



# FOUNDATION GARMENT INDUSTRY

## 1961

The list of firms normally included in this report has been omitted from this issue, along with certain tables. See introductory text for details.

# ANNUAL CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES

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#### DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

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#### SYMBOLS

The interpretation of the symbols used in the tables throughout this publication is as follows:

- .. figures not available.
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable.
- nil or zero.

#### EXPLANATORY NOTES

This report is one in a series of about 140 publications which present the results of the 1961 Census of Manufactures. Most reports in this series refer to specific industries, but there are summary reports for Canada and the provinces and for major industry groups. Implementation of the new definition of the establishment in the 1961 Census has resulted in certain changes and necessitated some adjustments to the statistics for previous years in order to maintain comparability of the data. (See following note on "Establishment".)

Industry statistics given in these reports refer to number of establishments, employees, salaries and wages, cost of materials, supplies, fuel and electricity, gross value of shipments, inventories and value added by manufacturing. Details of materials used and products shipped are also given. Descriptions of the principal industry statistics, with special reference to 1961, are as follows:

#### Period Covered

Firms are asked to submit figures for the calendar year, if at all possible, and most reports are on this basis. Financial year reports for periods differing from the calendar year are accepted in instances where the firms find it impossible to supply calendar year data from accounting records. However the data on employees, salarles and wages are requested on a calendar year basis in all cases.

#### Establishment

The reporting unit in the Census of Manufactures is the **establishment.** Beginning with the 1961 Census, the establishment is defined as follows:

The smallest unit which is a separate operating entity capable of reporting all the following:

Materials and supplies used, Goods purchased for resale as such, Fuel and power consumed, Number of employees and their pay, Inventories, Shipments or sales.

The establishment is to be distinguished from smaller subdivisions or departments which do not have records which permit them to report all items required of an establishment. Prior to 1961, some establishments were required to submit two or more separate reports when they were engaged in operations which were classifiable to different industries. Beginning with 1961, separate reports for such operations will be required only in cases where accounting records can provide all the elements of principal statistics enumerated above. Special reporting arrangements were made with respondents when the acceptance of combined reports would have seriously affected the statistics for particular industries or areas. Where continuity of industry statistics was affected by this change in reporting procedures, adjustments to the data were made back to 1957 in order to maintain comparability of the series for recent years.

A manufacturing establishment is typically a factory, mill or plant principally engaged in manufacturing operations. Prior to 1961, the Census of Manufactures attempted to cover the manufacturing activities of all establishments, whether or not they were principally engaged in manufacturing operations. Beginning with the 1961 Census, establishments (accounting entities) which are not primarily engaged in manufacturing are no longer included as manufacturing establishments in the basic industry statistics. Again adjustments to the industry statistics were made to reflect the removal of such reporting units for the period 1957-1960. These reporting units are now listed as establishments in other Bureau industry surveys, such as Wholesale Trade, Construction, etc. In order, however, to maintain complete coverage of certain commodity items produced mainly in manufacturing establishments, many non-manufacturing establishments are now surveyed for commodity shipments only and the latter are included in those tables of industry reports showing shipments of certain commodities "from all industries".

Many firms have more than one manufacturing establishment. Such firms are requested to submit a separate Census of Manufactures report for each manufacturing establishment which can meet the reporting requirements described earlier.

Prior to 1961, the main emphasis in the Census of Manufactures was on manufacturing activity whereas, beginning with 1961, each establishment reports on the total operations carried out within its accounting boundaries (except income from investments such as rent, interest and dividends). However, data on different activities (manufacturing, selling, construction by own labour force etc.) are requested separately. The 1961 statistics in this report are confined to manufacturing activity in order to maintain comparability with previous years. In the 1962 reports it is planned to show both 1961 and 1962 data on the "total activity" basis in addition to the data on manufacturing operations.

#### **Employees**

Administrative and office employees include all executives and supervisory officials such as presidents, vice-presidents, secretaries, treasurers, etc., together with managers, professional and technical employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the working foremen level, and clerical employees. Working owners and partners are also included in this category but will be shown separately in subsequent years.

Production and related workers include all other factory workmen whether paid on a monthly, weekly, hourly or piece-work basis. Working foremen doing work similar to that of the employees they supervise are included, as are maintenance, handling, warehousing and delivery staff. Employees on new construction work, in retail or wholesale operations, on outside piece work, etc, are not included.

Production workers are reported by months, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly figures and dividing by twelve. This procedure is followed even though the plant did not operate in all months. Figures on employment refer to the calendar year whether or not some establishments reported other data on a financial year basis.

#### Salaries and Wages

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of the employees described above, including salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses, the value of room and board where provided, deductions for income tax and social services such as sickness and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc., as well as any other allowances forming part of the employees' wages. Payments for overtime are included.

Salaries refer to amounts paid to administrative and office employees. Withdrawals by working owners or partners for normal living expenses for self and family are included with salaries, but will be shown separately in subsequent years. Wages refer to the amounts paid to production and related workers as defined above. Data on earnings refer to the calendar year whether or not some establishments reported other data on a financial year basis.

#### Cost of Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used (including fuel used in cars and trucks), not to purchases unless the quantities are the same. Values refer to the laid-down cost at the establishment including freight, duty, etc.

#### Materials and Supplies Used

Figures represent quantities and laid-down cost values, at the establishment, of materials, supplies and components actually used during the year whether purchased from others or received as transfers from other plants of the reporting company. Amounts paid to other manufacturers for work done on materials owned by the reporting company are included. Returnable containers or any other items charged to capital account are not included. Fuels are not included. Goods bought from others or received as transfers from other plants or reporting companies for resale without further processing are not included. Maintenance and repair supplies not chargeable to capital account are included.

#### **Factory Shipments**

Factory shipments generally refer to shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting establishments or by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting establishment for work done. All products and by-products shipped from the establishment are included whether for domestic use, export, or for government departments. Transfer shipments to sales outlets, distributing warehouses or to other manufacturing units of the reporting firm which are treated as separate establishments are included. Goods bought or received as transfers and resold without further processing are not included. Values are requested

on f.o.b. establishment basis, and do not include sales tax or excise duties. Values of containers not returnable are included. Amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by others are included.

In a few industries such as shipbuilding, air craft, etc., where work on principal products extend over a relatively long period, the value of production is recorded rather than the value of shipments. For those industries production is computed from the value of deliveries of complete units during the year plus the value of work done during the year on unfinished units less the value of work done in previous years on finished units delivered in the year under review.

#### Inventories

Values represent the book value of manufacturing inventory. Figures consist of inventory at the plant and at warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of the plants for the purpose of reporting shipments.

#### Value added by Manufacturing

Value added is compiled by deducting the cost of materials, fuel and electricity consumed from the value of production (value of shipments adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of finished goods and goods in process). Value added is sometimes referred to as net production.

#### Standard Industrial Classification

The revised Standard Industrial Classification which was introduced with the 1960 Census of Manufactures provides for a breakdown of the universe into 140 industries arranged in 20 major groups compared with 135 industries in 17 major groups in the old classification which was used in the compilations for the years 1949 to 1959 inclusive. Full details are contained in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, Catalogue No. 12-501, which is available from either the Queen's Printer or the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Reporting establishments are classified or allotted to specific industries on the basis of the value of principal products made or shipped.

Establishments engaged solely in repair work are not included in manufacturing industries (except in the case of furniture, shipbuilding, boat building, aircraft and railroad rolling stock industries) but establishments principally engaged in assembling parts into complete units are included.

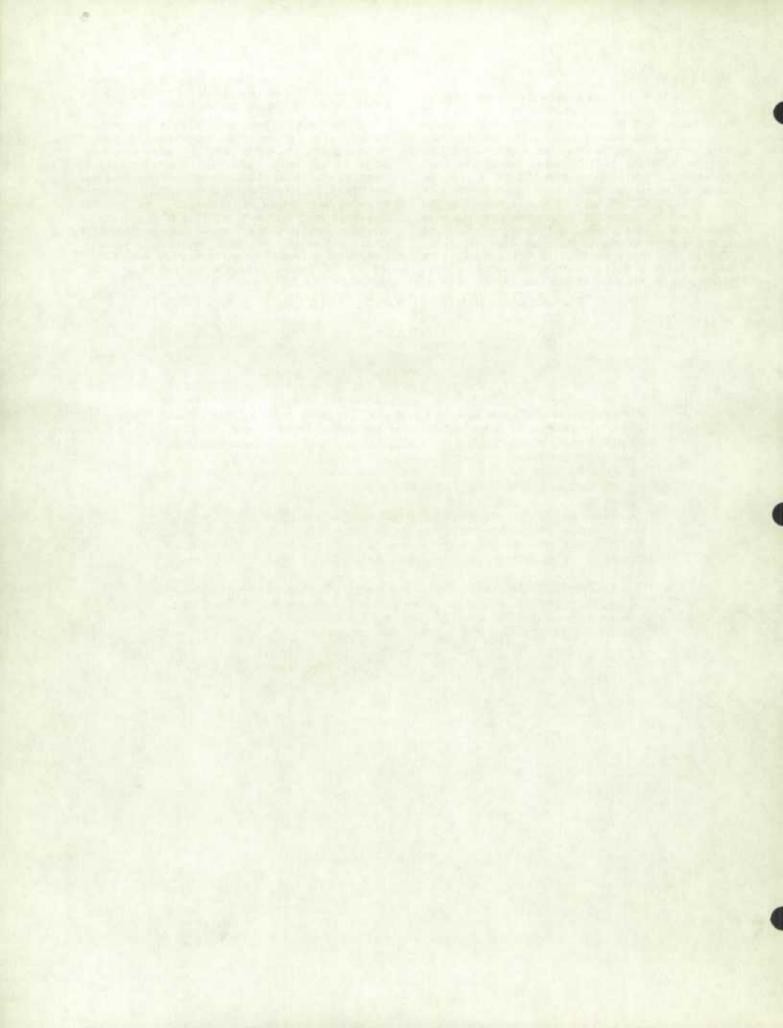
¹ To arrive at the National Accounts concept of ''gross domestic product at factor cost'', it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of advertising, insurance and other business costs which are not collected in the annual Census of Manufactures. Value added figures for the primary industries, manufacturing and construction are published in D.B.S. publication 61-202, Survey of Production.

#### Short Forms

Since 1949, in order to ease the reporting burden for smaller firms, a one-page short form has been used asking only for certain principal items of shipments. For purposes of publication, missing data were estimated on the basis of appropriate ratios. For the 1959 and 1960 censuses the general limit for short forms was raised from \$50,000 to \$100,000 value of shipments and a new intermediate form was used. This form is a shortened version of the long form in that some of the general questions were pared down and the detailed lists of materials and products were limited to the more important items. The general limits for firms in this category were set at between \$100,000-\$500,000 value of shipments, but in the case of both the short and inter-

mediate forms there are lower cut-offs for a number of industries in which the smaller firms account for a larger share of total shipments.

In the 1961 Census, in addition to the question on shipments of goods of own manufacture, questions on employment and payroll and on total revenue were added on all short forms. The other elements of principal statistics, viz. value of materials, fuel and electricity, and inventories, are generally estimated by using ratios based on the change in the value of shipments from year to year. This is to permit the complete compilation of basic industry statistics by industry and by geographic location. The proportion of the estimated data is generally less than 5 per cent of the total in each category of principal statistics.



## FOUNDATION GARMENT INDUSTRY

## 1961

For the 1961 survey year, the Bureau implemented a New Establishment Concept, resulting in minor revisions to this industry as a scrutiny of the revised Principal Statistics (Table 1) for the years 1957 to 1960, inclusive, will reveal. The implementation of a new definition of the establishment (reporting unit) in the 1961 Census of Manufactures has resulted in certain changes and necessitated some adjustments to the statistics. In order to maintain comparability of the principal statistics for recent years, the necessary adjustments were applied to the data back to 1957. (See also Explanatory Notes.)

Table 4 shows the shipments of certain types of foundation garments by all industries. It should be noted that, with the exception of this table and of Table 1, the 1960 data presented in this report are based on the revised 1960 Standard Industrial Classification without revisions for the New Establishment Concept.

As a result of increased work loads and staff shortages it has been necessary to suspend publication of certain tables normally contained in this report. It is planned to resume publication of these tables in the 1962 reports. The tables affected are the following: List of firms—Imports—Exports.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1925 - 61

Year and province	Estab- lish- ments	Fm- ployees	Salaries and wages	Cost at factory of fuel and electricity	Cost of materials used	Value added by manufacture	Value of shipments <sup>1</sup>
		Basis:	Standard Indu	strial Classifi	cation up to an	nd including 196	0
	num	ber	THE .		dollars		
1925 1927 1928 1929 1930	17 16 16 17 19	1, 461 1, 351 1, 418 1, 405 1, 482	1, 110, 282 1, 009, 495 1, 124, 284 1, 084, 231 1, 097, 037	17,580 12,004 11,899 13,808 16,078	2, 330, 165 1, 925, 962 2, 055, 416 2, 098, 351 2, 221, 313	1,966,564 1,853,782 2,179,633 2,106,860 2,373,612	4,314,309 3,791,748 4,246,948 4,219,019 4,578,847
931	20 19 20 23 23	1,508 1,517 1,498 1,598 1,555	1,124,990 1,202,228 1,154,979 1,274,845 1,289,015	17, 365 20, 292 19, 384 20, 008 20, 000	2,054,461 1,812,233 1,881,362 2,062,352 1,956,071	2,115,821 2,435,146 2,267,839 2,379,049 2,421,070	4, 187, 647 4, 267, 671 4, 168, 585 4, 461, 409 4, 397, 141
937 938 939 940 941	23 23 23 25 25	1.684 1.632 1.768 1.886 2,263	1, 328, 019 1, 313, 711 1, 430, 514 1, 556, 419 1, 926, 168	21, 191 21, 263 22, 666 23, 323 27, 044	2, 100, 321 1, 939, 519 2, 121, 694 2, 377, 079 2, 948, 813	2,446,195 2,360,472 2,562,587 2,757,744 2,975,857	4,567,707 4,321,254 4,706,947 5,158,146 6,171,683
1942	26 27 28 33 39	2, 314 2, 220 2, 350 2, 527 2, 827	2,035,355 2,244,814 2,451,216 2,786,015 3,289,067	24,741 26,875 29,120 30,881 34,645	3, 129, 641 2, 891, 021 2, 965, 290 3, 475, 601 5, 111, 692	3, 791, 090 4, 214, 643 4, 962, 771 5, 708, 054 6, 969, 249	6, 945, 472 7, 132, 539 7, 957, 181 9, 214, 536 12, 115, 586
1947	40 37 37 37 37	3, 259 3, 154 3, 456 3, 219 3, 146	4,093,288 4,358,510 4,818,813 4,741,557 4,916,077	45, 323 49, 327 51, 548 55, 745 62, 986	6, 276, 125 6, 462, 015 7, 101, 529 7, 358, 186 7, 808, 061	7,800,363 8,975,424 9,235,931 9,533,613 8,723,243	14, 121, 811 15, 486, 766 16, 389, 008 16, 947, 544 16, 594, 290
1952	38 42 43 42 42	3, 310 3, 639 3, 484 3, 779 3, 895	5,698,588 6,556,311 6,465 390 7,332,035 7,923,989	60, 373 68, 583 80, 426 118, 428 126, 933	7, 991, 361 8, 852, 984 8, 903, 445 9, 865, 903 11, 494, 745	11, 836, 859 <sup>2</sup> 13, 107, 086 <sup>2</sup> 12, 460, 721 14, 963, 484 15, 836, 565	19,888,593 22,028,653 21,351,493 25,185,873 27,682,74
1957 1958 1959 1960	42 44 44 42	4,041 4,001 4,142 4,011	8,919,042 8,872,035 9,639,992 9,945,980	131, 695 127, 385 134, 243 123, 698	11,874,240 12,684,558 13,818,849 14,502,000	17, 961, 950 18, 989, 504 19, 629, 059 20, 582, 282	29, 375, 873 31, 211, 583 33, 391, 013 34, 715, 65
	Basi	s: Revised	Standard Indu	strial Classif	ication and Ne	w Establishmen	t Concept <sup>3</sup>
	nur	nber			dollars	17.462.513	
1957	42 43 43	4,057 4,015 4,157	8,769,042 8,920,649 9,688,356	131,695 127,183 134,020	11, 946, 560 12, 739, 780 13, 842, 350	18,040,507 19,126,581 19,715,021	29, 542, 66 31, 360, 07 33, 547, 53
1960							
Canada	41	4, 024	9, 987, 109	123, 415	14, 563, 310	20, 672, 791	34, 847, 23
QuebecOntario	24 17	2, 642 1, 382	6,041,088 3,946,021	61, 324 62, 091	8, 561, 245 6, 002, 065	11,680,414 8,992,377	20, 012, 39 14, 834, 83
1961							
Canada	42	3, 913	9, 902, 654	122, 834	14, 807, 384	20, 823, 773	35, 841, 56
QuebecOntario	26 16	2,664 1,249	6, 342, 889 3, 559, 765	72,024 50,810	9,684,667 5,122,717	12,727,355 8,096,418	22,657,03 13,184,53

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Figures up to and including 1951 represent the Value of Production.

<sup>2</sup> Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953, these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are therefore only approximations to true "Value added by manufacture".

<sup>3</sup> The implementation of a new definition of the establishment (reporting unit) in the 1961 Census of Manufactures has resulted in certain changes and necessitated some adjustments to the statistics. In order to maintain comparability of the principal statistics for recent years, the necessary adjustments were applied to the data back to 1957. (See also Explanatory Notes.)

TABLE 2. Inventories, 1 1961

	Raw materials and supplies	Goods in process	Finished goods of own manufacture	Total
		doll	ars	
Opening:2				
Quebec	2, 583, 789 946, 002	708, 887 470, 395	2, 029, 335 1, 486, 279	5, 322, 011 2, 902, 676
Canada	3, 529, 791	1, 179, 282	3, 515, 614	8, 224, 687
Closing:				
QuebecOntario	2, 563, 319 1, 009, 324	626, 838 502, 559	1, 938, 397 1, 539, 525	5, 128, 554 3, 051, 408
Canada	3, 572, 643	1, 129, 397	3, 477, 922	8, 179, 962

TABLE 3. Factory Shipments, 19601 and 19611

	1	960²	1	961
Principal products	Quantity	Selling value at factory	Quantity	Selling value at factory
	doz.	\$	doz.	\$
orselettes or all in one garments:				
Cotton	10, 857	569, 695	12, 584	504, 838
Nylon	4,994	414,012	5, 307	401, 41
Rayon and mixtures	10, 984	558, 635	10,034	553, 79
All elastic - Lastex, lino-webb, etc.	3, 962	299, 463	4, 840	398, 89
irdles with rigid panels plus elastic:		THURSDAY		
Cotton	40, 582	1,871,204	29, 307	1, 249, 47
Nylon	20, 570	1,649,888	20, 374	1, 665, 24
Rayon and mixtures	89, 350	3,623,089	80,607	3, 593, 54
irdles, principally elastic:				
Rubber thread covered in:				
Nylon	55, 566	2,009,181	66, 650	2, 481, 46
Rayon and mixtures	46,567	1, 361, 831	83, 747	2, 870, 85
Rubber thread covered in cotton; and other girdles <sup>3</sup>	64, 280	2, 384, 008	48, 248	2, 082, 64
andeaux bras:				
Cotton	754, 758	9, 991, 313	709, 145	9, 222, 34
Nylon	84, 833	1, 642, 892	83, 331	1,749,99
Rayon and mixtures	78,043	1,306,020	77, 212	1, 243, 78
ongline Bras:				
Cotton	135, 177	2, 828, 187	128, 991	3,089,44
Nylon	28, 316	1,099,397	30, 760	1, 332, 19
Rayon and mixtures	8,626	236, 141	7, 934	310, 77
arter belts:				
Cotton	62, 317	497, 299	66, 350	535,03
Nylon	21,568	234, 277	20, 419	215, 77
Rayon and mixtures	22,897	258, 432	23, 488	281, 26
Lino-webb and lastex	3, 849	47, 190		
nderwear, all kinds				2,092,78
arters		1, 833, 498		21002110
ll other products				
Total factory shipments		34, 715, 652		35, 875, 55
ess adjustment for value of sales taxes, excise duties an				
ot deducted from individual commodity items detailed abo	ve			33,98
Total factory shipments (adjusted)				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The statistics published in this table cover only those manufacturing establishments which have foundation garments as their principal products. For total shipments of selected foundation garments, by groups, see Table 4.

<sup>2</sup> Based on the revised 1960 Standard Industrial Classification without revisions for the New Establishment Concept.

<sup>3</sup> Includes latex and cotton girdles.

Book value of manufacturing inventories held at plant or at plant warehouses.
The opening inventory for 1961 differs from the closing inventory for 1960 because of the receipt of revised data, the inclusion of new establishments, the removal of figures for establishments which did not operate in 1961, changes in classification, and the implementation of the New Establishment Concept.

TABLE 4. Shipments' of Corsets, Girdles, Brassieres and Combination Garments in all Industries, 1938-60

Year		rsets girdles		ination ents <sup>2</sup>		Bandeaux brassieres, etc.	
	doz	\$	doz.	\$	doz.	\$	
1938 1939 1940 1941	121, 488 133, 205 149, 263 146, 574	2,125,286 2,419,490 2,725,439 2,791,990	52, 562 53, 156 62, 236 58, 304	1, 210, 338 1, 211, 689 1, 301, 545 1, 494, 759	257, 166 305, 294	1,002,293 1,043,190 1,127,493 1,613,360	
1942	226, 757	3, 194, 608	66,703	1,651,342	253, 306	2,009,759	
	143, 212	3, 298, 623	36,781	1,220,102	364, 926	2,175,446	
	135, 296	3, 413, 420	37,107	1,187,242	393, 795	2,766,411	
	147, 530	3, 765, 101	35,596	1,177,005	419, 889	3,603,638	
1946	215,005	5, 406, 175	35,068	1, 336, 937	508, 091	4,581,918	
	194,119	5, 906, 143	35,139	1, 634, 579	528, 564	5,597,069	
	200,710	6, 463, 732	34,011	1, 635, 478	540, 412	6,292,344	
	197,577	6, 421, 681	29,080	1, 452, 845	574, 682	7,175,428	
1950	187, 025	6, 453, 370	27, 156	1, 432, 897	617, 388	7,680,248	
1951	191, 382	6, 093, 609	24,007	1, 169, 632	669, 148	8,005,753	
1952	182, 839	6, 650, 257	23, 543	1, 205, 875	698, 717	9,916,539	
1953	196, 562	7, 348, 999	23, 973	1, 341, 929	861, 474	11,102,903	
1954	207, 290	7, 987, 768	15,569	939, 133	774, 726	10,756,677	
1955	239, 274	8, 924, 231	20,120	1, 149, 043	910, 974	12,252,806	
1956	329, 374	9, 922, 519	28,531	1, 585, 974	953, 021	12,910,932	
1957	206, 703	9, 335, 350	78,122	3, 060, 498	865, 786	14,267,734	
1958	281,851	11,763,085	40,810	1,764,404	963, 975	14, 959, 312	
	318,805	12,112,288	27,009	1,786,775	1, 015, 544	16, 226, 650	
	322,939	13,062,642	31,947	1,860,205	1, 103, 096	17, 200, 283	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Figures up to and including 1951 represent the value of production.
<sup>2</sup> Excluding children's waists.

TABLE 5. Materials Used, 1960 and 1961

	19	)60 <sup>1</sup>	19	61
	Quantity	Cost value at factory	Quantity	Cost value at factory
		\$		\$
Cotton	5, 817, 444	4, 543, 655	4, 751, 947	2,894,913
Rayon and rayon mixtures	1,734,836	1,559,514	3, 263, 912	1,082,893
Nylon	838, 225	848, 857	790, 472	783, 768
Power net	366, 649	1,664,391	635, 524	2, 934, 595
Elastic (a) Wide	555, 256	1, 139, 710	642,010	1,526,243
(b) Narrow	10, 467, 352	926, 635	15,910,176	1,537,972
All other fabrics		923, 030		1,018,802
Thread	127, 342	410, 259	125, 168	425, 302
Zippers		144, 215		205, 420
Hooks and eyes		339,775		468, 140
All other materials and supplies <sup>2</sup>		1, 291, 213		1, 238, 4103
Packing and shipping materials		587,318		631, 329
Amount paid to others for work done on materials owned by this plant	0.0 0	123, 428		59, 597
Totals		14, 502, 000		14,807,384

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on the revised 1960 Standard Industrial Classification without revisions for the New Establishment Concept.
<sup>2</sup> Includes operating, maintenance and repair supplies.
<sup>3</sup> No detailed information on materials used was collected from small establishments. The estimated value of materials used by these establishments was \$96,393 in 1960 and \$54,946 in 1961; these amounts have been included in "All other materials and supplies".

TABLE 6. Employees and their Earnings, by Provinces, 1960 and 1961

	Employees					Earnings		
	Supervisory and office employees			ection kers Total		Supervisory and office employees	Production workers	Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female		cingaoj ees		
			number				dollars	
1960¹								
Quebec	178	282	257	1,927	2,644	2, 163, 933	3, 880, 502	6,044,435
Ontario	87	130	147	1,003	1,367	1, 218, 743	2, 682, 802	3, 901, 545
Canada	265	412	404	2, 930	4, 011	3, 382, 676	6, 563, 304	9, 945, 980
1961								
Quebec	179	296	233	1,956	2,664	2, 335, 153	4, 007, 736	6, 342, 889
Ontario	92	126	136	895	1, 249	1,006,088	2, 553, 677	3, 559, 765
Canada	271	422	369	2,851	3,913	3,341,241	6, 561, 413	9, 902, 654

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on the revised 1960 Standard Industrial Classification without revisions for the New Establishment Concept.

TABLE 7. Production Workers by Months, 1961

Month	Male	Female		
	number			
anuary	360	2, 861		
ebruary	359	2, 795		
larch	364	2,879		
pril	365	2, 832		
ay	362	2,820		
une	372	2, 828		
ily	345	2, 765		
ngust	369	2, 819		
ptember	375	2,856		
ctober	376	2,957		
ovember	386	2,926		
ecember	386	2, 872		
Monthly averages <sup>1</sup>	369	2,851		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The monthly detail of production workers was not collected from medium and small establishments. Quarterly detail and annual averages reported, respectively, by these establishments were included in each months' totals.

TABLE 8. Principal Statistics grouped by Shipment Size, 1960 and 1961

Size of shipments	Estab- lish- ments	Em- ployees	Salaries and wages	Cost of fuel and electricity	Cost of materials used	Value of factory shipments
	nur	nber		doll	ars	
19601					a.	
Under \$25,000	3	1	00.000			
\$ 25,000 to \$ 49,999	1	22	28,370	1,614	27, 406	60,617
50,000 " 99,999	5	67	122, 115	2,523	160,094	371, 493
100,000 '' 499,999	13	495	1, 126, 775	11, 323	1, 346, 260	3, 254, 653
500,000 '' 999,999	9	902	2, 256, 281	22,839	2,990,356	6, 449, 741
1,000,000 and over	11	2, 525	6, 412, 439	85, 399	9,977,884	24, 579, 148
Totals	42	4,011	9, 945, 980	123, 698	14,502,000	34, 715, 652
1961						
Under \$25,000	2	1				
25,000 to \$ 49,999	2	27	47, 366	1,705	42,606	102,016
50,000 " 99,999	5	64	131, 336	2,544	108, 127	355, 687
100,000 ' 499,999	11	416	902, 426	9,425	1,348,367	2, 927, 699
500,000 '' 999,999	9	789	1,953,422	20,306	2,894,142	6, 189, 668
1,000,000 and over	13	2, 617	6, 868, 104	88,854	10, 414, 142	26, 266, 498
Totals	42	3, 913	9, 902, 654	122, 834	14, 807, 384	35, 841, 568

Based on the revised 1960 Standard Industrial Classification without revisions for the New Establishment Concept.

TABLE 9. Principal Statistics classified according to Type of Ownership, 1960 and 1961

Type of ownership	Estab- lish- ments	Em- ployees	Salaries and wages	Cost at factory of fuel and electricity	Cost of materials used	Value of factory shipments
	nur	nber		doll	lars	
1960¹						
Individual ownership	4	22	45,460	1,254	39,653	104, 230
Partnership	_	-	-	_	-	_
Incorporated companies	38	3,989	9,900,520	122, 444	14, 462, 347	34, 611, 422
Totals	42	4,011	9, 945, 980	123, 698	14,502,000	34, 715, 652
1961						
Individual ownership	3	1				
Partnership	-	3,913	9,902,654	122,834	14, 807, 384	35, 841, 568
Incorporated companies	39	J				
Totals	42	3, 913	9, 902, 654	122, 834	14, 807, 384	35, 841, 568

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on the revised 1960 Standard Industrial Classification without revisions for the New Establishment Concept.

TABLE 10. Principal Statistics, classified by Number of Employees per Establishment, 1960 and 1961

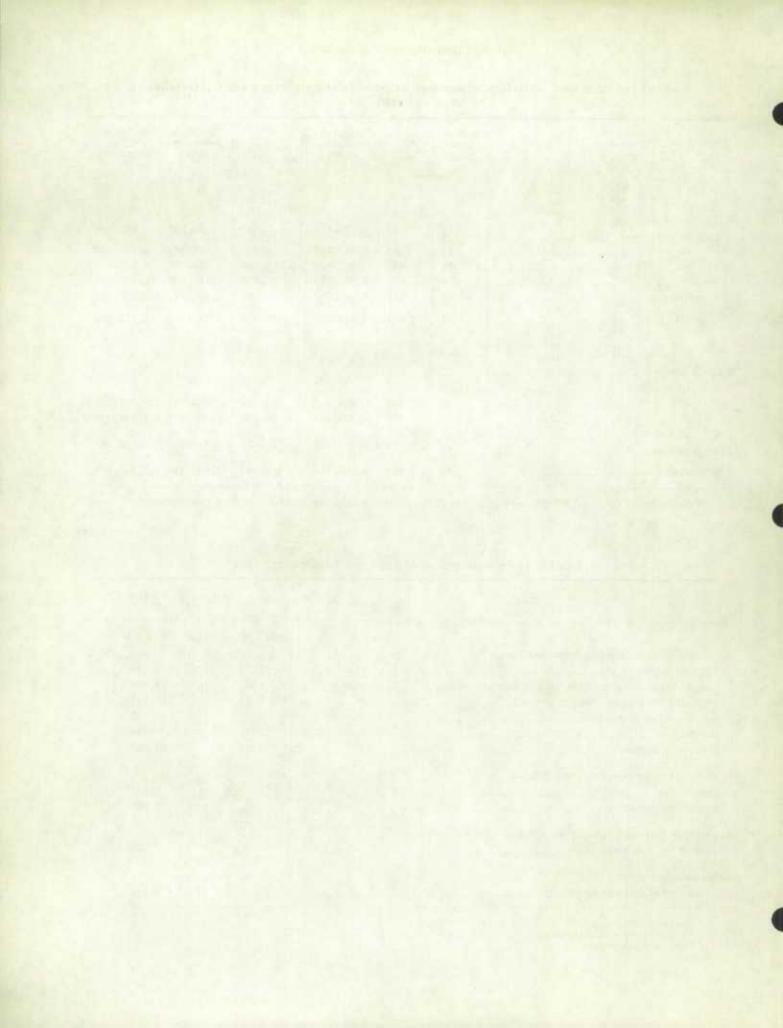
Group size	Estab- lish- ments	Em- ployees	Salaries and wages	Cost at factory of fuel and electricity	Cost of materials used	Value of factory shipments
	nur	ber		do	llars	
1960¹	J. P.				1111111	
Under 5 employees	2 4	} 43	79, 451	2,500	65, 992	176, 878
15 ' 49 "	13	323	703, 045	8, 845	967,061	2, 168, 422
50 " 99 "	11	873	2, 296, 920	19,685	4, 092, 020	8, 432, 841
00 '' 199 ''	8	1,107	2, 668, 313	30, 770	3, 315, 805	8, 030, 199
00 and over	4	1,665	4, 198, 251	61,898	6, 061, 122	15, 907, 312
Totals	42	4,011	9, 945, 980	123, 698	14, 502, 000	34, 715, 652
1961						
Inder 5 employees	2	} 70	140, 225	3. 727	131,730	378, 511
5 to 14 employees	6	, ,	110, 220	0, 12	101,100	510, 521
15 4 49 4	9	258	536, 615	5, 702	878, 693	1,911,260
50 '4 99 '4	12	887	2, 354, 393	28, 390	3, 949, 408	8, 448, 74
00 '' 199 ''	11	2,698	6,871,421	85, 015	9, 847, 553	25, 103, 05
Totals	42	3, 913	9, 902, 654	122, 834	14, 807, 384	35, 841, 56

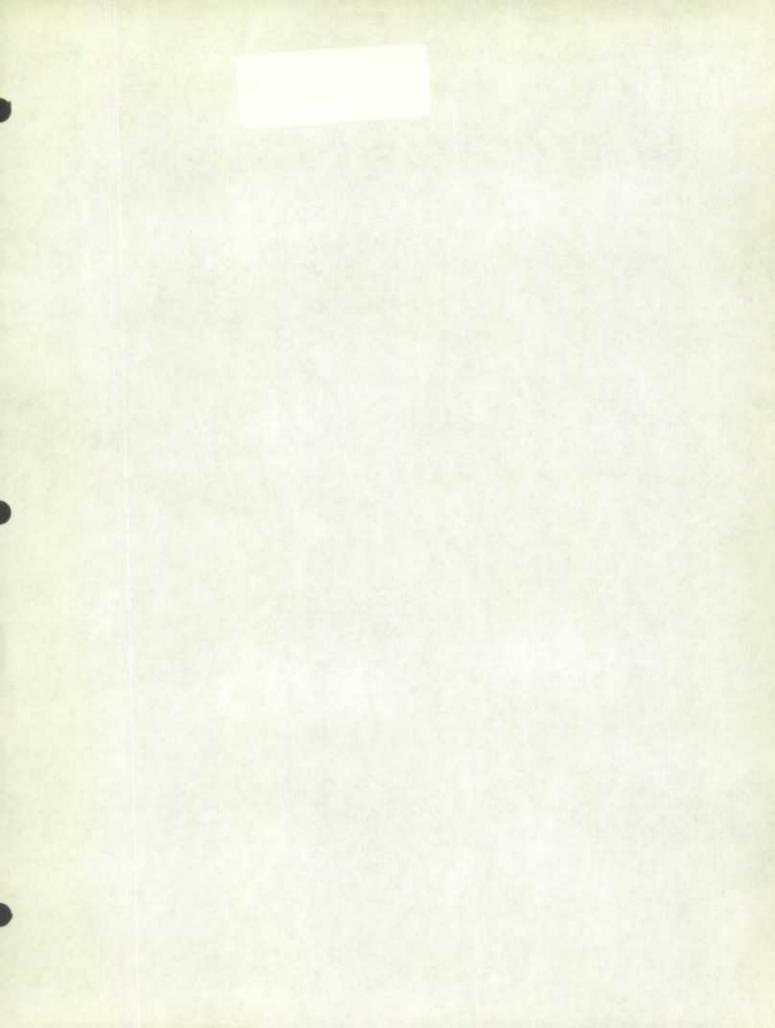
<sup>1</sup> Based on the revised 1960 Standard Industrial Classification without revisions for the New Establishment Concept.

TABLE 11. Consumption of Fuel and Electricity, 1961

Kind	Quantity	Cost at plant
		\$
Establishments reporting commodity detail:1		
Anthracite coal ton	122	2, 265
Gasoline (including gasoline used in cars and trucks) Imp. gal.	26,138	11,368
Fuel oil including kerosene or coal oil	372, 609	37, 651
Gas-liquefied petroleum	248	132
Natural gas	297	456
Electricity purchasedkwh.	3, 719, 802	60, 632
Establishments reporting group detail:2		
Cost of fuel	***	3, 191
Cost of electricity	* * *	4,031
Estimate for establishments for which no data were collected:		
Cost of fuel and electricity	•••	3, 108
All establishments:		
Total cost of fuel and electricity		122, 834

Large establishments.
 Modium-size establishments.
 Small establishments.





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