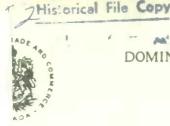
22-002 no. 10 1952 May 28 c. 2



## DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Agriculture Division
OTTAWA

For Release

May 28, 1952, 3 p.m. (E.D.S.T.)

Published by Authority of the Rt. Hon. C. D. Howe, Minister of Trade and Commerce

C. R. No. 6, 1952

Price: \$2.00 for series of 23 Crop Reports

## TELEGRAPHIC CROP REPORT

This is the second of the 1952 series of eight telegraphic reports, issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, covering crop conditions throughout Canada. Included in this report is the third of a series of thirteen telegraphic reports on crop conditions in the Prairie Provinces. A selected list of crop correspondents chosen from the Federal and Provincial Departments of Agriculture, private crop observers and grain men supply the information on which these reports are based. The weather data included in this release are furnished by the Meteorological Division, Department of Transport.

## SUMMARY

A good deal of progress has been made with seeding and planting operations in the Maritime provinces during the past two weeks. Although some districts report wet weather delaying operations, about 50 per cent of the spring grain crops has already been seeded. Potato planting is also in full swing with a somewhat smaller proportion completed than in the case of grains. Pastures and hay meadows are reported to be in good condition and present indications are for a satisfactory hay crop. Reports state that cattle are now generally on pasture. In the Annapolis Valley of Nova Scotia cool weather delayed the apple bloom and it is now felt that the danger of frost damage is about over. Both tree and small fruits look promising at this time.

Cool, wet weather during the past two weeks has delayed field work and retarded growth in Quebec. In some places excessive moisture has adversely affected spring-sown crops. The progress of cereal crop seeding varies from fully completed in the area around Montreal to about 10 per cent completed in the lake St. John district. Despite slow growth, the condition of pastures and meadows is generally good and prospects are favourable for a heavy crop. Gardening operations are proceeding very slowly and great difficulty is being experienced with spraying as a result of the heavy precipitation. Fruit trees appear to be in normal condition.

Moisture supplies throughout Ontario are now generally adequate as a result of heavy rains during the past two weeks. The outlook for hay and pasture crops is excellent and most cattle are now on pasture. While development of spring grain crops has been slow due to cool weather, the present outlook in most of the province is considered quite favourable. In the eastern part of the province, however, too much moisture has drowned out low-lying seeded areas and has brought field work to a standstill. Planting of corn and other late crops is progressing favourably in the southwestern part of the province. In Northern Ontario seeding is well under way but growth has been slow.

Note: - Data for Newfoundland not available.

voole elet lestennite

Warmer weather is now the main requirement throughout the province to promote rapid growth of all crops.

Seeding is nearing completion in practically all parts of the Prairie Provinces. Dry surface moisture conditions which had developed in many areas, particularly in southern Manitoba and southeastern Saskatchewan, have been partially relieved by precipitation varying from scattered showers to fairly general rains. With subsoil moisture supplies still adequate in nearly all districts the general outlook remains quite favourable. However, crops in southern Manitoba have already deteriorated as a result of drought and good rains are required here to promote recovery. Crops in most other areas are making rapid progress. Wild oat growth is unusually heavy this year: Scattered cutworm and wireworm infestations are also reported. With relatively few exceptions spring harvesting operations have now been completed.

Throughout southern British Columbia seeding has now been completed while in other sections of the province it is well advanced with 80 per cent of the grain crop being seeded in the Peace River Block. The first cutting of hay is reported in the lower Fraser Valley. General crop conditions appear to be good, being particularly favourable in the lower mainland area and on Vancouver Island. In the northern Okanagan, the Kamloops area and in the northern parts of the province, however, the weather has been dry and rain would be welcome. Prospects are for good crops of small fruits in the lower Fraser Valley this year with strawberries expected to appear on the market by the first week of June. Reports from the Okanagan Valley suggest prospects are good for fruit crops in that area.

Maritime Provinces Reports from Prince Edward Island indicate that from one—third to one—half of the grain has been seeded and that potato planting is well under way. Pastures and hay meadows are in good condition. In Nova Scotia favourable weather conditions for the past ten days have resulted in good progress with seeding and planting. In the Annapolis Valley and the southwest 70 per cent of the grain is seeded and in the north and east 50 per cent. Conditions of hay meadows and pastures are good. Cooler weather has delayed fruit blossoming and it is felt that the danger of frost damage is now over. Both apple and strawberry crop prospects are promising. In New Brunswick seeding and planting are well under way, although there are some reports of delays due to wet weather, with 50 per cent of the main crop potatoes planted in certain areas. Growth of grasses and legumes is generally very good and prospects are for a large hay crop if weather conditions continue favourable.

Quebec Weather conditions in Quebec during the past two weeks have been characterized by excessive rainfall and low temperatures. The result has been delayed field operations and retarded growth.

Heavy precipitation received in western Quebec during the past two weeks has prevented completion of the seeding of grain and hoe crops. Meadows and pastures are growing slowly but it is expected that warmer weather will provide heavy yields. Grain sown at the end of April or early in May has been growing very slowly. Most of the fibre flax has been sown but, as in the case of other crops, growth has been retarded. At L'Assomption practically all cereal crops have been sown but they are suffering from heavy rainfall. Since May 11 precipitation has totalled four inches. Meadows and pastures have improved considerably and cattle were turned out around May 15. Planting of flue-cured tobacco has just started. Sugar beets are being adversely affected by excessive moisture. At Hemmingford seeding was completed much earlier than usual under favourable conditions. The condition of pastures is good and the

prospects for hay and clover are promising. Present apple prospects suggest a crop about two-thirds of that of last year. Tent caterpillars are numerous and mouse injury to orchards was considerable. Weather is cool and wet.

At St-John vegetable crops are coming up slowly and suffering from excessive rainfall and low temperatures. In some localities corn and beans are rotting. In the Lennoxville district the weather is generally wet and cold and seeding is only about 60 per cent completed. Pastures are good and hay prospects are favourable. In Beauce, Dorchester, Levis and Lotbiniere districts many farmers have not yet started seeding. At Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatiere weather has been cold and wet. To date about 30 per cent of the wheat, 20 per cent of the oats and 10 per cent of the barley have been seeded. Pastures and meadows are generally promising and a good hay crop is expected. Orchards have suffered severe damage from mice.

The seeding, which got under way last week in the Gaspe Peninsula, has been interrupted by cool, wet weather. Pasture and meadow growth is doing better after a slow start and the present hay crop prospects are promising. At Normandin cool wet weather has prevailed and very little seeding has been done as yet. Icing last winter killed an estimated 80 per cent of the Ladino clover stands. Vegetation is late and cattle are still being fed inside.

Ontario Recent rains throughout the province have greatly improved the outlook for most crops although field operations in many districts have been temporarily brought to a standstill. In the Barrie area moisture supplies are now excessive in some districts. Frequent frosts during late April and early May damaged new seedings and generally retarded growth. Spring seeding in the area is now about 95 per cent completed and potato planting is general. Preparation of land for corn is well advanced. Recent rains in Bruce County have considerably improved the outlook for all crops. Heavy hay crops are in prospect and spring-sown grain appears to be making excellent progress. Acreages of cash crops, particularly flax and malting barley, are the largest in recent years.

Recent rains have relieved earlier drought conditions in Wellington County and crops have made excellent growth during the past two weeks. Considerable acreage has been seeded to flax and some sugar beets are being grown in the county for the first time. In Waterloo County crop prospects are quite favourable as a result of recent heavy rains. Corn and potatoes are being planted. Crop prospects in Halton County have also been improved as a result of recent showers. Bloom on apple, plum, pear and cherry trees is heavy and there has been no serious frost damage to date.

In the southern part of the province crop prospects have generally improved as a result of recent widespread rains. Around London winter wheat and springgrains are making good growth. Frequent rains have interfered with the planting of corn and beans but, with good weather, this should be completed during the next week. Some injury to crops in low areas resulted from excessive rainfall. Planting of soybeans and late tomatoes has started in Essex County. Early potatoes are well advanced and head lettuce is almost ready to harvest. The early tomato crop is now planted, planting of flue-cured tobacco is well under way, and planting of the burley tobacco crop has just started. On Pelee Island about 80 per cent of the soybean acreage has been planted under excellent conditions.

In the area around Chatham seeding of sugar beets is practically completed and planting of flue-cured tobacco has started. With the exception of

a few fields, corn seeding is now completed. Early potatoes and other vegetables are making good growth and there have been no reports of serious insect infestations to date. The outlook for all crops in Norfolk County is quite favourable. Tobacco is being planted under ideal conditions and about half the corn crop has been seeded. Bloom on all fruit crops is heavy. A report from Vineland in the Niagara Peninsula indicates that the month-long dry spell ended May 11. Indications are for a heavy set on cherries, peaches and plums. Apple and pear bloom has been heavy but the set is not yet known. Planting of commercial tomatoes is well under way.

In Eastern Ontario rainfall has been particularly heavy, damaging many crops in low-lying areas and bringing field work to a standstill. A report from Dundas County indicates that considerable water is lying on fields but that grain already up appears promising. Pasture growth has been slow. In the region around Renfrew completion of seeding of spring grains and planting of corn and potatoes have been delayed by heavy rains. Early-sown grains, however, are off to a particularly good start although there has been some damage from flooding. Pastures are excellent and a good hay crop seems assured.

A report from Kapuskasing in Northern Ontario indicates that spring seeding in that area started about the first of May but that heavy rains from May 11 to May 24 delayed seeding operations. Germination and growth of grain crops have been very good. Hay crops and pastures are generally excellent. Seeding is now general in the district as in most other areas of Northern Ontario. Throughout the province the main requirement to maintain the generally favourable outlook is warmer weather.

Manitoba Seeding is nearing completion although some farmers are waiting for rain before planting, especially flax. Over 21,000 acres of sugar beets have been planted. Crops have made little progress over the past two weeks due to drought and cool weather. Rains on Monday and Tuesday, however, have alleviated the situation in some parts of the province. Fall rye will be a light crop and even with extremely favourable conditions from now on hay yields will be low. Pastures have been very poor with feeding required wherever hay available. Some cutworm damage has occurred but controls have been fairly effective. Grasshoppers are apparently of minor importance this year. The area north of Riding Mountain has not suffered from lack of moisture and new crops are coming along quite well.

At Vita in the southeastern part of the province seeding is completed with some grain up three to four inches. Some cutworm damage has occurred in gardens and field crops. Hay and pasture crops are dry and rain is needed. In the south-centre of the province at Altona crops have not suffered too greatly from drought but rains are needed very shortly. Pastures have dried out rather badly in this area. Cutworms have caused serious damage to flaxseed, beets, sunflowers, peas and gardens. In the southwestern part of the province rain is urgently needed although early-sown grain on good summerfallow is holding up well. Germination of late-sown grains is very uneven and fall rye promises only half a crop. Prospects for pastures, gardens and hay crops are poor. Considerable flax will still be sown in this area if rains are received in time.

At East Selkirk rains have brought two months of dry weather to a close. This much needed moisture will bring along late-seeded crops which had germinated very unevenly. Cutworms are becoming a serious problem to market gardeners and sugar beet growers with considerable reseeding being necessary.

In the area immediately around Winnipeg early-sown grains are five to six inches high with yellowing spots where wild oats compete for moisture. Seeding was completed on May 17. Late-sown crops are very patchy and the outlook for hay and pasture crops is poor.

At Portage la Prairie over 90 per cent of the seeding is completed with cutworm damage being reported by sugar beet growers and grain farmers. Pastures have been very poor and the germination of late-seeded crops only fair. Wheat on summerfallow, however, is very good as is the outlook for the pea crop. Rain on Monday improved all crops but more precipitation is urgently needed. The outlook for the hay crop is poor. Farther west at Brandon seeding is completed except for ten per cent of the coarse grains and flax. Light showers have been of little benefit and heavy rain is needed. Cutworm damage is severe in some grain fields and moderate damage has occurred from soil drifting. Hay crop prospects are poor. Seeding is practically completed at Woodnorth but the weather continues dry. Later-sown fields are germinating unevenly but subsoil moisture is still good on summerfallows. Pastures are fair. Prospects for a good hay crop are unfavourable.

In the southern portion of the Interlake area at Teulon good rains have greatly improved the outlook. Pastures and hay were deteriorating as the result of the spring drought and crops in general were quite patchy. Light rain was received farther north at Arborg but much more is needed. Seeding is mostly completed in this district but germination has been slow and uneven. Pastures are poor.

In west-central Manitoba at Neepawa recent moisture has been helpful but is not sufficient to last more than two weeks. Summerfallow crops are good but stubble crops show only fair germination due to lack of moisture. Pastures are very dry.

At Shoal Lake seeding operations have been completed and a good general rain has just fallen. Conditions are good. In the Dauphin area warm weather prevailed until the week-end bringing seeded crops along fast. Fall rye is heading. Wild oat growth is very heavy. Spring harvesting operations are continuing with a number of farmers burning swathed and uncut fields of grain to get the land dried out. Mice damage has been heavy. Pastures are good.

The Entomological Laboratory at Brandon reports that weather has retarded the grasshopper hatch and states that cutworms are doing some damage to sugar beets in the Red River Valley and to grain crops in the Brandon area. Average precipitation for the province since April 1 has been 82 per cent below normal in comparison with 80 per cent below normal two weeks ago and in contrast to 38 per cent below normal at the same time last year. Mean temperature for the week ending May 26 was 5.2 degrees above normal compared with 1.1 degrees below normal two weeks ago and 6.6 degrees above normal a year ago.

Surface moisture supplies in Saskatchewan were improved by weekend rains and, while the distribution was uneven, late-sown crops particularly in the southeastern part of the province, should benefit. Wheat seeding is now practically completed while 85 per cent of the coarse grains and 65 per cent of the flaxseed are in the ground. Germination has been generally satisfactory but in some areas growth has been slow due to lack of rain. Subsoil moisture conditions, however, are generally good. Three-quarters of the wheat is now showing green. Wireworm activity has been reported at scattered points and growth of wild oats, particularly in eastern districts, is proving troublesome. Spring harvesting is nearing completion, with an estimated 2 per cent in west-central regions and 8 per cent in northeastern areas still remaining.

A report from Parkman in the southeastern part of the province states that seeding is now completed. Rain on the night of May 25 relieved dry top soil conditions and will help to promote germination.

Pastures are in generally poor condition and the hay crop will be light unless rains are received in the near future. Local showers in the Fillmore area have not been sufficient to reach the ungerminated seed in the dry top soil. However, aside from spotty germination, spring—sown crops are making fair progress and early—sown wheat is now up six inches. Around Indian Head early—sown crops are holding up well despite the lack of rain but germination of late—sown crops has been patchy. Hay and pasture crops are deteriorating due to lack of rain. There is an immediate need in the district for rains to replenish surface moisture.

Around Eastend, in the southwestern part of the province, 95 per cent of the crop has now been seeded. Early wheat is about six inches high and all crops in the area are doing well. Some grain from the 1951 crop remains to be harvested. About 25 per cent loss occurred in swathed grain while losses in standing grain ranged as high as 75 per cent. In the region around Leader seeding is completed and all crops are now above ground. Growth has been good despite cool weather. Some wireworm damage has been reported. First working of summerfallows in the district has been practically completed.

In the east-central section of the province seeding is about 95 per cent completed in the area around Togo. Germination has been spotty as a result of the prolonged dry spell. However, moisture conditions have improved as a result of recent rains. In the Willowbrook region seeding is completed and some grains are well above ground. Moisture is plentiful and pastures are good. A report from Drake, in the central part of the province, states that seeding is now completed except for low spots. Most fields are already showing green. Moisture conditions are fair and pastures are generally good. Fall rye is now heading. Growth of wild oats has been particularly heavy this spring. Summerfallow operations are progressing well.

In the west-central part of the province, around Rosetown, wheat has now been seeded and is mostly above ground. Seeding of coarse grains has been delayed somewhat as a result of waiting for wet spots to dry. Moisture and general growing conditions in the area have been ideal. Around Scott seeding has now been completed and early-sown fields are showing green with good stands. Grain crops have not suffered to date from lack of moisture in this part of the province. Hay and pastures are well above average and prospects for grass seed crops are promising. Some localized insect damage has been reported.

Seeding of all crops is well advanced in the Melfort district in northeastern Saskatchewan. Early-seeded grain is making good progress and stands of three to four inches are common. Moisture conditions are excellent and have been further improved with rain during the past few days. Growth of pasture and hay has been quite favourable. A report from Prince, in the northwestern part of the province, indicates that seeding is now completed and all crops are growing well. Growth of wild oats has been very rapid, necessitating some reseeding. Warmer weather is needed to maintain current prospects.

A report from the Dominion Entomological Laboratory at Saskatoon states that wireworms are causing severe damage to crops on fallow in central and west-central Saskatchewan. Pale western cutworms are causing slight damage in a few fields of stubble crops in the Milden and Rosetown areas. No grass-hopper damage has been reported.

Average precipitation for the province since April 1 has been 42 per cent below normal as compared with 36 per cent below normal two weeks ago and 15 per cent below normal at this time last year. Mean temperature for the week ending May 26 has been 7.0 degrees above normal compared with 1.1 degrees above normal two weeks ago and 6.2 degrees above normal for the corresponding week last year.

Alberta With few exceptions moisture conditions in Alberta are very satisfactory. Rains have fallen in many parts of the province and shower activity has moved into central areas giving relief to drying soil surfaces in many districts. Germination of late-sown grains will be much improved. Seeding is proceeding rapidly with wheat mostly in and coarse grains well advanced. All grain is growing well. Some wireworm damage is evident in the area south of Calgary and the severity of this problem should be evident by next week. Weak germination of seed has produced some uneven stands of wheat in southern areas.

At Manyberries in southeastern Alberta all crops are above ground and in good condition. Range conditions are excellent and both surface and subsoil moisture adequate. With the exception of sloughs seeding is completed in the Medicine Hat area. Early wheat is up four inches with oats and barley three inches above ground. Fall rye is headed out. Subsoil moisture is good but rain would be welcome to relieve dry surface condition. Range is excellent.

making satisfactory growth although a few thin stands indicate the possibility of seed having low viability. Sugar beets are showing an excellent stand and thinning has started. Summerfallowing is under way. Strong winds on Sunday caused limited soil drifting in some southern areas. At Cardston seeding of all grains is 90 per cent completed. Growing weather has been ideal and pastures have never been better. Completion of spring harvest has been delayed by showery weather. Farther north at Claresholm seeding is 95 per cent completed and spring threshing nearly finished. Moisture supplies are good with early seeded grain showing above ground. Hay and pasture crops are excellent. No soil drifting is reported in this area although slight damage from wireworms is indicated.

Our Brooks correspondent reports seeding is 95 per cent completed. Subsoil moisture is good in that area although the surface is dry. Wireworms are causing slight damage in cereal crops but the general outlook is good. Some alfalfa was damaged by winterkilling. In the east-central part of the province at Hanna harvesting and seeding are now completed. Early—sown grain is well above ground and pastures are good. The topsoil, however, is very dry and rain is needed. In the Calgary district wheat seeding is about completed with 80 per cent of the oats and barley in the ground. Moisture conditions are now good following recent rains. Early—sown grains are up two inches and the general outlook is favourable. A little spring harvesting still remains to be done.

Seeding is nearly completed in the Stettler—Donalda sector of central Alberta with early crops well above ground. Showers during the past week are benefiting late seedings, but more rain will be required soon to promote development of hay and cereal crops. Reports from Red Deer and Eckville in west-central Alberta indicate moisture conditions are now excellent. With the exception of some of the coarse grains, seeding is practically completed and wheat is showing above ground. Pastures and hay crops are doing well although fall rye was severely winterkilled. At Lacombe 70 per cent of the wheat crop has emerged and 80 per cent of the oats and 60 per cent of the barley

acreage is in the ground. Growth of hay and pasture has been slow and a heavy rain is required to assure good forage crops.

At Vermilion, east of Edmonton early-sown grain is doing fairly well but later-sown crops are very uneven due to dry weather. Seeding is completed but pastures are drying up rapidly and good rains are urgently needed. Spring threshing is now completed in the Edmonton district and seeding is well advanced. Both top and sub-soil moisture conditions are excellent and with warmer temperatures, growth should be very rapid. Similar conditions prevail at Evansburg.

At Bonnyville, in northeastern Alberta, the first rain of the season fell on Sunday and has greatly improved prospects. Wheat seeding is about completed in this area with some 25 per cent of the oats and barley still to be planted. First-seeded crops are emerging but germination has been uneven due to lack of moisture. Forage crops are doing well. North of Edmonton, at Athabasca, moisture is plentiful and the general outlook is excellent. In the Peace River area seeding is well advanced. Moisture is required to germinate late-seeded crops. Early crops germinated well and are growing rapidly.

Average precipitation for the province since April 1 has been 51 per cent below normal compared with 66 per cent below normal two weeks ago and in contrast to 59 per cent above normal a year ago. Mean temperature for the week ending May 26 was 3.1 degrees above normal compared with 2.3 degrees above normal two weeks ago and 2.8 degrees above normal a year ago.

British Columbia In the southern sections of the province seeding is completed and elsewhere it is progressing favourably. In the Peace River Block about 80 per cent of the grain has been sown. Crop and weather conditions are very good on the lower mainland and Vancouver Island. Grain crops have germinated well and hay is showing vigorous growth. The first cutting of hay is reported in the Fraser Valley. Prospects are excellent for strawberries and good for other small fruits with the first strawberries expected on the market the first week of June and movement in volume by June 15.

In certain sections of the interior, the northern Okanagan, the Kamloops and Prince George areas and in the Peace River Block rain would be welcome although crops have not yet suffered. In the Creston area and the southern Okanagan moisture conditions appear favourable and crop prospects are good. Present indications in the Okanagan are for a bigger fruit crop this year than in 1951. Some cutworm damage on vegetable crops and grass-hopper hatchings in considerable numbers are reported in the interior of British Columbia. Harvesting of the remainder of last year's grain crop is still in progress in the Peace River Block.

Bishopric

.05

.16 2/

1.94

N.R.

54

## Weekly Precipitation and Temperature in the Prairie Provinces, 1952

		Prec	Temperature		
Crop District	Station	Week ending	Week ending 8 a.m.		
and Province		8 a.m.	since since	May 26	May 26/52
and movince	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	May 26/52	April 1 April 1	Mean	Normal
SASKATCHEWAN (C	oncluded)				
3BS	Shaunavon	.16	1.88 1.95	59	50
	Cadillac	.16	1.28 2/ 3.11	60	50
	Aneroid	Trace	.50 2.14	60	51
OTAL	Pennant	.02	1.92 2.46	58	54
3BN	Swift Current	.07	1.56 2.25	59	53
. # I TEL		.06	1.70 2.70	57	53
	Hughton Marks	Nil	.07 2/ 2.25	60	53
4A	Maple Creek	.03	2.05 2.30	N.R.	51
	Consul		1.83 2/ 2.71	N.R.	53
4B	Roadene	N.R.	.81 2.16	56	50
5A	Leross	.17	.58 1.97	58	51
	Lipton	.17		58	52
	Yorkton	.16		58	49
5B	Dafoe	.11	1.11 1.77	58	49
	Foam Lake	Trace	.72 2.11		49
	Lintlaw	.10	1.06 2.47	57	
	Kamsack	. 34	1.60 1.62	59	50
	Pelly	Trace	1.11 1.79	55	50
6A	Davidson	.13	1.54 2.00	60	51
	Dilke	.02	.15 2/ 2.18	N.R.	N.R.
	Imperial	.14	.85 1.82	60	51
	Semans	Trace	.37 1.61	60	50
	Strasbourg	.10	.79 2.25	60	52
6B	Harris	N.R.	1.27 2/ 1.55	N.R.	52
	Outlook	.15	1.30 1.66	62	52
	Saskatoon	. 32	1.50 1.80	60	52
	Elbow	.04	1.47 1.87	61	53
	Tugaske	.02	1.03 1.83	60	52
	Dundurn	. 14	1.26 1.96	62	52
7A	Eston	.01	1.81 1.81	59	53
(1)	Kindersley	.17	1.98 1.83	58	50
	Rosetown	.27	1.54 2.21	58	51
<b>7</b> B	Macklin	. 44	1.01 2.81	58	49
/D	Scott	. 92	2.27 2.02	55	52
	Biggar	。94	2.19 1.79		51
8A	Mistatim	.62	2.59 2.00	55	52
OA	Hudson Bay	.22	1.60 2.01	57	52
dD.	Humboldt	.08	1.03 1.82	N.R.	52
8B	Melfort	. 30	2.23 2.20	59	52
0.4	North Battleford	1.25	2.62 1.79	57	55
9A	Rabbit Lake	N.R.	.72 2/ 1.73	N.R.	51
	Prince Albert	.61	2.75 2.00	59	53
		.98	1.68 2.00	54	49
On	Island Falls	.92	1.53 2.00	56	51
98	Waseca	. 28	1.23 2.13		51.8
SASKATCHEWAN A	VERAGE	9 CO	100) 4.1)	7000	720.7
ALBERTA	14-1	0.0	3 36 0 13	M D	5.9
1	Taber	.02	1.18 2.41	N.R.	53 58
	Foremost	.13	2.39 3.61	59	
	Winnifred	Ni1	1.29 2/ 2.66	N.R.	N.R.
	Medicine Hat	Trace	1.56 1.96	60	56
	Manyberries	Nil	1.88 2.51		55
2	Cowley	.14	.91 3.00		
flu		.14	.81 2.17	57	55

Crop District and Province	Station		Precipitation				Temperature	
				Total	Normal since		ending 8 a.m.	
			8 a.m.	since			May 26/52	
			May 26/52			Mean	Norma.	
ALBERTA (concl	uded)							
2	Cardston		• 36	1.92	4.15	55	54	
	Lethbridge		.01	1.53	2.48	58	54	
	Del Bonita		.23	1.84	3.06	54	54	
3	Vauxhall		.01	1.52	2.09	58	54	
	Brooks		.07	.67	2.21	57	55	
	Bindloss		. 26	1.15	2.25	58	55	
	Empress		.27	1.36	2.16	N.R.		
4	High River		.09	3.82	3.23	52	51	
	Vulcan		.17	.86	2.39	N.R.		
5	Drumheller		,12	. 39	2.24	58	52	
	Naco		. 38	,87	2.81	58	52	
	Oyen		N.R.	.54 2/		N.R.		
6	Olds		. 24	,50	2.87	53	51	
	Calgary		,01	1.55	2.58	53	52	
	Three Hills		.18	.57	1.87	55	50	
	Strathmore		.25	.55	2.33	53	50	
	Gleichen		.05	. 69	2.24	56	52	
	Hussar		N.R.		2.60	N.R.		
7	Sedgewick		N.R.	.06 2/		N.R.		
	Hardisty		.09	.614	1.71	N.R.		
	Coronation		. 36	.85	2.17	56	52	
	Hughenden		.17	.80	2.23	56	54	
8	Red Deer		42	.64	2.97	53	50	
	Lacombe		.88	1.41	2.31	56	51	
	Wetaskiwin		1.13	1,41	1.97	56	51	
	Camrose		1.06	1.36	2.65	55	50	
	Stettler		,60	.60	3.24	55	51	
9	Jasper							
7	*	Union	•73	2.38	1.52	52	50	
	Rocky Mountain		1.04	1.65	3.03	54	49	
10	Springdale		N.R.	.99 2/		N.R.		
10	Vegreville		1.30	1.36	2.57	N.R.		
	Vermilion		.51	.70	2.16	54	50	
17	Lloydminster		.89	1.25	1.76	56	49	
11 12	Edmonton		,68	1.44	2,20	56	53	
66	Edson		.61	1.35	1.96	53	51	
10	Whitecourt		.65	.88	2.57	52	51	
13	Elk Point		.44	.69	1.92	55	49	
3.1	Lac La Biche		.84	1,64	2.16	54	51	
14	Campsie		. 67	1.12	2.09	53	51	
	Athabaska		N.R.	.52 2/		N.R.		
	High Prairie		Trace	.80	1.76	56	53	
	Wagner		.51	.69	2.27	51	51	
16	Beaverlodge		, 02	. 38	1.85	53	51	
	Rycroft		Trace	. 52	1.32	54	52	
	Grand Prairie		.01	.58	2.05	53	51	
	Fairview		,04	. 66	1.36	52	52	
	Berwyn		N.R.	.16 2/		N.R.	50	
17	Fort St. John		Trace	.93	1.95	52	52	
ALBERTA AVERAG	E		. 34	1.15	2.33	55.0	THE RESERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 1	

N.R. No report

<sup>1/</sup> Source: Meteorological Service of Canada 2/ Incomplete; not included in average