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CENSUS OF INDUSTRY

REPORT

on the

WOMEN'S FACTORY CLOTHING INDUSTRY

in

CANADA

1922

Published by Authority of the Hon. Thos. A. Low, M. P.,

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### DOMENION BURBAN OF STATISPICS

### CENSUS OF INDUSTRY

#### OTTAWA, CAHADA

Dominion Statistician: R. H. Coats, B.A., P.S.S., F.R.S.C. Chief, Census of Industry: J. C. Macpherson.

### THE WOMEN'S FACTORY CLOTHING INDUSTRY IN CANADA

### 1922.

Ottawa, May, 1924. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics presents herewith a report on the Women's Clothing industry in Canada for the calendar year 1922. The report includes only factory production of the articles of women's wear, as outlined below: -

Women's factory clothing.

(2) Ladies' and children's wear.

Women's neckwear and fancy goods.

(4) Embroidery and trimmings.

Laces, tapes and bindings. (5)

Custom clothing, including dress and mantle making and millinery, the collection of which has been discontinued for the present, does not form any part of this report.

The number of establishments reporting under the above named heads during 1922, were located by provinces as follows: British Columbia, 10; the Prairie Provinces, 9; Ontario, 150; Quebec, 121, and the Maritime Provinces, 3, making a total for the Dominion of 293.

The value of production under each head in 1922 and the cost of materials entering into the product was as follows:-

	Establish- ments	Value of Products	Cost of Materials
1. Women's factory clothing 2. Ladies' & children's wear 3. Women's neckwear and	192 39	34.188.950 3.845.524	18.306,280 2,124,121
fancy goods	46	955,692 1,746,783 916,465	280,785 651,044 478,552
TOTALS	293	41,653,514	21,840,782

To prevent disclosure of individual statistics it has been found necessary to combine the Prairie provinces throughout the tables of this report.

### PRINCIPAL STATISTICS

The total production in the Women's Factory Clothing industry for 1922 amounted to \$41,653,514, as compared with \$44,669,728 in 1921, a decrease due to a falling market of \$3,016,214 or nearly seven per cent.

The cost of materials during the period fell from \$23,189,442 to \$21,840,782, or a decrease of 5.8 per cent.

### THE WOMEN'S PACTORY CLOSEING THRUSTRY IN CANADA, 1922.

### PRINCIPAL STATISTICS (Continued)

Employment statistics, on the other hand, show increases over 1921. Salaried employees rose from 1,643 to 1,676 and wage earners, including piece-workers, from 10,372 to 11,782, the total increase for all classes being 1,443.

In the aggregate amounts paid for salaries and wages, there was a decrease of \$177,851, as compared with 1921. The average salary, irrespective of sex, which in 1921 was approximately \$2,286 fell to \$2,085 in 1922, whilst the average wage fell from \$908 in 1921 to \$800 in 1922.

The aggregate capital investment also shows a decrease when compared with 1921 of \$531,333, of which fixed capital comprising land, buildings, machinery and tools represented \$221,699 and working capital, comprising materials, stocks in process, cash and trading accounts, etc., by \$309,634.

The cost of fuel laid down at the factory in 1922 amounted to \$63,963, as against an outlay of \$65,260 in 1921. Miscellaneous expenses, including rents, taxes, insurance, advertising and travelling expenses, repairs to buildings and machinery, and all other sundry expenses totalled \$4,204,797 in 1922, as compared with an expenditure of \$4,407,437 in 1921.

The following summary table presents a comparative view of the principal statistics of the industries for the calendar years 1921 and 1922.

Comparison of Principal Statistics of the Women's Factory Clothing

Inc	arstr	v, 1921 and 1	1922	
Principal Statistics		1921	1922	Increase x Decrease -
Establishments reporting Capital investment Employees on salaries Salaries paid Employees on wages and piece-workers Wages paid Cost of fuel and miscellaneous expenses Cost of materials used Value of products Value added by manufacture	no. no. no.	277 .19,319,394 1,643 3,755,271 10,372 9,343,340 4,472,697 23,189,442 44,669,728 21,480,286	293 13,788,061 1,676 3,494,763 11,782 9,425,991 4,268,765 21,840,782 41,653,514 19,812,732	- 533.133 x 33 - 260,508 x 1,410 x 82,651 - 203.932 - 1,348,660 - 3,016,214

An analysis of the cost of production for 1921 shows that 29.32 per cent was accounted for in the payment of salaries and wages, 10.01 per cent for fuel and miscellaneous expenses, and 51.73 per cent for the cost value of materials, the remaining 8.94 per cent constituting a fund for the payment of interest on capital investment and of profits on the year's operations. In 1922, the percentage of the cost of salaries and wages to the total value of production had risen to 31.02, fuel and miscellaneous expenses to 10.25 and the cost of materials to 52.43, the balance for distribution of interest and profits being 5.30 per cent.

# THE WOMEN'S FACTORY CLOTHING INDUSTRY IN CANADA, 1922. PRODUCTION

The statistics of production in the Women's Factory Clothing industry in 1922 are shown in Table 1 for the Dominion and the provinces by quantities and selling value at the factory. Mantles, costumes, etc. constituted the highest item of value amounting to \$12,124,475 followed in order by Dresses, all other, to the value of \$8,577,427, Dresses, house, to the value of \$4,686,654 and Waists, blouses, etc., to the value of \$3,407,063. The total value of production in 1922 was \$41,653,514. The Province of Ontario contributed 63 per cent of the total value and Quebec 33.3 per cent, and the remaining provinces 3.7 per cent.

Table 1 .- Production in the Women's Factory Clothing Industry, Articles ANADA Que bec Quantity Manufactured Value Quantity Value Value Value Quan. Quan. Quan . i Quan. WOMEN'S & GIRLS' CLOTHING: -4,686,654 Dresses, house ... No. 1 897,496 Dresses all other 577,282 318,735 337,032 359,319 476,459 146,768 78,868 1,800 623,495 266 6,500 Skirts ..... No. 2,006,921 122,492 307,581 15,000 10,872 Waists, blouses .. Aprons ..... Kimonos, bathrobes " 71,510 Mantles, costumes jackets, etc.... White wear ..... 3,064,129 22,738 445,004 17,199 342,634 | 8,560 | 122,960 3,149,748 1,351,596 491,588 519,423 16,308 Neckwear ..... Corset covers. 342,996 177,000 709,394 218,947 104,350 824,695 198,600 143,076 52,000 388,092 97,552 21,350 409,210 1,320 695 brassieres, etc.. No. Handkerchiefs ... dz. 309,022 660 11,800 480 Underwear ..... No. 198,636 178,992 42,000 104,000 136.992 94.636 Dresses, children's Rompers & wash suits.children's Laces, shoe ... dz.pr. Tapes & binding 227,475 Braids ..... 72,700 84,239 453,610 203,825 Woven labels .... M. 367,762 Night dresses ... No. 170,929 900 925 Embroidery mfg ... yd. Embroidery, pleat-ing, hemstitching 216,454 103,274 111,000 79,710 208,631 1.000 1.700 Ribbons ..... yd. 2,065,493 Children's headwear 101,620 20,631 36,104 Curtains ..... pr. Other articles of .. 3,391 Women's wear ... 669,678 Men's wear ..... 77.000 26,263,828 41,653,514 TOTAL SEILING VALUE 836,785 481,161 13,856,292 215,448

## THE WOMEN'S PACTORY CLOTHING INDUSTRY IN CAMADA, 1922. CAPITAL LIVESHENT

The amount of capital invested in the Women's Factory Clothing industry is presented in Table 2, by items and by provinces. Fixed capital amounted to \$4,937,283 or 26.3 per cent and working capital to \$13,850,778 or 73.7 per cent. The Province of Ontario furnished \$11,409,105 of the total for the Dominion, or approximately 60 per cent. Quebec's proportion of invested capital totalled \$6,773,300 or 36 per cent, whilst the remaining provinces represented only 4 per cent. The ratio of the value of production to capital investment was as 100 to 41, that is to say that \$41 of capital was required for every \$100 of goods produced.

Table					
	FINED C	APITAL	WORKING C		
	Land,	Machinery	Materials	Cash, trad-	Total
Provinces	buildings	and	on hand	ing and	Capital
	and	tools	stocks in	operating	Investment
	fixtures		process, ac.	accts.&c.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
CANADA	2.695,862	2,241,421	8,721,902	5.128.876	18,788,061
	12,077,002				
Ontario	2,266,122	1,359,906	5,214,264	2,568,813	11,409,105
Quebec	416,520	802,881	3,138,579	2,415,320	6,773,300
			-00 -01	22 000	022 070
Br. Columbia	2,622	13,627	183,136	33,894	233,279
Desirie Descend	5,810	53,949	138,252	79,453	277,464
Prairie Provs.	3,010	53,747	130,272	7,500	211, 404
Maritime Provs.	4,788	11,058	47,671	31,396	94,913

# THE WOMEN'S FACTORY CLOTHING INDUSTRY IN CANADA, 1922. EMPLOYEES, SALARIES AND WAGES.

The number of persons employed in the industry is shown by classes, sex and remuneration for the Dominion and the provinces in Table 3. The total number employed in the entire industry was 13,458, of which 1,676 were salaried employees, 11,040 were wage earners and 742 were outside piece-workers. Of the total employed, 27 per cent were males and 73 per cent females. Ontario provided employment to 8,390 persons or 62.4 per cent of the total, Quebec to 4,484 or 33.3 per cent and the remaining provinces 578 or 4.3 per cent.

Table 3 Employees, Sa			The state of the second			
Employees				British	Prairie	Maritime
	CANADA	Ontario	Quabec	Columbia.	Provinces	Pro inces
alaried employees -						
Sclaried officers of corporations -						
Moles No.	261	137	115	1	5	3
Females No.	32	21	11	₩	mh	e=
Salaries	979,031	504,943	446,537	3,120	19,931	4,500
General superintendents, managers, etc	MOTE BELLEVIEW		0.		,	
Males No.	221	127	81	6	Ö	1
Females No.	23	448,080	284,987	31 760	77 77 7	2 000
Solaries & Technical experts, accountants, etc	772,739	446,000	204,901	14,560	23,112	2,000
Males No.	95	40	53	1	1	
Fenales	41	23	14	_	4	_
Salaries 3	222,644	106,179	105,275	3,700	7,490	-
Clerko, stenographers, etc		2-/				-
Males No.	522	320	176	11	4.	3
Females No.	401	J CAS EDE.	434,423	18,609	10,242	8,500
Wage earners, average yearly number -	1,760,347	1,048,575	434,443	10,009	10, ata	0,,,00
Males No.	2.555	1.774	685	22	53	21
Females No.	8.485	5.468	2,598	104	224	21 91 48,722
Wages\$	9,342,695	6,270,291	2,702,091	103,253	218,338	48,722
atside piece-workers -						
Males No.	17	11	6	-		-
Females No.	725	60,280	608	-	3	-
Total payments \$	83,296	60,280	21,950	-	1,063	-
Grand total of Employees -			2 22/		60	20
Males No.	3,571	2,415	1,116	105	220	30
Females	12,920,754	0 120 340	3 005,300	143.242	244 246	62 722

### THE WOMENS FACTORY CLOTHING UNDUSTRY IN CANADA, 1922.

### EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS

Statistics of employment by menths according to sex are presented in Table 4 for the Dominion. The month of highest employment during the year was March for both males and females, whilst that of lowest employment was June in the case of males and August for females.

Table 4 Employment St		of Employees
Months	Males	Females
January February March April May June July August September October November December	2,569 2,702 2,713 2,540 2,445 2,407 2,491 2,500 2,599 2,463 2,419	8,027 9,062 9,372 9,159 8,565 8,165 7,899 8,444 8,300 8,190 7,988
TOTAL FOR YEAR AVERAGE FOR YEAR	30,654	101,815

### OTHER LABOUR STATISTICS

The working time of factories and employees is presented by provinces in Table 5. Operating time in factories is shown by the number of days worked on (a) full time, (b) part time and (c) idle, whilst that of employees is shown by the number of hours worked (a) per day or shift and (b) per week. The average time of plants operating on full and part time for the Dominion was 282.42 days and that of employees 8.05 hours per day and 45 hours per week.

Table 5 Working Time of Factories and Employees, 1922.						
		1		British	Prairie	
	CANADA	Ontario	Quebec	Columbia	Provs.	Provs.
No. of factories	200	3 - 70	7.07	2.0		2
reporting	293	150	121	10	9	3
Days in operation -	77 002	37,165	29,596	2,854	2,387	901
On full time On part time	72,903	5,373	4,177	2,074	296	201
Idle	6.019	3,062	2,707	186	53	11
Hours worked by	0,027	5,002				
Employees -						
Per day or shift .	2,358	1,184	996	80	71	27
Per week	13,183	6,682	5,503	453	395	147
Average of working						
time -						
Of factories in	202 42	202 50	270 37	207 10	298.11	200 22
operation per year Of employees per	282.42	283.59	279.11	285.40	530.11	300.33
day	8.05	7.90	8.23	8.00	8.89	9.00
Of employees per						,.00
week	45.00	44.55	45.48	45.60	44.00	49.00

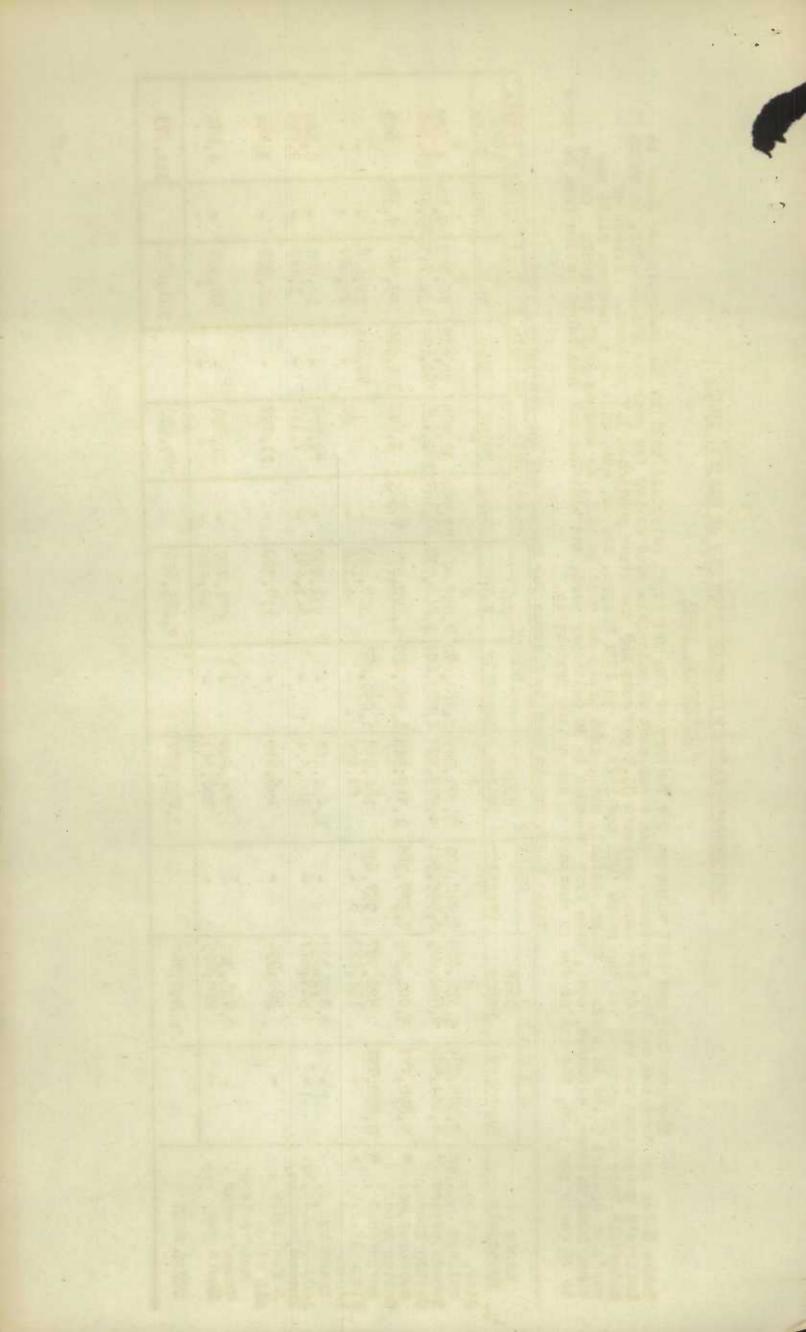
### THE WOMEN'S FACTORY CLOTHING INDUSTRY IN CANADA, 1922.

### MATERIALS USED

The quantity and cost value at the factory of the principal materials used in the industry are shown in Table 6 for the Deminion and the provinces. The total cost of materials used during the year was \$21,840,782, of which Ontario's proportion was over 63 per cent. Quebec's 33.3 per cent and the other provinces 3.7 per cent. Prices of materials vary when compared for the years 1921 and 1922. In 1921 Serges, tweeds, etc. cost on an average \$1.94 per yard, as against \$1.64 in 1922. Silks, satins, etc., cost \$1.43 per yard in 1921, as against \$1.30 in 1922. On the other hand Cottons, coloured, etc., rose from 27 cents to 30 cents per yard, and bleached and unbleached cotton from 24 cents to 25 cents per yard, the latter due to shortage in raw cotton production.

Table 6Materials Used by Classes for Canada and the Provinces, 1922.												
	CAN.		Ontar		Queb		Er.Col	umo ia	Prairie	Provs.	Mariti	me Provs.
Kinds of		Cost		Cost		Cost		Cost		Cost		Cost
Materials	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	quan.	Value	Quan.	Value	gran.	Value
Silk, satins,		\$		47		<b>\$</b>		\$		43		\$
velvets yd.	3,329,285	5,326,629	2,012,001	3,221,249	1,268,072	2,035,460	23.550	38,563	20.362	26,732	5.300	4.625
Tweeds, serges "	4,164,902	6,852,285	2,945,381	3,221,249 4,595,537	1,023,600	1,865,938	66,137	172,128	64,194	131.342	65,560	85.340
Cotton goods,												
coloured, &c.	9,890,777	3,001,345	7,527,368	1,715;945	1,958,080	1,182,852	7,385	2,642	392,594	99,260	5,350	646
Cotton goods, unbleached . "	2,082,751	520,957	957,659	120 252	1,050,288	227 427			M4: 004	20 1.1		
Flannel	2,002,192	134,410	751,059	67,605		317,453		- 60	74,804		-	
Linings and		201,120		0,000				00		22,627	-	-
trimmings		2,095,362	-	1,494,262	-	551,909	_	25,713	We	14,598	-	8,880
Laces, braids, dc.		565,677		310,894	ate	241,471	-	7.337		3,449		2,526
Thread, buttons,		202 242										
& fasteners .	•	339,950	-	196,619	•	157,202	-	11,757	-	20,588	-	3,784
All other												
materials - Women's wear .		2,733,322		1,784,659		חבמ נמט		02 700		40.040		
Men's wear		220,845	-	206,349	***	871,730	***	21,702		50,359	-	4,872
mon 5 wear		250,04)		200,349		14,493	- An	-	99	-	**	1-0
TOTAL COST		21,840,782		13,773,977		7,283,629		270 602		202 602		/ ~ -
2022		21,040,02		13,113,711		1,203,029		279,902		391,601		111,673

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### NULT, COMSUMPRION

The quantity and cost value delivered at the factory of the various classes of fuel used during the year are shown in Table 7. Coal represented 33.5 per cent of the value of all fuel used in the year, artificial and natural gas coming next in order with 6.4 per cent.

Table 7 Fuel C	onsumption for	or the Domini	on, 1922.
Classes of fuel	Unit of measure	Quantity	Cost Value at the Factory
Bituminous coal, all grades Anthracite coal, all grades Lignite coal, all grades Coke Gasoline Oil (fuel) Wood Gas, artificial and natural All other fuel, not specified	ton ton ton ton gal. gal. cd. m.c.ft.	3,909 2,542 7 168 2 17,975 23 3,966	33,584 19,739 112 2,006 1 1,883 224 4,108 2,311
TOTAL COST OF FUEL			63,968

### POVER INSTALLATION

Power installation is shown by classes in Table 8, by (a) the number of units in each class and (b) by the horsepower according to the manufacturer's rating. The principal power used in the industry was electric, aggregating 2,758 horsepower in a total installation of 2,912 horsepower or 95 per cent. The number and boiler horsepower of the boilers installed are separately specified in the table.

Table 8 Power Installed, 1922.					
Classes of Power	No.01 Units	to mfr's. rating			
Steam engines and turbines	8 1 67 696	152 2 363 2,395			
TOTAL POWER INSTALLED	772	2,012			
Boiler installation	4	200			

### MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES

The cost of miscellaneous or overhead expenses for the year amounted to \$4,204,797 and included rents, taxes of all kinds, insurance preriums, travelling and advertising expenses, repairs to ouildings and machinery, and all other sundry expenses. The cost of such expenses by provinces was as follows:-

Ontario		2,502,374
quebec.	************	1,572,784
British (	Columbia	37,974
	Provinces	
Maritime	Provinces	19.651
	TOTAL	34,204,797

### IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

The statistics of imports and experts of Women's Clothing are not separately defined in the Customs classification of "clothing, - cotton, linen, silk, etc." to permit of any tabulation.

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