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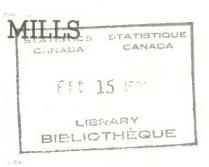
ANNUAL





### SYNTHETIC TEXTILE MILL

1964



# ANNUAL CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES

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# SYNTHETIC TEXTILE MILLS 1964

In terms of the revised Standard Industrial Classification and the New Establishment Concept, this industry is defined as comprising those "Establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing yarns and broad woven goods of synthetic textile fibres, including glass fibres. This industry includes establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing yarns and broad woven goods of natural silk. It also includes establishments engaged in the extrusion of synthetic textile filaments".

The Synthetic Textile Mills industry has two branches, to the first of which belong the producers of synthetic filament yarns and of staple fibres. These firms are too few and their activities too varied to permit a separate, detailed statistical analysis without divulging particulars of individual establishments. The production of textile filament yarns by the seven firms reporting this commodity in 1964 was 102,904,990 pounds compared to the figure of 82,473,067 pounds in 1963. The second branch of the industry consists of establishments manufacturing spun yarn and fabrics. This report covers the activities of the whole industry, i.e. those of the two branches on a combined basis.

As can be seen from most tables in this report, the activity within the industry in 1964 was higher than in 1963. Tables 12 and 13 present, respectively, the materials used in manufacturing and the shipments of goods of own manufacture by the industry in 1963 and 1964. However, the information given in the latter table has been somewhat abridged in order to present in Table 14A the important data covering the shipments of broadwoven synthetic fabrics by all industries for both 1963 and 1964. These all-industry shipments are further broken by type and construction for these two years in Table 14B. Tables 15 and 16 present, respectively, as detailed information as possible covering the yarn spun in 1964 by this industry and by all the important primary textile industries.

A list of the establishments classified to the industry in the 1964 survey will be found at the end of this report.

#### SYMBOLS

The following standard symbols are used in Dominion Bureau of Statistics publications:

- .. figures not available.
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable.
- nil or zero.
- amount too small to be expressed.
- P preliminary figures.
- revised figures.
- x confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, 1961-64

				Mar	ufacturing	activity				T	Cotal acti	vity	
Yoar and province	Estab- lish- ments		oduction lated work		Cost of	Cost of materials	Value of shipments of goods	Value		g owners artners	Emp	loyees	
	110464	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	Value added
	No.		,000			\$'000				\$1000		\$'(	00
1961													
Totals	57	12,214	27,059	39.957	5, 056	121,993	250.478	121,614	x	х	15,710	10 026	199 269
				00,007	0,000	141,000	400,410	122,024	^	^	13, 110	30,040	122,367
1962													
Totals	62	13 134	28,507	44 171	5 219	140, 967	283,676	140 727	_		10 mos	0.0.00=	141 500
# NAME OF 110000011111111111111111111111111111		10,104	20,301	77,111	0,310	140, 507	203,010	140, 131	_	_	16, 781	64, 023	141,587
1963													
Newfoundland	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	46	_	-	_
Prince Edward Island		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Nova Scotla	1	x	х	x	х	х	x	x	_	_	x	X	x
New Brunswick	_	400	_	_	_	_		_			_	_	_
Quebec	38	9,382	20,951	29,659	2,681	103,237	184,765	81,744	_	_	11,747	41,703	82,071
Ontarlo	20	х	х	х	х	x	х	x	_	_	x	X	x
Manitoba	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
Saskatchewan	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		-	_	-
Alberta	1	x	х	x	x	х	х	x	_	-	x	х	х
British Columbia	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	-
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	sheeks	_	-	_	-	_
Totals	60	13, 974	30, 888	50,202	5,801	165,057	332,409	164, 987	_	_	17,762	70, 857	165,210
1964													
Newfoundland	_	_	_	-	_								
Prince Edward Island	_	_	_	_	_				_	_			_
Nova Scotla	1	х	х	х	x	x	х	x					_
New Brunswick	_	_		_	_	_	^	_			-	х	Х
Quebec	37	10, 209	21,989	33,613	3, 168	116,596	212,744	97,802		-	12,689	46 267	07 257
Ontario	21	X	X	x	x	x	X	X				46,362	97,357
Manitoba	_	_			_	^	Α	^			х	x _	Х
Saskatchewan	-	_		979	_	spinnings							_
Alberta	1	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		_	x	x	x -
M: Kish Columbia	_	440		^_	^ _	^ _	_	^			٨	A	Α.
Yaska and Northwest Territories	-								_		_		-
									_	-	-	_	-
Totals	60	15, 474	33,807	58, 612	6,726	184,063	372,653	188, 673	-	-	19,481	81,069	187, 251

TABLE 2. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Value of Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1963 and 1964

Size group	Estab-												
Size group	ments		eduction a ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments of goods	Value		owners	Emp	oyees	Value
		Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Numher	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		'000			\$1000				\$'000		\$10	000
1963					ì								
Under \$10,000	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to \$ 24,999	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
25,000 ' 49,999	_	-	-	-	_	_		-	-	_	-	_	-
50,000 '' 99,999	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
100,000 ' 199,999	_		-	0.00	-			0 000	_	_	200	1 220	0 001
200,000 " 499,999	12	330	759	978	112	2,319	4,627	2,000	_	_	388 541	1,338	2,025
500,000 " 999,999 1,000,000 " 4,999,999	5 28	3,806	1,036	1,229	824	2,018 45,884	74,792	29,371			4.469	15.078	29,388
1,000,000 " 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over Head offices, sales offices and	15	9,346	20,659	36,383	4,756	114, 837	248,737	131, 392	-	-	11,908	49,891	131, 776
auxiliary units											456	3,098	(196
Totals	60	13,974	30, 888	50, 202	5,801	165,057	332,409	164, 987	-	-	17, 762	70,857	165,210
1964													
Under \$10,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to \$ 24,999	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_
25,000 ' 49,999 50,000 ' 99,999	} 3	28	62	86	6	125	254	126	-	_	33	100	125
100,000 ' 199,999	9	206	474	688	57	1,482	2,928	1,496	00.0	_	237	915	1,49
500,000 " 999,999	3	239	500	747	50	853	1.964	1,045	_	_	271	949	1.043
1,000,000 ' 4,999,999	29	4, 152	8, 922	12,784	1,004	45,805	76,434	31,360	_	-	4,861	16,762	31,63
5,000,000 and over	16	10,849	23,849	44,306	5,609	135,798	291,072	154,647	_	-	13,648	59,092	153,06
lead offices, sales offices and auxiliary units	* * *		8 9 0						0 + +		431	3,252	(11
Totals	60	15,474	33,807	58, 612	6,726	184, 063	372,653	100 672		- man	19,481	81 000	187, 25

TABLE 3. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Manufacturing Value Added, 1963 and 1964

				Man	ufacturing	activity				T	otai acti	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		duction a ited work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments of goods	Vaiue	Working and pa	owners utners	Empl	loyees	Value
		Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$*000		\$'0	00
1963												1	
Under \$10,000	_	=	=	=	_	_	_	_	=	_	=	_	_
25,000 ' 49,999 50,000 ' 99,999	} 8	194	444	579	57	1,739	3,033	982			224	735	1,012
100,000 '' 199,999 200,000 '' 499,999 500,000 '' 999,999 1,000,000 '' 4,999,999	13 8 24 7	676 756 5,234 7,114	1,490 1,649 11,435 15,871	1,801 2,382 16,530 28,910	187 176 1,288 4,092	7,218 9,341 68,195 78,564	11,778 14,978 109,635	4,451 5,652 41,132 112,771		-	795 891 6, 195 9, 201	2,536 3,089 21,379 40,021	4,457 5,622
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units		4 4 2			,			0 6 6			456	3,096	( 196
Totals	60	13,974	30,888	50, 202	5,801	165,057	332,409	164, 987	-	_	17, 762	70,857	165,210
1964					,								
Under \$10,000	5	73	166	218	34	797	1,054	226	-	_	80	250	232
50,000 " 99,999	5 8 13 24 5	110 389 1,147 6,756 6,999	248 608 2,536 14,886 15,166	320 1,061 3,679 22,740 30,594	18 80 316 1,933 4,344	807 3,716 16,550 86,889 75,304	1.478 6.473 25,840 138,852 198,956	649 2,786 9,659 53,325 122,028	-	=	125 447 1,369 7,956 9,073		
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units							4	4 + 4			431	3,252	(11)
Totals	60	15,474	33, 807	58, 612	6,726	184,063	372.653	188,673	-	_	19,481	81,069	187,25

TABLE 4. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Total Value Added, 1963 and 1964

				Man	ufacturing	activity				T	otal acti	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		oduction ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments			owners	Emp	ioyees	Value
	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	Value added
	No.		000			\$'000				\$1000		\$10	000
1963													
Under \$10,000	-	-	em.	_	_	_	-	_	***	***	_	_	_
5 10,000 to \$ 24,999 25,000 '' 49,999	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
50,000 " 99,999	-				_		_	_	_	_		_	_
100,000 ' 199,999	8	194	444	579	57	1,739	3,033	982	_	_	224	735	1,012
200,000 " 499,999	13 9 23 7	676 844 5, 146 7, 114	1,490 1,847 11,236 15,871	1,801 2,641 16,269 28,910	187 197 1,268 4,092	7, 218 10, 363 67, 173 78, 564	11,778 16,974 107,640 192,985	4.451 6.656 40.127 112,771	-	-	795 1,006 6,080 9,201	2,536 3,518 20,950 40,021	4,457 6,619 40,762 112,556
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units				+ = =					* * *		456	3,098	(196
Totals	60	13, 974	30,888	50,202	5,801	165,057	332,409	164, 987	_	-	17,762	70,857	165,210
1964													
Under \$10,000	} 5	73	166	218	34	797	1,054	226	_	-	80	250	232
50,000 99,999 100,000 199,999 200,000 499,999 500,000 999,999 1,000,000 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over	5 8 13 24 5	110 389 1,147 6,756 6,999	248 806 2,536 14,886 15,166	320 1,061 3,679 22,740 30,594	18 80 316 1,933 4,344	807 3,716 16,550 86,889 75,304	1,478 6,473 25,840 138,852 198,956	649 2,786 9,659 53.325 122,028			125 447 1,369 7,956 9,073	396 1,533 4,932 29,286 41,420	649 2, 815 9, 711 53, 501 120, 461
auxiliary units						0 = 4					431	3,252	(118
Totals	60	15, 474	33,807	58, 612	6,726	184,063	372,653	188, 673	-		19,481	81 069	187,251

TABLE 5. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Fatal Employed, 1963 and 1964

				Mat	nufacturing	activity				7	Cotal acti	vlty	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		oduction lated worl		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments of goods	Value		owners	Emp	loyees	
	шецьв	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	Value added
	No.	-	'000			\$'000				\$1000		\$10	000
1963													1
Under 5 employed	_	_	della	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	_
5 - 14 employed	} 12	294	665	947	48	4,675	7,604	2,889		_	329	1,196	2,881
50 - 99 " 100 - 199 " 200 - 499 " 500 employed and over	16 11 13 8	976 1,244 3,495 7,965	2,226 2,773 7,814 17,409	2,941 4,073 11,155 31,084	371 277 881 4,225	15,673 20,491 48,718 75,501	26, 147 32, 629 75, 962 190, 067	9,972 12,080 27,858 112,188			1,205 1,499 4,024 10,249	4, 125 5, 608 13, 870 42, 960	9,907 12,719 27,882 112,017
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units		* * 4								4 4 9	456	3,098	( 196
Totals	60	13,974	30, 888	50,202	5,801	165,057	332,409	164, 987	_	_	17,762	70,857	165,210
1964													
Under 5 employed	} 14	276	634	890	69	2,387	4,297	1, 935	_	_	321	1, 226	1, 934
50- 99 ** 100-199 ** -00-499 **	13 9 16	828 887 4,008	1, 890 1, 921 8, 716	2,610 2,776 13,601	245 230 1,193	16,557 12,187 54,941	25,694 19,402 87,239	9,450 7,205 32,996	_		998 1,041 4,665	3,645 3,707 17,401	9,521 7,167 33,133
Heat offices, sales offices and	9	9,475	20,646	38, 735	4,989	97, 990	236,021	137, 086	-	* • •	12,025	51,838	(118
Totals	60	15,474	33,807	58, 612	6,726	184,063	372,653				19,481	91 060	187,251

TABLE 6. Principal Statistics classified by Type of Organization, 1963 and 1964

				Man	ufacturing	activity					Potal acti	vity	
Type of organization	Estab-		oduction a ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments of goods			owners	Empl	oyees	70.1
organization	ments	Number	Number hours paid Wages electricity supplies facture		Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	Value added			
	No.		'000			\$'000	l			\$'000		\$10	000
1963													
Individual ownerships	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Partnerships	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	200	_	_	_	_
Incorporated companies	60	13,974	30,888	50,202	5,801	165,057	332,409	164,987			17,306	67,759	165,406
Co-operatives	_	_	ents.	-	_	_	-	-			-	_	_
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units		6 8 9					4				456	3,098	(196)
Totals	60	13, 974	30,888	50,202	5,801	165, 057	332,409	164,987	-	_	17,762	70,857	165,210
1964													
Individual ownerships		-	-	-		-	946	-	-	100	-	_	_
Partnerships	-	040	_	-	_	-	_	-		_	-	-	-
Incorporated companies	60	15,474	33,807	58,612	6.726	184,063	372,653	188,673	***		19,050	77,817	187,369
Co-operatives	_	-	Miller	-	-	-	_	-			-	_	-
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units					***	***				* * *	431	3, 252	(118)
Totals	60	15,474	33,807	58, 612	6,726	184,063	372,653	188,673	-	-	19,481	81,069	187, 251

TABLE 7. Calculation of Output, Input and Value Added, 1963 and 1964

	Manufact activi		Non-manufa activiti		Total activit	
	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964
			\$'000	)		
Output				İ		
. Shipments and other revenue	332,409	372,653	12,891	12,703	345,300	385,356
Inventories - Goods of own manufacture:						
Add closing - Goods in process	16,782	18, 594	• • •		16,782	18,594
Finished goods	22,335	27, 120			22.335	27, 120
Deduct opening-Goods in process	15,313	16,626		* * *	15,313	16,626
Finished goods	20,368	22,279		0 4 0	20,368	22, 279
. Net inventory change	3,436	6,809			3,436	6,809
. Gross output (1+2)	335,845	379,462	12, 891	12,703	348,736	392,165
Input						
. Purchases of goods not of own manufacture		9 2 4	11,483	10,420	11,483	10,420
Inventories - Goods not of own manufacture:						
Add opening			2,036	2,515	2,036	2,51
Deduct closing		a h o	2,515	1, 136	2,515	1, 136
. Cost of goods sold (not of own manufacture)	• • •		11,004	11,799	11,004	11,799
. Materials, supplies, etc.	165,057	184,063	1,665	2,325	166,722	186,3B
. Fuel and electricity	5,801	6,726			5,801	6, 70
. Gross input (5 + 6 + 7)	170,858	190,789	12,669	14, 124	183,527	204,91
Value added (3 - 8)	164, 987	188,673	222	(1,421)	165,210	187,25

TABLE 8. Employment and Payroll, 1963 and 1964

					Employ	rees						Salarie	es and wa	ges	
Year bott		Product: related v			Admi		Sal	les nd	To	tal	Producti		Admin-	Sales	
province	Manufac	cturing	Ot	her	and o		distri		20	V (8.1	related v	vorkers	istra- tive and	and distri-	Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Maie	Female	Male	Female	Manufac- turing	Other	office	bution	
					numb	er							\$'000		
1963										}		1			
lewfoundland	_	_		****	_	_	_	****	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
rince Edward Island	_	_	-	ginte.		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-
lova Scotia	X.	х	х	_	х	X	Х	Х	Х	х	X	х	X	х	Х
lew Brunswick		_	-	_		_	-		_		_	_	-	_	_
Quebec	7,286	2,096	_	4	1,615	652	86	8	8,987	2,760	29,659	7	11,002	1,036	41,700
Ontario	x	x	х	_	X	Х	Х	X	х	X	х	х	Х	х	Х
fanitoba	****	-	-		_	-	_			0000	_	_		-	-
askutchewan	_	-	_	_	_		gano	-	_	_		_	-	_	_
Alberta	х	X	X	-	х	X	х	X	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	X	Х
British Columbia		_	_	-	_		_	-	_		-	_	_	_	_
rukon and Northwest Terri- tories	_	****	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	1000	-
Totals	10,916	3,058	59	4	2,562	926	193	44	13,730	4,032	50, 202	322	18,410	1, 924	70,85
1964															
Newfoundland	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	_		-	_	_	_	_	_
rince Edward Island	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	-		_	-	_	-	_	_
Nova Scotia	Х	х	X.	x	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х	Х	х	Х
New Brunswick	ng-a	_	1011		_	****	_	-	_	_	-		****	glotte	-
arebec	8,066	2, 143		1000	1,699	697	70	14	9,835	2,854	33,613	_	11,684	1,065	46,36
ontario	X	х	Х	X	х	X	х	X	X	х	X	Х	Х	Х	X
innitoba	_	_	_		-		-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
skatchewan	_		glado,	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	-
Minerta	x	х	Х	Х	X	X	Х	Х	х	Х	X	Х	х	X	X
Etish Columbia	_	_	-		-	-	_	-	-	1000	-	_	home	_	_
Yukon and Northwest Terri- tories	_	_			-	_	_	_	*****	_	-	1000	-	-	-
Totals	12, 263	3,211	45	5	2,738	992	177	50	15,223	4,258	58,612	302	20, 166	1,989	81,06

TABLE 9. Production and Related Workers, - Manufacturing Activity, 1963 and 1964

	196	3	196	4
Month	Maie	Female	Male	Female
		numbe	er	
Establishments reporting monthly detail (large establishments only):	1	1		
January	10,576	2,967	11,506	3,10
February	10,728	2,991	11,588	3, 16
March	10,687	3.026	11,799	3, 13:
April	10,718	3,063	11,914	3,160
May	10,780	3,069	12, 152	3,150
June	10,905	3,079	12,405	3, 17
	10,506	2,850	12, 252	3,124
July	11,088	3,060	12,744	3,25
August	11,024	3,069	12,519	3,30
September	11, 139	3.072	12,639	3.34
October	11, 297	3, 108	12,749	3,35
November	11, 437	3.084	12,871	3, 29
De ember	11,431	3,00%	15,011	*
Averages	10,916	3,058	12, 263	3,21
stablishments reporting annual averages (small establishments only)			a 4 0	* *
orage for all establishments	10,916	3,058	12, 263	3,21

TABLE 10. Inventories, 1964

		Manufa	cturing		Non- manufacturing	
Province	Materials, supplies, etc.	Goods in process	Finished goods of own manufacture	Total	Products or materials purchased for resale	Total inventories
			book value	\$'000		
Opening:						
Newfoundland	_	_	-	_	_	_
Prince Edward Island	_		-	_	-	-
Nova Scotia	x	X	X	x	x	Х
New Brunswick	-	_	-		_	_
Quebec	12,419	13.049	13,678	39, 146	1, 118	40, 264
Ontario	x	x	х	х	x	X
Manitoba	-	_	-	_	- 1	man.
Saskatchewan	_	_	_	_		_
Alberta	x	х	х	х	x	x
British Columbia		_	-	_	_	_
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-		-	-	_	_
Totals	19, 815	16,626	22,279	58,720	2,515	61,235
Closing:						
Newfoundland	_	_	_	_	_	_
Prince Edward Island		_	-	_		_
Nova Scotia	x	х	x	x	x	х
New Brunswick	_	-	-	-	_	_
Quebec	13,902	14,815	16,734	45,451	16	46,467
Ontario	x	x	x	х	x	x
Manitoba		_	-	_	-	- Section
Saskatchewan	_	-	_	_	-	-
Alberta	x	x	x	x	x	x
British Columbia		_	_	-	_	-
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-	_	-	-	-	
Totals	22, 988	18,594	27,120	68, 702	1,136	69,838

TABLE 11. Purchased Fuel and Electricity Used in Manufacturing Activity, 1963 and 1964

Paradata.		1963		1964	
Description		Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
			\$'000		\$'000
1. Large establishments reporting commodity detail:	1				
Bituminous coal:					
(a) From Canadian mines	ton	4.155°	55	3,582	50
(b) Imported	0.0	7,821	107	7.082	97
Sub-bituminous coal (from Alberta mines only)	4.4	_	-	****	_
Anthracite coal	0.1	190	3	194	3
Lignite coal	4.0	-	-	_	-
Coke	44	-	_	-	-
Gasoline (including gasoline used in cars and trucks) Imp	p. gal.	46, 178	16	42,610	17
Fuel oil including kerosene or coal oil	44	41,483,794	3,106	43,407,622	3,258
Wood	cord	-	_	-	-
Gas:					
(a) Liquefied petroleum gases Imp	p. gal.	310,339	45	113,053	45
(b) Other manufactured gas M	cu, ft.	1,783	2	-	-
(c) Natural gas	4.4	873,867	245	1,273,968	521
Other fuel			30		-
Electricity purchased	kwh.	327, 864, 248	3,156	403,328,103	2,693
Steam purchased			17	0 4 0	22
2. Small establishments not reporting commodity detail:					
Estimate for fuel and electricity		***	20		21
3. All establishments:					
Total fuel and electricity used		* * *	5,801	***	6,726

TABLE 12. Materials and Supplies - Manufacturing Activity, 1963 and 1964

Decembion		1963		1964	
Description		Quantity	Cost	Quant ity	Cost
			\$'000		\$1000
1. Materials used:	Į.				
Wool tops and broken tops (clean weight)	. 1b.	919,918	1,297	2, 167, 681	1.973
Raw cotton	4.5	4,577,218	1.354	4, 178, 503	1,290
Rayon staple fibre, tow and tops		23, 284, 846	7. 244	24,331,299	8, 273
Nylon staple fibre, tow and tops	c b	1,636,362	1.763	1,988,234	1.759
Acrylic staple fibre, tow and tops	44	3,555,596	4.147	4,845,295	5.260
Polyester staple fibre, tow and tops	3.5	1,577,174	1,830	2,149,738	2,356
Other raw stock			9,823		12,535
Yarns:			-,		,
Filament varns:					
Real silk	. ib.	42.075	24.2	6.908	4.6
Acetate rayon	F-f	13, 932, 636	9.514	7, 177, 83 9	6, 986
Other rayon	84	3,125,401	2.701	4.699.786	4, 132
Nylon	8.6	11, 282, 990	20,730	11, 948, 576	23, 168
Polyester	7-4	1,354,298	2,482	1, 191, 872	2,397
Glass		2, 271, 113	1,505	2,835,647	1, 898
Other filament yarns		1, 187, 063	1,394	1,692,216	2, 207
Spun yarns:			.,001	2,002,010	m,
Cotton:		Į.		Į.	
Natural or grey	4.5	5,385,363	4,553	5,639,417	5, 150
Bleached or coloured		241,617	282	184.788	225
Rayon		5,982,856	4.381	4,370,205	3.507
Spun yarn wholly of man-made fibre, n.e.s.		1,574,468	1.586	3,248,943	2,850
Spun yarn containing wool		167,449	282	312,557	74.8
Spun yarn containing cotton and no wool		80, 639	122	475, 157	525
Other spun yarn		2,452,154	2,601	3,754,931	3,247
Rubber and spandex yarn		250, 604	741	250, 286	726
Broadwoven fabrics purchased for further processing:		200,001	100	2001200	,
Fabrics, Canadian (not made by reporting plant):					
Man-made containing filament yarns	. sq. vd.	2,065,000	942	5,176,299	1,072
Other man-made fabrics	34	491, 212	1,956	504,099	1,986
Fabrics, imported:			-,		-,
Man-made containing filament yarns		6,510,322	3,263	6,781,593	3.440
Other man-made fabrics	4.1	1,361,300	642	1,287,351	620
Silk, wool and cotton fabrics (Canadian and imported)		2,393,130	726	2,967,058	915
Oils		444	420		498
Chemicals and dyestuffs			38,712		43.062
	1	1		}	00.041
All other materials and components used		* * 4	22,597		23,041
Containers and other packaging materials and supplies used			3,264	* * *	4,021
Operating, maintenance and repair supplies used (excluding fuel)	-		10,048	***	12,065
. Amount paid out to others for work done on materials owned by establishments	,	> 0 0	1,910		2,084
Totals			165,057		184,063

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>No detailed information on materials used was collected from small establishments, the estimated costs for which are included here. These estimated costs were \$791,158 in 1963 and \$857,375 in 1964.

TABLE 13. Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1963 and 1964

Description	1963		1964	
Description	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
		\$'000		\$*000
. Products:			}	
Broadwoven synthetic fabrics:				
Pile fabrics sq. yds.	37, 201, 331	35,420 76,612	34,238,470	37,237
Apparel fabrics (except pile fabrics)	132,313,467	76,612	147,864,199	92,562
Ail other fabrics <sup>1</sup> Filament yarns (not thrown) 1b.	80, 741, 983	13, 162 83, 976	81, 421, 305	8,781 90,272
Filament varns thrown:	00, 141, 300	00,510	01, 421, 303	90,212
Stretch yarns "	6,862,215	16,314	12, 393, 682	16, 098
Textured yarns	2,372,552	6,696	2,843,440	7,922
Other thrown yarns	3,860,367	3,900	5,275,765	6,326
Spun yarns:	- 010 000			
Machine knitting	7, 846, 033	13,937	6.375.743 16.590,218	13, 155
Staple fibre and tow (except cigarette tow)	13,369,153 50,607,224	9, 230 23, 076	55,803,878	11,798 23,627
Waste	9, 200, 989	2, 113	9, 199, 252	2,692
	-,,	-,	0,1-0,-00	
All other products	* * *	46,978	* * 1	61,601
. Amount received in payment for work done on materials and products owned by others		1,990		1,779
Loss adjustment for value of sales taxes, excise duties and outward transportation charges which could not be deducted from individual commodity items described				
above		(992)	* * *	(1,198
Total adjusted value of shipments and work done		332,409		372,653

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes broadwoven silk fabrics, broad elastic fabrics, all types; and knitted fabrics.

TABLE 14. Shipments of Selected Goods of Own Manufacture — All Industries, 1963 and 1964 (Includes shipments from other industries which manufacture, as a secondary activity, the commodities listers)

#### A. Broadwoven Synthetic Fabrics

	1963		1964 <sup>p</sup>	
Description	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
	sq. yds.	\$'000	sq. yds.	\$'000
Pile fabrics, furnishing and industrial fabrics and all non-apparel fabrics	38,507,595	37,518	35, 938, 037	40,33
Apparel fabrics (except pile fabrics):				
Whoily of filament yarns:				
Fabrics over 85% viscose and/or acetate rayon	58,558,427	22,917	77, 209, 031	34,82
Fabrics over 85% nylon	9,619,580	8, 144	10,532,563	8,66
Fabrics over 85% polyester fibre	1		0 477 077	5 70
Other fabrics wholly of filament yarns	5,722,654	4,556	6,475,855	5,72
Whoily of spun yarns (may contain cotton):				
Fabrics over 85% viscose and/or acetate rayon	28,578,704	15,418	23,359,596	16, 18
Other spun yarn fabrics countaining 40% or more polyester fibre	1 2 202 252	0.000	0.000.400	7, 29
Other spun yarn fabrics	7,897,953	6,267	9, 892, 429	1,48
Mixtures of filament and spun yarns:				
Fabrics over 85% viscose and/or acetate rayon	1	1	3	1
Filament yarn and cotton mixture fabrics	12,673,922	9,227	11,833,312	9,53
Other mixtures of filament and spun yarn fabrics	14,028,794	13,075	12,690,301	13, 19
Total shipments	175, 587, 629	117, 122	187, 911, 124	135, 75

Contidential: Deduced in the same entegory under "Whothy or spen yarns (may contain cotton)".

#### B. Broadwoven Synthetic Fabrics by Type and Construction

			1963		
Description	Viscose and/or rayon acetate over 85%	Nylon and nylon mixtures	Polyester and polyester mixtures	All other	Total
		:	square yards		
Dress fabrics  Lingerie fabrics  Lining fabrics  Neckwear fabrics  Other apparel fabrics  Upholstery, drapery and slip cover fabrics; except pile  Other furnishing and industrial fabrics	19, 239, 171 1,489, 100 53, 993, 210 543,442 10,562, 993 1,443,543 13,618,672 5,137,796 106, 227, 927	315,462 294,318 72,397 — 22,871,195 1,527,732 1,085,557 1,462,614 27,629,275	1,604,534 562,490 19,043 — 7,094,601 56,300 934,192 15,888 10,287,048	6,459,918 335,052 647,680 - 7,912,165 1,167,321 8,041,188 6,880,055 31,443,379	27, 619, 085 2, 680, 960 54, 732, 330 543, 442 48, 440, 954 4, 194, 896 23, 879, 609 13, 496, 353 175, 587, 629
			1964		
Dress fabrics  Lingerie fabrics  Lining fabrics  Neckwear fabrics  Other apparel fabrics  Pile fabrics  Upholstery, drapery and slip cover fabrics; except pile	19.855,590 1,771,349 63.383,020 481,134 13,495,224 1,236,535 10,822,047	367,911 330,232 74,945 8,490,592 11,997,547 1,281,859 614,317	2,253,427 543,487 11,442 257,483 9,957,019 — 362,779	4,425,602 496,611 171,307 — 10,173,163 1,782,849 7,864,051	26,902,530 3,141,679 63,640,714 9,229,209 45,622,953 4,301,24 19,663,134
Other furnishing and industrial fabrics	4,585,167	2, 240, 280	793,924	7,790,231	15,409,600
Totals	115, 630, 066	25, 397, 683	14, 179, 561	32, 793, 814	187, 911, 134

TABLE 15. Total Yarns Spun,' Whether Produced for Own Use, for Sale or on Commission, 1964

Description	Quantity
	'000 lb.
am spun:	
Wholly of cotton	2
Cotton blends	2
Wool mixtures	3,561
Wholly of one man-made fibre	9, 263
Man-made fibre blends	12,905
All other yarns	18,248
Total	43, 976

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm t}$  Includes total yarn spun by the Synthetic Textile Mills industry only.  $^{\rm t}$  Included in "All other yarns".

TABLE 16. Total Yarns Spun, in All Industries, Whether Produced for Own Use, for Sale or on Commission, 1964

Description	Quantity
	'000 lb.
Yarn spun:	
Wholly of cotton	190,545
Cotton blends	1,870
Wholly of wool	13,041
Wool mixtures	28, 808
Wholly of one man-made fibre	32,030
All other yarns (including mohair mixtures, alpaca, etc.)	16,050
Total	282, 344

Inchairs tout rank span by the Cotton Yara and Grock Mills, the Went Mills, the Symphotic Textile Mills, and the Hostery and Kullting Mills Industries.

TABLE 17. Mechanical Equipment, 1964

	1964
	number
ndles;	
hrowing	57,421
inding	9, 996
oubling and twisting	75,884
pinning	145,616
e-drawing	3,361
eeling	2,170
one winding	17,858
uill winding	2,872
Li other	23,400
pers	192
ds	529
shers	45
oms:	
0 inches and under	20
1-48 inches	4 84
9-56 inches	2,466
7 Inches and over	3,400
elvet	70
quard machines in place on the above looms	337
bies in place on the above looms	4,600
iding machines	7
tting machines	88
etchers	3

#### List of Establishments classified to This Industry, 1964

(Does not include establishments classified to other industries, which as a secondary activity, manufacture products typical of this industry)

Name	Location	
iova Scotia:		
(Formex Co. of Canada Div.) Huyck Canada Ltd	Kentville	
uebec:		
Associated Textiles of Canada Limited Associated Textiles of Canada Limited Bruck Mills Limited Bruck Mills Limited Bruck Mills Limited Canadian Celanese Limited Canadian Celanese Limited Canadian Celanese Limited Canadian Celanese Limited Collins & Aikman of Canada Ltd. Collins & Aikman of Canada Ltd. Consolidated Textiles Limited Consolidated Textiles Limited Dionne Spinning Mills Company Domil Ltd.	2177 Masson St., Montreal St. Martin St., Louiseville Depot St., Cowansville 100 Woodward Ave., Sherbrooke 130 Grégoire St., St. Johns Coaticook Drummondville Sorei 550 Normandie Blvd., St-Jean Farnham 142 St. Peter St., St. John's Joliette St. Hyacinthe St. George West Sherbrooke	
Domil Ltd. Doric Textile Mills Ltd. Dufresne Yarns Limited Duplan of Canada Ltd.	St. Ambroise St., Montreal 300 St. Louis, St. John's Sutton 33 - 4th St., Montmagny	
Hafner Fabrics of Canada Ltd Iberville Drapery Mills Limited La Salle Blanket Co. Ltd Malibu Fabrics of Canada Ltd	Racine St., Granby 64 — 4th Avenue, Iberville Cap St-Ignace, Montmagny 353 Richmond St., Montreal	
Mantex Ltd. Martin, J.B. Co. Ltd. Montreal Throwing Co. Ltd.	201 St. Louis, St-Jean 445 St. James St., St. John's Jacqueline St., Rigaud	
Moose River Mills Ltd. Rayonese Textile Co. Ltd. Robinson Textiles Ltd. Rose-Tex Mills Ltd.	Acton Vale 680 Mgr, Dubois, St-Jérôme 25 A Monk St., Longueil 416 St. Luc, Magog	
Sauquoit Industries Ltd, Templon Spinning Mills (Canada) Ltd, Textiles Phénix Ltée.	185 St. Hubert, Granby St. Henri & Laferté Sts., Danis, ond r He St. Hyacinthe	
Thor Mills Limited Walnut Products Corp. Yarntex Corporation Ltd. Zephyr Textiles Limited	110 Robinson St., Granty 38 Royal St., Farnham 550 Beaumont Ave., Montrell St. Paul St., Ormstown	
ntario;		
Barday Ltd. Bay Mills Ltd.	51 Rose St., Galt Fourth St., Midland	
Bell Knit Industries Ltd. Canadian Celanese Ltd. Millhaven Fibres Ltd.	89 Tycos Drive, Toronto 268 Grand River Ave., Brantford Milihaven	
Canadian Synthetic Fibres Ltd	35 Water St. S., Galt 500 Ontario St., Stratford	
Courtaulds (Canada) Limited Dawbarn (Canada) Ltd. Dominion Silk Mills Limited	Montreai Rd., Cornwall Prince Charles Rd., Brantford 2 Mark St., Toronto 2	
Du Pont Co. of Canada Ltd. Fiberglas Canada Limited	Box 2100, Kingston 247 York Rd., Guelph St. Andrews St., Galt	
Granatstein, M. & Sons Ltd. La France Textles Canada Ltd. Lancaster Weaving Mills Ltd. Lincoln Fabrics Ltd.	488 Wellington St., W., Toronto 611 Dund St., Woodstock 130 Birch St., Kitchener 63 Lakeport Rd., Port Dalhousie Ward, St. Ca	tharines
Newlands & Company Ltd. Pikor Fabrics Pontex Ltd.	104 Water St., Galt Dunnville 35 Water St., Galt	
Riverside Yarns Limited	15 Melville St., Galt	
lberta:		
(Canadian Celanese Co. Div.) Chemceil (1963) Ltd.	Box 99, Edmonton	

#### CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Census of Manufactures

#### General

The Census of Manufactures is an annual mail survey covering Canada's Manufacturing Industries. It is based on the Standard Classification of Industries and full details concerning the system may be found in the Standard Industrial Classification manual, Catalogue No. 12-501 which is available from the Queen's Printer or the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. In summary, the Classification as it relates to the manufacturing industries provides for a breakdown into 140 industries arranged in 20 major industry groups. Of the 140 (3 digit) industries, 18 are further broken down into 56 (4 digit) sub classes. At the Canada level, principal statistics are collected and compiled for 176 separate industries. They cannot all be published separately by province, however, because of the confidential nature of the data in certain provinces.

The reporting unit for the Census is designated as the establishment (see definition of "Establishment" in following section) and a return is requested from every establishment classified to a manufacturing industry. Although respondents are required to submit reports covering the calendar year, financial year reports other than the calendar year are accepted in instances where respondents find it impossible to supply calendar year data from accounting records. When an establishment is operated for only part of a year a report is required covering the period of operation.

There are four different questionnaires used in the Census of Manufactures; (a) short form (b) long form (c) head office questionnaire and (d) commodity questionnaire. The short and long forms are used to obtain principal statistics and commodities shipped from establishments classified to manufacturing industries and differ only in the amount of detail requested. The short form is a single-sheet questionnaire sent to small manufacturers generally reporting shipments of less than \$100,000; this cut-off, however, varies somewhat between industries. The head office questionnaire is generally used for company head offices and/or auxiliary units separately located from the manufacturing establishment(s), (see following notes on Head offices and auxiliary units). The Commodity questionnaire is used to survey certain establishments which are coded (on the basis of their principal activity) to industries other than manufacturing in the Standard Industrial Classification system, but which undertake some manufacturing as a subsidiary activity. This single-sheet questionnaire is designed to collect information on the quantity and value of goods of own manufacture shipped by such establishments in order to achieve full coverage of domestically manufactured commodities (see the following note under Shipments).

The results of the Census are presented in some 140 publications. In addition to these annual industry publications there are annual summary reports for Canada and the provinces and special reports giving principal statistics by detailed geographic areas, by type of ownership and size of establishment. A special annual report covering the shipments of all manufactured commodities arranged in alphabetical order is also published.

Since 1960 the following major changes have been implemented in the Census of Manufactures: (a) a revised Standard Industrial Classification (b) a new establishment definition and (c) an extension of the establishment definition to cover the non-manufacturing activities of manufacturing establishments. The statistics presented in the various 1963 reports reflect the complete implementation of these changes and enable comparisons to be made with the years 1961 and 1962. For a complete description of the procedures followed in establishing the revised series, reference should be made to the Explanatory Notes included in the 1960, 1961 and 1962 industry publications. The statistical framework within which the Census of Manufactures is now carried out is based on the following concepts and definitions which have been developed as part of a general programme to achieve a fully integrated system of economic statistics

#### Establishment

A manufacturing establishment is typically a factory, mill or plant principally engaged in manufacturing activities. The majority of such establishments are firms but many firms have more than one establishment. Such firms are requested to submit a separate Census of Manufactures report for each manufacturing establishment which can meet the reporting requirements embodied in the following definition of the "establishment":

"The smallest unit which is a separate operating entity capable of reporting the following principal statistics:

Materials and supplies used
Goods purchased for resale as such
Fuel and power consumed
Number of employees and salaries and wages
Man-hours worked and paid
Inventories
Shipments or sales."

Each establishment is required to report on all the activities carried out within it's accounting boundaries (except income from investments such as rent, interest and dividends) and data on the different activities (manufacturing, trading in goods not of own manufacture, construction by own labour

force, revenue from services, etc.) are requested to be reported separately. It should be noted that the statistics for separate activities are not completely consistent since some respondents cannot distinguish, in their records, materials, shipments and inventories relating solely to their own manufacturing activities. For example, inventory of goods purchased for re-sale may not be distinguishable from inventory of own manufactured goods. Complete consistency, therefore, can be obtained only at the "all operations" (total activity) level and for studies or statistical measures requiring accurate coordinated data, the "total" statistics should be used.

The number of establishments represents the number of operating units that are principally engaged in the activities of the manufacturing industries to which they have been classified. These units do not necessarily represent the total number engaged in the production of a commodity mainly produced in a certain industry. Some commodities are produced as secondary products in other manufacturing and non-manufacturing industries. It should be noted that head offices and auxiliary units which are surveyed separately are not included in the establishment count, (see following notes on head offices and auxiliary units).

#### Head Offices and Auxiliary Units

All head offices and auxiliary units of companies classified to the manufacturing industries such as sales offices, administrative offices, warehouses, laboratories, etc. are now surveyed as part of the Census of Manufactures.

These head offices and auxiliary units are either included in an establishment report or are surveyed by means of the head office questionnaire. The former is the most common case where a single establishment firm has its executive personnel, sales office, etc. located at the site of the manufacturing plant (establishment). The special head office questionnaire is generally used where a firm, regardless of the number of establishments, has separately located offices or auxiliary units. Such offices or units do not constitute establishments within the Census of Manufactures as they do not normally generate operational revenues, but give rise only to costs of operations (mainly salaries and wages) which are automatically included in the value of shipments or sales. Although not considered as establishments, and hence, not included in the "establishment" count for an industry, the operational costs are reflected in either the "Industry" statistics (3 or 4 digit level) or the "Major group" statistics (2 digit level) according to the following rules:

- (a) In the case of single establishment firms, statistics for separately located offices and units are classified to the same industry (3 or 4 digit) as the establishment:
- (b) In the case of multi-establishment firms, the statistics for such offices and units are coded to the same industry as the establishments of the firm, when all establishments are in the same industry (3 or 4 digit). When establishments of

such firms are coded (1) to different industries within a major group, (2) to industries in different major groups or (3) to industries in different divisions of the Standard Industrial Classification, then the statistics are included in the major group totals (2 digit level) in which the major part of the company's operations are classified. Although this may result in some distortion of major group statistics in the case of (2) and (3) the statistics at the industry (3 or 4 digit) level in all cases will be left free of these company-wide data.

#### **Employees**

#### (a) Production and related workers - Manufacturing activities

In addition to those engaged in production and assembling activities, they include those employed in storing, inspecting, handling, packing, warehousing, etc. They also include employees engaged in maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services and line supervisors (working foremen) engaged in similar work to that of the employees they supervise. For those establishments reporting on the "long" form, production and related workers engaged in manufacturing activity are reported as those receiving pay during the last pay period of each month, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly figures and dividing by 12. This procedure is followed even though the establishment did not operate in all months in order to arrive at equivalent annual full-time employment. The numbers are somewhat affected by turnover, in that employment is overstated when an employee changes employment during a pay period. In the case of those establishments reporting on the "short" form, respondents are requested to report average annual figures. The man-hours of production and related workers in manufacturing activity represent total man-hours paid (total hours at work during the calendar year plus hours not worked but nevertheless paid for, such as paid vacations, sick leave, statutory holidays, etc.). Data on man-hours are not collected from establishments reporting on the short form. Man-hours for these establishments are estimated on the basis of ratios derived from the 1958 census. During this census all establishments reported on the long form. In reporting overtime hours, respondents are requested to report only hours actually at work. It should be noted that the division of hours paid into production and related workers payrolls results in average hourly earnings and does not represent hourly wage rates which are collected and published by the Department of Labour and which are based on selected occupations.

## (b) Production and related workers - Non-manufacturing activities

Such employees include those on manufacturing establishments' payrolls engaged in activities such as construction undertaken for the use of these establishments, some outside piece-workers employed in certain industries, logging employees who are reported as part of a sawmilling establishment and any other production workers who are not engaged in manufacturing-type operations.

#### (c) Administrative and office employees

This category includes all executive and supervisory officials such as presidents, vicepresidents, comptrollers, secretaries, treasurers, etc., together with managers, professional, technical and research employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the line supervisor or working foreman level, and clerical staffs. Also included are employees in activities such as advertising, credit collections, purchasing, personnel, legal, medical, etc. It should be noted that prior to 1961 this category also included working owners and partners. Also included in this category are employees located at head offices or auxiliary units separately located from the establishment; these are generally included in the figures for the province in which they are located according to the rules outlined under "Head offices and auxiliary units" above.

#### (d) Sales and distribution workers

This category includes office personnel whose salaries are charged to selling expense, travelling salesmen, driver salesmen, truckdrivers and their helpers, etc. It may also include some sales employees who are reported as part of a manufacturing establishment but are not working at the establishment's location. These are generally broken down by province in cases where more than 15 employees are involved in any one province. The figures exclude persons working on a commission basis who are not considered regular employees of the establishment.

#### Total Employees

This total comprises the foregoing categories including employees located at separately located head offices and auxiliary units. The numbers of employees included under categories (b), (c) and (d) are reported in the form of annual averages and represent as closely as possible full time employment; adjustments are made when reported figures indicate the existence of part time or seasonal employment. In all the above categories, figures on employment refer to the calendar year whether or not other establishment statistics can only be reported on a fiscal year other than the calendar year.

#### Working Owners or Partners

These are not now included in the statistics of employees and salaries and wages. There is some duplication in numbers when a person owns more than one establishment and is reported as a working owner on each Census return. Withdrawals of working owners are defined as amounts withdrawn by owners or partners for normal living expenses excluding withdrawals for payment of income tax.

#### Salaries and Wages

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of employees before deductions for income tax and employees contributions to social services such as sickness, accident and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc. They include all salaries, wages,

bonuses, profits shared with employees, the value of room and board where provided, commissions (paid to regular employees only) as well as any other allowance forming part of the worker's earnings. Payments for over-time are included. Figures on salaries and wages refer to the calendar year.

#### Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used (including fuel used in cars, trucks, locomotives, etc.), not to purchases unless the quantities are substantially the same. Any fuel and electricity produced by establishments for internal consumption are not included in the total cost. Values represent laid down cost at the establishment including freight, duty, etc. Although fuel and electricity used is considered part of manufacturing activity it should be noted that it also includes relatively small amounts used in non-manufacturing activities since these cannot be reported separately.

#### Materials and Supplies

#### (a) Manufacturing activities

Figures represent quantities and laid down cost values, at the establishment, of materials, supplies and purchased components owned and used during the year in manufacturing activities and related processes. These statistics represent only commodity items or physical goods (cost of services or overhead charges such as advertising, insurance, depreciation, etc. are not included) whether purchased from others or received as transfers (in the form of materials, components or semi-processed goods) from other establishments of the reporting company. Included are maintenance and repair supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and any amounts charged by other establishments for work done on materials owned by the reporting establishment. Cost of repairs or maintenance done by outside contractors and cost of returnable containers are not included.

#### (b) Non-manufacturing activities

#### 1. Purchases for re-sale as such

Figures represent cost of materials or products purchased from others by the reporting establishment (or received as transfers from other establishments of the reporting company) for re-sale as such in the same condition as purchased. Included are any finished products received on consignment from other countries.

#### 2. Other materials and supplies used

Figures represent the cost of materials and supplies, if any, used in new construction and in the production of machinery and equipment (for the use of the reporting establishment) by the establishment's own employees. Included are materials used for any capital repairs and alterations carried out by the establishment's employees. Amounts paid to outside contractors for construction and repair work are not included nor is the cost of

purchased machinery and equipment. Also included is the cost of office supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and the cost of such other items of materials and supplies used as food, beverages and supplies for establishment-operated cafeterias and lunch counters, first aid and medical supplies, laboratory supplies, etc.

#### **Shipments**

#### (a) General

The figures represent revenue from all production, sales, services and related activities of reporting establishments with shipments valued in Canadian dollars at the point at which the establishment relinquishes control. The unsold portion at year end of consignment shipments in Canada is treated as inventory and not as shipments but all shipments to foreign countries for which the form B13 "Customs Canada Export Entry" has been completed, are treated as shipments.

In those industries where work on principal products extends over a relatively long period, (Fabricated Structural Metal Industry, Aircraft and Parts Manufacturers, Railroad Rolling Stock Industry and Shipbuilding and Repair Industry) the value of production rather than the value of shipments is recorded. There are certain establishments in other industries which also operate on a basis of progress payments. For these establishments, shipments are also adjusted to work put in place on the basis of the net change in progress payments over the year.

#### (b) Shipments of goods of own manufacture

These figures represent shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting establishments or by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting establishments for work done. Included are revenue from repair and custom work, amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by other establishments and the cost (book value) of any goods shipped on a rental basis.

All products and by-products of own manufacture shipped from the establishment are covered, including transfer shipments to sales outlets, distributing warehouses or to other manufacturing plants of the reporting firm, when such units are treated as separate establishments. The value of shipments are net of returned goods, discounts, returns, allowances, sales tax and excise taxes and duties, returnable containers and charges for outward transportation by common or contract carriers. Transportation or delivery expense incurred by the reporting establishment's own carriers are included.

Shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments which are coded to some other division of the Standard Industrial Classification (on the basis of principal activity) but which are engaged in manufacturing as a subsidiary activity

are collected by means of the Commodity questionnaire referred to earlier. Such shipments together with shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments forming the universe of manufacturing industries are compiled and recorded in the various industry publications.

#### (c) Shipments of goods not of own manufacture

These figures represent the net selling value at establishment (net of discounts, returns, allowances, sales taxes and excise duties and taxes and transportation charges by common or contract carriers) of all products or materials (including products transferred from other establishments of the reporting firm) sold as such in the same condition as purchased or received as transfers. For those industries which ship such goods on a rental basis, the value of shipments represents the book value of these goods. All sales of consignment goods from other countries are included.

#### (d) Other revenue

Figures represent the book value of fixed assets, if any, (new construction and machinery and equipment including major repairs, alterations, additions, modifications, installation and assembly work) produced during the year for the use of reporting establishments by the establishment's own employees and for which depreciation accounts are maintained. Included also are any revenues from the sale of electricity and from any operations performed by the establishment's own employees, such as revenue from goods produced or purchased for rental (the book value of such goods are included as part of shipments of goods of own manufacture or shipments of goods not of own manufacture), servicing revenues, commissions on sales (when not included in value of sales), revenue for companyoperated cafeterias and lunch counters and revenue from outside installation or construction work not related to the establishment's own products, sale of used materials (excluding sale of used fixed assets) research and development work, etc. As mentioned previously the figures do not include non-operating revenue such as rent, dividends, interest, etc.

#### Inventories

#### (a) Manufacturing activities

Values represent the book values of manufacturing inventory owned in Canada. Inventories held for which progress payments have been received are not included. Where progress payment accounts are maintained, the change in these accounts is treated as a net adjustment to shipments. Figures consist of inventory owned at the plant and at warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments for the purpose of reporting shipments. Inventory owned in transit in Canada or on consignment in Canada is included. Goods shipped abroad and held in inventory are included in shipments. Opening inventories may differ from the closing inventories of the previous year because of changes in classification, the

receipt of revised data, the inclusion of new establishments and the removal of establishments which did not operate during the survey year.

#### (b) Non-manufacturing activities

Figures represent the book value of inventory of goods purchased for re-sale as such without further processing, owned by the reporting establishments and held at plants and at any warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments. Other characteristics are the same as in (a) above.

#### Value Added

#### (a) By manufacturing activities

Figures are compiled by deducting the cost of manufacturing materials, supplies, etc. and fuel and electricity consumed from the (value of shipments of goods of own manufacture adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of finished goods and goods in process).

#### (b) By non-manufacturing activities

The figures are compiled by deducting the cost of goods purchased for re-sale (adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of goods pur-

chased for re-sale) and the cost of non-manufacturing materials and supplies used from the value of shipments of goods not of own manufacture, plus other revenue.

#### (c) By Total activities

The figures consist of value added by manufacturing activities plus value added by non-manufacturing activities. This total value added figure may, in some cases, be less than value added by manufacturing activities as a result of expenditures associated with non-manufacturing exceeding revenues from such activities or because of a decrease in inventory of goods not of own manufacture exceeding the mark-up on the sale of such goods. 'Value added' is sometimes referred to as net output or net production. However, to arrive at the National Accounts concept of net production, or Gross Domestic Product at "Factor cost" it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of advertising, insurance and other business expenses which are not collected as part of the annual Census of Manufactures, "Value added" figures for the primary industries, manufacturing and construction are published in DBS publication Catalogue No. 61-202, "Survey of Production".

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