





GENERAL REVIEW OF TEXTILES EXCEPT CLOTHING 1952

Published by Authority of
The Right Honourable C. D. Howe, Minister of Trade and Commerce

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Industry and Merchandising Division

General Manufactures Section

6503-511 30-11-54 Price 25 cents

Vol. 2-Part VII-B-1

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NOTICE

The annual reports prepared by the Industry and Merchandising Division of the Bureau of Statistics are divided into 3 volumes, as follows: Volume I—The Primary Industries, including mining, forestry and fisheries; Volume II—Manufacturing; Volume III—Merchandising and Services. The volumes are made up of parts, and the parts in turn are subdivided according to the industries which they comprise.

Volume II consists of the following parts, the first two of which deal with manufacturing as a whole and the balance with the major manufacturing groups.

I-General Review of the Manufacturing Industries, \$1.50

II - The Manufacturing Industries, by Provinces

Section 1. Principal Statistics of Major Industrial Groups and Leading Industries, 50¢

Section 2. Principal Statistics of Individual

Industries, 75¢
Section 3. Principal Statistics by Regional
Distribution, 75¢

III - Foods and Beverages

IV-Tobacco and Tobacco Products

V-Rubber Products

VI-Leather Products

VII - Textiles

VIII-Wood and Paper Products

IX-Printing Trades

X-Iron and Steel Products

XI-Transportation Equipment

XII - Non-ferrous Metal Products

XIII-Electrical Apparatus and Supplies

XIV-Non-metallic Mineral Products

XV-Products of Petroleum and Coal

XVI-Chemicals and Allied Products

XVII - Miscellaneous Manufactures

The present report belongs in Part VII, Textiles. It is punched to permit of filing in a ring binder along with others of the group. The reports in this group are:

A-General Review of All Textiles, 25¢

Textile Mills

B-General Review, 25¢

C-The Cotton Textile Industries, 25¢

D-The Wool Textile Industries, 25¢

E-The Synthetic Textiles and Silk Industry, 25¢

F-The Narrow Fabrics Industry, 25¢

G-The Dyeing and Finishing of Textile Goods Industry, 25¢

H-The Awning, Tent and Sail Industry, 25¢

I—The Cordage, Rope and Twine Industry, 25¢

J-The Cotton and Jute Bag Industry, 25¢

K-The Miscellaneous Textiles Industries, 25¢

Knitting Mills

L-The Hosiery and Knitted Goods Industries, 25¢

Clothing

M-General Review, 25¢

N-The Men's Factory Clothing Industry, 25¢

O-The Women's and Children's Factory Clothing Industries, 25¢

P-The Corset Industry, 25¢

Q-The Fur Goods and Fur Dressing Industries, 25¢

R-The Hat and Cap Industry, 25¢

S-The Miscellaneous Clothing Industries, 25¢

Ganada. & B. S.

GENERAL REVIEW OF TEXTILES EXCEPT CLOTHING

1952

The statistics of this report indicate a sharpreduction in 1952 in the manufacturing activity of the industrial group known as textiles except clothing. Total output of the group fell from \$846,477,303 in 1951 to \$744,141,465 in 1952, a drop of \$102,335,658 or 12.1 per cent. Employment was down by 11 per cent. 81,710 in 1951 compared with 72,739 in 1952, and salary and wage payments decreased from \$185,030,489 to \$178,689,466 over the two years. The cost of materials consumed in manufacturing was lower by 15.5 per cent, having fallen from \$495,304,102 in 1951 to \$418,522,518 in 1952.

These data reflect the persistence into 1952 of the recession which had begun in the primary textile industry about mid-1951. Fears of shortages and rising prices stemming from the outbreak of Korean hostilities in 1950 had caused frenzied stock-piling of textiles at all levels. When the threatened shortages failed to develop the lack of demand from retailers down forced a sharp curtailment of manufacturing activity. The slump reached its worst point in May of the year under review. Due principally to the recovery of the clothing industry in February and the success which attended the efforts by manufacturers to reduce mill inventories, the textile industry began to emerge from its slump in August and by year end was operating at a more satisfactory level. This late upsurge, however, was not sufficient to bring annual activity up to an average post-war level.

The accompanying table shows that the cotton and wool sections experienced a more severe recession than the others. The production indexes for those two groups fell by 17 per cent and 21 per cent, respectively, whereas the drop in the index for the group as a whole amounted to 12 per cent. The dyeing and finishing industry resisted the downward trend as did most of the industries in the miscellaneous textiles products section.

The textiles except clothing group was comprised of 918 establishments in 1952. These were distributed provincially as follows: Newfoundland 5, Prince Edward Island 3, Nova Scotia 10, New Brunswick 16, Quebec 426, Ontario 377, Manitoba 26, Saskatchewan 7, Alberta 16 and British Columbia 32. As indicated by the number of establishments, Quebec and Ontario dominate the activity of the group. Of the gross value of production of \$744,141,465 in 1952, Quebec accounted for \$391,704,853 or 52.6 per cent and Ontario for \$308,647,722 or 41.5 per cent. The former reported 40,217 and the latter 28,051 employees, 55.3 per cent and 38.6 per cent, respectively, of the group's employment.

Table 4 shows the principal statistics by economic areas, by industry. In 1952, cotton yarn and cloth was the leading textile industry in the Atlantic Provinces, Quebec and Ontario with output valued at \$12,949,540, \$141,304,092 and \$72,216,984, respectively, in the three areas. In Quebec, the second most important industry was synthetic textiles and silk with a production valued at \$99,118,924, followed by woollen cloth. \$31,486,628, miscellaneous textiles, n.e.s., \$22,764,835 and oilcloth, linoleum and other coated fabrics, \$22,625,099. Synthetic textiles and silk also held the second position in Ontario with output valued at \$55,049,092, followed by woollen cloth, \$35,686,561, woollen yarn, \$26,727,884, cordage, rope and twine, \$24,902,500 and miscellaneous woollen goods, \$20,106,215.

The main textile industry in the Prairie Provinces in 1952 was cotton and jute bags which reported an output valued at \$9,619,987. The woollen cloth industry was in second place in this area with a gross value of production of \$3,000,628 while in British Columbia it was the leading industry with an output amounting to \$1,751,602.

A report on textiles except clothing would be incomplete without a brief review of the various component industries comprising the group. All have been dealt with fully in separate reports and the following in intended as a resume only of the more important aspects of their activity in 1952.

The cotton textile industry entered the year in a state of recession which became progressively more severe until signs of recovery began to appear in late summer. By the end of the year, employment and mill activity were at relatively satisfactory levels. The reduction of inventories during the early part of the year, the ending of strikes in early July and the recovery of the American cotton fabric market were factors contributing to improvement in the Canadian industry from August on. This late upsurge, however, was not sufficient to bring annual activity up to an average post-war level. Gross value of production at \$246,397,909 was \$50,887,997 or 17 per cent below \$297,285,085 reported in 1951. Employment fell from 29,191 to 24,472 and salary and wage payments from \$62,549,605 to \$57,579,651 over the two years. All in all, it was a most difficult year for this industry.

Of somewhat similar proportions was the recession experienced by the wool textile industry for which 1952 was a year of adjustment to new conditions marked by an increase in imports, a

Textile Products Except Clothing Production Index¹

1949 = 100

(based on gross value of production)

	1951	1952
Total Textile Products Except Clothing	132.9	116.9
Cotton Textiles	130.8 129.4 123.3 182.9	108.4 107.1 104.0 153.9
Wool Textiles	132.4 146.7	108.1 106.0 114.0 91.8 116.2
Synthetic Textiles and Silk Dyeing and Finishing of Textile Goods	134. 2 110. 7	127.0 114.5
Narrow Fabrics	141.5	139.9
Miscellaneous Textile Products	131.5 129.7 139.5 175.6	130.3 131.4 108.8 170.5
Olicioth, linoleum and other coated fabrics	104.3 107.6 116.1 134.3	108.4 122.9 129.0 152.1

1. See final paragraph of text.

decline in domestic production and a failing price level. The value of production of the wool textile group fell to \$150,935,470, a drop of 21 per cent from the \$192,217,597 reported in 1951. Employment was considerably lower, being 15,276 in 1952 compared with 17,054 in 1951, and salary and wage decreased from \$38,616,342 payments \$37,262,397 over the two years. The cost of materials used in manufacture fell from \$126,451,729 in 1951 to \$85,285,954 in 1952. The depressed conditions which obtained for the first nine months of the year were followed in the last quarter by a partial recovery. This upturn in wool textile production in the latter part of the year was not enough to make up for the lack of activity in the first part as evidenced by the downward trend for most figures. The production of worsted fabrics declined while the output of woollen fabrics remained about the same. The amount of yarn produced for sale was down from the previous year as were carpets, mats and rugs as well as felts.

The synthetic textiles and silk industry also entered 1952 in a depressed state. It began to show signs of recovery in June after reaching the low point of the post-Korean slump in May. The improvement in June was due to recovery in the clothing industry during the first part of the year and to inventory reduction. Activity continued to expand through-

out the rest of the year and by December had reached a relatively satisfactory level. The year 1952 as a whole, however, compared somewhat unfavorably with the previous year. The gross value of production fell from \$166,549,897 in 1951 to \$157,628,515 in 1952, a decrease of \$8,921,382 or 5.4 per cent, Employment was off from 17,997 in the earlier year to 15,723 in the latter. The industry produced 103,941,827 yards of woven fabrics worth \$83,908,135 in 1952 compared with 116,152,199 yards valued at \$94,355,123 in 1951, a drop of 11 per cent,

Despite an increase from 46 to 52 establishments, the narrow fabrics industry operated at a slightly lower level in terms of employment and production. The industry's annual output fell in value from \$16,907,298 in 1951 to \$16,715,760 in 1952. Employment was down from 2,202 in the former year to 2,035 in the latter. The most important single commodity in 1952 was webbing which was shipped to the value of \$4,206,111. Other leading commodities were ribbons with shipments valued at \$2,719,859 and tapes with shipments worth \$1,637,262.

In spite of the generally depressed conditions in the textile trade, the dyeing and finishing of textile goods industry managed to increase the value of work performed from \$14,129,896 in 1951 to \$14,606,604 in 1952. The advance was achieved with slightly lowered employment, 2,331 in 1952 against 2,462 in 1951, while the payroll of \$5,965,882 was little changed from the previous year. In considering the dyeing and finishing of textile goods industry, it must be kept in mind that the industry includes only those establishments whose occupation is primarily the dyeing and finishing of such goods on a commission basis and does not include the activity of manufacturers who operate a dyeing and finishing plant in connection with their own manufacturing.

The activity of the awning, tent and sail industry in 1952 was practically the same as in 1951. The factory shipments made by the industry had a value f.o.b. plant of \$11,281,927 which amount is slightly higher than the \$11,146,221 gross value of production reported in 1951. The most important items of manufacture were tarpaulins, awnings, tents and bags, in that order. Compared with a year earlier, the output of the first two was little changed while that of the last two increased substantially. Value of shipments of the four commodities in 1952 was \$2,415,916, \$1,715,361, \$994,235 and \$923,647, respectively.

The cordage, rope and twine industry in 1952 reported factory shipments having a value f.o.b. plant of \$28,841,340. While the total value of output differed only slightly from the previous year, there was a change in the relative importance of the industry's two main commodities, binder and baler twine. The production of the former fell from 65,934,456 pounds to 63,288,181 pounds over the two years whereas the production of baler twine jumped from 16,232,020 pounds to 28,984,421 pounds during the same period.

In terms of value of output the cotton and jute bag industry operated at a considerably lower level in 1952 than in 1951. Factory shipments were valued at \$30,196,073 in the later year compared with a gross value of production of \$38,729,194 in the earlier with little change in inventory of finished goods at the two year ends. In terms of volume of production, however, there was a slight increase. This situation reflected the production of a substantially larger number of jute bags at a considerably lower average price. Shipments of jute bags in 1952 amounted to 5,547,172 dozen compared with the production of 4,225,605 dozen in 1951. Cotton bags, on the other hand, decreased from 4,154,319 dozen to 3,479,074 dozen over the two years.

In 1952, the oilcloth, linoleum and coated fabrics industry reported factory shipments with a value f.o.b. plant of \$30,545,392. Since the plant inventory of finished goods decreased by an estimated \$473,000, it is evident that the industry's output in the year under review was a bit higher than the \$29,381,734 gross value of production reported a year earlier. The volume of linoleum floor coverings, felt based floor coverings and table oilcloth was somewhat lower than in 1951.

In addition there are three industries which together comprise the miscellaneous textile goods industry of the Standard Industrial Classification adopted in 1949. They are embroidery, pleating,

hemstitching, etc., fabric auto accessories and miscellaneous textiles, n.e.s. All these operated at a higher level in 1952 than in 1951 in terms of both employment and value of output.

To avoid duplication and bring together all textile products in a convenient form, a list of products made by both the clothing industry and textiles except clothing will be found in the report entitled "General Review of All Textiles".

In 1952 the value of factory shipments f.o.b. plant was collected instead of gross value of production in the dyeing and finishing of textile goods industry, the narrow fabrics industry and the 7 industries comprising the miscellaneous textiles products section. Since the inventory change for these industries is insignificant, factory shipments approximate production and the value of factory shipments figures are reasonably comparable with the value of production figures for previous years. The remaining industries in the group will be converted to the factory shipments concept in 1953. These changes are in line with the Bureau's decision to convert the basis of its manufacturing survey from one of value of production to one of value of factory shipments. The changeover is expected to provide increased ease in reporting for the majority of plants while at the same time producing more reliable, more meaningful statistics in many cases.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics of Textiles Except Clothing, 1945-1950 and by Provinces, 1951 and 1952

Year and Provinces	Estab- lishments	Em- ployees	Salaries and wages ·	Cost of materials used	Value added by manufacture	Gross value of production
garage (1975) and the same of	No.	. No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
1945	664 720 747 722 847 846	66,011 67,366 73,979 75,816 77,773 80,328	88, 372, 939 95, 637, 733 116, 228, 736 141, 002, 245 156, 166, 554 169, 175, 142	217, 289, 281 215, 853, 616 289, 986, 732 331, 943, 622 339, 644, 950 412, 682, 853	165, 689, 522 178, 852, 730 215, 170, 493 261, 774, 544 285, 641, 367 315, 556, 761	391, 182, 025 402, 966, 184 514, 844, 836 604, 946, 333 636, 824, 130 741, 262, 685
1951. ¹			•		•	
Canada	892	81, 710	185, 030, 489	495, 304, 102	337, 936, 447	846, 477, 303
Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	19 16 410 375 25 5 12 30	936 2,043 46,853 30,107 844 115 165 647	1, 921, 848 4, 315, 183 103, 729, 626 71, 445, 451 1, 624, 955 238, 450 304, 828 1, 450, 148	7, 376, 308 9, 169, 356 263, 393, 294 197, 482, 788 8, 712, 742 1, 673, 007 2, 681, 606 4, 815, 001	4, 685, 449 6, 697, 059 185, 190, 074 135, 254, 836 2, 877, 131 331, 460 619, 700 2, 280, 738	12, 243, 184 16, 179, 609 456, 085, 491 337, 792, 692 11, 649, 992 2, 018, 652 3, 314, 362 7, 193, 321
. 1952 ¹	-	a	-	S A DOS CONTRACTORS		
Canada	918	72, 739	178, 689, 466	418,522,518	312, 627, 434	744, 141, 645
Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	18 16 426 377 26 7 16	869 1,865 40,217 28,051 787 136 188 626	1, 899, 946 3, 585, 022 98, 668, 596 70, 812, 946 1, 569, 927 293, 948 382, 851 1, 476, 230	6, 123, 806 5, 959, 519 216, 479, 162 174, 167, 242 7, 560, 959 1, 216, 734 2, 326, 953 4, 688, 143	4, 352, 569 4, 658, 573 167, 980, 926 129, 388, 344 3, 101, 644 308, 084 505, 413 2, 331, 881	10, 654, 591 10, 908, 256 391, 704, 853 308, 647, 722 10, 725, 181 1, 540, 040 2, 846, 405 7, 114, 597

^{1.} Based on Standard Industrial Classification.

TABLE 2. Comparison of Principal Statistics of Textiles Except Clothing, 1951 and 1952

Item	1951	1952	+ Increase - Decrease	
Establishments reporting	892	9 18	+ 26	
Employees on salaries: Total	11, 108	11, 508	+ 400	
Male	7, 360	7,657	+ 297	
Female No.	3,748	3, 851	+ 103	
Total salaries\$	40, 597, 090	42, 574, 356	+ 1,977.266	
Employees on wages:				
Monthly average	70,602	61, 231	- 9,371	
Male	44, 402	38,613	- 5 , 7 89	
Female No.	26, 200	22,618	- 3,582	
Total wages\$	144, 433, 399	136, 115, 110	- 8, 318, 289	
Cost of fuel and electricity\$	13, 236, 754	12, 99 1, 693	- 245,061	
Cost of materials used\$	495, 304, 102	418, 522, 518	- 76, 781, 584	
Gross value of production\$	846, 477, 303	744, 141, 645	- 102, 335, 658	

TABLE 3. Principal Statistics of Textiles Except Clothing, by Industries and Groups, 1951 and 1952

****		·		W-17		
Industry	Estab- lish- ments	Em- ployees	Salaries and wages	Cost of materials used	Value added by manufacture	Gross value of production
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
1951						PPD to the sequence
Cotton textiles:	roddir qeas					
Cotton yarn and cloth	54	27,632	58,734,883	172,443.466	97, 158, 451	273.651.120
Cotton thread		864	1,892,580	5,745,017		11, 171, 408
Miscellaneous cotton goods	13	695	1.922.192	8,342,900	3, 997, 727	12, 462, 557
Total	75	29, 191	62, 549, 605	186,531,383	106, 481, 114	297, 285, 085
417 a m 3 9 m m - A m v A 2 9 m m -					1 •	
Woollen textiles: Woollen cloth	88	9,407	20 772 105	on non nen	00 000 000	01 005 400
Woollen yarn	53	3,845	20,773,185	60.068.359	29,980,765 12,790,315	91.365,498 44,718,027
Carpets, mats and rugs	22-	17435	3.698,615	8,769,831	7. 227. 333	16,313,738
Miscellaneous woollen goods	45	2,347	6,050,042	26, 221, 606	13, 184, 792	39,820,334
Total	208	17,054	38, 616, 342	126,451,729	63, 183, 205	192,217,597
Synthetic textiles and silk	4.0	17 007		20 010 00		
Slitheric textiles and Silk	46	17, 997	44,693,738	66,040,725	96,477,461	166, 549, 897
Dyeing and finishing of textile goods	52	2,462	5,997,036	3,492,222	9, 710, 233	14,129,896
Narrow fabrics	46	2, 202	4,753,850	8.081.312	8,654,462	10 000 000
The state of the s	20	6,202	74, 103, 600	0.001.312	8,004,402	16,907,298
Miscellaneous textile products:						
Awnings, tents and sails	115	1,547	2,785,670	6,627,662	4,424,091	. 11, 146, 221
Bags, cotton and jute	33	1.312.	2,483,760	33, 916, 959	4,713,005	38, 729, 194
Cordage, rope and twine	11	1,774	4.576,300	19.736.188	9,756,163	29, 709, 244
Oilcloth, linoleum and other coated fabrics Automobile accessories, fabric	15	2,379	7.131.411	16,727,708	12, 163, 917	29,381,734
Embroidery, pleating, hemstitching, etc.	131	694	1,737,883	3,478,348	3,323,657	6,843,973
Miscellaneous textiles, n.e.s.	151	1,664 3,434	3.054,933 6.649.961	2. 694 ,900 21.524.966	5,286,127 13,763,012	8.021,248 35,555,916
Total	465	12,804	28, 419, 918	104,706,731	53, 429, 972	159, 387, 530
1952			and the state of t	manuscript on a		
Cotion textiles:						
Cotton yarn and cloth	57	22,969	53.705.770	143,584,722	78,954,978	000 400 400
Cotton thread	ii	838	1.929,352	5,019,293	4,304,099	226, 492, 425 9, 415, 986
Miscellaneous cotton goods	13	665	1,944,529	6,772,181	3,584,881	10,488,679
Total	81	24.472	57,579,651	155,376,196	86,843,958	246, 397, 090
					001010100	
Woollen textiles:						
Woollen cloth	81		19,464.534			
Woollen yarn		3,440	7,863.795	21, 137, 627	13, 123, 193	34,765,701
Miscellaneous woollen goods	21, 39	1,549 2,135	3,893,911 6,040,157	6,848,325 16,757,890	6,279,589 12,478,304	13,427,279 29,605,853
Total	192	15, 276	37, 262, 397	85, 285, 954	63, 082, 032	150, 935, 470
Synthetic textiles and silk	48	15,723	42,708.505	63 TON 047		,
			- Commission of the Commission	63,780.047	90.004.216	157,628,515
Dyeing and finishing of textile goods	50	2,331	5,965,882	3,749,848	9, 899, 623	14,606,604
Narrow fabrics	52	2,035	4,629,909	7,960,677	8,569,563	16,715,760
Miscellaneous textile products:			National Property Control of the Con	FP		
Awnings, tents and sails	110	1.521	2,978,377	6, 210, 356	4.974,977	11,281,927
Bags, cotton and jute	34	1,199	2, 527, 248	26, 955, 208	3,140,718	30, 196, 073
Cordage, rope and twine	11	1,720	4,930,896	21,655,091	6, 996, 413	28,841,340
Ollcloth, linoleum and other coated fabrics	14	2,402	7,349,657	15.827,257	14, 219, 362	30,545,392
Automobile accessories, fabric	12	788	2,044,019	4,508,505	3, 263, 913	7,817,461
Embroidery, pleating, hemstitching, etc. Miscellaneous textiles, n.e.s.	151 163	1,785 3,487	3,403,231 7,309,694	3,185,502 24,027,877	5,679,849 15,952,810	8, 915, 278 40, 260, 735
Total	495	12,902		102, 369, 796	54, 228, 042	157,858,206
	1		1		~**	

TABLE 4. Principal Statistics of Textiles Except Clothing, by Economic Areas, 1951 and 1952

Estab- lish- ments	Em- ployees	Salaries and wages	Cost of materials used	Value added by manufacture	Gross value of production
No.	No.	<u></u>	\$	\$	\$
NO.	110.	•	*	1	,
				1	
			00 007	70 070	181,32
					14,840,76
					2,534,70
			88,543	150,021	246,03
8	1,177	2,549,234	6,449,197	4,029,607	10,619,97
26	2 070	6, 237, 031	16, 545, 664	11.382,508	28, 422, 79
3.7	~,5.5	0,201,000		-	
	Ī				
94	456	800.760	2, 322, 873	1,486,037	3,831,0
	606		12,389,625	1,738,810	14, 173, 8
4	114	224,651	620,260		897.6
6	704				9, 230, 5; 182, 144, 7
		37, 396, 638			10, 986, 90
					5,575,8
					3,612,1
					21,085,3
				4,404,388	11,068,6
-			5,740,815	5,405,892	11, 261, 7
				n roa 105	04 170 7
8	1,798				21,179,7 105,863,7
33					41,405,3
					12,478.5
21	1,049	1,900,410	0,023,000	0,0,0,00	,
4	121	244,602	725,497	557,702	1,289,5
1		-	1	185, 190, 074	456, 085, 4
410	46, 855	100, 123, 020	200,000,200	100,200,012	
5	572	1,507,633	2,790,116		5,582,1
58	767	1,361,010			5,185,8
9					9,259,2 14,920,1
					25, 400, 2
20					76,643,1
				2, 172, 914	3,142,9
			968,616	1,333,578	2,315.2
		2,585,354	8, 134, 516	5,062,670	13, 286, 5
35	1,533	4, 144, 768	19,516,047		28,534,8
21	762	1,552,886			5,645,5
4	566		4,364,353		8,036,1 54,245,9
			27 746 033		42,874,9
					31.993.4
21	2, 134	0,000,140	22,010,101	1	
7	648	1.810.006	7,059,804	3,572,702	10,726,2
	i	1	I .	135, 254, 836	337, 792, 6
310	90, 101	11,440,404	201, 100, 100		
16	118	222, 107	449,117		815.7 12.334.6
8			11,160,591		717.8
8					2,756,1
ס	314	1,010,001	002,101	1,002,000	
۹.	R4	111.347	136,684	219,834	358, 5
1 .	1	1	1	3,828,291	16,983.0
1 42	1,104				
1					
8	168	343,780		486,962	1.132,
1 5	43				165.8
3	15	36,795		514,010	1.794.3
4	208	446, 456	1,244,413	0111010	1
10	208	551,327		1	3,660.7
	No. 93 105 8 35 24 134 61 235 92 75 25 8 335 21 410 58 915 629 17 35 615 21 12 37 375 16 8 8 8 5 42 85	lishments ployees No. No. 9 38 3 1,408 10 314 5 42 8 1,177 35 2,979 24 456 13 606 4 704 21 18,161 35 1,255 7 798 25 1,440 8 1,798 33 13,016 35 3,248 21 1,049 4 121 410 46,853 5 572 58 767 9 1,498 1,049 1,298 1,049 1,298 29 8,060 17 566 35 372 61 1,313 35 1,533 21 762 4 4023 <td< td=""><td> No. No. \$ </td><td> Section Sect</td><td> Section Sect</td></td<>	No. No. \$	Section Sect	Section Sect

TABLE 4. Principal Statistics of Textiles Except Clothing, by Economic Areas, 1951 and 1952 — Concluded

	1991 6	mu 1302 -	- Concided			
Area and Industry	Estab- lish- ments	Em- ployees	Salaries and wages	Cost of materials used	Value added by manufacture	Gross value of production
1050	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
1952		***				
Atlantic Provinces: Awnings, tents and sails Cotton yarn and cloth Woollen cloth Woollen yarn Other industries for which figures can-	9 3 9 5	35 1,410 240 53	67,462 3,090,585 414,922 89,082	123,705 6,994,362 624,474 81,695	96,514 5,640,032 529,960 164,393	223,633 12,949,540 1,211,218 256,768
not be shown	8	996	1,822,917	4,259,089	2,580,243	6,921,688
Total	34	2,734	5,484,968	12,083,325	9,011,142	21,562,847
Quebec:						
Awnings, tents and salls Bags, cotton and jute Carpets, mats and rugs Cotton thread Cotton yarn and cloth	24 14 3 9 23	457 509 140 701 13,947	925,036 1,050,627 281,134 1,593,051 32,842,242	2,210,385 10,280,819 601,544 4,242,497 91,434,443	1,646,756 1,467,710 556,786 3,312,820 47,393,766	3,887,060 11,796,997 1,174,173 7,623,329 141,304,092 10,950,512
Dyeing and finishing of textile goods Embroidery, pleating, hemstitching, etc.	33 101	1,770 1,335	4,508,537 2,483,073	2,953,900 2,033,125	7,241,941 4,224,215	6,288,073
Miscellaneous cotton goods Miscellaneous textiles, n.e.s. Miscellaneous woollen goods Narrow fabrics	79 79 5 30	206 2,038 739 1,357	535,072 4,133,359 1,999,931 3,226,148	2,064,401 13,880,525 5,031,002 5,497,490	1,008,750 8,723,692 4,134,135 5,788,626	3,137,146 22,764,835 9;261,165 11,420,919
Oilcloth, linoleum and other coated fabrics	8 35	1.819 11,502	5,560,461 30,523,948	11,652,763 41,023,776	10,582. 7 59 55,852,193	22,625,099 99,118,924
Woollen cloth Woollen yarn Other industries for which figures can-	31 20	2,786 797	7,022,889 1,744,339	17,755,916 5,014,477	13,167,212 2,602,349	31,486,628 7,781,049
not be shown	4	114	238,749	802,099	277,216	1,084,852
Total	426	40,217	98,668,596	216,479,162	167,980,926	391,704,853
Ontario: Automobile accessories, fabric	7	671	1,819,461	3.773.166	3,027,633	6,841,542
Awnings, tents and sails	52	738	1,390,132	2,846,357	2,176,134	5,070,611
Bags, cotton and jute	9 15	293 1,352	617,757 3,474,449	5,374,993 6,001,938	694,071 5,546,639	6,089;378 11,821,237
Carpets, mats and rugs	6	1,453	4, 203, 115	19,393,233	5,370,866	24,902,500
Cotton yarn and cloth	30	7,609	17,768,586	45,143,839 795,948	25,911,867 2,657,682	72,216,984 3,656,092
Dyeing and finishing of textile goods Embroidery pleating, hemstitching, etc.	17	561 369	1,457,345 789,929	1,078,342	1,281,831	2,376,822
Miscellaneous textiles, n.e.s	67	1,307	2,894,804	9,134,994	6,677.839 8,270,163	15,920,146 20,106,215
Miscellaneous woollen goods	31 22	1,381	4,008,614 1,403,761	11,565,4 0 9 2,463,187	2,780,937	5, 294, 841
Oilcloth, linoleum and coated fabrics	3	571	1,761,989	4,100,896	3,595.365	7,802,290 55,049,092
Synthetic textiles and silk	12 32	3.437 4.451	10,819,577 10,641,686	20,742,987	32,747,172 14,760,042	35,686,561
Woollen varn	26	2,590	6.030,374			26,727,884
Other industries for which figures can- not be shown	7	590	1,731,367	5,461,125	3,533,652	9,085.527
Total	377	28,051	70,812,946	174,167,242	129,388,344	308,647,722
Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta:			د سم هم		205 050	050 050
Awnings, tents and sails	17	126 287	249,001 654,290	555,800 8,814,083	395,352 780,854	958,858 9,619,987
Bags, cotton and jute Embroidery, pleating, hemstitching, etc.	1	61	96,037	19,790	127,606	148,559
Miscellaneous textiles, n.e.s	9 5	97 488	196,601 941,382	668,513 861,735	382,144 2,087,787	1,055,077
Woollen cloth	3	100	311,302			
not be shown	3	52	109,415	184,725	141,398	328,517
Total	4.9	1,111	2,246,726	11,104,646	3,915,141	15,111,626
British Columbia:	8	165	346,746	474,109	660,221	1,141,765
Awnings, tents and salls	1 6	40	74,860	333,523	158,538	499,399
Oilcloth, linoleum and coated fabrics Woollen cloth	3 4		27,207 443,655			1,751,602
Other industries for which figures can- not be shown		222	583,762	2,756,299	815,939	3,603,828
Total	1	626	1,476,230	4,688,143	2,331,881	7,114,597

TABLE 5. Employees and Salaries and Wages Paid, by Provinces and Regions, 1951 and 1952

		Salaried employee	s	Wage-earners (monthly average)			
	Male Female		Total salaries	Male	Female	Total wages	
	No.	No.	\$	No.	Ño.	\$	
1951							
Atlantic Provinces Quebec Ontario Western Provinces	215 4, 267 2, 678 200	82 2, 140 1, 434 92	943, 257 23, 164, 011 15, 459, 937 1, 029, 885	1.566 27.016 15.199 621	1, 116 13, 430 10, 796 858	5, 293, 774 80, 565, 615 55, 985, 514 2, 588, 496	
Canada	7, 360	3, 748	40, 597, 090	44, 402	26, 200	144, 433, 399	
1952	,						
Atlantic Provinces	193 4, 498 2, 749 217	81 2, 250 1, 415 105	775.087 25.024,742 15.707.176 1.067.351	1. 445 22, 518 14, 073 577	1,015 10,951 9,814 838	4, 709, 881 73, 643, 854 55, 105, 770 2, 655, 605	
Canada	7, 657	3, 851	42, 574, 356	38, 613	22, 618	136, 115, 110	

TABLE 6. Monthly Employment of Wage-earners in Textiles Except Clothing, 1951 and 1952

		1951		1952					
Months	Male	Female	Total	Male '	Female	Total			
	Number								
January February March April May June July August September October November December	46. 021 46. 215 46. 889 46. 740 46. 210 45. 153 43. 826 43. 593 42. 702 42. 097 41. 788 40, 613	27. 886 28. 108 28. 177 28. 062 27. 759 26. 710 25, 487 25, 202 24. 836 24. 687 24. 097 23. 206	73, 907 74, 321 75, 066 74, 802 73, 969 71, 863 69, 313 68, 795 67, 538 66, 785 66, 885 63, 819	39, 602 39, 830 38, 975 35, 579 35, 514 35, 213 38, 369 38, 814 39, 897 40, 519 40, 519	22, 725 22, 830 22, 805 20, 561 20, 369 20, 399 22, 275 22, 883 23, 740 24, 032 24, 472 23, 956	62, 327 62, 660 61, 780 56, 140 55, 883 55, 614 61, 697 63, 637 64, 499 64, 439			

TABLE 7A. New Investment in Durable Physical Assets and Repair and Maintenance, Textiles Except Clothing, Canada, 1926-1952

(Millions of dollars)

	Ne	w investme	nt	Repai	r and mainte	nance	New investment, repair and maintenance			
Year	Construc-	Machinery and equipment	Sub- total	Construc- tion	Machinery and equipment	Sub- total	Construé- tion	Machinery and equipment	Total	
1926	4.7 6.2 0.6 1.4 6.8 1.7	2. 5 7. 3 7. 9 4. 6 3. 1 10. 6 2. 7	7. 2 13. 5 8. 5 6. 0 9. 9 12. 3 3. 7	0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.1	3.567 3.567 3.53 3.545	3.77 3.99 3.92 2.5 2.6	5.0 6.4 0.9 1.6 7.0 1.8	5. 9 10. 8 11. 5 8. 3 6. 1 13. 0 5. 2	10. 9 17. 2 12. 4 9. 9 13. 1 14. 8 6. 3	

TABLE 7A. New Investment in Durable Physical Assets and Repair and Maintenance, Textiles Except Clothing, Canada, 1926-1952 — Concluded

(Millions of dollars)

	New investment				and mainte	nance	New investment, repair and maintenance			
	Construc- tion	Machinery and equipment	Sub- total	Construc- tion	Machinery and equipment	' Sub- total	Construc- tion	Machinery and equipment	Total	
1933	0.9 0.6 2.8 1.3 2.6 1.4 0.6 3.4 3.1 1.5 0.8 1.8 1.3 8.4 10.9 6.5 7.0 6.5 7.0 6.8	3.6 4.8 7.1 5.3 6.2 5.0 10.2 8.6 4.9 1.8 4.9 7.7 16.2 25.7 29.1 25.1 20.8 29.2 24.2	4.5 5.4 9.9 6.6 8.8 6.4 5.6 11.7 6.4 6.7 9.0 24.6 35.6 32.1 39.1	0.3 0.5 0.4 0.4 0.6 0.7 0.6 0.9 1.1 2.8 2.9 3.3 2.8 3.9 3.5 4.0	3.7 4.6 4.3 3.6 4.7 3.8 6.9 8.4 7.6 8.5 10.2 12.2 14.2 14.9 15.9 16.7	4.0 5.1 4.6 4.0 5.1 4.4 4.5 7.5 9.2 10.4 11.4 13.5 15.0 18.1 19.4 20.7	1.2 1.1 3.1 1.7 3.0 2.0 1.3 4.0 4.0 2.6 2.2 4.6 4.2 11.7 13.7 10.4 10.6 10.1	7.3 9.4 11.4 8.9 10.9 8.8 17.1 17.0 14.2 9.6 12.5 16.2 26.4 37.9 43.3 40.0 36.7 45.9 39.6	8.5 10.5 14.5 10.6 13.9 10.8 10.1 21.1 21.0 16.8 11.8 17.1 20.4 38.1 51.6 53.7 50.6 46.8 59.8 50.1	

TABLE 7B. New Investment in Durable Physical Assets and Repair and Maintenance, Textiles Except Clothing, by Industrial Groups, 1952

(Thousands of dollars)

	Ne	ew investm	ent	Repair	and main	tenance		estment, re maintenanc	
Industrial Groups	Cons- truc- tion	Machinery and equipment	Sub- total	truc-	Machinery and equipment	Sub- total	Cons- truc- tion	Machinery and equipment	Total
Total textile products except clothing Cotton textiles	6,845 2,264 1,885 320 59 819 227 19 10 563	24, 148 7, 076 6, 582 246 248 2, 072 1, 142 313 211 406	30,993 9,340 8,467 566 307 2,891 1,369 332 221 969	3,719 1,821 1,706 42 73 614 348 100 56 110	15, 439 5,857 5,584 88 185 2,350 1,422 372 201 355	19, 158 7, 678 7, 290 130 258 2, 964 1, 770 472 257 465	10.564 4.085 3.591 362 132 1.433 575 119 66 673	1	50, 151 17, 018 15, 757 696 565 5, 855 3, 139 804 478 1, 434
Synthetic textiles and silk	2,738 40	11,529 744	14, 267 784	590 90	4,657	5, 247 590	3, 328	16,186	19,514
Dyeing and finishing of textile goods Narrow fabrics	98 886 1 121 78 532 112 42	281 2.446 89 153 473 1.117 90 173 351	379 3, 332 90 274 551 1, 649 202 173 393	58 546 35 41 154 203 26 4	309 1.766 37 77 461 731 126 110	367 2. 312 72 118 615 934 152 114 307	156 1,432 36 162 232 735 138 4 125	590 4, 212 126 230 934 1,848 216 283 575	746 5.644 162 392 1.166 2,583 354 287 700

TABLE 8, Principal Statistics of Textiles Except Clothing, Classified by Number of Employees per Establishment, 1952

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	E	stablishm	ient, 1952			
Employee groups	Estab- lish- ments	Employees	Salaries and wages	Cost of fuel and electricity	Cost of materials used	Gross value of products
1952	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
1302						
Canada:			040 140	32,912	1,652,304	2,915,563
Under 5 employees	176	420	649, 142 4, 137, 932	199,846	9,104,957	16,712,931
5 to 14 "	252	2,130 7,124	15,041,076	849,092	49, 221, 845	76, 973, 148
10 00 33	266	6,364	14,519,517	992,711	44,712,595	71, 261, 205
00 80 30	89	6,782	16, 206, 203	1,223,807	39, 188, 287	1
100 to 155	49	16, 566	42, 264, 436	3, 158, 498	98, 272, 887	176, 133, 721
200 10 400	55	1	77, 598, 170	6,534,827	176, 369, 643	329, 874, 541
500 and over	31	31,470		0,004,021	110,000,010	-
Head offices 1	-	1,883	8, 272, 990 178, 689, 466	12,991,693	410 500 K10	744, 141, 645
Totals	918	72,739	178, 689, 400	12, 991, 693	418,522,518	144, 141, 015
Atlantic Provinces:						
Under 5 employees	13	27	43,377	3,442	57, 222	121,873
5 to 14 "	7	59	99, 151	9, 584	199, 243	349,128
15 to 49 ''	7	225	341, 252	35,086	1,287,545	2,021,197
50 to 99 ''	3	229	545,623	62, 758	1,531,669	2,660,610
100 and over	4	2,194	4,455,565	357, 510	9,007,646	16,410,039
Totals	34	2,734	5,484,968	468, 380	12,083,325	21,562,847
Quebec:						
Under 5 employees	66	161	252, 362	9,087	1,006,001	1,574,809
5 to 14 ''	129	1,120	2,133,712	98, 623	4,557,478	8,554,094
15 to 49 "	131	3,489	7, 171, 871	406,450	20, 403, 967	34, 141, 749
50 to 99 "	42	3,023	6,702,624	429,630	20, 277, 292	33, 214, 120
100 to 199 " , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	17	2,382	5, 360, 289	504,629	14, 157, 449	25, 982, 230
200 to 499 **	22	6,752	16,696,298	1,619,475	34,436,065	66,048,224
500 and over	19	21,517	52, 555, 191	4, 176, 871	121,640,910	222, 189, 627
Head offices 1	_	1,773	7, 796, 249			_
Totals ,	426	40, 217	98,668,596	7, 244, 765	216, 479, 162	391, 704, 853
Ontario:						
Under 5 employees	71	172	263,096	16,465	451,697	953, 213
5 to 14 ''	91	735	1,492,179	68,611	3, 206, 574	5,881,305
15 to 49 ''	105	2,863	6,348,227	358,826	19, 796, 196	31, 788, 824
50 to 99 ''	40	2,819	6,540,335	461,579	17,816,317	28,951,906
100 to 199 "	29	4,002	9, 958, 904	631,981	22,713,343	40,491,942
200 to 499 ''	32	9,475	24, 929, 822	1,513,579	63, 363, 305	107, 806, 205
500 and over	9	7,885	20,859,423	2,041,095	46,819,810	92,774,327
Head offices 1	_	100	420, 960			_
Totals	377	28,051	70, 812, 946	5,092,136	174, 167, 242	308, 647, 722
Western Provinces:					~	
Under 5 employees	26	60	90, 307	3,918	137,384	265,668
5 to 14 "	25	216	412,890	23,028	1,141,662	1,928,404
15 to 49 "	23	547	1, 179, 726	48,730	7,734,137	9,021,378
50 to 99 "	4	293	730, 935	38, 744	5,087,317	6,434,569
100 to 499 ''	3	611	1,253,317	71,992	1,692,289	4,576,204
Head offices 1		10	55, 781	_	_	_
Totals	81	1,737	3, 722, 956	186,412	15, 792, 789	22, 226, 223
AULGID		.,			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u> </u>

^{1.} Head offices where separated from productive establishments.

TABLE 9. Principal Statistics of Textiles Except Clothing, Classified by Production Groups, 1952

EABLE 3. I Illicipal Statistics of		o mayopo	owneng, or	assilica dy	rtoauction	Groups, 1992
Production groups	Estab- lish- ments	Employees	wages	Cost of fuel and electricity	Cost of materials used	Gross value of products
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	
1952			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			010000-1440-
Canada: Under \$5,000 \$ 5,000 to \$ 24,999 \$ 25,000 to \$ 49,999 \$ 500,000 to \$ 99,999 \$ 200,000 to \$ 499,999 \$ 500,000 to \$ 499,999 \$ 2,000,000 to \$ 4,999,999 \$ 2,000,000 to \$ 4,999,999 \$ 2,000,000 and over Head offices 1	53 158 119 124 112 125 36 121 29	20 658 972 1,767 2,045 5,081 5,756 25,957 28,540 1,883	73,956 998,603 1,634,603 3,368,368 4,209,850 19,618,306 13,079,238 63,973,361 72,460,136 8,272,990	5, 290 39, 867 68, 971 151, 311 279, 394 754, 000 843, 296 4, 547, 373 6, 296, 691	43, 531 709, 151 1, 231, 803 3, 405, 630 8, 512, 950 23, 819, 656 36, 061, 317 161, 397, 304 181, 291, 176	142,062 2,224,118 3,884,619 8,694,045 16,097,237 42,443,966 60,923,235 275,731,249 334,001,114
Totals	918	72, 739	178, 689, 466	12,991,693	418, 522, 518	744, 141, 645
Atlantic Provinces: Under \$5,000	4 9 5 4 5 7	6 25 43 78 193 2,389	5,887 39,689 57,949 108,093 387,645 4,885,705	633 1,914 10,214 5,787 54,263 395,569	3,062 33,010 85,643 110,774 658,557 11,192,279	10,612 82,753 178,020 297,313 1,225,205 19,768,944
Totals	34	2,734	5,484,968	468,380	12,083,325	21,562,817
Quebec: Under \$5,000	16 69 58 68 51 56 44 47 17	22 320 550 1,032 903 2,498 2,726 10,470 19,923 1,773	17, 362 490, 938 900, 672 1, 960, 735 1, 846, 348 4, 940, 731 25, 478, 917 49, 272, 751 7, 796, 249	1,688 15,345 37,011 89,854 143,986 326,719 399,701 2,238,763 3,991,698	7, 240 274, 495 550, 438 1, 654, 295 3, 743, 407 10, 603, 605 19, 475, 727 60, 528, 450 119, 641, 505	30.743 1,008,363 2,005,746 4,944,094 7,255,075 19,259,946 30,583,828 109,499,731 217,117,327
Totals	426	40,217	98, 668, 596	7,244,765	216,479,162	391,704,853
Ontario: Under \$5,000 \$ 5,000 to \$ 24,999 \$ 25,000 to \$ 49,999 \$ 50,000 to \$ 199,999 \$ 200,000 to \$ 499,999 \$ 500,000 to \$ 499,999 \$ 500,000 to \$ 499,999 \$ 5,000,000 to \$ 4,999,999 \$ 5,000,000 to \$ 4,999,999 \$ 5,000,000 and over Head offices 1	24 59 39 40 47 59 38 61 10	38 232 317 520 805 2,260 2,786 13,600 7,333	37,024 350,530 573,890 1,023,574 1,818,687 4,933,213 6,572,548 34,713,661 20,368,859 420,960	2, 523 16, 357 18, 636 44, 987 100, 161 357, 167 425, 338 2,096, 471 2,030, 496	25, 028 273, 444 518, 152 1, 209, 549 3, 564, 512 11, 191, 431 16, 479, 835 85, 151, 259 55, 754, 032	75,659 838,926 1,424,982 2,576,258 6,768,230 20,048,557 27,309,519 144,171,892 105,433,699
Totals	377	28,051	70, 812, 946	5,092,136	174,167,242	308, 647, 722
Western Provinces: Under \$5,000 \$ 5,000 to \$ 24,999 \$ 25,000 to \$ 49,999 \$ 50,000 to \$ 99,999 \$ 100,000 to \$ 199,999 \$ 200,000 to \$ 499,999 \$ 500,000 and over. Head offices ¹	9 21 8 12 11 8 12	14 81 62 137 205 202 1,026	13,633 117,451 102,092 275,966 415,683 485,782 2,256,513 55,781	446 6,251 3,110 10,683 22,013 29,585 114,324	3, 201 128, 202 127, 570 431, 012 994, 767 1, 576, 327 12, 526, 710	25, 048 294, 076 275, 871 876, 380 1, 683, 673 2, 300, 517 16, 770, 658
Totals	81	1, 737	3,722,956	186,412	15,792,789	22, 226, 223

^{1.} Head offices where separated from productive establishments.

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