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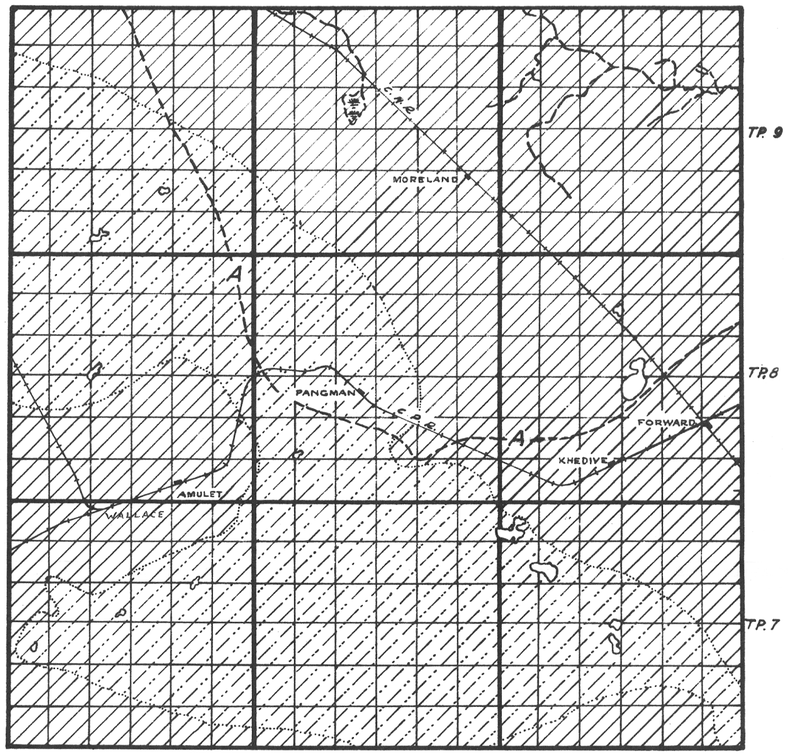
RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF NORTON NO-69, SASKATCHEWAN

FIGURE 1



Area of knolls and depressions (moraine) in which supplies of ground water occur in sand and gravel pockets within 50 feet of the surface

Glacial drift (boulder clay or till) in which ground water occurs in isolated sand and gravel pockets within 35 feet of the surface

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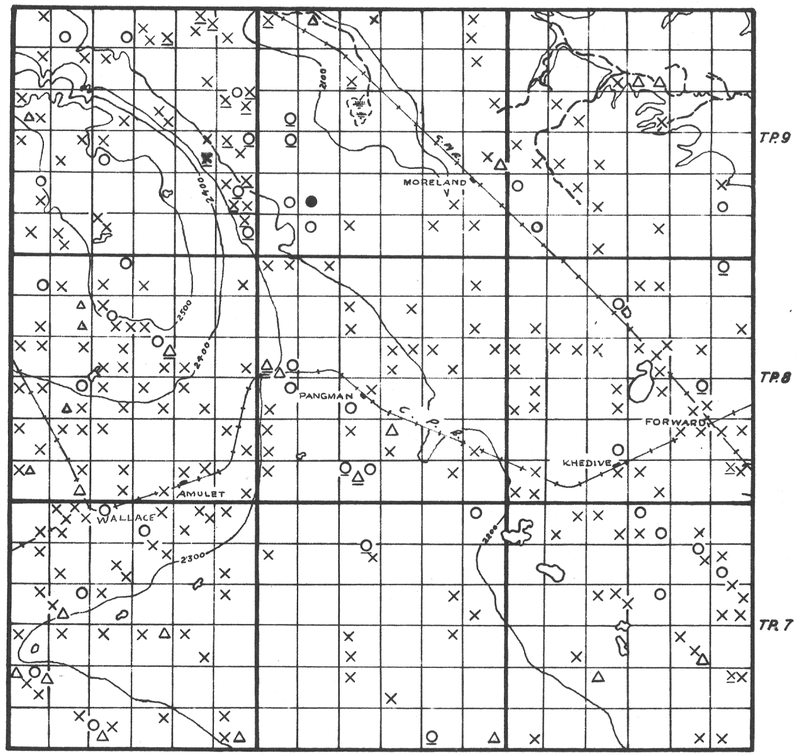
Approximate northern boundary of Ravenscrag formation. North and east of this line, the Marine Shale series underlies the glacial drift, except for a small undefined area in the northwest quarter of township 9, range 20, where the Eastend is believed to occur.

Map showing the surface and bedrock geology as it affects the supply of ground water, and areas in which the ground water occurs

FIGURE 2



Map showing the drainage and relief, and the location and types of wells with source of ground water supply

Well class 1
In drift In bedrock

Flowing wells (These are usually designated as Flowing Artesian wells)

Well class 2
In drift In bedrock

Wells in which the water is under pressure but does not rise to the surface (These are usually designated as Non-flowing Artesian wells)

Well class 3
In drift In bedrock

Wells in which the water does not rise above the water table (These are usually designated as Non-Artesian wells)

Dry holes
In drift In bedrock

1800

Contours (interval 100 feet)

0 3 6 9 12 15 18
Scale of miles

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