$$
\text { Ottawa, March, } 1920 .
$$

THE CLOTHING INDUSTRY, 1918
WOMEN'S WEAR.
The Dominion Bureau of Statistics has completed a peoliminary report on the above industry for the calendar year 1918. The industry is presented in two sections pertaining to (1) the factory products and (2) custom clothing (including millinery and dress and mantle making). A table showing the number of establishments reporting by provinces for each section is given below:-

| Province | Factory | Clothing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | | Custom |
| :---: |
| Clothing |

Capital Investment.
The capital invested in each section of the industry is shown by the various items which constitute it in the sasompanying table:-

| Items of capital | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Factory } \\ & \text { Clothing } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Custom } \\ & \text { Clothing } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Land, buildings and fixtures Machinery and tools | $\begin{aligned} & 4,648,582 \\ & 1,073,364 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ \\ 1,446,417 \\ 359,007 \end{array}$ |
| Materials on hand, stocks in process, finished products | 10,401,339 | 3,198,053 |
| Cash, trading and operating accts.\& bills receivabicict | 2,896,807 | 1,328,186 |
| Total capital | 12,020,092 | 6,331,663 |

Distributed according to provinces the investment in each section was as follows:-

| Province | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Factory } \\ & \text { Clothing } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Custom } \\ & \text { Clothing } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alberta | 52,490 | 124,835 |
| British Columbia | 85,658 | 198,123 |
| Manitoba . | 123,375 | 135,231 |
| New Brunswick . | 51,373 | 118,110 |
| Nova Scotia. |  | 300,402 |
| ontario . | 14,561,019 | 2,148,179 |
| Prince Edward Island | - | -700 |
| Quebec . . | 4,146,177 | 3,212,846 |
| Saskatchewan . | , | 93,237 |
| Total capital | 19,020,092 | 6,331,663 |

Dimployees. - The number of employees by calasses and by sex in each section of the industry is given in the table below, together with the amounts paid each class in salaries and waces:-

| Classes of employment | No of employees |  | alaries Wages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Factory clothing - |  |  | \$ |
| Officers, superintendents, managers | 295 | 70 | 884.556 |
| Clerks, stenographers and other |  |  |  |
| , salaried employees | 393 | 405 | 1,003,129 |
| Wage earners, average number | 2,482 | 7,208 | 6,118,561 |
| Outside piece-workers . | , 300 | 547 | 51,245 |
| Totals | 3,470 | 8,230 | 8,057,491 |
| Custom clothine - - |  |  |  |
| Officers, superintendents, managers | 118 | 84 | 382,210 |
| Clerks, stenographers and other |  |  |  |
| salaried employees | 130 | 173 | 271,676 |
| Wage earners, average number | 782 | 4,620 | 2.574,649 |
| Outside piece-workers | 40 | 62 | 27,323 |
| Totals | 1,070 | 4.939 | 3,255,858 |

A table showing the number of persons according to classified weekly wages within certain specified groups, by sex and age is herewith presented:-

| Specified wage groups | Over 16 years |  | Under 16 years. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| Factory clothing - |  |  |  |  |
| Under \$ 5 per week 。 | 12 | 198 | 9 | 29 |
| From \$5 to under \$10 per week | 104 | 1,775 | 21 | 43 |
| From $\$ 10$ to under $\$ 15$ per week | 202 | 3,723 | 3 | 9 |
| From $\$ 15$ to under $\$ 20$ per week | 451 | 759 | 2 | - |
| From \$20 to under \$25 per week Over $\$ 25$ per week | $\begin{aligned} & 748 \\ & 668 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 168 \\ 98 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 3 | - |
| Totals | 2,185 | 6.721 | 44 | 81 |
| Custom clothing - |  |  |  |  |
| Under \$5 per week . . | 15 | 440 | 32 | 145 |
| From \$5 to under \$10 per week | 70 | 1,793 | 13 | 75 |
| From $\$ 10$ to under $\$ 15$ per week | 91. | 1,174 | 3 | 6 |
| From $\$ 15$ to under $\$ 20$ per week | 140 | 454 | - | 7 |
| From $\$ 20$ to under $\$ 25$ per week | 145 | 164 | 2 | 15 |
| Over \$25 per week | 126 | 83 | 1 | - |
| $\ldots$ Totals | 587 | 4,108 | 51 | 248 |

Fuel and Miscellaneous Expenses.
Fuel consumption. - A table showing the consumption by quantity and value of all kinds of fuel used during the year in each section follows:-


THE CIOTHING INDUSTRY, 1918
WOMEN'S WEAR

Materials used.
The quantity and cost value of all materials delitered at the factory or shop is shown for each section in the following table:-

|  | Factory C | thine | Custom clothing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{\text { Kinds of materials }}$ | Quantity | Value | Quantity Value |
|  | yds. | \$ | \$ |
| Tweeds, serges, etc. . | 2,816,363 | 4,799,031 | - - |
| Overcoatings | 33,100 | 86,909 | - - |
| Ducks,drills, denims,etc. | 1,910 | 493 | - - |
| Silks, satins, velvets | 4,748,308 | 3,678.970 | - - |
| Cotton goods, bleached | 7.985.885 | 1,822,237 | - - |
| Cotton goods, unbleached | 3,310,961 | 595,111 | - - |
| Linings and trimmings |  | 1,431,112 | - - |
| Laces, etc., . | - | 398.407 | $\overline{7}$ |
| Millinery \& dressmaking <br> All other materials | t. |  | 7,371,837 |
|  | - | $5,508,828$ | - - - |
| Totals |  | ,321,089 | 7,371,837 |

Production.
The different classes of products are shown by quantity and selling value at the factory or shop for each of the sections in the accompanying table:-


