Letter to the Right Honourable C. B. Adderley, M.P., on the Relations
of England with her Colonies.
By the Hon. Joseph Howe, Premier of Nova Scotia.

By B. G. Gray, Counsellor at Law, Mass.

2448. Constitution of the United States; Declaration of Independence; and Wash-
ington’s Farewell Address.
Chicago, Ill.: John R. Walsh, Bookseller and News Agent, cor. Madison
Street and Custom House Place. 1863. 24mo., 64 pp.

Dans le Navire L'Auguste, en l'an 1761.
2450. **Government Commissions of Inquiry.**
By T. K. Ramsay, Advocate.

2451. **A Review of the Militia Policy of the Present Administration.**
By Junius Jr.
"O Tempora, O Mores."

2452. **Quelques réflexions sur l'Organisation des Volontaires et de la Milice de cette Province.**
Par un Vétérain de 1812.

2453. **The Canadian Volunteers' Hand-Book:** A compendium of military facts and suggestions adapted to Field Service.
By J. H. Siddons, (formerly of the H.E.I. Co's Artillery,) Professor of Elocution, the Modern Languages, and Military Sciences.
Toronto: Rollo & Adam, General Booksellers and Importers; and all Booksellers. 1863. 12mo., 69+3 pp.

2454. **Colonial Military Expenditure.**
Three Speeches of Arthur Mills, Esq., M.P., in the House of Commons, March 5, 1861; March 4, 1862; and April 28, 1863. Reprinted and revised.

2455. **Memoirs and Services of the Eighty-Third Regiment, (County of Dublin), From 1793 to 1863; including The Campaigns of the Regiment in the West Indies, Africa, The Peninsula, Ceylon, Canada, and India.**
Edited by Brevet-Major E. W. Bray, Eighty-Third Regiment.

2456. **Journal of Events principally on the Detroit and Niagara Frontiers, during the war of 1812.**
By Capt. W. H. Merritt of the Prov. Light Dragoons, St. Catharines, C.W., Published by the Historical Society B.N.A. 1863. 8vo., 82 pp.

2457. **My Diary North and South.**
By William Howard Russell.

2458. **Family Recollections of Lieut. General Elias Walker Durnford, a Colonel Commandant of the Corps of Royal Engineers.**
Compiled and Edited by his Daughter, Mary Durnford. Printed for the Family only.

2459. **Lectures on Canada, illustrating its present position, and shewing forth its onward progress, and predictive of its future destiny.**
By the late Mr. Charles Bass.
2460. *Letters from Canada*, with *Numerous Illustrations*.
   Published by Authority.
   Eleventh Thousand. Copyright. Right of Translation Reserved.
   London: Published by Frederic Algar, 11, Clements Lane, Lombard Street.
   1863. 8vo., 83 pp.

   By T. D. L.

2462. *The System of Landed Credit*, or *La Banque de Crédit Foncier*.
   The Working of that Institution in Europe. The opinions of the leading political economists of Europe with regard to its principles and advantages; compiled and translated from authentic works in the French language. The Introduction of the System into Lower Canada briefly considered.
   By George Henry Macaulay.
   Quebec: Desbarats and Derbishire, Queen’s Printer. 1863. 8vo., 67 pp.

2463. *Adresse aux Electeurs du Bas-Canada*.
   Quebec: 26 Mai, 1863. 8vo., 24 pp.

   Par Chs. DeGuise, M.D.

2465. *Histoire de la Tribune*.
   Par L. M. Darveau.
   Quebec, Décembre 1863. 8vo., 16 pp.

2466. *Notice sur les Plantes de Michaux et sur son Voyage au Canada et à la Baie D'Hudson*.
   *D'après son Journal manuscrit et autres documents inédits.* Par l’Abbé Ovide Brunet.

2467. *Notes sur les Registres* de Notre-Dame de Québec.
   Par J. B. A. Ferland, Prêtre.
   Publiées par la Direction du “Foyer Canadien.”
   Deuxième Edition.

   The Hon. P. M. Vankoughnet, Chancellor of Upper Canada, in the Chair.
   Published by Request.
   Toronto: Rollo and Adam, General Booksellers, 61, King Street East. 1863. 8vo., 14 pp.

2469. *Celebration du 200e Anniversaire de la Fondation du Séminaire de Québec* 30 Avril 1863.
   Extrait du “Courrier du Canada.”
2470. Eloge funèbre de M. l'Abbé L. J. Casault, Premier Recteur de l'Université Laval. 
   Prononcé le 8 Janvier 1868 par F. A. H. Larue, M.D.L. 
   Québec: Atelier Typographique du Canadien, 21, Rue Lamontagne. 1863. 
   8vo., 14 pp.

2471. The Judgments of the Canadian Bishops, on the Documents submitted to 
   them by the Corporation of Trinity College, in relation to the Theological 
   teaching of the College. 
   Toronto: Rowsell & Ellis, Printers, King Street. 1863. 8vo., 24 pp.

2472. Four Charges to the Clergy of the Diocese, by John, Lord Bishop of Frederic-
   ton, at His Triennial Visitations, held in Christ Church Cathedral, Frederic-
   ton, 1853, 1856, 1859, 1862. 
   With notes upon New Brunswick, on account of the Cathedral, and extracts 
   from a charge of the Bishop of Maine. 
   xiii+143 pp.

2473. The Baptists of Saint John, N.B. 
   Two Sermons on the Rise and Progress of the Baptist Church in Saint 
   John, New Brunswick. Preached in Germain and Brussels Street Churches, 
   By Rev. I. E. Bill, and Published at the special request of these two churches. 

2474. Proceedings of The Fifth Annual Meeting of The Synod of The Diocese of 
   Montreal, Canada, June 16, 17 and 18, 1863. 

2475. A Sermon preached before The Synod of the Diocese of Quebec, March 4th, 
   1863; by The Revd. James Williams, M.A., Professor of Belles Lettres in Bishop's 
   College, and Rector of the Junior Department. 
   Quebec: Published by Coombe & Co. Printed by G. T. Cary. 1863. 8vo., 
   20 pp.

2476. Memorials of the Quebec Conference, edited by Peter LeSueur, (Supt. M.O. 
   Office). 
   "Behold the men whom we put in prison, are standing in the temple and 
   teaching the people." 
   "And daily in the temple and in every house, they ceased not to preach 
   Jesus Christ." 
   "Then had the churches rest, and walking in the fear of the Lord and in 
   the comfort of the Holy Ghost, were multiplied." 
   Quebec: Printed for the Editor by Hunter, Rose & Co. 1863. 16mo., iv+ 
   137 pp.

2477. Learned Testimonies on Baptism and The Lord's Supper. (In two parts.) 
   Search the Scriptures.—Christ. 
   The Testimony of the Lord is sure, making wise the simple.—David. 
   He who shall believe, &c.—Christ. 
   Jesus took the loaf, &c.—Matthew. 
   Sold by David Lorsch, 200 Cameron's Buildings, Yonge Street, and other 
   Booksellers. 
   Toronto: "Leader" & "Patriot" Steam Press Print, 63 King Street East. 
   1863. (Two parts.) 12mo., iv+64+36 pp.
Catal ogue of Pamphlets

Sessional Paper No. 29a

2478. Defence of the Plan of University Reform, Proposed by the Senate of the University of Toronto.
   Being a Statement Drawn up at the Request of the Board of Trustees of Queen's College.

2479. The Duties of Educated Young Men in British America: being the Annual University Lecture of McGill University, Montreal, Session of 1863-4.
   By Principal Dawson, LL.D., F.R.S. &c.

2480. Constitutions et Règlements de l'Université Laval.
   Publiés par ordre du Conseil Universitaire.
   Québec: Des presses à vapeur de A. Côté & Cie. 1863. 8vo., 90 pp.

2481. Rules and Regulations for the EXAMINATION OF CANDIDATES for Teachers' Certificates or Diplomas, and for the Establishment of New Boards of Examiners and to define the Jurisdiction of Old Boards in Lower Canada.
   Montreal: Printed by Eusèbe Senecal, No. 4 St. Vincent Street. 1863. 8vo., 80 pp.

2482. Memorial of the People of Red River to the British and Canadian Governments, with Remarks on the Colonization of Central British North America, and the Establishment of a Great Territorial Road from Canada to British Columbia.
   Submitted to the Canadian Government, by Sandford Fleming.
   Printed by Order of the Legislative Assembly.
   Quebec: Printed for the Contractors by Hunter, Rose & Co., 26 St. Ursule Street. 1863. 8vo., 57 pp.

   Soumis au Gouvernement Canadien, par Sandford Fleming.
   Imprimé par ordre de l'Assemblée Législative.

2484. Return of all Documents relating to the Postal Services by the Grand Trunk Railway Company.
   Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly.

   Published by Order of the Board of Trade of Montreal.
   Montreal: Printed by John Lovell, St. Nicholas Street. 1863. 8vo., 22 pp. and maps.

   By Walter Shanly, Civil Engineer.
   Submitted to the Legislative Assembly of Canada, and printed by their order: July, 1858.
Reprinted by order of the Board of Trade, Montreal, October, 1863.

2487. Rapports Annuels de Pierre Fortin, Ecr., Magistrat, Commandant l'Expédition pour la Protection des Pecheries dans le Golfe St. Laurent, pendant les Saisons de 1861 et 1862.
Imprimé par ordre de l'Assemblée Legislative.

2488. Description of Townships Surveyed in Lower Canada, in 1861 and 1862.
With Extracts from Surveyors' Reports.

2489. Remarks on Upper Canada Surveys, and Extracts from the Surveyors' Reports, containing a description of the soil and timber of the Townships in the Huron and Ottawa Territory, and on the North Shores of Lakes Huron and Superior.
Quebec: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co., No. 26 St. Ursule Street. 1863. 8vo., 83 pp., with maps.

2490. Pioneers of the Eastern Townships: A Work containing official and reliable information respecting the Formation of Settlements; with incidents in their early history; and Details of Adventures, Perils and Deliverances.
By Mrs. C. M. Day.


Imprimé par Ordre de la Legislature.

2493. Letter addressed to Mr. Joachim Barrande, on the Rocks of the Quebec group at Point Levis.
By Sir W. E. Logan.

By Charles Robb, Mining Engineer, Montreal.
Extracted from "Eighty Years' Progress in British North America."
Montreal: Printed by John Lovell, St. Nicholas Street. 1863. 8vo., 64 pp.

2495. Report of the Railway Commissioners of the Province of New Brunswick, for the year 1862.
Printed by Order of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, for the use of the Hon. The Legislative Council and the House of Assembly.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

2496. The Culture of the Vine and Emigration.
By J. M. de Courtenay.
Quebec: Printed by Joseph Darveau, 8, Mountain Hill. 8vo., 58 pp.

2497. Voices from the Hearth: A Collection of Verses.
By “Isodore.” Isodore G. Ascher, B.C.L. Advocate, Montreal.
“True to the kindred points of Heaven and Home.”—Wordsworth.
Montreal: John Lovell, St. Nicholas Street.

2498. Flax, directions for its cultivation and management.
Quebec: Printed at the Canada Gazette Office. 1863. 16mo., 30 pp.

2499. Reports upon the Property of the Ramsay Lead Mining and Smelting Co.
By John H. Blake, Esq., of Boston, and William Plummer, Esq., of Canada.
Together with Extracts from the Report of Sir William E. Logan, Chief of
the Government Survey of the Canadas.
Also The Charter and By-Laws of the Company, with a list of its officers.

2500. The Gold Fields of Canada: A Paper read before the Literary and Historical
Society of Quebec, 18th November, 1863.

2501. Statements concerning the Trade and Commerce of the City of Montreal, for
1862:
Being a reprint of three articles from the “Daily Witness,” viz.: I.—The
Produce Trade. II.—The Shipping Interests. III.—Financial Matters.
Montreal: Published at the “Daily Witness” Office, Great St. James Street.
1863. 8vo., 23 pp.

2502. Constitution and By-laws of the Numismatic Society of Montreal, instituted
December 9, 1862.
“Fragmenta colligite, ne percaent.”
Montreal: H. & D. Rose, 274 Rue Notre Dame, printers to the Numismatic

2503. Annual Report of the Natural History Society of Montreal, for the year
ending May, 1863: with A List of the Officers, Life, Honorary, Corresponding, and
Ordinary Members of the Society.

2504. Charter and By-Laws of the St. George’s Society of Toronto, Instituted for
the Relief of Sick and Destitute Englishmen and their Descendants. Established
1836, Incorporated 1858.
To which is added the Report of the Committee for 1862. Together with a
List of Officers and Members.

2505. Proces de Pierre Barbina dit Duval, pour l’empoisonnement de Julie Desilie,
son épouse.
Trois-Rivières: Imprimé par W. H. Rowen, Propriétaire de L’Ere Nouvelle.
1863. 8vo., 21 pp.

29a—50
2506. Tableau de Delais Fixes dans la procedure civile du Bas Canada d'apres les status refondus et ceux de 1861 et 1862, les regles de pratique de la cour d'appel, de la cour superieure et de la cour de circuit, la coutume de Paris, et l'Ordonnance de 1667; plus, les deux delais sur "certiorari."

1864.

2507. The Settlement and Early History of Albany.
By William Barnes.

2508. An Inquiry into the Authenticity of Documents concerning a Discovery in North America claimed to have been made by Verrazzano.
Read before the New-York Historical Society, Tuesday, October 4th, 1864 by Buckingham Smith.

Third Edition.

2510. Canada in 1864: A HAND BOOK FOR SETTLERS.
By Henry T. Newton Cheshhyre, late R.N., author of "Recollections of a Five Years' Residence in Norway."
London: Sampson Low, Son, and Marston, 14 Ludgate Hill. 1864. (The right of translation is reserved.) 12mo., 165 pp.

2511. Carleton County and its Various Resources.
A Report presented to the Woodstock Athenaeum February 11, 1864.

2512. Authentic Information concerning HOUSE ACCOMMODATION AT OTTAWA.
Authorized by the Mayor, M. K. Dickenson.

2513. Canada. FOR THE INFORMATION OF INTENDING EMIGRANTS.
By Authority.
Quebec: Printed by J. Blackburn. 1864. 12mo., 74 pp.

2514. Vancouver Island. Exploration.

2515. The Hudson's Bay Company. What is it?
"Facts are chielis that wanna ding,"
"And daurna be disputed."
(A note on the title page reads as follows.)
IMPORTANT. This Pamphlet refers to a great public question which will be brought before the House of Commons in a few days.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

2516. Quebec: *As it Was, and As it is, or, A Brief History of The Oldest City in Canada*, from its Foundation to the Present Time, with *A Guide for Strangers*, to the Different Places of Interest within the City, and Adjacent thereto. Fourth Edition.
By Willis Russell, (Russell’s Hotel).

2517. The Tourist’s Guide to Quebec.
By Godfrey S. O’Brien, P.L.S.
Quebec: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co. 1864. 12mo., 70 pp.

2518. Harbor Improvements at Foot of Lachine Canal, considered in a Report addressed to the Proprietors on Mill Street.
By Charles Legge, Civil Engineer.

2519. *La Mémoire de Montcalm vengée ou le Massacre au Fort George*.
Documents historiques recueillis.
Par J. M. LeMoine, Ecr.

2520. *La Mission de la France*.
Par un Franco-Américain.

2521. Intercolonial Union. *The Proposed Constitution* as adopted by the Quebec Conference in October, 1864.

2522. Union of the Colonies of British North America: being Three Papers upon this Subject, originally published between the years 1854 and 1861.

2523. Speech on the Proposed Union of the British North American Provinces, Delivered at Sherbrooke, C.E.
By The Hon. A. T. Galt, Minister of Finance. 23 November, 1864.
Reprinted from the Montreal Gazette.

Comprising a Refutation of the Position taken by The Hon. T. D’Arcy McGee, in the British American Magazine, for a Monarchical Form of Government.
By T. Phillips Thompson, of St. Catharines, C.W.

29a—50½
    Montreal: Printed by Owler & Stevenson, 41 St. François Xavier Street. 1864. 12mo., 20 pp.

    By A Backwoodsman.
    "Finis Coronat?"
    Montreal: John Lovell, Printer, St. Nicholas Street. 1864. 8vo., 36 pp.

2527. Remarks on the Militia of Canada.
    (Written by Sir Richard Cartwright.)

2528. Considerations sur Notre Organisation Militaire.
    Par un Officier de Milice.

2529. Canada Defended by Her Militia.
    Quebec: Printed at the “Morning Chronicle” Office, Foot of Mountain Hill. 1864. 8vo., 25 pp.
    (Signed “Miles Emeritus,” supposed to be the pen name of Col. John Sewell.)

2530. The St. Albans Raid. Investigation by the Police Committee of the City Council of Montreal, into the charges preferred by Councillor B. Devlin, against Guillaume Lamothe, Esq., Chief of Police; and the Proceedings of the Council in Reference thereto.
    Montreal: Printed by Owler & Stevenson, 41 St. François Xavier Street. 1864. 8vo., 75 pp.

2531. Self Reliance, or A Plea for the Protection of Canadian Industry.
    By Joseph Wright.
    Dundas: Printed by James Somerville, at the “True Banner” Office, Main St. 1864. 8vo., 54 pp.

2532. Financial Crises: their Causes and Effects.
    By Henry C. Carey.

2533. Practical Notes on the Legislation for the Fisheries of the St. Lawrence.
    To William Rhodes, Esquire, President of the Fish and Game Club.
    Quebec: Printed at the Office of the “Morning Chronicle,” Foot of Mountain Hill. 1864. 8vo., 15 pp.

2534. A Tour in British North America and the United States 1863.
    A lecture delivered to the Young Men’s Christian Association at Lisnaskea, by Viscount Crichton.
    Dublin: Hodges Smith and Co. Publishers to the University. 1864. 12mo., 63 pp.

    &c. &c. &c. and other poems.
    By The Rev. Æncas McD. Dawson.
    London: 53 N. Bond Street.
    Ottawa: 1864. 8vo., 44+13 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

   By the Hon. Arthur Hamilton Gordon, Lieutenant Governor, &c. &c.
   1864. 8vo., 64 pp.

2537. Tableau Synoptique de L'Ornithologie du Canada.
   Classification et nomenclature du "Smithsonian Institution" de Washington.
   Par J. M. Lemoine.

2538. Analyse des Lois d'Enregistrement, comprenant le Chapitre XXXVII et les
   Sections 7 et 8 du Chapitre XXXVI des Statuts Refondus pour le Bas-Canada, et
   le Statut 25 Vic. Chapitre XI. Suivie d'un Appendice contenant certaines observa-
   tions sur les Défauts et les Lacunes de la Loi d'Enregistrement.
   Par J. A. Hervieux, Régistre-taire du Comté de Terrebonne.
   "L'étude de l'ordonnance exigera, &c., &c.—Sir L. H. Lafontaine.
   Montréal: C. O. Beauchemin & Valois Libraries Editeurs, Rue St. Paul,
   127. 1864. 12mo., 111 pp.

2539. Le Rougisme en Canada; ses Idées religieuses, ses principes sociaux et ses ten-
   dances anti-canadiennes.
   "Pesez les voix de pte, &c., &c.—"De Maistre."
   Par un Observateur.

2540. Documents relating to the Opening up of the North West Territories to
   Settlement and Cultivation. 1864.
   Printed by G. Desbarats. 8vo., 17 pp.

2541. Les Mines d'or du Bas-Canada ou Guide du Mineur.
   Contenant d'importants renseignements sur les Mines de la Chaudière. Ainsi
   que les principales clauses du bill passé récemment par la Législature Canadienne
   au sujet des Mines d'or.
   Québec: Imprimé par Elzéar Vincent, Coin des Rues D'Aiguillon et Ste.
   Marie. 1864. 16mo., 28 pp.

2542. Directions de Navigation pour l'Île de Terreneuve et la Côte du Labrador et
   pour le Golfe et le Fleuve St. Laurent.
   Complètes Spécialement d'Après les Inspections faites par ordre des Gouver-
   nements Anglais et Francais.
   Par L'Amiral Bayfield, et les Capitaines Bullock, Cook, Lane, Des Barres,
   Lockwood, Lambley et autres; et par le Capitaine Lavaud, de la Marine Fran-
   çaise.
   Traduit de L'Anglais par Thomas T. Nesbitt.
   Québec: Imprimé par Elzéar Vincent, Coin des Rues D'Aiguillon et Ste.
   Marie. 1864. 8vo., 203 pp.

2543. Étude sur l'Acte concernant La Faillite, 1864.
   Par Désiré Girouard.
   Montréal: Des Presses à Vapeur de "L'Union Nationale," 18, rue St. Gabriel,
   1864. 8vo., 103 pp.

   G. Desbarats & M. Cameron, Queen's Printers. 4to., 3 pp.

Received and read first time, Friday, 10th June, 1864. Second reading Saturday, 11th June, 1864.

Hon. Mr. Dorion.

G. Desbarats & M. Cameron, Queen's Printers. 4to., 3 pp.

2546. Jugement Erronné de M. Ernest Renan sur les Langues Sauvages.

Par. N. O. (Written by Abbé Cugou, P.S.S.)


2547. La Gazette de Québec.

Par E. Gérin.


2548. Inaugural Address of Governor Miller to the Legislature of Minnesota.

Delivered January 13, 1864.

Printed by Authority.


2549 and 2550. Discours prononcé à Notre Dame de Québec au Triduum de la Société de St-Vincent-de-Paul, les 21, 22 et 23 Décembre, 1863.

Par le Rev. Thomas-Aimé Chandonnet.

Québec: Atelier de Léger Brousseau, Imprimeur de l'archevêché, 7, Rue Buade. 1864. 8vo., 72 pp.

(Same in English.)

2551. Separate Schools. A Speech, on the subject of "Separate Schools"; Delivered before the Synod of the Diocese of Ontario at its Annual Session in the City of Kingston, on Tuesday, 21st of June, 1864.

By the Rev. J. Gilbert Armstrong, M.A., Rector of Hawkesbury, C.W.


By Miss Margaret Robertson, Sherbrooke, C.E.

Published under the Sanction of the Saint Francis District Teachers' Association.


4to., 30 pp.


8vo., 15 pp.

2555. A Few Remarks on the Meeting at Montreal for the Formation of an Association for the Promotion and Protection of the Educational Interests of Protestants in Lower Canada.

Republished from the Lower Canada Law Journal of Education.

Montreal: Printed by Eusèbe Sénécal, 4 St. Vincent Street. 1864. 8vo., 36 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

2556. On Some Points in the History & Prospects of Protestant Education in Lower Canada.
   A Lecture, delivered by Principal Dawson, before the Association of Teachers in connection with the McGill Normal School, Dec., 1864.

2557. Calendar of MORRIN COLLEGE, Quebec. Third Session. 1864-5.
   Quebec: Printed for Morrin College, By G. T. Cary, Fabrique Street, 1864. 8vo., 18 pp.

2558. The Protest of the Minority of the Corporation of Trinity College, against the Resolution Approving of the Theological Teaching of that Institution.
   With an Appendix, Containing the Opinions of the Five Canadian Bishops On the same subject.

2559. The Inaugural Address delivered at the opening of HURON COLLEGE, London, Canada West, on the 2nd of December, A.D. 1863.
   To which is appended the opening address of the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Huron.
   London: Dawson & Brother, Book & Job Printers, Richmond St., opposite City Hall. 1864. 16mo., 56 pp.

2560. Amendments to the Educational Laws of Lower Canada, suggested by the Committee of the Protestant Educational Association of Lower Canada. (1864?)
   John Lovell, Printer, Montreal. 8vo., 16 pp.

2561. Shakespeare. Oration delivered by The Honorable Joseph Howe, at the request of The Saint George's Society, At the Temperance Hall, Halifax, Nova Scotia, 23rd April, 1864.

2562. Proceedings of the Twelfth Session of The Synod of the United Church of England and Ireland, in the Diocese of Toronto, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, The 8th, 9th, and 10th days of June, In the Year of Our Lord MDCCCLXIV.
   Toronto: Henry Rowsell, Printer. 1864. 8vo., 78 pp.

2563. Report of the Committee of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland for promoting the religious interests of Scottish Presbyterians in the Colonies.
   Given in by The Rev. Prof. Stevenson, D.D., convener, May 1864.

2564. Art Association of Montreal. (Founded 1860.) (Re-organized under Act, 1863.) The Act of Incorporation (23rd Vic., Cap. 13) and The By-laws adopted 11th January, 1864.
2565. The Municipal Loan Funds, and the Hospitals and Charities of The Province of Canada.
Quebec: Printed at the "Morning Chronicle" Office, Foot of Mountain Hill. 1864. 8vo., xv+77 pp.

2566. Letters on Homoeopathy. For and against.
"Prove all things; hold fast that which is good."

2567. Memorial of Antonio Pelletier. To the Hon. William H. Seward, Secretary of State.
Washington, July 9, 1864. 8vo., 40 pp.

2568. Report of Mr. John H. Rice, from the select committee on The Defences of the Northeastern Frontier. To accompany bill H.R. No. 541.
June 20, 1864.—Ordered to be printed. 38th Congress. 1st Session. House of Representatives. Report No. 119.
Svo., 83 pp.

2569. Return to an Address for copies of papers connected with the Grand Trunk Railway Mail Service since 1863.
Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly.
Quebec: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Lemieux, No. 26 Ursule Street. 1864. Svo., 98 pp.

Sommaire 1—La Marche et l’état de l’Enseignement Agricole à l’étranger.
2.—La Marche et l’état de l’Enseignement Agricole en Canada.
3—Conclusions du Comité spécial chargé de s’enquérir des Moyens de Promouvoir l’Enseignement Agricole dans le Bas-Canada.
Imprimé par Ordre de L’Assemblée Legislative.

By L. W. Bailey, A.M., Professor of Chemistry and Natural History in the University of New Brunswick.
Presented to the Legislature by His Excellency The Lieutenant Governor.
Fredericton: G. E. Fenety, Printer to the Queen’s most Excellent Majesty. 1864. Svo., 73 pp.

2572. Nova Scotia in 1862. Papers relating to the two great Exhibitions in London in that year.
3. Copies of Correspondence relative to the Nova Scotian Court.
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2573. Memorial of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New-York, to the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States.

Prepared by John Austin Stevens, Jr., Secretary, under the direction of the Committee on Ocean Steam Navigation.


2574. Heads of Enquiry into the STATE AND CONDITION OF LIGHTHOUSES, with explanatory notes, for the use of authorities having charge of lighthouses, and for the information of lighthouse keepers, &c.

By Alfred P. Ryder, Capt. R. N., F.R.G.S., Late a Member of the Royal Commission on Lighthouses.

London: Printed by Harrison and Sons, St. Martin’s Lane. 1864. 4to., 28 pp.

2575. The Admiralty List of the LIGHTS ON THE COASTS AND LAKES OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA. Corrected to January, 1864.

By Edward Dunsterville, Commander R.N.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty.

London: Printed by George E. Eyre and William Spottiswoode, printers to the Queen’s most excellent Majesty, for Her Majesty’s Stationery Office.

Sold by J. D. Potter, 31, Poultry, and 11, King Street, Tower Hill. 1864. Price One Shilling and Ninepence. 8vo., 28 pp.

2576. Report of the Select Committee appointed to consider the practicability and propriety of constructing a Ship Canal between the Georgian Bay and Lake Ontario, via Lake Simcoe. 1864.

8vo., 25 pp.

2577. Reports of Agents on the COLONIZATION ROADS in Canada: Being Appendices from the Annual Report, for 1863, of the Honourable William McDougall, Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Quebec: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co., St. Ursule Street. 1864. 8vo., 54 pp.

2578. Coup d’OEIL sur la COLONISATION.

Terres à Coloniser: Moyens de Hater la Colonisation.

C’est dans la Colonisation, que réside l’avenir du pays, la richesse de l’Etat.


Ce qu’on voit . . . Et ce qu’on ne voit pas!”

Quebec, typographie de Léger Brousseau, 7, rue Buade. 1864. 8vo., 36 pp.

2580. Correspondence Relating to THE INTER-COLONIAL RAILWAY.

Laid before the Legislature by command of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor. (In continuation of correspondence laid before the Legislature in 1863.)

Fredericton: G. E. Fenety, Printer to the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty, 1864. 8vo., 52 pp.

2581 and 2582. Correspondence, Documents, Evidence and Proceedings in the ENQUIRY OF MESSRS. LAFFENAYE & DOHERTY, COMMISSIONERS, into the office of the CLERK OF THE CROWN AND CLERK OF THE PEACE, MONTREAL.
Followed by the Remarks of Messrs. Delisle & Schiller on so much of the
Report of the Commissioners as has been allowed to transpire.
And the Remarks of Mr. Brehaut on the Letter Announcing to him the causes
of his dismissal, as the whole appeared in the Montreal Gazette.
Montreal: Printed by M. Longmoore & Co., at the Montreal Gazette Job
Office. 1864. 8vo., 101+iii pp.

2583. Rapport de l'Ecole d'Agriculture et de la Ferme-Modèle de Sainte Anne, pour
l'Année 1863.
Imprimé par ordre de l'Honorable Ministre de l'Agriculture.
Ste. Anne de la Pocatière: Imprimé par Firmin H. Proulx, Editeur de la
"Gazette des Campagnes." 1864. 8vo., 24 pp.

2584. A History of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada, compiled from public
documents.
By Thomas Storrow Brown.
Quebec: Printed for the Author by Hunter, Rose & Co., St. Ursule Street.
1864. 8vo., 54 pp.

2585. Organization of the European and North American Railway Company.
Clayton & Medole, Printers, 4 Thames Street, Trinity Building, N.Y. 1864?
8vo., 48 pp.

2586. The Toronto & Georgian Bay Ship Canal. Reply to certain Queries of the
Honorable the Canal Committee of the Canadian Parliament.
By William Bross, A.M., of the Chicago Tribune.

2587. Le Principe des Nationalités. Lecture Publique faite devant l'Institut-Cana-
dien, à Montréal, le 1er Décembre 1864.
Par M. Gonzalve Doutre.

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By R. F. Fairlie.

2589. Reports on the Shepherd Copper Mine, Situated in South Stukeley, Canada
East.
Reports by Charles Robb, Mining Engineer.

2590. The Gold Fields of the World, Our Knowledge of them, and its Application
to the Gold Fields of Canada. A compilation by W. J. Anderson, M.R.C.S.E.

2591. Hittel on Gold Mines and Mining.

2592. Notes on the Gold of Eastern Canada: being a reprint of portions of various
reports of the Geological Survey of Canada from 1848 to 1863.
Montreal: Dawson Brothers. 1864. 8vo., 40 pp.
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To which is added the Report of the Committee for 1863, together with a List of Officers and Members.

2594. The Greenwood Tragedy. Three Addresses delivered to the Prisoner's in Toronto Gaol, soon after the suicide of William Greenwood, and having reference to that event. To which is added an Appeal to the Ladies of Canada.
By Colonel Kingsmill.
In prison and ye came unto me.—Matt. xxv., 36.

2595. "The Chesapeake."
The case of David Collins, et al., prisoners arrested under the provisions of the Imperial Act, 6 & 7 Vic., cap. 76. on a charge of Piracy, investigated before Humphrey T. Gilbert, Esq., Police Magistrate of the City of Saint John, and the arguments on the return to the order of Habeas Corpus, before His Honor, Mr. Justice Richie, with his decision.
Compiled from the original documents.

Grand incendie à Osaka (Japon)—30,000 maisons brûlées—1,000 personnes périant par le feu.

A Paper read before the Literary and Historical Society of Quebec, 6th April, 1864.
By E. A. Meredith, LL.D.
Quebec: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co., No. 23, St. Ursule Street. 1864. 8vo., 18 pp.

2598. Flax and Hemp.
A. Kirkwood.

2599. Correspondence relating to "The Tallahassee."
1864, 4to., 7 pp.

2600. Relation de sa Captivité parmi les Onneiouts en 1690-1.
Par le R. P. Pierre Milet de la Compagnie de Jésus.

2601. Catalogue de la Bibliothèque de feu Sir L. H. Lafontaine, Baronnet, Juge en Chef, etc.
Cette bibliothèque contient une collection d'ouvrages rares et précieux sur
la jurisprudence et sur l’histoire de l’Amérique, portant la plupart des notes manuscrites du Juge en chef.

Le jour et le lieu de la vente seront annoncés dans les Journeaux pour Mai prochain.

Montreal: Typographie Eusebe Senecal, Rue Saint Vincent, No. 4. 1864 (?) 4to., 31 pp.

1865.

Delivered in the House of Commons on Wednesday, May 3rd, 1865.

By the Hon. Thos. D'Arcy McGee, M.R.I.A.
With an Appendix, containing the Federal Constitution of the New Zealand Colonies.
"I would form an individual model, suited to the character, disposition, "wants, and circumstances of the country, and I would make all exertions, whether "by action or by writing, within the limits of the existing law, for ameliorating "its existing condition, and bringing it nearer to the model selected for imita-"tion."—Sir George Cornewall Lewis.—A Dialogue on the best form of Govern-ment page 117.
Montreal: Published by Dawson Brothers. 1865. Price 25 cents. 8vo., 75 pp.

2604. Notes sur les Gouvernements Federaux passés et présents.
Traduit de l’Anglais par Ls. G. Gladu.
12mo., 62 pp.

2605. Speech of The Honorable A. T. Galt, Minister of Finance, on Supply, in Com-mittee of the Whole.
Delivered in Quebec, 29th August, 1865.

2606. Mémoires d’un Vieux Garçon.
Recueillis et commentés par Alph. Cynosuridis.

2607. Poisson d’Avril 1865. REVERIES d’un Jouer de Pigeon-Hole.
(By L. T. Groulx.) 8vo., 51 pp.

2608. L’Histoire du Canada en Tableaux, Comprendant:
1. Les Evénements Politiques;
2. Les Événements Religieux;
3. Des Listes des Vice-Rois, Gouverneurs, Intendants, etc.;
4. Des Listes des Archevêques et Évêques;
5. Les Découvertes, Batailles, Traités de Paix, Fondations, etc.,
Sous la Domination Française et la Domination Anglaise.
Par Jean Langevin, Pretre, Principal de l’Ecole Normale-Laval.
Québec: Typographie d’Augustin Coté et Cie. 1865. 8vo., 8 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

2609. **Canada.** A Geographical, Agricultural, and Mineralogical Sketch. Published by authority of the Bureau of Agriculture.

2610. **Dolorsolation:** a local political burlesque.
By Sam Scribble.
(First performed at the Theatre Royal, Montreal, on Monday, January 9, 1865.)
Montreal: John Lovell, Printer, St. Nicholas Street. 1865. 8vo., 22 pp.

2611. **Report** of Lieut. Col. James H. Simpson, Corps of Engineers, U.S.A., on the change of route west from Omaha, Nebraska Territory, proposed by the Union Pacific Railroad Company, made to Honorable James Harlan, Secretary of the Interior, September 18, 1865; with the President’s decision thereon.

2612. **Resolutions** relative to the Proposed Union of the British North American Provinces.
Quebec: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co., St. Ursule Street. 8vo., 13 pp.

2613. **Correspondence** concerning proposals for Inter-Colonial Union, Legislative & Federal.
Laid before the Legislature by command of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor.
Fredericton: G. E. Fenety, Printer to the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty. 1865. 8vo., 42 pp.

2614. **The Union of the Provinces of British North America.**
By The Honourable Joseph Cauchon, (Member of the Canadian Parliament, and Editor in Chief of “Le Journal de Québec.”)
Translated by George Henry Macaulay.
Quebec: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co., St. Ursule St. 1865. 8vo., 154 pp. (The same in French.)

2615. **Discours sur la Confédération.**
 Prononcés par MM. C. S. Cherrier, Charles Laberge et G. E. Clerk.

2616. **The Future of British America.** Independence! How to Prepare for it. Consolidation is Preparation for a New Nation: Confederation is Preparation for Annexation.
It would appear that every motive that has induced the union of various Provinces into a single state exists for the consolidation of these Colonies under a common legislature and executive.—Lord Durham.
I nevertheless leave you with every hope that the unity of all the British Provinces will be a great fact.
I think those legislators will at least come to the right conclusion, and that unity and strength will take the place of division and weakness. This unity bears with greater weight upon the defences of those vast Colonies than it does on the commercial advantages, which are in themselves obvious and most important.—Sir W. F. Williams.
The simple question to be determined is: shall the Constitution of the United Provinces of British America be formed after the model afforded us by the constitution of the United Kingdoms or that of the United States?

Toronto: For sale by C. A. Backas, Toronto St., and other Booksellers. 1865. 8vo., 16 pp.

2617. **Defence of Canada** considered as an Imperial Question with Reference to A War With America.

By J. L. A. Simmons, C.B., Colonel Royal Engineers, and Major-General in the Ottoman Army.


2618. **Speech** delivered in the Legislative Assembly, by Alexander Morris, Esq., member for Lanark, South Riding, During the Debate on the subject of the Confederation of the British North American Provinces.


2619. **The Union of the British Provinces.** A Brief Account of the several conferences held in the Maritime Provinces and in Canada, in September and October, 1864, on the proposed Confederation of the Provinces, together with a Report of the Speeches delivered by the Delegates from the Provinces, on important public occasions.

Compiled by The Hon. Edward Whelan, M.P.P. (One of the Prince Edward Island Delegates.)


2620. **Two Speeches** on The Union of the Provinces, by Hon. Thos. D'Arty McGee, M.R.I.A., Minister of Agriculture, Canada, &c., &c.

Quebec: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co., 26, St. Ursule Street. 1865. 8vo., 34 pp.

2621. **Speech** delivered in the Legislative Assembly, by Christopher Dunkin, Esq., Member for Brome, during the Debate on the subject of the Confederation of the British North American Provinces.

Quebec: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co., St. Ursule Street. 1865. 8vo., 64 pp.

2622. **Le Meurtrier** d'Albertine Renouf par Henri Rivière.


2623. **Speech** on the Union of the Colonies delivered in the Assembly by A. W. McLelan, Esq., Member for North Colchester.


2624. **The Reciprocity Treaty:** its History, General Features, and Commercial Results.

A Speech delivered by the Honourable Joseph Howe, of Nova Scotia, on the 14th Day of July, 1865, at the Great International Commercial Convention, held at the City of Detroit.

Specially revised for Publication by Mr. Howe.

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2625. Canada and the United States: An address on the American Conflict, delivered at Montreal, on Thursday Evening, December 22, 1864.
   By the Rev. John Cordner.

2626. Speech delivered by The Hon. Joseph Howe at the Detroit Convention, on the Commercial Relations of Great Britain and the United States, August 14, 1865.

2627. "The Niagara Ship Canal:" and "Reciprocity:"
   Papers written for the "Buffalo Commercial Advertiser," by J. D. Hayes, Esq.
   Together with the Speech of Hon. Israel T. Hatch, in the convention at Detroit, July 14, 1865.
   Published by Resolution of the Board of Trade, Buffalo.

   By A. Alison, Esq. Author of the Philosophy and History of Civilization.
   London: John Redford, Publisher, No. 8, Sloane Street. 1865. 8vo., 8 pp.

2629. The Canadian Canals: Their History and Cost, with an Inquiry into the Policy necessary to Advance the Well-being of the Province.
   By William Kingsford, Civil Engineer.
   Epig.

2630. First Prize Essay. The Reciprocity Treaty: its advantages to the United States and to Canada.
   By Arthur Harvey, Esq., Fellow of the Statistical Society of London, England; Statistical Clerk, Finance Department, Quebec.
   Quebec: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co., St. Ursule Street. 1865. 8vo., 29 pp.


2632. The Reciprocity Treaty, between the United States and Great Britain, of June 5, 1854.
   Report of a Special Committee of the Boston Board of Trade, submitted and adopted Jan. 2, 1865, and ordered to form a part of the Eleventh Annual Report.

2633. Report of the Select Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York, on the Reciprocity Treaty, as to Trade between the British North American Provinces and the United States of America.
   With appendix.
   New York: John W. Amerman, Printer, No. 47 Cedar Street. 1865. 8vo., 72 pp.
2634. Papers relating to the Conferences which have taken place between Her Majesty's Government and a Deputation from the Executive Council of Canada, appointed to confer with Her Majesty's Government on the subject of the Defence of the Province.
1865. 8vo., 13 pp.

2635. British and American Joint Commission on the Hudson's Bay and Puget Sound Agricultural Companies' Claims.
1865. 4to., 11+4 pp.

2636. Memorials presented to the Commissioners, under the Treaty of July 1, 1863, between Great Britain and the United States, for the Final Settlement of the Claims of the Hudson’s Bay and Puget’s Sound Agricultural Companies; Presented April 17, 1865.

2637. Debate on the Fisheries Bill, of the Hon. Alex. Campbell, Commissioner of Crown Lands, in the Legislative Council, on the 9th and 10th March, 1865.
Reported for the “Daily News.”

By F. W. G. Austin.
Quebec: Printed at the “Morning Chronicle” Office, Foot of Mountain Hill. 1865. 8vo., 23 pp.

2639. The American Conflict: An Address, spoken before the New England Society of Montreal, and a Public Audience, in Nordheimer’s Hall, Montreal, On Thursday Evening, 22nd December, 1864.
By Rev. John Cordner.
Published by Request.

2640. La Guerre Americaine son Origine et ses vraies Causes.

By The Hon. Oliver Mowat, Lately M.P.P. for South Ontario.
Toronto: Printed at the Globe Steam Job Press, 26 and 28 King Street East. 1865. 8vo., 17 pp.

2642. Bill, entitled An Act to legalize or confirm an Agreement made between the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada and the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company.
(Reprinted, as amended by the Railway Committee.)
Mr. Wood.
No. 44, 4th Session, 8th Parliament, 29th Vict., 1865.
Quebec: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co., St. Ursule Street. 4to., 7 pp.
THE HUDSON'S BAY TERRITORIES;

A SERIES OF LETTERS

ON THIS

IMPORTANT QUESTION.

BY

EDWARD ERMATINGER.

TORONTO:
MACLEAR, THOMAS & CO. PRINTERS, KING STREET

1858.
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AND

VANCOUVER'S ISLAND.

A COMPLETE HAND-BOOK,

REPLETE WITH THE LATEST INFORMATION CONCERNING

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WITH A MAP.
PROSPECTUS

of

The North-West Transportation,

NAVIGATION,

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHIEF OFFICE: TORONTO, CANADA.

TORONTO:
PRINTED AT THE GLOBE BOOK AND JOB OFFICE.
1858.
BRITISH COLUMBIA;
ITS
Condition and Prospects,
SOIL, CLIMATE,
AND
MINERAL RESOURCES,
CONSIDERED.

BY HENRY DEGROOT.

SAN FRANCISCO:
Printed at the Alta California Job Office, 124 Sacramento street, up stairs,
1859.
TWO LETTERS

TO

THE LORD BISHOP OF TORONTO.

IN REPLY TO CHARGES

BROUGHT BY

THE LORD BISHOP OF HURON

AGAINST THE THEOLOGICAL TEACHING

OF

TRINITY COLLEGE, TORONTO.

BY

GEORGE WHITAKER, M.A.,

PROVOST OF TRINITY COLLEGE.

TO WHICH IS PREFIXED

THE LETTER OF THE BISHOP OF HURON

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

OF THE SYNOD OF HIS DIOCESE.

TORONTO:

ROWSELL & ELLIS, Printers.

1860.
CARIBOO,
THE NEWLY DISCOVERED
GOLD FIELDS
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
FULLY DESCRIBED
BY A RETURNED DIGGER,
WHO HAS MADE HIS OWN FORTUNE THERE, AND ADVISES OTHERS TO GO AND DO LIKEWISE.

"Men at these diggings get from three to ten ounces per day."—See Times, February 14th, 1862.

NINTH EDITION.

LONDON:
DARTON & HODGE, HOLBORN HILL.
1862.
2643. Acts Concerning the Naturalization of Aliens, and Emigration and Quarantine.
For the information of Emigrants and other persons.
1865. 8vo., 25 pp.

2644. Copper Mining in Canada East.
By Herbert Williams, M.E., Manager of the Harvey Hill Copper Mines.
Read before the Literary and Historical Society, Quebec.

2645. Contributions to the Chemistry of Natural Waters.
By T. Sterry Hunt, LL.D., F.R.S.
Reprinted from Silliman’s American Journal of Science for March, July, and September, 1865.

2646. The Animals of North America.
Series II. Fresh Water Fish.
“I like the society of fish,” &c.—William Scrope.
Dedicated by permission to the Montreal Fish and Game Protection Club.
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Les Classiques chrétiens et les Classiques payens dans l’enseignement.
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Par George Saint-Aimé.
8vo., 51 pp.

2649. Lecture, Delivered by the Hon. Malcolm Cameron to the Young Men’s Mutual Improvement Association, the Lord Bishop of the Diocese in the Chair.
Published by request, and Sold for Benefit of the Association.

2650. Sermons upon the Second Advent of our Lord preached at Trinity Church, St. John, in December, 1864.
By the Rev. I. W. D. Gray, D.D., Honorary Canon of the Cathedral of Christ’s Church, and Rector of the Parish of St. John, N.B.
Published at the request of his Parishioners.

By Alex. McLeod Stavely, Minister of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, St. John, N.B.
Published by Request.

29a—53
2652. A Sermon preached in St. Andrew's Church, Toronto, on the occasion of The Lamented Death of one of The Elders of the Church, the late HON. ARCHIBALD MCLEAN, President of Her Majesty's Court of Error and Appeal for Upper Canada.

By John Barclay, D.D., Minister of St. Andrew’s Church.

Published by request.


2653. A Lecture, on the AIMS AND USEFULNESS OF MECHANICS’ INSTITUTES.

Delivered on the opening of the Orillia Mechanics' Institute, December, 1864, By James Dallas, Esquire, President of the Institute.

Published by request.

Barrie: Printed by D. Crew, at the Advance Office, Dunlop St. 1865. 8vo., 25 pp.

2654. An Essay on_Entozoa._

By Edward Van Cortlandt, Late Consulting Physician to the Ottawa General Hospital, and Consulting Physician to the County of Carleton Protestant Hospital, &c. &c.

Published by Request of the Ottawa Natural History Society.

“Quicquid nascitur notandum est.”

Printed at “The Ottawa Citizen” Steam Printing Establishment. 1865. 8vo., 10 pp.

2655. Biographie et Oraison Funèbre du REV. M. F. LABELLE, et autres Documents relatifs à sa mémoire, ainsi qu'à la visite de PHILIPPE AUBERT DE GASPÉ, Ecr., au Collège L'Assomption suivis d'une Lettre de Mgr. de Montréal et d'un Bref du Souverain Pontife.


2656. Oraison Funèbre du Général de Lamoricière.

Prononcée par Mgr. Dupanloup, Evêque d'Orléans dans la Cathédrale de Nantes le 17 octobre 1865.


2657. Maple Leaves from Canada: for the Grave of ABRAHAM LINCOLN: being a discourse delivered by Rev. Robert Norton, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, and Address by Rev. Robert F. Burns, Pastor of the Canada Presbyterian Church, at St. Catharines, Canada West, April 23rd, 1865, together with Proceedings of Public Meetings, &c.

St. Catharines: Printed at E. S. Leavenworth's Book and Job Office. 1865. 8vo., 38 pp.


With an Appendix and Supplement.


2659. Journal of the Fourth Session of the Synod of the United Church of England and Ireland in the Diocese of Ontario, Held in Picton, on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, the 20th, 21st, and 22nd June, in the year of our Lord 1865.

With an Appendix.

2660. La Question des Classiques en Présence des Rectifications et des Critiques de M. l'Abbé Chandonnet.

Par un “Chrétien.”

“Non enim doctas fabulas secuti, notam fecimus vobis Domini nostri Jesu Christi virtutem et praesentiam.”—(II Pet., C. I. v. 16.)

1865. 8vo., 44 pp.

2661. Catechisme Algonquin avec Syllabaire et Cantiques.


2662. The Expeditions of Capt. John Lovewell, and his encounters with the Indians; including a Particular Account of the Pequauket Battle, with a History of that Tribe; and a reprint of Rev. Thomas Symmes' Sermon.

By Frederic Kidder.

Boston: Bartlett and Halliday, 1865. 4to., vi, 132 pp.

2663. Two Letters respecting the Conduct of Rear Admiral Graves on the Coast of the United States, July to November, 1781.

By William Graves, Esq., of the Inner Temple.

Morrisania, N.Y.: 1865. 4to., 39 pp.

2664. Orderly Book of the Siege of Yorktown, from September 26th, 1781, to November 2nd, 1781.

Now First Printed from the Original MSS.


2666. Memorial of the Governors, Principal, and Fellows of McGill College and University.

Presented to His Excellency the Governor General and to the Legislature, February, 1865.

Montreal: John Lovell, Printer, St. Nicholas Street, 1865. 12mo., 8 pp.

2667. Annual Announcement of the Faculty of Medicine of the McGill University, Montreal for the Thirty-Third Session. 1865-66.


2668. The Great Railway Enterprise, from “Whitehaven” Harbour, on the Eastern Coast of Nova Scotia, to the head of the Bay of Fundy; or a plan to shorten the passage between Europe and America, and also to give a continuous land route through Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and all the United States, with the Canadas also included.


29a—53⅓


"Les progrès de l'Agriculture &c. &c.—Napoleon III, Discours a l'ouverture de l'Assemblée Législative."


2673. The Emigration from Europe during the present century, its causes and effects. Translated from Norwegian Statistics and reports, and from extracts of "Historie de L'Eosphigation Européenne, Asiatique et Africaine, au XIX Siècle." By A. Jorgensen. Quebec: Printed by C. Darveau, No. 8 Mountain Hill. 1865. 12mo., 23 pp.


SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

2677. The Insolvent Act of 1864 and the proposed Amendment Bill. 
Translated from the French with additions and explanatory notes. Together 
with the rules of practice and Tariff of Fees for Lower and Upper Canada. 
By Desiré Girouard, B.C.L. 

Printed by G. E. Desbarats. 4to., 5 pp.

12mo., 10 pp.

2680. Report of the Select Committee appointed to inquire into the feasibility of regulating the supply of Water in the RIDEAU CANAL. 
3rd Session, 8th Parliament, 28 Victoria, 1865. 
Ordered, by the Legislative Assembly, to be printed, 14th March, 1865. 
Printed, 6th May, 1865. 
Quebec: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co., St. Ursule Street. 8vo., 11 pp.

2681. Report on the CANADIAN GOLD FIELDS, and the BEST MEANS OF THEIR DEVELOPMENT. 
Printed by Order of the Legislative Assembly. 

2682. The Great Lakes, or Inland Seas of America; embracing a full description of Lakes Superior, Huron, Michigan, Erie, and Ontario; Rivers St. Mary, St. Clair, Detroit, Niagara, and St. Lawrence; Lake Winnipeg, etc.: Together with the COMMERCE OF THE LAKES, and Trips through the Lakes: Giving a description of cities, towns, etc., forming altogether A Complete Guide for the pleasure traveller and emigrant. 
With map and embellishments. 
Compiled by J. Disturnell, author of the "Picturesque Tourist," etc. 
New York: Published by Charles Scribner, No. 124 Grand Street, 1865. 16mo., viii—191 pp.

2683. A Six Weeks' tour in Western Canada. 
By a Lady. (Jane Porter.) 
Montreal: Printed by John Lovell, St. Nicholas Street, 1865. 16mo., 40 pp.

2684. Report to the Chamber of Commerce, Saint John, N.B., of their Delegates to the COMMERCIAL CONVENTION, held in Detroit, Mich., July 1865. 
(Published by order.) 

For private circulation only among the Proprietors. 

2686. The Charter of the ACADIA COAL COMPANY. 
Passed by the Legislature of Nova Scotia, 1865. 
   By Sandford Fleming, Civil Engineer.
   Printed by Order of the Legislative Assembly.
   Quebec: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co., 26, St. Ursule Street. 1865. (With maps.) 8vo., 101 pp.

2688. Seventh Annual Report of the Railway Commissioners of the Province of New Brunswick, for the year 1864.
   Printed by Order of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, for the use of the Hon. The Legislative Council and the House of Assembly.

   By E. R. Burpee, C.E.

2690. Narrow Gauge Railways; A Proposal for Their Adoption as a Means of Extending The Railway System of New Brunswick at a Reduced Cost.
   By J. Edward Boyd, C.E.


2692. How to Make Business Pay; or The Principles of Success in Trade.
   By Thos. S. Milner.

2693. The Ottawa Daily Citizen Almanac, containing much authentic and useful information for the year 1866.
   Issued free as a Supplement to "The Ottawa Citizen," December 15, 1865.

2694. Procès de Barreau, Le Meurtrier, l'Incendiaire et le Voleur.

2695. Un Contemporain F. X. Garneau.
   Par L'Abbe H. R. Casgrain.

2696. Le Chemin de Fer.
   Petite Drame: En Deux Actes.
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2697. Biographie de Camille Urso.
   Par J. O. Turgeon.


1866.

2699. Rules, Orders, and Forms of Proceeding of the Legislative Assembly of Canada.
   Adopted by the House, in the 3rd Session of the 6th Parliament, and revised in subsequent Sessions.
   Ottawa: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co., Sally Street. 1866. 8vo., 100 pp.

2700. The Birds of Canada.
   A Popular Lecture, delivered before the Literary and Historical Society of Quebec, April 25th, 1866. By J. M. LeMoine, Esq., Vice-President.
   Reprinted from the Transactions of the Society.
   Quebec: Printed by Middleton and Dawson, at the Gazette General Printing Establishment. 1866. 8vo., 34 pp.

2701. Journal of the Voyage of the Sloop Mary, from Quebec, Together with an account of her wreck off Montauk Point, L.I., Anno 1701.
   With introduction and notes, by E. B. O'Callaghan.

2702. Conditions of the Deposition of Coal, more especially as illustrated by the coal-formation of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.
   By J. W. Dawson, LL.D., F.R.S., F.G.S., Principal of McGill College Montreal.
   From the Quarterly Journal of the Geological Society for May 1866. 8vo., 75 pp.

2703. Découverte du Tombeau de Champlain.
   Par MM. les abbés Laverdière et Casgrain.
   Québec: C. Darveau, Imprimeur-Editeur, rue La Montagne. 1866. 8vo., 19 pp.

   Par Stanislas Drapeau.

2705. The Organization of the Empire.
   By the Hon. Joseph Howe.
   London: Edward Stanford, 6, Charing Cross, S.W. 1866. 8vo., 33 pp.

2706. The Confederation of British North America.
   By E. C. Bolton & H. H. Webber, Royal Artillery, with Maps.
2707. Confederation considered in relation to the Interests of The Empire.
By The Hon. Joseph Howe.

By P. S. Hamilton.
Halifax, N.S.: Printed by A. Grant, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1866. 8vo., 25 pp.

By Alpheus Todd, Librarian of the Legislative Assembly of Canada.

2710. Act of Incorporation, By-Laws and List of Members, of the Ottawa Natural History Society, Established 1864.
Ottawa: Printed by Hunter, Rose and Co. 1866. 8vo., 16 pp.

2711. A Letter to the Right Honorable The Earl of Carnarvon, Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies.
By Hon. Charles Tupper.
In reply to a pamphlet entitled "Confederation, considered in relation to the Interests of the Empire."
1866. 8vo., 78 pp.

2712. A Letter to the Right Honourable The Earl of Carnarvon, Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies.

2713. Letter from The Hon. Charles Tupper, Provincial Secretary, &c., To the People of Nova Scotia.
1866. 8vo., 8 pp.

(From the Montreal Gazette.)
Montreal: Dawson Brothers. 1866. 8vo., 8 pp.

2715. The Confederation Question, considered From a Prince Edward Island Point of View.
By W. H. Pope.

2716. The Proposed Constitution for British North America.
Magazine article by Goldwin Smith, 1867. 8vo., 11 pp

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2718. Remarks on the Historical Mis-Statements and Fallacies of Mr. Goldwin Smith, (late Regius Professor of Modern History at Oxford University.) in his Lecture “On the Foundation of the American Colonies,” and his Letters “On the Emancipation of the Colonies.”

By a Canadian.
Toronto: Printed at the Leader Steam Press Establishment, 63 King Street East. 1866. 8vo., 16 pp.


By a Nova Scotian. (Judge Marshall.)
London: George Burns, Steam Printer, 86 & 91 Edgware Road W. 1866. 12mo., 16 pp.

2720. Pierre et Amélie.

Par Edouard Duquet.
Des presses Mécanique de C. Darveau.

2721. Coup D’Œil sur l’Homme et sa Chute.

Par Henry Lacroix.


By Henry Lacroix.
New York: H. de Mareil, Printer and Publisher, 51 Liberty Street. 1866. 8vo., 36 pp.

2723. The Twelve Days’ Campaign.

By Frederick Driscoll.
An Impartial Account of the Final Campaign of the Late War.

2724. Sketch of the Canadian Ministry.

By Frederick Driscoll, Author of “The Defence of the Provinces,” etc.
Montreal: 1866. 8vo., 130 pp.

2725. The Fenian Raid on Fort Erie; with an Account of the Battle of Ridgeway, June, 1866.

Toronto: Rollo & Adam. 1866. 8vo., 92 pp.

2726. The Fenian Raid at Fort Erie, June the First and Second, 1866.

With a map of the Niagara Peninsula, showing the route of the troops; and a plan of the Lime Ridge Battle Ground.
Toronto: W. C. Chewett & Co., King Street East. 1866 8vo., 95 pp.


Published by order of His Excellency the Commander in Chief.
Ottawa: Printed by G. E. Desbarats. 1866. 8vo., 46 pp.
2728 and 2729. Speech of the Honourable A. T. Galt, Minister of Finance of Canada, in introducing the Budget.
Ottawa: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co., Sally Street. 1866. 8vo., 43 pp.
(Same in French.)

2730. Le Colonel Dambourgès, Étude Historique Canadienne.
(By the Rev. Abbé Bois.)

By the Hon. Thomas D'Arcy McGee, Minister of Agriculture and Emigration, Canada.

2732. The Same as No. 2731.
With report of a meeting in Montreal on St. Patrick's Day, 1866. 8vo., 45 pp.

2733. The Place British Americans have won in History. A Lecture, Delivered at Aylmer, L.C., on Thursday Evening, 22nd February, 1866.
By Henry J. Morgan, Corresponding Member of the New York Historical Society.
"Lives of great men all remind us, &c."
Ottawa: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co. 1866. 12mo., 22 pp.

"Fœnus hoc fecit et nummus percussus."—Pliny.
By the Honourable Isaac Buchanan, Formerly President of the Council in Canada.
Hamilton: Printed at the "Spectator" Office, Prince's Square, 1866. 8vo., 24 pp.

2735. The Bank Charter Act and The Late Panic. A Paper read before the Economic Section of the National Social Science Association, at Manchester, October 5, 1866. With notes added.
By John Mills.

2736. Reports of Mr. A. Michel and Dr. T. Sterry Hunt, on the Gold Region of Canada, transmitted by Sir W. E. Logan to the Honourable Commissioner of Crown Lands, February 1866.
Ottawa: Printed by Hunter, Rose and Co., Sally Street. 1866. 8vo., 28 pp.

2737. Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. Letter from Mr. Brydges in regard to Trade between Canada and the Lower Provinces.

8vo., 63 pp.
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2739. Report of Mr. Cyrus W. Field to the President and Directors of the New York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Company. (Private.)
   London, March 8th, 1866.

   By J. W. Tate, Esq., Civil Engineer.
   Peterborough: Printed by Robert Romaine. Publisher of the Peterborough Review. 8vo., 26 pp.

   Halifax, N.S.: Printed by A. Grant, Printer to the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty. 1866. 8vo., 34 pp.

2742. The School Book Question: Letters in reply to the Brown-Campbell Crusade against the Educational Department for Upper Canada:
   With copious Notes, further illustrating and confirming what is contained in the letters, and refuting various other misstatements which have appeared in the “Globe” since their publication.
   1. First Letter of Rev. Dr. Ryerson.
   2. Letter of Mr. John Lovell.
   4. Third Letter of Rev. Dr. Ryerson. (Seven additional misstatements corrected.)
   5. Correspondence of Mr. Thomas Nelson. (Brother-in-law to Hon. George Brown.)

2743. Notitia Liturgica: Brief directions for the administration of the sacraments, and the celebration of divine service according to the present use of the Church of England.
   To which is added a Form for the Admission of a Chorister.
   London: J. T. Hayes, Lyall Place, Eaton Square; and 4 Henrietta Street, Covent Garden. 16mo., 45 pp.

   Reprinted with Additions from “The Contemporary Review.”


2746. Correspondence between the Bishop of Nova Scotia and the Reverend Canon Cocshan, M.A., touching the Dismissal of the latter from the pastoral charge of Salem Chapel, Halifax, N.S.
   Halifax, N.S.: Printed by MacNab & Shaffer, 1866. 12mo., 20 pp.

With comments by Henry Landor, Esq., M.D

Hamilton: Printed at the Spectator Steam Press, Prince's Square. 1866. 8vo., 41 pp.


N.B.—Should any Profits arise from the Sale of this Report, they will be devoted to the Mission Fund.

Toronto: Printed by H. Rowsell, King Street East. 1866. 8vo., 22 pp.

2750. Miraculous Agency considered as a Basis of Religious Opinion.

A lecture. By John Mahon, Esq., B.A.


2751. Sporting Intelligence. The Race for the Mitre.

"Woe unto those men by whom offences come."

To the Minority, Lay and Clerical, in the Anglican Synod of Toronto, who have hitherto advocated the elective system in the appointment of Bishops, but whose names even are unknown to him, this little tract is dis-respectfully dedicated by Tintinnabulum.

Toronto: 1866. 12mo., 22 pp.

2752. Synopsis of the Changes in the Law effected by the Civil Code of Lower Canada.

By T. McCord, Advocate, secretary to the Codification Commission.


2753. Law respecting the Bar of Lower Canada with the Bylaws of the General Council and of the Sections of the Districts of Montreal, Quebec, Three Rivers and St. Francis.


2754. *Annuaire de l'Institut Canadien* pour 1866.

Celebration du 22me Anniversaire et Inauguration du Nouvel Edifice de l’Institut Canadien le 17 Decembre 1866.


2755. *A Bill*, entitled An Act to Amend an Act respecting the Volunteer Militia Force. (No. 133.)

Printed by G. S. Desbarats, 1866. 4to., 4 pp.
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29a

2756. Regulations respecting the Volunteer Militia.
Published by Command of His Excellency the Commander in Chief.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of His Excellency the Governor General.
Ottawa: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co., Sally Street. 1866. 8vo., 105+20 pp.

2758. Standing Orders of the Civil Service Rifle Regiment. (As adopted at a meeting of the Officers held at Ottawa on the 26th of October 1866.)
Printed by G. E. Desbarats. 16mo., 16 pp.

2759. Regulations and Orders for the Naval Brigade of Nova Scotia.
Prepared by Major Pitts, N.B.
By command of His Excellency Sir Wm. Fenwick Williams of Kars, K.C.B., Commander in Chief of the Local Forces, &c.

2760. Report of the Commissioners from British North America appointed to inquire into The Trade of The West Indies, Mexico & Brazil.
Laid before both Houses of Parliament by Order of His Excellency the Governor General.

2761. Commercial Relations with British America.
Letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, in answer to A Resolution of the House of Representatives, March 28, 1866, calling for information in regard to commercial relations with British America.
8vo., 36 pp.

Prepared by E. H. Derby, at the request of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States.

2763. Union Pacific Railroad. Report of Thomas C. Durant, Vice-President and General Manager, to the Board of Directors, in relation to the surveys made up to the close of the year 1864.
8vo., 55 pp.

2764 and 2765. Memorandum on Cholera, Adopted at a Medical Conference held in the Bureau of Agriculture, in March, 1866.
Printed by Authority.
Printed for the Bureau of Agriculture and Statistics. 1866. 12mo., 34 pp.
(Same in French.)

2766. The Northern Kingdom.
By a Colonist.
"Caenum non animum mutant qui trans mare currunt."
Dawson Brothers, 23 Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1866(?) 8vo., 13 pp.
2767. Hunter & Pickup’s Panoramic Guide from Niagara Falls to Quebec.
By Wm. S. Hunter, Jr.


2769. The Canada Vine Grower: How Every farmer in Canada may plant a vineyard and make his own wine.
By J. M. de Courtenay.
By the fruit of their corn, their wine and oil they are multiplied—Ps. iv, 8.
Toronto: James Campbell & Son. 1866. 8vo., 58 pp.

2770. Études Philologiques sur quelques Langues Sauvages de l’Amerique, par N. O. Ancien Missionnaire. (le Père Jean André Cuq.)
Je trouve que rien ne sert davantage a juger des connexions des peuples que les langues.
Leibnitz, Lettre au P. Verjus.

2771. Alphabetical Index to the Statutes Passed by the Parliament of Canada since the date of the Consolidated Statutes (1859).
With an Appendix Shewing the Amendments to all the Consolidated Statutes.
By T. P. Butler, B.C.L., Advocate, Montreal.

2772. Analytical Index to the Civil Code of Lower Canada.
Ottawa: Printed by G. E. Desbarats. 1867. 8vo., 100 pp.

London: Printed by George Edward Eyre and William Spottiswood, printers to the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty. For Her Majesty’s Stationery Office 1867. 4to., 6 pp.

2774. Journal kept by Hugh Finlay, Surveyor of the Post Roads on the Continent of North America, during his Survey of the Post Offices between Falmouth and Casco Bay in the Province of Massachusetts, and Savannah in Georgia; begun the 13th Septr. 1773, and ended 26th June 1774.
Brooklyn: Published by Frank H. Norton. 1867. 4to., 94 pp.

2775. The Present and Future of Canada.
By Henry Lacroix.
(The same in French.)
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Halifax, N.S.: Printed by A. Grant, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1867. 8vo., 28 pp.

2777. Excursion to the Holy Land of Thought.

By Henry Lacroix.

2778. Reports of Dr. T. Sterry Hunt and Mr. A. Michel on the Gold Region of the County of Hastings transmitted by Dr. Hunt to the Hon. Commissioner of Crown Lands January 29, 1867.

Montreal. 1867. 8vo., 11 pp.


ESQUISSER GÉOLOGIQUE DU CANADA suivie d'un Catalogue Descriptif de la Collection de Cartes et Coupes Géologiques, Livres Imprimés, Roches, Fossiles et Minéraux économiques envoyé à l'Exposition universelle de 1867.


With Notes, By the Rev. Elias Nason.
Reprinted from the N. E. Hist. and Genealogical Register for January, 1867.

2781. The Invasion of Canada in 1775. including the Journal of Captain Simeon Thayer, describing the Perils and Sufferings of the Army under Colonel Benedict Arnold, in its march through the wilderness to Quebec.

With notes and appendix.
By Edwin Martin Stone.


By George H. Allan, New York.
Albany: Joel Munsell. 1867. 8vo., 32 pp.

2783. Voyage of George Clarke, Esq., to America.

With Introduction and Notes, by E. B. O'Callaghan.


Hon. President, M. Le Duc de Broglie.
President, Mons. Edouard Laboulaye, Member of the French Institute.
London: Published by the Committee of the British and Foreign Anti-Slavery Society, at the Society's Offices, 27 New Broad Street, E.C. 1867.) 8vo., ii+166 pp.
2785. Reponses aux Censeurs de la Conféderation.

2786. The Proposed British North American Confederation: Why it should not be imposed upon the Colonies by Imperial Legislation.

2787. The Proposed B.N.A. Confederation: A Reply to Mr. Penny's Reasons "why it should not be imposed upon the Colonies by Imperial Legislation."
From the Montreal "Daily News."

2788. An Enquiry into the Merits of Confederation, and the Duty of the Hour.
By one of the people.
Published by Z. S. Hall, Bookseller and Stationer, 165 and 167 Hollis Street, Halifax, N.S., 1867. 8vo., 31 pp.

2789. Confederation Considered on its Merits; being an examination into the Principle, Capabilities, and Terms of Union as applicable to Nova Scotia.

2790. A Letter to the Electors of Nova Scotia being a reply to "Confederation considered on its merits."
By an Acadian.

2791. An Act for the Union of Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, together with the Act authorizing a Loan for the Halifax and Quebec Railway.
Published by order of the House of Assembly for Nova Scotia.

2792. Manual or Explanatory Development of the Act for the Union of Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, in one Dominion under the name of Canada, synthetical and analytical: with the text of the Act, etc., and index to the Act and the Treatises.
By John Gooch.
Ottawa, Printed by G. E. Desbarats, 1867. 8vo., vi+123 pp.

2793. Confederation examined in the light of reason and common sense: and The British North America Act shown to be unconstitutional.
By Martin I. Wilkins, Q.C.
Published by Z. S. Hall, Bookseller and Stationer, Hollis Street. Halifax, N.S. 1867. 12mo., 47 pp.

G. E. Fenety, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1867. 8vo., 48 pp.
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2795. Petitions from Nova Scotia Against Confederation.
  4to., 8 pp.

2796. Contre-Poison. La Confédération c'est le salut du Bas-Canada. Il faut Défier des Ennemis de la Confédération.
  Montréal: Typographie d'Eusèbe Senécal, Rue St. Vincent, No. 6, 8 et 10. 1867. 8vo., 72 pp.

2797. A Plea for the Confederation of the Colonies of British North America; Addressed to the People and Parliament of Prince Edward Island.
  By Matthew Richey, D.D.
  He is the sincere and wisest friend of his country who is at all times ready, on a crisis of importance, to give a temperate yet a manly and decided testimony of his opinions.—Gisborne.

2798. La Confederation Couronnement de Dix Années de Mauvais Administration.
  "Malheur au peuple que les fautes de ses ministres ont mis sur le bord de l'abime. Le gaspillage de la richesse publique commence œuvre: la trahison l'achève, si le peuple ne s'éveille à temps."

2799. Europe incapable of American Democracy, an outline tracing of the irreversible course of Constitutional History.
  By the Rt. Hon. C. B. Adderley, M.P.

2800. Proceedings of the Reform Convention, held at Toronto, on the 27th and 28th June, 1867.
  Toronto: Globe Printing Company, 26 & 28 King Street East. 1867. 8vo., 89 pp.

2801. Le Journal de Québec et le Tombeau de Champlain.
  Par Stanislas Drapeau.

2802. Historie de l’Ile d’Orléans.
  Par L. P. Turcotte.
  Quebec Atelier Typographique du "Canadien", 21 rue la Montagne, Basse-Ville. 1867. 16mo., 164 pp.

2803. A Sketch of the Early Settlement and Subsequent Progress of the Town of Peterborough, and of each Township in the County of Peterborough.
  By Thomas W. Poole, M.D.

2804. Letter from His Grace the Archbishop of Halifax, to Henry J. Clarke, Esq., Q.C., on the Claims of T. D'Arcy McGee, Esq., (M.P. for Montreal West,) to the Confidence and Support of the Irish and their descendants in the Dominion of Canada.
  29a—54

By J. W. Lawrence.

2807. Le Chemin de Fer Intercolonial de Quebec à Halifax.


2809. The Intercolonial Railway. A National Military work.
Audi alteram partem.
1867. 12mo., 31 pp.

Note.—The above pamphlet is a review of one attributed to the pen of the Hon. the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, entitled, "The Route of the Intercolonial Railway in a National, Commercial and Economical Point of View."

2810. Mémoire sur la Prétendue Seigneurie de Terre Ferme de Mingan.

3me Lettre.

2812. L'Heritiere d'un Millionaire, Roman Historique, par Charles Marcil.
Prix Pour chaque livraison, 20 cents. Pour l'ouvrage complet, $1.20.
L. A. David, Editeur.
Montreal, 1867. 12mo., 96 pp.

2813. The Kidnappers; A Tragico-Comical Melodrama, in Ten Acts.
By W. H. Kerr, Q.C., Montreal.
Locus:—Splashville the commercial centre of Skitzland. 12mo., 8 pp.

By W. R. M. Burtis.

2815. Giles and Janey; or The Kindly Gentleman: A Canadian Tale.
By Frank Johnson, of Edinburgh University.
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2816. Hand Book to the Parliamentary and Departmental Buildings, Canada, with plans of the Buildings indicating the Several Offices: and the names of the Officials occupying them; together with a Plan of the City, and a Short Sketch of the Valley of the Ottawa and every object of interest in the neighbourhood; also Lists of Members of the Privy Council, Local Governments, Senators, Members of the House of Commons and Local Legislatures, &c., &c., &c.

2817. Protection and Free Trade.
By John MacLean.

2818. The Currency: what it is and what it should be.
By Robert Davis.
Ottawa: Printed by Hunter, Rose & Co. 1867. 8vo., 33 pp.

2819. Souvenir Consacré à la Mémoire Vénérée de Mgr. P. F. Turgeon, Archèvèque de Québec et premier visiteur de l'Université-Laval.
Québec: Atelier Typographique de Léger Brousseau, Imprimeur de l'Archevêché, 7, Rue Buade. 1867. 8vo., 47 pp.


2821. The Mission of the Comforter.
Two Sermons preached in the Cathedral of Christ Church, Fredericton, New Brunswick, on Whitsunday and Trinity Sunday, 1867, By John Bishop of Fredericton.
Published by Request.

2822. Objections and Remonstrances against the dismemberment of the Ancient Parish of Montreal, and the proposed erection of the parishes of St. James and St. Patrick's, made at meetings held in September and November, 1866.

2823. Réplique des Marguilliers de Notre Dame de Montreal. (1867.)
8vo., 45 pp.

Québec: Typographie de C. Darveau, No. 8, rue La Montagne. 1867. 8vo., 74 pp.

Catalogue par ordre alphabétique des élèves du Collège de Ste. Anne depuis sa fondation en 1829 jusqu'à 1867, précédé d'une liste des directeurs et professeurs par ordre chronologique.

2826. Le Seminaire de Nicolet.
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2827. Memorials of the Late Civil Service Rifle Regiment.
By a Private, James C. Patterson. (Who has been permitted to retire, retaining his rank.)

"Forsan et haec olim meminisse juvabit."—Virgil.
"Of all the heart's springs none are purer
"Than the springs of the fountains of mirth."
Ottawa: Published by Jones & Holland, Elgin Street. 1867. 12mo., 23 pp.

2828. Memorials of the Late Civil Service Rifle Corps.
(Written by John B. Simpson.) 16mo., 118 pp.

Compiled by Arthur Harvey, of the Audit Office, Ottawa, Fellow of the Statistical Society (London, Eng.) Honorary Member of the Literary and Historical Society of Quebec, &c. &c.
"When we know . . . . in the United States."—Speech of Hon. A. T. Galt, then Minister of Finance. May 1867.
Printed by G. E. Desbarats, Ottawa. 1867. 8vo., 41 pp.


By Thomas F. Knight, Author of "Nova Scotia and Her Resources" (Prize Essay).
"E mari merces."
Published by Direction of the Provincial Government.
Halifax, N.S.: Printed by A. Grant, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1867. 8vo., vi+113 pp.

By Joseph Outram, Deputy Immigration Agent.
Halifax, N.S.: Printed by A. Grant, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. 1867. 8vo., 34 pp.

De l'Imprimerie de J. Bowes et Fils, Halifax, Nouvelle Ecosse. 16mo. 5 pp.

2834. Mémoire sur la Paroisse, le Village, le Collège et l'Ecole d'Agriculture de Sainte-Anne.
Devant accompagner divers objets envoyés par le Collège de Ste. Anne, à l'Exposition Universelle de Paris, en 1867.

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By a Scotish Minister, Thirty-six years Resident in Canada, From 1831-1867.
Glasgow: Porteous Brothers, 41 West Nile Street. 1867. 8vo., 72 pp.
2836. **Hunter and Chisholm's Panoramic Guide from Niagara Falls to Quebec.**
   By Wm. S. Hunter, Jr.
   Montreal: Published by C. R. Chisholm, Railway and Steamboat News Agent.
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2837. **A Short Treatise on the Milk-Weed, or Silk-Weed, and the Canadian Nettle,** viewed as Industrial Resources.
   By Alexander Kirkwood.
   Read before the Ottawa Natural History Society, 15th February, 1867.
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2838. **Catalogue des Végétaux Ligneux du Canada** pour servir a l'intelligence des collections de Bois Économiques envoyées à l'Exposition Universelle de Paris, 1867.
   Par L'Abbé Ovide Brunet, Professeur à l'Université Laval, Membre de l'Académie des Sciences Naturelles de Philadelphie, de la Société Philosophique de la meme ville, etc. etc.
   Quebec: C. Darveau, Imprimeur-Editeur Rue La Montagne, 1867. 8vo., 64 pp.

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   With Remarks on the Advantages to be Derived by the Counties of Bruce, Grey, Victoria, Ontario, and Parts of other Counties, from Direct Railway Communication with Toronto.
   Also, A Report on the Cordwood Trade on the European and North American Railroads, By the General Superintendent.
   Compiled by G. Laidlaw.
   Toronto: Globe Printing Company, 26 and 28 King Street East. 1867. 8vo., 69 pp.

2841. **Cheap Railways.**
   A letter to the people of Bruce and Grey, showing the Advantages, Practicability and Cost of a Cheap Railway from Toronto through these Counties; With an Appendix addressed to the people of Ontario and Victoria.
   By George Laidlaw.
   Toronto: Globe Printing Company, 26 & 28 King Street East. 1867. 12mo., 34 pp.

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   1867. 8vo., 8 pp.
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A Lecture, Delivered in the Free Trade Hall, Manchester, by request of the Constitutional Association, on Wednesday, April 24, 1867. By John Stuart Blackie, Esq., Professor of Greek in the University of Edinburgh.


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Halifax, N.S.: July, 1867. 8vo., 29 pp.

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B. Detailed Statement of the Revenue and Expenditure of the Dominion of Canada, in Canada, including arrears of 1866-7, for the five months ended 30th November, 1867.

C. Detailed Statement of the Revenue and Expenditure of the Dominion of Canada, in Nova Scotia, including arrears of 1866-7, for the five months ended 30th November, 1867.

D. Detailed Statement of the Revenue and Expenditure of the Dominion of Canada, in New Brunswick, including arrears of 1866-7, for the five months ended 30th November, 1867.

E. Statement of Local Revenue and Expenditure of the Province of Ontario, as received and paid out by the Dominion of Canada, for the five months ended 30th November, 1867.

F. Statement of Local Revenue and Expenditure of the Province of Quebec, as received and paid out by the Dominion of Canada, for the five months ended 30th November, 1867.

And a Statement of the Receipts and Payments of the late Province of Canada, for the year ending 30th June, 1867.

Ottawa: Printed by Hunter, Rose and Company. 1867. 8vo., 142 pp.

2847. **The Future Commercial Policy of British North America,** being an essay read before the Literary and Historical Society of Quebec, on Wednesday evening, March 20, 1867.

By Thomas Hunter Grant, Esq., Secretary of the Quebec Board of Trade.

Quebec: Printed by Middleton & Dawson at the Gazette General Printing Establishment. 1867. 8vo., 16 pp.
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   Ottawa: Printed by Hunter, Rose and Company. 1867. 8vo., 49 pp.

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   Montreal, 1867. 8vo., 86 pp.

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   New York: Charles Scribner & Co., 654 Broadway. 1867. 12mo., 92 pp

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London: printed and published by J. Gold, Shoe-Lane, Fleet Street, and to be had of J. Asperne 32, Cornhill; J. Hatchard, Piccadilly; and Reynolds and sons, No. 137, Oxford Street; and of all Booksellers and Newsmen in Town and Country. 1809. Price Sixpence. 12mo., 32 pp.


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       Glasgow: Printed by James Hedderwick & Son, Printers to Her Majesty. 1847. 8vo., 7 pp.

       Traduit de l’Anglais par le Dr P. M. Bardy, Secrétaire de l’école de Médecine de Québec et Professeur de Jurisprudence Medicale et de Botanique.

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Laid before the House of Assembly by command of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, and ordered to be printed 4th March, 1850.
Fredericton: J. Simpson, Printer to the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty. 1850. 8vo., 27 pp.

By J. Wilkinson, Esquire.
Laid before the House of Assembly by command of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, and ordered to be printed 4th March, 1850.
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Toronto: Brown's Printing Establishment, King Street East. 1853. 8vo., 7 pp.

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Published by the Harbour Commissioners, with the sanction of the Government. February, 1853.

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Toronto: Mclear, Thomas & Co., Printers, 16, King Street East. 1855. 8vo., 14 pp.

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Printed at Office of the Ottawa Citizen. 8vo., 43 pp.

2922. Ho: For the West! The Traveller and Emigrants' Hand-Book to Canada and the North-West of the American Union: Comprising the States of Illinois, Wisconsin, and Iowa, and the Territories of Minnesota, and Kansas: with a description of their Climate, Resources, and Products; and much other useful information compiled from the latest authentic sources, and designed particularly for the use of Travellers, Emigrants, and others. To which is added, a list of Railway Stations, Routes, and Distances, Stage Coaches in connection with the Railways, &c. Third Edition.
London: Algar & Street, 11, Clement's Lane, City; Tweedie, Strand; Kent & Co., Paternoster Row. 1858. Price—Six-Pence; Post Free Seven-Pence. 12mo., 32 pp.
2923. **Prospectus** North West Railway. With Tables of Required Assessment.
   Guelph: Printed at the “Herald” Office, Wyndham Street, 1858. 8vo., 8 pp.

2924. **Projected North-West Railway.** Letter from Sandford Fleming, to the Wardens of Wellington and Bruce. December 26th, 1857.
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   Halifax, N.S., printed by Macnab & Schaffer, 1864. 12mo. 11 pp.

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