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## CANADA

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

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MINING, METALLURGICAL & CHEMICAL STATISTICS

# THE

# NICKEL-COPPER MINING, SMELTING AND REFINING INDUSTRY

IN

CANADA

1945

(including data on total production of Copper from all types of Canadian ores)





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## THE NICKEL-COPPER MINING, SMELTING AND REFINING INDUSTRY IN CANADA, 1945

Statistics relating to the nickel-copper mining, smelting and refining industry, as shown in this report, include those pertaining to the mining of copper-nickel ores, the smelting of these ores in Canada and the production in the Dominion of refined copper, nickel, etc., by the firms constituting this industry.

In addition to production of nickel, copper and the platinum metals, there is an important recovery from these ores of the associated metals - silver, gold, selenium and tellurium; sulphur for the manufacture of sulphuric acid is also salvaged in the gaseous state from waste smelter gases. The total gross value of the various primary products of this industry, considered as a whole, was estimated at \$112,780,854 in 1945 compared with \$121,493,774 in 1944.

Two companies operated both mines and metallurgical plants in the Sudbury area in 1945. The International Nickel Co. of Canada, Limited, conducts smelting operations at Copper Cliff and Coniston, Ontario, while the Falconbridge Nickel Mines, Ltd., smelt their ores at the Falconbridge mine located a few miles east of the town of Sudbury. This last-nemed company treats its matte in a refinery located at Kristiansand, Norway. Matte produced by the Falconbridge Nickel Mines Ltd. was treated during the war in the Canadian plants of the International Nickel Co. of Canada, Limited, but shipments to Norway were resumed in July of 1945.

The relatively small amount of nickel oxide sometimes produced at Deloro, Ontario, is recovered from silver-cobalt-nickel-argenic ores mined in northern Ontario. Smelter matter made by the International Nickel Co. of Canada, Limited, is treated in plants located at Clydach, Wales; Huntington, West Virginia; and at Port Colborne and Copper Cliff, Ontario. Converter copper made by the International Nickel Co. is electrolytically refined at Copper Cliff, and refined nickel is produced by the company at Port Colborne. In 1945 the International Nickel Company of Canada Limited shipped ore from the Garson, Creighton, Levack, Frood, Stobie and Murray mines.

The Ontario Nickel Mines Ltd. operated their property at Moose Lake from June 1 to October 27, 1945. The ore was shipped to the International Nickel Co. of Canada Ltd., at Copper Cliff, for treatment. Labor shortage prevented Nickel Offsets Ltd. from doing underground work during the year.

In 1945 the industry, as a whole, provided employment for 12,756 persons and distributed \$26,492,396 in salaries and wages. Fuel and electricity cost \$11,329,125 and explosives, chemicals, drill steel and other process supplies cost \$15,621,975. Female wage-earners in 1945 numbered 525 compared with 792 in 1944. There was a rapid dwindling in the number of femalo employees after the cessation of hostilities. The industry reported that \$42,226 were spent on prospecting for new mineral deposits in 1945.

Copper recovered from the nickel-copper ores of Ontario totalled 119,725 tons in 1945 compared with 140,395 tons in 1944. Production in 1945 of nickel in all forms from these same ores amounted to 122,537 tons against the previous year's production of 137,295 tons.

In 1945 a considerable tonnage of blister copper produced in Manitoba was treated at the Copper Cliff refinery of the International Nickel Co. of Canada Ltd.; some screp copper was also refined at Copper Cliff.

The annual financial report of the International Nickel Company of Canada Limited carries the following information with regard to operations in 1945:

"The cessation of hostilities in the summer of 1945, followed by the concellation of war contracts, caused a sharp decline in deliveries of our metals and an accumulation of nickel stocks. As all of our plants were equipped for sufficient output to fulfil the maximum wartime demands of the United Nations, it became necessary to inaugurate a program of curtailment of operations. This was commenced in August and by the year-end the production of nickel was down to about 50 per cent of the expanded capacity.

This Report was prepared by A. R. Deir, Mining Statistician.

"The war years imposed an extraordinarily heavy drain on the ore reserves of the Company and the annual tonnage of ore mined greatly exceeded that of any pre-war year. The ore mined in 1943, 1944 and 1945 was 12,105,545 short tons, 12,117,567 short tons and 10,136,350 short tons respectively. This compares with an average yearly output of 5,321,634 short tons for the three pre-war years, 1936, 1937 and 1938.

"It has, nevertheless, been possible through our extensive diamond drilling and exploration program to make progress in replenishment of proven ore reserves. In spite of the tremendous tonnage of ore removed from the mines during the war years, the proven ore reserves at the end of 1945 stood at 217,373,000 short tons containing 6,866,000 tons of nickel-copper, compared with 212,368,000 short tons at the end of 1938 containing 6,806,000 tons of nickel-copper.

"Process improvement designed to increase efficiency of operations has been demonstrated satisfactorily in a pilot plant. Work has already commenced on an addition to the Copper Cliff smelter to provide for this betterment."

The following is quoted from the annual financial report of the Falconbridge Nickel Mines Limited:

"Both the tonnage of ore treated and of metals produced declined substantially from the all time peak established in 1944. During the first quarter of 1945 operations were at a level only slightly reduced from the last quarter of 1944, but during the second quarter the shortage of labor became so acute, particularly underground, that it was necessary to close the smaller of the two furnaces at the end of June, due to the shortage of hoisted ore.

"Following the cessation of hostilities in Europe, receipt of favourable news concerning the Company's Norwegian refinery led to diversion of part of our matte production to our refinery at Kristiansand. The first shipment left Falconbridge about the end of July and beginning in late November the total matte production was earmarked for Kristiansand.

"Applying the established dilution factor, the Falconbridge Mines reserves as of 31st December, 1945, stand at 7,935,500 tons at 1.6% nickel and 0.85% copper. Reserves of Outside Holdings (interpretation of diamond drilling results) show 5,746,500 tons at 1.87% nickel and 1.04% copper."

Table 1 - Principal Statistics of the Nickel-Copper Mining, Smelting and Refining Industry in Canada, 1943-1945 (x)

1740	5-1945 (X)		
	1943	1944	1945
Number of firms	6(a)	5(a)	4(a)
Number of mines	10	9	8
Number of smelters	3	3	3
Number of copper refineries	1	1	1
Number of nickel refineries	1	1	1
Capital employed \$	167,097,138	(c)	(c)
Number of employees: On salary	1,230	1,282	1,254
On wages	13,420	14,175	11,502
Total	14,650	15,457	12,756
Salaries and wages: Salaries \$	3,414,557	3,661,427	3,603,371
Wages \$	26,781,415	25,556,018	22,889,025
Total	30,195,972	29,217,445	26,492,396
Fuel and purchased electricity used \$	12,649,118	12,795,637	11,329,125
Process supplies used \$	17,872,418	18,449,774	15,621,975
Estimated gross value of matte exported and			
Canadian refinery products (b) \$	128,583,784	121,493,774	112,780,854
Value of production (net)	97,931,927	90,130,255	85,791,717

<sup>(</sup>x) Does not include data for mines, power plants, etc., operated by subsidiary company.

<sup>(</sup>a) All in Ontario.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes value of customs material.

<sup>(</sup>c) Not recorded in 1944 and 1945.

Table 2 - Wage-Earners, by Sex and Months, Entire Industry, 1943-1945

34	1 9	4 3	1 9	4 4	1 9 4 5		
Month	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
						-1.5	
January	13,381	511	14,006	770	13,152	715	
February	13,379	527	14,048	779	13,032	712	
March	13,210	599	13,843	754	12,508	702	
April	12,844	628	13,447	740	11,975	689	
May	12,690	648	13,171	782	11,865	665	
June	12,844	668	13,186	791	11,850	636	
July	12,648	673	13,095	814	11,623	598	
August	12,510	688	13,012	828	10,395	543	
September	12,167	708	12,731	835	9,231	364	
October	12,159	695	12,771	822	9,308	367	
November	12,521	670	13,319	799	8,270	298	
December	12,978	676	13,543	788	8,502	1	
Average .	12,778	641	13,383	792	10,977	525	

Table 3 - Wage-Earners, By Months, in Nickel-Copper Mines Only, 1945 (x)

		Mill			
Month	Sur	face Female	Underground	Male	Female
					5
anuary	2,408	38	4,239	266	73
ebruary	2,419	33	4,190	266	77
larch	2,401	34	3,897	262	75
April	2,399	29	3,606	266	76
ley	2,411	27	3,462	260	71
une	2,488	29	3,323	255	68
uly	2,434	26	3,239	258	58
August	2,049	35	2,859	219	46
September	1,796	9	2,350	187	9
October	1,729	4	2.311	187	9
lovember	1,457	4	2,098	154	9
December	1,453		2,114	147	
Average	2,120	22	3,141	228	48

(x) Included in Table 2.

Table 4 - Wage-Earners, By Months, in Nickel-Copper Smelters and Refineries Only, 1945 (x)

Month	Male	Female	Month	Male	Female
January	6,239	604	July	5,692	514
February	6,157	602	August	5,268	462
March	5,948	593	September	4,898	346
April	5,704	584	October	5,081	354
May	5,732	567	November	4,561	285
June	5.784	539	December	4,788	1
	-,.02		Average	5,488	455

(x) Included in Table 2.

Table 5 - Number of Wage-Earners Who Worked the Number of Hours Specified, During One Week in Month of
Highest Employment, 1945 (Entire Industry)

Hours per Week	Male	Female	Hours per Week	Male	Female
30 hours or less	180	10	51-54 hours	546	1
31-43 hours	292	51	55 hours	17	
44 hours	131	4	56-64 hours	859	2
45-47 hours	728	41	65 hours and over	92	
18 hours	10.370	599	Total	13,276	710
49-50 hours	61	2	Total wages paid in week to employees specified \$	515,161	20,874

Table 6 - Total Employees and Salries and Wages Paid By Nickel-Copper Ines, Smelters and Refineries, 1945
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	Salaried Employees					Wage-Earners		
	Male	Female	Total	Total	Male	Female	Total	Total
	No.	No.	No.	salaries	No.	No.	No.	wages
				\$				*
Mines	396	42	438	1,329,091	5,489	70	5,559	11,679,065
Smelters and refineries	642	174	816	2,274,280	5,488	455	5,943	11,208,960
Total	1,038	216	1,254	3,603,371	10,977	525	11,502	22,888,025

Table 7 - Fuel and Electricity Used For Light and Power, Entire Industry, 1944 and 1945

	T1-11 - 0	1 9	4 4	1 9 4	5
Kind	Unit of measure	Quantity	Cost at works	Quantity	Cost at
			*		*
Bituminous coal: Canadian	short ton	3,327	27,381	4 + 0	
Imported	short ton	53,876	439,219	59,163	499,967
Anthracite coal: United States	short ton	184	2,739	114	1
Other	short ton				
Coke	short ton	317	4,272	690	8,933
Gasoline	Imp. gal.	110,653	27,666	79,484	20,758
Kerosene	Imp. gal.	5,530	1,162	5,296	1,116
Fuel oil and diesel oil	Imp. gal.	1,425,579	150,285	1,076,105	114,342
Wood	cord	404	5,142	133	1,244
Electricity purchased	K.W.H.	710,727,596	2,144,255	642,126,162	1,791,198
Total	0.6.0	0.04	2,800,121		2,439,245
Electricity generated for own use .	K.W.H.	8,854,270		8,399,500	
Electricity generated for sale	K.W.H.	596,077	3,134		

Table 8 - Fuel and Electricity Used For Light and Power, By Mines Only, 1944 and 1945 (x)

	75. 4.4 0	1 9	4 4	1 9	4 5
Kind	Unit of measure	Quantity	Cost at works	Quantity	Cost at works
			\$		\$
Bituminous coal: Canadian	short ton	2,296	18,893		
Imported	short ton	20,996	177,574	22,713	198,336
Anthracite coal: United States	short ton	127	1,890	78	1,152
Other	short ton				0 0 0
Coke	short ton	40	520	75,	1,088
Gasoline	Imp. gal.	62,246	14,809	36,492	10,447
Kerosene	Imp. gal.	3,176	667	2,717	572
Fuel oil and diesel oil	Imp. gal.	1,226,686	129,494	1,054,337	112,264
Wood	cord	271	1,897		
Electricity purchased	K.W.H.	166, 328, 143	544 174	143,645,962	439,123
Total			889,918		762,982
Electricity generated for own use .	K.W.H.	10,720			
(x) Included in Table 7.					

Table 9 - Fuel and Electricity Used For Metallurgical Purposes, Entire Industry, 1944 and 1945

	F7	1 9	4 4	1 9	4 5
Kind	Unit of measure	Quantity	Cost at works	Quantity	Cost at works
			\$		*
Bituminous coal: Canadian	short ton	***	4 9 1		
Imported	short ton	552,625	4,474,224	477,493	3,962,052
Anthracite coal: United States	short ton		* * *	* * *	
Charcoal	pound	1,186,600	19,811	1,056,870	18,702
Coke	short ton	277,051	3,511,073	242,681	3,113,807
Gasoline	Imp.gal.	25,733	6,953	29,790	7,358
Kerosene	Imp.gal.	6,770	1,401	5,980	1,256
Fuel oil and diesel oil	Imp.gal.	17,048,827	1,086,038	15,397,360	975,196
Wood	cord	35	276	9	60
Gas: Natural	M cu. ft.	519	387	437	430
Electricity purchased	K.W.H.	276,861,389	895.353	252,630,449	811,019
Total			9,995,516		8,889,880

Table 10 - Power Equipment (Including Stand-By or Emergency Equipment) Entire Industry, 1945

Ordina	rily in Use	In Reserve or Idle		
Number	Total horse	Number	Total horse	
of units	power (x)	of units	power (x)	
20	920	2	2,574	
1	3,350			
1	60			
1	60			
4,408	149,322	651	44,852	
4,431	153,712	653	47,426	
336	4,079	32	1,655	
22	9,035	3	725	
147	70,919	22	13,401	
	Number of units  20 1 1 1 4,408 4,431 336	of units power (x)  20 920 1 3,350 1 60 1 60 4,408 149,322 4,431 153,712  336 4,079 22 9,035	Number of units         Total horse power (x)         Number of units           20         920         2           1         3,350            1         60            4,408         149,322         651           4,431         153,712         653           336         4,079         32           22         9,035         3	

<sup>(</sup>x) According to manufacturers' rating.

Table 11 - Output From Ontario Nickel-Copper Mines and Smelters, 1943-1945 (Short tons)

	1943	1944	1945
re shipped from mines	12,920,917	12,955,208	10,854,735
re treated (x)	12,912,332	12,966,679	10,865,722
onverter copper produced in Ontario from Ontario ores(a)	130,905	133,879	114,899
ckel produced in Ontario (b)	106,069	104,677	94,832
atte exported (c)	56,833	48,287	41,319
ckel content of matte exported	37,911	32,618	27,706
opper content of matte exported (a)	7,532	6,516	5,479

<sup>(</sup>x) Represents the tonnage of crude ore smelted together with the tonnage of ore milled.

Table 12 - Production of Nickel (x) From Canadian Ores, 1926-1945

Year	Pounds	Value	Year	Pounds	Value
		\$			
1926	65,714,294	14,374,163	1936	169,739,393	43,876,525
1927	66,798,717	15, 262, 171	1937	224,905,046	59,507,176
1928	96,755,578	22,318,907	1938	210,572,738	53,914,494
1929	110,275,912	27,115,461	1939	226,105,865	50,920,305
1930	103,768,957	24,455,133	1940	245,557,871	59,822,591
1931	65,666,320	15, 267, 453	1941	282, 258, 235	68,656,795
1932	30,327,968	7,179,862	1942	285,211,803	69,998,427
933	83,264,658	20,130,480	1943	288,018,615	71,675,322
1934	128,687,340	32,139,425	1944	274,598,629	69,204,152
1935	138,516,240	35,345,103	1945	245,130,983	61,982,133

<sup>(</sup>x) Usually includes a relatively small quantity of nickel recovered annually from silver-cobalt cres; Canadian nickel production comes entirely from Ontario cres with the exception of 1937 when a relatively small tonnage of nickel cre was exported from a property in British Columbia.

<sup>(</sup>a) Copper content, including copper content of Ontario ores purchased, less reverts.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes nickel content of salts and oxides produced from nickel-copper ores only.

<sup>(</sup>c) Less a relatively small tonnage of matte returned to Canada for retreatment.

Table 13 - Production of New Nickel in Canada, By Months (in all forms), 1944-1946

Month	1944	1945	1 9 4 6 (x)
		(Pounds)	
January	23,546,809	23,667,393	13,823,097
February	22, 383, 335	20,635,189	12,450,169
March	25, 290, 263	23,412,858	15,677,068
April	23,161,864	21,567,624	18,479,626
May	24,024,759	23,382,373	14,733,775
June	20,374,755	22,546,414	15,188,844
July	23,411,947	23,790,534	16,240,647
August	23,848,093	21,896,415	15, 437, 106
September	22,710,286	16,434,819	15,960,785
October	21,819,119	17,170,277	17,218,750
November	22, 259, 195	15,416,996	17,467,701
December	21,768,204	15,210,091	16,988,037
Total - Calendar Year .	274,598,629	245,130,983	189,665,605

(x) Subject to revision.

Table 14 - Imports Into Canada and Exports of Nickel, 1944 and 1945

	1 9	4 4	1 9	4 5
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
	lb.		1b.	\$
Imports -				
Nickel and nickel silver in ingots	16,029	4,355	25, 277	7,342
Nickel rods for wire (90% nickel)	12,882	8,853	12,558	8,978
Nickel in bars and rods, strips and sheets	753,147	391,353	1,357,478	697,664
Nickel silver bars, rods and strips	3,709	1,739	49,813	14,397
Nickel chromium in bars	63, 213	54,973	79,403	72,865
Nickel, manufactures of, not plated		33,411		27,101
Nickel-plated household hollow-ware)				443
Nickel household hollow-ware)	6 0 0		b 6 6	661
Nickel-plated ware, n.o.p	* * *	424, 247	444	652,275
Total Nickel and Its Products	• • •	918,931	• • •	1,481,283
Exports: Total Metal in All Forms	265,197,100	68,400,634	216,443,300	54,778,226

Table 15 - Production in Canada, Consumption and Exports of Nickel, 1935-1945

	Production in Canada	Consumption		Exports	
Year	(All forms, includ- ing content in oxide and in matte exported)	of refined nickel in Canada	Nickel contained in matte or speiss	Nickel in oxide	Refined nickel
		(Tons of 2,000	pounds)		
1935	69,258	500	29,233	1,317	40,814
1936	84,870	500	30,812	2,661	53,346
1937	112,453	900	40,404	2,554	68,427
1938	105,286	657	44, 324	1,842	52,686
1939	113,053	635	47,051	2,425	67,914
1940	122,779	1,509	38,484	3,864	82,168
1941	141,129	3,464	42,616	7,240	87,739
1942	142,606	4,509	41,263	9,224	88,308
1943	144,009	3,440	36,415	3,892	95,240
1944	137, 299	2,350	33,848	1,242	97,509
1945	122,565	2,410	28,295	1,758	78,163

Table 16 - Nickel Production By Principal Countries, 1940-1944 (American Bureau of Metal Statistics)

	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944
		(To	as of 2,000 po	umds)	
Canada (a)	122,779	141,129	142,606	144,009	137,299
New Caledonia (b)	9,900	9,000	6,982	7,110	7,411
Burma (c)	1,000	1,000			***
Greece (d)	1,500				
Norway	1,100	1,000	1.004	636	583
United States (e)	550	620	600	640	990
Cuba (f)				2,700	5,100
Germany	891	843	705	1,049	

<sup>(</sup>a) Production in all forms from Canadian ores, as reported by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Table 17 - Total Production of New Copper in Canada, By Provinces and Method of Computation, 1944 and 1945

	1 9 4 4		1 9	4 5
	Pounds	Value	Pounds	Value
		*		
By Provinces -				
Quebec	108,055,172	12,966,620	102,685,069	12,886,976
Ontario	285,307,278	33,845,632	239, 450, 875	29,771,633
Manitoba	43,878,639	5, 265, 437	41,126,155	5,161,332
Saskatchewan	73,514,499	8,821,740	65,900,701	8,270,538
British Columbia	36,302,628	4,356,315	25,751,252	3,231,782
Northwest Territories	11,902	1,428		
Total	547,070,118	65, 257, 172	474,914,052	59, 322, 261
By Sources (/) -				
In blister and anode copper produced  In ores, concentrates and copper matte	493,946,346	59,273,337	437, 459, 705	54,901,192
exported (x)	40,090,591	4,810,849	26,495,439	3,325,177
In nickel-copper matte exported	13,033,181	1,172,986	10,958,908	1,095,892
Total	547,070,118	65, 257, 172	474,914,052	59,322,161

<sup>(/)</sup> Where computed.

Table 18 - Production of New Copper in Canada (/), By Months, 1944-1946

Month	1944	1945	1946(x)
		(Pounds)	
January	48,877,850	44,098,887	32,021,065
February	45,836,837	39,649,050	27,698,802
March	48,203,812	45,638,927	32,343,606
April	44,989,445	42,680,662	31,886,954
lay	47,578,287	40,903,706	30,993,228
une	47,082,930	44,097,021	30,885,633
uly	44,975,986	42,119,787	31,008,539
lugust	44,743,580	39,228,972	29,947,283
September	43,106,124	34,797,140	28,846,510
ctober	42,039,927	34,953,070	30, 232, 466
ovember	43,811,150	32,035,764	35, 414, 858
December	45,824,190	34,711,066	30, 327, 699
Total - Calendar Year .	547,070,118	474,914,052	371,606,643

<sup>(</sup>x) Subject to revision.

<sup>(</sup>b) Estimated content of ore and matte exported.

<sup>(</sup>c) Nickel content of speiss obtained as a by-product.

<sup>(</sup>d) Nickel and cobalt content.

<sup>(</sup>e) By-product in electrolytic refining of copper.

<sup>(</sup>f) Nickel content of oxide.

<sup>(</sup>x) Contains a relatively small quantity of copper contained in gold and silver ores shipped to Canadian smalters.

<sup>(/)</sup> From all types of ores.

Table 19 - Production of Copper From Ontario Ores Only, 1926-1945

Year	Pounds	Value	Year	Pounds	Value
		\$			\$
1926	41,312,867	4,828,964	1936	287,914,078	26,898,920
1927	45,341,295	4,946,533	1937	322,039,208	41,716,364
1928	66,607,510	8,770,149	1938	309,030,106	30,405,500
1929	88,879,853	14,622,572	1939	328,429,665	32,637,305
1930	127,718,871	15,187,259	1940	347,931,013	34,742,229
1931	112,882,625	9,096,463	1941	333,829,767	33,192,644
1932	77,055,413	4,407,928	1942	308,282,414	30,625,404
1933	145,504,720	10,118,847	1943	277,840,560(a)	32,232,027
1934	205,059,539	14,822,704	1944	285,307,278(b)	33,845,632
1935	252,027,928	19,295,965	1945	239,450,875	29,771,633

Table 20 - Production of Conner in Genede Locarding to Origin of Ores and By Provinces 1944 and 1945

rovince	From copper-gold- silver ores	From nickel- copper ores	From gold and other ores	Total
1944		(Pou		
	107 150 004		004 050	100 055 120
uebec	107,150,904	280,790,592	904,268	108,055,172 285,307,278
ntario	43,878,639	200,750,352	7,030	43,878,639
askatchewan	73,514,499			73,514,499
ritish Columbia	35,997,974		304,654	36,302,628
orthwest Territories	* * *	4 + 4	11,902	11,902
0	DOE OF LOSE	200 700 500	1 000 614	547,070,118
Canada	265,051,012	280,790,592	1,228,514	347,070,110
Canada	200,001,012	280,790,392	1,220,514	347,070,118
1 9 4 5	200,001,012	250,730,332	1,20,014	347,070,110
1945	101,940,882	250,790,392	744,187	102,685,069
1945 uebec	101,940,882		744,187	102,685,069
1945  uebec ntario	101,940,882	239, 450,083	744,187 792	102,685,069 239,450,875
1945  uebec ntario	101,940,882	239,450,083	744,187 792	102,685,069 239,450,875 41,126,155
1945  uebec ntario anitoba	101,940,882 41,126,155 65,900,701	239,450,083	744,187 792 	102,685,069 239,450,875 41,126,155 65,900,701

Table 21 - Production (x) of Refined Copper in Canada For Years Special ad

Year	Tons	Year	Tons
1915		1938	227,240
1916 (/)	483	1939	231,684
1917	3,901	1940	261,878
1918	3,809	1941	278,224
1919	3,467	1942	268, 447
1935	173,290	1943	251,495
1936	191,595	1944	256,244
1.937	215,080	1945	228,861

<sup>(</sup>x) From all sources.

Note: Almost entirely from nickel ores.

(a) Includes 276,032,919 pounds recovered from nickel-copper ores only.

(b) Includes 280,790,592 pounds recovered from nickel-copper ores only.

<sup>(/)</sup> First electrolytic copper produced commercially in Canada.

Table 22 - Production of Refined Copper in Canada, By Months, 1945 and 1946

Month	Primary	Secondary	Total
1 0 4 5		(Pounds)	
1 9 4 5			
January	41,271,226	142,189	41,413,415
February	37,192,258	192,256	37,384,514
March	41,114,888	126,587	41,241,475
April	38,537,288	140,187	38,677,475
May	40,757,490	114,140	40,871,630
June	42,450,572	80,107	42,530,679
July	38,729,995	452,728	39,182,723
August	38,482,394	154,205	38,636,599
September	36,130,840	326,237	36.457.077
October	39,158,697	308,411	39,467,108
November	30,862,925	178,237	31,041,162
December	30,434,351	383,518	30,817,862
Total - Calendar Year	455,122,924	2,598,802	457,721,726
1 9 4 6 (x)			
January	28,312,786	220,000	28,532,786
February	25,898,975	318,642	26,217,617
March	26,315,804	306,570	26,622,374
April	30,422,754	258,000	30,680,754
May	28,683,168	104,000	28,787,168
June	26,036,039	349,139	26,385,178
July	28,226,190	300,638	28,526,828
August	27,687,899	149,339	27,837,238
September	28,747,592	191,111	28,938,703
October	29,365,778	945,171	30,310,949
November	28,429,645	1,144,190	29,573,835
December	25,216,787	278,330	25,495,117
Total - Calendar Year	333,343,417	4,565,130	337,908,547
(x) Subject to revision.		2,000,200	007,000,037

(x) Subject to revision.

Table 23 - Imports and Exports of Copper, 1944 and 1945

	1 9 4 4		1 9	4 5
	Pounds		Pounds	
Imports				
Copper in blocks, pigs and ingots	4,500	762	100	23
Copper, scrap	26,700	2,604	98,900	8,957
Copper in bars or rods for the manufacture of			20,200	0,00
trolley, telegraph and telephone wires,				
electric wires and electric cables	578,400	87,325	2,526,700	383,611
Copper bars or rods, n.o.p	193,300	41,581	202,400	43,625
Copper in strips, sheets or plates	165,400	49,657	163,100	43,883
Copper tubing, not manufactured	375,731	133,802	605,163	201,857
Copper rollers	***	1,289		45,320
Copper wire, n.o.p.	90,248	49,850	275,902	110,181
Copper wire cloth, woven		475	***	1,274
Copper manufactures, n.o.p		274,771		346,990
Copper sub-acetate	440	140	400	124
Copper sulphate (blue vitriol)	8,259,600	491,473	6,518,854	417,808
Total	• • •	1,133,729	***	1,603,653
Exports				
Copper, fine, contained in ore, matte,				
regulus, etc	55,978,500	3,918,495	38,589,200	2,701,244
Copper blister				
Copper, old and scrap	1,927,400	116,899	2,875,700	231,505
Copper in ingots, bars, cakes, slabs and billets	270,466,200	29,049,257	258,698,600	32,098,264
Copper in rods, strips, sheets, plates and tubing	36,126,900	4,193,044	14,561,700	1,956,339
Copper wire and cable, insulated		2,200,550	* * *	3,067,192
Copper wire, bare		1,018,940	0 0 0	740,220
Copper wire, screen		8,332		10,912
Copper manufactures, n.o.p	* * *	38,426		53,948
Total	111	40,543,943	+ 6 B	40,859,624

Table 24 - Production of Primary Copper in Canada, Exports and Imports, 1935-1945

	Dr. Austien	Production Exports			Imports
Year		Copper in ore,	Blister	Refined	Refined
	in Cenada	matte, etc.	copper	copper	copper
		(Tons o	f 2,000 pound	ds)	
935	209,499	19,351	36,678	121,768	19
.936	210,514	22,760		155,430	95
937	265,014	36,934	5,442	148,071	8
938	285,625	54,903	15,264	181,764	6
939	304,413	60,750	15,556	165,819	3
940	327,797	52,601	15,874	154,502	6
941	321,658	47,769	11,962	126,424	
942	301,831	34,047	6,455	98,617	
943	287,595	36,210	4,274	64,333	
944	273,535	27,989		135,233	2
945	237, 457	19,295		129,349	***
	,	,			

Note: Primary copper represents blister copper produced in Canada plus recoverable copper in ores exported.

Table 25 - Production of Refined Copper in Canada, Consumption, Imports and Exports, 1935-1945

Table 25 - Production of	Produc-	Domestic			Stocks at
Year	tion in	consump-	Exports	Imports	end of
	Canada	tion			period
		(Tons	of 2,000 poun	ds)	
1935	173,290	43,000	121,768	19	Not
1936	191,595	52,000	155,430	95	avail-
1937	215,080	58,000	148,071	8	able
1938	227,240	54,000	181,764	6	
1939	231,684	57,000	165,819	3	15,418 (October 31)
1940	261,878	107,000	154,502	6	17,572
1941	278,224	142,000	126,424		18,312
1942	268,447	183,000	98,617		21,446
1943	251,495	176,000	64,333		27,710
1944	256,244	122,000	135,233	2	26,600
1945	228,861	90,000	129,349		16,760

Table 26 - World Production of Copper 1940, 1944 and 1945, By Countries According to Origin of the Ore (American Bureau of Metal Statistics)

Country	1940	1944	1945	
		Tons of 2,000 pounds)		
United States	892,266	1,006,653	805,174	
dexico	45,003	47,589	67,784	
Canada	327,797	273,535	238,142	
Suba	11,574	6,256	9,053	
lewfoundland	8,500	5,500	5,200	
olivia	7,341	6,800	6,721	
hile	400,180	549,305	518,304	
eru	48,463	35,703	33,375	
cuador	1,560	4,065	4,216	
Total America	1,742,684	1,935,406	1,687,969	
inland	16,806	17,462	16,510	
taly	5,000		* * *	
ermany	26,162	23,148	* * *	
orway	17,118	15,900	5,000	
pain and Fortugal	15,000	12,900	10,200	
weden	10,461	17,863	20,700	
ugoslavia	47,346			
ndia, including Burma	11,500			
urkey	9,661	12,076	10,800	
hilippines	10,080			
Belgian Congo	164,054	182,413	176,600	
thodesia	291,534	246,498	215,572	
ther Africa	18,800	24,800	25,800	
Total Africa	474,388	453,711	417,972	

Table 27 - Production of Metals of the Platinum Group From Ontario Copper-Nickel Ores, 1939-1945(a)

ear	Platinum (x)		Palladium (/)	
ear	Fine ounces	\$	Fine ounces	
939	148,877	5,221,712	135,402	4,199,622
940	108,464	4,239,424	91,522	3,520,746
941	124,257	4,747,860	97,432	3,396,304
942	285,188	10,897,033	222,573	8,279,221
943	219,706	8,458,681	126,004	5,233,068
944	157,523	6,064,635	42,929	1,960,085
945	208,234	8,017,010	458,674	18.671.074

<sup>(</sup>x) In addition, a relatively small quantity of alluvial platinum is usually recovered annually in British Columbia; such recovery in 1943 totalled 7 ounces valued at \$270; nil in 1944.

(/) Includes other platinum metals except platinum and represents the entire Canadian production.

Table 28 - Production of Selenium and Tellurium From Nickel-Copper Ores, 1939-1945

	Sele	Selenium		Tellurium	
Cear	Pounds	Value	Pounds	Value	
		*		*	
939	126,930	224,539		4 9 8	
940	136,350	260,429	3,491	5,607	
941	142,498	272,171	11,453	18,394	
942	76,000	145,920	9,500	15,200	
.943	82,000	143,500	8,600	15,050	
944	65,000	117,000	9,900	17,325	
945	168,000	322,560	***		

Table 29 - Production of Gold and Silver From Nickel-Copper Ores, 1939-1945

	Gold		Silver	
ear	Fine ounces	Value	Fine ounces	Value (x)
		\$		
1939	77.094	2,786,177	2,496,632	1,010,886
940	90,863	3,498,225	2,803,052	1,072,167
941	77,960	3,001,460	2,633,815	1,007,698
942	70,861	2,728,148	2,238,177	943,839
943	55,776	2,147,376	1,648,888	746,122
944	55,286	2,128,472	1,828,978	786,461
945 (a)	91,369	3,528,102	1,735,143	815,417

(x) Estimated.

Table 30 - Dividends Paid By Specified Nickel-Copper Mining	Companies, 1945	
	Dividends	Total Dividends Paid
	1945	to End 1945
	\$	
International Nickel Co. of Canada Ltd. only (/)	26,521,917	386,582,801
Falconbridge Nickel Mines Ltd	501,386	9,638,620

<sup>(/)</sup> Letters patent granted July 25, 1916.

<sup>(</sup>a) Prior to 1945 the figures reported were the refined metals recovered and the contents of concentrates sold each year. The figures for 1945 represent the metal content of platinum metals concentrates produced, together with adjustment of previous figures to this basis for the years 1938 through 1944.

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes 26,589 oz. of gold and 84,614 oz. of silver recovered from platinum metals concentrates in foreign plants in previous years and not previously recorded.

Table 31 - Specified Taxes Paid Py the Nickel-Copper Mining, Smelting and Refining 1ndustry, 1944 and 1945 (x)

	1944	1945
	\$	\$
Dominion income tax, including tax on non-operating revenue  Dominion excess profits tax	5,517,038 6,810,830 999,048	4,629,005 5,725,099 763,989
Fotal municipal taxes Grand Total Taxes Paid	290,357	296,412

<sup>(</sup>x) Includes data relating only to companies who conducted both mining and smelting operations.

Table 32 - Miscellaneous Expenditures By the Nickel-Copper Mining, Smelting and Refining Industry, 1943-1945

1370	1010		
	1 9 4 3	1 9 4 4	1 9 4 5
	\$	*	\$
Workmen's compensation	296,284	377,501	337,219
ilicosis assessment	40,660	69,878	71,740
inemployment insurance	175,389	182,478	157,917
Aggregate cost of all supplies purchased	28,445,891	28,378,357	24,639,521
Aggregate cost of plant and equipment purchased	5,018,845	4,017,231	2,497,049

<sup>(</sup>x) Includes data relating only to companies who conduct both mining and smelting operations.

#### DIRECTORY

### FIRMS IN THE NICKEL-COPPER MINING, SMELTING AND REFINING INDUSTRY IN CANADA, 1945

Note: (x) Active but not producing.

Tame of Firm	Head Office Address	Location of Canadian Plant
Ontario -		
Falconbridge Nickel Mines, Ltd.	304 Bay St., Toronto	Falconbridge Tp.
International Nickel Company of		
Canada, Limit.ed	Copper Cliff	Mines: Tps. of Levack, Snider McKim and Garson Smelters: Copper Cliff and Coniston Nickel refinery: Port Colborn Copper refinery: Copper Cliff
Nickel Offsets Ltd. (x)	Room 1701 - 372 Bay St., Toronto	Foy Tp.
North Range Nickel Mines Ltd.	suite 501 - 67 Yonge St., Toronto	Bowell Tp.
Ontario Nickel Mines Ltd.	room 305 - 350 Bay St., Toronto	Moose Lake



