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Ottawa, February 23, 1934, 4 p.m. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics published to-day its annual report on farm values for the year 1933, comprising estimates of the average value of (1) farm lands; (2) farm help; (3) farm live stock and wool; (4) poultry; all compiled from the returns of crop correspondents.

Average Value of Farm Lands

The average value in 1933 of occupied farm lands in Canada, including both improved and unimproved land, as well as dwelling houses, barns, stables and other farm buildings, is reported as \$24 per acre, unchanged as compared with values in 1932. By provinces the average values are as follows, with the values for 1932 within brackets: Prince Edward Island \$32 (\$31); Nova Scotia \$26 (\$28); New Brunswick \$24 (\$24); Quebec \$36 (\$37); Ontario \$38 (\$38); Manitoba \$16 (\$16); Saskatchewan \$16 (\$16); Alberta \$16 (\$17); British Columbia \$63 (\$65).

Average Wages of Farm Help

For all Canada, the average wages per month during the summer season of 1933 were for men \$17 as against \$19 in 1932, and for women \$10 as against \$11. The value of board is placed at \$15 per month for men as compared with \$15 in 1932, and at \$12 as compared with \$12 for women. Thus the value of wages and board combined amounted to \$32 for men as compared with \$34 in 1932, and to \$22 for women as compared with \$23 in 1932. By provinces, the average monthly wages in the summer season for men and women respectively, plus the value of board, were in 1933 as follows, with the figures for 1932 within brackets: Prince Edward Island \$30, \$21 (\$30, \$21); Nova Scotia \$34, \$23 (\$37, \$25); New Brunswick \$31, \$20 (\$33, \$22); Quebec \$28, \$18 (\$30, \$19); Ontario \$32, \$25 (\$33, \$24); Manitoba \$29, \$20 (\$32, \$23); Saskatchewan \$31, \$20 (\$33, \$23); Alberta \$34, \$23 (\$36, \$26); British Columbia \$42, \$29 (\$44, \$30).

The yearly wages in Canada were reported for men as \$161 as compared with \$176 in 1932 and for women as \$112 against \$120. The value of the yearly board is given for men as \$161 (\$165 in 1932) and for women \$134 (\$135 in 1932). The value of the yearly wages and board thus amounted to \$322 as against \$341 in 1932 for men and to \$246 as against \$255 for women.

Value of Farm Live Stock and Wool

For all Canada, the average values per head of live stock are estimated as follows with the averages for 1932 within brackets: Horses \$52 (\$46); milch cows \$31 (\$32); other cattle \$17 (\$17); total cattle \$23 (\$24); sheep \$4.00 (\$3.32); swine \$8.89 (\$4.73). The average value per pound of wool is estimated at 10 cents as compared with 5 cents in 1932.

The total numbers and values of farm live stock in Canada for 1933 are as follows, with the figures for 1932 within brackets: Horses 2,984,095, \$154,215,000 (3,088,630, \$141,640,000); milch cows 3,694,000, \$113,115,000 (3,624,600, \$116,349,000); other cattle 5,182,000, \$88,452,000 (4,886,500, \$83,685,000); total cattle 8,876,000 \$201,567,000 (8,511,100, \$200,034,000); sheep 3,385,800, \$13,549,000 (3,644,500, \$12,084,000); swine 3,800,700, \$33,804,000 (4,639,100, \$21,964,000).

The total value of these descriptions of farm live stock in 1933 amounts to \$403,135,000, as compared with \$375,722,000 in 1932. By provinces, the total values are as follows, with the 1932 figures within brackets: Prince Edward Island \$4,564,000 (\$4,289,000); Nova Scotia \$10,829,000 (\$10,780,000); New Brunswick \$11,144,000 (\$11,057,000); Quebec \$70,968,000 (\$73,949,000); Ontario \$128,100,000 (\$114,740,000); Manitoba \$32,693,000 (\$29,983,000); Saskatchewan \$69,744,000 (\$63,964,000); Alberta \$60,991,000 (\$52,966,000); British Columbia \$14,102,000 (\$13,994,000).

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Numbers and Values of Farm Poultry

For all Canada, the average values per head of farm poultry in 1933 are estimated in cents as follows, the averages for 1932 being given within brackets: Hens and chickens 53 (50); turkeys 118 (112); geese 106 (104); ducks 63 (65). For Canada, the numbers and values of farm poultry in 1933 are estimated as follows, with the 1932 figures within brackets: Hens and chickens 54,943,400, \$28,856,000 (59,842,300, \$29,833,000); turkeys 2,530,200 \$3,049,000 (2,478,300, \$2,735,000); geese 952,900 \$1,023,000 (948,400, \$991,000); ducks 837,900, \$528,000 (810,700, \$524,000).

By provinces, the total values of all descriptions of farm poultry are as follows, the estimates for 1932 being given within brackets: Prince Edward Island \$609,000 (\$528,000); Nova Scotia \$738,000 (\$318,000); New Brunswick \$894,000 (\$1,023,000); Quebec \$5,054,000 (\$5,980,000); Ontario \$14,637,000 (\$13,891,000); Manitoba \$2,363,000 (\$2,536,000); Saskatchewan \$4,154,000 (\$4,169,000); Alberta \$3,080,000 (\$3,052,000); British Columbia \$1,927,000 (\$2,141,000). For the whole of Canada, the total value of all descriptions of farm poultry is estimated at \$33,455,000 in 1933, as compared with \$34,138,000 in 1932.

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