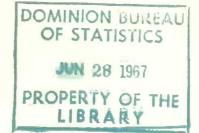
CATALOGUE No. 0





BREAKFAST CEREAL MANUFACTURERS

1965

ANNUAL CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES

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BREAKFAST CEREAL MANUFACTURERS

1965

Tabular presentations of statistical data in this publication are aligned to show Manufacturing activity and total activity of the establishments classified to this industry.

The respondents in this industry are those who are primarily manufacturing breakfast cereals and also flour milling firms which maintain separate breakfast food divisions.

SYMBOLS

The following standard symbols are used in Dominion Bureau of Statistics publications:

- .. figures not available.
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable.
- nil or zero.
- amount too small to be expressed.
- P preliminary figures.
- revised figures.
- x confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics Act.

				Мал	ufacturing	activity				Т	otal activ	rity	
Year and province	Estab- lish- ments		duction a ated work		Cost of fuel and	Cost of materials	Value of shipments of goods	Value		g owners artners	Emp	loyees	Value
province	ments	Number	Man- hours pald	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		'000'			\$'000				\$'000		\$*(000
1961									1 1	n.			
Totals	19	1,156	2,508	4,914	520	15,651	40,036	23,632	5	15	1,521	6, 989	23,678
1962													
Totals	19	1,206	2,597	5,567	656	19,793	46,098	26,357	5	14	1,560	7,642	26,860
1963							- · · ·				-		1
Totals	18	1,043	2,194	4, 821	572	17,500	42, 921	25, 257	5	20	1,377	6,830	25,689
1964									ĺ				
Newfoundiand	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Prince Edward Island	-	_	_		_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	-
Nova Scotia	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	_
New Brunswick			-	_	-		-	-	_	-	-		_
Quebec	3	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	_	-	x	x	x
Ontario	7	968	2,012	4,727	548	17,0t6	42.473	24,775	x	x	1,265	6,645	25, 223
Manitoba	4	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Saskatchewan			_			-		-		-	_	_	-
Alberta	2	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	x	x	х
British Columbia	1	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	x	x	x
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-
Totals	17	1,063	2,223	5,048	567	18, 999	46, 737	27, 027	4	11	1,409	7, 207	27, 484
1965													-
Newfoundland			-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	_	-
Prince Edward Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nova Scotia	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
New Brunswick	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-	-	-
Quebec	3	x	х	x	х	x	x	х	-	_	x	х	x
Ontario	7	930	1,956	4,763	578	16,960	43, 497	25.813	x	x	1, 226	6, 679	26,683
Manitoba	4	х	x	х	х	х	x	x	х	x	x	x	x
Saskatchewan	_	_	_	-the	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.0	-	-
Alberta	2	x	х	x	х	x	x	x	-	-	x	х	x
British Columbia	1	x	х	x	x	х	x	x	_	-	x	x	x
			_	_									
Yukon and Northwest Territories		-			_	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, 1961-65

· · ,				Mar	ufacturing	activity				т	otal activ	ity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		duction a ated work		Cost of fuel and	Cost of materials	Value of shipments of goods	Value		owners artners	Empl	loyees	Value
		Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$'(000
1964								1		-			
Under \$10,000 \$ 10,000 to \$ 24,999 25,000 * 49,999 50,000 * 99,999	} 5	3	6	10	3	47	105	54	4	11	5	20	58
100,000 199,999 200,000 499,999 500,000 999,999	4	34	74	99	8	396	839	434	-	-	44	145	415
1,000,000 '' 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over Head offices, sales offices and	} 8	1,026	2, 143	4,939	556	18.556	45.793	26, 538	den	-	1,360	7,042	27,011
auxiliary units				4.4.4			* * *						
Totals	17	1,063	2,223	5,048	567	18, 999	46, 737	27, 027	4	11	1,409	7,207	27,484
1965													
Under \$10,000 \$ 10,000 to \$ 24,999 25,000 '' 49,999 50,000 '' 99,999	5	5	11	16	5	57	134	72	4	11	9	34	84
100,000 199,999 200,000 499,999 500,000 999,999	6	62	130	205	21	1,252	2, 261	973	-	-	83	297	1,045
1,000,000 ** 4,999,999	3	70	146	306	60	2,124	4,491	2,271		-	114	596	2.379
5,000,000 and over	3	886	1,856	4,535	514	15,417	40,857	24, 849	-	-	1,158	6, 284	25,572
auxiliary units	•••			• • •						• • •			
Totals	17	1,023	2,142	5,062	600	18,851	47, 743	28, 165	4	11	1,364	7,212	29,080

TABLE 2. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Value of Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1964 and 1965

TABLE 3. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Manufacturing Value Added, 1964 and 1965

				Mar	ufacturing	activity				г	otal acti	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		duction : ated work		Cosl of fuel and	Cost of materials	Value of shipments of goods	Value		owners artners	Emp	loyees	Value
		Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		*000			\$*000	lo m			\$'000		\$'0	00
1964						1	1						
Under \$10,000 \$ 10,000 to \$ 24,999 25,000 '' 49,999	} 5	3	6	10	3	47	105	54	4	11	5	20	58
50,000 99,999 100,000 199,999	} 4	38	86	121	15	767	1, 115	331	-	-	47	169	400
200,000 ** 499,999 500,000 ** 999,999	} 4	72	156	250	11	1,706	3,715	1, 989	-		112	446	2,013
1,000,000 '' 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over Head offices, sales offices and	} 4	950	1,974	4,667	537	16,479	41,802	24,652	-	-	1,245	6,572	25,013
auxiliary units	* * *								•••				• • •
Totals	17	1,063	2,223	5,048	567	18,999	46, 737	27,027	4	11	1,409	7,207	27,484
1965							,						
Under \$10,000 \$ 10,000 to \$ 24,999 25,000 '' 49,999	} 4	3	7	10	4	41	88	44	4	11	5	17	55
50,000 ⁴⁴ 99,999 100,000 ⁴⁴ 199,999	} 5	38	79	124	16	753	1,155	385	-	-	49	191	462
200,000 ** 499,999 500,000 ** 999,999	} 5	96	200	392	66	2,640	5,643	2,888	-	-	152	720	2,991
1,000,000 " 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over Head offices, sales offices and	} 3	886	1,856	4,535	514	15,417	40,857	24,849	-	-	1,158	6,284	25, 519
auxiliary units				+ + 4								• • •	-164
Totals	17	1,023	2,142	5,062	600	18,851	47, 743	28, 165	4	11	1,364	7,212	29,080

D	-	

TABLE 4. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Total Value Added, 1964 and 1965

				Mar	ufacturing	activity				Т	otal activ	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		duction ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments		Working owners and partners		Employees		
	menta	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	Value added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$*0	000
1964													
Jnder \$10,000 5 10,000 to \$ 24,999 25,000 '' 49,999	5	3	6	10	3	47	105	54	4	11	5	20	5
50,000 " 99,999 100,000 " 199,999	} 4	38	86	121	15	767	1,115	331	-	-	47	169	40
200,000 " 499,999 500,000 " 999,999	} 4	72	156	250	11	1.706	3,715	1,989	-	_	112	446	2,01
1,000,000 " 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over lead offices, sales offices and	} 4	950	1,974	4,667	537	16,479	41,802	24,652	-	-	1,245	6,572	25,01
auxiliary units	* * 8				• • •			4					
Totals	17	1,063	2,223	5,048	567	18,999	46,737	27, 027	4	11	1,409	7,207	27,48
1965													
Jnder \$10,000	} 4	3	7	10	4	41	88	44	4	11	5	17	5
50,000 '' 99,999 100,000 '' 199,999	} 5	38	79	124	16	753	1,155	385	-	-	49	191	46
200,000 ** 499,999 500,000 ** 999,999	} 5	96	200	392	66	2.640	5.643	2,888	-	- 1	152	720	2, 99
1,000,000 " 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over lead offices, sales offices and	} 3	886	1,856	4,535	514	15,417	40.857	24.849	-	-	1,158	6, 284	25, 57
auxiliary units	* * *		• • •	• • •		4.8.8	6.0.0		• • • •				
Totals	17	1,023	2,142	5,062	600	18,851	47, 743	28,165	4	11	1,364	7,212	29,080

TABLE 5. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Total Employed, 1964 and 1965

				Mar	ufacturing	activity				1	Fotal acti	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		oduction ated worl		Cost of fuel and	Cost of materials	Value of shipments of goods	Value		Working owners and partners		Employees	
	111-11-0	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	Value added
	No.		*000			\$*000				\$'000		\$'0	000
1964													
Under 5 employed	5	3	6	10	3	47	105	54	4	11	5	20	58
5 - 14 employed 15 - 49 50 - 99	} 7	83	180	267	23	1, 798	3, 367	1, 543	-	679	107	377	1,605
200-499 " 500 employed and over	5	977	2,037	4,770	540	17,154	43, 265	25,429	-	-	1, 297	6, 810	25,822
auxiliary units						***							• • •
Totals	17	1,063	2, 223	5,048	567	18,999	46, 737	27,027	4	11	1,409	7,207	27,484
1965													
Under 5 employed	6	7	15	22	6	109	213	98	4	11	13	55	110
5 - 14 employed 15 - 49 50 - 99	} 7	97	210	402	78	2,692	5,327	2,498	-	_	140	647	2,646
100-199 200-499 500 employed and over Head offices, sales offices and	} 4	919	1, 917	4,639	516	16,051	42, 204	25, 568	_	-	1, 211	6,510	26,324
auxiliary units	• • •					* * *				* * *		1.4.4	
Totals	17	1,023	2,142	5,062	600	18,851	47,743	28, 165	4	11	1,364	7,212	29,080

		100		Мал	ufacturing	activity				1	fotal acti	vity	
Type of organization	Estab- lish-		duction ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments		Working and pa	owners artners	Empl	oyees	Value
of Banzarson	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	value added
	No.		'000	÷		\$'000				\$'000		\$*0	00
1964								l					
Individual ownerships	_		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Partnerships]	1.000	0.000	5 040	FOR	10.000	40 505	07 007			7 400	7 007	27.484
Incorporated companies	} 17	1,063	2,223	5,048	567	18,999	46.737	27,027	4	11	I,409	7,207	21,484
Co-operatives	~~	-	-	-	-		-	<u> </u>		* * *			4
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units													
Totals	17	1,063	2, 223	5,048	567	18,999	46,737	27.027	4	11	1,409	7, 207	27,484
1965													
Individual ownerships	_	-	_	-	_	-	_		-	_		_	-
Partnerships	} 17	1,023	2,142	5,062	600	18,851	47,743	28,165	4	11	1, 364	7,212	29,080
Incorporated companies	1												
Co-operatives	-						i	-					
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units													
Totals	17	1,023	2, 142	5.062	600	18,851	47.743	28, 165	4	11	1.364	7,212	29, 080

TABLE 6. Principal Statistics classified by Type of Organization, 1964 and 1965

FABLE 7. Calculation of Output, Input and Value Added, 1964 and 1965

	Manufacti activit		Non-manufa activiti		Tota activi	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	I	·	\$'00	0		
Output			- 1			
1. Shipments and other revenue	46,737	47,743	2,391	2,775	49.128	50,518
Inventories - Goods of own manufacture:						
Add closing - Goods in process	51	53			51	53
Finished goods	1,443	1,233			1,443	1.233
Deduct opening - Goods in process	52	51			52	51
Finished goods	1,585	1,362			1,585	1,362
2. Net inventory change	(143)	(127)			(143)	(127)
3. Gross output (1+2)	46,594	47,616	2,391	2.775	49.985	50,391
Input						
4. Purchases of goods not of own manufacture			1.871	1,865	1,871	1.865
Inventories - Goods not of own manufacture:						
Add opening			12	38	12	38
Deduct closing	* * *		38	128	38	128
5. Cost of goods sold (not of own manufacture)	* * *		1,845	1.775	1,845	1,775
6. Materials, supplies, etc.	18,999	18.851	89	84	19.088	18, 928
7. Fuel and electricity	567	600			567	600
3. Gross input (5 * 6 * 7)	19,566	19,45i	1,934	t,859	21, 500	21.310
Value added (3 - 6)	27,027	28.165	457	916	27,484	29,080

					Emplo	yees						Salari	es and wa	iges	
Year and		Product: related v			Adm trat			les	To	ital	Producti		Admin-	Sales	
province	Manufa	cturing	Ot	ther		office		bution			related v	vorkers	istra- tive and	and distri- bution	Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Manufac- turing	Other	office	burion	
		4		·	numt	ber		·					\$'000		
1964						1							1		
Newfoundland	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Prince Edward Island	-	-	-	-	_			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nova Scotia	-	-	—			-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Brunswick	-	-		-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-		-
Quebec	х	x	-		х	x	х	-	х	x	х	-	х	х	x
Ontario	675 -	293	4	2	95	53	1 35	8	909	356	4,727	22	944	952	6,64
Manitoba	x	x	_		х	x		-	x	x	x	-	x		x
Saskatchewan	_					-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
Alberta	x	x	-	-	x	x	х	-	x	x	х		x	x	x
British Columbia	x	x	_	-	x	x	x	- 1	x	x	x	- 1	x		x
Yukon and Northwest Terri-															
tories	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-			~	-	-
Totals	724	339	4	2	118	66	148	8	994	415	5, 048	22	1, 108	1.029	7. 201
1965															
Newfoundland		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Prince Edward Island	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-		-	- 1	-
Nova Scotia	-	-	_	_	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Brunswick		-	-	-	-	- 1	~	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-
Quebec	x	x	-		x	x	x	-	x	x	x	-	x	x	x
Ontario	667	263	5	3	98	52	129	9	, 899	327	4,763	32	1,000	884	6,671
Manitoba	x	x	-	- 1	x	x	-		х	x	x	_	x		x
Saskatchewan	-	-	_	-		-		-	-		-	-		-	-
Alberta	x	x	-	-	x	x	x	_	х	x	x	-	x	x	x
British Columbia	x	x	-	-	x	x		-	x	x	х	-	x	-	x
Yukon and Northwest Terri- tories	_	4	_	_		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	-	_
Totals	711	312	5	3	121	64	139	9	976	388	5.062	32	1,170	948	7, 21

TABLE 8. Employment and Payroll, 1964 and 1965

TABLE 9. Production and Related Workers, - Manufacturing Activity, 1964 and 1965

	196	4	196	5
Month	Male	Female	Male	Female
		numbe	er	
Establishments reporting monthly detail (large establishments only):	- E	1	1	
January	688	343	680	282
February	684	322	65.2	260
March	689	313	685	286
April	691	339	715	315
May	746	364	731	294
June	764	351	740	365
July	776	394	768	375
August	775	387	743	330
September	734	35.9	715	355
October	728	326	712	322
November	713	279	667	230
December	686	288	738	326
Averages	724	339	711	312
stablishments reporting annual averages (small establishments only)		4 e e .		
werage for all establishments	724	339	711	312

		Manufs	cturing		Non- manufacturing	
Province	Materials, supplies, etc.	Goods in process	Finished goods of own manufacture	Total	Products or materials purchased for resale	Total inventation
			book valu	e \$'000		
Opening:					-	
Newfoundland	- 1	_	-	-	_	-
Prince Edward Island	-	_	-	-		-
Nova Scotia	-	-	_	-	-	-
New Brunswick	-	_	_	_	-	-
Quebec	х	-	х	x		x
Ontario	2,553	51	1,539	4,142	38	4,180
Manitoba	x	_	x	x	_	x
Saskatchewan	-	_	_	_	_	_
Alberta	x		x	x	-	x
British Columbia	х	-	X	x	_	x
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-	-	_		-	-
Totals	2, 756	51	1, 716	4, 523	38	4, 561
Closing:						
Newfoundiand	- 1	-	_	-	_	-
Prince Edward Island	-	-	_		- 10	-
Nova Scotia	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Brunswick	-	_	_	-	-	-
Quebec	x		x	x		х
Ontario	2,666	53	1,616	4,335	128	4,463
Manitoba	х	-	x	x	-	x
Saskatchewan	-	-	-		-	_
Alberta	x		x	x	-	<u>x</u>
British Columbia	x		x	х	_	2
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-	-	-	-	-	
Totals	2, 880	53	1,812	4,745	128	4, 873

TABLE 11. Purchased Fuel and Electricity Used, 1964 and 1965

	1964		1965	
Description	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
I. Large establishments reporting commodity detail: Bituminous coal: (a) From Canadian mines (b) Imported "Sub-bituminous coal (from Alberta mines only) Anthracite coal Lignite coal Coke "Gasoline (including gasoline used in cars and trucks) Imp. gal.	52 12, 836 - - - 10, 903	\$'000 	10.247 8,411	\$'000
Fuel oil including kerosene or coal oil	77,990	7	201,056	19
(a) Liquefied petroleum gases Imp. gal. (b) Other manufactured gas M cu. ft, (c) Natural gas **	2,715	1	4.297	1 - 154
Electricity purchased kwh. Steam purchased	24, 904, 410	260	37, 471, 717	301
 Small establishments not reporting commodity detail: Estimate for fuel and electricity 		4		2
3. All establishments: Total fuel and electricity used		567		600

¹ The difference between figures in Table 10 and those in Table 7 arises from firms reporting output of products on the basis of production rather than of shipments. Consequently, inventories of finished products for such respondents are not taken into account for purposes of complling value added in Table 7. See also "Concepts and Definitions" for explanation of other variances.

Description	1964		1965	
Disciption	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
	tons	\$'000	tons	\$'000
Materials used:				
Wheat	21,435	1.447	20, 425	1.38
Rye	89	6	104	
Barley	2,150	124	781	4!
Buckwheat	445	28	387	2
Oats	26,340	1,418	26,984	1.57
Corn grits, cornmeal, corn germ, and cracked corn	47,060	2.789	44,271	2.71
Rice and rice meal	2,994	166	2,079	18
Bran, shorts and middlings	9,110 6,531	1,784	9,706	1,83
Flour (wheat, etc)	5.701	500	5,965	48
Flax	28	2	23	04
Wheat germ, wheatiets	565	83	305	6
Other grains, meals, etc.	9,522	1,022	3,512	56
Mait and mait sprouts	427	50	427	5
Mait extract and syrup	527	117	570	9
Sugar	5,808	1,476	6,413	1,10
Glucose	189	41	121	2
Shortening	345	125	1.248	3
	010		515	
All other materials and components used ¹		1,073		1,110
Containers and other packaging materials and supplies used		5,403		5,66
Operating, maintenance and repair supplies used (excluding fuel)		811		000
			* * *	87.
Amount paid out to others for work done on materials owned by establishments		6		234
Totals		18,999		18,851

TABLE 12. Materials and Supplies - Manufacturing Activity, 1964 and 1965

¹ No detailed information on materials used was collected from small establishments, the estimated costs for which are included here. These estimated cost were \$112,968 in 1964 and \$108,558 in 1965.

TABLE 13	. Shipments of	Goods of O	wn Manufacture,	1964 and 1965
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Description	1964		1965	
in set prov	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Vaiue
Destauto		\$'000		\$1000
Products:				
Prepared breakfast cereals (ready for serving)		Commodity	details	
Unprepared breakfast cereais		not separ	ately	
All other products		available - se	e Table 14	
2. Amount received in payment for work done on materials and products owned by others		2		3
Less adjustment for value of sales taxes, excise duties and outward transportation charges which could not be deducted from individual commodity items described above		(195)		(275)
Net adjustment for establishments receiving progress payments		-		_
Total adjusted value of shipments and work done	4 * *	46, 737		47, 743

TABLE 14. Shipments of Selected Goods of Own Manufacture - All Industries, 1964 and 1965

(Selected Breakfast Cereal Products Only)

(Includes shipments from other industries which manufacture, as a secondary activity, the commodities listed)

Description	1964		1965 ^p	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
	ib.	\$*000	ib.	\$*000
Prepared - Ready-to-serve	115, 362, 116	43, 588	121, 721, 744	45, 691
Outmeal	29, 406, 000 81, 036, 000 15, 275, 473	2,168 8,007 2,126	31, 583, 081 79, 517, 511 14, 828, 861	3,320 7,678 1,951
Total unprepared cereals	125, 717, 473	12, 301	125, 929, 453	12,949

List of Establishments classified to this Industry, 1965 (Does not include establishments classified to other Industries, which as a secondary activity, manufacture products typical of this industry)

Name	Location
Quebec:	
	1451 Definition Ch. Markerol
Empire Milling Co. Ltd.	
Jackson Newport Foods Co., Division of George Weston Ltd.	
Morlan Foods Inc,	220 Maguire St., Montreal
Intario:	
Durum Cereals Ltd.	4 Shaftesbury Place, Toronto
Kellogg Company of Canada Ltd.	1097 Dundas St., London
Nabisco Foods, Division of Nabisco Ltd.	
Quaker Oats Co. of Canada Ltd., The	
Raiston Purina Co. of Canada Ltd.	Clarkson
Toronto Buckwheat Milling Co.	
Wilson, James & Sons Ltd.	
lanitoba:	
A & G. Packing Co.	
Nabisco Foods, Division of Nabisco Ltd.	
Prairie Maid Cereals Ltd,	
Winnipeg Cereal Milling Ltd.	
Alberta:	
Prairie Maid Cereals Ltd,	
Sunny Boy Ltd.	Camrose
helder for humbles	
British Columbia:	AND TRANSPORTATION AND TRANSPORTATION
Melograin Milling Co. Ltd.	425 Industrial Ave., Vancouver

Census of Manufactures

General

The Census of Manufactures is an annual mail survey covering Canada's Manufacturing Industries. It is based on the Standard Classification of Industries and full details concerning the system may be found in the Standard Industrial Classification manual, Catalogue No. 12-501 which is available from the Queen's Printer or the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. In summary, the Classification as it relates to the manufacturing industries provides for a breakdown into 140 industries arranged in 20 major industry groups. Of the 140 (3 digit) industries, 18 are further broken down into 55 (4 digit) sub classes. At the Canada level, principal statistics are collected and compiled for 176 separate industries. They cannot all be published separately by province, however, because of the confidential nature of the data in certain provinces.

The reporting unit for the Census is designated as the **establishment** (see definition of "Establishment" infollowing section) and a return is requested from every establishment classified to a manufacturing industry. Although respondents are required to submit reports covering the calendar year, financial year reports other than the calendar year are accepted in instances where respondents find it impossible to supply calendar year data from accounting records. When an establishment is operated for only part of a year a report is required covering the period of operation.

There are four different questionnaires used in the Census of Manufactures; (a) short form (b) long form (c) head office questionnaire and (d) commodity questionnaire. The short and long forms are used to obtain principal statistics and commodities shipped from establishments classified to manufacturing industries and differ only in the amount of detail requested. The short form is a single-sheet questionnaire sent to small manufacturers generally reporting shipments of less than \$100,000; this cut-off, however, varies somewhat between industries. The head office questionnaire is generally used for company head offices and/or auxiliary units separately located from the manufacturing establishment(s), (see following notes on Head offices and auxiliary units). The Commodity questionnaire is used to survey certain establishments which are coded (on the basis of their principal activity) to industries other than manufacturing in the Standard Industrial Classification system, but which undertake some manufacturing as a subsidiary activity. This single-sheet questionnaire is designed to collect information on the quantity and value of goods of own manufacture shipped by such establishments in order to achieve full coverage of domestically manufactured commodities (see the following note under Shipments).

The results of the Census are presented in some 135 publications. In addition to these annual industry publications there are annual summary reports for Canada and the provinces and special reports giving principal statistics by detailed geographic areas, by type of ownership and size of establishment. A special annual report covering the shipments of all manufactured commodities arranged in alphabetical order is also published.

Since 1960 the following major changes have been implemented in the Census of Manufactures; (a) a revised Standard Industrial Classification (b) a new establishment definition and (c) an extension of the establishment definition to cover the non-manufacturing activities of manufacturing establishments. The statistics presented in the reports reflect the complete implementation of these changes and enable comparisons to be made back to and including 1961. For a complete description of the procedures followed in establishing the revised series, reference should be made to the Explanatory Notes included in the 1960, 1961 and 1962 industry publications. The statistical framework within which the Census of Manufactures is now carried out is based on the following concepts and definitions which have been developed as part of a general programme to achieve a fully integrated system of economic statistics.

Establishment

A manufacturing establishment is typically a factory, mill or plant principally engaged in manufacturing activities. The majority of such establishments are firms but many firms have more than one establishment. Such firms are requested to submit a separate Census of Manufactures report for each manufacturing establishment which can meet the reporting requirements embodied in the following definition of the "establishment":

"The smallest unit which is a separate operating entity capable of reporting the following principal statistics:

Materials and supplies used Goods purchased for resale as such Fuel and power consumed Number of employees and salaries and wages Man-hours worked and paid Inventories Shipments or sales."

Each establishment is required to report on all the activities carried out within it's accounting boundaries (except income from investments such as rent, interest and dividends) and data on the different activities (manufacturing, trading in goods not of own manufacture, construction by own labour force, revenue from services, etc.) are requested to be reported separately. It should be noted that the statistics for separate activities are not completely consistent since some respondents cannot distinguish, in their records, materials, shipments and inventories relating solely to their own manufacturing activities. For example, inventory of goods purchased for re-sale may not be distinguishable from inventory of own manufactured goods. Complete consistency, therefore, can be obtained only at the "all operations" (total activity) level and for studies or statistical measures requiring accurate coordinated data, the "total" statistics should be used.

The number of establishments represents the number of operating units that are principally engaged in the activities of the manufacturing industries to which they have been classified. These units do not necessarily represent the total number engaged in the production of a commodity mainly produced in a certain industry. Some commodities are produced as secondary products in other manufacturing and non-manufacturing industries. It should be noted that head offices and auxiliary units which are surveyed separately are not included in the establishment count, (see following notes on head offices and auxiliary units).

Head Offices and Auxiliary Units

All head offices and auxiliary units of companies classified to the manufacturing industries such as sales offices, administrative offices, warehouses, laboratories, etc. are now surveyed as part of the Census of Manufactures.

These head offices and auxiliary units are either included in an establishment report or are surveyed by means of the head office questionnaire. The former is the most common case where a single establishment firm has its executive personnel, sales office, etc. located at the site of the manufacturing plant (establishment). The special head office questionnaire is generally used where a firm, regardless of the number of establishments, has separately located offices or auxiliary units. Such offices or units do not constitute establishments within the Census of Manufactures as they do not normally generate operational revenues, but give rise only to costs of operations (mainly salaries and wages) which are automatically included in the value of shipments or sales. Although not considered as establishments, and hence, not included in the "establishment" count for an industry, the operational costs are reflected in either the "Industry" statistics (3 or 4 digit level) or the "Major group" statistics (2 digit level) according to the following rules:

(a) In the case of single establishment firms, statistics for separately located offices and units are classified to the same industry (3 or 4 digit) as the establishment;

(b) In the case of multi-establishment firms, the statistics for such offices and units are coded to the same industry as the establishments of the firm, when all establishments are in the same industry (3 or 4 digit). When establishments of such firms are coded (1) to different industries within a major group, (2) to industries in different major groups or (3) to industries in different divisions of the Standard Industrial Classification, then the statistics are included in the major group totals (2 digit level) in which the major part of the company's operations are classified. Although this may result in some distortion of major group statistics in the case of (2) and (3) the statistics at the industry (3 or 4 digit) level in all cases will be left free of these company-wide data.

Employees

(a) Production and related workers - Manufacturing activities

In addition to those engaged in production and assembling activities, they include those employed in storing, inspecting, handling, packing, warehousing, etc. They also include employees engaged in maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services and line supervisors (working foremen) engaged in similar work to that of the employees they supervise. For those establishments reporting on the "long" form, production and related workers engaged in manufacturing activity are reported as those receiving pay during the last pay period of each month, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly figures and dividing by 12. This procedure is followed even though the establishment did not operate in all months in order to arrive at equivalent annual full-time employment. The numbers are somewhat affected by turnover, in that employment is overstated when an employee changes employment during a pay period. In the case of those establishments reporting on the "short" form, respondents are requested to report average annual figures. The man-hours of production and related workers in manufacturing activity represent total man-hours paid (total hours at work during the calendar year plus hours not worked but nevertheless paid for, such as paid vacations, sick leave, statutory holidays, etc.). Data on man-hours are not collected from establishments reporting on the short form. Man-hours for these establishments are estimated on the basis of ratios derived from the 1958 census. During this census all establishments reported on the long form. In reporting overtime hours, respondents are requested to report only hours actually at work. It should be noted that the division of hours paid into production and related workers payrolls results in average hourly earnings and does not represent hourly wage rates which are collected and published by the Department of Labour and which are based on selected occupations.

(b) Production and related workers - Non-manufacturing activities

Such employees include those on manufacturing establishments' payrolls engaged in activities such as construction undertaken for the use of these establishments, some outside piece-workers employed in certain industries, logging employees who are reported as part of a sawmilling establishment and any other production workers who are not engaged in manufacturing-type operations.

(c) Administrative and office employees

This category includes all executive and supervisory officials such as presidents, vicepresidents, comptrollers, secretaries, treasurers, etc., together with managers, professional, technical and research employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the line supervisor or working foreman level, and clerical staffs. Also included are employees in activities such as advertising, credit collections, purchasing, personnel, legal, medical, etc. It should be noted that prior to 1961 this category also included working owners and partners. Also included in this category are employees located at head offices or auxiliary units separately located from the establishment; these are generally included in the figures for the province in which they are located according to the rules outlined under "Head offices and auxiliary units" above.

(d) Sales and distribution workers

This category includes office personnel whose salaries are charged to selling expense, travelling salesmen, driver salesmen, truckdrivers and their helpers, etc. It may also include some sales employees who are reported as part of a manufacturing establishment but are not working at the establishment's location. These are generally broken down by province in cases where more than 15 employees are involved in any one province. The figures exclude persons working on a commission basis who are not considered regular employees of the establishment.

(e) Total Employees

This total comprises the foregoing categories including employees located at separately located head offices and auxiliary units. The numbers of employees included under categories (b), (c) and (d) are reported in the form of annual averages and represent as closely as possible full time employment; adjustments are made when reported figures indicate the existence of part time or seasonal employment. In all the above categories, figures on employment refer to the calendar year whether or not other establishment statistics can only be reported on a fiscal year other than the calendar year.

Working Owners or Partners

These are not now included in the statistics of employees and salaries and wages. There is some duplication in numbers when a person owns more than one establishment and is reported as a working owner on each Census return. Withdrawals of working owners are defined as amounts withdrawn by owners or partners for normal living expenses excluding withdrawals for payment of income tax.

Salaries and Wages

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of employees **before** deductions for income tax and employees contributions to social services such as sickness, accident and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc. They include all salaries. wages. bonuses, profits shared with employees, the value of room and board where provided, commissions (paid to regular employees only) as well as any other allowance forming part of the worker's earnings. Payments for over-time are included. Figures on salaries and wages refer to the calendar year.

Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used (including fuel used in cars, trucks, locomotives, etc.), not to purchases unless the quantities are substantially the same. Any fuel and electricity produced by establishments for internal consumption are not included in the total cost. Values represent laid down cost at the establishment including freight, duty, etc. Although fuel and electricity used is considered part of manufacturing activity it should be noted that it also includes relatively small amounts used in non-manufacturing activities since these cannot be reported separately.

Materials and Supplies

(a) Manufacturing activities

Figures represent quantities and laid down cost values, at the establishment, of materials, supplies and purchased components owned and used during the year in manufacturing activities and related processes. These statistics represent only commodity items or physical goods (cost of services or overhead charges such as advertising, insurance, depreciation, etc. are not included) whether purchased from others or received as transfers (in the form of materials, components or semi-processed goods) from other establishments of the reporting company. Included are maintenance and repair supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and any amounts charged by other establishments for work done on materials owned by the reporting establishment, Cost of repairs or maintenance done by outside contractors and cost of returnable containers are not included.

(b) Non-manufacturing activities

1. Purchases for re-sale as such

Figures represent cost of materials or products purchased from others by the reporting establishment (or received as transfers from other establishments of the reporting company) for re-sale as such in the same condition as purchased. Included are any finished products received on consignment from other countries.

2. Other materials and supplies used

Figures represent the cost of materials and supplies, if any, used in new construction and in the production of machinery and equipment (for the use of the reporting establishment) by the establishment's own employees. Included are materials used for any capital repairs and alterations carried out by the establishment's employees. Amounts paid to outside contractors for construction and repair work are not included nor is the cost of is the cost of office supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and the cost of such other items of materials and supplies used as food, beverages and supplies for establishment-operated cafeterias and lunch counters, first aid and medical supplies, laboratory supplies, etc.

Shipments

(a) General

The figures represent revenue from all production, sales, services and related activities of reporting establishments with shipments valued in Canadian dollars at the point at which the establishment relinquishes control. The unsold portion at year end of consignment shipments in Canada is treated as inventory and not as shipments but all shipments to foreign countries for which the form B13 "Customs Canada Export Entry" has been completed, are treated as shipments.

In those industries where work on principal products extends over a relatively long period, (Fabricated Structural Metal Industry, Aircraft and Parts Manufacturers, Railroad Rolling Stock Industry and Shipbuilding and Repair Industry) the value of production rather than the value of shipments is recorded. There are certain establishments in other industries which also operate on a basis of progress payments. For these establishments, shipments are also adjusted to work put in place on the basis of the net change in progress payments over the year.

(b) Shipments of goods of own manufacture

These figures represent shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting establishments or by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting establishments for work done. Included are revenue from repair and custom work, amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by other establishments and the cost (book value) of any goods shipped on a rental basis.

All products and by-products of own manufacture shipped from the establishment are covered, including transfer shipments to sales outlets, distributing warehouses or to other manufacturing plants of the reporting firm, when such units are treated as separate establishments. The value of shipments are net of returned goods, discounts, returns, allowances, sales tax and excise taxes and duties, returnable containers and charges for outward transportation by common or contract carriers. Transportation or delivery expense incurred by the reporting establishment's own carriers are included.

Shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments which are coded to some other division of the Standard Industrial Classification (on the basis of principal activity) but which are engaged in manufacturing as a subsidiary activity

purchased machinery and equipment. Also included are collected by means of the Commodity questionnaire referred to earlier. Such shipments together with shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments forming the universe of manufacturing industries are compiled and recorded in the various industry publications.

(c) Shipments of goods not of own manufacture

These figures represent the net selling value at establishment (net of discounts, returns, allowances, sales taxes and excise duties and taxes and transportation charges by common or contract carriers) of all products or materials (including products transferred from other establishments of the reporting firm) sold as such in the same condition as purchased or received as transfers. For those industries which ship such goods on a rental basis, the value of shipments represents the book value of these goods. All sales of consignment goods from other countries are included.

(d) Other revenue

Figures represent the book value of fixed assets, if any, (new construction and machinery and equipment including major repairs, alterations, additions, modifications, installation and assembly work) produced during the year for the use of reporting establishments by the establishment's own employees and for which depreciation accounts are maintained. Included also are any revenues from the sale of electricity and from any operations performed by the establishment's own employees, such as revenue from goods produced or purchased for rental (the book value of such goods are included as part of shipments of goods of own manufacture or shipments of goods not of own manufacture), servicing revenues, commissions on sales (when not included in value of sales), revenue for companyoperated cafeterias and lunch counters and revenue from outside installation or construction work not related to the establishment's own products, sale of used materials (excluding sale of used fixed assets) research and development work, etc. As mentioned previously the figures do not include non-operating revenue such as rent, dividends, interest, etc.

Inventories

(a) Manufacturing activities

Values represent the book values of manufacturing inventory owned in Canada. Inventories held for which progress payments have been received are not included. Where progress payment accounts are maintained, the change in these accounts is treated as a net adjustment to shipments. Figures consist of inventory owned at the plant and at warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments for the purpose of reporting shipments. Inventory owned in transit in Canada or on consignment in Canada is included. Goods shipped abroad and held in inventory are included in shipments. Opening inventories may differ from the closing inventories of the previous year because of changes in classification, the receipt of revised data, the inclusion of new establishments and the removal of establishments which did not operate during the survey year.

(b) Non-manufacturing activities

Figures represent the book value of inventory of goods purchased for re-sale as such without further processing, owned by the reporting establishments and held at plants and at any warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments. Other characteristics are the same as in (a) above.

Value Added

(a) By manufacturing activities

Figures are compiled by deducting the cost of manufacturing materials, supplies, etc. and fuel and electricity consumed from the (value of shipments of goods of o'vn manufacture adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of finished goods and goods in process).

(b) By non-manufacturing activities

The figures are compiled hy deducting the cost of goods purchased for re-sale (adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of goods purchased for re-sale) and the cost of non-manufacturing materials and supplies used from the value of shipments of goods not of own manufacture, plus other revenue.

(c) By Total activities

The figures consist of value added by manufacturing activities plus value added by non-manufacturing activities. This total value added figure may, in some cases, be less than value added by manufacturing activities as a result of expenditures associated with non-manufacturing exceeding revenues from such activities or because of a decrease in inventory of goods not of own manufacture exceeding the mark-up on the sale of such goods. "Value added" is sometimes referred to as net output or net production. However, to arrive at the National Accounts concept of net production, or Gross Domestic Product at "Factor cost" it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of advertising, insurance and other business expenses which are not collected as part of the annual Census of Manufactures, "Value added" figures for the primary industries, manufacturing and construction are published in DBS publication Catalogue No. 61-202, "Survey of Production".





