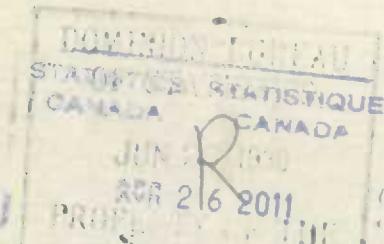


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CANADA

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

FOREST PRODUCTS BRANCH

## LUMBER DISTRIBUTION & CONSUMPTION

in

CANADA

and the

UNITED STATES

1928

Published by Authority of the Hon. James Malcolm, M.P.

Minister of Trade and Commerce

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OTTAWA

1930

the Prairie Provinces by rail. The dividing line between the territory supplied via the Canal and that supplied by westbound rail shipments is not clearly defined and is tending to move westward. Lumber is shipped from the Maritime Provinces as far west as Manitoba and from Quebec to every province in the Dominion. Ontario's shipments extend from Nova Scotia to Saskatchewan but shipments from the Prairie Provinces are largely confined to the provinces themselves.

British Columbia lumber shipments are made up entirely of softwoods and are distributed as mentioned above to every province in the Dominion. In the case of the other provinces there is less interprovincial traffic, shipments seldom going beyond adjacent provinces.

In the case of hardwoods there is little or no interprovincial distribution from the provinces west of the Great Lakes. Hardwood is shipped from New Brunswick as far west as Ontario and from Quebec to every other province in the Dominion but in all other provinces hardwood lumber is either consumed locally, shipped to adjacent provinces or exported.

Tables 5, 6 and 7 show the estimated distribution of Canadian exports among some fourteen different countries and groups of countries. The United States took 71 per cent of the total, Japan 10 per cent and the United Kingdom 10 per cent with smaller proportions going to Australia, South Africa and the British West Indies. Most of these exports consist of softwood lumber, small quantities of hardwoods going to the United States and the United Kingdom. British Columbia is the principal exporting province supplying practically all the exports destined to Japan, China, Australasia and other Pacific countries as well as supplying the bulk of the shipments to the United States. Quebec is the next most important exporting province shipping most of its lumber to the United States with Ontario third. Nova Scotia is the most important exporter to the United Kingdom.

Tables 8, 9 and 10 show the distribution by states and regions of the Canadian lumber shipped to the United States. The northeastern group of states took over 72 per cent of the total and of this quantity about a third came from British Columbia, mostly via the Panama Canal and about a third from Quebec. The Lake States are also large importers of Canadian lumber taking about ten per cent of the total imports and drawing their supplies largely from British Columbia and Ontario.

New York was the most important individual importing state with Massachusetts second and New Jersey third. While these states are important consuming centres a great part of the material they import is no doubt redistributed to neighboring states and the figures for regional distribution can be accepted as a more accurate estimate of final destination.

Of the total exports to the United States, British Columbia supplied 45 per cent, Quebec 25 per cent, Ontario 15 per cent, New Brunswick 7 per cent, Nova Scotia 4 and the Prairie Provinces 3 per cent. British Columbia shipped lumber to almost every state in the Union supplying the bulk of the exports to each region including the central and southern groups and those on the Atlantic Seaboard. Ontario and Quebec confined their exports to the Northeastern, Central and Lake States while the Maritime Provinces shipped almost altogether to the Northeastern States. Most of the lumber exported to the United States is softwood, the hardwoods being much more plentiful in that country than in Canada. The comparatively small quantity of hardwood lumber produced in British Columbia is not exported from that province, most of the exports coming from Quebec and Ontario and going to the Northeastern States.

Tables 11, 12 and 13 show the distribution of American lumber among the Canadian provinces. As would be expected from the nature of the available supplies of timber in the two countries these imports are mostly of hardwoods. Of the total imports the bulk is distributed in or through Ontario, Canada's most important wood-consuming province. Quebec comes second and Manitoba which is rapidly becoming an industrial province, third. Ontario's supply of American softwood lumber comes mostly from the Southern and Lake States and her hardwood from the central and southern groups. Quebec draws her supplies from similar sources but also used a considerable quantity of Pacific Coast softwood lumber, via Panama, and softwoods and hardwoods from the Northeastern States. The Maritime Provinces draw their softwood from the Northern Pacific States and import very little hardwood. The Prairie Provinces import softwood from the North Pacific States and hardwood from the Central and Southern States.

Tables 14-15 and 16 show the estimated apparent consumption of hardwood and softwood lumber in each of the Canadian provinces. The lumber secured within the provinces, secured from other Canadian provinces and imported from the United States and other countries is also shown. The figures were obtained by adding the estimated distribution from the various states and provinces and by assuming that imports from other countries,

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which are relatively important, were distributed in approximately the same proportions. The figures may be considered as fairly representative of actual conditions although much of the lumber so allocated to any one province is no doubt reshipped to others. The apparent consumption per capita based on the latest available estimate of Canada's population is also given.

Ontario leads in total consumption of all classes of lumber both of hardwood and softwood, with Quebec second. British Columbia, Canada's leading lumber producer with a comparatively small population leads in per capita consumption with 747 board feet. Alberta and Saskatchewan also with relatively small populations come second and third in this respect and Ontario with 322 feet comes fourth. This order is practically the same for softwood lumber consumption per capita but in hardwood consumption Ontario leads with 63 feet followed by Quebec, the Maritime Provinces and Manitoba. The per capita consumption for Canada as a whole was 317 feet for all classes of lumber including 282 feet of softwood and 35 feet of hardwood, as compared to a total of 280 feet, board measure for the United States made up of about 231 feet of softwoods and 48 feet of hardwoods.

Tables 17, 18 and 19 give similar information concerning lumber consumption in the United States. The industrial region, comprising sixteen states and the District of Columbia, lying north of the Potomac and the Ohio and east of the Mississippi consumed 47 per cent of the total. The Northeastern States used 25 per cent, the Central States 21 per cent, the Southern States 15 per cent, the Lake States 10 per cent, the Southern Pacific States 9 and the Northern Pacific States 8 per cent. The remainder was consumed in the Rocky Mountain and Prairie States.

The largest consumption was reported for the States of California, New York, Illinois, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Washington, Texas and Ohio in the order of importance named, all of which showed an apparent consumption of over a billion and a half feet of lumber. These states are in many instances important consumers but they are also distributing centres and no doubt redistributed a large part of the lumber shipped to them.

With regard to per capita consumption the Northern States with their enormous total production and comparatively small population, head the list. The largest apparent consumer is Washington with Oregon second,

Considering softwoods only, the Northeastern, Central and Southern States head the list but the Pacific States are more important than the Lake States.

In total hardwood consumption the Central, Northeastern and Lake States are most important with Michigan, Illinois and Pennsylvania heading the list of individual States. The higher apparent consumption of hardwoods per capita was in the Lake States as a region with the central group second but the highest single state was Tennessee with Michigan second.

The average consumption per capita for the United States as a whole was 280 board feet made up of about 231 feet of softwood and about 48 feet of hardwood as compared to a total for Canada of 317 feet made up of 282 feet of softwood and 35 feet of hardwood.

Copies of the report may be secured on application to the Dominion Statistician, Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa, Canada.

TABLE 1. - TOTAL DISTRIBUTION OF CANADIAN LUMBER, 1928.

(In thousands of feet, board measure)

Provinces of origin	Distributed from mills cutting over 200 M ft.b.m. per annum	Distributed from mills cutting less than 200 M ft. b.m.	Total Distribution from all mills	Total Exports	Total Distribution in Canada
TOTAL - HARDWOODS AND SOFTWOODS					
<i>From -</i>					
Prince Edward Island	1,352	3,442	4,794	-	4,794
Nova Scotia	200,477	12,883	213,360	131,965	81,395
New Brunswick	282,520	5,107	287,627	136,632	150,945
Quebec	698,189	52,333	750,522	366,597	383,925
Ontario	835,624	44,064	879,688	213,987	665,701
Manitoba	88,284	992	89,276	33,316	55,960
Saskatchewan	10,012	14,164	24,176	334	23,842
Alberta	114,217	1,618	115,835	1,034	114,801
British Columbia	2,287,607	9,354	2,296,961	1,004,764	1,292,197
CANADA	4,518,282	143,957	4,662,239	1,888,679	2,773,560
TOTAL - SOFTWOODS ONLY					
<i>From -</i>					
Prince Edward Island	1,319	2,935	4,254	-	4,254
Nova Scotia	182,435	12,810	195,245	125,158	70,087
New Brunswick	260,558	4,936	265,494	125,490	140,004
Quebec	633,652	39,904	673,556	347,849	325,707
Ontario	725,236	25,181	750,417	187,287	563,130
Manitoba	88,284	873	89,157	33,316	55,841
Saskatchewan	10,012	13,967	23,979	334	23,645
Alberta	111,587	1,527	113,114	1,034	112,080
British Columbia	2,287,599	9,341	2,296,945	1,004,764	1,292,176
CANADA	4,300,682	111,474	4,412,156	1,825,232	2,586,924

TABLE 1. - TOTAL DISTRIBUTION OF CANADIAN LUMBER, 1928 -(Con.)

(In thousands of feet, board measure)

Provinces of Origin	Distributed from mills cutting over 200 M feet.b.m. per annum.	Distributed from mills cutting less than 200 M ft. b.m.	Total Distribution from all mills	Total Exports	Total Distribution in Canada
TOTAL HARDWOODS ONLY					
From -					
Prince Edward Island	33	507	540	-	540
Nova Scotia	18,042	73	18,115	6,807	11,308
New Brunswick	21,962	171	22,133	11,192	10,941
Quebec	64,537	12,429	76,966	18,748	58,218
Ontario	110,388	18,883	129,271	26,700	102,571
Manitoba	-	119	119	-	119
Saskatchewan	-	197	197	-	197
Alberta	2,630	91	2,721	-	2,721
British Columbia	8	13	21	-	21
CANADA	217,600	32,483	250,083	63,447	186,636

TABLE 2. - TOTAL INTERPROVINCIAL DISTRIBUTION OF CANADIAN LUMBER, 1928.  
(To first destination only, redistribution not shown)

Destination	From - Provinces of origin								2/ Total for Canada	
	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Sas- katchewan	Alberta	British Columbia	
M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.
<b>To -</b>										
Prince Edward Is.	1/ 4,794	1/ 303	2,497	522	-	-	-	-	93	8,209
Nova Scotia	-	66,885	653	168	787	-	-	5	5,616	73,909
New Brunswick	-	2,003	1/ 66,738	2,070	243	-	-	-	2,931	73,985
Quebec	-	4,254	68,181	1/ 288,182	67,651	-	-	-	76,427	504,695
Ontario	-	8,150	12,720	88,302	1/ 582,363	4,661	-	1,462	145,088	843,546
Manitoba	-	-	156	1,331	12,267	1/ 22,425	1,273	936	144,322	182,710
Saskatchewan	-	-	-	1,901	2,390	28,874	1/ 22,531	4,670	287,021	347,387
Alberta	-	-	-	1,140	-	-	38	1/ 107,733	197,087	305,998
British Columbia	-	-	-	3,309	-	-	-	-	1/ 432,812	433,121
CANADA	4,794	81,395	150,945	383,925	665,701	55,960	23,842	114,801	1,292,197	2,773,560

1/ The quantities shown in each provincial column opposite the name of the same province represent the quantities originating in and remaining in that province.

2/ These totals represent the apparent consumption of Canadian lumber in each province. Compare with the figures in Column 1, Table 14.

TABLE 3. - INTERPROVINCIAL DISTRIBUTION OF CANADIAN SOFTWOOD LUMBER, 1928.

(To first destination only, redistribution not shown)

Destination	From Province of Origin										2/ Total for Canada
	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Sas- katchewan	Alberta	British Columbia		
	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	
<b>To-</b>											
Prince Edward Is.	1/ 4,254	1/ 303	2,497	522	--	-	-	-	93	7,669	
Nova Scotia	-	55,914	463	168	787	-	-	-	5,616	62,948	
New Brunswick	-	1,466	1/ 57,604	1/ 592	243	-	-	-	2,931	62,836	
Quebec	-	4,254	67,108	240,619	1/ 59,429	-	-	-	76,427	447,837	
Ontario	-	8,150	12,176	83,806	488,014	4,661	-	1,462	145,888	744,157	
Manitoba	-	-	156	-	12,267	1/ 22,306	1,273	936	144,322	181,260	
Saskatchewan	-	-	-	-	2,390	28,874	1/ 22,334	4,670	287,021	345,289	
Alberta	-	-	-	-	-	-	38	1/105,012	197,087	302,137	
British Columbia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/432,791	432,791	
CANADA	4,254	70,087	140,004	325,707	563,130	55,841	23,645	112,080	1,292,176	2,586,924	

1/ The quantities shown in each provincial column opposite the name of the same province represent the quantities originating in and remaining in that province.

2/ These totals represent the apparent consumption of Canadian lumber in each province. Compare with the figures in column 1, Table 15.

TABLE 4. - INTERPROVINCIAL DISTRIBUTION OF CANADIAN HARDWOOD LUMBER, 1928

(To first destination only; redistribution not shown)

Destination	From Provinces of Origin									2/ Total For Canada
	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Sas- katchewan	Alberta	British Columbia	
	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.
To-										
Prince Edward Is.	1/ 540	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	540
Nova Scotia	-	1/10,771	190	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,961
New Brunswick	-	537	1/ 9,134	1,478	-	-	-	-	-	11,149
Quebec	-	-	1,073	1/ 47,563	8,222	-	-	-	-	56,858 <sup>1</sup>
Ontario	-	-	544	4,496	1/94,349	-	-	-	-	99,389 <sup>1</sup>
Manitoba	-	-	-	1,331	-	1/ 119	-	-	-	1,450
Saskatchewan	-	-	-	1,901	-	-	1/ 197	-	-	2,098
Alberta	-	-	-	1,140	-	-	-	1/2,721	-	3,861
British Columbia	-	-	-	309	-	-	-	-	1/ 21	330
CANADA	540	11,308	10,941	58,218	102,571	119	197	2,721	21	186,636

1/ The quantities shown in each provincial column opposite the name of the same province represent the quantities originating in and remaining in that province

2/ These totals represent the apparent total consumption of Canadian lumber in each province. Compare with the figure in column 1, Table 16.

TABLE 5. - TOTAL LUMBER EXPORTED FROM CANADA, 1928.

( In thousands of feet, board measure)

Destination	From Province of Origin								Total Exports
	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	
To-									
United States	57,749	100,717	340,567	204,007	33,316	334	1,034	610,885	1,348,609
Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 61	61
Central America	2,982	-	-	203	-	-	-	2,121	5,306
South America	-	-	-	384	-	-	-	5,655	6,039
Newfoundland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,207	1,207
British West Indies	1,252	186	338	1,504	-	-	-	8,392	11,672
United Kingdom	65,226	35,779	24,587	7,655	-	-	-	55,408	188,655
Other Europe	681	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,785	8,466
Japan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	197,402	197,402
China	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,102	32,102
Australasia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	65,242	65,242
Phillipine Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70	70
Africa	4,075	-	-	180	-	-	-	14,279	118,534
All other countries	-	-	1,105	54	-	-	-	4,155	5,314
TOTAL EXPORTS	131,965	136,682	366,597	213,987	33,316	334	1,034	1,004,764	1,888,679

To first destination only, redistribution not shown

TABLE 6. - SOFTWOOD LUMBER EXPORTED FROM CANADA, 1928  
 (In thousands of feet, board measure)

Destination	From Province of origin								Total Exports
	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	
To-									
United States	55,413	93,932	325,070	177,307	33,316	334	1,034	610,885	1,297,291
Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61	61
Central America	2,982	-	-	203	-	-	-	2,121	5,306
South America	-	-	-	384	-	-	-	5,655	6,039
Newfoundland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,207	1,207
British West Indies	1,252	186	-338	1,504	-	-	-	8,392	11,672
United Kingdom	60,755	31,372	21,336	7,655	-	-	-	55,408	176,526
Other Europe	681	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,785	8,466
Japan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	197,402	197,402
China	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,102	32,102
Australasia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	65,242	65,242
Phillipine Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70	70
Africa	4,075	-	-	180	-	-	-	14,279	18,534
All other countries	-	-	1,105	54	-	-	-	4,155	5,314
TOTAL EXPORTS	125,158	125,490	347,849	187,287	33,316	334	1,034	1,004,764	1,825,232

To first destination only, redistribution not shown.

TABLE 7. - HARDWOOD LUMBER EXPORTED FROM CANADA, 1928

(In thousands of feet, board measure)

Destination	From Province of Origin								Total Exports
	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Sas- katchewan	Alberta	British Columbia	
To -									
United States	2,336	6,785	15,497	26,700	-	-	-	-	51,318
United Kingdom	4,471	4,407	3,251	-	-	-	-	-	12,129
TOTAL EXPORTS	6,807	11,192	18,748	26,700	-	-	-	-	63,447

To first destination only, redistribution not shown.

TABLE 8. - TOTAL LUMBER EXPORTED FROM CANADA TO THE STATES OF THE UNITED STATES, 1923.  
(In thousands of feet board measure)

Destination (Regions and States)	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	From Source (Provinces)				Total	
				Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	All Provinces
To- Northeastern States	56,258	98,795	334,971	99,418	16,414	-	1,034	367,984	974,874
Connecticut	1,739	6,340	18,994	1,255	613	-	-	4,733	33,674
Delaware	-	-	-	183	-	-	-	59	242
Maine	-	21,049	7,254	673	-	-	-	358	29,334
Maryland	-	-	-	120	129	-	-	6,316	6,565
Massachusetts	48,024	39,148	60,794	2,915	1,796	-	-	41,236	193,913
New Hampshire	-	5,972	15,277	532	-	-	-	4,979	26,760
New Jersey	-	749	32,745	5,425	2,330	-	-	115,060	156,309
New York	6,495	17,971	172,204	79,373	8,874	-	1,034	176,124	462,075
Pennsylvania	-	1,076	3,495	5,358	2,372	-	-	18,044	30,345
Rhode Island	-	2,308	4,868	61	58	-	-	233	7,528
Vermont	-	4,182	19,340	3,523	242	-	-	842	28,129
Central States	-	228	489	53,659	12,179	223	-	76,378	143,156
Illinois	-	-	84	31,815	5,885	223	-	44,685	82,693
Indiana	-	-	64	263	458	-	-	4,550	5,335
Kentucky	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	30
Missouri	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,016	3,016
Ohio	-	228	295	21,458	5,809	-	-	22,800	50,590
Virginia	-	-	46	123	27	-	-	1,297	1,493
Southern States	-	-	-	31	-	-	-	4,485	4,516
Alabama	-	-	-	31	-	-	-	-	31
Louisiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	40
Mississippi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	307	307
Oklahoma	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,954	2,954
Texas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,184	1,184
Scutheastern States	-	-	-	38	-	-	-	-	30
North Carolina	-	-	-	38	-	-	-	-	38

TABLE 8. - TOTAL LUMBER EXPORTED FROM CANADA TO THE STATES OF THE UNITED STATES, 1926 (Con.)  
(In thousands of feet board measure)

Destination (Regions and States)	From Source (Provinces)								Total All Provinces
	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	
To -									
Lake States	-	847	5,107	50,691	4,664	111	-	67,117	128,537
Michigan	-	847	5,107	46,234	3,439	84	-	24,572	80,283
Minnesota	-	-	-	248	528	27	-	23,875	24,678
Wisconsin	-	-	-	4,209	697	-	-	18,670	23,576
North Pacific States	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,216	6,216
Washington	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,078	6,078
Oregon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	138	138
South Pacific States	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,563	34,563
California	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,563	34,563
North Rocky Mtn. States	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	883	883
Idaho	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	725	725
Montana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	158	158
South Rocky Mtn. States	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	671	671
Colorado	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	671	671
Prairie States	-	-	-	170	59	-	-	47,178	47,407
Iowa	-	-	-	170	59	-	-	25,176	25,405
Kansas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,356	1,356
Nebraska	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,920	6,920
North Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,624	4,624
South Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,102	9,102
Unspecified	1,491	847	-	-	-	-	-	5,410	7,748
TOTAL, UNITED STATES	57,749	100,717	340,567	204,007	33,317	334	1,034	610,885	1,340,609

To first destination only, redistribution not shown.

TABLE 9. - SOFTWOOD LUMBER EXPORTED FROM CANADA TO STATES OF THE UNITED STATES, 1928  
 (In thousands of feet, board measure)

Destination (Regions and States)	From Source (Provinces)								Total All Provinces
	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Sask- atchewan	Alberta	British Columbia	
To -									
Northeastern States	53,912	92,889	320,096	93,171	16,414	-	1,034	367,984	945,510
Connecticut	1,739	6,122	17,122	1,255	613	-	-	4,733	31,584
Delaware	-	-	-	183	-	-	-	59	242
Maine	-	20,862	7,145	673	-	-	-	358	29,038
Maryland	-	-	-	120	129	-	-	6,316	6,565
Massachusetts	45,688	36,489	58,223	2,676	1,796	-	-	41,236	186,108
New Hampshire	-	5,307	13,946	460	-	-	-	4,979	24,692
New Jersey	-	749	30,944	5,233	2,330	-	-	115,060	154,316
New York	6,495	16,853	166,216	75,772	8,874	-	1,034	176,124	451,368
Pennsylvania	-	107	2,758	3,275	2,372	-	-	18,044	26,556
Rhode Island	-	2,308	4,868	61	58	-	-	233	7,528
Vermont	-	4,092	10,874	3,463	242	-	-	842	27,513
Central States	-	-	380	48,388	12,179	223	-	76,378	137,548
Illinois	-	-	84	29,311	5,885	223	-	44,685	80,188
Indiana	-	-	64	166	458	-	-	4,550	5,238
Kentucky	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	30
Missouri	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,016	3,016
Ohio	-	-	186	18,788	5,809	-	-	22,800	47,583
Virginia	-	-	46	123	27	-	-	1,297	1,493
Southern States	-	-	-	31	-	-	-	4,485	4,516
Alabama	-	-	-	31	-	-	-	-	31
Louisiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	40
Mississippi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	307	307
Oklahoma	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,954	2,954
Texas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,184	1,184

TABLE S. - SOFTWOOD LUMBER EXPORTED FROM CANADA TO STATES OF THE UNITED STATES, 1926 (Con.)  
 (In thousands of feet, board measure)

Destination (Regions and States)	From Source (Provinces)								Total All Provinces
	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Sask- atchewan	Alberta	British Columbia	
To -									
Lake States	-	196	4,594	35,547	4,664	111	-	67,117	112,229
Michigan	-	196	4,594	31,090	3,439	84	-	24,572	63,975
Minnesota	-	-	-	248	528	27	-	23,875	24,678
Wisconsin	-	-	-	4,209	697	-	-	18,670	23,576
North Pacific States	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,216	6,216
Washington	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,078	6,078
Oregon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	138	138
South Pacific States	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,563	34,563
California	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,563	34,563
North Rocky Mtn. States	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	883	883
Idaho	--	-	-	-	-	-	-	725	725
Montana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	158	158
South Rocky Mtn. States	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	671	671
Colorado	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	671	671
Prairie States	-	-	-	170	59	-	-	41,178	47,407
Iowa	-	-	-	170	59	-	-	25,176	25,405
Kansas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,356	1,356
Nebraska	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,920	6,920
North Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,624	4,624
South Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,102	9,102
Unspecified	1,491	847	-	-	-	-	-	5,410	7,740
TOTAL	55,413	93,932	325,070	177,307	33,316	334	1,034	610,885	1,297,291

To first destination only; redistribution not shown.

TABLE 10 - HARDWOOD LUMBER EXPORTED FROM CANADA TO THE STATES OF THE UNITED STATES, 1928.  
(In thousands of feet, board measure)

Destination (States and regions)	From Source (Provinces)				Total All Provinces
	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	
To- Northeastern States	2,336	5,906	14,875	6,247	29,364
Connecticut	-	218	1,872	-	2,090
Maine	-	187	109	-	296
Massachusetts	2,336	2,659	2,571	239	7,805
New Hampshire	-	665	1,331	72	2,068
New Jersey	-	-	1,801	192	1,993
New York	-	1,118	5,988	3,601	10,707
Pennsylvania	-	969	737	2,083	3,789
Vermont	-	90	466	60	616
Central States	-	228	109	5,271	5,608
Illinois	-	-	-	2,504	2,504
Indiana	-	-	-	97	97
Ohio	-	228	109	2,670	3,007
Southeastern States	-	-	-	38	38
North Carolina	-	-	-	38	38
Lake States	-	651	513	15,144	16,308
Michigan	-	651	513	15,144	16,308
TOTAL	2,336	6,785	15,497	26,700	51,318

To first destination only, redistribution not shown.

TABLE II. - TOTAL LUMBER EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES TO PROVINCES OF CANADA, 1928. 1/  
(Thousand feet B.M.)

Source (Region and State)	Destination (Province) To								All Provinces
	Alberta	British Columbia	Manitoba	New Brunswick	Nova Scotia	Ontario	Quebec	Saskatchewan	
From -									
Northeastern:									
Maine	-	-	-	67	-	-	2,940	-	3,007
Massachusetts	-	-	474	-	-	-	5,700	-	6,174
New Hampshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,206	-	3,206
New York	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,663	-	4,663
Pennsylvania	-	-	-	-	-	849	61	-	910
TOTAL	-	-	474	67	-	849	16,570	-	17,960
Lake:									
Michigan	-	-	-	-	-	24,909	279	102	25,260
Minnesota	-	-	-	-	-	1,463	-	-	1,463
Wisconsin	199	-	757	-	-	6,092	1,539	-	8,587
TOTAL	199	-	757	-	-	32,464	1,818	102	35,340
Central:									
Illinois	-	-	-	-	-	260	-	-	260
Indiana	-	-	-	-	-	2,613	-	-	2,613
Kentucky	195	-	64	-	-	11,331	212	310	12,112
Missouri	-	-	47	-	-	3,452	54	-	3,506
Ohio	-	-	-	-	-	3,012	91	-	3,906
Tennessee	349	-	3,491	-	-	27,049	4,815	-	35,704
West Virginia	-	-	-	-	-	8,103	569	-	8,672
TOTAL	544	-	3,602	-	-	55,820	6,544	310	66,820
N. C. Pine:									
North Carolina	-	-	-	-	-	910	-	-	910
South Carolina	-	-	-	-	-	596	568	-	1,164
Virginia	-	-	65	-	-	1,676	730	-	2,471
TOTAL	-	-	65	-	-	3,162	1,298	-	4,545

TABLE 11. - TOTAL LUMBER EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES TO PROVINCES OF CANADA, 1928. 1/ - Con.  
(Thousand feet B.M.)

Source (Region and State)	Destination (Province) To								All Provinces	
	Alberta	British Columbia	Manitoba	New Brunswick	Nova Scotia	Ontario	Quebec	Saskatchewan		
<b>From -</b>										
Southern Pine:										
Alabama	-	-	-	-	-	37,713	695	-	38,408	
Arkansas	277	878	431	-	-	12,675	2,677	-	16,938	
Florida	-	-	-	-	-	1,887	7,274	-	9,161	
Georgia	-	-	-	-	-	5,123	5,896	-	11,019	
Louisiana	439	444	2,124	-	-	14,088	154	-	17,249	
Mississippi	-	371	1,235	-	104	20,190	855	-	22,755	
Texas	-	-	-	-	-	454	-	-	454	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>716</b>	<b>1,693</b>	<b>3,790</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>92,130</b>	<b>17,551</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>115,984</b>	
Pacific (North):										
Oregon	471	279	6,921	93	134	3,964	702	2,999	15,563	
Washington	2,641	458	1,082	15,890	-	877	188	2,701	23,837	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3,112</b>	<b>737</b>	<b>8,003</b>	<b>15,983</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>4,841</b>	<b>890</b>	<b>5,700</b>	<b>39,400</b>	
Pacific (South):										
California	-	-	-	-	24	3,535	766	-	4,325	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>3,535</b>	<b>766</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,325</b>	
Rocky Mtn. (North):										
Idaho	-	-	-	-	-	754	-	-	754	
Montana	398	-	150	-	-	598	-	-	1,146	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,352</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,900</b>	

TABLE II. - TOTAL LUMBER EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES TO PROVINCES OF CANADA, 1928. 1/ (Con.)  
 (Thousand feet B.M.).

Source (Region and State)	Destination (Province)								All Provinces
	To	Alberta	British Columbia	Manitoba	New Brunswick	Nova Scotia	Ontario	Quebec	
From -									
Rocky Mtn. (South):									
Arizona	-	-	-	-	-	166	-	-	166
New Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	306	28	-	334
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	472	28	-	500
Prairie:									
Kansas	-	-	-	-	-	1,000	-	-	1,000
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	1,000	-	-	1,000
ALL REGIONS	4,969	2,430	16,841	16,050	262	195,645	45,465	6,112	287,774

Forest Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture.

1/ An estimated distribution of boards, planks and scantlings, sawed timbers, ties and box shooks, reported as exported to Canada in Foreign Commerce and Navigation of the United States, 1928, (U. S. Department of Commerce).

Sources determined in part by species indications.

Remainder, and all destinations, governed by indications derived from reports of manufacturers.

TABLE I. SOFTWOOD LUMBER EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES TO PROVINCES OF CANADA, 1920: 1/  
(Thousand feet B.M.)

Source (Region and State)	Destination (Province) To							Destination (Province)		
	Alberta	British Columbia	Manitoba	New Brunswick	Nova Scotia	Ontario	British Columbia	Quebec	Saskatchewan	All Provinces
<b>From -</b>										
Northeastern:										
Maine	-	-	-	67	-	-	2,940	-	-	3,007
Pennsylvania	-	-	-	-	-	793	-	-	-	793
<b>TOTAL</b>	-	-	-	70	67	-	793	2,940	-	3,800
<b>Lake:</b>										
Michigan	-	-	-	Michigan	-	23,636	-	-	-	23,636
Minnesota	-	-	-	-	-	1,394	-	-	-	1,394
Wisconsin	-	-	-	-	-	1,330	-	90	-	1,420
<b>TOTAL</b>	-	-	-	-	-	26,360	-	90	-	26,450
<b>Central:</b>										
Tennessee	-	-	-	Tennessee	-	41	-	-	-	41
West Virginia	-	-	-	-	-	119	-	-	-	119
<b>TOTAL</b>	-	-	-	-	-	160	-	-	-	160
<b>N. C. Pine:</b>										
North Carolina	-	-	-	North Carolina	-	910	-	-	-	910
South Carolina	-	-	-	South Carolina	-	350	-	-	-	350
<b>TOTAL</b>	-	-	-	total	-	1,260	-	-	-	1,260
<b>Southern Pine:</b>										
Alabama	-	-	-	Alabama	-	33,633	-	-	-	33,643
Arkansas	-	-	-	Arkansas	-	400	72	-	-	472
Florida	-	-	-	Florida	-	1,887	7,274	-	-	9,161
Georgia	-	-	-	Georgia	-	1,423	225	-	-	1,648
Louisiana	-	68	22	Louisiana	-	10,601	154	-	-	10,865
Mississippi	-	-	-	Mississippi	104	4,763	470	-	-	5,337
Texas	-	-	-	Texas	-	153	-	-	-	153
<b>TOTAL</b>	-	68	22	total	104	52,870	8,195	-	-	61,279

TABLE 12. - SOFTWOOD LUMBER EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES TO PROVINCES OF CANADA, 1928 1/ Con.  
 (Thousand feet B.M.)

Source (Region and State)	Destination (Province)								Distribution (Provinces)
	To	Alberta	British Columbia	Manitoba	New Brunswick	Nova Scotia	Ontario	Quebec	Saskatchewan
From -									
Pacific (North):									
Oregon	471	279	6,921	93	134	3,964	702	2,999	15,563
Washington	2,641	458	1,082	15,890	-	877	188	2,701	23,837
TOTAL	3,112	737	8,003	15,983	134	4,841	890	5,700	39,400
Pacific (South):									
California	-	-	-	-	24	3,535	766	-	4,325
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	24	3,535	766	-	4,325
Rocky Mtn. (North):									
Idaho	-	-	-	-	-	754	-	-	754
Montana	398	-	150	-	-	598	-	-	1,146
TOTAL	398	-	150	-	-	1,352	-	-	1,900
Rocky Mtn. (South):									
Arizona	-	-	-	-	-	166	-	-	166
New Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	306	28	-	334
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	472	28	-	500
ALL REGIONS	3,510	825	8,175	16,050	262	91,643	12,909	5,700	139,074

Forest Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture.

An estimated distribution of boards, planks and scantlings, sawed timbers, ties and box shocks, reported as exported to Canada in Foreign Commerce and Navigation of the United States, 1926. (U.S. Department of Commerce).

Sources determined in part by species indications. Remainder, and all destinations, governed by indications derived from reports of manufacturers.

TABLE 13. - HARDWOOD LUMBER EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES TO PROVINCES OF CANADA, 1928 1/  
 (Thousand feet B.M.)

Source (Region and State)	Destination (Province)							All Provinces
	To	Alberta	British Columbia	Manitoba	Ontario	Quebec	Saskatchewan	
From -								
Northeastern:								
Massachusetts	-	-		474	-	5,700	-	6,174
New Hampshire	-	-		-	-	3,206	-	3,206
New York	-	-		-	-	4,663	-	4,663
Pennsylvania	-	-		-	56	61	-	117
TOTAL	-	-		474	56	13,630	-	14,160
Lake:								
Michigan	-	-		-	1,273	279	102	1,654
Minnesota	-	-		-	69	-	-	69
Wisconsin	199	-		757	4,762	1,449	-	7,167
TOTAL	199	-		757	6,104	1,728	102	8,890
Central:								
Illinois	-	-		-	260	-	-	260
Indiana	-	-		-	2,613	-	-	2,613
Kentucky	195	-		64	11,331	212	310	12,112
Missouri	-	-		47	3,452	54	-	3,553
Ohio	-	-		-	3,012	894	-	3,906
Tennessee	349	-		3,491	27,008	4,815	-	35,663
West Virginia	-	-		-	7,984	569	-	8,553
TOTAL	544	-		3,602	55,660	6,544	310	66,660

TABLE 13. - HARDWOOD LUMBER EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES TO PROVINCES OF CANADA, 1928, 1/ (Con.)  
(Thousand feet B.M.)

Source (Region and State)	Destination (Province) To						All Provinces
	Alberta	British Columbia	Manitoba	Ontario	Quebec	Saskatchewan	
From -							
N. C. Pine:							
South Carolina	-	-	65	246 1,676	568 730	-	814 2,471
TOTAL	-	-	65	1,922	1,298	-	3,285
Southern Pine:							
Alabama	-	-	-	4,070	695	-	4,765
Arkansas	277	878	431	12,275	2,605	-	16,466
Georgia	-	-	-	3,700	5,671	-	9,371
Louisiana	439	356	2,102	3,487	-	-	6,384
Mississippi	-	371	1,235	15,427	385	-	17,418
Texas	-	-	-	301	-	-	301
TOTAL	716	1,605	3,768	39,260	9,356	-	54,705
Prairie:							
Kansas	-	-	-	1,000	-	-	1,000
TOTAL	-	-	-	1,000	-	-	1,000
ALL REGIONS	1,459	1,605	8,666	104,002	32,556	412	148,700

Forest Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

1/ An estimated distribution of boards, planks and scantlings, sawed timber, ties and box shooks, reported as exported to Canada in Foreign Commerce and Navigation of the United States, 1928 (U.S. Department of Commerce).

Sources determined in part by species indications. Remainder, and all destinations, governed by indications derived from reports of manufacturers.

TABLE 14. - TOTAL LUMBER CONSUMPTION IN CANADA: QUANTITY AND PER CAPITA

Province where consumed	Total Consumption of Canadian Lumber	Derived within the province	Derived externally				Total from outside the province	Apparent Total Consumption	Apparent Consumption per capita			
			From other provinces	Imported								
				From the United States	From other Countries	Total Imports						
	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	Feet b.m.			
<b>IN -</b>												
Prince Edward Island	8,209	4,794	3,415	-	-	-	3,415	8,209	95			
Nova Scotia	73,909	66,685	7,224	262	-	262	7,486	74,171	136			
New Brunswick	73,985	66,738	7,247	16,050	5	16,055	23,302	90,040	217			
Quebec	504,695	288,182	216,513	45,465	103	45,568	262,081	550,263	208			
Ontario	843,546	582,363	261,183	195,645	342	195,987	457,170	1,039,533	322			
Manitoba	182,710	22,425	160,285	16,841	28	16,869	177,154	199,579	305			
Saskatchewan	347,387	22,531	324,856	6,112	3	6,115	330,971	353,502	415			
Alberta	305,998	107,733	198,265	4,969	4	4,973	203,238	310,971	492			
British Columbia	433,121	432,812	309	2,430	5	2,435	2,744	435,556	747			
CANADA	2,773,560	1,594,263	1,179,297	287,774	490	288,264	1,467,561	3,061,824	317			

Table 15. - SOFTWOOD LUMBER CONSUMPTION IN CANADA: QUANTITY AND PER CAPITA

Provinces where consumed	Total Consumption of Canadian Lumber	Derived within the Province		From other Provinces	Derived externally			Total from outside the Province	Apparent Total Consumption	Apparent Consumption per capita
		M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.		Imported	From the United States	From other Countries			
<i>In -</i>										
Prince Edward Island	7,669	4,254	3,415	-	-	-	-	3,415	7,669	69
Nova Scotia	62,948	55,914	7,034	262	-	262	7,296	63,210	116	
New Brunswick	62,836	57,604	5,232	16,050	5	16,055	21,287	78,891	190	1
Quebec	447,837	240,619	207,218	12,909	4	12,913	220,131	460,750	174	25
Ontario	744,157	488,014	256,143	91,643	26	91,669	347,812	835,826	259	
Manitoba	181,260	22,306	158,954	8,175	2	8,177	167,131	189,437	289	
Saskatchewan	345,289	22,334	322,955	5,700	2	5,702	328,657	350,991	412	
Alberta	302,137	105,012	197,125	3,510	-	3,510	200,635	305,647	484	
British Columbia	432,791	432,791	-	825	-	825	825	433,616	744	
CANADA	2,586,924	1,428,848	1,158,076	139,074	39	139,113	1,297,189	2,726,037	282	

TABLE 16. - HARDWOOD LUMBER CONSUMPTION IN CANADA: QUANTITY AND PER CAPITA

Provinces where consumed -	Total Consumption of Canadian Lumber	Derived within the Province	Derived externally					Total from outside the province	Apparent Total Consumption	Apparent Consumption per capita			
			From other Provinces	Imported									
				From the United States	From other Countries	Total Imports							
M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	Feet b.m.			
<b>In -</b>													
Prince Edward Island	540	540	-	-	-	-	-	540	540	6			
Nova Scotia	10,961	10,771	190	-	-	-	190	10,961	10,961	20			
New Brunswick	11,149	9,134	2,015	-	-	-	2,015	11,149	11,149	27			
Quebec	56,858	47,563	9,295	32,556	99	32,655	41,950	89,513	89,513	34			
Ontario	99,389	94,349	5,040	104,002	316	104,318	109,358	203,707	203,707	63			
Manitoba	1,450	119	1,331	8,666	26	8,692	10,023	10,142	10,142	15			
Saskatchewan	2,098	197	1,901	412	1	413	2,314	2,511	2,511	3			
Alberta	3,861	2,721	1,140	1,459	4	1,463	2,603	5,324	5,324	8			
British Columbia	330	21	309	1,605	5	1,610	1,919	1,940	1,940	3			
CANADA	186,636	165,415	21,221	148,700	451	149,151	170,372	335,787	335,787	35			

TABLE 17. - LUMBER CONSUMPTION IN THE UNITED STATES: SOFTWOODS AND HARDWOODS: QUANTITY AND PER CAPITA, 1928

State where consumed in -	Derived within State	From other States	Derived externally				Apparent Consumption 1/		
			Imports			Total	Total	Per capita (Rounded)	
			From Canada 2/	All Other 3/	Total Foreign 4/				
		M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	Feet b.m.
Alabama		351,563	174,498	31	-	31	174,529	526,092	205
Arizona		42,090	42,333	-	100	100	42,433	84,523	180
Arkansas		289,786	110,939	-	-	-	110,939	400,725	205
California		1,004,082	2,055,048	34,938	10,500	45,438	2,100,486	3,104,568	680
Colorado		41,965	185,476	671	-	671	186,147	228,112	210
Connecticut		27,801	232,767	33,715	5,800	39,515	272,282	300,083	180
Delaware		5,740	41,955	242	200	442	42,397	48,137	195
District of Columbia		-	47,471	-	-	-	47,471	47,471	85
Florida		392,295	22,911	-	900	900	23,811	416,106	295
Georgia		245,396	119,344	-	-	-	119,344	364,740	115
Idaho		143,770	67,203	725	-	725	67,928	211,698	390
Illinois		20,202	2,236,314	83,242	3,500	86,742	2,323,056	2,343,258	315
Indiana		76,342	753,617	5,335	2,000	7,335	760,952	837,294	265
Iowa		8,740	540,395	25,405	-	25,405	565,800	574,540	235
Kansas		710	404,201	1,356	-	1,356	405,557	406,267	220
Kentucky		57,986	393,410	30	400	430	393,840	451,826	175
Louisiana		477,957	229,783	40	100	140	229,923	707,880	365
Maine		177,217	54,962	29,581	500	30,081	85,043	262,259	330
Maryland		49,025	455,918	6,603	400	7,003	462,921	511,946	315
Massachusetts		70,043	627,141	196,073	14,800	210,873	838,014	908,057	210
Michigan		462,154	1,162,033	80,283	9,992	90,275	1,252,308	1,714,462	375
Minnesota		167,003	533,844	24,678	300	24,978	558,822	725,825	265
Mississippi		391,912	44,097	307	-	307	44,404	436,316	245
Missouri		80,224	678,959	3,016	200	3,216	682,175	762,399	215
Montana		192,319	74,164	158	-	158	74,322	266,641	485
Nebraska		-	303,770	6,920	-	6,920	310,690	310,690	220
Nevada		104	53,539	-	-	-	53,539	53,643	693
New Hampshire		131,378	67,535	26,760	200	26,960	94,495	225,873	495
New Jersey		3,220	665,869	158,054	7,500	165,554	831,423	834,643	220
New Mexico		62,909	47,125	-	-	-	47,125	110,034	280
New York		86,536	2,486,134	464,705	50,647	515,352	3,001,486	3,088,022	265

TABLE 17. - LUMBER CONSUMPTION IN THE UNITED STATES: SOFTWOODS AND HARDWOODS: QUANTITY AND PER CAPITA, 1928 (Con.)

State where consumed in -	Derived within State	Derived externally						Apparent Consumption		
		From other States	Imports			Total Foreign 4/	Total	Total	Per Capita (Rounded)	
			From Canada 2/	All Other 3/	Total					
	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	Feet b.m.	
North Carolina	411,901	206,229	-	2,000	2,000	208,229	620,130	220		
North Dakota	-	136,711	4,624	-	4,624	141,335	141,335	220		
Ohio	82,367	1,383,251	50,590	6,000	56,590	1,439,841	1,522,208	225		
Oklahoma	106,690	346,644	2,954	-	2,954	349,598	456,288	190		
Oregon	958,020	86,151	138	400	538	86,689	1,044,709	1,160		
Pennsylvania	178,006	1,534,379	30,345	17,300	47,645	1,582,024	1,760,030	180		
Rhode Island	1,145	151,626	7,528	-	7,528	159,154	160,299	225		
South Carolina	101,651	25,104	-	-	-	25,104	126,755	70		
South Dakota	27,436	137,840	9,102	-	9,102	146,942	174,378	250		
Tennessee	239,017	563,116	-	-	-	563,116	802,133	320		
Texas	854,224	723,643	1,184	9,000	10,184	733,827	1,588,051	290		
Utah	7,623	120,443	-	-	-	120,443	128,066	240		
Vermont	63,109	25,487	28,129	-	28,129	53,616	116,725	330		
Virginia	156,838	293,154	1,493	200	1,693	294,847	451,685	175		
Washington	1,542,957	153,832	6,078	1,000	7,078	160,910	1,703,867	1,075		
West Virginia	117,959	117,422	-	-	-	117,422	235,381	135		
Wisconsin	444,860	561,165	23,576	900	24,476	585,641	1,030,501	350		
Wyoming	24,083	110,586	-	-	-	110,586	134,669	545		
TOTAL	10,378,354	21,589,538	1,348,609	144,839	1,493,448	23,082,986	33,461,340	280		

Forest Service, with cooperation by the Bureau of the Census, and the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.  
and Domestic Commerce, U. S. Dept. of Commerce

Import totals from the Bureau of Foreign

1/ The term "apparent consumption" is used because the figures are compiled from figures showing the quantities of domestic lumber retained in and distributed into each state, plus the foreign lumber which apparently enters that State. The results by regions are considered approximately correct. The State figures are subject to greater discrepancies on account of transfers which cannot readily be traced. The population figures used in calculating per capita consumption are the estimates of the Bureau of the Census showing population as of July 1, 1920 to 1928.

2/ Compiled by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics as the result of a corresponding study of Canadian lumber distribution, 1928.

3/ Remainder of imports, distributed by the Forest Service. In distributing these quantities the sources and customs districts are used as primary guides, but in a few instances it has seemed proper to pass suitable quantities on through one State to another in order to harmonize per capita consumption between neighboring States in similar circumstances.

4/ Lumber imports are deemed to include boards, planks and deals, railway ties and sawed cabinet woods, in quantities as reported in Foreign Commerce and Navigation of the United States.

Table 18.- SUMMARY BY LUMBER - PRODUCING REGIONS (con.)

Region	Derived within Region	Derived externally					Apparent Consumption 1/		
		From other Regions	Imports			Total Foreign 4/	Total	Total	Per capita (Rounded)
			From Canada 2/	All Other 3/	M feet b.m.				
		M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	Feet b. m.
Northeastern		1,141,642	6,042,821	981,735	97,347	1,079,082	7,121,903	8,263,545	230
Lake		1,385,535	1,945,524	128,537	11,192	139,729	2,885,253	3,470,788	340
Central		1,104,367	5,695,819	142,213	12,100	154,313	5,850,132	6,954,499	250
N. C. Pine		848,150	346,727	1,493	2,200	3,693	350,420	1,198,570	165
Southern Pine		4,479,788	401,894	4,516	10,000	14,516	416,410	4,896,198	235
Pacific (North)		2,616,922	124,038	6,216	1,400	7,616	131,654	2,748,576	1,105
Pacific (South)		1,028,928	2,083,845	34,938	10,500	45,438	2,129,283	3,158,211	680
Rocky Mtn. (North)		360,112	117,344	883	-	883	118,227	478,339	435
Rocky Mtn. (South)		220,607	464,026	671	100	771	464,797	685,404	250
Prairie		49,658	1,510,145	47,407	-	47,407	1,557,552	1,607,210	230
TOTAL		13,235,709	18,732,183	1,348,609	144,839	1,493,448	20,225,631	33,461,340	230
Special regions:									60
New England		691,563	938,647	321,786	21,300	343,086	1,281,733	1,973,296	240
Industrial		2,787,451	11,579,317	1,224,761	119,739	1,344,500	12,923,817	15,711,268	260

Forest Service, with cooperation by the Bureau of the Census, and the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Import totals from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, U.S. Dept. of Commerce.

1/ The term "apparent consumption" is used because the figures are compiled from figures showing the quantities of domestic lumber retained in and distributed into each State, plus the foreign lumber which apparently enters that State. The results by regions are considered approximately correct. The State figures are subject to greater discrepancies on account of transfers which cannot readily be traced. The population figures used in calculating per capita consumption are the estimates of the Bureau of the Census showing population as of July 1, 1920 to 1928.

2/ Compiled by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics as the result of a corresponding study of Canadian lumber distribution, 1928.

3/ Remainder of imports, distributed by the Forest Service. In distributing these quantities the sources and customs districts are used as primary guides, but in a few instances it has seemed proper to pass suitable quantities on through one State to another in order to harmonize per capita consumption between neighboring States in similar circumstances.

4/ Lumber imports are deemed to include boards, planks and deals, railway ties and sawed cabinet woods, in quantities as reported in Foreign Commerce and Navigation of the United States.

TABLE 18. - LUMBER CONSUMPTION IN THE UNITED STATES: SOFTWOODS: QUANTITY AND PER CAPITA, 1928

State where consumed in	Derived within State	Derived externally						Apparent Consumption 1/		
		From other States	Imports			Total Foreign 4/	Total	Total	Per capita (Rounded)	
			From Canada 2/	All Other 3/	Total					
		M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	Feet b.m.
Alabama	319,948	166,919	-	31	-	31	166,950	486,873	189	189
Arizona	42,090	41,365	-	-	100	100	41,465	83,555	176	176
Arkansas	120,992	44,295	-	-	-	-	44,295	165,287	85	85
California	1,003,881	2,000,744	34,938	1,000	35,938	2,036,682	3,040,563	667	667	667
Colorado	41,908	182,619	671	-	-	671	183,290	225,198	207	207
Connecticut	4,798	203,462	31,625	5,000	36,625	240,087	244,885	147	147	147
Delaware	3,505	40,569	242	-	-	242	40,811	44,316	162	162
District of Columbia	-	45,488	-	-	-	-	45,488	45,488	82	82
Florida	378,961	16,715	-	100	-	100	16,815	395,776	281	281
Georgia	205,262	111,603	-	-	-	-	111,603	316,865	97	97
Idaho	143,768	67,203	725	-	-	725	67,928	211,696	388	388
Illinois	347	1,783,759	80,738	-	80,738	1,864,497	1,864,844	252	252	252
Indiana	21	551,615	5,238	-	5,238	556,853	556,874	175	175	175
Iowa	-	509,409	25,405	-	25,405	534,814	534,814	220	220	220
Kansas	-	375,925	1,356	-	1,356	377,281	377,281	206	206	206
Kentucky	4,137	270,786	30	-	30	270,816	274,953	103	103	103
Louisiana	307,312	158,956	40	100	140	159,096	466,408	239	239	239
Maine	154,332	46,331	29,285	500	29,785	76,116	230,448	290	290	290
Maryland	35,561	407,959	6,565	-	6,565	414,524	450,085	278	278	278
Massachusetts	59,364	522,791	188,268	12,000	200,268	723,059	782,423	182	182	182
Michigan	93,687	788,498	63,975	5,000	68,975	857,473	951,160	207	207	207
Minnesota	118,344	469,961	24,678	-	24,678	494,639	612,983	225	225	225
Mississippi	314,620	25,763	307	-	307	26,070	340,690	190	190	190
Missouri	27,948	581,358	3,016	-	3,016	584,374	612,322	174	174	174
Montana	192,242	73,791	158	-	158	73,949	266,191	485	485	485
Nebraska	-	296,077	6,920	-	6,920	302,997	302,997	215	215	215
Nevada	104	53,539	-	-	-	53,539	53,643	693	693	693
New Hampshire	117,561	51,729	24,692	200	24,892	76,621	194,182	426	426	426
New Jersey	102	588,121	156,061	5,500	161,561	749,682	749,784	196	196	196
New Mexico	62,909	45,913	-	-	-	45,913	108,822	275	275	275
New York	28,403	2,212,827	453,998	40,647	494,645	2,707,472	2,735,875	237	237	237

TABLE 18. - LUMBER CONSUMPTION IN THE UNITED STATES: SOFTWOODS: QUANTITY AND PER CAPITA, 1928. (Con.)

State where consumed in	Derived within State	From other States	Derived externally				Total	Apparent Consumption 1/		
			Imports			Total Foreign 4/		Total	Per capita (Rounded)	
			From Canada 2/	All Other 3/	M feet b.m.					
		M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	Feet b.m.	
North Carolina		330,138	102,893	-	-	-	102,893	433,031	147	
North Dakota		-	136,262	4,624	-	4,624	140,886	140,886	220	
Ohio		120	1,093,890	47,583	5,000	52,583	1,146,473	1,146,593	168	
Oklahoma		101,085	336,280	2,954	-	2,954	339,234	440,319	182	
Oregon		948,000	81,796	138	-	138	81,934	1,029,934	1,142	
Pennsylvania		50,992	1,211,702	26,556	15,500	42,056	1,253,758	1,304,750	132	
Rhode Island		520	145,591	7,528	-	7,528	153,119	153,639	215	
South Carolina		91,436	21,014	-	-	-	21,014	112,450	60	
South Dakota		27,436	129,996	9,102	-	9,102	139,098	166,534	237	
Tennessee		27,315	354,145	-	-	-	354,145	381,460	152	
Texas		754,306	690,188	1,184	9,000	10,184	700,372	1,454,678	265	
Utah		7,361	119,262	-	-	-	119,262	126,623	238	
Vermont		37,875	21,560	27,513	-	27,513	49,073	86,948	247	
Virginia		96,854	218,675	1,493	-	1,493	220,168	317,022	123	
Washington		1,533,730	152,281	6,078	-	6,078	158,359	1,692,089	1,066	
West Virginia		18,152	93,336	-	-	-	93,336	111,488	65	
Wisconsin		203,302	479,209	23,576	-	23,576	502,785	706,087	239	
Wyoming		24,077	110,372	-	-	-	110,372	134,449	544	
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>8,034,806</b>	<b>18,234,542</b>	<b>1,291,291</b>	<b>99,647</b>	<b>1,396,938</b>	<b>19,631,480</b>	<b>27,666,286</b>	<b>231</b>	

Forest Service, with cooperation by the Bureau of the Census and the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Import totals from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, U. S. Dept. of Commerce.

The term "apparent consumption" is used because these figures are compiled from figures showing the quantities of domestic lumber retained in and distributed into each State, plus the foreign lumber which apparently enters that State. The results by regions are considered approximately correct. The State figures are subject to greater discrepancies on account of transfers which cannot readily be traced. The population figures used in calculating per capita consumption are the estimates of the Bureau of the Census showing population as of July 1, 1920 to 1928.

Compiled by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics as the result of a corresponding study of Canadian lumber distribution, 1928.

Remainder of imports, distributed by the Forest Service. In distributing these quantities the sources and customs districts are used as primary guides, but in a few instances it has seemed proper to pass suitable quantities on through one State to another in order to harmonize per capita consumption between neighboring States in similar circumstances.

Lumber imports are deemed to include boards, planks and deals, railway ties and sawed cabinet woods, in quantities as reported in Foreign Commerce and Navigation of the United States.

Table 18.- SUMMARY BY LUMBER - PRODUCING REGIONS (con.)

Region	Derived within Region	From other Regions	Derived externally			Apparent Consumption 1/		
			Imports			Total Imports 4/	Total	Per capita (Rounded)
			From Canada 2/	All Other 3/	Total Imports 4/			
	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	Feet b.m.
Northeastern	720,090	5,271,053	952,333	79,347	1,031,680	6,302,733	7,022,823	195
Lake	586,069	1,566,932	112,229	5,000	117,229	1,684,161	2,270,230	221
Central	182,024	4,624,905	136,605	5,000	141,605	4,766,510	4,948,534	179
N. C. Pine	619,910	241,100	1,493	-	1,493	242,593	862,503	117
Southern Pine	3,667,023	386,182	4,516	9,200	13,716	399,898	4,066,921	196
Pacific (North)	2,597,675	118,132	6,216	-	6,216	124,348	2,722,023	1,094
Pacific (South)	1,028,727	2,029,541	34,938	1,000	35,938	2,065,479	3,094,206	668
Rocky Mtn. (North)	360,033	116,971	883	-	883	117,854	477,887	437
Rocky Mtn. (South)	220,282	457,594	671	100	771	458,365	678,647	248
Prairie	40,183	1,434,922	47,407	-	47,407	1,482,329	1,522,512	217
TOTAL	10,022,016	16,247,332	1,297,291	99,647	1,396,938	17,644,270	27,666,286	231
Special Regions:								
New England	544,140	821,774	308,911	17,700	326,611	1,148,385	1,692,525	205
Industrial	1,182,649	9,802,942	1,173,443	89,347	1,262,790	11,065,732	12,248,381	202

Forest Service, with cooperation by the Bureau of the Census and the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Import totals from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, U.S. Dept. of Commerce.

1/ The term "apparent consumption" is used because these figures are compiled from figures showing the quantities of domestic lumber retained in and distributed into each State, plus the foreign lumber which apparently enters that State. The results by regions are considered approximately correct. The State figures are subject to greater discrepancies on account of transfers which cannot readily be traced. The population figures used in calculating per capita consumption are the estimates of the Bureau of the Census showing population as of July 1, 1920 to 1928.

2/ Compiled by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics as the result of a corresponding study of Canadian lumber distribution, 1928.

3/ Remainder of imports, distribution by the Forest Service. In distributing these quantities the sources and customs districts are used as primary guides, but in a few instances it has seemed proper to pass suitable quantities on through one State to another in order to harmonize per capital consumption between neighboring States in similar circumstances.

4/ Lumber imports are deemed to include boards, planks and deals, railway ties and sawed cabinet woods, in quantities as reported in Foreign Commerce and Navigation of the United States.

Table 19. - LUMBER CONSUMPTION IN THE UNITED STATES: HARDWOODS: QUANTITY AND PER CAPITA: 1928

State where consumed in	Derived within State	From other States	Derived externally				Apparent Consumption 1/		
			Imports				Total	Total	Per capita (Rounded)
			From Canada 2/	All Other 3/	Total Foreign 3/				
	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	Feet b.m.
Alabama	31,615	7,579	-	-	-	7,579	39,194	15	
Arizona	-	968	-	-	-	968	968	2	
Arkansas	168,794	66,644	-	-	-	66,644	235,438	121	
California	201	54,304	-	9,500	9,500	63,804	64,005	14	
Colorado	57	2,857	-	-	-	2,857	2,914	3	
Connecticut	23,003	29,305	2,090	800	2,890	32,195	55,198	33	
Delaware	2,235	1,386	-	200	200	1,586	3,821	16	
District of Columbia	-	1,983	-	-	-	1,983	1,983	4	
Florida	13,334	6,196	-	800	800	6,996	20,330	14	
Georgia	40,134	7,741	-	-	-	7,741	47,875	15	
Idaho	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	
Illinois	19,855	452,555	2,504	3,500	6,004	458,559	478,414	65	
Indiana	76,321	202,002	97	2,000	2,097	204,099	280,420	88	
Iowa	8,740	30,986	-	-	-	30,986	39,726	16	
Kansas	710	28,276	-	-	-	28,276	28,986	16	
Kentucky	53,849	122,624	-	400	400	123,024	176,873	69	
Louisiana	170,645	70,827	-	-	-	70,827	241,472	124	
Maine	22,884	8,631	296	-	296	8,927	31,811	40	
Maryland	13,464	47,959	38	400	438	48,397	61,861	38	
Massachusetts	10,679	104,350	7,805	2,800	10,605	114,955	125,634	29	
Michigan	368,467	373,535	16,308	4,992	21,300	394,835	763,302	166	
Minnesota	48,659	63,883	-	300	300	64,183	112,842	41	
Mississippi	77,292	18,334	-	-	-	18,334	95,626	53	
Missouri	52,276	97,601	-	200	200	97,801	150,077	43	
Montana	77	373	-	-	-	373	450	1	
Nebraska	-	7,693	-	-	-	7,693	7,693	6	
Nevada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
New Hampshire	13,817	15,806	2,068	-	2,068	17,874	31,691	70	
New Jersey	3,118	77,748	1,993	2,000	3,993	81,741	84,859	22	
New Mexico	-	1,212	-	-	-	1,212	1,212	3	
New York	58,133	273,307	10,707	10,000	20,707	294,014	352,147	30	

Table 19. - LUMBER CONSUMPTION IN THE UNITED STATES: HARDWOODS; QUANTITY AND PER CAPITA, 1928 (Con.).

State where consumed in	Derived externally						Apparent Consumption 1/		
			Imports						
	Derived within State	From other States	From Canada 2/	All Other 3/	Total Foreign 4/	Total	Total	Per capita (Rounded)	
	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	Feet b.m.	
North Carolina	81,763	103,336	-	2,000	2,000	105,336	187,099	64	
North Dakota	-	449	-	-	-	449	449	1	
Ohio	82,247	289,361	3,007	1,000	4,007	293,368	375,615	55	
Oklahoma	5,605	10,364	-	-	-	10,364	15,969	7	
Oregon	10,020	4,335	-	400	400	4,755	14,775	16	
Pennsylvania	127,014	322,677	3,789	1,800	5,589	328,266	455,280	46	
Rhode Island	625	6,035	-	-	-	6,035	6,660	9	
South Carolina	10,215	4,990	-	-	-	4,090	14,305	8	
South Dakota	-	7,844	-	-	-	7,844	7,844	11	
Tennessee	211,702	208,971	-	-	-	208,971	420,673	168	
Texas	99,918	33,455	-	-	-	33,455	133,373	24	
Utah	262	1,181	-	-	-	1,181	1,443	3	
Vermont	25,234	3,927	616	-	616	4,543	29,777	84	
Virginia	59,984	74,479	-	200	200	74,679	134,663	52	
Washington	9,227	1,551	-	1,000	1,000	2,551	11,778	7	
West Virginia	99,807	24,086	-	-	-	24,086	123,893	72	
Wisconsin	241,558	81,956	-	900	900	82,856	324,414	110	
Wyoming	6	214	-	-	-	214	220	1	
TOTAL	2,343,548	3,354,996	51,318	45,192	96,510	3,451,506	5,795,054	48	

Forest Service, with cooperation by the Bureau of the Census and the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Import totals from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, U. S. Dept. of Commerce.

- 1/ The term "apparent consumption" is used because these figures are compiled from figures showing the quantities of domestic lumber retained in and distributed into each State, plus the foreign lumber which apparently enters that State. The results by regions are considered approximately correct. The State figures are subject to greater discrepancies on account of transfers which cannot readily be traced. The population figures used in calculating per capita consumption are the estimate of the Bureau of the Census showing population as of July 1, 1920 to 1928.
- 2/ Compiled by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics as the result of a corresponding study of Canadian lumber distribution, 1928.
- 3/ Remainder of imports, distributed by the Forest Service. In distributing these quantities the sources and customs districts are used as primary guides, but in a few instances it has seemed proper to pass suitable quantities on through one State to another in order to harmonize per capita consumption between neighboring States in similar circumstances.
- 4/ Lumber imports are deemed to include cords, planks and deals, railway ties and sawed cabinet woods, in quantities as reported in Foreign Commerce and Navigation of the United States.

Table 19.- SUMMARY BY LUMBER - PRODUCING REGIONS (con.)

Region	Derived within Region	Derived externally					Apparent Consumption 1/		
		From other Regions	Imports			Total Foreign 4/	Total	Total	Per capita (Rounded)
			From Canada 2/	All Other 3/	Total				
	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	M feet b.m.	Feet b.m.
Northeastern	421,552	771,768	29,402	18,000	47,422	819,170	1,240,722	35	
Lake	799,466	378,592	16,308	6,192	22,500	401,092	1,200,558	117	
Central	922,343	1,070,914	5,608	7,100	12,708	1,083,622	2,005,965	72	
N. C. Pine	228,240	105,627	-	2,200	2,200	107,827	336,067	46	
Southern Pine	812,765	15,712	-	800	800	16,512	829,277	40	
Pacific (North)	19,247	5,906	-	1,400	1,400	7,306	26,553	11	
Pacific (South)	201	54,304	-	9,500	9,500	63,804	64,005	14	
Rocky Mtn. (North)	79	373	-	-	-	373	452	(5)	35
Rocky Mtn. (South)	325	6,432	-	-	-	6,432	6,757	2	
Prairie	9,475	75,223	-	-	-	75,223	84,698	12	
TOTAL	3,213,693	2,484,851	51,318	45,192	96,510	2,581,361	5,795,054	43	
Special regions:									
New England	147,423	116,873	12,875	3,600	16,475	133,348	280,771	34	
Industrial	1,604,802	1,776,375	51,318	30,392	81,710	1,858,085	3,462,887	57	

Forest Service, with cooperation by the Bureau of the Census and the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Import totals from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, U. S. Dept. of Commerce.

1/ The term "apparent consumption" is used because these figures are compiled from figures showing the quantities of domestic lumber retained in and distributed into each State, plus the foreign lumber which apparently enters that State. The results by regions are considered approximately correct. The State figures are subject to greater discrepancies on account of transfers which cannot readily be traced. The population figures used in calculating per capita consumption are the estimates of the Bureau of the Census showing population as of July 1, 1920 to 1928.

2/ Compiled by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics as the result of a corresponding study of Canadian lumber distribution, 1928.

3/ Remainder of imports, distributed by the Forest Service. In distributing these quantities the sources and customs districts are used as primary guides, but in a few instances it has seemed proper to pass suitable quantities on through one State to another in order to harmonize per capita consumption between neighboring States in similar circumstances.

4/ Lumber imports are deemed to include boards, planks and deals, railway ties and sawed cabinet woods, in quantities as reported in Foreign Commerce and Navigation of the United States.

5/ Less than one-half of one per cent.

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