CANADA
DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATLSTICS
CENSUS OF INDUSTRY

REPORT
on the
OILED \& WATERPROOF CLOTHING INDUSTRY in

CANADA
1929

Published by Authority of the Hon. H.H. Stevens, M.P., Minister of Trade and Commerce
. .

OTTAWA
1930

## MOTL. The tatistice published in the present

titement inelude only the atatistice of euch manufacturing eskalishonts an mak Oiled \& Waterproof Clothing as their principal product. Statistice relating to specifie producte are therefore not to be regarded at onprebentive, at products 11k, Oiled \& Faterproof Clothing are also found ss seondary producte of the Rubber goods industry.

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&. Z. Coots, \Xi.A., T.S.S. (#on.), Z.?.s.o.
\therefore. C. Nacmamon.
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Atbawa, setober, 1030. - Arenout is serewitn nresented on tile oilea aid watervroof clotias inhustry in Canada uuring t e caleacar yean lo 2. Gevorts were received fina 19 establisiracats anā were
 Ontirio 5.

## Principal Statistics

A sumary of the principal statistics oit the industry is fyen by provinces in Lajle 1.

Taible 1.- Erincinal Statistics, by Provirces, 129.

|  |  | CATALA | Quebec | Tova Scotia | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establismmats | $\because$ |  |  | 5 |  |
| Canital | + | 1,185,464 | 445,036 | 95,545 | 645,883 |
| Tm lorees on salaries Rale |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kale <br> Female | \%0. | 32 17 | . 5 | 3 | 8 |
| Salaries | \$ | 110,796 | 40,613 | 6,708 | 63,469 |
| Imoloyee on wases (average :0.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wale } \\ & \text { Zemale } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 . \\ & 30 . \end{aligned}$ |  | 35 | 10 | 49 88 |
| Trages | \$ | 284.495 | 131,757 | 15,470 | 135,258 |
| Outside Fiece morkers - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vale | \%0. | - | - | - |  |
| Fenale | 20. | 16 | - | 16 | - |
| Amount daid | \$ | 1,528 |  | 1,528 |  |
| Cost ot fuel and electricity | \$ | 3,556 | 1,112 | 1,207 | 6,337 |
| Power ernyloyed - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Units | \%o. | 25 | c | 2 | 15 |
| Capacity | こ.F. | 173 | 16 | 5 | 152 |
| Cost of materials | \$ | 706,706 | 296,453 | 58.673 | 351.540 |
| Gross value of products | \$ | 1,354,314 | $57+05$ | 101,873 | 677.535 |
| Tet value of products | \$ | 647,508 | 278, 412 | 43,200 | 325,996 |

## Production

E. Cuantity and value of the princinal products of the industry is shown by rovinces in fable 2 for the calendar jear $132 G$. The total value al all products in l928 was $17,724,394$, winilst the anount reported ior the periou coverod by tiils report was $\$ 1,354,314$, a decrease of $\$ 370,080$ or 21.40 per cent.

Ta.bIe 2. - Production by Provinces, 1929.


## Size of Istablishment

In view of the tendency tomards concentration in industricl enterprise, a series of taoles has been prepared presenting in a threefold way the size of establishments in the oiled and materproof clothing industry, measured by (a) capital investment, (b) Emoss value of production and (c) the number of persons employed, all witinir certain srecified groups or limitations, for the calendar years 1928 and 1923. The tables further indicate the movement of capital, production and employment mithin the industry.

In 128 the number of establishments reporting was 18 witi a total capital investment of $\$ 1,238,488$, a gross value of production of $\$ 1,724,394$ and a total empioyment of 359. Seven establishments had a capital investment of $\$ 1,108,741$ or 89.5 per cent of the total capital investment and an average investment per establishment of $\$ 150,392$.

Five establishments had a gross value of production of $\$ 1,206,532$ or 70 per cent of tho total value of production, and an average output per establishment of $\$ 241,306$. In employment 6 estcollshments had 266 persons on the pay-roll or 74.1 per cent of the total ermoloyment and an average of 44 per establishment.

In 1929 tine number of establisments reporting was 19 with a total capital investment of $\$ 1,186,464$, a gross value of production of $\$ 1,354,314$ and a total employment of 328. Seven establisiments had a capital investment of $\$ 1,042,406$ or 87.9 per cent of the total cepital investment and an average investment per est:ablishment of $\$ 148,915$.

Eight establishments had a gross value of production of $\$ 1,157,520$ or 85.5 per cent of the total value of production, and an average output per establishment of $\$ 144.690$. In employment 7 establishments had 253 persons on the pay-roll or 77.1 per cent of the total employment and an average of 36 per establishment.

|  | 1929 |  |  | 1928 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sstab- } \\ & \text { lish- } \\ & \text { ments } \end{aligned}$ | Canital <br> invested | Average capital per estabIishment | Estab-1ishmenis | Capital <br> invested | Average capitel <br> per estab- <br> iishment |
|  | N0. | \$ | \$ | \%0. | \$ | \$ |
| Under \$50,000 | 12 | 144,058 | 12,005 | 11 | 129, 747 | 11,795 |
| \$50,000 to under \$ 100,000 | 3 | 196,906 | 65,635 | 4 | 294,904 | 73,725 |
| \$100,000 to under \$200,000 | 3 | 452,314 | 150,771 | 2 | 370,318 | 185,159 |
| \$200,000 to under \$500,000 | 1 | 393,186 | 393,186 | 1 | 443.519 | 443.519 |
| Total | 19 | 1,185,464 | 62,146 | 18 | 1,238,488 | 68,805 |

Production

|  | 1929 |  |  | 1928 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Estab-lishments | Gros s value of production | Average value of production jer estabiishment | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ist } b-1 \\ & \text { lish- } \\ & \text { ments } \end{aligned}$ | Gross <br> value of production p | Averaese <br> vilue of production per establishment |
|  | T0. | \$ | \$ | 270. | \$ | \$ |
| Thder \$50,000 | 11 | 196,794, | 17.890 | 8 | $137.329$ | 17,156 |
| \$50,000 to under \$ 100,000 | , | 296,171 | 74,043 | 5 | 280,533 | 56,107 |
| \$100,000 to under \$200,000 | 1 | 170,572 | 170,572 |  | 255,179. | 127.589 |
| \$200,000 to under \$500,000 | 3 | 690,777, | 230,259 | 3 | 951.353 | 317.118 |
| 2otal | 19 | 1,354,314 | 71,230 | 13 | 1,724,394 | 95,753 |

Imployees

|  | 1929 |  |  | 1928 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Estab- } \\ & \text { lis:- } \\ & \text { ments } \end{aligned}$ | Total employee | Average employees ner estabIishment | コstrab-lisiments | Iotal <br> employees | Averase employees per estab1) sliment |
| Inder 20 employees <br> 20 to under 50 <br> 50 to under 200 | $\begin{gathered} 12 . \\ 12 \\ 6 \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 70 . \\ 170 \\ 173 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 170 \\ & 6 \\ & 28 \\ & 83 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 12 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 90 \\ 15 \frac{3}{3} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70 . \\ & 81 \\ & 31 \\ & \cdots \end{aligned}$ |
| 100 to under 200 Total | -19 | - 228 | 17 | 18 |  | $\frac{113}{20}$ |

## Capital Investment

The amourt of capital employed in the industry during the calendar year lozg is Elvan by provinces in Table 3. The total capitaliation foll from $\$ 1,238,488$ in 1928 to $\$ 1,186,464$ in 1920 , a decrease of $\$ 52,024$ over the two year reviod. To the total. capital umestment the province of Ontario contributed $\$ 645,883$ or 54.4 per cent, winilst Quebec accounted for $\$ 445,036$ or 37.5 per cent, llova Scotia beirg responsible for the balance of $\$ 95.545$ or 8.1 per cent.

Table 3.- Capital emrloyed by provinces, 1929.

| Province | Eixed Capital | Torking Carital |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { Capital } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Land, buildings, machinery and tools | Materials on hand, stocks in process, etc. | Casin, trading and operating accounts, etc. |  |
| CAINA DA | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 425.856 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 589.722 \end{gathered}$ | $170,886$ | $1,186,404$ |
| Ontario | 294. 518 | 313,163 | 38,202 | 645,883 |
| Quebec | 98,901 | 237,074 | 109,061 | 445,036 |
| Nova Scotia | 32,437 | 39.485 | 23,623 | 95,545 |

## Employees, Salaries and Tages

The number of persons employed in the industry during the calendar year 1929 is given in Table 4 by (a) classes of employment, (b) sex and (c) salary and wage parments. The total number of employees rose from 367 in 1927 to 372 in 1928 but fell to 344 in 1929, a decrease of 23 in the 3 year period. There was also a corlesponding decrease in the total payroll, the amount paid in 1928 being $\$ 428,433$, whilst the amount reported for 1929 was $\$ 396,819$, a decrease of $\$ 31,514$ during the two year period.

Table 4.- Employees, salaries and wages, 1929.

| Classes of employment | Male | Female |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | | Salaries and <br> Tages |
| :---: |
| Employees on salaries |
| Mmplayees on wages (average number) |
| Outside piece worlecs |
| Total |

## Other Implorment St-tistics.

The number of days the factories were in operation durine the calendar year 192 ? together witin the number of hours per day or shift and per week normally worked by warecarners will be found in Table 5(a). The number of wage-earmers employed durins the same period is given by sex and by montis in Table 5(b). Employment reached its maximum in April and May with 292 and 296 respectively, whilst the minimam number reonrted was 205 in the month of December.

Table 5(a).- Daus in operetion and hours worled, 1929.
Establishments reporting

Days in operation on full time
Days in operation on part time
Days idle
Fours worked by wage-earners per day or sinift

|  | 19 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total | Average per <br> establisiment |
| 3,883 | 204.37 |
| 1,369 | 72.05 |
| 524 | 27.58 |
| 158 | 8.32 |
| 860 | 45.26 |



The number and percentage of wage-earners in months of highest er.jloyment por:ing specified hours per day is shown in Table 5(c) for Canacia and the provinces. Zor the Dominion, the number borking specified hours was distributed between tia classes, the percentage worling 8 hours being hichest. In Ontario and Nove Scotia over 75 par cent of the employees worked 8 hours per day, Fhilst in Quebec, a percentase of 71.53 rorked 9 hours. Approximatelj 6 per cent of the wage-eamers in the Jominion worlied 10 hours per day.

Table 5 (c).- Eours worled by wase-earmers in month of higrest employmont, 1029.

| Provinces | Tace-eamers in month of hinest employment worviae per day of |  |  |  | Percent ge of Wago-carners wortin per day of |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 hours <br> or less | $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | 10 hours | Over 10 nours | 8 hours or less | hours | $\begin{gathered} 10 \\ 100 r s \end{gathered}$ | $\text { orer } 10$ |
|  | No. | $\%$ \% | No. | 30. | Jo. | \%o. | 90. | \$n. |
| CAIADA | 189 | 725 | 20 | - | 56.58 | 37. +2 | 6.00 | - |
| Ontario | 132 | 22 | 1 | - | 85.16 | 14.19 |  | - |
| quebec | 30 | 103 | 11 | - | 20.83 | 71.53 | 7.64 | - |
| Sova Scotia | 27 | - | 8 | - | 77.14 | - | 22.86 | - |

The number of hours worked per day in the montia of hifiust employment and the standara working hours per weok are shom by provinces in Table 5(a). It should be noted that whilst the statistics relatin to hours of labour in columns 1,2 and 3 are based on figures compiled for the montil of highest emplowment. tiose in colums 4 and 5 represent the totol end averese of standard weekly hours of labour for the mubcr of establishments reporting to tiae Jurcau. For this reason the relation betreen daily and weekly hours of labour is to some extent impaired. The averace caily hours of labour on tho above basis was for the Dominion 8.5, whilst the averege stendard woelyy houns worked out at 45.26 per plant.

Table 5(d)...تours of Labour per day and per week, 1929.
Total crily hours and number of wage $\quad$ Stanciad woring
earners in monta of higlest employment hours oer weak
Provinces

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fotal } \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | Fotal Taseearners | per day per 7ase-eamer | Totel | Averrese |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\therefore 0$. | 20. | 270 | $\bigcirc 0$. | \%0. |
| CARADA | 2,837 | 334 | 8.50 | 860 | 5.25 |
| Ontario | 1,254 | 155 | 8.26 | 220 | 44.00 |
| Quebec | 1,277 | 144 | 8.87 | 416 | 45.22 |
| Cova Scotia | 205 | 35 | 3.46 | 22.4 | 4.80 |

## Haterials Jsed.

The mantity and cost value of all materials used is siven bu provinces in mole e, Cor tho calendar year 132?. The cost of materis?s in $192 马$ mas $\$ 226,522$, whilst or the period covored by this ienort the amount wes $\$ 705,705, \ldots$ docrease of $\$ 119,818$ Jwer the two feer puriod or 14.5 per cent.

Table 6.- Vajerials used by orovincus, 1929.

| Princinal Materials |  | CAIADA |  | quebec |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantity | Cost Valze | Quantity | Cost V-1uc |
|  |  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| Grey cotton | Jds. | 775,457 | 210,324 | - | - |
| Sheeting | 11 | 10,016 | 3,822 | - | - |
| Duck and donim | 11 | 48,163 | 10,360 | - |  |
| Cloth | " | 19,246 | 15.987 | 12,000 | 13,600 |
| Taterproof cloth | " | 230,375 | 220,749 | 111,095 | 115,732 |
| Rubberizea clotin, etc. | " |  | 129,429 | - | 129,429 |
| Cloth lininss, trimines, otc. | - | - | 6,992 | - | 6,500 |
| Linseed oil | gals. | 31,692 | 2.5,730 | - |  |
| Other olls, colours, etc. | - | - | 10,559 | - | 4,220 |
| Timead, buttons, buckies, and fasteners |  | - | 20,768 | - | 3,130 |
| All other maturicls | - | - | 51,976 | - | 23,282 |
| Total | - | - | 705,706 | - | 296,493 |
| Principal Yeterials |  |  |  | Yove 5 | otia |
|  |  | Quantity | Cost Value | Quantity | Cost Value |
|  |  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| Grey cotton | yds. | 665,921 | 190,438 | 109,536 | 13.696 |
| Sheeting | " |  | 19, | 10,016 | 3,022 |
| Duck and Denim | " | - | - | 48,153 | 10,360 |
| Clotir | " | 6,446 | 2,387 | - |  |
| Materorooi cloth | " | 82,225 | 85,002 | 37.055 | 19,015 |
| Subkerized cloth | 11 | - | - | - | - |
| Clotii linines, trimmines, etc. | - | - | 492 | - 17 | - |
| Linseed oil | zals. | 28,075 | 21,880 | 3,617 | 3.850 |
| Other oils, colours, etc. | " | , | 5,788 | - | 501 |
| Thread, buttons, buckles, and fasteners | - | - | 16,859 | - | 159 |
| All other materials | - | - | 21,694 | - | 7, 200 |
| Fotal | - | - | 351,540 | - | 58,673 |

## Fuel Consumption

The cuantity and cost value of all fuel consumed in the industry durine the calendar year 1929 is shown in Table 7. The total expenditurc for all fuel and electricity fell from $\$ 12,488$ in 1928 to $\$ 8,555$ in 1929, a cecrease or $\$ 3,832$. Bituminous coal again occupios tiae first osition with $\$ 6.198$, whilst anthracite coal follors mext with \$951. The cost of electricity purchasuc was \$033, as compared with \$1,575 in 1928.

Table 7.- Fuol Concarmtion, 1229.

| Kinds of fuel | Unit of Measure | Quantity | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cost } \\ & \text { Talize } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bituminous coal | +,0n | 003 | 6,198 |
| Antiracite coal | I | 103 | 951 |
| Fuel oil | Imp. Onl. | 4,500 | 42 |
| Gas | (1). c. it. | 1.09 | 97 |
| Other fucl | - |  |  |
| 31 ectricity | - | - | 933 |
| Intal fuel and alcetricitur | - | - | 8,655 |

## - 5 -

## Pover Instoliation.

 Zable 8 oy (a) classes of poror, (b) numour of units ith cacia class and (c) horso-powar cancity accordins to monvincturers asing.

| Classes of power | Number of units | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Zors-porror } \\ & \text { concit: } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ges and gasolino onines <br> Stoam enginos and turbinos <br> Blectric motors oprated by Durcinascd power | 214 | $\begin{array}{r} 60 \\ 113 \end{array}$ |
| Total pover uscz in manacturine | 25 | 173 |
| Electric motors owereded by power enenereted at the fiactory | 5 | 7 |
| Total eluctric motors | 29 | 120 |
| Totel power installation | 30 | 130 |
| 3oileas installod | 6 | 453 |

## Irmoorts and Exoorts

The value of the verious zinks of oilod and water roof clothing importok into Conode for consumtion during tho colondar your 1920 will be found in toble g(0). Ehe volue of muber clotining, the produce of Canda, exportod jurins the samo rocriod is siven in Fablo $3(\mathrm{~b})$.

| Articles imported | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Trited } \\ & \text { Kingaiom } \end{aligned}$ | onitat States | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { Countries } \end{aligned}$ | -0ちal <br> In orts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | \$ | \% | \$ |
| Clothine made watorproof wit. India rubber Oiled clothing and oiled hats | $\begin{array}{r} 131,095 \\ 7,770 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 383,38 \\ 15,420 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,963 \\ 160 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 621,+20 \\ 23,356 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 198,805 | 308,74 | 47,123 | 644,776 |

Table (b).- Exports by countries, 19?.

|  | Mable |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## AFPEMDIX

Firms engaced in the manu*eture of oiled and wataroroof clotiong

## Name

Address

3:OVA SCOIIA
J. F. Creaser Co. Ltc.
A. Fi. تiontins
T. C. Nickerson

Edsar S. Tilson
Riverside Notor Co. Lta.

La Yave
Crowell's
hain St., Clarles Farbor
Cromell's
East La Eave

## QUSBEC

i. Cohen

Fels Ltd.
Glasgow Rubber Co. of Canada
J. Gedeon Foude

National Rubber Co. Of Canada
T. Ordower \& Co.

The Samit Rubber Co. (Chas. Samit)
Josepí \& Seidman
Tie Supreme Raincoat Co.

4297 St. Lawrence 31va., Kontreal 92 Phillips Place 3ldg., Noitreal 530 St. Catilerine St. 玉., Montreal 129 rue St . Doninique, quebec
307 St. Catiierine St. T., Kontreal
10 Ontario St. Ti?., Nontjeal
1416 St. Urbair St., Montreal
Room 500, 10 Ontario St. T., Montreal
209 St. Caznerine St. E., Montreal

OKMARIO

Scytizes \& Co. Lta.
Foronto Faterproof Mfe. Co.
Tower Canadian, Ltd.
Durable Tateroroofs, Itċ.
Burmack Taterproofing Co.
$12 \%$ Sterling Rona, Toronto 49 Simcoe St. , Moronto 2.
1149 King St. T., Toronto 2
546 Adelaide St. T., Maronto 3
100 ivnroe St., Toronto.
$\qquad$ 000 $\qquad$

