

22-002

no. 10

1942

C.R. No. 8
1942

June 30

c. 2

by Authority of the Hon. James A. MacKinnon, M.P.,

Minister of Trade and Commerce

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS - CANADA

AGRICULTURAL BRANCH

\$2.00 per year.

Acting Dominion Statistician:
Chief, Agricultural Branch:
Statistician, Agricultural Branch:

S. A. Cudmore, M.A. (Oxon.), F.S.S., F.R.S.C.
C. F. Wilson, Ph.D.
J. McAnsh.

TELEGRAPHIC CROP REPORT

Ottawa, June 30, 1942, 3 p.m.- The third of a series of 7 weekly telegraphic reports covering crop conditions throughout Canada is issued today by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Included in this report is the sixth of a series of 15 weekly telegraphic reports on crop conditions in the Prairie Provinces. One hundred and four correspondents, most of them agriculturists of the Dominion and Provincial Departments of Agriculture, but including selected private observers and grain men, supply the information on which these reports are based. The Meteorological Service of Canada, Toronto, supplies official weather data.

SUMMARY

The prospects for field crops across Canada have continued favourable over the past fortnight and conditions in the Prairie Provinces are now more uniformly good. Rainfall continued below average in the Maritimes but crop prospects are still generally good. The potato crop is promising in all three provinces. The Nova Scotia apple crop appears to be about the same as last year. Most Quebec and Ontario districts have had fair to heavy precipitation in the past fortnight and crop prospects are mainly excellent. Very heavy hay crops are being harvested in both provinces. The Ontario fall wheat crop is turning colour with a heavy yield in sight. Some parts of the Eastern Townships in Quebec and parts of central and southern Ontario suffered from flooding of low fields, and the seeding of late crops was somewhat delayed. Pastures in both provinces are mostly in excellent condition.

Abundantly supplied with moisture, the crops in western Canada are now in need of sunshine and a spell of warmer weather to hasten their development. Generous rainfall in the past week provided reserve moisture in parts of Saskatchewan where there was some anxiety about subsoil supplies and brought relief to late sown grains in Manitoba. A heavy stand of crops is reported from all three of the Prairie Provinces with early sown wheat, oats and barley heading out and a substantial part of the wheat crop in the shot blade. Frost injury is showing in early fields of oats, barley and flaxseed and the fall rye crop in Saskatchewan was also hit but damage on the whole is slight. Grasshoppers are not very active.

Following the prolonged period of cool, wet weather, the fine warm days at the end of June have materially improved crop prospects in British Columbia. Yields of grains and hay are promising in most districts. The Okanagan apple crop is estimated at 5 million boxes.

Maritime Provinces

Dry weather has continued in the Maritimes and in some cases crops and pastures are suffering. The potato crop, however, looks good and an apple crop about the same as last year is in prospect. Below average rainfall in Prince Edward Island will reduce hay and grain yields. Haying is now general and grains are heading out. The potato crop looks promising but roots are very uneven. The strawberry crop is average but ripening slowly. Rainfall has also been light in Nova Scotia and the growth of crops and pastures has been retarded. Haying is under way with average yields promised. The potato crop looks very promising. Apple prospects in the Annapolis Valley are about the same as last year. Rain is needed for strawberries and small fruits. Although short of rain, crop prospects in New Brunswick are generally good especially for early sown crops, vegetables, fruits and potatoes. Pastures have held up well. Field and garden insects are abundant and there has been considerable damage from cutworm in some localities.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill. 60610. Second-class postage paid at Chicago, Ill., and at additional mailing offices. Postmaster: This publication is entered as second-class matter, October 3, 1917, under post office number 384, at Chicago, Ill., under special agreement of the Postoffice Department. It is paid for as second-class matter under the provisions of Act of October 3, 1917, authorized by Act of October 3, 1917, approved October 3, 1917. It is published for the owners by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill. 60610. The subscription price of this journal is \$5.00 per annum in advance. Single copies are sold at 15 cents. The subscription price of this journal is \$5.00 per annum in advance. Single copies are sold at 15 cents. The subscription price of this journal is \$5.00 per annum in advance. Single copies are sold at 15 cents.

The American Medical Association is a non-profit corporation organized for the purpose of promoting the science and art of medicine and the health of the people. It is composed of members who are physicians and surgeons, and who are engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery. The Association is organized into sections, and each section is composed of members who are engaged in the same or similar branches of medicine and surgery. The Association is organized into sections, and each section is composed of members who are engaged in the same or similar branches of medicine and surgery. The Association is organized into sections, and each section is composed of members who are engaged in the same or similar branches of medicine and surgery.

CONTENTS

The American Medical Association is a non-profit corporation organized for the purpose of promoting the science and art of medicine and the health of the people. It is composed of members who are physicians and surgeons, and who are engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery. The Association is organized into sections, and each section is composed of members who are engaged in the same or similar branches of medicine and surgery. The Association is organized into sections, and each section is composed of members who are engaged in the same or similar branches of medicine and surgery. The Association is organized into sections, and each section is composed of members who are engaged in the same or similar branches of medicine and surgery.

The American Medical Association is a non-profit corporation organized for the purpose of promoting the science and art of medicine and the health of the people. It is composed of members who are physicians and surgeons, and who are engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery. The Association is organized into sections, and each section is composed of members who are engaged in the same or similar branches of medicine and surgery. The Association is organized into sections, and each section is composed of members who are engaged in the same or similar branches of medicine and surgery. The Association is organized into sections, and each section is composed of members who are engaged in the same or similar branches of medicine and surgery.

The American Medical Association is a non-profit corporation organized for the purpose of promoting the science and art of medicine and the health of the people. It is composed of members who are physicians and surgeons, and who are engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery. The Association is organized into sections, and each section is composed of members who are engaged in the same or similar branches of medicine and surgery. The Association is organized into sections, and each section is composed of members who are engaged in the same or similar branches of medicine and surgery.

ADVERTISING

The American Medical Association is a non-profit corporation organized for the purpose of promoting the science and art of medicine and the health of the people. It is composed of members who are physicians and surgeons, and who are engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery. The Association is organized into sections, and each section is composed of members who are engaged in the same or similar branches of medicine and surgery. The Association is organized into sections, and each section is composed of members who are engaged in the same or similar branches of medicine and surgery. The Association is organized into sections, and each section is composed of members who are engaged in the same or similar branches of medicine and surgery.

Quebec and Ontario

All but a few Quebec districts have had frequent showers during the past fortnight and some crops on low-lying lands in the Eastern Townships have been flooded. Haying has already commenced in the principal hay districts, and a heavy yield is being obtained in contrast with last year's light crop. Pastures, for the main part, are continuing in excellent condition. Milk production is being well maintained. Cereal crops are developing favourably, and fibre flax and tobacco are reported in excellent condition. Corn so far has made slow growth but is benefiting from the warmer weather of the past few days.

Haying is well under way in Ontario and very heavy yields of hay and alfalfa are being obtained. The fall wheat crop is headed out and the stands are heavy. Southern Ontario districts have fared better within the past fortnight following an excess of rain in the early part of June, although corn, tobacco and sugar beets in Kent and Essex counties have all shown some permanent damage from the excessive moisture. Elsewhere in the province more favourable crop conditions have prevailed. Peaches and cherries are reported in very good condition in the Niagara district, with plums somewhat below normal. Northern Ontario and Quebec districts have been suffering from drought.

Prairie Provinces

In spite of continued cool weather, all crops in Manitoba appear to be progressing satisfactorily. Recent heavy rains were of particular benefit to late-sown crops and moisture reserves are now ample in most districts. The general need is for more hours of sunshine and a spell of warmer weather. Early wheat, oats and barley are heading out in the south-western sections of the province but in the north-west around Dauphin, wheat is in the shot blade and coarse grains are quite backward due to late planting. Reports from central areas speak of a luxuriant growth of grain. Crop damage is negligible and grasshoppers have been held in check by the weather and spreading of poison bait. Haying has commenced and the crops are heavy.

Any deficiency of subsoil moisture that existed in Saskatchewan appears to have been eliminated by the heavy rains of the past week which fell in varying intensity in practically all parts of the province but were heaviest in those areas where there was some anxiety about reserves. Average rainfall for the week at the Meteorological Stations reporting was 1.73 inches and since April 1 the Saskatchewan average has risen to 7.79 inches compared with a normal of 5.13 inches. Crop growth has developed satisfactorily and with few exceptions the stands are strong and have a healthy appearance. Wheat on the whole is 30 to 35 per cent in shot blade while coarse grains give excellent promise in many districts although there is some evidence of frost damage to early sown fields of oats, barley and fall rye. Warmer weather is the immediate requirement in most areas. Grasshopper and other damage is slight and the outlook generally is promising. Summer-fallowing is 55-60 per cent completed, having been delayed by wet weather. Weed growth is heavy in many parts of the province.

Continued heavy rains in Alberta have brought about exceptionally favourable moisture conditions throughout the province and the need is now for warmer weather to advance the development of the crop. During the early part of the past week the weather was cool but turned warm toward the week-end. Crops show a heavy stand generally and are very promising though a little late in some districts. In the Vulcan area early barley is headed and some wheat is coming into the shot blade while it is reported from Stettler that about ten per cent of the wheat is in the shot blade stage. Alfalfa is ready for the first cutting in southern Alberta and will be a heavy crop. Range conditions in this part of the province are ideal. The flight of the wheat-stem sawfly is approaching its peak in the south but as yet no damage has been reported.

British Columbia

Fine, warm weather in the last week of June has improved crop, vegetable and fruit prospects materially in British Columbia. The long period of cool, wet weather delayed haying and interfered with the strawberry harvest but the growth of field crops and pastures was good. Fall grains are now headed out and good yields are promised. Spring grains also show good growth and development. The cherry crop will be light but the apple crop is sizing well and an output of 5 million boxes is estimated for the Okanagan Valley. Haying is now going forward in the valley with a heavy crop being harvested. Digging of early potatoes has commenced and vegetables are moving freely. The labour problem is acute. Cool, cloudy weather has persisted in the Creston district and tree fruit prospects are unfavourable. Bush fruits, however, are generally good.

...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...

...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...

...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...

...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...

...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...

...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...
...the ... of the ...

Precipitation and Temperatures in the Prairie Provinces

Crop District	Station	Precipitation			Mean Temperature	
		Week ending	Total	Normal	Week ending 8 a.m.	
		8 a.m. June 29	since April 1	since April 1	June 29 Mean	Normal
Manitoba						
1	Pierson	.30	4.52	5.69	58	63
	Waskada	.74	3.60	6.25	59	64
2	Boissevain	.29	4.53	5.72	56	64
	Ninette	2.14	7.25	6.29	58	64
	Pilot Mound	1.50	5.99	6.55	56	65
3	Emerson	.51	3.77	5.31	61	65
	Morden	1.06	7.45	6.13	60	65
	Graysville	1.32	4.97	6.36	62	64
	Morris	.90	5.53	5.77	60	65
	Portage la Prairie	1.32	6.16	5.74	62	64
4	Winnipeg	.76	5.76	6.41	63	65
6	Sprague	.20	3.74	6.35	60	63
	Pinawa	.14	2.56	4.52	63	63
7	Virden	.30	10.31	5.12	58	62
	Rivers	.68	8.87	5.78	58	63
8	Brandon	.44	4.91	5.82	59	63
	Cypress River	.88	5.11	5.69	58	64
9	Minnedosa	1.09	7.71	5.73	57	63
10	Russell	.66	7.56	5.47	57	61
	Birtle	.24	6.78	5.49	56	62
11	Dauphin	.13	5.79	4.70	58	62
13	Swan River	.62	6.89	5.50	57	60
	The Pas	.36	7.70	4.12	59	62
Manitoba Average		.72	5.97	5.67	59	63
Saskatchewan						
1A	Carlyle	1.26	6.19	5.96	58	61
	Estevan	1.44	5.81	5.79	58	63
1B	Broadview	.35	4.97	5.02	56	61
	Moosomin	1.40	6.92	5.17	56	63
2A	Yellow Grass	1.58	7.05	5.56	57	63
	Midale	1.24	7.41	5.99	58	63
2B	Moose Jaw	2.24	8.54	5.58	57	64
	Regina	1.81	7.98	5.45	57	62
	Qu'Appelle	2.30	8.23	6.51	56	63
	Indian Head	1.80	6.94	6.33	56	62
	Francis	1.34	7.85	4.66	56	62
3AN	Chaplin	2.78	9.02	5.94	56	63
	Gravelbourg	2.64	9.28	5.19	N.R.	63
3AS	Assiniboia	2.38	9.18	4.81	56	64
	Ceylon	.84	5.16	6.44	N.R.	63
3BN	Swift Current	2.08	8.64	5.53	56	63
	Hughton	1.14	6.57	5.21	58	61
	Pennant	2.60	8.74	6.14	58	62
3BS	Aneroid	2.84	9.60	5.84	57	62
	Cadillac	2.86	8.25	7.09	58	62
	Val Marie	1.88	6.55	5.21	57	64
	Shaunavon	2.48	8.22	4.62	56	62
	Instow	N.R.	4.22 1/	4.90	N.R.	63
4A	Maple Creek	3.34	8.11	5.34	56	62
	Consul	1.24	8.06	4.74	55	60
4B	Roadene	1.66	7.21	5.22	58	61
5A	Yorkton	.50	7.02	5.18	53	61
	Hubbard	1.08	6.29 1/	5.03	55	60
	Leross	2.02	7.50	5.63	55	59
5B	Kamsack	1.18	7.98	4.41	58	60
	Foam Lake	1.38	6.89	5.21	55	59
	Lintlaw	2.02	8.09	5.19	54	58
	Wynward	1.94	8.49	4.84	56	60
6A	Davidson	1.52	9.60	4.59	59	62
	Nokomis	1.24	7.81	4.04	57	60
	Semans	1.82	8.98	3.56	56	60
	Strasbourg	2.24	10.86	5.24	54	62
	Dilke	1.92	8.31	5.03	N.R.	-
6B	Saskatoon	2.48	10.52	4.51	59	61
	Dundurn	1.44	9.08	5.55	60	61
	Tugaske	3.20	11.08	4.67	57	62
	Elbow	2.32	10.34	4.65	59	62
	Outlook	2.34	10.18	3.52	58	62
	Harris	1.18	8.87 1/	4.77	56	61

Date		Description		Amount	
1912	Jan 1	Balance		100.00	
1912	Jan 15	Received from John Doe		50.00	
1912	Feb 1	Received from Jane Smith		25.00	
1912	Mar 1	Received from Mr. Brown		75.00	
1912	Apr 1	Received from Mrs. Green		30.00	
1912	May 1	Received from Mr. White		40.00	
1912	Jun 1	Received from Mr. Black		60.00	
1912	Jul 1	Received from Mr. Grey		20.00	
1912	Aug 1	Received from Mr. Blue		15.00	
1912	Sep 1	Received from Mr. Yellow		35.00	
1912	Oct 1	Received from Mr. Purple		45.00	
1912	Nov 1	Received from Mr. Pink		55.00	
1912	Dec 1	Received from Mr. Brown		65.00	
1912	Dec 31	Balance		1000.00	

Precipitation and Temperatures in the Prairie Provinces 2/ (Concluded)

Crop District Station	Precipitation			Mean Temperature	
	Week ending	Total	Normal	Week ending 8 a.m.	
	8 a.m. June 29	since April 1	since April 1	June 29 Mean	Normal
Saskatchewan (Concluded)					
7A Kindersley	1.00	5.10	4.10	58	59
7B Ruthilda	.82	3.97 1/	5.03	N.R.	-
Macklin	.88	5.21	5.25	57	59
Scott	1.16	6.43	4.46	58	60
Biggar	.76	7.25	4.96	54	61
8A Nipawin	1.64	9.92	5.48	58	60
8B Melfort	2.58	8.08	4.59	58	61
Humboldt	2.60	7.42	4.31	56	60
9A Rabbit Lake	1.44	6.70	4.78	55	61
Prince Albert	4.15	11.00	4.94	59	62
9B Battleford	.60	4.71	4.93	59	63
Waseca	.50	5.73	4.95	56	60
Lloydminster	.70	3.59	4.42	57	59
Loon Lake	.16	6.39	5.68	57	58
Saskatchewan Average	1.73	7.79	5.13	57	61
Alberta					
1 Medicine Hat	1.61	7.59	4.67	59	64
Foremost	.96	6.65	6.69	56	60
Manyberries	2.88	9.77	4.92	55	64
2 Macleod	2.64	12.76	5.26	54	62
Cowley	1.71	11.69	6.43	51	-
Lothbridge	2.09	9.67	5.59	54	63
Cardston	1.92	12.40	8.18	52	60
3 Brooks	1.94	7.17	4.44	56	61
Empress	1.18	4.61	5.00	62	61
Vauxhall	.98	6.42	4.33	54	63
4 Vulcan	3.50	8.34	5.67	N.R.	-
High River	3.42	14.03	6.96	52	59
5 Drumheller	2.32	3.70	5.66	56	58
Hanna	2.50	6.95 1/	6.04	N.R.	58
Neco	1.36	3.45 1/	5.38	56	57
6 Olds	1.86	5.80	5.87	52	58
Three Hills	2.72	5.82	5.36	54	58
Strathmore	4.70	7.60	5.68	50	58
Gleichen	5.24	8.27	4.92	54	59
Calgary	3.10	6.80	6.11	52	59
7 Coronation	1.98	6.75	4.51	56	58
Hughenden	1.90	5.43	4.83	58	58
Hardisty	2.04	5.28	4.67	N.R.	-
Sedgewick	2.14	5.67 1/	4.82	56	58
Viking	1.52	6.44	4.85	55	58
8 Camrose	1.56	6.62 1/	5.35	55	59
Wetaskiwin	1.42	5.87 1/	5.50	54	59
Lacombe	N.R.	6.91 1/	6.04	N.R.	59
Alix	1.32	5.17	5.37	56	58
Penhold	2.03	7.19	7.11	53	58
Stettler	1.20	6.32	6.25	54	58
9 Springdale	.76	8.16	6.79	52	57
Jasper	.31	2.62	2.90	54	57
10 Vegreville	1.52	7.52	6.05	54	59
11 Edmonton	1.65	9.82	5.49	57	60
Calmar	N.R.	8.80 1/	6.11	55	60
12 Edson	.60	7.42 1/	5.15	54	57
13 Glendon	1.08	6.28	4.89	52	59
14 Athabaska	N.R.	3.17 1/	4.91	N.R.	59
Campsie	.06	7.23 1/	5.50	54	58
15 High Prairie	nil	6.52	4.80	57	59
Kinuso	nil	5.84	4.89	56	59
16 Fairview	.50	5.95	3.79	54	59
Beaverlodge	.27	6.52	4.15	56	58
17 Keg River	.50	5.35	4.34	55	59
Fort Vermillion	.52	2.44 1/	3.46	55	59
Fort McMurray	.11	3.12	3.83	56	60
Fort Smith	.02	.43	2.80	58	58
Alberta Average	1.64	7.04	5.26	55	59

N.R. No Report

1/ Incomplete

2/ Source: Meteorological Service of Canada.

Date	Description	Debit	Credit	Balance
1890 Jan 1	Balance forward			100.00
1890 Jan 15	Received from A. B. C.		50.00	150.00
1890 Feb 1	Paid to D. E. F.	25.00		125.00
1890 Feb 15	Received from G. H. I.		75.00	200.00
1890 Mar 1	Balance forward			200.00
1890 Mar 15	Received from J. K. L.		100.00	300.00
1890 Apr 1	Paid to M. N. O.	150.00		150.00
1890 Apr 15	Received from P. Q. R.		125.00	275.00
1890 May 1	Balance forward			275.00
1890 May 15	Received from S. T. U.		150.00	425.00
1890 Jun 1	Paid to V. W. X.	200.00		225.00
1890 Jun 15	Received from Y. Z. A.		175.00	400.00
1890 Jul 1	Balance forward			400.00
1890 Jul 15	Received from B. C. D.		200.00	600.00
1890 Aug 1	Paid to E. F. G.	300.00		300.00
1890 Aug 15	Received from H. I. J.		225.00	525.00
1890 Sep 1	Balance forward			525.00
1890 Sep 15	Received from K. L. M.		250.00	775.00
1890 Oct 1	Paid to N. O. P.	400.00		375.00
1890 Oct 15	Received from Q. R. S.		275.00	650.00
1890 Nov 1	Balance forward			650.00
1890 Nov 15	Received from T. U. V.		300.00	950.00
1890 Dec 1	Paid to W. X. Y.	500.00		450.00
1890 Dec 15	Received from Z. A. B.		325.00	775.00
1891 Jan 1	Balance forward			775.00

REPORTS OF CORRESPONDENTS

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

Charlottetown, Dominion Experimental Station

Beneficial showers occurred on June 18 and 22. Rain .81 inch, average 41 years 2.77 inches. Haymaking of clover and daisies starting. Crop estimate 70 per cent average. Grain good colour but in need of rain. Potatoes look promising. Roots very uneven, early sown best. Large fruits promising. Strawberries coming in. Crop will be short unless rain falls. Insects plentiful.

Charlottetown, Supervisor Illustration Stations

One heavy rain and scattered showers assisted crops. Precipitation below normal. Fertilizer still being received by farmers. Haying general by mid-week with prospects of a light crop. Grain heading out. Strawberry crop average but ripening slowly. Pastures on light soil suffering but those on heavy soils are making excellent yields.

NOVA SCOTIA

Annapolis Royal, Dominion Entomological Laboratory

Weather conditions satisfactory for tree fruits but strawberries need rain. Apple crop prospects no better than last year. Scab and aphids conspicuous in orchards not sprayed for their control. Strawberries past peak in Annapolis Valley.

Kentville, Dominion Experimental Station

Apples average, light to moderate. Late apples better than early. Crop clean. Growing conditions good. Strawberries at height, crop fair. Raspberries good. Cherries, pears, plums, average. Some increased acreage potatoes, condition promising. Haying under way, yield good, particularly clover. Pastures excellent. Light soils drying somewhat.

Nappan, Dominion Experimental Farm

Roots, potatoes and grain made fair growth under prevailing conditions. Corn good. Clover in full bloom, ready for cutting, yield promises well up to average. Pastures have been good but are now showing effects of very dry weather. Only 1.20 inches rain since May first. All crops including pastures badly in need of rain.

NEW BRUNSWICK

Fredericton, Dominion Experimental Station

Hay above average yield. Timothy coming in bloom. Pastures good. Grain promising, especially early sown grain. Vegetables, roots and potatoes, good prospects. Fruit set on MacIntosh seems light, other varieties are good. Strawberries fair crop. Precipitation since April below average but rains have been timely.

Fredericton, Dominion Entomological Laboratory

Very dry in the south-eastern part of the province, plant growth checked. Most field and garden insects abundant. Considerable damage caused by cutworms and root maggots.

QUEBEC

Quebec, Agricultural Statistician, Department of Trade and Commerce of Quebec

Rainy weather during past two weeks caused damage to crops in low lands. The districts of Beauce, Lower St. Lawrence and Quebec were the most affected. Rainfall ranged from about 8 inches in these districts to light showers in Joliette and Temiscamingue where moisture supplies are scarce. Haying has started in the principal hay districts of the province and average yields are much better than last year. Pastures and grain fields look good and dairy production remains satisfactory. Industrial crops such as flax and tobacco are in excellent condition and prospects are for a heavy yield.

THE HISTORY OF THE

REIGN OF

CHARLES THE FIRST

The first part of this history is divided into three books. The first book contains the reign of Charles the First from his birth to his death. The second book contains the reign of James the First from his birth to his death. The third book contains the reign of Charles the Second from his birth to his death.

THE HISTORY OF THE

second part of this history is divided into three books. The first book contains the reign of Charles the First from his death to the end of the reign. The second book contains the reign of James the First from his death to the end of the reign. The third book contains the reign of Charles the Second from his death to the end of the reign.

THE HISTORY OF THE

third part of this history is divided into three books. The first book contains the reign of Charles the First from his death to the end of the reign. The second book contains the reign of James the First from his death to the end of the reign. The third book contains the reign of Charles the Second from his death to the end of the reign.

THE HISTORY OF THE

fourth part of this history is divided into three books. The first book contains the reign of Charles the First from his death to the end of the reign. The second book contains the reign of James the First from his death to the end of the reign. The third book contains the reign of Charles the Second from his death to the end of the reign.

THE HISTORY OF THE

fifth part of this history is divided into three books. The first book contains the reign of Charles the First from his death to the end of the reign. The second book contains the reign of James the First from his death to the end of the reign. The third book contains the reign of Charles the Second from his death to the end of the reign.

THE HISTORY OF THE

sixth part of this history is divided into three books. The first book contains the reign of Charles the First from his death to the end of the reign. The second book contains the reign of James the First from his death to the end of the reign. The third book contains the reign of Charles the Second from his death to the end of the reign.

THE HISTORY OF THE

seventh part of this history is divided into three books. The first book contains the reign of Charles the First from his death to the end of the reign. The second book contains the reign of James the First from his death to the end of the reign. The third book contains the reign of Charles the Second from his death to the end of the reign.

THE HISTORY OF THE

eighth part of this history is divided into three books. The first book contains the reign of Charles the First from his death to the end of the reign. The second book contains the reign of James the First from his death to the end of the reign. The third book contains the reign of Charles the Second from his death to the end of the reign.

THE HISTORY OF THE

QUEBEC (Concluded)

Quebec, Provincial Laboratories of the Plant Protection Service

Very few kinds of insects reported but those at work are abundant. In fruit and ornamental trees, caterpillars and aphids are generally distributed. Cutworms are plentiful in truck crops, damaging tomatoes in particular. Cabbage and onion maggots are noticed everywhere. Recent rains caused considerable damage to young seedlings. Bacterial blight on apples is general.

Ste. Anne de la Pocatiere, Dominion Experimental Station

Rainfall of 4.65 inches from the 15th to the 18th did no damage to crops and was beneficial to pastures and meadows. From the 19th to the 29th precipitation was .11 inch. Crops not suffering yet. Meadows, pastures, cereal and hoed crops good and promise well.

Ste. Anne de la Pocatiere, Supervisor of Illustration Stations

Seeding just completed. Young crop good appearance as a whole. Haying began last week, crop a little below the average. Pasture getting short. Weather rather wet and cool in the lower part of the district. No severe disease or insect infestation noticed. Live stock in good condition and milk flow abundant.

Lake St. John, Supervisor of Illustration Stations

Soil moisture in district excellent, in fact too heavy on the north side where precipitation totalled 4.76 inches from June 15 to 24. Vegetation excellent in general. In gardens, cutworms are damaging cabbage, tomatoes and beans. Onion maggots affecting cabbage and onion crops. Haying will commence shortly around Lake St. John and Chicoutimi.

Normandin, Dominion Experimental Station

Precipitation June 15 to 29 totalled 1.16 inches. From June 1 to 29 total 3.85 inches well distributed. Pastures holding up well. Meadows and grain crops all excellent. Vegetable crops good. Some damage cutworms. Blueberries damaged by frost will be light crop.

Lennoxville, Dominion Experimental Station

Considerable damage to all crops on low land by flood. Hay generally excellent, ready to cut. Grain good but too much moisture slowing growth. Pastures good. Roots good. Cool nights checking growth of corn.

Lennoxville, Supervisor of Illustration Stations.

Rains of June 8 resulted in much improvement in the hay crop in Beauce, Levis and Bois Franc districts. The crop will be average. Grain crops are fine on well drained lands but suffered from excess moisture on low lands. While hoed crops are not far advanced, they have a good start. Pastures are good, greatly improved these past two weeks. Hay will be ready for harvesting in Bois Franc district by the middle of the week and at the beginning of next week in Beauce and Levis districts.

St. Johns, Dominion Entomological Laboratory

Agricultural conditions very good. Haying already in progress and crop satisfactory. Abundant rains have favoured most crops but corn made slow growth. Pastures good. Ganning pea crop excellent. Weather warming up gradually. No major insect infestations.

Hemmingford, Dominion Entomological Laboratory

Pastures good. Haying started with promise of good crop. Cereals and corn need more warm weather. Strawberries finished, poor crop. Raspberries look well. Apples medium crop following heavy June drop but scab is showing up in many orchards. Rain plentiful and moisture ample for some time.

- 7 -

ONTARIO

Toronto, Provincial Department of Agriculture

Crops have done fairly well in June although there was considerable damage during the first half of the month from excessive moisture which held up seeding of late crops in central and western Ontario and caused some drowning out in low fields. Early sown grains generally look promising throughout the province. Haying is in full swing throughout the province and the yields are good but the quality is just fair owing to the rank growth. Fall wheat is turning colour, the yields are promising to be heavy and cutting will commence about July 18. Pastures are excellent in most areas for this time of year.

Vineland Station, Dominion Entomological Laboratory

Peaches 100, sweet cherries 85 to 90, sour cherries 110, pears 75, grapes 90, plums 60 per cent. Prunes practically none. Considerable leaf drop on sour cherries. Apple scab prevalent.

Chatham, Dominion Entomological Laboratory

In Chatham area some corn fields seriously damaged by wireworms and corn seed maggot. Continued cool wet weather retarded corn growth and caused some damage to seed. Slight infestations of thrips occurred in onions and gladioli at Chatham. Tent caterpillars are more abundant than usual but no serious injury occurred. Crops generally good. Haying well under way. Cultivating and fielding operations somewhat retarded by wet weather.

Harrow, Dominion Experimental Station

Far too much rain during early June for most crops in district but drier weather by end of month has definitely improved conditions. Corn, tobacco, sugar beets and other crops hurt by wet weather. Hay crop excellent but present prospects for most crops only fair in Essex and Kent Counties.

Galt, Agricultural Representative

Haying operations have started. Hay is a very heavy crop. Fall wheat is particularly rank. Favourable weather conditions will result in a heavy yield of fall wheat. Farmers are hoeing their root crops. Prospects for a bumper spring grain crop are good.

Barrie, Agricultural Representative

Haying is under way generally and weather is favourable for the moment at least. Grass hay is best ever. Alfalfa is good but on a limited acreage. Red clover very scarce. Fall wheat is well out in head and extremely variable. Spring grains also very variable. Many fields recovering very slowly from flooding. Weeds are the worst ever.

Kapuskasing, Dominion Experimental Station

Crop situation in this district very serious. Only had .76 inch of rain since May 26. Hay one-third crop and grain at a standstill. Nights cold and a lot of cloudy weather not conducive to growth. Stock doing well to date as no fly pests. Pastures showing effect of drought and water situation serious.

PRAIRIE PROVINCES

REPORTS OF DOMINION ENTOMOLOGICAL LABORATORIES

Brandon, Manitoba

Cool weather and active poisoning campaign in Portage-Elie district reducing grasshopper damage to minimum.

Saskatoon, Saskatchewan

Recent surveys show that slight to moderate damage by cutworms, especially to coarse grains, extends throughout the Saskatoon-Prince Albert-Battleford-Lloydminster area with severe losses in scattered fields. Severe damage by wireworm to wheat on fallow at Scott, Unity, Vawn, Meota, Brada, Ruddell and Langham. Damage by grasshoppers negligible because weather conditions have greatly retarded development.

PRAIRIE PROVINCES (Concluded)

Lethbridge, Alberta

Wheat-stem sawfly flight approaching peak in southern Alberta. Pea aphids causing some concern in Taber-Barnwell area with control operations in full swing. No heavy infestation of grasshoppers reported.

HAIL DAMAGE

Saskatchewan (The Saskatchewan Municipal Hail Insurance Association, Regina)

No hail loss of any importance to report for last week.

Alberta (The Alberta Hail Insurance Board, Calgary)

Slight hail reported in the Warburg and Mazeppa districts.

REPORTS OF CORRESPONDENTS

MANITOBA

Winnipeg, Provincial Department of Agriculture

All points recorded fairly liberal rains over week-end, which was needed in many districts. Crops continue quite satisfactory in spite of cool weather. Rains have especially aided later sown fields of oats, barley and flax. Cool weather and baiting is checking grasshoppers which are spotty in districts immediately north and west of Winnipeg. Haying commenced and prospects promising. General outlook quite satisfactory.

SOUTH-CENTRE

Morden, Dominion Experimental Station

Continued cloudy weather retarding crop development. Higher temperatures have favoured cereal crops but corn and soybeans are relatively backward. Haying operations have begun and crops are heavy. Recent rains gave ample moisture but sunshine is needed badly.

Melita, Telegraphic Correspondent

Last week weather was cloudy and cool with .78 inch of rainfall. All crops doing well. Early wheat, oats and barley heading. Sunny weather would be beneficial to all crops and gardens. Haying held up on account of rains.

WEST-CENTRE

Brandon, Dominion Experimental Farm

Abundant rain over a wide area bringing a luxuriant growth of grain. Hay crop particularly promising. Corn continues backward.

Brandon, Supervisor of Illustration Stations

June 22-27 covered Brandon to Winnipeg and Manitoba Interlake. Rain needed in area east and north of Winnipeg. Other districts moisture plentiful. Heavy crop hay everywhere. Wheat, oats and barley very good. Flax and corn late. Pasture excellent. Gardens late but cultivated fruit good.

Woodnorth, Telegraphic Correspondent

All crops including pastures well above average. Early sown grain in shot-blade stage. Cutting of sweet clover for fodder has commenced. No insect damage apparent. Weather continues cool and showery.

MANITOBA (Concluded)

NORTH-CENTRE

Teulon, Agricultural Representative

Showers June 27 and 29 have improved crop outlook and conditions now satisfactory. A good crop of hay ready to cut. Early barley heading but corn very poor. No hail damage. Alfalfa plant bug numerous in all alfalfa fields.

NORTH-WEST

Minnedosa, Telegraphic Correspondent

Weather continues cool and very wet. Crops doing well but are late. Early wheat in shot blade. Summer-fallow in bad shape. Pastures excellent and stock doing well.

NORTH-WEST

Dauphin, Agricultural Representative

Daily rains and cool weather continuing. Wild and tame pasture growth rank. Brome crop heavy with excellent seed prospects. Wheat coming into shot blade but many of the coarse cereals quite backward because of late planting. Flax growth is evening up and showing good progress.

SASKATCHEWAN

Regina, Provincial Department of Agriculture

Good soaking rains have fallen in practically all parts of the province during the past two weeks and moisture conditions generally are now good to excellent. The heaviest precipitation occurred in central Saskatchewan and those parts of the south-central district where the need was most urgent and the deficiency of subsoil moisture was causing anxiety. Heavy rains were also received in the south-western, Regina-Weyburn, east-central and north-eastern districts. Rainfall in south-eastern Saskatchewan was somewhat lighter but moisture conditions there have been rather more favourable on the whole due to heavier moisture reserves. Considerable variation is noted in the amount of rain received at west-central and north-western points, ranging from light to heavy showers, and some places in west-central Saskatchewan still report subsoil reserves deficient although plentifully supplied with surface moisture. Both wheat and coarse grains have developed satisfactorily on the whole although growth at a few points has been slow due to cool weather. With few exceptions, stands are strong and have a healthy appearance and crop prospects generally are favourable. Wide variations exist in the stage of development of wheat, but taking the province as a whole about 30 to 35 per cent has reached the shot-blade stage. Considerable damage from the June frosts appears to have resulted to fall rye and some fields of flax, chiefly in southern and south-eastern areas. The actual extent, however, particularly with respect to rye, is still difficult to ascertain. While a small amount of cutworm damage has occurred during the past two weeks, insect activity generally has been very slight and hatching of grasshoppers has been further delayed. About 55 to 60 per cent of the summer-fallowing has been completed. Live stock and pastures generally are in good condition.

SOUTH-EAST

Manor, Telegraphic Correspondent

Heavy rains over the week-end, and with warmer weather crops are making rapid growth. Coarse grains are doing well. Flax was not injured by the late frost to any extent. Pasture excellent. Rainfall from April first 7.93 inches.

Indian Head, Dominion Experimental Farm

General rains continued throughout the week. Crops making very rapid growth and early wheat heading. Work on land delayed. Fallows very weedy. Rainfall for week 1.87 inches and total precipitation for June 4.96 inches. June precipitation at Regina Sub-station 5.21 inches.

SASKATCHEWAN (Concluded)

SOUTH-WEST

Swift Current, Dominion Experimental Station

Rain totalling 3.29 inches during past week improved prospects all crops. Many early fields oats and barley which were damaged by early frost are thin and weedy. Rye crop stand is thin due to early drought but later sown coarse grains and flax are more promising. All crops are backward and require continuous warm weather from now on to develop good growth. Hay and pasture lands much improved and live stock satisfactory.

EAST-CENTRE

Willowbrook, Telegraphic Correspondent

All grains in excellent condition. No damage. Summer-fallow about 75 per cent completed. Forage crops excellent. Need warm weather now.

WEST-CENTRE

Rosetown, Telegraphic Correspondent

Have ample moisture now. Wheat, coarse grains and flax doing well. Expect big yield in all crops. Precipitation 7.73 inches to date and well ahead of long-time average.

Scott, Dominion Experimental Station

Additional showers during past week have provided good growing conditions for all grains and sufficient length of straw is now assured. Although coarse grains and feed are somewhat late stands are good and rapid growth is anticipated with warmer weather started. Wet weather has delayed fallow operations.

Senlac, Telegraphic Correspondent

Ample rains have fallen last week with total from April first 3.70 inches. All crops show marked improvement although somewhat later than normal. Fall rye in blossom. Wheat eight inches high. Oats and flax show good stand. Gardens uneven and patchy.

NORTH-EAST

Melfort, Dominion Experimental Station

Cool, showery weather throughout week with little sunshine, consequently growth is slow but grain stooling well. Rain in June to date 3.37 inches. Many fields badly infested with weeds.

NORTH-WEST

Prince, Telegraphic Correspondent

All crops are excellent and most of the wheat in shot-blade. Cloudy wet weather for the past three weeks has kept insect damage to a minimum and has made stooling heavy. Rain for past week .74 inch and total since April first 6.52 inches. Pastures good and live stock in good condition.

ALBERTA

SOUTH-EAST

Manyberries, Dominion Range Experimental Station

All existing rainfall records have been broken with 9.6 inches precipitation since May 10. Cloudburst of 2.5 inches last week ran all creeks at record levels. Some hail damage, some flood damage to crops and water development structures. Flax and coarse grains are late but promising with abundant stand. Soil is completely saturated to new low levels. Range conditions ideal with grass all heading out. Excellent first cut of alfalfa ready as soon as it dries up. Warm weather needed.

Page 1

1. Introduction

The purpose of this document is to provide a comprehensive overview of the project's objectives, scope, and timeline. This document is intended for the project team and stakeholders. It will serve as a reference for the project's progress and a guide for the project's execution.

Page 2

2. Objectives and Scope

The primary objective of this project is to develop a new software application that will streamline the company's workflow. The scope of the project includes the design, development, testing, and deployment of the application.

Page 3

3. Project Management

The project will be managed using a structured approach. The project manager will be responsible for coordinating the project team, monitoring progress, and ensuring that the project is completed on time and within budget.

4. Risk Management

Risks are identified and assessed throughout the project. The project manager will develop a risk management plan to identify potential risks, assess their impact, and implement strategies to mitigate them.

5. Communication

Effective communication is essential for the success of the project. The project manager will establish a communication plan that defines the roles and responsibilities of the project team and the frequency of communication.

Page 4

6. Conclusion

This document provides a high-level overview of the project. It is intended to be a starting point for the project team and stakeholders. The project manager will update this document as the project progresses.

Page 5

7. Appendix

This section contains additional information related to the project, including a list of project team members, a glossary of terms, and a list of references.

CONFIDENTIAL

Page 6

8. References

This section lists the sources of information used in the project. It includes books, articles, and other documents that provide background information on the project's subject matter.

ALBERTA (Concluded)

SOUTH-WEST

Lethbridge, Dominion Experimental Station and Illustration Stations

Further rains in southern Alberta during the week. Lethbridge has received 8.95 inches since May 1. Wheat, oats, barley and flax growing rapidly. Sugar beets good except for a limited area on flooded land. Heavy crop of alfalfa on irrigated land ready to cut.

Vulcan, Telegraphic Correspondent

Rainfall since last report 3.7 inches. Weather has turned warmer the last two days and sunshine needed. All crops show heavy stand with some wheat coming into the shot blade. Early barley headed. No damage from pests or other causes to date. General conditions good.

Claresholm, Telegraphic Correspondent

Weather very cool. Rainfall 2.5 inches. No sunshine past week. All grains in fair condition. Impossible to complete summer-fallow. Weeds bad.

EAST-CENTRE

Hanna, Telegraphic Correspondent

Weather cloudy past week. Rainfall 2 inches. All crops making good progress. Need warm weather. Pastures good. No damage to report.

CENTRE

Stettler, Telegraphic Correspondent

Rainfall 1.2 inches. Ten per cent wheat in shot blade. All crops making rapid growth. No damage. Pastures good. General conditions excellent.

Sedgewick, Telegraphic Correspondent

Weather during week cool with exceptionally heavy rains. All grain crops here are a few days late but a heavy stand. Flax has not been hurt by the frost and is showing from four to six inches above ground. General conditions very favourable.

WEST-CENTRE

Calgary, Telegraphic Correspondent

Heavy rains past week and all crops heavy. Need warm, clear weather as growth is slow. Some gardens damaged by frost early part of week. Pastures in excellent condition.

Olds, Telegraphic Correspondent

Weather warmer now and crops should grow fast with plenty of moisture. Growth is heavy in all crops. No damage to report for past week.

Lacombe, Dominion Experimental Station

Rain on six days during week totalled 2.57 inches making 5.33 inches for June and 8.96 inches since April 1. Cool weather with frost June 22 which caused light injury, has retarded growth. Too wet for cultivation and weeds getting start in hoed crops, peas and flax. Pastures excellent but hay still short.

Edmonton, Telegraphic Correspondent

Weather first part last week cool with lots of rain. Last three days clear, warm. Over 8 inches rain Edmonton district during month of June. Crops look excellent but a little late. No damage from any cause.

NORTH

Athabasca, Telegraphic Correspondent

Moisture last week one-half inch. All crops in excellent condition. Moisture at this date plentiful. About 10 per cent decrease in wheat acreage and 15 per cent increase coarse grains. Prospects excellent.

THEORY OF THE EARTH

CHAPTER I

THE EARTH AND ITS HISTORY

The earth is a sphere, and its history is a story of change and development. It has been shaped by the forces of nature, and its surface is a record of the past. The study of the earth's history is a branch of science that seeks to understand the processes that have shaped our planet.

THE EARTH'S SURFACE

The earth's surface is a complex and ever-changing landscape. It is shaped by the forces of erosion, deposition, and tectonic movement. The study of the earth's surface is a branch of science that seeks to understand the processes that have shaped our planet.

THE EARTH'S INTERIOR

The earth's interior is a hidden world, a realm of fire and molten rock. It is shaped by the forces of heat and pressure, and its study is a branch of science that seeks to understand the processes that have shaped our planet.

THE EARTH'S ATMOSPHERE

THE EARTH'S CLIMATE

The earth's climate is a complex system, a balance of forces that shapes the weather and the environment. It is shaped by the forces of the sun, the earth, and the atmosphere, and its study is a branch of science that seeks to understand the processes that have shaped our planet.

THE EARTH'S BIOSPHERE

THE EARTH'S GEOLOGY

The earth's geology is a branch of science that seeks to understand the processes that have shaped our planet. It is a study of the earth's history, its surface, its interior, its atmosphere, and its climate.

THE EARTH'S HISTORY

The earth's history is a story of change and development. It is a story of the forces of nature, of the processes that have shaped our planet, and of the life that has flourished on its surface. The study of the earth's history is a branch of science that seeks to understand the processes that have shaped our planet.

THE EARTH'S FUTURE

THE EARTH'S PRESENT

The earth's present is a moment in time, a snapshot of a planet that has been shaped by the forces of nature. It is a moment of change and development, a moment of the forces of nature, of the processes that have shaped our planet, and of the life that has flourished on its surface.

THE EARTH'S PAST

The earth's past is a story of change and development. It is a story of the forces of nature, of the processes that have shaped our planet, and of the life that has flourished on its surface. The study of the earth's past is a branch of science that seeks to understand the processes that have shaped our planet.

THE EARTH'S HISTORY

The earth's history is a story of change and development. It is a story of the forces of nature, of the processes that have shaped our planet, and of the life that has flourished on its surface. The study of the earth's history is a branch of science that seeks to understand the processes that have shaped our planet.

THE EARTH'S HISTORY

The earth's history is a story of change and development. It is a story of the forces of nature, of the processes that have shaped our planet, and of the life that has flourished on its surface. The study of the earth's history is a branch of science that seeks to understand the processes that have shaped our planet.

THE EARTH'S HISTORY

THE EARTH'S HISTORY

The earth's history is a story of change and development. It is a story of the forces of nature, of the processes that have shaped our planet, and of the life that has flourished on its surface. The study of the earth's history is a branch of science that seeks to understand the processes that have shaped our planet.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Victoria, Provincial Department of Agriculture

During the period June 16 to 26 the weather generally was cool and unsettled, with light showers to heavy rains. Since the latter date it has been fine and quite warm. Fall grains are well headed out and the promise is for good yields. Spring grains are making good growth and development. There is an abundance of pasture and stock feed of all kinds is plentiful. So far little hay has been cut owing to unfavourable weather conditions for curing. Hot weather crops, such as tomatoes, peppers, melons, etc., are still showing the depressing effects of the continued cool weather.

Victoria, Dominion Entomological Laboratory

Fine warm weather following very unsettled conditions of last month is assisting greatly in the saving of large hay crops. Cherries and apples light crop. Strawberry season nearly over. Soil moisture conditions still good. All field crops looking well. No serious insect trouble.

Saanichton, Dominion Experimental Station

Weather has warmed and dried up considerably. Haying is general. Grain crops, due to soil moisture conditions, are very satisfactory. Peak of strawberry season is over. Raspberries are moving to market in limited quantities. Bing cherries are nearing maturity but crop is light. Early apples are sizing up well.

Agassiz, Dominion Experimental Farm

Rainfall to date this year 20.74 inches. Much cool, damp cloudy weather. From May 18 to June 25 only nine rainless days. Many strawberries spoiled. Raspberries better. Hay crop heavy. Fine weather needed to harvest grain crops. Good corn late and weedy. Many dairy cattle being butchered.

Agassiz, Supervisor Illustration Stations

Heavy alfalfa crops now being stored in north Okanagan. Labour problem acute. Excellent stands of fall wheat and coarse grains. Some lodging. Pea crop in bloom. Settled weather would be welcome.

Summerland, Dominion Experimental Station

Weather has turned warm with temperatures 86 and 88. Moisture conditions good but light soils require irrigation. All fruit sizing well and vegetables making rapid growth. Estimated yield apples five million boxes.

Vernon, Dominion Entomological Laboratory

Warmer weather at end of month. Fall grains show promise of good yields. Spring grains commencing to head. Dried pea crop in excellent condition. Free movement of vegetables. Digging of early potatoes commenced. Early lettuce completed. Celery available about July 8. Early cherries moving to processing plants and Bings soon ready. All fruits sizing rapidly and tree growth good. Prunes considerably below normal in yield.

Creaston, Supervisor, District Experiment Sub-Station

Cool cloudy weather has continued with intermittent rains. Tree fruit crop prospects unfavourable. Bush fruits generally good. Strawberries very late, quality and quantity doubtful. Hay crops excellent. First cut retarded by rains. Winter wheat lodging heavily. Spring grains up two feet. Peas improving in colour but light in bloom. Soybeans very backward. Large areas on flats still inundated.

Note:- In the telegraphic crop report of June 15 the report covering the Creston area was credited in error to the Dominion Experimental Station at Prince George.

THE HISTORY OF THE

REIGN OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

IN WHICH ARE CONTAINED THE MOST
REMARKABLE PASSES OF HIS REIGN
FROM HIS MARRIAGE TO HIS DEATH
IN THE YEAR 1649

THE FIRST PART

FROM HIS MARRIAGE TO HIS DEATH
IN THE YEAR 1649

THE SECOND PART

FROM HIS DEATH TO HIS REBELLION
IN THE YEAR 1649

THE THIRD PART

FROM HIS REBELLION TO HIS DEATH
IN THE YEAR 1649

THE FOURTH PART

FROM HIS DEATH TO HIS REBELLION
IN THE YEAR 1649

THE FIFTH PART

FROM HIS REBELLION TO HIS DEATH
IN THE YEAR 1649

THE SIXTH PART

FROM HIS DEATH TO HIS REBELLION
IN THE YEAR 1649

THE SEVENTH PART

FROM HIS REBELLION TO HIS DEATH
IN THE YEAR 1649

FROM HIS DEATH TO HIS REBELLION
IN THE YEAR 1649

LATE WIRES

QUEBEC

L'Assomption, Dominion Experimental Station

Precipitation normal. Haying in full swing. Small grains, oats and barley good. Pastures medium. Tobacco fairly good, light damages by hail in some sections. Corn good. Disease and insect damage to crops in general light.

SASKATCHEWAN

Val Marie, Telegraphic Correspondent

Crop generally good. Wheat crop very heavy. Flax crop looking very good and mostly clean stand, about four inches average height. Oats and barley crop looking good but a little late. Moisture very good, over six inches precipitation since April first.

ALBERTA

Beaverlodge, Dominion Experimental Station

Crop conditions continuing satisfactory.



1010525649