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GENERAL REVIEW OF THE CLOTHING INDUSTRIES 1949



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NOTICE

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The Industry and Merchandising Division of the Bureau of Statistics collects and compiles figures on (a) the primary industries in Canada-mining, forestry and fishing; (b) manufacturing; (c) construction, and (d) merchandising and services.

For the purpose of annual compilation and publication, the manufacturing industries have been classified into major groups, prefaced by two reports of a general nature, as follows:

- I Summary Report on Manufacturing Industries
- II Manufacturing Industries by Geographical Distribution
- III Foods and Beverages IV Tobacco and Tobacco Products
- **V** Rubber Products
- **VI** Leather Products
- VII Miscellaneous Manufactures
- **VIII** Textiles
 - IX Wood and Paper Products X Printing Trades
- XI Operations in the Woods
- XII Iron and Steel Products
- XIII Transportation Equipment
- XIV Non-ferrous Metal Products
- XV Electrical Apparatus
- XVI Non-metallic Mineral Products
- XVII Coke and Gas-Petroleum Refining
- XVIII Chemicals and Allied Products

The present report belongs in Group VIII, Textiles. It is punched to permit of filing in a ring binder along with others of the group. The reports in this group are:

A General Review of All Textiles. 50¢.

Textiles, Except Clothing

- B General Review, 25¢.
- C The Cotton Textile Industry, 40¢. D The Woollen Textile Industries, 40¢.
- E The Synthetic Textiles and Silk Industry, 25¢.
- F The Narrow Fabrics Industry, 25¢.
- G The Dyeing and Finishing of Textile Goods Industry, 25¢.

Miscellaneous Textile Products

- H The Awning, Tent and Sail Industry, 25¢.
- I The Cordage, Rope and Twine Industry, 25¢.
- J The Option and Jute Bag Industry, 25¢.
- K The Miscellaneous Textiles Industries, 25¢.

Clothing

- L General Review, 25¢.
- M The Men's Factory Clothing Industry, 40¢. N The Women's and Children's Factory Clothing Industries, 40¢.
 - O The Hosiery, Knitted Goods and Fabric Glove and Mitten Industries, 35¢.
 - P The Corset Industry, 25¢.
 - Q The Fur Goods and Fur Dressing Industries, 25¢.
- R The Hat and Cap Industry, 25¢. S The Miscellaneous Clothing Industries, 25¢.

GENERAL REVIEW OF THE CLOTHING INDUSTRIES 1949

The adoption of the official Standard Industrial Classification in 1949 involves certain changes in the clothing groups which make the overall figures not strictly comparable with previous years. For example, some firms formerly classified under miscellaneous cotton goods are now included in miscellaneous clothing n.e.s. On the other hand the embroidery firms are now excluded from the clothing industries. In addition, the 1949 figures include Newfoundland.

The gross value of production of the clothing industries in 1949 reached \$727,498,836, a gain of 2.5 per cent or \$17,810,132 over the \$709,688,704 reported in 1948. The number of employees increased by 2,647, from 115,105 in 1948 to 117,752 in 1949, and salaries and wages were up by 7.6 per cent, from \$191,866,371 in 1948 to \$206,512,782 in 1949. The cost of materials rose by \$9,912,395, from \$361,216,438 in 1948 to \$371,128,833 in 1949. The value added by manufacture was \$352,741,236 in 1949 compared with \$345,028,807 in 1948.

Of the total gross value of production of \$727,498,836, 56.5 per cent or \$410,747,691 was accounted for by Quebec and Ontario accounted for \$249.185,397 or 34.3 per cent. In terms of the new industrial grouping, men's, women's and children's clothing accounted for \$460,136,629 or 63.2 per cent of total output, hosiery and other knitted goods for \$143,019,075 or 19.7 per cent and miscellaneous clothing \$124,343,132 or 17.1 per cent. The total employment bill of \$206,512,782 was divided into \$49,071,646 for salaried employees and \$157,441,136 for wage-earners. The number of wage-earners was 102,086 of which 70,509 were female and 31,577 male. The employment of wage-earners varied from a monthly high of 104,734 in March to a low of 97.805 in July.

The year 1949 was a good year for most Canadian industries but conditions varied for the different clothing industries. The men's fine clothing industry, for example, expanded its output in spite of keen competition. Over the past fifty years this industry has been transformed from a number of small, individually run shops to the most modern types of factories with the latest kinds of equipment. On the other hand difficult market conditions for the dress and sportswear industry were shown by a decrease in sales volume of about 15 per cent. This industry was facing a more selective retail demand by improving manufacturing methods and styling in order that more desirable merchandise be made available at lower prices. The knit goods industry, too, found 1949 a very challenging and difficult year. However, the continued improvement and efficiency of the clothing industries may be shown in the high levels of new capital investment and in 1949 approximately \$3,000,000 worth of rew construction and \$10,700,000 worth of new machinery and equipment were added to the clothing industries.

A general account of the clothing industries in 1949 will have to take the form of a brief summary the principal components. The men's factory clothing industry is not exactly comparable over the years 1948 and 1949. On the one hand seventeen establishments which were formerly classified as clothing contractors have been added to the industry. On the other hand eighteen establishments producing suspenders and garters which were formerly a part of the men's factory clothing industry have been reclassified to miscellaneous clothing. Value of production of the men's factory clothing industry rose from \$209,028,369 in 1948 to \$220,701,259 in 1949. The industry in 1949 consisted of 565 establishments which furnished employment to 33,298 persons who received \$57,343,483 in salaries and wages. The cost of materials consumed amounted to \$121,485,389 and the value added by manufacture was \$98,546,341. The establishments reporting in 1949 were distributed provincially as follows: Quebec 339, Ontario 149, Manitoba 39, British Columbia 16, Alberta 7, Nova Scotia 7, Newfoundland 6, New Brunswick 1 and Saskatchewan 1. The industry was largely centred in Montreal and Toronto which accounted for almost two-thirds of total output, the production in the two cities being approximately 40 per cent and 21 per cent respectively. In 1949 reports were also received from 137 establishments classified as men's clothing contractors. Of these 117 were located in the Province of Quebec and 84 were located in Montreal, the centre of the industry. There were 18 establishments in Ontario, 16 of which were located in Toronto. The total value of work performed during 1949 was \$6,426,382 and the 3,388 persons employed received \$4,856,691 in salaries and wages.

Combined statistics for the women's and children's factory clothing industries are not strictly comparable between 1948 and 1949. For example, the former division known as "Embroidery, pleating, hemstitching, etc." has been transferred from women's factory clothing to miscellaneous textile goods. The gross value of production rose from \$222,814,726 in 1948 to \$230,306,214 in 1949. Women's coats and suits were valued at \$5,334,175 more in 1949 than in 1948 but in 1949 women's dresses showed a value of production of \$34,133 less than in 1948. Value of production of other women's outerwear and underwear advanced by \$4,969,406 over the two years and the value of children's clothing in 1949 exceeded the previous year by \$3,904,742. Of the combined industry's total output, 62 per cent was accounted for by Montreal and 23 per cent by Toronto. In the women's and children's clothing contracting industry, reports were received from 82 contractors and the gross value of work performed reached \$2,702,744. Of the total value of work performed, over 76 per cent was accounted for by Montreal and 15 per cent by Toronto.

The gross value of production of the combined hosiery, knitted goods and fabric glove and mitten industries was nearly 4 per cent lower in 1949 than in the previous year. The downward trend in production followed a decline in retail sales. The industry found it difficult to profitably convert high-cost material into finished goods for an uncertain market while at the same time trying to minimize risk of inventory losses. Exports were also lower due to exchange difficulties and in 1949 accounted for less than 1.5 per cent of Canadian output compared with 4 per cent in 1947.

The corset industry in 1949 recorded a slight gain in production from \$15,486,766 in 1948 to \$16,389,008. There has been a steady growth since 1944. Almost the entire output of this industry is disposed of in Canada with exports of only \$69,760 in 1949. There has been a slight shift toward the utilization of synthetic materials in the manufacture of corsets and combination garments.

The value of production in the fur goods industry, at \$60,955,010, showed a sharp decline from the record figure of \$66,384,085 reached in 1948. But despite the decrease of 8 per cent from 1948. the value in 1949 was 6 per cent above the figure reached in 1946, the former second highest year on record. The fur dressing industry treated 13,933,261 skins in 1949, a decrease of 1.5 per cent from the previous year. Both domestic and foreign skins are processed by this industry. Over five million rabbit and four million muskrat skins accounted for almost two-thirds of the total dressed; squirrel skins with 1,909,000 and Persian lamb with 1,336,000 together comprised slightly over 23 per cent of the total. Thirty different varieties of skins made up the remaining 10 per cent.

The hat and cap industry operated at a level somewhat higher in 1949 than in 1948. The gross value of production increased by \$1,288,840 or 5.2 per cent from \$24,955,361 in 1948 to \$26,244,201 in 1949. Employment was provided for 46 or 1 per cent more persons and salaries and wages were up by 7.7 per cent.

Production of the oiled and waterproofed clothing industry grew from \$2,943,045 in 1948 to \$3,906,089 in 1949. The industry showed a tendency to emphasize wool coats at the expense of the more traditional rubberized and waterproofed varieties. In 1949 this industry was almost entirely concerned with the domestic market as exports were valued at only \$199.385.

The new industrial grouping created by the Standard Industrial Classification and known as miscellaneous clothing, n.e.s. consists almost entirely of firms formerly classified under men's factory clothing and the miscellaneous cotton industry plus a few firms formerly included in women's factory clothing. The value of production of this industry in 1949 was \$7,230,170 and included tailors' canvas fronts valued at \$2,331,163, shoulder pads \$1,341,906 and suspenders \$890,167. In 1949 there were 58 establishments in this industry. Thirty-five establishments in Quebec accounted for 69 per cent of production and 70 per cent of the industry's employment.

To avoid duplication and bring together all textile products in a convenient form the list of products made by the clothing industry will be found in the Report entitled "General Review of All Textiles".

 TABLE 1. Principal Statistics of the Clothing Industries (Textile and Fur), 1945–1947 and by Provinces 1948 and 1949

Year and Provinces	Estab- lish- ments No.	Em- Salaries		Cost of materials used	Value added by manufacture	Gross value of production \$	
1945	2,676	99, 959	131, 478, 496	251, 899, 847	222, 307, 384	476, 754, 319	
1946 1947	2,9 88 3,121	105,868 110,329	146, 265, 152 166, 951, 727	285, 568, 957 311, 018, 817	263,018,398 300,527,093	551, 331, 576 614, 594, 703	
1948 ¹							
Canada	3, 100	115,105	191, 866, 371	361, 216, 438	345, 028, 807	709, 688, 704	
Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	15 6 1, 766 1, 044 165 12 29 63	$1, 610 \\ 529 \\ 63, 714 \\ 41, 171 \\ 5, 731 \\ 119 \\ 857 \\ 1, 374$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,041,638\\ 648,499\\ 103,745,900\\ 72,753,196\\ 8,985,991\\ 226,456\\ 1,315,839\\ 2,148,852\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 4, 251, 774 \\ 1, 293, 048 \\ 203, 247, 656 \\ 124, 248, 477 \\ 20, 997, 603 \\ 501, 703 \\ 2, 975, 421 \\ 3, 700, 756 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,470,077\\ 1,080,302\\ 195,985,205\\ 121,671,630\\ 15,769,054\\ 405,032\\ 2,895,636\\ 3,751,871\end{array}$	7,841,672 2,408,134 400,897,323 247,366,744 36,885,002 911,880 5,888,198 7,489,751	

1. Statistics for 1948 and 1949 are not strictly comparable due to the adoption of the Standard Industrial Classification in 1949. See page L-3, paragraph 1. TABLE 1. Principal Statistics of the Clothing Industries (Textile and Fur), 1945-1947 and by Provinces 1948 and 1949 - Concluded

Year and Provinces	Estab- lish- ments	Em- ployees	Salaries and wages	Cost of materials used	Value added by manufacture	Gross value of production
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
1949 ¹						
Canada	3, 058	117, 752	206, 512, 782	371, 128, 833	352, 741, 236	727, 498, 836
Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Al berta British Columbia	23 6 1,719 1,030 171 14 30 65	1,978 277 65,262 41,252 6,383 185 944 1,471	$\begin{array}{c} 2,483,600\\ 378,030\\ 111,664,749\\ 76,997,764\\ 10,904,059\\ 314,607\\ 1,352,564\\ 2,417,409 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 5,050,151\\ 569,820\\ 208,954,022\\ 124,932,351\\ 23,541,076\\ 735,279\\ 3,260,849\\ 4,085,285\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 4,083,092\\582,999\\200,067,810\\122,733,319\\17,609,981\\554,092\\2,860,054\\4,249,889\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}9,\ 279,\ 437\\1,\ 176,\ 951\\410,\ 747,\ 691\\249,\ 185,\ 397\\41,\ 301,\ 409\\1,\ 294,\ 863\\6,\ 139,\ 307\\8,\ 373,\ 781\end{array}$

1. Statistics for 1948 and 1949 are not strictly comparable due to the adoption of the Standard Industrial Classifica-tion in 1949. See page L-3, paragraph 1.

TABLE 2.	Principal	Statistics of	the !	Clothing	Industries	(Textile	and	Fur),	by	Groups,
			1	948 and	1949					

Group	Estab- lish- ments	Em- ployees	Salaries and wages	Cost of materials used	Value added by manufacture	Gross value of production
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
1948						1
Men's factory clothing ¹ Women's and children's factory clothing Men's clothing contractors ¹ Women's clothing contractors Hosiery and other knitted goods Fur dressing and dyeing Fur dressing and dyeing	563 1, 160 157 85 271 37 21 615 14 164 13	$\begin{array}{c} 31,092\\ 33,416\\ 4,345\\ 1,572\\ 27,634\\ 3,154\\ 1,602\\ 6,443\\ 762\\ 4,714\\ 371\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 50,988,960\\ 59,363,042\\ 5,961,119\\ 2,014,510\\ 42,807,416\\ 4,358,510\\ 3,119,467\\ 13,482,415\\ 786,865\\ 8,358,871\\ 625,196 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 111,\ 670,\ 816\\ 114,\ 028,\ 998\\ 538,\ 319\\ 109,\ 395\\ 69,\ 114,\ 815\\ 6,\ 462,\ 015\\ 1,\ 135,\ 650\\ 43,\ 938,\ 122\\ 1,\ 693,\ 060\\ 11,\ 142,\ 545\\ 1,\ 382,\ 703\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 96,772,118\\ 108,271,992\\ 7,047,361\\ 2,586,240\\ 77,806,848\\ 8,975,424\\ 4,872,675\\ 22,258,110\\ 1,295,152\\ 13,590,284\\ 1,552,603\\ \end{array}$	209, 028, 369 222, 814, 726 7, 663, 113 2, 726, 442 148, 556, 159 15, 486, 766 6, 126, 532 66, 384, 085 3, 004, 106 24, 955, 361 2, 943, 045
Total	3, 100	115, 105	191, 866, 371	361, 216, 438	345, 028, 807	709, 688, 704
1949		100	100			1.5.11
Men's factory clothing ¹ Women's and children's factory clothing ¹ Men's clothing contractors 1 Women's clothing contractors	565 1,034 137 82 290 37 21 642 15 163 14 58	$\begin{array}{c} 33, 298\\ 34, 294\\ 3, 388\\ 1, 401\\ 26, 442\\ 3, 456\\ 1, 670\\ 6, 700\\ 647\\ 4, 760\\ 439\\ 1, 257\end{array}$	57, 343, 483 63, 026, 588 4, 856, 691 1, 939, 052 43, 949, 295 4, 818, 813 3, 487, 633 14, 520, 579 718, 650 9, 004, 917 798, 473 2, 048, 608	$\begin{array}{c} 121,485,389\\ 120,089,104\\ 561,924\\ 157,171\\ 64,702,821\\ 7,101,529\\ 1,215,541\\ 37,260,284\\ 1,581,144\\ 11,268,684\\ 1,987,702\\ 3,717,540 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 98,546,341\\ 109,663,073\\ 5,800,327\\ 2,513,403\\ 76,671,800\\ 9,235,931\\ 5,355,844\\ 23,488,914\\ 1,329,571\\ 14,742,262\\ 1,910,485\\ 3,483,285 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 220,701,256\\ 230,306,214\\ 6,426,38\\ 2,702,774\\ 143,019,075\\ 16,389,008\\ 6,691,418\\ 60,955,010\\ 2,927,236\\ 26,244,203\\ 36,906,088\\ 7,230,170\end{array}$
Total	3, 958	117, 752	206, 512, 782	371, 128, 833	352, 741, 236	727, 498, 83

Groups not strictly comparable in 1948 and 1949, see page L-3, paragraph 5 and 6.
 This group is part of the Standard Industrial Classification introduced in 1949 and includes firms formerly classified to miscellaneous cottons, men's factory clothing and women's factory clothing.

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Industry	Estab- lish- ments	Em- ployees	Salaries and wages	Cost of materials used	Value added by manufacture	Gross value of production	
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Men's, women's and children's clothing:							
Clothing, children's factory Clothing, men's factory Clothing, women's factory Clothing contractors, men's Clothing contractors, women's	144 565 890 137 82	5, 165 33, 298 29, 129 3, 388 1, 401	7, 602, 196 57, 343, 483 55, 424, 392 4, 856, 691 1, 939, 052	14, 932, 211 121, 485, 389 105, 156, 893 561, 924 157, 171	12, 872, 063 98, 546, 341 96, 791, 010 5, 800, 327 2, 513, 403	27, 893, 656 220, 701, 259 202, 412, 558 6, 426, 382 2, 702, 774	
Total	1, 818	72, 381	127, 165, 814	242, 293, 588	216, 523, 144	4 60, 136, 629	
Knitted goods							
Hosiery Other knitted goods	113 177	11, 353 15, 089	20, 194, 998 23, 754, 297	19, 099, 844 45, 602, 977	35, 079, 759 41, 592, 041	54, 809, 523 88, 209, 552	
Total	290	26, 442	43, 949, 295	64, 702, 821	76, 671, 800	143, 019, 075	
Miscellaneous clothing:							
Corsets Fur dressing and dyeing Fur goods Gloves and mittens, fabric Hats and caps Oiled and waterproofed clothing Clothing, n.e.s.	37 21 642 15 163 14 58	3, 456 1, 670 6, 700 647 4, 760 439 1, 257	4,818,813 3,487,633 14,520,579 718,650 9,004,917 798,473 2,048,608	7, 101, 529 1, 215, 541 37, 260, 284 1, 581, 144 11, 268, 684 1, 987, 702 3, 717, 540	9, 235, 931 5, 355, 844 23, 48, 914 1, 329, 571 14, 742, 262 1, 910, 485 3, 483, 285	$\begin{array}{c} 16, 389, 008\\ 6, 691, 418\\ 60, 955, 010\\ 2, 927, 236\\ 26, 244, 201\\ 3, 906, 089\\ 7, 230, 170 \end{array}$	
Total	950	18, 929	35, 397, 673	64, 132, 424	59, 546, 292	124, 343, 132	

TABLE 3. Principal Statistics of the Industries Composing the Clothing Groups (Textile and Fur), 1949

TABLE 4. Principal Statistics of Clothing Industries (Textile and Fur) by Economic Areas, 1949

Area and Industry	1.50-		Salaries and wages	Cost of materials used	Value added by manufacture	Gross value of production	
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Atlantic Provinces:							
Clothing, men's factory Fur goods Hosiery and other knitted goods Other industries for which figures cannot be shown	14 5 6 4	834 57 1, 184 180	831,072 97,753 1,669,445 263,360	1, 946, 975 97, 246 3, 075, 760 499, 990	1, 439, 838 89, 304 2, 833, 685 303, 264	3, 412, 581 187, 950 6, 016, 282 839, 575	
Total	29	2, 255	2, 861, 630	5, 619, 971	4, 666, 091	10, 456, 388	
Quebec: Clothing, children's factory Clothing, men's factory Clothing contractors, men's Clothing contractors, women's Clothing ontractors, women's Clothing n.e.s. Clothing, n.e.s. C	90 339 538 117 57 35 18 10 298 9 73 56 69 10	3, 836 17, 881 18, 399 3, 083 1, 151 875 2, 217 1, 075 3, 294 452 2, 240 5, 510 4, 974 275	$\begin{array}{c} 5,581,762\\ 30,979,672\\ 33,748,783\\ 4,336,226\\ 1,600,580\\ 1,357,484\\ 2,938,979\\ 2,275,245\\ 6,646,712\\ 4,52,282\\ 4,177,293\\ 9,513,210\\ 7,572,858\\ 483,663\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 11,712,132\\ 68,955,515\\ 68,285,650\\ 476,574\\ 96,842\\ 2,653,445\\ 4,668,267\\ 787,407\\ 18,559,662\\ 968,400\\ 5,234,359\\ 8,702,020\\ 16,321,992\\ 1,531,757\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}9,399,328\\56,378,176\\62,923,383\\5,211,939\\2,076,607\\2,347,131\\5,772,062\\3,512,832\\11,087,154\\918,436\\6,692,253\\17,565,921\\14,599,042\\1,383,546\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 21, 169, 604 \\ 125, 685, 676 \\ 131, 480, 315 \\ 5, 746, 340 \\ 2, 196, 370 \\ 5, 022, 743 \\ 10, 475, 986 \\ 4, 376, 836 \\ 29, 750, 937 \\ 1, 896, 551 \\ 12, 206, 344 \\ 26, 534, 971 \\ 31, 284, 093 \\ 2, 920, 925 \end{array}$	
Total	1, 719	65, 262	111. 664, 749	208, 954, 022	200, 067, 810	410, 747, 691	

TABLE 4. Principal Statistics of Clothing Industries (Textile and Fur) by Economic Areas,1949 — Concluded

	A	343 - CU	licidueu			
Area and Industry	Estab- lish- ments	Em- ployees	Salaries and wages	Cost of materials used	Value added by manufacture	Gross value of production
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
Ontario:	15	1 050	1 500 005	0 070 400	0 007 079	5 100 79
Clothing, children's factory	45	1,050	1, 592, 935	2.379,423 37.644.056	2,697,273 31,226,360	5,100,78 69,078,802
Clothing, men's factory	149	10,952	20, 335, 956			
Clothing, women's factory	286	7,977	16, 456, 462	26, 363, 621	25, 477, 949	51,978,017
Clothing contractors, men's	18	243	469,050	78,650		607,789
Clothing contractors, women's	22	189	268,031	60,055	350,074	4 18, 299
Clothing, n.e.s.	20	362	661,156	1,032,101	1,095,732	2,134,884
Corsets	19	1,239	1,879,834	2, 433, 262	3,463,869	5,913,022
Fur dressing and dyeing	6	347	678,904	263,943	1,065,001	1,359,991
Fur goods	241	2,233	5, 544, 701	13,560,642	8,878,429	22, 508, 125
Gloves and mittens, fabric	5	181	253, 120	600,082	392,854	999,415
Hats and caps	70	2,032	4,095,160	4,904,833	6,838,042	11,852,223
flosiery	52	5, 540	10, 278, 568	9,961,747	17,066,871	27, 375, 736
Other knitted goods	93	8,743	14, 169, 077	25, 193, 991	23, 129, 196	48,873,141
Oiled and waterproofed clothing	4	164	314,810	455,945	526, 939	985, 164
Total	1,030	41,252	76, 997, 764	124, 932, 351	122, 733, 319	249, 185, 397
Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta					1.000	1.1
Clothing, children's factory	9	279	427, 499	840,656	775, 462	1, 623, 263
Clothing, men's factory	47	3, 166	4, 472, 304	11, 592, 019	8, 247, 821	19,906,750
Clothing, women's factory	42	2, 109	4,061,574	8,666,700	6, 396, 850	15, 106, 980
Clothing contractors, women's	3	61	70,441	274	86,722	88,105
Fur dressing and dyeing	5	248	533,484	164,191	778,011	954, 591
Fur goods	79	987	2, 017, 407	4, 745, 125	3, 124, 646	7,894,607
Hats and caps	16	303	469,291	639, 299	715,629	1, 362, 687
Hosiery and other knitted goods	10	278	439,847	853, 329	798,695	1,660,714
Other industries for which figures cannot be shown	4	81	79, 383	35,611	100, 291	137,882
Total	215	7,512	12, 571, 230	27, 537, 204	21, 024, 127	48.735,579
British Columbia						
Clothing, men's factory	16	465	724, 479	1,346,824	1, 254, 146	2, 617, 450
Clothing, women's factory	23	635	1, 139, 616	1,814,285	1,963,687	3,791,278
Fur goods	19	129	214,006	297,609	309, 381	613, 391
Hosiery and other knitted goods	4	213	306, 290	593.982	678, 390	1, 274, 138
Other industries for which figures cannot be shown	3	29	33,018	32, 585	44,285	77,524
Total	63	1,471	2,417,409	4,085,285	4, 249, 889	8,373,781

	Sa	laried emplo	yees	Wage-earners (Monthly average)			
	Male	Female	Total salaries	Male.	Female	Total wages	
	No.	No.	\$	No.	No.	\$	
1948 ¹							
Maritime Provinces	111	74	459, 696	538	1, 416	2, 230, 441	
Quebec	5, 222	3, 100	25, 413, 746	16, 742	38,650	78, 332, 154	
Ontario	3, 417	2, 318	16, 851, 015	11,644	23, 792	55, 902, 181	
Western Provinces	584	298	2, 712, 365	1, 829	5, 370	9, 964, 773	
Canada	9, 334	5,790	45, 436, 822	30, 753	69, 228	146, 429, 549	
1949 ¹		1.56			1000		
Atlantic Provinces	120	73	512, 361	558	1, 504	2, 349, 269	
Quebec	5, 398	3, 296	27, 443, 946	17,051	39, 517	84, 220, 803	
Ontario	3, 477	2, 287	17, 844, 331	11, 813	23,675	59, 153, 433	
Western Provinces	667	348	3, 271, 008	2, 155	5, 813	11, 717, 631	
Canada	9, 662	6,004	49, 071, 646	31, 577	70, 509	157, 441, 136	

TABLE 5. Employees and Salaries and Wages Paid, by Provinces and Regions, 1948 and 1949.

1. Statistics for 1948 and 1949 are not strictly comparable due to the adoption of the Standard Industrial Classification in 1949. See page L-3, paragraph 1.

		1948	Fut, 1540 a	1949			
Months	Male Female		Total	Male	Female	Total	
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
January	26, 807	66, 611	93, 418	31, 545	70, 815	102, 360	
February	27,146	68,213	95, 359	31, 873	72, 212	104,085	
March	26,954	67, 807	94, 761	31, 927	72, 807	104, 734	
April	26,596	67,790	94, 386	31,867	71,954	103, 821	
May	26, 249	66, 203	92, 452	31, 265	70, 378	101, 643	
June	26, 192	65, 218	91, 410	30, 916	68, 965	99, 881	
July	26, 558	63, 196	89,754	31,073	66, 732	97, 805	
August	26, 825	64, 600	91, 425	31, 667	69,310	100, 977	
September	26, 875	66, 835	93, 710	31, 936	71, 243	103, 179	
October	27, 189	68, 517	95, 706	31, 709	71, 750	103, 459	
November	27, 350	68, 817	96, 167	31, 206	70, 573	101, 779	
December	27, 144	66, 641	93, 785	30, 804	67,430	98, 234	

TABLE 6. Monthly Employment of Wage-earners in the Clothing
Industries (Textile and Fur), 1948 and 1949

TABLE 7. New Investment in Durable Physical Assets and Repair and Maintenance, Clothing
Industries, Canada, 1926 – 1949

	Ne	w investmer	rt	Repai	r and mainte	nance	New investment, repair and maintenance			
Year	Construct- tion	Machinery and equipment	Sub- total	Construct- tion	Machinery and equipment	Sub- total	Construct-	Machinery and equipment	Total	
				(Mill	ions of doll	ars)				
1926	2.0	1.5	3. 5	0.1	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.6	4.7	
1927	7.5	1.7	9.2	0.1	1.2	1.3	7.6	2.9	10.5	
1928	10.8	1.5	12.3	0.1	2.2	2, 3	10.9	3.7	14.6	
1929	13. 3	2. 2	15.5	0, 1	2,1	2, 2	13.4	4, 3	17.7	
1930	0.8	1.0	1.8	0.1	1.6	1.7	0.9	2.6	3.5	
1931	1.6	0.6	2.2	0.1	1.6	1.7	1.7	2, 2	3.9	
1932	1.3	0.5	1.8	0.1	1.9	2,0	1.4	2.4	3.8	
1933	1.1	0.6	1.7	-	0, 7	0.7	1.1	1.3	2.4	
1934	0.4	0.8	1.2	-	1.2	1. 2	0.4	2.0	2.4	
1935	0.1	0.7	0.8	0.1	1. 4	1.5	0.2	2, 1	2.3	
1936	0.8	1.1	1.9	0.2	1.7	1.9	1.0	2.8	3.8	
1937	1.8	1.6	3.4	0.1	1.5	1.6	1.9	3.1	5.0	
1938	0.4	1.0	1.4	0.1	1.5	1.6	0.5	2.5	3.0	
1939	1.4	1.9	3. 3	0.4	2.6	3.0	1.8	4.5	6.3	
1940	2.4	1.7	4.1	0.4	2.7	3.1	2.8	4.4	7.2	
1941	10.9	2.1	13.0	0.6	3. 3	3.9	11.5	5, 4	16.9	
1942	3.0	1.1	4.1	0.3	3, 1	3.4	3. 3	4.2	7.5	
1943	1.6	1.2	2.8	0.7	2.8	3.5	2.3	4.0	6. 3	
1944	2.8	1.1	3.9	3.8	3, 3	7.1	6.6	4.4	11.0	
1945	9.2	4.4	13.6	2.1	3.1	5.2	11.3	7.5	18.8	
1946	2,6	5.8	8.4	2.2	3.8	6.0	4 8	9.6	14.4	
1947	3.7	10.3	14.0	1.9	4.7	6.6	5.6	15.0	20.6	
1948	2.1	10.2	12, 3	2.2	4.8	7.0	4.3	15.0	19.3	
1949	3.0	10.7	13.7	1.9	4.9	6.8	4.9	15.6	20.5	

TABLE 8. Principal Statistics of Clothing Industries (Textile and Fur), Classified by Number of Employees per Establishment, 1949

	Employee groups	Establish- ments	Employees	Salaries and wages	Cost of fuel and electricity	Cost of materials used	Gross value of products
		No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
C	anada						
	Under 5 employees	517	1, 324	2, 305, 094	46,916	9,013,611	15, 739, 848
	5 to 14 "	889	7, 959	14, 401, 699	251, 819	34, 923, 692	64, 208, 648
	15 to 49 ''	1,077	29,084	53, 172, 594	685, 300	94, 310, 178	183, 660, 458
	50 to 99 44	323	22, 357	37, 962, 830	579, 983	70, 300, 477	137, 670, 338
	100 to 199 **	167	22, 915	37, 877, 935	594, 934	68, 548, 659	133, 556, 268
	200 to 499 **	67	20, 518	35, 849, 067	949, 168	58, 640, 067	117, 567, 787
	500 and over	18	13, 112	22, 820, 076	520,647	35, 392, 149	75, 095, 489
	Head offices ¹	-	483	2, 123, 487	_	-	-
	Totals	3, 058	117, 752	206, 512, 782	3, 628, 767	371, 128, 833	727, 498, 836

THE TEXTLE INDUSTRIES

or Employees per		Cormitan	ment, 1345 -	- Concrudeu			
Employee groups	Establish- ments	Employees	Salaries and wages	Cost of fuel and electricity	Cost of materials used	Gross value of products	
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Atlantic Provinces							
Under 14 employees	9	72	88, 474	3, 558	111, 734	230, 245	
15 to 49 "	9	213	254, 324	8, 186	381, 514	721,623	
50 to 99 "	4	349	430,350	40,873	995,000	1, 549, 770	
100 to 499 ''	7	1,621	2,088,482	117, 709	4, 131, 723	7,954,750	
Totals	29	2, 255	2, 861, 630	170, 326	5, 619, 971	10, 456, 388	
Quebec:							
Under 5 employees	320	832	1, 507, 688	22, 655	6, 749, 501	11, 811, 501	
5 to 14 "	464	4, 088	7, 244, 605	130,039	22, 137, 281	40, 215, 908	
15 to 49 "	612	16, 973	30,062,812	364, 661	54, 399, 614	107, 414, 897	
50 to 99 ''	187	12, 844	21, 525, 613	290,027	40, 987, 677	79, 816, 927	
100 to 199 ''	95	13, 307	21, 982, 632	307, 873	40, 154, 274	78, 100, 149	
200 to 499 ''	29	9, 104	15, 258, 601	253, 118	25, 226, 987	50, 762, 548	
500 and over	12	7,787	12, 660, 834	357, 486	19, 298, 688	42, 625, 761	
Head offices 1	-	327	1, 421, 964	-	-	-	
Totals	1, 719	65, 262	111, 664, 749	1, 725, 859	208, 954, 022	410, 747, 691	
					Sec. 1		
Ontario;							
Under 5 employees	146	358	605,830	17,673	1,903,407	3, 243, 008	
5 to 14 "	323	2, 952	5, 717, 983	92, 301	10, 129, 829	19, 011, 637	
15 to 49 "	376	9,758	19, 460, 907	253, 787	32, 933, 506	63, 703, 061	
50 to 99 **	97	6,752	11,608,072	186,603	19, 635, 39 5	40, 147, 180	
100 to 199 "	54	7, 313	12, 375, 781	239, 168	20,861,013	41, 456, 937	
200 to 499 "	29	9,226	17, 034, 857	573, 509	25, 469, 682	54, 246, 529	
500 and over	5	4,737	9, 492, 811	156, 686	13, 999, 519	27, 377, 045	
Head offices ¹	-	156	701, 523	-	THE P	-	
Totals	1,030	41, 252	76, 997, 764	1, 519, 727	124, 932, 351	249, 185, 397	
Western Provinces							
Under 5 employees	50	133	191, 576	6, 488	360, 403	684, 839	
5 to 14 "	94	848	1, 350, 637	26, 021	2, 545, 148	4, 751, 358	
15 to 49 "	80	2, 140	3, 394, 551	58,666	6, 595, 544	11, 820, 877	
50 to 99 **	35	2, 412	4, 398, 795	62, 480	8, 682, 405	16, 156, 461	
100 to 199 "	16	2,037	3, 227, 382	39,903	6, 864, 400	12,630,979	
200 and over	5	1,413	2, 425, 698	19, 297	6, 574, 589	11, 064, 846	
Totals	280	8, 983	14, 988, 639	212, 855	31, 622, 489	57, 109, 360	

TABLE 8. Principal Statistics of Clothing Industries (Textile and Fur). Classified by Number of Employees per Establishment, 1949 – Concluded

1. Head Offices where separated from productive establishments.

GENERAL REVIEW OF THE CLOTHING INDUSTRIES

TABLE 9. Principal Statistics of Clothing Industries (Textile and Fur),Classified by Production Groups, 1949

Production groups	Establish- ments	Em- ployees	Salaries and wages	Cost of fuel and electricity	Cost of materials used	Gross value of products
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
Canada:						
Under \$5,000 5,000 to 24,999 25,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999	81 459 416 577 584 602	142 2, 389 4, 072 8, 087 12, 997 28, 634	97, 992 2, 913, 657 5, 788, 686 13, 362, 187 23, 241, 106 50, 207, 040	4, 300 67, 991 116, 986 194, 213 332, 775 743, 331	75, 240 2, 852, 601 6, 533, 426 21, 072, 315 43, 897, 509 96, 808, 453	214.055 6,797,968 15,107,883 42,194,090 83,744,583 185,727,884
500,000 to 999,999 1,000,000 to 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over Head Offices ¹	214 122 3 -	21,662 35,616 3,670 483	37, 885, 430 64, 013, 380 6, 879, 817 2, 123, 487	611, 755 1, 360, 240 197, 176	75,683,814 113,669,299 10,536,176	145,886,845 226,135,663 21,689,865
Totals	3,058	117, 752	206, 512, 782	3, 628, 767	371, 128, 833	727, 498, 836
Atlantic Provinces:						
Under \$5,000						
5,000 to 24,999 25,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 499,999 500,000 to 499,999	5 5 6 5 8	33 68 144 299 1, 711	33,100 87,788 151,959 403,442 2,185,341	1,076 1,905 6,330 42,237 118,778	17,958 76,285 221,275 778,187 4,526,266	57,947 172,798 456,993 1,233,189 8,535,461
Totals	29	2, 255	2, 861, 630	170, 326	5, 619, 971	10, 456, 388
Quebec						
Under \$5,000 5,000 to 24,999 25,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999 500,000 to 999,999 1,000,000 to 5,000,000 Head Offices	41 265 219 307 335 366 114 72	88 1,453 2,355 4,374 7,334 17,160 10,649 21,522 327	$\begin{array}{c} 61,407\\ 1,683,284\\ 3,212,459\\ 6,961,579\\ 12,724,013\\ 29,225,319\\ 19,266,151\\ 37,108,573\\ 1,421,964 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,481\\ 34,755\\ 63,010\\ 88,406\\ 166,655\\ 412,544\\ 257,993\\ 700,015\\ \end{array}$	40,091 1,562,137 3,368,216 10,821,935 25,090,425 59,718,787 40,760,420 67,592,011	$\begin{array}{r} 118,835\\ 3,781,032\\ 8,081,632\\ 22,431,351\\ 48,351,157\\ 114,477,715\\ 78,305,178\\ 135,200,791\\ \end{array}$
Totals	1, 719	65, 262	111, 664, 749	1, 725, 859	208, 954, 022	410, 747, 691
Ontario:						
Under \$5,000 5,000 to 24,999 25,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999 500,000 to 999,999 1,000,000 to 5,000,000 and over Head Offices	29 140 139 213 200 197 69 43	42 684 1,135 2,846 4,387 9,242 7,616 15,144 156	$\begin{array}{r} 25,615\\922,725\\1,795,157\\5,097,745\\8,481,998\\17,275,608\\13,192,781\\29,504,612\\701,523\end{array}$	1,002 25,236 35,812 78,828 129,282 238,003 251,244 760,320	$19, 362 \\920, 539 \\2, 271, 090 \\8, 176, 813 \\14, 577, 207 \\29, 966, 810 \\22, 728, 839 \\46, 271, 691 \\-$	61, 298 2, 211, 239 5, 021, 946 15, 643, 107 28, 176, 534 58, 429, 792 45, 863, 404 93, 778, 077
Totals	1,030	41, 252	76, 997, 764	1, 519, 727	124, 932, 351	249, 185, 397
Western Drevision						
Western Provinces:	10		10.020		15 405	00.400
Under \$5,000 5,000 to 24,999 25,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999 500,000 to 999,999	10 50 53 51 47 36 25	11 220 514 723 1, 236 1, 973 2, 403	$\begin{array}{r} 10,970\\ 274,548\\ 693,282\\ 1,150,904\\ 1,965,144\\ 3,372,622\\ 4,286,695\end{array}$	717 7,024 16,259 20,649 34,405 52,980 53,417	15,487352,267817,8351,852,2924,052,1476,522,3999,945,566	33,422 748.250 1,831,507 3.662,639 6,952,762 11,851,318 17,561,210
1,000,000 to 4,999,999	8	1,903	3,234,474	27,404	8,064,496	14, 468, 252

1. Head offices where separated from productive establishments.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1952

