Published by Authority of the Rt. Hon. C. D. Howe, M.P., Minister of Trade and Commerce

CANADA

SEP 1 1 1948

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

+ + + Census of Industry + + +

MINING, METALLURGICAL & CHEMICAL STATISTICS

THE

NICKEL-COPPER MINING, SMELTING AND REFINING INDUSTRY

IN

CANADA

1947

(including data on total production of Copper from all types of Canadian ores)



8801 1 1948

AUGULAD.

SOUTHWAT OF THE STATE AND COMMERCE

the contract of industry

STREETS ASSESSED IN ANDISONAL AND ADDRESS.

EAT

NICKER COPPER MINING BMELTING

A GIANTAD

7491

margae I to an arrivation of the control of the control of



Herbert Marshall W. H. Losee H. McLeod

THE NICKEL-COPPER MINING, SMELTING AND REFINING INDUSTRY IN CANADA, 1947

Statistics relating to the nickel-copper mining, smelting and refining industry, as shown in this report, include those pertaining to the mining of copper-nickel ores, the smelting of these ores in Canada, and the production in the Dominion of refined copper, nickel, etc., by the firms constituting this industry.

In addition to production of nickel, copper and the platinum metals, there is an important recovery from these ores of the associated metals—silver, gold, selenium and tellurium; sulphur for the manufacture of sulphuric acid is also salvaged in the gaseous state from waste smelter gases. The total gross value of the various primary products of this industry, considered as a whole, was estimated at \$153,715,085 in 1947 compared with \$88,444,103 in 1946.

Two companies operated both mines and metallurgical plants in the Surbury area in 1946. The International Nickel Company of Canada, Limited conducts smelting operations at Copper Cliff and Coniston, Ontario, while the Falconbridge Nickel Mines, Ltd. smelt their ores at the Falconbridge mine located a few miles east of the town of Sudbury. This last-named company treats its matte in a refinery located at Kristiansand, Norway. Matte produced by the Falconbridge Nickel Mines Ltd. was treated during the war in the Canadian plants of the International Nickel Company of Canada, Limited, but shipments to Norway were resumed in July of 1945.

The relatively small amount of nickel oxide sometimes produced at Deloro, Ontario, is recovered from silver-cobalt-nickel-arsenic ores mined in northern Ontario. Smelter matte made by the International Nickel Company of Canada, Limited, is treated in plants located at Clydach, Wales; Huntington, West Virginia; and at Port Colborne and Copper Cliff, Ontario. Converter copper made by the International Nickel Company is electrolytically refined at Copper Cliff, and refined nickel is produced by the company at Port Colborne. In 1946 the International Nickel Company of Canada, Limited, shipped ore from the Garson, Creighton, Levack, Frood, Stobie and Murray mines.

In 1947 the industry, as a whole, provided employment for 12,923 persons and distributed \$31,671,028 in wages and salaries. Fuel and electricity cost \$11,808,803 and process supplies cost \$15,323,762. The industry reported an expenditure of \$1,413,606 on prospecting for new mineral deposits in 1947.

Production of copper from nickel-copper ores of Ontario totalled 113,934 tons in 1947 compared with 89,712 tons in 1946.

In 1947 a considerable tonnage of blister copper produced in Manitoba was treated at the Copper Cliff refinery of the International Nickel Company of Canada, Limited; some scrap copper was also refined at Copper Cliff.

The annual financial report of the International Nickel Company of Canada, Limited, has the following information:

"Mines and smelters operated continuously, although handicapped by an acute man-power shortage which lasted from April to October.

"Ore mined in 1947 was 10,406,644 short tons and compares with an average annual tonnage of 9,996,750 for the three preceding years.

"Underground development in 1947 totalled 54,790 feet, compared with 48,675 in 1946. This brings the total footage of underground development to 1,239,508 at the year-end.

Proven ore reserves at the year-end stood at 221,843,000 short tons containing 7,171,000 tons of nickel-copper, compared with 217,142,000 short tons containing 6,861,000 tons of nickel-copper at the end of 1946 and 212,368,000 short tons at the end of 1938 containing 6,806,000 tons of nickel-copper.

"Completion of the new process plant at Copper Cliff was again delayed by deferred deliveries of materials and by man-power shortage. It now seems assured that the various units of this plant will be ready for operation prior to the year-end."

Nickel-copper - 2 -

The following quotation is from the annual financial report of the Falconbridge Nickel Mines Ltd.:

"Production of nickel-copper matte for 1947 was approximately 45% greater than in 1946. The operating rate, increased in December, 1946, climbed until June, 1947, then declined somewhat during the summer due to a labour shortage and finally increased substantially during the last quarter. Production in December, 1947 was approximately 25% greater than in January.

"Major items of underground development during 1947 included: Drifting and cross-cutting (including slashing) 8,160 feet; stope raising (including box-holes) 3,011 feet; other raising 359 feet; station cutting 24,048 feet, and diamond test drilling 8,903 feet.

"During the year ten diamond drill holes were completed below the deepest mine workings. The ore sone was intersected at various sections and elevations down to the 4,200 level. Results obtained were decidedly encouraging with respect to grade and ore widths. The decision was made to immediately commence further depth development and, accordingly, No. 7 Shaft (internal) was located 160 ft. south of No. 5 Shaft and collared on the 2,450 level. Cross-cuts to this shaft location have been completed on the 2,625 and 2,800 levels and raising commenced."

The quotation below is taken from the annual report of the Sherritt Gordon Mines Limited, in reference to their nickel-copper Lynn Lake property:

"The situation at the present time is that in the north and central plugs we have a series of orebodies aggregating approximately 8,300 tons per vertical foot down to the 1,000' horizon. We have every reason to believe that the ore content of these plugs will continue on downward indefinitely, with new orebodies coming in to take the place of any that may die out at shallower horizons. This tonnage per foot of depth is ample to support a large-scale operation, but it will be necessary to prove continuity to greater depths before we can justify the capital expenditures necessary for the provision of rail-road and hydro-electric power facilities.

"The programme for the current year provides for continued geophysical work, followed by diamond drilling, on the south plug and in other as yet unexplored sections of the property; underground exploration of some of the known orebodies as a check on diamond drilling results and also to provide feed for the pilot mill which is being transferred from Sherridon to Lynn Lake. Further surveys in connection with the proposed power development at Granville Falls and further research work in connection with the treatment of nickel concentrate will also be carried out during the year."

Several companies participated in the exploration of nickel-copper properties in the Lynn Lake and Granville Lake areas. The names of these firms appear in the directory at the end of this publication.

Table 1 - PRINCIPAL STATISTICS OF THE NICKEL-COPPER MINING, SMELTING AND REFINING INDUSTRY IN CANADA,

1945-1947 (a)					
		1945	1946	1947	
Number of firms		4	5	18	
Number of mines		8	14	24	
Number of smelters		3	3	5	
Number of copper refineries		1	1	1	
Number of nickel refineries		1	1	1	
Number of employees: Administrative		1,254	1,172	1,297	
Workmen		11,502	9,009	11,626	
Total		12,756	10,181	12,923	
Salaries and wages: Salaries	\$	3,603,371	3,671,894	4,564,766	
Wages	\$	22,889,025	18,568,777	27,106,262	
Total	\$	26,492,396	22,240,671	31,671,028	
Fuel and purchased electricity used	\$	11,329,125	8,552,300	11,808,803	
Process supplies used	\$	15,621,975	11,065,124	15,323,762	
Estimated gross value of matte exported					
and Canadian refinery products (b)	\$	112,780,854	88,444,103	133,715,083	
Value of production (net)	\$	85,791,717	68,826,679	106,582,518	

⁽a) Does not include data for mines, power plants, etc., operated by subsidiary companies.

(b) Includes value of customs material.

Table 2 - OUTPUT FROM ONTARIO NICKEL-COPPER MINES AND SMELTERS, 1945-1947

	1945	1946	1947
	(1)	ons of 2,000 pour	ds)
re shipped from mines	10,854,735	8,224,751	11,138,569
re treated (d)	10,865,722	8,214,834	11,147,948
onverter copper produced in Ontario from Ontario			
ores(a)	114,899	81,423	107,387
ickel produced in Ontario (b)	94,832	66,074	78,746
atte and residues exported (c)	41,854	47,426	58,162
ickel content of matte exported	27,706	29,642	39,867
opper content of matte exported (a)	5,479	8,283	6,544

- (a) Copper content, including copper content of Ontario ores purchased, less reverts.
 (b) Includes nickel content of salts and oxides produced from nickel-copper ores only.
 (c) Less a relatively small tonnage of matte returned to Canada for retreatment.
- (d) Represents the tonnage of crude ore smelted together with the tonnage of ore milled.

Table 3 - PRODUCTION OF NICKEL (*) FROM CANADIAN CRES. 1928-1947

Year	Tons	Value	Year	Tons	Value
		\$			
1928	48,378	22,318,907	1938	105,286	53,914,494
1929	55,133	27,115,461	1939	113.053	50,920,305
1930	51,884	24,455,133	1940	122,779	59,822,591
1931	32,833	15,267,453	1941	141,129	68,656,795
1932	15,164	7,179,862	1942	142,606	69,998,427
1933	41,632	20,130,480	1943	144,009	71,675,322
1934	64,344	32,139,425	1944	137,299	69,204,152
1935	69,258	35,345,103	1945	122,565	61,982,133
1936	84,870	43,876,525	1946	96,062	45,385,155
1937	112,453	59,507,176	1947	118,627	70,650,764

^(*) Usually includes a relatively small quantity of nickel recovered annually from silver-cobalt ores; Canadian nickel production comes entirely from Ontario ores with the exception of 1937 when a relatively small tonnage of nickel ore was exported from a property in British Columbia.

Table 4 - PRODUCTION OF NEW NICKET (#) IN CANADA BY MONTHS 1945 1947

Month	1945	1946	1947	
		(Tons of 2,000 pound	8)	
January	11,834	7,001	9,766	
ebruary	10,318	6,306	8,609	
arch	11,706	7,940	10,057	
pril	10,784	9,360	10,065	
ay	11,691	7,462	9.927	
une	11,273	7,693	9,877	
uly	11,895	8,226	9,832	
ugust	10,948	7,819	9,961	
eptember	8,217	8,084	7,610	
ctober	8,585	8,721	11,536	
ovember	7,709	8,847	9,914	
ecember	7,605	8,604	11,475	
TOTAL	122,565	96,063	118,627	

^(*) Refined nickel plus recoverable nickel in matte, etc., exported.

Table 5 - IMPORTS INTO CANADA AND EXPORTS OF NICKEL, 1946 and 1947

	19	4 6	19	4 7
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Imports		\$		\$
Nickel and Nickel silver in ingots	12,000	3,123	184,003	56,782
Nickel rods for wire (90% nickel)	4,427	3,141	5,230	3,522
Nickel in bars and rods, strips and sheets	2,478,109	1,276,569	2,164,014	1,135,520
Nickel-silver bars, rods and strips	584,371	183,742	294,638	133,129
Nickel-chromium in bars	125,284	114,439	104,978	86,654
Nickel, manufactures of, not plated	0 9 0	99,410		282,954
Nickel-plated household hollow-ware) Nickel household hollow-ware)		2,334		24,703
Nickel-plated ware, n.o.p	* * *	1,844,725		2,865,488
TOTAL NICKEL AND ITS PRODUCTS		3,527,483	• • •	4,588,752
Exports				
TOTAL METAL IN ALL FORMS	223,877,200	55,204,632	234,114,000	60,442,762

Table 6 - PRODUCTION IN CANADA CONSUMPTION AND EXPORTS OF NICKEL 1938-1947

				Exports	
Tear	Production in Canada (all forms, including content in oxide and in matte exported	Consumption of refined nickel in Canada	Nickel contained in matte or speiss	Nickel in oxide	Refined nickel
		(Tons of 2,0	00 pounds)		
1958	105,286	657	44,324	1.842	52,686
1959	113,053	635	47,051	2,425	67,914
1940	122,779	1,509	38,484	3,864	82,168
1941	141,129	3,464	42,616	7,240	87,739
1942	142,606	4,509	41,263	9,224	88,308
1943	144,009	5,440	36,415	3,892	95,240
944	137,299	2,350	33,848	1,242	97,509
1945	122,565	2,410	28,295	1,758	78,168
1946	96,062	1,820	30,625	517	80,797
1947	118,626	1,670	39,767	6.535	70,755

Table 7 - NICKEL PRODUCTION BY PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES, 1943-1947 (From the "Annual Report of the American

	Bureau of	Metal Statisti	.cs*)		
	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947
130, ±		(To	ons of 2,000 por	nds)	
Canada (a)	144,009	137,299	122,565	96,062	118,116
New Caledonia (b)	7,110	7,411	5,400	4,200	
Norway	636	583			
United States (c)	640	990	1,155	352	646
Cuba (d)	2,700	5,100	12,000	12,391	2,220
Germany	1,049	• • •		* * *	

⁽a) Production in all forms from Canadian ores.

⁽b) Estimated content of ore and matte exported.
(c) By-product in electrolytic refining of copper.
(d) Nickel content of oxide.

Table 8 - TOTAL PRODUCTION OF NEW COPPER IN CANADA, BY PROVINCES AND METHOD OF COMPUTATION, 1946 and 1947

	1946		1	9 4 7
	Tons	Value	Tons	Value
y Provinces -		8		
Quebec	34,899	8,934,105	42.560	17,356,259
Ontario	89,712	22,502,528	113.934	46,018,544
Manitoba	19,251	4,928,134	15,316	6,245,817
Saskatchewan	31,356	8,027,258	33,151	13,518,963
British Columbia	8,750	2,240,068	20,900	8,402,505
TOTAL	183,968	46,632,093	225,861	91,541,888
y Sources (*) -				
In blister and anode copper produced	166,928	42,733,624	198,414	80,913,288
In ores, concentrates and copper matte				
exported (x)	8,758	2,241,946	20,904	8,403,752
In nickel-copper matte exported	8,282	1,656,523	6,543	2,224,848
TOTAL	183,968	46,632,093	225,861	91,541,888

(*) Where computed.

Table 9 - PRODUCTION OF PRIMARY (*) COPPER IN CANADA, BY MONTHS, 1945-1947

Month	1945	1946	1947
		(Tons of 2,000 pound	is)
January	22,049	15,734	14,360
ebruary	19.825	13.559	15,039
arch	22,819	15,950	21,324
pril	21,340	15,725	19,855
ay	20,452	15,284	30,566
wne	22,049	14.992	19.281
uly	21,060	15.292	19,608
ugust	19,614	14,768	17,928
eptember	17,398	14,225	17,478
ctober	17,477	15.046	22,530
ovember	16,018	17,471	18,930
ecember	17,356	15,922	18,962
TOTAL	237,457	183,968	225,861

^(*) Blister copper plus recoverable copper in concentrates, matte, etc., exported-from all types of ores.

Table 10 - PRODUCTION OF COPPER FROM ONTARIO ORES ONLY, 1928-1947

Year	Tons	Value	Year	Tons	Value
		\$			
1928	33,304	8,770,149	1938	154,515	30,405,500
1929	44,440	14,622,572	1939	164,215	32,637,305
1930	63,859	15,187,259	1940	173,966	34,742,229
1931	56,441	9,096,463	1941	166,915	33,192,644
1932	38,528	4,407,928	1942	154,141	30,625,404
1933	72,752	10,118,847	1943	138,920	32,232,027
1934	102,530	14,822,704	1944	142,654	33,845,632
1935	126,014	19,295,965	1945	119,725	29,771,633
1936	143,907	26,898,920	1946	89,712	22,502,528
1937	161,020	41,716,364	1947	113,933	46,018,544

Note: Almost entirely from nickel ores.

⁽x) Contains a relatively small quantity of copper contained in gold and silver ores shipped to Canadian smelters.

Table 11 - PRODUCTION OF COPPER IN CANADA, ACCORDING TO ORIGIN OF ORES AND BY PROVINCES, 1946 and 1947

Province	From copper-gold- silver ores	From nickel- copper ores	From gold and other ores	TOTAL
		(poun		
1946				
Quabec	68,939,908	7.6.6	857,789	69,797,697
Ontario		179,421,176	3,465	179,424,639
Manitoba	38,501,047			58,501,047
Saskatchewan	62,712,954		• • •	62,712,954
British Columbia	17,430,549		69,989	17,500,538
CANADA	187,584,458	179,421,176	931,247	367,936,875
1947				
Quebec	84,770,146		351,282	85,121,428
Ontario	* 1 *	227,860,515	7.098	227,867,613
Manitoba	30,631,768			30,631,768
Saskatchewan	66,301,926			66,301,926
British Columbia	41,766,876		33,482	41,800,358
CANADA	223,470,716	227,860,515	591,862	451,723,093

Table 12 - PRODUCTION (*) OF REFINED COPPER IN CANADA FOR YEARS SPECIFIED

ear	Tons	Year	Tons
916 (x)	483	1940	261,878
917	3,901	1941	278,224
918	3,809	1942	268,447
919	3,467	1943	251,495
935	173,290	1944	256,244
936	191,595	1945	228,861
937	215,080	1946	167,221
938	227,240	1947	202,427
939	231.684		

Table 13 - PRODUCTION OF REFINED COPPER IN CANADA, BY MONTHS, 1945-1947

Month	1945	1946	1947(*)
	1	(Tons)	
January	20,707	14,191	13,348
ebruary	18,692	13,041	11,520
larch	20,621	13,242	13,886
April	19,339	15,260	16,827
lay	20,436	14,316	18,803
June	21,265	13,125	18,696
July	19,591	14,189	19,886
ugust	19,318	13,844	18,045
September	18,229	14,393	17,825
october	19,734	14,702	18,373
lovember	15,520	14,237	18,036
December	15,409	12,681	17,182
TOTAL	228,861	167,221	202,427

(*) Subject to revision.

^(*) From all sources.(x) First electrolytic copper produced commercially in Canada.

Table 14 - IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF COPPER, 1946 and 1947

	19	4 6	19	4 7
	Pounds	\$	Pounds	
Imports				
Copper in blocks, pigs and ingots	200	55	1,100	304
Copper, scrap	82,500	9,358	89,900	13,682
opper in bars or rods for the manufacture of trolley, telegraph and telephone wires,				
electric wires and electric cables	2,532,500	399,162	3,470,900	646,743
opper bars or rods, n.o.p	215,100	63,897	343,000	121,520
Copper in strips, sheets or plates	1,227,300	345,497	1,434,900	513,884
opper tubing, not manufactured	1,245,300	435,188	1,603,100	678,28
opper rollers for wall paper		68,702	4 * *	32,430
opper wire, n.o.p	383,947	185,164	548,224	245,574
opper wire cloth, woven	***	14,913		3,34
opper manufactures, n.o.p		615,095		689,844
opper sub-acetate	1,142	336	1,825	590
opper sulphate (blue vitriol)	1,352,750	108,965	1,279,110	132,991
TOTAL	***	2,246,332	•••	3,079,198
Exports				
copper, fine, contained in ore, matte,				
regulus, etc	35,255,800	2,467,906	58,187,500	9,310,000
opper, old and scrap	2,462,000	182,823	11,388,600	1,804,12
opper in ingots, bars, cakes, slabs and				
billets	202,829,400	27,463,366	174,956,400	33,485,810
opper in rods, strips, sheets, plates and				
tubing	31,836,300	4,940,721	40,967,300	8,851,20
opper wire and cable, insulated	* * *	1,147,454	• • •	2,191,939
opper wire, bare		624,708		3,303,809
opper wire, screen	0 0 9	131,851	0 * *	292,50
Copper manufactures, n.o.p		45,962	0 0 1	58,644
TOTAL	1 0 0	37,004,791		59,298,039

Table 15 - PRODUCTION OF PRIMARY COPPER IN CANADA, EXPORTS AND IMPORTS, 1938-1947

	D 1 b 2	Exports						
fear Production in Canada	Copper in ore, matte, etc.	Blister copper	Refined copper ingots, bars, etc.	Imports Refined				
		(Ton	s of 2,000 por	unds)				
1938	285,625	54,903	15,264	181,764	6			
939	304,413	60,750	15,556	165,819	3			
.940	327,797	52,601	15,874	154,502	6			
941	321,658	47,769	11,962	126,424				
942	301,831	34.047	6,455	98,617				
943	287,595	36,210	4,274	64,333				
944	273,535	27,989		135,233	2			
945	237,457	19,295		129,349				
946	183,968	17,628		101.414				
947	225,861	29,094	***	87,478				

Note: Primary copper represents blister copper produced in Canada plus recoverable copper in ores exported.

Table 16 - PRODUCTION OF REFINED COPPER IN CANADA, CONSUMPTION, IMPORTS AND EXPORTS, 1938-1947

Tear	Production in Canada	Domestic consumption	Exports	Imports	Stocks at end of period
		(Ton:	of 2,000 pour	nds)	
1938	227,240	54,000	181,764	6	Not available
1939	231,684	57,000	165,819	3	15,418 (October 31)
1940	261,878	107,000	154,502	6	17,572
1941	278,224	142,000	126,424		18,312
1942	268,447	183,000	98,617		21,446
1945	251,495	176,000	64,333		27,710
1944	256,244	122,000	135,233	2	26,600
1945	228,861	90,000	129,349		16,760
1946	167,221	80,500	101,414		19,390
1947	202,425	109,210	87,478		10,931

Table 17 - WORLD PRODUCTION OF COPPER, 1945, 1946 and 1947, BY COUNTRIES ACCORDING TO ORIGIN OF THE ORE

Country	1945	1946	1947
		(Tons of 2,000 pounds	
United States	805,174	603,868	874,105
Mexico	67,784	64,693	72,675
Canada	237,457	185,543	227,209
Cuba	9,053	12,340	14,600
lewfoundland	5,200	4,900	4,250
olivia	6,721	7,250	7,500
chile	518,304	398,500	470,318
eru	35,181	26,000	28,400
Cuador	4,216	2,886	158
TOTAL AMERICA	1,689,090	1,305,980	1,699,215
inland	16,510	19,400	19,200
ermany		16,500	
lorway	5,735	13,500	15,000
pain	9,100	13,400	13,500
weden	16,453	16,934	16,500
India, including Burma	6,720	7,068	6,643
urkey	10,800	10,979	11,111
yprus	v * *	2,950	17,400
elgian Congo	176,600	158,400	166,271
hodesia	215,572	204,922	218,222
ther Africa	27,211	30,000	36,800
TOTAL AFRICA	419,383	393,322	421,293
ustralia	27,500	21,100	15,500

Table 18 - CANADIAN COPPER ORE RESERVES AS OFFICIALLY REPORTED (From American Bureau of Metal Statistics)

	Year Prov		Short tons	Average grade %	Short tons Copper
Amulet Dufault	1947	Quebec	1,707,280	5.52	94.200
East Sullivan	1947	Quebec	3,541,000	2,21	78,300
Falconbridge	1947	Ontario	14,188,000	0.92	130,500
Granby Consolidated (Allenby)	1947	British Columbia	9,042,000	1.25	113,000
Hudson Bay	1947	Manitoba	22,700,000	3.00	681.000
International Nickel	1947	Ontario	221,843,000		7,171,000 (*)
loranda	1948	Quebec	20,118,125	2.18	438,600
Normetal	1947	Quebec	1,760,000	3,64	64,100
Quemont	1947	Quebec	9,431,000	1.49	140.500
Sherritt-Gordon	1947	Manitoba	1,008,000	2.60	26,200
Waite Amulet "P" and "C" orebodies	1947	Quebec	54,000	2.67	1,400
Waite Amulet—Waite mine		Quebec	3,500	5.0	200

^(*) Copper-nickel content.

Table 19 - PRODUCTION OF METALS OF THE PLATINUM CROUP FROM ONTARIO COPPER-NICKEL ORES, 1938-1947 (c)

77	Platin	um (a)	Palladi	um (b)
Year	Fine ounces	\$	Fine ounces	
1938	161,326	5,196,794	130,895	3,677,342
1939	148,877	5,221,712	135,402	4,199,622
1940	108,464	4,239,424	91,522	3,520,746
1941	124,257	4,747,860	97,432	3,396,304
1942	285,188	10,897,033	222,573	8,279,221
1943	219,706	8,458,681	126,004	5,233,068
1944	157,523	6,064,635	42,929	1,960,085
1945	208,234	8,017,010	458,674	18,671,074
1946	121,771	7,672,791	117,566	5,162,801
1947	94,570	5,582,467	110,332	4,387,740

⁽a) In addition, a relatively small quantity of alluvial platinum is usually recovered annually in British Columbia; such recovery in 1943 totalled 7 ownces valued at \$270; nil since 1943.

(b) Includes other platinum metals except platinum and represents the entire Canadian production.

Table 20 - PRODUCTION OF SELENIUM AND TELLURIUM FROM NICKEL-COPPER ORES, 1939-1947

	Sele	nium	Tellu	rium
ear	Pounds	Value	Pounds	Value
		\$		\$
939	126,930	224,539	* * *	
940	136,350	260,429	3,491	5,607
941	142,498	272,171	11,453	18,394
942	76,000	145,920	9,500	15,200
943	82,000	143,500	8,600	15,050
944	65,000	117,000	9,900	17,325
945	168,000	322,560		
946	270,606	492,503	14,200	21,868
947	146,406	273,779	6,169	10,611

Table 21 - PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER FROM NICKEL-COPPER ORES, 1939-1947

T	G o 1	d	Silver		
(ear	Fine ounces	Value	Fine ounces	Value (#)	
939	77,094	2,786,177	2,496,632	1,010,886	
940	90,863	3,498,225	2,803,052	1,072,167	
941	77,960	3,001,460	2,633,815	1,007,698	
942	70,861	2,728,148	2,238,177	943,839	
943	55,776	2,147,376	1,648,888	746,122	
944	55,286	2,128,472	1,828,978	786,461	
.945 (x)	91,369	3,528,102	1,735,143	815,417	
946	51,490	1,892,257	1,205,664	1,008,538	
1947	43,672	1,528,520	1,434,652	1,032,949	

^(*) Estimated.

Table 22 - TOTAL EMPLOYEES AND SALARIES AND WAGES PAID BY NICKEL-COPPER MINES, SMELTERS AND REFINERIES,

	Admini	strative a	and Offic	e Employees		We	orkmen	
	Male	Female	Total	Total salaries	Male	Female	Total	Total wages
		(Number)		\$		(Number)		8
Mines	436	34	470	1,772,861	5,668	6	5,674	13,913,102
Smelters and refineries	697	130	827	2,791,905	5,949	3	5,952	13,193,160
TOTAL	1,133	164	1,297	4,564,766	11,617	9	11,626	27,106,262

⁽c) Prior to 1945 the figures reported were the refined metals recovered and the contents of concentrates sold each year. The figures for 1945 represent the metal content of platinum metals concentrates produced, together with adjustment of previous figures to this basis for the years 1938 through 1944.

⁽x) Includes 26,589 ounces of gold and 84,614 ounces of silver recovered from platinum metals concentrates in foreign plants in previous years and not previously recorded.

Table 23 - WORKMEN, BY SEX AND MONTHS, ENTIRE INDUSTRY, 1945-1947

	19	4 5	19	4 6	19	4 7
Month	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
January	13,152	715	8,343		10,713	7
Pebruary	13,032	712	8,388		11,066	7
larch	12,508	702	8,389		11,304	7
pril	11,975	689	8,436		11,284	7
ау	11,865	665	8,703		11,159	8
une	11.850	636	8,782		11,410	9
uly	11,623	598	8,871	6	11,908	9
ugust	10,395	543	9,007	4	11,692	8
eptember	9,231	364	9.183	5	11.786	8
ctober	9.308	367	9.511	6	12,119	8
ovember	8,270	298	10,055	4	12,547	8
ecember	8,502	1	10,388	4	12,392	8
AVERAGE	10,977	525	9,005	4	11,617	9

Table 24 - WORKMEN, BY MONTHS, IN NICKEL-COPPER MINES ONLY, 1947 (*)

		Mine				
Month	Sur	face	Underground	Male		
	Male	Female	OIM OI BIO MIC	Malo		
lanuary	1,400	5	3,490	218		
ebruary	1,452	5	3,661	216		
arch	1,497	5	3,845	225		
pril	1,553	5	3,768	226		
аў	1,593	6	3,666	217		
une	1,668	6	3,556	221		
uly	1.709	6	3,689	223		
ugust	1,672	5	3,710	223		
eptember	1,624	5	3,833	226		
ctober	1,621	5	4,142	233		
ovember	1,623	5	4,475	236		
ecember	1,612	5	4,425	237		
AVERAGE	1.588	6	3,855	225		

(*) Included in Table 23.

Table 25 - WORKMEN, BY MONTHS, IN NICKEL-COPPER SMELTERS AND REFINERIES ONLY, 1947 (*)

Month	Male	Female	Month	Male	Female
January	5,605	2	July	6,287	3
February	5,737	2	August	6,087	3
March	5,737	2	September	6,103	3
April	5,737	2	October	6,123	3
May	5,683	2	November	6,213	3
June	5,965	3	December	6,118	3
			AVERAGE	5,949	3

(*) Included in Table 23.

Table 26 - FUEL AND ELECTRICITY USED FOR LIGHT AND POWER, ENTIRE INDUSTRY, 1946 and 1947

			19	4 6	194	. 7
Kind		Unit of measure	Quantity	Cost at works	Quantity	Cost at works
				\$		\$
Bituminous coal: Canad	iian	short ton	185	1,819	57	794
Impor	ted	short ton	54,720	444,282	47,778	427,709
Anthracite coal: Unite	d States	short ton	59	884	145	2,220
Coke		short ton	859	11,463	1,008	14,653
Gasoline		Imp.gal.	123,260	31,764	166,856	50,155
Kerosene		Imp.gal.	2,484	523	3,219	735
Fuel oil and diesel oil		Imp.gal.	852,129	85.714	1,367,643	171,749
Wood		cord	109	737	3,058	25,186
Electricity purchased .		K.W.H.	519,968,784	1,436,117	619,272,753	1,803,596
TOTAL		4 + +		2,013,303		2,496,795
Electricity generated i	or own use	K.W.H.	6,769,200		9,427,650	

Table 27 - FUEL AND ELECTRICITY USED FOR LIGHT AND POWER, BY MINES ONLY, 1946 and 1947 (*)

		194	6	194	7
Kind	Unit of measure	Quantity	Cost at works	Quantity	Cost at works
			\$		\$
Bituminous coal: Canadian	short ton	185	1,819	57	794
Imported	short ton	23,066	182,851	20,023	187,398
Anthracite coal: United States	short ton	59	884	145	2,220
Coke	short ton	21	285	1	16
Gasoline	Imp.gal.	77.324	21,181	114,200	36,630
Kerosene	Imp.gal.	2,135	449	2,979	682
Fuel oil and diesel oil	Imp.gal.	741,602	78.548	1,337,586	168,243
Wood	cord	97	592	3,058	25,186
Electricity purchased	K.W.H.	123,253,197	389,326	165,726,517	561,478
TOTAL		* * *	675,935		982,647

(*) Included in Table 26.

Table 28 - FUEL AND ELECTRICITY USED FOR METALLURGICAL PURPOSES, ENTIRE INDUSTRY, 1946 and 1947

		1946		1947	
Kind	Unit of measure	Quantity	Cost at works	Quantity	Cost at works
			\$		\$
Bituminous coal: Imported	short ton	390,238	3,229,728	547,177	4,747,852
Charcoal	pound	944,410	18,733	956,475	22,761
Coke	short ton	147,291	1,947,884	202,715	2,846,437
Gasoline	Imp.gal.	34,561	12,158	43,968	9,745
Kerosene	Imp.gal.	5,967	1,257	4,687	1,041
Fuel oil and diesel oil	Imp.gal.	11,734,655	737,755	14,627,863	1,043,059
Wood	cord	151	1,369	220	1,942
Gas: Natural	M cu.ft.	422	321	439	574
Electricity purchased	K.W.H.	175,256,777	589,792	205,171,414	638,817
TOTAL			6,538,997		9,312,008

Table 29 - POWER EQUIPMENT (INCLUDING STAND-BY OR EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT) ENTIRE INDUSTRY, 1947

	Ordinar:	ily in Use	In Reserve or Idle	
Description	Number	Total horse	Number	Total horse
	of units	power	of units	power
Steam engines	20	920	4	2,829
Steam turbines	1	3,350		***
Diesel engines	5	700		
Gasoline, gas and oil engines, other than				
Diesel engines	11	140	4	80
Electric motors (except motor-generator sets)				
(a) Operated by purchased power	4,655	162,846	558	20,488
TOTAL	4,692	167,956	366	23,397
(b) Operated by above primary units	380	5,155	43	1,710
Stationary power boilers	24	9,090	8	1,005
Motor-generator sets	149	72,251	23	13,257

Table 30 - SPECIFIED TAXES PAID BY THE NICKEL-COPPER MINING, SMELTING AND REFINING INDUSTRY, 1946 and 1947 (*)

	1946	1947
Dominion income tax, including tax on non-operating revenue	3,889,895	6,211,428
Dominion excess profits tax	4,813,071 761,769	1,794,641
Total municipal taxes	314,068	375,041
GRAND TOTAL TAXES PAID	9,778,801	10,520,322

(*) Includes data relating only to companies which conducted both mining and smelting operations.

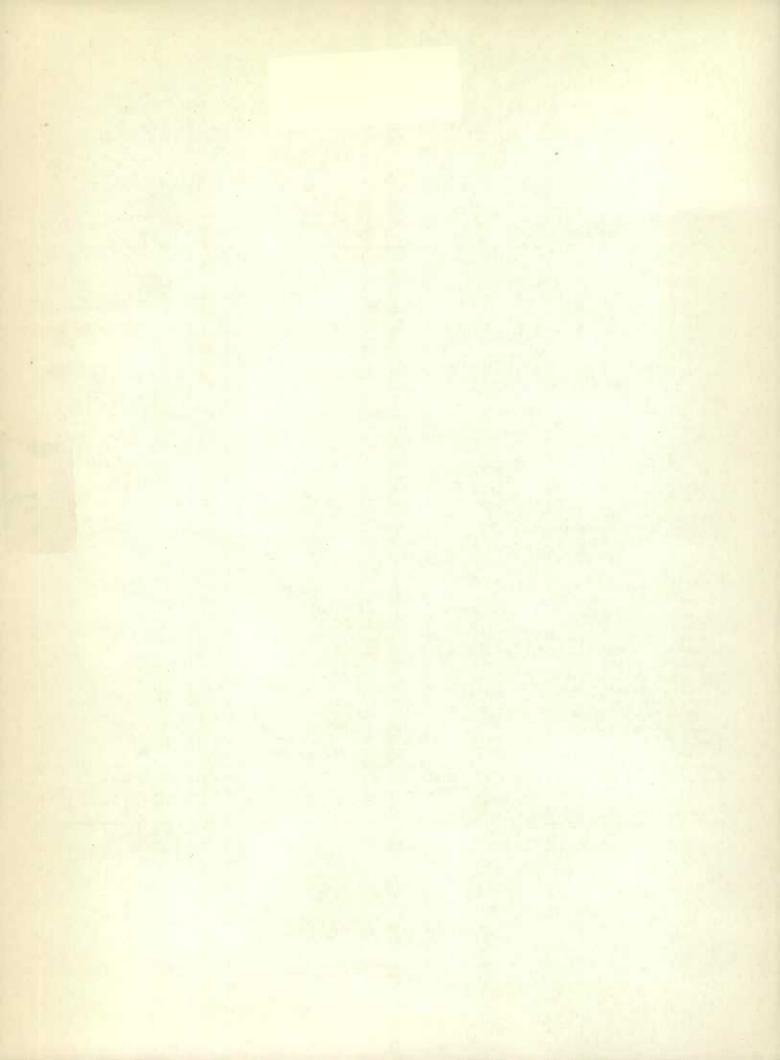
Table 31 - MISCELLANEOUS EXPENDITURES BY THE NICKEL-COPPER MINING, SMELTING AND REFINING INDUSTRY,

	1945	1946	1947
	\$	\$	\$
Workmen's compensation	337,219	319,020	455,173
Silicosis assessment	71,740	61,708	47,673
Unemployment insurance	157,917	127,657	152,728
Aggregate cost of all supplies purchased	24,639,521	17,557,372	32,488,891
Aggregate cost of plant and equipment purchased	2,497,049	2,904,456	349,734

DIRECTORY

FIRMS IN THE NICKEL-COPPER MINING, SMELTING AND REFINING INDUSTRY IN CANADA, 1947 Note: (*) Producing

Name of Fire	Head Office Address	Location of Canadian Plant
Ontario -		
		77 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
Falconbridge Nickel Mines, Ltd. (*)	21 Dundas Square, Toronto	Falconbridge Tp.
International Nickel Company of		
Canada, Limited (*)	Copper Cliff	Mines: Tps. of Levack, Snider
		McKim and Garson
		Smelters: Copper Cliff and
		Coniston
		Nickel refinery: Port Colborn
		Copper refinery: Copper Cliff
Nickel Offsets Ltd.	Room 1701, 372 Bay St., Toronto	Foy Tp.
North Range Nickel Mines Ltd.	suite 501, 67 Yonge St., Toronto	Bowell Tp.
Ontario Nickel Mines Ltd.	Room 305, 350 Bay St., Toronto	Moose Lake
Manitoba -		
Baker Lake Explorations Ltd.	45 Richmond St. W., Toronto	Eldon Lake
Barrington Lake Copper Mines	1608 Star Bldg., Toronto	Hughes River
Cheskirk Mines Ltd.	301, 100 Adelaide St. W., Toronto	Lynn Lake
Denison Nickel Mines Ltd.	62 Richmond St. W., Toronto	Lynn Lake
Falconbridge Nickel Mines Ltd.	21 Dundas Square, Toronto	Lynn Lake
Granville Lake Nickel Mines Ltd.	209, 330 Bay St., Toronto	Lynn Lake
Hoodoo Lake Mines Ltd.	504, 357 Bay St., Toronto	Berge Lake
International Nickel Company of		
Canada, Limited	Copper Cliff, Ontario	Granville Lake
Lynbar Mines Ltd.	1006 Concourse Bldg., Toronto	Granville Lake
Lynwatin Nickel Copper Ltd.	1001 Federal Bldg., Toronto	Lynn Lake
Nickel Lake Mines Ltd.	395 Main St., Winnipeg	Barrington Lake
Nicoba Mines Ltd.	1001 Federal Bldg., Toronto	Lynn Lake
Norancon Exploration Ltd.	1600 Royal Bank Bldg., Toronto	Black Trout Lake
Noranda Mines Ltd.	1600 Royal Bank Bldg., Toronto	Lynn Lake
Sherritt Gordon Mines Ltd.	25 King St. W., Toronto	Lynn Lake
Transcontinental Resources Ltd.	3100, 25 King St. W., Toronto	Granville Lake



STATISTICS CANADA LIBRARY BIBLIOTHÈQUE STATISTIQUE CANADA 1010632531