

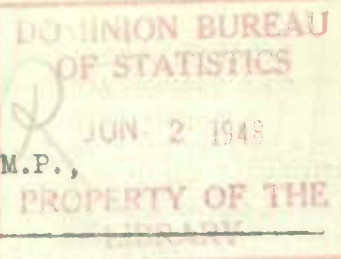
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DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
AGRICULTURAL BRANCH
OTTAWA, CANADA



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TELEGRAPHIC CROP REPORT

Ottawa, June 1, 1948, 3 p.m. - The second of a series of eight telegraphic reports covering crop conditions throughout Canada is issued today by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Included in this report is the third of a series of thirteen telegraphic reports on crop conditions in the Prairie Provinces. A selected list of crop correspondents chosen from the Dominion and Provincial Departments of Agriculture, private crop observers and grain men, supply the information on which these reports are based. The weather data included in this release are furnished by the Meteorological Service of Canada.

SUMMARY

Cool weather and frequent rains during most of May have made the season very late throughout the Maritime Provinces. With dry, warm days during the past week, however, seeding is now under way in most areas but much land remains to be planted. In Prince Edward Island only 25 per cent of the grain and potatoes is in the ground while in Nova Scotia the acreage planted ranges from 10 to 40 per cent. In New Brunswick seeding is in full swing except in low areas. The pastures and hay meadows throughout the Maritimes are in excellent condition and growing rapidly. The orchards in Nova Scotia have bloomed well but an outbreak of apple scab is feared.

Crop conditions in Quebec at May 31 are about one week earlier than they were at the same date a year ago. If the weather remains fair, sowing will be completed soon in several districts, particularly in the regions above Three Rivers. Correspondents in the Lower St. Lawrence and Gaspé districts report that only very little seeding has been completed to date. This delay is due in large part to heavy rains and cool weather which prevailed at the middle of May. Very little winter killing occurred in the meadows and pastures and present growth is rapid. Early-sown cereal crops are progressing favourably. Cattle appear to have wintered fairly well. In some counties, however, milk production has diminished due to shortage of feeds. This situation should soon be offset as increasing numbers of cows are being turned out to pasture. In the districts around Montreal, strawberries and apple trees have an abundance of blossom. In the sections around Quebec City they are only now coming into bloom.

Much warmer weather has been experienced in Ontario during the past few days and crop development is expected to be very rapid. Cold weather and excessive rainfall during the middle of May retarded growth and in some counties of south-western Ontario spring grains were damaged by excessive precipitation with the result that some fields and parts of others have had to be reseeded. In eastern and northern Ontario spring grains have been seeded under favourable conditions and yield prospects are promising. Farmers are now planting late-sown crops and a good percentage is already in the ground. Fall wheat, fall rye, alfalfa and hay and clover crops have grown satisfactorily during the past month and good yields are anticipated. The acreage of corn for

husking, soy beans and flax will likely be increased this year. Tobacco planting is progressing rapidly. Almost all cattle are now on pasture and the milk flow is approaching the seasonal peak. Although vegetable growth was slow during May considerable improvement is expected with the advent of warmer weather. Unfavourable weather adversely affected prospects for sweet cherries and Japanese plums, but other tree and bush fruits generally show a heavy blossom and are expected to yield well.

Warm, dry weather prevailed over the Prairies during the past week and excellent progress was again made in seeding operations. Wheat seeding is now completed in Manitoba and nearing completion in Saskatchewan. In Alberta the percentage of all seeding completed varies from 100 per cent in the south-east of the province down to about 25 to 30 per cent in the Calgary-Claresholm area where excessive moisture delayed field work until a few days ago. Seeding of coarse grains and flaxseed is nearing completion in Manitoba, about 55 per cent completed in Saskatchewan while operations are well under way over the greater part of Alberta. The rapid germination and growth of crops are doing much to overcome the lateness of the season. Owing to the hot, dry weather, however, rain will soon be needed throughout Manitoba and Saskatchewan and south-eastern Alberta to promote the continued growth of crops.

Thousands of acres of farm land in British Columbia are now under water and the situation grows worse hourly. At Agassiz, the agriculturally important Fraser Valley is completely flooded except for high points where livestock are stranded without food. Many cows have not been milked for days and disease has set in. In the Creston district some 7,500 acres are under water and all work on the land has stopped as further flooding is expected. The situation on Vancouver Island is much better. No flooding is reported and frequent rains have greatly benefited the pasture and hay crop. In the Prince George-Vanderhoof area seeding is general. Clovers are good but pastures are short. Winter wheat in the Vanderhoof district is excellent.

Maritime Provinces - The season in Prince Edward Island is the latest in forty years and less than one-quarter of the grain and potatoes has as yet been planted. Hay meadows and pastures appear very promising having come through the winter in excellent condition.

Seeding throughout Nova Scotia has been delayed by cold, wet weather but with the improvement of conditions during the past few days, normal acreages are expected. In the western counties seeding is about 40 per cent completed while in eastern and northern areas little has yet been done. In the Annapolis Valley excessive rainfall has delayed all farming operations and greatly hampered orchard spraying. Only a few acres of crops have been planted as the land is too wet to work. Pastures are good and the hay crop is promising. The bloom in the orchards is good but an outbreak of apple scab is feared. In the Nappan area only 10 per cent of the seeding has been done to date, as a result of the unsettled weather. The prospects for an average grain and potato crop are not good, on the other hand the outlook for hay and pasture crops is satisfactory.

In New Brunswick, heavy rains and cold weather until the third week in May kept land too wet for seeding. Warm, bright days during the past week, however, have dried the fields and seeding is now finished except in poorly drained fields. Pastures and hay fields are growing rapidly, although pastures are later than normal.

Quebec - Compared with a year ago crop conditions in Quebec on May 31 were about a week earlier. If weather continues fair, seeding will soon be finished in several districts particularly in the regions above Three Rivers. Reports from the Lower St. Lawrence and Gaspé districts indicate that field work has been delayed due in large part to heavy rains and cold weather during the middle of May. Meadows and pastures seem to have suffered little during the winter months and growth is rapid.

At St. Anne de la Pocatière spring has been late and the weather cold and wet. All wheat has been seeded and about 50 per cent of the coarse grains. Meadows and pastures appear to be in very good condition with no severe damage caused by winter killing. New seedings of clover and alfalfa are very promising.

In the Lake St. John district the weather has been warm and dry for the past two weeks and seeding has been completed in record time. Crops have germinated well and pastures are fair. Some rain would be welcome in this area. At Chicoutimi seeding has been delayed owing to excess rainfall.

At Lennoxville the weather has been wet and the pastures are late. Now, however, they are growing well and the prospects are good. So far very little grain has been sown. The agricultural situation in the Richelieu Valley is becoming more normal. Seeding operations are nearly all completed except for sweet canning corn. Early seeded fields, meadows and pastures appear in good condition as a result of the recent warm weather. At Hemmingford grain seeding will be completed this week. There has been considerable delay due to wet weather. Apples promise a light to medium crop. Pastures and meadows are producing a good stand.

Seeding of cereals has been completed at L'Assomption and the sowing of silage corn is in full swing. Planting of flue-cured tobacco is well under way while that of cigar and pipe tobacco is just commencing. Both old and new meadows are in good condition. Pasture is abundant.

In the western districts of Quebec frequent rains during the latter part of May have delayed completion of seeding operations but have supplied moisture for a good start of the early seeded grain. In general, new meadows are promising but pastures have been somewhat slow due to lack of warm weather.

Ontario - Cold weather and excessive rainfall in Ontario during the middle of May retarded growth. In some counties of south-western Ontario spring grains were damaged by too much precipitation with the result that some fields and parts of others have had to be reseeded. In eastern and northern Ontario spring grains have been seeded under favourable conditions and yield prospects are considered promising. During the last few days the weather has warmed up considerably and all crops are expected to show very rapid development. Farmers are now planting late crops with a good percentage already in the ground.

In the district around Harrow the planting of late crops is progressing rapidly with about 35 per cent of flue-cured tobacco planted. The planting of burley and other types of tobacco is also under way. Most of the corn and soy bean acreage has been seeded and the harvesting of head lettuce and other early truck crops is starting. Winter wheat in Essex County looks reasonably good except where damaged by excessive moisture. It is estimated that about 60 per cent of the anticipated 5,500 acres of soy beans to be planted on Pelee Island has been seeded.

In the area around Walkerton seeding is practically completed. Half of the seeding was accomplished early in the season while the other 50 per cent has just now been finished. Early sown grain looks favourable except for low spots. About half the wheat fields look excellent while the other half are very patchy. Hay and clover crops indicate a thick stand and are making excellent growth.

Cold, wet weather near Barrie has retarded growth in the last three weeks. The growth of spring crops is slow and that of wheat and clover is only fair. The remainder or about 5 per cent to 8 per cent of the spring seeding is to be completed. A few farmers on low land have sown no crop yet. Frosts in low areas have probably caused some damage to fruit. Corn and potato planting is expected to be general this week.

Prospects for all grain crops in Renfrew County are considered above average. New meadows have made particularly good growth. Practically all corn and potatoes were planted during the past week. From Kapuskasing comes the report that seeding was mostly completed by May 20. Low temperatures are delaying the growth of grass and cereals. Hay meadows promise a good crop.

- Manitoba - Wheat seeding is now completed in Manitoba and oats, barley and flaxseed are nearing completion except in the north and flooded areas. Warm, dry weather during the past two weeks has done much to offset the late start in seeding. Soil moisture conditions are still ample and germination and growth of early-seeded crops have been excellent. Good rains would be welcome, however, to promote germination of late-sown crops. No crop damage has been reported from insect pests to date.

Our correspondent from Melita states that ideal weather conditions during the past week is promoting very rapid growth. Wheat seeding has been completed; 60 per cent of the coarse grains and 40 per cent of the flaxseed has been sown. Fall rye prospects are good. A report from Morden states that seeding of coarse grains is 90 per cent completed and that seeding of corn and sunflowers is well advanced. Wheat fields are showing green and some have four inches of growth. Clovers and grasses and pastures are growing well. There has been no soil drifting and sub-soil moisture conditions are good. Prospects in general are bright but early rains are needed to maintain present conditions. In the crop district around Winnipeg seeding of coarse grains is completed except in low spots. Wheat is showing two to four inches in height and pastures are in good condition. Spraying operations for mustard have commenced. Rainfall would be welcome since surface soil is getting dry. Owing to good seeding weather more wheat is being seeded than was anticipated earlier.

In the north-central part of the province seeding is almost completed except for some barley and flaxseed and early seeded crops are looking very good. The weather has been favourable to date but rain will be needed soon in most of this territory. Our correspondent from Neepawa states that wheat seeding is practically all done; 75 per cent of the coarse grains and 25 per cent of the flaxseed has been completed. There are several wet areas where the farmers were only able to get on the land the last few days. These areas will be sown to coarse grains and flaxseed.

A report from Dauphin states that wheat seeding is 90 per cent completed and 60 per cent of the oats and barley, and 15 per cent of the flaxseed has been sown. Pasture conditions are good and live stock are picking up quickly. Good rains are needed now to give all grains an even start. Wild oats have become well established with some fields being reseeded. Our Swan River

correspondent states that wheat seeding is completed with about 10 per cent less acreage sown to this crop. About half the coarse grains has been seeded. Crop growing conditions are perfect. Pastures are plentiful and live stock are in good shape. Weeds, principally wild oats, are bad this year.

The Dominion Entomological Service reports that there is still no serious insect damage to field crops to date. Average precipitation for the province since April 1 has been 25 per cent above normal as compared with 49 per cent above normal a week ago. Mean temperature for the week ending May 31 was 2.3 degrees above normal.

Saskatchewan - The warm weather continued in Saskatchewan during the past week and is promoting rapid germination and growth. Wheat seeding is nearing completion throughout the province. Coarse grain seeding is 40 per cent completed in eastern, northern and west-central districts, while in the remainder of the province 70 per cent has been sown. Thirty-five per cent of the flaxseed has been seeded. The warm weather, however, is drying the soil rapidly and late-sown crops require rain to promote proper germination.

Good drying weather in south-eastern Saskatchewan resulted in rapid seeding of the wheat and coarse grain crops. Pastures are in excellent condition. In the south-central part of the province warm, dry weather continues to promote rapid germination and growth. Wheat seeding is practically completed. The top soil is dry and showers are needed to germinate late-sown crops. A report from Indian Head indicates that wheat seeding is completed in this area and that 60 per cent of the oat crop is in the ground. Cereal and hay crops are making excellent progress, pastures are in good condition and live stock are doing well. A good rain would be beneficial. In the Swift Current area seeding is completed. Weather has been dry for the past month but moisture conditions are still good except where annual weeds took toll of moisture. The germination and growth of the crop have been even and rapid. Fall rye and winter wheat are growing well. Rain will be needed in this district soon.

In the central part of the province wheat seeding is also completed. Ninety per cent of the coarse grains is in the ground and 40 per cent of the flax seeding has been finished. First seedings are showing good growth but rain is needed to germinate late-sown crops. Odd reports of grasshopper hatchings are coming in. A report from Scott indicates that seeding is virtually completed with early-sown grain showing green and growing fast. It is stated that the crop is more advanced than a year ago. Seedings of the last week will require rain for even germination as the past month has been extremely dry with less than one-quarter inch rain recorded.

In the north-eastern part of the province at Melfort, 80 per cent of the wheat and 40 per cent of the coarse grains has been seeded. There is a very heavy weed infestation established in first seeded grains. Germination of seeded crops to date has been excellent and growth is heavy in hay and pastures. Seven degrees of frost on the night of May 26 has caused no apparent damage to crops. In the north-western part of the province wheat seeding is completed; half the coarse grains and 40 per cent of the flax crop have been sown. Rain will be needed within the next week to keep grain coming along at its present rapid pace. Pastures are in excellent condition.

The Dominion Entomological Laboratory at Saskatoon reports that grasshoppers are hatching and damage to crops is starting in south-western Saskatchewan and to a lesser extent in central Saskatchewan. The late crop

development with continued hot, dry weather may aggravate the situation in spite of the good moisture conditions during seeding. Wire worm damage is general. A report of pale western cutworm damage to fall rye has been received from the Estevan area.

Average precipitation for the province since April 1 has been 11 per cent below normal as compared with 10 per cent above normal a week ago. Mean temperature for the week ending May 31 was 3.2 degrees above normal.

Alberta - Warm, dry weather has aided the progress of seeding throughout the past week. In the south-east of the province the grain is all in the ground in most areas with fall rye heading in some localities. Hot, dry winds have been exhausting the moisture supply and fall rye and wheat now need rain. The Dominion Experimental Station at Lethbridge states that warm, dry weather south of Calgary during the past week has facilitated seeding but little has been accomplished as yet in the extreme western part of this area. Germination and growth are rapid where seeding has been done. Farmers are still seeding wheat in many parts of the province. Sugar beet seeding of 31,000 acres is practically completed and thinning of early-sown beets has started.

Our Claresholm correspondent reports seeding now general and about 30 per cent completed. Wheat acreage here is reduced due to lateness and flooded areas and it is estimated that the over-all acreage in this area has been reduced 10 per cent due to the flooded ground. Fall rye and wheat are in excellent condition except where flooded. Reports from central and east-central portions of the province state that most of the wheat is seeded with good progress being made on coarse grain plantings. Germination is rapid and the moisture situation is generally good. Reports received from correspondents along the Calgary-Edmonton line are generally favourable, with good progress being made in seeding. Pastures are in satisfactory condition. North of Edmonton the weather for the past two weeks has favoured field operations and seeding should soon be completed.

The Entomological Laboratory at Lethbridge reports hatching of grasshoppers becoming general in south-eastern Alberta with wireworm damage severe, necessitating some reseeding. There is still no extensive pale western cutworm loss. Average precipitation for the province since April 1 has been 46 per cent above normal as compared with 72 per cent above normal a week ago. Mean temperature for the week ending May 31 has been 5.2 degrees above normal.

British Columbia - In British Columbia the flood situation, resulting from the melting of excessive snow in the mountains, is the worst in the history of the province. With continued warm weather increased flooding is anticipated. Thousands of acres of land are under water and in the important Fraser Valley the situation grows worse hourly. A report from Agassiz indicates that the Valley at that point is entirely flooded. Live stock are without food and have been stranded on hills and islands throughout the flooded area. Many cows have not been milked for days and disease is already beginning to appear. On Vancouver Island the season is later than average and heavy rains have completely saturated the ground. The hay fields and pastures have benefited but the strawberry crop will be delayed. A light set of plums and pears is indicated.

In the Creston area, seeding of cereals is about two weeks later than last year. Planting was stopped on May 27 owing to the danger of flooding by the Kootenay River. In one section 7,500 acres is now under water as a result of a break in the dikes on May 30. The bloom in the orchards has been delayed by the cold, wet weather but the strawberry and raspberry crops look promising. Seeding in the Prince George area was general on May 24 and one week earlier at Vanderhoff. Fall wheat stands in the latter area are excellent. Clover stands are good but pastures throughout central sections are short.

WEEKLY PRECIPITATION AND TEMPERATURE IN THE PRAIRIE PROVINCES 1948¹

Crop District and Province	Station	Precipitation			Temperature	
		Week ending	Total	Normal	Week ending 8 a.m.	
		8 a.m. May 31	since April 1	since April 1	May 31 Mean	Normal
<u>MANITOBA</u>						
1	Pierson	Trace	4.24	3.20	56	55
	Melita	.06	4.80	3.43	56	56
	Waskada	.34	3.60 2/	2.57	57	54
2	Boissevain	.14	5.01	3.30	58	53
	Ninette	.30	3.73	3.52	58	55
	Pilot Mound	.60	4.90	3.33	57	55
3	Portage la Prairie	nil	3.35	3.03	59	56
	Graysville	.10	4.80	3.06	59	54
	Morden	.18	4.28	3.15	59	55
	Morris	.06	3.42	2.86	57	56
	Emerson	.20	2.22	2.60	57	56
4	Winnipeg	Trace	3.83	3.44	58	56
6	Sprague	nil	2.05	3.36	54	54
	Pinawa	nil	1.28	2.21	53	54
7	Virden	.06	4.68	2.35	59	54
	Rivers	.04	4.62	2.85	57	55
8	Brandon	.08	3.95	2.84	57	55
	Cypress River	.04	2.79	2.99	56	55
9	Minnedosa	nil	3.21	2.86	55	55
	Neepawa	nil	2.85	2.86	57	55
10	Russell	nil	3.15	2.53	58	53
	Birtle	.02	3.57	2.55	55	53
11	Dauphin	Trace	4.88	2.29	56	53
12	Gimli	nil	1.40	3.54	54	53
13	Swan River	nil	4.02	2.23	57	52
	The Pas	.07	3.16	2.00	55	53
MANITOBA AVERAGE		.09	3.61	2.88	56.7	54.4
<u>SASKATCHEWAN</u>						
1A	Estevan	nil	2.88	2.85	58	54
	Carlyle	nil	2.22	3.11	56	53
1B	Broadview	Trace	2.59	2.74	55	54
	Moosemin	nil	3.29	2.45	57	54
2A	Yellow Grass	.18	2.19	2.71	57	54
	Midale	nil	2.23	3.20	56	53
2B	Moose Jaw	.02	1.95	2.65	59	56
	Regina	nil	2.12	2.43	57	54
	Francis	nil	1.48	1.83	55	53
	Qu'Appelle	nil	2.18	3.17	56	54
	Indian Head	.06	2.84	2.77	57	54
3AS	Assiniboia	Trace	2.14	2.08	57	54
	Ceylon	.16	2.36 2/	3.60	54	55
3AN	Chaplin	nil	.94	3.04	56	55
	Gravelbourg	nil	1.94	2.09	56	54
	Coderre	nil	.76	2.32	56	N.R.
	Bishopric	N.R.	.67 2/	2.27	N.R.	53
3BS	Instow	.08	2.36 2/	2.29	57	53
	Shaunavon	nil	3.00	2.23	56	52
	Cadillac	N.R.	3.68 2/	3.61	N.R.	52
	Val Marie	nil	2.70	2.56	53	52
	Aneroid	nil	2.35	2.51	55	53
3BN	Pennant	nil	2.56	2.82	58	54
	Swift Current	nil	2.26	2.64	56	55
	Hughton	nil	1.78 2/	3.06	56	53
4A	Maple Creek	.12	2.69	2.59	58	54
	Consul	nil	1.60	2.59	54	52

WEEKLY PRECIPITATION AND TEMPERATURE IN THE PRAIRIE PROVINCES 1948 1/

Crop District and Province	Station	Precipitation			Temperature	
		Week ending	Total	Normal	Week ending 8 a.m.	
		8 a.m. May 31	since April 1	since April 1	Mean	Normal
<u>SASKATCHEWAN</u>						
4B	Roadene	nil	2.60	3.07	56	53
5A	Leross	.04	2.77	2.49	55	51
	Lipton	nil	1.42	2.29	56	51
	Yorkton	Trace	2.29	2.59	57	53
	Dafoe	.01	1.92	2.11	56	51
5B	Foam Lake	.08	3.29	2.49	58	51
	Lintlaw	.01	2.71	2.86	54	50
	Kamsack	nil	2.72	1.89	N.R.	51
	Davidson	nil	2.09	2.35	58	53
6A	Dilke	nil	.74 2/	2.55	N.R.	N.R.
	Semans	nil	2.21	1.86	58	52
	Strasbourg	nil	1.38	2.65	56	53
	Harris	N.R.	.78 2/	1.77	N.R.	53
6B	Outlook	nil	.75	1.95	60	54
	Saskatoon	.08	1.66	2.10	58	54
	Elbow	nil	2.56	2.21	58	55
	Dundurn	nil	1.58	2.29	56	53
7A	Tugaske	nil	1.40	2.21	55	54
	Kindersley	nil	1.44	2.14	55	51
	Rosetown	nil	1.46	2.53	56	52
	Macklin	nil	2.73	3.11	57	51
7B	Scott	Trace	1.96	2.26	56	53
	Ruthilda	nil	.18 2/	2.37	N.R.	N.R.
	Biggar	nil	1.26	2.19	60	53
	Nipawin	.40	2.36 2/	2.43	58	51
8A	Hudson Bay Junction	.21	4.40	2.29	54	54
8B	Humboldt	.02	2.18	2.13	57	53
	Melfort	.04	2.38	2.53	56	54
9A	North Battleford	.02	1.96	2.16	61	56
	Rabbit Lake	.10	3.08	2.00	53	53
	Prince Albert	.26	3.26	2.29	55	54
9B	Waseca	.08	3.04	2.28	54	52
	Island Falls	Trace	1.78	2.28	51	51
SASKATCHEWAN AVERAGE		.03	2.22	2.48	56.3	53.1
<u>ALBERTA</u>						
1	Taber	nil	3.63	3.06	60	54
	Foremost	nil	2.42	4.00	61	59
	Winnifred	.04	3.11	2.92	N.R.	N.R.
	Medicine Hat	nil	1.56	2.30	60	57
	Manyberries	.40	2.84	2.83	60	57
2	Cowley	.25	3.68	3.34	55	52
	Macleod	.28	6.80	2.55	60	56
	Cardston	.22	6.09	4.78	56	55
	Lethbridge	.28	4.29	2.88	59	55
3	Vauxhall	nil	2.57 2/	2.39	58	55
	Brooks	nil	3.12	2.51	60	56
	Empress	nil	.52	2.46	59	57
4	High River	N.R.	4.03 2/	3.66	N.R.	52
	Vulcan	.24	5.66	2.68	N.R.	N.R.
5	Drumheller	nil	3.72	2.60	N.R.	54
	Hanna	nil	1.12 2/	2.93	60	55
	Naco	nil	3.01 2/	3.19	58	55
6	Olds	.06	6.38	3.25	55	52
	Calgary	.09	7.24	3.02	56	53

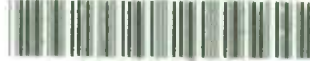
WEEKLY PRECIPITATION AND TEMPERATURE IN THE PRAIRIE PROVINCES 1948 ^{1/}

Crop District and Province	Station	Precipitation			Temperature	
		Week ending	Total	Normal	Week ending 8 a.m.	
		8 a.m. May 31	since April 1	since April 1	Mean	Normal
<u>ALBERTA</u>						
6	Three Hills	.02	4.96	2.26	55	51
	Strathmore	N.R.	3.94 <u>2/</u>	2.72	N.R.	50
	Gleichen	.26	4.88	2.58	59	53
7	Viking	N.R.	1.16 <u>2/</u>	2.78	N.R.	52
	Sedgewick	nil	.61 <u>2/</u>	1.90	59	52
	Hardisty	nil	1.21	2.00	N.R.	N.R.
	Coronation	nil	3.36	2.42	57	53
8	Hughenden	nil	1.96	2.50	58	55
	Red Deer	.01	5.85	3.46	57	51
	Lacombe	N.R.	5.16 <u>2/</u>	2.70	N.R.	52
	Wetaskiwin	nil	4.92	2.32	59	52
	Camrose	nil	3.14	2.96	58	50
	Stettler	nil	2.06	3.62	62	52
9	Jasper	.28	2.41	1.70	56	52
	Rocky Mountain House	.05	7.17	3.36	56	50
	Springdale	.02	6.88 <u>2/</u>	3.37	54	50
10	Vegreville	nil	1.92	2.97	N.R.	52
	Vermilion	nil	2.31	2.55	56	51
	Lloydminster	nil	2.55	2.08	58	51
11	Edmonton	Trace	4.56	2.55	59	53
12	Whitecourt	nil	7.70	2.94	55	52
	Edson	.24	6.72	2.29	56	52
13	Elk Point	nil	2.34 <u>2/</u>	2.24	55	51
14	Campsie	nil	4.69 <u>2/</u>	2.48	56	52
	Athabaska	nil	1.04 <u>2/</u>	2.63	57	52
	Lac La Biche	.03	2.91	2.45	59	52
15	High Prairie	nil	6.11	2.11	60	51
	Kinuso	N.R.	1.58 <u>2/</u>	2.43	N.R.	51
	Wagner	.25	3.84	2.61	56	53
16	Beaverlodge	.02	3.10	2.19	61	52
	Grand Prairie	.04	3.21	2.44	62	54
	Fairview	nil	3.89	1.63	61	53
17	Fort St. John	Trace	2.13	2.27	62	53
ALBERTA AVERAGE		.07	3.95	2.71	58.1	52.9

N.R. - No report.

^{1/} Source: Meteorological Service of Canada.^{2/} Incomplete: not included in average.

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