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## GENERAL REVIEW OF THE CLOTHING INDUSTRIES 1949



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## NOTICE

The Industry and Merchandising Diviston of the Bureau of Statistics collects and compiles flgures on (a) the primary industries in Canada-mining, forestry and fishing; (b) manufacturing, (c) construction, and (d) merchandising and services.

For the purpose of annual compilation and publication, the manufacturing industries have been classiffed Lnto major groups, prefaced by two reports of a general nature, as follows:
I Summary Report on Manufacturing Industries
II Manufacturing Industries by Geographical Distribution
III Foods and Beverages
IV Tobacco and Tobacco Products
V Rubber Products
VI Leather Products
VII Miscellaneous Manufactures
VII Textiles
IX Wood and Paper Products
X Printing Trades
XI Operations in the Woods
XII Iron and Steel Products
XIII Transportation Equipment
XIV Non-ferrous Metal Products
XV Electical Apparatus
XVI Non-metallic Mineral Products
XVI Coke and Gas - Petroleum Renning
XVII Chemicals and Allied Products

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## GENERAL REVIEW OF THE CLOTHING INDUSTRIES

## 1949

The adoption of the official standard Industrial Classification In 1949 involves certain changes in the clothing broups which make the overall figures not strictly comparable with previous years. For example, some firms formerly classified under miscellaneous cotton goods are now included in miscellaneous clothing n.e.s. On the other hand the embroidery firms are now excluded from the clothing industries. In addition, the 1949 figures include Newfoundland.

The gross value of production of the clathing industries in 1949 reached $\$ 727,498,836$, a gain of 2.5 per cent or $\$ 17,810,132$ over the $\$ 709,688,704$ reported in 1948. The number of employees increased by 2,647 . from 115,105 in 1948 to 117,752 in 1949, and salaries and wages were up by 7.6 per cent, from $\$ 191,866,371$ in 1948 to $\$ 206,512,782$ in 1949. The cost of materials rose by $\$ 9,912,395$, from $\$ 361,216,438$ in 1948 to $\$ 371,128,833$ in 1949. The value added by manufacture was $\$ 352,741,236$ in 1949 compared with $\$ 345,028,807$ in 1948.

Of the total gross value of production of $\$ 727,498,836,56.5$ per cent or $\$ 410,747,691$ was accounted for by Quebec and Ontario accounted for $\$ 249,185,397$ or 34.3 per cent. In terms of the new industrial grouping, men's, women's and children's clothing accounted for $\$ 460,136,629$ or 63.2 per cent uf total output, hosiery and other knitted goods for $\$ 143,019.075$ or 19.7 per cent and miscellaneous clothing $\$ 124,343,132$ or 17.1 per cent. The total employment bill of $\$ 206,512,782$ was divided into $\$ 49,071,646$ for salaried employees and $\$ 157,441,136$ for wage-earners. The number of wage-earners was 102,086 of which 70.509 were female and 31.577 male. The employment of wage-earners varied from a monthly high of 104,734 in March to a low of 97,805 in July.

The year 1949 was a good year for most Canadian industries but conditions varied for the different clothing industries. The men's line clothing industry, for example, expanded its output in spite of keen competition. Over the past fifty years this industry has been transformed from a number of small, individually run shops to the most modern types of factories with the latest kinds of equipment. On the other hand difficult market conditions for the dress and sportswear industry were shown by a decrease in sales volume of about 15 per cent. This industry was facing a more selective retall demand by improving manufacturing methods and styling in order that more desirable merchandise be made avallable at lower prices. The knit goods industry, too, found 1949 a very challenging and difflcult year. However, the continued improvement and efficiency of the clothing industries may be shown in the high levels of new capital investment and in 1049 approximately $\$ 3,000,000$ worth of new construction and $\$ 10,700,000$ worth of new machinery and eaulpment were added to the clothing industries.

A general account of the clothing industries in 1.949 will have to take the form of a brief summary the principal components. The men's factory clothing industry is not exactly comparable over the years 1948 and 1949. On the one hand seventeen establishments which were formerly classified as clothing contractors have been added to the industry. On the other hand eighteen establishments producing suspenders and garters which were formerly a part of the men's factory clothing industry have been reclassifted to miscellancous clothing, Value of production of the men's factory clothing industry rose from $\$ 209,028,369$ in 1948 to $\$ 220,701,259$ in 1949. The industry in 1949 consisted of 565 establishments which furnished employment to 33,298 persons who received $\$ 57,343,483$ in salaries and wages. The cost of materials consumed amounted to $\$ 121,485,389$ and the value added by manufacture was $\$ 98,546,341$. The establishments reporting in 1949 were distributed provincially as follows: Quebec 339. Ontario 149, Manitoba 39, British Columbia 16. Alberta 7. Nova Scotis 7, Newfoundland 6. New Brunswick 1 and Saskatchewan 1. The industry was largely centred in Montreal and Toronto which accounted for almost two-thirds of total output, the production in the two cities being approximately 40 per cent and 21 per cent respectively. In 1949 reports were also received from 137 establishments classified as men's clothing contractors. of these 117 were located in the Province of Quebec and 84 were located in Montreal, the centre of the industry. There were 18 establishments in Ontarlo, 16 of which were located in Toronto. The total value of work performed during 1949 was $\$ 6,426,382$ and the 3,388 persons employed received $\$ 4,856,691$ in salaries and wages.

Combined statistics for the women's and children's factory clothing industries are not strictly comparable between 1048 and 1949. For example. the former diviston known as "Embroidery, pleating, bemstitching, etc." has been transferred from women's factory clothing to miscellaneous textile goods. The gross value of production rose from $\$ 222,814,726$ in 1948 to $\$ 230,306,214$ in 1949. Women's coats and suits were valued at $\$ 5,334,175$ more in 1949 than in 1948 but in 1949 women's tresses showed a value of production of $\$ 34,133$ less than in 1948. Value of production of other women's outerwear and underwear advanced by $\$ 4,969.406$ over the two years and the value of children's clothing in 1949 exceeded the previous year by $\$ 3,904,742$. Of the combined industry's total output, 62 per cent was accounted for by Montreal and 23 per cent by Toronto. In the women's and children's clothing contracting industry, reports were received from 82 contractors and the gross value of work performed reached $\$ 2,702,744$. Of the total value of work performed, over 76 per cent was accounted for by Montreal and 15 per cent by Toronto.

The gross value of production of the combined hosiery, knitted goods and fabric glove and mitten industries was nearly 4 per cent lower in 1949 than in the previous year. The downward trend in production followed a decline in retail sales. The industry found it difficult to profitably convert high-cost material into finished goods for an uncertain market while at the same time trying to minimize risk of inventory losses. Exports were also lower due to exchange difficulties and in 1949 accounted for less than 1.5 per cent of Canadian output compared with 4 per cent in 1947.

The corset industry in 1949 recorded a slight gain in production from $\$ 15,486,766$ in 1948 to $\$ 16,389,008$. There has been a steady growth since 1944. Almost the entire output of this industry is disposed of in Canada with exports of only $\$ 69,760$ in 1949. There has been a slight shift toward the utilization of synthetic materials in the manufacture of corsets and combination garments.

The value of production in the fur goods industry, at $\$ 60,955,010$, showed a sharp decline from the record figure of $\$ 66,384,085$ reached in 1948. But despite the decrease of 8 per cent from 1948, the value in 1949 was 6 per cent above the figure reached in 1946, the former second highest year on record. The fur dressing industry treated $13,933,261$ skins in 1949, \& decrease of 1.5 per cent from the previous year. Both domestic and foreign skins are processed by this industry. Over five million rabbit and four million muskrat skins accounted for almost two-thirds of the total dressed; squirrel skins with $1,909,000$ and Persian lamb with $1,336,000$ together comprised slightly over 23 Der cent of the total. Thirty different varieties of skins made up the remaining 10 per cent.

The hat and cap industry operated at a level somewhat higher in 1949 than in 1948. The gross value of production increased by $\$ 1,288,810$ or 5.2 per cent from $\$ 24,955,361$ in 1948 to $\$ 26,244,201$ in 1949. Employment was provided for 46 or 1 per cent more persons and salaries and wages were up by 7.7 per cent.

Production of the oiled and waterproofed clothing industry grew from $\$ 2,943,045$ in 1948 to $\$ 3,906,089$ in 1949. The industry showed a tendency to emphasize wool coats at the expense of the more traditional rubberized and waterproofed varieties. In 1949 this industry was almost entirely concerned with the domestic market as exports were valued at only $\$ 199.385$.

The new industrial grouping created by the Standard Industrial Classification and known as miscellaneous clothing, n.e.s. consists almost entirely of firms formerly classified under men's factory clothing and the miscellaneous cotton industry plus a few firms formerly included in women's factory clothing. The value of production of this industry in 1949 was $\$ 7,230,170$ and included tailors' canvas fronts valued at $\$ 2,331,163$, shoulder pads $\$ 1,341,906$ and suspenders $\$ 890,167$. In 1949 there were 58 establishments in this industry. Thirty-five establishments in Quebec accounted for 69 per cent of production and 70 per cent of the industry's employment.

To avoid duplication and bring together all textile products in a convenient form the list of products made by the clothing industry will be found in the Report entitled "General Review of All Textiles".

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics of the Clothing Industries (Textile and Fur), 1945-1947 and by Provinces 1948 and 1949

| Year and Provinces | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross <br> value of production |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1945 | 2,676 | 99,959 | $131,478,496$ | 251, 899, 847 | 222, 307, 384 | 476, 754,319 |
| 1946 | 2,988 | 105,868 | 146, 265, 152 | $285,568,957$ | 263, 018, 398 | $551,331,576$ |
| 1947 | 3,121 |  | 166,951,727 | $311,018,817$ | 300, 527,093 |  |
| Camada | 3,100 | 115, 105 | 191,866,371 | 361, 216,438 | 345, 028,807 | 709, 688,704 |
| Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia | 15 | 1,610 | 2,041,638 | $4,251,774$ | 3,470,077 | 7, 841,672 |
| New Brunswick.. | 6 | . 529 | 648,499 | 1, 293,048 | 1,080, 302 | 2, 408, 134 |
| Quebec | 1,766 | 63,714 | 103, 745,900 | 203, 247, 656 | 195, 985, 205 | 400, 897, 323 |
| Ontario. | 1,044 | 41,171 | 72, 753,196 | $124,248,477$ | 121, 671,630 | 247, 366, 744 |
| Manitoba | 165 | 5,731 | 8,985,991 | 20, 997, 603 | 15, 769, 054 | 36,885, 002 |
| Saskatchewan | 12 | 119 | 226,456 | 501, 703 | 405, 032 | 911,880 |
| Alberta. | 29 | 857 | 1,315,839 | 2,975,421 | 2, 895,636 | 5,888, 198 |
| British Columbia ................................. | 63 | 1,374 | 2, 148,852 | 3,700,756 | 3,751,871 | 7,489, 75 |

1. Statistics for 1948 and 1949 are not strictly comparable due to the adoption of the Standard Industrial class!flat tion in 1949. See page $\mathrm{L}-3$, paragraph 1.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics of the Clothing Industries (Textile and Fur), 1945-1947 and by Provinces 1948 and 1949 - Concluded

| Year and Provinces | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost of materials used | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Value } \\ & \text { added by } \\ & \text { manufacture } \end{aligned}$ | Gross value of production |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Canda | 3,058 | 117,752 | 206, 512, 782 | 371, 128, 833 | 352, 741,236 | $727,488,836$ |
| Prince Edward Island, Nova Bcotla and <br> Newfoundland $\qquad$ | 23 | 1,978 | 2, 483,600 | 5, 050, 151 | 4,083,092 | $9,279,437$ |
| New Brunswick.................................... | 6 | 277 | 378, 030 | 569,820 | 582,999 | 1,176,951 |
| Quebec. | 1,719 | 65,262 | 111.664.749 | 208, 954, 022 | 200,067, 810 | 410, 747, 691 |
| Ontario. | 1,030 | 41, 252 | 76, 997, 764 | 124,932, 351 | 122,733, 319 | 249, 185, 397 |
| Manitoba | 171 | 6,383 | 10,904, 059 | 23, 541,076 | 17, 609, 981 | 41, 301, 409 |
| Saskatchewan | 14 | 185 | 314,607 | 735, 279 | 554, 092 | 1, 294, 863 |
| Alberta. | 30 | 944 | 1, 352, 564 | $3,260,849$ | 2,860,054 | 6, 139,307 |
| British Columbis ................................ | 65 | 1,471 | 2, 417, 409 | 4, 085, 285 | 4, 249,889 | 8, 373, 781 |

1. Statistics for 1948 and 1949 are not strictly comparable due to the adoption of the StandardIndustrial Classification in 1949. See page L-3, paragraph 1.

TABLE 2. Principal Statistics of the Clothing Industries (Textle and Fur), by Groups, 1948 and 1949

| Group | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | * | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1948 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men's factory clothing ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 209, 028, 369 |
| Wornen's and children's factory clothing ${ }^{1}$ | $1,160$ | $33,416$ | $59,363,042$ | $114,028.998$ | $108.271,992$ | 222, 814, 726 |
| Men's clothing contractors ${ }^{\text {M }}$. ............... | $\begin{array}{r} 157 \\ 85 \end{array}$ | 4,345 <br> 1,572 <br> 104 | $5,961.119$ $2,014,510$ | 538,319 109,395 | $7,047,361$ $2,586,240$ | 7, 663, 113 |
| Hosiery and other knitted goods .......... | 271 | 27,634 | 42, 807, 416 | 69, 114.815 | 77, 806, 848 | 148, 556, 159 |
| Corsets ............................................... | 37 | 3, 154 | 4,358, 510 | 6, 462, 015 | 8,975, 424 | 15, 486, 766 |
| Fur dressing and dyeing ..................... | 21 | 1,602 | 3, 119, 467 | 1, 135, 650 | 4,872, 675 | 6,126,532 |
| Fur goods .......................................... | 615 | 6,443 | 13,482, 415 | 43, 938, 122 | 22,258, 110 | 66, 384,085 |
| Fabric gloves and mittens .................. | 14 | 762 | 786, 865 | 1,693, 060 | 1,295,152 | 3, 004, 106 |
| Hats and caps................................... | 164 | 4, 714 | 8, 358, 871 | 11, 142,545 | 13, 590, 284 | 24, 955, 361 |
| Olled and waterproofed clothing ......... | 13 | 371 | 625,196 | 1,382, 703 | 1, 552, 603 | 2,943, 045 |
| Total | 3. 100 | 115, 105 | 191, 866, 371 | 361,216,438 | 345, 028, 807 | 709, 688, 704 |
| 1949 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men's factory clothing ${ }^{\text {l }}$ | 565 | 33, 298 | 57, 343, 483 | 121, 485, 389 | 98, 546, 341 | 220, 701. 259 |
| Women's and chiltren's factory clothing ${ }^{1}$ | 1.034 | 34, 294 | 63,026, 588 | 120, 089, 104 | 109, 663, 073 | 230, 306, 214 |
| Men's clothing contractors ${ }^{1}$................ | 137 | 3,388 | 4,856,691 | 561.924 | $5,800,327$ | 6, 426, 382 |
| Women's clothing contractors............... | 82 | 1,401 | 1,939, 052 | 157, 171 | 2,513,403 | 2, 702, 774 |
| Hosiery and other knitted goods ......... | 290 | 26, 442 | 43, 949, 295 | 64, 702, 821 | 76,671,800 | 143,019,075 |
| Corsets ............................................. | 37 | 3,456 | 4, 818, 813 | 7, 101, 529 | 9, 235, 931 | 16, 389, 008 |
| Fur dressing and dyeing ..................... | 21 | 1,670 | 3,487,633 | 1. 215, 541 | 5, 355, 844 | 6,691. 418 |
| Fur goods ........................................... | 642 | 6, 700 | 14,520,579 | 37, 260, 284 | 23, 488,914 | 60, 955, 010 |
| Fabric gloves and mittens .................. | 15 | 647 | 718,650 | 1,581, 144 | 1,329, 571 | 2. 927, 236 |
| Hats and caps..................................... | 163 | 4,760 | 9, 004, 917 | 11, 268, 684 | 14,742, 262 | 26, 244, 201 |
| Oiled and waterproofed clothing ......... | 14 | + 439 | 798,473 | 1,987, 702 | 1, 910,485 | 3, 906, 089 |
| Clothing, n.e.8. ${ }^{2}$................................. | 58 | 1.257 | 2,048,608 | 3,717,540 | 3, 483, 285 | 7,230, 170 |
| Total | 3, 058 | 117, 752 | 206, 512, 782 | 371, 128, 833 | 352, 741, 236 | 727, 498,836 |

1. Groups not strictly comparable in 1948 and 1949, see page L-3, paragraph 5 and 6 .
2. This group is part of the Standard Industrial Classification introduced in 1949 and includes firms formerly classifled to miscellaneous cottons, men's factory clothing and women's factory clothing.

TABLE 3. Principal Statistics of the Industries Composing the Clothing Groups (Textile and Fur), 1949

| Industry | Estab-lishments | $\underset{\text { Eloy- }}{\text { Elos }}$ | Salaries and wages | Cost of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross <br> value of production |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Men's, women's and children's clothing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clothing, children's factory | 144 | 5, 165 | 7,602, 196 | 14, 932, 211 | 12, 872, 063 | 27, 893,656 |
| Clothing, men's factory .................... | 565 | 33, 298 | 57, 343, 483 | 121, 485, 389 | 98, 546, 341 | 220, 701, 259 |
| Clothing, women's factory .............. | 890 | 29,129 | 55, 424,392 | 105, 156, 893 | 96,791,010 | 202, 412, 558 |
| Cloihing contractors, men's Clothing cont...... | 137 82 | 3, 388 | 4, 856,691 | 561,924 | 5, 800, 327 | 6,426,382 |
| Clothing contractors, women's ....... | 82 | 1,401 | 1,939, 052 | 157, 171 | 2, 513, 403 | 2, 702, 774 |
| Trotal | 1,818 | 72, 381 | 127, 160, 814 | 242, 293, 588 | 216,523,144 | 460, 136, 629 |
| Knitted goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hosiery |  |  | $20,194,998$ | 19, 099, 844 | 35, 079, 759 | 54, 809, 523 |
| Other knitted goods | $177$ | $15,089$ | $23,754,297$ | 45, 602, 977 | 41,592,041 | 88, 209, 552 |
| Total | 290 | 26,442 | 43, 949, 295 | 64, 702, 821 | 76, 671, 800 | 143, 019, 075 |
| Miscellaneous clothing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corsets | 37 | 3,456 | 4, 818,813 | 7, 101, 529 | 9, 235, 931 | 16,389, 008 |
| Fur dressing and dyeing .................. | 21 | 1,670 | 3, 487, 633 | 1, 215, 541 | 5, 355, 844 | 6,691, 418 |
| Fur goods .................. | 642 | 6,700 | 14,520, 579 | 37, 260, 284 | 23, 488,914 | 60, 955, 010 |
| Gloves and mittens, fabric........ | 15 | 647 | -718,650 | 1, 581, 144 | 1,329, 571 | 2. 927, 236 |
| Hats and caps.............................. | 163 | 4.760 | 9, 004,917 | 11, 268, 684 | 14, 742. 262 | 26, 244, 201 |
| Olled and waterproofed clothing ..... | 14 | 439 | 798,473 | 1,987, 702 | 1,910, 485 | 3, 906, 089 |
| Clothing, $\mathrm{n}_{0} \mathrm{e}_{\text {e }} \mathrm{S}_{0}$............................. | 58 | 1,257 | 2,048,608 | 3, 717, 540 | 3, 483, 285 | 7, 230, 170 |
| Total | 950 | 18,929 | 35, 397, 673 | 64, 132, 424 | 59,546, 293 | 124, 343, 132 |

TABLE 4. Principal Stafistics of Clothing Industries (Textile and Fur) by Economic Areas, 1949

| Area and Industry | Estab-lishments | $\begin{gathered} \text { Em } \\ \text { ployees } \end{gathered}$ | Salaries and wages | Cost of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | * | 5 | \$ | \$ |
| Atlantic Provinces: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clothing, men's factory $\qquad$ <br> Fur goods <br> Hostory | $14$ | $\begin{array}{r} 834 \\ 57 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 831,072 \\ 97753 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,946,975 \\ 97,246 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,439,838 \\ 89,304 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,412,581 \\ 187,950 \end{array}$ |
| Hoslery and other knitted goods ...... Other industries for which figures |  | 1,184 | 1,669,445 | 3,075, 760 | 2, 833, 685 | 6, 016,282 |
| cannot be shown.......................... | 4 | 180 | 263, 360 | 499,990 | 303, 264 | 839,575 |
| Total | 29 | 2,255 | 2, 861,630 | 5, 519, 971 | 4, 666, 091 | 10,456, 388 |
| Quebec: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clothing, children's factory | 90 | 3,836 | 5, 581, 762 | 11, 712, 132 | 9, 399, 328 | 21. 169, 604 |
| Clothing, men's factory ..................... | 339 | 17, 881 | 30, 979, 672 | 68,955, 515 | 56, 378, 176 | 125, 685, 676 |
| Clothing, women's factory, .............. | 538 | 18, 399 | 33, 748, 783 | $68,285,650$ | 62, 923, 383 | 131, 480, 315 |
| Clothing contractors, men's ............ | 117 | 3,083 | 4, 336, 226 | 476,574 | 5, 211,939 | 5, 746,340 |
| Clothing contractors, women's.........* | $\begin{aligned} & 57 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | 1, 1575 | $1,600,580$ <br> $+1357,484$ | $\begin{array}{r}96.842 \\ \hline 653\end{array}$ | 2, 076, 607 | 2, 196,370 |
| Corsets ............................ | 18 | 2. 217 | 2, 938,979 | 4, 668, 267 | 5, 772,062 | -10,475,986 |
| Fur dressing and dyeing .................. | 10 | 1,075 | 2, 275, 245 | -787, 407 | 3, 512, 832 | 4, 376, 836 |
| Fur goods ...................................... | 298 | 3, 204 | 6, 646,712 | 18,559, 662 | 11,087, 154 | 29,750,937 |
| Gloves and mittens, fabric ............... | 9 | 452 | 452,282 | 968, 400 | 918,436 | 1,896,551 |
| Hats and caps.................... | 73 | 2. 240 | 4, 177, 293 | 5, 234, 359 | 6, 892, 253 | 12, 206, 344 |
| Hosiery ........................ | 56 | 5, 510 | 9, 513, 210 | 8,702,020 | 17,565, 921 | 26, 534,971 |
| Other knitted goods ........................ | 69 | 4,974 | 7,572,858 | 16, 321,992 | 14,599, 042 | 31, 284, 093 |
| Oiled and waterproofed clothing ...... | 10 | 275 | 483, 663 | 1,531, 757 | 1,383,546 | 2,920,925 |
| Total | 1,719 | 65, 262 | 111.664, 749 | 208, 804,022 | 200, 067, 810 | 410, 747, 691 |

TABLE 4. Principal Statistics of Clothing Industries (Textile and Fur) by Economic Areas, 1949 - Concluded

| Area and Industry | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Ontario: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clothing, children's factory | 45 | 1,050 | 1,592,935 | 2.379,423 | 2.697. 273 | 5,100,78 |
| Clothing, men's factory | 149 | 10,952 | 20, 335,956 | 37, 644,056 | 31, 226, 360 | 69,078,802 |
| Clothing, women's factory | 286 | 7,977 | 16,456, 462 | 26,363, 621 | 25,477,949 | 51,978, 017 |
| Clothing contractors, men's | 18 | 243 | 469.050 | 78,650 | 524,730 | 607,789 |
| Clothing contractors, women's | 22 | 189 | 268, 031 | 60, 055 | 350.074 | 418.299 |
| Clothing, n.e.s. | 20 | 362 | 661,156 | 1,032.101 | 1.095.732 | 2,134.884 |
| Corsets | 19 | 1. 239 | 1,879,834 | 2.433, 262 | 3.463,869 | 5,913,022 |
| Fur dressing and dyeing | 6 | 347 | 678,904 | 263,943 | 1,065, 001 | 1,359,991 |
| Fur goods | 241 | 2.233 | 5,544,701 | 13, 560, 642 | 8,878,429 | 22,508, 125 |
| Gloves and mittens, fabric | 5 | 181 | 253,120 | 600,082 | 392,854 | 999,415 |
| Hats and caps | 70 | 2.032 | 4.095, 160 | 4,904,833 | 6.838,042 | 11,852, 223 |
| Hosiery | 52 | 5,540 | 10, 278, 568 | 9,961,747 | 17,066,871 | 27, 375, 736 |
| Other knitted goods | 93 | 8,743 | 14, 169,077 | 25,193,991 | 23, 129, 196 | 48, 873, 141 |
| Oiled and waterproofed clothing | 4 | 164 | 314,810 | 455,945 | 526,939 | 985,164 |
| Total | 1,030 | 41.252 | 76, 997,764 | 124,932,351 | 122,733,319 | 249, 185,397 |
| Manitoba, Sas katchewan and Alberta Clothing, children's factory $\qquad$ | 9 | 279 | 427. 499 | 840,656 | 775, 462 | 1,623, 263 |
| Clothing, men's factory | 47 | 3. 166 | 4, 472,304 | 11,592,019 | 8,247, 821 | 19,906, 750 |
| Clotnmg, women's factury | 42 | 2, 109 | 4,061,574 | 8,666.700 | 6, 396,850 | 15,106.980 |
| Clothing contractors, women's | 3 | 61 | 70,441 | 274 | 86,722 | 88, 105 |
| Fur dressing and dyeing | 5 | 248 | 533,484 | 164.191 | 778, 011 | 954, 591 |
| Fur goods | 79 | 987 | 2,017,407 | 4,745,125 | 3,124,646 | 7,894.607 |
| Hats and caps | 16 | 303 | 469.291 | 639,299 | 715,629 | 1,362,687 |
| Hosiery and other knitted goods | 10 | 278 | 439, 847 | 853,329 | 798,695 | 1,660,714 |
| Other industries for which figures cannot be shown | 4 | 81 | 79,383 | 35,611 | 100,291 | 137,882 |
| Total | 215 | 7.312 | 12,571,230 | 27,537, 204 | 21,024,127 | 48.735.579 |
| British Columbia |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clothing, men's factory | 16 | 465 | 724,479 | 1,346,824 | 1,254,146 | 2,617,450 |
| Clothing, women's factory | 23 | 635 | 1,139,616 | 1,814, 285 | 1,963, 687 | 3,791,278 |
| Fur goods | 19 | 129 | 214,006 | 297,609 | 309. 381 | 613,391 |
| Hoslery and other knitted goods | 4 | 213 | 306, 290 | 593.982 | 678,390 | 1,274,138 |
| Other industries for which figures cannot be shown $\qquad$ | 3 | 29 | 33,018 | 32,585 | 44,285 | 77.524 |
| Total | 68 | 1.471 | 2,417,409 | 4,085,285 | 4,249,889 | 8,373,781 |

TABLE 5. Employees and Salaries and Wages Paid, by Provinces and Reglons, 1948 and 1949.


1. Statistics for 1948 and 1949 are not strictly comparable due to the adoption of the Standard Industrial Classification in 1949. See page L-3, paragraph 1.

TABLE 6. Monthly Employment of Wage-earners in the Clothing Industries (Textile and Fur), 1948 and 1949

| Months | 1948 |  |  | 1949 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total |
|  | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| January | 26, 807 | 66, 611 | 93,418 | 31,545 | 70,815 | 102, 360 |
| February | 27. 146 | 68,213 | 95,359 | 31,873 | 72, 212 | 104,085 |
| March | 26,954 | 67, 807 | 94, 761 | 31,927 | 72,807 | 104, 734 |
| Aprll | 26,596 | 67.790 | 94,386 | 31,867 | 71,954 | 103, 821 |
| May | 26, 249 | 66, 203 | 92,452 | 31, 265 | 70, 378 | 101,643 |
| June | 26, 192 | 65, 218 | 91, 410 | 30,916 | 68,965 | 99, 881 |
| July | 26, 558 | 63, 196 | 89,754 | 31,073 | 66,732 | 97, 805 |
| August | 26, 825 | 64,600 | 91,425 | 31. 667 | 69, 310 | 100.977 |
| September | 26,875 | 66, 835 | 93,710 | 31,936 | 71,243 | 103,179 |
| October | 27. 189 | 68,517 | 95, 706 | 31,709 | 71,750 | 103,459 |
| November | 27. 350 | 68, 817 | 96, 167 | 31,206 | 70.573 | 101,779 |
| December | 27.144 | 66, 641 | 93,785 | 30, 804 | 67.430 | 98,234 |

TABLE 7. New Investment in Durable Physical Assets and Repair and Maintenance. Clothing Industries, Canada, 1926-1949

| Year | New investment |  |  | Repair and maintenance |  |  | New investment, repair and maintenance |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Constructtion | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Machinery } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { equipment } \end{aligned}$ | Subtotal | Constructtion | Machinery and equipment | Subtotal | Construct tion | Ma chinery and equipment | Total |
|  | (Millions of dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1926 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 3.5 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 4.7 |
| 1927 | 7.5 | 1.7 | 9.2 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 7.6 | 2.9 | 10.5 |
| 1928 | 10.8 | 1.5 | 12.3 | 0.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 10.9 | 3.7 | 14.6 |
| 1929 | 13.3 | 2.2 | 15.5 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 13.4 | 4.3 | 17.7 |
| 1930. | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 0.1 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 2.6 | 3.5 |
| 1931. | 1.6 | 0.6 | 2.2 | 0.1 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 22 | 3.9 |
| 1932. | 1.3 | 0.5 | 1.8 | 0.1 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 3.8 |
| 1933. | 1.1 | 0.6 | 1.7 | - | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 2.4 |
| 1934 ..................... | 0.4 | 0.8 | 1.2 | - | 1.2 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 2.0 | 2.4 |
| 1935 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 0.2 | 2.1 | 2.3 |
| 1936 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 2.8 | 3.8 |
| 1937 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 3.4 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 3.1 | 5.0 |
| 1938 ................... | 0.4 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 0.5 | 2. 5 | 3.0 |
| 1939 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 0.4 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 4. 5 | 6.3 |
| 1940 .................... | 2.4 | 1.7 | 4.1 | 0.4 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 4.4 | 7.2 |
| 1941 .................... | 10.8 | 2.1 | 13.0 | 0.6 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 11.5 | 5.4 | 16.9 |
| 1942 .................... | 3.0 | 1.1 | 4.1 | 0.3 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 4.2 | 7.5 |
| 1943 .................... | 1.6 | 1.2 | 2.8 | 0.7 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 4.0 | 6.3 |
| 1944 ...................... | 2.8 | 1.1 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 4.4 | 11.0 |
| 1945 ..................... | 9.2 | 4.4 | 13.6 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 5.2 | 11.3 | 7.5 | 18.8 |
| 1946 ..................... | 2.6 | 5.8 | 8.4 | 22 | 3.8 | 6.0 | 48 | 9.6 | 14.4 |
| 1947 .................... | 3.7 | 10.3 | 14.0 | 1.9 | 4. 7 | 6.6 | 5.6 | 15.0 | 20.6 |
| $1948$ | 2.1 | 10.2 | 12.3 | 2.2 | 4.8 | 7.0 | 4.3 | 15.0 | 19.3 |
| 1949 ...................... | 3.0 | 10.7 | 13.7 | 1.9 | 4.9 | 6.8 | 4.9 | 15.6 | 20.5 |

TABLE 8. Principal Statistics of Clothing Industries (Textile and Fur), Classified by Number of Employees per Establishment. 1949

| Employee groups | Establish- | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost of fuel and electricity | Cost of materials used | Gross value of products |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Canada |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 5 employees | 517 | 1,324 | 2,305, 094 | 46,916 | 9,013, 611 | 15, 739, 848 |
| 5 to 14 | 889 | 7,959 | 14, 401,699 | 251, 819 | 34,923, 692 | 64, 208, 648 |
| 15 to 49 | 1.077 | 29,084 | 53, 172, 594 | 685, 300 | 94, 310, 178 | 183, 650, 458 |
| 50 to 99 | 323 | 22, 357 | 37, 962, 830 | 579,983 | 70, 300, 477 | 137, 670, 338 |
| 100 to 199 | 167 | 22,915 | 37, 877, 935 | 594,934 | 68,548, 659 | 133, 556, 268 |
| 200 to 499 | 67 | 20, 518 | 35, 849, 067 | 949, 168 | 58, 640, 067 | 117, 567, 787 |
| 500 and over | 18 | 13, 112 | 22, 820, 076 | 520,647 | 35, 392,149 | 75, 095,489 |
| Head offices ${ }^{\text {l }}$ | - | 483 | 2, 123, 487 | - | - | - |
| Totals | 3. 058 | 117,752 | 206, 512,782 | 3, 628, 767 | 371, 128, 833 | 727, 498, 836 |

TABLE 8. Principal statistics of Clothing Industries (Textile and Fur), Classified by Number of Employees per Establishment. 1949 - Concluded


[^0]TABLE 9. Principal Statistics of Clothing Industries (Textile and Fur), Classified by Production Groups, 1949

| Production groups | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Establish- } \\ & \text { ments } \end{aligned}$ | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost of fuel and electricity | Cost of materials used | Gross value of products |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Canada: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under \$5,000 | 81 | 142 | 97, 992 | 4,300 | 75,240 | 214.055 |
| 5,000 to 24,999 | 459 | 2. 389 | 2,913,657 | 67,991 | 2,852,601 | 6.797.968 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 416 | 4,072 | 5, 788,686 | 116.986 | 6,533,426 | 15, 107, 883 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 .................... | 577 | 8, 087 | 13,362,187 | 194,213 | 21, 172,315 | 42, 194,090 |
| 100,000 to 199,999 ................... | 584 | 12,997 | 23,241,106 | 332, 775 | 43, 897, 509 | 83, 744,583 |
| 200,000 to 499,999 ................... | 602 | 28,634 | 50,207,040 | 743, 331 | 96,808, 453 | 185, 727, 884 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 214 | 21,662 | 37, 885, 430 | 611.755 | 75, 683, 814 | 145, 886, 845 |
| 1,000,000 to 4,999,999 | 122 | 35,616 | 64,013,380 | 1,360,240 | 113,669, 299 | 226, 135,663 |
| $5,000,000$ and over .... | 3 | 3,670 | 6, 879, 817 | 197. 176 | 10,536, 176 | 21,689,865 |
| Head Offices ${ }^{1}$....... |  | 483 | 2,123,487 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 3,058 | 117. 752 | 206, 512,782 | 3,628,767 | 371, 128, 833 | 727, 498, 836 |
| Atlantic Provinces: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under $\$ 5,000$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r}5,000 \text { to } \\ 25,000 \text { to } \\ \hline 19,999\end{array}$ | 5 | 33 68 | 33.100 87.788 | 1,076 1,905 | $\begin{aligned} & 17,958 \\ & 76,285 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 57,947 \\ 172,798 \end{array}$ |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 6 | 144 | 151.959 | 6,330 | 221, 275 | 456, 993 |
| 100,000 to 499,999 | 5 | 299 | 403,442 | 42, 237 | 778, 187 | 1,233,189 |
| 500,000 to 4,999,999 ..................... | 8 | 1.711 | 2, 185,341 | 118,778 | 4, 526, 266 | 8,535,461 |
| Totals | 29 | 2,255 | 2, 861,630 | 170,326 | 5, 619,971 | 10, 456, 388 |
| Quebec |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under \$5,000 | 41 | 88 | 61,407 | 2, 481 | 40,091 | 118,835 |
| 5,000 to 24,999 | 265 | 1. 453 | 1,683, 284 | 34,755 | 1,562,137 | 3,781,032 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 ................... | 219 | 2. 355 | 3,212,459 | 63, 010 | 3, 368, 216 | 8, 081, 632 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 307 | 4,374 | 6, 961,579 | 88, 406 | 10,821,935 | 22, 431,351 |
| 100,000 to 199,999 | 335 | 7.334 | 12, 724, 013 | 166,655 | 25, 090, 425 | 48, 351. 157 |
| 200,000 to 499,999 | 366 | 17.160 | 29, 225, 319 | 412,544 | 59,718,787 | 114,477, 715 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 114 | 10,649 | 19,266, 151 | 257. 993 | 40,760, 420 | 78, 305,178 |
| 1,000,000 to $5,000,000$ | 72 | 21,522 | 37, 108,573 | 700,015 | 67,592,011 | 135.200. 791 |
| Head Offices ${ }^{1}$.... | - | 327 | 1,421,964 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 1,719 | 65, 262 | 111, 664, 749 | 1, 725, 859 | 208, 954,022 | 410, 747,691 |
| Ontario: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under \$5,000 | 29 | 42 | 25,615 | 1,002 | 19,362 | 61,298 |
| 5,000 to 24.999 ................... | 140 | 684 | 922, 725 | 25, 236 | 920. 539 | 2.211, 239 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 .................... | 139 | 1.135 | 1.795, 157 | 35, 812 | 2, 271,090 | 5,021,946 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 213 | 2,846 | 5,097, 745 | 78, 828 | 8,176,813 | 15,643,107 |
| 100,000 to 199,999 ................... | 200 | 4,387 | 8,481,998 | 129, 282 | 14, 577, 207 | 28, 176, 534 |
| 200,000 to 499,999 | 197 | 9,242 | 17.275, 608 | 238, 003 | 29, 966, 810 | 58,429,792 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 | 69 | 7,616 | 13, 192,781 | 251, 244 | 22,728,839 | 45, 863, 404 |
| $1,000,000$ to $5,000,000$ and over ...... | 43 | 15,144 | 29,504, 612 | 760.320 | 46, 271,691 | 93, 778, 077 |
| Head Offices | - | 156 | 701,523 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 1,030 | 41,252 | 76,997,764 | 1. 519, 727 | 124,932,351 | 249, 185, 397 |
| Western Provinces: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under $\$ 5,000$. | 10 | 11 | 10. 970 | 717 | 15,487 | 33, 422 |
| 5,000 to 24,999 | 50 | 220 | 274,548 | 7,024 | 352, 267 | 748. 250 |
| 25,000 to 49,999 | 53 | 514 | 693, 282 | 16,259 | 817.835 | 1,831,507 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 | 51 | 723 | 1,150,904 | 20,649 | 1,852,292 | 3,662,639 |
| 100,000 to 199,999 | 47 | 1. 236 | 1.965. 144 | 34. 405 | 4, 052, 147 | 6, 952, 762 |
| 200,000 to 499,999 | 36 | 1,973 | 3,372,622 | 52,980 | 6,522,399 | 11,851, 318 |
| 500,000 to 999,999 .................... | 25 | 2,403 | 4,286,695 | 53,417 | 9,945,566 | 17.561,210 |
| 1,000,000 to 4,999,999 .................... | 8 | 1,903 | 3,234,474 | 27.404 | 8,064,496 | 14.468, 252 |
| Totals. | 280 | 8,983 | 14,988,639 | 212,855 | 31,622,489 | 57, 109, 360 |

1. Head offices where separated from productive establishments.

[^0]:    1. Head offices where separated from productive establishraents.
