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CONDITION OF FIELD CROPS, JUNE 30, 1950

Ottawa, July 13, 1950, 3 p.m. - The Dominion Bureau of Statistics issues today its report on the condition of field crops in Canada at June 30. The numerical condition is expressed as a percentage of the long-time average yield per acre for each crop respectively in each of the provinces.

The numerical condition at June 30 for all Canada for all major field crops, with the single exception of sugar beets, was above that of last year at the same time. Wheat and rye at 83 per cent and 74 per cent, respectively, are well above the 1949 June 30 condition level of 72 and 54 per cent. Oats (89 per cent), barley (85 per cent) and flaxseed (85 per cent) were 3, 9 and 5 points respectively above the comparable figures for 1949. Mixed grains at 96 per cent, were 30 points higher than at June 30, 1949. It is observed, however, that the June 30 condition of many crops, including wheat and rye, was below 1948 levels although oats and barley were exceptions to this, being 9 and 7 points, respectively, higher than on the same date two years ago.

June 30 condition ratings below those of last year. Hay and clover in particular were low in all three provinces, due in large part to heavy winter-killing. Conditions were almost the reverse in the central provinces where the June 30 wondition ratings for nearly every crop were higher than in 1949. In Manitoba, due in part to the lateness of the season, the major grain crop ratings were below the 1949 level. At the same time the June 30 condition figures for hay and clover, alfalfa and pasture were well above those of last year. Without exception, all crops in Saskatchewan had higher June 30 condition ratings than in 1949, and wheat and sugar beets excepted, a similar situation prevailed in Alberta—although the general level of the condition ratings in this province was considerably below that of the other two Prairie Provinces. Crop conditions at June 30 in British Columbia showed relatively little variation from the 1949 situation at the same date.

Condition data for all crops with the exception of spring wheat for the Prairie Provinces are obtained through the medium of reports from hundreds of informed persons who are asked to express their opinion of crop conditions at June 30 as a percentage of the long-time average yield per acre. It should be pointed out that the all-Canada condition figure for each crop is an average of the provincial condition figures weighted by the estimated 1950 acreage devoted to the crop in each province. It is important also to emphasize that condition figures do not necessarily reflect ultimate yields. Any deviations from normal in respect to weather factors, plant diseases or insect infestations between June 30 and harvest time may lead to outturns which will vary considerably from those apparently indicated by the June 30 numerical condition figures.

The spring wheat condition figures, based on weather factors, for Manitoba (99 per cent) and Alberta (59 per cent) were somewhat lower at June 30

^{*} Data for Newfoundland not yet available.

this year than at the same time a year ago. In these two provinces the wheat condition was 9 and 2 points, respectively, below the condition indicated at June 30 a year ago. The June 30 wheat condition rating in Saskatchewan, however, at 91 per cent, was 21 points above last year's rating for the same date.

Numerical Condition of Field Crops, June 30, 1950

For all Canada, the condition of field crops at June 30, 1950, expressed in percentage of the long-time average yield per acre, was reported as follows, with figures for June 30, 1949 within brackets: Fall wheat 90 (83); spring wheat 83 (72); all wheat 83 (72); oats 89 (81); barley 85 (76); fall rye 71 (51); spring rye 81 (64); all rye 74 (54); peas 90 (81); beans 91 (89); buckwheat 97 (86); mixed grains 96 (76); flaxseed 85 (80); corn for husking 92 (90); potatoes 93 (89); turnips, etc. 91 (83); hay and clover 81 (76); alfalfa 82 (68); fodder corn 94 (88); sugar beets 87 (98); pasture 89 (80).

In the Prairie Provinces, the condition of the principal cereal crops at June 30, 1950, was reported as follows, with the figures for June 30, 1949 within brackets: Manitoba - Wheat 99 (108); oats 86 (95); barley 86 (94); rye 84 (90); flaxseed 86 (91). Saskatchewan - Wheat 91 (70); oats 93 (82); barley 94 (74); rye 72 (45); flaxseed 86 (71). Alberta - Wheat 59 (61); oats 75 (62); barley 76 (61); rye 71 (53); flaxseed 75 (65).

Condition of Theat by Crop Districts in the Prairie Provinces

The two charts on the last page of the report show the condition of the spring wheat crop within crop districts of the Prairie Provinces as it existed at June 30, for 1950 and 1949. For Alberta and Saskatchewan the charts are directly comparable as between the two years. In Manitoba, however, the numerical condition of wheat in 1950 is based on a long-time average yield of 17 bushels per acre whereas in 1949 the basis was 16 bushels per acre. The crop district condition figures are based on the more important weather factors affecting the growth of the wheat plant, including precipitation during the preceding autumn period, and precipitation and temperatures during the months of April, May and June.

The sharp difference in wheat condition between adjacent crop districts as shown on the charts is an inherent characteristic where crop district averages of condition are employed, and the true gradations of condition must be inferred. The condition figures are expressed as percentages of the long-time average yields of wheat for each province, and therefore the condition of wheat as shown in the charts is not directly comparable as between provinces. It should also be noted that while condition in any crop district may be low or high relative to the long-time provincial average, this does not necessarily represent an abnormal situation. A low (or high) condition in any crop district relative to the long-time provincial average may represent a high (or low) condition relative to the long-time crop district average.

The condition of wheat in Manitoba at June 30 was 99. The crop district condition figures were above the provincial normal in all areas except crop districts 3 and 13 which were only slightly below normal and crop districts 1, 2, 6 and 8 which were significantly lower. Seasonal rainfall to June 30 was above average in all crop districts except 13 but temperatures were well below average throughout the province. Compared with last year at this time, the condition figures were the same or lower in every crop district except Nos. 4, 5 and 12.

The Saskatchewan wheat condition at June 30 was 91 per cent of the long-time provincial normal. The condition figures were above the provincial normal in only the eastern and northern crcp districts. The low condition in the acuth-central districts was due primarily to the lack of preseasonal rainfall. Spring temperatures were well below normal during all three months in all crop districts. The usually dry southern districts had above-average rainfall. Wheat crop conditions were good or better than at the same time last year in all districts except Nos. 5 and 8 in the northeast.

The June 30 condition of wheat in Alberta was 59 per cent of the provincial normal, significantly below the condition figures for the other two Frairie Provinces. The numerical condition of wheat as based on the provincial normal, was below 100 in all crop districts. Below normal presessonal rainfall combined with a very dry spring in practically all districts depressed the condition figures below those of the same time last year in all except the northeastern districts. Crop district 2 in the extreme southwest was the only area south of Edmonton in which the condition of wheat at June 30 approached normal.

Weather Surmary for the Prairie Provinces

Precipitation and temperature data in the Prairie Provinces are compiled initially on a crop district basis. The averages for these districts are then weighted by wheat acreage of the previous year in the respective districts to obtain provincial acreage-weighted averages of precipitation and temperatures.

Freseasonal rainfall was unfavourable in practically all districts of Alterta and Saskatchewan. Alberta crop district 14 had a preseasonal precipitation 0.1 inches above normal, the other districts were from 0.1 to 3.4 inches below normal, making a provincial average nearly 1.5 inches below normal. Only one crop district in Saskatchewan had above-normal preseasonal precipitation, namely 6A with an excess of 0.2 inches. The province had an average of 3.3 inches or 0.6 inches below normal. Manitoba had a preseasonal precipitation of 11.1 inches, 0.1 inch above normal. Crop districts 2, 8, 10 and 13 were below normal. The range was from 3.7 inches below normal in crop district 8 to 7.4 inches above normal in crop district 12.

With the exception of Manitoba and southern Saskatchewan, current seasonal rainfall in the Prairie Provinces followed in general the pattern of preseasonal rainfall. In Manitoba, May and June rainfall was above normal in all crop districts except No. 13 which had a deficiency of 1.8 inches. Rainfall in the remaining districts ranged from 2.4 to 2.8 inches above normal. Saskatchewan April-May rainfall ranged from normal to 2.3 inches below normal in all districts except 6B and 7A where it was just slightly above. The greatest deficiencies occurred in the southeastern, northwestern and northcentral districts. Alberta suffered from a very low spring rainfall in practically all districts. The Peace River was the only area with above normal rainfall and this excess was less than half an inch. All other districts had a spring rainfall varying from 1 to over 3 inches below normal. The deficiencies did not occur in any one month but were spread over the whole season.

Spring temperatures in Manitoba and Saskatchewan have been, without exception in any district, well below normal. Alberta temperatures were also quite low in April and May, although they were above normal during June for many

central and northern districts. The mean April temperature for Manitoba, crop district 13, in the northwest was 1.6 degrees below normal. The remaining twelve districts ranged from 5.3 to 9.5 degrees below the April normals. Crop district 13 temperature was 0.6 degrees below normal during June, the remaining districts varied from 1.4 to 5.9 degrees below normal. The mean temperature for April and May in the Saskatchewan crop districts varied from above 2 to 7 degrees below normal. The June temperatures varied from about normal to 4.5 degrees below normal, the widest variation being recorded in the southern districts. The April and May mean temperature varied between the Alberta crop districts from normal to over 4 degrees below normal. June temperatures were slightly below normal in the four southern crop districts and in crop district 9, the westcentral district. The other districts varied from approximately normal in the Calgary and east central districts to 3 degrees above normal in some of the northern areas.

I. CONDITION OF FIELD CROPS AT JUNE 30, 1950 AS COMPARED WITH JUNE 30, 1949 AND 1948

Note: 100 = Long-time Average Yield per Acre

Province and Crop	June 30			Province	June 30		
	1950	1949	1948	and Crop	1950	1949	1948
CANADA	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	NEW BRUNSWICK	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Fall wheat	90	83	97	Spring wheat	92	98	97
Spring wheat 1/	83	72	95	Oats	94	96	93
All wheat 1/	83	72	95	Barley	92	98	91
Oats	89	81	80	Beans	87	95	85
Barley	85	76	78	Buckwheat	90	96	93
Fall Rye	71	51	79	Mixed Grains	91	97	91
Spring Rye	81	64	75	Potatoes	93	95	95
All Rye	74	54	78	Turnips, etc.	91	96	86
Peas	90	81	90	Hay and Clover	71	88	102
Seans	91	89	96	Fcdder Corn	87	100	82
Buckwheat	97	86	96	Pasture	82	99	100
Mixed Grains	96	76	96	2000420	02		100
Flaxseed	85	80	83	QUEBEC			
Corn, Husking	92	90	94	Spring Wheat	95	92	96
Potatoes	93	89	95	Oats	97	94	96
Turnips, etc.	91	83	93	Barley	96	93	98
Hay and Clover	81	76	94	Spring Rye	95	90	95
Alfalfa	82	68	92	Peas	94	91	99
Fodder Corn	94	88	94	Beans	95	93	98
	87	98	90	Buckwheat	99	92	98
Sugar Beets	89	80		Mixed Grains	99	93	101
Fasture	09	00	97	Potatoes	97	93	102
				Turnips, etc.	98	93	96
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND			Hay and Clover	85	87	95	
				Alfalfa	84	85	97
Spring Wheat	88	95	94	Folder Corn	104	95	95
Oats	87	96	95	Sugar Beets	102	95	102
Barley	84	94	93	Pasture	87	91	97
Buckwheat	87	102	98				
Mixed Grains	84	97	93	ONTARIO			
Potatoes	91	98	96	Fall Wheat	90	83	97
Turnips, etc.	74	92	94	Spring Wheat	91	75	90
Hay and Clover	61	97	106	All Wheat	90	82	97
Fodder Corn	89	99	97	Oats	96	74	92
Pasture	69	107	110	Barley	95	73	90
				Fall Rye	94	86	98
				Peas	90	76	95
NOVA SCOTIA				Beans	91	88	96
				Buckwheat	96	79	95
Spring Wheat	81	95	75	Mixed Grains	97	70	95
Oats	92	94	76	Flaxseed	93	85	88
Barley	87	94	64	Corn, Husking	93	90	94
Buckwheat	92	100	92	Potatoes	94	83	98
Mixed Grains	90	96	60	Turnips, etc.	92	71	95
Potatoes	98	95	78	Hay and Clover	82	60	91
Turnips, etc.	90	96	81	Alfalfa	82	65	94
Hay and Clover	78	90	99	Fooder Corn	92	86	95
Fodder Corn	94	100	75	Sugar Beets	88	95	94
Pasture	92	96	105	Pasture	93	64	96
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^{1/} Includes condition figures for Frairie Provinces based on weather factors.

I. CONDITION OF FIELD CROFS AT JUNE 30, 1950 AS COMPARED WITH JUNE 30, 1949 AND 1948 (concluded)

Province and Crop	June 30			Province	June 30		
	1950	1949	1948	and Crop	1950	1949	1948
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.		p.c.	p.c.	P.C
MAN TO OTHER				ALBERTA			
MANITOBA				ALDERIA			
Spring Wheat 2/	99	108	113	Spring Wheat 2/	59	61	94
Dats	36	95	38	Oats	75	62	76
Barley	86	94	87	Barley	76	61	76
Fall Rye	82	90	93	Fall Rye	68	53)1
Spring Rye	91	90	89	Spring Rye	74	54	76
All Rye	84	90	92	All Rye	71	53	85
eas	92	89	84	Peas	74	71	85
		87	91	Mixed Grains	74	61	70
Buckwheat	91				75	65	82
lixed Grains	88	91	91 86	Flaxseed	76	68	83
Corn, Husking	88	90		Fotatoes			88
Flaxseed	86	91	90	Hay and Clover	64	46	
Fotatoes	88	93	89	Alfalfa	65	51	89
Hay and Clover	97	86	92	Fodder Corn	90	59	73
Alfalfa	94	88	90	Sugar Beets	82	100	88
Fodder Corn	83	90	88	Pasture	63	46	94
Sugar Beets	88	100	84				
Pasture	105	89	90				
SASKATCHENAN				BRITISH COLUMBIA			
Spring Wheat 2/	91	70	93	Spring Wheat	83	85	85
Oats	93	82	68	Oats	85	83	88
Barley	94	74	72	Barley	85	80	81
Fall Rye	67	37	73	Spring Rye	90	91	98
-	87	68	71	Peas	88	90	90
Spring Rye				Beans	90	92	93
All Rye	72	45	73	Mixed Grains	87	87	88
Peas	87	74	76			85	80
Mixed Grains	88	78	71	Flaxseed	84		
Flaxseed	86	71	75	Potatoes	90	87	92
Potatoes	89	82	84	Turnips, etc.	88	86	89
Hay and Clover	91	67	78	Hay and Clover	88	85	101
Alfalfa	94	75	79	Alfalfa	92	87	103
Fodder Corn	90	82	78	Fodder Corn	90	91	95
- OUTGOT A OTT	14					87	

^{2/} Condition figures based on weather factors.





