

## FLOUR MILLS

1961

The list of firms normally included in this report has been omitted from this issue, along with certain tables. See introductory text for details.

## ANNUAL CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES

Published by Authority of
The Minister of Trade and Commerce

Industry Division

## SYMBOLS

The interpretation of the symbols used in the tables throughout this publication is as follows:
.. figures not available.
... figures not appropriate or not applicable.

- nil or zero.


## EXPLANATORY NOTES

Ihis report is one in a series of about 140 publications which present the results of the 1961 Census of Manufactures. Most reports in this series reter to specific industries, but there are summary reports for Canada and the provinces and for major industry groups. Implementation of the new definition of the establishment in the 1961 Census has resulted in certain changes and necessitated some adjustments to the statistics for previous years in order to maintain comparability of the data. (See following note on "Fstablishonent".)

Industry statistics given in these reports refer to number of establishments, employees, salaries and wages, cost of materials, supplies, fuel and electricity, gross value of shipments, inventories and value added by manufacturing. Details of matetials used and products shipped are also given. Descriptions of the principal industry statistics, with special reference to 1961, are as follows:

## Period Covered

Firms are asked to submit figures for the calendar year, if at all possible, and most reports are on this basis. Financial year reports for periods differing from the calendar year are accepted in instances where the firms find it impossible to supply calendar year data from accounting records. However the data on employees, salaries and wages are requested on a calendar year basis in all cases.

## Establishment

The reporting unit in the Census of Manufactures is the establistment. Beginning with the 1961 Census, the establishment is defined as follows:

The smallest unit which is a separate operating entity capable of reporting all the following:

Materials and supplies used,
Goods purchased for resale as such,
Fuel and power consumed,
Number of employees and their pay,
Inventories,
Shipments or sales.
The establishment is to be distinguished from smaller subdivisions or departments which do not have records which permit them to report all items required of an establishment. Prior to 1961, some establishments were required to submit two or more separate reports when they were engaged in operations which were classifiable to different industries. Beginning with 1961, separate reports for such operations will be required only in cases where accounting records can provide all the elements of principal statistics enumerated above. Special reporting arrangements were made with respondents when the acceptance of combined reports would have seriously affected the statistics for particular industries or areas. Where continuity of industry statistics was affected by this change in reporting procedures, adjustments to the data were made back to 1957 in order to maintain comparability of the series for recent years.

A manufacturing establishment is typically a factory, mill or plant principally engaged in manufacturing operations. Prior to 1961, the Census of Manufactures attempted to cover the manufacturing activities of all establishments, whether or not they were principally engaged in manufacturing operations. Beginning with the 1961 Census, establishments (accounting entities) which are not primarily engaged in manufacturing are no longer included as manufacturing establishments in the basic industry statistics. Again adjustments to the industry statistics were made to reflect the removal of such reporting units for the period 1957-1960. These reporting units are now listed as establishments in other Bureau industry surveys, such as Wholesale Trade, Construction, etc. In order, however, to maintain complete coverage of certain commodity items produced mainly in manufacturing establishments, many non-manufacturing establishments are now surveyed for commodity shipments only and the latter are included in those tables of industry reports showing shipments of certain commodities "from all industries".

Many firms have more than one manufacturing establishment. Such firms are requested to submit a separate Census of Manufactures report for each manufacturing establishment which can meet the reporting requirements described earlier.

Prior to 1961, the main emphasis in the Census of Manufactures was on manufacturing activity whereas, beginning with 1961, each establishment reports on the total operations carried out within its accounting boundrries (except income from investments such as rent, interest and dividends). However, data on different activities (manufacturing, selling, construction by own labour force etc.) are requested separately. The 1961 statistics in this report are confined to manufacturing activity in order to maintain comparability with previous years. In the 1962 reports it is planned to show both 1961 and 1962 data on the "total activity" basis in addition to the data on manufacturing operations.

## Employees

Administrative and offlce employees include all executives and supervisory officials such as presidents, vice-presidents, secretaries, treasurers, etc., together with managers, professional and technical employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the working foremen level, and clerical employees. Working owners and partners are also included in this category but will be shown separately in subsequent years.

Production and related workers include all other factory workmen whether paid on a monthly, weekly, hourly or piece-work basis. Working foremen doing work similat to that of the employees they supervise are included, as are maintenance, handling, warehousing and delivery staff. Employees on new construction work, in retail or wholesale operations, on outside piece work, etc, are not included.

Production workers are reported by months, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthiy figures and dividing by twelve. This procedure is followed even though the plant did not operate in all months. Figures on employment refer to the calendar year whether or not some establishments reported other data on a financial year basis.

## Salaries and Wages

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of the employees described above, including salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses, the value of room and board where provided, deductions for income tax and social services such as sickness and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc., as well as any other allowances forming part of the employees' wages. Payments for overtime are included.

Salaries refer to amounts paid to administrative and office employces. Withdrawals by working owners or partners for normal living expenses for self and family are included with salaries, but will be shown separately in subsequent years. Wages refer to the amounts paid to production and related workers as defined above. Data on earnings refer to the calendar year whether or not some establishments reported other data on a financial year basis.

## Cost of Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used (including fuel used in cars and trucks), not to purchases unless the quantities are the same. Values refer to the laid-down cost at the establishment including freight, duty, etc.

## Materials and Supplies Used

Figures represent quantities and laid-down cost values, at the establishment, of materials, supplies and components actually used during the year whether purchased from others of received as transfers from other plants of the reporting company. Amounts paid to other manufacturers for work done on materials owned by the reporting company are included. Returnable containers or any other items charged to capital account are not included. Fuels are not included. Goods bought from others or received as transfers from other plants or reporting companies for resale without further processing are not included. Maintenance and repair supplies not chargeable to capital account are included.

## Factory Shipments

Factory shipments generally refer to shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting establishments or by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting establishment for work done. All products and by-products shipped from the establishment are included whether for domestic use, export, or for government departments. Transfer shipments to sales outlets, distributing warehouses or to other manufacturing units of the reporting firm which are treated as separate establishments are included, Goods bought of received as transfers and resold without further processing are not included. Values are requested
on f.o.b. establishment basis, and do not include sales tax or excise duties. Values of containers not returnable are included. Amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by others are included.

In a few industries such as shipbuilding, air craft, etc., where work on principal products extend over a relatively long period, the value of production is recorded rather than the value of shipments. For those industries production is computed from the value of deliveries of complete units during the year plus the value of work done during the year on unfinished units less the value of work done in previous years on finished units delivered in the year under review.

## Inventories

Values represent the book value of manufacturing inventory. Figures consist of inventory at the plant and at warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of the plants for the purpose of reporting shipments.

## Value added by Manufacturing

Value added is compiled by deducting the cost of materials, fuel and electricity consumed from the value of production (value of shipments adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of finished goods and goods in process). Value added is sometimos referred to as net production. ${ }^{\text {' }}$

## Standard Industrial Classification

The revised Standard Industrial Classification which was introduced with the 1960 Census of Manufactures provides for a breakdown of the universe into 140 industries arranged in 20 major groups compared with 135 industries in 17 major groups in the old classification which was used in the compilations for the years 1949 to 1959 inclusive. Full details are contained in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, Catalogue No. 12-501, which is available from either the Queen's Printer of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Reporting establishments are classified or allotted to specific industries on the basis of the value of principal products made or shipped.

Establishments engaged solely in repair work are not included in manufacturing industries (except in the case of furniture, shipbuilding, boat building, aircraft and railroad rolling stock industries) but establishments principally engaged in assembling parts into complete units are included.
${ }^{1}$ To arrive at the National Accounts concept of "gross domestic product at factor cost"", it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of advertising, insurance and other business costs which are not collected in the annual Census of Manufactures. Value added figures for the primary industries, manufacturing and construction are published in D.B.S. publication 61-202, Survey of Production.

## Short Forms

Since 1949, in order to ease the reporting burden for smaller firms, a one-page short form has been used asking only for certain principal items of shipments. For purposes of publication, missing data were estimated on the basis of appropriate ratios. For the 1959 and 1960 censuses the general limit for short forms was raised from $\$ 50,000$ to $\$ 100,000$ value of shipments and a new intermediate form was used. This form is a shortened version of the long form in that some of the general questions were pared down and the detailed lists of materials and products were limited to the more important items. The general limits for firms in this category were set at between $\$ 100,000-\$ 500,000$ value of shipments, but in the case of both the short and inter-
mediate forms there are lower cut-offs for a number of industries in which the smaller firms account for a larger share of total shipments.

In the 1961 Census, in addition to the question on shipments of goods of own manufacture, questions on employment and payroll and on total revenue were added on all short forms. The other elements of principal statistics, viz. value of materials, fuel and electricity, and inventories, are generally estimated by using ratios based on the change in the value of shipments from year to year. This is to permit the complete compilation of basic industry statistics by industry and by geographic location. The proportion of the estimated data is generally less than 5 per cent of the total in each category of principal statistics.

## FLOUR MILLS

In the preceding pages of Explanatory Notes a concise outline has been presented on factors applicable to and comprised in the tabular matter compiled for this publication. The revised Standard Industrial Classification and the new concept of the establishment (reporting unit; see Explanatory Notes page 3) apply to 1961 and succeeding Annual Census of Manufactures reports. Implementation of both features has necessitated adjustments to the statistics. To maintain comparability of principal statistics for recent years a special insertion, with applied adjustments back to 1957 is shown in Table 1.

Commencing 1953 the Grain Milling Industties have been presented in the following publications:
(a) The Flour Milling Industry includes all establishments which primarily produce wheat flour in any quantity. Therefore it would necessarily include feeds in any form manufactured by these establishments, with one exception. Some of the larger milling companies which conduct separate feed milling divisions, provide two reports; one covering their flour milling activity and the second covering their feed production activities. In this latter case, the feed report is included in the Feeds Industry.
(b) The Feeds Industry - This group includes all establishments which manufacture prepared feeds, chopped grain feeds on own account and carry on a service operation of custom milling and chopping. This group, however, does not include those establishments which manufacture flour and which may produce, in addition, prepared and chopped grain feeds. Historically, the Feed Milling Industry as it existed prior to 1953, has now been removed from its statistical association with flour milling and has been combined with the former Prepared Stock and Poultry Feed Industry. The Industry will henceforth be referred to as the Feeds Industry.
(c) The Breakfast Foods Industry includes all firms which manufacture prepared breakfast foods. The industry also includes some of the large flour milling companies which maintain separate specialized cereal divisions.

As a result of increased work loads and staff shortages it has been necessary to suspend publication of certain tables normally contained in this report. It is planned to resume publication of these tables in the 1962 reports. The tables affected are the following: List of firms - Imports - Exports Capital and Repair Expenditures.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics of Flour Mills, 1926-59, and by Provinces, 1957 to 1961

| Year and province | Estab-lishments | $\begin{gathered} \text { Em- } \\ \text { ployees } \end{gathered}$ | Salaries and wages | Cost of fuel and electricity | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cost at } \\ \text { plant of } \\ \text { materials } \\ \text { used } \end{gathered}$ | Value added by manufacture | Selling value of factory shipments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Basis: Standard Industrial Classification in use prior to 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | number |  | dollars |  |  |  |  |
| 1926 | 44.2 | 5,118 | $6,486,285$ | 1,315,523 | 145,989,909 | 11,640, 418 | 158,945,850 |
| 1928 | 423 | 5,285 | $6,745,415$ | 1,515,995 | 144, 868, 517 | 16,734,990 | 163,019,502 |
| 1929 | 409 | 5,308 | 6,714,960 | 1,374,168 | 130, 437. 426 | 16,814,326 | 148, 625,920 |
| 1930 | 382 | 4,673 | 5, 885, 224 | 1,263, 406 | $102,823,717$ | 13,544, 439 | 117,631,562 |
| 1933 | 413 | 4,153 | 4,422,689 | 1, 032, 262 | 51, 719,587 | 11, 074, 398 | 63,826, 247 |
| 1934 | 435 | 4,263 | 4, 443, 991 | 1,060,177 | 61, 392, 000 | 12,418,591 | 74, 870, 768 |
| 1937 | 325 | 4,469 | 5,069,315 | 966,093 | 94, 016, 740 | 12,359,527 | 107,342,360 |
| 1939 | 303 | 4,540 | 5,621, 370 | 1, 020, 119 | 59, 164, 699 | 16,064,541 | 76,249,359 |
| 1941 | 288 | 4,896 | 6,733,703 | 1,244,710 | 91, 222, 378 | 17,056,209 | 109,523,297 |
| 1942 | 281 | 4,999 | 7, 465, 544 | 1,237,630 | 98,182, 809 | 21, 355,939 | 120,776,378 |
| 1944 | 224 | 5,461 | 8, 925, 161 | 1,449,907 | 153, 579, 588 | 17, 848, 448 | 172,977,943 |
| 1945 | 195 | 5,654 | 9,630,553 | 1,540,758 | 158, 499, 853 | 21,321,130 | 181, 361,741 |
| 1946 | 184 | 6, 012 | 10,884, 848 | 1.740.270 | 185, 219. 470 | 24,613, 288 | 211,573,028 |
| 1947 | 174 | 6, 220 | 12,603,961 | 1,899,560 | 230,467, 746 | 30, 762, 112 | $263,129.418$ |
| 1948 | 170 | 5,334 | 11,882,590 | 1.701,302 | 220,068,533 | 29, 425, 720 | 251, 195.555 |
| 1949 | 133 | 5,033 | 11,965, 400 | 1,526,578 | 215, 404, 869 | 24, 318, 787 | 241,250, 234 |
| 1950 | 118 | 4,903 | 11,917,625 | 1,515,218 | 213, 755, 757 | 31,336, 800 | 247, 107, 775 |
| 1951 | 108 | 4,864 | 13,596,597 | 1,656,382 | 242, 132,072 | 37, 078, 324 | 280,866,778 |
| 1952 | 100 | 4,961 | 14,688,635 | 1,652,958 | 236, 194, 234 | 36, 360,848 | 274, 208, 040 |
| 1953 | 95 | 4,962 | 14,946, 310 | 1,650,066 | 224, 518, 387 | 40, 262, 095 | 266, 430,548 |
| 1954 | 85 | 4,934 | 15,436,871 | 1,676,219 | 195,322,299 | 35, 031,653 | 232,363,041 |
| 1955 | 77 | 4,853 | $15,478,817$ | 1,721.399 | 185,004,008 | 35, 538, 807 | 221,894,538 |
| 1956 | 76 | 4.572 | 15, 102, 725 | 1, 775, 351 | 187, 100, 113 | 33,071,027 | 221, 769,944 |
| 1957 | 73 | 4,417 | 15, 214, 225 | 1.775,220 | 168, 634,527 | 34, 189,050 | 204,376, 285 |
| 1958 | 71 | 4,412 | 15, 949, 136 | 1,818,495 | 173, 438, 129 | 43,364, 618 | 218,321, 216 |
| 1959 | 71 | 4,234 | 16,819,241 | 1,815,297 | 169,769,857 | 51, 547,538 | 222,897, 517 |

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics of Flour Mills, 1926-59. and by Provinces, 1957 to 1961 - Concluded


Note: Profits or losses cannot be estimated from Censusfigures, as no data are collected for certain expense items such as interest, rent, depreciation, taxes, insurance, advertising, etc.

TABLE 2. Factory Shipments of Products Made in Flour Mills, 1961


[^0]TABLE 3. Materials Used in Flour Mills, 1961

| Materials | Quantity | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | tons | \$ |
| Grains: |  |  |
| Wheat | 2,625,632 | 143,560,794 |
| Oats ............................................................................................................ | 91,309 | 4,657,869 |
| Corn ....+o.....................n.............................................................................. | 21.949 | 1,113,245 |
| Barley .................................e. .............................s............................................. | 11.374 | 583.171 |
| Buckwheat ............................................................................................................ | 228 | 11.070 |
|  | 7. 167 | 277, 153 |
|  | 1,235 | 39,695 |
| Grain, n.e.s. ......n................0...................................................................... | 117 | 6,990 |
| Grain by-products: |  |  |
|  | 1.307 | 91,686 |
| Other flour .-............................................................................................... | 940 | 78,375 |
|  | 7,791 | 359,607 |
| Gluten feed and meal ............................................................................... | 866 | 68,651 |
| Brewer's and distillers' grains .................................t............................ | 573 | 34,562 |
| Grain by-products, n.e.s. .t.onc..................................................................................... | 137 | 7.812 |
|  | 1.034 | 110.782 |
|  | 9.708 | 760,228 |
|  | 1,425 | 79.215 |
|  | 853 | 116.757 |
|  | 2,115 | 207.93: |
| Other materials: |  |  |
|  | 236 | 18,928 |
|  | 165 | 23,728 |
|  | 1,372 | 58,392 |
| Limestone ..................................................................................................... | 1,216 | 14,011 |
|  | 632 | 19,794 |
| Sugar .............................................................................................................. | 3,034 | 470,596 |
| Egg powder ..................................................................................................................... | 8 | 14,963 |
| Shortening......................................................................................................................... | 525 | 235.335 |
|  | 51 | 11.144 |
|  | 31 | 86.896 |
| Phosphates ................................................................................................. | 840 | 77,016 |
|  | 319 | 830,012 |
|  | 136 | 14,562 |
| Yeast ............................................................................................................................ | 3 | 803 |
| Oils, animal and fish ....................................................................................... | 791 | 95,084 |
|  | . . | 4,166,570 |
| Containers and other packaging materials........................................................... | $\cdots$ | 13,893,379 |
| Operating, maintenance and repair supplies ................................................ | - . | 1,478,764 |
| Amount paid out to others for work done on materials owned by this esta- <br> blishment $\qquad$ | $\cdots$ | 6,900 |
| Total ..................................................................................................... | * | 173,682,471 |

Note: "No detailed information on materials used was collected from small establishments, The estimated value nf materials used by these establishments was $\$ 1,986,310$ in 1962 and this amount is included in "All other materials, n.e.s.". The value of shipments of these small establishments was $\$ 2.685,969$.

TABLE 4. Inventory Values, 1961

| Province | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Raw } \\ & \text { materlals } \\ & \text { and supplies } \end{aligned}$ | Goods in process | Finished goods of own manufacture | Total inventory |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Opening: ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Quebec. | 7, 217, 889 | - | 176,780 | 7,394,609 |
| Ontario............................................................... | 9, 456,580 | - | 568, 020 | 10,024,600 |
| Manitoba ............n............................................. | 1, 119,726 | - | 345, 591 | 1, 465, 317 |
| Saskatchewan and British Columbia $\qquad$ <br> Alberta $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,996,783 \\ & 4,320,774 \end{aligned}$ | - | 472,738 | $\begin{aligned} & 8,469,521 \\ & 5,002,538 \end{aligned}$ |
| Canada..................e............................................. | 30, 111, 752 | - | 2,244,833 | 32, 356, 385 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Quebec. | 8,245,987 | - | 262,433 | 8,508, 420 |
| Ontario................................................................. | 11,504,668 | - | 683,464 | 12, 188, 132 |
| Manitoba ............................................................ | 925,538 | - | 339,935 | 1,265,473 |
| Saskatchewan and British Columbia..................... | 9, 846, 956 | - | 427.721 | 10, 274, 677 |
| Alberta................................................................ | 5, 082, 251 | - | 587, 390 | 5,669,641 |
| Canada............................................................. | 35, 605, 400 | - | 2,300,943 | 37, 906,343 |

[^1]TA3LE 5. Consumption of Flour in Canada for Years, 1958-61

|  | 1958 | 1959 | 1960 | 1961 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | hundred weight |  |  |  |
| Pruduction. | 41,145, 815 | 40,530,625 | 41,049,775 | 39,229,060 |
| Y:mports........................................................e.s............e.e. | 719 | 943 | 1,859 | 2,000 |
| Totals ........................................e.s.e.t................ | 41, 146, 534 | 40,531,568 | 41,051, 634 | 39, 231, 060 |
| Exports ...........................................................n+....... | 17,227,221 | 16,579,985 | 15,775,471 | 14,981, 140 |
| Available for conaumption ................................... | 23,919,313 | 23,951,583 | 25, 276, 163 | 24,249,920 |

TABLE 6. Principal Statistics of Flour Mills grouped according to Size of Shipments, 1961

| Size of shipments | Estab-11shments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Selling value of factory shipments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  | dollars |  |  |  |
| Under \$50,000 | 6 | 10 | 26, 774 | 5,170 | 56,500 | 97, 357 |
| \$ 50,000 to \$ 99,999. | 3 | 16 | 56,441 | 11,770 | 152,750 | 242,922 |
| 100,000 " 199,999. | 4 | 29 | 99,261 | 14,740 | 464,645 | 578,693 |
| 200,000 " 499,999... | 5 | 40 | 155,361 | 33, 774 | 1, 186, 875 | 1, 521, 170 |
| 500,000 '" 999,999... | 5 | 65 | 263,864 | 38, 202 | 2,553,494 | 3,177,940 |
| 1,000,000 " 4,999,999...... | 15 | 686 | 2,895,576 | 358, 288 | 28,089,097 | 37, 466, 876 |
| 5,000,000 and over ... | 16 | 3,107 | 13,393,887 | 1,223, 812 | 141, 179, 110 | 177, 501, 709 |
| Totals. | 54 | 3,953 | 10,891, 184 | 1,685,756 | 173, 682, 471 | 220, 586,667 |

TABLE 7. Principal Statistics of Flour Mills grouped according to Number of Employees, 1961

|  |  | Employee | groups | Estab- <br> lish- <br> ment | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Selling value of factory shipments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | number |  | dollars |  |  |  |
| Under | 5 | employees |  | 7 | 13 | 34,439 | 8,010 | 88,020 | 161, 667 |
| 5 to | 14 | 0 |  | 15 | 126 | 488,535 | 95,932 | 4,204,948 | 5,274,910 |
| 15 " | 49 | * |  | 12 | 319 | 1,442,441 | 181,309 | 19,353, 730 | 24,428, 024 |
| $50{ }^{\circ}$ | 99 | - ${ }^{\prime}$ |  | 6 | 432 | 1,713,203 | 213,828 | $19,216,464$ | $24,573,653$ |
| 100 " | 199 | " |  | 8 | 1,148 | $4,808,415$ | 517, 363 | 61, 189, 207 | 76.733,699 |
| 200 an | ove | r |  | 6 | 1,915 | 8,404,128 | 669,314 | $69,630,102$ | 89,414,714 |
|  | als |  |  | 54 | 3,953 | 16,891, 164 | 1,685,756 | 173, 682,471 | 220, 586, 667 |

TABLE 8. Principal Statistics of Flour Mills grouped according to Type of $O$ wnership, 1961

| Type of ownership | Establish $=$ ment | $\begin{gathered} \text { Em- } \\ \text { ployees } \end{gathered}$ | Salaries and wages | Cost of <br> fuel and electricíty | Cost at plant of materials used | Selling value of factory shipments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  | dollars |  |  |  |
| Individual ownership ................................. | 7 | 30 | 79,530 | 14, 120 | 648, 720 | 912.532 |
| Partnerships | 5 | 37 | 150,235 | 22,337 | 930,810 | 1,180,054 |
| Incorporated companies ........................... | 41 | $\}_{3,886}$ | 16,661,399 | 1,649,299 | $172,102,941$ | 218,494, 081 |
| Totals .................................................. | 54 | 3,953 | 16,891, 164 | 1,685,756 | 173,682,471 | 220, 586,667 |

TABLE 9. Employees and their Earnings in Flour Mills, by Provinces, 1961

| Provinces | Employees on salaries |  |  | Employees on wages |  |  | Total employees salaries and wages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Fe- <br> male | Total salaries | Male | $\mathrm{Fe}-$ male | Total wages | Male | Fe- <br> male | Salaries and wages |
|  | number |  | \$ | number |  | \$ | number |  | \$ |
| Quebec ............................................ | 185 | 68 | 1,312,698 | 419 | 4 | 1,946,797 | 604 | 72 | 3,259,495 |
| Ontario | 287 | 145 | $2,394,913$ | 888 | 44 | 3,757,556 | 1,175 | 189 | 6,152,469 |
| Manitoba | 59 | 36 | 343,037 | 320 | 28 | 1,355, 291 | 379 | 64 | 1,698,328 |
| Saskatchewan and British Columbia | 237 | 118 | 1,516,488 | 461 | 44 | 1,944, 438 | 698 | 162 | 3,460,926 |
| Alberta............................................. | 100 | 54 | 639, 304 | 431 | 25 | 1,680,642 | 531 | 79 | $2,319,946$ |
| Canada | 868 | 421 | 6,206,440 | 2,519 | 145 | 10,684, 724 | 3,387 | 566 | 16, 891, $16 \frac{1}{4}$ |

TABLE 10. Production Workers by Months, 1961

|  | Male | Female |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |
| Establishments reporting monthly detail: |  |  |
| January ................ | 2, 352 | 143 |
| February .............. | 2,344 | 153 |
| April ...o.............................................................................................................................................. | 2,405 | 137 |
| May ............................................................................................................................................... | 2, 485 | 131 |
| June ................................................................................................... | 2, 493 | 127 |
| July .................................................................................................... | 2,515 | 142 |
| August ................................................................................................. | 2,502 | 158 |
| September ............................................................................................................................................................................ | 2,499 | 152 |
| November ...................................................................................................................... | 2, 514 | 144 149 |
| December ......................................................................................................................................................... | 2,401 | 147 |
| Average for establishments reporting monthly detail ${ }^{1}$. | 2,452 | 145 |
| Average estimated for small establishments ${ }^{2}$ | 67 | - |
| Average for all establishments | 2,519 | 145 |

[^2]TABLE 11. Consumption of Fuel and Electricity, 1961

| Kind | Quintity | Cost at plant |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Establishments reporting commodity detail: ${ }^{1}$ |  | \$ |
| Bituminous corl: <br> (a) From Canadian mines $\qquad$ | $92$ | $1,718$ |
| (b) Imported | 4.111 | $49.402$ |
| Sub-bituminous coal (from Alberta mines only) ..................... | - | - |
| Anthracite coal .................................................................... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ tor. | 482 | 8,205 |
| Lignite coal .n+...................................................................................... | 6,563 | 35,767 |
| Coke ........................................................................................... | - | - |
| Gasoline (including gasoline used in cars and trucks) ......... Imp. gal. | 421. 285 | 137,130 |
| Fuel ofl including kerosene or coal oll ................................. ". | 2,003,058 | 157,543 |
| Wood ............................................................................................ | - | - |
| Gas (a) Liquefled petroleum gases ......................................... | - | - |
| (b) Other manufactured gas .............o................................ | - | - |
| (c) Natural gas ................................................................ $\mathrm{M} \mathrm{Cu}^{\text {e it. }}$ | 163,728 | 55,670 |
| Other fuel ............................................................................................ | ** | 5,305 |
| Electricity purchased............................................................ kw.......... | 125,312,109 | 1,143,002 |
| Steam purchased ...................................................................... | 21,244,000 | 21,244 |
| 2. Estimate for establishments for which no data were collected: ${ }^{2}$ Cost of fuel and electricity $\qquad$ | * | 70,770 |
| 3. All establishments: |  |  |
| Total cost of fuel and electricity .......................................... | $\cdots$ | 1,685,756 |

[^3]

Statistics camaca libear



[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Confidential; included with "Cereals milled, n.e.s.".
    ${ }^{2}$ Confidential; included with "Mixed feeds, n.e.s.".

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ The opening inventory for 1961 differs from the closing inventory for 1960 because of the receipt of revised data, the inclusion of new establishments, the removal of figures for establishments which did not operate during 1961, changes in classification, and the implementation of the New Establishment Concept.

[^2]:    ${ }^{2}$ The number of production workers, by months, was collected only for large establishments.
    ${ }^{2}$ The monthly detall of production workers was not collected from small establishments. Only annual averages were collected from these establishments.

[^3]:    : Large establishments.
    ${ }^{2}$ Small establishments.

