# CANADA 

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
CENSUS OF INDUSTRY

REPORT
on the

## WOOLLEN TEXTILE INDUSTRY

in
CANADA
1928

INCLUこING -

> 1. Woollen Cloths
> 2. Woollon Yarns
> 3. Carpets, Mats and Rugs
> 4. Woollen Goods, n.e.s.

Published by Authonty of the Hon. James Malcolm, M.P.
Minister of Trade and Commerce

OTTAWA

MOTE. - The statistics published in the present atatement include only the tatiatics of the principal products of such manufacturing establishments as use Wool as thoir principal material. Statistice rolating to apecific producte are therefore not to be regarded as comprohensiva, as these are also found as socondary products of other industries of the Hosiery and Knit goods etc., etc.

Ottawa, November, 1929. - The amial report of the Toollen Textile Industry in Cinade for the calendar year 1928 is herewith prestaref under the four following heads:

1. Wocllen Cloths.
2. Woollen Yarns.
3. Carpets, mats and rugs.
4. Woollen Goods, n.e.s.

The following table shows the location by provinces of the number of establishments in each section. Woollen cloth mills increased since last report by 1 , woollen yarn mills remained stetionery. carpets, mats and rugs increased by 1 , and woollen textile mills. $n . \theta_{\text {. }} s_{\text {, }}$ jecreased by 4.

| Provinces | Foollen <br> cloth <br> mills | Tocileal <br> yam <br> mills | Camets <br> rats and <br> IUgs | Woollen goods $\text { n. e. s. } f$ | All Woollen textile mills. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CAIVADA | 51 | 20 | 22 | 27 | 120 |
| Nova Scotia | 4 | $\pm$ | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| New Brunswick | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 8 |
| Quebec | 11. | 1 | - | 5 | 17 |
| Ontario | 34 | 12 | 16 | 19 | i 81 |
| Western Provinces | - | $?$ | 4 | 1 | 7 |

f Woollen coods, n.e.s. includes - wool folts, Tol pulled, etc., wool stock(shoddy) pool Naste ami- noils, etc.

In view of the tendency towards concentration jn indusurial enternaise: a series of tables has been prepared presenting in a thre $\begin{gathered}\text { fold way the size ci estabinh- }\end{gathered}$ ments in each of the four sections comprising the woolin gocds industiy ileamuru fer (a) capital investment, (b) gross value of proaction arı (c. The number ff mersons employed, all within certain specified groups ir limitai ons for the calencar years ig27 and 1928. The tables further indicate the moremenu of canital prodiactior end cmplcyment within the industry.

Woollen Cloth Mills, 192E.
In 1928 tho number of mills in operation mere 5. rijti a toval ceoitai investment of $\$ 18,274,895$, a gross value of production of $\$ 15,06 \bar{c} .051$ and a totril emploment of 3.996. Twenty-three establishments had a capjtal. irvestment oi $\$ 17: 533.271$ or 95.9 per cent of the total capitalization and an averare investmont per estajl shment of $\$ 762,316$. Seventeen plants had a gross production of $\$ 13,9: 47,640$ or 92,6 per cent of the total production and an average output per establishmer of $\$ 820,449$. In amployment 19 establishments had 3,625 persons on the payroll being ar: average of 191 per astablishment and 90.72 per cent of the total employment.

In 1927 the number of mills in operation were 55 vith a total capital investment of $\$ 20,170,185$ a gross value of production of $\$ 1!, 318: 〕 ?$ and a total cmpioyment of 4,249. Twenty-seven establishment: had a cenital investment of \$19,5c5, 556 or 97.16 per cent of the total capitalization and an average investment per establjshment of $\$ 725,884$. Twenty-two plants had a gross production of $\$ 13.569: 5-3$ or 34 e 77 per cent of the total production and an average output per establishmen; of $\$ 615, ? 56$. In employment 21 establishments had 3,832 persons on the payroll beine an average of 282,5 per establishment and 90.18 per cent of the total employment,


## THE WOCLLEN TEXTILE INDUSTRY IN CANADA, 1928.

A summary table showing the principal statistics of each of the four sections comprising the woollen textile industry and a total for all sections is presented herewith for the calendar year 1928 for the Dominion as a whole.

Sumaary of Woollen Textile Industry, by Sections - 1928.

| Principal Statistics |  | Woollen cloths | Woollen yarns | Carpets, mats and Ruags | Woollen goods <br> n. e. s. | Total <br> Woollen <br> Textile <br> Industries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments Capital invested | No. \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 51 \\ 18,274,895 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ 8,810,695 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 22 \\ 6,072,610 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ 8,375,122 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 120 \\ 41,533,322 \end{array}$ |
| Employees on salarieshale Female Salaries | No. <br> No. <br> \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 224 \\ 42 \\ 600,201 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ 27 \\ 181,236 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 174 \\ 42 \\ 442,277 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 85 \\ 26 \\ 329,768 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 533 \\ 137 \\ 1,553,482 \end{array}$ |

Employees on wagesAverage of -
Male
Female
Nages

Outside piece-workers-

## Male

Female
Amount paid

| No. | 1,935 |
| :--- | ---: |
| No. | 1,795 |
| $\$$ | $3,163,737$ |

767
1,045
$1,235,064$

| 559 | 715 | 3,976 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 362 | 399 | 3,601 |
| 854,527 | 877,269 | $6,130,597$ |

Cost of fuel and electricity

Power employed Units
Capacity
Cost of materials
Value of Products
Value added by
manufacture

| No. | 3 |
| :--- | ---: |
| No. | 1 |
| $\$$ | 17.81 |

8

| $\$$ | 369,994 | 131,160 | 80,204 | 113,681 | 695,039 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| NO. | 868 | 217 | 275 | 276 | 1,636 |  |
| H. F. | 11,063 | 3,908 | 2,267 | 4,094 | 21,332 |  |
| $\$$ | $9,270,861$ | $4,789,168$ | $2,370,903$ | $3,494,918$ | $19,925,850$ |  |
| $\$$ | $15,062,081$ | $7,706,740$ | $5,009,240$ | $6,909,229$ | $34,687,290$ |  |
|  |  | $5,791,220$ | $2,917,572$ | $2,638,337$ | $3,414,311$ | $14,761,440$ |
| $\$$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Compared with 1927 there was an increase of 6 in the number of establishments reporting, an increase of 54 in the number of male employees on salaries, an increase of 19 in the number of females on salaries, an increase of 30 in the number of males employed on wages, an increase of 186 in the number of females employed on wages, of $\$ 117,534$ in the payments to salaried employees, of $\$ 338,271$ in the amount paid to wage-earners, an increase in the cost of materials of $\$ 2,846,222$, and in value of products of $\$ 3,474,448$. Decreases appear in the cost of fuel amounting to $\$ 12,844$, in horsepower capacity of 82 and in capital investraent of $\$ 499,542$.
in 2927 and 1928.
A comparison by provinces of the principal statistics in woollen cloth mills for the calendar years 1927 and 1928 is offered in Table 1. The number of mills reporting increased during the period by 4 , while the gross vaiue of products increased by $\$ 743,712$. In order that disclosure of information of individual establishments may be avoided the statistics of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick have been combined throughout this report.

Table 1. - Principal Statistics of Woollen Cloth Kills, by Provinces,
19.28.

| Principal Statistics |  | Chitaja | Ontario | Quebec | Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 51 | 34 |  | 6 |
| Capital invested | \$ | 18,274,895 | 15,005,679 | 2,663,940 | 605,276 |
| Employees on salaries |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | No. | 224 | 181 | 24 | 19 |
| Female | No. |  | 37 | 2 |  |
| Salaries | \$ | 600,201 | 520,902 | 54, 395 | 25,104 |
| Employees on wages(avge. No.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | No. | 1,935 | 1,571 | 287 | 77 |
| Female | No. | 1,795 | 1,434 | 288 | 73 |
| Wages paid | \$ | 3,163,737 | 2,642,086 | 444,188 | 77,463 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$ | 369,994 | 230,731 | 76,199 | 23,064 |
| Power employed - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Units | No. | 858 | 784 | 73 | 11 |
| Capacity | H. P. | 11,063 | 8,799 | 1.752 | 207 512 |
| Cost of materials | \$ | 9,270,861 | 7.872,09? | 1,191,477 | 207,292 |
| Value of Products | \$ | [15,062,081 | 12,580,985 | 2,117.782 | 363,314 |
| Value added by manufacture | \$ | 5,791,220 | 4,708,893 | 926,305 | 156,022 |

Principal Statistics of Woollen Cloth Mills, by Provinces, 1927

| Principal Statistics |  | CANADA | Ontario | Quebec | Nova Scotia and Hew Brunswick |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. |  | 40 | 10 |  |
| Capital invested | \$ | 20,170,185 | 16,923,478 | 2,605,153 | 641,554 |
| 3mployees on salaries - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Female | No. |  |  | 20 |  |
| Salaries | \$ | 622,880 | 542,432 | 45,202 | 25,246 |
| Employees on wages (ave. No.) - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | No. | 2,087 | 1,744 | 258 | 85 |
| Female | No. | 1,886 | 1,523 | 282 | 81 |
| Wages | \$ | 3,093,773 | 2,563,751 | 431,039 | 98,983 |
| cost of fuel and electricity | \$ | 376,511 | 290,950 | 71,115 | 24,546 |
| Power employed - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Units | No. | 732 | 552 | 71 | 9 |
| Capacity | E. P. | 11,850 | 9,669 | 1,702 | 479 |
| Cost of materials |  | 7. 1911,590 | 6,738,7. | 1.031,372 | 221,467 |
| Value of products | \$ | 14,318,309 | 12,073,192 | 1,827,119 | 418,058 |
| Value added by manufacture | \$ | 6,326,779 | 5,354,442 | 795, 747 | 196,591 |

## PRODUCTION.

The production in woollen cloth mills in 1928 is shown for the Dominion in Table 2. There was an increase in value of production of $\$ 743,712$ as compared with the Previous year. The provinces of Ontario contributed 83.53 per cent of the tatal value of production, amounting to $\$ 12,580,985$; quebec contributed $\$ 2,117,782$ or 14.06 per cent and the Maritime Provinces $\$ 363,314$ or 2.41 per cent.

Table 2. - Production in Woollen Cloth Mills of Canada,
1928

| Classes of Products | All Wool |  | Union <br> Goods <br> Cotton <br> Mixed | Goods Woven on Cotton Warp |  | Selling Value at Factory |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Woollen | Worsted |  | Wooll | octited |  |
|  | Ids. | \%ds. | Yds. | Yds. | Yds. | \$ |
| Woollen and Worsted Goods - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Suitings, Dress Goods, Overcoating yand <br> Cloakings $4,201,609 \quad 1,822,915 \quad 138,284 \quad 882,704 \quad 61,892, \quad 8,518,038$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flannels for underwear | 5,8 |  | 242,361 | 126,453 | - | 121,533 |
| Blankets, all wool <br> value only $669,275$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blankets, cotton mixed, value only$131,707$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Auto cloths |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carriage cloths and robes$512,855$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Horse blankets |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shawls |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jweaters, cardigan fackets, etc. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fancy knit goods : 122,458 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mackinaw cloths i ${ }_{\text {a }}$ (45,628 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| relours and plushes : $1,500,000$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wonl and cotton felts for pulp and papermaking |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Woolien yarns : ${ }_{\text {a }}$ ( 731,773 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Worsted yarns |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton yarns i i |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hosiery <br> All other products Custom work |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total value of products ${ }^{\text {Ta }}$ ( $15,062,001$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The amount of capital invented in the woollen cloth section of the industry in 1928 is shom in Table 3 uncier $4 \cdots 0$ hecds:- fixed capital which includes land, buildings and fixtures and maciinery and tools, and morking capital including materials and stocks on hand, finishod products, fuel and miscellaneous supplies and cash, trading and operating accounts, etc. Ontario provided 82.1 per cent of the total investment, Quebec 14.6 per cent and the Maritime Provinces 3.3 per cent. Fixed capital decreased by $\$ 924,532$ over 1927, while working capital, more variable in character, decreased by $\$ 970,758$, making a total decrease of $\$ 1,395,290$.

Table 3. - Capital Invested by Provinces, 1928.

| Provinces | Fixed Capital | Working Capital |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Land, buildings, etc. machinery and tools | Materials and supolies and finished products on hand | Cash, trading and operating accounts, $\oplus$ tc. | Capital |
| CANADA | $\$$ $10,545,563$ | $5,745,023$ | $1,984,309$ | $18,274,895$ |
| Nova Scotia and New Brunswick quebec ontario | $\begin{array}{r} 359,637 \\ 1,705,379 \\ 8,480,54 ? \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 184.458 \\ 644,652 \\ 4,915,913 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 61,181 \\ 313,909 \\ 1,609,219 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 605,276 \\ 2,663,940 \\ 15,005,679 \end{array}$ |

Employment Statistics
Statistics of employment are presented in the following series of tables:-
4. Employees by number, sex and remuneration, by provinces.
5. Employment by months, by numbers and sex.
6. Working time of plants and employees.

The number of persons employer, male and femalo, is show by classes, sex and remuneration in Table 4. Total employment fell from 4,257 persons of both sexes in 1927 to 4,045 in 1928, whilst the totil of salaries, wages, etc. rose from $\$ 3,706,653$ in 1927 to $\$ 3,781,749$ in 1928 , being a decrease of 212 in the number employed, but an increase of $\$ 75,096$ in the total payroll.

The avorage number of wage earners mployed in any industry is calculated on the actual number of months the mills werc in operation and not on a basis of 12 calendar months.

Table 4. - mployees, Salaries and Wages, by Provinces, 1928.

| Mrployees by number and sex |  | CAIADA | Ontario | Quebec | Maritime |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Provinces |  |  |  |  |  |

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$\qquad$

## SECTIOT T. - WOOLTEN CIOTH MIIIS

> Eroployment Statistics - Conta.

Statistics of employment by monihs, as per payroll, in the woollen cloth mills of Canada are shom in Table 5, for the calendar year 1928. The maximum of empioyment was attained in the month of August, with a total of 3,867 of both sexes, whilst the month of minimum employment was that of Decomber with a total of 3,328. The average monthly employment for the year was 3,75 of whom 1,935 were males and 1,795 were females.

Table 5. - Employment by Months as per payroll. 1928.

| Month | Male | Female | Month | Rale | Female |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January | No. | No. | No. | No. |  |
| February | 1,878 | 1,720 | July | 1,920 | 1,749 |
| March | 1,899 | 1,767 | August | 1,988 | 1,879 |
| April | 1,842 | 1,759 | September | 1,965 | 1,867 |
| May | 1,962 | 1,812 | October | 1,982 | 1,812 |
| June | 1,970 | 1,773 | November | 1,971 | 1,851 |
|  | 1,855 | 1,723 | December | 1,715 | 1,613 |

The operating time of plants and employees in the Dominion is shown in Table 6. Plant operation on full and part time slows a loss per plant of 4.02 days as compared with 1927. The hours of labour by employees show an increase from 9.38 hours per day in 1927 to 9.49 in 1928, whilst weekly hours also rose from the average of 52.2 in 1927 to 52.85 in 1928.

Table 6. - Woriring time of plants and employees, 1928.

| Number of establishments reporting |  | 51 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Totals |
| Days plants were in operation |  | Averages |
| On full time | 11,279 | 221.26 |
| Cn part time | 884 | 17.33 |
| Idle | 3,341 | 65.51 |
| Hours worked by wage-earners |  | 9.49 |
| Per day or shift | 2,697 | 52.88 |
| Per week |  |  |

Table ? presents stetistics of mage-earnđing employees in month of highest employment working specified hours per day for Cenada and the provinces with percentages of persons working at each specified daily rate. From the table following it will be noted that the prevaling daily rate was that of the groups of wage-earners working 9 and 10 hours per day, the percentages seing 69.25 and 29.45. The 9 hour day prevailed in Ontario and the 10 hour day in Nova sufwidndwceyec. Less than per cent morked during the 8 hour period or in the

Table 7. Hours worked per day vir we-earners in month of highest employment for Cunada an the provinces, 1928.

| Number of wace-zarners in month of highest empioment working per day of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \text { hours } \\ & \text { or less } \end{aligned}$ | 9 hours | 10 hours | jver 10 hours | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \text { hours } \\ & \text { or less } \end{aligned}$ | $9 \text { hours }$ | 10 hours | Over 10 nours |
| CATADA | 30 | 2,918 | 1,241 | 25 | .71 | 69.25 | 29.45 | .59 |
| Nova Scotia | - | 19 | 31 | - | - | 38.00 | 62.00 | - |
| New Brunswick | - | - | 108 | - | - |  | 100.00 | - |
| Quebec | - | 9 | b55 | - | - | 1.36 | 98.64 | - |
| Ontario | 30 | 2,891) | 447 | 25 | . 88 | 85,20 | 13.18 | .74 |

## SECTIOII 1. - TOOLIEN CLCTH MILLS

## Employment Statistics -Contd.

Table 7(a) shovs the hours of labour per day and per week for Canada and the provinces. The statistics relating to hours of labour in column 1,2 and 3 are compiled from the number of employees working specified hours per day in the month of highest employment whilst those in columns 4 and 5 represent the standard weekly hours of labour in the industry as reported to the Bureau by each individual establishment.

The average daily hours of labour computed on the above basis for the Dominion was 9.30 hours per day and 52.88 hours per week.

Table 7(a). - Hours of Labour per day and per meek, for Canada and the Provinces, 1928.

| Provinces | Total hours and number of wage-earners in month of highest employment: |  |  | Standard working hours per week |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total hours | Total wacuearners | Averaze hours per day per wage-earner | Total hours | Average hours per wage-earner per week |
| CANADA | 39,174 | 4,214 | 9.30 | 2,697 | 52.88 |
| Nova Scotia | 481 | 50 | 9.62 | 209 | 52.25 |
| New Brunswick | 1,080 | 108 | 10.00 | 110 | 55.00 |
| Quebec | 6,631 | 664 | 9.99 | 609 | 55.36 |
| Ontario | 30,982 | 3,392 | 9.14 | 1,769 | 52.03 |

## Fuel Consumption

The consumption of fuel by this section of the woollen textile industry is shown by classes, quantity and cost value delivered at the mill in Table 8. The principal fuel used was bituminous coal which rose from 41,279 tons in 1927 to 42,213 tons in 1928. The average price of bituminous coal of all grades was $\$ 6.72$ in 1927, as against $\$ 6.45$ in 1928. Eluctricity purchased amounted to $\$ 90,325$ in 1928 as compared with an outlay of $\$ 87,491$ in 1927.

Table 8. - Fuel Consumption by classes, quentity and value, 1928.

| Classes of fuel | Unit of Measure | Quantity | Cost Value delivered at Mill. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bituminous coal | ton | 42,213 |  |
| Anthracite coal |  | 28 | $358$ |
| Gasoline | gallon | 1,356 | 354 |
| Wood | cord | 1,197 | 4,745 |
| Coke | ton | 28 | 210 |
| All other fuel | - |  | 1,664 |
| Cost of Tuel | - | - | 279,665 |
| Cost of Electricity | - | - | 90:329 |
| Total Cost of Fuel and Electricity | - | - | 369,994 |

$$
\therefore
$$

## Power Installation.

Power installation in the woollen cloth mills of the Dominion is shown in Table 9 by (a) classes of power, (b) number of units in each class and (c) the horsepower capacity according to manufacturers' rating for the calendar year 1928. Electric motors were still the principal power used, having increased by 138 units, but with a lesser aggregate of 636 horse power than in 1927. Boilers installed for any purpose numbered 67 with a boiler horse power capacity of 7,204 .

Table 9. - Pomer Installation, 1928.

| Classes of Power | Number of units | 7.P. according to manufacturers rating. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Steam engines and turbines | 15 | 2,211 |
| Oil, gas and gasoline engines | 3 | 33 |
| Hydraulic turbincs or water wheels | 30 | 1,862 |
| Electric motors operated by purchased power | 820 | 6,957 |
| Total power used in manufacturing | 868 | 11,063 |
| Electric motors operated by owned power | 6 | 550 |
| Total electric motors | 826 | 7.507 |

## Materials Used.

The quantity and the cost value at the factory or mill of the principal materials used in this section during the year are shown in Table 10. The total cost in 1928 was $\$ 9,270,861$ or $\$ 1,279,291$ more than the preceding year. Wool constituted 40.15 per cent of the total cost of materials, yarns purciased of all kinds, 25.82 per cent and all other materials 34.03 per cent.

Table 10. - Materials used by Principal Classes, 1928.

|  | Unit <br> of | Quantity | Cost Value |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Classes of Materials | Fill or |  |  |
| Factory. |  |  |  |

## SECTION I. - NOOLIEN CLOU H MLLS

## Equipment in Woollen Cloth Mils,

The equipment installed in the mills operating in 1928 constited of 239 sets of cards of specified widths, the nuber at each with being indicated below:-

| Under 40 inches | $\begin{gathered} 40 \\ \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 44 \\ \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ | $48$ <br> inches | $\begin{gathered} 54 \\ \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ | $56$ <br> inches | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ón } \\ & \text { inches } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 66 \\ \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 72 \\ \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ \& over | Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | 30 | 4 | 78 | 10 | 2 | 78 | 5 | 29 | 239 |

The number of cylinders to each set of cards is set forts below:-

| 1 | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cylinder | Cylinders | Cylinders | 4 <br> Cylinders | 5 <br> Cylinders | 6 <br> Cylinders | 7 <br> Cylinders | Total |
| 25 | 3 | 145 | 44 | 16 | 6 |  | 239 |

The number of spinđles and looms operating in 1928 is summarized in the following tabular statement.

| Spindles and looms | Nonllen No. | Fiorsted No. | Shoddy No. | Total No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mule spinning spindles | -4.154 | - | 1,300 | 75,454 |
| Frame spinning spindles | 687 | 1\%,000 | 2,040 | 18,727 |
| Doubling and twisting spindles | 3.327 | 5,512 | 400 | 10,239 |
| Broad locms (501 reed space or over) | 916 | 356 | (Cotton | 1,272 |
| Narrow looms (under 501 read space) | 182 | 10 | (1i8 | 310 |
| Hand 100 ms | 4 | - | - | 4 |


| Other Equipment | Number |
| :--- | :---: |
| Mool combing machinos | 79 |
| Piciers | 56 |
| Garret machines | 9 |

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$-3+2+35$




## SECTION I. - WOOLIEN CLOTH MILLS

The quantity and value of the imports of wool and its manufactures are presented in Table 1l, by principal countries for the calendar year 1928. The total value of all imports imported for consumption during the year amounted to $\$ 52,812,404$ of which raw materials represented $\$ 13,899,960$, partly manufactured goods $\$ 5,534,932$ and finished products $\$ 33,377,512$.

Table 11. Imports of Wool and its Monufactures by Principal Countries, 1928.

| Articles | Quantity | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Waterials - |  | \$ |
| United Kingdom 1 lb . | 332,535 | 147,246 |
| United States | 1,1.74,689 | 385,163 |
| Australia | 55,134 | 26,878 |
| New zealand | 490,106 | 170,030 |
| Other Countries | 102,693 | 33,535 |
| TOTAL | 2,155,157 | 762,852 |
| Wool, wakhed or scoured - |  |  |
| United King dom | 2,963,807 | 1,493,385 |
| United States | 1,522,032 | 639,201 |
| Australia British South Africa | 44,951 | 28,904 |
| British South Africa New Zealand | 134,205 | 54,886 |
| New Zealand Other Countries | 921,899 | 333,866 |
| Other Countries | 190,789 | 97.543 |
| TOTA I | 5.777 .673 | 2,647,785 |
| Wool, pulled or Sliped - |  |  |
| United Kingdom Ib. United States | 659,074 | 263,550 50,225 |
| United States New Zealand | $\begin{aligned} & 125,395 \\ & 194,393 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50,225 \\ & 53,124 \end{aligned}$ |
| Other Countries | - | - |
| TOTA L | 978,862 | 366,899 |
| Wool and the hair of the camel, etc. n.o.p. -United Kingdom | 2,459,741 | 1,079,806 |
| United States | 1,204,270 | 365,079 |
| Argentina | 105,004 | 43,613 |
| Australia | 115,147 | 75,616 |
| British South Africa | 40,697 | 27,106 |
| France | 44,191 | 34,138 |
| New Zealand | 934,087 | 295,770 |
| Other Countries | 12,197 | 7.014 |
| IOTAL | 4,915,334 | 1,928,172 |
| Hair of the camel, alpaca, etc. not further prepared than combed - |  |  |
| United Kingdom | 70,056 | 33.116 |
| United States Australia | 307,202 | 47.763 |
| Now Zealand | 26,529 | 9,212 |
| Other Countries | 39,741 | 1.524 |
| TOTAL | 444,128 | 91, 625 |
| s United Kingdom Ib. | 462,725 | 223,596 |
| United States | 50,079 | 3?,209 |
| Other Countries | 560 | 406 |
| TOTAI | 513,364 | 255,211 |
| Worsted Tops - |  |  |
| United Kingdom 1 l . | 6,843,025 | 4,590:393 |
| United States | 440,669 | 249.915 |
| Other Countries | 385,260 | 443.105 |
| TOTAL | 7,668,954 | 5,283,913 |

## SECTION I. - WOOLEN CLONH IIILLS.

Table 11. - Imports of Tool and its Manufactures by Principal Countries, 1928 (Contld.)


SECTION I. - WOLLEN CIOME MILLS.
Table 11. - Imports of Wool and its Manufactures by Principal Countries 1928 (Cart'd.)


## SECTION I. - WOOLIMN CLOTH MILLS.

Table 11. - Imports of Wool and its Lanufactures by Principal Countries 1928 (Cont'd).



SECTION I. - WOOLIEN GLOTH MILLS.
Table 11. - Imports of 7001 and Its Manufactures by Principal Countries, 1928 (Contld.)


SECTION I. - TOOLLEN CLOTE MILLS.
Table 11. - Imports of Wool and Its Lifanfactures by Principal Countries, 1928 (Con.)

| Articles | Quantity | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tholly manufactured products (Con.) |  |  |
| Blankets, household, n. o.p. not to include horse blankets, etc. |  |  |
| United Kingdom United States Other Countries | 184,031 <br> 23,589 <br> 15,439 | $\begin{array}{r} 819,205 \\ 55,557 \\ 23,870 \end{array}$ |
| TOTAL | 223,059 | 898,632 |
| Felt, pressed, of all kinds in the web, etc. |  |  |
| United Kinsdom <br> United States <br> Eycho-Slovakia <br> Germany <br> Other Countries | $\begin{array}{r} 83,961 \\ 178,248 \\ 123,660 \\ 83,371 \\ 19,499 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35,340 \\ & 78,641 \\ & 58,472 \\ & 73,699 \\ & 11,896 \end{aligned}$ |
| TOTAL | 488,739 | 258,048 |
| Rugs, railway, steamer, lounge, autamobile, etc. |  |  |
| United iningdom United States Other Countries | - | $\begin{array}{r} 130,785 \\ 16,593 \\ 5,325 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| IOTAL | - | 152,703 |
| Articles made from woven fabrics, etc. wholly or in part of wool, etc. |  |  |
| United Kingdom United States France Germany Switeerland Other Countries | - <br> - <br> - <br> - | $\begin{array}{r} 1,016,149 \\ 307,170 \\ 326,048 \\ 70,066 \\ 31,272 \\ 57.558 \end{array}$ |
| TOTAL | - | 1,808,263 |

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## -1\% <br> SECTION I. - WOOLLEN CLONH MILLS. <br> Exports of wool and Its Products - 1928.

The exports of Canadian wool and manufactures for the calendar year 1928 are shown in Table 12. The total value of exports during 1928 was $\$ 3,420,481$, as compared with $\$ 3,453,453$ in 1927, a decrease of 32,972 . Of the total value of Canadian produce exported 30.1 per cent went to the United States, 8.4 per cent to the United Kingdom and 11.5 per cent to Other Countries.

Table 12. - Exports of Canadian Produce by Principal Countries,
Calendar Year, 1928.

| Articles and Countries | Quantity | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tool raw - |  | \$ |
| United Kingdom | 197.593 | 70,959 |
| United States | 1,247,992 | 453,383 |
| Other Countries | 155 | 55 |
| I OIA L | 1,445,740 | 524,397 |
| W0ol in the grease - |  |  |
| United Kingdom | 623,320 | 202,911 |
| United States | 5,856,081 | 2,074,576 |
| Other Countries | 144,248 | 51,961 |
| TOTAI | 6,623,649 | 2,329,448 |
| Wool, scoured or washed - |  |  |
| United Kingdom | 160 | 70 |
| United States | 165,654 | 59,129 |
| Other Countries | 940 | . 285 |
| TOTAL | 166,754 | 59,484 |
| Wool, pulled or Sliped - |  |  |
| United Kingdom | 5,053 | 2,322 |
| United States | 105,864 | 55,619 |
| Other Countries | 3,795 | 2,163 |
| IOTAL | 114,712 | 60,104 |
| Wool Carpets - |  |  |
| United Kingdom | - | 5,118 |
| United States | - | 7,146 |
| New zealand | - | 58,458 |
| Other Countries | - | 12,100 |
| TOTAL | - | 82,832 |
| Wool Fabrics - |  |  |
| United Kingdom | 70 | 133 |
| United States | 563 | 977 |
| Newfoundland | 12,202 | 15,267 |
| Other Countries | 1,548 | 2,331 |
| TOTAL | 14,383 | 18,708 |

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SECTION I. - WOOLLEN CLOTH MILLS.

Table 12. - Exports of Canadian Produce by Principal Countries, Calendar Year, 1928.


Statistics of the woollen yarn industry in Canada for the calendar year 1928 form the subject matter of the second section of the Woollen Textile Industry. Table $l$ presents the principal Statistics of this section comparatively for the calendar years 1926, 1927 and 1928.

Table 1. - Principal Statistics of the Woollen Yarn Industry, 1926-1928.

| Principal Statistics |  | 1926 | 1927 | 1928 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments reporting Capital invested | No. $\$$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17 \\ 8,417,695 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17 \\ 9,761,057 \end{array}$ | $8,810.695$ |
| Employees on salaries - |  |  |  |  |
| Male | No. | 40 | 44 | 50 |
| Fermale | " | 20 | 20 | 27 |
| Salaries | \$ | 161.467 | 173,311 | 181,235 |
| Employees on wages, average - <br> Mele |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Female |  |  | 870 | 1,045 |
| Wages | \$ | 983,104 | 1,117,048 | 1,235,064 |
| Power installed - \| ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Units | No. | 184 | 198 | 217 |
| Capacity | H.P. | 3,102 | 3,240 | 3,908 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of electricity | \$ | 40,891 | 47,621 | 53,691 |
| Cost of materials | \$ | 4,062,118 | 4,455,941 | 4,789,168 |
| Value of products | \$ | 7,006,877 | 6,944,765 | 7,706,740 |
| Value added by manufacture | \$ | 2,944,759 | 2,488,824 | 2,917,572 |

## Production Statistics

The quantity and selling value at the mill or factory of the various yarns and other products manufactured in this section of the industry are shown in Table 2 for the Dominion. The vaiue of production rose from $\$ 6,944,765 \mathrm{in} 1927$ to $\$ 7,706,740$ in 1928 , or an increase of 9.9 per cent. The province of Ontario alone accounted for 84.5 per cent of the total production in the Dominion.

Table 2. - Production of Moollen Yarns, etc. 1928.

|  | Unit <br> of <br> Measure | Quantity | Selling valus <br> at mill or <br> Factory. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \$rticles produced |

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Woollen Yarns - 1928.

In 1928 the number of factories in operation was 20 with a total capitalization of $\$ 8,810,695$, -gross value of production amounting to $\$ 7,706,740$ and a total employment of 1,839 . Six establishments had a total capital investment of $\$ 7,470,570$ or 84.8 per cent of the total caoitalization or an average investment of $\$ 1,245,095$ per establishment. Five firms reported a total production of $\$ 6,098,654$ or 79.1 per cent of the total gross value of production and average output of $\$ 1,219,731$ per establishment. In employment 7 establishments had 1,576 persons, being an average of 225 per factory or 83.4 per cent of the total employment.

In 1927 the number of factories in operation was 17 with a totel capitalization of $\$ 9,761,057$, - a gross value of production amounting to $\$ 6,944,765$ and a total employment of 1,649 . Six establishments had a total capital investment of $\$ 8,823,687$ or 90.4 per cent of the total capitalization and an average investment of $\$ 1,470,614$ per establishment. Five firms reported a total producttion of $\$ 5,428,911$ or 78.2 per cent of the total gross value of production and an average output of $\$ 1,085,782$ per establishment. In employment 7 establishments had 1,475 persons on their pay rolls being an average of 220 per factory or 90 per cent of the total employment.

Woollen Yarns

|  | 1928 |  |  | 1927 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Estab- <br> lish- <br> ments <br> No. | number <br> of <br> mployees | Average No. of Employees per Establishment. | Establish ments <br> No. | Number <br> of <br> Bnployees | Average INo of Employees per Establishment. |
| Bmployees |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 20 | 8 | 38 | 4.75 | 7 | 45 | 6.43 |
| 20 to under 50. | 3 | 105 | 35.00 |  | 65 | 32.50 |
| 50 to under 100 | 2 | 170 | 85.00 | 1 | 63 | 63.00 |
| 100 to under 200 | 4 | 502 | 125.50 | 4 | 492 | 123.00 |
| 200 to under 500 | 3 | 1,074 | 358.00 | 3 | 983 | 327.67 |
| 500 and over | - | , |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL | 20 | 1,889 | 94.45 | 17 | 1.648 | 8 96.94 |
|  | 3stab-lishments | Caoitalization | Average <br> Capital <br> per estab- <br> lishment | Estab-lishments | $\begin{gathered} \text { Caoitaliz- } \\ \text { ation } \end{gathered}$ | Average <br> Capital <br> per estab- <br> lishment |
| Capital Invested | 150. | \$ | \$ | No. | \$ | + |
| Under 50,000 50,000 to under 100,000 100,000 to under 200,000 200,000 to under 500,000 500,000 to under $1,000,000$ $1,000,000$ and overIOTAI | $8$ | $\begin{array}{r} 133,532 \\ 69,632 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.691 \\ & 69.632 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 84,32 \\ 194,808 \end{gathered}$ | 97,404 |
|  | 1 | 124.653 | 124.663 | - |  |  |
|  | 4 | 1+012,298 | 253.074 | 2 | 658,238 | 329.119 |
|  | 2 | 1,686,669 | 843.335 | 1 | 768,665 | 768.666 |
|  | 4 | 5,783,901 | 1,445.975 | 5 | 8,055.021 | 1,611.004 |
|  | 20 | ع,810,695 | 440.585 | 17 | 9,761.057 | 574.180 |
|  | Bstab-lishments | Production | Average <br> Production <br> per estab- <br> inshaent | Estab-1空hment | Production | Average Production per establishment |
| Production <br> Under 50,000 <br> 50,000 to under 100,000 <br> 100,000 to under 200,000 <br> 200,000 to under 500,000 <br> 500,000 to under $1,050,000$ <br> 1,000,000 and over | 17 O | \$ | \$ | No. | \$ | \$ |
|  | 9 | 67,991 75,993 | 7.554 75.993 | 7 | 72,197 | 10.314 |
|  | 2 | 315,995 | 157.998 |  | 300,689 | 150.345 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,140.107 \\ & 1,279.102 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 382.702 \\ & 639.551 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,142,968 \\ & 1,186,946 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 380.989 \\ & 593.473 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 3 | 4,819,552 | $1,605.517$ | 3 | 4,241,965 | $1,413.988$ |
| TOTAI | 20 | 7,706,740 | 385.337 | 17 | 6,944,765 | 408.516 |









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The amount of capital invested in the moollen yarn indusiry in 1928 is shom by items and provinces in Tajle 3. Fired capitaj comorising land, Juildings, machinery and tools, which in 1927 mountec to $\$ 4,65,168$, increasod during the year by $\$ 151.969$ whilst woricing capital comprising materinle, stocks and supplies on hand and cash, trading ad oporiting accounts decreases by $\$ 1,102,331$. Totar cavital, therefore,
 copital, Quebec 11.5 per cont, the Maritime provinces. is per cent and the Western provinces 3.3 ? per cert.

Table 3. - Capital invested in Moollen Karn Kills, نy Provinces, 1928

| Provinces | Fixed Capital | Torking Capitai |  | Total <br> Capital |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Land: buildings etc. machinery and tools | Materials and stocks or hand. miscellaneous suprilies, etc. | Cash thading and operating accounts, etc. |  |
|  | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Maritime Provinces and Zuebec | 655:261 | 274,329 | 150,802 | 1,080,392 |
| Ontario | 3,909:577 | 1,797,252 | 1,731,073 | 7,437,902 |
| British Columbia | 240,299 | 47,297 | 4,505 | 292,401 |
| CAITADA | 14,805.337 | 2, 118,878 | 1,885,680 | 8,810,595 |

## Employment Statistics

The statistics relating to empoyant in ils moollun jam mills are pesented in the foilowing series of thinles, fus the caiendar yea: 1920.

Table $H_{0}$ - Imployees by classes, numer and remueration by provinces. Tabio 5. - Faployecs on mages, by inonths and se:io Table 6. - Mortira tiase of pants aiz erp? ajees.

The number of persons ein emporment, Whether on salaries or wages, is shom by sex and remuneration, for Canada an the proviaces in Table 4 . The province of Ontario furnished 62.9 per cent of the male amployees, $91 . \mathcal{C a}^{2}$ per cent of the females and expended in selaries and wages etc. 8,2 per cent of the total for the Dominion.

The average numbur of muge eurners emplared in any irfustry is calculated on the actual number of monthe ther mills were in openation and not on a basis of ? 2 calendar months.

Trble 4. - Employec: by Mamber, Bex and Renuneration, 1928.

| Employment by Classes, etc. |  | CAITASI | intaric | Nonitime Provinces anc Quebec | rovinces |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Salaried Empioyees ilale <br> Female <br> Iotal Salaries | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yo, } \\ & 10 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ 2 ? \\ 372.236 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 42 \\ 65 \\ 257: 25 \end{array}$ | 5 1 15.610 | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 1 \\ 7.275 \end{array}$ |
| Wase-carmers, average numbur <br> ifale <br> Fermale <br> Total Mages | $\begin{aligned} & \text { :1:0. } \\ & \% \\ & \$ 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 867 \\ 1,23,047 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 233 \\ 725.156 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ 17 \\ 12.551 \end{array}$ |
| TOIAL Boployees, late Zaployees, Fmale Salarios and Tages | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } \\ & \text { No. } \\ & \text { \$ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 817 \\ 3,43.672 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 514 \\ 975 \\ 1,15,04!2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28 \varepsilon \\ 73 \\ 20,832 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ 78 \\ 20,426 \end{array}$ |





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[^0]The Woollen Yarn Industry in Canada, 1928.
Table 5 presents statistics of wage-earning employees in month of highest employment morking specified hours per day for Canada and the provinces with percentafes of persons working at each specified daily rate. From the table following it will be noted that the prevailing daily rate was that of the groups of wageearners working 9 and 10 hours per day, the percentages being 54.08 and 32.82 respectively. The next in order was the 8 hour group with 10.51 per cent whilst the sroups working more than 10 hours aggregated 2.59 per cent.

Table 5. Kours worked per day by wage-earners in month of highest employment for Canada and the provinces, 1928.

| Provinces | Number of wace-earners in month of highest employment working per day of - |  |  |  | Percentage of wage-earners morking fer day of - |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8 hours or less | $9 \text { hours }$ | 10 hours | Over 10 hours | 8 hours or less | 9 hours | 10 hours | Over 10 hours |
| CAITADA | 211 | 1,086 | 659 | 52 | 10.51 | 54.08 | 32.82 | 2.59 |
| Nova Scotia | - | 1 | - | - | - | 100.00 | - | - |
| New Bminswick | - | 18 | 8 | - | - | 69.23 | 30.77 | - |
| Quebec | - | - | 297 | 52 | - | - | 85.10 | 14.90 |
| Ontario | 160 | 1,062 | 354 | - | 10.15 | 67.39 | 22.46 | - |
| Manitoba |  |  |  | - |  | 100.00 |  | - |
| British Columbia | 51 | 5 | - | - | 100.00 | - | - | - |

Table $5(a)$ shows the hours of labour per day and per week for Canada and the provinces. The statistics relating to hours of labour in columns 1, 2 and 3 are compiled from the number of employees working specified hours per day in the month of highest employment whilst those in columas 4 and 5 represent, the standardweekly hours of labour in the indastry as reported to the Bureau by each individual establishment,

The average daily hours of labour computed on the above basis for the Dominion was 9.26 hours per day and 51.35 hours per week.

Table 5(a). - Hours of Labour per day and per week,
for Canada and the Provinces, 1928.

| Provinces. | Total hours and number of wageearners in month of highest employment |  |  | Standard working hours |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totol Hours | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { wago- } \\ & \text { earners } \end{aligned}$ | Average bours per day per mage-earner | Total hours | Average hours per wage-earner per meek. |
| CAITATA | 18,598 | 2,008 | 9.26 | 1,027 | 51.35 |
| Nova Scotia | 9 | 1 | 9.00 | 49 | 49 on |
| Nem Brunswick | 242 | 26 | 9.31 | 217 | -ד.cう |
| Quebec | 3,516 | 349 | 10.08 | 58 | 58.00 |
| Ontario | 14,378 | 1,576 | 9.12 | 610 | 50.83 |
| Manitoba |  |  | 9.00 | 45 | 45.00 |
| British Columbia | 408 | 51 | 8.00 | 48 | 48.00 |




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Employment Statistics - ContId.
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Table 6 presents the statistics of employment during 1928 according to number and sex of wage-earner, by months, The maximum of employment was reached in the month of December with a total of 1,890 employees of whom 767 were males and 1,123 were females. The minimum of employment was reached in January with a total of 1,73 employces, of whom 715 were malos and 988 were females. The average employment for the year was 767 males and 1,045 females.

Table 6. - Employment by Months and sex, 1928.

| Months | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lales } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Females No. | Sonths | Males No. | Females No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January | 715 | 988 | July | 758 | 1,059 |
| February | 728 | 989 | August | 752 | 1,009 |
| March | 735 | 1,009 | September | 767 | 1,017 |
| April | 742 | 1,033 | Ortobar | 771 | 1,043 |
| Viay | 757 | 1,017 | November | 782 | 1,059 |
| June | 778 | 1,027 | December | 767 | 1,123 |
|  | Total exployment during the year Average monthly employment during year |  |  | 9,052 | 12,373 |

Working Tirce. - Table shows the number of days that plants were in operation during 1928, whether on full time, part time or idle together with the hours of labour worked by employees per day and per week. Hours worked per day decreased to 9.20 in 1928 from 9.35 in 1927.

Table 7. - Workins time of Plants and Mployees, 1928.

Number of poerating plants
20

|  | Total | Averages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Days rlants were in operation On full time on part time Ialle | $\begin{array}{r} 4,423 \\ 1,233 \\ 1,224 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 221.15 \\ 21.65 \\ 61.20 \end{array}$ |
| Hours worked by employees Per day or shift Por weck | $\begin{array}{r} 184 \\ 1,027 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9.20 \\ 51.35 \end{array}$ |

## Fruel Consumption

The quantity and value of the ficel consumed by the woollen yam industry is shown in Table 8 for the calendar year 1928. Bitumindus coal accounted for 57.85 per cent of the total outlay in 1928 . The cost of electricity purchased during the year amounted to $\$ 33.691$ as compared with an outlay of $\$ 47,621$ in 1927.

Iable ह. - Fucl Consumption by Olasses, 1928.

| Classes of Fuel | Unit of <br> Measure | Quantity | Cost value in Factory |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \$ |
| Bituninous | ton | 11,798 | $75 \cdot 874$ |
| Anthracite | ton |  | 160 |
| Gasoline | gallon | 90 | 25 |
| Tood | cord | 271 | 1,041 |
| Gas, artificial or natural | m.c.ft. | 611 | 368 |
| Fuel oil | - | - | - |
| Electricity | - | - | 53,691 |
| Total cost of Fuel and Electricity | - | - | 131,160 |

The power installed in woollen yarn mills in 1928 is shom in Table by (a) the classes of power, (b) the number of units in each class and (c) the total horsepower according to manufacturer's rating.

Table 9. - Power Installation, 1928.

| Class of Power | Number <br> of <br> units | Eorse Power accord- <br> ing to manufacturers <br> rating |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Steam engines and turbines | 5 | 340 |
| Oil, gas and gasoline engines | 2 | 22 |
| Hydraulic turbines or water wheels | 5 | 326 |
| Electric motors operated by purchased power | 205 | 3,220 |
| Total power used in manufacturing | 217 | 3,908 |
| Boilers installed | 30 | 2,385 |

## Materials Used.

The quantity and cost value at the mill of the various materials used in the manufacture of woollen and worsted yarn, is presented in Table 10 for the calendar year 1928, Raw wool represented 6:24 per cent, tops and waste and noils 72.97 percent, and woollen and worsted yarns 9.62 per cent of the total cost of materials used during the year.

Table 10. - Materials used in Woollen Yarn Mills, 1928.

| Kinds of Materials | Unit of Measure | Quantity | Cost Value at the Factory or Mill |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wool, comestic, - In the grease | Pound | 272,092 | $75,394$ |
| Washed, scoured and pulled | " | 398,322 | $183,676$ |
| Wool, foreign. - In the grease | " | 38,245 | 21:452 |
| Washed, scoured and pulled | " | 3. 3 , 078 | 18,380 |
| Wool waste | " | 89,306 | 21,761 |
| Wool noils | " | 87,063 | 30,579 |
| Tops | " | 5,265,310 | 3,441.899 |
| Shoddy, mungo and wool extract | " | 51,299 | 11,724 |
| Cotton, ram | $\pi$ | 589,826 | 134,94,5 |
| Tailors' clippings, rags, etc. | " | 1,200 | 250 |
| Woollen yarns | " | 758,785 | 225,019 |
| Worsted yarns | " | 274,140 | 235,850 |
| Cotton yarns | " | 60,678 | 25,949 |
| Artificial silk yarn | " | 27,638 | 33,355 |
| Iinen yarns | " | 21,295 | 5,004 |
| Jute ramie, or other yarns of vegetable fibre | " | 266.665 | 32, 740 |
| Silk, waste | " | 7.421 | 1,621 |
| Cotton waste | " | 171,499 | 29,436 |
| Cremicals and dyestuffs (value unly) | - | - | 146,455 |
| All other materials fivalue only) | - | - | 112,379 |
| Iotal cost of Materials | - | - | 4,789,168 |

Equipmert
The equipment of the 17 mills reporting is shown in Table il.
Table ll. - Fioipment installed in Wooller. Yarn Mills, 1925

| Eind | Woollen | Worsted | Shoddy | Sotton | T0R15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sets of cards | 63 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 72 |
| Spindles, number: |  |  |  |  |  |
| irile spinning spindles | 18,938 |  | - | - | 18,938 |
| Frame spinning spindles | - 200 | 38,992 | - | - | $139,192$ |
| Doubling and twisting spindles | 506 | 17:440 | - | - | 18,016 |
| Broad looms (50 incnes reed space or over) | 43 | 14 | - | - | 57 |
| Narrow looms (under 50 incres reed space) | :2 | 60 | - | - | 62 |
| Wool combing machines | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| Pickers | - | - | - | - | 31 |
| Garnet macrines | - | - | - | - | 5 |

## Imports and Exports

Figures of Imports and Exports of yarns will be found in Tables 11 and 12, under Woollen Cloth Andustry.






-none: $\qquad$ 2080
$\qquad$

 $\qquad$ $\therefore \because=$




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The statistics of the manufactures of carpets, mats and rugs are dealt with in Section 3 of the woollen textile industry. In 1928 the number of individual establishments reportine was 22 of which 16 were in Ontario, and 1 in each of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba and British Columbia.

## Principal Statistics

A table showing the principal statistics of the industry for the calendar years 192 ${ }^{\phi}, 1927$ and 1928 is given below for purposes of comparison.

Summary of Principal Statistics, 1926, 1927 and 1928

| Principal Statistics |  | 1926 | 1927 | 1928 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishraents reporting | No. | 17 | 18 | 22 |
| Capital invested | \$ | 4,037,183 | 4,343,572 | 6,072,610 |
| Bmaloyees on selaries - |  |  |  |  |
| Male | No. | 112 | 117 | 174 |
| Feraze | No. | 23 | 26 | 42 |
| Total Salaries | + | 273,487 | 339.427 | 442,277 |
| Bmployees on wages, average number Male |  |  |  |  |
| Male <br> Fenale | No. No. |  | 531 274 | 559 |
| Total Wages | \$ | 569,548 | 681,021 | 854,527 |
| Cost of fuel | \$ | 100,751 | 62,406 | 61,666 |
| Power installed - |  |  |  |  |
| Units | No. |  | 278 | 275 |
| Capacity | H.P. |  | 2,310 | 2,267 |
| Cost of Materials | \$ | 1,515,052 | 1,692,111 | 2,370,903 |
| Value of products | \$ | 3,152,800 | 4,015,339 | 5,009,240 |
| Value added by manufacture | \$ | 1,637,748 | 2,323,228 | 2,638,337 |

## Production

The quantity and value of the principal items produced in the carpet factories of the Dominion are shom by provinces in Table 1 . Over 98 per cent of the total value of production belongs to the province of Ontario. Carpets contributed 18.58 per cent of the total value of output, rugs and squares 66.54 per cent and ounar mats, etc. to 14.87 per cent.

Mable 1. - Production of Carpets, Mats and Rugs, 1928.

| Articles manuiactured. | CAITADA |  | ONTARIO P |  | Other Provinces |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | quan. | Value | quan. | Value | Value only. |
|  |  | \$ |  | \$ | \$ |
| Carpets, Lminster, Wilton etc. <br> Ingrain, Brussels, etc. | 317,347 | 865,880 | 317,347 | 865,830 |  |
|  | 60,618 | 64,655 | 60,518 | 64,655 | .. |
| Squares, mats and rummers:- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Axminster, Wilton, etc. Number | 12,986 | 155,437 | 12,986 | 155,43- | - |
| Abrainster, Wilton, etc. lineal yds. | 1,105,029 | 2,934,466 | 1,106,029 | 2.934,460 | - |
| Smyrna, Brussels, etc. Other woollen or cotton | 102,184 | 243,335 | 102,184 | 243:335 | - |
| mats <br> Nuraber | 42,275 | 137,657 | 41,675 | 137,657 |  |
| Cocoa mats and matting | - | 108,725 | - | 10", 725 | - |
| All other mats and rugs, | - | 1:7,258 | - | 34,280 | 12.978 |
| All other products, custom work, etc. | - | 451,827 | - | 380,706 | 71,121 |
| IOTAL | - | 5,009,240 | - 4 | 4,925,141 | 84.099 |



In 1928 the number of establisinents revortirg mes 22 with a total capitel investment of $\$ 6,072,610,-2$ gross value of proancicai of $\$ 5,009,240$ and a total. employment of 1,137. Theee estahlishments had ec cantital investment of $\$ 5,616,067$ or 92.5 per cent of the total cooitalization and an avase investment oif $\$ 1,872,022$ per establishment. Four fims had a totel mpoduction of $\$ 4,62+, 2 \overline{5}$, being 92.3 per cent of the total output anc an avercge oi $\$ 1,156,0 j 9$ per establishment. in employment 4 firms reported 977 persoas on tho parri.ls or $65, \mathrm{~S}$ per cent of tha total employment witin an average employment per establiskrent of $2 h i h$.

In 192? the number of estabishmeats revorting mas le with a totai capital investment of $\$ 4,343.572$ - a g=oss value of production of $\$ 4,015,3 j 9$ ani a tntal employment of gl:3. Two establishmeats had a canival investment of \$3.94s, 365 or 90.9 per cent of the total capitslization and at aurcrage investment of \$1.97\%, 432 per establishment. Three rims had a total prountotical oi $\$ 3,776,598$ being 94 per cent of the total output and an averace of $2,25 \%, 566$ eastahlishment. In employnent $j$ firms reported 837 persons on the parrolls or $\$ 5.3$ pea cent of the total employment With an average employnent per estiblis.meut or ? 79 ,


The capital investment in ne carpet, mat and rug industry is shown by items and provinces in Table 2. The value of invested capital increased over 1927 by $\$ 1,729,038$ or nearly 40 per cent. Ontariols proportion of the total investment was approximately 99 per cent.

Table 2. - Capital invested by Provinces, 1028.

|  | CANARA | ONTARIO | Other <br> Provinces |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Items of capital | $\$$ | $\$$ | 6 |
| Fixed Capital- |  |  |  |
| Iand, buildings, fixtures, machinery, etc. | $2,457,539$ | $2,423,195$ | 34,344 |
| Working Capital - | $1,266,916$ | $1,249,167$ | 17,749 |
| Materials, supplies and stocks in hand, etc. | $2,348,155$ | $2,338,382$ | 9,773 |
| Cash, trading and operating accounts, etc. | $-6,072,610$ | $6,010,744$ | 61,866 |

Bmployment Statistics
Statistics relating to employment are shom in the following series of tables for the calendar year 1928:-
(3) Mmployees, salaries and wages by provinces.
(4) Roployment by months.
(5) Working time of plants and employees.

The province of Ontario gave employment to 1:097 persons in a total of 1,137 for the Dominion or approximately 96 per cent, while the amount paid for salaries and wages was 97.5 per cent of the total for the Dominion.

The average number of wage-earners employed in any industry is calculated on the actual number of months the mills were in operation and not on a basis of 12 calendar months.

Table 3. - Employment by number, sex and remuneration in 1928, by Provinces.

| Employees by classes |  | CANADA | ONTARIO | Other <br> Provinces |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employees on salaries - |  |  |  |  |
| Male | No. | 174 | 168 | 6 |
| Female | No. | 42 | 41 | 1 |
| Total Salaries | \$ | 442,277 | 432,466 | 9,811 |
| mployees on waces, average number - |  |  |  |  |
| Male | No. | 559 | 545 | 14 |
| Female | No. | 362 | 343 | 19 |
|  | \$ | 854,527 | 832,331 | 22,196 |
| Total employees - |  |  |  |  |
| Nale | 150. | 733 | 713 | 20 |
| Ferale | ivo. | - 404 | - 384 | 20 |
| Salaries | \$ | 1,296,804 | 1,264,797 | 32,007 |

The number of persons employed in the industry is shown for each month of the year divider according to sex. Employment reached its maximum in Sextember with a totalof 973 persons of whom 596 were maies and 377 females. The month of lowest employnient was November when there were on the payroll a total of 830 of whom 48 males and 346 were feamles. The average monthly employment was 559 males ani c females as shown in Table 4.

Table 4. - Employment by Months and Sex, 1928.

| Months | Male <br> No. | Female <br> No. | Months | Males | Female |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jamuary | 545 | 341 | Nuly | No. |  |
| February | 565 | 352 | August | 572 | 359 |
| March | 581 | 370 | September | 583 | 371 |
| April | 544 | 354 | October | 596 | 377 |
| May | 563 | 337 | November | 572 | 395 |
| June | December | 484 | 346 |  |  |

## Employment Statistics - Cont'd.

Operating time of plants and of employees is given in Table 5. The operating tirue is shown under 3 heads: (1) full time, (2) part time and (3) idle. The average per plant of full time operation remained stationary at 253.33 days during the year, while part time operation was 27.54 and idle time 23.13 days. There was also an increased weekly hours of employees as compared with 1927.
working
Table 5. - Operatins tiae of Plants and Boployees, 1928.

| Number of Establishments reporting | 22 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | Total | Average |
| Days in operation - | 5,573 | 253.33 |
| On full time | 606 | 27.54 |
| On part time | Idle | 509 |
| Hours morked by wege-earners - | 23.13 |  |
| Per day or shift | 191 | 8.68 |
| Per week | 1,069 | 48.59 |

Table 6 presents statistics of we-earning employees in month of highest employment working specified hours per day for Canada and the provinces with percentages of persons working at each specified dally rate. From the table following it will be noted that the prevailing daily rate was that of the groups of wage-oarners working 9 - and 10 hours per day, the percentages being 86.79 and 7.72 respectively. The next in order was the 8 hour group with 5.42 per-cent-whilst in the group-warking more-then 10 hours no-wage-earners were employed.

Table 6. - Hours worked per day by wage-earners in month of highest employment for Canada and the Provinces, 1928.

| Provinces | Number of mage-earners in month of highest employment working per day of - |  |  |  | Percentage of wage-earners working per day of - |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8 hours or less | 9 hours | 10 hours | lover 10 hours | 8 hours or less | 9 hours | 10 hours | Over 10 hours. |
| candada | 59 | 95 | 83 | - | 5.49 | 86.79 | 7.72 | - |
| Waritime Provinces | 35 | - | - | - | 100.00 | - | - | - |
| Ontario | 18 | 929 | 83 | - | 1.75 | 90.19 | 8.06 | - |
| Western Provinces | 6 | 4 | - | - | 60.00 | 40.00 | - | - |

Table 6(a) shows the hours of labour per day and per week for Canada and the provinces. The statistics relating to hours of labour in colums 1, ? and 3 are compiled from the number of emp oyees morking specified hours per day in the month of highest employment whilst those in columns 4 and 5 represent the standard weekly hours of labour in the industry as reported to the Bureau by each inuividual establishment.

The average daily hours of labour computed on the above basis for the Dominion was 9.02 hours per day and 48.60 hours per week.

> Table 6(a). - Hours of Labour per day and per week, for Canada and the Provinces, 1928 .

| Provinces | Tota? hours and number of wageearners in month of highest employment |  |  | Standard working hours per week |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Hours | Total wageearners | Average hours per day per twage-earner | Total Hours | Average ins. per wage-earner ppr week. |
| CARADA | 9,699 | 1,075 | 9.02 | 1,069 | 48.60 |
| Laritime Provinces | 280 | 35 | 8.00 | 92 | 11.6 .00 |
| Ontario | 9,335 | 1,030 | 9.06 | 785 | 49.06 |
| Western Provinces | 84 | 10 | 8.40 | 192 | 48,00 |


$-29-$
Carpets，Mats and Rugs， 1023

Frel Consumption

The quantity and value of fuel consumed by the industive in 1928 is shown in Tablo 7 by classes．Compared $\quad 1$ th 1927 there mas a decrease in the total cost of fuel which is mainly accountel for by the decrease in the cost of bituminous coal reported． The cost of electricity purchased amounted to $\$ 18,5 j 8$ in 1928 as compered with \＄18．783 in 1927.

Table 7．－Fuel Consunption by classes，1923．

| Classes of fuel | Unit of Measure | Quantity | Cost value at Jactory |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \＄ |
| Bituminous coal | ton | 9，765 | 59．257 |
| Anthracite coal | ， | 45 | 525 |
| Coke | ＂ | 9 | 126 |
| Gasoline | gallon ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 326 | 86 |
| Fuel oils |  | 7：2．0 | 837 |
| Gas，artificial and natural | m．c．ft． | 113 | 150 |
| All other fuels | － |  | $58=$ |
| Electricity | － | － | 18，538 |
| Total Cost of Fuel | － |  | 20． 204 |

## Power Installation

The kinds of power instalied in the carpet factories of the gominiua in 1923 are shom jin Table c．Ilectric motors supplied over if per cen of the total horse porer installation in 1928.

Jifteen boilers mith a horse pomer capacity of 2，616 were reportec an 1928 as against 8 boilers of 56 horse power in 1927.

Table S，－Pomer installation，7．928．

| Classes of nower jirstalled | Number of <br> 特うも家 | Forse porer capact fy according to menufaciurens！rating |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Steam engines and turbines | 1. | 478 |
| Oil gas and gasolive engines | ？ | 5 |
| Electric motors oneratei ry gruchesen porer | 2.70 | 1.785 |
| Motal power used in mexuract $\because$ ？ | 275 | 2，汕 |
| Moctut motors operated by power crmez | 7.25 | 29.250 |
| Total clectric motors | 395 | 5.035 |
| Doilars instal？d | 55 | 2.615 |

## Cappets Mats and Rugs, 1928

## Materials Used

The principal materials used in the industry in 1928 are shown by quantity and cost value in Table 9. The total value of materials used amounted to $\$ 2,370,903$. of which woollen and worsted yarns constituted $\$ 1,509,591$ or 63.7 per cent. This value represents an increase from the 1927 report of $\$ 678,792$ or approximately 28.6 per cent.

Table 9. - Materials Used by Kinds, 1928.

| Kinds of materials used. | Unit of Measure | Quantity | Cost Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Woollen yarns | pounds | 1,616,087 | 936.996 |
| Worsted yarns | " | 765,098 | 572,595 |
| Cotton yarns | " | 1,211,163 | 412,601 |
| Linen yarns | " | 16,000 | 3,971 |
| Jute, ramie and other yarn of vegetable fibre | " | 2,018,063 | 294,984 |
| Chemicals and dyestuffs (value only) | - | - | 97,774 |
| All other materials (value only) | - | - | 51,982 |
| Total cost of Materials | - | - | 2,370,903 |

Equipment in Carpet, Mat and Rug Factories
The equipment reported in the carpet, mat and rug factories of the Dominion in 1928 was as follows:-

|  |  |
| :--- | ---: |
|  |  |
| Broad Looms (50 inched reed space or over) | 44 |
| Narrow looms (under bu inches reed space) | 318 |
| Other looms | 14 |
| Coppers | 4 |
| Winders | 3 |
| Twisters | 4 |
| Braiders | 3 |
| Knitting machines | 30 |
| Sewing machines | 11 |
| Cutting machines | 2 |

## Imports and Exports

Table 10 presents statistics of the imports and exports of Carpets, mats and rugs by principal countries for the calendar year 1928. The total value of imports was $\$ 3,366,258$ and the value of manufactured products $\$ 5,009,240$, so that for every dollar of product manufactured in Canada we import goods to the value of sixty-seven cents. The United Kingdom supplied $\$ 1,438,664$ of the value of import. or consumption or 42.7 per cent, the United States $\$ 298,753$ or 8.9 per cent and al ${ }^{1}$ Other Countries $\$ 1,628,841$ or about 48.4 per cent.








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## Carpets, Mats and Rugs, 1928

## Table 10. - Imports of Carpets, Mats and Rugs by Principal Countries for Calendar Year, 1928.


$\qquad$
$\qquad$ 40! $\qquad$

Table 10. - Imports of Carpets, Mats and Rugs by Principal Countries for Calendar Year, 1928. (Cont'd.).

| Articles | Quantity | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Carpets, tapestry and velvet in rolls <br> United Kingdom <br> United States <br> France <br> Other Countries | $\begin{array}{r} 57,461 \\ 816 \\ 21,422 \\ 6,647 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 48,678 \\ 1,024 \\ 24,599 \\ 10,75 j \end{array}$ |
| TOIAL | 86,346 | 85,054 |
| Carpets, tapestry and velvet in squares <br> United Kingdom <br> United States <br> Germany <br> Other Countries | $\begin{array}{r} 3,801 \\ 122 \\ 3,065 \\ 5,592 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 48,116 \\ 1,935 \\ 38,414 \\ 53,762 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| TOTAL | 12,680 | 142,227 |
| Cocoa carpets, mats and rugs - value only <br> United Kingdom <br> United States <br> British India <br> Other Countries |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,508 \\ 1,012 \\ 22,851 \\ 1,2.57 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| TOTAL | - | 27,628 |
| Mats and rugs up to $31 \times 61$ and runners <br> United Kingdom <br> Germany <br> United States <br> France <br> Japan <br> Other Countries | - | $\begin{array}{r} 257,020 \\ 37,965 \\ 73,800 \\ 77,921 \\ 90,920 \\ 87,054 \end{array}$ |
| TOTAL | - | 624,080 |
| Total value of imports by Countries - <br> United Kingdom <br> United States <br> British India <br> France <br> Germany <br> China <br> Japan <br> Greece <br> Persia <br> Turkey <br> Other Countries | - - - - - - - - - | $1,438,564$ 298,753 123,216 201,705 103,023 62,802 90,920 159,487 192,282 300,489 395,917 |
| TOTAL | - | 3,366.258 |

The value of exports of Canadian producf are shown in Table 11 by principal countries, the total value in 1928 being $\$ 82,832$ an increase of $\$ 57,064$ over $192 \%$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Table 11. - Exports of Carpets, Mats, etc. to Principal Countrics } \\
& \text { for Calendar Year 1928. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Wool cerpets (value only)
United Kingdom
United States
Other Countries
TOTAL EXPORTS

| Quantity | Valus |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | + |
| - | 5,116 |
| - | 7,146 |
| - | 58,468 |
|  | 32,832 |



In 1928 the number of establishments reporting was 27 with a total capita? investment of $\$ 8,375,122$ a gross value of production of $\$ 6,909,229$ and a total emoloument of l,225. Jight establishments had a total capital investmont of $\$ 7,215,524$ or 86.2 per cent of the total capitai investant and an averago of $\$ 902,440$ per establiskment. Eight establishments reporied a gross value of production of $\$ 5,433,257$ o 79.3 per cent of the total production, being an average output of $\$ 685$, 4 i 7 per establishment. In employment 9 firms had 1,072 persons on the payroll daing an average or lis parsous per establishment and 87.5 per cent of the total employment.

In 1927 the number of establishments reporting was 24 with a total capitel investment of $\$ 7,758,050$, a gross value of proauction ori $\$ 5,93 \mathrm{lh}, 369$ and a total cmployment of 1,113. Fight establishments had a total capital investment of $\$ 6,787,301$ or 87.5 per cent of the total capital. investment and an average of $\$ 84 \%, 41.3$ per estajlishment, Seven establishments reported a gross vaiue of prociuction of $\$ 4,7+3.9 .9$ or 79.9 per cent of the firms had 833 persons on the payroll being an average of 167 persor per establishment and 74.8 per cent of the total employment.

Woollen Goods, n. e. s.

| Capital Invested | 1925 |  |  | 1927 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Istab- } \\ & \text { lish- } \\ & \text { ments } \end{aligned}$ | Total <br> Capital | Average <br> Capital <br> per cstab- <br> lishment | Estab- 1:shments | Total Capital | Average <br> Capital <br> per estab- <br> 1ishment |
| Under 50,000 <br> 50,000 to under 100,000 <br> 100,000 to under 200,000 <br> 200,000 to under 500,000 <br> 500,000 to under $1,000,000$ <br> $1,000,000$ and over | NO 9 6 4 3 2 3 | $\$$ 198,149 399,283 558,106 778,842 $1,085,778$ $5,354,904$ | $\$$ 22.017 66.547 1.39 .541 259.614 542.889 1.784 .968 | 100 8 5 3 4 1 3 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { \$ } \\ 21 E, 598 \\ 331,041 \\ 421,110 \\ 1,267,377 \\ 522,727 \\ 4,997,18 ? \end{array}$ | $\$$ 2.325 65.203 740.370 316.844 522.737 $1,665.729$ |
| TOTAI | 27 | 8,375,122 | 310.189 | 24 | 7,758.050 | 323.252 |
| Employees | Estab-liskments | Total <br> zmployees | Averame Mrployees | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mstab- } \\ & \text { 1s.sh- } \\ & \text { ments } \end{aligned}$ | Total <br> Enployees | Averase zmplcyeas |
| Tnder 20 <br> 20 to under 50 <br> 50 to under 100 <br> 100 to under 200 <br> 200 to under 500 <br> 500 and over | iJo. 18 3 2 2 2 | No. 153 108 114 265 584 | $\begin{aligned} & 710 . \\ & 8.5 \\ & 36.0 \\ & 57.0 \\ & 133.0 \\ & 292.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. } \\ 25 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{NO}_{0} \\ 127 \\ 153 \\ 69 \\ 245 \\ 527 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 800 \\ 3.5 \\ 38.2 \\ 50.5 \\ 123.0 \\ 263.5 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| TOTAI | 27 | 1,225 | 45.4 | 24 | 1,113 | 16. 4 |
| Production | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Estab- } \\ & \text { lish- } \\ & \text { ments } \end{aligned}$ | Total <br> Value of <br> Production | Average value | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { Estab- } \\ \text { Iish- } \\ \text { ments } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Total <br> Value of <br> Production | Average Talue |
| Under 50,000 <br> 50,000 to under 100,000 <br> 100,000 to under 200,000 <br> 200,000 to under 500,000 <br> 500,000 to under 1,000,000 <br> $1,000,000$ and over | $2 i 0$ 9 5 5 4 3 1 | 4 <br> 255,343 <br> 393,422 <br> 777,207 <br> $1,085,571$ <br> $2,212,066$ <br> $2,182,680$ | $\$$ 28.371 78.684 1.55 .441 272.143 737.335 $2,152.680$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{NO}_{8} \\ 8 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|} \hline \$ \\ 227,738 \\ 325,488 \\ 6+7,229 \\ 780,709 \\ 1,864,917 \\ 2,098,293 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\$$ 28.46 78.872 229.126 260.236 621.533 $2,095.293$ |
| IOTAL | 27 | 5,903,229 | 255.897 | 24 | 5,934,369 | 24.255 |

The principal commaties comprising this section are (1) rool an os on enil kinds. (2) wool stock shoddy), (3) wooi: pulled, (4) blanleets and sweat pads. Th= number of individual plants reporting in this sect:on during ig28 was 37 as compereil with 24 in the preceding year. Of the plants in opeaction 19 were located in Cutar:o, 5 in Quebec and 1 in each of the provinces of British Columbia, Now yrunspich and Nova Scotia. The statistics for the last mentioned provinces have ambined to preven disclosure of individual information and are $x$ nesertuc. under the heading of "0ther provinces" throughout the tabies of this report. Tor the principal statistics reluting to this section see column 4 of page 2 of this rexort.
$\qquad$



| $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ | $\ddots$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\vdots$ | $\ddots$ | $\ddots$ |

Ieiole i. preseris aiatistics of production by quantity and value withir provinces for the calerker your igi 8 , of the total value
 produced less thar 4 per cent. The item of production showing the greatest value was pulp and peper maker's felts umountiag io $\$ 3$, 149,269 or a little over 45 per cent. Shoddy mungo and wool extract being next with a value of $\$ 703$, 691 or 10 . 18 per cent followed in order by blankets with a value of $\$ 510,202$ ard wool pulled with a value of $\$ 461,148$.

Table 1. - Production in Woollen Goods Mills, n.e.s., by Provinces, 1928.

| Articles Manufactured | CANADA |  |  | Queb | Ontario |  |  | Other Provinces |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantity | Value | Quartity | Value | quantity | Value | Quantity | $\begin{gathered} \text { Value } \\ \vdots \end{gathered}$ |
| Pelt Goods - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shoe felts | Yard | 230,484 | 213,929 | - | - | 230,484 | 213,929 | - | - |
| Harness felts | Pound | 162,890 | 72,861 | $\sim$ | - | 162,890 | 72,361 | - | - |
| Hair felts | Yard | 64,000 | 49,000 | - | - | 64,000 | 44,000 | - | - |
| Trimming and lirirg felts | Yard | 70,000 | 53,854 | - | - | 70,000 | 53.854 | - | - |
| Paddirg felts | Yard | 617,781 | 165,926 | - $1,804,5$ | 1,949,809 | 617,781 | 165,926 | - | - |
| Pulp and paper maker's felts | Pourd | -2,470,754 | 3,149,269 | 1,804,562 | 1,949,809 | 666,192 | 1,199,460 | - | - |
| All other'celt goods | Pound |  | 64,601 | 1,804,562 | - | - | -64,601 | - | - |
| Sheddy mungo and wool extract | Pound | 5,117,468 | 703,691 | 734,351 | 105,592 | 4,383,117 | 598,099 | - | - |
| Sweat pads | Dozer: | 70,307 | 367,998 |  |  | 70,307 | 367,998 | - | - |
| Blankets |  | - | 510,202 | - | 232,871 | - | 277,331 | - | - |
| wool, pulled | Pound | 1,045,433 | 461,148 | 48,000 | 18,600 | 600,381 | 251, 931 | 377,052 | 190,617 |
| Aute cushions | Number | 1,04,391 | 37,279 | - | - | 94,391 | 37,279 | 377,052 | 190, |
| Insoling material | Yard | 118,717 | 26,118 | 118,717 | 26,118 | - |  | - | - |
| Woollen yarns | Found | 2,000 | 870 | - | " | 2,006 | 870 | - | - |
| Pickled skins | Dozen | 31,016 | 245,509 | 3,030 | 18,450 | 17,666 | 168,383 | 10,320 | 58,676 |
| Gloves, cottor. | Dozen | 180,010 | 317,018 | 6,086, | 18, | 180,010 | 317,018 | 10,320 | 58,67 |
| Box toes | Fair | t,086,985 | 154,473 | 6,086,985 | 154,473 | , |  | - | - |
| Batts, flocks and rolls | Pound | 11,095,791 | 43,831 | 1,095,791 | 43,831 | - | - | - | - |
| weather strip |  | 1,095, | 51,530 | 1,095,791 | 3,81 | - | 51,530 | - | - |
| All other products |  | - | 80,248 | - | 8,876 | - | 71,372 | - | - |
| Custom and repair work |  | - | 139,874 | - | , 8 | - | 139,874 | - | - |
| TOTAL VALUE OF OUTFUT |  | - | 6,909,229 | - | 2,558,620 | - | 4,101,316 | - | 249,293 |

## Capital investment

The amount of capival invested in this section of the woollen textile industry is shom by provinces in Teble 2. It is also presented under two heads:Fixed Capital and working capital. the first of which includes land, buildings, fixtures, machinery and tools, and the second materials and stocks on hand, fuel and miscellaneous supplies on hard, end cash, tradine anc operating accounts, and bills receivable. The investment in 1928 shows an increase in total of $\$ 617,072$. Approximately 60.3 per cent of the tutai investment is credited to the province of Ontario, 37.4 per cent to quebec and 2.3 per cent to the other provinces.

Table 2. - Lapttal investment by provinces, 1928.

| Province | Fixed Capitel | Working Capital |  | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Tand, <br> Bvildings <br> machinery <br> tools | Laterials <br> and supplies | Cash, trading <br> and operating <br> accounts, etc. | Capital |

1/ Includes Nova Scotia, Nev Brunswick and British Columbia.
Fmployment Statistics.
Statistics of employment are presented in a series of Tables for the calendar year 1928 as follors:-

> Table 3. Employees by number, sex and remuneration. Table 4. Employees by months and ser. Table 5. Cperating time of plants and employees.

The number of persons employed as per payzoll is shown by sex and remuneration in Table 3. The number employed rose fron l.113, ( 690 males and 414 fenales) in 1927 to 1,225, ( 800 males and 425 famales) in 1922. Calcries increased by $\$ 19,438$ and wages by $\$ 75,642$. The province of Ontario supplied 63.1 per cent of the total employees and paid 64 per cent of the total of saiaries and wages.

The average number of wage-earners employed in any industry is calculated on the actual number of mentas mills sere in operation and not on a basis of 12 calendar months.

Table 3. Tmployers, Salaries and Tages, by Provinces, 1928.

| Classes of Employees |  | CATADA | Ontario | Quebec | Other Provinces |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Salerien employges - $\mathrm{S}_{\text {- }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Female | iin | 20 | 23 |  |  |
| Total Salaries | \$ | 329,76\% | 176,525 | 149,023 | 4,220 |
| Braployees on wages - 20 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Female | \% |  | こと1 | 118 | - |
| Total Wages | \$ | 377.69 | 595.072 | 264,338 | 16,859 |
| Total Maployees - and |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maje | No. | 800 | 469 | 296 | 35 |
| Temale | No. | 425 | 301 | 121 |  |
| Salaries and Mages | \$ | 1, 207, 07 | 772,597 | 413,361 | 21,079 |

The number of wage-earners employed in this section by months and sex is shown in Table 4. Imployment was at the naximura the month of November when 1,152 individuals were entered on the payroil and the rainimus in the month of July when the number on the payroll was i,068. The average monthly employment.during the year was 1,114 of whom 715 were males and 399 were females.

Table 4. - Mmployyent of Wage-earners, by Months and Sex, 1928

| Months | $\begin{aligned} & \text { itale } \\ & \text { iv. } \end{aligned}$ | Female | Months | Male No. | Female No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January <br> Fobruary <br> March <br> April <br> May <br> June | 702 | 402 | july | 674 | 394 |
|  | 708 | 404 | August | 691 | 401 |
|  | 692 | 412 | Septernber | 681 | 402 |
|  | 687 | 395 | October | 713 | 402 |
|  | 685 | $394$ |  | 739 | 413 |
|  | 701 | 315 | December | 723 | 401 |
|  | $t$ dur | the yea ent thr | t year | $\begin{array}{r} 8,399 \\ 715 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4.795 \\ 399 \end{array}$ |

The working time of plants and employees is show in Table 5. The operating time of plants whether on fuli or part time and the number of days the plants were idle are given by totals and averages. Full time operations were carried on for 249.18 days and part time for 23.26 days, whilst plants were idle for a total of 31.56 days. The hours of labour averaged 9.04 per day as against 8.9 in 1927 and 50.74 hours per week, as compared with 4954 hours in 1927.

Table 5. - Working time of plants and employees, 1928.

|  | Total | Averages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Days in operation - |  |  |
| on fuil time | 6, 728 | 249.18 |
| on part time | -28 | 23.26 |
| Idle | \& 22 | 3?. 56 |
| Hours worked by employees - |  |  |
| Per day or shift | 244 | 9.04 |
| Per week | 1,370 | 50.74 |

Table 6 presents statistics of wege-earning employees in month of nighest employment working specified hours per day for Canaai and the provinces with percentages of persons working at each specified daily rate. From the table following it will be noted that the prevailing daily rate was trat of the groups of wage-earners working 9 and 10 hours per day, the percentages being 51.31 and 35.93 respectively. The next in order was the 8 hour group with 31.86 per cent whilst the groups working more than 10 hours aggregated less than i per cent.

Table 6. - Hours rorice per day by wage-eamers in month of highest emplorment for Canada and the Provinces, 1928.

| Province | Number of wage-earners in ronth of highest employment working per day of |  |  |  | Percentage of wage-earners vorling per day of - |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | G hours cr less | hours 10 houres liours |  |  | 8 hou or le | 9 hour | $35.93$ | Over10 hours |
| catata | 1.15 | $02!$ | 439 | 11 | 11.86 | 51.32 |  | . 90 |
| Maritime Provinces | - | $2 ?$ | - | - |  | 100.00 | - |  |
| Quebec |  |  | 394 | - | -. 75 | - | 93.25 | - |
| Ontario | 124 | 603 | 45 | 11 | 15.80 | 77.07 | 5.73 | 1.40 |
| Western Province | 14 | , | - | - | 100.00 | 7 | 5.73 |  |

Table 6(a) shows the hours of labour per day and per week for Canada and the provinces. The statistics relating to nours of laoour in colrmins 1,2 and 3 are compiled from the number of employees working specified hours per day in the month of highest employment whilst those in colums 4 and 5 represent the standard weel:ly hours of labour in the industry as reported to the Bureau by each individual estab?ishment.

The average daily hours of labour computed on the above basis for the Dominion was 9.26 hours per day and 50.74 nours per week.

Table $6(a)$ - Hours of Labour Der day and per week, for Nanda and the provinces, 1928.

| Provinces | Total hours and number of wageearners in month of highest enployment |  |  | Standar working hours per neek |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total hours | Iotal wageearners | Average hours per day per wage-earner | Total ho rs | Average hours per wage-earner per week |
| CANADA | 11,308 | . 2,222 | 9.26 | 1:370 | 50.74 |
| Maritime provinces | 198 | 22 | 9.00 | 104 | 52.00 |
| Quebec | 3.996 | 401 | 9.96 | 270 | 54.00 |
| Ontario | 7.002 | 785 | 8.92 | 948 | 49.90 |
| Western Provinces | 112 | 24 | 8.00 | 48 | 48.00 |

Fule Consuraption
The quantity and the cost value at the nill of the fuel consumed in this section are given in Table 7 . for the calendar year 1928. Coal of all Kinds constituted 91.25 per cent oi the total cost of fuel. The cost of electrjcity purchaseä amounted to $\$ 24,373$ in 1927 as compared with an cxpenditure of $\$ 33,529$ in 1928 .

Table दे. - Fuel Consumptior, by Classes, 1928.

| Classes of fuel | Unit <br> of tecsure | Quantity | Cost value at Mill |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bituminous Coal (incl. screenings) | cn | 10,015 | 72,536 |
| Anthracite coa? | " | 59 | 553 |
| Lignite coal | " |  | 50 |
| Coke | " | 54 | 756 |
| Gasoline | gel. | 120 | 20 |
| 0 il (Fuel) | " | - | - |
| Wood | cord | 5 | 25 |
| Gas | in. - ft. | 200 | 117 |
| Other fuel | - | - | 6,095 |
| Electricity | - | - | 33,525 |
| Total Cost, fuel and electricity |  | - | 197,63? |

The installation of power by classes and forse power as rated in the manufacturer. is nresented in Table 8 . for thw calerdar year 1928. An increase, in installed h.p. capacity for manufacturing purposes, of 80 h . p. over 1927 will be noted which is accounter fnr by the increase in electrical power.

Table S. - Power jnstalled in the Woolle: Goods Industry, N. $2.5 .-1928$.

| Classes of Power | Nurnber of Units | Iorse ooner according to manufacturers: rating |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stear engines and turbines | 2 | 90 |
| Oil, gas and gesoline engines | 2 | 169 |
| Eydraulic turjines or water wheels | 6 | 986 |
| Electric motors operatcd by purchased power | 266 | 3.849 |
| Total power for manufacturing purposes | 276 | 4,094 |
| Electric motors operated by power generated by the establishments | 149 | 1,383 |
| Total electric motors | 415 | 4,232 |
| Boiler installation | 16 | 1,332 |

## Materials Usud

Table 9 gives the quantity and cost value at the mill or factory of the principal materials used in this section 0 : the woollen textile inaustry in 1928. The total cost of materials shows an increase of $\$ 554,9,2$ ovor the preceding Tear.

Table 9. - Materials Üsec, 928.

| Kind | Unit of Measure | Giantity | Cost Value at Mill |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \$ |
| Wool, domestic: in the grease | Pouna | 34,230 | 11,552 |
| Washed 0- ecoured | - | 15,030 | 33,677 |
| Wool, foreign : in the grease | 4 | 2,036,951 | 384,703 |
| washed, sccurea and pulled | 14 | 942,663 | 554,015 |
| Animal hair, all kinds | " | 321,608 | 26,250 |
| Tailors' clippings, rags, etc. | " | 5,637,969 | 449,821 |
| Cotton, raw | ! | 1,271, 3,68 | 312,906 |
| Wool waste and noils | \% | 108,476 | 12,907 |
| Sheepskizs | No. | 375,351 | 626,560 |
| Jute and other waste | Pound | 383,850 | 13,893 |
| Recovered wool fibre | 11 | 1440,000 | 38,722 |
| Cotton limters, maste, etc. | f: | 2,316,673 | 115,510 |
| Chemicals and dyestuffs (value only) | - | - - | 155,678 |
| All other materia?s (value on? y) | - | - | 278.715 |
| Total Cost of Materials | - | - | 3,494.918 |

Fauipment in Tartile. irlls, I.S.S.
The equinment in mills for the manufacture of the various classes of goods made in this suctior: of the Toollen tertile indistry is presented in male 0.

Mable - Equmment in Toollen Textile Mills, N. Jis. 1928.


## Imports and Jirpunts

Statistici rfiauing to imoorts for consumpticr unu to exports of Canadian produce for the cal ndir rear wre not sufixwientiy incicated in tho trada classification to permit of troulstion, but the values of such aie included under total imporis of wool andits products on pafes ? ? to 7.6 and total oxpu=ts on pages 17 and 18 of this report.

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Jas．Creelnar \＆Sons
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## RIT BRUNSWICK

F．E．Conp，Ltd．
J．A．Humpine：\＆Son，Itd。

## QUEBEC

Fred Elanchette（Trenholmville Toollen Mills） Joseph Blanchette
Walter Blue \＆Cu．Itd．
ivethot \＆Frere
Albert E．Worrison
Paton Namưanturing Co．I $\downarrow$ ．
Warvici Woollen Mills，Ltcl．，
Napoleon Paquin
Talon Woollen So．
Produits Agricoles I：A．，（Thenene Gagne）
Saguenay Spimers 亡td．

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Bird Woollen Mill Co．Tti．
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The Brook .700 ller Co．of Sim：os；$I^{\prime}$ d．
the Buraiti：Papjas Moollen Nills，Ltd．
Duncan Buさier
The Campbell Focllen Co．Itd．
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1179 Ting St．West，Toronto．
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Strethroy．
Almente
Caropbelford
Peterborough．
Baltimore
Plesherton．
Hespeler．
Beri illler，（R．R．\＃4，Goderich）．
Glen Williams．
95 William St．N．Lindsay．
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507 Coliege Avenue，Toronto 3 ，
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Tohn E. Garret Itत.
370 Main Street, Saint John.
Mar: time Rug Rorle, itc.

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15 Niagara St. Brantford.
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98 Carling St. London.
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## MEN EEUNSUIO.

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## QUEBEE

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## ONTARIO

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355 Socond Ave. 7. Vancouver
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