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DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS CENSUS OF INDUSTRy K

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## THE SILK INDUSTRY IN CANADA, 1926

Ottawa, December 1927.- A report is herewith presented on the silk industry in Canada for the calendar year 1926. The total number of establishments in operation rose from 11 in 1925 to 12 in 1926, an increase of 1 establishment - of which 8 were in Quebec and 4 in Ontario.

## Principal Statistics

A summary of the principal statistics of the industry compared for the calendar years 1925 and 1926 is shown in Table 2.

Table 1.- Principal Statistics of the Silk Industry for 1925-1926.

|  |  | 1926 | 1925 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 12 | 11 |
| Capital employed | \$ | 10,019,519 | 9,224,224 |
| Employees on salaries - male | No. | 131 | 114 |
| female | No. | 61 | 52 |
| Salaries | \$ | 357,808 | 275,116 |
| Employees on wages - (average number) |  |  |  |
| female | No. | 1,450 | 1,009 |
| Wages | \$ | 1,627,192 | 1,089,741 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$ | 178,140 | 122,996 |
| Power installation - units | No. | 4.506 | 4,398 |
| capacity | Horse power | 3,283 | 3,022 |
| Cost of materials | + | 3,472,965 | 3,361,035 |
| Gross value of products | \$ | 8,507,153 | 5,483,363 |
| Net value of products | \$ | 5,034,188 | 2,122,328 |

## Other Comparative Statistics

A table showing comparative statistics of the silk industry in Canada indicates the advance made in the industry during the past five years. During that period the number of establishments increased by 71 per cent, capital investments by 117 per cent, employees by 65 per cent, salaries and wages by 60 per cent, materials by 53 per cent and the gross value of products by 82 per cent.

| Comparative Statistics of the Silk Industry in Canada, 1917-1926. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Estab- <br> lish- <br> ments | Capital | Employees | Salaries <br> and | Cost <br> of | Value <br> of |  |
|  | No. | $\$$ | No. | $\$$ | Mes | Materials | Products |
| 1917 | 9 | $2,223,164$ | 824 | 392,398 | 837,041 | $2,372,001$ |  |
| 1918 | 7 | $2,890,431$ | 975 | 438,695 | $1,436,229$ | $2,451,220$ |  |
| 1919 | 8 | $3,661,373$ | 1,294 | 698,760 | $1,975,539$ | $3,317,181$ |  |
| 1920 | 5 | $4,901,679$ | 1,165 | 817,440 | $3,438,792$ | $5,376,751$ |  |
| 1921 | 5 | $4,559,909$ | 932 | 719,845 | $1,890,171$ | $3,536,513$ |  |
| 1922 | 7 | $4,618,448$ | 1,464 | $1,236,130$ | $2,267,250$ | $4,675,205$ |  |
| 1923 | 7 | $4,594,313$ | 1,457 | $1,224,036$ | $2,677,229$ | $5,044,968$ |  |
| 1924 | 10 | $5,744,502$ | 1,210 | 978,686 | $2,486,845$ | $4,381,234$ |  |
| 1925 | 11 | $9,224,224$ | 1,727 | $1,364,857$ | $3,361,035$ | $5,483,363$ |  |
| 1926 | 12 | $10,019,519$ | 2,423 | $1,985,000$ | $3,472,965$ | $8,507,153$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


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## Froduction

In reporting production in this industry it has been found necessary to greatly reduce the items of products in order to avoid disclosure of individual statistics regarding these commodities, which will account for the apparently fer items of silk mamfacture. The output of silk and silk goods in Canada during the celendar year 1926 is shom by provinces in Table 11. The total value of all products rose from $\$ 5,483,363$ in 1925 to $\$ 8,507,153$ in 1926, an increase of $\$ 3,023,790$ or over 55 per cent. The province of Quebec with a total outout valued at $\$ 3,931,412$ accounted for 46.2 per cent and Ontario with $\$ 4,575,742$ contributed for 53.8 per cent of the total value of production throughout the Dominion.

Of the tmelve mills reporting, tro had a total gross value of production under $\$ 200,000$ the average output being $\$ 99,545$. Four mills reported a total gross value under $\$ 500,000$ vith an average production per mill of $\$ 357,906$, whilst of the remaining six mills, three reported a procuction exceeding $\$ 500,000$, the average per mill being $\$ 628,253$ and three others, a gross production exceeding a million dollars, the average per mill beins $\$ 1,663,893$.

Table 11. - Production of Silk and Silk Goods by Provinces, 1926.

| Principal Products | Canada |  | Quantity | $\frac{\text { Value }}{}$ | antity | $\frac{\text { Value }}{}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$ |  | § |  | \$ |
| Broad silk, silk piece goods, etc. <br> Silk and artifical | 1,205,930 | 1.960.816 | 606,770 | 976,656 | 599,160 | 984,160 |
| ilk yarns \& thread Lb. All other products | $2,435.619$ | 4,552,254 | 2,127,533 | 3,341,819 | 308,086 | 1,210,435 |
| including custom work | - | 1,994,083 | - | 257,266 | - | 1,736,817 |
| TOTAL | - | 8,507,153 | - | 4,575,741 | - | 3,931,412 |

## THE SILK INDUSTRY IN CANADA, 1226

## Capital Investmert

Tha capital employed in the silk industry in Canada during the calendar year 1926 is shown by provinces in Table 111. The total investment rose from $\$ 9,224,224$ in 1925 to $\$ 10,019,519$ in 1926 , an increase of $\$ 795,295$ or 8.6 per cent. The province of Que ec with $\$ 5,607,849$ contributed 56 per cent of the total capital investment for the Dominion.

| Provinces | Working Capital |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Land, buildings fixtures, machinery and tools | Materials on hand, Stocks in process, etc | Cash trading and operating accounts \& bills receivable | Total <br> Capital |
|  | \$ | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  | \$ |
| Canada | 6,399,357 | 2,170,212 | 1,449,950 | 10,019.519 |
| Quebec Ontario | $\begin{array}{r} 3,466,660 \\ 2,932,697 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,378,444 \\ 791,768 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 762,745 \\ & 687205 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,607,849 \\ 4,411,70 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |

A measure of the size of establishments according to the total amount of capital invested is shom in the summary followine under four main groups. The average capital investment is high in all of the groups but especially so in the two middle ones. The percentage to total of the group being almost 90 in the second and over $7 C$ in the third.

| Capital invested <br> by plants | Number | Total Capital <br> investment | Average Capital <br> investment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under $\$ 200,000$ | 3 | 363,907 | 121,702 |
| $\$ 200,000$ to under $\$ 500,000$ | 3 | $1,295,198$ | 431,733 |
| $\$ 500,000$ to under $\$ 1,000,000$ | 3 | $2,163,222$ | 721,074 |
| $1,000,000$ and over | 3 | $6,197,192$ | $2,065,730$ |

## Mmployees, Solaries and Wages

The number of persons employed during the year 1926 is given in Table IV by (a) classes of employment, (b) sex and (c) salary and wage payments. The number of persons employed during the year 1925 was 1,727 and their salary and wage payments amounted to $\$ 1,364,857$. For the pericd covered by this report the number ceoc:ded was was 2,423 with a payroll of $\$ 1,985,000$, being an inc:ease of 696 employees and $\$ 620,143$ in salary and wage payments.

| Classes of Employment | $\begin{gathered} \text { Male } \\ \text { No } \end{gathered}$ | Female NO | Salaries and Wages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employees on salaries Employees on wages (average number) | 131 781 | $\begin{array}{r} 61 \\ 1.450 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \phi \\ 357.808 \\ 1,627.192 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| TOTA I | 912 |  | 00 |

A sumnary of employment by provinces, sex and remmeration shows that of a total of 2,423 persons employed 1,297 were in Quebec of thom 430 were males and 867 were fomales. In Ontario the total number employed was 1,126 of whom 482 were males and 644 were females. The averare payment per employee whether on salaries or wages was $\$ 720$ in Quebec and $\$ 933$ in Ontario, whilst the average for the Dominion was $\$ 1863.60$ for salaried employees and $\$ 729.35$ for tage earners.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Iale } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fomale } \\ \text { No. } \end{gathered}$ | Total Salaries \& Hages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Canada | 912 | 1,511 | $1,985,000$ |
| Quebec | 430 | -867 | 1934,217 |
| Qntario | 482 | 644 | 1.050.783 |

A measure of the size of establishments in the silk industry based on employment shows that four of the twelve plants employed less than 100 persons or an average yon rlunt of 51. Seven plants employed over 100 but less than 500 persons, whilst the ramaining plant employed over 500 persons, the average of the former being 200 per plant and of the latter 821 per plant.

## Other Employment Statistics

The number of days the establishments were in operation during the calendel year 1926 together with the number of hours per day and per weel:
nemally worked by wage-earners is given in Table $V(a)$. The number of wage-earners employed during the year is given by sex and by months in Table $V(b)$. The maximum number employed was 2,312 in the month of November whilst the minimum number reported was 2,037 in January.

Table $V(a)$ - Days in operation and hours morked, 1926.

| Number of estrblishments in operation | 12 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Average |
| Days in operation on full time | 3.393 | 282.75 |
| Days in operation on part time | 45 | 3.75 |
| Days idle | 210 | 17.50 |
| Hours \#orked by wage-earners per day or shift | 22.833 | 9.14 |
| Number of hours morked by wage-earners per weok | 612 | 51.00 |
| Table V(b) -. Whgo-earners by Months. 1926. |  |  |
| Wonths Maie Femalo No. Nonths | Male | Female |
| January 705 1.332 July | 782 | 1.424 |
| February August | 787 | 1,442 |
| March 769 September | 780 | 1,491 |
| April 787 1,480 Octobor | 802 | 1,483 |
| May 775 1,428 November | 808 | 1,504 |
| June $\qquad$ $77 ?$ 1.429 December | 833 | 1, 15 55 |
| Averago numbor employed during the year | 9,360 | 17,305 |
|  | 781 | 1,450 |


$\therefore \quad \mathrm{B}$

กII.


## Fuel Consumption

The quantity and value of the various kinds of fuel consumod in the industry during the calender year 1926 will bo found in Tablo. VI. Tho total fucl costs rose from $\$ 76,876$ in 1925 to $\$ 102,676$ in 1926, an increase of $\$ 25,800$ ovor the tro yeur period.

Toble VI. - Fuel Consumption, 1926.

| Kinds of fuel | Unit of heasure | Quantity | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cost Value } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bituminous coal | ton | 11,606 | 81,405 |
| Anthracite coill | ton | 2,866 | 19,492 |
| Gascline | gal. | 4,000 | 1,760 |
| Gas, artificial or natural | m. cu. ft. | 15 | 19 |
| Total | - | - | 102,676 |

## Porer installation

The power installation of the industry in the calendar yoar 1926 is given in Table VII by (c.) classes of power, (b) number of units in each class and (c) the horse-power capacity according to manufacturers' rating. In 1925 there rere 4,384 units developing 2,915 horse-power. For the period covered by this report there were 4,506 units, with a capalty of 3,283 horse-pover, an increase of 122 units and 368 horse-power. The cost of electricity purchased during the year was $\$ 75,464$. The number of bcilers installed for all purposes was 20 with a total horse-jower capacity of 1,805 .

| Table VII.- Porver |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | Installation, 1926.

## Materials Used

The cost value of the rious materials used in the industry during the calendar year 1926 was $\$ 3,472,965$. Of this total Quebec contributed $\$ 1,784,561$ and Ontaric $\$ 1,688,404$. The total cost of all materials used rose from $\$ 3,361,035$ in 1925 to $\$ 3,472,965$ in 1926, an increase of $\$ 111,930$. The principal materials used during the calendar year 1926 are itemized in Table VIII by provinces.

Materials used by Provinces, 1926.

| Classes of Material | Canada |  | Quebec |  | Ontaric |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Velue | Qunntity | Velue |
| Row Silk | $303,552$ | $\frac{\$}{1,799,811}$ | $246,407$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 925,086 \end{gathered}$ | $57.145$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ \\ & 74.725 \end{aligned}$ |
| Yarns, thread, utc. for further menufacture of silk or rayon | 269,942 | 567,301 | 203,431 | 389.558 | 66,511 | 177.743 |
| Yarns, and thread of cotton | 380,783 | 224,187 | 380,783 | 224,187 | - |  |
| Yarns, wccllen worsted | 47,437 | 62,137 | 42,937 | 54,237 | 4,500 | 8,000 |
| Yarns, all other | 34,418 | 37.961 | 34,418 | 37.961 | - | - |
| Puip, chemicals scap dyed stuffs | - | 659.467 | - | 40,496 | - | 618,971 |
| QJ1 other moteriols | - | 122, 101 | - | 1.13 .136 | - | 8,905 |
| Totel cost | - | 3,472,965 | 0 | 784,561 | - | 688,40. |

## Imports and Exports

Imports.- The quantity and value of raw, partly manufactured and fully manufactured articlea, the chief componant material being of silk or artificial silk, imported for consumption in Canada is shown by principal countries for the calendar year 1926 in table IX. The total value of imports of silk and artificial silk or rayon imported during 1926 amounted to $\$ 35,146,189$ of which silk from the cocoon totalled $\$ 29,645,173$ and artificial silk $\$ 5,500,416$.

Table IX. - Imports for consumption by principal countries, 1926.


Table IX. - Imports for Consumpticn by principal Countries, 2926. (Cont' 4 )


## Irports and Exports (Cont'd)

Table IX. Impcrts for Consumption by principal Countries, 1926. (Cont'd)

| Articles by Countries | Units | Quantity | Value \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Socks and Stockings, silk - <br> United Kingdom <br> United States <br> Germany <br> Other Countries | doz pairs <br> "1 <br> $1 "$ <br> 10 | $\begin{array}{r}5,339 \\ 76,740 \\ 2,784 \\ 1,948 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 39,554 \\ 690,626 \\ 19,986 \\ 24,429 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Total | " | 86,811 | 774.595 |
| Undershirts and drawers, silk (value only) |  |  |  |
| United Kingdom | - | - | 869 |
| United States | - | - | 7.545 |
| France | - | - | 348 |
| Japan | - | - | 182 |
| Other Countries | - | - | 3,260 |
| Total | - | - | 12,204 |
| Clothing, silk n,o.o. - (value only) United Kingdom |  |  |  |
| United States | - | - | 1,033,870 |
| Belgium | - | - | 47.986 |
| China |  | - | 15,196 |
| France | - | - | 1,224,369 |
| Germany | - | - | 18,705 |
| Japan | - | - | 103,786 |
| Switzerland | - | - | 4,209 |
| Other Countries | - | - | 22,291 |
| Total | - | - | 2,804,228 |
| Silk and all manufactures of which <br> silk is the chief component material - |  |  |  |
| United Kingdom | - | - | 86.153 |
| United States | - | - | 177,328 |
| France | - | - | 184, 340 |
| Japan | - | - | 53, 6\% |
| Other Countries |  |  | 23.310 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Total Silk and manufactures of (value cally) |  |  |  |
| United Eingdon | - | - | 2,560,775 |
| United States | - | - | 8,441,944 |
| France | - | - | 5,459,834 |
| Germany | - | - | 306,367 |
| Italy | - | - | 242,481 |
| Japan | - | - | 6,863,554 |
| Switzerland | - | - | $5,364,823$ |
| Otreer Countries |  | - | 405,995 |
| Total | - | - | 29.645 .775 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| United States |  | 67.719 | 127.572 |
| Belsium | " | 144,129 | 232,693 |
| Germany | " | 144,097 | 156,869 |
| Italy | " | 26,748 | 28,957 |
| Wetherlands | " | 659,828 | 720,657 |
| Stitzerland | " | 67,591 | 68,299 |
| Otrer Countries | " | 23,491 | 27,492 |
| Total | " | 1,324,912 | 1,695,836 |

Imports and Exports (Cont'd)
Table IX. - Imports for Consumption by principal Countries, 1926 (Cont'd).

| Articles by Countries | Units | Quantity | Value $\$$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Attificial silk tops and wastes - <br> United Kingdom <br> United States <br> Gormany <br> Other Countries | 玉b. <br> " <br> " <br> 11 | $\begin{array}{r} 68,841 \\ 339,929 \\ 26,093 \\ 1,210 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28,099 \\ 131,890 \\ 18,767 \\ 773 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Total | " | 436.073 | 179,529 |
| Artificial silk yarns, threads or twists, n.o.p. <br> United Kingdom <br> United States <br> Brance <br> Germany <br> Other Countries <br> Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ib. } \\ & \text { " } \\ & \text { " } \\ & " 1 \\ & \hline 11 \\ & \hline 11 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23,038 \\ 2,753 \\ 1,709 \\ 3,106 \\ 10,234 \\ \hline 40,840 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 36,717 \\ 6,368 \\ 2,843 \\ 3,987 \\ 15,970 \\ \hline 65,885 \end{array}$ |
| Artificial silk fabrics, n.0.p. (value only) <br> United Kingdcm <br> United States <br> France <br> Germany <br> Italy <br> Netherlands <br> Switzerland <br> Other Countries |  | - - - - - - - | $\begin{array}{r} 2,023,474 \\ 426,641 \\ 234,873 \\ 94,162 \\ 46,234 \\ 1,115 \\ 472,389 \\ 34,606 \end{array}$ |
| Total | - | - | $3,333,494$ |
| Socks and stockings of artificial silk <br> United Kingdom <br> United States <br> Germany <br> Other Countries |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6,326 \\ 12,337 \\ 966 \\ 396 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 44,321 \\ 46,650 \\ 5,107 \\ 2,881 \end{array}$ |
| Total | " | 20,025 | 95,959 |
| Manufactures of Artificial silk n.o.p. -(Value only) - <br> United Kingdom <br> United States <br> Belgium <br> France <br> Germany <br> S:itzerland <br> Other Countries |  | - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - | $\begin{array}{r} 46,541 \\ 40,7252 \\ 8,261 \\ 4,624 \\ 25,837 \\ 537 \\ 3,661 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Total | - | - | 129,713 |
| Total Artificial silk fibre and mamufactures of, n.o.p. (value only) <br> United Kingdom <br> United States <br> Belgium <br> France <br> Germany <br> Italy <br> Netherlands <br> Switzerland <br> Other Countries |  | - - - - - - - - | $\begin{array}{r} 2,512,449 \\ 776,373 \\ 240,954 \\ 242,340 \\ 304,729 \\ 75,191 \\ 721,772 \\ 541,225 \\ 85,383 \end{array}$ |
| Total | - | - | 5,500,416 |

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Exports. The exoorts of sils and artificial silk and their manufacture is shown by principal countries in table $X$, the total for the calendar year amounting to $\$ 127,574$ of which silk from the cocoon totalled $\$ 93,928$ and artificial silk $\$ 33,646$.

Table X. Exports of Silk and Artificial Silk,1926.


