



THREAD MILLS 1965

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PUBLICATIONS

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Q-Quarterly

M - Monthly

A - Annual

THREAD MILLS

1965

In terms of both the revised Standard Industrial Classification and the New Establishment Concept, this industry is defined as comprising those "Establishments primarily engaged in spinning, twisting and manufacturing sewing thread or crochet, darning, hand-knitting and embroidery threads for sale as such".

A list of the establishments classified to this industry in the 1965 survey will be found at the end of this report.

SYMBOLS

The following standard symbols are used in Dominion Bureau of Statistics publications:

- .. figures not available.
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable.
- nil or zero.
- amount too small to be expressed.
- P preliminary figures.
- revised figures.
- x confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics Act.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, 1961-65

				Man	ufacturing	activity				Т	otal activ	rity	
Tone had	Estab-		oduction a		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments			owners artners	Emp	loyees	
province	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	Value added
	No.		1000		<u> </u>	\$'000				\$'000		\$10	00
1961							711						
Totals	15	654	1,399	1.706	163	7,311	13,036	6, 021	3	19	974	3,153	6,150
1962													
Totals	15	668	1.366	1,858	169	7,810	14,134	6, 291	3	15	972	3,367	6,482
1963	13												
Totals	17	656	1, 385	1,910	144	8,215	15,224	7,089	X	x	955	3,437	7,221
1964													
Newfoundland	-	_		-		-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-
Prince Edward Island	_			_	_	_	_	-	_	_		_	_
Nova Scotia	_	_	_	_	_			_	_	_	_		_
			_		_				_		_		
New Brunswick							-					-	-
Quebec	13	585	1,279	1,837	125	7,779	14, 097	6,498	Х	X	853	3,242	6,584
Ontario	4	67	140	215	28	1.427	2,561	954	Х	X	109	408	950
Maniioba	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	_		_
Saskatchewan	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	
Alberta	- Andre	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	_
British Columbia	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-	-		droih	_	_	-	_	-	anto	were	_	-
Totals	17	652	1,419	2,052	153	9,206	16,658	7, 452	X	X	962	3,650	7,534
1965													
Newfoundland	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	·
Prince Edward Island	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-
Nova Scotia	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	man	_	_
New Brunswick	_	_		_	_	_	-		-	_	-	-	_
Quebec	10	Х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	ж	х	х	x	х
Ontario ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	3	х	х	x	x	х	х	x	x	х	х	х	х
Manitoba	0 0 4	a * *		4 4 1	0 0 0				* * *		х	x	-
Saskatchewan	_	_	-	-	_	, man	_	_	-	-	-	-	-
Alberta	_	_	_	_	-			-	_	_	-	-	_
British Columbia	_	_	_	_	_	_	1 1-	_		_	_		-
Yumon and Northwest Territories	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	18	_	-	-	
Totals	13	683	1,470	2, 157	155	9,304	16, 497	8,213	х	х	976	3,760	8,441

TABLE 2, Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Value of Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1964 and 1965

				Mar	ufacturing	activity				Т	otal activ	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		duction a ited work		Cost of	Cost of materials	Value of shipments of goods	Value		owners	Empl	loyees	Value
		Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$1000		\$*6	00
1964						1							
Inder \$10,000	=	_	=	_	_	_	_	=	_	-	=	_	I
25,000 ' 49,999 50,000 ' 99,999 100,000 ' 199,999	} 4	17	39	51	3	246	380	148	х	X	22	62	155
200,000 " 499,999 500,000 " 999,999	6	68	150	182	3	1.173	1,797	465	-	-	102	323	47
1,000,000 " 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over lead offices, sales offices and	} 7	567	1, 231	1,818	147	7,787	14, 482	6,840		a .	838	3,265	6, 909
auxiliary units	* > 4		2.0	0 0 0		0.00	4						* * *
Totals	17	652	1,419	2,052	153	9,206	16, 658	7,452	х	Х	962	3,650	7, 534
1965													
inder \$10,000	_	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
25,000 '4 49,999	_	_		-	_	_	_	_		-	-	_	_
50,000 ** 99,999	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	_
100,000 " 199,999 200,000 " 499,999 500,000 " 999,999	} 6	64	149	183	5	1,025	1,546	522	х	X	86	291	54
1,000,000 4,999,999 5,000,000 and overead offices, sales offices and	} 7	619	1, 321	1,974	150	8,279	14.951	7,691	-	-	854	3,314	7, 89
auxiliary units				***				* * * *			36	155	-
Totals	13	683	1,470	2, 157	155	9,304	16, 497	8,213	X	x	976	3,760	8,44

TABLE 3. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Manufacturing Value Added, 1964 and 1965

				Mar	nufacturing	activity				Т	otal activ	rity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		duction a sted work		Cost of fuel and	Cost of materials	Value of shipments of goods	Value		owners	Empl	oyees	Value
		Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$10	000
1964													
nder \$10,000	_	_	_	_	_	-		_	-	_	_	_	_
10,000 to \$ 24,999	1 4	28	58	75	2	365	658	131	X	х	46	117	138
50,000 " 99,999	4	21	47	61	3	650	895	249	X	х	33	127	24
100,000 ' 199,999 200,000 ' 499,999	} 5	99	212	257	9	2,320	3,251	1,006	-	-	134	550	1, 13
500,000 " 999,999	4	504	1, 102	1,658	139	5,872	11,853	6.066		_	749	2,856	6, 01
1,000,000 ' 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over	} *	304	1, 102		100	0,012		_	_		-	_	_
lead offices, sales offices and													
auxiliary units		4 4 0				4 + +		1 * *		4	***	***	* * *
Totals	17	652	1,419	2, 052	153	9, 206	16,658	7,452	X	х	962	3,650	7,53
1965									-14				
Inder \$10,000	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
10,000 to \$ 24,999	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	_
25,000 " 49,999 50,000 " 99,999	} 4	22	48	63	3	539	810	258	Х	X	34	117	25
100,000 '' 199,999	4	66	163	207	4	1,601	2,167	589	-	-	83	315	62
200,000 ' 499,999 500,000 ' 999,999	-					- 101		-	-	_			
1,000,000 " 4,999,999	} 5	595	1,259	1,887	148	7, 164	13,521	7,367		-	823	3,174	7,50
5,000,000 and over	-	_	-	-	-	_	_		_	-	_	_	-
lead offices, sales offices and auxiliary units						***					36	155	
Totals	13	683	1.470	2, 157	155	9, 304	16.497	8,213	x	x	976	3,760	8, 44

TABLE 4. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Total Value Added, 1964 and 1965

				Man	ufacturing	activity				Т	otal acti	vity	
Size group	Estab-		duction a		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments	****	Working and pa		Empl	oyees	Value
	ments	Number	Man- hours pald	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		1000			\$'000				\$'000		\$10	100
1964													
Inder \$10,000	-		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	
10,000 to \$ 24,999 25,000 ' 49,999] 3	25	51	66	1	255	523	87	X	χ	41	102	86
50,000 " 99,999 100,000 " 199,999	5 3	24 50	54 109	70 118	4 2	759 948	1,031 1,285	293 350	x_	х_	38 61	142 172	29: 35:
200,000 " 499,999 500,000 " 999,999 1,000,000 " 4,999,999	} 6	553	1,205	1,798	147	7, 244	13,820	6,722	_	_	822	3,234	6,79
5,000,000 and overead offices and	-	- 1	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	
auxiliary units							***		***			4 0 0	4 9
Totals	17	652	1,419	2, 052	153	9, 206	16,658	7, 452	X	X	962	3,650	7,53
1965											<u> </u>		
Inder \$10,000	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	10-0		-00	-0-0	_
10,000 to \$ 24,999 25,000 " 49,999	-	-0-0	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_		_
50,000 '' 99,999	4	22	48	63	3	539	810	258	Х	х	34	117	25
100,000 ' 199,999 200,000 ' 499,999	4	66	163	207	4	1,601	2, 167	589	_	_	83	315	63
500,000 ' 999,999	1 5	595	1, 259	1,887	148	7, 164	13,521	7,367	-	_	823	3,174	7, 5
5,000,000 and overead offices and	-	-	_	_	Tenn	-		_	-11	_	-	-00	
anxiliary units			* * *								36	155	-
Totals	13	683	1,470	2, :57	155	9, 304	16, 497	8, 213	X	Y.	976	3,760	8, 44

TABLE 5. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Total Employed, 1964 and 1965

				Maa	ufacturing	activity				7	Total acti	vity	
Size group	Estab-		oduction ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments	Value		owners artners	Emp	loyees	Value
	ments	Number	Man- hours pald	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		*000		1	\$*000				\$'000	1	\$10	000
1964									1		,		
Under 5 employed	1 7	29	63	81	5	845	1,166	339	х	х	45	156	345
5 - 14 employed	5	82	176	206	2	1,670	2,389	604	_	-	110	320	612
50 - 99	} 5	541	1,179	1,765	146	6,690	13, 103	6,509	1010		807	3,174	6,577
500 employed and over	-	- 1	-		_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
auxiliary units		* * *			* * *				4 4 4				
Totals	17	652	1, 419	2,052	153	9, 206	16, 658	7, 452	x	X	962	3,650	7, 534
1965													
							_					_	
5- 14 employed	5 3	32 56	74 137	96 174	4 4	1, 123 1, 018	1,548 1,429	424 423	х_	x _	48 69	185 247	438 446
50- 99 ** 100-199 ** 200-499 **	} 5	595	1,259	1,887	148	7, 164	13,521	7, 367		_	823	3,174	7, 557
500 employed and over	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-		-	-
auxiliary units			4 0 0	4.4.4				* * *	* * *		36	155	-
Totals	13	683	1, 470	2, 157	455	9,304	16, 497	8, 213	X	Х	976	3,760	8,441

TABLE 6. Principal Statistics classified by Type of Organization, 1964 and 1965

				Man	ufacturing	activity				7	Total acti	vity	
Type of organization	Estab-		duction ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments			owners urtners	Empl	oyees	Value
A Summeron	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		1000			\$'000				\$'000		\$'0	00
1964													
Individual ownerships	7												
Partnerships	17	652	1,419	2,052	153	9, 206	16,658	7, 452	x	x	962	3,650	7,534
Incorporated companies)												
Co-operatives	_	-	- 1	= ,	_	_	-	_			-	-	-
Read offices, sales offices and auxiliary units		4 5 9			* * *		4 4 5						
Totals	17	652	1,419	2, 052	153	9, 206	16,658	7,452	x	х	962	3,650	7,534
1965													
ndividual ownerships													
	10	000	1 400	0.155	155	9, 304	16,497	8,213	x		940	3,606	8,441
Partnerships	13	683	1,470	2,157	133	9, 304	10,437	0,213	^	X	340	3,000	0,111
ncorporated companies)								•				
Co-operatives	-	-		_	_	_	_	_		* * 4			_
Read offices, sales offices and auxiliary units			4 4 4								36	155	-
Totals	13	683	1,470	2, 157	155	9, 304	16, 497	8,213	, x	X	976	3,760	8, 441

TABLE 7. Calculation of Output, Input and Value Added, 1964 and 1965

	Manufact activi		Non-manufa activiti		Tota activi	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
			\$,00	0		
Output						
. Shipments and other revenue	16,658	16,497	1,570	1,830	18, 228	18,327
Inventories - Goods of own manufacture:				also Art		
Add closing - Goods in process	1,893	2,364	• • •		1, 893	2,364
Finished goods	2,065	2,744	•••		2, 065	2,744
Deduct opening-Goods in process	1,612	1,884			1,612	1,884
Finished goods	2,192	2,048			2, 192	2, 048
. Net inventory change	154	1,176		***	154	1, 176
Gross output (1+2)	16,812	17,673	1,570	1,830	18,382	19,503
Input			770			
. Purchases of goods not of own manufacture	***	• • •	1, 425	1,638	1,425	1,638
Inventories - Goods not of own manufacture:						
Add opening			421	421	421	421
Deduct closing	[• • •	424	529	424	529
. Cost of goods sold (not of own manufacture)	• • • •		1,422	1,530	1,422	1,530
6. Materials, supplies, etc.	9, 206	9,304	66	72	9, 272	9,376
. Fuel and electricity	153	155	• • • •		153	155
3. Gross input (5 + 6 + 7)	9, 359	9,459	1,488	1,602	10,847	11,061
Value added (3 - 8)	7, 452	8, 213	82	228	7, 534	8, 441

TABLE 8. Employment and Payroll, 1964 and 1965

					Emplo	yees						Salari	es and wa	ages	
Your and		Product related			Adm			les		1	Producti	ion and	Admin-		
province	Manufa	cturing	0	ther	trat and c	ffice		nd bution	10	tal	related v		istra- tive and	Sales and distri-	Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Manufac- turing	Other	office	bution	
1964				1	numb	er		5					\$'000	, 1 1	
]		2110	
Newfoundland	_	_	_	_	-	_		_	-	_	_	_	_		_
Prince Edward Island	_	-	_	_			distra			_	_	-	-	~	-
Nova Scotia	_	-	_	_	-		dies		-	_	_	-	_	_	-
New Brunswick	_	-	_	-		-	-				-	-	-	-	-
Quebec	258	327	_	-	60	72	97	39	415	438	1,837	_	758	647	3, 242
Ontario	28	39	-	-	15	16	11		54	55	215	-	142	51	408
Manitoba	-	-	_	_	_	-	_		4	-	_	_	_	-	_
Saskatchewan	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	_		-	_	-	-
Alberta	-	-	-	-	_	-		_	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
British Columbia	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	_		-	-	-
tories	_	-	-	-	***	_		-		_	_	_	-	_	
Totals	286	366	-	-	75	88	108	39	469	493	2,052		900	698	3, 650
1965														-	
Newfoundland	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_		-
Prince Edward Island	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Nova Scotia	_	_	_	-	_	- 1	-		_	_	_	_	_	_	-
New Brunswick	_	-	_	_		-		_	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Quebec	х	x	_	_	х	x	x	x	х	х	x	_	x	x	x
Ontario	х	х	-	_	х	X	х	х	х	х	X	-	x	X	х
Manitoba		_	_	_		_	х	х	х	х	_	_	_	x	x
Saskatchewan	10 -	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Alberta		_ 1	-	- 1	_	_	_	- 1	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
British Columbia	_	_		_	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Yukon and Northwest Terri- tories		_	-	_	_			_		rane		_		_	_
Totals	307	376		-	75	76	104	38	486	490	2, 157		896	707	3,760

TABLE 9. Production and Related Workers, - Manufacturing Activity, 1964 and 1965

	20			196	4	196	\$5
	Month		1	Male	Female	Male	Female
					numbe	19	STORY OF
Establishments reporting month	nly detail (iarge establish	ments only):					
January		***************************************		276	369	295	366
February				284	376	303	370
- 0.4	******************************			285	376	311	372
April	.,			289	365	311	376
May	144418144481			287	362	317	376
June		*****************		295	364	321	385
July		**************************************		285	338	314	374
August				273	386	314	393
September				296	364	296	383
October				290	370	293	375
November	***************************************	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		295	377	299	371
December	***************************************		**********************	269	361	306	369
Averages				286	366	307	376
Patablishments reporting annua	al averages (small establi	shments only)	,		***	1 4 +	
Average for all establishments	***************************************	**** 148** 1*8*8*8*4 **8*4548888888		286	366	307	376

TABLE 10. Inventories, 1965

		Manufa	ecturing		Non- manufacturing	
Province	Materials, supplies, etc.	Goods in process	Finished goods of own manufacture	Total	Products or materials purchased for resale	Total inventories
			book value	\$'000		
Opening:						
Newfoundiand	-	-	-	_	-	_
Prince Edward Island	-	_	-	_		-
Nova Scotia	-	_	-		-	_
New Brunswick	-	_	_	-	-	_
Quebec	x	x	х	x	x	x
Ontario	X	x	x	x	x	х
Manitoba	-	_	_	_	_	_
Saskatchewan	-	_	-	_	-	_
Alberta	_	_	_	_	_	
British Columbia	_	_	-	_	_	_
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-	-	-	_	-	-
Totals	1,507	1,884	2,048	5,439	421	5,860
Closing:					DOM:	
Newfoundland	-	-	-	_	-	-
Prince Edward Island	-	_		-	-	_
Nova Scotia	_	_	-	4000	_	_
New Brunswick	_	_	-		_	_
Quebec	X	x	x	x	x	x
Ontario	x	x	x	x	x	x
Manitoba	- 1	_	_	-	_	_
Saskatchewan	_	_	-	-		_
Alberta	_	_	_	-	-	-
British Columbia	_	_	-	-	-	_
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-	-	-	-	_	-
Totals	1,508	2,364	2,744	6,616	529	7,144

TABLE 11. Purchased Fuel and Electricity Used, 1964 and 1965

		1964		1965	
Description		Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
			\$'000		\$'000
1. Large establishments reporting commodity detail:		4 = = 1			
Bituminous coal:					
(a) From Canadian mines	ton	-	-	- :	-
(b) Imported	44	_	-	_	
Sub-bituminous coal (from Alberta mines only)	4.4	_	_	-	-
Anthracite coal	**	-	-		_
Lignite coal	4.6		-	-	
Coke		-	-	-	
Gasoline (including gasoline used in cars and trucks)	Imp. gal.	12,750	5	-	_
Fuel oil including kerosene or coal oil		750, 296	58	754.576	61
Wood		-	-	-	_
Gas:					
(a) Liquefied petroleum gases	Imp. gal.	154		175	
(b) Other manufactured gas	M cu. ft.		-	-	_
(c) Natural gas			-	-	-
Other fuel			-		_
Electricity purchased	kwh.	6,962,901	88	6,760,332	92
Steam purchased		0 0 0	_	* * *	_
2. Small establishments not reporting commodity detail:				1	
Estimate for fuel and electricity			2		ú
3. All establishments:					
Total fuel and electricity used		* * *	153	***	155

TABLE 12. Materials and Supplies - Manufacturing Activity, 1964 and 1965

Description	1964		1965	
	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
	lbs.	\$'000	lbs.	\$'000
1. Materials used:				
Yarns, all cotion:				
Grey	3,642,424	4,708	3, 385, 283	4, 278
Bleached	259, 796	385	301,860	463
Mercerized	586,208	1, 318	747,991	1,583
Yarns, filament:				
Rayon	136,853	165	87,667	98
Nylon	451,778	823	472,924	844
Polyester	12,888	17	35, 238	55
Other	43,942	78	60,698	122
Yams, spun:				
Rayon, including mixtures	17,157	18	14,825	15
Other	5, 158	11	17,883	51
Yarns, other	27,924	21	17,491	52
Thread (for further processing):				
Cotton	-		79.040	176
Other	-	-	7,874	24
Starch and sizing materials:				
Potato starch	5, 443	1	5, 497	1
Other starch and sizing materials	5,612	1	5,705	1
Chemicals		186	4 4 9	191
Dyes		81		80
Olls, processing and lubricating		1		1
Spools, tubes and cones of paper		174		229
All other materials and components used ¹		588		539
2. Containers and other packaging materials and supplies used		445		269
3. Operating, maintenance and repair supplies used (excluding fuel)		113	4 > 4	165
4. Amount paid out to others for work done on materials owned by establishments	* * *	74		68
Totals		9, 205	a + +	9,304

No detailed information on materials used was collected from small establishments, the estimated costs for which are included here. These estimated costs were \$356,090 in 1964 and \$309,880 in 1965.

TABLE 13. Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1964 and 1965

Description	1964		1965	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
	lbs.	\$'000	lbs.	\$'000
1, Products:				
Thread:				
Cotton	4, 235, 598	14,477	4,230,309	13,828
Ray on	1	1 000	£ 511, 204	2, 109
Nylon	497,503	1,792		242
Other	,		• •	
All other products	1 * 4	256	* * *	234
. Amount received in payment for work done on materials and products owned by others		158	4 + +	112
less adjustment for value of sales taxes, excise duties and outward transportation charges which could not be deducted from individual commodity Items described above	•••	(25)		(28)
Total adjusted value of shipments and work done	***	16, 658		16,497

List of Establishments classified to this Industry, 1965

(Does not include establishments classified to other industries, which as a secondary activity, manufacture products updated in the laborator)

Name	Location		
luebec:			
Alba Threads Ltd,	8600 A de l'Épée Ave., Montreal		
Belding Corticelli Ltd.	229 Richelieu St., St-Jean		
Canadian Sewing Supply Ltd.	400 Atlantic Ave., Montreal		
Dominion Thread Mills	52 Grey Nuns Ave., Montreal		
J, & P. Coats (Canada) Ltd,	421 Pie IX Blvd., Montreal		
Kay Thread Co. Ltd.	545 Legendre St. W., Montreal		
National Thread Ltd., The	370 -10th Avenue S., Sherbrooke		
Reliable Threads Ltd.	6201 Park Ave., Montreal		
Robinson of Canada Limited	550 Beaumont, Montreal		
Thread Converters Ltd,	99 Chabanei St., Montreal		
Ontario:			
Beil Thread Co. Ltd., The	148 Sanford Ave., Hamilton		
Gibraltar Thread Works			
Supreme Thread Ltd.	as as many to as a many to		

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Census of Manufactures

General

The Census of Manufactures is an annual mail survey covering Canada's Manufacturing Industries. It is based on the Standard Classification of Industries and full details concerning the system may be found in the Standard Industrial Classification manual, Catalogue No. 12-501 which is available from the Queen's Printer or the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. In summary, the Classification as it relates to the manufacturing industries provides for a breakdown into 140 industries arranged in 20 major industry groups. Of the 140 (3 digit) industries, 18 are further broken down into 55 (4 digit) sub classes. At the Canada level, principal statistics are collected and compiled for 176 separate industries. They cannot all be published separately by province, however, because of the confidential nature of the data in certain provinces.

The reporting unit for the Census is designated as the establishment (see definition of "Establishment" in following section) and a return is requested from every establishment classified to a manufacturing industry. Although respondents are required to submit reports covering the calendar year, financial year reports other than the calendar year are accepted in instances where respondents find it impossible to supply calendar year data from accounting records. When an establishment is operated for only part of a year a report is required covering the period of operation.

There are four different questionnaires used in the Census of Manufactures; (a) short form (b) long form (c) head office questionnaire and (d) commodity questionnaire. The short and long forms are used to obtain principal statistics and commodities shipped from establishments classified to manufacturing industries and differ only in the amount of detail requested. The short form is a single-sheet questionnaire sent to small manufacturers generally reporting shipments of less than \$100,000; this cut-off, however, varies somewhat between industries. The head office questionnaire is generally used for company head offices and/or auxiliary units separately located from the manufacturing establishment(s), (see following notes on Head offices and auxiliary units). The Commodity questionnaire is used to survey certain establishments which are coded (on the basis of their principal activity) to industries other than manufacturing in the Standard Industrial Classification system, but which undertake some manufacturing as a subsidiary activity. This single-sheet questionnaire is designed to collect information on the quantity and value of goods of own manufacture shipped by such establishments in order to achieve full coverage of domestically manufactured commodities (see the following note under Shipments).

The results of the Census are presented in some 135 publications. In addition to these annual industry publications there are annual summary reports for Canada and the provinces and special reports giving principal statistics by detailed geographic areas, by type of ownership and size of establishment. A special annual report covering the shipments of all manufactured commodities arranged in alphabetical order is also published.

Since 1960 the following major changes have been implemented in the Census of Manufactures; (a) a revised Standard Industrial Classification (b) a new establishment definition and (c) an extension of the establishment definition to cover the non-manufacturing activities of manufacturing establishments. The statistics presented in the reports reflect the complete implementation of these changes and enable comparisons to be made back to and including 1961. For a complete description of the procedures followed in establishing the revised series, reference should be made to the Explanatory Notes included in the 1960, 1961 and 1962 industry publications. The statistical framework within which the Census of Manufactures is now carried out is based on the following concepts and definitions which have been developed as part of a general programme to achieve a fully integrated system of economic statistics.

Establishment

A manufacturing establishment is typically a factory, mill or plant principally engaged in manufacturing activities. The majority of such establishments are firms but many firms have more than one establishment. Such firms are requested to submit a separate Census of Manufactures report for each manufacturing establishment which can meet the reporting requirements embodied in the following definition of the "establishment":

"The smallest unit which is a separate operating entity capable of reporting the following principal statistics:

Materials and supplies used
Goods purchased for resale as such
Fuel and power consumed
Number of employees and salaries and wages
Man-hours worked and paid
Inventories
Shipments or sales."

Each establishment is required to report on all the activities carried out within it's accounting boundaries (except income from investments such as rent, interest and dividends) and data on the different activities (manufacturing, trading in goods not of own manufacture, construction by own labour force, revenue from services, etc.) are requested to be reported separately. It should be noted that the statistics for separate activities are not completely consistent since some respondents cannot distinguish, in their records, materials, shipments and inventories relating solely to their own manufacturing activities. For example, inventory of goods purchased for re-sale may not be distinguishable from inventory of own manufactured goods. Complete consistency, therefore, can be obtained only at the "all operations" (total activity) level and for studies or statistical measures requiring accurate coordinated data, the "total" statistics should be used.

The number of establishments represents the number of operating units that are principally engaged in the activities of the manufacturing industries to which they have been classified. These units do not necessarily represent the total number engaged in the production of a commodity mainly produced in a certain industry. Some commodities are produced as secondary products in other manufacturing and non-manufacturing industries. It should be noted that head offices and auxiliary units which are surveyed separately are not included in the establishment count, (see following notes on head offices and auxiliary units).

Head Offices and Auxiliary Units

All head offices and auxiliary units of companies classified to the manufacturing industries such as sales offices, administrative offices, warehouses, laboratories, etc. are now surveyed as part of the Census of Manufactures.

These head offices and auxiliary units are either included in an establishment report or are surveyed by means of the head office questionnaire. The former is the most common case where a single establishment firm has its executive personnel, sales office, etc. located at the site of the manufacturing plant (establishment). The special head office questionnaire is generally used where a firm, regardless of the number of establishments, has separately located offices or auxiliary units. Such offices or units do not constitute establishments within the Census of Manufactures as they do not normally generate operational revenues, but give rise only to costs of operations (mainly salaries and wages) which are automatically included in the value of shipments or sales. Although not considered as establishments, and hence, not included in the "establishment" count for an industry, the operational costs are reflected in either the "Industry" statistics (3 or 4 digit level) or the "Major group" statistics (2 digit level) according to the following rules:

- (a) In the case of single establishment firms, statistics for separately located offices and units are classified to the same industry (3 or 4 digit) as the establishment:
- (b) In the case of multi-establishment firms, the statistics for such offices and units are coded to the same industry as the establishments of the firm, when all establishments are in the same industry (3 or 4 digit). When establishments of

such firms are coded (1) to different industries within a major group, (2) to industries in different major groups or (3) to industries in different divisions of the Standard Industrial Classification, then the statistics are included in the major group totals (2 digit level) in which the major part of the company's operations are classified. Although this may result in some distortion of major group statistics in the case of (2) and (3) the statistics at the industry (3 or 4 digit) level in all cases will be left free of these company-wide data.

Employees

(a) Production and related workers — Manufacturing activities

In addition to those engaged in production and assembling activities, they include those employed in storing, inspecting, handling, packing, warehousing, etc. They also include employees engaged in maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services and line supervisors (working foremen) engaged in similar work to that of the employees they supervise. For those establishments reporting on the "long" form, production and related workers engaged in manufacturing activity are reported as those receiving pay during the last pay period of each month, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly figures and dividing by 12. This procedure is followed even though the establishment did not operate in all months in order to arrive at equivalent annual full-time employment. The numbers are somewhat affected by turnover, in that employment is overstated when an employee changes employment during a pay period. In the case of those establishments reporting on the "short" form, respondents are requested to report average annual figures. The man-hours of production and related workers in manufacturing activity represent total man-hours paid (total hours at work during the calendar year plus hours not worked but nevertheless paid for, such as paid vacations, sick leave, statutory holidays, etc.). Data on man-hours are not collected from establishments reporting on the short form. Man-hours for these establishments are estimated on the basis of ratios derived from the 1958 census. During this census all establishments reported on the long form. In reporting overtime hours, respondents are requested to report only hours actually at work. It should be noted that the division of hours paid into production and related workers payrolls results in average hourly earnings and does not represent hourly wage rates which are collected and published by the Department of Labour and which are based on selected occupations.

(b) Production and related workers — Non-manufacturing activities

Such employees include those on manufacturing establishments' payrolls engaged in activities such as construction undertaken for the use of these establishments, some outside piece-workers employed in certain industries, logging employees who are reported as part of a sawmilling establishment and any other production workers who are not engaged in manufacturing-type operations.

(c) Administrative and office employees

This category includes all executive and supervisory officials such as presidents, vicepresidents, comptrollers, secretaries, treasurers, ets., together with managers, professional, technical and research employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the line supervisor or working foreman level, and clerical staffs. Also included are employees in activities such as advertising, credit collections, purchasing, personnel, legal, medical, etc. It should be noted that prior to 1961 this category also included working owners and partners. Also included in this category are employees located at head offices or auxiliary units separately located from the establishment; these are generally included in the figures for the province in which they are located according to the rules outlined under "Head offices and auxiliary units" above.

(d) Sales and distribution workers

This category includes office personnel whose salaries are charged to selling expense, travelling salesmen, driver salesmen, truckdrivers and their helpers, etc. It may also include some sales employees who are reported as part of a manufacturing establishment but are not working at the establishment's location. These are generally broken down by province in cases where more than 15 employees are involved in any one province. The figures exclude persons working on a commission basis who are not considered regular employees of the establishment.

(6) Total Employees

This total comprises the foregoing categories including employees located at separately located head offices and auxiliary units. The numbers of employees included under categories (b), (c) and (d) are reported in the form of annual averages and represent as closely as possible full time employment; adjustments are made when reported figures indicate the existence of part time or seasonal employment. In all the above categories, figures on employment refer to the calendar year whether or not other establishment statistics can only be reported on a fiscal year other than the calendar year.

Working Owners or Partners

These are not now included in the statistics of employees and salaries and wages. There is some duplication in numbers when a person owns more than one establishment and is reported as a working owner on each Census return. Withdrawals of working owners are defined as amounts withdrawn by owners or partners for normal living expenses excluding withdrawals for payment of income tax.

Salaries and Wages

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of employees before deductions for income tax and employees contributions to social services such as sickness, accident and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc. They include all salaries, wages,

bonuses, profits shared with employees, the value of room and board where provided, commissions (paid to regular employees only) as well as any other allowance forming part of the worker's earnings. Payments for over-time are included. Figures on salaries and wages refer to the calendar year.

Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used (including fuel used in cars, trucks, locomotives, etc.), not to purchases unless the quantities are substantially the same. Any fuel and electricity produced by establishments for internal consumption are not included in the total cost. Values represent laid down cost at the establishment including freight, duty, etc. Although fuel and electricity used is considered part of manufacturing activity it should be noted that it also includes relatively small amounts used in non-manufacturing activities since these cannot be reported separately,

Materials and Supplies

(a) Manufacturing activities

Figures represent quantities and laid down cost values, at the establishment, of materials, supplies and purchased components owned and used during the year in manufacturing activities and related processes. These statistics represent only commodity items or physical goods (cost of services or overhead charges such as advertising. insurance, depreciation, etc. are not included) whether purchased from others or received as transfers (in the form of materials, components or semi-processed goods) from other establishments of the reporting company. Included are maintenance and repair supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and any amounts charged by other establishments for work done on materials owned by the reporting establishment. Cost of repairs or maintenance done by outside contractors and cost of returnable containers are not included.

(b) Non-manufacturing activities

1. Purchases for re-sale as such

Figures represent cost of materials or products purchased from others by the reporting establishment (or received as transfers from other establishments of the reporting company) for re-sale as such in the same condition as purchased, Included are any finished products received on consignment from other countries.

2. Other materials and supplies used

Figures represent the cost of materials and supplies, if any, used in new construction and in the production of machinery and equipment (for the use of the reporting establishment) by the establishment's own employees. Included are materials used for any capital repairs and alterations carried out by the establishment's employees. Amounts paid to outside contractors for construction and repair work are not included nor is the cost of

purchased machinery and equipment. Also included is the cost of office supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and the cost of such other items of materials and supplies used as food, beverages and supplies for establishment-operated cafeterias and lunch counters, first aid and medical supplies, laboratory supplies, etc.

Shipments

(a) General

The figures represent revenue from all production, sales, services and related activities of reporting establishments with shipments valued in Canadian dollars at the point at which the establishment relinquishes control. The unsold portion at year end of consignment shipments in Canada is treated as inventory and not as shipments but all shipments to foreign countries for which the form B13 "Customs Canada Export Entry" has been completed, are treated as shipments.

In those industries where work on principal products extends over a relatively long period, (Fabricated Structural Metal Industry, Aircraft and Parts Manufacturers, Railroad Rolling Stock Industry and Shipbuilding and Repair Industry) the value of production rather than the value of shipments is recorded. There are certain establishments in other industries which also operate on a basis of progress payments. For these establishments, shipments are also adjusted to work put in place on the basis of the net change in progress payments over the year.

(b) Shipments of goods of own manufacture

These figures represent shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting establishments or by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting establishments for work done. Included are revenue from repair and custom work, amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by other establishments and the cost (book value) of any goods shipped on a rental basis.

All products and by-products of own manufacture shipped from the establishment are covered, including transfer shipments to sales outlets, distributing warehouses or to other manufacturing plants of the reporting firm, when such units are treated as separate establishments. The value of shipments are net of returned goods, discounts, returns, allowances, sales tax and excise taxes and duties, returnable containers and charges for outward transportation by common or contract carriers. Transportation or delivery expense incurred by the reporting establishment's own carriers are included.

Shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments which are coded to some other division of the Standard Industrial Classification (on the basis of principal activity) but which are engaged in manufacturing as a subsidiary activity

are collected by means of the Commodity questionnaire referred to earlier. Such shipments together with shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments forming the universe of manufacturing industries are compiled and recorded in the various industry publications.

(c) Shipments of goods not of own manufacture

These figures represent the net selling value at establishment (net of discounts, returns, allowances, sales taxes and excise duties and taxes and transportation charges by common or contract carriers) of all products or materials (including products transferred from other establishments of the reporting firm) sold as such in the same condition as purchased or received as transfers. For those industries which ship such goods on a rental basis, the value of shipments represents the book value of these goods. All sales of consignment goods from other countries are included.

(d) Other revenue

Figures represent the book value of fixed assets, if any, (new construction and machinery and equipment including major repairs, alterations, additions, modifications, installation and assembly work) produced during the year for the use of reporting establishments by the establishment's own employees and for which depreciation accounts are maintained. Included also are any revenues from the sale of electricity and from any operations performed by the establishment's own employees, such as revenue from goods produced or purchased for rental (the book value of such goods are included as part of shipments of goods of own manufacture or shipments of goods not of own manufacture), servicing revenues, commissions on sales (when not included in value of sales), revenue for companyoperated cafeterias and lunch counters and revenue from outside installation or construction work not related to the establishment's own products, sale of used materials (excluding sale of used fixed assets) research and development work, etc. As mentioned previously the figures do not include non-operating revenue such as rent, dividends, interest, etc.

Inventories

(a) Manufacturing activities

Values represent the book values of manufacturing inventory owned in Canada. Inventories held for which progress payments have been received are not included. Where progress payment accounts are maintained, the change in these accounts is treated as a net adjustment to shipments. Figures consist of inventory owned at the plant and at warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments for the purpose of reporting shipments. Inventory owned in transit in Canada or on consignment in Canada is included. Goods shipped abroad and held in inventory are included in shipments. Opening inventories may differ from the closing inventories of the previous year because of changes in classification, the

receipt of revised data, the inclusion of new establishments and the removal of establishments which did not operate during the survey year.

(b) Non-manufacturing activities

Figures represent the book value of inventory of goods purchased for re-sale as such without further processing, owned by the reporting establishments and held at plants and at any warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments. Other characteristics are the same as in (a) above.

Value Added

(a) By manufacturing activities

Figures are compiled by deducting the cost of manufacturing materials, supplies, etc. and fuel and electricity consumed from the (value of shipments of goods of own manufacture adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of finished goods and goods in process).

(b) By non-manufacturing activities

The figures are compiled by deducting the cost of goods purchased for re-sale (adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of goods pur-

chased for re-sale) and the cost of non-manufacturing materials and supplies used from the value of shipments of goods not of own manufacture, plus other revenue.

(c) By Total activities

The figures consist of value added by manufacturing activities plus value added by non-manufacturing activities. This total value added figure may, in some cases, be less than value added by manufacturing activities as a result of expenditures associated with non-manufacturing exceeding revenues from such activities or because of a decrease in inventory of goods not of own manufacture exceeding the mark-up on the sale of such goods. 'Value added' is sometimes referred to as net output or net production. However, to arrive at the National Accounts concept of net production, or Gross Domestic Product at "Factor cost" it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of advertising, insurance and other business expenses which are not collected as part of the annual Census of Manufactures, "Value added" figures for the primary industries, manufacturing and construction are published in DBS publication Catalogue No. 61-202, "Survey of Production".





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