

CANADA

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

CENSUS OF INDUSTRY

REPORT

ON THE

BUTTON INDUSTRY

IN

CANADA

1934

Published by Authority of the HON. W.D. EULER, M.P., Minister of Trade and Commerce. NOTE:

The statistics published in this statement include only the statistics of manufacturing establishments whose principal products are buttons, fasteners, buckles, etc. Statistics relating to specific products are, therefore, not to be regarded as comprehensive since some of these products may also be produced in other industries. Hooks and eyes and metal fasteners, for example, are also manufactured in the "non-ferrous metal industries".

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS GENERAL MANUFACTURES BRANCH OTTAWA - CANADA

Dominion Statistician: Acting Chief, General Manufactures Branch: A. Cohen, B.Com.

THE BUTTON INDUSTRY IN CANADA, 1934.

There were seventeen establishments engaged principally in the manufacture of buttons, buckles, fasteners, etc., in Canada in 1934. This was one less than the number reported in 1933. Seven of the factories were located in the province of Quebec and ten in Ontario, and the total capital invested in them amounted to \$1,455,681. In 1934 they produced goods to the gross value of \$1,298,914 and gave employment to 640 persons.

There has been an appreciable improvement in the condition of this industry during 1934. The number of employees increased from 568 to 640 or more than 12 per cent, while the total salaries and wages paid rose from \$434,561 to \$501,379 or over 13 per cent. The gross value of production also increased by \$163,290, but this is due in part to an increase of \$77,077 in the cost of materials used. The increase in the value added by manufacture amounted to \$9,136. There has also been an increase of \$128,936 in the capital invested.

Vegetable ivory buttons to the value of \$281,338 formed the most important single item of production, and were followed by pearl buttons valued at \$260,658. These items, respectively, form 21.6 and 20.0 per cent of the total value of all production. Celluloid buttons to the value of \$183,821 held third place in rank of importance. The various items are shown in table 2.

The size of establishments measured by (a) capital investment, (b) gross value of production and (c) the number of persons employed is shown in an accompanying table. It will be noted that there has been a reduction in the average capital invested in the larger establishments but an increase of the average capital in the smaller factories. In the matter of employment we find that all establishments, large and small, show a slight increase in the average number of employees per establishment.

Employment in this industry is fairly uniform throughout the year, there being no marked seasonal fluctuations. Males to the number of 325 formed 68.9 per cent of the total wage-earners; the female wage-earners numbered 235. The average wage paid in 1934 was \$647, an increase as compared to \$608 paid in 1933. The average salary also shows an increase, from \$1,719 in 1933 to \$1,812 in 1934.

The export of buttons is of minor importance in Canada's export trade, it totalled only \$5,044 in 1934. A considerable quantity of buttons are, however, imported, and those brought in during 1934 had a value of \$1,729,388, somewhat higher than the value of the buttons produced in Canada. A larger part of the imported buttons come from the United States, but a considerable quantity are received from Japan.

^x Metal fasteners, hooks and eyes are also manufactured in the non-ferrous metal industries and are not included in this report.

Year and Provinces	Estab- lish- ments Report- ing	Capital Invested	Em- ployees	Salaries and Wages	Cost of Materials Used	Gross Value of Production	Value added by Manufacture	
	No.	\$	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$	
1921	20	1,212,229	490	423,288	359,661	1,239,814	880,153	
1922	21	1,363,340	522	498,156	369,643	1,203,240	833,597	
1923	20	1,414,602	509	486,710	313,099	1,099,035	785,936	
1924	13	1,317,378	501	474,914	312,620	958,363	645,743	
1925	13	1,273,04]	547	458,881	316,170	1,030,514	714,344	
1926	13	1,390,717	556	459,040	358,979	1,088,953	729,974	
1927	13	1,393,132	484	412,670	306,498	955, 397	648,899	
1928	13	1,468,361	472	401,768	263,480	937, 326	673,846	
1929	13	1,517,123	458	386,456	278,825	955,256	676,431	7
1930	12	1,408,331	397	339,591	199,766	702,470	502,704	1
1931	11.	1,177,573	413	353,105	217,510	773,710	556,200	
1932	14	1,218,881	458	369,721	281,329	991,754	710,425	
1930								
CANADA	18	1,326,745	568	434,561	389,858	1,135,624	745,766	
Quebec	5	171,645	147	105,834	141,351	335,500	194,149	
Ontario	13	1,155,100	421	328,727	248,507	800,124	551,617	
1934								
CANADA	17	1,455,681	640	501,379	466,935	1,298,914	831,979	
Quebec	7	328,835	234	159,087	248,230	509,604	261,374	
Ontario	10	1,126,846	406	342,292	218,705	789,310	570,605	

Table 1. - Principal Statistics of the Button Industry, 1921-1934.

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THE BUTTON INDUSTRY IN CANADA, 1934.

Principal Products	Unit of Measure	Quantity	Selling Value
			\$
Vegetable ivory buttons	Gross	535, 325	281,338
Pearl buttons and fresh water pearl buttons .	n	834,995	260,658
Galalith buttons	11	114,480	155,867
Celluloid buttons	11	196,636	183,821
111 other buttons, metal, fibre, etc		-	164,403
All other products	-	-	252,827
TOTAL VALUE OF PRODUCTION		-	1,298,914

	Unit of		Cost Value
Principal Materials	Measure	Quantity	at the Factory
			\$
Pearl, shell	Lb.	61,167	20,381
legetable ivory nuts	er .	1,516,760	35,205
alalith	11	197,302	82,573
Celluloid	R	169,115	91,264
teel and brass	17	147,050	12,606
lanks	Gross	1,040,674	135,775
ll other materials	-	-	80,291
containers		-	8,840
TOTAL COST OF MATERIALS USED	-	-	466,935

Size of Establishments.

In view of the tendency towards concentration in industrial enterprise, a series of tables have been prepared presenting in a threefold way the size of establishments in the button industry measured by (a) capital investment, (b) gross value of production and (c) the number of persons employed. The tables compared for a number of years indicate the movement of capital, production and employment within the industry.

In 1934 the number of establishments reporting was seventeen with a total capital investment of \$1,455,681, a gross value of production of \$1,298,914 and a total employment of 640. Five establishments had a total capital investment of \$1,115,872 or 76 per cent of the total capitalization with an average investment of

\$223,174 per establishment. In gross value of production five establishments had a total production of \$850,433 or 65 per cent of the total output with an average production of \$170,087 per establishment. In employment four establishments had 357 persons on the payroll or 56 per cent of the total employment and an average of eighty-nine persons per establishment.

	Size of Establishments Measured by Capital 1933			Invested. 1934		
Establishments having a Capital Investment of:	Estab. lish- ments Report- ing	Total Capital	Average Capital per Estab- lishment	Estab- lish- ments Report- ing	Total Capital	Average Capital per Estab- lishment
	Nos	\$	\$	Noo	\$	\$
Under \$50,000 \$50,000 to under	10	155,232	15,523	9	129,182	14,354
\$100,000	4	285,338	71,334	3	210,627	70,209
\$100,000 and over .	4	886,175	221,544	5	1,115,872	223,174
TOTAL AND AVERAGE	18	1,326,745	73,708	17	1,455,681	85,628

Size of Establishments Measured by Gross Value of Production.

		1933			1904		
Establishments having a Production of: -	Estab- lish- ments Report- ing	Total Production	Average Production per Estab- lishment	Estab- lish- ments Report- ing	Total Production	Average Production per Estab- lishment	
	Noo	\$	\$	Nos	\$	\$	
Under \$50,000 \$50,000 to under	8	135,251	16,906	7	90,719	12,960	
\$100,000	7	521,362	74,480	5	357,762	71,552	
\$100,000 and over .	3	479,011	159,670	5	850,433	170,087	-
TOTAL AND AVERAGE	1.8	1,135,624	63,090	17	1,298,914	76,407	9 mm

Size of Establishments Measured by Number of Employees.

		1933		1934			
Establishments having an Average Employment of: ~	Estab- lish- ments Total Report- Employees ing		Average Employees per Estab~ lishment	Estab- lish- ments Report- ing	Total Employees	Average Employees per Estab- lishment	
	Noo	Nos	Noo	Nos	Noo	No.	
Under 20 employees 20 but under 50	7	44	6	7	51	7	
employees	8	263	33	6	232	39	19
50 employees and over	3	261	87	4	357	89	
TOTAL AND AVERAGE	18	568	32	17	640	38	

Capital Investment.

The capital employed in the industry during the calendar year 1934 rose from \$1,326,745 in 1933 to \$1,455,681 in 1934, an increase of \$128,936. Of this total, fixed capital, which comprises land, buildings, fixtures, machinery and tools, amounted to \$784,533, whilst working capital, which consists of materials on hand, stocks in process, cash, trading and operating accounts and bills receivable, was reported at \$671,148.

	Fixed Capital	W	orking Capit	al	
Year	Land, buildings, fixtures, machinery, tools, etc,	Materials on hand, Stocks in process, Fuel and Mis- cellaneous supplies, etc.	Inventory value of finished products on hand	Cash, bills and accounts receivable, Prepaid expenses, etc.	Total Capital
	\$	\$	\$.	\$	\$
1926 1927 1928 1929 1930	757,057 769,667 777,060	434, 399, 399, 437, 294,	417 284 250	197,880 236,658 299,410 302,813 336,975	1,390,717 1,393,132 1,468,361 1,517,123 1,408,331
1931 1932 1933 1934	721,885 730,517 716,803	176,101 159,217 205,514 284,350	124,345 110,246 119,458 125,710	155,242 218,901 284,970 261,088	1,177, 573 1,218,881 1,326,745 1,455,681

Employment.

Table 5. - Employees, Salaries and Wages, 1934.

	Male	Female	Salaries and Wages
analysis of an (2, 27, 5). Second states of a generalized in the second space (2) which are direct and the second state () and a	No,	No ₂	\$
Employees on salaries	61 325	19 2 35	145,022 356,357
TOTAL	386	254	501,379

Months	Male	Female	Months	Male	Female
where the second	No.	No.		No.	No.
January	305	181	July	320	243
February	320	215	August	345	255
March	324	227	September	338	260
April	325	240	October	327	245
May	328	235	November	308	229
June	334	237	December	328	239
a state of the			oyed during the year	3,902	2,806

ble 6. - Wage-earners by Months, 1934.

Table 7. - Number of Wage-earners in Month of Highest Employment whose Regular Hours of Work in 1934 were: -

Number of Hours Worked per Week	Number of Employees	tedinoise sectors	Number of Hours Worked per Week	Number of Employees
40 hours or less	4]		51-53 hours	109
41-43 hours	5		54 hours	45
44 hours	63		55 hours	33
45-47 hours	56		56-59 hours	-
48 hours	88		60 hours	- 10
49-50 hours	222		Over 60 hours	2

The above table does not include overtime.

Fuel Consumption.

Table 8. - Fuel Consumption, 1934.

Unit of Measure	Quantity	Cost Value
Measure	Quality	\$
Ton	831	5,068 2,057
M cu. ft.	512	605 12,986
-		20.716
	Measure Ton Imp. Gal.	Measure Quantity Ton 831 Imp. Gal. 21,654 M cu. ft. 512

Power Equipment.

Table 9 Power Installation	1, 1934.	
Classes of Power	Number of Units	Manufacturers' Rating of Horse-power Capacity
Steam engines and turbines Electric motors operated by purchased power	1 109	6 655
TOTAL	110	661

Imports and Exports.

laterials and	United	United			Other	
Articles Imported	Kingdom	States	China	Japan	Countries	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
law and partly manufactured materials -						
Ivory nuts, vegetable Button blanks of animal	-	13,920	-	-	5,543	19,463
shell in the rough Pearl, mother of, un-	-	240	16,905	137,347	-	154,492
manufactured Celluloid, xylonite,	986	20,686	-	-	ing these	21,672
etc., in sheets	37,628	1,133,728		77,486	40,666	1,289,508
anufactured articles -						
Buttons, shoe, papier						
maché	-	2,695	-	-	-	2,695
Buttons, shoe, n.o.p Buttons, vegetable	-	305			-	305
ivory Buttons, cuff and	-	223	-	1.7.1	1,255	1,478
collar Buttons, recognition	801	10,101	-	-	1,494	12,396
and lapel Buttons, all kinds,	21	1,810	-	-	14	1,845
covered or not, n.o.p.	10,877	93,535	dat.	61,377	59,745	225,534
TOTAL IMPORTS	50,313	1,277,243	16,905	276,210	108,717	1,729,388

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Table 10(b), - Exports by Principal Countries, 1934.										
Articles Exported	United Kingdom	United States	British South Africa	Other Countries	Total					
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$					
Buttons	4,437	18	323	266	5,044					

APPENDIX

Firms Manufacturing Buttons in Canada, 1934.

QUEBEC

Canadian Buttons Limited, Ginn Brothers, Reg"d., Governor Fastener Company, Reg²d., Jiffy Join Incorporated, Patent Button Company Limited, Stein Button Company, The Pearl Button Manufacturing Company of Canada Limited, 1850 St. Antoine Street, Montreal.
1434 De Bullion Street, Montreal.
1030 St. Alexander Street, Montreal.
1449 St. Alexander Street, Montreal.
2210 Parthenais Street, Montreal.
745 St. Maurice Street, Montreal.

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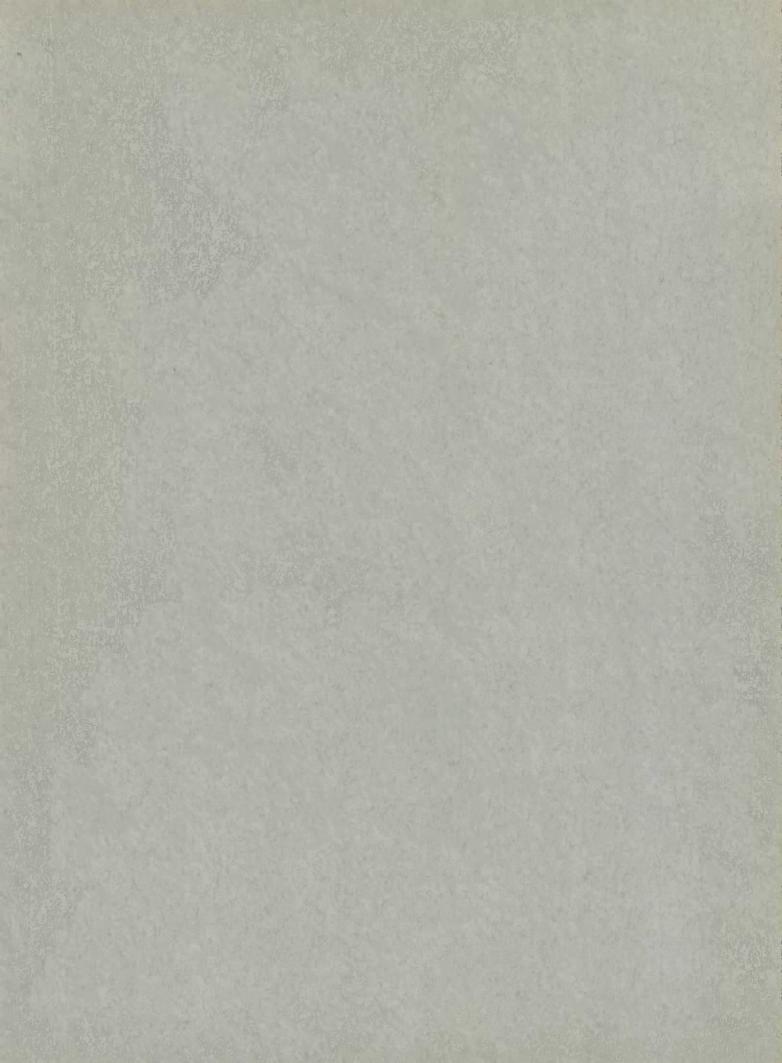
Button Sales Limited, Dominion Button Manufacturers Limited, Kitchener Buttons Limited, Mitchell Button Company Limited, Pilcher Manufacturing Company Limited, Richard Roschman & Brothers Limited, The Canada Button & Buckle Company, Toronto Button Company Limited, Universal Button Fastening & Button Company of Canada Limited,

York Button Company,

252-260 Richmond Street West, Toronto.
57 Water Street North, Kitchener.
Corner Edwards & Victoria Streets, Kitchener.
97 Victoria Street, Kitchener.
310 Albert Street, Windsor.
27 Queen Street South, Waterloo.
260 Spadina Avenue, Toronto.
356 Clinton Street, Toronto.

240 Walker Road, Walkerville. 90 Portland Street, Toronto

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