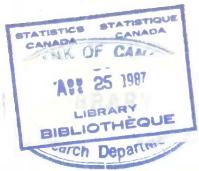


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ANNUAL

JUL 5 TO





CARPET, MAT AND RUG INDUSTRY 1964

ANNUAL CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES

Published by Authority of The Minister of Trade and Commerce

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CARPET, MAT AND RUG INDUSTRY

1964

In terms of both the revised Standard Industrial Classification and the New Establishment Concept, this industry is defined as comprising those "Establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing carpets and rugs of wool, cotton, or synthetic materials; jute and cocoa fibre mats and matting; and rag carpets and rugs".

As will be noted from most of the tables in this report relating to the industry proper, there was a sizeable increase in activity from 1963 to 1964. Since many establishments not classified to this industry continued to produce carpets, etc., in 1964, as in previous years, the 1964 shipments by the industry proper have been shown in Table 13 with minimum detail. On the other hand, Table 14 presents the shipments of these commodities by all industries for 1963 and 1964; this table shows not only a great increase in the total shipments, but also the continued domination of the "Carpets and rolls, including stair" group by the tufted category.

A list of the establishments classified to this industry in the 1964 survey will be found at the end of this report.

SYMBOLS

The following standard symbols are used in Dominion Bureau of Statistics publications:

- .. figures not available.
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable.
- nil or zero.
- amount too small to be expressed.
- p preliminary figures.
- revised figures.
- x confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics Act.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, 1961-64

				Мал	ufacturing	activity				Т	otal activ	rity	
Year and province	Estab- lish- ments		oduction a ated work		Cost of fuel and	Cost of	Value of shipments of goods	Value	Working and p	g owners artners	Emp	loyees	Value
province	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$'0	00
1961													
Totals	15	1,418	3,038	4, 188	466	17,607	29,314	11,442	_	_	1,765	6, 123	11, 40 1
1962													
Totals	16	1,472	3, 193	4,642	461	22,810	37, 143	14,595	ж	x	1,834	6,745	14,773
1963													
Newfoundland	900	_		_	_	-	_	_	_	_		_	_
Prince Edward Island	_	_	_		_		_	_	_	_	_		
Nova Scotia	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
New Brunswick	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Quebec	5	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	_	_	x	x	х
Ontario	10	1, 258	2,584	4, 104	355	18,020	30,063	12,466	3	40	1, 567	5,947	12, 439
Manitoha	2	x	х	х	x	х	x	х	-	-	х	х	x
Saskatchewan	_		_	_		-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
Alberta	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	
British Columbia	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	*****	_	_	_	_
Yukon and Northwest Territories	_	-	5		_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-
Totals	17	1,742	3,642	5,446	499	26, 262	41,952	16,252	3	40	2, 108	7,659	16, 223
1964													
Newfoundland	-	-	-	_		_	_	_	_	-		-	-
Prince Edward Island	400.	-	-		_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Nova Scotia	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	-
New Brunswick	_	-	-	_	_		_	_	_	-		01 -	_
Quebec	6	х	х	x	х	х	х	x	_	-	х	х	х
Ontario	12	1, 341	2,796	4,792	408	23, 365	37, 312	15, 191	4	36	1,683	6,876	15,311
Manitoba	3	х	х	х	х	х	×	x	_	-	х	х	x
Saskatchewan	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-
Alberta		_	_	_		_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-
British Columbia	_	-	-	_	***		-	-	_	-	_	_	-
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-	-	-	-	_	_		_	_	-	***	_	-
Totals	21	1, 927	4,263	6,586	. 554	34, 193	53,049	20,407	4	36	2, 35 1	9, 207	20,534

TABLE 2. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Value of Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1963 and 1964

		- 71		Man	ufacturing	activity				T	'otal acti	/ity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		duction a ited work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments of goods	Value	Working and pa	owners	Empl	oyees	Value
		Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$*000		\$'0	100
1963													
Under \$10,000	-			-	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	5	
10,000 to \$ 24,999 25,000 '' 49,999	1 -	-	-	-	-		100	-		-	-	73	101
50,000 " 99,999	} 3	20	46	50	2	90	186	89	1	5	24		100
100,000 ' 199,999 200,000 ' 499,999	, -		-		_			_	_	_			
500,000 " 999,999	4	129	282	330	13	717	1,374	689	1		154	427	677
1,000,000 ' 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over Head offices, sales offices and	3	637 956	1,297	2,180 2,886	150 334	10,375	15,907 24,485	5,798 9,676	_2	35	1,173	2,905 4,254	5,836 9,611
auxiliary units			1 6 4				* * *						
Totals	17	1,742	3,642	5,446	499	26,262	41,952	16,252	3	40	2, 108	7,659	16, 223
1964									- 13				
Under \$10,000) -	-			_	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
25,000 * 49,999 50,000 * 99,999 100,000 * 199,999	} 4	23	52	59	1	112	207	96	2	2	28	81	99
200,000 " 499,999 500,000 " 999,999	7	160	365	486	25	1,972	3,025	1,234	-	-	199	720	1,373
1,000,000 '' 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over	7 3	681	1,474 2,372	2,553 3,488	155 374	12.849 19,260	19,816 30,001	7,393 11,684	_2	35 -	822 1,302	3,404 4,982	7,454 11,608
auxiliary units		000	4 + 4	0 4 4					* * *				
Totals	21	1,927	4, 263	6,586	554	34, 193	53,949	20,407	4	36	2,351	9,207	20,534

TABLE 3. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Manufacturing Value Added, 1963 and 1964

		199		Mar	ufacturing	activity				Т	otal acti	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		duction a		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments of goods	Value		owners	Emp	loyees	Value
	MCHeb	Number	Man- hours pald	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$10	00
1963					1		1	1					
Under \$10,000	-	di		_		_		_	_	_	-	_	
10.000 to \$ 24.999	} 3	20	46	50	2	90	186	89	1	5	24	73	10
25,000 ' 49,999 50,000 ' 99,999	-	_			-			_	- 2	35	79	204	37
100,000 '1 199,999	3	66	136	155	10	1,460	1,832	380 2,830	2	35	417	1,501	2.85
500,000 " 999,999	6	343	716	1,051	79	5,986	8,705	12,953			1,588	5,881	12,89
1,000,000 '' 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over Head offices, sales offices and	5	1,313	2,743	4,190	408	18,727	31,229	12,933		_	-	0,001	12,05
auxiliary units			* * * *		1 * *	***		- * *				***	
Totals	17	1,742	3,642	5,446	499	26,262	41,952	16,252	3	40	2, 108	7,659	16,22
1964					- 4								
Jnder \$10,000	} 5	34	79	103	3	368	490	134	2	2	43	140	13
25,000 '' 49,999	} 4	65	144	180	12	1,702	2,213	490	2	35	87	275	63
200,000 " 499,999 500,000 " 999,999	} 6	264	581	909	54	6,876	9,205	2,655	-	-	328	1,403	2,68
1,000,000 ' 4,999,999	} 6	1,564	3,459	5,394	486	25,249	41,141	17,128	-	_	1,893	7,389	17.08
auxiliary units										***			
Totals	21	1,927	4,263	6,586	554	34, 193	53,049	20,407	4	36	2,351	9,207	20,53

TABLE 4. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Total Value Added, 1963 and 1964

				Мал	ufacturing	activity				T	otal activ	vity	
Size group	Estab-		duction a ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments			owners	Empl	loyees	
	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	Value added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$'0	000
1963								1					
nder \$10,000	_	_	_	_	diplos	_		_	_		-	_	_
10,000 to \$ 24,999 25,000 '' 49,999 50,000 '' 99,999	} 3	20	46	50	2	90	186	89	i	5	24	73	10
100,000 " 199,999	3	66	136	155	10	1,460	1,832	380	2	35	79	204	37
200,000 " 499,999 500,000 " 999,999	6	343	716	1,051	79	5,986	8,705	2,830	-	-	417	1.501	2, 85
0,000,000 ' 4,999,999 0,000,000 and over ead offices, sales offices and) 5	1,313	2,743	4, 190	408	18,727	31, 229	12,953	-	-	1,588	5,881	12,89
auxiliary units					4.6.6		***						
Totals	17	1,742	3, 642	5, 446	499	26, 262	41, 952	16, 252	3	40	2, 108	7, 659	16, 22
1964													
nder \$10,000													
10,000 to \$ 24,999	} 5	34	79	103	3	366	490	134	2	2	43	140	13
50,000 ' 99,999 100,000 ' 199,999	3	57	125	145	10	1, 427	1.853	414	- 2	35	71	202	40
200,000 ' 499,999	} 7	272	599	943	56	7, 151	9, 565	2,731	_	-	344	1, 476	2,91
,000,000 ** 4,999,999	i	. 504											
,000,000 and over ad offices, sales offices and auxiliary units	} 6	1,564	3, 459	5, 394	486	25, 249	41, 141	17, 128	_	_	1,893	7, 389	17, 08
	* * *		***	* * *	* * *	* * *					0 0 1		**
Totals	21	1,927	4, 263	6,586	554	34, 193	53, 049	20, 407	4	36	2,351	9, 207	20, 53

TABLE 5. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Total Employed, 1963 and 1964

				Mar	nufacturing	activity					rotal acti	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		oduction a ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments of goods	Value		owners	Emp	loyees	47.4
	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	Witb- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	Value added
	No.		'000	-		\$'000	1			\$'000		\$'0	00
1963												100	
Under 5 employed	} 3	20	46	50	2	90	186	89	1	5	24	73	100
15 - 49 "	5	144	297	383	24	2,647	3,618	940	2	35	170	488	930
50 - 99 "	5	433	908	1,362	99	5, 932	9, 201	3, 424	_	_	511	1,868	3,463
200-499 '' 500 employed and over	4	1, 145	2, 391	3,652	374	17, 594	28, 947	11,800	_	_	1, 403	5, 230	11,731
auxiliary units			111		* * 4	441					** 1	4 + 0	* * * *
Totals	17	1,742	3,642	5, 446	499	26, 262	41, 952	16, 252	3	40	2, 108	7, 659	16, 223
1964													
Under 5 employed	} 4	23	52	59	i	112	207	96	2	2	28	81	99
15 - 49 ** 50 - 99 ** 100 - 199 **	7 4	134 206	306 446	383 750	27 41	2,742 6,089	3,719 7,982	1, 147 2, 036	2	35	170 260	594 1,143	1, 292 2, 062
00 - 499 " 00 employed and over	} 6	1, 564	3, 459	5, 394	486	25, 249	41, 141	17, 128	-		1.893	7,389	17,080
auxiliary units		6 8 9							***	* * *		* * 4	
Totals	21	1,927	4, 263	6,586	554	34, 193	53, 049	20, 407	4	36	2, 351	9, 207	20, 534

TABLE 6. Principal Statistics classified by Type of Organization, 1963 and 1964

				Man	ufacturing	activity				2	Total acti	vity	
Type of organization	Estab-		oduction ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments			owners	Empl	oyees	Value
organizas eon	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$10	000
1963													
Individual ownerships	1	- Inc											
Partnerships	17	1.742	3,642	5,446	499	26, 262	41,952	16, 252	3	40	2,108	7,659	16, 223
Incorporated companies]	- 170											
Co-operatives	name .	_	-	_	_	_	_	-			-	_	_
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units													
Totals	17	1.742	3, 642	5, 446	499	26, 262	41,952	16, 252	3	40	2, 108	7, 659	16, 223
1964													
Individual ownerships	3	25	50	57	7	1, 185	1, 354	164	4	36	31	77	160
Incorporated companies	18	1,902	4, 213	6,529	546	33, 007	51,695	20, 243			2, 320	9, 130	20, 374
Co-operatives	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			_		_
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units													
Totals	21	1, 927	4, 263	6,586	554	34, 193	53, 049	20, 407	4	36	2,351	9, 207	20, 534

TABLE 7. Calculation of Output, Input and Value Added, 1963 and 1964

	Manufact activi		Non-manufa activiti		Tota activi	
	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964
			\$'00	0		
Output			- 1			
1. Shipments and other revenue	41.952	53, 049	171	636	42,123	53, 685
Inventories - Goods of own manufacture:						
Add closing - Goods in process	2,632	2,862	• • •	• • •	2, 632	2, 662
Finished goods	5, 112	6,788			5.112	6,788
Deduct opening - Goods in process	2,626	2,613			2.626	2, 613
Finished goods	4,057	4,931			4,057	4,931
2. Net inventory change	1,061	2,106			1,061	2, 106
3. Gross output (1 + 2)	43,013	55, 155	171	636	43, 184	55,791
Input						
4. Purchases of goods not of own manufacture			81	512	81	512
Inventories - Goods not of own manufacture:						
Add opening			51	41	51	41
Deduct closing			21	176	21	176
5. Cost of goods sold (not of own manufacture)			111	377	111	377
6. Materials, supplies, etc.	26, 262	34, 193	90	133	26, 352	34, 326
7. Fuel and electricity	499	554		* * *	499	554
8. Gross input (5+6+7)	26,761	34,747	201	510	26, 962	35, 257
Value added (3 - 8)	16, 252	20, 407	(30)	126	16, 223	20, 534

TABLE 8. Employment and Payroll, 1963 and 1964

					Emplo	yees						Salari	es and wa	iges	
You: and		Product related				inls•		les		4 = 2	Producti	on and	Admin-	7-1	
province	Manufa	cturing	0	ther	and o	ffice		nd bution	10	otal	related v		istra- tive and	Sales and distri-	Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Manufac- turing	Other	office	bution	
1					numt	er				-	_		\$'000		
1963				1								1			
lewfoundland	_		-		_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	
rince Edward Island	_	_	_	-	466	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Nova Scotia	-	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_		_		_	_
New Brunswick	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Quebec	х	х	_	_	х	х	х	_	х	x	х		х	х	х
Ontario	879	379	_	1	171	81	41	15	1,091	476	4, 104	2	1,537	304	5,947
Manitoba	x	x	_	_	х	x	х	-	x	X	х	_	x	x	X
askatchewan	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_		_	_
Alberta	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_
British Columbia	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
ukon and Northwest Terri- tories	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Totals	1, 167	575		1	191	112	47	15	1, 405	703	5, 446	2	1, 840	371	7, 659
1964								93							
lewfoundland	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		-	_		
rince Edward Island	_	-	_	_	_	_			_		_	_			
lova Scotia	_	_	_	_				_	_	_		_	_		
ew Brunswick	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Probec	х	x	_	-	х	x	x	_	x	x	х	-	x	х	х
Intarlo	943	398	_		199	85	46	12	1, 188	495	4,792	_	1,758	326	6,876
lanitoba	x	x	_	_	X	x	x	_	x	X	X	_	x x	X	V, 010
askatchewan	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	^_		^ _	_	^	^	A
Alberta	-	_	-	-	0.00	_	_			_	_	_	_		_
British Columbia	_	_	_		_	_	_		_	_	_	_			_
ukon and Northwest Terri- tories	_	-	4000		_	_		_	_		_	_	_		_
Totals	1, 317	610			222	100			1 000						
	1,514	010	-		533	123	56	12	1,606	745	6, 586	-	2, 219	403	9, 207

TABLE 9. Production and Related Workers, - Manufacturing Activity, 1963 and 1964

Mar 45	196	3	196	4
Month	Male	Female	Male	Female
		numbe	19	
Establishments reporting monthly detail (large establishments only):		1	1	
January	1, 150	578	1, 270	623
February	1, 133	570	1, 259	605
March	1, 145	562	1, 292	607
April	1, 147	563	1, 295	603
May	1,143	541,	1,318	612
June	1, 170	564	1, 329	636
July	1,171	545	1, 328	606
August	1, 174	564	1,340	601
September	1,159	586	1.340	600
October	1, 185	598	1,329	624
November	1, 191	614	1, 333	600
December	1, 199	609	1,344	613
Avetages	1, 167	575	1,317	610
Stablishments reporting annual averages (small establishments only)		* * *	0 0 0	* * *
Average for all establishments	1, 167	575	1, 317	610

TABLE 10. Inventories, 1964

S.F.		Manufa	cturing		Non- manufacturing	
Province	Materials, supplies, etc.	Goods in process	Finished goods of own manufacture	Total	Products or materials purchased for resale	Total inventories
			book value	\$'000		
Opening:						
Newfoundland	-	_			_	_
Prince Edward Island	-		-	_	_	_
Nova Scotia	-	_	-	_		_
New Brunswick	-	_	-	_	_	_
Quebec	х	X	х	Х	Х	Х
Ontario	3,045	2, 473	4, 167	9,684	22	9,706
Manitoba	х	X	х	X	х	х
Saskatchewan	-	_		_		
Alberta	-	_	-	_	-	_
British Columbia	-	_	-	_		-
Yukon and Northwest Territories	_	_	-	_	-	-
Totals	4,127	2,613	4,931	11,671	41	11, 71
Closing:						
Newfoundland	-	-	-	479-	_	
Prince Edward Island	-	-	-	-	-	_
Nova Scotia	_	_	-	_	-	-
New Brunswick	_	_	-	_	_	_
Quebec	х	x	x	x	x	X
Ontario	3,787	2,689	5,602	12,078	129	12, 20
Manitoba	x	x	x	x	x	x
Saskatchewan	_	_	-	_	-	_
Alberta	-	_	_	_	_	_
British Columbia	_	_	-	_	-	
Yukon and Northwest Territories	_	_	-	_		_
Totals	5, 479	2, 862	6,788	15, 129	176	15, 305

TABLE 11. Purchased Fuel and Electricity Used in Manufacturing Activity, 1963 and 1964

and the second second		196	3	1964	
Description		Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
			\$'000		\$'000
. Large establishments reporting commodity detail:					
Bituminous coal:					
(a) From Canadian mines	ton	-	-	-	_
(b) Imported	8.4	4, 282	58	5,599	7
Sub-bituminous coal (from Alberta mines only)	(1)	-	-	-	_
Anthracite coal	4.6	-	-	-	_
Lignite coal	9.0	-	-	-	_
Coke	**	-	-	-	-
Gasoline (including gasoline used in cars and trucks)	ap. gal.	35, 459	15	42, 376	18
Fuel oil including kerosene or coal oil	84	1,534,055	134	i, 329,017	113
Wood	cord		-	-	_
Gas:					
(a) Liquefied petroleum gases	np. gal.	9,511	2	9, 393	
(b) Other manufactured gas	cu.ft.	-	-	-	_
(c) Natural gas	6.6	93,971	85	134, 385	12
Other fuel		P P T	_		_
Electricity purchased	kwh.	13,681,600	164	15, 822, 281	171
Steam purchased			38		30
, Small establishments not reporting commodity detail:				i i	
Estimate for fuel and electricity		4 * 4	5	1.1	
. All establishments:			400		
Total fuel and electricity used		* * *	499		55

TABLE 12. Materials and Supplies - Manufacturing Activity, 1963 and 1964

	196:	1963		1964	
Description	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost	
I. Materials used:		\$'000		\$'000	
Yarns: Cotton 1b. Nylon " Rayon " Wool " Jute " Other " Backing fabric, cotton and jute sq. yd. Sewing thread cords, trimmings, etc. Oils Dyes Chemicals All other materials and components used!	:::	1,949 3,872 2,216 3,629 1,070 2,293 2,560 19 35 21 233 433	2,960,733 2,601,869 4,107,888 3,286,898 3,611,334 3,834,936 28,565,981	1, 832 3, 824 2, 679 3, 894 1, 085 4, 160 5, 271 34 35 25 318 510	
2. Containers and other packaging materials and supplies used		313	•••	458	
3. Operating, maintenance and repair supplies used (excluding fuel)		681	* * *	774	
4. Amount paid out to others for work done on materials owned by establishments		38	0 0 9	35	
Totals		26, 262°		34, 193	

¹ No detailed information on materials used was collected from small establishments, the estimated costs for which are included here. These estimated costs were \$191.972 in 1963 and \$154.606 in 1964.

TABLE 13. Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1963 and 1964

The second secon	Value	
17-00-01 pp -0-0)	1963	1964
	\$'000	
Carpet rolls, squares, mats, rugs and runners	40.175	49.622
All other products	2,151	3,426
Amount received in payment for work done on materials and products owned by others	_	-
Less adjustment for value of sales taxes, excise duties and outward transportation charges which could not be deducted from individual commodity items described above	(375)	_
Total adjusted value of shipments and work done	41, 952	53,049

TABLE 14. Shipments of Selected Goods of Own Manufacture - All Industries, 1963 and 1964 (Includes shipments from other industries' which manufacture, as a secondary activity, the commodities listed)

Description	1963		1964 ^p	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
	sq. yd.	\$'000	sq. yd.	\$'000
Carpets in rolls, including stair:				
Axminster				
Wilton	1,720,332	11, 213	1, 814, 334	12, 484
Tapestry or velvet	1,110,057	6,986	1,239,077	8,029
Tufted	6, 916, 384	25,922	9, 271, 803	34, 389
Squares, mats and runners:				
All types	642, 524	2,243	951,966	3,306
Other carpets, mats and rugs	0.0 +	7.316		9, 27
Total shipments		53, 680	a • •	67, 48

¹ The manufacturing establishments, not classified to this industry but included in the above shipment totals for 1963 and 1964 are as follows:

Quebec: Chemcell (1963) Ltd., Canadian Celanese Co. Division, Sorel Collins and Alkman of Canada Ltd., Farnham Granby Elastic and Textiles Ltd., Granby

Ontario: Cobourg Matting & Carpet Co. Ltd., Cobourg Dominion Rubber Co. Ltd., Kitchener Newlands and Co. Ltd., Galt

List of Establishments classified to This Industry, 1964 (Does not include establishments classified to other industries, which as a secondary activity, manufacture products typical of this industry)

Name Location					
Quebec:					
Blackwood Morton & Sons (Canada) Ltd.	Labelle Blvd., Ste-Thérèse-de-Blainville				
Consolidated Carpet Mfg. Ltd.	9501 Parkway Blvd., Ville d'Anjou				
Delaware Mills Ltd.	130 McGill St., Montreal				
Mon-Tex Mills Ltd,	699 St. Maurice St., Montreal				
Peerless Rug Co. Ltd.	Rue du Moulin, Actonvale				
Peeters Textile Mills Ltd., The	Frontenac St., Granby				
Ontario:					
Brinton Carpets Ltd.	Braidwood Ave., Peterborough				
Caravelle Carpets Ltd.	Montreal Rd., Cornwall				
Empire Rug Mills Ltd.	Frank St., St. Catharines				
Harding Carpets Ltd.	Morrell St., Brantford				
Harding Carpets Ltd.	83 Neeve St., Guelph				
J. & S. Mats					
Kraus Carpet Mills Ltd.	152 Birch Ave., Kitchener				
Niagara Rug Co. Ltd.	580 Victoria Ave., Niagara Falls				
Templeton Sur-Lok Ltd.	7 Meridian Rd., Rexdale				
Toronto Carpet Mfg. Co. Ltd.	1179 King St. W., Toronto				
Universal Carpet Mills Ltd.					
World Carpet Mills Ltd.	135 Bentworth Ave., Toronto				
fanitoba:					
Capital Carpet Co.	701 Wellington Ave., Winnipeg				
Continental Rug Mfg. Co.					
Rainbow Rug Co, Ltd.	149 Portage Ave. E., Winnipeg				

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Census of Manufactures

General

The Census of Manufactures is an annual mail survey covering Canada's Manufacturing Industries. It is based on the Standard Classification of Industries and full details concerning the system may be found in the Standard Industrial Classification manual, Catalogue No. 12-501 which is available from the Queen's Printer or the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. In summary, the Classification as it relates to the manufacturing industries provides for a breakdown into 140 industries arranged in 20 major industry groups. Of the 140 (3 digit) industries, 18 are further broken down into 56 (4 digit) sub classes. At the Canada level, principal statistics are collected and compiled for 176 separate industries. They cannot all be published separately by province, however, because of the confidential nature of the data in certain provinces.

The reporting unit for the Census is designated as the establishment (see definition of "Establishment" in following section) and a return is requested from every establishment classified to a manufacturing industry. Although respondents are required to submit reports covering the calendar year, financial year reports other than the calendar year are accepted in instances where respondents find it impossible to supply calendar year data from accounting records. When an establishment is operated for only part of a year a report is required covering the period of operation.

There are four different questionnaires used in the Census of Manufactures; (a) short form (b) long form (c) head office questionnaire and (d) commodity questionnaire. The short and long forms are used to obtain principal statistics and commodities shipped from establishments classified to manufacturing industries and differ only in the amount of detail requested. The short form is a single-sheet questionnaire sent to small manufacturers generally reporting shipments of less than \$100,000; this cut-off, however, varies somewhat between industries. The head office questionnaire is generally used for company head offices and/or auxiliary units separately located from the manufacturing establishment(s), (see following notes on Head offices and auxiliary units). The Commodity questionnaire is used to survey certain establishments which are coded (on the basis of their principal activity) to industries other than manufacturing in the Standard Industrial Classification system, but which undertake some manufacturing as a subsidiary activity. This single-sheet questionnaire is designed to collect information on the quantity and value of goods of own manufacture shipped by such establishments in order to achieve full coverage of domestically manufactured commodities (see the following note under Shipments).

The results of the Consus are presented in some 140 publications. In addition to these annual industry publications there are annual summary reports for Canada and the provinces and special reports giving principal statistics by detailed geographic areas, by type of ownership and size of establishment. A special annual report covering the shipments of all manufactured commodities arranged in alphabetical order is also published.

Since 1960 the following major changes have been implemented in the Census of Manufactures: (a) a revised Standard Industrial Classification (b) a new establishment definition and (c) an extension of the establishment definition to cover the non-manufacturing activities of manufacturing establishments. The statistics presented in the various 1963 reports reflect the complete implementation of these changes and enable comparisons to be made with the years 1961 and 1962. For a complete description of the procedures followed in establishing the revised series, reference should be made to the Explanatory Notes included in the 1960, 1961 and 1962 industry publications. The statistical framework within which the Census of Manufactures is now carried out is based on the following concepts and definitions which have been developed as part of a general programme to achieve a fully integrated system of economic statistics.

Establishment

A manufacturing establishment is typically a factory, mill or plant principally engaged in manufacturing activities. The majority of such establishments are firms but many firms have more than one establishment. Such firms are requested to submit a separate Census of Manufactures report for each manufacturing establishment which can meet the reporting requirements embodied in the following definition of the "establishment":

"The smallest unit which is a separate operating entity capable of reporting the following principal statistics:

Materials and supplies used Goods purchased for resale as such Fuel and power consumed Number of employees and salaries and wages Man-hours worked and paid Inventories Shipments or sales."

Each establishment is required to report on all the activities carried out within it's accounting boundaries (except income from investments such as rent, interest and dividends) and data on the different activities (manufacturing, trading in goods not of own manufacture, construction by own labour

force, revenue from services, etc.) are requested to be reported separately. It should be noted that the statistics for separate activities are not completely consistent since some respondents cannot distinguish, in their records, materials, shipments and inventories relating solely to their own manufacturing activities. For example, inventory of goods purchased for re-sale may not be distinguishable from inventory of own manufactured goods. Complete consistency, therefore, can be obtained only at the "all operations" (total activity) level and for studies or statistical measures requiring accurate coordinated data, the "total" statistics should be used.

The number of establishments represents the number of operating units that are principally engaged in the activities of the manufacturing industries to which they have been classified. These units do not necessarily represent the total number engaged in the production of a commodity mainly produced in a certain industry. Some commodities are produced as secondary products in other manufacturing and non-manufacturing industries. It should be noted that head offices and auxiliary units which are surveyed separately are not included in the establishment count, (see following notes on head offices and auxiliary units).

Head Offices and Auxiliary Units

All head offices and auxiliary units of companies classified to the manufacturing industries such as sales offices, administrative offices, warehouses, laboratories, etc. are now surveyed as part of the Census of Manufactures.

These head offices and auxiliary units are either included in an establishment report or are surveyed by means of the head office questionnaire. The former is the most common case where a single establishment firm has its executive personnel, sales office, etc. located at the site of the manufacturing plant (establishment). The special head office questionnaire is generally used where a firm, regardless of the number of establishments, has separately located offices or auxiliary units. Such offices or units do not constitute establishments within the Census of Manufactures as they do not normally generate operational revenues, but give rise only to costs of operations (mainly salaries and wages) which are automatically included in the value of shipments or sales. Although not considered as establishments, and hence, not included in the "establishment" count for an industry, the operational costs are reflected in either the "Industry" statistics (3 or 4 digit level) or the "Major group" statistics (2 digit level) according to the following rules:

- (a) In the case of single establishment firms, statistics for separately located offices and units are classified to the same industry (3 or 4 digit) as the establishment;
- (b) In the case of multi-establishment firms, the statistics for such offices and units are coded to the same industry as the establishments of the firm, when all establishments are in the same industry (3 or 4 digit). When establishments of

such firms are coded (1) to different industries within a major group, (2) to industries in different major groups or (3) to industries in different divisions of the Standard Industrial Classification, then the statistics are included in the major group totals (2 digit level) in which the major part of the company's operations are classified. Although this may result in some distortion of major group statistics in the case of (2) and (3) the statistics at the industry (3 or 4 digit) level in all cases will be left free of these company-wide data.

Employees

(a) Production and related workers — Manufacturing activities

In addition to those engaged in production and assembling activities, they include those employed in storing, inspecting, handling, packing, warehousing, etc. They also include employees engaged in maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services and line supervisors (working foremen) engaged in similar work to that of the employees they supervise. For those establishments reporting on the "long" form, production and related workers engaged in manufacturing activity are reported as those receiving pay during the last pay period of each month, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly figures and dividing by 12. This procedure is followed even though the establishment did not operate in all months in order to arrive at equivalent annual full-time employment. The numbers are somewhat affected by turnover, in that employment is overstated when an employee changes employment during a pay period. In the case of those establishments reporting on the "short" form, respondents are requested to report average annual figures. The man-hours of production and related workers in manufacturing activity represent total man-hours paid (total hours at work during the calendar year plus hours not worked but nevertheless paid for, such as paid vacations, sick leave, statutory holidays, etc.). Data on man-hours are not collected from establishments reporting on the short form. Man-hours for these establishments are estimated on the basis of ratios derived from the 1958 census. During this census all establishments reported on the long form. In reporting overtime hours, respondents are requested to report only hours actually at work. It should be noted that the division of hours paid into production and related workers payrolls results in average hourly earnings and does not represent hourly wage rates which are collected and published by the Department of Labour and which are based on selected occupations.

(b) Production and related workers - Non-manufacturing activities

Such employees include those on manufacturing establishments' payrolls engaged in activities such as construction undertaken for the use of these establishments, some outside piece-workers employed in certain industries, logging employees who are reported as part of a sawmilling establishment and any other production workers who are not engaged in manufacturing-type operations.

(c) Administrative and office employees

This category includes all executive and supervisory officials such as presidents, vicepresidents, comptrollers, secretaries, treasurers, etc., together with managers, professional, technical and research employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the line supervisor or working foreman level, and clerical staffs. Also included are employees in activities such as advertising, credit collections, purchasing, personnel, legal, medical, etc. It should be noted that prior to 1961 this category also included working owners and partners. Also included in this category are employees located at head offices or auxiliary units separately located from the establishment; these are generally included in the figures for the province in which they are located according to the rules outlined under "Head offices and auxiliary units"

(d) Sales and distribution workers

This category includes office personnel whose salaries are charged to selling expense, travelling salesmen, driver salesmen, truckdrivers and their helpers, etc. It may also include some sales employees who are reported as part of a manufacturing establishment but are not working at the establishment's location. These are generally broken down by province in cases where more than 15 employees are involved in any one province. The figures exclude persons working on a commission basis who are not considered regular employees of the establishment.

(e) Total Employees

This total comprises the foregoing categories including employees located at separately located head offices and auxiliary units. The numbers of employees included under categories (b), (c) and (d) are reported in the form of annual averages and represent as closely as possible full time employment; adjustments are made when reported figures indicate the existence of part time or seasonal employment. In all the above categories, figures on employment refer to the calendar year whether or not other establishment statistics can only be reported on a fiscal year other than the calendar year.

Working Owners or Partners

These are not now included in the statistics of employees and salaries and wages. There is some duplication in numbers when a person owns more than one establishment and is reported as a working owner on each Census return. Withdrawals of working owners are defined as amounts withdrawn by owners or partners for normal living expenses excluding withdrawals for payment of income tax.

Salaries and Wages

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of employees before deductions for income tax and employees contributions to social services such as sickness, accident and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc. They include all salaries, wages, bonuses, profits shared with employees, the value of room and board where provided, commissions (paid to regular employees only) as well as any other allowance forming part of the worker's earnings. Payments for over-time are included. Figures on salaries and wages refer to the calendar year.

Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used (including fuel used in cars, trucks, locomotives, etc.), not to purchases unless the quantities are substantially the same. Any fuel and electricity produced by establishments for internal consumption are not included in the total cost. Values represent laid down cost at the establishment including freight, duty, etc. Although fuel and electricity used is considered part of manufacturing activity it should be noted that it also includes relatively small amounts used in non-manufacturing activities since these cannot be reported separately.

Materials and Supplies

(a) Manufacturing activities

Figures represent quantities and laid down cost values, at the establishment, of materials, supplies and purchased components owned and used during the year in manufacturing activities and related processes. These statistics represent only commodity items or physical goods (cost of services or overhead charges such as advertising, insurance, depreciation, etc. are not included) whether purchased from others or received as transfers (in the form of materials, components or semi-processed goods) from other establishments of the reporting company, Included are maintenance and repair supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and any amounts charged by other establishments for work done on materials owned by the reporting establishment. Cost of repairs or maintenance done by outside contractors and cost of returnable containers are not included.

(b) Non-manufacturing activities

1. Purchases for re-sale as such

Figures represent cost of materials or products purchased from others by the reporting establishment (or received as transfers from other establishments of the reporting company) for re-sale as such in the same condition as purchased. Included are any finished products received on consignment from other countries.

2. Other materials and supplies used

Figures represent the cost of materials and supplies, if any, used in new construction and in the production of machinery and equipment (for the use of the reporting establishment) by the establishment's own employees. Included are materials used for any capital repairs and alterations carried out by the establishment's employees. Amounts paid to outside contractors for construction and repair work are not included nor is the cost of

purchased machinery and equipment. Also included is the cost of office supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and the cost of such other items of materials and supplies used as food, beverages and supplies for establishment-operated cafeterias and lunch counters, first aid and medical supplies, laboratory supplies, etc.

Shipments

(a) General

The figures represent revenue from all production, sales, services and related activities of reporting establishments with shipments valued in Canadian dollars at the point at which the establishment relinquishes control. The unsold portion at year end of consignment shipments in Canada is treated as inventory and not as shipments but all shipments to foreign countries for which the form B13 "Customs Canada Export Entry" has been completed, are treated as shipments.

In those industries where work on principal products extends over a relatively long period, (Fabricated Structural Metal Industry, Aircraft and Parts Manufacturers, Railroad Rolling Stock Industry and Shipbuilding and Repair Industry) the value of production rather than the value of shipments is recorded. There are certain establishments in other industries which also operate on a basis of progress payments. For these establishments, shipments are also adjusted to work put in place on the basis of the net change in progress payments over the year.

(b) Shipments of goods of own manufacture

These figures represent shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting establishments or by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting establishments for work done. Included are revenue from repair and custom work, amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by other establishments and the cost (book value) of any goods shipped on a rental basis.

All products and by-products of own manufacture shipped from the establishment are covered, including transfer shipments to sales outlets, distributing warehouses or to other manufacturing plants of the reporting firm, when such units are treated as separate establishments. The value of shipments are net of returned goods, discounts, returns, allowances, sales tax and excise taxes and duties, returnable containers and charges for outward transportation by common or contract carriers. Transportation or delivery expense incurred by the reporting establishment's own carriers are included.

Shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments which are coded to some other division of the Standard Industrial Classification (on the basis of principal activity) but which are engaged in manufacturing as a subsidiary activity

are collected by means of the Commodity questionnaire referred to earlier. Such shipments together with shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments forming the universe of manufacturing industries are compiled and recorded in the various industry publications.

(c) Shipments of goods not of own manufacture

These figures represent the net selling value at establishment (net of discounts, returns, allowances, sales taxes and excise duties and taxes and transportation charges by common or contract carriers) of all products or materials (including products transferred from other establishments of the reporting firm) sold as such in the same condition as purchased or received as transfers. For those industries which ship such goods on a rental basis, the value of shipments represents the book value of these goods. All sales of consignment goods from other countries are included.

(d) Other revenue

Figures represent the book value of fixed assets, if any, (new construction and machinery and equipment including major repairs, alterations, additions, modifications, installation and assembly work) produced during the year for the use of reporting establishments by the establishment's own employees and for which depreciation accounts are maintained. Included also are any revenues from the sale of electricity and from any operations performed by the establishment's own employees, such as revenue from goods produced or purchased for rental (the book value of such goods are included as part of shipments of goods of own manufacture or shipments of goods not of own manufacture), servicing revenues, commissions on sales (when not included in value of sales), revenue for companyoperated cafeterias and lunch counters and revenue from outside installation or construction work not related to the establishment's own products, sale of used materials (excluding sale of used fixed assets) research and development work, etc. As mentioned previously the figures do not include non-operating revenue such as rent, dividends, interest, etc.

Inventories

(a) Manufacturing activities

Values represent the book values of manufacturing inventory owned in Canada. Inventories held for which progress payments have been received are not included. Where progress payment accounts are maintained, the change in these accounts is treated as a net adjustment to shipments. Figures consist of inventory owned at the plant and at warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments for the purpose of reporting shipments. Inventory owned in transit in Canada or on consignment in Canada is included. Goods shipped abroad and held in inventory are included in shipments. Opening inventories may differ from the closing inventories of the previous year because of changes in classification, the

receipt of revised data, the inclusion of new establishments and the removal of establishments which did not operate during the survey year.

(b) Non-manufacturing activities

Figures represent the book value of inventory of goods purchased for re-sale as such without further processing, owned by the reporting establishments and held at plants and at any warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments. Other characteristics are the same as in (a) above.

Value Added

(a) By manufacturing activities

Figures are compiled by deducting the cost of manufacturing materials, supplies, etc. and fuel and electricity consumed from the (value of shipments of goods of own manufacture adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of finished goods and goods in process).

(b) By non-manufacturing activities

The figures are compiled by deducting the cost of goods purchased for re-sale (adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of goods pur-

chased for re-sale) and the cost of non-manufacturing materials and supplies used from the value of shipments of goods not of own manufacture, plus other revenue.

(c) By Total activities

The figures consist of value added by manufacturing activities plus value added by non-manufacturing activities. This total value added figure may, in some cases, be less than value added by manufacturing activities as a result of expenditures associated with non-manufacturing exceeding revenues from such activities or because of a decrease in inventory of goods not of own manufacture exceeding the mark-up on the sale of such goods. "Value added" is sometimes referred to as net output or net production. However, to arrive at the National Accounts concept of net production, or Gross Domestic Product at "Factor cost" it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of advertising, insurance and other business expenses which are not collected as part of the annual Census of Manufactures. "Value added" figures for the primary industries, manufacturing and construction are published in DBS publication Catalogue No. 61-202, "Survey of Production".





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