

22-002
no. 10
1951
July 4
c. 2



DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
Agriculture Division
OTTAWA

DOMINION BUREAU
OF STATISTICS

R JUL 4 1951

PROPERTY OF THE
LIBRARY

Published by Authority of the Rt. Hon. C. D. Howe, Minister of Trade and Commerce

C. R. No. 10
1951

Price \$2.00 for series of 23 Crop Reports.

TELEGRAPHIC CROP REPORT

Ottawa, July 4, 1951, 3 p.m. - The fourth of a series of eight telegraphic reports covering crop conditions throughout Canada is issued today by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Included in this report is the seventh of a series of thirteen telegraphic reports on crop conditions in the Prairie Provinces. A selected list of crop correspondents chosen from the Dominion and Provincial Departments of Agriculture, private crop observers and grain men supply the information on which these reports are based. The weather data included in this release are furnished by the Meteorological Division, Department of Transport.

SUMMARY

Due to frequent rains in June, seeding continued throughout the month in many sections of the Maritimes. A heavy hay crop is in prospect and in some parts of Nova Scotia large quantities are being made into silage. In Prince Edward Island and New Brunswick early sown grains are growing vigorously but in Nova Scotia excessive rains have retarded growth and reduced yields are anticipated. Potatoes are developing rapidly and are in bloom in early sections of New Brunswick.

Condition of all crops in Quebec remains good following recent general rains in nearly all districts of the province. Haying has started in a few districts with a number of farmers making silage of clover and alfalfa. Prospects for the hay crop are very good with the exception of the Richelieu Valley where below normal yields are anticipated. Prospects for cereal crops are promising with grains developing well on long thick straw. The strawberry crop is very good especially around Montreal and in the Eastern Townships but yields in the Quebec region are not quite as high as anticipated. Truck crops are turning out well although an excess of moisture combined with cool weather may hamper development of some kinds of vegetables. Orchard crops should yield well wherever appropriate spraying practices are carried out. Pastures are generally in good condition.

Aided by above-normal rainfall during June, practically all Ontario field crops are making excellent progress. The main exception is corn which requires warmer weather. Current prospects are for heavy grain crops, with oats and barley already heading out. Winter wheat is now fully headed and fall rye is turning colour. Frequent rains have held up progress in harvesting an exceptionally large hay crop and in some sections

Data for Newfoundland not available.

there is danger of loss due to spoilage. Pastures are generally excellent and milk production is being maintained at a high level. Apple growers are having difficulty controlling scab and some reduction in quality is anticipated.

Crop prospects remain generally good to excellent in the Prairie Provinces although the season is late, especially in Alberta. Despite less than normal rainfall, crops in Manitoba are generally promising. Cool weather and a carryover of moisture from last season has offset considerably the lack of rain this year. Early-seeded grain is heading freely. Rain is needed in south and central areas and warmer weather would be beneficial throughout the province to promote crop development. Crop prospects in Saskatchewan are generally good. The moisture situation is satisfactory at present except in the northwest where rain is needed now. Warmer weather is required to promote growth in all areas. In Alberta cold June weather retarded growth particularly of late sown crops and flax. In general, crops have rooted well with early seedings well stooled. Warmer weather is badly needed to promote growth. Moisture supplies are ample to excessive in south and central areas but surface moisture particularly is barely adequate in the Grande Prairie district and the north-east central section of the province.

Continued dry weather throughout British Columbia has reduced crop prospects generally. Meadows and pastures are suffering from lack of moisture and hay yields are down. Cereals are heading prematurely in some districts and yields will suffer. Berry crops in the coastal areas are also affected. In the central-interior the upper range is still satisfactory but moisture reserves are low

Maritime Provinces -

In Prince Edward Island the season continues to be wet, and grains, hay and pastures are all growing luxuriously. Planting of potatoes is now completed except in low areas. Colorado and flea beetles are present but damage is slight. Early seeded vegetables are suffering from excessive moisture and cold weather but plantings made since June 10 are growing vigorously. Cutworms are numerous and have done considerable damage in gardens and cucumber fields. Haying has not yet started but some clover has been cut for silage.

In Nova Scotia the hay crop is expected to be heavier than that of last year and large quantities of grass are being made into silage. Due to excessive rains in June the growth of grains was retarded and reduced yields are expected. Potatoes and hoed crops, on the other hand, are doing well. A crop of strawberries equal to that of last year is now being marketed but the outlook for the apple crop is uncertain because of prevalence of apple scab.

Seeding continued during most of June in New Brunswick. All crops are well advanced in the St. John River Valley and some early potatoes are in bloom in the Grand Lake area. The condition of early-sown grains is excellent. The hay crop is well above average with clover exceptionally good, although winterkilling has reduced clover stands in some areas. As yet little haying has been done. A heavy crop of strawberries is now being harvested. The size of the apple crop is uncertain due to the lateness of the season and the prevalence of apple scab.

Quebec - Recent rains in most sections of the province have maintained crops in generally good condition. Haying has started in some areas with satisfactory yields in most districts. Grains, with few exceptions, are doing very well. Good yields of strawberries have been obtained in the Montreal area and in the eastern townships. Around Quebec the strawberry crop has not been quite as good as anticipated earlier in the season. Truck crops are doing well although cool weather and excessive moisture may cut yields of some kinds of vegetables. Orchards generally are making a good showing and yields should be high if spraying is carried out at appropriate times. Pastures are good in most areas.

In the Quebec area haying has begun but wet weather has caused some delay and yields are not quite as good as expected, due to earlier drought. Crops are in good condition although development has been somewhat retarded by cool weather. Weather during June was dry in the Lake St. John area but recent rains have improved the situation. Crop growth has been slow and warmer weather is now required to promote development. Infestations of couch grass and sow thistle have been heavy this season. In the Lennoxville and Hemmingford areas south of Montreal pastures are excellent and hay crops are generally very good although a little later than normal. Little hay has been cut as yet except for silage. Condition of all crops is good although growth has been slow due to wet cool weather. Raspberries promise to be an excellent crop. A full crop of apples is sizing well and while scab is general the infestation is light.

At L'Assomption east of Montreal recent rain has improved all crops. Pastures are good and haying is in full swing. The outlook for special crops is generally fair to good. In the St. Johns district crops are doing very well especially beans, potatoes and grain. Corn, tomatoes and peas are also coming along nicely.

Ontario - Rainfall during June was considerably above average and all field crops except corn are making excellent growth. Corn requires more heat but current prospects are for heavy yields for most other grain crops. Winter wheat is now fully headed, rye is turning colour, and oats and barley are heading out. Frequent rains have helped maintain excellent pasture growth but have interfered rather seriously with the harvesting of an exceptionally heavy hay crop.

Weather conditions during June favoured rapid growth of all crops in Simcoe County and prospects are for better-than-average yields. Winter wheat is headed out and will likely be ready to cut by the last week of July. Harvesting of the hay crop is about half completed although conditions for drying are very unfavourable. Frequent showers have benefited the potato crop and pastures. In Bruce County crop prospects are also excellent. Haying is about a week earlier than normal but has been retarded by frequent showers. The wheat crop is not quite as heavy as last year but is filling well. Early-sown spring grain is heading out with excellent prospects. The outlook in Wellington County is also favourable although some difficulty is being experienced in harvesting the hay crop. Pastures, corn and root crops are making excellent growth. In Waterloo County continued rains are delaying haying and some spoilage has occurred. All grain crops, however, are above average and pasture is plentiful.

In the southern part of the province growing conditions have been generally excellent although haying has been retarded by frequent showers. In Middlesex County the wheat crop is beginning to ripen and early fields of oats and barley are fully headed. Stands of corn and tobacco are good but warmer weather is needed to maintain present prospects. Small fruits are generally good but some scab is noticeable on the heavy apple set. Haying is nearly completed in Essex County but has been hampered by wet weather. Corn and soybeans are now responding to warmer weather and potatoes are moving to market in large quantities. Early tomatoes, cucumbers, and other vegetable crops are being harvested with generally good quality. Winter wheat is almost ripe and oats are in full head.

A report from the Dominion Entomological Laboratory at Chatham indicates a moderate infestation of early corn borer. Crops in the district are generally good but some localized damage from heavy rain and hail has occurred. Prospects for all crops in Simcoe County continue to be above average. The tobacco crop is about ten days ahead of average and is in generally excellent condition. Canning and vegetable crops also give excellent promise. Fruit prospects are good but apple scab will cause deterioration of quality in that crop. The Dominion Entomological Laboratory at Vineland reports that general growing conditions in the Niagara Peninsula are excellent. The commercial strawberry harvest is almost finished and harvesting of a heavy sweet cherry crop has now started. Apple scab is prevalent in many orchards.

Prospects in the eastern part of the province are generally good although here, too, frequent showers have delayed haying operations. A report from Dundas County states that crops have seldom looked more promising. Moisture conditions are ample and pastures are maintaining excellent growth. In Renfrew County growing conditions have also been favourable and all crops are considered above average. Harvesting of the heavy hay crop, however, has been delayed and is just getting under way. Some oats and barley fields have now headed out and fall wheat is fully headed. Prospects for dry peas are very favourable and this year's seedings of clovers, alfalfa and grasses have made an excellent start.

Prospects for both hay and grain crops in northern Ontario have been considerably improved by rain during the past ten days. Pastures are exceptionally good and haying operations will start as soon as weather permits.

Manitoba - Crops are generally promising in Manitoba. Cool weather and reserves of soil moisture carried over from last season have offset considerably lower-than-normal rainfall received this season. Crops still show a marked range in development from late-seeded fields nicely above ground to early-seeded grain heading quite freely. Warmer weather would be beneficial and rain is needed particularly in south and central regions. The hay crop is below normal in the south and interlake region. Sugar beet thinning is 95 per cent completed and summerfallows are being well worked. Only minor crop damage has occurred to date with the grasshopper outbreak past its peak.

All crops are doing well in the Vita area in southeast Manitoba. Early crops are starting to head and some farmers have commenced

haymaking. Rain is required in most sections. Rain would also benefit all crops in the Altona area. Cool cloudy weather has prevented a critical situation arising. Most sunflowers and some of the beet crops are uneven and patchy and corn is backward due to cool weather. Early-seeded grain is heading but yellowing of the leaves is occurring. In the southwest at Melita all crops are progressing favourably with early-sown grain in head and some flax in bloom. The wild hay crop is good. Rain will be needed this week to maintain good prospects.

In the area immediately around Winnipeg rain last week improved the moisture supply situation. Early-sown grain is in the shot blade stage and a few fields are headed out. In the Portage area some wheat is beginning to head. Rainfall has been limited and some areas need moisture immediately and all crops would benefit. Wheat and coarse grains are average crops and peas and beets are good. The hay crop is medium to light. In the Brandon area rain is urgently needed. Crops are heading short, pastures are dry and the hay crop is poor. Insect damage has been negligible. Farther west all crops are progressing favourably with early-sown crops commencing to head. Moisture conditions are satisfactory here. Considerable spraying has been done to reduce the damage by mustard and thistles.

Conditions still remain excellent in the west-central part of the province. At Shoal Lake general soaking rains have been received and moisture is ample for three weeks. About half the wheat is in the shot blade and one-tenth is heading. Barley is reaching the shot blade stage. About three-quarters of the weed spraying operations have been completed. Gardens and pastures are good and all crops are well ahead of the same period a year ago. In the northwest at Dauphin wheat is in the shot blade stage and surface and subsoil moisture is satisfactory. Late-sown crops are patchy due to the recent dry spell. Weed spraying started last week. The stand of sweet clover, alfalfa and grasses is below average. At Swan River field crops are in excellent condition but heavily infested with weeds. Heavy rains over the past week have delayed chemical weed control application. A large majority of fields has reached the shot blade stage after stooling well. Gardens and pastures are good but summerfallows need working.

The Entomological Laboratory at Brandon reports that grasshopper damage has been light and that the poisoning campaign is well in hand in the Red River Valley. Average precipitation for the province since April 1 has been 33 per cent below normal as compared with 35 per cent below normal two weeks ago and 41 per cent above normal at the same time last year. Mean temperature for the week ending July 2 was 7.9 degrees below normal as compared with 5 degrees above normal two weeks ago and 4 degrees below normal at the same time last year.

Saskatchewan -

Crop prospects in Saskatchewan remain generally good but warmer weather is required to promote growth especially of late-sown crops. The moisture situation is generally satisfactory except in northwest areas where rain is needed soon. In the province as a whole wheat averages 10 inches in height and coarse grains 8 inches. A considerable portion of the wheat is in the shot blade stage. Late June hail losses are heavier than usual, many points in the area south of Regina and Swift Current being affected. Cutworm and wireworm losses have been more extensive this year than usual.

In the southeast part of the province at Fillmore the crop is a little late but prospects are good to excellent. Abundant rains last week alleviated the moisture shortage and heat is now needed to bring late crops along. First-sown crops are in the shot blade stage while late-sown crops are only 6 inches high and heavily infested with weeds. Recent wet weather is delaying spraying and dusting operations. At Yellow Grass moisture conditions are good and wheat is 8 to 12 inches high but just an average stand. Weed spraying is in progress and summerfallow work is general. In the southwest part of the province at Swift Current all crops have improved greatly during the past two weeks. Sufficient moisture is available to fill the fall rye crop which varies from very poor to excellent. Grain crops are showing a dense and leafy stand and will require rain later to fill. Grass is making some additional growth. At Eastend there is a good supply of moisture and early-sown grain is well advanced. The wheat crop shows heavy stooling. Late-sown grain is very slow in growth and warm weather is needed to bring it along. Some wireworm and cutworm damage has occurred in this district.

In the east-central part of the province conditions are generally excellent with early crops starting to head. At Willowbrook moisture is plentiful for a two week period, rainfall to date being nearly 6 inches. Pastures are very good. In the central part of the province at Drake 5 inches of rain have been received since April 1 and crop prospects are good. Early-sown grain is in the shot blade stage. Cool weather has retarded the growth of most grains and the season is generally two weeks later than usual. About half the acreage in this district has been sprayed for weeds. In west-central Saskatchewan at Rosetown worm damage has been severe and considerable reseeding of crops has been necessary. Moisture conditions are good and crop prospects are fair to good. Growth to date has been backward due to cool weather. Extensive use of spray will control weeds in this district. Farther north at Scott crops have deteriorated due to lack of moisture. Grain crops are generally late in this area and effective rains and heat are required to bring all crops along. Recent rainfall received in the northern part of the province, especially in the Melfort area, should promote satisfactory crop conditions.

An Entomological report from Saskatoon states that cold rainy weather during the week has greatly reduced insect damage. The wireworm damage is over for the season but new damage by cutworms is occurring in central and west-central Saskatchewan. Scattered severe cutworm damage is reported from the Ryan, Yorkton and Kamsack districts. No reports of important new grasshopper outbreaks have been received. Average precipitation for the province since April 1 has been 1 per cent above normal as compared with 14 per cent below normal two weeks ago and 8 per cent below normal at the same time last year. The mean temperature for the week ending July 2 was 9.6 degrees below normal as compared with 4.6 degrees above normal two weeks ago and 1.3 degrees below normal last year.

Alberta - Cold June weather has retarded growth and development, particularly of late-sown crops and flax. However, crops in general are well established with early seedings well stooled. Warm weather is badly needed to promote growth. Moisture supplies are ample to excessive in south and south-central areas where practically all field work was stopped last week. Surface moisture supplies are somewhat spotty in the remainder of the province and are barely adequate in the Grande Prairie section and in

the northeast-central area of the province. Wet weather has delayed the grasshopper hatch with most of the poisoning to date done in the Claresholm and Macleod regions. The first cutting of alfalfa and tame hay is under way in many sections of the province and generally good yields are being obtained. The only hail storms to do any appreciable damage to crops so far have been local storms during the latter part of June at Lucky Strike, Monarch, Glenwood and Cardston.

Crops in the southeast of the province are in good condition with grain crops stooling in most fields. Soil moisture reserves are good to excellent and the range is in excellent condition. Warm weather is needed around Medicine Hat to bring on late crops. The crop situation continues generally satisfactory south of Calgary through Lethbridge although cold wet weather has retarded development. Prospects for grain and flax are good. Thinning of sugar beets is nearing completion with an average crop expected. Canning crops are fair and cutting of a good hay crop has commenced. In the southwest corner of the province around Cardston excessive rainfall is delaying grain growth making spring crops very late. Pastures are excellent and no pest infestations have been reported here. Good growing weather is now reported from Brooks after heavy rains in June. Most dry land cereal crops are in shot blade. Although irrigation crops are late, canning peas, beans, corn and pumpkins are in good condition. The hay and flax crops are looking well and the alfalfa dehydrating plant at Brooks is operating to capacity. Grain crops in the Vulcan area are making slow growth. Moisture supplies are ample and warmth is needed to pick up two weeks lateness.

In the east-central area of the province around Hanna all crops are good though late. Warm weather is needed to force growth. Pastures are the best in years. In the Calgary area moisture conditions are excellent but growth has been backward due to low temperatures. All grains are stooling thickly and pastures are excellent. While general conditions are very good, warm weather is needed to promote growth.

In the Sedgewick-Donalda sector of central Alberta crops are very late and both rain and warmer weather are needed to promote development. Some wind damage is reported from Sedgewick and at Donalda gardens were slightly damaged by frost. In the west-central area around Lacombe and Red Deer all crops are good but late. Haying should commence this week with good yield prospects although 30 per cent of the sweet clover stands around Red Deer has been lost to weevils. Our correspondent at this point states all crops urgently need warm weather in order to escape fall frosts.

Around Vermilion, east of Edmonton, crops are only fair. The season is very late and rain is needed. In the Edmonton area warmer weather is an immediate requirement. Moisture supplies are adequate and pastures are in good condition. In the Bonnyville district of northeastern Alberta local showers have kept most parts of the district supplied with moisture but some areas are suffering from drought. Frost last week caused damage estimated at 10 per cent. Crops in general are extremely late and haying operations are just starting this week. Our Beaverlodge correspondent reports that light rains have improved the prospects in the Peace River district but further moisture is required. All crops here are two weeks late.

Winter grains are good. Frost during the week damage tender garden stuff but there is no known damage to field crops.

Grasshopper activity was decreased by cold weather and snow during the past two weeks. Slight to moderate damage has occurred around Granum, Claresholm, Nobleford, Vulcan and Champion in southern Alberta and the poisoning campaign is now under way north of Drumheller and in the Bodo and Provost areas. Pale western cutworm feeding is practically over for this season with light losses reported at some local points. Wheat stem sawfly activity has been retarded by weather conditions but field activities are now becoming general and the peak of the flight will be reached this week. Average precipitation for the province since April 1 has been 31 per cent above normal as compared with 24 per cent above normal two weeks ago and 38 per cent below normal a year ago. Mean temperature for the week ending July 2 was 7.8 degrees below normal compared with 2.6 degrees above normal two weeks ago and 2.1 degrees above normal a year ago.

British Columbia -

In British Columbia very dry weather has reduced crop prospects generally. Haying is well advanced but yields are only fair. Pastures are also showing the effects of the drought. Strawberry yields in coastal areas are also down and rain is needed to assure a crop of raspberries. In the Prince George district hot, dry weather has caused early heading of wheat, oats and barley and, as a consequence, these crops will be light. In the Kamloops area the upper range is still satisfactory but moisture reserves are low. Winter injury, insects and drought have reduced the prospects of non-irrigated cereals and cool weather has lowered the first hay crop. Cutworm damage has been extensive in this area and grasshoppers are causing concern in many southern interior districts.

Weekly Precipitation and Temperature in the Prairie Provinces, 1951 1/

Crop District and Province	Station	Precipitation			Temperature	
		Week Ending	Total	Normal	Week Ending 8 a.m.	
		8 a.m. July 2/51	Since April 1	Since April 1	July 2, 1951 Mean	Normal
<u>MANITOBA</u>						
1	Pierson	.10	4.73	5.92	53	64
	Melita	.18	4.28	7.53	56	64
	Waskada	.30	4.58	6.56	56	65
2	Boissevain	.40	3.83	5.95	54	64
	Ninette	.30	3.73	6.54	56	64
3	Portage la Prairie	.22	3.86	6.03	58	64
	Graysville	.38	2.84	6.66	57	65
	Morden	.49	3.66	6.43	58	65
	Altona	.64	2.84	6.34	54	65
	Morris	.96	3.60	6.05	58	65
	Emerson	.26	3.18	5.58	56	65
4	Winnipeg	.94	4.46	6.71	57	65
6	Sprague	.27	3.46	6.65	57	64
	Pinawa	.50	3.44	4.75	58	63
7	Virden	.24	4.31	5.40	54	63
	Rivers	.14	4.08	6.08	55	64
8	Brandon	.09	2.85	6.11	55	64
	Cypress River	.20	2.02	5.96	54	64
9	Neepawa	.21	5.06	6.01	56	63
10	Russell	.60	3.38	5.76	N.R.	62
11	Dauphin	.56	5.20	4.94	56	62
12	Gimli	2.12	5.40	6.67	57	64
13	Swan River	.44	5.41	5.82	55	61
	The Pas	2.84	7.10	4.36	56	63
MANITOBA AVERAGE		.56	4.05	6.03	55.9	63.8
<u>SASKATCHEWAN</u>						
1A	Estevan	.40	4.94	6.07	54	63
	Carlyle	.30	5.18	6.24	49	61
	Oxbow	.40	3.77 2/	6.07	52	62
1B	Broadview	.24	6.48	5.28	52	62
	Kipling	N.R.	N.R.	5.51	N.R.	62
	Moosomin	.16	5.02	5.41	55	62
2A	Yellow Grass	.64	5.09	5.82	52	63
	Midale	N.R.	5.02 2/	6.26	N.R.	63
2B	Moose Jaw	.76	6.38	5.87	53	65
	Regina	.81	6.34	5.74	53	62
	Qu'Appelle	.52	5.55	6.84	52	62
	Indian Head	.45	4.64	6.66	53	62
3AS	Assiniboia	.87	6.57	5.06	51	64
	Ceylon	.40	5.68	7.25	49	63
3AN	Chaplin	1.26	6.18	6.21	52	64
	Gravelbourg	.99	3.46 2/	5.45	N.R.	64
	Coderre	.50	4.70	5.35	51	64
	Bishopric	.38	5.43	5.32	52	63
3BS	Shaunavon	.56	6.78	4.87	51	62
	Cadillac	N.R.	6.06 2/	7.35	N.R.	63
	Val Marie	N.R.	N.R.	5.46	N.R.	64
	Aneroid	.37	2.52	6.14	52	62
3BN	Pennant	.54	6.75	6.45	52	63
	Swift Current	.46	5.64	5.78	50	63
	Hughton	N.R.	4.32 2/	5.42	N.R.	61

Weekly Precipitation and Temperature in the Prairie Provinces, 1951 1/ (continued)

Crop District and Province	Station	Precipitation			Temperature	
		Week Ending	Total	Normal	Week ending 8 a.m.	
		8 a.m. July 2/51	Since April 1	Since April 1	July 2, 1951 Mean	Normal
<u>SASKATCHEWAN</u>						
4A	Maple Creek	N.R.	4.82 2/	5.60	N.R.	63
	Consul	.08	4.40	4.94	50	60
	Roadene	.25	6.29	5.43	52	61
5A	Leross	.76	5.62	5.90	51	60
	Lipton	N.R.	4.22 2/	5.08	N.R.	61
	Yorkton	.52	6.56	5.44	55	61
5B	Dafoe	1.09	6.35	5.21	53	60
	Foam Lake	1.89	6.72	5.46	54	60
	Lintlaw	.71	6.11	5.46	51	59
6A	Kamsack	1.11	5.46	4.69	54	61
	Davidson	.80	6.85	4.81	52	62
	Dilke	1.56	7.57	5.24	N.R.	N.R.
6B	Semans	.80	6.63	3.74	52	61
	Strasbourg	2.08	9.58	5.50	52	61
	Harris	.44	3.95	5.10	53	61
7A	Outlook	.60	4.50	3.69	53	63
	Saskatoon	.53	2.86	4.77	52	61
	Elbow	.92	6.97	4.89	51	62
7B	Dundurn	.84	4.91	5.86	52	62
	Kindersley	.14	3.41	4.34	52	60
	Rosetown	.50	4.10	5.36	53	60
8A	Macklin	.40	3.68	5.48	N.R.	59
	Scott	.86	4.92	4.69	50	61
	Ruthilda	.46	1.68 2/	5.29	N.R.	N.R.
8B	Biggar	.60	5.01	5.23	52	62
	Mistatim	N.R.	1.31 2/	5.22	N.R.	62
	Hudson Bay	1.80	7.23	5.34	55	61
9A	Humboldt	.54	5.13	4.51	53	61
	Melfort	1.73	4.36	4.84	53	61
	North Battleford	.51	3.69	5.20	52	64
9B	Rabbit Lake	.70	4.17	5.06	52	61
	Prince Albert	.77	4.24	5.21	54	62
	Island Falls	2.21	7.07	5.08	54	61
	Waseca	N.R.	5.27 2/	5.20	N.R.	60
<u>SASKATCHEWAN AVERAGE</u>		.74	5.49	5.44	52.2	61.8
<u>ALBERTA</u>						
1	Taber	.50	11.35	4.96	53	63
	Foremost	.36	9.92	6.94	52	64
	Winnifred	.28	11.15	4.74	N.R.	N.R.
	Medicine Hat	.27	7.24	4.90	55	65
	Manyberries	.04	5.70	5.12	52	65
2	Cowley	1.05	8.88	6.70	50	58
	Macleod	.80	11.50	5.52	55	63
	Cardston	1.12	17.22	8.79	50	62
	Lethbridge	.42	11.90	5.84	54	63
	Magrath	.70	12.15	7.48	51	62
3	Vauxhall	.44	9.87	4.52	N.R.	62
	Brooks	.21	8.31	4.64	52	62
	Bindloss	Nil	5.49	4.76	56	64
	Empress	.28	3.25	5.25	N.R.	64

Weekly Precipitation and Temperature in the Prairie Provinces, 1951 1/ (continued)

Crop District and Province	Station	Precipitation			Temperature	
		Week Ending	Total	Normal	Week Ending 8 a.m.	
		8 a.m. July 2/51	Since April 1	Since April 1	July 2, 1951 Mean	Normal
<u>ALBERTA</u>						
4	High River	.98	3.76	7.25	50	60
	Vulcan	.40	13.02	5.97	N.R.	N.R.
5	Drumheller	.14	8.10	5.94	55	64
	Hanna	.10	4.06	6.34	48	60
	Naco	N.R.	4.15 <u>2/</u>	5.59	N.R.	60
	Oyen	N.R.	4.65 <u>2/</u>	4.14	N.R.	N.R.
6	Olds	.36	9.02	6.12	50	58
	Calgary	.54	9.81	6.41	52	60
	Three Hills	N.R.	8.90 <u>2/</u>	5.60	N.R.	58
	Strathmore	N.R.	9.98 <u>2/</u>	5.93	N.R.	58
	Gleichen	.18	10.75	5.14	53	60
	Hussar	.18	8.11	5.42	N.R.	N.R.
7	Sedgewick	N.R.	4.35 <u>2/</u>	5.11	N.R.	59
	Hardisty	N.R.	4.33 <u>2/</u>	5.00	N.R.	N.R.
	Coronation	.11	5.31	4.72	53	58
	Hughenden	.26	4.69	5.06	53	58
8	Red Deer	.07	6.29	7.47	51	58
	Lacombe	N.R.	6.34 <u>2/</u>	6.36	N.R.	58
	Wetaskiwin	.14	7.72	5.80	52	60
	Camrose	.18	5.54	5.63	50	60
	Stettler	.12	5.95	6.52	55	58
9	Jasper	.17	2.97	3.03	51	58
	Rocky Mountain House	.31	7.98	6.78	51	58
	Springdale	.40	5.89 <u>2/</u>	7.18	48	57
10	Vegreville	.09	4.89	6.35	52	59
	Vermilion	.44	5.82	5.76	51	59
	Lloydminster	.80	5.71	4.65	51	59
11	Edmonton	.20	6.52	5.82	53	60
12	Edson	.16	5.05	5.48	50	57
	Whitecourt	.49	6.24	5.74	51	60
13	Elk Point	.26	5.58	5.15	51	59
14	Campsie	.42	5.54	5.82	49	59
	Athabaska	N.R.	4.00 <u>2/</u>	5.17	N.R.	59
	Lac la Biche	.41	5.81	5.17	53	59
15	High Prairie	N.R.	4.34 <u>2/</u>	5.06	N.R.	59
	Wagner	1.23	6.57	5.26	52	59
16	Beaverlodge	.16	4.11	4.35	55	58
	Rycroft	.36	4.56	3.66	56	58
	Grand Prairie	.57	3.84	5.15	55	58
	Fairview	.61	6.21	3.99	54	59
17	Fort St. John	.90	5.02	5.18	54	60
ALBERTA AVERAGE		.40	7.30	5.57	52.2	60

N.R. No report

1/ Source: Meteorological Service of Canada

2/ Incomplete: not included in average

STATISTICS CANADA LIBRARY
BIBLIOTHEQUE STATISTIQUE CANADA



1010505426