



# TEXTILE DYEING AND FINISHING PLANTS 1965

# ANNUAL CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES

Published by Authority of
The Minister of Trade and Commerce

## DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division

June 1967 6506-614 Price: 50 cents

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34 - 219	Miscellaneous Clothing Industries	A A ≀	.50	
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#### TEXTILE DYEING AND FINISHING PLANTS

#### 1965

In terms of both the revised Standard Industrial Classification and the New Establishment Concept, this industry is defined as comprising those "Establishments primarily engaged in custom dyeing and finishing of woollen and worsted goods, cotton and linen goods, silk and synthetic goods. This industry also includes establishments primarily engaged in cloth sponging and miscellaneous special finishing of textiles on a custom basis".

Tables 12 and 13, respectively, of this report, show in detail the materials and supplies used and shipments, including the value of work performed for others. It will be noted from Table 13 that, although most of the establishments classified to this industry operate solely on a custom basis, there are some which also purchase cloth on their own account; dye or finish this cloth; and then ship the finished cloth as goods of their own manufacture. This accounts for the amounts of \$1,999,000 and \$1,759,000 respectively, for both 1964 and 1965 shown in this table under the heading of "Shipments of own manufacture".

A list of establishments classified to this industry in the 1965 survey will be found at the end of this report.

#### SYMBOLS

The following standard symbols are used in Dominion Bureau of Statistics publications:

- .. figures not available.
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable.
- nil or zero.
- amount too small to be expressed.
- P preliminary figures.
- r revised figures.
- ${\bf x}$  confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics Act.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, 1961-65

	-			Man	ufacturing	activity				т	ctal activ	rity	
Year and	Estab-		duction a ited work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments			owners artners	Emp	loyees	
province	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	Value added
	No.		'000	***************************************		\$'000				\$.000	<b></b>	8.0	00
1961													
Totals	54	1,623	3, 739	5, 240	821	5,615	18,520	12,054	16	66	1,984	7, 394	12,021
1962							Baggaratinin						
Totals,	58	1. 765	4, 142	5,830	863	6,912	23,317	15, 569	13	67	2, 125	7,943	15, 514
			·				Column Para Carlo						·
1963					-	- Paragraphic -							
Totals	59	1,834	4,314	6,511	902	8,077	25, 370	16,452	9	55	2, 191	8.701	16,444
1964					A constitution of the cons								
Newfoundland				_		_	_		-	_	. ***	***	
Prince Edward Island	-				-	_			_			-	-
Nova Scotia	*****		-	-	-	_		_	_	-	-	_	_
New Brunswick		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Quebec	40	1.629	3,693	5,698	824	6, 161	21.755	14,634	3	21	1.950	7,714	14,588
Ontario	22	1									and the same of th		
Manitoba	_									24 CANCEL TO THE PERSON OF THE	-		
Saskatchewan		456	1.041	1.520	181	2,601	6.269	3,510	6	26	515	1.966	3,503
Alberta			Activities and construction and construc				AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER						
British Columbia	1	Į)					***************************************	***************************************					
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-	-	-	-	-	-		_	_	-	_	-	-
Totals	63	2, 085	4.793	7, 218	1,004	8,761	28,023	18, 144	9	47	2, 465	9.680	18.092
1965													
Newfoundland	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	_	-	_	-	-
Prince Edward Island	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	_	-	_	-	-
Nova Scotia	-	_		-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	_
New Brunswick	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	. –		-	-
Quebec	43	1,683	3,811	6, 127	895	7,686	24.639	15.897	4.	31	1,993	8.476	15.879
Ontario	19	h			State of the state								
Manitoba	1				***************************************								
Saskatchewan	-	437	1,033	1,569	178	2,513	6, 205	3,511	5	22	495	2,057	3,536
Alberta	-			-	-								
British Columbia,	1	V			Market Co.								
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Totals	64	2, 120	4.844	7,696	1,073	10, 381	30,844	19, 409	9	53	2,488	10, 533	19,414

TABLE 2, Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Value of Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1964 and 1965

				Man	ufacturing	activity				т	otal activ	ity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		duction a sted work		Cost of	Cost of materials	Value of shipments of goods	Value	Working and pa		Empl	oyees	Value
		Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and aupplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		,000		***************************************	\$'000	***************************************	***************************************		\$'000	************	\$'(	000
1964													
Under \$10,000 \$ 10,000 to \$ 24,899 25,000 '' 49,999 50,000 '' 99,999 100,000 '' 199,999 200,000 '' 499,999 1,000,000 '' 4,999,999 1,000,000 '' 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units	3 5 12 15 15 15 4 9	7 8 123 258 373 148 1,169	17 17 253 538 791 375 2,744	20 21 330 775 1,162 563 4,348	3 37 59 179 57 669	8 42 194 272 1,653 921 5,672	51 152 823 2,112 4,738 2,397 17,752	43 107 592 1,781 2,919 1,412 11,269	1 3 5	5 13 30	9 12 134 311 431 165 1,403	23 39 382 1,098 1,674 693 5,772 -	43 107 592 1,773 2,919 1,403 11,255
100*					·		·	_			,		
1965 Under \$10,000 \$ 10,000 to \$ 24,999 25,000 '' 49,999 100,000 '' 99,999 200,000 '' 499,999 500,000 '' 499,999 1,000,000 '' 4,99,999 5,000,000 '' 4,99,999 1,000,000 and over Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units	3 8 9 13 16 5 10	8 41 84 205 412 229 1,141	17 85 183 429 896 568 2,664	24 112 244 629 1,398 893 4,396	5 48 35 189 63 733	111 777 188 282 1,409 1,396 7,018	59 305 680 1,799 4,710 3,256 20,032	48 224 444 1,482 3,115 1,808 12,288	4	13 23 18 - - - -	11. 46 97 251 464 4247 1,372	36 130 291 921 1,844 1,080 6,232	48 324 4479 1,479 3,133 1,805 12,278
Totals	64	2,120	4,844	7, 698	1,073	10,381	30,844	19,409	9	53	2,488	10,533	19,414

TABLE 3. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Manufacturing Value Added, 1964 and 1965

				Man	ufacturing	activity				ı	otal acti	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		duction sated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments of goods	Value		owners utners	Emp	loyees	Value
		Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	edded	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$'0	00
1964													
Under \$10,000	} 7	13	24	28	1	83	182	99	3	12	15	37	99
\$ 10.000 to \$ 24.999 25.000 '' 49.999 50.000 '' 99.999 100.000 '' 199.999 200.000 '' 499.999 5.00.000 '' 999.999 1,000.000 '' 4,999.999 5.000.000 and over Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units	6 12 21 7 4 6	36 142 362 295 308 931	77 294 765 648 761 2,165	100 389 1.140 941 1,118 3,503	22 38 140 126 120 557	89 562 1,451 843 1,909 3,825	321 1,420 4,583 3,176 4,826 13,515	210 821 3,009 2,200 2,802 9,005	3 3	16 20 - - - - -	46 156 435 338 339 1,136	141 479 1,617 1,341 1,348 4,717	210 820 2,995 2,198 2,793 8,978
Totals	63	2,083	4, 735	7,218	1,004	8,761	28,023	18,144	9	47	2,465	9,680	18,092
1965 Under \$10,000													
10,000 to \$ 24,999	} 7 8 12 18 10 } 9	19 52 153 355 393 1,146	40 111 323 777 879 2,713	50 151 451 1,178 1,344 4,522	5 23 46 137 131 731	108 88 352 1,897 3,010 4,928	224 397 1,291 4,839 6,501 17,591	113 286 892 2,806 3,328 11,983	3 3 3	17 19 17 - - -	24 62 170 418 452 1,362	67 189 573 1,562 1,907 6,215	117 286 891 2,795 3,348 11,978
Totals	64	2,120	4,844	7,696	1,073	10,381	30,844	19,409	9	53	2,488	10,533	19,414

TABLE 4. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Total Value Added, 1964 and 1965

				Man	ufacturing	activity				T	otal activ	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish-		duction a sted work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments	Value	Working and pe	owners irtners	Emp	loyces	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	fuel and olec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Saluries and wages	Value added
	No.		'000	**************************************	Rossoc residence - a- a- arrival	\$'000	Server, home o ago, a con retrans communicación			\$,000		\$*(	00
1964	:	- Contraction of the Contraction					1						
Under \$10,000	7 6 133 20 7 4 6 6 3	36 158 346 295 308 931	24 77 338 730 648 761 0,165	28 100 1,082 941 1,116 3,503	1 22 38 140 126 120 557	83 89 575 1,438 843 1,909 9,825	182 321 1,537 4,467 3,176 4,828 	99 210 923 2,906 2,200 2,802 9,005	3 3 3 9	12 16 20 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	15 46 175 416 338 339 -1,136	37 141 554 1,541 1,348 1,348 4,717	99 310 920 2,895 2,198 2,793 8,678
1965							over the same same same same same same same sam					vertere acceptabilities	
Under \$10,000 \$ 10,000 to \$ 24,999 25,000 '' 49,999 50,000 '' 99,999 100,000 '' 199,999 200,000 '' 499,999 500,000 '' 499,999 1,000,000 '' 4,999,999 5,000,000 '' 4,999,999 Head offices, sales offices and suxiliary units	8 12 180 10 0 · · ·	19 52 153 355 393 1,148	40 111 923 777 879 2,713	50 151 451 1,178 1,344 4,522	5 23 46 137 131 731	106 88 352 1,897 3,010 4,928	224 397 1,281 4,839 6,301 17,591	266 892 2,806 3,328 11,983	3 3 3	17 19 17	24 62 170 418 452 1,362	67 189 573 1,582 1,907 6,215	286 891 2,795 3,348 11,978
Totals	64	2, 120	4,844	7,696	1,073	10,381	30,844	19,409	9	53	2,488	10,533	19,414

TABLE 5. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Total Employed, 1964 and 1965

•				Mar	ufacturing	activity			- Constitution of the Cons	7	Cotal acti	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		oduction a ated work		Cost of fuel and	Cost of	Value of shipments	Value		owners	Emp	loyees	****
	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	Value added
	No.		,000	**************************************		\$'000	L.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		ļ	\$'000	<b></b>	\$'0	00
1964									A Table				
Under 5 cmployed	9 17 25 6 6	15 130 555 448 937	33 287 1,174 1,039 2,201	40 410 1,712 1,617 3,438	3 57 309 166 569	91 1,480 1,328 1,863 4,000	277 2,978 5,382 5,839 13,567	184 1.435 3.839 3.821 8.865	36	12 35	21 156 657 488 1,143	61 573 2.418 1,938 4,690	184 1,429 3,831 3,805 8,842
Totals	63	2,083	4,735	7,218	1,004	8,761	28,023	18, 144	9	47	2,465	9,680	18,093
1985													
Under 5 employed	\$ 22 23 7 7 -	10 168 510 429 1,005	20 375 1,096 1,014 2,339	27 530 1,688 1,498 3,952	69 174 154 671	213 1,948 1,882 1,864 4,474	335 3,715 5,684 5,343 15,767	115 1.698 3.613 3.339 10,643	7 -	5 49 - -	201 599 463 1,211	51 793 2,289 1,848 5,553	118 1,691 3,697 3,325 10,644
Head offices, sales offices and auxillary units		*,.	•••	•••		***	•••		• • •			***	•••
Totals	64	2, 120	4,844	7,696	1,073	10, 381	30,844	19,409	9	53	2,488	10,533	19,414

TABLE 6. Principal Statistics classified by Type of Organization, 1964 and 1965

				Man	ufacturing	activity					rotal act	ivity	
Type of organization	Estab-		oduction ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments			owners artners	Emp	oyees	
-	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	Value added
to the second se	No.		'000		Remonstration of the second	\$,000	<u> </u>	\$		\$'000		\$'0	00
1964	1												
Individual ownerships	] 11	63	137	196	15	400	200					222	***
Partnerships		. 03	131	199	13	480	998	503	9	47	69	221	502
Incorporated companies	52	2,022	4,597	7,022	990	8,281	27,025	17,640	<b>.</b>	l	2.396	9,459	17.589
Co-operatives						_					-		i,
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units		4	• • •				• • •						***
Totals	63	2, 085	4,735	7,218	1.004	8,761	28, 023	18, 144	9	47	2,465	9, 680	18, 092
1965										ere con a			
Individual ownerships	) 9	68	148	210	19	435	917	463	9	53	70	223	465
Partnerships	)									OKA MANANA M			
Incorporated companies	55	2.052	4,696	7.486	1,054	9,946	29,927	18,946			2.418	10,311	18,949
Co-operatives	-										***		****
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units					***	•••			* * *		• • •	1 * •	
Totals	64	2, 120	4, 844	7,696	1,073	10, 381	30,844	19,409	9	53	2,488	10,533	19,414

TABLE 7. Calculation of Output, Input and Value Added, 1964 and 1965

-	Manufac activ		Non-manu activ			tel vity
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
THE CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE	U. T. C.	riccia como es resperante que trans esca e a que en en esca e que en esca e que en esca e que en esca e que esca e que en en en esca e que en	s'(	000		
Output	1	1				
1. Shipments and other revenue	28,023	30.844	934	1,420	.28.957	32,264
Inventories - Goods of own manufacture:						
Add closing — Goods in process	195	190	***	***	195	190
Finished goods	85	83			85	83
Deduct opening - Goods in process	291	169	• • •	• • •	291	169
Finished goods	103	85		***	103	85
2. Net inventory change	(114)	19	***	•••	(114)	19
3. Gross output (1 + 2)	27,909	30,863	934	1,420	28,843	32, 283
Input						
. Purchases of goods not of own manufacture			1, 057	1,255	1,057	1,255
Inventories - Goods not of own manufacture:	Ī					
Add opening	•••	•••	194	354	194	354
Deduct closing			354	291	354	291
. Cost of goods sold (not of own manufacture)	••• [	***	897	1,318	897	1.318
3. Materials, supplies, etc.	8,761	10.381	90	98	8,851	10,479
. Fuel and electricity	1,004	1,073	•••	•••	1,004	1,073
. Gross input (5 + 6 + 7)	9.765	11,454	987	1,416	10,752	12, 870
Value added (3 - 8)	18, 444	19.409	(53)	4	18.092	19, 414

TABLE 8. Employment and Payroll, 1964 and 1965

***************************************			.,	**************************************				************		***************************************	<u> </u>		***************************************		
					Emplo;	yees						Salari	es and wa	iges	
Year and	***************************************	Product related		500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000	Adm trát		Sal a	les nd	To	ıtal	Product		Admin-	Sales	100*404009*404+1079;;;;;;;;;;;
province	Manufa	cturing	0	ther	ando	office	distri	oution	. 4.466	-	related v	voikers	istra- tive and	and distri- bution	Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Pemale	Male	Pemale	Manufac- turing	Other	office	Outron	
					numt	)61						The state of the s	\$.000		Account and the control of
1964												1	1		
Newfoundland ,	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		1000
Prince Edward Island	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Nova Scotia	-	-	-	-		-	_		-	-	-	-	-		-
New Brunswick		-	-	-		-				-	_	-			•••
Quebec	1,372	257	<b>!</b> -	-	211	88	20	2	1,603	347	5,698	_	1.876	140	7.714
Ontario Manitoba	) <b>.</b>		·								-				
Saskatchewan	308	148	-	_	33	22	3	1	344	171	1,520	_	418	28	1.966
Alberta			l												
British Columbia															
Yukon and Northwest Terri-										1					
tories	-	-		_	***	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Totals	1,680	405	_		244	110	23	3	1,947	518	7,218	-	2,294	168	9, 680
1965		-													
Newfoundland	-	-	-				•			-		-	_	-	-
Prince Edward Island	-	-	-		_	-	***		-	_	_	-	-		_
Nova Scotia	-	_		-	-	_		-	-	-	-	-	_		_
New Brunswick		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-		_
Quebec	1,404	279	-	-	195	91	22	2	1,621	372	6,127	-	2, 208	142	8,476
Ontario	[]												1		
Manitoba															
Saskatchewan	290	147	-	-	32	22	3	1	325	170	1.569	-	462	26	2,057
Alberta													1		
British Columbia	)														
Yukon and Northwest Terri-												1			
tories	-	-	-	_	***	-		_		-		***	-		-
Totals	1,694	426			227	113	25	3	1,946	542	7.696	-	2.670	168	10, 533

TABLE 9. Production and Related Workers, - Manufacturing Activity, 1964 and 1965

Month	19	64	19	65
MURLD	Male	Female	Male	Pemale
		nun	ber	·
Establishments reporting monthly detail (large establishments only):		I	į .	
January	1,659	392	1,707	407
Pobruary	1,653	398	1,716	402
магсь домного принценей пр	1.663	403	1,731	411
April	1,668	401	1,717	403
мау ,, на принаментория на принаментория принаментория на принаментория	1.665	408	1,672	399
June польщения принценення в в в принценення в принцененн	1,706	425	1,792	410
July	1,696	413	1.708	403
August	1.716	424	1,731	436
September	1.688	409	1,684	457
October	1,686	398	1.662	461
November	1.673	406	1.634	461
Docember	1.653	371	1,602	446
Averages	1,680	405	1.694	426
Establishments reporting annual averages (small establishments only)	.,.			***
Average for all establishments	1.680	405	1,694	426

TABLE 10. Inventories, 1965

•		Manuta	cturing		Non- manufacturing	
Province	Materials, supplies, etc.	Goods in process	Finished goods of own manufacture	Total	Products or materials purchased for resale	Total inventories
Opening:			book valu	e <b>\$</b> '000		
Newfoundland		····	-	_		
Prince Edward Island			- i	NO.	-	
Nova Scotia New Brunswick	-	****	_	***	-	***
Quebec		-	- 1	_	-	
	723	130	17	870	244	1,114
Ontario						
Manitoba						
Saskatchewan	298	38	68	. 404	110	514
Alberta	.			•		
British Columbia	)					
Yukon and Northwest Territories			_		-	
Totals	1.021	169	85	1,274	354	1,628
Closing:						
Newfoundland			_	_		
Prince Edward Island					_	_
Nova Scotia				****		•••
New Brunswick		•	_	***	-	****
Quebec	776			***		****
Ontario	1 170	152	17	946	165	1,110
Manitoba						
Saskatchewan	321	20		106		
Alberta	[ 321	38	66	425	1.27	552
British Columbia						
Yukon and Northwest Territories	,		1			
LUBOH SHE MULHWOOL TUHINGIUS		***	-	***	~	
Totals ",,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,098	190	83	1,371	291	1,662

TABLE 11. Purchased Fuel and Electricity Used, 1964 and 1965

Description	196	14	196	5
Description	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
i. Large establishments reporting commodity detail:  Bituminous coal:  (a) Frôm Canadian mines ton  (b) Imported "  Sub-bituminous coal (from Alberta mines only) "  Anthracite coal "  Lignite coal "  Coke "  Gasoline (including gasoline used in cars and trucks) lonp, gal. Fuel oil including kerosene or coal oil "  Wood cord	709 - - - 89.586 6.427,142	\$'000 - 9 - - - 39 474 -	950   84,746 6,539,084	\$*000 - 6 - - - 37 492
Gas:  (a) Liquefied petroleum gases Imp. gal.  (b) Other manufactured gas Mcu. ft.  (c) Natural gas "  Other fuel Electricity purchased kwh.  Steam purchased kwh.  Steam purchased commodity detail:  Estimate for fuel and electricity	40,918 	21 - 79 - 293 113	60,898 - 93,889  20,695,125 	24  88  251 128
3. All establishments:  Total fuel and electricity used		1,004		1,073

TABLE 12. Materials and Supplies - Manufacturing Activity, 1964 and 1965

		. 1964		1 965	
Description		Quantity	Cest	Quantity	Cost
1. Materials used:			\$'000		\$'000
Analine and other dyes: Sulphur colours Direct colours Indirect colours Acid or basic colours Colours used in printing Other colours and dyes	pound	37,676 306,029 50,451 231,625 140,251 174,286	36 609 141 591 342 268	35,967 392,968 44,857 243,835 161,330 181,157	35 630 131 804 382 279
Cummon salt Clauber's salt Soda Ash Soda Ash Suaps Starch Other weighting materials Liguid ammonia	,, ,, ,,	3.093,335 749,657 301,747 261,065 68,548 44,363	37 29 11 78 12 49	3,326,042 773,607 707,889 269,267 125,608	38 27 28 76 24 21 12
Liquid chlorine- Gasoline and benzine Alcohol  Hydrogen peroxide Sulphuric acid 66, Bo Acetic acid	gallon prf. gal.	18,218, 7,500 4,582 556,286 113,623 577,863	- 4 2 1 119 5	7,116 683,028 112,642 382,686	19 2 147 5
Formic acid Muriatic acid Sulphonated oils Curbon tetrachloride Trisodium phosphate	** ** ** **	51,278 122,565 968,808 49,840 49,840	10 5 33 16 10	121,393 339,376 67,880 48,889 135,474	32 16 19 16 15
Naphtha Caustic soda Cther chemicals, not specified Rubbertzing materials Polyurethane and other foam		162,828 230,110 	35 17 1,439 167 903	283,520 405,950	61 27 2.319 169 008
All other materials and components used <sup>1</sup>			2,311	al deber in manual in a manua	2,937
2. Containers and other packaging materials and supplies used		* 1 *	298	* * *	330
3. Operating, maintenance and repair supplies used (excluding fuel)		· · ·	923	•••	908
4. Amount paid out to others for work done on materials owned by establishments		***	198	* * *	433
Totals	······································	* * *	8, 761		10,381

¹ No detailed information on materials used was collected from small establishments, the estimated costs for which are included here. These estimated costs were \$467.342 in 1904 and \$325,202 in 1965.

TABLE 13. Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1964 and 1965

		1964		1965	
Description	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Valuo	
1. Work done for others (custom work):  Dyeing and finishing of textile fabrics:  Rayon and rayon mixtures  Rayon and rayon mixtures  Cotton and cotton mixtures  Other fabrics  Dyeing and finishing of yaras:  Cotton  Cotton  Other  Printing and pointing on textile fabrics  Dyeing and tinishing of other products:  Hosiery  Other products  Rubbertzing, mercerizing and waterproofing of fabrics  Bleaching, sbrinking, sponging and brushing	26, 161, 312 15, 363, 639 23, 071, 653 4, 605, 188 258, 925 2, 324, 079 2, 213, 792 	\$'000 3,064 3,263 2,864 1,137 1,341 84 553 1,093 327 4,800 1,141 1,506 610	24, 069, 300 13,525, 313 28, 937, 473 4,325, 141 227, 610 1,998, 831 4,433,495 	\$*000 2,906 3,417 3,080 987 2,114 78 563 2,192 324 5,214 1,265 1,443 601 1,938	
Foam laminating of fabrics, all types	5,180,212	1,966 576	6.400.448	2,502 472	
2. Shipments of goods of own manufacture	***	1.999		1,759	
Less adjustment for value of sales taxes, excise duties and outward transportation charges which could not be deducted from individual commodity items described above	The state of the s	(20)		(13)	
Total adjusted value of shipments and work done	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	28, 023		30, 844	

#### List of Establishments classified to this Industry, 1963

(Does not include establishments classified to other industries, which as a secondary activity, manufacture products typical of this industry)

Name Location Quebec: 372 St. Catherine St. West, Montreal 1820 Parthenais St., Montreal 83-2nd Ave., Iberville Atlas Sponging Inc. B.M. Dycing Inc.
Canada Dye Works Ltd. Canada Dye Works Ltd.
Chemeeli (1963) Ltd. (Canadian Celanese Co. Div.)
City Spouging Inc.
Commercial Dyers and Bleachers Ltd.
Dominion Dyering and Printing Co. Ltd.
Deerlie Limited Valleyfield
372 St. Catherine St. West, Montreal
373 Louvein St. W., Montreal
374 Louvein St. W., Montreal
375 Hériot St., Drammondville
1101 - 8th Ave., Grand' Môre
1242 St.-Adélard St., Drammondville S.
2100 Victoria St., Lachine
387 Place de Louvin, Montreal
6901 Jeanne-Mance St., Montreal
6945D Côte de Liesse, Rd., St. Laurent
10 Ontario St. W., Montreal
1244 St. Laurent, Montreal
1244 St. Laurent, Montreal
5514 St-Urbain St., Montreal
5514 St-Dominique, Montreal
425 Marien Ave., Montreal Valleyfield Dyerlte Limited
Elite Dye-Works Co. Ltd. Patric Dyers Limited
Fatric Foam Corp.
Fraser Dye Works Inc. Gerbro Corp. ..... \* Gerbro Corp.

Globe & Manufacturers Sponging Works Inc.

Gordon Textile Dyers Ltd.

Gordon Yarn Dyers Ltd.

Guarantee Sponging Inc.

Hubbard Felt Co. Ltd.

Hughes Trim Ltd.

Industrial Dyers Co.

Jet Dye Works Ltd.

Kendex Mfg. Co. Ltd.

Kenmar Dye Works Ltd. 425 Marien Ave., Montreal 2050 Bleury St., Montreal 50 Port Royal W., Montreal 12 50 Port Royal W., Montreal 12 St. Jean 140 Mercler St., St. Jean 201 St-Louis St., St. Jean 1245 St-Urbain St., Montreal 25 Aristide St., St. Hyacinihe Kenmar Dye Works Ltd. Kramer Sponging Inc.
La Pointe & Frère Enr. 25 Aristide St., St. Hyacinthe
425 - 21st. Ave., Lachine
Route 52, Huntingdon
9500 St. Lawrence Blvd., Montreal
450 Port Royal W. Montréal
352 Inspector St., Montreal
352 Concord St., Montreal
4030 Notre-Dame St. W., Montreal
251 St-Pierre St. N., Joliette
2209 Dandurand St., Montreal
4821 Rouen St., Montreal LA Pointe & Frere Ent.
Lee Dyers Ltd.
Model Dye Works (Canada) Ltd.
Montreal Fast Print Ltd.
Montreal Finishing Cerp.
Montreal Novelty Print
Neva Wet Co. of Canada Ltd.
Novelty Textile Printing...
Pinatel Piece Dye Works Ltd.
Rathbow Dyeing Inc. Rainbow Dyeing Inc. 2209 Dandurand St., Montreal
4821 Rouen St., Montreal
8031 - 18th Ave., Ville-St-Michel
1430 Island St., Montreal
500 Sauvé St. W., Montreal
3028 Lasalle Blvd., Verdun
2745 Grand Trunk St., Mentreal
425 River St., Verdun
475 Fortune St., Montreal
18th Ave., St. Michel Ratinow Dyeing Inc.
Screen Fashions Ltd.
Shawin Co. Ltd.
Sirlor Textile Printing Inc.
Stanbel Limited
Supreme Dyeing Co. Ltd.
Tex-Dye Incorporated. Textile Colouring & Printers Inc.
Verdun Dyeing Co. Ltd.
Winco Reg'd. Ontario: Ajax Textile Processing Co. Ltd.

Armstrong Dye Works

Atlas (Toronto) Sponging Ltd.

Beau-During Limited

Bon-Fur of Canada Ltd.

Canadiana Textile Print Works Ltd.

Cutler Designs Ltd. 177 Mills Rd., Ajax 84 Sincoe Street West, Hamilton 474 Wellington St. W., Toronto 17 Millwick Drive, Weston 104 Water St., Gali 1024 Rangeview Rd., Port Credit 126 Geary Ave., Toronto Ceylon Duncan Textile Mills
Parquhar & Son Textile Printing Co.
Gibson Textile Dyers Limited Ceylon
107 Front St. E., Toronto
1171 Queen St. W., Toronto
766 King Street West, Toronto 2B
300 Phillips St., Waterloo
53 Shaw St., Toronto
380 Adelaide St. W., Toronto
227 Sterling Road, Toronto 2
467 Fairall St., Ajax
20 Arthur St. N., Elmira
376 Dufferin St., Toronto
52 Film Street, Trenton Hughes & Co. Lid.
Industrial Creative Arts Ltd.
Kroy Unshrinkable Wools Ltd.
Laminated Textiles Co.
Matthewman, R.W. & Son Ltd.
Phoenix Fabric Finishing Co. Ltd.
Textral Fibres Ltd. Textral Fibres Ltd.
Teronto Dyeing and Finishing Works Ltd.
Trenton Dyeing & Finishing Co. Ltd. Manitoba: 771 Selkirk Ave., Winnipog Manhaitan Displays British Columbia: 151 West Hastings, Vancouver Suda Textile Printing.....

#### CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

#### Census of Manufactures

#### General

The Census of Manufactures is an annual mail survey covering Canada's Manufacturing Industries. It is based on the Standard Classification of Industries and full details concerning the system may be found in the Standard Industrial Classification manual, Catalogue No. 12-501 which is available from the Queen's Printer or the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. In summary, the Classification as it relates to the manufacturing industries provides for a breakdown into 140 industries arranged in 20 major industry groups. Of the 140 (3 digit) industries, 18 are further broken down into 55 (4 digit) sub classes. At the Canada level, principal statistics are collected and compiled for 176 separate industries. They cannot all be published separately by province, however, because of the confidential nature of the data in certain provinces.

The reporting unit for the Census is designated as the establishment (see definition of "Establishment" in following section) and a return is requested from every establishment classified to a manufacturing industry. Although respondents are required to submit reports covering the calendar year, financial year reports other than the calendar year are accepted in instances where respondents find it impossible to supply calendar year data from accounting records. When an establishment is operated for only part of a year a report is required covering the period of operation.

There are four different questionnaires used the Census of Manufactures: (a) short form (b) long form (c) head office questionnaire and (d) commodity questionnaire. The short and long forms are used to obtain principal statistics and commodities shipped from establishments classified to manufacturing industries and differ only in the amount of detail requested. The short form is a single-sheet questionnaire sent to small manufacturers generally reporting shipments of less than \$100,000; this cut-off, however, varies somewhat between industries. The head office questionnaire is generally used for company head offices and/or auxiliary units separately located from the manufacturing establishment(s), (see following notes on Head offices and auxiliary units). The Commodity questionnaire is used to survey certain establishments which are coded (on the basis of their principal activity) to industries other than manufacturing in the Standard Industrial Classification system, but which undertake some manufacturing as a subsidiary activity. This single-sheet questionnaire is designed to collect information on the quantity and value of goods of own manufacture shipped by such establishments in order to achieve full coverage of domestically manufactured commodities (see the following note under Shipments).

The results of the Census are presented in some 135 publications. In addition to these annual industry, publications there are annual summary reports for Canada and the provinces and special reports giving principal statistics by detailed geographic areas, by type of ownership and size of establishment. A special annual report covering the shipments of all manufactured commodities arranged in alphabetical order is also published.

Since 1960 the following major changes have been implemented in the Census of Manufactures: (a) a revised Standard Industrial Classification (b) a new establishment definition and (c) an extension of the establishment definition to cover the non-manufacturing activities of manufacturing establishments. The statistics presented in the reports reflect the complete implementation of these changes and enable comparisons to be made back to and including 1961. For a complete description of the procedures followed in establishing the revised series, reference should be made to the Explanatory Notes included in the 1960, 1961 and 1962 industry publications. The statistical framework within which the Census of Manufactures is now carried out is based on the following concepts and definitions which have been developed as part of a general programme to achieve a fully integrated system of economic statistics.

#### Establishment

A manufacturing establishment is typically a factory, mill or plant principally engaged in manufacturing activities. The majority of such establishments are firms but many firms have more than one establishment. Such firms are requested to submit a separate Census of Manufactures report for each manufacturing establishment which can meet the reporting requirements embodied in the following definition of the "establishment":

"The smallest unit which is a separate operating entity capable of reporting the following principal statistics:

Materials and supplies used Goods purchased for resale as such Fuel and power consumed Number of employees and salaries and wages Man-hours worked and paid Inventories Shipments or sales."

Each establishment is required to report on all the activities carried out within it's accounting boundaries (except income from investments such as rent, interest and dividends) and data on the different activities' (manufacturing, trading in goods not of own manufacture, construction by own labour force, revenue from services, etc.) are requested to be reported separately. It should be noted that the statistics for separate activities are not completely consistent since some respondents cannot distinguish, in their records, materials, shipments and inventories relating solely to their own manufacturing activities. For example, inventory of goods purchased for re-sale may not be distinguishable from inventory of own manufactured goods. Complete consistency, therefore, can be obtained only at the "all operations" (total activity) level and for studies or statistical measures requiring accurate coordinated data, the "total" statistics should be used.

The number of establishments represents the number of operating units that are principally engaged in the activities of the manufacturing industries to which they have been classified. These units do not necessarily represent the total number engaged in the production of a commodity mainly produced in a certain industry. Some commodities are produced as secondary products in other manufacturing and non-manufacturing industries. It should be noted that head offices and auxiliary units which are surveyed separately are not included in the establishment count, (see following notes on head offices and auxiliary units).

#### Head Offices and Auxiliary Units

All head offices and auxiliary units of companies classified to the manufacturing industries such as sales offices, administrative offices, warehouses, laboratories, etc. are now surveyed as part of the Census of Manufactures.

These head offices and auxiliary units are either included in an establishment report or are surveyed by means of the head office questionnaire. The former is the most common case where a single establishment firm has its executive personnel, sales office, etc. located at the site of the manufacturing plant (establishment). The special head office questionnaire is generally used where a firm, regardless of the number of establishments, has separately located offices or auxiliary units. Such offices or units do not constitute establishments within the Census of Manufactures as they do not normally generate operational revenues, but give rise only to costs of operations (mainly salaries and wages) which are automatically included in the value of shipments or sales. Although not considered as establishments, and hence, not included in the "establishment" count for an industry, the operational costs are reflected in either the "Industry" statistics (3 or 4 digit level) or the "Major group" statistics (2 digit level) according to the following rules:

- (a) In the case of single establishment firms, statistics for separately located offices and units are classified to the same industry (3 or 4 digit) as the establishment;
- (b) In the case of multi-establishment firms, the statistics for such offices and units are coded to the same industry as the establishments of the firm, when all establishments are in the same industry (3 or 4 digit). When establishments of

such firms are coded (1) to different industries within a major group, (2) to industries in different major groups or (3) to industries in different divisions of the Standard Industrial Classification, then the statistics are included in the major group totals (2 digit level) in which the major part of the company's operations are classified. Although this may result in some distortion of major group statistics in the case of (2) and (3) the statistics at the industry (3 or 4 digit) level in all cases will be left free of these company-wide data.

#### **Employees**

### (a) Production and related workers — Manufacturing activities

In addition to those engaged in production and assembling activities, they include those employed in storing, inspecting, handling, packing, warehousing, etc. They also include employees engaged in maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services and line supervisors (working foremen) engaged in similar work to that of the employees they supervise. For those establishments reporting on the "long" form, production and related workers engaged in manufacturing activity are reported as those receiving pay during the last pay period of each month, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly figures and dividing by 12. This procedure is followed even though the establishment did not operate in all months in order to arrive at equivalent annual full-time employment. The numbers are somewhat affected by turnover, in that employment is overstated when an employee changes employment during a pay period. In the case of those establishments reporting on the "short" form, respondents are requested to report average annual figures. The man-hours of production and related workers in manufacturing activity represent total man-hours paid (total hours at work during the calendar year plus hours not worked but nevertheless paid for, such as paid vacations, sick leave, statutory holidays, etc.). Data on man-hours are not collected from establishments reporting on the short form. Man-hours for these establishments are estimated on the basis of ratios derived from the 1958 census. During this census all establishments reported on the long form. In reporting overtime hours, respondents are requested to report only hours actually at work. It should be noted that the division of hours paid into production and related workers payrolls results in average hourly earnings and does not represent hourly wage rates which are collected and published by the Department of Labour and which are based on selected occupations.

## (b) Production and related workers — Non-manufacturing activities

Such employees include those on manufacturing establishments' payrolls engaged in activities such as construction undertaken for the use of these establishments, some outside piece-workers employed in certain industries, logging employees who are reported as part of a sawmilling establishment and any other production workers who are not engaged in manufacturing-type operations.

#### (c) Administrative and office employees

This category includes all executive and supervisory officials such as presidents, vicepresidents, comptrollers, secretaries, treasurers, etc., together with managers, professional, technical and research employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the line supervisor or working foreman level, and clerical staffs. Also included are employees in activities such as advertising, credit collections, purchasing, personnel, legal, medical, etc. It should be noted that prior to 1961 this category also included working owners and partners. Also included in this category are employees located at head offices or auxiliary units separately located from the establishment; these are generally included in the figures for the province in which they are located according to the rules outlined under "Head offices and auxiliary units" above.

#### (d) Sales and distribution workers

This category includes office personnel whose salaries are charged to selling expense, travelling salesmen, driver salesmen, truckdrivers and their helpers, etc. It may also include some sales employees who are reported as part of a manufacturing establishment but are not working at the establishment's location. These are generally broken down by province in cases where more than 15 employees are involved in any one province. The figures exclude persons working on a commission basis who are not considered regular employees of the establishment.

#### (e) Total Employees

This total comprises the foregoing categories including employees located at separately located head offices and auxiliary units. The numbers of employees included under categories (b), (c) and (d) are reported in the form of annual averages and represent as closely as possible full time employment; adjustments are made when reported figures indicate the existence of part time or seasonal employment. In all the above categories, figures on employment refer to the calendar year whether or not other establishment statistics can only be reported on a fiscal year other than the calendar year.

#### Working Owners or Partners

These are not now included in the statistics of employees and salaries and wages. There is some duplication in numbers when a person owns more than one establishment and is reported as a working owner on each Census return. Withdrawals of working owners are defined as amounts withdrawn by owners or partners for normal living expenses excluding withdrawals for payment of income tax.

#### Salaries and Wages

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of employees before deductions for income tax and employees contributions to social services such as sickness, accident and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc. They include all salaries, wages. bonuses, profits shared with employees, the value of room and board where provided, commissions (paid to regular employees only) as well as any other allowance forming part of the worker's earnings. Payments for over-time are included. Figures on salaries and wages refer to the calendar year.

#### Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used (including fuel used in cars, trucks, locomotives, etc.), not to purchases unless the quantities are substantially the same. Any fuel and electricity produced by establishments for internal consumption are not included in the total cost. Values represent laid down cost at the establishment including freight, duty, etc. Although fuel and electricity used is considered part of manufacturing activity it should be noted that it also includes relatively small amounts used in non-manufacturing activities since these cannot be reported separately.

#### Materials and Supplies

#### (a) Manufacturing activities

Figures represent quantities and laid down cost values, at the establishment, of materials. supplies and purchased components owned and used during the year in manufacturing activities and related processes. These statistics represent only commodity items or physical goods (cost of services or overhead charges such as advertising, insurance, depreciation, etc. are not included) whether purchased from others or received as transfers (in the form of materials, components or semi-processed goods) from other establishments of the reporting company. Included are maintenance and repair supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and any amounts charged by other establishments for work done on materials owned by the reporting establishment. Cost of repairs or maintenance done by outside contractors and cost of returnable containers are not included.

#### (b) Non-manufacturing activities

#### 1. Purchases for re-sale as such

Figures represent cost of materials or products purchased from others by the reporting establishment (or received as transfers from other establishments of the reporting company) for re-sale as such in the same condition as purchased. Included are any finished products received on consignment from other countries.

#### 2. Other materials and supplies used

Figures represent the cost of materials and supplies, if any, used in new construction and in the production of machinery and equipment (for the use of the reporting establishment) by the establishment's own employees. Included are materials used for any capital repairs and alterations carried out by the establishment's employees. Amounts paid to cutside contractors for construction and repair work are not included nor is the cost of

purchased machinery and equipment. Also included is the cost of office supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and the cost of such other items of materials and supplies used as food, beverages and supplies for establishment-operated cafeterias and lunch counters, first aid and medical supplies, laboratory supplies, etc.

#### Shipments

#### (a) General

The figures represent revenue from all production, sales, services and related activities of reporting establishments with shipments valued in Canadian dollars at the point at which the establishment relinquishes control. The unsold portion at year end of consignment shipments in Canada is treated as-inventory and not as shipments but all shipments to foreign countries for which the form B13 "Customs Canada Export Entry" has been completed, are treated as shipments.

In those industries where work on principal products extends over a relatively long period, (Fabricated Structural Metal Industry, Aircraft and Parts Manufacturers, Railroad Rolling Stock Industry and Shipbuilding and Repair Industry) the value of production rather than the value of shipments is recorded. There are certain establishments in other industries which also operate on a basis of progress payments. For these establishments, shipments are also adjusted to work put in place on the basis of the net change in progress payments over the year.

#### (b) Shipments of goods of own manufacture

These figures represent shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting establishments or by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting establishments for work done. Included are revenue from repair and custom work, amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by other establishments and the cost (book value) of any goods shipped on a rental basis.

All products and by-products of own manufacture shipped from the establishment are covered, including transfer shipments to sales outlets, distributing warehouses or to other manufacturing plants of the reporting firm, when such units are treated as separate establishments. The value of shipments are net of returned goods, discounts, returns, allowances, sales tax and excise taxes and duties, returnable containers and charges for outward transportation by common or contract carriers. Transportation or delivery expense incurred by the reporting establishment's own carriers are included.

Shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments which are coded to some other division of the Standard Industrial Classification (on the basis of principal activity) but which are engaged in manufacturing as a subsidiary activity

are collected by means of the Commodity questionnaire referred to earlier. Such shipments together with shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments forming the universe of manufacturing industries are compiled and recorded in the various industry publications.

#### (c) Shipments of goods not of own manufacture

These figures represent the net selling value at establishment (net of discounts, returns, allowances, sales taxes and excise duties and taxes and transportation charges by common or contract carriers) of all products or materials (including products transferred from other establishments of the reporting firm) sold as such in the same condition as purchased or received as transfers. For those industries which ship such goods on a rental basis, the value of shipments represents the book value of these goods. All sales of consignment goods from other countries are included.

#### (d) Other revenue

Figures represent the book value of fixed assets, if any, (new construction and machinery and equipment including major repairs, alterations, additions, modifications, installation and assembly work) produced during the year for the use of reporting establishments by the establishment's own employees and for which depreciation accounts are maintained. Included also are any revenues from the sale of electricity and from any operations performed by the establishment's own employees, such as revenue from goods produced or purchased for rental (the book value of such goods are included as part of shipments of goods of own manufacture or shipments of goods not of own manufacture), servicing revenues, commissions on sales (when not included in value of sales), revenue for companyoperated cafeterias and lunch counters and revenue from outside installation or construction work not related to the establishment's own products, sale of used materials (excluding sale of used fixed assets) research and development work, etc. As mentioned previously the figures do not include non-operating revenue such as rent, dividends, interest, etc.

#### Inventories

#### (a) Manufacturing activities

Values represent the book values of manufacturing inventory owned in Canada. Inventories held for which progress payments have been received are not included. Where progress payment accounts are maintained, the change in these accounts is treated as a net adjustment to shipments. Figures consist of inventory owned at the plant and at warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments for the purpose of reporting shipments. Inventory owned in transit in Canada or on consignment in Canada is included. Goods shipped abroad and held in inventory are included in shipments. Opening inventories may differ from the closing inventories of the previous year because of changes in classification, the

receipt of revised data, the inclusion of new establishments and the removal of establishments which did not operate during the survey year.

#### (b) Non-manufacturing activities

Figures represent the book value of inventory of goods purchased for re-sale as such without further processing, owned by the reporting establishments and held at plants and at any warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments. Other characteristics are the same as in (a) above.

#### Value Added

#### (a) By manufacturing activities

Figures are compiled by deducting the cost of manufacturing materials, supplies, etc. and fuel and electricity consumed from the (value of shipments of goods of own manufacture adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of finished goods and goods in process).

#### (b) By non-manufacturing activities

The figures are compiled by deducting the cost of goods purchased for re-sale (adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of goods pur-

chased for re-sale) and the cost of non-manufacturing materials and supplies used from the value of shipments of goods not of own manufacture, plus other revenue.

#### (c) By Total activities

The figures consist of value added by manufacturing activities plus value added by non-manufacturing activities. This total value added figure may, in some cases, be less than value added by manufacturing activities as a result of expenditures associated with non-manufacturing exceeding revenues from such activities or because of a decrease in inventory of goods not of own manufacture exceeding the mark-up on the sale of such goods. "Value added" is sometimes referred to as net output or net production. However, to arrive at the National Accounts concept of net production, or Gross Domestic Product at "Factor cost" it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of advertising, insurance and other business expenses which are not collected as part of the annual Census of Manufactures, "Value added" figures for the primary industries, manufacturing and construction are published in DBS publication Catalogue No. 61-202, "Survey of Production".

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