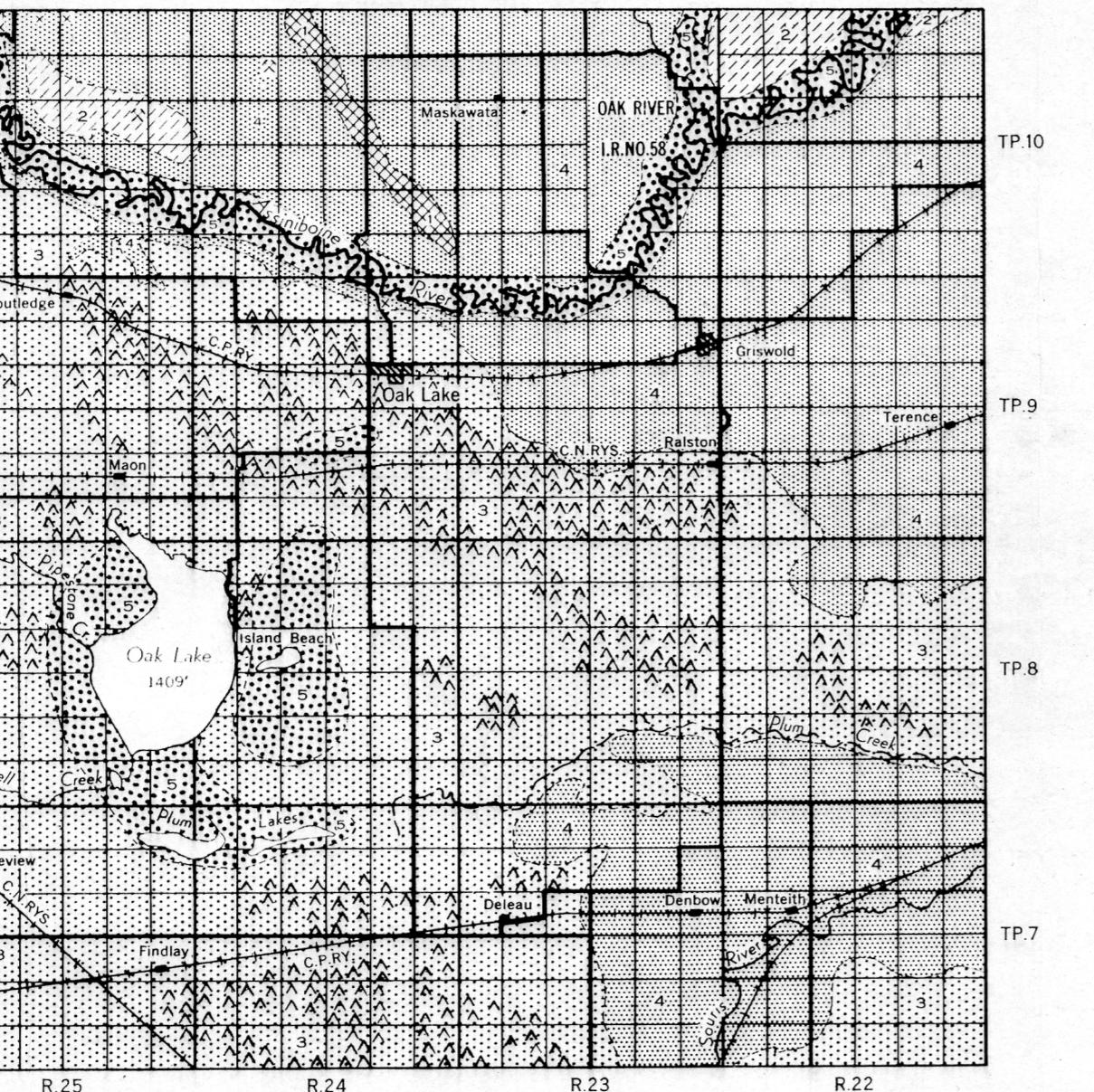


**LEGEND**  
SURFACE DEPOSITS

CENOZOIC	QUATERNARY RECENT	ALLUVIUM: clay, silt, sand, and gravel
	PLEISTOCENE	WATER-WORKED TILL: and shallow water-laid deposits of silt, sand, and gravel
	GLACIAL-LAKE SAND	
	DELTAIC GRAVEL and outwash gravel	
	RECESIONAL MORAINES: till, silt, sand and gravel; surface rolling and irregular	

- Area of duned sand..... ^ ^ ^ ^
- Gravel pit, in use or abandoned..... ^
- Geological boundary (approximate).....
- BEDROCK FORMATIONS**
- The Upper Cretaceous, Riding Mountain formation of grey and greenish, siliceous shale underlies all of this area.
- Bedrock outcrop..... x



TOWNSHIPS 7-10, RANGES 22-25

WEST OF PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

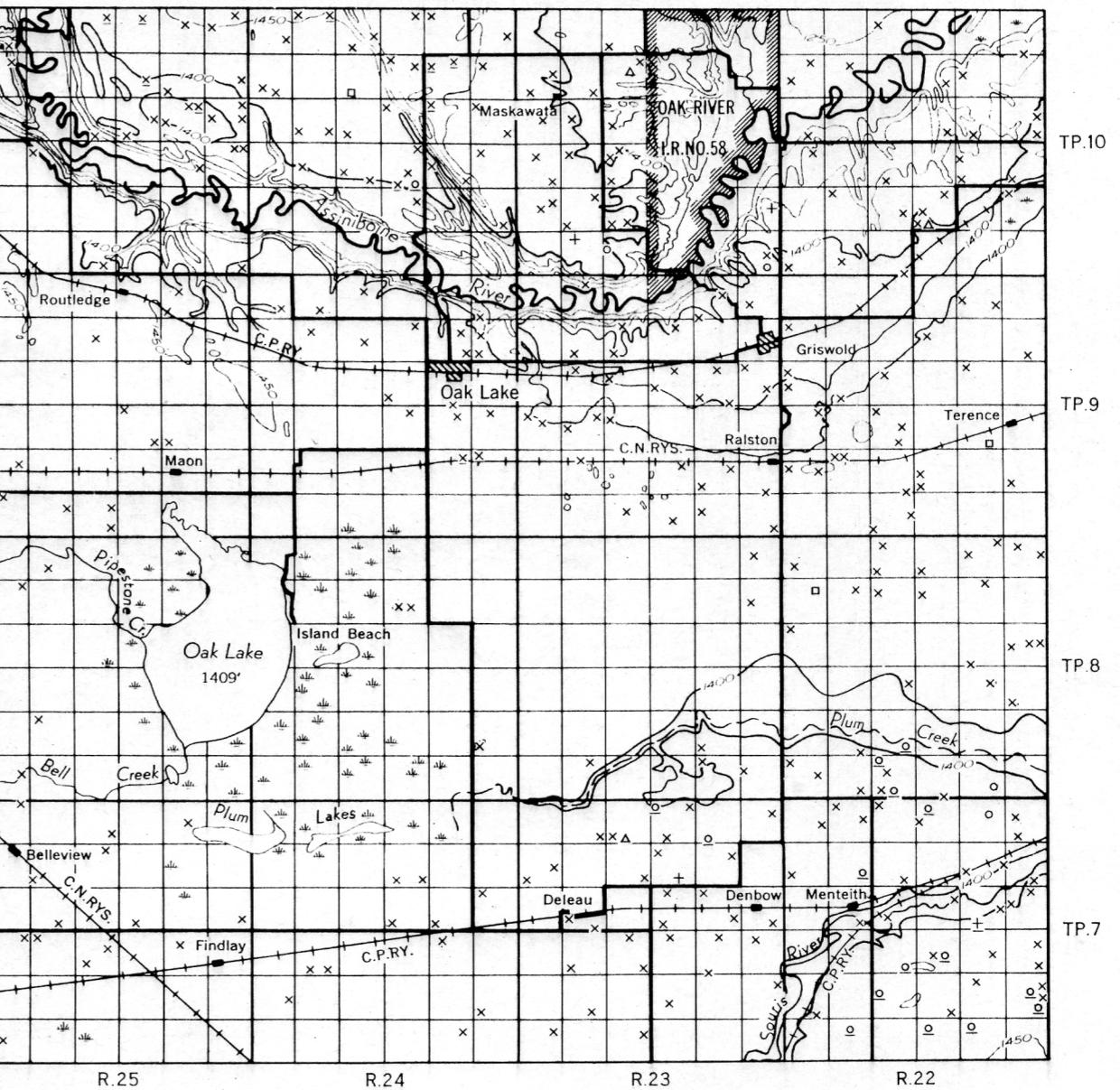
Scale: 1 inch to 4 miles



To accompany Water Supply Paper No. 298 by E. C. Halstead.

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**FIGURE 2**  
MAP SHOWING TOPOGRAPHY AND THE LOCATION AND TYPES OF WELLS



**LEGEND**

○	Well, Class 2. Sub-artesian—the water is under pressure but does not rise above the ground surface
×	Well, Class 3. Non-artesian—the water does not rise above the level of the water table
□	Well, Class 4. Intermittent wells, which are dry for a part of each year
+	Well that produces water, but for which information is scant or lacking
△	Dry hole

NOTE 1. A short dash under any symbol indicates that that well is in bedrock

Road ..... ——  
Railroad ..... ————  
Contours (interval 50 feet) ..... ——

1409'