34-2030





THE CORDAGE ROPE AND TWINE INDUSTRY 1953



Published by Authority of
The Right Honourable C. D. Howe, Minister of Trade and Commerce

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Industry and Merchandising Division
Textile and Miscellaneous Products Section

34-203

NOTICE

The annual reports prepared by the Industry and Merchandising Division of the Bureau of Statistics are divided into 3 volumes, as follows: Volume II— The Primary Industries, including mining, forestry and fisheries; Volume III— Merchandising and Services. The volumes are made up of parts, and the parts in turn are subdivided according to the industries or provinces which they comprise.

Volume II consists of the following parts, the first two of which deal with manufacturing as a whole and the balance with the major manufacturing groups.

I-General Review of the Manufacturing Industries, \$1.50

II - The Manufacturing Industries of Canada, (7 sections, as follows:)

Section A. Summary for Canada, 25¢

Section B. Atlantic Provinces. 25¢

Section C. Quebec, 25¢

Section D. Ontario, 25¢

Section E. Prairie Provinces, 25¢

Section F. British Columbia, 25¢

Section G. The Manufacturing Industries of Canada, Regional Distribution, 75¢

III - Foods and Beverages

IV - Tobacco and Tobacco Products

V-Rubber Products

VI - Leather Products

VII - Textiles

VIII - Wood and Paper Products

IX-Printing Trades

X-Iron and Steel Products

XI - Transportation Equipment

XII - Non-ferrous Metal Products

XIII - Electrical Apparatus and Supplies

XIV - Non-metallic Mineral Products

XV-Products of Petroleum and Coal

XVI-Chemicals and Allied Products

XVII - Miscellaneous Manufactures

The present report belongs in Part VII, Textiles. It is punched to permit of filing in a ring binder along with others of the group. The reports in this group are:

A-General Review of All Textiles, 25¢

Textile Mills

B-General Review, 25¢

C-The Cotton Textile Industries, 25¢

D-The Wool Textile Industries, 25¢

E-The Synthetic Textiles and Silk Industry, 25¢

F-The Narrow Fabrics Industry, 25¢

G-The Dyeing and Finishing of Textile Goods Industry, 25¢

H-The Awning, Tent and Sail Industry, 25¢

I-The Cordage, Rope and Twine Industry, 25¢

J-The Cotton and Jute Bag Industry, 25¢

K-The Miscellaneous Textiles Industries, 25¢

Knitting Mills

L-The Hosiery and Knitted Goods Industries, 25¢

Clothing

M-General Review, 25¢

N-The Men's Factory Clothing Industry, 25¢

O-The Women's and Children's Factory Clothing Industries, 25¢

P-The Corset Industry, 25¢

Q-The Fur Goods and Fur Dressing Industries, 25¢

R-The Hat and Cap Industry, 25¢

S-The Miscellaneous Clothing Industries, 25¢

THE CORDAGE, ROPE AND TWINE INDUSTRY 1953

The value of factory shipments in the cordage, rope and twine industry fell sharply from \$28,841,340 in 1952 to \$17,866,014 in 1953. This \$11 million drop was largely accounted for by severe reductions in the industry's two main commodities, binder and baler twine. Shipments of binder twine were down by \$6.6 million and baler twine by \$3.1 million. Rope shipments and shipments of twines were also reduced in value.

Factory shipments of binder twine in 1953 totalled 33,896,191 pounds valued at \$5,620,063 compared with 55,096,595 pounds valued at \$12,209,470 in 1952. Baler twine shipments amounted to 23,189,580 pounds worth \$6,974,305 in the earlier year compared with 22,823,373 pounds worth \$3,864,113 in the later. From these figures it is evident that both volume and price contributed importantly to the reduction in value of shipments in the case of binder twine whereas price change is almost solely responsible for the decrease in baler twine. In connection with the price change, it should be noted that the average price paid by the industry for its sisal, the principal constituent of both commodities, fell from 25 cents per pound in 1952 to 18 cents per pound in 1953.

Rope was shipped to the extent of 11,293,919 pounds with a factory selling value of \$4,565,506 as against 12,149,664 pounds worth \$5,511,639 a year earlier. Twine managed an increase in physical volume, 6,431,090 pounds in 1952 and 7,142,319 pounds in 1953, but the value of the twine shipments fell from \$2,813,311 to \$2,591,116 over the two years.

The information collected on production suggested an even sharper reduction in the level of activity. The amount of binder twine manufactured fell from 63,288,181 pounds in 1952 to 25,451,557 pounds in 1953. Baler twine production fell from 28,984,421 pounds to 19,949,653 pounds over the two years. Comparable 1952 figures are not available for the 10,764,800 pounds of rope and 6,975,299 pounds of twine produced in the year under review. The volume of production index¹ for the industry as a whole registered a drop of 39 per cent.

Fairly substantial reductions in inventory are indicated by the foregoing production and shipments data, particularly in binder and baler twine. The value of finished goods inventory held by the industry at plant fell from \$4,917,000 at the end of 1952 to \$2,275,000 at the end of 1953 according to the Bureau's inventory survey.

The curtailment of activity was reflected in the employment situation. Employment which stood at 1,720 in 1952 fell to 1,188 in 1953, a drop of 31 per cent, while salaries and wage payments decreased by 28 per cent, from \$4,930,896 to \$3,570,086 over the two years. A two-thirds reduction occurred in the cost of materials consumed during the same period, from \$21,655,091 in 1952 to \$7,336,124 in 1953. As has been indicated, this reduction derives from the combined effects of lower prices and lower production.

Oddly enough, there was an increase from 11 to 14 in the number of establishments. The newcomers, however, were not entrants into the baler and binder twine section of the industry. The 14 establishments were distributed provincially as follows: Newfoundland 1, Nova Scotia 1, Quebec 3, Ontario 7 and British Columbia 2, Ontario dominated the industry accounting for 83 per cent of products shipped and 80 per cent of employment.

Hard fibres such as Manilla hemp, African sisal, Mexican sisal, Brazilian sisal, etc., constitute the principal materials used by the industry. The quantity consumed in 1953 was valued at \$5,596,049 or 76 per cent of the total cost of materials consumed.

Detailed information on the industry's use of fuel and electricity during the year and on its power installation will be found in Tables 12 and 13. Beginning with 1948, this information is being collected every fifth year instead of annually as theretofore.

Full details of factory shipments and materials consumed are given in Tables 3 and 5 of this report.

^{1.} Based on 1949 equals 100, the Bureau's volume of production index for the cordage, rope and twine industry is as follows: 1950 - 104.5; 1951 - 143.8; 1952 - 136.3; 1953 - 83.4.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1921-1953

	Year and Provinces	Establish- ments	Em- ployees	Salaries and wages	Cost of materials used	Gross value of production
		No.	No.	\$	\$	\$
1921		9	824	1,055,462	4,620,408	7,962,550
1924	4270 for 6 60 00 dg , o do no dq 20 + o e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	9	1.359	1,486,702	5,096,892	8,876,786
1929	***************************************	13	1,368	1,518,280	7,798,893	11,798,165
1930	AAAA AAAAAA AA AAAA AA AA AA AA AA AA A	13	1.058	1, 182, 568	6,059,887	8,551,349
1933	0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	11	1.015	1.027.460	2,461,395	4,740,612
1937		10	1,030	1, 132, 435	3,907,340	6.578.967
1938	P	10	882	1,007,597	3, 057, 839	4,910,962
1939		10	978	1,055,702	2,710,778	4,966,074
1940	WEREHARD TO THE PARK OF TARK OF A MARKAT OF A RADIO OF THE PARK OF	11	1,285	1,533,026	4,903,793	9, 192, 945
1941		11	1.346	1,668,462	5, 684, 207	10,895,994
1942	w-page-agg-agg-agg-agg-agg-agg-agg-agg-agg-	11	1.590	2, 243, 872	8, 350, 266	13, 758, 225
943		11	1.531	2, 279, 708	8, 197, 636	12,650,931
1944	***************************************	10	1.741	2,637,162	10, 594, 964	16, 177, 696
945	***************************************	10	1,678	2, 477, 765	8,814,693	14.419.946
1946		10	1,740	2,669,236	8,058,127	13,869,880
1947	u u u u u u u u	10	1,607	2,837,339	11,053,378	18, 229, 405
1948	4000 0000000000000000000000000000000000	10	1,470	2,999,745	11,575,748	17,995,920
949	2020 +0 00 do 44 ID 40 40 00 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	10	1,302	2,805,837	10,732,750	16,917,938
1950	***************************************	10	1,370	3,030,188	10,989,236	17, 459, 571
951		11	1,774	4,576,300	19,736,188	29, 709, 244
	1952					
Ca	nada	11	1,720	4, 930, 896	21,655,091	28,841,340
Onter	io	6	1,453	4, 203, 115	19, 393, 233	24, 902, 500
	provinces	5	267	727, 781	2, 261, 858	3,938,840
	1953					
Ca	nada	14	1,188	3,570,086	7,336,124	17, 866, 014
meh	ec	3	13	35,735	148.824	230,836
	io	7	949	2, 895, 139	5,682,971	14,750,741
	provinces ¹	4	226	639, 212	1,504,329	2.884.437

The statistics published in this report include only the statistics of manufacturing establishments whose principal products are cordage, rope and twine. Statistics relating to specific products, such as twines, are not to be regarded as the total for Canada since some of these products are also produced in cotton textiles establishments.

TABLE 2. Comparison of Principal Statistics, 1952 and 1953

Item	1952	1953	+ Increase - Decrease	
Establishments reporting	11	14	+	
Employees on salaries: Total No. Male Female Total salaries \$	221 146 75 911,540	207 137 70 870,647	- 14 - 40,89	
Employees on wages: Monthly average Male F'emale Total wages No.	1,499 1,026 473 4,019,356	981 657 324 2,699,439	- 51: - 36: - 14: - 1,319,91	
Cost of fuel and electricity\$	189,836	205, 596	+ 15,76	
Cost of materials used\$	21,655,091	7, 336, 124	- 14,318,96	
Value of factory shipments\$	28, 841, 340	17,866,014	- 10,975,32	

Profits or losses cannot be estimated from the figures published in this report as no data are collected for overhead expenses, such as interest, rent, depreciation, taxes, insurance, advertising, etc.

Includes one establishment in Newfoundland, one in Nova Scotia and two in British Columbia.
 Beginning with 1952 the value of factory shipments has been collected instead of the gross value of production.

TABLE 3. Factory Shipments, 1952 and 1953

	19	52	19	53	
Principal products	Quantity	Selling value at factory	Quantity	Selling value at factory	
	lb.	\$	lb.	\$	
Binder twine	55,096,595	12, 209, 4701	33,896,191	5,620,063	
Baler twine — All sisal	23, 189, 580	6,974,305	22,823,373	3,864,113	
Twines for sale:					
Hemp	117, 272	106,869	144,492	114,689	
Jute	1, 725, 104	754, 220	1,355,064	514, 953	
Sisal	4, 143, 458	1,497,637	4,970,058	1,593,304	
All other	445, 256	454, 585	672,705	368,170	
Rope:					
Manilla	7.014.421	3,092,145	6,684,780	2,827,685	
Sisal	4,719,526	1, 945, 383	4, 259, 980	1, 377, 486	
Cotton	146,954	126,810	170, 219	173, 769	
Hemp	110,375	72,038	70,896	47,005	
All other	158, 388	275, 263	108,044	139,561	
Yarns:					
Flax, hemp, jute, etc.	1,509,870	521,963	1,775,277	532, 699	
All other products, unable to specify	_	810, 652	-	692, 517	
Total factory shipments	-	28, 841, 340	_	17, 866, 014	

^{1.} Selling value at factory in this case does not represent sales at a definite level as it includes sales to whole-salers at wholesale prices along with sales to dealer organizations at manufacturer's cost of production. As a guide to selling prices of binder twine, reference may be had to the wholesale prices as published by Prices Statistics Branch of the Bureau of Statistics which for the years 1952 and 1953 were \$33,426 and \$26,296 per cwt., respectively.

TABLE 4. Consumption of Binder Twine in Canada for the Years, 1950-1953

	1950	1951	1952	1953
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Production	391, 266	659,345	632,882	254, 516
mports	11,289	5,198	12,386	21,529
Total	402,555	664, 543	645,268	276, 045
Exports	174,936	260, 659	174.778	229, 582
Available for consumption	227, 619	403, 884	470,490	46,463

TABLE 5. Materials Used, 1952 and 1953

	19	52	19	53	
Principal materials	Quantity	Cost value at factory	Quantity	Cost value at factory	
	lb.	\$	lb.	\$	
Hard fibres: Manilla hemp	10, 538, 232 1, 591, 207 7, 659, 659 31, 191, 359 2, 496, 681 6, 937, 813 15, 750, 621 626, 926 509, 329	2,932,944 483,490 1,280,026 8,172,290 610,558 1,584,124 3,968,153 139,363 127,613	6, 279, 698 1, 113, 736 6, 130, 289 15, 958, 767 1, 759, 229 1, 171, 130 5, 493, 283 — 138, 071	1, 430, 633 152, 459 649, 562 2, 242, 178 197, 451 149, 199 756, 811	
Soft fibres: Hemp, hemp tow, flax, flax tow and jute Twines, cotton and other Yarns purchased: Flax, hemp and jute Cotton and other Nylon	2, 435, 659 120, 757 669, 169 273, 745 55, 202	454, 455 425, 233 223, 211 187, 836 129, 504	2, 726, 870 65, 724 820, 890 499, 676 85, 559	347, 30 5 164, 665 214, 556 270, 565 173, 273	
Oils	=	331, 473 13, 061 23, 118 161, 444		174, 757 13, 342 11, 995 129, 881	
Packing and shipping materials: Burlap Other packing and shipping materials	= =	32, 155 375, 040	_	11, 647 228, 089	
Total cost of materials used	_	21,655,091		7, 336, 124	

TABLE 6. Imports of Materials Used and Products Made by the Cordage Rope and Twine Industry, 1952 and 1953

	Unit	19	52	19	53
Articles imported	of measure	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
		14-11	\$		\$
Fibrilla, flax fibre and flax tow	cwt.	431	26,719	575	20, 772
Hemp, dressed or undressed	4.4	4,838	104, 671	860	25, 318
Manila fibre	4.6	103,009	2, 457, 045	58,812	1, 266, 373
Vegetable fibres, n.o.p.	4.4	13,380	128,081	13,855	140,438
Sisal, istle and tampico fibre	4.4	802,344	17, 021, 619	456,823	5, 267, 841
Tute and jute butts	4.1	5,893	66, 585	71, 294	571, 799
Okum of flax, hemp and jute	4.6	18,946	336, 521	25,717	425, 216
Coir and coir yarn	8.6	6,029	67, 565	5,656	41,988
Yarns, vegetable fibres, singles, n.o.p	lb.	93, 434	41, 228	247, 490	94, 398
(arns, cords and twines, vegetable fibres, plied, n.o.p.	4.6	844, 798	309, 215	1, 207, 061	331, 150
Tarms, cords and twines, jute, plied, n.o.p	44	265, 096	66, 349	347, 577	73,621
Yarns, jute, singles, n.o.p.	4.6	475,609	105, 031	1, 270, 723	227, 472
Cords and twine, cotton, n.o.p. Thread, twines, marlines, fishing lines of vegetable fibre for commercial fishing purposes or for the construction	4.0	347, 513	331,696	513,024	439,835
or repair of fishing nets	44	940, 290	828, 707	814,013	752, 409
one inch in circumference	14	1,019,624	296, 419	1, 592, 732	439, 878
vegetable fibre, n.o.p	4.6	463, 874	141,875	358, 680	103, 308
in circumference, to be used for commercial fishing pur-					
poses, or for the construction and repair of fishing nets	44	1,019,624	296, 419	2, 404, 127	645,977
Binder twine	cwt.	12, 386	372,816	21, 529	457,570
ish nets and nettings	Ib.	1, 341, 697	2,964,043	738, 112	1,702,057
ute manufactures, n.o.p.	6.6	49,907	21,090	50,966	30,540
Vegetable fibre manufactures, n.o.p	6.4	1,310,810	1,847,274	1,935,432	2,067,343

TABLE 7. Exports of Cordage, Rope and Twine, etc., 1952 and 1953

	195	2	1953		
Articles exported	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
	cwt.	\$	cwt.	\$	
Fibre and tow of flax or hemp	22, 480 174, 778 465 138, 165	536,097 3,849,501 115,035 4,279,385 550,594	6,655 229,582 284 129,351	110, 583 3, 988, 593 29, 562 2, 681, 602 133, 787	

TABLE 8. Employees by Sex and Remuneration, 1952 and 1953

		1952			19	53	
	Ontario	Other	Total	Ontario	Quebec	Other 1	Total
Salaried Employees:							
Total	155	66	221	156	3	48	207
Male	100	46	146	97	3	37	137
Female	55	20	75	59	-	11	70
Total salaries\$	639, 859	271,681	911, 540	653, 816	9, 359	207, 472	870,647
Wage-earners:							
Monthly average No.	1, 298	201	1, 499	793	10	178	981
Male	882	144	1,026	528	8	121	657
Female	416	57	473	265	2	57	324
Total wages\$	3, 563, 256	456, 100	4,019,356	2, 241, 323	26, 376	431,740	2,699,439
All Employees:							
Total No.	1, 453	267	1,720	949	13	226	1, 188
Male	982	190	1, 172	625	11	158	794
Female	471	77	548	324	2	68	394
Total salaries and wages \$	4, 203, 115	727,781	4,930,896	2,895,139	35, 735	639, 212	3, 570, 086

^{1.} Includes one establishment in Newfoundland, one in Nova Scotia, and two in British Columbia.

TABLE 9. Monthly Employment of Wage-earners, 1951-1953

	1951				1952			1953		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
					Number					
January	1,011	540	1, 551	1,039	484	1,523	755	412	1, 167	
February	1,048	564 575	1,612 1,610	1, 108 1, 254	483 544	1, 591	762 718	403 364	1, 165 1, 082	
April	1,047	558	1,605	1, 275	569	1,844	713	357	1,070	
May	1,044	557	1,601	1, 219	548	1,767	701	334	1,035	
June	1,051	551	1,602	1, 227	522	1,749	691	318	1,009	
July	1,025	532	1,557	1,014	467	1, 481	610	261	871	
August	1,011	546 553	1,557	821	393	1, 214	546 583	233	779 863	
September	1,029	554	1,550 1,583	890 843	458 398	1,348 1,241	596	301	897	
November	1,068	553	1,621	859	387	1,246	616	305	921	
December	989	479	1, 468	754	402	1, 156	614	306	920	
Monthly average	1,030	549	1,579	1,026	473	1,499	657	324	981	

TABLE 10. Estimated Capital, Repair and Maintenance Expenditures 1944-1953

(Thousands of dollars)

Year	Capi	tal expenditu	ires	mainter	Repair and nance expend	itures	Capital, repair and maintenance expenditures			
	Con- struction	Machinery and equipment	Sub- total	Con- struction	Machinery and equipment	Sub- total	Con- struction	Machinery and equipment	Total	
1944 1945	9 264	85 39	94	49	99 ¹ 08 ¹	499 408	59 71	31	59: 71	
1946	275 64	65 122	340 186	469 125	386	469 511	744 189	65 508	809 69	
947	30	455	485	104	407	511	135	861	99	
949	2	379	381	198	427	625	200	806	1,00	
950	_	181	181	227	347	574	227	528	75	
951	180	294	474	141	520	661	321	814	1, 13	
952 953 ²	78 53	473 595	551 648	154 126	461 384	615 510	232 179	934	1, 16	

Breakdown on Repairs for 1944 and 1945 are not available.
 Figures for 1953 are preliminary.

TABLE 11. Mechanical Equipment, 1952 and 1953

	1952	1953
	No.	No.
Spindles which consumed fibre during the year	4, 219	3,930
Spindles which consumed no fibre during the year	162	524
Twisting and doubling spindles	731	719
Looms	14	14
Braiding machines	209	234
Rope machines	170	167
Winding machines	364	324
Netting	8	9

TABLE 12. Power Installation, 1948 and 1953

	19	48	1953		
Classes of power	Number of units	Horse-power capacity	Number of units	Horse-power capacity	
Steam engines and steam turbines Gasoline, gas and oil engines, other than Diesel engines Electric motors operated by purchased power:	1 1	200 100	7	186	
In use	689 38	9,132 839	1, 259 175	8,348 1,691	
Total Power used in Manufacturing	729	10, 271	1,441	10, 225	
Boiler installation: In use Idle	3	360	2	200 100	

TABLE 13. Consumption of Fuel and Electricity, 1948 and 1953

Kinds of fuel	Unit of measure	1948		1953	
		Quantity	Cost value at factory	Quantity	Cost value at factory
			\$		\$
Bituminous coal	ton	3, 769	40,342	3, 027	38, 297
Sub-bituminous coal	4.2	_	_	580	8,085
Gasoline (including gasoline used cars and trucks)	Imp. gal.	7, 157	2, 101	10,734	4,083
Kerosene or coal oil		497	112	90	23
Fuel oil	4.6	6,808	1, 182	81,937	10, 230
Other fuel	-	-	15, 566	_	14,719
Total cost of fuel	_	_	59, 303	-	75, 437
Electricity purchased (including service charges)	Kw. H	12,064,650	107,811	10,913,982	130, 159
Total cost of fuel and electricity	-	_	167, 114	_	205, 596

List of Cordage, Rope and Twine Manufacturers Operating in Canada in 1953

Name of firm	Location	Products made	
Newfoundland:			
Colonial Cordage Company Ltd	St. John's	Rope, twine, yarn	
Nova Scotia:			
Plymouth Cordage Co. of Canada, Ltd. (H.O. Welland, Ontario)	Wyse Road, Dartmouth	Binder twine, Rope, twine	
Quebec:			
Bolduc, The C.N. Manufacturing Co.	12 College St., Lennoxville	Rope	
Dominion Wire Rope & Cable Co., Ltd. (Synthetic Cordage Div.) Kenyon William, & Sons (Canada) Ltd	175 St. Joseph St., Lachine	Rope, twine Rope	
Ontario:			
Algonquin Line & Thread Co. Ltd	6 Bartlett Avenue, Toronto	Fishing lines, etc. Baler twine, binder twine, rope, twine	
Brooks Limited, John S. Derrett Cordage Co. Doon Twines Ltd.	722 Broad St., E., Dunville	Fish netting Twines, lines Baler twine, binder twine, rope,	
International Harvester Co. of Canada Ltd Plymouth Cordage Co. of Canada Ltd	208 Hillyard Street, Hamilton	twine, yarn. Baler twine, binder twine Baler twine, binder twine, rope, twine,	
British Columbia:			
Canada Western Cordage Co., Ltd. (H.O. 20 Water St., Vancouver First Vancouver Fish Net & Twine Factory	Braid St., New Westminster	Rope, twine Fish nets, twines	

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