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Field Crop Reporting Series — No. 4

TELEGRAPHIC CROP REPORT — CANADA

This is the first of the 1978 series of seven telegraphic reports, issued by Statistics Canada covering crop conditions throughout Canada. Included in this report is the first of a series of twelve telegraphic reports on crop conditions in the Prairie Provinces. A selected list of crop correspondents chosen from the Federal and Provincial Departments of Agriculture, private crop observers and grain men supply the information on which these reports are based. The weather data included in this release are furnished by the Atmospheric Environment Service, Department of the Environment.

SUMMARY

Maritime Provinces. — Spring weather has been variable in the Maritime Provinces with cool damp conditions delaying field work in several regions. Planting of early potatoes has started in Prince Edward Island but a week of warm dry weather is needed to improve field conditions. Nova Scotia reports little winter injury and seeding has begun. In New Brunswick some early potatoes and grains have been planted.

Quebec. — Weather conditions have been unfavourable so far this season throughout much of Quebec. Forages generally seem to have come through the winter in good condition. Tobacco growers north of Montreal have experienced the most favourable conditions and progress in this area is about normal.

Agriculture Division
Crops Section

4-3102-508

Ontario. - Growth of winter wheat and fall rye has been slow due to the cool temperatures this spring. Winterkill has been above average and a number of winter wheat fields have been plowed up for reseeded. Hay and pastures are in fairly good condition, although growth has been very slow. Seeding of spring grains has commenced somewhat later than normal and germination has been slow because of the cool soil. Land preparation for corn is progressing well and corn planting in southern Ontario has started.

Prairie Provinces. - Farmers have started field work in most parts of the Prairie Provinces although recent rains have slowed activity. A limited amount of seeding is reported. Temperatures have been well below average and as a result plant development is delayed. Moisture supplies are good while very few problems with excess water are reported with the exception of some parts of Alberta.

Precipitation and Temperature Data, Prairie Provinces(1)

	Unweighted Average Precipitation		
	Per cent variation from normal(2)		
	Man.	Sask.	Alta.
April 1, 1978 - May 8, 1978	- 34	+ 37	+ 43
April 1, 1978 - May 1, 1978	- 31	+ 31	+ 61
April 1, 1978 - April 24, 1978	- 7	+ 49	+ 62
April 1, 1977 - May 9, 1977	- 14	+ 12	- 16
	Mean Temperature		
	°C variation from normal(2)		
	Man.	Sask.	Alta.
For the week ending May 8, 1978	- 2.2	- 0.1	- 2.4
For the week ending May 1, 1978	+ 3.2	+ 4.1	+ 3.5
For the week ending April 24, 1978 ...	- 1.3	- 1.2	- 1.5
For the week ending May 9, 1977	+ 2.4	+ 2.3	+ 1.4

(1) Source: Atmospheric Environment Service.

(2) Positive sign indicates above normal and negative sign indicates below normal.

British Columbia. -- A cool wet spring has delayed seeding in several areas of the province. These conditions have also retarded growth of vegetables and reduced bee activity during pollination. Forage crops, pastures, and hay growth are generally doing well. Inland ranges are in good condition.

MARITIME PROVINCES

In Prince Edward Island many fields still have snow around the edges making field work difficult. On the lighter soils in the eastern part of the province some potatoes and grains have been planted. Up to a week of dry weather is required for field work to become common throughout the province. If fine weather continues, widespread planting can be expected by May 20. Winter survival of perennial crops was generally good. A severe winterkill is reported in winter wheat fields. Most winter wheat and some forage fields have been fertilized and growth is just beginning.

In Nova Scotia a limited winterkill was experienced in pastures, legumes and winter grains. Spring seeding of grains and cereal crops is under way. The application of fertilizer and lime is proceeding on schedule. The main requirements at present are warmth and moisture to start new crops. In the Nappan area the weather has been very cold and damp but with little rain. A heavy snowfall was experienced over the winter in this region. Fertilizing has commenced. Around Truro weather has been warmer during the day but overnight temperatures have been cold. Fertilizing, liming and ploughing are proceeding where land conditions are dry enough. Grass is starting to grow but very little seeding has been done. Little winterkill in berries or forage crops has become evident to date. In the Annapolis Valley tree fruits are in the green tip stage but no scab sprays have been applied as yet. Weather has been unusually dry and no apple scab infection has occurred. Crop prospects are encouraging as fruit bud appears heavy in most orchards.

Weather conditions varied considerably in New Brunswick. In Kings County field operations began on May 1 and are progressing rapidly since good weather has prevailed. Planting of corn, small grains and forages has begun. Fertilizing of established pastures and forage stands is well under way. Dry cool weather with freezing overnight temperatures has delayed seeding in Carleton County. Only a small percentage of the potato and grain crops has been planted. Grass growth has been slow. Good snow cover resulted in little winterkill.

QUEBEC

Reports from L'Assomption district indicate that moderate temperatures and precipitation are benefiting clovers and other forage crops. Tobacco growers are preparing the land. Development of young tobacco plants is normal for this time of year and present indications are that transplanting will be under way by the end of May. At La Pocatiere plant growth has just started with development having been held back by dry, cold weather. Seeding operations have commenced and should be general soon. Haylands appear to have escaped winter damage although it is still too early to assess winterkill to legumes. Conditions in the Lac St. Jean district have been generally unfavourable. No field work has been done to date due to the cold, wet soils. Clovers appear to have come through the winter well. The abundant forage crop harvested last year has resulted in adequate supplies of fodder still on hand.

ONTARIO

In Essex County of southern Ontario plant growth is later than normal due to a cool spring. A considerable amount of the winter wheat crop has now been ploughed under due to severe winterkill. Early-planted spring grains, peas and potatoes, are making slow growth. About one-half of the corn acreage has been planted. No fruit trees are in bloom as yet.

At Chatham the spring is late as the weather has been cool. Some of the corn crop has been planted. Serious winterkill has been reported in many winter wheat fields. Warm rain is needed. In Norfolk County saturated clay soils prevented further harvesting of last year's corn crop. A severe winterkill is reported in many winter wheat fields. Planting of spring cereals is almost completed but corn seeding has just started. The spring has been generally cold and damp and the fruit trees are about two weeks behind normal. The strawberry plants have overwintered well. Planting of sweet corn, cabbage and potatoes has started this week.

In Simcoe County of western Ontario it is estimated that 25 per cent of the spring grain has been seeded while corn planting has just commenced. This is considerably behind normal. Farmers were able to salvage some of last year's corn crop due to the recent dry spell. The subsequent showers have stimulated hay and pasture growth. Dry weather until May 5 enabled farmers in Waterloo County to accomplish a considerable amount of spring seeding. The recent rains have replenished soil moisture. The growth of winter wheat and hay fields has been slow. Warm weather would now be beneficial. Considerable tillage was done last week in Wellington County. Many farmers have seeded their spring grains but very little corn has been planted to date. Growth of hay and pastures has been slow due to cool temperatures. The present warm rain should greatly improve growth conditions. In Halton County 50 per cent of the spring grains and a small acreage of corn have been seeded. Growth is extremely slow due to the cool weather and the season is ten days behind normal. Over one-half of last year's remaining grain corn has been harvested and good yields are reported. Winterkill of wheat is about normal.

In Durham County of central Ontario the growth of all crops has been slow to date. However, the heavy rain on May 8 combined with the warmer weather, will help the situation. Winterkilling of winter wheat and winter barley has been severe. The planting of spring crops is now general. A considerable acreage of last year's grain corn crop still remains to be harvested. In the area around Peterborough progress of spring seeding has been limited due to the rainy weather. Only a small number of farmers have completed their cereal seeding. The winter wheat crop is developing well.

In Leeds County of eastern Ontario field work is well under way with most cereals now planted and some barley germinating. Showers and warm weather have aided the growth of meadows and pastures. Corn planting has commenced. Some of last year's grain corn still remains to be harvested. Seeding of spring grains is in full swing with some corn already planted in Carleton County. Last year's grain corn crop is now being harvested. There has been little hay and pasture growth to date. Conditions are about one week later than normal.

Our reporter in Kapuskasing in northern Ontario indicates that the cool weather in April has delayed melting of the snow. Patches of snow along fence rows and low spots in the fields are still present and are delaying field work. Pasture and hay fields are still brown. In Thunder Bay moisture conditions are good but hay and pasture growth is slow due to the cool weather. Farmers are not currently on the land.

MANITOBA

Tillage and seeding are under way in most areas. Field work is most advanced in the southern districts with five to 30 per cent completed and in the central part of the province an estimated five to 25 per cent completed but in the northern areas not more than ten per cent has been done. Moisture supplies are favourable throughout the province but forage crop growth is slow. It is expected that the acreage seeded to corn and special crops as well as to rapeseed will increase compared with last year.

Farmers in the Altona district started seeding during the third week of April with optimum conditions prevailing. An estimated one-third of the grain and special crops were in the ground before operations were delayed by rain this week with about 15 to 25 mm of precipitation having fallen. In this district the acreage sown to sunflowers, rapeseed, buckwheat, corn and durum wheat will increase and there will also be some increase in the acreage of soybeans and lentils. At Morden surface soil conditions are excellent and sub-surface moisture is good. District farmers have started seeding cereals and corn but no crops have emerged. Haylands are in excellent condition and pastures are progressing well.

At Selkirk in the Winnipeg area wet field conditions have prevented normal field work so far but it is expected that seeding will start in about two weeks time. Pasture and weed growth has been slow due to low temperatures but with excellent moisture reserves growth will accelerate as temperatures moderate over the next few weeks.

At Brandon seeding has started but a 25 mm rain delayed field work. Fertilizers, both liquid and granular, have been applied during the past two weeks. Forage crop growth started ten days ago and winterkill of perennial forages as well as fall rye was slight. Sweet clover weevils are active but the plants are growing and injury is not expected to be severe. Moisture conditions are good.

Reports from Teulon in the Interlake area indicate small acreages cultivated and seeded. Farm operators are maintaining fertilizer and chemical applications. It is expected that seeding will be general by the weekend with an increase in rapeseed acreage probable and a small decrease in barley; the demand for seed oats is low. Pasture growth is slow although moisture conditions are excellent. At Arborg there has been minimal flooding this spring due to very cool weather followed by warm weather which spaced out the spring breakup. Warm weather the past few weeks has dried most fields enough to permit the use of heavy equipment except for deep potholes and low lying areas. There has been some pumping and drainage of potholes in the Lakeshore area. Very little seeding has been done except where the land is higher and lighter. Farmers are broadcasting fertilizer on perennial forage and grass seed crops.

Neepawa district farmers started field work at the beginning of May but many fields are still too wet to work. Rain on May 8 was welcome however as it provided moisture for pastures and haylands. In this district more rapeseed and grain corn will be seeded this season. Spring weed growth has started and pre-plant herbicides and fertilizers are being incorporated. Around Minnedosa field work is now general with farmers applying fertilizers and weed control chemicals. Grain seeding has also begun. Moisture conditions are fair but weed growth is slower than normal. Pastures are also developing slowly being in need of rain and warm weather. Spring feed supplies for livestock are good.

At Dauphin in the northwest part of the province field work has started and some seeding has been done. Moisture conditions are satisfactory with a good growth of wild oats and other weeds. Cattle are still on dry feed and in good condition to go on pasture.

SASKATCHEWAN

Field operations are now general throughout most of the province. Seeding is under way in the extreme southwest and should be general by next week. Moisture conditions are good in all areas. The south-central and southeastern sections received considerable precipitation this week. Weed growth has been slow. Pasture growth is also slow due to cool weather.

At Carnduff in the extreme southeast seeding has just started. Moisture conditions are good on summerfallow and fair on stubble. The weather has been cool with precipitation up to 25 mm this past weekend.

In the Indian Head district recent wet weather has delayed field operations. Fall rye survived the winter well. Hay and pastures are making good growth. Live-stock are in fair condition. In the area around Moose Jaw favourable moisture conditions exist on summerfallow while moisture is variable on stubble. Most of the pre-seeding tillage on the lighter soils has been completed and seeding has begun. Seeding on the heavier soils will commence this week and be general next week. The conditions of winter annuals appear to be better than last year. Native pastures are starting to grow while tame grasses and legumes have made considerable growth.

In the east-central area at Melville farmers have been kept off the land by the rains during the past week. Some field work has started but no seeding has been attempted in this district. Pastures have shown growth and soil moisture conditions are generally good following the rains this past week. At Canora work is getting under way on about 30 per cent of the fields. Seeding should be in full swing next week. Moisture conditions are near normal for this time of year.

In the Saskatoon area field work began last week and seeding is now general. Moisture conditions are good. Seeded pasture and haylands are growing well. Native pastures are still sparse but are improving.

Our correspondent at Rosetown in the west-central district reports seeding about eight per cent completed. Germination is expected to be good because of good soil and moisture conditions. Most farmers are spraying for wild oats. Prospects look good in this area.

At Melfort in the northeast fields are drying and field operations are commencing. Soil moisture is good at the present time. Fall-seeded crops and forages survived the winter in good condition and are growing well. Around Tisdale cool weather and localized rain have delayed seeding. Limited pre-seeding cultivation and application of soil in incorporated herbicides are under way. Progress is later than last year. In the extreme northeast at Hudson Bay spring cultivation and early seeding have been delayed due to the continuing wet weather. Fields are extremely soft because of the rain and extended runoff. Soil temperatures are below normal.

In the north-central district at Shellbrook field work is under way with most farmers delaying seeding until potholes dry out. Soil moisture is adequate in this area. Fall rye has wintered well and is showing growth. Hay and pastures look promising.

At Meadow Lake in the extreme northwest field work is just under way but virtually no crop has been sown to date. In general conditions are somewhat later than last year.

The Saskatchewan Municipal Hail Insurance Association report no hail storms.

ALBERTA

Cold weather had delayed field work but all areas now indicate that tillage and seeding operations have begun. The Edmonton-Vermilion and Peace River areas are the furthest advanced with field operations well under way. In other areas field work has been limited by wet fields and poor drying conditions. Progress has been slowest in southern Alberta where cool, wet weather during the month of April left field conditions too wet to support farm machinery. As a result seeding progress has fallen several weeks behind last year. With another week of good weather cultivation and seeding should be general throughout the province. Soil moisture conditions are rated as good to excellent and should promote good hay and pasture growth. Fall-seeded crops are in generally good condition with no more than normal loss through winterkill following one of the colder winters in recent years. Most livestock are in fair to good condition with forage supplies becoming short in some areas.

In the southern part of the province around Calgary cool, damp weather hampered field work and prevented seeding from becoming general this week. If conditions turn warm and sunny, planting operations could be in full swing within a few days. Only a small percentage of the wheat crop has been seeded so far this season. Heaviest precipitation occurred in the areas around Claresholm-Cardston and Brooks-Lethbridge.

In the west-central region at Lacombe field work is general. Seeding should become general by the end of the week. Surface moisture is plentiful. Hay and pasture are growing well. At Eckville field work started May 3 and seeding started on May 9. Seeding should be general within several days. Surface and subsoil moisture conditions are excellent. Fodder supplies are adequate. There are some indications that fertilizer application will be increased this year.

The Peace River area which has not had much precipitation is the furthest advanced with field work now general, and seeding is well under way. Sub-surface moisture reserves are adequate. Forage crop growth has commenced.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Showers have delayed soil preparation and planting of many vegetables on Vancouver Island. Growth of early vegetables is slow. Plantings of strawberries and raspberries are up from last year and strawberries are showing good growth. Daffodil harvesting has been completed and tulip harvesting has commenced. Cool, wet conditions at blossoming time were of concern to fruit growers as reduced bee activity affected pollination.

In the Agassiz area of the Lower Fraser Valley cereal and corn seeding are well under way. There is an abundant early growth of perennial forages. Strawberries are in bloom and raspberry acreage has been increased over last year. Root weevils and mites are present in some of the berry fields. Bud weevil infestation is heavy in some areas. In the Surrey region abnormally cold weather is delaying growth and land preparation. First cut silage is under way on some fields. Forage and grain acreages have been increased over last year. New seedings of hay and pasture are 50 per cent planted and corn and potatoes about 15 per cent.

In the North Okanagan cool and wet weather in April and early May caused spring crop seeding to be slow. Seeding of cereals, hay crop and silage corn has now started. Winter wheat, pastures and established hay fields are doing well. The report from Vernon states that adequate precipitation has caused growth to be one week ahead in the region. Cereal seeding is completed and pasture and range growth are excellent. The South Okanagan fruit growing region anticipates good to excellent crops of most tree fruits. Bloom has been heavy but fruit set only adequate due to cool conditions. No serious frost damage has been reported. Bartlett pear trees have been removed on a fairly wide scale.

Near normal precipitation and below average temperatures were experienced in the Cariboo region in the late fall. Light precipitation and normal temperatures in winter were followed by warm weather and heavy precipitation in April. This has caused excellent early growth on range land. In the Skeena River area light snow cover in the lower areas was all gone by mid-April. Fertilizer has been applied and presently the fields are dry. Work is under way but cold nights are restricting growth. Pastures are looking good and a fair amount of hay is on hand. There is concern about a dry summer.

Cool, dry spring weather has prevailed in the Fort St. John area. Seeding commenced May 6. Forage growth is slow. Ground moisture is adequate at present but conservation methods are necessary. Warm days are required at this stage.

Precipitation and Temperature Data, Prairie Provinces(1)

Données sur les précipitations et la température provinces des prairies(1)

		Precipitation — Précipitations			Mean temperature week ending 8 a.m. May 8 — Température moyenne semaine se terminant 8 a.m. le 8 mai	
Province and crop district — Province et district agricole	Station	Week ending 8 a.m. May 8, 1978 — Semaine se terminant 8 a.m. le 8 mai, 1978	Total since April 1 — Total depuis le 1 ^{er} avril	Normal since April 1 — Normales depuis le 1 ^{er} avril	1978	Normal — Normale
			mm		degrees — degrés C.	
MANITOBA						
M1	Boissevain	7.6	17.7	50.4	13	10
	Pierson	21.6	37.2	48.8	13	11
M2	Virden	12.7	30.2	41.4	13	11
	Brandon	5.7	27.3	44.5	14	11
	Cypress River	6.9	36.7	49.7	14	11
M3	Birtle	6.1	33.6	43.6	13	10
M4	Rosburn	2.0	35.0	49.5	13	10
	Russell	6.4	39.2	34.0	13	9
M5	Swan River	0.3	23.3	45.6	13	11
M6	Dauphin	8.2	30.4	48.1	15	11
M7	Gladstone	1.8	26.6	57.7	13	10
	Starbuck	11.4	39.3	67.2	13	11
	Portage la Prairie	5.5	34.1	59.5	14	11
M8	Altona	9.4	48.8	48.4	14	12
	Baldur	5.8	30.8	71.8	13	11
	Pilot Mound	7.5	33.3	59.1	13	10
	Graysville	6.3	29.7	54.8	13	11
	Morden	13.2	40.3	55.5	14	12
	Roland	8.4	26.1	49.9	12	12
	Morris	12.2	50.8	52.5	14	13
M8	Plum Coulee	12.2	62.0	63.3	13	11
	Emerson	9.7	50.5	51.4	14	11
M9	Winnipeg	7.2	30.0	53.3	14	11
M10	Pinawa	4.8	23.6	50.5	12	9
	Sprague	8.9	41.4	56.8	10	10
M11	Stoney Mountain	5.3	27.9	57.7	12	11
M12	Arbours	t	32.0	48.7	12	9
	Hodgson	N	20.3	64.2	13	10
	Gimli	t	41.6	49.2	10	9
	The Pas	t	29.6	36.2	11	8
	Grass River	1.5	27.7	44.5	13	10
	Thompson	3.1	36.5	43.4	8	11
AVERAGE — MANITOBA — MOYENNE		6.6	34.2	51.6	12.8	10.6

SASKATCHEWAN

1A	Carlyle	13.7	33.8	40.6	12	10
	Estevan	48.1	68.8	43.2	12	12
	Oxbow	14.7	34.0	37.0	11	10
	Willmar	25.1	41.6	39.8	..	10
1B	Broadview	22.5	49.3	37.2	11	9

Precipitation and Temperature Data, Prairie Provinces(1)

Données sur les précipitations et la température provinces des prairies(1)

Province and crop district — Province et district agricole	Station	Precipitation — Précipitations			Mean temperature week ending 8 a.m. May 8	
		Week ending 8 a.m. May 8, 1978	Total since April 1	Normal since April 1	— Température moyenne semaine se terminant 8 a.m. le 8 mai	Normal
		Semaine se terminant 8 a.m. le 8 mai, 1978	Total depuis le 1er avril	Normales depuis le 1er avril	1978	Normale
			mm		degrees	— degrés C.
SASKATCHEWAN — Continued — suite						
1B	Moosomin	8.9	36.6	43.6	12	10
2A	Yellow Grass	10.4	45.5	39.3	11	11
	Weyburn	14.0	48.3	42.8	11	11
	Midale	24.1	42.2	39.5	10	11
	Amulet	19.3	41.2	60.7	11	11
2B	Moose Jaw	25.1	52.0	37.0	11	11
	Regina	34.2	56.7	35.9	11	11
	Francis	35.1	..	10
	Indian Head	20.8	43.6	38.7	11	11
3AS	Ormiston	..	13.8(2)	37.4	.	11
	Cardross	13.5	36.7	40.5	10	11
	Rock Glen	30.5	45.8	58.7	9	10
3AN	Coderre	7.1	13.7	33.1	11	11
	Chaplin	1.8	22.9	30.7	10	12
3BS	Shaunavon	5.4	40.0	32.7	8	11
	Aneroid	11.0	32.0	37.0	10	11
3BN	Swift Current	2.4	55.7	36.4	9	11
	Pennant	4.9	65.2	34.9	9	11
	Elrose	1.0	70.9	29.8	11	11
4A	Maple Creek	1.0	81.5	36.0	9	12
	Consul	6.4	40.4	28.8	8	10
4B	Leader	1.0	92.1	30.4	11	12
5A	Balcarres	27.2	27.2	29.9	..	11
	Lipton	19.8	37.7	38.2	11	11
	Yorkton	11.6	36.7	34.8	12	10
	Atwater	12.0	28.5	37.4	12	10
5B	Wynyard	19.6	40.8	35.0	10	9
	Foam Lake	19.4	43.1	34.3	10	10
	Kuroki	19.0	42.6	38.5	11	9
	Kamsack, Cote	10.9	23.8	31.3	13	10
6A	Davidson	..	19.8(2)	35.5	..	11
	Strasbourg	10.4	25.0	38.4	11	10
	Watrous	..	14.2(2)	39.1	..	10
6B	Harris	2.0	57.3	30.4	10	11
	Outlook	t	28.8	28.3	11	12
	Saskatoon	0.6	32.8	30.9	11	11
	Elbow	t	18.8	34.9	10	11
	Tugaske	0.5	34.0	39.4	10	11
	Dundurn	N	28.9	31.7	10	11
7A	Alsask	3.8	88.6	17.4	9	12
	Kindersley	0.4	55.4	27.2	10	11

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					degrees — degrés C.	
SASKATCHEWAN — Concluded — fin						
7A	Rosetown	1.2	60.5	32.8	10	12
7B	Macklin	3.0	85.9	28.3	10	11
	Denzil	2.8	104.1	33.6	10	11
	Scott	2.5	74.1	32.1	10	10
	Biggar	t	44.9	31.5	10	11
8A	Hudson Bay	3.4	47.1	37.5	12	9
	Prairie River	15.0	63.6	37.4	11	9
	Nipawin	12.6	46.8	37.5	11	10
8B	Humboldt	N	27.9	29.2	10	10
	Melfort	12.0	54.7	33.8	11	10
9A	North Battleford	0.4	59.1	30.3	11	10
	Prince Albert	8.7	43.4	34.2	11	10
9B	Meadow Lake	32.0	76.5	30.4	10	9
	Waseca	12.2	86.9	36.0	10	10
AVERAGE — SASKATCHEWAN — MOYENNE		11.2	48.5	35.5	10.5	10.6
ALBERTA						
1	Empress	N	81.5	17.7	6	12
	Foremost	28.3	102.3	37.8	8	12
	Manyberries	11.7	91.4	39.3	8	11
	Medicine Hat	2.6	75.1	36.1	11	12
2	Brooks	2.7	67.5	33.1	9	11
	Gleichen	t	69.5	42.5	7	11
	Vauxhall	2.6	66.8	34.1	9	11
	Raymond	1.2	75.7	53.2	7	12
	Lethbridge	31.3	138.4	50.3	7	11
	Elnora	1.0	47.0	38.9	..	11
	Queenstown	2.5	25.4	46.4	6	11
3	Calgary	5.2	84.4	44.2	7	9
	Cardston	25.5	104.5	58.3	8	10
	Pincher Creek	23.5	85.1	70.8	4	9
	Fort MacLeod	7.1	82.4	50.5	7	11
	Claresholm	10.5	89.5	54.6	7	11
	High River	10.7	99.8	58.6	6	9
	Olds	N	23.0	41.3	7	9
4	Alliance	13.7	60.0	28.4	9	10
	Coronation	6.9	45.4	30.9	9	10
	Hughenden	18.6	72.4	28.4	10	11
	Lloydminster	13.2	94.4	31.2	10	10



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Precipitation and Temperature Data, Prairie Provinces(1)

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		Semaine se terminant 8 a.m. le 8 mai 1978	Total depuis le 1 ^{er} avril	Normales depuis le 1 ^{er} avril	1978	Normal
			mm		degrees — degrés C.	
ALBERTA — Concluded — fin						
4	Stettler	16.6	39.0	31.1	8	10
	Vegreville	2.0	8.0	28.3	8	10
	Ranfurly	0.6	20.2	32.1	10	11
	Vermilion	1.4	35.2	29.5	10	10
5	Edmonton	5.1	21.2	32.5	8	11
	Lacombe	..	27.6(2)	41.3	..	10
	Red Deer	3.3	39.1	38.6	8	10
	Rocky Mountain House	N	45.2	52.0	7	9
6	Gwynne	8.4	28.6	39.4	8	10
	Campsie	3.0	12.1	34.1	6	9
	Edson	2.8	41.5	34.9	5	8
	Elk Point	N	24.1	30.5	10	9
7	Whitecourt	0.2	16.7	43.6	7	9
	Beaverlodge	N	29.7	34.9	7	9
	Chipewyan	5.0	38.8	21.9	7	9
	Ft. Vermilion	N	15.3	26.8	9	9
	Grande Prairie	N	26.1	33.1	5	9
	High Prairie	..	64.0(2)	33.2	..	9
	Peace River	t	16.9	24.7	8	9
AVERAGE — ALBERTA — MOYENNE		6.9	54.9	38.3	7.7	10.1

(1) Source: Atmospheric Environment Service. — Service de l'environnement atmosphérique.

(2) Incomplete: not included in average. — Incomplet; non compris dans la moyenne.

.. Figures not available. — Données indisponibles.

N. Nil. — Néant.

T. Trace.