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CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS IN CANADA
FINAL SUMMARY STATISTICS - 1947
Output from the chemicals and allied products industries in 1947 totalled $\$ 450$ millions compared with $\$ \$ 376$ millions in 1946 . The 1547 value was the highest attained in any peacetime year, and if shell filling were excluded it was greater also than the total value for this group in any of the war years.

Apparently the 20 per cent increase in value was due chiefly to advances in prices for chemicals and chemical products. The volume index for the chemical group indicates a gain of 6 per cent and the index of employment was up only 2 per cent from 1946, but on the other hand the index of wholesale prices advanced 13 per cent. Probably it is safe to conclude that about one-third of the gain in 1947 was due to greater volume of production, while two-thirds of the advance was due to the higher prices realized on the products of the industries in this group.

In 1947 there were substantial increases in output in ten of the twelve industries into which the group has been divided for statistical purposes. The percentage gains were as follows: coal tar distillation, 11.6; heavy chemicals, 25.4; compressed gases, 15.6; fertilizers, 17.6 ; paints and varnishes, 23.2; soaps and cleaning preparations, 39.0 ; miscellaneous, 85.6 ; inks, 12.5 ; adhesives, 9.3 ; and medicinals, 4.8. The toilet preparations industry showed a decline of 36.5 per cent and output from the polishes industry decreased by 8.6 per cent. The plastics moulding and fabricating industry was taken out of the chemical group in 1947, but this loss was offset by the inclusion of the synthetic rubber industry for the first time.

In 1947 there were 1,031 establishments making chemicals and allied produts and a monthly average of 38,491 workers were employed. About $\$ 205 \mathrm{millions}$ were expended by the industry during the year for materials for manufacturing, \$16 millions for fuel and power, and $\$ 77$ millions for labour. The 530 works in Ontario accounted for 55 per cent of the production, and the 334 establishments in Quebec accounted for 31 per cent,

The value of imports of chemicals and allied products in 1947 was the highest on record at \$113 millions, an increase of 2 ? per cent from 1946 and nearby three times the prewar high of $\$ 43,7$ millions in 1939. About $8\{3.6$ per cent of the imports in 1947 came from the linited States and 5.6 per cent from Great Britain.

The value of exports in 1947 was $\$ 83.8$ millions, which was 24 per cent greater than in 1946 but considerably below the high of $\$ 111,3$ millions in 1945. Canada's chemical products went to almost every country in the world. The United States, which took 38 per cent of the total, was the best customer, and the United Kingdom which took only 9.7 per cent was second. About 5 per cent went, to China and 3 nee cent to each of Trance, British India, Netherlands, British South Africa, Newfoundland and Hawaii Exports in prewar years were from $\$ 20$ to $\$ 25$ millions annually.

Table 1 - PRTMGIPAL STATISTICS FOR THE HAMEACTURE OR CHEMLCALS AND ALJIIED PRODUCTS II CANADA, BY INDUSTRIES, 1046 and 1847


Table 2 - PRINCIPAL STATISTICS FOR THE IUNUFACTURE OF CHEMICAIS MND ALLIED IHODUCTS IN CANADA, BY PROVINCES, 1946 and 1947


Nova Scotia and Prince

## 10.7

Nova Scotia and Prince

| Edward Isiand | 17 | 378 | 636,441 | 111,364 | 3,615,051 | 5,712,021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Brunswick | 7 | 196 | 394,643 | 56,757 | 3,472,316 | 4,912,551 |
| Quebec | 334 | 13,931 | 27,046,502 | 3,989,039 | $63,800,222$ | 139,413,967 |
| Ontario | 530 | 20,259 | 41,479,210 | 9,552,145 | 116,005,850 | 250,185,250 |
| Manitoba | 37 | 631 | 1,079,517 | 78,070 | 3,928,939 | 7,302,723 |
| Saskatchewan | 9 | 100 | 171,920 | 14,284 | 409,601 | 952,139 |
| Alberta | 22 | 511 | 1,063,581 | 621,951 | 1,359,674 | 5,662,761 |
| British Columbia | 75 | 2,485 | 5,557,896 | 1,208,845 | 12,940,492. | 35,817,680 |
| CAIMJJA | 1,031 | 38,491 | 77,479,719 | 15,632,455 | 205,541,145 | 449,259,792 |

