



Gov. Poc Can P SESSIONAL PAPERS

VOLUME 7

# THIRD SESSION OF THE NINTH PARLIAMENT

OF THE

## DOMINION OF CANADA

SESSION 1903





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OF THE

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#### CONTENTS OF VOLUME 1.

(This volume is bound in two parts.)

### CONTENTS OF VOLUME 2.

- 3. Estimates of the sums required for the services of Canada, for the year ended 30th June, 1904. Presented 16th March, 1903, by Hon. W. S. Fielding. Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

- 6. List of Shareholders in the Chartered Banks of Canada, as on 31st December, 1902. Presented 20th April, 1903, by Hon. W. S. Fielding.
  Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

## CONTENTS OF VOLUME 3.

- Report of the Superintendent of Insurance, for the year ended 31st December, 1903. Presented 21st August, 1903, by Hon. W. S. Fielding.. . . . . Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.
- Abstract of Statements of Insurance Companies in Canada, for the year ended 31st December, 1902.
   Presented 6th April, 1903, by Hon. W. S. Fielding.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

### CONTENTS OF VOLUME 4.

10. Report of the Department of Trade and Commerce, for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1902. Presented 16th March, 1903, by Sir Richard Cartwright.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

## CONTENTS OF VOLUME 5.

## CONTENTS OF VOLUME 6.

- 13. Inspection of Weights, Measures, Gas and Electric Light, for the fiscal year ended 30th June. 1992. Presented 13th March, 1993, by Hon. M. E. Bernier.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

- 16. Report of the Director and Officers of the Experimental Farms, for the year 1902. Presented 28th April, 1903, by Hon. W. S. Fielding..... Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

## CONTENTS OF VOLUME 7.

- 18. Report on Canadian Archives, 1902. Presented 25th June, 1903, by Hon. S. A. Fisher.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

## CONTENTS OF VOLUME 8.

- 20. Annual Report of the Department of Rallways and Canals, for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1902, Presented 16th June, 1903, by Hon. A. G. Blair. . Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.
- Report of the Department of Marine and Fisheries (Marine), for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1902. Presented 19th March, 1903, by Hon. J. R. Préfontaine.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

21a. Fourth Annual Report of the Geographic Board of Canada, 1902.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

## CONTENTS OF VOLUME 9.

- Report of the Department of Marine and Fisheries (Fisheries), for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1902. Presented 13th March, 1903, by Hon. J. R. Préfontaine.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

23. Report of the Harbour Commissioners, etc., 1902.... Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

#### CONTENTS OF VOLUME 10.

- 25. Annual Report of the Department of the Interior, for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1902. Presented 13th March, 1903, by Hon. C. Sifton......Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.
- 25a. Irrigation in the North-West Territories of Canada. Issued by the Department of the Interior.

  Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

## CONTENTS OF VOLUME 11.

- 27. Annual Report of the Department of Indian Affairs, for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1902. Presented 13th March, 1903, by Hon. C. Sifton.......Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

#### CONTENTS OF VOLUME 12.

- 28. Report of the North-West Mounted Police, 1902. Presented 16th March, 1903, by Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

  \*Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

- 29c. Statement by the Auditor General, on the Report of the Commission to inquire into the Martineau defalcation. Presented 4th August, 1903, by Hon. W. S. Fielding.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

29d. Correspondence with the Auditor General re Treasury Board regulations arising from the Martineau defalcations. Presented 25th September, 1903, by Hon. W. S. Fielding.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

30. Civil Service List of Canada, 1902. Presented 18th March, 1903, by Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

- 31. Report of the Board of Civil Service Examiners, for the year ended 31st December, 1902. Presented 25th March, 1903, by Hon. W. S. Fielding...... Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.
- 32. Annual Report of the Department of Public Printing and Stationery, for the year ended 30th June, 1902. Presented 8th April, 1903, by Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

#### CONTENTS OF VOLUME 13.

- 34. Report of the Minister of Justice as to Penitentiaries of Canada, for the year ended 30th June, 1902, Presented 13th March, 1903, by Hon. C. Fitzpatrick.
  - Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.
- 35. Report of the Department of Militia and Defence of Canada, for the year ended 31st December, 1902. Presented 23rd March, 1903, by Sir Frederick Borden.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

35a. Further Supplementary Report of the Department of Militia and Defence:—Organization, equipment, despatch and service of the Canadian Contingents during the war in South Africa, 1899-1902.
Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

- 36a. Report of the Royal Commission on Industrial Disputes in the province of British Columbia Presented 24th August, 1903, by Sir William Mulock.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

- 37. Statement of Governor General's Warrants issued since the last session of parliament, on account of the fiscal year 1902-1903. Presented 13th March, 1903, by Hon. W. S. Fielding......Not printed.
- 38. Statement in pursuance of section 17 of the Civil Service Insurance Act, for the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1302. Presented 16th March, 1903, by Hon. W. S. Fielding..................Not printed.
- 39. Statement of all superannuations and retiring allowances in the civil service during the year ended 31st December, 1902, showing name, rank, salary, service, allowance and cause of retirement of each person superannuated or retired, also whether vacancy filled by promotion or by new appointment, and salary of any new appointee. Presented 16th March, 1903, by Hon. W. S. Fielding.

Not printed .

- 40. Statement of receipts and expenditures of the Ottawa Improvement Commission, for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1902. Presented 16th March, 1903, by Hon. W. S. Fielding.......Not printed.

- 43. Statement of the affairs of the British Canadian Loan and Investment Company, as on the 31st December, 1902. Presented 17th March, 1903, by the Hon. The Speaker......................... Not printed.
- 44. Ordinances of the Yukon for 1902. Presented 18th March, 1903, by Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Not printed.

45. Return of orders in council which have been published in the Canada Gazette between 1st January and 31st December, 1902, in accordance with the provisions of section 52 of the North-west Irrigation Act, chapter 35 of 61 Victoria. Presented 20th March, 1903, by Sir William Mulock.

Not printea.

- 50. Return to an address of the House of Commons, dated 16th March, 1903, for copies of all correspondence exchanged since last session between the Canadian government and the British authorities on the subject of the embargo on Canadian cattle. Presented 27th March, 1903.—Mr. Monet.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

- 56. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 23rd March, 1903, for a statement giving:—1. The names of all immigration agents employed by the government in foreign countries. 2. The names of the countries wherein each of such agents does his work. 3. The place of residence of each one of such agents. 4. The salary paid to each one of them. 5. The travelling expenses paid to each one of them. 6. The office expenses and other expenses made or incurred by each one of such agents during the last year of his employment. Presented 8th April, 1903.—Mr. Bourassa.

Not printed

- 61. Detailed statement of all bonds and securities registered in the department of the secretary of state of Canada, since last return, 19th February, 1902, submitted to the parliament of Canada under section 23, chapter 19 of the Revised Statutes of Canada. Presented 15th April, 1903, by Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Not printed.
- 63. Return to an address of the House of Commons, dated 23rd March, 1903, for copies of all correspondence, orders in council, or applications, relating to or concerning the grant or concession to A. N. C. Treadgold, or to the Hydraulic Mining Syndicate, either separately or associated with A. N. C. Treadgold, of claims, rights or privileges, on Bonanza, Bear, and Hunker Creeks, or their tributaries, or elsewhere in the Yukon. Presented 16th April, 1903.—Mr. Bell.

  Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

- 66. Return to an address of the Senate, dated 19th March, 1903, for copies of all orders in council disallowing acts passed by the different legislatures from the date of the last return made to parliament, together with copies of the reports to council of ministers of justice giving the reasons for such disallowance. Presented (Senate) 17th April, 1903.—Hon. Sir Mackenzie Bowell...... Not printed.

- 73. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 30th March, 1903, for a statement showing: 1. The total amount paid to date by the government to the Grand Trunk Railway Company, for a lease of line from Ste. Rosalie to Montreal. 2. Total amount paid to date by the same to the same, for crossing facilities over the Victoria bridge. 3. Total amount paid from the same to the same, as the government's share of improved terminal facilities at Bonaventure depot. Presented 28th April, 1903.—Mr. Monk.
  Not printed.
- 74. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 9th April, 1902, showing: 1. The number of cattle, sheep and horses killed by engines on all Canadian railways during each year since 1890; (a.) at points of intersection of highways; (b.) elsewhere on the lines. 2. How many engines and cars, if any, were derailed or disabled on all Canadian railways during each year since 1890, owing to their striking cattle, sheep and horses; (a.) at points of intersection of highways; (b.) elsewhere on the lines. 3. How many railway employees and passengers, if any, were killed or injured on all Canadian railways during each year since 1890, on account of engines striking cattle, sheep and horses; (a.) at points of intersection of highways; (b.) elsewhere on the lines. 4. What is the total estimated value of the cattle, sheep and horses killed on all Canadian railways, during each year since 1890; owing to their being struck by engines. 5. What is the total estimated damage to rolling stock and other railway property on all Canadian railways during each year since 1890, caused by collisions with cattle, sheep and horses. 6. How many trains have been derailed or partly derailed on all Canadian railways during each year since 1890, owing to the action of frost on the road-bed at points where the old pit cattle-guards were in existence. Presented 28th April, 1903.—Mr. Erb.

- 76. Return to an address of the House of Commons, dated 6th April, 1903, of all papers, documents and correspondence between the department of railways and canals, the department of justice, the treasury board and the auditor general, or between any of them, relating to the promotion of Mr. F. A. Dixon to the rank of chief clerk, at a salary of \$1,800 a year; to take effect from July 1, 1902, and the payment of said salary; and including amongst other papers the report of the deputy head of the department of railways and canals, as provided for by subsection (A) of section 15 of the Civil Service Act; the minute or memorandum of concurrence of the minister of railways in said report; and a copy of the order in council creating such chief clerkship; pursuant to section 15 of said Act, and of the order in council in this matter of May 20th, 1902; and including all papers, documents, letters and proceedings in this matter, referred to on pages A—49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54 and 55 of the Auditor General's Report for the year ending June, 1902. Presented 28th April, 1903.—Mr. Lennox. Not printed.
- 77. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 6th April, 1903, for copies of all telegrams, reports, letters, photographs, and correspondence, of every description, between the department of agriculture, and any person, or persons, whatsoever, relevant to the outbreak of hog cholera in the township of Yarmouth, Ontario. Presented 28th April, 1903.—Mr. Ingram............. Not printed.
- 78a. Supplementary return to No. 78. Presented 7th May, 1903.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

- 80. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 2nd April, 1903, showing all correspondence between the inland revenue department and manufacturers of automatic grain-weighers, used on threshing machines, in Manitoba and the North-west Territories. Between the inland revenue department and inventors of automatic grain-weighers for threshing machines. Between the inland revenue department and thresher men using automatic grain-weighers, in Manitoba and the North-west Territories. Also a copy of report of chief inspector and scale architect re the Standard Grain-weigher, manufactured by the Globe Manufacturing Company of Winnipeg. Presented 30th April, 1903.—Mr. Stewart.
  Not printed.
- 81. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 15th April, 1903, for copies of lease made between the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs and S. G. Holbrook and Adam S. Benn for the south half of lot number twelve, concession two, township of Tuscarora, county of Brant, also of lease made by said superintendent general to one Gibson for south half of lot number five, in said township, for better identification, both said half lots belonging to or for the benefit of Indian locatee, Robert S. Sawyer; also of lease or agreement for or in reference to one of said half lots made (previous to said leases to Holbrook and Benn and Gibson) by said superintendent general, or the late Indian agent, Captain Hugh Stewart, to or with one R. Brant; also of all indorsements made on the said leases, or any of them; also of all other agruements or writings made by or between said superintendent general, or Indian agent Daniel J. Lynch, and said Holbrook and Benn in reference to the said lease to them; also of all receipts or acknowledgments made to the department having charge of Indian affairs, or the said Lynch, of or for rent or other payments made by the said Holbrook and Benn, or either of them, under or in connection with the said lease to them, or having reference to or in connection with the lands mentioned therein; also of all letters or correspondence

- 84. Partial return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 16th March, 1903, for copy of the full and each partial report of Half-breed Commissioners for each of their sittings since the first of January, 1900. Also a list of all applications made for scrip, names and residence of applicants whose applications have been received; and class of serip issued in each case. Also list of all applications made for scrip, names and residence of applicants whose applications were not accepted; and the reason or reasons for refusing the same. Presented 7th May, 1903.—Mr. LaRivière ... Not printed.
- 84a. Supplementary return to No. 84. Presented 29th June, 1903.
- 85. Return to an address of the House of Commons, dated 25th March, 1903, for copies of all correspondence received by the government, and of all answers made thereto, concerning the South Fastern Valley Railway, and the United Counties Railway. Also copies of all reports that may have been made regarding the actual condition of such railways. Presented 12th May, 1903.—Mr. Turte.

Not printed.

- 87. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 4th May, 1903, showing the rates over the Intercolonial Railway for live stock, coal, lumber, and for freight under classes 1—10, between Stellarton and West River; and between Stellarton and Antigonish, and between Stellarton and Pictou Landing, at present in force. Also showing rates for same classes between same points in 1897. Presented 12th May, 1903.—Mr. Bell.

- 90. Return to an address of the House of Commons, dated 16th March, 1903, for copies of all papers, documents, letters, correspondence, etc., in relation to the proceedings for the extradition of one John Francis Gaynor, and one Benjamin D. Greene. Presented 13th May, 1903.—Mr. Casgrain.

  Not printed.
- 92. Return to an address of the House of Commons, dated 30th March, 1903, for copies of all correspondence, orders in council, and other papers, in connection with the prosecution by the custom department, for the scuttling of the schooner Euxine, of Margaree Island, while reported on a smuggling expedition, from St. Pierre, Miquelon. Presented 26th May, 1903.—Mr. McLennan...Not printed.
- 94. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 25th February, 1901, of the following data, correspondence, letters and reports, between General Hutton and Lieutenant-Colonel Sam. Hughes; or concerning the action of the latter in volunteering men for service of the British Empire in connection with the South African struggle. 1. Address, official, Major General Hutton to the District Officers Commanding and Commanding Officers of Regiments, at his first inspection, 1898. 2. Letter, Major General Hutton to Lieutenant-Colonel S. Hughes asking for criticism of and suggestion re same. 3. Official reply of Lieutenant-Colonel S Hughes. 4. Letters, Lieutenant-Colonel Hughes to General Hutton, by request, re:-(a.) Canadians in wars of 1812, 1837, 1866, 1870 and 1885, and offering to raise a corps for Imperial service. (b.) Copies of former applications to Imperial and Canadian authorities for Colonial assistance in Imperial wars, and renewed offer of service. (c.) Plans for Colonial Brigade in Imperial wars; and renewal of offer to raise a corps. 5. Requests, General Hutton to Colonel Hughes, to state his qualifications and record as soldier, and to show why a Permanent Corps officer should not be preferred. 6. Circular letter, General Hutton to Honourable Colonel Gibson and Council of the Dominion of Canada Rifle Association. 7. Reply of Honourable Colonel Gibson to General Hutton. 8. Reply of Council of D.R.A. 9. The plan originally proposed by General Hutton of Annual Camps, making 3 and 4 Military Districts drill in September, while 1, 2, 5 and 6 should drill in June, annually. 10. Report or communication of General Hutton to the Canadian press just prior to the opening of the Session of Parliament, 1899, that no Member of Parliament would be allowed to speak on military questions in the House of Commons, if he were also a militia officer, without permission of General Hutton. 11. Reports, or data, on same subject to the Minister of Militia and Defence. 12. The proposals of General Hutton to amend the law, or regulations and orders, so as to prevent militia officers retaining commission if or while a Member of Parliament. 13. Report by request, Colonel Hughes to General Hutton rc staff ride. 14. The authority under the law which makes the application of Colonel Hughes, 24th July, 1899, to Honourable Dr. Borden, Minister of Militia, an irregularity and breach of military discipline, vide General Hutton to Minister of Militia, 31st July, 1899. 15. Application, Colonel Hughes to General Hutton (through D.O.C.), to raise a corps for Imperial service in the Transvaal, July 24th, 1899. 16. Reports to General Hutton of two militia officers of the city of Toronto and others, stating that few, if any, men or officers could be obtained in Canada for such a service. 17 (a.) Application, Col. Hughes to Honourable Dr. Borden, Minister of Militia, July 24, to raise a corps for service in the Transvaal. (b.) Reply of the Minister of Militia thereto. (e.) Report and papers connected with the application before the Privy Council of Canada. (d.) General Hutton's reprimand to Colonel Hughes for applying to the Minister of Militia. (c.) General Hutton's letter, July 31st, 1899, to Minister of Militia re same. (f.) The authority upon which Colonel Foster, C.S.O., based the statement in his letter of September 19th, 1899, to Colonel Hughes, "after which you withdrew it." 18 (a.) Application of Colonel Hughes to Right Honourable Joseph Chamberlain to raise a corps in Canada for service in

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Letter, Colonel Hughes to General Hutton, August 28th 1899, in reply to above and to the words of General Hutton: "You" Canadians "might as well try to fly to the moon as to take the field alongside British regulars, short of three years' training, and not then unless ted by Imperial officers." 22. Letter, Colonel Hughes withdrawing controversial matter on his receiving notification of his appointment to the Transvaal force. 23. Letter, Colonel Hughes to General Hutton, October 23rd, 1899, in friendly parting. 24. Letter, Colonel Hughes to the Right Honourable Sir Wilfrid Laurier, on General Hutton's declining to accept proffered friendliness—demanding that general's recall, October 27th or 28th, 1899. 25. Report of the speech delivered by General Hutton to the officers of the Canadian Contingent in the Chateau Frontenac, Sunday, 29th October, 1999, against Colonel Hughes. 26. Letters of General Hutton to South African British Generals, against Colonel Hughes. 27, Copies of the reports furnished to the press of Canada, Great Britain, the United States and South Africa, against Colonel Hughes by General Hutton's agency, during November and December, 1899 and January and February, 1900. 28. The legal authority for General Hutton to write officially to South African Generals, without the sanction of the Minister of Militia, against Colonel Hughes. 29. Letter of Colonel Hughes from Upington in Gordonia, South Africa, about 30th March, 1900, to Honourable Dr. Borden, Minister of Militia, Canada, correcting errors, omissions, and misstatements ir General Hutton's brief as submitted to Parliament last session. 30. The authority under the law permitting General Hutton and Colonel Foster to use personal, unofficial, confidential and private correspondence in official returns. 31. The authority under the law permitting the G.O.C., General Hutton, to receive official correspondence from His Excellency the Governor General, through the Military Secretary. 32. A copy of the "notification to Lieutenant-Colonel Hughes that they, private letters, would be so submitted" by General Hutton, referred to in the letter of

Lieutenant-Colonel Pinault, March 16th, 1900. 33. The authority under the law forbidding a Canadian who chances to be a militia officer, not of the Permanent Corps, from volunteering to Great Britain to serve in South Africa. 34. The authority under the law authorizing General Hutton, as G. O. C., to reprimand a Canadian militia officer, not on duty, from volunteering to the Minister of Militia of Canada, to raise a corps for the service of Great Britain. 35. The legal authority for General Hutton, through Colonel Foster, vide letter of September 19th to Colonel Hughes, to use the language: -- "but as officer commanding a Battalion it would, I am sure, be quite impossible for any general to overlook the character of your letter (September 2nd), which from a military point of view, could only be considered as inconsistent with discipline." 36 The legal authority of Major General Hutton for stating (October 9, 1899), "No officer has the right to dispute the authority of the Major General Commanding as his superior officer, or to question his action; still less that of the Governor General, the representative of Her Majesty in Canada." 37. Reports or recommendations of General Hutton producing changes in the command of the R.C.R.1. in 1899. 38. Report of Colonel Herkimer showing that General Hutton declined to treat as official or public, a telegram and a letter written in his capacity as Major General to Colonel Herkimer, the General claiming he had the right to regard them not as official, but private, and that they were not binding on him. 39. The "authority" referred to in the letter of Colonel Hughes to General Hutton (vide D.O.C.,) September 2, 1900, in paragraphs (a.) to (g.) 40. The following letters and data: (a.) General Hutton to Minister of Militia, October, 26, 1899. (b.) Colonel Hughes to General Hutton, October 27, 1899. (c.) General Hutton (C.S.O.) to Colonel Hughes, October, 28, 1899. (d.) General Hutton (C.S.O.) to Colonel Otter re Lieutenant-Colonel Hughes going to South Africa, &c., October, 1899, and October, 29, 1899, and October 30, 1899. (e.) General Hutton to the Deputy Minister of Militia, November, 14, 1899. (f.) Telegram January 31, 1900, C.S.O., to Colonel Sam. Hughes, Cape Town, re Strathcona Horse. (g.) General Hutton to Minister of Militia, February 

- 95. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 18th May, 1903, for copies of all papers, letters, telegrams or other documents, relating to the purchase of land for a drill shed in the town of Woodstock, N.B. And also copies of all papers, letters, telegrams or other documents, relating to the construction of a drill shed on said land. Presented 28th May, 1903.—Mr. Sproule....Not printed.
- 96. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 29th May, 1903, for a copy of the Report of the Commissioners appointed to investigate an accident upon the Intercolonial Railway, near Windsor Junction, at 23 o'clock on 11th April, 1903. Presented 29th May, 1903.—Mr. Clarke....Not printed.
- 97. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 18th May, 1903, for a statement setting forth:
  1. The quantity of refined sugar imported into Canada from 1st January to 31st December, 1902.
  2. The quantity of raw sugar imported during the same period, and giving the name of the country whence such sugar was imported. Presented 1st June, 1903.—Mr. Marcil (Bonaventure).

Not printed.

98. Correspondence rc winter steamers. Presented (Senate) 1st June, 1903, by Hon. R. W. Scott.

Not printed.

- 102. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 1st June, 1903, for statement showing: 1. The value of fruit shipped to Europe in cold storage in each of the calendar years 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902. 2. The value of fruit shipped in cooled chambers to Europe in seasons 1901 and 1902, respectively. 3. In what further steamers were cooling plants placed in the season of 1902, if any. 4. In what further steamers were mechanical ventilating plants placed in the season of 1902, if any. 5. How much money has the government advanced to date, as bonus or subsidy to steamship companies, to induce them to put in ventilating apparatus, to enable them to carry in better condition perishable cargo, since 1896. 6. How much to induce them to put in cold storage plants, since 1896. 8. Tracings of temperatures, as recorded by thermographs placed on ocean steamers by officers of the government, (a) in cold storage chambers; (b) in cooled chambers; (c) in ventilated chambers, if any; (d) in other parts of steamers, if any, naming location. Presented 9th June, 1903.—Mr. Smith (Wentworth)...........Not printed.
- 102a. Return to an address of the Senate, dated 26th and 28th August, 1903, for papers relating to the ventilation of space in steamships used for storage during transportation of perishable products, such as apples and cheese—in so far as the department of agriculture is concerned. Presented (Senate) 24th September, 1903.—Hon. Mr. Ferguson.
  Not printed.

- 107. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 23rd March, 1903, for copies of all correspondence, letters, documents, specifications, plans concerning the deepening of the River Jésus, from the end of the isle to the end of the Pacific Bridge, on the said river, so as to allow the passage of vessels drawing five feet of water. Presented 11th June, 1903.—Mr. Desjardins......Not printed.

- 111. Return to an address, dated 1st June, 1903, for a statement showing, year by year, the quantity and value of pulp wood exported from the port of Three Rivers, from 1896 up to date; such statement to show the name of each exporter, as well as the quantity and value of the wood exported by each one, also year by year; and in the case of exporters not having declared the quantities to the customs officer, the statement to show the value by the cord upon which the total value has been based, as declared by the exporters. Presented (Senate) 15th June, 1903.—Hon. Mr. Landry....Not printed.
- 112. Return to an address, dated 1st May, 1903, for a copy of all documents whatsoever relating to the commutation of the sentence of death pronounced against Joseph A. Mathurin, including therein the report of the judge who presided at the trial, the permission of the judge for the production of such report having been previously obtained. Presented (Senate) 15th June, 1903.—Hon. Mr. Landry.

  Not printed.

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- 113. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 19th June, 1903, for copies of certain estimates in connection with the Canadian Northern Railway, as follows:
  1. Approximate estimate of cost of line from Grandview to Edmonton-62 miles.
  2. Approximate estimate of cost of construction from 100 miles east of Prince Albert to Prince Albert.
  Presented 19th June, 1903.—Hon. A. G. Blair.
  - Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

- 116. Return to an address of the House of Commons, dated 11th May, 1903, for copies of all orders in council, memorials, letters, telegrams, and other correspondence, and all other documents and communications in writing, between the 1st day of January, 1897, and the 1st day of May, 1903, relating to, or concerning, or in any way having reference to the granting of provincial autonomy to the North-west Territories; or the creation of the said territories into a province, or provinces. Presented 26th June, 1903.—Mr. Borden (Halifax)...Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.
- 116a. Supplementary return to No. 116. Presented 24th July, 1903.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

116b. Further supplementary return to No. 116. Presented 13th October, 1903.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

- 117. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 30th March, 1903, of all sales of school lands in Manitoba and the North-west Territories since 1896, showing: 1. Date of sale. 2. Place where the sale occurred. 3. Name of auctioneer. 4. Total amount of purchase money. 5. Total amount paid at time of sale. 6. Total amount paid since time of sale. 7. Total amount still due for principal and interest, respectively. 8. Total amount of sale by each auctioneer. 9. Total amount paid to each auctioneer for his services. Presented 29th June, 1903.—Mr. Roche (Marquette)...Not printed.
- - 20. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 30th March, 1903, for copies of all papers, letters, telegrams, contracts, specifications, and correspondence of every description whatever, between the minister of public works, or any other member of the government, and the contractors,

- 122a. Return to an address of the House of Commons, dated 18th May, 1903, for copies of all letters addressed to the government by Rudolph Arbour, Phineas Viger, Vital Racette, Joseph Ed. Duhamel, Charlemagne Laurier, M.P., and all answers thereto, in respect to a new post office for the town of L'Assomption, in regard to the contract for the acquisition of a post office site. Also a copy of the contract of sale; copies of tenders for building said post office, and of all reports sent in by the architect, in reference to said site and new building. Presented 2nd July, 1903.—Mr. Monk. Not printed.

- 127. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 1st June, 1903, for copies of all papers and documents connected with the enumeration of the parish of Kars, King's County, N.B., in the Census of 1901; including copies of all correspondence between the Rev. Joseph McLeod, D.D., and Census Commissioner Blue, in relation thereto. Presented 13th July, 1903.—Mr. Lancaster.

  Not printed.

- 131. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 22nd July, 1903, for a copy of the Report of the British Columbia Salmon Commission. Presented 22nd July, 1903.—Hon. J. R. Préfontaine.

- 132. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 24th July, 1903, covering map showing: 1. Odd sections finally reserved for the Qu'Appelle, Long Lake and Saskatchewan Railway and Steamboat Company for selection of its land grant. 2. Original tract reserved for same purpose, and also map showing: 3. Area available throughout the whole North-west Territories out of which the company was authorized to select its land grant, as per letter of 25th January, 1900, of the minister of the interior, with copy of such letter. Presented 24th July, 1903.—Mr. Sifton............Not printed.

- 135. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 11th May, 1903, for copies of all reports, correspondence, petitions and papers that are to be found in the department of marine and fisheries, or in any other department, concerning the construction and placing of fish-ladders in the Rivière du Nord, crossing the county of Two Mountains, from its confluence with the Ottawa River, at St. André, in the county of Argenteuil, to St. Jerome, in the county of Terrebonne, for the purpose of preventing the destruction of fish in the Rivière du Nord. Presented 24th July, 1903.—Mr. Ethier. Not printed.
- 137. Return to an address of the Senate, dated 15th July, 1903, showing the amount of customs and excise duties collected at the several ports of entry in the North-west Territories for the year ending the 30th June last. Presented (Senate) 31st July, 1903.—Hon. Mr. Perley............Not printed.
- 139. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 5th August, 1903, containing the following maps: 1. Short Line Survey, Rivière Ouelle and Edmunston. 2. Short Line Railway, from height of land to Long Lake. Presented 5th August, 1903.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier.............Not printed.
- 141. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 1st June, 1903, giving: 1. The number of ties that have been issued in the sidings and on the main lines of the Intercolonial Railway, and charged to the capital account, for the years 1900-01 and 1901-02, and to the first of April, 1903.
  2. Also as to the number of ties purchased between the 30th June, 1902, and the first of April, 1903.

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The list of names from whom purchased, and the quality and prices paid. 3. The number of ties that have been actually used in the track, between the 30th of June, 1902, and the first of April, 1903, and charged to ordinary maintenance. Presented 5th August, 1903.—Mr. Haygart.

Not printed

- 143. Return to an order of the House of Commons, dated 15th September, 1903, for copies of the report on the resources of the country between Quebec and Winnipeg along the line of the National Transcontinental Railway. Presented 15th September, 1903.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Printed for both distribution and sessional papers.

144. Return to an address of the House of Commons, dated 18th May, 1903, for copies of the correspondence exchanged between the Dominion government and that of the province of Quebec regarding the following claims produced by the latter: 1. \$1,425,855, being the share of the province of Quebec in the indemnity paid by the United States government as a compensation for the advantages accorded to American fishermen. 2. \$490,000, indemnity due to the province of Quebec for leases and licenses granted by the federal government to fish in the interior and salt waters within the limits of the said province. Presented 11th September, 1903.—Mr. Lemieux.

Not printed.

- 146. Copy of correspondence respecting the arrangements entered into between the department of the interior and the North Atlantic Trading Company, for the promotion of emigration to Canada from the continent of Europe. Presented 16th October, 1903, by Hon. J. Sutherland... Not printed.

## APPENDIX

TO THE REPORT OF THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1902

# CRIMINAL STATISTICS

FOR THE

## YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1902

PRINTED BY ORDER OF PARLIAMENT

#### ANNEXE

AU RAPPORT DU MINISTRE DE L'AGRICULTURE POUR L'ANNÉE 1902

# STATISTIQUE CRIMINELLE

POUR

L'ANNÉE EXPIRÉE LE 30 SEPTEMBRE 1902

IMPRIMÉ PAR ORDRE DU PARLEMENT



OTTAWA
IMPRIMÉ PAR S. E. DAWSON, IMPRIMEUR DE SA TRÈS EXCELLENTE
MAJESTÉ LE ROI
1903

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## REPORT OF CRIMINAL STATISTICS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1902.

These statistics are collected under authority of the Criminal Statistics Act, Chap. 13, Acts of 1876, and its modifications embodied in the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1886, Chap. 60.

The report treats of (a) Indictable Offences and (b) Summary Convictions; the former including all cases tried by police and other magistrates with the consent of the accused under the Speedy Trials Act, Summary Trials by Consent Act, and the Juvenile Offenders' Act—the latter made up of cases disposed of by Justices of the Peace out of Sessions, under the Summary Convictions Act.

#### INDICTABLE OFFENCES.

These are divided into (a) Offences against the Person; (b) Offences against Property; (c) Forgery and Other Offences against the Currency; (d) Other Offences not Included in the Preceding.

The subdivisions of (b) Offences against Property, are (1) Offences with Violence; (2) Offences without Violence and (3) Malicious Offences against property.

The number of charges in 1902 for indictable offences was 248 more than in 1901, being 8,539 in 1902, 8,291 in 1901 and 8,419 in 1900. The statistical position of 1900 as compared with 1899 was 249 more charges.

The convictions in 1902 numbered 5,660 or 22 more than in 1901, in which latter year the convictions were 130 less than in 1900.

The percentage of convictions to charges is: 1902, 66·28 p.c.; 1901, 68 p.c.; 1900, 68·51 p.c., and 1899, 69·22 p.c. The decrease in this respect is worthy of note, indicating either less caution in bringing charges or less care and conscience in the investigation, or both.

In 1902 there were 2,792 acquittals, 11 detentions for lunacy, and 76 cases in which no sentence, for various reasons, such as *nolle prosequi* or escape before trial, or disagreement of jury, was passed. In 4 cases there was settlement by marriage.

In 1901, acquittals were 2,792; detentions for lunacy, 14; and in 107 cases no sentence was passed. Comparing three years, detentions for lunacy in 1902 were 3 less than in 1901 and 3 more than in 1900. This fact of a general increase in the detentions

## RAPPORT DE LA STATISTIQUE CRIMINELLE

POUR L'ANNÉE TERMINÉE LE 30 SEPTEMBRE 1902.

Cette statistique est recueillie en vertu de l'Acte de la Statistique criminelle, chapitre 13, des actes de 1876, et ses modifications comprises dans les Statuts revisés du Canada, 1886, chapitre 60.

Le rapport traite (a) des "infractions justiciables du jury," et (b) des condamnations sommaires"; dans les premières se trouvent compris les cas expédiés par les magistrats de police ou autres juges de paix, du consentement des accusés, sous l'autorité des actes concernant les "procès expéditifs," les procès sommaires, et les "jeunes délinquants"—tandis que les dernières ne contiennent que les cas expédiés sommairement par les juges de paix, en dehors des sessions, sous l'autorité de "l'Acte des condamnations sommaires."

#### INFRACTIONS JUSTICIABLES DU JURY.

Les infractions justiciables du jury sont divisées comme suit : (a) outrages contre la personne ; (b) délits contre la propriété ; (c) faux en écritures et crimes relatifs à la monnaie ; (d) autres crimes et délits non compris dans les classes précédentes.

(c) "Crimes et délits contre la propriété" se subdivisent comme suit : (1) délits avec violence ; (2) sans violence et (3) offenses malicieuses contre la propriété.

Le nombre d'accusations en 1902 pour "infractions justiciables du jury" a été de 248 de plus qu'en 1901, soit 8,539 en 1902, 8,291 en 1901, et 8,419 en 1900. La statistique de 1900 en comparaison avec celle de 1899 montre une augmentation de 249 dans le nombre des accusations.

Les condamnations pour 1902 se sont élevées a 5,660 ou 22 de plus qu'en 1901, alors que dans cette dernière, les condamnations ont été de 130 de moins qu'en 1900.

La moyenne des condamnations aux accusations, est; pour 1902, 66·28 pour cent, 1901, 68 pour cent, 1900, 68·51 pour cent et pour 1899, 69·22 pour cent. La diminution dans ce sens peut provenir peut-être du fait qu'on a apporté moins de précautions dans la manière de porter les accusations, ou moins de soins et de scrupule dans les enquêtes, ou même dans les deux cas.

En 1902, il y a eu 2,792 acquittements, 11 cas d'emprisonnement pour cause de folie, et 76 cas où pour différentes raisons, tel que le cas d'un nolle prosequi ou fuite avant procès ou encore désaccord entre les jurés, aucune sentence n'a été prononcée. Quatre cas ont été réglés par le mariage.

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for lunaey appears to agree with the findings of the Census of 1901, which shows that the unsound of mind increased 23.51 per cent over the number given in the Census of 1891, while population increased but 11.13 per cent.

The following table shows the total number of convictions for indictable offences and also gives the percentages of indictable offences by provinces:—

PROVINCES.	Total Convictions.		Per Cent of Indictable, by Provinces.			
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	Increase.	
British Columbia The Territories and Yukon Ontario Manitoba. New Brunswick. Nova Scotia. Quebec. Prince Edward Island.	457 247 2,769 202 127 329 1,490 17	517 320 2,570 223 158 418 1,405 49	8·10 4·38 49·12 3·58 2·26 5·83 26·43 0·30	9·13 5·65 45·41 3·94 2·79 7·38 24·82 0·87	1:03 1:27 d. 3:71 0:36 0:53 1:56 1:61 0:57	

This table shows that (1) there has been a decrease in Canada as a whole in the number of convictions compared with the population; (2) that this decrease is due to the decreased ratio of crime to population in Ontario and Quebec; all the other provinces and Territories showing a considerable increase over the previous year.

British Columbia has far away the largest ratio of convicted criminals of any of the provinces. During the period 1894–1901, the average is 24 per cent. or over 3 per cent. less than in 1902. In Nova Scotia the ratio is much less than in British Columbia, though the former is also a mining province.

The population of the cities and towns of Canada according to the Census of 1901 was in that year, 1,403,497. The convictions for indictable offences in 1902 in which the convicted represented himself as a dweller in a city or town numbered 4,182.

From these figures the following results are worked out:-

Urban crime, 29·80 persons in every 10,000 inhabitants. Rural " 2·46 " "

The variations from the preceding year are:—A very slight increase in rural crime and a slight decrease in urban; the decrease being, for urban crime 35, and the increase for rural, 46.

By occupations the returns show that convicted crime among (1) the agricultural class increased, the figures being 215 in 1902 against 195 in 1901, an increase of 20—equal to 3.80 per cent of the whole body of convictions compared with 3.46 in 1901, and with 3.78 in 1900; (2) the commercial class decreased, the figures being 675 in 1902 and 710 in 1901 and 753 in 1900, a decrease of 35 (or presented in percentages), from 12.59 per cent of the total convictions in 1901 to 11.92 per cent in 1902; (3)

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En 1901, il y a eu 2,792 acquittements; 14 cas d'emprisonnement pour cause de folie, et 107 cas, où la sentence n'a pas été prononcée. Si l'on fait une comparaison pour les trois années, on voit qu'il y a eu en 1902, 3 cas d'emprisonnement pour cause de folie de moins qu'en 1901, et trois de plus qu'en 1900. Le fait d'une augmentation dans les cas d'emprisonnement pour cause de folie semble s'accorder avec les données du recensement de 1901, où l'on voit que le nombre des aliénés a augmenté de 23·51 pour cent sur le nombre porté au recensement de 1891, pendant que la population n'a augmenté que de 11·13 pour cent.

PROVINCES.	Total des condamnations.		Moyenne pour cent des infractions justiciables du jury, par provinces.		
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	Augmenta-
Colombie-Britannique Les Territoires et le Yukon Ontario Manitoba Nouveau-Brunswick Nouvelle-Ecosse Québec Ile du Prince-Edouard	$\begin{bmatrix} 247 \\ 2,769 \\ 202 \\ 127 \\ 329 \\ 1,490 \end{bmatrix}$	517 320 2,570 223 158 418 1,405 49	8·10 4·38 49·12 3·58 2·26 5·83 26 43 0·30	9·13 5·65 45·41 3·94 2·79 7·38 24·82 0·87	1·03 1·27 d. 3·71 0·36 0·53 1·56 d. 1·61 0·57

Ce tableau indique (1) qu'il y a eu, en général, une diminution en Canada, dans le nombre des condamnations, en comparaison avec la population; (2) que cette diminution est due à la diminution dans la proportion du crime, quant à la population dans Ontario et Québec. Toutes les autres provinces et les Territoires montrent une augmentation considérable sur les années précédentes.

La Colombie-Britannique montre la plus forte proportion de criminels sous condamnation, sur toutes les autres provinces. Pour la période de 1894–1901, la moyenne est de 24 pour cent ou 3 pour cent de moins qu'en 1902. La proportion dans la Nouvelle-Ecosse est beaucoup moindre que dans la Colombie-Britannique, malgré que la première soit aussi une province minière.

La population des cités et villes du Canada, d'après le recensement de 1901 était pour cette année là, de 1,403,497. Les condamnations pour infractions justiciables du jury en 1902 pour lesquelles, le condamné se donnait comme habitant d'une cité ou ville s'élevaient à 4,182.

D'après ces chiffres nous avons obtenu les résultats suivants :--

Crimes des villes, 29.80 personnes pour chaque 10,000 habitants.

des campagnes,  $2\cdot 4\ell$  ii ii ii ii ii ii ii

Les changements provenant de l'année précédente, sont comme suit :—une lègère augmentation dans les crimes pour les campagnes et une légère diminution pour les villes, la diminution est de 35 pour les villes, et l'augmentation de 46 pour les campagnes.

Par occupations les rapports indiquent que (1) parmi la classe agricole le nombre de criminels a augmenté; les chiffres étant 215 en 1902, contre 195 en 1901, soit une augmentation de 20—égale à 3·80 pour cent sur le total des condamnations, en compa-

domestic class increased, the figures being 248 in 1902 against 176 in 1901, an increase of 72, and represented in percentages of the total of the convictions by 4·39 per cent in 1902, by 3·12 per cent in 1901 and 4·07 per cent in 1900; (4) industrial class decreased, the figures being 541 in 1902 and 652 in 1901, a decrease of 111; by percentages, 9·56 in 1902; 11·56 per cent in 1901, and 10·06 in 1900; (5) professional class decreased, the figures being 44 in 1902 against 47 in 1901 and 52 in 1900, or 0·77 per cent in 1902 against 0·83 per cent in 1901, and 0·90 in 1900 and 0·80 in 1899; (6) labouring class increased, the figures being 2,206 in 1902; 2,130 in 1901 and 2,211 in 1900, an increase of 76, or in percentages 39·00 per cent against, 37·78 per cent in 1901 and 38·33 per cent in 1900.

With regard to sex the returns show that of the total convictions during 1902 those of males numbered 5,313 against 5,338 in 1901 and 5,430 in 1900, a decrease of 25; and those of females, 347 against 300 in 1901, an increase of 47.

Taking the series of years the proportion of females among the criminal class constantly decreased till 1902 when there was an increase.

The following table indicates the changes.

## Proportion of females in convictions for indictable offences.

1884–91	8.6 per cent.
1892	7:1 "
1893	7.4 "
1894	7:1 "
1895	7.3
1896	6 · 7 "
1897	6 · 4 "
1898	5·98 "
1899	5.76 ".
1900	5.86 "
1901	5.67
1902	6.13

During 18 years the trend has been steadily in the direction of a decreased proportion of female criminals. In the 19th year the increase was noticeable.

With respect to the birth places of the criminals of Canada the returns give fairly full details for a number of years.

During the years 1884-91 England supplied 9.3 per cent of the persons convicted. In 1899, 6.2 per cent; in 1900, 7.1 per cent; in 1901, 6.35 per cent, and in 1902, 6.13 per cent.

Ireland, in 1884-91, furnished 7.8 per cent; in 1899, 2.9 per cent; in 1900, 3.1 per cent, in 1901, 2.9 per cent and in 1902, 2.5 per cent.

Scotland supplied  $2 \cdot 2$  per cent in the first mentioned period,  $1 \cdot 6$  per cent in 1899,  $1 \cdot 4$  per cent in 1900,  $1 \cdot 07$  in 1901 and  $1 \cdot 22$  per cent in 1902.

raison avec 3·46 en 1901, et 3·78 en 1900; (2) il y a eu diminution pour la classe commerciale, les chiffres étant 675 pour 1902 et 710 pour 1901 et 753 pour 1900, soit une diminution de 35 (ou en moyennes) de 12·59 pour cent du montant total des condamnations en 1901 à 11·92 pour cent en 1902; (3) augmentation pour la classe domestique, les chiffres étant 248 en 1902 contre 176 pour 1901, soit une augmentation de 72, (ou en moyennes du total) des condamnations 4·39 pour cent en 1902, par 3·12 pour 100 en 1901 et 4·07 pour cent en 1900. (4) Pour ce qui regarde la classe industrielle, une diminution, les chiffres étant 541 pour 1902 et 652 pour 1901, soit une diminution de 111; (en moyennes) 9·56 en 1902; 11·56 pour cent pour 1901 et 10·06 pour 1900; (5) diminution pour la classe professionnelle, les chiffres étant 44 pour 1902 contre 47 pour 1901 et 52 pour 1900, ou 0.77 pour cent en 1902 contre 0·83 pour cent en 1901 et 0·90 pour 1900 et de 0·80 pour 1899; (6) augmentation pour la classe ouvrière, les chiffres étant 2,206 pour 1902, 2,130 pour 1901 et 2,211 pour 1900, soit une augmentation de 76 ou (en moyenne) 39·00 pour cent contre 37·78 pour cent en 1901 et 38·33 pour cent en 1900.

Pour ce qui a trait au sexe, les rapports font voir que du total des condamnations pour 1902 les hommes sont au nombre de 5,313 contre 5,338 en 1901, 5,430 en 1900, soit une diminution de 25 et les femmes sont au nombre de 347 contre 300 en 1901, soit une augmentation de 47.

En prenant une série d'années, la proportion parmi les femmes dans la classe criminelle a été constamment en diminuant jusqu'en 1902, alors qu'il y a eu une augmentation.

Le tableau suivant fait voir les changements:-

Proportion de condamnations parmi les femmes pour "Infractions justiciables du Jury."

1884-	91	 	 						8	6	pour cent.
1892.		 	 						7	1	11
1893.			 			٠.			7	• 4	11
1894.		 	 						7	1	11
1895.	,	 	 						7	. 3	11
1896.		 	 	. , ,					6	. 7	11
1897.		 	 				٠.		6	• 4	11
1898.		 	 						5	98	3 и
1899.		 			٠.				5	.76	3 11
1900.		 	 						5	.80	3 11
1901.		 							5	6'	7 11
1902		 	 ٠				٠,		6	1:	3 11

Depuis dix-huit années le courant a semblé être dans la direction d'une proportion vers la diminution du crime parmi les femmes. Pour la 19ème année l'augmentation est évidente.

Quant aux lieux de naissance des criminels du Canada, les rapports donnent des détails complets et satisfaisants pour un certain nombre d'années.

Durant les années 1884-91 l'Angleterre a fourni 9·3 pour cent des personnes condamnées. En 1899, 6·2 pour cent, en 1900, 7·1 pour cent, et en 1901, 6·35 pour cent, et en 1902, 6·13 pour cent.

Canadian born formed 68.2 per cent in 1884-91; 72.5 per cent in 1899; 68.5 per cent in 1900, 72.01 per cent in 1901 and 70.02 per cent in 1902.

The United States contributed to our criminals 5.8 per cent of the convicted in 1884-91; 3.9 per cent in 1899; 4.6 per cent in 1900; 4.04 per cent in 1901, and 5.00 in 1902.

Other foreign countries supplied 3·1 per cent, 4·0 per cent, 5·9 per cent, 4·6 per cent and 5 per cent respectively in the years under consideration.

'Other British Possessions' supplied 0.3 per cent, 0.3 per cent, 0.4 per cent, 0.3 per cent and 0.5 per cent respectively.

The instances where the criminals did not give the country of birth were 3·3 per cent of the convictions of 1884-91; 8·5 per cent of those of 1899; 8·6 per cent of those of 1900, 8·9 per cent of those of 1901, and 9·3 per cent of those of 1902.

No doubt many, if not most, of the 'not given' are foreign, and in a general way it may be said that the records of 1902 show that the foreign element in crime maintains the bad pre-eminence it has always held. Our population, by the Census of 1901, is 87 per cent native born; the native born criminals form 70 per cent of the criminals. Possibly for 1902 the influx of foreigners into the North-west has somewhat disturbed the percentage of native born in the population.

The records show that with regard to the religious denominations the following was the condition:—

## CONVICTIONS BY DENOMINATIONS.

YEARS.	Anglicans, p.c.	Methodists, p.c.	Presby- terians, p.c.	Baptists, p.c.	Roman Catholies, p.c.
1884-91 1892 1893 1894 1895	16·2 18·3 17·4 17·4 16·6 17·5	10.6 9.7 10.1 8.9 10.0 9.5	7:3 7:1 7:0 7:1 8:5 7:6	2·8 2·6 2·7 2·8 3·1 2·9	48.1 48.7 44.1 43.4 39.7 41.8
1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902	17·1 16·1 17·2 15·6 17·7 16·2	9·2 9·8 9·9 9·5 10·6 10·2	6:4 7:5 7:5 7:1 7:4 7:6	2·3 2·8 3·1 3·2 2·9 2·9	41.5 41.5 42.5 38.8 39.1 37.7

In 1901, according to the Census, the several denominations held the following percentage positions in the total population: Anglicans, 12·50; Methodists, 17·07; Presbyterians, 15·68; Baptists, 5·90; Roman Catholics, 41·50. Of the large denominations the convicted criminals who described themselves as Anglicans are more numerous in the great body of the convicted criminals than the proportion of Anglicans in the whole population of the Dominion warrants. Those who gave their religious views as Methodists, as Presbyterians, as Baptists or as Roman Catholics are fewer in number than their proportion in the whole population warrants.

En 1884–91, l'Irlande a eu  $7\cdot 8$  pour cent, en 1899,  $2\cdot 9$  pour cent, en 1900,  $3\cdot 1$  pour cent et en 1901,  $2\cdot 9$  pour cent et en 1902,  $2\cdot 5$  pour cent.

Durant les premières années ci-haut mentionnées, l'Ecosse a fourni 2·2 pour cent, 1·6 pour cent en 1899, 1·4 pour cent en 1900, et 1·07 en 1901 et 1·22 en 1902.

Les Canadiens nés dans le pays ont fourni  $68 \cdot 2$  pour cent en 1884-91;  $72 \cdot 5$  pour cent en 1899;  $68 \cdot 5$  pour cent en 1900 et  $72 \cdot 01$  en 1901 et  $70 \cdot 02$  pour cent en 1902.

Les Etats-Unis ont contribué à nos annales criminelles  $5\cdot 8$  pour cent pour 1884-91;  $3\cdot 9$  pour cent en 1899;  $4\cdot 6$  pour cent en 1900,  $4\cdot 04$  en 1901, et  $5\cdot 00$  en 1902.

Les autres pays étrangers ont fourni 3·1 pour cent; 4·0 pour cent, 5·9 pour cent et 4·6 pour cent, 5 pour cent respectivement pour les années sous considération.

Les "autres possessions britanniques" ont fourni 0·3 pour cent, 0·3 pour cent, 0·4 pour cent et 0·3 et 0·5 pour cent respectivement. Dans les cas où les lieux de naissance n'ont pas été obtenus, nous constatons 3·3 pour cent de condamnations pour 1884–91; 8·5 pour cent pour ceux de 1899; 8·6 pour cent pour ceux de 1900, et 8·9 pour cent pour ceux de 1901, 9·3 pour cent pour ceux de 1902.

Sans doute plusieurs, sinon la plupart des "non-donnés," sont des étrangers, et en général, on peut dire que les rapports de 1902 montrent que l'élément étranger tient le premier rang comme auparavant, pour la criminalité. Notre population d'après le recensement de 1901 est de 87 pour cent de Canadiens nés au pays. Les criminels nés au pays forment 70 pour cent du total des criminels. Probablement le nombre considérable d'étrangers émigrés au Nord-Ouest a dû changer la proportion de ceux nés au pays, pour ce qui a trait à la population.

# CONDAMNATIONS PAR DÉNOMINATIONS RELIGIEUSES.

ANNÉES.	Anglicans, p.c.	Méthodistes p.c.	Presby- tériens, p.c.	Baptistes, p.c.	Catholiques romains, p.c.
1884-91 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901	16·2 18·3 17·4 17·4 16·6 17·5 17·1 16·1 17·2 15·6 17·7 16·02	10·5 9·7 10·1 8·9 10·0 9·5 9·2 9·8 9·9 9·5 10·6 10·2	7:3 7:1 7 0 7 1 8:5 7:6 6:4 7:5 7:1 7:4 7:6	2·8 2·6 2·7 2·8 3·1 2·9 2·3 3·2 2·9 2·9	48·1 48·7 44·1 43·4 39·7 41·8 41·5 41·5 42·5 38·8 39.1 37·7

En 1901, d'après les rapports du recensement, les différentes dénominations tenaient les rangs suivants dans les totaux de la population : anglicans, 12·50; méthodistes, 17·07: presbytériens, 15·68; baptistes, 5·90; catholiques romains, 41·50. D'entre les grandes sectes religieuses, les condamnés qui se sont donnés comme anglicans sont plus nombreux dans le grand corps des criminels que le démontre la population totale de la Puissance. Ceux qui se sont inscrits comme méthodistes, presbytériens, baptistes ou catholiques romains sont en plus petit nombre que le démontre leur proportion dans la population totale.

The table just above given shows that the Roman Catholic portion of the population has supplied fewer criminals of late years than it did in the earlier years of the period covered.

In a general way the above table indicates that the religious denominations specified are steadily and successfully bringing their spiritual forces to bear upon society to reduce crime.

With respect to education and the influence of ignorance as the foster mother of crime, the records show that in the 14 years, 1887–1902, those having an elementary or a superior education numbered (by four years periods) with the total convictions as below.

			Total convictions.	Educated and partially so.
1.	4 years	1887–1890	15,182	11,787
2.	4 11	1891–1894	17,902	13,336
3.	4 "	1895–1898	22,186	17,304
4.	4 "	1899–1902	22,779	18,890

Thus in the first period the persons who were reported as having an elementary or a superior education formed 77.64 per cent of all the convictions; in the second period 74.50 per cent; in the third period 78 per cent; and in the fourth period 82.93 per cent.

The records of indictable crimes show, therefore, that while ignorance may be the close friend and ally of criminality, yet education is not a check to crime. Further they show that the criminal class is becoming more and more a more or less educated class.

With regard to the use of liquors the records give the following results with the percentage of total convictions.

Period.	Moderate.	Immoderate.	
	6,769		
	$\dots 44.58\dots$		
1891-1894	9,624	7,178	1,100
Per eent	$\dots \dots 53 \cdot 76 \dots$	40.09	6.15
1895-1898	12,102	7,617	2,467
Per cent	54.54	34 · 33	11.13
1899-1902	13,699	6,794	2,286
Per cent	60-14	29.80	10.10

The conclusions to be drawn from these figures are (1) that non-drinkers constitute a very small proportion of the criminal class. (2) That immoderate drinkers do not appear to be addicted to crime as much as would be expected; and that they are in a smaller proportion each period. (3) That moderate drinkers are responsible for three-fifths of all the serious crime in the country.

Le tableau ci-dessus, démontre que la portion des catholiques romains de la population a fourni moins de criminels ces années dernières que les années d'auparavant pour la période mentionnée.

En général, le tableau ci-dessus, indique que les dénominations religieuses ci-haut mentionnées, apportent leurs forces spirituelles à la réduction de la criminalité dans la société.

En ce qui concerne l'éducation et l'influence que l'ignorance exerce parmi les criminels, les rapports démontrent que durant la période de 1887-1902 ceux n'ayant qu'une instruction élémentaire ou une éducation supérieure, se comportaient de la manière suivante. (Par période de quatre ans:)

			Total Ins	truits ou partie
		des	condamnations.	instruits.
1.	4 ans	 1887-1890	15,182	11,787
2. 4	4 11	 1891–1894	17,902	13,336
3.	4 11	 1895–1898	22,186	17,304
4.	4 11	 1899-1902	22,779	18,890

Ainsi pour la première période les personnes reconnues comme possédant une éducation élémentaire ou supérieure, représentaient 77·64 pour cent des condamnations totales; 74.50 pour cent pour la seconde période; 78·00 pour cent pour la troisième période; et 82·93 pour cent pour la quatrième période.

Les annales des crimes justiciables du jury indiquent que, quoique l'ignorance soit l'ami et le confident de la criminalité, cependant l'éducation n'est pas comme autrefois, un aussi grand palliatif au crime, d'après certaines autorités; il est prouvé en outre que la classe criminelle devient de plus en plus une classe plus ou moins instruite.

En ce qui concerne l'usage des liqueurs enivrantes les rapports donnent les résultats suivants, avec la moyenne des condamnations totales :

Période	Buveurs modérés.		
1887–1890	. 6,769	. 5,945	2,468
Pour cent	. 44.58	. 39.16	16.26
1891–1894	′		•
Pour cent	. 53.76	. 40.09	6.15
1895–1898	.12,102	. 7,617	2,467
Pour cent	. 54.54	. 34.33	11.13
1899–1902	. 13,699	. 6,794	2,286
Pour cent	. 60.14	. 29.80	10.10

Les conclusions à tirer de ces chiffres sont (1) que les personnes sobres constituent une bien faible portion de la classe criminelle. (2) Que les buveurs immodérés ne sont pas autant portés au crime qu'on pourrait se l'imaginer et qu'ils apparaissent en une plus petite portion à chaque période. (3) Que les buveurs modérés sont responsables pour les trois cinquièmes des crimes sérieux commis dans le pays.

With respect to matrimony the following table gives the number and per cent of the convictions during four periods of 4 years each:—

## CONVICTIONS.

Years.	· Marr	ied.	Single	e	Widow	red.
1887-1890. 1891-1894. 1895-1898. 1899-1902.	Number. 3,915 4,609 5,296 5,280	p.c. 25·78 25·74 23·87 23·20	Number. 10,258 11,699 14,103 14,941	p.c. 67 6 66 3 63 6 65 6	Number. 321 482 469 498	p.c. 2·1 2·7 2·1 2·2

In a general way these figures indicate that crime committed by married people is becoming less and less in proportion to the number of persons convicted; that crime committed by single persons remains about stationary, with a tendency to fluctuation, and crime by the widowed remains at the same proportion from period to period. According to population and sex nearly 13 married men (12.9 p.c.) in every 10,000 group of the population are criminals, and over 20 (20.5) single men in every 10,000 group are criminals.

It is more difficult to analyse the woman part of the criminal population, woman criminals, judged by the statistics of convictions for indictable offences being so rare. The married women have, however, the advantage to a slight extent; for in every million of the married women of Canada, there would be 105 who had been convicted of serious crime, while in the same number of single women there would be 106.

The widowed are responsible for a very small proportion of the crime. Widowers form  $1\cdot37$  per cent of the population, and are  $1\cdot56$  per cent of the convicted criminals. Widows are  $2\cdot80$  per cent of the population, and  $0\cdot30$  per cent of the criminals taking the census year. Last year (1902), the widowed—both widowers and widows—were  $2\cdot2$  per cent of the criminals, showing a slight tendency to increase.

The single men form 32.5 per cent of the population and are responsible for 65.5 per cent of the crime, according to the criminal statistics of 1902, while the married men, forming 17.3 per cent of the population, commit 21.3 per cent of the crime.

Basing the calculation on the unit of a million and taking the Census population, the serious crime of the country in its relation to the conjugal state is thus expressed:—

Married men... 1,290 criminals in every 1,000,000 married men.

Single "	2,050	11	81	single men.
Married women.	105	FF	11	married women.
Single " .	106	11	11	single "
Widowers	1,200	11	11	widowers.
Widows	113	11	11	widows.

The restraining influence of the married state is clearly expressed in these figures.

Dans le cas du saint état du mariage, le tableau suivant donne le nombre et le percentage des condamnations pour quatre périodes de quatre années pour chacune d'elles:

Années-	Mar	iés.	Non m	ariés.	En veu	vage.
1887-1890 1891-1894 1895-1898 1899-1902	Nombre 3,915 4,609 5,296 5,280	p. c. 25·78 25·74 23·87 23·20	Nombre 10,258 11,699 14,103 14,941	p. c. 67·6 66·3 63·6 65.6	Nombre 321 482 469 498	p. c. 2.1 2.7 2.1 2.1 2.2

A un point de vue général, ces chiffres indiquent que les crimes commis par les gens mariés diminuent continuellement en proportion du nombre de personnes condamnées; que les actions criminelles commises par les personnes non mariées restent à peu près au même point, avec une tendance à changement; et que les crimes commis par les personnes en veuvage restent stationnaires de période en période. Il s'en suit donc d'après les données, que d'après la population et le sexe, treize personnes mariées (12·9 pour cent) par chaque groupe de 10,000 de la population sont des criminels, et qu'au delà de 20 (20.5) de personnes non mariées par chaque groupe de 10,000 sont des criminels.

Il est plus difficile d'analyser la question de la femme pour ce qui a trait à sa position dans la population des criminels, les femmes criminelles jugées pour infractions justiciables du jury sont très rares. Les femmes mariées ont en quelque sorte l'avantage, car pour chaque million de femmes mariées, on en trouve 105 qui sont trouvées coupables de crimes sérieux, pendant que pour le même nombre de femmes non mariées on en trouve 106.

Les personnes en veuvage ne sont responsables que pour une faible partie des crimes Les veufs forment 1·37 pour cent de la population, et représentent 1·56 pour cent de condamnés. Les veuves forment 2·80 pour cent de la population, et 0·30 pour cent des criminels, d'après l'année du recensement. L'année dernière, les personnes en veuvage (veufs et veuves) formaient 2·2 pour cent des criminels, soit une légère tendance à une augmentation.

Les hommes non-mariés forment 32.5 pour cent de la population et sont responsables pour 65.5 du crime, d'après les statistiques criminelles de 1902, pendant que les hommes mariés forment 17.3 pour cent de la population, représentant 21.3 pour cent des crimes.

Si nous basons notre calcul sur l'unité d'un million et si nous prenons la population d'après le recensement, le crime, grâce au pays relativement à la condition civile, est comme suit :—

Hommes mariés	1,290	criminels	par chaque	1,000,000	d'hommes mariés.
Hommes non-mariés	2,050	11	11		
Femmes mariées	105	11	11		de femmes mariées.
Femmes non-mariées			<b>81</b>	11	femmes non-mariées.
Veufs	1,200	11	11	11	de veufs.
Veuves	113	11	f1	11	de veuves.

L'influence bienfaisante de l'état du mariage est clairement exprimée par les chiffres ci-dessus.

First time criminals of both sexes average 86.77 per cent of the convicted in the 4 year period 1887–1900; 86.48 per cent in 1891–94; 80.00 per cent in 1895–98; 79.06 per cent in 1899–1902. They were slightly more in 1902 being, 79.47 per cent.

Those convicted a second time were 8.02 per cent in the 1887-1890 period; 7.25 per cent in the 1891-94 period; 11.17 per cent in the 1895-98 period; and 11.36 per cent in the 1899-1902 period. They were 12.33 per cent in 1902.

Recidivists were  $5 \cdot 20$  per cent in the 1887-1890 period;  $6 \cdot 26$  per cent in the 1891-94 period;  $9 \cdot 05$  per cent in the 1895-98 period; and  $9 \cdot 60$  per cent in 1899-1902 period. In the year 1902, they were  $8 \cdot 20$  per cent.

Thus in the long term of years the first time criminals show a tendency to decrease—the fall being from 86.77 per cent in the first four year term, and 79.06 per cent in the last of the four-year periods with just a tendency to increase in 1902. Second time convictions show a strong tendency to increase, the percentages being 8.02 per cent in the first four years of the 16 years, and 11.33 per cent in the last four with an advance on this proportion for 1902.

Those convicted several times—recidivists—show a strong tendency to increase, rising from 6.26 convictions in the hundred in 1887–1890 to 9.60 in the hundred in 1899–1902. The last year shows a decrease to 8.20 in the hundred convictions.

The conclusion suggested in last year's report seems strengthened by the returns of 1902, viz.: that "the tendency in Canada is towards a habitually criminal class," which means a smaller body of criminals and a larger number of repetitions of crime by the same person. The individuals are fewer, but more of them have two or more crimes to their individual record.

By classes of crime the indictable offences are distributed thus:-

OT 188	Percentage of each class to the whole.							
CLASS.	1887-90.	1891-4.	1895-8.	1899-02.	1902.			
1. Offences against the person. 2. " property with violence 3. " without violence 4. Malicious offences against property 5. Forgery and other offences against the currency. 6. Other offences not included in 1-5.	22.75 6.57 61.71 1.49 1.17 6.31	23:67 7:52 61:57 1:26 0:92 5:06	20 70 8·50 63·02 1·34 1·42 5·02	21.76 7.56 62.56 1.55 1.57 5.00	23.66 7.29 60.90 1.73 1.23 5.19			

This table locates the great bulk of the serious crime of the country in class three, 'Offences against property without violence.'

Class 3 is subdivided into (a) bringing stolen property into Canada, (b) embezzlement, (c) false pretence, (d) feloniously receiving, (e) fraud and conspiracy to defraud, (f) horse, cattle and sheep stealing, (g) larceny, larceny from dwelling houses and larceny from the person, (h) stealing registered letters and other mail matter.

Of this class subdivision (g) contains by far the largest number, the proportion being: 91.4 per cent for 1899; 90.22 per cent for 1900; 88.30 per cent for 1901 and 90 per cent for 1902.

Les criminels condamnés pour une première fois pour les deux sexes étaient en moyenne de 86·77 pour pour cent des criminel condamnés pour la période de 4 ans de 1887-1900; 86·48 pour cent pour celle de 1891-94; 80·00 pour cent pour 1895-98; 79·06 pour cent pour 1899, 1902. La moyenne est un peu plus forte pour 1902, soit 79·47 pour cent.

Les criminels condamnés pour une seconde fois étaient de 8.02 pour cent pour la période de 1887-1890; 7.25 pour cent pour 1891-94; 11.17 pour cent pour 1895-98; et 11.36 pour cent pour 1899-02. En 1902, 12.33 pour cent.

Les récidivistes étaient de 5·20 pour cent pour la période de 1887-90 ; 6·26 pour cent pour celle de 1891-94 ; 9·05 pour 1895-98 ; et 9·60 pour cent pour 1899-1902. La moyenne pour 1902 étant 8·20 pour cent.

Ainsi quant au long terme d'années, les criminels condamnés pour une première fois montrent une tendance vers la diminution, la baisse étant de 86·77 pour cent pour le premier terme de quatre ans, et 79·06 pour cent pour la dernière des quatre périodes, avec une tendance à l'augmentation pour 1902. Les criminels condamnés pour une seconde fois montrent une forte tendance à l'augmentation, les moyennes étant 8·02 pour cent pour les premières quatre années des 16 ans, et 11·36 pour cent pour les quatre dernières, avec une avance sur la proportion pour 1902.

Les "récidivistes" montrent une forte tendance vers l'augmentation, soit de 6·26 pour 100, pour 1887-90, à 9·60 pour 100 pour 1899-1902. La dernière année montre une diminution de 8·20 pour 100 dans les condamnations.

La conclusion exprimée dans le rapport de l'année dernière semble prendre de la force, si on en juge d'après les rapports de 1902, savoir : que "la tendance en Canada est du côté de la classe des criminels d'habitude," qui comprend un moins grand nombre de criminels mais un plus grand nombre de répétitions de crimes par le même individu. Les individus sont moins nombreux, mais chacun a plus de crimes à son crédit.

Par classe de crimes, les infractions justiciables du jury, sont comme suit :--

	Moyennes de chaque classe sur le tout.						
1. Offenses contre la personne	22·75 6·57 61·71 1·49 1·17 6.31	23·67 7·52 61·57 1·26 0·92 5·06	20·70 8·50 63·02 1·34 1·42 5·02	1899-02. 21.76 7.56 62.56 1.55 1.57 5.00	23.66 7.29 60.90 1.73 1.23 5.19		

Le tableau ci-dessus renferme le principal crime du pays, dans la classe 3, "Offences sans violence contre la propriété."

Les sous-sections (ou variétés de cette classe sont (a) apporter au Canada des effets volés, (b) détournements (c) faux prétextes, (d) recel, (e) fraude et conspiration pour frauder, (f) vol de cheval, bétail et mouton, (g) larcin, crambriolage et filouterie, (h) vol de lettres chargées et autres matières postales.

Cette sous-section (g) a la plus forte proportion pour les condamnations, les moyennes étant, 91·4 pour cent en 1899; 90·22 pour cent pour 1900; 88·30 pour cent pour 1901, et 90 pour cent pour 1902.

Taking the past few years and comparing larceny with all crimes the results are :-

1899. Total convictions for indictable			
offences	5,713		
Convictions for larceny of various			
kinds		3,344	$58 \cdot 53$
1900. Total convictions for indictable			
offences	5,768		
Convictions for lareeny of various			
kinds		3,376	$58 \cdot 53$
1901. Total convictions	5,638		
Convictions for larceny of various			
kinds		3,174	$56 \cdot 29$
1902. Total convictions	5,660		
Convictions for larceny of various			
kinds		3,104	54.84

It is thus seen that larceny in its three forms constitutes more than one half of all the crime in the country, but that it has a tendency to take a lower position relatively to other forms of indictable offences and absolutely in the comparison of year with year.

Of those convicted of this kind of crime in 1899, 220 were females; in 1900, 237; in 1901, 198; and 1902, 237.

Thus, of the total convictions for lareeny of various kinds, 6.58 per cent were of females in 1899; 6.52 per cent in 1900; 6.40 per cent in 1901, and 7.60 per cent in 1902—figures which show very little variation in the proportion till last year, when there was a noticeable increase in the proportion of women convicted of crimes of this class.

With regard to the general subject of crime by women, the records of 1902 show that there were 347 women convicted, of whom 118 were married, 20 widowed, 185 single, and 24 whose civil condition was not stated.

Of the 347 women convicted 57 were in Class 1, offences against the person; 4 in Class 2, offences against property with violence; 262 in Class 3, offences against property without violence; 3 in Class 4, malicious offences against property; 2 in Class 5, forgery and offences against the currency, and 20 in Class 6, other offences nct included in 1-5.

In Class 1 the largest number of convictions was 39 under the subheadings of 'Assault and obstructing peace officer,' 'Assault and battery,' and 'Aggravated assault.' In Class 3, as already noted, there were 237 for larceny; besides these there were in this class 16 for false pretences and fraud, 6 for feloniously receiving and 2 for horse stealing. In Class 4 there were one conviction for arson and two for malicious injury to property. In Class 6 there were 8 convictions for attempt at suicide; 6 for indecent exposure; 4 for perjury and 2 for gambling.

Speaking generally, we may say that while the records show increase in the proportion of women convicted of larceny, they do not indicate that women are becoming a

Si nous prenons les quelques années dernières et que nous comparons le larcin avec tous les autres crimes, on en arrive au résultat suivant:—

1899. Total des condamnations pour offences justiciables du jury	5,713		
Condamnations pour larcins de différentes espèces		3,334	58.53
1900. Total des condamnations pour offenses justiciables du jury	5,768		
Condamnations pour larcins de différentes espèces	5,638	3,376	58.53
Condamnations pour larcins de différentes espèces		3,174	56.29
1902. Total des condamnations	5,660		
rentes espèces		3,104	54.84

On voit donc ainsi que le larcin dans ses trois formes, constitue plus que la moitié de tous les crimes connus dans le pays, mais d'un autre côté, qu'il a une tendance à prendre une position plus faible relativement aux autres formes d'offenses justiciables du jury, et en comparaison absolue d'une année avec une autre.

De cette classe de condamnés pour ce crime en 1899, il y avait 220 femmes; en 1900, 237; en 1901, 198; et en 1902, 237.

Ainsi du montant total des condamnations pour larcins de toutes sortes, 6·58 pour cent étaient des femmes pour 1899; 6·52 pour cent en 1900; 6·40 pour cent en 1901 et 7·60 pour cent en 1902; chiffres qui montrent une petite variation dans la proportion jusqu'à l'année dernière, alors qu'on a cru remarquer une augmentation sensible dans la proportion des femmes condamnées pour crimes de cette classe.

Pour ce qui a trait au sujet général des crimes commis par les femmes, les rapports de 1902 nous montrent que sur 347 femmes condamnées, 118 étaient mariées, 20 étaient veuves, 185 non mariées et 24 dont l'état civil n'était pas mentionné.

De ces 347 femmes condamnées, 57 appartenaient à la classe 1ère, outrages contre la personne; 4, à la classe 2, offenses contre la propriété, avec violence; 262, à la classe 3, offenses contre la propriété sans violence; 3 à la classe 4, dommages malicieux à la propriété; 2, à la classe 5e, faux et autres offenses contre la monnaie, et 20, à la classe 6e, autres offenses non comprises dans les classes 1-5.

Dans la classe 1ère, le plus grand nombre de condamnations a été de 39 pour les subdivisions de voies de fait, et empêcher un officier de la paix d'accomplir son devoir. Aggression avec voies de faits et "voies de faits graves". Dans la classe 3e, tel que déjà mentionné, il y a eu 237 condamnations pour larcin; outre ce nombre, il y a eu dans cette classe 16 cas pour faux prétextes et fraude, 6 pour recel, et deux pour vol de chevaux. Dans la classe 4, il y a eu une condamnation pour incendie, et 2 pour dommages malicieux contre la propriété. Dans la classe 6e, il y a eu huit condamnations pour tentative de suicide; 6 pour exposition indécente; 4 pour parjure et 2 pour infractions aux lois défendant le jeu de cartes.

Parlant d'une manière générale, on peut dire que d'après les rapports on y voit une augmentation dans la proportion des femmes condamnées pour larcin, rien n'indique que les femmes soient un facteur puissant vers le crime principal du pays;

 $17 - B_2^1$ 

more potent factor in the serious crime of the country; on the contrary, they suggest that women are becoming a greater power for repression of crime.

# JUVENILE DELINQUENCY.

With regard to juvenile delinquency the following table gives the record of youthful criminals of both sexes and of the females:—

	1887-90.	1891-94.	1895-98.	1899-02.	1902.
Under 16 years, both sexes		2,684 122 4·55	3,009 130 4·32	3,727 128 3 43	859 34 3·95

These figures show that there has been a satisfactory decrease in the proportion of juvenile female convictions, with a slight tendency, in 1902, to exceed the proportion of the four-year period.

They also show that there has been a large increase in the list of boy criminals under 16 years of age. In 1887-90 the boys convicted of indictable offences numbered 2,176 or 14·33 per cent of all the convicted of all ages; in 1891-4 they numbered 2,562 or 14·31 per cent; in 1895-8, 2,879 or 13 per cent, and in 1899-1902, 15·80 per cent. In 1902 they numbered 825 or 14·57 per cent. There is a slight improvement noticeable in 1902, compared with the average of the four years 1899-02, but the four year period, 1899-1902, shows, as compared with the other four-year periods, a bad pre-eminence. Special attention was called in the report for 1901 to the disproportionate increase of boy criminality and the custodians of public morality, the preachers, teachers and judges were urged to study the facts carefully with a view to take intelligent action to diminish this serious evil. An improvement is noticeable in the records of 1902 which, it is to be hoped, will continue in coming years.

The sentences which were inflicted during 1902 were:-

- 1,130, fine, optional.
- 2,149, under one year in jail.
  - 214, under two years.
  - 358, two years to 5 years in penitentiary.
  - 116, five years and over.
    - 1, life imprisonment.
    - 11, death.
  - 245, commitment to reformatories.
- 1,436, other sentences; bound to good behaviour; sentence suspended, &c.

## SUMMARY CONVICTIONS.

The second class of convictions for offences against the laws consists of cases disposed of by Justices of the Peace out of session.

tout au contraire ces rapports nous font voir que les femmes deviennent une grande force pour la suppression du crime.

#### DÉLITS DE LA JEUNESSE.

A l'égard des délits de la jeunesse, le tableau suivant fait voir le rapport des crimes commis par les jeunes criminels des deux sexes :—

	1889-90.	1891-94.	1895-98.	1899-02.	1902.
Au-dessous de 16 ans, les deux sexes	$2,301 \\ 125 \\ 5 \cdot 43$	$\begin{array}{c c} 2,684 \\ 122 \\ 4.55 \end{array}$	$3,009$ $130$ $4 \cdot 32$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,727 \\ 128 \\ 3 \cdot 43 \end{array}$	859 34 3.95

Ces chiffres font voir qu'il y a eu une diminution satisfaisante dans la proportion des condamnations par les jeunes femmes, avec une légère tendance pour 1902 à excéder la proportion de la période de quatre ans.

Ces chiffres montrent aussi qu'il y a eu une forte augmentation dans la liste des jeunes garçons criminels au-dessous de 16 ans. En 1887–90, le nombre des garçons condamnés pour offenses justiciables du jury, s'élèvait à 2,176 ou 14·33 pour 100 de tous les condamnés de tous âges ; en 1891–4, ce nombre s'élevait à 2,562 ou 14·31 pour 100 ; en 1895–8, 2,879 ou 13 pour 100 et en 1899–1902, 15·80 pour 100. En 1902 ce nombre s'élevait à 825 ou 14·57 pour 100. Il y a certainement une légère amélioration très sensible pour l'année 1902, comparativement à la moyenne des quatre années 1899–1902, mais la période de quatre ans de 1899–02, montre, tel que comparée avec les autres périodes de quatre années, une mauvaise prééminence. Dans le rapport de 1901 on porte une attention toute spéciale sur l'augmentation proportionnée de la criminalité chez les garçons, et les gardiens de la morale publique, les prédicateurs, les instituteurs et les juges ont été priés d'étudier soigneusement les faits, afin de prendre une action intelligente dans le but de diminuer ce mal si sérieux. L'on remarque dans les rapports de 1902, une amélioration sensible, qui, nous l'espérons, se continuera d'années en années.

Les sentences prononcées pour 1902 ont été comme suit :--

1,130, amende sur option.

2,149, moins d'un an en prison.

214, moins de deux ans.

358, de deux ans à 5 ans au pénitenciers.

116, 5 ans et plus.

1, emprisonnement pour la vie.

11, à mort.

245, envoyés aux maisons de réforme.

1,436, autres sentences; promesse de bonne conduite; sentence suspendue, etc.

#### CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES.

La seconde classe de condamnations pour offenses contre les lois, comprend les cas qui sont disposés par des juges de paix en dehors des sessions.

These offences are made up of breaches of the peace; adulteration of food; assaults, infractions of various Acts such as Fishery Acts, Gambling Acts, Game Laws, Liquor License Acts, Masters and Servants Acts, Railway Acts, Municipal Laws, Revenue Laws, vagrancy, drunkenness, cruelty to animals, &c.

The following	table give	s the number	of summary	convictions b	y provinces	, itc. :
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PROVINCES.		1901.		1902.			Increase or Decrease, per cent.		
	м.	F.	Total.	м.	F.	Total.	М.	F.	Total.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba British Columbia Territories Yukon	310 2,378 2,008 6,701 14,772 1,812 2,377 1,182 1,174 32,714	11 270 157 1,193 1,496 206 337 41 85	321 2,648 2,165 7,894 16,268 2,018 2,714 1,223 1,259 36,510	297 3,198 2,088 6,679 15,347 1,889 2,350 1,014 854 	14 261 132 1,262 1,545 160 640 53 93 4,160	2,220 7,941 16,892 2,049 2,990 1,067	I. 34·5 I. 4·0 D. 0·3 I. 4·0 I. 4·2 D. 1·1 D. 5·7 D. 27·2	D. 3·3 D. 15·9 I. 5·0 I. 1·7 D. 22·3 I. 89·9 I. 29·2	I. 2.5 I. 0.6

These figures indicate an increase of 3.7 per cent in 1902 compared with 1901. The increase of 1901 compared with 1900 was 1.7 per cent.

The provinces in which there was in 1902 an increase are Nova Scotia, 30.6 per cent; New Brunswick, 2.5 per cent; Ontario, 3.7 per cent; Manitoba, 1.5 per cent; British Columbia, 10.2 per cent; and Quebec, 0.6 per cent; decreases are noted for Prince Edward Island, 3.1 per cent; The Territories, 12.7 per cent, and the Yukon, 24.7 per cent.

The Yukon criminal returns show that in 1902 that territory contributed 0.85 per cent of the convictions for indictable offences, and 2.50 per cent of those for other offences.

In previous years Yukon's contributions to crime were: 1899, indictable offences, 1.45 per cent, other 4.6 per cent; 1900, 1.65 and 5.2 respectively; 1901, 0.70 for the first and 3.5 for the second.

The total contribution of the Yukon to the crime of the Dominion was: 995 convictions in a total of 43,457 for 1902 or 2·29 per cent. In previous years it was: 1899, 1,579 or 4·08 per cent; 1900, 1,960 or 4.70 per cent; 1901, 1,299 or 3·08 per cent.

The relative reduction in the Yukon's contribution is the evidence that law and order have secured a strong grip upon the population of the great gold-bearing territory.

The decrease in the convictions for the comparatively minor infractions of law in the Yukon in 1902 was 24·7 per cent compared with 1901.

Ces offenses comprennent la pertubation de la paix; falsification de substances alimentaires, voies de fait, infractions aux lois des pêcheries, infractions aux lois défendant le jeu et la chasse, infractions aux lois des licences de boissons, infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs, aux lois des chemins de fer, délits contre le revenu, vagabondage, ivresse, cruauté envers les animaux etc.

Le tableau suivant donne le nombre des condamnations sommaires par provinces:-

PROVINCES.	1901.			1902,			Moyenne d'augmentation ou diminution.		
	Н.	F.	Total.	н.	F.	Total.	Н.	F.	Total.
Ile du Prince-Edouard Nouvelle-Ecosse Nouveau-Brunswick Québec Ontario Manitoba Colombie-Britannique Les Territoires Le Yukon	310 2,378 2,008 6,701 14,772 1,812 2,377 1,182 1,174	11 270 157 1,193 1,496 206 337 41 85	321 2,648 2,165 7,894 16,268 2,018 2,714 1,223 1,259	297 3,198 2,088 6,679 15,347 1,889 2,350 1,014 854	14 261 132 1,262 1,545 160 640 53 93	311 3,459 2,220 7,941 16,892 2,049 2,990 1,067 947	D. 4·2 A. 34·5 A. 4·0 D. 0·3 A. 4·0 A. 4·2 D. 1·1 D. 5·7 D. 27·2	A. 27.3 D. 3.3 D. 15.9 A. 5.0 A. 1.7 D. 22.3 A. 89.9 A. 29.2 A. 9.4	A. 30.6 A. 2.5 A. 0.6 A. 3.7 A. 1.5 A. 10.2

Ces chiffres indiquent une augmentation de 3·7 pour cent pour 1902 en comparaison avec 1901. L'augmentation de 1901 comparativement à 1900 a été de 1·7 pour cent.

Les provinces où il y a eu une augmentation en 1902, sont la Nouvelle-Ecosse, 30·6 pour cent; le Nouveau-Brunswick, 2·5 pour cent; Ontario, 3·7 pour cent; Manitoba, 1·5 pour cent; Colombie-Britannique, 10·2 pour cent; Québec, 0·6 pour cent; on remarque les diminutions suivantes pour l'Ile du Prince-Edouard, 3·1 pour cent; les Territoires, 12·7 pour cent et le Yukon, 24·7 pour cent.

Les rapports des Statistiques criminelles pour le Yukon, montrent qu'en 1902, ce territoire a contribué pour sa part, 0.85 pour cent dans les condamnations pour offenses justiciables du jury, et 2.50 pour cent pour les autres offenses.

Pour les années précédentes, les contributions du Yukon pour la criminalité étaient:—1899, pour offenses justiciables du jury 1·45, autres offenses 4·6 pour cent; 1900, 1·65 et 5·2 respectivement; 1901, 0·70 pour les premières et 3·5 pour les autres.

La contribution totale du Yukon au calendrier criminel de la Puissance pour 1902 a été, 995 condamnations sur un total de 43,457, ou 2·29 pour cent. Pour les années précédentes, cette contribution était, 1899, 1,579 ou 4·08 pour cent; 1900, 1,960 ou 4·70 pour cent; 1901, 1,299 ou 3·08 pour cent.

Cette réduction relative du crime dans le territoire du Yukon, est une preuve évidente que la loi et l'ordre ont été respectés par la population de ce pays de l'or.

La diminution dans les condamnations pour offenses moins graves contre la loi dans le Yukon pour 1902, a été de 24·7 pour cent en comparaison avec 1901.

Examination into the infractions of the laws relative to liquors provides the following table for the whole Dominion:—

Year.	Convictions.	Per cent of Total Summary Convictions.
1894	2,143	7 · 00
1895	2,174	6.77
1896	1,987	6.10
1897	2,099	6.50
1898	2,178	$6 \cdot 72$
1899	2,083	6.31
1900	1,943	5.43
1901	2,230	6.11
1902	2,366	6.24

The feature in this table is the increase in the number of convictions. The absolute number is greater in 1902 than any other year of the period, while the proportionate number is a shade below the average of the previous seven years.

Women are engaging less and less in the business of distributing liquors.

The number of women to whom punishment was meted out by reason of infractions of the liquor laws by them is steadily decreasing. In 1902, 251 women were among the 2,366 persons convicted of breaking the laws. In 1901, there were 268 and in 1900, 219. During the period 1894–9 the number of women convicted was 131 in every 1,000 of the convictions. In 1900 there were 113, in every 1,000 in 1901, 119 and in 1902, 112.

By provinces the greatest proportionate increase in summary convictions is found in Nova Scotia. British Columbia comes next. Ontario shows a relative increase of 3·7 per cent, and of the total net increase of 1,287 contributes 3,545, showing that other provinces have decreased very considerably the number of their summary convictions. The greatest proportionate decrease is in the Territories.

In 1902 drunkenness caused 13,324 summary convictions against 12,727 in 1901, and 12,215 in 1900.

The average for seven years 1894-1900 is 11,370, so that 1902 is 1,954 over the average, and 1901 is 1,357 over.

There were 1,147 women convicted of drunkenness in 1902, 1,207 in 1901, and 1,157 in 1900, a decrease of 60 in 1902 as compared with 1901, and of 10 as compared with 1900.

This would seem to indicate that the excessive drinking by women has about reached its lowest point unless special efforts are made and are successful in rescuing women from this vice.

According to the returns, for keeping and frequenting bawdy houses and for being inmates thereof, 9,082 persons were convicted in the period 1894–1902 (9 years). Of these 2,575 were men and 6,507 women. The yearly average is 1,009, of whom 286 were males and 723 females. The figures for 1902 are considerably in excess of those

Un examen des transgressions aux lois concernant les liqueurs nous fait voir le tableau suivant pour toute la Puissance.

Année.	Condamnations.	Moyenne totale des condamnations sommaires.
1894	2,143	7 · 00
1895		6 · 77
1896		6.10
1898	.:2,178	6.72
1900	1,943	5 · 43
1901		6.11
1902		$\cdots \cdots 6 \cdot 24$

Un fait remarquable a noter dans ce tableau, est l'augmentation dans le nombre de condamnations pour infractions à ces lois. Le nombre absolu est plus fort en 1902 que dans toute autre année de la période ci-haut mentionnée, pendant que le nombre proportionné est en quelque sorte au-dessous de la moyenne des sept années précédentes.

Les femmes semblent s'occuper de moins en moins du trafic des liqueurs. Le nombre de femmes trouvées coupables pour infractions aux lois concernant les liqueurs va en diminuant.

En 1902, on comptait 251 femme parmi les 2,366 personnes condamnées pour infractions à cette loi. En 1901 le nombre en a été de 268 et en 1900, 219. Durant la période de 1894-9 le nombre de femmes condamnées a été de 131 par chaque 1,000 de condamnations. En 1900 le nombre en a été de 113 par chaque 1,000, en 1901, 119 et en 1902, 112.

Par provinces la plus forte augmentation proportionnée pour les condamnations sommaires se trouvent dans la Nouvelle-Ecosse.

La province de la Colombie-Britannique vient ensuite.

La province d'Ontario nous montre une augmentation relative de 3.7 pour cent, et du total net d'une augmentation de 1,287, cette province contribue pour 3,545, ce qu montre que les autres provinces ont diminué considérablement le nombre de leurs condamnations sommaires. La plus grande diminution proportionnée se trouve dans les Territoires.

En 1902 l'ivrognerie a été la cause de 13,324 condamnations sommaires contre 12,727 en 1901 et 12,215 en 1900.

La moyenne pour les sept années 1894-1900 est de 11,370, en sorte que 1902 est de 1,954 au-dessus de la moyenne, et 1901 de 1,357.

Il y a eu 1,147 femmes condammées pour ivresse en 1902, 1,207 en 1901 et 1,157 en 1900, soit une diminution de 60 en 1902, en comparaison avec 1901, et de 10 en comparaison avec 1900.

D'après ces données, nous voyons avec bonheur que l'abus des liqueurs chez la femme a atteint sa dernière phase, et en lui venant en aide on parviendra à la sauver de ce vice.

for the previous years; the convicted males being 92 more than in 1901, and the females being 488 more.

The great increase in females is explained by the fact that in the districts of Yale, B.C., and Thunder Bay, (Town of Port Arthur), Ont., the same women were before the courts many times having to pay fines small in comparison with the fines imposed in other places.

Table IV shows that in 1902 there were in all 32,679 persons fined, the total fines amounting to \$289,869, of which amount \$228,009 was paid and \$61,800 not paid. The number of persons committed to jail in default of payment of fines was 6,089. Compared with 1901 there were 1,772 more persons fined in 1902, the total fines were \$19,716 less, and the number committed to jail in default of payment was 587 more.

The number of cases tried by jury in 1902 was 780, of which 408 males and 20 females were convicted, and 322 males and 30 females were acquitted. In 1901 the number was 641, of which 329 males and 25 females were convicted, and 273 males and 14 females were acquitted.

During I896–1902 (7 years), there were 5,691 criminal cases tried by jury, 3,201 of which resulted in conviction or 56 24 per cent.

In 1900 the proportion was 55 per cent, in 1901, 55·22 per cent, and in 1902, 55 per cent. Thus 1902 is below the average of the previous 6 years, which was 56·46, and slightly below 1901.

In the United Kingdom the proportion of convicted to persons tried is  $74\cdot 8$  per cent.

From some cause or from a variety of causes our courts have a record far below the average of the United Kingdom.

The number of cases in which the prerogative of mercy was exercised during 1902 was 439, of which 413 were males and 26 females. In 1901 the number was 326, of which 306 were males, and in 1900, 306, of which 300 were males.

Of the number to which the prerogative was extended 235 were immates of penitentiaries, 51 of reformatories, 87 of common jails, 65 of the Central Prison, Ontario, and one was not imprisoned, part of the fine being remitted.

Of the number (439) 207 were tried in Ontario, 112 in Quebec, 36 in Nova Scotia, 28 in British Columbia, 20 in New Brunswick, 11 each in Manitoba and North-west Territories, 6 in Prince Edward Island and 3 in the Yukon. Of these 14 were under 16 years old, 92 between 16 to 21 years, 246 between 21 and 40 years, 73 between 40 and 60 years; 13, 60 years and over, and one age not given.

Under the ticket of leave system the following tickets have been granted:— '

From	Nov.	24, 1899,	to Sept. 30,	1900	124
* *	Oct. 1	, 1900	11	1901	167
11	11	1901	11	1902	242

During the year 1902 six tickets were revoked. Previously 5 were forfeited because the holders were convicted of indictable offences while holding the tickets of

D'après les rapports relatifs aux maisons de prostitution et leurs pensionnaires, 9,082 personnes ont été condamnées durant la période 1894-1902 (9 ans). De ce nombre 2,575 étaient des hommes 6,507 des femmes. La moyenne annuelle est de 1,009 dont 286 hommes et 723 femmes. Les chiffres de 1902 sont de beaucoup plus élevés que ceux des années précédentes ; les hommes qui ont été condamnés en 1902 étant de 92 de plus qu'en 1901, et les femmes 488 de plus.

La forte augmentation que l'on constate chez les femmes s'explique par le fait que dans les districts de Yale, C.-B. et Thunder Bay (ville de Port Arthur) Ontario, les mêmes femmes ayant été amenées devant les cours, en différents temps n'ont payé qu'une faible amende en comparaison de celles qui sont imposées dans les autres endroits.

Le tableau IV indique qu'en 1902 il y a eu en tout 32,679 personnes condamnés à l'amende pour un montant total de \$289,869, sur lequel, montant \$228,009 ont été payées et \$61,800 ne l'ont pas encore été. Le nombre de personnes condamnées à la prison sur défaut du paiement des amendes a été de 6,089. Si l'on fait une comparaison avec 1901, on voit qu'il y a en 1902 1,772 personnes de plus, le momtant total des amendes ayant été de \$19,716 de moins de ceux condamnés à la prison pour défaut de paiement a été de 587 de plus.

Le nombre de causes jugées par devant jurés, en Canada, pour l'année 1902 a été de 780 dont 408 hommes et 20 femmes ont été condamnées et 322 hommes et 30 femmes ont été acquittés. En 1901, le nombre a été de 641 dont 329 hommes et 25 femmes ; 273 hommes et 14 femmes ont été acquittés.

Durant la période de 1896–1902 (7 années) il y a eu 5,691 causes criminelles par devant jurés, dont le résultat a été une moyenne de condamnations de 56.24 pour cent soit 3,201 condamnations.

En 1900, la proportion a été de 55 pour cent ; en 1901,  $55 \cdot 22$  pour cent et en 1902,  $55 \cdot 00$  pour cent. Ainsi donc 1902 est en dessous de la moyenne des six années précédentes, qui a été de  $56 \cdot 46$ , et un peu au-dessous de 1901.

Dans le Royaume--Uni, la proportion des personnes condamnées à celle de ceux qui ont éte jugées est de 74·8 pour cent.

Nous ne savons trop pour quelle raison, mais il est reconnu par les rapports que nos cours montrent une moyenne bien au-dessous de celle du Royaume-Uni.

Le nombre de cas où la prérogative de pardon a été exercée, durant l'année 1902 a été de 439 dont 413 étaient des hommes et 26 des femmes. En 1901, le nombre a été 326 dont 306 étaient des hommes, et en 1900, 306, dont 300, des hommes.

Du nombre de cas ci-dessus 235, étaient des détenus de pénitenciers, 51 de prisons de réforme, 87 des prisons communes, 65 de la prison centrale d'Ontario, et un qu'i n'avait pas été emprisonné, une partie de l'amende ayant été remise.

Du nombre (439), 207 ont été jugés dans Ontario, 112 dans Québec, 36 dans la Nouvelle-Ecosse, 28 dans la Colombie-Britannique, 20 dans le Nouveau-Brunswick, 11 dans le Manitoba et les Territoires, 6 dans l'Île du Prince-Edouard et 3 dans le Yukon. De ces différents cas, 14 étaient au-dessous de 16 ans, 92 entre 19 et 21, 246 entre 21 et 40, 73 entre 40 et 60, 13 de 60 ans et au dessus, et un, dont l'âge n'est pas donné.

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leave or for other eauses. Thus, of a total of 533 tickets of leave granted, 11 have been revoked.

During the year the death sentence was pronounced on 11 persons. In two cases this sentence was commuted to imprisonment for life, and in one instance on account of proved insanity.

During the period 1880-1902 (23 years) there have been 203 death sentences all for murder, excepting one for high treason. 126 of the persons upon whom the death sentence was pronounced were executed; 77 of the death sentences were changed to imprisonment for life. In addition for other crimes there have been 67 life sentences. There were 54 persons upon whom the courts pronounced sentences of death whose original sentence was commuted to imprisonment for life and who, after serving varying periods, were pardoned. Of the 67 whose original sentence was imprisonment for life 54 were pardoned. Of the 67 sentences for life 22 were for manslaughter, 15 for rape, 7 for shooting with intent to kill, 6 for attempt at murder, 3 for arson, 3 for damages to property by the use of explosives, and 11 for various offences.

GEORGE JOHNSON, F.S.S. (hon.), Statistician.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, OTTAWA, august 1903.

D'après l'organisation des " permis d'élargissement " les permis suivants ont été accordés :—

Du 24 novembre 1899 au	30 septemb	ore 1900	 	 124
Du 1er octobre 1900 au 30	septembre	1901	 	 167
1901	11	1902	 	 242

Durant l'année 1902, six permis d'élargissement ont été révoqués. D'abord cinq furent forfaits, vu que les porteurs de ces permis furent condamnés pour offenses justiciables du jury, pendant qu'ils étaient en possession de ces permis ou pour autres causes. Ainsi donc du total de 533 permis d'élargissement accordés, onze furent révoqués.

Durant l'année, la sentence de mort a été prononcée contre onze personnes. Dans deux cas cette sentence a été commuée à l'emprisonnement pour la vie, et dans un cas pour cause d'insanité.

Durant la période de 1880–1902 (23 années) 203 sentences de mort ont été prononcées, toutes pour meurtre, à l'exception d'une pour haute trahison. 126 des personnes contre lesquelles la sentence de mort a été prononcée, ont été exécutées. 77 des sentences de mort ont été changées en emprisonnement pour la vie. Il y a eu en outre 67 sentences à vie pour différents autres crimes. Il y a eu 54 personnes contre lesquelles les cours avaient prononcé des sentences de mort, dont la sentence première a été commuée à l'emprisonnement pour la vie, et qui après avoir servi durant différentes périodes de temps, ont été pardonnées. Des 67 personnes dont la sentence première était l'emprisonnement pour la vie, 54 reçurent leurs pardons. De ces 67 sentences pour la vie, 22 étaient pour homicide involontaire et 15 pour viol, 7 tirer avec intention de tuer, 6 pour tentative de meurtre, 3 pour incendie, 3 pour dommages à la propriété au moyen de matières explosives et 11 pour différentes offenses.

GEORGE JOHNSON, F.S.S. (hon.),
Statisticien.

Ministère de l'Agriculture, Ottawa, août 1903.

#### APPENDIX I.—INDICTABLE OFFENCES.

COMPARATIVE TABLE of convictions for each Province from 1883 to 1902.

## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.—ILE DU PRINCE-EDOUARD.

				NUMBER	ог Со	NVICTIO	NS.		
96	OFFENCES.	Aver	age-Moy	venné.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.
Class.		1883-87.	1888-92.	1892-97.	1000.	1030.	1300.	1501.	1:702.
T	Abortion and attempt at			0.5					,   
IV	Arson	0.2	0.4	0.5	2			,	
1	*Assault and battery	53.2	0.4 40.4		30	$\frac{2}{39}$	18	30	27
Î	Assault on peace officer	1.0	1.2	2.2	3	2	1		
I	Assaults, indecent	0.5	2.8	0.2		1	9		
Ī	Assaults—aggravated  *Assault and battery. Assault on peace officer. Assaults, indecent Assault on females Bigamy Bringing stolen property in Canada Burglary Canally knowing a girl of tender years								
III	Bringing stolen property in Canada		0.5						
I	Carnally knowing a girl of tender years or an imbecile * Carrying unlawful weapons. Concealing birth Conspiracy		0 2	0 2	1		1	•••••	
VI	* Carrying unlawful weapons	1.0		0.8	4				3
I	Concealing birth	0.5		0.5					
J	Deserting child								
VI	Election Act, breaches of								
111	Endangering safety of pass, on railway.						• • • •		
ΠÎ	False pretences and fraud	0.4	1.0	0.5	1				1
III	Feloniously receiving		0.6	0.5		1			• • • • • •
1,	Forcible entry. Forgery * Gambling Acts, breaches of Horse, &c., stealing	0.4	0.4			1	1		
VI	* Gambling Acts, breaches of	1.0							
111	House, shop, warehouse breaking	1.0	1.4	4.0	5	1	2	1	6
Ĩ	Incest, rape and attempt at * Indecent exposure			0.5		1			
VI	* Indecent exposure  * Larceny	11.6	0·2 11·8	$\frac{0.6}{19.4}$	T		1	10	
III	* Larceny								
III	tibel " the person		0.5						
ΙV	Libel	4.6	3.2	9:4	7	5	11	1	4
I	Manslaughter	0.4	0.9						2
I	attempt at	0.2	0 2						
VI	Perjury		0.5	0.0					
1	* Refusing to support family		0.5	0.5			1		1
VI	Revenue Laws, breaches of	0.5	0.4	2.6		2			
II	return attempt at. Perjury. Prison breach, escape, &c. * Refusing to support family. Revenue Laws, breaches of. Robbery Seduction Shooting, wounding.	0.5		0.5					
Í	Seduction Shooting, wounding. Sodomy and bestiality Stealing letters, &c. Suicide, attempt at Various offences against the person other misdemeanors.	0.4		1.4	i	2			
III	Sodomy and bestiality		• • • • • • •	0.5	1				
VI	Suicide, attempt at								
I	Various offences against the person		1.0						
V 1	other misdemeanors								• • • • • •
	Totals	76.8	67.0	82.0	77	62	56	47	59
	a Class 1	56.2	49.8	49.2	46	51	22	35	32
	" III	$\frac{1\cdot 2}{12\cdot 0}$	13.6		5		3	1	6
	" IV	4.8	3.2	20.0	18	5	17 11	10	15 4
	" V	•4	•4			1	1		
	b " VI	210.0	453.8	328.8	382	388	375	291	303
	Totals of indictable offences and summary convictions	584.6	522.4	412.0	460	452	429	338	360

<sup>a. "Threats and abusive language" of the summary convictions included.
b. All summary convictions less "Threats and abusive language" included.
\* From indictable offences and summary convictions.</sup> 

## APPENDICE I.—DÉLITS JUSTICIABLES DU JURY.

Tableau comparatif des condamnations pour chaque province depuis 1883 à 1902.

# NOVA SCOTIA.—NOUVELLE-ECOSSE.

	**		-		1	- Carpenting			
		OMBRE DI	COND.	AMNATI	ons.			Dirtano	zž.
Avera	ge—Moy	enne.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	DÉLITS.	Classes.
1883-87.	1888-92.	1893–97.							5
		0.5				1		Enlévement	I
0.5	0.5		2	i	····i		6	Avortement et tentative d'	IV
4·6 216·2	3·4 204·6	$\frac{6.2}{189.0}$	$\begin{array}{c} \tilde{6} \\ 170 \end{array}$	6 168	$\frac{11}{224}$	$\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ 227 \end{array}$	14 279	Voies de fait graves ** Agression avec voies de fait	I
20.4	3.8	56.4	52	40	54	73	88	Voies de fait sur un officier de paix	I
1·2 3·4	2·2 0·4	$\frac{1.6}{2.6}$	2	2	1	$\frac{3}{2}$	6	Attentat à la pudeur	I
	0.5	2.5			5			Bigamie Effets volés apportés au Canada	$\Pi$ I
6.8	1.0	7.0	3	i	11	14		Vol avec effraction	II
0.5			1				2	Commerce charnel avec une fille en bas âge ou une aliénée	I
3.2	1.4	2:6	2	2	4	10	7	* Port d'armes illégal	VI
0.5		0.4	1	1	3	1		Suppression d'enfants	$_{ m VI}^{ m I}$
	0.5	0.5						Désertion d'enfants	VI
0.6	1.0	0.6			i			Détournement	III
0·2 1·6	$\frac{1.4}{2.8}$	0.6 4.6	i	$\frac{1}{2}$				Exp. au péril les pass, sur les ch. de fer Faux prétextes et fraude	$_{ m III}$
1.6	1.8		6			1	5	Recel Entrée forcée	III VI
0.6	1.8	1.8		2	11	3	4	Faux, etc	V
1·2 1·2	0.8	0.6		4		2 4	2	* Infractions aux lois défendant le jeu Vol de chevaux, etc	VI III
6.4	9.4	9.6		7	12	19	28	Bris de maisons, magasins, entrepôts	îï
1·4 2·6	$\frac{1\cdot 2}{3\cdot 2}$	1.2	9	$\frac{2}{2}$				Inceste, viol et tentative de * Exposition indécente	$v_{I}^{I}$
107 · 4	$\begin{array}{c c} 77.0 \\ 2.0 \end{array}$		123	137	149	145	178	* Larcin	III
	1.4		2					u sur la personne	111
33.0	32.8	33.8	33	40	49	53	$\frac{1}{65}$	Libelle* * Dommages malicieux aux chevaux, etc.	$_{\rm IV}^{\rm I}$
0.4	1.4	0.4	2			2		Homicide non prémédité	I
0.4		$\begin{array}{c} 0.5 \\ 0.5 \end{array}$						Meurtre tentative de	I
0.6 2.0				10	$\frac{2}{7}$	3 8		Parjure	VI VI
2.0	$2 \cdot 2$	1.6	1	3	2		. 1	* Refus de pourv. aux bes. de la famille.	I
2·0 1·6				3		4	1	Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat	VI
2.6	1.2	0·2 3·0			3	$\frac{1}{9}$		Séduction	I
0.2	0.2	0.5				3	1	Sodomie et bestialité	I
0.4	0.2	0.4				$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & \dots & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	1 1	Vol de lettres chargées	VI
4.0	0.4	0.8		1			2	Outrages divers contre la personne	I
1.8		·						Divers autres délits	VI
432.4	370.2	449.8	445	447	583	621	763	JTotaux.	
270.6								a Classe I	
14.8 112.8			14 132				37 189		
33.2	33.4	35.8	32		50	53	71	1 IV	
1,043 4				1,799	2,011			b " VI	
1,475 4	1,430 4	2,715.6	2,680	2,259	2,595	2,977	3,877	Totaux des délits justiciables du jury	
	1,100		1,000				, , , , ,	et des condamnations sommaires.	

<sup>a. "Menaces et langage injurieux" des condamnations sommaires inclus.
b. Toutes les condamnations sommaires moins "Menaces et langage injurieux" inclus.
\* Délits justiciables du jury et condamnations sommaires.</sup> 

## INDICTABLE OFFENCES. COMPARATIVE TABLE FROM 1883 TO 1902.

## NEW BRUNSWICK-NOUVEAU-BRUNSWICK.

		Number of Convictions,										
ož.	OFFENCES.	Avera	age-Moy	yenne.	1.000	1400		1				
Class.		1883-87.	1888-92.	1893-97.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.			
Ţ	Abduction		0.4	0.5				1				
IV	Abortion and attempt at	1.0		1.2		3		2	1			
Ţ	Assaults, aggravated* *Assault and battery	6:0 266:4	4·4 260·4			7 149	171					
Î	Assault on peace officer	38.8	2.0	24.2	12	21	23					
T	Assaults, indecent Assault on female	0.8	0.4		4	$\frac{2}{1}$			1			
I	Bigamy Bringing stolen property in Canada Burglary Carnally knowing a girl of tender years	0.8	0.4		1							
II	Burglary	0.8				2		6				
	or an impecile.											
VI	*Carrying unlawful weapons Concealing birth	0.2			7	1	1		3			
VI	Conspiracy			0.2								
VI	Deserting child											
III	Embezzlement	0.6	0.5									
111	Endangering safety of pass. on railway. False pretences and fraud	1.0 0.6				2		2				
III	Feleniously receiving	0.6	0.8	2.2	3	2		2				
. V	Forgery.	0.4	0.6	0.5	2				2			
VI	*Gambling Acts, breaches of Horse, &c., stealing	0.4		1·2 0·2	1	2 1	6	14				
$\Pi$	House, shop, warehouse breaking	5.0	4.6	5.2	4	6	1		2			
VI	Incest, rape and attempt at *Indecent exposure	1.4 0.8	$0.4 \\ 0.2$	0.4	4	$\cdots_{2}$	3		8			
ΙΙΙ	*Larceny	45.2	42.4	50.4	59	$7\overline{2}$	82	64	83			
111	*Larceny	$0.2 \\ 0.2$	$0.2 \\ 0.2$	0.5		·····i	2	1				
- 1	Libel	36.4	0·2 36·0	30.0	25	26	32	28	•••••			
1	*Malicious injury to horses, &c Manslaughter.		1.4	0.4	1	20		20				
I	Murder	0.4	0.5	0.4					1			
VI	Perjury Prison breach, escape, &c	0.5										
VI	Prison breach, escape, &c*Refusing to support family	1.2	2.0	1.8	3	1	1	4	6			
VÎ	Revenue Laws, breaches of			0.8		7		1				
11	Seduction	0.4	0.5	0.4				1				
Ī	Shooting, wounding	1.8	$\frac{1.6}{0.2}$	1.8			4		3			
III	Stealing letters, &c	0.4	0 2	0.4								
VI	Stealing letters, &c	0.3		0.4								
VI	Various offences against the person  other misdemeanors	$0.\overline{2}$	10.4	4.5			1					
	Total	415.8	378.6	335.0	328	310	343	341	346			
	a. Class I	337 · 2	322.0	261 · 4	246	213	234	236	227			
	, n II	6·2 48·2	5·8 45·2	5.6 53.6	69	8	1	7 69	2 84			
	" IV	37.4	36.2	31.2	62 27	76 29	87 32	30	39			
	b. " V	$\frac{\cdot 4}{1,792}$	1,934.6		2,913	1,935	1,957	1,950	$\frac{2}{2,024}$			
	Totals of indictable offences and summary convictions.  a. "Threats and abusive language" of the	2,222 0			2,354	2,261	2,311	2,292	2,378			

b. All summary convictions less 'Threats and abusive language' included.

\* From indictable offences and summary convictions.

## DÉLITS JUSTICIABLES DU JURY. Talbleau comparatif depuis 1883 à 1902.

## QUEBEC.

	N	Nombre D	E CONI					
	age-Mo		1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	DÉLITS.
1883-87. 0·2 1·8 61·4 747·0 155·4 6·8 17·6	$egin{array}{cccc} 0.2 \\ 4.0 \\ 79.6 \\ 929.6 \\ 140.6 \\ 10.0 \\ \end{array}$	1·0 6·8 52·4 670·6 241·0 7·2	58 596 185 12	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 35 \\ 601 \\ 202 \end{bmatrix}$	10 39 646 176 9	10 63 742 125 14 29	$ \begin{array}{c c}  & 2 \\  & 35 \\  & 757 \\  & 130 \\  & 9 \end{array} $	Enlèvement. Avortement et tentative d'. Incendie par malveillance
0·6 1·0 8·2 0·2	$ \begin{array}{c c} 0.6 \\ 1.0 \\ 23.2 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} 1.6 \\ 1.2 \\ 20.6 \end{array} $	$egin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 25 \end{bmatrix}$	2 1 9 1	1 89 1	13 1		Bigamie Effets volés apportés au Canada Vol avec effraction Commerce charnel avec une fille en bas âge ou une aliénée.
$27 \cdot 0$ $1 \cdot 0$ $0 \cdot 6$ $0 \cdot 2$ $0 \cdot 6$ $0 \cdot 2$ $0 \cdot 6$ $0 \cdot 2$ $0 \cdot 6$ $0 \cdot 6$ $0 \cdot 6$ $0 \cdot 7 \cdot 4$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.6 \\ 2.6 \\ 0.2 \\ \dots \\ 17.2 \\ 0.4 \\ 28.4 \end{array}$	0.6 2.8 0.4 1.6 4.4 1.8 35.0	1 1	25 3 3 2 35 34	28  5  1 1 5 25 18	13 3 11  2 4 35 9	5 2 34	*Port d'armes illégal V Suppression d'enfants. Conspiration. V Désertion d'enfants. Infractions à la loi électorale V Détournement II Exp. au péril les pass, sur les ch. de fer. Faux prétextes et fraude. II Recel II
7·4 8·6 12·4 28·0 2·0 26·0 549·8	10.8 18.4 10.4 36.2 2.2 24.4 720.2	0 · 2 10 · 8 18 · 6 10 · 0 66 · 4 3 · 2 35 · 4 854 · 8		39 70 9 122 5 35 1,056	3 20 64 10 15 5 36 895	20 67 12 112 4 42 857 27	$10 \\ 170 \\ 3 \\ 109 \\ 1 \\ 42$	Entrée forcée V Faux, etc. *Infractions aux lois défendant le jeu V Vol de chevaux, etc. Bris de maisons, magasins, entrepôts I Inceste, viol et tentative de *Exposition indécente V *Larcin II " vol dans des maisons habitées II
$egin{array}{c} 8 \cdot 0 \\ 14 \cdot 8 \\ 0 \cdot 8 \\ 0 \cdot 8 \\ 121 \cdot 2 \\ 1 \cdot 8 \\ 0 \cdot 6 \\ 0 \cdot 6 \\ 1 \cdot 8 \\ 5 \cdot 0 \\ \end{array}$	20·0 1·8 244·6 1·2 1·0 1·6 1·4	16·2 0·2 204·4 1·2 0·2 1·2 3·0	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 227 \\ 3 \end{array}$	18 	17 3 176 1 3 2 6 4	18 2 179 2 2 2 6	5 2 4 4	" sur la personne II Libelle. *Dommages malicieux aux chevaux, etc. I' Homicide non prémédité Meurtre " tentative de. Parjure V Bris de prison, évasion, etc. V
4·4 8·0 16·0 	32.6 15.6 15.0 11.8 1.0 4.2 1.4 8.0	19·2 40·4 12·0 0·4 13·0 1·0 2·8 5·2	8 70 17 1 17 1,3 6 11	8 36 26  26 1 2 9 12 1	13 32 60 1 8 	17 19 23 1 8 2 2 2 3 5	12 11 12 4 14 1 2 10	*Refus de pourv. aux bes. de la famille. Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat
1,919.6			2,520		2,475	2,514		Totaux.
1,061·0 52·2 625·2 123·0 7·4 5,422·8	1,307·0 74·4 816·6 248·6 10·8 7,592·2	1,106·8 99·0 945·2 211·2 10·8 8,287·4	981 169 1,043 231 11 7,591	974 157 1,160 196 39 7,749	993 164 969 186 20 7,585	1,102 148 962 189 20 6,963	1,096 159 822 188 10 7,071	a. Classe I
7,291.6	10,049.6	10,660 · 4	10,026	10,275	9,917	9,384	9,346	Totaux des délits justiciables du jury et des condamnations sommaires.

a. 'Menaces et langage injurieux' des condamnations sommaires inclus. b. Toutes les comdamnations sommaires moins 'Menaces et langage injurieux' inclus. \* Délits justiciables du jury et condamnations sommaires.

## INDICTABLE OFFENCES. Comparative Table from 1883 to 1902.

## ONTARIO.

		ONTIL							-		
		Number of Convictions.									
ruic GG	OFFENCES.	Avera	ge-Moy	enne.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.		
Class.		1883-87	1888-92.	1893-97.	1000.	10.75.	1,700.	1501.	1000.		
I	Abduction	0.6	1.4	2.4	3	1	2	7	4		
I	Abortion and attempt at	$\frac{9.6}{0.8}$	$\frac{0.6}{12.2}$	$\frac{2 \cdot 2}{17 \cdot 0}$	21	$\frac{6}{24}$	3	3	2		
IV	Arson	92.4	102.0	93.5	145	131	17 128	199	15		
1	Assault—aggravated* * Assault and battery	2,418.4	2,117.6	1,835.6	1,833	1,653	1,786	133	$95 \\ 1.694$		
1	Assault and battery	120.0	78.8	75.2	94	71	82	79	71		
1	Assaults, indecent	17.0	24.0	30.8	32	31	24	24	32		
	Assault on females	20 4	7.2	10.8	10	19	11	18	13		
Ť	Rigamy	4.4	$9.\overline{2}$	9.2	7	7	5	14	6		
TI	Bigamy Bringing stolen property in Canada	5.6	5.6	3.2	1	1	9	4	2		
3.11	Burglary	26.6	35.2	52.2	48	47	43	33	38		
I	Carnally knowing a girl of tender years	1.4	4.0	7.6	4	4	9	2	7		
	or an imbeeile.			10.0				~ ~			
VI	* Carrying unlawful weapons	75:2	66.6	46.2	43	47	44	56	42		
177	Concealing birth	0.6	$\frac{0.2}{1.0}$	0.8 1.8	2 4	2	1 3	* * * * * *	2		
VI	Conspiracy	2:0	$\frac{1}{3} \cdot 2$	1.8	6	2	9	6	·····i		
77T	Floation Act breaches of	20	0 8	1.6	ĭ	-	ĩ	2	1		
TIT	Election Act, breaches of. Embezzlement.	19.4	14.8	8.6	$\hat{2}$	5	1	73	4		
T	Endangering safety of pass. on railway.	7.0	4.8	16.6	13	10	12	7	2		
III	False pretences and fraud	58.2	59.0	109.8	117	64	127	85	= 90		
III	Feloniously receiving	23.6	25.4	34.6	29	56	43	27	36		
VI	Forcible entry	1.5	1.0	2 0	9	5	9	6	2		
V	Forgery	23.8	23:2	39.4		52	44	47	33		
	* Gambling Act, breaches of	60.8	55.4	92.4	42	63	67	62	67		
	Horse, &c., stealing	23·2 58·4	23.6 87.6	31.8 170.6	$\begin{array}{c} 32 \\ 205 \end{array}$	23 144	25 109	31 152	40		
	House, shop, warehouse breaking	10.8	7.4	8.0	14	10	11	102	111		
371	Incest, rape and attempt at	54.4	68.8	66.2	72	56	76	88	101		
TIT	* Indecent exposure	1,172.2		1,657 2		1,675	1,714	1,754	1,724		
III	from dwelling	3.4	6.4	6.8	3	2,0,0	6	7	1		
III	" the person	3.0	8.4		31	22	34	28	32		
	Libel	0.6	0.8	0.8		1		1			
IV	* Malicious injury to horses, &c	459.4	357.8			347	368	308	431		
Ī	Manslaughter	8.4	5.6			5	4	4	4		
Ĩ	Murder attempt at	2.8	2:4	-3.0		3		1	2		
777			0.4		18	2 10	1	13	4		
	Perjury		11.0			13		15			
V I	* Refusing to support family					44		61	57		
vi	Revenue Laws, breaches of		7.4			28		5	18		
II	Robbery	\$1.6	25.8	41.4	27	19		17	8		
Ī	Seduction		2.8		3	2		5	3		
I	Shooting, wounding	47.2	65.0					75	41		
I	Sodomy and bestiality	1.8	1.8				4	3			
III	Stealing letters, &c	2.2	2.8				1	1	7		
VI	Suicide, attempt at	2.8	3.6					7			
3/1	. de locas situation aditables en la faction de	37·2 22·4	22:0 77:0					16 26			
VI	n other misdemeanors	22 4	11 0	10 0		21	11	40	-		
	Totals	4,964.6	4,768.0	5,017 4	5,270	4,800	5,085	5,008	4,892		
	a Class I	2,953.6	2,797 · 8	2,453 4	2,514	2,275	2,451	2,411	2,290		
	" II	116.6			280						
	" III								1,930		
	11 IV	469 0	370.0				385		440		
	ıı <u>V</u>	23.8	23.2	39.4				47	3		
	b " VI	13,898.8	15,882.0	11,976 4	11,589	12,627	13,408	14,116	14,60		
	Totals of indictable offences and	18,772 5	20,663:0	16,931 2	16,811	16,784	18,420	19,037	19,46		
	summary convictions.		1						)		

a. "Threats and abusive language" of the summary convictions included.
 b. All summary convictions less 'Threats and abusive language' included.
 \* From indictable offences and summary convictions.

## DÉLITS JUSTICIABLES DU JURY. TABLEAU COMPARATIF DEPUIS 1883 À 1902.

## MANITOBA.

•		N	OMBRE D	E COND.	AMNATI					
-	Avera	age—Moy	enne.						DÉLITS.	ses.
1	883-87.	1888-92.	1893-97.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.		Classes
		0.5					1		Enlèvement	I
	0.0	0.5			1				Incendie par malveillance	ΙΫ
	$\frac{3.5}{3.5}$		56.2	51	64	86	7 84	96	Voies de fait graves*  * Agression avec voies de fait	I
	$\frac{0.9}{8.0}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.6 \\ 1.0 \end{array}$	$\frac{4\cdot 4}{2\cdot 6}$		4	5 6	$\frac{7}{2}$	2 3	Voies de fait sur un officier de paix Attentat à la pudeur	I
			0.4						Voies de fait sur femmes	į
4	0.5				1		1		Bigamie Effets volés apportés au Canada	III
	1·2 0·2		1.6	4	1	4	$\frac{2}{2}$	1	Vol avec effraction	II
					8	5	8		âge ou une aliénée.	VI
	11.2	2.6	1.6	5	8		1	9	* Port d'armes illégal	I
-									Conspiration	VI
	0.8	0.5	0.4						Infractions à la loi électorale	VI
		0.4					$\frac{1}{2}$		Détournement Exp. au péril les pass. sur les ch. de fer.	III
	4·2 0·6			9			$\frac{2}{4}$		Faux prétextes et fraude Recel	III
	0·2 1·8				5		9		Entrée forcée	VI
	28.2	4.6	2.0	8			26	24	Faux, etc	V
	$\frac{2.0}{1.0}$	1·0 7·0			${21}$	10	$\frac{1}{9}$		Vol de chevaux, etc	III
	2:0		1.8	1		1	2 3		Inceste, viol et tentative de	I
	61.6	56.4	124.4	139			138	135	* Exposition indécente	VI
	$0.6 \\ 1.0$				2	1	$\begin{vmatrix} \dots \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	5	Vol dans des maisons habitées	III
	14.4		0.5			19	$\frac{1}{21}$		Libelle	I
	0.4	0.4	0.5		1	3	1		*Dommages malicieux aux chevaux, etc Homicide non prémédité	IV
		0.6	0.6		3	1		2	Meurtre	I
	1.2	0.5	$\frac{0.2}{3.4}$	6			3	3	Parjure	VI
	0.4		0.4	1		4	1	2	Bris de prison, évasion, etc	VI
	$\frac{0.6}{2.2}$		$0.2 \\ 1.6$		4	2	5		Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat Vol	VI II
	1.8	1.0	$\begin{bmatrix} \dots & \ddots & \ddots \\ & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$		2	$ \ldots \frac{1}{2}$	2		Séduction	Į
	0.5		0.5				2		Usage d'armes avec intention Sodomie et bestialité	Ī
	0.4	0.5	0.5			1			Vol de lettres chargées	VI
٠	0.6		0.4			·····i	1	1	Outrages divers contre la personne Divers autres délits	VI
										VI
	241.0	161.8	260.6	268	337	386	349	395	Totaux	*
	108:8				94				a. Classe I	
	$\frac{4\cdot 4}{71\cdot 4}$	61.0	135.8	151	180	215	$\frac{16}{148}$	171	" III	
	14·4 1·8				18 5			$\frac{32}{7}$	" IV	
	1,714.6							1,903		
	1,915 · 4	1,016.2	1,293 4	1,328	1,489	1,692	2,220	2,272	Totaux des délits justiciables du jury et des condamnations sommaires.	}

<sup>a. "Menaces et langage injurieux" des condamnations sommaires inclus.
b. Toutes les condamnations sommaires moins 'Menaces et langage injurieux' inclus.
\* Délits justiciables du jury et condamnations sommaires,</sup> 

## INDICTABLE OFFENCES. Comparative Table from 1883 to 1902.

## BRITISH COLUMBIA—COLOMBIE-BRITANNIQUE.

		Number of Convictions.										
Сіавзев.	OFFENCES.	Aver	age-Moy	yenne.	1898.	1899.	1960.	1901.	1902.			
<u> </u>		1883-87	1888-92.	1893-97.								
I	Abduction Abortion and attempt at		0.5	1.4	2		1	1				
IV	Arson	0.2		1.5			2					
Į	Assaults, aggravated	3·6 40·6		15.8 103.2	17 155	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 152 \end{array}$	$\frac{21}{148}$	17	31			
Ţ	*Assault and battery Assault on peace officer.		8.6	8.6	133	5	130	116 14	175			
Î	Assaults, indecent			1.4	1	$\ddot{3}$		5	î			
I	Assault on females		0.6	0.5	2	3						
I	Bigamy Bringing stolen property in Canada Burglary	0·2 0·4		1.2	1			1	,			
111	Burglary	0.5		8.0	11	3	4	10				
I	Carnally knowing a girl of tender years or an imbecile.		0.5	$0.\overline{2}$			1	20				
VI	*Carrying unlawful weapons	2.6		8.0	16	10	16	- 12	17			
T	Concealing birth			0·2 0·4								
VI	Conspiracy	* * * * * * * * *		0-4		• • • •			3			
VI	Election Act, breaches of			0 4	2				2			
III	Embezzlement	0.5	0.6	0.8	. 2							
I	Endangering safety of pass. on railway.	2.2	3.6			$\begin{array}{c} \cdots \\ 12 \end{array}$			2			
111	False pretences and fraud Feloniously receiving	8.0		14.6		21	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 20 \end{array}$	13 34				
ΥÏ	Forcible entry	0.5	0.5		i				10			
V	Forcible entry	1.4		3.8	19	4	7	8	9			
VI	"Gambling Acts, breaches of	1·4 1·2		26:4	51	99		200				
	Horse, &c., stealing	4.6		2·8 11·6		$\frac{2}{22}$	13	$\frac{2}{12}$	10			
Ī	Incest, rape and attempt at	0.4				1	3		4			
VI	*Indecent exposure	0.4		13.0		27	18		17			
III	*Larceny	47:0				178	182	218	200			
III		0.6		$\frac{2\cdot 4}{2\cdot 0}$		3	14	2	1			
T	Libel	0.5		0.5			1.3					
IV	*Malicious injury to horses, &c	9.4	11.6	22.0	35	35	37	60	31			
1	Manslaughter	1.2				1		3	2			
I	Murder attempt at	2·4 2·0			3 3			1	2			
vi	Perjury	0.5		0.2				1				
VI	Prison breach, escape, &c	2.4	2.4		15		7	7	12			
I	*Refusing to support family	1.0	0.5					4	8			
VI	Revenue Laws, breaches of	1.0					1	10	25			
11	Seduction		1				1					
Î	Shooting, wounding	4.0				8	9	9	8			
I	Sodomy and bestiality		1.5			1		3				
	Stealing letters, &c		0.2	0.8		1						
	Various offences against the person					2	6	3				
Vİ	other misdemeanors	4.2					1					
	Total	154.6	257 6	439.0	673	622	650	787	886			
		ab 2		1200	1	0.5-						
	a. Class I	65.6 6.8					219					
	" III	60.5				25 216	17 227	23 269	220			
	11 IV	9.6	12.0		35	35		60				
	11 V,	1'4					7	8	200			
	b. 11 VI	561.0							-			
	Totals of indictable offences and summary convictions.	704.6	1,088 6	1,580.6	2,473	2,361	2,994	3,171	3,50			

a. 'Threats and abusive language' of the summary convictions included.
b. All summary convictions less 'threats and abusive language' included.
\* From indictable offences and summary convictions.

## DÉLITS JUSTICIABLES DU JURY. TABLEAU COMPARATIF DEPUIS 1883 à 1902.

# THE TERRITORIES—LES TERRITOIRES.

	N	OMBRE D	E COND						
Avera	age-Moy	venne.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	DELITS.	Classes.
1883-87.	1888-92.	1893-97.		1000.	1000.	1001.	1002.		CIB
		2.0	1					Enlèvement	I
1·6		$\begin{array}{c c} 1 \cdot 2 \\ 3 \cdot 6 \end{array}$	1 4	$\frac{\dots}{2}$	$\frac{1}{7}$	3	9	Incendie par malveillance	IV
0.6 6.6		110·6 9·0	177	115 2	164 10	177 17	202	*Agression avec voies de fait Voies de fait sur un officier de paix	I
0·2 0·8		1·4 2·0	4	2 5	1 4	2	$\frac{2}{1}$	Attentat à la pudeur	I
1.6	2.6	0·4 0·4	2	1	1	2		Bigamie	III
	1·4 0·4	1·0 0·4	. 2	2	$\cdots \stackrel{\cdot}{2}$	5 1	4	Vol avec effraction	II
.2	2.0	5.8	17	10	15	3	13	âgs ou une aliénée. *Port d'armes illégal	VI
		0.4				2		Suppression d'enfants	$_{ m VI}^{ m I}$
		0.8			$\frac{\dots}{2}$			Désertion d'enfants	VI
$\begin{smallmatrix}0.4\\0.2\end{smallmatrix}$		$1.6 \\ 0.2$		1			i	Détournement Exp. au péril les pass, sur les ch. de fer.	III
1·0 1·2	1.6 2.2	$\begin{array}{c} 6\cdot 4 \\ 2\cdot 2 \end{array}$	$\frac{4}{2}$	$\begin{array}{c} 23 \\ 2 \end{array}$	19 2	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 5 \end{array}$	17	Faux prétextes et fraude	III
0.5	0.2	1.6	4	5	$\frac{1}{2}$	1 5	5	Faux, etc	VI
1·8 4·4	1·6 6·2	8.8 8.8	4 15	342 9	972 6	126 18	$\begin{array}{c} 28 \\ 26 \end{array}$	Vol de chevaux, etc	VI
1·0 0·2	2·6 0·8	2·4 0·4	1	9	8	$\frac{11}{2}$	5	Bris de maisons, magasins, entrepôts Inceste, viol et tentative de	II
23.6	0.6 42.4	96.6 2.0	8 157	12 148	6 171	$\frac{3}{126}$	6 198	*Exposition indécente *Larcin	VI
****	$\begin{smallmatrix}0.2\\0.2\\0.2\end{smallmatrix}$	0.5 0.6			1		$\frac{2}{4}$	" sur la personne	III
2·8 0·8	12·4 0·4	$ \begin{array}{c} 0.2 \\ 18.0 \\ 1.4 \end{array} $	28 2	30	$\frac{25}{3}$	49	36	Libelle*Dommages malicieux aux chevaux, etc.	IV
3·2 0·4	0·6 0·2	0.6	4	1	3 2	3	$\frac{1}{2}$	Homicide non prémedité Meurtre  "tentative de	Ï
0.4	0·8 1·2	1·4 3·8	5 1	$\frac{7}{2}$	2 5	1 6		Parjure	VI VI
1.8	$\begin{array}{c} \tilde{0}\cdot\tilde{6}.\\ \tilde{6}\cdot\tilde{2}. \end{array}$	0·4 0·6	$\frac{1}{2}$	2	2 8	1 7	1	*Refus de pourv. aux bes. de la famille. Délits contre le revenue de l'Etat	VI
		0.8		1	ĭ	i	1		II
	1·4 0·2	2.6	2	$\frac{2}{1}$	2	6	1	Usage d'armes avec intention Sodomie et bestialité	I
	0.4	0 6 0·4	1	$\frac{1}{3}$		$\frac{\dots}{2}$		Vol de lettres chargées	VI
10.5	0·2 1·6	0.8	1	3	1	$oxed{2}$	3	Outrages divers contre la personne Divers autres délits	VI
66.5	162 6	304.4	465	750	1,452	597	635	Totaux	
15:0	78.2	145.4	212	148	214	231		a. Classe I	
$\frac{1.0}{32.2}$	4·0 56·8	4·2 117·4	180	184	199	17 161	12 251	" <u>III</u>	
3.8	12.8	19:2	29	30	26	49	36 5	" V	
$-\frac{46.4}{98.8}$	301·2 453·2	765·2 1,053·0	$\frac{1,643}{2,074}$	$\frac{2,452}{2,828}$	$\frac{2,846}{3,296}$	$\frac{2,266}{2,729}$	$\frac{1,762}{2}$	b. "VI	
	100 4	1,000 0	2,014	4,040	0,270	2, (2)	4,004	et des condamnations sommaires.	

<sup>a. 'Menaces et langage injurieux des condamnations sommaires inclus.
b. Toutes les condamnations sommaires moins 'Menaces et langage injurieux 'inclus.
\* Délits justiciables du jury et condamnations sommaires.</sup> 

# INDICTABLE OFFENCES. COMPARATIVE TABLE FROM 1883 TO 1902.

#### CANADA.

		NUMBER OF CONVICTIONS.							
55.00	OFFENCES.	Ave	rage—Moyen	ne.					
Class.		1883-87.	1888-92.	1893-97.	1898.				
I IV I I I I III III III	Abduction. Abortion and attempt at. Arson Assaults, aggravated * Assault and battery Assault on peace officer a Assaults, indecent b Assault on females Bigamy Bringing stolen property into Canada Burglary. c Carnally knowing a girl of tender years or an imbecile.	0.8 0.8 14.0 172.8 3,838.4 352.6 27.6 43.0 6.0 8.8 43.8 2.0	2 · 6 1 · 0 18 · 0 205 · 4 3,737 · 0 238 · 2 40 · 0 36 · 6 10 · 6 10 · 8 65 · 4 7 · 0	5 · 2 2 · 6 30 · 4 183 · 6 3,193 · 8 421 · 0 46 · 6 52 · 4 13 · 6 6 · 0 90 · 6 12 · 0	56 32 238 3,204 55 38 11 4 93				
VI I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	* Carrying unlawful weapons. Concealing birth Conspiracy. Deserting child Election Act, breaches of d Embezzlement. Endangering safety of passengers on railways. False pretences and fraud. e Feloniously receiving. Forcible entry Forgery * Gambling Acts, breaches of Horse, &c., stealing. House, shop, warehouse breaking. Incest, rape, and attempt at. * Indecent exposure. * Larceny	30.6 10·4 88·8 43·0 1·6 36·0 103·2 44·8 105·4 16·2 86·2 2,018·4 12·8 19·6 1·6 681·2 13·4 10·0 4·6 4·4 23·6 20·0 20·4 54·0	107 8 1 2 3 6 0 8 35 6 7 8 98 6 50 6 1 4 41 8 103 2 43 0 152 6 13 0 103 2 2,297 6 11 6 33 4 3 0 709 2 13 4 7 2 22 0 62 8 36 4 45 6 2 8 36 4 45 6 2 8 3 0 148 4 5 0 6 2 8 3 0 148 4 5 0 6 2 8 3 0 148 4 7 0 8 0 8 0 8 0 8 0 8 0 8 0 8 0 8	94 6 2 6 5 2 2 4 4 8 16 6 19 8 167 4 77 4 2 8 62 6 150 2 56 0 280 0 16 0 131 4 3,035 6 10 6 46 6 1 1 6 636 4 11 8 6 1 1 4 2 4 1 4 6 5 0 2 5 9 6 6 6 6 6 1 6 1 5 0 2 5 9 6 6 6 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 6 6 6 1 7 6 7 6 6 8 6 7 8 8 7 8 8 8 8 7 8 8 8 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	115 4 4 7 7 3 4 4 14 182 88 10 85 113 64 398 17 145 3,475 43 667 18 13 6 67 24 131 49 5 7 10,046 4,593 5 5 40 3.876 719				
	g. " VI	36·0 24,989·8 33,065·0	28,963·0 37,567·8	$\begin{array}{c c} 62 & 6 \\ 27,787 & 4 \\ \hline 36,932 & 0 \end{array}$	28.393 38,200				

a. In 1883, attempt at rape was included with indecent assault. b. In 1884, indecent assault was included with assault on females. c. In 1883, carnally knowing a girl of tender years was included with rape. d. In 1883, embezzlement was included with false pretences and fraud. c. In 1883, larceny and receiving were together. f. Threats and abusive language of the summary convictions included. g. All summary convictions less 'threats and abusive language' included. \* From indictable offences and summary convictions.

#### DÉLITS JUSTICIABLES DU JURY. TABLEAU COMPARATIF DEPUIS 1883 À 1902.

#### CANADA.

N	COMBRE DE CO	ONDAMNATION	s.		
1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	DÉLITS.	Classes,
2 7 30 197 2,941 347 50 52 11 2 63 7	4 3 31 220 3,243 364 45 42 12 10 152 13	11 4 21 239 3,300 352 48 51 16 6 83 83	6 2 244 205 3,386 339 53 53 6 2 97	Enlèvement Avortement et tentative d'. Incendie par malveillance Voies de fait graves. * Agression avec voies de fait Voies de fait sur un officier de paix. a Attentat à la pudeur. b Voies de fait sur femmes. Bigamie Effets volés apportés au Canada Vol avec effraction c Commerce charnel avec une fille en bas âge ou	I IV I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
103 3 3 2 103 3 3 2 108 108 108 109 137 137 3,438 7 43 11 12 20 33 33 11 22 20 33 33 68 88 88 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8	113 1 11 2 4 3 3 25 203 91 15 91 1,227 46 170 22 154 3,398 10 67 3 717 11 10 5 17 48 88 88 555 85 13 106 4 2 10 41 23	102 7 11 6 2 10 16 152 82 7 92 497 68 316 19 162 3,312 35 51 4 699 12 7	1112 5 3 2 8 4 100 182 69 2 70 575 74 287 196 3,290 4 57 1 823 17 11 8 8 14 62 78 8 75 29 8 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	" Port d'armes illégal Suppression d'enfants. Conspiration Désertion d'enfants Infractions à la loi électorale d Détournement Exp. au péril les pass. sur les chemin de fer. Faux prétextes et frande. e Recel. Entrée forcée Faux, etc * Infractions aux lois défendant le jeu. Vol de chevaux, etc Bris de maisons, magasins, entrepôts. Inceste, viol et tentative de * Exposition indécente * Larcin " vol dans des maisons habitées. " sur la personne Libelle * Dommages malicieux aux chevaux, etc. Homicide non prémédité Meurtre " tentative de Parjure Bris de prison, évasion, etc * Refus de pourv. aux bes. de la famille Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat. Vol Séduction Usage d'armes avec intention Sodomie et bestialité Vol de lettres chargées Suicide, tentative de Outrages divers contre la personne	VI
9,996	11,030	10,269	10,449	Totaux.	
4,225 444 3,817 725 108 29,390 38,709	4,598 407 3,830 748 91 31,980 41,654	4,698 451 3,721 720 92 32,466 42,148	4,773 413 3,694 847 70 33,739 43,536	f. Classe I  III  III  IV  g. "VI  Totaux des délits justiciables du jury et des condamnations sommaires.	Think

<sup>a. En 1883, tentative de viol était inclus avec attentat à la pudeur.
b. En 1884, attentat à la pudeur était inclus avec voies de fait sur femmes.
c. En 1883, commerce charnel avec une fille en bas âge était inclus avec viol.
d. En 1883, Détournement était inclus avec 'faux prétextes et fraude.'
c. En 1883, larcin et recel était sous un même titre.
f. Menaces et langage injurieux des condamnations sommaires inclus.
g. Toutes les condamnations sommaires, moins 'menaces et langage injurieux' inclus.
\* Délits justiciables du jury et condamnations sommaires.</sup> 

# APPENDIX II.—SUMMARY CONVICTIONS.

Comparative Table of Offences for each Province from 1883 to 1902.

## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—ILE DU PRINCE-EDOUARD.

	Number of Convictions.									
OFFENCES.	Aveia	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.				
	1883-87.					1002.				
Adulteration of foodBreach of peace	2:8	2.0	···· i··6	· · · · · · 3	7					
Contempt of court		2.0		1						
Cruelty to animals.  Disturbing religious and like meetings  Fishery Acts, offences against		1·8	$\begin{array}{c} 0.6 \\ 2.2 \\ 7.2 \end{array}$		3	2	1			
Game Laws "	35.4	0.5				9	15	3		
Breach of Canada Temperance Act	48.4	79.4	74.0	14	8					
Selling liquor during prohibited hours										
without license Violation of Indian liquor law										
Masters' and Servants' Acts, offences against										
Medical and Dentistry Acts										
Militia Acts, offences against		0.6		1						
Miscellaneous minor offences	0.8		0.2							
Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of Exercising various callings without license		12:4		17	11	18	20			
Health By-laws, offences against	0.8	4.2	3.6			2	3			
Highways, offences relating to	0.6		5.2	2	4	2	3			
Pharmacy Acts, offences against		15 8	3.0			1				
Railway Acts, offences against		10 0								
Seamen Acts "	2.6		2.0							
Statute Labour, offences relating to Threats and abusive language		4.4	5.6	6						
Trespass	7:6				_					
Vagrancy	18.2		3.0	6	11	1	5			
Drunkenness	290.2			288			241	2		
Insulting, obscene and profane language.	1.0	3.8		3	1	3				
Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and inmates thereof.	5.8	6.6				1				
Loose, idle, disorderly	3.8	9.8	9.6	2	5	7	1			
Weights & Measures Acts, offences against										
Insanity										
Totals	507.8	455.4	330.0	383	390	373	291	30		

## APPENDICE II.—CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES.

Tableau comparatif des offenses pour chaque province depuis 1883 à 1902.

# NOVA SCOTIA—NOUVELLE-ECOSSE.

	N	OMBRE D	E COND	AMNAT				
Averá	Average—Moyenne.			1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	OFFENSES.
1883-87.	1888-92.	1893-97.						
81·2 0·6	0·4 24·8 1·0	90.8	110	124	166	60	241	Falsification des substances alimentaires. Perturbation de la paix. Mépris de cour.
3·6 8·6 1·2	9·0 19·8		11 19	12 12 4	2 7 3	10 11 24	13 3	Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres. Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.
45·4 5·4	78·6 18·0	94·0 54·0	53 135	68 74	49 71	101 46	67 73	" des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada.
6·2 3·4 0·2	11.6	5.0 28.0 0.4		27	33	19 1	48	Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boisson aux Sauvages.
~		1.0		8	• • • •	• ••		Infractions aux lois concernant les maitres et serviteurs. Infractions aux lois concernant les médecins et les dentistes.
2·8 22·4 28·6 1·4	1·0 3·8 36·4 0·8	1·0 0·8 176·4 16·6	1 206 9		171 10	177	$\begin{vmatrix} 1\\217 \end{vmatrix}$	Infractions aux lois de la milice. Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales. Pratiquant divers états sans licence.
2·0 12·2	6·0 12·6	5·8 41·6	14	1 6	1 21	3 12	13 · 38	Inf. aux lois sur l'hygiène publique. Délits ayant rap. aux chemins publics. (Inf. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens.
19·2 1·6 24·4	$   \begin{array}{r}     3 \cdot 0 \\     3 \cdot 4 \\     34 \cdot 2   \end{array} $		8 2 14	22 3 17	2 19 9	· · i6	19	Profanation du dinanche. Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer. " naritimes. Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.
13·0 4·6 43·2	$25.6 \\ 3.0 \\ 57.8$	41·2 2·8 36·0	21	35 2 30	28	35 20 52	$\frac{2}{37}$	Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiètement. Vagabondage.
617 · 6 24 · 8 34 · 0	622·2 12·8 9·8	1,322·6 168·8 16·2	1,268 216 20	1,022 104 5	1,255 104 2	1,387 106 22	2,012 105 24	Langage insultant, obscène, profane.
34.6	63.8	106·2 1·0 0·2	55 <sub>2</sub>	104 <sub>2</sub>	31	223	63	
1,043.0	1,060 · 2	2,265 · 8	2,235	1,812	2,012	2,356	3,114	Totaux.

# SUMMARY CONVICTIONS.

Comparative Table from 1883 to 1902.

## NEW BRUNSWICK-NOUVEAU-BRUNSWICK.

(	Number of Convictions.										
OFFENCES.	Avera	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.					
	1883-87.	1888-92.	1893–97.								
Adulteration of food Breach of peace. Contempt of court. Cruelty to animals. Disturbing religious and like meetings. Fishery Acts, offences against Game Laws Liquor License Acts Breach of Canada Temperance Act.	15·2 8·2 2·0 0·4 79·4 58·8	9°4 9°4 5°2	13·8 0·6 97·2	52 1 2 5 2 33 316		88 3 7 20 9 36 253	5 1 4 19 30 291	50° 7 17 4 15 267			
Selling liquor during prohibited hours " without license Violation of Indian liquor law	4·6 5·6 1·0	36.2	29.6		8 5 3	5 5 2	2 5 1	6- 12 2-			
Masters' and Servants' Acts, offences against	0.6			1							
Medical and Dentistry Acts											
Militia Acts, offences against.  Miscellaneous minor offences.  Manicipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of.  Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against.  Highways, offences relating to Pharmacy Acts, offences against.  Profanation of the Lord's Day Railway Acts, offences against.  Seamen Acts  Seamen Acts	21·2 61·8 3·0 3·4 6·4  0·6 8·4 24·0	1:6 10:0 0:4 12:0 18:4	40.8 5.2 0.6 9.4 	6 6 9 20	7		30 9 2 2 2 21 33	3			
Statute Labour, offences relating to	18·4 0·8 40·2 1,306·2 59·2 8·0	20·2 1,400·8 14·2 8·8	$\begin{array}{c} 0.6 \\ 58.2 \\ 1,252.6 \\ 25.6 \\ 22.2 \end{array}$	1,290 38 70	42 37	28 38	1,299 21 29	25. 47 1,403 30- 18			
Loose, idle, disorderly Weights and Measures Acts, offences against Insanity	1.0					2		10- 1 15-			
Totals	1,806.2	1,965.8	1,950.8	2,026	1,951	1,968	1,951	2,032			

## CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES.

## TABLEAU COMPARATIF DEPUIS 1883 À 1902.

## QUEBEC.

Nombre de condamnations.												
Aver	verage-Moyenne.		1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	OFFENSES.				
1883-87.	1888-92.	1893-97.			`							
2.0		5.4	4			4		Falsification des substances alimentaires.				
299.2	235 4	278.6	182	. 250	$\frac{229}{2}$	117		Perturbation de la paix. Mépris de cour.				
$\frac{2 \cdot 2}{16 \cdot 2}$	4·4 59·0	0.8 115.6	107	131	162	119	120	Cruauté envers les animaux.				
6.8		27.0	36	32	20	14	12	Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres.				
5.8	9.0	9.2	9	14	19			Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.				
7·6 301·8	5·0 144·6	13·2 111·2	$\begin{array}{c} 18 \\ 287 \end{array}$	16 171	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 126 \end{array}$		33 82					
5.0	13.0	19.8	15	46	120	201		Contravention aux lois de tempérance du				
								Canada.				
84.6		54.0	100	56	131	85		Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues				
106·4 0·8	191.8	163.0	190	243 13	201	171	424	sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de				
0 ()	0 0			10			· ·	boisson aux Sauvages.				
12.6	32.2	15.0	8	6	11	18	16	Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et				
0.4		1.0		4	5			serviteurs. Infractions aux lois concernant les médecins				
U *	•••					}		et les dentistes.				
0.5	0.6	2.8	1	3				Infractions aux lois de la milice.				
134.8	260.0	0·6 490·0	391		700			Divers petits délits.  Contraventions aux lois municipales.				
651·4 104·2	360·0 79·2	157.2	92	$707 \\ 230$	$\frac{700}{92}$		237					
19.0		15 0	8	9	1							
14.0	37.2	52.4	19	37	31	5		Délits ayant rap. aux chemins publics.				
0.5	3.8	2.2	1		3		1	Inf. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens.				
1·4 0·6	1·2 15·4	0·6 20·6	14	$\frac{2}{7}$	12			Profanation du dimanche. Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer.				
64.4	50.8	24.4	28	53	57							
								Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.				
37:4		45.8		39	48		70	Menaces et langage injurieux.				
2·4 634·8	$\frac{4 \cdot 2}{1,259 \ 0}$							Empiètement. Vagabondage.				
2,129.4				3,481	3,209			Ivresse.				
78:0	84.8	49.6	26	32	20	26	28	Langage insultant, obscène, profane.				
167.8	356.8	305.0	360	386	578	318	578					
437 2	564.4	161.6	231	167	146	95	72	maisons de désordre. Conduite déréglée.				
0.6				1			2	Infractions aux lois de poids et mesures.				
45.8		1.2	4	3	1	3	3	Aliénation mentale.				
5,372.0	7,532.6	8,163 · 4	7,506	7,607	7,442	6,870	6,873	Totaux.				

## SUMMARY CONVICTIONS.

Comparative Table from 1883 to 1902.

# ONTARIO.

	Number of Convictions.									
OFFENCES.	Avera	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.				
	1883-87. 1888-92. 1893-97.									
Adulteration of food.  Breach of peace Contempt of court Cruelty to animals Disturbing religious and like meetings Fishery Acts, offences against. Game Laws	4·4 780·2 6·2 93·0 178·8 39·6 35·4	64.8 377.0 6.2 289.4 152.0 39.8 26.2	232·0 5·6 210·6 86·4 106·2 87·2	185 5 175 66 84 72	191 6 118 87 29 53	203 8 172 45 77 29	355 9 123 40 67 59	10 285 7 135 33 68 79		
Liquor License Acts "	809·8 452·4	690·0 641·0	688:4				571 5	498		
Selling liquor during prohibited hours  without license  Violation of Indian liquor law	84·8 131·6 13·2	184·6 147·6 38·8	179·8 69·4 35·0	63	59		144 77 23	152 103 31		
Masters' and Servants' Acts, offences against.	175.2	244.6	279 4	295	222	250	285	307		
Medical and Dentistry Acts " .	9.0	35.0	27.4	15	23	48	38	30		
Militia Acts, offences against. Miscellaneous minor offences Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of Exercising various callings without license. Health By-laws, offences against. Highways, offences relating to. Pharmacy Acts, offences against. Profanation of the Lord's Day. Railway Acts, offences against. Seamen Acts Statute Labour, offences relating to. Threats and abusive language Trespass Vagrancy Drunkenness. Insulting, obscene and profane language . Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and imnates thereof. Loose, idle, disorderly. Weights and Measures Acts, offences against. Insanity	12.8	7·2 23·2 2,272·2 63·4 67·6 224·6 8·2 71·6 140·0 1·6 33·8 309·6 534·8 1,167·6 5,837·0 525·2 217·4 1,356·6 16·6 7·8	10.8 2,102.8 76.2 60.0 179.6 9.8 121.8 173.6 2.0 24.6 228.2 515.0 1,407.8 3,055.0 394.4 196.0	2,402 138 37 134 6 90 80  19 216 479 1,541 2,520 379 223 1,406 9	23,969 112 51 1099 13 64 99  23 212 433 1,504 2,764 370 291	18 2,946 123 61 94 3 102 152 16 185 736 1,292 3,370 423 501 1,635 24	82 109 128 1 129 150  8 193 616 1,231	8 2 3,357 8 9 145 278 3 216 315 1 4 229 560 1,052 3,944 352 570 1,634 9		
Totals	13,808.0	15,895.0	11,913.8	11,541	11,984	13,335	14,029	14,570		

### CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES.

TABLEAU COMPARATIF DEPUIS 1883 À 1902.

### MANITOBA. .

	N	OMBRE D	E COND	AMNAT	ións.			
Avera	ageMoy	enne.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	OFFENSES.
1883-87.	1888-92.	1893-97.						
12·6 13·2 4·0 65·2 109·0 14·6 17·2 11·2 1·4 0·4	0.2 1.8 4.0 0.2 0.4 9.0 5.2 1.0 64.6 0.4 1.2 37.6 10.2 35.6 10.8 1.2 0.8	0·2 0·2 3·0 2·2 1·0 6·4 13·4 	1 2 4 1 2 5	1	4 20	1 26 23 2 2 111 4 4 66 15 5 53 22 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	35 	" des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux los de tempérance du Canada. Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues sans licence. Contraventions à la loi relative à la vente de boisson aux Sauvages. Infractions aux lois concernant les maitres et serviteurs. Infractions aux lois concernant les médecins et les dentistes. Infractions aux lois de la milice, Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales. Pratiquant divers états sans licence. Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique.
0.4	0.5	9.0	, .					" maritimes.
3.4	13.0	5.6			15	9	23	Délits ayant rapport à la corvée. Menaces et langage injurieux.
0.4	96.0	5.0	23 53	$\frac{5}{62}$	14	13 83	9	Empiètement. Vagabondage.
34·0 1,042·8	36·0 541·4	63·6 565·2	573	636	75 776	834	1,003	
11.6	1.6	0.6				1	6	Langage insultant, obscène, profane.
226 · 2	49.0	49.6	77	109	66	84	58	Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
12:4	23:0	54.0	67	98	53	79	100	Conduite déréglée.
6·8 6·8	1·8 1·2	2.4			9			Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures. Aliénation mentale.
1,674.4	854.4	1,032.8	1,060	1,152	1,306	1,871	1,877	Totaux.

### SUMMARY CONVICTIONS.

COMPARATIVE TABLE FROM 1883 TO 1902.

### BRITISH COLUMBIA—COLOMBIE-BRITANNIQUE.

		1	Number -	of Con	VICTIO	NS.		
OFFENCES.	Avera	ige—Moy	enne.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.
	1883-87.	1888-92.	1893-97.	1000			10021	
Adulteration of food. Breach of peace. Contempt of court. Cruelty to animals. Disturbing religious and like meetings Fishery Acts, offences against. Game Laws Liquor License Acts. Breach of Canada Temperance Act.	7·4 0·2 0·8	15.4 1.4 3.2 1.6	24·0 0·4 2·0 1·4 4·0 53·4	1 9 4	18 18 1 1 8	25 1 17 2 	28 10 2 2 2 2 52	47 1 8 3 10
Selling liquor during prohibited hours  " without license Violation of Indian liquor law	2·6 36·4	0.6 2.0 86.8	0·2 1·2 89·2	22	92	1 1 113	103	250
Masters' and Servants' Acts, offences against	0.8	0.5	1.4					
Medical and Dentistry Acts "		0.5	1.0		2		1	3
Militia Acts, offences against.  Miscellaneous minor offences.  Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of.  Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against.  Highways, offences relating to  Pharmacy Acts, offences against.  Profanation of the Lord's Day  Railway Acts, offences against.  Seamen Acts	14:6 23:0 0:6 3:0 5:6	104.6 1.4 2.6 4.2 0.8	0 · 2 69 · 6 9 · 0 38 · 2 20 · 8 0 · 2 3 · 4 0 · 8	5 214 17 2 2 2	240 10 67 1 	1 327 24 68 17 1 6	63	42
Statute Labour Acts, offences relating to Threats and abusive language Trespass. Vagrancy Drunkenness Insulting, obscene and profane language. Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and inmates thereof. Loose, idle, disorderly.	1 · 4 0 6 58 · 8 303 · 0 1 · 0 6 · 8	1.2 45.6 492.8 6.4 16.8	108·8 602·8 7·2 65·0	9 172 965 16 130	170 835 8 149	11,227 1,227 206	1 166 1,232 16 197	224 1,199 11 430
Weights and Measures Acts, offences against Insanity	0.5	2.5	0.4	2	1			
Totals	550.0	831.0	1,141.6	1,800	1,739	2,344	2,384	2,62

### CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES.

TABLEAU COMPARATIF DEPUIS 1883 À 1902.

### THE TERRITORIES—LES TERRITOIRES.

								the state of the s
	N	OMBRE D	E COND	AMNATI	ons.			,
Avera	Average—Moyenne.		1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	OFFENSES.
1883-87.	1888-92.	1893-97.						
				[		1		Falsification des substances alimentaires.
0.6	14.2	24.0	31	55	27	96		Perturbation de la paix.
0.4	$\frac{0.5}{3.0}$	1·8 11·0	$\frac{2}{7}$	$\frac{1}{28}$	$\frac{3}{21}$	13	11	Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux.
F 0	0.5	0.8	2	2	3	3		Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres.
		1.8		12	4	3		Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.
10.5	4·8 29·8	9·4 15·2	6 35	8 25	$\frac{21}{24}$	$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 62 \end{array}$	11 38	
10 2	29 0	19 2	00	20	24	02		Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du
								Canada.
	14.0	1.6	4	24	7	14 14	. 4	Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues
0.4	14 6 15 4	4 'ช่ 37 · 0		44 57	$\frac{10}{81}$	134	74	sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de
V 1	10 1	0, 0		0.	01	101		boisson aux Sauvages.
3.4	18.6	41.0	96	273	340	293	212	Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et
		0.6	6	2	3	2	3	serviteurs. Infractions aux lois concernant les médecins
********				4		2	Ü	et les dentistes.
		0.4					1	Infractions aux lois de la milice.
0.4	8.4	0.8		311	100	110	150	Divers petits délits.
$1.21 \\ 0.2]$	19·4 3·8	106·4 5·8		911	$\frac{166}{11}$	119		Contraventions aux lois municipales. Pratiquant divers états sans licence.
$0.\overline{2}$	0.6	4.5			$\hat{65}$		56	Inf. aux lois sur l'hygiène publique.
	0.6	4.8	4	3	8	4	21	Délits ayant rap. aux chemins publics. Inf. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens.
~	0.5	0.6		10	15	55		Inf. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche.
~	1.6 1.2	3·4 73·4			60			Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer.
~						1		" maritimes.
		1.4						Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.
$0.4 \\ 1.2$	3.8	10.8		9			16	Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiètement.
$2 \cdot 2$	23.0							Vagabondage.
9.6	97.4	233 · 2	582	762	763	861	757	Ivresse.
	0.6	3.8				7	13	
	9.0	10.6	146	100	44	84	. 103	Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
0.8	9.0			5	28	12	38	Conduite déréglée.
	0.8	2.0	1	1				Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures.
1.4	9.6	21.8	40	27	35	29	28	Aliénation mentale.
32.6	290.6	748.6	1,609	2.078	1,844	2.132	1,699	Totaux.
02 0			_,000		_,01.		_,,,,,	,

### SUMMARY CONVICTIONS.

Comparative Table from 1883 to 1902.

# CANADA.

	1	Number of C	Convictions.	
OFFENCES.	Ave	erage—Moyen	ne.	1898.
	1883-87.	1888-92.	1893-97.	1000.
Adulteration of food	6 4	67.6	51.2	71
Breach of peace	1,272:0	726:6	700.0	599
Contempt of court	9.2	13.2	10.8	10
Cruelty to animals	132·4 206·4	376.8	353·2 143·0	312
Disturbing religious and like meetings	48.6	54.0	143 0	133 120
Fame Laws	50.0	37.0	120.8	100
Liquor License Acts "	1,386.0	1.015.2	1,076.2	1,003
Breach of Canada Temperance Act	567.0	902.6	393 4	485
Selling liquor during prohibited hours	192.8	319.2	271.6	182
without license	262.8	409.0	302.8	333
Violation of Indian liquor law	56.0	144.2	170.4	175
Masters' and Servants' Acts, offences against	257 · 8	360.2	402 8	463
Medical and Dentistry Acts "	9.4	35.2	30.0	21
Militia Acts, offences against	6.6	10.0	12.6	25
liscellaneous minor offences	350.8	44.4	14.6	20
Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of  Exercising various callings without license	$2,577.0 \\ 163.2$	2,888 4	3,069 · 2   286 · 8	3,536
Health By-laws, offences against	84.6	141.6	162.2	279 71
Highways, offences relating to	222.8	309.2	329.8	186
Pharmacy Acts, offences against	13.0	14.2	12.8	7
Profanation of the Lord's day	85.0	106.4	146.4	119
Railway Acts, offences against	35.6	180.8	299.8	272
Seamen Acts "	124.0	121 0	82.6	100
Statute labour, offences relating to	22.4	37.8	26.0	21
Threats and abusive language	219.8	461.8	379.6	398
$\Gamma$ respass	402:0	545.8	543.6	539
Vagrancy	2,007 6	2,614.2	3,687 4	3,700
Drunkenness	11,359 · 0 847 · 4	13,055 2 649 4	11,329.6	11,259 684
Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and inmates thereof.	817.2	668.2	664.6	1,026
Loose, idle, disorderly	886.8	2.056.2	1,589.4	1,788
Weights and Measures Acts, offences against	18.8	22.0	14.0	13
Insanity	93.6	133.4	74.8	110
Totals	24,794.0	28,885.0	27,546.8	28,160

### CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES.

TABLEAU COMPARATIF DEPUIS 1883 À 1902.

### CANADA.

-	. N	OMBRE DE CO	ONDAMNATION	s.	
	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	OFFENSES.
	31 717 7 7 7 7 7 149 711 95 887 362 241 241 209 565 32 38 18 18 18 182 114 182 97 114 182 97 114 182 97 114 115 116 116 117 118 118 118 118 119 119 119 119	14 743 14 743 14 383 88 123 73 820 324 276 306 222 663 58 10 25 4,561 278 203 185 4 142 250 86 16 321 794 3,330 12,215 600 1,436 1,947 24 90	14 708 13 282 73 121 121 1,058 342 254 310 266 707 45 5 18 4,974 463 316 185 1 200 271 126 8 355 664 3,264 12,727 596 1,207	297 57 147 142 761 340 282 609 374 643 36 12 4 4.885 377 329 437 42 232 387 158 424 597 2,928 13,324 549 1,787 1,969 12 110	Perturbation de la paix.  Mépris de cour.  Cruauté envers les animaux.  Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres.  Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.  " de chasse.  " des licences de boissons.  Contraventions aux lois de Tempérance du Canada.  Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues.  " sans licence.  Contravention à la loi relative a la vente de boisson aux Sauvages.  Infractions aux lois concernant les maitres etserviteurs.  " la méd. et les dentistes.  Divers petits délits.
	28,713	30,624	31,879	33,087	1 otaux.

#### APPENDIX III.-APPENDICE III.

# INDICTABLE OFFENCES AND SUMMARY CONVICTIONS. DÉLITS JUSTICIABLES DU JURY ET CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES.

COMPARATIVE TABLE FROM 1883 TO 1902 BY GROUPS OF OFFENCES.

Tableau comparatif depuis 1883 à 1902 par groupes de délits.

Murder and attempt at; Manslaughter; Shooting, Stabbing and Wounding.

Meurtre et tentative de; Homicide non prémédité; Usage d'armes avec intention.

YEARS. ANNÉES.	P. E. Island.  — Ile du PE.	Nova Scotia. Nouv Ecosse.	New Bruns- wick. Nouv Bruns- wick.	Quebec.	Ontario.	Mani- toba.	British Col- umbia. Col Britan- nique.	NW. Territories. Les Territoires.	Canada.
1883 to 1887, AvM'yne. 1888 to 1892 " 1893 to 1897 " 1898	1·2 0·2 1·4 1 2	3.0			73.4	2.0	12 8	2.6	112.8

Offences against Females, comprising:—Assault on Females; Attempt and Carnally Knowing a girl of Tender years or an Imbecile; Incest; Indecent Assault; Rape, and attempt at, and Seduction.

Outrages contre la femme :—Voies de fait sur femmes ; Tentative et commerce charnel avec une fille en bas âge ou avec une aliénée ; Inceste ; Attentat à la pudeur ; Viol et tentative de viol et séduction.

1888 to 1892 " 3·0 3·8 2·0 39	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 63 & 7 & 7 & 7 & 7 \\ 9 & 58 & 6 & 8 & 5 & \dots \end{bmatrix}$
-------------------------------	--

Aggravated Assaults: Assault and obstructing Peace Officer; Assault and Battery.

Voies fait graves; Voies de fait et faisant obstacle à un officier de la paix; Agression avec voies de fait.

#### INDICTABLE OFFENCES AND SUMMARY CONVICTIONS.

#### DÉLITS JUSTICIABLES DU JURY ET CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES.

Comparative Table from 1883 to 1902 by Groups of Offences.

Tableau comparatif depuis 1883 à 1903 par groupes de délits.

Various other Offences against the Person comprising:—Abduction; Abortion; Bigamy; Concealing the Birth of Infants; Deserting Child; Endangering the Safety of Passengers on Railways; Libel; Refusing or Neglecting to Support Family; Sodomy and Bestiality; Threats and Abusive Language and various others.

Divers autres outrages contre la personne, comprenant;—Enlèvement; Avortement; Bigamië; Suppression d'enfants; Desertion d'enfants; Exposant au péril les passagers sur les chemins de fer; Libelle; Refus où négligence de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille; Sodomie et béstialité; menaces et langage injurieux et divers autres outrages.

YEARS. ANNÉES.	P. E. Island.  — Ile du PE.	Nova Seotia. Nouv Ecosse.	New Bruns- wick. Nouv Bruns- wick.	Quebec.	Ontario.	Mani- toba.	British Col- umbiå. Col Britan- nique.	NW. Territories. Les Territoires.	Canada.
1883 to 1887, Av.—M'yne. 1888 to 1892 " 1893 to 1897 " 1898	4·6 6·4 7 4		20.6 50.0 31.0 30 31 25 21 25		380.6	4.6 13.8 7.0 10 17 15 17 27	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \cdot 4 \\ 4 \cdot 6 \\ 17 \cdot 6 \\ 32 \\ 20 \\ 21 \\ 18 \\ 23 \end{array}$	0.6 5.0 12.8 15 16 16 20 22	320·8 591·0 527·4 550 491 504 546 577

Arson; Burglary; House, Shop, Warehouse and Freight Car Breaking; Malicious Injury and other Damages to Horses, Cattle and other Property; Robbery and Demanding with Menaces.

Incendie par malveillance; Vol avec effraction; Bris de maisons, de magasins, d'entrepôts et de wagons de fret; Dommages malicieux et autres dommages aux chevaux, bestiaux et autres propriétés; Vol et demandes avec menaces.

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$										
1901	1888 to 1892 " 1893 to 1897 " 1898	4·8 14·0 14 5 14 2	45·4 53·2 46 50 75 90	42 0 36 8 31 37 33 37	323·0 310·2 400 353 350 337	518·6 581·4 628 581 557 519	19·6 32·8 33 44 35	20 · 6 46 · 4 72 60 56 83	23 · 4 35 39 35 66	\$98.4 990.8 1,098.2 1,259 1,169 1,155 1,171 1,260

Bringing Stolen Property into Canada; Larceny from the Person, from Dwelling Houses, of Post Letters, of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs or Timber; Larceny and Feloniously Receiving.

Effets volés apportés au Canada; Vol sur la personne, dans des maisons habitées, de lettres chargées, de chevaux, bestiaux, moutons, chiens oû bois; Larcin et recel.

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1009 4- 1007 4 372	11.0	110.0	47.0	500.0	1 000.0	00.4	~=.0	90.0	2.153 · 4
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$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								0 80 17		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$										
<b>1901.</b>			143						160	3,666
				84	943	1,832	198	217	180	
1909 [ 14   187 ] 84   788   1949   141   918 ] 924   3.508										
1002 11 101 01 1,012 111 210 201 0,000	1902	. 14	187	84	788	1,842	141	218	234	3,508

# INDICTABLE OFFENCES AND SUMMARY CONVICTIONS. DÉLITS JUSTICIABLES DU JURY ET CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES.

Comparative Table from 1883 to 1902 by Groups of Offences.

TABLEAU COMPARATIF DEPUIS 1883 À 1902 PAR GROUPES DE DÉLITS.

# Embezzlement, Fraud and False Pretences. Détournement, fraude et faux prétextes.

YEARS. ANNÉES.	P. E. Island.  Ile du PE.	Nova Scotia. Nouv Ecosse.	New Bruns- wick. Nouv Bruns- wick.	Quebec.	Ontario.	Mani- toba.	British Columbia. Col Britannique.	N. W. Territories. Les Territoires.	Canada.
1883 to 1887, AvM'yne. 1888 to 1892	0·4 1·0	2·2 3·8	1·2 1·4	45.6	73.8	1.2	4.2	3.5	
1893 to 1897 1898	0.2	$\frac{5\cdot 2}{1}$	0.5	39·4 44 38	118·4 119 69	5·8 9 6	6.8 8 12	8·0 4 24	184.0 186 151
1900		3 5	$\frac{3}{2}$	26 37	128 92	17 3	10 13	19 10	206 162
1902	1	2		34	94	30	8	17	186

### Drunkenness.

### Ivresse.

1883 to 1887, AvM'yne.	290.2	617.6	1,306.2	2.129 4	5,660.2	1.042.8	303.0	9.6	11.359
.888 to 1892	303 2		1,400.8						13.055
893 to 1897	198.0	1,322.6	1,252.6	4,100.2	3,055 0	565.2	602.8	233.2	11,329
893	288	1,268	1,290	3.773	2,520	573	965	582	11,259
899	320	1,022	1,270	3,481	2,764	636	835	762	11,090
900	327	1,255	1,288	3,209	3,370	776	1,227	763	12,215
901	241	1,387	1,299	2,973	3,900	834	1,232	861	12,727
902	230	2,012	1,403	2,783	3,944	1,003	1,192	757	13,324

Various Offences against the Liquor License Acts.

### Infractions diverses aux Lois des Licences de boissons.

1883 to 1887, AvM'yne. 1888 to 1992 ". 1893 to 1897 ". 1898. 1899. 1900.	83·8 80·0 77·4 31 19 9	60 · 6 108 · 2 181 · 4 212 169 153 167	149 · 4 244 · 0 384 · 0 362 324 301 329	495 · 6 462 · 0 348 · 0 493 529 458 457	1,702.0	62·2 15·6 41·0 36 30 34 60	110 · 6 118 · 6 144 · 0 130 101 122 156	10·6 59·8 58·4 107 150 122 224	2,464 ° 6 2,790 ° 2 2,214 ° 4 2,178 2,082 1,948 2,230

# INDICTABLE OFFENCES AND SUMMARY CONVICTIONS. DÉLITS JUSTICIABLES DU JURY ET CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES.

COMPARATIVE TABLE FROM 1883 TO 1902 BY GROUPS OF OFFENCES.

TABLEAU COMPARATIF DEPUIS 1883 À 1902 PAR GROUPES DE DÉLITS.

Vagrancy; Breach of the Peace; Disturbing Religious and like Meetings; Insulting, Obscene and Profane Language; Loose, Idle, Disorderly; Indecent Exposure of the Person; Keeping, Frequenting and Inmates of Houses of Ill-fame, and Insanity.

Vagabondage; perturbation de la paix, de réunions religieuses et autres; langage insultant, obscène, profane; conduite déréglée; exposition indécente; tenant, fréquentant et habitant des maisons de désordre, et aliénation mentale.

YEARS. ANNÉES.	P. E. Island.  — Ile du PE.	Nova Scotia. Nouv Ecosse.	New Bruns- wick. Nouv Bruns- wick.	Quebec.	Ontario.	Mani- toba.	British Columbia. Col Britannique.	N. W. Territories. Les Territoires.	Canada.
1883 to 1887, AvM'yne. 1888 to 1892 " . 1893 to 1897 " . 1898 1899 1900 1901	34·8 23·2 18·4 15 27 15 6 19	229 · 0 192 · 0 439 · 8 452 383 343 483 483	185·2 138·0 180·8 228 199 224 176 185	1,695·6 2,584·6 2,766·2 2,488 2,358 2,631 2,177 2,316		333 · 8 116 · 6 175 · 2 202 275 206 252 266	74.8 94.4 225.4 388 438 516 454 779	66.2	7,155 4

Offences against Fishery; Gambling; Game; Medical; Militia; Masters and Servants; Pharmacy; Railways; Seamen; Weights and Measures; Adulteration of Food; Electoral and Lord's Day Acts; Municipal By-Laws; Carrying Unlawful Weapons; Cruelty to Animals; Offences against Statute Labour; Trespass and Miscellaneous Minor Offences.

Infractions aux lois des pêcheries ; défendant le jeu ; de la chasse ; concernant la médecine ; de la milice ; concernant les maitres et serviteurs ; concernant les pharmaciens et dentistes : des chemins de fer ; maritimes ; des poids et mesures ; des falsifications de substances alimentaires : électorales ; des profanations du dimanche ; municipales ; port d'armes illégal ; cruauté envers les animaux : ayant rapport à la corvée ; empiètement et divers autres petits délits.

1883 to 1887, AvM'yne. 1888 to 1892 " . 1893 to 1897 " . 1898 1899 1900 1901	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 101 \cdot 0 & 129 \cdot 2 \\ 44 \cdot 8 & 116 \cdot 6 \\ 32 \cdot 2 & 289 \cdot 2 \\ 47 & 267 \\ 20 & 211 \\ 23 & 246 \\ 27 & 305 \\ 15 & 384 \\ \end{array}$	150·2 1,074·0 139·4 733·2 108·4 985·4 750 134 1,330 142 1,223 141 1,304 1,333		57·2 9·0 154·6 67·4 204·2 289·4 385 487 1,091 610 1,716 765 803 696 550	4,836·8 5,724·2 6,351·4 6,506 7,993 9,236 9,140 9,410
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# INDICTABLE OFFENCES AND SUMMARY CONVICTIONS. DÉLITS JUSTICIABLES DU JURY ET CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES,

Comparative Table from 1883 to 1902 by Groups of Offences. Tableau comparatif depuis 1883  $\lambda$  1902 par groupes de délits.

Forgery and Offences against the Currency; Offences against Revenue Laws; Escape and Attempt to Escape from Prison; Attempt to Suicide; Perjury and Subornation of Perjury; Conspiracy; Contempt of Court; Forcible Entry and other Felonies and Misdemeanors.

Faux et délits par rapport à la monnaie; délits contre le revenu de l'Etat; évasion et tentative d'évasion de prison; tentative de suicide; parjure et subornation de parjure; conspiration; mépris de cour; entrée forcée et autres délits.

YEARS. ANNÉES.	P. E. Island. — He du PE.	Nova Scotia. Nouv Ecosse.	New Bruns- wick. Nouv Bruns- wick.	Quebec.	Ontario.	Mani- toba.	British Col- umbia. Col Britan- nique.	NW. Territories. Les Territoires.	Canada.
1883 to 1887, Av.—M'yne. 1888 to 1892 " 1893 to 1897 " 1898. 1899. 1900. 1901.	0.6 3.0 2.8 1 3 2	7.6 10.0 13.4 9 16 25 14 27	2·0 13·0 8·2 5 8 2 5			4·0 3·2 9·6 13 7 11 12 13	9·6 42·8 40·4 48 17 17· 26 49	10.6	279.8

#### GRAND TOTALS.—GRANDS TOTAUX.

INDICTABLE OFFENCES AND SUMMARY CONVICTIONS.

DÉLITS JUSTICIABLES DU JURY ET CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES.

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1,580·6   1,0 2,473   2,0 2,361   2,8 2,994   3,2 3,171   2,7	1,293 · 4 1,328 1,489 1,692 2,220	16,931·2 16,811 16,784 18,420 19,037	10,660 · 4 10,026 10,275 9,917 9,384	2,285 · 8 2,354 2,261 2,311 2,292	2,595 2,977	412·0 460 452 429 338	17	1900 1901
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# NUMBER OF INHABITANTS FOR EACH CONVICTION. NOMBRE D'HABITANTS POUR CHAQUE CONDAMNATION.

1883 to 1887, Av. M'yne. 1888 to 1892 " . 1893 to 1897 " . 1899 1900 1901 1902.	186 208 258 258 228 230 242 305 285	301 314 167 170 203 177 154 119	145 137 142 139 146 145 144 140	194 147 146 159 157 165 176	107 101 126 128 129 118 115 113	52 142 145 165 155 145 117 120	94 86 80 61 68 58 57	476 143 92 60 48 45 59 76	137 129 136 136 136 128 128 128
1902	285	119	140	178	113	120	55	76	125

# TABLE I.

INDICTABLE OFFENCES.

# TABLEAU I.

DÉLITS JUSTICIABLES DU JURY.

					-						===
TABLE I. OF	FENCES	S AC	i A	INST	THE	PERS	ON.			CLAS	S I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De- tained		DAM	_		Соммі	TTED TO	JAIL
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Number of Charges	Ac qui tec	t-	for Lu- nacy.		Con- victed 1st.	Con- victed 2nd.	Reite-	the option of a	No Or	PTION
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Nombre d'accu- sations	Ac qui tés	t-	Dé- tenues pour	Total.	Con-	Con-	Plus de 2	fine. Sur option entre	Un- der one year.	One year and over.
A ÉTÉ COMMISE		м.	F	de folie.		nés une fois.	nés deux fois.	récidi- ves.	la pri- son ou l'a- m'nde	Moins d'un an.	Un an et plus.
		M	U	RDER							
Cape Breton, N.S	1 1	1 1		1							
Charlotte, N.B	1 1	1			···i	i					
Montreal, QueOttawa, Que	1 1				1	1 1					
Pontiac, Que	2	i	i								
Totals of Quebec	5	1	1		2	2	,				• • • •
Algoma and Manitoulin, Ont Brant, Ont Middlesex, Ont Muskoka and Parry Sound, Ont York, Ont	1 1 2 1 1	1 1	1 1		1  i	1		1		• · · •	
Totals of Ontario	6	2	2		2	1		1			
Manitoba, Eastern	1 1			1 1	1 1						
Totals of Manitoba	2			2	2	.) .					
Cariboo, B.C	2 5 1	2 4			1 1	1 1					
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T. Assiniboia, Western, N.W.T. Saskatchewan, N.W.T.	2 1 1	1			1 1	1 1					
Totals of the N.W.T	4	1 2			2	2					
Totals of Canada	29	14	3		11	10		1			
MURDER, A	TTEMP	TA	NI	D ACC	ESSO	RY TO	O MU	RDER	•		
Vietoria, N.B.	1				1	1					
Montreal, Que	3 a1 2	1			2	2					
Totals of Quebec	6	1			4	4					
Yale, B.C	4	1			3	3					1
North-west Territories	7	7	-								
Totals of Canada	18 T	9			8	8		1			1_

a. 1 m Jury disagreed -1 h. Les jurés ne se sont pas accordés.

	DHE.	AU I.			CON	IRE I	LA PE	AUGA	N.F.				CLASS	or I.
	ITENT	ARY.	TENC	Com-			06	CCUPA	ATION	īs.		CON	CIVII VDITI TS CI	ONS.
I'wo years and under five.  D'ux ans et	Five years and over. Cinq ans et plus.	Life. A vie	D'th.  — De mort	ted to Refor- ma- tories.  — En-	Other Senten- ces.  Autres Senten- ces.	Agricul- tural.  Agricul- teurs.	mer-cial.  Com-mer-	Do- mestic — Servi- teurs.	_	Professional Professions libérales.	La- borers  - Jour- na- liers.	Married.  Marriés.	Wi- dowed — En veu- vage.	Single Céli- ba- taires
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TABLE I. O	FFEN	CES A	AGAIN	ST	TH	IE F	ERS	SON.				(	CL	ASS	I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S'	CATIO FATUR RUCT	S.					AG	ES.					LIQU	OF ORS. EE DE
IN WHICH	ITn			LInd	lor	16 27	09399	91 1	00 80					11160	re no
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men- tary.	Supe-	16	s.	ar	r 21.		ıd		-		en.		Im- mo- de-
DISTRICTS JUDI-	_	_	_	de 16 ar	,	et m	oins 21.	et m		et p				rate	
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable	Elé- men-	Supé- rieure	м.	F	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	м.		Mo-	Im-
A ETE COMMISE.	de lire oud'é- crire.	taire.		—	_ F	—	- F.	—	- F.	Н.	- F.	Н.	-	déré	
	crire.			11.	L	11.	r.	11.	F.	11.	r.	11.	F		
O. D. N. W.			MUR				1	ŧ.		t .	1	1	,	,	-
Cap-Breton, NE															
Charlotte, NB		<sub>i</sub>													
Montréal, Qué		1			-			1							1
Ottawa, Qué															1
		2		_	-			$\frac{1}{2}$					-		2
Totaux de Québec  Algoma et Manitoulin, Ont								$\frac{2}{1}$							-
Brant, Ont															
York, Ont			1					1					-	1	
Totaux d'Ontario  Manitoba, Est		1	•1					$\frac{2}{1}$					-	$-\frac{2}{1}$	
Manitoba, Ouest		1	• • • •					1			-			1	
Totaux de Manitoba		2			-			2					-	2	
Caribou, ColB. Westminster, ColB. Yale, ColB.	1	1								1					1
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Ouest, T. du NO Saskatchewan, T. du NO		1								1		1			1
Totaux des T. du NO		1								1		1			1
Totaux du Canada	1	8	1	1				6		2		2	1	6	4
MURDEF	R, ATT	EMP.	Γ ANI	) AC	CI	ESSC	RY	ТО	MU	RDE	R.				
Victoria, NB		1						1						1	
Montréal, Qué	1	2					,	22						1	1
Totaux de Québec	1	4						4						3	1
Yale, ColB								2		1		-		1	2
Territoires du Nord-Ouest															
Totaux du Canada	. 3	5			-	1		7		1		-	1	5	3

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	rish Is			Uni-	Other Fo- reign Coun-	Other Bri- tish Pos-	Вар-	R. Ca-	Ch. of	Me- tho-	Pres- byte-		Other Deno- mina- tions.	Villes.	istricts
Eng- land and Wales	Ire- land.	Scot- land.	Ca- nada.	ted States	tries.	ses- sions. — Autr's	tists.	lics.	England.		rians.	Pro- tes- tants	- Autr's	Towns-	ricts—Di
Angle terre et Galles	Ir- lande	Ecos- se.		Etats- Unis.	Autres pays étrangers.	posses sions Bri- tanni- ques.	Bap- tistes.	Ca- tholi- ques.		Mé- tho- dis- tes.	Pres- byté- riens.		fes- sions.	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts
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			2		1			2					1		3
1			5		2			5				2	1	4	4

TABLE I. OF	FENCES	AG	A	INST	THE I	PERSC	N.	1	<u> </u>	CLAS	S I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De-		ONVIO			Соммі	TTED TO	O JAIL
IN WHICH	Number	qui	t-	for Lu-					With	No O	
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Charges —	tec	1.	nacy.		Convicted 1st.	Convicted 2nd.	Reite-	the option of a		PTION
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Ac qui tés	t-	Dé- tenues	Total.	Con-	Con-		Sur option	Un- der one year.	One year and over.
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.		М.	F	cause de folie.		dam- nés une fois.	nés deux fois.	de 2 récidi- ves.	entre la pri- son ou l'a- nie'de	Moins d'un an.	Un an et plus.
	2.4			ATTOU	(MED						
	N	IAN	5 L.	AUGH	ITER.	1	1	l	[	ſ	1
King's, P.E.I. Prince, P.E.I. Queen s, P.E.I.	1 1 1	i			1 1	1					
Totals of P.E. Island	3	1			2	2		. ,			
Cape Breton, N.S. Cumberland, N.S. Halifax, N.S. Richmond, N.S.	1 2 3 1	1  2 1			2 1	2	1				
Totals of Nova Scotia	7	4			3	2	1				
		1						* * * * * * *			
Westmoreland, N.B			-								
Arthabaska, Que. Bedford, Que. Montreal, Que. Ottawa, Que. Quebec, Que. St. Francis, Que.	1 41 2 1 3 1	1	2		1 2 1 	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ \cdots \end{bmatrix}$				1	* * * * * *
Totals of Quebec	9	1	2		5	5				2	· ·
Carleton, Ont	1 1 1 1 3 1	1 1 1 1 3			1						
York, Ont	3	7			3 4	$\frac{2}{3}$	1	• • •		1	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Manitoba, Eastern	1	1	-								
Victoria, B.C	2		-		2	2					
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T	1				1	1					
Totals of Canada	35	15	2		17	15	2			3	
				APE.							
Halifax, N.S	2	2									
Quebec, Que	a1										
Algoma and Manitoulin, Ont Brant, Ont Carleton, Ont	a1 2 1	1			2	1	1				• • • •
Dufferin, Ont	1				1	1					

a. I m. Jury disagreed—Les jurés ne se sont pas accordés.

TA	BLE	AU I.		0	UTRAGE	S CON	TRE	LA PI	ERSON	INE.		(	CLASS	E I.
-			NTEN	CE.				COTT	4 mm 0 =	70		COL	CIVI) NDITI	L ONS.
	NITENT			Com- mit- ted to			0	CCUP.	ATION	NS.		ÉTA	TSCI	VILS
Two years and un- der five.  D'ux ans et m'ns de cinq.	Five years and over. Cinq ans et plus.	Life.  — A vie	D'th.  De mort.	Reformatories  Envoyés à la prison de Réforme.	Other Sentences.  Autres Sentences.	Agricul- tural.  Agricul- teurs.	Commercial.  Commercants.	Do- mestic	Industrial. Industriels.	Professional Professions libérales.	La- borers  — Jour- na- liers.	Married.  Marriés.	Widowed En veuvage.	Single  Céliba- taires
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TABLE I. O	FFEN	CES A	AGAIN	NST	TF	IE F	ERS	SON.				C	LA	ASS	I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S'	CATIO TATU RUCI	S.					AG	ES.				1	LIQU - USAG	E D
IN WHICH	Un-			TInd	lani	10		91 ***					-	LIQU	EUR
OFFENCE COMMITTED DISTRICTS JUDI-	able to read or write.	Ele- men- tary.	Superior.	16	s.	unde	r 21. ns oins	21 y unde - 21 a et m de	r 40. ans	40	over. - ans	Nor donn	n.	Mo- de-	de-
	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.	Elé- men- taire.	Supé- rieure		F F	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. F.	М. — Н.	F. F.			Mo- déré	
		MA	NSLA	UGI	ΙT	ER.		<u> </u>					)		
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King's, I. du PE Prince, I. du PE Queen's, I. du PE		1	1		• •						• • • •	1		1	
Totaux de l'Ile du PE		1	1									2		2	
Cap-Breton, NE		2						1		1 1				i	1 1
Totaux de la NEcosse		3						1		2			-	1	2
Westmoreland, NB					-								-		
Arthabaska, Qué Bedford, Qué Montréal, Qué Ottawa, Qué Québec, Qué St. François, Qué	1	2						1 2 1 1						1 1 1	i ::
Totaux de Québec	1	3	1		-			5					-	3	2
Carleton, Ont Frontenac, Ont Lincoln, Ont Middlesex, Ont Perth, Ont Th'der Bay et Rainy Riv., Ont York, Ont					 	 								2	1 1
Totaux d'Ontario		4		-	-			1	1	1		1		2	
Manitoba, Est			-		-			-				-	-		
Victoria, ColB	1	1		-	-		-	2					-	2	-
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO		1			-			1					-	1	
Totanx du Canada	2	13	2	1	-	<u> </u>		10	1	3		3		11	1 6
			R	APE											
Halifax, NE Shelburne, NE	- 4				1										
Québec, Qué															
Algoma et Manitoulin, Ont Brant, Ont		2						2							

	LIE	BIRT: UX D	-	ACES. ISSAN	CE.				REL	IGIO	NS.			RE DEN	SI- NCE.
	rish Is			Uni-	Other Fo- reign Coun-	Other Bri- tish Pos-	Pan	R. Ca- tho-	Ch. of Eng-	Me- tho-	Pres- byte-		Other Deno- mina-	Villes.	stricts
Eng- land and Wales — Angle	Ire- land.	Scot- land.	Ca- nada.	ted States  — Etats-	tries.  Au- tres	ses- sions.  Autr's posses sions	Baptists.  Baptistes.	lies.  Ca- tholi-	and.  — Eglise	dists —	rians.  Pres- byté-	Pro- tes- tants	tions.  Autr's	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts
terre	Ir- lande.	Ecos- se.		Unis.	pays étran- gers.	Bri- tanni- ques.	3,500,51	ques.	gle- terre.	dis- tes.	riens.		fes- sions.	Cities a	Rural Di
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T	ABLE I. OFF	ENCES	AG	ΔT	NET T	HE P	ERSO				CLASS	1903
1.	ABLE I. OFF	ENCES	AGZ	X1.	NOT I	1113 1	IMOO					
	UDICIAL DISTRICTS	Name has	•		De- tained		ONVIO (DAM)	-		Сомм	NTEN	JAIL
0	IN WHICH FFENCE COMMITTED.	Number of Charges	Ac qui tec	t-	for Lu- nacy.		Convicted 1st.		Reite-	the option	No O	_
CI	DISTRICTS JUDI- AIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Acqui tés	t- s.	Dé- tenues pour cause de folie.	Total.	Con- dam- nés une fois.	Con- dam- nés deux fois.	de 2	Sur option entre la prison ou l'a-m'nde	Moins d'un	One year and over.  Un an et plus.
			RAI	PE-	-Conc	luded.				<u> </u>		
Grey Lee Mus Stor	ex, Ont	1 1 1 2 1	1 1 1 1 1 1			i	1					
	k, Ont	$\frac{2}{14}$	7			$\frac{2}{6}$	4	1	1			
Wes	stminster, B.C	1	1									
Alb	erta, Northern, N.W.T erta, Southern, N.W.T iniboia, Eastern, N.W.T	3 1 2	1 1 2			2	2					
	Totals of Canada	25	15			8	6	1	1			
		RA	PE,	A	TTEM	PT A	r.					
Dig Hal	e. Breton, N.Sby, N.Sifax, N.Sg's, N.S	1 1 2 1	1 1			1 1 1	1 1	i				
	Totals of Nova Scotia	5	2			3	2	1				••••
	uharnois, Que	1				1	1	• • • •				
Ker	ntenac, Ont	1 1 1 1	1			1 1	1 1 · i			1		
	Totals of Ontario	4	1			3	3			1		
Ma	nitoba, Central	2	2									
Vie	iboo, B.C	1 1 1	i			1	1 1					a1
	Totals of British Columbia	3	1			2	2					1
Alb	erta Northern, N.W.Tiniboia, Western, N.W.T	2				2	2			• • • •		b1
	Totals of the N.W.T	3				3	3	• • •		,		2
	Totals of Canada	18	6			12	11	1		1		3

a. And 25 lashes—Et 25 coups de fouet. b. And \$300 or 6 months more—Et \$300 où 6 mois de plus.

TA	BLEA	U I.		0	UTRAGE	s con	TRE	LA PE	ERSON	NE.			CLASS	SE I.
		SEN	TEN									1	CIVII	
	NITENC			Com-			00	CCUPA	ATION	rs.			TS CI	
un- der five.		Life.  A vie	D'th.  De mort	ted to Refor- ma- tories  En- voyés à la	Other Sentences.  Autres Sentences.	Agricul- tural.	mer- cial.	Do- mestic		Professional Pro-	La- borers — Jour-	Married.	Wi- dowed — En	Singl — Céli-
et	et plus.			prison de Réfor- me.		teurs.	mer-		dus- triels.	fes- sions libé- rales.	na- liers.	riés.	veu-	ba- taires
				1		VIC	L-Fi	n.		Walter Company	1	1	1	1
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a. And to be whipped twice—Et à être fouetté deux fois. b. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue.

TABLE I.	OFFE.	NCES	AGAI	NST	T	HE	PER	SON	ī			(	CL.	ASS	I.
	S	CATIO	S.					AG	ES.					LIQU	-
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	INSI	RUCI												LIQU	
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men-	Superior.	year Moi de	rs. ns	unde 16 et m	er 21. ans	unde 21 et m	er 40. - ans loins	and 40	ans	No	n. n-	Mo- de- rate	de
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Inca-	Elé-	Supé-	16 a	ns.	de	21.	de	40.						-
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	pable de lire	men-	rieure	М.	F	м.	F.	м.	F.	м.	F.	м.	F	Mo- déré	ine
	ou d'é- crire.			H.	F	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F.	Н.	F		déi
		R.	APE-	Conc	lua	led.									
dssex, Ont Grey, Ont	·····i					1									
York, Ont		2						•••				i		2	
Totaux d'Ontario		4				3						1		2	·
Vestminster, ColB					-							•••			
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Alberta, Sud, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Est, T. du NO												2		1	
Totaux du Canada	2	5				3		2				3		3	
		RAP	E, AT	TEN	IP	T A	Г.	1	,			,			,
Cap-Breton, NE. Digby, NE. Halifax, NE. King's, NE		1 1 1				1								1	
Totaux de la NEcosse		3			-	1	• • • •	1				1			-
Geauharnois, Qué								1		• • •		1		1	
Totaux d'Ontario		2			-			$\frac{1}{2}$				1		1	-
Ianitoba, Centre				-				-					-		-
Caribou, ColB		1						1				i		1	
Totaux de la ColBritann	.,	1						1				1	. ,	1	
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Ouest, T.du NO		1										$\frac{2}{1}$			
Totaux des T. du NO		1			-							3			
Totaux du Canada		8				1		5				6		5	-

TAT	BLEAU	J I.		OU	TRAC	GES C	ONTR	E LA	PERS	SONN	E.		C	LASS	E I.
	LIE	BIRT	H PL		CE.				REI	LIGIO	ONS.		•	RI	ESI- NCE.
Eng- land and Wales Angle terre	Ireland.		Ca- nada.	United States  — Etats-Unis.	Other Foreign Countries.  Autres pays étrangers.	Other British Posses sions.  Autr's posses sions Britanniques.		R. Ca-tho-lics.  Ca-tholiques.		tho- dists	Presbyte-rians.  Presbyté-riens.	Pro- tes- tants	Other Denominations.  Autr's confessions.	wns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts
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TABLE I. OFI	FENCES	AG	AII	TST T	THE P	ERSO	N.			CLAS	s I.
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JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De-		ONVIO DAMI	_			TTED T	
IN WHICH	Number		-	for						PRISON	
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	of Charges	quit ted		Lu- nacy.					the option	No O	_
_				_		1st.	zna.	rated.	of a fine.	Un-	One
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Ac- quit tés.	t-	Dé- tenues	Total.	Con-	Con-		Sur option	der one year.	year and over.
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.				pour cause de		dam- nés une	dam- nés deux	de 2 récidi- ves.	la pri- son	Moins d'un	Un an et
		м.		folie.		fois.	fois.	* 0.5.	ou l'a- m'nde		plus.
ATTEMPT AND CAL	RNALLY	KN	O	WING	A GI	RL O	F TEN	DER	YEAH	RS.	
Lunenburg, N.S	2				2	2					
Montreal, Que	2		-		2	2					
Hastings, Ont	2 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$									
Kent, OntLeeds and Grenville, Ont	2	1			1	1				i	
Lennox and Addington, Ont Lincoln, Ont	1				1 1	1					
Middlesex, Ont	a1										
Wellington, Ont		1		••••	3	2	1				2
Totals of Ontario	13	5			7	6	1			1	3
Manitoba, Eastern	2	1	••		1	1					
Alberta, Northern N.W.TAssiniboia, Eastern, N.W.TAssiniboia, Western, N.W.T	1 1 1	1 i			1	1					
Totals of the N.W.T	3	2			1	1		• • • •			
Totals of Canada	22	8			13	12	1			1	3
	INI	DECF	EN'	T ASS	SAUL	T.		1	1	i	
Cape Breton, N.S. Colchester, N.S.	1 1	1			1	1			1		
Halifax, N.S. Hants, N.S. Richmond, N.S.	1 1	1			1	i				1	
Richmond, N.SYarmouth, N.S	1 4	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$			···· <u>2</u> ·	2			2		
Totals of Nova Scotia	9	5			4	4			3	1	
Charlotte, N.B	1 1 1	· · · ·			1	1					
Totals of New Brunswick	3	1			2	2					
Beauharnois, QueBedford, Que	2 1	1			2	2			1		1
Chicoutimi, Que	1	1			····i	1			···i		
Montreal, Que	1				8 1	2		1		1 1	
Rimouski, Que	1				1	1					

a. Jury disagreed-Les jurés ne se sont pas accordés.

		U I.			OUTRAGI				11100				CLASS	
	ITENTI	ARY.	TENC	CE.			00	CCUP	ATION	īs.		CON	CIVII (DITI) TS CI	ONS.
Two years and un- der	Five years and over.	Life.	D'th.  De mort	ted to Refor- ma- tories.  — En-	Other Senten- ces.  Autres Senten-	Agricul-	Com- mer- cial.	Do- mestic	In- dus- trial.	Pro- fes- sional	La- borers	Married.	Wi- dowed	Sing
ans et m'n de cinq	ans et plus.	A vie		à la prison de Réfor- me.	ces.	Agri- cul- teurs.	Com- mer- çants.	Serviteurs.	In- dus- triels.	Pro- fes- sions libé- rales.	Jour- na- liers.	Ma- riés.	En veu- vage	Cél ba- taire
	TE	NTATI	VE E	T CON	IMERCE	CHAR	NEL	AVEC	UNE	FILL	E EN	BAS .	AGE.	
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TABLE I.	FFEN	CES	AGAI	NST	TI	HE I	PER	SON.					CL	ASS	1.
Ψ	S	CATIO TATU —	S.					$\overline{AG}$	ES.					USE LIQU	OF ORS.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	INST	RUCI	TION.												EURS
IN WHICH	Un- able to			Unc			ears	21 y			ears	No	ot.		
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	read	Ele- men-	Supe-	_		-	-	unde	er 40. –	and	over.	give	n.		Im- mo-
DISTRICTS JUDI-	write.	tary.	rior.	Moi de 16 as	9	et m		et m	ans noins 40.		ans olus.	Non			de- rate
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Inca- pable		Supé- rieure	M.	F	М.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F	Mo-	Im-
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	de lire ou d'é-			_	_	_	_	_		_				déré	
	crire.			Н.	F	H.	F.	Н.	F.	Н.	F.	H.	F		
ATTEMPT AND C	ARNA	LLY	KNOV	VIN	G	A G	IRL	OF	TEN	DEI	RYI	CAR	S.	,	
Lunenburg, NE		2						2						2	
Montréal, Qué	1	1		1				1					-	1	1
Hastings, Ont															
Leeds et Grenville, Ont Lennox et Addington, Ont Lincoln, Ont										1 1				1	1
Middlesex, Ont		1				1				1				1	
Wellington, Ont. York, Ont.										3				2	1
Totaux d'Ontario	1.	4				1				6				5	2
Manitoba, Est		1				1								1	
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Est, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Ouest, T.du NO												1			
Totaux des Ter. du NO							,					1			
Totaux du Canada	2	8		1		2		3		6	1	1		9	3
		INDI	ECENT	AS	SA	UL'	<u>r.                                    </u>								_
Cap-Breton, NE															
Halifax, NE														 i	
Richmond, NEYarmouth, NE				i			,								
Totanx de la NEcosse	1	2		2		1						1		3	
Charlotte, NB	1	1		1						1				1	
Totaux du NBrunswick	1	1		1						1				1	
Beauharnois, Que Bedford, Qué		2				1		1						2	
Chicoutini, Qué	····i	1 2				1 1				2				1	2
Pontiac, Qué	_	1						1		i				1 1	
St. François, Que		1						1						1	
Totaux de Québec	2	7		1		3	1	3		3	1		1	7	1 2

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RELIGIONS	TA	BLEA	U I.		00	JTRA(	ES C	ONTR	E LA	PERS	SONN	Е.		C	LASS	SE I.
TENTATIVE ET COMMERCE CHARNEL AVEC UNE FILLE EN BAS AGE.		LIE				ICE.	•			REI	LIGIO	ONS.				
TENTATIVE ET COMMERCE CHARNEL AVEC UNE FILLE EN BAS AGE.  2	Eng- land and Wales	Ire-	Scot-	Ca-	ted States	Foreign Countries.  Au-	British Possessions. Autr's posses	Baptists.  Bap-	Catholics.  Ca-	Eng- land.  - Eglise	tho- dists — Mé-	byterians.  Pres-	tes-	Denominations.  Autr's con-	Towns-Villes	Districts—Districts
	terre	Ir- lande.			Unis.	étran-	tanni-		ques.					sions.	Cities	Rural Di ruraux.
		TEN	TATI	VE ET	COM	MERC	E CH	ARNE	L A	VEC U	NE I	FILLE	EN	BAS A	GE.	
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TABLE I. OFF	ENCES	AGA	A1.	NST T	HE P.	ERSO	N.			CLASS	
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De- tained		DAMI	-		Сомм	NTENO	JAIL
IN WHICH	Number of	Ac		for Lu-						No Oi	
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Charges	ted		nacy.		Convicted 1st.	Convicted 2nd.	Reite-	the option	SANSO	
DISTRICTS JUDI-	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Ac qui tés	t-	Dé- tenues	Total.	Con-	Con-	- Plus	fine. Sur option	Un- der one year.	One year and over.
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.				pour cause de folie.		dam- nés une fois.	dam- nés deux fois.	de 2 récidi- ves.	son ou l'a-	Moins d'un an.	Un an et plus.
		М.	F						m'nde		
I	NDECE	NT A	AS	SAUL	T—Con	cluded.					
Brant, Ont. Bruce, Ont Carleton, Ont. Dufferin, Ont Elgin, Ont Essex, Ont Hastings, Ont. Lambton, Ont Lanark, Ont	1 2 1 1 1 5 1 1 2	1  1 1 1			1 1 1 1 1 4	1 1 1 1 1 4			1 1 2	1 1 a1 2	1
Leeds and Grenville, Ont. Lennox and Addington, Ont. Lincoln, Ont. Middlesex, Ont. Muskoka and Parry Sound, Ont. Norfolk, Ont. Northumberland & Durham, O. Perth Ont. Peterb rough, Ont. Victoria, Ont. Welland. Ont. Wentworth, Ont	1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 3	1 1 1 1 2			1 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 3	1 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 2		1	1	1 1 1 c1 c1 1	1
York, Ont	23	15			8	8				4	
Totals of Ontario	58	26			32	31		1	6	18	3
Manitoba, Eastern	3				3	3			. 2	1	
Westminster, B.C	1				1	1				d1	
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T Assiniboia, Eastern, N.W.T	4 1	3			1	1 1			1	1 1	
Totals of the N.W.T	5	3			2	2			1	1	
Totals of Canada	90	37			53	51		2	14	24	4
	ASSA	UL	T (	ON FI	EMAL	ES.	•		1		1
Cape Breton, N.S	4				4	4			4		
Cumberland, N.S	1				1 1	1 1				i	
Totals of Nova Scotia	6				6	6			4	1	
York, N.B	2				1	1				1	
Montreal, Que	e35 3	3 2			31 1	27	2	2	17	8	
Totals of Quebec		b.		nd 10 la	32	27	2	3	17	9	1

a. And 50 lashes—Et 50 coups de fouet. b. And 10 lashes—Et 10 coups de fouet. c. And 30 lashes—Et 30 coups de fouet. d. And \$100—Et \$100. c. 1 Nolle prosequi.

TA	BLE	AU I.		(	OUTRAGE	ES COL	NTRE	LA P	ERSO	NNE.			CLASS	E I.
	VITENT	MARY.	NTEN	Com-			O	CCUP.	ATION	NS.		CON	CIVII VDITIO TS CIV	ONS.
Two years and un- der five.  Deux ans et	ans et	Life.  — A vie	D'th.  De mort	En- voyés à la prison	Other Sentences.  Autres Sentences.	Agricul-	mercial.  Commer-	Do- mestic — Servi- teurs.		Professional Professions	Jour- na-	Married.  Marriés.	Wi-dowed	Céli ba-
m'ns de inq.	plus.			de Réfor- me.		teurs.	çants.		trieis.	libé- rales.	liers.		vage.	taire
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a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. Bound to keep the peace—Tenus de garder le paix .  $17-2\frac{1}{2}$ 

TABLEAU I. C	UTRA	AGES	CONT	RE I	ιA	PE	RSO	NNE				Cl	LA	SSE	I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S	CATIO TATU TRUCT	S.					AG	ES.					USAG	OF ORS. E DE
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men-	Superior.	16	ns	unde unde 16 et n	nd er 21. – ans	unde 21 et n	nd er 40. – ans	and 40	ears over. ans olus.	No	en.		Im- mo- de- rate
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é-	taire.	Supé- rieure	_	F	М.	F.	М.	F.	м.	F.		-	Mo- déré	
	crire.			Н.	F	Н.	F.	H.	F.	Н.	F.	Н.	F		
	IND	ECEN'	T ASS	AUI	T-	-Con	relud	ed.							
Brant, Ont Bruce, Ont Carleton, Ont Dufferin, Ont Elgin, Ont. Essex, Ont Hastings, Ont Lambton, Ont Lenox et Addington, Ont Lincoln, Ont. Muskoka et Parry Sound, Ont. Norfolk, Ont Nortolk, Ont Petth, Ont Petth, Ont Petth, Ont Victoria, Ont Wentworth, Ont York, Ont Totaux d'Ontario.	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1			1 1 2  1  1 1 		1 1 1 1		i i i		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 8 19	1 1 1 2 7
Manitoba, Est		2						1		1		1	-	1	1
Westminster, ColB		1				• • •				1				1	
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Est, T. du NO					-							1 1			
Totaux des T. du NO	6		1	7		10		15				2			
Totaux du Canada	0	36	1	1		12		10		9	1	10		32	10
		ASSA	ULT C	N F	E	MAL	ES.								
Cap-Breton, NE. Cumberland, NE. Digby, NE.	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		 i						i		4		 1	i
Totaux de la NEcosse	1	1		1						1		4		1	1
York, NB		1						1						1	
Montréal, Qué Trois-Rivières, Qué	1	30						23	1	6	1			12 1	19
Totaux de Québec	2	30		1	١		1	23	1	7	1			13	19

TAE	BLE I.			OF	FENC	ES A	GAINS	ST TH	HE PE	RSO	ζ.			CLAS	SS I.
	LIE		_	ACES.	ICE.				REI	LIGIO	NS.			RE DEN	CSI- NCE.
BRI'	rish Is			Uni- ted	Other Fo- reign Coun-	Other Bri- tish Pos-	Bap-	R. Ca-	Ch. of Eng-	Me- tho-	Pres- byte-		Other Deno-	Villes.	stricts
Eng- land and Wales	Ire- land.	Scot- land.	Ca- nada.	States —	tries.	ses- sions. — Autr's	tists.	lics.	land.	dists.	rians.	Pro- tes- tants	tions.	Towns-	ricts-Di
Angle terre et Galles	Ir- lande.	Ecos- se.		Etats- Unis.	Au- tres pays étran- gers.	posses sions Bri- tanni- ques.	Bap- tistes.	Ca- tholi- ques.	Eglise d'An- gle- terre.	Mé- tho- dis- tes.	Pres- byté- riens.		Autr's con- fes- sions.	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
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TABLE I. OFI	FENCES	AG.	AI	NST 7	THE F	ERSO	N.			CLAS	S I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De-		ONVIO	_			TTED TO	
IN WHICH	Number	Ac	-	tained for					Ем	PRISONN	rés.
OFFENCE COMMITTED.  -	of Charges	qui ted	t-	Lu- nacy.		Convicted 1st.	Convicted 2nd.	Reiterated.	the option of a	No of Sans o	PTION.
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Ac qui tés	t-	Dé- tenues pour cause	Total.	Con- dam- nés	Con- dam- nés	de 2	fine. Sur option entre la pri-	-	One year and over. Un
		м.	F	de folie.		une fois.	deux fois.	ves.	son ou l'a- m'nde	d'un an.	an et plus.
AS	SAULT	ON	FI	EMAL	ES—Co	nclude	d.				
125-1-1-0-4	1				1	1			Į.	1	
Algoma and Manitoulin, Ont Brant, Ont Carleton, Ont Halton, Ont	1 1 2 1				$\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$			2	1	
Lanark, Ont	1 1				1	1 1				1	
Peterborough, Ont	1 1				1 1	1 1				1	
Welland, Ont	1 1				1 1	1 1			1	···i	
Wentworth, Ont	1 2	i 			2	2			2		
Totals of Ontario	14	1			13	13			<u>5</u>	5	• • •
Saskatchewan, N.W.T.	1				1	1				1	
Totals of Canada	60	6		1	53	48	2	3	26	17	<u></u>
			IN	CEST.		1	1	4	i	1	
Ottawa, Que	1	1				• • • • •					
Lanark, Ont Lincoln, Ont. Welland, Ont.	1 1 u1	1 1									
Yale, B.C.			-		2	2					
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T.	1 1	1 1	-								
Totals of Canada	8	5	-		2	2					
	SODON		N	D BE							
Halifax, N.S	1				1	1					
Three Rivers, Que	1		-		1	1					1
Carleton, Ont	1 7	1 3			4	4					
Victoria, B.C	1 2 1	1			 2 1	2					
Totals of British Columbia.	4	1	-		3	3					
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T	1				1	1				1	
Totals of Canada	15	5			10	10				1	1
a. Jury disagreed - Les jurés :	no so sont	230 H	9.0	cordés							

a. Jury disagreed-Les jurés ne se sont pas accordés.

et et prison cul- mer- teurs. dus- fes- na- riés. ver-	NS.	CIVIL DITIO	CON	,		ERSO	LA P	NTRE	es con	OUTRAGE			AU I.	BLE	TA
PENITENTIARY. PÉNITENCIER.  Two years and Five dundans ans et et et m'ns plus. de cinq.  WOIES DE FAIT SUR FEMMES—Fin.  CONDITIONS.  CONDITIONS.  CONDITIONS.  CONDITIONS.  ÉTATS CIVI  ÉT	ILS.  Céliba- caires	DITIO TS CIV	CON		IS				1						
Two   years and un   years   der der and five. over.   De   Life.   De   De   Cinq ans et plus.   de cinq.   De   De   Senten- ces.   Agricular   Commert	Céliba- ba- caires					ATION	CCUP	00			Com-	NTEN	IARY.	_	
Prison de Réforme.   Culture durs dustriels   Culture dustriels	ba- caires	— 17	ried.	borers —	fes- sional	dus- trial.	mestic	mer- cial.	cul- tural.	Sentences.  Autres Senten-	Reformatories.  - Envoyés	— De	Life.	Five years and over. ————————————————————————————————————	years and un- der five. —
a1     1       a2     1       a3     1       a4     1       a5     1       a6     1       a7     2       a7     2       a8     2       a1     1       a1     1       a2     2       a3     1       a4     1       a5     2       a5     2       a6     1       a7     2       a8     2       a9     2       a6     1       a1     1       a2     2       a3     1       a4     1       a5     2       a6     1       a7     2       a8     2       a7     2       a8     3       a7     3       a8     4       a8 <td></td> <td>veu-</td> <td></td> <td>na-</td> <td>fes- sions libé-</td> <td>dus-</td> <td></td> <td>mer-</td> <td>cul-</td> <td></td> <td>prison de Réfor-</td> <td></td> <td>Avie</td> <td>et</td> <td>et m'ns de</td>		veu-		na-	fes- sions libé-	dus-		mer-	cul-		prison de Réfor-		Avie	et	et m'ns de
a1     1       a2     1       a3     1       a4     1       a5     1       a6     1       a7     2       a1     2       a2     2       a3     1       a1     1       a2     2       a3     1       a4     1       a5     2       a5     2       a6     1       a1     1       a2     2       a3     1       a4     1       a5     2       a6     1       a7     2       a6     1       a7     2       a8     2       a7     2       a8     2       a9     2       a1     1       a1     1       a2     2       a3     1       a4 <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Fin.</td> <td>MES-</td> <td>FEM</td> <td>SUR</td> <td>FAIT</td> <td>OIES DE</td> <td>7</td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		,			Fin.	MES-	FEM	SUR	FAIT	OIES DE	7	,			
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SODOMIE ET BESTIALITE.		-	1	[	1	ITE.	STIAL	T BE	MIEF	SODO	1	1	I	1	-
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a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue.

TABLE I.	OFFE	NCES	AGAI	NST	Т	HE	PER	SON					CL	ÁSS	T.
IN WHICH	EDU S'	CATIO TATU	ONAL S.						ES.					USE LIQU  USAG	OF ORS.
OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men- tary.	Superior.	Und 16 year Moi de 16 a	rs.	unde 16 et m	nd	unde unde 21 et m	nd	and o	ans	No.	n. n-		Im- mo- de- rate
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.	Elé- men- taire.	Supé- rieure	_	F F	м. — н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	_	Mo- déré	Im- mo- déré
	ASSA	ULT	ON FI	EMA	LI	ES-C	Concl	uded.		1		1			
Algoma et Manitoulin, Ont Brant, Ont Carleton, Ont. Halton, Ont Lanark, Ont. Peel, Ont. Peterborough, Ont Waterloo, Ont Welland, Ont. Wellington, Ont Wentworth, Ont. York, Ont.	1							1				2  1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1
Totaux d'Ontario  Saskatchewan, T. du NO	3	4		$\frac{1}{2}$	 	1		2		2		6		6	1
Totaux du Canada	6	36		3	-	1		26	1	10	1	11	-	21	21
				CES	Г.										
Ottawa, Qué								-							
Yale, ColB	1	1								2			-	2	
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Saskatchewan, T. du NO Totaux du Canada		1			-					$\frac{\cdots}{2}$				2	
	S	ODOM	LY AN	ID E	E	STIA	LIT	Y.							
Halifax, NE		1								1				1	
Trois-Rivières, Qué	1					1								1	
Carleton, Ont		4				1		. 3	• • • •					2	2
Victoria, ColB	• • • • • •	·····i						1				2		1	
Totaux de la ColBritann		1				1		1			• • •	2		1	
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO  Totaux du Canada	1	6				$\frac{\dots}{2}$		4		···· 1		$\frac{1}{3}$		5	2

TAE	BLEAU	J I.		ou	TRAG	ES CO	ONTRI	E LA	PERS	SONN	E.		C	LASS	SE I.
		ртри	ינד דו	ACES.											
	LIE		_	ISSAN					RE	LIGIO	ONS.				NCE.
	rish Is —				Fo-	Other Bri-		R.					Other Deno-	es.	cts
	BRITANI	NIQUES.		Uni-	reign Coun-	tish Pos-	Bap-	Ca- tho-	Ch. of Eng-	tho-	Pres- byte-		mina- tions.	-Vill	istri
Eng- land	Ire;	Scot-		ted States	tries.	ses- sions.	tists.	lics.	land.	dists	rians.	Pro-		vns-	S C
and Wales	land.	land.	Ca- nada.		Au-	Autr's posses		Ca-	Eglise	Má.	Pres-	tes- tants	Autr's	1 To	trict
Angle	Ir-	Ecos-		Etats- Unis.	tres	sions Bri-	tistes.		d'An-	tho-	byté- riens.		fes-	anc	ural Dis
et Galles	lande.			C IIIs.	etran- gers.			quess	terre.	tes.	110115.		SIOIIS.	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
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TABLE I. OF	FENCES	AG.	AI	NST T	THE E	PERSO	N.			CLAS	S I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	Number	Ac		De- tained for		DAM2	-		Соммі	TENO	JAIL
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Number of Charges  - Nombre d'accu-sations.	Acquit tés.	;- -	Dé- tenues pour cause de folie.	Total.	Convicted 1st.  Condamnés une fois.	Convicted 2nd.  Condamnés deux fois.	Reiterated.  Plus de 2 récidives.	the	No Or Sans of Un- der one year. Moins d'un an.	_
	DF	ESER	Tı	NG C	HILD						
Kent, Ont	1 1 1		1 1		1		1				
Manitoba, Western	1		• •		1	1				1	
Totals of Canada	4	ST.	D1	UCTIO	2	1	1	1	1	1	
	1	1 1	_	1	) .		1	1	1	1	
Halifax, N.S	1	1									
Bedford, Que. Chicoutimi, Que, Joliette, Que. Montreal, Que St. Francis, Que	1 4	1 1 1 1			3	3			3	1	
Totals of Quebec		4	-		4	4			3	1	
Algoma and Manitoulin, Ont Haldimand, Ont Hastings, Ont Huron, Ont Kent, Ont Middlesex, Ont Norfolk, Ont Northumberland & Durham, O Ontario, Ont Renfrew, Ont Simcoe, Ont Victoria, Ont Waterloo, Ont Wentworth, Ont	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 62 1 7 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				1 1						
York, Ont		4									1
Totals of Ontario		16		• • • •	$\frac{3}{1}$	3					1
Totals of Canada		22	-		8	3			3	1	1
ABORTION			MI	PT TO			ABOR				
Cape Breton, N.S	. d2	1									
Hastings, Ont. Middlesex, Ont. Wellington, Ont York, Ont.	4 1 5	1 2 1	1 2 3		1 1	1 1				1	
Totals of Ontario	. 12	4	1 0		2	2	1			1	

a. Settled by parties on payment of \$300 damages—Réglé par les parties sur paiement de \$300 de dommages. b. 2. c. 1, settled by marriage—Réglé par le mariage. d. 1, Jury disagreed—1, Les jurés ne se sont pas accordés.

		AU I.			UTRAGE	5 001	VILLE	LA FI	MOCT	NINE.			CLASS	E 1.
	ITENT	IARY.	NTENC	Com-			00	CCUPA	ATION	īs.		CON	CIVIL DITIC TS CIV	NS.
Two years and under five.  Deux ans et	Five years and over. Cinq ans et plus.	Life.  A vie	D'th.  — De inort	ted to Reformatories.  Envoyés à la prison de Réforme.	Other Sentences.  Autres Sentences.	Agricultural.  Agricultural.	Commercial.  Commerciants.	Do- mestic — Servi- teurs.	Industrial. Industriels.	Professional Professions libérales.	La- borers  — Jour- na- liers.	Married.  Marriés.	Wi- dowed ————————————————————————————————————	Singl Céli- ba- taires
					DES	ERTIC	DN D.I	ENFAI	NT.			<u> </u>	1	
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	1				$\frac{a_1}{2}$	$\left  \frac{1}{2} \right $	3				3	$\frac{1}{2}$		6
			A.	VORT	EMENT E	TE	NTAT	IVE D	'AVOI	RTEM	ENT.			
				<u></u>						•••	••••			
					b1									

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. Bound to be of a good behaviour—Tenus de garder une meilleure conduite.

TABLE I.	OFFEN	ICES .	AGAII	TEX	TI	HE I	PER	SON.				(	CL	ASS	I.
	S	CATIO TATU	S.					AG	ES.					USE LIQU	OF
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	INST	RUCI	rion.											USAG LIQU	
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men- tary.	Superior.	Und 16 year Moi de 16 ar	ns	unde unde 16 et m	nd er 21. – ans	unde 21 et m	nd er 40. – ans	and 40	ans	Non	n. n-	Mo- de- rate	de
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é-		Supé- rieure	м.	F	м.	F.	M. —	F.	м.	F.	M. —	F	Mo- déré	
	crire.			Н.	F	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F.	н.	F		
		DES	ERTI	NG (	СН	ILD									
Kent, Ont		1					i							i	
Manitoba, Ouest	1								1					1	
Totaux du Canada	1	1					1		1					2	
			SEDU	CTI	NC		,					,			
Halifax, NE													_		_
Bedford, Qué Chicontimi, Qué Joliette, Qué Montréal, Qué. St. François, Qué						3		·····						3 1	
Totaux de Québec					_	3		1					-	4	
Algoma et Manitoulin, Ont Haldimand, Ont Hastings, Ont Huron, Ont Kent, Ont		1						1						1	
Middlesex, Out		1						1  1						1	
Kenfrew, Ont. Simcoe, Ont. Victoria, Ont. Waterloo, Ont. Wentworth, Ont.															
York, Ont  Totaux d'Ontario					-									2	• •
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO	1	3			-			$-\frac{3}{1}$						1	
Totaux du Canada	1	7			-	3		$\frac{1}{5}$					-	7	1
ABORTIO			EMP	г то	P		UR		3OR'	rion	₹.		* • •		
Cap-Breton, NE															
Hastings, OntMiddlesex, Ont		1 1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					1 1						1	
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TAI	BLEAU	J I.		0	UTRA	GES C	CONTE	RE LA	A PER	SON	NE.		C	LASS	E I.
	LIE		H PL		ICE.				REI	LIGIC	NS.			RE DEN	
	Ir-		Ca- nada.	United States  — Etats-Unis.	Foreign Countries.  Autres pays etrangers.	Other British Possessions. Autr's posses sions Britanniques.	Baptists.  Baptistes.	tholi- ques.	Ch. of England.  Eglise d'Angleterre.	Mé- tho- dis- tes.	Presbytériens.	Pro- tes- tants	Other Denominations.  Autr's confessions.	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
	1				DI	ÉSERT	ION I	D'EN]	FANT.		1				
				i	1		1			1				1	
•••••				1	1	ST	DUCT	PION	1	1				2	
	1	1	1	1	1			1		1	[	1	1	1	1
			3 1 4					3				1 1		3	1 1
1					1							1	1	1	1
			1					1							1
1			1		1 1			1			<i></i>	1	1	1	$\frac{2}{2}$
1			5		2			4				3	1	4	4
			AV(	ORTEN	IENT	ET T	ENTA	TIVE	D'AV	ORT	EMEN	T.			
••••			 1 1						····i	1				i	······
			2						1	1				1	1

TABLE I. OF	FENCES	AG	Al	INST	THE I	PERSO	N.			CLAS	S I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De- tained		ONVIO			Сомм	NTENO	JAI
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  -	Number of Charges  - Nombre	Ac qui tec	t- l.	for Lu- nacy.		Convicted 1st.	Convicted 2nd.	Reite-	the option	No Or Sans o	One
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	d'accu- sations.	qui tés M.	t-	Dé- tenues pour cause de folie.	Total.	Con- dam- nés une fois.	Con- dain- nés deux fois.	de 2	Sur option entre la pri- son ou l'a- m'nde	one year.	year and over Un an e
ABORTION AND	ATTEM	PT	TC	PRO	CURE	ABOI	RTION	—Cone	luded.	1	
	1			[		1			1		
Yale, B.C.	1		1							•••	
Totals of Canada	15	5 	7	AMY	2	2		1	1	1	
	<b>Y</b>	1		1	· 		1	1	[	}	
Bruce, Ont. Kent, Ont. Lennox and Addington, Ont Lincoln, Ont Norfolk, Ont Oxford, Ont Welland, Ont Work, Ont Work, Ont	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 3	1 1 1	i i i		1 2 1 1 1	1 2 1 1 1				1	
Totals of Ontario	12	3	3		6	6				2	
Assiniboia, Western, N.W.T	1	1									
Totals of Canada	13	4	3		6	6				2	
	1	AB	$\mathbf{D}$	UCTIC	N.	1			,	1	
Yarmouth, N.S		1									
Montreal, Que	2				2	2				2	
Algoma and Manitoulin, Ont Grey, Ont	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	1		1 1 1 1	1 1		1			
Totals of Ontario	6	1	1		4	3		1			-
Totals of Canada	a14	5	3		6	5		1		2	
CC	NCEAL	ING			OF I	NFAN					
Cumberland, N.S	1 2		i		1 1	1				i	
Pontiac, Que	1				1	1				1	
Renfrew, OutSimcoe, Ont	1 1			••••	1	1					
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T  Totals of Canada	7		1		5						
TOURIS OF ORHROR	1		1 2		0	5			1	2	

TA	BLEA	U I.		0	UTRAGE	S CON	TRE	LA PE	CRSON	NE.			CLASS	E I.
	TITENTI	ARY.	NTEN	Com-			00	CUPA	ATION	s.		CON	CIVIL DITIO TS CIV	
der	Five years and over. ————————————————————————————————————	Life.  A vie.	D'th.  — De mort	à la prison de Ré- forme.	Other Sentences.  Autres Sentences.	Agricultural.  Agricultural.	Com- mer- çants.	Do- mestic  — Servi- teurs.	In- dus- triels.	Pro- fes- sions libé- rales.	La- borers  — Jour- na- liers.	— Ma- riés.	Wi- dowed A— En veu- vage.	Sing:  Céli ba- taire
	: (		AVO	RTEM	ENT ET	TENT	ATIV	E D'A	VORT	EMEN	T—Fin	n.		
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					1	1					1	1		
						BI	GAMI	E.						
					a1 a1						1			
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1					3				2		2	6		
1					3				2		2	6	·	
				۰		ENLÈ	VEM	ENT.						
							1							
					a1		1 1	1			1	1		
					b1 c1						i	1 1		
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• • • • • •	<u></u>	<u> </u>	1	1	3	DIREC	ION I	'ENFA	ANITE	1	2	4	1	1
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				1	<i>a</i> 1			1				1		
	1	1		. 1	1		1	2		1		2		

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. To pay cost and damage under Criminal Code, Sec. 861—A payer les frais et dommages en vertu du Code Criminel, Sec. 861. c. Acquitted on giving up the child—Acquitté en remettant l'enfant.

									-		Ant				
TABLE I.	OFFE?	NCES .	AGAI	NST	T	HE ]	PER	SON					CL	ASS	Ι.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S	CATIO TATU TRUCI	S.					AG	ES.						
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men-	Superior.	Und 16 year Moi de 16 ar	ns	unde 16 : et m	nd	ar unde	ans oins	and a	ears over. ans olus.	No.	en. n-	Mo- de- rate	de-
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire		Supé- rieure	М.	F	M.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F	Mo- déré	
	ou d'é- crire.			H.	F	Н.	F.	Н.	F.	Н.	F.	Н.	F		deré
ABORTION AN	DAT	TEMP	T TO	PRC	CI	JRE	AB	ORT	ION	— Cor	nclud	ed.			
77.1 C.1 D		1	1	ĺ	1						1	[			
Yale, ColB		2	· · ·										-		
Totaux du Canada	1	2	BIG	AMX		1		2		1	1		1	1	
	1	1				1		1	1	1	ſ	1	1	]	1
Bruce, Ont. Kent, Ont. Lenuox et Addington, Ont. Lincoln, Ont. Norfolk, Ont. Oxford, Ont. Peel, Ont. Welland, Ont. York, Ont.  Totaux d'Ontario.  Assiniboïa, Ouest, T. du NO.		1 2  1 1 1 1 6						1 1 3	1				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 2 1 1 1 1 6	
Totaux du Canada		1 6			1			3	1	2	1	1		6	
	f	1	ABDU	CTIC	N				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(		1	t	!	1
Yarmouth, NE							····· 1	1						2	
Algoma et Manitoulin, Ont Grey, Ont. Kent, Ont. Leeds et Grenville, Ont. Norfolk, Ont.		1		1				1			1		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 1 1	1
Totaux d'Ontario		4		1	-			2			1			3	1
Totaux du Canada		6	,	1	-		1	3			1			5	1
	CONC	CEALI	NG BI	RT	1 (	OF 1	NFA	NT.							
Cumberland, NE	• • • •	1 1 1							1 1 1		• • • •			1 1	
Renfrew, Ont	• • • • • •	1	• • • •				1	• • • •	1					1	• • • •
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO  Totaux du Canada		5										• • • •			• • •
Totalia du Osimula	*****	1 0	1				1		4		1			5	

TAB	LEAU	J I.		OU'	TRAG	ES CO	NTRE	E LA	PERS	ONNI	<u> </u>		CI	LASS	==== E I.
	LIF		H PLA	ACES.	CE				REI	LIGIO	NS.	-			ESI- NCE.
	Ireland.	Scot-land.  Ecos-se.	Ca- nada.	United States — Etats Unis.	Other Foreign Countries.  Autres pays etrangers.	British Posses sions.  Autr's posses sions Britannique.	Baptists.  Baptistes.	R. Ca- tho- lics.  Ca- tholi- ques.	gle- terre.	Mé- tho- dis- tes.	Presbyte-rians.  Presbyté-riens.	Pro- tes- tants	Other Denominations.  Autr's confessions.	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
	1		AVOR	TEME	NT E	T TEN	TATI	VE D	O'AVO	RTEN	IENT-	-Fin.	ſ	1	
			2			}			1	1	l		J	1	1
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	17-	-3													

							2-3	ED VV F	IND V	11., A.	1903
TABLE I. OF	FENCES	AG.	AI	NST T	HE P	ERSO	N.			CLAS:	S I.
					C.	ONI 171	ami O sa	C	SEI	NTEN	CE.
				T.		ONVIC	_		Соммі	TTED TO	JAIL
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De- tained	CON	DAMI	NATIC	ONS.	Емі	PRISON	vés.
IN WHICH	Number	qui	t-	for Lu-						No Or	PTION.
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Charges	ted	l.	nacy.					the option	Sans o	PTION.
-	_			_		1st.	2nd.	rated.	of a fine.	Un-	One
DISTRICTS JUDI-	Nombre d'accu-	Ac qui		Dé-	Total.			_	Sur	der	year and
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	sations.	tés		tenues		Con-	Con- dam-	de 2	option entre	_	over.
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.				cause de		nés une	deux	récidi- ves.	son	Moins d'un	Un an et
		М.	F	folie.		fois.	fois.		on l'a- m'nde	an.	plus.
DAID ANGEDIA	VI CLATE	mix	OI	2 DAC	CITATO	EDG O	NT DA	TT 337 A	<b>3</b> 70		_
ENDANGERIN	GSAFE	IX	101	PAS	SENG.	ers o	NRA	LLWA	15.	1	
Cape Breton, N.S	1				1	1 1		Į.			
King's, N.S	1				1	1					
Totals of Nova Scotia	3				3	3		• • • • • •			
St. Francis, Que	2	• • • •			2	2			1		
Halton, Ont	1 1	1 1									
Thunder Bay & Rainy River, O Waterloo, Ont	1 2	1 2									
Welland, Ont	3	1			2		2		1		
Totals of Ontario	8	6			2	• • • • •	2		1	••••	
Westminster, B.C	2				2	2					
Alberta Northern, N.W.T	1		·_		1	1					
Totals of Canada		6			10	8	2		2		
SHOOTING, S'	TABBIN	G A	N	D WO	UNDI	NG W	ITH I	NTEN	T.	1	1
Queen's, P.E.I	1	1									
Colchester N.S	4	1			3 1	2	1		···i	аЗ	
Colchester, N.S. Halifax, N.S. Lunenburg, N.S.	11	4			$\frac{7}{1}$	5	1	i	1	1	
Totals of Nova Scotia		5			12	9	2	1	3	4	
St. John, N.B.			-		1		1			1	
Victoria, N.B Westmoreland, N.B	$\frac{1}{2}$	i			1 1	1 1				1	
Totals of New Brunswick		1	-		3	2	1			3	
Bedford, Que		-	-		1		1				
Montreal, Que	. 8			1	7	5	1	1	3	2	1
Ottawa, Que Pontiac, Que. Quebec, Que	1				1 1	1 1				1	
Rimouski, Que	. 1				1 1	1				1	
St. Francis, Que Three Rivers, Que	$\frac{1}{2}$	i			1	1	.1		i		
Totals of Quebec	16	1	1		14	10	3	1	5	4	1
Algoma & Manitoulin, Ont			1		4	4			1		2
Brant, Ont.	1	1	1	1	1	1 1		1	1		1

a. One, 3 months and \$100 or one year more-Un, trois mois et \$100 ou un an de plus.

		AU I.			1			ERSON			i		CLASS	
	ITENTI	ARY.	TENC	Com- mit-			00	CUPA	TION	S.		CON	CIVIL DITIO CS CIV	
Two ears and un- der	Five years and over.	Life.	D'th.	ted to Refor- ma-	Other Senten- ces.  — Autres	Agri- cul- tural.	mer-	Do- mestic	In- dus- trial.	Pro- fes- sional	La- borers	Married.	Wi- dowed	Sing:
ans et	Cinq ans et plus.	A vie	mort	voyés à la prison de Réfor- me.	Senten- ces.	Agricul- teurs.	Com- mer- çants.	Servi- teurs.	In- dus- triels.	Pro- fes- sions libé- rales.	Jour- na- liers.	Ma- riés.	En veu- vage.	Céli ba- taire
	E	XPOS	ANT .	AU PI	ÉRIL LES	PASS	SAGEI	RS SUI	R LES	CHE	MINS	DE FI	ER.	
	1				a1 b1						1			
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					a1		2				• • • • •			
					1		2							
	1				a2	1		•••						-
	2					1	2				3	2		
				U	SAGE D'A	ARME	S AVI	EC IN	TENT	ION.				,
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2					3			1	2		6	5		
									1			i		
					<u>a1</u>	1			1		• •	1		
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					a1	1					1 1	1 1		
• • • •						1		1				1	1	
2					2	3	2	1	1		8	7		

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. Placed under bond for good behaviour—Mis sous caution pour bonne conduite.

The DE TO T	TOTAL SA	CEC	A CLATS	ZOFF	TI'T	T 73 T	TDC	TON					Y.T.	ACC	
TABLE I.	FFEN	CES .	AGAIL	121	11	1E F	ERS	50.N.					يلاز	ASS	1.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S'	CATIO TATU 'RUC'I	S.					AG.	ES.					LIQU	OF ORS.
IN WHICH	17			TT		10								LIQU	EURS
OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men- tary.	Superior.	16	ns	unde unde 16 a et ni	rd r 21.	unde 21 et m	er 40.	40 y and 6	ears over. ans olus.	No give No dom	11.		Im- mo- de- rate
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire		Supé- rieure	М.	F	м.	F.	м.	F.	м.	F.	М.	F —	Mo- déré	mo-
	ou d'é- crire.			Н.	F	Н.	F.	н.	F.	н.	F.	H.	F		déré
ENDANGER	ING S.	AFET	Y OF	PAS	SE	NGI	ERS	ON	RAI	LW	AYS.		-	-	
Cap-Breton, NE	1					1								[	1
Halifax, NE. King's, NE.									• •			1			
				1									-	1	• • • •
Totaux de la NEcosse		2		1		$\frac{1}{-}$						1	-	1	1
St. François, Qué	2						•••	1		1			-	2	
Halton, Ont															
Th'der Bay et Rainy Riv., Ont Waterloo, Ont															
Welland, Ont	2					2								2	
Totaux d'Ontario	2					2								2	
Westminster, ColB	1	1		2										2	
Alberta Nord, T. du NO		1				1								1	
Totaux du Canada	5	4		3	-	4		1		1		1		8	1
SHOOTING,	STAF	BING	AND	WC	U.	NDI	NG T	WIT	H II	YTE	NT.				
Queen's, I. du PE								4							
Cap-Breton, NE	1	2			-			2		1				2	1
Colchester, NE		1 6				3		1 3				i		6	1
Lunenburg, NE		1		• • • •				1						1	
Totaux de la NEcosse	1	10				3		7		1		1		9	2
St. Jean, NB		1 1				1				·				1 1	
Victoria, NB Westmoreland, NB		1								1				1	
Totaux du NBrunswick		3				1				2				3	
Bedford, Qué		1						1							1
Montreal, Qué	. 1	6				1		2		4				4	3
Pontiac, QuéQuébec, Qué		1 1				1		i						i	1
Rimouski, Qué. St. François, Qué.		1								1				i	1
Trois-Rivières, Qué		1						1						1	
Totaux de Québec	3	11		:		2		6		6				7	7
Algoma et Manitoulin, Ont Brant, Ont		4	1				1	2	• • • •	1				2	2
					1								-	-	

TAI	BLEA	U I.		JO	JTRAC	ES C	ONTR	E LA	PER	SONN	E.		C	LASS	E I.
	LIF		H PL		CE.				RE	LIGIO	ONS.			RIDE	ESI- NCE.
England and Wales Angle terre	Ire- land.	Scotland.  Ecosse.	Ca-nada.	United States — Etats- Unis.	Fo- reign Coun- tries.	sessions. Autr's posses sions Bri-	Baptists.	R. Ca- tho- lics.  — Ca- tholi- ques.		tho- dists	Presbyterians.  Presbytériens.	Protestants	Other Denominations.  Autr's confessions.	owns—Villes,	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
	EX	CPOSA	NT A	U PÉ	RIL L	ES PA	SSAG	ERS	SUR I	LES C	HEM	INS I	DE FE	R.	(
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				<u> </u>	AGE 1	)'ARM	ES A	VEC	INTE	NTIO	N				
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2	1		$\frac{1}{7}$	• • • • • •	<u> </u>			5			1			9	$\frac{1}{2}$
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			$\frac{2}{1}$	• • • • •	1		• • • • •	2 1	• • • • • • •	1			1	2	

TABLE I. OFI	FENCES	AGA	INST '	THE F	ERSO	N.			CLASS	3 I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	Number	10	De- tained for		DAM2	- '		Соммі	NTENC	JAIL
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.	of Charges	Acquit- ted.	Lu- nacy.		Con- victed 1st.	Convicted 2nd.	Reite-	the option		-
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Nombre d'accu- sations	Acquit- tés.	Dé- tenues pour cause	Total.	Con-	Con-	Plus de 2	fine. Sur option entre	Un- der one year.	One year and over.
A ÉTÉ COMMISE	ng dag dag dag dag dag dag dag dag dag da	M.   F	de folie.		nés une fois.	nés deux fois.	récidi- ves.	la pri- son ou l'a- m'nde	Moins d'un an.	Un an et plus.
SHOOTING, STABB	ING AN	D WO	DUNDI	NG W	тн і	NTEN	NT—Co	nclude	d.	
Carleton, Ont. Grey, Ont. Haldimand, Ont. Hastings, Ont.	5 5 2 1	3 2		2 3 2 1	1 1 1	 1 1	1 1		1 1 1	1
Kent, Ont. Lambton, Ont. Leeds and Grenville, Ont. Middlesex. Ont.	1 1 1 9	7		1 1 1 2	1 1 2	i 	4			1 1 1
Muskoka and Parry Sound, Ont. Peel, Ont. Perth, Ont. Simcoe, Ont.	2 1 9 1	1		9	9			5	2	1
Thunder Bay and Rainy River, O. Waterloo, Ont. York, Ont. Totals of Ontario.	1 1 24 	15 .		$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{9}$	3	2	1 1 1 9	2	
Manitoba, Eastern	3	1 .	-	2	2					
Victoria, B.C Westminster, B.C Yale, B.C	#8 2 3	1 1	1	4 1 3	4 1 3				1 1 1	
Totals of British Columbia	13	2	1	8	8				3	
Saskatchewan, N.W.T	1			1	1	• • • •			1	
Totals of Canada			2  VD IN	FLICT	1 68 1 NG 1	RODII	V HA	17 RM.	24	12
Cape Breton, N.S.	1							1		1
Digby, N.S. Guysborough, N.S. Halifax, N.S Hants, N.S Inverness, N.S.	1 1 13	1		9	8					
Pictou, N.S. Yarmouth, N.S.	2 2	2 .		1 1 2	1 1 1		1	1		1
Totals of Nova Scotia		10	1	14	12	1	1	4	2	1
Carleton, N.B. Kent, N.B. King s, N.B. Northumberland, N.B. St. John, N.B. Westmoreland, N.B.	2 1 1 10	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	i	1	1 1 8 1			1 4	1 1	
Totals of New Brunswick		4	1	13	13				2	
		- 1	_, ,,,,	1 40			,,,,,,,			

a. 2, left the country, bail forfeited-27, ont laissé le pays, cautionnement forfait.

TA	BLE	AU I.			OUTRAG	ES CC	NTRE	LAI	PERSC	NNE.		C	LASS	EI
	TITENT	ARY.	TEN	Com-		•	00	CCUP	ATION	vs.		CON	CIVIL DITIO TS CIV	NS.
der five. Peux ans et n'n	Five years and over. Cinq ans et plus.	Life. A vie	D'th.  De mort	à la prison de	Other Sentences.  Autres Sentences.	Agricultural.  Agriculteurs.	mer- cial.	Do- mestic — Servi- teurs.	-		La- borers  Jour- na- liers.	Married.  Marriés.	Wi-dowed  En veu-vage	Cél ba-
de				Réfor- me.						libé- rales.				
	,	1	1	USA	GE D'AR	MES A	AVEC	INTE	NTIO	N-Fin		3		1
					$egin{array}{c} a1 \\ a1 \\ a2 \end{array}$	1					2 2 1	1 1		
						1					1	1		
1											$\frac{1}{2}$			
					<i>a</i> 1				• • • • •		1			
					<i>a</i> 2	3	1		1		3			
										• • • • •	1 1 7	$egin{array}{c} 1 \ \dots \ 2 \end{array}$		
1	$-\frac{1}{1}$				a3	5	2	1	2	1	24	14		20
								1	1					
1				1			1				2	1		
······································							1				3	$\frac{\cdots}{2}$		
3				1	1		2				5	3		
						1						1		
9	1			1	17	9	6	3	7	1	43	31		48
1	1		VOIE	S DE	FAIT GR	AVES	ET L	ÉSIO	NS CO	RPOR	ELLES	S	- (	
2					a2		1	1	2	2	2	3	1	
i											1 1	1		1
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4											2			- 2
4				1	2	1	2	1	2	2	6	4	1	
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									i			1		
3							3		i		5	1		
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a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue.

TABLE I.	U	FFEN	CES A	AGAIN	ST	TF	IE F	ERS	50N.				(	CL	ASS	1.
JUDICIAL :	DISTRICTS	SI	CATIO TATU: RUCT	S.		٠			AG	ES.						
IN W	нісн	Un-							21 y		40		27			
OFFENCE CO		able to read or write.	Ele- men- tary.	Supe-	Moi de	ns	16 a	r 21. ans oins	unde 21 : et m	ans loins	and 40	ans	No	n. n-		
CIAIRES OU		Tues	Elé-	- Cund	16 aı	ns.	de	21.	de	40.				_	_	_
A ÉTÉ CO	OMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é-	men-	Supé- rieure	М.	F	М.	F.	м.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F	Mo- déré	
		crire.			H.	F	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F		uere
SHO	OOTING, STAI	BBING	ANI	wot	JND	IN	G W	ITE	IIN	TEN	Т—	Concl	uded			1
Carleton, Ont.			2				1		1						1	1
Grey, Ont	it	1	$\frac{2}{2}$				1		2						1	2
Hastings, Ont .			1										1		-	
			1						1						1	
Leeds et Grenv	rille, Ont		1				1								ļ. <u>.</u> .	1
Muskoka et Par	rry Sound, Out		1						1				1		1	1
Perth, Ont			9		1		1		4		3				6	3
Th'der Bay et I	Rainy Riv., Ont.		1						1 1						1	
Waterloo, Ont			1 9						1 4						1 5	1 4
Tork, Ont	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						1			1	3			-	, —	-
	Ontario		38	1	1		5	1	21	2	9		2	-	24	16
Manitoba, Est			2						1		1				2	
***	B ColB		3	,	1				3		\		i		4	1
			3			-			3			-	-	- -	3	1
	la ColBritann		6		1	-			-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
	T. du NO		1	-		-			1					-	1	
Totaux du	Canada		71	1	1 2		11	1	42	2	19			1	53	26
	AGGRAVATI	ED AS	SAUL	TAN		TE.	LICT	TING	i BC	$\frac{1}{1}$	YF	IAR	M.	_	1	1
Cap-Breton, N	Е															
Digby, NE																
Halifax, NE.	NE	1					3			2	3				9	
Hants, NE.	É		1 1						. 1		· · · i				1 1	
Lunenburg, N.	E		î						i						- 1	
	-E		2			<u> </u> :.	i		i							. 2
	la NEcosse		13			-	4			2	4	,			12	2
Carleton, NI.	3		2						. 1		1				2	
Kent, NB													. 1			
Northumberla	nd, NB		i								i				1	
StJean, NB	, NB.		. 8				. 3		- 4		2				. 3	5
					-	-				-	-			-		-
Totaux di	1 NBrunswick.		12	1			. 3	1	.1 5	1	1 4	1	. 1	1.	. 6	6

	BLEAU	J 1.	****	OU	TRAG	ES CC	ONTRI	E LA	PERS	ONN:	E.		C	LASS	E I.
	LIE		H PL.	ACES. ISSAN	TCE.				REI	CIGIC	ONS.				SI- NCE.
	rish Is				Other Fo- reign	Other Bri- tish		R. Ca-	Ch. of		Pres-		Other Deno- mina-	illes.	ricts
Eng- land and Wales	Ire-	Scot- land.	Ca- nada.	Uni- ted States	Countries.	Pos- ses- sions. — Autr's		tho- lics.	Eng- land.	tho- dists	_	Pro- tes- tants	tions.  - Autr's	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts
Angle terre et Galles	Ir- lande.	Ecos- se.		Etats- Unis.	Au- tres pays étran- gers.	posses sions Bri- tanni- ques.	Bap- tistes.	Ca- tholi- ques.		Mé- tho- dis- tes.	Pres- byté- riens.		fes- sions.	Cities and	Rural Dist
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	USAG	E D'A	RMES	AVE	C IN	LENT	ION-	Fin.	1			J
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1 3	······· 1	1	$\frac{\frac{1}{6}}{30}$	1 1	4	*****	$\frac{1}{3}$	1 -1 13	4 6	1 8	2 4	2	3	9 26	13
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2	·		3	2	1			3	2		1	2		4	- 4
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			2				1	1						2	• • •
			$\frac{12}{1}$	1			$\frac{3}{2}$		4					$\frac{10}{1}$	
			$\frac{1}{6}$					3	4		1	1		1 8	
1			U												
			1											1	

TABLE I. OF	FENCES	AG.	AI	NST :	THE F	ERSO	N.			CLAS	S I.
					CC	ONVIC	CTION	S.		NTEN	
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	Number	Ac	-	De- tained for	CON	DAM	- NATIO	ONS.		PRISONS	
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.	of Charges	qui	t-	Lu- nacy.		Con- victed			the option	No Or	-
— DISTRICTS JUDI-	Nombre d'accu-	Ac qui		Dé-	Total.	1st.	2nd.	rated.	of a fine.	Un-	One
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	sations.	tés		tenues pour cause	10tal.	Con- dam- nés	Con- dam- nés	de 2	option entre la pri-	_	and over. Un
A EIE COMMISE.		м.	F.	de folie.		une fois.	deux fois.	ves.	son ou l'a- nie'de	d'un an.	an et plus.
AGGRAVATED ASSA	ULT A	ND I	[N	FLICT	'ING I	BODII	У НА	RM-	Continu	ied.	
Bedford, Que	3	1			2	. 2			1	1	,
Joliette, Que	1 (43	17			1 22	1 17		3	5	12	
Quebec, Que Richelieu, Que	3 2				3 2	3		$\begin{bmatrix} \cdots \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	1	1	
Rimonski, Que	$\frac{2}{1}$	2			1	1	••••			· · · i	
Terrebonne, Que	1 8	5			1 3	1 3				2	1
Totals of Quebec	64	25	2		35	28	2	5	7	18	2
Algoma and Manitoulin, Ont	1 2	1			1	1 1				1	
Elgin, Ont	1 4	1			4				i	3	
Grey, Ont	2 3	1			1 2	1 1				1	
Haldimand, Ont Hastings, Ont.	4	2			$\frac{2}{2}$	1	1			2	
Huron, Ont	$\frac{2}{1}$	2			1	i			1		
Lambton, Ont	6	1			5 1	1			1		
Middlesex, Ont	1	1			i	1					
Norfolk, Ont	1 1	i			1		1				
Perth, Ont	$\frac{2}{1}$				$\frac{2}{1}$	$\frac{2}{1}$			2		
Prescott and Russell, Ont Simcoe, Ont	3 1	2	1		i						1
Stormont, D'das & Glengarry, O Thunder Bay & Rainy River, O	1 6	$\begin{vmatrix} 1\\2 \end{vmatrix}$	i		3	2		1	1		$\frac{\dots}{2}$
Waterloo, Ont	3	1 2			2 2	1 2	1		1 2		
Wentworth, Ont York, Ont	32 101	15 49	3 2		14 50	14 49	1		3 3	8 27	. 6
Totals of Ontario	185	83	7		95	88	5	2	17	43	10
Mauitoba, Central	1 8	1			····· 8	7		1	5		1
Totals of Manitoba	9	1	-		8	7	1	1	5		1
Cariboo, B.C. Victoria, B.C. Westminster, B.C. Yale, B.C.	617	6			1 11 10 9	1 11 10 9			7 4 6	 2 5 3	1 1 1
Totals of British Columbia.	39	7			31	31			17	10	3
a 2 h 1 Nalle processi	1	]	1	}	1	1	1	1	}	1	

a. 2. b. 1, Nolle prosequi.

TA	BLE	AU I.		0	UTRAGE	S CON	TRE	LA PI	ERSON	NE.		(	CLASS	E I.
PEN	TITENT		NTENC		·		00	CCUPA	ATION	s.		CON	CIVIL DITIC	NS.
PÉ	NITENO	CIER.		Com- mit- ted to								ETA:	rs civ	VILS
un- der	Five	Life.	D'th.	Refor- ma-	Other Sentences.	Agri- cul- tural.	Com- mer- cial.	Do- mestic	In- dus- trial.	Pro- fes- sional	La- borers	Mar- ried.	Wi- dowed	Single
D'ux	Cinq		De mort		Autres Senten-		Com		T	- Pro		Ma-	– En	— Céli-
et m'ns de cinq.	et plus.	A vie		à la prison de Réfor- me.	ces.	Agri- cul- teurs.	Com- mer- çants.	Servi- teurs.	In- dus- triels.	Pro- fes- sions libé- rales.	Jour- na- liers.	riés.	veu- vage.	ba- taires
		V	DIES I	DE FA	IT GRAV	ES E	T LÉS	IONS	CORP	OREL	LES-	Suite.		1
1 1	1 1			• • • • •	<i>a</i> 4	2 1	3	1	4 1		12 2 2	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 12 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$		8
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2	2				4	5	3	2	6		16	24		9
					:				·····i		$\frac{1}{2}$	1 2 1		2
i 		• • • • •	1	* * * * * * *		i i					2 2	1	2	2
  					a2, b1 a1		2 1			7	2	3		1
i					a1		1	• • • • •			1 <sub>2</sub>	1 2		1
  											1			1
	- 66				a1 a2		1		1 3		2	$\begin{bmatrix} & 1\\1\\ & & 6 \end{bmatrix}$		1 2 5
1 	$\frac{2}{2}$			$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{a8, b1}{17}$	1 4	$\frac{1}{2}$		6		38 65	18 37	2	32 52
	i				a1	1			i		6			7
	1				1	1			1		6	1		7
					al		3	1	3 2	i	1 6 3 5	2 3		1 9 5 7
														$-\frac{1}{22}$

a. Sentence suspended-Sentence suspendue. b. Bound to keep the peace-Tenus de garder le paix.

TABLE I.	OFFE	NUES	AGAI	ISI	1	HE	PEF	RSON	·				CL	ASS	I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S	CATIC TATU RUCT	s.				•	AG	ES.					LIQU	- GED
IN WHICH			,	T.	_			. ()1						LIQU	EUR
OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men-	Superior.	16	rs. ns	unde unde 16 et m	ears nd er 21. ans noins 21.	unde 21 et n	nd	40 y and 40	vears over. ans olus.	No	en. n-	Mo- de- rate	de
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é-	Elé- men- taire.	Supé- rieure	M.	F -	M.	F.	M.	F.	м.	F.	М.	F	Mo- déré	
	crire.			H.	F	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F		1
AGGRAVATED AS	SAUL	T AN	D INF	LIC	ΤI	NG	BOD	ILY	HA	RM	Cor	ıtinu	ed.		
Bedford, Qué		2						1		1					2
Joliette, Qué Montréal, Qué	1 5	15			٠.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		13	i	1 4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2		1 5	15
Québec, Qué	2	1						2 2		1					3
Richelieu, Qué															2
St. François, Qué Terrebonne, Qué		1			٠.			1				• •		··i	1
Trois-Rivières, Qué	1	$\hat{2}$						2		1				3	
Totaux de Québec	11	22				1		22	1	8	1	2		10	23
Algoma et Manitoulin, Ont Carleton, Ont	1							1							1
Elgin, Ont		1						1	ł .					1	
Elgin, Ont		4 1 2						3						1	3
Grey, Ont		2				1		1							2
Haldimand, Ont. Hastings, Ont. Huron, Ont. Kent, Ont. Lambton, Ont	2									2					2
Kent, Ont		1	• • • •		٠.			1 3						1	
Lanark, Ont		1						1		2				1	4
Leeds et Grenville, Ont Middlesex, Ont		$\cdots_1$	• • •		٠.			1						1	
Muskoka et Parry Sound, Ont		1				1								1	
Norfolk, Ont		2						i		i					
Peterborough, Ont Prescott et Russell, Ont	1	$\frac{2}{\cdots}$			٠.					1				1	
Simcoe, Ont		1								1					i
Storm't, D'das et Gleng'ry, O. Thunder Bay et Rainy Riv., O.		3						2							
Thunder Bay et Rainy Riv., O. Waterloo, Ont. Welland, Ont.		2								1					
Wentworth, Unt	2	ii		1		2	,	8				3		5	6
York, Ont		49		1	•••	10		25	3	10	1		• •	28	25
Totaux d'Ontario	6	85		2		16		50	3	20	1	3		48	44
Manitoba, Centre		8						7		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				6	2
Totaux de Manitoba		8			-			7		1			_	6	2
Caribou, ColB		1			-			1			-	-	-	1	-
Victoria, ColB	5	6				1		7		3				5	6
Westminster, ColB. Yale, ColB	1	6 7	1			1		7		2		3 2	1	7 6	1
Totaux de la ColBrit	6	20	1			2		19		5		5	1	19	-8
										U		U	- 4	4.47	

TAI	BLEAU	J I.		ΟÜ	TRAG	ES CO	NTRI	E LA	PERS	ONN	E.		C	LASS	SE I.
	LIE		_	ACES.	ICE.				REI	LIGIO	ONS.			RI	ESI- NCE.
	Ire- land.		Ca- nada.	United States — Etats-Unis.	Other Fo- reign Coun- tries.  Au- tres pays	Other Bri- tish Pos- ses- sions. Autr's posses sions Bri-	Bap- tists.  Bap- tistes.	R. Ca-tho-lics.  Ca-tholiques.	Ch. of England.  Eglise d'Angle-	tho- dists	Presbyterians.  Presbyteriens.	Pro- tes- tants	Other Denominations.  Autr's confes-	Towns-Vill	Rural Districts—Districts
et Galles	lande.	se.			étran- gers.	tanni- ques.			terre.	tes.			sions.	Citie	Rura
		voi	ES DI	E FAI	r GRA	VES	ET LI	ÉSIOI	S CO	RPOI	RELLI	ES—S	uite.		
			2 1				,	2 1							2
1			19 3	1	1			15	1		1	3		21 3	1
			2					2						2	
			1					1				1			1
		,.	2		1			3						1	2
1			31	1	2			27	1		1	4		27	8
			1					1							1
			1									1		1	
		1	3							3	1			3	1
			2								2				$\frac{1}{2}$
*****			2		•••						2			2	
			1									1			1
	1		1		• • • • •				2	3			* * * * * *	3	2
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1	• • • • •		1	•••	- 1	••••		····i	1	1				1	1
			1		• • • •				1				• • • • •		1
1			1	1					2	1				1	2
		• •	1		$\frac{1}{2}$			2	1	* * * * •	• • • • •		1	$\frac{2}{2}$	
1 5	3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9 34	1 3	2		1 1	2 14	3 23	$\frac{2}{3}$	3 4		2	11 50	
8	4	3	65	5	$\frac{2}{6}$			21	33	13	14	5	3	80	12
1	i				3			4	3		i			6	2
1	1	• ••	3		3			4	3		1			6	2
				••••								1			
2			$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 5 \\ 2 \end{array}$	1 2 3	3 3 4	,		3 7,	2 1			2 5	4 2	10 7 7	1 1 1
									-						
3			8	6	10			10	3			8	6	24	3

TABLE I.	OFF	ENCES	AG	ΑI	NST T	HE P	ERSO	N.			CLASS	3 I.
	Tra				De-		ONVIO				NTEN	
· JUDICIAL DISTRIC		Number	Ac	-	tained for						PRISON	
OFFENCE COMMITT	ED.	of Charges	quited		Lu- nacy.		Convicted 1st.	Con- victed 2nd.	Reite-	the option of a	SANS C	PTION
DISTRICTS JUDI	NSE	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Ac quit tés	t-	Dé- tenues pour cause	Total.	Con- dam- nés	Con- dam- nés	de 2	Sur option entre la pri-	-	One year and over. Un
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.			М.	F	de folie.		une fois.	deux fois.	ves.	son ou l'a- m'nde	d'un an.	an et
AGGRAVATED	ASSA	ULT A	ND I	N	FLICT	ING	BODII	Y HA	RM—	Conclu	ded.	
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T. Alberta, Southern, N.W.T Assiniboia, Eastern, N.W.		2 4 6	6			2 4	3		1	2	1 1	
Totals of the N.W.T		12	6			6	5		1	2	2	
Yukon		5	1	1		3	3			1	1	
Totals of Canada						205	187	8	10	60	78	17
ASS	SAULT	AND O	BST	R	UCTIN	KG PE	ACE	OFFIC	ER.	1	1	1
Antigonish, N.S. Cape Breton, N.S. Cumberland, N.S. Halifax, N.S. Hants, N.S. King's, N.B. Pictou, N.S. Queen's, N.S. Yarmouth, N.S.		1 19 7 92 2 1 1 3 6	43	• •		1 19 7 49 1 1 1 3 6	1 17 7 6 1 1 1 3 5	43		1 16 6 47 1 1 1 3 3	3 1 2	
Totals of Nova Scotis	a	132	44	• •		88	42	46		79	9	
Albert, N.B		3 1 1 21	1	• •		3 1 21	3 1 3	14	4	1 1 19	2	
Totals of New Bruns	wiek	26	1			25	7	14	4	21	2	
Arthabaska, Que		6 1 a6 2 3 76 13 1 19 6 13				6 1 2 2 70 13 1 19 5 11	5 1 2 2 2 65 12 1 1	5 1 19	1	45 13 1 19 4 8	2 19	
Totals of Quebec		146	12	3		130	101	27	2	98	24	
Algoma & Manitoulin, Ont Bruce, Ont		2 1 1 7 1 4 2		1		2 1 3 1 2 2	2 1 3 2 1	1	1	2 2 1	1 1 1 1	

a. 1 m. Nolle prosequi. b. 2 f. Jury disagreed—Les jurés ne se sont pas accordés.

	BLE	AU I.		0	UTRAGES	SCON	TRE I	LA PE	ERSON	INE.		C	LASS	E I.
	ITENT.	IARY.	NTEN	Com-			00	CCUP	ATION	īs.		CON	CIVIL DITIO TS CIV	NS.
Two years and un- der five.	Five years and over.	Life.	D'th.	ted to Refor- ma- tories	Other Senten- ces.	Agri- cul- tural.	mer-	Do- mestic	In- dus- trial.	Pro- fes- sional	La- borers	Mar- ried.	Wi- dowed	Singl
ans et	Cinq ans et plus.	A vie	De mort.	En- voyés à la prison de Réfor- me.	Autres Senten- ces.	Agri- cul- teurs.	Com- mer- çants.	Servi- teurs.	In- dus- triels.	Pro- fes- sions libé- rales.	Jour- na- liers.	Ma- riés.	En veuvage.	Céli- ba- taires
	1	V	OIES	DE F.	AIT GRA	VES E	T LÉS	SIONS	CORI	POREI	LES-	Fin.	1	
1 1						1 1					1 2	2		2 1
2					,	2					3	2		3
					<u>a1</u>					•••		1	• • • • • •	
16	5			3	26	14	2)	5	22	3	116	78	3	111
	VC	IES I	)E FA	IT ET	FAISAN	T OBS	TACL	EAU	JN OF	FICIE	ER DE	LA P.	AIX.	1
•••••		•••••		- • • •			i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1 7 1	1		1
•					*****		3	• • •			3	1		
							4				12	3		1:
						2						2		
• • • •					a2	-								
		• • • • •			$\frac{2}{a1}$		1			•••••	5			
						i						1		
							17	2	14	1	30	1 28	1	30
					a5, b1									
					al	2	i				·····i	2		
								4 6		1			1	
					al	3	1 4 23 1	4 6	2 16		1 1	2 8		4
					al	2	1 4 23	4 6	2 16		1 1 37	2 8 40		4

a. Sentence suspended - Sentence suspendue. b. Bound to keep the peace-Tenues de garder le paix.

TABLE I.	FFEN	CES A	AGAIN	NST	TH	IE F	ERS	SON.				(	L.	ASS	I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S'	CATIO FATU RUCI	s.					AG	ES.					LIQU USAC	E OF ORS. GE DE
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men- tary.	Superior.	year	ns	unde unde 16 a	r 21.	unde	or 40. ans	40 y and c	ans	No	n. n-	de-	Im- mo- de- rate
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.	men-	Supé- rieure	М. — Н.	F — F	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.			Im- mo- déré
AGGRAVATED AS		T 437	D IN										1		
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Alberta Sud, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Est, T. du NO		2 3				i		2 2				i	ea.	1	1
Totaux des Ter. du NO		5				1		4				1		4	1
Yukon								1				1	1		
Totaux du Canada	24	165	1	2		27		112	6	42	2	13	2	105	86
ASSAU	LT Al	ND OH	BSTRU	CTI	NG	PE	ACI	e of	FIC	ER.					
Antigonish, NE. Cap-Bréton, NE. Cumberland, NE. Halifax, NE. Hants, NE. King's, NE. Pictou, NE. Queen s, NE. Queen s, NE. Totaux de la NEcosse.  Albert, NB. King's, NB. Northumberland, NB.	1 1 3 5	3				4		3 2		1 1 2		43 1 1 1 3  67 1	4	3	7
St. Jean, NB		•••			-							21			
Totaux du NBrunswick.  Arthabaska, Qué Bedford, Qué Chicoutini, Qué Joliette, Qué Kamouraska, Qué Montréal, Qué Ottawa, Qué Pontiac, Qué. Québec, Qué. St. François, Qué	9	1 1 2 60	1			9		1  2 45 	6	9	1	5 2 13 1 19 1		1 1 18	52
Trois-Rivières, Qué  Totaux de Québec		76	1			9		59	6	14	1	41		38	$\frac{2}{56}$
Algoma et Manitoulin, Ont Bruce, Ont Carleton, Ont Elgin, Ont Essex, Ont Haldimand, Ont	1	2 1 2						3		4		1 1		1 2	1 2

LIE		_	ACES. ISSAN	CE.	•			REI	IGIO	NS.				ESI- NCE
Ireland.  Iralande.	Scotland.  Ecosse.	Ca- nada.	United States  — Etats-Unis.	Foreign Countries.  Autres pays etrangers.	posses sions Bri- tanni- ques.	Bap- tistes.	ques.	Eng- and.  Eglise d'An- gle- terre.	Mé- tho- dis- tes.	Presbyterians.  Presbytériens.	Pro- tes- tants	Other Denomirations.  Autr's confessions.	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts
	V	OIES	DE F.	AIT G	RAVE	ES ET	LESI	IONS	CORP	OREL	LES-	-Fin.	(	
		2 1				1		2			1 1		1 1	
		3				1		2			2		2	
••••	• • • • •													-
			-			,					<u> </u>			;
VOI	ES DE	FAL	I. E.I. I	AISA	NT O.	BSTA		AUN	OFF	ICIER	DE .	LA PA	11.X.	
1		1 7			2	2	2 2 2 		1 1	3	1	3	1 6 2	
1		13			2	2	5	••••	2	3	1	3	13	
		2				2								• • • •
2		6 1  2 2 2 58 13	3	3	•		6  2 2 56 13	3	1		9	1	2 2 68 13	
9		3 9	3	3			1 11	1			2		1 7	1
1		3					3 1	2		• • • •			2 1	
	Ire-land.  - Ir-ande.	Ir- Ir- Ecos- se.  V  V  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tre-land.   Canada.   Canada.	Tre-land.   Canada.   Canada.   Canada.   Etats-Unis.	Tre-land.   Scot-land.   Ca-nada.   Ca-land.   Ca-lan	Tre-   Scot-   Canada.	Tre-land.   Scot-land.   Ca-nada.   Ca-nad	Tre-   Scot-   Ca-   Ca-   Lind   County   Fostists   Sistes   Lists   Lists	Tre-   Scot-   Aut   States   Ca-   Ca-   Canada.   Ca-   Ca-	Transition   Tra	United   Counted   Count	University   Uni	University   Uni	Trest   Scot   States   States   Autr's   States   Autr's   Bap   Canada.   Autr's   Bap   Canada.   Can

TABLE I. OF	FENCES	S AG	A	INST	THE	PERSO	ON.			CLAS	S I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De- tained	CON		CTION NATIO		Сомм	NTEN ITTED T	OJAIL
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  -	Number of Charges	Ac qui tec	it-	for Lu- nacy.		Convicted 1st.	Convicted 2nd.	Reite-	the option	SANS O	_
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Ac qui tés	t-	Dé- tenues pour cause	Total.	Con- dam- nés	Con- dain- nés	de 2 récidi-	Sur option entre la pri-	der one year. Moins	year and over Un
		М.	F	de folie.		fois.	deux fois.	ves.	son ou l'a- m'nde	d'un an.	an et plus.
ASSAULT ANI	OBST	RUC	TI	NG P	EACE	OFFI	CER—	Conclu	ded.		
Hastings, Ont	8 1 1 2 5 2	 2 1 2	1		7 1 1 2 2 2 1	5 1 1 2 2 1	1	1	1 2	1	
Ontario, Ont. Oxford, Ont Peel, Ont. Peterborough, Ont. Renfrew, Ont	1 1 1 1 2				1 1 1 1 2	1 1 1 1 2			1 2		1
Sincoe, Ont Thunder Bay & Rainy River, Ont Victoria, Ont Waterloo, Ont Wellington, Ont Wentworth, Ont	3 1 3 1	2			3 2 1 3 1 9	1 1 2 1 9	1	1	1 1 3 1	1 5	
York, Ont	103	$\frac{17}{27}$	3		$\frac{21}{71}$	$\frac{21}{63}$	5	3	$\frac{16}{42}$	$\frac{3}{16}$	3
Totals of Ontario  Manitoba, Eastern	2		-		$-\frac{i1}{2}$	2			- 42		
Victoria, B.C	1 a2				1 1	i		1	1	1	
Totals of British Columbia	3		-		2	1		1	1	1	
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T Assiniboia, Eastern, N.W.T Assiniboia, Western, N.W.T	11 1 3				11 1 3	10 1 3	1		1 1 1	2 <u>1</u>	
Totals of the N.W.T	15				15	14	1		3	3	
Yukon	6				6	6			5	• • • •	
Totals of Canada	433	84	6		339	236	93	10	251	55	3
Prince, P.E.IQueen's, P.E.I	ASSAU			ND B.	19	11	1 3	5	·· i6	1 3	
Totals of P. E. Island	20				20	11	4	5	16	4	
Cape Breton, N.S. Colchester, N.S. Cumberland, N.S. Halifax, N.S. King's, N.S.	10 1 7 27 1	4 2 3	i		6 1 5 23 1	6 1 5 21 1	1	i	3 1 1 11	3 9 1	
Totals of Nova Scotia	46	9	1		36	34	1	1	16	10	
a. 1. Left the country, bail forf		-	_	é le pay				-	-	-	

a. 1, Left the country, bail forfeited-1, A laissé le pays, cautionnement forfait.

TA	BLEA	U I.		0	UTRAGES	SCON	TRE	LA PE	RSON	NE.		C	LASS	E I.
		SEN	TENC	CE.									CIVIL	***
PEN	ITENTI	ARY.					00	CCUPA	TION	s.			DITIO	
Pér	NITENC	IER.		Com-								ETAI	'S CIV	ILS.
				ted to Refor-	Other									
Two years and un- der five.	Five years and over.	Life.	D'th.	ma- tories.	Sentences.	Agri- cul- tural.	Com- mer- cial.	Do- mestic	In- dus- trial.	Pro- fes- sional	La- borers	Mar- ried.	Wi- dowed	Sing
Deux ans et	ans et	A vie	De	En- voyés à la prison	Autres Senten- ces.	Agri-	Com- mer-	Servi- teurs.	In-	Pro- fes-	Jour- na-	Ma- riés.	En veu-	Céli ba-
m'ns de cinq.	plus.			de Réfor- me.		teurs.	çants.		triels.	sions libé- rales.	liers.		vage.	taire
	VOIE	S DE	FAIT	ET F	AISANT	OBST.	ACLE	À UN	OFFI	CIER	DE L	A PAI	XFin	n.
					a2				1		4	2	1	
					<i>a</i> 1									
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					a1			0						
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						i	i		2		4	4		1
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					10	2	7	1	6.		29	15	2	3
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					30	7	35	7	23	1	84	66	3	1 9
	1	1	1	1	AGRESSIC	JN AV	EU V	OTES	DE EA	711.	1	1	-	1
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						1	2		2		11	4		1
							2				4	2		
						1								
	-			1	a2, b2	1	2				2	2		
				1	b2		11	1	4	3	3	6		1
				1	b2		11	1	4	3	3	6		]

α. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. Bound to keep the peace—Tenus de garder la paix.  $17-4\frac{1}{2}$ 

TABLE I	OFFE	COE	ACAT	NOT	7(3)	LIT?	DED	CON					OT.	4 (1-1	
TABLE I.	JFFET	CES	AGAI.	NOT	1	HE.	PER	207	•				CL	ASS	1.
		CATIO TATU												USE	OF ORS.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	INST	RUCT	TION.					AG	ES.						E DE
IN WHICH	Un-		1	Un	der	16 y	ears	21 3	ears	1		1			
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	able to read	Ele-		1 16	3	a	nd	a	nd	40 3	vears over.	give			Im-
	or write.	inen-	Superior.	Mo	ins	16	ans	21	ans	40	ans	No	n-		mo- de-
DISTRICTS JUDI-	_	_		16 a			oins 21.		oins	et ]	olus.	don	né.	rate	rate
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Inca-	Elé-	Supé-		l									-	
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	pable de lire		rieure	М.	F	M.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F	Mo- déré	mo-
	ou d'é- crire.			H.	F	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F		deré
ASSAULT A	ND OI	BSTRU	JCTIN	G P	E	CE	OFF	ICE	R-6	Conel	uded.	1	_	1	
Hastings, Ont	1	4			Ī		1	3	1	2	l	2		2	3
Huron, Ont															
Leeds et Grenville, Ont					1							2			
Middlesex, Ont		1						1						(	1
Northumberl'd et Durham, O Ontario, Ont		1								1				1	
Oxford, Ont		1 1	¦ 	1				1						1	
Peterborough, Ont		1						1						1	
Simcoe, Ont. Th'der Bay et Rainy Riv., Ont.		$\frac{1}{2}$								1		2			1 2
Victoria, Ont	:											1			
Waterloo, Ont												3			
Wentworth, Ont	1	$\frac{7}{20}$	···i			4		8 13	1	2	ï	1		1 15	7 6
Totaux d'Ontario	3	49	1			5		37	1	9	1	18		26	27
Manitoba, Est		2			- -			2							2
Victoria, ColB Westminster, ColB		1						1				1			
Totaux de la ColBritann		1						1				1			1
Alberta, Nord, T. du N. O						1		4		1		6		3	2
Assiniboïa, Est, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Ouest, T. du NO												3			
Totaux des Ter. du NO		5			-			4		1		10		3	2
Yukon					-							6			
Totaux du Canada	22	144	2			18		114	7	27	2	166	5	72	101
Prince, I. du PE	A:	SSAUI	LT AN	I di	3A'	TTE	RY.	}		!		1			
Queen's, I. du PE		19		3		4		9		3				17	2
Totaux de l'Ile du PE		19		3		4		9		3		1	-	17	2
Cap-Bréton, NE.	1	5				,		6						3	3
Cumberland, N. E. Halifax, N. E.		ō		1		7		3 13	1	2 2				4 21	1 2
King's, NE	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	19						1						1	
Totaux de la NEcosse	4	31	1			7	1 )	24		4				30	6

TAE	BLEAU	J I.		OU	TRAG	ES CO	ONTRI	E LA	PERS	ONN	Е.		C	LASS	E I.
	LIE		H PL		CE.				REI	LIGIC	NS.			RE DEN	SI- NCE.
	Ir- lande.		Ca- nada.	United States  — Etats-Unis.	Fo- reign Coun- tries.	Other British Pos- ses- sions.  Autr's posses sions Britanni- ques.	Bap- tists.  Bap- tistes.	R. Ca-tho-lics.  Ca-tholi-ques.		tho- dists	Presbyterians.  Presbytériens.	Pro- tes- tants	Other Denominations.  Autr's confessions.	Cities and Towns—Villes,	Rural Districts—Districts
V	OIES	DE F	AIT E	T FA	ISANT	OBS	FACLI	EΑU	JN OF	FICI	ER D	E LA	PAIN	-Fin	ì.
1			2 1 1 1 1 2	1				1	1	1 1	i	1 1		1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1
1 2	1 2		6 17					3 5	12	1 2	4 2			8 21	
4	4		43	2			1	15	17	9	8	3		43	10
		• • • •	2					1	1					2	
		1									1		. ::::		1
	.:	1									1				1
			4		1			2				3		5 3 	
11	7	1	158	5	4	2	5	114	22	12	12	18	5	159	32
			,	AC	RESS	ION A	VEC	VOIE	ES DE	FAIT	r.				
			19					10				8	· · · · i	16	3
			19					10				8	1	16	3
	2		4 1 3 12 1	1	2 5 	3	2 2	10	2 6	1 1	1	2 1	2	2 22 1	2 1 3 1
	2		1 21	1	9	3	4	16	8	2	1	3	2	29	7

TABLE I. OFI	ENCES	AGA	ΑI	NST T	HE P	ERSO.	= N.		(	CLASS	5 I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De- tained		_	TION:		Сомм	NTENO	JAIL
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Number of Charges	Ac qui ted	t-	for Lu- nacy.		Con- victed 1st.	Convicted 2nd.	Reite-	With the option of a	No Or	PTION.
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Nombre d'accu-sations.	Ac qui tés	t-	Dé- tenues pour	Total.	Con-	Con-	Plus de 2	Sur option entre		One year and over.
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.		м.	F	de folie.		nés une fois.	nés deux fois.	récidi- ves.	la pri- son ou l'a- nı'nde	Moins d'un an.	Un an et plus.
ASS	SAULT .	AND	E	BATTE	RY—	Continu	ied.				
Albert, N.B King's, N.B Westmoreland, N.B. York, N.B.	1 15 1 1	8	··· 1		1 7	1 7			7		
Totals of New Brunswick	18	9	1		8	8			7		
Arthabaska, Que. Beauharnois, Que. Bedford, Que. Chicoutimi, Que. Joliette, Que. Montreal, Que.	8 30	1 6 5 1		m1	. 5 1 5 3 29	5 1 5 3 28		1	5  1 24	1 2	
Ottawa, Que Pontiac, Que Rimouski, Que St. Francis, Que St. Hyacinthe, Que Terrebonne, Que Three Rivers, Que	2 2 23 13 4	1 5 1 1	1	m1 m1	17 12 3 2	16 5 3 2	4	1 3	15 11	6 2  1 3	
Totals of Quebec		23	1	3	87	77	5	5	62	18	
Algoma and Manitoulin, Ont Brant, Ont Bruce, Ont Carleton, Ont Elgin, Ont	1 1 14 5				1 1 14 5	1 1 12 4	i	1 1	11 4	1 2 1	
Essex, Ont Frontenac, Ont Grey, Cnt Haldimand, Ont	11 13 1 2			m1	11 6 1 1	7 6 1	3	i 	9 6	1	
Hastings, Ont. Huron. Ont. Kent, Ont. Lambton, Ont. Lanark, Ont.	20 8	7 4 3	2		21 17 8 1	20 8 6 1	1 4 2	5	17 10 3 1	5	
Muddlesex, Ont. Muskoka and Parry Sound, Ont. Nipissing, Ont. Norfolk, Ont.	6 2 4 3	2			5 2 3 1	5 2 3 1			1 2	3 1 1	
Northumberland & Durham, O Ontario, Ont. Oxford, Ont. Perth, Ont Prescott and Russell, Ont	8 3 2 15	1 2			6 3 1 15	6 2 1 15		1	1.4	i 1	
Prince Edward, Ont. Simcoe, Ont. Thunder Bay & Rainy River, O. Victoria, Ont.	5 7 6 1	1 6 2			3	3			2	1	
Wellington, Ont	. 3				2 2	2 2			2		

		AU I.				1			ERSON				CLASS	13 1.
		SE	NTEN	CE.	**								CIVIL	
PEN	ITENT	IARY.		Com-			00	CCUP	ATION	rs.			rs cr	
PÉ	NITENO	ZIER.		mit- ted to								EIA.	15 01 (	ILIS
Two ears and un-	Five		D'th.	Refor- ma- tories	Other Senten- ces.	Agri-	Com- mer-	Do-	In-	Pro- fes-	La-	Mar-	Wi-	
der	and over.	Life.	_	_	_	tural.		mestic			borers		dowed	Sing
o'ux	Cing	_	De niort	En- vovés	Autres Senten-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-
ans et	ans et plus.	A vie.	mort	à la prison de Ré- forme.	ces.	Agricul- teurs.	Com- mer- çants.	Servi- teurs.	In- dus- triels.	Pro- fes- sions libé- rales.	Jour- na- liers.	Ma- riés.	En veu- vage.	Cél ba taire
	1 1			AGE	ESSION	AVEC	VOII	ES DE	FAIT	Suite	2.		J	1
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						4	1	1	1			6		
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					a1	····i	• • • • • •				5			
											2	$\frac{1}{2}$		
					<i>b</i> 1	2			1			2		• • • •
					<i>a</i> 3	·····i	8		3		11 6	$\frac{12}{3}$	1	]
						1						1		
					a1 a1	1			1		13 12	6 9		1
											3	1		
							• • • •				2			
					7	6	9		5		54	37	4	
					<i>a</i> 1						1 1			
• • • •					a1	5	$\frac{1}{2}$	2	1		4	5 4		
												7		
						$\begin{array}{c c} 9 \\ 1 \end{array}$	2	i			$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\2 \end{bmatrix}$	2		
					a1		1		,		·····i	1		
					a1, b1		1		4		14	7	2	1
					α2	2	3		2		8	10		. ,.
					a4, b1	1	1				4	3 1		
					<i>a</i> 2	1		1	· · · · i	1	1	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$		
					ai	1			2		1	1		
						3			1		2	2		
					···· a1						2 1	2		
	3 1					1	7		3		3	3		1
					a1		1				3	. 2	1	
						2			1			2		

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. Bound to keep the peace—Tenus de garder la paix

TABLEAU I. C	UTRA	GES	CONT	RE L	A PI	ERSO	NNF	C.			CI	LA	SSE	I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S'	CATIO TATU TRUCT	S.				AG	ES.					USE LIQU USAG LIQUI	ORS. E DE
OFFENCE COMMITTED.  - 4 DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men- tary.	Superior.	16	und s. und et	years and er 21. ans anoins 21.	unde 21 et n	er 40.	40 y and c	-	No give No doni	n.	Mo- de- rate	de-
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.	Elé- inen- taire.	Supé- rieure		F M.	F. F.	М. — Н.	F. F.	М. — Н.	F. F.	_		Mo- déré	Im- mo- déré
4	ASSAU	LT A	ND B.	ATTI	ERY-	-Cont	inuca	ļ.						
Albert, NB. King's, NB. Westmoreland, NB. York, NB.			1										1 7	
Totaux du NBrunswick  Arthabaska, Qué Beauharnois, Que		7 i	1				4		4 1		5		8 -5 1	
Bedford, Qué Chicoutimi, Qué Joliette, Qué Montréal, Qué Ottawa, Qué Pontiac, Qué. Rimouski, Qué St. François, Qué St. Hyacinthe, Qué. Terrebonne, Qué	1	28 5 1 12 6 3	1	2	8		1 12 6  10 8 2	1 1 1	1 2 1 2 1 5 3	3			3  1 22 2 2 2  13 2 3	2 7 6  4 10
Trois-Rivières, Qué	19	62	1	1 1	12		41	3	1 17	3	5		56	31
Algoma et Manitoulin, Ont Brant, Ont Bruce, Ont Carleton, Ont		1 1 12 5			1		2	1	2		2		1 11 4	1 1 1
Elgin, Ont. Essex, Ont Frontenac, Ont. Grey, Ont. Haldimand, Ont Hastings, Ont.		11 6 1 1 21			. i		2 4 1 1 14		8 2	1	1		7 2	4 4 1 1 3
Huron, Ont. Kent, Ont. Lambton, Ont. Lanark, Ont. Middlesex, Ont.	2	14 8 1 4		i	i		10 5 1	1	2 2 		2		11 8 1 3	5
Muskoka et Parry Sound, O Nipissing, Ont. Norfolk, Ont. Northumberl'd et Durham, O Ontario, Ont.	1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\3\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $					1 2 5		1 1 3		1		1 1  5 3	1 2
Oxford, Ont. Perth, Ont. Prescott et Russell, Ont. Prince-Edouard, Ont. Simcoe, Ont.	i	1 15 3		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				3		12		1 3 	3
Th'der Bay et Rainy Riv.,Ont Victoria, Ont Welland, Ont Wellington, Ont	1	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$					2		i				2	

TAI	BLEAU	J I.		0	UTRA	GES C	CONTR	E LA	A PER	SONI	NE.		C	LASS	E I.
	LIE		H PL		ICE.				REI	LIGIC	NS.			RE	SI- NCE.
	Ir-	Scot- land.	Ca- nada.	United States  — Etats-Unis.	Foreign Countries.  Au-	Other British Posses sions. Autr's posses sions Britanniques.	Baptists. Baptistes.	R. Catholics.  Catholiques.	– Eglise	tho- dists.	Presbyterians.  Presbytériens.	Pro- tes- tants	Other Denominations.  Autr's confessions.	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts ruranx.
	1	1	-9.	AGR	ESSIO	N AV	EC VO	DIES	DE F	AIT-	Suite.	1	ı	1	
			7	••••			1 1	3		1	i	1		1	1 6
			8				2	3		1	1	1		1	7
- 1			5 1 5 3 25 8 2		3			5 1 2 3 18 7 1	1			3 7 1	3	2 1 29 1	5 1 3 2 7 2
·····			17 11 3 2 82		14			11 11 3 2 64	1		1	6	14	1 12 1 1 1 48	16 2 1 39
i	1	i	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 10 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3$		2			6 4		2 4	1 4	1	3	1 5 5	7
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4	1 1 17 16 5				2	1 1 4 4	3  4 4	1 8 3 2	5	5		20	1 i 4 2
1		1	3 5	1				1 1	3 1 1	1 1	1		1	3	3 2 1 3 3
i	1		$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\15\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{bmatrix}$				1	1	1 1	2		12	i	1 3 4 1	12
		····	1		1								1	• • • • • • •	$\frac{2}{2}$

4											
TABLE I. OF	FENCES	AG	AI	NST !	THE I	PERSO	N.			CLAS	S I.
					a.	037777	NEDI O SI	·0	SE	NTEN	CE.
TITLICIA I DIOMDIAMO				F		ONVI	_		Соммі	TTED T	o Jail
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De- tained	CON	(DAM)	NATIO	DNS.	Ем	PRISON:	vés.
IN WHICH	Number of	Ac qui		for Lu-	-				With	No 01	PTION.
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Charges	tec	1.	nacy.		Con- victed	Con- victed	Reite-	the option	SANS C	PTION.
	_		•			1st.	2nd.	rated.	of a fine.	Un-	One
DISTRICTS JUDI-	Nombre d'accu-	Acqui		Dé-	Total.	_		-	Sur	der	year
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	sations.	tés		tenues		Con- dam-	Con- dam-	Plus de 2	option		over.
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.				cause		nés	nés deux		la pri-	Moins d'un	Un an et
		M.	F	folie.		fois.	fois.	¥ 0.5.	ou l'a- m'nde	an.	plus.
·		271.	F						m nde		
	SAULT	ANI	D I	BATT	ERY—	-Conclu	ded.		1		
Wentworth. OntYork, Ont	4 25	3 6	2		1 17	17			$\frac{1}{12}$	3	
Totals of Ontario	216	56	~	1	152	131	12	9	107	24	
Manitoba, Central	3	1			$\frac{2}{1}$	2			1	1	
Manitoba, Eastern	1	i				1					
Totals of Manitoba	5	2			3	3			1	1	
Westminster, B CYale, B.C	120	40 2			80	72	5	3	55	9 6	
Totals of British Columbia	128	42			86	78	5	3	55	15	
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T	30	18	2		10	10			3	7	
Alberta, Southern, N.W.T Assiniboia, Eastern, N.W.T Assiniboia, Western, N.W.T	11 10	5	1		5	4	i		i	4 3	
Assimbola, Western, N.W.T Saskatchewan, N.W.T	3 8	$\frac{2}{7}$			1 1	1 1				1 1	
Totals of the N.W.T	62	38	3		21	20	1		4	16	
Yukon	70	65	2		3	3				1	
Totals of Canada	679	244	15	m4	416	365	28	23	268	92	
	JSING 7		RO	OVIDI			ILY.				-
Halifax, N.S	1	1									
Beauharnois, Que	1		-		1		1			1	
Montreal, Que	$\frac{2}{1}$	i				2				1	
Totals of Quebec	4		1		3	2	1			2	
Essex, Ont	3	1			2	2			1		
Hastings, Ont	2 5				2 5	1 5	1				
Kent, Ont Lambton, Ont	1		١		1	1					
Middlesex, Ont	1 5	1				5					
Nipissing, Ont	1 2	1			2		1				
Peterborough, Ont	1 2	1	1								
Simcoe, Ont	18	12	·i		2 5	1 5	1			2	,
2 27 17	1 10	14	1	1	, ,			,			

c. 2 m. Nolle prosequi.

der ans et norm.	Five rears and over. Cinq ans et olus.	ARY.	D'th.  De mort	Committed to Reformatories.  Envoyés à la prison de Réforme.	Other Sentences.  Autres Sentences.		Commercial.  Commerciants.	teurs.	Industrial. Industriels.	Professional Professions libérales.	Laborers  Journa- liers.	CON	CIVIL DITIO TS CIV Widowed En veuvage.	ONS.
ears F year and an	cears and over. Cinq ans et olus.	A vie	De mort	Reformatories.  Envoyés à la prison de Réforme.	Sentences.  Autres Sentences.	Agriculteurs.	mercial.  Commerciants.	mestic  — Serviteurs.	dustrial.  Industriels.	fessional Professions libérales.	Jour- na- liers.	ried.  — Ma-	dowed — En veu-	Céli ba-
							E VOI	ES DE	T2 A T2	To Tolling				
						1 \			FAII					
					101	1	1				15	6		10
					21	27	21	5	20	1	68	67	5	74
					<i>a</i> 1	1 1					1	1 1		]
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				,	a8, b8	3	24	3	15	4	23	32	3	4
					16	3	24	3	15	4	24	32	3	4
						2			1		1	2		
					a1									
		• ••											••••	
		• • • •			$\frac{1}{a2}$	2	****		1			2		
				1	55	47	72	10	48	8	170	160	12	21
			REFU		POURVO				·					
					a1				··i		1	$\frac{1}{2}$		
		•••••			<i>a</i> 1					• • • • • •				
					1				1	••••	1	3		
1				,	a1 a2 a3, b1, c1		1				$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\4 \end{bmatrix}$	2 2 5 1		
				,	a4, d1		i		1		3	5		
					<i>e</i> 2							2		

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. Bound to good behaviour—A tenir une meilleure conduite. c. To pay \$3 weekly—A payer \$3 par semaine. d. Deed of separation granted—Acte de séparation accordé. c. Order made for weekly payment—Ordre donné pour faire un paiement chaque semaine.

									2-3 [	-0 **	ARL	V 11	• 9	Α. Ι	903
TABLE I.	OFFE	NCES	AGAI	NST	T	HE	PER	SON				(	CL.	ASS	I.
IN WHICH	S'	CATIO FATU RUCT	S.					AG	ES					USE LIQU USAG LIQU	E DE
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Un- able to read	Ele-	0	16			nd	aı	nd i		ears	No			Im-
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	or write.	men- tary.	Superior.	Moi de 16 a		et n	ans noins 21.	et m	ans ioins 40.	40 et p	ans olus.	Non		Mo- de- rate	de-
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	de lire	Elé- men- taire.	Supé- rieure	М.	F	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.		Mo- déré	mo-
	ou d'é- crire.			H.	F	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F		déré
4	ASSAU	LT A	ND B	ATT	ER	XY—	Conei	luded		1		1	1		
Wentworth, Ont		1 15				4	····	1 10						13	1 4
Totaux d'Ontario		139		2		13		79	3	$\frac{3}{35}$	1	19	-	100	35
Manitoba, Centre		2						1		1'			-	2	
Manitoba, Ouest															
Totaux de Manitoba								1	1	2	$\frac{\cdots}{2}$	1	-	3	600
Westminster, ColBYale, ColB		63	7	4		4		48		20		5		51	28
Totaux de la ColBritann	9	64	7	4		-4		49	1	20	2	6		52	28
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Alberta, Sud, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Est, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Ouest, T. du NO Saskatchewan, Ter. du NO								1		3	1	5 1 1		4	
Totaux des T. du NO		4			-			1		3	1	16	-		
Yukon					-			1				2			
Totaux du Canada	39	329	10	15	1	40	1	209	7	88	7	49	1.	270	102
6	EFUSI:		) PRO	VID	E	FOR	FA	MIL	Y.						
Halifax, NE												,			
Beauharnois, Qué Montréal, Qué								2				1			2
Ottawa, Qué	• • • • •	•••		·											
Totaux de Québec		2	•••••					2				1			2
Essex, Ont Halton, Ont Hastings, Ont	2	2 5						1 2 3		1 i	• • •	1		3	2 2
Kent, Ont. Lambton, Ont. Lanark, Ont.		1							1	 				1	
Middlesex, Ont. Nipissing, Ont. Ontario, Ont.		5						4		2				2	3
Peterborough, Ont		2								2					2
Wentworth, Ont		5			1					2			1	i	4

TA	BLEA	U I.		ot	JTRAC	ES C	ONTR	E LA	PERS	SONN	E.		- C	LASS	SE I
	LIE		TH PL						REI	LIGI	ONS.			RI	ESI- NCE.
		1021	/II IVA												
	TISH IS			Uni-	Other Fo- reign Coun-	Other Bri- tish Pos-	Bap-	R. Ca-	Ch. of				Other Deno- mina-	/illes.	tricts
Eng- land and Wales	Ire- land.	Scot-	Ca-nada.	ted States	tries.	ses- sions. Autr's	tists.	lies.	Eng- land.	tho- dists	byte- rians	Pro-	tions.	Towns-Villes.	cts—Dis
Angle terre et Galles	Ir-	Ecos- se.	nada.	Etats- Unis.	Autres pays etrangers.	posses sions Bri- tanni- ques.		Ca- tholi- ques.	d'An-	Mé- tho- dis- tes.	Pres- byté- riens.	tailts	Autr's con- fes- sions.	Cities and T	Rural Districts—Districts
	!	1	,	AGR	ESSIO	N AV.	EC VO	DIES	DE F.	AIT—	-Fin.	1			
3	1		1 11	1				3	1 8	3	2		1	1 15	2
11	7	6	119	2	3		3	34	27	30	19	25	6	90	59
			1	1	1						1		1 1		2
			1	1	1						1		2		6
11	7	2	34	7	16			19	8		2	36	12	71 1	8
11	7	2	35	7	16			19	8		2	37	12	72	8
			2		3			1				3		2	3
		• • • • • •		• • • • •					• • • • • •						
			2		3			1				3		2	3
23	16	8	1	17	90			1							
20	10		EFUS	DE P	0URV	OIR A	UX I	148 BESO	INS D	33   E LA	FAM	94   ILLE	27	258	129
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			1 2					$\frac{-}{\frac{1}{2}}$						1 2	
	•• •••														
			$\begin{array}{c c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{array}$							 2 3	1			1	$\frac{1}{2}$
				1			1							1	
			4	1		• • • • • •						5		4	i
													2	2	
			2							2					

TABLE I. OFF	FENCES	AGA	INST	THE I	PERSO	N.			CLAS	S I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS		1.	De- tained	,	DAMN	-		Сомми	TED TO	o JAIL
IN WHICH	Number of Charges —	Acquit- ted.	for Lu- nacy.		Convicted 1st.		Reite-rated.	With the option of a fine.	SANSO	_
DISTRICTS JUDI-	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Acquit- tés.	tenues pour cause de folie.	Total.	Con- dam- nés une fois.	Con- dam- nés deux fois.	Plus de 2 récidi- ves.	Sur option entre la pri- son ou l'a- m'nde	Under one year.  Moins d'un an.	One year and over.  Un an et plus.
REFUSING	G TO PI	ROVI	DE FO	R FAI	MILY-	-Concl	uded.			
	43	1 [	1	1 .	3		1			
York, Ont	87		2	27	24	3		1	5	
Manitoba, Central	1 1			1	1 1				1 1	
Totals of Manitoba	2			2	2				2	
Westminster, B.C	5			5	3	2				
Saskatchewan, N.W.T	2	1		1	1	:				
Totals of Canada	108	66	2	38	32	6	1	1	9	
			LIBEL						1	
King's, N.S	1			1	1	• • •				
Carleton, N.B	<u>a1</u>	,								
Gaspé, Que	1	2								
Kent, Ont	1 1	1 1								
Manitoba. Western	1		1							
Victoria, B.C Westminster, B.C Yale, B.C	1 1 1	1 1	i							
Yukon	1	-		-	-			-		
- Totals of Canada	12	8	2	1	1		1			
VARIOUS O	THER C	FFE	NCES .	AGAIN	NST TI	HE PI	ERSON	₹.		
Halifax, N.SYarmouth, N.S	3 1	2		1 1	1 1			i i		
Totals of Nova Scotia	4	2		2	2			1		
King's, N.B	2	2								
Bedford, Que	1 a1 a1	1		1	12			1		

Life.	D'th.  De mort	Committed to Reformatories.  Envoyés à la prison de Réforme.	Other Sentences.  Autres Sentences.  OURVOIR  a1  20  b5  c1	1	Commercial.  Commercants.	Do- mestic  Servi- teurs.	Industrial.  Industrial.  triels.	Professional Professions libérales.	18	Married.  Ma-riés.	Widowed — En veuvage.	ONS. VILS.
Life.  A vie	De mort	ted to Reformatories.  Envoyés à la prison de Réforme.  DE PO	Sentences.  Autres Sentences.  OURVOIR  a1  20  b5	AUX  AUX  AUX	mercial.	Serviteurs.	dustrial.  Industriels.	fessional  Professions libérales.  FAM	Journa- liers.	ried.	dowed  En veu- vage.	Céli ba- taire
		1	20 	1	1 6 11		2		18	3 27 1 1 2		
-			20	1 1	6 1		2		18	27 1 1 2		
				1	1					$\frac{1}{1}$	1	
				1	1					$\frac{1}{2}$	1	
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·					1		3					
·	•••••		c1						1	3	*****	
		1	27	1	8		5		20	37	• • •	•••
		1 1			BELL	E.		1	20	01	*****	1
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			1				1			1		
	DIV	ERS A	UTRES C	UTRA	AGES	CONT	RE L	PER	SONN	Ε.		
			a1		i					1		
··-	•••••		1		1					1		
			a1		1		.,,		**	1		
			a1		2					1		
		DIV	DIVERS A	DIVERS AUTRES (1)  a1  a1  a1  a1  a1  a1	DIVERS AUTRES OUTR 2	DIVERS AUTRES OUTRAGES	DIVERS AUTRES OUTRAGES CONT	DIVERS AUTRES OUTRAGES CONTRE La	DIVERS AUTRES OUTRAGES CONTRE LA PER	DIVERS AUTRES OUTRAGES CONTRE LA PERSONN	DIVERS AUTRES OUTRAGES CONTRE LA PERSONNE.	DIVERS AUTRES OUTRAGES CONTRE LA PERSONNE.

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. Order made for monthly payment—Ordre donne pour faire un paiement chaque mois. c. Cautioned—Réprimandé.

TABLE I. O	FFEN	CES A	AGAIN	IST I	H	Е Р.	ERS	ON.					CL.	ASS	I.
		CATUS	S.					AG	ES.					USE LIQU	
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	INST	RUCT	ION.											USAG	
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men- tary.	Superior.	Unde 16 years Moin de 16 an	3. 1 IS	ander under 16 a	d r 21. ins oins	an unde 21 a	r 40.	40 :	ver.	No	en. n-	Mo- de- rate	de
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire	men-	Supé- rieure	м.	F	м.	F.	м.	F.	м.	F.	м.		Mo- déré	mo
	ou d'é- crire.			н.	F	Н.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F.	н.	F		dér
REFUSI	NG TO	PRO	VIDE	FOF	F	AM	ILY	— Co	nclu	led.			-		
York, Ont		3						3					1	1	2
Totaux d'Ontario	2	25		-	-			16	1	9		1	1	10	17
Manitoba, Centre		1 1						 i		1					1
Totanx de Manitoba		2			-	-		1		1				1	-
Westminster, ColB		3	2					4		1				4	
Saskatchewan, T. du NO												1	\··		
Totaux du Canada	2	32			.			23	1	11		3	١.,	15	2
	1	1	LL	BEL.			1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1
King's, NE		1							• • •	1				1	
Carleton, NB															
Gaspé, Qué Montréal, Qué															
Kent, Ont											1				10.
Manitoba, Onest															
Victoria, ColB							1						٠.		
Yukon					-					-	1				
Totaux du Canada		1	1						1	1	1		1.	. 1	٧.
VARIOUS	ОТНЕ	ER OF	FENC	ES A	G.	AIŃ	ST	гне	PE	RSO	N.				
Halifax, NEYarmouth, NE	. · · · i ·	1		. 1						i				: 1	1
Totaux de la NEcosse	. 1	1		. 1						1				. 2	
King's NB															

	BLE I.			OF	FENC	ES A	AINS	T TH	HE PE	RSON	V.			CLAS	SS I.
	LIE		_	ACES.	ICE.				REI	IGIO	NS.			RE DEN	SI- ICE.
	TISH IS			Uni- ted	Other Fo- reign Coun-	Other Bri- tish Pos-	Bap-	R. Ca- tho-	Ch. of Eng-	Me- tho-	Pres-		Other Deno- mina-	Villes.	stricts
Eng- land and Wales	Ire- land.	Scot- land.	Ca- nada.	States -	tries.	ses- sions. — Autr's	tists.	lies.	land.	dists.	rians.	Pro- tes- tants	tions.	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts
Angle terre et Galles	Ir- lande.	Ecos-		Etats- Unis.	Au- tres pays etran- gers.	posses sions Bri- tanni- ques.	Bap- tistes.	Ca- tholi- ques.	Eglise d'An- gle- terre.	tho- dis- tes.	Pres byté- riens.		Autr's con- fes- sions.	Cities and	Rural Dis
		REF	US DI	E POU	RVOI	R AU	X BES	SOINS	S DE I	LA F.	AMIL	LE—I	Fin.	,	
1			2						1	1			• • •	3	
4			18	3	2		1	1	5	9	2	5	2	22	4
····i			1				• • • • •		1	1				1	i
1			1						1	1			• •	1	1
	1	1	3					1			1	3		5	
			••••		1										
5	1	1	25	3	2	<u> </u>	1	5	6	10	3	8	2	31	5
	1		1	1	1	1	IBEL	LE.				1		1	1
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· <u>····</u>		l	1		·		1				TRACO			1 1	
	ı	1	DIVEF	RS AU	TRES	OUTH	AGES	CON	TRE	LA P	ERSU	NNE.		1	
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			2					1		1				2	
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					1									2	

TABLE I.

### OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.

CLASS I.

				00	22777	(MT/237)	0	SEI	NTEN	Œ.
			De-		DAMI	_		Соммі	TTED TO	JAIL
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	Númber	Ac-	tained for	CON	DAMI	NATIC	MS.	Емі	PRISONN	ÉS.
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.	of Charges	quit-	Lu- nacy.		Con-	Con-		the	No Or	_
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	_	_	_		victed 1st.	victed 2nd.	Reite- rated.	option of a		PTION
DISTRICTS JUDI-	Nombre d'accu-	Ac-	Dé-	Total.		_		fine.	Un- der	One
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	sations.	tés.	tenues	10tan.	Con-	Con-	Plus de 2	option	one year.	and over.
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.			cause		nés une	nés deux		la pri- son	Moins d'un	Un an et
		M. F	folie.		fois.	fois.		ou l'a- me'de	an.	plus.
VARIOUS OTHER	OFFEN	CES	AGAIN	ST TI	HE PE	RSON	-Conc	luded.		
		1 1	1					1		
Quebec, Que	9			9	9	· · · i		i		
Terrebonne, Que  Totals of Quebec	$\frac{a5}{22}$	2		13	12	1		1	• 1	
Brant, Ont	1			1	1					
Frontenac, Ont	2	1 .		1	1					
Simcoe, Ont	1 20 5	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\12\\2 \end{bmatrix}$	i	7 3	6 3	i		2 3	i	
York, Ont	30		1	12	11	1		5	1	
Manitoba, Central	2	1		1	1				1	
Manitoba, Eastern	1	1.		••••			••••	•••		
Victoria, B.C	2 1	i	,	2	2			1	1	
Alberta, Northern N.W.T Assiniboia, Eastern, N.W.T	2 2	2 .		····i		i			i	
Saskatchewan, N.T.W	1			1	1	• • • • • •			1	
Totals of the N.W.T	5	3.		2	1	1			2	
Yukon	73	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 32 \end{vmatrix}$	1	33	30	3		8	7	
OFFENCES							NCE		CLASS	TT
BURGLA										
DOROLLA		1 1	1	f f	1	1001	1	1	1	
Halifax, N.S	8 2	1	. m1	6 2	2 2	1	3		2	
Totals of Nova Scotia	10	1 .	. 1	8	4	1	3		2	
Gaspé, Que Joliette, Que	1 7	1 5		2	2					
Montreal, QueOttawa, Que	29			00	6	7	16		8	
Quebec, Que	2 4			2 3	2		3			
Saguenay, Que		-	-		1		10		1	
a. 1, Nolle prosequi.	46	1 81.		. 38	12	7	19		9	

TA	BLE				OUTRAG	ES CO	NTRE	LA P	ERSO	NNE.		(	CLASS	EI
	ITENT	IARY.	NTENC	Com-			00	CCUPA	ATION	īs.			CIVIL DITIO TS CIV	
Two years and un- der five.  D'ux ans et m'ns de cinq	Five years and over.	Life. A vie	D'th.  De mort	ted to Refor- ma- tories.  — En-	Other Senten- ces.  — Autres Senten- ces.	Agricultural.  Agriculteurs.	mercial.  Commer-	teurs.	_	Pro- fes-	La-borers  — Jour-na-liers.	Married.  Marriés.	Widowed  En veuvage.	Sing  Cél ba- taires
		DI	VERS	AUT	RES OUT	RAGE	s con	TRE	LA PI	ERSON	NE-	Fin.		
					a9	ii				*. * * * * *	9	7 1		2
					11	1	3				9	10		3
					a1 a1	1			2		3	1 6		1
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									1			1		
		••••			18		7		3	1	16	22	1	9
				ITS A	VEC VIO			NTRE					LASSE	
VC	L AV	VEC E	FFRA	CTIO	N ET AY	ANT E	EN PO	SSESS	ION I	DES O	UTILS	DE V	OLEU	JR.
4 2							1			1	4			6 2
6							1	•••	•	1	4			8
4	2			2	a2 a15		9	2	5		13 1	2		2 27 1 2
	3			2							3	. 3		
5	5			2	17		9	2	5		18	5		32
-	. Sent	ence su $-5\frac{1}{2}$	spende		ntence susp									

TABLE I. C	FFEN	CES 2	AGAIN	NST	ТН	Œ F	ERS	SON.				(	CL.	ASS	I.
TUDIOLAT DISTRICTO	S'	CATIO FATU RUCT	S.					AG:	ES.					USE LIQU  USAG	ORS.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	· · · · · ·													LIQU.	
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Un- able to read or	Ele- men-	Supe-	year —	s.	unde	r 21.	21 y an unde	r 40.	-	over.	No	en.		Im- mo-
DISTRICTS JUDI-	write.	tary.	rior.	Moi de 16 ar		16 a et m de	oins	et m de	oins	40 a		No		rate	de-
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable		Supé- rieure	м.	F	М.	F.	м.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F	Mo- déré	
	de lire ou d'é- crire.	taire.		Н.	F	— Н.	<del>-</del> F.	<u>н</u> .	F.	Н.	- F.	H.	F	dere	dére
VARIOUS OTH	ER OF	FFEN	CES A	GA1	NS	тт	HE	PER	SON	— Co	nclud	led.	1	1	_
Québec, Qué		1 1						3		6 1				9	
Totaux de Québec		5						5		8			-	12	1
Brant, Ont		1 1		1		1				i					
Northumberl'd et Durham, Ont. Simcoe, Ont Wentworth, Ont York, Ont								4 2	i	3				2 3	
Totaux d'Ontario		12				1		6	1	4				7	1
Manitoba, Centre Manitoba, Est		1								1				1	
Victoria, ColB, Yale, ColB		1	1					1		1				1	
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Est, T. du NO Saskatchewan, T. du NO										1		1			
Totaux des T. du NO	-	-			-					1		1	-		
Yukon										1					
Totaux du Canada	9	21	1	1		1		12	1	17		1	1.	23	1 8
OFFENC	ES AC	FAINS	T PRO	OPE	RT	YW	/ITE	ı vı	OLE	NCF	7.	. (	CL.	ASS	II.
BURG	LARY	AND	HAV	ING	В	URG	LAI	RS' 7	1003	LS.					
Halifax, NEVictoria, NE		5 2		1		i		6						4 2	
Totaux de la NEcosse	1,	7		1		1		6						. 6	
Gaspé, Qué	2 2	27 1 2		2		21	1	7 1		3		i		2 23 1 2	
		1	1												

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TABL	EAU	J I.		ΟU	TRAG	ES CC	NTRI	E LA	PERS	ONN	E.		C	LASS	E I.
	LIE		_	ACES. ISSAN					REI	LIGI	ONS.			RI DEX	ESI- NCE.
and la Wales Angle	TANN Ire- and.  Ir-	iques.	Ca- nada.	United States  — Etats-Unis.	Foreign Countries.  Au-	ses- sions.  Autr's posses sions Bri-	Bap- tistes.	R. Ca-tho-lics.  — Ca-tholiques.	Eglise	tho- dists — Mé-	Presbyterians.  Presbytériens.	Protes- tants	Other Denominations.  Autr's confessions.	Towns-Vill	Rural Districts—Districts
		DIA	VERS	AUTR	ES O	UTRA	GES C	ONT	RE LA	PEI	RSONI	NE-F	7in.		
			9		i			9						4	5
			11		$\frac{\cdots}{2}$			13	• • • • •		• • • • • •			7	6
	••••		1						1					1	
			î							1					i
2	1		4					2	5					7	
	<u>1</u>	• • • •	2						3					3	
2	2		8		• • • • • •			2	9	1				11	1
				1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •								1		1
			1							1				2	
			····i								1				· ···i
			1								1				1
			1												
2	2		24	1	2			16	9	3	1		1	22	9
			DÉLI	TS AV	EC V	IOLE	NCE C	ONT	RE LA	PRO	PRIĖ	TÉ.	CL	ASSE	II.
VOL .	AVE	C EF	FRAC'	TION	ET A	YANT	EN F	POSSI	ESSIO	N DE	s out	rils	DE V	OLEU	JR.
			5 2					5		<sub>i</sub> .	1 1			4	2 2
	1		7					5		1	2			4	4
			$\frac{2}{26}$	.2				2 11	8	8	2			2 29	
			2	1	• • • • •			2						$\frac{1}{2}$	
	/		3			******		3						3	
1			34	3				19	8	8	2	1		38	

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TABLE I. OFFENCES	AGAIN	ST P	PR	OPER'	ry W	ITH V	IOLE	NCE.	(	CLASS	II
					~			w.~.	SE	NTEN	CE.
						ONVI			Сомм	ITTED T	o Jail
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De- tained		NDAM	NATIO	ONS.	Em	PRISON	NEG
IN WHICH	Number	Adqui		for . Lu-		1		1		No O	
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Charges	tec		nacy.		Con-	Con-	D	the		
_	_	-	-			1st.	2nd.	rated.	option of a	SANS C	
TIOMPIONO IIIDI	Nombre	Ac	3-				-		fine.	Un- der	One
DISTRICTS JUDI-	d'accu- sations.	qui		Dé- tenues	Total.	Con-	Con-	Plus	Sur	one	and over.
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE				pour		dam- nés	dam- nés	de 2	entre la pri-		
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.		-		de		une	deux	ves.	son	d'un	an et
		M.	F	folie.		fois.	fois.		ou l'a- m'nde	an.	plus.
	]						3				
BURGLARY A	ND HA	VIN	G	BURG	LARS	S' TOO	$\frac{1}{1}$	onclude	ed.	1	1
Essex, Ont.	1	···i·			1	1					
Hastings, Ont. Huron, Ont.	ĩ				1	1				····i	
Lambton, Ont	3	i			2	2 2	2				1 1
Middlesex, Ont	2 2	2			2	1	1				
Perth, Ont.	3 3	1			2 3	2	,	3			
Simcoe, Ont	1				1		i				
Welland, Ont	5 3				5 3	5 3				2	1
Wentworth, Ont	9	4 2			5 9	1 4		4 3		8	1
Totals of Ontario	49	11	-		38	22	6	10		13	5
Manitoba, Eastern	1				1		1			.1,	
Cariboo, B.C.	1				1	1					
Victoria, B.C	2 4	1			1 3	1 3				1 1	1
Yale, B.C	3				3	3				1	$\frac{1}{2}$
Totals of British Columbia	10	2			8	8				3	3
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T	5 2	$\frac{1}{2}$			4	3	1				
Saskatchewan, N.W.T	ĩ	1									
Totals of Canada	124	26		1	97	49	16	32		27	8
WAREH	OUSE A	ND	F	REIGI	IT CA	R BR	EAKI	NG.			
Halifax, N.S	1				1	1					,
Bedford, Que	1				1		1				
Brant, Ont	2	2									
Essex, Ont	1 3				1 3	1 3				1 3	
Muskoka and Parry Sound, Ont.	$\frac{1}{2}$				1 2	$\frac{1}{2}$				2	
Northumberland & Durham, O	ī	i									
Totals of Ontario	10	3			7	7				6	
Manitoba, Eastern	1				1	1					
Cariboo, B.C	2				2	1		1			
Totals of Canada	15	3			12	10	1	1		6	

TA	BLE.	AU I.	DĖ	LITS	AVEC VI	OLEN	CE CO	ONTRI	E LA	PROPI	RIÉTÉ	. C	LASS	E II.
		SE	NTEN	CE.									CIVII	
PEN	ITENT	IARY.		1	[	•	0	CCUP	ATIO	NS.			DITIO	
Pé	NITEN	CIER.		Com- mit-								ETA	TSCIV	ILS
Two		]		ted to Refor-	Other			1	1	[				1
years and	Five		D'th.	ma- tories	Senten- ces.	Agri-			In-	Pro-				
un- der	years and	Life.		_	-	cul- tural.	mer-	Do- mestic	dus-	fes- sional	La- borers	Mar- ried.	Wi- dowed	Single
five.	over.		De	En-	Autres	_	_	Amorting .	_	_	_			_
D'ux ans	Cinq ans	A vie	mort.	voyés à la	Senten- ces.	Agri-	Com-	Servi	In-	Pro-	Jour-	Ma-	En	Céli-
et m'ns	et plus.			prison de		teurs.	mer-	teurs.		fes-	na- liers.	riés.	veu- vage.	ba-
de cinq.				Réfor- me.			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			libé- rales.	110113.		vago.	Juiles.
				]		-	<u> </u>			1	]	1	-	
VOL	AVE	C EF	FRAC'	TION	ET AYA	NT EN	POSS	SESSI	ON DI	ES OU	TILS	DE VO	LEUR	Fin.
	1										1			1
1	$\frac{\cdots}{2}$						2		1					1
					a1		i				$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\1\\2\end{vmatrix}$	2		3
								• • • • •			2			2
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4								1	5			3	1	2
3							* * * * * *		2		$\frac{1}{5}$	1		3 4
	• • • • •		•••••	• • •							1			9
15	4	• • • •			1	:	3	1	10	- • • • • •	16	7	1	30
1			• • • • • •						•••••	• • • • •	<u>* 1</u>			1
1											1			1
1											2 3	2		$\frac{1}{2}$
											6	2		5
	1				a1		1		1		$\frac{0}{2}$			3
							••••					т.		
31	10	• •		2	10		7.1		10		477	15	1	70
51 }	10		B		'ENTREP	OTS F	T DE	WAG	ONS I	DE FE	47 ET.	15	1	79
-											1	1		
7			••••		a1		•••							****
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											1			1
					a1				1		2			3
	*****	•••••									2			2
					1				1		5			7
					. a1				1			1		
2											2	1		1
3			-						2		9	4		8
	0 1			1 0	tonce cuenc	1								

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue.

										L. D V	******		109		
TABLE I. OFFENCE	ES AG	AINS'	r PRO	PER	T	YW	ITH	VI	OLE.	NCE	•	С	L	ASS :	II.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S	CATION TRUC			-	4		AG	ES.					USAC	OF ORS. — GE DE EURS
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men-	Superior.	16	rs. ins	und und 16 et n	rears and er 21. ans noins 21.	und 21 et r	nd	40 y and -40	vears over. ans plus.	No give No don	en. n-	de-	Im- mo- de- rate
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é-	men- taire.	Supé- rieure		F	М.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F	Mo- déré	mo-
	crire.			Н.	F	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F		déré
BURGLAR	Y ANI	HAV	ING :	BUR	GI	LAR	'S T	OOL	S-C	onclu	ded.	1	-		!
Essex, Ont		1						1	1					1	
Hastings, Ont		1													···i
Lambton, Ont		4 2						1						2	2 2
Middlesex, Ont		2						2					٠.		2
Perth, Ont		2													2
Simcoe, Ont Storm't, D'das et Gleng'ry, O		1						3							3
Welland, Ont		5 3				2		4		1					5
Wentworth, Ont	1	4 9				3		2							5
York, Ont					-	8		1						9	
Totaux d'Ontario		37			-	13		20		5				14	21
Manitoba, Est		1						1						1	• • • •
Caribou, ColB		1 1	• • • • •	1				1						1 1	
Westminster, ColB		2						2				i		1	i
Yale, ColB		1						3		••				3	
Totaux de la ColBritann	2	5		1				6				1		6	1
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Alberta, Sud, T. du NO	1	3					1		3					4	
Saskatchewan, T. du NO										-					
Totaux du Canada	12	83		4		38	1	44		8		2		59	36
WARE	CHOUS	E AN	D FRI	EIGI	IT	CA	R B	REA	KIN	G.					olessendraftin
Halifax, NE		1								1				1	
Bedford, Qué	:	1						1						1	
Brant, Ont															
Essex, Ont		1 3				2		1					• •	1 3	
Middlesex, Ont. Muskoka et Parry Sound, O		1		1										1	
Northumberl'd et Durham, O		$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ \dots \end{bmatrix}$													
Totaux d'Ontario		7		1		4		2						7	
Manitoba, Est	1									1				1	
Caribou, ColB		2			-			2					-		2
Totaux du Canada	1	11		1	-	4		5		2			-	10	2
													9		

TAl	BLEAU	J I.	DĖL	ITS A	VEC V	VIOLE	NCE	CONI	RE L	A PR	OPRI	ÉTÉ.	CI	ASSI	E II.
	LIE		H PL		CE.				REI	LIGIO	ONS.				ESI- NCE.
England and Wales Angle terre et Galles	Ireland.	Scotland.  Ecosse.	Ca- nada.	United States — Etats- Unis.	Foreign Countries.  Autres pays étrangers.	Other British Possessions. Autr's posses sions Britanniques.	Bap- tistes.	ques.	gle- terre.	Mé- tho- dis- tes.	Pres- byté- riens.		Other Denominations.  Autr's confessions.	Cities and	Rural Districts—Districts
VOL	AVE	EFF	RACT	ION F	T AY	ANT	EN PO	SSES	SION	DES	OUTI	LS D	E VOI	EUR	-Fi
1			1 2 2 2	1				1	1 1 1		1 1	2	2	1 1 4 2 2	
1		i	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\3\\ \dots \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$					3	3		1 1			3	
1	2		3 1 9	1				1 2	1 1 3	2 3	13		1	5 3 5 9	
4	2	1	26	5				7	12	5	8	3	3	35	
	1							1						1	
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7	4		73	9	1			37	21	14	13	6	4	82	1
			BRI	IS D'E	NTRE	POTS	ET D	E W.	AGON	S DE	FRE	Г.			
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TABLE I. OFFENCES	AGAIN	ST	PK	OPER	TYW	TTH	VIOLE	NCE.	1	CLASS	5 II.
					C	ONVI	CTION	IS.	SE	NTEN	CE.
				De-		-	NATIO		Сомм	ITTED 1	O JAIL
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	Number	A		tained for	001	DAM	MAIN	J110.	Ем	PRISON	NÉS.
IN WHICH	of	qui	it-	Lu-		1 ~	1 ~	[		No O	PTION.
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Charges	tec	d.	nacy.		Con- victed		Reite-	the option	SANS	 OPTION.
· –	_	-	-	_		1st.	2nd.	rated.	of a fine.	Un-	One
DISTRICTS JUDI-	Nombre d'accu-	Acqui		Dé-	Total.				Sur	der	year and
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	sations.	tés		tenues		Con- dam-	Con-	Plus de 2	option		over.
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.				cause		nés une	nés deux	récidi-	la pri-	Moins	
		3.5	-	folie.		fois.	fois.	ves.	son ou l'a-		an et plus.
		М.	I.						m'nde		1
	HOUSE	ANI	) 5	HOPE	BREAL	KING.			1		
King's, P.E.I.	2	1			1	1				1	
Prince, P.E.IQueen s, P.E.I	4 a5	i			1	3	1			1	
Totals of P.E. Island	11	2	• t		6	5	1			2	
Annapolis, N.S	2		-		2	1		1			
Colchester, N.S	5 18	1 5			4 13	3 11	1	2			1
Yarmouth, N.S	11	_3			8	8				2	
Totals of Nova Scotia	36	9			27	23	1	3		2	1
Carleton, N.B	$\frac{1}{2}$	i			. 1	1 1			y		
Chicoutimi, Que,	61										
Montreal, Que	103 13	6 2			97 11	56	15 2	26		28	2
Totals of Quebec	117	8			108	65	17	26		29	2
Brant, Ont.	. 5				5	3	1	1		1	
Bruce, Ont	10				10	7	1	2		4	
Elgin, Ont	1 5	1			4		2	2		2	
Grey, Ont	1	1			$\frac{3}{1}$	2		1			
Hastings, Ont	8 8	1			7 8	6	$\frac{1}{2}$	5		3 2	3
Lambton, Ont	2	1			1 8	$\frac{1}{6}$	····i	<u>i</u>		2	
Lincoln, Ont	1 8				1		1				
Muskoka and Parry Sound, Ont	2		• •		8 2	$\frac{6}{2}$	2			i	
Northumberland & Durham, O Ontario, Ont	5 1	1			4	1				1 2	
Perth, Ont	2 3	2			3	1	1	1			
Prescott and Russell, Ont Renfrew, Ont	3 3				3 3	2 2	1			2	
Simcoe, Ont. Thunder Bay & Rainy River, O	2 2	1			2	1	1				2
Victoria, Ont.	3	3			1 2	1				1	
Welland, Ont	. 50	2 24	i		2 25	21	4			10 10	····.5
Totals of Ontario	144	39	1		104	70	20	14		33	10
Manitoba, Central Manitoba, Eastern	1				1	1				1	
Manitoba, Western	11 2			ml	11	10	1			1	
Totals of Manitoba	14			1	13	11	2			3	

a. 2, Nolle prosequi and one escaped before trial-Et un évadé avant son procès. b. Nolle prosequi.

	BLE				AVEC VIO	1	219 00	NIILE	1111	TIOI I			LASSI	
	ITENT	IARY.	NTEN	Com-			00	CCUP	ATION	īs.		CON	CIVIL DITIO TS CI	ONS.
Two years	NITEN	CIER.		mit- ted to Refor- ma-	Other Senten-				1	-			1	
and un- der five.	Five years and over.		D'th.	tories	ces.	Agri- cul- tural.	Com- mer- cial.	Do- mestic	In- dus- trial.	Pro- fes- sional	La- borers	Mar- ried.	Wi- dowed	Single
_	Cinq	A vie	De	En- voyés à la	Autres Senten- ces.	Agri-	Com-	Servi-	In-	Pro-	Jour-	Ma-	En	Céli-
et	et plus.	21 110		prison de Réfor- me.	005.	cul-	mer- çants.	teurs.	dus- triels.	fes- sions libé- rales.	na- liers.	riés.	veu- vage.	ba- taires
					BRIS DE 1	LATEC	N ET	DE	EACLA			-		
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26	5			5	41		3		26		55	9	2	96
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2	3				a1						3			3
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14	5	••••		$\frac{1}{7}$	$\frac{a6}{35}$		3	1	$\frac{2}{13}$		$-\frac{12}{41}$	$\frac{3}{11}$		90
									1					1
	1				a9				1	1	1	1		10
	1				9	• • • • • •			$\frac{\cdots}{2}$	1	1	1		1

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. Bound to be of a good behaviour—Tenus de garder une meilleure conduite.

TABLE I. OFFENCE	ES AG	AINS'	T PRO	PEF	RT'	Y W	ІТН	VI	OLE	NCE		C	LA	ss 1	II.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S'	CATIO TATU RUCT	S.					AG	ES.					LIQU USAG	OF ORS. EDE EURS
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men- tary.	Superior.	16	rs. ins	unde unde 16 et m	rears and ans ans aoins 21.	unde unde 21 et m	nd	and 40	ears over. ans olus.	No give	n.		Im- mo- de- rate
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- erire.	Elé- men- taire.	Supé- rieure	М. — Н.	F F	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. F.	М. — Н.	F. F.	-	F F	Mo- déré	Im- mo- déré
	НОГ	JSE A	ND S	HOP	BF	REA	KIN	G.	l	1	1	1			-
King's, I. du PE Prince, I. du PE Queen's, I. du PE	1 2	· · · 2 1		2 1		1 1		1	•••					1 3 1	1
Totaux de l'Île du PE	3	3		3		2		1						5	1
Annapolis, NE. Colchester, NE. Halifax, NE. Yarmouth, NE. Totaux de la NEcosse.		2 4 13 5 24		8 7 15	i 1	1 3 2 		1 2	1	i 	,			2 4 13 8	
Carleton, NB		1						1				i			1
Chicoutimi, Qué	$-\frac{15}{2}$	82 8		13 2		42		36 7	1	5		1		60 3	37 7
Totaux de Québec		90		15		43			1						41
Brant, Ont. Bruce, Ont. Carleton, Ont. Elgin, Ont. Essex, Ont. Grey, Ont. Halton, Ont. Hastings, Ont. Kent, Ont. Lambton, Ont Lieds et Grenville, Ont Lincoln, Ont.	4	5 2 6 4 3 1 4 8 1 8 1				1 7		1				3		5 2 8  1 1 3 8 1 7	2 4 2
Middlesex, Ont. Muskoka et Parry Sound, Ont. Northumberl'det Durham, O. Ontario, Ont Perth, Ont. Peterborough, Ont. Prescott et Russell, Ont. Renfray Ont		2 3 1	1	8		1 1 1		3 1 						1 1 2	2 1
Renfrew, Ont. Simcoe, Ont. Th'der Bay et Rainy Riv., O Victoria, Ont. Welland, Ont. York, Ont. Totaux d'Ontario.		1 2 1 2 25 86	1	7		2 6		2 -1 10 30		2		3		1 2 17 77	2  8 23
Manitoba, Centre Manitoba, Est. Manitoba, Ouest. Totaux de Manitoba		1 11 1 13		1		2 2		2 2		1	····		1	$ \begin{array}{c c}     \hline     1 \\     10 \\     1 \\     \hline     12 \end{array} $	1

BIRTH PLACES.   LIEUX DE NAISSANCE.   RELIGIONS.   RESILENCE																
DENCE   DENC	TAI	BLEAU	J I.	DÉL	ITS A	VEC	VIOLI	ENCE	CON	TRE I	A PI	ROPRI	ETÉ.	C1	ASSI	E II.
Trest and wales   Trest and		LIE				CE.				REI	LIGIC	NS.			RI DEI	ESI- NCE.
BRIS DE MAISON ET DE MAGASIN.		_				Fo-	Bri-			Ch of	Mo	Dwog		Deno-	les.	icts
BRIS DE MAISON ET DE MAGASIN.	Eng- land	Ire-	Scot-		ted	Coun-	Pos- ses- sions.		tho-	Eng-	tho-	byte-			vns—Vil	s-Distr
BRIS DE MAISON ET DE MAGASIN.	Wales	_	land.		Etats-		Autr's posses	Bap- tistes.		Eglise d'An-	Mé- tho-			con-	and Tov	District 1x,
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	terre	Ir-			Unis.	étran-	tanni-		ques.			riens.		sions.	Cities	Rural
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$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				4												
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				6					4				2		4	2
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$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*****															
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3     4      85     8     1      1     43     13     12     19     11     1     88     12        1      8         1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1				1		1			_ 2	3	1	12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3	4						1		1				1		12
1 1						2	*	2				3			11	1
2 9 2 4 4 3 12 1		-		1					-							1

TABLE I. , OFFENCES	AGAIN	ST 1	PR	OPER	TY W	TTH V	VIOLE	NCE.		CLASS	II.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS			٠	De- tained	CON	-	CTION - NATIO		Соммі	NTEN	JAII
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE	Number of Charges  Nombre d'accusations	Ad qui	it-d.	for Lunacy.  Détenues pour cause de folie.	Tutal	Convicted 1st.  Condamnés une fois.	Convicted 2nd.  Condamnés deux fois.	rated.	With the option of a fine.  Sur option entre la prison ou l'a-	SANS O Under one year. Moins d'un an.	PTION.
HOITE	E AND	M.	F		ZINC.	Canal			m'nde		
HOUS		5HU	F	I	AING-	- Conci	uaea.	ſ	1	1	_
Victoria, B.C Westminster, B.C Yale, B.C	3 a18 1	1			3 4 1	2 3 1		1		1 1	ii
Totals of British Columbia	22	1			8	6		2		2	1
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T Saskatchewan, N.W.T	7 2	2			7	5	2			6	
Totals of Canada	356	62	1	m1	275	187	43	45		77	14
ROBBER			_					7			
TODDEN.	YAND	DEN	νIΑ	NDIN	G WI	тн м	ENAC	ES.			
		1	VI A	NDIN	G WI	TH M	ENAC	ES.	1		
Cape Breton, N.S	1 1	DEN 1	MA	NDIN	G WI	TH M	ENAC	ES.			
Cape Breton, N.S	1	1	MA					ES.			
Cape Breton, N.S	1 1	1			1	i		ES. 3		3	
Cape Breton, N.S	$\frac{1}{2}$	1 1  5			1 1 2 9	1 2 3	3				
Cape Breton, N.S. Hants, N.S.  Totals of Nova Scotia.  Beauharnois, Que. Montreal, Que Terrebonne, Que.  Totals of Quebec.  Carleton, Ont. Essex, Ont. Kent, Ont. Peterborough, Ont. Wentworth, Ont.	2 14 1 	1 5			1 1 2 9 1	$ \begin{array}{ c c c } \hline  & 1 \\ \hline  & 1 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 3 \\  & 1 \\ \hline  & 6 \\ \hline  & \ddots \\  & 1 \\  & 2 \\ \hline  & 3 \\  & 1 \end{array} $	3	3		3	1 2
Cape Breton, N.S. Hants, N.S.  Totals of Nova Scotia.  Beauharnois, Que Montreal, Que Terrebonne, Que  Totals of Quebec  Carleton, Ont Essex, Ont Kent, Ont Peterborough, Ont Wentworth, Ont York, Ont	1 1 2 2 14 1 17 3 2 2 1	1  5  5  1			1 1 2 9 1 12 1 2	$ \begin{array}{ c c c } \hline  & 1 \\ \hline  & 1 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 3 \\  & 1 \\ \hline  & 6 \\ \hline  & \ddots \\  & 1 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 3 \\  & 1 \\ \hline  & 6 \\ \hline  & \ddots \\  & 1 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 3 \\ \hline  & 1 \\ \hline  & 6 \\ \hline  & \ddots \\  & 2 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 3 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 3 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 3 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 3 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 3 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 3 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 3 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 3 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 2 \\ \hline  & 3 \\ \hline  & 3 \\ \hline  & 4 \\ \hline  & 5 \\$	3	3		3	1 1
Cape Breton, N.S. Hants, N.S.  Totals of Nova Scotia.  Beauharnois, Que. Montreal, Que Terrebonne, Que.  Totals of Quebec.  Carleton, Ont. Essex, Ont. Kent, Ont. Peterborough, Ont. Wentworth, Ont.	2 14 1 17 3 2 2 14 1 5 1 5	1 			1 1 2 9 1 12  1 2  4 1	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c } \hline  & 1 \\ \hline  & 1 \\ \hline  & 2 \\  & 3 \\  & 1 \\ \hline  & 6 \\ \hline  & \ddots \\  & 1 \\  & 2 \\  & \ddots \\  & 3 \\  & 1 \\ \hline \end{array} $	3	3	• • • • •	3	1 1 5
Cape Breton, N.S. Hants, N.S.  Totals of Nova Scotia.  Beauharnois, Que Montreal, Que Terrebonne, Que  Totals of Quebec  Carleton, Ont Essex, Ont Kent, Ont Peterborough, Ont Wentworth, Ont York, Ont  Totals of Ontario  Manitoba, Eastern	1 1 2 2 14 1 17 3 2 2 1 5 1 5 1 15	1  5  3 1  7			1 1 2 9 1 1 12 1 2 1 2 1 8	1 1 2 3 1 6  2  2  3 1	3	3		3 1 1	5
Cape Breton, N.S. Hants, N.S.  Totals of Nova Scotia.  Beauharnois, Que. Montreal, Que Terrebonne, Que  Totals of Quebec.  Carleton, Ont Essex, Ont Kent, Ont Peterborough, Ont. Wentworth, Ont York, Ont  Totals of Ontario.  Manitoba, Eastern Manitoba, Western.	2 14 1	1 5 5 7 1 1 7			1 1 2 9 1 12 	1 1 2 3 1 6 1 2 3 1 7	3	3 3		3 1 1	5
Cape Breton, N.S. Hants, N.S.  Totals of Nova Scotia.  Beauharnois, Que. Montreal, Que Terrebonne, Que  Totals of Quebec.  Carleton, Ont Essex, Ont Kent, Ont Peterborough, Ont. Wentworth, Ont York, Ont  Totals of Ontario.  Manitoba, Eastern. Manitoba, Western.  Totals of Manitoba.  Westminster, B.C.	1 1 2 2 14 1 	1  5  3 1  7 1 1 1 2			1 1 2 9 1 12  1 2  4 1 8 3  3	1 1 2 3 1 6 1 2 3 1 7 3 3	3	3 3		1 1	5
Cape Breton, N.S. Hants, N.S.  Totals of Nova Scotia.  Beauharnois, Que Montreal, Que Terrebonne, Que  Totals of Quebec  Carleton, Ont Essex, Ont Kent, Ont Peterborough, Ont. Wentworth, Ont York, Ont  Totals of Ontario.  Manitoba, Eastern Manitoba, Western  Totals of Manitoba.  Westminster, B.C. Yale, B.C.  Totals of British Columbia.  Assiniboia, Eastern, N.W.T.	1 1 2 2 14 1 17 3 2 2 1 5 1 1 5 4 1 5	1 5 5 7 7 7 1 7 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1			1 1 2 9 1 12 4 1 8 3 3	1 1 2 3 1 1 6 3 1 7 3 3 1 3	3	3		3  1  1 	5
Cape Breton, N.S. Hants, N.S.  Totals of Nova Scotia.  Beauharnois, Que. Montreal, Que. Terrebonne, Que.  Totals of Quebec.  Carleton, Ont. Essex, Ont. Kent, Ont. Peterborough, Ont. Wentworth, Ont.  Totals of Ontario.  Manitoba, Eastern. Manitoba, Western.  Totals of Manitoba.  Westminster, B.C. Yale, B.C.  Totals of British Columbia.	1 1 2 2 14 1 1 7 3 2 2 1 1 5 5 1 1 5 5 2 5 5 7 7	1 5 5 1 1 7 7 1 1 2 1 2 2 3			1 1 2 9 1 12 4 1 8 3 3	1 2 3 1 6 3 1 7 3 3 1 3 4	3	3		1 1 1 3 3 3	5

a. 13, Nolle prosequi.

TA	DLL													
PEN	HTENT		TENO	CE.			00	CCUP	ATION	vs.		CON	CIVIL DITIO	NS.
PÉ	NITENO	CIER.		mit- ted to										
Two rears and un- der five.  Deux ans et m'n de cinq	Five years and over.	Life.  — A vie	D'th.  De mort	Reformatories.  En-	Other Sentences.  Autres Sentences.	Agricultural.  Agricultural.  Lagricultural.	Commercial.  Commercyants.	Do- mestic — Servi- teurs.		Professional  Professions libérales.	La- borers  — Jour- na- liers.	Married.  — Marriés.	Wi- dowed — En veu- vage	Sing — Céli ba- taire
				BRI	S DE MA	ISON	ET D	Е МА	GASII	N-Fin	•			
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49	17	••••		23	95	1	6	2	45	1	115	24	2	240
49	17	••••										24	2	240
49	i				95						115	24	2	240
2	1 1				95 OL ET DI	EMAN	DE A		IENA		115 1 1 2			1 1 2
2 2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				95 OL ET DI	EMAN	DE A	VEC N	1ENA	CES.	115 1 1 2 5 1	1		2 2 8
2 2	1 14				95 OL ET DI	EMAN	DE A		IENA		115 1  1  2  5  1  8			2
2 2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				95 OL ET DI	EMAN	DE A	VEC N	1ENA	CES.	115   1  1  2  5  1  8  1	1		
2 2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				95 OL ET DI	EMAN	DE A	VEC N	2	CES.	115 1  1  2  5  1  8	1		
2 2	1 1 1 5				95 OL ET DI	EMAN	DE A	VEC N	1ENA  2  2  1  1	CES.	115 1 1 2 5 1 8 1 3 2	1		
2 2	1 1 1 5 4 1 5 2			V.	95 OL ET DI	EMAN	DE A	VEC N	1ENA	CES.	115 1 1 2 5 1 8 1 2 3 2	1 1 1 1 1 1		11
2 2 2 4	1 1 1 1 5			V.	95 OL ET DI	EMAN	DE A	VEC N	2	CES.	115  1 1 2 5 1 3 3 2	1 1 1 1 1		11
4	1 1 1 1 5  2 			V.	95 OL ET DI	EMAN	2 2	VEC N	1ENA  2 1 1 1 1 1	CES.	115 1 1 2 5 1 8 2 3 2 2 1	1 1 1 1 1		
4	1 1 1 1 5  2 			V.	95 OL ET DI	EMAN	2	VEC N	1ENA  2  1  1  1  1	CES.	115 1 1 2 5 1 8	1 1 1 1 1		1

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue.

TABLEAU I. DÉLITS	AVE	C VIO	LENC	E C	Z C	TRI	E LA	PR	OPR	LÉT	É.	CL	AS	SE I	
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S	CATIO TATU TRUC	S.					AC	GES.		`			LIQU USAG	OF ORS. GE DE
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men-	Superior.	10	rs. ins	und 16 et 1	nd er 21. — ans	und 21 et 1	years nd er 40. ans noins 40.	40 y and 40	vears over. ans plus.	give No	n. n-	de-	Im- mo- de- rate
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.		Supé- rieure	м. - н.	F F	М. - Н.	F. F.	М. — Н.	F. F.	м. — н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	-	Mo- déré	
Н	OUSE	AND	SHOP	BRE	Al	KIN	G-0	oncli	ided.			-			
Victoria, ColB  Westminster, ColB Yale, ColB	2	1 1 1		2 1 		1		1		i		2		3 2	i
Totaux de la ColBritann  Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Saskatchewan, T. du NO	3	3		3		1 2		$\frac{1}{2}$		1		$\frac{2}{3}$		5 -3	1 1
Totaux du Canada	41	223	1	78	1	87		83	2	14		10		192	72
ROBBI	ERY A	ND D	EMAN	NDII	٧G	WI	TH	MEI	VACI	ES.					
Cap-Breton, NE	1							 1 – –						···i	
Totaux de la NEcosse  Beauharnois, Qué  Montréal, Qué		2 8				1		1 8		 i				1 2 2	7
Terrebonne, Qué		1						1			••••			1	
Totaux de Québec  Carleton, Ont		11 1 2				1 2		10		1	• • •			5 1 2	-7 
York, Ont		7	••••	1		3		4				$\frac{1}{1}$		4	1 4
Manitoba, Est		3						3					-	1	2
Totaux de Manitoba		3						3						1	2
Westminster, ColBYale, ColB		1 3						1 3					• • •	1 1	2
Totaux de la ColBritann  Assiniboïa, Est, T. du NO		4	• • • • • •	• • • •				4						2	2
Yukon Yukon			• • • • • •	• • • •						··· 1					
Totaux du Canada	2	25	••••	• • • •		4		22		2		1		13	15

	BLEA	U I.	DEL	ITS A	VEC V	TIOLE	NCE (	CONT	RE L	A PR	OPRII	ETE.	CI	LASS:	E II.
	LII		TH PL						RE	LIGI	ONS.				ESI-
	Ireland.	Scot-land.  Ecos-	Ca- nada.	United States  Etats Unis.	Foreign Countries.  Autres pays	Posses sions.  Autr's posses sions	Baptists.  Baptistes	lics.	England.  Eglise d'An	dists.  Mé- tho- dis-	byterians.  Pres	Pro- tes- tants	Other Deno minations.  Autr's confessions.	es and Towns—Vill	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
				BRIS	DE M	IAISO	N ET	DE 2	MAGA	SIN-	Fin.				
			1		2 1							1 1	1	2 1 1	1
			2		3							2	3	4	2
			4		2			3	2			1	• • • •	4	2
4	7		237	9	8	2	9	155	22	15	32	22	10	235	33
			1 1						1 1						1
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			$\frac{2}{\cdots}$		1			1			1		1	1	2
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			2	1			• • • • •	1				$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2 \end{bmatrix}$	• • • • •	1	3
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				1						1			••••)		
		2	17	5	1			7	4	5	7	3	2	19	9

TABLE I. OFFENCES AC	GAINST	PRO	)P	ERTY	WIT	HOUT	VIOI	ENCE	E. C	LASS	111.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	Number	Ac		De- tained for		ONVIO	-		Соммі	NTENO	JAIL
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED	of Charges —	qui ted	t-	Lu- nacy.		Convicted 1st.	Convicted 2nd.	Reite-rated.	the option	No Or Sans o	-
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Ac quit tés	t-	Dé- tenues pour cause de	Total.	Con- dam- nés une	Con- dam- nés deux	de 2	Sur option entre la pri- son	der one year. Moins d'un	year and over Un an et
		М.	F	folie.		fois.	fois.		ou l'a- m'nde	an.	plus.
BRINGIN	G STOL	EN	PF	ROPER	TY I	NTO C	ANAI	DA.			
Lambton, Ont		1	• •		2		2				
Alberta, Southern, N.W.T Assiniboia, Western, N.W.T	1 1	1			••••						
Totals of Canada	<u>'                                      </u>	3			2		2			1	
	E	MBF	Z	ZLEM	ENT.						
Halifax, N.S.	2	2									
Joliette, Que	1 1 1 1	1 1	1								
Huron, Ont Ontario, Ont Perth Ont	1 1	1			1 1	1		i			
Thunder Bay & Rainy River, O  Totals of Ontario		<u></u>	- · ·		$\frac{2}{4}$	$\frac{2}{3}$		1			
Totals of Canada		5	1		4	3		1			
	F	ALSI	41	PRET	ENCE	3			1	<u></u>	
	1	1	_	1				1	1	1	1
Queen's, P.E.I					1	1				1	
Cumberland, N.S. Halifax, N.S. Queen's, N.S.	1	1			1	1 1	1			1	
Totals of Nova Scotia		1	-		2	2	1			1	
Westmoreland, N.B	1	1									
Bedford, Que	3 1 27	1			2 1 21	2 1 19	2		6	1 10	1
Quebec, Que	6 2	2		1	6	4	1	i		5	
St. Hyacinthe, Que Three Rivers, Que	1 2	1 2							•••	• • • •	
Totals of Quebec	42	12			30	26	3	1	6	16	1
Algoma and Manitoulin, Ont Brant, Ont Bruce. Ont	2	1			3 2	3 2			• • • • •	1 1	
	1 1								,	1	

						1						1	LASSE	
	ITENT	TARY.	NTEN	CE.			0	CCUP.	ATIO	NS.		COL	CIVII VDITIO TS CIV	ONS.
Two years and un- der five.  Deux ans et	Five years and over.	Life.	D'th.  De mort	ted to Refor- ma- tories.  — En-	Other Sentences.  Autres Sentences.	Agricul- tural.  Agricul- teurs.	mercial.  Commer-	teurs.	In-	Professional Professions libérales.	La- borers — Jour- na- liers.	_	Widowed  En veuvage.	Sing:
				EFF	TETS VOI	LÉS A	PPOR'	rés a	U CA.	NADA	•			
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1					6	1	14	4			8	15		15
					a2		,							2

 $<sup>\</sup>alpha$ . Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. To return money and pay costs—A remettre l'argent et à payer les frais.

TABLE I. OFFENCES	AGAI	NST P	ROPE	RTY		VITI	HOU	TV	IOL	ENC	E.	CI	A	SS I	
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S	CATIO TATU TRUCT	S.					AG	ES.					LIQU USAG	OF CORS.
OFFENCE COMMITTED.  DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men-	Superior.	16	rs. ns	unde 16 et n	rd er 21. ans	unde 21 : et n	er 40.	40 y and 6	ears over. ans olus.	No give No don:	n. n	de-	Im- mo- de- rate
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- erire.		Supé- rieure	М. — Н.	F F	М. — Н.	F. F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	_		Im- mo- déré
	erire.			11.	T.	11.	F.	11.	F.	п.	г.	п.	F		
BRING	ING S	TOLE	N PRO	OPE	RI	YI	NTO	CA	NAI	A.	,				
Lambton, Ont		2					1	1						<u>.</u>	
Alberta, Sud, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Ouest, T. du NO				,											
Totaux du Canada		2					1	1						2	
	1	EM	BEZZ	LEN	IE.	NT.	<u> </u>	1	i	1		1	1		
	[	1	1					(		1	4		1	1	
Halifax, NE					_										
Joliette, Qué						••••									
Huron, Ont. Ontario, Ont. Perth, Ont Th'der Bay et Rainy Riv., O			1					1 1						1 1 	
Totaux d'Ontario		1	2		-			3						3	
Totaux du Canada		1	2		-			3			-			3	
		FAI	LSE PI	RET	EN	CES	3.								
Queen's, I. du PE		1					1							1	ļ
Cumberland, NE.  Halifax, NE.  Queen's, NE.		1						1				1			1
Totaux de la NEcosse		1			-			1				1	-		1
Westmoreland, NB													-		
	1	1 1			-			2						1 1	1
	1	21 5				1		16 4		1				13 2 	8 4
Totaux de Québec	2	28				5		23		2				17	13
Algoma et Manitoulin, Ont Brant, Ont Bruce, Ont	1	1 2						2 1			i	1			1

TAI	BLEA	U I.	DEL	ITS S.	ANS V	VIOLE	NCE (	CONT	RE L	A PR	OPRI	ETĖ.	CL	ASSE	III.
	LIH		TH PL						REI	LIGIO	NS.				ESI- NCE.
	Ireland.	Scot- land.  Ecos-	Ca- nada.	United States  — Etats Unis.	Foreign Countries.  Autres pays étrangers.	sessions. Autr's posses sions Britanniques.	Baptists.  Baptistes.	ques.	gle- terre.	tho- dists  Mé- tho- dis- tes.	Presbytériens.	Pro- tes- tants	Other Denominations.  Autr's confessions.	Towns-Vill	Rural Districts—Districts
				EFFE	TS VO	OLĖS .	APPO:	RTES	AU (	CANA	DA.				
				2					2					2	
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			28	2				22	2	3	1	2		24	6
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TABLE I. OFFENCES AG	AINST	PROP	ERTY	WITI	HOUT	VIOL	ENCE	. C	LASS	III.
IN WHICH	Number of Charges  Nombre d'accusations.	Acquitted.  Acquittés.	Detained for Lu-nacy.  Détenues pour cause de folie.		DAMN  Convicted 1st.  Condamnés une fois.	Con-victed	Reiterated.	COMMIT EMP	VTENCE TED TO REISONN NO OF SANS OUT one year.  Moins d'un	JAIL ÉS.
		M. F			1018.	1015.		m'nde	an.	plus.
	FALSE	PRET	ENCE	S—Con	cluded.					
Carleton, Ont.  Carleton, Ont.  Grey, Ont.  Halton, Ont.  Hastings, Ont.  Huron, Ont.  Kent, Ont.  Lanark, Ont.  Leeds and Grenville, Ont.  Muskoka and Parry Sound, Ont.  Nipissing, Ont.  Norfolk, Ont.  Northumberland & Durham, O.  Ontario, Ont.  Oxford, Ont  Peel, Ont.  Perth, Ont  Petth, Ont  Petth, Ont  Renfrew, Ont.  Victoria, Ont.  Waterloo, Ont.  Wetland, Ont.  Wentworth, Ont.  York, Ont.  Totals of Ontario.	1 2 1 3 4 2 3 1 9 1 1 1 2 8	1		2 2 2	1 1 1  2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 5  2 3 3 2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 2	1	1	1
Totals of Ontario				- 10						
Manitoba, Central. Manitoba, Eastern. Manitoba, Western. Totals of Manitoba	2	2		1 3	34			1 2 3	1 	
Cariboo, B.C	1 a13 1	5	1	1 6 1	.141	1	i		3	1
Totals of British Columbia	15	5	1	8	6	1	1		3	1
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T	1 4	5 1 .		3 4 1 3	3 4 1 1 1			1 1	1 3 3	
Totals of the N.W.T		7		11	9	2		2	7	
Yukon	4	3	1			• • • • • •				

a. 1, Nolle prosequi.

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	ITENT	IARY.	NTEN(	Com-			00	CCUP	ATION	vs.		CON	CIVII DITIO TS CIV	ONS.
·PE	NITEN	CIER.		mit- ted to										
Two years and un- der five.		Life.	D'th.	Reformatories.	Other Sentences.	Agri- cul- tural.	mer-	Do- mestic	In- dus- trial.	Pro- fes- sional	La- borers	Mar- ried.	Wi- dowed	Single
Deux ans et m'ns de cinq.	Cinq ans et plus.	A vie	De mort	Envoyés à la prison de Réfor- me.	Autres Senten- ces.	Agricul-	Com- mer- çants.	Servi- teurs.	In- dus- triels.	Pro- fes- sions libé- rales.	Jour- na- liers.	Ma- riés.	En veu- vage.	Céli- ba- taires
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6				4	30	5	31	7	7	1	29	30	4	01

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue.

		CATIO TATU													OF
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS		RUCT						AG	ES.					USAG	
IN WHICH						- 10							_	LIQU	EUR
OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.		Superior.	16	rs.	unde	ans	ar unde	nd er 40. – ans	and a	rears over. ans	Noi	n. n-	Mo- de-	de-
	_	_	_	16 a			21.		40.	et į.	nus.	dom	10.	rate	rate
	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é-		Supé- rieure	M. —	F	M,	F.	M. —	F.	M. —	F.	м.	F	Mo- déré	
	crire.			H.	F	Н.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F		401
	FAI	LSE P	RETE	NCE	S-	-Con	clude	d.			1		1		_
Carleton. Ont.		1	1					1	1					2	
Essex, Ont		2				i	1								
Grey, Ont		<sub>1</sub>		····										i	• • •
Hastings, Ont	1								1					î	
Huron, Ont		$\frac{1}{2}$								1		1		1	1
Lanark, Ont		1						1							1
Leeds et Grenville, Ont		$\frac{1}{2}$			2			1						··· <u>·</u>	1
Nipissing, Ont	1							1							1
Northumberl'd et Durham, O		2			::	i		1						i	i
Ontario,Ont	···i	1						1				1		1	i
Peel, Ont			1					1						1	
Perth, OntPeterborough, Ont	• • • • •	6	1					4						2	5
Prince-Edouard, Ont		1						1						1	
Renfrew, Ont		2						2						1	i
Vaterloo, Ont		5			1			2	1				٠.	4	1
Welland, Ont		1 1						i		1		$\frac{\cdot\cdot\cdot}{2}$			1
York, Ont	1	2			• •		• • •	2		1		• • •		3	
Totaux d'Ontario	5	34	3	1	3	2	• •	23	3	7	1	6		27	15
					-		-						-		
Ianitoba, CentreIanitoba, Est		3				1		2		• • •		1		3	
Janitoba, Ouest															
Totaux de Manitoba		3				1		2				1	-	3	
Caribou, ColB	1				-			1				_	-		1
Westminster, ColB		4	2			1		5						6	
Yale, ColB		1						1						1	• • • •
Totaux de la ColBrit	1	5	2			1		7						7	1
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO		1						1				2		1	
Alberta Sud, T. du NO		1			• •			1		• • •		3		1	
Assiniboïa, Est, T. du NO Saskatchewan, T. du NO	2	1				3								3	
Totaux des Ter. du NO	2	3				3		2				6		5	
Yukon					-								-		
I HKUH				7 0	0 0	0 0 0 0									

TAH	BLEAU	U I.	DÉL	ITS S	ANS Y	VIOLE	NCE (	CONT	RE L	A PR	OPRI	ÉTÉ.	CL	ASSE	III.
	LIE		H PL		CE.				REI	LIGIO	NS.			RE DE	esi- NCE.
BRI'	TISH IS			Uni-	Fo- reign	Other Bri- tish	Pan	R. Ca-	Ch. of		Pres-		Other Deno-	/illes.	Districts
Eng- land and Wales	Ire- land.	Scot- land.	Ca- nada.	ted States	Countries.  Au-	Posses sions. Autr's posses	Bap- tists.  Bap-	tho- lics.	England.  Eglise	_	byterians.  Pres-	Pro- tes- tants	mina- tions.  — Autr's	Towns—Villes.	tricts—Dis
Angle terre et Galles	Ir- lande.	Ecos-		Etats- Unis.		sions Bri-	tistes.	tholiques.		tho- dis- tes.	byté- riens.		con- fes- sions.	Cities and	Rural Districts—ruraux.
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			5					3	1	1				1	4
3	2		75	6	3		1	35	10	17	11	11	3	58	33

TABLE I. OFFENCES AG	AINST	PRO	P	ERTY	WITI	TUOI	VIOL	ENCE	. C	LASS	III.
						ONVIC	TION	2	SE	NTEN	CE.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De- tained		DAMI				PRISONN	
IN WHICH	Number of	Acqui		for Lu-		1				No Or	
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Charges	ted		nacy.		Con- victed 1st.	Convicted 2nd.	Reite-	the	SANSO	
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Ac qui tés	t-	Dé- tenues pour cause de folie.	Total.	Con- dam- nés une fois.	Con- dam- nés deux fois.	_	fine. Sur option entre	Under one year.  Moins d'un an.	One year and over.  Un an et plus.
		M.	F	10110.		1015.	1015.		nı'nde	6411.	prus.
FELONIOUSLY RECEI	VING A	ND	IN	POSS	SESSI	ON OF	STO	LEN E	ROPE	RTY.	_
Annapolis, N.S. Cape Breton, N.S. Halifax, N.S King's, N.S	1 1 4 1	2			1 1 2 1	1 1 2 1					• • • • •
Totals of Nova Scotia	7	2			5	5					
Montreal, Que	39 6	21 5	9		9	7	1	1	1	4	
Totals of Quebec	45	26	9		10	8	1	1	1	4	
Brant, Ont Carleton, Ont Elgin, Ont Lanark, Ont Lincoln, Ont. Muskoka and Parry Sound, Ont. Renfrew, Ont. Thunder Bay & Rainy River, O Victoria, Ont. Wellington, Ont. Wentworth, Ont York, Ont.	16 2 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 5 10 25	1 1 2  1 1 1 1 	1 2		15 1 1 1  1 1 1 1 7 5	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 5	6	5	1	15 1 1 1 	1 1 1
Totals of Ontario	68	28	4		36	21	9	6	2	24	3
Manitoba, Eastern	3 1	2 1			1	1					
Victoria, B.C Westminster, B.C Yale, B.C	2 a34 2	15	5		2 11 2	2 9 2	2			1 6 2	1
Totals of British Columbia	38	15	5		15	13	2			9	. :
Alberta Northern, N.W.T Assiniboia, Eastern, N.W.T Assiniboia, Western, N.W.T	1 2 1	1 1			2	2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Totals of Canada	166	76	18		69	50	12	7	3	37	
FRAU	D AND	CON	(S)	PIRAC	CY TO	DEFI	RAUD				
Cape Breton, N.S	$\frac{1}{2}$	1 2									
Westmoreland, N.B	1	1	-	1							
Bedford, QueJoliette, Que	1 1	1 1	-								

a. 2, Nolle prosequi and one left the country, bail of \$45 forfeited—Et un a laissé le pays, cautionnement de \$45 forfait.

TA	BLE	AU.	DÉI	LITS S	SANS VIO	LENC	CE CO.	NTRE	LA P	ROPR	IÉTÉ.	. Cl	LASSE	III.
	ITENT	IARY.	NTEN:	CE.	]		O	CCUP	ATIO	NS.			CIVII NDITIO TS CI	ONS.
Two years and un- der five.		Life.	D'th.  — De	ted to Reformatories.	Other Senten-	Agricul-	mer-	Do- mestic	In- dus- trial.	Pro- fes- sional	La- borers	Married.	Wi- dowed	Single
Deux ans et m'ns de einq.	Cinq ans et plus.	A vie	mort	voyés à la prison de Réfor- me.	ces.	Agri- cul- teurs.	mer-	teurs.	In- dus- triels.	Pro- fes- sions libé- rales.	Jour- na- liers.	Ma- riés.	En veu- vage.	Céli- ba- taires
				RECE	L ET EN	POSS	ESSIO	N D.O	BJET	s voi	ÉS.			
1 1 1 1	• • • • •				61	1	2				i	1	1	1 1
4					1	2	2	• · · · ·			1	1	1	2
2					α2 α1		5				3	7		2
2					3	• • •	5				3	7		3
		•••			a1		1	14		1	····i	1		15 í
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	i	• • • • •	• • • •		c1 a1 a3	1	1 3		2		 5 2	3 2 4		1 5
	1				6	1	6	14	2	1	8	10		24
• • • •			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		<i>a</i> 1		••••	::::		1				1
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		a4	2	2 2		i		2 2			2 10 2
					. 4	2	4		1		4	• • • •		14
• • • • •					a2									
6	1				17	5	17	14	3		16	18	· 1	44
					UDE ET							10	1	77
											• • •			
				*****								• • • • •		

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. Acquitted as sufficiently punished—Acquitté ayant été suffisamment punis. c. Bound to good behaviour—A tenus une meilleure conduite.

TABLE I. OFFENCES	AGA	INST	PROP	ERT	Y	WIT	СНО	UT	VIO	LEN	CE.	CI	A	SS I	II.
IN WHICH	S'	CATIO FATUA RUCT	S.		,			AG	ES.					LIQU	E DE
OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men-	Superior.	Unde 16 years — Moir de	s.	ar unde	nd er 21. –	unde	ears and er 40. ans aoins	and 40	ears over. ans	No.	n. n-	Mo- de- rate	de-
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	-		_	16 an	s.		21.		40.						_
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.		Supé- rieure	-	F	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. F.	М. — Н.	-	Mo- déré	
FELONIOUSLY REC	EIVIN	G AN	DIN	POSS	SE	SSI	ON C	OF S	TOL	EN	PRC	PEI	RT	Υ.	
Annapolis, NE. Cap-Breton, NE. Halifax, NE. King's, NE.		1 1 1 1	1	1 1		1 1		1		1				1 1 2	
Totaux de la NEcosse		4	1			2		2		1				4	
Montreal, Qué	1 1	8				1		5	· i	2	1			6	3
Totaux de Québec	2	8				1		5	1	2	1			7	3
Brant, Ont Carleton, Ont. Elgin, Ont. Lanark, Ont. Lincoln, Ont. Muskoka et Parry Sound, Ont. Renfrew, Ont. Th'der Bay et Rainy Riv., O. Victoria, Ont. Wellington, Ont. Wentworth, Ont. York, Ont.		1 i		1		3		1		1	2			15 1  1  4 2 3	1   5 1
Totaux d'Ontario		33	1	13		5		10		5	_2		1	27	7
Manitoba, Est		1				• • • •	. :	1						1	
Victoria, ColB	1	2 8 2	1		• • •	 1 1		1 7 1		1		1	i	1 9	1 1 2
Totaux de la ColBritann	1	12	1	1		2		9		1		1	1	10	4
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Est, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Ouest, T. du NO	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				-1	••••						2			
Totaux du Canada	3	58 ND G	3	14		10	D	27	1	9	3	3	2	49	14
Cap-Breton, NE	UD A		ONSPI	IRAC		ТО	DE								
Westmoreland, NB	1								• • •				-		
Bedford, Qué Joliette, Qué															

TAB	LEAU	ı.	DELI	TS SA	NS V	IOLEN	NCE C	ONT	RE LA	PRO	PRIÉ	TÉ.	CLA	SSE	III.
	LIE	BIRT:		ACES. ISSAN	CE.				REI	LIGIC	ons.			RE DEN	SI- ICE.
	rish Is Britann			Uni-	Other Fo- reign Coun-	Other Bri- tish Pos-	Bap-	R. Ca-	Ch. of Eng-	Me- tho-	Pres- byte-		Other Deno- mina- tions.	-Villes.	stricts
Eng- land and Wales	Ire- land.	Scot- land.	Ca- nada.	ted States	tries.	ses- sions. — Autr's	tists.	lics.	land.	dists	rians.	Pro- tes- tants	— Autr's	Towns-	tricts—Di
Angle terre et Galles	Ir- lande.	Ecos-		Etats- Unis.	Au- tres pays étran- gers.	posses sions Bri- tanni- ques.	Bap- tistes.	Ca- tholi- ques.	Eglise d'An- gle- terre.	Mé- tho- dis- tes.	Pres- byté- riens.		con- fes- sions.	Cities and	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
			RE	CEL 1	ET EN	POSS	BESSIC	ON D	OBJE	TS V	olés.				
i			1 1 1					1			 1	1	i	1 2	1 i
1			4					1			. 1	2	1	3	2
			8		1			7					1	9	1
			9		1		2	8 2	5	$-\frac{1}{2}$	4		1	9 15	1
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			1		1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					1	1	
	i		 2 6	1	i		1	i	3	2	3		i	3 7	1
$\frac{1}{1}$	1		$\frac{2}{27}$	1	1 4		3	4	3 11	4	8		1 4	34	1
			1							1					1
1 2			2	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	2			·	1 2			1 6	1 1	2 2 2	2
3			2	5	2			1	3			7	2	6	2
5	1		43	6	7	r cox	3	14	14 N. DE	6	9	9	8	52	7
-		I	]	RAU.		LCON	SFIRA	110	N DE	FRA	DE.	1	1	ì	
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						• •									
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TABLE I. OFFENCES AC	GAINST	PR	OP	ERTY	WIT	HOUT	VIOI	ENCE	E. (	CLASS	III.
						03777	Omzos	70	SE	NTEN	CE.
							CTION		Сомм	TTED T	o Jail
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De- tained		NDAM	NATI	ONS.		PRISON	
IN WHICH	Number	A		for Lu-		(	1				
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Charges	te		nacy.		Con-	Con-		the	No o	
	_	-				victed 1st.	victed 2nd.	Reite- rated.		SANS	PTION.
DISTRICTS JUDI-	Nombre	A	c-					_	fine.	Un- der	One
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	d'accu- sations.	qu	it-	Dé- tenues	Total.	Con-	Com	D1	Sur	one	and
	sations.	Le	5.	pour		dam-	Con- dam-	de 2	option entre		over.
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.				cause		nés une	nés deux	récidi- ves.	la pri- son	Moins d'un	Un an et
		M.	F	folie.		fois.	fois.		ou l'a- m'nde	an.	plus.
FRAUD AN	ID CON	SPIE	RA	CY TO	DEF	RAUI	D-Con	cluded.	<u> </u>		
			1.								1
Montreal, Que	1	4	1		$\frac{2}{1}$	2			1	2	
Rimouski, Que	1	1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i		• • •		1	
Three Rivers, Que	î	1									
Totals of Quebec	13	8	1		4	4			1	3	
Algoma & Manitoulin, Ont	1 23	1 13		ļ							
Brant, Ont	1	1			8			1	1	3	
Elgin, Ont Essex, Ont	3 4	$\frac{2}{1}$			$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$			3		
Frontenac, Ont	1 3	3			1	ĭ					
Haldimand, Ont	8	1	i		6	6			4		
Huron, Ont Kent, Ont	$\frac{1}{2}$	1			····i	i					
Leeds and Grenville, Ont  Middlesex, Ont	3 8	2 5	i		$\frac{1}{2}$	1 1				$\frac{1}{2}$	
Norfolk, Ont	2	2						,			
Northumberland & Durnani, Ont Untario, Ont	1	i			1	1					
Simcoe, OntVictoria, Ont	1 a3	1									
Wellington, Ont	4	3			1	1					
Wentworth, Ont	5 53	$\frac{3}{32}$	1 3		1 18	1 14	1	3		7	
Totals of Ontario	128	74	8		44	38	2	4	8	13	
Manitoba, Eastern	23	2			26	26			23		1
Westminster, B.C	4	4						. ,			
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T.	3	3			2	2				2	
Alberta, Southern, N.W.T Assiniboia, Eastern, N.W.T	6	5			1	1					
Assiniboia, Western, N.W.T Saskatchewan, N.W.T	2	i			2	1	1		1	1	
Totals of the N.W.T	15	10			5	4	1		1	3	
Yukou	2	1	-		1	1					
Totals of Canada	194	103	9		80	73	3	4	33	19	1
HORS	E, CATI	CLE	A	ND SI	HEEP	STEA	LING.	-			
Colchester, N.S	2				2	2				1	
Westmoreland, N.B	1				1	1					
a. 2, Nolle prosequi.											

a. 2, Nolle prosequi.

14	BLEA	.0 1.	DE		SANS VIC	HENC	11 00.	. 11012	HA I	ItOI It	113112.	OII	ASSE	111.
	ITENTI	ARY.	NTEN	Com-			00	CUPA	TION	S.		CON	CIVIL DITIO TS CIV	ONS.
[wo	NITENC	IER.		mit- ted to Refor- ma-	Other Senten-									
ears and un- der live.	Five years and over.	Life.	D'th.	tories	ces.	Agri- cul- tural.	Com- mer- cial.	Do- mestic	In- dus- trial.	Pro- fes- sional	La- borers	Mar- ried.	Wi- dowed	Sing
O'ux ans et n'ns de inq.	Cinq ans et	A vie.	De mort	Envoyés à la prison de Ré- forme.	Autres Senten- ces.	Agricul- teurs.	Com- mer- çants.	Servi- teurs.	In- dus- triels.	Pro- fes- sions libé- rales.	Jour- na- liers.	Ma- riés.	En veu- vage.	Céli ba taire
			F	RAUC	E ET CO	NSPII	RATIO	N DE	FRAU	JDE-	Fin.			
							1 1				1			
• • • •										• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	• • • • •	****	·
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					a1, b3		$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ \cdots \end{bmatrix}$		1 i		3	4		
• • • •					a1	••••	1		1		1	1 1		
• • • •		• • • • •			a2 a1		$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	• • • •	1		1	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ \dots \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	2	
		• • • •			a1				$\frac{2}{1}$					
													,	
					a1 a1 a11	1	8	1 1	1		5	7		1
					23	2	15	2	8		10	17	2	2
1					a1	1		• • •				2		
					ai									*
										4	i			
					1						1			
1					26	3	17	2	8		13	19	2	2
				VOL	DE CHE	VAUX	BÉT.	AIL E	т мо	UTON	S.			
1											1		1	

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. Acquitted having made restitution—Acquittés ayant fait restitution.

TABLE I. OFFENCES	AGAI	NST I	PROPE	RTY	7 1	VIT	HOU	T V	IOL	ENC	E.	CI	Α	SS I	11.
	S	CATIO TATU	S.					AG	ES.						ORS.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	INST	RUCI	TON.												EURS
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Un- able to read	Ele-		16		ar	nd	21 y an unde	ıd		ears	No			Im-
DISTRICTS JUDI-	or write.	men- tary.	Superior.	Moi de 16 ai		16 a et m de		21 a et m	oins	40 et p		Non			mo- de- rate
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Inca-	Elé-	Supé-												
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	pable de lire		rieure	M.	F —	М.	F.	M. —	F.	M.	F.	M.	F	Mo- déré	mo-
	ou d'é- crire.			H.	F	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F		deré
FRAUD	AND (	CONSE	PIRAC	Y T	0 ]	DEF	RAU	JD-	Conc	luded	7.		!	,	
Montréal, Qué		2						2						1	1
Québec, Qué		1						1						1	
St. François, Qué		1						1						1	
Totaux de Québec		4			-			4				-	-	3	1
					-								-		-
Algoma et Manitoulin, Ont Brant, Ont		8						2		2	1			8	
Bruce, Ont		···i			• •	3		···i·						1	
Essex, Ont. Frontenac, Ont		3	i					1		2					3
Haldimand, Ont															
Hastings, Ont	1	5				1		1		2	1	1		6	
Kent, Ont Leeds et Grenville, Ont		1		i				1						1	
Middlesex, Ont		2								2				2	
Norfolk, Ont Northumberl'd et Durham, O										i				1	
Ontario, Ont															
Victoria, Ont															
Wellington, Ont		1 1					i	1							1
York, Ont	• • •	10	8	1		1		11	1	3	1			15	3
Totaux d'Ontario	1	34	9	2		5	1	18	1	13	3	1		35	9
Manitoba, Est		2				,		1	1			23	1	2	
Westminster, ColB															
Alberta Nord, T. du NO Alberta, Sud, T. du NO												2			
Assiniboïa, Est, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Ouest, T. du NO												2	· ·		
Saskatchewan, T. du NO													1		
Totaux des Ter. du NO												5	1		
Yukon												1			
Totaux du Canada	1	40	9	2		5	1	23	2	13	3	30	1	40	10
HC	RSE,	CATT	LE AN	ND S	H	EEP	STI	CALI	NG.						
Colchester, NE		2				1					1			2	ļ
	I manual														

TAB	BLEAU	J <b>I</b> .	DEL	ITS SA	ANS V	IOLE	NCE C	CONT	RE L	A PR	OPRIE	ÉTÊ.	CL.	ASSE	III.
	LIE		H PL.	ACES.	ICE.				REI	LIGIC	ONS.		•	RE DEI	SI- NCE.
Brit	rish Is	SLES.	1			Other			1	[	[		Other		
ILES B	RITAN	VIQUES.		TT!	Fo- reign	Bri- tish	D	R. Ca-	Ch. of		Pres-		Deno- mina-	/ille	trict
Eng- land and Wales	Ire- land.	Scot- land.	Ca- nada.	United States	-	Posses- sions. Autr's		tho- lies.	Eng- land.	tho- dists	_	Pro- tes- tants	tions.  - Autr's	Cities and Towns—Villes.	ricts—Dis
Angle terre et Galles	Ir- lande.	Ecos- se.		Etats- Unis.	Au- tres pays étran- gers.	posses sions Bri- tanni- ques.	Bap- tistes.	Ca- tholi- ques.		tho- dis- tes.	Pres- byté- riens.		con- fes- sions.	Cities and	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
			FR	AUDE	ETC	CONSP	IRAT	ION	DE FF	RAUD	E—Fi	n.		]	
			2					2						${2}$	-
			1					1						1	
			1									1			1
			4					3				1		3	1
2			6					i	5	1	1			4	4
			1									1	• • • • •	1	
····i			2	1				1	1		1	1		3	
			$ \cdots \hat{6} $					1		3	i			5	
			i							····i				1	
			$\frac{1}{2}$		••••		2			1				$\frac{1}{2}$	1
			<u>i</u>						····i						
*****															
1			1						1					i	1
	1		10	5				3	10	5				18	
6	1		31	6			$\frac{2}{}$	6	19	11	3	2		37	6
	•••••	• • • • • •	2				• • • • • •			2					2
	• • • • •														
												• • • •			
	•••														
														1	
6	1		37	6			2	9	19	13	3	3		41	9
			V	OL D	E CH	EVAU	X. BÉ	TAII	ETN	TUOL	ONS.				
			2				2								2
										]	-				
	17-	-7													

TABLE I OFFENDER	CAINS	г ре	20	DEDT	v wr	ruom				II., A.	
TABLE I. OFFENCES A	GAINS.	Ph		FERT	I WI	HOU	1 V10	LENC	1	LASS	
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	Number	Δ.		De- tained		ONVIO VDAM	_		Соми	TTED TO	JAIL
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.	of Charges	Ac qui ted	t-	for Lu- nacy.		Con- victed 1st.	Convicted 2nd.	Reite-	the option	No Or	-
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Ac qui tés	t-	Dé- tenues pour cause de folie.	Total.	Con- dam- nés une fois.	Con- dam- nés deux fois.	Plus de 2	fine.  Sur option entre la pri- son ou l'a- nie'de		One year and over.  Un an et plus.
HODON CA	EDVET TO A			TEED	CONTRA	TING	0	1 7 7	nie de		
HORSE, CA	TILE A	IND			STEA 1	LING				1	
Arthabaska, Que	1			• • • • • •	1		···i				
Ottawa, Que	$\frac{1}{2}$	2	• •		1	1				1	
Totals of Quebec	5	2			3	2	1			1	
Bruce, Ont	1	1									
Elgin, Ont	2				2	2				2	
Essex, Ont	1	2	• •		4	4		• • •		1	1
Haldimand, Ont	1	1						5			
Hastings, Ont	6	4			2	1	1			2	1
Kent, Ont	1				1	1				1	
Lambton, Ont Leeds and Grenville, Ont	$\frac{1}{3}$		٠.		1 3	1 3				,	$\frac{1}{2}$
Middlesex, Ont	5				5	3	2			1	
Nipissing, Ont	1 1				1 1	1 1					
Northumberland & Durham, O	5	1			4	3	····i			3	
Ontario, Ont	1 3				1 3	3	1			1	3
Simcoe, Out		i			1	1					
Victoria, Ont	2				2	1	1				1
Wentworth, Ont		2			2 5	2 5				1	
Totals of Ontario	53	12	-		40	33	7			12	9
Manitoba, Central	1	1									
Cariboo, B.C	2	1			1	1					
Yale, B.C	3	2		• • • • •	11_	1					
Totals of British Columbia.	5	3	• •		2	2			• • •		
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T	18	11			7	6	1			5	
Alberta Northern, N.W.T	b17	13			3 5	3 5				3	1
Assiniboia, Western, N.W.T	13	4			9	7		2			$c\overline{3}$
Saskatchewan, N.W.T	3	1	• •		2	2			• • • •	2	
Totals of the N.W.T	62	35			26	23	1	2		10	4
Yukon	3	3						• • • • •			
Totals of Canada	132	56			74	63	9	2		24	13
		L.	AI	CENY	Υ.		,				
Prince, P.E.I	2 12				2 12	1 7	4	1 1		2 8	
			-								
Totals of P. E. Island  a. Absconded—S'est soustrait	14			1	e prosec	8	One 1	2	J	10	

a. Abscon led — S'est soustrait à la justice.
 b. 1, Nolle prosequi.
 c. One, both jail and a fine of \$100.
 —Un, la prison et une amende de \$100.

	BLE	AU I.	DE	LITS	SANS VI	OLEN	CE CO	NTRE	LAI	PROPI	RIÉTÉ	. CI	LASSE	III.
	VITENT	IARY.	NTEN	CE.		-	0	CCUP.	ATIOI	NS.		CON	CIVIL (DITIC TS CI	ONS.
		JIER.		ted to								-		
Two years and un- der five.		Life.	D'th.  — De	Reformatories.  — En-	Senten-	Agri- cul- tural.	mer-	Do- mestic	In- dus- trial.	Pro- fes- sional	La- borers	Mar- ried.	Wi- dowed	Singl
Deux ans et m'n de cinq	Cinq ans et plus.	A vie	mort	voyés à la prisor de Réfor me.	ces.	Agri- cul- teurs	mer-	teurs.		Pro- fes- sions libé- rales.		Ma- riés.	En veu- vage	Céli- ba- taires
	,			OL D	E CHEVA	UX, 1	BÈTAI	L ET	MOU'	TONS-	-Fin.	,	1	1
1 1 2							1				1 1  2	1 1		1 12
2 1						3					1 1	3		2 1 1
3	1				al	i	1		1	1	2	1		1 1 3
1 					α1	1			2  1 1		2 1 3	1 1 1 1 2		1 3
1 1 10	1			1	a1 a3 7	1 6	$\frac{1}{2}$		1	1	4 17	$\begin{array}{c c} & 1\\ 1\\ \hline & 1\\ \hline & 15 \end{array}$		$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ \hline 25 \end{array} $
					•						16			
1 1 2											$\frac{1}{1}$			1
1					a1 a3	1 1	1				3	2		4 1
<i>b</i> 3	1				$ \begin{array}{c} a1 \\ a2 \\ \dots \\ \hline \end{array} $	i 1					1	-		2
4	1				7	4	1				4			7
20	2			1	14	10	4		6	1	26	19	1	36
1		1	1			LA	RCIN			î		1		
		••••			a4		2	1 1			5	1 3		9

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. One, both penitentiary and a fine of \$250—Un, le pénitencier et une amende de \$250.

17—75

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S'	CATIO TATU RUCI	S.				-	AG			E			LIQU	E OF JORS. GE DE
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- ableto read or write.	Ele- men- tary.	Superior.	year Moin de	s.	unde	rd r 21.	unde	nd er 40. – ans	and 40	ears over. ans	No	en. - n-	Mo- de-	Im- mo- de- rate
			. —	16 an	ıs.	de	21.	de	40.						
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.		Supé- rieure	_	F F	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. F.	М. — Н.	F F		Im- mo- déré
HORSE,	CATT	LE A	ND SH	EEF	- S	TEA	LIN	KG—	Conci	luded	!	1	1	)	_
Arthabaska, Qué Bedford, Qué Ottawa, Qué	1							1						i	1
St. François, Qué	$\frac{\cdots}{2}$	<del>·····</del>						3	1			]	1	1	
Bruce, Ont		·····ż	2	2										2	
Essex, Ont Frontenac, Ont. Haldimand, Ont.		4						3 1 		1				2	1
Hastings, Ont		1 1			• •		• • • •	i		 1 1		2		1	1 1
Leeds et Grenville, Ont Middlesex, Ont Nivissing, Ont		2 5 1				1 1		3		2				2 3 1	1 2
Norfolk, Ont Northumberl'd et Durham, O Ontario, Ont	1	3 1			• •	2	1	1		1 1				1	1 3 1
Simcoe, Ont		1 2 2		2	• •	1		3		i	1			1 1 2	3
York, Ont		35				$\frac{2}{7}$		3			1	1 2	]:: T.:	4	1 18
Manitoba, Centre					_					-	-	-	-		10
Caribou, ColBYale, ColB	i	1						1 1					-		i
Totaux de la ColBritann	1	1						2			-		-	-	1
Alberta, Nord, T. du N. O Alberta, Sud, T. du N. O Assiniboïa, Est, T. du N. O	$\frac{1}{2}$	3 1				3 1		$\frac{1}{2}$		1		2 5		3	
Assiniboïa, Ouest, T.du NO Saskatchewan, T. du N. O Totaux des T. du NO	3	$\frac{9}{2}$	• • • •	1		2		3		1 1		8	1	1 2	
Yukon		10			<u> </u>					1	• •	15		10	1
Totaux du Canada	10	54	]	5	-	14		26	1	9	2	18	-	36	21
			LAR	CENT	Y.										
Prince, I. du PE	i	1 11		5				3	1 1	1		1		1 11	· · · i
Totaux de l'I. du PE	1	12		5	-	2		3	2	1		1	-	12	. 1

TAI	BLEA	U I.	DÉI	ITS S	ANS	VIOLE	NCE	CONT	TRE L	A PR	OPRI	ÉTÉ.	CL	ASSE	III.
	LIF		TH PL						RE	LIGI	ONS.				ESI- NCE.
ILES B	TISH I	SLES.	-	Uni-	Fo- reign Coun	- Pos-	Bap-		Eng-	Me- tho-	byte-		Other Denominations.	Villes	istricts
Eng- land and Wales	Ire- land.	Scot- land.		States —	tries.	ses- sions.  Autr's	, –	lics.	_	dists — Mé-	rians.  - Pres-	Pro-	Autr's		Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
Angle terre et Galles	Ir- lande.	Ecos- se.		Etats- Unis.	tres	sions Bri-	tistes		-d'An-	tho- dis- tes.	byté- riens.		fes- sions.	Cities and	Rural Di ruraux.
			vo	L DE	CHEV	AUX,	BÉT.	AIL I	ET MO	UTO	NS—F	in	,	,	<del>,</del>
			1 1			1		1 1	1					1	1
					1			1						1	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		2		1			3						2	1
	,		2		••••										
			4							4		2		2	3
			1						****			1		1	
			2	1						i				1	
			1 1							1				1	····i
1			5	1			1	$\frac{2}{1}$	1	$\frac{\dots}{2}$	i			1 3	2 2
			1			1				1				1	
			4					1		$\frac{2}{1}$	1			3	1
			3 1							2	1				3
			$\frac{1}{2}$						1	1					$\frac{1}{2}$
	i	· · · · · ·	4				1	1	1	$\frac{2}{2}$			• • • • • •	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$	
1	2		34	2		1	2	5	3	20	3	4	• • • • • •	23	15
														• • • •	
			1 1					1							1 1
	•••••		$\left  \frac{1}{2} \right $				•••	$\frac{1}{2}$							2
			4	1					2		[	2		1	4
			3					1					1		3
			$\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	3	1			···i	1						$\frac{9}{2}$
•••••			14	4	1			2	3	1		2	1	1	18
1	2		54	6	- 2	1	4	12	6	21	3	6	1	26	38
						]	LARC:	IN.							
1 .									1					1	
			12					9				3		12	• • • • •
1 .			12					9	1			3		13	

								IND VI	10, 710	1903
TABLE I. OFFENCES A	GAINST	PRO	PERTY	WIT	HOUT	VIOI	LENCI	E. Cl	LASS :	III.
				CC	ONVIC	TION	S	SEI	NTEN	CE.
			De-		DAM	-		Сомми	TTED TO	JAIL
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	NT		tained	CON	DAMI	AIIC	710.	Емі	PRISONN	rés.
IN WHICH	Number	Ac- quit-	for Lu-	1	~ 1	~			No Or	TION.
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Charges	ted.	nacy.			Con- victed	Reite-	the option	SANS O	PTION.
	_	_	_		1st.	2nd.	rated.	of a fine.	Un-	One
DISTRICTS JUDI-	Nombre d'accu-	Ac-	Dé-	Total.	_	-	*****	Sur	der	year and
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	sations.	tés.	tenues		Con- dam-	Con-	Plus de 2	option entre	year.	over.
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.			cause		nés une			la pri- son	Moins d'un	Un an et
·		M. F	folie.		fois.	fois.	V C.3.	ou l'a-	an.	plus.
		M. F				-		m'nde		
		RCEN	XY—Con							
Annapolis, N.S	18	5 .		13	13			1	6	i
Colchester, N.S	8 12	1		$\frac{7}{12}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 7\\9 \end{bmatrix}$	3		3	6	
Digby, N.S	2 2			$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{2}{2}$				$\frac{1}{2}$	, .
Halifax, N.S	a145	47 3	9	88	71	14	3		41	
King's, N.S. Pictou, N.S.	1			1 18	1 17	i			14	
Queen's, N.S. Shelburne, N.S.	4 2	1 .		3 2	2 2	1			1 1	
Yarmouth, N.S	11	5	i	5	5			2	2	1
Totals of Nova Scotia	230	62 1	0	157	135	19	3	6	81	2
Albert, N.BCarleton, N.B.		1 .	i	4	4					
Kirg's, N.B Northumberland, N.B	2	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$ .		3	2		i		2	
Restigouche, N.B	5		11	5	5	$\frac{1}{2}$	8			
St. John, N.B	17	5 .	1	12	39	1	1		10	
York, N.B		36		8	$\frac{6}{66}$	$\frac{2}{5}$	10	• • • • •	$\frac{1}{24}$	
		00		81			10		24	
Arthabaska, QueBeauharnois, Que	11	3.		8	8			1 0	3	
Bedford, Que	. 62	6 .		5	5				3	
Gaspé, Que	. 4	1		3 1	3				1	
Joliette, Que Kamouraska, Que	7	2 .			5 1				5	
Montmagny, Que	. 1		3	588	406	86	96	106	267	7
Ottawa, Que	. 11	1 .		10 56	9 52	2	1 2	1	8 29	
Richelieu, Que	. 3	2.		1 8	7	1 1			20	
Rimouski, Que	. 30	ii .		19	18		i	6	13	
St. Hyacinthe, Que	. 10		i	13 9	117	1 1	1 1	9	5	
Three Rivers, Que		3.		6	6			1	5	
Totals of Quebec			4		542	92	102	128	351	7
Algoina and Manitoulin, Ont Brant, Out	. 147	21	5	101	38 72	16	33		21 51	6
Bruce, Ont	. 17	11 51	8	0	64	8	3	. 2	33	4
Elgin, Ont.					17	1	1	1	7	1

a. 1 m Jury disagreed—Les jurés ne se sont pas accordés. b. 1, Nolle prosequi. c. 2, Escaped before trial—Deux se sont évadés avant leur procès.

		-			,									
	ITENT:	IARY.	NTEN	Com-	]		00	CCUPA	ATION	īs.		CON	CIVIL DITIC IS CIV	NS.
ans et	Five years and over.  Cinq ans et plus.	Life.  — A vie	D'th.  De mort	ted to Refor- ma- tories  — En- voyés à la prison de Réfor- me.	Other Sentences.  Autres Sentences.	Agricultural.  Agricultural.	mercial.  — Commer-	Do- mestic — Servi- teurs.	In- dus- trial.  In- dus- triels.	Professional Professions libérales.	Laborers  Journa- liers.	Married.  Marriés.	Wi- dowed — En veu- vage.	Sing:  Céli ba- taire
						LAR	CINS	Suite.						
3 4 1 2 6	1			1 25	a1 a1 a15	1	3	1 13	10	2	4 8 3 11 1 2 25	1	2	$\begin{bmatrix} & 4 \\ 11 \\ 3 \\ 10 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 70 \end{bmatrix}$
1 4 2 	1			26	17	1  1 3	17	14	1 1 12	2	10 2 1 3 70	1 1 2 	8	17
2				• • • • •							4	1		2
1 8 2				6	a1 a4 a26	1	10 2	2	1 1		1 5 10 4 1	3 1		46 11 8
13				6	38	1	12	2	2		25	6		78
1		• • • • •		i	a1	i	2		2		2 1 1	$\frac{2}{2}$		2 4 3
						3 <sub>5</sub>					1	2 5		1
10 1 2	5			1 38 1 13	a154, b1	5	$\begin{bmatrix} \ddots & 1 \\ 72 \\ 1 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$	39	87 3 12	3	237 5 8	158 1 15	25	40]
1				13	al	4 2 2	1 4 1		1 1 1		4 10 4	3 5 2		1-
				1	a3		i		1 3		5 2	3		
18	5			56	171	22	92	47	110	3	280	201	27	505
1				1 3	a10 a41, b1 a2		6	1 13	2 8 2 7	i	19 31 3 33	16 2 26	1	10

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. Bound to good behaviour—A tenir une meilleure conduite.

										, ,					
TABLEAU I. DÉLITS	SANS	VIOI	LENCH	E CO	N	rre	LA	PRC	PRI	ETE	ì. 	CLA	SS	E II	I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S	CATIO TATU RUCT	S.					AG	ES.					USE LIQUE USAG LIQUE	E DE
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- inen- tary.	Superior.	16	rs.	unde - 16	er 21.	unde	rd er 40. - ans ioins	and 6	ans	No.	n. n-	Mo- de- rate	de-
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.		Supé- rieure	М. — Н.	F F	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	_		Mo- déré	
		T.A.D	CENT												_
Annapolis, NE. Cap-Breton, NE. Colchester, NE. Cumberland, NE.	2	1 9 3 10		1 1	mli 	4 2		4 6 3 7	···· 1	1 		i i 4		4 4 2 6	8 1 6
Digby, NE	1 10	2 1 78		19	i	1 24	1 1 	1 27 	3	7	6			2 82 	6
King's, NE. Pictou, NE. Queen's, NE. Shelburne, NE. Yarmouth, NE.	1	10 2 1 4		5 1		3		$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{7}{2} \\ \dots \\ \frac{2}{2} \end{bmatrix}$	1	1 1		3		16 2 5	2 2
Totaux de la NEcosse	26	122	3	27	1	35	2	61	5	11	6	9		125	25
Albert, NB Carleton, NB King's, NB Northumberland, NB Restigouche, NB StJean, NB Westmoreland, NB York, NB.	1  4 1	4  2 5 33 11 8	1	1 15 5 7	i	3	2	3  1' 10 5 1	1	4 1		9		1 3 2 24 10 8	3 14 2
Totaux du NBrunswick	6	63	1	28	1	13	2	20	1	5		9	2	48	22
Arthabaska, Qué. Beauharnois, Qué Bedford, Qué Chicoutimi, Qué Gaspé, Qué Iberville, Qué Joliette, Qué. Kamouraska, Qué Montmagny, Qué	1 2 4 1	2 4  1 1 1						5				6		2 2 2  3 1 5	3
Montreal, Qué Ottawa, Qué Québec, Qué Richelieu, Qué Rimouski, Qué St. François, Qué St. Hyacinthe, Qué Terrebonne, Qué	90 3 13 1 4 7 3 4	493 7 43  4 12 10 5	1,	126 2 15  1	1	95	16	235 3 18  5 13 4 2	27	76 2 10  5 2 2	3	1		358 4 43  8 11 9	226 6 13 1  8 4
Trois-Rivières, Qué		6				1		4		1				4	2
Totaux de Québec		590	1	149	5	119	17	299	29	98	4	16		460	266
Algona et Manitoulin, Ont Brant, Ont Bruce, Ont Carleton, Ont Elgin, Ont	9	17 1 <sup>1</sup> 1 5 60 14	1 1 1 1 1 1	15 5	1	4 9 14 4	1	20 33 5 33 5		8 8 3	2	8  3 		18 99 3 55 11	12 22 2 20 6

production of the control of the con				************											
TAI	BLEAU	U I.	DEL	ITS S.	ANS V	IOLE	NCE C	CONT	RE L	A PR	OPRII	ETÉ.	CL.	ASSE	III.
	LIE	BIRT	EH PL						REI	LIGIO	ONS.				ESI- NCE.
	Ireland.  Ireland.	Scotland.  Ecos-	Ca- nada.	United States  — Etats-Unis.	Fo- reign Coun-	Other Bri- tish Pos- ses- sions. Autr's posses sions Bri- tanni-	Bap- tists.  Bap- tistes.	lics.		tho-dists.  — Mé-	Presbytériens.	Pro- tes- tants	Other Denominations.  Autr's confessions.	Towns-Ville	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
Galles					gers.	ques.								Cit	Ru
						LA	RCIN-	-Suit	e.			,	,	,	
			11 3 12			i	1 1 1	6	1 1		2 1 2	2 		1 11 1 4	3 1 2 8
8		1	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\2\\70\\ \dots \\1 \end{bmatrix}$	2	1	6	5	52	23	2 1	4	1 2	1	86	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\2\\\cdots\\1 \end{bmatrix}$
1			6 2 2 5	10	1		3	7	1 2	1		1	1	18	2 2 2 2
9		1	120	12	2	7	13	74	28	4	9	13	4	125	28
3			3 5 37 12	12		·····i	7 6	1 3 4 19	4	7 3	2 3		1 1	1 3 1 49 10	3 4
			8				6	1	1				• • • • •	4	4
3			68	3		1	21	28	5	10	5		2	68	13
			2 8 5 3 1 5					2 7 4 3 1 5			i i	1		7 2	2 1 3 3 1 5
19	12	1	509 10 51 • 1 8	17	19	7	1	1 448 10 51 1 8	47	15	35	33	9	576 6 37 1	11 5 19
1			18 12 9 6	1				14 13 9 6	1			4		10 9	9
		5	650		20	7	1	584	50	15	37	39	9	657	79
2 3 2 1	1	2	24 115 5 64 12	1  1 4	1 1 5		10	17 36 4 50 4	2 47 3 5	1 15  4 4	3 7 5	7 6 1 11	2	$15 \\ 105 \\ 1 \\ 70 \\ 12$	15 16 4 5 5

TABLE I. OFFENCES AG	1	1				1001	1 1(732	1121011	. 01	LASS :	111
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	Vancolo	4		De- tained		ONVIO DAM	_		Сомм	NTEN TTED TO PRISON	o Jaii
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Number of Charges	Ac qui tec	t-	for Lu- nacy.		Convicted 1st.	Con- victed 2nd.	Reite-	the option	No Or	_
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Aqui qui tés	t-	Dé- tenues pour	Total.	Con-	Con-	Plus de 2	fine. Sur option entre	Un- der one year.	One year and over
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.		М.	F	de folie.		nés une fois.	nés deux fois.		la pri- son ou l'a- m'nde	d'un	
	LA	RCE	N.	Y—Co	atinucd	•		J	(	1	!
Essex, Ont	26 31	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 7 \end{vmatrix}$			24 24	23 22	1	····ż	10 2	8 9	1
Frey, Cnt Haldimand, Ont Halton, Ont	9 22 3	1 7	i		7 15 3	5 2	5	· 1 5 1		9 1	
Hastings, Ont	49	10			39 6	3 <del>7</del>	$\frac{2}{1}$		9	10	
Kent, Ont	36 18 15	9 1 1	4		23 17 14	14 14 12	5 2 2	1	i	6 2 9	
Leeds and Grenville, Ont Lennox and Addington, Ont Lincoln, Ont	24 7 27	4	1 1	• • • • •	23 7 22	18 7 17	34	2	i	13 2 10	
Middlesex, Ont Muskoka and Parry Sound, Ont Vipissing, Ont	88 19 7	23 2 1	3		- 62 17 6	47 16 6	12	3	1	10 7 6	
Norfolk, Ont Northumberland & Durham, O	23 46	10 12	i		13 33	9 24	3 4	1 5	3	4 9	
Ontario, Ont. Oxford, Ont. Peel, Ont	13 a13 6	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\2 \end{bmatrix}$			12 9 4	7 7 3	1 1	1		3 6 4	
Perth, Ont	25 40 4	11 13	1		13 27 4	8 25 4	1	1	2	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\6\\2 \end{bmatrix}$	
Prince Edward, Ont	9 9 34	8			9 9 26	7 9 14	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ \vdots \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$	5	i	3 5 15	
Stormont, D'das & Glengarry, O Thunder Bay & Rainy River, Ont Victoria, Ont	7 35 22	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\12\\8 \end{bmatrix}$			6 23 14	$\begin{array}{c c} 5 \\ 19 \\ 12 \end{array}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\3\\2 \end{bmatrix}$	i	3	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\13\\2 \end{bmatrix}$	
Waterloo, Ont Welland, Ont Wellington, Ont	648 42 39	7 4 6			40 38 33	29 32 24	6 5 5	5 1 4	11 6	13 16 6	
Wentworth, OntYork, Ont	218 c881	85 263	10 43		123 574	95 501	12 56	16 17		50 288	2
Totals of Ontario	2,264	606	78		1,576	1,282	176	118	86	670	5
Manitoba, Central	23 126 11	12 12 4	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ \dots \end{bmatrix}$		10 112 7	9 91 6	9	12	28	8 25 7	
Totals of Manitoba	160	28	3		129	106	10	13	28	40	
Cariboo, B.C. Victoria, B.C Westminster, B.C. Yale, B.C.	1 b75 b163 b45	8 56 8	2 9 1		1 64 97 35	57 74 34	1 6 16 1	1 7	1 4	52 57 24	
Totals of British Columbia.	284	72	12		197	165	24	8	5	133	1
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T Alberta, Southern, N.W.T	51 d24	19			32 18	32	i			26	

a. 2. b. 1. d. 3, Nolle prosequi. c. Jury disagreed—Les jurés ne se sont pas accordés.

TA	BLE	AU I.	DĖ	LITS	SANS VIO	OLEN	CE CO	NTRE	LA F	PROPR	IÉTÉ.	CI	LASSE	III.
	ITENT	IARY.	NTEN	CE.			00	CCUP	ATION	vs.		CON	CIVIL DITIC	ONS.
Two years and under five.  D'ux ans et m'ns de cinq.		Life. A vie	D'th.  De mort.	Envoyés à la prison de Réforme.	Other Sentences.  Autres Sentences.	Agricultural.  Agricultural.	Commercial.  Commercyants.	Do- mestic — Servi- teurs.	Industrial. Industriels.	Professional Professions libérales.	La- borers  Jour- na- liers.	Married.  Marriés.	Wi- dowed — En veu- vage.	Single  Céliba- taires.
						LARG	JIN—S	uite.					-	
1 8 3	1 1 2			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	a1, a1, a1, a2, a6, a4, a6, a5, a4, a1, a2, a9, a40, a10	3	2 2 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 5 11 1 1 	1 1 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4	3 4 2 1 1 1 2 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 3	1	12 13 5 8 1 12  11 8 4 13 4 9 13 5 3 7	7 3 1 3 2 10 5 2 7 2 2 4 6 1 1	2 1 1 2	17 21 5 10 3 34 3 10 12 7 14 4 18 54 9 53 19
2  1  3 2  1 1 1 3	1 2 1 1 3			1 2 3 2 2 6 54	a6 a2 a6 a2 a6 a6 a2 a6 a6 a2 a2 a6 a2 a2 a6 a2	1 1 1 2 1 1	3 2 1 5 5 0 8 1 5 222	1 3 1 1 1 8 25	3 2  1 3 1 1 1  4  1 7 1 1 3 1 1 1 7 1 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2	3 6 3 9 1 6 2 15 14 4 8 8 6 13 60 295	3 1 2 10 3 2 2 8 8 2 4 5 8 8 3 26 104	2 	9 8
34	14			99	616	24	115	76	106	8	682	299	20	1,194
19			••••	2	a1, d1 a37, c1	3	1i	12	18	i	5 28 4	5 20 1	3	5 89 4
19 1 3 1				2 3	40 	3 2	11 8 32 4	12 6 1	19 4 6 	1 2 1	26 38 19	26 5 8 1	3	98 1 55 88 29
5				3	36	2	44	7	10	3	83	14	2	173
2						3					3	4		4

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. To be whipped—A être fouetté. c. Bound to good behaviour—A tenir une meilleure conduite. d. Acquitted, having made restitution—Acquittés, ayant fait restitution. e. To pay costs and damages—A payer les frais et dommages.

TABLE I. OFFENCES	AGAI	NST I	PROPE	ERTY	7 1	WIT	ноц	T V	IOL	ENC	E.	CI	AS	SS I	II.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S	CATIO TATU 'RUC'	S.					AG	ES.						
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men-	Superior.	16	rs. ns	unde 16 et m	rears and er 21. ans oins 21.	unde 21 et n	rears nd er 40. ans noins 40.	40 y and - 40	rears over. ans olus.	No.	n. n-		Im- mo- de-
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.	Elé- men- taire.	Supé- rieure	М. — Н.	F F	М. — Н.	F. F.	м. — н.	F. F.	М. — Н.	F. F.	М. — Н.	F F	Mo- déré	
		LAR	CENY	Co	nti	nued			-		-		-		
Essex, Ont Frontenac, Ont Grey, Ont Haldimand, Ont Halton, Ont Hastings, Ont Huron, Ont Kent, Ont Lambton, Ont Lanark, Ont Leeds et Grenville, Ont Leenox et Addington, Ont Lincoln, Ont Middlesex, Ont Muskoka et Parry Sound, O Nipissing, Ont Norfolk, Ont Northumberl'd et Durham, O. Ontario, Ont Oxford, Ont Peet, Ont Perth, Ont Peterborough, Ont Prince-Edouard, Ont Renfrew, Ont Simcoe, Ont Storm't, D'das et Glengarry, O. Th'der Bay et Rainy Riv., Ont Victoria, Ont Waterloo, Ont Welland, Ont. Wellington, Ont Wellington, Ont Wertworth, Ont Wertworth, Ont Wertworth, Ont Work, Ont	12 1 11 12 11 11 22 21 11 4 22 22 11	22 24 6 6 11 3 35 2 19 14 9 20 50 10 5 12 29 11 7 7 2 13 23 29 11 14 14 15 16 17 17 18 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	1 1 2 1 1 2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10 	1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 10 3 6 2 6 1 5 11 4 9 3 6 6 2 1 3 6 6 2 1 3 6 6 2 1 3 6 6 2 1 3 6 6 4 1 3 6 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		5 1 2 7	1	1 1 7 2	3	29 21 5 6  12 18 2 5 1 14 3 5 11 25 34 29	17 36 62 22 14 47 79 9 41 14 44 410 63 22 11 91 14 66 11 11 11 16 31 10 24 44
Totaux d'Ontario	97	1386	27	381	18	301	34	534	46	170	25	63	4	1116	394
Manitoba, Centre	5 20	5 91 5	i	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\25\\1 \end{bmatrix}$	3	3	6	$\frac{2}{40}$	1 3	3 8 	····			7 85 4	3 27
Totaux de Manitoba	25	101	1	27	3	29	6	45	4	11	2	2	-	96	31
Caribou, ColB. Victoria, ColB. Westminster, ColB. Yale, ColB.	1 18 17 3	44 78 27		12 13 6	1 1 -	8 15 5	1	1 24 55 16	 5 4	12 8 2	• • • •	2 6		45 75 23	23
Totaux de la ColBritann	39	149		31	2	28	1	96	9	22		8	-	143	48
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Alberta, Sud, T. du NO	2	<b>6</b> 8		1		3		3 4		2 2		22 10	2		

TAE	BLEAU	J I.	DÉLI	ITS SA	NS V	IOLEI	NCE C	ONT	RE LA	PRO	OPRIÉ	TĖ.	CLA	ASSE	III.
	LIE		H PL	ACES.	CE.				REI	LIGIO	NS.			RE DEN	SI- NCE.
Eng- land and Wales Angle terre	Ireland.  Ireland.		Ca- nada.	United States  — Etats-Unis.	Other Foreign Countries.  Autres pays étrangers.	Other British Possessions.  Autr's posses sions Britanniques.	Baptists.  Baptistes.	R. Ca-tho-lies.  Ca-tholiques.	Ch. of England.  Eglise d'Angleterre.	tho- dists	Presbytériens.	Pro- tes- tants	Other Denominations.  — Autr's confessions.	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
		1	12		1		RCIN-			0.1	0		1	10.1	
1	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15 18 6 15 2 21 14 9 18 6 6 12 28 7 7 11 24 3 8 6 12 28 7 7 11 24 3 8 6 12 28 7 13 14 14 15 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	1 1 2	1 1 4 1 16	1	1 1 2 2 3 15	5 12 8 8 	7 2 1 6 8 1 1 6 4 1 1 2 6 4 1 1 2 6 8 1 6 7 1 9 9 5 29 268	9 1 1 5 3 3 1 4 1 8 10 4 3 3 8 8 3 4 4  6  6 6  8 8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8 8 8  8	2 1 2 1  2 2 6  2  1 1  2 4 4 2 2  1 2 3 5 5 6 6 3 3 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 3 5 5 6 6 6 6	8 1 4	2 1 1 1 2 3 1 3 1	18 23 6 9 2 2 3 2 3 19 13 8 19 5 6 6 24 9 9 9 10 21  4 4 17 2 16 16 13 18 2 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	6 1 6 1 2 3 6 1 1 1 7 8 3 3 6 3 5 5 3 8 8 2 2 3 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
101	48	21	1252	57	30	2	49	414	453	267	163	131	26	1338	177
$\begin{array}{c} 2\\12\\1\end{array}$	2	1 2	6 58 3	5	1 33 1		4	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\28\\1 \end{bmatrix}$	19 2	18 18	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 20 \\ 1 \end{array}$		2	5 94 3	5 17 2
15	2	3	67	5	35		4	30	25	21	22		2	102	24
8 10 2	3 7 4	6 6	1 19 41 7	12 12 12 15	14 23 2		1	1 8 19 11	4 7 1	8	1 4	31 45 3	15 22 8	58 91 29	1 5 10 1
	14	12	68	39	39	••••	1	39		10	5	79	45	178	17
1			5 4	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\2 \end{vmatrix}$	1	l:::::	<u> </u>	6 4	··· i	····· <u>2</u>	1	1 1		$\begin{vmatrix} 1\\3 \end{vmatrix}$	8 5

TABLE I. OFFENCES AC	GAINST	PR	op	ERTY	WIT	HOUT	VIOI	LENCE	E. C	LASS	III.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De- tained		ONVIO	-		Соммі	NTEN	o Jail
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Number of Charges	qui tec	it-	for Lu- nacy.		Con- victed 1st.	Con- victed 2nd.	Reite-	With the option of a	No O	PTION.
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE	Nombre d'accu- sations	Qui té	it-	Dé- tenues pour cause de	Total.	Con- dam- nés une	Con- dam- nés deux	Plus de 2 récidi- ves.	Sur option entre la pri-	Moins	
		M.	F	folie.		fois.	fois.	ves.	son ou l'a- m'nde	d'un an.	an et plus.
	LA	RCF	EN	Y-Cor	rcluded	•					
Assiniboia, Eastern, N.W.T Assiniboia, Western, N.W.T Saskatchewan, N.W.T	52 37 3)	25 13 9	i		27 24 20	27 22 18	2 2		1	23 11 20	3 4
Totals of the N.W.T	194	69	1		121	116	5		1	94	10
Yukon	81	47	2		32	29	2	1	3	22	
Totals of Canada	4,249	1068	122	1	3,043	2,449	337	257	257	1,425	91
LAR	CENY I	RO	1	DWEI	LLING	HOU	SES.				
Cape Breton, N.S	1				1	1					=
Montreal, Que	2	2			•••						
Essex, Ont			1			1					
Assiniboia, Western, N.W.T	2				2	1	1				
Totals of Canada		2	1		4	3	1				<u></u>
I	LARCEN	YF	RO	OM TH	HE PE	RSON		1	1		
Halifax, N.S	1	1								·	
Montreal, Que. Quebec, Que. Richelieu, Que. St. Francis, Que.	15 4 1 4	4 2 2	1		10 2 1 2	$\begin{bmatrix} 3\\2\\ \dots \\1 \end{bmatrix}$	3 i	4		3 2	1
Totals of Quebec	24	8	_ 1		15	6	4	5		6	1
Bruce, Ont. Carleton, Ont. Essex, Ont. Grey, Ont.	1 25 1 3	1 11 1 2			14 1	9	2			2	3
Hastings, Ont. Lanark, Ont. Northumberland & Durham, O Sincee, Ont. Welland, Ont	1 2 5 2 1	1	1		2 4 2 1	2 1 2 1	2	1		1 1 2 1	1
York, Ont	1 12	5			7	7				4	2
em 1 1 0 1	54	21	1		32	23	4	5		13	6
Totals of Ontario  Manitoba. Eastern			_								

					1						1			
	ITENTI — NITENC	ARY.	TENC	Com-			00	CCUPA	ATION	s.		CON	CIVIL DITIO TS CIV	
rwo rears and under five.  D'ux ans et m'ns de cinq	Five years and over. Cinq ans et plus.	Life. —	D'th.  — De mort	ted to Refor- ma- tories.  En- voyés à la prison de Réfor- me.	Other Sentences.  Autres Sentences.	Agricultural.  Agriculteurs.	Commercial.  Commercants.	Do- mestic — Servi- teurs.	Industrial.  Industriels.	Professional Professions	La- borers  — Jour- na- liers.	Married.  Marriés.	Wi- dowed — En veu- vage.	Sing  Cél ba- taire
	•					LAR	CIN-	Fin.						
1		• • • • • •			α7	3 1	i				4 1	i i		12 2
6		· • • • • •			10	10	1		1		13	9	••••	25
1		• ••••			<u>a6</u>			100				3	1	
119	21	•••••	• • • • •	192	938	65	294	160	260	17	1195	579	61	210
	1		1	V	DL DANS	DES	MAIS	ONS H	ABIT.	ÉES.		i	1	1
1		•••••					••••			••••	1			
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1			••••		<u>a1</u>			1						
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6	1			1			4	$\frac{1}{2}$	2		<del>-</del> 6	2	2	1
					a9				1		4	2		1
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·····2	*** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				a1		1				2 2 2	3 2		
 				i			i			1	4	$\frac{1}{2}$		
2			ł	1	10		3		1	1	15	9		2
		-						-		-				-

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. Acquitted, goods having been returned.—Acquitté, les effets ayant été remis.

TABLE I. OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY WITHOUT VIOLENCE.	CLA	
TO VICE A TO VIC		SS III.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS EDUCATIONAL STATUS.  INSTRUCTION.  AGES.		USE OF LIQUORS. USAGE DE LIQUEURS
IN WHICH  OFFENCE COMMITTED.  Bulleto read or write.  DISTRICTS JUDI-  Under 16 years and under 21.  Superior.  Moins de 16 ans.  Let moins de 21.  Winder 16 years and under 40.  21 years and under 40.  40 years and under 40.  21 ans et moins de 21.	. given. Non-	Im- Mo- mo- de- de- rate rate
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE Incapable de lire ou d'écrire.  LICAPACION SE.  Incapable de lire ou d'écrire.  Elépable de lire ou d'écrire.  H. F. M. F.	M. F - H. F	Mo- déré ino- déré
LARCENY—Conelude 1.		
Assiniboïa, Est, T. du NO.  Assiniboïa, Ouest, T. du NO.  Saskatchewan, Ter. du NO.  15 2 1 1 1 1 1	27 21 17 1	5
Totaux des T. du NO 3 30 3 6 8 4		22 1
Yukon 2 1 1 1 10 8	12	1
Totaux du Canada	217 9	2022 789
LARCENY FROM DWELLING HOUSES.		
Cap-Breton, NE. 1		1
Montréal, Qué		
Essex, Ont	1	
Assiniboïa, Ouest, T. NO	2	
Totaux du Canada 1 1 1 1 1	3 .	
LARCENY FROM THE PERSON.		
Halifax, NE.		
Montréal, Qué       2       8        1       7        2         Québec, Qué       1       1        2 <td< td=""><td></td><td>2 8 1 1 1 1 1 1</td></td<>		2 8 1 1 1 1 1 1
Totaux de Québec 4 10 1 1 1 11 2		5 10
Bruce, Ont.       1       13       9       4       1         Carleton, Ont.       1		10 4 1 2 4 2 1
Welland, Ont. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	7
		$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

TAE	BLEAU	I.	DÉL.	ITS S.	ANS V	TOLE	NCE C	ONT	RE LA	PR	PRIE	ČTÉ.	CL	ASSE	III.
	LIE		_	ACES.	CE.		-		REI	LIGIO	ons.			RI DEI	ESI- NCE.
	TISH IS			Uni-	Other Fo- reign Coun-	Other Bri- tish Pos-	Bap-	R. Ca-	Ch. of	Me-	Pres-		Other Deno- mina-	Villes.	stricts
Eng- land and Wales	Ire- land.	Scot- land.	Ca- nada.	ted States	tries.	ses- sions. Autr's	tists.	lics.	Eng- land.	_	rians.	Pro- tes- tants	tions.	Towns-	ricts—Dis
Angle terre et Galles	Ir- lande.	Ecos- se.		Etats- Unis.	Au- tres pays etran- gers.	posses sions Bri- tanni- ques.	Bap- tistes.	Ca- tholi- ques.	Eglise d'An- gle- terre.	Mé- tho- dis- tes.	Pres- byté- riens.		Autr's con- fes- sions.	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
			[	1	)	LA	RCIN	-Fin	•	1	J		]	1	J
1			13 2		<sub>i</sub>			1	1					3 2	14
3	1		24	4	2			11	2	2	1	2		9	30
2			7	10	• , • •			7	2		1				
176	77	42	2268	149	128	17	89	1196	578	329	243	267	88	2490	374
				VOI	L DAN	S DE	S MA	ISON	S HAE	BITĖJ	ES.				
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			14				3	8	1	$\frac{\cdots}{2}$				14	
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				1				1						1	

OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY WITHOUT VIOLENCE.

TABLE I.

2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903

CLASS III.

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI-	Number of Charges  - Nombre d'accu-	Acquitted.	nacy.	CON	ONVIO	NATIO	ONS.	COMM EM With the option	NTEN TITED T PRISON: NO O: SANS C Un- der one	o Jail nés. PTION.
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	sations.	M.	tenues pour cause de folie.		Con- dam- nés une fois.	Con- dain- nés deux fois.	Plus de 2 récidi- ves.	option entre la pri- son ou l'a- m'nde	Moins d'un	
LARCI	ENY FR	OM I	HE PI	ERSON	-Con	cluded.				
Westininster, B.C	10	ő	1	1	1					
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T Alberta, Southern, N.W.T Assiniboia, Eastern, N.W.T	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	2		1	1 1		1	• •		1
Totals of the N.W.T	5	${2}$ .		3	2		1			1
Yukon	1			1	1					
Totals of Canada	105	41.	7	57	38	8	11		23	8
STEALING REGIS	TERED	LETI	ERS A	ND O	THER	MAI	L MA	TTERS	3.	
Cape Breton, N.S	2		1	1	1					
Montreal, Que	2			2	2			••••		
Essex, Ont. Kent, Ont. Lambton, Ont. Lennox and Addington, Ont.	1 4 1 1	3	l	1 1 1	1 1 1					
Norfolk, Ont	2 1			$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\1 \end{bmatrix}$	1 1	1	• • • • • •			
Totals of Ontario	11	3	ı	7	6	1				
Assiniboia, Eastern, N.W.T Assiniboia, Western, N.W.T	1 1			1	1					
Totals of Canada	17	3	2	12	11	1				
MALICIC	OUS OF	FENC	ES AG	AINST	r PRO	PERT	Υ.	CI	LASS	IV.
		A	RSON.							
Queen's, P.E.I	1	1.								
Colchester, N.S. Guysborough, N.S. Halifax, N.S. Hants, N.S.	4 3 3 3	4 3		3 3	1 3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i	•		
Totals of Nova Scotia	13	7		6	4	1	1	•••		

a. One, jury disagreed-Un, les jurés ne se sont pas accordés.

						1								
	ITENT	IARY.	NTEN	Com-			00	CUPA	ATION	rs.		CON	CIVIL (DITIO TS CIV	ONS.
der five. D'ux ans et n'ns de	Five years and over.  Cinq ans et plus.	Life.  A vie.	D'th.  De mort	ted to Refor- ma- tories  En- voyés à la prison de Ré- forme.	Other Sentences.  Autres Sentences.	Agricul-tural.  Agricul-teurs.	mer- cial.  — Com- mer-	Do- mestic — Servi- teurs.		Pro- fes- sional  Pro- fes- sions libé-	La- borers — Jour- na- liers.	Married.  Marriés.	Wi- dowed — En veu- vage.	Sing Cél ba taire
inq.						}				rales.				
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a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue.

TABLE I. OFFENCES	AGAI	NST F	PROPE	RTY	7 1	VIT	HOU	TV	IOL	ENC	E.	CI	AS	SS I	II.
		CATIO TATU						AG	ES.					USE LIQU	
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	INST	RUCI	TION.											USAG LIQU	EURS
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Un- able to read or	Ele- men-	Supe-	16		aı	ears nd er 21.	ar	nd		ears	No		Mo-	Im-
DISTRICTS JUDI-	write.	tary.	rior.	Moi de 16 ai	3	et m	ans ioins 21.		ans ioins 40.	40 et 1		No		de-	de- rate
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire	taire.	Supé- rieure	М.	F	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F	Mo- déré	mo-
	ou d'é- crire.			н.	F	H.	F.	H.	F.	Н.	F.	Н.	F	13	deré
LAI	RCEN	Y FRO	М ТН	E P	EF	RSOI	N-C	onclu	ded.			,	'		
Westminster, ColB												1			
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Alberta, Sud, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Est, T. du NO		2 1						1 1		1				1 1	1
Totaux des Ter. du NO		3						2		1				2	1
Yukon	\							1							
Totaux du Canada	5	45	1	10		4	1	32	1	5		5		30	21
STEALING REG	ISTER	RED L	ETTE	RS A	IN	DO	ТНЕ	R M	IAIL	MA	TTI	ERS.	1	1	
Cap-Breton, NE	1	1					1							1	
Montréal, Qué		2						2						2	
Essex, Ont. Kent, Ont. Lambton, Ont Lennox et Addington, Ont Norfolk, Ont. Northumberland et Durham, O. Peterborough, Ont.		1 1 2				1		1		1		1		- 1 - 1 2	1
Totaux d'Ontario		5				2		2		1		1	1	4	1
Assiniboïa, Est, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Ouest, T. du NO		1										1 1			
Totaux du Canada		9	1		1	2	1	4	·	1		3	1	7	1
MALI	CIOUS	SOFF	ENCE	S A	A	INS	T Pł	ROP]	ERT	Υ.		CI	LA	SS I	V.
			AR	SON											
Queen's, I. du PE  Colchester, NE.  Gnysborough, NE.								······································						3	
Halifax, NE		3						2		1				1	2
Halifax, NE	1	5	• • • •			1		4		1			-	1 4	2 2

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	LIE	BIRT.			CE	1			REI	CIGIC	NS.			RI DE	ESI- NCE
	Ireland.		Ca- nada.	United States —: Etats Unis.	Other Foreign Countries.  Autres pays etrangers.	Bri-		R. Ca- tho- lics.  — Ca- tholi- ques.	Ch. of Eng- land.  Eglise d'An- gle- terre.	tho- dists.	Presbyte-rians.  Presbyté-riens.	Pro- tes- tants	Other Denominations.  Autr's confessions.	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts
					VOL	SUR I	LA PE	RSO	NNE—.	Fin.		1			
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TABLE I. MALICIO	US OFF	EN	CE	S AG	AINST	PRO	PERT	Y.	C	LASS	IV.
						037377	Omro»	<b>7</b> 0	SE	NTEN	CE.
IIIDIAI I DIGWDIAMG				D		ONVI	_		Соммі	TTED T	o Jail
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	3T 1			De- tained	CON	VDAM:	NATIO	JNS.	Ем	PRISON	vés.
IN WHICH	Number	qui	t-	for Lu-		1 ~		1		No or	PTION.
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Charges	tec	1.	nacy.		Con- victed			the option	SANS C	PTION.
Transproma Trans		_		-		1st.	2nd.	rated.	of a fine.	Un-	One
DISTRICTS JUDI-	Nombre d'accu-	Aqui	t-	Dé-	Total.		_	_	Sur	der	year and
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	sations.	tés	3.	tenues pour		Con-	Con- dam-	de 2	option		over.
A ETE COMMISE.		-	_	de		nés une	nés deux	récidi- ves.	la pri- son	d'un	Un an et
		M.	F	folie.		fois.	fois.		ou l'a- m'nde	an.	plus.
	A	RSC	N	—Conce	luded.	1	1		-	1	
Beauce, Que	1				1		1			1	
Chicoutimi, Que. Montreal, Que.	1 3	1		m1	1	1		• • • • •			
Rimouski, Que	1 1	i		m1							
Three Rivers, Que	1	1									
Totals of Quebec	8	4		m2	2	1	1			1	
Essex, Ont	1 4				1 4	1 3	····i				3
Kent, Ont. Leeds and Grenville, Ont.	4	2	2		1	1					
Middlesex, Ont. Northumberland & Durham, O	1		1		î	î				1	
Ontario, Ont. Perth, Ont.	$\frac{\hat{3}}{1}$				3	1	2				1
Peterborough, Ont	1	i			î	i				1	
Simcoe, Ont	$\frac{1}{2}$	2			1	1	,				
Thunder Bay & Rainy River, O Waterloo, Ont	1 1	1			1	····i				1	
Wentworth, Ont	$\frac{1}{2}$	2 6			····i	····i					
Totals of Ontario	32	14	3		15	12	3			3	4
Manitoba, Western	1	1	_								
Victoria, B.C	<u>a2</u>		_								
Westminster, B C	2	2									
Totals of Canada	63	31	3		24	18	5	1	1	1 4	4
MALICIOUS INJUR	Y TO H	ORS	ES	CAT	TLE 2	AND C	THE	R PRC	PERT	Y.	
Queen's, P.E.I	3				3	3		• • • • • •	3		
Cumberland, N.S	5 1				5	3	1	1		1	1
Halifax, N.S. Picton, N.S.	1 2	1			$\begin{vmatrix} \dots \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	2			····i		
Totals of Nova Scotia	9	1	<u>-</u>		8	6	1	1	1	1	2
	3		-		3	3			3		
King's, N.B Northumberland, N.B St. John, N.B	4 2	2			2 2	2 2			61	1	
Totals of New Brunswick	9	2	-		7	7			4		
Wells was well I Disable	1 1 11 Y	,	3	. 1							

a. Nolle prosequi. b. Fined and jail-L'amende et la prison.

TA	BLE	AU I.		DOM	MAGES M	IALIC	IEUX	À LA	PRO	PRIÉT	ľÉ.	C	LASSE	IV.
		SEI	NTEN	CE.								CON	CIVIL	NS
PEN	HITENT	IARY.		Com-			0	CCUP	ATION	IS.			TS CIV	
Pé	NITEN	CIER.		mit- ted to								EIA	15 01	A TTPO.
Two				Refor-	Other		1	1	1	[				1
ears and un- der	Five years and	Life.	D'th.	ma- tories.	Senten- ces.	Agri- cul- tural.	mer-	Do- mestic	In- dus- trial.	Pro- fes- sional	La- borers	Mar- ried.	Wi- dowed	Single
five.	over.	_	De	En-	Autres	_			_	_		_	_	_
Deux ans et m'ns	Cinq ans et plus.	A vie	mort		Senten- ces.	Agri- cul- teurs.	Com- mer- çants.	Servi- teurs.	In- dus- triels.	Pro- fes- sions	Jour- na- liers.	Ma- riés.	En veu- vage.	Céli- ba- taires
de				Réfor- me.			3			libé- rales.				
	j			INC	ENDIE 1	PAR M	ALVI	EILLA	NCE-	-Fin.	,	1		<u> </u>
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4						1	1				6	1		7
						3								3
				2	•						2			$\frac{2}{2}$
														7

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue.

TABLE I. MALI	CIOUS	S OFF	ENCE	S A(	λA	INS'	ТР	ROPI	ERT	Y.		CI	AS	SS I	v.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S'	CATIO FATU: 'RUCT	S.					AG	ES.					USE LIQU USAG LIQU	ORS. E DE
OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Unable to read or write.	Ele- men- tary.	Superior.	16	ns	unde	nd er 21. - ans oins	21 years and	r 40.	40 :	over.	Noi	n. 1-	Mo- de- rate	de-
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.		Elé- men- taire.		М. — Н.	F - F	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.		F	Mo- déré	
	crire.			п.	P	11.	r.	11.	r.	11.	г.	п.	-		
		AR	SON-	-Conc	luc	led.									-
Beauce, Qué Chicontimi, Qué Montréal, Qué. Rimouski, Qué. St. François, Qué		1						1				1		1	1
Trois-Rivières, Qué		•••							• • • •						
Totaux de Québec	• • • • • •	2						1				1		1	1
Essex, Ont. Hastings, Ont. Kent, Ont. Leeds et Grenville, Ont. Middlesex, Ont. Northumberl'd et Durham, O. Ontario, Ont. Perth, Ont. Peterborough, Ont	1	3		1 				1						1 2 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Renfrew, Ont. Simcoe, Ont Storm't, D'das et Gleng'ry, O. Th'der Bay et Rainy Riv., Ont. Waterloo, Ont Wentworth, Ont. York, Ont Totaux d'Ontario.		1 1 1 1 1 12		1		1				1		2		$\begin{array}{c c}  & 1 \\  & 1 \\ \hline  & 1 \\ \hline  & 12 \end{array}$	3
Manitoba, Ouest						-		-,				-	-	12	-
Victoria, ColB Westminster, ColB															
Totaux du Canada	5	19	1	4	١	2	1	9		5		3	1	F 17	7
MALICIOUS INJ	URY T	он от	RSES,	CA'	ГТ	LE .	ANI	OT	HEI	PR	OPE	ERT	Y.		
Queen's, I. du PE		3				1		2						2	1
Cumberland, NE. Guysborough, NE. Halifax, NE. Pictou, NE.						1		5		i					2
Totaux de la NEcosse		8				1		5		2	. 4.			6	2
King's, NB Northumberland, NB St. Jean, NB		3 2 1		2		1		2 2			• • • • •			3 2 2	
Totaux du NBrunswick	. 1	6		- 2		1		4		1			-	7	

TAB	LEAU	J I.	D	OMM.	AGES	MALI	CIEU	ΧÀ	LA PF	ROPR	IÉTÉ.		CL.	ASSE	IV.
	LIE		H PL	ACES. ISSAN	ICE.				REL	IGIO	NS.			RE DEN	SI- NCE.
Eng- land and Wales  Angle terre	Ireland.  Irlande.	Scot- land.	Ca- nada.	United States  — Etats-Unis.	Other Foreign Countries.  Autres pays étrangers.	Other Bri- tish Pos- ses- sions. — Autr's posses sions Bri- tanni- ques.	Baptists.  Baptistes.	R. Ca- tho- lics.  — Ca- tholi- ques.	Eglise	tho- dists.	Presbyterians.  Presbytériens.	Pro- tes- tants	Other Denominations.  Autr's confessions.	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
			1	INC	ENDI	E PAF	R MAI	VEI	LLAN	CE—1	Fin.				
1			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1			1	1	2 1 7	1	1 1 3	1	1 1 3 1 1 8	1 1 1 4 1
2			20		1			5	6	7	1	3	1	11	13
DON	MMAG	ES M	ALIC	IEUX	AUX	CHEV	AUX,	BES	TIAU.	X ET	AUT	RES	PROP	RIET	ES.
			3					3						2	1
	• • • • • •		3 1 	2					1 1	3	1		······ 2		5 1
			$\frac{2}{6}$	2				1	1	3	1		$\frac{z}{2}$	$-\frac{z}{2}$	6
			3				1	1	1						3
			$\frac{2}{2}$				·····i	$\frac{2}{1}$					• • • • •	2	2

TABLE I. MALICIO	us off	ENC	CE	S AGA	AINST	PROI	PERTY	Υ.	С	LASS	IV.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De- tained		ONVIO NDAM	_		Сомм	NTEN ITTED T	o Jaii
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED	Number of Charges	qui tec	t-	for Lu- nacy.		Convicted 1st.	Convicted 2nd.	Reite-	the option	SANS O	PTION
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Ac qui tés	t-	Dé- tenues pour cause de folie.	Total.	Condamnés une fois.	Con- dam- nés deux fois.	Plus de 2 récidi- ves.	Sur option entre	der one year.	year and over.
MALICIOUS INJURY TO	HORSE	S, C	A'	TTLE	AND	OTHE	R PRO	OPERT	Y—Co	nclude	d.
Bedford, Que. Joliette, Que. Montreal, Que. St. Francis, Que. Terrebonne, Que. Three Rivers, Que.	8 5 6 4 2 1	5  1  2 1			3 5 5 4	3 5	1 	4	2 5 1	1 3	i
Totals of Quebec	26	9			17	12	1	4	8	5	1
Algoma and Manitoulin, Ont Brant, Ont Carleton, Ont Frontenae, Ont Hastings, Ont Huron, Ont Lambton, Ont Leeds and Grenville, Ont Middlesex, Ont Nipissing, Ont Ontario, Ont Prince Edward, Ont Stormont, D'das & Glengarry, O Thunder Bay & Rainy River, O York, Ont Totals of Ontario	2 2 4 4 6 6 2 1 1 5 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 4 3	1 2 4 1  2  1  1 	1 1		1 2 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1	1 4 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 2  1 6	
Manitoba, Central	1 1	 1			1		1				1
Totals of Manitoba	2	1			1		1	•••	• • •		1
Westminster, B.C	28 2	14 2		m1			1		10	3	
Totals of British Columbia	30	16		m1	13	12	1		10	3	
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T. Alberta, Southern, N.W.T. Assiniboja, Eastern, N.W.T. Saskatchewan, N.W.T.	17 1 3 1	14 1 1 1	• •		32	3			• • • • • •	3	
Totals of the N.W.T	22	17			5	5				3	
Yukon	2	2									
Totals of Canada	143	66	2	ml	74	61	5	8	29	19	4

TA	BLEA	U I.		DOM	MAGES M	ALIC	IEUX	À LA	PROI	PRIĖT	É.	CL	ASSE	īV.
		SEI	NTEN	CE.			-					CON	CIVIL DITIO	NS
	ITENTI			Com-			00	CCUPA	TION	S.			cs civ	
				ted to Refor-	Other									
Two years and un- der five.	Five years and over.	Life.	D'th.	ma- tories.  — En-	Sentences.  Autres	Agri- cul- tural.	Com- mer- cial.	Do- mestic	In- dus- trial.	Pro- fes- sional	La- borers	Married.	Wi- dowed	Single
Deux ans et		A vie	mort	voyés à la prison de Réfor- me.	Senten- ces.	Agri- cul- teurs.	Com- mer- çants.	Servi- teurs.	In- dus- triels.	Pro- fes- sions libé- rales.	Jour- na- liers.	Ma- riés.	En veu- vage.	Céli- ba- taires.
DOM	MAG	ES M.	ALICI	EUX	AUX CHE	EVAU	X, BE	STIAU	JX ET	AUT	RES P	ROPR	ŒTĖS	Fin.
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					a2			1			2	1		2
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	1				10	1		1	3		5	6		13
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	1			1		-								11
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2	1													
2			-	·		1					1	2		1
8	1	••••		9	11	11	5	2	7	1	24	17	1	53
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a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue.

								0.11.1							
TABLE I. MALIC	HOUS	OFFF	ENCES	AG	A	INST	r PR	OPI	ERT	Υ.		C1	LA	SS I	V.
IN WHICH	S'	CATIO TATU TRUCT	S.					AG	ES	•				USAG	e of cors. — Ge de Eurs
OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men-	Superior.	Und 16 year Moi de 16 a:	rs. ns	unde 16 et n	vears nd er 21. ans noins 21.	unde 21 et m	nd er 40. – ans	and 40	vears over. ans plus.	No	n. n-		Im- mo- de- rate
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é-	Elé- men- taire:	Supé- rieure	_	F	M. —	F.	M. —	F.	M. —	F.	-	_	Mo- déré	Im- mo- déré
	erire.			H.	F	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F		
MALICIOUS INJURY	то но	ORSES	CAT	TLE	A	ND	ОТІ	IER	PR	OPE	RTY		ncl	luded	7.
	1 1 1 1	2 4 4 3 		2		1 3 1		1 2 4 1		1				2 5 4	5
Totaux de Québec	4	13		3		5		8		1				11	6
Algoma et Manitoulin, Ont Brant, Ont Carleton, Ont Frontenac, Ont Hastings, Ont Huron, Ont Lambton, Ont Leeds et Grenville, Ont Middlesex, Ont. Nipissing, Ont. Ontario, Ont.	4	1 2 1 1 2 2 1		3 1		1		1		1 1 1		1		1  3  1	1 1 1 1 1 1
Ontario, Ont. Prince-Edouard. Ont. Simcoe, Ont. Storm't, D'das et Gleng'ry, O. Th'der Bay et Rainy Riv., Ont. York, Ont.  Totaux d'Ontario		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 6		1		1		3	1	1	-	1 1 1 	1 6
Manitoba, Centre		1						1	• • • •					1	
Totaux de Manitoba		1						1					-	1	
Westminster, ColBYale, ColB		13		2				9		2				9	. 4
Totaux de la ColBritann		13		2	• •			9						9	4
Saskatchewan, T. du NO	1	2				1		2	• • • •			2		3	
Totaux des T. du NO	1	2				1		2					• •	3	• • • •
Yukon	12	59		13	-	10		38		8	2	3		52	19

TAI	BLEAU		De		GES	MALI	CIEU	ζÀΙ	A PR	OPRI	ÉTÉ.		CL	ASSE	IV.
(gyang-basedinan)	LIE	BIRT	H PL		ICE.				REI	LIGIO	ONS.				CSI- NCE.
			Ca- nada.	United States  Etats-Unis.	Foreign Countries.	Other British Possessions.  Autr's posses sions Britanniques.	Bap- tists.  Bap- tistes.	R. Ca-tho-lies.  Ca-tholi-ques.	Ch. of England.  Eglise d'Angleterre.	tho- dists	Presbyte-rians Presbyté-riens.	Pro- tes- tants	Other Denominations.  Autr's confessions.	owns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
	JAGE	S MAI	LICIE	IIX Al	UX CI		IIX F	EESTI	AHY	ET A	TITRE	ES PE	RODBI		
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			17	$\frac{1}{1}$				- 1 8	4	·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1		1	$-\frac{1}{12}$	7
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1	1		3	3	4			2	1			9		7	6
1			3	3	4			$-\frac{\cdots}{2}$	1			9		7	6
			$\frac{3}{2}$	1				$-\frac{2}{2}$				1			3
		,												1	
			2	1				2				1		1	3
															40
2	3		53	7	5		2	31	7	8	3	13	3	32	40

TABLE. I. FORGERY A	ND OFF	ENC	ES	SAGA	INST	THE	CURF	ENCY	r. C	LASS	V.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	Number	10		De- tained for		DAMI	-		Сомы	TENC	JAIL
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.	of Charges —	Acquit ted.	;-	Lu- nacy.		Convicted 1st.	Convicted 2nd.	Reite-	the option of a	No Or	-
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Acquit tés.	;-	Dé- tenues pour cause	Total.	Con- dam- nés	Con- dam- nés	Plus de 2 récidi-	Sur option entre la pri-	Under one year.	One year and over.
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.		M.	F	de folie.		une fois.	deux fois.	ves.	son ou l'a- m'nde	Moins d'un an.	Un an et plus.
. С	URREN	CY, C	)F	FENC	ES A	GAINS	ST.				
Carleton, N.B	1				1	1				1	
Montreal, Que	2	1			3 1	i		3			1
Totals of Quebec	6	2			4	1		3			1
Kent, Ont	. 1	1			1 1	<sub>1</sub>				····i	
Totals of Ontario	. 3	1			2	2				1	
Totals of Canada	10	3			7	4		3		2	1
FORGERY	AND U	JTTE	R	ING F	ORGI	ED DO	CUMI	ENTS.			
Cape Breton, N.S	2 2 1	1 1			1 2 1	$\begin{array}{c c} 1\\ 2\\ 1 \end{array}$					
Totals of Nova Scotia	. 5	1			4	4					
King's, N.B		1		1	1	i					
Montreal, Que Quebec, Que. St. Francis, Que.	. 5	2			3 3	3 1	2				1
Totals of Quebec		12			6	4	2				2
Algoma and Manitoulin, Ont Carleton, Ont Elgin, Ont	. 5 . 3	· · · · · i	1 2		3 4	2 2	1 1	i		3	1 1
Frontenac, Ont Kent, Ont Lincoln, Ont Middlesex, Ont	. 3 . 3	1	2		$\begin{array}{c c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ \end{array}$	1 2 1 1	1	1			
Norfolk, Ont Oxford, Ont Perth, Ont Renfrew, Ont	$\begin{array}{ccc} & & 1 \\ & & 2 \\ & & 1 \end{array}$		• •		2 1 2 1	1 1 1 1	1			1 1	1
Waterloo, Ont	. 1	3			2 1 3 5	1 3 1	1	3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	i	1
Totals of Ontario		6	5		31	18	7	6	-	7	4

					-	1				MON	-			E V.
	ITENT	IARY.	TEN	Com-			00	CCUPA	ATION	īs.		CON	CIVIL DITIO TS CIV	NS.
der	ans et	Life.  — A vie	D'th.  De mort	ted to Refor- ma- tories.  En- voyés à la prison de Réfor- me.	Other Sentences.  Autres Sentences.	Agricultural.  Agricultural.	mer- cial.	Do- mestic — Servi- teurs.	Industrial.  Industriels.	Professional Professions libérales.	Laborers  Journa- liers.	Married.  Marriés.	Widowed  En veuvage.	Single — Céli- ba- taires
				DÉI	LITS PAR	RAP	PORT	A LA	MON	NAIE				
	1				a2		1		3		1			3 1
	1				2		1		3					4
					1	1		•••••			1 1			$\frac{1}{1}$
	1				3	1	1		3		2			7
,	· · · · · ·		FA	UXE	T CIRCU	LATIO	ON DI	E FAU	X DO	CUMI	ENTS.	'	1	
i	1 1 1						1				2	1		2
1	3		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				$\frac{2}{\cdots}$				$\frac{2}{\cdots}$	2		$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ \dots \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$
i					a2 a1		3 2		i			1		3 2
1					3		5		1			1		5
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				a1 a1 a1		1		4	i	2  1 1	1	1	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 4 \\ \cdots \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$
2					a1 c1 a2		1		2		2	2		1 2 1
$\frac{\dots}{2}$					<i>a</i> 1		$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ \vdots \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$			i		$\begin{array}{c} 2\\1\\2\\1\end{array}$		
1					a1		$\bar{2}$				1	3		

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. Bound to good behaviour—A tenir une meilleure conduite. c. Acquitted, having made restitution—Acquitté ayant fait restitution.

TABLE I. FORGERY	AND	OFFE	NCES	AG	AI:	NST	THI	E CU	RRI	ENC	Y.	(	CL.	ASS	V.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S	CATIO TATU	S.					AG	ES.					LIQU - USAG	OF ORS.
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men-	Superior.	yea yea	6 rs. ins	und 16 et n	nd er 21. — ans	und 21 et r	years nd er 40. ans noins 40.	40 y and 40	vears over. ans plus.	No	en. - on		Im- mo- de- rate
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inea- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.		Supé- rieure	М. — Н.	F F	М.  Н.	F. F.	М. — Н.	F.	М. — Н.	F. F.	М.  Н.	F F	Mo- déré	
	CURB	ENCY	Z. OFF	ENG	CE	SAG	GAL	NST		1					
		1				1		1		1	1		1		
Carleton, NB.  Montréal, Qué. Pontiac, Qué. St. François, Qué.		$\frac{1}{3}$						1		.3				3	1
Totaux de Québec		4			-			1		3	-		-	4	
Kent, Ont		1 1				1		1						i	
Totaux d'Ontario	-				<u></u>	1		1		<u> </u>			-	2	
Totaux du Canada		7			-	1		3		3				6	1
FORGER	YAN	D UT	FERIN	IG F	'01	RGE	D D	OCU	ME	NTS.	1	1			
C D- + V II		1					1	1						-	
Cap-Breton, NE. Cumberland, NE. Yarmouth, NE.	• • • • •	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\1 \end{bmatrix}$	••••					$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\1 \end{bmatrix}$						1 1 1	1 
Totaux de la NEeosse		4						4						3	1
King's, NB Westmoreland, NB		····i						1						··i	
Montréal, Qué		3 3	• • • • •					3						2	1 3
Totaux de Québec		6					• • • •	6						2	4
Algoma et Manitoulin, Ont Carleton, Ont Elgin, Ont Frontenac, Ont Kent. Ont Lincoln, Ont		3 3 1 2 1	1		• •	1 3 	····	1 1 1	• • • •	1		1		2 4  1 1 1	1  1
Middlesex, Ont		2 2 1 2	1		• •			2 2 1 2 1 2				1		2 2 2	i i 1
Waterloo, Ont Wellington, Ont. Wentworth, Ont. York, Ont.	•	1 3 5						 3 5		i :			• • •	1	2
Totaux d'Ontario		28	2			4	1	21	!	3		2		24	6

TA	BLEA	U I.	FAU	XET	DÉLI	TS PA	AR RA	PPO:	RT À	LA M	IONNA	AIE.	C	LASS	SE V
	LIE		-	ACES.	NCE.				REI	LIGIC	NS.				ESI- NCE.
	rish Is			Uni-	Fo- reign	Other Bri- tish Pos-	Bap-	R. Ca-	Ch. of Eng-		Pres- byte-		Other Deno- mina-	Villes.	istricts
Eng- land and Wales	Ire- land.	Scot- land.	Ca- nada.	ted States	tries.	ses- sions. Autr's	tists.	lics.	and.	dists	rians.	Pro- tes- tants	tions.	Towns-	ricts—Di
Angle terre et Galles	Ir- lande.	Ecos- se.		Etats- Unis.	Autres pays étrangers.	posses sions Bri- tanni- ques.	Bap- tistes.	Ca- tholi- ques.		Mé- tho- dis- tes.	Pres- byté- riens.		Autr's con- fes- sions.	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
-				DÉLI	TS PA	AR RA	PPOR	TÀ	LA M	ONN	AIE.	-			`
			1				1							1	
			3					3						3	
			1										• • • • •		
			4					3						3	1
										1					····i
				1							1			1	
			1	1						1.	1			1	1
			6	1			1	3		1	1			5	2
			FAU	X ET	CIRC	ULAT	ION I	DE F.	AUX 1	DOCT	MEN'	TS.			
			1					1						1	
			$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ \dots \end{vmatrix}$		1			- • • • •				1	1	1	2
			3		1		1	1				1	1	2	2
			1				·								1
			3					3						3	
			2	1				2				1		3	
			5	1				5				1		6	
			3					2		1				3	
		• • • • •	4						1		3			4	
}	::::		$\frac{1}{2}$	• • • • •	1			1 1		i				1	1
			2		1			1	$\vdots \vdots $			2		$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	
			$\frac{1}{2}$						2				1 2	1 2	
2			1 /1						1		2			ĩ	2
				1											
			2	1	1				····i			1	1	1 3	
2			2	1	1			5	~	2	1 6	1 3	1		4

TABLE I. FORGERY AN	ND OFF	ENCES	SAGA	INST	THE	CURR	ENCY		CLASS	5 V.
			De-		ONVIC	_			TTED TO	
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	Number	Ac-	tained					Емі	PRISONN	és.
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.	of Charges	quit- ted.	Lu- nacy.		Con- victed 1st.	Con- victed 2nd.	Reite-	the option	No Or	-
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE	Nombre d'accu- sations	Acquit- tés.	Dé- tenues pour cause de folie.	Total.	Con- dam- nés une	Con- dam- nés deux	Plus de 2 récidi- ves.	son	Moins d'un	One year and over. Un an et
		M. F	}		fois.	fois.		ou l'a- m'nde	an.	plus.
FORGERY AND	UTTER	ING I	ORGE	DO DO	CUME	ENTS-	-Concl	ided.		
Manitoba, Central	3 5	1		2 5	2 3	2			2	i
Totals of Manitoba	8	1		7	5	2			3	1
Westminster, B.CYale, B.C	9 3	3		6 3	2 3	1	3		3 2	····i
Totals of British Columbia	12	3		9	5	1	3		5	1
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T	2 3 1	1		2 2 1	2 2 1				1 1 1	
Totals of the N.W.T	6	1		5	5				3	
Totals of Canada	93	25 5		63	42	12	9		18	8
OTHER OFFENCES NOT	INCLU	DED I	N TH	E FOR	EGOI	NG CI	LASSE	es. c	LASS	VI.
CA	RRYING	UNL	AWFU	JL W	EAPO	NS.				
Queen s, P.E.I	2			2	2			2		• • • • •
Chicoutimi, Que, St. Francis, Que	1	1		1	i	* * * * *		i		
Hastings, Ont		1		2 1 <sub>2</sub>	1	1	1	1 1	1	
Welland, Ont	2			2		2			2	
Totals of Ontario	8			7	1	4	2	3	3	
Westminster, B.C	12	7		5	5			3	1	
Alberta, Northern N.W.T	3	1		2	2				1	1
Totals of Canada	28		1	17	11	4	2	9	5	1
		CONS	PIRAC	CY.	1		E.	1	1	
York, Ont	2	2								
Westminster, B.CYale, B.C	7 3	7		3	3				. 3	
Totals of Canada	12	9		3	3				3	

		SEN	TENC	Œ.								(	CIVIL	
	ITENTI			Com-			00	CCUPA	ATION	TS.			DITIC	
		ILK.		ted to			-							
Two years and un- der five.	Five years and over.	Life.	D'th.  De	Reformatories.  En-	Other Sentences.  Autres	Agricul-	mer-	Do- mestic	In- dus- trial.	Pro- fes- sional	La- borers	Mar- ried.	Wi- dowed	Singl
Deux ans et m'n de cinq	Cinq ans et plus.	A vie	mort	voyés à la prison de Réfor- me.		Agricul- teurs.	Com- mer- çants.	Serviteurs.	In- dus- triels.	Pro- fes- sions libé- rales.	Jour- na- liers.	Ma- riés.	En veu- vage	Céli- ba- taires
			FAU	X ET	CIRCULA	TION	DE F	AUX	DOCU	MEN'	TS—Fi	n.		
2					a1	1	2		2		1	1 3		1 2
2					1	1	2.		2		1	4		3
					a3		6				3		1	5
					3		6				3		1	
					<u>a1</u>		1			1		1		1
					<i>α</i> 1				1		1	2		
					2		1		1	1	1	3		1
15	4				18	1	25		15	3	16	27	2	32
A	UTRI	ES DÉ	LITS	NON C	OMPRIS	DANS	LES C	CLASS	ES PR	ÉCÉD	ENTE	s. CL	ASSE	VI.
					PORT	' D'AR	MES	ILLÉG	AL.					
						1			1	• • • •		1		. 1
						1						1		
• • • •					a1						2	, 1	1	<u>i</u>
											1			
									·····ż					
									2		2	1	1	$\frac{2}{2}$
					1				2			1	1	5
									2		5		1	
					1		2		2		5			5 3 1
					1 b12		2		2		5			5 3 1
					1 b12		2		2 2 1		5	1	1	5 3 1
					1 b12		2	TION.	2 2 1 4		5	1	1	5 3 1
					1		PIRAT	TION.	2 2 1 4		5	1	1 2	5

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue. b. We apon confiscated—Arme confisque.  $17-9\frac{1}{2}$ 

TABLE I. FORGERY	AND	OFFE	NCES	AG	AII	NST	THI	E CU	JRR.	ENC	Y.	C	L	SS	v.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S	CATIO TATU 'RUC'I	S.					AG	ES.					LIQU USAG	OF ORS. E DE
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  - DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.		Superior.	16	rs. ns	unde unde	nd er 21. –	unde unde 21 et m	rears nd er 40. ans oins 40.	40 y and 40	ears over. ans olus.	Non	n. n-		Im- mo- de- rate
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.		Supé- rieure	М. -	F F	M. - H.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F F.	М. — Н.	F	M. — H.	-	Mo- déré	
FORGERY AN	ID III	ירעידי	NC FO	) P.C.	ET	DC	CIL	(FEN	me	Con	11.				
		1	NG FO	JAG 	EI			1		- Cond	l	<i>i</i> .			
Manitoba, Centre Manitoba, Est		4	1					$\frac{2}{2}$	1	2				5	
Totaux de Manitoba		6	1					4	1	2				7	
Westminster, ColBYale, ColB	····i	$\frac{6}{2}$				4		2		'n		···i		6 2	···i
Totaux de la ColBritann	1	8				4		3		1		1	-	8	1
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Alberta, Sud, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Ouest, T. du NO.			2 2					1		1 2		1		1 2	1
Totaux des T. du NO			4				·	1		3		1		3	1
Totaux du Canada	1	53	7			8	1	40	1	9		4	-	48	13
OTHER OFFENCES N	OT I	CLU	DED I	N T	HI	E FC	REC	3011	NG C	LAS	SES	. C	LA	.ss ·	VI.
	CARR	YING	UNL	AWE	U	L W	EAH	PONS	S.				•		
Queen's, I. du PE		2						1		1				2	
Chicoutimi, Qué		1								1				1	
		1				1		1 1 1 1						1 2	2
Totaux d'Ontario		7				1		4		2			-	3	4
Westminster, ColB		4	1		-			4		1				4	1
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Alberta, Sud, T. du NO		1						1				1		1	,
Totaux du Canada	· · · · ·	15	1			1	1	10	1	5	l	1	١	11	5
	1	(	CONSI	IRA	C	Y.	1	1	1	1	1	3			_
York, Ont															
Westminster, ColBYale, ColB			3					3						3	
Totaux du Canada			3		١	1	1	3		1				3	l

TAI	BLEAU	J I.	FAU	JX ET	DÉL	ITS P	AR R	APPO	RT À	LA I	MONN	AIE.	CI	ASS	E V.
	LIE		H PL. DE NA		ICE.				REI	LIGIO	NS.			RE DEI	SI- NCE.
	Ir-		Ca- nada.	United States  — Etats-Unis.	Foreign Countries.  Autres	sessions. Autr's posses sions Bri-		R. Ca-tho-lics.  — Ca-tholiques.		tho- dists	Presbyterians.  Presbytériens.	Protes- tants	Other Denominations.  Autr's confessions.	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts
		1	FAUX	ET C	IRCU	LATIC	ON DE	FAU	JX DO	CUM	ENTS	-Fin	•		
1			1 3	2				3	1	1	1			2	2 3
1			. 4	2				3	2	1	1			2	5
1			1	2	1			2	1	•	• • •	3		6	3
1			2	2	3			3	1		• • • • •	4		7	3
$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 2 \\ \cdots \end{array}$									2 2					2	2
4									4					2	2
. 8			40	6	6		2	17	17	3	7	9	5	45	17
AU	TRES	DÉLI	TS NO	ON CO	MPRIS	S DAN	IS LES	S CL	ASSES	PRÉ	CÉDE	ENTE	s. CI	ASSI	E V1.
					POF	RT D'A	RME	SILI	LÉGAI	.4.					
••••			2				•••••				••••	2		1	1
			i									1			1
1			1 1				1		2					2 1	
1			2	····i				1	1	2				1 2	1
2			4	1			1	1	3	2				6	1
		1	1	3		••••		1			1	2	1	5	
	1											1	• • • • •		1
2	1	1	8	4			1	2	3	2	1	6	1	12	4
					1	CON	SPIRA	XT101	Ν.	1				1	
3					•••••				2				1		3
3			1						2		• • •		1		3

TABLE I. OTHER OFFE	NCES N			SSES.	ED IN	THE	FORE	GOING	i C	LASS	V1.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	Number	Ac		De- tained for		DNVIO DAM	_		Соммі	NTENO	JAIL
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.	of Charges	qui	t-	Lu- nacy.		Convicted 1st.	Convicted 2nd.	Reite-	the option	No Or	-
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Ac qui tés	t-	Dé- tenues pour cause de folie.	Total.	Con- dam- nés une fois.	Con- dam- nés deux fois.	de 2	Sur option entre la pri- son ou l'a-	der one year.	year and over. Un an et plus.
		М.	r.						me'de		
VIO	LATION	OF	1	THE E	LECT	ION A	CT.	1		,	
Montreal, Que	5				5	5			5		
Middlesex, Ont	2	1			1	1				1	
Victoria, B.C	* 1 2				1	1				a1	
Westminster, B.CYale, B.C	1	2			1	i			1		
Totals of British Columbia	4	2			2	2			1	1	
Totals of Canada	11	3			8	8			6	2	
	1	FOR	Ci	BLE :	ENTR	Y. ·		,	,		
Essex, Ont. Hastings, Ont. Simcoe, Ont. Thunder Bay and Rainy River, O York, Ont.	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1			1 1	1 1					
Totals of Ontario & Canada.		3		1	2	2					<u></u> .
GAMBLING A	AND LO	TTE	CR	Y AC'I	rs, of	FENC	ES AC	FAINS	Т.		
Joliette, Que Montreal, Que Quebec, Que	1 30 4	1			1 29 4	21 4	7	1	1 28 4		
Totals of Quebec	35	1			34	26	7	1	33		
Frontenac, Ont. Kent, Ont. Waterloo, Ont.	1 1 1	1			1	1	1		1		
Wentworth, OntYork, Ont	$\frac{2}{1}$	1			1	1			1		
Totals of Ontario	6	3	-		3	2	1		3		
Victoria, B.C	78 78	1 13 3			65	64	i		65 4		
Totals of British Columbia	86	17			69	68	1		69		
Totals of Canada	127	21			106	96	9	1	105		
INDECENT EXPOSURE	AND O	THE	CR	OFFI	ENCES	AGA	INST	PUBL	IC MO	DRALS	Š.
Digby, N.S. Halifax, N.S. Yarmouth, N.S.  a. Both jail and fine—La priso	1 1 1	1			1		1				

TABLEAU I.	AUTRES DELITS NON COME		CLASSES	CLASSE	VI.
	· PRÉCÉDE	ENTES.	,		

		SEN	TEN	CE.								CON	CIVIL DITIC	NTC!
PEN	ITENT	IARY.					00	CCUP	ATION	vs.				
Pér	NITEN	CIER.		Com- mit-								ETA	rs civ	ILS.
Two		1		ted to Refor-	Other		[	[	1					
years	Five		D'th.	ma- tories.	Senten- ces.	Agri-	Com-		In-	Pro-	- 1			
	years	1	_			cul- tural.	mer-	Do- mestic	dus-	fes-	La- borers	Mar- ried.	Wi- dowed	Sing
five.	over.	13110.	De	17	· A	titi ai.	Ciai.	mestic	or ran.	Sionai	DOLETS	Tied.	dowed	Onig
	Cinq		mort		Autres Senten-		_	~ .			-	3.5		~~
ans et	ans et	A vie		à la prison	ces.	Agri- cul-	Com- mer-	Servi- teurs.	dus-	Pro- fes-	Jour- na-	Ma- riés.	En veu-	Cél ba-
m'ns de	plus.			de Réfor-		teurs.	çants.		triels.	sions libé-	liers.		vage.	taires
ci nq.				me.						rales.				
				IN	FRACTIO	NS À	LA LO	OI ÉLI	ECTOI	RALE.				
							1							1
								•						
							1				1			2
-					H	ENTRI	EE FO	RCÉE.						
					a1			1				1		
					a1	1						1		
		INFRA	CTIO	NS AI	UX LOIS	DÉFE	NDAN	TT T.E	JEII	ET L	ES LO	TERIE	S	
				110 111	1 2010			1 1372	1	131 133		1 121011		
					a1		25		$\frac{1}{3}$			$\frac{1}{27}$		$\frac{\cdots}{2}$
							1					1		3
		• • • • •			1		26		4			29		5
							1					1		i
												1		
				****			1							
							3					2		1
							4	11	2		49	$\frac{29}{2}$		36
							4	11	2		49	31		38
					1		33	11	6		49	62		44
EX	POSI	TION	INDÉ	CENT	E ET AU	TRES	DÉLI	TS CC	NTRI	E LA	MORA	LE PU	BLIQ	UE.
1			•••••								1			1
a.	Sent	ence su	spende	ed—Sen	tence suspe	endue.							***	

TABLE I. OTHER OF	FENCI	ES NO	T INC			O IN	TH	E FO	REC	GOIN	KG	CI	A	SS V	I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S	CATIO TATU TRUCT	S.					AG	ES.					USE LIQU USAC LIQU	ORS.
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI-	Un- able to read or write.	able to read or menwrite.		16	rs. ns	unde 16 et m	nd er 21. –	unde	nd	40 y and - 40	ears over. ans olus.	No	n. n-	Mo- de- rate	de-
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.	Elé- men- taire.	Supé- rieure	М. — Н.	F F	м. — н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. - Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	-	Mo- déré	
V	IOLA'	TION	OF TH	HE I	CLI	ECT	ION	ACI	Γ.		1			•	
Montréal, Qué	Montréal, Qué														
			-					1					-	1	
Victoria, ColB												1	-		
Totaux de la ColBritann.					-								-		
												2	-		
Totaux du Canada			RCIBL	ы ы		PV		2		1		6		- 2	
	<del></del>	1	!	12 12.			1	1	1			[	1		
Essex, Ont. Hastings, Ont. Simcoe, Ont. Th'der Bay et Rainy Riv., Ont. York, Ont.		··· i						1			1			1	
Totaux d'Ont. et du Canada		2			-			1			1		-	1	1
GAMBLING		-	TERY	AC'	TS.	OF	FEN		AG	AIN	ST.	1	1 -	-	-
Joliette, Qué. Montréal, Qué Québec, Qué		1 29 4						13 4	i	1 15				1 26 4	3
Totaux de Québec		34			-			17	1	16				31	3
Frontenac, Ont. Kent, Ont. Waterloo, Ont. Wentworth, Ont York, Ont.	1	1						1		1				1 1	1
Totaux d'Ontario	1	2			-			1		2				2	1
Victoria, ColB		55	7					36		29				61 4	4
Totaux de la ColBritann		55	11					39		30				65	4
Totaux du Canada	1	91	11					57	1	48				98	8
INDECENT EXPOSUE	EAN	DOT	HER C	FFI	EN	CES	AG	AIN	ST I	PUB	LIC	MOI	2.1	LS.	
Digby, N.·E Halifax, N.·E Yarmouth, NE	* * * * * *	1						1						i	

3200	TABLEAU I. AUTRES DÉLITS NON COMPRIS DANS LES CLASSES CLASSE VI.														
TAE	BLEAU	J <b>I</b> .	AUTI	RES D	ELITS	NON PRÉ	COM	PRIS	DANS S.	5 LES	CLA	SSES	CL	ASSE	VI.
		DID	H PL	ACTE											
	LIE		_	ISSAN	CE.				REI	LIGIC	NS.			DEI	SI- NCE.
Brit	rish Is	LES.	1			Other					[		Other	mî.	95
ILES B	BRITAN	VIQUES.		Uni-	Fo- reign Coun-	Bri- tish Pos-	Вар-	R. Ca-	Ch. of Eng-	Me- tho-	Pres- byte-		Deno- mina- tions.	Ville	strict
Eng- land	Ire-	Scot-		ted States	tries.	ses-	tists.	lies.	land.	dists	rians.	Pro-		-su	Di
and Wales	land.	land.	Ca- nada.	_		Autr's			F-1:	31/		tes- tants	Autr's	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts
Angle terre	Ir-	Ecos-		Etats- Unis.	Au- tres pays	posses sions Bri-	Bap- tistes.	Ca- tholi- ques.		tho-	Pres- byté- riens.		fes- sions.	s and	ural Dis
et Galles	lande.				étran- gers.	tanni- ques.			terre.	tes.				Citie	Rura
				INFF	RACTI	ONS A	LA .	LOI 1	ELECT	ORA	LE.	1	!	J	
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	TN	VFR A (	2 CTION	SAII	X LOI	S DEI	EEND	ANT	LE JE	l 2	r t.es	LOT	ERIES	1	1
		17 10211	1	1	Z BOI	o Digi		1	1	JO 11.		LOI			1 -
			$\begin{array}{c} 1\\26\\4\end{array}$	i	2			$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 23 \\ 3 \end{array}$	i	1	2	1	1 1	29	
			31	1	2			27	1	1	2	1	2	33	1
			1 1					1 1						1 1	
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		1	$\frac{2}{}$					2	••••		1			3	• • • •
	1		3	3	62			1	1	2		2	62 1	65 4	
	1		3	3	62			1	1	2		2	63	69	
	1	1	36	4				30	2	3	3	3	65	105	1
EXI	POSIT	ION I	NDÉC	ENTE	ETA	UTRI	ES DÉ	LITS	CONT	CRE I	ZA MO	ORAL	E PU	BLIQ	UE.
			1				1							1	
													١		

TABLE I.	OTHER	OFFENCES	NOT	INCLUDED	IN	THE	FOREGOING	CLASS VI.
				CLASSES.				

	10130 11	C	LA	SSES.						111100	
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS IN WHICH	Number of	Acqui	t-	De- tained for Lu-		ONVIC	NATIO		Commi Em	TTED TO	JAIL vés.
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	Charges	ted	1.	nacy.		Convicted 1st.	Convicted 2nd.	Reite- rated.		SANS O	PTION.
DISTRICTS JUDI-	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Ac qui tés	t-	Dé- tenues	Total.	Con-	Con-	- Plus	Sur	der one	year and over.
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.		М.	F	pour cause de folie.		dam- nés une fois.	dam- nés deux fois.	de 2	entre la pri- son ou l'a- m'nde	_	Un an et plus.
INDECENT EXPOSURE A	ND OTE	IER	Ol	FFENC	CES A	GAIN	ST PU	BLIC	MOR	ALS-	Con.
St. John, N.B	1 3				1 3	1 3			1		
Totals of New Brunswick	4				4	4			1	• • • •	
Bedford, Que	1 8 1	1 1			7	6		i	4	1 I	
Three Rivers, Que	2	- 2					• • • • •				
Totals of Quebec  Essex, Ont	12	4		• • • • •	8	$\frac{7}{1}$		1	4	2	
Grey, Ont	5 6 2 1 3	i			5 5 2 1 2	5 4 2 1 2	1		4	1 1 1 1	
Waterloo, Ont. Welland, Ont. York, Ont.	1 1 5	1			1 5	1 5			4	1	
Totals of Ontario	25	3			22	21	1		9	6	
Manitoba, Eastern	5			m1	4	4				a4	
Westminster, B.C	6	1			5	5 1			5		
Totals of British Columbia	7	1			6	6			5		
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T Assiniboia, Western, N.W.T	1	2			i	1	• • • • •			··ii	
Totals of Canada	59	12		m1	46	43	2	1	19	13	
PERJUR	Y AND	SUI	BO	RNAT	TON	)F PE	RJUR	1 ·	4	1	1
Queen's, P.E.I.	1	1									
Cape Breton, N.S. Cumberland, N.S. Halifax, N.S.	1 1 8	1 5	i		1 2	1 1	1			2	
Totals of Nova Scotia	10	6	1	1	3	2	1			2	
Beauharnois, Que	1 6 1	2 1	1		1 3	1 2	1			2	
Totals of Quebec	8	3	1		4	3	1			2	
a. One, both jail and \$50-Un	, la priso	n et	850	). b. i	And \$2	00 - Et	\$200.				

a. One, both jail and \$50 – Un, la prison et \$50. b. And \$200 – Et \$200.

TA	BLEA	UI.	AU'	TRES	DÉLITS :	VON C	OMPI ÉDEN	RIS DA	ANS L	ES CI	LASSE	S CI	LASSE	VI.
		SEN	TEN	CE.		,							CIVIL	
	ITENT:			Com- mit-			00	CCUPA	ATION	S.		ÉTA'	rs cry	VILS
un- der.		Life.	D'th.	ted to Refor- ma- tories	Other Sentences.	Agri- cul- tural.	Com- mer- cial.	Do- mestic	In- dus- trial.	Pro- fes- sional	La- borers	Mar- ried.	Wi- dowed	Single
D'ux ans et m'ns de cinq.	ans et	A vie	De mort	En- voyés à la prison de Réfor- me.	Autres Senten- ces.	Agricul- teurs.	Commer- çants.	Servi- teurs.	In- dus- triels.	Pro- fes- sions libé- rales.	Jour- na- liers.	Ma- riés.	En veu- vage.	Céli- ba- taires.
	EXP	ositi	ON II	, NDÉCI	ENTE ET	DÉLI	TS CC	NTRE	LAN	10RA	LE PU	BLIQ	UE-F	in.
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			****		2		4	1	1		1	3		5
					a1		4	1			1	3		1 2
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					<i>a</i> 1		· · · 1				1 4			1 5
1				1	5		5	1	1		10	4	1	17
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1						 	3				2		2	4
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6				PARJ	URE ET	SUBO	RNAT	3 TON I	)E PA	RJUR	16 E.	10	3	33
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1						1			1			$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$		1
			1											

a. Sentence suspended – Sentence suspendue.

TABLE I.	OTHER	OFFENCES	NOT	INCLUDED	IN	THE	FOREGOING	CLASS	VI.
				CLASSES.					

TABLE I. OTHER OF	. 151(01	#3 T/O		SSES		0 1.	11	I IS T	ORI		_/(1		ud.	י כיני	1.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S	CATIO TATU RUCI	S.					AG	ES.					LIQU	OF ORS. E DE
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  -	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men- tary.	Superior.	Unde 16 years Moir	s.	unde unde	nd er 21. – ans	unde	nd er 40. – ans	and o	ans	Non	n. n-	Mo- de-	Im- mo- de-
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	_			de 16 an			21.	de de		et p	olus.	doni	ne.	rate	rate
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.		Supé- rieure	M	F	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	-	Mo- déré	
INDECENT EXPOSURE	AND	ОТНЪ	ER OF	FEN:	CH	ES A	GAI	NST	PU	BLI	C M	ORA	LS	Co	71.
St. Jean, NB Westmoreland, NB								1 2	1					3	1
Totaux du NBrunswick		4					• • • •	3	1					3	1
Bedford, Qué. Montreal, Qué Québec, Qué Trois-Rivières, Qué.		7				1 		5		1				6 1	1
Totaux de Québec		8		1	-	1		5		1				7	1
Essex, Ont. Grey, Ont. Hastings, Ont. Nipissing, Ont. Northumberl'det Durham, O. Ontario, Ont. Waterloo, Out		5 5 2 1 2				1 2	1	2 1	1 1	1 2 1	1	2		1 2 5 1 	3  1 1
Welland, Ont		1 4	1	1	• •	2		3		4				3	2
Totaux d'Ontario		$\frac{21}{3}$	1			$\frac{5}{1}$	1	$\frac{6}{3}$	2		1		-	15	$\frac{7}{1}$
Westminster, Col. B Yale, Col. B	1	4	1					2	1	2				3	2 1
Totaux de la ColBritann.	1	4	1					2	1	3				3	3
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Ouest, T. du NO		i i										···i·		···i·	
Totaux du Canada	2	42	2	2		7	1	20	4	8	1	3		33	13
PERJ	URY	AND S	SUBOR	RNAT	H	ON (	OF I	PER.	UR	Υ.	1		4		_
Queen's, I. du PE															
Cap-Breton, NE Cumberland, NE Halifax, NE	2	1						2						2	1
Totaux de la NEcosse	2	1			-			3						2	1
Beauharnois, Qué Montréal, Qué St. François, Qué.	3	1						1	2	1				3	
Totaux de Québec	3	1						1	2	1				4	

The second secon									-
TABLEAU I.	AUTRES I	DELITS	NON	COMPRIS	DANS	LES	CLASSES	CLASSE	VI.
			PRÉ	CEDENTE	S.				

-	_					FIVE	CEDE	AN I E				-		_	
		BIRT	H PL.	ACES.					DIST	TOTO	STO.			RE	SI-
	LIE	IIX D	ENA	ISSAN	CE.				REI	IGIC	INS.			DEN	
	2222														
Rpr	тізн Із	IFS (		1 1	Other	Other							1		
					Fo-	Bri-		R.					Other	es.	cts
ILES B	RITANN	IQUES.		Uni- ted	reign Coun-	tish Pos-	Bap-	Ca- tho-	Ch. of Eng-	Me- tho-	Pres- byte		Deno- mina-	Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
Eng-				States	tries.	ses-	tists.	lics.		dists.	rians.		tions.	1	Ď.
land	Ire-	Scot-	α-			sions.						Pro-		Towns-	00
and Wales	land.	land.	Ca- nada.		_	Autr's		_	_			tes-	_	l'ov	ict
	_		2224	Etats-	Au-	posses	Bap-	Ca-	Eglise		Pres	00000	Autr's	d J	istı
Angle	Ir-	Ecos-		Unis.	tres pays	sions Bri-	tistes.	tholi- ques.	d'An- gle-	tho- dis-	byté- riens.		con- fes-	Cities and	ıral Di
et	lande.	se.			étran-	tanni-		ques.	terre.	tes.	riens.		sions.	ties	ıra
Galles					gers.	ques.								Ö	졒
TITTO	O TIBLO	AT TATE	Tion	70373 73	FIR A TY	mp na	DÉLL	TDC C	ONTHID	E T 4	MOD	A T 33 :	DITTO	LOZZE	
EXPO	STTIO	NINI	DECE	NTE E	TAU	TRES	DELL	TS C	ONTR	E LA	MOR.	ALE.	PUBL	IQUE	-Fin.
			1					1						1	
			3				3							3.	
			4				3	1						4	
	1		5					6	····i						
			1					1						i	
1	1		6					7	1					8	
			$\frac{1}{3}$	2				1	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	٠.		2	5	1
			5					1	1	$\tilde{2}$				5	
			1 1		1			1					1	2	
			2						1		1			1	1
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• • • •			1 5					1	3	1				5	1
			19	2	1			4	7	5	1		3	19	3
3			1						2	1	1			3	1
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1		1	1		3			1	1		1	2	1	3	3
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5	1	1	32	2	5		4	13	11	6	3	2	4	38	8
			P	ARJU	RE E	r sub	ORNA	TION	I DE I	PARJ	URE.				
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Perinductrum															

TABLE I. OTHER OFFENCES NOT INCLUDED IN THE FOREGOING CLAS VI. CLASSES.														
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	N			De- tained		ONVIO	_		Сомм	NTEN	O JAIL			
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  -	Number of Charges	qui tec	it- d.	for Lu- nacy.		Con- victed 1st.	victed	Reite-rated.	the option	Un-	Option.			
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Ac qui tés	it-	Dé- tenues pour cause de	Total.	Con- dam- nés une	Con- dam- nés deux	Plus de 2 récidi- ves.	Sur option entre la pri- son	-	year and over. — Un an et			
		М.	F	folie.		fois.	fois.		ou l'a- m'nde	an.	plus.			
PERJURY AN	D SUB	ORN	A	FION	OF PI	ERJUI	RY- C	onclude	d.					
Bruce, Ont	2 3	$\frac{2}{1}$	2											
Essex, Ont Huron, Ont Kent, Ont	$\frac{2}{1}$	2 1 1												
Lincoln, Ont	1 2 1	 1 1			1	1								
Peel, Ont Perth, Ont Peterborough, Ont Thunder Bay & Rainy River, O	1 1 1	1			1 1	1 1				····i				
York, Ont	5	$\frac{1}{5}$	··· - 2		4					• • • •				
Totals of Ontario  Manitoba, Central Manitoba, Western		1			2	2			• • • •	$\frac{2}{\frac{1}{1}}$	* * * * * *			
Totals of Manitoba		1			3	3				2				
Assiniboia, Eastern, N.W.T	1	1				• • • •								
Totals of Canada	51	32	4		14	12	2			8				
PRISON BREACH, ESCAP	E, ATT	EMI	T	AND	AIDII	NG TO	ESC	APE F	ROM	PRISC	)N.			
Queen's, P.E.1	1						1			1				
Cape Breton, N.S. Cumberland, N.S. Halifax, N.S.	8				1 1 8		1 7	i	1	5				
Inverness, N.S	1				1		1			1				
Totals of Nova Scotia	12				. 12		11	1	2	7				
Westmoreland, N.B	6		-		6		2	4		6				
Beauharnois, Que Bedford, Que Pontiac, Que. Richelieu, Que	1 1 1 1				1 1 1	1	1	1		1				
St. Francis, Que	<u> î</u>		-		<u>i</u>		1							
Totals of Quebec	5				5	1	3	1		1				
Bruce, Ont	1 1 1	• • •			1 1		1 1 1			1				

a. 1. Jury disagreed—Les jurés ne se sont pas accordés.

TAB	BLEA	U I.	AUT	RES D	ĖLITS N		MPRI EDEN		NS LE	S CL	ASSES	TAI	BLEAU	J VI.
	ITENTI — NITENO	ARY.	NTEN (	Com-			00	CCUPA	ATION	s.		CON	CIVIL DITIO S CIV	
Two years and un- der	Five years and over. Cinq ans et	Life.  A vie	D'th.  — De mort.	ted to Refor- ma- tories  En- voyés à la prison de Réfor- me.	Other Sentences.  Autres Sentences.	Agricultural.  Agriculteurs.	Com- mer-	Do- mestic — Servi- teurs.	In- dus- trial.  In- dus- triels.	Professional  Professions libérales.	La-borers  Jour-na-liers.	Married.  Marriés.	Wi- dowed — En veu- vage.	Singl — Céli- ba- taires
			P	ARJU	RE ET SU	JBORI	ATIC	N DE	PARJ	URE-	-Fin.			
)				1								1 1 2		1
1						2		•••				3	• • • • • •	
			-	1		3	1		1		4	7		
(/			IS DE		ON, ÉVAS					AIDE	·		·	4
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2					1				2		10	3		
									•		6	1	•••	-
1 1					a1		i				1 1 1	1		
2					2		1				3	2		
	1										1		1	

a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue.

TABLE I. OTHER OFFENCES NOT INCLUDED IN THE FOREGOING TABLE VI. CLASSES.

			CLA	SSE	5.										
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S	CATIO TATU	S.					AG	ES.						ORS. - EDE
														LIQU	EURS
IN WHICH	Un-	1		Une	ler	16 y	ears	21 v	ears	1	~				
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	ableto			16		ar	nd	ar	ad	40 y	ears	No			
OFFEROE COMMITTIES.	read	Ele-		year	rs.	unde	er 21.	unde	er 40.	and	over.	give	n.	3.5	Im-
_	or write.	men- tary.	Supe-	Moi	ne	16	ans	21	ans	40	ans	No	n.	Mo- de-	
DISTRICTED INTO	WIIDC.	vary.	TIOI.	de			oins							rate	
DISTRICTS JUDI-	_		_	16 a:	ns.		21.		40.	1					
CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Inca-	321.6	Sun á		,							_	-		
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	pable	men-	Supé- rieure	M.	F	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F	Mo-	
11 1112 0011111011	de lire	taire.		_	-	-	-	_	_	-		_	_	déré.	mo- déré
	crire.			H.	$\mathbf{F}$	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F.	H.	F		uere
	<u> </u>														
PERJURY	AND	SUBO	RNAT	ION	0	F P	ERJ	URY	-Cc	nclue	led.				
Bruce, Ont															
Elgin, Ont															
Essex, Ont													٠.		
Huron, Ont															
Kent, Ont		1					1								
Lincoln, Ont		i													
Muskoka et Parry Sound, Ont															
Peel, Ont															
Perth, Ont Peterborough, Ont Th'der Bay et Rainy Riv., O		1						1						1	
Th'der Bay et Rainy Riv., O	1			1										1	
Victoria, Ont															
· ·					-								-		
Totaux d'Ontario	1	3		1			1	2						4	
Manitoba, Centre		2							1	1			1	2	
Manitoba, Ouest		1								1				1	
Totaux de Manitoba		3		,					1	2				3	
Assiniboïa, Est, T. du NO					-								Н		
													-		
Totaux du Canada	6				L			6	3	3		1	1	13	1
PRISON BREACH, ESC.	APE,	ATTE	MPT A	IND	A	IDII	NG 1	IO E	SCA	PE	FRO	MI	'R.	ISON	
Queen's, I. du PE							,					1			
											-				
Cap-Breton, NE	1	i						1							1
Halifax, NE.		8				4		4						6	2
Inverness, NE.		1								1				1	
Pictou, NE		1				• • •		1		• • •				1	
Totaux de la NEcosse	1	11				4		7		1				8	4
Westmoreland, NB	3	3						6						5	1
Possilianistis Onl		1			-			1					-	1	
Beauharnois, Qué Bedford, Qué		i						1						1	
Pontiac, Qué	1							1						1	
Richelieu, Qué	1							i		1				1	· · · ·
St. François, Qué															
Totaux de Québec	2	3						4		1				4	1
Bruce, Out	1				-	-		1					-		1
Elgin, Ont		1				1								1	
Essex, Ont		1	l			1	<u> </u>	1			1	l	1	1	1

TAB	LEAU	I.	AUT	RES I	ÉLIT	S NON	COM ÉCED	PRIS	DAN	S LE	S CLA	SSES	5 C1	LASS	E VI.
	LIF		CH PL DE NA			110		24.4		LIGIO	ons.		***		ESI- NCE.
	TISH I	SLES.	1	4	Fo-	Other Bri- tish		R. Ca-	Ch. of	Mo	Pres-		Other Deno- mina-	lles.	icts
Eng- land and Wales	Ire- land.	Scot-land.	Ca- nada.	United States	Au-	Posses	Bap-	tho- lies.	England.  Eglise	tho- dists — Mé-	byterians.  - Pres-	Pro- tes- tants	Autr's		Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
Angle terre et Galles	Ir- lande.	Ecos-		Etats- Unis.		sions Bri- tanni- ques.		tholi- ques.		tho- dis- tes.	byté- riens.		fes- sions.	Cities and	Rural Di ruraux.
	,		PA	RJUR.	EET	SUBO.	RNAT	ION :	DE PA	RJU	RE—F	in.		1	,
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	17—	-10													

TABLE I. OTHER OFFE	NCES N			CLUD SSES.		THE	FORI	EGOIN	G (	CLASS	VI.
					CC	ONVIC	TION	q	SEI	NTEN	Œ.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De-		DAM	_			TTED T	
IN WHICH	Number	Ac	-	tained for					Еми	PRISONN	ÉS.
OFFENCE COMMITTED.	of Charges	qui ted		Lu- nacy.		Convicted		Reite-	With the option of a	No Or	_
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Ac qui tés	t-	Dé- tenues pour cause de folie.	Total.	Con- dam- nés une fois.	Con- dam- nés deux fois.	Plus de 2 récidi- ves.	fine. Sur option entre	Under one year.  Moins d'un an.	One year and over.  Un an et plus
PRISON BREACH, ESCAPE	, ATTEN	1PT	Al	ND AI	DING	TO ES	CAPE	FRO	M PRI	SON-	Con.
Frontenac, Ont	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1	1			1 1 2 1 1 1		1 2 1 1 1	1		1 1 2 1 1 1	
Totals of Ontario	13	1			12		11	1		11	
Cariboo, B.C	1 2 7 2				1 2 7 2	1	1 1 4 2	1 2		1 2 4 2	
Totals of British Columbia.	12				12	1	8	3		9	
Alberta Northern, N.W.T. Alberta, Southern, N.W.T. Assiniboia, Western, N.W.T. Saskatchewan, N.W.T.	4 4 4 3	1			3 4 4 3		3 2 4 3	2		2 2 4 3	
Totals of the N.W.T	15	1			14		12	2		11	
Totals of Canada	64	2			62	2	48	12	2	46	
REV	ENUE I	AW	S,	OFFE	NCES	AGA]	INST.	1	1	1	
Montreal, Que	1	1									
Algoma and Manitoulin, Ont Oxford, Ont	2 1				2	2				<i>u</i> 1	2
Totals of Ontario	3				3	3				1	2
Alberta, Southern, N.W.T	2	1			1	1				1	
Yukon	1	1									
Totals of Canada	7	3	-		4	4				2	2
	1	1	F	IOT.	i	1	1	1	1		
Hants, N.S	1	1									
York, Ont		1			2	2					
Totals of Canada	.  4	2	١		2	2				1	

TABLEAU I. (AUTRES DÉLITS NON COMPRIS DANS LES CLASSES CLASSE VI. PRÉCÉDENTES.

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	NITENT			Com- mit- ted to				UUUP.	ATION	NS.		ÉTA	rs civ	VILS.
Two years and un- der five.  D'ux ans et m'ns de cinq.	Five years and over. Cinq ans et plus.	Life.  A vie.	D'th.  De mort	Reformatories  Envoyés à la prison de Réforme.	Other Sentences.  — Autres Sentences.		mercial.  Commerciants.	Do- mestic — Servi- teurs.	In- dus- triels.	Professions libérales.	La- borers — Jour- na- liers.	Ma- riés.	En veu-vage.	Single  Céliba- taires
	H	BRIS	DE PR	ISON,	ÉVASIO	N, TE	NTAT	IVE :	ET AI	DE D'	EVAS	ION-1	7in.	
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2					1	1	•	• • • • •			8	1		9
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				DÉL	ITS CON	TRE I	ERE	VENU	DE I	ZÉTA:	г.			
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a.	Sente	ence su	spende	d—Sen	tence suspe	endue.								

Totaux du Canada .....

								2	-3 E	EDW	ARD	VII	-9 1	A. 1:	903
TABLE I. OTHER OFF	ENCE	s NOT	CLAS			) IN	TH	E F	ORE	GOI:	NG	CI	AS	SS V	I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS	S'.	CATIO FATUS RUCT	3.					AGI	ES.					USE LIQU USAG LIQUI	ORS. - E DE
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICIS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men- tary.	Superior.	16	s.	an unde – 16 a	d r 21. ins oins	21 ye an unde 21 a et m de	d r 40. - ins oins	40 ye and c 40 a et p	ver.	No give No donr	n. n	Mo- de- rate	
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.		Supé- rieure		F F	М. — Н.	F. F.	М. — Н.	F. F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	-		Mo- déré	Im- mo- déré
PRISON BREACH, ESCAR	E, AT	TEME	TAN	D AI	DI	NG	то і	ESCA	PE	FRO	M F	RIS	ON	-Cc	m.
Frontenac, Ont Halton, Ont Hastings, Ont. Lanark, Ont. Norfolk, Ont. Northumberl'd et Durham, O. Welland, Ont. Wentworth, Ont. York, Ont. Totaux d'Ontario.		1				1		1  1 4		1  1 		1 2  1  5		1  1 1 5	1
Caribou, ColB	1 1	1 1 6 2				i	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 2 3 2		1		2		1 1 4 1	] 3 1
Totaux de la ColBrit	2	10				1		8		1		2		7	5
Alberta Nord, T. du NO Alberta, Sud, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Ouest, T. du NO Saskatchewan, T. du NO	1	2 4 3 1				$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\2\\ \vdots\\1 \end{bmatrix}$		2				1 4 2		2 3 	1 1
Totaux des Ter. du NO	1	10				5		2				7		6	2
Totaux du Canada	10	43				11		31		5		15		35	15
RE	VENU	JE LA	WS, C	FFF	EN	CES	AG.	AIN	ST.		1	1	1		1
Montréal, Qué	ĺ									1	Ī		1	Ī	
Algoma et Manitoulin, Ont	1	1 1			-			2 1						1	2
Totaux d'Ontario	1	2			-			3					-	1	2
Alberta Sud, T. du NO					-			-				1	-		
Yukon					-								-		
Totaux du Canada	1	2			-	-		3		-	-	1	-	1	2
			R	IOT.											
Hants, NE		1		1	1					1	1				
York, Ont		1		2	-							-	-	2	
				-	-			-				-	-	-	

TABLEAU I.	AUTRES DÉLITS	NON	COMPRIS	DANS	LES CLASSES	CLASSE	VI.
		PRE	CÉDENTES				

						PRE	CEDE	NTE	5.						
-	LIE		H PL	ACES.	CE.				REI	LIGIC	NS.			RE DEN	SI- NCE.
	TISH IS				Other Fo- reign	Other Bri- tish		R. Ca-	Ch. of	Me-	Pres-		Other Deno-	Villes.	ricts
Eng- land and Wales	Ire- land.	Scot- land.	Ca- nada.	United States	Countries.  Au-	Posses sions.  Autr's posses	Baptists.  Bap-	tho- lics.	_ Eglise	tho- dists — Mé-	byterians.  Pres-	Pro- tes- tants	mina- tions.  — Autr's	Cities and Towns—V	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
Angle terre et Galles	Ir- lande.	Ecos-		Etats- Unis.	tres pays étran- gers.	sions Bri- tanni- ques.	tistes.	ques.	d'An- gle- terre.	tho- dis- tes.	byté- riens.		con- fes- sions.	Cities a	Rural Dis
	BE	RIS DI	E PRI	SON, 1	ÉVASI	ON, T	ENTA	TIVI	EET	AIDE	D'ĖV	ASIC	NF	in.	
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TABLE I. OTHER OFFE	NCES N			CLUD		THE	FOR	EGOI	VG C	CLASS	VI.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS				De- tained		ONVIONDAM	_		Соммі	NTENTED T	o Jail
IN WHICH OFFENCE COMMITTED.  -	Number of Charges —	qui tec	it-	for Lu- nacy.		Convicted 1st.	Convicted 2nd.	Reite-	With the option of a fine.	_	PTION. OPTION. One
DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Nombre d'accu- sations.	Ac qui tés	t-	Dé- tenues pour cause de	Total.	Con- dam- nés une	Con- dam- nés deux	Plus de 2 récidi- ves.	Sur option entre la pri- son	der one year. Moins d'un	year and over. Un an et
		M.	F	folie.		fois.	fois.		ou l'a- m'nde	an.	plus.
	SUIC	CIDI	Ē, .	ATTE	MPT A	AT.					
Halifax, N.S	2		1		1	1				1	
Montreal, Que	9				9	8				2	
Totals of Quebec	10				10	9		1		3	
Brant, Ont. Bruce, Ont. Carleton, Ont. Elgin, Ont. Lambton, Ont. Oxford, Ont. Waterloo, Ont.	1 1 3 1 1 1	i i  1			1 2 1 1	2 1 1	1			1 1 1	
York, Ont	11	3	1 - 1		7	6	1			1 4	
Manitoba, Western	1	1	-								
Victoria, B.C	1 2	i			1 1	····i	1				
Alberta, Northern, N.W.T Assiniboia, Western, N.W.T	1 1	1 1									
Yukon	1	1									
Totals of Canada	30	8	2		20	17	2	1		8	<u> </u> .
VA	RIOUS	OTH	Œ	R MIS	DEMI	EANO	RS.				
Halifax, N.S	2	1			1		1			1	
Montreal, Que	4	1			3	1	1	1		3	
Carleton. Ont. Grey, Ont. Haldimand, Ont	2	1			2	2			1	1	
Leeds and Grenville, Ont	1 2 1 7	$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline 1\\2\\1\\2\\\end{array}$	3		2	2			2		
Totals of Ontario	15	7	3		5	5			3	1	
Manitoba, Central	1 2	4 2									
Westminster, B.C	1	1									
Totals of Canada	28	16	3	l	9	6	2	1	3	5	

SESS	SIONA	AL PA	PER N	No. 17										
TA	BLEA	U I.	AUT	RES I	DELITS N	ON C	GMPR ÉDEN	IS DA	NS L	ES CL	ASSES	S CI	ASSE	V1.
		SEN	NTEN	CE.								CON	CIVIL	NTC.
PEN	ITENT	ARY.		~ [			00	CCUPA	ATION	rs.			_	
Pé	NITENC	IER.		Com-								ETAT	rs civ	ILS.
Two				ted to Refor-	Other									
years and under five. Deux	Five years and over.	Life.	D'th.  De mort	ma- tories.  — En- voyés	Sentences.  Autres Senten-	Agricultural.	Com- mer- cial.	Do- mestic	In- dus- trial.	Professional	La- borers —	Married.	Wi- dowed	Single —
ans et m'ns de cinq.	ans et plus.	A vie		à la prison de Réfor- me.	ces.	Agri- cul- teurs.	Com- mer- çants.	Servi- teurs.	In- dus- triels.	Pro- fes- sions libé- rales.	Jour- na- liers.	Ma- riés.	En veu- vage.	Céli- ba- taires.
	, ,				TENT	ATIV	E DE	SUIC	IDE.					
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<sup>.....</sup> b. To remove obstruction—A enlever l'obstacle. a. Sentence suspended—Sentence suspendue.

3

TABLE I. OTHER OFF	ENCE	s NO	r INC			) IN	ТН	E F	ORE	GOI	NG	Cl	ĹΑ	ss v	7I.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS IN WHICH	S	CATIO TATU TRUCT	S.					AG	ES.					LIQU USAG	OF ORS. GE DE EURS
OFFENCE COMMITTED.  — DISTRICTS JUDI- CIAIRES OU L'OFFENSE	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men-	Superior.	16	ns	unde	nd er 21. – ans ioins	unde 21 et m	er 40. - ans	and	ans	No	n. n-		Im- mo- de- rate
A ÉTÉ COMMISE.	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.	men-	Supé- rieure	М. — Н.	F - F	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	M. - H.	F. - F.	М. — Н.		Mo- déré	Im- mo- déré
		SUICI	DE, A	TTE	М	PT 2	AT.				1				
Halifax, NE		1									1			1	
Montréal, QuéOttawa, Qué		9						$\frac{2}{1}$	5	2				7	2
Totaux de Québec		10			-			3	5	2			-	7	3
Brant, Ont Bruce, Ont Carleton, Ont Elgin, Ont Lambton, Ont		1 1 1							1	1		2		···i	1
Oxford, Ont		1 1							··· 1	1					i
Totaux d'Ontario		5							2	3		2		2	3
Manitoba, Ouest															
Victoria, ColB Yale, ColB	1	1						1 1							····i
Alberta, Nord, T. du NO Assiniboïa, Ouest, T. du NO															
Yukon															
Totaux du Canada	I	17				·		5	7	5	1	2		11	7
	VARIO	ous o	THER	MI	$\frac{\mathrm{SD}}{\mathrm{I}}$	EMI	EAN	ORS		)	1	1	1	1	1
Halifax, NE												1			
Montréal, Qué			3					3						3	
Carleton, Ont Grey, Ont Haldimand, Ont Leeds et Grenville, Ont		2 1						2				1		1	1
Middlesex, Ont. Norfolk, Ont York, Ont.		i i	1			1				1				2	
Totaux d'Ontario		4	1			1		2		1		1		4	1
Manitoba, Centre			• • • • • •												
Westminster, ColB															
Totaux du Canada		4	4			1		5		1		2		7	1

TAH	BLEAU	J I.	AUT	RES D	ÉLITS	NON PRI	COMI ÉCÉDI	PRIS	DANS	LES	CLAS	SES	CL	ASSE	VI.
	LIE	BIRT: UX D	_		CE.				REL	IGIO	NS.			RE DEN	SI- NCE.
	TISH IS				Other Fo- reign	Bri- tish		R. Ca-	Ch. of		Pres-		Other Deno-	rilles.	tricts
Eng- land and Wales	-	Scot- land.	Ca- nada.	United States	Countries.  — Au-	Posses sions.  Autr's posses	Baptists.  Bap-	tho- lies.  — Ca-	England.  Eglise	— Mé-	byterians.  Pres-	Pro- tes- tants	mina- tions.  — Autr's	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
Angle terre et Galles	Ir- lande.	Ecos-		Etats- Unis.	tres pays étran- gers.	sions Bri- tanni- ques.	tistes.	tholiques.	d'An- gle- terre.	tho- dis- tes.	byté- riens.		con- fes- sions.	Cities ar	Rural Di ruraux.
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## TABLE II.

SUMMARY BY CLASSES AND PROVINCES, WITH TOTALS OF EACH PROVINCE AND OF CANADA.

### TABLEAU II.

RÉCAPITULATION PAR CLASSES ET PAR PROVINCES AVEC TOTAUX DE CHAQUE PROVINCE ET DU CANADA.

TADI DII CIMM	ARY BY	CTAS	CEC	ANDI	DDOVI	NOES			
TABLE II. SUMM.	KA BY	ULAS	Cac	AND I	ROVI	NUES	•	1	
				C	ONVI	CTION	s.	SE	NTENCE.
			De-		IDAM	_		Сомм	ITTED TO JAIL
	Number	Ac-	tained				7210.	Ем	PRISONNÉS.
	of Charges	quit-	Lu-		Con-	Con		With	No Option.
	Charges	tou.	nacy.		victed		Reite-	option	SANS OPTION.
PROVINCES.	Name have				1st.	2nd.	ratea.	of a fine.	Un- One
	Nombre d'accu-	Ac- quit-	Dé-	Total.	_	-		Sur	der year one and
	sations.	tés.	tenues pour		Con- dam-	Con- dain-	de 2	option	
			de		nés une	nés deux	récidi- ves.	la pri- son	Moins Un d'un an et
		M. F	folie.		fois.	fois.		ou l'a- m'nde	an. plus.
OF 100 T	OFFU	NOES	ACAT	NOTE II	THE D	EDSO	7		
CLASS I.	1		AGAL			}			
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia	$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 278 \end{array}$	$\frac{2}{95}$ $\frac{3}{3}$		$\frac{22}{177}$	13 122	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 52 \end{array}$	5 3	16 110	
New BrunswickQuebec	77 458	20 2 83 10	3	54 347	35 289	15 41	4 17	35 196	8 84 5
Ontario	889 36	356 34 10 1	1	$\begin{vmatrix} 489 \\ 25 \end{vmatrix}$	434 24	35	$\frac{20}{1}$	194 10	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
British Columbia	222 135	64 3 70 4		151 61	140 57	7 3	4	74 10	31 5 27 2
Yukon	86	70 3		13	13			6	
Totals of Canada	2,205			1,339	1,127	157	55	651	320 46
CLASS II.—OFFEN	CES AC	AINS	T PRO	PERT	Y WI	TH V	IOLEN	ICE.	1 1
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia	11 49	2 11		* 6 37	5 29	$\frac{1}{2}$	6		$\frac{2}{4} \cdots \frac{1}{1}$
New Brunswick	3 181	$\frac{1}{21}$		2 159	2 83	28	48		41 2
Ontario	218 21	60 1	1	157 18	106 15	26 3	25		53 20
British Columbia The Territories	41 19	6		22 11	19		3		8 4
Yukon	1			1	1				0
Totals of Canada	544	111 1	2	413	268	63	82		118 27
CLASS III.—OFFEN	CES AG	AINST	PROI	PERTY	YWIT	HOUT	VIO	LENC	E
Prince Edward Island	15	71 11		15	9	4	$\frac{2}{3}$		11
Nova Scotia	251 124	71 11 38 2	1	168 82	145		10	6	83 24
QuebecOntario	1,037 $2,666$	208 26 775 96		800 1,788	590 1,442	$\frac{101}{208}$	109 138	136 98	381 9 750 76
Manitoba. British Columbia	211 356	$\frac{42}{104} \frac{4}{22}$		$\frac{165}{223}$	142, 187	10 27	13	54 5	45 1 145 18
The Territories	304 91	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		172 34	159 31	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 2 \end{array}$	3 1	3	114 15
Totals of Canada	5,055	1419 165	1	3,447	2,772	387	288	306	1,575 121
CLASS IV.—MA	ALICIO	JS OF	FENCI	ES AG		r PRO	PERT		
Prince Edward Island	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 22 \end{array}$	8		3 14	3 10	2	2	3	1 2
New BrunswickQuebec	13 34	13	$\begin{vmatrix} \cdots \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	8 19	8	2	4	8	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Ontario	72	32 5		35 1	28	4	3	3	9 4
British Columbia	34 22	18 17	1	13 5	12 5	1		10	3
Yukon	2	2							
Totals of Canada	206	97 5	3	98	79	10	9	29	23; 8

TARLI	EAU II.	R	ÉCAPI	TULATIO	ON PA	R. CL	ASSES	S ET I	PROVI	NCES				
		NTEN		TOBATI		10 011			. 100 71			CIVIL DITIC		
PENITEN	TIARY.					00	CCUPA	TION	s.			_		
PÉNITE	NCIER.		Com- mit-								ETAT	S CIV	ILS.	
Two	1		ted to Refor-	Other										
years and Fiv		D'th.	ma- tories.	Senten- ces.	Agri-	Com-	1)0	In-	Pro-	Ta	Man	337:		
der and	l Life.	_	_	_	cul- tural.	mer- cial.	Do- mestic	dus- trial.	fes- sional	La- borers	Mar- ried.	Wi- dowed	Single	
five. over	-	De	En-	Autres	_	-	_	_	<b>—</b> .	_		-	_	
Deux Cin	A vie	mort	voyés à la	Senten- ces.	Agri-	Com-	Servi-	In-	Pro-	Jour-	Ma- riés.	En	Céli-	
et et plu			prison de		teurs.	mer- çants.	teurs.	dus- triels.	fes- sions libé-	na- liers.	ries.	veu- vage.	ba- taires.	
de cinq.			Réfor- me.						rales.					
		C)	LASSE	I.—OUTI	RAGE	S CON	TRE	LA PI	ERSON	INE.				
	2				2	3		2		11	6		15	
$\frac{12}{5}$	1	1	2	16	5 7	24 5	1	11 4	5	40 8	29 15	2	67 15	
8 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} \dots \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\2\\2\\2 \end{bmatrix}$	1 8	41 103		51 56	11 11	41 47	$\frac{1}{2}$	159 243	158 197	9 11	137 238	
6	7	2		2 25	6 3	34	1 5	23	7	12 53	9 50	$\frac{1}{3}$	14 84 11	
5	3	2		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$										
48 4	13 1		13	206		536	480	27	582					
	CLA	SSE I	I.—DĖ	LITS AV	EC VI	OLEN	CE CC	NTRI	ELA	PROP	RIÉTÉ	1		
4	6		····ii	7		i	1	3	i	1 13	3		6 34	
1	1		7	58		14	2	1 33		82	16	2	2 139	
29	9		7	39 10		6	3	26 4	1	65 4	19 3	1	134 15	
$\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \cdots$	1			$\frac{3}{2}$		1		····i		16 8	$\frac{3}{2}$		16 6	
1								• • • • • •		• • • • •			1	
89 3	35]	93F T	25 H — DI	119 ÉLITS SA					E T.A	<u>'</u>	46 RIÉTÉ	1	353	
	ODA					2	1	1		5			10	
30 14	2		27	18 38		19	14		2	74 25	18 6	10	10 131 75	
31	6		57 106	180 687		119		113	4 12	301	228 368	29 23	537 1,323	
20			3	43 44	5	14	12	19	2 3		28 17	4 2	103 194	
14	i			24				1		23	13	i	37 9	
173	96		201	1,045	89	378	186	288	23	1 307	685	69		
1(0)				OMMAGE				`					4,113	
	4	1			1 1	4		···· <sub>2</sub>		1 7	3		3 11	
1			2	1	3			3		3			8	
1	3		2	13			1	ā		8 1	13		20	
2					i	3	1	1	1	6	2 2		11	
13	7	,	4	14	12	10	2	11	1	29	28	2	65	

TABLE II. SUM	IMAR	Y BY	CLAS	SES	A	ND	PRC	VIN	CES	5.					
	S	CATIO TATU RUCZ	S.					AG	ES.						
PROVINCES.	Un- able to read or write.	Ele- men- tary.	Superior.	16	ns	unde unde 16 et in	nd	unde	er 40. - ans	and a	ears over. ans olus.	Non	n. n-	Mo- de- rate	de-
	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.		Supé- rieure	-	F F	М. — Н.	F.  F.	М. — Н.	F. - F.	М. — Н.	F. F.	_	F F	Mo- déré	
CLASS	5 I.—O	FFEN	CES 2	AGA	IN	ST	THE	PE	RSO	N.					
Ile du Prince-Edouard Nouvelle-Ecosse Nouveau-Brunswick Québec Ontario Manitoba Colom bie-Britannique Les Territoires Yukon	14 3 62 29 1 24 1	20 83 26 233 412 23 102 21	1 1 1 3 4	3 5 2 7 12		4 21 4 31 56 1 6 2	1 1 3	9 50 11 177	4	3 16 13 64 100 7	6 4 2	24 49	5	19 70 23 161 271 18 94 16	2 28 6 147 166 6 43 6
Totaux du Canada	134	920	21	36		125	5	604	32	242	13	276	7	672	404
CLASS II.—OFF	FENCE	ES AG	AINS.	ГР	0	PER	TY	WIT	H V	TOL	ENC	E.			
Ile du Prince-Edouard Nouvelle-Ecosse. Nouveau-Brunswick Québec Ontario Manitoba Colombie-Britannique Les Territoires Yukon	25 15 1 5 2	3 32 1 132 137 17 14 6	1			67	1	6 13 5	i i	9 11 2 1		3		5 35 97 102 15 13 7	1 2 1 60 51 3 6 1
Totaux du Canada	56	342	1	83	1		1		2			13		274	125
CLASS III.—OFFE	NCES	AGA	INST	PRO	PE	RTY	W	ITH	JUT	VIC	OLE	NCE			
Ile du Prince-Edouard Nouvelle-Ecosse Nouveau-Brunswick Québec Ontario Manitoba Colombie-Britannique Les Territoires Yukon	1 27 6 145 108 25 42 8	13 130 63 643 1560 109 167 53 2	4 1 2 42 1 3 1	5 27 28 150 410 27 32 4 1	21	2 38 13 126 325 30 31 15 1	1 3 2 17 36 6 1	3 64 20 347 625 51 114 15 11	2 5 1 30 51 5 9	1 13 5 104 206 11 23 6 8	7 5 32 2	1 10 19 16 75 29 10 129 13	2 6 1 1 3	13 132 48 495 1257 104 161 39	1 27 22 295 454 31 54 2 1
Totaux du Canada	362	2740	55	684	33	581	66	1250	103	377	46	293	13	2249	887
CLASS IV.—			OFF	ENC	ES		AIN			PER	TY.				
Ile du Prince-Edouard Nouvelle-Ecosse. Nouveau-Brunswick Québec. Ontario Manitoba Colombie-Britannique. Les Territoires. Yukon Totaux du Canada	1 2 4 9	3 13 6 15 25 1 13 2		2 3 10 2		2 1 5 2 		5 9 10 1 9 2		3 1 7 2	2	1 3	1	10 7 12 25 1 9 3	1 4 1 7 9  4 

TAB	LEAU	J II.	RÉC	APITU	JLATI	ON P.	AR CI	LASSI	ES ET	PRO	VINC	ES.			
	LIE	BIRT: UX D	_		CE.				REI	IGIO	NS.			RE DEN	
	Ireland.		Ca- nada.	United States  — Etats-Unis.	Other Foreign Countries.  Autres pays etrangers.	Other British Posssessions.— Autr's posses sions Britanniques.	Baptists.  Baptistes.	R. Ca- tho- lics.  — Ca- tholi- ques.	Ch. of Eng- land.  Eglise d'An- gle- terre.	tho- dists	Presbyte-rians.  Presbyté-riens.	Pro- tes- tants	Other Denominations.  Autr's confessions.	Cities and Towns-Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
		1	CL	ASSE	I.—OU	TRAG	ES CO	ONTR	E LA	PER	SONN	E.			
4 1 10 36 2 18 2	8	14	11 57 15 2	5 18 3 15 2	10 11 17 19 6 30 6 2		12 8 14 2	11 266 103 9 37 4	23 4 9 113 5 16 3 1	7 1 1 92 1 1	5 2 6 55 3 7 3	10 9 3 35 43 10	7 19 4 21	16 75 17 235 318 13 114 15	5 23 13 91 131 11 23 16
	`	LASS]			rs av	EC V	37 IOLEN	1 477 NCE (	174 CONTI	103	81 A PRC	162 PRII	59 <sub> </sub> ÈTÉ	803	313
5 7	1 1 7 3	2 1	6 34 1 145 123 12 10 6	1 5 14 2 1 1	1 3 4 2	i 1	5 1 1 2	115 51 7 6 5	15 25 1 2	10 24	13 31 5	2 2 2 5 15 6 2	5 4 4	4 24 2 152 135 14 7 6	2 13 7 18 4 12 4
14		CLASS	1		10 TTG G		9			BF I	54	32 ODD1	16 500 fr	344	60
1 10 3 23 114 15 23 4 2	12 54 2 14 2	1 2 21 3 12	13 128 68 707 1414 73 76 47	12 3 23 72 6 46 8 11	222 34 36 43 3	8 1 7 3	15 21 1 63 4 1	10 76 28 634 450 32 44 18	1 29 5 53 501 26 15 6	4 10 20 322 25 10 4 1	10 5 38 188 23 5 1	3 16  43 141  92 5	5 2 10 33 2 47 1	13 130 68 711 1490 105 190 14	1 33 13 89 225 30 23 62
195	1			·				1299 FILX			271			2721	476
3	2	CLASS	SE 1V 12 8 15 30 	1 3 1	1 1 4	ES M.	2 	3 4 5 14 9	7	12	1 2 1	3 3 3	1 1	2 4 2 6 20 1 7 1 	1 10 6 13 14  6 3

TABLE II. SUMMA	ARY BY	CLA	SSES 2	AND I	PROVI	NCES				
			De- tained		DNVIC	-		Сомми	NTENO	JAIL
PROVINCES.	Number of Charges  Nombre d'accusations.	Acquitted.  Acquittés.  M. F	for Lu- nacy.  Dé- tenues pour cause de folie.	Total.	Convicted 1st.  Condamnés une fois.	Convicted 2nd.  Condamnés deux fois.	Reiterated.  — Plus de 2 récidives.	the	No On Sans o Un- der one year. Moins d'un an.	
CLASS V.—FORGE	RY ANI	OFF	ENCE	S AGA	INST	THE	CURF	RENCY	ζ.	
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick Québec Ontario. Manitoba. British Columbia The Territories. Yukon Totals of Canada.	5 3 24 45 8 12 6	1 14 7 & 1 1 1 1 28 & 5		$ \begin{array}{c}                                     $	4 2 5 20 5 5 5 5 46	2 7 2 1 1	3 6 3		8 3 5 3 	3 4 1 1 1
CLASS VI.—OTHER OFFI	ENCES	NOT I	NCLU	DED 1	N TH	E FO	REGO	ING C	LASS	ES.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitcba British Columbia The Territories Yukon Totals of Canada	4 30 10 82 120 16 135 27 2 2 426	11 45 8 36	1	3 18 10 70 68 7 99 18 	3 4 53 47 7 86 4	14 2 12 18 10 10	3 2	1 48 18 78	6 14 14	1
G	RAND '	ГОТА	LS BY	PROV	VINCE	is.			ı	1
Prince Edward Island	58 635 230 1,816 4,018 295 800 513 182	196 16 64 350 3 1275 14 65 231 2 232 128	1 1 5 5 1 2 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1,405 2,570	313 118 1,033 2'077 193 449 238 45	90 22 186 298 16 46 28 2	15 18 186 195 14 22 (1	119 40 383 313 64 167 14 9	40 523 975 65 206 167 25	20 138 4 28 18

a. 49 Nolle prosequi; 15, Jury disagreed—Les jurés ne se sont pas accordés.; 4, escaped—Se sont évadés; 4, Left the country—Ont laissé le pays; 4, Settled by marriage—Reglé par le mariage.

TABLEAU II	. RÉCA	PITULATI	ON P	AR C	LASSE	S ET	PROV	INCE	S.		
SEI PENITENTIARY. PÉNITENCIER.	NTENCE.			00	CCUPA	ATION	rs.		CON	CIVIL DITIO	ONS.
Two years and un-years der and five.  Deux ans et m'ns de cinq.	D'th. ted to Reformatories.  De Enmort voyés à la prison de Réforme.	Other Senten- ces.  Autres Senten- ces.	Agricultural.  Agricultural.	Commercial.  Commerciants.	Do- mestic — Servi- teurs.	In- dus- trial. — In- dus- triels.	Professional Professions libérales.	La- borers  Jour- na- liers.	Married.  Marries.	Wi- dowed — En veu- vage.	Single  Céliba- taires.
CLA	SSE V.—FA	UX ET D	ÉLITS	S PAR	RAP	PORT	À LA	MON	NAIE.		
1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-AUTRES D	1 11	1 1 1 2 2 5 2	26 9 2 6 1 26 MPRIS13 1 37 1012	5 DAN 6 2 1 111	18 LES LES 2 7 7 7 7	2 1 3 S CLAS	2 2 2 9 1 3 3 1 1	1 3 3 41 18 4	1 1 2 DENT	2 2 9 14 3 8 1
2		1	2					9	33 1		11
20	2	31	12	61	21	23		127	104	7	162
	G	RANDS TO	OTA.U.	X PA	R PRO	VINC	ES.				
4 2 20 20 25 86 29 1 105 47 25 4 7 25 3 25 3 3 358 116 1	1 9 2 65 2 125 2 2 2 2 4 2	41 296 865 56 80 41 11	4 12 11 52 86 14 8 28 	51 18 229 239 19 107 7	3 20 3 72 110 14 25 1 	3 30 9 201 225 27 40 6	5 16 3 11 1	18 149 44 550 1,106 58 229 52  2,206	11 58 24 452 632 48 105 36 4 1.370	13 	35 258 109 857 1,770 139 374 67 11 3,620

TABLE II. SUM	MARY	BY	CLASS	SES	Al	VD I	PRO	VIN	CES.			1			
•	ST	CATIO TATU RUCT	S.					AG	ES.					LIQU	OF ORS. — E DE EURS
PROVINCES.	Un- able to read or write.	bleto read Eleor menvrite. Super rior.			3	unde	nd	unde 21 et m	nd	and 40	ears over. ans olus.	No give No don	en. n-	Mo- de- rate	Im- mo- de- rate
	Inca- pable de lire ou d'é- crire.	Elé- men- taire.	Supé- rieure	М.  Н.	F F	м. - н.	F: - F.	М.  Н.	F. F.	М. — Н.	F. F.	М. — Н.	F F	Mo- déré	Im- mo- déré
CLASS V.—FORG	ERY	AND	OFFE	NCF	ES	AGA	INS	T T	HE	CUR	RE	NCY			
Ile du Prince-Edouard Nouvelle-Ecosse Nouveau-Brunswick Québec Ontario Manitoba Colombie-Britannique Les Territoires Yukon  Totaux du Canada  CLASS VI.—OTHER OF	1 	4 2 10 30 6 8 	2 1 			9		22 4 3 1  43	1	12				3 1 6 26 7 8 3 	11
CLASS VI.—OTHER OF  Ile du Prince-Edouard Nouvelle-Ecosse Nouveau-Brunswick Québec Ontario Manitoba Colombie-Britannique Les Territoires Yukon  Totaux du Canada	3 3 5 5 1 4	2 14 7 58 54 6 74 12 227	3 21621	1		1 8 1 1 1 5	2	1 11 9 34 24 3 58 3	1 8 4 1 1 1	1 1 1 22 14 2 35	2	10		2 12 8 58 40 6 83	5 2 8 21 1 14
	GRAZ	ND TO	OTALS	BY	P	ROV	INC	ES.							
Ile du Prince-Edouard Nouvelle-Ecosse. Nouveau-Brunswick. Québec. Ontario Manitoba Colombie-Britan nique. Les Territoires. Yukon Grands totaux du Canada.	14 241 166 28 76 13	41 276 105 1091 2218 162 378 94 2	1 5 2 8 51 2 30 5 1 1 105		3 2 1 3 5 2 1 5 3 5 2 1	18 230 447 34 243 26 1	19 19 42 0 1	148 48 630 979 8	8 10 8 2 8 51 9 69 8 11	35 2 18 203 341 3 24 94 15	8 11 40 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8 86 33 7: 155 30 30 31 185 2:	5 2 3 7 1 2 3 3 3 2 1	87 829 1721 151 368 76	33 521 707 41 122

TABLEAU II. RÉCAPITULATION PAR CLASSES ET PROVINCES.													
.0 11.	REC	APII	ULAI.	ION P	AR CI	LASS.	ES ET	PNO	VINC	Eo.			
			NCE				REI	ZIĠIC	NS.			RI DEI	ESI- NCE.
Scot- land.  Ecos-	Ca- nada.	United States  Etats Unis.	Foreign Countries.  Autres pays	British Posses sions. Autr's posses sions Bri-	Baptists.  Baptistes.	R. Catholics.  Catholiques.	Eng- land.	tho- dists.	Presbyte-rians.  Presbyté-riens.	Protestants	Other Denominations.  Autr's confessions.	Cities and Towns—Villes.	Rural Districts—Districts ruraux.
CLAS	SE V.	-FAU	JX ET	DÉL	ITS P	AR R	APPO	RT À	LA N	10N1	NAIE.		
2	2 15 10 58 48 2	1 5 1	3 2 1	i	3 6 1	11 4 54 14	3 16 2	i 3 17	2 4 2	2 2 3	2 4 2	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 15 \\ 5 \\ 60 \\ 49 \\ 3 \end{array} $	1 2 5 6 15 4
	4	7	66 3	1	· • • • • •	6 4	$\frac{4}{2}$	2	$\frac{2}{\cdots}$	2	1	2	11 11
4	151	15	75	2	10	93	29	24	10	21	77	221	55
		GR	ANDS	ТОТА	UX P	AR F	ROVI	NCES	š.			i	
7 38 3 20 	45 263 115 1225 1980 102 160 74 9	17 4 35 112 12 75 13 12 280	13 1 43 58 47 150 14 2	16 1 8 4 1	36 40 1 79 8 1 1	27 146 48 1091 632 51 98 33 7 -2133	1 62 10 80 672 35 38 17 3	177 111 344 470 288 13 4 2	20 7 54 287 35 14 5 1 428	17 28 3 89 208  175 20 	1 16 3 20 66 12 140 2 1 	36 250 95 1173 2039 138 411 40  4182	10 83 38 207 408 54 78 98
	BIRT EUX I  Scat- Indiana  CLAS  VI.—A  VI.—A  1  7  38  3  20	BIRTH PLA EUX DE NA  [SLES.	BIRTH PLACES. EUX DE NAISSAN  SLES. SNIQUES.  Canada.  Canada.  Etats Unis.  CLASSE V.—FAU  CLASSE V.—FAU   VI.—AUTRES DÉ  VI.—AUTRES DÉ  2 15 10 10 10 15 15 11 24 15 15 16 17 115 15 17 115 18 18 19 19 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 1	BIRTH PLACES.  EUX DE NAISSANCE  SLES.  Uni- Countries.  Canada.  Etats Unis.	BIRTH PLACES.  EUX DE NAISSANCE    SLES.	BIRTH PLACES.   EUX DE NAISSANCE	BIRTH PLACES.   EUX DE NAISSANCE	BIRTH PLACES.   EUX DE NAISSANCE	BIRTH PLACES.	BIRTH PLACES.	BIRTH PLACES.   EUX DE NAISSANCE	BIRTH PLACES.   EUX DE NAISSANCE	BIRTH PLACES.   EUX DE NAISSANCE   RELIGIONS.   RELIGIO



# TABLE III.

SUMMARY CONVICTIONS.

## TABLEAU III.

CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES.

## TABLE III.—SUMMARY CONVICTIONS BY POLICE MAGISTRATES AND OTHER JUSTICES.

	JU	STI	CES.							
			Prov	INCE OF	Prince	EDV	VAR	d Isla	ND.	
•			Kin	g's.				PR	INCE.	
OFFENCES.	Co	n.		Sentence.		Cor	n.	<u> </u>	Sentence.	
OFF EMOLES.	vio tion Tot	ns al	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.	vic tion Tot	al	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.
	dar na tior	n-	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	dan na tion	n- -	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Remise, etc.
	M.	F.		option.		M.	F.		орион.	
Adulteration of food										
Adulteration of food Assaults Breach of peace Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons.	5		5			2		1	1	
Breach of peace			,			;		1		
Contempt of court										
Cruelty to animals.  Disturbing religious and like meetings		• • •								
Fishery Acts, offences against										
Fishery Acts, offences against Gambling Acts "Game Laws "						1		1		
Incorrigible										3
Larceny										
" of dogs, birds, &c of timber, trees, fruits, &c										
Liquor License Acts, offences against Breach of Canada Temperance Act										
Breach of Canada Temperance Act										
Selling liquor during prohibited hours										
" without license		• • •								
		1		}		1		,		
Malicious injury to property Other damage to property Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against.										
Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against.										
		1				1				
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts										
Miscellaneous minor offences. Municipal Acts and By-Laws, breaches of		;								
Exercising various callings without license.						3		3		
Exercising various callings without license. Health By-laws, offences against										
Neglecting to support family				******			• • •			
Highways, offences relating to Neglecting to support family Pharmacy Acts, offences against.										
Pollway Acts offeners against										
Revenue Laws "										
Seamen Acts " Statute Labour, offences relating to										
Threats and abusive language										! .
Trespass					1					
VagrancyDrunkenness						45		39	6	
Indecent exposure and oth, off, ag'st moral.										
Insulting, obscene and profane language Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and						1		1		
inmates thereof.	1							1		
Loose, idle, disorderly						4		3	1	
Insanity										
Totals	5		5			58		50	8	
			,							

## TABLEAU III.—CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES PAR MAGISTRATS DE POLICE ET AUTRES JUGES DE PAIX.

- 11	Prov	INCE DE	L'ILE I	ov Pi	RINC	E-EDOU	JARD.		
	Que	EEN'S.	*				P. E. Isla l'Ile du I		
Con-		Sentence.		Co	b)		Sentence.		OPPENCES
vic- tions Total	of a	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.	vio	ns	Op- tion of a fine.	Com- mitted without		OFFENSES.
Con- dam- na-	Sur option	Empri- sonnés	Re- mise,	Con dar na tion	n- i-	Sur option	ention. Emprisonnés	Re- mise,	
M.   F	-	sans option.	etc.	M.			sans option.	etc.	
									Falsification de substances alimentaires.
1				7		$^6_1$	1		Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix.
				1,		1			Port d'armes illégal. Mépris de cour.
2									Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturbation deréunions religieuses et autres.
				<sub>1</sub>					Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.  "défendant le jeu.
				,					" de chasse. Incorrigible.
	4								Larcin. Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.
									" bois, arbres, fruits, etc.
28 10	37	·····i		28	10	37	i 1		Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada.
									Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues. sans licence.
									Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boisson aux Sauvages.
				i		1			Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété.
				• • • •					Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs.
									Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent. de la milice.
2		· ····i		2			1		Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales.
						3			Pratiquant divers états sans licence. Infract ons aux lois sur l'hygiène publique.
6	1								Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille.
									Profanation du dimanche.
									Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer. Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat.
									Infractions aux lois maritimes. Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.
1	2 3				2	3			Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement.
183	182	1	···· ż	228	2	221	47	2	Vagabondage. Ivresse.
3.	. 3			4		4			Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale. Langage insultant, obscène, profane.
••••									Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
4	. 4			8		7	1		Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures.
								• • • • •	Alienation mentale.
234 1	4 238	1 7	3	297	14	293	15	3	Totaux.

## TABLE III.—SUMMARY CONVICTIONS BY POLICE MAGISTRATES AND OTHER JUSTICES.

	J	US.	TICES							
				Provin	CE OF	Nova	A So	OTIA.		
			Ann.	APOLIS.				Antig	ONISH.	
OTHENCES	-			Sentence		-			Sentence.	
OFFENCES.	Tot	ns tal	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.	Co vice tion	ns tal	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.
	dai iia tioi	ı-	Sur option	Empri- sonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	dan na tion	ı-	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Remise, etc.
	M.	F.		P		M.	F.		operous.	
Adulteration of food										
Assaults.  Breach of peace. Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons. Contempt of court Cruelty to animals Disturbing religious and like meetings. Fishery Acts, offences against. Cambling Acts.			1							
Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons  Contempt of court										
Cruelty to animals										
Fishery Acts, offences against	,									
Game Laws " Incorrigible. Larceny										
Larceny					:					
of timber, trees, fruits, &c										
" of dogs, birds, &c " of timber, trees, fruits, &c Liquor License Acts, offences against Breach of Canada Temperance Act	5	i	5	1				1		
Selling liquor during prohibited hours				11		11		14		
Violation of Indian liquor law					• • • •					
Malicious injury to property										
Malicious injury to property										
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against										
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts Miscellaneous minor offences Municipal Acts and Brilane breeches of										
Exercising various callings without license										
Health By-laws, offences against						····i		····i		
Neglecting to support family										
Railway Acts offenous against	• • • •	• • •							• • • • • • •	
Revenue Laws										
Seamen Acts Statute Labour, offences relating to Threats and abusive language.										
Trespass										
Vagrancy. Drunkenness. Indecent exposure and oth. off. ag'st moral.	8		8			15				
Ausulting, Obscene and profane language	'2		2							
inniates thereof.		• • •								
Locse, idle, disorderly										
Insanity										
Totals		1	18	1		28	3	31		

# TABLEAU III.—CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES PAR MAGISTRATS DE POLICE ET AUTRES JUGES DE PAIX.

		P	ROVINCE	DE LA	Nou	VEL	LE-Eco	SSE.		
_		CAPE	PRETON.				Colch	IESTER.		
	_		Sentence.					Sentence.		,
Co vie tio Tot Co dan na tion	ns tal n-	Op- tion of a fine. ————————————————————————————————————	Committed without option.  Emprisounés sans option.	De- ferred &c. Re- mise, etc.	Co vide tion Tot Co dan na tion	c- ns tal n- m-	Option of a fine.  Sur option	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés sans option.	De- ferred &c. Re- nise, etc.	OFFENSES.
M.	F				M.	F.		Option	-	
1		1	1	1			10	1		Falsification de substances alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix. Port d'armes illégal.
i		2								Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres. Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.  défendant le jeu.
10			1							" de chasse. Incorrigible. Larcin. Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc. " bois, arbres, fruits, etc.
			•••••							Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada. Vente de boissons durant lesheures défendues.
							1			sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boisson aux Sauvages. Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété.
										Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs.  Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent.  "de la milice.
6				· i						Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales. Pratiquant divers états sans licence.
5										Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig, de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille. Infract. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche.
3		3								Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer. Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat. Infractions aux lois maritimes. Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.
7 705	3	1 671	1 28	5 9	1 124		111	1 10		Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement. Vagabondage. Ivresse.
7 4		7 4		••••						Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale. Langage insultant, obscène, profane. Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
1				1	12	1	13			Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures. Aliénation mentale.
798	3	753	31	17.	160	2	144	14	4	Totaux.

## TABLE III.—SUMMARY CONVICTIONS BY POLICE MAGISTRATES AND OTHER JUSTICES.

JUSTICES.										
	PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA—Continued.									
OFFENCES.	Cumberland.					Digby.				
	Con-		Sentence.			Con-		Sentence.		
OFFEROES.		al ns	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.  Empri-	Deferred &c.	victions Total Condamna- tions.		Option of a fine.	Committed without option.  Empri-	De- ferred &c.
		- 1S.	option		mise, etc.				sonnés sans option.	mise, etc.
	М.	F.	1			М.	F.			<u> </u>
Adulteration of food										
Assaults Breach of peace	13		13			3		3		
Breach of peace										
Contempt of court										
Disturbing religious and like meetings	1									
Fishery Acts, offences against										
Gambling Acts Game Laws Incorrigible.						1		1		
Incorrigible.	- 4 - 1			* * * * * * *				1		
of dogs, birds, &c										
" of timber, trees, fruits, &c Liquor License Acts, offences against										
Breach of Canada Temperance Act						15		14		1
Selling liquor during prohibited hours										
" without license Violation of Indian liquor law										
Malicious injury to property.  Other damage to property.  Master's and Servent's Acts offences against									,	
Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against										
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts						• • •				
Militia Acts Miscellaneous minor offences. Municipal Acts and Rylaws breaches of										
Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against	4		4			3		3		
Health By-laws, offences against										
Highways, offences relating to Neglecting to support family										
Pharmacy Acts, offences against Profanation of the Lord's Day										
Profanation of the Lord's Day										
Revenue Laws										
Seamen Acts Statute Labour, offences relating to										
Inteats and abusive language										
Trespass Vagrancy										
Drunkenness	65	1	66			13		13		
Indecent exposure and oth, off, ag ist moral. Insulting, obscene and profane language.			1					··· i		
Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and										
Loose, idle, disorderly										
weights and Measures Acts, Offences against										
Insanity										
Totals	85	1	86			38		37		1
	-									

	Prov	VINCE DE	LA NO	UVEI	LLE-]	Ecosse	—Suitc.		
	Guyse	BOROUGH.				Hai	LIFAX.		
-		Sentence.		-		5	Sentence.		0
Convictions Total Con-	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	Tot	ns tal	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	OFFENSES.
dam- na- tions.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	dar na tior	-	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Remise, etc.	
M.  F	1	-		M.	F.		-		
10	7	• • • • • • • •		89	13 65			6	Falsification de substances alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix. Port d'armes illégal.
						4			
	1								
									Incorrigible.
									Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.
				34	···	41			" bois, arbres, fruits, etc. Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons.
					• • •		* * * . * * *		Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada.
									Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues sans licence.
									Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boissons aux Sauvages.
				14	2	13		3	Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété.
		- * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *							Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs.
				i	···i			i	Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent.
				187		1 148	α49	2	Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales.
				11	1	11 8			Pratiquant divers états sans licence.
				20					Délits avant rapport aux chemins publics.
									Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille. Infract, aux lois concernant les pharmaciens.
				16		2			Profanation du dimanche. Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer.
				5		5			Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat.
				17			4	13	Infractions aux lois maritimes. Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.
				29	-	12 1		28	Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement.
				7		2	4	] 1	Vagabondage.
				$\begin{bmatrix} 799 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	82	853	15	13	Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale.
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		75 4		91 8	6	5	Langage insultant, obscène, profane. Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
3	3			37		37			Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures Aliénation mentale.
20	20			1450	99.4	1405	101	110	
201	. 20			1458	224	1465	101	116	Totaux.

a. Committed to Industrial School for truancy.—Condamnés â l'école réforme pour fainéantise.

	JI	USI	CICES.											
	Province of Nova Scotia—Continued.													
			На	NTS.				Kı	NG'S.					
OFFENCES.	Co	n	}	Sentence.		Con	_		Sentence.					
OFF ENOIS.	tio Tot Co dan	ns tal n- m-	Option of a fine.	Committed without option. Empri-	&c. Re-	Tot Cor dan	al n-	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	&c. Re-				
	ma tion M.	ns.	option	sonnés sans option.	mise, etc.	na tion M.	1S.	option	sonnés sans option.	mise, etc,				
	1	{	1											
Adulteration of food						6								
Assaults. Breach of peace. Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons	12		8		4	6 5		5						
Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons														
Linkempt of court			1											
Cruelty to animals Disturbing religious and like meetings. Fishery Acts, offences against Gambling Acts "Game Laws ""	3		3											
Fishery Acts, offences against														
Game Laws "					• . • •									
Incorrigible														
Larceny						• • •								
" of timber, trees, fruits, &c														
Liquor License Acts, offences against	15		15											
Game Laws Incorrigible. Larceny. " of dogs, birds, &c. " of timber, trees, fruits, &c. Liquor License Acts, offences against Breach of Canada Temperance Act.		• • •		• • • • • • •										
Selling liquor during prohibited hours  without license  Violation of Indian liquor law														
without license	8		8											
	l .													
Malicious injury to property														
Master's and Servant's Acts offences against						Э	• • •	5						
	Į.	ł												
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against														
Militia Acts  Miscellaneous minor offences  Municipal Acts and Bullets														
Diunicipal Acts and DV-laws, breaches of						1								
Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against							• • •							
Highways, offences relating to						5		5						
Neglecting to support family. Pharmacy Acts, offences against. Profanation of the Lord's Day. Railway Acts, offences against.					• • • • • •									
Profanation of the Lord's Day														
Railway Acts, offences against														
Revenue Laws														
Statute Labour, offences relating to														
Threats and abusive language														
Trespass Vagrancy	• • •		* * * * * .											
Drunkenness	1 11		111			31		31						
Indecent exposure and oth, off, ag'st moral.						• • •								
Insulting, obscene and profane language. Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and														
inmates thereof.	1							4						
Loose, idle, disorderly								1						
Insanity														
						55		54	1					
Totals	56	1	1 52	,	4	1 00.		54	1					

		Provi	INCE DE	LA NOU	JVELI	LE-E	cosse-	-Suite.		
-		Lune	NBURG.				Pic	TOU.		
	_	. 8	Sentence.					Sentence.		
Cor vic or Tot	is al	Op tion of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	Con vic tion Tot	rs al	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	OFFENSES.
dar na tion	-	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	dan na tion	-	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Remise, etc.	
М.	F				М.	F.	<u> </u>			
13 7	1				2		13 2	2		Falsification de substances alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix. Port d'armes illégal.
			******							Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres. Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.
										" défendant le jeu. " de chasse. Incorrigible. Larcin.
3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					···· 1 1	6			Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.  "bois, arbres, fruits, etc. Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du
95		25			19		19			Canada. Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues . "" sans licence.
										Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boissons aux Sauvages.
6		···· 5		1	3		3			Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété. Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et
										serviteurs. Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent.
	• •									" de la milice. Divers petits délits.
$\frac{2}{2}$		$\cdots$				i	4		1	Contraventions aux lois municipales. Pratiquant divers états sans licence. Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique.
1		$\frac{2}{2}$		1	1		1			Delits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig, de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille.
										Profanation du dimanche.
1			1 1							Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat. Infractions aux lois maritimes.
					 1 1		1		i i	Délits ayant rapport à la corvée. Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement.
23	1	20		3	15 69		68 68	5 1		Vagaboudage. Ivresse. Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale.
2		3				i		1		Langage insultant, obscène, profane.  Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
		1			2		2			Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures. Aliénation mentale.
90	1	83	8	5	162	10	149	9	14	Totaux.

		UB	TICES	).						
				OVINCE OF	-	-				
			Qυ	EEN'S.				Rici	MOND.	
OFFENCES.	Co	n- •		Sentence	•	Cc	n		Sentence	
OII III OID.	tic To		Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	vi tio To	c- ins tal	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.
	da na tio	m- a-	Sur	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	da:	m-	Sur option	sans	Re- mise, etc.
	M.	IF.		option.		M.	F.		option.	
Adulteration of food	1	<u> </u>	1		3					
Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons					1		1			
Contempt of court Cruelty to animals. Disturbing religious and like meetings	5		5							
Fishery Acts, offences against	1			1						
Gambling Acts "	1		1				1			
Game Laws " Incornigible.										
Larceny " of dogs, birds, &c " of timber, trees, fruits, &c										
Liquor License Acts, offences against Breach of Canada Temperance Act										
Selling liquor during prohibited hours without license							1			
Violation of Indian liquor law										
Malicious injury to property Other damage to property Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against										
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against		-								
Militia Acts, offences against.  Miscellaneous minor offences										
Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of										
Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against										
Highways, offences relating to Neglecting to support family										
Pharmacy Acts, offences against.  Profanation of the Lord's Day										
Railway Acts, offences against										
Seamen Acts "Statute Labour, offences relating to							!			
Threats and abusive language										
Vagrancy										• • • •
Indecent exposure and oth off. ag'st moral.										
Insulting, obscene and profane language. Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and		2	2							1
inmates thereof. Loose, idle, disorderly										
Weights and Measures Acts, offences against Insanity										
Totals	53	4	46	4	7	7		7		

				E	T .	AUIK	ES D.	E PAIX.	
	Pro	VINCE OF	Nova	Scor	TA-	-Concl	uded.		
			-						
	PROV	INCE DE	LA NO	UVELI	LE-I	COSSE-	-Fin.		•
	Creme	BURNE.	1			YARM	01.471		
	Onel	DUMAE.				Tann	ot m.		
		Sentence.			1		Sentence.		
Con-				Cor					OFFENSES.
vic- tions	Op-	Com- mitted	De-	tion		Op- tion	Com- mitted	De-	
Total	of a fine.	without option.	ferred &c.	Tota	al	of a fine.	without option.	ferred &c.	
Con-	-			Con	_				
dam- na-	Sur	Empri- sonnés	Re- mise,	dan na-		Sur option	Empri- sonnés	Re- mise,	
tions.	o porous	sans	etc.	tion		1	sans	etc.	
M.   F		option.		M.	F.		option.		
	1				[				Falsification de substances alimentaires.
4 1	4		1	21	4	21	1	3	TT + 2 A · .
					1	12		1	Perturbation de la paix. Port d'armes illégal.
									Mépris de cour.
				2		2			Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres.
				28		28			Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.
	L.		5						" défendant le jeu. " de chasse.
									Incorrigible.
									Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.
				• • •					bois, arbres, fruits, etc. Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons.
3	3			41		39	2		Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du
									Canada. Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues.
									" sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de
	٠.		• • •						boisson aux Sauvages.
i	1					14			Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété.
									Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et
									serviteurs. Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent.
	1								Divers petits délits.
	1			2		1		1	Contraventions aux lois municipales.
									Pratiquant divers états sans licence. Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique.
	1			4		4			Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig, de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille.
4									Infract. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens.
								• • • •	Profanation du dimanche. Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer.
			ĺ						Délite contre le revenu de l'Etat
				1			1		Infractions aux lois maritimes. Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.
				3	3	6			Menaces et langage injurieux.
1	····i								Empiétement.  Vagabondage.
				28		24	1	3	Ivresse. Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale.
				1	1	2			Langage insultant, obscène, profane.
					2	1		1	Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
2	2			1		1			Conduite déréglée.
									Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures. Aliénation mentale.
11 1	11		1	159	11	156	5	9	Totaux.
111 1	11		, 1	199	11	1:70	1 3	. 9	····· LUMINA

#### 2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903

	Jt	51.	ICES.							
				Provinci	e of N	ew I	Bru:	NSWICK		
			ALE	BERT.			•	CARI	LETON.	_
DEPOSITE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE				Sentence		-			Sentence.	
OFFENCES ·	Co vic tion Tot	c- ns	Op- tion of a fine.	Com- mitted without option	De- ferre &c.	Co vie tio	ns	Op- tion of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.
	Co dan na tion	m- 1-	Sur option	Empri- sonnés sans	Re- mise, etc.	Co dan na tion	m-	Sur	Empri- sonnés sans	Re- mise, etc.
	M.	F.		option.		M.	F.		option.	
Adulteration of food		١			1		١			
Adulteration of food Assaults. Breach of peace. Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons. Contempt of court Cruelty to animals. Disturbing religious and like meetings. Fishery Acts, offences against	9		4 9			2		2		
Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons										
Contempt of court	• • • •									
Disturbing religious and like meetings	$\dot{2}$		2					4		
Fishery Acts, offences against										
Gambling Acts "Game Laws "Incorrigible.		•								• • • •
Incorrigible										
Larceny. " of dogs, birds, &c								• • • •	,	
" of timber, trees, fruits, &c										
" of timber, trees, fruits, &c Liquor License Acts, offences against Breach of Canada Temperance Act	# 2 4	• • •	2			38	1	30		
Selling liquor during prohibited hours without license Violation of Indian liquor law						• • • •				
Violation of Indian liquor law										
Malicious injury to property										
Other damage to property	i		1							
Other damage to property					• • • •					
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against										
Militia Acts Miscellaneous minor offences										
Municipal Acts and By-Laws breaches of	• • • •	• • •		* * * * * * * *		2		9		
Municipal Acts and By-Laws, breaches of  Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against										
Health By-laws, offences against	• • • •									
Highways, offences relating to.  Neglecting to support family										
Pharmacy Acts, offences against		• • •				;				
Pharmacy Acts, offences against Profanation of the Lord's Day Railway Acts, offences against										
Revenue Laws					. ,					
Seamen Acts "Statute Labour, offences relating to										
Threats and abusive language										
TrespassVagrancy						i				
Drunkenness						32		31	1	
Indecent exposure and oth. off. ag'st moral. Insulting, obscene and profane language.										
Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and										
inmates thereof.  Loose, idle, disorderly										
Weights and Measures Acts, offences against										
Insanity	• • • •									

		F	PROVINCE	DU No	UVEA	υ-I				
		Снаг	RLOTTE.				GLOU	CESTER.		•
~	-		Sentence	•			1	Sentence		OPPRIVATION
Cor tion Tot Cor dan	e- is. tal n-	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c. — Re-	Too Co	c- ns tal n-	Option of a fine.	Committed without option. Empri-	De- ferred &c. Re-	OFFENSES.
na	-	option	sonnés sans	mise, etc.	tion	L-	option		mise, etc.	
M.	۱F	]	option.		М.	F.		option.		
4	i	5			10	1	10			Falsification de substances alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix. Port d'armes illégal.
										Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres
					4	- • •	4			Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.  '' défendant le jeu.  '' de chasse.  Incorrigible.
							***			Larcin Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc. "bois, arbres, fruits, etc.
46		46		,					• • • • •	Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada. Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues.
	• •		• • • • • • • •	••••	i		1	• • • • • • • •	* * * * *	" sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boisson aux Sauvages.
• • • •				••			• • • • • •	•		Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété. Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs.
••••			• • • • • • • •		• • • •					Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent. " la milice. Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales.
	• •									Pratiquant divers états sans licence. Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique. Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics.
	• •									Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille. Infrac. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche. Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer.
									• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat. Infractions aux lois maritimes. Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.
										Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement. Vagabondage.
51		43		6	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \cdots \\ 2 \end{array}$	 1	3			Ivresse. Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale. Langage insultant, obscène, profane. Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons
5		5								de désordre. Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures.
106	1		2	6	18	2	20			Aliénation mentale Totaux.

			Provin	CE OF N	EW BR	UNSW	ick	Cont	inued.	
			Kı	ng's.				MADA	WASKA.	
ADDENOES	Cor			Sentence.		Cor	. 1	5	Sentence.	
OFFENCES.	Tot Con dan na tion	al n- n-	Option of a fine.  Sur option	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés sans	De- ferred &c. Re- mise. etc.	Tot Con dan na tion	al n-	Option of a fine.  Sur option	sans	De- ferred &c. Re- mise, etc.
	M.	$ \mathbf{F}_{\cdot} $		option.		М.	F.		option.	
Adulteration of food	···i		i			$\begin{bmatrix} \dots \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$		2		
Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons										
Cruelty to animals. Disturbing religious and like meetings. Fishery Acts, offences against. Gambling Acts	2		. 2							
Fishery Acts, offences against	• • •		, · · ;   ·							
Gambling Acts " Game Laws " Incorrigible										
Incorrigible										
" of dogs hirds &c					* *,* * *					
of timber, trees, fruits, &c Liquor License Acts, offences against		• • •.								*,*
Breach of Canada Temperance Act	1		1							
										* * *
Selling liquor during prohibited hours			***							. ,
Selling liquor during prohibited hours  "" without license  Violation of Indian liquor law										
Malicious injury to property Other damage to property										
Other damage to property Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against.										
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against										
Militia Acts Miscellaneous minor offences										
Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of					1	1	1			
Exercising various callings without license						]				
Health By-laws, offences against Highways, offences relating to										
Neglecting to support family					1	1	1			
Pharmacy Acts, offences against Profanation of the Lord's Day										
Railway Acts, offences against Revenue Laws										
Revenue Laws Seamen Acts " "										
Seamen Acts Statute Labour, offences relating to										
Threats and abusive language		1		1						
Trespass Vagrancy	1									1.
Drunkenness Indecent exposure and oth. off. ag'st moral										
Insulting, obscene and profane language										
Insulting, obscene and profane language Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and										
Loose, idle, disorderly. Weights and Measures Acts, offences against. Insanity.										
Insanity										
Totals	4				4	-		1		1

	PRO	VINCE DU	Nouv	EAU-B	RUNSWIC	K—Suite.		. •						
N	ORTHU	MBERLAN	D.		St.	Јони.								
		Sentence.			1	Sentence		01111111111						
Con-	Op-	Com-		Con-	Op-	Com-	1_	OFFENSES.						
tions Total	tion of a	mitted without	De- ferred	tions Tota	ofe	mitted without	De- ferred							
Con-	fine.	option.	&c.	Con	nne.	option.	&c.							
dam- na-	Sur option	Empri- sonnés	Re- mise,	dam na-		Empri- sonnés	Re-							
tions.		sans option.	etc.	tions	3.	sans option.	etc.							
M.  F		_		M. []	F.I		1 .							
16	16			86	4 7	7	10	Falsification de substances alimentaires Voies de fait.						
9,	9			13 .	1	3		Perturbation de la paix.						
								Port d'armes illégal. Mépris de cour.						
				$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix}$ .		2		Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres.						
17	17							Infractions aux lois des pêcheries. défendant le jeu.						
			4, 4 4, 4 4 4					" de chasse.						
								Incorrigible,						
								Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.  "bois, arbres, fruits, etc.						
63 6	65			.5	2	7		Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du						
								Canada.						
1	1			5.		5		Vente de boissons sans licence.						
			• • • • •					Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boisson aux Sauvages.						
				17		8		Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété.						
4	******							Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et						
								" de la milice. Divers petits délits.						
3	. 3			21.	$\ldots$ 2	1		Contraventions aux lois municipales.						
				1		1		Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique.						
3				2		2		Néglig, de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille.						
						7		Inf. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens.						
			1	3 .		7 3		Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer. Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat.						
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				19.			. 19	Infractions aux lois maritimes.						
2	2			ii	2 1	i	. 2	Délits ayant rapport à la corvée. Menaces et langage injurieux.						
1			1	27	9 2	2 ·····i		Empiétement. Vagabondage.						
119	117	2			59 81		5 5	Ivresse. Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale.						
1			,	23	4 2		2	Langage insultant, obscène, profane.						
,	*,* * * *			6	8 . 1	2	2	Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.						
1.,	1							Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures.						
2			2					Aliénation mentale.						
242 6			3	1014	88, 103	0 20	52	Totaux.						
1	7—12	$\frac{1}{2}$												

Total   Condam   Co	•	PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK—Concluded.  PROVINCE DU NOUVEAU-BRUNSWICK—Fin.													
OFFENCES.			1	VESTM	ORELAND.				Y	ORK.					
Victor   Conding   Condi	0.00000000	~			Sentence.		victions Total Condam-			Sentence.					
M.   F.   M.   F.	OFFENCES.	Total Cordan	al n-	tion of a fine.	mitted without option.  Empri- sonnés sans	ferred &c. Re- mise,			tion of a fine.	mitted without option.  Empri- sonnés sans	De- ferred &c. Re- mise, etc.				
Disturbing religious and like meetings.   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   3   3   3		M.	F.		option		M.	F.		opular.					
Disturbing religious and like meetings.   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   3   3   3	dulteration of foodssaults. reach of peace arrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons	16 12 2	1 2	17 14 2			6 i		6						
" of dogs, birds, &c " of timber, trees, fruits, &c 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	ontempt of court. ruelty to animals visturbing religious and like meetings. ishery Acts, offences against.		• • • •			• • • • • •	1 2		1 2						
Selling liquor during prohibited hours without license 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1															
Malicious injury to property. Other damage to property. Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against. Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against. Militia Acts Miscellaneous minor offences. Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14															
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against.  Militia Acts  Miscellaneous minor offences.  Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	Selling liquor during prohibited hours "without license" 'iolation of Indian liquor law	3		3			 i	• • • •	i						
Miscellaneous minor oftenees Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of. 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14															
Railway Acts, offences against.  Revenue Laws Seamen Acts Statute Labour, offences relating to Threats and abusive language	Iedical and Dentistry Acts, offences against.  Iilitia Acts  'iscellaneous minor offences  Iunicipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of	14		14			14		14						
Railway Acts, offences against.  Revenue Laws Seamen Acts Statute Labour, offences relating to Threats and abusive language	Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against	2	• • •	2			3		3						
Statute Labour, offences relating to	Railway Acts, offences against														
Vagrancy         2         2         6         1         4         3           Drunkenness         276         10         286         88         2         86         1           Indecent exposure and oth. off. ag'st moral.         1 <td< td=""><td>tatute Labour, offences relating to 'hreats and abusive language</td><td>3</td><td></td><td>3</td><td></td><td></td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	tatute Labour, offences relating to 'hreats and abusive language	3		3			4	3							
Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and 4 4	Drunkenness	276	10	2 286			88 88	1 2	86	3					
	Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and inmates thereof.  Loose, idle, disorderly		.4	4			1		1						
	nsanity	10				13									

		Pro	VINCE	of Q	UEB	EC.			
	ARTH	ABASKA.				BEA	AUCE.		
~	<b>,</b>	Sentence		~	1	` .	Sentence.		
Convictions Total Con-	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.	tio	c- ns tal	Op- tion of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	OFFENSES.
dam- na- tions.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	dai	m-	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	
M.   F		1		M.	F	1	r		
2 1	$\begin{array}{c} \cdots & \vdots \\ 2 & 1 \end{array}$			9					Falsification de substances alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix.
• • • • • • •				. ,					Port d'armes illégal. Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux.
		• • • • • • •							Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres.
	:	• • • • • • • •			• • •				Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.  "défendant le jeu.
									incorrigible.
									Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.
1	i	• • • • • • • •		8		8			" bois, arbres, fruits, etc. Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons.
		•••	••••						Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada.
21	21	• • • • • • •		42		44		• • • • • •	Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues. sans licence.
****	••••	• • • • • • • •			• • •	***		• • • •	Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boissons aux Sauvages.
2	2								Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété.
****	* * * * * *			• • •	• • •	• , •		• • • • •	Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs.
		• • • • • • • •							Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent. de la milice.
									Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales.
									Pratiquant divers états sans licence. Inf. aux lois sur l'hygiène publique.
		• • • • • • • •				,			Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille.
									Infract, aux lois concernant les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche.
		• • • • • • • •							Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer. Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat.
	• • • • • •								Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement.
2	4								Vagabondage. Ivresse.
1	1								Exposit. indécente et aut. off. coutre la morale. Langage insultant, obscène, profane.
• • • • •	• • • • • •				• • •				Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
		• • • • • • • •							Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures.
									Aliénation mentale.
34	34			75	2	76	<u> </u>	1	ITotaux.

	J	UST	rices.							_
			. 1	PROVINCE	or Qu	EBEC	— Co	ontinue	d.	
			Велин	ARNOIS.				BEDF	ORD.	
O YYYY DAY O TOO	~			Sentence.					Sentence.	
OFFENCES.	Tot	ns al	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.  Empri-	De- ferred &c. — Re-	Tot	ns cal	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.
	na	-		sonnés sans	mise, etc.	na	-	option	sonnés sans	mise,
	M.	F.		option.		M.	F.		option.	
Adulteration of food	8					9				
Adulteration of food	29		29							
Contempt of court	i		. 1							
Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons. Contempt of court. Cruelty to animals. Disturbing religious and like meetings. Fishery Acts, offences against. Gambling Acts "Game Laws"	$\frac{1}{2}$		i	1		3		3		
Game Laws " Incorrigible					• • • •					
Larceny	.					:				
Game Laws Incorrigible. Larceny. " of dogs, birds, &c. " of timber, trees, fruits, &c. Liquor License Acts offences against Breach of Canada Temperance Act.						5		3		2
Selling liquor during prohibited hours				-		5		5		
Selling liquor during prohibited hours without license Violation of Indian liquor law						3		3		
Malicious injury to property Other damage to property Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against										
	4	1	1			i.	1			
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts ""  Miscellaneous minor offences										
Militia Acts Miscellaneous minor offences Municipal Acts and By-Laws, breaches of Exercising various callings without license. Health By-laws, offences against Highway offences against	1 1		1			3 2		2		1
Neglecting to support family Pharmacy Acts, offences against. Profanation of the Lord's Day Railway Acts, offences against.						i		1		
Railway Acts, offences against										
Statute Labour, offences relating to	1		1		2					···· i
Vagrancy	ii	i		4	····i	2			1	1
Drunkenness Indecent exposure and oth. off. ag'st moral. Insulting, obscene and profane language. Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and	12	1	12							
inmates thereof.  Loose, idle, disorderly	1		1							
Weights and Measures Acts, offences against. Insanity			• • • •	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				0 0 . 4 4		
Totals	75	2	64	9	4	27		20	1	6

		Provinc	CE DE C	Québec—	-Suite.			
	GA	sp <b>é.</b>			IBERV	TLLE.		
~	5	Sentence.		~	1 8	Sentence.		O THINNANA
Convictions Total Con-	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	Convictions Total Con-	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	OFFENSES.
dam- na- tions.	Sur	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	dam- na- tions.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Remise, etc.	
M.   F	1		1	M.   F.	1	ļ. [		
1				5				Falsification de substances alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix.
								Port d'armes illégal.
								Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux.
2				1				
								" défendant le jeu. " de chasse.
								Incorrigible.
							•	Larcin. Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.
								Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada.
								Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues sans licence.
								Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boisson aux Sauvages.
٠								Donmages malicieux à la 1 ropriété. Autres dommages à la propriété.
							.:	Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et.
								Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent.
								Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales.
				4				Pratiquant divers états sans licence.
								Délits avant rapport aux chemins publics.
				1				Infrac. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens.
	4				1			Profanation du dimanche. Infractions aux lois de chemins de fer.
								Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat.
		· \						Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.
								Empiétement.
3 .		3		5	5			Vagabondage.
								Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale.
			. /.					Langage insultant, obscène, profane.  Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
••••	• •			7				Conduite déréglée. Infraction aux lois des poids et mesures.
	.							Aliénation mentale.
7	1	6	1	16	15		1	Totaux.
le pr	. Opticisonnie	n ginen t r å bord.	to capta	ain to ta	rison	er on boa	ard.—I	Le choix est donné aux capitaine de conduire

0 (		10135	•						
			Provinc	E OF	QUEB1	EC—C	Continu	ed.	
		Jou	ETTE.				Mont	REAL.	
	-	:	Sentence.					Sentence	
vic	-	Op-	Com- mitted	De-	vi	ic-	Op- tion	Com- mitted	De-
Tot	al	of a fine.		ferred &c.	To	tal	of a fine.	without option.	ferred &c.
dan	n- -	Sur option		Re- mise,	da	m- a-	Sur option		Re- mise,
_	_		option.	etc.				option.	etc.
1		1			460	73	467	26	40
î		1			6 13	2	7		1
					109 10				6
					136		104		32
					<sub>5</sub>	$\frac{\dots}{2}$			
					37	4	9		
				1	50	5			
					82	58			
									4
				i					
					90	5	88 88		7
							43		3
					1		1		
					11 63			······································	2
					35 15	5	13 14		16
23		21		2	1772	334	174 20	133 119 8	111 213 1
	1				1	3.9	481	8	36
ļ					25	2	19		8
-	1	26		15	1442	092	4668	371	495
	Con vice tion Tot Condan na tion M.	Convictions Total Condamnations. M.  F	Convictions tions of a fine. Condamnations. M.  F	JOLIETTE.  Sentence.  Options mitted without option.  Total Condamna option.  Sur nas option.  I 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	JOLIETTE.    Sentence     Convictions tions     Total claim     Condam mitted option     Condam mitted option     Sur martions     M.   F	Sentence   Convictions tion of a fine   Condam of a fine   Condam option   C	Sentence   Convictions tools   Condamos   Condamos	PROVINCE OF QUEBEC-Continue	Deliette   Deligion   Deligion

a. Committed, for not giving sureties.—Imprisonnés pour ne pas s<sup>Jir</sup> donné des cautions.

#### SESSIONAL PAPER No. 17

			Provi	NCE DE	Qui	ÉBEC	v—Suite	*		
		От	FAWA.				Pon	TIAC.		
~	_		Sentence	•	-		1	Sentence		
To dan na tion	c- ns tal on- m- t- ns.	Option of a fine.  Sur option	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés sans option.	De- ferred &c. Re- mise, etc.	Too Co dan na tion	c- ns tal n- m-	Option of a fine.  Sur option	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés sans option.	De- ferred &c. Re- mise, etc.	OFFENSES.
<u>M.</u>	F		1	1	M.	F.	1	•	1	1
····i		1								Falsification de substances alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix. Port d'armes illégal. Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux.
		1			10		10			Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres. Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.  "défendant le jeu. de chasse. Incorrigible.
****					2	• • • •		i	1	Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.  '' bois, arbres, fruits, etc. Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		2			1	· · ·	1			Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues  "sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boisson aux Sauvages. Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété.
• • • •						• • •				Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs.
										Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent.  "" de la milice.  Divers petits délits.
37	1	4			3		3			Contraventions aux lois municipales. Pratiquant divers états sans licence. Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique. Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille.
• • • • •	•••									Infrac. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche. Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer. Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat.
9	3 8	12	3		1 1		1 1			Infractions aux lois maritimes. Délits ayant rapport à la corvée. Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement. Vagabondage.
113 3 9		116 3 11			··· 2			2		Ivresse. Exposit. indécente et aut. off. cont. la morale. Langage insultant, obscène, profane. Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
8	1 	9								Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures. Aliénation mentale.
214	20	231	3		23		19	3	1	Totaux.

		, , ,	ICES.							
	_		F	PROVINCE	or Qu	EBEC	C	ontinue	d.	
			Qυ	EBEC.			•	Richi	ELIEU.	
OFFENCES	Co	m.		Sentence		Co	n.		Sentence	
OI L BITOBIO	vi tio	cons tal on- m-	Option of a fine.  Sur option	Committed without option  Emprisonnés sans option.	Deferre &c. Re- nise, etc.	vide tio	c- ns tal n- m-	Option of a fine.  Sur option	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés sans option.	&c.
	M.	F.		operom		M.	F.		option	
Adulteration of food Assaults Breach of peace	58	5 3	61		5	19	3		2	
Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons Contempt of court Cruelty to animals. Disturbing religious and like meetings Fishery Acts, offences against	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\3\\ \cdots \end{bmatrix}$		3					4		
Gambling Acts  Game Laws  Incorrigible.  Larceny.	7		7							
" of dogs, birds, &c										
Selling liquor during prohibited hours  without license  Violation of Indian liquor law		1					1	5 17		
Malicious injury to property	7	1	8							
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts Miscellaneous minor offences Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of	337	10	347							
Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against. Highways, offences relating to Neglecting to support family. Pharmacy Acts, offences against.	1 3	1	115 2 3					1		
Profanation of the Lord's Day. Railway Acts, offences against. Revenue Laws Seamen Acts "Statute Lebente for the Lord's Day.	2		2			• • • •				
Statute Labour, offences relating to Threats and abusive language Trespass Vagrancy	11		107	0	i1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1		
Drunkenness. Indecent exposure and oth, off, ag'st moral. Insulting, obscene and profane language. Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and	290 2 10	15	290							
inmates thereof. Loose, idle, disorderly. Weights and Measures Acts, offences against Insanity.	16		16			····i		1		
Totals	1101	84	1158	10	17	63	10	69	4	

		Provin	CE DE	Quéi	BEC-	–Suite	?•		
	Rim	ouski.		60		Sagu	JENAY.		
~		Sentence.			1		Sentence.		OFFENSES.
Convictions Total Con-	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.	Cor vic or Tota	al	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	OFFERSES.
dam- na- tions.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	dan na- tion	.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Remise, etc.	
M.   F.				M.	F		optioni		
5	2		3						Mépris de cour.
4	2		2	1 		1			Perturbation deréunions religiouses et autres. Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.  "défendant le jeu. "de chasse.
i	 1			····i		1			Incorrigible. Larcin. Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc. "bois, arbres, fruits, etc. Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du
29 2	30 2	i		 1 1		1	a1		Canada. Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues. sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boisson aux Sauvages.
1	1			1		i			Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété. Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs. Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent.
									Contraventions aux lois municipales. Pratiquant divers états sans licence.
									Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille. Infract. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche.
									Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer. Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat. Infractions aux lois maritimes. Délits ayant rapport à la corvée. Menaces et langage injurieux.
1 22	6		i						Empiétement. Vagabondage. Ivresse. Exposit, indécente et aut. off. contre la morale.
									T / 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
67 2	47	16	6			• • • • • •	1		Aliénation mentale. Totaux.

a. Both jail and fine.—La prison et l'amende.

	JI	USI	CICES.							
			P	BOVINCE	of Qu	EBEC	— <i>C</i>	mtinue	d.	
			St. F	RANCIS.			\$	Вт. Ну	ACINTHE.	
· OFFENCES.	Co			Sentence.		Co		)	Sentence.	
OFF ENCES.	Tot	ns tal	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	&c.	tion Tot	ns tal	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	&c.
	dar na tion	١-	Sur option	Empri- sonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	dan na tion	ļ-	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.
	M.	F.		option.		M.	F.		option.	
Adulteration of food	16	2	16		2	5		4		<u>i</u>
Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons	2		2			17	1			
Cruelty to animals.  Disturbing religious and like meetings	1		1							
Contempt of court Cruelty to animals Disturbing religious and like meetings. Fishery Acts, offences against Gambling Acts Game Laws Incorrigible. Larceny	2		$\begin{vmatrix} \ldots & 3 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$							
" of dogs, birds, &c	8	1	- 9			4		4		
Selling liquor during prohibited hours  "without license.  Violation of Indian liquor law										
Violation of Indian liquor law										
Other damage to property.  Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against.	2	i	3			4	2	6		
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts										
Miscellaneous minor offences.  Municipal Acts and By-Laws, breaches of. Exercising various callings without license. Health By-laws, offences against. Highways, offences relating to	2 1		2 1			14 8 3	2	11 9 2		5
Pharmacy Acts, offences against		1:::		• • • • • • • •						
Profanation of the Lord's Day										
Seamen Acts Statute Labour, offences relating to Threats and abusive language.		0 0 0								
Vagrancy	6		1 147	3	$\begin{bmatrix} & & 1 \\ & & 2 \\ & 1 \end{bmatrix}$		4	14 59		
Drunkenness Indecent exposure and oth. off. ag'st moral. Insulting, obscene and profane language. Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and	1		··· i	3		3		8	1	
inmates thereof. Loose, idle, disorderly Weights and Measures Acts, offences against.	2		1		1					
Insanity					• • • • • •					
Totals	219	13	219	6	7	145	17	148	2	12

			Provin	CE DE	Quée	BEC	-Fin.			
_		TERRE	BONNE.					Rivers. Rivières.		
		) ;	Sentence					Sentence.		
Co vio tio To	c- ns tal	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.	Cor vic tion Tota	s al	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	OFFENSES.
Co dan na tion	n- ns.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Remise, etc,	Cor dan na- tion	n- .s.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	
<u>M.</u>	E.	1		1	M.	F	1	1	1	
						6			2	Falsification de substances alimentaires, Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix, Port d'armes illégal.
						• • •				Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres.
					····i		1			Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.  '' défendant le jeu.  de chasse.  Incorrigible.  Larcin.
					····iż		12			Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc. "bois, arbres, fruits, etc. Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons.
					5 38		5			Canada. Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues. '' sans licence.
						• •				Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boisson aux Sauvages. Dommages malicieux à la propriété.
• • • •		•••		• . • • •			3			Autres dommages à la propriété. Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs.
• • • •			• • • • • • • •			 				Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent.  "" de la milice.  Divers petits délits.
• • • •					5 4	 	3		1	Contraventions aux lois municipales. Pratiquant divers états sans licence. Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique.
• • • •										Délits ayant apport aux chemins publics. Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille. Infract. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche.
							4			Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer. Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat. Infractions aux lois maritimes.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •										Délits ayant rapport à la corvée. Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement.
		1		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	31 	i	30	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	Vagabondage. Ivresse. Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale.
	•••				5	5	10	10		Langage insultant, obscène, profane. Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre. Conduite déréglée.
									3	Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures. Aliénation mentale.
1		1			138	19	. 125	25	7	,Totaux.

	J	081	TICES.	•						
				Pro	VINCE	ог О	NTA	RIO.		
	A	LGO	MA AND	MANITO	ULIN.			BRA	NT.	
OFFENCES	- a			Sentence.					Sentence	
OFFENCES.	vie tion	ns tal	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.	vio tion Tot	ns tal	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.
	dar na tion	n- ,-	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Remise, etc.	dar na tion	n-	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.
	M.	F.				М.	F.			
Adulteration of food	58 17		57 16		1					
Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons Contempt of court Cruelty to animals. Disturbing religious and like meetings	2 1		2			$\frac{3}{2}$		$\frac{3}{2}$		
Fishery Acts, offences against. Gambling Acts Game Laws Incorrigible.						1				
Larceny.  " of dogs, birds, &c  " of timber, trees, fruits, &c	8		7	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1	2		2		
Breach of Canada Temperance Act  Selling ligner during prohibited hours			12				1	3		
Selling liquor during prohibited hours  without license  Violation of Indian liquor law	33		35			i	i	2		
Malicious injury to property	13					18	i 1	13 2		6
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts, offences against. Miscellaneous minor offences.						1		1		
Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of  Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against  Highways, offences relating to	6 86	2	86 86			···i				
Neglecting to support family	1 18		18		a1 	i		·····i		
Railway Acts, offences against	1									
Threats and abusive language	6 7 36		5 5 19 194	15	1 2 2	19 34 216	i	19 26 219	9	1
Drunkenness. Indecent exposure and oth off, ag'st moral. Insulting, obscene and profane language. Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and	3 3		2 3		1	1 4		1 4 4		1
inmates thereof. Loose, idle, disorderly	15		15			80	1	80		
Totals	693	32	694	22	0	577	28	584	9	12
To may 80 wouldy A payon 80 man of	1 000	1 04	, 001	1 44	•/	, 011	, 20			- 2

<sup>.</sup>a To pay \$2 weekly.—A payer \$2 par semaine.

			Pre	OVINCE	р'Оз	STAF	tio.			
		Br	UCE.				CARL	ETON.		
~		1	Sentence.		~		\$	Sentence.	•	OWNERIGE
Con vic- tion Tota Con dam	s al	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	&c. Re-	Tot Cor dan	al n-	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	&c. Re-	OFFENSES
na- tions		option	sans	etc.	na tion		option	sans	mise, etc.	
M.	F		option.		M.	F.		option.		
2 2		53 3 3 2 2 2 2		1	1 112 78  2  4  6	15 17	1 124 95 2 4 6			Falsification de substances alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix. Port d'armes illégal. Mépris de cour. Cruauté en vers les animaux. Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres. Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.  "défendant le jeu. de chasse. Incorrigible. Larcin.
2		2		,	2	•••	2			Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc. "bois, arbres, fruits, etc.
14	2	16			15 	2	17			Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du
4		1			17 7	1 1	. 18			Canada. Vente de boissonsdurant les heures défendues "sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de
3 .	1	3 5 7			2 25 31	i	2 25 32			boissons aux Sauvages. Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété. Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs. Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent.
	i			·····i						Divers petits délits.
59 6 2 6	1	59 7 2 6		a1	\$2 5 6 40 11	3 1 1 	85 6 7 40 10			Contraventions aux lois municipales. Pratiquant divers états sans licence. Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique. Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille.
 12		12			14 14	2	16			Infract, anx lois concernant les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche. Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer. Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat.
 			• • • • • • •							Infractions aux lois maritimes.
5	• •	4			7	3	10			Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.  Menaces et langage injurieux.
 2	5		16	2	5 21	6	5 9			Empietement. Vagabondage.
19		19			271 11	35	306	4		Ivresse. Exposit, indécente et aut. off. contre la morale.
	1	16	i		31 8	16 39	47 43	4		Langage insultant, obscène, profane.  Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
48	٠.,	46		2	49 3	5	. 54			Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures
5	2			7						Alienation mentale.
300	13	281	18	14	881	148	1009	30		Totaux.

a. To pay \$3 weekly.—A payer \$3 par semaine.

	30	511	CES.							
			Pro	OVINCE O	F ONTA	ARIO-	- <b>C</b> o	ntinued	•	
			DUF	FERIN				EL	GIN	
OFFENCIA	Cor			Sentence.		Con	. 1	8	Sentence.	
OFFENCES.	vic tion Tot	al	Op- tion of a fine.	Committed without option.	&c.	vio tion Tot	ns al	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	ferred &c.
	dan na- tion	n- is.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	dan na tion	n- 18.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.
	M.	$ \mathbf{F}_i $				M.	F.		-	
Adulteration of food Assaults. Breach of peace Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons. Contempt of court Cruelty to animals Disturbing religious and like meetings. Fishery Acts, offences against Gambling Acts Game Laws " Incorrigible. Larceny	7	. 1	· 1			16	1	15		2
Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons			• • . • • •	• • • • • • •						
Disturbing religious and like meetings Fishery Acts, offences against		• • •						1		
Gambling Acts  Game Laws  ''  ''  ''  ''  ''  ''  ''  ''  ''			• • • • •							
Larceny										
" of dogs, birds, &c	6	i	7			17		17		
Selling liquor during prohibited hours  "without license  Violation of Indian liquor law										
Violation of Indian liquor law  Malicious injury to property										
Malicious injury to property	$\frac{1}{2}$		2			2		2		
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts Miscellaneous minor offences Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of. Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against. Highways, offences relating to. Neglecting to support family Pharmacy Acts, offences against Profanation of the Lord's Day Railway Acts, offences against Revenue Laws Seamen Acts Statute Labour, offences relating to										
Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of Exercising various callings without license	6		6			3		2		1
Health By-laws, offences against						3		3		
Pharmacy Acts, offences against						3		3		
Revenue Laws Seamen Acts " Seamen Acts										
Threats and abusive language	2		1	1		4		2	1	1
Vagrancy Drunkenness Indecent exposure and oth, off, ag'st moral.						22 6		6	4	
Insulting, obscene and profane language. Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and inmates thereof.						5		5		
Loose, idle, disorderly Weights and Measures Acts, offences against		· · ·	1							
Insanity	-	1								
Totals	45	4	36	12	2 1	91	2	81	5	7

			Provi	NCE D'	ONTA:	RIO-	—Suite.			
		Es	SEX.				Fron	renac.	a reservative	
	_		Sentence.				[	Sentence.	•	
Co		Op-	Com-	1	Co		Op-	Com-	1	OFFENSES.
tio:		tion of a	mitted without	De- ferred	Tot		tion of a	mitted without	De- ferred	
Co		fine.	option.	&c.	Co		fine.	option.	&c.	
dai na		Sur	Empri- sonnés	Re- mise,	dai		Sur	Empri- sonnés	Re- mise,	
tion	ıs.		sans option.	etc.	tion	ns.	^	sans option.	etc.	
<u>M.</u>	F				M.	F.	]	1	1	
49	7	47			16	3	10			Falsification de substances alimentaires.
43 5					7					
3		3			····i		1			
								į	1	Cruanté envere les animens
					io		10			Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres: Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.
6										défendant le jeu.
										Incorrigible.
										Larcin.
										" bois, arbres, fruits, etc.
12	2	14			9		9			Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du
					-					Canada.
$\frac{8}{1}$		8			1		1			Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues.
					• • •					Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de
										boisson aux Sauvages. Dommages malicieux à la propriété.
7		7			3		3			Autres dommages à la propriété
						• • •				Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs.
1		1			4					Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent.
										Divers petits délits.
23 1		1			3		3			Contraventions aux lois municipales. Pratiquant divers états sans licence.
1	1	2								Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique.
25	1									Delits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig, de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille.
15		15			····i					Intract, aux fois concernant les pharmaciens,
17										Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer.
										Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat. Infractions aux lois maritimes.
1										Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.
14		$\begin{array}{c c} 12 \\ 14 \end{array}$		1	4		4			Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement.
16	2	14	4		3 93	2	1	4		Vagabondage.
91 1		1				4	97			Ivresse. Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale.
$\frac{6}{3}$					4		4			Langage insultant, obscène, profane.
										Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
34	1	35			6		6			Conduite dérèglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures.
2				2						Aliénation mentale.
\$61	25	376	6	4	167	9	171	4	1	Totaux.
-			-13							

	0 (	191	TCES.							
			Pı	ROVINCE	OF ONT	ARIO		ontinue	d.	
			GR	EY.				HALDI	MAND.	
0.000 M			S	Sentence.		-		5	Sentence.	
OFFENCES.	Con tion Tota Con dan na- tion	al	Option of a fine.  Suroption	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés sans	De- ferred &c. Re- mise, etc.	Co vide tion Co dan na tion	ns tal n- n-	Option of a fine.  Sur option	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés sans	De- ferred &c. Re- mise, etc.
	M.	F.		option.		М.	F.		option.	
Adulteration of food  Assaults Breach of peace Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons Contempt of court	1 1		9, 1 1	1		9 1				
Contempt of court Cruelty to animals. Disturbing religious and like meetings. Fishery Acts, offences against. Gambling Acts Game Laws Incorrigible. Larceny  "of dogs, birds, &c. "of timber trees fruits &c.	2 2 8		2 8			2		2		
Incorrigible.  Larceny  " of dogs, birds, &c.  " of timber, trees, fruits, &c.  Liquor License Acts, offences against.  Breach of Canada Temperance Act.	i 9	i	10		1	1	1	······i		1
Selling liquor during prohibited hours without license	4					4		4		
Malicious injury to property Other damage to property Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against	 i 1		1			1		2 1		
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts Miscellaneous minor offences Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against Highways, offences relating to Neglecting to support family	4	T	D			10	$\gamma \cdots$	10		
Neglecting to support family. Pharmacy Acts, offences against. Profanation of the Lord's Day. Railway Acts, offences against. Revenue Laws Seamen Acts " Seamen Acts	1		1							
Statute Labour, offences relating to. Threats and abusive language. Trespass. Vagrancy. Drunkenness.	5 3 28 16	i		29		18	2	1 2 1	17	1
Indecent exposure and oth. off. ag'st moral. Insulting, obseene and profane language. Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and innates thereof. Loose, idle, disorderly.	7		7	4	2			12	1	
Weights and Measures Acts, offences against Insanity										
Totals	131	7	99	35	) 4	1 8	2 5	6.5	20	2

			Provin	CE D'C	NTAI	RIO-	-Suite.		·	
		На	LTON.				Hast	rings.		
· a.	-		Sentence		_		1	Sentence		OHPHNONG
Con vic- tion Tota Con dam	s al	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	&c.	To:	c- ns tal	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c. Re-	OFFENSES.
na- tions	s.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	dan na tion	ns.	Sur option	Empri- sonnés sans option.	mise,	•
M.	F			1	M.	F.	1		1	1
8 2		$\begin{array}{c} \cdots \\ 7 \\ 2 \end{array}$	i		29	4	32	-		Falsification de substances alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix.
									•••	Mépris de cour.
1		1					1 1			Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres.
1		1			1				1	Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.  "défendant le jeu.
					···i	3		3	1	Incorrigible.
					$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \end{vmatrix}$		1			Larcin. Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.
1.					13	4	···i7			" bois, arbres, fruits, etc. Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons.
		- · • •	• • • • • • •							Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada.
1 .		1			1 1		1 1			Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues.
	•				4		3	1		Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boissons aux Sauvages.
					16				··· ii	Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété.
	-			••••	17	1				serviteurs.
			• • • • • • •							Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent. de la milice.
5.		5			29		29			Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales.
					$\begin{array}{c c} 6 \\ 1 \end{array}$		5		1	Pratiquant divers états sans licence. Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique.
1.		1		a1	5		5			Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille.
					2		9			Infract, aux lois concernant les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche.
										Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer.
										Infractions aux lois maritimes.
1.			1		17	5		2		Délits ayant rapport à la corvée. Menaces et langage injurieux.
10	3	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 10 \\ 12 \end{array}$	8		$\begin{array}{ c c c }\hline & 4 \\ 34 \\ \hline & 77 \\ \end{array}$	3	12 75	$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 2 \end{array}$		Empiétement. Vagabondage. Ivresse.
	i	2					1			Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale. Langage insultant, obscène, profane.
						6		4	2	Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
3		3			24	1	16	2	7	Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures.
					i				1	Aliénation mentale.
57	4	48	12	1	294	27	257	29	35	Totaux.

a. To pay \$2 weekly.—A payer \$2 par semaine.

 $<sup>17 - 13\</sup>frac{1}{2}$ 

	1081	TCES.						
		P	ROVINCE	of Ont	ARIO—C	ontinue	d.	
		Hu	URON.			K	ENT.	
OFFENCES.	Con-		Sentence.		Con-	]	Sentence.	
OF FERGES.	victions Total Con-	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	ferred &c.	vic- tions Total Con-	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	ferred &c.
	dam- na- tions.	Sur option	Empri- sonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	dam- na- tions.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.
	M.   F.	1		{	M.  F.	1		
Adulteration of food Assaults. Breach of peace. Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons.		31			36 16			3
					21	2		
Disturbing religious and like meetings	1	1			1	1		
Gambling Acts  Game Laws  ''  Incorrigible	1	1						
Larceny	2	2			1 3	1 3		
Gambling Acts  Game Laws  Incorrigible Larceny  of dogs, birds, &c.  of timber, trees, fruits, &c.  Liquor License Acts, offences against Breach of Canada Temperance Act.	10 2	12			15	15		
Selling liquor during prohibited hours	12	12			5	5		
Violation of Indian liquor law  Malicious injury to property					1	1	*	
Malicious injury to property	4 2	$\frac{1}{2}$		3	9 21	9		
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts								
Municipal Acts and By-Laws, breaches of Exercising various callings without license	24 2	19		5	7	5		2
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts Miscellaneous minor offences.  Municipal Acts and By-Laws, breaches of  Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against.  Highways, offences relating to  Neglecting to support family Phaymage Acts offences against	14	14			7 12	12		1
Pharmacy Acts, offences against Profanation of the Lord's Day Railway Acts, offences against	2	2			1	1		
Revenue Laws Seamen Acts "								
Statute Labour, offences relating to Threats and abusive language Trespass	2	1		1	3 6	26		1
Vagrancy	12	11		1	87 2	84	3	5
Insulting, obscene and profane language Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and inmates thereof.	5				33 5		3	4
Loose, idle, disorderly Weights and Measures Acts, offences against Insanity	3	1			15			
		115	8	11	310 12	296	6	20
Totals	1100 (	113	1 0	, 14	1 010 12	230	0	20

			Provi	NCE D'C	)nta:	RIO-	-Suite.			
		LAM	IBTON.				La	NARK.		
		8	Sentence.					Sentence.		
tio To Co	on- ic- ons otal on- m-	Option of a fine.  Sur option	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés	De- ferred &c. Re- mise,	Con tion Tot Con dan na	al n-	Option of a fine. Sur option	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés	De- ferred &c. Re- mise,	OFFENSES.
tic	ns.			•	sans option.	etc.				
$\underline{\mathbf{M}}$ .	I	1			M.	F.		· · ·		
	2 :			i	26 25		27 25			Perturbation de la paix.
• • • •										
•••	2	2								
	4									
	2									Incorrigible.
	1 .	. 1								Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.
	9				25					Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du
	2	$\frac{1}{2}$			12		13			Canada. Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues
					1					sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de
										boisson aux Sauvages. Dommages malicieux à la propriété.
	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$									Infractions aux lois concernant les maitres et
										serviteurs. Inf. aux lois concernant et les dent.
										Divers petits délits.
3	8 .			6						Contraventions aux lois municipales. Pratiquant divers états sans licence.
	1 .	1			3		3			Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique.
	1			αĺ					b1, e1	Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille.
• • •	$\frac{1}{7}$ :					1			1	
	4 .		1				1			Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer. Délits contre le revenue de l'Etat.
• • •										Infractions aux lois maritimes.
• • •	4			4		i				Menaces et langage injurieux.
3		$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	13		38		4	46		Empiétement. Vagabondage.
19	3 1.	$\begin{bmatrix} 159 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	1	39	56	2	51	6	1	Ivresse. Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale.
• • •	1	1			8 2	2	8 2	2		Langage insultant, obscène, profane. Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons
2	1	1 15	6	1	19		19			de désordre. Conduite déréglé.
• • •	5	2		7	1	4	1		7	Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures. Alienation mentale.
42	$\frac{1}{2}$	314	21	107	277	19	235	54	7	Totaux.

a. To pay \$2 weekly—A payer \$2 par semaine. b. To pay \$3—c. \$5 weekly. b. A payer \$3—c. \$5 par semaine.

	00	21.	ICES.							
			Pro	OVINCE O	F ONT	ARIO-	- <i>C</i> o	ntinued	? <b>.</b>	
	1	LEE	DS AND	GRENVII	LE.	L	ENN	OX AND	ADDING	TON.
ONLINARA			] .	Senten <b>c</b> e.		_			Sentence.	
OFFENCES.	Con vio tion Tot	as al	Op- tion of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.	Tot	e- ns tal	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.
	dan na tion	n- is.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Remise, etc.	dar na tion	n- ns.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.
	1	·	1		! 	1111.				
Adulteration of food	53		1 52			ii		11		
Breach of peace	5		5					., .		
Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons  Contempt of court										
Cruelty to animals	2		2							
Fishery Acts, offences against										
Gambling Acts "										
Game Laws "	1			i						
Larceny										, .
" of dogs, birds, &c										
Liquor License Acts, offences against	10		10			11	1	12		
Breach of Canada Temperance Act										
Selling liquor during prohibited hours										
Violation of Indian liquor law										
Malicious injury to property. Other damage to property.	9		3 9			2		2		
Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against	5		5							
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against	1		1							
Militia Acts										
Miscellaneous minor offences	21		21							
Exercising various callings without license	5		5		,	1		1		
Health By-laws, offences against Highways, offences relating to	8		1 3			1		1		
Neglecting to support family	3		1	1	a1					
Pharmacy Acts, offences against	1		1							
Railway Acts, offences against	3		3							
Revenue Laws Seamen Acts " "										
Statute Labour, offences relating to										
Threats and abusive language Trespass	1		$\begin{vmatrix} 3\\1 \end{vmatrix}$		1	3		$\frac{1}{3}$		1
Vagrancy.	12	1	3	10		2			2	
Drunkenness Indecent exposure and oth. off. ag'st moral.			180		1	13		13		
Insulting, obscene and profane language. Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and			30			4		4		
inniates thereof.	1	0	2	4						
Loose, idle, disorderly	43		43			3		3		
Weights and Measures Acts, offences against Insanity		i			i					
	417	19	408	17	4	58	- <del>-</del>	56	2	1
Totals	311	12	408	1/	1 4	1 08	1	50	Z	

a. To pay \$3 weekly-A payer \$3 par semaine.

			Provin	CE D'O	NTAR	10-	-Suite.			
		Lin	COLN.				Midi	DLESEX.		
~		)	Sentence		~		8	Sentence.		
vie tio					Con vice tion Total	is al	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	OFFENSES.
na	m-   Sur   Empri-   Re-				dan na- tion	-	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Remise, etc.	
M.	F.		option		M.	F	1	option.		
29					45 2		32			Falsification de substances alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix.
···· 2		2			5		5			Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres.
1 3 		1 3				• •				" de chasse. Incorrigible.
3					$\begin{array}{c} 2\\1\\27\end{array}$	··· ··· ···	1 29			Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons.
							• • • •			Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada. Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues.
		1	• • • • • • •							" sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de
7 3	···i	7 4			13 2				 2 1	boisson aux Sauvages. Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété. Infracțions aux lois concernant les maîtres et
										Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent.  de la milice.
35	4	39			297				17	Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales. Pratiquant divers états sans licence.
• • • • •			• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	$\frac{2}{16}$		2		 6 1	Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique.
i		1			 5 23		$\begin{array}{c c} & 1 \\ 5 \\ 12 \end{array}$			Infract. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche. Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer.
5 1	i	6	i		30 6 20		30 6 3	16	1	Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement. Vagabondage.
65	2	67			3		1 3	2	21	Ivresse. Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale. Langage insultant, obscène, profane.
10	1	6		5	12	13	13			Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre. Conduite déréglée.
••••		••••			i				1	Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures. Aliénation mentale.
174	10	178	1	5	748	69	709	18	90	Totaux.

	00	OI	ICES.							
			Ρ.	ROVINCE	of On	FARIC		ontinue	ed.	
	Mus	eKO1	KA AND	PARRY S	Sound.			Nipi	SSING.	
OFFENCES.	Co	n.		Sentence.		Co	n.	5	Sentence.	
OFF INOEG.	vio	e- ns cal	Option of a fine.	Committed without option. Empri-	De- ferred &c. Re-	Tot Co	ns cal	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.  Empri-	De- ferred &c. Re-
	na tion		option	sonnés sans option.	mise. etc.	tion		option		mise, etc.
	M.	F.		option		M.	F.			
Adulteration of food	35	l .	36		2	20		22		
Breach of peace	$\frac{1}{2}$		$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ \cdots \\ i \end{vmatrix}$	 1 1		1		3		
Cruelty to animals.  Disturbing religious and like meetings	$\frac{1}{2}$		1 4		1					
Fishery Acts, offences against	9		9		****	6		6 2		
Game Laws Incorrigible Larceny		3	4			i				
" of dogs, birds, &c	1 5		1 5		* * * * *	3		2 3		
Selling liquor during prohibited hours	7		7			1		1		
Violation of Indian liquor law	3			1				16		
Malicious injury to propertyOther damage to property	5 12		 5 12			6 8		6 4		4
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts	1		1							
Miscellaneous minor offences	26		24		2	11		11		
Health By-laws, offences against	3 8	1	3 8		1	5		6		
Neglecting to support family.  Pharmacy Acts, offences against.  Profanation of the Lord's Day		1	1			11				1
Railway Acts, offences against Revenue Laws	1					7		7		
Seamen Acts Statute Labour, offences relating to Threats and abusive language	1 1	i	1				···· i	3		
Trespass	1 4	2	1 3	_	. 4	2		2 1	· · · · · i	
Drunkenness	34 4 20		30 4 17		3	71		71		
heeping, frequenting bawdy houses and inmates thereof.	1	2	2	1			3			
Loose, idle, disorderly Weights and Measures Acts, offences against. Insanity			7			1				
Totals	202	13	194	6	15	189	8	191	. 1	5

			Provi	NCE D'	ONTA	RIO	-Suite			
		Non	RFOLK.				ORTHUM AND DU	IBERLAND JRHAM.	)	
~			Sentence.		~			Sentence.		0.000
Co vio tion Tot Con dan	e- ns cal	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	&c.	Tot	e- ns tal n-	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	&c.	OFFENSES
na tion	,		Empri- sonnés sans	Re- mise, etc.	na	dam- na- tions. Sur option sonn san			Re- mise, etc.	
M.	option.				M.	F.		option.		
37	i		1	1	13 14	i	112	, 1	2	Falsification de substances alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix.
····i				1	2  3		3			Port d'armes illégal. Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux.
••••										Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres. Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.
$\frac{2}{1}$		2		i						" de chasse. Incorrigible.
	1			3						Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.
				•••	15					Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada.
2		2			6		6 1			Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues 'ans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de
										boissons aux Sauvages. Dommages malicieux à la propriété.
13		13			3		3			Autres dommages à la propriété. Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs.
• • • •										Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent.  "la milice.  Divers petits délits.
2					36 1	1	1		2	Contraventions aux lois municipales. Pratiquant divers états sans licence. Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique.
3		2		1	6		6			Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille.
5					1 2		1	1		Profanation du dimanche. Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer.
					11		11			Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat. Infractions aux lois maritimes. Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.
		3 2			3 7 35		4 7			Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement.
$\frac{20}{2}$		17 2	2	1	61 2		51 2	31 8	$\frac{2}{2}$	Vagabondage. Ivresse. Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale.
7		7	• • • • • • • •				7	3	1	Langage insultant, obscène, profane.  Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
				1	30		28	1		Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures Aliénation mentale.
110	2	92	3	17			215	51		Totaux.
	_						~		1	

a. 2 hours in lockup.—2 heures de détention. b. 11, committed to the care of the superintendent of neglected children.—11, mis sous les soins du surintendant des enfants négligés.

	JU	51.	ICES.							
			P	ROVINCE	or On	TARIC	)— <i>C</i>	ontinue	d.	
			Ont	ARIO.				Oxe	ORD.	
	-		[	Sentence.				8	Sentence.	
OFFENCES	Tot	c- ns tal	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option	De- ferre &c.	Co vio tio: Tot	e- ns al	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.
	dan na tion M.	n- ns.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- inise, etc.	dan na tion	n- -	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- nise, etc.
Adulteration of food										
Assaults	32	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ \dots \end{vmatrix}$	31	. 2	1	3	2	45	1	
Contempt of court			1							
Cruelty to animals Disturbing religious and like meetings	2		2					3		1
Fishery Acts, offences against	9		9							
Fishery Acts, offences against										
Incorrigible			1					1		
" of dogs, birds, &c	1		1							
" of dogs, birds, &c	17		17			12	2	14		
	}	l l							• • • •	
Selling liquor during prohibited hours without license			1							
Violation of Indian liquor law	4		4			* * * *				
Malicious injury to property Other damage to property Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against	2	1	2		1	2		2 3		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			i				}			
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts "Miscellaneous minor offences										
Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of	6		5		1	57	3	59		1
Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against	2		2							
Highways, offences relating to  Neglecting to support family	4		4			$\frac{2}{1}$		2		·····i
Pharmacy Acts, offences against. Profanation of the Lord's Day. Railway Acts, offences against.			9							
Railway Acts, offences against						8		4		. 4
Revenue Laws Seamen Acts "										
Statute Labour, offences relating to Threats and abusive language			·····i		1	···ii	2	12		
Trespass Vagrancy	3 14		3	14		40		4 17	24	
Drunkenness	12		11	1		81	1	76		6
Indecent exposure and oth. off. ag'st moral. Insulting, obscene and profane language. Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and	7		7			7		1 7 2		
Loose, idle, disorderly	33		33			19		19		
Weights and Measures Acts, offences against Insanity						2	2			4
Totals	165	3	147	17	4	305	17	279	25	18
		-								

			Provis	NCE D'C	)ntai	RIO-	–Suite.			
	ì	P	EEL.				PE	RTH.		
Cc			Sentence				1	Sentence	•	OTHUNGUG
vi tio To Co	c- ns tal n-	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	&c.	Tot	Convictions tion of a fine.			De- ferred &c.	OFFENSES.
da: na tio:	t-	Sur	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	dan na tion	J-	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	
<u>M</u> .	F		option.	1	M.	F.		option.	<u> </u>	
13		12	1		26					Falsification de substances alimentaires Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix. Port d'armes illégal. Mépris de cour.
					1		1		•••	Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres. Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.
6		6		1	13					Larcin.  Vol de chiens, piseaux, etc.  "bois, arbres, fruits, etc. Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada.
1 i	1	1 1 1			2		2			Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues Vente de boissons sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boisson aux Sauvages. Dommages malicieux à la propriété.
8 3		5 <b>3</b>		3	16 6	i	16 7			Autres dommages à la propriété. Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs. Infrac, aux lois concernant la méd, et les dent.
3	2	5			78	4	82			" de la milice. Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales.
					11 1		11			Pratiquant divers états sans licence. Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique. Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille.
••••					2					Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat.
1 4 12			11	3						Infractions aux lois maritimes. Délits ayant rapport à la corvée. Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement. Vagabondage.
3  2		3 2			22 1 9 10	1 1 7	20 1 9 17	12 2		l vresse. Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale. Langage insultant, obscène, profane. Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons
		2			41	 1	41		i	de désordre. Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures. Aliénation mentale.
63	5	47	14	7	266	15	264	16	1	Totaux.

	J	US	TICES.	•		***				
			1	Province	of On	TARI	0	Continu	ed.	
			PETERE	BOROUGH.		]	Pres	SCOTT A	and Russ	SELL.
OFFENCES.	Co			Sentence.	,	C			Sentence.	
OF F ENOES.	Co vio tion Tot	c- ns tal	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.	Co vio	ns tal	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.
	dan na tion	m- l- ns.	Sur option	Empri-	Re- mise, etc.	dan na tion M.	n- ns.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Remise, etc.
			1		1					]
Adulteration of food	22		20		2	15	2	16		
Assaults.  Breach of peace Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons	5	1	6			1		1		
Cruelty to animals. Disturbing religious and like meetings. Fishery Acts, offences against. Gambling Acts Game Laws	2		1		1	2				2
Disturbing religious and like meetings Fishery Acts, offences against	6		6							
Gambling Acts "		1	i							
Game Laws "		1			al		• • •			
Incorrigible. Larceny.						1				1
" of door birds &c	1	1 .	1		1	1		1		
" of timber, trees, fruits, &c Liquor License Acts, offences against Breach of Canada Temperance Act	5		5			8		8		
Breach of Canada Temperance Act										
Selling liquor during prohibited hours						6		6		
Selling liquor during prohibited hours "without license Violation of Indian liquor law										
Totalion of Indian Indiox Ian							1	1		
Malicious injury to property	10					1 9		1		
Other damage to property Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against	4		4							
Medical and Dantistan Astro-Ganas and and						1				
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts, offences against										
Miscellaneous minor offences					1					
Exercising various callings without license	34	2	1		19			1		
Health By-laws, offences against										
Militia Acts, offences against.  Miscellaneous minor offences.  Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of.  Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against.  Highways, offences relating to  Neglecting to support family.  Pharmacy Acts, offences against.  Profanation of the Lord's Day  Railway Acts, offences against.  Revenue Laws  ""	24	1	25		61	i				·····i
Pharmacy Acts, offences against.										
Railway Acts, offences against.	1		1							
Seamen Acts "Statute Labour, offences relating to										
Threats and abusive language	3		3			5	1	5	1	
Trespass. Vagrancy	31	8		30	· · · · c 9					
Drunkenness	35	2	30		7	26		26		
Indecent exposure and oth. off. ag'st moral. Insulting, obscene and profane language.	5 4		4	1		i		1		
Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and		4	4							
inmates thereof. Loose, idle, disorderly	2		3			1		1		
Weights and Measures Acts, offences against	4		4							
Insanity	2	1			3	19		19		
Totals	204	21	155	31	39	73	4	71	2	4
		-			- ~				4	

a1, c4, delivered to Children's Aid Society.—Remis â la Société de Secours pour les Enfants. b. To pay \$3 weekly.—A payer \$3 par semaine.

			Provin	CE D'O	NTAR	210-	—Suite			
	P	RINCE ]	Edward.				REN	FREW.		
			Sentence.		~			Sentence.		
Co vio tio Tot	e- ns tal	Op- tion of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	Tot	ns al	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	OFFENSES.
dan na tion	m- v-	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Remise, etc.	dar na tion	n- -	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Remise, etc.	
<u>M</u> .	F.		-		М.	F			1	
i		i			4	7				Falsification de substances alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix. Port d'armes illégal. Mépris de cour.
					1 7		3 1 6 2 15		1	Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturbation deréunions religieuses et autres. Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.  "défendant le jeu. de chasse.
i				1		7	9		3	" bois, arbres, fruits, etc.
					11		6 12			Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada. Vente de boissons durant les heures défen dues.
		ĩ			-					'' sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boisson aux Sauvages.
					ti	i 				Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété. Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs. Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent.
										Divers petits délits.
					$\frac{2}{2}$	1	$\frac{3}{2}$			Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique.
					$\frac{1}{2}$		2			Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille. Infract, aux lois concernant les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche.
					1	• •		1		Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer. Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat. Infractions aux lois maritimes.
 1 2		-		2	3	1				
18		18					3	7		Vagabondage. Ivresse. Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale. Langage insultant, obscène, profane.
		1			20	4				Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre. Conduite déréglée.
1				i						Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures. Aliénation mentale.
29		25		4	275	32	290	8	9	Totaux.

	1									
•			F	PROVINCE	of On	TARI	0—(	Continu	ed.	
			Si	MCOE.		S	TOR		DUNDAS GARRY.	AND
	-			Sentence					Sentence.	
OFFENCES.	Co	n- c-	Op-	Com-	1	Co		Op-	Com-	1
·	To Co	ns tal n-	tion of a fine.	mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.	To Co	ns tal	tion of a fine.	mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.
	da:	a-	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	dan na tion	ù-	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.
	M.	JF.		opuon.	}	M.	F.		option.	
Adulteration of food		l								
Adulteration of food	38	1	38	1		4		4		
Breach of peace	10		0		4	21	2	29		
Contempt of court										
Contempt of court										
Highery Acts offences against	1	1	1							
Gambling Acts "Game Laws "Incorrigible.	i		i							
IncorrigibleLarceny	1 3		····i	a1						1
" of dogs, birds, &c										
" of timber, trees, fruits, &c Liquor License Acts offences against	33	3	36					9		
Breach of Canada Temperance Act				• • • • • •						
Selling liquor during prohibited hours	2	1	3			13		13		
" without license	3		1			7		7		
Violation of Indian liquor law	3		3			1		1	• • • • • • • • •	
Malicious injury to property	10		18							
Other damage to property	3		3					3		
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against						5				
Militia Acts Miscellaneous minor offences Municipal Acts and By-Laws, breaches of	33	··i	31							
Evereiging various callings without license	1		1			11	2	13		
Health By-laws, offences against	$\frac{2}{3}$	1	$\frac{2}{4}$			1		1		
Health By-laws, offences against Highways, offences relating to Neglecting to support family		1			7.1					
Pharmacy Acts, offences against. Profanation of the Lord's Day. Railway Acts, offences against. Revenue Laws "Seamen Acts"			6	• • • . • • •	3					
Railway Acts, offences against										
Revenue Laws Seamen Acts "										
Statute Labour, offences relating to										
Threats and abusive language	8		8	2	1			$\frac{2}{2}$		
Vagrancy	5	2	2	5		2 7	1	3	4	1
Drunkenness Indecent exposure and oth, off, ag'st moral.	30	2	29	3		40		38	1	1
Insulting, obscene and profane language	8		7		1	5		5		
Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and inmates thereof.	1	5	4	c1	1					* * * * * * *
Loose, idle, disorderly Weights and Massures Acts offences against	10	1	10	c1		6		4		2
Weights and Measures Acts, offences against. Insanity	3				3	$\frac{1}{2}$		1		2
Totals	244	20	232	16	16	157	<del>-</del> 6	149		9
LU0010	444	20	1 202	101	10	177	O	149	D	3)

o. To reformatory—A la maison de réforme. b. Her children sent to Children Aid Society—Son enfant remis à la société de secours pour les enfants. c. To reformatory—A la maison de réforme.

#### SESSIONAL PAPER No. 17

					I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I				
		Provi	NCE D'	ONTAI	,				
Тн		BAY AND I	RAINY			Vici	roria.		
C		Sentence				5	Sentence.	- 1	OFFENCES
Con- vic-	Op-	Com-	1 D	Cor	-	Op-	Com-	De-	OFFENSES.
tions Tota	of a	mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.	Tot		of a fine.	mitted without option.		
Con-		Empri-	Re-	Con		Sur	Empri-	Re-	
na- tions	option		mise,	na		option	sonnés sans	mise,	
M.  ]	_	option.		M.			option.		
									Falsification de substances alimentaires.
26 7.	3 2	1	1	65 12	3	68 12			Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix.
				2	1	3			Port d'armes illégal. Mépris de cour.
				$\frac{4}{2}$		4 2			Cruauté envers les animaux.
1.				2		$\frac{1}{2}$			Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.  "défendant le jeu.
1.				10		10			" de chasse. Incorrigible.
2 .			1						Larcin. Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.
4	1			2 3		$\frac{2}{3}$			" bois, arbres, fruits, etc. Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons.
	•							,	Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada.
0	2 . 8	<u> </u>		$\frac{1}{2}$		1	i		Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues sans licence.
8.									Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boisson aux Sauvages.
4 . 11 .	10		1	6		6			Dommages malicieux à la 1 ropriété. Autres dommages à la propriété.
15	1 10	3		4		4			Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et. serviteurs.
									Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent.
23	i 2	2 1	1	23		<sub>23</sub>			Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales.
44	i			4					Pratiquant divers états sans licence. Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique.
6.		3	a1	2		2			Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille.
				1					Infrac. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche.
15 .	. 14	1	1						Infractions aux lois de chemins de fer.
$\frac{1}{3}$ .		3		17 1		17 1			Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement.
28 . 211 .	180	L  4		8	1	49	8	1	Vagabondage.
2.	. :	1		1 5		1 5			Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale. Langage insultant, obscène, profane.
42									Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
27	2 2	7 2	2	35		35			Conduite déréglée. Infraction aux lois des poids et mesures.
	1		5	4	1				Aliénation mentale.
468 2	62	2 30	20	269	6	259	9	7	L Totaux.

a. To pay \$4 weekly—A payer \$4 par semaine.

	JU	081	TUES.											
	PROVINCE OF ONTARIO-Continued.													
			WAT	CERLOO.				WE	LLAND.					
ODCHMORG				Sentence		~			Sentence.					
. OFFENCES.	Tot Con dar na	al n-	Option of a fine.  Sur option	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés	De- ferred &c. Re- mise.	Tot Co dan	c- ns tal n- m-	Option of a fine.  Sur option	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés	De- ferred &c. Re- mise,				
	tion M.			sans option.	etc.	M.	F.		sans option.	etc.				
Adulteration of food														
Assaults	29 6	2	6		5 1	13 6	2	12 3	1	3 2				
Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons	••													
Cruelty to animals	4		4			5		2						
Rishery Acts, offences against						4		4						
Gambling Acts "Game laws "Incorrigible	2		2					6						
Larceny			•			6		6						
" of timber, trees, fruits, &c Liquor License Acts, offences against Breach of Canada Temperance Act	26 26		26		2			4						
									* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *					
Selling liquor during prohibited hours without license	1		1			2		2						
Violation of Indian liquor law	1		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
Malicious injury to property Other damage to property Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against	18		1 15 11		3									
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against. Militia Acts														
Militia Acts Miscellaneous minor offences Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of						25		23		2				
Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against	1		5											
Highways, offences relating to  Neglecting to support family	16		16		2									
Pharmacy Acts, offences against Profanation of the Lord's Day	2					6		6						
Railway Acts, offences against	31		31			33		4	139	10				
Seamen Acts Statute Labour, offences relating to														
Threats and abusive language. Trespass.	25	2	2 24		2	8 29		7 12	16	1				
Vagrancy	25 32	1 2	13 33		3	51		39 44	72 3	4				
Indecent exposure and oth. off. ag'st moral. Insulting, obscene and profane language. Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and	17		17			13		12		1				
inmates thereof. Loose, idle, disorderly			40	1	1	23	2	25						
Weights and Measures Acts, offences against Insanity.	····i				1									
	-	1												

		Provin	CE D'O	NTAR					
	WELL	INGTON.			,	WENTW	YORTH.		
~	1	Sentence			-		Sentence.		OHEDWORK
Convictions. Total Condamna	Option of a fine. Sur option	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés	&c. Re- mise,	Tot Con dan na	al a-	Option of a fine. Sur option		&c. Re- mise,	OFFENSES.
M.   F		sans option.	etc.	M.			sans option.	etc.	
21 4 3  3  2  1 20 	3  2  1 20			23		23	1	••••	Falsification de substances alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix. Port d'armes illégal. Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres Infractions aux lois des pêcheries. "défendant le jeu. de chasse. Incorrigible. Larcin. Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc. "bois, arbres, fruits, etc. Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada. Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues. "sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de
5 1				1 24 1	1 2 	$\begin{array}{c}2\\26\\1\end{array}$			boisson aux Sauvages. Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété. Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs. Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent.
30	30 2		, , , , , ,	3		3		i	Infrac. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche. Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer. Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat. Infractions aux lois maritimes. Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.
3 1	1 1 9 3 1 2 35		1	3 53 67 214  162 	 1 8	3	24	1	Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement. Vagabondage. Ivresse. Exposit. indécenteet aut. off. contre la morale. Langage insultant, obscène, profane. Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre. Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures. Aliénation mentale

	PROVINCE OF ONTARIO—Concluded.												
		andertico I risualitaria	Yo	OR <b>K.</b>				_	Ontario. Ontario.				
				Sentence.				-	Sentence.				
OFFENCES.	Cor					Co							
	Tot Con dan na tion	al n- n-	Option of a fine. Suroption	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés sans option.	Deferred &c. Remise, etc.	victions Total Condamna- tions.		Option of a fine.  Sur option	sans	De- ferred &c. Re- mise, etc.			
	M.	F.		option.		M.	F.		option.				
Adulteration of food	198		132	17	84	9 1429 263	1 113	10 1,370 267	40				
Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons Contempt of court	7				1	34 7		28 4	6 2	1			
Cruelty to animals  Disturbing religious and like meetings	12				3	33		127 33		8			
Fishery Acts, offences against	7	··i			3			67 60		1 4			
Game Laws " Incorrigible						79 5	5	79	6	4			
Larceny of dogs, birds, &c	1 1				10	15		78 15		32			
" of timber, trees, fruits, &c			3 54		1	23 469		18 496	• • • • • • •	5 2			
Selling liquor during prohibited hours  without license  Violation of Indian liquor law			1			146 99 30	4	152 100 26	 3 5				
Malicious injury to property Other damage to property. Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against.	56 10		19 9		38 4		4 9 6	41 297 298	1	39 33 5			
Medical and Dentistry Acts " Militia Acts "	2 5		$\frac{2}{2}$		3	27 8 1		. 5		3			
Miscellaneous minor offences		1			532	3189	168	2,758	5	594 2			
Health By-laws, offences against Highways, offences relating to Neglecting to support family						$ \begin{array}{r r} 140 \\ 275 \\ 29 \end{array} $	3	143 271 12	2	2 7 16			
Pharmacy Acts, offences against Profanation of the Lord's Day Railway Acts, offences against	1 1		1		31	212	2	181		35			
Revenue Laws "	3	1	33		25	15		216 15	22	77			
Seamen Acts Statute Labour, offences relating to Threats and abusive language.	8				5	206	23	195	9	25			
Vagrancy		45	113	40	35	550 918	10 124	460 378	21 549	79 115			
Drunkenness	14		9	2	32		421 1 39	65	8	6 11			
Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and inmates thereof.	36	102	100	20		135	435	501	4.3	26			
Loose, idle, disorderly. Weights and Measures Acts, offences against.		44	530			1560		9	16				
Insanity	-		•••		5	-	18			64			
Totals	14178	656	3,658	81	1,095	15,317	1545	14,393	805	1,694			

			Prov	VINCE C	of M	ANI	,			
	С	ENTBAL	-Centr	E.			EASTE	RN—Est.		
~			Sentence.		~			Sentence.	044444	
Tot	ns al	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c. Re-	Tot	ns al	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c. Re-	OFFENSES.
na	-	option	sonnés sans	mise,	na tion	-	option	sonnés sans	mise,	
M.	F		option.		M.	F.		option.		
		18		1	55	6	57	1	3	Falsification de substances alimentaires.
		4			9				3	Perturbation de la paix. Port d'armes illégal.
$\frac{2}{1}$		$\frac{2}{1}$			$\frac{1}{3}$		$\begin{vmatrix} 1\\3 \end{vmatrix}$			Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux.
										Perturbation de réunions religieuses et aut res Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.
		,	• • • • • • • • •				14			" défendant le jeu.
4	• •	4					3			Incorrigible.
	• •				2		$\frac{2}{2}$			Larcin. Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.
				••	ii		11			"bois, arbres, fruits, etc. Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons,
									:	Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du
					8	2	10			Canada. Vente de boissor s durant les heures défendues
$\frac{6}{12}$	2	8	···· i		4 2	1	$\begin{array}{ c c c }\hline 5\\ 2 \end{array}$			" sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de
1		1			2		9			boisson aux Sauvages. Dommages malicieux à la propriété.
2		$\frac{1}{2}$			15	1	15		i	Autres dommages à la propriété.
7	• •	1			91	5	96			Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs.
										Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent. de la milice.
7					297	8	293		12	Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales.
2		2			9	. 1	10			Pratiquant divers états sans licence.
3		3			49 21		50 21			Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique. Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics.
			•••							Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille. Infrac. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens.
		1			$\frac{2}{9}$		2			Profanation du dimanche. Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer.
										Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat.
										Infractions aux lois maritimes. Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.
	1	3		1	17	2	7		12	Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement.
7	- :	1.00	1	<i>a</i> 6	49	15	13	14	b37	Vagabondage.
150 1	4	146 1		8	789 6		815 6			Ivresse. Exposit. indécente et aut. off. cont. la morale.
1 5	8	13			$\begin{vmatrix} 4\\9 \end{vmatrix}$	36	26 26	10	9	Langage insultant, obscène, profane.  Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
2	٠٠,	2			93	5	80	18	Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures.	
										Alienation mentale.
242	16	240	2	16	1580	144	1,566	28	133	Totaux.

a. To leave town—A laisser la ville. b. 13 m., 5 f. Neglected children, given to Children's Aid Society of Winnipeg—Enfants négligés, donnés à la société de secours de Winnipeg.  $17-14\frac{1}{2}$ 

	., (	101	ICES.		-		-				
				OVINCE O	-	-			ed.		
				Provinci	E DU N	IANIT	OBA	-Fin.			
		11	/ESTER	N—OUEST	r.		То	tals of	Manitob	a.	
OFFENCES.	Cor		5	Sentence.		Con-		Sentence.			
OFFENCES.	viction Tot Condan na- tion	al al	Option of a fine.  Sur option	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés sans	De- ferred &c. — Re- mise, etc.	Tot Con dan na tion	al al	Option of a fine.  Sur option	Com- mitted without option.  Empri- sonnés sans	De- ferred &c. Re- mise, etc.	
4	M.	F.		option.		M.	F.		option.		
Adulteration of food Assaults Breach of peace. Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons Contempt of court Cruelty to animals. Disturbing religious and like meetings Fishery Acts. offences against	13		12	i		87	6	87	2		
Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons						9 3		6 3			
Disturbing religious and like meetings Fishery Acts, offences against			• • • • • •								
Fishery Acts, offences against  Gambling Acts  Gambling Acts  "Gambling Acts  "Gambling Acts  "Incorrigible  "Gambling Acts  "Incorrigible  "Gambling Acts  "Incorrigible  "Gambling Acts  "Ga					7	24 7		17 7			
Game Laws Incorrigible. Larceny.  '' of dogs, birds, &c.  '' of timber, trees, fruits, &c.			2		2	6		4			
Liquor License Acts, offences against  Breach of Canada Temperance Act						13		13			
Selling liquor during prohibited hours Wiolation of Indian liquor law						8 10 14	2 3	13	1		
						1		3	3		
Malicious injury to propertyOther damage to propertyMaster's and Servant's Acts, offences against.	10 5		10 5			103	5	108			
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts  Miscellaneous minor offences  Municipal Acts and By-Laws, breaches of  Exercising various callings without license.  Health By-laws, offences against  Highways, offences relating to											
Municipal Acts and By-Laws, breaches of Exercising various callings without license.	4		4			308 11	8	304 12		j	
Health By-laws, offences against  Highways, offences relating to  Neglecting to support family						49 24	3	50 24			
Neglecting to support family. Pharmacy Acts, offences against. Profanation of the Lord's Day. Railway Acts, offences against Revenue Laws Seamen Acts						2		2			
Revenue Laws "Seamen Acts "Statute I shows offeness relating to											
Threats and abusive language.  Trespass	3		i		2	20	3	10 5		* * * * *	
Vagrancy Drunkenness Indecent exposure and oth. off. ag'st moral.	14 1 2		$\begin{array}{c c} 2\\1\\1\\1\end{array}$			70 940 9			24	2	
Insulting, obscene and profane language Keeping, frequenting hawdy houses and inmates thereof.						5 14	1	6	10		
Loose, idle, disorderly						95	5	82			
Insanity											

_	_		Province	OF R	o rmrei	r C	-			
			VINCE DE							
		CAR	IBOO.				Victo	ORIA.		-
			7					Y 4		
Con			Sentence.		Cor			Sentence.		OFFENSES.
vic- tions Tota	1	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	vic tion Tot	al	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	
Con dam na- tions	- 0	Sur ption	sans	Re- mise, etc.	dan na tion	n-	Sur option	Empri- sonnés sans	Re- mise, etc.	-
M.	F		option.		M.	F.		option.		
2		··· ż			 35	4	37	• • • • • • • •		Falsification de substances alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix.
					3			• • • • • • • •		Port d'armes illégal.
					6		5		E	Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux.
	:				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.
					39					" défendant le jeu. " de chasse.
										Incorrigible. Larcin.
										Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc. "bois, arbres, fruits, etc.
					· · · i		i			Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons.
••••	•	• • • •				• • •				Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada. Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues.
										" sans licence.
3		3			33		34	5		boissons aux Sauvages.
					13		3 13	1		Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété.
						• • •	• • •			Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs.
						···i	i			Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent. de la milice.
					102	8	110			Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales.
										Pratiquant divers états sans licence.
					12 2		$\begin{array}{c c} 12 \\ 2 \end{array}$			Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics.
										Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille. Infract, aux lois concernant les pharmaciens.
i		1			8		8	 		Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat.
		<i></i> . 			5	1	1			Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.
										Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement.
3	3				16 292					Vagabondage. I Ivresse.
					4		4	3		Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale.
					1 1			1		Langage insultant, obscène, profane.  Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons
										de désordre. Conduite déréglée.
										. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures. Aliénation mentale.
10	3	. 11	9		586	74	626	25	3 1	1
	-1				, 500					

	JU	ST	ICES.							
				E DE LA						
			Westm	INSTER.				YA	LE.	
OBBRIONO	-			Sentence.			1	S	Sentence.	
OFFENCES.	Conviction Tot Condam na tion M.	al n- n-	Option of a fine.  Sur option	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés sans option.	De- ferred &c. Re- mise, etc.	Corviction Total Cordan nation M.	al al 1-	Option of a fine.  Sur option	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés sans option.	De- ferred &c. Re- mise, etc.
Adulteration of food										
Assaults	12	1	4		9	32				· · · · i
Breach of peace	26		18	3	5	12 7	3		1	
Assaults. Breach of peace Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons Contempt of court.						1				1
Cruelty to animals						2		2		
Fishery Acts, offences against								• • • • • •		
Fishery Acts, offences against	72		60	. 12		103		103		
Incorrigible								3		
Larceny	1		1	1		1 3				
" of timber, trees, fruits, &c										
" of dogs, birds, &c	6		4		2	3		. 2	, 1	
Selling liquor during prohibited hours		1	ł.	1	1					
without license						i		1		
Violation of Indian liquor law	84	8	68	19	5	99	17	103	13	
Malicious injury to property										
Other damage to property						1				
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against. Militia Acts	1 1					2				
Miscellaneous minor offences		l								
Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of Exercising various callings without license	131	9	107		33	24	1	24		
Health By-laws, offences against	27	2	15		14	1		1		
Highways, offences relating to Neglecting to support family	1		11			2	1	3		
Pharmacy Acts, offences against			1							
Profanation of the Lord's Day Railway Acts, offences against	2				2					
Revenue Laws	13		11		1 2					
Statute Labour, offences relating to	10		11	22	1					
Inteats and abusive language	. 3	1			7	2		2 3		
Trespass. Vagrancy.	131	14				55	5	50	8	
Drunkenness. Indecent exposure and oth. off. ag'st moral.	565	78					17	190	18	
Insulting, obscene and profane language.	8		7	1	1	1		1		
Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and inmates thereof.	4	18	22			16	384	399		1
Loose, idle, disorderly	37		15	3	19	6	1	7		
Weights and Measures Acts, offences against Insanity										
Totals	11179	131	860	230	220	575	432	952	. 43	12

				HE TER	_					
Al	bei	rta, No	rthern—	Nord.	A	lber				
-		1	Sentence.		-			Sentence.		O VIVIDATA DA
Cor	)-	Op-	Com- mitted	De-	Co: vio	3-	Op- tion	Com- mitted	De-	OFFENSES.
tion Tot		of a fine.	without option.		Tot		of a fine.	without option.		
Cor		Sur	Empri-	Re-	Cor		Sur	Empri-	Re-	
na tion	-	option	sonnés	mise,	na tion	,-	option	sonnés sans	mise, etc.	
M.	F		option.		<u>M</u> .	<b>F</b> .		option.		
							Falsification de substances alimentaires.			
24 1		23 1		1	35 18	6	Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix.			
3 4	• •	3			6		6			Port d'armes illégal. Mépris de cour.
					1		1			Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres.
					$\cdots_{2}$					Infractions aux lois des pêcheries. "" défendant le jeu.
7		7								"de chasse. Incorrigible.
2		2			8	1	7		2	Larcin. Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.
		9					4			" bois, arbres, fruits, etc. Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons.
										Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada.
1 1		1 1			 1					Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues.
15	2	3	14		19	2	$\overline{7}$	10	4	Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boisson aux Sauvages.
1		1			9		9			Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété.
í		i			6		5		1	Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs.
1		1			<sub>1</sub>			1		Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent.
6		 5	1		22		22			Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales.
										Pratiquant divers états sans licence. Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique.
3		3			1		1			Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille.
					····i					Infract. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche.
					5		4		···· i	Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer. Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat.
			,							Infractions aux lois maritimes.
<sub>5</sub>		4		1	4		2		2	Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.  Menaces et langage injurieux.
7		1	4	2			3	2		Empiétement. Vagabondage.
82	8	55	31	4	189			34		Ivresse. Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale.
9	10	19			$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$	3	$\frac{2}{7}$	i	•••	Langage insultant, obscène, profane.  Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
1		1			11		9	2	Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures.	
3				3	1				1	Alienation mentale.
187	20	143	53	11	366	21	306	51	30	Totaux.

	THE TERRITORIES—Concluded.												
	A	ssir	niboia, l	Eastern-	-Est.	Ass	inib	oia, W	estern—(	Duest.			
	~		1	Sentence		Co		1	Sentence.				
OFFENCES	Co vio tion Tot Co	ns al	Op- tion of a fine.	Com- mitted without option	&c.	victions Total Condam		Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	&c.			
	dar na tion	-	Sur	sans	Re- inise, etc.	na tion	-	Sur option	sans	Re- mise, etc.			
	M.	F.		option.		M.	F.		option.				
Adulteration of food	36		34		2	19		17					
Assaults. Breach of peace. Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons	13		13			····i		1					
Contempt of court	1 4		1 4			1		1					
Fishery Acts, offences against	• • • •												
Fambling Acts Fambling Acts Fame Laws Incorrigible. Larceny  " of dogs, birds, &c. ""	1		1										
Carceny		1	12		$\frac{2}{2}$			11	2				
" of timber, trees, fruits, &cLiquor License Acts, offences againstBreach of Canada Temperance Act	8		8			3		2		1			
Selling liquor during prohibited hours	1		1										
without license Violation of Indian liquor law	``ii		9	2					2				
Malicious injury to property	$\frac{2}{10}$		1 10			i							
Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against							• • •						
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts Miscellaneous minor offences	• • • •												
Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of  Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against  Highways, offences relating to	20 8		19 8	1		55		24		<i>a</i> 31			
Health By-laws, offences against  Highways, offences relating to	8				3			•••		****			
Neglecting to support family Pharmacy Acts, offences against. Profanation of the Lord's Day.													
Profanation of the Lord's Day	• • • •					5		4	1				
Seamen Acts Statute Labour, offences relating to Threats and abusive language	····2		i	1		2	• • •	2					
Vagrancy	14		6	8		7		3	4				
Drunkenness. Indecent exposure and oth. off. ag'st moral. Insulting, obscene and profane language.	1		27 1 2	4		52 1 7		45	4	1			
inmates thereof.										••••			
Loose, idle, disorderly			2			6		3	3				
nsanity	2	1			3	1		• • • •					

a. Comprising 30 Indians, dancing contrary to Indian Act—Comprenant 30 sanvages, dansant en contravention de l'Acte des sauvages.

		LES	TERRIT	OIRES	s—Fin.			
-	Saskat	CHEWAN.			Yı	JKON.		
	1	Sentence				Sentence.		
Convictions Total Condamna	Option of a fine. Sur option		&c. Re- mise,	Con vic- tion Tota Con dam na-	Option of a fine. Suroption		&c. Re- mise,	OFFENSES.
tions.		sans option.	etc,	tions	_	sans option.	etc.	
M. F.	1			5 1 25 2	1 52 1 6		6	Falsification de substances alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix. Perturbation de la paix. Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres. Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.  "défendant le jeu. de chasse. Incorrigible. Larcin.
1 3  6 	1 2 5	i 1		1 7  2 6 14	7 13 2 6			Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.  "bois, arbres, fruits, etc. Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada. Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues.  "sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boisson aux Sauvages. Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété.
8 1 1 8			• • • • •	54 8 39 17	38 38 32			Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs. Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent. "de la milice. Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales. Pratiquant divers états sans licence. Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique. Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig, de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille.
1 3 3 3 24 1	1 3	4				a13		Infract. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche. Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer. Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat. Infractions aux lois maritimes. Délits ayant rapport à la corvée. Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiétement. Vagabondage. Ivresse.
$ \begin{array}{c cccc}  & 2 & \cdots & \\  & 1 & 1 & \\  & & & \\ \hline  & & $	64	2	2	1 2 3	7i 670	4	3	Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale. Langage insultant, obseène, profane. Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre. Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures. Aliénation mentale.

a. 2. b. 3, Both jail and fine—La prison et l'amende.

4- A	-	-								
			GRA	AND TO	TALS	BY.	PR	OVIN	CES.	
	Pi	RINC	E EDW	ARD ISLA	AND.			Nova S	SCOTIA.	
	IL	E D	U PRIN	CE-EDOU.	ARD.		No	OUVELL	E-Ecosse	
OFFENCES.	Co	n-		Sentence		Convictions Total Condamnations. M.   F.			Sentence.	
	Tot Codar na tion	ns al n- n-	Option of a fine. Sur option	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés sans option.	De- ferred &c. Re- mise, etc.			Option of a fine.  Sur option	Committed without option.  Emprisonnés sans option.	De- ferred &c. Re- mise, etc.
	M.	F.		орион.		M.	F.		option	
Adulteration of food Assaults. Breach of peace Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons. Contempt of court Cruelty to animals Disturbing religious and like meetings. Fishery Acts, offences against Gambling Acts 'Game Laws Incorrigible. Larceny	7		6	i		222 174		 175 211	15 17	
Carrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons	1		i			7		7		
Cruelty to animals						13		13		
Fishery Acts, offences against	2		2			28		28		
Gambling Acts "	1		1			$\frac{2}{5}$		1 5	1	
Incorrigible. Larceny						21				*****
" of dogs, birds, &c										
Liquor License Acts, offences against Breach of Canada Temperance Act	28	10	37	ii		59	8 2	67 69	3	
Selling liquor during prohibited hours						19				
Violation of Indian liquor law						45	3	48		
Malicious injury to property	····i		i			4 51	2			5
Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against							• • •			• • • • •
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts Miscellaneous minor offences Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against Highways, offences relating to Neglecting to support family Pharmacy Acts, offences against						· · · i				1
Miscellaneous minor offences.  Municipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of	2			·····i	· · · · i	205	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 164 \end{array}$	49	
Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against	3		3			15 13	1	16 13		
Highways, offences relating to	6		6			38		38		1
Pharmacy Acts, offences against Profanation of the Lord's Day										
Railway Acts offences against						10		17		2
Revenue Laws Seamen Acts		· · ·				20		5 1	6	13
Threats and abusive language	i		3			33		·· i8		29
Vagrancy.	4			4		31	6	2 11	ii	15
Drunkenness. Indecent exposure and oth, off. ag'st moral.	228			7		1926	86	1921	57 1	34
Insulting, obscene and profane language.  Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and	4		4			88		105 11		6
Loose, idle, disorderly	8		7	1		62		62		1
Weights and Measures Acts, offences against Insanity	1									
Totals	-	14	293	15	3	3198		3112	169	178
	, 201		200	. 1.7		32170	TOT	0112	100	210

		GRAN	DS TOT	PAUX	PAI	R P	ROVI	NCES.		,
		_	unswick. - Brunswic				Qu	EBEC.		
			Sentence.					Sentence.		
Cor vic tion Tot	ns tal	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	Viction Tot	ns al	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	OFFENSES.
dan na tior M.	n- ns.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	dar na tior M.	n- ns.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	
143 47 3	 5 3		3		2	81	2 586 140 14	30 13	8	Falsification de substances alimentaires Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix. Port d'armes illégal.
5 7 17		5 7 17			119 12 32 136	1 1	6 114 11 30 104 33	1 1	6 2 32	Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.  défendant le jeu.
 2 13		15		2	7 12 77	3	9 10 80	1	·····i	Incorrigible. Larcin. Vol de chiens, piseaux, etc.
254 6 12 2		263 6 12 2			84 311 3	7 113	91 422 3	2		Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du Canada. Vente de bois durant les heures défendues. Vente de boissons sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de
1 29	 1	1 21	• • •	9	2 151 14	16 2	163 16	2	4	boisson aux Sauvages. Dommages malicieux à la propriété. Autres donmages à la propriété. Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs.
54 1		54 1		• • • •	1 486 222	15	1 491 230		13 7 2	Infrac, aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent de la milice.  Divers petits délits.  Contraventions aux lois municipales.  Pratiquant divers états sans licence.
8	1	8			16 55 9 1 1		15 52 7 1		3 2	Délits ayant rapport aux chemins publics. Néglig, de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille. Inf. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche.
19 20				19	$\begin{array}{c} 30 \\ 11 \\ 72 \\ \\ 62 \end{array}$	8	25 11 1 	68	3	Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer. Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat. Infractions aux lois maritimes. Délits ayant rapport à la corvée. Menaces et langage injurieux.
37 1331 4 25	10 72	29 1377 3	14 11 1	4	$   \begin{array}{r}     16 \\     1171 \\     2441 \\     26 \\     27   \end{array} $	242 342	15 1139 2445 23 28	164 122 10	1 117 216	Empiétement. Vagabondage. Ivres «e. Exposit. indécente et aut, off. contre la morale Langage insultant, obscène, profane.
6 10 1	12	16 10 1		2	208 68 2	370 4	518 63 2	24	9	Tenant, habitant ét fréquentant des maisons de désordre. Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures.
12				15	2			450		Aliénation mentale.
2088	1132	2107	33	80	6679	1262	6930	452	559	Totaux.

		00.	110135							
		4	GR.	AND TO	TALS	BY	PF	ROVIN	CES.	
			Ont	ARIO.				Mani	това.	
OFFENCES	Co			Sentence.					Sentence.	
OFFENCES.	tio:	c- ns tal	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	Tot	ns tal	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.
	dan na tion M.	t-	Sur option	Empri- sonnés sans option.	Remise, etc.	dar na tior M.	ns.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Remise, etc.
	1	1		[	1	1			-	
Adulteration of food	263	113 20	1370 267	2	14	4	6	4	2	4
Contempt of court			127 33	2		3		3 4		i 1
Fishery Acts, offences against	68 62 79	2	67		1 4	24		17		7
Incorrigible. Larceny.  " of dogs, birds, &c	5 98 15	5 12		6	$\begin{array}{c} 4\\32\end{array}$			. 4		2
" of timber, trees, fruits, &c Liquor License Acts offences against Breach of Canada Temperance Act	23 469		18 496		$\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ 2 \\ \cdots \end{array}$			13		
Selling liquor during prohibited hours without license	146 99	4	100	3		. 8	3	13		
Violation of Indian liquor law	30	-	26			14		13	1	
Malicious injury to property Other damage to property Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against	77 321 301		,	1	39 33 5	27	1	3 27 108		1
Medical and Dentistry Acts, offences against Militia Acts Miscellaneous minor offences	27 8 1	3 i	30 5 1		3 1					
Municipal Acts and By-Laws, breaches of  Exercising various callings without license.  Health By-laws, offences against		168 6	2758 87	5		308 11	1	304 12		12
Highways, offences relating to.  Neglecting to support family.  Pharmacy Acts, offences against.	275 29 1	3	271 12 3	2	7 16	24		24		
Profanation of the Lord's Day	212 315 15	4	181 216		35 77	$\frac{2}{10}$		2 9		1
Statute Labour, offences relating to Threats and abusive language	206	23	4 195	9	25	20	 3		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	13
Vagrancy	$918 \\ 3523$		460 378 3753	21 549 53		70 940	15 63		24	46 41
Indecent exposure and oth. off. ag'st moral. Insulting, obscene and profane language Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and	313	39	65 334 501	8 7 43	6 11 26	5	1	8 6 39	10	9
inmates thereof.  Loose, idle, disorderly  Weights and Measures Acts, offences against.	1566 9		1406	16	212	95	5	82	,	18
Insanity	46		9	• • • • • • •	64					
Totals	15317	1545	14393	805	1694	1889	160	1847	39	163

	GRANDS TOTÀUX PAR PROVINCES.									
	Br	ITISH C	COLUMBIA	. [	Тне	TE	RRITOR	IES AND	Yukon	
Co	olo	мвіе-В	- RITANNIQ	UE.	LES	Тен	RRIT'RE	S ET LE Y	UKON.	
Con		5	Sentence.		Cor		\$	Sentence.		OFFENSES.
vie- tion Tota	s al	Option of a fine.	Com- mitted without option.	De- ferred &c.	vic tion Tota	al	Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	De- ferred &c.	OTT DANIES.
dam na- tion	1-	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Remise, etc.	dan na- tion	n- is.	Sur option	Emprisonnés sans option.	Re- mise, etc.	-
M.	F.				M.	F.	<u> </u>			
81 44 12 1 8	8 3	76 37 11	1 4	12 6 1 1 1	170 45 11 6 11	8 1	167 39 10 3 11	3	7	Falsification de substances alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix. Port d'armes illégal. Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux.
214		202	12				 1 28			Perturbation de réunions religieuses et autres Infractions aux lois des pêcheries. "défendant le jeu. de chasse.
9					41	···2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		7	Incorrigible. Larcin.
					$\cdots_{2}$		2			Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.  '' bois, arbres, fruits, etc.
		7	1				• 31	4	3	Infractions aux lois des licences de boissons. Contraventions aux lois de tempérance du
					4		4			Canada. Vente de boissons durant les heures défendues sans licence.
219	31	208	37	5	8 69	5	8 35	32	7	
4 14	• . •	3 14	1		$\frac{3}{28}$		2 28	1		Donmages malicieux à la propriété. Autres dommages à la propriété.
					208	4	204		8	Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs.
3	···i	3 2			3		3	i		Inf. aux lois concernant la méd. et les dent. de la milice.
258	·::			31	158	··i	110		47	Divers petits délits. Contraventions aux lois municipales.
3 40 5	$\frac{\cdot\cdot}{2}$	28		1 14	56 21		16 46 13		10	Pratiquant divers états sans licence. Infractions aux lois sur l'hygiène publique. Delits ayant rapport aux chemins publics.
										Néglig. de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille. Infract. aux lois concernant les pharmaciens.
2				2	1 10		1 8	1		Profanation du dimanche. Infractions aux lois des chemins de fer.
$\frac{22}{45}$	···i	20 18		2	17		• 14	2	1	Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat. Infractions aux lois maritimes.
ii				7	16		12			Délits ayant rapport à la corvée. Menaces et langage injurieux.
202	22		59		54 54	5		35	6	Empiétement. Vagabondage.
1057 10	1	9	2		731		612 3 13	1		Exposit. indécente et aut. off. contre la morale Langage insultant, obscène, profane.
$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 21 \end{array}$	1 415			1 1	13 18					Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des maisons de désordre.
43		22	3	19			30	3		Conduite déréglée. Infractions aux lois des poids et mesures.
					26					Aliénation mentale.
2350	640	2449	298	243	1868	146	1618	176	5  220	lTotaux.

### 2-3 EDWARD VII. SESSIONAL PAPER No. 17 A. 1903

	GRAND TOTALS—GRANDS TOTAUX.											
				CANADA.								
OFFENCES.	Cor	victions										
		Total.		Option of a fine.	Committed without option.	Deferred,						
•	Total.	М.	F.	Sur option.	Emprison- nés sans option.	Remise etc.						
Adulteration of food	12 2,970 833 95	11 2,728 723 94	1 242 110 1	12 2,602 749 80	92 36 6	276 48 9						
Jonempt of court  Fruelty to animals  Pisturbing religious and like meetings  Ishery Acts, offences against  tambling Acts  "  tambling Acts  "  tamburg  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "	23 297 57 147 469 142	23 296 57 146 467 142	1 1 2	16 281 56 143 413 140	5 1 1 1 13	2 15 3 43 2						
ncorrigible	10 193 15 39 723 378	5 176 15 39 672 353	5 17 51 25	148 15 30 709 369	6 3 1 5 8	42 42 8 9						
Selling liquor during prohibited hours  without license  Violation of Indian liquor law	282 609 374	267 486 337	15 123 37	282 604 287	5 75	12						
Aalicious injury to propertyther damage to property		94 622 626	4 29 17	54 599 626	5	39 52 13						
Iedical and Dentistry Acts, offences against lilitia Acts 'iscellaneous minor offences. Iunicipal Acts and By-laws, breaches of Exercising various callings without license Health By-laws, offences against Highways, offences relating to 'eglecting to support family	36 12 4 4,885 377 329 437 40	33 11 2 4,660 354 318 432 39	3 1 2 225 23 11 5	36 7 3 4,123 367 299 419	57	4 1 705 10 30 18						
charmacy Acts, offences against	232 387 71 158	2 228 387 71 157	2 4 1	195 278 65 20	26 3 102	37 83 3 36						
tatute Labour, offences relating to	4 424 597 2,918 13,324 150	369 587 2,487 12,177 140	55 10 431 1,147 10	293 492 1,658 12,297 118	21 21 860 481 24	110 84 400 546 8						
Insulting, obscene and profane language. Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and inmates thereof.  Loose, idle, disorderly	549 1,787 1,969	485 406 1,890	1,381 79	528 1,615 1,682	92 23	14 80 264						
Veights and Measures Acts, offences against.	12 110	12 86	24	12		110						

# TABLE IV.

NUMBER OF PERSONS FINED AND AMOUNTS OF FINES.

# TABLEAU IV.

NOMBRE DE PERSONNES MISES À LAMENDE ET MONTANTS DES AMENDES.

· 2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903

## TABLE IV.—NUMBER OF PERSONS FINED AND AMOUNTS OF FINES.

FINES.											
			EDWARD RINCE-I					OVA SCO			
OFFENCES.	No. of persons fined.	Am't of fines, costs or damage.  Montants des	fines, o dam Mon des an frai	unt of costs or ages.  itant nendes, s ou nages.	No. of pers. com. to jail in defa'lt to pay fines.  Nomb. de per. mises	per- sons fined.	Am't of fines, costs or damage.  Montants des	Amo fines, o dam Mor des an frai	unt of costs or ages.	No. of pers. com.to jail in defa'lt to ray fines.  Nomb. de per.	
	per- sonnes mises -à l'a- mende	amen- des, frais ou	Paid.  - Payé.	Not paid.  Non payé.	en pri- son à défaut de	per- sonnes mises à l'a- mende	amen- des, frais	Paid.	Not paid. Non payé.	mises en pri- son à défaut de payer l'am.	
		\$	\$	\$	1		\$	\$	\$		
Adulteration of food	6 1 1	11 4 6	4			175 211 7		779	257		
Cruelty to animals						13	173	125	48	2	
Cruelty to animals.  Disturb'g religious & like meetings.  Fishery Acts, offences against.	2	2	2			3					
Gambling Acts	1	6	6			$\frac{28}{1}$		-,	61	3	
Gambling Acts  Game Laws  Larceny  'of dogs, birds, &c						5 20		1 -00			
of dogs, birds, &c						20		83			
of timoer, trees, fruits, &c.											
Liquor License Acts, offences against Breach of Canada Temperance Act	37	4,600	2,700	1,900	16	67 69	2,378 3,620			16 6	
Selling liq. during prohib'd hours. without license						19 48			150 393	2 3	
Violation of Indian liquor law											
Malicious injury to property Other damage to property Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against.	i	2	2			48	310		63	10	
Medical & Dent'y Acts, off. against Militia Acts, offences against Miscellaneous minor offences								• • • • •			
Munic. Acts & By-laws, breaches of						164	$\frac{20}{304}$		20 36	1 4	
Munic. Acts & By-laws, breaches of  Exerc'g various callings with't lic.  Health By-laws, offences against.  Highways, offences relating to  Neglecting to support family	3	12	12			16					
Highways, offences relating to	6	26	26			13 38			6	$\frac{\cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot}{2}$	
Neglecting to support family											
Pharmacy Acts, offences against Profanation of the Lord's Day						2	3			. 1:	
Railway Acts, offences against Revenue Laws "			• • •			17 5	800		32 730	10	
Seamen Acts						1	4				
Statute Labour, offences relating to Threats and abusive language						····i8	45	40			
Trespass						2	3	3			
Vagrancy	221	1,274	583	691	78	1,921	6,394	$\frac{24}{5,026}$	53 1,368	7 401	
Indecent exposure						7	41	41	1,000		
Insulting, obscene & prof. language	4	28	8	20	2	105	251 461	186	- 65	31	
Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and inmates thereof.						11	461	106	355	6	
Loose, idle, disorderly	7	29	19	10	2	62	155	96	59	13	
Weights & Meas. Acts, offen. against.		• • • • •									
Totals	293	6,008	3,386	2,622	99	3,112	23,107	18,374	4,733	587	

### TABLEAU IV.—NOMBRE DE PERSONNES MISES A L'AMENDE ET MONTANTS DES AMENDES.

	DES AMENDES.														
New Brunswick, Nouveau-Brunswick.							Quebec								
No. of persons fined.  Nombre de	Am't of fines, costs or damage.  Montants des	Mon des an frai	unt of costs or ages.  itant nendes, s ou nages.	No. of per. com. to jail in defa'lt to pay fines.  Nomb. de per. mises		Am't of fines, costs or damage.  Montants des	fines, o dam Mor des am frai	unt of costs or ages	No. of pers. com.to jail in defa'lt to pay fines.  Nomb. de per. mises	OFFENSES.					
per- sonnes mises à l'a- mende	amen- des, frais ou	Paid.  Payé.	Not paid. Non payé.	en pri- son à défaut de	per- sonnes	amen- des, frais ou	Paid.  - Payé.	Not paid.  Non payé.	en pri- son à défaut de payer l'am.						
	\$	\$	\$			\$ 00	\$ 00	\$		17.1.2					
135 50 3	570	678 331 10	a654 b239 10	36 6 1	583 120 14	3,384 1,152 105	22 2,702 956 86	682 196 19	17	Falsification de subst. alimentaires. Voies de fait. Perturbation de la paix. Port d'armes illégal.					
5	16	11	c5		$\begin{array}{c} 6\\110\end{array}$	$\frac{21}{485}$	21 473	12	$\frac{1}{2}$	Mépris de cour. Cruauté envers les animaux.					
7 17	97 102	67 102	c30	1	11 19	103 93	100 93	3	1	Perturb. de réunions relig. et autres Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.					
					104	2,170	2,170			" défendant le jeu.					
4	200	200		• • • •	33 9	781 28	$\frac{781}{27}$	·····i		Larcin. de chasse.					
					•					Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.					
15	500	500	• • • • • •		10 80	$\frac{23}{2,820}$		220	5	"bois, arbres, fruits, etc. Infrac. aux lois des lic. de boissons.					
	12,628			18						Contravention aux lois de tempé-					
6	440	425	15		86	2,809	2,494	315	q	rance du Canada. Vente de boiss. dur les heures déf.					
12	588	331	257	4	405	18,040	17,430		18	Vente de boisson sans licence.					
2	100	50	50		3	70	70			Contravention à la loi relative à la					
1	16		16	1						vente de boisson aux Sauvages. Dommages malicieux à la propriété.					
21	206	198	c8		163 16	984 38	701 38	283	35	Autres dommages à la propriété. Infractions aux lois concernant les					
		• • • • • •	• • • • • •		10	90	90	• • • • • •		maîtres et serviteurs.					
	•• ••	• • • •					• • • •			Inf. aux lois conc. la méd. et les dents. Infractions aux lois de la milice.					
					1	20				Divers petits délits.					
$\frac{54}{1}$	278 10	211	d67 10	3	$\frac{491}{224}$	1,872 $2,723$	1,862 2,318	10 405	$\frac{1}{8}$	Contravention aux lois municipales. Pratiq. divers état sans licence.					
4	12	7	5		14	70	57	13	2	Inf. aux lois sur l'hygiène pub.					
9	50	50			52 7	119 188	119 13	175	5	Délits ayant rap. aux chem. pub. Négligence de pourvoir aux besoins					
								110	3	de la famille.					
8	43	• 43			1 1	$\frac{24}{10}$	24 10			Inf. aux lois conc. les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche.					
3	6		e6		25	210	110	100	4	Infrac. aux lois des chemins de fer.					
					11 1	$\frac{602}{100}$	602 100			Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat. Infractions aux lois maritimes.					
	107									Délits ayant rapport à la corvée.					
23	125	63	b62	11	28 15	115 49	93 31	$\begin{array}{c} 22 \\ 18 \end{array}$		Menaces et langage injurieux. Empiètement.					
29	557	2 606	<i>b</i> 549	23	1,138	6,108	3,069	3,039	381	Vagabondage.					
1,3 <b>7</b> 7	7,020 15	3,696 15	f3,324	470	2,445 23	9,756 619		3,939 $420$		Ivresse. Exposition indécente.					
28	180	82	998	11 12	28 518	$170 \\ 15,523$	159 7 166	11 8,357	1	Langage insultant, obscène et profane. Tenant, habitant et fréquentant des					
16	1,280	75	1,205	12		e				maisons de désordre.					
10 1	42 5	22 5	h20		63 1	$\frac{380}{2}$	347	33	5	Conduite déréglée. Inf. aux lois des poids et mesures.					
								10.00	4 -0						
2,107	26,438	18,799	7,639	598	6,861	71,788	52,905	18,883	1,780	Totaux					
			4 7	0	0 6 5	70	0 1	4 TC-							

a. 18. b. 5. c. 1. d. 8. c. 3. f. 73. g. 2. h. 4. To stand for future good conduct—Suspendue, sur promesse de bonne conduite.

TABLE IV.—NUMBER OF PERSONS FINED AND AMOUNTS OF FINES.

		(	)NTARIO.				М	ANITOB	۸.	
offences.	No. of persons fined.  Nombre de	Am't of fines, costs or damage.  Montants des	Amou fines, c dama Mon des am frais domm	osts or ages. tant endes,	No. of pers. com. to jail in defa'lt to pay fine.  Nomb. de per.	No. of persons fined.	Am't of fines, costs or damage.  Montants	dama	osts or ages. tant endes,	jail in defa'lt to pay fine. Nomb. de per.
	per- sonnes mises à l'a- mende	amen- des, frais ou dom- mages.	Paid.  Payé.	Not paid.  Non payé.	mises en pri- son à défaut de payer l'am.	per- sonnes mises à l'a- mende	des amen- des, frais ou dom- mages.	Paid.  Payé.	Not paid.  Non payé.	nnises en pri- son à défaut de payer l'am.
		\$	8	\$			S	8	8	1
Adulteration of food	4	223 6,001 1,521 349 15 522	178 5,235 913 237 10 470	45 766 608 112 5	84 37 10 1	3	784 12 124 26 37	661 12 124 14 37	123	
Disturbing religious & like meetings. Fishery Acts, offences against. Gambling Acts Game Laws Larceny	33 67 60 79 78	153 713 760 1,200 328	90 689 734 1,160 240	63 24 26 40 88	7 1 2	17 7 4	376 57 17		44	2
" of dogs, birds, etc of timber, trees, fruits, &c Liquor License Acts, offences against Breach of Canada Temperance Act			99 39 10,145	10 32 770	2 22	13	358	358		
Selling liquor during prohib'd hours "without license Violation of Indian liquor law	152 100 26	3,494 5,207 1,146	4,945	20 262 425	3		818	743	75	
Mahicious injury to property Other damage to property Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against.	297	598 1,011 3,887	398 873 3,713	200 138 174	17	27	82 140 2,189	110	30	
Medical & Dent'y Acts, off. against Militia Acts, offences against Miscellaneous minor offences	5	904 70 1	1	212						
Munic. Acts & By-laws, breaches of Exercis'g various callings with't lic. Health By-laws, offences against Highways, offences relating to Neglecting to support family	143 271	5,362 608 366 569 226	451 346 529	556 157 20 40 178	7 1 5	12 50 24	122 244	67 244	55	
Pharmacy Acts, offences against Profanation of the Lord's Day Railway Acts, offences against Revenue Laws Seamen Acts "	181 216	60 747 755 250	624 325	123 430 50	84	9		27 93	7	1
Statute Labour, offences relating to . Threats and abusive language	195 460 378	1,007 1,845	739 354		170 278	5 15	32 574	30	574	15
Indecent exposure	65 334		338 928	166 125 1,765	10 25	8 6	152 46	152 46		
and immates thereof. Loose, idle, disorderly Weights & Meas. Acts, offenc. against	1,406	3,973 78		1,127			519	486		
Totals	14,393	77,413	60,860	16,553	2,491	1,847	15,350	12,637	2,713	23.

# TABLEAU IV.—NOMBRE DE PERSONNES MISES À L'AMENDE ET MONTANTS DES AMENDES.

	DES AMENDES.												
	BRITI	SH Col	UMBIA.		NV	NW. TERRITORIES AND YUKON.							
			ANNIQUE	S.	1		D-OUEST						
No. of persons fined.	costs or dam- age.  Mon- tants	fines, dam Mon des ar	ount of costs or inges.  ntant mendes, is ou mages.	jail in defa'lt to pay fine.  Nomb. de per.	No. of persons fined.	Am't of fines, costs or damage.  Montants	Amo fines, dan Mon des an	ount of costs or nages.  ntant mendes, is ou mages.	No. of pers. com.to jail in defa'lt to pay fine.  Nomb. de per.	OFFENSES.			
bre de per- sonne : mises à l'a- mende	amen- des, frais ou	Paid.  - Payé.	Not paid. Non payé.	défaut de	bre de per- sonnes mises à l'a- mende	amen- des, frais ou	Paid.  Payé.	Not paid. Non payé.	mises en pri- son à défaut de payer l'am.				
	8	\$	8			\$	\$	s		Falsificat, des subst. alimentaires.			
76 37 11	247	942 202 191	45	3 5 1	167 39 10 3	216 115 20	216 115 10		1	Voies de fait.  Perturbation de la paix.  Port d'armes illégal.  Mépris de cour.			
7	160	160			11	99	99			Cruauté envers les animaux. Perturb, de réunions relig, et autres.			
202 3 3	155	6,230 5 10	150	11 2 2	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 28 \\ 9 \\ 34 \end{array} $		20 550 34 212	30	1	Infractions aux lois des pêcheries.  défendant le jeu.  de chasse.  Larcin.			
7	285	285			31	7 1,055	1,005	50	i	Vol de chiens, oiseaux, etc.  "bois, arbres, fruits, etc. Infrac. aux lois des lic. de boissons. Contravention aux lois de tempérance du Canda.			
 1 208	7,625	20 3,925	3,700	74	4 8 35	300 450 1,942	300 450 1,487	455		Vente de boiss. dur. les heures déf. sans licence. Contravention à la loi relative à la vente de boisson aux Sauvages.			
3 14	72 80	20 47	52 33	27		54 151 19,622		1 20	1	Dommages malicieux à la propriéte. Autres domniages à la propriété. Infractions aux lois concernant les maîtres et serviteurs.			
$\frac{3}{2}$	113 32	113 32			3		50			Inf. aux lois conc. la méd. et les dent. milice. Divers petits délits			
242 2 28	1,311 22 186	1,311 22 186			110 16 46	815 130 600	805 120 590	10 10 10	1 1	Divers petits délits. Contravent. aux lois municipales. Pratiq. divers états sans licence. Inf. aux lois sur l'hygiène publ.			
6		92	10	1	13	62				Délits ayant rap, aux chem, pub. Négligence de pourvoir aux besoins de la famille.			
					1		2			Inf. aux lois conc. les pharmaciens. Profanation du dimanche.			
20 18	1,231 409	731 349	500 60	$\begin{array}{c} \cdot & \cdot \\ & 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$	8 14	2,150	51 600	1,550	7	Infrac. aux lois des chemins de fer. Délits contre le revenu de l'Etat. Infractions aux lois maritimes.			
4	137	137			12	81 23	$\begin{array}{c} 76 \\ 23 \end{array}$	5		Délits ayant rapport à la corvée. Menaces et langage injurieux.			
$\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 68 \\ 1,006 \\ 9 \end{array}$	1,367 5,950 199	1,235 $5,121$ $169$	132 829 30	8 126 1	18 612 3	288 2,967 75	206 2,826 50	82 141 25	6	Empletement. Vagabondage. Ivresse. Exposition indécente.			
10 434	77 4,996	45 4,882	32 114	$\frac{1}{2}$	13 96	52 3,089	52 3,089			Langage insultant, obscène et profan Tenant, habitant et fréquentant de maisons de désordre.			
22	180	173	7	1	30	480	355	125		Conduite déréglée. Inf. aux lois des poids et mesures.			
2,449	32,738	26,655	6,083	251	1,618	37,027	34,393	2,634	48	Totaux.			
	· ·		1			1		1					

### TABLE IV. NUMBER OF PERSONS FINED AND AMOUNTS OF FINES.

			Canada.				
OFFENCES.	Number of persons fined.	of persons damages.					
	nombre de personnes mises à l'amende.	Total amount.  Montant total.	Paid. — Payé.	Not paid.  Non payé.	de personne mises en prison à défaut de payer l'amende.		
		s	s	\$			
dulteration of food	12	245	200	45			
Assaults	2,599	14,841	12,379	2,462	220		
Breach of peacearrying fire-arms and unlawful weapons	729   80	4,758	3,413 864	1,345	111		
contempt of court	16	$\begin{array}{c c} 1,050 \\ 82 \end{array}$	55	27	3		
ruelty to animals	276	1,492	1,375	117	17		
Disturbing religious and like meetings	56 132	369 2,324	273 2.239	96 85			
Sambling Acts	413	10,414	10,062	342	1		
ambling Acts " ame Laws " arceny	140	2,647 788	2,427 584	220 204	1		
of dogs, birds, &c	15	109	99	10			
of timber, trees, fruit, &c	30	101	69	32			
iguor License Act, offences against Breach of Canada Temperance Act	709 369	18,311 20,848	16,758 17,629	1,553 3,219	4-		
Selling-liquor during prohibited hours	277	8,573 27,845	8,073	500	1:		
without license	587 287	27,845	26,248	1,597	2 8		
Violation of Indian liquor law	54	11,498	6,718 571	4,780 291	2		
other damage to property	599	2,884	2,323	561	7		
Master's and Servant's Acts, offences against Medical and Deutistry Acts		$25,736 \\ 1,067$	25,542 855	194 212			
Illitia Acts, offences against	7	102	102				
discellaneous minor offences	4,123	11,128	$\frac{21}{10,435}$	20 693	13		
Munic. Acts & By-laws, breaches of Exercising various callings without license	361	3,696	3,059	637	1		
Health By-laws, offences against	298	1,519	1,471	48			
Highways, offences relating to	419	1,187 414	1,131 61	56 353			
Pharmacy Acts, offences againstProfanation of the Lord's Day	4	84	84				
Profanation of the Lord's Day	195 278	832 1,188	769 593	123 595	10		
Revenue Laws	65	5,033	2,183	2,850	1		
Seamen Acts Statute Labour, offences relating to	20	513	453	60			
Statute Labour, offences relating to	293	$\begin{array}{c c} & 11 \\ 1,491 \end{array}$	1,301	190	4		
respass	492	1,134	846	288	17		
Vagrancy Drunkenness	1,657 $12,297$	10,816 50,386	4,896 33,073	5,920 17,313	3,46		
Indecent exposure	118	1,605	964	641	2		
Insulting obscene and profane language	528	1,857	1,506	351	1		
Keeping, frequenting bawdy houses and inmates thereof	1,615	34,145	21,925	12,220	35		
Loose, idle, disorderly	1,682	5,758	4,354	1,414	25		
Weights and Measures Acts, offences against.	11	85	75	10			
	32,679	289,869	228,009	61,860	6,08		

## TABLE V.

SUMMARY CONVICTIONS AND CASES SUBJECT TO TRIAL BY JURY.

## TABLEAU V.

CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES ET CAUSES DE LA COMPÉTENCE D'UN JURY.

TABLE VSUMMARY	CONVICTIONS AND	CASES	SUBJECT	OT	TRIAL	BY
	JURY.					

TABLE V.—SUMM	1101 0	0211		UR		011	0110	001	JO 110	/ 1 1	0 1		נט גו		
				CA								Z JU CONS			Т
		ımmaı ıvictio		CAT	USE M	S D IAIS	JU	GEE	OMP S SC NSE	MM	AIR	E D'I EMI NT.	UNENT	JU	RY
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.							or o			Under the Speedy Trials Act.					
_		lamna nın <b>a</b> ir		1	Par un Magistrat de Police ou autre.					En vertu de l'Acte des procès expéditifs.					
DISTRICTS JUDICI- AIRES.					on-		tals.	(D.		Co			ctals.	(T)	,
			To	Co	- on- ona-	Ac- quitte-		Total	aux.	Co	- m-	Ā	- ic- itte-	-	als. – aux.
	М.	F.	To-	M.	ns. F.	me H.	nts.	M	F.	H.	F.	M.	rts.	Н.	F.
King's, P.E.I.—1. du PE	5		taux.												
Prince, P.E.I.—I. du PE Queen's, P.E.I.—I. du PE.	234	14	58 248	36	2			36 	2	• • • •					
Totals of P.E. Island Totaux de l'I. du PE.	297	14	311	38	2			38	2						
Algoma and Manitoulin	693	PRO 32	VINC 725	1	F O2	VTA.	1	34	1	24	1	4	1	28	3 1
Brant Bruce Carleton Dufferin Elgin Essex Frontenac Grey Haldimand	577 300 881 45 91 361 167 131	28 13 148 4 2 25 9 7 5	605 313 1029 49 93 386 176 138	20 99 1 18 42 28 15	1 1 1	14 69  7 7 18 6	11 11 1	49 46 21	5 2	16  6 15 6 6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5 5 5 2 3 1		21	3
Haldimand Hastings Huron Kent Lambton Lanark Leeds and Grenville	57 294	$egin{array}{cccc} 5 & 4 & \\ 27 & 5 & \\ 12 & 20 & \\ 19 & 12 & \\ \end{array}$	322 442 296	19	7	7 21 1	4 1 7		1 14 1	3 8 25 7 7 15 13 29	1 1 2	13 4 2 4	1	38 38 11 9 19 19	
Lennox and Addington Lincoln Middlesex Muskoka and Parry Sound Nipissing. Norfolk	58 174 748 202 189	1 10 69 13 8 2	59 184 817	7 13 86 15	4 3	1 4 30	2 4	8	67	3	i 1 2	1 14		12 30 5 19	3
Northumberland & Durham Ontario Oxford Peel Perth	277 165 305 63 266	15	290 168 322 68 281	27 18 6 2 36	1 2	8 1 3  19	1	35 19 9 2 55	3	29 6 8 4 1	1 	1		45 7 10 8	
Peterborough Prescott and Russell Prince Edward Renfrew Sincoe	275 244	32 20	29 307 264	1 9 8 13	i 1	1 1 10	1 		1 1 2	5 8 26	 1 1	3		11 29	) :
Storm't, D'das and Gleng'ry Thunder Bay & Rainy River Victoria. Waterloo. Welland	468 269 379 368	14	672 275 393 372	36 14 30 48	1 2	9 7	1	39 55	1 3 1 2	20	5 2	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	28	
Wellington	752 4178	45	797	128	13		17	$\begin{vmatrix} 34 \\ 259 \\ 1108 \end{vmatrix}$	30	38	3			48	3
Totals of Ontario	15347		16892	1001	143		1	2774	262	-	28	165	7	622	-

TABLEAU V.—CONDAMNATIONS	SOMMAIRES ET	CAUSES	DE LA	COMPÉTENCE
	D'UN JURY.			

### TABLE V.—SUMMARY CONVICTIONS AND CASES SUBJECT TO TRIAL BY JURY.

JURY.																
•					TR	IED	SU	MM.	ARII	RIA LY E	3Y (	CONS	SEN'	Г.		
		umma nvictio		UAI	N	IAIS	JU	GÉE	SSO	MM	AIR	EME	NT	JUK	· I	
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.		-					e or o			Uno	der tl	ne Sp Act	eedy Trials			
		lamna mmair		Ŧ	Par u Pol	n Ma	– ıgistr u aut	at de re.				u de			S	
DISTRICTS JUDICI- AIRES.					on-	A	.c- tals.	Tota			Con- victions.		Ac- quittals.		Totals.	
-	м.	F.	To- tals.	dan	on- nna- ns.	Ac- quitte- ments.		Totaux.		Con- damna- tions.				Totaux.		
			To-	M.	F.	Н.	F.	М.	F.	H.	F.	M.	F.	Н.	F.	
		PRC	VINC							1		]			-	
		1100	VINO	E O.	r est	1	I.	1	1	1	<u> </u>	1	1 -			
ArthabaskaBeauceBeauharnoisBedfordChicoutimi	34 75 75 27	2 2	34 77 77 77 27	12  7 17		15		7 32		1 6 		2		2 1 8 		
Gaspé Iberville Joliette Kanouraska Montmagny	7 16 27	1	7 16 28					3 1 1 2		11 11 1	2	12	1	23 1 1	1	
Montreal Ottawa Pontiac Quebec Richelieu	4442 214 23 1101 63	20	5534 234 23 1185 73	13 1 85	55  6			763 13 1 90		17 2	18	75 2 1 		323 19 3 17 11		
Rimouski Saguenay St. Francis St. Hyacinthe Terrebonne	67 5 219 145	13	69 5	62		1 1 30 7	i	1 1 92 31		10  7 1		3 1		13 1 8 1		
Totals of Quebec }	138 6679			16 897	61	188		35 1085	-	341	20	100	20	441		
Totaux de Québec	00,0							1								
	PRO	OVIN	CE OF	NE	W I	BRU	NSW	VICE	ζ							
Albert	31 79 106 18	$\frac{2}{1}$	107	3						3 1 		1		4 1	i	
Kent King's Madawaska Northumberland Queen's	4 3 242		4 3 248		1	14		23				1		1		
Restigouche St. John Sunbury. Victoria	1014	88	1102	66	1	20	1	86	2	10	2	2	1	12	3	
Westmoreland	411 180	27 6	438 186		i i	11 1		22		4				4		
Totals of New Brunswick Totaux du NBrunswick	2088	132	2220	104	3	55	2	159	5	19	3	4	1	23	4	

TABLEAU	V.—CONDAMNATIONS	SOMMAIRES	ET	CAUSES	DЕ	LA	COMPÉTENCE
		D'UN JURY	Υ.				

TABI	EAU	V	—CC	ND.	AMN	ATI	ONS	SOM D'I	MAII UN J	RES J URY	ET CA	USE	S DE	LA (	COMP.	ETE	NCE
TRII JUGÉI	CAS ED BY 	y Ji ses			т	ОІСІ ОТА	TABL UX I	ALS OF E OF DES I	FEN	TS	GR DÉLI	ARY	AND ZTABIAND STORM CONTROL CON	E O SUM VICT	FFEN TIONS X DE	S DU	Grand Totals of all offen- ces. —
Convictions.  Condamnations.	Ac quitt Ac quit men	als.	Tota	als. - aux.	viet Co dan	Concictions. Acquittals.  Conamna quittenents.  H. F. M. F.			Tota		Co viction Co dam tion	ons. n- na-	Ad quitt Ad quit mer	als.	Tota Tota		Totaux de toutes les of- fences.
M   F.	Н.	F. ]	M.	F.	Н.	F.	М.	F.	H.	F.	M.	F.	Н. •	F.	M.	F.	
						]	PROV	INC	E DE	QUÉ	BEC.						
1 4 5 8 36 7 2 16 81	3 3 16 4 4 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	2	11		$\begin{array}{c} \dots \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 20 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 937 \\ 37 \\ 6 \\ 102 \\ 8 \\ 10 \\ \dots \\ 69 \\ 25 \\ \end{array}$	75	16 4  15  204 5 3	30	15 1 22 40 16 6 8 1 35 35 1 1141 422 9 112 11 144 1 100 322 45	1 2	11 17 47 3 1 5379 251 293 71 77 5 288 170 17 163	1167 20 290 10 20 10 2	18 16 4	30 2 1 2	256 32 1213 74 81 6 319 177 21 183	2 2 1 1 2 3 3 1197 20 2 92 110 2 2 14 17 2 19 — 1385	49 78 99 68 16 15 17 64 6 1 6780 276 34 1305 84 83 6 333 194 23 202
1	1 1				PRO	VIN	CE D	I NO	OUVI	EATT-	BRUN	SWI	CK.	1			
2 1 5 7 1 28 1		1	2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 5 8 100 1 1 — 33	1	4 6 1 10 1 6  5 83  1 24 9	1 3	1 1 15 1 9  23	2	5 6 6 2 2 25 2 15 106 10 6 10	1 2	35 85 107 18 1 14 4 248  5 1097  1 435 189	3 1 2  7  91 28 6	1 1 15 15 19  23	2	36 85 108 18 229 5 257  5 1120  1 447 190	4 1 2  7	36 89 109 20 2 29 5 264 5 1213 2 476 196

	2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903
TABLE V.—SUMMARY CONVICTIONS AND CASES S' JURY.	UBJECT TO TRIAL BY

			J	URY											
				C.								Y JU		BUT	-
		ımmar ıvictio		CAU	JSES M	S DI AIS	JUC	HEE:	s so	ÉTE MM TE!	AIR	EMI	UNENT	JUR	Y
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.		-			By H	Police Lagis				Under the Speedy Trials Act.					
DISTRICTS JUDICI-		amnat maire		I	Par u Pol	n Ma				E		rtu de		ete de tifs.	es
AIRES.				Con- victions. quitt					Con- victions.		Ac- quittals.		Totals.		
	м.	F.	To- tals.		nna- ns.	A qui mer	tte-	Tot	aux.		on- nna- ns.	qui	tte- nts.	Tota	ux
			To- taux.	М.	F.	н.	F.	М.	F.	н.	F.	М.	F.	Н.	F.
•	Р	ROVI	NCE	OF :	VOV	A S	COT	IA.				,			
Annapolis. Antigonish Cape Breton Colchester Cumberland Digby.	18 28 798 160 85 38	1 3 3 2 1	19 31 801 162 86 38	1 24 4 10	1			1 24 4 10	1	13 4 23 1	 1 1	5 5 3	 1	18 9 26 2	
Guysborough	$\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 1458 \\ 56 \end{array}$	224	20 1682 56	162 1	21	ii7	iż	279	33	33 1	• • •	9	2		
Inverness King's Lunenburg Pictou	55 90 162	1 10	55 91 172	1		2		. i 9		3	****			3 12	
Queen's Richmond Shelburne Victoria	53 7 11	· · i	57 7 12	5		• • • •	• • • •	 		$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ \dots \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$		1		3 1 1	
Yarmouth	$\frac{159}{3198}$	261	170 3459	$\frac{22}{237}$	$\frac{1}{23}$	$\frac{12}{131}$	1 13	34 368	$\frac{2}{36}$	97	3	29	3	126	6
Central Manitoba—Centre Eastern Manitoba—Est Western Manitoba—Ouest	242 1580 67	16 144	258 1724 67	10 150 5	1 15	16 19 2	1 2	26 169 7		6 12 8		4 1 10	i	10 13 18	1 1 1
Totals of Manitoba) Totaux de Manitoba)	1889	160	2049	165	16	37	3	202	19	26	2	15	1	41	3
Cariboo, B.C.—CB	10 586 1179 575	3 71 131 432	13 660 1310 1007	73 292 51	4 10	8 157 13	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 15 \\ 2 \end{array}$	81 449 64	 7 25 2	5 11 17 21		1 7 1	2	5 12 24 22	2 4
Totals of B. Columbia. \\Totaux de la ColBrit. \}	2350	640	2990	416	14	178	20	594	34	54	4	9	2	63	6
Alberta N.—N., N.W.T Alberta S.—Sud, N.W.T Assiniboia E.—E., N.W.T Assiniboia W.—O N.W.T Saskatchewan, N.W.T	187 366 206 185 70	20 21 4 8	207 387 210 185 78	65 42 32 43 24	1  1 2	88 32 48 24 21	3 1 	153 74 80 67 45	···i						
Totals of the Territories Totaux des Territoires	1014	53	1067	206	4	213	5	419	9		• • • •				
Yukon	854	93	947	47	1	128	6	175	7						
Totals of Canada	33716	4160	37876	3911	267	1903	181	5814	448	994	60	322	34	1316	94

T	TABLEAU V.—CONDAMNATIONS SOMMAIRES ET CAUSES DE LA COMPÉTENCE D'UN JURY.																	
		ED B	- JSES	URY S JUR		тс	DICT TAU	JX I	ALS C LE OF — DES D LES D	FENC ÉLITS	5	M. GR DÉLI J	ARÝ ANI TS J URY	AND Z TABI AND S CON  CON  DS TO JUSTI Y ET J IONS	EE OSUM VIC' TAU CIA! DES	FFEN FIONS X DE BLES CON-	s. S DU	Grand Totals of all offen- ces.
Cor viction Cor damn tion	0115. - 11- na-		c- tte-	-	tals.	victi Co dan	Conctions. Ac quittals. Total Concamna-quittenents. Total					Con viction Con dam:	ons. n-	Ac quitt	als.	Tota Tota		Grands Totaux de toutes les of- fences.
-	F.	H.	F.	M.	F.	H.	F.	М.	F.	Н.	F.	M.	F.	H.	F.	М.	F.	
MI.	г.	п.	E.	MI.	T		<u> </u>		DE LA	1					r.	1/1.	г.	<u> </u>
14 6 2 2 1 1 5 2 2	1 1 3	13 2 1 4 4 9 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1		27 88 22 3 5 13 7 22 3 4 5 		7 1 51 14 355 3 3 199 7 2 7 4 222 7 2 23 389	2 1 2 1	18 77 3 2 4 4 135 6 6 4 1 2 2 2 12 196	14	7 1 699 221 388 5 7 3344 133 266 8 2 2 3 35 585	3 1 2 1 1 35 5 3 45	25 299 8499 174 120 411 23 1657 63 2 62 94 184 60 7 13 182 182	1 3 5 3 3 1 245	188 7 3 2 4 4 135 6 6	14	25 29 867 181 123 43 27 1792 69 2 62 94 188 61 9 15 2 194 3783	3 6 3 3 1 259  1 10 4 	26 32 873 184 126 44 27 2051 69 2 62 95 198 65 9 16 62 2 208
$\frac{3}{7}$ .	2	5 6 2 ——————————————————————————————————	1 1	8 13 4 ——————————————————————————————————		19 169 15 ———————————————————————————————————	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 17 \\ 1 \\ -20 \end{array}$	25 26 14 ———————————————————————————————————	$-\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{5}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 44 \\ 195 \\ 29 \\ \hline 268 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r}   3 \\   20 \\   2 \\   \hline   25 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 261 \\ 1749 \\ 82 \\ \hline 2092 \end{array} $	1	25 26 14 	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ - 5 \end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 286 \\ 1775 \\ 96 \\ \hline 2157 \end{array} $		305 1939 98 2342
4 3 7 15 		4 5 27 8 -44	 2 1 —3	8 8 34 23 73	1		6 12  18	$ \begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 14 \\ 191 \\ 22 \\ \hline 231 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c}     3 \\     19 \\     3 \\     \hline     25 \end{array} $	13 101 507 109 730	$ \begin{array}{c}                                     $	19 673 1495 662 		$ \begin{array}{r}     4 \\     14 \\     191 \\     22 \\     \hline     231 \end{array} $	3 19 3 	23 687 1686 684 3080	3 83 162 435 683	26 770 1848 1119 3763
15 6 8		7 4 3 5		7 19 9 13		98 42 47 49 32	1  1 2	88 39 52 27 26	31	186 81 99 76 58	1 1 3	285 408 253 234 102	21 21 4 1 10	88 39 52 27 26	3 1	373 447 305 261 128	24 22 .4 1 11	397 469 309 262 139
62		19		81		268	4	232	5	500	9	1282	57	232	5	1514	62	1576
-		200		790		47	247		915	7960	7 	901		1075	53	1976		$\frac{2123}{47322}$
408	20	322	30	730	50	5313	347	2047	245	7860	992	39029	4007	3494	292	42523	4799	4/022



### TABLE VI.

SHOWING THE NUMBER OF CONVICTIONS AND THE NUMBER OF PERSONS TO EACH CONVICTION BY GROUPS OF OFFENCES, FROM 1891 TO 1902, FOR EACH PROVINCE AND CANADA.

### TABLEAU VI.

INDIQUANT LE NOMBRE DE CONDAMNATIONS ET LE NOMBRE DE PERSONNES POUR CHAQUE CONDAMNATION PAR GROUPES D'OFFENSES, DEPUIS 1891 À 1902, POUR CHAQUE PROVINCE ET LE CANADA.

TABLE VI.—SHOWING THE NUMBER OF CONVICTIONS AND THE NUMBER OF PERSONS TO EACH CONVICTION, FROM 1891 to 1902.

	PEF	RSONS T	O EACH	CONVI	CTION, F	ROM 189	91 to 1902.			
		On	rario.	Qu	ÉBEC.		ScotiaEcosse.	New Brunswich. NouvBrunswick.		
OFFENCE	S.	Number of convictions.	Number of persons to each conviction	Nombre de condamnations.	Nombre de personnes pour chaque condamnation	Number of convictions.	Number of persons to each conviction	Nombre de condamnations.	Nombre	
Murder, attempt at and manslaughter.	(1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897	7 3 12 16 10 9 6	302,046 707,061 177,337 133,432 214,177 238,737 359,249	4 2 4 1	372,134 751,921 379,826 1,534,929 1,550,713 783,329 263,795	2 1	225,198 226,115 453,149 454,984	2 2 1	161,118 161,606 324,191 327,146	
Murder, at mansl	1898 1899 1900 1901 1902	11 10 8 5 6	359, 249 196, 579 216, 923 272, 012 436, 589 364, 988	2 6 7 6 6 4 11	228,435 269,248 408,017 412,224 151,441	4	114,205 229,787 153,501	$\frac{1}{2}$	32S,137 164,565	
Rape and other offences against females.	1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902	44 48 56 58 69 75 56 63 63 63 58	48,053 44,191 38,001 36,809 31,040 28,648 38,491 34,323 33,372 34,541 37,637 34,217	47 44 33 37 43 40 77 37 38 39 49 48	31,671 34,178 46,039 41,484 36,063 39,166 20,555 43,218 42,513 41,849 33,651 34,705	6 7 4 7 4 4 7 7	75,066 451,314 113,058 75,525 64,866 113,746 65,129 114,205 114,434 65,522 65,653 30,700	2 3 3 4 4 3 4	160,631 161,118 107,737 108,064 108,391 81,539 109,048 82,034 109,710 165,064	
Other offences against the person.	( 1891   1892   1893   1894   1895   1896   1897   1898   1899   1900   1901	2,564 2,551 2,336 2,360 2,478 2,383 2,345 2,440 2,201 2,380 2,348 2,226	824 831 911 904 864 901 919 886 985 914 924	1,266 1,253 1,250 1,158 982 926 975 937 930 948 1,049 1,048	117 1,200 1,215 1,325 1,579 1,692 1,623 1,706 1,737 1,722 1,572	232 292 246 268 347 366 283 286 259 335 364 453	1,941 1,546 1,838 1,691 1,308 1,243 1,611 1,597 1,767 1,369 1,262 1,016	285 314 251 260 265 286 225 241 208 232 236 224	1,127 1,026 1,287 1,246 1,227 1,140 1,454 1,361 1,582 1,424 1,403 1,483	
Robbery with violence, hurglary, house and shopbreaking,	(1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901	154 139 204 283 294 266 274 280 210 178 202 157	13,729 15,260 10,431 7,543 7,284 8,077 7,866 7,721 10,328 12,224 10,806 13,948	79 65 81 109 100 94 111 169 157 164 148	18,842 23,136 18,757 14,082 15,507 16,454 14,259 9,462 10,289 9,952 11,141	14 23 29 18 13 16 11 14 9 25 37	32,171 19,188 15,594 25,175 34,928 28,437 41,446 32,630 106,415 18,346 12,421 12,446	3 4 3 9 12 3 1 4 8 1 7	107,088 80,559 107,737 36,021 27,097 108,719 327,146 82,034 41,141 330,128 47,302 166,060	
Horse, cattle and sheep stealing.	(1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1899 1900 1901	29 23 32 24 44 45 14 32 23 25 31 40	72,907 92,221 66,496 88,945 48,670 47,741 153,945 67,566 94,306 87,039 70,417 54,748	9 10 9 5 10 13 13 11 9 10 12 3	165,303 150,384 168,812 306,986 155,071 120,512 121,751 145,368 179,496 163,210 824,449 555,285	1 5 1 2 4 2	112,828 452,231 454,984 91,180 957,736 114,893 230,251	1	323,212	

#### TABLEAU VI.—INDIQUANT LE NOMBRE DE CONDAMNATIONS ET LE NOMBRE DE PERSONNES POUR CHAQUE CONDAMNATION, DEPUIS 1891 A 1902.

		THE TERRITORIES.		British	Columbia.	P. E.	ISLAND.	G		
MAN	NITOBA.	LES TER	RRITOIRES.	ColBri	TANNIQUE.	ILE D	υ PE.	CAN	ADA.	si Si
Number of convictions.	Number of persons to each conviction.	Nombre de con- danna- tions.	Nombre de personnes pour chaque condamnation	Number of convic- tions.	Number of persons to each conviction	Nombre de con- damna- tions.	Nombre de personnes pour chaque condamnation	Num- ber of con- vic- tions.	Number of persons to each con- viction.	OFFENSES
1 1 2 1 4 4 4 1	204,407 57,069 60,310 254,947		36,424 79,444 14,439 37,456 20,424 133,639 18,217 52,986 57,777	3 4 9 6 3 1 1 1 8 9 8	27,665 19,581 41,579 132,434 140,605 18,660 52,830 44,664 27,097	2		37 26 26	254,381 375,211 189,378 150,653 386,231 390,180 284,845 140,118 201,690 204,081 282,687 151,081	Meurtre et homicide non prémédité.
1 4 2 7 4 5 10 4 17 5	38,685 20,440 54,003 228,278 34,462 50,989	5 5 4 5 5 5 10 7 5	$\begin{array}{c} 22,473 \\ 24,508 \\ 13,364 \\ 20,820 \\ 31,788 \end{array}$	5 4 5 3 3 3 3 3 7 7 8	20,846 27,665 41,579 44,144 46,868 49,760 22,641 24,038 22,332	8 4 3 5 1 2 2 3 3 2 2 2	13,559 $26,970$	115 113 117 139 136 163 123 130	43,574 42,491	Viol et autres outrages contre la femme.
94 71 71 80 72 83 70 63 89 112 118	2,252 2,362 2,198 2,561 2,330 2,920 3,428 2,564 2,153 2,160	121 201 137 199 223	607 662 597 601 687 928 609 975 732 712	131 148 124 146 156 167 222 198 2 212 174	795 748 947 854 849 842 672 800 793 1,026	43 28 54 53 45 51 44 49 20	2,522 3,853 1,987 2,013 2,358 2,069 2,383 2,130 5,191 2,950	4,775 4,450 4,449 4,500 4,395 4,237 4,434 4,071 4,438 4,547	1,032 1,021 1,106 1,117 1,116 1,154 1,210 1,169 1,288 1,195 1,181 1,176	Outrages divers contre
6 10 11 10 12 7 27 25 26 16 16 18	15,993 15,246 17,587 15,370 27,632 7,570 8,640 8,779 15,077 15,934	3 1 3 7 4 6 6 9 9 9	24,282 79,444 28,879 13,497 25,758 20,424 16,849 16,193 9,346	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	17,371 3,353 8,392 7,796 11,036 3,429 4,034 6,339 9,898 7,767	1 4 8 6 4 5	108,474 26,823 13,338 17,687 26,386 20,994 34,608 103,259	251 362 450 462 408 475 540 414 413 451	17,079 19,433 13,602 11,048 10,868 12,432 10,792 9,601 11,811 12,848 11,909 13,169	Vol avec violence et effraction, bris de maisons et de magasins.
3 1	64,475 204,407	5 11 5 6 9 12 12 15 9 6 18 26	6,625 15,888 14,439 10,498 8,586 9,364 8,169 14,849 24,290 8,830	3 2 3 3 5 1 0 0 2 1	36,887 58,744 41,579 26,487 140,605 24,880	1	105,545 25,956	64 45	102,835 101,620 96,545 134,366 76,076 64,207 109,090 81,006 116,530 115,350 78,987	Vol de chevaux, bétail et moutons.

TABLE VI.—SHOWING THE NUMBER OF CONVICTIONS AND THE NUMBER OF PERSONS TO EACH CONVICTION, FROM 1891 TO 1902.

		On	rario.	Qu	EBEC.		SCOTIAEcosse.		RUNSWICK.
	OFFENCES.	Number of convictions.	Number of persons to each conviction	Nombre de con- damna- tions.	Nombre de personnes pour chaque con- damnation	Number of convictions.	Number of persons to each conviction	Nombre de con- damna- tions.	Nombre de personnes pour chaque condamnation
	1891 1892 1893 1896 1896 1896 1896 1896 1990 1990 1990 1990	1,715 1,907 2,184 2,232 2,196 2,386 2,210 2,313 2,230	1,116 977 959 978 933 906 977 940 974	1,013 973 1,175 1,176 1,110 1,288 1,274 1,356 1,145 1,139	1,561 1,305 1,319 1,411 1,229 1,255 1,191 1,425 1,447	120 118 137 125 173 155 164 186 206 207	2,785	73 81 79 75 100 86 89 105 119	3,804 3,686 3,134 2,774 3,344
	Other felonies and mix. 1895, 1896, 1896, 1896, 1897, 1897, 1898, 1898, 1898, 1990,	70 86 138 125 140 151 149 141 130	30,301 34,626 3 15,468 3 17,410 15,345 14,339 14,510 15,383 16,738 18,040	61 65 61 72 84 128 97 90 83 68	23,374 25,162 21,538 18,651 12,365 16,485 17,950 19,664 24,248	17 4 13 14 10 9 16 25	32,499 45,590 50,758 59,859 18,342	4 4 4 3 7 2 2 2 5 8 2 10	33,112
75.	Breaches of municipal py-laws and other minor offences. 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1897, 1990	8,565 8,942 8,385 8,299 9,15 9,386 8,936 9,151 9,955 10,142	5 247 2 237 5 254 0 258 4 239 6 229 0 242 1 237 8 218 2 215	4,213 3,569 4,029 4,659 4,193 4,141 2,3,721 4,208 4,313 3,942	358 426 381 333 373 382 429 384 378 419	599 756 1,105 1,095 1,006 931 762 742 955	599 411 416 453 491 1,257 618 481	577 713 623 663 664 728 720 656 667 641	558 453 520 490 491 449 455 501 494 516
	189; 189; 189; 189; 189; 189; 189; 190; 190; 190;	3,96° 3,78° 3,26° 3,13° 2,62° 2,46° 2,52° 2,76° 3,37° 3,90°	7 534 7 561 7 655 2 685 4 818 5 87- 4 784 0 645	3,832 3,778 4,272 3,4,307 4,273 4,273 4,386 3,773 4,348 3,483 5,320 2,973	392 402 354 366 366 366 409 429 4464 3 506	676 938 1,258 1,567 1,651 1,199 1,268 1,022 1,255 1,387	668 482 360 290 270 381 360 937 365	3 1,291 2 1,365 1,227 1,205 3 1,238 1,228 1,228 1,270 1,270 5 1,288 1,299	249 236 264 269 263 266 254 259 256 254
	Total Constitution of 189 (189) (189) (189) (189) (189) (189) (189) (189) (189) (190	19,389 17,089 16,711 16,689 17,000 16,811 16,789 17,000 16,811 16,788 18,429 19,03	100 100 12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-1	10,743 10,493 10,493 10,847 11,349 10,737 10,608 10,026 10,277 9,917 9,918	3 13 <sup>9</sup> 3 14 <sup>2</sup> 4 156 14 <sup>2</sup> 136 14 <sup>3</sup> 14 <sup>3</sup> 15 15 16 16 17	1,478 1,619 1,954 2,448 3,177 3,321 2,676 2,680 2,2590 2,595 2,595 2,977	304 279 231 185 143 137 170 170 202 176 168	2,540 9 2,267 2,423 6 2,205 8 2,230 2,297 2,274 9 2,354 9 2,351 1 2,292	126 142 133 147 145 142 143 1 139

TABLEAU VI.—INDIQUANT LE NOMBRE DE CONDAMNATIONS ET LE NOMBRE

	DE PERSONNES POUR CHAQUE CONDAMNATION, DEPUIS 1891 A 1902								002.	
Man	NITOBA.		RRITORIES.  RRITOIRES.		Columbia.  — ITANNIQUE.		Island.  OU PE.	CA	NADA.	ž.
Number of convictions.	Number of persons to each conviction.	Nombre de con- damna- tions.	Nombre de personnes pour chaque con- damnation	Number of convictions.	Number of persons to each conviction	Nombre de con- damna- tions.	Nombre de personnes pour chaque condamnation	Number of convictions.	Number of persons to each conviction.	OFFENSES
68 61 154 146 141 128 202 159 198 234 168 185	2,242 2,621 1,089 1,204 1,308 1,511 1,011 1,358 1,152 1,030 1,517 1,466	82 62 110 149 120 120 138 209 214 221 192 249	814 1,175 722 581 787 858 814 586 624 659 827	81 103 153 201 236 164 164 287 251 263 327 233	1,212 1,011 723 584 528 807 857 520 631 639 546 814	14 25 24 33 21 27 42 26 12 24 11	4,495	3,172	1,457 1,538 1,399 1,211 1,217 1,262 1,169 1,128 1,155 1,173 1,228 1,341	Offenses diverses contre la propriété.
3 3 11 10 6 7 14 13 7 11 12 10	50,835 53,310 15,246 17,588 30,740 27,632 14,600 16,616 32,611 21,931 21,245 26,942	23 8 8 10 11 14 6 21 24 20 22 37	2,904 9,106 9,936 8,664 8,589 7,359 18,728 5,835 5,568 7,287 7,224 4,685	4 16 46 16 39 21 20 49 17 16 26 45	24,543 6,514 2,405 7,343 3,198 6,306 7,030 3,046 9,323 10,516 6,871 4,215	1 4 3 11	109,078 27,118 35,764 	166 175 237 245 271 282 342 343 306 289 273 264	29,128 27,873 20,776 20,292 18,528 17,987 14,992 15,115 17,137 18,360 19,674 20,602	Autres crimes et délits.
303 445 458 336 483 523 543 491 528 532 1,065 913	503 359 366 523 - 381 369 376 439 453 239 295	238 313 264 360 499 506 992 1,029 1,662 2,063 1,388 982	281 233 301 241 189 204 113 119 80 70 114	491 451 628 493 617 420 772 896 1,024 1,251 1,875 1,755	200 231 176 238 202 315 182 167 155 134 130	171 194 70 190 125 97 158 94 66 47 50 76	559 1,540 565 853 1,094 668 1,117 1,582 2,209 2,065	15,963 15,252 15,243 15,172 16,450 16,652 17,726 16,812 18,057 19,568 19,558 20,598	303 320 323 328 305 305 289 308 290 271 275 264	Contraventions aux lois municipales et divers autres petits délits.
518 633 592 585 467 573 609 573 636 776 834 1,003	294 253 283 300 394 337 335 376 358 311 305 269	111 186 233 194 220 225 294 582 762 763 861 757	601 391 341 446 429 458 382 210 175 191 184 229	651 606 725 581 498 580 630 965 835 1,227 1,232 1,192	151 172 153 202 250 228 223 155 190 137 145 159	311 301 233 174 162 129 292 288 320 327 241 230	360 463 617 659 823 361 364 326 317	13,026 11,492 11,651 11,558 11,558 11,295 10,586 11,259 11,090 12,215 12,727 13,324	371 424 423 430 434 449 484 460 473 434 422 408	Ivresse.
997 1,228 1,300 1,176 1,185 1,329 1,477 1,328 1,489 1,692 2,220 2,272	153 130 129 149 155 145 138 162 153 142 115	555 708 749 876 1,028 1,035 1,577 2,074 2,828 3,296 2,729 2,334	120 103 106 99 92 99 71 59 47 44 58	1,360 1,321 1,744 1,437 1,561 1,362 1,799 2,473 2,362 2,994 3,171 3,507	72 78 63 82 80 97 78 60 67 56 56	555 576 359 461 374 305 561 460 452 429 338 360	233 285 348 188 228 231 242 305	37,617 35,293 35,653 36,165 37,585 37,278 37,978 38,206 38,710 41,654 42,148 43,536	127 138 138 137 134 136 135 135 127 127 127	Total des condamna- tions.



## TABLE VII.

PARDONS AND COMMUTATIONS.

# TABLEAU VII.

PARDONS ET COMMUTATIONS.

Table VII.—Cases in which the Prerogative of Mercy has been exercised during the year ended the 30th September, 1902, in favour of prisoners committed to the following prisons

the following	P					
(Province of Ontario.)		PROVIN	CIAL PE	NITENTIARY—KI	NGS'	TON.
CRIME.	Sen- tence.	Sentence or Committal.	Pardon or Commutation.	Conditions upon which Pardon or Commutation was granted.	Age and Sex.	By what Court tried.
Arson.  Bestiality Breaking and entering bonded warehouse and larceny.	6 "	July 7, '99	Mar. 1,'02	*	39	Brantford.
Breaking, entering and larceny. Breaking jail. Burglary.  ""  Carnally assaulting a girl under 14 years.  Counterfeiting and utter-	2 " 14 " 10 " 7 " 4 " 10 "	July 11,'00 May 28,'94 Dec. 3,'98 June 16,'97 Feb. 6,'01 Dec. 29,'94	Dec. 20,'01 May 21,'02 Sept. 1,'02 Nov.23,'01 May 7,'02 Oct. 11,'01	₩ 	17 42 39 25 32 62	Police, Welland.  "Kingston. Assizes, Napanee. County, Chatham. "Cayuga. Sessions, Toronto.
ing (3 charges). Cutting and wounding False pretences Forgery and obtaining money under false pre-	3 " 3 " 3 "	Feb. 14,'01 Apr. 2,'01 Feb. 25,'01 Apr. 24,'02	20, '01 d 6, '01 Apr. 23, '02 Sept. 1, '02	* * *	18 37 26 59	Ottawa. Sault St. Marie. Woo'lstock. Assizes, Chatham.
tences. Horsestealing	5 11 5 11 3 11	Jan. '23, '99 " 23, '99 Apr. 30, '00	Oct. 11, '01 11, '01 11, '01 11, '01	**	29 26 20	County, Sandwich.  Goderich. Sessions, Montreal. Q. Bench
(2) Assault	5 " 4 " 4 "	Nov.26, '91 1 25, '99 Feb. 12, '01 Dec. 21, '00	Apr. 14, '02 June10, '02 Apr. 9, '02 Mar. 13, '02	* * *	35 28 22  19	Sessions, Kingston, Assizes, Ottawa. Police, Brockville.
with pistol. Incest Larceny and receiving	į.	Sept. 21, '99 May 17, '99 Mar. 7, '00 Nov. 18, '97 " 9, '98 June 27, '99	Sept.12,'02 Dec. 18,'01 Mar. 4,'02 " 4,'02 Oct. 2,'01 Dec. 7,'01	* d * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	53 39 32	Assizes, Brockville. Sessions, Toronto. Assizes, St. Thomas. Police, Ottawa. Peterborough. Delhi.

a. Prisoner to be released upon condition that his mother or some other responsible person will receive him and care for him.

b. 10 years (original sentence) other sentences 7 years, in all 17 years.
c. Prisoner not allowed during the continuance of his ticket of leave to reside within the district of Montreal.

d. Ticket of leave, upon condition that she does not return to Aylmer, Ont., before her sentence has expired.
 \*Released on ticket of leave.

Tableau VII.—Cas où le droit de grâce a été exercé durant l'année finissant le 30 septembre 1902, en faveur des prisonniers envoyés aux prisons suivantes.

(Province d'Ontario.)	P	ÉNITENC	TER PRO	VINCIAL-KINGS	STON	
CRIME.	Sen-	DAT	E DE	Conditions sur lesquelles le pardon	Age et sexe	Par
ORIME.	tence.	Sentence	Pardon	ou commutation a été accordé.		quelle cour mis en jugement.
		emprison- nement.			$ \mathbf{H} $ F	
Incendie	l5ans.	7 dée. '95	10 oct. '01	*	50	Assises, Toronto.
и	10 11	22 janv.'95	11 " '01	*	34	Ottawa.
	7	29 sept. '90	18 janv. 02	*	27	Sessions, Toronto.
"	5 "	27 " '98	27 nov. '01	*	20	Police Toronto
11	3 11	2 déc. '01	12 déc. '01	*	27	Assises, Chatham.
Bestialité Effraction et entree	10 ans.	28 mars '00	19 nov. '01	*	23	Comté, Perth.
Effraction et entree	6 п	7 juill. '99	1 mars '02	*	39	" Brantford.
dans un entrepôt et larcin.					.	
Effraction, entrée et lar-	3 "	23 sent '99	2 oct '01	*	41	Ottawa.
cin.		_			i	
Bris de prison	2 11	11 juill. '00	20 déc. '01	a * *	17	Police, Welland.
Vol de nuit	14 11	28 mai '94	21 mai '02	<u>*</u>	42	" Kingston.
11	10 "	3 dec. '98	1 sept. '02	************	39	Assises, Napanee.
"	4 "	6 fév. '01	7 mai 202	*	20	Comte, Chatham.
Assaut charnel sur une	10 "	29 déc. '94	11 oct. '01		62	Sessions, Toronto.
fille au dessous de 14 ans						
	9 "	15 nov. '97	16 déc. '01	*	59	Comté, Pembroke.
tion (3 accusations).	0	2 4 6 4 10 2	20 204	M.		
Blessures	3 "	14 fev. '01	20 " '01	*	18	Ottawa.
	3 "	2 avril '01 95 fáv '01	93 avail 202	*	96	" Sault Ste. Marie Woodstock.
et obtention d'ar-	3 "	24 avril '02	1 sept. '02	*	59	Assises, Chatham.
gent sous de faux pré-	Ü 11		1 50 000 02			
textes.						
Vol de chevaux	5 "	23 janv.'99	11 oct. '01	*	29	Comté, Sandwich.
et larcin.	9 11	23 n '99	11 11 '01	*	26	" Cadorioh
(1) Pric do maigan	0 11	ou avrii uu	11 11 01		20	Sessions Montreel
(2) Voies de fait						Banc-Reine
(3) Blessures						tt H
(2) Voies de fait	b10ans	26 nov. '91	14 avril '02	c	35	Sessions, Kingston.
Bris de maison	5 11	25 " '99	10 juin '02	*	28	Assises, Ottawa.
et larcin.	4 11	12 fev. '01	9 avril '02	*	22	Police, Brockville.
tentative de blesser	# 11	21 dec. '00	to mars 02		19	ii Toronto.
avec un pistolet.						
Inceste	7 11	21 sept. '99	12 sept. '02		53	Assises, Brockville.
Larcin et recel	5 11	17 mai '99	18 déc. '01	*	21	Sessions, Toronto.
	3 "	7 mars '00	4 mars '02	d	39	Assises, St. Thomas.
H	7 "	18 nov. '97	2 oct '01	*	20	Police, Ottawa. Peterborough.
11	4 "	27 juin '99	7 déc. '01	*	37	Assises, Brockville. Sessions, Toronto. Assises, St. Thomas. Police, Ottawa. Peterborough. Delhi.
	. "	julii 00	, 400. 01			

a. Le prisonnier à être libéré sous condition que sa mère où autres personnes responsables le recevront et en prendont soin.

b. 10 ans (sentence originelle) autres sentences 7 ans en tout 17 ans.
c. Le prisonnier ne sera pas alloué durant la continuation de sa remise en liberté conditionelle de demeurer dans le district de Montréal.

d. Libérée sous condition qu'elle ne retournera pas à Aylmer, Ont., avant que sa sentence soit expirée.

\*Remis en liberté conditionneliement.

Table VII.—Cases in which the Prerogative of Mercy has been exercised during the year ended the 30th September, 1902, in favour of prisoners committed to the following prisons.

(Province of Ontario.)	PF	ROVINCIA	L PENI	TENTIARY-KING	STO	N-Concluded.
CRIME.	Sen- tence.			Conditions upon which Pardon or Commutation was granted.	Age and Sex.	By what Court tried.
Murder	6Life25 yrs. d10 yrs. 22 yrs. 4 yrs. 22 yrs. 4 yrs. 2 yrs	Feb. 21, '81 Nov.16, '96 May 9, '91 June20, '94 " 1, '00 Dec. 22, '92 Mar. 9, '99 Nov.10, '98 Jan. 27, '97 Oct. 3, '00 Dec. 2, '97 Mar. 21, '00 Mar. 29, '99 Oct. 25, '00 Mar. 8, '86 June 9, '86 June 9, '86 June 9, '86 June 17, '00 Mar. 17, '00 Mar. 17, '00 Mar. 17, '00 Mar. 17, '00 May 18, '01 Dec. 21, '98 Oct. 21, '98	June 6, '02 Apl. 9, '02 Oct. 15, '01 June 6, '02 " 4, '02 Jan. 24, '02 Jan. 24, '02 Mar. 8, '02 June 4, '02 Mar. 13, '02 July 5, '02 Nov. 25, '01 Dec. 19, '01 Mar. 22, '02 July 5, '02 May 31, '02 July 5, '02 July 5, '02 July 5, '02 May 21, 02 July 5, '02 May 21, 02 Dec. 6, '01 July 5, '02 May 21, 02 Dec. 6, '01 July 5, '02 May 21, 02 Dec. 6, 01 Oct. 2, 01	mission time. Coronation pardon  * Coronation pardon  *  *  *  *  From N. W. Pen., transf. to K. Pen.  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *	46 46 43 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 42	Q. Bench, St. Scholastique Assizes, Cobourg.  "Q. Bench, Three Rivers. Assizes, Parry Sound.  Q. Bench, Joliette. County, Sandwich. Assizes, Toronto.  "Ottawa. "Cobourg. "Sault Ste. Marie Milton. "Brockville. Sessions, Toronto. Assizes, Cornwall.  County, Cariboo, B.C.

<sup>a. Ticket of leave, subsequently cancelled to allow prisoner to go to California.
b. Life sentence commuted by the Governor General to one of 20 years.
c. Death sentence previously commuted to life imprisonment.
d. Reduced by the Governor General to sentence of 5 years.
c. Ticket of leave issued upon condition that he shall not during the continuance of such license live within the limits of the County of Halton.</sup> Released on ticket of leave.

Tableau VII.—Cas où le droit de grâce a été exercé durant l'année finissant le 30 septembre 1902, en faveur des prisonniers envoyés aux prisons suivantes.

(Province d'Ontario.)	1	ÉNITEN	CIER PRO	VINCIAL—KINGS	TON	-Fin.
CRIME.	Sen-tence.	Sentence ou emprison- nement.,	ou	Conditions sur lesquelles le pardon ou commutation a été accordé.	Age et sexe.	Par quelle cour mis en jugement.
Meurtre	b "12ans. c c A vie. 25ans. d10 " 8 " 2 " 4 " 7 " 3 " 7 " 4 " 5 " 2 "	13 fév. '00 20 août '00 7 juin '00 7 juin '00 13 " '01 1 mai '01 7 oct. '93 12 juill. '89 6 mai '93 21 fév. '81 16 nov. '96 9 mai '91 20 juin '94 1 " '00 22 déc. '92 9 mars '99 21 mai '00 21 sept. '99 21 mai '00 22 mars '09 21 mai '99 25 oct. '00	22 mars '02 11 oct. '01 23 nov. '01 23 nov. '01 23 fév. '02 17 janv.'02 23 juin '02 20 déc. '01 31 juill. '02 6 juin '02 9 avril '02 15 oct. '01 6 juin '02 24 janv.'02 27 nov. '01 23 aont '02 3 mars '02 4 juin '02 15 juill. '02 25 nov. '01 19 déc. '01 22 mars '02	* Remise du temps de rémission perdus. Pardon du couronnement.  * Pardon du couronnement.  * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	34 19	" Sault Ste. Mari " London.  BReine, Ste-Scholastic Assises, Cobourg.  BReine, Trois-Rivière. Assises, Parry Sound.  BReine, Joliette. Comté, Sandwich. Assises, Toronto. " Ottawa. " Cobourg. " Sault Ste. Mari " Milton. " Brock ville. Sessions, Toronto. Assises, Cornwall. Comté, Caribou, ColB.
intention de blesser. Bris de magasin " " et larcin. Vol sur la personne "" " Tentative de suicide Circulation de billets de banque contrefaits. Blessures avec intention	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	21 sept. '98 27 oct. '00 18 mai '01 21 déc. '00 21 " '00 3 août '01 11 jan '01	6 fév. '02 5 juill. '02 28 mars '02 23 avril '02 21 mai '02 6 déc. '01 2 oct. '01	* * *Revoqué le 2 mai '02 * Transféré à l'asile	37 25 21 23 24 66 30	Assises, St-Thomas. Comté, Walkerton. Lindsay. Ottawa.

a. La libération sur parole annulée afin de lui permettre d'aller en Californie.

b. Sentence de mort commuée en une sentence de 20 ans par le gouverneur général.

c. Sentence de mort commude en une sentence de 20 ans par ne gar le general.

c. Sentence de mort antérieurement commuée en emprisonnement à vie.

d. Réduite en une sentence de 5 ans par le gouverneur général.

e. Libération sur parole accordée sous condition qu'il ne demeurera pas dans les limites du comté de Halton pendant la continuation de sa mise en liberté conditionnellement.

\* Remis en liberté conditionnelle.

TABLE VII.—Cases in which the Prerogative of Mercy has been exercised during the year ended the 30th September, 1902, in favour of prisoners committed to the following prisons.

(Province of Ontario.)	Sen-	DAT		Conditions a		ge ad	By	
CRIME.	tence.	Sentence	Pardon	upon which Pardon or Commutation was granted.		ex.	what Court tried.	
		Commit- tal.	Commuta- tion.	was granted.		F		
ArsonBestiality	5 yrs.	June 28, '99	Jan. 18,'02		17		County, Cobourg.	
Breaking, entering and	a	n 16, '00	June28, '02		15		Woodstock. Police, Belleville.	
larceny. Burglary Horse-stealing Housebreaking	5 yrs	July 4,'98	Dec. 7,'01		17		Tilsonburg.	
Housebreaking	5 vrs.	June19, '97	Jan. 21, '02		17		Ottawa.	
H	5 11	July 6,'98	June23,'02		20		11 11	
" (4 charges) " & larceny. " " "	5 11	11 6,'98	Dec. 12, '01		17		Aggigga Sandwich	
" (4 charges)	3 11	Sept. 6, '00	Sept. 12, '02		18		Police, Toronto.	
% larceny	2 to 5y	Nov.28,'99	Dec. 18, '01		15		" St. Catharines.	
11 11	2 to 5y	Dec. 11, '99	Mar. 28, '02		119		County Walkenton	
Larcenv	5 vrs.	Mar. 12, '00	Feb. 17, '02		17		Police, Amherstburg.	
11	ວັ ທ	13,'00	Jan. 18,'02		18		" Lindsay.	
9	3 11	June 29, '99	Feb. 17, '02		15		County St. Thomas	
11	3 "	Feb. 4.'01	Jan. 24, '02		16		Police, Toronto.	
и	3 ,,	June13, '01	June28,'02		14		" Brockville.	
н	2 to 5y	Aug. 26, '98	May 7,202		18		County, London. Police, Kingston.	
21	2 11	June27, '01	Aug. 23, '02	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	21		Whitby.	
и	2 ,, *	Jan. 7,'01	Jan. 24,'02	To be released on Apr. 1, 1902.	18		" Toronto.	
n	1 to 5y	May 23, '99	Mar.28,'02		17		" London.	
и	11	Apr. 14,'00	11 22, 02	*	13		County, Guelph.	
"	1 77	May 22, '00	Aug. 23, '02	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	13		Belleville.	
31=	1 "	6, '02	11 28, '02		13		11 11	
n and fraud	2 "	Jan. 13,'00	Nov.23,'01	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	18		" Hamilton.	
11	3 m. to	reb. 23, 98	11 25, 791	**************************************	10	1	windsor.	
n	n yrs.	Mar. 22, '01	Apr. 10, '02		17		" Guelph.	
11	33	May 5,'00	May 7,'02		14		11 (1)	
	a	Apr. 6, '01	Feb. 21 '02		16		" Ottawa.	
11	4	July 21, '99	Jan. 21, '02		18		Delhi.	
n	7	Aug. 9,'98	Oct. 11,'01		16		County, Perth.	
Perjury	3 to 5y	Sept. 9, '99	May 6 202		18		Rat Portage.	
n	3 n	Dec. 20, '00	Sept. 1, '02		16		Police, Oshawa.	
11	a	July 12, '00	May 7,'02		16		County, L'Orignal.	
Perjury	6 m. to 5 yrs.	Mar. 9,'01	Apr. 9,'02		16		Police, Guelph.	
Vagrancy	11	Sept. 8,'99	Aug.23,'02		16		11 London.	
(Province of Ontario.)		MERCE	R REFOR	MATORY-TORON	T	Э.		
Abandoning her child	18 mos	July 26 '01	Mar. 4 '02	*	· .	38	Police, Toronto.	
Abandoning her child Larceny Stealing letter from P.O.	23 11	Oct. 17, '00	Nov.12, '01	*		33	11 11	
Stealing letter from P.O.	3 vrs.	June 1.'01	Mar. 2 . '02		1	18	County Pembroke	

<sup>a. Indefinite period.
b. Indefinite period not to exceed 5 years.
c. And further period not to exceed 1 year.
Released on ticket of leave.</sup> 

Tableau VII.—Cas où le droit de grâce a été exercé durant l'année finissant le 30 Septembre 1902, en faveur des prisonniers envoyés aux prisons suivantes.

(Province d'Ontario.)	PRIS	SON DE 1	RÉFORME	-PÉNÉTANGUIS	HEN	Е.
CRIME.	Sen- tence.	le		Condition sur lesquelles le pardon ou commutation a été accordé.	Age et sexe.	Par quelle cour mis en jugement.
	1		1		1	
Incendie. Bestialité. Effraction et larcin. Vol de nuit. Vol de chevaux. Bris de maison.  " " " " " 4 accusations " " " " " Larcin. " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	5 " 5 " 2 à 5a. b 5 ans. 5 "	6 n '98 18 avril '01 6 sept. '00 28 nov. '99 11 déc. '99 3 août '99 12 mars '00 13 n '00 29 juin '99	12 dée. '01 23 avril '02 12 sept. '02 18 déc. '01 28 mars '02 27 juin '02 17 fév. '02 17 fév. '02		17 20 18 15 17 17 18	Assises, Sandwich. Police, Toronto.  Ste-Catherine. London. Comté, Walkerton. Police, Amherstburg. Lindsay. Toronto.
		4 fév. '01 13 juin '01 26 août '98 7 nov. '00 27 juin '01	24 janv.'02 28 juin '02 28 " '02 7 mai '02 23 août '02	A être libéré la 1er	16	Police, Toronto.  Brockville. Comté, London. Police, Kingston. Whitby.
	11 1	h 112	28 702	avril 1902.	13	" London. Comté, Guelph. Police, London. " Belleville. " " " Hamilton. " Windsor.
" " " Parjure.	a a a a 3 ans.	5 mai '00 6 avril '01	7 mai '02		161	" Guelph. " Ottawa. " Simcoe. " Delhi. Comté, Perth. " Portage-du-Rat.
Bris de magasins	3 ans. 3 " a 6 m. à		6 mai '09		17	Belleville
Vagabondage	5 ans.	8 sept. '99	23 août '02		16	London.
(Province d'Ontario.)	M	IAISON I	E RÉFOR	RME MERCER—T	ORO	NTO.
Abandon de son enfant LarcinVol d'une lettre au Bur. de Poste.	18m's. 23 " 3 ans.	26 juill. '01 17 oct. '00 1 juin '01	4 mars '02 12 nov. '01 22 mars '02	*	38 33 18	Police, Toronto. Comté, Pembroke.

a. Période indéfinie. b. Période indéfinie ne devant pas excéder 5 ans. c. Et une autre période ne devant pas excéder 1 an. \* Remis en liberté conditionnellement.

Table VII.—Cases in which the Prerogative of Mercy has been exercised during the year ended the 30th September, 1902, in favour of prisoners committed to the following prisons.

(Province of Ontario.)	G	OOD SHE	PHERD'S	HOME-OTTAWA	١.	
	Sen-	DAT	E OF	Conditions	Age and Sex.	Ву
CRIME	tence.	Sentence or Commit- tal.	Pardon or Commuta- tion.	or Commutation was granted.	M F	what Court tried.
Begging, etc	6 mos \$32 or 3 mos	Jan. 7,'02 July 15,'02	Apr. 26, '02 Aug. 27, '02		17	Police, Ottawa.
(Province of Ontario.)		ONTARIO	D BOY'S I	REFORMATORY.		
Larceny	a 2 yrs	Apr. 3.'00 Nov.27,'00	Mar. 13'02 Nov. 5,'01	•	17 15	Police, Ottawa. " Toronto .
(Province of Ontario.)		CENT	RAL PRI	SON—TORONTO.		1
Abortion, attempt to procure.					1	
Assault	12 " 6 " 15 " 12 " 6 "	Feb. 28,'00 Dec. 12,'01 May 27,'01 Aug. 6,'01 Feb. 3,'02	Jan. 15, '02 May 7, '02 June 28, '02 May 31, '02	*	39 37 40 32 25	Assizes, Owen Sound. Session, Stratford. Police, Owen Sound. "Bracebridge. "Brampton.
and wounding indecent and rape		June12,'01 Mar 15,'01	Mar. 8,'02 Jan. 12,'02	*	24 21	Sessions, St. Thomas. Assizes, Cobourg.
BigamyBuggery, attempted				Whipping remitted.		
False entries, making Horse stealing Housebreaking and larceny.	1			*		
Larceny "	264 4			* *Revoked Apr. 15,'02	1	
#	11	Sept. 6,'00 Jan. 15,'01 May 28,'01	May 7,'02 Oct. 10,'01 May 6,'02	*	$\begin{vmatrix} 21 \\ 26 \\ 37 \\ . \end{vmatrix}$	Police, Rat Portage.  Michipicotin.  Sudbury.
	23 mos	Dec. 6, '99	Oct. 2,'01	*	37	Police, Fort William.
11	23 mos 23 " 23 "	June27, '00 " 27, '00 Nov. 24, '00	Dec. 6, '01 " 6, '01 May 24, '02	*	21 21 36	County, Goderich.  Police, Fort William.  "Toronto.  "Sessions, London. Police, Owen Sound.
H	18 " 14 " 12 "	Dec. 31, '00 Jan. 9, '01 2, '01	Oct. 10,'01 " 2,'01 Nov.19,'01	*	33 39 32	Toronto. Sessions, London.
	12 "	" 18,'01	" 27, '01	*	50	Police, Owen Sound.

<sup>a. Indefinite period.
b. And 12 lashes.
c. Ticket of leave to be issued when prisoner shall have served 9 months of his sentence.
\* Released on ticket of leave.</sup> 

#### SESSIONAL PAPER No. 17

Tableau VII.—Cas où le droit de grâce a été exercé durant l'année finissant le 30 septembre 1902, en faveur des prisonniers envoyés aux prisons suivantes.

(Province d'Ontario.)	М	AISON D	U BON P.	ASTEUR-OTTAW	A.	
CRIME.	Sen- tence.	Sentence ou emprisonnement.	Pardon ou commutation.	Conditions sur lesquelles le pardon ou commutation a été accordé.	Age et sexe.	Par quelle cour mis en jugement.
Mendicité, etc Ivresse	6 m's \$32 ou 3 m's	15 juill.'02	26 avril'02 27 août '02		17	Police, Ottawa.
(Province d'Ontario.) M	AISO	N DE RÉ	FORME D	ONTARIO POUR	LES	GARÇONS.
Larcin	a 2 ans	3 avril '00 27 nov. '00	13 mars '02 5 nov. '01		17 15	Police, Ottawa. Toronto.
(Province d'Ontario.)		PRISON	CENTRA	LE-TORONTO.		
Avortement, tentative d' Voies de fait  " et évasion. " graves " infligeant des blessures corporelles Voies de fait et blessures Attentat à la pudeur et viol. "" Bigamie Bestialité, tentativede	12 " 6 " 15 " 12 " 12 " 12 " 12 " 12 " 12 " 12	28 fév. '00 12 déc. '01 27 mai '01 6 août '01 3 fév. '02 12 juin '01 15 mars '01 15 " '01 23 oct. '01	15 janv.'02 7 mai '02 28 juin '02 31 mai '02 31 " '02 8 mars'02 12 janv.'02 27 nov. '01 16 déc. '01	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	39 40 32 25 24 18 40	Assises, Owen Sound. Sessions, Stratford, Police, Owen Sound. "Bracebridge. "Brampton. "Brampton. "Sessions, St. Thomas. Assises, Cobourg.
#	364 j. " 1 an et 360 j. 23 m's	6 sept. '00' 15 janv.'01 28 mai '01 1 " '00' 6 déc. '99	7 mai '02 10 oct. '01 6 mai '02 12 nov. '01 2 oct. '01	*	21 26 37 17	Police, Portage du Rat.  Michipicotin.  Sudbury. Comté, Brockville.  Police, Fort William.  Comté, Goderich.  Police, Fort William.  Toronto.  Sessions, London. Police, Owen Sound.

<sup>a. Période indéfinie.
b. Et 12 coups de fouet.
c. Permis d'élargissement sera donné quand le prisonnier aura servi 9 mois de sa sentence.
\* Remis en liberté conditionnellement.</sup> 

2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903

Table VII.—Cases in which the Prerogative of Mercy has been exercised during the year ended the 30th September, 1902, in favour of prisoners committed to the following prisons.

(Province of Outario.)	CE	NTRAL F	PRISON—	TORONTO—Conclud	ed.		
CRIME.	Sen-	Sentence or Commit-		Conditions upon which Pardon or Commutation was granted.	Age and Sex.		tried.
		tal.	tion.				
	12 "	MI 00 101	A 00 100	1 <del>*</del>	22	٠.	County, St. Catharine
0	9 11	Sept. 30, '01 Jan. 15, '01 May 27, '01 Feb. 24, '02	July 23, '02 Oct. 10, '01 Dec. 12, '01 June 28, '02	*	21 19 23 22		Police, Barrie. " Windsor. " Toronto. County, St. Catharine " Hamilton.
#	6 11 6 11 6 11	Aug. 29, '01 Nov. 8, '01 Feb. 25, '02 Dec. 14 '01	Dec. 19, '01 May 1, '02 " 31, '02 Apr. 23 '02	*	23 23 21 21		Police, St. Catharines
H	5 mos	May 25, '97 Jan. 13, '02 Nov.19, '01	Nov. 27, '01 Apr. 9, '02 Mar. 18, '02	* *	19 44 22		Police, St. Catharines County, Toronto. "Simcoe. Police, Toronto. """ Sessions " Police " Ottawa.
Veglecting to support	2 11 2 11 c3 11	Dec. 14, '01 Apr. 9, '02 Nov. 5, '01	Jan. 20, '02 12, '02 May 21, '02 Jan. 20, '20	*	18 28 18 37		Sessions "Police "Ottawa.
family.  Yon-support of his family.  Picking pockets	6 11	Oct. 12,'01	Nov. 15, '01	*	30	• •	11 11
rofane and insulting language.				*	1		
deceiving	14 11	Jan. 20,'02 Aug.13,'01	Apr. 26, '02 July 5, '02	*	58 21		County, Brantford. Parry Sound.
Vagrancy	6 n 6 n 6 n	Oct. 29,'01 Sept. 4,'01 " 4,'01	Jan. 15, '02 " 24,'02 " 24,'02	*	28 16 15		Police, Toronto.  Tilsonburg.
Wounding	6 " d 23 mos	Nov. 4,'01 Aug.15,'01 Sept.14,'01	Feb. 17, '02 Dec. 18, '01 May 7, '02 Nov 14 '01	*	27 18 43 16		Bridgeburg. Toronto. County St. Thomas
11	12 "	17, '01	14,'01		17		11 11
(P forince of Onurio.)			COMMO	ON JAILS.			
Berlin Jail— Vagrancy		Nov.11,'01	Jan. 8,'02		69		Police, Berliu.
Larceny from the person.  Prompton Jail— Assault	6 "	Oct. 12,'01			26		Bracebridge.
215-8uit	62 (1	11 30, 01	Dec. 18, 01	To be released upon giving sureties to keep the peace.	(10)	• •	Assize, Drampton.

a. Released on ticket of leave on Sept. 22 only, on account of violation of prison discipline.
 b. 5 months in Penetanguishene Reformatory and for an indefinite period not exceeding 5 years in Central Prison.

c. And \$30 or 3 months more. d. \$50 and costs or 8 months.
e. And sureties to keep the peace. \*Released on ticket of leave.

Tableau VII.—Cas où le droit de grâce a été exercé durant l'année finissant le 30 septembre 1902, en faveur des prisonniers envoyés aux prisons suivantes.

(Province d'Ontario.)		PRISON	CENTRAL	LE—TORONTOFi	n.	
CRIME. Sentence		Sentence ou emprison- nement.	Pardon ou commutation.	Conditions sur lesquelles le pardon ou commutation a été accordé.	Age et sexe	Par quelle cour mis en jugement.
	10		1	*	20	Police Hamilton
Larcin	12 mos	24 fév '02	28 Juin 02 28 " '02	*	22	Police, Hamilton. Comté, Ste-Catherine. Guelph. Police, Barrie.
11	12 "	28 mai '01	26 avril '02	*	32	. Guelph.
11	12 "	30 sept. '01	23 juill. '02	a	21 .	. Police, Barrie.
11	9 11	15 janv. '01	10 oct. '01		19 .	. Windsor.
	9 11	27 mai '01	12 déc. '01		23 .	. Toronto.
. 01	9 11	24 fev. '02	28 juin '02	*	22 .	. Comte, Ste-Catherine.
H	6 "	8 nov '01	1 mai '09		23	Police, Barrie.  "Windsor. Toronto. Conté, Ste-Catherine. "Hamilton.  Police, Ste-Catherine. Comté, Toronto. "Simcoe. Police, Toronto.
11	6 "	25 fév. '02	31 " '02	*	21	Police, Ste-Catherine.
11	6 11	14 déc. '01	23 avril '02	*	21 .	. Comté, Toronto.
H	b	25 mai '97	27 nov. '01	*	19.	. Simcoe.
tt	5 n	13 janv. '02	9 avril '02	*	44 .	. Police, Toronto.
	5 11	19 nov. '01	18 mars '02	*	22 .	. 11 11
tt	0	23 oct. '01	20 janv. 02	*	10.	Sessions "
!!	2 "	9 avril '09	21 mai '02		18	Police "
Négligence de pourv. aux		5 nov. '01	20 jany. '02	*	37	Ottawa.
besoins de la famille.	00 11	0 11011 02	20 302211 02			
Ne pourvoyant pas aux	6 11	12 oct. '01	15 nov. '01	*	30 .	. 1 11
besoins de sa famille.				Photography and the state of th		F47
Vol sur la personne	6 11	3 juin '02	31 juill. '02		32 .	. Toronto.
11 11	4 "	2 août '01	28 oct. '01	*	20 .	J. de P., Tweed.
Langage profane et in- sultant.	7 11	18 janv. 02	28 Juin 02		11.	. J. de r., rweed.
Recel	6 11	5 oct '01	4 fév '02		16	. Sessions, Toronto.
Usage d'arme à feu avec					58	. Comté, Brantford.
intention.		,		1)	1	
Bris de magasin et larcin	12 "	13 août '01	5 juill. '02	*	21 .	. Parry-Sound.
	12 "	12 juin '01	16 mai '02		44 -	. Dessions, Woodstuck.
Vagabondage		29 oct. '01	15 janv. 02	*	28 .	. Police, Toronto.
	6 11	4 sept. 01	24 11 02	*	15 .	Tilsonburg.
	6 "	4 nov. '01	17 fév. '02	*	27 .	. Sarnia.
et empiétement		15 aoùt '01	18 déc. '01	* *	18	Bridgeburg.
Blessures		14 sept. '01	7 mai '02	*	43 .	Toronto.
	12 "	17 août '01	14 nov. '01		. 16 .	. Comite, St-Inomas.
11	12 "	17 " '01	14 " '01		17	. 11
(Province d'Ontario.)		1	PRISONS	COMMUNES.		
		1	1	1	1 [	
Prison de Berlin—						
Vagabondage	6mos	11 nov. '0'	8 jany. '02		69	. Police, Berlin.
Prison de Bracebridge—	, unios		1			
Vol sur la personne	6 11	12 oct. '0	1 20 " '02	*	$\lfloor 26 \rfloor$ .	. Bracebridge.
Prison de Brampton—						
Voies de fait	e2 11	30 " '0	1 18 déc. '01	A être libéré en don	33 .	. Assises, Brampton.
	1			nant cautions qu'i gardera la paix.	1	

<sup>a. Libéré conditionnellement le 22 sept. par rapport à la transgression de la discipline de la prison.
b. 5 mois à la prison de réforme Pénétanguishene et une période indéfinie ne devant pas excéder 5 ans dans la prison centrale.
c. Et \$50 ou 3 autres mois. d. \$50 et les frais ou 8 mois.
e. Et à donner des cautions qu'il gardera la paix. \*Remis en liberté conditionnellement.</sup> 

Table VII.—Cases in which the Frerogative of Mercy has been exercised during the year ended the 30th September, 1902, in favour of prisoners committed to the following prisons.

the following p	orisons	5.				
(Province of Ontario.)		CO	MMON J	AILS-Concluded.		
CRIME.	Sen-	Sentence or Committal.	Pardon or Commutation.	Conditions upon which Pardon or Commutation was granted.	Age and Sex.	By what Court tried.
Cobourg Jail— Vagrancy  Hamilton Jail— Vagrancy  Napanee Jail— Horse stealing  Ottawa Jail— Indecency Indecent exposure Larceny  " & false pretences I from the person	6 " 412 " 6 " 52 " 3 " 3 " 1 " 12 "	Sept. 30, '01 June 12, '95 July 9, '01 June 25, '01 Dec. 13, '01 May 1, '02 June 30, '02 Sept. 16, '01	Dec. 7,'01  " 6,'01  Oct. 16,'01  Dec. 12, 01  Jan. 18,'02  May 31,'02  July 5,'02  " 26,'02  Oct. 11,'01	*  *  To be disch. July 30	29 27 25 32 20 24 32 41 32	Police, Hamilton.  "Napanee. "Ottawa. """" """" """""
Making noise in house  Perth Jail— Vagrancy  " " St. Catharines Jail— Horse stealing. Sudbury Jail— Larceny Vagrancy Toronto Jail— Assault Larceny Stealing a bicycle.	60 dys 60 " 60 " 60 " 60 " 30 " 6 mos	Jan. 29, '02 Feb. 20, '02 13, '02 13, '02 13, '02 Aug.20, '02 June12, '02 Oct. 7, '01 May 15, '01	Mar. 24,02 " 24,702 " 24,702 " 24,702 " 24,702 " 24,702 Aug.23,702 " 23,702  Nov.25,701 " 5,701	*	36	J.P.'s., Smith's Falls.  """" Police, Perth.  Sessions, St. Catharines. Police, Sudbury. J.P.'s., Massey Station.
Stealing a bicycle  Woodstock Jail— Keeping a house of ill- fame.  (Province of Quebec.)	6 mos	Sept.24,'01	" 21,'01		24	" Tilsonburg.
Arson	7 " 7 " 6 "	Nov. 20, '95 Dec. 28, '91 July 7, '00 Apr. 10, '01	June28, '02 '1 28, '02 Oct. 2, '01 Apr. 26, '02	***************************************	50 69 31 46	Q. Bench, Montreal. Hull. Dist. Mag., N. Carlisle. K. Bench, Montreal.
(2) Stealing mail bag. (3 & 4) Larceny.  Breaking, entering and stealing.  Breaking into 2 Railway Station and larceny.  Breaking and entering a warehouse.	3 "	n 22,'01	Mar. 22,'02		18	Dist. Mag., Joliette.

a. 12 months in central prison, escaped from jail on June 17, 1895, came back to Canada in Oct. 1901 and surrendered. b. And fine of \$20 or one month on each of the six charges, sentences to run consecutively. c. Fined \$42 or 4 months jail. \* Released on ticket of leave.

Tableau VII.— Cas où le droit de grâce a été exercé durant l'année finissant le 30 septembre 1902, en faveur des prisonniers envoyés aux prisons suivantes.

(Province d'Ontario.)				PR	iso	NS	COMMUNES-F	n.		
CRIME.	Sen-	Senter	DAT	1	e Pardo	n	Conditions sur lesquelles le pardo ou commutation s	ı se	ge et xe.	Par quelle cour mis en jugement.
	0001001	ou empris neme	on-	co	ou minu tion.	ta-	été accordé.	H	F	jugeniene.
Prison de Cobourg.—									1	
Vagabondage										J. de P. Grafton.
Vagabondage						'01	*			Police, Hamilton.
Vol de chevaux Prison d'Ottawa—	a12 11	12 juin	'95	6	11	'01				" Napanee.
Indécence Exposition indécente.	6 "	9 juill	. '01 '01	16 12	oet.	'01 '01	*	25		" Ottawa.
Larcin	9	19 444	20.1	140		200	*	100		1
H	3 11	1 mai	02	31	maı juill.	02 02	A être lib. le 30 jui		32	11 11
" et faux prétextes	1 "	30 juin 16 sept	'02	26	11	'02	A être lib. le 30 juil	1. 41		11 11
sur la personne. Faisant du bruit dans	C	6 "	'01	11	11					11 11
sa maison.										
Vagabondage	60 jrs.	29 janv	.'02	24	mars	'02		36	3	J. de P., Smith's Falls,
11	60 "	13 "	'0.2	9.4		'02		20		
		13 "	$^{2}02$	24 24	11	02		28	3	11
!!	30 "	20 août	'02	23	août	'02		2		Police, Perth.
Prison de Ste. Catherine. Vol de chevaux Prison de Sudbury—	6 mos	12 juin	'02	23	11	'02	*	4:	2	Sessions, Ste. Catherine
Larein Vagabondage	11	7 oet. 15 mai	'01 '01	25 5	nov.	'01 '01		. 39	3	Police, Sudbury. J. de P., Massey Statio
Prison de Toronto — Voies de fait	30 jrs.	2 déc.	'01	12	déc.	'01		35	2	Police, Toronto.
Larcin	1 an.	21 mai	'02	20	juin	'02 '02	Pardon du couron	n. 46	3	11 11
Voies de fait Larcin	3 ans	1 nov.	'01	19	nov.	'01		14	1	11 11
Prison de Woodstock— Tenant une maison mal-famée.		1		1					24	
(Province de Québec.)	PÉN	ITEN	CIE	R	PRO	VI	NCIAL-SAINT-	VIN	CF	ENT DE PAUL.
T	10	20	205	90	inin	200		50		Banc-Reine, Montréal.
Incendie	7 "	28 déc.	'91	28	Juni	'02		69	)	Hull.
" tentative d'.	7 "	7 juill	00', i	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\26 \end{vmatrix}$	oct.	'01 '02	***************************************	. 3	3	Hull. Mag. de D., New Carlis Banc du Roi, Montréal.
(1) Effraction et vol de lettres,	6 "		-							.,,
(2) Vol d'un sac de m. (3 & 4) Larcin. Effraction, entrée et vol.	1 m's et 16j. 5 ans	31 jan	v.'01 '98	24 19	janv déc.	.'02 '01	*	. 23	3 .	Mag. de Dist., Hull. Sessions, Montréal.
Effraction d'une stat. de chem. de fer et larcin.	3 .	22 "	'01	22	mars	s'02		18	3	Mag. de Dist., Joliette.
Effraction et entrée dans un entrepôt.		29 nov	. '99	20	déc.	'01	*	2		Banc-Reine, Montréal.

a. 12 mois dans la prison centrale, évadé de la prison le 17 juin 1895, revenu en Canada en oct. 1901 et s'étant livré. b. Et une amende de \$20 ou un mois sur chacune des six accusations, les sentences devant courir consécutivement. c. Amende de \$42 ou 4 mois de prison. \* Remis en liberté conditionnellement.

Table VII.—Cases in which the Prerogative of Merey has been exercised during the year ended the 30th September, 1902, in favour of prisoners committed to the following prisons.

(Province of Quebec.)	PRO	VINCIAL	PENITES	TIARY-ST. VIN	CEN	T DE PAUL.—Con.	
CRIME.	Sen- Dat		E OF	Conditions upon which Pardon	Age and Sex.	Dy	
OILIMIE.	tence.	Sentence	Pardon	or Commutation was granted.		tried.	
		Commit-	or Commuta-	was granted.			
		tal.	tion.		M F		
		1			-	1	
Burglary with intent to commit arson.					t	Dist. Mag., Montmagny	
Burglary	6 ii	Aug.23, '98	Sept.12,'02	*	24	Q. Bench, Sweetsburg.	
Carnal knowledge of a girl under 14 years.	14 11	Mar. 6,'97	Dec. 7,'01	*	38	Q. Bench, Sweetsburg.	
Conspiracy and making false bank returns.	7 11	Dec. 21,'99	May 3,'02	*	31	Montreal.	
	_			w			
Counterfeiting	5 11	" 27,'98	Dec. 12, 01	*	35   28	Sessions " "" "" Dist. Mag., Sherbrooke.	
"	5 11	27, '98	12, '01	*	26	11 11	
Damaging property False pretences, obtain-	2 "	Feb. 26, '01	Mar. 1,'02	*	19	Dist Mag Sharbrooks	
ing by.	. "	11 10, 01	Apr. 0, 02		40		
11 11	$\frac{2^{1}_{2}}{2}$ "	Mar.27,'00	May 3'02	*	59	Q. Bench, Montreal. K. "Sessions "Sessions "Sherbrooke. Sherbrooke. St. Hyacinthe Sweetsburg. Sessions, Montreal.	
Forgery	4 11	Feb. 6,'00	Oct. 16, '01	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	23	Sessions "	
11	3 11	July 5,'00	June28, '02	*	55	11 11	
0	3 "	May 11, '01	Dec. 16, 01		41	Dist. Mag. St. Hvacinthe	
and uttering	5 11	Mar. 4,'01	Sept 18, '02	*	31 .	" Sherbrooke.	
Horse stealing	2 "	Dec. 12, '00 7, '98	Dec. 7, 01 Mar. 4, 02	*	18	St. Hyacinthe	
Knowingly uttering forg-	5 "	Nov.27, '00	Nov.11,'01		46	Sessions, Montreal.	
ed debenture conpons.							
Larceny	6 "	May 27,'98	Apr. 14, '02	*	25	Dist. Mag., Three Rivers	
(2 charges)	5 n	Mar. 4,'98	Feb. 27, 02	*	18	J. Ps., Montreal.	
(2 charges)	5 "	Oct. 14, '99	Nov.27, '01	*	30	Q. Bench, Sherbrooke.	
	5 11.	14,'99	Feb. 17,'02	*	24	tt u	
11	5 11	May 30, '01	Aug. 23, '02	*	27	Sessions, Montreal.	
	5 11	Dec. 12, '01	June23, '02	*	39	11 11	
	4 11	Dec. 16, '99	11 8, '02	*	29	11 11	
n	3 "	Oct. 14, '99	Oct. 2, 01	*	52	Q. Bench, Sherbrooke.	
11	3 "	Dec. 16, '99	Apr. 14, '02 Jan. 27, '02	*	24	Dist. Mag. "Sorel.	
in a church	3 "	June11,'00	Aug.16, 02	*	28	" Three Rivers.	
	3 "	July 25,'00	Mar. 13, '02	*	40	n Sorel.	
11	3 "	Aug. 24, '00	Jan. 15, 02	*Revoked Aug.24,'02	19	Sessions, Montreal.	
H	3 11	Sept. 4,'00	11 15, '02	*	$\begin{bmatrix} 18 \\ 19 \end{bmatrix}$	11 11	
H	3 "	Nov. 9, '00	11 20, 02	*	19	11 11	
	3 "	Jan. 3, '01	Mar. 4, 02	*	24	78 19	
	3 11	Dec. 10, '01	Sept. 18, '02		48	K. Bench	
11	2 11	Oct. 17,'00	Mar. 22, '02	*	22	Dist. Mag., Three Rivers J. P's., Montreal. Police Q. Bench, Sherbrooke. """ Sessions, Montreal. """ Q. Bench, Sherbrooke. Dist. Mag. "" Sorel. """ """ """ """ """ """ """ """ """ "	
	& 2 m. 2 yrs.	9,200	June28, '02	*	24	Sessions, Quebec.	
9	2 "	Apr. 10,'01	Oct. 23, '01	*	42	Sessions, Quebec. K. Bench, Montreal. Dist. Mag., Hull.	
11	2 "	Sept. 8, 01	Jan. 12, '02	~	25	Dist. Mag., Hull.	

a. Ticket of leave issued in order that he may be transferred to hospital for treatment. \* Released on ticket of leave.

Tableau VII.—Cas où le droit de grâce a été exercé durant l'année finissant le 30 septembre 1902, en faveur des prisonniers envoyés aux prisons suivantes.

(Province de Québec.)	PEN	ITENCIE	R PROVIN	CIAL—SAINT-VI	NCE.	NT DE PAUL—Suite.	
CRIME.	Sen- tence. Sentence		Pardon	Conditions sur lesquelles le pardon on commutation a été accordé.	Age et sexe.	Dan	
		ou emprison- nement.	ou commuta- tion.	a ete accorde.	HF		
Vol de nuit avec inten- tion d'incendier.	7ans.					Mag. de Dis., Montmagny	
Vol de nuit	6 "14 "	23 août '98 6 mars '97	12 sept. '02 7 déc. '01	*	24 38	Banc-Reine, Sweetsburg.	
14 ans. Conspiration et faisant des rapports de banque faux.	7 "			*			
Contrefaçons	5 11	197 298	119 201	*	98!	1	
Dommage à la propriété Obtention sous faux pre-	5 " 2 " 3 "	27 . '98 26 fév. '01 18 . '01	1 mars '02 8 avril '02	* a	19 48	Mag. de Dis., Sherbrooke	
textes. " " Faux	$\frac{2^1}{2}$ " $\frac{2^1}{4}$ "	27 mars '00 14 juin '01	28 " '02 3 mai '02	*	59 39	Banc-Reine, Montréal.	
H	3 11 3 11 2 11	5 jnill. '00 11 janv.'00	28 juin '02 10 oet. '01	*	55	U U U	
vol de chevaux	5 " 5 "	4 mars '01 12 déc. '00	18 sept. '02 7 déc. '01	*	31 18	Sessions  Mag.de D., St-Hyacinthe Sherbrooke. St-Hyacinthe Sweetsburg. Sessions. Montréal.	
Inceste Circulation volontaire de coupons de débenture faux.						locionis, and account	
Larcin	6 11 5 11	27 mai '98 4 mars '98	14 avril '02 27 fév. '02	*	25 46	Mag. de Dis., Trois-Riv. J. de P., Montreal.	
(2 accusations)	5 " 5 " 5 "	17 juin '98 14 oct. '99	27 janv. '02 27 nov. '01	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	18 . 30	Mag. de Dis., Trois-Riv. J. de P., Montreal. Police "Banc-Reine, Sherbrooke. """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	
H	5 11 5 11	26 sept. '00 30 mai '01	31 mai '02 23 août '02	*	57 27	Sessions, Montréal.	
n	5 11 4 11 4 11	12 déc. '01 14 sept. '98	23 juin '02 28 mars '02	*	39 21	11 11	
H	3 11	14 oct. '99 23 nov. '99	2 oct. '01 14 avril '02	*	52 17	Banc-Reine, Sherbrooke. Mag. de Dist.	
dans une église	3 11 3 11	16 déc. '99 11 juin '00 25 juill. '00	27 janv. 02 16 août '02 13 mars '02	**	24	Sorel. Trois-Rivières. Sorel.	
#	3 "	25 " '00 24 août '00	13 " '02 15 janv.'02	*. Révoqué le 24 août; '02	40 19	Sessions, Montréal.	
#	3 11 3 11	18 " '00 9 nov. '00	24 " '02 20 " '02	Révoqué le 24août; '02 * *	19 19	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	
0	3 " 3 "	3 janv. '01 25 fév. '01	4 mars '02 2 oct. '01 18 sept. '02	*	24	Banc du Roi, Montréal. Mag. de D., Fraserville.	
41	a+ +1 m						
H	2 ans.	9 " '00' 10 avril '01 8 sept. '01	28 juin '02 23 oct. '01 12 jany '02	*	24 42 25	Sessions, Québec. Banc du Roi, Montréal. Mag. de Dist., Hull.	
	- 11	O DC POR OI	]			9. 40 2 4 4 4	

 $<sup>\</sup>alpha.$  Libération sur parole accordée pour qu'il fut transféré dans un hôpital pour y suivre un traitement. \* Remis en liberté conditionnellement.

Table VII.—Cases in which the Prerogative of Mercy has been exercised during the year ended the 30th September, 1902, in favour of prisoners committed to the following prisons.

PROVINCIAL PENITENTIARY-ST. VINCENT DE PAUL-Con. (Province of Quebec.) DATE OF Age Conditions and By Senupon which Pardon Sex. what Court CRIME. or Commutation Sentence Pardon tried. tence. was granted or Or Commit-Commuta-MF tal. tion. Larceny from the person 5 yrs. | Jan. 25,'00 | Feb. 17,'02 | \*Revok'd, Aug. 24,'02 | 30 | Q. Bench, Sorel. | 25,'00 | Oct. 11,'01 | 32 | Assizes, L'Origna | Assizes, Assizes, L'Orignal. Q. Bench, Montreal. Fraserville. K. St. Scholastique Dist. Mag., Sherbrooke. Q. Bench, Montreal. St. Scholastique Dist. Mag., Hull. shopbreak'g & larceny. m. & 16 d. ... 20 .. Dist. Mag., St. Scholasmail bag. tique. , feloniously ... 14 " " 16, '93 May 7, '02 \* ... 28 ... Sessions, Montray with intent to 5 " Sept. 22, '98 Oct. 11, '01 \* ... 34 ... Q. Bench " .. Sessions, Montreal. Wounding, feloniously.. 14 do bodily harm. REFORMATORY SCHOOLS. Montreal-Vagrancy and begging 5 yrs. Feb. 17, '98 June 27, '02 ..... 19 .. Recorder, Montreal. Sherbrooke-3 " Mar. 2,'00 Jan. 18,'02 \*..... 16 ... Larceny..... (Province of Quebec.) COMMON JAILS. Bryson Jail-Hull Jail-Aylmer, P.Q. assault on constable. 23 . . King's Bench, Hull. Horse stealing..... Jan. 3, '02 May 7, '02 ..... 6 22 .. Dist. Mag. Aug. 8,'01 Mar. 8,'02 ... Montmagny Jail-9 Assault..... 1 Montreal Jail-to obstruct cause of

a. Death sentence previously commuted.b. And fine of \$9.90 and in default one additional month.

c. In each case, but to run concurrently. \* Released on ticket of leave.

Tableau VII.—Cas où le droit de grâce a été exercé durant l'année finissant le 30 septembre 1902, en faveur des prisonniers envoyés aux prisons suivantes.

PENITENCIER PROVINCIAL—SAINT-VINCENT DE PAUL—Fin. (Province de Québec.) DATE DE Age Conditions sur et Sen-Par lesquelles le pardon sexe. CRIME. quelle cour mis en ou commutation a Sentence tence. Sentence jugement. été accordé. ou 011 emprisoncommuta-HF nement. tion. 5ans. 25 janv. '00 17 fév. '02 5 " '00 11 oct. '01 '02 \*Rév. le 24 août '02. 30 Banc-Reine, Sorel. Vol sur la personne..... .... 5 " 25 " '00 11 oct. '01 .... 32 .... aA vie 19 nov. '81 6 juin '02 Pardon du couronn. 43 Assises, L'Orignal. Menrtre. Banc-Reine, Montréal. 17 déc. '00 8 mars l'02 \*.... Fraserville. 11 '01 11 sept. '02 \*..... '00 2 oct. '01 \*..... B.du R.,Ste-Scholastique Mag. de Dist.,Sherbrooke Bauc-Reine, Montréal. 3 16 fév. 34 11 4 juin '00 2 Recel d'objets volés..... 11 Vol aggravé.... |20 21 '00 10 janv.'02 28 . . O. ....... 14 13 nov. '97 '99 11 11 29 11 2 oct. '01 \*Rev. le 4 mars '02... 11 11 7 mai '02 \*..... 3 11 Bris de magasin..... Sessions 11 1 mars '00 4 mars '02 \*..... u et larcin 5 11 11 Mag. de Dist., Hull. bris de magasin et mo. et larcin. [16 jrs. lettre Vol de lettre d'argent et 3 " 17 fév. '00 28 juin '02 \*........... Mag. de Dist., Ste-Schod'un sac de malle. lastique. Sessions, Montréal. Banc-Reine corporelles. d'estropier ECOLES DE RÉFORME. Montréal-Vagabond. et mendic.  $Sherbrook\epsilon$  — Larcin..... PRISONS COMMUNES. (Province de Québec.) Prison de Brysonb4 mos 14 avril '02 10 juill. '02 ...... 18 J. de P., Bryson. Vagabondage ..... Prison de Hull-Exposition de sa per-c6 "
sonne et voies de fait Aylmer, P.Q. sur un off. de la paix 3 janv. '02 7 mai '02 ..... 23 .. Bane du Roi, Hull. Vol de chevaux..... 91 8 août '01 8 mars '02[.... 22 . . Mag. de Dist. " 9 Larein ... Prison de Montmagny-10 avril '02 25 avril '02 ..... Voies de fait..... 1 . . . . . . . . . . Montmagny. Prison de Montréal-Corruption, supposition 6 10 juin '02 12 sept. '02 .... 31 .. Banc du Roi, Montréal. de personne et tenter d'empêcher le cours de la justice.

b. Et une amende de \$9.90 et à défaut de paiement un mois additionnel.

a. La sentence de mort antérieurement commuée

c. Dans chaque cas mais courant concurremment. \* Remis en liberté conditionnellement.  $17-17\frac{1}{2}$ 

TABLE VII.—Cases in which the Prerogative of Mercy has been exercised during the year ended the 30th September, 1902, in favour of prisoners committed to the following prisons.

(Province of Quebec.)		COM	MON JAI	LS—Concluded.		
CRIME.	Sen-	DA'	TE OF	Conditions upon which Pardon	Age and Sex.	P.v
0212112	tence.	Sentence or Commit- tal.	or Commuta-	was granted.		tried.
	1	tal.	tion.		1 1	
Montreal Jail—Contin.  Drunk and disorderly.  """  Indecency	4 m's 4 " 2 " a b4 " c6 "	Aug.15,'01 Oct. 10,'01 May 5,'02 Aug. 4,'02 Feb. 25,'02 Apr. 8,'02	Oct. 16, '01 Nov.23, '01 June 6, '02 Aug.23, '02 May 21, '02	* *d.	42 60 29 45 45	Recorder, Montreal.  """ """ Sessions, "" Recorder. ""
quor without license						
as a servant.	12 " 12 " 12 " 9 "	17,'01 Oct. 24,'01 Apr. 10,'01 Mar. 4,'01	Oct. 2,'01 Apr. 18'02 Oct. 11,'01	*	19 23 57 23	J. P's, Recorder, Maisonneuve. Sessions, Montreal. K. Beuch. J. P's., Westmount. Montreal. Sessions, J. P's. Sessions, Recorder,
() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	8 " 6 " 5 " 3 "	July 30, '01 Mar.21, '02 Oct. 1, '01 Dec. 17 '01	Jan. 12, '01 Aug. 1, '02 Jan. 8, '02	*	37 44 25	Westmount. Montreal. Sessions,
Vagrancy Murray Bay Jail—						
Larceny						Dist. Mag., Murray Bay.  La Pipe.
Larceny	6 11 3 11 2 11	Jan. 7,'02 July 10,'02 Mar. 5,'02	June 6,'02 July 31,'02 Apr. 9,'02	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	29 46 20 26	Dist. Mag., " Sessions. "
Rimouski Jail— Housebreaking and larceny.						Dist. Mag., Rimouski.
St. John Jail— Larceny St. Scholastique Jail—				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		" St. John. K. Bench, St. Scholasti-
inflict bodily harm.						que.
Vagrancy						Dist. Mag., Sherbrooke.
Larceuy					1	" Sweetsburg.
(P.E.I., N.S. & N.B.)		1	-		1	
Arson	12 yrs. 5 " 7 "	Oct 10, '94 Mar. 16, '99 July 19, '99	Oct. 11, 01 May 7, 02 Oct. 11, 01	*	47 24 29	Assizes, Fredericton, N.B. Supreme, Restigouche "Windsor, N.S.
cenv.						" Charlottet'n, P.E.I.

<sup>a. \$10 or one month in jail. -b. And \$25 or two additional months in default of payment.
c. And \$100 or 6 additional months in default of payment.
d. Ticket of leave, but to reside in Montreal for the unexpired portion of sentence, and to report once a month personally or by writing to police authorities. -e. And a fine of \$10 or 2 additional months.
\* Released on ticket of leave.</sup> 

Tableau VII.—Cas où le droit de grâce a été exercé durant l'année finissant le 30 septembre 1902, en faveur des prisonniers envoyés aux prisons suivantes.

(Province de Québec.)		PRIS	ONS COM	MUNES-Fin.			
CRIME.	Sen-	DA	TE DE	Conditions sur lesquelles le pardon	Age et sexe	Pan	
	tence	Sentence ou emprison- nement.	ou	ou commutation a été accordé.	H F	jugement.	
	1	1			1		
Pris. de Montréal—Suite Ivresse et désordre	1 4 m2	15 août '01	16 oct. '01		42	Recorder, Montréal:	
	4 "	10 oct. '01	23 nov. '01	*	$\begin{vmatrix} 60 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix} \dots$	11 11	
8 H H	a	9 mai '02 4 août '09	23 août '02		29 22	11 11	
Indécence	b4 11	25 fév. '02	21 mai '02		45	Sessions,	
Indécence	ì					}	
Larcin	23 "	10 " '01	23 nov. '01		39	J. de P. " Recorder, Maisonneuve. Sessions. Montréal. Banc du Roi " J. de P. " Westmount. Montréal. Sessions, " J. de P., " Sessions, " Recorder, "	
#	12 "	17 " '01	2 oct. '01	*	19	Recorder, Maisonneuve.	
	12 "	24 oct. '01	18 avril '02	*	:: 23	Sessions. Montréal.	
comme serviteur	0	10 auril '01	11 oct. '01	*	57	Banc du Roi "	
tt tt commis.	8 "	30 juill. '01	12 jany. '02	*	37	Westmount.	
31	6 11	21 mars '02	1 août '02	*	44	Montréal.	
81	5 "	1 oct. '01	8 janv.'02	*	$25 \dots$	Sessions, "	
11	01	17 dec. '01	12 11 '02	*	38	J. de P.,	
Vagabondage	6 "	17 avril '02	28 avril '02		23	Recorder.	
Prison de Murray Bay-							
Larcin	7 11	14 oct. '01	31 mars '02		$15 \dots$	Mag. de Dist., Murray	
Prison ae Québec — Attentat à la pudeur.	19	18 mai 201	10 860 201	*	90	Bay.	
Larcin	6	5 déc. '01	9 avril '02	*	29	Mag. de Dist., La Pipe. Sessions, Québec.	
!!	6 11	7 janv.'02	6 juin '02		46	Mag. de Dist., Québec. Sessions,	
11	3 "	10 juill, '02	31 juil. '02	<u>*</u>	20	Mag. de Dist., Québec.	
Prison de Rimouski-	2	5 mars '02	9 avril '02	*	26	Sessions, "	
Bris de maison et lar- cin.	12 "	29 juill, '01	17 fév. '02	*	27	Mag. de Dist., Rimousk	
Prison de Saint-Jean-							
Larcin	6 11	21 juin '01	27 nov. '01		18	" St-Jean.	
Pris. de Ste-Scholastique. Voies de fait avec in-	12 "	8 fév 209	19 sept 209		371	Ranc du Roi, Ste-Scho	
tention d'infliger des lésions corp. graves.	12 11	5 lev. 02	12 sept. 02		01	lastique.	
Prison de Sherbrooke—			100		-		
Vagabondage	6 11	22 avril '02 22 ''' '02	12 " '02		29	Mag. de Dist., Sherbrooke	
Prison de Sweetsburg-	0 11	22 11 02	12 11 02		01	11	
Larcin	8 11	3 déc. '01	31 mai '02		35	" Sweetsburg	
(I. du PE., NE. & N	VB.)	PÉNIT	ENCIER I	PROVINCIAL—DO	RCH	IESTER, NB.	
T 11	10	10 . 10.	44 ( 10-1		4.5	A . 77 . 7 . 1 . 37 TO	
Incendie	12ans.	10 oct. '94	7 mei '01	"	24	Assises, Fredericton, N.B.	
Effraction, entrée et lar-					- 1	Suprême, Restigouche "Windsor, NE.	
Effraction et larcin	7 "	13 " '96	25 nov. '01		31	" Charlott'wn, I.PE.	
<del></del>	~~~						

<sup>a. \$10 ou un mois de prison.—b. Et \$25 ou deux autres mois à défaut de paiement.
c. Et \$100 ou 6 autres mois à défaut de paiement.
d. Libéré conditionnellement, mais a demeurer à Montréal pendant le reste de sa sentence non expirée, et à faire rapport une fois par mois personnellement ou par écrit aux autorités policières.
c. Et une amende de \$10 ou 2 mois additionnel.
\* Remis en liberté conditionnellement.</sup> 

Table VII.—Cases in which the Prerogative of Mercy has been exercised during the year ended the 30th September, 1902, in favour of prisoners committed to the following prisons

(Prince Edward Island, Nova PROVINCIAL PENITENTIARY-DORCHESTER, N.B.-Con. Scotia and New Brunswick.) DATE OF Age Conditions and Sen-By what Court upon which Pardon Sex. CRIME. or Commutation tence. Sentence Pardon tried. was granted. or or Commit-Commuta-MF tal. tion. larceny. Sydney "Albert, N.B. False pretences, obtaining money by. Forgery..... Forged paper, uttering... Horsestealing and cart 5 11 3 11 stealing. Horsestealing and lar-3 Housebreaking and lar- 5 Ceny.

| Comparison of the person of the per ceny. County, Halifax, N.S. Supreme, Digby, N.S. County, Halifax, N.S. Police, Woo tstock, N.B. County, Halifax, N.S. Port Hood, N.S. Dorchester, N.B. Richibucto Assizes, Guysboro', N.S. Police, Woodstock, N.B. County, Hampton "Police, Woodstock "County, Halifax, N.S. 46 Assizes, St. John, N.S. Supreme, Antigonish, N.S. Assizes, Dalhousle, N.B. track. County, Amherst, N.S. Assize, Hampton, N.B. Supreme, Kentville, N.S. Assize, Halifax, N.S. Charlottetwon,
P.E.I.
County, Dorchester, N.B. Shopbreaking & larceny. Halifax, N.S. Throwing bottle at rail- 2 Sydney, N.S. way train. 70 .. 5 " May 10,'99 11,'01|\*..... . County, Arichat, N.S. (Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.) COMMON JAILS. Digby Jail-

a. Death sentence previously commuted to life imprisonment.
 b. To be released on ticket of leave, when with remission he shall have served one year.
 c. Sentence reduced to 10 years by Governor-General.
 d. And 10 lashes.

\*Released on ticket of leave.

Tableau VII.—Cas où le droit de grâce a été exercé durant l'année finissant le 30 septembre 1902, en faveur des prisonniers envoyés aux prisons suivantes.

(Ile du Prince-Edouard. PÉNITENCIER PROVINCIAL-DORCHESTER, N.-B.-Fin. Nouvelle-Ecosse ct Nouv.-Brunswick.) DATE DE Age Conditions sur et Sen-Par lesquelles le pardon sexe. CRIME. quelle cour mis en ou commutation a tence. Sentence Pardon jugement. été accordé. 011 ou emprisoncommuta-HFnement. tion. Effraction, entrée et 4 ans 13 avril '99 16 déc. '01 \*..... 24 ... Comté, Shelburne, N.-E. larcin. Sydney Albert, N.-B. Obtention d'argent sous 2 de faux prétextes. .. 25 .. Assises, Summerside, I. du P.-E. 14 juin '99 21 fév. '02.\*..... Circulation de faux 5 42 .. Comté, St-Jean, N.-B. papiers. Vol de cheval et voiture 20 Suprême, Arichat, N.-E. 51 3 11 Comté, Digby, N.-E. Assises, Georgetown, I. du P.-E. et larcin... 3 19 11 Bris de maison et larcin. 5 Comté, Halifax, N.-E. 47 ... Suprême, Digby "
18 ... Comté, Halifax "
31 ... Pol., Woodstock, N.-B. Port Hood Dorchester, N.-B. 30 ... Richibucto Ass., Guysborough, N.-E.
Pol., Woodstock, N.-B.
Comté, Hampton, N.-B.
Police, Woodstock 46 Assises, St-Jean, N.-B. 25 .. Sup., Antigonish, N.-E 39 . . Assises, Dalhousie, N.-B. 23 . . Comté, Amherst, N.-S. 22 . . Assises, Hampton, N.-B. 54 . . Supreme, Kentville, N.-E. 2 " " tentative de...... Vol avec violence......d7 Charlottetown, I. du P.-E. 26 ... Comté, Dorchester, N.-B. 22 ... "Halifax, N.-E. 30 nov. '00 22 mars '02 22 janv.'01 4 " '02 21 " '01 22 " '02 ; '02| \* '02| \* '02| \* '02| \* 22 ... Bris de magasin et larcin 4 11 16 . . 3 11 Jetant une bouteille sur 2 21 nov. '00 22 Sydney ... un train de chemin de Blessures avec intention. 5 " 5 " 10 mai '99 11 " '01|\*.... Comté, Arichat, N.-E. PRISONS COMMUNES. (Nouv.-Ecosse et Nouv.-Brunswick.) Prison de Digby-6 mos 2 avril '01 2 oct. '01 ..... Larcin..... 29 .. Comté, Digby, N.-E.

a. Sentence de mort antérieurement commuée en emprisonnement à vie. b. A être libéré conditionnellement quand il aura servi un an avec rémission. c. Sentence réduite à 10 ans par le gouverneur-général. d. Et dix coups de fouet. \*Remis en liberté conditionnellement.

Table VII.—Cases in which the Prerogative of Mercy has been exercised during the year ended the 30th September, 1902, in favour of prisoners committed to the following prisons.

(Nova Scotia and New I	Brunsu	ick.) COI	MMONS J	AILS-Concluded.			
CRIME.	Sen-	DAT	TE OF	Conditions upon which Pardon	Age and Sex.	Ву	
CRIME.	tence.	Sentence	Pardon	or Commutation was granted.		what Court tried.	
		Commit-	or Commuta- tion.	was granted.	M F		
T - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -							
Fredericton Jail— Larceny of a bicycle Guysborough Jail—						Police, Fredericton, N. B-	
Assault						Supreme, Guysboro', N.S.	
Assault on peace officer	6 mos	Mar. 27 '02 July 10 '01	Jan. 23,'02 Jan. 24,'02	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	39 36	County, Halifax, N.S.	
Damage to property	12 "	May 3,'01	Feb. 21,'02		22	11 11	
Having illicit still in	а	Feb. 17,'02	May 31,'02	*	30	Police "	
his possession. Larceny (2 charges)	10 "	May 14, '01	Nov.27,'01		42	County	
11	6 11	Sept.23, '01 Oct. 4, '01	Jan. 27, '02 Nov. 23, '01	*	$\begin{array}{c c} 28 \\ 49 \\ \end{array}$	Stip. Mag. "County"	
Lunenburg Juil-	6 "	§	1		1		
Assault	b9 11	1			- 1		
Larceny	6 "					Assizes, St. John, N.B.	
Larceny	12 "	Oct. 21,'01 Jan. 14,'02	Apr. 23,'02 Mar. 22,'02	*	22 22	County "Sydney, N.S.	
Woodstock Jail— Larceny Yarmouth Jail—						Police, Woodstock, N.B.	
Yarmouth Jail— Larceny		1				Yarmouth, N.B. Supreme	
11	3 "	June25,'02	16,'02		31	Supreme	
	BI	RITISH CO	OLUMBIA	PENITENTIARY	•		
Bigamy	3 11	Oct 22 200	Sant 12 '02	*	35	Assigns Nolson R.C.	
Bringing stolen property into Canada.		Feb. 11,'01	Jan. 8,'02		21	Assizes, Nelson, B.C. County, Vernon "	
Being in possession of stolen property.	2 11	Apr. 18,'00	Oct. 23,'01	*	27	Kamloops, B.C.	
(1) Giving an intoxicant for immoral purposes.							
(2) Indecent assault	2 "	Oct. 16,'00	Nov.29, '01	<u>.</u>	36	Assizes, Vernon	
Horse stealingLarceny	5 "						
as a servant	4 11 3 11	Oct. 11,'00	June30,'02	*	43	Assizes " "	
" from the person	2 "	Sept.27,'00	Jan. 24, '02	*	40	County, Kaslo	
Manslaughter	5 11	May 16, '01 June 4, '98	June28, '02 Mar. 22, '02	** *** ** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	46 24	County " " Vancouver " Assizes " Supreme, Revelstoke " County, Kaslo " Assizes, Vernon " Victoria " N. Westminster C. R.	
Rape, attempt to commit							
Shooting with intent to do grievons bodily harm.	3 11	Oct. 24,'99	Nov.27,'01	*	30	" Vernon "	

<sup>a. Fine of \$300 and costs, in default of payment 6 months in jail.
b. And fine of \$25.
c. On condition that he does not for the unexpired portion of his sentence reside in British Columbia or the N. W. Territories.
\* Released on ticket of leave.</sup> 

Tableau VII.— Cas où le droit de grâce a été exercé durant l'année finissant le 30 septembre 1902, en faveur des prisonniers envoyés aux prisons suivantes.

			- -	21515171717		
(Nouvelle-Ecosse, Nouv.	-Bruns	swick) PF	CISONS CO	OMMUNES-Fin.		
CRIME.	Sen-		Pardon ou commutation.	Conditions sur lesquelles le pardon ou commutation a été accordé.	Age et sexe.	Par quelle cour mis en jugement.
Prison de Fredericton— Vol de bicycle Prison de Guysborough— Voies de fait Prison d'Halifax— Voies de fait sur un off.	1 an.	28 mai '01	9 avril '02	*	21	Police, Fredericton, NB. Suprême, Guysborough, NE. Comté, Halifax, NE.
de la paix.  Dommage à la propriété.  Ayant en sa possessiou	12 "	3 mai '01	21 fév. '02		22	11 11
un alambic, Larcin (2 accusations).	6 "			*	1	
Prison de Lunenburg — Voies de fait Prison de St-Jean, NB. Larcin	·	18 déc. '01	23 août '02		32	
Prison de Sydney— Larcin				*		, and the second
Larcin				*		Police, Woodstock, NB.  Yarmouth, NE.
1	,			LOMBIE-BRITANI		
1.1	31111	MOIER I	DE LA CO.	LOMBIT-BRITANT	VIQU	114.
Bigamie Effets volés apportés au Canada.						
Etant en posses. d'effets volés. (1) Donnant de la bois- sons pour des fins immorales.	2 11	18 avril '00	23 oct. '01	*	27	" Kamloops "
(2) Attentât à la pudeur Vol de chevaux Larcin	2 " 5 " 4 " 3 " 7 " 1 5 " 1 5 "	16 oct. '00 11 fév. '01 11 nov. '99 11 oct. '00 26 " '00 26 sept. '00 16 mai '01 4 juin '98	29 nov. '01 22 fév. '02 2 oct. '01 30 juin '02 31 mai '02 24 janv.'02 28 juin '02 22 mars '02	*c* * * * *	36 20 19 43 36 40 46 24	Assises, Vernon " Comté " " Nancouver " Assises " " Sup., Revelstoke " Comté, Kaslo " Assises, Vernon " Victoria "
Usage d'arme à feu avec intention d'infliger des blessures graves.	3 "	24 oct. '99	27 nov. '01	*ent 6 mois de prison.	30	Assises, Vernon "

a. Amende de \$300 et les frais, à défaut de paiement 6 mois de prison.
 b. Et une amende de \$25.
 c. Sous condition qu'il ne demeurera pas dans la Col.-Brit. ni dans les Ter. du N.-O. pendant le reste de sa sentence.

\*Remis en liberté conditionneliement.

Table VII.—Cases in which the Prerogative of Mercy has been exercised during the year ended the 30th September, 1902, in favour of prisoners committed to the following prisons.

the following p			MBIA PE	ENITENTIARY—Co	nel	uded.
CRIME.	Sen- tence, Sentence   Pard		E OF	Conditions upon which Pardon or Commutation		te d By what Court tried.
		Commit- tal.	Commuta- tion.	was granted.	м	F
Uttering forged docu- ments.	-				i i	County, Victoria, B.C.
Wounding with intent	2 11 3 11	Sept.18,'00 July 16,'01	Mar.22,'02 Sept.12,'02	*	39 41	" Nanaimo "
Fort Steel Jail, B.C.—	4 mos	Jan. 9.'02	Mar. 28 '02		24	Stip. Mag., Elko, B.C.
Golden Jail, B.C.— Larceny		1			1	Peterborough, B.C.
Nelson Jail, B.C.— Procuring New Westminster Jail—	23 11				1	County, Grand Forks "
Larceny	6 11					Police, Vancouver
Regina Jail, NW.T.— Cattle stealing Fraud Larceny	12 n 12 n 3 n	Mar. 26, '02 Feb. 19, '01 July 10, '02	Sept. 12, '02 Dec. 20, '01 Sept. 12, '02		46 41 16	Sup., Edmonton, N.W.T.  " Moosomin " Whitewood " Regina, "
Uttering false bank notes.  Victoria Jail, B.C.— Forgery Prostitution	20 11					Victoria, B.C. 40 J. P.'s, Clayoquot, B.C.
I TOSUIDATION	100			NITENTIARY.		zojot 115, Oktyoquos, 2000
Bigamy	2 yrs.	Apr. 8,'01 Dec. 24,'01	Jan. 27,'02 Feb. 26,'02	he shall have served	36 26	Assizes, Winnipeg. Police
Carnally knowing a girl. under 14 years.	i	1		6 months.	1 1	
Cattle stealing Forgery Larceny	5 11 2 11 5 11 3 11	9,'97 11 28,'00 Jan. 31,'00 Aug. 10,'00	Oct. 2, '01 May 7, '02 Feb. 22, '02 Jan. 21, '02	* 3 months remitted *	32 33 32 24	County, Kamloops, B.C. Q. Bench, Winnipeg. Supreme, Regina.N.W.T. Q. Bench, Winnipeg. Assizes, Kamploops, B.C. Sup., Edmonton, N.W.T. Assizes, N. Westminster. Sup., Whitewood, N.W.T. Assizes, Winnipeg. Sup., Grenfell, N.W.T. Assizes, Winnipeg. Q. Bench "Assizes, Kamloops, B.C. "Victoria, B.C.
Manslaughter	Life	Oct. 10,'88 May 17,'94 Nov. 6,'95	June20, '02 Mar.22, '02 Oct. 2, '01 Dec. 6, '01	Coronation pardon	43 35 41 31	Assizes, Kamploops, B.C. Sup., Edmonton, N.W.T. Assize, N. Westminster, Sup., Whitewood, N.W.T
Murder	aLife.	Apr. 14, '88 May 9, '94 Nov. 28, '99	June 6,'02 Apr. 26,'02 Feb. 21,'02 Dec. 6,'01	Coronation pardon	58 42 30 30	Assizes, Winnipeg. Sup., Grenfell, N.W.T. Assizes, Winnipeg. Q. Bench
Stealing a post letter Wounding with intent to murder.	10 "	June 7,'97 May 31,'98	Nov.27,'01 June28,'02	*	40 53	Assizes, Kamloops, B.C. Victoria, B.C.
Wounding with intent	3 11	Jan. 22, '02	Sept. 12,02 Apr. 23,'02	*	24 24	Police, Winnipeg. Supreme, Moosomin,
Portage la Prairie Jail— Concealing goods Winnipey Jail— Cattle stealing	18 mos	Mar. 13, '02	Sept. 18, '02			34 Assizes, Winnipeg.

a. Death sentence previously commuted. \*Released on ticket of leave.

Tableau VII.—Cas où le droit de grâce a été exercé durant l'année finissant le 30 Septembre 1902, en faveur des prisonniers envoyés aux prisons suivantes.

PÉNITENCIER DE LA COLOMBIE-BRITANNIQUE—Fin.									
CRIME.	Sen-	Dat	E DE		Age et sexe	Par quelle cour mis en			
Oldling	tence.	Sentence	Pardon	ou commutation a été accordé.		jugement.			
		ou emprison- nement.	ou commuta- tion.	ote decorde.	HF	*			
Mettant en circulation de faux documents.	2 ans	23 mai '00	11 nov. '01		61.	Comté, Victoria, ColB.			
Blessures avec intention.	3 " 2 "	18 sept. '00 16 juill. '01	22 mars '02 12 sept. '02	*	39 41 .	Nanaïmo "			
D 7. H. 4 04-1 (G-1 D									
Pr. du Fort Steel, ColB. Larein Prison de Golden, ColB	4 m's.	9 janv.'02	28 mars '02		24 .	Mag. Stip., Elko, ColB.			
Prison de Nelson, ColB.	3 11								
Prison NWestminster— Larcin	23 "	_	_			Comté, Grand Forks			
Pr. de Regina, T.du NO	6 11								
Vol de bestiaux Fraude	12 " 12 " 3 "	26 mars '02 19 fév. '01	12 sept. '02 20 déc. '01		46 41 16	Sup., Edmonton, Td.uN-O  "Moosomin" Whitewood			
Circulant de faux bil- lets de banque.	6 "	27 mai '01	2 oct. '01		41 .	Regina "			
Pr. de Vietoria, ColB.— Faux	20 "	1 fév. '01 25 oct. '01	12 mai '02 7 dée. '01	*	$\begin{vmatrix} 22 \\ \end{vmatrix}$	Victoria, ColB. J. de P., Clayoquot "			
		PÉNIT	ENCIER I	DE MANITOBA.					
Bigamie	2ans. 5 "	8 avril '01 24 déc. '01	27 janv. '02 26 fév. '02	A être libéré après qu'il aura servi 6	26 .	Assises, Winnipeg.			
Commerce charnel avec une fille au dessous de 14 ans.				mois.					
Vol de bestiaux	5 11 2 11	9 " '97	2 oct. '02 7 mai '02	* 3 mois remis	32 . 33 .	. Comté, Kamloops, ColB BReine, Winnipeg.			
Homicide non prémédité	3 " A vie	31 janv. 00 10 août '00 10 oct '88	22 fev. '02 21 janv.'02 20 juin '02	Pardon du couronn	32 . 24 . 43	BReine, Winnipeg.  Assises Kamloops CB.			
11 11	15 ans.	17 mai '94 6 nov. '95	22 mars '02 2 oct. '01	*	35 . 41 .	Sup., Edmonton, T.NO. Assises, N. Westminster.			
Meurtre	aA vie	11 " '97 14 avril '88	6 déc. '01 6 juin '02 26 avril '02	Pardon du couronn.	31 . 58 .	Assises, Winnipeg.			
Viol Vol avec violence	7 ans.	28 nov. '99 10 " '93	21 fév. '02 6 déc. '01	*	30 30 .	Assises, Winnipeg. BReine			
Vol d'une lettre chargée Blessant avec intention de meurtre.	7 "	7 juin '97 31 mai '98	27 nov. '01 28 juin '02	*	40  53  .	Comté, Kamloops, ColB. BReine, Winnipeg. Sup., Regina, T. du NO. BReine, Winnipeg. Assises, Kamloops, CB. Sup., Edmonton, T.NO. Assises, N. Westminster. Suprême, Whitewood. Assises, Winnipeg. Sup., Grenfell, T.NO. Assises, Winnipeg. BReine Assises, Kamloops, CB.			
Blessures avec intention Blessant au cheval	3 11 2 11	25 oct. '01 22 janv.'02	12 sept. '02 23 avril '02	*	$\begin{vmatrix} 24 \\ 24 \end{vmatrix}$ :	Police, Winnipeg. Sup., Moosomin, T.NO.			
Pr. Portage la Prairie—									
Cachant des effets  Prison de Winnipeg—	j								
Vol de bestiaux					22	. B. du Roi "			

a. Sentence de mort antérieuren:ent commuée. \*Remis en liberté conditionnellement.

Table VII.—Cases in which the Prerogative of Mercy has been exercised during the year ended the 30th September, 1902, in favour of prisoners committed to the following prisons.

#### COMMON JAILS.

CRIME.	Sen-	or	Pardon or Commutation.	Conditions upon which Pardon or Commutation was granted.	Age and Sex	By what Court tried.
Guard Room, Battleford. Larceny Dawson Jail— Larceny Guard Room. Dawson— Larceny Territorial Prison, Dawson— Larceny Not imprisoned— Having intoxicants in her possession.	3 mos. 3 " 3 yrs	" 21,'02 Oct. 2,'00 Mar.11,'01	" 12,'02 May 6,'02 Nov.27,'01	b	42 32 35	" Dawson. Territorial Court, Dawson

#### DEATH SENTENCES COMMUTED DURING THE YEAR ENDED 30th SEPTEMBER, 1902.

Murder	Death	Mar.25,'02	May 21, '02	Life imprisonment	37	 Assises, Winnipeg.
11	11	Oct. 30,'01	Jan. 10,'02	Sentence of death remitted on the		 " N. Westminster.
tt	Ħ	May 14, '02	June17,'02			 Sup., Regina, N.W.T.

b. To be released upon the express condition that prisoner upon her release shall leave the Yukon Territory.

\* Released on ticket of leave.

. . 32 Cour Territoriale, Dawson

Landing, T. du N.-O.

... 35

3 sept. '00 28 mars '02 La moitiédel'amende . . F J. de P., Athabaska

remise.

#### SESSIONAL PAPER No. 17

Ayant de la boisson en \$50...

Dawson-

Prison Territoriale,

sa possession.

Larcin.

Non emprisonné-

Tableau VII.—Cas où le droit de grâce a été exercé durant l'année finissant le 30 septembre 1902, en faveur des prisonniers envoyés aux prisons suivantes.

PRISONS COMMUNES.

#### DATE DE Age Conditions sur et Sen-Par lesquelles le pardon sexe. CRIME. quelle cour mis en ou commutation a tence. Pardon Sentence jugement. été accordé. ou ou emprisoncommuta-HF nement. tion. Poste de Police, Battleford 56 .. J. de P., Battleford. Prison de Dawson-12 " '02 12 · · · '02

#### SENTENCES DE MORT COMMUÉES DURANT L'ANNÉE FINISSANT LE 30 SEPT. 1902.

2 oct. '00 6 mai '02 b.

11 mars '01 27 nov. '01

							1	1	
Meurtre	Mort.	$25  \mathrm{mars}$	'02	21 r	mai '02	Emprisonnement	à 37	١	Assises, Winnipeg.
			***			vie.	1		
"	- 11	30 oct.	′01	10 j	jan v. '02	Sentence de mort r	e- H		" N. Westminster.
						mise pour cause d	le		
	.,	14 mai	202	17 i	min '02	Emprisonnement	à H		Suprême, Regina, T. du NO.
	- ''	2 1 211001	-	~ · · · ·	11111 02	vie.			T. du NO

<sup>b. A être libérée sous condition que sur sa mise en liberté elle quittera le territoire du Yukon.
Remis en liberté conditionnellement.</sup> 

#### INDICTABLE OFFENCES.

	7) 00	1 0 11 1	
Abduction			
Abortion	. 11 26	11	33
Arson		11	121
Assaults, aggravated	. 11 38	11	49
and battery		ti	61
and obstructing peace officer		11	53
" indecent			21
on females	18	11	25
Attempt and carnally knowing a girl of tender years		11	17
Bigamy	. 11 30	11	33
Bringing stolen goods into Canada	11 82	11	85
Burglary and having burglar's tools	. 11 66	11	73
Carrying unlawful weapons	ıı 130	11	133
Concealing birth of infants	. 11 30	11	33
Conspiracy	ıı 130	11	133
Currency, offences against	. , 126	11	129
Deserting child		**	29
Electoral Act, violation of		11	137
Embezzlement	н 82	11	85
Endangering the safety of passengers on railways	11 34	11	37
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Foreible entry		"	137
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			25
Incest		4, 11	141
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Larceny		11	113
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" from the person		**	117
Libel.	н 62	11	65
Malicious injury to horses, cattle and other property		11	125
Manslaughter		31	9
Murder		**	5
n attempt at		**	5
Perjury and subornation of perjury	n 138	17	145
Prison breach, escape and attempt to escape from prison		11	149
Rape		11	13
n attempt at	. 10	11	13
Refusing to support family	58	11	65
Revenue laws, offences against	. 11 146	11	149
Riot	. " 146	11	149
Robbery and demanding with menaces	, 11 78	ti	81
Seduction	. 11 26	11	29
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other misdemeanours	. 11 150	11	153
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#### DÉLITS SUJETS À POURSUITE.

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Attentat à la pudeur	. agc	14	u survanu	21
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Bigamie		30		33
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Désertion d'enfants	11	26	11	29
Détournement	12	82	11	85
Divers autres délits	- 11	150		153
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Emeute	11	146	11	149
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#### REPORT

ON

# CANADIAN ARCHIVES.

BY

## GEO. F. O'HALLORAN

DEPUTY MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE

1902

(Being an Appendix to Report of the Minister of Agriculture)

PRINTED BY ORDER OF PARLIAMENT



OTTAWA
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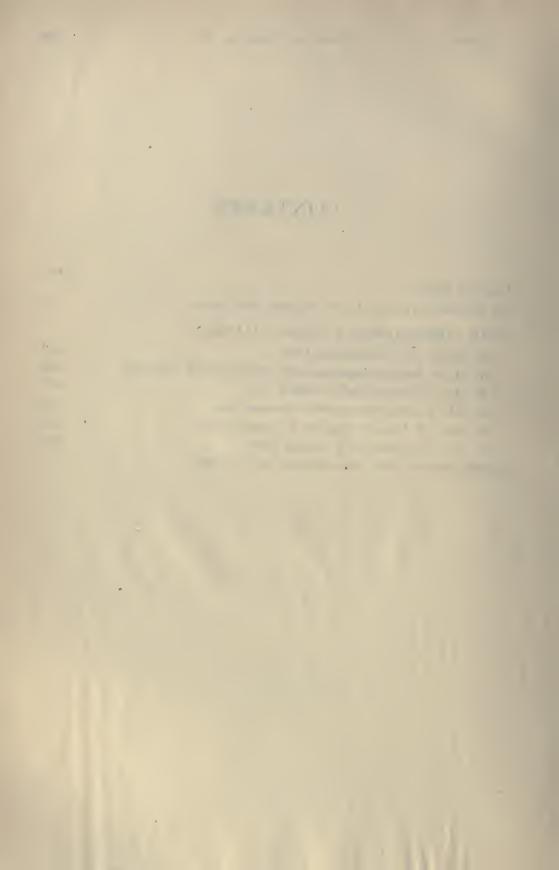
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# REPORT OF CANADIAN ARCHIVES.

The Honourable

Sydney A. Fisher,
Minister of Agriculture,
&c., &c.

SIR,—I have the honour to present the report on Archives for 1902.

There have been received from London since the publication of the last report copies of State papers, viz.:—Nova Scotia General Correspondence to 1728; Nova Scotia Journals of Assembly to 1759; Nova Scotia Journals of Council to 1800; Despatches to Governors to 1840; New Brunswick General Correspondence, 1797 to 1801. From Paris there have been received: Collection de Moreau de St. Mery; Memoirs 1540 to 1686; Etat Civil Louisbourg, 1722 to 1754. These have all been shelf marked and placed on the shelves, making an addition to the previous collection of 55 volumes of State papers.

Owing to the long illness, which ended in the death of Mr. Douglas Brymner, LL.D., late Archivist of the Department, no summary of the volumes reported on has been prepared this year, nor has any selection been made of documents to be printed in full. The work since Dr. Brymner's death has been carried on by Mr. Alex. Duff and Miss M. Casey, assistants, and therefore has not been neglected.

The calendars contained in this year's report are a continuation of the history of Canada and give a summary of the events in relation to the Rebellion of 1837-8, more particularly in Lower Canada.

This report also contains an alphabetical list of the books in the Dominion Archives.

Respectfully submitted,

GEO. F. O'HALLORAN,

Deputy Minister of Agriculture.



Names.	Residence.	Works.
Antiquarian Society	Worcester, Mass Ottawa	Proceedings. Supreme Court Proceedings.
Bourget College Brome County Historical Society	Rigaud Knowlton	Annuaire. Report.
Chief Superintendent of Education	Fredericton, N.B Montreal	Report for 1901. Pamphlets.
Dawson, G. M., C.M.G., LL.D., F.R.S.C Douglas, Robert C	Ottawa	Pamphlets and Reports. Pamphlets.
Filson Club	Louisville, Ky	Publications.
Ganong, W. F	Northampton, Mass.	Pamphlets.
Historical and Philosophic Society of Ohio Historical and Scientific Society of Manitoba Historical Society of Illinois Historical Society of Iowa	Winnipeg, Man	Report. Pamphlets. Publications. Quarterly Report.
Johnson, George, StatisticianJohns Hopkins University Library		
Leafloor, JohnLibrary Association.	Ottawa New York	Debate on Confederation, 1865. Journal, Monthly.
McLaughlin, R. W	Montreal	Pamphlet.
New York Historical Society	New York Newcastle-on-Tyne Montreal	Publications. 21st Report. Publications.
Ontario Agricultural College Oregon Historical Society	Guelph Oregon	Bulletin. Proceedings.
Providence Public Library		
Royal Society. Royal Society. Reynolds Library. Redemptorist Fathers. Royal Scottish Geographical Society	Ottawa	Transactions. Transactions. Report.
Redemptorist Fathers	Ste. Anne de Beaupré Edinburgh	Annuals, French and English. Monthly Magazines.
Séminaire de Nicolet	Nicolet	Report.
University of Laval	Quebec	Annuaire. Bulletins. Bulletins. Review of Publications.
War Office. Water Sewerage Department. Wentworth Historical Society. White, Richard, Montreal Gazette. Whitnan's College.	Washington St. John, N.B. Hamilton Montreal Walla Walla, Wash	Atlas of Filopinas. 26th Annual Report. Transactions and Journal. Almanac, 1902. Quarterly.
Yale University		



# STATE PAPERS, LOWER CANADA.

MISCELLANEOUS, 1837.

Q. 242—1-2-3-4.

Part I, paged from 1 to 287; Part 2 from 288 to 561; Part 3 from 562 to 862, part 4 from 863 to 1123.

1831.

November 19, Aylmer to Kerr.

Quebec. November 20.

Kerr to Aylmer.

Quebec. November 21,

Aylmer to Kerr.

Quebec. 1835.

55.

January 15, Dalhousie Castle. Dalhousie to Aberdeen. This and the three preceding, enclosed in Taylor to Glenelg, 16th March, 1837.

February 23, New York. Copy of petition from Gourlay to William Fourth. Enclosed in Wheatley to Grey, 8th December, 1837.

1836. August 8, New York.

Resolutions respecting Maria Monk. Enclosed in Tight to Glenelg, 5th March, 1837.

August 20, Toronto. Unsigned (Isaac Buchanan) on the clergy reserves and school lands in Upper Canada.

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November 6,

Stephens to ———. Sends copy of bank note of the South Australian Bank Company for six pence.

474

November 12, Toronto. December 19,

Quebec.

Isaac Buchanan to Draper. Letter on the clergy reserves and school lands, published in the *Albion*, of Upper Canada of this date.

139
Walcott to George H. Ryland. Gosford had received his memorial requesting that his (Ryland's) father's application to project the effect of clerks.

requesting that his (Ryland's) father's application to resign the office of clerk of the Council, in his favour, but, His Lordship considers this course to be inexpedient. Gosford's objection is not personal, but arises from his unwillingness to take any step which might appear to admit the right to hereditary succession, and does not object to his claim for advancement in any other department.

1837. January, 3, Newton Stewart.

Lochart to Grey. Sends a packet of papers on church affairs to be transmitted to the Archbishop of Canterbury.

January 5, Quebec. Tracy Thomas to Glenelg. Applies for the office of Commissioner of Crown Lands vacant by the removal of Felton. He had previously applied to the King for this situation who, however, wrote through Taylor that he does not interfere with appointments made by the Secretary of State or by the local Government.

January 6, Allerby. Brewster to Glenelg. Is about to write a work on Junius. Asks whether the Colonial Office contains records whether Lachlan Macleane was appointed to the Collectorship of Philadelphia in 1772, and went there. The point he wishes to determine is whether he went or not.

January 9, Tenbury. Lochart to Glenelg. The letter with abstract of address, sent to the Bishop of Quebec has come into his (Lockhart's) hands. The Bishop's state of health has decided his physician to order that all matters of business should be kept from him

18 - 1

– 1837. January 26, London.

Burrage to Glenelg. Complains that he cannot get paid by the Assembly for his services. The failure of the school owing to the conditions attached to its work, namely, that the teacher should educate at least 20 children belonging to destitute persons.

A Postseript added at page.

95

January 28, New York. January 30,

Quebec.

James Buchanan. Has forwarded dispatches to Gosford and Head. 136

Tracy Thomas to Glenelg. Had on the 2nd, (5th) informed His Lordship of the steps he had taken to obtain from the King, the appointment of Commissioner of Crown lands. Sends report of the state of political affairs in Lower Canada. The majority in the townships is of British and foreign origin and opposed to the Papineau party.

(The letter contains various tables of population in Lower Canada, pages

1037-1038).

January 31, Dublin. Sarah Hughes to Colonial Office. Encloses a letter from James Stephen respecting his son-in-law, Bryan Conboy, and asks that an investigation be made respecting him and his desolate family.

January 31, Quebec. Kerr to Taylor. Sends petition to the Commons from his father who had been judge of the Court of King's Bench at Quebec and of the Vice-Admiralty Court of Lower Canada. His fathers sufferings from the treatment he received; his attack of paralysis, &c. His own services in the navy. 866

Enclosed. Petition. 870
Papers relating to the case of Mr. Justice Kerr. 874 to 880

January 31, Loughrea. Shadwell to Glenelg. Has received His Lordship's letter and is astonished that Daly not only denies the debt but tries to get rid of it by a quibble relying on an error in his (Shadwell's) statement of the time when he'promised to settle the bill. Is willing to bear the expense of an inquiry. 972

Enclosed. Items of Account.

974

February 6, St. Mary's College. Rev. R. Haldane to Glenelg. Forwards petition from the widow of the late Rev. George Buchanan, who died leaving a poor family in Canada. Can conscientiously attest the correctness of the statements.

Enclosed Petition of Mrs. Buchanan, stating her late husband's services and applying for land.

651

February 11,

Certificates regarding the late Rev. George Buchanan. 653 to 656

Sabine to Grey. Sends report on the papers of D. Douglas. The manner in which he had conducted the investigation.

Limerick.
February 12,
Greenock.

Galt to Glenelg. Sends newspaper report and calls attention to the leading paragraph. The opinions of his correspondents are not unanimous but something of the general sentiment may be inferred from the diversity. It is doubted if by the reunion of the upper and lower provinces the British population of the lower with the population of Upper Canada would be able to outnumber the French in Lower Canada. This is the basis of his argument of the congressional union of all the provinces. The restrictions on the trade of the Colonics must be removed.

Enclosed. Remarks of the Star on the union of the provinces and the annexation of Montreal.

February 15, London. Delisser and Crawford to Glenelg. Nicholas Cox had obtained a grant of the Island of Bonaventure which has been lost to the applicants in consequence of certain regulations, in Lower Canada. Pray for indemnification.

February 18, Downing Street. Unsigned to Rev. R. Haldane. Has received Mrs. Buchanan's memorial but cannot comply with her request for land, the granting of the petition being contrary to the regulations.

February 20, Quebec. Tracy Thomas to Glenelg. Morin, one of the revolutionists of the Assembly, had the effrontery to offer himself to Gosford as a candidate to succeed to the vacant appointment of Commissioner of Crown Lands. It is

1837.

disgusting to see this man after insulting Government endeavouring to propitiate it.

February 21, London. Aylmer to Glenelg. In the payment of the arrears of salary due to him and Lieut. Colonel Craig, he had asked that payment should be made in Great Britain and that interest should be allowed from the time of his leaving Lower Canada, but no notice had been taken of these points.

Baring Bros. & Co. to Grey. Have forwarded packet to James Buchanan, New York. 306

Liverpool.

February 27,
New York.

February 25,

James Buchanan to Stephen. Has received and forwarded dispatches to Gosford and Head.

February 27, Perth. Read to Glenelg. Renews his recommendation for the union of Upper and Lower Canada. Would have had great pleasure in reading the proclamation dissolving the Assembly of Lower Canada, had the reaction taken place there as it had done in Upper Canada, but as it is thinks the dissolution inexpedient. The representation of Lower Canada must be diminished or that of Upper Canada increased or both, but the remedial measure should be decisive. Decidedly maintains that a dissolution of the Assembly of Lower Canada would be impolitic and unwise.

February 28.

Unsigned to Delisser and Crawford. The Island of Bonaventure granted to Col. Cox in 1792 was regranted in 1819, no heirs having appeared. 402 Burrage to Glenelg. Represents that the evidence submitted shows that

March 3, Norwich.

he was engaged and that his salary should be charged to the Crown revenues in Canada.

96

Enclosed. Correspondence respecting his (Burrage's) salary as master of the Grammar School.

101 to 111

the Grammar School.

Delisser and Crawford. Further respecting the grant to Governor Cox of the Island of Bonaventure and why the heirs could not claim the possession at the time of his death.

March 5, Reading.

March 4, London.

sion at the time of his death.

Tight to Glenelg. Urges the propriety of an investigation into the charges brought by Maria Monk.

1007.

Encloses Resolutions respecting Maria Monk at a meeting held in the American Tract Society rooms, New York. 1010

March 6, Jersey.

Ellison to Colonial Secretary. Solicits a renewal of the extension of time for making his appearance in Canada to claim his land.

462

Brooks to Colonial Secretary. Writes respecting 800 acres of land

March 8, Retford. March 8,

granted to his brother for services.

Baring Brothers & Co. to Grey. Have forwarded packet to James

March 10,

Baring Brothers & Co. to Grey. Have forwarded packet to Jam Buchanan, New York. 30 Robinson Brocking & Garland to Glenela. The earliest vessels for the

London. March 11,

Robinson, Brocking & Garland to Glenelg. The earliest vessels for the St. Lawrence will sail about 20th or 25th instant.

960

Lawrence Bushanan to Stephen. Her received and former ded dispetables to

New York.
March 13,

James Buchanan to Stephen. Has received and forwarded dispatches to Gosford and Head.

209
Baring Brothers & Co. to Grey. Having been unable to substitute the

Liverpool.

packet sent for James Buchanan on the 10th for the one sent on the 6th return the former.

March 16, London. Memorial of Gregory. States his services and prays for the honour of receiving the third class of the Guelphic order.

544

March 16, Windsor Castle. Taylor to Glenelg. The King refers to His Lordship the case of Judge Kerr of the King's Bench, Quebec, which His Majesty thinks to be worthy of consideration.

Enclosed. Petition of Judge Kerr.

Aylmer to Mr. Justice Kerr. That the puisne judges are no longer to have seats in the Executive Council, so that his retirement becomes a matter of course.

March 17.

Unsigned to Delisser and Crawford. Glenelg states that the forfeiture of the Bonaventure property resulted from the neglect of the heirs. For some years past Government have declined to regrant land lost by the

March 31,

2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903 1837. neglect of grantees or their descendants and Glenelg cannot depart from this rule. Page 411 Unsigned to Kerr. The case of his father having undergone the most March 17, ample consideration. Glenelg must decline to revive its discussion. Downing Street. regret at being compelled to return this unfavourable answer. Delisser and Crawford to Grey. Asks for an interview. 414 March 18, Enclosed. Memorandum of the grant to Governor Cox of the Island of London. Bonaventure with the descent to his heirs. Unsigned to Ellison. That his application to have his time extended to March 20. proceed to Canada shall be taken into consideration. Unsigned to Aylmer. One of the main objects of the measure submitted March 21. by Government to Parliament was to obtain funds for the payment of engagements due to these filling offices in His Majesty's service in Lower Canada. When that measure has passed he will resume consideration of His Lordship's letter. States that it will not be in the power of His Majesty's Government to pay interest. Maule to Glenelg. Encloses letter sent by Burrage, who is one of the March 21. many who have suffered by the recklessness of the Papineau party. Delisser and Crawford to Grey. Further respecting the grant of the Island March 25, London. of Bonaventure to Governor Cox with the leading dates. They challenge the legality of the transaction by which they were deprived of their rights which are entirely unconnected with the family of Lt. Col. Cox for whose neglect they are not responsible. 417 James Buchanan to Ellis. Has received and forwarded dispatches to March 27 Gosford and Head. New York. 210 Pitcairn and Amor to Grey. Forwards a letter from Robert Johnston March 27, whom they have long favourably known. London. Unsigned to Barrow. Sends letter from Sabine with report on the March 27. papers left by Douglas. Asks that he submits the documents to the Commissioners of the Admiralty that they may send their opinion to Glenelg, of the amount of remuneration that should be paid to the representatives of Douglas. Buxton to—Many respectable negroes are in Canada, but cannot March 28. obtain land by purchase from the Canada Company on the ground that their obtaining land would deter white emigrants from settling. Recommends that government make a grant of land to the negroes. Enclosed. Reports respecting negroes in Canada. Unsigned to Taylor. Sends memorandum showing the grounds on which March 28, Judge Kerr was removed. Aylmer to Glenelg. Believes the time has arrived for soliciting attention March 30, London. to the application of Mackinnon for reimbursement of his expenses in 1835. To support this application sends passage from a letter written by Lord, then Mr. Stanley, desiring that some person or persons should be sent to be examined on the part of Government before a committee of the House, when the communication was received. Mackinnon was on his way and was examined. The second time Mackinnon carried a petition from the Assembly and a dispatch from him (Aylmer) in relation to it. Recommends under these circumstances the payment of Mackinnon. Jackson to Stephen. Are school masters sent out to Canada by Govern-March 30. Lambeth. ment? If so, are there any vacancies? Unsigned to Buxton. Government cannot interfere with the Canada March 31. ·Company and Glenelg does not feel warranted in placing the negroes separate from other inhabitants, even if he had not been bound to the Canada Com-

pany not to dispose of the land except by sale.

Lochgilphead, the will of his late brother, Robert Dick.

Dick to Colonial Secretary. Desires to know where he can get a copy of

427

557

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 18 April 1, Clarke to Gordon. Asks for information respecting Donald Clarke, who Perth. died some years ago near Quebec and whose next of kin are advertised for. Page 326 Murray to Stephen. A relation of his is about to settle in Canada. April 5, London. Will the fact that he served in the navy for twelve years facilitate his getting land? Aylmer to Glenelg. Considers the refusal to grant him interest on the April 6, London. arrears of salary due him to be an unjust decision. Had he been able to reconcile it to his sense of justice to the public officers in the province no arrears would have accrued, as Goderich's instructions would have justified his issuing a warrant for his own salary and the salaries of the provincial secretary and the law officers of the Crown out of the revenues at the disposal of His Majesty. Although the interest has been refused he does not regret the course he took. It is hard for him to suffer from a state of affairs he did his best to prevent. Burrage to Glenelg. Writes for an answer to two letters. If a satis-April 6, London. factory settlement of his claim be made proposes to return to his duties as soon as possible. Has received representations. Regrets his Unsigned to Burrage. April 8. (Burrage's) difficulties since his arrival in Lower Canada. Would have gladly given substantial relief but the bill laid before Parliament only provides for the absolute necessities and he cannot hold out hopes of any arrangement which would only be preparing for a disappointment. Burrage to Grey. Urges that his claim might be transferred as was the Aprii 13, case with Sewell's. Had not been alarmed at any reports that might effect London. his salary and allowances. Had not heard that the Crown revenues were to be given up till the act was accomplished or he would have protested sooner what his engagement was. Marconnay to Russell (in French). The state of parties in Montreal. April 15, The extreme party have two papers by means of which they inculcate the Montreal. falsest ideas. He has founded a paper of which three numbers are sent to oppose these ideas. The difficulty of making such a paper pay and asks 558 that means may be adopted to secure its existence. 562, 602. Enclosed. In part 3, two copies of Le Populaire. Unsigned to Gregory. Although Glenelg on the part of Government can April 19. give no pledge that his (Gregory's) object will be attained, yet His Lordship will bestow the best attention on Gregory's claims. Goulburn to Glenelg. Sends statement on the case of Rev. Mr. Burrage April 19. and leaves the decision in his (Glenelg's) hands. London. April 20, Galt to Glenelg. Has sent to Upper Canada copy of the proposed peti-Greenock. tion which he will send to the Colonial Office. Desires to submit a question similar to that put to Howick before the formation of the British American Land Campany, of which company satisfactory information has been received. Has had a letter from Ireland respecting the formation of a new land company and several communications as to the necessity of establishing a system of emigration from the Western Highlands, and it is with these that he asks for an answer as to whether Government would grant or sell sufficient land Remarks on the plan of settlement.

April 20, Greenock. April 24,

London.

Miscellanies." Booth to —, Has been referred to him by Major Sabine for payment 129 of account against the late David Douglas. 130

Sends order for a copy of his work "Literary life and

Enclosed. Account.

for a settlement.

Galt to Grey.

Unsigned to Delisser and Crawford. By instructions from Glenelg summarises the facts connected with the claim for compensation owing to their 422 loss of the island of Bonaventure.

April 24.

1837. April 25, Chatham.

McCumming to Colonial Secretary. Is seignor of 54 square miles of territory on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, opposite Anticosti, and asks for help to settle his land.

Page 328

April -.

Unsigned to Booth. Refers him to the representatives of David Douglas for payment of the account due by that gentleman.

May 1, London. Burrage to Goulburn. Finds himself obliged to return to Quebec from domestic circumstances. Had received no reply to his letters. Asks for a short interview. The Grammar school being a failure, he would accept £200 a year as a retiring allowance, to be charged on funds not likely to come under the control of the Assembly. Would employ himself in that case on a mission or open a private school. Trusts that at a favourable opportunity he will advocate the settlement of his claim.

May 1, Brackley. W. D. Ryland to Glenelg. Had sent a memorial, more than a year ago, in favour of his father, after 56 years' service being permitted to resign his appointment of Registrar and clerk of the Executive Council in favour of his son, who for 16 years has held the office of assistant clerk. This memorial was approved of but objected to by the Earl of Gosford on the ground of its tendency to make such situations hereditary. He did not object personally and did not consider it as applying to advancement in any other department. Another memorial was sent by his brother to be appointed to be sheriff of Montreal which was about to become vacant. In event of the appointment of his brother to an office of similar value with the elerkship, his father would be willing to resign only stipulating that his pension of £300 a year should revert to his wife should she survive, she being within a year of his own age—77.

May 1, Quebec. Sewell to Stephen. Applies for clerical preferment in England for his son who is about to take Holy Orders in the Church of England. His qualification. Sends copy of petition to that effect.

978
Enclosed. Copy of petition.

May 5, New York. James Buchanan to Stephen. Has received and forwarded dispatches to Gosford and Head.

May 5.

Unsigned to the Commissioners Grey and Gipps. Copy of a letter from Goulburn sent. Is there anything in the letter to require any qualification of the opinion already sent on the case of Burrage.

552
Unsigned to McCumming. Glenelg states that the Government having

May 12.

Unsigned to McCumming. Glenelg states that the Government having no funds applicable for settlement, he can only reserve his (McCumming's) proposal for future reference.

May 15.

Campbell to Grant. Applies again for an interview with Glenelg on the part of the directors of the Bank of British North America.

May 17, London. Forsyth to Grey. Desires to be presented by Glenelg at the Kings birth-day levee. 484

May 18, Downing Street. Unsigned to Aylmer. Stanley's letter is conclusive as to the first crossing in 1834, and therefore he has no hesitation in ordering payment, but he fears he cannot do the same with the second and his crossing at that time involved no extra expense as he must return on the conclusion of his (Aylmer's) term of office.

May 19, New York. James Buchanan to Grey. Had been called to Lower Canada by a severe domestic affliction, and as the banks in the United States had suspended specie payments had recommended that the silver in the hands of the Receiver General should be issued to the banks, but in consequence of the demand that would arise advises instead sending a proper supply of copper money to afford facilities for the daily business.

Enclosed. The same to Gosford on the expediency of upholding the banks of Lower Canada.

May 20.

Unsigned to Rev. W. D. Ryland. Glenelg cannot appoint G. H. Ryland to any office in the public service of Canada unless he is regarded after a

1837.

careful review by the Governor as more eligible than any other. The pension to his father cannot be continued to his mother should she survive.

Page 966

May 22.

Unsigned to Aylmer. Government have not felt themselves at liberty to depart from the view they have taken not to pay interest on arrears.

May 22, London.

Cavan to Glenelg. Sends memorial from the merchants of Grenada representing the advantages likely to arrive from the construction of a railway between the colonies and New Brunswick. Asks for His Lordship's support for the undertaking. 338

Enclosed. The memorial.

May 23, London.

Aylmer to Glenelg. Has received the letter refusing to pay interest on arrears. He would rather suffer than be guilty with Government of a similar act of injustice. Holmes to Grey. Sends as desired printed statement of the damage to

May 23, London.

the Seminary of Quebec in respect to their property in and near the city, with a summary of the case.

Enclosed. Statement respecting the grievances of the Seminary of Quebec, including reports and other documents. 666 to 820

May 25, London.

MacKinnon to Glenelg. Has had letter from His Lordship handed him by Lord Aylmer that the sum expended by him for travelling expenses in 1834 will be repaid by the Colonial office, but he is to apply to the Secretary for War for those for 1835. This he has done, deducting £6 10s, for expenses in London from the date of his arrival till he was notified that his attendance at the Colonial Office was no longer necessary. This amount he does not think he has any claim for on the War Office.

May 29, Athlone.

Memorial of Edmund P. Molloy, on behalf of his sisters who propose to settle in Canada and who desire to be informed if they would continue to receive the allowance from the compassionate fund on settling there.

May 29, Liverpool.

Hart to Glenelg. Represents that his father and M. J. Hays were appointed justices of the peace, but could not qualify, the oath being on the "true faith of a Christian" they being Jews. Finds that these two names are omitted from the last list of justices and desires to know why Aylmer's letter has remained unanswered. The grievance can be redressed by Gov-

May 29, London.

Stevenson to Glenelg. Applies for copies of documents relating to the Mohawk valley for the use of a person who is writing its history and who supposes there are letters from Sir William Johnson and Sir J. Johnson concerning the War. Asks also for speeches or documents relating to Joseph Brant. 982 James Buchanan to Grey. Sends extract from Montreal paper in sup-

May 30, New York.

port of his proposition as to a supply of copper coin. Unsigned to Aylmer. As soon as the measure for paying the arrears due to the civil servants has passed Parliament, steps shall be taken to pay in

May 31.

Great Britain those due to His Lordship.

June 2.

Unsigned to Sulivan. By Glenelg's directions the payment of Captain MacKinnon's travelling expenses is recommended.

June 2.

Unsigned to MacKinnon. Glenelg has recommended the War Office to reimburse him for the expenses of his return in 1835.

June 3. Arundel.

Sabine to Grey. Offers his services to carry out the suggestion contained in the accompanying letter. Desires to know if Government would select the artist to be employed or if he (Sabine) should do so.

June 3, Arundel.

The same to the same. Suggests that a simple tablet to the memory of Douglas might be placed in the church of Scone, in Perthshire, where he was born, or in Owhyee, where he was buried, or in both.

June 5.

Unsigned to Cavan. In answer to letter of 22nd May. Government has long since contributed all the assistance in its power to the Quebec and 337 St. Andrews railway.

1837. June 5.

Unsigned to Homes. Glenelg cannot come to a decision on the case of the Seminary till he refers it to the local Government. His Lordship will transmit the papers to Gosford by the first opportunity. Page 827

June 6, Downing Street. Unsigned to Stevenson. Has applied on behalf of a citizen of the United States for leave to him to take copies of documents relating to the Valley of the Mohawk. Glenelg will have search made and shall afford any assistance which can be given without prejudice to His Majesty's Service. 984

James Buchanan to Stephen. Has received and forwarded dispatches to

June 9, New York. June 10, New York.

Gosford and Head.

The same to the same. Asks Stephen to forward a letter to his (Buch-

June 12, Gibraltar. The same to the same. Asks Stephen to forward a letter to his (Buchanan's) brother.

258
Greig to Grey. The high character of the French Canadian peasantry.
Does not believe they will rebel, whatever Papineau, Viger, &c., may say,

June 14, Belfast. and the *Vindicator* may write. Advocates the establishment of a Government land company in Lower Canada. The insignificant population of the province in point of numbers. The length of time it will take before Lower Canada is settled under the present system, His experience.

June 15, London. Jane Duncan or Preston to Colonial Secretary. Applies for the address of her brother Charles Preston, late of the 32nd regiment. 428

June 19, New York. Lushington to Glenelg. He (Glenelg) having promised that the deeds of a purchase he had made should be sent to Canada for signature, he hopes that the question of the signature will be recommended to Head.

June 19.

J. C. Buchanan to Stephen. Has received and forwarded dispatch to Gosford.

June 19.

Unsigned to MacKinnon. The Secretary for War on receipt of proper certificates is ready to recommend payment of the regulated allowance for passage money, but not the extra expenses for his return, that not having been connected with the military service.

June 22.

Unsigned to Hart. With reference to his complaint, it rests with the legislature of Lower Canada to redress the grievance, and not with Her Majesty's Government.

July 25. July 8, New York. July 8, Quebec.

Amyot to Stephen. Requests payment of the arrears of his pension. James Buchanan to the same. Dispatches received and forwarded. 260 Tracy Thomas to Glenelg. His gratitude for kindness in replying to his application for the office of Commissioner of Crown Lands. Has been told that no appointment shall be made till the Governor's views are known. The agitation by Papineau in favour of the 92 resolutions, and with Morin howling sedition. The meetings to be put down, proclamation issued which Papineau tore to shreds before his supporters and snapped his fingers at its contents. Lenient measures will not do with this man nor his faction, as they have released themselves from the ties of law, honour and justice. Warrants of arrest should have been their portion and the common prison their houses of detention. This step should have been taken whilst the times were hot, instead of allowing Papineau to spread his pernicious principles, as he now thinks Government is afraid of him and his party. No jury could be found to commit him. Gosford is an excellent man, but too lenient for revolutionary heroes like Papineau; the nerve and determination of Craig is wanting and the vigour and talent of Stewart (Stuart) late Attorney General. The loss of Stuart is greatly felt in these times. Would strongly advise his being consulted by the Governor as a constitutional lawyer. Munn elected in Quebec to the Assembly. Women brought up by the Papineau party to vote against Munn. Argument by Morin in favour of this step. Sends the two latest newspapers, one containing proceedings of a loyal meeting at Montreal and the other, account of the violent proceedings at St. Eustache. The state of affairs lead him again to recommend a police establishment paid by the Crown to preserve the peace. Fear of riots. 1042

1837.

July 12.

Unsigned to Aylmer. Was prepared to recommend to the Treasury payment of arrears to His Lordship and Civil Secretary but can find no precise statement of the sums to which they are respectively entitled. Asks for an account of the sums now due.

July 14, Liverpool. Elder to Glenelg. Applies for employment in Canada or elsewhere, there being two vacancies for clerks in Canada. States his services. 465
Forsyth to Grey. Applies as a legislative councillor in Lower Canada

July 14, London. July 14, London.

for an extension of his leave of absence.

485

Lockhart to Glenelg. Reports the death of the Bishop of Quebec at the house of his nephew, the Earl of Galloway, yesterday (13th July) at 2.20.

July 14, Quebec. The church in Canada will feel the loss.

Tracy Thomas to Stephen. Sends confirmation of his prediction that none of the resolutionists would renounce one of the 92 resolutions. Does not know how the attempt at conciliation by calling the legislature together will succeed. It will give them another opportunity to contribute to the good government of the country but there are some members who can see no means of promoting the public welfare but by treason and bloodshed, fancying they see thus individual power. A speech by Papineau at Montreal indicates the course that will probably be taken by the Assembly.

Quotes speech by Papineau, who is a perfect curse to the country. 1050
Unsigned to Spearman. Messrs. Buchanan and Amyot have applied for payment of the amounts due them. Sees no sufficient ground for refusing them.

July 15, Cowes.

July 15.

Aylmer to Glenelg. Cannot state the balance of arrears due to himself and Craig, Civil Secretary, his papers being in London, but asks him to refer to the dispatch from Gosford on the subject.

July 15, New York. July 20, Gort. July 20.

James Buchanan to Grey. Dispatch received and forwarded. 261
Douglas to Colonial Office. Is desirous to know the fate of his brother
Stephen Douglas. 429

Unsigned to Elder. Situations in the Engineer and Ordnance department in the Colonies are in the gift of the Master General and Board of Ordnance.

467

July 20, London. Lockhart to Stephen. Applies for payment of a sum of £200 of the salary of the late Bishop of Quebec, the funds of the estate in England not being sufficient to pay servants wages, their passage to Canada, &c. 892

July 21, London. Forsyth to Stephen. In answer to inquiry as to when he is to resume residence in Lower Canada, his business being unsettled he cannot state definitely.

486

July 24, New York. July 27, Cowes.

James Buchanan to the same. Dispatch for Head received and forwarded.

July 31.

Aylmer to Glenelg. In answer to the statement that there is no document in the Colonial Office to show the arrears due to him and Craig, reminds Glenelg that shortly after his (Aylmer's) return he transmitted an official statement of the amount due.

Ainsworth to Grey. Asks for letters of introduction in favour of E. Corrie to the consul at New York and to the Governors of Upper and Lower Canada.

July 31.

Unsigned to Forsyth. Unless he can state definitely and for a not very remote period, when he intends to return to Canada, Glenelg cannot grant the extension of time.

487

August 1.

Unsigned to Aylmer. In reference to the statement that a record of the arrears due to His Lordship and his civil secretary had been sent by Gosford. On referring to the dispatch he would find that the statement is erroneous and that the sums stated to be due were calculated to the 10th October, 1835. Has an account of sums due at his departure from Lower Canada and therefore feels himself at liberty to move the Treasury to pay the amount. 79

2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903 1837. James Buchanan to Stephen. Dispatches sent on the 14th of June re-August 2, New York. ceived and forwarded. Page 263 Unsigned to Gosford. Death of the Lord Bishop of Quebec. The con-August 3. sequent arrangements shall be sent. 894 Scholefield to Glenelg. Sends letter containing proposal of the Bank of August 3, Birmingham. Montreal for the issue of copper coinage. Apparently Messrs. Boulton and Watt state a penalty is incurred for such an issue but that permission is usually given to applicants. August 7, Mary Williams to Colonial Secretary. Applies to have a letter forwarded Clonmel. to Halifax. Tracy Thomas to Glenelg. Is afraid his letters may be considered tire-August 8. Quebec. some being rather long. Sends newspapers showing the true character of Papineau. If his views prevail there will be no session of the legislature just called. The arrears of official salaries must be paid off. towards rebellion held by Papineau. These are enlarged on and quotations given from Papineau's speech at L'Assomption. 1055 Enclosed. Article entitled, Purely Democratic Institutions. 1067 August 9, Margaret Mulcahey to Colonial Secretary. Hopes he will forward Clonmel. enclosed letter as directed. August 11, New York. James Buchanan to Stephen. Dispatch sent on 29th June received and forwarded. August 12. Lochart to Stephen. Repeats the request made on 20th ulto. for an Christ Church. advance of £200 made on the late Bishop's salary to pay servants' wages, Shadwell to Glenelg. Had been visited by a brother-in-law of Daly's August 12, Loughrea. who asked if he (Shadwell) would accept the principal of the debt and stated, in answer to his intention to accept no settlement without reference to the government that Daly was not subject to Glenelg as he held his office by patent. Petition of Martin Manning. He and his family are starving as he is August 14, Applies for a passage to America. 909 London. unable to get work. August 15, James Buehanan to Stephen. Dispatch for Gosford received and New York. forwarded. Pizey to ——. Applies for a clerical appointment in Canada as he is August 15, Norwood. unable to obtain ordination in the Church of England from not having graduated at one of the Universities. 945 August 18, Tracy Thomas to Stephen. Sends copies of letter from the Civil Secretary Quabec. to Papineau and answer, which latter contains the essence of blackguardism. 1075 The enclosures are omitted having been previously copied. August 21, Mary Crook to Glenelg. Her husband, a sailor, was left in hospital, Vauxhall. unable to be moved when the ship sailed. Has since been able to get no information respecting him. Applies to Glenelg to try to obtain it for 341 Enclosed. Certificate of the illness of Thomas Crook, seaman, dated Quebec, 29th October, 1836. St. André to Grey. Applies for certificates of burial of Jean Jacques August 24, London. Gimbert and Jean Denis Daulé. Views of the Papineau faction. Enclosed in Tracy Thomas to Stephen, August 25, Montreal.

4th September, 1837.

August 26, Lochart to Stephen. In accordance with the Christ Church, reports that the death of the Lord Bishop of Quebec took place on the 13th ulto., and that he had written to Sewell, joint executor with him that his request for £200 was under consideration by the treasury and that he was to deduct this sum from the amount to be received by him in Canada. 896

August 26, Norton to Glenelg. Applies to be appointed Bishop of Quebec in succes-Woodbridge. sion to the late Bishop. His political principles, as well as those of his

1085

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family agree with the principles of the present government. His educational acquirements. Page 934

A similar letter written to Lord John Russell.

August 28, New York.

James Buchanan to Stephen. Dispatches to Gosford and Head received and forwarded, also separate letter for Gosford.

August 31, New York. The same to the same. Dispatches to Gosford and Head received and forwarded.

September 4, Quebec. Tracy Thomas to the same. Sends further views of the Papineau faction with two other articles. Recommends that the annual payment of the officers of the Crown in Lower Canada be arranged for, there having been of late a constant altercation between the Assembly and the Excutive leading to the belief that the civil servants are pensioners on the Assembly and causing them to be despised instead of respected.

Enclosed. Views of the Papineau faction from the correspondence of the New York Daily Express copied in the Vindicator. 1079

Further statements translated from the Minerve.

James Buchanan to Stephen. Dispatch to Head received and forwarded. 268

September 10. Unsigned to Doherty. He is to find certificate of the burial of Jean Jacques Gimbert.

September 10, Aylmer to Glenelg. Criticises the statement of the amount due to him London.

And civil secretary as between that in Glenelg's letter and Gosford's dispatch.

September 13, Quebec.

September 6, New York.

Tracy Thomas to Stephen. In his letters on the affairs of Canada he has not adverted to his application to be appointed Commissioner of Crown Lands, believing that to be unneccessary. Suggests that the price of Crown lands be paid over to the Receiver General. The approaching marriage of Walcott the Governer's secretary, to Davidson's daughter, no doubt accounts for Gosford's pressing Davidson's application for the office of Commissioner of Crown lands.

September 20, London. Aylmer to Glenelg. Finds that neither the arrears due to him, nor those to Lieut. Colonel Craig have been paid. The delay in fulfilling the pledge of government, he cannot understand.

September 22.

Unsigned to Norton. Glenelg regrets that he cannot entertain his (Norton's) application to be appointed Bishop of Quebec as an arrangement was made in 1835 that the Bishop of Montreal was to succeed. That does not create a vacancy, as Montreal is not a distinct see.

937

September 23, New York. James Buchanan to Stephen. Dispatches to Gosford, Head and Harvey received and forwarded.

September 25, London. Aylmer to Glenelg. Unless requested to wait upon him to-morrow, he intends to be out of town, returning in the evening. The inconvenience from which he suffers, owing to the delay in fulfilling an engagement to pay the arrears due. Several weeks have elapsed since the engagement was made to do so immediately.

September 25, London. Holmes to Glenelg. The answer of Grey, that Glenelg could not comply with his application had surprised and mortified him, especially as he was informed that if the appeal had been allowed to the Privy Council no fresh evidence could have been adduced, feeling that the Seminary and Ursulines should not have been deprived of a privilige granted to others. Summarises the report from the Commissioners to which he replies and sends copies of correspondence with the commissioners in 1826.

Enclosed. Extracts from correspondence. 839 to 841

September 25, London. Mackinnon to Stephen. Sends acknowledgment that he has received bill for £196 drawn in his favour by the Commissary General of Lower Canada.

	2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903
1837. September 26.	to. Would have explained the cause of the delay, but that is not now necessary.
October 1, Quebec.	W. Smith to Glenelg. Sends memorial which he asks if approved of, to be recommended to the Queen.  991
	Enclosed. Representation asking that he be not dismissed from the Executive Council. If dismissed ask for the honour of knighthood or to be retained as an honorary member, he being now the senior member. 992
October 9, Dublin.	Weyland to Glenelg. Desires to obtain information respecting lands near to trace Three Rivers on the banks of the <i>Toranto</i> river, so as to enable him their locality. Desires to settle the land with old soldiers from his corps. 1095 Unsigned and unaddressed. An enclosure sent which is of importance
October 11, Lower Canada	to Lord Aylmer.  13 Unsigned to Spearman. In reference to the claim of the seminary of
October 13.	Quebec for indemnity, sends further letter from Rev. J. Holmes. 842  Enclosed. Holmes to Grey. He has to be absent for some time and has authorized James Tullock to act for him in his absence. 844
October 13.	Memorial by Gourlay. Enclosed in Wheatley to Grey. 8th December, 1837.
October 16, Montreal.	Petition of Mrs. Harriet Ansley for the allowance granted to widows of clergymen.
October 16, Montreal.	Unsigned to Colonial Secretary. Petition by Mrs. Harriet Ansley sent, It would be most gratifying to her friends to learn that it had been presented to the Queen through His Lordship's influence.
October 17, New York.	James Buchanan to Stephen. Dispatch to Gosford received and forwarded.
October 19, Sherbrooke.	Fraser to Glenelg. Sends copy of bill he proposes for securing the fealty and advancing the permanent peace of Canada. Sound educational and religious institutions will prevent childish brawls and the boasting of demagogic meetings.  488
October 20, New York.	Enclosed. Proposed Act for the amelioration of Canada. 490 James Buchanan to Stephen. Dispatches received and forwarded to their respective destinations. 271
October 20, Walworth.	Darton to Colonial Office. Proposal for the increase of emigration to the Colonies. 430
October 25.	Unsigned to Darton. Glenelg desires to express thanks for Darton's communication respecting emigration.
October 25, Shoreham.	Rev. E. Symons to Colonial Secretary. Applies for the address of Major Jones who sold out of the 69th regiment and bought land to settle in Canada.  994
October 30, New York.	James Buchanan to Grey. Dispatch received and forwarded to its destination.
November 2, New York.	The same to Stephen. Dispatches received and forwarded to their respective destinations.
November 3, London.	McDougall to Glenelg. Sends copy of the "Vindicator" showing the influence of Papineau over the ignorant habitans to be greater than that of the Bishop, which is a serious feature in Canadian affairs. The change of view which will take place when it has been found that a strong body of
	view which will take place when it has been found that a strong body of volunteers are arrayed against the "habitans" with the regular troops. The appointment of the two officers he had named would do away with the necessity of sending more regular troops, as there would be no difficulty in
	raising enough of volunteers. 911

November 6, London.

received from Canada. James Ellice to the Same. Discusses the question of the right of posses-November 9. sion to the Columbia river territory which was occupied by the North West

Delisser to Grey. Asks for an interview to explain information he had

1837.

Company before Astor projected his enterprise and was forced to employ at first Canadian and British subjects.

November 16. London.

Delisser to the same. In accordance with his request, sends details of the claim to Bonaventure Island.

November 16, The Heath.

Mountain to the same. In a letter from the Bishop of Montreal he expresses the fear that his appointment to be Bishop of Quebec will be attended with an expense for fees which he cannot afford. No salary being attached to the office, is assured that Government will provide for the fees. Hopes, besides, that some provision will be made for the heavy expense of visitations, etc.

November 17, Jersey.

Ellison to Glenelg. Points out the loss he had sustained by the sale of the Longships light house from which Government had derived so much benefit which, with his long service in the 60th Rifles should be sufficient to entitle him to some consideration on the part of Government. Encloses medical certificate. Asks leave to take up by deputy his land in Canada. 475 Enclosed. Medical certificates. 478 to 480

November 25, London.

Power and Talbot to Grey. Recommend Stewart for employment and enclose his memorial.

Enclosed Stewart to Power. Explains the object of his memorial which is to get an appointment in the North American colonies, especially emigration agent, Buchanan the present agent in Quebec having been for some years in a bad state of health.

Memorial.

949

Certificate in favour of Stewart.

952

November 27. St. Leonard's. November 27.

London.

Howe to Glenelg. Transmits answer to address of condolence to Queen Adelaide from the Assembly of Lower Canada to be forwarded.

McDougall to the same. Is persuaded of the speedy severance of the union between Canada and the mother state, unless the promptest means of defence against a revolutionary party are not adopted. The constitutional party are determined never to submit to anything approaching French republicanism. Rather than submit to this he is persuaded they would seek union with the United States. The rebellious party are allowed to organize and arm, whilst the constitutionalists are not allowed to form volunteer companies. A body of truly loyal volunteers could be formed as would enable government to control the revolutionists both physically and morally. In the state of paralysis in Lower Canada, no one of standing or character would go there to place himself in a position of mortification and uselessness, but if the Imperial Parliament legislated with judicious strength, then the hands and hearts of all such persons would unite to preserve the institutions under which they wish to live and die. The measures that should be taken promptly.

November 29.

Unsigned to Ellison. Is directed by Glenelg to acknowledge his letter applying for extension of time and that he may take up his land in Canada by deputy. His time may be extended to June next, but not beyond. Permission cannot be given to take up his land by deputy.

November 29, Edinburgh.

Application of Gourlay. Enclosed in Wheatley to Grey, 8th December,

November 30.

Unsigned to Delisser. After considering further arguments, Glenelg can see no reason to change his decision on the case.

November 30, Versailles.

Grainger to——. Sends plans to unite the two Canadas. The necessity of having a large force at Quebec to show that Government is the strongest. Remarks on Irish titles. The difficulty of suppressing slave trading.

November 30.

Unsigned to Howe. Returns the answer to the letter of condolence which has been addressed to the Speaker of the Assembly instead of to the Speaker of the Council. The speaker of the Assembly is Papineau and no addresses similar to these, forwarded to His Lordship have been sent by that body. 846

1837.	Howe to Glenelg. Returns the answer to the address of condolence
December 1, St. Leonard's.	properly addressed to the Council.
December 2,	Court to Glenelg. Sends a Quebec newspaper of the 10th of November
Liverpool.	with the account of a conflict between the two parties in Montreal. 344
	Enclosed. Extract taken from the Montreal Herald, with the heading
	Total rout of the "Sons of Liberty." 345
	Account of the trial for libel of Girod v. Pinet, in which were awarded
	damages one shilling and costs one shilling.
December 5,	McDougall to Grant. Asks for the return of the "Vindicator" to the
London.	Colonial Society, which had allowed him to send the paper for Glenelg's
	perusal. 914
December 6,	Hanchett to Glenelg. Recommends stationing a large flotilla of steamers
Brighton.	and gun boats on the lakes to give confidence. He could man the gunboats
	at a very trifling expense owing to his knowledge of the country.  848
December 7,	Unsigned and unaddressed (Extract) Report of the disturbed state of
Hamilton.	Upper Canada.
December 7,	Memorial of Maloney. States his services and applies for a civil or mili-
London.	tary situation in Canada.
	Enclosed. Certificate of Maloney's services in the 89th regiment. 926
December 6	Burke to Glenelg. Complains that Shadwell has represented him in
December 8, Loughrea.	regard to his saying that Daly could not be removed as he held his place
20.00	by patent. Denies that he ever made such a statement.
December 8,	James Buchanan to Stephen. The precautions that should be observed
New York.	in forwarding dispatches during the rebellion.
D	Shadwell to Glenelg. Applies for the return of Daly's bill and the pro-
December 8, Loughrea.	test as Burke, Daly's brother-in-law, will not pay the amount till he has
8	these. Owing to the badness of the times, he has been compelled to accept
	the principal of the claim without the interest.
December 8,	Wheatley to Grey. Transmits by command of the Queen a memorial for
London.	the consideration of Glenelg.
	Enclosed. Application of Gourlay to have the answer to his memorial
	addressed to his daughter at Kinghorn in Fifeshire.
	Memorial by Gourlay.
	Copy of petition by Gourlay to William Fourth.
	Unsigned and unaddressed. Letter sent to Aylmer of great importance.
December 10.	If he should have left London Lord Saltoun may know his address.
	McKenzie at the head of 600 miscreants and threatens the destruction of Toronto. Reported death of Moodie. Other outrages reported. Zeal of
**	Head; the safety of the provinces may be attributed to Colborne.  34  Colborne to Croy Will deliver dispatch to Sin John Colborne with as
December 10, Portsmouth.	Colborne to Grey. Will deliver dispatch to Sir John Colborne with as little delay as possible.
	The state of the s
December 10,	Hanchett to Glenelg. If as reported, Arthur is prevented from going as
Brighton.	Governor to Canada offers to organise a flotilla of gunboats and 5,000 of the
	inhabitants settled on the shores of the lakes. Papineau's conspiracy is a
	branch from the republicans in France, who are without religion, honour or
	morality. 850
December 11,	Unsigned and unaddressed. Quiet at Quebec 1200 volunteers enrolled
Quebec.	and armed and the 43rd expected.  (Fixture t unsigned and unaddressed) Rabel leaders taken unisoners. The
December 11,	(Extract unsigned and unaddressed). Rebel leaders taken prisoners. The
Montreal.	rebels totally dispersed except at St. Eustache and the Grand Brulé which
	will be visited shortly. Alarming news from Toronto.
	Postcript describes the force for the Grand Brulé and the troops forming
	the garrison. Defeat of the rebels at Toronto. Wolfred Nelson and Dr.
	Valois brought in as prisoners.
December 11,	James Buchanan to Glenelg. Sends copy of letter forwarded to H. M.
New York.	Minister at Washington and printed hand-bill calling a meeting at Troy in aid of the rebels. The violence of the newspapers in the United States

aid of the rebels. The violence of the newspapers in the United States.

1837.

Sends a paper which is favourable to Her Majesty and which may convey some information.

Enclosed. Buchanan to Fox. Sends information respecting the movements in the United States in favour of the rebels.

December 11, London. Cooke to Glenelg. Remarks on the political state of the Canadas and suggestions for the improvement of the Legislative Council. 352

December 12, Sherbrooke. Fraser to Glenelg. As the affairs of Canada are likely to engage more attention in Canada than he anticipated, he sends explanation of the clauses of his proposed Act and sends also a revised copy. Glenelg may make use of the proposed Act as he pleases; asks that it be put into the hands of the man who is to construct the real Act. Has opened his whole heart and asks forgiveness if he has overstepped the proper bounds in doing so. Did not think the poor French would have risen, and thought the provincial government could have brought more rapidly larger measures and a more powerful force. The foolish attempt at Rebellion must soon be suppressed even with the present means and he is anxious for the radical cure of errors which have occasioned the trouble.

Enclosed. Revised plan of Act omitted except the additions made to it.

504

Confidential notes appended to the proposed Act.

507

December 13, Montreal. (Extract). Colborne gone to Grand Brulé. The spirit which animates the British population. Sends newspapers *The Courier* contains the number of prisoners from Missisquoi. News anxiously expected from Toronto; it is expected to be favourable but many valuable lives will be lost. The folly of Head the Lieut. Governor.

December 13, Sherbrooke. Report of a meeting with the loyal resolutions passed.

An extract from a speech by Papineau to the electors of the West Ward of Montreal in 1820.

December 14, London. Cochran to Grey. The compensation in lieu of fees. Is he to enjoy this on the abolition of the office of auditor of land patents. Remarks on the office he held as Executive Councillor; the necessity he is under to seek for employment elsewhere. His surprise at his dismissal from office.

December 15, Philadelphia. Cowell to——— (Extract). The state of affairs in Canada will cause an influx of bills to the Treasury. No interest is felt for the Canadians by the people of Philadelphia. The President has issued instructions for neutrality to the Governors of the different States. Neither the President nor the Governors have the means to enforce this but it has a strong moral influence.

December 15, Leeds. Foster Shaw to Glenelg. Sends publications which His Lordship is asked to read, as if true the statements are awful. The crimes there enumerated as practiced are such as to shock the feelings. The book has been extensively circulated but, from the nature of its contents, in a secret way; but there is a strong desire that the whole matter should have full investigation. 996

December 16, Toronto. is a strong desire that the whole matter should have full investigation. 996
Patriot extra. Copy of a dispatch from A. N. Macnab commander of
the forces employed to 'clear the London district of banditti, an address

December 16.

of the Magistrates of Barrie to Head and reply.

288
Proclamation offering rewards for the apprehension of rebels.

294

Remarks on the probability of the rebels being sent to the gallows. Indians employed to hunt them in the woods.

Latest from Lower Canada respecting the rebellion of the same date. 296
Other accounts of the rebellion being extracts from newspapers on both sides.
299, 301

December 20, New York. James Buchanan to Stephen. Dispatches may be sent safely by the commander of any of the New York packets sailing from Liverpool or Portsmouth. Date of sailings.

December 20, Sandhurst. Maria Chapman to ——. Applies for interest to obtain payment of a bill due by Captain John Sewell. Sends note of the items. 373

1837.

Enclosed. Items of the account against Captain John Sewell amounting to £17. 1. 4.

December 22.

Wainwright to Glenelg. Creswell is desirous of obtaining an interview Fludyer Street to lay before His Lordship resolutions on the disturbances in Lower Canada passed by the members of the British North American Association in Liverpool.

December 23,

(Extract.) Dispersal of Duncombe's band; about 500 prisoners taken. London, U. C. Cannot give particulars of the coming and going of troops. MacNab on the 20th, who disbanded the militia as there seems no more need of their services.

December 23, London.

Cochran to Grev. Sends paper relating to the Government of Lower Canada to be communicated to Glenelg if it is thought fit and proper to do

Memorandum respecting the Government of Lower Canada.

December 23, London.

McDougall to Glenelg. Urges the immediate sending active and zealous officers to Colborne so that he might give a speedy organisation to the loyal Unless they actively support government the troops that inhabitants. could be sent would not be able to hold the country. The English, Scotch and Irish are loyal and should at once be organized for the protection of their lives and property. As men and arms abundantly exist in Lower Canada, it would be unjust and cruel not to have the inhabitants of British origin organized. In winter owing to the state of the roads regular troops sent to the relief of loyalists would be exposed to the great risk of being cut off, so that the loyal inhabitants should be given sufficient organization so that the troops could be placed in such a situation as would enable them to maintain themselves all winter. Again urges sending active officers to organise and would himself be happy to superintend such a military organization

December 24, Liverpool.

Hart to Glenelg. Sends parts of an important communication from Canada. His gratitude for his father being raised to the "magisterial bench" of Canada by the Queen. The gratitude of the Hebrew population will be shown by their services in the present rebellion. Asks for leave of absence.

Enclosed. Extract from a letter from Montieal. Report of the death of Gore and repulse of the advance guard. Defeat of the rebels by Wetherall. Other events of the rebellion. 855

December 25, Upper Canada An old officer reports the defeat of the rebels in Upper Canada.

December 25, London.

James Davies to Glenelg. Sends account of the movements against the rebels in Canada copied from the Journals of St. John, N.B. Enclosed. Extracts from newspapers respecting army movements in

Canada.

December 26, New York.

James Buchanan to Stephen. Sends copy of letter from Creighton, a copy of which has been sent to the British Minister at Washington. The Government of the United States cannot restrain their people. Report that Duncomb has disbanded his rebel party.

Enclosed. Creighton to Buchanan. Reports the proceedings of the rebel Mackenzie at Buffalo after he escaped from Canada. An armed force marched from Buffalo to Black Rock and thence to Navy Island by means of American boats from the American shore.

Newspaper report of the advance of a large body of volunteers under MacNab to oppose the rebels. London (Upper Canada) is quiet, the rebels not daring to oppose the "true blues."

December 26. London Dock.

Cooper to Colonial Secretary. Offers his vessel (the Aurora of Jersey) to carry stores to Canada. 389

December 26, London.

H. J. Davies. Applies for a situation in Canada. 443

December 26. London. December 27, Montreal.

Junius Smith to Glenelg. Proposes to take troops as passengers by way of New York. 1000

(Copy.) A law argument to be held to determine the right of the prisoners to the benefit of habeas corpus. 37

December 27. Goudhurst.

Dennistoun to Glenelg. Sends memorial from the chairman of the British American, West Indian and general shipping association on which he expresses no opinion.

Enclosed. Memorial. 450

December 28, New York.

James Buchanan to Grey. Has received and forwarded dispatches. 304

December 28, London.

Devreux to Melbourne. Submits for consideration whether his services would not be more valuable in settling the present crisis in Canadian affairs than those of most others for reasons given in support of his qualifications

December 28. London.

H. F. King to Grant. Applies for employment. States his services. 881

December 28.

West to Grey. Sends copy of letter addressed to Lord John Russell. Had been advised by His Lordship's private secretary to see him Grey on the subject of the letter, which is of importance. Ĭ108

Enclosed. West to Russell. Offers to furnish early Canadian intelligence, he being correspondent and agent at Liverpool for the London Morning Herald.

December 28. Cork.

Turner to Glenelg. Being wind-bound has learned that something may be required in Canada. Offers his services. For his character refers to the commander-in-chief. Has embarked to join his regiment in Jamaica, but if needed in Canada, can easily proceed from Jamaica to join the army 1028

serving in Canada. Submits plan respecting the provision for the Bishop Cochrane to Grev. December 29. Southampton. of Montreal submitted by the Bishop himself to the commissioner. 390

December 29, London.

Richard King to Russell. Is ready to give information respecting the affairs of Canada, having a perfect knowledge of it from his actual residence there.

December 29. London.

Murray to Glenelg. Suggests placing a military work on a promontory about halfway between Quebec and Three Rivers, but forgets the name of the locality. Saw no other place so well situated for obstructing the navigation. Will have much pleasure in seeing General McBean, but is afraid he cannot give him much information he having whilst in Canada been chiefly employed in rapid journeys so long ago as the spring of 1815.

December 29, London.

Nolan to Grey. Believes he can lay before Glenelg a plan for augmenting the forces in Canada at a slight expense. 939 Enclosed. Major Nolan's plan to obtain a levy in Canada. 940

December 29, Loughrea.

Shadwell to Glenelg. Has received Daly's bill and protests. On receipt Burke, who had promised to pay when these documents arrived said he had no provision to pay the amount. From the state of trade and badness of the times he is compelled to leave the matter in His Lordship's hands.

December 29. London.

West to Grey. Has postponed his departure from London. What he proposes to furnish to Government respecting Canadian affairs will do so at the cost of £250 a quarter to cover all expenses. 1112

December 30.

Unsigned to Cochrane. Thanks for his suggestions respecting the government of Lower Canada. 378

December 30.

Unsigned to Cresswell. Memorial received. Government have taken measures to repress insurrectionary movements.

December 30; Wangford.

Clissold to Colonial Secretary. Applies to have the money belonging to a pauper emigrant sent through Government offices. 397

1837. December 30, Irvine.

Ferguson to ——. Has spent the summer in Upper and Lower Canada. Could not ascertain the existence of a real grievance. T. S. Brown had . joined the Papineau faction from the vanity of getting his childish speeches printed in the newspapers. The French Canadians wish to trade with France, and to have no communication with Britain except for the sale of their timber. It is told him that several of their M.P.P.'s cannot sign their names. The bad effect of leniency.

December 30, Gateshead.

Price to Glenelg. Troops can be landed at St. John, New Brunswick, in 16 days by a method he can suggest.

December 30, Dayton.

Riley to Glenelg. Applies for a situation in Canada that he may be able to assist in putting down the rebellion.

Enclosed. Extract from a letter from Cobbett to Melbourne in favour of Riley.

December 30.

Unsigned to Junius Smith. Glenelg is obliged for his suggestion but sees very serious objections to the plan.

December 30. London.

West to Grey. As he must leave this evening and is desirous to conclude arrangements, he will call on Grey between 4 and 5 o'clock. If Grey has not seen Glenelg to settle matters he (West) will wait further communications to Liverpool.

December 31, London.

Hicks to Glenelg. Offers his services to train the local force in Canada, or for any other duty.

December 31, H.M.S. 'Star.'

Charles Smith to Glenelg. From his quick passage believes he brings the first news from the rebel province and, therefore, sends newspapers which after perusal he asks may be sent to the Bishop of Nova Scotia. The enthusiasm of the people.

December -

West to Grey. Will wait on Grey to-night or to-morrow, if Grey can 1111 see him.

Various dates. Liverpool.

Baring, Brothers & Co., to Colonial Office. Letters from 13th March to 1st December, 1837, to Stephen and Grey. That they had forwarded packets to James Buchanan, New York, received at different dates.

309 to 324

No date.

Unsigned to Glenelg. A collection of prophecies believed to foretell the end of the world.

An additional collection entitled "Meeting in behalf of Canada" 38, and "Prophecy," 39. The latter is dated 27th December, 1837, and a note states that it was placarded in the City of New York. The document is signed, "A friend of peace and good will."

James Buchanan to Stephen. Applies for admission to the Houses of Lords and Commons.

No date.

Reasons submitted by James Buchanan in favour of allowing the transit of merchandise through Canada to Michigan without payment of duties, with observations as to the importance of the river St. Lawrence for extending the trade of the Canadas and British commerce generally. 222 Numerous extracts are given from different letters.

Protest against the importation of depreciated copper currency. 253

Cresswell to Grey. Sends memorial sent from Liverpool and asks that it be laid before Glenelg. Memorial from the British North American Association of

Enclosed.

No date Cheltenham.

Nagle to Colonial Office. To whom should he apply to learn what has become of Michael Long, who sailed for Quebec in 1816 to settle in Canada. 938

David Wilson to ——. Applies as the eldest son of his father, for the land near Quebec granted to his uncle John Wilson, who served in the 1105 navy.

No date.

1837. No date.

Address of condolence on the death of William Fourth, from the inhabitants of the settlement of Victoria, in the district of St. Francis, Lower Canada.

1838. January 2.

(Copy.) Assembling of armed men at Navy Island preparing for a descent on Upper Canada. It is a disgrace that the United States Government allows a force to be collected there to aid in the subjection of Canada. It is reported that unless the U.S. Government adopt active measures, the British Minister will demand his passports.

January 5.

Unsigned to Cochran. Lord Glenelg recognizes his (Cochran's) claim to a continuance of the allowance in lieu of fees. The offices of law clerk to the Legislative Council and member of that body are incompatible.

January 5.

Unsigned to Dennistoun. Asks him to assure the shipping association that he (Glenelg) will lay the Memorial before his colleagues. Steps have already been taken to check the progress of the rebellion in Lower Canada.

January 9.

Unsigned to Clissold. In respect to remitting money to the friends of a deceased emigrant who had left it, recommends that application be made to the person administering the government of Lower Canada.

398

January 10.

Unsigned to Price. Glenelg cannot enter into any discussion of Price's plan in its present form. 954

January 24.

Unsigned to Shaw. Glenelg has received the pamphlet entitled: "The awful disclosures of Maria Monk." An investigation asked for. Glenelg has already taken all the necessary steps in the matter.

999

January —.

Unsigned and undated to Richard King. His letter to Lord John Russell has been transferred to the Colonial office. Glenelg will be happy to receive any communication he may desire to give respecting Canada.

886

Drafts of Dispatches to Earl of Gosford, 1836, 1837.

## Q. 242-A.

1836. January 1, Downing

Street.

Glenelg to Gosford. (No. 37.) Has received dispatch, with resolutions of the Assembly respecting the annexation of Gaspé to New Brunswick. A previous notice was not acknowledged, but government does not consider itself sufficiently informed to warrant bringing the subject before Parliament, the opinion of those on the spot being so greatly divided, considerations affecting the question. Desires to obtain full information on the subject.

January 7, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 38). Sends letter from the Treasury that the cost of fuel should be defrayed the same as other expenses of his establishment.

January 14, Downing Street. The same to the same. (No. 40). Has received dispatch that no copy of instructions to Dalhousie is among the papers in Lower Canada. Now sends copy. It will be noticed that these instructions require much revision but to do so before many questions are settled would be to prejudge topics of inquiry which have been referred to His Lordship for investigation.

January 14, Downing Street. The same to the same. (No. 41). Has received no dates subsequent to that dated 21st November. The anxiety of government to have official accounts of the proceedings of the legislature of Lower Canada. The approaching session of Parliament renders this the more necessary His (Glenelg's) regret that scarcely any official information has been received from him (Gosford) on the subject of Lower Canada. Sends list of dispatches received. These do not contain any notification of his speech from

1836.

the Throne; for other information he received from Gosford a printed copy of his speech and for subsequent proceedings he has been indebted to the public journals. The packet which sailed from Halifax in the course of last month will probably contain the dispatches asked for but as the packet is dispatched only once a month asks that duplicates may be sent by New York of dispatches of consequence.

Page 9

January 20, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 42). Refers to previous letter respecting presents to the Indians. Will only allude to one of the topics mentioned by Routh, Mamely, the issue of presents to the Roman Catholic missionaries employed among the Indians for which there is no authority and the presents cannot be allowed to continue.

January 30, Downing Street. The same to the same. (No. 43). Has received dispatch respecting the proposed organization of the "British Rifle Corps" with receipt of address and his answer. Expresses approval of his (Gosford's) course.

February 1, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford. (No. 44). Arrangements have been made for the pay of his aide-de-camp but no provision is to be made for that officer for the year beginning 1st April next.

February 3, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford. Has received repeated representations of the desire of the Bishop of Quebec for a coadjutor owing to the increase in his diocese and his growing infirmities. His earnest desire to comply with the wishes of the Bishop, but it was found impossible to provide an endowment for a second bishop. Government must adhere to the pledge given to Parliament that the annual vote towards the maintenance of the elergy in North America must cease, so that no change is contemplated in that provision. The only method to relieve the Bishop is to invest with episcopal functions a clergyman already on the establishment. For this end Archdeacon Mountain has offered his assistance, but it is not intended to erect a new see.

February 4.

Unsigned to Commissioners on grievances. Sends copy of Archdeacon Mountain's correspondence respecting clergy reserves in Lower Canada, and believes that any communication on that subject received from the Bishop or clergy corporation will meet with attention.

February 6, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 46). Has received an application from Patrick Donoly for a grant of land on account of his father's services. He is to be informed that under the existing regulations his request cannot be granted.

February 8, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 48). Death reported on 1st December last of Young, Lieut. Governor of Prince Edward Island. Harvey to succeed him.

February 9, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 49). Has received dispatch with letter from Goulburn to Besserer respecting grant of island in the River St. John. He is to thank Besserer for handing over the letter to prevent its falling into improper hands.

February 11.

Glenelg to Commissioners on grievances. T. Fred Elliott has been appointed secretary. His qualifications. He is not to be debarred from furnishing an authentic record of the work done by the commission and he is to furnish him (Glenelg) with a summary expressing his concurrence or dissent from the conclusions of the commission. Will not recommend a fourth commissioner. Has no distrust of the commission.

February 23, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 52). Had been reminded of the letter of his predecessor Spring Rice on the subject of the large land grants obtained by Felton who was to eede so much as he had obtained for himself and family above the amount intended by government. No report has yet been received of the steps taken in consequence of Spring Rice's dispatch. He is to take immediate steps to carry out the instructions which are still in force.

1836.

March 3, Downing Street.

April 7, Downing Street.

April 7, Downing Street. April 7.

April 22, Downing Street.

April -, Downing Street.

May 5, Downing Street.

May 14, Downing Street.

May 16, Downing Street.

May 22, Downing Street.

June 1, Downing Street.

June 8, Nowning Street. The same to the same (No. 58). For information respecting Louis Charbonnier, school master, Urbain Auber and François Lajus. Page 32

The same to the same (No. 69). Sends warrant for the appointment of Bedard to be one of the judges of the court of King's Bench of Quebec. The fees are to be remitted.

The same to the same (No. 73). Has extended the leave of absence to A. C. Buchanan.

The same to the same (No. 74). Asks from the War Office how long the employment of Hayne is to continue and what is the amount of contingencies he receives.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 77). Should Colborne resign the Command of the forces in British North America, Sir Archibald Campbell is to succeed but as it is hoped Colborne will continue in command, the notice to Campbell is only conditional.

Unsigned to Gosford. Has been informed that the Legislative Assembly has declined to provide for the arrears of the salaries of the public officers and the bill for the payment of six months salary for this year was thrown out by the Council. He is authorized to expend the funds at the disposal of the King for the purpose of paying these arrears, &c., so far as these funds would extend. They may give offence to the legislature by this measure but there is a sacred obligation to use such means as are within their reach for redeeming the pledged faith of the King to his servants in the province.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 79). Has received charges against Felton on which he (Gosford) has not reported. If Felton has had an opportunity of answering these charges and has not done so to His Lordship's satisfaction he is to be dismissed from every office he holds under government, but if he has not had the opportunity he is at once to be called on for an explanation of his transactions.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 80). Sends three copies of a paper issued by order of the House of Commons containing the instructions to Head as well as those to himself.

The same to the same (private and confidential). Sends copies of correspondence with the commander-in-chief on the relief of regiments in Canada. These will show him the views of government. The question of relief is left to his own judgment.

The same to the same (No. 83). Government has resolved not to apply for repeal of the statute 1 and 2 William 4 Cap. 23 or for funds with which to carry on the public service in Lower Canada. His regret that he cannot at present send the reasons for this.

The same to the same (No. 86). The provincial legislature not having arranged for paying the arrears to the civil officers hopes his Lordship has already taken steps for applying the proceeds of the casual and territorial revenue to that object. Aylmer and his civil secretary to be paid as soon as possible. If there should be objections to apply the available sum to that object he is to report to the Colonial Office.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 58). Has received dispatches of 10th and 12th March. It was only motives of the most urgent nature that could have led to the postponement of answers. On the result of Head's differences with the Assembly of Upper Canada must depend his (Gosford's) attempt to conciliate Lower Canada. Had not received Head's report of the close of the session and the stoppage of supplies until the 7th instant. Head's request for liberty to act under the circumstances without being hampered by specific instructions. The same liberty must be extended to him (Gosford). Summary of the state of affairs in the Canadas and the nature of the instructions to the commissioners which the instructions laid by Head before the Assembly of Upper Canada had led to be misunderstood. (The dispatch is very long and involved).

1836.

July 24, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 114). The demand of the British American Land Company that government defray the expense of the internal survey of the great block sold to the company. He (Gosford) is to have the subject investigated and to report.

Page 67

August 22, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 118). Approves of his conduct in refusing to remove Fletcher from the judgeship of the St. Francis district, without his having been heard in his own defence. The question is to be referred to the judicial committee of the Privy Council.

November 15, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 142). In a former dispatch had anticipated that after the departure of Grey and Gipps, His Lordship with the assistance of Elliot might be able to complete researches of the commission. As however this might lead to misapprehension, he desires to leave the decision of the remaining of Elliot in the option of him (Gosford) and Elliot himself.

November 29, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 147). After considering the charges brought against Felton and his answer, he had been compelled to advise Felton's dismissal. In providing for the performance of the duties the task of naming a suitable person is thrown on His Lordship who is also to report on the remuneration as compared with the duties. In the meantime Davidson should continue to discharge the duties of the office.

December 5, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford. With reference to leaving Elliot in Lower Canada as notified in dispatch of 15th November, has seen it to be more convenient that he should be in the Colonial office during the Parliamentary sittings and therefore desires that he should return.

1837.

January 6,

Downing

Street.

The same to the same (No. 102). Has received report of the prosecution instituted by the Attorney General against the editor of the *Minerve*. No doubt Ogden was actuated by a sincere desire to advance the ends of justice. His regret at the proceedings. Steps are to be taken to remit the sentence on Duvernay; his term of imprisonment, he presumes, has already expired, but the fine imposed should be refunded 78

January 14, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 163). Government has taken every means possible to meet the complaints of the Assembly respecting the post office service in Lower Canada.

January 20, Downing Street. The same to the same (No 164). Has from Evans a letter that he had sent three copies of his work on "Agriculture." Asks that his thanks may be conveyed to Evans.

January 21, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 165). Had received dispatch with petition from Chief Justice Reid for a pension which he (Gosford) recommends. Consideration of this petition must be postponed till the adjustment of questions depending between Government and the Assembly are settled.

January 22, Downing Street. The same to same (No. 166). Has received dispatch with two petitions one for the suppression of intemperance, the other for the admission into Canada duty free of books and tracts for the use of religious societies. The King desires that the first should be presented to the provincial legislature but fears that intemperance cannot be remedied by law. The other the King desires to be referred to the Lords of the Treasury.

January 23, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 167). The Lords of the Admiralty in consequence of his (Gosford's) representation have withdrawn their claim for the repayment of expenses for the conveyance of military convicts from Quebec.

January 24, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 168). Has received copies of the accusations against Judge Thompson of Gaspé with his answer which are referred to the judicial committee of the Privy Council as the proper body to determine the case. The improper method in which the proceedings were conducted.

January 30, Downing Street.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 169). Had received dispatch respecting expiring Acts and the suggestion that an Imperial Act should extend their con-

1837.

tinuance. If he desires the Imperial Parliament to intervene, he should send the reasons and a list of the Acts. Page 90

January 31, Downing Street,

January 31, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 170). To obviate misapprehension, Gipps is to be informed that Government desires that he and Elliot should return by the earliest conveyance.

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The same to the same (No. 171). Had received dispatch with memorial from Strachan that the sum of £10,000 left by McGill to erect a college had increased by interest to £22,000 currency, which the trustees were prepared to make over to the Royal Institution together with the estate of of Burnside, so soon as the conditions are complied with. Conditions stated Dr. Strachan is in error as to the conditions either as regards Government help or religious exclusiveness. Sums up the correspondence on the subject from 1803, but he can nowhere find any pledge for the contribution of pecuniary assistance. Calls attention to recent correspondence on the subject.

January 31, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 172). Has received dispatch with letter from Colborne on his claim as commanding the force in Canada to occupy the house at Sorel. He is not to feel afraid of his courtesy in the matter being recognised. Will refer to the Ordnance the question of who is to occupy the house, the Governor or the officer commanding the troops.

The same to the same (No. 173). Has received report of how he had appropriated the sum accrued from the Crown revenues of Lower Canada of which he approves.

January 31, Downing Street.

January 31,

Downing

Street.

The same to the same (No. 174). Has received dispatch with copy of letter to the Treasury from Routh regarding the currency of Lower Canada. As this falls peculiarly within the province of the Treasury, he has transmitted a copy of his (Gosford's) dispatch with a request that the decision on the subject may be made known to him, Glenelg.

February 6, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 175). Has received dispatch with letter from Secretan jr. asking that copies of Gosford's letters on the subject of his (Secretan's) complaints may be ordered to be sent him. He (Glenelg) cannot send an order to that effect.

February 7, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 176). Sends opinion of the law officers that any bill passed by the legislature of Lower Canada by which the revenue from the sale of land and timber in exchange for a civil list should be transferred from His Majesty to the House of Assembly comes within the purview of the 42nd section of 31 George 3, cap. 31. He is, in event of such bill being introduced to take steps to have the prescribed forms observed and will immediately transmit it to him (Glenelg).

February 8, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 177). Sends answer of Shadwell to Daly's letter of which a copy had been sent him. Shadwell's letter is to be communicated to Daly who is to send any further information he may have.

February 15, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 178). He agrees with the commissioners on grievances that no wild land should be paid for by instalments, and has sent a circular to the governors that they issue a notice that after the 1st of June 10 per cent on land must be paid at the sale, and the remainder within 14 days on pain of forfeiting the deposit.

February 16, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford. (No. 179). Has received dispatch from Vallerand for a grant of land or a pension owing to his services. A grant of land cannot be made but he (Glenelg) has recommended to the Treasury to grant Vallerand a small pension.

February 20, Downing Street. The same to the same. (No. 180). Sends letter from the Treasury and asks for the information wanted by their Lordships respecting the Indians.

February 22, Downing Street. The same to the same. (No. 181). Sends printed copies of the reports of the Canadian Commissioners and other documents presented to Parliament.

1837. February 24, Downing Street.

The same to the same. (No. 182). Has received dispatch with memorial from Besserer for a grant of land, he having been promised an island in the St. John river. The change of system since then, so that a grant cannot be made.

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February 25, Downing Street. The same to the same. (No. 183). Has received dispatch with petition from the censitaires of Quebec. The King approves of the steps he (Gosford) has taken regarding them and trusts that the humanity shown them will ensure the payment of the remainder of their arrears.

March 6, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford. (No. 184). This dispatch (not copied) was to have been substituted for one marked private and confidential could the latter have been recalled from Liverpool.

March 11, Downing Street. The same to the same. (No. 185). Cannot at present enter fully into the reasons for the course Government have adopted in relation to Lower Canada, but deems it his duty to inform him of the proceedings of Parliament in relation to it. Sends printed copy of resolutions introduced by Lord John Russell. An amendment to the 4th resolution to make the Legislative Council elective was rejected by 318 to 56. After several divisions on questions of adjournment the main question respecting the Legislative Council was carried by 144 to 16. Sends list of the various divisions. Remarks on the resolutions, on the effect the large majorities will have in Lower Canada, and on the expenditure.

Enclosed. Resolutions to be introduced by Lord John Russell 123 Civil list. 125

March 12, Downing Street. March 13, Downing Street.

March 13, Downing

March 14, Downing

March 15.

Downing Street.

March 16,

Downing

Street.

Street.

Street.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 186). Has received dispatch that the sum of £51 15s. 5d. has been paid to Captain Hayne.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 187). The Lords of the Treasury report that

there are no funds to pay the pension to Vallerand, but as their Lordships suggest, his memorial has been sent to the Admiralty.

127
The same to the same. (No. 188). Cannot comply with Justice Pyke's

claim for an increased allowance for circuit.

128
Glenely to Gosford (No. 189) The King approves of the steps be has

Glenelg to Gosford. (No. 189). The King approves of the steps he has taken against the censitaires of Quebec.

The same to the same (No. 190). He Gosford is to render Colborne all the assistance possible in respect to the desertions that are taking place from the army in Canada.

The same to the same (No. 191). Sends letter from R. A. Tight respecting the charges brought by Maria Monk. He is to have a searching investigation made.

tigation made.

The same to the same. (No. 192). Has received dispatch respecting the conflicting claims to the house at Sorel. The new evidence produced has satisfied the Ordnance that the military commander is entitled to the

March 23, Downing Street.

house, a view in which he concurs.

The same to the same. (No. 194.) Sends the decision in respect to the house at Sorel. Concurs with the Board of Ordnance in the decision as the question does not involve any points of law.

March 23, Dôwn.

The same to the same. (No. 193.) Has recently received from A. C. Buchanan communications on the subject of emigration from the acting agent at Quebec, who is to be informed that such communications for him (Glenelg) are to be sent through His Lordship (Gosford).

March 24, Downing Street.

The same to the same. (No. 195). The Lords of the Admiralty report that they cannot grant a pension to François Vallerand. He is to be informed of the steps taken and of the result.

March 27, Downing Street.

The same to the same. (No. 196). The Treasury has sent to Canada articles for the Indian department.

March 28, Downing Street. April 12, Downing Street.

The same to the same. (No. 197). Major General Campbell has resigned the office of Lieut. Governor of New Brunswick. Sir John Harvey is to

1837.

succeed him in New Brunswick and Fitz Roy succeeds Harvey in Prince Edward Island.

April 13, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford. (No. 198.) Has received applications from Tracy Thomas to be appointed commissioner of Crown Lands. He is to be informed that no appointment is to be made till he (Gosford) makes the King acquainted with his views.

April 18, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford. (No. 199). Desires that a report may be sent of the expenditures of the British American land company to supply the inforation asked for in an address from the House of Commons, and in future to send every six months a statement of the expenditure of that company.

April 19, Downing Street. The same to the same. (No. 200). Sends reports from the Treasury &c., which will show the grounds which have prevented compliance with the petition for the admission of books and tracts for religious societies. His regret is to be communicated to the signers of the petition.

April 20, Downing Street. The same to the same. (No. 201). The memorial from the widow of Robert Grant of Lachine for compensation for losses during the war of 1812 has been so long delayed that were there no other reason that objection would be fatal. The petition cannot be entertained.

April 21, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford. (No. 202.) Has received reports of the distress in Lower Canada from the failure of last year's crops is assured that everything will be done by government to relieve the distress. He shall be anxious to obtain further intelligence on the subject.

April 26, Downing Street. The same to the same. (No. 203.) Approves of his not having instituted proceedings against Chisholm. Approves also of the principal on which he conferred the offices lately held by Chisholm on two individuals, who have been confirmed in their respective offices by the King.

April 27, Downing Street. The same to the same. (No. 204.) Has received dispatches with memorials from Young and Van Felson for payment of arrears of salary. They are to be paid the sums specified by him, namely £507 7s. 11d. and to Van Felson £700 out of any unappropriated portion of the Crown revenues in the hands of the Receiver General.

April 29, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford. (No. 205.) The resolutions of which he sent a copy, were affirmed by the House of Commons. A bill founded on them will not be introduced till the sense of the House of Lords has been taken on them. Sends statement of the several divisions which have taken place on the subject. Shall send instructions on the steps to be adopted under existing circumstances. The delay in passing the resolutions was owing to the pressure of public business so that he has been obliged to delay instructions longer than usual but they shall be sent in time to prepare for the meeting of the Legislature. The date of the meeting must depend on local circumstances but on that point he shall write distinctly.

April 29, Downing Street.

Glenelg to Gosford (private and confidential). Thanks him on the full and clear statement of his views on the state of affairs in Lower Canada. declining to act last year, for an extensive alteration in the composition of the Councils, he had no intention to imply disapprobation of the recommendations, but, on the contrary, took it as an additional proof of his desire to leave no constitutional means untried to settle the differences in the province. The reason for the postponement was the wish of Government to consider the whole of the main questions in dispute at once, after receiving from the commissioners a full report on the topics which had been referred to them. It is intended to recommend the King to make an addition to the Legislative Council of respectable men not committed to extreme Government is also prepared to sanction a reconstruction of the Executive Council as soon as the resolutions have been sanctioned by the House of Lords. Is desirous to obtain the promised list of names and shall then be able to authorize him to call to the Council suitable persons.

1837.

Regret of Government at the means they have been forced to adopt. Government desires to give to the Assembly whatever in their demands are not inconsistent with the integrity of the Empire.

April 29, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 206). Has received dispatches with petitions from banks in Lower Canada praying for charter of incorporation. Government has decided to recommend these charters and have referred them to the law officers. Encloses copy of letter addressed to the Attorney General with reference to the petition from the Bank of Montreal, as the readiest means of showing the terms on which it is intended to grant the charter.

May 4, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 207). Gipps and Elliott having arrived in London, the work of the commission has terminated and the arrangement by which the expenses were met has ceased. The other arrangements about his salary as Governor General. Asks him to close up the accounts of the commission as soon as possible.

May 12, Downing Street. May 19, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 208). Sends correspondence with the Treasury on the subject of double head money charged to emigrants.

The same to the same (private). Has received report that he has appointed de St. Ours as successor to Gugy, to be Sheriff of Montreal. Objections raised which he had set aside. He (Glenelg) concurs in the appointment; at the same time there seems an incompatibility between the office of sheriff and that of Legislative Councillor. Shall postpone the confirmation of de St. Ours appointment till the bill to give power to the legislative Councillors to resign their seats, and his office would be confirmed only on condition of his resignation of the seat in the Council. 165

May 22, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 210). The resolutions in respect to Lower Canada having been adopted by the Lords, a bill to give them effect will be introduced to the Commons. Until that is passed he is not to consider himself at liberty to depart from the course hitherto observed in the appropriation of any portion of the public revenue, but Government still hope that the exercise of the power may be rendered unnecessary by the intervention of the provincial legislature. The reluctance of Government to violate the great principle of the Canadian Constitution, and, therefore, they have been willing to make every sacrifice except that of the honour of the Crown and the integrity of the Empire. Is anxious still to try if the possibility remains of reconciling. The opportunity given by delay to come to an agreement. General remarks, at considerable length, on the questions affecting the province.

May 26, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 211). Sends letter from the Treasury with the report from the Customs respecting the double head money from emigrants.

May 30, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 209). Sends copy of correspondence with Aylmer respecting McKinnon's expenses. He is to remit to McKinnon the sum of £196 out of any unappropriated balance of the casual and territorial revenue.

June 2, Downing Street, June 2, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 212). Has received from F. Henderson an application for employment which he has no means of granting.

179
The same to the same (No. 213). Sends copies of correspondence with Dr. Black on the subject of the claim by the Scotch Clauseh to preparate.

Dr. Black on the subject of the claim by the Scotch Church to pecuniary assistance from Government. The sum of £500 is to be paid to the Presbytery of Lower Canada for this year, but it must be explained that it cannot be made permament.

June 5, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 214). Holmes acting for the seminary of Quebec, has appealed from the decision of the commissioners of French claims against them to the King in Council. The Treasury explains why they have been compelled to refuse the application.

1837.

June 5, Downing Street.

June 5, Downing Street.

June 6, Downing Street.

June 6, Downing Street. June 9, Downing Street.

June 9, Downing Street.

June 13, Downing Street.

June 28, Downing Street.

June 29, Downing Street.

June 29, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 215). Sends copy of his letter to the Law Officers of the Crown with their answer on the system with respect to fees of the Vice Admiralty Court. He is to send to the judge the substance of this for his guidance.

The same to the same (No. 216). Sends copy of a representation from Holmes on behalf of the seminary of Quebec relative to its claim for the exclusive water privileges in front of their property on the St. Lawrence, asks for a report on the subject.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 217). A petition from the committee of trade of Montreal for a charter to the bank of British North America has been received and laid before the King.

The same to the same (No. 218). Letters patent under the Great Seal to incorporate the Montreal, the Quebec and the city Banks.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 220). Has received dispatch on the outrages committed by armed American citizens at Indian streams. Has received copy of a dispatch from H. M. Minister at Washington and hopes soon to send instructions.

The same to the same (No. 221). Has received an application from Chief Justice Sewell for some ecclesiastical preferment for his son. It is with regret that he has to state that it is out of his power to procure such preferment.

The same to the same (private and confidential). Is pleased to find that he does not anticipate any necessity for an increase in the military force of the province, and concurs with him in the opinion of the inexpediency of making any demonstration not imperatively demanded. Has not yet received the list of names promised. Regrets to inform him of the illness of the King. which has occasioned delay in the introduction of the bill relating to Lower Canada.

The same to the same (No. 224). Has received dispatch that 39 convicts had been embarked sentenced to transportation. Has asked the Home Secretary to provide for their reception and security. Approves of his decision not to delay further their transportation. Trusts there will be no insuperable objection to provide a substitute for transportation.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 225). The interruption to parliamentary business caused by the death of the King has determined the ministry not to press measures already partly considered, nor to introduce new measures except such as could not be delayed owing to the urgency of the case Among the measures dropped is the bill founded on resolutions adopted by Parliament. The reluctance of the Ministry to have such an Act passed at any time especially now in the early years of Victoria's reign. At the same time they have determined to make provision for the payment of arrears due for public services. An estimate has already been laid before Parliament and he would take the earliest opportunity of letting him (Gosford) know the decision of the House of Commons and he hopes the House of Assembly will recognise that there is no intention to interfere with their rights and privileges beyond what is absolutely necessary. It is to be hoped that the result of the legislation in the House of Assembly will be such as to prevent the necessity of Parliament acting on the 8th of the resolutions agreed to.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 227). Has received copy of correspondence respecting the case of Temple applying for the usual remission on the purchase of land as having been an officer in the army. He Gosford was correct in his interpretation of the law when he refused Temple's application but although Temple was wrong in the letter he had fulfilled the law in the spirit and therefore he is to obtain the same remission as if he had declared at the time of selling that he intended to settle.

June 29, Downing Street.

The same to the same (No. 228). Had acknowledged receipt of dispatch respecting outrages by people of New Hampshire on the frontiers of Canada. Sends copy of letter addressed to the Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. Sends also other correspendence and the instructions necessary, as the government are most anxious to continue the friendly terms with the United States which now exist. With the desire to maintain the most friendly relations with the United States they will protect every British subject but wish to resort to no extreme measures till every other means has been tried. The Governor of New Hampshire has withdrawn the militia from the frontier thus diminishing the risk of hostile collision. Should aggressions be renewed he is to take means to resist them and to bring the offenders to justice. Even in such extreme cases the sole object of Government is the protection of British subjects not aggression on the citizens of New Hampshire. Has given general instructions but leaves the details to himself.

June 30, Downing Street.

July 1, Downing Street.

July 2, Downing Street.

July 3, Downing Street.

July 4, Downing Street.

July 5, Downing Street.

July 11, Downing Street.

July 12, Downing Street.

July 14, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 229). In reference to the claim of Cousins, who was to have been allowed his discharge on the 2nd July, 1833, he is to receive the land grant if he (Gosford) is satisfied.

The same to the same (No. 230). Has received dispatch with memorial from Burroughs for compensation for injuries arising from certain proceedings, the earliest being in 1799 and the most recent in 1813. From the remote date and the long state of inaction besides the serious charges against the principal officers of the Executive government require full explanations which have not been given so that the subject cannot be entertained.

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The same to the same (No. 231). Sends copy of letter to the British American Land Company respecting their demand that the internal survey of their tract of land should be performed at the expense of government.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 232). Sends copies of letter from the Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs and of the answer respecting the outrage committed by inhabitants of New Hampshire in the territory of Lower Canada.

The same to the same (No. 233). Had received dispatch reporting that a reprieve had been granted to Gillan private in the 66th. It would have been satisfactory to know the reasons for the reprieve and if the judge concurred. Without this government cannot advise, and to reserve a decision till the reasons are known would be to subject the prisoner to protracted expense. The Queen therefore desires that a secondary punishment should be inflicted but not transportation.

The same to the same (No. 234). Sends copy of letter from the treasury endorsing an application from the directors of the Bank of British North America for the return of foreign duty charged on books of British Manufacture. Unless there is an insuperable objection he is to adopt the course suggested by the commissioners of customs.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 235). Has transmitted to the Treasury his dispatch with list of presents required for the Indians. Sends copy of answer which explains the Treasury's reason for postponing the forwarding of presents.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 236). In reference to the petitions from the Committee of Trade of Quebec a series of seven charts of the St. Lawrence from Point de Mont to Quebec was published in April but the survey of the Gulf has not yet been completed.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 237). Has received memorial from the Canadian Marine Insurance Co. to the Admiralty praying for the publication of Bayfield's report of the survey of the river and Gulf of St. Lawrence. Has

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already informed him, on the 12th instant, of the steps taken for publication 214

July 14, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 238). Has received dispatch in which he recommends the appointment of two commissioners of Crown Lands at £600 a year each instead of a single commissioner with larger emoluments. Agrees with him as to the disproportionate income of Felton as compared with his duties and the scale of society in Lower Canada. The proposal for the present appointments will affect a saving and promises to ensure the proper performance of the duties. Agrees in his suggestion as to the source from whence payment is to be drawn. Doubts the advisability of appointing Morin to any office under the Crown, from his conduct at a public meeting held in Quebec. Will take no decided step except on the clearest evidence. He is therefore to ascertain if the matter has been correctly reported as if so he cannot recommend Morin's appointment. Davidson's appointment approved of and he is to be made Commissioner of Crown Lands and to be informed that a coadjutor would be named.

Page 215

Glenely to Gosford (No. 239). Has lately considered the portion of the general report of the Canadian Company and agrees that the office of Commissioner of Escheats should be abolished. Regrets this on Cochran's account as it will involve a large pecuniary sacrifice for him. Hopes from Cochran's character and services to have an opportunity of recommending him for office.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 240). The delay has arisen from the difficulty of selecting candidates best suited for seats on the board recommended in the third report of the commissioners. Is still unable to submit the names of new Executive Councillors. Has, therefore, recommended that the selection should be left to him (Gosford) and he is authorised to appoint nine persons to the Executive Council. It would have been satisfactory to have had the names to put on the warrants. How the selections should be made. Extracts from the report of the commissioners.

The same to the same (private and confidential). The delay caused by waiting for lists promised in postscript of letter of 8th March. Has in his public dispatch instructed him what course to take about the new council. The difficulty of selecting.

The same to the same (No. 241). On the 27th May had instructed him to call together the Assembly for the purpose among others of voting the necessary funds to pay the arrears of the civil service. Owing to the demise of the Crown by the death of the King it was resolved to ask Parliament for a vote of credit by way of loan for the payment of arrears.

The sum of £142,160 14s. 4d. was accordingly voted. His instructions ceased to be applicable to the new state of things; some latitude must be left to the local authority. It is possible that by the time the dispatch reaches, the legislature may have met and a considerable proportion may be disposed to abandon the course they have followed. If His Lordship sees any prospect of this being done he might postpone payment for a time, but if signs of hostility are apparent he is authorised at once to draw on the Treasury for the amounts due. The reluctance with which Government was determined to take extreme steps.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 242). Additional instructions respecting payments to the civil servants.

The same to the same (confidential). Has received dispatch marked confidential within a few hours of sailing of the mail so that he can only return a short and imperfect answer. Enumerates the subjects treated in the dispatch sent.

The same to the same (No. 243). Has received dispatch reporting the suspension of specie payments by the banks of Lower Canada and the

July 14, Downing Street.

July 22, Downing Street.

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measures taken to relieve the embarrasements thus caused to the mercantile community.

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July 22, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 244). Sends extract of letter from the Treasury to the commissary general on the subject of payments from the amount voted by Parliament.

July 22, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 245). Her Majesty approves of his measures respecting proceedings at public meetings called to express opinions on resolutions passed by the Imperial Parliament. Her Majesty at the same time deeply regrets the necessity for these measures, but is confident the forbearance and self-command necessary will combine such firmness as will effectually establish public confidence if it should be necessary to have recourse to his legal powers.

July 23, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 246). Has received letter from Fitzroy Somerset respecting a claim for land of Costello of the 66th Regiment. If the facts are correctly stated Costello is to have the land.

July 24, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 247). Has received dispatch respecting his bill for £1,000 drawn subsequent to the departure of his colleagues on the Canadian Commission. Has recommended the Treasury to leave the question to a future settlement. Will bring the question of the inadequacy of the Governor's salary before his colleagues.

July 25, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 248). Has received dispatch containing article from the *Vindicator* giving an account of the proceedings on the resolutions passed by Parliament. His great interest in the affairs of Lower Canada and trusts that nothing will occur to disturb the public peace. Believes he will be kept informed of all proceedings.

August 1, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 249). Sends copy of letter to Aylmer relative to the payment of arrears to himself and Craig. The calculations of the sums due to them respectively is taken from the report of the Inspector General of accounts and of the amounts since paid.

August 2, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 250). Had received and referred to the Treasury report of the suspension by the Banks of specie payments. Sends copy of answer and asks him to send the weekly returns.

August 8, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 252). The arms and ammunition furnished to the "Ceres" have been returned to the Ordnance Store except 10 cartridges not to be charged for.

August 11, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 253). Sends copy of correspondence with the Treasury directing how the £1,000 drawn by him (Gosford) is to be settled. 259

August 12, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 254). Sends copy of letter from the Secretary to the Commander in Chief which will explain why he could not recommend the prayer of McAuliffe's petition.

August 15, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 255). Has received dispatch with claim of Chandler and Lozeau for reimbursement of expenditures on the Seigniory of Nicolet, the total amount being £1,358 1 9. The claims are inadmissible and it is scarcely credible that Chandler and Lozeau could have anticipated their being granted. In regard, however, to the expenses in the suit against Douglas he cannot from imperfect information pronounce a decision. He is to institute an inquiry into the subject.

August 22, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 256). Has received lists of gentlemen he proposed to appoint to the Executive and Legislative Councils. He had apparently taken for granted that the judicial duties were to be taken from the Council as the names of five engaged in the profession of law were included. The change would have been made but for the demise of the Crown but in the meantime its duties are to remain as they were. It would be unreasonable to expect Van Felson, Stuart, Huot, Panet, or Mondelet to accept an office involving serious professional sacrifices. Quesnel he believes has given

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up his profession, so that he may not feel any objection. The desirableness of having lawyers on the Council. His intentions respecting the Councils.

August 22, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (separate). Desires him to remit to the chief clerk the fees of those appointed to the Executive and Legislative Councils respectively.

August 23, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 257). Sends copy of further letter from Shadwell relative to debt said to be due by Daly. The letter is to be submitted to Daly for his answer.

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August 24, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 258). Sends letter from Mary Crook for information respecting her husband left in hospital in Quebec at the close of last year.

August 27, Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 259). Has received dispatch reporting the course of public affairs in Lower Canada, the steps he had taken to vindicate the law and the proceedings at a numerous meeting in Montreal. The Queen approves of the various proceedings.

August 29, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 260). Has received address from the House of Assembly for Lower Canada praying for the removal of Gale from the bench. It is with regret Her Majesty declines to accede to the request.

August 30, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 261). The French consul general desires to have a certificate of the burial of Jean Denis Daulè, vicar of St. John's Quebec, who died about the year 1814.

August 30, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 262). Has received dispatch with copy of correspondence with Colborne respecting the reporting to him (Gosford) all contemplated changes of troops previous to their being carried into effect. Has not yet heard from Lord Hill, when he does he will write.

August 31, Downing. Street. August 31, Downing

Street.

The same to the same. (secret and confidential). Remarks on the state of affairs in Lower Canada. His hopes of order being restored.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 264). On Burrage's arrival his case was fully considered. It is one of great hardship but after full examination, he was unable to help him. Burrage has since returned to Canada and before leaving asked for a reconsideration and obtained from Goulburn a letter stating the understanding on which the appointment was made. Apparently the expectations of Burrage were at first realised but subsequently his school declined till in 1832 there were only free scholars and the House of Assembly cut down his salary one half. As this is a constitutional right cannot see any probability of relieving Burrage. Further remarks on Burrage's case and the impossibility of doing anything to alleviate his case.

September 5, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 265). Approves of his course with respect to the claim of the Lorette Indians to the fief of sillery. He will come to no final decision till he has the whole report on the Indians before him. 299

Downing Street. Glenelg to Gosford (No. 266). Has received report brought by Elliot on the claim of F. S. Campbell, as representing the Ross family for indemnification for land granted to them but subsequently discovered to have been established by another party. From the detailed statements the sum of £600 was to be paid him on certain conditions.

September 16, Downing Street. The same to the same (No. 269). Remarks on the fees to the judge and officers of the vice Admiralty Court.

September 20, Downing Street. September 28, Downing Street.

The same to the same (No. 270). Has received dispatch with loyal address from a public meeting. The Queen's appreciation of the address. 307

The same to the same (No. 272). Scholefield of Birmingham applies for leave to execute an order from the bank of Montreal for copper coinage to be circulated in Lower Canada. He has been referred to the Treasury who cannot give leave not having had any report from him (Gosford). He is to send a report.

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The same to the same (No. 270). Report received of the death of September 29. Coulson, sergeant at arms and appointment of Vallerand which is approved of. The salary of Parent is not to be paid from the Parliamentary vote.

October 6, Downing Street.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 274). Has received copies of address from the Council and Assembly and answers. Had also received dispatch of 30th August giving an account of the proceedings of both Houses to their prorogation. Approves of his course and shall write at more length. 310

November 11, Downing Street.

The same to the same (No. 275). Has received report of the appointment of Tancred Bouthillier to be Commissioner of Crown lands jointly with Davidson. Approval sent of the appointment of Bouthillier. Requests that fees may be sent.

November 15, Downing Street.

The same to the same (No. 276). Has received memorial from the Roman Catholic Bishop of Kingston for assistance to build a Roman Catholic seminary there. Government would be happy to assist the members of all Christian Communities had they the means. The advance to the Wesleyan Methodists was not a grant but an advance made on the concurrent statement of the Council and Assembly to be repaid next session.

November 17. Downing Street.

The same to the same (No. 277). Has received report of the Attorney and Solicitor General of Lower Canada that the last meeting of the provincial legislature did not constitute a session and that consequently the Courts of the district of St. Francis do not cease. Besides the two courts there sat without being challenged as to jurisdiction.

November 18, Downing Street.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 278). Had received dispatch containing report from the Attorney General of Lower Canada that he had filled an ex-officio information against Dr. Duchenois and others in Two Mountains the bills of indictment having been ignored. The circumstances justified the result to every constitutional means but the question is of its expediency on which he is unable to offer an opinion.

November 20. Downing Street.

The same to the same (No. 279). Has been reminded of the desire of Chief Justice Reid to retire on a pension. Is unable to return any other answer than the one sent to a former Memorial.

November 23.

The same to the same (No. 280). Address from the Legislative Council has been laid before the Queen, Her gratification. The address to the Queen Dowager was forwarded.

November 27. Downing Street.

The same to the same (No. 281). The present state of Lower Canada has engaged the most anxious consideration of government. The immediate duty is to repress the efforts of the discontented, to reassert the supremacy of the law and to inspire confidence and courage in the well disposed. The sense of government at the unselfishness of Gosford offering to retire or remain as was thought best, but merging personal regard in public duty it has been determined to advise the Queen to relieve him at once from the government of Lower Canada. The administration of Lower Canada is to devolve on Colborne. He (Gosford) retires with the entire approbation of government.

November 27, Downing Street.

Glenelg to Gosford (separate). In case he should have difficulty in obtaining the amount necessary to enable him to return, the Treasury has allowed him to draw for his expenses, subject to account for the money drawn. 325

November 28. Downing Street.

The same to the same (No. 282). Desires to know the circumstances which led to the suit against Hughes as superintendent of Indians and whether it ought to be a public charge.

November 29, Downing Street.

The same to the same (No. 283). Has received dispatch with claim from the granddaughters of Lotbiniere for 150,000 acres awarded to him 1776 but had not made a claim for many years and the heirs are not entitled to claim the benefit of the Act. 327

1837. December 6. Downing Street.

The same to the same (No. 285). Is sending dispatches by bearer addressed to him (Gosford) and Colborne the latter on the assumption that Colborne is now administering the government. Should be (Gosford) not have been able to resign the government both dispatches are for him.

December 7, Downing Street. December 21, Downing Street.

December 22,

Downing Street.

(No. 286). Transmits answer from the Queen Glenelg to Gosford. Dowager to the address of condolence sent by the Legislative Council. 332

Glenelg to officer administering. (No. 287). Has laid Guy's request before the general commanding in chief who is afraid it will not be in his power to meet Guy's wishes at an early period. Page 333

The same to the same. (No. 288). Has laid before Queen memorial from William Smith for a pension of £400 a year on resigning his offices of clerk of the Legislative Council and Master of Chancery and also for an honorary mark of approbation of his services. The titular distinctions are to be continued but the question of a retired allowance cannot be entertained.

December 23, Downing Street.

The same to the same (No. 289). Has laid before the Queen the memorial of Mrs. Ansley, widow of a missionary of the Church of England representing her destitute condition. Cannot recommend any addition to the grant Mrs. Ansley had already received.

December 23, Downing Street.

Glenelg to Gosford. (No. 290). Had received his confidential letter of 14th of November containing the grounds on which he believed it would be for the public service that he should be relieved of the office of Governor General of Canada. The dispatches would show that Government had already advised that his resignation should be accepted.

December 30, Downing Street.

Glenelg to Gosford (No. 291). Has received petition from the Roman Catholic Bishop of Montreal for leave to hold in mortmain certain properties for purposes enumerated. There is no objection in law to granting the petition.

December 30, Downing Street.

Glenelg to officer administering. (No. 292). Has received memorial from the Judges of the King's Bench of Lower Canada for measures to secure their independence, Government cannot at present meet their views but as soon as an opportunity offers they will do so.

December 30, Downing Street.

Glenelg to Officer Administering. Sends copy of letter from Mrs. Gordon complaining of extortion by Bouchette who is called on for explanation. 341

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(Part 1 is paged from 1 to 180; part 2 from 181 to 364).

1834. October 14, Upper Canada.

Deed to Archibald Petrie by Colborne Lieut.-Governor of Upper Canada. Enclosed in Glenelg to Durham 25th May 1838.

1836. October 11, Quebec. November 3, Quebec.

1837. February 23, Extract from a report of a Committee of the Executive Council.

Quebec. March 29, Quebec.

Proclamation of how militia can obtain lands.

March 30,

This and the three preceding enclosed in Gosford Langevin to Walcott. to Glenelg 12th January, 1838.

Montreal.

Statement by Hughes. Enclosed in Gosford to Glenelg 3rd February,

April 5. Quebec. Walcott to Executive Council.

Walcott to the Executive Council.

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April 24, Quebec.

Report of the Executive Council.

April 25. Quebec.

Average statement. This and two preceding enclosed in Gosford to Glenelg 12th January, 1838.

April 27, Quebec.

Report of the Attorney General on the cases of Hughes. Enclosed in Gosford to Glenelg 3rd February, 1838.

July 17. Quebec.

List of the townships. Enclosed in Gosford to Glenely, 12th January, 1838.

July 22. Montreal.

Report of the Solicitor and Attorney General on the boundaries between Upper and Lower Canada. Enclosed in Glenelg to Durham, 25th May, 1838.

July 28, Quebec. Statement of the number and classes of militia claimants.

August 10, Quebec.

Petition (in French) of militia men of Lower Canada.

August 25, Quebec.

Official notice.

September 2, Quebec.

Walcott to Executive Council.

September 13, Quebec.

Extract from report. This and the preceding four enclosed in Gosford to Glenelg, 12th January, 1838. 

September 15, Quebec.

Durham, 25 May, 1838. Walcott to Adjutant General of Militia.

September 21, Quehec.

Kerr to Walcott.

November 4, Quebec. November 14,

The same to the same. This and two preceding enclosed in Gosford to Glenelg, 12th January, 1838.

December 27. Quebec.

Quebec.

Bedard to Gosford. Enclosed in Gosford to Glenelg, 23rd January, 1838.

December 28, Allumette

Samuel Adams. Memorial to Glenelg. Enclosed in Glenelg to Durham, 25th May, 1838.

Island. No date.

Day to Weed. Enclosed in Gosford to Glenelg, 8th January, 1838. Other documents of various dates also enclosed.

No date.

Rules for the guidance of the Board on Militia land claims. Enclosed in Gosford to Glenelg, 12th January, 1838.

1838. January 1, Quebec.

Gosford to Glenelg. (No. 1). Transmits schedule of dispatches to the Secretary of State, during 1837. Enclosed. Schedule. 4

January 5. Quebec.

Report by Andrew Russell with appendix. Enclosed in Gosford to Glenelg, 7th February, 1838.

January 5. Quebec.

Gosford to Glenelg. (No. 2). The application of Stewart and Walker for the issue of a writ of habeas corpus in favour of Cherrier and Pelletier has been unsuccessful, the judges stating that the country was under martial

January 5, Quebec.

The same to the same (confidential). Had officially reported the decision of the judges respecting the prisoners. The necessity of caution in deciding how and before what courts they should be tried. Would prefer to have them tried by a court of law, had he any assurance that a jury would act conscientiously. Suggests passing some bills of indemnity to allay the feeling in the States in favour of MacKenzie and others. Doubts if the central government of the United States is strong enough to control a certain part of the population, so that government should be prepared for the worst.

January 8, Quebec.

Gosford to Glenelg. Sends report of the attack on the Caroline which he has reason to fear is substantially correct. Everthing may go well if the

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United States Government can repress the spirit that prevails on the frontier. Head will no doubt do anything possible to satisfy the United States Government.

Enclosed. Day to Weed. Report of the attack on the Caroline. Other documents on the same subject. 39 to 43

Further particulars of the Militia claims.

Jaduary 11, Quebec.

January 11, Quebec.

Statement of the number of persons belonging to the militia corps, both enclosed in Gosford to Glenelg, 12th January, 1838.

January 11.

Gosford to Glenelg. (confidential). Sends suggestions from Hon. Hugues Heney, Executive Councillor, which he brings before His Lordship without remark. 45

Enclosed.Suggestions by Hugues Heney (in French).

January 12, Quebec.

Gosford to Glenelg (No. 3). Sends petitions from militia men who served during the war for a grant of land from which they were excluded by the decision of His late Majesty. His (Gosford's) calculation that 100,000 acres would be required must be extended to 600,000 acres if the various corps applying are admitted. Refers the whole question to the decision of the Imperial Government.

Enclosed. Schedule of documents transmitted to the Colonial Office by

Walcott to the Executive Council. Transmits dispatch from the Colonial Secretary in answer to the resolution of the Assembly respecting the claims of militia for land. The communication asks the advice of Council how the resolution is to be carried out.

Extract from report of a committee of the Executive Council as to the course to be adopted to carry into effect the intentions of Government to grant land to the militia. 67

Proclamation of how militia can obtain lands.

Walcott to Executive Council. Asks the Council to appoint a committee to examine Langevin's letter on militia grant lands.

Langevin to Walcott. Remarks on the claims of the militia for land that have been lodged with the commissioners. 71 Report of the Executive Council on militia claims. 73

Walcott to Executive Council. Sends further information respecting militia claims. 76

List of townships to be surveyed for the officers and men of the militia. 79 Extract from report of a committee of Council on militia claims. 80

A statement of suitable lands follows. 83 Walcott to Adjutant General of Militia. Asks for an explanation to

identify the different battalions or corps of militia. 85 Adjutant General of Militia to Walcott. Reports what corps of militia

were called out. Kerr to the same. Recapitulates the contents of messages from the

Governor respecting land grants to the militia. Complains of the delay in allotting the lands, and maintains that all volunteer corps who served are entitled to land.

The same to the same. Refers to sections of the Militia Act to prove that volunteer and other corps are entitled to land. 94

Petition (in French) of militia men of Lower Canada. 95

Statement of the number of persons of each grade belonging to the militia corps.

Average statement of land granted to militia since 1818. 103 Official notice that letters patent have been prepared for certain officers and men of the militia. 104

Statement of the number and classes of militia claimants with remarks. 106 Further particulars and recapitulation of the militia claims. 110

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January 21, Quebec.	Report of a committee of the Executive Council. Enclosed in Gosford to Glenelg 26th January, 1838.
January 22,	Gosford to Glenelg (No. 4). Has received notice that he has been
Quebéc.	relieved from the office of Governor. Shall notify Colborne who is to administer till his (Gosford's) successor arrives. Could not leave his post sooner.
January 22,	The same to the same (No. 5). Sends half yearly return of the Executive
Quebec.	and Legislative Councils.
	Enclosed. Return.
January 22,	Gosford to Glenelg (No. 6). Sends annual return of Crown lands sold
Quebec.	and granted and of clergy reserves held for the same period. 133  Enclosed. Return. 135
January 22,	Gosford to Glenelg (No. 7). Sends half yearly return of the sales of
Quebec.	clergy reserves to 31st December, 1837.  Enclosed. Return.
January 22,	Gosford to Glenelg (No. 8). Sends returns of receipts and expenditure
Quebec.	on account of Crown lands and of licences to cut timber also receipts for
	Crown lands &c for three months to 31st December, 1857.
	Enclosed statements.
January 23,	Gosford to Glenelg (No. 9). Has ordered the issue of a warrant to pay
Quebec.	Campbell for his claim against the Ross family on account of land which
	had been granted to them but was not transferred, it having been discovered
	that it had already been granted to another. 149
January 23,	Governor in Council considers the case of Debartzch. Enclosed in
Quebec.	Gosford to Glenelg, 26th January, 1838.
Janurry 23,	Gosford to Glenelg (No. 10). Sends report on the emigration to the
Quebec.	Canadas for 1837.
	Enclosed. Report.
January 23, Quebec.	Gosford to Glenelg (No. 11). Had sent documents belonging to Fran-
Weener.	cois Lajus obtained from his grandson Judge Bedard, who now wishes to
	learn from the French Consul the motives for the inquiry respecting Mr. Lajus.
	Enclosed. Bedard to Gosford. Had sent the documents asked for by
	the French consul respecting François Lajus.
January 24,	Gosford to Glenelg (No. 12). Sends annual estimate of presents required
Quebec.	for the Indians of the Canadas.
	Enclosed. Estimate.
January 25, Quebec.	Gosford to Glenelg. Enclosed in Glenelg to Durham; 25th May, 1838.
January 26,	Gosford to Glenelg (No. 14). Applies for instructions as to what, if any,
Quebec.	indemnification was to be made for losses caused by the rebellion. Reports
	the case of Debartzch to whom the sum of £1,000 was advanced.
	Enclosed. Report of a committee of the Executive Council recommend-
	ing that a sum be advanced to loyal subjects who had suffered losses at the
	hands of the rebels.
	Governor in Council considers the case of Debartzch and agrees to advance
January 29,	him £1,000.
Quebec.	Gosford to Glenelg. As authorized has issued letters patent appointing
	Davidson and Bouthillier commissioners of Crown lands and sends the fees.
January 30,	The same to the same. Sends schedule of dispatches received from the
Quebec.	Colonial Department from 18th December.
	Enclosed. Schedule. 200
January 30,	Gosford to Glenelg (confidential). Thanks for the expressions of approval
Quebec.	of his course during his government of Canada; the difficulties he had to
	encounter. The question of dissolving the present and calling a new Parlia-

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ment. Loyal addresses pouring in. Regret of the French population at the deceit and treachery practiced on many of them. All is quiet in the Canadas and if the States Government can suppress the turbulence of some on the borders, peace and order would soon be re-established. may be expected from the extreme English party both in Quebec and Montreal, particularly in the latter. Is to leave on the 13th of next month.

January 31, Quebec.

Gosford to Glenelg (No. 17). Had intended to resign his office on the 1st of February, and to spend a short time as a private individual. however, that so long as he remains he is Governor and that during that time Colborne cannot administer. He has, therefore, named the 13th instead of the 1st of February, as the day on which he will hand over the reins of government.

February 3, Quebec.

The same to the same. In explanation of the charge of the £18. 4.  $1\frac{3}{4}$ . incurred by Hughes in defending a suit, sends statement by Hughes, sends also the report of the Attorney General on the charge. Penalty for purchasing receiving in pledge or exchanging clothes or fire arms belonging to an Indian.

Enclosed. Statement by Hughes explaining the steps he had taken in regard to the purchase of fire arms from Indians. The suit brought 20 months after when he was condemned by the jury although the judge had acquitted him.

Report of the Attorney General, recommending that Hughes should be paid his expenses in the suit by Mallet.

February 7, Quebec.

Gosford to Glenelg. (No. 19). Sends copy of detailed report of Andrew Russell as to the extent and nature of the works carried on by the British American Land Company.

Enclosed. Report. 225

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Works at Port St. Francis.

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Reports on other roads in the Eastern townships.

307 Statistics relating to Sherbrooke.

February 8, Quebec.

Gosford to Glenelg (No. 20). Desires to perform his promise to bring before the Queen the loyal addresses sent by the people of Canada. it enough to send the names of the places whence the addresses were sent, 311 with the number of signatures.

Enclosed. List of addresses with the number of signatures. 313

February 10, Quebec.

Gosford to Glenelg (No. 21). Sends copy of the proceedings of the Executive Council.

February 11, Quebec.

The same to Colborne. Reports having met with an accident which will detain him.

February 12, Quebec.

The same to Glenelg (No. 22). Had informed the officers of the Indian Department of the abolition of their offices and the compensation awarded. Had, from the circumstances of the country, employed Chesley at St. Regis, but when the need is over, affairs will revert to their usual state.

February 13, Quebec.

The same to the same (No. 23). Sends report of the Executive Council on the case of Miss Gore with additional details sent by her. The report

321 enclosed. Enclosed. Report. 323

327 Memorandum on the family of the late Lieut. Col. Ralph Gore. 332 Will of Gore.

February 14, Montreal.

Testimonial by Wetherall. Enclosed in Gosford to Grey 22nd October, 1838.

1838. February 15, Quebec.

February 16,

Quebec.

Gosford to Colborne. Hopes to be able to leave in a few days.

Page 338 Gosford to Glenelg (private). Reports his accident, causing delay. Executive Council at Montreal ready to swear in Colborne. All quiet in Canada and on the frontiers. No newspaper reports to be trusted. boundary question much mixed up with electioneering intrigue in United States, but it should be settled.

February 22, Quebec.

The same to the same. The delay in transferring the government to Colborne has been caused by an accident which injured him. The doctors think he may venture to travel on Tuesday the 27th. Has written to ascertain if a ship of war could meet him at Boston or New York not for his personal comfort as he understands that the accommodation in the New York packets is excellent. Has proclaimed the 26th instant as a day of thanksgiving for the restoration of public tranquility, he and the Council believe that there need be little apprehension of renewed disturbance. Some of the violent party, however, say that the late rebellion was not extinguished only checked.

March 22, Washington.

The same to the same (private). Has found the best feeling to prevail in the United States towards Britain and condemnation of the conduct of men on the frontier who took part in Canadian troubles. Had been advised to visit the President and was glad he had followed the advice. Has heard with pleasure of Durham's appointment.

Glenelg to Durham. The Queen's gratification at Gosford's letter containing loyal addresses.

April 28, Downing Street.

Unsigned to the French Consul. Transmits request from Judge Bedard April 30. as to the reason for the inquiry respecting his grandfather François

Elliot to Stephen. Enclosed in Glenelg to Durham, 21st May, 1838.

May 1, London.

Unsigned to Spearman. Glenelg is of opinion that the explanation fur-May 9. nished by Gosford respecting the payment of the expenses incurred by Hughes is sufficient to justify it.

May 9.

Unsigned to the same. Sends Gosford's dispatch that he had employed one of the Indian agents, and Glenelg desires that the Treasury sanction the measure.

May 15.

Unsigned to Spearman. Sends the report of the commissioners on the claim of John Saxton Campbell on account of the Ross family. Reports the payment to Campbell, which should receive the sanction of the

May 21, Downing Street.

Glenelg to Durham. Sends copy of letter from the agent for emigration which recommends the temporary re-establishment of the tax for the relief of sick or indigent emigrants.

Enclosed. Elliot to Stephen. Is glad of the slight mortality among the emigrants. Approves of Buchanan's suggestion for the reimposition of the tax for the relief of emigrants.

Report of the Solicitor and Attorney General on the boundaries between Upper and Lower Canada.

Testimonial by T. & S. R. Andres. Enclosed in Gosford to Grey 22 October, 1838.

May 25, Downing Street.

May 22,

Chambly.

Glenelg to Durham. Reports that a question had arisen as to the boundary between Upper and Lower Canada. Samuel Adams has petitioned for leave to purchase at a low rate 200 acres on Allumette Island. He cannot purchase on more favourable terms than those on which lands are sold generally.

Enclosed. Gosford to Glenelg. Explains the case of the application of Samuel Adams for land on Allumette Island.

1838.

Report of a Committee of the Executive Council on the boundary line between Upper and Lower Canada.

Page 177 verso.

Deed to Archibald Petrie of Clarence to two small islands in front of Clarence and Cumberland, executed by Colborne, Lieut.-Governor of Upper Canada.

July 18, Downing Street. Samuel Adams. Memorial to Glenelg for land on Allumette Island. 178 Glenelg to Durham. Has earefully examined all the available documents respecting the claims of the militia, but many are missing. The promise of the Prince Regent referred to by Gosford as made in 1819 to grant lands to the militia cannot be found although there are promises to particular regiments of regulars and foreign troops. Whilst Her Majesty desires to act with liberality towards the militia who came forward during the war with the United States, yet as acting for the public due regard must be paid to the disposal of the Crown lands.

Statement by W. Power. Enclosed in Gosford to Grey 22nd October,

August 18, Sta Quebec. 1838.

August 23, Wangford. October 22,

Gosford.

Gosford to Grey. Asks that a letter may go with the dispatches from the Colonial Office.

349

The same to the same. The enclosed has reference to transactions fully stated in his dispatches. Probably the matter has been settled since he (Gosford) had left the Quebee Government.

Enclosed. Statement by W. Power of his claim to a proper allowance as registrar of the vice Admiralty Court.

October 22, Gosford. Gosford to Grey. Encloses letters relating to Hertel de Rouville's conduct in the late disturbances, which he has asked to be laid before the Colonial Office in support of his petition for compensation.

Enclosed. Testimonial by T. & S. R. Andres to Hertel de Rouville's loyalty and losses.

Testimonial of Wetherall to the hospitality and kindness of de Rouville, both before and after the affair at St. Charles.

No date.

Suggestions by Hugues Heney. Enclosed in Gosford to Glenelg, 11th January, 1838.

LIEUT. GOVERNOR SIR J. COLBORNE, 1838.

# Q. 244-1-2.

(Part 1 paged from 1 to 274; part 2 from 275 to page 464).

1835. December 5, London.

Hume to Mackenzie.

1837. December 5, Montreal.

Minutes of special sessions, both enclosed in Colborne to Durham, 24th January, 1838.

December 12, Montreal. General order. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 30th March, 1838.

December 15, D'Aillebout.

Berczy to Colborne.

December 18, D'Aillebout. The same to the same. Both enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 17th March, 1838.

December 26, Toronte. Head to Colborne. Enclosed in Colborne to FitzRoy Somerset, 2nd January, 1838.

December 28, Montreal. Prohibition. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 30th March, 1838.

December 29, Chippewa. Deposition by Gauder respecting the firing by men on Grand and Navy Islands.

December 29, Lockwood to McNab. Reports the pirates on Grand island building a Chippewa. bridge across a ravine.

1837. December 29, Chippewa.

Elmsley to the same. Reports the pirates on Navy Island firing on a boat belonging to His Majesty's Navy.

December 30, Chippewa. Deposition of Wrigley respecting the employment of the Caroline.

December 30, Chippewa. McNab to Jones. (Two letters).

December 30, Chippewa. Deposition of Nolop that he had been taken prisoner by rebels.

December 30, Chippewa. Deposition of Walker respecting the capture of the Caroline. This and the seven preceding enclosed in Colborne to Fitzroy Somerset, 9th January, 1838.

December —, Quebec. Walcott to Colborne. Enclosed in Colborne to Durham, 24th January, 1838.

1838. January 1,

Gore to Foster.

Montreal.

January 1,

Colborne to Head.

Montreal.

January 1,

Gore to Biscoe. This and the two preceding enclosed in Colborne to

Montreal.

Fitz Roy Somerset, 2nd January, 1838.

January 2, Montreal. Colborne to Fitz Roy Somerset. Transmits copy of letter from the Lieut. Governor of Upper Canada, stating that a party of Americans had taken possession of Navy Island intending to aid the rebels. The island is British territory. Sends copy of instructions in respect to a military movement which he believes will be successful.

Page 8

Enclosed. Head to Colborne. Reports that Americans have taken possession of Navy Island, they being well drilled and armed. Theoretically it is annoying that these ruffians should be allowed to hold possession of British territory, but practically to take possession a certain number of troops must be imprisoned on the island, or, if withdrawn, it would be again taken possession of and the work would have to be done over again.

Colborne to Head. Proposes if the distance allows, that the intruders on Navy Island should be disturbed by a constant fire from the left bank and proposes to erect a mortar battery for this purpose.

Gore to Foster. Sends Colborne's directions that arrangements are to be made to dislodge the enemy from Navy Island.

Gore to Biscoe. He is to proceed to the Niagara frontier to inform himself of the position of Navy Island, its distance from the mainland &c., and if batteries could be erected to drive the enemy from the island.

January 6, Downing Street. Glenelg to Colborne. Has received dispatches respecting Gore's second expedition to the banks of the Richelieu and of the proclamation of martial law in the district of Montreal. Is desired to send the Queen's approbation of his conduct and that of Gosford. Has had no information as to the reason of the arrest of certain individuals. It is highly satisfactory to know of the changed feeling and of the help given by the habitants. From indications, he trusts it will not be long before the authority of the law will be vindicated and tranquility restored. The necessity that existed for the proclamation of martial law, which it is gratifying to observe is to be confined within the narrowest limits. The Queen cheerfully accepts the offer of service made by volunteers from Quebec, her high sense of the loyalty of the large body of her subjects in Lower Canada. Hopes when the season shall admit of military movements that the rebels still in arms may be dispersed.

January 9, Montreal.

Colborne to Fitz Roy Somerset. The Americans still hold Navy Island with about 700 men well armed and 9 field pieces. Volunteers from Upper Canada are flocking to the Niagara frontier. Reinforcements arriving. Report received that the Americans are preparing to invade the western district of Upper Canada but the reports are so vague that he does

1838.

not attach much credit to them. The disgraceful conduct of Americans in New York and Vermont. Is sending a force to the Niagara frontier, Toronto and Kingston. Sends statement from Head relative to the capture of the Caroline which was no doubt engaged in the service of the pirates. Has ordered Foster not to incur great risks in attacking Navy Island as he hopes the pirates will be dislodged by constant fire or disperse.

(Printed duplicate at page 31).

McNab to Jones. Sends papers connected with the capture Enclosed.of the Steamboat Caroline.

The same to the same. Reports the capture of the Caroline. 31 verso. Various affidavits respecting the behavior of the pirates on Grand Island 31 verso to 32 verso.

January 17, Montreal.

Colborne to Gosford. Sends dispatches arrived from England. not hesitate to proceed to Quebec to communicate with His Lordship respecting them, but he ought not to leave Montreal at present. from Upper Canada are unsatisfactory; has sent reinforcements.

January 20. January 21. Quebec.

Memorial of Ryland. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 14th April, 1838. Gosford to Colborne. Has received dispatches which, except one, prove to be duplicates. Sends a copy of that one which officially confirms the liberty to suit his convenience in retiring. Refers to instructions of which he asks a copy. Desires to be relieved of his public duties as soon as possible and intends to do so on the first of February unless he thinks that the public service or his convenience requires His Lordship to retain the office a few days longer.

January 23, Montreal.

Goldie to Ogden. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 24th January, 1838.

January 23, Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg. Introduces Badgley, representing the Constitutional Association of Montreal.

January 24. Montreal.

The same to the same. Acknowledges receipt of dispatch that Gosford is retiring from the Government of Canada. He still retains it, but he intends to retire on the 1st of February.

January 24, Montreal.

Ogden and O'Sullivan to Goldie. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 24th January, 1838.

January 24, Montreal.

Colborne to Gosford. Forwards dispatches from Glenelg. Assures His Lordship that he desires that he would suit his own convenience as to the time of relinquishing the Government. The reports constantly arising of intended incursions and invasions prevents him from leaving Montreal till the United States Government can check the disorderly population of the different States. Asks that the clerk and some of the members of the Executive Council be sent to Montreal to swear him in as administrator. The embarrassing question of the trial of State prisoners. Desires His Lordship's opinion as to the mode of trial and whether that could be by a military court. 38.

January 24, Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 2). Had not tried any of the prisoners by court martial. Has received no instructions from Gosford on the subject. Had referred the question to the law officers of the Crown and now transmits their opinion. Had already released 200 persons. This unexpected lenity has alarmed the loyal inhabitants who have represented the danger of releasing so many rebels who if not punished could be easily induced to pillage and take up arms at the instigation of any rebel who still retained influence. The embarrassment the settlement of this question may cause to the Imperial Government, but the local Government could not with justice to the public or without danger to the province have the political offenders tried by the ordinary tribunals nor could they be tried by court martial without legislative enactment.

Forward plan of an Act drawn by the Attorney General.

41

Enclosed. Schedule of documents accompaning the dispatch.

45

1838.

Goldie to Ogden, Attorney General. Applies for the opinion of the law officers of the Crown on the question of the trial of political offenders.

Ogden and O'Sullivan to Goldie. Opinion on the trial of political offenders.

Proposed Act for the trial of political prisoners.

50

January 24, Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg. Sends letter from Hume to MacKenzie found among Papineau's papers.

Enclosed. Hume to MacKenzie. Congratulates him on the appointment of Head as Lieut. Governor. Sends letter of introduction. He has given Head the 1st and 7th reports on grievances and some of his (Mac-Kenzie's) late letters. Urges that attention should be paid to Head. Remarks on the policy of the Imperial Government.

January 24, Montreal.

Colborne to Durham. Transmits copy of instructions respecting courts martial which he had not felt justified in assembling on his return from the county of the Lake of Two Mountains. Has already released more than 200 persons which has produced many complaints on the part of the lovalists. Sends documents laid before the law officers of the Crown and their opinion.

Enclosed. Walcott to Colborne. In sending authority to establish martial law, the governor in chief trusts that the power given will of itself be sufficient to strike salutary terror into the hearts of the disaffected. In certain cases he is to revert to the ordinary tribunals. 443

Minutes of special sessions of Montreal.—Resolutions respecting the pardoning of rebels. 443 verso

January 25, Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg (private). The Americans and rebels left Navy Island and the armed force assembled at Detroit had retired from Bois Blanc after the capture of their schooner by the Kent Militia. So long as the excitement continues in Vermont and New York it will not be safe to dismiss the militia.

February 1, Montreal.

Colborne to Governor Marcy. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 10th February, 1838.

February 6. London.

Maitland to Gore. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 17th February, 1838.

February 8.

Townshend to Maitland. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 17th Febru-Amherstburg. ary, 1838.

February 10, Quebec.

Act to make temporary provision for the Government of Lower Canada. 252

The same in French. 370

February 10. Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg (No. 3). Has been informed of the retirement of armed Americans. Gathering of men on the frontier near Champlain and Platsburgh preparing for invasion. Has written to the Governor of New York on the subject. Sends copies of letter and answer.

Enclosed. Colborne to Governor Marcy. Calls attention to the proceedings of armed people of New York who are assembling on the frontier

preparing to invade the province.

Governor Marcy to Colborne. The State Government has no authority to act in the case stated. The Federal Government alone has the power and he has written to the proper authorities.

February 10, London.

Maitland to Gore. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg. 17th February, 1838.

February 12. Montreal.

Memorial of Mrs. Attrill. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg. April, 1838.

February 13, Toronto.

Foster to Colborne. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg. 17th February, 1838.

February 17, Colborne to Glenelg (No. 4). Gosford has been detained at Quebec by Montreal. an accident. The brigands assembled in Michigan have not been dispersed.

1838.

General Wood is taking measures to prevent rebels and their supporters from making a movement. Has no doubt that Generals Scott and Wool will continue to act with energy.

Page 89 verso

Enclosed. Maitland to Gore. All is quiet on the western frontier. Return of officers of the United States army to the Niagara frontier. Has hired house for barracks. Many American families moving out. Has urged the reduction of the number of militia to lessen the expense. 89 verso

Foster to Colborne. The report of an invasion trom Cleveland discredited, the 400 reported to be coming being in a miserable state of wretchedness and in want of arms. Shall not fail to send reinforcements if necessary to the London district.

Townshend to Maitland. Asks for reinforcements to meet an attack of 1.000 men from Cleveland. 90 verso

Maitland to Gore. Sends reports received from Townshend. These may not be true but he has proceeded to Amherstburgh with reinforcements. The position of military defence in the London district.

90 verso

Lee, U. S. Artillery to Vidal. Reports that there is no collection of rebel forces from where he is to Detroit. The scattered rebels have but few arms and are unprepared for hostile operations.

Dunlop to ———— After reducing his force, he had, owing to reports from the other side, to recall the men and to add to the number. The United States militia will not obey General Brady, so he has disarmed them, but the Michigan militia are fully armed and will join the rebels and had stopped the removal of provisions. Provisions secured at Port Huron. The enemy left Detroit on Saturday so they may be expected to-night. The estimate of the number varies, but the most sensible men think they are about 600, so if they are not strongly reinforced at Mount Clements he will attack them. They are commanded by Duncombe. His (Dunlop's) men are in much better order than the others.

Glenelg to Colborne. Has transmitted Act to make temporary provision for the government of Lower Canada. Explanation of the terms of the Act.

Colborne to Campbell. Enclosed in Campbell to Glenelg. 15th March, 1838.

Deposition of John Sharp that the rebels were to meet at Bath. Information against Turner and others.

Wilkinson to Phillpots. Reports his having been taken prisoner and what he saw in the rebel camp. His release. Sympathy with the rebels on the frontier of the United States. The small number of the rebels and their want of discipline.

Bonnycastle to the same. Sends information respecting the designs of the rebels about Bath and Belleville received this morning. General Brady reports that the mob at Detroit cannot be controlled and have again stolen arms. Has not seen the rascally proclamation of Fairbanks respecting the arms stolen. He offers about half a dollar a piece for those restored. How the militia are disposed of at Kingston, other militia corps distributed along the country roads. People flocking in from all parts of the country, so that if the rebels had the temerity to attack few would remain to tell the tale. Everything goes on smoothly. Colonel Cameron too ill to act. Reinforcements sent to Gananoque.

Phillpots to Gore. By information from Bonnycastle it appears that the designs of the rebels were more extensive than he (Phillpots) had imagined. Now all is safe here. Upwards of 1000 men with four guns were at French Creek on the night of the 22nd to make an attack, and part of the force took possession of Hickory Island. Only another company of the 83rd is necessary. With the two companies the volunteers would feel every confi-

February 18.

February 19, Chenel Ecarté.

February 19, Downing Street.

February 21, Montreal.

February 22, Sidney.

February 23, Gananoque.

February 23, Kingston.

February 24, Brockville,

1838.

dence. Had since received information that the brigands were dispersing. Page 113

February 24, Brockville.

The same to Colborne. Reports that the brigands have dispersed; they had with them 1500 stand of arms and 6 field pieces. The militia have turned out nobly. If another company of the 83rd could be sent, he (Colborne) might feel at ease as to that part of the country. Wilkinson's account of the state of preparation and the feelings of the people has struck the bandits with panic. Bonnycastle writes that McKenzie has crossed to Belleville to attack Kingston from that side whilst Johnson and others were coming to Brockville.

February 25, Amherstburg. Maitland to Foster.

February 25,

Townshend to Maitland. Both enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 3rd Amherstburg. March, 1838.

February 27, Montreal.

Proclamation continuing martial law.

February 27, Montreal.

Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 28th February, 1838. Colborne to Glenelg. Has assumed the Government of Lower Canada, Gosford having left this morning. Sends copies of Gosford's letter and of

his (Colborne's) proclamation. Enclosed. Gosford to Ryland. To summon the Executive Council to swear in Colborne. 446

February 28, Montreal.

Proclamation by Colborne that he had assumed the office of Governor, 446 Colborne to Glenelg. The law officers have represented the inconvenience of having appointed a day of thanksgiving. The virtual discontinuance of martial law. A proclamation has been issued for its continuance.

446 verso

Enclosed Proclamation continuing martial law.

446 verso

Colborne to Fox. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 3rd March, 1838. The same to Campbell. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 15th March, 1838.

Montreal. February 28, Toronto. February -.

February 28.

February 28,

Foster to Colborne. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 3rd March, 1838. Rebel proclamation and declaration enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 3rd March, 1838.

February (?), Watertown.

Whiting to Jones. Report of the state of excitement in the United States frontiers in favour of the rebels.

March 3. Montreal.

Deposition of Dr. Dorion. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 17th March, 1838.

March 3. Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg. Parties of rebels who have been at Platsburg and Champlain crossed and entered the province on the 28th, but the Missisquoi volunteers advanced to oppose them and they withdrew and were disarmed by Wool, U.S.A. who arrested Coté and Robert Nelson. Sends reports from officers commanding in the western district. Sends printed papers distributed by the rebels on the frontiers.

Enclosed. Colborne to Fox. Reports disorders on the frontier which American officers have not sufficient force to repress.

Foster to Colborne. Reports that about 250 brigands had crossed to Point Abino on the British shore of Lake Erie pursued by Worth of the American army from whom they had managed to escape. Has sent a reinforcement of Canadian volunteers to the Niagara frontier.

Maitland to Foster. A band of piratical rebels from Detroit took posession of Fighting Island from which they have been dislodged. Two companies of the 32nd and one of the 83rd were sent with about 250 of the militia. Those dislodged were chiefly United States citizens who were allowed to land and to fire from the United States shore.

Townshend to Maitland. Details of the driving off of the brigands from Fighting Island. Attention called to the services of Colonels Elliot and Askin of the 2nd Essex Militia; Captain Glasgow of the Royal Artillery;

1838.

Captain Ermatinger of the St. Thomas volunteers and of Lieut. Colonel Prince; commends also the alacrity of the Indians of the neighborhood.448

Wool to Colborne. Drs. Nelson and Coté have surrendered with all their forces, cannon, small arms, and ammunition and have been handed over to the United States authorities. Everything is now tranquil on the frontier.

448 verso

Rebel proclamation. 448 verso Rebel declaration. 449

(Both are signed by Robert Nelson.)

March 4, Amherstburg. March 8, Montreal. March 9, Maitland to Foster. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 9th March, 1838.

Colborne to Campbell. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 15th March, 1838.

The same to Glenelg. (No. 4.) Sends schedule of dispatches received from the Colonial department.

136
Enclosed. Schedule.

March 9, Montreal.

March 9, Montreal.

Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 5.) Sends report from Maitland of his attack on a party of brigands who had taken possession of Point Pelé Island. The frontier is now well guarded by volunteers so that no serious impression can be made by the brigands. Trusts that the outrageous proceedings of the inhabitants of the United States will compel the American Government to adopt measures to prevent a repetition of the disgraceful acts.

139

Colborne to Glenelg. Transmits copy of letter from Maitland reporting the attack on and defeat of a party of brigands from Ohio, who had taken possession of Pelé Island, in Lake Erie.

449 verso

Enclosed. Maitland to Foster. Reports the attack on and repulse of brigands from Ohio who had taken possession of Pelé Island. 449 verso

Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 6.) Sends memorial from the officers of the Queen's Niagara Fencibles asking to be permanently retained as a provincial corps.

Enclosed. Memorial.

March 15, Montreal.

March 10,

Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 7). Hopes that although the rebellion has been put down in Upper and Lower Canada that the proposed reinforcements may be sent in consequence of the threatened assistance to the rebels which has been promised from foreign sources which will continue till there is a force sufficient to give confidence to the inhabitants. Sends copies of letters to Campbell to show his idea of the enormous expense caused by frequent alarms. It is difficult to estimate the number of adventurers, but a few hundred cause alarm which soon calls out the volunteers, but is satisfied that regular troops judiciously placed will tend to allay excitement and aggression than all the exertions of the United States Government. Recommends that volunteer corps be placed on the frontier. Has no doubt that horses can be obtained to mount the dragoon regiments intended for Canada.

Enclosed. Colborne to Campbell. Explains the cause of the expense for military operations and the necessity of attending to reports from officers commanding at a distance of apprehended invasions. The good quality of the volunteers, but in hasty levies expenditure cannot be stopped. Recommends placing an army of occupation for a year or longer as a saving of money.

Colborne to Campbell. Reports the movements of the rebels and their hopes of embroiling the governments of Great Britain and the United States.

The same to the same. Advance of rebels from Alberg Springs but retired on the 1st of March. If they had remained it would have been difficult in the pursuit, when they were defeated, to have prevented the volunteers from crossing the boundary line. Expediency of having a proper supply of regular troops.

1838. March 16, Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg (No. 8). Returns thanks for his (Glenelg's) consideration in obtaining the consent of Government to his (Colborne's) receiving the whole of the civil salary attached to the office of Governor General.

Page 165

179

March 17. Montreal.

The same to the same (private and confidential). Reports the state of the province and his desire that a measure should be passed protecting him from prosecution after martial law has been abrogated.

Enclosed. O'Sullivan, Solicitor General, to Colborne. Sends statement of the proceedings in the cases of Peltier, Cherrier and Viger, charged with high treason.

Deposition of Dr. Dorion, respecting Dr. Wolfred Nelson.

Berczy to Colborne. Represents the disturbed state of affairs in his neighbourhood. Can he have assistance in securing persons guilty of sedition.

The same to the same. The change in public feeling since the success at St. Eustache and the prospects are that everything will become peace-

March 17, Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg (private and confidential). Again urges the propriety of his being protected after the abrogation of martial law.

March 19, Downing Street.

Glenelg to Colborne. Remarks on the proposal to try political prisoners by court martial. This should not be done before testing the result of trials before the ordinary tribunals. The crime of ordinary murder should not be confounded with merely political offences. 441

Colborne to Wool. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 30th March, 1838.

Montreal. March 19.

Maitland to Foster. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg 26th March, 1838. Colborne to Glenelg, (No. 9.) Transmits communication from General Wool, U.S.A., respecting Canadians at Champlain anxious to return to Canada. Sends intercepted letter of Robert Nelson. 443 verso and 450

Enclosed. Wool to Colborne. Sends petition from 20 habitans for leave to return. The advantage of complying with their request. 444 and 450 verso Intercepted letter from Robert Nelson to Ryan. The plans of the rebels for the invasion of Upper and Lower Canada in agreement with McKenzie.

How Colborne and Wool have been deceived.

444 and 450 verso Colborne to Glenelg, (No. 10.) Forwards petition from François Chart-

rand on behalf of the family of his late brother who had been killed by the insurgents and recommends it. 197 Enclosed. Petition of the children of the late Joseph Chartrand. 199

Christie to Odell. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 30th March, 1838.

Foster to Colborne. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 26th March, 1838.

Report of an examination of refugees. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 30th March, 1838.

Colborne to Glenelg, (No. 11.) Sends schedule of dispatches received

from the colonial office since the 9th instant. Enclosed. Schedule.

204 Colborne to Glenelg. Has received Head's dispatch containing charges against him (Colborne.) Asks that His Lordship suspend judgment till the

correspondence has been laid before him. Colborne to Glenelg, (No. 12.) Sends private communications from Foster and Maitland that parties of brigands which caused alarm on the western frontier have dispersed, and Maitland has dispensed with the services of several corps of volunteers. 211

Enclosed. Foster to Colborne. Sends latest news from the western frontier where affairs have assumed a more pacific character. Maitland to Foster. Reports the state of affairs in the western frontier.

March 19,

March 19, Montreal.

March 22, Montreal.

March 22, Montreal.

March 23, Toronto. March 24, Odelltown.

March 24, Montreal.

March 24, Montreal.

March 26, Montreal.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 18 March 27. Proclamation. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 31st March, 1838. Montreal. Colborne to Glenelg, (No. 13.) Sends returns of the dismissal and March 27. Montreal. appointments of magistrates in Lower Canada. Is sending a separate list of the dismissals in August. Page 219 Enclosed. List of Magistrates of Lower Canada dismissed since 1st September, 1837. List of Magistrates in the district of Montreal on the 1st December, 1837. List of Magistrates of the district of Montreal dismissed prior to 1st 236 September, 1837. Colborne to Glenelg (No. 14). Has received notice of the appointment March 28, Montreal. of Durham to be Governor-in-Chief of all the North American provinces and that he (Colborne) should be commander of the forces in Upper and Lower Canada. 238 The same to the same (No. 15). The person for whom Dr. Hodgkin March 28, Montreal, intercedes he thinks must be Dr. Robert Nelson who is now a fugitive. 240 The same to the same (No. 16). Has received dispatch stating he had March 29. Montreal. been promoted to be a Knight Grand Cross of the order of the Bath. Sends his acknowledgments. Colborne to Glenelg (No. 17). Thanks for approbation of his conduct. March 30. Montreal. Reports the state of the Counties of the Lake of Two Mountains and Terrebonne previous to the arrival of the troops; the unfortunate condition of the loyalists. Fire at St. Eustache. Sends documents. Enclosed. Christie to Odell. Asks him to forward letters to General Wool. 451 verso. Colborne to Wool. Arrangements made for receiving the Canadians on the frontier whom it would be safe to admit. 451 verso. Report of an examination of refugees in Champlain village, who have petitioned for leave to return to Canada. 452 General order on the good behaviour of the volunteers. Prohibition to take the property of persons whether accused or not. 452 March 31, Circular to proposed members of the special committee. Enclosed in Montreal. Colborne to Glenelg, 6th April, 1838. The list of those proposed follows, undated. March 31, Temporary Acts. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg 24th April, 1838. Montreal. Colborne to Glenelg (No. 19). Sends schedule of dispatches received March 31, since the 24th instant. 261 Montreal. Enclosed. Schedule. 263 Colborne to Glenelg (No. 18). Has received dispatch with Act for the March 31, Montreal. temporary Government of Canada and also with order to form a special Council. Hopes soon to call together the Council to pass an Act to suspend the Habeas Corpus Act. 452 verso Enclosed. Proclamation that he (Colborne) is by virtue of the Act Governor of Lower Canada. 452 verso Globensky to ——. Calls attention to the complaints of undue leniency March 31, St. Eustache. 299 shown to the rebels. Colborne to Glenelg (No. 20). Transmits Memorial from Mrs Attrill for April 2, 268 Montreal. a pension. 270 Enclosed. Memorial. Dickson to Attrill. Sends certificate to obtain for him his promotion. 273 April 2, A second letter sending certificate. (There is no date in either letter). Quebec. 274

Statements (two) respecting receipts for Crown lands, &c. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 3rd April, 1838.

1000	0.1.1.1
	2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903
1838. April 2, Quebec.	Answer of Daly to Shadwell's claim. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 4th April, 1838.
April 2, Quebec.	Explanations of the Inspector General of accounts. Enclosed in Colborne
April 3, Montreal.	to Glenelg, 5th April, 1838.  Colborne to Glenelg (No. 21). Sends statement of receipts on account of
Montreat.	casual and territorial revenue and of sales of Crown lands and of licences to cut timber for the three months ended on 31st ultimo.
	Enclosed. Statement of receipts on account of casual and territorial revenue.
	The same on account of Crown lands and licences to cut timber. 277 Colborne to Glenelg (No. 22). Sends Daly's answer respecting Shadwell's
April 4, Montreal.	claim for payment of a debt said to be due.
April 4,	Enclosed. Answer of Daly to Shadwell's claim. 280 British American Land Company by the commissioners, Fraser and
Sherbrooke.	Webster, to Rowan, Civil Secretary. Explain why the half yearly payment cannot be made at this time.
April 5, Quebec.	Report of Executive Council on Ryland's application. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 14th April, 1838.
April 5, Montreal.	Colborne to Glenelg (No. 23). Transmits report from the Inspector
Monthean.	General of accounts respecting stationery supplied to the Civil Secretary's department.
	Enclosed. Explanations of the Inspector General of Accounts respecting stationery to the Civil Secretary's department.
April 5, Montreal.	Attorney General to Rowan. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg. 9th April, 1838.
April 6, Montreal.	Colborne to Glenelg (No. 24). Has summoned the special council constituted under the Act to provide for the temporary government of Canada,
	to meet at Montreal on the 18th instant and sends copy of letter summoning them. Many of them have consented to act.
	Enclosed. Circular to those proposed to be members of the special council.
	Asks if they will act.  List of gentlemen proposed to be placed on the special council.  290 293
April 7, Montreal.	Colborne to Glenelg (confidential). The documents relating to the arrest of Lafontaine were in possession of Badgley of Montreal who was at the
	Colonial Office on the 27th February. The Attorney General cannot furnish copies of the warrant and depositions but the papers held by Badgley are
A mail Q	sufficient to warrant proceeding against Lafontaine. 295 List of special councillors. 396 also 453
April 8, Montreal.	
April 9, Montreal.	Colborne to Glenelg. Sends report from the Attorney General that he has not yet been able to close the examination of the papers connected with
	the late rebellion. None of the prisoners can be tried before the ordinary tribunals with justice to the community at large. The loyal inhabitants
	would not allow of convicted prisoners remaining in the province which has suffered so greatly from their acts whilst guiding the revolt from their
	refuge in the United States.  Attorney General to Rowan. Has not been able to complete his report
	on the rebellion. Has liberated about 340 persons, and there remain about 174; some have been discharged on bail, others without bail. 444 verso
April (?)	Answers to questions put to the assistant clerk of the Executive Council.

Quebec.

April 14, Montreal.

Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 14th April, 1838. Colborne to Glenelg (No. 25). Transmits Ryland's claim for fees on land grants to the militia with accompanying documents. 309

Enclosed. Memorial of Ryland. 312

Extracts from the minutes of the Executive Council. 316 Report of Executive Council on the application of Ryland for indemnity for loss of fees on land grants to militia. 320

418

SESSIONAL	PAPER No. 18
1838.	Answers to questions put to the assistant clerk of the Executive Coun-
	cil. Page 323
April (?) Quebec.	Statement respecting Duchemin alias Froude. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 17th April, 1838.
April 17.	Colborne to Glenelg (No. 26). Sends information respecting Duchemin
	alias Froude, asked for by the French Consul General. 328
	Enclosed. Statement respecting Duchemin alias Froude. 331
April 19, Montreal.	Colborne to Glenelg (No. 27). Sends returns of revenue and expenditure for various services in Lower Canada.
TIZOTIUI OCCU	Enclosed. Statement of the net revenue and expenditure of Lower
	Canada for 1837.
April 20.	Rules and Orders for the Special Council. 379
220.000	The same in French.
	Also. 453
April 21, Montreal.	Colborne to Glenelg (No. 28). Sends schedule of dispatches received
11201111101111	since the 31st ultimo. 358  Enclosed. Schedule. 359
April 23,	Enclosed. Schedule. 359 Act to declare when laws shall take effect.
Montreal.	100 to decide when it was shall take effect.
April 23, Montreal.	Ordinance. Both enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 24th April, 1838.
April 23,	Colborne to Glenelg (No. 29). Had called together the special council
Montreal.	which now consists of 21 members 5 of whom could not be present owing
	to bad roads. Smith of Stanstead cannot accept and the offer of the seat
	has been made to Austen of Lennoxville. Of the 21 members of the coun-
	cil, 11 are French Canadians. Hopes for approval of his plan to submit to council a measure to enable him to pay the arrears due to public officers.
	The British American Land Company are not prepared to pay the half of
	the yearly instalment. Sends memorandum respecting the deficiency of
	the Crown revenues.
	Also. 453
April 23,	Memorandum by the Inspector General respecting the funds arising from
Montreal.	the sale of Crown lands and licenses to cut timber.
April 24, Montreal.	Colborne to Glenelg (No. 30). Sends copies of ordinances. 455 verso Enclosed. Act to declare when laws shall take effect. 454 verso
MOHOLEGI.	Enclosed. Act to declare when laws shall take effect. 454 verso Ordinance to authorize apprehending persons charged with high
	treason, &c. 455
	Temporary Acts which have expired since 1st May, 1832, or may expire
	before 1st May 1840.
April 24,	Colborne to Glenelg (separate). Persons in confinement for high treason
Montreal.	cannot with justice to the community be tried by the ordinary tribunals;
	has proposed that a law should be passed suspending habeas corpus. The
	prisoners with few exceptions must be held till Durham can decide whether they are to be liberated or tried.
4	they are to be liberated or tried.  Colborne to Glenelg (No. 31). Notifying His Lordship of the appoint-
April 25, Montreal.	ments to the special council of clerk and assistants.
April 25,	Colborne to Glenelg (No. 32). Sends list of volunteer corps which have
Montreal.	been directed to be disbanded. Recommends that a few companies should
	be retained on the Missisquoi frontier, La Colle and Hemmingford. 408
	Enclosed. Return showing the returns that have been ordered to take
	place in the militia.  Circular adaring the dishardment of the militia corps.
	Circular ordering the disbandment of the militia corps.  Monthly list of the paid volunteer corps in Canada.  412
	Monthly list of the unpaid volunteer corps.  414  Monthly list of the unpaid volunteer corps.
April 25,	Colborne to Glenelg (No. 33.) Sends schedule of dispatches from the
Montreal.	Colonial Office. 417

Enclosed. Schedule.

1838. April 26, Montreal.

April 26, Montreal.

April 26, Montreal.

April 26, Montreal.

April 26, Montreal. April 26,

Montreal.

April 26,
Montreal.

April 27, Montreal. April 27,

Montreal.

April 28,
Montreal.

April 28, Montreal.

April 30, Montreal.

April 30, Montreal.

April 30.

May 9.

May 12.

May 28.

May 29, Downing Street.

May 29, Downing Street. May 30.

May 31, Downing Street. June 2,

June 2, Downing Street. Ordinance to continue Act for assistance to sick and indigent emigrants.

Ordinance to continue the Act respecting Registry Offices.

Ordinance to continue the Act respecting lessors and lessees.

Ordinance to continue the Act relative to seamen's wages.

Ordinance to authorize the appointment of Commissioners on losses suffered by the loyal inhabitants.

Ordinance to continue Act for the transportation of offenders.

Ordinance to continue Act relative to protested bills of exchange. This and the six preceding enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg 30th April, 1838.

Colborne to Glenelg (No. 34). In consequence of the continued tranquil state of the province he has terminated martial law.

Page 420

Colborne to Glenelg (No. 34.) Has issued a proclamation revoking martial law.

459 verso

Ordinance authorising the repayment of money advanced from the Imperial Treasury.

Ordinance for indemnifying persons apprehending &c. persons suspected of high treason &c. This and preceding in Colborne to Glenelg 30th April, 1838.

Colborne to Glenelg (No. 35.) An ordinance has been passed placing at the disposal of the Executive Government £47,344–14s. 7d. sterling for defraying the arrears of the Civil expenditure, &c. Sends estimates with remarks.

Enclosed. Estimate of the expenses of civil government with details. 428 Colborne to Glenelg (No. 36). Sends list of ordinances passed by the Special Council.

459 verso

Enclosed. The ordinances referred to in letter. 460 to 464

Unsigned to Fitz Roy Somerset. Is directed by Glenelg to send extract from Colborne's dispatch relative to buying horses in Canada Government however, will not change its determination to send out horses to mount the men.

Unsigned to Spearman. Is directed by Glenelg to send extract from Colborne for the Lords of the Treasury explaining the causes of the great expense of the late military expeditions in the Canadas.

Unsigned to the same. Sends copies of dispatches from Gosford and Colborne relative to claims for indemnity to individuals who have incurred losses by the late insurrection of Lower Canada, with copy of the answer Glenelg proposes to send. Desires to know if the Lords of the Treasury approve of the view taken in His Lordship's dispatch to Durham.

Unsigned to the same. Sends copy of dispatch from Colborne stating his intention to disband the volunteers gradually as the regular troops arrive.

Glenelg to Durham. Has received Colborne's dispatch stating that he had opened the session of the Special Council, enclosing a copy of the rules and stating that he intended to propose to the Council an ordinance for defraying the arrears due to public officers. All these steps approved of. 367

Glenelg to Durham. Colborne's dispatch received in which he states he has put an end to martial law. Colborne's course approved of. 421

Unsigned to St. André. Sends statement from the person administering the Government of Quebec respecting Duchemin alias Froude.

330

Glenelg to Durham. Has received Colborne's dispatch. For instructions refers him to previous dispatch.

445

The same to the same. Colborne's dispatch received reporting the capture of St. Benoit and dispersal of the rebels. The Queen is gratified to learn of the high character of the troops having been maintained. 445

1838. June 5.

Unsigned to Spearman. Sends copy of the Inspector General's statement respecting stationery. The amount was included in the calculation of arrears, but not paid in Canada. The instructions sent in consequence of his (Spearman's) letter would no doubt have occasioned payment to the military chest.

Page 285

June 5.

Unsigned to Spearman. Glenelg desires him to send copy of Colborne's dispatch that an ordinance has passed for defraying the arrears of the civil expenditure and that Glenelg has signified his approval.

427

June 15, Downing Street. Glenelg to Durham. Government approves of Gosford's action in dealing with claims for losses but until some general rule is established Government will defer a decision on claims now made.

202

LIEUT. GOVERNOR SIR J. COLBORNE, 1838.

## Q. 245-1-2-3

(Part 1 is paged from 1 to page 240; part 2 from 241 to page 504; part 3 from 505 to 755).

1837. September 13, Three Rivers.

Record of the preliminary trial of Baptiste Cadieu.

1838. March 19, Montreal.

Report of the Chief Justice on the trial and sentence of Cadieu.

Montreal.
March 30,

Affidavit of Joseph Morin.

Three Rivers.

March —,
Three Rivers

Case of Cadieu tried at Three Rivers for murder.

April 6, Three Rivers. Judge Vallières de St. Real to Rowan.

April 11. Montreal.

Answer to petition.

April 13, Three Rivers.

Application from Roman Catholic Clergy.

April 26, Three Rivers.

Barnard to Rowan.

April 26, Three Rivers.

The same to John Stuart.

April 26, Three Rivers.

The same to Cuthbert.

April 28, Montreal.

Cuthbert to Barnard.

April 28, Montreal.

Chief Justice to Rowan.

April (?) Three Rivers.

Barnard to Judah. Petition.

May 1, I Three Rivers.

Rowan to Barnard.

May 2, Three Rivers. Judge Vallières de St. Real to Barnard.

May 2, Three Rivers. Barnard to Judge Vallières de St. Real. This and the fourteen preceding enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 21st May, 1838.

May 2, Montreal. Colborne to Glenelg (No. 37). Has received dispatch that there is to be no departure from the usual course in bringing prisoners to trial that would infringe the principles of the Criminal Law. Feels that his resolution to delay the prosecution of the prisoners till the arrival of Durham will not be disapproved of. The necessary delays will bring the time of trial to the date of Durham's arrival who should properly decide on the time of the trial. Is convinced of the inexpediency of bringing the

1838.

prisoners for trial before the ordinary tribunals but he is reducing the number of prisoners; 326 have been liberated, there are now 161 confined. 72 of these supposed to have been among the principal promoters of the

May 2. Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg (No. 38). Sends schedule of dispatches received since the 28th ultimo.

Enclosed. Schedule.

May 3, Montreal.

Application from Ogden, Attorney General, enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 28th May, 1838.

May 3, Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg (No. 41). Had closed the session of the Special Council on the 5th. Summary of the business done. Enclosed. Copy of the Circular addressed to the members of the Special

May 4, Montreal. Council. 29 verso. Colborne to Clenelg (No. 39). Sends estimate of the probable expenditure of the Indian establishment for the year. 11 Estimate. Enclosed.

May 5, Montreal.

13 John Stuart to Barnard. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 21st May,

May 7, Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg (No. 40). Sends printed copies of ordinances passed by the Special Council of Lower Canada. (The list is in the

May 9, Montreal.

The text of the ordinances follows in full. 15 verso to 28 verso. Colborne to Glenelg (No. 42). Sends copy of letter from Henry Valotte respecting whom the French consul asks for information.

May 10,

Enclosed. Valotte to Rowan. He has lived in Montreal for eighteen months, has taken the oath of allegiance and is now a British subject. Rowan to Chairman of Executive Council. Enclosed in Colborne to

Montreal. May 11,

Glenelg, 28th May, 1838.

Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 43). Had learned of the departure from Portsmouth of a battalion of Grenadier Guards, and that a battalion of the Coldstreams and 71st were about to sail for the St. Laurence. The two battalions arrived safe at Quebec on the 9th.

May 12,

Montreal.

The same to the same. (No. 44). Sends schedule of dispatches received since the 2nd instant. 40.

Montreal.

Enclosed. Schedule. Report of Committee of Executive Council. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 28th, May, 1838.

May 21, Quebec.

Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 45). On the report of the Chief Justice has reprieved Cadieu, sentenced to death, and sends the question for His Lordship's decision.

May 21, Quebec.

> Enclosed. Report of the Chief Justice on the case of Cadieu. 46. Barnard, Advocate for Cadieu, apprehends that the sentence of death

against him is a nullity not being conformable to the Statute.

Chief Justice to Rowan. Had received copy of the letter from Barnard respecting the trial and sentence of Cadieu. The omission in the record of the sentence, cannot it seems to him vitiate the sentence as against the convict but as in a similar case in England it was held that it did, it may be presumed that that judgment would effect the case of Cadieu and justify the commutation. 60 63

Record of the preliminary trial of Baptiste Cadieu for murder.

Case of Cadieu tried at Three Rivers for murder. Affidavit of Joseph Morin. 92

Answer to the petition.

Judge Vallières de St. Real to Rowan. Reports his doubts if Cadieu should be executed. 97

1838.

Application from Roman Catholic clergy at Three Rivers to Colborne for a further respite to Cadieu. Page 102 E. Barnard and H. Judah to Colborne, petition pointing out defects in the evidence against Cadieu, the want of jurisdiction in the court and praying for commutation of sentence. Rowan to Barnard. His letter has been received and laid before Colborne. 112Barnard to Cuthbert. Applies to him to have the documents relating to Cadieu obtained from the Executive Government. Cuthbert to Barnard. Believes that further respite will be granted to Cadieu. Barnard to John Stuart. Applies for his interference to save the life of Cadieu. Stuart to Barnard. Has learned that a further reprieve was granted to Cadieu to precede a conditional reprieve. Barnard to Judge de Vallières St. Real. Thanks him for the reprieve to Cadieu. 121 Judge Vallières de St. Real to Barnard. His satisfaction at the information of the reprieve to Cadieu. Colborne to Glenelg (No. 46). Reports the death of John Delisle one of the joint clerks of the peace. Has appointed provisionally William Henry Brehaut. Report on the fees. 123The same to the same (No. 47). Sends copy of communication from the Attorney General for remuneration for extrordinary services during the insurrection. Agrees with the Executive Council in the opinion of the services of Ogden and has issued a warrant for the amount recommended by the Council, Ogden, however, sends a claim for a larger amount. Application by Ogden, Attorney General, for extra allowance. Rowan to Chairman of Executive Council. Transmits statement from Ogden, Attorney General. 134 Report of Committee of the Executive Council on Ogden's claims for extra remuneration. Glenelg to Durham. Has received dispatch from Colborne that he has postponed till Durham's arrival the trial of prisoners charged with high treason. His approbation of Colborne's course. Colborne to Glenelg. Reports the gratifying reception of Lord Durham. Glenelg to Durham. Shall suspend recommending the appointment of Brehaut till he shall be informed of his (Durham's) approval. Unsigned to the Attorney and Solicitor General. Sends report of the Chief Justice on the case of Cadieu for their opinion. 45 Glenelg to Colborne. His letter of 3rd June has been laid before the Queen. She accepts his resignation with regret and thanks him for his zeal, ability and discretion. Unsigned to Spearman. Sends by order of Glenelg dispatch from Colborne that he had issued a warrant in favour of Ogden for extra services during the continuation of martial law. The warrant was for £1,500 but Ogden's claim is larger. Recommends that the £1,500 be sanctioned, but

May 30, Downing Street.

May 24, Quebec.

May 28,

Quebec.

June 3. Quebec.

July 5, Downing Street.

July 6.

July 7, Downing Street.

July 10, Downing Street.

August 2, Downing Street.

August 18, Downing Street.

cannot see grounds for further remuneration. Glenelg to Durham. Has received printed copies of Ordinances but not

authenticated copies so that he could not submit them to the Queen in Council. If Colborne has not sent these transcripts he (Durham) is to forward them as early as possible.

Glenelg to Colborne. Asks him to continue for some time longer in the execution of his duties in Canada. 143

1838. Colborne to Glenelg. Considers it his duty to continue in his employ-September 26, Sorel. ment in Canada as asked. Page 145

The same to the same. He will be satisfied to continue his services to September 26, Canada by retaining the command and is gratified at the expression Sorel. respecting his conduct.

The same to the same. Sends copy of petition from Donald McGillis and October 12, a letter from Rev. John Mackenzie, requesting that the petition be for-Sorel.

Colborne to Glenelg (private and confidential). Had at first disbelieved October 20. the reports of the threatened invasion of Canada but is now convinced that Quebec. such attempts will be made. Several townships in Upper Canada are settled by people from the United States of the worst class and in Lower Canada the disaffection is now openly declared. Has asked for reinforcements from Sir Colin Campbell and has arranged for calling out the Has advised Arthur to call out volunteers on the St. Lawrence and on the Niagara, London and Western districts. These preparations will cost an immense outlay but the danger can only be averted by showing the Americans and rebels the difficulties they will have to encounter. Transmits part of the confidential communications Durham has lately received. Men from Lower Canada gone to Champlain where they were sworn in by Coté and Gagnon, and has had trustworthy reports of preparations making at Ohio. Arms have been brought in and distributed in the seigniories.

Harwood to Buller. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 27th November, October 29. Vaudreuil. 1838.

Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 1.) Durham sailed yesterday and he November 2. Quebec. (Colborne) has assumed the administration of Lower Canada.

> 167 Encloses copy of the proclamation issued on the occasion. Enclosed. Proclamation.. 167

Colborneto Glenelg. (No. 2.) Sends certified copies of ordinances passed November 5, Montreal. by Durham and Special Council.

> 169, 170 Enclosed. Certified copies of three ordinances.

Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 85.) Reports the movements of the rebels. November 5, Montreal. The habitans collecting in large bodies. They attacked the village of Caughnawaga but were repulsed and 70 prisoners taken. Is preparing to march against the rebels in Acadie.

Warrant for the committal of Houde. Enclosed in unsigned to Attorney November 7, Three Rivers.

and Solicitor General, 2nd February, 1839.

November 11, Odeltown.

Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 87.) Movements of the rebels. The greater part of the rebels of the Richelieu finding that the promised arms and ammunition were not ready returned to their homes. Had sent a corps under Major General's Macdonnell and Clitheron to attack, but the rebels fled on hearing of their advance. Brave conduct of the volunteers of LaColle, Odelltown, Hemmingford and Sherrington who defeated the rebels who were trying to open communication with their friends in New York and Vermont. Will send shortly a correct account of these occurrences and reports of officers commanding the volunteers on the frontier. 175

176 Enclosed. Declaration by the rebels. 176 verso. Proclamation.

(Both are signed by Robert Nelson.)

Extra of the Montreal Gazette, headed: 'Release of the prisoners taken November 11, Montreal. by the rebels.' Taking of Beauharnois.

Additional extra. The mail by the Brougham when she was taken was brought to town to-day.

Colborne to FitzRoy Somerset. Believes that this second attempt at November 12. revolt has been put down, and that the provinces shall be quiet for the winter unless any attack is made on Upper Canada from the United States.

1838.

Montreal.

Has asked Sir Colin Campbell for reinforcements, believing if the Americans know there is full preparation for defence they will give up their intention of joining the rebels. Page 180

Young to Goldie. Enclosed in Colborne to Fitz Roy Somerset, 17th November 14, Prescott.

November, 1838.

November 15, Glenelg to Colborne. Sends duplicate of a dispatch addressed to Dur-Downing ham. If he has left he (Colborne) is to consider that part relating to Street. defence to be addressed to himself. 181 November 16,

Carey, Inspector General to Montizambert. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 20th November, 1838.

Quebec. November 17.

Notice by Aylwin. Quebec.

Proceedings at Police Office, Quebec. November 17.

Quebec. Petition by Teed. This and the two preceding enclosed in Colborne to November 17,

Quebec.

Glenelg, 14th Deeember, 1838. Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 4.) Had found the whole of the seigniories in November 17, the neighborhood of Sorel in alarm at the movements of the habitants, Had Montreal. declared martial law in the district of Montreal and proposed to the Special Council ordinances which he hopes will be approved of. A list of the ordinances is in the dispatch.

Enclosed. Proclamation of martial law. 184 verso.

Ordinances. 184 verso to 188 verso.

Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 5.) Sends reports of the officers command-November 17, ing the corps acting against the rebels, whose dispersion has been complete. Montreal. Movements of the troops. Major Young reports that the American brigands had landed two miles below Prescott. The force sent will no doubt be sufficient to repel any further attack.

Enclosed. Reports from officers commanding corps. 192 to 193 verso.

Colborne to Fitz Roy Somerset. Major Young reports the defeat of the November 17, Montreal. United States brigands who landed two miles below Prescott. Gallant conduct of the Canadian Militia and volunteers. Recommends Major Young. The loss severe in repelling the attack. If the United States Government do not stop these disgraceful proceedings it will soon become impossible to prevent retaliation.

Enclosed. Detailed report by Major Young of the attack on the United States brigands who landed two miles below Prescott. The rifle fire of the brigands was true and steady and although he (Young) has not

yet received the casualty list the loss is no doubt heavy.

Colborne to Glenelg. Sends report of Lieutenant Colonel Dundas of the November 18, Montreal. surrender of the brigands from the United States. Although Upper Canada may be constantly exposed to similar aggressions, the efforts of the vicious population of the United States will end in their destruction. 211

> Enclosed. Report from Dundas. 212

Colborne to Glenelg (confidential). Arthur is convinced that the disaf-November 18. fection in Upper Canada is serious, so that he Colborne has drawn further reinforcements from Nova Scotia, but so much determination and vigour have been shown by the volunteers on the St. Lawrence against the invaders and rebels that he cannot think that these of the United States engaged in the conspiracy can be successful, the failure of the rebels and insurgents in Lower Canada has been so complete and their punishment so severe that he cannot think their leaders will have influence enough to induce them to assemble again.

Glenelg to Colborne. The proclamation for an amnesty to political November 19, Downing offenders issued by Durham is contrary to the views of Her Majesty's Street. Government. The proclamation cannot however be revoked.

Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 7.) Sends report on the case of Douglas November 20, Montreal. whose claim was investigated and he was awarded £300 instead of £380 which he claimed. Sends report of Inspector General. 218

1838.

Enclosed. Report of Inspector General on the case of A. G. Douglas.

Page 220 Glenelg to Colborne. As he is again to administer the affairs of the November 21. Downing province owing to the resignation of Durham, he is authorized to draw the Street. full salary of the governor besides his military allowances.

November 21, Minute of proceedings.

Quebec.

November 21. Warrant for the committal of John Teed.

Quebec.

Petition of John Teed. November 21.

Quebec.

Deposition of Aylwin. November 21,

Quebec. November 21,

Reasons by Judge Panet.

Quebec.

Deposition of Eliza Teed. November 21.

Quebec.

Warrant to Bowles. November 21,

Quebec.

November 21. Deposition by Aylwin.

Quebec. November 21.

Warrant against Bowles.

Quebec.

November 21, Affidavit of Aylwin.

Quebec. November 21.

Order to the Sheriff.

Quebec. November 22,

Bowles to Judge Bedard.

Quebec. November 22,

Motion by A. W. Cochran.

Quebec. November 22,

Decision by Judge Panet.

Quebec. November 22,

Order to the Sheriff of Quebec.

Quebec.

November 22. Motion by Aylwin.

Quebec. November 22,

Warrant for the arrest of Bowles.

Quebec. November 22,

Motion by Aylwin. Quebec.

November 22,

Motion by Aylwin.

Quebec.

November 23, Bedard to Colborne.

Quebec.

Goldie to Judges Panet and Bedard. November 23,

Montreal.

Order to the Sheriff.

November 23, Quebec.

November 24, Writ ordering the imprisonment of John Jefferys. This and the twenty-

Quebec.

three preceding enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 14th December, 1838. Glenelg to Colborne. The anxiety of ministers at the news from Fox of

November 24, Downing Street.

an intended invasion of Canada. Confidence of the Government in Colborne's measures of defence.

November 26,

Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 8.) Sends annual return of retired allowances on the abolition and reduction of office.

Montreal. November 27.

Enclosed. Return. 227 Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 9.) Sends statement by Harwood in answer to dispatch respecting the claim preferred by Mrs. Harwood, and her sisters, to 150,000 acres granted to the late chevalier Michel Chartier de Lot-

biniere, their grandfather. Enclosed. Harwood to Buller, respecting the claim by Mrs. Harwood and her sisters to land granted to their grandfather.

Petition of Celestin Houde. Enclosed in unsigned to Attorney and November 28, Three Rivers. Solicitor General, 2nd February, 1839.

SESSIONAL	PAPER No. 18	
1838. November 28, Montreal.  November 29, Montreal.	Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 10.) Sends printed copies of ordinances passed by the Special Council.  **Enclosed.** Ordinances. 242 verso to 245 verso. Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 11.) Has received dispatches according to list.  **246**	
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November 29, Quebec.	Judges Panet and Bedard to Colborne. Enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg. 14th December, 1838.	
November 30, Three Rivers.	Notice of Houde. Enclosed in Unsigned to Attorney and Solicitor General, 2nd February, 1839.	
November 30, Montreal.	Colborne to Glenelg. (Confidential). Reports the steps he has taken to suppress the rebellion. Reinforcements sent to Upper Canada. Spirited conduct of the volunteers in the Eastern Townships.  249  Enclosed. Nickle to Griffin. Success at Barnston. Confidence of the	
	loyalists restored.	
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November — Various dates.	Continuation of the proceedings of the court martial. 505 to 553  Protest against the competency of the court by the prisoners. 554  Demand of the prisoners for delay in proceeding with their trial. 559	
	Motion for delay. 560	
	Cardinal desires to call certain witnesses. 563	
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December 4.	Opinion of the Attorney General.	
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Montreal.	Coldle to the Judges of Montreal.	
December 5, Montreal.	Opinion of the judges. This and the three preceding enclosed in Colborne to Glenelg, 14th December, 1838.	
December 6,	Order to produce the body of Houde.	
Trois-Rivières	Enclosed in unsigned to Attorney and Solicitor General 2nd February 1839.	
December 7, Montreal.	Judge Rolland to Goldie.	
December 8, Montreal.	Opinion of Stuart, Solicitor General.	
December 8, Montreal.	Goldie to Bowles.	
December 8, Montreal.	Goldie to Judges Panet and Bedard.	
December 8, Quebec.	Report of the Executive Council.	

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December 12, Three Rivers.	Vallières de St. Real to Goldie. Enclosed in and Solicitor General, 2nd February, 1839, follow de St. Real.		
December 13, Downing Street.	Glenelg to Colborne. Had not in his dispat of the recommendation that provisions should be volunteers who had fallen in engagements with placed on the same footing as officers and men of How the regulations are to be applied.	e made for the familie the rebels. They are t	s of o be avy.
December 13, Downing Street.	Duplicate at page 213.  The same to Arthur. Sends copy of dispatchaims by militia or volunteers. The legislate anticipated in the case of Mrs. Moodie the arrange to two cases in Lower Canada of a similar nature.	ure of Upper Canada ment he hadmade in re re.	has gard 434
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Warrant for the arrest of Bowles for contempt of court proceedings in the case.

Petition by John Teed to be released from the custody in which he is held by Bowles.

Deposition of Aylwin that he had an interview with Bowles who told 321 him that he detained Teed as a prisoner.

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	corpus by judges Panet and Bedard.
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	of the habeas corpus Act was or was not passed by competent authority. 378
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	Executive power should not be questioned by local authority. 384
	Goldie to Judges Panet and Bedard. Announces their suspension on
	account of their illegal actions. 387
	Bedard to Goldie. Accepts on behalf of himself and Panet, the suspen-
	sion from office, happy if it can contribute to the maintenance of law and
	good government. 390
	Goldie to Bedard. Colborne having suspended him and Panet can have
	no objection to them proceeding to state their case at the foot of the
	Throne. 392
	Bedard to Colborne. Complains of letter from Bowles. 394
	Bowles to Judge Bedard. Respecting writ of habeas corpus. If an
	attempt is made to arrest him (Bowles) by force it may cause bloodshed. 399
	Goldie to Bedard. Colborne regrets the terms of the letter from Bowles
	and has expressed to him his strong disapprobation of it. The responsibility
	of taking military charge of Teed was unadvoidably incurred on the report
	of the police magistrate.
	Goldie to Bowles. Colborne had received copy of letter from him Bowles
D 1 14	to Bedard and regrets the terms of the letter of which he highly disap-
December 14, Montreal.	proves.
2.2022020000	Colborne to Glenelg. Sends proceedings of the General Court Martial
	held for the trial of Cardinal and others and opinion of the law officers that
	the sentence of transportation passed on several cannot legally be confirmed.
December 15,	Has ordered the court to reassemble on occount of the sentence of trans-
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	Report of Council recommending that Joseph Narcisse Cardinal be executed for high treason.
December 15.	executed for high treason. 419 Unsigned to Spearman. Sends memorial by McGillis for a pecuniary
	allowance in consideration of his military services.
	Enclosed. Petition of Donald McGillis. 151
	Letter of Rev. John McKenzie recommending the petition of Donald
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December 16,	Joint memorial from Smith and deLéry. Enclosed in Colborne to
Quebec.	Glenelg, 20th December, 1838.
December 16,	Glenelg to Colborne. Various ordinances passed by the Special Council
Downing Street.	are to be left to their operation.
	Report of the Council recommending that Duquette should be ordered
December 18, Montreal.	for execution.

1838. December 19, Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg (confidential). The instructions to have an ordinance passed to constitute tribunals for the trial of rebels and murderers leave no doubt of the intention of Government to prevent a failure in the administration of justice. The sudden renewal of the revolt has caused the provincial government similar difficulties to those it felt last year. Criticises the constitution of the proposed courts. Had given to tribunals erected by the Special Council expost facto powers as the prisoners who had already committed offences were hourly increasing. Further respecting the tribunals for the trial of rebels and murderers and report of the numbers looking for

A printed duplicate is at page

425

December 20% Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg. Sends memorial from William Smith, clerk, and Charles E. C. de Léry, assistant clerk of the Council for payment of their salaries which he recommends to favourable attention.

Enclosed. Joint memorial from Smith and de Lèry.

429

December 25, Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg. Sends proceedings of the General Court Martial on Joseph Narcisse Cardinal and others. Proceedings. 436 to 504

December 26. Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg. In consequence of the insurrectionary movements preventing a meeting of the Executive Council it was necessary to make several appointments that a council might be composed by whom he might be advised. Sends list of those summoned.

Enclosed. List. 634

December 27, Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 17.) Sends for the Secretary for War statement of allowances granted to military medical officers for extra duties during the year ended 30th April, 1838.

Enclosed. Statement. 637

December 30,

Affidavit of Verboncoeur. Enclosed in unsigned to Attorney and Trois-Rivières Solicitor General, 2nd February, 1839.

December 31. Montreal.

Colborne to Glenelg. (No. 18.) Sends Judge Vallières de St. Real's reasons for granting a writ of habeas corpus to Celestin Houde. Had already reported the suspension of Judges Panet and Bedard. The action of Judge Vallières de St. Real has caused equal embarrassment, so he also has been suspended. Sends the opinions of the Judges of Quebec and Montreal that the ordinance is a binding law. Glenelg to Colborne. Instructions sent before the last outbreak are to

December 31, Downing Street. December 31,

be no longer in force. Has full confidence in his judgement. Colborne to Glenelg (confidential). Sends printed copies of three ordi-

Montreal. December 31, Downing Street.

nances passed by the special council. Glenelg to Colborne. Feels satisfied that if he (Colborne) has been obliged to determine the fate of the persons convicted of participating in

1839. January 1, Downing Street.

the late transactions in the Canadas, he will have done it judiciously. The same to the same. Ordinances 1 to 12 passed by the Special Council

January 3, Downing Street.

have been reported as not being objectionable in point of law. He will, therefore, submit them for the approval of the Queen in Council. Glenelg to Colborne. Had received report of the measures he had taken

January 19.

to suppress the rebellion, &c. Sends government's entire approval. The same to the same. Had received dispatch that he had established a

court for the trial of offences connected with the late insurrection and that he intended to permit the sentence of death to be carried into effect in the case of two out of ten prisoners. Government approves of his deci-418 sion.

February 2.

Unsigned to the Attorney and Solicitor General. Sends dispatch from Colborne respecting the suspension of Judge Vallières de St. Real for their opinion.

Enclosed. Valières de St. Real to Goldie. Sends petition from Houde and all the proceedings, with the motives of his judgment.

Reasons by de St. Real for the decision he had arrived at to issue	the
writ of habeas corpus in favour of Houde. Page	644
Petition by Houde for a writ of habeas corpus.	664
Affidavit of Verbonceur of the good character of Houde.	667
Notice that Houde will petition for a writ of habeas corpus.	669
Order to produce the body of Houde before the court.	671
Warrant for the committal of Houde.	673
Bail bond for Houde.	675
Summary of petition and order for the issue of a writ of habeas co	
in favour of Houde	678
Proceedings in admitting Celestin Houde to bail.	680
Attorney General to Goldie. Sends statement of proceedings in the	
of admitting Houde to bail to be laid before Colborne.	683
Deposition by Lesieu Desaulniers against Celestin Houde.	685
Deposition by Joseph Beland against Houde.	687
Deposition of James Douglas against Houde.	689
Deposition of François Belant against Houde.	691
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Deposition of Leandre Belant against Houde.	696
Statements of Celestin Houde defending himself.	698
Minutes of Council 27th December, 1838.	701
Opinion of the judges that the Act suspending the habeas corpus	Act
was valid.	704
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that it was valid.	718
Opinion of the Solicitor General, that the Act to suspend habeas co	rpus
was valid.	722
Goldie to Valières de St. Real. His action in releasing Houde	ov a
writ of habeas corpus endangers the public safety, Colborne, therefore	
pends him from his functions of judge.	732
Unsigned to Law Officers of the Crown. Transmits to them t	hree

February 4.

ordinances passed by the special council for consideration and report. 741

### GOVERNOR EARL OF DURHAM, 1838.

# Q. 246-1.

April 12, London.

1828.

Durham to Glenelg. Is obliged to go north on account of the illness of his uncle. Will be prepared probably to sail on the 21st.

1835. April 8, Treasury.

Freemantle to Hay.

April 10, Downing Street, Hay to Freemantle. Both enclosed in Glenelg to Durham, 21st April, 1838.

1838. January 20, Downing Street.

Glenelg to Durham. Government thinks it best to communicate the general line of policy best calculated to effect a permanent settlement. Tranquility being restored the way should be prepared to return to the principle of government founded on liberty given by the Imperial Act of 1791. The country will be governed for a limited time on a different system. He must prepare the way for a more constitutional system and for this end he is to use every means. General remarks on the state of affairs and the advisability of changing the Act of 1791.

Petition enclosed in Glenelg to Durham, 19th April, 1838.

January — Montreal. February 1, Downing Street.

Stephen to Treasury. Enclosed in Glenelg to Durham, 21st April, 1838.

1838. February 6, Treasury. March 10, London.

March 24, London.

March 31,

Westminster.

Spearman to Stephen. Enclosed in Glenelg to Durham, 21st April, 1838.

Durham to Grey. Sends memorandum of his proposed establishment.

Enclosed. Memorandum of the salaries required for the proposed establishment of Durham.

Durham to Glenelg. Sends copy of his letter to Grey of the 10th inst. on the subject of appointments necessary to earry on his duties.

17
Commission to Durham.

Commission to Durham. 57
Followed by notice dissolving the special council. 61

The same in French.

66 and 70

Abordoon to Treesury Fredered in Clouds to Duybon 21st April 1829

Aberdeen to Treasury. Enclosed in Glenelg to Durham, 21st April, 1838

April 2, Downing Street. April 3, Downing Street.

Glenelg to Durham. (No. 6.) Transmits four commissions from Her Majesty, investing him (Durham) with authority as Governor General of the British American colonies.

Enclosed. Instructions for New Brunswick, and for Prince Edward Island. Those for Upper and Lower Canada sent in subsequent dispatch of 21st April. 92 verso

Circular to the Lieutenant Governors of Upper Canada, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland, enclosing a copy of dispatch to Durham.

Spearman to Stephen. The Lords of the Treasury approve of the salaries proposed by Durham and of the proposals he makes towards appropriating the revenues collected in Lower Canada from fees, &c.

April 17, Fredericton. Harvey to Glenelg. (No.23.) (Political and confidential.) Transmits a message (extracted from newspapers) of the Governor of the State of Maine and of certain resolutions adopted by the Legislature of that State urging the construction of a strong fortification upon the Eastern Frontier of Maine "for the purpose of extending the protection of the Laws of the State to the citizens living in that vicinity." Asks for instructions relative to it. 131

Glenelg to Durham. Sends communication respecting the composition of the Legislative Council and the state of the representation in Lower Canada addressed to him (Durham) by Moffatt and Badgeley.

Enclosed. Moffatt to Durham. Statement of the representation of Lower Canada. 21

Moffatt and Badgeley to Glenelg. Sends statement. The future well-being of Canada is bound up in their legislative union. Federation union would only have an external effect. Subjects to be brought prominently before Durham.

Grey to Moffatt and Badgeley. Letter addressed to Durham with statement of the representation of Lower Canada has been forwarded.

Glenelg to Durham. Sends petition on grievances from inhabitants of Lower Canada.

Enclosed. Petition praying for a legislative union.

Glenelg to Durham. Transmits copy of a letter from the Treasury relative to the expenses incurred in Canada in consequence of the late insurrection. Instructions had been sent to Colborne to disband such of the volunteers as could be dispensed with, but if he finds them still employed on his arrival, he is to reduce them as far as can be done with safety.

24 verso

Enclosed. Spearman to Stephen. Calls attention by order of the Treasury to the expenses incurred in Canada for the late insurrection and to the necessity for a reduction in the militia and volunteer forces. 24 verso.

Stephen to Spearman. Glenelg on receipt of letter of 26th February had instructed Colborne to disband the militia, as far as that could be done consistent with public safety.

24 verso.

April 7, Treasury.

z rederious.

April 19, Downing Street.

April 19, Downing Street.

April 20, Downing Street.

34

### SESSIONAL PAPER No. 18

1838. April 21, Downing Street.

Glenelg to Durham. Sends copies of correspondence between the colonial department and the Treasury. He is to place to the credit of government the portion of salary of the governor of the province and the fees in abatement of the expenses of his mission.

Page 18

Enclosed. Stephen to Spearman. Sends copy of letter from Durham respecting his proposed establishment. The unpaid salaries to the governor and secretary of the province are to be carried to the credit of the government.

April 21, Downing Street. Glenelg to Durham. Sends copies of correspondence with the Treasury relative to the manner in which the financial affairs of Canada should be administered during the operation of 1 Vic., Cap. 9.

Enclosed. Gray to Spearman. Desires to call attention to the propriety of advising Durham as to the appropriation of funds raised in Lower Canada.

Spearman to Gray. The Lords of the Treasury send instructions to Durham respecting the application of money raised in Lower Canada. 25

Glenelg to Durham. Sends the instructions maintained since the conquest of Quebec. New instructions would have been prepared but that could not be done without prejudging some important questions awaiting His Lordship's investigation. The old instructions will be found a valuable guide.

26

April 21, Downing Street.

April 21, Downing

Street.

Glenelg to Durham. Sends instructions as to the course he is to adopt in regard to the protection of the Canadian provinces. The difficulties in dealing with rebellion by the ordinary tribunals. His task is to secure permanent tranquility.

April 21, London. Durham to Glenelg. Has received dispatches to No. 21.

April 21, London. April 21,

Downing

Street.

The same to the same. Owing to the kindness of a friend he is able to dispense with the appointment of a legal adviser.

Glenelg to Durham. How it is arranged that his expenses are to be

defrayed.

Stephen to Treasury, Durham is to have his expenses

defrayed the same as those of a special mission.

Spearman to Stephen. The treasury will provide for the expenses of

Spearman to Stephen. The treasury will provide for the expenses of Durham.

Spearman to Stephen. The arrangements to be made by Durham for his personal expenses.

32 verso

Aberdeen to Treasury The arrangements for Amherst's mission. 34 verso Freemantle to Hay. How the Treasury will arrange for Amherst's expenses. 32 verso

Hay to Fremantle. How Amherst's salary, &c., are to be met.

Durham to Glenelg. Has received dispatches to No. 23.

Glenelg to Durham. Explains the terms of the Act of 1791 relative to the clergy reserves. Government desire it should be brought to a final

Street.

April 30,
Downing
Street.

April 24,

April 29.

Downing

Portsmouth.

the clergy reserves. Government desire it should be brought to a final adjustment.

35
The same to the same. Sends document entitled, "heads of objections

to a federative union of the provinces of British North America," placed in his hands by A. Stuart.

\*\*Enclosed.\*\* "Heads of objections."

35a

\*\*Enclosed.\*\* "Heads of objections."

May 7, Downing Street. Glenelg to Durham. Threatened disturbances in Prince Edward Island on the question of escheat. Sends dispatch explaining its general bearings.

May 26, Downing Street. The same to the same. Sends copies of addresses from the Assembly and Council of Upper Canada, on the subject of the union of Upper and Lower Canada. He (Durham) is to attend to the information contained in the addresses.

1838.

Enclosed. Glenelg to Arthur. Has received despatch from Head; to which Government will give careful attention. Page 39

Has laid before the Queen the addresses from Upper Canada relative to the union of the two provinces. Power has been given to him (Durham) to investigate such questions, and to lay his views before Parliament.

May 29, Downing Street. Glenelg to Durham. The British Minister at Washington has communicated the circumstances under which Vail has been dispatched to Canada to inquire into the eases of American citizers who may be in custody in connection with the late insurrection, with copies of letters to Colborne and the Lieut. Governor of Upper Canada. The satisfaction of Her Majesty's Government.

May 31, Quebec. Durham to Glenelg. (No. 1.) Had arrived on the 27th, but did not land till the 29th owing to bad weather. Had then taken the oaths. Had received cordial greetings on his way to take the oaths. The proclamation he issued was favourably received.

Enclosed. Proclamation. 47

The same in French.

May 31 Quebec. Durham to the members of the Executive Council. Circular. That it is not his intention to continue the Executive Council according to its present composition. This does not arise from dissatisfaction, as he esteems their services and feels esteem and respect for himself personnlly. Argues in support of his proposal.

The same in French.

May 31, Fredericton.

June 1, Quebec. Harvey to Durham. (Confidential.) Transmits "Annual Blue Book" for 1837, together with a despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State, also a copy of despatch to Lord Glenelg dealing with the necessary measures for surveying and *locating* the Line of *Boundary* as *claimed* by the State of Maine on her North East Frontier, under the Treaty of 1783.

A P. S. Draws attention to Lord Aberdeen's note to Mr. Lawrence, of 14th August, 1828, as containing as clear and forcible a statement of the case as is to be found in any single paper upon the subject.

Notice that a levée will be held on the 5th instant.

25

June 1, Notice that a levée v Quebec. The same in French.

Durham to Glenelg (No. 2.) Reports a scandalous outrage by American pirates on the frontiers of Upper Canada. The intention to continue this method of annoyance. The measures of defence taken. The great cost of defence.

Enclosed. Dundas to Goldie. The seizure of the steamer Sir Robert Prel.

Measures to be taken for her recapture.

77 verso.

Dundas to Goldie. Further accounts of the capture of the Sir Robert Peel. Arrival of the passengers, their losses. 77 verso.

Proclamation offering a reward of £1,000 for the discovery and conviction of those engaged in the outrage on the steamer Sir Robert Peel and that a military force shall be stationed where it can best protect the frontier line.

June 3, Quebec.

June 3, Quebec. Durham to Glenelg. (No. 3.) Sends copies of a communication from magistrates of Brockville relative to the destruction of the steamer Sir Robert Peel.

83

Enclosed. Application from magistrates of Brockville that a military force may be stationed there.

Deposition of the master of the Sir Robert Peel of the circumstances attending on the attack on her.

83.

Durham to Glenelg (No. 4). Sends report from Colborne of the proposed distribution of troops in Upper and Lower Canada.

Enclosed. Rowan to Durham. Proposed distribution of troops in Upper and Lower Canada while the province is kept in a state of alarm. 88

June 6, Quebec.

Durham to Glenelg (No. 5). Sends copies of his despatches to the Lieut Governors of the different provinces. Page 91

Enclosed. Durham to Prescott. Sends copy of his commission. Requests that the official correspondence be of the most free and confidential character.

Circular to the other Lieut. Governors. Of the same nature as the preceding.

June 8, Chateau St. Lewis. Durham to Glenelg. (No. 6.) Requires a steam vessel well manned and armed, but finds that a certain company has established an entire monopoly of steam conveyance between Montreal and Quebec. They decline to supply a vessel for government for less than £100 (currency) per diem. Recommends that a steamship of war of a draught not exceeding 11 feet be sent to Quebec and placed at his (Durham's) disposal.

June 9, Downing Street. Glenelg to Durham. (No. 31.) Asks that a copy of the Acts passed by the Canadian Legislature in their last session for the preservation of the peace and for the trial of persons charged with insurrection against the Government be transmitted for presentation to the House of Commons. 98

June 9, Fredericton. Harvey to Durham. (No. 2.) Acknowledges receipt of dispatch and commissions.

Enclosed. Dispatches received Nos. 22 to 33.

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June 9, Toronto. Arthur to Durham. Acknowledges commissions. One appointing him (Durham) Captain-General and Commander-in-Chief of this province; the other renewing his (Arthur's) office as Lieutenant Governor. State of the province most unsatisfactory but by no means hopeless.

Enclosed. Militia general order. 147 verso.

Poinsett to Forsyth. Measures to be adopted with the hope of restoring order on the frontier. 175

June 11, Department of War. June 12, Downing Street.

Glenelg to Durham. (No. 32). The arrival in Lower Canada of the reinforcements sent from the country superseded the necessity of keeping up any of the militia or volunteer corps. He (Durham) will take the earliest opportunity of disbanding them and take the necessary steps for ensuring the re-delivery to the Ordnance officers of the muskets and unexpended stores which were issued to those corps.

June 12, Washington. Poinsett to Major General A. Macomb. The President desires you to proceed without unnecessary delay to the frontier of Canada and to take the command there, to arrest all persons engaged in hostile expeditions against the peace of a friendly power.

176 verso.

June 14, Quebec.

Copy of Vice Admiral Sir Charles Paget's instructions addressed to Captains of Her Majesty's ships *Hastings* and *Hercules*. 186

Durham to Glenelg (No. 12.) Encloses copy of dispatch to Mr. Fox and

June 16, Castle St. Lewis.

instructions to Lieutenant Colonel Grey.

Enclosed. Reports from Colonel Dundas relating to the burning of the

Sir Robert Peel steamer at Wells' Island.

103

Sir John Colborne left Quebec for the purpose of repairing to the Frontiers

SirJohn Colborne left Quebec for the purpose of repairing to the Frontiers. Sends Hon. Charles Grey with dispatch that he may have an interview.

June 16, Castle St. Lewis. Durham to Glenelg. (No. 9.) Lieutenant General Sir J. Colborne completed his tour of inspection and made all necessary arrangements for the distribution of the troops along the line of frontiers. His Excellency states he found great excitement prevailing and exaggerated reports of invasion purposely kept up along the American lines. Recommends his (Durham's) going to the Upper Province as soon as possible. Governor Marcy states the feeling along the whole frontier is so strong it is beyond his control by any means at his command.

June 16, Castle St. Lewis. Durham to Glenelg. (No. 10.) Asks that application be made to Parliament before the close of the Session to extend the powers of taxation given to a special council. It appears essential to the best interests of the prov-

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1838.

June 16, Castle St.

Lewis.

June 16, Castle St.

Lewis.

ince that some extension of the powers of the special Council should be made before the close of the present Session of Parliament. Page 119 verso,

The same to the same (No. 11.) Has requested a personal interview with the Lieutenant Governor of the province of New Brunswick with reference to the Boundary question.

Durham to Glenelg. (No. 13.) Encloses two reports from Captain Sandom of the Royal Navy on the state of the Naval force under his command at Kingston, together with a dispatch from Sir John Colborne on the same subject.

Enclosed. Sandom to Durham. He had prepared two small vessels to act on Lake Erie or elsewhere, had not purchased steam vessels because he had not proper officers or persons to place on board such vessels. In order to equip these vessels with the requisite caution, requests that the undermentioned officers and seamen be sent from Her Majesty's ships at Quebec.

- 3 Lieutenants.
- 6 Mates.
- 2 Second Masters.
- 4 Senior Midshipmen.
- 3 Assistant Surgeons.
- 1 Experienced clerk.
- 4 Quarter Masters.
- 4 Carpenters crew.
- 10 Gunners crew.
- 24 Able seamen.

61 total. 108

Copies of the depositions relating to the outrages committed on the island of Tanti yesterday morning are annexed for your Excellency's inform-

Sandom to Durham. Reports the steps taken to prevent a recurrence of similar outrages to that lately committed by the destruction of the steam vessel the Sir Robert Peel.

June 16, Washington.

Fox to Durham. Despatch delivered by Lieut.-Col. Charles Gray whose mission has been highly satisfactory, Col. Grey has had interviews with the President and the Secretary of State and also the Secretary of War. Encloses letter from the United States Secretary for War stating the measures to be adopted with the hope of restoring order on the 173

Durham to Glenelg. Acknowledges receipt of dispatches.

The same to Harvey. Despatches received. Is anxious for a personal interview previous to his (Dunham's) departure to Upper Canada.

June 18, Castle St. Lewis. June 18. Castle St. Lewis.

June 17,

June 18, Castle St.

Lewis.

Castle St. Lewis.

June 23. Castle St. Lewis.

The same to Glenelg. Encloses copies of despatch from Sir George Arthur and answer. 147

The same to the same. Acknowledges receipts of despatches.

162 Schedule of despatches. 163

The same to the same. Forwards copies of a despatch from Her Majesty's Minister at Washington and a letter from Lieut.-Col. Grey. States subsequent proceedings adopted to preserve peace on the frontiers and the impression they are likely to produce on the American Government. Requests that the naval and military force may be kept up to the fullest possible extent during this year.

Enclosed. General Orders for the guidance of the officers of the United 178 States army serving on the frontiers.

1838 June 23, Quebec.

Grey to Durham. Has delivered despatches to Mr. Fox and had an interview with the President. Informed him of Your Excellency's wishes to cultivate cordial relations with the Government of the United States, to which he assented in the strongest manner, expressing the sincere desire of the American Government to preserve the good understanding with England. Might reckon upon the fullest co-operation. Page 176

June 25, Castle St. Lewis. Durham to Glenelg. Encloses a copy of a despatch forwarded to Her Majesty's Minister at Washington.

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Enclosed. Durham to Fox. Pleased to hear of the active measures the

Enclosed. Durham to Fox. Pleased to hear of the active measures the United States Government are taking to restore peace to the frontiers. Measures taken of self-defence against pirates and outlaws, alike prescribed by both Governments.

July 12, Downing Street. Glenelg to Durham. (No. 38.) Acknowledges receipt of despatches reporting the destruction of the British steamboat Sir Robert Peel by an armed party from the United States. Her Majesty's Government entirely approves of the tenor of the instructions to Lieutenant-Colonel Grey.

July 13, Downing Street. Glenelg to Durham. (No. 39.) His colleagues entirely approve of the measures adopted for the defence of Canada. Her Majesty's Government fully concur with you in opinion that the employment of a regular military force is preferable to that of volunteers but they trust the forces now in British North America will prove sufficient for the security of Her Majesty's possessions.

July 15, Downing Street. The same to the same. After giving every consideration to the arguments which Your Lordship has used on the amendment of the Act, 1 Vic., Cap. 9, we are of the opinion that it would not be possible at the present period of the session to introduce a Bill for modifying the provisions of the Act, 1 Vic., Cap. 9.

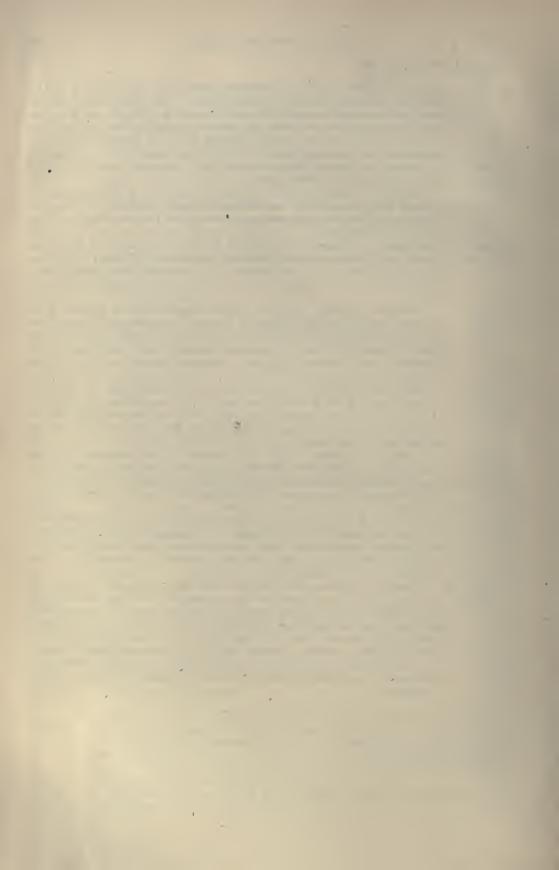
July 16, Downing Street. Glenelg to Durham. (No. 70). Acknowledges despatches received. Her Majesty's Government entirely approve the terms of the letters to the several Lieutenant-Governors and anticipate the most advantageous results to the general interests of Her Majesty's subjects in British North America.

September 7.

——— to J. Backhouse. Transmits the enclosed copy of a despatch from Durham addressed to H. M. Minister at Washington for the information of Viscount Palmerston to enable him to explain to the United States Govvernment the motives of the Canadian authorities in organizing an armed flotilla on the lakes and on the St. Lawrence.

1838 (? 7). September 10, Fredericton.

Harvey to the Governor of the State of Maine. Mr. E. S. Greely having again come into the province and resumed the exercise of jurisdiction within it and having declared that it is Your Excellency's intention to support him, he (Harvey) holds instructions not to suffer any act of jurisdiction to be exercised by any foreign power within the disputed territory. Should the whole military force of British America be necessary to enable him to give effect to these instructions that force would be placed at his disposal. Trusts His Excellency will not oblige him to resort to such measures.



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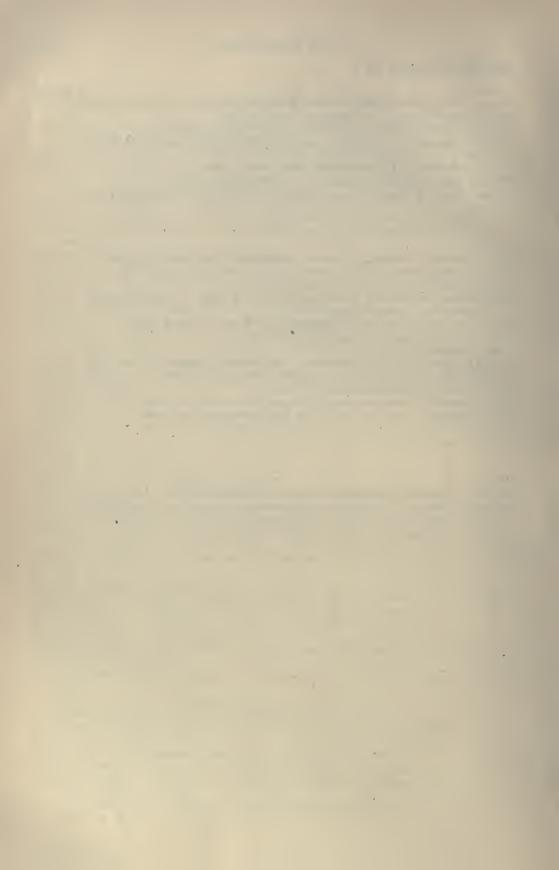
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# CANADA

# REPORT

OF THE

# MINISTER OF PUBLIC WORKS

ON THE

#### WORKS UNDER HIS CONTROL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

# 1902

SUBMITTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER 36 SECTION 37, OF THE REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA

PRINTED BY ORDER OF PARLIAMENT



OTTAWA

PRINTED BY S. E. DAWSON, PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY

1902

To His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir Gilbert John Elliot, Earl of Minto, G.C.M.G., &c., &c., &c., Governor General of Canada.

My LORD,

I have the honour to lay before your Excellency the Report of the Department of Public Works of Canada, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902.

I have the honour to be,

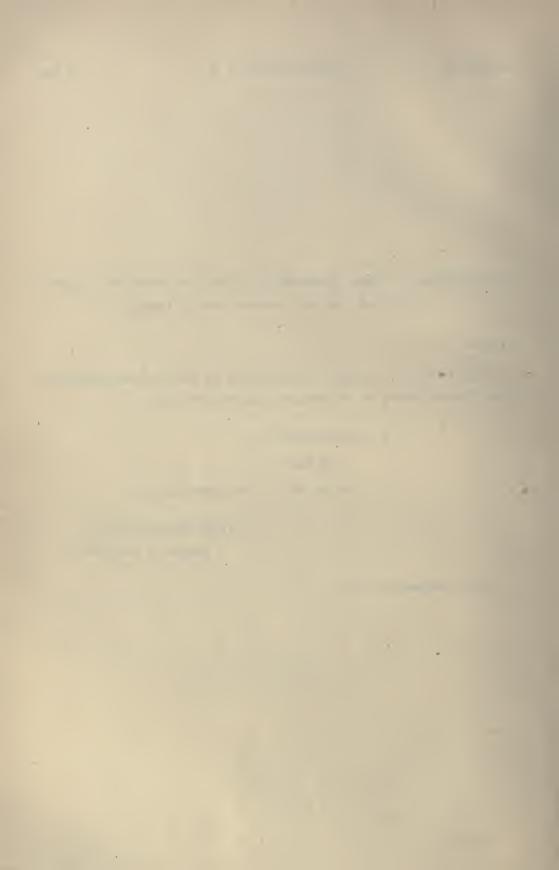
My Lord,

Your Excellency's most obedient servant,

JAMES SUTHERLAND,

Minister of Public Works.

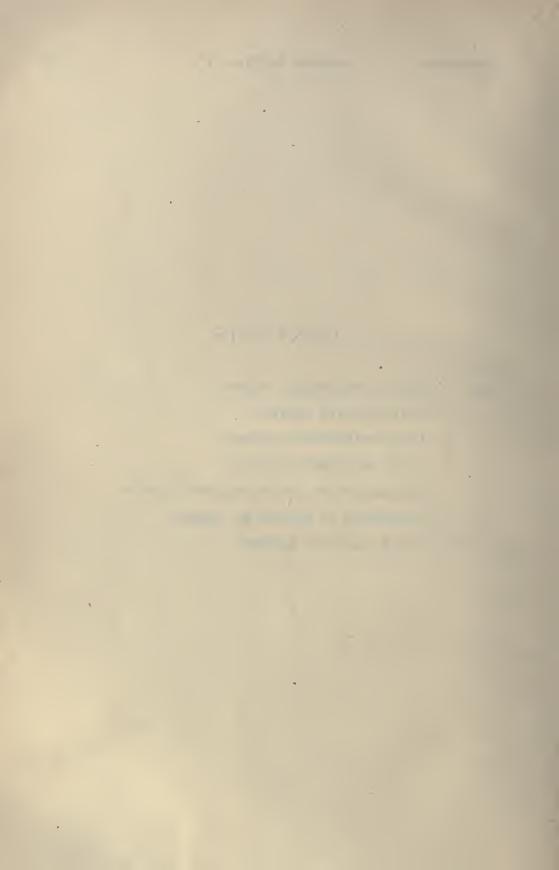
Ottawa, December 1, 1902.



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St. Emélie, Que		15 20					
St. Francis River, N.B		13					
St. Fulgence, Que		15 13					
St. George, N.B		15		122			
St. Henri, Que, post office		5, 23					
St. Hyacinthe, Que, public building St. Ignace, Que		5, 23					
St. Irénée, Que		15		98			
St. Jean Baptiste, Man., bridge St. Jérôme, Que., public buildings		5, 23		188			
wharf		14		98			
St. John, N.B, harbourpublic buildings		13 4, 22	7	131			
St. Johns, Que., dredging		15		155			
public building		5, 23					
St. Joseph, Ont		15		123			
St Laurent, Que		15		98			
St Louis River, Que. St. Mary's River, N.S.		15		124 130			
St. Mary's, N.B		13		82			
St. Marc, QueSt. Mathias, Que		15 15		123 123			
St. Maurice, slides and booms		18		180		3, 12	
dredging		15	1	1		1	

	'	1			(		1
Names of Places, &c.	Page Part 1.	Page Part 2.	Page Part 3.	Page Part 4.	Page Part 5.	Page Part 6.	Page Part 7
S							
St. Michel, Que		15 15		99, 156			
St. Nicholas, Que St. Peters, Louisburg, N.S., telegraph		19					
St Roch des Aulnaies, Que St. Roch, Que , public building		5, 23		99			
St. Siméon, Que		15 4, 22		100			
St. Sulpice, Que		16		123			
St. Thomas, Que., Montmagny, whari public building		4		92			
St. Thomas, Ont., public buildings St. Ulric de Matane, Que		6, 25	21	96			
St. Zotique, Que				124			
T						}	
Tadousac, Que		16		100			
Tadousac-Sacré Cœur, telegraphs		20 12					
Tancook Island, N.S					10, 29		
Technical and other books of reference		21			12		
relegraph lines, generally	5	19		ļ	4		
report					1.1		
service, staff, &c Temiscouata Lake, Que		21 16					
Temporary employees		21		113	1		
Thames River, Ont	1	1 12					
Thessalon, Ont. Thirty Mile River, Y. T Three Fathom Harbour, N.S.		17		113			
Three Fathom Harbour, N.S		12 16	 	53			
Three Rivers, Que., harbour public buildings	1	5, 23					
Tidnish, N.S Tignish, P.E.I.		12					
Tikonabé, Que		14 13		84			
Tobique River, N.B Toronto, Ont., harbour		17		113			
Total expenditure of department	4	6, 25	21				
Tracadie, N.B., lazaretto		4, 22		84			
Tracadie East, N.S		12			ļ ,		
Trails, Yukon Territory	1	18		184		5, 13	
Prenton, Ont., dredging  public building  Trois Pistoles, Que		7, 25		160			
Trois Pistoles, Que		3, 22		100			
Truro, N.S., public building Pynemouth Creek, N.B		13					
"Tyrian," steamer, cable ship		20		•• 	11		
υ		1	1				
Uncollected dues		10				= 8	
Uncollected dues Upper Caraquet, N.B. Upper Laberge, Y.T.		13		84 119			
Upper Salmon River, N.B		13		85			
v							
Valleyfield, Que., dredging		16					
public building		20	25				
Vancouver, B.C., public buildings	1	. 0, 20	20	,		,	

			1				
Names of Places, &c.	Page	Page	Page	Page	Page	Page	Page
Traines of Thoos, eco.	Part 1.	Part 2.	Part 3.	Part 4.	Part 5.	Part 6.	Part 7.
V							
Vancouver and Salt Springs, telegraph		20					
Vernon River, P.E I		12 18		66 118			
public buildings		8, 26	25, 26				
Victoria-Cape Beale, telegraph Victoria, P.E.I		20 12		133	10		
Victoriaville, Que., public building		5, 23		100			
W							
		17		119			
Walkerton, Ont., public building		7, 25		113			
Wallace, N.S		12		54 55			
Washago, Ont.	1	17					
Washabuck Centre, N.S		$\begin{array}{c c} 12 \\ 22 \end{array}$		55			1
Wendover, Ont		17		125			
Western Head, N.S		12 4, 23					
West Point, P. E. I		12		67			
White Mud River, Man		12		56 162			
Whitewater, N.S		12 17		56 114	1		
Williams Head, quarantine		9		26			
Wilson's Beach, N.B.		18		118 85			
Windsor, N.S., harbour		12		57			
Windsor, Ont,, public building		3, 22 7, 25	22				
Winnipegosis, Man	1			116			
Winnipeg, Man., public buildings	1	7, 25	22		8		l
Wolseley, N.W.T., court honse		8, 26		67			
Woodstock, N.B., public building		4, 22					
Woodstock, Ont., public building		7, 25	22	57			
		12		}			
Y							
Yamaska River, dredging.		16 16	]	156		6	
Yamaska, lock Yarmouth, N.S., dredging		12		130		-	
York Bridge, Ont		3, 22		187			
Vorte mountion to Duke and Duchess		21					
Yorkton, N.W.T., public buildings Yukon River, Y.T.		8, 26					
Yukon, public buildings		9					
telegraphs roads and trails		20		190	10, 28		
rivers, &c				118			
	J						

PART I

# REPORT

OF THE

# DEPUTY MINISTER OF PUBLIC WORKS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

1902

FRIENCE PRODUCE TO SAFER AND ALL DESCRIPTION OF THE PRODUCE OF THE

#### REPORT

OF THE

# DEPUTY MINISTER OF PUBLIC WORKS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1901-1902

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,
OTTAWA, December 4, 1902.

The Honourable James Sutherland,
Minister of Public Works,
Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit to you the report of the Department of Public Works for the fiscal year ended on June 30, 1902.

Although the work of the department has increased materially, in the past year, the present annual report, which contains a complete record of the operations of the department, will be somewhat smaller than usual in view of the concurrent preparation of a report similar to one issued twenty years ago, in 1882, by my predecessor, Mr. G. F. Baillargé, who undertook to record the operations of the department since Confederation or over a period of 15 years. The result was a book of reference which is consulted with benefit and utility by the officials of the department, and by almost all who require correct statistics on the movement of Public Works in Canada during that period.

I have thought it advisable to follow in the footsteps of my predecessor and to prepare a record of the department's operations during the last twenty years, 1882-1902. I have however extended the field within which Mr. Baillargé encompassed his work, and I have considered it expedient, while the records are available, to include in my work, not only reports of the operations of the department but historical statements concerning the most important works as well as biographical notes of the various commissioners, ministers and chief officers who have been connected with the depart ment since its inception.

To the report I purpose to add several maps indicating the location of the most important works under our control and in the text of the work will be included numerous engravings of the principal buildings, docks, harbours, &c., under the control of the department.

The information contained in this report will, I hope, be complete and accurate, and I trust that it will be received and appreciated by the public as well as the similar work done by my predecessor.

The report of the present fiscal year contains the usual review of works executed by the department, commencing with the second part which contains the usual statements of the Chief Accountant; by his report you will see that the expenditure during the present fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, is:—

Harbour and river works	\$2,277,767	62
Dredging and plant	846,566	60
Slides and booms	260,750	61
Bridges and roads	400,125	90
Public Buildings	2,040,388	71
Telegraphs		17
Miscellaneous	331,988	59
		_
Total,	\$6,786,799	20

Besides the above expenditure there was advanced to the Montreal Harbour Commissioners, through this department, the sum of \$550,000 or a grand total expended of \$7,336,799.20.

During the same period the revenue was, from :-

Slides and booms	\$ 57,335	95
Docks and locks		
Telegraphs		
Miscellaneous.		
	\$230,169	56

which does not include the further sums collected for this department by the Department of Inland Revenue.

Part six gives details of the revenue collected, comparative tables, &c.

#### HARBOUR AND RIVER WORKS.

The harbour works have been managed in the usual efficient manner; our dredging operations have been of incalculable benefit, and have been very satisfactorily executed; some improvement might be made in the plants in Manitoba and British Columbia; the lower provinces might also receive some accession to the fleet to keep pace with the growing demands of trade.

SESSIONAL P. TR No. 19

#### PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Part three of this report deals with the works executed by the chief architect; buildings are kept in a satisfactory condition and where possible or advisable are improved to give greater protection and better service to the public.

#### TELEGRAPHS.

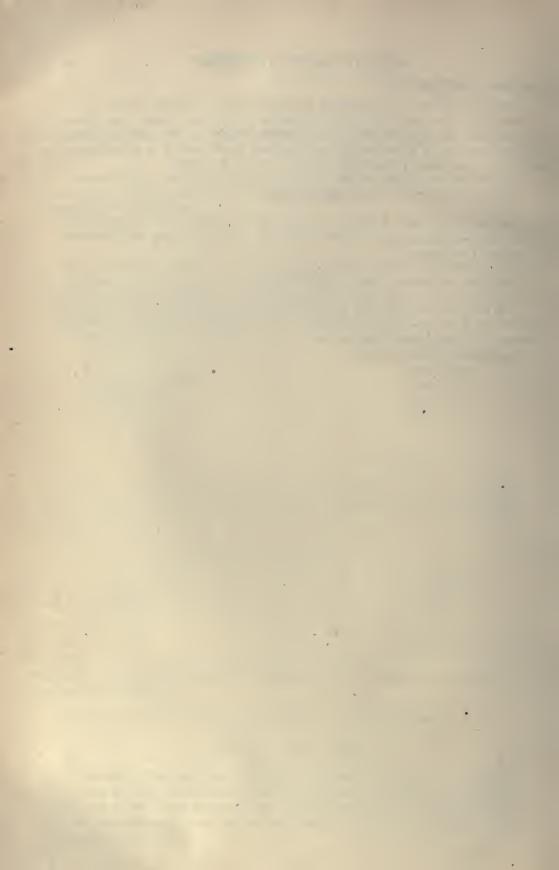
Nothing of importance has occurred in this branch, excepting the re-organization of the Yukon service, the laying of new cables in the Gulf service and the betterment of the Belle Isle system.

#### GENERALLY.

It is my pleasing duty to state that the officers of the department have attended to the business of the department, entrusted to them, with the usual energy and conscientiousness, for which I thank them and take this opportunity of assuring them that I fully appreciate their zeal and ability.

A. GOBEIL,

Deputy Minister.



# PART II.

# STATEMENTS OF EXPENDITURE

DURING

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1902

DELITHITAGE DISCOVER DESIGNATION

# PART II.

STATEMENT A.—Showing the Amounts Expended by the Department of Public Works of Canada during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902.

Name of Work.	Construc- tion and Improve- ments.	Repairs and Furniture.	Staff and Main- tenance.	Total.
PUBLIC BUILDINGS.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Nova Scotia.				
Amherst post office Annapolis post office Anrigonish post office Arichat post office Baddeck armoury.  "post office Dartmouth post office Digby, post office, &c. Guysboro', post office, &c. Halifax, Asst. Receiver General's office.  "custom house.  "custom house.  "drill hall.  "examining warehouse  "hospital—marine.  "immigration building.  "post office, &c.  "quarantine station (Lawlor's Island).  Kentville, post office, &c. Liverpool post office Middleton armoury.  Nappan experimental farm  New Glasgow, post office, &c.  North Sydney, post office, &c.  Pictou custom house.  "post office. Springhill, post office, &c. Sydney, post office, &c.  "quarantine station Pruro post office. Windsor armoury.  "post office, &c.  "quarantine station Pruro post office, &c.  Yarmouth post office. Windsor armoury.  "post office. Windsor armoury.  "post office. Warmouth post office. Warmouth post office. Heating, lighting, water, &c., for all buildings in Nova Scotia. (For details see page 22).	2,999 65 3,947 62 15,804 87 4,795 24 8,946 90 6,891 35 8,275 54 517 54 91 58 615 72 18,976 32 1,024 48 1,822 29	190 70 37 72 48 66 21 16 116 86 290 30 5 75 7 00 74 45 17 00 398 71 1,131 66 659 55 635 99 44 50 139 17 363 45 1,233 04 114 42 74 34 68 85 570 02 6 00 224 30 272 98	25,798 59 26,246 34	190 70 37 72 48 66 3,020 81 3,947 62 116 86 290 30 15,804 87 4,795 24 5 75 8,946 90 6,898 35 74 45 659 55 1,153 33 44 50 91 58 754 89 363 45 1,233 04 114 42 74 34 18,976 32 1,093 33 1,822 29 570 02 6 00 224 30 272 98 25,798 59 107,702 02
Prince Edward Island.				
Charlottetown Dominion building Kensington post office. Montague, post office, &c. Stanley Bridge post office Summerside post office Heating, lighting, water, &c., for all buildings in Prince Edward Island. (For details see page 22)		1,009 30 1 00 17 75 0 75 941 08	5,625 95	1,009 30 1 00 17 75 0 75 941 08 5,625 95
Totals, Prince Edward Island		1,969 88	5,625 95	7,595 83

Name of Work.	Construc- tion and Improve- ments.	Repairs and Furniture.	Staff and Main- tenance.	Total.
PUBLIC BUILDINGS.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
New Brunswick.				
Bathurst, post office, &c  Carleton (St. John) post office Chatham post office, &c  " quarantine station Dalhousie post office. Fredericton post office. Marysville post office. Moncton post office Moncton post office Newcastle post office Portland (St. John) post office Richibucto post office St. John, custom house  " generally. " immigration building " observatory. " post office " quarantine station. " savings bank St. Stephen post office Sussex armoury. " post office Tracadie lazaretto Woodstock armoury	2,382 85 915 50 23,001 06 8,559 35 5,991 95 1,462 62	947 02 535 19 910 08 20 20 332 35 1,563 01 627 85 1,151 64 128 93 4,229 40 95 12 2,403 99 201 65 807 29 59 55 1,947 69	133 03	947 02 535 19 910 08 20 20 332 35 1,563 01 2,382 85 627 85 1,151 64 128 93 915 50 4,229 40 133 03 23,001 06 95 12 2,403 99 8,559 35 201 65 807 29 5,991 95 59 55 1,947 69 1,462 62
Heating, lighting, water, &c., for all buildings in New	2,397 57	44 23		2,441 80
Brunswick. (For details see page 22)			23,003 90	23,003 90
Totals, New Brunswick	44,710 90	16,005 19	23,136 93	83,853 02
Maritime Provinces.				
Generally			228 73	/
Quebec.				
Aylmer, post office, &c. Berthierville post office. Buckingham post office. Coaticook post office. Drummondville post office. Franham post office. Fraserville post office Granby post office Granby post office Granby post office. Hull, post office, &c. Luchine, post office, &c. Luchine, post office, &c. Luchine, post office, &c. Laprairie, post office, &c. Levis cattle quarantine station Montmagny, post office, &c. Montreal, custom house  drill hall examining warehouse generally minmigration office inland revenue post office. Peribonka immigration building.  Carried forward	7,072 00 10,655 78 11,721 14 32,459 65 26,997 45 11,007 16 1,192 60 550 00	11 00	381 00 2,817 03	121 46 30 87 7,072 00 134 72 10,655 78 138 82 25 39 11,721 14 32,459 65 26,997 45 11,165 21 334 85 684 58 54 95 1,192 60 5,726 87 100 10 7,777 32 11 00 10,568 52 381 00 5 78 745 94 10,249 61 2,817 03 154 80 1,005 07

	1	1		
Name of Work.	Construc- tion and Improve- ments.	Repairs and Furniture.	Staff and Main- tenance.	Total.
PUBLIC BUILDINGS—Continued.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.
Brought forward	102,660 85	36,473 63	3,198 03	142,332 51
$\it Quebec-$ Continued.				
Quebec artillery workshops	16,518 05			16,518 05
Quebec artillery workshops  cartridge factory  citadel buildings	15,803 46	4,506 94		15,803 46 4,506 94
" clerk of works office		73 50		73 50
u cullers office		2 62 1,294 26		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
customs house		843 05		843 05
exam. warehouseimmigration buildingsinland revenue.	1,952 35	8,746 61		10,698 96
inland revenue.	1 264 09	0 50		$050 \\ 1,364 02$
iron foundry	1,504 02	3,752 63		3,752 63
11 power		1 001 00	100 00	100 00
Queen's wharf building		1,981 26 124 76		$1,981 26 \\ 124 76$
Richmond, post office, &c		522 38		522 38
Rimouski post office	0.000.05	8 55		8 55
Roberval immigration building Sherbrooke, post office, &c	934 78	1,234 07		2,630 35 2,168 85
Sorel, post office, &c		332 46		332 46
St. Henri, post omce, &c		276 85 1,512 69		276 85 1,512 69
St. Hyacinthe, post office, &c		1,965 72		1,965 72
St. John's, post office, &c		59 80		59 80
St. Roch, post office, &c		3 77 778 46		$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 77 \\ 778 & 46 \end{array}$
" post office		375 35		375 35
Victoriaville, post office, &c	3,932 86	9 90	1,000,60	3,942 76
Quebec, generally			1,009 60	1,009 60
Quebec. (For details see page 23)			65,199 31	65,199 31
Totals, Quebec		64,879 76	69,506 94	280,183 42
Ontario.				
Alexandria reformatory	174 02			174 02
Almonte, post office, &c		84 17		84 17
Amherstburg, post office, &c		100 02 601 76		$     \begin{array}{ccc}       100 & 02 \\       601 & 76     \end{array} $
Arnprior post office Barric post office.		68 75		68 75
Belleville post office	1	2,284 51		2,284 51 201 67
Berlin post office.  Brampton post office.		201 67 79 88		79 88
Brantford post office		347 05		347 05
Brockville drill hall	34,293 85	613 89		34,293 85 613 89
Carleton Place post office		36 80		36 80
Cayuga post office	ļ	68 28 791 19		68 28 791 19
Chatham post office		1,626 12		1,626 12
Clinton post office	2,812 77			2,812 77
Collingwood post office		93 25 16 50		93, 25 16, 50
Collingwood post office		433 78		433 78
Deseronto post office	18,095 41			18,095 41
Dundas armoury	7,091 05 96 59			7,091 05 96 59
Fort William post office	90 99	324 93		324 93
Gananoque post office		148 98		148 98
Goderich post office		134 62		134 62
Carried forward	62,563 69	8,056 15		70,619 84

	1	,		
Name of work.	Construc- tion and Improve- ments.	Repairs and Furniture.	Staff and Main- tenance.	Total.
PUBLIC BUILDINGS—Continued.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.
Brought forward,	62,563 69	8,056 15		70,619 84
Ontario—Continued.				
Guelph post office		116 51		116 51
		6 30 3,295 55		6 30
Ingersoll, post office, &c	2,415 93	14 05		3,295 55 2,429 98
n post office, &c. Ingersoll, post office, &c. Kingston custom house.  drill hall and armoury.	1 017 97	360 78	,	360 78
inland revenue	1,217 37	603 01 50 00		1,820 38 50 00
inland revenue. in military college, &c. in post office.	18,982 78	34 85		19,017 63
Lindsay post office.		1,119 61 4 85		1,119 61 4 85
London custom house		2,195 78		2,195 78
London custom house.  drill hall and armoury.  post office	14,069 01	6,056 60		14,069 01 6,056 60
Napanee post office	1	120 27		120 27
Orangeville post office		4 05	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	4 05
Orillia post office		483 67		483 67
Astronomical observatory	629 76			629 76
Bacteriological laboratory	4,405 01 5,265 50			4,405 01 6,515 76
Langevin block, boilers	1,392 76			1,392 76
Major's Hill Park.	16,325 42		3,589 68	19,915 10
Military store building	33,480 98		1.169 91	33,480 98 1,869 91
Parliament buildings	66,540 84			66,540 84
Post office, &c	1,681 93 4,833 42	19 091 93		1,681 93 23,924 65
grounds, \$5,259.56; snow, \$825; fuel		13,031 20		20,024 00
and light, \$8,000; watchman, \$547.50				14,632 06
Royal MintSurveyor general's new offices	791 51 15,496 95			791 51 15,496 95
Victoria Memorial MuseumGenerally: removal of snow	423 28			423 28
repairs and furniture		131,841 40	1,773 92	1,773 92 131,841 40
shelving, file cases, &cgrounds	25,000 00			25,000 00
grounds power for elevators, &c			7,035 50 936 05	7,035 50 936 05
r telephone service			6,999 69	6,999 69
Paris post office	17,729 30	124 04		17,729 30
Pembroke post office				134 24 24 00
Perth post office		645 70		645 70
Petrolea post office.		54 50 152 81		54 50 152 81
Picton post office Port Arthur post office.	8,601 43	12 85		8,614 28
Port Arthur post office. Port Colborne post office.		125 80 49 54		126 80 49 54
Port Hope post office		58 95		58 95
Prescott, post office, &c		2,163 10		2,163 10
Rat Portage post office,	25,224 72	37 15		37 15 25,224 72
Sault Ste. Marie post office.	8,395 45			8,395 45
Smith's Falls post office Stratford post office		164 14 110 98		164 14 110 98
Strathroy post office		2,919 42		2,919 42
St. Catharines post office		989 32		989 32
St. Thomas drill hall and armoury post office, &c		124 40		30,957 50 124 40
Toronto custom house	5,043 99	287 85		5,331 84
" drill hall and armoury	14 14			14 14
Carried forward	372,182 67	182,760 67	36,136 81	591,080 15

		1	1	
Name of Work.	Construc- tion and Improve- ments.	Repairs and Furniture.	Staff and Main- tenance.	Total.
PUBLIC BUILDINGS—Continued.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	372,182 67	182,760 67	36,136 81	591,080 15
Ontario—Concluded.				
Toronto engineer's office		181 40	•	181 40
exam. warehouse	1,384 19	78 50		1,462 69
generallyinland revenue	260 48	87 05	1,030 00	1,030 00 347 53
Junction building	4,531 60 13,025 95			4,531 60 13,025 95
postal station "U"	8,156 75	484 35		8,641 10
power		322 73	243 98	243 98 614 76
Trenton post office		107 08	******	107 08
Walkerton post office		47 00		47 00 45,064 48
post office		5,424 52		5,424 52
Woodstock post officeOntario generally	17,701 72		67 90	17,701 72 67 90
Ontario generally Heating, lighting, water, &c., for all buildings in Ontario. (For details see page 25).			209,069 18	209,069 18
		100 409 90		
Totals, Ontario	462,599 87	189,493 30	246,547 87	898,641 04
${\it Manitoba}.$		•		
		100 50		100 50
Brandon Dominion lands office	315 13	100 50 100 06		100 50 415 19
experimental farm inmigration building		380 20 1,953 41		380 20 1,953 41
post office, &c		119 10		119 10
Minnedosa Dominion lands office		5 50 12 69		5 50 12 69
Portage la Prairie post office		227 05		227 05
Selkirk (East) immigration building		404 15 178 85		404 15 178 85
custom house		202 90		202 90
Dominion lands office		142 05 98 60		$   \begin{array}{cccc}     142 & 05 \\     98 & 60   \end{array} $
immigration buildings		1,703 47		1,703 47
post office	144 09	4,213 91	185 97	4,358 00 185 97
Manitoba, generally Heating, lighting, water, &c., for all buildings in			234 97	234 97
Manitoba. (For details see page 25)			17,222 34	17,222 34
Totals, Manitoba	459 22	9,842 44	17,643 28	27,944 94
North-west Territories.				
Battleford registry office.		362 50		362 50
Calgary court house, &c		968 89		968 89
custom house		$\begin{vmatrix} 62 & 00 \\ 494 & 25 \end{vmatrix}$		$62 00 \\ 494 25$
land and registry office		491 20		491 20
post office	3,684 92	336 80		336 80 3,684 92
Edmonton Dominion lands office		125 60		125 60 5,952 00
court house, &c	5,952 00	45 00		45 00
" post office		54 50 100 98		54 50 332 00
Carried forword	9,867 94	3,041 72		12,909 66

Name of Work.	Construc- tion and Improve- ments.	Repairs and Furniture.	Staff and Main- tenance.	Total.
PUBLIC BUILDINGS-Continued.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.
Brought forward	9,867 94	3,041 72		12,909 66
North-west Territories.—Concluded.				
Lacombe inmigration building				15 00 69 00
inmigration building. post office, &c	4,056 14	90.75		4,056 14
Macleod court house, &c		17 (0	• • • • • • • • • • •	30 75 17 75
" custom house		570 40 353 25		570 40 353 25
Moosomin court house		21 87 108 20		$\begin{array}{c} 21 & 87 \\ 108 & 20 \end{array}$
Prince Albert court house		30 50 120 00		30 50 120 00
" land and registry officeQu'Appelle immigration building		61 66 25 00		61 66 25 00
Red Deer Valley immigration building	82 14	5 00		82 14 5 00
court house, &c Dominion lands office.		1,514 07 113 00		1,514 07 113 00
government buildings lieut. governor's residence.	7 070 87	3 25		3 25 7,079 87
		124 97 11 00		124 97 11 00
Saskatoon immigration building.	1,488 85		1	1,488 85
Wolseley court house	1,505 67	29 50 105 35		1,535 17 105 35
n post office n registry office Saskatoon immigration building. Strathcona immigration building Wolseley court house Yorkton court house  Dominion lands office	109 01	36 15		109 01 36 15
immigration office		13 10	563 55	13 10 563 55
Heating, lighting, water, &c., for all buildings in North-west Territories. (For details see page 25)			13,642 21	13,642 21
Totals, North-west Territories	24,189 62	6,420 49	14,205 76	44,815 87
British Columbia.	0			
Agassiz experimental farm	1,979 89	243 14		1,979 89 243 14
Fernie inland revenue		25 00		25 00 71 92
Kamloops armoury		54 90		54 90
Kaslo armoury	2,474 15	1 810 80		13,614 80 2,474 15
Nanaimo post office	1,858 88	1,719 70		1,719 70 1,858 88
New Westminster custom house, &c	}	3 60		26,795 15 3 60
engineer's office	1,474 00			56 10 1,474 00
Revelstoke armoury	24,568 33 2,858 93	78 40		24,646 73 2,858 93
Rossland post office	29,856 56	130 90		29,856 56 130 90
drill hall post office.	35,491 93 663 02	2,458 25		35,491 93 3,121 27
Victoria clerk of work's office		51 00 16 00		51 00 16 00
Indian office.		22 00 2,906 43		22 00 2,906 43
power		2,000 40	264 32	264 32
Carried forward	141,707 56	7,765 42	264 32	149,737 30

Name of Work.	Construc- tion and Improve- ments.	Repairs and Furniture.	Staff and Main- tenance.	Total.
PUBLIC BUILDINGS—Concluded.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	141,707 56	7,765 42	264 32	149,737 30
British Columbia—Concluded.				
Williams' Head quarantine station			360 00 783 21	31,832 13 783 21
British Columbia (for details see page 26)			15,136 75	15,136 75
Totals, British Columbia	173,113 69	7,831 42	16,544 28	197,489 39
Yukon District.				
Yukon public buildings	244,051 07		127,801 75	244,051 07 127,801 75
Totals, Yukon District	244,051 07		127,801 75	371,852 82
Public Buildings Generally.				
Printing, stationery, instruments, travelling, &c Salaries of clerks of works, assistants, &c			7,237 92 12,843 71	7,237 92 12,843 71
			20,081 63	20,081 63

# 2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903 PART II.—STATEMENT A.—EXPENDITURE—Continued.

		•			
Name of Work.	Dredging.	Construc- tion and Improve- ments.	Repairs.	Staff and Main- tenance.	Total.
HARBOURS AND RIVERS.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Nova Scotia.					
Abbot's Harbour beach protection		1,125 76			1,125 76
Argyle Sound wharf Barrington Head.		519 67	45 82		519 67 45 82
Bass River wharf		1,099 11			1,099 11
Bear River, removal of obstruction			143 84 3,000 00		143 84 3,000 00
Beaver Harbour wharf		704 39			704 39
Beaver RiverBig Bras d'Or		2,097 46	370 47		2,097 46 370 47
Black Rock			240 90		249 98
Blanche breakwater		475 60 3,028 55			475 60 3,028 55
Brooklyn		649 38			649 38
Burlington		3,499 99 1,205 91			3,499 99 1,205 91
Cape Auget boat harbour		495 67			495 67
Cape Cove Cape Negro Island		3,999 97 228 24			3,999997 $22824$
Cariboo Islands breakwater	 	256 25			256 25
Chebogue, protection works Cheticamp (Inverness Co.)	9 655 99	1,311 79			1,311 79 9,655 22
Cheverie		768 23			768 23
Chipman's Brook breakwater		1,422 47 6,685 93			1,422 47 6,685 93
Clementsport, removing obstruction		1,000 00			1,000 00
Coffins Island. Comeau breakwater		992 98 997 31			992 98
Comeau's Hill		1.494 99			997 31 1,494 99
Comeauville	754 45		2,000 00 2,368 54		2,000 00
Cribbin's Point Delap's Cove, repairs to pier	104 40		400 00		3,122 99 400 00
Digby Eagle Head breakwater East Bay	5,209 24	3,300 00			8,509 24 1,068 95
East Bay	1		99 34 149 50		99 34
East Chezzetcook			149 50 400 01		149 50 400 01
Ecum Secum wharf		4,098 50	400 01		4,098 50
Englishtown			100 00 9 60		100 00 9 60
Faulkner's Creek wharf		1,359 29	9 00		1,359 29
Friar's Head boat harbour		1,097 81			1,097 81
Georgeville			699 47		8,259 50 699 47
Grand Etang . Grand Narrows .		2,799 35	1 711 50		2,799 35 1,711 50
Granville Ferry	1	999 28	1,711 50		999 28
Granville Centre wharf		1.101 02		10,000 00	1,101 02 10,000 00
Hantsport			200 09	10,000 00	200 09
Harrigan's Cove wharf		1,461 71			1,461 71
Hawk Point Inlet, boat channel Herring Cove breakwater		484 29 168 95	1		484 29 108 95
Ingonish (North Bay)		951 36			951 36
Iona wharf Isaac's Harbour wharf		5,499 61 1,539 50			5,499 61 1,539 50
Jones' Harbour		99 97			99 97
Kempt Head wharf Kingsport, reconstruction of pier		5,174 03 9,278 70	1 '		5,174 03 9,278 70
L'Ardoise breakwater		231 30			231 30
Lennox l'assage, dredging Carey's pas- sage		807 04			807 04
Carried forward			11,948 16	10,000 00	121,406 88
	,,	, 55,550 51			,, , , , , , ,

	1		1		
Name of Work.	Dredging.	Construc- tion and Improve- ments.	Repairs.	Staff and Main- tenance.	Total.
HARBOURS AND RIVERS-Con.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.
Brought forward	15,618 91	83,839 81	11,948 16	10,000 00 1	121,406 88
Nova Scotia—Con.		, ,,			,
Lingan, beach protection  Little Bras d'Or wharf Little Narrows, boat harbour at Big Pond "repairs to wharf.  Liverpool  Livingstone's Cove wharf Lockeport breakwater.  Louisbourg	4,271 65	1,999 80 3,872 78 996 78 3,997 50 299 64			1,999 80 3,872 78 996 78 1,494 80 4,271 65 3,997 50 299 64 5,504 02
Louisbourg Lower Cove McNair's Cove Mabou Harbour. Malignant Cove Margaree Harbour Margaree Island Margaretville pier " breakwater " completing eastern break-		2,440 49 2,464 85 3,065 57	1,198 17		2,440 49 1,198 17 1,499 87 2,464 85 3,065 57 1,399 13 1,560 50 777 21
water.  Merigonish Meteghan Cove breakwater River. Minudie wharf Morden breakwater. Musquodoboit wharf. Neil's Harbour breakwater Newellton New Harbour breakwater North Sydney. North Wallace Nyanza Ogden's Pond Parker's Cove Parrsboro', beach protection. " wharf. Partridge Island	2,132 06	500 00 3,199 93 3,999 99 1;724 43 1,364 04 114 71 399 59 3,693 04 890 29 1,299 49 119 00 1,510 67 5,723 80	537 53 73 50 599 85		500 00 89 83 3,199 93 3,999 99 1,724 43 1,495 08 1,364 04 114 71 399 59 3,693 04 2,132 06 537 53 890 29 1,299 49 1,92 50 1,510 67 5,723 80 599 85
Pereaux Pictou Light, beach protection Pictou Islands Pinckney's Point Plymonth wharf extension Porter's Lake Port George breakwater Port Hawkesbury Port Hilford Port Joli Port Maitland (Yarmouth) Port Medway Port Mouton Portuguese Cove Red Islands River Hebert River John Round Bay Salmon River (Digby Co) Sandford breakwater. Saulnierville		525 81 2,542 18 719 97	1,237 36 497 08 299 44 370 61 363 93 199 88 329 92 379 50 496 74 91 66		662 49 668 28 609 60 998 73 488 21 6,027 24 3,743 92 35 54 2,724 05 1,237 36 497 08 299 44 370 61 363 93 199 88 329 92 379 50 525 81 496 74 91 66 2,542 18 719 97 2,096 71
Scott's Bay			2,026 71	10,000,00	2,026 71
Carried forward	27,526 64	149,512 25	26,656 43	10,000 00 ]	213,695 32

Name of Work.	Dredging.	Construc- tion and Improve- ments.	Repairs.	Staff and Main- tenance.	Total.
HARBOURS AND RIVERS-Con.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts
Brought forward	27,526 64	149,512 25	26,656 43	10,000 00	213,695 32
Nova Scotia—Con.					
Sight Point, Boat harbour	[ [	499 76	 		499 76
Smithville		853 75			853 75
Sonora (Guysboro Co.)	2,716 99		34 00		2,716 99 34 00
Swims Point			184 62		184 62
Sydney	3,135 34	•	936 48		3,135 34 936 48
The Gate, improvement to channel Three Fathom Harbour Tracadie East, beach protection Wallace		1,000 00			1,000 00
Tracadie East, beach protection		1,189 91 996 32			1,18991 $99632$
Wallace		100.00	193 25		193 25
Washabuek Centre wharf Western Head	1	106 03	22 05 999 67	]	$106 03 \\ 22 05$
Whitehaven			999 67		999 67
Whitewater		2,300 03	999 67 249 95 425 90 300 91		249 95 2,725 93
Wreck Cove			300 91		300 91
Yarmouth	5,989 13			3,337 40	5,989 13 3,337 40
Totals Nova Scotia		156,458 05	30,003 26	13,337 40	239,166 81
				,	
Prince Edward Island.	-				
Annandale Pier		755 77	270 50		1,026 27
Belfast Pier			1,120 69 48 01		1,120 69 48 01
Brae Harbour			5 00	,	5 00
Campbell's Cove		1,499 60 5,087 43			1,499 60 5,087 43
China Point Pier		306 56			306 56
Georgetown Pier		1,499 95	99 80		1,499 95 99 80
Haggerties Wharf			900 21		900 21
Hurd's Point. Kier's Shore	1 2,411 48	483 09	269 11		2,680 59 483 09
Miminigash breakwater		1,500 00			1,500 00
Morrison's Point		492 25			492 25 $9,651 50$
New London			5,760 51		5,760 51
Nine Mile Creek		1,941 30	354 69		354 69 1,941 30
Pinette Pier			249 97		249 97
Port Selkirk		588 37 821 02			588 37 821 02
Rustico (south) pier					1,499 97
Skinner's Pond		5,180 00	30 00		30 00 5,180 00
Sturgeon Pier	*** ::: :::		523 06		523 06
Summerside Harbour Tignish	1,283 56	3,398 00 1,937 42			4,681 56 1,937 42
Vernon River			149 95		149 95
Victoria (Crapaud)	2,838 91	3,542 50			2,838 91 3,542 50
Wood Island, south breakwater		4,145 00			4,145 00
Wood Island, northern hreakwater Harbours Generally, (P.E.I.)			1,020 80	872 18	1,020 80 872 18
		00.170.00			
Totals, P. E. Island	16,185 45	33,178 26	12,302 27	872 18	62,538 16

Name of Work.	Dredging.	Construc- tion and Improve- ments.	Repairs.	Staff and Main- tenance,	Total.
HARBOURS AND RIVERS.	\$ ets.	\$ ets.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
New Brunswick.				j	
Anderson's Hollow Back Bay. Bathurst wharf. Bay du Vin wharf. Black Brook Burnt Church. Campbellton wharf. Campbello (Wilson's Beach) Cape Tormentine. Caraquet wharf. Chance Harbour. Chatham Custom House wharf, Chockfish River. Clifton (Stonehaven). Dalhousie Dipper Harbour. Dorchester (Cole's Point) Douglas Booms (York Co.). Fredericton French Lake, (Sunbury Co). Grande Anse. Hopewell Cape-wharf (new).	1,519 37 2,111 89 131 30	1,996 02 4,564 26 4,714 00 5,051 00 2,251 82 	8,243 86 22,600 32 999 50		$\begin{array}{c} 224\ 96\\ 7,459\ 46\\ 1,996\ 02\\ 4,564\ 26\\ 4,714\ 00\\ 5,051\ 00\\ 2,251\ 82\\ 8,243\ 86\\ 22,600\ 32\\ 419\ 39\\ 32\ 60\\ 1,112\ 07\\ 931\ 39\\ 2,991\ 28\\ 999\ 50\\ 66\ 80\\ 4,405\ 99\\ 1,519\ 37\\ 2,111\ 89\\ 131\ 30\\ 5,740\ 85\\ 5,002\ 50\\ \end{array}$
Kingston (now Rexton) Lord's Cove—Deer Island. Millidgeville, (R. K. Y. Club wharf). Mispec—Repairs to wharf. Mispec Harbour, breakwater Murray & Gregory's, (St. John Co.). Ox Island (Sunbury Co.). Point Wolfe, breakwater Richibucto River St. John, including tributaries— Grand Falls. S1,156 76 Green River. 300 00 St. Francis. 200 00 Serpentine 250 00 Tobique 444 62 Generally. 902 90	240 76 4,735 19	1,000 00	1,969 46		705 44 1,000 00 606 84 1,969 46 10,996 00 240 76 4,735 19 3,077 53 6,408 86
St. Andrew's wharf St. George St. John Harbour, breakwater, &c St. John Harbour (I.C.R. terminus) St. Mary's Salmon River (Queen's Co.). Shepody River. Shippegan Harbour wharf at Lameque Springhill (York Co.). Tracadie wharf Tynmouth Creek Upper Caraquet Upper Salmon River (Alma Pier). Generally Totals, New Brunswick	3,755 99 10,244 18 5,283 42	3,617 50	499 92 598 02		3,254 28 1,822 89 499 92 22,475 51 3,755 99 598 02 10,244 18 4,031 30 4,649 77 3,617. 50 5,283 42 512 10 708 50 1,899 33 240 21 3,337 40
Quebec.					
Agnes Pier		198 87	243 03		243 03 198 87
· Carried forward		198 87	243 03		441 90

	1	1	1	1	
Name of Work.	Dredging.	Oredging. Improve- Repairs. and M		Staff and Main- tenance.	Total.
HARBOURS AND RIVERS-Con.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	S ets.
Brought forward		198 87	243 03		441 90
Quebec—Con.					
Anse St. Jean Baie St. Paul Belœil wharf			1,010 15 1,510 41 400 00		1,010 15 1,510 41 400 00
Belœil wharf. Berthier (en bas) Boucherville. Cacouna Calumet. Cap de la Madeleine. Cap Sante. Carleton	4,097 60	4,552 79	210 00		4,552 79 4,307 60
Calumet	1,920 00	2,500 82	592 04		2,500 82 1,920 00 592 04
Carro voite		0,140 00			2,501 31 3,725 98
Chicoutimi	5,008 65	1,500 84	986 62 50 00	12 50	1,513 34 5,995 27 50 00
Doncet's Lauding	3,596 00				3,596 00 383 75
Eboulements wharf. Father Point pier. Gatineau River.		625 77 161 53	799 70 100 00	}	799 70 625 77 261 53
Graham	838 10	803 47 14,857 56	,		1,641 57 14,857 56
Greece's Point	1,999 70	3,498 53			3,498 53 1,999 70
Grosse Isle Quarantine Station, east	*******	4,008 43	162 40		4,008 43
wharf Hudson wharf Hull pier.		3,999 40 40,977 59			3,999 40 40,977 59
1 berville  Isle aux Coudres  Isle aux Grues			187 30		1,286 21 3,896 35 8,709 66
Isle Verte Kamouraska		1,450 83	798 39		798 39 1,450 83
Lake Temiscaming Lake St. John, wharfs and ports	460 10	1			55 00 460 10
Lake St. John, wharts and ports— Peribonka Rivière Petite Peribonka Rivière à la Pipe Roberval St. Jerome	1,353 87				396 02 1,353 87
Rivière à la Pipe	243 35	1,999 97			5 00 595 35 1,999 97
Generally.			140 00	743 80	140 00 743 80
Lanoraie. Laprairie ice piers			3,999 83 1,057 02		3,999 83 1,057 02 1 81
Les Boules. Les Cuisses, Petite Decharge. Les Escureuils.			575 82 286 86		575 82 286 86
Lévis Graving Dock. L'Islet.		80 85 2,226 26	50 00	14,866 21	80 85 17,092 47 50 00
Lotbinière Lower St. Lawrence, removal of rocks Magdalen Islands, breakwaters, &c.—		6,000 00 2,093 22	124 17		6,124 17 2,093 22
Amherst		11,063 48 814 35 9,036 87			11,063 48 814 35 9,036 87
Grindstone. House Harbour. Magog pier		162 05	11 34		162 05 11 34
Carried forward	21,242 33	131,261 29	14,048 10	15,622 51	182,174 23

Name of work.	Dredging. Construction and Improvements.		Repairs.	Total.	
HARBOURS AND RIVERS-Con.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	21,242 33   131,261 29		14,048 10	15,622 51	182,174 23
Quebec—Con.					
Maria isolated block		244 81	 		244 81
Maria isolated block	4,270 20		1.411 09		4,270 20 1,411 09
Montreal Harbour, improvements below					
St. Mary's current		201,722 69 6,792 74			201,722 69 6,792 74
New Carlisle	1	741 19	698 80		698 80 741 19
Nicolet Harbour	3,764 60		1,031 28		4,795 88
Ottawa River (Blanche shoals) between Grenville and	3,863 80			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3,863 80
II and a abreen	4 919 40				4,312 40 377 50
Percé (North Cove)		17,808 81			17,808 81
old wharf (South Beach)	1.814 75		598 76		598 76 1,814 75
Point aux Esquimaux	= 199 00	3,440 89	150.00		3,440 89
Pointe Claire	3,133 00	331 49	150 00		5,283 00 331 49
Papineauville. Percé (North Cove)  i old wharf (South Beach).  Pierreville.  Point aux Esquimaux.  Pointe Claire.  Pointe St. Pierre.  Pond Creek  Port St. Francis	420 00		20 00		20 00 420 00
Rimouski	120 00		2,505 32		2,505 32
Rivière au Renard		6,514 24	792 86		6,514 24 792 86
Port St. Francis Rimouski. Rivière au Renard Rivière Blanche (Rimouski Co.).	11,108 68	0.000.10			11,108 68
Cap de Chatte.		2,982 18	077 17		2,982 18 887 72
Chateauguaydu Lièvre	3,530 50		677 17	856 32	3,530 50 4,524 25
des Vases		499 18			499 18
du Loup (en bas) Noire (Co. Charlevoix)		999 97	55 50		55 50 999 97
Richelieu	1,784 00	905 61		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1,784 00
River St. Lawrence Ship Channel		674 249 34			905 61 674,249 34
" St. Maurice between Grandes Piles and La Tuque. River St. Maurice (at mouth). Ruisseau le Blanc	6 394 83				6,394 83
River St. Maurice (at mouth)	5,955 00				5,955 00
St. Alexis, Baie des Ha Ha pier		2,997 26 4,000 01			2,997 26 4,000 01
St. Alexis, Baie des Ha Ha pier St. André de Kamouraska Ste. Anne de Bellevue		600 73	300 00		300 00
Ste. Anne de la Perade	[		2,997 17		699 73 2,997 17
Ste. Anne du Saguenay Ste. Emélie Ste. Fulgence		3,102 07			$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Ste. Fulgence		502 23			502 23
Ste. Geneviève		1	1,091 96		1,091 96 1,708 28
St. Irénée St. Johns	2,508 70		1,198 93		1,198 93
St. Lambert	2,500 10	15,000 13			2,508 70 15,000 13
St. Laurent			860 34	70 00	860 34 70 00
St. Marc Wharf		3,146 22			3,146 22
St. Mathias St. Michel	10,681 26	1,189 88	5,791 23		1,189 88 16,472 49
St. Nicholas	680 00	4,430 65	1,785 73	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2,465 73 4,430 65
St. Siméon		1,100 00	799 53		799 53
Carried forward	92,540 59	1,084,450 73	37,039 18	16,548 83	1,230,579 33

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Name of Work.	Dredging.	Construction and Improvements.	Repairs.	Staff and Main- tenance.	Total.
HARBOURS AND RIVERS-Con.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	92,540 59	1,084,450 73	37,039 18	16,548 83	1,230,579 33
Quebec.—Con.					
St. Sulpice. St. Thomas de Montmagny St. Zotique. Sabrevois. Sorel ice piers		998 07 1,990 83	268 86 364 37 996 75		268 86 364 37 996 75 998 07 1,990 83
" deep water wharf			1,370 91		94,612 37
Témicouata Lake. Three Rivers. Trois Pistoles.	1,940 00	1,185 72 1,236 78	500 50		1,185 72 3,176 78 500 50
Valleyfield	7,893 50 906 00				7,893 50 906 00
11 lock			57 50	876 92	934 42
Generally	5,352 83			9,910 10	15,262 93
Totals, Quebec	108,632 92	1,184,474 50	40,598 07	27,335 85	1,361,041 34
0.4					
Ontario.					
AdolphustownBayfield	395 00	153 64			395 00
Beaverton			962 55		153 64 962 55
Blind River	4,464 57	16 <b>0</b> 5			16 05
Bronte		7,002 90			4,464 57 7,002 90
Bruce Mines	4,390 00	718 00	12 78		5,108 00 12 78
Burlington Channel			2,031 03	2,595 22	5,961 04
Cobourg			1,985 72 3,007 55		1,985 72 3,007 55
Collingwood	41,872 82				41,872 82
Colpoys Bay	9,192 50	1,399 07			9,192 50 1,399 07
Depot Harbour		98 59			98 59
Goderich harbour	9,972 83	84 50	12,982 34		22,955 17 84 50
Harwood		499 71			499 71
Hawkesbury			163 35		6,043 73 163 35
Huntsville			18 02		18 02 8,666 11
Kingston graving dock	379 68				379 68
" graving dock	1.039 64	2,077 06	18,601 73	5,386 86	7,463 92 19,641 37
Lancaster		4,862 77			4,862 77
Leamington		21,487 68	10 25		21,487 68 10 25
Meaford	34,669 54	6,326 94			40,996 48
Midland	14,204 69		1,128 87		14,204 69 1,128 87
Oakville	100.00	10.091.92	6,005 70		6,005 70
OshawaOttawa River	100 00 2,436 09	10,024 83			10,124 83 2,436 09
Owen Sound	7,548 48	20,947 53			28,496 01
Penetanguishene Pickering	9,039 35 648 52	2,000 00			9,039 35 2,648 52
Point Edward	1,657 20				1,657 20
		7,779 41			7,779 41
Carried forward	158,055 54	85,478 68	46,909 89	7,982 08	298,426 19

PART II.—STATEMENT A.—EXPENDITURE.—Continued.

Name of Work.	Dredging.  Construction and Improvements.  Repairs.  Staff and Maintenance.		and Main-	Total_	
HARBOURS AND RIVERS-Con.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.
Brought forward	158,055 54	85,478 68	46,909 89	7,982 08	298,426 19
Ontario—Con.					
Port Arthur Port Burwell Port Colborne. Port Elgin. Port Findlay Port Hope. Port Stanley Providence Bay Rainy River River Kaministiquia River Thames Robbins Landing Rondeau harbour. Sarnia Saugeen River Sault Ste. Marie Shegulandah Southampton South Nation River St. Joseph's, Lake Huron Sturgeon Point. Summertown Sydenham River Thessalon. Toronto harbour	3,290 00 911 65 1,272 02 9,989 28 7,780 11 4,811 16 6,525 80 3,020 78	20,371 57 32,462 42 183,162 60  1,633 00 133 80  885 56  1,316 96 643 88 3,148 70 30 00 4,438 09 4,999 84 500 00  31,980 67	1,788 00 3,733 95 10,036 93 798 99		20,371 57 49,994 69 183,162 60 3,290 00 1,788 00 4,645 60 1,272 02 1,633 00 133 80 9,989 28 7,780 11 885 56 14,848 09 6,525 80 4,337 74 30 00 4,438 09 4,999 84 500 00 798 99 2,266 05 1,044 25 38,690 92 9,749 00
Trenton Wabigoon Washego Wendover Wiarton Generally.		3,261 95 6,502 22 13,516 20	15 00	9,860 10	3,261 95 15 00 6,502 22 13,756 20 14,584 20
Totals, Ontario	237,922 26	394,466 14	63,282 76	17,842 18	713,513 34
Manitoba.				11,012 10	
Gull Harbour.  Hnausa.  Lake Manitoba outlets.  Red River—Mouth.,  Selkirk.  St. Andrews Rapids (Red River).  Wharf on Lake Winnipeg (Gimli).  Generally.	8,018 81	3,698 80 6 30 9,584 56 1,472 26	207 95 1,923 67	2,851 79	207 95 1,923 67 3,698 80 8,018 81 6 30 9,584 56 1,472 26 2,851 79
Totals, Manitoba	8,018 81	14,761 92	2,131 62	2,851 79	27,764 14
British Columbia.					
Anderson Lake		1,209 57	4,993 64		1,209 57 4,993 <b>64</b>
row Lakes). Comox Harbour. Duncan River. Esquimalt Graving Dock. Fraser River. Kennedy Lake. Nanaimo Harbour	23,070 94 4,943 12	13,958 33 1,968 29 1,200 00 9,982 65 1,289 13		13,277 89	13,958 33 4,295 64 1,968 29 14,477 89 33,053 59 1,289 13 4,943 12
Carried forward	32,309 70	29,607 97	4,993 64	13,277 89	80,189 20

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Name of Work.  Dredging.  Construction and Improvements.		Repairs.	Staff and Main- tenance.	- Total,	
HARBOURS AND RIVERS—Con.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	32,309 70	29,607 97	4,993 64	13,277 89	80,189 20
British Columbia—Con.		**			
Salmon River	695.00		4,952 12		4,952 12 695 00
Skeena River		6,476 38 901 59			6,476 38 11,990 42
Victoria Harbour		301 03	5,978 17		5,978 17
Generally			0,010 11	2,058 29	2,058 29
Totals, British Columbia	44,093 53	36,985 94	15,923 93	15,336 18	112,339 58
Yukon Territory.					
Lewes and Yukon Rivers		55,080 54			55,080 54
Totals, Yukon		55,080 54			55,080 54
Harbours and rivers generally— General expenses of staff, &c	4,199 12	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	****	9,932 69	14,131 81
DREDGES AND DREDGING PLANT.					
Maritime Provinces. Ontario and Quebec. Manitoba. British Columbia.		145,840 64 114,276 47 9,051 72 61,889 12	(a) 21,911 87 1,555 00 4,992 65		145,840 64 136,188 34 10,606 72 66,881 77
Totals, dredges		331,057 95	28,459 52		359,517 47
SLIDES AND BOOMS.					
Belæil booms		5 792 00		126 78	126 78
		5,733 92	7,583 14 421 05	24,073 96 49 25	5,733 92 31,657 10 470 30
Cheneaux boom, allowance to Improve- ment ('o			421 03	1,418 17	1,418 17
Coulonge River			1,971 04 200 23	8 50	1,979 54 200 23
Gatineau River			1,691 93 3,941 83	105 25	1,691 93 4.047 98
Petewawa River St. Maurice District		153,558 46	2,136 82 13,797 70	37,929 90	2,136 82 205,286 06
Trent and Newcastle District			510 73	1,962 65 3,529 30	2,473 38 3,529 30
Totals, slides and booms		159,292 38	32,254 47	69,203 76	260,750 61

<sup>(</sup>a) Cost of repair apportioned with dredging, see various harbours in Maritime Provinces.

Name of Work.	Dredging.	Construc- tion and Improve- ments.	Repairs.	Staff and Main- tenance,	Total.
ROADS AND BRIDGES.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Quebee and Ontario.					
Des Joachim bridge, Ottawa River Ottawa, Maria Street bridge Ottawa City bridges and streets maintained by Government— Chaudiere bridges and approaches		63,265 07 30,424 26 3,158 85	7,748 03		63,265 07 30,424 26 10,906 88
Wellington street Lighting both the above. Portage du Fort bridge, Ottawa River York bridge over Grand River		16,497 36	993 97	3,052 34	3,927 01 3,052 34 16,497 36 993 97
North-west Territories.					
Banff bridge over Spray River Battleford bridge		6,501 89 959 67 4,676 15	51 54 586 05 141 79 706 93 384 59	2,699 11	51 54 2,650 45 586 05 6,643 68 706 93 384 59 959 67 4,676 15 2,699 11
Yukon Territory.				,	
To repay local council for roads, &c  (Ogilvie bridge)  Trails, roads and bridges generally		96,586 36 46,162 63 108,951 85			96,586 36 46,162 63 108,951 85
Totals, roads and bridges		379,834 54	14,539 91	5,751 45	400,125 90
TELEGRAPH LINES.					,
Newfoundland.					
Cape Ray line (subsidy)				250 00	250 00
Nova Scotia.				200 00	200 00
Cheticamp line				1,074 87 1,988 37	1,074 87 1,988 37
branch, Barachois Bridge to Oregon Glen		966 49			966 49
St. Peter's to Louisbourg line		150 21			150 21
Prince Edward Island.				1 010 00	1 046 66
P. E. Island and mainland (subsidy)  New Brunswick.				1,946 66	1,946 66
Bay of Fundy. Escuminac				1,377 89 435 00	1,377 89 435 00
Quebec.					
Anticosti-Gaspé lines Belle-Isle and Chateau Bay, Marconi		1 515 00		4,242 88	4,242 88
system		1,715 93 2,860 84		500 00 1,090 28	1,715 93 500 00 3,951 12
Carried forward		5,693 47		12,905 95	18,599 42

Name of Work.	Dredging.	Construc- tion and Improve- ments.	and Repairs. and Main-		Total.	
· TELEGRAPH LINES.—Con.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts	
Brought forward		5,693 47		12,905 95	18,599 42	
Quebec—Con.						
Isle aux Coudres line		824 22 31,458 43 536 80 979 05 20,000 00 28,495 10	4,315 64 1,564 86	2,309 01 2,282 22 2,619 94 5,139 04 11,200 00 17,077 54	12 25 3,129 67 6,597 86 2,619 94 7,528 12 31,458 43 536 80 979 05 20,000 00 11,200 00 28,495 10 17,077 54	
Pelee Island line		3,082 17		206 87	3,289 04	
North-west Territories.						
North-west lines, generally				18,538 51	18,538 51	
British Columbia and Yukon District.						
Alberni-Cape Beale Alberni-Clahoquot Ashcroft-Barkerville. Golden-Windermere. 150-Mile House-Quesnelle Kamloops-Nicola Lake Nanaimo-Connox Quesnelle-Atlin Vancouver—Salt Spring Island Victoria-Cape Beale. British Columbia, generally Bennett-Dawson Dawson to Fort Egbert Port Simpson to Hazelton		6,485 90 3,851 67 2,586 70 1,057 35 149,120 25 433 08 3,879 51 995 36 64,050 35		1,554 50 10,589 61 1,441 30 1,019 65 4,640 76 66,170 13 50 00 7,927 69 555 09 130,220 31	1,554 50 6,485 90 14,441 28 4,028 00 1,057 35 1,019 65 4,640 76 215,290 38 483 08 7,927 69 555 09 134,099 82 995 36 64,050 35	
Telegraph service, generally				2,520 23	2,520 23	
Totals, telegraphs					2,020 20	

Name of Work.	Dredging.	Construc- tion and improve- ments.	Repairs.	Staff and Main- tenance.	Total.
MISCELLANEOUS.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.
Monument to Hon. Alex. Mackenzie Reception to H. R. H. The Duke and		8,030 00			8,030 00
Duchess of Cornwall and York					141,504 95
Technical and other books of reference.		8,254 87 499 02			8,254 87 499 02
Technical and other books of reference. Public Works agency, B.C. Surveys and inspections.				1,317 34 34,886 20	1,317 34 34,886 20
Socretary and accountant's staff				33,819 28	33,819 28
Chief architect's staff				28,613 47 69,327 04	28,613 47 69,327 04
Chief architect's staff Chief engineer's staff Supt. Tel. Service staff Departemental photographer Charlottetown Fire Brigade for assist-				3,110 83 750 00	3,110 83 750 00
Charlottetown Fire Brigade for assisting at fire in public building  Hiram Easton's claim, damages re				25 00	25 00
Maria st. bridge	• • • • • • • • • • •			589 92	589 92
Donald				90 00 200 00	90 00 200 00
to R. Spiers				66 67 124 00	66 67 124 00
to estate of late Wm. Johnston				130 00 90 00	130 00 90 00
to widow of late T. Guilbault.				90 00 200 00	90 00 200 00
to estate of late E. Pelletier to widow of late J. Richardson to widow of late T. W. Kier				90 00 180 00	90 00 180 00
Total miscellaneous				315,204 70	331,988 59
RECAPITULATION.					
Totals, Public Buildings-		71 700 10	6,746 58	26,246 34	107,702 02
Nova Scotia Prince Edward Island New Brunswick		74,709 10	1,969 88 16,005 19	5,625 95 23,136 93	7,595 83 83,853 02
Maritime Provinces generally		145,796 72	64,879 76	228 73 69,506 94	228 73 280,183 42
Quebec		462,599 87 459 22	189,493 30 9,842 44	246,547 87 17,643 28	898,641 04 27,944 94
North-west Territories		24,189 62 173,113 69	6,420 49 7,831 42	14,205 76 16,544 28	44,815 87 197,489 39
British Columbia Yukon Territory Public Building generally		244,051 07		127,801 75 20,081 63	371,852 82 20,081 63
Totals, Harbours and Rivers— Nova Scotia Prince Edward Island		156,458 05	30,003 26	13,337 40	239,166 81
New Brunswick	28,628 94	33,178 26 108,825 38	12,302 27 38,449 31	872 18 3,337 40	62,538 16 179,241 03
Quebec Ontario Ontario	237,922 26	1,184,474 50 394,466 14	40,598 07 63,282 76	27,335 85 17,842 18	1,361,041 34 713,513 34 27,764 14
Manitoba. British Columbia	8,018 81 44,093 53	14,761 92 36,985 94 55,080 54	2,131 62 15,923 93	2,851 79 15,336 18	112,339 58 55,080 54
Yukon Territories	4,199 12	331,057 95	28,459 52	9,932 69	14,131 81 359,517 47
Totals, dredges and dredging plant  slides and booms  roads and bridges		159,292 38 379,834 54	32,254 47 14,539 91	69,203 76 5,751 45	260,750 61 400,125 90
telegraph lines		323,739 57 16,783 89	6,503 25	298,968 35 315,204 70	629,211 17 331,988 59
Grand totals of expenditure		4,364,569 25	587,637 43	1,347,543 39	6,786,799 20

PART II.—STATEMENT B.—Showing the cost of the following services for each Public Building, &c.

Name of Building.	Rents.	Salaries of Engineers, &c.	Heating.	Lighting.	Water.	Total.
					•	
Nova Scotia.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Amberst post office Annapolis Antigonish		397 71 366 67 369 13	WO 00	374 37 147 75 79 45	10 00 40 00 10 00	1,027 83 749 69 534 18
Arichat custom house.			59 00 100 00			59 00 100 00
savings bankBaddeck post office		195 23	50 00 134 75			50 00 374 23
Dartmouth "		232 27	107 34	168 35	11 05	519 01
Halifax appraiser's office, customs	1,000 00	33 33 366 67	217 75 198 99		30 00 70 63	$\begin{array}{r} 328 \ 28 \\ 1,636 \ 29 \end{array}$
Halifax appraiser's office, customs Asst. Receiver General's office. Dominion building	900 00	19 65 2,298 52	748 61	75 50	17 40 1,058 59	1,012 55 $7,239 72$
drill shed		780 64				780 64
engineer's office	350 00	550 00	391 72	12 00 557 50		$362 00 \\ 1,499 22$
Kentville post office, &c		369 82 366 67	167 67 182 80	193 76 160 74		781 25 725 71
Liverpool "		322 93	169 50	180 05	73 75	746 23
New Glasgow post office		278 49 369 82	256 00 159 75	360 74 436 98		995 23 983 05
North Sydney " Pictou custom house		9 75 378 92	227 64 165 90	4 10 252 00		241 49
Sydney		376 78	140 35	564 61		1,081 74
Truro custom house						17 80 11 90
yindsor post office		360 58 378 05		360 14 266 45		978 50 837 00
Windsor post office.  Yarmouth post office, &c		388 90				1,324 90
Total., Nova Scotia, carried to statement A, page 3	2,250 00	9,210 53	4,725 67	8,018 64	1,593 75	25,798 59
•						
Prince Edward Island.						
Charlottetown Dominion building  Montague post office	200 00	1,885 38			281 25	4,516 87
Building bost office		146 67 366 67	82 00 302 57	31 25 179 92		259 92 849 16
Totals, Prince Edward Island carried to statement A, page 3		2,398 72	1,000 00	1,745 98	281 25	5,625 95
						-,
New Brunswick.						
Bathurst post office.		424 31	391 92	24 00		840 23
Carleton, St. John, post office, &c Chatham post office, &c			43 90 378 59	88 00		223 57 838 36
Dalhousie "			234 80	28 61		632 83
Moncton post office, &c		377 14 366 67	272 44 276 00		167 50	$1,454 00 \\ 1,299 93$
Newcastle Portland, St. John, post office	196.35	386 47	332 90 36 49			1,026 87 232 84
St. John custom house	22 00	1,777 83	1,368 43	665 84	511 78	4,345 88
immigrant shedinland revenue office		283 15			29 11	784 82
post office		1,282 26 0 60		4,414 63 159 11	701 33 18 50	7,050 53 439 74
St. Stephen's post office, &c		366 67	142 05	462 60	64 00	1,035 32
Tracadie lazaretto		218 23 112 50				672 96 1,252 71
Woodstock, post office, &c		420 87	217 19	201 25	34 00	873 31
statement A, page 4	218 35	6,757 29	6,270 89	8,181 65	1,575 72	23,003 90

PART II.—STATEMENT B.—Showing the cost of the following services for each Public Building, &c.—Continued.

Name of Building.   Rents.   Salaries of confineers, &c.							
Name of Building.   Rents.   enfineers, &c.   Heating.   Lighting.   Water.   Total.			Salaries				
Aylmer post office	Name of Building	Donto		Hosting	Timbelian	Water	Tiobal.
Quebec   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   State   Aylmer post office	Name of Building.	nems.		neating.	Tiguring.	water.	Total.
Aylmer post office			&c.				
Aylmer post office			-				
Berthierville post office							
Buckingham post office.							
Dundee custom house.   32 50   107 65 10 00 190 62	Buckingham post office		2 00				
Dundee custom house.   32 50   107 65 10 00 190 62	Chicoutimi engineer's office	45 00	900 07	100 00	990 90	40.00	
Farnham post office.	Dundee custom house.		300 07			40 00	
Hull post office.	Farnham post office		5 77	67 20		10 00	190 62
Lachine post office	Hull post office	120.00			501 79	24 09	
Lachine post office	Joliette post office, &c	120 00	366 67				
Lévis immigrant building	Lachine post office		122 15				
Montmarny post office	Lévis immigrant building		56 22				
" custom house   1,252 13   615 71   753 88   329 00   2,950 72     " drill hall   697 50   697 50   617 50     " examining warehouse   2,259 83   1,954 27   919 88   525 02   5,659 00     " engineer's office   500 00   574 55   215 07   191 40   103 00   1,084 02     " post office, Windsor station   1,300 00     " post office windsor station   1,300 00   18,224 56     " culters' office   14 09   399 45   555 51   281 95   1,250 80     " culters' office   132 00   132 00   132 00     " examining warehouse   1,505 77   745 02   192 00   450 00   132 00     " examining warehouse   1,505 77   745 02   192 00   450 00   132 00     " examining warehouse   1,505 77   745 02   192 00   450 00   132 00     " post office   1 10   1,467 98   780 74   1,184 37   750 00   1,197 25     " post office   1 10   1,467 98   780 74   1,184 37   750 00   1,297 25     Richmond post office   133 00   134 17   101 00     " post office   134 17   101 00   1,297 25     Richmond post office   134 17   101 00   1,297 25     Richmond post office   134 17   101 00   1,297 25     Richmond post office   134 17   101 00   1,297 25     Richmond post office   134 17   101 00   1,297 25     Richmond post office   134 17   101 00   1,297 25     Richmond post office   134 17   101 00   1,297 25     Richmond post office   134 17   101 00   1,297 25     Richmond post office   134 17   101 00   1,297 25     Richmond post office   134 17   101 00   1,297 25     Richmond post office   134 17   101 00   1,297 25     Richmond post office   134 17   101 00   1,297 25     Richmond post office   134 17   101 00   1,297 25     Richmond post office   135 00   1,317 35   34 10 250 00   1,317 54     Richmond post office   134 17   100   1,297 25     Richmond post office   135 00   1,317 35   34 10 250 00   1,317 54     Richmond post office   134 17   100 0   1,297 25     Richmond post office   134 17   100 0   1,297 25     Richmond post office   135 00   1,317 37 3	Montmagny post office		8 11				83 86
Dom. public buildings gen'lly	Montreal civil service exam. office		1 252 12	615.71	753 99	390 00	
Grill hall	Dom. public buildings gen'lly		1,558 37	015 /1	199 99	329 00	
Post office   1,300	drill hall	1	607 50				697 50
Post office   1,300	examining warehouse	437 50	2,259 83		919 88	525 02 31 00	
Post office   1,300	iminigration office	500 00					
Quebe Citadel buildings         14 09         399 45         555 31         281 95         1,226 80           " clerk of works office         12 50         48 00	inland revenue office	1 200 00	574 55	215 07	.191 40		
cullers' office.	post office, windsor station	231 84	10,462 22	822 16	5,841 34		
cullers' office.	Quebec Citadel buildings	14 09	399 45	555 31	1		1,250 80
custom house		12 50	48 00 495 60				
immigrant building	u custom house		654 70		647 69	800 00	3,093 74
immigrant building	engineer's office	132 00	1 505 77	745 00	100.00	450.00	
	immigrant building		104 15				
Rimouski "	" observatory					50 00	50 00
Rimouski "	post office	1 10	1,467 98				
Rivière du Loup (Fraserville) post office Roberval immigrant building. 134 17 101 00 235 17 Sherbrooke post office, &c. 416 47 353 18 997 89 50 00 1,817 54 Sorel " 443 72 337 55 384 10 250 00 1,415 37 St. Henri " 96 63 114 42 21 96 233 01 St. Hyacinthe " 391 20 366 67 739 25 225 00 1,722 12 St. Jórôme " 327 34 189 16 192 00 60 86 769 36 St. John's " 320 84 94 50 312 50 60 00 787 84 St. Roch " 320 84 94 50 312 50 60 00 787 84 St. Roch " 320 84 94 50 312 50 60 00 787 84 St. Roch " 320 84 392 50 180 74 126 00 988 48 10 post office 40 22 277 25 197 28 62 00 945 75 Valleyfield " 513 00 60 80 72 94 37 52 684 26 Victoriaville " 100 92 40 187 50 125 00 50 00 455 90 Totals, Quebec, carried to State 100 92 40 187 50 125 00 50 00 865 98 Barrie " 379 17 225 95 172 93 50 00 828 05 Balleville " 379 17 225 95 172 93 50 00 828 05 Barrie " 379 17 225 95 172 93 50 00 828 05 Belleville " 379 17 225 95 172 93 50 00 828 05 Belleville " 379 17 225 95 172 93 50 00 828 05 Berampton " 377 37 144 25 327 71 50 75 900 08 Brantford " 377 37 144 25	Richmond post office		360 80	228 49	183 46	256 00	1,028 75
Roberval immigrant building.	Rimouski "	90 00	158 02				
Sherbrooke post office, &c.   416 47 353 18 997 89 50 00 1,817 54	Roberval immigrant building		134 17			00 00	
St. Hyacinthe       391 20       366 67       739 25       225 00       1,722 12       25. Jérôme       327 34       189 16       192 00       66 86       769 36       759 36       759 36       769 36       787 84         St. John's       "       320 84       94 50       312 50       60 00       787 84       84       81 6       56 35       99 51       787 84       84       81 6       56 35       99 51       78 84       84 16       56 35       99 51       78 84       84 16       56 35       99 51       78 84       84 75 77 25       197 28       62 00       945 75       84 75       85 75       84 26       99 95 75       78 84 75       78 85 75       84 26       90 945 75       85 84 26       90 945 75       78 84 26       90 945 75       85 84 26       90 945 75       86 20       945 75       78 84 26       90 945 75 <t< td=""><td>Sherbrooke post office, &amp;c</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Sherbrooke post office, &c						
St. Hyacinthe       391 20       366 67       739 25       225 00       1,722 12       25. Jérôme       327 34       189 16       192 00       66 86       769 36       759 36       769 36       769 36       81       750 60       60 00       787 84       84       94 50       312 50       60 00       787 84       84       81 6       56 35       99 51       787 84       84       81 6       56 35       99 51       78 84       84 316       56 35       99 51       78 84       84 316       56 35       99 51       78 84       84 82       86 20       945 75       86 20       98 84 82       86 20       945 75       87 84 76       86 20       945 75       86 20       945 75       86 20       945 75       86 20       945 75       86 20       945 75       86 20       945 75       86 20       945 75       86 20       945 75       86 20       945 75       86 20       945 75       86 20       945 75       86 20       945 75       75 00       86 20       945 75       75 00       734 76       86 20       945 75       75 00       86 20       945 75       96 84 26       96       96 72 94       37 52       68 42 26       96 31       86 75 80       96 85 96       86 72 90       86	St. Henri		443 72				
Valleyfield " 513 00	St. Hyacinthe "			366 67	739 25	225 00	1,722 12
Valleyfield " 513 00	St. Jérôme "						
Valleyfield " 513 00	St. Roch						
Valleyfield " 513 00	Three Rivers custom house						
Totals, Quebec, carried to State-   Interval	Valleyfield "	513 00	409 22				
Ontario.  Almonte post office, &c.  Almherstburg "  380 16 153 79 150 85 43 75 728 55  Arnprior "  371 17 249 36 195 45 50 00 865 98  Barrie "  379 17 225 95 172 93 50 00 828 05  Belleville "  440 21 501 75 780 35 84 75 2007 06  Berlin "  381 57 282 00 411 73 18 26 1,993 56  Brampton "  377 37 144 25 327 71 50 75 900 08  Brantford "  577 50 347 04 416 25 19 00 1,359 79  Brockville "  366 67 473 80 791 20 170 00 1,801 67	Victoriaville "	1 00	92 40				
Ontario.  Almonte post office, &c.  Almherstburg "  380 16 153 79 150 85 43 75 728 55  Arnprior "  371 17 249 36 195 45 50 00 865 98  Barrie "  379 17 225 95 172 93 50 00 828 05  Belleville "  440 21 501 75 780 35 84 75 2007 06  Berlin "  381 57 282 00 411 73 18 26 1,993 56  Brampton "  377 37 144 25 327 71 50 75 900 08  Brantford "  577 50 347 04 416 25 19 00 1,359 79  Brockville "  366 67 473 80 791 20 170 00 1,801 67	Totals, Quebec, carried to State-	3,436 03	26,371 80	13.189 99	15.885 64	6.315 85	65,199 31
Almonte post office, &c. 372 59 159 05 125 62 77 50 734 76 Amherstburg "380 16 153 79 150 85 43 75 728 55 Arnprior 371 17 249 36 195 45 50 00 865 98 Barrie "379 17 225 95 172 93 50 00 828 05 Belleville "640 21 501 75 780 35 84 75 2007 06 Berlin "381 57 282 00 411 73 18 26 1,093 56 Brampton "377 37 144 25 327 71 50 75 900 08 Brantford "577 50 347 04 416 25 19 00 1,359 79 Brockville "366 67 473 80 791 20 170 00 1,801 67	ment A, page 5						
Almonte post office, &c. 372 59 159 05 125 62 77 50 734 76 Amherstburg "380 16 153 79 150 85 43 75 728 55 Arnprior 371 17 249 36 195 45 50 00 865 98 Barrie "379 17 225 95 172 93 50 00 828 05 Belleville "640 21 501 75 780 35 84 75 2007 06 Berlin "381 57 282 00 411 73 18 26 1,093 56 Brampton "377 37 144 25 327 71 50 75 900 08 Brantford "577 50 347 04 416 25 19 00 1,359 79 Brockville "366 67 473 80 791 20 170 00 1,801 67	Ontario						
Amherstburg   380 16   153 79   150 85   43 75   728 55   Arnprior   371 17   249 36   195 45   50 00   865 98   Barrie   379 17   225 95   172 93   50 00   828 05   Belleville   640 21   501 75   780 35   84 75   2,007 06   Berlin   381 57   282 00   411 73   18 26   1,093 56   Brampton   377 37   144 25   327 71   50 75   900 08   Brantford   577 50   347 04   416 25   19 00   1,359 79   Brockville   366 67   473 80   791 20   170 00   1,801 67							
Barrie         379 17         225 95         172 93         50 00         828 05           Belleville         640 21         501 75         780 35         84 75         2,007 06           Berlin         381 57         282 00         411 73         18 26         1,093 56           Brampton         377 37         144 25         327 71         50 75         900 08           Brantford         577 50         347 04         416 25         19 00         1,359 79           Brockville         366 67         473 80         791 20         170 00         1,801 67	Amherstburg "						
Belleville     "     640 21 361 75 282 00 411 73 18 26 1,093 56       Berlin     "     381 57 282 00 411 73 18 26 1,093 56       Brampton     "     377 37 144 25 327 71 50 75 900 08       Brantford     "     577 50 347 04 416 25 19 00 1,359 79       Brockville     "     366 67 473 80 791 20 170 00 1,801 67							
Brampton     "     377 37     144 25     327 71     50 75     900 08       Brantford     "     577 50     347 04     416 25     19 00     1,359 79       Brockville     "     366 67     473 80     791 20     170 00     1,801 67	Belleville "		640 21	501 75	780 35	84 75	2,007 06
Brantford   577 50 347 04 416 25 19 00 1,359 79 Brockville   366 67 473 80 791 20 170 00 1,801 67							
Brockville " 366 67 473 80 791 20 170 00 1,801 67			577 50	347 04		19 00	1,359 79
Carried forward	E) 1 *11				791 20	170 00	
	Carried forward		3,846 43	2,536 99	3,372 09	564 01	10,319 59

PART II.—STATEMENT B.—Showing the cost of the following services for each Public Building, &c.—Continued.

					-	
Name of Building.	Rents.	Salaries of engineers, &c.	Heating.	Lighting.	Water.	Total.
Ontario—Continued.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Brought forward		3,846 41	2,536 99	3,372 09	564 01	10,319 50
Cobourg " Cornwall " Deseronto " Dundas " Galt " Gananoque custom house post office. Goderich " Guelph "	500 00	378 27 388 07 375 92	142 00 96 75 157 31 172 68 281 00 23 23 	52 90 46 38 248 92 395 63 860 50 70 00 324 10 94 00 114 40 353 20	42 50 64 49 75 00 	475 22 188 97 858 59 1,022 57 1,746 95 23 23 615 84 953 37 238 75- 233 50- 777 69- 971 83
Hamilton drill shed.  "post office, &c		381 22 978 58 566 00	1,032 50 74 00 359 80 298 25 166 31 693 97 707 33 270 00 250 85 208 14 208 80 1,156 66 912 35	1,644 73 339 03 114 70 107 70 723 65 93 75 987 64 1,354 10 167 25 406 25 151 60 103 85 94 76 299 90	14 53 88 00 107 80  48 78 30 00 140 00 80 00 69 44 57 50 25 00	270 00 5,475 91 823 83 745 40 125 00 215 50 1,532 85 1,219 43 671 28 2,800 19 2,707 43 941 86 1,103 32 763 14 614 65 1,251 42 1,836 25
national art gallery and fisheries			162 50	36 00		198 50
parliamentary and departmental buildings.  post office. printing bureau. supreme court. government greenhouse. Rideau Hall, guard room.	10 00	864 00 4,218 46	34,706 44 992 00 3,895 37 696 32 310 00 28 00	17,150 47 1,534 30 1,318 50 326 00		87,622 02 3,390 30 9,432 33 2,462 32 646 00 28 00
Ottawa rented buildings — Census branch (Seybold block) Customs statistical office (Wellgt'n st.) Exam. warehouse. French translator's office. Gas inspector's office. Geological museum annex. Interior dept. (Thistle chambers). Labour dept. (Molson's bank). Marine stores. Militia dept. (Slater chambers). Model room (") N.W. M. Police stores. Observatory. Post Office (Slater chambers). Surveyor general's offices. Workshop and yard (Public Works department). Paris post office. Pembroke "	5,850 00 1,500 00 850 00 315 00 	336 00	65 74	222 90 12 99		7,977 50 2,420 20 850 00 603 64 12 90 600 00 1,000 00 1,290 00 91 15 271 50 1,025 56 1,327 72 21 50 540 00 2,405 61 4,737 10 143 08 852 88
Peterboro' custom house		276 00 61,731 38	179 82	207 15 35,565 38	54 00	716 97
Carried for ward	10,000 00)	01,101 001	94,000 44]	30,000 00	2,100 09	112,100 20

PART II.—STATEMENT B.—Showing the cost of the following services for each Public Building, &c.—Continued.

				The second		
Name of Building.	Rents.	Salaries of engineers, &c.	Heating.	Lighting.	Water.	Total.
Ontario—Concluded.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	18,696 36	61,731 38	54,090 44	35,565 38	2,706 69	172,790 25
Peterboro' post office. Petrolea "Picton "Port Arthur "Port Arthur "Port Colborne "Prescott "Rat Portage "Smith's Falls inland revenue office stratford post office, &c. Strathroy "St. Catharines "St. Thomas "Toronto civil service exam. office		390 07 386 77 402 27 281 90 616 60		154 79 262 12 158 44 406 70	6 51 176 33 64 19 21 25 63 75 67 25 2 70 57 00	987 03 1,051 72 1,234 26 21 25 654 14 1,293 50 704 11 1,047 40
Toronto civil service exam. office	50 00	1,641 79		864 60 308 24		1,633 67 50 00
drill shed drill shed engineer's office examining warehouse. inland revenue office. receiver general.	499 00	1,100 00	572 14 255 35	12 00 170 82	67 70	
post office	625 00 72 00 450 00	2,364 17	665 90	3,517 35 1,492 42		$   \begin{array}{r}     304 \ 00 \\     6,877 \ 86 \\     2,117 \ 42 \\     72 \ 00 \\     450 \ 00   \end{array} $
Trenton post office.  Walkerton post office.  Windsor drill hall  post office.  Woodstock.		366 67 386 72 745 37	139 40 236 31 14 65 546 91	257 50 200 00 1,093 63	105 45	838 57 854 03 14 65 2,491 36
Totals, Ontario, carried to statement A, page 7	20,392 36	78,303 99	215 45 59,811 72	<del></del>	4,126 17	371 35 209,069 18
B . 1 . D		18 30		732 20	100 00	841 50
m experimental farm. m inmigration building. m post office. &c.  Dauphin Dominion lands office.  East Selkirk immigration shed  Gimli engineer's office  Minnedosa  "	84 00 30 00 15 00	550 00	297 81 38 15 788 07 17 75 187 50			297 81 122 15 1,338 07 47 75 187 50 15 00 151 75
Portage La Prairie post office. Winnipeg clerk of works office.  " custom house.  " Dominion lands office	25 00	375 37 67 25 385 30	416 94 592 60 173 00	326 40	i	1,118 71 92 25 1,345 82 231 35
Dominion lands office n engineer's office n examining warehouse n immigration shed post office Totals, Manitoba, carried to State-	385 75	15 05 8 00 2,453 18	169 00 1,044 00 2,091 70		367 15 719 37	385 75 207 64 1,909 33 8,929 96
North-west Territories.	589 75	3,872 45	5,968 27	5,473 87	1,318 00	17,222 34
Alameda Dominion lands  " immigration building.  Calgary court house, &c  " Dominion lands office	180 00 18 00	537 50 6 75	72 84	72 40	225 00	180 00 18 00 907 74 6 75
Carried forward 19—ii—3	198 00	544 25	72 84	72 40	225 00	1,112 49

PART II.—STATEMENT B.—Showing the cost of the following services for each Public Building, &c.—Continued.

Name of Building.   Rents.   Configurers   Rents   Rents   Configurers   Rents   Ren		-					
Brought forward   198 00	Name of Building.	Rents.	of engineers,	Heating.	Lighting.	Water.	Total.
Brought forward   198 00							-
Calgary engineer's office	North-west Territories—Concluded.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Immigrant building	Brought forward	198 00	544 25	72 84	72 40	225 00	1,112 49
I land and registry office							
post office	in immigrant building						
minigrant shed	post office		492 75	196 06	513 75	255 00	1,457 56
Indian Head experimental farm   270 00	Edmonton Dominion lands office	700 00	369 57	137 20	89 20		
Lacombe immigrant building	post office	18 00			145 50		163 50
Leduc immigrant building	Indian Head experimental farm	207 50			0.90		
Lethoridge public building	Leduc imnigrant building	42 00		107 50			53 00
Macleod custon house	Lethbridge public building		46 35 385 00			45 00	
Court noise   223 00   101 42   78 40   33 00     Medicine Hat court house   495 00   2 00   7 50   504 50     Moose Jaw court house   367 57   117 50   4 60   489 67     Moose Jaw court house   367 57   117 50   4 60   489 67     Moose Jaw court house   367 57   117 50   4 60   489 67     Moose Jaw court house   367 57   117 50   4 60   489 67     Moose Jaw court house   360 00   377 27   3 40   932 07     Prince Albert immigrant shed   4 50   377 27   3 40   932 07     Red Deer Dominion lands office   96 00   744 97     Red Deer Dominion lands office   96 00   60 00     Regina court house   7 40   503 25   182 46   1,669 96     Dominion lands office   413 31   413 31   413 31     immigrant building   135 00   155 00     post office   7 65   277 25   6 00   290 90     Strathcona immigrant shed   36 00   283 10   267 10     Wolseley court house   488 05   290 00   43 55   831 60     Total, North-west Territories carred to statement A, page 8   2,070 50   5,653 19   4,119 55   1,266 47   532 50   13,642 21     British Columbia.   142 50   275 10   417 60     Nanaimo post office   564 60   98 00   283 25 27 00   972 85     Court house   564 60   98 00   283 25 27 00   972 85     Court house   564 60   98 00   283 25 27 00   972 85     Court house   564 60   98 00   283 25 27 00   972 85     Court house   564 60   98 00   283 25 27 00   972 85     Court house   564 60   98 00   283 25 27 00   972 85     Court house   564 60   98 00   283 25 27 00   972 85     Court house   564 60   98 00   283 25 27 00   972 85     Court house   566 20   184 71   105 45 20 00     Nanaimo post office   566 20   184 71   105 45 20 00     Medicine Hat a statement   148 92   148	post office	18 00			144 69		288 69
Moosemin	Macleod custom house	225 00	161 42				
Moosemin	immigrant building	30 00	********				30 00
Moosomin	Moose Jaw court house		367 57	2 00 117 50	4 60	7 50	
registry office	Moosomin			377 27	3 40		932 07
Bolthion lands office	Prince Albert unnigrant shed		378 47	$\frac{4}{357} \frac{50}{50}$	9 00		
Bolthion lands office	Red Deer Dominion lands office	96 00				1.50	96 00
Bolthion lands office	Regina court house	60 00	935 00	552 50	182 46		
mimigrant building	Dominion lands office		1 40	503 25	51 02		561 67
post office	in innigrant building				1		
Wolseley court house         498 05         290 00         43 55         831 60           Yorkton Dominion lands office         360 00         32 50         392 50           Total, North-west Territories carried to statement A, page 8         2,070 50         5,653 19         4,119 55         1,266 47         532 50         13,642 21           British Columbia.         60 48         60 48         60 48         60 48         60 48         41,19 55         1,266 47         532 50         13,642 21           Agassiz experimental farm         60 48				277 25	6 00		290 90
Yorkton Dominion lands office.         360 00         32 50         392 50           Total, North-west Territories carried to statement A, page 8.         2,070 50         5,653 19         4,119 55         1,266 47         532 50         13,642 21           British Columbia.         60 48         60 47         60 48         60 48	Wolseley court house	30 00	498 05		43 55		
Register Columbia   Regi	Yorkton Dominion lands office	1 360 00		32 50			392 59
Agassiz experimental farm       60 48         Atlin post office       130 50       174 00       46 50       351 00         Esquimalt custom house       12 95       12 95         Kaniloops Dominion lands office       142 50       275 10       32 25       27 00       972 85         Kaniloops Dominion lands office       564 60       98 00       283 25       27 00       972 85         Court house       18 00       18 00       18 00       18 00       18 00       18 00         New Westminster engineer's office       696 00       556 20       184 71       105 45       20 00       866 36         Vancouver custom house       4 75       563 38       568 13         " drill hall       397 00       397 00       397 00       397 00         " examining warehouse       990 00       16 47       1,006 47         " post office       100 00       1,169 54       296 25       813 28       75 91       2,454 98         Victoria appraiser's office       36 75       36 75       36 75       36 75       36 75       36 75       36 75       36 75       36 75       36 75       36 75       36 75       36 75       36 75       36 75       36 75       36 75       36 75			5,653 19	4,119 55	1,266 47	532 50	13,642 21
12 95   12 95   12 96   12 9							
12 95   12 95   12 96   12 9	Agassiz experimental farm			60 48			60 48
12 95   12 95   12 96   12 9	Atlin post office		130 50	174 00	46 50		
New Westminster engineer's office.   696 00   5 50   23 72   725 22	Kauloops Dominion lands office	142 50		$\frac{12}{275} \frac{93}{10}$			
New Westminster engineer's office	Nanaimo post office		564 60	98 00	283 25	27 00	972 85
Vancouver custom house.         4 75         563 38         568 13         397 00           " drill hall.         397 00         16 47         1,006 47         1,006 47         1,006 47         1,006 47         1,006 47         1,006 47         296 25         813 28         75 91         2,454 98         2,454 98         75 91         2,454 98         2,454 98         36 75         6 00 </td <td>New Westminster engineer's office</td> <td>696 00</td> <td></td> <td>5 50</td> <td>23 72</td> <td></td> <td></td>	New Westminster engineer's office	696 00		5 50	23 72		
drill hall	post office		556 20	184 71	105 45	20 00	866 36
examining warehouse	drill hall			397 00			
Grill half   military store.	examining warehouse	990 00	1 100 5	000 0	16 47		
Grill half   military store.	Victoria appraiser's office.	100 00	1,109 09	290 20	6 00	19 91	
marine department	" drill hall			148 97			148 92
public building.				36 78			
Custom house	" public building				1	114 10	579 84
Quarantine station			1 MAG 01				
Total, British Columbia, carried to	quarantine station			. 1,024 4	5		1,024 45
				. 904 3		*********	364 38
			5,383 5	3,843 1	3,724 32	251 76	15,136 75

STATEMENT C.—Showing amount loaned by government under the authority of special Acts of Parliament, and upon the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Public Works, during the fiscal year 1901-2.

A. G. KINGSTON,

Accountant.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, ACCOUNTANT'S OFFICE, OTTAWA, December 3, 1902.



## PART III

# REPORT

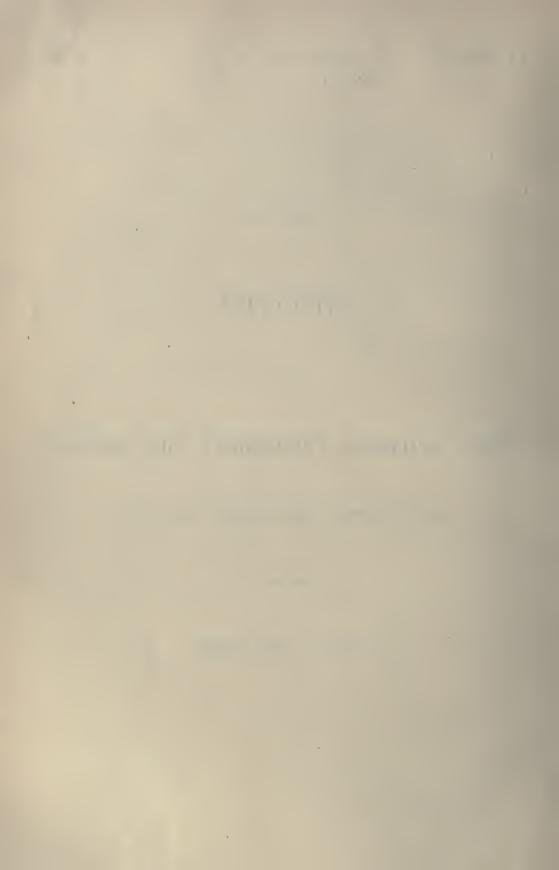
ON

# PUBLIC BUILDINGS THROUGHOUT THE DOMINION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1902

BY THE

CHIEF ARCHITECT



# REPORT OF THE CHIEF ARCHITECT

Department of Public Works, Canada, Chief Architect's Office, . Ottawa, December 2, 1902.

SIR,—I beg to transmit to you, herewith, my annual report on works in connection with the Dominion Public Buildings, that were executed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902.

I have the honour to be, sir, Your obedient servant,

D. EWART, Chief Architect.

Fred. Gelinas, Esq., Secretary, Public Works, Ottawa.

## PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

## SUMMERSIDE.

## PUBLIC BUILDING.

The plumbing of the building being insanitary, was taken out and renovated; a new drain was laid, a new bag rack was supplied, the post office and the entrance steps were repaired.

## PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

#### BADDECK.

## ARMOURY.

A contract for the construction of this building was entered into August 8, 1901, and the building completed before the close of the fiscal year.

It is a wooden one story building on a stone foundation, the basement unexcavated, measuring 58 ft. by 34 ft. and containing 4 armouries each 28 ft. by 8 ft. and a room each for Q. M. Stores, Q.M., C.O., cleaning, fuel and heating.

Plans &c., prepared by this department. Clerk of works—D. A. Macdonald. Contractor—Joseph Treen.

#### PUBLIC BUILDING.

A new lamp post with lamp was erected in front of building, repairs were made to outhouse and ventilating sashes put in Custom House under the supervision of C. E. W. Dodwell, resident engineer and inspector of public buildings, Nova Scotia, Halifax.

19—iii—11/2

## DARTMOUTH.

#### POST OFFICE.

The interior was cleaned, the woodwork painted and the walls and eeilings tinted under the supervision of C. E. W. Dodwell, resident engineer and inspector of buildings, Nova Scotia, Halifax.

#### DIGBY.

#### PUBLIC BUILDING.

This building which was described in my report of last year has been completed, furnished, fitted up with a hot water heating apparatus and occupied.

Plans &c., prepared by this department.

Clerk of works-David Young.

Contractor for construction of building-Jas. Reid.

Contractor for heating apparatus—Jos. Powers.

## HALIFAX.

#### CUSTOM HOUSE.

On April 19, 1902, a contract was entered into for the construction of this building which is to occupy a plot of ground bounded by Bedford row, George street, Water street and a lane; with frontages of 106 ft., 86 ft., 107 ft. and 103 ft. respectively—and will form three sides of a quadrangle open towards Water street.-The building will consist of a basement and 4 stories, excepting an enclosed two storied domed block 40 ft. by 40 ft., the basement of which is to contain the examining warehouse and the ground floor the Customs long room. On the corner of George street and Bedford row is to be a two story clock tower. The architectural style is classic; the outer walls being of cut stone throughout with free columns of the Corinthian order extending through the first and second floors of the Bedford row and George street frontages. The main entrance to the ground floor will be on Bedford row, the general basement entrance on George street and the examining warehouse on Water street-Two main stairways leading from basement to third floor are provided, one on George street abutting against the tower and the other occupying a corresponding position on the lane frontage—and beside each of these stairways an elevator is to be fitted up. Brick vaults are provided for the use of the officers, viz: one in the basement and three on each of the ground, first and second floors. The heating and lighting plants are to be placed in the basement. A lavatory and closet room is provided on each flat, viz: in the rear of the stairs on the lane frontage; all such lavatories and closets being in the same relative positions.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department and work superintended by C. E. W.

Dodwell, resident engineer and inspector of buildings, Nova Scotia, Halifax.

Local Architect—J. J. Busch. Contractor—M. E. Keefe.

## DOMINION BUILDING.

Repairs were effected to the east pediment, coping and chimney, also to heating, plumbing, windows, locks, vaults, lock boxes, clock, electric wiring, painting and glazing and some new furniture supplied. The building was decorated on the occasion of the visit of T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York. Repairs supervised by C. E. W. Dodwell, resident engineer and inspector of public buildings, Nova Scotia, Halifax.

Decoration supervised by L. F. Taylor of this department.

#### DRILL HALL.

New washout closets and urinals were provided, improvements and alterations of electric lighting were made and repairs were effected to windows, doors, eaves gutters, down spouts and boilers. Work supervised by C. E. W. Dodwell, resident engineer and inspector of public buildings, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

#### IMMIGRATION BUILDING.

A new safe was supplied, the building was jacked up, and repairs were made to heating, plumbing, roof and doors; some alterations of lighting was done and some new locks, bolts and linoleum supplied under the supervision of C. E. W. Dodwell, resident engineer and inspector of public buildings, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

## LAWLOR'S ISLAND, QUARANTINE STATION.

One hundred and sixty (double) iron ship berths were set up in detention buildings, the wharf was refloored and repaired, an ambulance was supplied, five hydrants were set up and connected, a combined well and filter constructed, and five portable spray pumps, as well as a quantity of hose, nozzles, &c., supplied. A wooden building 26 feet by 15 feet for use as a bacteriolo ical laboratory was built, a new roof was put on the mercuric chloride tank, which was painted; a board walk was laid at the rear of the bath-house to the south end of the disinfection shed, and a picket fence was built from the disinfection shed to the corner of the fence about the disinfection wards. Work supervised by C. E. W. Dodwell, resident engineer and superintendent of buildings, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

### MIDDLETON.

#### ARMOURY.

A contract was entered into on June 3, 1902, for the construction of this building on Commercial street. The building is to be one story of wood on a stone foundation. The plan is cruciform, the main portion 75 feet by 33 feet, and the arms, in one of which is the main entrance, 33 feet by 16 feet., 6 in each. The basement is unexcavated excepting under the front arm, where the furnace and fuel rooms are situated. A passage five feet in width runs across the building from front to rear a distance of 66 feet, dividing the building into two equal portions. On the right of the entrance is the furnace room, which extends upward from basement; on the left the Q.M. stores each 15 ft. 6 in. by 13 ft. In the main portion of the building there is on the right hand an armoury 30 ft. by 31 ft., and on the left a recreation room of like dimensions. In the rear wing are an officers' room on the right, and a C. O. room on the left, each 15 ft. 6 in. by 13 ft.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department. Clerk of works, L. P. Young. Contractors, Allen, Son & Neily.

#### SPRINGHILL.

## PUBLIC BUILDING.

This building, which was described in my report of last year, is now completed. Plans, &c., prepared by this department. Clerk of works, D. M. Mattinson. Contractor for the building, Jas. Reid. Contractor for heating, Frank Powers.

## PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

## CARLETON (ST. JOHN WEST).

POST OFFICE.

The arch between main building and adjunct was repaired, as were the brick wall and masonry of walls. One chimney was taken down and rebuilt and the others repaired. The arch in hall and adjunct was rebuilt and minor repairs done to plumbing, joinery and painting. The building was decorated in honour of the visit of T.R.H. the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York.

All the foregoing under the supervision of D. H. Waterbury, of this department,

St. John, N.B.

## FREDERICTON.

#### PUBLIC BUILDING.

The old metal roof was replaced by a new one of galvanized iron, also new copper gutters and conductors and some additional slating on mansard. A new brick floor was laid in first floor hall, and repairs were effected to post office boxes, wood work, and painting.

Work supervised by D. H. Waterbury, of this department, St. John, N.B.

## MARYSVILLE.

#### PUBLIC BUILDING.

On February 10 a contract was entered into for the construction of this building, which is to be two stories of brick on a stone foundation, 43 feet frontage by 33 feet in depth. The floors partitions and roof are to be of wood. The ground floor is to be the post office, over which are to be five rooms. A small wooden building in the rear for latrines.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department.

Clerk of works, H. M. Clarke. Contractor, C. J. B. Simmons.

## NEWCASTLE.

## PUBLIC BUILDING.

The yard was laid in asphalt and a sidewalk of similar material laid around the building. Repairs were effected to the area platforms, water conductors, floors, window sills, gates, &c., and some painting done.

Work supervised by D. H. Waterbury, of this department, St. John, N.B.

## PARTRIDGE ISLAND (ST. JOHN).

## QUARANTINE STATION.

Hot water heating apparatus has been fitted up in the two detention buildings and some fittings supplied.

Works supervised by D. H. Waterbury, of this department, St. John, N.B.

## PORTLAND (ST. JOHN, NORTH.)

#### POST OFFICE.

Yard was improved by a cedar bulkhead and earth filling to prevent surface drainage flowing into cellar. A new floor was laid in the barn and back porch, new entrance steps in rear erected, some plastering and painting was done, repairs were made to dormer windows, shop fronts, plumbing, painting, glazing, doors, windows, &c., and some cleaning, painting and papering done. The building was decorated on the occasion of the visit of T.R.H. the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York.

Work done under the supervision of D. H. Waterbury, of this department, St.

John, N.B.

## ST. JOHN.

#### CUSTOM HOUSE.

A brick partition was built dividing a long room in upper basement into offices which were plastered, painted and fitted up. The warehouse rooms of Marine Department in lower basement were re-arranged, a new door put in, &c. The offices and halls, throughout as well as the entrance doors and all the windows, were repainted, grained and varnished. The cresting of roof was painted, a new door at foot of signal tower was hung, additional electric bells and gas lights were supplied and new plumbing done. New furniture was supplied and repairs were done to copper roofing, heating boilers, woodwork, plumbing, hoist, painting and glazing. The building was decorated and illuminated on the occasion of the visit of T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York.

All the foregoing under the supervision of D. H. Waterbury, of this department, St. John, N.B.

## IMMIGRATION BUILDING.

A contract for the construction of this building, which was described in my report of last year, was entered into on 2nd December, 1901, and the work is now well advanced. On May 12, 1902, a contract for the construction of a hot water heating apparatus was entered into,

Plans, &c., prepared by this department.

Work supervisied by D. H. Waterbury of this Department, St. John, N.B.

Clerk of works, G. V. Beatty.

Contractor for construction of building, J. H. Pullen.

Contractor for heating, R. F. Fitzgerald.

## POST OFFICE.

An office for Assistant Post-master was partitioned off on general delivery floor, and a portion of hallway on first floor was partitioned off and furnished for use of type-writer of P. O. Inspector. A new birch floor was laid in general delivery and another in first floor hallway. New entrance doors have been substituted for those existing which were too heavy. A new stamp vendors wicket was put in as well as some additional letter boxes and pigeon hole cases. The interior woodwork was cleaned and painted and some tinting of walls and ceilings done. A sewer basin and trap was placed in the floor of the basement where horses stand, some of the ceilings in basement were plastered, the exterior stonework was pointed, additional bins and shutes were furnished and repairs were made to windows, water-closets, lavatories, &c.

The building was decorated and illuminated on the occasion of the visit of T. R. H.

the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York.

All the foregoing under the supervision of D. H. Waterbury, of this department, St. John, N.B.

#### SAVINGS BANK.

The masonry of retaining walls and side of building was pointed, the arch at end of area repaired and asphalt patched. Repairs were made to gas pipes, boiler, &c., and some bank fittings supplied.

The foregoing under the supervision of D. H. Waterbury, of this department, St.

John, N.B.

## SUSSEX,

## ARMOURY.

On 9th July, 1901, a contract was entered into for the construction of this building and the work is now nearing completion. It is to be a one story wooden building on a

stone foundation and have a flat roof covered with tar and gravel. It measures 67 ft. frontage and 85 ft. from front to rear. Midway of one side there is a basement 24 ft. broad extending inward 37 ft. with a ceiling 8 ft. high and a concrete floor. The basement is for use as a furnace room. On the ground floor are to be 14 armouries each 28 ft. in length, ranging from 9 ft. 9" to 14 ft. 9" in breadth and having ceiling 14 ft. in height. A hallway 6 ft. wide extending from front to back divides the building into two equal blocks of 7 armouries each. There is a skylight to light the hallway. All the partitions, ceilings and walls of the ground floor are of wood.

A hot water heating apparatus has been installed. Plans, &c., prepared by this department. Clerk of works, Jas. R. McLean. Contractors for building, Wallace Bros. Contractor for heating system, H. H. Dryden.

## PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

#### BUCKINGHAM.

#### POST OFFICE.

This building which was described in a previous report is now completed, fitted up and furnished, and has a hot water heating apparatus and incandescent electric lighting. Plans, &c., prepared by this department.

Clerk of works, A. Labelle. Contractor, L. J. Fauteux.

## DRUMMONDVILLE.

## PUBLIC BUILDING.

This building which was described in my report of last year has been completed, fitted up and occupied.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department.

Clerk of works, F. X. Lemaire.

Contractors for building and fittings, Paquet & Godbout. Contractor for hot water heating, Albert Beauchesne.

## GRANBY.

#### PUBLIC BUILDING.

On November 2, 1901, a contract was entered into for the construction of this building on the corner of Cowie and Main streets with frontages of 74 feet and 41 feet, 6 inches respectively. The main portion is 41 feet, 6 inches by 36 feet, 6 inches; two stories, basement and attic, and the adjunct 37 feet, 6 inches by 21 feet 6 inches. A square tower on the angle of the two streets is carried up an additional story finishing in a pyromidal roof and having 4 cut stone pedimented clock face. The walls of the basement are stone and those above of brick with stone dressings, the partitions, floors and roof are wood, the sloped roofs being covered with slate, the main deck with felt, tar and gravel and the tower roof, dormers, cornices and hips with galvanized iron. The ground floor of the main building is the post-office, that of the adjunct the examining warehouse and weights and measures office; on the first floor are the Customs and Inland Revenue Offices, and in the attic are caretaker's apartments. On each floor, excepting the basement, is a water closet room, that on the ground floor having also a sink, on the first floor two lavatory basins and in the attic, bath and a lavatory basin. There is a lavatory basin in each office of the first floor.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department.

Clerk of works-Wm. Cox.

Contractors for building—Dussault & Pageau, Quebec.

#### GROSSE ILE.

## QUARANTINE STATION.

New coal bins No. 1 and a baggage shed Nos. 2 and 3 were built on wharf to replace burnt structures.

Disinfection shed No. 4.—The roof of this building was covered with new galvanized iron; the windows were repaired; part of brickwork around boilers was done over; exterior of building was painted.

A shed, No. 5, was built to house new electric light plant.

First class detention building, No. 7.—The chimney was lengthened and the inside of the kitchen was painted. A new plank walk was laid from steps to wharf.

Detention shed No. 11.—This was straightened; cedar sills were renewed, posts repaired, and two ventilators built on roof.

Detention sheds Nos. 13 and 14 were straightened and posts repaired.

Chimney of kitchen, No. 15, was lengthened.

Bakery No. 19.—The kiln was repaired and the chimney was also lengthened.

Engineer's quarters, No. 39, was painted in and out.

Police quarters, Nos. 40 to 43.—Cedar sills were renewed, new floors were laid in

kitchens, and building was painted in and out.

Assistant medical officer's dwelling, No. 100.—The whole of the exterior was painted, and some painting and papering was done to the interior. Winter sashes and storm doors were supplied.

The parsonage, No. 106.—The exterior of house and shed were painted. The English church, No. 108.—All exterior woodwork was painted.

Superintendent's residence, No. 127.—Baths, w.c.s., sinks and drainage were put in. Platform was built and stairs to river were repaired. Roofs of outbuildings, No. 130 to 133 were tarred. Water was brought to Nos. 130, 131, 137. A new ice house was erected for the use of the superintendent.

Signal Station.—A bastion was built of stone masonry for flag-staff and a platform

was erected for the guns.

Boat house, No. 139 was overhauled, cedar sills, floor, sheeting and shingles were renewed.

Sailors' quarters, No. 144 to 151.—Repairs were done to stone foundations and to plastering. The exterior was painted and roofs were tarred. New platforms were built. A new floor was put in No. 146. In the school-house, No. 150, a new floor was laid and the ground floor walls were sheeted and painted.

Kitchens, No. 152 to 155 were straightened and generally repaired, new sills were put in, roof shingles were repaired and tarred. Nos 153 to 154, were lengthened and

floors repaired, two new doors and four windows were supplied.

The Catholic church, No. 163.—A new hardwood floor was laid and building was

painted in and out.

The Presbytery, No. 164.—Shingle roof was repaired, exterior was painted and some painting and papering was done to the interior. Some carpets, oilcloth and furniture were supplied.

Ambulance shed, No. 169.—Painted outside.

Bakery, No. 170.—Minor repairs were made to house, the kiln was rebuilt, tank, force pump, w.c., basin and sinks were put in, exterior was painted.

Baggage shed on lower wharf. No. 177 was painted outside.

Friends of the sick, No. 200.—Interior was sheeted and roof was repaired, w.c,s.,

baths, showers, lavatory basins and hot water boiler were put in.

Hospital, No. 203.—Fireplace in kitchen was rebuilt, repairs were made to plastering of several rooms, verandah was renewed, all of exterior woodwork was painted. A sidewalk was laid from hospital to disinfection shed.

Disinfection shed, No. 206, was sheeted inside and put on new sills.

Hospital employees' quarters, Nos. 208 to 212—Whole of exterior was painted.

Smallpox hospital, No. 222.—Nurse's room was sheeted and painted.

A morgue and a store-house, two old buildings in the cemetery, were pulled down and a new structure was erected instead, No. 225.

Water was brought to the different buildings in the Central division. Fences were

tarred and generally repaired.

Waterworks were put in by O. Picard & Fils, under the supervision of J. Cowan, of this department. The electric light plant was supplied and installed by Ahearn & Soper, under the supervision of J. Johnson, also of this department; balance of work was carried out by day labour, under the supervision of Ph. Béland, clerk of works, Quebec.

## HOCHELAGA.

#### POST OFFICE.

This building which was described in my report of last year has been completed, fitted up and occupied.

Plans and specifications prepared by Messrs. Perrault and Lesage, Montreal, P.Q. Contractors for building and fittings, Martineau & Sons, Montreal, P.Q. Contractors for heating apparatus, Alex. Mackay & Son.

## HULL.

#### POST OFFICE.

This building has been completed and occupied. Plans, &c., prepared and work supervised by this department. Clerk of works—V. Laflamme. Contractors—Joseph Bourque and Chas. Lemoine.

## LÉVIS.

## CATTLE QUARANTINE.

Sheds Nos. 2, 12, 13, were moved and rebuilt.

Sheds Nos. 4, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24 and 26 were rebuilt; sills, floors, roofs, &c., were renewed.

No. 16.—A new sheep barn, 60 feet by 18 feet, was built. No. 20.—Leant-o was rebuilt, and a new feed shed added.

No. 23.—Feed shed reshingled.

Fences were repaired and new fences built.

Work carried out under the supervision of Ph. Béland, clerk of works, Quebec.

## MONTREAL.

## POST OFFICE.

Caretaker's quarters were fitted up in the attic of this building. Heating, electric light and water service was provided, also wash basins, baths, water-closets, etc.

A fire-escape was fitted up at the east side of the building.

The covering of the upper part of main cornice as well as the gutters were renewed in copper.

New cupboards were provided for the letter carriers.

The room in which is located the electric motor for the elevators, was made fire-proof.

The scales for weighing newspapers were repaired. Pigeon-holes were supplied for the letter carriers.

All electric motors were repaired; and new steel cables for the elevators were supplied and put in place.

Repairs were made to the plate at letter box on St. James street, and to the

chutes.

A bag rack, with pigeon-holes, etc., were supplied for the use of the mail clerks at the Windsor Station.

Works executed under the supervision of C. Desjardins.

#### CUSTOM HOUSE.

Considerable repairs were made to this building.

A large number of partitions were removed and alterations were made to the interior arrangement generally.

New vaults, with fire-proof fittings, etc., were provided.

Hardwood floors were laid in the various new offices.

A tile floor was laid in main hall on ground floor, and marble steps were laid at entrance steps. A new dado was built in main hall.

Glass partitions were provided in the offices; and new cupboards, carpets, furniture, etc., were supplied to the record room. Alterations and additions were made to the plumbing.

The gas and heating systems were put in good repair and some new coils were

supplied.

The covering of dome, as well as 260 feet of gutters were renewed in copper.

A new mast was provided.

All the foregoing under the supervision of C. Desjardins.

## EXAMINING WAREHOUSE.

The walls and ceilings of the attic were limewashed, and the woodwork was painted.

New sills were put on fifty-six windows.

New steel cables were provided and put in place in connection with the elevators.

Repairs were made to the gas and heating systems.

The roof was repaired.

Important improvements, alterations and additions are now in progress in this building, and are expected to be completed during the course of 1902-03.

The foregoing under the supervision of C. Desjardins.

## INLAND REVENUE BUILDING.

Repairs were made to the roof and gutters; furniture was supplied, as well as a new hose, all under the supervision of C. Desjardins.

## IMMIGRATION BUILDING.

New signs were provided outside the building, and furniture and carpets supplied for the office, under the supervision of C. Desjardins.

#### PERIBONCA AND ROBERVAL.

## IMMIGRANT BUILDING.

These are two buildings similar in plan for which a contract was entered into . October 11, 1900. Each is a 2 story building on a pile foundation 45 feet by 25 feet with a one story lean-to woodshed, 14 feet by 16 feet, in the rear. There are two rooms on each floor, one for each sex, divided by a stairway hall which runs from front to rear. The ground floor rooms are for waiting and dining, those above for sleeping. There is a chimney at either end. A detached one story wooden building 11 feet by 16 is a latrine.

Plans, &c., prepared and work superintended by this department.

Clerk of works—A. B. Carbonneau.

Contractor—A. Godbout.

## QUEBEC.

## ARTILLERY WORKSHOP.

A contract was entered into on May 27, 1902, for the erection of this building on

Artillery Park grounds.

The building is to be 158 feet by 72 feet and of one story. Foundations to be of rubble masonry; walls, to base course, to be of coursed ashlar backed with brick; and from base course up, to be of brick. Roof to have trusses and columns of steel, purlins and boarding of wood, covered with paper and copper. Floor to be of tamarac blocks laid on concrete foundation. At one end an office and a store, room are to be partitioned off.

Plans etc., prepared by this office; clerk of works, Ph. Béland; contractor Wm. Stuart.

## CITADEL, GOVERNOR GENERAL'S QUARTERS.

This building was overhauled for the reception of the Duke and Duchess of York and suite. The walls of basement were whitewashed and some repairs were made to the plastering. Floors were repaired and a new floor was laid in the corridor of the basement. Windows and shutters were repaired. A wing for tent room was erected on the terrace, next to ball-room; it is of frame with roof supported by two columns, covered with galvanized iron, and finished with gutter and fall pipes. The inside was lined with a canvas tent, and the outside painted. The house was wired for electric light, fixtures and shades were supplied. The bell service wiring was renewed and two indicators, eight batteries and three bells were put in. Repairs were done to plumbing and drainage; two w. c,s. were renewed; the closet wing was sheeted on the outside and made frost-proof. The servants' quarters were cleaned, painted and whitewashed, and three chimneys were built. Three stoves, some blankets, quilts, pillows, linoleum, mats, carpets, a new flag and some thermometers were supplied. A kiosque—with a platform leading to it—was erected on the King's bastion for the reception and torn down later. A temporary carriage shed was put up and was also taken down. A coal bin was built in the basement and the area covered over for the winter.

Ph. Béland, clerk of works.

## CUSTOM HOUSE.

Floor of Public Works stores room was renewed. Toilet room, first floor, was painted. In attic, repairs were done to plastering of caretaker's quarters; a floor was laid in the kitchen. Minor repairs were made to roof and chimneys. A door spring was put on main door. A blackboard and some furniture were supplied. A new vault door with combination lock was put in long room. Some furniture was repaired. Grounds and trees were attended to, some filling in and seeding was done. The snow was removed from the roof. This building was decorated with flags and electric lights for the ducal reception.

Ph. Béland, clerk of works.

#### EXAMINING WAREHOUSE.

The whole of radiators, mains and returns of heating system were taken out and renewed. Pointing was done to walls and chimneys. A hood was built over Harbour Commissioners' door. Repairs were made to iron of roof, to skylight, and to boilers. Carpets and rugs were supplied for appraiser's office. One chair was supplied and three repaired. The snow was removed from roof.

Clerk of works, Ph. Béland.

## IMMIGRATION BUILDING, LOUISE HASIN.

This building was levelled; sills, posts and part of floor were renewed; extensive repairs were done to plastering of ceilings and walls; caterer's kitcken ceiling was

sheeted with metallic plates; a large cupboard was built, sink table was covered with lead. Floors of lavatories were painted, walls and ceilings of guards' room were sized and painted. Dining room was painted. Rear platform was renewed in part. Assistant matron's quarters were painted, papered and carpeted; parlour, dining room, kitchen and bedroom were furnished completely; window blinds, rugs, bedding, crockery, cutlery, stoves, kitchen utensils, &c., were supplied. Bell service was repaired, two new bells and eight batteries were supplied. Rugs were purchased for assistant agent's room.

Clerk of works, Ph. Béland.

## MARINE AND IMMIGRATION BUILDING, AND QUEEN'S WHARF.

Repairs were made to floor beams and stairs of store-room. For the ducal reception the wharf, fences, sheds and pontoon were repaired; a new gangway was built; the building, shed, blacksmith, shop and fences were painted; arches and masts were erected and decorated; the place was illuminated by thousands of electric lights; buildings and grounds were decorated generally. Later these decorations were taken down. An engine house was built at head of slip. Grounds were left in good order.

Clerk of works, Ph. Béland.

#### POST OFFICE.

Painting, plastering, tile floor and doors of lobby were repaired. A new general delivery screen was put in; stamp vendor's counter was cleaned, old wire screen removed and replaced by plate glass. In post office new sorting frames, tables, racks, &c., were supplied. Repairs were done to safe of money order office. Locks were supplied and repaired. Some glass was renewed. Electric clocks and bells were attended to. Electric light wiring and fixtures of post office were renewed. A blackboard was supplied. Sundry repairs were made to carpentry. One dozen Lepage door checks were placed on different doors. A window was cut in wing. A cupboard was built in clerk of works' office. Some furniture was supplied and repaired. A new asphalt walk was laid on du Fort and Buade streets, which necessitated some new masonry, stone steps, &c. A new brass front was placed on street receiver. The usual annual cleaning was done. This building was decorated for the reception of the Duke and Duchess of York. Masts were erected on du Fort street, and flags, banners, shields and lights were used for the purpose.

Street boxes were painted.

Clerk of works, Ph. Béland; asphalt laid by J. B. N. Barbeau.

#### ROLLING MILL AND CARTRIDGE FACTORY.

This building was described in last year's report, and is completed all but the painting and heating.

Clerk of works, Ph. Béland.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE.

Some boxes were supplied to this office. Clerk of works, Ph. Béland.

## PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

#### BROCKVILLE.

DRILL HALL.

This building is completed and occupied. Plans, &c., prepared by this department. Clerks of works—J. B. Mix and Robt. Purvis. Contractor—D. S. Booth.

## DESERONTO.

#### PUBLIC BHILDING.

This building which was described in a previous report is nearly completed and plans for the post office fittings, heating apparatus and furnishings are in course of preparation.

Plans, &c., prepared and work superintended by this department.

Clerk of works—John Dalton. Contractor—Richard Sheehy.

## DUNDAS.

#### ARMOURIES.

This building which was described in my report of last year has been completed and fitted up with a hot water heating apparatus.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department.

Resident Architect and clerk of works, W. A. Edwards.

Contractor for building—Jos. Bowman.

Contractor for heating system—Adam Clark.

## HAMILTON.

#### PUBLIC BUILDING.

Two newspaper sorting frames were supplied, the walls and ceilings of post office were cleaned, tinted and painted, the woodwork of main stairway and halls was cleaned and varnished, the weights and measures hall ceiling and walls were kalsomined and the floor painted, the elevator was overhauled, altered and supplied with new lifting cables, new fastenings and checks were furnished the entrance doors and some new window shades and curtains supplied.

## KINGSTON.

#### GYMNASIUM, ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE.

On June 24, 1902, a contract was entered into for the construction of this building which is to be one story and basement measuring 120 feet by 55 outside, 10 feet from basement floor to ground floor, 22 feet from ground floor to spring of roof, 28 feet from floor to ceiling and 52 feet from basement floor to apex of roof.

The gymnasium hall floor is to be 85 feet long by 50 feet wide, 14 feet of the total inside length, at either end under the gallery, being divided into rooms; that at one end for use as the main entrance, the stairway, hall and a spare room; at the other, for three bath rooms. The gallery extends the full length of the building, 113 feet, and at each side is 6 feet in width. The basement is to contain the heating apparatus and stores.

The walls are to be stone and the partitions brick, the walls to be 7 feet above ground floor brick-lined. The floor of basement is to be concrete, and that of ground floor wood, carried on steel beams. The roof ceiling and lining of walls from 7 feet above ground floor are wood.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department, and work carried out under the supervision of Arthur Ellis, local architect and clerk of works, Kingston, Ont.

Contractors-Sullivan & Langdon.

#### KINGSTON.

## HOSPITAL BUILDING, FORT FREDERICK.

This building, which was described in my report of 1900-1, has been completed, fitted up with a hot water heating apparatus and occupied.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department. Local architect and clerk of works—Arthur Ellis. Contractors for building—Sullivan & Langdon. Contractors for heating apparatus—Martel & Langelier.

## OTTAWA.

## GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

The Hall.—The roof of the verandah was entirely renovated; 2 skylights were put in roof opposite offices of A.D.C. and comptroller; 2 new bath and closet rooms were fitted up, one on ground floor off ball room passage, the other on first floor, a portion of room 15; the drawing room and the library were renovated, decorated, wainscotted and provided with new mantels, grates, hearths, doors, cornices, gas fittings, &c., and an opening was made through wall to ventilate A.D.C.'s w. c. The old potting shed, the furnace room and the wood shed were demolished to give place to new green-house and a new potting shed and furnace room, 38 feet by 14 feet by 16 feet in height, with hopper roof erected. An addition of 43 feet by 13 feet was made to the stove house, and the entire stove house refitted with plant tables, beds, shelves, ventilating apparatus and a new hot water heating apparatus. A new cold house, 42 feet by 13 feet, was built at back of vinery wall and fitted up with tables, beds and ventilating apparatus. The iron smoke stack of chapel was replaced by a brick chimney. The plastering throughout the building was repaired, and a large number of the rooms and passages had ceilings and walls tinted, and the woodwork of 28 rooms painted, as well as the brick walls, chimneys, &c., of ball room, tennis court, ante-rooms, kitchen and housekeeper's wing, cornices and porches outside. Eight rooms were re-papered, 785 lights of glass were glazed in new greenhouse and stove house, 20 new hot bed sashes were supplied, and a large quantity of broken glass renewed. Five hundred and eighty yards of new carpet and 15 rugs were laid, while 2,730 yards of carpet and 30 rugs were taken up, repaired, cleaned and relaid. Fifty-one pairs of window curtains, 2 blinds, 3 sets of bed curtains and a quantity of material for short curtains were supplied. Nine hundred and twentynine yards of various materials for curtains and covering screens, pillows, sofas, tables, &c., together with 10 squares for table covers and loose covers for 31 chairs, 17 sofas, 4 screens and 8 cushions were supplied. Three table cloths and 24 pairs of blankets were supplied. Of new furniture supplied, there were 40 chairs, 9 screens, 4 sofas, 13 tables, 8 cushions, 3 stands, in addition to which there were a fair quantity of repairs and renewals among the existing furniture. Of ornaments supplied: 6 vases, 12 trays, 10 lamp shades, 4 pieces of delf-ware, 3 pairs of andirons and fenders, also 12 portable baths and 12 wicker hampers. A quantity of porcelain was supplied, as also a large number of kitchen utensils, principally copper, 125 in number.

Rideau Cottage.—A French drain was built along side wall on south side; a new

bedroom fireplace was put in, and 2 screens covered.

Stables, &c.—The stablemen's mess room was demolished and rebuilt of larger size, 40 feet by 18 feet by 13 feet high, of wood, painted. A wood shed 18 feet by 16 feet by 13 feet high, of wood, painted, was erected for the use of the stables, as well as a shed 24 feet by 12 feet for hay and feed.

Root House.—An addition, 30 feet by 16 feet, was made to root house.

Gardener's House.—The porch was shored up and a new flight of steps thereto from sidewalk put up; the kitchen wall was wainscotted, the ceilings and walls were tinted and papered and the woodwork painted, two clothes closets were built in bedrooms.

Extensive repairs and renewals were made to the toboggan slides, the sidewalks throughout the grounds and the fences. Of the fences, 1,750 feet lineal were rebuilt, 250 feet of new fence was put up, 2,325 feet was overhauled and made good, and the remainder had minor repairs effected to it. All the tile pipes in courtyard were taken up and replaced by cast iron pipes. The main drain to the bay was opened up, cleaned and relaid. The flight of steps from lean-to veranda at tennis court was entirely renewed. A flight of granolithic steps was put down between the upper and lower level of flower garden.

Extensive repairs were made to heating, plumbing, electric lighting and electric bells, as also to roof covering, eaves troughs, down pipes, &c. The 3 level boat house pier at the bay was thoroughly repaired and filled with stone. The boat house was fitted with racks for 6 canoes. The lighting of the avenues was changed from gas to electric, the conduits being placed in trenches, and additions were made to the lighting at the hall and the various buildings.

The fences, sheds, greenhouses and varandas were painted or repainted as well as

the cricketers' pavilion.

A large variety and number of gardening tools and necessaries were supplied for

kitchen and for flower garden as well as bulbs, plants, seeds, &c.

Some of the hedges were grubbed out, some grading, sodding and treeplanting was done, and the main avenue was gravelled, rolled and otherwise improved. The icehouses were packed with ice. The roofs, paths, slides, rinks, &c., were cleared of snow by the departmental staff, by whom the grounds, lawns, gardens and plant-houses were maintained.

The usual periodic cleaning and the packing and unpacking were done; arrangements for and attendance on entertainments were furnished, and the rinks, slides, &c., kept in order.

Work carried out and maintained under the supervision of this department by the

departmental staff.

Clerk of works, Wm. H. Hutchison.

## ROYAL OBSERVATORY, CENTRAL EXPERIMENTAL FARM.

Plans and specification are prepared and tenders invited for this building which is to consist of a central domed portion 34 ft. in diameter, 4 stories in height exclusive of basement and dome chamber for equatorial, having the main stairway in rear and flanked by two wings 49 ft. by 49 ft. of two stories and basement. The front walls of these wings are not in the same straight line each with the other but each is deflected backwards about 15° from a right line. The external walls are to be stone—the partitions of brick; the basement floor is to be concrete but elsewhere the floors are to be of iron beams carrying terra cotta arches covered with cement overlaid by hardwood flooring; the roof is to be of concrete on iron framing and covered with felt, tar and gravel—The basement walling is to be of local limestone, that above of Nepean sandstone with the cut stone of brown sandstone.

The basement is to contain the rooms for standard testing instruments, clock rooms, record rooms, a workshop, battery rooms, a heating and fuel room for the janitor. On the ground floor the main entrance is on the middle of the main front and opens into a circular room 28 ft. in diameter the centre of which is occupied by a circular shaft 13 ft. in diameter which goes from the foundation of basement up to the equatorial room. In the rear of the main entrance is the main staircase. To the right are two rooms for astronomers, a time service room, a computing room and a w. c. room. To the left are the director's office, the library, a computing room, the correspondent's room, a messengers room and a waiting room. On the first floor are the photographers room, the observers room, a draughting room and a lecture room. Heating is to be by hot water.

Plans and specifications prepared and work to be superintended by this department.

## POST OFFICE BUILDING.

5 rooms were cleaned, tinted and painted; the doors of 28 rooms were numbered and lettered; two partitions one of wood and glass, the other of brick were constructed; 6 dozen chairs and a like number of cushions were repaired; the furniture was oiled and varnished and there were furnished 3 cupboards, 2 steel drawer cases, 2 large pigeon hole cases, 6 window deflectors and 2 tables.

Work supervised by F. Breton, clerk of works.

#### PRINTING BUREAU.

15 new w. c. tanks were put in to replace a like number condemned. Some bell

hanging and some gas fitting were done and a new cable supplied the elevator.

The porches and passages were cleaned, tinted and painted; some glass partition was erected and a bookcase supplied. The repairs to carpentry and joinery keep one workman constantly employed.

Work done under the supervision of F. Breton, clerk of works.

## WESTERN BLOCK, DEPARTMENTAL BUILDING.

Portable electric lamp-stand were installed, 1 in Marine department, 1 in Inland Revenue department, 2 in Public Works department and 5 in Marine department. Drop lights were installed; 9 in Marine department, 8 in Inland Revenue department, 14 in Public Works department, 3 in Customs department and 1 in Trade and Commerce. one 3-light electric bracket was installed in Public Works department. Telephones were installed: 1 in Marine department, 1 in Inland Revenue department, and 1 in Public Works department. Electric bell-hanging was done in Marine department, 19 conductors and 7 call bells, in Public Works department 2 bells, and in Trade and Commerce and Railways departments new and extended connections. New sinks were fitted up: 1 in Inland Revenue and 1 in Public Works department; a table covered with slate and lead was provided for the analyst, Inland Revenue, and a lead-lined water tank for the photographer, Public Works. 330 feet of 1 inch steam pipe in coils was put in for the last-named official. Seventeen rooms were cleaned, tinted and painted; 9 floors were filled and vornished; 28 office doors were lettered; the new photographic studio was fitted up with partitions, tables, desks, tanks, screens, trestles, trucks, &c., &c.; 2 lounges and 6 chairs were recovered; 110 pieces of furniture were repaired and 165 pieces cleaned, shellacked and varnished; 4 rooms were fitted up with open shelving; a new window and fanlight was supplied as well as were the following articles of furniture viz:—2 steel and 1 oak file cabinet, 1 chest drawers, 6 book cases, 26 cupboards, 5 cases shelving, 11 tables, 2 pairs trestles, 7 step ladders, 11 deflectors, 6 hardwood chests, 2 plan racks, 3 screens and rods, 10 curtains and rods, 75 sets map rollers, 4 high desks, 5 desk slopes, 1 kitchen dresser, 1 set pigeon holes, 4 green baize doors, 1 pine stand, 2 battery racks, 2 ventilators, 5 screens, 21 chair cushions, 1 cherry mantel piece, 35 stretcher frames, 6 dozens clothes hooks with boards, 1 telephone box, 6 Yale locks and one new partition with shelving.

Done under the supervision of this department.

Wm. King, Mechanical engineer—F. Breton, clerk of works.

## LANGEVIN BLOCK.

Two new tubular steam boilers were set up in basement and cased in brickwork. The electrical pumps were thoroughly overhauled and put in good running order. There were installed in Department of Agriculture: 2 electric droplights, in the Interior Department 7, and in the Post Office Department 17 as well as 33 re-arranged—all with switches &c., and some shades. In the Agriculture Department the electric bells were readjusted, 3 new bells hung and in the Interior 3 new bells. Eight rooms were cleaned, tinted and painted; 500 pigeon holes were lettered, 8 cases of ordinary shelving and two cases with 430 roller shelves were supplied as also 16 tables, 3 glazed partitions, 2 pigeon hole cases, 1 steel drawer case, 1 file cabinet, 4 book cases, 2 sorting frames, 3 step ladders, 3 fire screens, 5 window deflectors, 2 doors, 10 pairs of curtains with brass rolls and 3 leather cushions, 90 pieces of furniture was repaired and 65 pieces cleaned, painted and varnished.

All under the supervision of this department.

Wm. King, mechanical engineer.

F. Breton, clerk of works.

## EASTERN BLOCK, DEPARTMENTAL BUILDING.

There were 3 drop electric lights installed in the Secretary of State Department and 6 in the Finance Department—three portable lamp stands in the Auditor General's

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Department and two in the Finance Department. Two wash basins were fitted up, one in the Secretary of State Department and one in the Justice Department. Three telephones were installed for the Privy Council office. Speaking tubes were put up between messenger's rooms, Indian Affairs Department. One steam radiator was fitted up in Finance Department. Twenty rooms were cleaned, tinted and painted; 7 doors were recovered with green baize, 3 new hard wood floors were laid; 8 tables and 2 high desks were recovered with cloth; 2 rooms were fitted up with steel cases, one of which contained 1,500 steel drawers; 14 chairs and 3 sofas were reupholstered; 212 pieces of furniture were cleaned, oiled, shellacked and varnished, and 65 pieces repaired; also there were furnished 4 cupboards, 3 bookcases, 2 steel cabinets, 8 tables, 2 step ladders, 2 curtains, 2 fire screens, 1 desk and 2 window frames.

All done under the supervision of this department.

Wm. King, mechanical engineer.

F. Breton, clerk of works,

#### CENSUS BOARD OFFICES.

A fan with electric motor was installed to ventilate the w.c's on two floors. Six rooms were wired for electric light, 21 droplights with shades &c. Two new wash-basins and one sink were fitted up.

#### LABOUR BUREAU.

Two portable gas stands were supplied.

#### MILITARY STORE BUILDING.

This building, which was described in a previous report, has been fitted up and furnished, supplied with a hot water heating apparatus and electric elevator and made ready for occupation.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department.

Clerk of works, P. Canty.

Contractors for the building, Joseph Bourque & Chas. Lemoine.

Contractors for heating, Messrs. Martel & Langelier.

Contractor for electric elevator, J. Fensom.

Contractor for fittings, W. G. Hurdman.

## GREENHOUSE, CONSERVATORY AND POTTING HOUSE, MAJOR'S HILL.

This building, which is situated near the northwestern angle of the Major's Hill Park, has been in course of construction during the year 1901, and is now, nearly completed. The potting shed is of stone, 28 feet by 19 feet, consisting of a basement, ground floor and cockloft, is lined with brick and has brick partitions and brick chimney. The basement floor is of concrete, while that of the ground floor is of wood, of which also is the roof. The potting shed which is situated 5 feet from the northeastern side of the greenhouse is an oblong, 70 feet long by 20 feet broad, 33 feet from floor to apex of roof and 19 felt from floor to spring of roof. A portion of the extreme southeastern end, 12 feet broad by seven feet long is carried up 11 feet from floor line capped by a pyramidal roof 17 feet from floor to apex. Attached to the northwestern end of the greenhouse is the conservatory which is in the form of a Greek cross, 40 feet by 40 feet, the arms 17 feet broad, the centre an octagon, 30 feet in minimum diameter. The walls of this octagon are 25 feet high from floor to spring of roof, 44 feet from floor to lantern and 65 feet from floor to apex of lantern exclusive of finial. The lantern is 13 feet in diameter. The arms of the cross are of the same height as the greenhouse. Both conservatory and greenhouse have a stone foundation extending up to the top of the plant tables, 5 feet from floor. The floor throughout greenhouse and conservatory is concrete. The framing of the glazed portions is composite, the parts being of 3 in. iron pipe

the remainder principally wood. The plant tables are of iron and wood. Heating is by hot water. The stonework is limestone, random coursed, with cut stone plinth, cut stone dressing to openings and cut stone entrance steps..

The heating is by a hot water system.

Plans, &c., prepared and work superintended by this department.

Clerk of works, P. Canty.

#### MAJOR'S HILL PARK.

The grounds about the new conservatory have been graded and sodded. New ornamental trees and shrubs have been planted throughout the grounds and the water service extended.

## DEPARTMENT OF CUSTOMS ANNEX-WELLINGTON STREET.

The basement flat of the building was fitted up with open shelving, under the supervision of F. Breton, clerk of works.

## IMMIGRATION COMMISSIONÈRS OFFICE—QUEEN STREET.

This is a suite of rooms rented in the Imperial Building. 1 portable lamp stand and some electric bells installed.

#### PARLIAMENT BUILDING.

That portion of the boiler house to the south of the tramway was unroofed and the south wall of the tramway was taken down to foundation level whence it was rebuilt and carried up three further stories, giving additional rooms on ground and first floors as well as a committee room in attic with a floor area of 2,800 square ft. and a ceiling 20 ft. in height. This room was fitted up with folding seats, a brass bar on standards from end to end, separating the seating from the standing room, and a mechanical ventilation plant installed. Tempering steam coils, 500 square ft. surface, were fitted up in the plenum chamber to which fresh air taken directly from outside was supplied by a cone fan propelled by an electric motor, and 19 steam radiators and 1 steam coil were installed as direct heating surface in the new extension. On either side of the main public lobby was constructed a passenger elevator with a travel from basement to attic; one adjoining the Commons' stairway and the other that of the Senate. A bath, lavatory and w. c. were fitted up in the new rooms of the Deputy Speaker, House of Commons, a new bath in the quarters of the Speaker of the Senate with all necessary water service and drainage. A drinking fountain was fitted up near the entrance of the Senate Chamber and the sink in the paste room, House of Commons, was relined. There were 154 16 c. p. lamps installed in the new extension and 960 10 c. p. lamps over the glass ceiling of the Senate, also a number of lamps in the galleries. There were installed in various offices 1-1 light electrolier, 4-3 light electroliers and 1 drop light. The electric bells of the Commons and Senate, were rewired and annunciators of 100 points and 50 points respectively placed in the respective messengers' rooms. 6 division bells were wired in attic of extension, 1 bell wired for Speaker of Commons and 1 for room of Minister of Public Works. New speaking tubes from Commons and Senate lobbies to boiler house were put in.

The inside sashes of library throughout were replaced by new and a number of the sashes repaired. The Senate Chamber ceiling was reglazed with prismatic glass similar to that in House of Commons, the skylights were overhauled and extensively repaired and extension alterations of the housekeeper's quarters were effected. Two hardwood floors were laid; 14 rooms were cleaned, tinted and painted; all hard-wood floors were oiled and varnished and all the floors of passages and stairs painted, a large quantity of bronzing and gilding was done, 8 doors, 5 lounges, 12 tables, 8 desks, 20 chairs as well as all the chairs and tables in library were recovered; the walls of both large committee rooms were sheeted for maps, all the new rooms were fitted with picture moulding

the new offices of the debates' reporter were furnished throughout, the windows of the new Railway Committee room were curtained in green baize, a large quantity of new shelving was put up in library and furniture supplied generally as follows: 5 cupboards, 10 curtains, 500 map rollers, 3 tables, 30 dozens hat hooks and rails, 200 chairs, 4 green baize doors, 2 map racks, 1 case of shelving and 1 pigeon hole case.

Work done under the supervision of Wm. King, mechanical engineer.

F. Breton, clerk of works.

#### SURVEYOR GENERAL'S OFFICES.

There were installed 93 droplights, 6 portable lamp stands, 6 wall brackets, 1 2-light pendant, 2 4 light pendants, 2 hall lanterns and 1 3 light ceiling cluster with reflectors, all for electric lights and with shades, switches, &c.. 3 electric bells were wired for and 1 wash-basin fitted up.

## REPAIRING STREETS, ETC.

Scraping, cleaning and minor repairs were done to the various roadways and streets under the control of the department. Rubbish, scrapings and ashes were removed from the east block, west block, parliament buildings, the workshops, printing bureau, the museums and the various streets and deposited at Nepean Point; the grass at geological museum was kept clipped and the ashes removed from the boiler houses; the roadways, sidewalks, footpaths, roofs, and yards were kept clear of snow during the winter.

Work done by the departmental staff, C. Leblanc, foreman.

#### PARLIAMENT GROUNDS.

Alterations of and additions to the shubbery and flower beds were effected. The iron fence on the street lines was painted.

## SUPREME AND EXCHEQUER COURT BUILDING.

4 double and 6 single sections of book-case and one large cupboard were supplied.

## BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS GENERALLY.

In addition to the works mentioned in the foregoing, there are innumerable smaller works, e.g., there were provided for the various departments 675 packing cases, the painters glazed 453 panes of glass as well as executed 325 items of painting under separate requisitions and there were 375 such works done by the carpenter's staff; 675 days of plasterers' work and 1975 days of masonwork, besides many items unrecorded. And besides all these in connection with the various buildings, the property of the government, there are similar works of repair, painting, furnishing, tinting, &c., in connection with a number of rented buildings, also such works as repairs to and renewals of coal and other sheds as well as works of a general character, such as the erection and taking down of porches, the winter boarding of outside steps, the moving of furniture, the putting up and taking down of summer blinds and winter sashes, the beating of carpets, minor repairs to glazing, painting, woodwork, furniture, &c., the removal of the snow from the ground, buildings, roads, foot-paths, which work was done by the departmental staff.

#### PARIS.

## PUBLIC BUILDING.

This building which was described in my report of last year, has been completed and occupied.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department.

Clerk of works, Duncan Mackay.

Contractor for building and fittings, Wm. Griffiths.

Contractors for heating, Martel and Langelier.

## PICTON.

This building which was described in my report of last year, has been completed and occupied.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department.

Clerk of works, P. M. Pulver. Contractor, Robert Cameron.

## PRESCOTT.

#### POST OFFICE AND CUSTOM HOUSE BUILDINGS.

The town having established a waterworks plant and drainage system, the public buildings were fitted up with water-closets, baths, sinks and basins and connections made with the town water service and drainage.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department.

Contractor, Chas. Baker.

## ST. THOMAS.

#### ARMOURY.

This building which was described in my report of last year has been completed, fitted up, furnished with a hot water heating system and an electric light plant and occupied.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department.

Clerk of works, N. R. Darrach.

Contractors for building and fittings, Green & Co. Contractor for electric lighting, Jas. Aitcheson.

Contractor for heating system, P. Leclerc & Son.

#### SARNIA.

#### PUBLIC BUILDING.

This building, which was described in a previous report is in progress and is expected to be completed during the new fiscal year.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department. Clerk of works, Marcus R. Burrows.

Contractor, Geo. A. Proctor.

#### TORONTO.

## POST OFFICE.

All the work done at this building consisted of minor repairs under the supervision of S. G. Curry, architect.

The building was decorated and illuminated on the occasion of the visit of T.R.H.

the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York.

## CUSTOM HOUSE.

The custom-house lane was repayed under the supervision of S. G. Curry, architect. The building was decorated and illuminated on the occasion of the visit of T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York.

## EXAMINING WAREHOUSE.

Extensive changes were made in the express department and in the fittings of the hardware department on the first floor. The yard between the customs lane and the examining warehouse was paved and the fence renewed and rebuilt. All under the supervision of S. G. Curry, architect.

## RECEIVER GENERAL'S AND INLAND REVENUE BUILDINGS.

A door was cut through the wall from the weights and measures office, some furniture was supplied and some repairs effected. All under the supervision of S. G. Curry, Architect.

#### WINDSOR.

## DRILL SHED.

This building was completed and occupied during the fiscal year. Plans &c., prepared by this department.
Clerk of works, Charles Smith.
Contractors for buildings and fittings, Sullivan & Langdon.
Contractors for heating system, Martel & Langelier.

## WOODSTOCK.

#### PUBLIC BUILDING.

Completed and occupied.

Plans &c., prepared and work superintended by this department.

Local architect and clerk of works, Alexander White.

Contractor, Jos. A. DesRiviéres.

## PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

## WINNIPEG.

#### CUSTOM HOUSE.

Repairs were made to plumbing and glazing and some furniture and linoleum supplied.

Work done under the supervision of J. Earnest Cyr, acting clerk of works,

Winnipeg, Man.

#### WINNIPEG.

## DOMINION LANDS OFFICE.

Repairs were made to the boilers, plumbing and chimney and a few articles of furniture supplied.

Work supervised by J. Earnest Cyr, acting clerk of works, Winnipeg, Man.

#### EXAMINING WAREHOUSE.

Minor repairs were made to plumbing and glazing under the supervision of J. Ernest Cyr, acting clerk of works, Winnipeg, Man.

#### IMMIGRATION HALL.

A considerable quantity of plastering was done, the wall and ceilings were cleaned and tinted, the building was wired for electric lighting, a new stairway was put in, repairs were effected to plumbing and range and a number of articles of furniture supplied. All under the supervision of J. Ernest Cyr, acting clerk of works, Winnipeg, Man.

## POST OFFICE.

A new steam pump and a new safe were supplied, a new vault built and some new glazed partitions constructed. Extensive repairs were made to boilers, plumbing and plastering. Repairs were also made to elevator, electric bells, skylight, lock boxes &c., All the foregoing supervised by J. Ernest Cyr, acting clerk of works, Winnipeg, Man.

## NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

## LETHBRIDGE, ALTA.

#### IMMIGRANT BUILDING.

A contract was entered into August 27, 1901, for the construction of this building which is of wood, 2 stories, on a stone foundation 45 feet, by 25 feet, with a one story lean-to kitchen 14 feet, by 16 feet in the rear. There are two rooms on each floor, one for each sex, divided by a stairway hall which runs from front to back. The ground floor is for waiting and dining rooms and the upper floor for dormitories. There is a oneflue chimney at each end. A small detached one story outbuilding 11 feet by 16 feet for use as a latrine.

Plans &c., prepared by this department, and work carried out under the supervision of Chas. Raley, clerk of works.

## CARNDUFF, ASSA EAST.

#### COURT HOUSE

Plans have been prepared and tenders invited for the construction of this building. which is designed to have a stone basement, surmounted by two stories of wood, and an unfinished cockloft. The building is to measure 31 ft. by 28 ft., exclusive of an adjunct 20 ft. by 10 ft., to contain the principal entrances and staircase. The basement is to contain the heating furnace and fuel. There are two brick chimneys. The ground floor is to contain a guard-room, a N. C. O. room, a constable's room, three cells, an entrance (stairway) hall, two rear entrance vestibules and a rear stairway. The first floor is to contain a court-room 31 ft. by 27 ft., exclusive of bay for dais, a stairway hall, a judge's room, two jury rooms and a room for the bar.

In the rear are two one-story detached buildings, one a coal shed 30 ft. by 11 ft..

and the other a latrine 12 ft. by 10 ft.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department.

## SASKATOON, SASK.

#### IMMIGRATION BUILDING.

A contract was entered into October 22, 1901, for the construction of this building, which was completed before the close of the fiscal year. It is a wooden two-story building on a pile foundation 46 ft. by 35 ft., with a one story lean-to woodshed 14 ft. by 16 ft. in the rear. There are two rooms on each floor, one for each sex, divided by a stairway hall which runs from front to back. The ground floor is for waiting and dining rooms and the upper floor for dormitories. There is a chimney at each end. A small detached one story wooden outbuilding 11 ft. by 16 ft. for use as a latrine. Plans, &c., prepared by this department.

Clerk of works, John Morrison.

Contractor, James Leslie.

#### BRITISH COLUMBIA.

## KAMLOOPS.

#### ARMOURY.

A contract for the construction of this building was entered into April 29, 1902, and the work is now in progress. It is being built on a site having a frontage of 50 feet on street and extending back 120 feet to a lane in rear. It is to be a wooden one-story building with a span roof and on a stone foundation. It is to measure 42 feet front by

86 feet in length, exclusive of a front porch which extends eight feet outward, with a breadth of 13 feet. The ground floor has a main hall at the front, 40 ft. by 59 ft., with heights of 15 feet from floor to spring of roof and 28 feet to apex. At the rear a portion 24 ft. by 40 ft. is divided into three rooms for armoury, officers' room and stores. Below this portion there is an excavated basement, with concrete floor and 8 feet high ceiling, for heating apparatus and fuel. There is a brick chimney in the rear from base-

Plans, &c., prepared by this department. Contractor, D. H. Campbell.

## KASLO.

## ARMOURY.

A contract for the construction of this building was entered into March 15, 1902, and the work is still in progress. It is to be similar in construction to the foregoing, is to be built on a site having a frontage of 75 feet on Fifth street by a depth of 110 feet.

Clerk of works, John Milligan. Contractor, D. J. Maclaughlin.

## NANAIMO.

#### PUBLIC BUILDING.

The original shingles were removed from the roof and replaced by slates, the tin covering of deck removed and replaced by tar and gravel and the eaves, gutters and roof vallies renewed. Two hundred new lock boxes were fitted up in post office and grille work on money order counter. Offices on front floor were altered and fitted up for Inland Revenue Department.

Work done under supervision of Wm. Henderson, of this department, Victoria, B.C.

## NELSON.

#### ARMOURY.

A contract was entered into April 20, 1903, for the construction of this building, which is to be similar in construction to that at Kamloops excepting that it is brick veneered, and is to be built on a site having a frontage of 50 feet on Victoria street, and a depth of 120 feet to the alley in rear.

Contractor, W. G. Gillett.

## PUBLIC BUILDING.

This building, which was described in my last report, has been carried on continuously since, and is expected to be completed early in the next fiscal year.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department; construction supervised by Wm. Hender-

son, of this department, Victoria, B.C. Clerk of works, J. A. Macdonald.

Contractors, Viau & Lemoine.

## NEW WESTMINSTER.

## PUBLIC BUILDING,

Building completed and fitted up for occupation.

The building was decorated and illuminated on the occasion of the visit of Their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York.

Plans, &c., prepared and work superintended by this department.

Work supervised by Wm. Henderson, of this department, Victoria, B.C.

Clerk of works, Alex. Hamilton.

Contractors for construction of building, Bourque & DesRivières.

Contractor for heating, Jos. Lamarche.

## REVELSTOKE.

#### ARMOURY.

On June 18, 1902, a contract was entered into for the construction of this building, which is to be similar in construction to that at Kaslo. It is to be situated on a lot having a frontage of 50 feet on Second street, and extending back 100 feet to lane.

Contractor, John Kernahan.

## ROSSLAND.

## PUBLIC BUILDING.

This building, which was described in my last report, has been completed and fitted up with a hot water heating apparatus and is now being furnished for occupation.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department.

Work supervised by Wm. Henderson, of this department, Victoria, B.C.

Clerk of works, R. W. Gregor.

Contractor for building, Thos. Bradbury. Contractor for heating, W. E. Vanstone.

## VANCOUVER.

#### DRILL HALL.

Completed and occupied. This building was decorated and illuminated on the occasion of the visit of T.R.H. the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York.

Plans, &c., prepared by this department.

Work supervised by Wm. Henderson, of this department, Victoria, B.C. Clerk of works, Thos. McKinnon.

Clerk of works, Thos. McKinnon. Contractors, Viau and Lachance.

#### PUBLIC BUILDING.

Alterations were made to provide new dead letter office, new office for postmaster, new money order office and new postal parcels office, all of which were fitted up, furnished, lighted and supplied with the necessary plumbing, &c., large quantities of new fittings and furniture were supplied, repairs were made to heating apparatus, roof covering, plumbing, lighting and fittings, some new bells were hung and telephones wired for and the building was decorated and illuminated on the occasion of the visit of T.R.H. the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York.

Work supervised by Wm. Henderson, of this department, Victoria, B.C.

#### VICTORIA.

#### OLD CUSTOM HOUSE.

Repairs were made to water service and plumbing, some hose, stoves, stove pipes, &c., were supplied and the building was decorated and illuminated on the occasion of the visit of T.R.H. the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York. All under the supervision of Wm. Henderson, of this department, Victoria, B.C.

#### PUBLIC BUILDING.

An electric heater was placed in vault in examining warehouse to keep dynamo for freight elevator dry and some spare armatures and fields for the same supplied. The contact plates of the passenger elevator were repaired and some new fuse blocks supplied same. Electric wiring was repaired in long room, postmaster's room and public lobby, electric bells were repaired in P.O. inspector's room, collector's office and long room. New blinds were supplied offices of postmaster, collector of customs and P.O.

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inspector. New carpets were laid in offices of postmaster and post office inspector. A bookcase was supplied for long room, new double doors and some stoves and pipes for examining room in basement. The inland revenue offices were supplied with new batteries for electric bells. Repairs were done to several typewriters, chairs, bells, plumbing, &c. Twelve new storm sashes were supplied, rubber strips placed on windows and a stepladder and ensign supplied.

This building was decorated and illuminated on the occasion of the visit of T.R.H.

the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York.

All under the supervision of Wm. Henderson, of this department, Victoria, B.C.

#### OLD POST OFFICE.

Two rooms on front floor were painted and papered, a new ensign was supplied, the drain was cleared and repairs were made to plumbing, plastering and glazing.

The building was decorated and illuminated on the occasion of the visit of T.R.H.,

the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York.

The foregoing was done under the supervision of Wm. Henderson, of this department, Victoria, B.C.

## WILLIAM'S HEAD.

## QUARANTINE STATION.

The following buildings were constructed during the fiscal year:—

New Boiler House—This is an addition to the steam disinfection building, is 46 ft. long by 20 ft. broad, and contains a new boiler with the original boiler, which was moved here from the disinfection building, its place being taken by a supplementary steam disinfection chamber. In connection with this a new smoke stack was built.

Assistant-Superintendent's Residence—This is a one-and-a-half story wooden building, 44 ft. by 44 ft., with basement and with a one-story adjunct, 22 ft. by 12 ft. in rear. On the ground floor is a living room, a dining room, a kitchen, a laundry, two bedrooms, a servaut's room and a pantry; above are four bedrooms. There are plumbing, drainage and heating.

Engineer's (steamer Earl) residence.—A wooden one-and-a-half story building, 32 ft. by 34 ft. without basement, having a one-story adjunct in rear 23 ft. by 13 ft. On the ground floor are parlour, living room, dining room, hall, bath room, closet, pantry, kitchen and shed; above are three bedrooms. There are plumbing and drainage.

Cottage Hospital—A brick one-story building 40 ft. by 22, with on one side a small adjunct 12 ft. 6 in. by 6 ft., and on the other a veranda 6 ft. wide by a full length of the building. It contains a ward, a bath room, a kitchen, a nurse's room and a pantry, all in the main portion, with a servant's room in the adjunct. The floors are of concrete and there is no basement. There are plumbing and drainage.

Laboratory Building—This is a one-story brick building 32 ft. by 33 ft., containing the office, laboratory and rooms for incubation, guinea pigs, gas machine, boiler and

supplies. There are heating, plumbing and drains.

Also there were built a storehouse, a lockup, a boathouse, a naphtha and coal house and a cook house for Chinese and Japanese, as well as a covered way and fence on wharf.

The poles of the William's Head telephone line, eighteen miles in length were renewed and the wire re-strung. Old fences blown down by wind storm were re-erected and repaired and some new fence erected. All the new buildings were painted, as were the power and disinfection house, the first-class detention building, the large shed on wharf, tank and pump house, superintendent's stable, watchman's house, Chinese and Japanese building and steamer Earl. The steamer Earl was repaired and a new boiler supplied.

Work supervised by Wm. Henderson, of this department, Victoria, B.C.

#### GENERALLY.

On the occasion of the visit of T.R.H. the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York, the Parliament and departmental buildings, the grounds, Major Hill Park and the bridges at Ottawa were illuminated and decorated.

Repairs and alterations have been executed and sundry articles of furniture, &c., provided, and cleaning, painting and other improvements carried out in connection with a number of buildings not herein reported.

D. EWART,

Chief Architect.



## PART IV.

# CHIEF ENGINEER'S REPORT

ON

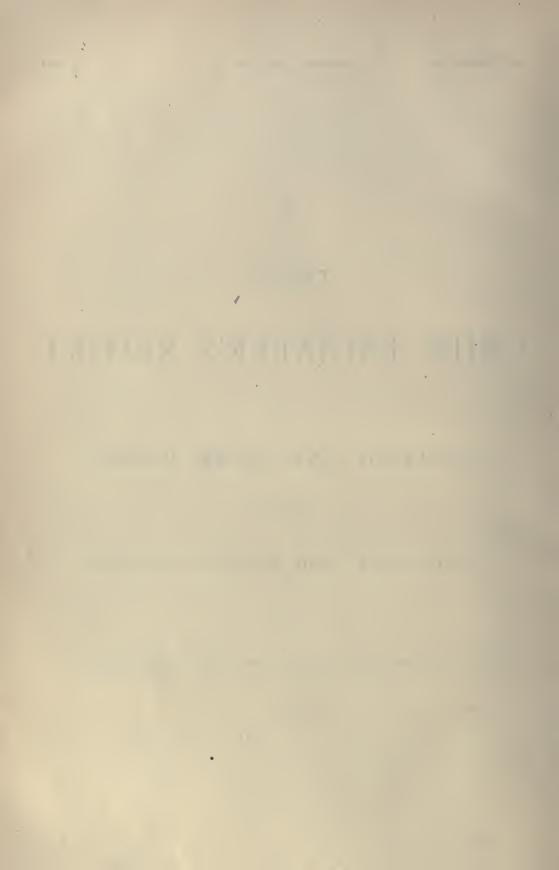
# HARBOUR AND RIVER WORKS

INCLUSIVE OF

GRAVING DOCKS AND DREDGING OPERATIONS

ALSO

ROADS, BRIDGES AND SURVEYS THROUGHOUT THE DOMINION



## REPORT OF THE CHIEF ENGINEER

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS OF CANADA,
CHIEF ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
OTTAWA, November 25, 1902.

Fred Gélinas, Secretary,
Department of Public Works.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit my report on the various works under my charge during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902.

These works comprise the construction and repair of wharfs, piers, breakwaters, dams, weirs, bank and beach protection works; the improvement of harbours and rivers by dredging; the construction, maintenance and operation of government dredging plant; the construction and maintenance of graving docks: the construction, maintenance and working of slides and booms, the construction and maintenance of inter-provincial bridges, and approaches thereto, and of bridges on highways, of federal importance in the North-west Territories and the maintenance of military roads; also hydrographic and ordinary surveys and examinations, inclusive of precision levelling and geodetic measurements which are required for the preparation of plans, reports, estimates, &c.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

EUGENE D. LAFLEUR,

Acting Chief Engineer.

## List of Surveys made during the Fiscal Year 1901-2.

Mossy River, Man. Portneuf, Que. Tusket, N.S. Ste. Adelaide de Pabos, Que. Magnetawan, Ont. Memphremagog, Que. St. Jean Ile d'Orleans, P.Q. St. Simon, P.Q. Rimouski, P.Q. St. Irenée, P.Q. Lower Montague, P.E.I. Higgin's Shore, P.E.I. Puce River, Ont. Belle River, Ont. River L'Assomption, Que. St. Blaise, Que. Rimouski, Que. Gaspereaux, P.E.I. Cape Croker, Ont. Huntsville, Ont. Brockville, Ont. Chantry Island, Ont. Parry Sound, Ont. Blind River, Ont. St. Anne, (Montmorency Co.) Que. Somas River, B.C. Trois Pistoles, Que. Point Edward, Ont. New Edinburgh, N.S. Ship Harbor, N.S. Gulliver's Cove, N.S. Sandy Cove, N.S. Tiverton, N.S. Westport, N.S. Tennycape, N.S. White's Cove, N.S. Necum Teuch, N.S. Presqu'ile, Ont. Freeport, N.S. Oromocto, N.B. Petit Rocher, N.B. Orillia, Ont. Georgian Bay, Ont. Kingsburg, N.S. Round Bay, N.S.

Donald's Head, N.S.

Neguac, N.B.

Annapolis, N.S.

Charleville, N.S.

Great Salmon River, N.B. East End, Cape Is. N.S. Georgian Bay, Ont. Green Cove, N.S. North Head, Grand Manan, N.B. Baitlet's Brook, Lismore, N.S. Wallace, N.S. Poirierville, N.S. Pointe Fortune, Que. Aultsville, Ont. Chateau de Sylva, Que. Richard's Landing, Ont. Fraser River, B.C. Ship Harbor and Jeddore Lakes, N.S. Grande Rivière, Que. Horseshoe Cove, N.S. Skinner's Cove, N.S. Digby, N.S. Campbell's Cove, P.E.I. Aspy Bay, Dingwall, N.S. St. Anne's Beach, N.S. Cape John, N.S. Beaudro's Landing, Ont. Sober Island, N.S. Kelly's Cove, N.S. McKinnon's Point, N.S. Georgeville. N.S. Champlain, P.Q. River St. Francis, Que. Petit de Grat, N.S. Indian Brook Flats, N.S. Fort Lawrence, N.S. Serpentine River, B.C. Antigonish Harbour, N.S. Pugwash, N.S. Little Salmon River, N.B. Roman Valley River, N.S. Pierreville, Que. Bryson Bridge, Que. Oxtall River, B.C. Bayfield, Ont. Cow Bay, N.S. Columbia River, B.C. St. Jean Baptiste Bdge., Man. Echo Bay, Ont. Tobermoray, Ont. Christian Island, Ont. Repentigny, Que.

## PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

#### ABBOTT'S HARBOUR.

Abbott's Harbour, some 30 miles from Yarmouth, the county town, is situated on the west side and near the head of the peninsula forming the western side of Pubnico Harbour. It is about 2½ miles to the south of Argyle Sound. The harbour is formed by a small island lying about 100 yards off the main land. The entrance to the harbour to the south is protected by the island and the main land, and the northern entrance is protected by a shingle beach, which under the action of northerly and north-westerly seas was liable to disappear and leave the harbour without protection. The harbour is the head-quarters of a numerous fishing fleet, and considerable quantities of cod, herring, lobsters and other fish are annually caught and exported.

In 1900–01, the department constructed a piece of cribwork beach protection, 235 feet long, 8 feet wide on top, 10 feet wide on bottom and 8 feet high. It is substantially built of round-log cribwork sheathed on the face with 5-inch sawed stuff, floored with 3-inch plank, well fendered and filled solid with stone ballast. It is admirably

serving its purpose in protecting the beach from erosion.

During the fiscal year, 1901–02, the department expended the sum of \$1,225.76 in extending the beach protection work, built last year, by a new piece of cribwork 180 feet long, 10 feet wide on top, plumb on the seaward side and battering one in four on the inner or landward side. On the outer end, where the work is 14 feet high, is an ell 20 feet long and 10 feet wide on top. The remainder of the work is from 4 to 14 feet high. It is close-sheathed on the seaward side with 5-inch sawed spruce and covered on top with 3-inch plank.

Spring tides rise 12 feet, neaps 10 feet.

#### AMAGUADEES POND.

• Amaguadees Pond, Cape Breton county, lies on the north side of East Bay, the eastern arm of the Great Bras d'Or lake, and is distant about 3 miles from Benacadie Point, at the entrance to, and 16 miles from the head of the bay,

It is a large sheet of water, about one mile in length and a quarter of a mile wide, with a depth of from 2 to 4 fathoms, separated from the bay by a sand and shingle beach of from 100 to 200 feet in width, and about 4 feet high above the summer level of the lake.

The sum of \$2,000.00 was voted for the construction of a wharf at this place, during 1901–1902. Instructions were received to carry on this work by day labour, but that if the cost of the wharf should exceed the amount voted, plan and specification for the construction of the proposed work were to be prepared and submitted.

As no survey had ever been made at this place with a view to the construction of a wharf, and as it was found impossible, owing to other pressing engagements, to obtain

the necessary information, nothing has as yet been done in the matter.

#### ARGYLE SOUND.

Argyle Sound is situated on the west side of the head of the peninsula forming the western side of Pubnico harbour, some 30 miles south-east of Yarmouth, the county town.

In 1900–01, the sum of \$500.00 was expended in constructing a small wharf on the site of the old one. The new work consists of a block of substantially built cribwork,

28 feet long, 11 feet wide, 6 feet high, well fendered, floored and ballasted. An approach was also built of granite boulders covered with gravel, 70 feet long, 25 to 28 feet wide

and from 3 to 8 feet high.

In the present fiscal year the department expended the sum of \$519.67 in extending the little wharf built last year. The new work consists of two blocks of round-log cribwork stone-filled, 28 feet long, 11 feet wide in the length of the wharf, by 8 to 10 feet high. The blocks are connected to the shore block, built last year, with spans of 14 feet. The work, as now completed, consists of three blocks of cribwork, each 28 feet long, (across the wharf), by 11 feet wide and 8 to 11 feet high.

Spring tides rise 12 feet, neaps 10 feet.

#### BASS RIVER.

Bass River is a farming and manufacturing village of about 500 people, situated on the north side of Cobequid bay the eastern arm of the Bay of Fundy. It is half way between Truro and Parrsboro, or about 28 miles from either place. In 1894-95, the department built a public wharf of pile work, 210 feet long, 40 feet wide, with an ell at the outer end 55 feet long and 40 feet wide. At the outer end of the ell it was found necessary to build a small block of cribwork, containing 8,000 cubic feet, on account of the hard nature of the bottom preventing the piles from being driven to their proper depth. Along its outer face the work is 26 feet high, giving a depth of 22 feet at h. w.o.s.t.

In the present fiscal year the department expended the sum of \$1,099.11 in extending the pile wharf built in 1894-95. The extension is 40 feet square, substantially built of pile work and giving the wharf the form of a T. A small freight shed was also built on the wharf for the accommodation of local shippers and merchants.

Spring tides rise 50½ feet, neaps 43½ feet.

#### BEAR POINT.

Bear Point, Shelburne Co., is situated about five miles south west of Barrington Passage. It is a village of about 400 population, These people have been without proper wharfage facilities and in 1900–01 the sum of \$2,000 was appropriated for the purpose of constructing a wharf. The nearest wharf in this neighbourhood, previous to the present, was about five miles distant, and as the inhabitants are mostly fishermsn, they required landing facilities for their boats and goods. The sum of \$1,845.60 was expended upon this wharf in 1901, and the work done is:—A stone-bank approach and a solid cribwork stem. The approach is 57 feet long, 24 feet wide on top and 9 feet high at the outer end. The stem consists of stone filled round-log cribwork, properly fendered stringered and capped, and is some 90 ft. in length. At the end of the fiscal year, 1900–01, the wharf was not completed, and during the past fiscal year the overplus of materials left over was disposed of to the breakwater, at Clarke's Harbour, and the work completed with the proceeds. This cribwork is 19 feet in width on top and has a depth at the outer end of 10 feet at 1.w.o.s.t., or a total height of 19 feet. It was originally designed to be 100 feet in length, with an L or return of 20 by 10 feet at the outer end.

As the wharf is now it is practically sufficient for the needs of the place and should this village prosper, then the placing of an L or any other additional requirements

could be considered.

Total expenditure to June 30, 1902, is \$1,989.44.

## BEAR RIVER.

The village of Bear River, situated at the head of navigation, five miles above the two bridges, highway and railway, which are near the mouth of the river, is an important and prosperous settlement, partly in Annapolis and partly in Digby county, the

river forming the boundary between the two counties. Large quantities of piles, cordwood and lumber are annually shipped to South America, the West Indies and the United States, and the volume of shipping engaged may be judged by the fact that the bridges, in each of which is a swing span, are opened from 300 to 400 times in each

year, for the passage of vessels.

In the present fiscal year, the sum of \$3,000.00 was expended in removing the upper portion of an old pier of the highway bridge, which was rebuilt by the provincial government, about 12 years ago, on a site about 100 feet farther up stream. This old pier bottom, which has been removed to a depth of 5 ft. below low water, spring tides, was so close to the channel that it was a source of great danger to vessels passing up and down. The dropping pier on the down stream side of the swing span of the highway bridge, was also rebuilt in substantial pile-work, the new pier being 180 feet long, 25 feet wide, and from 20 to 30 feet high, strongly built of pile-bents, well braced, fendered and bolted, provided with mooring posts and rings, and with three rows of hard-wood walings on the river face.

Of the total expenditure of \$3,000.00 the sum of \$349.17 was expended in the purchase of piles and timber for the rebuilding of the dropping pier on the upper side of

the highway bridge.

#### BEAVER HARBOUR.

Beaver Harbour is situated sixty-five miles, in air line, east of Halifax. It has a

farming and lumbering population of from 300 to 400 people.

In the present fiscal year the department expended the sum of \$2,097.46 in building a piece of cribwork for the preservation of a beach which protected the inner harbour from the inroads of the sea. The work, which is substantially built of round log cribwork, well fendered and filled with ballast, is 300 feet long, 8 feet wide and from 4 to 6 feet high.

### BEAVER RIVER.

Beaver River is a prosperous fishing and farming village of some 400 people, situated on the coast of St. Mary's Bay, 13 miles north of Yarmouth, and on the county line between Digby and Yarmouth. The little stream of the same name which issues here, discharges through a gravel beach, which formerly, when the stream was low, obstructed its mouth and finally closed it altogether, so that the water has to find exit

by soakage through the gravel.

In the year 1886–87, operations were begun by the department to improve the river mouth and to remedy this defect. A passage was cut through the gravel bank and sea wall, and a short breakwater was built on the south side of the mouth to catch the gravel and prevent the bank reforming; besides protecting the river mouth the breakwater forms a good though short loading pier for vessels during the summer months. This work proving satisfactory, the sum of \$1,500 was expended by the department in 1888–89, in further improvement. This consisted of extending the breakwater 100 feet, sheet-piling the northern face of the same, and extending the short pier on the northern side of the mouth.

In 1891–92, the rush of water during the freshets having begun to undermine the work, the sum of \$450 was expended in close-piling a portion of the river face, and in levelling up and repairing the top, which was leaning over the stream. In 1899–1900, the sum of \$732.35 was expended in rebuilding the whole top of the work for a height of from 3 to 5 feet. In 1900–01, an expenditure of \$1,080.04 was made in extending the breakwater, by the addition of a new block, 30 feet long, 25 feet wide and of an average height of 19 feet. The older portion of the work was also repaired.

During the present fiscal year the sum of \$2,097.46 was expended in further

improvements and repairs. The work done consists of :-

(a) A new block on the outer end of the south breakwater, 50 feet long, 25 feet wide and from 16 to 17 feet high, founded on 24 piles driven to hard bottom and cut off

a foot below the level of the beach. The block is built of round log crib-work, well fendered, ballasted and covered with 3" plank.

(b) A new block on the outer end of the north breakwater, 22 feet long, 18 feet wide and 14 feet high, substantially built of the usual type of round log cribwork.

(c) Minor repairs, chiefly under-pinning the shore end of the northern breakwater, where it had been slightly undermined, by unusually heavy freshets, in the brook, issuing alongside the work.

#### BIG BRAS D'OR.

Big Bras d'Or, Victoria county, is a settlement on the south side of the channel of the same name, near its entrance into the Atlantic Ocean.

With a view of enabling the residents of the locality to avail themselves of the advantages to be derived from the steamers which ply between the Sydneys and ports on the Bras d'Or Lakes, a wharf was constructed at Livingston's Cove, situated on the northern side of Boulardarie Island, four miles from its head and opposite Kelley's Cove, on the north side of the Big Bras d'Or channel, here a mile in width.

The wharf was completed in 1888-89. It is a block and span structure 150 feet in length and 20 feet in width, with an L at the outer end, 40 feet long and 20 feet wide, giving a length of 60 feet along the channel face, constructed entirely of native timber.

The depth at low water at the outer end is 11 feet.

As it was found that the close-piling around the outer block had been completely destroyed by the teredo, below the line of low water, and that the covering was worn out and decayed, and that portions of the cap required renewal, during 1900-01, the sum of \$597.71 was expended in close-piling the outer face of the outer block, in placing double walings on the ends of block, and in renewing the covering and the cap-timbers on the outer block.

During the last fiscal year the sum of \$370.47 was expended in completing the repairs started in 1900-01. With this amount the ends of the outer block were closepiled, and the covering and cap-timbers on the approach were renewed.

Spring tides rise 2 feet.

## BIG LORRAINE.

Big Lorraine, Cape Breton county, is a boat harbour on the Atlantic coast of Cape Breton Island, 3 miles to the eastward of Louisburg Harbour. The entrance is obstructed

by a bar over which the minimum depth at extreme low water is 14 foot.

The amount appropriated for expenditure in 1901-02 was for improving the entrance by dredging a channel 850 feet in length, 40 feet in width and 6 feet in depth at extreme low water; but it was not expended, presumably on account of there not having been a dredge available.

#### BIG POND.

Big Pond, Cape Breton county, is on the south side of East Bay, an arm of the Great Bras d'Or lake, is about 13 miles from the head of the bay, and 25 miles from the town of Sidney.

Big Pond is so called on account of the existence here of a large sheet of water,

separated from the bay by a beach.

During 1874-75, a cutting was made through the beach, from the bay into the pond and its sides protected with cribwork, but there being no large streams discharging into the portd, the slight rise and fall of the tide did not produce sufficient scour to keep the opening clear, and it soon filled up with sand.

A block and span wharf, 260 feet in length was constructed during 1887-88-89, but being built of native timber, in a few years it was destroyed by the teredo, the outer

end was earried away by ice, and it was decided to abandon it.

In 1899, a report was submitted on the construction of a new wharf; two sites were examined and estimates were attached for the cost of the wharf on each site.

The least amounts for which a suitable wharf could have been constructed, were \$2,600 and \$5,300, respectively, on sites No. 1 and 2. Site 1 was recommended as the most suitable because it was the better sheltered, and a wharf could be built on it, entirely with piling, whereas, a wharf on site No. 2 being much more exposed, would have to be constructed in a more substantial manner, and consequently be far more expensive.

Instructions were received to proceed with the construction of a wharf, by day labour for which the sum of \$2,500, was appropriated for expenditure during 1901-2, but no mention was made of the site, and at the end of the fiscal year, the matter was still in abevance.

The total expenditure up to the end of the fiscal year, is \$5,088.33, divided as

follows :-

On channel and protection	
,	\$5,088.33

### BLACK ROCK.

Black Rock, Victoria county, is a small fishing station on that portion of the northeastern coast of Cape Breton island, locally known as 'The North Shore,' and is about midway between the harbours of St. Anne's and Ingonish.

During the year 1899-1900, the sum of \$500 was expended in reconstructing and protecting a road, leading from the landing place on the beach to the top of the clay bank. The road was reconstructed for the convenience of the fishermen, whose fish-houses are on the top of the bank, and to give them a place on which to haul their boats during stormy weather.

The new road is 8 feet wide, benched in the face of the bank, and rises from 5 feet above high water, at the beach, to the top of the bank, which is 75 feet above high water, in a distance of about 300 feet. The lower end of the road was protected by a

stone retaining wall, for a distance of 25 feet.

During the heavy gales in the autumn of 1900, the stone retaining wall was broken up by the sea, and during the last fiscal year, a sum of \$249.98 was expended in replacing the stone retaining wall at the lower end of road, by a low cribwork block, 40 by 15 feet, and the road itself was improved and repaired where necessary.

#### BLANCHE.

This is a small fishing settlement about 18 miles south of the town of Shelburne. The only harbour or shelter for fishing boats in this neighbourhood, is a small tidal pond, nearly dry at l.w.o.s.t., with a narrow exposed channel leading into it and an area at h.w.o.s.t., of two or three acres. The sides of the entrance to the channel being composed of fine gravel which constantly shifted under the action of the waves, rendered it necessary, for the permanence of the harbour, to protect it and in 1892 the Dapartment built a groin 72 feet long on its eastern side, in order to prevent this. The work is built of round log, open face cribwork 8 feet wide on top, battering on the sides one in four and is about six feet high. It is fully ballasted and covered on the top with six-inch plank spars. The total cost was \$599.99.

During the past few years the gravel has been gradually working around the end and over the top thus filling up the channel. In order to prevent this, the work which in the first place was not built high enough, had to be raised from two to three feet, and

an extension 40 feet in length had to be constructed.

During the past fiscal year the sum of \$475.60, was expended in raising for a distance of 50 feet, the old work from one to three feet. The new work which joined on

the old was 41 feet in length, 8 feet wide on top and 13 feet high at the outside end. It was ballasted to the top with good hand-picked stone ballast, and was built of continuous round log cribwork. The work was well and substantially performed.

### BOULARDERIE CENTRE.

Boularderic Centre, Victoria county, is on the southern side of the Great Bras d'Or channel, about 8 miles to the westward of its entrance into the Atlantic ocean, and 10 miles to the eastward of its entrance into the Little Bras d'Or lake.

On April 25, 1901, a contract was entered into for the construction of a wharf, the work under contract being 164 feet in length and 20 feet in width, and consisting of an approach of stone, clay and gravel, 10 feet long; of a cribwork abutment 30 feet in length; of two cribwork blocks 20 by 20 feet, and of an outer block 24 by 40 feet, with 20 feet openings between the blocks, spanned and covered over. The abutment and the blocks, constructed of round timber, laid open-faced are creosoted up to high water, protected all around with fenders, and the faces of the two outer blocks, with close-sheathing.

The work was commenced early in the month of March, 1902, and it was brought

to a satisfactory completion on June 30.

The depth at extreme low water along the channel face is 13 feet; spring tides rise 2 feet.

The total expenditure on this work is \$3,194.49.

### BROOKLYN.

Brooklyn or Herring Cove, as it was formerly called, is situate on the eastern side of Liverpool Bay at about half a mile outside of the bar of Liverpool harbour. Owing to the existence of this bar and the contracted shape of the harbour, this cove has been the only safe anchorage in the bay. In 1879 the department constructed a break, water which cost \$68,412.47, but for the last eight or nine years has been of no practical utility. Owing to the prevalence of the teredo the logs of the cribwork have been eaten away and the entire structure became demolished or practically so, and the stone ballast emptying into the harbour rendered the old work a menace to navigation rather than a protection. About a \frac{1}{4}-mile to the eastward of this breakwater lies a cove at the mouth of which, prior to Confederation, the government of Nova Scotia had constructed a wharf which also had fallen into a state of decay.

In the year 1899-1900 this department began the construction of a new wharf upon the same site, the work was not completed and only \$1,836.47 was expended. During the fiscal year 1901 the sum of \$649.38 was expended in completing this work, making total outlay thereon \$2,485.85; the approach was renewed and raised 3 feet; the old work, consisting of 159 feet in length of solid continuous cribwork, was rebuilt for the

top height of 6 feet and 32 feet in width.

During the last year this work was extended 50 feet in length with a width of 32 feet and a height of 23 feet at the outside end. The new extension is constructed of pile trestle bents situate 10 feet apart centre to centre, well fendered, braced and waled besides being close-piled along its head and outside. The materials used were excellent, the work good and the whole structure is substantial and strongly constructed. The traffic at this wharf has increased very much since it has been reconstructed.

### BURLINGTON.

Burlington, with a population of about 350 people, is a farming settlement five miles north of the county town of Windsor, on the right bank of the mouth of the Kennetcook river. During the year the department expended the sum of \$3,499.99 in the construction of a public wharf for general shipping purposes. The work, which is built of block and span is 222 feet long and 25 feet wide. In the whole work there are 9

blocks, from 11 to 20 feet in length of wharf and from 6 to 27 feet in height. The spans, which have a uniform length of 13 feet, are 8 in number. The outer end of the work, which, including the L, has a face length of 59 feet, is 25 feet high and at h.w. o.s.t. has a depth of 23 feet of water.

Spring tides rise 40 feet, neaps 36 feet.

The approach will be completed under the 1902-03 appropriation.

#### CAPE COVE.

Cape Cove or Cape St. Mary, Digby county, is situated on the east coast of the mouth of the Bay of Fundy, near the entrance of St. Mary's Bay. It is 19 miles north of Yarmouth and 27 south of Weymouth. It has a population of about 150 people, engaged chiefly in fishing; it is one of the best fishing stations on the coast of St. Mary's

Bay, cod, haddock and herring being caught in abundance.

A breakwater for the protection of the fishing fleet was begun about the year 1840, and built in sections by the inhabitants, aided from time to time, by small grants, amounting in all to \$1,200, from the provincial government. In 1881-3 the department expended \$4,499.47 in making extensive repairs and renewals, part of the work under these appropriations being the construction of a buttress built of round log cribwork, 50 feet long and 15 feet wide to support the middle of the southern face of the work. The work is 300 feet long, 25 feet wide, on top, and 24 feet high at the outer end. In 1900-01, the sum of \$750.99 was expended in rebuilding a gap in the middle of the work made by the storm of March 1, 1900.

During the present fiscal year, the sum of \$3,999.97 was expended in building a new block in the extension of the old breakwater, 30 feet long by 34 feet wide, and in building a re-enforcing block in the western or seaward side 121 feet long, 10 feet wide and from 17 to 24 feet high. The outer new block is from 24 to 26 feet high. A new top was also built on the old work for the whole of the 121 feet widened by the new block.

Spring tides rise 18 feet, neaps about 15 feet.

### CANADA CREEK.

Canada Creek, also called Black Rock, King's county, is a small fishing and farming village of about 150 people, on the south shore of the Bay of Fundy, 60 miles east of Digby Gut, and 8 miles west of Hall's Harbour. The harbour is formed by two piers or breakwaters, built one on either side of a small stream. That on the east side, which is entirely detached from the shore, serves merely as a breakwater, and was built by the department in 1878-9. It is 150 feet long, 25 feet wide on top, and from 12 to 15 feet high, substantially built of round log cribwork, close-faced, well ballasted and fendered. The breakwater on the west side, originally 248 feet long, which serves both as a breakwater and a landing pier, was built before Confederation at the joint expense of the inhabitants and the provincial government. It is built of round log cribwork, the seaward side being protected by close sheathing of flatted spars. In 1874 it was extensively repaired. In 1884 further repairs were made, and a new block 57 feet long by 10 wide was built on the seaward side of the shore end. In the winter of 1889-90 the outer 100 feet in length was completely wrecked and other minor damage caused by severe gales. The shortening of the structure caused the gravel to wash around its end and fill up the berth for vessels in the bed of the stream along its eastern In 1892-3 the department built a new block of cribwork on the outer end of the old work, 50 feet long, 14 ft wide on the top and from 8 to 11 feet high between the outer end of the existing work and the remains of the old. The block was totally destroyed in November, 1899.

In 1900-01 an expenditure of \$1,928.09 was made in repairing the work and in building a new block 34 feet long, 30 feet wide, and at the outer end 28 feet in extreme

height.

During the present fiscal year the sum of \$1,205.91 was expended in completing the new block in extension of the main breakwater begun the previous year, and taking

down and rebuilding a length of 60 feet of the retaining wall on the east side of the mouth of the creek, this piece of work being of an average height of 10 feet and width of about 12 feet.

#### CAPE AUGET.

Cape Auget, Riehmond county, is the southern promontory of Madame Island, and separates the harbour of Arichat from Petit de Grat Inlet and forms the southeastern side of Arichat Harbour.

The sum of \$500 was voted for expenditure during 1901-02 for a boat harbour at Herbine's Cove, on the north-western side of the cape, and about one mile to the eastward of Marache Point, on the east side of the southern entrance into Arichat Harbour.

The cove is from 100 to 150 feet in width, and about 600 feet in length (at high water) and is formed by an outlaying island, connected on its southern end with the mainland by a narrow gravel and shingle beach. The entrance is from the north-east through a narrow channel obstructed by a bar, nearly dry at low water.

The sum of \$495.67 was expended in the construction of a small breakwater, 40 feet long, 16 feet wide and extending out to low water on the western side of the entrance to the cove, and in improving by hand dredging the channel leading into it.

#### CAPE NEGRO ISLAND.

Cape Negro Island is situate about midway between Shelburne Harbour and Cape Sable Island. It is two and one-half miles in extreme length and divided into two sections of nearly equal size by a narrow stretch of shingle and gravel which is dry at all tides. This stretch of gravel forms a natural breakwater to the small harbour lying on its north side. The southern side of the beach is at all times exposed to heavy seas and from continually wearing away, gradually allowing the tide, about the year 1885, to ebb and flow over it. The local government in the year 1886 built a piece of beach protection 100 feet in length over the lowest part of the beach. This not proving sufficient this department in 1889-90 extended and repaired the old work. The extension is 189 feet in length, 12 feet wide on the top and of an average height of 3 feet 9 inches. It is built of round log eribwork with cross-ties every 10 feet and continuous ballast floor on the bottom course of longitudinals and is filled to the top with heavy stone ballast. Communication with the mainland is maintained by small boats, the landing place on the island being situate on the extreme northern point of its north-eastern part. As the landing place is on a straight open beach and fully exposed to gales from the east and south-east it was protected many years ago by a block of cribwork. In 1892, this work being very much decayed and out of repair, was rebuilt by the department at a cost of \$300. This work was rebuilt directly upon the site of the old work, and was 80 feet in length, 6 feet wide on top and about 9 feet high. It was built of round log open cribwork well ballasted and riprapped on the leeward side, and the landing was skidded with round spars forming a sort of launchway 16 feet in width. During the storms of the winter of 1900 the work was slightly damaged and it was found not to be of sufficient length, as the launchway was filled up with stones which were swept around its outside end. In order to heighten it and extend it the sum of \$271.69 was expended in 1901 and \$228.24 in the last fiscal year. The extension is 40 feet in length, 11 feet in height and 10 feet wide on top, whilst the old work for a distance of 50 feet was raised from 1 to 3 feet. The work was well and cheaply done.

### CAREY'S PASSAGE.

Carey's Passage, Richmond county, is situated on the northern side of the western entrance into Lennox Passage, and connects it with the Basin of River Inhabitants.

Owing to the existence of a gravel beach across the channel, near its entrance into the Basin, fishing boats were only enabled to use the passage during high water, in con-

sequence the fishermen lost much time and suffered many inconveniences.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902, out of the amount voted for rendering the passage available forboats at all times of tide, the sum of \$807.04 was expended in cutting a channel through the beach and deepening the old channel, for a distance of 400 feet, to a depth of 6 feet, below high water, to a width of 16 feet, and in the construction of a cribwork channel protection work 80 feet long and 10 feet wide, on the eastern side of the cut through the beach.

Spring tides rise 6 feet.

#### CARIBOU ISLAND.

Caribou Island, Pictou county, is on the Northumberland Strait, 5 miles to the westward of the entrance to Pictou Harbour.

Caribou Harbour, sheltered by Caribou Island, and a smaller island lying to the eastward of it, is an extensive place 6 miles in length and one mile in width, but the water is shallow.

The principal entrance, between the two islands, has a depth of only 4 feet at extreme low water, and the flats between the mainland and the western extremity of

Caribou Island are dry at extreme low water, except in a few small channels.

A causeway of brush and stone 1,330 feet in length and 18 feet in width on top, between the mainland and the western extremity of the island, commenced in 1890–91 was, after the completion of the work undertaken in 1894–95, built up to the level of ordinary high water over 560 feet of its length, and about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet below that level over the remaining 770 feet. In 1897 a breach was made through the work near its western extremity, where the bottom was scoured to a depth of about 4 feet at low water, and the top of the low portion, 560 to 1,300 feet from the west end, was disturbed in places, particularly at a point 600 to 670 feet from the west end where it was carried away to within  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet of low water. In 1900–01, the breaches in the brush and stone works were filled in and the work raised to about the level of ordinary high water.

Spring tides rise 6 feet, neaps 4 feet.

During the fiscal year 1901–02, the sum of \$256.25 was expended in continuing the raising of the brush and stone work.

#### CHEBOGUE HARBOUR.

Chebogue Harbour, Yarmouth county, is situated about 7 miles south of the town of Yarmouth. Near its mouth, and surrounded by Fox Island, Beal Island, Jacko Island and Shortliff Point, is a small but well sheltered anchorage or roadstead, which offers shelter to a considerable number of fishing boats and other small craft engaged in fishing and general trade. The anchorage is partly protected from the south by Fox Island, but its western portion, which is mainly dry at low water and much used at or near high water by boats plying between Chebogue Point and other ports, and by other craft, is guarded by a gravel bar or beach. The beach is some 800 feet long, about 20 feet wide from high water to high water and 4 to 5 feet above h.w.o.s.t. To preserve the beach, and the anchorage north of it, the department in 1900–01, built 300 feet in length of beach protection work. The cribwork is  $8\frac{1}{2}$  feet high, 8 feet wide on top, plumb on the beach or shoreward side, battering 1 in 4 on the back or harbour side, and substantially built of round logs, well bolted, fendered and filled with ballast.

During the present fiscal year, the sum of \$1,311.79 was expended in extending the beach protection work built last year. The extension is 243 feet long,  $9\frac{1}{2}$  feet in mean width,  $8\frac{1}{2}$  feet high, strongly built of round log cribwork, well fendered, filled with ballast and covered with 3-in. plank. The whole work, which is doing excellent service

in the protection of the roadstead is now 603 feet in total length.

#### CHETICAMP POINT.

Cheticamp Point, Inverness County, is at the southern extremity of Cheticamp Island, about one mile to the eastward of a beach of shingle closing the south end of Cheticamp Harbour, which lies between the island and the mainland, and is entered from the north.

The amount appropriated for expenditure in 1901-02 (part of amount required for the construction of a proposed breakwater 370 feet in length) was not expended.

### CHEVERIE.

The village of Cheverie, with a population of about 350, is situated on the right or east bank of the estuary of the River Avon, where it debouches into the basin of Mines, some fifteen miles north of Windsor the county town. It is a good farming district, but the principal trade of the place is in the quarrying and shipment of gypsum to the United States. The quantity which varies according to the prices ruling in the

American market, ranges from 20,000 to 60,000 tons per annum.

A wharf about 100 feet long was built here many years ago by the Provincial Government. In 1873-74 the department of Public Works lengthened it 70 feet at a cost of \$2,338.88, this extension being of open round log cribwork like the old work. In 1882 a further extension of 182 feet was built at a cost of \$5,000.00. In 1885 the sum of \$600 was expended in effecting some much needed repairs to the shoreward side of the wharf. In 1884 the department built a detached breakwater 300 feet distant from the outer end of the wharf. This piece of work consists of solid cribwork 130 feet long, 20 feet wide on top, 35 feet wide at base, and about 23 feet high, built of square timber and close faced on all sides. The seaward side to a height of 10 feet below high water of spring tides has a slops of one to one, the sloping faces being covered with 6-inch plank. In 1887-88 the sum of \$500 and in 1896-97 the sum of \$100 were expended in general repairs to the wharf. In the fiscal year 1899-1900 the sum of \$903.27 was expended in extensive repairs.

In the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, the sum of \$768.23 was expended in the purchase of timber for the extension of the detached breakwater built in 1884 as

described above.

## CHIPMAN BROOK.

The harbour at Chipman Brook, King's county, is formed by the mouth of a small stream which issues on the south shore of the Bay of Fundy, half way between Hall's harbour and Canada Creek or about three miles from each place.

About the year 1857 a public wharf 175 feet long and 25 feet wide was built at

the joint expense of the inhabitants and the provincial government.

Since the Public Works Department has had charge and control of this work

numerous expenditures have been made in repairs and renewals.

In 1899-1900 the sum of \$1,000 and in 1900-01, a further sum of \$1,485.47 were expended in extensive renewals and repairs.

Spring tides rise about 38 feet.

During the present fiscal year the department expended the sum of \$1,422.47 in extending the breakwater by a block 50 feet long, 30 feet wide and from 18 to 201 feet high, strongly built of round log cribwork, filled solid with ballast, close-sheathed on the seaward side and outer end and provided with a break on the seaward side, 5 feet high.

## CLARKE'S HARBOUR.

Clarke's Harbour is a town of about 1,500 people situate on the south-west side of Cape Sable Island and considered the second most important fishing town in Nova

Scotia, the total value of the fisheries during the last year being in the vicinity of \$500,000. During the summer season there are two and the winter one steamer plying between this place and Yarmouth, calling at intermediate points, whilst there are owned in the place from 15 to 20 schooners ranging from 8 to 115 tons burthen with a supplementary fleet of over 250 small boats ranging from ½ to 8 tons. The depth of water at l.w.o.s.t. at the head of the wharfs in this harbour is from 7 to 9 feet. During the fiscal year 1899-1900 the department commenced the construction of a breakwater and during the last fiscal year the sum of \$6,685.93 was expended in completing the structure. Besides this expenditure the sum of \$456 was expended in removing rocks from the channel of this harbour. The work is complete and as it now stands is 770 feet in length consisting of a stone bank 460 feet in length and a continuous cribwork 310 feet in length. The stone bank is 16 feet wide on top with a slope of 1 to 1 on the inside and 1 to 2 on the outside and a height of 18 feet at the outer end. work is 14 feet wide on top and on the bottom varies in width from 23 to 25 feet. is 23 feet high at the outer end. The cribwork is built of continuous round log, stone filled cribwork ballasted and fendered, whilst the outside and end are sheathed with 7 inch logs hewed on top and bottom for the entire height of the work. It gives good shelter to the boat anchorage and beyond slight repairs which will inevitably be necessary to the rock work will require but slight attention in future.

#### CLEMENTSPORT.

Clementsport, Annapolis county, is a village of about one thousand people, situated near the mouth of the Moose River, which enters the Annapolis Basin 8 miles south-

west of Annapolis, and 12 miles north-east of Digby.

In 1900-1 the department expended the sum of \$500.05 in widening, straightening and deepening by hand digging the vessel channel in the tidal mouth of the river. The excavation extends below the railway bridge, the material removed consisting of gravel and mud. The additional width given to the channel is from 10 to 25 feet, the additional depth being from 1 to 2 feet; the channel was also straightened by cutting off several projecting points.

During the present fiscal year the sum of \$1,000 was expended in lengthening and widening the channel formed the previous year. The cutting aggregating 1,100 feet in length from 18 to 40 feet in width and from  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 4 feet in depth. The work is a great

benefit to the shipping of the port. It was all done by hand at low tide.

Spring tides rise about 25 feet.

# COFFIN'S ISLAND.

Coffin's Island is situated on the north-east side of the mouth of Liverpool Bay, its nearest point being about  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a mile from the mainland. The island, which at no point is more than 15 or 20 feet above high water, lies north and south, its length being about a mile and its width about  $\frac{1}{3}$  of a mile. The southern half is thickly wooded with a small growth of spruce and fir whilst the northern half consists of shingle beaches. On the extreme south point is a lighthouse, exhibiting a revolving white light at an elevation of 65 feet above high water. On the eastern side at about the middle of its length is a sort of lagoon or boat harbour protected by the shingle beaches and forming a valuable and much frequented harbour of refuge for a numerous fleet of fishing boats. On the shingle beach at the mouth of the little harbour, on which large quantities of fish are dried in season, is a fishery establishment comprising two small landing wharfs and several sheds for storing, curing and packing fish.

In 1882-83 the sum of \$2,099.95 was expended in building a spur breakwater in a north-westerly direction from the most westerly point of the island, with the object of protecting the western side of the boat harbour. This work was built of rough stones and boulders of as large size as could be handled with the appliances available. It was 250 feet in length. Its top was 10 feet wide and its height 4 feet above high water

O. S. T. (Spring tides rising here  $7\frac{1}{2}$  feet and neap  $5\frac{3}{4}$  feet). Its height at the outer end was about 9 feet, the inner face having a slope of about  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 1. In 1883-84 the sum of \$2,890.19 was expended in building a piece of substantial stone-filled cribwoork, 300 feet long, 12 feet wide and 7 feet high for the protection of a low place in the shingle beach on the east side of the islaud at a point that was gradually being wasted away by the waves to the peril of the boat harbour. This piece of work has done its duty most satisfactorily having constituted a nucleus for the accumulation, almost to its top, of gravel that prior to its construction was being carried by the wash of the sea. through the breach in the beach, into the boat harbour. In 1884-85 the stone spur breakwater on the west side of the island having proved quite useless for the purpose for which it was built, the sum of \$994.70 was expended in building a piece of stonefilled cribwork to fill a break made in the beach immediately to the northward of the spur. This piece of work is 200 feet long, 12 feet wide and from 5 to 7 feet high. It has done good service as far as it goes but further extension to this protection was considered necessary and in the year 1898-99 the sum of \$939.62 was expended in constructing a further extension of 120 feet with a width of 10 feet on top and an average height of 61 feet besides effecting considerable repairs to the old work.

During the last fiscal year the sum of \$992.98 was expended in constructing a still further extension. The work was extended a distance of 60 feet on the western end and 90 feet on the eastern end. It was 8 feet wide on top with more batter than the other parts of the work, giving it a bottom width of 14 to 16 feet and had an average height of 10 feet. The old spur breakwater was almost completely demolished by using the stones for the ballasting of the new work. This old spur was the cause of many of the breaches in the beach and now with it out of the way this work should stand for many years, although the older parts of the work will probably require some repairs in

the near future, but its present condition is very good.

### COMEAU'S.

Comeau's, or Comeau's Brook, is the name of a portion of that continuouly settled district on the shore of St. Mary's bay, between Yarmouth and Weymouth. It is one mile north of Saulnierville, about 6 miles north from Meteghan river. Many years ago, a breakwater had been constructed, probably by private parties, but it was very inadequate and had been allowed to go to decay. During the year the department expended the sum of \$997.31 in repairs and renewals. The shoreward end of the old breakwater was rebuilt a length of 60 feet by 24 feet wide, by 10 to 12 feet high, substantially built of round log cribwork, well sheathed, fendered, ballasted and bolted and with a break 4 feet high.

### COMEAU'S HILL.

Comeau's Hill, Yarmouth county, is the name of a straggling settlement of some two or three hundred people, situated on the west side and close to the extremity of the peninsula between Chebogue harbour and Goose bay, about fifteen miles south-south-west from Yarmouth, the county town. It is conveniently situated as regards the fishing industry of a considerable district, and is the headquarters of a fleet of some 30 or 40 boats.

In 1900-01, the department built a breakwater 135 feet long, 16 to 20 feet wide on top and 12 feet high at the outer end. The whole work is constructed of granite boulders, the inner or harbour face being of split boulders, laid with a smooth battered face of about 1 in 12, the outer or seaward face of round and irregular shaped rocks with a slope of 1½ or 2 to 1. The work, so far as it goes, answers its purpose admirably, and is a permanent and satisfactory job.

During the present fiscal year, the department expended the sum of \$1,494.99 in

extending the work by a further length of 100 feet of stone breakwater.

The breakwater is now 250 feet long, from 17 to 21 feet in width, and from 6 to 14 feet in height.

Spring tides rise 12 feet, neaps 10 feet.

#### - COMEAUVILLE.

Comeauville is a straggling settlement of some 200 or 300 people, engaged in fishing and farming, situated on the eastern shore of the Bay of Fundy, 35 miles south-

west of Digby, the county town.

The wharf, which was built many years before Confederation, was partially or wholly destroyed about 1878, and abandoned by the department. During the next 10 or 15 years it was partially repaired by private parties. It appears that at the time that it was destroyed the inhabitants petitioned for a grant of \$4,000 to \$5,000, for the purpose of restoring the work, and the money was voted. Before work was begun, however, Mr. Campbell, then Federal member for the county, died, and the money was diverted to repairing the wharf at Little Brook, which the inhabitants seem to have called 'Comeauville' or 'Comeau's' for the purpose of deceiving the department and securing the appropriation; the departmental reports show expenditures at 'Comeauville' of \$3,135.56 in 1887-88, but it is probable that these amounts were really spent at Little Brook. In 1900-01 the sum of \$4,346.02 was expended in the renewal, repair and improvement of the work.

In the present fiscal year the sum of \$2,000 was expended in restoring the shoreward portion of the breakwater of which the outer end was built last year. The new work is 238 feet long, 25 feet wide by 14 to 19 feet high, thoroughly well built of round

log crib-work, filled with ballast and well fendered and bolted.

# COW BAY (PORT MORIEN)

Cow Bay (Port Morien), Cape Breton county, is on the eastern coast of Cape Breton Island, about 18 miles to the eastward of the entrance to Sydney Harbour.

A breakwater built by the owners of the Gowrie Coal Mine on the north side of the bay, came under the charge of the department in 1873. It originally extended 1,374 feet at low, or to 23 feet at high water, and was about 44 feet in width. The area of the basin inclosed between it and the shipping pier of the Gowrie Mines, now the property of the Dominion Coal Co., was 17 acres, 10 acres of which had a depth of from 9 to 17 feet at low water.

The breakwater was seriously damaged during the great gale of August 24, 1873. Extensive repairs and improvements were made nearly every year up to 1895, when it consisted of 220 feet of old work protected on the seaward side by a beach of shingle and boulders; 360 feet of old work 44 feet in width with a new inner face work and a break on the seaward side built over the remains of the old work; and 793 feet of inner work with counterforts and connecting outer face works. The inner and outer face works were from 30 to 20 feet apart; they were connected by tiewalls and the spaces were filled with earth and stone ballast.

In 1895 and 1896, 260 feet of breakwater (1,114 feet from the shore end outwards) was carried away down to from 2 to  $6\frac{1}{2}$  feet below low water; the outer face works from 1,114 feet from the shore end inwards were badly damaged; and ballast was washed over the works and deposited in the dock along the inner face from 581 feet to 1,114 feet

from the shore end.

Between the years 1897 and 1901 a large amount was expended in repairing and strengthening the breakwater from 1,114 feet from the shore end inwards. The outer works were repaired and strengthened by filling in the face chambers to about half tide level with concrete and by close-piling; the stringers and covering of the inner work from 581 feet to 1,114 feet from the shore end were renewed; and the work of placing a talus of concrete blocks on the seaward side was commenced.

Since the suspension of operations in June, 1901, the breakwater has sustained

further and serious damage.

The total expenditure to June 30, 1901, including \$25,000, for purchase of breakwater, is \$221,610.56.

### CRIBBIN'S POINT.

Cribbin's Point, Antigonish county, is on the west side of St. George's Bay, 8 miles to the southward of Cape George, and 5 miles to the northward of the entrance to Antigonish Harbour.

The wharf, completed in 1892-93, extending 300 feet in a southerly direction from the point, has an approach 195 feet in length. It is 20 feet in width, for a distance of 120 feet from the inner end, and 30 feet for the remaining 180 feet; the inner 50 feet being of stone, and the outer 250 feet of closed-faced timber work fully ballasted.

The face timbers having become weakened by the ravages of the teredo, during the years 1896-97-98-99, the outer end, the seaward face for a distance of 20 feet, and the inside face for a distance of 10 feet, were close-piled with creosoted timber piling; a talus of quarried stone was placed on the seaward side over a distance of 180 feet from the outer end; the work was reballasted where necessary and a timber 'break' 100 feet in length and  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet in height, above the cap timber, was constructed on the seaward side of the inner end of the wharf to prevent the sand from washing on to the work.

A sum of \$1,000 was appropriated for expenditure during 1899-1900 toward the construction of an extension, and the amount was expended in obtaining a portion of

the creosoted timber required for the substructure of the proposed work.

During the year 1900-01 the sum of \$3,079.98 was expended in procuring the balance of the timber required for the extension, and in repairing the outer end of the old work, which was almost destroyed during the severe gales in the autumn of 1900. The repairs consisted in the reconstruction of the top of the outer end of the wharf for a distance of 66 feet, to an average depth of 8 feet, and in placing heavy quarried stone in the talus on the seaward side of the reconstructed work.

As the sand at the end of the wharf, at which originally there were 11 feet of water, at low water, had made up to a height of about 6 feet, since its completion, it was deemed advisable to found the extension on the original bottom, and for that purpose the dredge *George McKenzie* was engaged from May 30 to July 12 in dredging out the foundation of the new work and the approaches thereto, at a cost of \$1,604.44.

The total amount expended during the year 1901-02 is \$3,122.99 exclusive of dredg-

ing and the extension was completed in accordance with plan and specification.

The block is 48 feet long and 20 feet wide on top with outer faces sloping 1 in 10, and is placed across the end of the wharf, forming an L 18 feet long. It is of an average height of 20 feet, laid open faced, with crossoted timber substructure, close-sheathed, in all outer faces, and filled in solidly with ballast.

Spring tides rise 4 feet.

# DELAP'S COVE.

Delap's Cove, Annapolis county, is situated on the south shore of the Bay of

Fundy, 12 miles to the eastward of Digby gut.

The breakwater is constructed immediately to the eastward of the mouth of a small pond, which affords safe shelter for fishing boats, and a convenient place for keeping small vessels during the stormy winter months. The breakwater itself affords a good landing place for coasters and small schooners, the pier breaking off all easterly storms and the formation of the coast on the opposite side of the stream forming a natural western breakwater.

This breakwater was built by the department in 1878-79. It is 156 feet long, 25 feet 3 inches wide, and is constructed of round timber, with square timber faces, its easterly side being sheathed with 8-inch timber. It is provided with a 'break' 4 feet 6 inches high, along its seaward (easterly) side, and its covering is of 6 inch plank.

In 1885, the sum of \$50 was expended in repairing the foundation of the seaward face, and depositing large stones along it, to prevent the gravel from washing away.

In 1899-1900, the sum of \$1,000 was expended in protecting the entrance to the pond and in placing an anchor and buoy off the outer end of the pier to enable vessels to warp out and proceed to sea, avoiding the danger of going ashore on the western headland, to which they were formerly exposed.

The opening into the pond was protected by extending the western face of the pier inwards 100 feet along the margin of the stream, or to where this latter opens into the pond, and in raising the beach on the seaward side of the pier to prevent the stone and gravel from being thrown over the sea wall. The wharfing along the stream is of an average height of about 16 feet, and 12 feet wide, and the entrance to the pond is now clear and unobstructed.

The warping anchor is a large rock, placed in position and fitted with proper chains and tackles. During the summer months it has a spar buoy attached, which is removed

in winter, to avoid danger of drifting ice.

During the year 1901-2 the sum of \$400 was expended in repairs to the breakwater. The work done consists of the renewal of the greater portion of the covering, 200 feet of new stringers, 9 new mooring posts, 13 fenders, 118 feet of guard timbers, 200 tons ballast, besides petty and miscellaneous repairs to the 'break' and the outer end of the work.

#### DIGBY.

Digby, the capital of the county of Digby, with a population of about 1,500, is beautifully situated on the south-western end of the Annapolis basin. It is an important station on the Dominion Atlantic Railway, 67 miles north of Yarmouth, 150 miles from Halifax, 20 miles from Annapolis, and is also a port of call for the daily steamer of the Dominion Atlantic Railway plying between Digby and St. John. The harbour is open at all seasons, and well protected from nearly all quarters; storms, however, from the north and north-east, drive a heavy sea against the pier, and if at such times there be

much drift ice in the Basin, the structure is likely to suffer damage.

The first pier was built by the government of Nova Scotia, some years before Confederation, and was destroyed by the gales which swept the Bay of Fundy in 1866-7. In 1869, to aid in rebuilding the work, the sum of \$2,920 was granted by parliament and transferred to be expended by the provincial government. The pier, as then built, was of pile-bents 12 feet apart for 560 feet, next a block of cribwork 80 feet long, 45 feet wide, the southern half of which sloped so as to form an incline, rendered necessary by the great rise and fall of the tide (24 feet at springs). This incline was finished by a block 170 feet long by 22 feet wide, the northern half of this portion of the pier being all of pile-bents, 8 feet apart. The outer end of the pier consisted of a block 56 feet long, 45 feet wide and about 40 feet high. The whole of the northern face was closepiled, the total length of the structure being 870 feet.

In 1872, the sum of \$1,650 was expended by the department in completing and repairing the pier. In 1874, a number of piles and braces were renewed and other works done. During the gale of February 22, 1879, a schooner loaded with produce for the West Indies, parted her cable and was swept bodily through the pier, carrying away

a length of 130 feet, which was rebuilt.

In 1881-2, the sum of \$888.57 was expended in renewing a few piles and other

timbers that had been eaten away by the limnoria.

In December, 1885, the outer end of the pier was destroyed by a severe gale, and in 1885-6, the sum of \$1,945.62 was expended in repairs.

In 1886–7 a further amount of \$767.62 was spent on the same repairs.

In 1887-8, the sum of \$7,467.68 was expended in the construction of a block 40 x 40 feet on the site of the displaced outer block, of an inclined landing 26 feet wide and 80 feet long between the new outer block and the undestroyed inner portion of the pier, and the building of a roadway on pile and frame-bents, connecting the whole work with the new outer block. In January, 1888, operations were begun towards building the pier to its original length.

The new work consisted of a block of 45 x 45 feet to replace the former one. It is built of round timber with double sets of face-logs, and is fully ballasted; it is 45 feet high, and connected with the older portions of the pier by a crib-work inclined landing, over the top of which a deck wharf is carried on heavy framed bents. The inclined landing and its superstructure is 25 feet wide. The inshore or pile-work section was

strengthened and repaired in places, and parts of the worn and decayed plank covering were renewed. In 1889-90, heavy piles were driven along both the northern and southern sides of the centre block.

In 1890-91, and again in 1891-92, small expenditures were made in general repairs. In 1890, a contract was entered into for the construction of a landing pier on a new site, viz.: on the north side of the 'Racquet,' about a mile to the northward of the present pier and the town of Digby. For this purpose a quantity of timber and iron

had been procured by the contractor.

Owing, however, to numerous delays and the death of the contractor, the intention of building this new pier was abandoned, and it was decided instead to repair and reconstruct the present pier, utilizing, as much as possible, the timber and iron belonging to the estate of the deceased contractor. The works of reconstruction were carried out by day labour. In April, 1894, a length of 330 feet of the close-piling along the north side of the pier, together with the caps and waling for the same distance, and about ninety of the main outside bearing and fender piles were destroyed by a violent gale. Subsequently in May and June, 1894, the sum of \$1,410.03 was expended in making good the damage done by the April storm. The sheet piling having proved a mistake, it was not replaced, but about ninety new heavy piles were driven and thoroughly braced and bolted.

In 1895-96 the sum of \$4,341.99 was applied in filling with substantial, close-piled trestle work, a space or recess on the north side of the pier near its outer end, 210 feet long by an average width of 17 feet, and in raising from two to three feet, and renewing

the entire floor of the outer 225 feet in length.

In 1896-97 the sum of \$3,132.89 was applied to the reconstruction of the southern half of the shore end of the pier for a length of 450 feet in substantial pile-work; the new work was covered with 6-in. plank and securely capped, fendered and braced.

In the year 1898-99 the sum of \$579.80 was expended in the renewal and repair of the outer south corner of the pier, which was damaged by being struck by the Dominion Atlantic steamship *Prince Rupert* during a south-east blow in April, 1899. In addition to this, 40 feet in length of the inclined slope was replanked and a couple of new fender piles were bolted into position.

In 1900-01 the sum of \$2,000 was expended in necessary renewals.

In addition to this an open shed, 100 ft. long by 33 ft. 6 in. wide, was erected on the outer end of the present shed and office, and over the inclined slip to protect freight when landed from steamers.

The importance of this pier may be judged by the fact that the annual collections

for wharfage dues now amount to nearly \$3,000.

During the present fiscal year the sum of \$8,509.24 was expended in repairs and improvements. The old freight shed was moved 100 feet up the pier and raised four feet in height. Adjoining it outwardly there has been built a new shed 202 feet long, the upper 100 feet in length being built with a floor on a level with the floor of a box car and the lower 102 feet built level with the floor of the pier. A portion of the pier floor was also renewed. The arrangement is now most satisfactory and convenient for the handling of freight. Spring tides rise 24 feet, neaps about 20.

### DRUM HEAD.

Drum Head, Guysborough county, is on the south or Atlantic coast of Nova Scotia, about two miles south-east of the entrance to Isaac's Harbour. A shoal extending in a westerly direction from the 'Head' affords partial shelter to a small boat harbour.

During the year 1901–02 a plan and specification were prepared for a proposed breakwater, to extend 354 feet from Drum Head, in from 1½ to 2 feet at low water, to a shoal and rock, dry at low water, at the entrance to the boat harbour. Work of construction was not undertaken, nor was any expenditure made.

### EAGLE HEAD.

Eagle Head is a fishing and farming settlement of about 200 people, situate on the eastern side of Eagle bay on the Atlantic coast, about eight miles north-east of Liver-

pool town. About twenty-five years ago the provincial government built a stone breakwater, which was 195 feet in length and from 20 to 25 feet in width. During the years 1878–82 this department extended this work a further length of 125 feet at a cost of \$2,000. It was then 320 feet in length, from 20 to 27 feet in width, and had a height of 16 feet at the outer end, with the top of the work 4 feet above h.w.o.s.t. The seaward and inner faces sloped  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 1 and  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 1 respectively. This breakwater is a great boon to the fishermen of that locality, affording protection to about thirty boats, which average about 40 quintals of codfish annually, besides a large percentage of lobsters, herrings, &c. In the fiscal year 1900 the sum of \$3,387.19 was expended in repairing and extending this work, whilst during the last fiscal year a further sum of \$1,068.95 was expended in making further extension. The old work was of very faulty construction, and it was found necessary to rebuild four feet in height of the old work, starting from the top. The extension is 125 feet long and 17 feet high. The outer 35 feet of this extension is 30 feet wide on top and 50 at the bottom, whilst the inner 95 feet is 32 feet wide, with a bottom width of 56 feet. The style of construction is similar to that of the old work, but larger and more shapely stones were procured and the utmost care was exercised in their being placed in position.

#### EAST BAY.

East Bay, Cape Creton county, is at the head of East Bay, an arm of the Great Bras d'Or Lake.

The original wharf at this place was built by the residents, aided by the provincial government; it was a block and span structure 15 feet wide, with a 'T' head (block and span) 70 feet in length and 18 feet wide. In 1882–3 a block 71 feet 6 inches by 22 feet was added, at the outer end, by the federal government. In 1888–89 and 1891–92 the blocks of the approach were reconstructed, and during the latter year the blocks of the original 'T' head were removed and the face and ends of the block built in 1882–83 were close-piled. In 1898–99 the covering, guard rails, floor-stringers and upper longitudinal timbers of the head (71 ft. 6 in. x 22 ft.) and the covering and floor-stringers of 35 feet of the approach were renewed.

The depth along the outer face of the head at ordinary lake level is 11 feet.

During the fiscal year 1901-02 the sum of \$99.34 was expended in renewing the covering and floor stringers of the inner 45 feet of the approach, and in repairing the roadway leading along the shore to the wharf.

### EAST JORDAN.

Jordan River empties into the Atlantic ocean about three miles east of Shelburne, and its mouth forms an estuary about four miles long and from one to two miles in width, with deep water throughout its whole area. At the head of the bay and on its eastern side is a settlement, of about 300 people, known as East Jordan. Two and a half miles farther up the river is another village called Jordan Falls, with a population of about 400. The bay having straight shores and being exposed to the heavy southeasterly gales, afforded no shelter for the many large vessels that called at this place to load lumber. In 1875 the department constructed a breakwater at East Jordan. The work was built of close-faced square timber cribwork, filled with stones, at a cost of \$24,569. It was built 550 feet in length, 30 feet wide and at the outer end 23 feet high. In 1878 a quantity of heavy stone was deposited on the seaward face and end to protect the foundation from scouring. In the spring of 1879 the upper portion of the outer end for a length of 100 feet was destroyed to within two feet of L.W.O.S.T. This damage was repaired in 1882-83 at an expenditure of \$5,046.12. In 1883 slight repairs were made at a cost of \$102.50. In 1890-91 part of the plank covering and sheathing was torn away by a heavy storm and replaced at a cost of \$30.03. In 1891-92 the inner portion of the work was damaged by a heavy sea, and was repaired at a cost of \$750. In the spring of 1898 this pier was damaged so severely that the ballast was spewing through the inner face of the work, thus rendering the dock useless for

loading purposes. To remedy this the work was widened on the inside from the outside and shoreward for a length of 400 feet to an extra width of 12 feet, and the entire structure refilled, where required, with ballast, and recovered with 4 inch plank with necessary stringers and caps. When the old covering was removed the inside portion of the breakwater was found to be in a much worse condition than previously anticipated, and in the two succeeding years the sum of \$3,483.43 was expended in effecting this repairing and widening. Spring tides rise here seven feet, neaps five and a half. During the past fiscal year the sum of \$400.01 was expended in carrying this extra width a farther distance shorewards of 40 feet.

This work may last for several years yet, but in the future some provision should be made for a new breakwater which will entail a large outlay, and which I will not discuss further.

#### ECUM SECUM.

Ecum Secum Inlet, Guysborough county, is on the southern, or Atlantic coast, of Nova Scotia, nine miles to the westward of Liscomb harbour, and near the boundary line between the counties of Guysborough and Halifax.

For the purpose of forming a shelter for fishing boats, and a landing for steamers and vessels, on December 17, 1900, a contract was entered into for the construction of

a public wharf.

The work of construction was commenced on August 1, 1901, and the contract was

completed in a satisfactory manner on October 5 of the same year.

The wharf is 160 feet long and 22 feet wide on top, with an L on the eastern side of the outer end, 22 by 22 feet. It is a continuous native timber structure, constructed of round timber, laid open faced, fully ballasted, double fendered on the seaward face, the end and around the L, and single fendered on the inside face; close-sheathed on the seaward face for a distance of 60 feet from the outer end, on the outer end and on the eastern face of the L. The depth of water at the outer end, at low water, is 10\frac{1}{4} feet.

Spring tides rise six feet. Expenditure to June 30, 1902, is \$4,197.80.

### FAULKNER'S CREEK.

Faulkner's Creek, Folly Village, is a farming settlement of about 300 people, situated close to the mouth of the Folly river where it enters Cobequid bay, about ten miles west from Truro, the county town of Colchester. Faulkner's creek enters the

Folly river close to the village.

For the convenience of the neighbouring population in the shipment of lumber and farm produce, the department, during the fiscal year, expended the sum of \$1,359.29, in building a wharf with a road approach. The wharf, which is constructed of pile-work, is 102 feet long, 25 feet wide, and at the outer end 22 feet high, where, at high water, spring tides, there is a depth of 20 feet of water. It is substantially built of pile bents, well braced, bolted and fendered and covered with 3-inch spruce plank. The road approach, built of earth and covered with gravel, is in all 625 feet long, 450 feet from the public road to the dyke, and 175 feet thence to the shore end of the wharf.

Spring tides rise 51 feet, neaps 44 feet.

### FRIAR'S HEAD.

Friar's Head, Inverness county, is on the west coast of Cape Breton Island, 6 miles

to the northward of the entrance to Margaree harbour.

In 1900-01 the sum of \$494.50 was expended in procuring part of the materials required in the construction of a breakwater designed to close an opening in a ledge of rock lying parallel to the shore, at a fishing station near Friar's Head, and affording partial shelter to a small wharf and to the anchorage for boats. The work proposed

included a concrete wall 90 feet in length, 4 feet in width on top and 8 feet in height from 1 foot above low water, with a talus of large stones on the seaward side, sloping 2

to 1 from the top of the wall.

During the fiscal year 1901-2 the sum of \$1,097.81 was expended in constructing about three-fifths of the concrete wall and one-half of the talus, and in procuring part of the cement required to complete the work.

#### GABARUS.

Gabarus Bay, on the Atlantic coast of Cape Breton Island, is 5 miles wide at the entrance between White Point and Cape Gabarus, and extends inland 5 miles.

On September 5, 1900, a contract was entered into for the construction of a break-

water at Harbour Point, near the head of the bay.

The work under contract was commenced in July, 1901, and completed in January,

1902.

The breakwater is 190 feet in length, including an inner section 70 feet in length and 16 feet in width on top, of round timber laid open-faced and close fendered on the seaward side; and an outer section 120 feet in length and 24 feet in width on top, of squared timber, close-faced and close-fendered on the seaward side, at the outer end, and on the inner side for a distance of 15 feet of creosoted and the superstructure of native timber.

The top of the covering is 5 feet above extreme high water, and the depth at extreme low water at the inner and outer ends of the outer section are respectively 1 foot and 12½ feet.

Spring tides rise to 5 feet.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$8,259.50.

#### GEORGEVILLE.

Georgeville, Antigonish county, is on the southern shore of Northumberland Strait,

61 miles south-west from Cape George.

The wharf, as completed in 1892-3, was 207 feet long and 20 feet wide with an L 20 by 20 feet, making a width of 40 feet at the outer end, but during 1896-7-8 an extension 44 feet in length, 40 feet in width, with an L 20 by 24 feet, was added thereto, making a width of 60 feet at the outer end. The total length of the wharf is now 251 feet and 20 feet wide for a distance of 187 feet, 40 feet wide for a distance of 40 feet, and 60 feet wide for the remaining distance of 24 feet. The inner end of the wharf for a distance of 87 feet was of stone, floored over, and the remainder of the work of squared timber close-faced and protected by sheathing and fenders. The depth of water at the outer end at low water is  $6\frac{1}{2}$  feet.

During the severe north-west gale of September 12, 1900, which caused so much damage in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, the woodwork on the stone approach was partly lifted up by the sea and removed several feet, and the sum of \$291.23 was expended in putting it back into position; but shortly afterwards the top was again disturbed by the

sea during a heavy gale.

During the fiscal year the sum of \$699.47 was expended in removing and taking apart the woodwork on the top of the stone approach; the stone wall was taken down to a depth of 4 feet and in its place crib-work was substituted, fully ballasted and covered over with the old plank, and the outer faces of both crib-work and stone wall were close-sheathed.

Spring tides rise 41 feet.

### GRAND ETANG.

Grand Etang, Inverness county, is situated on the Gulf of St. Lawrence, about midway between the harbours of Margaree and Cheticamp.

The opening of a channel through a beach which separated the waters of the gulf from a large and deep fresh-water pond, and the construction of channel protection

works to make the pond available for the use and shelter of fishing boats and small vessels necessitated the diversion of the highway across the beach and the construction,

in 1895-6, of a bridge across the pond 500 feet above the former crossing.

The bridge is 563 feet in length, including the east and west approaches of brush and stone, with crib-work abutments, respectively 74 and 51 feet in length, and 438 feet of pile-work. It is provided with a hand-rail on each side, an opening for boats and a draw. The depth at extreme low water at the centre is about 6 feet, and to firm bottom through water and soft mud or silt, 24 feet.

The piles having been weakened by the ravages of the teredo, temporary repairs

were made in 1898-9 and 1899-1900.

During the fiscal year 1901-2 the sum of \$2,799.35 was expended in temporary repairs and in procuring all the creosoted piling and part of the native timber required for reconstructing the bridge.

#### GRAND NARROWS.

Grand Narrows, Cape Breton county, is on the southern shore of Barra Strait which separates the Great from the Little Bras d'Or lake. It is an important station on the I. C. R., at the southern end of the railway bridge which spans the strait at this place. It is also a landing-place for steamers, which call twice a day with mail and passengers for and from Baddeck and make connection with the express trains going east and west.

The wharf is 287 feet in length, including 67 feet of crib-work filled with brush and stone and covered with gravel; 80 feet of pile-work, built in 1885-86 by the department over the remains of the outer portion of an old landing pier built by the provincial government, and an extension 140 feet in length built by the department in 1883-84. The extension consists of three blocks, each 20 by 20 feet, and an outer block 20 by 60 feet of round timber crib-work, with openings of about 16 feet.

The depth of water at the outer end of the extension is 12 feet at low or 13 feet at

During the year 1891-92 the piles in one bent of the pile-work and the stringers were renewed; the outer block of the extension was raised and repaired and its faces were close-piled; 25 fender piles were placed where required, and the covering, over 105 feet of pile-work and extension, was renewed.

The wharf having since fallen into a very dilapidated and dangerous condition, owing to the natural decay and the ravages of the teredo, during 1900-01 the sum of \$147.68 was expended in effecting temporary repairs to make it available as a landing-

place for the balance of the season.

During 1901-02 the sum of \$1,711.50 was expended in procuring all the necessary materials required, including the creosoted piling.

# GRANVILLE CENTRE.

Granville Centre is a scattered settlement of some 300 people situated on the right or north bank of the Annapolis river, 4 miles east, or above, Granville Ferry. Both banks of the Annapolis river from the town of Annapolis to the head of navigation at Bridgetown, a distrace of about 15 miles, are thickly-settled by a thrifty, agricultural and fruit-growing population.

During the year the sum of \$1,101.02 was expended in constructing a pile-wharf 90 feet long, 25 feet wide, with an L 25 feet long, giving a face length of 50 feet along the face of the wharf. The wharf is 18 feet high, carrying at high water a depth of 16

feet.

Spring tides rise about 27 feet.

### GRANVILLE FERRY.

Granville Ferry is a prosperous and beautifully situated village of about 600 people, on right bank of River Annapolis, directly opposite the county town of Annapolis.

During the year the sum of \$999.28 was expended in removing a reef of boulders from the foreshore, between high and low water mark, for the purpose of enabling vessels to lie with safety on the beach for the purpose of repairs or of loading or unloading cargo. The area from which the boulders have been cleared is about 400 feet long by a width of about 100 feet.

Spring tides rise about 27 feet.

#### HANTSPORT.

Hantsport, with a population of about 1,500, is situated on the left or west bank of the River Avon, here one and three-quarters mile wide, about half-way between Windsor and the mouth of the river where it enters the Basin of Minas. It is an important station on the Dominion Atlantic Railway, 7 miles from Windsor and 53 from Halifax.

In 1897-98 the department built a public wharf. It is a strong, well-built structure of stone-filled crib-work, 200 feet in length, 32 feet wide, with an L 32 feet long on the outer end, giving a face length of 64 feet where it has a height of 26 feet. At high water there is a depth of 23 feet along the face of the work. At low water the beach is dry.

In the present fiscal year the sum of \$200.09 was expended in under-pinning with timber and brush the south-east outer corner of the work which had been undermined

by the current during ebb spring tides.

#### HARRIGAN COVE.

Harrigan Cove is a settlement of some 300 people engaged in fishing, farming and lumbering, and to a small extent in gold mining, situated 70 miles east of Halifax (95 miles by road).

In the present fiscal year, the department expended the sum of \$1,461,71 in constructing a public wharf for the purpose of landing coal and general merchandise, for

the export of fish, &c.

The work, which is constructed on piles, is 120 feet long, 25 feet wide with an L, on the outer end, 20 feet long. At the outer end, with a face length of 45 feet, there is a depth of water at l. w. o. s. t. of five feet. The approach is earth embankment, 48 feet long, 25 feet wide and from 2 to 6 feet high.

# HOCK INLET.

This place is the southernmost point of Nova Scotia, situate about two miles southeast of Clarke's Harbour, on the Island of Cape Sable. The people are entirely engaged in fishing, and in stormy weather have hitherto been compelled to haul their boats up or expose them to the dangers of the heavy seas in unsheltered berths. Between their boat anchorage and a good safe harbour was a series of sand flats about a thousand feet in length.

During the last fiscal year the sum of \$484.29 was expended in opening a channel.

## INGONISH (NORTH).

Ingonish (North), Victoria county, is on the north-east coast of Cape Breton Island, about midway between Sydney harbour and Cape North. It is separated from the South Bay of Ingonish by a narrow, rocky and precipitous peninsula, over two miles in length.

On December 6, 1899, a contract was entered into for the construction of a breakwater at Archibald's Point, on the north side of the bay, for the purpose of forming a harbour of refuge for fishing boats, and the work was completed on December 20 of the

same year.

The breakwater is 484 feet long, with an L  $77\frac{1}{2}$  feet long, and from 18 feet wide at the inner to 24 at the outer end, and is constructed of squared timber, laid close-faced, with a creosoted timber substructure, fully ballasted and fendered, sheathed on the seaward face and end, and protected on the seaward face by a stone talus.

The depth of water along the face of the L, at low water springs is 11 feet.

During the last fiscal year the sum of \$951.36 was expended in raising the stone talus for a distance of 220 feet from the inner end, which was flattened out by the action of the sea. About 650 cubic yards of large and heavy stone were placed, and the slope was raised to the top of the work.

Spring tides rise 4 feet.

# 10NA (NEW WHARF).

Iona, Victoria county, is on the northern side of Barra Strait, which connects the Great with the Little Bras d'Or lake. It is a station on the I.C.R., at the northern end of the Grand Narrows railway bridge, and a landing place for the steamers of the Bras d'Or Steam Navigation Co.

During the winter months, ice and weather permitting, a steamer carrying mails and passengers keeps up daily communication between Baddeck and Iona, and as at times, owing to the presence of ice, and for other causes, the draw in the bridge cannot be opened, and the steamer cannot reach the old wharf on the western side of the bridge, the sum of \$5,500 was voted for expenditure during 1901-02 towards the construction of a new wharf on the eastern side of the bridge, and a contract was entered into on Oct 29, 1901, for its construction.

The work under contract is a block and span structure 260 feet in length, consisting of six crib-work blocks, with openings between them of 18 feet. The three inner blocks are 40, 22 and 22 feet in length respectively, and 20 feet wide; the three outer blocks are 22, 22 and 42 feet long respectively, and 30 feet wide on top. The blocks are constructed of round timber, laid open-faced, with ereosoted substructures, double fendered on the sides and the end, and with the outer faces of the three outer blocks close-sheathed. Further a road 350 feet in length and 20 feet in width on top is to be constructed to connect the wharf with the railway station.

The depth of water, at low lake level, at the outer end of the wharf, will be 10 feet. The work was commenced early in May, 1902, and at the end of the fiscal year about three-quarters of the work under contract had been completed at a cost of \$5,499.61.

P.S.—The work was brought to a satisfactory completion on August 6, 1902.

# ISAAC'S HARBOUR.

Isaac's Harbour, Guysborough county, is a small but safe harbour on the southern or Atlantic coast of Nova Scotia, situated about 36 miles to the westward of Cape Canso, and 16 miles to the eastward from the entrance into St. Mary's river.

A contract for the construction of a public wharf, on the western side of the harbour, was entered into on November 2, 1900. Work was completed on August 5, 1901.

The work is 295 feet in length and extends out to 12 feet at low water, and consists of an abutment 135 feet long and 22 feet wide on top, with side and end walls of dry rubble masonry and centre filling of stone, and of a block and span extension 160 feet in length, consisting of three blocks, each 22 by 22 feet, and an outer block 22 by 48 feet, with 18 feet openings between the blocks, The outer block is placed lengthwise of line of channel, forming an L 22 by 26 feet. The blocks are constructed of native round timber, laid open-faced, partly ballasted, and the outer faces of the outer block and the northern face of the block next to it have been close-sheathed as a protection against damage by running ice.

Spring tides rise six feet.

Expenditure for fiscal year to June 30, 1902, is \$1,539.50.

### JOHNSTON'S HARBOUR.

Johnston's Harbour, Richmond county, formerly known as Hay Cove, is an inlet of the Great Bras d'Or lake, on its south shore, distant 13 miles from the St. Peter's canal and 20 miles from the head of East Bay.

In 1881, the residents of the district constructed a wharf 40 feet long and 21, feet wide, on the eastern side of the cove, and in 1883-4 the work was raised by the department a height of three feet, and a block 27 by 20 feet was placed on the southern side of the old work. During 1893-4 the work was extended by 20 feet of pile-work, of which 10 feet are on the old work and 10 feet outside of the old face.

During the last fiscal year the sum of \$329.92 was expended in renewing the covering and the cap on 30 feet of the outer end, and in extending the face of the wharf

two feet on the southern and ten feet on the northern end by pile-work.

The work is now of an average length of 56 feet and 41 feet wide, and has a depth of water, at low lake level, of from 10 to 14 feet.

The difference between high and low lake level is 15 inches.

### KEMPT HEAD.

Kempt Head, Victoria county, is on the northern side of Boularderie island, on the Great Bras d'Or channel, and about one mile from Boularderie Head, the south-western end of the island.

On April 30, 1901, a contract was entered into for the construction of a wharf. The work was commenced on November 2 and carried on in a vigorous manner until December 16, when it was suspended for the winter. Operations were resumed on May

8, 1902, and the contract completed on June 4 following.

The work is 185 feet in length, and consists of an approach of stone, clay and gravel, 10 feet long and 20 feet wide on top; of a cribwork abutment 55 feet in length and 20 feet in width; of two crib-work blocks, each 20 by 20 feet; and of an outer block 20 by 40 feet, with 20 feet openings between the blocks. The abutment and the blocks are of round timber, laid open-faced, creosoted up to high water, well protected with fenders, and the outer faces of the two outer blocks with close-sheathing.

The depth of water at the outer end is 12 feet at low water and 131 feet at high

Expenditure on this work up to June 30, 1902, is \$5,242.56.

#### KINGSPORT.

Kingsport, formerly known as Oak Point, is a village of some 500 people, on the south-west side of the Basin of Minas, between the mouth of the Cornwallis river and Cape Blomidon. It is the terminus of the Cornwallis Valley Railway (opened in December, 1890, and now a branch of the Dominion Atlantic Railway), running to Kentville, the county town, 14 miles to the south.

A pier, 445 feet in length, built of piles, already stood here when the harbour was taken in charge by the Department of Public Works. In 1873-4 the department built cribwork 12 feet wide on the eastern or exposed side of the wharf for the purpose of breaking the force of the sea. In 1875, the work was extended a length of 240 feet by a width of 30 feet. In subsequent years repairs were made several times. In December, 1890, the Cornwallis Valley Railroad was opened for public traffic, and about the same time the wharf, which forms the terminus of the railway, and on which is a track, passed by agreement with the department under the control and ownership of the railway company.

Spring tides rise 48 feet, neaps 40 feet.

During the present fiscal year the sum of \$9,278.70 was expended in rebuilding the upper half of the outer block of solid cribwork, 270 feet long, which was built in 1875. A widening or reforcing block 10 feet wide was also built on the north side for the whole length of this outer portion.

### LABILLE'S POINT.

Labille's Point, Richmond county, is on the eastern side of the entrance to Shaw's Cove, which is situated on the southern coast of Cape Breton island, about 7 miles to the south-eastward of the southern entrance of the St. Peter's canal, and 1 mile to the westward of L'Ardoise breakwater.

Shaw's cove is very shoal, but it accommodates a large number of small fishing boats, and its eastern shore being the best protected from the sea, is used as a landing

place for boats.

As it was found that Labille's Point was wearing away, and the undertow sweeping around it, made the landing, at times, dangerous, during 1900-1 the sum of \$485.44 was expended in the construction of a small breakwater at Labille's Point. The work constructed extended to low water, and is 50 feet long, 12 feet wide, and consisted of a stone abutment 10 feet long, and a rough crib-work block 40 feet long, fully ballasted, fendered and covered with large stone.

During the last fiscal year the sum of \$231.30 was expended in extending the

breakwater a further length of 16 feet.

## LARRY'S RIVER.

Larry's River, Guysborough county, is at the western extremity of Tor Bay, on the southern or Atlantic coast of Nova Scotia, 24 miles to the westward of Canso harbour.

The harbour, a channel through mud flats, improved by dredging, was formerly protected from the eastward by a beach and bar of shingle. Since 1896, the point of the beach at the northern extremity of the bar and the bar itself, have been lowered and carried inwards towards the channel.

In order to restore the shelter, formerly afforded by the beach and bar, a sum was

appropriated towards the construction of a breakwater.

The work specified is 1,005 feet in length, including 500 feet of cribwork with stone talus in from 1 to  $3\frac{1}{2}$  feet at extreme low water, with stone embankments at the north and south ends respectively 380 and 125 feet in length.

#### LINGAN.

Lingan, or Bridgeport Harbour, Cape Breton county, is at the head of Indian bay, on the north-east coast of Cape Breton island, about 5 miles to the eastward of the entrance to Sydney harbour. A large pond or basin, having a depth of 8 feet at low, or 11 feet at high water, is separated from Indian bay by a beach of sand. The entrance, which forms the harbour, was deepened and straightened by dredging in 1878 to 1880, to improve the facilities for shipping coal from the Lingan mines, since abandoned. It is now crossed by a bridge built by the provincial government for the accommodation of traffic, over the beach, between Lingan and Bridgeport.

In 1876-8 a work of brush and stone 1,900 feet in length was constructed on the

beach.

The work afforded an efficient protection to the beach up to 1893, but has since

been carried away, in places, over distances aggregating 1,400 feet.

During the fiscal year 1901-2, the sum of \$1,999.80 was expended in constructing 1,000 feet of brush and stone work 14 feet in width and 4\frac{3}{2} feet in average height, leaving 1,270 feet 13 feet in width and 3 feet in average height, to be constructed to complete the beach protection work.

### LITTLE BRAS D'OR.

Little Bras d'Or (so called), Cape Breton county, is a settlement on the northeastern end of St. Andrew's channel, an arm of the Little Bras d'Or lake, and near the western entrance to Little Bras d'Or channel, which connects St. Andrew's channel with the Atlantic ocean.

The sum of \$3,000 was granted for expenditure during 1900-1, towards the construction of a wharf, and on May 7, 1901, a contract was entered into for its construction.

The work was completed in a very satisfactory manner on June 30.

The wharf is 183 feet in length, measured on the centre line (including the L), and consists of an approach of stone, clay and gravel, 16 feet in length; of a crib-work abutment 40 feet long and 20 feet wide, of two crib-work blocks, each 16 by 20 feet, and of an outer block 50 feet long and 24 feet wide, with openings between the blocks. The

abutments and the blocks are constructed of round timber, laid open-faced, creosoted up to high lake level, and protected by fenders, and the outer faces of the two outer blocks, with close-sheathing.

The depth of water along the channel face, at low lake level, is 12 feet and at high

lake level, 13½ feet.

Total cost of work up to June 30, 1902, is \$3,945.70.

# LITTLE NARROWS (BIG POND).

Big Pond, Victoria county, known locally by this name, but marked on the charts 'Oyster Creek,' is on the south side of St. Patrick's channel, an arm of the Bras d'Or lake,  $2\frac{1}{7}$  miles to the eastward of Little Narrows.

During the fiscal year 1901-2, the sum of \$996.78 was expended in opening a channel through a low sand beach separating Big Pond from St. Patrick's channel, and in

constructing protection work.

The new channel is 20 feet in width and has a depth of about 2 feet at low or 3 feet at high lake level. The protection works are of brush and stone, 11 feet wide on top, extending inwards, through the beach, on each side 175 feet; and of crib-work, 16 feet wide on top, extending outwards, on the north side, 43 feet, and on the south side 22 feet.

#### LITTLE NARROWS.

Little Narrows, Victoria county, is on the south side of the Little Narrows, a contraction of the St. Patrick's channel and arm of the Bras d'Or lake, at a point 7

miles to the eastward of the village of Whycocomagh.

The wharf constructed at Little Narrows in 1887-88 consisted of a shore block 47½ feet in length and 20 feet in width, and a pile extension 72 feet in length, with an 'L' 40 feet in length on the west side. After its completion a warehouse was built over the shore block, with a passage through it to the extension.

In 1897-98 the sum of \$499.65 was expended in reconstructing the outer end or 'head,' a 'T' head 60 feet in length having been substituted for the outer 20 feet and 'L'; in renewing the piles in three out of five bents in the extension, and in repairing the covering.

During the fiscal year 1901-02, the sum of \$1,494.80 was expended in effecting the

following repairs and improvements, and in reconstructing a small ferry slip.

The outer end or 'head' was repaired and strengthened by placing thirty-five fender piles, twenty-seven at the outer face and four at each end, and 4 new bearing piles under each bent; the warehouse was removed, placed on a strong framework at the west side of the shore block and thoroughly repaired, the repairs including the renewal of the flooring and roof covering and the painting of the exterior. The pile extension and the superstructure of the shore blocks were practically reconstructed, and some piles at the west end of the 'head' (originally in outer 20 feet of the 'L') were removed.

#### LIVINGSTON'S COVE.

Livingston's Cove, Antigonish county, is on the south-eastern shore of Northumberland strait, about 2 miles south-west from Cape George.

For the purpose of affording shelter for the fishing boats of the district, and a landing place for steamers and small vessels, a breakwater was commenced in 1898-99,

extended in 1899-1900 and in 1900-01.

At the end of 1900-01 the work completed consisted of a breakwater and approach thereto, 351 feet in length; a shore abutment with stone retaining walls, 30 feet long; a crib-work block, 80 feet long and 19 feet wide, and a crib-work extension, 136 feet long and 24 feet wide on top. The crib-work is constructed with native squared timber, laid with 7-in. openings, fully ballasted, fendered and sheathed with hardwood sheathing on the seaward face and outer end.

The sum of \$3,997.50 was expended during the past fiscal year in the construction of an extension 42 feet long and 24 feet wide on top, built in the same manner as the work adjoining it. All the necessary materials for the construction of a head block, 48 by 24 feet, were procured and at the end of the fiscal year the substructure of the block was constructed and ready for sinking in place.

The work when completed will be 312 feet in length, exclusive of the road, with an 'L' on the western side of the outer end 24 by 24 feet, and extend out into 9 feet of

water, at low water springs.

Spring tides rise 4½ feet.

### LOCKEPORT BREAKWATER.

Lockeport is situate on the Atlantic coast, about 14 miles south-east of Shelburne, and has a population of about 800. It has been and is one of the most important centres of the fishing industry on the south coast of Nova Scotia. During the year 1898-99 the dredge Canada did a large amount of work, but it was observed that owing to the drifting of sand through the passage between the mainland and a small island known as Cranberry island the channel was filling up and this sand threatened in a short time to destroy the usefulness of the entire harbour. In order, therefore, to serve the business interests it was considered necessary that this passage, through which the sand drifted, should be closed. In order to do this the department decided to construct a breakwater across this passage, and during the year 1899-1900 the sum of \$2,948.98 was expended. In the fiscal year 1900-01 the sum of \$995.06 was expended in completing the work, making a total outlay of \$3,944.64. During the last fiscal year an additional sum of \$299.64 was expended in effecting necessary repairs thereto. Owing to insufficient brush being placed at the bottom or foundation of this work when it was first built, and as the crib-work at two places had no further foundation than the sand, which always shifts, the work caved in at these places. During the last year 80 feet in length was practically rebuilt, whilst 150 tons of additional stones were added to the eastern end or approach. The work done for this money was, therefore, 4,480 cubic feet of round log crib-work and 150 tons of ballast. The work as now completed is a workmanlike and satisfactory structure and is in excellent condition. It is 1,046 feet in length, 8 feet wide on top and has an average height of 8 feet; 910 feet of its length is constructed of stone-filled crib-work and its remaining 136 feet in length consists of a rock bank on its eastern end. About 75 feet between its western end and the shore was left open in answer to a petition of the residents, but it is a menace to the western end of the breakwater and should be filled up with stone, as the people do not use it to any extent.

### LOWER COVE.

Lower Cove is a small and scattering settlement of about 350 or 400 population, situate on the shores of Cumberland basin, about 2\frac{1}{2} miles north of Joggins Mines. The chief industry is the manufacture and export of grindstones, which business in conducted by a company known as the Atlantic Grindstone Co., Ltd. The number of employees differs with the seasons, but they never have less than 60 or more than 120. This company expended a large sum in constructing a wharf. The wharf was situated on the shores of a small cove, from which this place takes its name, but even then it was exposed so that it was difficult to procure vessels to load at their wharf. In order to protect this cove the department during the last fiscal year have been engaged in constructing a breakwater. There had been an old work on the site of this work, which had been built by the local government, but it had been partially destroyed and was much too short to properly protect the cove at any time. The breakwater is 120 feet longer than the old one and is built of round log stone-filled crib-work of a continuous nature. Its outer or seaward side and the outside end are to be close-sheathed, with a 4½-inch hewn sheathing. The total length of the work will be 202 feet of a uniform width of 20 feet on top and a height at the outer end of 29 feet. The top logs are 10 feet above h.w.o.s.t. Tides rise and fall 33 feet and 40 spring. This work was finished to a height of 22 feet at the close of the fiscal year. The amount expended

during the last fiscal year was \$2,440.49. The work at its present height protects the cove so that vessels can moor at the company's wharf without any trouble, even when the breeze is strong, but owing to the heavy spring tides it is necessary that the work should be built to its designed height.

#### MABOU.

Mabou Harbour, Inverness county, is on the west coast of Cape Breton island, 6 miles north-east from Port Hood.

The entrance was formerly at the southern extremity of a range of sand hills, and by an intricate channel obstructed by a bar, over which there was a depth of only 4 feet at extreme low water.

The opening of a new channel through the sand hills at the northern extremity was undertaken in 1872. A pier 835 feet in length, on the south side of the new channel, was completed in 1876, and the same year the old channel was closed. Expenditures were made nearly every year from 1876 to 1901 in repairs to the pier; the construction of brush and stone work on the south side and of protection works on the north side of the channel, and in dredging.

On the completion of repairs undertaken in 1900-1, the works included:

On the south side (a) the remains of a pier 835 feet in length and 20 feet in width, founded in about 12 feet at extreme low water, and sloping from about 10 feet below extreme low water at the face to 2 feet above extreme low water at the back.

(b.) A work of brush and stone of various widths extending outwards from the outer end of the pier about 1,600 feet, the inner end of which is 8 feet above and the outer end about 5 feet below extreme low water.

(c.) Brush and stone works 10 to 12 feet in width, on top, at back of the pier and extending inwards about 500 feet from the outer end thereof, and on the north side, five pile and brush groins, four of which are from 75 to 85 feet, and one 45 feet in length.

The minimum width of the channel opposite the pier is about 130 feet. The depth at extreme low water in the channel, opposite the pier, varies from 12 to 15 feet. Over the bar, about 600 feet out from the head of the pier, the minimum depth at extreme low water is 8 feet 3 inches.

Spring tides rise 4 feet.

During the fiscal year 1901-2, the sum of \$1,499.87 was expended in completing the brush and stone work at the back of the pier, with the exception of the wing wall, 90 feet in length, at the inner end, which requires 3 feet in height to complete.

## MALIGNANT COYE.

Malignant Cove, Antigonish county, is situated on the south-eastern shore of Northumberland strait, about midway between Arisaig and Georgeville, and distant about 4 miles from each.

The snm of \$5,000 was appropriated for expenditure during 1899-1900, in opening a channel for boats through the gravel beach, into a small pond at the head of the cove, and in constructing protection works. A plan and specification for works extending outwards to 7 feet at low water springs were prepared, and the sum of \$3,893.35 was expended in procuring materials required in the construction.

The works proposed included the construction of piers placed 60 feet apart on either side of the channel, which was to be excavated to 2 feet at low water. The piers extending 248 feet inwards from low water outside, to be 10 feet wide and founded at low water; those extending from low water outwards, to be 16 feet wide on top, over 60 feet from their inner ends, and 22 feet in width over the outer 30 feet. All crib-work to be built of round native timber, laid open-faced, fully ballasted and close-sheathed at the ends and on the channel faces.

During the year 1900-1, the sum of \$6,123.64 was expended in the construction of the outer piers, each 90 feet in length, and of a portion of the inside pier on the eastern side of the channel, 188 feet in length.

During the last fiscal year the sum of \$2,464.85 was expended in completing the works proposed, and in the construction of a crib-work extension to the western inner pier, 60 feet long and 10 feet wide, to prevent the reopening of the old channel through the beach.

Spring tides rise 41 feet.

#### MARGAREE.

Margaree Harbour, at the mouth of the Margaree river, is on the west coast of Cape Breton island, about 30 miles north-east of Port Hood. It has a narrow and intricate channel, through which the tide runs at the rate of four knots, and its entrance is obstructed by a bar of shifting sand, over which there is, at times, a depth of only 5 feet at extreme low water.

Expenditures have been made by the department in the construction and maintenance of channel protection and improvement works on the west side of the entrance. and in the construction of beach protection work on the east side.

The works on the west side include works built by the provincial government and

extended by the department, and works of improvement undertaken in 1900-1.

The old provincial government works (reconstructed by the department) extend 400 feet from the shore, across what was originally a false channel, to a large rock opposite the inner entrance and thence, at right angles, to the edge of the channel.

The work built by the department extends from the north side of the outer provincial government work outwards, along the west side of the channel 595 feet. It is in four sections: 85 feet (built in 1876), 130 feet (built in 1879), 200 feet (built in 1890), and 180 feet (built in 1899), respectively 18, 16, 18 and 20 feet in width on top, and 15, 14, 12 and 16 feet in height. Each section is of round timber, open-faced, and is fully ballasted, and close-fendered at the sides and outer ends. The top of the covering is from 4 feet 4 inches to 5 feet above extreme high water. The depth, at extreme low water, along the channel face, originally varied from 7 to 21 feet.

The improvements undertaken in 1900-1, but not completed were: deepening along the channel face of the extension to 8 feet at low water over a distance of 200 feet; and the construction of a shear dam within the entrance, 180 feet in length, including 25 feet of brush and stone work 11 feet wide on top, 100 feet of pile and brush work 10 feet wide, and 55 feet of crib-work 22 feet wide founded on brush work in from 1 foot 3 inches to 9 feet 9 inches at extreme low water. During the year 1900-1 the sum of \$3,695.30 was expended, \$400 in repairing the channel face of the outer provincial government work; \$1,796 in procuring materials and constructing the brush and stone work, the pile and brush work, and the substructure of the crib-work of the shear dam; and \$1,499.30 in about one-half the rock excavation required to give 8 feet at low water along the channel face of the extension.

During the fiscal year 1901-2, the sum of \$3,065.57 was expended, \$995.78 in completing the shear-dam with the exception of making a roadway over the brush and stone at the inner end; and \$1,990.09 in completing the submarine rock excavation with the exception of the removal of a small quantity of excavated material at the inner end of the cutting, and of some points of ledge rock over which there is a depth of only

6 feet 9 inches at extreme low water.

Spring tides rise 4 feet.

# MARGAREE ISLAND.

Margaree Island, Inverness county, is situated in the Gulf of St. Lawrence 21 miles off the western coast of Cape Breton island, and 27 miles north-east from Port Hood.

In 1899-1900 and 1900 to 1901, the sum of \$3,312.34 was expended in procuring materials and in nearly completing a wharf, near the southern extremity of the island, 98 feet in length and 20 feet in width, including a stone abutment 26 feet in length, and a crib-work block extending 72 feet to 71 feet at low water.

During a gale, on September 12, 1900, the 72 foot block, after losing its ballast,

was moved 17 feet out of position, and the stone abutment was destroyed.

During the fiscal year 1901–02 the sum of \$1,399.13 was expended in replacing and completing the 72 foot block, in constructing 28 feet of crib-work between it and the shore, and in making a roadway or approach along the face of the cliff.

### MARGARETVILLE.

Margaretville, Annapolis county, is the largest and most important village on the south coast of the Bay of Fundy, between Digby Gut and Scott's Bay; it is 42 miles north-east from the former, 36 miles south-west from the latter, and 8 miles north from Middleton, an important station on the Dominion Atlantic Railway. It has a population

of about 500 engaged in fishing and farming.

A pier was begun in 1837 by the provincial government, and subsequently extended to a length of 471 feet. The work was taken over by the Public Works Department in 1871, since which time it has had frequent renewals and repairs. In December, 1885, the pier was seriously damaged by a severe storm, a breach nearly 150 feet long being made clean through it, besides receiving other injuries. The Margaretville Pier Company transferred their title to the pier to the government on August 3, 1886. In 1886–87, the above described damage was made good. In October, 1890, a severe gale made a breach of 117 feet in the outer portion of the work, besides doing other damage. In March, 1894, the remaining block, 86 feet in length, seawards from the 117 feet gap, was totally destroyed. In 1897–99 the outer block was rebuilt. This new block, which is substantially built of round log crib-work, close-sheathed on the seaward face and outer end, is 185 feet long, 42 feet wide and from 22 to 23 feet high. In 1900–01, the sum of \$500 was expended in renewing the floor on the shoreward end of the work and doing other works.

In the present fiscal year the sum of \$1,560.50 was expended in sheathing the seaward face of the breakwater for a length of 155 feet on the shore end, and in removing gravel from the eastern or land side to improve the schooner berth, and in constructing a new breakwater 250 feet to the eastward of the main work. The new breakwater is 110 feet long, 16 feet wide, 7 feet high at the shore end, 25 feet wide and 16½ feet high at the outer end. The work is substantially built of round log crib-work, well

fendered, bolted and filled with ballast.

Spring tides rise about 30 feet,

### MERIGOMISH.

Merigomish Harbour, Pictou county, is on the southern side of Northumberland Strait, 10 miles to the eastward of the entrance to Pictou harbour.

During the year 1880, a wharf was constructed in a cove to the eastward of Hardwood Point, and about one mile distant from Merigomish station on the I.C.R., and

during 1898-99-1900, it was extended a length of 100 feet, by pile-work.

The wharf is now 254 feet long and 20 feet wide on top, and consists of an approach of earth, with stone retaining walls, 70 feet long; of block and span work, 84 feet long, and of 100 feet of pile-work, with an inclined landing slip at the outer end. The depth of water at the outer end, during low water springs, is 1 foot, and at high water  $6\frac{1}{2}$  feet.

During the last fiscal year the sum of \$89.83 was expended in the construction of a small warehouse 10 by 16 feet, with 7 feet posts, at the inner end of the approach, and in repairs to the approach. The building was boarded in, the roof and sides were

shingled, and it was painted outside.

Spring tides rise  $5\frac{1}{2}$  feet.

### METEGIIAN.

Meteghan, Digby county, is situated on the south side of St. Mary's bay, 25 miles north of Yarmouth, 20 miles south of Weymouth,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  miles from Meteghan river and

40 miles from Digby, the county town. The nearest railway station on the Dominion Atlantic Railway, which lies approximately parallel to the coast, and has its terminus at Yarmouth, is about 7 miles distant. The whole coast of St. Mary's bay, from Digby to Yarmouth, is thickly settled, being in fact, almost one continuous straggling village for the whole distance of 67 miles.

Meteghan, next to Digby and Yarmouth, is the largest and most important settlement on the bay shore, having a population of 1,000 people, engaged in farming, fishing,

lumbering and general trade.

The works consist of a breakwater and landing pier, built of crib-work, between 1837 and 1860, by the provincial government and the inhabitants. The pier is about 300 feet long by 20 feet wide; the breakwater, 20 to 26 feet wide, runs out for a distance of 925 feet from the shore, and has a return or L of 85 feet at the outer end, which is 24 feet wide and 30 feet high, standing in from 25 to 27 feet depth of high water o. s. t.

In 1875, at which date the work appears to have been taken over by the depart-

ment, the breakwater was extended and repaired.

In 1878, an additional length of 100 feet was built, with a portion of the L at the outer end, and in 1881 the sum of \$2,250 was expended in still further improving

the structure by building an additional length of 50 feet on the L.

Repairs were made in 1883–4 and 1885 when 40 feet of new break was added, and some new ballast put in to replace that washed out. In 1887–88 the seaward face of the breakwater was close-sheathed for 700 feet in length; 575 feet of the inner face was repaired and sheathed, the whole work levelled up and some minor repairs executed; the expenditure this year was \$1,447.33, which in the departmental report for the year is given as a refund to the provincial government on account of moneys expended by them between 1867 and 1879. In 1892–3, slight repairs were made. In 1893–4 thorough

repairs to the landing pier and wharf were made.

In 1897–8, the sum of \$3,141.99 was expended in constructing a reinforcing block along the whole length of the outer face of the L of the main breakwater. This work, which was rendered necessary by the eating away of the bottom timbers by the limmoria and the consequent settlement of the breakwater, is 100 feet long, 12 feet wide and 22 feet high. The upper portion of the L was also rebuilt 35 feet wide and 4 feet high. The new work is well and substantially built of round log crib-work, well fendered, ballasted and close-sheathed on all exterior faces. In 1898–9, the sum of \$1,093.20 was expended in renewing a length of 120 feet by 8 to 10 feet in height, and by 8 to 10 feet in width of the lower portion of the outer end of the seaward face of the breakwater, the work was close-sheathed for the same distance and for 40 feet on the inner side, about 10 feet in length of flooring was also renewed. A breach of 30 feet long on the seaward side, adjacent shoreward to the 120 feet before mentioned, was also rebuilt.

In the fiscal year 1899–1900, renewals and repairs to the breakwater were made.

In 1900-01, the sum of \$3,499.95 was expended in rebuilding a serious breach made in the work by a severe gale in March, 1900. The new block, which had to be built from the bottom, is 180 feet long, 22 feet wide, and from 18 to 22 feet high. In addition to this a length of 221 feet of the top of the breakwater was refloored and partly close-sheathed.

During the present fiscal year, the sum of \$3,199.93 was expended in continuing the restoration of the breakwater that has been going on for the last three or four years. The work consists of a piece 138 feet long, in about the middle of the wharf, being taken down and entirely rebuilt. Of the next 200 feet shorewards, the northern face

was taken down and rebuilt 10 feet wide.

Spring tides rise 21 feet, neaps 18 feet.

#### METEGHAN RIVER.

Meteghan river, Digby county, empties into the Bay of Fundy at the mouth of St. Mary's bay, almost directly opposite Grand Passage, between Long island and Brier island. It is 20 miles south of Weymouth, 28 miles north of Yarmouth and 22½ miles

north of Meteghan, or Meteghan Cove. The population of the village is about 400 people, engaged in farming, fishing, lumbering and general trade. The nearest railway station on the Dominion Atlantic railway, which runs parallel with the bay shore, is about 4 miles from the village. On the river, which is about 18 miles long, are some 20 saw-mills, most of which send lumber down to the mouth of the river for export to the West Indies and the United States, the total annual output aggregating over a million feet B.M.

The works, which were built some years before Confederation, presumably at the joint expense of the provincial government and the inhabitants, consist of two breakwaters, one on either side of the mouth of the river and inclosing an area of about 3 acres in which at h.w. o.s.t. is a depth of from 10 to 15 feet, giving ample accommodation and complete shelter to a large number of coasting and fishing vessels.

The north breakwater is about 400 feet long, 24 feet wide and 13 feet high at the outer end; they are both built of stone-filled cribwork of the usual type. When the work came under the charge of the department the older portions were much decayed, and extensive repairs were needed, which were made in 1873 at a cost of \$4,500. In 1881–82 the sum of \$2,000 was expended in rebuilding and repairing parts of both breakwaters. In 1882–83 the sum of \$3,000 was expended in close-piling and extending the south breakwater a length of 80 feet; in general repairs to the north breakwater, and in removing from the dock a quantity of rocks and boulders, which was used as ballast in the new work.

In 1898–99 the sum of \$4,110.76 was expended in extensive renewals to the shore end of the south breakwater; the work taken down and rebuilt was 400 feet long, with an average width of 29 feet and average height of 13 feet. This length was also newly close-sheathed and on the seaward side, of the same portion; a new break was built 276 feet long and 6 feet high. In the fiscal year 1899–1900 the work of restoration of the main breakwater was continued.

1n 1900–01 the restoration of this work, begun in 1898–99, was continued and in removing gravel from the bottom of the stream between the two breakwaters; 184 feet in length, was taken down and rebuilt from the bottom, an average width of 27 feet, and from 18 to  $19\frac{1}{2}$  feet high. The next 213 feet, shorewards, which was rebuilt the

previous year, was floored, including stringers, caps and plank.

During the year the sum of \$3.999.99 was expended in continuing the work of restoration begun in 1898–99. The outer 113 feet in length of the work was rebuilt practically entire. In order to straighten the outer end of the work, it was widened 24 feet at the outer end, the new block tapering to nothing 83 feet shorewards from the outer end. 83 feet in length also of the outer end of the work was close-piled on the north side to protect it against scour by the river which issues at this side. A considerable quantity of gravel was also removed from the river channel to improve the approach to the wharfs.

Spring tides rise 21 feet, neaps 17 feet.

# MCNAIR'S COVE.

McNair's Cove, Antigonish county, is on the west side of St. George's bay, 2 miles

south from Cape George.

A breakwater 400 feet in length and 20 feet in width was built on the north side of the cove during 1872–73–74, and in 1878 a further length of 20 feet was added thereto. In 1879 the work was carried away by drift ice, to within 100 feet of the shore end, down to from 6 to 3 feet below low water. During the summer of 1883, 70 feet of the shore end were rebuilt, and during the winter of 1884, the work was extended a length of 94 feet. In April, 1884, the 94 feet extension was badly damaged by drift ice and was subsequently carried away.

During 1886–87–88, the bottom of the damaged work was dredged out and a work 160 feet long, 34 feet wide on top, with a sloping face on the seaward side, was constructed, and on its completion the total length of the breakwater was 330 feet.

Owing to the damage by the teredo, during 1890-91-92-93-94 the outer end was protected with crossoted timber piling, the bottom of the sloping face was close-fendered and protected by a talus of quarried stone.

During 1897–98–99, a portion of the timber wall under the sloping face, which was partly destroyed by the teredo, was cut away for a distance of 80 feet, back to the first tier of longitudinal timbers, and the newly constructed face was sheathed with hardwood sheathing 10 inches square; a new ballast floor was placed longitudinally in the new face chambers, and fully ballasted; the covering was renewed and refastened where necessary, and additional stone was placed on the talus to secure the lower ends of the sheathing.

In 1899–1900, the sum of \$574.21 was expended in sheathing a further length of 53 feet of the seaward face, in placing about 80 cubic yards of ballast in outer face chambers, and about 300 cubic yards of quarried stone in the talus, and in the renewal of cap-timber and three tiers of face-timbers, over a distance of 40 feet on the inner

face, near the outer end.

During 1900–01, the sum of \$1,198.17 was expended in raising the stone talus all along the seaward face of the work, up to half tide, and the mouth of a small brook, at the head of the cove, which was continually shifting to the detriment of the boat landing, was made permanent by the construction of a shear-dam of brush and stone.

Of the amount voted for expenditure the sum of \$1,197.17 was expended during the last fiscal year in placing an additional amount of stone on the talus (about 80 cubic yards); in procuring the necessary materials for widening the inner end to the breakwater (which was built in 1872, and only 20 feet wide), for a distance of 120 feet and to a width of 30 feet, and in the construction in place of the substructure of the new block.

Spring tides rise 4 feet.

#### MINUDIE.

Minudie is a small village of about 250 or 300 inhabitants, situate at the head of Chignecto channel and at the mouth of the river Hebert, about six miles north of the village of River Hebert. The chief occupation of the people is farming, and the facilities for landing goods and shipping their produce, chiefly hay, were practically nil. The salmon, haddock and shad fisheries are also quite extensively engaged in by some of the people. A wharf was commenced last fall and was continued this spring, the timber being procured during the spring or winter season. This wharf is costing more than other wharfs of similar class of construction, because of the expense consequent in procuring both timber and stone. The wharf consists of two parts, the approach and the wharf proper. The approach is 123 feet in length, 16 feet wide on top and 9 feet high at its outer end, whilst the wharf proper is 75 feet long, 20 feet wide and 32 feet high at the outer end, with an L or return at the outer end 25 feet long and 15 feet wide. The approach is the form of a stone bank, with the centre filled with small stones and the top gravelled for a depth of 6 inches. The wharf proper is to be of solid round log, stone-filled cribwork, being ballasted in full to the under side of the floor stringers. The total amount expended during the fiscal year 1901-02 is \$1,724.43. At the end of the past fiscal year the wharf was constructed as follows:-

The approach was about two-thirds built and the wharf was built with all fenders in position to a height of 29 feet at the outer end, thus leaving one-third of the approach to construct and the upper 3 feet of the cribwork. This will not take more than \$400, whilst an additional block at the outer end is necessary for additional width so that two recessless are lead at the contraction of the cribwork.

vessels can load at once.

Neap tides rise 32 feet, spring 39.

### MORDEN.

Morden, formerly called French Cross, King's county, is a small fishing and farming village of about 150 people, situated on the south shore of the Bay of Fundy, 50 miles north-east of Digby Gut and 9 miles north from Aylesford station on the Dominion Atlantic Railway.

The pier or breakwater, which is the most westerly in King's county, was begun in 1846 at the joint expense of the inhabitants and the provincial government. It is built of round log cribwork, filled with ballast, close-sheathed on the seaward side and outer end. It is 365 feet in length and varies in width from 28 feet at the shore end to 45 feet at the outer end, where it is 26 feet in height. It has had many repairs, renewals

and extensions, of which the following are the most important:-

In 1896–97–98, 120 feet in length of the middle of the work, which was totally destroyed by violent gales in February and October, 1895, was thoroughly rebuilt. In 1898–99 this gap was completed, other important repairs effected, and an accumulation of gravel removed from the inner side of the breakwater. In 1899–1900, 68 feet in length of the buttress on the seaward face of the work was rebuilt from the bottom to the full height of the breakwater. In November, 1899, a severe gale, accompanied by exceptionally high seas, broke over the work and destroyed 75 feet in length of the inner or shoreward side of the breakwater immediately abreast of the seaward face. In November, 1900, another severe gale destroyed 22 feet in length of the outer end of the work, which was old and much decayed. In 1900–01, the sum of \$3,829.89 was expended in rebuilding the 75 feet of the eastern or shoreward side of the breakwater which was destroyed in November, 1899, and in beginning the construction of an extension 50 feet long to replace and supplement the 22 feet length of the outer end of the work which was destroyed in November, 1900.

In 1901–02 the sum of \$1,495.08 was expended in completing the extension of the breakwater begun the previous year. The new block is 50 feet long, 44 feet wide where it joins the old work, and 30 feet at the outer end. It is of a uniform height of 26 feet, well built of round log cribwork, sheathed on the seaward face, along which there is a

break 6 feet high, and filled solid with ballast.

### MUSQUODOBOIT.

The village of Musquodoboit, with a farming and lumbering population of about 500, is situated in and around the head waters of Musquodoboit harbour proper, and

Petpeswick harbour, which at their extreme heads are only about a mile apart.

In the present fiscal year the department expended the sum of \$1,364.04 in building a small wharf for the convenience of the inhabitants of the district, and the shipment of lumber, of which some three millions feet are annually exported; for the shipping of general farm produce and the loading of fuel and general merchandise. The work consists of a block of cribwork, 51 feet long, 17 feet wide and 14 feet high, with an earth and stone approach 50 feet in width, 80 feet in length and of an average height of 9 feet.

# MUSQUODOBOIT HARBOUR.

Musquodoboit Harbour, situated 26 miles in a straight line east of Halifax harbour, is about 7 miles long north and south with a width of  $\frac{1}{4}$  of a mile to a mile. At or near its head are numerous and extensive lumber mills, having an output of some seven or eight millions annually, which is exported to the English and South American markets. To enable the large sailing vessels which carry on this trade to dispose of their ballast before loading at the lumber wharfs, at the head of the harbour, the department, in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, constructed a ballast wharf on the east side of the mouth of the harbour. The block, which is substantially built of round log cribwork, well fendered and filled with ballast, is 40 feet long, 10 feet wide and 10 feet high. The cost is included in Musquodoboit wharf.

## NEIL'S HARBOUR.

Neil's Harbour, Victoria county, is situated on the eastern coast of Cape Breton

island, about midway between Ingonish and Aspy bays.

The harbour is at the entrance of a small bay, open to the south and south-east, and extending inland about half a mile. It is sheltered from the north and east by Neil's

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Head, a rocky promontory, from 10 to 20 feet above the level of high water springs, but it is not safe during gales from the south and south-east.

It is a large and important fishing station, and in order to protect the anchorage

during south-easterly gales, on May 29, 1901, a contract was entered into for the construction of a breakwater, on the southern end of Neil's Head to extend to 17 feet at low water.

The works under contract include a breakwater 226 feet in length, and a road cutting 79 feet long and 20 feet wide at the bottom. The breakwater, excepting the inner end, for a distance of 44 feet, which is to be built of round timber crib-work, is to consist of close-faced squared timber crib-work. 20 feet wide on top for a distance of 114 feet, 24 feet wide for a distance of 80 feet, and 56 feet wide for the remaining 32 feet. The work is to be fully ballasted, and sheathed on the seaward faces, the outer end and on the inner face, for a distance of 112 feet from the outer end. The substructure is to be of creosoted timber, and the seaward face is to be protected by a heavy quarried stone talus, from high water mark down, and sloping 21 to 1.

The work was commenced on June 17, 1902, and at the end of the fiscal year the inner section of the breakwater, 44 feet in length, was built up above high water and ballasted, and the crossoted substructure of a 70 feet block was completed and ready to

be placed in position.

Spring tides rise 4 feet.

The expenditure up to June 30, 1902, is \$114.71.

### NEWELTON.

Newelton is situate about two miles north west of Clarke's Harbour and has a popuation of about 350 who are engaged chiefly in fishing and some little farming. A wharf was constructed with a view of affording adequate facilities for the landing of goods required by the residents, likewise to accommodate several small steamers which ply along this coast and which in the past could never conveniently land passengers and freight. It consists of a substantial rock bank approach 108 feet in length, 30 feet wide on top with a height at the outer end of 8 feet. This was supplemented by two stone-filled crib-work blocks each 19 feet in length, separated by a span of 11 feet, and 7 pile trestle bents separated 10 feet each, centre to centre of logs. The width of the crib and pile work is 20 feet on top and the height at the outer end is 23 feet. The tides rise and fall, spring 9 feet neap 61. The cost of the work was \$1,999.99.

During the past fiscal year the sum of \$399.59 has been expended in repairing the wharf and approach and in sheathing the outside and end in order that vessels might

lie with safety in the excellent dock on the inside.

## NEW HARBOUR.

New Harbour, Guysborough county, is on the southern or Atlantic coast of Nova Scotia, 30 miles to the westward of Canso harbour. It is merely a shallow bay, open to the south-east, at the head of which is the entrance to St. Catherine's river, navigable for boats 5 miles inland.

A contract entered into in May, 1900, for the construction of a breakwater at Black Point, on the western side of the bay, was completed on September 27, 1900.

The breakwater consists of a stone embankment 160 feet in length and 6 feet in average height, between the shore and 'Black Rock,' a stone embankment 89 feet in length and 18 feet in average height in extension of 'Black Rock,' and 150 feet of cribwork 25 feet in width with creosoted substructure and with a talus on the seaward side sloping 11 to 1 from high water.

The height of the crib-work over 15 feet of its width on the seaward side is 7 feet, and over 10 feet of its width on the inner side, 3 feet 4 inches above extreme high water. The depths at extreme low water, at the inner and outer ends of the crib-work are respectively 6 and 161 feet.

Spring tides rise 6 feet.

During a southerly gale in October, 1900, the outer section of stone embankment was nearly destroyed; the crib-work was slightly damaged, and most of the stone in the talky on the secured side of the orih week was slightly damaged.

the talus on the seaward side of the crib work was carried away.

During the fiscal year 1901-02, the sum of \$3,693.04 was expended in repairing the crib-work, and in strengthening it by placing a second 6-inch covering over the covering of the inner 10 feet; in constructing concrete walls, 89 feet in length, 12 feet in width, on top, and 10 feet in average height over the remains of the outer embankment, and 75 feet in length, 8 feet in width and 4 feet in average height over 'Black Rock,' and in slight repairs to the inner embankment.

### NYANZA.

Nyanza, Victoria county, is a settlement situated between Middle and Baddeck rivers, on Indian bay, a reach of the Bras d'Or lake, known as St. Patrick's channel, and 7 miles to the westward of Baddeck, the shiretown of the county.

It is a port of call for the steamers of the Bras d'Or Steam Navigation Co., which ply daily, during the season, between the Sydneys and Whycocomagh, and is the shipping

place for a large agricultural district.

During the years 1893-94-95, a wharf was constructed, 136 feet long and 20 feet wide, with an L at the outer end 20 by 20 feet, and a road, 153 feet in length was built to connect the wharf with the public road. The wharf is constructed of brush, with faces battering 1 in 6, and is covered with gravel. The depth of water at the outer end, at low lake level, is 12 feet.

As it was found that the wharf had not sufficient space to accommodate the business of the locality, during the last fiscal year, the sum of \$890.29 was expended in widening the inner end of the wharf to the width of the outer end, viz.: 40 feet, by brush work. New fender piles, chocks and cap-timbers were placed in the old work, and the top, as well as the approach were newly gravelled.

## OGDEN'S POND.

Ogden's Pond, Antigonish county, is on the south-western shore of St. George's bay, about 13 miles south from Cape George and 9 miles from the town of Antigonish. It is a small sheet of water, about 100 acres in extent, separated from the bay by a sand beach of from 130 to 250 feet in width.

For the purpose of rendering the pond, which has a depth of over 10 feet at low water, accessible to boats and small craft, the sum of \$2,500 was voted for expenditure during 1900–01, towards cutting a channel through the beach and constructing a pro-

tection work on the northern side of the entrance.

The proposed cut was 925 feet in length and 30 feet in width at the bottom, extending from 2 feet at low water in the pond to 3 feet of water in the bay, and the protection work, to be 350 feet in length, and to consist of a brush and stone dam, 70 feet long, of pile, brush and stone work, 10 feet wide and 260 feet long, and of a round timber crib-work block, 20 by 20 feet, with creosoted timber substructure.

During 1900-01, the sum of \$2,384.53 was expended in procuring all the materials required for the protection work, and in the construction of the brush and stone dam,

70 feet in length, and of the pile, brush and stone work, 350 feet long.

During the last fiscal year, the sum of \$1,299.49 was expended in the construction of a crib-work block at the outer end of the protection work, 20 by 20 feet, with creosoted timber substructure, and in cutting a channel through the beach, 30 feet wide and 825 feet long, and down to a depth of about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet below low water.

Spring tides rise 4 feet.

### PARKER'S COVE.

Parker's Cove, Annapolis county, is a small indentation on the south-east shore of the Bay of Fundy, 15 miles north-west of Digby Gut, and 7 miles north of Annapolis the county town. The population of the settlement is about 250 people, engaged in farming and fishing.

In 1883–84, the department constructed a small breakwater, which was substantially built of round log crib-work, stone-filled, 200 feet long,  $23\frac{1}{2}$  feet to 26 feet wide on top, and at the outer end 16 feet high, where at high tide there is a depth of about 11 feet of water.

In 1900-01, the department extended the breakwater a distance of 101 feet, at a cost, by contract, of \$3.749. The new block is 26 feet wide on top, and from 16 to 19 feet high, substantially built of round log crib-work, filled with ballast, well fendered and close-sheathed on the seaward side and outer end.

In the present fiscal year, the sum of \$192.50 was expended in placing a quantity of large stone on the eastern side of the breakwater, near its outer end, to prevent the waves from undermining the work.

Spring tides rise about 30 feet.

### PARRSBORO'.

Parrsboro', Cumberland county, is situated at the mouth of the Partridge Island river, on the north shore of the Basin of Minas, the south-eastern arm of the Bay of Fundy. It is the terminus of the Cumberland Railway and Coal Co. railway, and an important shipping point for coal and lumber.

For the purpose of enabling steamers to keep up a regular (tidal) ferry service, between Parrsboro' and ports on the south shore of the Basin of Minas, many years ago a landing pier was constructed on the seashore, near Partridge Island, about  $2\frac{1}{2}$  miles south from the town. The pier is rapidly decaying, and will in a few years be past repairing. Owing to this, its distance from the town, and the bad condition of the road leading to it, particularly during the spring and autumn, it was thought advisable to construct a new wharf in a more convenient place.

The site selected for the new wharf is on the northern side of the mouth of the river or harbour, as it is called, and is less than a mile from the centre of the town and can be reached by a dry, level road.

On Nov. 2, 1900, a contract was entered into for the construction of the proposed wharf. Work was commenced on June 1, 1901, and was satisfactorily completed on Oct. 8 of the same year.

The wharf has a total length of 375 feet, and is 35 feet wide, and consists of block and span work for a distance of 140 feet; of pile work, 170 feet in length, with an inclined landing on the inner side; and of a crib-work head 40 feet long. All crib-work blocks are constructed with faces of squared timber, laid with 6-in. spaces between them, and the outer faces of the crib-work head were close-sheathed with hardwood timber as a protection against running ice.

The work at the outer end is 31 feet in height, and has a depth of water, at high water springs, of 26 feet, but as spring tides rise 42 feet the whole work is high and dry at low water.

Expenditure for fiscal year up to June 30, 1902, is \$5,723.80.

# PARRSBORO' BEACH PROTECTION.

Parrsboro', a town of about 2,500 people, is situate at the right bank of the mouth of the Partridge Island river, which empties into the Basin of Minas on its north side. Parrsboro' harbour is separated and protected from the Basin of Minas by a gravel bar 1,800 feet in length and from 50 to 250 feet wide at l.w.o.s.t. On the outer end of this bar is a lighthouse forming the harbour light. In 1881–82 the Department of Marine and Fisheries built a breakwater, about 400 feet in length, on the outer end and exposed side of this gravel bar. Some few years later this work was extended shorewards a further distance of about 750 feet. The central 450 feet of this work was rebuilt by the Department of Marine and Fisheries in 1885. In 1888 the western 225 feet was repaired by the Department of Public Works at a cost of \$370. In the spring of 1900 this work was practically destroyed, and during the fiscal year 1900–01 the department expended the sum of \$5,000 in reconstructing this work, and in the present fiscal year have expended an additional sum of \$1,510.67.

#### PARTRIDGE ISLAND PIER.

This pier, formerly known as Parrsboro' Pier, is situate on the north shore of the Basin of Minas, about one mile to the south-west of the lighthouse at the entrance to Parrsboro' Harbour. It is 2 miles south of the village of Parrsboro' and has been the landing place for the steamers of the St. John, New Brunswick and Basin of Minas route which call regularly during the season. It was built by the provincial government in 1864-66 and has subsequently received frequent and extensive repairs from this department. Being directly on the seashore it is much exposed to south-east gales, though slightly protected by the headlands of Partridge Island on the west, though its chief source of danger lies in the heavy floating ice which in the spring is carried backward and forward on the ebb and flood. This work is 431 feet in length and from 27 to 29 feet in width on top. The present height at the outer end is 33 feet. It was originally built of square timber close-faced cribwork, fully ballasted. On the inner side of the outer end is a narrow inclined landing 7½ feet wide, for the convenience of landing passengers and freight at all stages of tides. Spring tides rise about 41 feet, and neap 34. Low water mark is about 100 feet beyond the end of the wharf. In 1900-01 the sum of \$497.09 was expended in renewing about 175 feet in length of the covering a height of 4 feet of the top for a length of 100 feet and putting in 100 tons of ballast and 24 fenders on the seaward side. During the last year the sum of \$599.85 was expended in completing repairs to this work. The work was replanked, restringered and recapped, from 90 to 100 tons of ballast was put in, and 43 three-cornered upright fenders were put in place on the seaward side to prevent it from bulging out and collapsing. A new pier has been built at the mouth of Parrsboro' harbour and the usefulness of this old pier is now practically nil.

#### PEREAUX.

Pereaux is a rich and prosperous agricultural district, with a population of some 300 or 400 people, situated on the west side of the Basin of Minas. From Kingsport to Cape Blomidon, is a thickly-settled and fertile agricultural and fruit-growing district.

In the present fiscal year the sum of \$662.49 was expended in beginning the construction of a pile wharf for the purpose of shipping fruit, farm produce, &c., and the landing of coal and general merchandise. The work, when completed, will be a pile structure, 180 feet long, 25 feet wide, and at the outer end, 20 feet high, where at high water there is a depth of 17 feet.

### PETIT DE GRAT.

Petit de Grat Inlet, Richmond county, lies between Petit de Grat island and the eastern extremity of Isle Madame. The main entrance is at the southern end, from the Atlantic; the northern entrance, from Rocky Bay is obstructed by outer and inner bars, through which passages for boats at ordinary low water, were opened by the department between 1879–82.

In 1898–99, both channels were widened and improved, by hand dredging, and a crib-work protection, 10 feet in width for a distance of 189 feet, and 17 feet wide at the outer end, for a distance of 21 feet, was constructed on the western side of the outer channel, or to within 85 feet of its outer end.

In 1899–1900, the protection work was extended inwards a distance of 88 feet, and the whole was raised 10 inches in height, and the outer channel was further improved.

During 1900–01, the sum of \$500 was expended in raising the protection work (excepting the outer 21 feet) a further height of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet; in placing a talus of stone at the back of the protection work, and in deepening the inner portion of the outer channel.

At the end of June, 1901, the outer channel was about 350 feet long, 25 feet wide, with a depth of 2 feet, at low water springs, while the inner was 285 feet long, 20 feet wide, and with the same depth as the outer channel. The protection work, 298 feet in length and constructed of ordinary round timber crib-work was fully ballasted,

but not covered. For a distance of 277 feet it is 10 feet wide, 6 feet 10 inches in height, with the top 8 inches below high water springs, and for the remaining distance of 21

feet it is 17 feet wide, 9 feet in height, and 11 feet above high water springs.

The sum of \$1,000 was appropriated for expenditure during 1901–02, in the reconstruction of the protection work, and for deepening the channels; but as it was found that the beach on the eastern side of the outer channel was moving rapidly to the westward, and was already encroaching upon the channel, and the amount authorized was not sufficient to stop the movement, the amount was not expended, the abandonment of the work is recommended and the opening of a new channel to the eastward of the present one.

Spring tides rise 6 feet.

#### PICTOU ISLAND.

Pictou Island is situated in the Strait of Northumberland, about 10 miles north-

east of the entrance to Pictou harbour.

There are two wharfs on the south side of the island, one near the west end, and one known as the 'East Wharf,' near the centre. The west wharf is 324 feet in length and 20 feet in width (with the exception of the inner 55 feet, which is 12 feet wide) and has an L 30 by 20 feet on the east side at outer end. The east wharf is 328 feet long and 20 feet wide. The depths at extreme low water at the outer ends of the east and west wharfs are respectively 4 feet 6 inches and 4 feet 9 inches.

Spring tides rise 6 feet.

During the fiscal year 1901–02, the sum of \$609.60 was expended in repairing the east wharf. The repairs effected included: renewing the floor stringers, covering and guard rails of the centre 61 feet, and the floor stringers, covering, guard rails and sheathing of 109 feet, 121 feet from the outer end inwards, and replacing about 300 cubic yards of ballast in the outer 61 feet, and in the 109 feet section.

#### PICTOU LIGHT BEACH.

The beach forming the southern side of the entrance to Pictou harbour, known as Pictou light beach, extends about one mile in a northerly direction, inclosing Moodie Cove, an inlet nearly dry at low water, except in a central channel. The outer end, on which stands a lighthouse and keeper's dwelling, is protected by a breastwork of squared timber, 450 feet in length, and by a work of brush and stone extending from side to side of beach, opposite the southern extremity of the breastwork, and inclosing property under the control of the Department of Marine and Fisheries.

In 1894-95, the sum of \$300 was expended in acquiring a title to a portion of the beach, 1,520 feet in length, adjoining the property of the Department of Marine and

Fisheries.

During 1898-99, a brush and stone work 1,030 feet in length, 10 feet wide and 4 feet in height was constructed along the beach to prevent its wearing away by the action of the seas during gales; and two groins, respectively 65 and 55 feet in length composed of piles, brush and stone, were built off the brush and stone work for the purpose of gathering the sand.

In 1900-01 the sum of \$522.77 was expended in the construction of a third groin, 75 feet in length, opposite the end of the breastwork built by the Department of Marine and Fisheries, and 200 feet to the northward of the first groin, and in slight repairs to the brush and stone work; but the groin completed in November was under-

mined and destroyed during a heavy easterly gale early in December, 1900.

During the last fiscal year the sum of \$608.28 was expended in raising the brush and stone work, which had settled, for a distance of 710 feet, and as it was found that the beach south of the end of the work was wearing away, the protection work was extended for a distance of 120 feet. The extension consists of brush and stone work, 10 feet wide and of an average height of 4 feet.

Spring tides rise 6 feet.

# PINCKNEY'S POINT.

Pinckney's Point is a small fishing and farming settlement of about 150 people, situated near the extremity of the headland between Chebogue river and Little river, about 12 miles S.S.W. of the town of Yarmouth.

In the present fiscal year the department expended the sum of \$998.73, in constructing a small breakwater wharf for the purpose of affording some measure of protection to the fishing boats, and to serve as a landing wharf for an occasional schooner load of general merchandise, for local consumption.

The work consists of a block of round-log cribwork, 20 feet square, 14 feet high, with an approach 93 feet long, 20 feet wide and from 4 to 13 feet high, built of stone and well-all and round well-all an

and walled up on each side with split boulders.

The outer edge of the crib-work is at low water mark.

Spring tides rise 12 feet, neaps 11 feet.

#### PLYMOUTH.

Plymouth is a small but thriving farming and fishing settlement of some 300 people, situated on the west side of Tusket river, near its mouth, about 6 miles southeast of the town of Yarmouth.

A small wharf was built by the inhabitants many years ago, for the accommodation of fishing craft and small vessels loading fish and general farm produce and landing sea manure. Being so far dilapidated as to no longer serve the public need, the department, in the present fiscal year expended the sum of \$488.21 in building a new wharf of pile-work, 61 feet long, 25 feet wide and from 6 to 9 feet high, with an approach, of gravel covered embankment, 100 feet long.

Spring tides rise 13 feet, neaps about 10 feet.

### POIRIERVILLE.

Poirierville, Richmond county, commonly know as Lower Descousse, is a thickly-settled district of Isle Madame, on the southern side of Lennox Passage, a strait separating the island from the mainland, and connecting St. Peter's bay with the Straits of Canso.

The sum of \$3,000 was voted for expenditure during the last fiscal year, towards the construction of a breakwater at this place, and instructions were given to prepare contract plan and specification for the work; but as no official information with regard to the locality and its requirements had ever been obtained, the necessary information had to be sought before a plan of the proposed work could be prepared.

A survey was made in Sept., 1901, and a plan and report on the construction of the proposed work, together with an estimate of its probable cost, amounting to \$50,000

were submitted to the department on Feb. 5, 1902.

The breakwater asked for, is for the protection of the anchorage from the heavy undertow which sweeps into the bay, around Cape Le Ronde, during south-easterly gales, and as the mouth of the bay is very wide, it would require a great length of breakwater to effect the improvement desired.

Owing to the large amount needed for the work, the sum voted was not expended.

# PORTER'S LAKE.

Porter's lake is a long and narrow strip of water, lying nearly north and south, situated about the middle of Halifax county, or about 15 miles east of the provincial capital. It is about 17 miles in length, from a quarter to half a mile in width, and the water being of good depth for almost its entire length, it is navigable for vessels of 60 tons or less, to the extreme head. The normal level of the lake is some two or three inches above high water mark o.s.t., which on the coast here rise 6 feet; neaps 5 feet.

Up to about 1873, the outlet, which was direct into the Atlantic through a gravel beach, about 200 feet wide, was navigable for schooners drawing 6 feet of water, and a considerable traffic was then done on the lake in the export of timber, lumber, cordwood, general farming produce and fish. Since that time the outlet has been gradually and permanently filling up with the accumulations of gravel washed in by southerly and easterly storms. In order to maintain the outlet, to prevent the roads along the margin of the lake from being flooded, also to admit fish into the lake, the following small expenditures have been made by the department.:—

1881–82	3 200 00
1884–85	200 00
1889–90	200 00
1892–93	147 00
1897–98	100 00
1898-99	200 00
1899–1900	150 00
Total\$	1,197 00

These expenditures having resulted in but slight temporary and no permanent improvement, the department in 1900-01, expended the sum of \$8,262.44, in beginning the construction of a permanent channel through the neck of land, 2,400 feet wide, separating the main body of the lake from the extreme head of Three Fathom Harbour. In 1901-02, a further sum of \$5,987.24 was expended in continuing the work.

#### PORT GEORGE.

Port George Annapolis county, is a village of some 400 people, situated on the south shore of the Bay of Fundy, 37 miles north-east of Digby Gut, 42 miles south-west of Scott's Bay, 6 miles south-west from Margaretville, and 7 miles north-west from Middleton on the Dominion Atlantic Railway.

Some years before Confederation the provincial government built a western breakwater and an eastern pier or wharf. The break-water is 440 feet long, from 25 to 35 feet wide on top, and at the outer end, where there is about 21 feet of water at h.w.o.s.t. it is 25 feet high. It is built of round log, stone-filled, cribwork, the western or sea-

ward face and outer end being close-sheathed.

The wharf on the eastern side of the little harbour is 205 feet long, 20 feet wide, and is 18 feet high at the outer end. It is built of round log crib-work, and the outer end, on which stands a small lighthouse, is close sheathed. In 1874 the harbour was taken in charge by the Public Works Department, and in that and the following year the sum of \$7,000 was expended in repairing and refacing the breakwater, which was much decayed. In the autumn of 1888, the outer end of the breakwater was destroyed by a severe storm, 165 feet in length being wrecked and an additional length of 30 feet injured. Before repairs could be made, a second storm destroyed the damaged portion, leaving 195 feet of the work a complete wreck, and rendering the harbour practically useless. In 1900-01 the destroyed portion of the work was rebuilt.

In April, 1894, an exceptionally severe north-east gale caused a serious breach in the breakwater at about midway of its length, or immediately shorewards from the new outer block; the breach was 40 feet long for the full width of the work, and about

17 feet high. It was rebuilt in the autum of the same year.

Spring tides rise 30 feet.

In 1900-01, the sum of \$400 was expended in repairing the eastern breakwater wharf. The sum of \$1,653.60 was also expended in the construction of a detached breakwater, lying about 200 feet eastwards from the end of the main work. The object of this is to break the seas, and afford a much needed shelter to schooners lying alongside the breakwater.

In the present fiscal year the sum of \$3,743.92 was expended in continuing the construction of the detached breakwater begun the previous year. The work, so far,

built, is 102 feet long, 32 feet high at the lower end and 26 feet high at the upper, 20 feet wide on top. It is plumb on the seaward face and batters 1 in 4 on the back.

# PORT HASTINGS.

Port Hastings, Inverness county, is on the eastern side of the Strait of Canso, 24:

miles to the northward of Port Hawkesbury.

The sum of \$2,000 was appropriated for expenditure in 1901-2, towards an extension of the wharf, but no action was taken, it having been ascertained that it was the intention of the Inverness and Richmond Railway Co. to construct a coal shipping pier which will interfere with the extension as proposed and necessitate a re-survey.

#### PORT HAWKESBURY.

Port Hawkesbury, Inverness county, is on the eastern side of the Strait of Canso,

nearly opposite Port Mulgrave.

The sum of \$2,000 was appropriated for expenditure in 1901-2, towards the construction of a wharf. During the year a survey was made, and a plan and specification prepared for a proposed reconstruction of a wharf known as the 'Long wharf'.

Expenditure to June 30, 1902, \$35.54.

#### PORT HILLFORD.

Port Hillford, Guysborough county, is at the head of Indian bay, on the southern or Atlantic coast of Nova Scotia, 5 miles to the eastward of the mouth of St. Mary's river.

For the purpose of forming a harbour, in September, 1899, a contract was entered into for the construction of a breakwater on the east side of, and near the head of the bay. The work under contract was 300 feet long and 22 feet wide, with an L, 22 by 22 feet on the northern side of the outer end; constructed of open-faced, native timber cribwork, and protected on the seaward side and outer end by hardwood close-sheathing.

The work was commenced on May 8, 1900, and at the end of the fiscal year, about one sixth of the work under contract had been done. It was completed in September,

1900.

Some settlement of the seaward side of the work took place, by scour, during a gale on August 14, 1900, and an agreement was entered into with the contractors for placing 200 cubic yards of compressed brush and 440 cubic yards of stone on the seaward side and at the outer end, to prevent further scouring. This extra work, involving an expenditure of \$920, was commenced on October 3, and completed on November 14 following.

While the extra work was in progress, a further and very serious settlement took place, during a gale on October 11. The settlement was from 3 feet at the inner, to 6 feet on the outer end, and  $8\frac{3}{4}$  feet at the north-east corner of the L, and very irregular.

During the last fiscal year, the sum of \$2,724.05 was expended in raising the work

to its original height.

The depth of water, at low water, at the outer end is 9 feet.

Spring tides rise 6 feet.

#### PORT HOOD.

Port Hood, the shire town of the county of Inverness, is on the west coast of Cape Breton Island, twenty miles north of the northern entrance to the Strait of Canso.

The harbour was formerly a secure one, Smith Island, which forms its west side, having been connected with the mainland by a range of sand hills. In 1839 the sea made a breach through this protection; the opening, at first narrow, was enlarged by the tidal currents with increasing rapidity, until it was entirely swept away. The harbour is now unsafe during northerly gales, except in a small cove on the east side of Smith Island.

A pier on the east side of the harbour, commenced by the provincial government in 1865, was originally 550 feet in length and 24 feet in width, with an L on the south side of the outer end 100 feet in length and 25 feet in width. It came under the charge of the federal government in 1871, since which time extensive repairs and renewals have been made, including the construction of a new block 125 by 25 feet at the outer end in 1873; the construction of a block 50 by 32 feet at the south end of the L in 1888-89, and the construction of a block 71 by 24 feet at the outer end in 1889-90. The old provincial government work was of square timber, close-faced; the additions and parts reconstructed by the department are of round timber, laid open-faced. The pier has been protected on the seaward side, at the outer end, and on the south end and inner side of the L, by close-piling, and on both sides to within 74 feet of the outer end, by a stone talus.

During the fiscal year 1901-2, the sum of \$1,237.36 was expended in completing the close-piling and the renewal of the covering of the outer end, or head of the pier; in replacing ballast at the outer end, and in repairing and reballasting a portion of the seaward face near the outer end.

The depth at low water at the outer end is from 12 to 15 feet. Spring tides rise 4 feet.

#### PORT JOLI.

This is a settlement of about 400 people situate about twelve miles south-west of Liverpool Town. In the fiscal year 1897-98 the sum of \$300 was expended in building a couple of blocks of cribwork from the channel shorewards. In the year 1898-99 the work was extended to the shore at a cost of \$1,195.91, and, besides its extension to the shore, another block was added to the head of the wharf and on its inside. The work as it then stood was 207 feet long,  $12\frac{1}{2}$  feet wide, and had an average height of 9 feet, whilst the extra block at its head was 18 feet long,  $12\frac{1}{2}$  feet wide and 12 feet high at its outer end. Owing to its being constructed upon the sand without adequate foundation, the work began to settle on the outside and gradually became so inclined on its outside face as to endanger the entire structure.

During the last fiscal year the sum of \$497.08 was expended in repairing and partially rebuilding this work. The covering, planks, guards and stringers were removed and seven pile trestle bents were driven between the spans to afford the necessary support, so that it now rests almost entirely upon these trestle bents.

# PORT MAITLAND.

Port Maitland, Yarmouth county, is a prosperous and important fishing and farming village, with a population of about 400, situated on the south-east side of the mouth of the Bay of Fundy, 12 miles north of the county town of Yarmouth.

The harbour works were begun about the year 1859, by the provincial government; they consist of an eastern and western or main, breakwater of cribwork. The former is 400 feet long by some 20 feet wide, and the latter 500 feet long, 22 feet to 25 feet wide, with a return of 54 feet long, 24 feet wide and 27 feet high, along which there is a a depth of 19 feet at h.w.o.s.t. These breakwaters, or piers, enclose between

them a snug high-water harbour of  $2\frac{1}{4}$  acres in extent.

In 1873-4, the eastern breakwater was raised and widened for a length of 158 feet on the shore end and an extension 50 feet in length was built on the outer end of the western breakwater. In 1885-6, the sum of \$349.92 was expended in raising the outer end of the eastern breakwater, and in repairing and partly renewing the sheathing of the outer face of the western breakwater. During 1887-8, the western breakwater was repaired and in the following year, 1888-9, both sides of a breach were closed up, and a number of fender-piles were driven along the outer face and exposed corners of the broken work.

On June 24, 1890, a contract was made for rebuilding the destroyed section and repairing the other parts of the work. The seaward face i. e. 83 feet in length outside the new work, and 100 feet between it and the shore, was close-piled; the entire top

was rebuilt, and new fenders were fitted to the inside face. In 1891-2, the sum of \$298.45 was expended in repairing the eastern breakwater, and in 1896-7, extensive repairs and renewals were made to both works. On the eastern breakwater, which also serves as a wharf for the landing and loading of general merchandise, coal, lumber, etc., the shoreward 30 feet was rebuilt on the south side, 6 logs high and on the north side 3 logs high, including floor-stringers and covering; 22 feet in length of the new covering was laid on the outer end, and a number of new fenders were bolted into position. On the western breakwater, a re-enforcing block was built on the south side of the outer end, 97 feet long, 11 feet wide, and 12 to 14 feet high, or to a height of about 10 feet below the floor of the work; a re-enforcing block was also begun along the whole length of the ell 70 feet in length and from 10 to 12 feet wide. To obviate settlement, due to soft bottom, and the eating away of the bottom logs by the limnoria, it was built on 147 piles, driven to hard bottom and cut off level with the beach. The inner or north side of the shoreward end was also strengthened and rebuilt. In 1897-8, further repairs and renewals to the breakwaters were made, the re-enforcing block along the ell of the western breakwater was completed to the full height of the work, and the inner face of the outer end was renewed. The buttress on the outer side was extended shorewards a length of 122 feet. On the end of the eastern breakwater the T was rebuilt 50 feet long, 20 feet wide, and built on 21 piles, driven to hard bottom and cut off level with Various miscellaneous repairs were also effected.

In 1898-9, the thorough and extensive repairs to the western breakwater were completed and 60 feet long on the inner face, was close sheathed, the buttress on the seaward side, 140 feet long, was finished and several vacant spaces in the shoreward

end were filled with ballast.

In 1899-1900, the re-enforcing buttress on the outer end seaward face of the breakwater, 96 feet long, 10 to 12 feet wide, to the full height of the work was rebuilt. The lower 12 feet of this work, and the outer end of the work, were also sheathed with

4-inch creosoted plank as a protection against the limnoria.

In 190-01, a piece of buttress on the seaward side of the breakwater, 90 feet long, 19 to 20 feet high, and from 10 to 11 feet wide, adjoining shorewards the piece 96 feet long, that was built last year, was constructed. The outer face of the new piece of buttress was also sheathed 12 feet high with creosoted 4-inch plank, as a protection against the limnoria.

During the present year the sum of \$299.44 was expended in close-sheathing with 5-inch plank a length of 110 feet of the shore end of the seaward face of the breakwater from which the old sheathing had been stripped by heavy seas earlier in the

vear.

Spring tides rise 18 feet, neaps 15 feet.

# PORT MEDWAY.

Port Medway is a village of about 700 people on the south side of Port Medway bay, about three miles from its mouth and about 11 miles north-east from Liverpool town. In 1875-76 beach protection works were constructed on the beach near Foster's point. The works consisted of two pieces of round log stone-filled cribwork, the south piece being 240 feet in length,  $10\frac{1}{2}$  feet wide on top and about  $6\frac{1}{2}$  feet high, the north piece being 450 feet long, 11 feet wide on top and from 6 to 9 feet in height, This work cost \$4,513.50. In 1880 the sum of \$214.73 was expended in repairing portions of the northern piece. In 1890 another small sum was expended in repairing part of this work and replanking about 150 feet of the old work. In 1894 the sum of \$350 was expended in thoroughly repairing the northern piece, consisting of the virtual replacing or rebuilding of 90 feet of the northern piece and general repairing of the whole work. In the year 1900 the sum of \$485.71 was expended in making repairs to the southern portion of this work. These repairs consisted of removing 120 feet in length of the old work and rebuilding it, also the construction of a rip-rap wall on its outside in which about 120 tons of large stones was placed.

During the last fiscal year the sum of \$370.61 was expended. From the south portion of this work 150 feet in length was renewed for its total width and four feet in height; an additional length of 70 feet of its front half was renewed to the same height.

# PORT MOUTON.

Port Mouton is the centre of several small villages with an aggregate population of about 1,200 and is situated about 10 miles sonth-west of Liverpool town. About 20 years prior to Confederation the government of Nova Scotia constructed a wharf and kept it in repair till that event. Since that time owing to the fact that all public works passed under the control of the Federal Government and no formal transfer was made of this wharf, no repairs whatever were made, so that the destructive work of the storms and the natural decay of years completed the demolition of this entire work. During the fiscal year 1899-1900 the sum of \$1,972.49 was expended on the reconstruction. The wharf then consisted of a rock bank approach, 56 feet long, 35 feet wide on top and 8 feet high at its outer end, and a cribwork stem. This stem consisted of 4 round log, stone-filled cribs, each 28 feet, 25 feet wide and separated from each other by 15-foot spans. During the last fiscal year the sum of \$363.93 has been expended in constructing an additional block. This block is of round log, stone-filled cribwork, 20 feet long, 25 feet wide and 15 feet high at the outer end. It is separated from the former head of the wharf by a span 20 feet in length and the whole is well capped, planked and stringered as well as fendered.

#### PORTUGUESE COVE.

Portuguese Cove is a small fishing village with a population of about 600 people, situated six miles south-south-east from Halifax, on the western side of the mouth of the harbour.

In the fiscal year 1901-02 the department expended the sum of \$199.88 in laying some boat skids to enable the fishermen to haul their boats up on the beach in stress of weather. The skids consist of four lines, about 70 feet long, of spruce logs, securely bolted to the solid rock, about 10 feet apart, laid at right angles to high water mark with smaller logs, or poles, bolted to them at intervals of about 5 feet.

#### RAGGED HEAD.

Ragged Pond, Guysborough county, on the north side of Chedabucto bay, about 6 miles east of Guysborough harbour, is a triangular sheet of water with an area of about 180 acres and a depth of from two to five fathoms. It is enclosed by shingle beaches, through which there is a narrow channel on the western side of Ragged Head.

During the years 1878-83 the channel was improved and protection works, consisting of 110 feet of cribwork and 428 feet of brush and stone work, were constructed on the southern side. In 1899-1900 and 1900-01 small amounts were expended in repairing the inner 50 feet of the cribwork and in deepening and reopening the channel.

The sum of \$1,000 appropriated for expenditure in 1901-02 was not expended.

The surface of the pond is 3 feet higher (at low water inside) than low water outside; consequently there is a fall at low water of 3 feet in the length of the channel (600 feet). The depth in the channel at low water is about 3 feet, except near the enterance, where it is about 1 foot.

Spring tides rise 6 feet.

## RIVER HEBERT.

River Hebert, is a tidal stream in Cumberland county, flowing northward into the Chignecto channel, Bay of Fundy, at the head of Cumberland basin.

For the purpose of affording shipping and landing facilities to the inhabitants, during 1898-99-1900, a pile wharf, 82 feet in length and 53 feet in width, was

constructed on the western side of the river, at a cost of \$1,447.80. The depth of water along the channel face is only 14 feet, but it increases to 17 feet at 10 feet from the face.

The distance from the wharf to the public road is 320 feet, and when the work was constructed it was thought that the top of the clay bank could be utilized as a road, but as during high spring tides, the water overflows the bank, causing the clay to become soft and sticky, and the passage of teams over it, was rendered almost impossible, during the last fiscal year, the sum of \$379.50 was expended in the construction of a road to connect the wharf with the public road, 270 feet in length, including a bridge on posts, 56 feet long, over the timber sluice, which carries the lumber from the mills to the deal wharfs. The road is constructed with brush, poles and clay, and is 4 feet above extreme high water spring tides.

#### RIVER JOHN.

River John, Pictou county, empties into the head of John bay, on Northumberland Strait, about 24 miles to the westward of the entrance to Pictou harbour. It has a depth of about 3 feet at low, and 11 feet at high water spring tides over the bar at the entrance, and from 3 to 11 feet, at low water, in a very narrow channel, up to the bridge, a distance of nearly a mile. The village is situated on either side, of the river, near the bridge, and about  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a mile from the station on the Oxford and Pictou branch of the Intercolonial Railway.

The sum of \$2,000 was appropriated for expenditure during 1899–1900, in connection with the construction of a wharf at River John, but of the amount voted the sum of \$449.94 only, was expended, and that in the purchase of the land required. The crossoted timber required in the construction of the wharf was ordered, but not delivered at the end of the fiscal year.

During 1900–01, the sum of \$1,697.41 was expended in procuring nearly all the materials required for the proposed work, and in completing the construction of about two-thirds of the same.

During the last fiscal year the sum of \$525.81 was expended in completing the work. The wharf is on the south side of the river, immediately below the highway bridge, and consists of a pile-head 60 by 20 feet, with a cribwork retaining wall 60 by 10 feet at the back of it, and wing walls of cribwork on either side, 10 feet wide and respectively 78 and 61 feet in length; the area enclosed by the retaining walls and the shore, is filled with clay and covered with gravel, and a road has been constructed along the side of the bank, between the wharf and the highway. The depth of water along the channel face, at low water, is 9 feet.

Spring tides rise 8 feet.

# ROUND BAY BEACH.

Round Bay beach is about three miles east of Negro harbour and thirteen miles south of Shelburne town. The beaches of this bay which are composed of fine white sand formed a protection to several small coves on its northern side which in turn formed boat harbours of refuge. This fine white sand is continually blowing away and from time to time breaches are effected through the beach by the many storms which occur along this coast, so that the outlets of these little boat harbours are practically destroyed. The department has from time to time made several small expenditures of \$100 and \$50, in placing brush along the line of the top of the beach to catch this drifting sand. This kind of work has in the past proved temporarily successful, but when the spills become detached from the branches so that the sand meeting with little resistance escapes from the enclosure new breaches are effected in the tidal mounds thus rendering the boat harbours useless and unprotected. During the last fiscal year the sum of \$496.74 has been expended in repairing this beach which had been almost utterly destroyed by the previous seasons storms. The work built was 850 feet in length constructed as follows:—

The first 100 feet in length was built of round-log stone-filled open cribwork 8 feet wide and to a height of 6 feet above the level of the beach whilst the remaining 750

feet was constructed similar to the work at Lockeport of a double line of posts, separate 8 feet, the seaward side being planked with two-inch plank and the inner with one-inch boards. The posts were sunk five feet in the sand and were five feet above the level of the beach. This work was partially destroyed shortly after its construction in a heavy storm, but the cribwork part and about  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the fencing remain.

### SANDFORD.

Sandford, Cranberry Head, is situated on the Atlantic coast of Nova Scotia, at the extreme western point of Yarmouth county, 7 miles north-west from the town of Yarmouth. The settlement in the neighbourhood, which has for years been known as Sandford, has a population of from 300 to 400 people engaged in fishing and farming.

In 1858 a breakwater was begun by the inhabitants, aided by the provincial government. In 1876 the sum of \$2,000 was expended by the department in extending the work 150 feet. In 1878-9 the sum of \$1,000.08 was spent in constructing an additional length of 50 feet and in repairing the older portions. In 1880 repairs were made. In 1883-4 and in 1885-6 some slight repairs were made. In 1887-8 miscellaneous repairs were made. In February, 1892, two serious breaches were made in the work by heavy gales and a quantity of gravel was driven through into the little boat harbour inside, and in the next two or three years about 300 feet, i. e., the whole work, except the outer block, was destroyed, the remaining piece being 60 feet long, 22 feet wide and from 18 to 20 feet high. Before this date six or seven schooners of 10 to 20 tons each, besides a number of smaller boats, was owned in the place and considerable fishing business was done. Since the destruction of the breakwater, and owing to the consequent lack of shelter, the schooners and most of the boats were disposed of and the fishing industry in the locality practically ceased.

In 1898-9 the sum of \$3,497.25 was expended in partially rebuilding the shoreward portion of the work on a new site and the remaining outer block was also thoroughly repaired. The new work, of which a length of 200 feet was built during the year, starts at the shore, at a point 350 feet eastward of the point where the former work began, and was built in a north-westerly direction towards the outer block of the old work, with which it was connected. Besides the portion of breakwater built during this year, a small boat channel about 40 feet long and 8 feet deep was excavated through the beach under lee of the breakwater, to give access to a salt water pond which forms a valuable shelter for fishing vessels during the heavy gales in the winter season.

In 1899-1900 the rebuilding of the breakwater, begun last year, was completed.

In 1899–1900 the rebuilding of the breakwater, begun last year, was completed. The portion of the work built being 81 feet long and 26 feet wide, with an average height of 12 feet. A piece of beach protection work 240 feet long, 10 feet wide and from 6 to 8 feet high was also built in a westerly direction from the shore end of the breakwater, to prevent the seas from driving the gravel beach into the little pond which shelters the boats of the fishing fleet.

In 1900-01 the ballast was replaced.

During the year 1901-2 the sum of \$2,542.18 was expended in extending the breakwater a distance of 90 feet. The new block is 26 feet wide and from 20 to 25 feet high, thoroughly well built of round-log cribwork, close sheathed on the outer end and seaward face, filled with ballast and provided with a break 5 feet high.

# SAULNIERVILLE.

Saulnierville, Digby county, with a population of about 250, is situated on the south-east coast of St. Mary's bay, Bay of Fundy, 36 miles south-east of Digby, 32

miles north of Yarmouth and 3 miles north of Meteghan River.

Some years before Confederation a breakwater, serving also as a landing wharf, was built by the inhabitants, aided by the provincial government. In 1876 the sum of \$4,000, of which half was contributed by the department and half by the inhabitants, was expended in making thorough repairs to the work and extending it to a length of 100 feet. In 1888-9 further extensive repairs were made. In 1899-1900 damage done

by a severe storm in 1900 was made good. In 1900-1 the sum of \$1,999.49 was expended in repairs and extensions; the repairs which were to make good the damage done by a great tide and storm of March 1, 1900, consists of the renewal of the outer 60 feet in length. A new work was built a length of 37 feet; it is substantially built of round-log cribwork, close-sheathed on the seaward side and outer end, 33 feet wide and from 20 to 24 feet high.

The breakwater has now a total length of 505 feet. At the outer end h.w.o.s.t.

there is a depth of about 14 feet of water.

During the fiscal year the sum of \$719.97 was expended in reflooring the shore-

ward end of the breakwater for a length of 138 feet.

Spring tides rise 21 feet, neaps 18 feet. At low water the sand flats are bare for several hundred feet beyond the end of the work.

### SCOTT'S BAY.

Scott's Bay, King's county, is on the south side of Minas Channel, Bay of Fundy, between Cape Split and Baxter's Harbour. The population of the settlement, within a

radius of a couple of miles is about 500.

In 1878–9 the department built a block of cribwork 50 feet long. 30 feet wide and about 20 feet high, connected with the shore by a double row of close-piling, 210 feet long, from the south-east corner of the block; the cribwork was built of close-faced work, well fendered and ballasted. The work was located on the west side of Jess Creek, and formed a harbour or shelter for vessels during south-west storms.

As it had no floor much of the ballast has been removed, presumably for ballasting schooners. Both the block and the close-piling are more or less dilapidated, 30 feet in length of the close-piling being totally destroyed. The expenditure on this block and

the close-pile work by the department in 1867-1882 was \$3,000.

In 1900-01 the department expended \$500 in building two blocks of cribwork, one on either side of the mouth of the creek. The northern block is 115 feet long, 10 feet wide, and from 6 to 8 feet high. Both blocks are of round log, stone-filled cribwork.

In the present fiscal year the sum of \$2,026.71 was expended in extending the northern breakwater by a block of substantially built cribwork, 55 feet long, 15 feet high and 19 feet wide; also in extending the south breakwater by a block 75 feet long, 10 to 12 feet high and 12 feet wide. Some minor repairs were also made to the older portions of the northern breakwater.

#### SIGHT POINT.

Sight Point, Inverness county, is on the west coast of Cape Breton Island, 7 miles to the northward of the entrance to Mabou harbour.

In 1900–01 the sum of \$500 was expended in constructing a cribwork 24 feet in length and 17 feet in width on top, in from  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 4 feet at low -water—to form part of a small breakwater to shelter a landing place for boats—and in procuring some of the materials required for an extension outwards of 22 feet in length.

During the fiscal year 1901-02 the sum of \$499.76 was expended in procuring the balance of the material and in completing the 22 feet extension; in completing the sheathing of the 24 feet block, and in constructing a rough work 24 feet in length between the inner block and the shore.

between the inner block and the shore.

Spring tides rise 4 feet.

# SMITHVILLE.

Smithville is a small fishing village situate about 13 miles south-east of Barrington Passage. The harbour is connected with the ocean by a creek about a quarter of a mile in length and from 200 to 300 feet in width, which has been very difficult to navigate owing to the presence of large rocks and small ledges in the centre and sides of the channel. The number of boats employed at this place is about 40, from half a ton to 8 tons register.

During the last fiscal year the sum of \$853.75 has been expended in removing rock from the channel. The rocks were all from two to three feet below the surface of low water, consequently divers would have to be employed to do this work.

There is now a depth of water in all parts of the channel of from  $4\frac{1}{2}$  to 5 feet, allowing small boats and vessels to navigate the channel at practically any time and tide.

#### STONY ISLAND.

This is an important fishing station on the cast side of Cape Sable Island, about midway between Cape Sable and North-east Point. The island itself has an area of about 3 or 4 acres and is distant about 300 feet from the main shore with which it is connected by a bar of sand shingle which is bare at l.w.o.s.t. In order to protect the existing boats the department built a breakwater on the inside shore of this island in the year 1891-2 at a cost of \$4,800. This work for 180 feet of its length, next the shore, is built of solid stone-filled cribwork with a break on its eastern or seaward face 4 feet in height. It is 24 feet wide on top and at the outer end 22 feet high. The outer 60 feet in length of the breakwater consisted of pile-work, the bents being 12 feet apart and having each 6 piles. Along the seaward face close-piling was originally driven, but this affording too much resistance to the sea was destroyed during the following This work did not protect the boats as intended owing to its bad situation, so that many seeking shelter for their boats, during stormy weather, had them destroyed. I would recommend strongly the entire abandonment of this work and in the future would advise the opening of a small pond in the immediate vicinity of this island with cribwork protection walls to serve as a harbour of refuge for the numerous small boats fishing in that vicinity. This work would cost from \$2,500 to \$3,000.

### SYDNEY QUARANTINE WHARF.

The quarantine station in Sydney harbour is on the southern arm of the harbour, near Keating Point, and about \( \frac{3}{2} \) of a mile south of Point Edward at the extremity of land lying between the south and west arms.

A wharf built by the Marine and Fisheries Department for landing purposes in connection with the quarantine station, was repaired and extended by the Public Works Department in 1892-93. It was originally a block and span structure 14 feet wide, extending 126 feet to 7 feet 6 inches at low water. The extension consists of a cribwork 22 feet in line of work by 39 feet 6 inches. The depth, at low water, at the outer face of the extension is 9 feet.

Spring tides rise 5 feet.

#### TANCOOK.

Big Tancook island is the largest of a host of small islands in Mahone Bay, on the coast of Lunenburg county. It is about  $2\frac{1}{2}$  miles in extreme length north and south, by about a mile in extreme width east and west. It is nine miles north-east of the town of Lunenburg; the same distance south-east from Chester, and about  $2\frac{1}{2}$  miles south-west of the Aspotogon peninsula, which is the nearest mainland. The island has a population of about 600 people, for the most part dependent on fishing, but doing a considerable amount of farming in the way of raising early vegetables.

The breakwater, which is situated on the north-western side of a large cove on the northern end of the island was built in 1873, at the joint expense of the Department of Public Works and the Provincial Government, each having expended \$2,000. It is 200 feet long, with a spur at its outer end, having a face length of 95 feet, and is built partly of piles and partly of cribwork, the first 165 feet being of cribwork, and the remainder, including the spur or ell, of piles. In 1887-88, repairs and renewals were effected. In 1899-1900, thorough repair and renewals to the cribwork portion of the structure were made.

During the present fiscal year, the department expended the sum of \$936.48 in completing repairs to the wharf begun last year. The new work consists of the renewal of the pile-work in the outer portion of the wharf and the reflooring of the whole outer end and ell.

#### THREE FATHOM HARBOUR.

Three Fathom is an irregular shaped inlet of the sea, about one mile in maximum length, from north to south, by one quarter to three quarters of a mile in width. It is situated about 15 miles east of Halifax harbour. The harbour is much used and frequented by fishermen from the contiguous settlements of Seaforth, east and west Chezzetcook, containing, in the aggregate, a population of some 500 or 600 people. To prevent the sea from breaking through the narrow shingle beach that separates the harbour from the Atlantic, the department in 1878 constructed cribwork along the crown of the beach. Its original length of 1,050 feet has been extended to 1,085 feet, its height is from 4 to 8 feet and its width 13 feet. It is built of round log cribwork, well fendered and ballasted.

During the fiscal year the sum of \$1,189.91 was expended in taking down and rebuilding a length of 120 feet, on the northern end of the work, which was in a state of dilapidation.

# TIDNISH.

The Tidnish river enters Bay Verte on the southern side of, and near its head. It is the largest stream entering the bay, and for a short distance from its mouth, it forms the boundary line between the counties of Westmoreland, in New Brunswick and Cumberland, in Nova Scotia, the western shore being in the former, and the eastern in the latter province.

During 1890-91, a wharf 220 feet in length, with an L 20 by 20 feet on the upper side of its end, was constructed on the south-eastern side of, and near the mouth of the

river, in Cumberland county, at a cost of \$2,164.45.

The amount voted for the past fiscal year was not expended.

# TRACADIE (EAST).

Tracadie, Antigonish county, is on the southern shore of St. George's bay, 12 miles east from Antigonish harbour, and 11 miles west from the entrance to the Strait of Canso. It is separated from the bay by a series of islands and connecting beaches of sand and gravel. Formerly the entrance was to the westward of Delerey island by a narrow and crooked channel with 2 feet at low water. In 1863 the Provincial Government opened a passage on the eastern side of the harbour, through a beach connecting the mainland with Delerey island, and constructed a breakwater on its eastern side.

In 1874-75 the department repaired and extended the breakwater and constructed a retaining wall to the southward of it. Repairs were made from time to time up to 1884-85, when the breakwater was repaired and strengthened by close-piling, and the

retaining wall, which had been destroyed, was reconstructed.

The breakwater, weakened by the ravages of the teredo, was badly damaged in 1889, and the following year the whole of it, with the exception of a portion of the south face, 67 feet in length, was destroyed. In 1892-93, fifty feet of the south face of

the breakwater was repaired and strengthened by close-piling.

The destruction, in 1890, of the greater portion of the breakwater, involved the shifting of the channel at the entrance, (originally carrying 6 feet at low water), 500 feet to the westward, and the wasting away of the beach, and consequent loss of land by erosion to the eastward. The channel has since worked back nearly to its former position, but has a depth of only 5 feet, at low water.

To prevent further loss of land and to improve and protect the entrance, it was decided to reconstruct the breakwater. The work proposed included repairing and strengthening of the remaining portion of the old work, and the construction of a side extension 100 feet in length, 16 feet wide over the inner 64 feet and 20 feet, over the

remaining 36 feet, over a bottom 2 feet above low water at the inner end and 2 feet below low water at the outer end, and the sum of \$2,800.62 was expended in procuring the materials required in the construction of the works proposed, and in placing and balasting the creosoted timber substructure of the 100-foot extension.

During 1899-1900, the sum of \$933.22 was expended in completing the work com-

menced in 1898-99.

During the last fiscal year the sum of \$996.32 was expended in re-ballasting the top of the retaining wall, constructed in 1884-85, in close-sheathing the end for a distance of 15 feet; and in the construction of a "timber spur" at its inner end, to deflect the tidal currents off the clay bank, into the channel. The "spur" is 40 feet long and 16 feet wide on top, is constructed of round timber cribwork, filled with ballast, covered with spruce spars, and close-sheathed on the exposed sides; it extends out to low water and has an average height of 9 feet.

The re-construction of the breakwater has already had the effect of restoring the beach to the eastward nearly to its original condition, and to deepen the channel at the

entrance.

Spring tides rise 4 feet.

#### WALLACE.

Wallace harbour, Cumberland county, is on the southern side of the strait of Northumberland, about midway between Pictou harbour and Bay Verte. It is at the mouth of the Wallace river and sheltered from all winds.

Wallace village is on the south side of the harbour, which, here, is about threequarters of a mile wide. It has a population of about 800, and the industries of the place consist principally in farming, and in quarrying, and exportation of freestone, of

which there are large and valuable beds in the immediate neighbourhood.

To facilitate communication with the north side of the harbour, which is a thickly settled district, during 1897-98 a ferry wharf was constructed by the department and a channel dredged to it from the main channel, and at the same time dredging was done on eath side of the end of either wharf for a distance of 100 feet, and to a width of 50 feet on the western and of 80 feet on the eastern side. The wharf is 320 feet long, 18 feet wide, excepting the outer end, for a distance of 90 feet, which is built of double width, and the half of it forms the inclined landing slip, where the ferry steamer can land and receive freight and passengers at all times of the tide. The channel and the berths on the sides of the outer end of the wharf, were dredged to a depth of 7 feet below low water springs.

The wharf is a composite structure, constructed of blocks and spans, for a distance

of 170 feet from the inner end, and of 150 feet of pile work, outside.

The inner end of the wharf was connected with the street, by a stone abutment, constructed with side and end walls of stone, and filled in with stone and clay, but as the stone used in the walls was small and badly placed, the walls partly collapsed and caused the top to settle unevenly.

During the last fiscal year, the sum of \$193.25 was expended in the re-construction of the stone abutment, 52 feet long and 16 feet wide on top, with side and end walls

battering 1 in 4.

# WALLACE (NORTH).

Wallace harbour, Cumberland county, is situated on the south side of the Straits of Northumberland, about midway between Pictou harbour and Bay Verte. It is at the mouth of Wallace river, and is well sheltered from all winds.

On the south side of the harbour, which is about three-quarters of a mile wide, is the village of Wallace, with a population of about 800 inhabitants. The industries of the place are chiefly farming and the quarrying and export of freestone, of which there are large and valuable beds in the immediate neighbourhood.

Opposite the village, on the north side of the harbour, a landing was constructed many years ago to accommodate the ferry service across the harbour, but as it was only

available at, or near, high water, the department in 1879, dredged a channel through the mud flats, from the main channel of the river to the landing, a distance of about 1,600 feet, with a width of 45 feet and a depth of 7 feet at low water spring tides, which rise here 7 feet. The channel having silted up to a considerable extent, owing to its being nearly at right angles to the tidal flow, the department cleared it out in 1887, at a cost of about \$2,000.

To prevent the inner end of the cut from silting up, and to afford shipping facilities to the inhabitants of North Wallace and Fox Harbour, the department in 1888-89 began the construction of a wharf starting from the end of the public road and running past the remains of the old ferry landing on to the eastern or seaward side of the cut, the length constructed being 165 feet, and the outlay \$998.38.

In 1889-90, the sum of \$2,578.41 was expending in extended the wharf a distance of 180 feet along the seaward side of the cut, 20 feet wide, with an L on the outer end

20 by 20 feet.

During 1898-99, the sum of \$747.54 was expended in constructing an incline ferry slip of pile-work on the western side of the wharf. The slip is 121 feet long, 15 feet wide, thoroughly well and substantially built of pile-work bents, placed 10 feet apart, and it has proved a great convenience to the steam ferry service since established across the harbour.

In 1900-01 the sum of \$207.47 was expended in procuring materials for the renewal of floor-stringers, covering and cap on 260 feet of the inner end of the wharf, and during the last fiscal year an amount of \$537.53 was spent in the removal of the top to be renewed, and in placing the new stringers, covering and cap procured during 1900-01.

### WALTON.

Walton harbour, Hants county, is the mouth of La Tête river, and is situated on the south shore of the Basin of Minas, Bay of Fundy, about 14 miles north-east of Cheverie, at the mouth of the Avon river. The village of Walton, which is situated at the head of the harbour on its north-east side, has a population of 500. The most important industry of the place is the shipment of gypsum, of which from 5,000 to 10,000 tons are

annually shipped to the United States.

For the protection of the harbour, a breakwater was built by the department in 1891. The work is 250 feet long, 28 feet high at the outer end and 22 feet wide on top. It is substantially built of round log cribwork of the usual type, well fendered and filled with ballast. The inner face has a batter of one in eight and the outer side one in two. The outer face, the end and the inner face, for a distance of 100 feet, are close sheathed. On the seaward side is a break of 4 feet high, built of 12-inch timbers, strongly braced by knees, spaced 10 feet apart.

At the outer end of the work is a depth of 24 feet of water at high tide.

In 1900-01 necessary repairs were made.

In the present fiscal year the sum of \$536.82 was expended in reflooring the break-water with 3-inch plank, stringers and guard timbers, with some few top cross-logs, break-timbers and knees.

Spring tides rise 48 feet, neaps 40 feet.

# WASHABUCK CENTRE.

Washabuck, Victoria county, is a district on the south side of the eastern end of St. Patrick's channel, an arm of the Bras d'Or lakes, and extends about 6 miles along the shore. Washabuck Centre is situated near the centre of the district.

To facilitate the shipment of produce and cattle from the district, the sum of \$2,500 was voted for expenditure during the last fiscal year towards the construction of a

wharf at Washabuck Centre.

The proposed wharf is to be 218 feet long, with an L at the outer end 20 by 20 feet, constructed with blocks and spans of round timber cribwork, with creosoted timber superstructure, and with outer faces of the two outer blocks protected by close-sheathing.

The wharf is to be connected with the highway by a road 102 feet in length and 20 feet in width on top. The depth of water at the outer end, at low lake level, will be 12 feet.

Up to the end of the fiscal year tenders had not been called for the construction of

this work.

Expenditure for the fiscal year was \$106.03.

#### WHITE HAVEN.

White Haven, Guysboro' county, one of the finest harbours in Nova Scotia, is on the

south or Atlantic coast, 14 miles to the westward of Cape Canso.

In 1854 the residents, with some aid from the provincial government, undertook the construction of a canal for boats through a low and narrow isthmus between Marshall Cove, 3 miles within the entrance, and Witch Cove at the eastern extremity of Tor Bay. On the completion of improvements made in 1876, it was 620 feet in length and from 10 to 12 feet in width; the bottom was about 1 foot above extreme low water, or 4 feet 6 inches below the level of extreme high water. Prior to 1884 the walls had become dilapidated, the southern entrance was blocked with sand, and the channel inside filled

with sediment and washing from the slope.

In 1894–95 repairs and improvements were made by the department, with the object of obtaining, ultimately, a uniform depth at extreme low water of 1 foot and a width, between retaining walls, of 12 feet. The repairs and improvements effected included the removal of 160 feet of old retaining wall on each side at the south end, and the construction of walls 10 feet wide on top, of which 20 feet at the outer end on each side are of cribwork, and the remaining 140 feet of brush and stone; temporary repairs to the retaining walls on both sides from 160 to 270 feet from the south end, and on the east side from 328 to 480 feet from the south end; the construction of new walls on either side from 480 to 500 feet from the south end as foundations for bridge abutment, built by the municipality; the reconstruction of 100 feet of wall on the west side (500 to 600 feet from the south end); the construction of 141 feet of temporary wall on either side (600 to 741 feet from the south end); and deepening from end to end to within 3 to 6 inches of extreme low water.

During the fiscal year 1901–02 the sum of \$999.67 was expended in continuing the repairs and improvements in progress in 1900–01, and is completing them, with the exception of 80 feet of brush and stonework and 20 feet of cribwork on each side at the north end. The work performed included completing the stone retaining wall on each side 277 to 488 feet from the south end; the construction of 185 feet of stone retaining wall on the west side (665 to 750 feet from the south end); and of 155 feet of stone retaining wall on the east side (595 to 750 feet from the south end); and in deepening between retaining walls to about 1 foot at low water.

#### WHITEWATER.

Whitewater is a small farming and lumbering settlement of 200 or 300 people, situate on the west coast of the Basin of Minas, about three-quarters of a mile south of Cape Blomidon and 10 miles north-east of the village of Canning. In 1897-8 the department built a public wharf by day labour. It is 285 feet long, 20 feet wide with an L at the outer end 35 feet long, where at h.w.o.s.t. there is a depth of 17 feet of water. The wharf is constructed of block and span work, the blocks being solid cribwork, 19 feet long in the length of the wharf, the spans being 14 feet in clear opening. The work is in good condition. Spring tides rise 40 feet, neaps 34 feet.

In the present fiscal year the sum of \$249.95 was expended in building a block of cribwork 40 feet long, 10 feet wide and 12 feet high, on the northern side of the shore end of the work to replace an ancient and dilapidated block that retained the bank

forming the approach.

#### WINDSOR.

Windsor, the county town of Hants, with a population of about 4,500, is an important town situated at the head of the estuary of the River Avon, on the Dominion Atlantic Railway, 46 miles north-west of Halifax. The shipping registered at the port for the year ending 1896, amounted to 131,000 tons. In the neighbourhood are extensive quarries of gypsum, of which about 120,000 tons are annually shipped to the United States. Some two or three million feet of lumber, B.M., are annually exported by water. Up to a dozen years ago the wharfs of the town were comparatively free of mud, and at high water large vessels could lie alongside and discharge or load.

In the last few years, owing partly, no doubt, to the construction of the new highway bridge, the mud has accumulated in front of the wharfs to such an extent that it is only at extreme high tide that moderate sized vessels can approach or leave the wharfs.

With the object of scouring away the accumulated mud, the department in 1897-8 began the construction of a training weir, extending down stream from the corner of the Falmouth abutment of the road bridge at an angle of 45 degrees with the bridge. The weir is constructed of brush mattrasses at the bottom, with sufficient stone to keep them in place, and with cribwork on top of them. The thickness of the brush mattrasses, with their load of stone, is from 2 to 4 feet, the average depth of the main or under crib is from 5 to 8 feet, and the uniform height of the 'A' shaped top crib is 7 feet; the sloping sides of the top of the work are sheathed with 3-inch hardwood plank, and the crest is covered with 6 x 6 x  $\frac{3}{8}$  inch steel angle securely bolted. The work is built on shifting quick-sands, and owing to the great rise and fall of the tide (about 40 feet), and the great velocity of the current at ebb and flood tide, it has been constructed under great and peculiar difficulties.

In the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1901, the work was completed to its originally

designed length of 600 feet.

In the present fiscal year the department expended the sum of \$2,725.93 in extending the work a further distance of 100 feet, and making repairs. The training weir is having a beneficial effect in causing the ebb tide to concentrate on the Windsor side and scour away the mud from the wharfs, but this operation is much slower than was expected. Spring tides rise about 40 feet, neaps 36 feet.

# WRECK COVE (DON. MCLEOD'S).

Wreck Cove, Victoria county, is situated on that part of the north-eastern coast of Cape Breton island, known as the 'north shore,' between the harbours of St. Anne's and South Ingonish, and is distant 18 miles from the former and 12 miles from the

latter place.

The cove is only a slight depression in the coast line, and fully exposed to all winds from north-east around to south-west. As the shores are composed of high bluffs, from 20 to 50 feet above the sea level, and the beaches at their base are low and narrow, during stormy weather the fishing boats have no natural protection. In order to save their boats at such times, the inhabitants, aided by the provincial government, cut a road along the face of the bluff, from the top of the bluff, where the fish-houses are situated, to the shore, and on the approach of storm, the fishermen haul up their boats on this road.

During the last fiscal year the sum of \$300.91 was expended in repairing and widening the road, and in constructing a rough round timber block at its lower end.

# PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

#### ANNANDALE.

Annandale pier, King's county, situated on the north side of Grand river, near its entrance into Boughton Bay, and one of the Prince Edward Island piers, control of which was assumed in 1884 by the Dominion Government, consists of a shore approach, or abutment 300 feet long, 22 feet wide and a pier head 35 feet wide having a frontage on the channel of 140 feet, where a depth of 7 feet at low water or of 12 feet at high water is carried. During the year the reconstruction of the pier head was completed, 30 feet of its eastern end having new bearing and fender piles put in, new caps, floor stringers, and covering; the eastern side of the timbering of the approach was also rebuilt, roadway made up with broken stone and gravel, and all other general repairs required effected to place the pier in good condition, the expenditure made for which was \$1,026.27.

#### BELFAST PIER.

Belfast pier, Queen's county, is situated on the south side of Orwell Bay, about one mile from the village of Eldon. The work has a total length of 600 feet with the addition of 'return' or L 105 feet long, this latter being 28 feet wide, and the remainder 24 feet. The work is built of close-faced timber, filled in solidly with brush, stone and clay filling on top, for the inner 400 feet, to form the roadway; the outer remaining part and L or 'return' being floor stringered and planked over. On the face of L or pier-head a depth of 4 feet at low water is carried, or of 13 feet at high water springs, that here rise 9 feet. In view of the dredging that is proposed being done at the pier; close piling on the east end and sides adjoining was effected during the past season, general repair of all of the roadway was made, the outer span filled in, a sidewalk and hand rail placed on the side of the approach and a building for use as a warehouse and waiting room for passengers constructed, 16 x 28 feet, the expenditure for all of which being \$1,120.69.

# BLOOMING POINT POND.

Blooming Point Pond, Queen's county, situated on the north coast of the island, about a mile from the east end of Tracadie harbour; the pond has in all a length of about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  miles, averaging about  $\frac{1}{4}$  mile in width. During the spring and summer months gaspereaux and other fish visit it in large numbers for the purpose of spawning, entering it from Tracadie harbour or bay by a narrow shallow channel, this at the mouth and in several parts of its course, as it passes through marsh and sand flats, at times, when heavy storms occur, gets completely blocked, preventing the fish from passing in or out.

During the past spring an expenditure of \$48.01 was made in clearing out the channel where necessary, and some brush and stone work was put in at some places to

prevent its closing again this season.

# CAMPBELL'S COVE.

Campbell's Cove, King's county, is on the north side of the island, about 9 miles west from East Point and 14 miles north-east from Souris, the eastern terminus of the Prince Edward Island railway. The place was in 1872 selected by the provincial government for the construction of a small breakwater; an isolated work of 300 feet in length being built on the reef that extends from the west side of the cove, much benefit being derived from the work both by the fishing and farming industries of the district.

The dominion government, that had assumed its control when the island entered Confederation, besides effecting repairs required in 1882-3, extended the work 250 feet seaward, and filled in 70 feet space between its inner end and the shore, making the work in all a length of 620 feet, all of which being 30 feet wide, and giving a small area of shelter, carrying about a depth of water of 8 feet at high water spring tides that here rise about four feet. The repairs and additions made by the department being of a most substantial nature, the work continued in good condition up to 1889 when some slight repairs to the planking became necessary, after that date, however, principally owing to the destructive action of the teredo the work was much injured on the occurrence of any severe storm, and although quite extensive repair was effected in 1895, damage was done, usually each fall and winter.

During 1899 a length of 80 feet of the original work was completely carried away, and an adjoining length of 50 feet so badly injured as to require reconstruction, all of which was effected during 1900-1, in addition to which two cribs, respectively 50 and 41 feet long by 30 feet in width, and about 4 feet high to form bottom for reconstruction of the outer end of the work, carried away in 1896, were placed in position, these cribs

since July 1, 1901, have been fully completed at a cost of \$1,499.60.

### CHINA POINT.

China Point pier, Queen's county, is situated on the west side of the Orwell river, near its entrance into Orwell bay; originally built by the local Government, its control was assumed in 1884 by the Dominion Government, when a payment of \$3,436.47 was made the local Government to recoup it for sums expended on repairs between that date and 1873 when the Island entered Confederation. The pier has in all a length of 426 feet consisting of shore abutment or approach, 140 feet long, six blocks with intervening spans, and a pier head fronting 72 feet on the channel, and having a width of 37 feet carrying 14 feet at low water or of 22 feet at high water spring tides that here rise 8 feet.

During the past summer the sum of \$306.56 has been expended in the further fender piling of the pier head, 15 each of creosoted and native timber piles being put in on the faces and ends of the work, the top face timbers of the inner part of the approach were also renewed, two spans replanked and general repair made of roadway.

#### CANOE COVE ..

Canoe Cove, Queen's county, situated on the south coast of the island, and distant, by water, about 18 miles from Charlottetown, and 10 miles east from Crapaud. The cove is a small indentation in the general coast line, giving fairly good shelter for boats from winds from south-east to west, being protected from north winds by a reef ex-

tending from the point on its west side.

To provide better protection at the place, it being exposed from the south to southwest, the construction of a breakwater being arranged for, work was commenced about the middle of April, 1901, and a length of 100 feet constructed, when the work was closed down for the winter. Construction was resumed about the first of June and by the end of that month, and close of fiscal year, the bottom portion of an additional length of 100 feet, 32 feet wide, averaging 4 feet high, was about ready for placing. The work as being built is isolated, its inner end being about 500 feet from the point on the eastern side of the cove, and its line or direction being about west, it stands in a depth of from 4 to 5 ft. at low water, ordinary tides or from 12 to 13 feet at h.w.s., tides, above which, its top is 5 feet, making its total height 17 to 18 feet, its form being up to one foot above low water; it has a width of 32 feet sloping 1 in 12 on the sides, this slope on the inner side being continued to the top of the work, but on the outer or seaward side, the slope or batter is 1 to 1, the face being sheathed with 4-in hardwood plank, the top finishing at a width of 19 feet.

During the fiscal year the sum of \$5,087.43 has been expended on materials and

construction.

#### GRAHAM'S POND.

Graham's Pond, King's county, is situated on the east coast of the island about 5 miles from the entrance of Cardigan bay, and about the same distance north of the entrance into Murray harbour. The pond has a length of ahout half a mile, and a width of from 600 to 800 feet, carrying in the body of the pond, and at a short distance from entrance into it from the 'Strait', a depth of from 6 to 8 feet of water at ordinary pond level, which usually has been from 1½ to 2 feet higher than low water spring tides, and 3 to 3½ feet below height of high water springs, that here rise about 5 feet. During 1900 a new channel was cut into the pond by the Marine ond Fisheries Department so if possible to admit of boats entering at all times of the tide, and this having partly filled in and the position changing back to what had been its original, an expenditure of \$99.80, was made during the past fall, in clearing out the cut made by Marine & Fisheries Dept., and building a small brush and stone protection work, 90 feet long on the south side, so as to retain it in new position.

### GEORGETOWN.

Georgetown pier, King's county, situated at Georgetown, the terminus of the Georgetown Branch of the P. E. Island railway, and shiretown of Kings county, on the western side of the Montague river, near its entrance into Cardigan Bay. The pier, before the damage it sustained during the storm and tidal wave, October 11, 1900, and the succeeding storms of that fall and winter, had in all a length of 640 feet, with width of from 30 to 36 feet, and carried on the end and along the sides, of its outer 300 feet, a depth of 12 feet at low water or of 17 feet at h.w. spring tides. The shore abutment or approach of the work 340 feet long is constructed of close faced timber work filled in with brush, stone, poles and clay filled on top, forming the roadway, while the outer part was formed of six 'blocks' with alternate 'spans'.

By the storm of the fall of 1900 the pier was left a complete wreck, the four outer blocks being carried away down to about low water, while the inner blocks and west side of the shore abutment were much damaged, the floor stringers and covering all being carried away. During the fiscal year repair and reconstruction of the inner 420 feet of the work was effected, expenditure for which was \$1,499.95 the work done consisting in the rebuilding of the two inner blocks, repair of shore abutment, filling in of what had formerly been the two inner spans, and constructing a landing block and slip

20 by 15 feet for boats.

# HAGGERTIES.

Haggerties wharf, Queen's county, is situated on the south-eastern side of the Hillsborough river about 10 miles from Charlottetown. The wharf now consists of a shore approach 372 feet long and 20 feet wide, and pier-head 91 feet long and 31 feet wide at outer end which extends out to a depth of 9 feet at low water or of 19 feet at high water springs that here rise 10 feet.

During the past year all of the work was put in good repair, the work done consisting in the levelling up and close piling of the outer block, filling in what formerly had been two spans with close laid poles, ballasting, levelling up, and fender piling the second block, putting in new top timbers on sides of the approach, and making up the roadway with broken stone and gravel, the expenditure for which was \$900.21.

### HURDS POINT.

Hurds Point pier, Prince county, is situated on the southern side of Bedeque

Harbour about 3 miles from Summerside, the shiretown of Prince county.

The pier is a most important shipping place, being about the only outlet for the surplus produce of a large and rich agricultural well-tilled district, it is also the calling place of the steamer plying on the harbour which makes several return trips daily between Summerside and the pier. The pier has a length of 510 feet and is 26 feet wide, excepting on the outer 50 feet or pier-head where the width is 65 feet.

During the past season the sum of \$269.11 was expended in close fender-piling the face of the pier-head, rebuilding part of the inner wall of the shore abutment, and general repairs of roadway.

### KIER'S SHORE.

Kier's Shore pier, Prince county, is situated on the east side of Richmond Bay about 7 miles from Kensington, a village and station on the line of the P. E. I. railway.

The pier has a length of 1,006 feet and a width of from 20 to 25 feet, except on the outer end where, for 50 feet, it is 40 feet wide. With the exception of a short span of 18 feet the work is close faced timber, filled in with brush, stone and gravel which forms the roadway, except on the outer 50 feet that is planked over.

During the fiscal year the sum of \$483.09 was expended on the making up of the roadway with broken stone, putting on guard timbers, and repairing generally of the pier,

placing all of in good condition.

#### MIMINIGASH.

Miminigash harbour, Prince county, is situated on the north-west coast of the island about 15 miles from North Cape and 18 miles from West Point.

Before its improvement by the department it was one of the numerous ponds along the coast that emptied into the Gulf of St. Lawrence, the channels to which, as they passed through sandy beaches, were constantly changing in position, and at times, on occasion of storms, completely blocked up, the entrance to this pond being sheltered by 'Miminigash Reef,' a ledge of rock nearly a mile long, which lies parallel with the shore at about half a mile distant, had much advantage over the other ponds on the coast and was the one generally used by fishermen in stormy weather.

After its examination and of the other sites on the coast proposed to be selected by the department for the formation of a harbour, work was commenced in 1878, and this now consists of piers or breakwaters on either side of the entrance; these are placed 56 feet apart confining the channel and keeping it in a permanent position. The breakwater or pier on the north side is 550 feet long, and that on the south side 350 feet inward; from both beach protection, works extend to guard against a new channel forming back of the breakwaters. These beach protection works are of cribwork filled in solidly with brush, poles and stone, the one on the south side is 270 feet long and on the north side 350 feet.

During the past year the sum of \$1,500 was expended on the general repair and strengthening of the works, and consisted in the close piling with hardwood on the outer northern block, part of which was also replanked; close piling of south side of outer end of southern breakwater, which was also partly reballasted, and in filling in, with stone and poles, settlement that had taken place in the cribwork protection.

### MORRISONS BEACH.

Morrisons Beach, Kings county, is on the south side of the entrance of Grand River into Boughton Bay, its north end being opposite Annandale pier, where the width of the river is about 1200 feet. The beach which extends in a northerly direction has a length of about 4,230 feet, with width of from 200 to 600 feet at ordinary high water or of from 600 to 2,000 feet at low water spring tides. At one time, it is said that stone, pole and brush protection works extended the entire length of the beach but that this was destroyed some 25 or more years ago by a storm, a part of the work was reconstructed some 15 years ago, but this was carried away shortly afterwards to such an extent as to render it useless for the purpose intended, viz, :—to form a roadway available for traffic at all times of the tide, over the beach to "Morrisons Point" where there has been a shipping place for produce; the high parts of the beach usually being covered with drift material, while the low parts at and near high water were so covered with water as to make the passage of teams impossible.

During the past season the sum of \$492.25 was expended in the construction of two brush hurdles each about 3,500 feet long, placed about 30 feet apart and near the centre of the beach for the purpose of arresting the drift sand and so make it up and prevent the high water spring tides passing over it.

#### NEW LONDON.

New London harbour, Queens county, is on the northern coast of the island about 10 miles from the entrance of Richmond bay. Within its entrance which has a width of about 1,200 feet, the harbour is about 3 miles long and nearly as wide, it receives the waters of the Southwest, the Stanley, the French and the Hope rivers all of which are navigable, for at least short distances, and having at them wharfs or shipping places from which is exported the surplus produce raised in the surrounding districts, which are both thickly settled, land well cultivated, and very productive; quantities of general

merchandise, coal, lumber, limestone, &c., are, as well, imported by water.

New London not having, like many other parts of the island, convenient railway facilities, and as the harbour is largely used as a fishing station and harbour of refuge, for which it is most convenient for the fishermen, being near some of the best fishing grounds on the Gulf of St. Lawrence. For the improvement of the entrance, which is obstructed by a shifting sand bar, works were began by the department in 1878, and these now consists of beach protection and breakwaters on outer side; that on the eastern side has a length of 1,120 feet, while the western one has 460 feet; their purpose being to extend and preserve the sand beaches, and by confining the current cause increased scour and improve the water over the bar, which result has been obtained to a satisfactory extent, the depth of water being improved, at such time as the works have been in good condition, fully 6 feet, and giving at low water 12 feet over the bar, rendering New London harbour one of the best on the north coast of the island.

Since construction the western work has received no damage requiring repair, the eastern one however, being exposed to a strong tide action of running ice, and at times to a very heavy sea, has suffered damage so as to require, about yearly, some expendi-

ture for its maintenance.

By the tidal wave of October 11, 1900, and the following storms of that fall and winter two sections of the outer part of the work, respectively 102 feet and 475 feet in length, were completely carried away, and some damage was done to the outer block. A contract for the repair and reconstruction of which was entered into on June 18, 1901, and the work satisfactorily completed on October 8 of that year, at a cost of \$5,760.51.

# NORTH CARDIGAN.

North Cardigan pier, Kings county, is situated on the north side of the Cardigan river about 5 miles from Cardigan bridge and station, on the line of the Prince Edward Island Railway, and is one of the Prince Edward Island piers control of which was

assumed by the Dominion Government in 1884-85.

The pier as constructed had a length of 381 feet, consisting of shore abutment or approach 100 feet long, and 7 blocks with intervening spans, and from 23 to 25 feet wide out to the outer block or pier-head, this having a width of 32 feet, the blocks being from 19 to 25 feet long and the spans from 14 to 26 feet, the approach and all the blocks were constructed of close face timber work, filled with brush, stone and gravel, the latter forming the roadway, excepting on the two outer blocks that were floor stringered and planked over. Being a very old work and much out of repair, when assumed by the Dominion Government, it since required more or less repair yearly to keep in passable condition for traffic.

During the past year the sum of \$1,941,30 was expended on the reconstruction of all of the top portion that had been carried away or damaged by the storm and tidal wave of October 11, 1900, all of the older spans were also filled in with close-laid poles, stone, &c., the outer 97 feet floor stringered and planked, the sides and end of the work fender piled at 5 feet centres, inner part of approach reconstructed, and ballast that had

fallen over the sides of the pier removed, placing the work in good condition.

#### NINE MILE CREEK.

Nine Mile Creek pier, Queens county, is situated on the south coast of the island, about 6 miles west from entrance to Charlottetown harbour, on the shallow inlet between St. Peters island and the mainland.

The pier was constructed many years ago by the Local Government to provide shipping facilities for the district, and is one of the Prince Edward Island piers assumed by the Dominion Government in 1884, when the sum of \$482 was paid the Prince Edward Island Government to recoup it for the repairs effected to the pier between 1873 and that date.

The pier has in all a length, measured on centre line, of 290 feet, with average width of 20 feet, and a return or L 35 feet long and 20 feet wide, this and the adjoining end of the pier being floor-stringered and planked over, the roadway of the

remainder being formed of broken stone, and gravel filling.

Originally the work consisted of shore approach and abutment about 200 feet long and two blocks with intervening spans, but the latter have been filled in solidly with poles, brush and stone. During the past season the sum of \$354.69 was expended in making up settlement and wash-out that had taken place in roadway, building 40 feet additional at the inner end where wash-out had occurred in the bank, fender piling end and return or pier head and replacing all broken and decayed planking.

#### PINETTE.

Pinette pier, Queens county, is situated on the south side of the Pinette river immediately below and at right angles to the public road bridge crossing the river, and

with which it is connected by a span 28 feet in length.

The pier is 120 feet long by 28 feet wide, and constructed of square timber close-faced work, full ballasted, floor-stringered, and planked over. It faces on the river channel where a depth of 8 feet of water is carried at low water or of 16 feet at high water spring, that here rise 8 feet. The pier being an old structure when assumed by the Dominion Government, in 1884, and much out of repairs, expenditure, have since, several times, been required to keep it in fit condition for trafic.

During the past season the sum of \$249.97 was spent on effecting general repair to the roadway, driving fender piles on faces and end and constructing a 'spur' on the inner side near the outer end 15 x 20 feet for protection from the ice which that year

was forcing the pier outwards into channel.

### PORT SELKIRK.

Port Selkirk pier, Queens county, is situate on the south side of Orwell river near its entrance into Orwell Bay, and is distant about 20 miles by water from Charlottetown; the pier is in the form of a T, consisting of a pier head 250 feet long and 35 feet wide fronting on the edge of the channel, where a depth of about 8 feet at low water or of 16 feet at high water spring tides is carried, that here rise 8 feet, connecting with the shore by an approach 250 feet long and 23 feet wide. All the pier-head and outer part of the approach are built of a series of 'blocks and spans,' the latter being floor-stringered and planked over.

During fiscal year, 1902, the sum of \$588.37 was expended in the replanking of the road-way of the pier, new floor stringers and span beams being put in where required, 15 crossoted piles and 27 spruce piles being driven along the outer face and ends of the pier-head which with the other general repairs effected places the work in good condi-

tion.

#### POWNAL.

Pownal pier, Queens county, is situated at the head of the north-eastern part of Hillsborough bay about 9 miles east from Charlottetown, it was built by the Local Government many years before Confederation and one of the piers control of which was

assumed in 1884 by the Dominion Government. The pier is in all 753 feet long, consisting of shore abutment 209 feet long, and 16 feet wide, and 14 blocks with intervening spans; the inner blocks are from 14 to 16 feet wide while the outer blocks forming the pier head, are 40 feet wide.

Originally there was little or no water at the pier at low water, but in 1881–82, in order to permit of large boats and small vessels reaching the pier at all times of the tide and of large vessels at high water, the Department had a channel 1,275 feet long by 50 feet wide dredged from the deeper water outside earrying a minimum depth of 6 feet at low water, also forming a basin 250 feet long and 90 feet in width on the eastern side

of the outer end of the pier.

During the fiscal year the sum of \$821.02 was expended in effecting such temporary repairs as to render the pier serviceable for the fall shipments (this at an expense of \$95.57) and procuring materials required for reconstruction of most of the top portion, which has become unsafe by decay and age, it being proposed doing the work and getting the further materials with the appropriation granted at the last session of Parliament.

#### SKINNER'S POND.

Skinner's Pond, Prince county, is on the north-west coast of the island midway between Miminigash and North Cape, being about eight miles distant from each, while from Harper's Station on the line of the Prince Edward Island Railway it is about three miles.

The pond, one of many of similar nature on the coast, has a length of about a mile with average width of about 500 feet, and carries in it at ordinary pond level, which is about 4 feet higher than low water spring tides, a depth of from 5 to 10 feet of water.

During the past spring the sum of \$30 was expended in opening up the channel from the pond, that had become blocked by a storm, causing the flooding of some of the low lands adjoining.

### SOUTH RUSTICO.

South Rustico pier, Queen's county, is situated near the mouth of the Wheatley river, which enters Rustico harbour at its southern end, and is distant from Hunter River station on the line of the Prince Edward Island railway, about six miles.

The pier which was constructed by the local government many years before Confederation, has a length in all of 593 feet, and originally consisted of a shore abutment 45 feet long by  $17\frac{1}{2}$  feet wide, and three blocks with intervening spans, the inner block being 17 feet wide by  $23\frac{1}{2}$  feet long, and the outer blocks respectively 29 and 30 feet

wide and 20 and 24 feet in length, the spans being each 25 feet long.

Excepting at the two outer blocks, the work is dry at low water, while at the outer end and sides of the outer one, 5 feet of water is carried at low water or of 10 feet at high water spring tides, that here rise 5 feet. All of the work being greatly damaged by the tidal wave and storm of October 11, 1900, and the succeeding storms of that fall and winter, reconstruction of the top portion, of about the entire pier, became necessary; this was effected during the past season at a cost of \$1,499.97, the outer block being rebuilt from height of low water, spans solidly filled in with close laid poles, brush and stone, adjoining two blocks and shore abutment rebuilt for from 3 to 5 feet in height, roadway made up with broken stone and gravel, the outer block close piled, and remainder of work fender-piled at 10 feet centres, the outer block being floor-stringered and planked over, mooring posts put in, &c.; placing the pier in good condition.

# SUMMERSIDE.

Summerside Harbour, Prince County, is on the southern coast of the Island, and its second place in importance for shipping; the town of Summerside being also next in size to Charlottetown in population, having about 3,000 inhabitants, and being one of

the principal stations on the line of the Prince Edward Island railway, by which it is sistant from Charlottetown 49 miles, and from Tignish the western terminus 68 miles.

During the season of navigation daily communication is had with the mainland by the steamers of the Prince Edward Island Steam Navigation Company at Point du Chêne, where connection is made by the Intercolonial Railway with all parts of Canada and the United States. The entrance into the harbour between Indian Head and Phelan Point is about one and a half mile wide, a sandspit, however, partly dry at low water. extends about 3,200 feet from Indian Head, the water also being shoal for a distance from the opposite shore, so that the deep water channel carrying 18 feet or better at low water spring tide is only about 500 feet wide opposite the lighthouse, that is situated on the north side of the sandspit outward of Indian Head, inward of this up the harbour to the railway and other wharfs at the town the channel is from 400 to 1,200 feet wide.

For improvement of the channel, as to direction and depth, dredging at different times has been done by the department, while for protection from southwesterly winds a contract was entered into May 25, 1900, for the construction of a breakwater to extend 3,145 feet from Indian Head to the outer side of the sandspit on which the lighthouse is situated; work, however, was not commenced until the summer of 1901 when, by the fall of that year, a length of about 250 feet, equal to finished, had been built, this being at the inner end near to Indian Point; the value of the work performed proportional with contract price, with cost of inspection, &c., being about \$3,398, and \$1,283.56 for dredging during the past fiscal year.

#### STURGEON.

Sturgeon pier, King's county, is situated on the southern side of Cardigan bay, about six miles south of Georgetown, the shire town of King's county, and terminus of the Georgetown branch of the Prince Edward Island railway.

The pier, constructed many years before Confederation by the local government, is one of the Prince Edward Island piers assumed in 1884 by the Dominion government, when a payment was made the local government of \$847.92, to cover the expense of repairs on the pier between 1873 and date when taken over by the department.

The pier consists of shore abutment or approach 250 feet long, and originally of four blocks with intervening spans, the faces of the approach and blocks being constructed of square timber close-faced, and filled in with brush, stone and gravel, the

latter forming the roadway.

Some years ago the two inner openings were filled in with close laid poles, &c., above the poles, on the sides, for a height of two feet, squared timbers being placed to retain the gravel and stone forming the roadway. During 1892 a cut was dredged from the channel to the pier 720 feet in length and 100 feet in width, and berths 100 feet in length by 50 feet in width along the sides, carrying twelve feet at low water or seventeen feet at high water spring tides that here rise five feet; after the dredging was done quite a settlement occurred in the outer blocks, and as danger existed of their sliding into the new cut, close piling of their sides and the outer end of the outer block was done in 1893-94, all the work, at the same time, being put in good condition and repair.

During the past season the two outer spans were filled in with close-laid poles, stone, &c., and the roadway, out to the outer block, made up with broken stone and gravel, repair as well being made to the planking on the outer block, the cost of all of

which was \$523.06.

# SOURIS.

Souris harbour, Kings county, is situated on the southern side of the island, about sixteen miles westward from East Point, and is most important as a harbour of refuge and place of shipment, both of which are rendered available by the breakwater built and maintained by the Dominion government.

This work commenced in 1877 has a length of 1,250 feet. The work is of different forms and construction, and for description may be divided into three sections or portions, viz.:—

Inner—290 feet long and 30 feet wide, formed of close-faced timber, plumb-faced on sides, with, on the seaward side, stone slope of three to one, the work standing in an

average depth of seven feet at low water.

Middle—530 feet long, averaging 65 feet wide, also of square timber close-faced, but on the seaward side having the upper ten feet sloping one to one; this section stands in an average depth of seventeen feet at low water, and has during the past two summers and falls been having a stone slope formed on its outward or seaward side. Of this 4,680½ cubic yards were delivered and placed during the past fiscal year.

The third or outer section of the breakwater is 390 feet long of close-faced timber, averaging 24 feet wide and having on the seaward side a stone protection slope extending

to within three feet of its top and sloping one to three.

There is besides the foregoing an outer block 40 x 80 feet, constructed of creosoted timber, standing in a depth of twenty-two feet of water at low water spring tides.

Expenditure during the fiscal year was \$5,180.

### TIGNISH.

Tignish harbour. Prince county, is on the north or gulf coast of the island, about six miles southward from Cape North, the harbour is at the mouth of the Tignish river, which here enters the Gulf of St. Lawrence, the coast line on either side of the river's mouth being quite straight for a long distance, gales from the north-east to south-east throw in a very heavy sea, and this acting on the sand beaches, often at times, years ago, caused the entrance to get completely blocked up; thus it would remain until broken through by a freshet or an unusually high tide.

To keep the entrance open and preserve the channel in one position, the government of Prince Edward Island began, in 1868, the construction of works on either side of the river's mouth, contracting this to a width of forty feet, the effect of which has been, by increasing the current, to both give better depth of water and keep the entrance

open to navigation.

Since Confederation, the works being assumed by the Dominion government, the original works have been raised, repaired and much extended; beach protection works have also been built on either side, reaching to the highland to protect against the possibility of a new channel being broken through by the sea; a portion of the channel as well was deepened by dredging, all of which have proved of great benefit, increasing the business of the port, and giving good accommodation and shelter for fishing boats and small vessels.

On August 21 last the work contracted for on November 3, 1900, viz.: Extension of 60 feet in length by 40 feet in width at the outer end of the northern breakwater was satisfactorily completed at a cost for the past fiscal year of \$1,937.42.

#### VERNON RIVER.

Vernon River pier, Queen's county, is situated at the head of navigation on the

Vernon river, about two miles above its entrance into Orwell bay.

The pier is built on the lower side of the public road bridge, here crossing the river, and with which it is connected by an approach 30 feet in width and length. The pier is one of the Prince Edward Island piers, control of which was assumed by the Dominion Government in 1884, at which time the sum of \$908.66 was paid to the Island government to recoup expenditures made upon it for repairs after Confederation up to 1884. The pier is a close-faced block, 120 feet long by 30 feet wide, placed parallel with the channel, and has along its outer face a depth of nine feet at low water, or of 17 feet at high water spring tides, and is reached by a channel or appaoach, about a mile long, dredged to it by the department in 1877-82, which, when made, carried same depth of water. As the pier was a very old structure and much out of repair when

taken over by the Dominion government, and being exposed to the attack of the teredo, some expenditure has been found necessary, about yearly, to keep it in a passable state of traffic.

During the past year the sum of \$149.95 was expended in building up the outer 40 feet, putting in new span beams on the approach to the pier from the bridge, replacing fender piles along the outer end and effecting general repair of planking, &c.

# WOOD ISLANDS.

Wood islands, Queen's county (so-called), are situated about 30 miles south-east from Charlottetown, and 15 miles to the westward of Cape Bear, and it is the most

southerly point of the island.

Originally two small islands, they are now connected, and to the shore by sand beaches, a sandpit as well extending out from the shore to within 300 feet of what had been the eastern island, and forming within it and the western island and the connecting beaches, a large shallow pond having an area of about 300 acres, the outlet from which is at the east end of the eastern island.

Here the formation of a shipping place was commenced in 1859, by the provincial government, but as at no time the works were in good condition, little if any good resulted from them until after 1894, when reconstruction of the northern breakwater was effected by the department; this having a length of 2,500 feet and 20 feet wide; the southern breakwater, 550 long, was also repaired. As the southern work was found too short, a contract was entered into for its extension a further 400 feet, on November 3, 1900, and this was finished in a satisfactory manner on December 20, 1901, at contract sum of \$6,980; the sum of \$1,020.82 was also expended by day labour in close-fendering the channel face of the outer 475 feet of the northern breakwater, ballasting the outer 100 feet, repair of planking, and building a beach protection 50 feet long at the inner end of the work.

The expenditure for the past fiscal year was \$4,145.

#### WEST POINT.

West Point wharf, Prince county, is situated on the north side of Egmont bay and eastern shore of Northumberland Strait, about 14 miles from O'Leary station, on the line of the Prince Edward Island railway, and is about 35 miles by water from Summerside harbour.

The wharf is one of the Prince Edward Island piers, the control of which were assumed by the Dominion government in 1884. It had been built many years before Confederation by the provincial government to give shipping facilities to the district, there being no wharf or shipping place where vessels of any size could call at between Sum-

merside and North Cape, a distance of about 60 miles.

West Point, being midway between these points, was considered a favourable site for a wharf, and the work is said to have proved of much benefit up to 1884, when it was badly injured on the breaking up of the ice, and remained in bad condition until 1898, when it was thoroughly repaired by the department, the wharf having a length of 620 feet, width of 30 feet and extending out to a depth of seven feet at low water or of 11 feet at high water spring tides, that here rise four feet. For the purpose of obtaining a better depth of water, a contract was entered into June 5, 1900, for an extension of 100 feet, this also to have a width of 30 feet, and extend to a depth of nine feet at low water. This extension was completed August 21, 1901, making the wharf a length of 720 feet. Contract sum, \$5,500.

The expenditure during the past fiscal year was \$3,542.50.

# PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

# ANDERSON'S HOLLOW.

Anderson's Hollow, Albert county, is a cove of Salisbury bay, on the north-west side of Chignecto channel, in the Bay of Fundy. Spring tides rise  $40\frac{1}{2}$  feet, neaps  $32\frac{1}{2}$  feet.

The breakwater wharf at this place was begun in 1879 by the construction of a detached block 550 feet from the shore, with which it was afterwards connected. In August, 1885, the work was 290 feet in length, and three years later was carried to the shore. The structure, 25 feet wide on top, was originally 27 feet high at the outer end, but the bottom having been raised by the accumulation of littoral drift, the height is now three or four feet less. It is built of round cribwork, lightly battered on the inside, but sloped at the rate of ½ to 1 and sheathed on the weather face.

The breakwater was damaged by storm in 1895.

In 1895-96 a small sum was applied to bolting loosened timbers for temporary

security.

During the fiscal year 1896–97 the inside face of the wharf at the outer end was taken down and rebuilt for a distance of 75 feet on top and 44 feet at the bottom. The list was taken out, the new face being carried to a height of 15 feet in order to level the top and new covering was laid for a length of 75 feet. Seventy feet out of 110 feet of dismantled break were reconstructed and fenders were placed on the inside of the new face.

In 1898–99 petty repairs were made.

In 1900–01 the break-timbers, which had been started up from 3 to 9 inches by storms. for a distance of 290 feet, were restored to position and a channel 300 feet long, 35 feet wide and 5 feet deep, was made by means of a wheel scraper. It was found, however, that the shoal formed again rapidly with the recurrence of any south-west swell. A groyne, 50 feet in length, made of piling and 9-inch. timber, was built on the outside of the work, in order to check for a time the accumulation of littoral drift on the inside.

During the fiscal year 1901–02 new sheathing, 6 inches thick and from 22 to 26 feet long, was laid and secured with  $\frac{7}{3}$ -inch bolts at different places along the weather face of the outermost 190 feet. Additional bolts were also driven to secure the old and loosened sheathing, while 71 pieces of new covering, 6 inches thick, were placed on the top of the work at a cost of \$224.96.

Like many other works in the Bay of Fundy, Anderson's Hollow crosses the direction of the flood stream and of the prevailing winds. In consequence, an accumulation of littoral drift is found on the south-west side, which travels around the end and is deposited under the lee of the breakwater, forming a shoal, which is an obstacle to vessels.

#### BACK BAY.

Back Bay, Charlotte county, a fishing station about four miles west of L'Etang and two miles east of Latête, is situated on an arm of Latête narbour, in the county of Charlotte.

At this place the provincial government built a wharf of crib and trestle work, 239 feet in extreme length, extending nearly to low water mark. An extension to this wharf of 86 feet, comprising a pier-head 50 x 30 of round crib work fully ballasted, sheathed on two sides for protection from ice, a block 20 feet square on top, and two

spans of 18 feet, the whole carrying the end into 8 feet at low water, was added by the department during the fiscal year 1900–01. This work was built by contract and completed.

Back Bay is a regular calling place for one of the steamers of Passamaquoddy Bay, running from St. Stephen to Eastport, Campobello, Deer Island, Letite and other inter-

mediate points. Spring tides rise 24 feet.

Towards the end of the year, 1901–02, a landing to suit different heights of the tide was begun, a gallows for hoisting freight was built, and a ladder placed against the face of the work.

The expenditure during the year and the total expenditure for contract work and inspection amounted to \$7,459.46.

#### BATHURST.

Bathurst, Gloucester county, the shire town of the county and having a population of about 1,500, is situated at the head of Nepisiguit bay, the south-western arm of the Baie des Chaleurs. It is a station on the Intercolonial railway, 120 miles north of Moncton, the western terminus of the Caraquette railway, and one of the north shore deal ports.

At the session of Parliament, 1901, an appropriation was made for the construction of a new wharf at Bathurst.

A survey having been made, it was found that the factilities required would be more easily attained and at least cost by acquiring the provincial government wharf, built in the channel off the eastern side of the public bridge between Bathurst town and Bathurst village, and reconstructing it. The provincial government subsequently waived all claim to the wharf, and plans were prepared for reconstruction.

The old wharf, consisting of three blocks and two spans, was 174 feet long, from 27 to 37 feet wide on top and had a depth along channel side and outer end of 7 to 10 feet at low water. Spring tides rise 7 feet. The upper portion of the work was much out

of repair and the timber decayed.

The proposed improvements consisted of the removal of old top, reconstructing,

widening and straightening the wharf.

At the close of the year the work performed consisted of: removing top from inner block, 23 x 27 feet, for a depth of 7 feet, centre block, 68 x 30 feet, an average depth of 4 feet, and outer block, 38 x 33 feet, a depth of 3 feet; placing three tiers of new longitudinals, two of cross ties and a ballast floor on inner block; three tiers of longitudinals, two of cross ties and a ballast floor on outer block; and driving thirty-two piles.

The expenditure for the fiscal year 1901–02 amounted to \$1,996.02.

### BAY DU VIN.

Bay du Vin, Northumberland county, is situated on the southern side of the inner

Miramichi bay, 20 miles below Chatham and almost opposite Burnt Church.

A wharf at Bay du Vin was constructed by the provincial government between 1891 and 1894 and consisted of an approach 80 feet long and 19 feet wide on top, thirteen blocks generally  $20\frac{1}{2} \times 19\frac{1}{2}$  feet, 14 spans or openings of 23 to 25 feet, and an outer block 80 x 30 feet, the whole having a total length of 760 ft. The depth at the outer end at low water was 9 feet. Spring tides rise 5 feet.

Petty repairs were made in 1900-01.

During the year 1901 a contract was entered into for the reconstruction of a portion carried away, this to consist of four blocks, 25 x 25 feet, an outer block, 83 x 30 feet, and five intervening spans of 20 feet, a total length of 283 feet. The blocks and pier head required to be constructed of open-faced cribwork of round timber, the latter having double-face timbers from the bottom to the top, and the former from the bottom to 1 foot above low water. The pier head required to be sheathed all around with 7-inch hardwood; the blocks connected with 12 x 12 ft. stringers, and the whole of the top covered with 4-inch spruce plank.

At the end of the year 1901–02, the first two blocks were built from 10 to 11 feet high and were ready to receive stringers. The third block was built 13 feet high, or to within three tiers of timber of required height, and the pier head was constructed 16 feet high, or to within two tiers of timber of required height. The crib of the fourth block was under construction but not placed.

The expenditure for 1901-02 was \$4,564.26.

#### BLACK BROOK.

Black Brook or Loggieville, Northumberland county, is situated on the southern side of the Miramichi river 6 miles below Chatham. It is the terminus of the Canada Eastern railway and a port of call for the steamer of the Miramichi Steam Navigation Company.

In February, 1901, a contract was entered into for the construction of a wharf. Operations were commenced towards the latter part of fiscal year 1901, and the work

was completed in October of the same year.

The wharf consists of a stone embankment 172 feet in mean length and 20 feet wide on top with slope of 1 to 1 on the sides, a span of 15 feet and a pier head 25 x 40 feet.

The approach is made up of large stone on the sides, filled in between with small stone, gravelled over on top and finished with guard timbers on each side. The pier head is constructed close face of square timber filled with stone and covered with 4-inch plank. In consequence of the soft bottom on which the work was built, brush mattresses were placed under the whole of the work in order to avoid settlement in the future.

The expenditure for 1901–02, amounted to \$4,714.00.

#### BURNT CHURCH.

Burnt Church, Northumberland county, is a fishing and farming settlement situated on the eastern side of the inner Miramichi bay about 22 miles north-east of Chatham, and 3 to 6 miles south of Neguae. It is a port of call for the steamer of the Miramichi Steam Navigation Co., plying between Newcastle, Chatham, Neguae and Escuminac, and a place much frequented as a summer resort.

During the year 1899–1900, a contract was entered into for the construction of a wharf 1,180 ft. long, composed of a shore block or approach 200 ft. long, 23 blocks 21 ft. long by 20 ft. wide placed 20 ft. apart, and a pier head 60 ft. long and 40 ft. wide, the latter standing in 9 ft. at low water. Spring tides rise 5 ft. The work throughout was constructed open of cribwork of round timber with 12 x 12-inch stringers over the blocks and spans and 4-inch covering over the whole of the top.

The work was completed on September 15, 1901. The expenditure for 1901–02, was \$5,051.00.

# CAMPBELLTON.

Campbellton, Restigouche, a thriving town with a population of 3,000 is situated on the southern bank of the Restigouche river, 14 miles above Dalhousie and 6 miles below head of tide. It is an important deal port (from which 21 million sup. ft., were shipped during the calender year 1901) and a station on the Intercolonial railway.

For the reception of ballast of vessels engaged in the deal trade, the department, in 1889, constructed a block 140 x 34½ ft. of close face cribwork, 108 ft. below the then so-called Ferguson wharf, (now Shives'), and subsequently, in 1892, another block of same width and construction was built, to close the space between the Departmental and Ferguson works, the two blocks giving a frontage on the river of 250 ft.

After the construction of the Departmental wharf, the Ferguson work was sold to

J. P. Mowatt, and by him to Kilgour Shives.

To have access to the Departmental wharf, the Shives' wharf has to be first traversed.

During the session of parliament 1901, an appropriation was made for the acquisition of and repairs to the Shives' wharf, and during the year, materials for the work necessary were procured. The amount expended for and in connection with same amounted to \$2,251.82.

#### CAPE TORMENTINE

Cape Tormentine, Westmoreland county, at the extreme eastern end of Westmore land county, is the most prominent headland on Northumberland Strait and the southwestern terminus of the winter ferry between Cape Traverse on Prince Edward Island and the mainland. Spring tides rise  $7\frac{3}{4}$  ft., neaps,  $3\frac{1}{4}$  ft.

Between 1886 and 1892, a breakwater pier was constructed with a view of forming an artificial harbour for purposes of interprovincial communication, at the extremity of a peninsula which is the nearest point on the continent to Prince Edward Island.

The harbour works comprise a straight pier 2,500 ft. in length with head and return, each 400 ft. long, inclosing a basin about 4 acres in area with a ruling depth of 11 to 13 ft. at low water or  $18\frac{3}{4}$  to  $20\frac{3}{4}$  at high water spring tides. For a distance of 1,300 ft. from the shore, the pier is a rubble mound 20 ft. wide on top with pitched slopes of 2 to 1, while the remainder of the straight portion (400 lin. yards) is built of close faced cribwork. 30 ft. in width. The head and return are of similar cribwork, but are 40 ft. in breadth from the base to low water, decreasing to 30 ft. at the finished top, (4 ft. above high water spring tides) and presenting a sloping face sheathed with hardwood to the east and south. The waters of this part of Northumberland Strait are infested with the teredo.

During the year 1898-99, the talus on the northern side, begun at the time of the construction of the work in 1890, was extended 500 ft. or to the end of the straight pier, and sundry repairs were made.

In 1899-1900, the talus was re-enforced and extended around the pier head, a distance of nearly 200 ft. The sheathing was renewed or re-laid. Close piles were driven on the inside of the work, and the sides of the ramp were planked.

In 1900-01 some repairs were made.

During the year 1901-02, a temporary quay face, 180 ft. long was constructed along the outer or southern face of the return of pier to afford landing facilities for the steamer 'Stanley' plying between Prince Edward Island and Cape Tormentine during the winter. (This work consisted of piles driven every 4 ft. outside of the sloping face and of hardwood cribwork tied into the old work.) Three face timbers and sheathing were placed in and on a section of 42 ft. of sloping face of return and another section of the head was treated in like manner. 5,109 cubic yards of large and small stone was deposited along the northern and eastern faces of approach and head; 361 creosoted piles were driven, generally  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. apart along the harbour sides of the pier, and a building 100 ft. long and 20 ft. wide, divided in sections for waiting rooms and for the reception of freight, was constructed on the return portion of the pier, also 35,000 ft. B.M. of timber was delivered for the levelling up of 250 ft. of the work inward of the head.

The expenditure for 1901-02 was \$22,600.32.

# CARAQUETTE.

Caraquette, Gloncester county, a thriving fishing settlement and a station on the Caraquette railway, is situated on the southern side of Bay des Chaleur, 42 miles east of Bathurst, the shire town of the country.

For the purpose of establishing a deep water terminus, for the shipment of lumber from Gloucester county, a contract was entered into in March, 1902, for the construction of a block and span wharf 1,700 feet long. At the end of June, 1902, some material had been delivered at the site and preparations were being made to start work. Expenditure during the fiscal year was \$419.39.

#### CHATHAM.

Chatham, Northumberland county, a town with a population of about 6,000, is situated on the southern side of the Miramichi river, 6 miles below Newcastle, the shire town of the county. It is one of the principal deal ports of New Brunswick and a

station on the Canadian Eastern railway.

The customs house wharf, so-called, at Chatham has a frontage on the Miramichi river of 112 feet and originally extended back, southerly, from 89 feet on the eastern to 171 feet on the western side. It consisted of cribwork walls, filled in between with ballast. With age, the timber work became much dilapidated and broken down. In May, 1900, repairs were undertaken by the department and at the close of the year the greater portion of the longer and upper side had been rebuilt from low water up, of close-faced cribwork 10 feet in width, and a considerable portion of the space between the upper and lower sides of the wharf graded.

In 1900-01 re-construction of the upper side was completed as well as the river

face, the latter being similar in construction to the former.

During the year 1901-2, the land adjoining on the western side of the departmental property having been acquired, this side of the wharf was rebuilt for the length of 144

feet from low water up in the same manner as the upper side and outer face.

The wharf as it now stands consists of three walls, upper or western 171 feet long, outer or river face 111 feet long, and lower or eastern 144 feet long, all of close faced crib-work 10 by 10½ feet wide, filled with ballast, planked over on top and fendered on the outer faces, the area between the walls being all levelled off and a 12 foot driveway finished next to the crib work walls with gravel.

The expenditure for 1901-02 was \$1,112.07.

#### CHOCKFISH.

Chockfish river, Kent county, empties into the Northumberland Strait about mid-

way between the entrance to Richibucto and Buctouche harbours.

With a view of diverting the course of the outlet of the river, which is obstructed by a bar at the mouth, to give a more direct entrance, and to afford shelter for fishing boats, the construction of a breakwater was commenced in the fall of 1901. It consisted of brush matrasses 30 feet wide on bottom, through which two rows of piles 7 feet apart were driven every 5 feet, and on top of which large and small stones were placed, generally up to level of high water. With the amount available, a length of 130 feet of work was constructed.

The expenditure for 1901-02 amounted to \$931.39.

### CLIFTON.

Clifton, Stonehaven, Gloucester county, a station on the Caraquette railway is situated on the southern side of the Bay des Chaleur, 18 miles east of Bathurst, and 8 miles west of Grande Anse.

A breakwater originally 425 feet long and built by private persons was acquired by the department in 1878. During the same year, it was extended 325 feet making a total length of 750 feet with the outer 220 feet placed at an angle of 72 degrees with the shore portion. The work is constructed of round and square timber filled with stone and partly protected along the northern and eastern faces by a stone talus.

General repairs were made to the work in 1886-7, 1897-8, between 1891-3 and again in 1897-8. During 1891-3 and 1897-8, in addition to repairs, large stone, ½ to 1 cubic yard, was placed along a portion of the northern and eastern faces to south and

west of the angle.

In 1898-9, ordinary repairs were made to fenders, covering and break. In 1899-1900, two bad openings in the eastern face, 16 and 19 feet in width, were closed and other repairs made. During the same year, materials were procured and partly framed for building a block 70 x 40 feet at the western end for the purpose of stopping the talus.

During 1900-1, framing of the timbers for the proposed block was continued; the

top of the old work for length of 103 feet and width of 16 feet was repaired.

During 1901-2, 719 cubic yards of stone were placed along the outer 180 feet of the eastern face and along the northern face to within 100 feet of the western end. Inward of the 180 feet of eastern face, 60 feet of the stone talus was hand-laid forming a permanent work.

On the outer portion or L (200 feet) the whole of the old covering was removed, 4 new rows of longitudinals and 42 new cross ties were placed, after which new covering was laid for a length of 112 feet and old covering that was sound, re-laid for remaining distance. 40 feet of new caps were renewed and 160 feet re-laid along the inner face, and 22 new fenders placed. A tramway was built along the outer face inward of break, and two timbers 14 feet long were inserted in, and 8 new fenders 16 feet long placed on the outer face.

In the western face of approach, new timbers 16 feet long were inserted in and six  $10 \times 10$  fenders placed over the same portion. A ladder was also placed on western face near the angle of the work.

The substructure of block of close-faced timber-work 70 x 40 feet was constructed 11 tiers or 9 feet 2 inches high, and successfully placed at the western end of the break-

water.

The expenditure for 1901-2 was \$2,991.28.

### COLE'S POINT.

Cole's Point, Westmoreland county, in parish of Dorchester, is situated at the head of Shepody Bay on the eastern side and at the mouth of the Memramcook river, and is distant about 3 miles south-west of Dorchester, the shire town of the county.

To facilitate the shipment of lumber, to act as a protection for vessels, and as a landing for the ferry service between Hopewell Cape and Cole's Point, a contract was entered into in 1901 for the construction of a wharf. The work is to be 638 feet in length and to consist of:

(a.) Round or open cribwork 180 feet long and 20 feet wide on top. (b.) Round or open cribwork 260 feet long and 25 feet wide on top.

(c.) Round or open cribwork 168 feet long and 30 feet wide on top with double face timber and sheathed sides, and

(d.) A pier head 33 feet high, 60 feet long and 30 feet wide on top, having double

faces and sheathed all around.

Construction was commenced in April and at the end of the fiscal year the work had been built up to a height of 18 feet or 21 tiers at outer end, and carried inward a distance of 176 feet, the outer 80 feet being built up an average height of 17 tiers and the remaining portion, 96 feet, an average of 7 tiers.

The expenditure to the 30th June 1902 amounted to \$4,405.99.

# DALHOUSIE.

Dalhousie, Restigouche county, with a population of about 800, is situated on the southern bank of the Restigouche river, 14 miles below Campbellton. It possesses a harbour well sheltered with from 6 to 7 fathoms at low water, and is considered one of the best in New Brunswick.

At the terminus of the branch of the Intercolonial railway and immediately above the railway wharf, the department in 1887-8, constructed a ballast wharf 300 feet long and 23 feet wide on top with a depth of 15 feet along outer face, at low water. The latter has, however, since been reduced 5 feet by shoaling, Spring tides rise 10 feet.

The deal shipments from Dalhousie during 1901 amounted to 18,966,980 superficial

feet.

Repairs made necessary by the expansion of ice, which sheared off the top, were made in 1891-2-3, in 1895-6 and again in 1897-8-9, when, at the latter date, from 118 to 170 feet of the top was forced off nearly to low water.

Repairs and reconstruction commenced in 1897-8 were completed during the year 1901-2. One new set of longitudinals, one of cross ties, floor stringers and 6-inch covering were placed over the lower 135 feet of the work; 38 fenders were placed and 52 piles driven along the outer face and upper end of wharf; four fenders were retopped from low water to top of work and 3 new mooring posts braced and secured in the work.

The expenditure for the year amounted to \$999.50.

#### FORT DUFFERIN.

Fort Dufferin, St. John county (St. John harbour), a 10-gun battery built by the Imperial government to command the western entrance to St. John harbour, stands on a high ground immediately above the end of Negropoint breakwater. In order to preserve from erosion, by the waves, the headland crowned by the battery, this department began in 1882, at tide level, a retaining wall of sheathed cribwork 430 feet in length, and in the following year constructed a further length of 303 feet. The work is exposed on the one hand to the force of the waves, and on the other, to land slips.

In 1886-7, it was much disturbed by the sea and repairs were made in that and the following years, 205 feet of the original work being rebuilt. From 1887 to 1889 re-

pairs were also made, and in 1890 the work was extended 100 feet.

General repairs were made in 1893-4. The work is from 7 to 14 feet wide on top, and about 9 feet in mean height. The crest for the whole length is surmounted by a

break 2½ feet high.

During the year 1896-7, a gap 81 feet long in the break was repaired, 200 lineal feet of longitudinals were renewed inside, and 128 cubic yards of ballast were restored to the work. In order to raise the beach, and so protect the lower part of the face, towards the end of 1896, a groyne 40 feet long, 10 feet wide and 4 feet in average height was built of hardwood piles, timber and stone. In 1897 extension of the cribwork a distance of 130 feet was begun, and by the end of that fiscal year had been brought within two tiers of the full height.

In 1897-8 the new extension was completed, ballasted and sheathed. Small repairs

were also made to the sheathing of the old work.

1898-9 four groynes, in all 232 lineal feet, each built of hardwood piles spaced 4 feet apart, driven from 9 to 12 feet into the bottom and planked with birch 9 inches square, securely strapped and bolted, were placed along the beach to protect the lower part of the sheathing of the breastwork; some ballast was also placed in the crib-work.

Ordinary repairs comprising restoration of a breach in the face, ballasting and re-

newal of sheathing, were made during the year 1889-90.

In 1900-1 the face was sheathed for 145 feet; and other repairs made.

In 1901-2, 136 spruce piles, 26 feet long, were driven from 6 to 8 feet into the bottom for a distance of 108 feet along the face of the breastwork. In another place, for a total length of 126 feet, the face was sheated with 6-inch spruce, and the old sheathing was patched at intervals for a length of 210 feet. A break 3 feet in height was also constructed of 4 tiers of spruce timber, supported at intervals of 10 feet by 21 framed braces, made of 8 x 8 spruce. Some brush was deposited at the back of the innermost block of cribwork, and beneath the adjacent groyne, for the purpose of assisting the accumulation of silt and drift, at a cost of \$2,497.12.

#### GRANDE ANSE.

Grande Anse, Gloucester county, a settlement with a population of between 700 and 800 and a station on the Caraquette railway, is situated on the southern side of Bay

des Chaleur, 25 miles north-cast of Bathurst, and 15 miles west of Caraquette.

For the shelter of fishing boats, the department, in 1876, commenced the construction of an isolated breakwater, between 500 and 600 feet from the shore, and subsequently extended same making it 397 feet long, 159 feet of which forms a shore arm and the remainder, 238 feet, nearly at right angles to the former, a head with a sloping face of 1 to 1 on the north or seaward side.

In order to give increased protection to the fishermen, a contract was entered into during 1901–02 for an extension of 250 feet, measured on top, from the inner end of the present work shoreward, and for the removal of material which has accumulated inside the harbour formed by the original work.

At the close of the fiscal year, 1902, the extension had been constructed eleven tiers or 9 feet 2 inches high at outer end, 5 feet 10 inches or 7 tiers high at inner end, or an average height of ten tiers over distance of 257 feet—the required length of work on bottom, ballasting same and removing 30 cubic yards of material from the harbour side of the old work.

Repairs to the old breakwater were also carried on. The expenditure for the fiscal year 1901–02 was \$5,740.85.

#### GRAND FALLS.

Grand Falls, Victoria county, immediately below Grand Falls, a projecting point of rock, which caused an eddy and hindered the passage of timber, was blasted. Two thousand cubic yards of rocky reef were removed at this place by an expenditure of \$1,156.76.

#### GREEN RIVER.

Grand River, Madawaska county, at Second Falls, rocks interfering with the passage of Green river were blasted. Similar work was done at First Falls and Third Falls on the left hand branch.

The total expenditure on Green river for 1901–02 amounted to \$300.

#### HOPEWELL CAPE.

Hopewell Cape, in Albert county, near the mouth of the Petitcodiae, and at the head of deep water navigation, is one of the several works on that large tidal river intended for the convenience of shipping.

In 1901 the construction was begun of a new wharf intended to be 460 feet in total length, consisting of an approach of round cribwork 210 feet long, together with square cribwork 250 feet in length, including a pier-head 50 by 35 feet on top, and 48 feet high. Spring tides rise 45 feet.

By the end of the fiscal year the approach, 210 feet long and 26 to 30 feet high, had been almost completed, and the pier-head had been built 15 tiers in height, while the square crib-work had been extended to a length of 210 feet.

The expenditure on the new wharf for 1901–02 amounted to \$5,002.50.

# HOPEWELL HILL.

At Hopewell Hill, in Albert county, on Shepody river, an arm of the Petitcodiac, a contract was let in 1900–01 for the erection of a new public wharf of round crib-work. Construction was commenced in June, 1901, and the work was completed in November of the same year. The wharf, 101 feet in total length, consists of a stone approach 24 feet long and 30 feet wide on top, 2 blocks each 20 x 40 feet, and two intervening spans of 15 feet. The blocks are of open cribwork, planked on top, and fendered on the sides.

The expenditure for 1901-02 amounted to \$4,031.30.

#### LAMEQUE.

Lameque, Gloucester county, is a fishing settlement on Shippegan island on the eastern side of Shippegan harbour, from which place large shipments of fish are made annually.

In 1899-1900 a contract was entered into for the construction of a wharf 990 ft. long consisting of an approach or shore block 220 ft. long and 25 ft. wide, 16 blocks  $25 \times 25$  ft., 17 spans of 20 ft., and a pier head  $30 \times 40$  ft., the latter having a depth at the outer end, at low water, of 9.8 ft.

At the close of the year 1900-1 the shore block was constructed up to level of  $1\frac{1}{2}$  ft. above high water, and the first five blocks from 1 to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  ft. below level of high water.

Spring tides rise 5.8 ft.

At the close of the year 1901-2, the progress of the work was as follows:—the approach and blocks 1 to 6 were completed ready to receive stringers; blocks 7 to 11 constructed to level of low water; block 12 to within 6 inches, and block 13 to within 2 ft. of low water; block 14 to 3.3 ft., and blocks 15 and 16 to 2 ft. above low water.

During the spring of 1902, owing to the ice not forming solid, (the winter being an exceptionally open one) the work, during a heavy north-westerly blow, was severely damaged by the drifting ice being forced against it, with the result that the upper 6 to 7 tiers of timber were forced off blocks 7 to 10, inclusive, 4 tiers off block 11, 6 tiers off block 12 and 7 tiers off block 13. The portions of the blocks sheared off are not included in the progress of the work ending June 30, 1902. Arrangements, however, were being made by the contractor to replace and properly secure the tops, which were intact, to the lower portions of the blocks.

The expenditure for 1901-2 was \$3,617.50.

### LORD'S COVE.

Lord's Cove, Charlotte county, a small fishing settlement on Deer Island, is a port of call for steamers plying between St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Eastport and other points in Passamaquoddy bay. To afford facilities for steamers, the construction of a wharf was begun in 1900-1.

The wharf is intended to be a pile and trestle work, 328 feet long and 21 feet wide, with a pier-head 33 feet in height. By the end of that fiscal year, 12 trestle bents and 3 pile bents had been erected; a rock cutting at the shore had been earried through, and the stone embankment at the shore end had been partly made. The expenditure amounted to \$1,000.

By the end of 1901-2, nearly all the materials required to complete the work had been procured, and 120 feet of the pile and trestlework had been erected and ballasted. Some further bolting of the bracing and walings was also done.

The expenditure for the year amounted to \$1,000.

#### MISPEC.

Mispee, St. John county, is situated on the north shore of the Bay of Fundy, 8 miles east of St. John in the county of that name. Near the outer end of a narrow cove, which receives the discharge of Mispec river and constitutes the harbour, the department built on the west side, in 1885, a breakwater, 197 feet long, 25 feet in mean width and 30 feet high at the outer end.

Repairs were made in 1889-90 to the seaward face, and again in 1892-3. In consequence of the establishment of a pulp mill, capable of producing 40 tons per day and employing 150 hands, repairs to the work were begun in 1898-99, when a sum of \$800 was expended in procuring materials; in replacing 7 tiers of the face for a distance of 74 feet along the work with heavy birch timber, 16 inches square, secured by screw bolts, and in ballasting the work.

The breakwater was, however, found insufficient for the protection of the rafts of pulp wood and of the schooners and lighters engaged in carrying coal, sulphur and limestone to the mill, or in transporting pulp when manufactured from the mill to St. John

for shipment.

On this account, a contract for a new preakwater, to be placed on the east side of the entrance, was let in 1900-1. In the same year, preparations for the foundation of the work were begun by benching the rough rock, at an expenditure of \$743.57.

In 1901-2, the new breakwater, 168 feet long, 34 feet wide on top, 50 feet wide at bottom and 30 feet high at the outer end, was completed.

At the same time, the original work on the west side was repaired and raised to the same height as the new breakwater; 79 feet of the sloping face were sheathed with 6-inch spruce plank; a new set of longitudinals was laid for part of the length of the work, and a new set of cross-ties, stringers and covering for the full length. The outer and inner faces were constructed of square timber for a height carrying between 2 and 6 tiers, and the inner face, outer end and outer face were fendered. Additional ballast was also placed in the whole of the work.

The expenditure for the year 1901-2 was \$1,969.46.

# NEGROPOINT.

Negropoint (St. John) is a headland about 60 feet above high water mark at the western entrance to St. John harbour, which is formed by the estuary of the river St. John on the northern side of the Bay of Fundy. Spring tides rise 25.33 feet, neaps 15 to 20 feet.

In addition to convenience of position for distribution by rail of cargoes landed at the city of St. John, the harbour is remarkable principally for great tidal range, and for consequent freedom from ice in the winter months. The harbour is open, broadly speaking, from south-east to south-west, but southerly winds are broken by Partridge Island, and south-west waves are mitigated by Negropoint breakwater, while the Foul Ground, a shoal tailing down from the peninsula on which the city is built, must have more or less effect in moderating the force of the easterly seas rolling round Mispec Point.

By Partridge Island, a rocky eminence devoted to quarantine and lighthouse purposes, the entrance of St. John harbour is divided into east and west channels. In the former or main channel, a minimum navigable depth of 19 feet is found on the bar at low water at ordinary spring tides, Two hundred yards inside the crest of the bar, a depth of 5 fathoms is obtained in the narrow fairway, while higher up and between the most southerly of the principal wharfs on either side of the harbour (450 yards wide at that point), 12 fathoms are given in mid-channel. The west channel, 1,200 yards wide, has been contracted to about as many feet in breadth by Negropoint breakwater, which extends 2,200 feet S.E. by S. from the headland so styled.

The breakwater consisted at first of a cribwork core, 30 feet wide at the base, and 15 feet wide at the top, (5 feet above high water ordinary spring tides), protected on both sides by large stones sloping to seaward at the rate of two to one, and landward at the rate of one to one. In the month of February 1879 thirteen hundred lineal feet of cribwork were swept away to a depth varying between 13 and 19 feet from the top, the stones having been raked down by the wave action to a slope more nearly ressembling the angle of repose of the material. In 1880, temporary repairs were made, and in 1881 a contract, completed six years afterwards, was entered into whereby the lost cribwork was replaced by heavy stones and the seaward slope made three to one. From 1891 to 1894 desultory repairs were made by the addition of large stones, chiefly deposited about the end to prevent the lighthouse from being undermined.

In May and June 1895, seven concrete blocks, founded at about the level of low water neaps, were built in situ around a quadrant of the outer end to receive the foot of a slope proposed to be made of heavy granite blocks laid at the rate of four to one. The concrete blocks were from 59 to 91 tons each in weight, all but the heaviest being laid in one tide. The granite pier was also reinforced by a semi-circular skin of concrete 7 feet in average thickness and strongly battered around the front, and brought to the level of high water springs. The footing blocks were 15 feet long, 12 feet wide and, unless varied for the sake of the foundation, 3 feet high in the face, sloping upward at the rate of four to one on the top.

In order to retain, for natural protection, along the seaward face of the work, the littoral drift formerly swept by the waves over the top into the harbour, a break of

piles, brush, stone and timber, 270 feet long, 8 feet wide and 4 feet high, begun in 1895, was completed in 1896-97 and was extended 140 feet along the timber work that year with good effect.

During the year 1897-98, as a measure of precaution, 152 yards of granite were obtained and deposited about the lighthouse for protection during the winter, while

stones, previously removed by the sea, were replaced in position.

The advance of the foreshore rendered necessary in that year the enlargement of the timber break, which was extended a distance of 80 feet along the breakwater.

A small groyne was also built for the purpose of obtaining some information as to the quantity of the littoral drift near the shore end. To preserve the timber the top of the piles and the knees of the break were given two coats of pitch.

One thousand and nineteen cubic yards of granite were supplied and laid in place in 1898-99; while 285 yards of the original stone of the work, displaced by the sea,

were restored to position.

During 1899-1900 four hundred and fourteen cubic yards of granite were delivered and placed around the lighthouse. Six hundred and six cubic yards of dislodged stone were put back. Five concrete blocks, containing 52·1 cubic pards were also laid in

place.

In 1900-01 five blocks of concrete aggregating  $54\frac{1}{2}$  cubic yards were built in situ; 1,313 cubic yards of new granite were received and placed, while 1,893 cubic yards of the original stone of the breakwater, removed by the sea (which on the 8th of November, 1900, made two clear breaches through the work), were restored to position. The timber break was also extended two tiers for a distance of 40 feet.

During the present fiscal year (1901-02), four thousand six hundred and ninety-four cubic yards of large stone, principally granite, together with 719 cubic yards of small stone, were delivered and placed in position. A number of large stones of the original work, amounting to 1,713 cubic yards, which had been dislodged by the sea, were restored to place by means of a floating steam derrick. Repairs were also made to the derricks and buildings, at a cost of \$19,978.19.

# POINT WOLFE.

Point Wolfe, Albert county, is a small natural harbour on the north shore of the Bay of Fundy, about 57 miles east of St. John. The river mouth gives an in-draught from the bay, 1,800 feet long and 700 feet wide. The harbour lies at the upper end of the embouchure, and is formed by a beach or bar thrown up by the sea, 1,000 feet long, 200 feet wide, and 14 or 15 feet higher than the flats. The crest of this bar became denuded by the waves to the detriment of the basin inside.

A contract was accordingly let in 1900-01 for the erection of protection works 880 feet in length, intended to prevent further denudation and to effect restoration of the

beach to the original height.

Construction of the work, which consisted of pile-bents, 8 feet apart and 11 feet wide, partially filled with brush and stone and designed to collect the littoral drift, was begun in October and completed in December, 1901.

The expenditure for 1901-02 (and the total) amounted to \$3,077.53.

#### REXTON.

Rexton, formerly Kingston, Kent county, with a population of about 1,000, is situated on the eastern side of the Richibucto river, about three miles from the town of Richibucto.

During 1891-2, the department constructed a work immediately above the public highway bridge to serve the double purpose of a guard pier and local wharf. It is 204 feet long and 35 ft. wide on top and built close-faced of square timber. Access from the bridge is had by an approach of cribwork 111 feet long and 20 feet wide on top.

During the construction of a new bridge across the river at Rexton, a few years ago, a large amount of stone for same was piled on the wharf with the result that considerable settlement was caused, and this with the decayed condition of the covering and upper timbers made the work unserviceable.

During the year 1901-02 the stringers, covering and cap timbers were renewed and

additional timbers inserted to level up. The expenditure for the year was \$705.44.

### RICHIBUCTO.

Richibucto, Kent county, lies on the eastern side of Northumberland Strait, about midway between the entrance to the Miramichi and Shediac. It is a deal port and the terminus of the Kent Northern railway.

The entrance to the harbour is between two sandy beaches, north and south. The works originally proposed for the improvement of the harbour were two breakwaters, one to extend from the southern point of the north beach 1,200 feet, and the other to run in a north-easterly direction from the south beach, the object being to confine the

water to one permanent channel and so scour the bar at the entrance.

In February, 1873, the north pier was constructed for a distance of 1,200 feet. In 1876, it was found that the sea during easterly storms followed the inside of the breakwater, swirled around the upper end and endangered the beach. From 1880 to 1882 protection works were extended westward along the face of the beach to prevent erosion. Extensions in the same direction were continued in 1888, 1889, 1890 and 1891 for lengths of 200 feet, 300 feet, 94 feet and 140 feet respectively. The works are now 2,158 feet in length and are composed principally of brush, stone and piling.

Repairs to the inner part of the eastern section were undertaken during the year 1898-9, and at the end of June a section of 238 feet was nearly re-constructed and

another 593 feet partly repaired and raised 3 feet.

In 1899-1900, the work, commenced the previous year, was completed. Off the harbour face, a pile, brush and stone groyne, 33 feet long and 15 feet wide, was constructed and another of the same length rebuilt. Off the inner face, two brush groynes, each 191 feet in length, were built, and off from the northern face of the breakwater near the outer end, a new breastwork 470 feet long and 8½ feet wide composed of pile framework sheathed on the outside and filled with brush and stone was constructed.

In 1900-1, a steam derrick was built for pile driving and hauling large stone, extensive repairs were made, and three additional stake and brush groynes aggregating

262 lin. feet were built off the inner face of the eastern section.

In 1901-2, work was resumed by day labour on August 1, and so continued

until the end of September. It was then closed down owing to difficulty in procuring materials, and tenders were called for the completion of the work.

During July and August, 130 feet of an extension, proposed to be 315 feet long, was made off from the harbour side of the pier, 300 feet inward of the outer end. This consisted of brush mattresses placed on bottom, weighted with small stone and finished with large stone sloping 2 to 1 on the sides. Three rows of piles were also driven 5 feet apart longitudinally and 4 feet transversely for a distance of 130 feet.

In February, 1902, a contract was entered into for the completion of the extension and protection work of the outer section. Work was commenced the latter part of May, and at the end of the fiscal year 4 mattresses 60 x 26 feet had been placed along the section forming the protection, 20 piles were driven in the extension and 280 cubic

yards of core stone was delivered and placed in the work.

During June, repairs were also made under day labour to the section of the work to the east of that under contract. This consisted of inserting and renewing 48 pieces of 7 x 8 face timbers 9 to 20 feet long, driving 5 piles along the outer face and placing 111 cubic yards of stone in the work.

The expenditure for 1901-2 was \$6,408.86, of which amount \$2,200 was paid

on contract work.

#### RIVER ST. JOHN AND TRIBUTARIES.

The River St. John proper, 450 miles long, takes its rise from sources in the province of Quebec and State of Maine, at a reputed maximum altitude of 2,159 feet above sea level. Entering New Brunswick at the confluence of the St. Francis, a little below the borders of Quebec, it continues to be the international boundary almost to Grand Falls, and after flowing through the province for nearly 300 miles (by way of the counties of Madawaska, Victoria, Carleton, York, Sunbury, King's and Queen's) discharges into the Bay of Fundy at St. John. Many tributaries, some being of considerable magnitude, are received by the main stream. Among them are the St. Francis, Madawaska, Green River, Grand River, Salmon River, Aroostook, Tobique, Presqu'Isle, Maduxnakeag, Eel river. Nackawick, Keeswick, Nashwaak, Oromocto, Jemseg (Grand Lake), Washademoak, Belleisle and Kenebecasis. Except the last five, which are slightly tidal for some distance, they are fresh water streams.

The St. John is considered navigable for vessels of 15 feet draught for a distance of more than 50 miles from the mouth, but no positive information on this point has yet been obtained. About 8 feet at low water can be carried to Fredericton, 84 miles from the sea, and 6 miles below the head of tide at Springhill. Three natural features of the

river are remarkable, viz. :-

The tidal falls, grand falls and the annual floods.

Although in summer the fresh water stream between Woodstock and Fredericton is in places 400 to 1,000 feet wide, expanding at the latter place, after reaching the tide level, to half a mile in breadth, yet the actual mouth of the river, a rocky gorge 400 yards long, immediately at the head of St. John harbour, measures but as many feet across at high water. Here at low water, the level of the river is from 11 to 15 feet above the sea, and as the ordinary tides flow from 23 to 27 feet, the sea level at high water is from 8 to 13 feet higher than the waters of the river. Thus there are two falls at every tide, viz. :—one outward and one inward, and vessels can only pass when the waters of the ocean and river are on a level. This occurs only for a space of about 10 minutes during each ebb and flow of the tide; at all other times it is either impassable or extremely dangerous.

At Grand Falls, 223 miles from the sea, the whole volume of the river plunges over an almost perpendicular face of limestone 60 feet high, into a deep ravine 250 feet across, somewhat similar to the narrow pass at St. John. Flanked for nearly a mile by lofty rugged cliffs, the confined current dashes from the foot of the falls with excessive strength, mining deep pot holes in the rocky bottom of the channel in the course of a further descent, estimated to be slightly less than the first. In the harbour of St. John,

ordinary spring tides are considered to rise 251 feet.

The harbour of St. John is open all the year round, but the river is ice-bound from November to April, an average period of 144 days.

For the purpose of works, three divisions may be made of the river:

1. Tidal navigation, for steamers and sailing vessels, between St. John and Fredericton, 84 miles, requiring 11 feet at low water. Principal obstructions, the Oromocto shoals, about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  mile; and the shoals abreast Fredericton, rather more than  $\frac{1}{2}$  mile in

length. The last are now dredged, but the other obstacles remain.

2. Inland Navigation, from Fredericton to Woodstock, a distance of about 65 miles, requiring 3½ feet at low water. The obstacles to inland navigation, besides boulders in some places and perhaps bed rock at Meductic, are shoals of material more or less coarse. according to the strength of the current, varying in composition from sandy gravel to stones.

3. The Upper River, including with the tributaries all that part above Woodstock. This division is now used for the passage of timber only. On some of the tributaries beyond the reach of railways, supplies from the lumber camps are transported in tow boats, for which channels are required to be made and tow-paths provided.

Tidal Navigation.—The tidal compartment of the River St. John comprehends, besides the main stream navigable by steamers, which run daily between St. John and

Fredericton, a distance of 84 miles, four tidal arms, all navigated by wood boats and regular passenger steamers, the extent of the whole tidal navigation being as follows:—

·	Miles long.
Main River, St. John,	84
Kennebecasis	24
Belleisle Bay	12
Washademoak Lake	27
Grand Lake and Salmon River	35
Total extent	182

For the convenience of steamers and other craft navigating the main river and its branches, the provincial government has erected a number of wharfs, towards which the department has made contributions amounting to one-half the certified cost.

During the year 1901-02, assistance was given to a number of these wharfs.

Inland Navigation.—Repairs, extending over 18 miles, were made to the towpaths in the neighbourhood of Southampton, York county. Three bridges were rebuilt; a number of rocks were blasted; and a quantity of grading and clearing was done.

The expenditure for the year 1901–02, amounted to \$3,254.28.

## ST. ANDREWS.

St. Andrews, Charlotte county, the county town of Charlotte, lies by the water 50 miles west of St. John. The site of the town was part of the seigniory of Passama-quoddy granted to St. Aubin in 1684. It was settled by the loyalists a hundred years later, and was for some years a place of some consideration, a military post, a fishing station, and a port of direct trade with the West Indies. The town, situated at the mouth of the St. Croix, on a point of a peninsula stretching into Passamaquoddy Bay, is well laid out, and has a population of about 1,200. In the summer season, St. Andrews is a favourite watering place much frequented by American visitors.

The harbour, sheltered by Navy island a mile in length, affords about 8 feet at low

water, or 33 feet at high water ordinary spring tides.

Repairs to the public wharf, an old structure of round cribwork 489 feet in length, built many years ago, were begun by the department in the spring of 1902. By the end of the fiscal year, 16 bents (a distance of 142 feet) of the new work had been erected; ballast poles and guard timbers had been laid for 128 feet, and the top had been ballasted for 90 feet.

The expenditure to June 30, 1902 (and the total expenditure) amounted to \$1,822.89.

# ST. FRANCIS.

St. Francis, Madawaska county, on the St. Francis; rocks were blasted and channels excavated between the mouth and Beau Lake, a distance of 10 miles, at an expenditure of \$200.00.

# ST. GEORGE.

St. George, Charlotte County, formerly called Magaguadavic, a small but flourishing town containing with the parish about 3,000 inhabitants, and situated at the head of the tide on the river of that name, is chiefly noted for lumbering and for the monumental works established there to manufacture red granite of the neighbourhood. On account of the fine water power, due to the great fall, immediately at the village, from fresh to tidal water, a pulp mill is now in course of erection.

A public wharf, built by the county in tidal water, was partially repaired during the year 1901-02, by the department. This old wharf of round cribwork, 127 feet long, and 39 feet wide, stands, at the head, in 24 feet at high water ordinary spring tides.

The repairs consisted in rebuilding and raising the principal part of the wing of the wharf, 48 feet long and 20 feet wide, and in repairing the approach  $26\frac{1}{2}$  feet long and 38 feet wide.

The expenditure for the fiscal year 1901-02 (and the total expenditure) amounted to \$499.92.

## ST. MARY'S.

St. Mary's, Kent county, is situated on the Buctouche river, 7 miles above the

village of the same name.

In 1884, the department constructed a wharf 125 feet long and 18 to 37 feet wide off from the public highway bridge. The work is built open cribwork of round timber, is planked over on top, and has a depth on outer face of 7 feet at low water. Spring tides rise  $3\frac{1}{2}$  feet.

During the spring of 1892, extensive repairs were made.

The expenditure for 1901-02 was \$598.02.

### SHIPPEGAN.

Shippegan gully, Gloucester county, a passage between Shippegan island and the mainland, is situated on the western side of the Gulf of St. Lawrence and is distant 3 miles south-east of Shippegan village, the terminus of the Caraquette Railway, the latter

being distant by rail 65 miles from Bathurst, the shire town of the county.

For the purpose of improving the entrance or gully, works were commenced in 1875 for the construction of a breakwater on the eastern side and a dam 890 feet long to close what was known as the eastern gully. From 1875 to 1890 the works were confined to the eastern side, and at the latter date consisted principally of a pier or breakwater at the point and a breastwork along the northern face of the beach, the whole 1,220 feet in length, one-third being of cribwork and the remainder of brush and piling.

In 1880-81 and again in 1883 the dam was repaired, raised and strengthened, and

in the latter year the pier was repaired and extended 120 feet.

General repairs were again made in 1883-84 and in 1886-87, while in 1888-89 an

additional block of 50 feet was added to the outer end.

Until 1890–92 only one pier had been built, therefore no material improvement of the entrance was effected. At that period a contract was entered into for the construction of a pile-work filled with brush and stone 1,194 feet long off the western beach, and the re-construction of a length of 137 feet of the outer portion of eastern work.

In 1892-93 and 1893-94 repairs were continued.

In 1897–98 general repairs to all the works were made.

The extensive repairs begun in 1897 were continued until the winter of the following year. By that time the dam had been raised 3 feet for a distance of 452 feet and extended a distance of 185 feet. On the southern side of the dam, about midway of same, an apron of brush and stone 375 feet long was placed to stop the leaks, and on the northern side 10 rows of stakes or hand-piles were driven in such manner as to form groynes to arrest the drift of seaweed and sand and thus give protection to the work.

In order to confine traffic, between the eastern end of the dam and Fruing & Co.'s fishing establishment, to one track, instead of several which were becoming runnels, 4 hurdles 155 feet in total length, 2 pieces of brush, stake and gravel work, one  $12 \times 60 \times 3$  feet and the other  $13 \times 46 \times 4$  feet, were constructed, and to close an opening in the harbour side of the beach, immediately to the east of Fruing's, a pile-bent structure 120 feet long enclosing fascines, brush and stone, and a further length of 119 feet of brush

and stone only, was built.

Near the inner end of east pier 63 feet of pile-bent work, braced longitudinally and transversely with caps and walings and filled in with brush and stone was constructed. Between this work and the pier-head, one breach of 22 feet, one of 62 feet and another of 70 feet were closed with piles, fascines, brush and stone. In the pier-head a gap of 90 feet was closed by a close-faced cribwork block and a pile and brush work, each 45 feet in length, and other repairs were made.

In 1899–1900 repairs were continued to the outer 90 feet of east breakwater. A length of 455 feet of old work, inward of the 90 feet, was rebuilt with fascines, brush and stone. A pile groyne 26 feet long was constructed on harbour side of work and another 220 feet long of brush, stake and gravel on seaward side. Minor repairs were also made to other portions of the work on the eastern side. The dam was raised a height of 3 feet with brush and stone for a length 495 feet, an apron 476 feet long and 8 feet wide was placed along the southern face and an extension of 17 feet was made to the eastern end, from which latter a groyne 175 feet long was built running in a southerly directiou or nearly at right angles to the dam.

During 1900-1 a new pier-head 44 x 34 feet of piles, brush and stone was built at the outer end of eastern work to protect and prevent undermining of the old pier-head. Breastworks 200 feet and 92 feet long were built on the outer and inner sides of the original breastwork on the west beach. 190 feet of the eastern side of the western pier was sheathed horizontally between high and low water. 40 diagonal braces were inserted in the work. An extension of 100 feet was made to inner end, consisting of piles

backed up with brush and stone.

During the fiscal year 1901-2 the following work was performed:—

# East Side.

Seventy-eight cubic yards of stone were placed in the outer block of breakwater, and the close-piling of the seaward faces of the block inward of the outer one was rebolted.

One groyne 48 feet long and 5 feet 3 inches high, consisting of 13 piles sheathed with 9-inch hardwood, was constructed on the harbour side of the work, 1,070 feet inward of the outer end. Another groyne of similar construction was commenced 270 feet farther out. In this the piles were driven and the sheathing partly placed. The work to the east of Fruing's was sheathed with 3-inch deals, and between this and the eastern end of the dam, a distance of 1,826 feet, a beach protection work was constructed consisting of 4-inch stakes driven 4 feet apart transversely and longitudinally (with hurdles every 40 feet), and the interior filled in with alternate layers of brush and gravel.

The dam was raised, over a distance of 350 feet,  $3\frac{1}{2}$  feet with brush and stone.

# West Side.

To breakwater:—Sixteen piles were driven at outer end and fifty close piles on the eastern and western sides inward of the old close-piling. The pile bents of the outer 130 feet were stayed with 26 diagonal braces. The outer 30 feet was partly filled with brush and stone, and the outer 130 feet was close sheathed horizontally, for a width of 5 feet above low water, with 9-inch hardwood to prevent chafing of the work by ice in the spring.

A groyne 48 feet long was constructed on the harbour side near inner end consisting of 13 piles faced with 9-inch hardwood. Nine piles for extending the groyne 40

feet were also driven but not sheathed.

An extension of 157 feet of close piling, backed with brush and stone, was made to the inner end.

Before the construction of the western breakwater, the depth at the entrance to Shippegan harbour was not more than from 1 to 3 feet at low water. After the construction of the western breakwater in 1890-2, the extension of the eastern work, the construction of protection works on the eastern and western beaches, the closing of runnels, and the raising of the dam, since 1897, all with a view of concentrating the flow of water through one outlet (the gully), have had the effect of deepening the entrance to such an extent that in August, 1901, a schooner drawing 10 feet was reported to have entered the harbour at low water.

The improvement thus effected is such that all the fishing fleets of Caraquette and Shippegan are now enabled to go to and from the fishing grounds via the gully instead of, as formerly, around Miscou, saving not only a run of about 50 miles, but a gain of at least two days extra fishing during the week.

The expenditure during 1901-2 was \$4,649.77.

# TOBIQUE RIVER.

Tobique river, Victoria county, one of the most important tributaries of the St. John, a quantity of loose rock, approximately 550 cubic yards, was removed from the channel of the river below the dam at Plaster Rock, and on the left hand branch of the Tobique, three ledges were excavated, one 60 feet long, 6 feet wide and 2 feet deep; and a third 50 feet long, 7 feet wide and 2 feet deep. Twenty boulders, from 1 to 4 cubic yards in extent, were besides blasted, the whole work being performed at cost of \$444.62.

On the Serpentine, a branch of the Tobique, river improvements extending half a mile below and a mile above Serpentine Falls were made, 60 boulders, each from 2½ to

3 cubic yards, being removed at a cost of \$250.

### TRACADIE.

Tracadie, Gloucester county, is situated on the western coast of the Gulf of St. St. Lawrence, about midway between Shippegan gully and the entrance to Miramichi bay. It is one of the several large lagoons situated on the east coast of New Brunswick, separated from the sea by long sandy beaches and entered only by narrow channels termed gullies. Of these there are three, known as the north, south and old gullies.

The harbour is some 6 miles in length by \( \frac{1}{4} \) to 1 mile or more in width, but except in the river channels (north and south Tracadie rivers) and in the channels entering from the different gullies, is quite shoal being almost dry at low water spring tides.

In 1894, the department, to provide shipping facilities for the district, which is a large and populous one containing upwards of 2,000 inhabitants, constructed a wharf 1,430 ft. long and 25 ft. wide consisting of blocks and spans as follows:—Shore block or approach 250 ft. long, 28 blocks, 20 x 25 ft., pier head or outer block 40 x 25 ft., and 29 spans or openings of 20 ft. The work was constructed of open cribwork of round timber and the top covered with 3-in. plank.

During 1900-01 a crib-work block 55 ft. long and 27 ft. wide on top, lying immediately beyond the outer end of the departmental work, was repaired and connected

with the main structure and some repairs made.

During the year 1901-2 the laying of diagonal covering for a width of 10 ft. 1 in. was continued and completed over a distance of 1,318 ft.

The expenditure during 1901-2 was \$512.10.

# UPPER CARAQUETTE.

Caraquette Oyster Grounds or Upper Caraquette, Gloucester county, a station on the Caraquette railway, is situated at the upper or western end of Caraquette harbour,

distant about 6 miles west of Caraquette settlement.

To provide a landing, boats and a place of shipment for oysters, a contract was entered into in 1890 for the construction of a wharf 350 ft. long, consisting of an approach 160 ft. long, 4 blocks each, 15 x 15 ft., 5 spans or openings of 20 ft. each, and an outer block or pier head 30 x 30 ft. The approach and several blocks were constructed open crib-work of round logs, the openings between each block being spanned by four 10 x 12 stringers, and the whole of the top of the work covered with 3-inch plank.

The wharf is now also much used for the shipment of flour from a mill situated a

short distance from the work.

In the fall of 1900, during a north-westerly blow, the tops of all the blocks and a portion of the approach were partly sheared off and the timber much broken by ice

being jammed against the work.

During the present year the damaged top was removed and the work re-constructed with new material as follows:—A tier of longitudinals for length of 50 ft. and a full tier of cross-ties were placed in the approach, one set of cross-ties in first and third blocks; a set each of longitudinals and cross-ties in second and fourth blocks; and a set of longitudinals in the pier head; 10x12 corbels were placed over the four blocks and at the outer end of approach, and over the whole of the work 10x12 stringers, 3-in. covering and 8x10 caps were laid. The blocks and approach were filled with ballast to the under side of the covering and the pier head close-piled on three sides with 10-in, hardwood.

The expenditure for the fiscal year 1901-02 was \$1,899.33.

## UPPER SALMON RIVER.

Upper Salmon river, Albert county, otherwise called Alma, the terminus of the Albert Southern railway, is situated in the county of Albert, 5 miles from Rocher Bay, and 2 miles from Herring Cove. From Alma, deals are either sent in coasting vessels to St. John for transshipment, or transported directly to sea-going vessels lying at the

anchorage off Grindstone island, or in the roadstead off Herring Cove.

For protection of the coasters lying inside the river mouth at the private wharfs, which affords four or five berths, the department built in 1883-4 a breakwater 26 feet in mean width, and 180 feet long. In 1886-7 this breakwater was extended to a length of 420 feet. By position, the work lies across the path of the littoral drift. In consequence, the foreshore has advanced nearly 500 feet on the weather side, and the drift, having fully charged the outside of the breakwater, is now working around the end. Accordingly, inside the point of the breakwater a bar 11 feet in height was formed which extended nearly across the mouth of the river. By means of a temporary groyne, inducing scour, the channel, which had become contracted to a width of only 34 feet, was increased during the months of April and May, 1900, to 125 feet in breadth, but the shoal soon formed again.

During the year 1901-2 contract plans for extension of the breakwater were prepared and tenders for construction of the work were asked. The total expenditure to

date amounts to \$11,216.30.

# WILSON'S BEACH.

Wilson's beach, Charlotte county, is a fishing settlement in a slight indentation of .

the coast on the west side of Campobello.

A breakwater 373 feet in length was built, to shelter the cove, by the joint contributions of the federal and local governments between the years 1874 and 1878. The outer arm of the breakwater having become dilapidated, and the cove having silted up, preparations were made in 1899-1900 to restore the inner end, 248 feet in length, and the repairs were nearly completed in the following year, 1900-1. A quantity of materials was also procured for the reconstruction in deeper water of the dismantled outer end.

In 1901-02, the repairs to the inner end were completed. Crib number one, of the part to be reconstructed, 80 feet in mean length and 36 feet in width, consisting principally of hardwood timber, was built, placed in position and ballasted. Crib number two, made of similar materials, was also begun and at the end of June had been built to a height of 8 tiers. A quantity of timber was delivered during the year.

The expenditure for 1901-2 was \$8,243.86.

# PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

### AMHERST.

Amherst village is situated at the eastern end of Amherst island, one of the Magdalen islands in the gulf of St. Lawrence and in the county of Gaspé.

Amherst is a port of considerable importance and the first stop of the steamer plying

between Pictou and the Magdalen islands.

A landing pier was in part built at Point Shea. An approach of 530 feet was built in May and June, 1900. During the months of July, August, September and October, 1901, a length of 180 feet of the pier proper was built and completed. In May and June, \$3,337.60 was spent to buy tools and materials, and \$895.77 was spent to build up to low water level a crib 80 x 24½ x 14. The pier for a length of 188 feet is 20½ feet wide on top with an outside batter of one in eight and a mean height of  $13\frac{1}{2}$  feet. Expenditure during fiscal year, \$11,063.48.

## ANSE À BEAUFILS.

Anse à Beaufils, in the municipality of Cape Cove, county of Gaspé, is situated on

the gulf of St. Lawrence, 6 miles south of Percé.

In 1898 the work of improving the channel, leading to a small basin, was commenced and 437 feet of protection wall was built on the east side, to which was added 100 feet of close face cribwork; 347 feet of round timber wall was built on the opposite side, to which was added 100 feet of work similar to that on the east side.

During the past fiscal year the outer close-faced work on west side, which was canted over, was brought to a level by spring freshets washing the sand from under the crib, and the eastern pier has settled and requires levelling up from 3 to 7 feet.

Some repairs were made during the year which cost \$198.87.

# ANSE ST. JEAN.

Anse St. Jean is situated on the southwest shore of River Saguenay, 25 miles above its mouth.

During the fiscal year, the outside face of the wharf was sheathed with 6-inch tamarack, on a length of 110 feet; 300 feet in length of the flooring was completed with 3-inch spruce, and two coats of paint were given to the building on the wharf.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$1,010.15.

### BAIE ST. PAUL.

The village of Baie St. Paul, in the county of Charlevoix, with a population of about 1,400, is situated on the north shore of the St. Lawrence, 60 miles east of Quebec. It is built on both sides of the River du Gouffre, which empties into a bay one mile and a quarter deep and three miles wide at its entrance. The bay is dry at low tides with the exception of some small channels. Spring tides rise 20 feet, neap tides 13 feet. The wharf at Cap-au-Corbeau, is about three miles distant from the village, on the eastern side of the bay, and the isolated block stands on the western side at about 3,000 feet from high water mark. During the last fiscal year, some repairs were made to the wharf, and to the isolated block, which was in very bad condition.

Repairs made to wharf:—The approach was extended shorewards, a length of 50 feet, by a width of 10 feet and height of 12 feet, built of crib-work filled with stone; 900 cubic yards of sand were used to raise the road along the shore side of the approach,

and 18 'toises' of stone were thrown at the foot of the seaward face of the approach and shore end of the wharf, to stop scouring by the waves; 12 elm fenders were put in and secured with iron straps; a middle pathway, 1,000 feet long and 12 feet wide, was laid with 3 inch spruce deals.

Repairs to isolated block:—The sheathing on the west side was renewed on a surface of 4,000 square feet; on the east side, 300 feet of face timber, broken by ice, were

replaced.

Complaint having been made of the existence of boulders in the vicinity of the wharf, orders were given to remove same, but owing to unfavourable weather such had to be postponed until the spring. During the month of May, a big boulder 5 feet high was blasted and scattered, others of smaller sizes were also broken.

Expenditure during the fiscal year, \$1,510.41.

## BEAUPORT.

The village of Beauport, in the county of Quebec, is situated at the mouth of the river of the same name, on the north shore of the River St. Lawrence, two miles below the city of Quebec. Spring tides rise 21 feet, neap tides 13 feet. At low water spring tides, the water of the St. Lawrence recedes about 3,700 feet from the mouth of the

Beauport river.

The work done during the fiscal year consists in the building of 320 feet of crib retaining wall, from north end of Caron wharf northwards, the height of which is  $14\frac{1}{2}$  feet at south and  $13\frac{1}{2}$  feet at north end, the width being 12 feet for 240 feet; the outer end of 80 feet, which has three inclined slips leading to the top of embankment, in different directions, is practically 25 feet wide. Excavation of 12 feet wide from top of embankment, averaging 10 feet high, was made the whole length of the 320 feet of crib to two feet below bottom surface of channel, so that in the subsequent dredging of channel, the foundation timbers would not be displaced by any removal of solid ground under them; 1,422 cubic yards were thus excavated. 2,425 feet of 12 x 12 white pine; 500 feet 12 x 12 hemlock; 5,240 feet of square and round cedar; 765 feet of 10 x 10 spruce were placed in work; 325 feet 6 x 12 white pine capping used; 6,380 feet B. M. spruce deals for ballast flooring mostly and 17,000 B. M. white pine deals used for the outside sheathing of face and slips. The labour was much increased by handling the material dredged for foundations of crib twice, first by removing it to build, then handling it back to fill in.

A good deal of hand dredging in bed of river had been done the previous season, on a length of 420 feet by 20 to 25 feet giving about  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet more water at high tides to that length north of Caron's wharf; further dredging over same ground last fall, has increased this depth to nearly 5 feet or to the level depth at north end of old wharf. The west bank is cut in line of new crib up to railway bridge, where the accumulation of sand, loose stones, gravel, &c., was removed; some old embankment timbers found

to stand about 5 feet high and in good condition, were not removed.

Expenditure during fiscal year, \$2,982.18.

# BERTHIER (en bas).

The village of Berthier, in the county of Montmagny, is situated on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, 25 miles east of Quebec.

Spring tides rise 19 feet, neap tides 13 feet.

The wharf is in very good condition, and affords every facility to navigation. The outside end, which is now 60 feet wide, stands in 14 feet of water at low tide. There are

two landing slips and a shed.

During the year the work done consists in the completion of an extension 100 feet long, 30 feet wide and 40 feet high, which was commenced in 1900. A height of 11 feet has been built, floored and fully ballasted. In order to assimulate the junction of the extension with the old work, part of the superstructure of the latter was taken down, then rebuilt as a whole with the new work. A surface of very nearly 6,000 square feet

has been sheathed with oak and elm 6 inches thick. 21,600 feet B.M. spruce deals were used in renewing and repairing the flooring. A shed 40 by 26 feet was erected on the head of the wharf; it is divided into two parts, one for passengers and the other for freight, it is well painted and covered with sheet iron. Six snubbing posts wese replaced and general repairs done to the whole structure.

The expenditure during the fiscal year amounts to \$4,552.79.

### CACOUNA.

The village of Cacouna is situated on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, 6 miles east of Rivière du Loup. The place is very much resorted to by tourists in summer: its beach is one of the prettiest on the St. Lawrence. Spring tides rise 19 feet, neap

tides 91 feet.

The work done to the wharf during the past fiscal year consists in the construction of an addition of the following dimensions: length on the north-east and south-west sides, 69 and 86 feet respectively, width 24.5 feet at the top of the crib with a batter of 1 in 12, mean height 17 feet. Instead of building this extension in a straight line or at right angles with the former work it was built obliquely to the outside end of the wharf, so as to reach the deepest water within the shortest distance.

The bottom is level and shallow, the depth of water at high tide, at end of addition,

is practically the same as before.

The work was built of close-face cribwork with 12 by 12 inch spruce timber, with upright posts and side longitudinals and thoroughly filled with stone ballast.

The depth of water at high tide is 12½ to 13 feet.

Expenditure for fiscal year \$2,500.82.

# CAP DE LA MADELEINE.

Cap de la Madeleine is situated in the county of Champlain on the River St. Lawrence, 3 miles from Three Rivers.

In 1887 a wharf was built, and in 1894 an extension of pile work 40 feet long, 24 feet wide and 19 feet 6 inches in height was constructed. The old work was raised to level of new and the whole put in good order.

The work is now 87 feet long in front, 22½ feet wide with a landing 11 feet wide. The length is 250 by 23½ feet wide and 14½ feet high above low water, with 5 feet of water at its outer end.

During the past fiscal year the down stream, end of pier was torn down to water

level and the work rebuilt to a proper elevation.

A good part of the crib-work on the up stream side was replaced and a new sheathing 9 inches thick was bolted on the ice-breaker.

Almost all floor beams were replaced and a new flooring, 3-inch, was laid.

Eleven piles were driven around the north-east corner.

The wharf presents a fine appearance and is in good condition.

Expenditure during past fiscal year, \$592.04.

## CAP SANTE.

The village at Cap Sante, the chief town of the county of Portneuf, is situated on the north shore of the St. Lawrence, 5 miles below Portneuf, and 31 miles above Quebec.

The works, commenced in spring of 1900 to rebuild and enlarge the old wharf

bought in 1899, have been brought to a close this fall.

The slope commenced on west side in 1901 was continued inshore 72 feet in length on top, its height at junction of last year's work, being 14 feet and the inside timbers, running back from 20 to 41 feet; it is well and strongly built, with double facings of 12 x 12 hemlock in foundations and pine and cedar in remainder of crib.

The slope, very much exposed to the ice, is covered all over with 6-in. rock elm sheathing, and to ensure solid foundations, the beach was excavated on a width of 20 feet by 5

feet deep and 72 feet long. The whole of the old wharf, a rotten tumble down structure was rebuilt, giving an area of 11,700 feet against about 1,500 before.

The whole frontage of wharfage on river is covered with 6-in. rock elm from top to bottom; the east end, return corners and side faces are protected with 3 and 4-in.

spruce deals.

The freight shed, small and badly built, was reconstructed with additional length and made 22 by 36, instead of 22 by 24 feet; it is solidly framed with angle braces, spruce knees, screw bolted and placed in better location. All around edge of wharf fine flat stones, lying in layers of 8 to 12 inches thick on the beach and from 3 to 6 feet long and 28, 30 and 34 inches wide, were lifted up and placed immediately inside capping timbers, well imbedded in gravel, keeping it in place, preventing any washing away of it when sea breaks over the wharf.

The whole of the wharf is covered with heavy gravel intend of timber flooring. Expenditure during fiscal year \$2,501.31.

# CHICOUTIMI.

The town of Chicoutimi, in the county of the same name, is situated on the south shore of the Saguenay River,  $71\frac{1}{2}$  miles above Tadousac, and at the head of navigation. The Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company's boats call two to six times a week at the Chicoutimi pier, during the season of navigation, with passengers, freight and mails.

The old buildings on the wharf were taken down and new ones erected; the new freight shed measures 60 feet by 30 feet, and the passengers' waiting room is 25 x 25 ft. These two buildings are covered with galvanized iron, and painted three coats inside and outside.

On the north side of the wharf 6 fenders  $11 \times 11$  ware placed, and 5 snubbing posts were renewed.

Expenditure during fiscal year \$1,513.34.

# CUISSES D'ALMA.

The Cuisses d'Alma in the little discharge of Lake St. John is 7 miles from St.

Joseph d'Alma.

During the last six months of the fiscal year two rocks called the 'Cuisses d'Alma,' and which obstructed the 'Petite Décharge,' were blasted for a distance of 75 feet on a width of 39 feet, and a depth of 18 feet.

Expenditure during fiscal year \$575.82.

## FATHER POINT.

Father Point, in the county of Rimouski, is on the south shore of the St. Lawrence,

about 6 miles from the village of Rimouski.

On November 8, 1900, a contract was entered into for the construction of a wharf 800 feet long, by a width of 40 feet at the bottom, tapering to 32 feet at the top; a section of this work, 100 feet long, and 8 feet high, was built by day labour, during the fall 1900. At the close of the year, the work under contract was not yet commenced.

Expenditure during fiscal year \$625.77.

### GRANDES BERGERONNES.

At Grandes Bergeronnes 21 miles below Tadousac, in the county of Chicoutimi and Saguenay, the sum \$100.00. was expended in removing boulders from the channel for a distance of 800 feet on a width of 150 feet.

# GRANDE ENTRÉE.

Grande Entrée is situated on the western end of Coffin island.

The block of 40 x 50 feet built inside of the harbour during the last fiscal year had to be completed. The outside face and corners had to be reinforced both inside and

outside, well braced and sheathed. An approach 128 feet long, 18 feet wide and 5 feet high was built to connect the block to the shore; it is protected every 5 feet by fenders. The whole has been floored with 3-inch spruce deals.

A freight shed 30 x 20 was erected on the east side of inside block.

The work was done by day labour during the months of July, August, September, October and November, at a cost of \$814.35.

# GRANDE VALLÉE.

Grande Vallée, Gaspé County, is situated in the gulf of St. Lawrence 68 miles from Ste. Anne des Monts and 30 miles from Fox River.

In June, 1901, a contract was entered into for the construction of a wharf at the

east point of the harbour.

During the fiscal year, 360 feet of crib-work, or about 4 of the total, was constructed at a cost of \$14,857.56.

### GRINDSTONE.

Grindstone is a village on the south side of Grindstone island, four miles east of Etang du Nord, settled principably by Scotch farmers and Acadian fishermen.

For years past most of the freight for the Magdalen islands has been unloaded here,

and the construction of a landing pier was greatly needed.

An approach of 605 feet, 25 to 50 feet wide in places, and of an average height of nine and a half feet on the outside face, was built along the eastern side of Grindstone Cape.

The outside face of the approach, exposed to the heavy easterly gales from the Atlantic Ocean, is protected by a sheathing of split spruce logs, held in place by two sets of walings, fastened by cross-ties and a double set of posts. A mattrass of brush was laid under the stone filling taken from the cape.

One hundred and fifteen feet of close-face cribwork was built out from the end of the approach in an easterly direction, forming the first part of the landing pier and

breakwater.

This first part of the pier is  $21\frac{1}{2}$  feet on top, with an outside batter of one in eight.

The work was done by day labour during the months of July, August, September and October, with the exception of the first 500 feet of the approach done under contract. During the months of May and June, 1902, a sum of \$2,619.83 was spent in buying tools and materials; \$190 was paid for the completion of the roadway and \$1,020.30 spent in building a crib of 64 x 24 x 8, that is two feet above low water level.

Expenditure during fiscal year, \$9,036.87.

# HOUSE HARBOUR.

House Harbour is an important port on the western end of Allright island.

The pier, built at the channel during the fiscal year 1900-01, had to be strengthened and partly floored.

Beams and 2-inch hemlock deals, bought last fiscal year, were utilized to cover 1,800 superficial feet of flooring, at a cost of \$162.05.

## HULL.

Hull, the shire town of the county of Wright, is situated on the Ottawa river, opposite the city of Ottawa. It possesses unrivalled water power privileges and contains a number of saw mills, a pulp and paper manufacture, a match factory, &c., &c.

Two large iron bridges span the river at this point connecting it with the city of

Ottawa. Population 13,988.

The work of building a concrete and masonry wharf on the Ottawa River at the

foot of St. Elizabeth St. was awarded by contract on October 30, 1900.

The wharf consists: 1st, of a landing block 130 feet wide and 70 feet deep, built up to three different levels in ten feet of water, and consisting of a cribwork substructure up to the water level, and a superstructure of concrete masonry walls with filling between them; 2nd, an approach from shore to the landing block 403 feet long built up also to three different levels, consisting of dry rubble masonry walls with filling between them. During the fiscal year 1900-01 the cribwork substructure of the landing block and a portion of the dry walls were built and some filling made, at a total cost of \$9.865.12.

During the fiscal year 1901-02 the work under contract was completed, and other works not provided for by contract were performed. These included: The cementing of the joints of the coping stones of the dry masonry walls for 1,200 lin. feet at a cost of \$788.45; the construction of an iron tube railing on both sides of the approach for a length of 718 feet at a cost of \$718; and the construction of a roadway on St. Elizabeth St. 600 feet long, 30 feet wide and protected on both sides by riprap walls built at a slope of 1 in 1, at a cost of \$2,615.62.

The total expenditure on this work for the fiscal year amounts to \$40,977.59.

### ISLE AUX COUDRES.

L'Isle aux Coudres, in the county of Charlevoix, is an island of the St. Lawrence, situated opposite Les Eboulements, about 3 miles distant from the north shore. It is 65 miles east of Quebec. Population about 900.

Spring tides rise 18 feet, neap tides 10 feet.

During the fiscal year some minor repairs were made to the wharf.

About 20 toises of stone ballast were put in, some stringers replaced and the floor-

ing repaired.

On November 19, 1901, a contract was entered into for the construction of an addition to the wharf 60 feet long, 30 feet wide on a mean height of 44 feet; at the close of the year the work was well under way. There were some dangerous rocks near the head of the wharf, which were blasted and removed.

The expenditure for both works up to June 30, 1902, is \$3,896.35.

# ILE AUX GRUES.

Ile aux Grues is an island in the St. Lawrence, which lies opposite Cape St. Ignace about 4 miles off the south shore, 40 miles below Quebec. Population about 800. Area 7,800 acres. Spring tides rise 18 feet, neap tides 11.

On October 23, 1900, a contract was entered into for the construction of a wharf

on the north side of the island.

The general description of the work is as follows: the wharf has a total length of 730 feet, and consists of a head block of open cribwork 80 feet long by 30 feet in width, 14 piers 20 feet long and 22 feet wide of similar cribwork placed 24 feet apart and connected by timber spans, with an approach 34 feet in length and 22 feet wide of stone and gravel.

Work was completed in September. Expenditure for fiscal year, \$8,709.66.

# ISLE VERTE.

The village of Isle-Verte is situated on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, about 16 miles east of Rivière du Loup and 130 miles east of Quebec; it contains flour, carding and saw mills, population, 4 600. Spring tides rise 19 feet, nears 12.

ing and saw mills, population, 4,600. Spring tides rise 19 feet, neaps 12.

The description of the pier is as follows: total length 1,283 feet, consisting of open-faced cribwork approaches, 1,233 feet long, 21 feet wide with an average height of 10

feet; a head block 93 feet wide by 50 feet long and 18 feet high.

During the last fiscal year, the following repairs were done:—A surface of 7,800 sq. feet was paved with spruce deals 3 inches thick; a middle pathway, 4 planks wide, was laid on the new flooring on a length of 367 feet, new floor stringers were put in, 2 cross-ties replaced and 14 iron bars 4-in. x  $\frac{3}{8}$ -in. were put on the steps of the staircase.

Expenditure during fiscal year \$798.39.

# KAMOURASKA.

The village of Kamouraska in the county of the same name, is on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, 90 miles below Quebec. It is a favourite summer resort. Spring tides rise 18 feet.

During the fiscal year, the extension commenced in 1900, was completed by adding 250 feet of face timbers, one third of the last row of cross ties and longitudinals, and laying flooring over a surface of 750 sq. feet. A surface of 5,200 sq. feet was sheathed with spruce deals 3 inches thick and fenders  $7\frac{1}{2}$  inches square placed at 12 feet intervals; a middle pathway, 4 planks wide has been laid over the flooring on a length of 260 feet.

The expenditure for the fiscal year \$1,450.83.

### LES EBOULEMENTS.

The village of Les Eboulements, in the county of Charlevoix, is situated on the north shore of the St. Lawrence, 65 miles east of Quebec. Spring tides rise 20 feet, neap tides 13 feet. The repairs made to the wharf in the course of the present fiscal year are as follows:—

' A middle pathway, 400 feet long, 4 planks wide was laid from the shore end for a length of 400 feet, two rows of face timber's, with stringers and flooring, renewed. The slip on the north-east side, which had been damaged by ice, was thoroughly repaired; 20 fenders were placed and minor repairs made to sheds.

Expenditure for fiscal year \$799.70.

### MATANE.

The village of Matane, in the county of Rimouski, is situated on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, at the mouth of the River Matane, 240 miles below Quebec, and 30 miles, by way of Little Metis, from St. Octave, the nearest point on the Intercolonial Railway. It contains several saw and grist mills and a spool factory. Spring tides rise 14 feet, neap tides 7 feet.

At the session of 1901, a sum of \$4,000 was appropriated for an extension to the wharf and repairs to old works. Owing to extensive accumulation of sand near the outside end of the addition built during the fall 1900, it became impossible to construct any further extension without closing altogether the access to Price Bros. wharf.

The old wharf being in need of immediate repairs, it was thoroughly restored; two of the platforms connecting the piers having become dangerous were undone, and 10 new stringers 12 x 12 in. put in; the flooring, which was worn out, was entirely renewed, on a surface of 7,200 square feet, exclusive of the approach.

The pavement was made double, the first floor in cedar deals 3 inches thick, distanced 5 inches, and the top one, in spruce deals 3 inches thick laid crosswise with \(^3\_4\)-in. joints.

The sheathing of the piers, having been damaged and broken by ice, was repaired and renewed with spruce timber 7 inches in thickness; cap timbers were replaced on the whole surface; 10 mooring posts, in cedar, 12 x 14-in. and 12 feet long were put in and the flooring of the approach, 2,000 sq. feet. was renewed. Lastly, 30 "toise" of stone ballast were distributed in the extension built last year.

The expenditure during the fiscal year was \$1,411.09.

## MONTMAGNY.

Montinagny, in the county of same name, is a thriving town on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, on the Intercolonial Railway, 36 miles below Quebec. The Rivière

du Sud flows across the town; it contains a large saw-mill, a pulp mill and many other

industries. Spring tides rise 20 feet, neap tides 13 feet.

In the course of the fiscal year, the flooring of the wharf, which was entirely worn out, was renewed with 3-in. spruce deals; two fenders were replaced and a winch repaired. The pier is 205 feet long, the outer 55 feet are 30 feet wide, and the remaining 150 feet, 24 feet wide. There is a depth of water of 4 feet at low tides.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$364.37.

# MONTREAL HARBOUR.

# Lower Division.

The actual work on the contract was commenced in June 1901 and interrupted on November 21, same year. At the date, there were 4 of the 20 proposed cribs, sunk and loaded; two more were built and almost ready to sink in position. The excavation was completed for the western bulkhead and was progressing along the southwest side of the pier.

Earth refilling was begun behind the bulkhead and carried to the level of the

original ground.

In 1902, the ice came down on the March 28, and on the April 5, the local ferry-

boats commenced running.

Preparations were made in April, and on the 28th of that month, construction work was started on the bottom flooring of crib No. 7; at the end of fiscal year, cribs Nos. 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 had been launched, being then at a height of  $6\frac{1}{2}$  feet from bottom; No. 5, built in 1901, was sunk, loaded and refilling commenced on the high level pier proper.

Dredging was carried on ahead of the cribs and space made ready for crib No, 6. The building of concrete footing blocks was begun on 13th of June and 62 were completed at the end of the same month. These blocks are moulded at the quarry, \frac{3}{4} mile from the wharf, and brought on a railroad track, built by the contractors, the track is also used to bring stone ballast for the cribs and crushed stone for the concrete walls.

Expenditure during fiscal year, \$201,722.69.

# MURRAY BAY.

Murray Bay, or Malbaie, is one of the best known and most frequented summer resorts of the north shore of the St. Lawrence, in the county of Charlevoix,  $83\frac{1}{2}$  miles below Quebec. The village is situate on both sides of the mouth of the River Malbaie, which empties into a bay one mile deep and about  $2\frac{1}{2}$  miles wide at its entrance. At low tide the bay is dry, with the exception of small channels through which the river discharges. The steamers of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company call here daily, and a heavy traffic is done. Spring tides rise 20 feet. Neap tides, 12 feet.

During the fiscal year, about half the surface of the wharf has been repaired. A length of 400 feet of the old structure was renewed on a mean height of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, and then raised 3 feet. A double railing was built, the sheathing on the west side was entirely renewed and that on the east side repaired, and five ladders were placed where required. Repairs were also made to the outside end, and iron straps put on the corners. During winter, 211 "toises" of stone ballast were put in. In the months of May and June, a shed 55 feet long and 26 feet wide was erected. These works were carried out by day labour. The present condition of the wharf is very good.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$6,792.74.

# NEW CARLISLE.

New Carlisle, on the north shore of the Baie des Chaleurs, is the chief town of the county of Bonaventure, distant 65 miles from Campbellton, N.B.

During the fiscal year, the landing slip on the east side of the New Carlisle wharf, rendered useless by the raising of the flooring of the wharf at the upper end, the

previous season, was placed in proper position.

In the course of this last spring the lower part of same slip was badly damaged in a heavy storm, and the balance of appropriation was used in effecting temporary repairs to keep it from further injury, until properly repaired. The work done on rebuilding the slip, consisted in going back 35 feet onto the flooring, cutting it down 10 feet wide on a slant, continuing the planking all the way down, partly on trestles, partly on cribwork down to lower end of slip. Sixty-three yards of stone ballast were also put in slip and several openings in flooring where ballast escaped, were refilled and blocked up; 82 feet of 6" hardwood sheathing were placed on east of wharf some 25 ft. out from slip, where two lengths of face timbers were broken through by the ice. To give access at outer end of wharf at low tide, when accumulated sand on sides prevents approach on either sides at low water, steps were cut out in end of wharf, 7 ft. wide by 6 ft. deep and 5 ft. high. Guard rails were placed at upper end of slip on both sides, where necessary for due safety.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$698.80.

### NEWPORT.

The village of Newport, in the county of Gaspé, it situated at the mouth of the river of the same name, on the north shore of the Baie des Chaleurs, 88 miles east of Campbellton, N.B., and 50 miles west of Caplan. Spring tides rise  $4\frac{1}{2}$  feet. The population of the village is extensively engaged in fishing, which is carried on almost to the exclusion of all other pursuits.

In 1884 works to improve the harbour were constructed and completed in 1887. The works consist of two parallel piers; the west pier 75 feet long and the east pier

230 feet long.

There is also a breakwater at Les Islets 160 feet long with an approach 30 feet long. During the past fiscal year material was purchased, with which to extend the breakwater, at a cost of \$741.19.

# NOTRE-DAME DU LAC.

The Village of Notre-Dame is situate on the west side of Lake Temiscouata, on the Temiscouata Railway, about midway between Rivière du Loup and Edmundston. It is the centre of an extensive lumber trade; two steamboats and numerons sailboats are plying at all time over the lake which is nearly 30 miles long with a width varying from 1½ to 5 miles.

In order to provide landings on both sides of the lake, two small piers of open-face cribwork were commenced during the month of October 1900; one on the west shore,

opposite the church, and the other on the east shore a little up the lake.

In the course of the fiscal year, these piers have been raised 5 feet at the outer ends and brought level to the shore ground; they were filled with stone ballast and with spruce deals. Steps were provided for landing at low water; they also were sheathed all around.

The description of the piers is as follows: approach 78 feet long, 14 feet wide; head block 29 x 25 feet, by 16 feet high.

Expenditure during the last fiscal year, \$1,185.72.

### PERCÉ.

Percé is the shire-town of Gaspé, situated on the Gulf of St. Lawrence, 36 miles from Gaspé Basin. It consists of two small coves called North and South Beach.

In 1888-89 a breakwater, used as a landing pier, was constructed in the south cove. During the past fiscal year repairs were made to the above landing pier by doubling over the old flooring with 3 inches spruce deals the full width of 20 feet by a length of 320 feet, and a landing ladder was placed at a cost for all repairs of \$598.76.

## PETITES BERGERONNES.

At Petites Bergeronnes, 18 miles below Tadousac, in the county of Chicoutimi, the sum of \$230.50 was expended in removing boulders from the channel of the river, for a distance of 2,100 feet on a width of 300 feet.

### RIMOUSKI.

Rimouski is situated on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, 180 miles below Quebec; it is an important station of the Intercolonial railway, and the point where the transfer of the Royal mails takes place. Spring tides rise 15 feet, neap tides 9.

During the months of September and October, the sum of \$759.39 was expended to complete the construction of a shed 110 feet by 26 feet dimensions erected upon the outer end of the wharf. A light tower, 8 feet high by  $4\frac{1}{2}$  feet square was built on top

of this shed.

The attention of the department having been called to the fact that some parts of the wharf were not safe to carry the weight of trains passing over it, in November and December last, a length of 525 feet, from the outer end, was strengthened and levelled. The eastern side was raised 16 inches, new stringers were put where necessary and stone ballast added up to the height of the flooring. In May last the head of the wharf and the shed thereon having been seriously damaged, were repaired; a surface of 2,350 square feet of flooring was renewed with spruce deals 5 inches thick, and the shed thoroughly overhauled. 9 snubbing posts 10 x 10 and 30 feet in length were placed to accommodate the mail tender.

Expenditure during the fiscal year, \$2,505.32.

# RIVIÈRE AU RENARD.

Rivière au Renard is one of the most ancient settlements in the county of Gaspé. It is the first important fishing station and business place met with, proceeding from Gaspé basin, along the south shore up the St. Lawrence. The population is estimated at 1,700.

A small landing pier was constructed in 1895-6.

The pier intended to make a harbour of refuge, was started in June, 1901, and built out to 300 feet from its junction with cliff during first half of last fiscal year.

The work is close faced all through, starting with a width of 24 feet inshore, widens out to 31 feet 4 inches at end of 300 feet; at low neap tides there is some  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet of water, and in low spring tides, low water is 75 feet farther out.

The structure is 12 feet high at its junction with shore and 16 feet at outer end. The rise of water spring tides, (a very low tide on September 18 and 19) was 8 feet 3

inches.

The pier stands on a reef of solid rock extending out to nearly 100 feet more.

The work done so far is superior to any contract work now done on this coast. The amount of expenditure for work and materials was \$6,514.24.

# RIVIÈRE AUX VASES.

Rivière aux Vases, forming part of the parish of Isle-Verte in the county of Temiscouata, this river lies about midway between Cacouna and Isle Verte.

The chief trade consists in the marine grass, called 'herbes à barnaches,' people

gather this grass in boats and come inside the river to unload.

It is to provide a better landing that the construction of a pier was decided on; this landing pier is now 127 feet long, 30 feet wide and 7 feet high at its face. It is constructed along the east bank of the river, and the depth of water at high tide is 6 feet.

During the past fiscal year, some work was done to complete the construction of last year and a further addition 32 feet long of similar work was built.

Expenditure during fiscal year \$499.18.

# RIVIÈRE BLANCHE.

The village of Rivière Blanche, or St. Ulric de Matane, situated on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, is about 9 miles west of Matane. Spring tides rise 14 feet, neap tides 7 feet.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902, the following repairs have been made to the wharf: The flooring was renewed on a surface of 6,400 square feet, with 3 inch thick spruce deals; 1,000 linear feet cedar, 11 by 12 inches, have been used to renew the floor stringers, and 640 feet of same timber for renewal of top course.

A timber span 35 feet long, having become dangerous, was made anew; on the T head, a length of 150 feet cap timber was replaced and secured with 12 iron straps, 8

feet long, 4 by  $\frac{1}{2}$  inches, to prevent it from being carried away by ice shove.

Expenditure for fiscal year \$792.86.

# RIVIÈRE CAP DE CHATTE.

Cap de Chatte is situated on the St. Lawrence, at the extreme western end of the county of Gaspé. In 1898–9, a training pier was constructed along the upper side of the channel, followed by the River Cap de Chatte, across the foreshore of the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

The length of the pier is 468 feet.

During the past fiscal year the training pier on the west shore having settled down irregularly in winter of 1900, was levelled up to its normal height of 3 feet above high

spring tides, at an expenditure of \$887.72

On the east side fronting the channel, the depression ran from outer end from 26 to 10 inches back 192 feet, and on west side from 22 to 1 inch; the flooring was removed, to replace ballast washed out, some 23 feet of planking carried away was replaced, the inshore end left unfinished on 100 feet long, was completed and planked, with 3 inch spruce deals, on a length of 65 feet.

# RIVIÈRE DU LOUP (EN BAS).

Rivière du Loup, in the county of Temiscouata, is on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, 115 miles below Quebec. It is an important place, and the point where the wharf was built, is a favourite summer resort.

During the fiscal year, the sum of \$55.50 has been spent to put the movable slip

in place, which had been carried away during a storm.

### RIVIÈRE NOIRE.

The village of Rivière Noire, in the county of Charlevoix, forms part of the parish of St. Siméon and is distant \( \frac{1}{4} \) of a mile from the place where the isolated block has been

built. Spring tides rise 19 feet, neap tides 12 feet.

In the course of the past fiscal year, improvements were made to the harbour; the main work consisted in the construction of a standing bed 110 feet long by 30 feet wide, for vessels, built of two rows of timber laid crosswise, fastened together with iron bolts and kept to the bottom with stone and gravel. An opening 30 x 25 feet, which existed in the old wharf, and which was giving much trouble to navigators, was closed; a number of boulders and rocks were blasted and used in the work of closing the gap.

The expenditure for the fiscal year is \$999.97.

# HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY.

# St. Lawrence—Ship Channel.

During 1901 observations were taken from the three stations of the main triangulation completing the 1901 section, between Three Rivers and Batiscan.

Main triangulation points were selected, from Batiscan to Lothinière, on both shores of the river and a few east iron pipes were sunk in the ground at spots definitely chosen.

The survey of the north shore between Three Rivers and the Sorel islands was completed.

Plans were prepared of the work done between Port St. Francis and Three Rivers. First plan shows the main triangulation points, soundings and topography of the shores.

The other two are from Three Rivers to above Champlain, thence to Batiscan and show the main triangulation points and sounding only, the topography of the shores not

vet having been taken.

On May 1, 1902, six parties were sent out. Gauges were re-established at Sorel, Stone Island, Port St. Francis, Three Rivers, Cap Magdeleine, Champlain, Batiscan, St. Jean des Chaillons (Briquades and King's Wharf), Cap Charles, Leclercville, Lotbinière and Pointe Platon.

Where possible the board gauges were replaced by box-gauges which proved more satisfactory.

Main triangulation points were readjusted and definitely chosen between Batiscan and Lotbinière, and main triangulation points were selected, and flagged between Lotbinière and Pointe Platon.

The placing of cast iron pipes progressed fairly well.

The house boat, from which to take soundings, has proved very satisfactory.

In conclusion, the charts now being prepared for publication are approaching completion and it is expected they will be a credit to the department.

#### ST. ALEXIS.

St. Alexis is on the south side of Ha-Ha Baie, River Saguenay, about 63 miles from its mouth.

Four cribs 25 ft. by 25 ft., filled with stones were constructed to the south of the work commenced in 1898, these piers are distant 25 ft., and united by spans.

Height of piers, 28, 32 and 35 ft.

Expenditure during fiscal year, \$4,000.01.

# ST. ANDRÉ.

The village of St. André in the county of Kamouraska, is situated on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, about 15 miles west of Rivière du Loup; it is a station of the Intercolonial railway. Population about 2,500. Spring tides rise 18 feet, neap 10. A wharf built by Mr. Alfred Desjardins was bought by the Department of Public Works; it consists of an earthen embankment 850 feet long, on a mean hight of 6 feet, of 9 piers connected by platforms of 30 feet span; the head pier, which is 25 x 25 feet and 15 feet high, which is being built, was commenced in 1900, at the close of the year it was not yet completed.

During the fiscal year, the sum of \$300 has been expended in doing repairs to the approach in the following way: length of 65 feet was surrounded with a timber frame composed of cross-ties and longitudinals, supporting on both sides a planking, inclined 1 in 4, of spruce deals 3-in. thick, and sunk  $1\frac{1}{2}$  foot in the clay. It seems the only way to prevent the embankment from being washed away by waves. Some temporary repairs

were also made to the remaining part of the approach.

# STE. ANNE DU SAGUENAY.

The parish of Ste. Anne du Saguenay is situated on the north shore of the Saguenay river,  $72\frac{1}{2}$  miles above Tadousac, and opposite the town of Chicoutimi. Its population is over 2,000. Besides the church and post office, the parish contains 7 stores, four cheese factories, a lime kiln, a brick-yard and a pottery, The only market for the sale of the produce of the farms of this section of the northshore of the river is Chicoutimi.

A crib 40 feet long, 30 feet wide and 27 feet high, was constructed at the eastern extremity of the wharf, it is fully sheathed with 5-in. tamarack.

The flooring of the wharf was renewed on a space 200 feet long and 27 feet wide.

Expenditure during fiscal year, \$3,102.07.

# ST. FULGENCE.

St. Fulgence (otherwise called l'Anse aux Foins) is a small village in Chicoutimi county, on the north shore of the Saguenay river, 10 miles from Chicoutimi. It contains one Roman Catholic church, four stores and two saw-mills. Population of parish, 1,000.

During the fiscal year, 25 toises of stone were put in crib commenced in I897; the

south and north faces of this pier were sheathed with 5-in. tamerack.

Expenditure during fiscal year, \$502.23.

# ST. IRÉNÉE.

The village of St. Irénée is situated in the county of Charlevoix, on the north shore of the St. Lawrence, 78 miles east of Quebec, and 6 miles west of Murray Bay; it contains several sawmills, two grist-mills and a cheese factory.

Spring tides rise 19 feet, neap tides 12 feet.

Much trouble is experienced with the pier, on account of its tendency to lean over

on the east side which is due to the scouring of the sand.

During the past year, that part of the wharf which is dry at low tide was thoroughly repaired; the shore end on a length of 100 feet, was lifted and, after having excavated to hard bottom, 7 rows of timber were put in, a ballast floor was also constructed and 12 toises of stone ballast put in. A length of 200 feet on a mean height of 10 feet was sheathed with 5-in. birch. Every plank was set down to hard bottom as much as possible. To allow the R. & O. Navigation Co. steamboats to draw near the wharf, without danger at low tide, boulders were blasted and removed; over 5 toises of rock were thus removed and used as ballast in wharf.

Expenditure during the fiscal year is \$1,198.93.

## ST. JÉRÔME.

St. Jérôme, county of Chicoutimi, is a village 'situated on the south bank of Lake St. John, 24 miles east of Roberval.

The wharf, commenced in 1899, consists of an approach 75 feet in length, 25 in width and 15 in height, filled with stone ballast, sand, &c.; two outer blocks 75 feet in length by 20 feet in width, with 22-foot spans between, which are connected by stringers and planking. The whole length of 275 feet was planked, 6 snubbing posts were placed, &c., at a cost of \$4,999.28.

Two cribs, 74 feet by 25 feet, were built at the northern extremity of the wharf in 1901-2. These two cribs were filled with stone and sheathed with 5-inch tamarack, and 3-inch tamarack was laid on a length of 150 feet.

Expenditure during fiscal year, \$1,999.97.

# ST. LAURENT, ILE D'ORLEANS.

The village of St. Laurent, in the county of Montmoreney, is situated on the south side of the island of Orleans, 10 miles east of Quebec.

Spring tides rise 19 feet, neap tides 13 feet.

In the course of the fiscal year general repairs have been done to the wharf; a surface of 570 square feet was sheathed with elm; 38 fenders were placed and 17 lengthened by 8 feet; 4 ladders, oak and iron, were placed where needed, and two face timbers, broken by ice, were renewed; oak steps were placed along the slip, and two coatings of paint were given to the shed.

During the month of June, 1902, a contract was entered into for the construction

of an addition to the wharf 70 feet in length and 60 feet in width.

Expenditure during the year, \$860.34.

### ST. MICHEL.

St. Michel is a pretty village below Quebec, situated on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, about 12 miles east of Lévis.

Spring tides rise 19 feet, neap tides 13 feet.

For the last two years extensive repairs have been made to the wharf, and in the course of this fiscal year the superstructure, on a length of 405 feet, was entirely renewed. A further length of 100 feet was also reconstructed, but only on half its width. The new work has a mean height of 6 feet. Half the ballast floor was renewed and 900 cubic yards of stone added in. On the north-east side, on a length of 505 feet, the sheathing was renewed on a height of 12 feet with spruce deals 3 inches thick; 82 fenders, 22 feet long, 22 x 8 inches, were also placed on that side. Eight mooring posts, 16 inches square, and two snubbing posts, 25 feet long, 13 x 12 inches, were placed where required. The flooring and the cap timbers were renewed on the whole surface of the section repaired. The work was done by day labour.

A survey of the channel dredged by the dredge Nithsdale was made during the

month of April to ascertain the depth of water at low tide.

Expenditure during the fiscal year, \$5,791.23.

### ST. NICHOLAS.

The village of St. Nicholas is situated on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, 14 miles above Quebec; it is one of the best farming places in that vicinity. Spring tides rise 18 feet. To accommodate the shipping trade of the village and of the neighbouring places, a landing pier was built by this department; its length is 380 feet with an approach 150 feet, the width at the shore and outside ends are 25 and 48 feet respectively.

During the spring of 1901, the outside end, on a length of 60 feet, was carried away by an ice shove. In the course of the fiscal year, the damaged timbers and the ballast were piled on the shore to be used in the work of reconstruction, a certain quantity of timber was also purchased. Later on, it was decided to do the work by contract; plans and specifications were then prepared and a contract entered into. At the close of the present year, the work was not yet commenced on account of the water being too high.

The amount expended in the course of the fiscal year is \$1,785.73.

# ST ROCH DES AULNAIES.

The village of St. Roch des Aulnaies, in the county of L'Islet, lies on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, 66 miles below Quebec. Spring tides rise 20 feet, neap tides 13 feet.

The contract for the construction of a wharf, entered into during the month of June, 1899, was completed in September, 1901. The amount of contract was \$6,087, but owing to some changes in the dimensions and kind of work in the appaoach, an extra work was ordered at a cost of \$1,192, making in all, \$7,279. During the month of August of the present year, the sum of \$208.06 had been expended to remove boulders near the head of the wharf, and to place a ladder.

The severe storms that occurred in the course of the fall of 1901, proved that the wharf and approach, as built according to contract, are not high enough, and that it would be expedient to increase the height of the whole work, and to cement the large stones laid on top of the approach, to prevent them from being moved out of position by waves. This work was done during the months of April, May and June; the cribwork part was raised  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, and on top of the stone approach, was laid two facings, about 3 feet in thickness by  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet in height, of ashlar and block-in-course masonry backed with rubbles; over the rubble filling, a layer of concrete 5 inches in thickness was spread. The work was done by day labour and the expenditure during the fiscal year amounted to \$4,430.65.

## ST. SIMÉON.

St. Siméon is situated in the county of Charlevoix, on the north shore of the St. Lawrence, 15 miles below Murray Bay. Spring tides rise 19 feet, neap tides 12 feet.

An isolated block, 50 x 40 feet and 10 feet high, was built some years ago; its outside end stands in 13 feet of water at low tide. It was badly damaged by ice during the past winters, the north-east part has been lifted and thrown into the slip; most of the face timber was broken. A height of 15 feet, on half the surface, was taken down, the broken timber renewed and the work rebuilt, additional ballast was also put in. Temporary fenders were placed to protect the work until further repairs be done. Expenditure during the fiscal year, \$799.53.

# TADOUSAC (ANSE À L'EAU).

Tadousac, the chef-lieu of Saguenay county, is a watering place on the northeastern side of the Saguenay river, about 5 miles above its mouth, and is much frequented by tourists and health seekers during the summer season. The village contains three churches, one of which is the oldest church built in Canada, being erected in 1747, four hotels and stores, a telegraph office, a post office and many handsome villas; a fish hatchery has also been established here by the Department of Marine and Fisheries. Population of village about 900, of parish, 2,440.

The face of the wharf, for a length of 180 feet, was sheathed with 6-inch birch: twenty fenders 11 inches by 11 inches and 25 feet long, as well as five new snubbing

posts were placed.

The flooring of the pier constructed to 1890, and the flooring of the approach, on a length of 175 feet, were renewed with 3-inch pine.

Expenditure during fiscal year, \$1,370.91.

# TROIS PISTOLES.

Trois Pistoles, in the county of Temiscouata, is a village on the Intercolonial railway, 25 miles below Rivière du Loup; it is a flourishing centre to which converges

an extensive traffic. Spring tides rise 18 feet, neap tides 10 feet.

In the course of the fiscal year ended June 30 1902, the following repairs were effected to the wharf: At the outside face, a surface of 1,000 square feet has been sheathed with spruce planks 4 inches thick; this work was made as a protection against the action of ice, on the face timbers which were already much damaged. Minor repairs were also done to cap timbers, side courses and flooring; 150 loads of gravel were used to improve the approach, and a coating of paint given to cap timbers and handrails.

Navigators complaining of not having any place as shelter during the fall, a small waiting room 10 by 14 was built over the outside end of the wharf. The balance of

money was used to remove boulders from close proximity to the wharf.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$500.50.

# PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

### BAYFIELD.

The village of Bayfield, county of Huron, is situated at the mouth of the river of the same name, which empties into Lake Huron, 12 miles south of the town of Goderich. It contains one grist and saw mill.

On November 27 last a contract was let for the construction of an extension of the south pier, 120 feet in length, 30 feet wide, and to dredge a berth for the cribs to 16

feet below low water.

Up to June 30, no active operations had commenced, but the contractor had nearly all his timber on the ground ready to frame.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$153.64.

## BRONTE.

Bronte is situated in the county of Halton, on the north shore of Lake Ontario, 27 miles south-east of Toronto.

At the last session of Parliament the sum of \$7,000 was appropriated for improve-

ments and repairs.

Work was commenced on July 1, and 1 crib, 50 ft. x 24 ft., 2 cribs, 41 ft. x 16 ft. (total length, 132 ft.) were placed on the outer end of east pier, and 536 ft. in length of superstructure was built and a channel 900 ft. long and 30 ft. wide, with a depth of water of 12 feet, was excavated.

The dredging for berths of cribs was performed by plant belonging to the depart-

ment.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$7,002.90.

### BRUCE MINES.

Bruce Mines is situated in the Algoma district, on the north shore of Lake Huron,

45 miles south-east of Sault Ste. Marie. Population, 1,500.

On June 19, 1901, authority was given to construct a warehouse on the new landing pier for the accommodation of freight, and an agreement was entered into for the erection of a building 30 feet by 40 feet, walls 12 feet high, with windows, doors, brick chimney, &c., for the sum of \$500. The work was completed on October 30.

On April 10 last authority was given to dredge a basin in front of the new government wharf in order to enable vessels to turn. Work was commenced on April 24 and up to June 30 the plant worked 668 hours, removing 51,080 cubic yards of material,

costing \$4,390.

Expenditure for fiscal year 1901-02 was \$718, besides dredging.

## BURLINGTON CHANNEL.

Burlington Channel, in the county of Wentworth, is simply a cut through a piece of low land which partly separates Lake Ontario from a large sheet of water called Burlington bay, enabling vessels to reach the wharf at the city of Hamilton. Both sides of the canal are lined with piers.

At the last session of parliament the sum of \$45,000 was appropriated for repairs to the piers. On October 10 a contract was let for the reconstruction of the superstructure of the west end of the south pier and to protect the channel side of both piers

with sheet piling.

A large quantity of material has been delivered, and active operations were commenced in the early part of June, but the contractor has not a sufficient nor efficient

plant to do the work by the time specified in his contract.

The swing bridge staff were employed during the season of navigation and their wages amounted to \$2,595.22 and the maintenance and repairs cost \$2,031.03. The latter amount includes the purchase of a new sprocket wheel and chain, and rebuilding bridge house, which was burned down in December, 1901.

The traffic over the swing bridge and through the channel has greatly increased

during the last few years. During the month of last August it was as follows:—

Foot passengers, 43,338; vehicles, 3,088; bicycles, 1,447; automobiles, 30; sailing yachts, 976; large steamers, 337; steam yachts, 102; electric ears, 3,808, carrying 121,248 passengers.

Expenditure for fiscal year, including dredging, \$5,961.04.

# CALLENDAR.

Callendar is situated on Eastern bay, Lake Nipissing, in the district of Algoma, some 8 miles south of North Bay.

At the last session of parliament the sum of \$2,000 was appropriated to repair the wharf. Work was commenced on September 1 and completed on June 24. The work consisted in renewing the rotten caps, stringers, flooring, &c., over the whole length of the wharf, 540 feet in length, 28 to 46 feet wide, which is built of pile bents, with an outer crib 46 feet long and 10 feet wide.

Expenditure for the fiscal year, \$1,985.72.

### COBOURG.

Cobourg is an incorporated town of Ontario in Northumberland county, situated on the north shore of Lake Ontario, on the Grand Trunk Railway, 92 miles west by south of Kingston, 69 miles north-east of Toronto, and is a port of entry. It has several mills, foundries, breweries and a car factory. Population, 4,239.

At the last session of parliament the sum of \$5,000 was appropriated for repairs and dredging. Authority was given on June 19 to expend \$2,000 on repairs to piers,

and was afterwards increased by \$3,000, making a total of \$5,000.

Work was commenced in June, operations ceasing on November 11 for the winter months and resumed in May, being completed in June last. Considerable repairs were done to the outer end of the east pier, new stringers and planking being placed where required. The coal wharf, 350 feet in length, at the shore end of the east pier, was reconstructed from low water up, also the north side of the inner harbour 775 feet in length.

Expenditure for the fiscal year, \$3,007.55.

## COLLINGWOOD.

Collingwood, is situated on the south side of the Georgian bay, township of Nottawasaga, county of Simcoe, 94 miles by railway from Toronto. It is the terminus of the Northern and Hamilton and North-western railways. There is an extensive trade in ship-building, grain and lumber, and it is the starting point of steamers for Owen Sound, Sault Ste. Marie, Parry Sound, &c. Population, 9,000.

As constituted now the harbour is very large and commodious, being protected on the north and east sides by extensive breakwaters. Several small wharfs, belonging to the town or to companies, are built inside the area inclosed by these breakwaters.

On May 26, 1900, a contract was let to deepen the channel 110 feet wide to 22 feet below zero of gauge, thus giving 20 feet at low water level from the range light inwards. The work was proceeded with at once, and completed in February, 1901, the contractor having removed 47,799 cubic yards of material.

On May 28, 1901, another contract was let for continuing the deepening and dreding the outer half of the 110 foot channel, extending from the range light to the bay, to

a depth of 22 foot below the zero of the gauge, to give 20 feet at low water from the lake to the elevator and wharfs in the inner harbour. Work was commenced early in May, and completed on October 29 last, the contractor having removed 41,793 cubic vards of material.

Mr. Boone's plant removed 6,326 cubic yards rock from the entrance to the dry dock, also excavated a cut from the harbour channel to Messrs. Charlton's Mills, on the west side of the harbour, to enable vessels to load at the mill wharfs. Up to the end of June last, 22,117 cubic yards of material had been removed.

Further dredging is proposed, which will give a channel from the bay through the

harbour, 200 feet wide at the outer end, with 20 feet depth at low water.

Expenditure for fiscal year 1901-2, \$41,872.82.

# COLPOY'S BAY.

Colpoy's Village, county of Bruce, is situated on the west side of Colpoy's Bay, about 3 miles north of Wiarton.

At the last session of Parliament the sum of \$1,400 was appropriated to extend

the landing pier.

Work was commenced on September 11, and completed on December 6, and consists of an extension of 50 feet at the outer end, 30 feet wide; 30 feet of which is fully ballasted crib-work, and 20 feet a space between the crib and the former outer end, giving 12 feet of water at the outer end of the structure,

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$1,399.07.

## DEPOT HARBOUR.

Depot Harbour is situated on the north-east coast of the Georgian Bay, 60 miles north of Collingwood and 263 miles west of Ottawa. The wharfage and other facilities in this harbour were built by the Canada Atlantic Railway, who have made it the western terminus of their line. It is a splendid natural harbour, three eights of a mile in width, deep enough to accommodate the largest vessels employed on the lakes, and perfectly safe in all winds and weathers. In connection with this harbour, a huge elevator, capacious docks and warehouses, and other buildings, have been erected, and a new centre of commerce and population has been created. The elevator has a total storage capacity of 1,250,000 bushels. The requisite power for the operation of this elevater, and for the electric lighting of the terminus is generated in a power house located in the western end of the elevator. The warehouses, two in number, are each 700 feet long by 90 feet in width, with double tracks in the rear, and the docks form an aggregate length of 3,000 feet built in 22 feet of water.

In connection with the harbour the Canada Atlantic Transit Company operates between Chicago, Milwaukee, Duluth and Depot Harbour a number of very large steel steamers of 4,000 to 7,500 tons burden each. The vessels make return trips every week, and each vessel has a capacity of 130,000 to 275,000 bushels of corn—about 175 to 275

car loads.

During the past season about 19 million bushels of grain have been carried to this harbour, there being generally two or three million bushels in transit. Large quantities of flour, pork, starch, &c., for British and continental ports are also transported every season; also extensive package freight from New England for the west, and considerable Manitoba package freight.

In 1900, the Canada Atlantic Railway Company applied for aid, to the amount of \$200,000, towards the construction of docks and other harbour improvements required

to meet the increasing traffic in this harbour.

During the last session of parliament a sum of \$65,000 was granted to be applied towards the construction of an additional length to the elevator wharf. The proposed extension to be 1,250 feet long, built outwards from the end of the present elevator wharf towards Supply Island.

On May 14 last, a contract for this extension of 1,250 feet was let, comprising the

following works:

1st. Substructure.—The underwater portion of the wharf extension to be built in 6 cribs: No. 1, 250 feet long by 60 feet wide, and cribs Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, 200 feet long each and 60 feet wide, and of sufficient height, that when sunk in place, the top shall extend one foot above low water.

2nd. Superstructure.—That portion of the wharf extension to be built out of water on top of the cribs to be continuous cribwork, carried up from the level of the top of cribs to a height of 6 feet, after the cribs have been set to the proper alignment and sunk

to the required level.

The cribs are to be built solid to a level 18 feet below low water and cribwork walls on both sides built upon them to the height of 1 foot above low water. The superstructure will be the continuation of these walls built to a height of 7 feet above low water level.

An artificial foundation intended to carry the structure for a distance of 500 feet, along its length, had to be provided for, before works of construction could be commenced, as it was discovered that the bottom upon which that portion of the structure would rest was of too soft a nature to carry its weight. This foundation consists of stone rip-rap deposited in the bottom and levelled evenly to a horizontal bed to receive the structure.

An Order in Council was passed authorizing an additional expenditure for the construction of this foundation. The work was added to the main contract as a supplement, the quantity of rock required to do the work was estimated at 15,000 cubic yards and the price of \$2.50 per yard was allowed and accepted by the contractors.

Original contract price was		
Total	\$195,000	00

No works of construction had been commenced on this contract, at the end of the fiscal year 1901-2.

# GODERICH.

Goderich, in the county of Huron, is situated on the east shore of Lake Huron, at the mouth of the Maitland river, about 68 miles from Sarnia and 60 from London. It is the terminus of the Buffalo branch of the Grand Trunk Railway, and is a place of considerable importance, partly on account of large deposits of salt found in its vicinity. Population, 4,153.

1. The breakwater, the reconstruction of which was completed in Decembes 1900, is in good repair, although there are some slight settlements noticeable here and there to the extent of a few inches, but these settlements are downward and not outward, as though the cribs had settled in their proper positions more solidly on the rock bottom.

2. The north pier, which had repairs completed during July 1901, has stood the spring freshets and storms satisfactorily, and as a whole presents a fairly good appearance, although in a few scattered places the outside shell of some of the face timbers

is breaking away.

The outward appearance is comparatively satisfactory, still the timbers are in a very much decayed condition, in some instances it being difficult to find sufficient sound old timber to spike the new timber to; and these remarks will hold good in reference to the south pier as well. Some slight repairs will be made to both the north and south piers as well as to the check-water, especially where the south pier and check-water were damaged on May 9, by a vessel running into them, the expense of which will be defrayed from the grant for repairs for the present fiscal year.

However, these repairs will only be temporary, as the timbers of both piers are so badly decayed their superstructure should be completely renewed within two or three

years, or breaches will be washed through into the newly dredged channel.

3. The renewal of the superstructure of the lumber dock was completed between July, 1901, and April, 1902. The old timber and gravel filling was removed and new white pine timber with stone filling substituted.

This dock was built twelve feet wide, six high and eighteen hundred and three

long.

The appearance and construction of this dock are satisfactory from every point of

4. The Grand Trunk Railway dock is very much out of repair, the face of it being almost completely gone, in some places with holes scattered all along the ground surface. This dock is a menace and danger to both life and navigation, as at any time the filling

5. The Elevator & Transit Co's. dock is in good condition, repairs having been

made at the west end to fill a hole and prevent coal from falling into harbour.

6. The commercial dock was in very bad condition but authority being given on May 10, 1902, to reconstruct the superstructure and to utilize \$2,634 left over from the grant for renewing the lumber dock, until the appropriation for 1902-3 became available, timber was ordered at once and preparations made to commence work.

The work progresses favourably, although slowly, on account of this dock being so

much in use, difficulties are constantly occurring to retard the progress.

7. Rock blasting was completed in the fall of 1901, permitting the dredge to

deepen the inner harbour to 181 feet over the area contemplated.

is liable to fall into the cutting now being excavated by the dredge.

8. A further appropriation of \$11,200 was requested to remove an angular area of mud opposite the elevator; to clean up in front of commercial dock; to remove drifted sand from the channel at entrance to piers, and to remove islands and deepen basin at the east end of harbour.

The mud opposite elevator has not been removed but the loose rock in front of Commercial dock has, and the channel at entrance cleaned out, as well as a large portion

of islands and basin at east end.

The dredge was occupied 257 hours, 25 minutes, at a cost of \$9,972.83 to remove 16,800 cubic yards of drifted sand from entrance to piers in order to make the channel in the same condition as it had been in the fall when work closed down for the season.

This expenditure with little variation will be required from year to year to keep

the channel clear unless some protection be constructed to obviate it.

Construction and repairs		
Expenditure for fiscal yeas 1901–2 was	\$22,955 1	7

# HARWOOD.

Harwood is situated on Rice lake, county of Northumberland, 30 miles to the

north of Peterborough.

At the last session of Parliament the sum of \$500 was voted to construct a wharf and plans were prepared. It was found, that to complete the work the cost would be \$1,000, and instructions were given to expend the \$500 already voted in obtaining material until a further grant was made, this was done, and at the end of June, materials to the value of \$499.71 were purchased.

# HAWKESTONE.

Hawkestone is situated on Lake Simcoe, county of Simcoe, 14 miles east of Barrie, on the northern division of the Grand Trunk railway.

On July 12 anthority was given to expend the sum of \$140 to repair the wharf. Work was at once commenced and completed on August 6. It consisted in planking the superstructure of the inner cribs.

Further repairs were ordered to be made on May 19, and were completed in June.

They consisted in strengthening the outer end of the pier with sheet piling.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$163.35.

#### KINCARDINE.

Kineardine, in the county of Huron, is situated at the mouth of the Penetangore river, which empties into Lake Huron, 31 miles south of Southampton; it is the terminus of the Wellington, Grey and Bruce division of the Grand Trunk Railway. Extensive salt deposits are found here.

At the last session of Parliament the sum of \$6,500 was appropriated for harbour improvements, and authority to expend that money was given on July 11, 1901, to effect such repairs as were necessary to the piers. Work was commenced on July 16, and is still in progress. The repairs consist in renewing the breastwork on the southern end of the inner harbour, a length of 90 feet, and rebuilding the superstructure of the shore end of the north pier from low water up, a length of 375 feet.

Expenditure for fiscal year, including dredging, \$8,666.11.

### KINGSVILLE.

Kingsville, county of Essex South, on the north shore of Lake Erie, about 25 miles east of the mouth of the Detroit River, Essex and Lake Erie Railway. Population

At the last session of Parliament, the sum of \$20,000 was appropriated to complete repairs to the landing pier and breakwater, and to extend the latter 400 feet over the bar into deep water.

Active operations were commenced July 1, and are still in progress. The repairs to the landing pier and breakwater are completed, and four cribs 100 feet long, 30 feet wide, and 14 feet high were placed in position ready for the superstructure.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$18,601.73.

### LEAMINGTON.

Leamington, is situated in the county of Essex, on the north shore of Lake Erie 37 miles from Windsor. Population about 2,000.

On February 5, 1900, a contract was let for the sum of \$27,949, for the construction of a wharf 1,061 feet in length, the work to consist of pile bents 8 feet 6 inches between centres for a distance of 811 feet, from the shore outwards, then two cribs each 105 feet long, and an 'L' crib 40 feet by 90 feet long, running southeast,

Active operations were commenced May 4, and the work was all completed on

It was found necessary to place a talus of stone around the outer end of the structure to prevent undermining, and 800 cubic yards of large stone was used for this purpose.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$21,487.68.

# MEAFORD.

Meaford is an incorporated town in the county of Grey, on the west side of the Georgian bay, 18 miles west of Collingwood, and 20 miles to the eastward of Owen Sound. It is the terminus of the northern division of the Grand Trunk Railway.

Population, 2,500.

On June 15, 1900, a contract was let for the construction of 930 feet of close piling on the southeast side of the harbour, extending from the east abutment of the road bridge in a north-easterly direction to the east pier; the extension of the east breakwater 300 feet in length, and dredging to 20 feet at low water, an area in the harbour to accommodate large sized vessels, and for the removal of 100 feet from the outer end of the western pier, in order to widen the entrance. The amount of the contract

On July 19 last, authority was given to substitute iron piles and wooden breastwork in lieu of the close pile protection work called for in the contract, and an extra allow ance for same amounting to \$4,914 was granted to the contractor.

Owing to inadequate plant and want of material to carry on the work, considerable delay has occurred, and at the close of the fiscal year the breastwork and dredging were not completed.

Expenditure for fiscal year 1901-2 was \$40,996.48, including \$34,669.54 for dredging.

## MIDLAND.

Midland, Simcoe county, is the terminus of the Midland division of the Grand Trunk railway, on Georgian bay.

Population, about 3,500.

Large quantities of lumber are shipped to and from this harbour, and the railway company has two large grain elevators at this place. During the past two years the

Canada Iron and Furnace Company has erected large smelting works.

At the last session of Parliament the sum of \$10,000 was appropriated for dredging. Work was commenced on September 2, and up to June 30, the plant worked 1,283½ hours, and removed 47,588 cubic yards material, much of it consisting of hard pan and boulders.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$14,204.69.

### NORTH BAY.

North Bay, a town in the county of Nipissing and district of Algoma, is situated at the upper or west end of Lake Nipissing. It is the terminus of the Grand Trunk railway, at this point connecting with the Canadian Pacific railway, 227 miles north of Toronto. The town is of considerable importance and is growing very fast. Population about 2,000.

At the last session of Parliament the snm of \$500 was appropriated to pay for labour and materials to complete repairs to the wharf. This work was commenced, and

completed on July 31, at a cost of \$1,128.87.

On July 9 authority was given to construct a warehouse on piles adjoining the outer block of the wharf. A building 40 feet long, 20 feet wide, with 12 foot posts, rolling doors, shingle roof, small office, windows and doors, was erected, and completed by November 1.

## OAKVILLE.

Oakville is situated on the north shore of Lake Ontario, in the county of Halton, 22 miles west of Toronto. Population, about 1,700. It contains several mills and factories and a shipyard. The trade of the place is local. It is a station of the Hamilton branch of the Grand Trunk railway.

At the last session of parliament the sum of \$6,000 was appropriated to continue

the repairs to the east and west piers.

Three hundred and twenty-four feet of the east pier, twenty feet wide, has had the whole of the superstructure renewed from low water up, two cribs 50 feet long each and 16 feet wide, were built on the west pier, and continuous superstructure placed on same.

The dredging of berths for cribs occupied the dredge for 96 hours.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$6,005.70.

# OSHAWA.

Oshawa is situated on the north shore of Lake Ontario, in the county of Ontario, 34 miles east of Toronto. Its manufactories include engines, boilers, printing and mill machinery, agricultural implements, furniture, leather, and bolts and screws. Population, about 4,500.

At the last session of parliament the sum of \$10,000 was appropriated for repairs

to the landing pier.

Active operations were commenced on August 15. and ceased for the winter months on December 10, resuming in April, and completed in June. The whole of the pier for a length of 800 feet has been entirely rebuilt from low water level.

A storehouse, 18 x 20 feet, has been built at the outer end of the pier, and an

elevator to hoist the coal upon the pier into the coal warehouses has been erected.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$10,124.83, including \$100 for dredging.

# OWEN SOUND.

Owen Sound, in the county of Grey, is situated at the mouth of the Sydenham river, which flows into the head of Owen Sound, an arm of Georgian bay. The town is the centre of an extensive agricultural district, and is the terminus of the Grand Trunk railway branch of the Georgian Bay and Lake Erie division; also of the Canadian Pacific railway, Toronto, Grey and Bruce division. There are several lines of steamers running to and from Owen Sound. Population, 9,500.

On July 31, 1900, a contract was let for close piling on the west side of the entrance to the harbour, a length of 1,895 feet, for the bulk sum of \$28,425. Active operations were commenced in May last, and the whole of the work completed on December 29. The length of the work was reduced 20 feet, which, at \$15 per lineal

foot, brought the contract down to \$28,125.

On May 6, 1901, authority was given to dredge a channel from the bay to the wharfs of the Owen Sound and Portland Cement Company's works. Active operations were commenced on May 13, and the work completed on August 27. The plant worked 928½ hours and removed 65,444 cubic yards.

Expenditure for fiscal year, protection work  Dredging	\$20,947 53 7,548 48
Total	\$28,496 01

### PELEE ISLAND.

Pelee Island is situated at the western end of Lake Erie, in lat. 41° 46' N, log. 28° 45' W, about 30 miles south-east from the mouth of the Detroit river, and 16 miles south of the town of Kingsville, Essex county. Population of the island, about 600. The products of the island are grapes, wine, fruit and farm produce.

On October 26, 1900, a contract was let for the construction of a landing pier, on the west side of the island, 420 feet in length, consisting of eight cribs,  $30 \times 20$  ft., and seven  $30 \times 16$  ft., built of round logs, and continuous superstructure of squared timber. Active operations were commenced in June, and the work completed in October last.

Expenditure for fiscal year to June 30, 1902, \$7,779.41.

### PENETANGUISHENE.

Penetanguishene, in the county of Simcoe, is situated on the north of the eastern peninsula in Georgian bay, formed between Nottawasaga bay and the waters of the Severn river, 40 miles north-west of the town of Barrie. It is the terminus of one of the branches of the Grand Trunk railway, and a large quantity of lumber is shipped thence from the north and east shores of the Georgian bay.

At the last session of Parliament the sum of \$10,000 was appropriated for dredging. Work was commenced on September 11, and continued up to November 26, when the plant was laid up for the winter. Work was resumed on April 17 last, and up to June 30 the plant had worked 1,080 hours and removed 59,700 cubic yards of material

at a cost of \$9,039.35.

## PICKERING.

Pickering Harbour, formerly known as Frenchman's Bay, is situated on Lake Ontario, 21 miles east of Toronto.

At the last session of Parliament the sum of \$2,000 was appropriated to complete

the repairs to piers.

Ext

Active operations were commenced on September 9, and continued until October 31, when work ceased for the winter, recommencing again in May, and completed by June 30. The east pier for a length of 500 feet has been rebuilt up from low water and filled with stone ballast.

penditure for fiscal year:— Construction and repairs Dredging	
Total	\$ 2,648 52

## POINT EDWARD.

Point Edward, Sarnia, is situated in the county of Lambton, near the head of the St. Clair river, 61 miles west of London.

Population, 8,000.

On November 25, orders were given to dredge a channel 770 feet long, 25 feet wide, to a depth of 19 feet in front of the old elevator pier. Work was commenced on December 10 and completed on the 24th of the same month. The dredge worked 150 hours and removed 25,282 cubic yards of material.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$1,657.20.

## PORT ARTHUR.

Port Arthur, Algoma district, is situated on Thunder bay, at the northern end of

Lake Superior. It is an important station on the Canadian Pacific railway.

On October 14, 1901, the Duluth Dredge and Dock Co.'s dredge, No. 6, commenced work in the harbour and dredged a channel 150 feet in width, and to a depth of 21 feet below zero of gauge, along the north side of the Canadian Northern Elevator wharf, starting 100 feet beyond the end of the wharf, and terminating at west end of elevator.

A channel was also dredged on the north side of No. 5 dock, 130 feet in width, and

21 feet in depth below zero.

The dredge closed down work for the season of 1901, on November 15, having

removed, up to that date, 55,864 cubic yards, scow measurement.

Work was resumed in the spring by the Duluth Company on April 25, three cuts were made, 30 feet each in width and to a depth of 21 feet below zero, at the west end of the Canadian northern elevator; also the small triangular piece was dredged to 21 feet at end of No. 5 dock.

The Duluth Company's contract terminated on May 14, having removed this spring 19,903 cubic yards, or a total during 1901–2 of 74,903 cubic yards, scow measurement

On May 29, orders were given for five days dredging to be done at the Canadian. northern elevator, accordingly Messrs. Bowman & Co.'s dredge was brought from Fort William and put to work, south of Canadian northern elevator wharf. The amount of material removed was 6,140 cubic yards, scow measurement.

At the Kaministiquia river, Messrs. Bowman & Co.'s dredge, No. 6, performed the

following service.

At Canadian northern dock, station 103 of Mr. Lamb's survey, a cut was dredged alongside of wharf, 30 feet in width and 800 feet in length, to a depth of 20 feet.

Opposite station 78, at shoal found there, a cut was made 350 feet in length to a

depth of 20 feet.

A channel was also dredged through shoal formed opposite station 47, 90 feet in width and about 300 feet in length, to a depth of 20 feet.

Opposite station 40, at old Canadian Pacific coal dock, one cut was made through

shoal 30 feet in width for a distance of 500 feet, with a depth of 20 feet.

Two cuts were dredged, starting opposite west end of Canadian Pacific railway elevator, 30 feet each in width for a distance of 1,100 feet to a depth of 18 feet below zero of gauge.

Total amount of material dredged up to June 30, 1902, by Messrs. Bowman & Co., 56,961 cubic yards scow measurement.

Expenditure during fiscal year 1901-2, was \$20,371.57.

### PORT COLBORNE.

Port Colborne, Welland county, is situated on the south shore of Lake Erie at the outlet of the Welland canal, is 56 miles from Brantford and 20 from St. Catharines.

Population in 1901 was 1,253.

A contract for the construction of a breakwater, was awarded on March 14, 1901,

for a lump sum of \$395,000.

This breakwater when completed will extend from a point of land known as Sugar Loaf Point, in an easterly direction for a distance of 5,700 feet, and will protect the entrance of the Welland canal and the commercial docks, under construction by the Department of Railways and Canals, at the mouth of the canal, from prevailing southwesterly winds.

The breakwater consists of:

1. A head block, all crib work, 100 feet in length, 60 feet in width, built up to a height of 13 feet above the ordinary low water level of Lake Erie (13.87 feet above the mitre sill of the new lock at Port Colborne). The average depth of water in which this block is built is 21 feet.

2. Of 4,800 feet of crib-work, 25 feet in width, built to an elevation of 7 feet above ordinary low water level, with a 'break' along the southern face, 12 feet in width, stepping down to the 7 feet level.

The depth of water in which this work is to be built varies from 21 to 6 feet,

averaging full 15 feet.

3. Of a stone embankment at the shore end, 800 feet in length, 25 feet in width at the top, with slopes of 1 to 1, built of stones, laid dry by hand, with a head of rock

The first crib, adjoining the head block, was placed in position on August 19, 1901. and on June 30, 1902, the outer 900 feet of the structure, including the head block, were completed; the adjoining 900 feet were built up to 6 feet above ordinary low water level, and four cribs (400 feet) west of this, were sunk in line and filled with ballast.

During construction the work was exposed to very severe storms and suffered more or less damage. On April 27 last, the completed portion was so considerably distorted that the necessity of strengthening the structure was made apparent, and it was decided to double the width of the outer 2,400 feet of the breakwater, west of the head block.

On June 23, 1902, a supplementary contract was entered into for the performance of this work. At the close of the fiscal year the contractors had not done any work under the supplementary contract.

The whole of the work performed during the fiscal year has been well and substantially done, in the face of great difficulties, due to frequent stormy weather.

Expenditure for fiscal year to June 30, 1902, is \$183,162.60.

# PORT ELGIN.

Port Elgin, is in the electoral division of the southern portion of the county of Bruce, on the eastern shore of Lake Huron, about 24 miles north of Kincardine, and 4 miles south of Southampton. It is a station of the Wellington, Grey and Bruce division of the Grand Trunk railway. There is no track from the railway to the harbour. Population 2,000.

At the last session of Parliament the sum of \$3,500 was appropriated for dredging. The work consisted in deepening and widening the entrance channel. Work was commenced on July 10, and completed on August 31. The dredge worked 389 hours, and removed 23,339 cubic yards of material.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$3,290.

### PORT HOPE.

Port Hope is situated in the county of Durham, on the north shore of Lake Ontario, 63 miles east of Toronto, on the Grand Trunk railway, and has a population of 4,188. Chief trade is in lumber and grain.

At the last session of Parliament, the sum of \$3,700 was appropriated for repairs to piers. Work was commenced on July 1, and the appropriation all expended by October 30. The outer end of the west pier was repaired with new stringers, flooring, &c., for a length of 225 feet, and 200 feet in length of the east pier, between the warehouse and lighthouse, was entirely rebuilt from low water level up.

Expenditure for fiscal year:  Construction and repairs.  Dredging		
Total	\$ 4,645	60

# ROBBIN'S LANDING.

Robbin's Landing, is situated on Rice Lake, Alnwick township, county of Northumberland, 9 miles from the village of Harwood on the west, 9 miles from the village of Hastings on the east, and 32 miles from Peterborough to the north.

At the last session of Parliament the sum of \$1,000 was appropriated for construct-

ing a wharf or landing pier.

Active operations were commenced on July 3, and the structure completed by October 10. The wharf consists of an embankment approach, protected by stone rip-rap 97 feet in length, 20 feet wide on top, and at the outer end a fully ballasted crib 40 feet by 20 feet with superstructure of square timber.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$885.56.

### RONDEAU.

Rondeau is situated in the county of Kent, at Pointe aux Pins, on the north shore of Lake Erie, about 140 miles west of Port Colborne, the Lake Erie entrance to the Welland canal. It is a harbour of refuge, and a very important one on this side of the lake. Of late years the beach at Rondeau has become a much frequented summer resort, and many cottages have been erected. The Erie and Huron railway have constructed their line this far and have established a dock for lake ferry to deliver coal in cars from the other side.

At the last session of Parliament the sum of \$10,000 was appropriated to continue

the repairs to the piers.

Active operations were commenced on July 1, and 756 feet of the east pier has been rebuilt, 7 feet 6 inches high, from low water level, 52 feet wide at the outer end for a length of 51 feet, 29 feet wide, 290 feet long, thence 25 feet wide. The range light was moved 85 feet north until the superstructure was rebuilt, when it was placed back in its original position and securely fastened to heavy timbers on foundations.

Expenditure for fiscal year to June 30, 1902:— Construction and repairs\$ Dredging	10,036 93 4,811 16
Total\$	14,848 09

# SAUGEEN RIVER.

Saugeen river, empties into Lake Huron, 143 miles above Sarnia, it passes through the village of Southampton, situated on the shore of this lake, in the north riding of Bruce.

At the last session of Parliament the sum of \$1,600 was appropriated to complete repairs to the breakwater. Work was commenced on July 1, and completed on August 17, and consisted in completing the repairs to the outer end of the breakwater, the whole of which structure is now in complete repair.

Dredging in the channel was ordered on June 19. Seven thousand eight hundred and eight cubic yards of hard material were removed, the dredge working 341 hours.

Expenditure for fiscal year:— Repairs to breakwater\$ Dredging		
Total\$	4,337	74

# SOUTH NATION RIVER.

# Improvements at the Pitch-off.

South Nation river takes its rise in the township of Matilda, in the county of Dundas, and after a very irregular course of 100 miles, enters the Ottawa river 5 miles below Plantagenet. There are several large tributaries, which render it almost insufficient, especially during freshets, on account of its small flowing capacity, to carry all these waters without overflowing the banks and flooding large areas of land. Apart from this there exist obstructions in the bed of the river, which impede the flow of the stream, and their removal would give a freer course to the discharge, and the flooding of the lands would be averted to a certain extent.

The most serious of these obstructions is called the 'Pitch-off,' situated about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  miles above Plantagenet, and  $6\frac{1}{2}$  miles above the outlet of the river. It consists of a ridge of solid rock which crosses the river, almost from bank to bank, with an average width of 300 feet, and an elevation of about 4 feet above low water level. The bed of the river at this point is 400 feet wide.

Some years ago on the east side of the river, a cut, 100 feet wide and 1 foot deep at low water, was made through this obstruction by the local government to drain the river above and to check the summer floods which caused considerable damage to crops over an area of about 10,000 acres.

During the fiscal year 1900-01 this cut was widened to 225 feet, and excavated to a depth of  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet below low water, by removing 6,500 cubic yards of rock at a cost of \$5,017.16.

During the fiscal year 1901-02 the existing cuts were cleaned down to grade, widened to 325 feet, and excavated to grade, by removing a total of 5,200 cubic yards of rock at a cost of \$4,438.09.

The work in both cases was carried out by day labour.

# SYDENHAM RIVER.

Sydenham river has its outlet in Chenal Ecarte, the passage between St. Anne Island and the mainland. From its mouth to Wallaceburg it is a large navigable stream, above this point it divides into two branches, north to Wilkesport 14 miles, and east past Dresden 15 miles, and on these two branches small steam craft with scows are run and booms of timber are rafted.

On June 19, 1900, authority was given to expend the sum of \$5,000 in removing obstructions. Work was commenced in June, and the north branch from Wallaceburg to Dresden cleared by October 5 last, removing some 1,100 trees, snags and stumps.

Eighty saw-logs taken out of the river were sold by auction for \$40, and the proceeds deposited in the Bank of Montreal, Toronto, to the credit of the Receiver General of Canada on November 8 last.

In May last operations were commenced on the east branch and completed by the end of June, removing some 950 trees, snags and stumps, and the wreck of the barge *Gondola* from the bed of the river opposite the town of Dresden.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$2,266.05.

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## THAMES RIVER.

Thames river empties into Lake St. Clair, and is navigable as far as the town of Chatham.

At the last session of parliament, the sum of \$8,000 was voted for dredging at the mouth of the river, and removing bars and obstructions between the mouth and the town of Chatham.

On May 2 last an agreement was entered into for the carrying out of this work. Work was commenced on May 17, and up to November 21 the plant removed 79,514 cubic yards of material, and worked  $15\frac{1}{2}$  hours removing obstructions.

The channel at the mouth of the river was widened to 100 feet, the original esti-

mate being for 50 feet, consequently the quantities were increased.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$7,780.11.

#### TORONTO.

Toronto harbour is situated on the north shore of Lake Ontario, and is formed by a circular bay one and one-half miles in diameter, separated from the lake by a low island (formerly a peninsula) about six miles long, making a safe and well-sheltered harbour

for containing a large number of vessels.

On February 10, 1900, a contract was let for the sum of \$61,171, to extend the west pier at the eastern gap out into the lake a distance of 800 feet; up to date 600 feet of this work is completed, and only the superstructure on the remaining 200 feet to be done. Dredging has been done in the channel to give a sufficient width of deep water through same, and stone talus has been placed consisting of 1,000 cubic yards of large stone, around the outer end of the extension to prevent undermining.

Good results followed the placing of the talus around the outer crib sunk in position last fall, as up to June this substructure has not settled nor been thrown out of line, as had been the case with the other cribs of this structure which were exposed to the winter storms. It is expected that the superstructure on the 200 feet at the lake end

will be finished early in July next, when the contract will be completed.

Repairs have been made to the eastern pier and breakwater, and the top of same at eastern end has been planked 6 feet wide for a distance of 2,000 feet.

Expenditure for fiscal	ear-	
Construction, &c.		\$ 31,980 67
Dredging		6,710 25
9 9		
	Total	\$ 38 690 92

## THESSALON.

Thessalon is situated on the north side of the north channel (Lake Huron), in the district of Algoma, fifty miles east of Sault Ste. Marie. Considerable lumber is shipped

from this place.

On September 6 last authority was given to dredge at the mouth of the River Thessalon, in order to allow vessels to enter same to load, work was commenced, but after working about two days it was found to be impossible to keep a cut clear of the sawdust deposit, and it was abandoned.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$1,044.25.

# WABIGOON.

Wabigoon is situated on the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway, 95 miles east of Rat Portage, and 203 miles west of Port Arthur. Population about 400, chiefly engaged in mining operations.

At the last session of parliament the sum of \$3,300 was appropriated to construct a wharf. Active operations commenced on July 10, and were discontinued for the winter on October 31, and completed in June last. The work consists of building a

new wharf 168 feet in length along the lake front, 15 feet in width, composed of fully ballasted cribs and continuous superstructure; also raising the flooring of the old wharf, in order to give a width of 30 feet, and constructing a roadway approach of brush, stone and gravel.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$3,261.95.

### WIARTON.

Wiarton is situated in the north riding of the county of Bruce, at the head of Colpoy's bay, about thirty-two miles north of Owen Sound. It is the terminus of the Georgian bay and Lake Erie, branch of the Grand Trunk railway.

On March 7, 1901, a contract was let for the construction of a landing pier, 350 feet in length, inside the breakwater, the amount of the contract being \$13,320. Work

was commenced in May, and completed on September 5.

Expenditure during fiscal year \$13,756.20, including \$240 for dredging.

# PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

# BIG POINT.

A survey, plan and estimate of cost of the proposed harbour at Big Point, which is situated 12 miles north of the mouth of White Mud river, was made.

There is a fair harbour at this point that is safe against all winds, excepting south and south-easterly winds.

# FAIRFORD RIVER CANAL.

The work of excavating Fairford river canal was carried on during the fiscal year ending June 30 last. The work is composed of a through cut or canal through mostly hard, stiff clay, intermixed with some gravel and boulders towards the bottom of the excavation, with a ridge of limestone rock at the lower end.

The work of the Fairford river canal was completed by the contractors last fall and

the water allowed to flow into the excavation and has been flowing ever since.

The work was visited twice this season, and at one time the flow of the water was gauged within the prism; the quantity of water flowing through it at the time aggregated 290,048 cubic feet per minute.

The banks of the canal have stood fairly well, though a great deal of scouring has

taken place at some points.

The water has been exceedingly high in Lake Manitoba this year, in fact, its elevation is between 2 and 3 feet higher this season than the old settlers claim has been the case in 40 years.

Notwithstanding the fact that the canal discharges the quantity of water above mentioned, it is believed that in the absence of the canal, higher water would have been experienced, as not only the elevation of Lake Manitoba water is above the ordinary, but it is the ease with the other lakes such as Lake Winnipeg, Winnipegosis, &c.

but it is the case with the other lakes such as Lake Winnipeg, Winnipegosis, &c.

Lake Winnipegosis has particularly been high, a great deal of its surrounding country has been inundated and damage was done to adjacent properties, the

lumbering interests, &c.

As to the canal it is believed that its efficiency shall be felt to a greater extent when the head of the Fairford river below the canal has been cleaned out of boulders, snags, &c.

#### GIMLI.

Gimli is the most important Icelandic settlement on the west shore of Lake

Winnipeg, and is 62 miles north of the city of Winnipeg.

As reported before, the top timbers, stone, &c., of the Gimli pier crib-work was carried away by the fierce onslaughts of the wind, wave and ice, so that the amount authorized to be expended during the fiscal year 1901-2 was not sufficient to complete the work, so much damage having been done.

However, the trestle that had also been damaged was repaired, and 100 feet of the crib-work completed. Notwithstanding the fact that the original crib-work was in a

dilapidated condition, we succeeded in completing 100 feet of the crib-work.

The side walls were built up of 12 x 12 timbers well bolted with inch iron driftbolts and some 3-inch tamarack sheet piling driven around the outside walls to prevent any possibility of the ice or waves pulling apart or breaking the timbers.

A large quantity of stone was put into the crib-work.

The work was done during the winter months and completed before the breaking up of the ice in spring.

The work stood very well, and no damage whatever was done to the portion com-

pleted as described above.

The amount of \$1,472.26 was expended during the fiscal year.

## GYPSUMVILLE AND REEF OFF SANDY POINT.

A survey, plan and estimate of cost of the Gypsumville harbour were made. The mining company built piers out to enable them to load their products.

Some of the piers were carried away, only piles of stone were left in the bottom

which were a menace to navigation.

This harbour is situated about 13 miles north of Fairford river at the north-east corner of a big bay of Lake Manitoba.

### LAKE DAUPHIN.

No work was done in connection with lowering or cleaning out the bed of the Mossy River and straightening the channel; water has been so high about these rivers and lakes this last year that the doing of the work would have been, to say the least, both tedious and expensive.

## HNAUSA WHARF-LAKE WINNIPEG,

Hnausa is an Icelandic settlement situated on the west shore of Lake Winnipeg,

about 52 miles north of West Selkirk, and 70 miles north of Winnipeg.

The timbers at the water level of the outward face were broken by the onslaught of wind, waves and ice during the spring of 1901, so that the bonds uniting the top to the bottom timbers were broken, and the top timbers were apparently broken free from the lower ones.

The top work to the water level was taken down and rebuilt from there up with  $10 \times 10$  wall timbers well drift-bolted with  $1 \times 3 \times 3$  ft. bolts, and to prevent any possibility of further damage to timbers at the water level, some 3-in. tamarac sheet piling was driven at the outer face and ends of the wing. The whole was well spiked on to the wall timbers and  $2\frac{5}{5}$ -in. by 4-in. strap iron well spiked on to the sheet piling. The strap iron was used instead of ordinary timber waling pieces to avoid any chance of the ice breaking any of them. The work was completed before the ice shove this spring, and has proved a success and is in first-rate condition at present.

The amount of \$1,923.67 was expended in doing the work which was done by day

labour.

# ST. ANDREW'S RAPIDS LOCK AND DAM WORK.

As to St. Andrew's rapids lock and dam very little progress was made by the contractors. The work had to be suspended periodically, in fact frequently, on account of rain, frost, snow, high water, &c., and perhaps somewhat on account of the unwillingness of the contractors to actively prosecute the work.

Expenditure during fiscal year, \$9,584.56.

# SANDY BAY.

A survey and plan, estimate of cost and report relating to Sandy Bay harbour were made.

No work has been done other than that mentioned above, but I may add that a harbour of refuge at this point would answer a very good purpose, particularly during stormy weather, which has been quite prevalent during the last year, in fact, little or no calm water has been felt within that period.

### SHOAL LAKE.

In connection with Shoal lake, the water this season has been a great deal higher than usual, and in consequence a number of the ranchers round about the lake have suffered more or less on account of it.

### WINNIPEGOSIS.

There has been no work done to improve the channel at the mouth of the Mossy river, lake Winnipegosis, but those interested in navigation have not suffered this season since the water of the lake has been over two feet higher than ordinary, in fact, the high water has done a good deal of damage to property owners along the lake, so much so, that the people are agitating the question of having a canal dug at Meadow Portage to regulate the flow of the lake, and maintain the level of its elevation to an ordinary stage.

# BRITISH COLUMBIA.

### ANDERSON AND KENNEDY LAKES.

A very material improvement has been made to the outlets of both these lakes, the object of which is to give increased facilities to the mining claims being worked on both lakes.

# COLUMBIA RIVER, ABOVE GOLDEN.

The expenditure on this service has been limited to putting in a permanent dam at Bolt's channel and repairing temporarily, to meet high water, the other dams, less substantially built and now seriously impaired in their utility from that cause. The shore connections were repaired and during the winter piles, stone and cordwood were contracted for and delivered on the site of the work required to replace these works by more permanent structures under next year's appropriation.

The dredge *Muskrat* was, as usual, dismantled and wintered at Golden, but during the spring rise in the river, filled and sank. She was pumped out and floated, and at extreme high water was hauled out and blocked up on the bank. On examination it was found that her sheathing to hull was much decayed and would have to be replaced before she could be floated with safety. As all the dredging likely to be required for some years had been done, the heavy machinery was removed and stored, and such repairs done as to convert her into an effective pile-driver. This will be done by putting in a hoisting engine in connection with the boiler now on board, and which is a very good one, but in the near future a new hull must replace the present one, in which the kelsons and bulkheads are in an advanced stage of decay.

The expenditure for the fiscal year is \$4,993.64.

#### COLUMBIA RIVER BETWEEN ARROW LAKES.

The work on this service consisted of removing some snags from the steamboat channel at the request of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and an extension of the mattrass protection some 1,027 feet northward on the main bank of the river at Cariboo city, which completes as far as I can judge all the work of this character necessary for the present.

The expenditure on the work of protection and cleaning channel in connection with

this service is \$13,958.33.

#### DUNCAN RIVER.

The work this year was in every way more satisfactory than last. The Upper and Lower Duncan rivers from Kootenay to Healey's Landing were cleared of sweepers and overhanging trees and some snags removed.

The expenditure was \$1,968.29.

## FRASER RIVER IMPROVEMENT.

Some necessary repairs were made to mattrassing where damaged by water and in raising, extending and strengthening the shore connections of the dam closing the breach of the north-west through the sand heads. This dam appears to be satisfactorily filling the object of its erection and has diverted the water into its original channel.

The expenditure incurred in connection with this service was \$33,053.59, including

\$23,070.94 for dredging.

#### SALMON RIVER.

This appropriation has been expended in clearing the channel of obstructions to the driving of logs and in some cases cutting a channel through points to give better direction and less liability to jam. This work was done this spring and the lumber company express themselves as quite satisfied with the improvements as far as we were able to go with our limited appropriation, but the work will be continued to the upper reaches of the river as our funds enable us to continue the work of improvement, beginning at the mouth and doing the work as thoroughly as possible as we proceed.

The expenditure is \$4,952.12.

#### SKEENA RIVER.

The importance of this river is now so well established that further comment is

unnecessary in this connection.

The work of improvement to navigation this year was not as satisfactory as hoped. An unusually mild winter and a consequently high average stage of water prevented working at points intended and which under more favourable conditions could have been worked to advantage, operations were confined almost exclusively to the Kitsalas Canyon, which has now been completed as far as desirable or advisable, and, with possibly the addition of a few ring-bolts, would seem to meet the approval and requirements of the steamer men.

The snag scow, with the installation of boiler and hoisting engine and with her own propelling power, by sprocket chain and stern-wheel attachment, has proved very satisfactory. As the water in the Skeena to the head of tide is brackish the hull has been fitted with two tanks holding a sufficient supply of fresh water from which, by means of an injector, the boilers are fed.

The expenditure in connection with both rock-work and snagging is \$6,476.38.

## VICTORIA HARBOUR.

The work consisted in the continuation of the work of removal of Tuzo Rock by blasting, the removal of Tuzo shoal by the dredge *Mud Lark*, and a commencement of the work of deepening the inner harbour for the accommodation and berthing of the sealing fleet—some 40 vessels—which use this portion of the harbour for berthing or laying up during the close season. The *Mud Lark* left for Nanaimo on October 23, before completing this latter work. This and a very much needed extension of the wharf constituted the work on this service.

The expenditure was as follows:— Removal of Tuzo Rock, &c Enlarging wharf	\$11,088 901	
	\$11,990	42

#### WILLIAMS HEAD QUARANTINE STATION.

The work on this service was confined almost exclusively to the improvement of the water service by replacing the defective mains with new 4-in. east-iron pipes—for which some 3,000 lineal feet was purchased and laid.

Automatic Chabot air valves were put in working order to the marked improvement of the entire service, increasing the pressure and supply at the station materially. Much still remains to be done in this direction before the supply can be considered satisfactory.

The road connecting the station with the trunk road from Victoria to Metchosin, some  $2\frac{1}{2}$  miles, has been much improved by grading down the worst hills, renewing the bridges, and giving proper drainage to the road-bed. During quarantine this road is used by the tradesmen of Victoria furnishing supplies to the station as communication by water is not always available. It was consequently desirable that the road should be kept in repair. The work has been well done.

The following is the expenditure, \$5,978.17.

#### YUKON.

#### FIVE FINGERS RAPIDS.

The difficulties at Five Fingers are due to the shallowness of the water and the 14-inch fall which occurs at high water.

The bottom of the river is a species of natural rock dam, parts of which were blasted away.

Last year the channel between the two first islands was forcing boats on a projecting rock. Several boats met with accidents as the point projected 18 feet out of the wall.

During the present fiscal year the work of improving this channel was done under 4 to 6 feet of ice and 78 cubic yards of rock were blasted.

The work was almost complete when the river opened for navigation and it was impossible to continue, but the channel was so much improved that steamboats could go up stream without the use of the cable.

Expenditure during the fiscal year was \$3,347.12.

## THIRTY MILE RIVER.

Rocks were blasted and removed from the channel, the quantity being 167 cubic yards and the cost \$1,347.59.

## UPPER LABERGE.

Upper Laberge is situated at the foot of the Fifty Mile River, the head of Lake Laberge and 25 miles below White Horse.

Three dams were constructed to give a deep and straight channel. The dams are respectively of 3,700 feet, 2,440 feet and 400 feet. This last one, composed of brush

and stone, was completed in 1900-01.

These dams consist of two rows of piles, 10 feet apart. In the front row the piles are, at every 5 feet, braced with walings and the other row consists of piles 10 feet apart, braced to the front corresponding one with cross pieces.

The space between the piles is filled with brush and stone.

The piles are 4 feet above low water and at every 40 feet stands a 14-foot pile to indicate the channel.

During the present fiscal year 5,070 feet of dams were built. These were composed of 2,037 piles, 4,050 feet of walings, 4,654 cross pieces, 8,682 brush rolls, 865 tons of rock, 920 sacks filled with gravel and 540 18-inch bolts.

Expenditure was \$18,667.11.

(The following reports on works done, in the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario, were received too late for distribution in their proper places.)

#### QUEBEC.

#### COTEAU LANDING.

Coteau Landing, the chef-lieu of the county of Soulanges, is situated on the north shore of the St. Lawrence, at the foot of Lake St. Francis, 36 miles above Montreal,

and two miles from Coteau station on the Grand Trunk railway.

Construction.—In 1871 a mooring pier was built by the department at a distance of 880 feet from shore, and in February, 1872, a contract was entered into for the enlargement of the pier and its connection with the shore by a block and span approach. The work was completed in October, 1875, at a cost of \$11,453.88. It consists of a head block 249 feet long and 24 feet wide, with an ice-breaker 30 feet long at its upstream end, and of an approach 880 feet long and 12 feet wide, except for a length of 92 feet near the head block, where it is 24 feet wide, to give vehicles room to pass. The head block and the portion of the approach, 92 feet in length immediately adjoining, are built of open-face crib-work, filled with stone ballast, and the remaining portion, 788 feet in length of the approach, is a block and span structure. The outer face of the head block is 18 feet high above the bottom of the river and stands in 12 feet of water at low water.

Repairs.—Minor repairs were effected to the pier in 1882 at a cost of \$8. The structure was considerably damaged by ice in the spring of 1896 and was thoroughly repaired during the same year at a cost of \$1,544.42. In 1889 the department commenced the reconstruction of the block and span approach, which was completed during the year 1889–90 at a cost of \$4,005.91. The new approach has a general width of 12 feet. In 1891 the reconstruction of the head block, 279 feet long, 24 feet wide, was commenced, it was completed in 1892 at a cost of \$5,658.42. In 1897 the wharf was

again thoroughly repaired, some of the stringers were renewed and the whole of the approach and a portion of the head block were refloored with hemlock planks, 4 inches in thickness, at a cost of \$1,797.03.

During the year 1898 the outer face of the head block was resheathed with 6-inch

hemlock, at a cost of \$314.20.

During May and June last the following repairs were made: the eastern half of the outer block was renewed from the low water level to the top and refloored with 4-inch, helmock planks, some stringers of the approach were renewed and the floor repaired, the roof of the storehouse was renewed with corrugated galvanized iron and some minor repairs made.

## GREECE'S POINT.

Greece's Point, in the county of Argenteuil, is a small post village, situated on the north shore of the River Ottawa, at the foot of the Grenville canal.

The construction of a wharf at that place was commenced in September, 1901, and

completed in June, 1902.

The structure is a strong close-faced crib-work, 90 feet in length, by a width of 60 feet, close and parallel to the shore; the outer face has a height of 31 feet and stands in 13 feet at extreme low water, and is 3 feet above extreme high water.

As the pressure of the ice is great at that place the structure is very strong; there are vertical posts,  $12 \times 12$  in. at the intersection of the cross-ties with the face timber, and three at each outside corner secured to the face timber and cross ties with 1-in. machine bolts.

The outside corners are sheathed with rock elm, 10 inches thick and covered with steel plates, 6 x 12 ft. x 4 inches.

There is on the north side of the public road opposite and in connection with the

wharf a storehouse, 18 x 24 ft., and a cattle yard, 32 x 80 ft., fenced.

The work was carried out by day labour. The amount expended during the present fiscal year is \$3,498.49.

#### GRAHAM.

Graham, a post village in the municipality of Como, is situated on the south shore of the Lake of Two Mountains, in the county of Vaudreuil, 13 miles west of Vaudreuil, and 4 miles east of Rigaud; it is a station on the Canadian Pacific railway called 'Lavigne.'

Mr. William Graham of the locality, owned an old wharf, which he transferred to the government, free of charge, with a right of way from the public road, at the foot of La Montée Ste Marthe to the wharf, a distance of 435 feet, by a width of 30 feet.

The wharf was so dilapidated, that it had to be entirely rebuilt

The new structure consists of the following:—

(a.) A solid stone embankment 240 feet long, 24 feet wide on top with slopes, each side, of one in one.

(b.) A pile-work block head 98 feet long and 33 feet wide.

(c.) A storehouse and waiting room, 18 x 24 feet.

The work, carried out by day labour, was commenced in September, 1899, the wharf was opened to traffic in June, 1900, and entirely completed in November of the same year. The amount expended during the present fiscal year is \$899.86.

The storehouse being inadequate to accommodate the increased traffic on that wharf, and especially the poultry traffic, a small storehouse, 15 x 15, was erected on the south-west angle of the wharf and approach in June, 1902, at a cost of \$154.36.

#### HUDSON.

Hudson, in the county of Vaudreuil, is situated on the south shore of Lake of Two Mountains; it is a favourite summer resort.

In October, 1901, the old wharf of Mr. John McNaughton was transferred to the department for the sum of \$800. As that old wharf was entirely rotten and dilapidated, it was removed to the low water level, and a new wharf was built with an extension of

20 feet long, by 20 feet wide, at the eastern end.

The new wharf is composed of close faced crib-work of a total length of 102 feet by a width of 20 feet, and a stone embankment or approach of a length of 135 feet, from the shore to the head block, by a width of 20 feet for the first 92 feet from the shore and a width of 42 feet for the remaining 43 feet to the head block, with slope one in one and guard railing. A storehouse, 18 by 24 feet with waiting room, was erected at the western angle of the head block and approach.

The work was carried out by day labour. At the end of the fiscal year, the work

was not completed.

The amount expended, including the purchase price, is \$3,999.40.

#### LANORAIE.

During November and December of the present fiscal year, repairs to the wharf were commenced. They consist in building an ice-breaker along the western side of the approach, from the shore to the head block.

The ice-breaker is built of round timber.

On the eastern side, there are braces 12 in. x 12 in. at every 10 feet, put at an angle of 45° with the side of the approach and secured at the bottom to a longitudinal piece 12 in. x 12 in. well anchored to the ground in a bed of stone.

The work, carried out by day labour, was completed at the end of June last.

#### LAPRAIRIE.

Laprairie, the chief town of the county of the same name, is situated on the south shore of the River St. Lawrence, 7 miles above Montreal.

During the fiscal year 1901-2, the western ice-breaker, which was much rotted and dilapidated, was removed, and a new one of the same size was built in its place.

The work was carried out by day labour at a cost of \$1,057.02.

#### SABREVOIS.

The parish of Ste. Anne de Sabrevois, in the county of Iberville, is situated on the east shore of the River Richelieu, 7 miles from Iberville and 6 miles from St. Alexandre, on the Canadian Pacific railway. It is a station of the East Richelieu Valley railway. It has the largest creamery in the province of Quebec, two cheese factories, one hotel, three stores, one door and sash factory, one post and telegraph office, and two churches, one Roman Catholic and one Protestant.

In order to better accommodate the traffic by water-way to and from this place, an old wharf with a right of way from the public road to the river, a distance of 1,372 feet, was purchased from Mr. Wm. Ryan, for the sum of \$500. As the old wharf was dilapidated, a new wharf was built in its place.

The new structure consists of the following, viz:—

(a). A stone embankment 200 feet long by 20 feet wide, with slopes 1 in 1.

(b). A trestle approach 120 feet long, 24 feet wide.

(c). A head block of pile-work 108 feet long, parallel to the channel, by a depth of 30 feet, with an ice-breaker at its upstream end, of solid crib-work.

The work, carried out by day labour, was commenced in February, 1900.

The work was continued during the next fiscal year and completed in November,

In June, 1902, the sum of \$998.07 was expended to raise, improve, and fence the roadway.

#### STE. ANNE DE BELLEVUF.

During September and October, 1901, the sum of \$699.73 was expended to build an extension at the east inner face of the wharf, 30 x 40 feet, and to raise to an average of two feet, a strip of land 30 feet wide along the inner face of the wharf, which had been purchased to enlarge the wharf

The wharf is now in good order and offers ample accommodation to the growing

traffic carried on there.

## STE. ANNE DE LA PÉRADE.

Ste. Anne de la Pérade, in the county of Champlain, is situated on the north shore of the River St. Lawrence, 53 miles above Quebec. The River Ste. Anne, one of the tributaries of the St. Lawrence, divides the village.

At the session of 1894 a sum of \$10,000 was voted for the protection of the village,

the municipality having subscribed the sum of \$5,000.

The proposed works were done during the winter of 1895, and consisted of five dykes. The dykes are: No. 1, 140; No. 3, 340 and No. 4, 435 feet in length, respectively; the fifth, near the Canadian Pacific railway bridge, is 340 feet in length, and that of the little channel on the west side of the river, is 550 feet in length.

These dykes consist of two rows of piles, driven 10 feet apart, and filled with brush

loaded down with stone.

It is to be remarked that the soil where the piles have been driven, is a fine sand taken down by the river from the landslide at St. Albans, the bed of the river having been raised 6 feet at Ste. Anne.

A sum of \$14,906.05 was expended during the year 1895.

During the fall of 1895, work was executed for the removal of trees, stumps, &c.,

accumulated in the little channel owing to the landslide at St. Albans.

During the winter of 1896 dyke No. 1 was reconstructed for a length of 220 feet, and No. 5 was repaired. These dykes experienced considerable damage by the breaking of the ice in December, 1895.

During the months of November and December, 1900, and January 1901, some repairs were made to dykes Nos. 1 and 2, and a round timber crib-work, with an under bed of brush, the whole loaded with stone, was constructed for a length of 400 feet by a width of 10 feet and a height of 8 feet, from the foot of dyke No. 1 to the shore.

The object of that work was to protect the dykes Nos. 1 and 2, which were liable to be carried away, or, at least, seriously damaged by freshets, owing to a wash-out from the foot of dyke No. 1 to the shore, of about 60 feet wide, and to prevent a landslide opposite the dykes.

It has proven its utility during the late freshets, when no damage was caused.

During the last fiscal year, the sum of \$2,997.17 was expended, as follows, viz: \$2,090.23, to pay the balance due on the work carried out during the previous fiscal year, and \$906.94 to procure stone to riprap a portion of the west side of the west channel, from the Canadian Pacific railway bridge, to the Municipality bridge, in order to protect that part of the village against probable landslide caused by the increased quantity of water now passing through that channel.

Though the dykes are dilapidated to some extent, they require no immediate repairs, as they are partly filled with sand, and might probably become entirely covered, because

the greatest part of the river now flows through the west channel.

#### STE. GENEVIÈVE.

During the present fiscal year, repairs were made to the pier at that place; they consist in renewing a number of stringers between the cribs, part of the flooring and repairing the guard railing.

The work was carried out by day labour at a cost of \$1,106.52.

#### ST. LAMBERT.

The town of St. Lambert is situated on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, directly opposite Montreal, in the county of Chambly and Verchères, district of Montreal. Population about 1,500.

In order to protect the bank of the river opposite the town against damages caused by the ice during the spring floods, it was decided to build a protection wall 800 feet

long.

The work was commenced in October, 1900, and in February, 1901, 310 feet were

completed.

It is a solid crib-work structure 20 feet wide at the base, set at 1 foot above

low water level, 5 feet wide at the top, with a slope 1 in 1 and 20 feet high.

The slope is sheathed with tamarack 8 inches thick, the top is covered with hemlock 6 inches thick; the space between the protection wall and the top of the bank and the whole structure is filled in with stone.

The work was done by day labour at a cost of \$9,993.05. The protection wall was continued during the present fiscal year, a length of 425 feet was built and rip-rap, 175 feet in length was erected at the east end of the protection wall.

The work, carried out by day labour, was entirely completed in April last, at a cost

of \$1,500.13.

The total length of that protection wall is 715 feet besides 175 feet of rip-rap.

During June last, a movable guard railing of a length of 675 feet was placed on top of the protection wall at a cost of \$500.09.

The work is in good order and gives general satisfaction.

#### ST. MARC.

St. Marc, in the county of Verchères, is situated on the western side of the River Richelieu, about 10 miles from Belœil.

In August 1901, the construction of a new wharf, at the site of an old wharf, built by the citizens of the locality, about two miles above the village, was commenced. It consists of a head block of pile-work, laid at the outer face of the old wharf; it has a length of 87 feet, by a width of 16 feet for the 63 upstream feet, and a width of 32 feet for the remaining 24 feet; at its upstream end there is a close-faced crib ice-breaker, 4 feet higher than the flooring of the head block. The outer face of the head block is 16 feet high, and stands in 9 feet at the lower stage of the water.

The old wharf, which is used as an approach to the new one, has been raised about 4 feet to the level of the floor of the head block, with stone and a layer of gravel and

sand on top, and stone walls, with slopes 1 in 1, have been built on both sides.

The work was completed in June, 1902, and is in perfect order. Total cost, \$3,245.67.

#### ST. MATHIAS.

St. Mathias, in the county of Rouville, is situated on the south side of the River Richelieu.

It had been decided to build a landing pier at that place, but owing to some difficulty in the purchase of the right of way, nothing was done during the fiscal year 1900-1 excepting the purchase of a quantity of timber that was procured at a cost of \$1,073.55.

During the last fiscal year 1901-2, the purchase of right of way not being completed, only materials were procured at a cost of \$1,189.88.

#### ST. SULPICE.

St. Sulpice, in the county of L'Assomption, is situated on the north shore of the River St. Lawrence.

In order to accommodate the residents of l'Isle Bouchard, to land their market produce with row-boats at St. Sulpice, a landing platform was constructed during the

present fiscal year; it has a length of 300 feet by a width of 3 feet, and a height of 4 feet at the outer end; it is laid on bents sunk into the ground 6 feet apart, and filled in with stone.

The work was carried out by day labour at a cost of \$261.11.

## ST. ZOTIQUE.

The St. Zotique pier is situated on the north shore of Lake St. Francis in the county of Soulanges, about  $2\frac{1}{2}$  miles above Coteau Landing. It consists of a block or a wharf proper 132 feet 4 inches in length, by 24 feet in width; the approach is composed of 34

piers placed at intervals of 20 feet, and varies from 8 to 12 feet in width.

During the fiscal year 1893-4, the sum of \$2,490.75 was expended in reconstructing part of the work and in repairs. During May and June, 1902, the following repairs were executed, viz: The ice-breaker was resheathed with rock elm 8 inches thick, part of the head block and approach were refloored, several stringers were renewed, the southeast corner of the head block was sheathed with rock elm and covered with steel boiler plate, the last tier of face timber of the head block was also renewed, and repairs to the storehouse and guard railing were made.

The work was carried out by day labour at a cost of \$1,099.61.

# VALLEYFIELD (RIVER ST. LOUIS CANAL FEEDER).

During the present fiscal year, repairs were made to the three bridges on the River St. Louis canal feeder.

The works were carried on by day labour at a cost of \$903.97.

Those bridges are now in good order.

# ONTARIO.

#### LANCASTER.

The town of Lancaster, situated in the county of Glengarry, Ont., 54 miles west of Montreal, has a population of about 1,000; it is a station on the Grand Trunk railway.

South Lancaster is situated one mile and a half south of Lancaster, on the north

shore of Lake St. Francis.

In February, 1901, the construction of a wharf was commenced. It consists of a head block 84 feet in length by a width of 72 feet, on piles, and a solid stone enbankment, 356 feet long, from shore to head block, by a width of 20 feet at the top, with slope one in one on both sides; a storehouse and waiting room was erected thereon.

In May, 1901, the wharf, though not completed, was open to traffic.

During the present fiscal year the wharf was completed and a cattle yard  $80 \times 150$  feet, was purchased and fenced in.

## SUMMERSTOWN.

Summerstown, in the county of Glengarry, is situated on the north shore of Lake St. Francis, 8 miles east of Cornwall.

During the month of November, 1900, some temporary repairs were done, especially to the flooring of the wharf.

The work was carried out by day labour at a cost of \$554.61.

From March to June inclusive, 1902, the wharf was thoroughly repaired. The head block was removed to the low water level, and rebuilt with close-faced 12 x 12 inch timber to a height of 4 feet; the span from the shore to the pier of the approach, was

filled in with stone. That pier was also incased in stone, forming a solid stone embankment of a length of 65 feet, by a width of 20 feet at the top, with slopes one in one at each side and at the end; the space of 20 feet from the stone enbankment and the head block is spanned with stringers and floored with 3-inch pine deals, the head block being floored the same; its two outside corners are sheathed with steel boiler plate,  $6' \times 6' \times \frac{4}{8}''$ , The fence of the cattle yard was renewed and painted, and the storehouse was repaired and painted. The wharf is now in very good order.

The work was carried out by day labour at a cost of \$895.07.

#### WENDOVER.

Wendover, in the county of Prescott, is situated on the south shore of the River Ottawa, opposite North Nation Mills, a station of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company; the nearest railway station is Plantagenet, distant about 8 miles.

The construction of a wharf was commenced in September, 1901; it consists of the

following, viz.:-

(a.) A stone embankment, of a length of 160 feet from the shore by a width of 18

feet at the top, with slopes one in one, and a height of 12 feet at the north end.

(b.) A trestle or pile approach, of a length of 342 feet from the stone embankment to the head block, by a width of 18 feet for 294 feet and a width of 60 feet for the remaining 48 feet adjacent to the head block.

(c.) A head block of pile work laid at an angle of eighty-two degrees, thirty minutes with the approach, of a length of 71 feet by a width of 32 feet, with a close-faced crib ice-breaker at its upstream end, of a length of 37 feet by a width of 24 feet.

The water at its outer face has a height of 27 feet, stands 10 feet at the low stage

of the water, and is 3 feet above the high water level.

There is a floor of a length of 34 feet by the width of the wharf adjacent to the icebreaker, 8 feet above the low water level, with a slip 38 feet long by 11 feet wide, of a slope of one in five through the approach.

A storehouse with waiting room, 20 x 36 feet, erected on the approach adjacent to the

inner face of the wharf, along the eastern side of the slip.

Three clusters of 30 piles each, well bolted together, are placed at equal intervals between the wharf and the shore to protect the pile approach against the ice.

The work was carried out by day labour.

The wharf was opened to traffic in June last.

At the end of the present fiscal year the work was completed, except the stone approach, which must be raised 3 feet, and more braces put on the approach, to give better resistance against the ice.

The expenditure to June 30, 1902, was \$6,502.22.

#### DREDGING OPERATIONS.

During the fiscal year 1901-02 dredging was done in the following places:—

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Cheticamp, Inverness county.
Cribbins Point, Antigonish county.
Digby, Digby county.
Dominion Coal Co., Louisburg, Cape Breton county.
Dominion Coal Co., Sydney, Cape Breton county.
Liverpool, Queens county.
N. S. Steel and Coal Co., Cape Breton county.
St. Mary's River, Guysboro' county.
Yarmouth, Yarmouth county.

#### PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Hurd's Point Pier, Prince county. Murray River, King's county. Summerside, Prince county. Victoria, Crapaud, Queen's county.

#### PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

Canada Eastern Railway, York county.
Chipman and Briggs Corner, Queens county.
Douglas Booms, York county.
French Lake, Sunbury county.
Fredericton, York county.
I. C. Ry. Terminus, St. John county.
Kennebecasis, St. John county.
McClure Shoal, Queens county.
Murray & Gregory's, St. John county.
Ox Island, Sunbury county.
Springhill, York county.

# PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Blanche Shoals
Chateauguay Basin
Coteau Landing
Dorval
Graham
Grenville
Iberville
Lachine
Masson

Papineauville
Pointe Claire
St. Ignace Island
St. Johns.
St. Michel de Bellechasse
Sorel
Valleyfield
Yamaska river.

#### PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Adolphustown
Bath
Besserer
Bowmanville
Bronte
Burlington
Calumet
Collingwood
Hamilton
Hawkesbury
Kaministiquia River
Kincardine

Kingsville
Midland
Notre Dame de Pierreville
Oshawa
Ottawa River
Owen Sound
Pickering
Port Arthur
Port Hope
Port Stanley
Rondeau
Trenton.

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

Red River.

#### PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Chilliwhaek Comox Ladner Nanaimo

Pender Skeena River South Westminster Victoria Harbour.

## DREDGING PLANT.

The following is a summary description of the dredging plant owned and operated by the Public Works Department in the various parts of the Dominion.

## MARITIME PROVINCES.

The self-propelling elevator dredge St. Lawrence (iron hull)—		
Length over all		175 feet.
Beam		30 "
Draft when loaded aft		13.5 "
. forward		8.5 "
Least working death (Indder with 32 buckets dropped 30 feet from	how)	8.5 "
Draft when loaded, aft.  forward  Least working depth (ladder with 32 buckets dropped 30 feet from Greatest working depth (bucket ladder dropped 40 feet from bow).	2011/1	28.0
Consists of hopper for april metalic diopped 40 feet from 50%.		Sốt) oubio varde
Capacity of hopper for spoil material.	e +	o 7 miles per hour
Speed when light	U L	o 4 miles per nour.
Capacity of hopper for spoil material.  Speed when light Speed when loaded.  Daily rate of dredging in hard material.	, ol	250 to 500 onbig ridg
Daily rate of dredging in nard material		to to 100 euble yus.
ordinary earth	1 0	50 to 1,000 II
The self-propelling elevator dredge Canada (iron hull)—	1,0	50 to 1,400 "
The self-propelling elevator dredge Canada (iron hill)—		100
Length over all Beam		150 feet.
Beam		20 "
Draft when loaded, aft		11.5 "
forward		7.0 "
Least working depth		7.0 "
Greatest working depth (ladder 24 buckets)		16.0 "
Capacity of hopper for spoil material		00 cubic yards.
		3 to " miles non hour
Speed when loaded		3 to 4
Daily rate of dredging in hard bottom	180	to 270 cubic yds.
with ordinary digging	180	0 to 360 "
in soft material	360	0 to 450
Speed when light and newly painted.  Speed when loaded.  Daily rate of dredging in hard bottom.  " with ordinary digging.  " in soft material  The spoon dredge New Dominion (wooden hull)—		0 00 100
The spoon dreage New Dominion (wooden nun)—	Q	0 feet.
Length over all. Width. Draft.	9	8 11
Width	40	- 1
Drait		1 -
Greatest working depth	20	1 II
Daily rate of dredging in hard material	50	o cuore yards.
with ordinary material	40	0 11
Draft. Greatest working depth. Daily rate of dredging in hard material.  " with ordinary material.  " in soft material.  Number of dump scows or barges used.  The spoon dredge Prince Edward (wooden hull)— Length over all	,600 to 70	1 10 - 11
Number of dump scows or barges used		4 (2 are condemned).
The spoon dredge Prince Edward (wooden hull)—		
Length over all.  Width.	8	
Width	2	8 11
Draft		6 н
Greatest working depth	2	1 11
Daily rate of dredging in hard material	30	0 cubic yards.
with ordinary material	50	0 11
Draft. Greatest working depth. Daily rate of dredging in hard material.  " with ordinary material. " in soft material.	.600 to 70	0 11
Number of dump scows or barges used.  The spoon or dipper dredge George McKenzic (wooden hull)—		3
The spoon or dipper dredge George McKenzie (wooden hull)—		
Length	9	0 feet.
Width	2	8 "
Draft		G
Createst working death	2	2 "
Daily rate of dredging in hard material	35	0 cubic yards.
ordinary material		0
	50	0 11
soft material	50	0 11
Draft. Greatest working depth.  Daily rate of dredging in hard material.  ordinary material.  soft material.  Number of dump scows or barges used	50	0 " 0 " 3
Number of dump scows or barges used  The boom and dinner dredge Cane Breton (steel bull)—	50	0 " 0 " 3
The boom and dipper dredge Canc Breton (steel hull)—		o
The boom and dipper dredge Cape Breton (steel hull)—	9	1 feet.
The boom and dipper dredge Cape Breton (steel hull)—	9	1 feet.
Number of dump scows or barges used The boom and dipper dredge Capc Breton (steel hull)— Length Beam. Dreft	9	1 feet. 6 "
Number of dump scows or barges used The boom and dipper dredge Capc Breton (steel hull)— Length Beam. Dreft	9	1 feet. 6 "
Number of dump scows or barges used The boom and dipper dredge Capc Breton (steel hull)— Length Beam. Dreft	9	1 feet. 6 "
The boom and dipper dredge Capc Breton (steel hull)— Length Beam. Draft. Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material.  ordinary material	9 3 1,	1 feet. 6 " 7½ " 4 " 900 cubic yards.
The boom and dipper dredge Capc Breton (steel hull)— Length Beam. Draft. Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material.  ordinary material	9 3 1,	1 feet. 6 " 7½ " 4 " 900 cubic yards.
Number of dump scows or barges used  The boom and dipper dredge Cape Breton (steel hull)— Length Beam. Draft. Greatest working depth. Daily rate of dredging in hard material.  "" ordinary material. "" soft material. "" Number of barges used (each of 210 cubic yards capacity, steel).	9 3 1,	1 feet. 6 " 7½ " 4 " 900 cubic yards.
Number of dump scows or barges used The boom and dipper dredge Capc Breton (steel hull)— Length Beam. Draft. Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material.  """ ordinary material. """ "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "	9 3 3 1,	1 feet. 6 " 7½ " 4 " 900 cubic yards. 500 " 2
Number of dump scows or barges used The boom and dipper dredge Capc Breton (steel hull)— Length Beam. Draft. Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material.  " ordinary material. " soft material. Number of barges used (each of 210 cubic yards capacity, steel). The clam shell dredge New Brunswick (wooden hull)— Length over all.		1 feet. 6 " 7½ " 4 " 900 cubic yards. 500 " 2 " 0 feet.
Number of dump scows or barges used  The boom and dipper dredge Cape Breton (steel hull)— Length Beam. Draft. Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material. ordinary material. " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	931,1,2,	1 feet. 6 " 7½ " 4 " 900 cubic yards. 500 " 2 0 feet.
Number of dump scows or barges used  The boom and dipper dredge Cape Breton (steel hull)— Length Beam. Draft. Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material. ordinary material. " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	931,1,2,	1 feet. 6 " 7½ " 4 " 900 cubic yards. 500 " 2 0 feet.
Number of dump scows or barges used  The boom and dipper dredge Cape Breton (steel hull)— Length Beam. Draft. Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material. ordinary material. " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	931,1,2,	1 feet. 6 " 7½ " 4 " 900 cubic yards. 500 " 2 0 feet.
Number of dump scows or barges used  The boom and dipper dredge Cape Breton (steel hull)— Length Beam. Draft. Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material. ordinary material. " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	931,1,2,	1 feet. 6 " 7½ " 4 " 900 cubic yards. 500 " 2 0 feet.
Number of dump scows or barges used  The boom and dipper dredge Cape Breton (steel hull)— Length Beam. Draft. Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material. ordinary material. " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	931,1,2,	1 feet. 6 " 7½ " 4 " 900 cubic yards. 500 " 2 0 feet.
The boom and dipper dredge Capc Breton (steel hull)— Length Beam. Draft. Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material.  "" soft material.  Nunber of barges used (each of 210 cubic yards capacity, steel).  The clam shell dredge New Brunswick (wooden hull)— Length over all. Width. Diaft Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material.  "" soft material.  "" soft material.	93331,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,	1 feet. 6 " 7½ " 4 " 900 cubic yards. 500 " 2 0 feet.
Number of dump scows or barges used The boom and dipper dredge Capc Breton (steel hull)— Length Beam. Draft. Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material.  " ordinary material. " soft material. Number of barges used (each of 210 cubic yards capacity, steel). The clam shell dredge New Brunswick (wooden hull)— Length over all.	93331,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,	1 feet. 6 " 7½ " 4 " 900 cubic yards. 500 " 2 0 feet.

## MARITIME PROVINCES—Concluded.

One pile driver, engine and boiler fitted on scow. One stone lifter, engine and large grips (no boiler). One (old) small scow for coal belonging to New Dominion at St. John, condemned. Two old side hopper scows at Pictou, unfit for use, belonging to Prince Edward. One old side hopper scow unfit for use, belonging to George McKenzie, at Pictou. The steam launch Cricket—

Length	36 ft. 5 in.
Beam	7 11 3 11
Hold	3 11 10 11
Draft	3 11 00 11

Two compound condensing engines 10 x 4½-in., cylinders 6-in. stroke. N.B.—Tug service performed by hired tugs in the Maritime Provinces.

#### PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

## DREDGING AT CHETICAMP, INVERNESS COUNTY.

Cheticamp harbour is on the north-west coast of Cape Breton, about midway between Capes Mabou, and St. Lawrence. It lies between Cheticamp Island and the mainland on the Gulf of St. Lawrence, 58 miles north of Mabou, with a population of about 2,000.

There is a depth of 21 feet within the harbour, but in 1875 there was only 2 feet at low water on the bar at its entrance, and the greater part of it dry; this has been increased to 13 feet at low water, equal to 16 feet at high water. The harbour is entered from the north-east through a dredged channel 80 feet wide between the Shingle Spit at Cape Cross on the north-east extremity of the island and Caveau Point. There is good anchorage for the largest vessels inside, and numbers of fishing and other vessels run here, for a harbour of refuge, in bad weather. There are several wharfs, and a government pier in the harbour.

A large amount of dredging has been done by the department at this place, and during the fiscal year 1901-02 the dredge George McKenzie was engaged between the 12th July and 12th November in deepening the channel to 21 feet at l. w. s. t., the material removed being 17,145 cubic yards, sand and gravel at a cost of 56·13 cents per cubic yard, making the entire dredging at this place 187,885 cubic yards, and the cost \$62,477.62, or 35·38 cents per cubic yard. A set of range lights on the mainland, gives the course through the dredge channel, but it must be understood that until the 21 foot channel is completed but 13 feet of water is available in the channel.

#### DREDGING AT CRIBBINS POINT, ANTIGONISH COUNTY.

As a sequence to my last report the work was continued from 1st to 12th July, removing the further quantity of 1,810 cubic yards, and completing the work at a cost of \$4,125.19, or 88.23 cents per cubic yard. The place was much exposed to gales and heavy seas. To perform the work two tugs were required to be in attendance to remove the dredge and plant to Bayfield, 8 miles distant, for shelter and protection when the weather was unfavourable and unfit for work.

# DREDGING AT DIGBY, DIGBY COUNTY.

Digby the shire town of the county of Digby, with a population of about 1,500, is beautifully situated on the south-western end of the Annapolis basin. It is an important station on the Dominion Atlantic Railway, 67 miles north from Yarmouth, 150 miles from Halifax, 20 miles from Annapolis, and is a port for arrival and departure of the daily steamer of the Dominion Atlantic Railway, plying between St. John, New Brunswick and Digby. The harbour is open at all seasons, and well protected from

nearly all quarters. Previous to the present fiscal year \$5,056.29 had been expended in improving the basin and entrance to the Digby pier by dredging, and from April 23 to June 30 in the present year the dredge Cape Breton was engaged removing 31,395 cubic yards of sand, gravel and mud, at a cost of \$5,187.74, or  $16\cdot52$  cents per cubic yard, forming a basin 675 by 300 feet, and 60 feet wide, 250 feet from side of pier out toward deep water. Further dredging is required here to complete the work.

## DREDGING AT DOMINION COAL CO.'S PIER, LOUISBURG, C.B.

Louisburg, a seaport of Cape Breton, on the south-east shore of the island, 30 miles by rail south-east of Sydney, has a good harbour open the year round. The Dominion Coal Company have large piers erected for shipping purposes and connected by rail with their several coal mines and with Sydney.

In removing a shoal from the front of and to give greater depth of water at the loading pier, the dredge St. Lawrence was engaged from July 15 to October 9, removing 22,310 cubic yards of mud, sand, gravel, logs, timber and boulders, at a cost of \$5,480.52, or 24.56 cents per cubic yard. The dredging was to 27 feet. Spring tides rise 5 feet, neaps 4 feet.

#### DREDGING AT DOMINION COAL CO.'S PIERS, SOUTH SYDNEY,

Sydney harbour is one of the finest ports on the coast, being equally easy of access and egress, and capable of containing a large number of vessels in safety. It is 3 miles wide at the outer entrance, but the navigable channel contracts rapidly to the breadth of half a mile between the two bars, which are of sand and shingle, and extend from the

shore on either side, at 5 miles within the lighthouse on Flat Point.

Inside these bars the harbour divides into the west and south arms, the former being open to east-north-east winds, except at the coal loading ground, where vessels anchor under shelter of the north-west bar, and at North Sydney, where they may lie in like manner under Allen Point. The south arm, being completely sheltered from the sea by the south-east bar, affords safe anchorage. The town of Sydney,  $3\frac{1}{4}$  miles up this arm, is exceedingly well situated on the west side and summit of a peninsula 55 feet high. It has deep water close to its wharfs, and the arm continues navigable for vessels to Sydney Bridge, a distance of two miles.

A steam ferry runs between Sydney and North Sydney. There are three patent slips at North Sydney capable of taking out of the water vessels of 200 to 1,500 tons. Spring tides rise at the bar  $3\frac{3}{4}$  feet, neaps  $2\frac{1}{3}$  feet, and at the town 5 and 4 feet.

From October 10 to November 18 the dredge St. Lawrence was engaged in improving as far as possible the depth of water at the Dominion Coal Company's piers in Sydney harbour to 27 feet, removing 8,317 cubic yards stone, sand and mud, at a cost of \$3,123.34, or 37.56 cents per cubic yard.

## DREDGING AT LIVERPOOL, QUEEN'S COUNTY.

The town of Liverpool, at the head of Liverpool bay, on the south-east of Nova Scotia, is in the county of Queen's, and has a population of about 2,500; taking in the village of Milton, two miles farther up the river, and where there are important saw-mills, this population is increased to about 4,000. These places carry on an extensive trade with Halifax, the United States and the West Indies. Liverpool harbour is never frozen over.

Spring tides rise 8 feet, and neap tides 5 feet. The dredging done in this harbour by the department previous to the present season was near the entrance of the River Mersey abreast the town; a bar over which there were but 5 feet being reduced to give 13 feet of water in a channel 175 feet wide, and improvements in the harbour channel and approaches to the wharfs, a total quantity of 33,730 cubic yards of sand, silt and sawdust being removed at a cost of \$9,960.70. Filling in having taken place, the dredge Canada operated on the bar from April 27 to June 30 in the present year, removing the further quantity of 9,900 cubic yards of sand, silt and sawdust, at a cost of \$4,253.65, or 42.06 cents per cubic yard, and was continuing the work at the close of the fiscal year.

DREDGING AT THE NOVA SCOTIA STEEL AND COAL CO.'S PIER, NORTH SYDNEY, CAPE BRETON COUNTY.

North Sydney, distant 5½ miles, is on the north side of the west arm, and is also a point of shipment for large quantities of coal. The anchorage is sheltered by the north bar. North-westerly winds throw a heavy sea upon the bar and wash the sand into the harbour. From April 29 to May 29 in the present year the dredge St. Lawrence was engaged deepening to 27 feet, where possible, at the front and sides of the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company's piers at North Sydney, removing 10,150 cubic yards of rock, sand, old timbers and silt, at a cost of \$2,124.06, or 20.92 cents per cubic yard, and greatly improving the facilities for shipping the output from the mines.

# DREDGING AT ST. MARY'S RIVER, GUYSBORO' COUNTY.

St. Mary's river flows into the Atlantic ocean, 112 miles E.N.E. of Halifax. Large quantities of deals and other lumber are shipped. At the mouth of the river is a sand bar or shoal about 1,800 feet across, from 15 feet depth outside to 15 feet depth inside the bar.

The dredge St. Lawrence was engaged from July 11 to November 17, 1900, and from May 3 to June 30, 1901 in dredging this bar to 15 feet at l.w.s.t, removing 47,687 cubic yards of sand, gravel and boulders, and during the present fiscal year from July 1 to 14, 1901, and June 9 to 30, 1902, continued the work; removing a further quantity of 8,925 cubic yards of sand and gravel, at a cost of \$2,749.99, or 30.81 cents per cubic yard, and the work is being continued on the bar and on a shoal a distance up the river.

#### DREDGING AT YARMOUTH, YARMOUTH COUNTY.

A county at the western extremity of Nova Scotia, bordering on the Atlantic, and intersected by Tusket river. The coasts are deeply indented, and the surface is extremely diversified with mountains, rivers and lakes. Area 752 square miles. Yarmouth is the shire town of the county on a small bay 88 miles from Annapolis, and 205 miles south-west of Halifax. The surrounding country is fertile and well cultivated.

The channel leading to the wharfs is narrow and circuitous but well marked with buoys and dolphins. The anchorage within Bunkers Island is safe from all winds. The dredging operations were continued, that have been in progress for a number of years, with several intermissions. The work comprises the widening, deepening and improving the channel from along the water front to deep water in the sound, and a large amount has been done, generally to a depth of 16 feet l.w.s.t., and the navigation of the harbour has been greatly improved. The total dredged area covers a length of over 4,200 feet with a width varying from 61 to 345 feet.

During the fiscal year 1901–02 the dredge *Canada* operated from October 26, 1901 to February 3, and March 27 to April 26, 1902, and removed the further quantity of 26,190 cubic yards of mud and shells, at a cost of \$5,963.13, or 22:37 cents per cubic

yard, when the work was closed until further orders.

#### PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

DREDGING AT CANADA EASTERN RAILWAY WHARF, YORK COUNTY.

The dredge New Brunswick worked on November 6 and 7 at the above wharf, removing 720 cubic yards silt and sawdust at a cost of \$75.16 or 10.43 cents per cubic yard.

DREDGING AT CHIPMAN BRIDGE TO BRIGG'S CORNER, QUEEN'S COUNTY.

In continuation of my last year's report:—

During the present fiscal year the work was continued from July 1 to 24, from October 24 to 30, 1901 and from April 15 to June 30, 1902, removing the further

quantity of 50,375 cubic yards, at a cost of 11·20 cents per cubic yard, and the work is being continued.

## DREDGING AT DOUGLAS BOOMS, YORK COUNTY.

Douglas booms are situate about six miles above Fredericton on the eastern side of the St. John river, and hold the logs and timber while being made up into rafts to be towed down the river. The channel has filled with sand and silt to the disadvantage of the work. The dredge *New Brunswick* was engaged from September 26 to November 5, removing 14,235 cubic yards sand and silt, and greatly improving the channel at a cost of 10.62 cents per cubic yard.

## DREDGING AT FREDERICTON, YORK COUNTY.

The St. John River.—At its mouth is the city of St. John, the winter port of the Dominion, the commercial metropolis, and about 86 miles up the river is Fredericton,

the capital of the province.

From August 20 to September 25, 1901, the dredge *New Brunswick* was engaged in deepening to 11 feet summer level, the waters in front of the public wharfs at the city of Fredericton, removing 11,293 cubic yards sand, silt, bark, coal and sawdust, at a cost of 17.95 cents pee cubic yard.

#### DREDGING AT FRENCH LAKE, OROMOCTO, SUNBURY COUNTY.

French lake is situated on the south side of the Oromocto river, about 7 miles

above Oromocto village.

The dredge New Brunswick continued the work from July 1, to 4, removing the further quantity of 990 cubic yards of clay and mud, at a cost of 13 26 cents per cubic yard, and completing the work most satisfactorily.

#### DREDGING AT ST. JOHN HARBOUR, WINTER PORT, CITY OF ST. JOHN.

The winter port is situate at the mouth of the St. John river, and owing to the great rise and fall of tide is free from ice all the year. On the east are two deep water terminals of the Intercolonial railway, where the large ocean steamers arrive and take in cargo. A large elevator has been erected in connection with the Intercolonial Railway terminals and deep water government piers. On the west side are the freight terminals of the Canadian Pacific railway, with a modern elevator well equipped for handling grain, in connection with the well-appointed piers and freight sheds erected by the city of St. John.

From July 2, to September 20, the dredge Cape Breton was engaged in deepening the water in front of the Intercolonial railway pier to the channel to a depth of 28 feet l.w.s.t. as conditions would permit, removing the further quantity of 22,155 cubic yards at a cost of 16 ·88 cents per cubic yard, and completing the work. The dredging required to be done as the tides served, a short time each day. Detentions were caused by steamers in the way, boulders and bad weather. The entire work amounted to 41,370 cubic yards, costing \$8,129.77 or 19 ·65 cents per cubic yard.

## DREDGING AT THE ROYAL KENNEBECASIS YACHT CLUB PIERS, ST. JOHN COUNTY.

At Millidgeville, about four miles from St. John, are the club house piers and anchorage of the Royal Kennebecasis Yacht Cluh, and here the dredge *New Dominion* before going up river was engaged from April 3 to 14, removing 2,025 cubic yards boulders, slabs, edgings and mud, at a cost of \$604.37, or 29.84 cents per cubic yard.

## DREDGING AT MURRAY AND GREGORY'S MILLS, ST. JOHN COUNTY.

The dredge New Dominion was engaged from November 8 to 16, removing 3,675 cubic yards of mud, at a cost of 6.52 cents per cubic yard.

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## DREDGING AT MCCLURE'S SHOAL, SALMOM RIVER, QUEEN'S COUNTY.

The dredge New Dominion was engaged from July 25 to October 23, removing 39,525 cubic yards of sand and silt, and improving the channel through this shoal, at a cost of 11 · 52 cents per cubic yard.

#### DREDGING AT OX ISLAND SHOAL, ST. JOHN RIVER, SUNBURY COUNTY.

This work, left unfinished by the dredge *New Brunswick* at the close of dredging in the fall of 1900, was taken up by the dredge *Cape Breton* on September 21, and by November 4, completed to ten feet summer level, by the removal of 47,460 cubic yards, at a cost of 9.92 cents per cubic yard.

#### DREDGING AT SPRINGHILL, RUSSELL AND CHAPEL SHOALS, YORK COUNTY.

Russell and Chapel shoals are about two miles above Springhill, and eight miles above the city of Fredericton, on the St. John river. They had the attention of the department during the present fiscal year. The dredge New Brunsuick worked from July 5 to August 19, 1901, and from April 11 to June 30, 1902, improving these shoals and removing 25,765 cubic yards of sand, gravel and boulders to a place of deposit three-quarters of a mile distant, at a cost of 20·42 cents per cubic yard, and is vigorously prosecuting the work.

# PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

#### DREDGING AT HURD'S POINT, PRINCE COUNTY.

Hurd's point, Prince county, is situate on the south side of the southern end of Bedeque or Summerside harbours, and about three miles south of the town of Summerside. The pier is a very important shipping place, being the outlet of a large and rich agricultural district. A channel 2,700 feet in length, 250 feet wide, with a depth of 12 feet at low water, was dredged by the dredge Prince Edward in 1884–5 from the deep water channel to the pier, and again in 1898–9, it was employed improving the channel and removing material that filled in. During the present fiscal year this dredge was engaged from July 12 to August 9, improving the depth in channel and at end and side of pier, 6,200 cubic yards were removed, at a cost of 38·67 cents per cubic yard.

#### DREDGING AT MURRAY RIVER, KING'S COUNTY.

Murray harbour has an exceedingly dangerous bar of sand, over which 10 feet can be carried at low water in ordinary spring tides, but strong eastesly winds send in so heavy a sea as to render it at times impassible, a line of breakers extending then completely across the bay from Murray Head, northward to Cody Point, a distance of nearly  $2\frac{1}{2}$  miles. Tides rise, springs  $6\frac{1}{4}$  feet, neaps  $3\frac{1}{4}$  feet.

Murray River.—A branch of the Prince Edward Island railway is now being extended from Charlottetown with its deep water terminal, the foundation for which is

being dredged to receive it.

From October 26 to December 12, 1901, and from April 25 to June 30, 1902, the dredge *Prince Edward* operated, widening and improving the channel to 10 feet low water, removing 34,110 cubic yards mud, sand and silt, at a cost of 25:31 cents per cubic yard, and the work was in progress at the close of year.

#### DREDGING AT SUMMERSIDE, PRINCE COUNTY.

Summerside, the shire town of Prince county, and the second largest town of Prince

Edward Island as regards population, has a good harbour.

Several wharfs extend from the town into Bedeque Bay harbour. The dredge *Prince Edward* was from July 1 to 11, 1901, engaged continuing the removal of the harbour middle ground, between the end of railway wharf and the lighthouse. From the 10th to 12th, the dredge was engaged in deepening the berths at Queen's wharf, 2,610 cubic yards, mud and sand were removed, at a cost of 52-03 cents per cubic yard.

# DREDGING AT VICTORIA (CRAPAUD), QUEEN'S COUNTY.

Crapaud road is a small but secure anchorage off the mouth of Brockelsby river, and between the eastern part of the Tryon shoals and the land. The space in which vessels may ride in from 12 to 15 feet at low water, is about half a mile long and two cables wide; but the anchorage for small craft, in from 7 to 9 feet, is more extensive, continuing nearly a mile farther to the westward in a narrow channel or cove in the sands which dry at low water. The entrance to this road between the eastern point of the Tryon shoals, and the shallow water off the shore to the eastward is only 180 yards wide, and carries 9 feet at low water spring tides. A dredge channel with a depth of 8 feet in and marked by poles, extends from the western buoy to a basin, which has a depth of 8 feet, and is 300 yards in extent, situate close to the bridge. The village of Victoria has a population of about 1,500 inhabitants.

The dredge *Prince Edward* was engaged during the present year from August 19 to September 27 removing a shoal from the channel, 8,390 cubic yards, at a cost of 33·69 cents per cubic yard. Up to the present time 118,040 cubic yards sand, mud and rock have been removed from the channel and basin at (Crapaud) Victoria, at a cost of

\$34,574.90, or 29.29 cents per cubic yard.

#### MARITIME PROVINCES DREDGES.

## The Dredge 'St. Lawrence.'

At the beginning of the fiscal year 1901-2 the dredge St. Lawrence was operating at Sonora, St. Mary's river, Guysboro county, Nova Scotia, improving the channel there for navigation, by opening a channel across the bar at the mouth of the river to 15 feet at l.w.s.t where possible, or until rock was met. 14th.—This work was closed, and the dredge proceeded to Louisburg in Cape Breton county, Nova Scotia, where it operated from July 15 until October 9, removing a shoal in the harbour and deepening the slips at the piers of the Dominion Coal Company. At the last mentioned date the work was closed, and the dredge proceeded to Sydney, where it operated from October 10 to November 18, improving the depth of water at the loading piers of the Dominion Coal Company, and having completed the same the dredge was ordered to Pictou, Pictou county, N.S., where it was placed on the marine slip for the winter.

Hull was cleaned, scraped and given one coat of dry red lead and oil. During the winter the old hinges were removed from hopper doors and hull, and new hinges made, fitted and put on, a new upper tumbler made and put in place of one worn out. Buckets, links and pins had renewals and repairs. Boiler examined and made ready for use, engines, condenser pumps and dredge machinery examined, lost motion taken

up, and renewals made where necessary.

All repairs being completed the crew was shipped, the dredge launched from the marine slip, and proceeded under orders to North Sydney, Cape Breton county, N.S., where it was engaged from April 29 to May 29, 1902, improving the depth of water in the channel in front of and at the piers of the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company. Some other work asked for, the dredge was unable to do, and at the last mentioned date under orders was made ready and proceeded to Port Hilford, where it was found a dangerous place for this large dredge. The dredge was now ordered to the St. Mary's river where it resumed work on June 9, and was continuing the same at the close of the fiscal year; the quantity removed during the year being 49,702 cubic yards, at a cost of 27·11 cents per cubic yard. Previous to being taken off the marine slip at Pictou, it was given two coats anticorrosive, and one coat antifouling paint.

## The Dredge 'Canada.'

At the commencement of the fiscal year 1901-2, was at Yarmouth, N.S., waiting the completion of new boiler, being built, which was received, and the dredge got to work on October 23, improving the harbour channel at Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, to a depth of 16 feet l.w.s.t. which was continued until February 3, when ice making in the harbour, the dredge was laid up, the crew paid off, and all required repairs made.

All being ready, orders were received, crew shipped, and work resumed at Yarmouth on March 27, and continued until April 26, the work closed and dredge sailed for Liverpool, Queen's county, N.S., whese it arrived and worked until June 30, improving the channel through the bar to 13 feet l.w.s.t. and the work was then being continued. The quantity removed during the year was 36,090 cubic yards, at a cost of 28·30 cents per cubic yard.

# The Dredge 'New Dominion.'

At the beginning of the fiscal year 1901–02, was engaged on the Salmon rivery between Chipman Bridge and Briggs' Corner, Queen's county, New Brunswick, and continued there until July 24, when the water in the river fell so low it became impossible to make deposit of the spoil. The dredge was at the latter date removed to McClure's shoals, five miles down the river, where it was engaged until October 23 in opening a channel through these shoals. October 24 it resumed work towards Briggs' corner, where it continued until October 30, when work was closed and the plant removed to St. John. From November 8 to 16 work was performed for Messrs. Murray & Gregory at their mills above the falls, in St. John county. At the latter date the dredge and plant were placed in winter quarters and the crew paid off.

During the winter necessary renewals and repairs were made, and all being ready the dredge proceeded on April 3 to the Royal Kennebecasis Yacht Club's pier at Millidgeville, where it operated until the 14th while waiting to go up river, improving the depth of water on the mooring grounds; at the latter date the dredge proceeded to the Salmon river (Chipman), Queen's county, and having resumed work was continuing

the same with good results at the close of the fiscal year.

During the year 95,600 cubic yards were removed, at a cost of 11.55 cents per cubic yard.

# The Dredge 'Prince Edward.'

At the commencement of the fiscal year the dredge was operating on the middle ground in Summerside harbour, Prince county, P.E.I., where it continued until July 11.

At the latter date work was closed at the middle ground and the dredge removed three miles up the river to Hurd's point, where it operated from July 12 to August 9 improving the channel and the loading berths at the pier. Orders were then given to proceed to Summerside and improve the channel at Queen's wharf, which was done, and under orders the dredge then made ready and proceeded to Victoria (Crapaud), Queen's county, when after some detention it was made ready and operated from August 19 until

September 27, removing a sand bar which had made in front of the wharfs.

Under orders the dredge then proceeded to Belfast, Queen's county, to perform some dredging, but on arrival it was found too dangerous a place to operate, at that time of year, and orders were given and the dredge proceeded to Murray river, where after a rough passage it arrived and work began on October 26 improving the channel and continued until December 12, when the crew were paid off and the plant placed in winter quarters. During the winter necessary renewals and repairs were made and dredging was resumed on April 25, and was being vigorously prosecuted at the close of the fiscal year. The quantity removed during the year was 51,320 cubic yards, at a cost of 31.56 cents per cubic yard.

# The Dredge 'George McKenzie.'

At the close of the last fiscal year the dredge George McKenzie was engaged at Cribbins' Point, Antigonish county, N.S., preparing the foundation for a new pier, continuing there until July 12 it completed the work and proceeded to Cheticamp, Inverness county, N.S., where the work of deepening the entrance to 21 feet l.w.s.t., was taken up on July 13 and continued to November 12, as the weather would permit. At the latter date the work was closed and the dredge ordered to Pictou to receive a new hull. On arrival at Pictou the dredge and plant were placed in winter quarters and the crew paid off.

Arrangements were made for building a new hull at River John, Pictou county, N.S., and at the close of the fiscal year the work was progressing well, and the old machinery will be transferred to it when ready. The quantity dredged during the first part of the fiscal year was 18,955 cubic yards, at a cost of 54.68 cents. Two tugs were required to be kept at Cribbins' Point to remove the plant to Bayfield, eight miles distant in times of stormy weather.

# The Dredge 'Cape Breton'

At the beginning of the fiscal year was operating in St. John harbour in front of the deep water terminal of the I. C. Railway. The work was from July 1 to September 20, when it was completed.

At the latter date the dredge was removed to the Ox Island Shoals, St. John river, Sudbury Co., N.B., where it worked from September 21 to November 4, and completed

the repuired channel.

The dredge was now removed to St. John, and after waiting some time for work the city asked to have done, and finding the work was not required, the crew was paid off, and dredge placed in winter quarters. During the winter necessary renewals and repairs

were made, the hull of dredge and two steel barges cleaned and painted.

In April the dredge and plant were removed to Digby in Digby county, N.S., where it was engaged from April 23 to June 30, in improving the channel to and at the Digby Pier, and forming a basin for steamers to turn in. The work was being vigorously prosecuted at the close of the fiscal year. The quantity removed by this dredge during the year was 101,010 cubic yards at a cost of 13 · 50 cents per cubic yard.

# The Dredge 'New Brunswick'

Commencing the fiscal year, was working at French lake, Sunbury county, N.B., and by July 4, commenced the work of depening a channel from the Oromocto river into the lake. It then proceeded to Springhill, York county, N.B., and resumed work there from July 5 until August 19. The water in the river having fallen so low, it became impossible to make deposit of spoil, the dredge was removed to Fredericton, and from August 20 to September 25, was engaged in deepening the channel in front of the city wharfs.

The dredge operated from September 26 to November 5, improving the river channel near the Douglas Booms in York county, and on completing there, the dredge operated November 6 and 7, at the Canada Eastern Railway wharfs, removing silt and sawdust which had lodged there. Ice now making in the river, the dredge and plant removed to St. John, and was placed in winter quarters, the crew being paid off.

During the winter necessary renewals and repairs were made, and all being ready the dredge was ordered to resume work at Springhill in York county which was done; work commencing April 11, was vigorously pushed at the close of the fiscal year. There was removed by this dredge during the year 53,005 cubic yards at a cost of 16.99 cents per cubic yard.

## The Steam Launch 'Cricket'

Gave good service during the year in attending the dredge New Brunswick, doing all the towing required in the removal of barges with spoil to place of deposit.

Memorandum of quantities removed by the several dredges in the Maritime Provinces during the fiscal Year 1901-2.

mb the mount rear rear re-	Cubic yards.
St. Lawrence	49,702
Canada	36,090
New Dominion	95,600
Prince Edward	51,320
Geo. McKenzie	18,966
Cape Breton	101,010
New Brunswick	53,005
Total	405,682

DETAILS OF DREDGING IN THE MARITIME PROVINCES. For the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1902.

bic li-		26.52	20.02	228	2222	29.84	657.8	31	13	88
Per Cubic Yard for Total Expendi- ture.		30.81 24.56 37.56		25.27 25.36	11.20 11.52 06.52		33.69 33.69	25.31	41.47	16.88
Per Ya		000	9	00	000	0	000	0	00	0
tal	cts.	23 34 29 23 34 29	24 06	83 83 83 13	645 52 556 66 239 76	604 37	58 06 51 48 56 91	10 50	750 70	38 99
Total Cost.	SO.	2,749 5,480 3,123	2,124	5,963	5,645 4,556 239	9	1,358 2,401 2,826	9,610	750 9,614	3,738
pro ruta.	cts.	80.25	3 52	65	5 69		245	10 1	3 46	56
Wintering, Repairs, Equipment and Superintendence,	es.	1,445 2,880 1,641	1,116	3,200	1,284 1,036 54	137	664 1,175 1,383	4,704	216 2,772	1,441
ubic for all		14.61 11.65 17.81	26.60	10.55 19.91	08.65 08.90 05.03	23.05	26.56 19.74 17.20	14.38	29.51	10.37
Per Cubic Yard for Local Expendi- ture.		000	0 0	0 1	000	0 2	000	0 1	00	0 1
	cts.	4524	54	1100	878	84	2022	49	24	
Expenditure at locality.	c	1,304 2,599 1,481	1,007	2,763	4,360 3,519 *185	466	693 1,226 1,443	4,906	534 6,842	2,297 73
Exp tun loc	€F9									
tity oic ds.		8,925 22,310 8,317	10,150	26,190 9,900	50,375 39,525 3,675	2,025	2,610 6,210 8,390	34,110	1,810	22,155
Quantity Cubic Yards,		∞%∞	10	800	72%	0.4	463	65	13	83
n o o	Min.	55.55	20	52.53	888	8	888	8	88	30
Time	Hrs. N	33 88 33	19	268 152	756 676 58	7.2	66 126 243	712	56	111
Date.		July 1 to 14, 1901, and June 9 to June 30, 1902. July 15 to October 9, 1901	April 29 to May 29, 1902	October 26, 1901, to Feb. 3, and March 27 to April 26, 1902	July 1 to 24, and Oct. 24 to 30, 1901, April 15 to June 30,1905. July 25 to Oct. 23, 1901	April 3 to 14, 1902	July 12 to Ang. 10 to 12, 1901 July 12 to Ang. 9, 1901 Ang. 19 to Sept. 27, 1901	Oct. 26 to Dec. 12, 1901, and April 25 to June 30, 1902	July 1 to 12, 1901 July 13 to Nov. 12, 1901.	st. John, St. John July 2 to Sept. 20, 1901
Locality.		Sonora, St. Mary's River, Guysboro Co., N.S.  Dominion Coal Co., Louisburg, C.B  Dominion Coal Co., Sydney, N.S.  Note Scotic Steel and Coal Co. North	Sydney	Yarmouth, Yarmouth Co., N.S Liverpool, Queen's Co., N.S	New Dominion. Between Chipman & Briggs Corners, Salmon River, Queen's Co., N. B July 1 to 24, and Oct. 24 to 30, McClure Shoals, Salmon River, Queen's 1901, April 15 to June 30,1902 Co., N.B	John Co., N.B.	Prince Edward. Summerside, Prince Co., P.E.I. Hurds Point Wharf, Prince Co., P.E.I. Victoria, Crapaud, Queen's Co., P.E.I.	Murray faver, King's Co., F.E.1	Geo. McKenzie. Cribbin's Point, Antigonish Co., N.S., July 1 to 12, 1901 Cheticamp, Inverness Co., N.S.	Cape Breton I. C. Ry. terminus, St. John, St. John
Dredge.		St. Lawrence		Sanada	New Dominion.		Prince Edward.		Geo. McKenzie.	Cape Breton

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\* Tug hire not included, not provided by the Department.

STATEMENT of dredging in the Maritime Provinces, showing quantities removed by and expenditure of each Dredge during the thirty

2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903

	Years 1902.	Cost per cubic yard.	& cts.	0 26 · 61 0 31 · 38 0 17 · 60 0 25 · 57 0 25 · 90 0 40 · 78 0 24 · 37 0 24 · 37
Total for thirty Yee ended June 39, 190	l for thirty Ye	Total cost.	es cts.	377,270 70 292,345 44 253,647 10 318,129 77 139,074 33 277,965 26 72,176 10 30,327 78
	Total Quantity.	c. yds.	1,417,708 931,474 1,474,689 1,243,968 534,938 681,315 462,315 462,315 462,315 6,871,273	
	Per cubic yard.	\$ cts.	0 27 11 0 28 39 0 11 35 0 11 35 0 15 60 0 16 99 0 16 99	
0, 1902.	1901-02.	Cost.	& cts.	13,477 91 10,216 78 11,046 31 11,046 31 11,046 35 10,364 92 13,644 9,008 48 83,953 27
Total quantities and cost for twenty-nine Years, ending June 30, 1902.		Quantity.	c. yds.	49,702 36,090 95,600 51,320 10,010 53,005 405,682
	ost for s, o1.	Per cubic yard.	& cts.	0 26 - 55 0 21 - 50 0 21 - 50 0 25 - 53 0 40 - 53 0 16 - 17 0 16 - 13 0 29 - 86 0 20 -
	uantities and centy-nine Year	Cost.	\$ cts.	363,792 79 282,138 66 248,602 79 301,338 70 139,074 33 207,540 34 58,540 34 58,540 34 1,319 30
	Total quent	Total Quantity.	c. yds.	1,388,001 895,384 1,379,080 1,1792,648 534,938 662,380 361,738 71,395 71,395
0		Dredge.		St. Lawrence Canada New Dominion Prince Edward (Old) Cape Breton Geo. McKenzie Cape Breton New Brunswick

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STATEMENT of dredging performed by hand in the Maritime Provinces, showing quantities removed and expenditure at each locality for the thirty years ended June 30, 1902.

							And the second s		
	Total c	Total quantity and cost for twenty-nine Years ending June 30, 1901.	st for s		1901-02.		Total of this	Total quantity and cost for thirty years ending June 30, 1902.	st for
Locality.	Total Quantity.	Cost.	Per cubic yard.	Quantity.	Cost.	Per cubic yard.	Total Quantity.	Total Cost.	Cost per Cubic yard.
,	c. yds.	& cts.	& cts.	c. yds.	e cts.	s cts.	c. yds.	& cts.	\$ cts.
Parrsboro, N.S	42,595 5,450 663	12,804 68 1,627 60 499 46	0 30.06 0 29.86 0 75.33	nil.	nil	njj.	42,595 5,450 663	12,804 68 1,627 60 499 46	0 30.06 0 29.86 0 75.33
	48,708	14,931 74	0 30.65	nil.	nil.	nil.	48,708	14,931 74	0 30.65

# PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

#### RIVER ST. LAWRENCE SHIP CHANNEL.

The distance between Montreal and Quebec by the river St. Lawrence Ship Channel is 160 miles. Of this distance about 65 per cent is natural deep water not requiring improvement.

From Montreal to Three Rivers, 82 miles, the tide is not appreciable.

Three Rivers to Batiscan, 20 miles, the tide can always be felt, but owing to uncertainty of time and height, it cannot be depended on for navigation,

Batiscan to Portneuf, 22 miles, during 6 hours out of every 12, half-tide giving

an additional depth of from 1½ to 4 feet, may be taken advantage of.

Portneuf to Quebec, 36 miles, there is a tide of from 9 to 15 feet giving tidal

navigation for about 9 hours out of every 12.

The water in the river has great annual fluctuation. The average height above ordinary low water is for May,  $6\frac{1}{2}$  ft.; June,  $4\frac{1}{3}$  ft.; July,  $3\frac{3}{4}$  ft.; August,  $1\frac{3}{4}$  ft.; September, 1 ft.; October,  $\frac{1}{3}$  ft.; November,  $\frac{3}{4}$  ft.

The total fall in water level, in the river at ordinary low water, between Montreal

and Quebec is about 29 feet.

From Montreal to Three Rivers, 11 ft.; Three Rivers to Batiscan, 3½ ft.; Batiscan

to Portneuf, 10½ ft., and from Portneuf to Quebec, 4 ft.

The current varies throughout. It is strongest at St Mary's Current in Montreal harbour, at Cap à la Roche and at the Richelieu rapids. It is quite gentle in Lake St. Peter.

The general average velocity is about 2½ miles per hour.

The general direction of the river being northerly, the season is shortened by the fact that the last ice to yield is nearest the outlet.

Before the commencement of dredging operations, in 1844, the depth on the flats of

Lake St. Peter was about 11 feet at ordinary low water of autumn of that time.

In 1888 the channel from Montreal to Cap à la Roche was completed to  $27\frac{1}{2}$  feet at ordinary low water, and at Cap à la Roche and Cap Charles, where most of the material to be removed was rock, the depth was  $27\frac{1}{2}$  feet at half tide. From Cap Charles to Quebec it was suspected that there were shoal places, but nothing definite was known.

At that time the tonnage tax having been found to militate against the interests of trade on the St. Lawrence route, an Act was passed relieving the Montreal Harbour Commissioners of their indebtedness, with respect to the River St. Lawrence Ship Channel, and transferring the work, the plant, &c., to the Government; the channel to be continued and completed as a public work.

Under the Public Works Department, from 1888 until 1898 the work begun by the

Harbour Commissioners was continued.

The difficult rock work at Cap à la Roche and Cap Charles, was completed as designed.

Almost all of the dredged portions of the river, except the channel in Lake St. Peter, were cleaned up or deepened, and many curves and narrow places were widened.

Surveys were made, and between Cap Charles and Quebec, to avoid the necessity of waiting for the tide, channels were dredged through several shoals.

The extraordinary low water of 1895 and 1897, and the increase in the size of ves-

sels, urgently called for a wider and deeper channel.

In 1897 it was decided to construct new plant consisting of large and powerful dredges, tugs, barges, &c., suitable for channel improvement on a large scale.

In 1899 the dredging plant was in a position to warrant the commencement of a more extensive plan of operations; and as two new dredges of large type, with tugs and plant had proved their efficiency; two powerful steel dredges designed according to the best practice and experience in this identical work, with tugs, &c., were almost completed and two more, to complete the six required, were authorized.

With this dredging fleet, and the necessary repair shops and ship yard at Sorel available, and having in view the faults of the old channel, the type of steamships using it, and the necessity of work capable of immediate utility, the question of type of chan-

nel to give the best results was carefully considered.

The low water of 1897, the lowest on record, except the short period of extraordinary low water of 1895, was adopted as the plain of river level at which the improved channel would be made 30 feet in depth.

It was likewise decided to make the channel as wide as could be dredged in one cut,

viz., 450 feet.

The project then decided on was to realize, in the shortest possible time, a channel 450 feet wide and 30 feet deep at the extreme low water level of 1897, from the eastern limit of Montreal harbour to available tide water at Batiscan.

Between Longue Point, the eastern limit of Montreal harbour, and tide water at Batiscan, in a distance of about 100 miles, the length of channel requiring improvement is estimated at 50 miles and between Batiseau and Quebec, 10 miles.

At the date of writing, at the end of the season of 1902, the total length completed to a minimum width of 450 feet is 22·2 miles, or 28·2 miles by including 6 miles of channel in Lake St. Peter, deepened to 30 feet, but not widened.

During 1903 it is expected that between Sorel anchorage and Montreal harbour, the channel will all be completed, marked, and opened for navigation day and night.

In 1904 before low water period, it is hoped that by taking advantage of the tide up to Batiscan, vessels of 30 feet draught may safely navigate between Quebec and Montreal, at lowest water.

In the improvements being carried on, the channel is not only being widened and deepened, but in many places it is being straightened.

The improved channel is being constructed with special reference to safety and

facility of navigation.

With good permanent range lights at both ends of long tangents, with the channel nine times wider than the broadest vessel, with curves of 3 miles diameter, and a few gas buoys at bends, isolated points and anchorages, day navigation should be safe, as well as night navigation for all inward bound and light draught vessels.

The weather on the St. Lawrence between Montreal and Quebec, is remarkably

favourable for navigation.

Fogs are most infrequent and of short duration.

Smoke rarely affects day navigation.

Snowstorms only last 24 hours at the longest, when a ship should anchor and wait for fine weather. As the permanent aids to navigation are established, in fine weather navigation would be safe without any buoys and the anxious rush to get the last vessel off before the buoys are removed would be obviated.

Winter navigation will come in due time, but in the meantime a season of 8

months, April 1 to December 1, should be established.

The month of April with its long clear days is one of the finest of the season for navigation.

Elevators and permanent sheds will soon be prepared to supply and receive April

cargoes in both Quebec and Montreal.

A few of the government tugs could be armed for the purpose of breaking up and starting the ice early in the spring, and for convoying vessels down during the bad weather late in November.

The pilotage system comes in for a great deal of criticism.

It has undoubted weak points, but the most serious accidents in 1902 were below the pilotage districts when the vessels were navigated by their own officers.

The pilots between Montreal and Quebec are to be congratulated on the record for 1902.

They are as a rule skilful men, they know the river and are gifted with the voyageur instinct, but it is not instinct that is required to pilot a 12,000 ton ship safely for 12 hours when two minutes carelessness will put her ashore.

It requires a man of calibre to command, to assume the responsibility of taking

charge of a half million dollar ship and who knows how to handle her.

The extreme low water of 1897, at which level the new channel will give a depth of 30 feet, is nearly  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet lower than the ordinary low water when there is  $27\frac{1}{2}$  feet in the present ship channel.

The depth of the new channel will, therefore, be almost 4 feet deeper than the

channel now in use.

The following table gives the averages and the greatest and least depths in the  $27\frac{1}{2}$  ft. channel, during the navigation season of each year, from 1890 to date:—

Year,			Average d	epth for ea	ch month			From Sorel gauge.  During each year,  (May to Nov.)		
	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Highest.	Lowest.	
1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902	ft. in.  35 6 34 6 31 0 36 0 34 6 33 3 33 6 35 6 31 6 36 0 33 6 34 3 33 2	ft. in.  35 3 3 31 3 31 3 31 3 31 3 31 3 31 3 3	ft. in.  31 9 29 9 31 6 30 9 31 0 28 3 28 9 30 3 29 8 30 3 29 8 30 6 29 2 32 2	ft. in.  30 6 29 9 30 6 29 9 29 0 28 3 28 0 29 3 28 6 29 6 28 3 29 4	ft. in.  30 9 30 0 28 9 29 6 28 3 27 6 28 0 28 2 27 6 28 1 27 7 28 1	ft. in.  29 9 28 3 28 6 28 9 26 9 27 0 28 3 28 8 28 9 27 4 28 1	ft. in.  30 6 28 3 28 3 28 0 29 0 26 9 27 6 28 6 27 6 27 3 29 0	ft. in.  37   0   36   9   33   6   37   6   36   0   34   6   37   0   32   1   37   9   35   9   36   3   34   1	ft. in.  29 0 27 3 27 6 27 7 25 10 27 4 26 5 26 9 27 4 26 6 27 6	

The depth in the 30 ft. channel this year, owing for the most part to the abundant rainfall, has not been less than  $31\frac{1}{2}$  feet; while in the old channel the least depth was not less than  $27\frac{1}{6}$  feet.

During the dredging operations every effort is made to dump the dredged material

so as to check cross currents and to prevent local lowing of the water level.

The whole of the dredged or doubtful portions of the ship channel, between Long Pointe, the eastern limit of Montreal harbour, and Quebce, were thoroughly tested and examined during the season of 1902, as has been done yearly since 1898.

No boulders nor obstructions of a dangerous character were found.

During the supervision of the dredging, the testing and other work, according to special orders from the Hon. the Minister, the officers of the department report the displacement of any buoys, take every precaution and when necessary use the government plant for the assistance and safety of navigation.

The details of dredging done during the fiscal year 1901-02, will be found in the

appended table.

The quantity amounted to 3,098,350 cubic yards as against 2,479,385 for the pre-

vious year.

The total quantity dredged during the season of navigation of 1902, with the new hydraulic dredge J. Israel Tarte in successful operation for four months, amounted to 5,712,710 cubic yards.

The following is a comparative statement of the dredging operations between Montreal and Quebec from 1896 to date:—

Fiscal Year.	Nature of Work.	Cubic Yard
1896-1897 1897-1898 1898-1899 1899-1900 1900-1901 1901-1902 1902, July to	Three old dredges, Laval and Laurier	330,207 625,488 474,753 1,107,894 2,479,385 3,098,350

Present capacity of plant 1,000,000 cubic yards per month or 6,000,000 per annum.

Dredging operations completed, 30-foot channel, to end of season 1902.

Locality.	Description of Work.	Width.	Depth.	Length of Channel completed.
		Feet.	Ft. In.	Miles.
Ile Ste. Thérèse	Straightening, widening and deepening.  """ Widening and deepening Straightening, widening and deepening. Widening and deepening Widening and deepening Straightening, widening and deepening		30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 30 0	2·85 0·40 3·00 4·50 1·10 1·70 4·05 2·10 1 10 6 00 0·50
trouille	Cleaning up small sand bars	300	27 6	27 30
	Completion of new channel Completion, ½ width, new channel	500 500 500	30 0 30 0 30 0	0·40 0·20 0·30 28·20

Total length of dredging	completed	between	Montreal	harbour	and	
Batiscan, to end of	season 1902					27.3 miles.
Estimated length requiri	ng dredging					50.0 "
		to Oughe	C			60:0

Note.—The low water level of 1897 is the datum to which the dredging is being done to 30 feet. This level being 1.4 feet lower than the 'ordinary low water' when there is  $27\frac{1}{2}$  feet in the ship channel, the channel being dredged will therefore be nearly 4 feet deeper than the channel now in use.

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#### SESSIONAL PAPER No. 19

## PLANT COMPLETED AND PUT IN OPERATION DURING FISCAL YEAR 1901-2.

Elevator dredge Baldwin, built at Sorel. Wooden hull, 11 yard extra heavy buckets. Greatest working depth, 42½ feet. Length, 175 feet. Breadth, 32 ft. Depth, 15 feet. Capacity per day of 20 hours, 4,000 to 6,000 cubic yards.

Two dumper scows—capacity, 300 cubic yards each.

Hydraulic dredge J. Israel Tarte, built at the Polson Iron Works, Toronto. Steel hull, and 1,700 feet of 3 feet steel discharge, pipe floated by steel pontoons. Capacity, 20,000 to 30,000 cubic vards per day of 24 hours.

Coal barge No. 3. Wooden hull. Capacity, 350 tons.
Steamer De Levis, built at Sorel. Wooden hull, twin screw. Survey steamer to replace John Pratt.

#### PLANT UNDER CONSTRUCTION AT SOREL.

Sea-going dredge. Steel ship. Combined hydraulic-elevator-hopper dredge, for maritime provinces or Lower St. Lawrence. To be completed in 1903.

Stone lifter No. 3, 1902. Almost completed. Wooden hull.

Dipper dredge, 1902. Nearly completed. Composite.

Two scows, small size, for dipper dredge.

Two dumper scows (spare), capacity 300 cubic yards each.

Shipyard shops.—The shipyard and shops with electrical equipment, wharfs, slips, offices, stores, have been all rebuilt, and are complete for dredge building and repairs. A marine railway is under consideration.

Plant taken out of commission and broken up.—Elevator dredge No. 8, built in 1874.

Plant now in operation constructed prior to 1896.—Capacity per day, 1,000 to 2,000 cubic yards.

Plant now in operation constructed since 1896.—Capacity per day, 38,000 to 58,000 cubic yards.

ESTIMATE, 30-foot Channel, December, 1902—Montreal Harbour to Quebec.

	Length of	Dredging.	Cubic Y	Tards.
Locality.	Required.	Done.	Required.	Done.
Division 1.				
Pointe aux Trembles (en haut) Isle Ste. Thérèse. Varennes to Cap St. Michel Cap. St. Michael to Verchères. Verchères Traverse. Verchères to Contrecœur. Contrecœur Channel.	2.00	2·85 0·40 3·60 4·50 1·10 1·70 4·05	1,000,000	
Total	4.50	17.60	2,000,000	
Division 2.				
Ile de Grâce Channel. Stone Island. Isle au Raisin. Lake St. Peter. (See 3.). Port St. Francis	2·30 0·25 0·50	2·10 1·10	1,000,000	
Three Rivers. Cap Madeline to Becancour Champlain to Pt. Citrouille. Batture Perron.	1·55 1·30 0·60		420,000 290,000 450,000	
Total	6.20	3.70	2,500,000	
Division 3.				
Lake St. Peter	12·00 (N	5.00 lot widened.)	16,400,000	2,600,000
Division 4.  Batiscan to Cap Levrant. Cap à la Roche Channel. Pouiller Rayer. Cap Charles Grondines Lotbinière Cap Santé. Ste. Croix St. Augustin.  Total.	3:00 2:00 1:20 0:90 0:80 0:60 0:60	0·40 0·20 0·30	1,300,000 1,200,000 500,000 500,000 200,000 150,000 4,000,000	
RECAPITY	JLATION.			
Division 1—	4.00	17.00	2,000,000	
Montreal harbour to Sorel anchorage  Division 2— Sorel anchorage to Batiscan	4·20 6·50	3.70	2,000,000	
Division 3— Lake St. Peter.	12:00 (N	6.00 Tot widened.)	16,400,000	2,600,000
Division 4—				
	9.10	0.90	4,000,000	
Batiscan to Quebec	31.80	28.20	24,900,000	

The standard of steady work is, when the dredging machinery is in actual motion,

75 per cent of the possible working time.

The dredge Lady Aberdeen again made the record for the fiscal year. Under Captain Louis Dauphinas in 1901, and Captain Narcisse Dauphinas in 1902, the dredge worked 77½ per cent of the possible working time, and averaged for the 187 working days 4,636 cubic yards per day.

The new elevator dredge Baldwin was completed and put in operation just at the

end of the fiscal year.

She is the best developed elevator type of channel excavator.

The new hydraulic dredge J. Israel Tarte was put in operation in June, 1902. The work for the month was on trial, and to find the best system of working.

The actual quantity removed during the first month was only 93,750 cubic yards. But during the month of October, 1902, the same dredge removed 600,000 cubic yards, which is understood to have beaten the world's record.

The semaphore constructed by the Public Works Department in 1898 and operated, since that date, for showing the depth in the Cap à la Roche channel, was taken over for operation by the Department of Marine and Fisheries.

The depth over the St. Augustin bar was shown by a semaphore at St. Nicholas,

erected and operated also by the Department of Marine and Fisheries.

The gauges for these semaphores were placed by the officers of this department.

It will be seen from the above that the 30-foot channel is already in sight and the way prepared to accommodate shipping suitable for the ameliorated channel and improved harbour facilities in Montreal.

# PUBLIC WORKS OF CANADA.

Abstract of work of Dredging Fleet during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902. RIVER ST. LAWRENCE SHIP CHANNEL.

							2-3 EDW	AKD	VII., A.	1903
							Nov.,			
σģ							Dredge, broken up Nov.,			
Remarks.							oken			
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							Dredg	<del>-</del>		
oil.	::	tones		:	ones.				tones	
Character of Soil.		Clay, sand and stones Blue clay.		Hard blue clay	Hard clay and stones. Blue clay and stones.		Clay and stones Sand Hard clay		Blue clay	
aract	Soft clay Soft clay	, sand		d blue	delay clay		Clay and s Sand Sand clay		Blue clay Clay, sand an Blue clay	
	Soft						002027			
Width.	350 325	450		450	450		900 300 450		450 450 500	
Depth of dredgrams as low water 1981 to	30'0"	30'0"		30,0″	30'0"		30'0" 27'6" 27'6" 30'0".		30'0" 30'0" 30'0"	
Number of Cubic yards Dredged, Scow Measurement.	150,400 96,600	354,250 265,800	867,050	216,400	222, 425 209, 820	648,645	36,900 22,080 22,655 27,990	89,625	15,540 118,940 476,910	611,390
Number of Scows filled.	752 483	1,790		1,0813	1,207		246 161 29 <u>2</u> 209	6453	74 543 2,271	2,888
Hours Actual Dredging.	3023 2233	1,178	2,6583	593‡	1,027	2,5704	2183 2754 673 308	\$69\$	684 4363 1,523	2,0273
Nominal Working Time. 20 hrs. per Day. Hours.	440	1,465	3,435	735	1,510	3,450	280 380 100 470	1,230	95 805 2,390	3,290
Time of Service. Days.	23	80	187	39	82	189	28 38 10 47	123	129	176
Locality of Dredging		Contreceur Channel—St. Ours Traverse			Traverse. Petite Traverse		Ile aux Vaches Traverse Pointe Gitrouille Champlain. Cap St. Michel Curve		Verchères to Cap St. Miehel Verchères Traverse Ile aux Vaches Traverse	
Dredge.	"Lady Aberdeen'			"I.ady Minto"			"No. 8"		"Laurier".	

SESSI	ONAL	PAPER	No. 19	١
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SES	SIO	NAL	PAPE	RN	lo. 19		
			Day work. New dredge Aug., 1900.		New hydraulic dredge on	New dredge on trial.	
450 Blue clay and stones.	Sha	stones	Stiff clay		Soft blue clay	450 Blue clay and stones, New dredge on trial.	
450	450		450 450		325	450	
30'0"	30,0%		30'0"		30,0,,	30,0,,	
133,200 5,650	171,390	310,240	181,100 296,250	477,350	93,750	300	3,098,350
8942	$1,138\frac{2}{3}$	2,071	1,105 987½	$2,092\frac{1}{2}$		2	
831 <sup>3</sup> /103	1,1904	2,125	503 8163	$1,319\frac{1}{2}$	= :	∞	
1,140	1,800	3,200	790	1,995	:	10	
59	102	175	79	147	27	1	
Laval"Contreceur to Verchères	roince aux rremoies (en haut)	T. ofon.	taine "Contreceur— Channel. Petite Traverse.		"J. Israel Lake St. Peter— Tarte" Above Lightship No. 2	"Baldwin", Pointe aux Trembles (en haut)	

Dredeng Ship Channel, River St. Lawrence between Montreal and Quebec, Classification of Disbursements for Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1902.

				2-3 EDWAhu VII., A. 1903
Tug Service.	\$ cts.	7,220 46	7,761 01	1,701 04 1,701 04 620 05 3,720 28 6,255 18
Stone Lifter Service.	cts.			
Total Total Stone Expenditure Expenditure For for each Vessel. each Service.	\$ cts.			112,466 13
Total Expenditure for each Vessel.	\$ cts.	17,741 17 26,769 84	18,155 17	
Proportion of General Maintenance Expenses, Expenditure,	\$ cts.	1,375 59	1,407 69	435 60 528 44 539 54 539 65 559 85 601 76 601 76 605 74 336 34 346 35
Expenditure on New Plant and Ship Yard Improvement.	& cts.			
Main- tenance and Repairs.	\$ cts.	3,267 36	3,477 15	
Supplies.	\$ cts.	1,746 69	2,662 17	798 10 859 78 859 78 859 78 859 95 859 r>85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85
Board.	\$ cts.	2,256 43	1,967 19	821 49 1,322 88 1,175 28 1,134 40 1,134 40 1,134 40 1,134 68 1,134 68
Wages.	\$ cts.	5,619 10	5,056 60	* * * *
Fuel.	\$ cts.	3,476 00	3,584 37	1,967 75 42 50 858 50 1,708 85 1,238 80 1,910 84 1,318 74 1,318 84 1,318 85 1,318 85 1,318 84 86 86
Vessels.	Dredge Lady Aberdeen	Dredge Lady Minto.  Dredge Laurier	Dredge Laval	Dredge No. 8.  Dredge Baldwin  Dredge J. Israel Tarte Sycon Dredge No. 6. Tug Carther Tug Champlain Tug St. Francis Tug St. Francis Tug St. Jean Iberville. Tug Emilia Tug Las St. Pierre Tug Las St. Pierre Tug Las St. Pierre Tug Lessie Hume

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82,742 18 2,019 56						197,227 87
1,701 04 3,478 62 14,376 74 8,312 40 1,000 51 5,762 81 2,019 56						197,227 87
131 89 260 72 1,114 72 644 52 77 58 74 58 156 89						15,298 17
	7,712 43 5,452 69 14,905 03 173,698 82	93,912 29 6,502 32 165 00	16,427 18 16,757 30, 11,294 12 5,443 28 37,067 91	3,310 3,310 1,826 29 4,146 4,146 14,512 52 7,738 75	1,000 00. 4,250 00 17,917 65 30,173 06 3,027 60	477,114 62
2,027 04 2,090 30 351 83 351 83 1,328 20	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *					39,299 15
78 60 358 25 2,930 28 864 17 608 10 10 02						21,098 72
14 26 2 10 19 47 8 17						
484 2,012 1,709 223 48						22,858 38
690 05 611 111 3,815 85 2, 2,736 41 1, 246 83 395 83						61,647 70 22,858 38
212 50 213 50 2,413 49 2,006 00 2,736 41 1,482 25 80 75 80 80 80 br>80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8	discellaneous new buildings tebuilding warfs. ools and machinery. redge J. I. Tarte	Dredge Latontalte Dredge Baldwin Str. Frontenac Tug No. 5 Champlain	Tug No. 9 Like St. Prefer Tug No. 8 James Howden Tug No. 9 James Howden	Two dump scows, 75 c. y One winch scow Tug Annette (St. Maurice) Stone lifter No. 3		70 22,858 38

Dredging Ship Channel, River St. Lawrence between Montreal and Quebec, Classification of Disbursements, &c.—Continued.

2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903 000000000000000000000 Depth of Dredging. Contrecoeur, Traverse. 24.8 Soft blue clay....... Lake St. Peter, Biron Curve. Verchères to Cap St. Michael Pointe aux Trembles curve .. Champlain. Cap St. Michel curve.. Verchères Traverse..... Contrecoeur Petite Traverse. Clay, sand and stones Contrecoeur, St. Ours Trav. Clay and boulders Verchères Clay, sand & shaler't. Pointe aux Trembles. en haut Contrecoeur above bend..... Pointe Citrouille..... Lake St. Peter ..... Petite Trav... Cap St. Michael ..... Pointe aux Trembles..... Pte. aux Trembles curve... Louise Basin. Confrecoeur Locality of Dredging. Clay, sand and stones Blue clay and stones. Sand Hard blue clay ..... Stiff clay..... Blue clay ..... Stiff blue clay..... Blue clay. Soft blue clay . . . . . Hard clay. ... Clay and stones.... of Material Blue clay..... Removed. Blue clay..... Kind 61 364 Cost per Cubic Yard 5,650 102,290 2,655 27,990 300 222, 425 209,820 279,720 197,190 133,200 15,540 265,800 216,400 118,940 181,100 292,250 36,900 22,080 Cubie Yards Dredged. Number cts. Cost of each locality. 9,847 5,150 10,829 8,980 8,737 7,108 7,108 1,996 1,996 1,648 5,237 7,57 7,57 7,57 14,345 985 8,253 11,004 11,936 60 9544 9504 9504 43634 43634 8314 103 5984 Actual 218 275 67 67 308 10 Hours 592 work. of 820998304450014405388014-12 820998504850484088014-12 days. Number of working 1,192 30 8,480 65 8,755 03 7,243 79 ing each Dredge and attending 27,902 07 24,961 63 34,586 99 25,916 18 16,993 41 cts. cost of work Plant. 00 Hydrogracts. North Survey. 60 Dredge Baldwin
Dredge J. Israel Tarte
Spoon Dredge No. 6.
Tug Cartier
Tug Clamplain
Tug St. Francis
Tug St. Francis
Tug St. Francis
Tug Fmilia
Tug Fmilia
Tug Familia
Tug Jessie Hume
Tug Jessie Hume Dredge Lady Aberdeen ..... Dredge Lafontaine..... Dredge Lady Minto. Dredge Laval.... Dredge Laurier..... Lord Stanley..... Str. Lord Stanley..... Vessels. Dredge No. 8.

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eka.  In Pratt.  ifter No. 2  means new buil angens new buil ang wharfs.  d machinery.  J. I. Tarte.  Lafontaine Baldwin  6 Lac St. Piene  7 DeLevis.  8 James Howe  9 mp scows, 300 cm ps scows, 75 cm ps	
reka in fite in	
Str. Eureka. Str. Delreka. Str. Dohn Pratt. Stone Lifter No. 2 Miscellaneous new buildings. Rebuilding wharfs. Tools and machinesy Dredge Lafontaine Dredge Lafontaine Dredge Baldwin. Str. Frontenac Tug No. 5 Champlain. Tug No. 6 Lac St. Pierre Tug No. 7 Delrevis. Tug No. 8 James Howden. Tug No. 9 James Howden. Tug No. 9 James Howden. Tug No. 9 James Howden. Tug No. 9 James Howden. Tug No. 9 James Howden. Tug No. 9 James Howden. Tug Annette (St. Maurice) Coal barge No. 3 Stone lifter No. 3 Stone lifter No. 3 Stone lifter No. 3 Stone lifter No. 3 Stone lifter No. 3 Stone lifter No. 3 Stone lifter No. 3 Stone lifter No. 3 Stone lifter No. 3 Stone lifter No. 3 Stone lifter No. 5 Hydrographic survey. Survey north channel	

## PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

### DREDGING AT THE BLANCHE SHOALS.

Dredge T. F. M. No. 1. commenced operations at this place on September 12, and worked there up to October 26, 1901, removing 21,325 cubic yards of sand.

These shoals are deemed the most dangerous portion of the Ottawa river and would require at least six months dredging to complete the channel through them.

### DREDGING AT CHATEAUGUAY BASIN.

On May 12, 1902, dredging was resumed on the Chateauguay river, deepening and widening the channel, between the basin and the mouth of the river.

The material removed consisted of 7,800 cubic yards of clay, hardpan and boulders. A full season's work is yet required at this place to complete the channel.

### DREDGING AT COTEAU LANDING.

Dredge No. 4, MacDonald, worked at this place between October 26 and November 11, 1901, continuing the deepening of the channel from the elevator dock to the entrance of the Soulanges canal.

On April 29, 1902, dredging was resumed on this channel and continued to June

30, the close of the fiscal year.

The total quantity of material removed at this place was 36,750 cubic yards of clay and boulders.

This work was performed under contract by cubic yard.

### DREDGING AT DORVAL.

Between May 10, and June 25, 1902, dredging operations were performed at this place, by the dredge No. 4, Moore, on the channel leading to the Royal Yacht Club's wharf. This channel was dredged to a depth of 10 feet at low water, and 20,280 cubic yards of clay and sand were removed.

## DREDGING AT GRAHAM.

Between July 1, 1901 and August 17, the dredge No. 4, Moore, worked at this place making an approach to the wharf, to enable freight vessels to enter from the main channel.

13,820 cubic yards of clay and hardpan were removed.

### DREDGING AT GRENVILLE.

The dredge Sir Richard commenced work at this place, on November 4, 1901, and continued there up to November 16, the close of navigation, deepening along the north side of the steamboat landing.

The total quantity of material removed at this place consisted of 3,300 cubic yards of sand.

On June 9, 1902, dredging operations were resumed at this place by the dredge T. F. M. No. 1, and continued up to the end of the fiscal year, removing 1,075 cubic yards of clay.

### DREDGING AT IBERVILLE.

The dredge Canals, No. 1, commenced work at this place on July 1, 1901, and worked there up to August 8. The approaches to and in front of the wharfs were deepened to nine feet at low water.

5,475 cubic yards of hardpan and boulders were removed.

### DREDGING AT LACHINE.

On June 26, dredging was commenced at this place by the dredge No. 4 Moore, and continued there up to the end of the fiscal year, deepening the approach to Dawe's wharf to 10 feet at low water.

The material removed consisted of 520 cubic yards of shale rock.

### DREDGING AT MASSON.

Dredging operations were performed at this place by the dredge T. F. M., No. 1, between July 1 and August 28, 1901, continuing the deepening of the channel between the mouth of the river and the village of Masson.

20,650 cubic yards of hardpan, sand, clay and slabs were removed.

### DREDGING AT PAPINEAUVILLE.

The dredge T. F. M., No. 1, worked at this place between October 27 and November 16, the close of navigation, removing 8,500 cubic yards of clay.

The work performed here consisted principally in widening and deepening the channel from the Ottawa river to Papineauville bay.

### DREDGING AT POINTE CLAIRE.

The dredge No. 4 Moore, worked at this place, between August 19 and November 13, 1901, making an approach to the new government wharf.

2,338 cubic yards of hardpan and clay were removed.

As this is a very exposed locality, considerable lost time was experienced, and dredging operations were discontinued for the season.

### DREDGING AT ST. IGNACE ISLAND.

On April 17, 1902, dredging operations were commenced at this place by the dredge *Nithsdale*, and on the 24th of the same month the dredge *St. Louis* was also put to work on the channel. The *St. Louis* continued work up to June 6, and the *Nithsdale* up to June 30, the close of the fiscal year.

The material removed by both dredges consisted of 25,656 cubic yards of sand.

## DREDGING AT ST. JOHN'S.

Work was begun at this place on August 9, by the dredge Canals No. 1, and continued there up to November 16, the close of navigation, deepening the entrance to the Chambly canal.

12,255 cubic yards of clay and sand were removed.

On May 17, 1902, operations were resumed at this place by the same dredge and continued to the end of the fiscal year.

The material removed consisted of 5,730 cubic yards of hardpan, clay and boulders.

#### DREDGING AT ST. MICHEL DE BELLECHASSE.

The dredge *Nithsdale* worked at this place between July 1 and November 16, 1901, deepening and widening the channel through the boulder shoal in front of the wharf. During the above period, 19,313 cubic yards of clay, boulders, stone and gravel were removed.

#### DREDGING AT SOREL.

Work was performed at this place by the dredge St. Louis between November 19 and 23, 1901, deepening alongside the government wharf. One hundred and eighty cubic yards of hard clay were removed. The plant was then laid up for the winter at Sorel.

#### DREDGING AT VALLEYFIELD.

Dredge No. 4 Daly worked at this place between July 19 and October 17, 1901, widening and deepening the channel leading to the Cotton Mills.

14,220 cubic yards of clay and rock were removed.

The appropriation for this work being expended the operations were discontinued. On June 3, 1902, operations were resumed at this place, by the same dredge and continued up to the 30th of the same month, removing 6,015 cubic yards of loose stone and rock.

### DREDGING IN THE YAMASKA RIVER.

The Dredge St. Louis, was working at this place, on July 1, 1901, and continued there up to August 3, deepening the channel near the dam in the Yamaska river. 5,670 cubic yards of sand and clay were removed.

## PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

#### DREDGING AT ADOLPHUSTOWN.

On June 14, the dredge Sir Richard commenced work in front of Allison's wharf at this place, also in front of the town dock, deepening the approaches to 10 feet at low water.

### DREDGING AT BATH.

Between May 22 and June 13, 1902, the dredge Sir Richard worked at this place deepening alongside the wharfs and approaches thereto, removing 3,900 cubic yards of mud and rock.

The dredging at this place was to a depth of 13 feet at low water.

### DREDGING AT BESSERER. .

The dredge T.F.M. No. 1, dredged at this place from August 31 to September 11, 1901, deepening in front of the wharf to allow freight and passenger vessels free access. 6,800 cubic yards of clay were removed.

#### DREDGING AT BOWMANVILLE.

Dredge Queen commenced work at this place on July 8, and continued there up to October 19, 1901, deepening between the piers to a depth of 14 feet at low water.

25,980 cubic yards of sand were removed.

Work was resumed at this place by the dredge *Nipissing* on May 17, and continued there up to June 30, the close of the fiscal year. One cut was made on west side of east pier, 1,300 feet long, 25 feet wide and 14 feet deep. Three other cuts were made at end of east peir, 500 feet long, 25 feet wide and 14 feet deep. Another cut was also made between the piers, 400 feet long, 25 feet wide and 14 feet deep.

The total quantity of material removed, by this dredge, consisted of 16,958 cubic

yards of hardpan and sand.

### DREDGING AT BRONTE.

The dredge *Nipissing* worked at this place between September 12 and October 19, 1901, dredging a new foundation for the crib-work, and deepening the harbour to a depth of 12 feet at low water. Three cuts were made, one 1,000 feet, one 800 feet and one 500 feet in length and 25 feet wide.

21,034 cubic yards of boulders, gravel, stones, sand and logs were removed.

As the balance of the appropriation allotted for improvements to this harbour, was required for pier work, dredging operations were discontinued. To complete this work it would require one more cut, between the piers, and the approach to the harbour widened, also a foundation made for the addition to the western pier.

## DREDGING AT BURLINGTON.

The dredge *Nipissing* was working at this place, on July 1, 1901, and continued there up to August 24, deepening the channel and approaches to 16 feet at low water.

An entrance to the lake end was made, 125 feet wide and at the bay end 75 feet wide and an average width between the piers of 45 feet. No greater width could be made between the piers, owing to the dilapidated condition of the cribwork. When the repairs to the piers are completed, another cut 30 feet in width, the whole length, could be safely made, which would then leave a channel of sufficient width and depth to permit the largest vessels, coming through the Welland canal, a safe entrance to Ham, ilton bay.

The material removed consisted of 32,952 cubic yards of gravel, sand and hardpan.

### DREDGING AT CALUMET.

Between May 10, and June 7, 1902, the dredge T. F. M. No. 1 worked on the channel leading from the Ottawa river to the C.P.R. dock at this place to allow free access for passenger vessels running from Hawkesbury to Calumet. This channel was dredged to a depth of 10 feet at low water, and 12,900 cubic yards of clay and sand were removed.

## DREDGING AT COLLINGWOOD.

Operations were commenced at this place by the dredge *Challenge*, on May 15, 1902, and continued up to the close of the fiscal year. Dredging first at the town slip up to June 5, making three cuts 25 feet wide, 90 feet long and to a depth of 9 feet. Work was then commenced on the approach to Charleton's wharf and continued up to June 30, the close of the fiscal year, making one cut 56 feet long, 25 feet wide and to a depth of 16 feet at low water.

The total quantity of material removed consisted of 4,890 cubic yards of sand, clay

and stone.

### DREDGING AT HAMILTON.

The dredge *Nipissing* worked at this place between October 19 and 21, 1901, deepening the approach to the Royal Yacht Club's wharf, making one cut 25 feet wide, about 200 feet long, to a depth of 12 feet at low water.

The material removed consisted of 2,024 cubic yards of quick sand. At least three week's work would be required at this place to complete the channel needed for a

proper entrance.

### DREDGING AT HAWKESBURY.

On October 20, 1901, the new dredge Sir Richard, being completed, was put into commission, and commenced work at this place, with the new stone lifter, and continued there up to November 2, removing 3,000 cubic yards of clay and stone.

The dredge *Little Giant* also worked at this place between July 1, and September 14, 1901, deepening the channel between the entrance to the bay and the town docks.

24,840 cubic yards of clay, stone, hardpan and boulders were removed.

### DREDGING IN THE KAMINISTIQUIA RIVER.

Work was commenced at this place by the dredge Arthur on August 23, and continued up to November 16, the close of navigation, work was resumed opposite the new oil docks, at the entrance of the river.

The material removed consisted of 39,548 cubic yards of sand and clay.

On April 21, 1902, operations were resumed at this place by the Arthur and continued up to June 30.

The material removed consisted of 30,563 cubic vards of sand and clay.

From May 15, to 30, and from June 9, to 30, 1902, dredging operations were performed at this place by Messrs. Porter and Bowmen's dredge No. 6, deepening and widening the channel at the upper end of the river. 56,961 cubic yards of mud, clay and sand were removed.

### DREDGING AT KINCARDINE.

The dredge *Challenge* worked at this place, between July 2, and August 24, 1901, deepening the harbour between the piers, and in the basin.

23,820 cubic yards of sand, gravel and mud were removed.

### DREDGING AT KINGSVILLE.

Dredging was commenced at this place, by the dredge Ontario, on May 14, 1902, and continued until June 30, the close of the fiscal year. One cut was made, on west side of east pier, 276 feet long, 25 feet wide and 12 feet deep. Owing to sand bottom, this cut has been filled up to a depth of only 8½ feet. Another cut was made on east side of west pier, 370 feet long, 25 feet wide, 14 feet deep, for putting in cribs, in connection with the extension of the west pier. A cut was also made through the bar, on the west side, 300 feet long, 25 feet wide, and 14 feet deep, for floating the cribs to their berths.

The material removed at this place consists of 14,715 cubic yards of quick sand, clay and boulders.

### DREDGING AT MIDLAND.

The dredge Challenge worked at this place between August 26, and September 7, 1901. 1,380 cubic yards of hardpan and boulders were removed. The material at this place being of such a hard nature, and the plant being in such a shaky condition, it was found desirable to remove it to Owen Sound, where the material is of a soft nature.

### DREDGING AT NOTRE DAME DE PIERREVILLE.

The dredge St. Louis commenced work at this place on August 4, 1901, and continued there up to November 18, deepening the channel between the ferry and Pierreville Mills.

15,585 cubic yards of sand and clay were removed.

On June 12, 1902, operations were resumed in this channel and continued up to June 30, the close of the fiscal year, removing 3,225 cubic yards of sand and clay.

## DREDGING AT OSHAWA. .

The dredge Queen was working at this place on July 1, 1901, and continued there up to July 6, deepening along the dock to enable the grain and coal vessels to unload. A depth of 12 feet at low water was made at this place, and 2,400 yards of sand were removed.

### DREDGING IN THE OTTAWA.

The dredge *Little Giant* began operations at the outer channel of the Ottawa River, between Hawkesbury and Grenville, on September 16 and continued there until November 16, the close of navigation.

22,590 cubic yards of sand, boulders and hardpan were removed.

### DREDGING AT OWEN SOUND.

The dredge *Challenge* started work at this place on September 9, and continued there up to November 16, where she was laid up for the winter. The work consisted of deepening and widening the harbour in front of new pile-work extension.

13,620 cubic yards of sand and clay were removed,

#### DREDGING AT PICKERING.

The dredge Queen worked at this place between October 20 to November 16, 1901, the close of navigation, deepening between the piers to a depth of 14 feet at low water. One cut was also made along the dock and ice-house to enable vessels to unload coal, &c. 4,260 cubic yards of sand were removed.

### DREDGING AT PORT ARTHUR.

The dredge Arthur commenced operation at this place on July 1, 1901, and continued up to August 21, deepening an approach to the new McKenzie and Mann elevator. The material removed consisted of 24,300 cubic yards of clay and sand.

The dredge No. 6 also worked at this place between October 19 and November 15. This dredge, the property of the Dock and Dredging Co., was put to work-at the approach to the McKenzie and Mann elevator, and removed 53,861 cubic yards of mud.

This latter work was done by the yard under contract.

### DREDGING AT PORT HOPE.

The dredge *Nipissing* commenced work at this place on October 26, 1901, and continued there up to November 16, the close of navigation. A sand bar was removed, which had formed along the west pier, proving an obstruction to vessels, entering the new harbour, a shoal was also removed, in front of the freight sheds, in the old harbour; the dredging was done to a depth of 14 feet at low water.

Eight thousand one hundred and seventy-four cubic yards of sand were removed.

Three months work is still required at this place, to complete the deepening of the new harbour.

On November 17 the plant was removed to Kingston and placed in winter quarters.

### DREDGING AT PORT STANLEY.

The dredge Ontario was working at Port Stanley, Ont., on July 1, and continued work up to August 27, 1901, deepening and widening the entrance of the harbour, and between the piers as well as in the basin. A channel was made between the piers 400 feet long, 50 feet wide, and 12 feet deep at low water. A turning basin was made 180 feet square and 12 feet deep. Two cuts were also made alongside of the new dock and the material east over to fill in the new cribwork.

The quantity of material removed consisted of 18,855 cubic yards of sand, gravel, elay and mud.

## DREDGING AT RONDEAU.

From September 3 to November 16, 1901, the dredge *Ontario* worked at this place. A channel was made through the bar, outside the piers, 450 feet long, 75 feet wide, and 17 feet deep. A cutting was also made on the east side of the east pier, 150 feet long, 100 feet wide, and 12 feet deep.

The total quantity of material removed, at this place, was 20,395 cubic yards of

clay, sand and mud. The dredge was then laid up for the winter.

Dredging operations were resumed at this place, by the same dredge, on April 8, 1902, and continued there up to May 10. A cut was made through the bar, outside of piers, 200 feet long, 25 feet wide and 19 feet deep, also one cut alongside, 600 feet long, 25 feet wide and 19 feet deep. One cut was also made, on west side of east pier, 200 feet long, 25 feet wide and 19 feet deep, A pile dock was removed for the Lake Erie and Detroit River railway.

The total quantity of material removed was 7,020 cubic yards of sand and clay. Also about 250 piles and cap pieces were taken out for the Lake Erie and Detroit

River railway.

## DREDGING AT TRENTON.

The dredge *Trenton* was working at this place on July 1, and continued work there up to September 18, 1901, completing the widening of the approach to the Central Ontario railway dock.

Thirty-three thousand one hundred and forty cubic yards of gravel, rock and mud

were removed.

## DREDGE STATEMENT.

STATEMENT of Expenditure and Quantities of Material Removed by the various Dredges at different localities in Ontario and Quebec, during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1902.

				~~~	
Dredge.	Location.	Yards removed.	Character of Soil.	Expendi- ture.	Cost per Yard.
11	Kincardine Midland. Owen Sound Colling wood	23,820 1,380 13,620 4,890	Sand, mud and gravel	\$ ets. 7,898 22	ets. $18\frac{3}{50}$
Ontario	Port Stanley	20,215 26,065 14,715	Sand, clay, mud and gravel Sand, clay and quick sand.	5,824 07	91
H	Burlington Piers	32,952 21,034 2,024 8,174 16,958	Sand, gravel and fine sand Sand, logs and boulders Quick sand Sand Hard packed sand	9,863 05	$12\frac{3}{20}$
Queen	Oshawa Bowmanville. Dunbarton. Pickering	2,400 25,980 3,180 1,080	Sand	5,775 67	$17\frac{7}{10}$
11	HawkesburyGrenville.Bath.Adolphustown	2,850 3,300 3,900 2,050	Clay and gravel	6,301 35	$52\frac{2}{25}$
11	Yamaska	5,670 18,810 180 6,300	Sand and clay	3,502 11	11 30
Canals No. 1	IbervilleSt. John's	5,175 17,985	Hardpan and boulders	4,218 06	18‡
	St. MichelSt. Ignace	19,315 19,356	Clay, stone and gravel	15,654 76	4012
11	Hawkesbury Ottawa River Chateauguay	24,840 22,590 7,800	Boulders, clay and stone Hardpan, stone, boulders Clay, sand and boulders	10,299 75	183
11	Graham's Wharf	13,820 23,380 20,280 520	Hardpan and clay	9,394 10	161

### DREDGE STATEMENT—Concluded.

Dredge.	Location.	Yards removed.	Character of Soil.	Expendi- ture.	Cost per Yard.
11 11	Masson Besserrer, Blanche Shoals Papineauville Calumet Grenville.	8,500	Sand, clay and slabs. Clay Sand Clay and sand. Clay and sand.	\$ ets. 13,004 37	ets.
No. 4 (Daily)	Valleyfield	20,235	Stone and rock	7,893 50	39
No. 4, 5 & 6	Coteau Landing	36,750	Boulders and clay	9,584 10	$26_{2^{2}\overline{8}}$
	Port Arthur Kaministiquia	22,300 70,111	Sand, clay and quick sand	17,077 50	18 <u>1</u>
No. 6(B.&Co.)	Port Arthur	81,041 56,961	Mud, clay and quick sand	21,994 49	1500
Trenton	Trenton	32,940	Mud, rock and gravel	5,967 00	1810

## DREDGING MANITOBA.

## LAKE FRANCIS OUTLET.

There has been no work done in connection with the dredging of a new channel at the outlet of Lake Francis owing to the fact that no dredge was available during the fiscal year to do the work with.

Many people, particularly those interested in the fisheries, have been elamouring for an outlet to Lake Francis, as the original one was filled in and a sand bar formed right across its mouth.

It is also contended that the channel is required not only for the purpose of affording an outlet to Lake Francis, but to afford a much needed harbour of refuge, as there is no such harbour on the east shore of the southern expanse of Lake Manitoba, so that the safety of navigation is impaired for want of such harbours during the storms that are very prevalent.

On account of the above the fishing industry appears to be crippled, as the abund-

ance of fish in the lake is established.

The trouble with the fishermen appears to be, not to eatch the fish, but to land it in a safe place.

### MOUTH OF WHITE MUD RIVER.

There was no work done to improve the channel at the Mouth of White Mud river owing to the fact that there was no dredge available before the end of the year.

I might say, however, that navigation has not suffered much owing to the excessively high water on the lake this year.

### DREDGE 'WINNIPEG.'

During the latter part of the season 1901, the dredge Winnipey was kept at work excavating the new channel at the mouth of the Red river, until the week ending August 17, when the dredge had to be laid up for want of funds to carry on the work; the total quantity excavated agregated 27,680 cubic yards of clayey material. The dredging plant was then towed into the slough at West Selkirk and tied up for a time until contractors for St. Andrew's Rapids lock and dam work, rented the plant for the balance of the season to do some dredging at St. Andrew's Rapids lock and dam work. Then the plant was finally laid up in winter quarters about October 29.

Work of repairs was proceeded with and kept up until May 8 this year, when the work of equipping the plant for the season was completed and operations started. The plant was towed to the mouth of the Red river, the old channel was buoyed and soundings taken. It was found that two sand bars had formed across the old channel which rendered navigation impossible so that the bars had to be dredged out to the necessary depth and width in order to permit vessels to make use of the channel. This last season the work of dredging the bars were kept up until June 21, when it was dis-

continued after excavating 10,560 cubic yards.

Then the plant was moved into the new channel to prosecute that work. The total expenditure as shown in statement of classification of disbursements which comprises heavy repairs, in keeping up the old dredging plant in good working condition, appears somewhat high, the average cost per cubic yard being, 26.95 cents, but considering that all the work of repairs is included in the computation as being part of the working expenses, it is fair, as if the cost of repairs was excluded from the calculation, the average cost per cubic yard would be reduced to 17.22 cents.

Expenditure during fiscal year \$8,018.81.

2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903

24288283 512 10,307 6,586 10,307 61.50 :86 158 oun c CLASSIFICATION OF Disbursements of the Dredge Winnipeg, during the Year ended June 30, 1902. .8518 63 10 8220 1,765 May. 2,000 74 200 35 :838 17 2,000 807 55 April. :10:00 25 :5 64 528 March. 20 20 20 98 98 98 February. 8 8 8 80 80 80 January. 25 25 106 December. 30 30 262 November. October. 20 3 3 3 132 September 152 057 30 02 52 1,583 1,677 August. :33 :8 28 88 58 1,884 luly Provisions.
Stores
Equipment.
Repairs
Contingencies. Working expenses... Repairs, ordinary....

## DREDGING BRITISH COAUMBIA.

#### NANAIMO HARBOUR.

The dredge Mud Lark was moved from Victoria harbour on October 24, for the purpose of completing the dredging of the south channel approach to Nanaimo harbour and deepening in front of some of the coaling wharfs, all of which work, as a subsequent survey shows, has been well done, and a uniform depth of 30 feet at low tide made throughout the entire channel. The work was completed by the middle of February, and the expenditure was \$4,943.12.

# Dredge 'King Edward.'

This new hydraulic dredge was accepted from the contractors and placed in commission on November 1, 1901, and an official test was made on the 6th of the same month. The test proving satisfactory, and on the assurance that the completion of the upper works, comprising the cabins, mess rooms, officers' and men's quarters, and other works covered by the specifications, would be done satisfactorily. This dredge has been variously employed at South Westminster, Pender Island, Chilliwack, Ladner, and Victoria harbour.

In every case where the material was at all favourable, giving very good results, quite coming up to anticipations, and, in her effectiveness for her particular class of work is a most valuable addition to the plant.

The expenses in connection with her work was \$16,121.67.

# Dredge 'Mud Lark.'

The work of the dredge Mud Lark in connection with dredging British Columbia was deepening in front of the Union wharf at Comox, and completing the work at Pender Island. The King Edward being unable to make any impression on the hard pan encountered, was moved to Chilliwack and replaced at Pender by the Mud Lark on the completion of her work at Union, or on April 15 last, and only completed that work on September 11. The very hard nature of the excavation in the bottom of the cut, the delay caused by the failure of the water supply, to get which the tank scow had to be sent to either Ladysmith or Victoria, and the generally dilapidated condition of the dredge, entailing frequent breakdowns and consequent loss of time, delayed the completion of this work beyond all expectation, but a channel is now opened connecting Bedwell and Browning harbours 65 feet wide, and not less than 7 feet depth of water at extreme low tide.

The expenditure in connection with the Mud Lark on the service above stated to the end of June, 1902, is \$4,625.22.

## Snag Boat 'Samson.'

The Samson has been engaged in her usual duties removing snags, replacing buoys, surveys at Nanaimo and on Fraser river, driving piles, and various other works in which her services are indispensable. She is possibly the most generally useful boat in our outfit, although she has now about reached her limit of usefulness. Her hull is far gone, and it is only by the greatest care that we avoid a possible collapse at any time. Her hull has been condemned by the Dominion inspector, as beyond repair, so we can only exercise every care until she is replaced by a new steamer, which should be built this winter.

The expenditure in connection with the Samson is \$9,801.75.

A Biscon

### DREDGE REPAIRS, B. C.

## Snag Boat 'Samson.'

The small amount in repairs to the Samson is attributable to the fact that to attempt to make the much needed repairs would develop an amount of work equivalent to an entirely new hull, and with unsatisfactory results, so we are exercising the greatest care in her working, in the hope that the department will see fit to provide a new boat before the present one becomes entirely useless. The utility of the Samson is possibly not as fully recognized as she deserves. In addition to her own duties, which are constant and exacting, she is the recognized agent of the Marine and Fisheries Department in moving buoys into their proper positions from change of channel, replacing those frequently carried away, repairing protection to lighthouse by piling, and various other duties, which would make her being incapacitated seriously felt.

The expenditure only represents ordinary repairs, as follows:—Repairs ordinary—

\$393.73.

# Dredge 'King Edward.'

This expenditure is represented by the cost of putting in two additional rudders' four being found necessary in all stern wheelers in rapid water, and a new set of spuds' 40 feet instead of 60 feet, as better adapted for ordinary dredging in a depth of 10 feet at low water. The extreme weight of the long spuds, some 6 tons each, was an unnecessary strain on the machinery. New shoes of a different pattern and sharper point were found necessary to hold the dredge in swift water and on the hard bottom encountered. The expenditure entailed in perfecting the general working of the machinery and convenience of the boat was as follows:—Repairs extraordinary, \$1,519.17.

## Dredge 'Mud Lark.'

The repairs to this dredge, her tender the tug *Princess*, and the two hopper scows after the heavy work in Nanaimo harbour and before beginning work on Tuzo Shoal in Victoria harbour were heavy, but the expendituae was necessary and was as follows:—

Repairs,	ordinary\$ 363 02 extraordinary2,716 73	
	Total\$3,079 75	

### RECAPITULATION.

Snag bo Dredge	at Samson, Kina Edwa	ordinary urd, extraordinary	 . \$3,393 . 1.519	73 17
	Mud Lark,	ordinaryextraordinary	 . 363	02
		Total	¢4 000	

The self-propelling elevator dredge St. Lawrence (1ron hull)-

## DREDGING PLANT.

The following is a summary description of the dredging plant owned and operated by the Public Works Department in the various parts of the Dominion.

## MARITIME PROVINCES.

The self-propelling elevator dredge St. Lawrence (iron hull)—	
Length over all. Beam	175 feet.
Beam	30 11
Draught when loaded, aft.  forward.	13.5 "
" forward	8.5 "
Least working depth (ladder with 32 buckets dropped 30 feet from bow).  Greatest working depth (bucket ladder dropped 40 feet from bow)	8.2
Greatest working depth (bucket ladder dropped 40 feet from bow)	28.0 "
Canacity of hopper for spoil material	350 cubic yards.
Speed when light	6 to 7 miles per hour.
Speed when light. Speed when loaded. Daily rate of dredging in hard material.	3 to 4
Daily rate of dredging in hard material	350 to 700 cubic yds.
" ordinary earth	750 to 1,000 "
soft material	1,050 to 1,400
The self-propelling elevator dredge Canada (iron hull)—	1,000 10 1,400
Length over all	130 feet.
Length over all. Beam	20 1000.
Dranght when leaded oft	20 "
Draught when loaded, aft	11.5 "
Tooct working doubt	7.0 "
Least working depthGreatest working depth (ladder 24 buckets)	7.0 ()
Greatest working depth (ladder 24 buckets).	16.0 "
Capacity of hopper for spoil material.  Speed when light and newly painted.	90 cubic yards.
Speed when light and newly painted	6 to 7 miles per hour.
Speed when loaded	3 to 4
Daily rate of dredging in hard bottom	180 to 270 cubic yards.
" with ordinary digging	180 to 360
Speed when loaded.  Daily rate of dredging in hard bottom  " with ordinary digging  in soft material  The speed where New Description (weeden by 11)	360 to 450
The spoon dredge New Dominion (wooden nun)—	
Length over all	90 feet.
Width	28 "
Draught	51 "
Greatest working depth	21 "
Daily rate of dredging in hard material	300 cubic yards.
with ordinary material	450
Draught Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material  """ with ordinary material """ in soft material """ in soft material """ 60	0 to 700
Number of dump scows or barges used.  The spoon dredge Prince Edward (wooden hull)—	4
The spoon dredge Prince Edward (wooden hull)—	-
Length over all	80 feet.
Width	
Draught	6
Greatest working denth	21 "
Daily rate of dradging in hard material	300 cubic yards.
Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material. " with ordinary material.	500 cubic yards.
in soft material 600	) to 700
Number of dump soows or harves used	3
" in soft material. 600  Number of dump scows or barges used  The spoon or dipper dredge George McKenzie (wooden hull)—	0
Length	90 feet.
Length Width.	28 11
Dwareht	5 "
Draught.	22 11
Greatest working depth.  Daily rate of dredging in hard material.	250 on big words
Dany rate of dredging in fard material	350 cubic yards.
The boom and dipper dredge Cape Breton (steel hull)—	500 "
The boom and displayed day One Books (14-11-11)	000 11
The boom and dipper dredge Cape Breton (steel null)—	OT foot
Dength	31 1660.
Beam	36 "
Draught	7½ "
Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material	34 11
Daily rate of dredging in hard material	1,000 cubic yards.
" " ordinary material	1,500
soft material	2,000
Number of barges used (each of 210 cubic yards capacity)	Z
N. B. Tug service performed by hired tugs in the Maritime Provinces.	
The Clam Shell dredge (wood) Clam Shell	
with 3 decked scows.	
One pile driver, engine and boiler fitted on scow.	
One stone lifter, engine and large grips.	
One (old) small scow for coal belonging to New Dominion at St. John, unfit for use.  Two old side hopper scows at Pictou unfit for use, belonging to dredge Prince Edwa	ard
One old side hopper scows at Pictou unnt for use, belonging to dredge Prince Edwin One old side hopper scow at Pictou, belonging to dredge George McKenzie unfit for	ngo
One old side hopper scow at rictou, belonging to dredge George McAenzie unit for	uso.
One steam launch Cricket.	

SHIP CHANNEL, RIVER ST. LAWRENCE, BETWEEN QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

The elevator dredge Laurier (wooden hull)—	100.0
Length over all	168'0 feet.
Width of beam. Depth of hold.	32.0 "
Average draught	
Greatest working depth	42.5 "
Daily rate of dredging in hard clay, about	1,700 cubic yards,
ordinary earth, about	3,000
soft clay (Lake St. Peter)	4,000
The elevator dredge Laval (wooden hull, small bucket)—	150.0 f
Length over all Width of beam	
Depth of hold	14.0 "
Average draught	11:0 "
Greatest working depth	43.5
Depth of hold Average draught Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material.  "" ordinary clay.	400 cubic yards.
ordinary clay	2,000
The elevator dredges Nos. 11 and 12 (wooden hulls)—	
Length over all	137 · 0 feet.
Width of beam	29.5 "
Width of beam Depth of hold	11.0 н
Average draught Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material about	8'5 " 38'0 "
Deily rete of dredging in hard material about	38°0 " 200 cubic yards.
" " ordinary clay "	2,000 "
The elevator dredge No. 8 (wooden hull)—	
Length over all	137 0 feet.
Width over all	29.6 "
Depth of hold	11·0 n
Average draught	27.0 "
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, aboutsoft clay, about	200 cubic yards. 1,800 "
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about	200 cubic yards. 1,800 "
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about	200 cubic yards. 1,800 "
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about	200 cubic yards. 1,800 " 1,200 "
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about	200 cubic yards. 1,800 " 1,200 " 77 feet 3 inches.
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about soft clay, bout soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay	
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about soft clay, bout soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay about soft clay	
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about	200 cubic yards 1,800 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 "
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about	200 cubic yards 1,800 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 " 1,200 "
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about  soft clay, about  n ordinary clay, about  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth. Built. Engine Cylinder { Diar Stroke.	200 cubic yards 1,800 " 1,200 "  77 feet 3 inches. 27 feet 0 inches. 6 feet 6 inches. 1872. Horizontal non-condensing. 14 inches.
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about.  " " soft clay, about. " ordinary clay, about.  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine. Cylinder { Diar} Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket.	200 cubic yards. 1,800 " 1,200 " 77 feet 3 inches. 27 feet 0 inches. 6 fect 6 inches. 1872. Horizontal non-condensing. 14 inches. 16 inches. 85 lbs. 2½ cubic yards.
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about.  " " soft clay, about.  " ordinary clay, about.  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth. Built. Engine Cylinder {Diar Stroke. Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth to which dredge can work.	200 cubic yards. 1,800 " 1,200 " 77 feet 3 inches. 27 feet 0 inches. 6 fect 6 inches. 1872. Horizontal non-condensing. 14 inches. 16 inches. 85 lbs. 2½ cubic yards.
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about.  " " soft clay, about. " ordinary clay, about.  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine. Cylinder { Diar} Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket.	200 cubic yards. 1,800 " 1,200 " 77 feet 3 inches. 27 feet 0 inches. 6 fect 6 inches. 1872. Horizontal non-condensing. 14 inches. 16 inches. 85 lbs. 2½ cubic yards.
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about  " soft clay, about  " ordinary clay, about  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth. Built. Engine Cylinder {Diar} Stroke Steam pressure Capacity of bucket. Depth to which dredge can work. Rebuilt and alterred in 1880.	200 cubic yards. 1,800 " 1,200 " 77 feet 3 inches. 27 feet 0 inches. 6 fect 6 inches. 1872. Horizontal non-condensing. 14 inches. 16 inches. 85 lbs. 2½ cubic yards.
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about.  " " soft clay, about. " " ordinary clay, about.  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine. Cylinder { Diar Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth to which dredge can work. Rebuilt and alterred in 1880.	200 cubic yards
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about.  " " soft clay, about. " ordinary clay, about.  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine. Cylinder { Diar Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth to which dredge can work. Rebuilt and alterred in 1880.	200 cubic yards
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Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about.  " " soft clay, about. " ordinary clay, about.  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine. Cylinder { Diar Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth to which dredge can work. Rebuilt and alterred in 1880.	200 cubic yards
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about.  " " soft clay, about. " ordinary clay, about.  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine. Cylinder { Diar Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth to which dredge can work. Rebuilt and alterred in 1880.	200 cubic yards
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about.  " " soft clay, about. " ordinary clay, about.  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine. Cylinder { Diar Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth to which dredge can work. Rebuilt and alterred in 1880.	200 cubic yards
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about.  " soft clay, about. " ordinary clay, about.  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine. Cylinder { Diar Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth to which dredge can work. Rebuilt and alterred in 1880.  Elevator dredge No. 7.— Length over all.	200 cubic yards
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about.  " soft clay, about. " ordinary clay, about.  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine. Cylinder { Diar Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth to which dredge can work. Rebuilt and alterred in 1880.  Elevator dredge No. 7.— Length over all.	200 cubic yards
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about.  " " soft clay, about. " " ordinary clay, about.  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine. Cylinder { Diar Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth to which dredge can work. Rebuilt and alterred in 1880.  Elevator dredge No. 7.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine Cylinder { Diar Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth built Beam Depth Stroke Steam pressure. Cylinder { Stroke. Steam pressure. Cylinder { Stroke. Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth of which dredge can work	200 cubic yards
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about.  " soft clay, about. " ordinary clay, about.  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine. Cylinder { Diar Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth to which dredge can work. Rebuilt and alterred in 1880.  Elevator dredge No. 7.— Length over all.	200 cubic yards
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about  " " soft clay, about " " ordinary clay, about  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine Cylinder { Diar Stroke. Steam pressure Capacity of bucket. Depth to which dredge can work. Rebuilt and alterred in 1880.  Elevator dredge No. 7.— Length over all Beam Depth Built Engine Cylinder { Diar Stroke Steam pressure Capacity of bucket. Depth of which dredge can work Rebuilt and alterred in 1880.	200 cubic yards
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about  " " soft clay, about " " ordinary clay, about  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine. Cylinder { Diar Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth to which dredge can work. Rebuilt and alterred in 1880.  Elevator dredge No. 7.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine. Cylinder { Diar Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth built Engine. Cylinder { Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth of which dredge can work Rebuilt in 1889.  The stone lifter No. 2 (wooden hull)—	200 cubic yards
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about.  " " soft clay, about. " " ordinary clay, about.  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth. Built. Engine. Cylinder { Diar } Stroke. Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth to which dredge can work. Rebuilt and alterred in 1880.  Elevator dredge No. 7.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built. Engine. Cylinder { Diar } Stroke. Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth do which dredge can work. Rebuilt and alterred in 1880.	200 cubic yards
Daily rate of dredging in hard material, about  " " soft clay, about " " ordinary clay, about  Elevator dredge No. 4.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine. Cylinder { Diar Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth to which dredge can work. Rebuilt and alterred in 1880.  Elevator dredge No. 7.— Length over all. Beam Depth Built Engine. Cylinder { Diar Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth built Engine. Cylinder { Stroke Steam pressure. Capacity of bucket. Depth of which dredge can work Rebuilt in 1889.  The stone lifter No. 2 (wooden hull)—	200 cubic yards

Fourteen dumping scows, the dimensions and capacities of which are as follows:-

Fourteen dumping scows, the	dimensions and ca	pacities of which	n are as follows:—	
No. of Scows.	Length.	Breadth.	Depth of Hold.	Capacity.
1 7 2 2 2	60 feet. 80 " 84 " 90 " 95 "	16 feet. 16 " 20 " 18 " 23 "	6½ feet. 7 " 8 " 7 " 8½ "	60 cubic yards. 75 " 150 " 150 " 200 "
The coal barge Caroline— Length over all. Breadth Depth of hold. Capacity.  The coal barge Waverly— Length over all. Breadth. Depth of hold. Capacity.  The coal scow No. 1— Length over all. Breadth. Depth of hold. Capacity.  The coal scow No. 2— Length over all. Breadth. Breadth. Breadth. Breadth.				25.5 " 8.3 " 250 tons,  100.0 feet, 20.9 " 7.1 " 250 tons,  80.0 feet, 16.0 " 4.5 " 90 tons,
Depth of hold Capacity.  The sounding scow— Length over all Breadth Depth of hold  The winch scow No. I— Length over all Breadth Depth of hold				60 tons.  60 0 feet. 25 0 " 4 5 "
The winch scow No. 2—  Length over all  Breadth  Depth of hold	,			19.0 "
The above ship channel plant v. C. J. Brydges, M. J. Parsons, Cart	vas attended in 19 ier, St. John d'Ibe	01-2 by the tugs	John Pratt, St	James, St. Francis,
The spoon dredge St. Louis (we Length	ard-pan, &c			12.0 " 50 cubic yards.
Dredge attended by tug Daisy only for light digging.	with two dump so	ows, having a ca	apacity of 30 cubic	yards; plant used
A twin stone lifter (catamaran Length of each wooden hul Width Depth of hold Draught Distance between hulls	1			8.2 "

The steamer Victoria.

# 2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903

Length	
D 1/1	
Breadth	17:0 "
Depth of hold	8.3 "
Draught when loaded	6.0 "
Capacity	100 tons.
Quebec and Ontario.	
The elevator dredge No. 9 (wooden hull)—	
Length	
Width	29:0 "
Depth of hold	11.0 "
Draught	9.0 "
Greatest working depth  Daily rate of dredging in hard material	200 cubic ya
Dredge attended by tug Delisle with two dump scows, each of 80 cubic yards capaci	
The dipper dredge Queen (wooden hull)	ty.
Length	65.3 feet.
Width	25.0 "
Depth of hold.	
Deputed to total	3.0 "
Draught Greatest working depth	16.0 "
Daily rate of dredging in hard material	200 cubic var
" in medium firm material	400
in soft material	600 "
Dredge attended by tug Ottawa with two dump scows, of 60 cubic yards capacity.	
The dipper dredge Nipissing (wooden hull)—	
Length	
Width	
Depth of hold	
Draugth	4.5 "
Greatest working depth	20.0 "
Daily rate of dredging in hard-pan, etc	
" in stiff clay	500 II
Dredge attended by tug St. Paul and two dump scows, of 75 cubic yards capacity.  The dipper dredge Ontario (wooden hull)—	F= . 0. f h
Length	75.0 feet. 25.0 "
Width	25.0 " 2.0 "
Draught	
Greatest working depth	22.0 "
Daily rate of dredging in hard material	
in in inedium firm material	500
in soft clay and loose sand	800 "
Dredge attended by tug Sir John with two dump scows, of 100 cubic yards capacity	
The dipper dredge Challenge (wooden hull)—	
Length	70.5 feet.
Width	25.0 "
Depth of hold	
Draught	
Greatest working depth	21.0
Daily rate of dredging in hard material in medium firm or ordinary earth	300 cubic yar
in medium firm or ordinary earth	900
in soft clay and loose sand	
Dredge attended by tug Trudeau with two dump scows, having a capacity of 60 cul	oic yards.
·	
Manitoba.	
The dipper dredge Winnipeg (wooden hull)—	E1.05
ongth	71 U feet.
Length	20 0 11
Width	
Width	0.0 tt
Width. Depth of hold. Draught	4.2
Width. Depth of hold. Draught	4.20 m
Width Depth of hold. Draught Greatest working depth Daily rate of dredging in hard material.	300 cubic yar
Width. Depth of hold. Draught Greatest working depth. Daily rate of dredging in hard material. "" in ordinary earth.	300 cubic yar 500 "
Width. Depth of hold. Draught Greatest working depth. Daily rate of dredging in hard material. "" in ordinary earth. "" in soft clay and loose sand.	300 cubic yar 500
Width. Depth of hold. Draught Greatest working depth. Daily rate of dredging in hard material.  "" in ordinary earth. "" in soft clay and loose sand.  Dredge attended by tug Sir Hector with two dump scows, having a capacity of 60	300 cubic yar 500 "
Width. Depth of hold. Draught Greatest working depth. Daily rate of dredging in hard material. " in ordinary earth. " in soft clay and loose sand Dredge attended by tug Sir Hector with two dump scows, having a capacity of 60 barge.	300 cubic yar 500
Width. Depth of hold. Draught Greatest working depth. Daily rate of dredging in hard material. "" in ordinary earth. "" in soft clay and loose sand.	300 cubic yar 500

## BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The dredge King Edward, a new dredge (not described)  The dipper dredge Mud Lark (wooden hull)— Length	30·0 " 7·9 " 4·6 " 40·0 " 300 to 400 c. yds. 500 to 600 "
Dredge Mud Lark attended by tug Princess and three dump scows.	
The self-propelling stern-wheel, clam-shell dredge Muskrat— Length Width Depth of hold. Draught Daily rate of dredging in loose gravel, etc., the only kind of material which has been worked so far.	3.3 "

The Muskrat is now dismantled.

The snag-boat Samson and one scow.

The snagging scow built for use on the Fraser while the Samson was operating on the Stikine.

## GRAVING DOCKS.

The Dominion government owns and maintains three graving docks, viz.:—The Lorne Graving Dock at Lévis, in the province of Quebec; the Kingston Graving Dock at Kingston, in the province of Ontario; and the Esquimalt Graving Dock at Esquimalt, near the city of Victoria, in British Columbia.

### LEVIS GRAVING DOCK.

During the year a new slip was constructed, ordinary repairs made, and the dock was maintained in an efficient manner.

Construction and repairs		
	\$ 17.092	47

### ESQUIMALT GRAVING DOCK.

During the year 22 vessels aggregating 45,625 tons were docked, and occupied it 192 days, and the dues collected amounted to \$14,517.19. Besides attending to the above duties the staff were employed, variously, repairing and keeping the plant in good working order, viz.: Engines and boilers painted and boiler-rooms whitewashed.

Caisson placed on the outside berth, and outer invert repaired, and hauling gear cleaned and painted, eyebolts forged and holes drilled in pier-head coping and bolts

put in.

Fences whitewashed and all outdoor wood-work painted. Caisson inside and outside scaled and painted, all joints in steam pipes renewed, and safety-valves repaired.

New stud-bolts put in valves of large pumps, stop-gate scaled and painted. Engine room platform repaired. New relief cocks put in air pumps. Shaft of centrifugal

pump repaired.

Ashes spread and hollows filled up. Offal buried and gutters flushed out. Latrines and urinals cleaned out and whitewashed. Drainage cups made for engines, and furnace doors painted.

Decayed planking, shores and timber cut up for firewood. New skylights put in

cement shed and boiler room. Gangway irons, ladders and trestles repaired.

Rock blasted in rear of engine rooms, retaining wall built and road to dumping ground made. Pipe heaters fitted in engine room. Drift logs collected for shores, to replace those rotted and worn out.

Differential pulley blocks and hydraulic jacks repaired. New screw stud-bolts for

cylinder covers made, and iron wheelbarrows repaired.

New foundation put under engineer's dwelling house. Dock boat repaired. Fences

around dock repaired and a new piece put up in south-east corner of yard.

Trenches dug, and drain pipes laid around engineer's house. Warping buoys taken up, cleaned and painted, and 30 fathoms of  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inch chain added to moorings.

Expenditure during fiscal year:

Construction and repairs	 	.\$ 1,200 . 13,277	00 89
		\$ 14,477	89

### KINGSTON DRY DOCK.

## Alteration of Entrance.

The work of improving the entrance to the dry dock was commenced in May, 1902,

and completed about June 25 of the same year.

The alterations made consist in the lowering of the coping of the entrance walls 2 feet 6 inches, and widening the entrance for that depth from 55 feet to 69 feet 3 inches, and in increasing the practical length of the dock about 25 feet by cutting a groove or recess 3 feet wide in the steps forming the head of the dock.

These alterations were made to comply with a request made by vessel owners having

boats plying hetween Lake Ontario ports.

It was represented that the Kingston dry dock in its present shape could not

accommodate the largest class of side-wheel steamers navigating on the lake.

It was impossible for them to dock their boats for cleaning, and in case of accidents at the beginning of a season they were liable to lose considerably for want of a dock large enough to take these boats for immediate repairs.

There are now four side-wheel steamers on Lake Ontario having an extreme width,

at wheel section, over 55 feet. These are:-

The	Chippewa	. Extreme	width 68 feet.
	Corona		58 "
	Toronto		64 "
	Kingston		66 "

The first two belong to the Niagara Navigation Company, and the two others to

the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company.

After mature consideration it was decided to make the necessary alterations in order to accommodate these boats, as the changes required would not spoil the appearance of the dock, and would bring an increased revenue.

The Chippewa being the largest boat, her cross section was used as a guide in

altering the entrance walls.

The two top courses of the masonry at the entrance were first removed, and the

third course cut down 6 inches.

Then the coping stones were replaced on top of the third course, thus lowering the walls 2 feet 6 inches for a width of 7 feet on each side of the dock. The concrete filling at the back of the stone masonry was found to be very hard to remove, and had to be blasted with dynamite.

As the Chippewa was a few feet longer than the dock, to lengthen it a groove or recess 3 feet wide was cut in the head steps of the dock, thus doing away with the necessity of removing the caisson gate from its berth, and placing it at the end of the walls 23 feet farther out, a tedious and troublesome operation requiring the aid of a diver to clean the bottom chamber left for that purpose at the outer end of the entrance

In remodelling the top of entrance walls and the head steps, Portland cement concrete was used; proportions, 1 cement, 2 sand, 4 broken stone.

One hundred barrels of Star brand cement was used.

When the work was completed the Chippewa was docked without difficulty, the lower paddles of her wheels having been removed. The water level then stood 16 feet 2 inches above sill, or about 8 inches above low water level.

It was found that at that level the boat's wheel wings or flanges had a clear space of about 12 inches above the lowered portion of the walls, showing that at low water she

could still be docked with a clearance of 4 inches.

The work done presents a substantial and neat appearance.

The cost of the improvements is	
Total	\$7,463,92

The high scale of wages prevailing made the alteration a little more expensive than

anticipated. But as the docking of two of the above mentioned boats has already brought a

revenue of \$800 to the government it will be seen that the money spent is a good investment and that the change was a desirable one.

## RIVIÈRE DU LIÈVRE.

Little Rapid is 12 miles above the village of Buckingham, in the county of Labelle. A lock and dam were completed at this place in 1892 to overcome the difficulties encountered by boats navigating the Lièvre river and to drown the Long rapid, 7 miles farther up the river, thus giving a continuous stretch of navigation as far as the High Falls, a total distance of 22 miles.

The lock and dam have been kept in a good state of repair and working condition since their completion.

In the spring of 1901, one of the cast iron gate valves was found broken; it could not be replaced without first procuring stop-logs to dam the water above the gate. In the meantime the opening left by the broken valve was planked over by a diver and the lock was worked with one valve.

In the fall of 1901, twenty-eight pine stop-iogs 12 x 12 inches were procured and four cast iron valves, so as to have some of these on hand whenever required. The work of replacing the valve was not done until the month of September, 1902.

During the last fiscal year the cost of maintenance and minor repairs was \$856.32; expenses in connection with broken valve, \$667.17; total, \$1,533.49.

### SLIDES AND BOOMS.

The Dominion government owns and operates slide and boom works built to facilitate the passage of square timber, round logs, flatted and dimension timber, &c., on the River Ottawa and tributaries, on the lower 40 miles or so of the St. Maurice, and in the Trent and Newcastle district between Fenelon Falls and Heeley's Falls.

In the subjoined reports, the superintending engineers of these river works, Messrs. G. P. Brophy, F. X. Thos. Berlinguet, and S. Clegg, give particulars relative to the works of construction, improvement and repair carried out under their supervision on government slides, booms, piers, dams, streams, buildings, &c., during the fiscal year, the expenditures incurred for staff, maintenance, improvements, &c., the quantities of the various descriptions of timber that pass through their works, and other information of general interest and utility to lumbermen and the public at large.

## REPORT ON THE OTTAWA RIVER WORKS.

(By G. P. Brophy, Superintending Engineer.)

Ottawa, September 27, 1902.

E. D. Lafteur, Esq.,
Acting Chief Enginer,
Public Works of Canada.

Sir,—In accordance with instructions received from your department in communication No. 1931, dated July 8 last, I have the honour to submit the following report on the works under my charge on the Ottawa and tributary rivers for the fiscal year ended June 30 last.

As is usual, at the low water season of 1901, after the rafts and saw-log drives had passed the various stations, an examination of the foundations of the river structures was made and the necessary repair work begun and continued during the close season of navigation preparatory to the passage of timber in the spring of 1902.

These works may be described as follows:—

## REPAIRS AT STATIONS ON THE OTTAWA RIVER (Main Stream).

St. Vincent de Paul (back of Montreal).—Certain boulders, supposed to have been lodged by the movement of ice in the rapids between Bord-a-Plouffe and St. Vincent de Paul, were removed to enable the raftsmen to run with greater safety larger bands of timber as they had been in the habit of doing in former years.

Carillon.—At this station the bottom timbers of the slide, in places, required renewal and the apron fastenings, where defective, were made good. The fences of the

service ground near the end of the dam were repaired and strengthened.

Long Sault Rapids (below Grenville).—At a place known as 'Trois Roches reef,' the running of timber had become dangerous owing to the construction of the stone piers of the Great Northern Railway bridge. To improve matters the course immediately above the bridge was straightened and made wider for high water operations; and for medium pitch, a new channel was opened close to the island, to avoid the heavy swells that had a tendency to break up the bands into which the rafts are subdivided for passage at this place.

Hull or North Chaudière.—The usual repairs were executed at this station in the maintenance of the booms and fastenings; the bulkheads and hoisting gear; the fences

and store houses and the planking and side piers of slide.

Ottawa or South Chaudière.—The side piers of the slide were raised and repaired; the bulkhead, boom stays and platforms were renewed, and the store houses, fences, and

sheds maintained in a state of efficiency.

Chats.—The bottom of the slide was repaired with new sheeting; a new cross sill for bottom of apron at outlet of slide furnished; new apron chains put in position and a number of new fingers set in the apron to replace those worn out. In the canal leading to the slide, the timber glances were patched, where gouged out, and two new piers built to support guide boom immediately above the slide entrance.

Cheneaux.—For the capstan platform used in opening and closing the trip boom, two new spindles, with iron mountings complete, were supplied as a more reliable

equipment for this purpose than the worn out wooden ones abandoned.

Mountain.—The bottom of the slide, near the outlet had become sagged, which necessitated taking up the flooring and raising some of the cross sills; while in other

cases wedge pieces were laid on top of sills to bring the bearings to grade. The spaces between the sills were filled with stone and in relaying the floor, damaged portions were

rejected and new material substituted.

Calumet.—Below the outlet of the third slide, a quantity of stone from an old collapsed pier lodged in the crib channel and as it formed an obstruction its removal was imperative. The apron at the foot of the second slide had some of its broken fingers repaired and strengthened by splicing and spiking on maple plank. A more solid foundation was laid for waste gate in side dam between first and second slides. Below the ontlet of the third slide, a glance pier, which had been built in 1899, for the purpose of keeping cribs off a rugged shore, was extended for a distance of 186 feet; it is 12 feet high, with an average width of 8 feet, and stone filled. A portion of the old controlling dam, near this place, was removed and the side pier of the slide raised by an addition of timber and stone. New stop-logs were provided for the waste gates and bulkheads and a layer of gravel applied to the dam at the head of the second slide for the purpose of stanching it and preventing leakage.

Des Joachims.—At this station the works had several defects, due mainly to natural decay, ice shoves, and the action of the spring floods. The repairs executed may be described as follows:—Plank was hewn and laid in bottom of slide to replace that carried away or worn too thin; stop-logs were furnished for waste gate at north side of slide, to regulate the flow of water, these logs being set in gains of timber well braced in rear; the bulkhead of slide was renewed, a new crab frame built and hoisting apparatus erected; stop-logs were procured for the slide and at the corners of entrance piers, posts &c., where abrasion or decay had weakened the structures, reinforce patches were planted; the tops of four support piers which had been displaced, were rebuilt and a boom 576 feet in length was made and placed in position to guide the cribs to the entrance of the slide. The lower section, 85 feet in length, was constructed as a stiff boom and the

remainder in sections, joined by  $\frac{7}{8}$  inch chains.

Rocher Capitaine.—Near the head of the rapid bearing this name, there is a dangerous reef known as the 'Sickle Rocks,' which at certain stages of the water, proves a menace and impediment to the safe running of cribs of spuare timber through the intricate and difficult channels below. A commencement was made and as much as possible of the reef blasted off, at last season of low water, but time did not permit of the complete removal of the obstruction, which, however, will be accomplished at the proper season.

### TRIBUTARIES OF THE OTTAWA.

Gatineau River.—At the main boom, near the mouth, the station house, store houses and fences were maintained in a state of repair. The support piers of the boom where there was a tendency to undermining by the action of the currents, were protected by depositing stone at their bases; the upper timbers of some of the piers having become decayed, were removed and replaced by new materials which were stone-filled; the landing places were protected by timber facings; the bridges were repaired in their coverings and abutment piers; the booms strengthened and made secure by the use of new clevices and chains, and precautionary measures adopted to guard against ice shows in the spring.

Madawaska River.—The retaining boom at the mouth of the stream was taken out of the water and overhauled; worn ends of sticks were sawn off and new holes bored in sound timber for coupling chains; new chains, screw-bolts and washers were substituted for those found to be unserviceable, and the boom generally improved in its various

parts.

Arnprior.—A covering of 3-in. plank was laid on top of guide boom leading to slide; weak portions of this boom were reinforced by splice pieces and extra chains.

Flat Rapids.—Certain minor repairs were effected in the facing and timbers of dam, and a supply of necessary material, such as timber and planking deposited on the bank of the river for use in rebuilding the structures after the timber-running season.

Calabogie Lake.—A quantity of stone was piled in view of keeping up the filling

of the piers as occasion required.

High Falls.—The boom was hauled out of the water; a joint 68 feet in length renewed; maple cross ties inserted, and the whole bound together horizontally and vertically with 1½-in. screw-bolts, after which a covering of 3-in. pine plank was laid on. The station house here was also thoroughly repaired.

Chain Rapids.—With the view of changing the direction of the current and avoiding a troublesome eddy at the outlet of the old slide, an addition of about 260 feet in length was constructed on a curve, which had the effect of discharging the logs and timber into a channel where they could be more easily controlled. This new portion of

the slide was sheeted with maple and elm plank 4 inches thick.

Coulonge River.—The slide at High Falls, about 3,000 feet in length, was, from time to time, strengthened and kept in running order by the removal of broken and decayed posts, braces, plank and timbers for which new materials consisting in part of pine, hard maple and oak had to be substituted; and it was also found necessary to raise the slide to proper grade where it had sagged on top of a somewhat elevated substructure. The boom support piers, above the slide entrance, had their faces and corners protected by new sheeting; the foot-boards of the slide overhauled; a frame structure erected as a signal station for watchman regulating the run of logs in the slide, and a clearance made of shrubs and brush from the side hills where the view was obstructed. A storehouse and blacksmith shop were built at this station for the purpose of facilitating repairs in cases of emergency.

Black River.—The works on this stream received the ordinary attention by way of repairs, and were satisfactorily operated in the early part of the season; but on June 13 last, a jam of saw-logs occurred in the slide, and it was damaged at a point 115 feet from the outlet and extending up the steep grade a distance of about 200 feet. At the lower end, the sills were all torn away for about 50 feet, and in the remaining portion the sides were gone, the bottom generally being left intact. No time was lost in making good the damage, as the men worked overhours, in order to have the slide available at the earliest possible moment. The alignment of the slide was altered somewhat, to

reduce the curvature as much as practicable.

Petewawa River.—At Cedar Lake both the flat and pier dams south of bulkhead were rebuilt. The former, 32 feet long, adjoins the bulkhead, and from the outer end of it the pier dam runs 172 feet in a southerly direction. Both of these works had become very much decayed, so much so that it was not feasible to patch the old timbers. The sheeting on all the dams at this place was partially renewed; the corners of sluiceways repaired with new planking, and on corner of stop-log checks an angle iron was attached to prevent wear. New stop-logs were provided for the regulating bulkhead in connection with sluiceways and the hoisting appliances adjusted.

At Sault Rapids, about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  miles below Cedar Lake, a portion, 102 feet in length, of the glance dam on the south side of the river was repaired, and the running of logs

in the rapids improved by the blasting out of projecting rocks.

At the other stations on this tributary, the ordinary casual repairs were made by the staff on the works.

On May 2 last, when the river was at flood height, a section, 130 feet in length of the dam at head of third chute slide was carried away. This dam, situated about two miles from the mouth of the stream, was built when the improvements on the lower Petewawa were consummated upwards of 44 years ago. Doubtless the rock-bolts in the foundation had been so weakened by corrosion as to be unequal to the pressure of high water. The logs that arrived after the accident had to be passed over the chute, as reconstruction could not be done at the prevailing pitch of water; but at the proper season the gap will be closed.

Dumoine River.—The works on this river were kept in repair during the season, An occasional break in the planking or side supports of the slide was made good by the staff on the ground from materials held in reserve; but no serious damage was done to the improvements, either by passing timber or action of high water during the period

covered by this report.

### OTTAWA OR SOUTH CHAUDIÈRE STATION.

At this place, the work of changing the position of the bulkhead and rebuilding and raising side piers of slide was carried out. The old apron, bottom sills, and flooring were all removed and a new side pier about 200 ft. long constructed.

The drives of 1901, for the most part, were successfully handled and as the water, in the spring of 1902, was at a most favourable pitch for driving and remained high during a later period of the season, square timber and saw-logs moved freely and were

well under way at the time of closing this report.

The following statement, compiled from information furnished by the collector of revenues in your department, shows the quantity of the various description of timber, &c., using these works and the revenue accrued thereon, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902:—

	Pieces.
Square timber	15,834
Saw-logs	3,287,731
Boom and dimension timber	69,871
Cedars	89,567
Railroad ties	657,281
Fence posts	389,089
_	
Total	4,509,373

Also  $24,083\frac{5}{6}$  cords pulpwood. Revenue accrued on the above was \$37,923.23.

I have the honour to be, sir, Your obedient servant,

GEO. P. BROPHY,
Superintending Engineer, Ottawa River Works.

Statement showing Expenditure on Works—Ottawa River and Tributaries—for Repairs and Extraordinary Repairs for Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1902.

Name of Works.	Province.	Electoral District.	Expenditure from July 1, 1901, to Dec. 31, 1901.	Expenditure from Jan. 1, 1902, to June 30, 1902.	Expenditure from July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902.	
ORDINARY REPAIRS.  Ottawa River, Main Stream. Long Sault and St. Vin-			\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	
Carillon station North Chaudière station. South " Chats " Cheneaux " Mountain " Calumet " Joachim "	Ontario and Quebec. Ontario. Quebec. Ontario. " Quebec. Quebec.	Counties of Argenteuil, Prescett and Laval County of Prescott District of Wright. City of Ottawa N.R., County of Lanark. S.R., County of Renfrew. County of Pontiac	161 00 146 00 425 50	7 33 396 27 1,245 77 182 63 27 94 2,375 55 1,753 72 445 14	265 25 42 70 564 02 1,518 51 343 63 27 94 146 00 2,801 05 1,753 72 445 14	
Coulonge "	Ontario	District of Wright S.R., County of Renfrew County of Pontiac N.R., County of Renfrew,	1,473 61 167 69 1,657 16 239 46	6,434 35 1,219 00 1,097 63 1,731 58 421 05	7,907 96 1,386 69 2,754 79 1,971 04 421 05	
		NipissingCounty of Pontiac	11 23	544 43 189 00	2,136 82 200 23	
Bridges, &c— Chaudiere Slide Bridges. Union Bridge	Ontario and Que-	City of Ottawa and District		5,202 69 564 64	8,870 62 2,256 03	
Hull Slide Bridge Hull Roadway	Quebec	of Wright District of Wright	1,377 52	94 66 17 83 364 89	147 31 1,395 35 1,272 51	
Portage du Foct Bridge		N.R., County of Renfrew & County of Pontiac	4,029 18	1,042 02	5,071 20	
Ottawa River— South Chaudière Station Joachim Bdge.approaches		N. R. County of Renfrew &			5,160 95	
		County of Pontiac	6.675 24	16.235 13	22,910 37	

D. SCOTT,
Accountant, O.R.W.

## REPORT OF THE ST. MAURICE RIVER WORKS.

(By F. X. T. BERLINGUET, SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER.)

RESIDENT ENGINEER'S OFFICE, THREE RIVERS, October 11, 1902.

EUGÈNE D. LAFLEUR, Esq.,

Acting Chief Engineer,

Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

SIR,—As requested in your letter No. 1924, I have the honour to submit the follow-

ing report on the St. Maurice works for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902.

The fluctuation of the water level on the St. Maurice river during the time of the floating of the logs of the commercial season of 1901 has been almost null, except at the beginning. During the month of April the flood occurred a few days earlier than usual, but did not exceed 20·2 feet on gauge used for the observations at Pte. Magdeleine at St. Jean des Piles on the 38th mile on the river. The water then receded to 14 feet. This was followed by a second rise, which went up as far as 18·8 feet. This took place about April 29. It then started to recede and continued to do so until June 7, when it reached 8·7 feet. This was followed by a third rise, which went up as far as 12·3 feet on June 11. The logs were then too far behind in the tributaries to be helped by this rise. The water then started to recede until the 22nd of the same month, and was followed by a small rise of a few inches, and started again to recede for the fourth time, and reached the lowest water recorded on July 3, and continued to recede until September 29. It was then 10½ inches below the zero of gauge or about 3 feet lower than the lowest water recorded.

The rains which occurred in October and November had very little effect on the St.

Maurice, and remained much below the water level previously recorded.

The mean fluctuation of the water level for each month during the working season for the last seven years has been as shown in the following table of elevation of mean low water, in feet and tenths above zero of Grandes Piles gauge, for each month of the working season, August, 1892, to November, 1901.

The zero of the Grandes Piles gauge corresponds to 298.39 feet above the zero of

Three Rivers gauge connected with the St. Lawrence geodetic levelling-

Year.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September	October.	November
1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 Average for 1892-1901.	3·9 8·5 9·7 6 4 9·5 5·3 6·3 10·6	12.7 13.2 14.0 13.3 14.7 10.9 15.0 11.6 13.3	10:4 8:8 9:2 7:7 9:4 9:0 9:9 7:5 9:0	6·1 7·6 5·9 6·4 6·7 7·4 7·5 9·5 4·2	7·5 4·6 5·3 6·3 3·4 5·3 5·2 5·1 5·8 1·9	3·8 5·0 4·2 5·1 2·6 4·4 5·0 5·1 4·6 0·2	4·7 4·1 7·5 4·1 3·3 3·1 5·8 9·7 6·6 1 5	5 1 3 6 8 1 4 4 8 5 2 7 6 7 5 7 6 5 2 6

The 'drives' of 1901 have been very difficult owing to the scarcity of water, to an alarming extent. As already reported in my annual report of 1901 the spring flood lasted only a very short time, and a great part of the logs were left in the tributaries, owing to the constant receding of the water, which is partly attributed to the deforestation of the transition of the transition of the transition of the state of the transition of the state of the transition of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s

tion of that region.

Some artificial means must therefore be taken to compensate and regulate the flow of the main river by constructing dams on the large tributaries flowing into the St. Maurice for the storage of water to be used in reducing the spring flood, and to be afterwards used when the spring flood is over. By so doing the lumbermen could have their logs a month sooner and would avoid the delay of waiting after the spring freshet is over to send their logs on the main river, and sufficient water would be retained to be used with advantage to continue the floating of the logs without any interruption.

When the water was at its lowest pitch, the foundations of the various structures were examined and repairs commenced. The work done under this head may be descri-

bed as follows :---

Pointe a Trudel Booms.—On the 40th mile of the St. Maurice river, 1,412 lineal feet of booms, also three mooring piers, were examined and put in good condition for the coming season.

The area of the space formed by the said booms and the western shore is 520,000 square feet, and can retain 62,000 logs per layer. At the end of the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1902, 210,000 logs were retained in said booms.

Pointe a Madeleine Booms.—On the 39th mile, 2,588 lineal feet of booms, three to five feet in width, also nine mooring piers were examined and put in good condition.

The area of the space formed by the said booms and the western shore is 2,920,000 square feet, and can retain 292,000 logs per layer. At the end of the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1902, 275,000 logs were retained in said booms.

St. Jacques des Piles Booms.—On the 38th mile from the outlet, 2,176 lineal feet of five to six ply booms, also seven mooring piers were examined and put in good condition. A number of boom chains were supplied. Stone ballast was put in the piers

where necessary.

The area of the space formed by the said booms and the eastern shore is 2,210,000 square feet, and can retain 221,000 logs per layer. At the end of the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1902, 245,000 logs were retained in said booms.

Petites Piles Booms.—On the 35th mile on the St. Maurice, 3,297 lineal feet of three-ply booms, 1,109 feet of four ply booms, and 202 feet five ply booms, also nine mooring piers were examined and put in good condition. A number of boom chains

were supplied. Stone ballast was put in the piers where necessary.

The area of the space formed by the said booms and 'Ile Arthur,' 'Ile Leblond' and western shore is 6,655,000 square feet, and can retain 606,000 logs per layer. At the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, 110,000 logs were retained in said booms.

Pointe à Paquin Booms—A new sorting boom was built during the winter of 1901–02, with the co-opération of Mr. P. E. Parent, engineer in charge of the hydrographic survey of the River St. Lawrence.

The new assorting boom was built according to a plan submitted with a report

dated November 5, 1901.

Eight mooring piers (No. 1 and 2:4,160 c. ft.; No. 3:6,020; No. 5:40 ft. x 50 ft. x 37 ft. x 38,930 c. ft.; No. x 6:40 ft. x 40 ft. x 40 ft. x 10 ft. x 50 ft. x 65 ft. x 80,287 c. ft.; No. x 10 ft. x 40 ft. x 40 ft. x 38 ft. x 40 ft. x 50 ft. x 40 ft. x 50 ft. x 65 ft. x 65 ft. x 67,308 c. ft.) are in use of which four new ones (Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 8) were built together with a jam pier (No. 9). The crib built measures 282,791 cubic feet. The construction of 2,065 feet of five-ply booms were also built.

Although the Pointe a Paquin boom, on the 33rd mile of the St. Maurice, was merely built to facilitate the distribution of the logs at Grand Mère with those of Shawinigan and Three Rivers, it had to be used as storage boom, owing to the excess of logs which came down with a sudden rise of six feet, which occurred during the floating

of the bulk of logs made for this commercial season.

The said rise commenced on May 24, 1902, when the water was still at 11 feet  $5\frac{1}{2}$  inches above low water level, and reached its maximum height 17 feet  $5\frac{1}{2}$  inches on May 30, 1902.

On May 27, the current being too swift for the Laurentide Pulp Co's. booms to hold logs, the sluicing had therefore to be discontinued in the government's booms at Pointe à Paquin. The consequence was, that in a few hours, the government's booms at Pointe à Paquin and those at Grandes Piles had more logs than they could hold, and the result, as was already reported, the strongest chains used gave way and from thirty to forty thousand logs went into the lower booms, this increasing the strain on these booms, and putting in danger the logs already retained in these booms.

Fortunately the water did not rise as high as that of 1873, and only guide booms gave way, so that all the logs were retained in the St. Maurice's booms, with the exception of very few logs which went into the St. Lawrence, and those logs passed over

and under the booms.

As a rule the lumbermen were accustomed to wait until after the north freshets before sending their logs afloat on the main river, but in doing so last year, they failed to get their logs, expecting a rise which did not come, so that the consequence was that a great number of logs were left in the ice, and prevented the constant working of the mills, and which increased their expenses to a considerable amount.

The lumbermen have therefore taken upon themselves this year to float their logs on the main river during the north freshets as there was very little indication that

this rise would soon take place.

The capacity of the booms is scarcely large enough to hold more than one-third of

the logs made this year, so that each boom had more logs than it could hold.

To obviate this disaster which is very ruinous, not only to the company who loses their logs, but to the district in general, it will require to increase the storage capacity of the booms above Grand Mère, and at the places where the logs offer less pressure on the booms.

Four thousand two hundred and thirty eight feet of five-ply booms are in use at Pointe à Paquin. The area of the space between the two booms and which forms a point is 780,000 square feet and can hold 78,000 logs, and which can easily be sluiced in a days work by the twenty-six sluicing gaps made for that purpose.

Pointe à Traham Booms.—On the 33rd mile of the St. Maurice river, 3,200 lineal

feet of two and three-ply booms were examined and put in good condition.

The area of the space formed by the said booms and the western shore is 1,755,000 square feet, and can retain 175,000 logs. At the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, 50,000 logs were retained in said booms.

Rapid des Hêtres Booms.—On the 26th mile, 600 lineal feet of two and three-ply

booms and one anchor pier were examined and put in good condition.

The area of the space formed by the said booms and the western shore is 640,000 square feet, and can retain 64,000 logs. At the end of the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1902, the boom was empty.

Pointe Marchessault Booms.—On the 24th mile, 1,200 lineal feet of five-ply booms

and three piers were examined and put in good condition.

The area of the space formed by the said booms and the eastern shore is 480,000 square feet, and can retain 48,000 logs. At the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, 60,000 logs were retained in said booms.

Pointe à Bernard Booms.—On the 22nd mile, 4,200 lineal feet from three to fiveply booms, also fifteen mooring piers were examined. A number of chains were supplied.

Stone ballast was put in the piers where necessary.

The area of the space formed by the said booms and the western shore is 1,600,000 square feet, and retain 160,000 logs per layer. At the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 70,000 logs were retained in the said booms.

Ile Melville Booms.—On the 21st mile, 448 lineal feet of four-ply booms and 217

lineal feet of three-ply booms were examined and put in good condition.

The middle channel formed at the head of Shawinigan Falls by Melville island western shore is closed by the above mentioned booms, and can retain 80,000 logs. At the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, 15,000 logs (Belgo) were retained in the said booms.

Shawinigan Slide Booms.—On the 20th mile, 1,371 lineal feet of five-ply booms, 768 feet of four-ply, 263 feet of three-ply were examined and put in good condition.

On September 27, 1901, the work was commenced for the lowering of the crest of the dam and slides by  $40\frac{1}{2}$  inches, also deepening the channel through the rock for a distance of about 200 feet, to allow the passing of the logs through the slide during the extraordinary low water. All the logs (45,000) detained above the slide were then sluiced.

A new gauge was placed at the slide on February 15, 1902. The zero corresponding to the sill of the slide being 3.2 feet lower than the gauge placed on April 10, 1901, and corresponding to 176.9 feet of the Shawinigan Water and Power Co.'s gauge.

He aux Tourtes Booms.—On the 17th mile, 11,805 lineal feet of one to seven-ply booms were examined and put in good condition, and were left stretched for the winter to close the eastern channel above the island and the western channel below the said island.

The area of the space formed by the said booms can retain 200,000 logs. At the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, 200,000 logs were retained in said booms.

Pointe à Lambert Booms.—On the 4th mile, 541 lineal feet of five-ply booms and

1,750 feet of four-ply booms were examined and put in good condition.

The area of the space formed by the said booms and the western shore is 700,000 square feet, and can retain 70,000 logs. At the end of the fiscal year ending June 30,

1902, 25,000 logs were retained in said booms.

Cap aux Corneilles, Eastern Booms.—On the 3rd mile, 1,246 lineal feet of eight-ply booms, 2,114 feet of six-ply booms, 294 feet of five-ply booms, also twenty-three mooring piers were examined and put in good condition. Chains were supplied and stone ballast was put in the piers where necessary.

The area of the space formed by the said booms and the eastern shore can retain 200,000 logs. At the end of the fiscal year 85,000 logs were retained in said booms.

Cap aux Corneilles, Western Booms, Three Rivers Sluicing Gate.—On the 2nd mile, 108 lineal feet of seven-ply booms, 777 feet of six-ply booms, and 402 feet of four-ply booms, also seven mooring piers were examined and put in good condition.

At the end of the fiscal year about 18,000 logs were in the booms.

Eastern and Ile St. Quentin Booms.—At the outlet 1,070 lineal feet of seven-ply booms, 1,300 feet of six-ply booms, 3,121 feet of five-ply, 4,750 feet of four-ply, 1,851 feet of three-ply booms, and 4,567 lineal feet of two-ply booms, also forty-three mooring piers were examined and put in good condition.

The statement furnished by the collector of slide and boom dues shows that 1,352,-

182 logs have passed the government works during the season 1901.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

F. X. THOS. BERLINGUET,

Superintending Engineer.

## REPORT OF THE TRENT AND NEWCASTLE DISTRICT WORKS.

(By S. Clegg, Superintending Engineer.)

Peterborough, Sept. 29, 1902.

Eugène D. Lafleur, Esq., Acting Chief Engineer,

Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Sir,—In compliance with the request in your letter No. 1932, dated July 8, 1902, I have the honour to submit the following report on the work under my charge on the Trent river and the waters tributary to it for the year ending June 30, 1902. These works extend from the Bay of Quinté on the south to Balsam lake on the north.

### HASTINGS SLIDE.

The slide at Hastings was rebuilt, had to put in new joist for the flooring and build a new end in slide 35 x 12 ft. x 6 ft. high, put new floor 35 x 51 ft. 6-in. thick of maple, built a new side pier 11 ft. by 50 ft. and sheeted slide on sides with 2-in. white oak. Repaired stop-log sill and put in new stop-logs 12-in. x 14-in. x 38 ft. long, put new sheeting on the face of slide above the stop-log sill.

### LITTLE LAKE PETERBORO'.

The boom here is about  $\frac{1}{2}$  mile long. It was taken off in the fall and put in winter quarters, replaced in the spring and some new chains supplied and some minor repairs done.

### KATCHAWANNOE LAKE.

The boom from Young's Point to Lakefield is about  $4\frac{1}{2}$  miles long, was overhauled and some new chains supplied.

### LOVESICK LAKE.

The boom had to be overhauled and some new chains supplied.

### DEER BAY.

The boom was broken and some of it carried away with the ice. This was repaired and the new pieces put in.

### BUCKHORN.

The log channel at the foot of the slide was cleaned out and a lot of large boulders removed. This work made good running for the logs. The two stick glance booms at top of the slide were broken and had to be taken out and repaired.

### FENELON FALLS.

The booms were placed in position and some minor repairs made. The platform of the timber slide was repaired, some new stringers and new flooring put in.

## SCUGOG RIVER, LINDSAY.

The work of dredging in the Seugog river at Lindsay was commenced on June 7 by Mr. A. L. Davis' dredge Arthur and up to June 30 had removed a lot of material and greatly improved navigation.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

S. CLEGG,

Superintendent.

## BRIDGES AND ROADS.

It may be stated that, in the older provinces of the Dominion, the federal govern ment has confined itself, as a rule, to take under its exclusive control and make provision towards the construction and maintenance of important interprovincial road

bridges and bridges required across waterways.

In the sparsely-settled districts of the North-west Territories, the government of Canada has undertaken to provide for the erection and maintenance of ordinary road bridges over large streams; bridges that are urgently needed to afford uninterrupted communication through trails and highways of national importance, which neither the municipalities to be more immediately benefited by the structures, nor the territorial authorities most directly concerned, could be expected to erect and maintain at their sole expense.

During the last fiscal year, works have been executed on the following bridges:—

## OTTAWA BRIDGES.

#### LAURIER BRIDGE.

This bridge is a new steel structure erected on the site of the old Maria street timber bridge, spanning the Rideau canal and passing above the Canada Atlantic Railway tracks, forming a connection between Maria and Theodore streets.

It was built in 1900 and 1901 under three separate contracts, the work of construction having been awarded separately for the masonry, the steel superstructure, and

the permanent concrete flooring.

These contracts did not include stone block pavement, sidewalks and filling of approaches at both ends, which was done partly by day's labour by the department and

partly by agreement with the contractors as extras to the contracts.

The Laurier bridge has a total length of 344 feet from abutment to abutment, a total width of 54 feet including two sidewalks, each 8 feet wide, and is carried by two masonry piers, two abutments and twenty-four post piers founded on a timber and concrete grillage on top of piles

It is a deck bridge composed of a system of girders supported on columns for the portion over the railway tracks, and on four arch ribs for the portion over the canal.

The flooring which is supported by these girders consists, for the roadway, of a system of wire cloth arches stiffened by 'woven in' steel rods sprung between floorbeams and covered with cinder concrete. The sidewalks consist of twisted steel bars hooked to girders and connected together with light steel bands, the whole covered with cinder concrete.

The roadway bed is formed of stone blocks and the sidewalks finished with grano-

lithic concrete coloured red.

The west approach consists of an earth and stone embankment about 350 feet long, built to a grade of 5 per cent.

The east approach is 150 feet long built also to a grade of 5 per cent.

This bridge was opened to traffic on July 1, 1901.

During the last fiscal year 560 lineal feet of granolithic sidewalk, 8 feet wide, was built on the north side of the west approach, and the bridge railing was continued on the south side of the same approach for a length of 118 feet, and on the north side for a length of 94 feet. Some 141 square yards of sandstone block pavement, which had been laid on loose filling at both ends of the bridge, were relaid on a concrete bed, and 55,000 sandstone blocks required for permanently paving the whole of the west approach were purchased. This will be done as soon as the embankment has attained full settlement.

The bridge and approaches are provided with seventeen lamp posts carrying thirtyfour 32 c. p. electric incandescent lamps, and the wiring for this was done at the beginning of the fiscal year, arrangements being made with the Ottawa Electric Company to supply the current.

The sums of money paid during the fiscal year amount to \$30,424.26, being for work above mentioned and in payment of some accounts held over from the previous

year

Total amount paid up to June 30, 1902, on account of this bridge is \$106,827.35, from which must be deducted however a sum of \$17,615 paid by the Canada Atlantic railway as a portion of their contribution to the cost of the bridge, making \$89,212.35 expended by the government.

The Canada Atlantic Railway Company have yet to pay a few thousand dollars more as their share of the cost of the bridge, as a final settlement has not yet been made

with them.

### REPAIRS OF BRIDGES AND APPROACHES AT OTTAWA AND HULL.

The work of paving the Chaudière bridges over the slide and hydraulic channels and approaches to Albert and Victoria islands was completed and this thoroughfare was opened for traffic about the middle of July, 1901. The railings and exposed parts of steel work received a coat of metallic paint similar to that used on the Laurier bridge in this city. The roadway was scraped and cleaned during the summer months when required, as was also that of the Union bridge. The causeway leading to Hull was maintained and cleaned, and a temporary board fence erected at the northerly end of Union bridge, where the sidewalk and guard rails were destroyed by fire. Portions of the granite pavement which had become uneven were taken up and relaid to grade. The paving of the Hull slide bridge was also finished and the structure opened to the public on August 17, 1901.

The roadway of this bridge is similar to that of the Chaudiere bridges, being of

Nepean sandstone laid on a concrete foundation and grouted.

The superstructures of these bridges were examined periodically and such adjustments made to their parts as were found necessary.

## ONTARIO AND QUEBEC.

### DES JOACHIMS.

## Approaches to Interprovincial Brtdges at Rapides Des Jochims.

The work in this connection which was commenced in August, 1901, was completed last spring and the road approaches were available for traffic when the bridge superstructures was finished. Owing to the very rough state of the bridge environs and the heavy fills necessary to reach the abutments, the construction work was comparatively slow and expensive. To reach the locations, temporary or service bridges and tramways had to be constructed over the water course and ravines. The length of the approach on the Quebec main shore is 1,375 feet, of that on the island between the two bridges 875 feet and of the Ontario part 2,050 feet, making a total of 4,300 feet exclusive of the bridges proper, a very large portion of which consisted of rock, blasted from the side hills, and sand or gravel laid in the embankments after a considerable haul. A portion of the retaining wall or riprap work adjoining the abutments on the Quebec side having had its foundations flooded in the spring, gave way and will have to be rebuilt.

### DES JOACHIMS BRIDGE.

The village of Des Joachims is on the northern shore of the Ottawa river, in the county of Pontiac, 45 miles above Pembroke and 130 miles from the city of Ottawa.

In 1885, the Department of Public Works with the assistance of the local governments of the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, constructed a wooden bridge across the Ottawa river. This bridge fell in 1898, on account of its decayed condition. In 1900,

the department decided to replace the wooden bridge by a steel structure with stone masonry piers and abutments at the site of and over the timber slide, about one-third of a mile above the site of the old bridge. As the Ottawa river at this place is divided into two channels by an island, two structures were necessary and were built under separate contracts.

The bridge over the south channel consists of three rivetted through spans, one of 227 feet and two shore spans of 100 feet each, over the north channel, the bridge con-

sists of two rivetted through spans of 150 feet each.

The piers for the two structures are built of first-class masonry and the abutments of second class; Rathbun's 'Star' cement was used for the mortar. All the masonry

structures rest on solid rock which was found near the surface.

The superstructures were built under contract by the Dominion Bridge Company, all the steel used was tested for a tensile strength of 60,000 lbs. per square inch. One coat of paint was applied before leaving the shop and two coats after erection. The work on the masonry was commenced in the month of February, 1901, and the whole bridge was satisfactorily completed in April, 1902.

The cost of the bridge was, for masonry, \$21,950, and for superstructure.

\$29,537.50 making a total of \$51,487.50.

Total expenditure during fiscal year, \$63,265.07.

### GRAND RIVER BRIDGE.

Grand River Bridge is situated at York, Haldimand county, and was erected by the government in 1890-91. The superstructure is composed of four spans of iron; the two end ones being 106 feet, 4 inches in length, and the two inner ones 106 feet, 2 inches each, total length of iron superstructure, 425 feet, resting upon three stone piers and two abutments built of second-class masonry. There are two approaches, the one on the east side 50 feet long.

Authority was given on July 10, to expend the sum of \$1,000 to repair the approaches and flooring, Work was commenced on August 1, and completed on the

31st of the same month.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$993.97.

### PORTAGE DU FORT.

Portage du Fort is on the north shore of the Ottawa river, in the county of Pontiac,

60 miles above the city of Ottawa.

In 1898, the wooden bridge built by the government some years previously, across the Ottawa river at Portage du Fort, fell down on account of its decayed condition, and communication between the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, at that place, had to be established by means of row-boats.

In 1899, the department decided to build a steel bridge with stone masony piers and abutments, at a place about one third of a mile below the site of the old bridge.

In February, 1900, a contract was entered into for the construction of the substructure, and another with the Berlin Bridge Company, for the superstructure. The new bridge consists of one rivetted through span of 300 feet and two shore pony spans of 50 and 30 feet respectively. The piers are built of first-class masonry and the abutments of second class, the whole resting on solid rock.

All the steel used in the superstructure was tested for a tensile strength of 60,000 lbs. per square inch, one coat of paint was applied before leaving the shop and two coats

after erection.

The approaches on both sides of the river were built by the department by day labour at a cost of \$3,562.04, the cost of the masonry was \$6,725, and that of the super-structure \$13,742.86, making a total of \$24,029.90.

Expenditure during fiscal year \$16,497.36.

### MANITOBA.

#### MORRIS BRIDGE.

In compliance with instructions a survey and plan of the proposed site of the Morris bridge, also sketch of bridge, estimate of cost, &c., were made.

Morris is situated 41 miles south of Winnipeg, also in the county of Provencher, and is one of the important towns along the banks of the Red river, south of Winnipeg. It is situated on the boundary line of the municipalities of Montcalm and Morris.

It appears that the municipality of Morris would not be in a position to contribute its share to the construction of the bridge, and that the local government has declined to aid the project, so that the department would be expected to contribute the whole cost of the work.

#### ST. JEAN BAPTISTE PROPOSED BRIDGE.

A survey was made and plan of the site of the proposed St. Jean Baptiste bridge, also a sketch of proposed bridge, together with estimate of cost and report were made. This proposed bridge is 47 miles south of Winnipeg by railway, and in the county

of Provencher.

The village of St. Jean is one of the important villages along the banks of the Red river, and situated in the midst of a first class agriculture country, already well settled by people who claim to be the pioneers of the country, and who also argue that the officials of the government, that induced them to locate in the country, promised them the bridge spoken of at the time they landed in the country.

It also appears that the municipality of Montcalm would at present be willing to contribute one-third of the cost of a bridge, and it is stated that the provincial government of Manitoba have promised assistance to the proposed work to the extent of a like

sum, that is, another third of the cost.

## NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

## BATTLE RIVER, BATTLEFORD.

A Howe truss bridge was built over the Battle river in 1890, and fell, by its own weight, in June, 1900. From 1900 to 1901, examination, survey, and estimates were made in order to replace the old construction by a new steel superstructure. In order to keep the traffic opened, during the design of such superstructure, a temporary bridge was erected in May, 1901.

After a thorough examination of the piers, at low water in October, 1901, they were found to be in a proper condition to stand the load of a superstructure for four or five years, if repairs be made at their weak points. A sum of \$2,000 was granted for these repairs, including a trestle approach on the north shore. Of that sum \$903.28

were expended during the months of December and January last.

All rotted timbers in the nose and body of the piers and abutunent were replaced by new  $12 \times 12$ -inch sound timbers and the piers filled up with stone. Boiler plate was ordered and received to cover all exposed portion on the nose and side. Vertical pieces of  $12 \times 12$ -inch were placed in the piers, where the seats of the bridge would apply the greatest force and these were supprotted and surrounded by hand placed stones. The superstructure is being erected and will be completed about the first of November next. The lumber for the north approach has been purchased and the carpenters will have it completed for the opening of the bridge.

The temporary bridge, which is of the simplest kind, barely escaped being carried away by high water; it was affoat two days and required all attention and care to be

saved.

Expenditure during fiscal year on main and temporary bridges \$2,650.45.

### BELLY RIVER BRIDGE.

The Belly river passes Lethbridge, which is situated on the railway of the Crow's Nest Pass, in southern Alberta. It is a treacherous mountain stream and presents, at the point under consideration, a powerful river. It flows from the Rockies and, in its descent, takes the St. Mary's, the Old Man's, the Kootenay and the small Belly river waters, and, after passing Lethbridge, empties into the south Saskatchewan river before reaching Medicine Hat. The bridge, over the Belly river was erected in 1892, at a

point nearly two miles from the town of Lethbridge.

It consisted of four spans of 150 feet each and was this year partially destroyed by floods caused by the great volume of rainfall. On May 18, 1902, this stream rose to a level 5 feet higher than ever recorded. The entire trestle approach of 225 feet, the north abutment and one span of the bridge were swept away by the stream. Instructions were received to give communications to settlers on the south shore of the river as they were without food. A temporary bridge was undoubtedly the best method to adopt in order to make use of the remains of the old bridge. A scow was constructed 30 x 29 and a pile-driver was set and fixed to it. This pile-driver was obtained from the local government, and the construction of the temporary bridge was immediately started. The type of bridging proposed, consisted of bents placed at 16 feet centers of four braced piles, of 5 stringers over these bents at two and a half feet centers of 3-in. x 12-in. fir wood, forming a roadway 15 feet wide. On July 3, a flood of greater proportion than of May 18, carried away the north approach, all pile bents that had been driven into the bed of the river, another pier of the old bridge, another span of the same, and the scow and pile-driver. Under such circumstances, a ferry was the only temporary resource which could efficiently be placed at the site. It was impossible to obtain a cable in the Territories; one was ordered at Hamilton, Ont. After the towers were built, a new scow constructed, and the cable received, a ferry was placed in good working order, Traffic was opened on August 9.

A sum of \$706.93 was expended for these temporary works.

### BELLY RIVER BRIDGE (STANDOFF).

Twenty miles due south of Macleod, near the Blood and Blackfeet reserves, there is a small post called Standoff. It is on a point of land formed by the Kootenay and

Belly rivers.

The bridge was built in 1900 by the Territorial for the Federal government and consisted of a span (steel) 90 feet long, true bridge on wood and pile abutments. The bridge gang of the local government have renewed some of the planks in the floor, on their way north, when repairing the road culverts. The floods have done this bridge no damage; the river overflows the banks and its main course does not pass under the bridge. When the waters recede, the river takes the course under the bridge.

Expenditure during fiscal year, \$959.67.

### EDMONTON TRAFFIC AND RAILWAY BRIDGE.

The bridge which crosses the north Saskatchewan river consists of three concrete piers and two abutments with steel superstructure. It is a combined rail and traffic bridge. The railroad company have laid its rails and are now preparing the grades on both shores. The only expenses incurred on the bridge during the year 1901–2, were to keep the logs, trees, and freshets from catching on the piers and forming a blocking point to the river. This bridge is the only permanent structure of its kind in the North-west, belonging to the government. The piers and abutments, which are the most difficult factors to deal with in such an undertaking, are examples and precedents for the use of cement in the North-west Territories and are cited by railroad companies and important builders.

Expenditure during fiscal year, \$6,643.68.

### LANGEVIN BRIDGE.

The Bow river, which passes Calgary, has its source in the Rocky Mountains, near Banff, and flows due west, joining the Belly river near Medicine Hat. From 82 miles

above to Calgary, the river has a fall of 1,112 feet.

The Langevin bridge crosses the Bow River at the north east limit of the town of Calgary, and consists of three 'Howe' trusses of 150 feet each. In October, 1901, the flooring was in very poor condition. The first two spans south were a danger to the traffic; holes were repaired until authorization to replank that portion was given in December. The third span north had been repaired the previous year. This flooring consisted of a 3-inch plank running lengthwise of the bridge and covered by another board of 2-inch and placed crosswise.

The 3-inch plank was placed at the construction of the bridge in 1887, and was re-covered by 2-inch plank in 1894, the two floorings being poorly adapted. This old floor was entirely removed and a single floor of 3-inch plank was nailed in its place.

The sum expended amounted to \$360.15.

Before the ice went out in the spring, authorization was obtained to place riprap about the two piers of the bridge. Eddies had made large holes at the head and back of both piers. It was impossible to obtain limestone or any stone of a hard, heavy nature. Large sand stones were purchased for \$7 per cord, of which 21 cords were placed about the piers. This has proved very effective during floods. This rip-rap and the labour in placing it, amounted to \$221.50. The entire structure has nearly lived its life through; it has well sustained the floods of this year.

Expenditure for fiscal year, \$586.05.

### OLD MAN'S RIVER BRIDGE.

The Old Man's river, which flows through McLeod, falls into the Belly river about 15 miles east from that town. It has a gradual fall of 690 feet from Pincher Creek to Macleod, a distance of 30 miles.

The bridge was built in 1891, about two miles from the town, and consisted of a 'Howe' truss, with one pier and two abutments. Though rip-rap was placed about the pier, and other repairs had been made in January and February, the entire structure was washed out by the first spring flood of May 18. The trestle and embankment of the north approach are the only remnants of the old structure. A ferry had been placed as soon as communications allowed material to arrive. The mayor of Macleod opened telegraph correspondence with Regina and obtained from the local government the power to place such a ferry; the local chief engineer of public works shipped the cable necessary. The second flood of July 3 did considerable damage.

Expenditure during fiscal year, \$384.59.

### YUKON ROADS.

### HUNKER ROAD.

This road starts at Ogilvie's bridge, one mile from Dawson on Klondyke river.

Thirty-two miles of road were built partly on Dominion creek, and partly on Hunker creek.

The road was built with all the necessary culverts, bridges, ditches and corduroy and is of uniform grade. About 200 cubic yards of rock were blasted.

The road bed is 16 feet wide and composed of 27 bridges of 20 to 100 feet in length, 116 culverts of 4 x 16 x 6 feet, 11,300 feet in corduroy.

Expenditure, \$99,755.19.

### CONCLUSION.

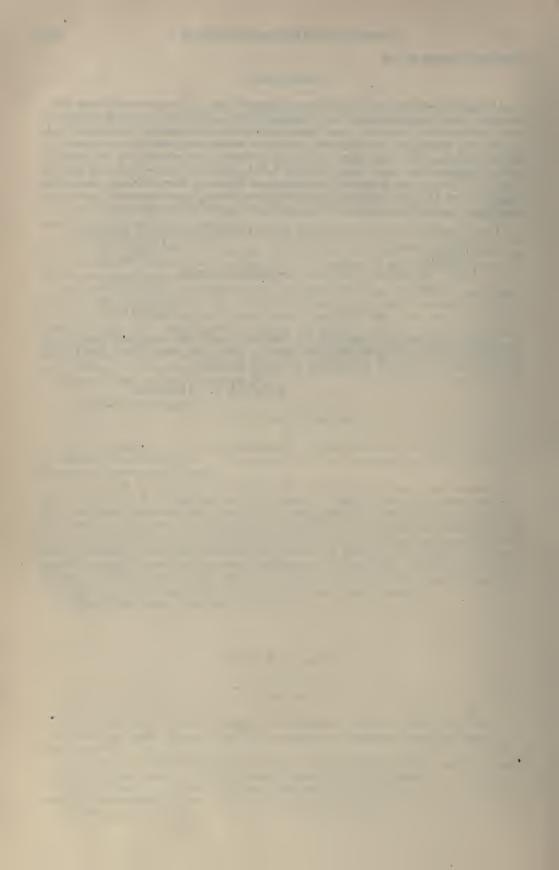
During the past fiscal year, in the maritime provinces, a few new works have been constructed and the usual amount of dredging has been done, but the most important works executed were the repairs and improvements made to existing wharfs, piers and breakwaters; in the province of Quebec, extensive repairs were made to a number of wharfs and piers, and the dredging operations, including the construction and repairs to the dredging fleet, have been prosecuted with great vigour and with satisfactory results; in Ontario, the important improvements begun at Port Colborne, Goderich, Depot Harbour and other points will ultimately conduce to improvement in trade; the usual improvements have been carried on in Manitoba and British Columbia.

The expenditure made by this branch during the past fiscal year is as follows:—
Harbour works\$2,277,767 62
Dredging
Other expenditure (staff and maintenance not in-
eluded) 1,020,393 98
Total

I take great pleasure in thanking my staff for the efficient assistance rendered in the prosecution of the different works entrusted to them, and assure them that I fully appreciate their ability and promptitude in executing orders.

EUGÈNE D. LAFLEUR,

Acting Chief Engineer.

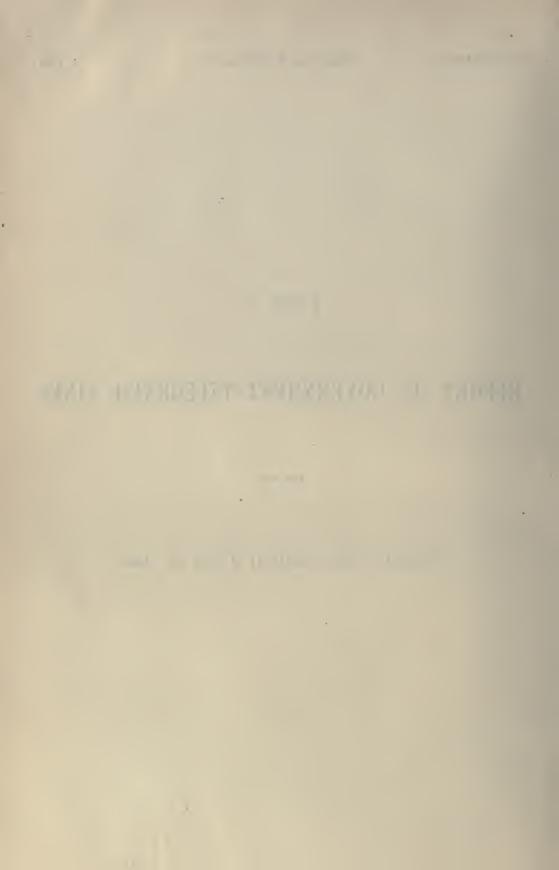


### PART V

### REPORT ON GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH LINES

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1902



### GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH SERVICE.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,

OFFICE OF THE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, December 12, 1902.

F. GELINAS, Esq.,

Secretary, Department of Public Works.

Sir,—I beg leave to submit herewith my report on the Government Telegraph Service for the twelve months ended June 30, 1902.

This report, in accordance with those of the past few years, is prefaced by a list to the present date of the land lines and cables in operation, with data of lengths, year of construction, number of offices at present established, and an estimate of the traffic handled in each instance.

The usual tabular statements, giving lists of the offices, operating staff, &c., in the several districts are appended to the report; likewise the tariff sheets showing the rates charged for messages on the several lines.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

D. H. KEELEY,

General Superintendent

### GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH SERVICE.

		(	1				1
Location			Leng	th of I	ines.	Number of Offices	Yearly Average
of Lines.	Points connected.	Year.	Land	zó.	[ -;	offi Offi	of
Lines.			Lines.	Cables.	*Total	N	Messages Sent.
			Miles.	K'ts.			
Newfoundland	Port au Basque—Cape Bay	1883	14		14	2	
Nova Scotia	North Sydney—Meat Cove (with loops). Across Bras d'Or Channel	1880 1887	1674	1374	1684	15	3,000
11	Ingonish Harbour	1887 1890		20	23	2	50
H	On St. Paul's Island	1890 1887-1900	3 109		109	9	2,500
н ,,,,	Barrington—Cape Sable	1883 1883	16	····ii	} 173	Leas-	2,000
11	" Lt. House Channel	1883		1 1 1 1 1 1	J 114	ed.	
New Brunswick.	Chatham—Escuminac	1885	42		42	5	600
	Bay of Fundy System :	4000	11				
11	Eastport—CampobelloOn mainland Eastport	1880 1880	1	14			
11	On Campobello Island	1880 1880	$7\frac{7}{2}$	74			
11	On Grand Manan Island	1880	251			10	2,500
11	Grand Manan—Cheney's Island On Cheney's Island	1890 1890	3	12			
11	Cheney's Island—Whitehead Island	1890 1900		27.034	) 3		
Quebec		1881 1898	92		} 132	7	
	North Shore Line:						
n	Murray Bay-Chateau Bay	1881-1901	1,0281		)		15,000
H	Across Saguenay River Bersimis to Manicouagan	1883 1883		$\frac{1\frac{1}{4}}{12}$	1090	52	'
11	Manicouagan to Godbout			26 221			
	Quarantine System:				}		
11	Quebec—L'Ange Gardien. L'Ange Gardien—Orleans Island	1885 1885	13				
11	On Orleans Island	1885	291				
	Orleans Island—Isle Réaux On Isle Réaux	1889 1889	21	2	} 52\frac{3}{4}	8	2,300
н	Isle Réaux—Grosse Isle	1889		2			{
11	On Grosse Isle (all told)	100.7-94	31		] /		
11	Anticosti System: Gaspé—L'Anse à Fougère	1881	28		1		
U	L'Anse à Fougère—Anticosti	1881 1881 90	2231	443	3161	10	1,500
	L'Anse à Fougère—Anticosti. On Anticosti Island	1890		21	1		
11	Meat Cove, C. B.—Magdalen Islands On Magdalen Islands	1000	91	55	$\left.\right\} 146\frac{1}{2}$	9	2,000
Ontario	Pelce Island System:	14400					
11	Leamington — Point Pelce	1889 1901	12	17	} 423	9	800
	On Pelee Island		131		1)	1	1

<sup>\*</sup> For convenience in totalling, the knots of cable are regarded as statute miles.

### GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH LINES—Concluded.

Location of Lines.	Points connected.	Year.	Land self control Lines.		Number of Offices.	Yearly Average of Messages Sent.	
	7		Miles.	K'ts.			
North-west	Qu'Appelle—Edmonton and St. Albert Moosejaw—Wood Mountain	1883–87 1885	607½ 90½		607½ 90½	15 2	4,700 300
u	Ashcroft—Barkerville (local wire) Victoria—Cape Beale	1891 1899	$ \begin{array}{c c} 276\frac{1}{2} \\ 118 \\ 57 \\ \end{array} $		$276\frac{1}{2}$	8	4,500 150
"	Nanaimo—Comox and Alberni Kamloops—Lower Nicola. Ashcroft—Lillooet. Golden—Windermere. Duncan Station—Salt Spring Island	1899 1896	$ \begin{array}{c c} 110\frac{1}{2} \\ 67 \\ 62 \\ 82 \\ 15 \end{array} $	3	$ \begin{array}{c c} 110\frac{1}{2} \\ 67 \\ 62 \\ 82 \\ 15\frac{3}{4} \end{array} $	10 6 1 2 2	7,000 2,000 500
Yukon	Ashcroft—Dawson and Boundary Hazelton—Port Simpson Port Simpson—Aberdeen Canneries	1899-1901 1901 1902	1,826 199 9	• • • • •	2034	28	40,000
	Total end of 1902		5,481½	$238\frac{1}{2}$	5,720	222	89,400

For convenience in totalling, the knots of cable are regarded as statute miles.

### REPORT ON THE GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH SERVICE FOR 1901-2.

### EXPLANATORY NOTES.

The tabular statement prefacing this report shows the total mileage, &c., of the telegraph lines operated by the government. Lines that have been subsidized or constructed and transferred by the government for operation by private companies are not included in this list.

The matter in the following pages comprises merely a statement of specific actions taken in the course of the year, and in any case where no particular reference is made to a line found mentioned in the list, the understanding intended to be conveyed is that that line has been satisfactorily operated throughout the year, without any change of conditions since last made mention of in the annual reports.

### NEWFOUNDLAND.

The line from *Port au Basque* to *Cape Ray* continued to be operated as heretofore under an arrangement with the Anglo-American Telegraph Company.

### MARITIME PROVINCES.

MABOU—MEAT COVE AND NORTH SYDNEY—MEAT COVE LINES.—The operation of these lines continued as in the preceding year.

At Iudian Brook, on the North Sydney line, an office was opened August 1, 1901,

with R. McDonald, as agent operator.

At Englishtown, D. Campbell succeeded his father, Mr. J. Campbell, deceased, as lineman for the Englishtown–Baddeck section, but shortly afterwards he retired and was succeeded by R. H. McLeod, November 1, 1901,

In January, 1902, the construction of a loop line from Barachois Bridge near Indian Brook, to Murray (South Mountain or Oregon Glen) a distance of 9 miles, was completed

and an office was opened at Murray with Miss B. Matheson, as agent operator.

Repair sections.—In June, 1902, the Mabou-Meat Cove line was apportioned in sections ranging from 6 to 16 miles and put in charge of several local repairers resident along that route; the total of the fixed payments amounting to \$320 per annum dating from July 1. This arrangement is similar to what has been followed in connection with the North Sydney-Meat Cove line since 1898.

New Lines in Cape Breton.—In the course of the present season (1902), tenders were called for the construction of the following new lines to complete the government telegraph system in the Gulf and for which provision was made at the last session of

Parliament, viz .:-

	Miles Estimated
Mabou to Port Hawkesbury	40
Port Hawkesbury to St. Peters	30
St. Peters via Gabarous to Main-à-Dieu and Scatari. :	
Gabarous to North Sydney	35
Port Mulgrave to Guysborough and Canso	
And cable connection Port Hawkesbury, Port Mulgrave	
•	
Total about	251

Note.—In the month of August (1902), the ss. *Tyrian* laid the requisite cable stretch (13 knots of 8 ton I. R. locked sheating shore end type) between Scatari Island and Campbell's Cove, Main-à-Dieu, and left the ends in readiness for the land line connections in cable huts erected for that purpose.

Anticosti Island Lines.—The renewal of the line wire between English Bay and Becscie River was completed in the spring of 1902, and in the course of the season the line throughout was cleared of interfering wood growths and otherwise put in general repair. It is probable that provision for a more extensive and general renewal of the line wire will have to be made in a year or two as the original wire has become very much impaired through corrosion. These lines were built in 1881.

The cable between Long Point and Mechastic Bay which was repaired, as stated in the last annual report, on August 19, 1901, became again interrupted on January 14,

1902, and remained inoperative up to the close of the fiscal year.

Note.—The ss. Tyrian visited the locality in the course of the past season and repaired the cable on August 9, 1902. As in the previous year, connection between Anticosti and the mainland was throughout maintained by the cable from South West Point to Gaspé, so there was no interruption of service. However, this Long Point cable again gave out on October 24, 1902, and is at the present date inoperative. The interruption last year was due to the parting of the conductor at a spot off the Long Point side where the sheathing wires had entirely wasted away by corrosion, and in the first instance this year it was found due to the same cause off the Anticosti side. The present interruption was, by tests made on November 7, located at 9 miles off Long Point, but the season was too far advanced to warrant an attempt at repair.

In view of the frequent interruption of this cable since it was laid in 1890, it may be found advisable to pick it up and relay it with an additional length by a route farther

westward where a more suitable bottom is likely to be found for it.

At Shallop Creek, where the telegraph station is necessary to the maintenance of the service, it was found impracticable to continue the agency on guaranteed commission, as had formerly been done, and the agent-operator, Mr. B. Bradley, was put on salary

from November 1, 1901.

MAGDALEN ISLANDS LINES.—A loop-line extension beyond House Harbour to Point Basse, 4 miles, was built this season (1902). A length of  $5\frac{1}{2}$  knots I.R. cable, weight 2 tons per knot, was imported for the Etang du Nord sand-bar section, and enough No. 6 line wire for renewal of the old wire for a distance of 50 miles has also been provided under appropriations made for the purpose last session. Further renewal of the old wire is likely to be found advisable as the line, which was built in 1881, has by corrosion become very much attenuated and weakened in the same way as at Anticosti already mentioned.

At Etang du Nord the former general repairer, Mr. P. Pelletier, resigned from the

service and was succeeded by Mr. J. G. Binet, October 21, 1901.

St. Paul's Island Cable.—There is nothing to add to what was noted in last year's report. The cable continues in operation and nothing has been done to it since the

repair mentioned.

BAY OF FUNDY LINES.—On October 30, 1901, the cable between Whitehead Island and Cheyney's Island again gave out, and after the completion of the work of the ss. *Tyrian* in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, a short length of 600 feet of locked armour shore end cable was taken round by rail and boats and put into position, spanning a worn out section about midway in the channel. The cable across this channel is about three-quarters of a knot in length. The repair was made on November 9, and subsequently an obscure circuit trouble, at first supposed to be due to a fault in the Eastport cable, was investigated and cleared out by renewals at the terminal hut at Campobello.

NORTH SHORE LINES.—The proposed St. Etienne-l'Anse St. Jean line, owing to some difficulty in arranging for a supply of poles last winter, has not yet been built, but action

is being taken towards its construction.

The branch line from Tadousac to Sacré Cœur, 12½ miles, mentioned in last year's report, was completed and an office opened there on December 6, 1901, with L. Mattais as agent-operator.

At Rivière aux Canard the former repairer, E. Bouilenne, was succeeded by G.

Bouilenne, November 15, 1901.

Quebec—Murray Bay.—To afford a better connection with the government line terminating at Murray Bay, the G. N. W. Telegraph Company strung a second wire from Quebec, in November, 1901, the single wire previously in use being too much occupied by the local offices embraced by it.

At *Bersimis*, the agent-operator, Mr. A. Lausier, who had been in charge of the repeating office since 1896, died on December 29, 1901, and has been succeeded in the agency by Mrs. Lausier, former assistant operator, an assistant being temporarily employed pending a further definite arrangement.

At Seven Islands, the position of general lineman for the Point de Monts-Point Esquimaux section was resigned by Mr. F. Gallienne, on May 1, 1902, and he has been

succeeded by L. N. Caron, formerly of Tadousac.

At Moisie, for the convenience of the Messrs. Halliday Bros., an accommodation

office was opened on May 1, 1902. This office is designated Moisie East.

At St. Marguerite River, for the convenience of the Pulp Mills Company, a loop extension of half a mile from off the main line is about to be made for the establishment of an office at the mills.

At Tadousac, for the summer months, an accommodation office was opened in the

hotel (July 4, 1902).

At the farther end of the North Shore line, offices were opened at the Point Armour Light, February 8, 1902, with W. Wyatt, light-keeper, as agent-operator; and at Forteau Bay, in June, 1902, with A. A. Hart, as agent-operator.

The Belle Isle Cable, which was laid on September, 1901, as noted in last year's report, was crushed by an iceberg  $5\frac{1}{2}$  miles off Belle Isle on the 27th of the same month, and repaired by the ss. *Tyrian*, at that time in the neighbourhood, on October 10.

Note.—This cable was again broken by an iceberg on June 19, 1902. The *Tyrian* was got ready and proceeded to the locality and repaired the damage, this time 1½ miles off the Chateau Bay shore, on July 18, since when it has continued in working order.

The Marconi Wireless Telegraph Station, arranged at Chateau Bay and Belle Isle, 20 miles apart, in September, 1901, as mentioned in the last annual report, were operated daily throughout the winter, with a short interruption due to damage to the mast at Belle Isle in a sleet storm; but the communication all along was imperfect and always the same under every condition of weather. The faulty working was difficult of correction owing the remoteness of the locality; but after the repair of the Belle Isle cable had been attended to this season, as already reported, the trouble was investigated and by a simple expedient entirely eliminated, so that the system was on August 1st, 1902, put into thoroughly reliable and easy operation, and it has so continued; the signals being received by sound, and ink records on tape taken at the pleasure of the operators.

As at present situated, however, the operations are performed at huts adjacent to the masts at too great a distance from the dwellings of the operators for practical purposes, and there remains the necessity for the erection of special buildings at one or both stations, depending upon the possibility of shifting the position of the mast at Belle Isle, which can only be determined by actual trial. Provision to this end was in hand in the course of the past season, but there was so much work to be done elsewhere that this proposed action had to be deferred, with the expectation of its being carried

out early next year.

In concluding this reference to a new departure in telegraphy, it may be opportune to mention the gratifying fact that the local representatives of our telegraph service at Chateau Bay (Mr. Jos. Maloney) and at Belle Isle (Messrs. J. Osborne and J. C. Colton), not one of them by any means an old or experienced telegrapher, readily demonstrated the practical character of the novel apparatus by the aptitude with which they took up its operation and management.

SIGNAL SERVICE.—It may be noted that an authorization has been issued to have Belle Isle and any other signal station that may be established in connection with the North Shore telegraph, included in the general operation of the Gulf Signal Service, so far as the free handling of the ordinary reports over the government lines is concerned.

GROSSE ISLE QUARANTINE LINE.—On December 26, 1901, the cable between St. François and Isle aux Reaux, which had been put in order in the month of May, again gave out and had to remain unrepaired until the spring. Meanwhile preparations were made for the all round betterment provided for in the previous year, as mentioned in the last annual report; and towards the end of April the work was taken in hand and performed by means of a tug and batteau. It had been found by local observation

since the changes were proposed that the landings at St. François and Isle aux Reaux were as good as could be had, so these were adhered to; the four 1 knots of new (12-ton Z type) cable were in each case introduced from low water mark outwards. At Grosse the landing place was changed to the bay at the west end; the \( \frac{1}{4} \) knot of new cable in this instance was put in at a point about 800 feet from shore so as to span the channel In making this change the whole of the main cable was picked up and relaid; and the land wire long ago terminating at the upper wharf was diverted along six of the poles of the electric light system and thus carried to the new cable landing. This places the office at the residence of the medical superintendent in an intermediate position on the line, and the main office at the lower wharf becomes the terminus. The portion of the line that ran from the main office round to the former landing is now abandoned. Connection between Grosse Isle and Quebec was restored on May 6 (1902), and during the subsequent period occupied by the work on the Grosse Isle section communication was maintained by the temporary laying of 2 knots of light cable (I. R. 3-ton gulf type) provided for that purpose. After the work was finished (May 27, 1902) 1 knot of this cable was laid down for a projected telephone connection between l'Ange Gardien and St. Pierre, Orleans Island, paralleling the existing telegraph cable; and the remaining knot on a reel was put in store and is available for use elsewhere.

### ONTARIO.

Pelee Island Line.—After the work done on the cable in August, 1901, this line

continued in operation throughout the year.

Note.—Since July 3, 1902, the cable has been dragged into by vessels' anchors no less than three times; and at date of this report it is broken, but an attempt is being made to restore it for the winter. The trouble has been for most part in the length of the old original cable that was used to reach the new landing place at Leamington Dock. It will be necessary to provide for the renewal of this portion, 6 miles or so, next season or to revert to the former landing place at Point Pelee. The difficulty in maintaining this connection all along has been the liability to interference from vessels' anchors.

PORT ROWAN-LONG POINT LIGHT.—The construction of this proposed telephone line, for which an appropriation was provided, was deferred pending an agreement with the proprietors of the reservation through which the line would necessarily pass.

### NORTH-WEST.

Nothing beyond ordinary general repairs by the regular linemen of the service was called for during the past year.

At Edmonton, in October, 1901, Mr. S. B. McNamara, joint-agent for the C.P.R.

and government lines since June, 1899, was succeeded by T. J. McNamara.

At Star, the office was closed in December, 1901, in consequence of the going away of the agent-operator, who had been in charge. It was reopened again in March with V. Gauvreau, of Edmonton, temporarily appointed.

At Saddle Lake, at the end of May, 1902, owing to a sudden bereavement, the agent operator Mr. L. G. Picard was relieved by J. W. Carroll, from Moose and the

latter office was temporarily closed.

Duck Lake-Batoche, 9 miles.—This section of the old Prince Albert line that was transferred to the Canadian Pacific Railway when their system was extended in that district, was allowed to fall into disuse. It was recently found a useful purpose could be again served by it, and its repair and maintenance was assumed by the department; at the same time an extension from Duck Lake to the Indian Agency, 3½ miles, was likewise undertaken; some of the material from the old St. Laurent section (no longer needed) being utilized for this new connection. These arrangements were in hand at the close of the fiscal year.

### BRITISH COLUMBIA AND YUKON.

ALBERNI-CLAYOQUOT LINE.—Pursuant to what was in contemplation as mentioned in last year's report, tenders were called for and a contract was entered into with Mr. A. J. Conlin, for the construction of this proposed line by a route starting from a point opposite Franklin Creek, whence Alberni is reached by a cable (1 mile) across the canal and a second wire on the existing pole line along the east shore. This work under the superintendence of Mr. Havalaque was well in hand at the close of the fiscal year.

Golden-Windermere Line.—For general purposes it was found best calculated to operate this connection, unlike the Kamloops—Nicola (Telephone) section, as a telegraph At Golden a temporary arrangement was made, whereby the C. P. R. agent became joint-operator for the railway and government lines; and at Windermere Mr. V. F. Dunn was appointed agent-operator on December 19, 1901, and F. E. Kimpton

appointed lineman.

Arrangements were under way at the close of the fiscal year for the proposed ex-

tension to Wilmer (formerly Peterboro.)

SALT SPRING ISLAND.—Under an appropriation made at the previous session, a telephonic connection was established in October, 1901, between Duncan Station on Vancouver Island, and Edward's store on Salt Spring Island. The line, 15 miles in length, was built by day labour, and a stretch of \( \frac{3}{4} \) mile of cable was laid across the intervening channel. A table of distances is given hereunder; there have been no staff appointments, the line being for the present merely for general convenience and looked after by the persons directly interested.

Duncan's Station to Maple Bay	9	miles.
Maple Bay to Sanson Narrows	3	- 11
Sanson Narrows to Salt Spring Island (cable)	34	11
Landing Place to Edward's store on Island	3	11
****		
Total	153	miles.

VICTORIA-CAPE BEALE LINE.—Under an appropriation made for the purpose last session, the repoling of the portion of this line between Victoria and Otter Point was in

hand at the close of the fiscal year.

PACIFIC CABLE CONNECTION.—In anticipation of the early completion of the laying of the Pacific Cable, for which Bamfield Creek, near Cape Beale, had been selected for the landing place, an arrangement was entered into with the Canadian Pacific railway, whereby the existing pole line of the government telegraphs between Nanaimo and Bamfield Creek, via Alberni, is utilized for the suspension of additional wires and as an equivalent for the accommodation the company shares the expenses of maintenance of this government line in working order.

NANAIMO-COMOX AND PARKSVILLE-ALBERNI.—These lines were being overhauled

and put in general good repair at the close of the fiscal year.

YUKON LINE.—The superintendency of the whole of the Asheroft-Dawson and Boundary line, together with the local Ashcroft-Lillooet branch, was, in November, 1901, put in the hands of Mr. M. W. Crean, who had been acting in the same capacity on the upper section before the line was put through; and Mr. James Wilson, former joint superintendent for the Canadian Pacific and government lines, was relieved of the charge of the latter, the Victoria-Cape Beale section being included with the others south of Ashcroft under the superintendence of Mr. W. Henderson, of the resident engineer's office at Victoria.

The construction of a short line from off the Port Simpson branch to connect the Aberdeen canneries on the Skeena River was in hand at the close of the fiscal year.

Note.—This connection was made and office opened on July 24, 1902.

Tariffs.—A rearrangement and reduction of the tariff for the Yukon line having been decided upon, a new scale of rates was issued and put into effect from June 1, 1902, A copy of this new sheet will be found in the appendix to this report.

### TELEGRAPH SERVICE GENERALLY.

Cable Ship.—The ss Tyrian, elsewhere mentioned in several places, was described in last year's report. Captain Neil Hall was in command during the season of 1901, and this year (1902) she was commanded by Captain T. O'Leary, Mr. C. E. Stewart continuing as heretofore as chief engineer. All of the work in which the Tyrian has been engaged was very successfully carried out, without hitch or mishap, including the recent laying of the new cable stretches connecting Grosse Isle, Magdalen Islands, with Bryon Island (11·17 knots) and Bryon Islands with Heath Point, Anticosti, (92·63 knots). This last mentioned stretch was laid in the short space of 27 hours (November 4 and 5, 1902) the performance being very gratifying as well as highly creditable to all of those who were happily associated in it.

Electrician's Services.—For the greater part of the past two seasons Mr. A. B. McDonald, agent and circuit manager at Meat Cove, Cape Breton, has been associated with the electrical work in connection with the laying and repairing of the cables, which work had been in the course of the past 15 years, except where noted in the annual reports, attended to solely by the present general superintendent of the service. Mr. McDonald rendered admirable assistance in connection with the Marconi stations, and

in the course of the laying of the long cable above mentioned.

### REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

The revenue and expenditure for each of the lines in the several districts hereinbefore mentioned are given in the following table:—

Lower St. Lawrence and Maritame Provinces:-   S cts.   S cts.				
Lower St. Lawrence and Maritame Provinces:—   Anticosti Island lines.	1901-02.		Revenue.	Remarks.
Lower St. Lawrence and Maritame Provinces:—   Anticosti Island lines.				
Anticosti Island lines	Toward St. Towards and Maritana Durainas	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	
Bay of Fundy		4 949 88	2 616 06	
Cape Ray			885 31	
Escuminac			000 01	
Magdalen Islands lines			1,572 93	
Father Point Agency.   500 00   1,988 37   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76   114 76 76   114 76 76   114 76 76   114 76 76   114 76 76   114 76 76   114 76 76   114 76 76   114 76 76   114 76 76   114 76 76   114 76 76   114 76 76   114 76 76   114 76 76   114 76 76   114 76				
Quarantine line	Magdalen Islands lines		732 76	7 8
Quarantine line	Father Point Agency.		114.50	.ä.ä.
Quarantine line	North Shore St. Townson (Heat of Bouriss)			log
Quarantine line	West of Bergins)			Fish.
Chargeable to appropriation for Gulf lines.   3,228 88				8 <u>7</u>
Chargeable to appropriation for Gulf lines.   3,228 88	Cable ship "Turian" renewals of plant. &c.		000 2.0	f to Let
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$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	British Columbia, Alberni—Cape Beale Line			ice ess re
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Yukon, Quesuelle—Atlin. $66,170 \ 13$ Bennett—Dawson. $130,220 \ 31$ Telegraph service generally. $2.520 \ 23$	British Columbia Telegraph Service generally.			01
Bennett—Dawson	Yukon, Quesuelle—Atlin.		1 93 283 68	
	Bennett-Dawson		) 50,200 50	
Total	Telegraph service generally	2.520 23		
200,000 00 113,200 21	Total	298 968 35	114.266.21	
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### DEPARTMENTAL TELEPHONE SERVICE.

At the end of June, 1902, the telephone connections with the central office of the Bell Telephone Co. at Ottawa, listed as chargeable to the special appropriation, numbered 207, the annual charge for which amounts to \$7,992. These connections are distributed amongst the several departments as hereunder:

Department.	Offices.	Residences.	Annual charge.
			\$ cts
Agriculture. Auditor General. Customs. Finance. Government House. House of Commons Inland Revenue. Interior. Geological Survey. Mounted Police. Indian Affairs. Justice. Dominion Police. Marine and Fisheries. Militia and Defence Post Office. Parliamentary Library. Privy Council. Railways and Canals. Secretary of State Public Works. Ottawa River Works. Stationery Department The Senate Trade and Commerce Labour Department	9 1 3 2 4 11 4 12 2 2 3 6 6 6 4 11 5 1 6 3 3 21 3 3 21	3 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 5 1 1 6 2 3 8 3 2 4 4 3 2 14 2	430 00 115 00 150 00 123 00 308 00 535 00 320 00 650 00 110 00 120 00 120 00 200 00 215 00 290 00 120 00 291 00 125 00 180 00 1,420 00 145 00 145 00 145 00 145 00 155 00
	131	76	7,992 00

### APPENDED TABLES.

The usual tabular statements of the lines and offices, staff, &c., of the telegraph service, following hereupon, will be found to contain whatever additions or changes have been made up to June 30, 1902.

D. H. KEELEY,

General Superintendent.

Ottawa, December 12, 1902.

### GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH SERVICE.

### NEWFOUNDLAND TELEGRAPH SERVICE.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 19						
	Memo.	N.B.—The commission is 25 per cent upon all business to and from the office; said commission guaranteed not to be less than at the rate of \$50 per annum.				
SERVICE.	Date of Appointment.					
GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH SERVICE. NEWFOUNDLAND TELEGRAPH SERVICE.	Salaries per Annum.	\$ cts. 50 00 or commission 50 00 100 00				
GOVERNMEN	Operator,					
	Intermediate Distance.	Miles. 0 14 14				
	Stations.	1 Port au Basque				
:	No.	H 63 .				

N.B.—The above short line is constructed in connection with the Signal Service, and connects at Port au Basque with the land line system of the Anglo-American Telegraph Company.

GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH SERVICE—Continued.

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The commission is 25 per cent on all business to and from the office in each instance; and commission guaranted not to be less than at the rate of \$50 per annum.  *A special allowance for maintenance of office, \$50 per annum, has been added to the commission for offices marked*, since September, 1887.  Salary \$50 per year previous to November, 1901.  General repairer. Plus \$1 per d. when absent on duty.  Temporarily closed since May, 1899.  Salary \$200 per year previous to June, 1902.	
Aug. 1, 1899.  Aug. 1, 1890. Oct. 1, 1888. July 7, 1881. May 6, 1896. June 1, 1901. Aug. 1, 1901.	
\$ cts. 50 00 or commission. 50 00 or commission. 50 00 " 550 00 " 560 00 " 560 00 " 560 00 " 570 00 " 580 00 " 580 00 " 580 00 " 580 00 " 580 00 " 580 00 " 580 00 " 580 00 " 580 00 " 580 00 " 580 00 " 580 00 " 580 00 "	1,485 00
Geo. Cabot  A. Tremblay. A. Nadeau. B. Bradley. A. Beaudin, repairer. A. Beaudin, operator. A. Z. Lemieux, operator A. Malouin, dist. supt. F. Cabot.	
Miles:  23 23 23 17 17 17 19 10 9 14	2234
1 *Fox Bay. 2 Heath Point Lighthouse. 3 South Point Lighthouse. 4 *Shallop Creek. 5 Salt Lake. 6 South-west Pt. Lighthouse. 6 South-west Pt. Lighthouse. 7 Jupiter River. 9 *Becscie River. 9 *Becscie River. 10 Cape Eagle (Ellis Bay). 11 West Point Lighthouse. 12 English Bay Mechastic Bay (cable land-ing).	Totals
	*Fox Bay. 0 Geo. Cabot. 50 00 or commission. May 13, 1899. The theath Point Lighthouse. 23 A. Tremblay. 50 00 " Aug. 1, 1900. South Point Lighthouse. 17½ B. Bradley. 50 00 " Oct. 1, 1888. Sala Easte. 522 A. Beaudin, operator. 50 00 " July 7, 1881. Sala Salt Lake. 522 A. Z. Lemieux, operator. 50 00 " July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1896. Geo. July 6, 1897. Geo. July 6, 1897. Geo. July 6, 1897. Geo. Geo. July 6, 1897. Geo. July 6, 1897. Geo. July 6, 1897. Geo. Geo. July 6, 1897. Geo. July 6

South-west Point connects with l'Anse à Fougère, Gaspé, by cable 44‡ knots; and from Mechastic Bay connection is made with Long Point of Mingan by cable 21 knots.

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	J. J. Annett 420 00 Oct. 16, 1881. Transfer office. Connection with G.N.W. telegrap

MAGDALEN ISLANDS SYSTEM.

MAGDALEN ISLANDS SECTION.

SESSION	SESSIONAL PAPER No. 19					
	. Memo.	50 00 or commission. Oct. 1, 1882. The commission is 25 per cent on all business to and from the office in each instance; said commission guaranteed to be not less than at the rate of \$50 00 " " June 11, 1881. " 1881. " 1881. " " 1881. " " 1881. " " 1880. " " " 1881. " "				
MAGDALEN ISLANDS SYSTEM.  MAGDALEN ISLANDS SECTION.	Date of Appointment.	June 11, 1881. Dec. 1, 1900. Sept. 1, 1881. May 20, 1897. Aug. 17, 1880. Sopt. 15, 1898. June 1, 1888. June 1, 1888. Lyue 1, 1888.				
	Salaries per Annum.	\$ cts.  50 00 or commission. Oct. 1, 1882.  50 00 " June 11, 1881.  400 00 " June 11, 1881.  50 00 " June 11, 1881.  50 00 " June 11, 1881.  50 00 or commission. June 1, 1888.  50 00 or commission. Feb. 18, 1882.				
	Agents and Operators.	Miss J. Shea.  Wm. Cormier.  I. G. Binet, gen. repairer.  Mrs. A. Binet.  W. Leslie.  A. LeBourdais, dist. supt.  Mrs. LeBourdais, operator.  P. L. Joncas.  N. Clark.  Mrs. F. Atkins.				
	Inter- mediate Distance.	Miles, 0 15 15 11 11 11 11 11				
	Stations.	Amherst				
	No.	1 88 40 0 5 860				

Grosse Isle connects at Old Harry with Meat Cove, C.B., by cable 55 knots.

### 2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903.

## GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH SERVICE—Continued, MAGDALEN ISLAND SYSTEM. CAPE BRETON SECTION.

Memo.	Nov. 7, 1880. Salary. \$500 per year previous to Sept. 1, 1901.	The commission is 29 p.c. on all business to and from the office in each instance; said commission guaran- teed to be not less than at the rate of \$50 per annum.	Aug. 31, 1385. The loop line formerly running to White Point has April 1, 1887		25 p.c, R & Cks Jan. 20, 1902. 25 per cent commission only. or commission July 19, 1882. Switching point for Baddeck line.	Closed December 31, 1899. Guaranteed comm'n was \$50 prior to March 1, 1900. This loop to Baddeck starts from and returns to	Englishtown.  The commission is 50 p.c. on local business and 25 p.c.	on through messages; and covers supervision of line and office accommodation at North Sydney.		
Date of Appointment.	Nov. 7, 1880.	July 1, 1894.	Aug. 31, 1898. April 1, 1887	May 7, 4899. April 1, 1899.	Jan. 20, 1902. July 19, 1882.	Dec. 2, 1898.	April 1, 1885. Jan. 1, 1889.	April 1, 1898.	" 1, 1898. " 1, 1898. " 8, 1902. June 17, 1902	
Salaries per Annum.	720 00	50 00 or commission July 1, 1894	20 00	50 00 50 00 50 00	25 p.c, R & Cks Jan. 20, 1902.	50 00 " 120 03 "	50 00 or commission April 1, 1885 50 00 Jan. 1, 1889	88	8888 8888	1,845 00
Agents and Operators.	A. B. McDonald, Circuit	I. Y. Nichols	M. McLeod	J. M. Burke. Geo. Brewer. John McDonald	R. B. Matheson. W. Bingham.	A. Anderson.	Miss M. Campbell Mrs. E. Livingston. W. U. Tel. Co.	M. McAskill	R. A. McDonald D. Morrison M. D. McLeod John Smith	
Inter. mediate Distance.	Miles.	103	22 H	, 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	14 }	13.0°	12 <u>1</u> 22.6			1683
Stations.	Meat Cove (cable station)	Aspy Bay	Neil's Harbour (half-way house loop line)	Ingonish North Bay. South Ingonish French River ‡ knot cable. Indian Brook	Murray (loop line) Englishtown ‡ knot cable South Gut. St. Ann's (on	loop) Baddeck (on loop) Englishtown (back on loop)	14 Big Bras d'Or ‡ kno: cable.	Repairers' Sections. Meat Cove—Sugar Loaf Sugar Loat—Ingonish	Finglish - Linglish Cown - Baddeck	Totals

The Meat Cove station connects with the Magdalen Islands system by a cable to Old Harry Head, 55 knots, and with St. Paul's Island by a cable of 20 knots. SESSI

### NOVA SCOTIA TELEGRAPH SYSTEM.

CAPE SABLE SECTION.

DNAL PAPER No. 19					
Мето	This line has been leased to the Barrington Telephone Company from August 12, 1897. The lease is terminable at any time.				
Date of Appointment.					
Salaries per Annum.	cts.				
Agents and Operators.					
Inter- mediate Distance.	Miles, 0 11 11 17 3				
Stations,	1 Barrington (including 1½ Newellton (including 1½ knots cable). 3 Cape Sable Island lighthouse including ¼ mile cable).  Totals				
si    2     19—v—2	CO 60 H				

EAST COAST SECTION.

N.B.—In connection with the Signal Service, a land line, 208 miles in length was erected in 1881, between Canso and Halifax, for a bonus of \$16,000, and is maintained and operated by the Western Union Telegraph Company, without further cost to the Government.

## GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH SERVICE—Continued. MABOU-CHETICAMP AND MEAT COVE, C.B., TELEGRAPH SYSTEM.

1.7		oes o .
	Memo.	1, 1887. The commission is 25 p. c. of the Government line tolls, and is gnaranteed to amount to not less than 1, 1889. 20, 1896. 3, 1902. 4, 1902. 4, 1902. 4, 1902. 4, 1902. 5, 1887. 6, 1988. 7, 1887. 1, 1887. 1, 1887. 1, 1887. 1, 1887. 1, 1887. 1, 1887. 1, 1887. 1, 1887. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897. 1, 1897.
	Date of Appointment.	April 1, 1887.  In Mar. 1, 1892.  In Heb. 1, 1888.  Oct. 20, 1896.  Feb. 1, 1888.  Sept. 13, 1902.  Apl. 14, 1900.  Jan. 1, 1887.  Nov. 3, 1902.  June 4, 1902.  """""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""
	Ap	
	Salaries per Annum	\$ cts.  120 00 per annum April 50 00 or commission Mar. 55 p.c. without guarantee July - 50 00 or commission *Feb. 50 00 " Feb. 50 00 " Feb. 100 00 " Apl. 1 150 00 " Jan. 40 00 per annum Nov. 40 00 " June 40 00 " June 40 00 " June 40 00 " " " 30 00 " " " 40 00 " " " 40 00 " " " 30 00 " " " 40 00 " " " 40 00 " " " 30 00 " " " 40 00 " " " 40 00 " " " 40 00 " " " 40 00 " " " 40 00 " " " 40 00 " " " 40 00 " " "
	Agents and Operators.	Miles.   Mrs. M. McDonald.   120 00 per annum.   April 20 00 for commission Mar.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 21 p. D. McFarlane   25 p.c. without guarantee July 22 p.c. without guarantee July 22 p.c. without guarantee July 23 p.c. without guarantee July 24 p. D. McFarlane   25 p.c. without guarantee July 25 p.c. without guarantee July 26 p.c. without guarantee July 27 p.c. McFarlane   25 p.c. without guarantee July 26 p.c. without guarantee July 27 p.c. McFarlane   25 p.c. without guarantee July 27 p.c. McFarlane   25 p.c. without guarantee July 26 p.c. p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 26 p.c. p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 27 p.c. McFarlane   25 p.c. without guarantee July 28 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 27 p.c. p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 28 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 28 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without guarantee July 29 p.c.   25 p.c. without g
	Inter- mediate Distance.	Miles. 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
-		
	No. Stations.	1 Mabou. 2 Broad Cove Station. 4 South-west Margaree. 5 Margaree Harbour. 5 Margaree Harbour. 6 Crand Etang. 7 Grand Etang. 8 Cheticamp. 9 Pleasant Bay. Meat Cove. Repairer's Sections. Mabou-Strathlome. StrathlomeStrathlome. StrathlomeStrathlome. StrathlomeBarren. Margaree HarbourCheticampBarren. Barren. Margaree HarbourCheticamp. CheticampBarren. Barren. Pleasant BayPolits Cove. Polits CoveHalfway. Pleasant BayPolits Cove. Polits CoveHalfway. Shanty. Alaleway Shanty-Me at Cove

### CHATHAM-ESCUMINAC, N.B., TELEGRAPH SYSTEM.

SES	SIONAL PAI	PER No. 19
M.	Memo.	This amount is paid for supervision of the line and office accommodation at Chathan.  The commission is 25 p. c. of the Government line tariff receipts in each instance, and is guaranteed to amount to not less than \$50 per annum.  Sept. 1, 1885.  Sept. 1, 1885.  Point Escuminac.
CHATHAM-ESCUMINAC, N.B., TELEGRAPH SYSTEM.	Date of Appointment.	Mar. 1, 1885. Aug. 1, 1891. Sept. 1, 1895. Nov. 1, 1893.
	Salaries per Annum.	\$ cts.  185 00 50 00 or commission. 50 00 550 00 550 00 550 00 550 00
	Agents and Operators.	Great North-western Telegraph Co
	Inter- mediate Distance.	Miles. 0 0 15 6 6 6 12 12 42
	Stations.	Chatham.  Black Brook Baie du Vin. Lower Hardwicke. Escuminac. Point Escuminac lighthouse Totals.
	2 19—v—	- 0100 4100   21/2

### GROSSE ISLE QUARANTINE TELEGRAPH SYSTEM.

This amount is paid for supervision of the line, and covers rent of pole line from Quebec to L'Ange	50 00 or commission Mar. 1, 1885. This commission is 25 p. c. of the Government line 50 00 ". April 7, 1896. tariff in each instance, and guaranteed to amount 120 00 and 25 p.c. of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the c				and 25 p.c.	Norg. The telephone system of Grosse Isle since	May 1855, has comprised 14 miles of 2-wire line with 11 connections or stations.
	far. 1, 1885. pril 7, 1896.	ept. 19, 1889.	" 15, 1900.		Fay 1 1901	ray 1, 1001.	
	or commission A and 25 p.c.	120 00 and 25 p.c. Law 1 1888	50 00 or commission 15, 1900.		120 00 and 25 p.c.		
185 00	50 00 50 00 120 00	120 00	20 00	*	120 00		695 00
Great North-western Telegraph Co.	C. Turcott. M. Plaute. M. Gobeil	P. Pouliot	O. Lemelin.		3½ M. D. Masson		
0 0 113	4444	£-	64	र्क्ट हैं।	31	SH.	52 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
1 Quebec	2 St. Pierre. 3 Ste. Pétronille. 4 St. Laurent.	5 St. Jean	6 St. François. 7 Isle Réaux (including 2)	knots cable)  Isle Réaux (land line)  8 Grosse Isle quarantine office	(including 2 knots cable).	Quarantine telephone system 2-wire line	

GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH SERVICE—Continued.

BAY OF FUNDY N.B., TELEGRAPH SYSTEM.

GRAND MANAN SECTION.

	,	2-	3 E
Meno.	Supr.)  540 00  Nov. 18, 1880 *The commission is 25 p.c. on all business to and from the office in each instance; said commission Dec. 1, 1894 guaranteed not to be less than at the rate of \$50 per annum. When 50 p.c. commission is paid there is no guarantee as to amount.  Commission 25 p.c June * 1, 1898 per annum is included for repeating Whitehead Sept. 28, 1899 branch.  Commission 25 p.c April 24, 1897 Southern Head office is now operated by telephone from Seal Cove.		
Date of Appointment.	Nov. 18, 1889 Dec. 1, 1898 Dec. 1, 1894 Tune * 1, 1898 Noril 2, 1893 April 2, 1897 April 24, 1897	eb. 1, 1891 une 1, 1898	
Salaries per annum.	\$ cts.  540 00  50 00 or commission Oct. 60 00  Commission 25 p.c June 50 00 or commission April 50 00 or commission April 50 00  Commission 25 p.c April	Commission 25 p.c Feb. 1, 1891 50 00 or commission June 1, 1898 825 00	CAMPOBELLO SECTION.
Agents and operators.	S cts.   Seely (D. Supr.)   540 00   Supr.   540 00   Supr.   560 00 or commission   Supr.   560 00   Supr.   560 00   Supr.   560 00   Supr.   560   Supr	0 4\frac{2}{3} W. Cheney	
Inter- mediate Distance.	Miles.	12 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42	
Stations.	Long Eddy Cable Hut to  I'lagg's Cove  Castalia  Woodward's Cove Grand Harbour.  Seal Cove.  Southern Head Lighthouse.  Branch Line.	Grand Harbour Chency's Island (\$\frac{1}{2}\$ knot cable)  Cable  Totals	
No.	H ಚಟ್ಕಾರ	r- ∞	

	Liberty Cove Cable Hut to					
1 31	Welchpool Eastport, Maine, U.S.A	Hormes	Miss E. G. Vennell	210 00 and commiston Sept. 1, 1895 200 00 Dec. 26, 1881	lept. 1, 1 Occ. 26, 1	881
	Totals	œ		410 00		
	A cable of 18 knote connects	Volobnool	with the landing I will from	Washnow ond a chlass	1 1	A polls of 19 more government Walnut the landing I will from Markenne and a roll of of 1 moter is his from Did. Owner to I'll

sady, Grand Manan, to Liberty Cove, Campobello.

CHICOUTIMI AND NORTH SHORE OF ST. LAWRENCE, TELEGRAPH SYSTEM.

### CHICOUTIMI SECTION.

SESSIO	NAL PAPER	No. 19
RAPH SYSTEM.	Memo.	Previous to "The commission on business is 25 per cent of the April 1, 1885 anteed to be not less than \$50 per annum. 1, 1885 anteed to be not less than \$50 per annum. 1, 1887 and 1, 1887 plus \$12 per annum for care of main battery. St. Jean. Aug. 1, 1897 Plus \$12 per annum for care of main battery.
je, Teleci	Date of Appointment.	Previous to April 1, 1885. De. 2, 1899 May 15, 1887 Nov. 1, 1893 April 1885 April 1885 April 1897 Aune 1 1897
ORE OF ST. LAWRENC CHICOUTIMI SECTION.	Salaries per annum.	\$ cts.  180 00 per annum { April 50 00 or commission }
OUTIMI AND NORTH SHORE OF ST. LAWRENCE, TELEGRAPH SYSTEM CHICOUTIMI SECTION.	Agents and Operators.	F. Boivin. A. Boivin. A. Boivin. A. Gauthier (Applee Gauthier.) Mrs. D. Simard. A. Martel.
CHICOU	Iter- mediate. Distance.	Miles.  9 37 31½ 31½ 40 40
	Stations.	1 Bay St. Paul. 2 St. Urbain. 3 La Cruche. 5 St. Alexis. 6 Chicoutimi. Br. Line {St. Alexis St. Jean. Totals.
	No.	H 21 22 470 20

## GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH SERVICE—Continued.

# CHICOUTIMI AND NORTH OF ST. LAWRENCE TELEGRAPH SYSTEM—Continued.

NORTH SHORE (West of Bersimis).

	2-3 EDWARD	VII., A. 1903
, Memo,	1885 1889 1890 1887 1887 1887 1887 1887 1887 1887 188	North Shore Line. They are operated conjointly.
Date of Appointment.	g निवनिवन । निव छ । । छ । निव निव । । । । । । । । । । । । । । । । । । ।	under head of
Salaries per annum.	\$ cts.  50 00 or comm'n { April 50 00 0 or comm'n { April 50 00 0 April 50 00 0 April 50 00 0 June 50 00 0 June 50 00 0 June 50 00 0 June 50 00 0 June 50 00 0 April 50 00 0 comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n July 420 00 April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n April 50 00 or comm'n	rth Shore lines is provided
Agents and Operators.	Mrs. F. Vincent. N. Duchesne. A. N. Parent. (A. Brassard Caudin. G. Gaudin. G. Savard. G. Bouilenne. I. Maltais. M. Savard. J. E. Caron. I. Maltais. M. Savard. J. H. Topping. J. H. Topping. J. A. Puise. S. Bouchard. J. A. Puise. S. Bouchard. J. A. Puise. S. Bouchard. J. A. Puise. S. Pope, dist. supt. E. Pope, dist. supt.	*Norr.—In the estimates the maintenance of the Chicoutimi and North Shore lines is provided under head of North Shore Line.
Inter- mediate Distance,	Miles.  0 4 4 6 7 7 122 13 122 8 8 8 8 8 8 111 6 7 7 31	waintenan
Stations,	Murray Bay. Cap à l'Aigle. St. Fridèle. Fort au Persil. St. Siméon. Baie des Rochers. Riv. aux Can. Riv. aux Can. St. Etienne C. Tadousac (1‡ knot cable). St. Etienne Bergeronnes Bergeronnes Escounains Baie de Bacons Mille Vaches. Mille Vaches. Portneuf Mills Portneuf light Sault au Cochon  *Totals.	Note.—In the estimates the
No.	1 918 4 10 5 7 2 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	*

\*Norg.-In the estimates the maintenance of the Chicoutimi and North Shore lines is provided under head of North Shore Line. They are operated conjointly.

CHICOUTIMI AND NORTH OF ST. LAWRENCE TELEGRAPH SYSTEM-Continued. North Shore (East of Bersinis).

													1
	Memo.	The repeating office formerly at Maniconagan was re-	moved to Bersimis in September, 1896.	1895 No commission is paid at this office. 1891 1888	19884 1902 Plus 50 cents per day when absent on duty. 1806	,		1389 cable in operation since September 1, 1891. 1389 The commission at Point aux Esquimaux is 50 per 1897 cent, without guarantee as to amount.		NOTE.—"The commission, except where otherwise stated, is 25 per cent of the Government line tills on business handled? The Belle Isle cable 22 to the compact with the GRO of Cheten Par has	Amile of land line and with the lighthouse at Belle Isb by 1 mile land line.		
	of ment.	1, 1896	1885 1885 1883 1884 1889							1901	1901		
	Date of Appointment.		Aug. 15, Oct. 15, May 16, 11, Cont. 16, 16, Cont. 16, Cont. 16, Cont. 16, Cont. 11, Co		Jan. 2, May 29, June 1	Oct. 10, Feb. 1,	Oct. 1, ". 1, Sept. 21,		Sept. 16, Jan. 1, Sept. 21, July 19,		July 1	June 8, Sept. 14,	
-		*## ::		J.N.	Ja	0 'š	Sept		Sept. Jan. Sept. July	Sept. June	Jul	June Sept.	_
	Salaries per Annum.	\$ cts. 50 00 or commission* Dec.	25 p.c. commission 50 00 or commission 50 00 50 00	Accor 1,080 180	2. 2. <u>2.</u> 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	50 00 50 00 50 00	50 00 50 00 560 00	Commission only 50 00 or commission. 100 00	50 00	300 00		300 00 300 00 180 00	4,515 00
	Agents and Operators.	H. Tremblay.	Accomodation office N. A. Comean. I. F. Faffard. Z. Poulin. A. Bilodeau.	Paul Côté. E. H. Têtu, D. Supt. A. Therriault.	(P. E. Vignault, opr	Miss H. Leberge A. LeBerge Mrs. H. Cody.	Geo. Molloy B. Chambers A. Maloney.	M. J. Maloney D. C. Hould S. Tanguay. L. Cummings	E. Vignault A. Cormier Miss R. A. Blais J. Galabois.	Mrs. John Jones A. Cormier (teacher) W. Burgess	M. Chevelier. Thos. Morel.	Jos. Maloney.  (J. Osborne, spl. agt.  (J. T. Colton, opr.	
	Inter- mediate Distance.	Miles. 12 18	25 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	10 <del>1</del> 65-47	222 4 154	57 15 63	41 c 0 l	· 24.2 - 7.2 - 36.3 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.5 - 3.		222	582	233 44	916
	Stations.	P'te aux Outardes (cable) P'te Paradis (Manicouagan) cable landing	Scougalls Mills 14 mule loop line from Pte. Paradis. River Godbout (cable). Pointe des Monts. Trinity Bay West.	Carroou Islands Pointe aux Anglais. Pentecost River. Ste. Marguerite	Seven Islands	Little River Sheldrake Thunder River.	Magpie St. John's River Long Point.	Mingan. Pointe aux Esquimaux Piastre Bay. Aguanus.	Natashquan Kagaska. Big Romaine. Pointe du Maurier	Harrington.  Baie des Moutons.  St. Augustin.  Bon. Esperance (St. Paul's	River) Blanc Sablon.	Chateau Bay (cable 22 $\frac{1}{4}$ ;) land line $\frac{1}{4}$ .	Total*
	No.		M 6470.01	-800	11	1247	16	2828	8448	ងន្តន្តន	31.	38.5	

## GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH SERVICE—Continued. ONTARIO—Preer ISLAND Telegraph Service.

And the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s	Memo.	n office  Nov. 1, 1888  p.c. April 1, 1889  The commission is on the tolls for the Government line  Nov. 1, 1888  P.c. Thue 1, 1899  P.c. Thue 1, 1899  Island is now laid as here indicated 17 knots. The caple of the line  Nov. 1, 1888  Change was effected in August, 1901.  19188	
	Date of Appointment.	Nov. 1, 1888 April 1, 1895 Nov. 1, 1889 Thuse 1, 1899 Nov. 1, 1888 " 1, 1896 " 1, 1888 " 1, 1888 " 1, 1896 " 1, 1888	
	Salaries per Annum.	\$ cts. 50 00 Accommodatio Commission 25 Commission 25	20 00
	Agents and Operators.	S cts.  J. McR. Selkirk, D. Supt.  F. Deslauriers C. Harrison. W. A. Grubb. J. R. Ledwell. Commission 25 p.c. C. B. Quick. Mrs. A. McIntyre A. M. McCormick. T. W. M. McCormick. T. W. M. McCormick. T. W. M. McCormick. T. W. M.	hones,
	Inter- mediate Distance.	Miles.	42½ with telep
	Stations.	Leanington. Leanington Dock Club House. Point Pelee Leanington Dock to North Point, cable. North Point Lighthouse. North Dock Mest Dock West Dock South Dock South Dock	Totals
	No.	= 01 to 4 10 to 1-∞ c	•

LINES IN THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

ESSIONAL PA	APER No. 19
Memo.	1, 1898 1, 1896 1, 1896 1, 1896 1, 1896 1, 1896 1, 1897 1, 1897 1, 1897 1, 1898 1, 1898 1, 1898 1, 1899 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1900 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 1899 1, 189
Date of Appointment.	
Salaries per Annum.	\$ cts.  1,200 00 Jan. 420 00 Jan. 420 00 March 600 00 March 720 00 Jan. 600 00
Agents.	J. S. Maedonald, D. Supt. C. P. R. Tel. Co. Miss E. Johnston A. VonLindebugh. C. P. R. Tel. Co. J. Hartington, repairer W. Salsbury. U. P. O. Noel. D. Noel H. McCleneghan M. Therien J. W. Carroll J. C. Gordon J. W. Carroll J. C. Gordon S. B. M. Macdonald J. C. Gordon H. M. M. M. Campbell J. C. Gordon H. M. M. M. Campbell J. C. Gordon H. M. M. M. Campbell J. C. Gordon H. M. M. M. Campbell J. C. Gordon H. M. M. M. Campbell J. C. Gordon J. A. Macdonald S. B. McNamara. W. McKay, repairer J. H. Sikes, repairer J. Wilcox, agent. J. H. Sikes, repairer J. H. Sikes, repairer
Inter- mediate Distance.	Miles.  0 466 698 822 823 823 823 823 824 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
Stations.	Qu'Appelle-Edmonton Section. Qu'Appelle. Fort Qu'Appelle. Touchwood Humboldt Saskatoon (14 miles loop) Henrietta. Battleford Bresaylor Pitt. Onion Lake Moose. Si. Paul de Metis Saddle Lake Victoria Star Fort Saskatchewan. Edmonton Branch Line— Edmonton Branch Line— Edmonton Wood Mountain Setion. Wood Mountain
No.	1 2224 70 9 9 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

## GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH SERVICE—Continued.

GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH SERVICE IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

								2-3 EI	OWAR	D V
	Memo.		NOTE.—This line which was formerly operated in conjunction with the C. P. Ry. Co. has, since May 1, 1901, been operated direct by the Department, and latterly as part of the	4, 1898. Proportion of salary pertaining to this line. The Ashcroft 16, 1883. Office is operated jointly with the C.P.R. Telegraph. 1, 1900. Closed June, 1901, and tranferred temporarily to 108-Mile Hondon.	41		Note.—This line which was formerly operated in conjunction with the C. P. Ry. Co. has, since May 1, 1991, been oper-		System.	
	Date of Appointment.			July Feb. Jan.	456 00 Nov. 1, 1896, 900 00 March 1, 1896, 564 00 Prior to 1891.	reb. 11, 1873.		July 4, 1898.	Dec. 1, 1896. Jan. 3, 1896.	
	Salaries per Annum.	& cts.		240 00 600 00 720 00	456 00 900 00 564 00	4,480 00		240 00 July	720 00	00 096
	Agents.		(See note in margin)	C. A. Sherr	S. T. Hall, agt. and olver G. H. Smith, agt. and rep J. E Bowron, Accommodation com. office.	J. Stone, agent and repairer.	(See note in margin)	C. A. Sherr	Accommodation com. office	
	Inter- mediate Distance.	Miles.		30 0	048 88 44 88 88 88	2763		0	948	62
	Stations,	Ashcroft—Barkerville.		Ashcroft Station	150-Mile House* Soda Creek Quesnelle Stanley	BarkervilleTotal	.1shcroft—Lillooet.	Asheroft Station	Pavillion	Total
1	No.			-01 cc	41001-	00			163	

BRITISH COLUMBIA—Continued.

BRITISH COLUMBIA—Continued.		240 00   Nov. 1, 1891.   Proportion of salary.   Troportion of Salary.   Tropo	3,660 00
BRITISH	(See note in margin)	18 M. Milne, com. office 19 E. Gordon, agt. and operator. 10 J. Goodie, " 30 B. H. Kirkpatrick, " (W. P. Daykin, " 24 D. Logan, repairer ) Otto Rosander, repairer 28 M. Patterson, agt. and oper r.	18
	Victoria—Cape Beale.	1 Victoria 2 Sooke 3 Otter Point 4 Jordan River 5 Port San Juan 6 Carmanah Lighthouse, (Clo-cose 2 miles west) 7 Cape Beale	Total

Memo.	See note in margin    Spects.   Note.—This line is operated under the superintendent in margin    April 18, 1900   The allowance was but \$180 per annum prior to Connected.   March 1, 1901   A. R. Carrington.   Note.—This line is operated under the superintendent of the resident engineer at Victoria.   A. B. Carrington.   Lessee   25 p. c. com.   May 1, 1900   Note.—This line is operated under the superintendent of the resident engineer at Victoria.   Note.—This line is operated under the superintendent of the connections and annual prior to connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections, and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections and   1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections of land the lessees   1, 1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections of land   1, 1, 1900   Lessees pay a monthly rent for the connections   1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
Salaries per Date of Annum. Appointment.	April 18, 1900. Connected.  May 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. In 1, 1900. I
Salaries per Annum.	\$ cts. 300 00 25 p. c. com.
Positions.	Agent
Agents, &c.	(See note in margin)    (See note in margin)    A. J. Venn (C. P. Tel.) Agent   E. O. Rourke
Inter- mediate Distance.	Miles. 0 54 13 67
Offices,	Kamloops—Lower Nicola.    Kamloops
No.	H 0100470

### BENNETT-DAWSON---ATLIN.

(The requisite information to complete this table was not available at time of the preparation of the annual report).

No.	Stations.	Interme diate Distance
1 2 3 4 5 6	Ashcroft. Clinton 115-Mile House. 150-Mile House. Soda Creek. Quesnelle	30 57 38 42 58
7	Barkerville (Branch from Quesnelle)	61
8 9 10 11	Blackwater. Fraser Lake Maurieetown Hazleton	51 108 173 38
12 13–14	Skeena Canyon (Branch from Hazleton)	8.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Telegraph Creek Atlin Tagish Cariboo Crossing. White Horse. Lower Labarge. Hootalinqua Big Salmon Five Fingers Fort Selkirk Selwyn Stewart River Ogilvie. Dawson Forty-Mile Northern Boundary.	33 21 77 14 4 5 3 3 9 5 3 7 2 4 4 5

### GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH LINES.

### SPECIAL TARIFF.

Cable messages.—Rates for cable messages and for press reports, passing over the Yukon line will be found in connection with other British Columbia lines in the follow-

ing pages.

Elsewhere, the rate for transatlantic messages passing over the government lines is the same as for ordinary through messages, excepting where the ordinary tariff is more than 25 cents; in such cases the government line rate is 4 cents per word, with a minimum charge of 25 cents. For example:—

For a message of six words or less the charge is 25 cents for government line.

For a message of seven words the charge is (7 x 4c.) 28 cents for government line. For a message of twelve words the charge is (12 x 4c.) 48 cents for government line.

In every case the counting of words includes the address and signature in the same

way as for transatlantic cable tolls.

Press despatches.—The rate for press despatches on the government lines (excepting the Yukon line), formerly a quarter cent per word, has been changed to 20 cents per 100 words; no single message less than 20 cents.

For the Yukon line the rate is 1 cent per word, minimum charge \$1; this applies

to the whole line.

### REGULAR TARIFF.

### NOVA SCOTIA.

Line from North Sydney to Meat Cove and Mabou—Local rate 25-1\* (13 offices).

Big Bras d'Or	Through	rate	15-1	from	North	Sydney,	W.	U.	office
New Campbellton's (Kelly's		11			11			11	
Cove)		11			11			11	
Port Bevis		11			11			11	
Englishtown		11			11			11	
Baddeck		11			11			- 11	
St. Anne, South Gut		11			11			- 11	
French River		11			11			11	
South Ingonish		11			11			- 11	
Ingonish		11			11			- 11	
Neil's Harbour		F1			- 11			11	
Dingwall		11			11			11	
Aspy Bay		11			11			11	
Meat Cove		H			11			11	
Pleasant Bay		71			11			Н	
Cheticamp		11			11			11	
Grand Etang		11			11			F1	
North-East Margaree		31			11			11	
Margaree Harbour		- 11			- 11			11	
South-West Margaree		11	4		11			11	
Broad Cove		11			- 11			11	

Night messages are exchanged with the Western Union Telegraph Company for offices on this line. Rate 1 cent per word with minimum of 15 cents. The local night rate is 1 cent per word with minimum of 25 cents.

<sup>\*</sup> N.B.—When the tariff rate is entered as 25-1 or 50-2, &c., the meaning is that the rate is 25 cents or 50 cents for ten words and 1 cent or 2 cents for each additional word.

Line from Barrington to Cape Sable—Local rate 12-1 (
------------------------------------------------------

Newellton Through	gh rate 12	-1 from Barringt	on, W. U. office.
Cape Sable Lighthouse	11	11	11
This line is now operated by th	e local te	ephone company.	. Terms of lease provide

for former telegraph rate as above not being exceeded.

### NEW BRUNSWICK.

Line from (	Chatham	to Point	$Escuminac\_Local$	rate	25-1	(4 offices).	
-------------	---------	----------	--------------------	------	------	--------------	--

Bay du Vin Through			G. N. W. office.
Lower Hardwicke	11	tt	11
Escuminae	11	н	11
Pt. Escuminac Lt. House	11	11	11

Line from Eastport, Me., to Campobello, Grand Manan, and Whitehead Islands (9 offices)— Local rates between offices on Grand Manan, and Whitehead Islands 15-1; Grand Manan and Campobello Island 25-2; The Islands and Eastport, Me., 25-2. W.U.O.

Welchpool, Campobello Through	rate 25-2	from Eastport, Me.,	W. U. office.
Flagg's Cove, Grand Manan	11		11
Castalia	H	11	11
Woodward's Cove	11	11	11
Grand Harbour	11	11	U
Seal Cove	11	H	11
Southern Head	11	lf.	11
Cheney's Head	11	11	11
Whitehead Islands	P.	ti .	11

### QUEBEC.

Line from Gaspé to Anticosti Island, Q. (9 offices)—Local rates between offices on the Island 25-1; Gaspé and the Island offices 50-2.

South-West Point	Through rate	50-2 from Gaspé, G	G. N. W. office.
Salt Lake		11	11
Shallop Creek	. 11	11	11
South Point	. 11	11	1)
Heath Point		11	11
Fox Bay	. 11	ti .	11
Becseie River		11	11
West Point		11	11
English Bay		n n	11

Line from Meat Cove, C.B., N.S., to Magdalen Islands, Q. (8 offices)—Local rates between offices on the Island 25-1; Meat Cove and the Islands 50-2; offices on the Meat Cove line and the Islands 50-2.

Amherst IslandThrough	rate 50-2	from North Sydney,	W. U. office.
Amherst Lt. House	11	81	11
Etang du Nord Village	11	11	11
Etang du Nord Lt. House	11	11	11
Cap aux Meules (Grindstone)	11	TI .	11
House Harbour	11	11	11
Grosse Isle	11	H	11
Grand Entry	11	11	11

Line from Meat Cove, C.B., N.S., to St. Paul's Island—Local rate between offices on Meat Cove line and St. Paul's 50-2 (1 office).

St. Paul's Island Lt. House 50-2 from North Sydney, N.S., W. U. office.

Line from Quebec to Grosse Is'e Quarantine Station (7 offices)—Local rates between offices on Orleans Island and Isle Réaux 15-1; on Orleans Island, Isle Réaux and Quebec 15-1: on Orleans Island and Grosse Isle 25-1; on Isle Réaux and Grosse Isle 15-1.

St. Pierre, Orléans IslandThrough	rate 15-1	from Quebec, G.	N. W. office.
Ste. Pétronille	91	H	11
St. Laurent	11	11	f1
St. Jean	11	II .	Ħ
St. François	f1	11	11
Isle Réaux	H.	11	H
Grosse Isle	n 25-1	!!	11

### Line from Baie St. Paul to Chicoutimi (6 offices).

For business with offices west of Baie St. Paul and terminating at Quebec, add 15c. and 1c. to the government line tariff.

For business with offices west of Baie St. Paul, beyond Quebec, add the full rate of the Great North-Western Telegraph Company to the government line tariff

Line from Murray Bay to Chateau Bay (48 offices) with branch to Anticosti and extension to Belle Isle.

For business with offices west of Murray Bay and terminating at Quebec, add 15c. and 1c. to the government line tariff.

For business with offices west of Murray Bay, beyond Quebec, add the full rate of the Great North-Western Telegraph Company to the government line tariff.

Local rates between offices not more than 100 miles apart 15-1; more than 100 miles apart 25-1; on mainland and Anticosti 50-2; and on mainland and Belle Isle 50-2.

St. Urbain15-1	from Baie St.	Paul (Ck. Que.)	G. N. W. office,
Lacruche	tt	11	11
St. Alexis	H	11	11
L'Anse St. Jean	ti .	H	11
St. Alphonse de Bagotville	11	ti -	11
Chicoutimi	11	H	11
Cap à l'Aigle	from Murray	Bay (Ck. Que.)	G. N. W. office.
Ste. Fidèle	11	11	Ħ
Port au Persil	11	11	11
St. Siméon	11	11	11
Baie des Rochers	11	0	. 11
Rivière aux Canards	11	H .	11
St. Etienne	H.	H	11
Tadousac	11	11	H g
Bergeronnes	11	H	II.
Escoumains	11	11	11
Baie des Bacons	11	11	II .
Mille Vaches25-1	11	H	11
Portneuf Mills	11	11	11
Portneuf Light	11	11	11
Sault au Cochon	11	11	11
Betsiamis (Bersimis)	H	17	H

Manicouagan (Pt. Outardes)25-1 f	rom Murray	Bay (Ck.	Que.) G.	N. W.	office
River Godbout	11		4000)		OMICO
Pointe des Monts	11	11			
Trinity Bay, West	11			**	
Trinity Bay, East	11	11			
Caribou Islands	11	11			
English Point	11	11		11	
Penteeost	11	11		11	
Ste. Marguerite	11	11		11	
Seven Islands				- 11	
River Moisie				11	
Little River	11			**	
Sheldrake		11			
Thunder River	11	11		11	
Magpie	11	11			
St. John River	11			11	
Long Point	*1	- 11		11	
				11	
Mingan Point Esquimaux	11	11		11	
	11	11		11	
Piastre Bay	11	11		11	
Aguanus	ff.	11		**	
Natashquan	11	- 11		***	
Big Romaine	H	11		11	
Pointe du Maurier	*1			11	
Harrington	11	11		H	
Baie des Moutons	11	11		11	
St. Augustin	11	11			
Bonne Espérance (St. Paul's River).	11	11		11	
Blane Sablon	11	11		11	
Red Bay	11	11		11	
Chateau Bay	11	11		11	
Belle Isle	11	11		H	
Anticosti Id. via Long Point	11	11		11	
	ONTARIO.				

Line from Leamington to Pelee Island (Telephone Circuit)—Local rates between Leamington and Point Pelee 15-1; mainland and Island offices 25-1; offices on the Island 15-1 (8 offices).

Gun Club House, mainland15-1	(thro' business)	from Leamington,	G. N.	W
Pointe Pelee, mainland	11	11	11	
Leamington Dock	11	ti .	11	
North Pt. Lt. H'se Pelce Island.	11	ff	11	
North Dock, Pelee Island	11	ff.	11	
McIntyre's Corners	H	11	11	
West Dock, Pelee Island	11	II .	11	
South Dock	11	11	11	

### NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

Line from Qu'Appelle (C. P. R. Sta.) to Edmonton, Alberta-Local rates, 15-1, 25-2, 50-3 for distances 10 to 600 miles (13 offices).

Fort Qu'Appelle25-2	Qu'Appelle or	Saskatoon.
Touchwood	11	11
Saskatoon (Ts. office C. P. R. Tel.)	11	**
Henrietta	††	11
Battleford	11	11

Bresaylor	25-2	Saskatoon;	50-3 Qu'Appelle or Edmonton.
Onion Lake		fT	11
Moose			tt .
St. Paul de Métis	50-3	Saskatoon,	Qu'Appelle or Edmonton.
Saddle Lake			11
Victoria	25-2	Edmonton;	50-3 Qu'Appelle or Saskatoon.
Fort Saskatchewan		11	11
Edmonton (Transfer office C.P.	R.		
Tel.)		11	11

### BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Line from Victoria to Cape Beale—Local rate 50-3 (6 offices).

Sooke	Victoria C	P. R. Tel. office.
Otter Point	11	11
Jordan River	11	11
Port San Juan	ff	II .
Carmanah Lt. House	71	11
Cape Reale	11	11

Line from Nanaimo to Comox—Local rate 25-2 (9 offices).

Wellington	(C.P.R.	& E.	& N.
------------	---------	------	------

Ry.)	25-2 from Nanaimo.	
Parksville		or Wellington.
Fanny Bay	11	11
Cumberland	11	11
Union Bay	11	11
Union Mines	0	II.
Courtney	11	11
Comox	11	H
Alberni (branch)	• 11	11

Line from Alberni to Cape Beale—Local rate 50-3.

Between offices on the Victoria-Cape Beale line and the Nanaimo-Comox line, via Alberni, 50-3.

Line from Ashcroft (C. P. R. Stn.) to Barkerville—Local rates 25, 50, 75 (9 offices).

•			
Clinton	25-2 from	Ashcroft C.	P. R. Tel. office.
Bridge Creek		11	ft.
150-Mile House	. 50-3	11	H .
Soda Creek		H	11
Quesnelle		H	H H
Stanley		11	##
Barkerville		11	11
Lillooet (branch)		11	11
Pavillion (on Lillooet branch).		11	11

19---v---3

### YUKON TELEGRAPH LINE.

### THROUGH TARIFF TO AND FROM ASHCROFT.

(IN EFFECT FROM JUNE 1, 1902.)

	LINE M	ILEAGE.	
Names of Offices,	Inter- mediate.	Pro- gressive.	Tariff.
			\$ ets.
Ashcroft. Clinton. 115-Mile House. 150-Mile House. Soda Creek. Quesnelle.	9 30 55 35 42 58	0 30 85 120 162 220	0 0 0 25 & 2 0 25 & 2 0 50 & 3 0 50 & 3 0 50 & 3
Barkerville (branch from Quesnelle)	61	281	0 50 & 3
Blackwater Fraser Lake. Mauricetown. Hazleton.	51 105 173 39	271 376 549 588	0 75 & 5 0 75 & 5 1 25 & 10 1 25 & 10
Skeena Canyon (branch from Hazleton)	83 116	671 787	1 25 & 10 1 50 & 10
Telegraph Creek. Atlin. Tagish. Cariboo Crossing. White Horse. Lower Labarge. Hootalinqua Big Salmon Five Fingers. Fort Selkirk Selwyn. Stewart River. Ogilvie Dawson Dawson Forty-Mile. Northeru Boundary	336 214 75 18 47 59 30 34 96 58 30 75 23 48 55	924 1,136 1,213 1,231 1,278 1,337 1,367 1,401 1,497 1,555 1,585 1,660 1,683 1,731 1,786 1,826	1 75 & 10 2 00 & 15 2 25 & 15 2 25 & 15 2 50 & 15 2 50 & 15 2 50 & 15 2 50 & 15 2 75 & 15 2 75 & 15 2 75 & 15 3 00 & 20 3 00 & 20 3 25 & 20

The rates given above for points north of Quesnelle are one-third less than those primarily adopted which were calculated on the general basis of 50 cents for 100 miles and 25 cents for each additional 100 miles, counting the distance from Ashcroft.

The local rates between offices north of Quesnelle are calculated on the basis of 50 cents for 100 miles and 25 cents for each additional 100 miles, and the local rates between offices north of Atlin are fixed at 50 cents for each 100 miles.

Cable messages (transatlantic, &c.)—The uniform word rate of 40 cents for the Yukon line is discontinued. For cable messages the word rate is now fixed at twice as much as the additional word rate given in the list for all points north of Asheroft. For example, Barkerville 3c.  $\times$  2 = 6c. for cable word rate; and Dawson, 20c.  $\times$  2 = 40c. per word, to or from Asheroft.

### Summary.

Offices on government lines, as listed	207
Offices at transfer points with connecting lines	15
Total number ambraged by the service	()()()

# GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH SERVICE.

# BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Memo.	1, 1896 The amount comprises \$20 per month for agency and operation, \$3 for messenger service and \$2.50 for battery care. 1, 1892. 1, 1892. 1, 1898. 2, 1898. 2, 1898. Courtney and Fanny Bay are communicated with by telephone at pre-arranged intervals. 1, 1895. 1, 1895. 1, 1895. 2, 1895. 2, 1895. 2, 1895. 2, 1895. 2, 1896. 2, 1896. 2, 1896. 2, 1896. 2, 1896. 2, 1896. 2, 1896. 3, 1896. 3, 1896. 3, 1896. 4, 1899. 5, 1896. 5, 1896. 5, 1896. 5, 1896. 5, 1896. 5, 1896. 5, 1896. 6, 1896. 6, 1896. 7, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8, 1896. 8,	Liepoteion of satary pereaming to this line.
Date of Appointment.	Mar. 1, 1896 June 1, 1895 Feb. 1, 1892 Nov. 17, 1897 June 3, 1898 April 28, 1898 Nov. 1, 1895 Oct. 1, 1895 Oct. 1, 1896	1, 1900.
Salaries per Annum.		1,980 00
Positions.	Agent and operator Agent and operator Repairer Agent and operator Assistant and operator	Agent and operator
Agents, &c.	(W. F. Archibald. A. M. Oliver, Ljoint with C. P. R. E. & N. Ky. Co. Mrs. R. Williams. Geo Williams. Thos. Hudson E. McDonald J. Dunsmuir. Albert Peacy M. McDonald C. T. Haslam (F. A. Haslam G. A. Huff. G. A. Huff. M. Dettargen	TA K COUCE SOUTH
Inter- mediate Distance.	Miles.  0 0 23 23 94 10 10 10 294 81	1
Office.	Nanaimo-Comox.  Nanaimo.  Wellington.  Parksville.  Union Bay.  Union Bay.  Union Bay.  Cumberland.  Courtney.  Counts.  Total.  Parksville.  Parksville.  Parksville.  Alberni.  Alberni.	Total.
No.	H 23 & 4100F &c	1

The above lines are operated by the Government through the office of the Resident Engineer at Victoria.

### PART VI

# REPORT OF THE COLLECTOR OF REVENUE

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

1901-1902

State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State of the State

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\* SERVITOR (0.00)

### COLLECTION OF REVENUE

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, OTTAWA, November 22, 1902.

F. Gelinas, Esq., Secretary, Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honour of submitting my report for the year ended June 30, 1902. I have examined the books and accounts of all the officers under my control (excepting those of the dock master at Esquimalt) and it is my pleasing duty to state that in all cases the rules laid down for their guidance by the department have been carefully observed by these officers, who have faithfully accounted for all the revenues collected by them.

I regret to have to report that during the past fiscal year the revenue accrued from public works shows a decrease of \$20,605.01 compared with that of the year 1900-01, the total amounting to \$92,070.81, while the previous year it was \$112,675.82; the collections also fell short in the sum of \$7,654.85, being in all \$95,431.56 and in 1900-01

they amounted to \$103,086.41.

The revenue from slides and booms was \$53,975.18 or \$23,247.16 less than the preceding year, it is only fair to repeat the remark made as to this account last year, viz.: that included in the accruals of 1900-01 was the sum of \$12,068.62 from the Newcastle district which was the accumulation of seven years dues:—the collections amounted to \$57,335.93, being \$10,297 less than the previous year.

The graving docks yielded \$37,348.98 or \$2,613.82 more than in 1900-01.

From the locks the receipts were \$545.65 against \$718.32 in the year before, showing a decrease of \$172.67.

Rent of an unused building and privilege of laying tracks for a railroad across a

bridge gave \$201.

Having dealt with the revenue in a general way, I beg to submit the particulars in detail relating to the several services under their respective heads.

### SLIDES AND BOOMS.

### OTTAWA DISTRICT.

The tolls charged up amounted to \$37,923.23, or \$5,908.27 less than for 1900-01. The number of saw-logs that passed through the works was 3,287,731, or 132,095 less than the preceding year.

Of square timber there were 15,834 pieces against 894 in 1900-1901.

All the revenue accrued in this district during the year just closed was collected.

Of the dues accrued since July 1, 1889, when this department took over the collection, there remains uncollected \$9,836.30; full particulars of which will be found in statement No. 2 herewith.

Of the dues accrued prior to July 1, 1899, there remains uncollected \$56,805.65, all of which should be written off. See statements Nos. 1 and 3 herewith for details.

The accounts for the Ottawa district stand thus:

Dues accrued during the year 1901-02 \$37,923.23. All collected.

The amount outstanding uncollected is the same as at the close of the previous year, the amount year by year being as follows:—

Dues ac	ecrued prior to the collection being transferred	
to	this department	\$ 56,805 65
Dues of	1889–90 \$ 6,903 05	
66	1890–91 28 42	
"	1892–93 379 80	
"	1896–97 196 71	
"	1900–1901	
		9,836 30

I would ask particular attention to the fact that since this department assumed the collection of these dues: of the amount accrued, viz.:—\$707,823.21, all but \$28.42 absolutely owing to the department has been collected:—the remainder above shown and aggregating \$9,807.88, being composed of Chaudiere boomage \$6,903.05 which should have been written off long ago and the balance being covered by counter claims which, if my information with regard to them be correct, ought to be allowed.

Herewith are statements in detail:

No. 1.—Statement of amounts outstanding prior to July 1, 1889, uncollected September 30, 1902.

No. 2.—Statement of dues accrued at Ottawa since July 1, 1889, uncollected

September 30, 1902.

No. 3.—Statement of amounts accrued at Quebec prior to July 1, 1889, uncollected September 30, 1902.

No. 4.—Statement of the number of pieces of square timber, saw-logs, &c., which passed through the Ottawaworks during the year ended June 30, 1902.

No. 5.—Statement of dues accrued from each of the slides and works in the Ottawa

district during the year ended June 30, 1902.

The summer of 1901 was a most remarkable one, it being perhaps not too much to say, that not in the memory of man was the water in the tributaries, especially the northern ones, of the Ottawa River known to be so scarce.

That the falling off in the revenue, as compared with the previous year may be justly attributed to this cause, seems to be borne out by the fact that, with the exception of the Black River, which shows an increase of \$1,221.29, all the other tributaries give decreases, the works on the main Ottawa yielded practically the same amount as

the previous year, being only \$14.17 more for the year just closed.

Before closing these remarks on the Ottawa District, I would again respectfully urge the desirability of having the question of the arrears appearing as uncollected, brought before the Public Accounts Committee, not only for the Ottawa District but those from the other districts as well, so as to obtain the authority of Parliament to write them off, as they are a source of friction between the Government and the individuals interested, frequently preventing settlement of accounts justly due individuals, while the amounts standing against them should have been written off long ago.

### ST. MAURICE DISTRICT.

The revenue from this district was \$13,565.48,—less than the preceding year by \$7,756.74.

All the dues of the year 1901-2 were collected. Since I took charge of this district in 1892, all the revenue accrued has been collected.

The amount outstanding remains the same as at the close of the preceding year, namely \$14,481.49, all of which should be written off for reasons assigned in Statement No. 6 herewith.

The great falling off was due to two causes, first the early spring curtailing operations and the unprecedentedly low water during the summer, owing to which a large

number of logs were left in the river all last winter, and all of which, had the spring of 1902 opened up with freshets, as usual, would have gone out into the St. Lawrence, involving great loss, not only to the lumbermen, but also to the Government, in dues.] Fortunately a kind Providence so ruled, that the ice went out so gradually that the booms at. Three Rivers were all in place before these logs came down and were all saved at that point, it is no exaggeration to say that, never did so few logs go out into the St. Lawrence in the spring with the ice, since the mills were established at Three Rivers, as got away this year.

If there was great scarcity of water in the River St. Maurice last year, the reverse was the case in June last, when it unexpectedly rose to such a point that several booms opened by reason of chains breaking, and it needed but a slight further rise to bring the water over the piers at the Piles and Grand'Mère, in which case all the logs in the St.

Maurice would have gone into the St. Lawrence.

These sudden fluctuations in this river, in view of the magnitude of the interest involved, both public and private, seem to point to the necessity of providing in the near future a means of retaining the waters of the great lakes at its head in the early spring and so preventing such disastrous floods as have occurred in the past whereby not only the lumbermen suffered great loss of property, but the Government also through the works being carried away or damaged lost heavily, even in recent years, with such a system for retaining the water in the spring, the supply during the dry months or midsummer could be regulated and much of the difficulties experienced last year, if not overcome, at least modified to a great extent, as the forests are being denuded so rapidly the snow melts more quickly than formerly in the spring, the water so resulting together with the usual spring rains coming all at once, form a flood that is likely to be greater every year as time goes on.

The department is interested in a large degree in devising such a system as suggested, having such large sums invested in the works on the St. Maurice, and moreover if the logs are not prevented from going into the St. Lawrence, not only the lumberman is the loser but the Government is deprived of the revenue which it would other-

wise have derived from the timber.

Such a scheme if my information is to be relied on, would not cost a very large sum, in comparison with the interests involved, and I feel confident that not only the lumbermen and the manufacturers whose mills are driven by water, as well as the Provincial Government would gladly contribute to its cost and maintenance.

Early in January last the Belgo-Canadian Pulp Company's mill at Shawenigan

Falls began work.

I may say here that lest any one might be carried away by an exaggerated idea of quantity, when the millions of logs taken out on the St. Maurice is mentioned, that the vast majority of the logs are spruce and a very great portion of them are very small, as they take, for making pulp, every thing down as low as five inches at the top, in fact I am not too sure that those of four inches are not drawn out.

Last year I collected the rental for a mill site on departmental property at Three Rivers, but the lease having been sent to the Inland Revenue Department, the rent for

the current year has been collected by them.

### NEWCASTLE DISTRICT.

The dues accrued from this district during the year amounted to \$2,486.47, all of which was collected.

Of the balance outstanding uncollected on July 1, 1900, viz.: \$11,828.46, \$3,360.75 was collected, \$498.18, overcharges, written off, leaving uncollected June 30 last, \$7,969.53, of which \$3,521.19 should be written off in accordance with a decision in the Exchequer Court; the remainder consists of two accounts in the hands of the Department of Justice for collection.

See statement No. 7 for details of amounts outstanding.

### GRAVING DOCKS.

### ESQUIMALT GRAVING DOCK.

The revenue from this source, shown in detail in statement No. 8 herewith, was \$14,502.24, being \$2,154.37 more than in 1900-1901.

Of the 180 days the dock was occupied during the year, it was used by vessels of the British navy for 85 days, Canadian Government vessels for 4 days, while the mercantile marine used it for 91 days.

### LÉVIS GRAVING DOCK.

The revenue from this work was \$274.49 more than for the previous year, being \$17,997.

The dock was occupied for 119 days, exclusive of the winter months, during which time it was occupied by the steamer Campana and the Government dredges Laval and No. 9.

### KINGSTON GRAVING DOCK.

The dock was occupied for 78 days, exclusive of winter months, and for 63 days from Dec. 16, 1901 to Feb. 17, 1902.

The income was for the past year \$4,849.74, \$184.96 more than the previous year. See statement No. 10.

### LOCKS.

### RIVIÈRE DU LIÈVRE LOCK.

The tolls collected amounted to \$279.44, being \$26.49 more than for the year ending June 30, 1901.

### RIVIÈRE YAMASKA LOCK.

The receipts from this source were \$266.21, or \$199.16 less than the previous year.

### RENTS.

From rooms in the Thistle building \$200 were received and for the privilege of laying tracks across the bridge near Edmonton, the Edmonton, Yukon and Pacific R.R. Co. paid the nominal rent of \$1.

Thus the total revenue that passed through my hands during the year ended June 30, 1902, may be summarized as follows:—

Graving docks       37,348 97         Loeks       545 65	From Slides and Booms\$57,33	35	93
Loeks	Graving docks 37,34	48	97
	Loeks	45	65
Rents	Rents	01	00

\$95,431 56

The following comparative table of Public Works Revenue accrued 1901–02 and 1900–01 shows at a glance in what accounts the decreases and increases above referred to occurred:—

·	Year, 1901-1902.	Year, 1900-1901.	Increase, 1901–1902.	Decrease, 1901–1902.
SLIDES AND BOOMS.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.
Ottawa District	37,923 23 13,565 48 2,486 47	43,831 50 21,322 22 12,068 62		5,908 27 7,756 74 9,582 15
	53,975 18	77,222 34		23,247 16
Graving Docks.				
Esquimalt	14,502 24 17,997 00 4,849 74	12,347 87 17,722 51 4,664 78	2,154 37 274 49 184 96	
	37,348 98	34,735 16	2,613 82	
Locks.				
Rivière du Lièvre	279 44 266 21	252 95 465 37	26 49	199 16
	545 65	718 32	13 26	185 93
Rents.	201 00		201 00	••••••

In conclusion, I have to acknowledge the uniform courtesy and cheerful assistance accorded me at all times by the officers with whom I have been brought in contact during the year.

I have the honour to be, respectfully, sir, Your very obedient servant,

> EDWARD T. SMITH, Collector of Public Works Revenue.

No. 1.—Statement of Slidage and Boomage from the Ottawa Slides and Works, accrued prior to July 1, 1889, Outstanding June 30, 10. 1.—Statement of Slidage and remaining uncollected on September 30, 1902.

Remarks.	Insolvent.  Insolvent.  Insolvent.  Insolvent.  Insolvent.  Insolvent.  Overcharge.  Insolvent.  Insol
Year to which Dues Belong.	1873.   Ir.     1872-1873.
Total Outstanding on Sept. 30, 1902.	\$ cts. 23,250.1 42.1 558.8 50.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0
Other Slide and Boom Dues Disputed.	% & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &
Chaudière Boomage in Suspense.	* \$ cts.  \$ 8,8871 93  \$ 1,060 59  1,461 20  1,461 20  1,461 20
Bad and Doubtful Debts.	\$ cts. 23.25.30 21.25.314 221.30 21.25.30 25.55.88 25.55.88 25.55.88 25.55.88 25.55.88 25.55.88 25.55.88 25.55.88 25.55.88 25.55.88 25.55.88 25.55.88 25.56.88 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.58 25.
By Whom Due.	John & Win. McLean John Rowan. Lemieux & Charette Taillon & Lapiere.  W. C. Wells. Dufresne & McGarity W. C. Wells. Dufresne & McGarity W. C. Wells. Bufresne & McGarity A. H. Baldwin Hon. James Skead. Batson & Currier A. F. A. Knight. James Walker R. Campbell & Son James G. Bryson Costello Bros. N. E. Cormier James Yuill. J. & B. Grier B. Galdwall & Son J. R. & W. Conroy A. & P. White B. Galdwall & Son J. R. Borch Perley & Pattee. The Bronsons & Weston Lumber Co. The Bronsons & Weston Lumber Co. G. A. Grier & Co. C. A. Grier & Co. Estate late Levi Yourg

SESSIC	NAL
to 1883   Counter claim for damage by breaking of Coulonge Works.	
to 18	
1884 1886 1886	
406 27 1884 258 88 1881 to 1883 252 20 1886.	651 08 55,653 90
406 27 258 88	80 129
406 27 258 88	31,006 54
406 27 258 88	23,997 28 31,006 54
Gilmour & Co John Rochester. J. & G. Bryson.	•
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ir & C toches . Bry	
filmou ohn B & G	
255	

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,
OTTAWA, September 30, 1902.

EDWARD T. SMITH,
Collector of Slide and Boom Dues.

No. 2.—Statement of Slide and Boom Dues accrued from the Ottawa River Works since July 1, 1889, Outstanding on September 30, 1902.

Remarks.	Chaudiere Boomage reported to Council, and referred to the Treasury Board, should be written off.  Legal action taken to recover this.  Retained by Mr. Booth in settlement of an account due him which the Auditor General refuses to pay, as Mr. Booth appeared to be in arrears in this and Statement No. 1.  Have counter claim for work done on slide to this amount.	Have counter claim for dangages to logs in consequence of break in Black River slide.
Total	\$ cts. 2,561 69 2,036 96 11,938 26 167 66 913 48 28 42 379 80	2,328 32
Ordinary Dues,	\$ cts.	2,328 32
Chaudière Boomage in Suspense.	\$ cts.	6,903 05
Year to Chaudière Belong. Suspense.		1900
Name,	J. R. Booth The Bronsons & Weston L. Co. Perley & Pattee. Win. Mason & Sons. Pierce & Co. Alex. Fraser, acc't. Thos. Stephens J. R. Booth Bryson & Fraser	McLachlin Bros

EDWARD T. SMITH, Collector of Slide and Boom Dues.

> DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, OTTAWA, September 30, 1902.

No. 3.—Statement of Outstanding Slide Dues, Ottawa District, Bonds for which were sent to Quebec for Collection.

Name.	con 860.		From 1861		Total	1.
Hon, James Skead. James Mair.	 245	cts.	210 690	ets. 0 00 0 75 75	\$ 455 696  1,151	75

These amounts were uncollected, as the parties claimed damages for loss caused by the Madawaska boom breaking in 1860.

A decision on their claims was not arrived at till August 2, 1869. On the 5th idem Messrs. Skead and Mair were notified that the department could not recognize their claim.

To the best of my knowledge, this decision was never communicated to the collector of slide dues, consequently these accounts remained in abeyance.

Since then both parties died, and I believe both were insolvent at the time of their death.

EDWARD T. SMITH, Collector of Slide and Boom Dues.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, OTTAWA, September 30, 1902.

No. 4.—Statement of the number of pieces of square timber, saw-logs, &c., that passed through the government slides and works on the River Ottawa and its tributaries during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902.

,	Pieces.
Square timber	
Saw logs	3,287,731
Boom and dimension timber	69,871
Cedars	89,567
Rail road ties	657,281
Fence posts	389,089
Total	4,509,373

Also  $24,083\frac{5}{6}$  cords pulp wood. Revenue accrued on the above was \$37,923.23.

> EDWARD T. SMITH, Collector of Public Works Revenue.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, OTTAWA, June 30, 1902.

No. 5.—Statement showing the dues accrued on the undermentioned works of the Ottawa River and its tributaries during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902.

River and other Improvement.	Amount	
Main Ottawa	\$ 3,948	81
Cheneaux Boom:	6,287	59
River Petewawa	4,959	53
Madawaska	3,814	74
" Coulonge	4,644	03
Dumoine	438	94
Black River	6,516	10
Gatineau	7,313	49
	\$37,923	23

Amounting to \$37,923.23.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, OTTAWA, June 30, 1902. EDWARD T. SMITH, Collector of Public Works Revenue.

No. 6.—Statement of Slide and Boom Dues from the St. Maurice Slides and Works, outstanding on June 30, 1892, and remaining uncollected on September 30, 1902.

		,		, unicollocted oil toppolition oo, 1202.
Name.	Year to which Dues belong.	Amount.	Total.	Remarks.
		\$ ets.	\$ ets.	
George Baptist, Son & Co.  """ """ """  Ross, Ritchie & Co """ """  Alex. Baptist Wni. Ritchie & Co """  Ritchie Bros ""  G. B. Hall T. E. Normand Trefflé Biron	1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1884 1888 1878 1883 1884 1886 1887 1879 1888 1889 1886 1887	469 95 2,110 62 1,696 18 293 69 165 80 118 50 4 28 3,072 84 2,173 68 28 96 1 62 4 38	4,859 02  5,281 48 2,116 96  1,111 35  1,048 14  49 34 42 28 0 92	Commissioner, Mr. McDougall, afterwards Judge, who, after hearing the evidence on both sides, recommended that the claims of the parties should be allowed.  Of this amount, \$754.20 is claimed to be an overcharge. Insolvent.  This amount is composed of overcharges in 1886 and 1887 of \$342.76 and overpayment in 1884 of \$205.38.  Insolvent. Claims that this balance is an overcharge. Would cost more to collect than it is worth.
			14,481 49	

To make this balance agree with the Public Accounts, there should be deducted \$7.93 over credited Alex. Baptist, and \$217.17 added thereto, being \$190.40 paid July 23, 1884, and \$26.77 over charged in error to Wm. Little, not in any of the collector's returns, which will give balance due September 30, 1894, of \$14,690.73.

EDWARD T. SMITH,

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, OTTAWA, September 30, 1902. Collector of Slide and Boom Dues.

No. 7.—Statement of Slide and Boom Dues accrued from the Newcastle and Trent River Works, outstanding on June 30, 1902, and remaining uncollected on September 30, 1902.

Name.	Year to which Dues belong.	Amounts disputed.	Ordinary Dues.	Total.	Remarks.
Thomson & McArthur. Jabez Thurston McDougall & Ludgate. Bigelow & Trounce R. G. Strickland	1881. 1880. 1882. 1879. 1882 to 1885. 1882, '83, '85, '86 and '87 1877 to 1883 and 1886	12 50 65 07 216 21 215 08		59 79 52 78 12 50 65 07 216 21 215 08 354 15	Insolvent.
J. M. Irwin D. Ullyott Green & Ellis A. W. Parkin The Dickson Estate Alfred McDonald John Parkin	1881, '82, '84 to '89. 1882, '83, '85 to '88. 1881 to 1887 1881 to '83, '85, '88 and '89 1884, '85, '88, '90 and '91. 1883. 1888.	698 45 547 68 157 01 65 92 137 50 40 80 13 00		885 25 698 45 547 68 157 01 65 92 137 50 40 80 13 00	According to judgement in Exchequer Court, re Boyd vs. Smith, these cannot be collected.
Gilmour & Co	1893, '94, '95, 1900 1894, '95, '96	3,521 19	$\begin{vmatrix} 4,412 & 64 \\ 35 & 70 \\ \hline 4,448 & 34 \end{vmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	f tice for collection.

EDWARD T. SMITH,

Collector of Slide and Boom Dues.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, OTTAWA, September 30, 1902.

No. 8.—The Dry Dock at Esquimalt, B.C.

STATEMENT of Dues and other charges collected during the year ending June 30, 1902.

Name of Vessel Docked.	Tonnage.	Perioi		Doce		Dockas Charge		Other Charges.	Total	1.
		1901	l.	190	01.	\$ c	ts.	\$ cts.	\$ 0	cts.
SS. Guernsey H.M.S. Amphion Ship Hawaiian Isles	2,097	Aug.	19. 30.	July Aug. Sept.	24 2	656 255 564	04	1 20 5 45	657 255 569	04
H.M.S. Virago and Sparrowhawk	265	Sept.	13. 16.	11	25 26	} 518			518	17
SS. HordaSS. Crusader	2,934 4,227	Oct.	11. 27.	Oct.	26 28	$\frac{1,786}{400}$		$\begin{array}{ccc} 49 & 20 \\ 2 & 40 \end{array}$	1,835 $402$	
H.M.S. Phaeton	4,300	{"	7. 29.	Nov.	11	} 577	70		577	70
Str. City of Topeka Str. Dolphin Str. Farallon	1,057 824 565	Nov. Dec.	15. 1. 7.	Dec.	$\frac{1}{2}$	1,092 300 927	00	21 60 5 40 3 00	1,114 305 930	40
•		1902	2.	190	02.					
Marine Railway Co		Jan. "15& Feb.		Jan. Mar.	25	343		4 50	4 343	50 27
" Sparrowhawk	265	Mar.	$\frac{21}{10}$ .	11	8 28	503 667	86		503 667	
" Egeria	573	Apr.	8.	Apr.	12	390	00		390	
SS. RoanokeSS. Queen Mary	2,354 3,461	11	21. 24.	**	23 30.	488 980		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	501 982	
H.M.S. Shearwater	980	May	1.	May	10	430	25		430	25
SS. TampicoSS. Garonne	2,133 $3,876$	11	11.	11	14 16	566 518		$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 20 \\ 4 & 20 \end{array}$	576 522	
B.C. Stevedoring Co		+	0	· · · ·	0	0.400	:	3 00		00
SS. Victoria	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 2,354\\ \dots \end{array}\right.$	June ‡	9.	June 	25	2,402	15	10 80	$2,413 \\ 0$	15
	43,350					14,365	69	136 55	14,502	24

<sup>\*</sup> Water supplied. \pm, 5,000 galls. water at 60 cents per mill. \pm Overcharge

### EDWARD T. SMITH,

Collector of Public Works Revenue

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, September 30, 1902.

No. 9.—The Dry Dock at Lévis.

STATEMENT of Dues and other charges collected during the Year ended June 30, 1901.

Name of Vessel Docked.	Tonnage.	PERIOD OF	То	Dockage Charges.	Other Charges.	Total.
		1901.	1901.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.
SS. Bogstad H.M.S. Indefatigable.  SS. Urania. SS. Campana. SS. Urania. SS. Alf.	3,600 2,460	Oct. 17	Entry fee. Oct. 3 Entry fee. Nov. 8 Entry fee.	2,979 00 200 00 1,908 00 200 00 200 00 2,382 40 200 00 1,424 30	20 00	3,000 00 200 00 1,928 00 200 00 200 00 2,394 65 200 00 1,427 55
SS. Minnetonka. SS. Campana, wintering Govt. Dredge Laval, wintering "No. 6" SS. Minnetonka SS. Minnewaska. SS. Sahara.	1,697 150 75·6 5,270	May 14	June 25 Entry fee.	6,726 80 200 00	20 00	200 00 800 00 150 00 150 00 6,746 80 200 00 200 00
	19,375.6			17,920 50	76 50	17,997 00

### EDWARD T. SMITH,

Collector of Public Works Revenue.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, Ottawa, September 30, 1902.

### No. 10—The Dry Dock at Kingston, Ont.

STATEMENT of Dues and other charges collected during the Year ending June 30, 1902.

	1			1		
Name of Vessel Docked.	Tonnage.	PERIOD (	To	Dockage Charges.	Other Charges.	Total.
		1901.	1902.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Str. Robina. Yacht Nokomis Str. D. D. Calvin Str. Saturn Str. New Island Wanderer. Str. Hecla, Str. Richelieu (wrecked) Tug Bronson SS. Rosemount. Str. Resolute. Tug D. G. Thomson Str. D. D. Calvin Str. Parthia. Str. Chieftain SS. Rosemount.	62 750	July 12 Aug. 14 " 26 Sept. 2 " 23 Oct. 19 " 28 Nov. 7 " 10 " 22	July 13. Aug. 16. " 28. Sept. 3. " 26. Oct. 22 " 30. Nov. 7. " 12. Dec. 1. " 4. " 7. " 10. " 12.	66 40 50 50 188 00 169 21 74 60 277 55 40 00 27 40 318 60 282 72 67 50 188 00	5 00	66 46 50 50 193 00 169 21 74 60 277 55 40 00 32 40 318 60 282 72 67 50 188 00 50 10 87 00 100 00
Tug Dauntless. Govt. Dredge Dept.— Tug Delisle.	1,580 81 45	" 16 April 25	Feb. 17 April 29	540 50 70 00		540 50 78 00
Dredge Nipissing	105 180 45	ii 30.	April 25 May 2			653 15 55 00
Bothnia Cargo Barge Kildonan Str. Glengarry. Str. Corona Tug Geo. D. Seymour. Str. Chippewa St. Valeria Tug Jessie Hall	732 1,274 76 1,514 52	May 6. 12. 19. 19. 23. 26. 30.	11 7 11 13 12 22 11 24	102 30 123 20 371 26 20 00 476 85 20 00		386 90 102 30 123 20 371 26 20 00 481 85 20 00 20 00
	15,200			4,741 74	108 00	4,849 74

EDWARD T. SMITH,

Collector of Public Works Revenue.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, Ottawa, September 30, 1902

### PART VII.

# MISCELLANEOUS

ACTS OF PARLIAMENT, PASSED AT SESSION OF 1902, HAVING REFERENCE TO THIS DEPARTMENT.

CONTRACTS LET BY THE DEPARTMENT.

PROPERTY PURCHASED OR SOLD.

PROPERTY LEASED TO OR BY THE DEPARTMENT.

CURATOR'S REPORT, NATIONAL ART GALLERY.

NAMES OF CHIEF OFFICERS OF THE DEPARTMENT.

NAMES OF OFFICIALS EMPLOYED ON SLIDES AND BOOMS.

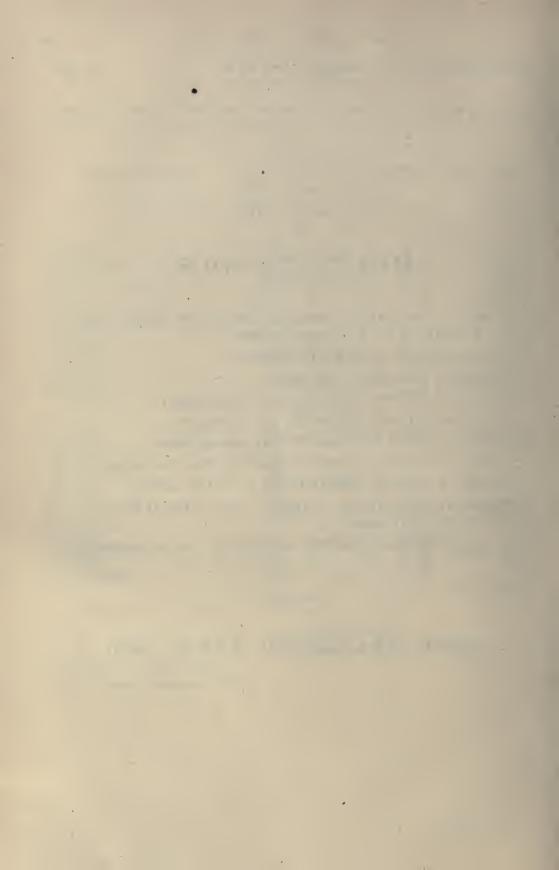
NAMES OF PERSONS EMPLOYED ON GRAVING DOCKS.

NAMES OF ENGINEERS, FIREMEN AND CARETAKERS OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

AND THE OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE DEPARTMENT

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1902



DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,
OTTAWA, October 25, 1902.

SIR,—I beg leave to transmit herewith the following statements concerning the transactions of the Department, during the last fiscal year with respect to contracts and property, and which are required for insertion in the annual report, 1901–02, viz.:—

No. 1.—Statement of contracts let by this department during the fiscal year ended June 30, last.

No. 2.—Statement of property purchased and sold by this department during the same period.

No. 3.—Statement of property leased to and by the said department during the same period; and

No. 4.—A list of some of the Public Acts of the Parliament of Canada, passed at the last Session, and having reference to the Department.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,

J. A. CHASSÉ, Law Clerk.

Fred. Gélinas, Esq., Secretary of the Department of Public Works, Canada.



## LIST

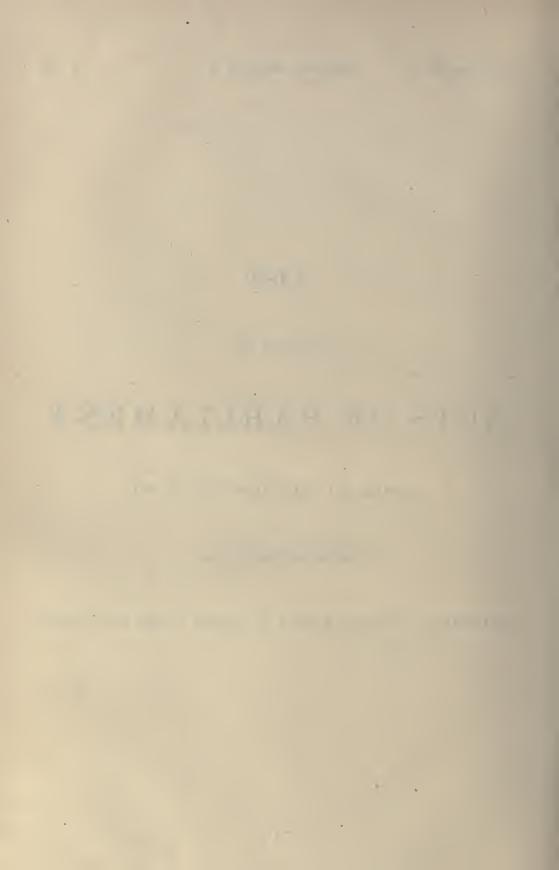
OF SOME OF THE

# ACTS OF PARLIAMENT

PASSED AT THE SESSION OF 1902

HAVING REFERENCE TO THE

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS OR WORKS UNDER ITS CHARGE



List of some of the Public Acts of the Parliament of Canada passed at the Second Session, Ninth Parliament, closed by Prorogation on May 15, 1902, and having reference to the Public Works Department or works under its charge (2 Edward VII).

Subject.	Full Title of the Statute.	Chap- ter.	Page in Statute Book.
financial years ending June 30, 1902, and June 30, 1903, and the purposes for which they are granted. Respecting the Civil Service	An Act for granting to His Majesty certain sums of money for the public service of the financial years ending respectively June 30, 1902, and June 30, 1903.  An Act to amend the Civil Service Retirement Act, 1898.  An Act further to amend the Canada Evidence Act, 1893.	1	3 69 75

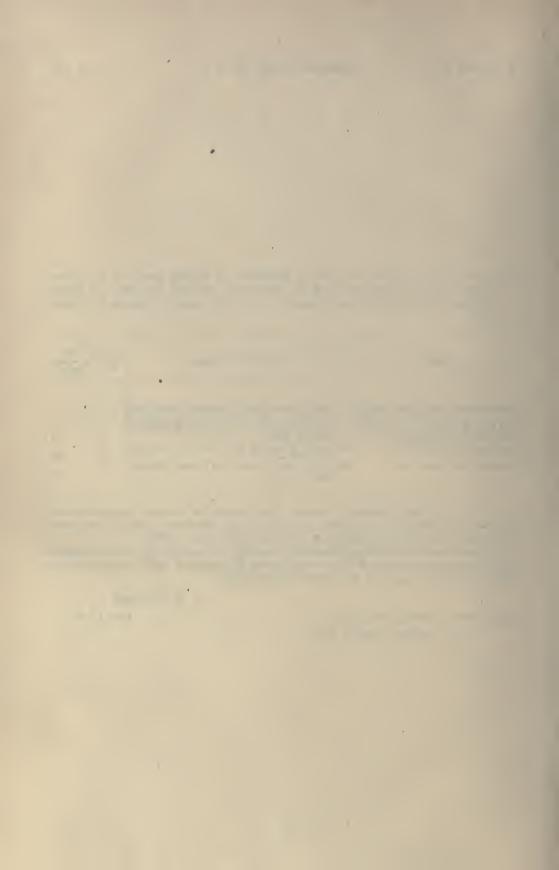
N.B.—Trent and Newcastle District.—Regulations for the use, management and maintenance of the slides and booms in the Trent and Newcastle District were established by an Order in Council passed on the 20th day of June, 1901.

Upper Ottawa Improvement Company, Limited.—A schedule of tolls to be levied by said company for the use of their works during the season of 1902 was approved by an Order in Council passed on the 8th of February, 1902.

J. A. CHASSÉ,

Law Clerk.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, OTTAWA, Oct. 25, 1902.



# STATEMENTS

### SHOWING

- 1st.—CONTRACTS LET BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS OF CANADA, FROM JUNE 30, 1901 TO JUNE 30, 1902.
- 2ND.—PROPERTY PURCHASED OR SOLD BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1902.
- 3RD.—PROPERTY LEASED TO AND BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1902.

No. 1.—Contracts let by the Department of Public Works of Canada, from June 30, 1901, to June 30, 1902.

Works.	Names of Contractors.	Date of Contract.	Amount.
Public Buildings.			S ets.
Nova Scotia.			
Arichat—Construction of a public building Baddeck—Construction of armoury.  " armoury, sundry work.  Digby public building, fittings.  " heating apparatus Guysborough—Construction of a post office building.	Joseph Green	Aug. 8, 1901 May 30, 1902	4,400 00 2,250 00 1,500 00 1,800 00 825 00
ing	Edward F. Munro	April 14, 1902	13,951 00
building.  Kentville public building, asphalt sidewalks  Middleton—Construction of an armoury  Point Edward—Sydney quarantine station, exca-	M. E. Keefe	July 23, 1901 June 3, 1902	350 00 4,675 00
vating for w.c., &c.  Springhill public building, plumbing work  post office heating apparatus	R. Shean & Co C. A. Lusby & Co Frank Powers	June 4, 1902	1,125 00
Prince Edward Island.			
Summerside public building, repairs	Clark & McLeod	Oct. 25, 1901	708 25
New Brudswick.			
Marysville—Construction of a post office building St. John—Construction of immigration building Partridge Island, quarantine station	James H. Pullen	Feb. 10, 1902 July 2, 1901	
heating apparatus	P. Campbell & Cos R. E. Fitzgerald Wallace Bros H. H. Dryden	March 3, 1902 July 9, 1901 Feb. 21, 1902 Sept. 13, 1901	1,800 00 4,537 97 992 00 2,280 00
		1	
Quebee.			
Buckingham public building, heating apparatus. " installation of elec		Aug. 16, 1901	1,087 00 Per ont-
tric light Drummondville public building, heating apparatu fixtures	J. T. Croisetière  Albert Beauchesne Paquet & Godbout	Jan. 21, 1902	let. 2 00 1,000 00
Grosse Isle quarantine station, plumbing works.	A. GagnonO. Picard & fils	Aug. 19, 1901	383 00
board, &c	Ahearn & Soper, Ltd Dussault & Pageau Alex. Mackey & Co J. B. A. Guindon O. Martineau & fils	Nov. 2, 1901 Aug. 17, 1901 Jan. 18, 1902 March 3, 1902	14,987 00 850 00 475 00 3,000 00
" iron works	J. B. A. Guindon Théo. Leclaire Z. Beauchamp H. R. Ives & Co	May 28, 1902 28, 1902 28, 1902 28, 1902	2 2,000 00 5,362 25 4,375 00 1,700 00
painting concrete and roo	A. Rousseau J. Bte. Pauzé & Co f Théo. Leclaire S. Gosselin	28, 1902 28, 1902 28, 1902 28, 1902 28, 1902	2 2,831 00 1,200 00
" tile flooring	. Forsyth Granite&Marble		700 00

No. 1.—Contracts let by the Department of Public Works, &c.—Continued.

		ī			
Works.	Names of Contractors,	Date of Contract.		Aniount.	
Public Buildings—Continued.			A CONTROL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS.	\$ cts.	
Quebec—Concluded.					
Montreal post office, caretakers's quarters, heating apparatus  Quebec cartridge factory, freight elevator  " post office, fittings  " construction of an iron foundry  " construction of an artillery workshop.  Roberval—Construction of a stable (Imm. bldg).  St. Jerôme public building, repairs.  Sherbrooke exam. warehouse, heating apparatus.  Three Rivers post office, alterations	R. Rousseau A. Laurent Ed. Coté Dussault & Pageau Wm. Stuart J. B. Carbonneau F. Fillion E. Boucher & Son	June May Nov. Aug. Oct.	6, 1902 9, 1901 23, 1901 24, 1902 27, 1902 20, 1901 27, 1901 7, 1901 22, 1901	453 00 890 00 1,345 00 17,347 95 26,981 00 400 00 1,775 00 800 00 165 00	
Ontario.					
Brockville drill hall, heating apparatus	11	Oct.	25, 1901 26, 1901 26, 1901	1,556 00 1,200 00 820 00	
Dundas armouries, heating apparatus Kingston military college hospital, heating appar-	Adam Clark	11	15, 1901	894 00	
tus	Martel & Langelier	April	17, 1902	600 00	
	Sullivan & Langdon	June	24, 1902	35,956 00 Per 100	
Ottawa public buildings, supply of ice  post office, illumination, royal visit.  Langevin Block, two boilers  House of Commons, electric pass, elevator  Senate, electric passenger elevator  military store, heating apparatus  "fittings	H. R. Ives & Co	Sept.	22, 1902 12, 1901 3, 1901 12, 1901 12, 1901 22, 1901 4, 1901	lbs. 0 20 5,710 00 770 00 4,500 00 4,500 00 2,950 00 12,460 00	
Major's Hill Park, construction of a con- servatory		***	5, 1901	3,750 00	
" erection of a green- louse " Seybold building, erection of elevator " military store, electric freight elevator Paris public building, heating apparatus " fittings Picton " plumbing work and alterations  Ontario.	G. H. Fensoin Fensom Elevater Works, Martel & Langelier Wm. Griffith	Oct. Jan.	5, 1901 1, 1901 7, 1902 10, 1901 8, 1902 22, 1901	3,000 60 1,500 00 4,000 00 1,200 00 3,000 00 1,000 00	
Picton public building, fittings	Robert Camerou	Oct.	24, 1901	2,695 00	
Prescott " water and sewerage works St. Thomas armouries, heating apparatus " electric wiring and fixtures Strathroy public building, painting, &c.	Chas. Baker Pierre Leclerc Fils Jas. Achesons Geo. McBeth	Oct.	15, 1901 18, 1902 19, 1902 2, 1901	2,377 00 1,741 00 475 00 934 00	
" striking clock for tower Toronto—Construction of Postal station 'C' Windsor public building, sundry works	Brown & Love Euc. Jacques	May Sept.	12, 1901 21, 1902 16, 1901	2,000 00 23,925 00 3,050 00	
" drill hall, heating apparatus	The People's Elec. Co W. C. Donaldson	Dec. Nov.	17, 1901 26, 1901 13, 1901 27, 1901	1,490 00 2,300 00 750 00 1,143 00	
Woodstock in fittings for post office and ex. warehouse	J. A. Desrivières	Aug.	15, 1901	4,900 00	
Manitoba.					
Winnipeg—Construction of an immigration hospital	Geo. A. Mitchell & Co	June	2, 1902	10,887 00	

No. 1.—Contracts let by the Department of Public Works, &c.—Continued.

			1
Works.	Names of Contractors.	Date of Contract.	Amount.
Public Buildings—Concluded.			\$ cts.
North-west Territorics.			
Carnduff, Assa.—Construction of court house, out buildings, &c.  Lethbridge—Construction of immigration building Regina Land's Office, installation of electric lighting.  Saskatoon—Construction of immigration building British Columbia.	Regina E. L. & P. Co	Aug. 27, 1902 Dec. 14, 1902	2,820 00
Kamloops public building, heating apparatus  " " fittings Dominion Lands' Office, fittings " Construction of a drill shed  Kaslo " "	R. MacKay. D. H. Campbell.	Dec. 11, 190 Jan. 9, 190	2,563 00 796 00 5,750 00
Nelson public building—Construction of side entrance  Nelson public building, erection of vaults  " construction of a drill shed New Westminster pub. building, heating apparatus	Viau & Lemoine	Oct. 19, 190 Dec. 4, 190 Apr. 29, 190 Oct. 18, 190 June 18, 190 Jan. 2, 190	796 00 2,000 00 6,500 00 1 2,700 00 1 5,000 00 2 7,631 00 2 1,940 00
HARBOURS AND RIVERS.  Nova Scotia.  Iona—Construction of a wharf	, , , ,	Aug. 19, 190	1 4,000 00
Parker's Cove—Extension of breakwater  Prince Edward Island.  Souris, stone protection seaward slope of breakwater	W. H. Anderson	June 25, 190	9,985 00 Per c. yds.
New Brunswick,			
Caraquet—Construction of a public wharf at Cole's Point—Construction of wharf. Grande Anse—Extension of breakwater Richibucto—Protection of and extension to break water.	Jos. W. Dumas	Jan. 27, 190 Aug. 3, 190	27,007 00 10,900 00
Quebec.			
Des Joachius—Stone pier and abutments	. Chas. Lemoine	July 10, 190	8,950 00
bridge. Iron superstructure of highway Father Point, Rimouski—Construction of pier Hull-Ottawa Interprovincial Bridge—Illumination	Dominion Bridge Co., Ltd. Heney & Smith	13, 190 Nov. 8, 190	
during visit Royal Highnesses. Hull—Freight shed on wharf. Isle aux Coudres—Extension of pier Maria, Bonaventure-Construction of isolated block	. Ahearn & Soper Jos. Bourque	Mar. 24, 190 Nov. 9, 190	3,200 00 6,967 00
Ruisseau, LeBlanc—Construction of breakwater. St. Laurent, Isle d'Orleans—Addition to wharf St. Nicholas—Reconstruction of part of wharf Three Rivers—Construction of a dock, ice-breake	Dussault & Lemieux	Mar. 21, 190 June 2, 190 Dec. 2, 190	22 21,770 00 16,598 00 7,475 00
and dredging	.  Randolph Macdonald	. June 10, 190	280,500 00

No. 1.—Contracts let by the Department of Public Works, &c.—Concluded.

Works.	Names of Contractors.		Date of ontract.	Amount.
HARBOURS AND RIVERS—Concluded.  Ontario.  Bayfield—Extension of south pier Depot Harbour—Rip-rap foundation and addi-	James Clark	Nov.	27, 1901	6,440 00
tional length to elevator wharf	Davis, Haney & Miller.	May	14, 1902	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
piling on channel side	James Cl½rk Hogan & Mácdonell		10, 1901 23, 1092	96,700 00 100,000 00
North-west Territories.				
Battle River—Superstructure of steel highway bridge	Dominion Bridge Co	Aug.	10, 1901	21,600 00
Vessels, Dredges and Plant.				
Construction of a three-quarter dipper dredge for Arrow Lakes Channels, B.C	The Polson Iron Works.	June	28, 1902	15,000 00
tubular boiler	The Laurie Engine Co	Feb.	7, 1902	1,900 00
hopper dredge	11 11	Apr.	11, 1902	17,000 00
and centrifugal pumps	The Polson Iron Works	11	26, 1902	23,000 00
Telegraph.				
Construction of a telegraph line, Clayoquot to Alberni, B.C	M. J. Conlin	Apr.	19, 1902	7,000 00

J. A. CHASSÉ, Law Clerk.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, OTTAWA, October 25, 1902.

No. 2.—Statement of properties purchased or sold by the Department of Public Works during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1902.

Price.	922 00	2,500 00 1,200 00	808 00 3,000 00 5,000 00 2,400 00 1,150 00	1,200 09	3,300 00 3,000 00 500 00	8,900 00 250 00 440 00	6,000 00 9,000 00 100 00	9,309 00 1,450 00 1 00 1 00 20 00
Area.		10 x 113 ft	2 acres 5,115 sq. ft 3,022 " 75 x 80 ft 90 x 66 ft		11,532 sq. ft 3,380 sq. ft.	200 x 260 ft	91,740 sq. ft.	124 acres 29 acres 7 acres 5,330 sq. ft
For what purpose.	Public building	Post office Public building Armoury	Drill shed Public building.	Dock purposes	Drill shed	Public building Approach to wharf	Site for p. office, w. end For dredging	Site for jail 124 acres 29 acres Harbour improvements 7 acres Approach to wharf 5,330 sq. ft
Description of Property.	Lot 29, block 4, Red Deer, N.W.T	Langevin St., Hull, P.Q., Ont	Set., Woodstock, Water St., Richibucto, N.B. Lot and premises, Water St., Richibucto, N.B. Part of lot 4, south side, Dundas St., London, Ont. Part of lot 5 and right of way, Waterloo St., London, Ont. Lot of land, Springhill, N.S. Lot 165, S. W. comer Notre Dame and Jacques Sts.,	Dwelling house in dock yard, Esquimalt, B.C	Part of lot 5, S. side Dundas St., London, Ont  Tug Minnie F. Parsons	Tug St. James  Lot No. 6, sub-division lot No. 1, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont Public building.  Lots Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, N. side, Queen St., Sault Ste. Marie, Ont  Land in Granville Centre, N.S  Piece of land, corner Pacific Ave. and Connell St., Carnduff Public building	Portion of ordinance reserve, block D, Toronto, Ont Site for p. office, w. end Dredge, 2 scows, 1 steam tug. Strip of land between public road and Great Bras d'Or For approach to wharf, 91,740 sq. ft.	T. t mite
Purchasers.	His Majesty			=	The Sincen	His Majesty		
Vendors.	31 A. M. Nanton & J. H. His	Munson.  Marie Comte et vir  TF.Fr. A. Potter et al  RThe Small & Fisher Co.,	4 Robert Phinney 21 D. Fraser 4 H. E. Grouch 14 M. D. Pride et al. 23 V. Racette	30 Mrs. M. Muir	Jan. 20 Helena J. Durkin 30 B. Caravella et uz Feb. 18 His Majesty	7 Henry Plummer 7 W. H. Plummer 13 Val. Eaton et ur 13 Val. Eaton et ur 14 C. & Manitoba & Southwestern toba & Southwestern	17 Land Security Co 25 Frs. Lemoine	4 Kenneth McDonald 4 D. McDongall 9 Corp. of Trafalgar, Ont. 9 98 Neil P. MacLean et ux
Date of Convey- ances.	1901. July 31.		Oct. 21 Nov. 21 Dec. 4	1000	Jan. 20 " 30 Feb. 18	Mar. 77	Apl. 17	June 44

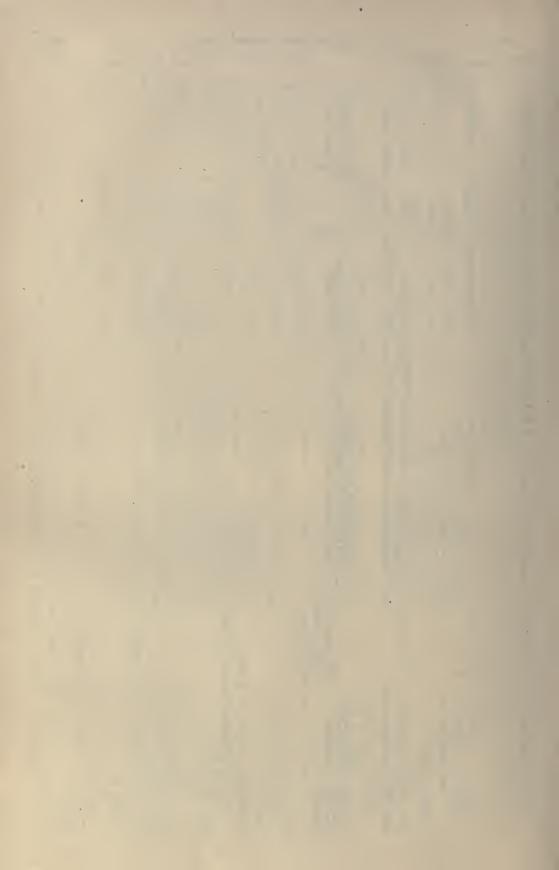
No. 3.—Statement of properties leased to and by the Department of Public Works during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1902.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 19

n of Annual Rental.	1 year \$1,300. 5 years \$50 per month.	81,800 per annum. 830 per month. 85 per annum. 85
Duration of Lease.	1 year. 5 years	70 80 G
For what purpose.	Post office	Agriculture Iminig. purposes Mill purposes
	Windsor St., Ottawa	N.W.T.
Property Leased.	Part of ground floor of new addition to Windsor St., Post office	Ist flat Imperial building, Ottawa  Lower floor of new building at Red Deer, N.W.T. Immig. purposes.  Water lot, Brooke, Ont
Lessees.	His Majesty	Wm. Pedwell
Lessors.	1901. Sept. 1 C. P. Ry. Co Nov. 1 R. N. Slater <i>et al</i> 1902.	Chs. E. Pearson John Merrian His Majesty
Date of Lease.	1901. Sept. 1 Nov. 1	Feb. 17 Mar. 14 April 8

J. A. CHASSÉ, Law Clérk.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,
OTTAWA, October 25, 1902.



# NATIONAL ART GALLERY

### CURATOR'S REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1902

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# YHILLIAN THE RESIDEN

TROUBER CHOICE

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### NATIONAL ART GALLERY.

CHIEF ARCHITECT'S OFFICE, OTTAWA, November 24, 1902.

SIR,—I have the honour to report that the following additions have been made to the National Art Gallery of Canada, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902.

"Harvest Scene" by F. S. Challoner, Esq., R.C.A., presented by the Royal Canadian Academy.

"The Studio" by C. Kreighoff, purchased by the Government for the sum of seven hundred dollars, \$700.

Eight thousand nine hundred and fifteen visitors registered during the year, being a decrease from the previous year of some eight thousand, this decrease in a measure was due to the fact that the Gallery was closed while undergoing cleaning, painting, papering, etc.

I have the honour to be, sir, Your obedient servant,

L. FENNINGS TAYLOR,

Curator, National Art Gallery.

Fred. Gelinas, Esq.,
Secretary, Department of Public Works.



### NAMES OF THE CHIEF OFFICERS

OF THE

# DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

WITH

DATES OF APPOINTMENT, ETC., FROM 1841 TO 1902

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DURENBURY OF PUBLIC WORKS

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AND ON THE ROOM TO DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY.

### NAMES OF THE CHIEF OFFICERS.

The names with the dates of the appointment, &c., of the principal Officials of the Department of Public Works, from 1841 to 1902.

		D	ate of Ap	pointm	ent.
Names.	Capacity or Office.				
Names.	Capacity of Office.		Ser	ved	
		Fr	om	Г	Го
II 7 C. 1 1 5 II' C. 20					-
Under Statute 4-5 Vic., Cap. 38.					
Corporation Board of Works.					
Killaly, Hon. H. H.	Chairman				
Daly, Hon. D	  Members	Dec.	29, 1841	Oct.	3, 1844
Sullivan, R. B	Thembers				
Begly, Thomas A	Secretary	Aug.	17, 1841		
Keefer, Samuel	Chief EngineerArchitect and Assistant Chief	11	17, 1841		
Rubidge, F. B	Engineer	Dec.	15, 1841		
NEW BOARD OF WORKS.					
Killaly, Hon. H. H	Chairman	,			
Draper, Hon. W. H	Members	Oct.	4, 1844	June	8, 1846
Morris, Hon. W					
	1				
Under Statute 9th Vic., Cap. 37, &c.					
Robinson, Hon. W. B. Taché, Hon. E. P.	Chief Commissioner	June	22, 1846 11, 1848	March Nov.	10, 1848 26, 1849
Chabot, Hon. J		Dec.	13, 1849	March	31, 1850
Merritt, Hon. W. H	H	April Feb.	8, 1850 12, 1851	Oct.	11, 1851 27, 1851
Young, Hon. John	11	Oct.	12, 1851 28, 1851	Sept.	22, 1852
Chabot, Hon. J Lemieux, Hon. F			23, 1852 27, 1855	Nov.	26, 1855 25, 1857
Alleyn, Hon, C	11	Nov.	27, 1855 26, 1857	Aug.	1, 1858
Holton, Hon. L. H	11		2, 1858 7, 1858	Jan.	6, 1858 10, 1859
Poss Hou John		Jan.	11, 1859		12, 1861 23, 1862
Cauchon, Hon. Jos.	Commissioner	May	13, 1861 24, 1862 28, 1863	11	27, 1863
Tessier, Hon. U. J Drummond, Hon. L. T.	11		28, 1863 24, 1863	July	23, 1863 29, 1864
Laframboise, Hon. M. Chapais, J. C		March	30, 1864	June	30, 1867
Casorain Hon. Chas. Eus	Second Commissioner	July March	9, 1846 11, 1848		29, 1848 1, 1850
Cameron, Hon. M	11	Feb.	2, 1850	April	16, 1850
Bourret, Hon. Jos	11	April Feb.	17, 1850 12, 1851	Feb.	11, 1851 6, 1859
Killaly, Hon. H. H	Deputy Commissioner	May	6, 1859	March	7, 1864
Trudeau, Toussaint	1 11	March Feb.	8, 1864 10, 1841		29, 1868 31, 1858
Trudeau Toussaint		Dec.	13, 1859	March	7, 1864
Braun, Frederick.	Chief Engineer	March Oct.	8, 1864 31, 1873		1, 1867 1, 1879
Tage, John	Tomor Engineers	, , , , ,	_,,		

The names with the dates of the appointment, &c., of the principal Officials of the Department of Public Works, from 1841 to 1902—Continued.

		Date of Appointment.					
Names.	Capacity or Office.	Served					
			From	DCI		To	
Under Statute 3.1 Vic., Chap. 12.							
McDougall, Hon. Wm	Minister	July	1,	1867	Dec.	7.	1869
Langevin, C.B., Hon. Hector L					Nov.	6,	1873
Mackenzie, Hon. Alexander	H				Oct.		1878
Tupper, C.B., K.C.M.G., Sir Charles					May		1879
Langevin, C.B., K.C.M.G., Sir Hector L.					Aug.		1891
Smith, Hon. Frank	Acting Minister				Jan.		1892
Duimet, Hon. Joseph Aldric	Minister				April		1896
Desjardins, Hon. Alphonse	0				July	12,	1896
Tarte, Hon. J. Israël	. 11	July		1896			40=0
Trudeau, Toussaint	Deputy Minister				Oct.		1879
Baillairgé, G. F		Oct.			Dec.	31,	1890
Gobeil, A				1891		00	1.080
					Sept.		1879
Chapleau, S					Nov.		1880
Ennis, F. H	H				Jan.		1885
Gobeil, A	11				Dec.		1890
Roy, E. F. E	н			1891		31,	1900
Gelinas, Fred	11	June		1901		44	1000
McPherson, D. A					April	11,	1893
Desrochers, Rodolphe Charles				1896		-	1070
Page, John	Chief Engineer	July			Oct.		1879
Perley, H. F.	11	Tealer			July		1891
Coste, Louis.	11	July			March	18,	1899
	Acting Chief Engineer			1899		20	1001
Scott, Thos S					Oct.		1881
Fuller, Thomas					June	30,	1897
Ewart, David	11	Nov.	2,	1897			

### NAMES

OF THE

## OFFICIALS EMPLOYED ON THE SLIDES AND BOOMS OF CANADA

ON JUNE 30, 1902

WITH

DATES OF APPOINTMENT, SALARIES, ETC.

# OFFICIALS EMPLOYED ON THE SLIDES AND BOOMS.

STATEMENT showing the Names, Dates of Appointment, Salaries, &c., of persons employed on the various Slides and Booms, on June 30, 1902.

Remarks.	•	Date of first appointment to Crown timber office, Ottawa, June 23, 1864. Clerk in Dept. of Inland Rev., July 1, 1870, to June 30, 1889. Transferred to civil list with rank of first class clerk, January 5,	1,003 75 Entered the service Aug. 13, 1889. 60 00 a month Employed during the season of navigation, for 8 months each year. Date of first appointment, May 26, 1861. Timber counter. Ottawa for Dart of Inland	Revenue, Jan. 7, 1884, to June 30, 1889. Employed during the season of navigation, for 8 months each year. Saruenay district slides abandoned by	authority of O.C., dated Feb. 5, 1896 (No. 168,740).			2,500 00 a year Gutawa River Works—In addition to the 1,500 00 " above officers, &c., there are employed
Salary.	\$ cts.	1,800 00 a year	1,003 75 " 60 00 a month			66 66 a month 75 90 " 75 90 " 75 90 "		
Date of Appointment.		July 1, 1889	Dec. 16, 1897 July 12, 1889	March 1, 1901		May 1, 1898 April 25, 1881 Dec. 10, 1879 May 19, 1898 April 7, 1896 May 19, 1896		July 6, 1873 Oct. 1, 1854
Where employed.		Ottawa		:		Three Rivers Grand'Mère M'th of St. Maurice. Cap aux Corneilles. Shawenigan & Grès. Grandes Piles		Ottawa July
Position.	34378	Collector.	Clerk	=	1.1	Paymaster.  July 7, 1845. Boom master.  Asst. boom master.  Boom master.		Feb. 24, 1846 Superintendent Ottawa
Date of Birth.		Nov. 26, 1846	Sept. 23, 1859 June 17, 1830		0	July 7, 1845.		Feb. 24, 1846
Name,	Collector of Slide and Boom Ducs.	E. T. Smith Nov. 26, 1846	F. N. Gagne James Steen.	J. Brassard	St. Maurice District.	L. P. Dallaire. Cyriac Lymburner. July 7, 1845 Jos. Page. Jos. Diek. Gedeon Roussean. Moise Masson. Boom master.	Ottavea District.	G. P. Brophy

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 19	-
during the running season, one foreman on slide at \$1.50 and one assistant foreman at \$1.25 a day; also \$25 to 30 labourers at \$1 to \$1.40 a working day.  Actively employed about 7 months.  Employed about 6 months.  Actively employed about 7 months.  Employed about 3 months during season of navigation.  Toversees repairs in winter.  """  """  """  """  """  """  """	
a day  a year  a year  a year  a day	:
a da da da d	90
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	100 00
April 1, 1889.  Aug. 1, 1886. Jan. 1, 1897.  June 1, 1878.  June 14, 1898. April 26, 1888. April 26, 1888. July 15, 1889.  Mar. 10, 1889. Mar. 18, 1899. April 10, 1889. Mar. 1, 1901  Mar. 1, 1901  Mar. 1, 1901  Mar. 1, 1890.  July 1, 1881.  Nov. 15, 1896. July 1, 1881.  June 20, 1893.  June 20, 1893.	on July 26, 1897
" " Carillon. Carillon. Chaudier Hull Charge Furngto Springto Portage Portage Portage Coulonge Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des Joac Des	Belæil Station
Measurer.  Clerk  Messenger  Deputy slide master.  Slide master  Slide master  Boom unaster  " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Boom master
June 27, 1865  Jan. 28, 1864  April 22, 1860  June 17, 1840  Nov. 8, 1829  Jan. 7, 1869  May 16, 1846  May 16, 1846  Nov. 28, 1839  Sept. 10, 1841	
J. C. Scott. J. Kent.  Wm. Cain. Pierre St. Pierre D. Noonan. J. Soulière P. D. Chene J. Soulière P. D. Chene John Harvey. D. Barry Patrick Barry Patrick Barry P. O'Connor. Wm. Selkirk P. O'Connor. Wm. Selkirk P. O'Connor. Wm. Selkirk P. O'Connor. Wm. Selkirk P. O'Connor. Wm. Selkirk P. O'Connor. Wm. Selkirk P. O'Connor. Wm. Selkirk P. O'Connor. Wm. Selkirk P. O'Connor. May 3, 1843 S. Morrhead. J. J. French. A. H. Johnson J. J. French. A. H. Johnson J. J. French. A. H. Johnson J. J. French. A. H. Johnson J. J. French. A. H. Johnson J. J. French. A. H. Johnson J. J. French. A. H. Johnson J. J. French. A. H. Johnson J. J. French. A. H. Johnson J. J. French. A. H. Johnson J. J. French. A. H. Johnson J. J. French. A. H. Johnson J. J. French. A. H. Johnson J. J. French. A. H. Johnson J. J. J. French. A. H. Johnson J. J. J. French. A. H. Johnson J. J. J. French. A. H. Johnson John Dinwoodie	C. Choquette

STATEMENT showing Names, &c., of the persons employed on the various Slides and Booms-Concluded.

2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903

Remarks.		1 25 a day Employed 9 months. 1 25 "		
Salary.	& cts.	600 00 " 1 25 a day 1 25 "	40 00 a month	35 00
Date of Appointment.		Sept. 19, 1896 July 1, 1899 Sept. 19, 1896	July 1, 1897 Sept. 1, 1885	April 15, 1897
Where employed.			Yamaska,	Rivière du Lièvre April 15, 1897
Position.		Bridge attendant Burlington	Lock keeper Yamaska	Labourer
Date of Birth.				
Name.	Burlington Channel Swing Bridge.	Wm. Omand. R. Fletcher. C. Rasberry. Jas. Eustice	Yamaska District. H. Lambert O. Mineau Rivière du Lièvre.	Hugh R. Gorman

### NAMES

OF

### PERSONS EMPLOYED ON THE VARIOUS GRAVING DOCKS

ON JUNE 30, 1902

WITH

DATES OF APPOINTMENT, SALARIES ETC.

# GRAVING DOCK EMPLOYEES.

STATEMENT showing the Names, Dates of Appointments, Salaries, &c., of Persons employed on the various Graving Docks, June 30, 1902.

		2-3 EDW/
Remarks,		
Salary.	\$ 166 66 a month	1,000 00 a year
Date of Appointment.	Sept. 17, 1887. Jan. 4, 1901. Dec. 1, 1887. July 1, 1894. July 1, 1888. July 21, 1900. June 1, 1888.	April 1, 1897 July 1, 1892 " 1, 1892
Where Employed.	Esquimalt. Se	Kingston
Position.	Dockmaster Engineer A sasistant engineer Carpenter Stoker  Labourer  Mechanical engineer  Asst. mechanical engineer  Fireman	Dockmaster 1. st engineer Fireman Watchmad
Name.	Esquimalt Graving Dock, British Columbia. John Devereux John Jeffcott F. N. Jones W. Young T. Collins. Chas. Jordan G. Springer John Stock Lévis Graving Dock. Mm. Macdougal. Wm. Macdougal. Ym. Macdougal. Tr. Després.	Anyston Graving Door. F. S. Rees. Robert McLeed. C. Staley.

JOS. VINCENT.

LIST

OF

# ENGINEERS, ENGINEMEN, FIREMEN AND CARETAKERS

EMPLOYED IN THE

PUBLIC BUILDINGS THROUGHOUT THE DOMINION ON JUNE 30, 1902

DATES OF APPOINTMENT, SALARIES, ETC.

# ENGINEERS AND CARETAKERS, PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

STATEMENT showing the Names, &c., of the Engineers, Engineenen, Firemen, Caretakers, Hoist Attendants and Watchmen employed at Dominion Public Buildings on June 30, 1902.

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STATEMENT showing the Names, &c., of the Engineers, Enginemen, Firemen, Caretakers, Hoist Attendants and Watchmen employed at the Dominion Public Buildings, &c.—Continued.

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Yearly Salary.	ct. 2
Time employed each Year.	
Monthly Salary.	**************************************
Date of Appointment.	Sept. 1, 1897  Adug. 5, 1895  April 1, 1897  April 1, 1897  April 1, 1897  May 15, 1999  Dec. 15, 1899  Dec. 15, 1899  Jam. 24, 1899  Jam. 27, 1889  Jam. 28, 1899  Jam. 28, 1899  Jam. 28, 1899  Jam. 29, 1899  Jam. 29, 1899  Jam. 29, 1899  Jam. 20, 1899  Oct. 10, 1899  Oct. 10, 1899  Oct. 10, 1898  May. 26, 1999  Oct. 10, 1898  Mar. 16, 1898  Mar. 16, 1898  Mar. 16, 1898  Sept. 18, 1898  Mar. 16, 1898  Mar. 16, 1898  Mar. 16, 1898  Mar. 16, 1898
Position.	1848 Caretaker. S. 1858 [1858] [1848] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857] [1857]
Date of Birth.	Jan. 22, 1848; Nov. 24, 1858 Oct. 24, 1859 Oct. 24, 1859 Oct. 24, 1859 Oct. 24, 1859 Oct. 24, 1859 March 23, 1839 March 23, 1839 March 23, 1839 March 24, 1857 June 21, 1867 Nov. 1, 1857 May 29, 1867 Dec. 27, 1863 Dec. 27, 1867 Oct. 28, 1887 Oct. 21, 1857 Oct. 22, 1887 Oct. 21, 1857 Oct. 21, 1857
Name.	C. Robitaille A. C. A. Bissomette. F. X. Tétrault. J. Savand Ph. Gravelle A. Gauthier. Miss Eva Beaudet. R. Elliott. Wm. Moulton. F. B. B. McReary H. Purvis. J. Clemens. James McBride. J. Clemens. James McBride. Jas. F. Halfpenny W. W. Mitchell R. Conroy. W. W. Mitchell R. Conroy. W. W. Kilchen J. Clemens. James McBride. Jas. F. Reichardson. G. A. Gibsout. Thom Boyd. Wm. Graham. Wm. Graham. Wm. Graham. Wm. Graham. Wm. Kilcour. R. McGeod. T. P. Richardson. G. Bissett. John McDonald Wm. F. Hazelet. M. Madden M. Maldem M. Maldem M. Maldem M. Malkem
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London.  Lindsay.  Niagara Falls.  Orangeville  Orillia.  Petrolea.  Port Hope.  Port Arthur.  Prescott  Rat Fortage.  Strathroy.  Smith's Falls.  Toronto.  Walkerton.  Woodstock.  Woodstock.  Walkerton.  Woodstock.  Woodstock.  Walkerton.  Woodstock.  Woodstock.  Winnipeg.
London. Lindsay. Napanee Niagara Falls Orallia Petrolea Port Golborne Port Hope. Port Arthur. Prescott Rat Fortage Stratford. Stratford. Stratford. Stratford. Stratford. Stratford.  Stratford.  Stratford.  Stratford.  Stratford.  Stratford.  Stratford.  Stratford.  Stratford.  Windsor  Walkerton Woodstock. Brandon.  Portage la Prairie Winnipeg.  Calgary.

STATEMENT showing the Names, &c., of the Engineers, Enginemen, Firemen, Caretakers, Hoist Attendants and Watchmen employed at the Dominion Public Buildings, &c.—Concluded.

/ )	2-3 200
Yearly Salary.	250 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0
Time employed each year.	
Monthly Salary.	\$ 25.88.88.83.84.48.85.85.85.85.85.85.85.85.85.85.85.85.85
Date of Appointment.	Jan. 24, 1891 June 21, 1894 Mar. 1, 1901 Nov. 21, 1883 June 1, 1883 June 1, 1983 May 25, 1893 May 6, 1901 April 1, 1992 May 1, 1897 Jun. 26, 1991 April 1, 1992 May 1, 1897 April 1, 1897 May 1, 1897 May 8, 1991 Nov. 27, 1898 Nov. 27, 1898 Nov. 27, 1898 May 8, 1991 May 8, 1991 May 8, 1991
Position. A	Suretaker.  "" "" "" "" Saretaker. "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""
Date of Birth.	March 8, 1845 (July 7, 1859 July 7, 1859 July 21, 1855 July 21, 1865 July 21, 1865 July 21, 1865 July 22, 1847 July 22, 1857 July 23, 1857 July 24, 1857 July 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25,
Name.	E. N. Brown. R. Wylie. J. C. Jopp. R. Smale John Kyan. J. H. G. Bray George Cassie P. McAra. W. Hare W. J. Gore. W. J. A. Fraser W. Saul. J. A. Praser J. A. Praser W. J. A. Praser J. A. Johnson. J. D. Milne J. D. Milne J. D. Milne J. D. Milne J. D. Milne J. D. Milne J. D. Milne J. D. Milne J. D. Milne J. D. Milne J. D. Milne J. D. Milne J. D. Milne J. D. Milne J. O. Mollian Geo. McMullan Geo. Lyoll.
Building.	N.W.T Court-house.  Land and registry office.  Court house & Chouse.  Land and registry office.  Court house & Chouse.  Land office.  Court House  B.C. Public building.  Public building.  New Dominion building.  New Dominion building.  Old Custom House.
Place.	Calgary. Edmonton Lethbridge Moosenin. Moosejaw. Macleod. Regina Albert Regina Begina Wolseley Athin Naniops Nanaino New Westminster Vancouver. Victoria

JOS. VINCENT.

### OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE

### DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

FROM

JULY 1, 1867, TO JUNE 30, 1902

### OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Letters Received and Sent from July 1, 1867, to June 30, 1902.

			Received.	Sent.		
867—	From	n July 1 to	December 3	1	2,075	1,51
868	11	January	1 to December	er 31	3,498	2,31
869	11	11	"		3,448	2,17
870	11		11	* ************************	4,961	3,18
871	11				6,268	
872		11	11	*** ***********************************		3,98
373	11	**	11	** * ***********************	8,333	4,42
374 374	11	11	11	******* *********************	10,072	5,70
	2.5	11	11	*****************************	9,800	5,04
875	11	11	11	*****************************	9,006	5,00
376	11	11	11	****************	7,971	4,7
377	11	11	11	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7,517	4,45
378	11	11	11		6,886	4,0
379	72	11	to October		7,186	4,5
79	11		7 to Decembe	r 31	2,033	8
880	11	January	1 "	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	8,451	4,4
381	11	11	11		9,599	5,5
382	11	11	11		10,505	5,6
383	11	11	11		11,633	6,2
884	11	11	1)		13,114	6,9
85	3.0	11	11		8,977	5,3
86	- 11	11	11		9,644	5,3
87	11		to June 30		4,866	2,7
87	11	July 1	11	1888	10,493	6,3
88		11	11	1889	10,522	7.0
89	11			1000	10,098	7.4
90	11	11	**	1001	10,036	7,4
91	31	11	11	1000		6.7
	- 11	11	11	4000	11,637	
92	11	11	- 11	1893	11,720	6,2
393	11	11	- 11	1894	9,517	6,0
394	11	11	11	1895	10,190	5,1
95	11	11	11	1896	10,223	5,5
196	- 11	11	- 11	1897	11,404	5,0
197	- 11	11	11	1898	9,640	5,2
398	11	n	11	1899	9,639	4,7
399	11	11	11	1900	12,139	5,9
000	- 11	11	11	1901	13,179	6,2
01	11	11	11	1902	15,880	5.0

### SESSIONAL PAPER No. 19

Letters Received and Sent, Chief Architect's Office, from January 1, 1880, to June 30, 1902.

					Year.		Received.	Sent.
880-	From	January	1 to	June 30				1,2'
880	11	July	1		1001			2,9
881	11	11			1882			2,8
882	11	11			1883		3,538	4,6
883	11				1884		0,000	6,0
884	11	11		11	1885		1 1	6,7
885	21	11			1886		6,075	6,4
386	11			11	1887		6,816	6,3
387	11	11			1888	***************************************	6,947	6,8
888	11	11		**	1889	*****	6,484	7,6
889	(1	11		11	1890		= 440	6,5
390	£1	11		11	1891			7,7
891	11	11		11	1892		6,113	4.2
892	11	11		11	1893		7,428	6,4
393	"	"		11			6,900	4.5
394	11	17		11	1895			5,3
395	**	11		11	1896			5,7
396	U.	11		11	1897			8,2
397	11	11		11	1000		10 000	8,5
398				11	+000		40,040	8,7
599 399	**	11			1000		10,000	9,8
วยย 900	**	11			1901		12,380	9,8
900 901	11	17		11	1902			10,3

2-3 EDWARD VII., A. 1903

LETTERS Sent from Chief Engineer's Office, from January, 1880, to June 30, 1902.

881	Year.			-			No.
880.	880	From	January	7 10	to June	30	
S81							1,
1883	2/24	91			17		2,
1884	882	11	11		11	1883	$\frac{1}{2}$
1885	883	11	11		11		3,
1886		11	11		11	1885	3,
1887		11	11		11	1886	2,
87.	86	11	11		11	1887	3,
888.		11	11		11	1888	3,
89.	88	11	91		11		4,
90.	89	- 11	11				3,
91.		11	11		11		3,
92.	91	11	0		11		4,
93.		11			11		$\frac{1}{4}$
94.	93	- 11	11		- 11	1894	3,
95		2.0	11		11		4.
96	O. M.	31	17		11	1896	$\tilde{4}$ ,
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	96	11	11		11		4,
98	97	11	17		11		4,
99 11 11 11 11 1900	98	11	11		31		5,
		11	11		H	1000	7,
		11	11		11		4,

Note.—The letters, including returns, received in the Chief Engineer's Office may be estimated at the rate of two received to one sent.











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