## COTTON YARN AND CLOTH MILLS

1961

The list of firms normally included in this report has been omitted from this issue, along with certain tables. See introductory text for details.

## ANNUAL CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES

Published by Authority of The Minister of Trade and Commerce

## DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS <br> Industry Division

## SYMBOLS

The interpretation of the symbols used in the tables throughout this publication is as follows:
.. figures not available.
... figures not appropriate or not applicable.

- nil or zero.
p preliminary figures.
r revised figures.


## EXPLANATORY NOTES

This report is one in a series of about 140 publications which present the results of the 1961 Census of Manufactures. Most reports in this series refer to specific industries, but there are summary reports for Canada and the provinces and for major industry groups. Implementation of the new definition of the establishment in the 1961 Census has resulted in certain changes and necessitated some adjustments to the statistics for previous years in order to maintain comparability of the data. (See following note on "Fstablishınent".)

Industry statistics given in these reports refer to number of establishments, employees, salaries and wages, cost of materials, supplies, fuel and electricity, gross value of shipments, inventories and value added by manufacturing. Details of materials used and products shipped are also given. Descriptions of the principal industry statistics. with special reference to 1961 , are as follows:

## Period Covered

Firms are asked to submit figures for the calendar year, if at all possible, and most reports are on this basis. Financial year reports for periods differing from the calendar year are accepted in instances where the flrms find it impossible to supply calendar year data from accounting records. However the data on employees, salaries and wages are requested on a calendar year basis in all cases.

## Establishment

The reporting unit in the Census of Manufactures is the establishment. Beginning with the 1961 Census, the establishment is defined as follows:

The smallest unit which is a separate operating entlty capable of reporting all the following:

Materials and supplies used, Goods purchased for resale as such, Fuel and powes consumed,
Number of employees and their pay.
Inventories,
Shipments or sales.
The establishment is to be distinguished from smaller subdivisions or departments which do not have records which permit them to report all items required of an establishment. Prior to 1961, some establishments were required to submit two or more separate reports when they were engaged in operations whlch were classlfiable to different industries. Beginning with 1961, separate reports for such operations will be required only in cases where accounting records can provide all the elements of principal statistics enumerated above. Special reporting arrangements were made with respondents when the acceptance of combined reports would have seriously affected the statistics for particular industries or areas. Where continuity of industry statistics was affected by this change in reporting procedures, adjustments to the data were made back to 1957 in order to maintain comparability of the series for recent years.

A manufacturing establishment is typically a factory, mill or plant principally engaged in manufacturing operations. Prior to 1961, the Census of Manufactures attempted to cover the manufacturing activities of all establishments, whether or not they were principally engaged in manufacturing operations. Beginning with the 1961 Census, establishments (accounting entities) which are not primarily engaged in manufacturing are no longer included as manufacturing establishments in the basic industry statistics. Again adjustments to the industry statistics were made to reflect the removal of such reporting units for the period 1957-1960. These reporting units are now listed as establishments in other Bureau industry surveys, such as Wholesale Trade, Construction, etc. In order, however, to main= tain complete coverage of certain commodity items produced mainly in manufacturing establishments, many non-manufacturing establishments are now surveyed for commodity shipments only and the latter are included in those tables of industry reports showing shipments of certain commodities "from all industries".

Many firms have more than one manufacturing establishment. Such firms are requested to submit a separate Census of Manufactures report for each manufacturing establishment which can meet the reporting requirements described earlier.

Prior to 1961, the main emphasis in the Census of Manufactures was on manufacturing activity whereas, beginning with 1961, each establishment reports on the total operations carried out within its accounting boundaries (except income from investments such as rent, interest and dividends). However, data on different activities (manufacturing. selling, construction by own labour force etc.) are requested separately. The 1961 statistics in this report are confined to manufacturing activity in order to maintain comparability with previous years. In the 1962 reports it is planned to show both 1961 and 1962 data on the "total activity" basis in addition to the data on manufacturing operations.

## Employees

Administrative and office employees include all executives and supervisory officials such as presidents, vice-presidents, secretaries, treasurers, etc., together with managers, professional and technical employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the working foremen level, and clerical employees. Working owners and partners are also included in this category but will be shown separately in subsequent years.

Production and related workers include all other factory workmen whether paid on a monthly, weekly, hourly or piece-work basis. Working foremen doing work similar to that of the employees they supervise are included, as are maintenance, handling, warehousing and delivety staff. Employees on new construction work, in retail or wholesale operations, on outside piece work, etc, are not included.

Production workers are reported by months, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly figures and dividing by twelve. This procedure is followed even though the plant did not operate in all months. Figures on employment refer to the calendar year whether or not some establishments reported other data on a financial year basis.

## Salaries and Wages

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of the employees described above, including salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses, the value of room and board where provided, deductions for income tax and social services such as sickness and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc., as well as any other allowances forming part of the employees' wages. Payments for overtime are included.

Salaries refer to amounts paid to administrative and office employees. Kithdrawals by working owners or partners for normal living expenses for self and family are included with salaries, but will be shown separately in subsequent years. Wages refer to the amounts paid to production and related workers as defined above. Data on earnings refer to the calendar year whether or not some establishments reported other data on a financial year basis.

## Cost of Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used (including fuel used in cars and trucks), not to purchases unless the quantities are the same. Values refer to the laid-down cost at the establishment including freight, duty, etc.

## Materials and Supplies Used

Figures represent quantities and laid-down cost values, at the establishment, of materials, supplies and components actually used during the y ear whether purchased from others or received as transfers from other plants of the reporting company. Amounts paid to other manufacturers for work done on materials owned by the reporting company are included. Returnable containers or any other items charged to capital account are not included. Fuels are not included. Goods bought from others or received as transfers from other plants or reporting companies for resale without further processing are not included. Maintenance and repair supplies not chargeable to capital account are included.

## Factory Shipments

Factory shipments generally refer to shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting establishments of by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting establishment for work done. All products and by-products shipped from the establishment are included whether for domestic use, export, or for government departments. Transfer shipments to sales outlets, distributing warehouses or to other manufacturing units of the reporting firm which are treated as separate establishments are included. Goods bought or received as transfers and resold without further processing are not included. Values are requested
on f.o.b. establishment basis, and do not include sales tax or excise duties. Values of containers not returnable are included. Amounts received in payment for work done on materials osned by others are included.

In a tew industrios such as shiphuilding, alir craft, eic., where work on principal products extend over a relatively long period, the value of production is recorded rather than the value of shipments. For those industries production is computed from the value of deliverles of complete units during the year plus the value of work done during the year on unfinished units less the value of work done in previous years on finished units delivered in the year under review.

## Inventories

Values represent the book value of manufacturing inventory. Figures consist of inventory at the plant and at warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of the plants for the purpose of reporting shipments.

## Value added by Manufacturing

Value added is compiled by deducting the cost of materials, fuel and electricity consumed from the value of production (value of shipments adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of finished goods and goods in process). Value added is sometimes referred to as net production. ${ }^{\text { }}$

## Standard Indusirial Classification

The revised Standard Industrial Classification which was introduced with the 1960 Census of Manufactures provides for a breakdown of the universe into 140 industries arranged in 20 major groups compared with 135 industries in 17 major groups in the old classification which was used in the compilations for the years 1949 to 1959 inclusive. Full details are contained in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, Catalogue No. 12-501, which is available from either the Queen's Printer or the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Reporting establishments are classified or allotted to specific industries on the basis of the value of principal products made or shipped.

Establishments engaged solely in repair work are not included in manufacturing industries (except in the case of furniture, shipbuilding, boat bullding. aircraft and railroad rolling stock industries) but establishments principally engaged in assembling parts into complete units are included.

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## Short Forms

Since 1949, in order to ease the reporting burden for smaller firms, a one-page short form has been uspd asking only for certain principal items of shipments. For purposes of publication, missing data were estimated on the basis of appropriate ratios. For the 1959 and 1960 censuses the general limit for short forms was raised from $\$ 50,000$ to $\$ 100,000$ value of shipments and a new intermediate form was used. This form is a shortened version of the long form in that some of the general questions were pared down and the cietailed lists of materials and products were limited to the more important items. The general limits for firms in this category were set at between $\$ 100,000-\$ 500,000$ value of shipments, but in the case of both the short and inter-
mediate forms there are lower cut-offs for a number of industries in which the smaller firms account for a larger share of total shipments.

In the 1961 Census, in addition to the question on shipments of goods of own manufacture, questions on employment and payroll and on total revenue were added on all short forms. The other elements of principal statistics, viz. value of materials, fuel and electricity, and inventories, are generally estimated by using ratios based on the change in the value of shipments from year to year. This is to permit the complete compilation of basic industry statistics by industry and by geographic location. The proportion of the estimated data is generally less than 5 per cent of the total in each category of principal statistics.

## COTTON YARN AND CLOTH MILLS 1961

For the 1961 survey year, the Bureau implemented a New Establishment Concept, bringing about minor revisions to this industry. This implementation of a new definition of the establishment (reporting unit) in the 1961 Census of Manufactures has resulted in certain changes and necessitated some adjustments to the statistics. In order to maintain comparability of the principal statistics (Table 1) for recent years, the necessary adjustments were applied to the data back to 1957. (See also Explanatory Notes).

Tables 4 and 5 of this report show the 1961 gross and net shipments, respectively , of broadwoven cotton fabrics by all industries. Table 6 gives the revised net shipments of these fabrics by the industry for the years 1954 to 1960 , inclusive, based on amending information received. It should also be noted that the 1960 data, given In Table 11 and in Tables 13 to 15, inclusive, are based on the revised 1960 standard Industrial Classification, without revisions for the New Establishment Concept.

As a result of increased work loads and staff shortages it has been necessary to suspend publication of certain tables normally contained in this report. It is planned to resume publication of these tables in the 1962 reports. The tables affected are the following: List of firms - Imports - Exports - Capital and Repair Expenditures.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, 1928-61

| Year and province | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at factory of fuel and electricity | Cost at factory of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Value of shipments ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Basis: Standard Industrial Classification up to and including 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | number |  | dollars |  |  |  |  |
| $1928{ }^{2}$ | 38 | 21,615 | 17,688, 791 | 2,019,353 | 44, 704, 779 | 32,495, 450 | 79, 219,582 |
| $1929{ }^{2}$ | 36 | 20, 221 | 16,671,787 | 1,968, 069 | $43,133,575$ | $33,140,121$ | 78. 241, 765 |
| 1930 | 33 | 16.999 | 13,004,793 | 1,627,005 | 27, 975, 574 | 19,090, 299 | 48,692, 878 |
| 1932 | 35 | 15,092 | 11.684, 979 | 1,510,756 | 19, 158, 046 | 17,886, 568 | 38, 555,370 |
| 1933 | 37 | 16, 095 | 11.749, 286 | 1.813, 508 | 26, 456,914 | 22,909, 206 | 51.179,628 |
| 1934 | 36 | 18, 106 | 13, 768, 278 | 1.979,009 | 33, 132, 480 | 26, 195, 001 | 61.306. 490 |
| 1935 | 35 | 18, 121 | 13, 206, 265 | 1,876,331 | $33,689,873$ | $23,812,460$ | $59,378,664$ |
| 1836 ................................. | 35 | 17.910 | 14,218, 231 | $1,955,949$ | 37,042,911 | 26,636,505 | $65,635,365$ |
| 1937 ............................... | 36 | 19, 160 | 16,350,956 | 2,069,230 | 42,063,654 | 27, 980, 994 | 72, 113,878 |
| 1938 | 37 | 18,049 | $14,639,317$ | 1,981,861 | $29,902,346$ | 25, 171, 408 | 57, 055,615 |
| 1939 | 36 | 19,723 | 16, 733, 206 | $2,578,193$ | 35, 527, 356 | 32,279,911 | $70,385,460$ |
| 1940 | 37 | 23,616 | 23, 110, 839 | 3,111,019 | $53,958,165$ | 46, 320,684 | 103, 389,868 |
| 1941 | 39 | 26, 375 | 27.178, 142 | 2,997,845 | 69, 284,679 | $56,138,488$ | 128.421, 012 |
| 1942 | 40 | 25,796 | 29, 304, 427 | 3, 238,546 | 80, 629,998 | 58,030,976 | 141, 899, 520 |
| 1943 | 40 | 23.526 | 28, 146, 211 | 3, 095, 541 | 80,663, 290 | 43, 121, 043 | 126, 878, 874 |
| 1944 | 41 | 21,900 | 27, 865, 543 | $3,159,409$ | $66,948,167$ | 46, 599, 735 | 116, 707, 311 |
| 1945 | 41 | 21,646 | 28, 020, 333 | 3,027.647 | $66,528,980$ | $45,126,175$ | 114,682, 802 |
| 1946 | 41 | 20,662 | 29, 090, 343 | $2,859,753$ | $62,495,630$ | 44, 473, 067 | $109,828,450$ |
| 1947 | 45 | 24, 089 | 35, 444, 413 | 3,212,283 | $99,599,159$ | $55.460,989$ | $158,272,431$ |
| 1948 | 47 | 24, 813 | 45, 955, 981 | 3,638,827 | 119,738,802 | 80, 069,272 | 203, 446, 801 |
| 1949 | 53 | 25, 178 | 49,363,696 | $3,626,212$ | $124,685,279$ | 83, 073, 026 | 211, 384, 517 |
| 1950 | 51 | 26, 967 | $55.220,043$ | 4, 238, 517 | 157, 835, 813 | 95, 309, 562 | 257, 383, 892 |
| 1951 | 54 | 27,632 | 5 8,734, 833 | 4, 049, 203 | $172,443,466$ | 97. 158, 451 | 273, 65 1, 120 |
| 1952 | 57 | 22,969 | $53,705,770$ | 3,952, 725 | $143,584,722$ | 78, 954, 978 | 226, 492, 425 |
| 1953 | 54 | 23. 178 | 55,036,540 | 3,977,209 | 132,917,545 | $73,326,204^{2}$ | 210, 220, 958 |
| 1954 ................. | 50 | 19,865 | 49, 447, 295 | $3,719,258$ | 119, 204, 720 | 70, 729, 737 | 194, 691, 131 |
| 1955 | 50 | 21.537 | 56, 411, 050 | 4, 083,766 | 149.561,429 | 77. 291.220 | 229,684, 041 |
| 1956 | 50 | 21,939 | 59, 458, 812 | 4, 224,024 | 144, 017,345 | 87,365,325 | 236, 360, 054 |
| 1957 | 50 | 21, 095 | 57, 180, 924 | 4, 461,061 | 129,817,598 |  | 218, 732, 173 |
| 1958 | 48 | 19, 434 | $53,514,574$ | 4, 422, 251 | 124, 740, 866 | 79, 580, 664 | 210, 291,534 |
| 1959 | 46 | 18. 204 | 53, 313,482 | 4, 285,497 | 129,837.403 | $83,808,549$ | $217,912,730$ |
| 1960 ....e. | 42 | 16,841 | 53, 287, 430 | 4, 161,082 | 121, 345,889 | $86,150,102$ | 209,502,785 |

Basis: Revised Standard Industrial Classification and New Establishment Concept ${ }^{4}$

|  |  | ber |  |  | dollars |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1957 | 49 | 21,095 | 57, 180, 924 | 4, 461.061 | 129, 817, 598 |  | 219,425,305 |
| 1958 | 47 | 19, 434 | $53,514,574$ | 4,422,251 | $124,740,866$ | $80,300,478$ | 211, 035,052 |
| 1858 | 45 | 18. 204 | 53, 313,482 | 4, 285,487 | 129,837, 403 | 83, 831,001 | 218,609, 527 |
| Canada | 41 | 16,841 | 53,287, 430 | 4.161,082 | 121, 345,889 | 87, 094, 684 | 210, 039, 839 |
| Quebec | 20 | 12. 155 | 39, 177, 217 | 3,041,958 | 90,395,991 | 60, 893, 116 | $153,701,201$ |
| Ontario ......................... | 19 | 4,686 | 14, 110, 213 | 1.119, 124 | 30, 949, 898 | 26, 201, 568 | $56,338,638$ |
| Canada | 39 | 17,384 | 55, 799, 803 | 4, 440,661 | 136,226,684 | $96.215,791$ | 236,711, 105 |
| Quebec | 20 | 12,837 | 42, 317,902 | 3,344, 152 | 102,369,889 | $72,530,542$ | 178,555,857 |
| Ontario ......................... | 17 | ] 4.547 | 13, 481,801 | 1, 096, 509 | 33, 856, 795 | 23, 685, 249 | 58, 155,248 |

[^1]TABLE 2. Inventories. ${ }^{1} 1961$

|  | Raw materials and supplies | Goods in process | Finished goods of own manufacture | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | dollars |  |  |  |
| Opening: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Quebec | 8,746,880 | 10,255, 183 | 23, 005, 392 | 42,007, 455 |
| Ontario Other provinces | 4, 323,063 | 2,909,779 | 6,272,435 | 13,505, 277 |
| Canada | 13, 069, 943 | 13,164,962 | 29,277, 827 | 55,512, 732 |
| Closing: | 9,610,799 | 10, 270,917 |  |  |
| Quebec ................................................................................................ |  | 2. 925.917 |  |  |
| Other provinces ............................................................................. | 4,850, 381 | 2,925, 390 | 6,740,129 | 14,515,900 |
| Canada | 14, 461, 180 | 13, 196, 307 | 29,418,513 | 57, 076, 000 |

${ }^{1}$ Book value of all manufacturing inventories held at plant and plant warehouses.
${ }^{2}$ The opening inventory for 1961 differs from the closing inventory for 1960 because of the receipt of revised data, the inclusion of new establishments, the removal of figures for establishments which did not operate in 1961, changes in classification, and the implementation of the New Establishment Concept.

TABLE 3. Factory Shipments, 1961


TABLE 3. Factory Shipments, 1961 - Concluded

| Principal products |  | Quantity | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \$ |
| Wrapping twine | 1 b. |  |  |
| Other twines, lines, rope and cordage |  | 4,984,715 | 3,976,483 |
| Cotton waste sold | . | 23,928,666 | 2, 132,076 |
| All other products |  |  | 4,019,021 |
| Custom-processing receipts |  |  | 641.157 |
| Total value of shipments |  |  | 236, 827, 642 |
| Less adjustment for value of sales taxes, excise dutles and outward transportation charges which were not deducted from individual commodity items detailed above $\qquad$ |  |  | 116.537 |
|  |  |  | 236, 711, 105 |

[^2]${ }^{3}$ See footnote 2, Table 5 .

TABLE 4. Shipments of Broadwoven Cotton Fabrics, by all Industries, 1961

| Item | Quantity | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Square yards | \$ |
| Grey ...... | 271, 181,517 | 57, 180, 157 |
| Bleached | 33, 494, 863 | 10, 372, 338 |
| Piece dyed............. | 74, 355, 025 | 28,535, 716 |
| Yarn and stock dyed | 105, 515, 039 | 32,620,974 |
| Gross shipments | 484,546, 444 | 128, 709, 185 |

TABLE 5. Breakdown, by Construction, of Broadw oven Cotton Fabric Shipments, by all Industries, 1961*

| Item | Square yards | Item | Square yards |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Corduroy | 3,717,034 | 12. Denim | 3 |
| 2. Bedsheeting | \} $11,346,023$ | 13. Flannels and flannelettes (napped)... | 3 |
| 3. Plllow cotton | 11,346,023 | 14. Cottonade, pants coverts .................. |  |
| 4. Towelling ${ }^{2}$......................................... | 9.550, 993 | 15. Yarn dyed ticking .............................. |  |
| 5. Fine yarn fabrics (chiefly combed) ..... | $9.550,993$ | 16. Other yarn dyed |  |
| 6. Broadcloth carded <br> 7. Print cloth types | $10,688,892$ | 17. Drapery and slip cover fabrics <br> 18. Upholstery fabrics. | 185,926,60 |
| 8. Ounce ducks ......................................... | 9,847,480 | 19. Tobacco and cheese cloth ................. |  |
| 9. All other ducks and allied fabrics....... | 9,992,560 | 20. Other carded yarn fabrics ................... |  |
| 10. Coarse goods and industrial sheetings | $51,445,397$ |  |  |
| 11. Drills and twills .................................. | $30,633,496$ | Net shipments ............................... | $323,148,484$ |

[^3]TABLE 6. Net shipments of Broadwoven Cotton Fabrics, 1954-1960

|  | Net shloments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Original shipments | Revised shipments ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ |
|  | linear yards |  |
| 1954 | 249, 844, 750 | 264, 247, 535 |
| 1955 | 297.307.315 | 313,090,377 |
| 1956 | 294,933,890 | 311,937,636 |
| 1957 | 280, 741, 081 | 299, 896, 241 |
| 1958 | 263,887,968 | 283,426, 662 |
| 1959 | 255,650,722 | 273, 093, 291 |
| 1960 | 246, 619, 138 | 260, 748, 715 |

[^4]TABLE 7. Total Yarns Spun, 1961

|  | Pounds |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 20's | 20's to 39's | 40's and finer |
| All cotton | 86,410,013 | 57, 405, 356 | $6,405,916$ |
| All other | 4,505,836 | 855,551 | 11,640 |
| Totals | 90, 915,848 | $58,260,907$ | 6.417,556 |

Note: Includes yarn spun for sale as given in Table 3, and yarn spun for use in the establishment reporting, or as custom work.

TABLE 8. Materials Used, 1961

| Principal materials |  | Quantity | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \$ |
| Fibres: |  |  |  |
| Cotton raw ... | 1b. | 172, 430,847 | 45,965, 283 |
| Wotton weste raw, wool-tops, waste, etc | " | 9,821, 155 | 1, 823, 376 |
| Wool, raw, wool-tops, waste, etc Rayon staple fibre...................... | . | 654,196 $1.662,532$ | 815,753 469,505 |
| All other fibres | " | 2, 054,690 | 826, 766 |
| Yarns, Canadian, not made by plant reporting: <br> All cotton: |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Coloured | " | $2,811,374$ 4,315 | $7,032,835$ 4,081 |
| Bleached | $\because$ | 171,806 | 138,985 |
| Mercerized | * | 36,369 | 45,125 |
| Cotton and wool mixed: |  |  |  |
| Grey ......................... |  |  | 18,794,520 |
| Synthetic (continuous filament). | 1b. | 24,198,416 | 18,794,520 |
| Spun rayon (including spun rayon mixtures) | 1 | 239, 756 | 185,049 |
| Lurex ..................................... | 1 | 1, 461 | 8,246 |
| Other ...................................................................................................... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 123, 051 | 225,002 |
| Yarns, imported: |  |  |  |
| Grey cotton <br> Bleached, mercerized and coloured cotton |  | 2.911.155 |  |
|  |  | 2,021,175 |
| Synthetic (continuous filament) ............................................................. |  |  | J 2.911.155 |
| Other yarns ............................................................................................... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |

TABLE 8. Materials Used, 1961 - Concluded

| Principal materials | Quantity | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$ |
| Fabrics, Canadian, not made by plant reporting: <br> All cotton, grey $\qquad$ |  |  |
| Other ........................................................................................................................................ sd. | 161,397, 960 | 29,827, 753 |
|  | .. | 927, 019 |
| Fabrics, imported: <br> All cotton |  |  |
| Other ....................................................................................................................................................................... | 26,473,187 | 6,074,857 |
| Other | , | 29,620 |
| Thread: |  |  |
| Cotton <br> Other $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29,076 \\ & 69,468 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 44,446 \\ 190,312 \end{array}$ |
| Starch and sizing materials ............................................................ 1 l . | 11,633,933 | 1,341,580 |
| Chemicals, dyestuffs and oils | $\ldots$ | 6,341,077 |
| Spools, tubes and cones of paper | ... | 468, 180 |
| All other materials and supplies | ... | 2,085, $313^{1}$ |
| Processing and finishing by other mills | ... | 912,817 |
| Packing and shipping materials | . . | 2. 139,909 |
| Operating, maintenance and repair supplies | $\ldots$ | 7.488, 100 |
| Total | . . | 136, 226, 684 |

[^5]
## TABLE 9. Factory Shipments of Blankets, Baby Blankets and Auto Rugs, by All Industries, $1961{ }^{\text {p }}$

|  | Wool |  | Other |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
|  | No. | \$ | NO. | \$ |
| Blankets: ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Fancy coloured and white blankets, satin bound, including all coverlets, throws etc. $\qquad$ | 135,143 | 1,040,739 | 1,241,205 | 3,791, 290 |
| White blankets, whipped ends ................................. | 16,527 | 127,361 | 17.731 | 86,784 |
| Grey blankets, whipped ends ................................ | 30, 012 | 117,641 | 67.416 | 180, 151 |
| Other coloured blankets, whipped ends ................. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
|  |  |  | Wool and other |  |
|  |  |  | No. | \$ |
| All other blankets, including shells for electric blankets |  |  | 415,035 | 2,041,211 |
| Baby blankets |  |  | 1,917,778 | 1,536,648 |
| Auto rugs |  |  | 41,539 | 221,441 |
| Total shipments |  |  | - . | $9,143,266$ |

[^6]TABLE 10. Total Canadian Factory Shipments of Cotton Broadwoven Fabrics, ${ }^{2}$ 1955-61


[^7]TABLE 11. Employees and their Earnings, by Provinces, 1960 and 1961

${ }^{8}$ Based on the revised 1980 Standard Industrial Classification without revisions for the New Establishment Concept.

TABLE 12. Production Workers by Months, 1961

| Month | Male | Female |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |
| January | 9.732 | 4,284 |
| February | 9,759 | 4,355 |
| March .... | 9,813 | 4,344 |
| April | 9,815 | 4,392 |
| May . | 9,840 | 4,467 |
| June. | 9,900 | 4.476 |
| July | 9,939 | 4,428 |
| August | 10, 168 | 4,700 |
| September | 10.462 | 4,860 |
| October .- | 10. 513 | 4,818 |
| November | 10,589 | 4,902 |
| December | 10,250 | 4,674 |
| Monthly average ${ }^{1}$ | 10,067 | 4,568 |

${ }^{1}$ The monthly detall of production workers was not collected from small establishments. Annual averages reported by these establishments were included in each month's total.

TABLE 13. Principal Statistics, grouped according to Size of Establishments, 1960 and 1961

| Slze of shipments | Estab-Iishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost of fuel and electricity | Cost of materials used | Value of shipments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  | dollars |  |  |  |
| $1980^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under \$25,000 $\quad$............. | 1 | 21 | 31,500 | 2,400 | 45,000 | 92, 843 |
| - 50,000- 99,999 | 1 | 21 | 31,500 | 2,400 | 45,000 | 82,843 |
| 100,000- 199,999 ........................ | 1 | 347 | 988,984 | 40.733 | 1,636,648 | 3,077, 622 |
| 500,000- 999,999 | 4 | 4 47 | -988,984 | 40.733 | 1,636,648 | 3,07, 622 |
| 1,000,000-4,999,999 ......................... | 21 | 4,434 | 13,290, 812 | 1,080, 298 | 28,301, 814 | 53,251,906 |
| 5,000,000 and over | 13 | 11.292 | 34,754,510 | 3,037,651 | 91, 362,427 | 153, 080,414 |
| Head offices |  | 747 | 4,221,624 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 42 | 16,841 | 53, 287, 430 | 4,161,082 | 121,345,889 | 209, 502,785 |

[^8]TABLE 13. Principal Statistics, grouped according to Size of Establishments, 1960 and 1961 - Concluded


TABLE 14. Principal Statistics, classified according to Type of Ownership, 1960 and 1961

| Type of ownership | Estab-lishments | $\begin{gathered} \text { Em- } \\ \text { ployees } \end{gathered}$ | Salaries and wages | Cost at factory of fuel and electricity | Cost of materials used | Value of shipments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1960^{8}$ | number |  | dollars |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individual ownership ................................ | 223842 | 2416,817 | 48,585 | 2,400 | 909,395 | 1,115,288 |
| Parthership ............................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Incorporsted companies .......................... |  |  | $53,238,845$ | 4,158,682 | 120,436,494 | 208,387,497 |
| Totals |  | 16,841 | $53,287,430$ | 4,161,082 | 121,345,888 | 209,502,785 |
| 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individual ownership ............................... | 2 | 21 | 31,612 | 2,275 | 42.000 | 96.888 |
| Partnership ............................................... | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Incorporated companies .-......................... | 36 | 17,363 | $53,768,191$ | 4,438,386 | 136, 184, 684 | 236,614,217 |
| Totals ............................................... | 39 | 17,384 | 55,799, 803 | 4,440,661 | 136,226, 684 | 236,711, 105 |

${ }^{2}$ Based on the revised 1960 Standard Industrial Classification without revisions for the New Establishment Concept.

TABLE 15. Principal Statistics, grouped by Number of Employees, 1960 and 1961

| Group size | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salarles and wages | Cost of <br> fuel and <br> electricity | Cost of materials used | Value of shipments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1960^{1}$ | number |  | dollass |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 5 employees | 2 | 24 | 48,585 | 2.400 | 909,395 | 1,115,288 |
| 15\% $5^{\prime \prime}$ | 3 | 97 | 296, 521 | 36,704 | 1,777,102 | 2,570,980 |
| 50 "\% $99 \%$ | 5 | 367 | 1.037.137 | 50,473 | 3.100, 767 | 4,973,415 |
| $100^{\prime \prime} 199^{\circ \prime}$ | 6 | 750 | 2,328, 026 | 300,224 | 7,407.911 | 11, 323, 274 |
| $200^{\prime \prime} 499$ " | 13 | 4, 260 | 12,485, 235 | 909.724 | 24, 450,511 | 47, 722, 022 |
| $500{ }^{\prime \prime} 999$ " | 7 | 4,858 | 15.101,320 | 1,305,927 | 35, 045,814 | 60, 984, 015 |
| 1,000 and over | 4 | 5.738 | 17.758.976 | 1.555,630 | 48,654,389 | 80.813,791 |
| Head offices | ... | 747 | 4,221,624 | ... | ... |  |
| Totals | 42 | 16,841 | 53,287, 424 | 4.161, 082 | 121,345,889 | 209, 502,785 |
| 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 5 emplorees $\qquad$ <br> 5 to 14 $\qquad$ | $\frac{1}{3}$ | 24 | 48,318 | 2,275 | 662.680 | 891,446 |
| 15 " 49 ". .......................................... | 3 | 96 | 304,671 | 44,967 | 1,697,860 | 2,507,853 |
| $50^{\circ \prime} 99 \%$ | 3 | 224 | 650,995 | 23,926 | 1,707,028 | 3,095,125 |
| $100^{\circ \prime} 199^{\circ \prime}$ | 6 | 859 | 2,435, 689 | 313,662 | 9, 024,770 | 13,204, 102 |
| 200 "499 49 | 12 | 4. 225 | 12.228,859 | 880.734 | 26,817.789 | 48.688, 891 |
| $500^{\prime \prime} 999{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 7 | 5.128 | 16,374,566 | 1,400,384 | 40,878,084 | 70,650,079 |
| 1,000 and over | 4 | 6. 069 | 19.316, 765 | 1.774.713 | 55, 438,473 | 97,673,609 |
| Head offices | -.. | 759 | 4,439,940 | -... | -.. | -... |
| Totals | 39 | 17,384 | 55,799,803 | 4,440,661 | 136,226,684 | 236, 711, 105 |

[^9]TABLE 16. Machinery, Equipment and Spinning Hours, 1961

|  | Number |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cards in place. | 3,927 |  |
| Combers ........................................................................................................................................... | 106 |  |
| Spindles in place: |  |  |
| Spinning (frame) | 780.942 |  |
| Twisting and doubling | 106, 131 |  |
| Bralders ...................... |  |  |
|  | Automatic | Nonautomatic |
|  |  | ber |
| Looms in place: |  |  |
| From 28 to 32 inches wide | 283 | - |
| \% 33 to 36 . | 20 | - |
| " 37 to 41 " | 3,814 | 1 |
| - 42 to 46 " | 3,412 | - |
| - 47 to 68 " | 3. 168 | 13 |
| .1 69 to 90 it if ................................................................................................... | 1,537 | 34 |
| More than 90 "f .................................................................................................... | 411 | 11 |
| Total looms in place | 12,645 | 58 |
| Narrow fabric looms | 255 | 41 |
| Jacquard machines in place on above looms | 310 | 8 |
| Dobbies in place on above looms | 918 | - |
|  | Number |  |
| Possible spinning spindle hours for the year, estimated on a normal single shift basis: Frame $\qquad$ | 1.525,805,739 |  |
| Actual spinning spindle hours during the year: Frame ............................................................. | 3,663,022,073 |  |

TABLE 17. Fuel and Electricity, 1961

| Kind | Quantity | Cost at plant |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$ |
| 1. Establishments reporting commodity detail: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| Bituminous coal: |  |  |
| (a) From Canadian mines ......................................................... ${ }^{\text {a }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 95,035 | 1.041.993 |
| (b) Imported | 14,814 | 158,469 |
| Anthracite coal | 5,666 | 63, 147 |
| Gasoline (including gasoline used in cars and trucks)................. Imp. gal. | 12,492 | 5,442 |
| Fuel ofl including kerosene or coal oll | 6,598,260 | 495, 156 |
| Gas (a) Liquefled petroleum gases | 184, 023 | 45,329 |
| (b) Natural gas ................................................................ M. cu. ft. | 344 | 644 |
| Other fuel. | ... | 369 |
| Electricity purchased ................................................................ kwh. | 365, 310, 347 | 2, 439, 044 |
| Steam purchased ....................................................................... pound | 151,521,899 | 184, 293 |
| 2. Estimate for establishments for which no data were collected: ${ }^{\mathbf{3}}$ |  |  |
| Cost of fuel and electricity ............................................... | . . | 6.775 |
| 3. All establishments: |  |  |
| Total cost of fuel and electricity | . | 4,440,661 |

[^10]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ To arrive at the National Accounts concept of "gross domestic product at factor cost", it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of advertising, insurance and other business costs which are not collected in the annual Census of Manufactures. Value added figures for the primary industries, manufacturing and construction are published in D.B.S. publication 61-202. Survey of Production.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ Figures up to and including 1952 represent the value of production.
    ${ }^{2}$ Includes oilcloths and linoleums.

    - Because of insufficient inventory data in 1953, this figure has been calculated from value of factory shipments and is, therefore, only approximate to true "Value added by manufacture".
    *The implementation of a new definition of the establishment (reporting unit) in the 1961 Census of Manufactures has resulted in certain changes and necessitated some adjustments to the statistics. In order to maintain comparability of the principal statistics for recent years, the necessary adjustments were applied to the data back to 1957. (See also Explanatory Notes).
    ${ }^{5}$ Other provinces include: Nova Scotia, 1 establishment; New Brunswick, 1 establishment.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ It should be noted that in 1961 a total of $161,397,960$ square yards of grey cotton went to other mills for further processing.

    2Included in "Other woven goods".

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes grey, bleached, printed and painted, plece dyed and stock dyed fabrics less duplicating figures of $161,397,960$ square yards. See table 4.
    ${ }^{2}$ In addition to the towelling reported under Broadwoven Fabrics, shipments of other towelling were reported under "Other woven goods". Total factory shipments of towelling were $6,540,756$ yards.
    ${ }^{3}$ Included in all other total of $185,926,609$ square yaras.
    4 Of this total $26,473,187$ square yards were produced from imported cotton fabrics.

[^4]:    1 The net shipment ligures have been revised upwards as a result of amending information received. As stated in the report preface, these revisions apply to the industry data.

[^5]:    ${ }^{2}$ No detailed information on materials used was collected from small establishments. The total estimated value of materials used by these establishments was $\$ 103,000$ and this amount has been included in "all other materials".

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ Excluding flannelette (all cotton) sheets, all types.
    ${ }^{2}$ Included in "All other blankets".

[^7]:    ${ }^{2}$ The yam and stock dyed and the printed and painted series, previously shown in this table, have been discontinued since the data are confidential from 1955 onwards.
    ${ }^{2}$ Linear yardage 1955-60 inclusive: square yardage, 1961.
    ' Figures are confidential.

[^8]:    ${ }^{2}$ Based on the revised 1960 standard Industrial Classification without revisions for the New Establishment Concept.

[^9]:    ${ }^{2}$ Based on the revised 1960 Standard Industrial Classification without revisions for the New Establishment Concept.

[^10]:    ${ }^{2}$ Large establishments
    ${ }^{2}$ Small establishments

