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# THE WINE INDUSTRY 

## 1958



Published by Authority of
The Honourable Gordon Churchill, Minister of Trade and Commerce

## DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Industry and Merchandising Division

## PUBLICATIONS

The results of the annual Census of Industry are published by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics in a series of industry reports which are released each year as the compilations are completed. Reports for industries in the Foods, Beverages and Tobacco Major Group are listed below, along with current and annual publications of related interest. Similar reports are issued for other industries. A complete catalogue of publications of the Bureau is avallable on request from the Information Services Division, Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa, of from the Queen's Printer, Ottawa.


Note: In addition, several special statements are available. These include Monthly Meat Products, Monthly Stocks of Canned Foods, Monthly Production of Alfalfa Meal, Quarterly Bread and Bakery Products, 20 Seasonal Commodity Reports of Canned Fruits and Vegetables including Irish Potatoes.

[^0]This report is one in a series of about 130 publications which present the results of the 1958 Census of Manufactures. Most reports in thls series refer to specific industries, but there are summary reports for Canada and the provinces and for majot industry groups. An annual Census of Manufactures has been carrled out by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics since 1916.

Industry statistics given in these reports refer to number of establishments, employees, salaries and wages, cost of materials, supplies, fuel and electricity, gross value of shipments, inventories and value added by manufacturing. Details of materials used and products shipped are also given. Descriptions of the principal industry statistics, with special reference to 1958, are as follows:

## Period Covered

Firms are asked to submit figures for the calendar year, if at all possible, and most reports are on this basis. Financial year reports for periods differing from the calendar year are accepted in instances where the firms find it impossible to supply calendar year data from accounting records. However the data on employees, salaries and wages are requested on a calendar year basis in all cases.

## Establishment

Data for the annual census is collected on an establishment basis. A firm with more than one plant is required to file a report for each plant. In most cases an establishment is a complete factory. Sometimes, however, a plant is divided into two or mote establishments when it carries out operations classiflable to different industries and when separate accounting records are available. Usually the statistics for an establishment relate only to the manufacturing activities. Other activities such as construction at the plant by its own employees, wholesale of retail activities carried on at the plant location, etc., are not included. Plants engaged solely in repair work (except in the case of furniture. shipbuilding, boat building, aircraft and railway rolling stock industries) are not included but plants occupled in assembling parts into complete units are included.

## Employees

Administrative and office employees include all executives and supervisory officials such as presidents, vice-presidents, secretaries, treasurers, etc.. together with managers, professional and technical employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the working foremen level and clerical employees. Working owners and partners are also included in this category.

Production and related workers include all other factory workmen whether paid on a monthly. weekly, hourly or piece-work basis. Working foremen doing work similar to that of the employees they supervise are included, as are maintenance, warehousing and delivery staffs. Employees on new construction work, in retall or wholesale operations. on outside piece work etc., are not included.

Production workers are reported by months, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly figures and dividing by twelve. This procedure is followed even though the plant did not operate in all months. Figures on employment refer to calendar years whether of not some establishments reported other data on a financial year basis.

## Salaries and Wages

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of the employees described above, including salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses, the value of room and board where provided, deductions for income tax and social services such as sickness and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc., as well as any other allowances forming part of the employees' wages. payments for overtime are included.

Salaries refer to amounts paid to administrative and office employees. Withdrawals by working owners of partners for normal living expenses for self and family are included but not their withdrawals for income tax. Wages refer to the amounts paid to production and related workers as defined above. Data on earnings refer to the calendar year whether or not some establishments reported other data on a financial year basis.

## Cost of Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used, (including fuel used in cars and trucks), not to purchases unless the quantities are the same. Values refer to the laid-down cost at the works, including freight, duty, etc.

## Materials and Supplies Used

Figures represent quantities and laid-down cost values, at the works, of materials and supplies actually used during the year whether purchased from others or received as transfers from other plants of the reporting company. Amounts paid to other manufacturers for work done on materlals owned by the reporting company are included. Returnable containers or any other items charged to capital account are not included. Fuels are not included. Goods bought from others or recelved as transfers from other plants of reporting companies
for resale without further processing are not included. Maintenance and repair supplies not chatgeable to capital account are included.

## Factory Shipments

Factory shipments refer to shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting plant or by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting plant for work done. All products and by-products shipped from the establishment are included whether for domestic use, export, or for government departments. Transfer shipments to sales outlets, distrlbuting warehouses or to other manufacturing units of the reporting firm are included. Goods bought or received as transfers and resold without further processing are not included. Values are computed on $\mathrm{f} .0 . \mathrm{b}$. plant or plant warehouse basis, and do not include sales tax or excise duties. Values of containers not returnable are included. Amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by others are included.

In a few industries such as shipbullding, aircraft, etc., where work on principal products extend over a relatively long perlod, the value of production is recorded rather than the value of shipments. For those industries production is computed from the value of deliveries of complete units during the year plus the value of work done during the year on unfinished units less the value of work done in previous years on finished units delivered in the year under review.

## Inventories

Values represent the book values of manufacturing inventories owned and held at the reporting plant. Figures include inventorles held in warehouses or selling outlets which have been included with plant operations for purposes of reporting shipments.

## Value Added by Manufacturing

Figures are computed from value of shipments plus or minus changes in inventories of finished
goods and goods in process less cost of materials, fuel and electricity. This figure is sometimes referred to as net production. ${ }^{\text {s }}$

## Standard Industrial Classification

The Standard Industrial Classification Manual, prepared by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, provides for 135 three-digit industries in the manufacturing sector, arranged in 17 major groups. Reporting establishments are classifled or allotted to specific industries on the basis of the value of principal products made or shipped.

## Short Forms

Prior to 1949 all manufacturing firms, regardless of size, were required to complete a standard form annually covering all census details, but for latet years an effort was made to ease the reporting burden for smaller firms which usually do not maintain regular records in the required detail. A modified or short form was introduced in 1949 asking for the total value of shipments only, or in industries with a large number of small firms, for total value of shipments and quantities and values of a few principal products. Using the ratio of value of shipments in the current year to value of shipments in the base year, 1948, estimates of other census data were made for each plant for inclusion in the regular compilations. In general, the cut-off point for short forms was set at $\$ 50,000$ gross value of shipments annually, but there were lower cut-offs for a number of industries in which the small firms accounted for a larger share of total shipments. About 40 per cent of the total number of establishments reported on the modified of short form. They accounted for less than 3 per cent of the total value. In 1958, to establish a new base year, the small firms were again asked to report data on employees, salaries and wages, and other principal statistics together with some detail on materlal and products.

[^1]
# THE WINE INDUSTRY <br> 1958 

The wine industry in Canada is confined to a few localities such as the Niagara Peninsula in Ontario and the Okanagan Valley and other fruit growing districts in British Columbia where climatic conditions for the cultivation of grapes and berries suitable for wine are favourable. In this industry in 1958, there were 19 establishments, located by provinces as follows: New Brunswick 1, Quebec 1, Ontario 12 and British Columbia 5. These plants had an employment of 524 persons, who received $\$ 2,366,811$ in salaries and wages. The selling value of factory shipments amounted to $\$ 17,825,250$ in 1958. This included $6,585,316$ imperial gallons of matured wine having a selling value of $\$ 17,553,056$ and other products, consisting of cocktails, grape concentrate and wine spirits having a selling value of $\$ 272,194$.

The wine industry consists of two distinct operations viz. (1) production of wines which are placed in storage for maturing and which are, therefore, not sold during the current year and (2) bottling or shipping in bulk of matured wines which have been produced in previous years. Production of new wine in 1958 amounting to $7,416,005$ gallons shows an increase of $2,012,497$ gallons from 1957 and the sales amounting to $6,585,316$ gallons increased by 960,072 gallons.

It may be noted that the province of Ontario accounted for almost 89 per cent of the total value of factory shipments.

Starting in 1954, statistics were collected on opening and closing inventories of "raw materials and supplies". "goods in process" and "finished goods of own manufacture". A compilation showing these figures will be found in Table 3.

In Table 1, showing principal statistics of the industry, a column has been added headed "value added by manufacture". These figures are obtained by subtracting the cost of materials used, including fuel and electricity, from the value of production. Since 1954, the value of production was obtained by adding the difference between closing and opening inventory values of "finished goods" and "goods in process" to the sales value. Previous to 1954 inventory values were not available. The following table for the period 1953 to 1958 illustrates the procedure.

Detailed statistics of shipments, materials used, employment, etc. are given in the various tables within this report.

|  | Value of factory shipments | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Change } \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { inventory } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Value } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { production } \end{aligned}$ | Cost of materials | Cost of fuel and electricity | Value added by manufacture ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | thousands of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1953{ }^{2}$ | . | . | 9,657 | 4,482 | 132 | 5,043 |
| 1954 | 12,045 | + 9 | 12, 054 | 4,674 | 130 | 7, 250 |
| 1955 | 12,396 | +579 | 12,975 | 5.443 | 154 | 7,378 |
| 1956 | 13,316 | -463 | 12,853 | 5,263 | 143 | 7,447 |
| 1957 | 15, 191 | +470 | 15,661 | 5,881 | 177 | 9,603 |
| 1958 | 17.825 | +899 | 18,724 | 7,681 | 165 | 10,878 |

[^2]TABLE 1. Principal Statistics of the Wine Industry, Significant Years 1926-56 and by Provinces 1957 and 1958

| Year and province | Establishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross selling value of products ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  | dollars |  |  |  |  |
| 1926. |  |  | 294, 820 | 19,048 | 1,349,787 | 1,116,301 | 2,485,136 |
| 1929 | 27 204 <br> 47 411 |  | 495, 154552,427 | 26,56242,244 | $3,143,367$$1,328,539$ | 2,371,304 | 5, 541, 133 |
| 1933. | 56363131 | 451 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939. |  |  | 906, 3401,080,634 | 42,244 52,274 | 2,032,848 | 1.955, 775 | 4, 040,897 |
| 1942. |  | 749630 |  | 81,31772,001 | 3, 111,986$2,403,109$ |  | $6,088,093$$5,269,145$ |
| 1943................................. | 303131 |  | 1,080, 634 $1,009,140$ |  |  | $2,894,790$ $2,794,035$ |  |
| 1945 ................................. |  | 630 693 | 1,117,325 | 72,001 86,095 | $2,403,109$ $3,474,943$ | 3, 789, 976 | $7,351,014$$10,812,390$ |
| 1946 | 31 29 | 827722 | 1,424,623 | 99, 075 | 5,215,338 | 5,497,977 |  |
| 1947 | 29 |  | 1, $1,521,468$ | 105,764116,347 | 5, 659, 928 | $6,456,977$$5,279,952$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,812,390 \\ & 12,222,669 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1948 | 2827 | 664 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 12,222,669 \\ & 10,230,216 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1949 |  | 572 | 1,417.858 | 103, 790 | 3,894, 965 | 4,603.118 | 8,601,873 |
| 1950 | 27 | 527556 |  |  | 4,648,035 | 5,194, 167 | 9,957,928 |
| 1951. | 2625 |  | $1,498,119$ $1,677,916$ | 126,739126.539 | 4,356, 877 | 5,614,554 | 10,098, 170 |
| 1952 |  | 556 | 1,820,480 |  | 4,026,160 | $6,179,858$$5,042,665$ |  |
| 1953 | 25 24 | 524 |  | 132,026129,689 | 4,481,979 |  | $10,332,557$ $9,656,670$ |
| 1954 | 20 | 484 | 1, 780,629 |  | 4,680,175 | 7.250, 707 | 12,045, $447^{1}$ |
| 1955.................................. |  | 538526 | 1,991.823 | 142,841 | 5,262, 701 | 7,377, 747 | 13,315,534 |
| 1956 .................................... | 19 |  |  |  |  | 7,446,994 |  |
| 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 19 | 518 | 2,161,199 | 177,050 | 5,881,238 | 9, 603, 191 | 15, 190, 809 |
| Ontario | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ 5 \\ 2 \end{array}$ | 446 | 1, 907, 221 | 161,886 | 5,113,066 | 8,356,785 | 13,206,942 |
| British Columbia Other provinces $\qquad$ |  |  | 253,978 | 15,164 | 768,172 | 1,246,406 | 1,983,867 |
| 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 19 | 524 | 2,366, 811 | 165,210 | 7.681,190 | 10,878, 135 | 17.825,250 |
| Ontario | 1252 | 451 | 2,095, 381 | 152.785 | 6,597,128 | 9,851,045 | $\begin{array}{r} 15,762,161 \\ 2,063,089 \end{array}$ |
| British Columbia $\qquad$ Other provinces |  | 73 | 271.430 | 12,425 | 1,084,062 | 1,027,090 |  |

" "Value of factory shipments" since 1954.

TABLE 2. Production and Factory Shipments, 1957 and 1958


[^3]TABLE 3. Inventories 1958

|  | Raw materials and supplies | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Goods } \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { process } \end{aligned}$ | Finished goods of own manufacture | Total value ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | do | lars |  |
| Opening: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Ontario | 84],163 | 5,246,493 | 470,925 | 6,558,581 |
| Other provinces | 97,441 | 1, 161, 236 | 288,935 | 1,547,612 |
| Canada | 938,604 | 6, 407,729 | 759, 860 | 8,106, 193 |
| Closing: |  |  |  |  |
| Ontario | 831,549 | 5,872,896 | 683,319 | 7,387, 764 |
| Other provinces. | 83.026 | 1,155, 791 | 354, 868 | 1.593,685 |
| Canada | 914, 575 | 7,028,687 | 1, 038, 187 | 8,981,449 |

[^4]TABLE 4. Materials Used in the Wine Industry, 1957 and 1958

| ( |
| :--- |

TABLE 5. Exports and Imports of Wines, 1957 and 1958

|  | 1957 |  | 1958 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
| Exports: | gals. | \$ | gals. | \$ |
| Wines | 2,036 | 3,849 | 2,925 | 9,543 |
| Imports: |  |  |  |  |
| Wines, non-sparkling ........................................... | 1,686, 414 | 4,790,956 | 1,876, 158 | 5,330,828 |
| Wines, sparkling ..................................................... | 49,956 | 521,965 | 48,756 | 528,277 |

TABLE 6. Employees and their Earnings, by provinces, 1957 and 1958

|  | Average |  |  |  |  | Salaries and wages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Supervisory and office employees |  | Production work ers |  | Total | Supervisory and office employees | Production workers | Total |
|  | Male | Female | Male | Female |  |  |  |  |
|  | number |  |  |  |  | dollars |  |  |
| Ontario ............... | 106 | 46 | 258 | 36 | 446 | 913,755 | 993,486 | 1,907, 221 |
| Other provinces .......................... | 20 | - | 44 | 8 | 72 | 92, 559 | 161,419 | 253,978 |
| Canada... | 126 | 46 | 302 | 44 | 518 | 1, 006, 314 | 1,154,885 | 2,161,199 |
| Ontario ........... | 100 | 50 | 265 | 36 | 451 | 990,854 | 1,104,527 | 2,095,381 |
| Other provinces ............................. | 20 | 1 | 49 | 3 | 73 | 87,312 | 184, 118 | 271, 430 |
| Canada . | 120 | 51 | 314 | 39 | 524 | 1,078,166 | 1,288, 645 | 2,366,811 |

TABLE 7. Production workers, by months, 1957 and 1958

| Months | 1957 |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 249 | 46 | 295 | 251 | 36 | 287 |
| February ..................................................................... | 252 | 45 | 297 | 249 | 38 | 287 |
| March ...................................................................... | 245 | 42 | 287 | 259 | 37 | 296 |
| April ...................................................................... | 254 | 44 | 298 | 260 | 36 | 296 |
| May | 291 | 42 | 333 | 262 | 37 | 299 |
| June | 255 | 42 | 297 | 289 | 38 | 327 |
| July | 247 | 42 | 289 | 258 | 38 | 296 |
| August. | 269 | 46 | 315 | 280 | 43 | 323 |
| September ............................................................... | 580 | 47 | 807 | 611 | 52 | 663 |
| October ................................................................... | 479 | 51 | 530 | 504 | 40 | 544 |
| November ................................................................ | 266 | 45 | 311 | 271 | 42 | 313 |
| December .................................................................. | 280 | 43 | 303 | 265 | 43 | 308 |
| Monthly average ................................................... | 302 | 44 | 346 | 314 | 39 | 353 |

TABLE 8. Consumption of Fuel and Electricity 1957 and 1958

| Kind | 1957 |  | 1958 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Cost at Plant | Quantity | Cost at plant |
|  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| Bituminous coal: |  |  |  |  |
| (a) From Canadian Mines ............................................. ton | 248 | 2,382 | 53 | 986 |
| (b) Imported .............................................................. " | 3,113 | 37,355 | 2,613 | 32,833 |
| Suh-bituminous coal (from Alberta mines only)................ | 35 | 550 | - | - |
| Anthracite coal | 574 | 7,436 | 610 | 8,144 |
| Gasoline (includes gasoline used in cars and trucks)...... Imp. gal. | 127,958 | 48,235 | 132,849 | 51,197 |
| Fuel oil | 231, 221 | 39,308 | 170,150 | 20,884 |
| Wood ............................................................................ cord | 1 | 10 | 4 | 36 |
| Gas: |  |  |  |  |
| (a) Liquefied petroleum gases (Propane, etc.) .............. Imp. gal. | 100 | 27 | - | - |
| (b) Other manufactured gas ........................................ M cu.ft. | 243 | 283 | 55 | 167 |
| (c) Natural gas .......................................................... | 708 | 673 | 6,012 | 5,668 |
| Electricity purchased (including service charges)........... kwh. | 3,261,938 | 40,791 | 450,726 | 45,295 |
| Total | - | 17\%,050 | - | 165,210 |

TABIF 9. Estimated Capital and Repair Expenditures in the Wine Industry, 1948-1958
(Figures Prepared in the Business Finance Division)

|  | Capital expenditures |  |  | Repair expenditures |  |  | Capital and repair expenditures |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Construction | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Machinery } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { equipment } \end{aligned}$ | Subtotal | Construct tion | Machinery and equipment | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sub- } \\ & \text { total } \end{aligned}$ | Construction | Machinery and equipment | Total |
|  | thousands of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948 | Breakdownnotavallable |  | 568 | Breakdown |  | 227 | 229 | 566 | 795 |
| 1949 |  |  | 296 |  |  | 198 | 126 | 368 | 494 |
| 1950 |  |  | 254 |  |  | 183 | 106 | 331 | 437 |
| 1951 |  |  | 320 |  |  | 209 | 174 | 355 | 529 |
| 1952 |  |  | 243 |  |  | 149 | 128 | 264 | 392 |
| 1953 |  |  | 285 | not |  | 177 | 103 | 359 | 462 |
| 1954 |  |  | 1.010 | available |  | 157 | 734 | 433 | 1.167 |
| 1955 |  |  | 1,447 |  |  | 188 | 1,044 | 591 | 1,635 |
| 1956 |  |  | 506 |  |  | 216 | 144 | 578 | 722 |
| 1957 |  |  | 577 |  |  | 185 | 182 | 580 | 762 |
| $1958{ }^{1}$ |  |  | 536 |  |  | 193 | 232 | 497 | 729 |

[^5]TABLE 10. Power Equipment, 1953 and 1958

| Type of equipment | 1953 | 1958 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Horsepower capacity | Horsepower capacity |
|  | horsepower |  |
| Electric motors .... | 2,191 | 3.133 |

TABLE 11. Principal Statistics Grouped According to the Size of Establishments, 1957 and 1958

| Establishments having a production of | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Establish- } \\ & \text { ments } \end{aligned}$ | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost of <br> fuel and <br> electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Selling value of factory shipments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  | dollars |  |  |  |
| 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under \$25,000.... | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$25,000 to $\$ 50,000$ | - | 17 | 41,446 | 4,368 | 64,055 | 182, 299 |
| \$50,0n0 to $\$ 100,000$ | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$100,000 to \$500,000. | 7 | 84 | 317,546 | 26.451 | 875,799 | 2,050,643 |
| \$500,000 to \$1,000,000 | 4 | 121 | 486,447 | 34,226 | 1.132,607 | 2, 908,733 |
| \$1,000,000 and nver | 4 | 296 | 1,315,760 | 112,005 | 3,808, 777 | 10,049,134 |
| Total | 19 | 518 | 2,161,199 | 177,050 | 5,881,238 | 15,190, 809 |
| 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under \$25.000 . | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$25,000 to \$50,000 | 1 | 5 | 10,366 | 1.659 | 8,603 | 42,384 |
| \$50,000 to \$100,000. | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| \$100,000 to \$500,000.. | 8 | 95 | 428, 003 | 26,326 | 1,292.760 | 2,220.518 |
| \$500,000 to \$1,000,000. | 3 | 89 | 426, 095 | 31,510 | 1.196, 474 | 2,482, 202 |
| \$1,000,000 and over | 5 | 335 | 1,502,347 | 105, 715 | 5,183,353 | 13,080, 446 |
| Total | 19 | 524 | 2,366, 811 | 165,210 | 7,681,190 | 17,825,250 |

List of Wineries Reporting in 1958

| Name of firm | Address |
| :---: | :---: |
| New Brunswick: |  |
| Abbaye des Moniales Cistériennes $\qquad$ (Société Industrielle de Rogersville) | Rogerville |
| Quebec: |  |
| T. G. Bright (Quebec) Limited | 150-28th., Lachine |
| Ontario: |  |
| Barnes Wines Limited | St. Catharines |
| T. G. Bright \& Co, Ltd. ...................................................................... | Niagara Falls |
| Chateau-Gai Wines Limited $\qquad$ | 1375 Stanley St. N., Niagara Falls |
| Grimsby Wines Limited. | Ridley Road, st. Catharines |
| Jordan-Danforth Wines Limited | 1076 Lakeshore Road, New Toronto |
| Jordan Wines Lamited | Jordan |
| London Winery Limited | R. R. 1, London |
| The Parkdale Wines Limited ..................................... | 112 Evans Ave., Toronto |
| Peerless Wine Manufacturers Ltd. (Chateau-Gai Wines Ltd.) | 448 Queen St. E.. Toronto |
| Turner Wine Company ................................................................................. | 104 Front St. E., Toronto |
| Welland Winery | 272 King St., Welland |
| British Columbia: |  |
| B. C. Sparkling Wines Ltd. | 22164 Labonte Crescent, Langley |
| Calona Wines, Ltd. ......... | 1125 Richter St., Kelowna |
| Growers' Wine Co. Ltd... | 1531-15th Ave. W., Vancouver |
| Growers' Wine Co. Ltd......... | 3948 Quadra St.. Victoria |
| Victoria Wineries (B.C.) Ltd | 4026 Borden Ave., Victoria |




[^0]:    Remittances should be in the form of cheque or money order, made payable to the Receiver General of Canada and forwarded to the Information Services Division, Dominion Bureau of Statistics, or to the Quean's Printer, Otrawa, Canada.

[^1]:    "To arrive at the National Accounts concept of "gross domestic product at factor cost", it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of office supplies used, advertising, insurance and other goods and services obtained from other businesses. Data on these inputs are not collected on the annual Census of Manufactures. Value added figures for "The primary industries and construction" are published in D.B.S. publication 61-202, Survey of Production.

[^2]:    "Historical series on "Value added by manufacture" included in Table 1.
    $\therefore$ Previous years were computed as in 1953.
    . . Not available.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ This refers to the wine produced during the current year but which has been put in storage for maturing. The value given for this is the inventory value.
    ${ }_{3}^{2}$ These refer to the products sold during the year. The values given do not include sales tax and other duties.
    "Other products" consist of cocktails, grape concentrate and wine spirits.

[^4]:    Book value of all manufacturing inventories held at plants and plant warehouses.
    Where the opening inventory for 1958 differs from the closing inventory published for 1957 it is because of a change in firms reporting.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Preliminary.

