



Natural Resources  
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## CANADIAN GEOSCIENCE MAP 327

RECONNAISSANCE SURFICIAL GEOLOGY

# NUELtin LAKE

Nunavut  
NTS 65-B

## Map Information Document

Geological Survey of Canada  
Canadian Geoscience Maps

2018

Canada



## MAP NUMBER

Natural Resources Canada, Geological Survey of Canada  
Canadian Geoscience Map 327

## TITLE

Reconnaissance surficial geology, Nueltin Lake, Nunavut, NTS 65-B

## SCALE

1:125 000

## CATALOGUE INFORMATION

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## RECOMMENDED CITATION

Geological Survey of Canada, 2018. Reconnaissance surficial geology, Nueltin Lake, Nunavut, NTS 65-B; Geological Survey of Canada, Canadian Geoscience Map 327 (Surficial Data Model v. 2.3 conversion of Map 6-1985), scale 1:125 000.

<https://doi.org/10.4095/306449>

## **ABSTRACT**

This new surficial geology map product represents the conversion of Map 6-1985 (Aylsworth, 1986) and its legend, using the Geological Survey of Canada's Surficial Data Model (SDM version 2.3) (Deblonde et al., 2017). All geoscience knowledge and information from Map 6-1985 that conformed to the current SDM were maintained during the conversion process. Additional material, such as marginal notes on the original map, is not included here. Supplementary, legacy information was added to complement the converted geoscience data. This consists of glacial striations from Wright (1967); these are identified in the accompanying geodatabase. The purpose of converting legacy map data to a common science language and common legend is to enable and facilitate the efficient digital compilation, interpretation, management, and dissemination of geological map information in a structured and consistent manner. This provides an effective knowledge management tool designed around a geodatabase that can expand, following the type of information to appear on new surficial geology maps.

## **RÉSUMÉ**

Ce nouveau produit cartographique de la géologie des formations superficielles correspond à la conversion de la Carte 6-1985 (Aylsworth, 1986) et de sa légende, en se servant du Modèle de données pour les formations superficielles (MDFS version 2.3) de la Commission géologique du Canada (Deblonde et al., 2017). Toutes les connaissances et l'information de nature géoscientifique de la Carte 6-1985 qui sont en conformité avec le modèle de données ont été conservées pendant le processus de conversion. Une faible quantité d'information ancienne a été ajoutée en complément aux données géoscientifiques converties. Il s'agit de stries glaciaires tirées de Wright (1967). Ces entités sont identifiées dans la géodatabase du présent produit cartographique. Le but de la conversion de cartes publiées antérieurement suivant un langage scientifique commun et une légende commune est de permettre et de faciliter la compilation, l'interprétation, la gestion et la diffusion efficaces de l'information géologique cartographique en mode numérique de façon structurée et cohérente. Cette façon de faire offre un outil efficace de gestion des connaissances élaboré à l'aide d'une géodatabase qui pourra évoluer suivant le type d'information à paraître sur les nouvelles cartes des formations superficielles.

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# **SHEET 1 OF 1, RECONNAISSANCE SURFICIAL GEOLOGY**

## **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Author: Geological Survey of Canada

Geology based on airphoto interpretation by J.M. Aylsworth, 1983–1984

Geology conforms to Surficial Data Model v. 2.3 (Deblonde et al., 2017).

Data conversion by D.E. Kerr, 2012, 2016

Geomatics by QSP Geographics Inc. and A. Noad

Cartography by N. Côté

Scientific editing by A. Weatherston

Initiative of the Geological Survey of Canada, conducted under the auspices of the Natural Resources Canada's Geo-mapping for Energy and Minerals (GEM) Program

Map projection Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 14  
North American Datum 1983

Base map at the scale of 1:50 000 from Natural Resources Canada, with modifications  
Elevations in metres above mean sea level

This map is not to be used for navigational purposes.

Mean magnetic declination 2018, 2°52'E, decreasing 5.9'annually  
Readings vary from 4°08'E in the SW corner to 1°31'E in the NE corner of the map.

The Geological Survey of Canada welcomes corrections or additional information from users.

Data may include additional observations not portrayed on this map.  
See map info document accompanying the downloaded data for more information about this publication.

This publication is available for free download through  
GEOSCAN (<http://geoscan.nrcan.gc.ca/>).

## **MAP VIEWING FILES**

The published map is distributed as a Portable Document File (PDF), and may contain a subset of the overall geological data for legibility reasons at the publication scale.

## **REFERENCES**

Aylsworth, J.M., 1986. Surficial geology, Nueltin Lake, District of Keewatin, Northwest Territories; Geological Survey of Canada, Map 6-1985, scale 1:125 000.  
<https://doi.org/10.4095/121061>

Deblonde, C., Cocking, R.B., Kerr, D.E., Campbell, J.E., Eagles, S., Everett, D., Huntley, D.H., Inglis, E., Parent, M., Plouffe, A., Robertson, L., Smith, I.R., and Weatherston, A., 2017. Surficial Data Model, version 2.3.0: revisions to the science language of the integrated Geological Survey of Canada data model for surficial geology maps; Geological Survey of Canada, Open File 8236, 1 .zip file.  
<https://doi.org/10.4095/302717>

Wright, G.M., 1967. Surficial geology, southeastern Barren Grounds, District of Keewatin and District of Mackenzie; Geological Survey of Canada, Map 1217A, scale 1:1 000 000. <https://doi.org/10.4095/108855>

## **AUTHOR CONTACT**

Questions, suggestions, and comments regarding the geological information contained in the data sets should be addressed to:

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[Daniel.Kerr@canada.ca](mailto:Daniel.Kerr@canada.ca)

## **COORDINATE SYSTEM**

Projection: Universal Transverse Mercator

Units: metres

Zone: 14

Horizontal Datum: NAD83

Vertical Datum: mean sea level

## **BOUNDING COORDINATES**

Western longitude: 100°00'00"W

Eastern longitude: 98°00'00"W

Northern latitude: 61°00'00"N

Southern latitude: 60°00'00"N

## **SOFTWARE VERSION**

Data has been originally compiled and formatted for use with ArcGIS™ desktop version 10.2.2 developed by ESRI®.

## **DATA MODEL INFORMATION**

### **Surficial**

The Geological Survey of Canada (GSC) through the Geo-mapping for Energy and Minerals Program (GEM) has undertaken the Geological Map Flow to develop protocols for the collection, management (compilation, interpretation), and dissemination of

surficial and bedrock geology data and map information. To this end, a data model has been created.

The Surficial Data Model (SDM) was designed using ESRI geodatabase architecture. The XML workspace document provided can be imported into a geodatabase, and the geodatabase will then be populated with the feature datasets, feature classes, tables, relationship classes, subtypes, and domains.

Shapefile and table (.dbf) versions of the data are included within the data. Column names have been simplified and the text values have been maintained within the shapefile attributes. The direction columns are numerical, to display rotation for points, and the symbol fields will hold the correct values to be matched to the appropriate style file.

For a more in depth description of the data model please refer to the official publication:

Deblonde, C., Cocking, R.B., Kerr, D.E., Campbell, J.E., Eagles, S., Everett, D., Huntley, D.H., Inglis, E., Parent, M., Plouffe, A., Robertson, L., Smith, I.R., and Weatherston, A., 2017. Surficial Data Model, version 2.3.0: revisions to the science language of the integrated Geological Survey of Canada data model for surficial geology maps; Geological Survey of Canada, Open File 8236, 1 .zip file.  
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