CANADA
DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATLSTLCS
CENSUS OF INDUSTRY

REPORT<br>on the

OILED \& WATERPROOF CLOTHING INDUSTRY
in

CANADA

1928

Published by Authonty of the Hon. James Malcolm, M.P.. Minister of Trade and Commerce

OTTAWA

MOTE. - The statistics publishod in the present stafement include only the statistics of such manufacturing establimbents as make Oiled \& Waterproof Clothing as their principel product. Statistics relating to specific products are therefore not to be regardad as comprahonsive, as products like, Oiled \& Waterproof Clothing are also found se secondary products of the Rubber goods industry.

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J. C. Nacpherson

OIIED AND WATERPRCOF CLOTHING INDUTARY IN CANADA, 1928.
Ottawa, December, 1929.- A report is herewith presented on the oiled and waterproof clothing industry ir Carada during the calendar year 1928. Reporta mere receired from 18 establishments and were located by provinces as follows:- Quebec 9, Nora Scotia 5, Ontario 4.

## Prir ipal Statistics

A sumary of the principal statistics of the industry is given by provinces in Table 1.

Table 1.- Principal Statistics, by Provincos, 1928.


## Production

The quantity and value of the principal products of the industry is shown by rrovinces in Table 2 for the calendar year 1928. The total value of all products in 1927 was $\$ 1,430,633$, whilst the amount reported for the period covered by this report was $\$ 1,724,394$, anc increase of $\$ 293,761$ or 20.53 per cent.

Table 2.- Production by Provinces, 1928.


## Size of Establishment

In view of the tendency towards concentration in industrial enterprise, a series of tables has been prepared presenting in a threefold way the size of establishments in the oiled and waterproof cloting industry, measured by (a) capital investment, (b) gross value of production and (c) the number of persons employed, all within certains specified groups or limitations, for the cal endar years 1927 and 1928. The tables further indicate the movement of capital, production and employment within the industry.

In 1928 the number of establishments reporting was 18 with a total capital investment of $\$ 1,238,488$, a gross value of production of $\$ 1,724,394$ and a total employment of 359. Deven establishments had a capital investment of $\$ 1,108,741$ or 89.5 per cent of the total capital investment and an average investment per establiskment of $\$ 158,392$.

Five establishments had a gross value of production of $\$ 1,206,532$ or 70 per cent of the total value of production, and an average output per establishment of $\$ 241,306$. In employment 6 establiskments had 266 persons on the paymroll or 74.1 per cent of the total employment and an average of 44 per establishment.

In 1927 the number of establishments reporting was 18 with a total capital investment of $\$ 1,168,207$, a gross value of production of $\$ 1,430,633$ and a total employment of 367. Seven establishments had a capital investment of $\$ 1,057,576$ or 94.5 per cent of the total capital investment and an average investment per establishment of $\$ 151,082$.

Elght establishments had a gross talue of production of $\$ 1,252,633$ or 87.5 per cent of the total value of production, and an average output per $\in$ iblishment of $\$ 156,579$. In employment 6 establishments had 295 persons on the pay-roll or 80.4 per cent of the total employment and an average of 49 per establiskment.


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## Capital Investment

The amount of capital employed in the industry during the calendar year 1928 is given by provinces in Table 3. The total capitalization rose from $\$ 1,168,207$ in 1927 to $\$ 1,238,488$ in 1928 , an increase of $\$ 70,281$ over the two year period. To the total capital investment the province of Ontario contributed $\$ 677,642$ or 54.7 per cent, winilst Quebec accounted for $\$ 474,039$ or 38.3 per cent, Nova Scotia being responsible for the balance of $\$ 86,807$ or 7.0 per cent.

Table 3.- Capital employed by provinces, 1928.

| Province | Fixed Capital | Morling Capital |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lană, builaings, machinery and tools | Materials on hand, stocks in process, etc. | Cash, trading and operating accounts, etc. | Capital |
| CANADA | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 366,354 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 634,757 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 237,377 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$, 238,488 \end{array}$ |
| Ontario | 242,617 | 359,371 | 75,654 | 677,642 |
| Quebec | 91,824 | 237,916 | 144,299 | 474,039 |
| Nova Scotia | 31,913 | 37,470 | 17.424 | 86,807 |

## Mmployees, Salaries and Wages

The number of persons employed in the industry during the calendar year 1928 is given in Tabie 4 by (a) classes of employment, (b) sex and (c) salary and wage payments. The total number of cmployees rose from 241 in 1926 to 367 in 1927 and to 372 in 1928, an increase of 131 in the 3 year period. There was also a corresponding increase in the total payroll, the amount paid in 1927 being $\$ 321,288$, whilst the am ount reported for 1928 was $\$ 428,433$, an increase of $\$ 107,145$ over the two year peric. .

Table 4.- Bmployees, salaries and wages, 1928.

| Classes of employment | Male | Female | Salaries and |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employees on salaries | No. | Nages | No. |
| Mmployees on wages (average number) | 39 | 19 | 123,415 |
| Outside piece workers | 141 | 160 | 303,199 |

## Other Bmployment Statistics

The number of days the factories we:e in operation during the calendar year 1928 together with the number of hours per day or shift and per week normally worled by wageeamers will be found in Table 5(a). The number of wage-eamers employed during the same period is given by sex and by months in able $5(b)$. Employment reached its maximum in March and April with 335 whilst the minimum number reported was 247 in the month of December.

Table 5(a). Days in operation and hours worked, 1928.

| Establishments reporting | Total | Average per <br> establishment |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | 3.880 |
| Days in operation on full time | 990 | 215.56 |
| Days in operation on part time | 602 | 55.00 |
| Days idze | 33.44 |  |
| Hours worked by wagemearners per day or shift | 3,246 | 8.52 |
| Hours worked by wage-earners per week | 824 | 45.78 |

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Other Imployment Statistics - Contld.

Table $5(b)$. Nage-eamers, by months, 1928.


The number and percentage of wage-earners in months of highest employment working specified hours per day is shorn in Table 5(c) for Canada and the provinces. For the Dominion, the number morking specified hours was distributed between the classes, the percentage working 8 hours being highest. In Ontario and Nova Scotia over 80 per cent of the employees worked 8 hours per day, whilst in 0rokea. a similar percentage morked 9 hours. Approximately 6 per cent of the wage-eamers in the Iominion worked 10 hours per day.

Table $5(\mathrm{c})$. Hours morked by wase-eamers in month of highest
emoloyment, 1928.
Provinces

CAIVADA
Ontario
quebec
Nova Scotia


The number of hours worked per day in the month of highest employment and the standard worling hours per meek are shown by provinces in Table $5(\mathrm{~d})$. It should be noted that whilst the statistics relating to hours of labour in columns 1, 2, and 3 are based on figures compiled for the montir of highest employment, those in columns 4 and 5 represent tle total and average of standard weel-ly nours of labour for the number of estaolisiments reporting to the Bureau, For this reason the relation ketween daily and meeny hours of labour is to some oxtent impaired. The average daily hours of lavour on the akove basis was for the Imminion 8.52, whilst the average standard weekly hours worked out at 45.78 por plant.

Table 5(d). Hours of labour per day and per week, 1928.

| Provinces | Total daily hours ard number of wageearmers in month of highest employment |  |  | Standard working hours per week |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Totel } \\ & \text { howrs } \end{aligned}$ | Total Nageearners | Average hours per day per wage-eamer | Motal | Average |
|  | No. | N10. | -10. | No. | No. |
| CATATA | 3,246 | 381 | 8.52 | 824 | 45.78 |
| Ortario | 1,530 | 199 | 8.20 | 176 | 44.00 |
| Quebec | 1,284 | 142 | 9.04 | 424 | 47.11 |
| Nova Scotia | 332 | 40 | 8.30 | 224 | 44.80 |



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## Materials Used

The quantity and cost value of all materials used is given by orovinces in Table 6 , for the calendar year 1928. The cost of materials in 1927 was $\$ 749,585$, whilst for the period covered by this report the amount was $\$ 825,524$ - an increase of $\$ 75,939$ over the two year period.

Table 6. Materials used by provinces, 1928.

|  |  | CANAD |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantity | cost Value | Quantity | Cost Value |
|  |  |  | \$ |  |  |
| Grey cotton | yds. | 888,547 | 102,545 | - | - |
| Sheeting | " | 230,300 | 78,200 | - | - |
| Duck and deninn | " | 59,406 | 14,068 | - |  |
| Cloth | " | 46,130 | 94,052 | 25,820 | 80,045 |
| Rubberized cloth | 1 | 269,521 | 217,644 | 167,566 | 142,647 |
| Cloth linings, trimings, etc. | - | 7,550 | 8,270 | 7,200 | 7.920 |
| Linseed oil | gals. | 29,651 | 26,100 | - |  |
| Other oils, colours, etc. | - | - | 21,298 | - | 6,434 |
| Thread, buttons, buckles, and fasteners | - | - | 27,919 | - | 3,562 |
| All other materials | - | - | 236,428 |  | 211,882 |
| Total | - | - | 826,524 | - | 452,490 |
|  |  | Ont | rio | Nov | cotia |
| Princtpal Materials |  | Quantity | Cost value | Quantity | Cost Value \$ |
| Grey cotton | yds. | 782,400 | 88,278 | 106,147 | 14,267 |
| Sheeting | 1 | 230,300 | 78,200 | - |  |
| Duck and denim | 11 | 10,459 | 2,571 | 48,947 | 11,497 |
| Cloth | " | 10,968 | 5,629 | 9,342 | 8,378 |
| Ruoberized cloth | " | 53,000 | 61,200 | 39,155 | 13.797 |
| Cloth linings, trimmins, etc. | - | 450 | 350 |  |  |
| Iinseed oil | gals. | 28,392 | 24,517 | 1,259 | 1,583 |
| Othar oils, colours, etc. | " | - | 12,999 | - | 1,865 |
| Thread, buttons, buckles and fasteners | - | - | 24,255 | - | 102 |
| All other materials | - | - | 18,540 | - | 6,006 |
| Total | - | - | 316,539 |  | 57,495 |

## Fuel Consumption

The quantity and cost value of all fuel consumed in the industry during the calendar year 1928 is shown in Table 7. The total expenditure for all fuel and electricity rose from $\$ 9,089$ in 1927 to $\$ 12,488$ in 1928 , an increase of $\$ 3,399$. Bituminous coal again occupies the first position mith \$9, 729, whilst anthracite coal follows next with $\$ 933$. The cost of electricity purchased was $\$ 1,576$ as compared with \$1,766 in 1927.

Table 7. Fuel consumption, 1928.

| Kinds of fuel | Unit of measure | Quantity | $\cos t$ Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bituminous coal | ton | 1,449 | 9,729 |
| Anthracite coal | , | 102 | 933 |
| Wood | cord | 1 | 5 |
| Gas | m.c.ft. | 291 | 245 |
| Other $\hat{\text { cuel }}$ | - | - | - |
| Electricity | - | - | 1,576 |
| Total fuel and electricity | - | - | 12,488 |

The power installed in the industry during the calendar year 1928 is given in Table $g$ by (a) classes of power, (b) number of units in each class and (c) horsepomer capacity according to manufacturers' rating.

Table 8. Power installation, 1928.

| Classes of porer | Number of units | Horse-power capacity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gas and gasoiine engines | 5 | 20 |
| Steam engines and turbines | 1 | 60 |
| Electric motors operated by purchased power | 16 | 33. |
| Total power used in manufacturing | 22 | 113 |
| Electric motors operated by power generated at the factory | 5 | 7 |
| Total electric motors | 21 | 40 |
| Total power installation | 27 | 120 |
| Boilers installed | 4 | 148 |

## Imports and Exports

The value of the various kinds of oiled and waterproof clothing imported into Canada for consumption during the calendar year 1928 will be found in Table 9 $\{$ ( $)$. The value of rubber clothing, the produce of Canada, exported during the same period is given in Table $9(b)$.

Table $9(a)$. Imports by countries, 1928.

| Articles imported | United <br> Kingdom | United <br> States | Other <br> Countries | Imports <br> Impor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clothing made waterprcofwith india rubber | 164,515 | 371,781 | 40,270 | 576,566 |
| Oiled clothing and oiled hats | 39,278 | 34,064 | 930 | 74,972 |
| Total | 204,493 | 405,845 | 41,200 | 651,538 |

Table 9(b). Exports by countries, 1928.

| Articles exported | United Kingdom | United <br> States | Other Countries | Total Exports |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clothing, rubber, inciuding waterproofed | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,273 \end{aligned}$ | $2,251$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ \\ & 25,335 \end{aligned}$ | $28,759$ |







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| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ | $\ddots$ |

OTGR AND WATHERROCR OTOTHING INLUSTRY IN CANADA, 1928.

## APPENDIX

## Zume engaraci in the manuranture of oilod and witerproof olothing

## Name

## WOVA SOOTIA

I. F. Creaser Co. Itd.
A. W. Hopkins
T. C. Nickerson

Zigar S. Wilson
Siverside Motor Co. Ltd.

## Aùress

La Have
Crowell's
Main St., Clarks Harbor
Crowell's
East La Have

## gumbe

U. Cohen

Fels, Ltd.
Glasgow Fubber Co. of Canada
J. Gedeon Houde

National Rubber Co. of Canada
T. Ardower \& CO.

The Samit Rubber CO. (Chas. Samit)
Toseph \& Seidman
Suprems Anincoat Nothing to.

4297 st. Lawrence Blvd., Montreal
92 Phillips Place Bldg., Montreal
530 St. Catherine 今it. E., Montreal
129 mue St. Dominique, Quebec
207 st. Catherine St. W., ikontreal
10 Ontario St. $\pi$. , Nontreal
1416 St. Urbain St., Montreal
520 st. Lawrence Blva., Montreal
209 Et. Gathorine E., Mcatroal

## SITARIO

Scythes \& CO. Itd.
Toronto Waterproof Mf. Co.
Tomer Canadian, Ltd.
Iurable Waterproofs, Itd.

128 Sterling Road, Toronto
49 ĩimcoe St., Toronto 2.
1149 Zing St. W., Toronto 2.
646 Adelaide W., Torortc 3.


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