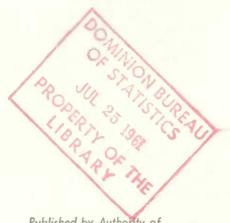
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THE BUTTON, BUCKLE AND FASTENER INDUSTRY 1959



Published by Authority of
The Honourable George Hees, Minister of Trade and Commerce

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Industry and Merchandising Division

PUBLICATIONS

The results of the annual Census of Industry are published by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics in a series of industry reports which are released each year as the compilations are completed. Reports for industries classified to the **Miscellaneous Manufactures** Major Group are listed below, along with related current and annual publications. Similar reports are issued for other industries. A complete catalogue of publications of the Bureau is available on request from the Information Services Division, Dominion Jureau of Statistics, Ottawa, or from the Queen's Printer, Ottawa.

A - Annual

M - Monthly

S.C. - Special Compilation

Catalogue number	Title	Price
47 - 201 47 - 202 47 - 203 47 - 204 47 - 205	Broom, Brush and Mop Industry (A) Button, Buckle and Fastener Industry (A) Musical Instrument Industry (A) Sporting Goods Industry (A) Miscellaneous Industries (Artificial flowers and feathers; candles; clocks and watches; fountain pens and pencils; hair goods; ice; instruments; models and patterns; lamps; ophthalmic goods; orthopaedic and surgical appliances; smokers' supplies; plastic products; signs stamps and stencils; statuary and art goods; toys and games; typewriter supplies; umbrellas) (A)	. 25 . 25 . 50
47-001 (S.C.)	Asphalt and Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tile (M) per year Production and Sales of Records in Canada (M)	1.00
31 - 001 31 · 201 31 - 001 65 - 004 65 - 007	Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries (M)	4.00 2.00 4.00 7.50 7.50

Remittances should be in the form of cheque or money order, made payable to the Receiver General of Canada and forwarded to the Information Services Division, Dominion Bureau of Statistics, or to the Queen's Printer, Ottawa, Canada.

SYMBOLS

The interpretation of the symbols used in the tables throughout this publication is as follows:

- .. figures not available.
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable.
- nil or zero.
- r revised.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

This report is one in a series of about 130 publications which present the results of the 1959 Census of Manufactures. Most reports in this series refer to specific industries, but there are summary reports for Canada and the provinces and for major industry groups. An annual Census of Manufactures has been carried out by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics since 1916.

Industry statistics given in these reports refer to number of establishments, employees, salaries and wages, cost of materials, supplies, fuel and electricity, gross value of shipments, inventories and value added by manufacturing. Details of materials used and products shipped are also given. Descriptions of the principal industry statistics, with special reference to 1959 are as follows:

Period Covered

Firms are asked to submit figures for the calendar year, if at all possible, and most reports are on this basis. Financial year reports for periods differing from the calendar year are accepted in instances where the firms find it impossible to supply calendar year data from accounting records. However the data on employees, salaries and wages are requested on a calendar year basis in all cases.

Establishment

Data for the annual census is collected on an establishment basis. A firm with more than one plant is required to file a report for each plant. In most cases an establishment is a complete factory. Sometimes, however, a plant is divided into two or more establishments when it carries out operations alassifiable to different industries and when separate accounting records are available. Usually the statistics for an establishment relate only to the manufacturing activities. Other activities such as construction at the plant by its own employees. wholesale or retail activities carried on at the plant location, etc., are not included. Plants engaged solely in repair work (except in the case of furniture. shipbuilding, boat building, aircraft and railway rolling stock industries) are not included but plants occupied in assembling parts into complete units are included.

Employees

Administrative and office employees include all executives and supervisory officials such as presidents, vice-presidents, secretaries, treasurers, etc., together with managers, professional and technical employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the working foremen level and clerical employees. Working owners and partners are also included in this category.

Production and related workers include all other factory workmen whether paid on a monthly, weekly, hourly or piece-work basis. Working foremen doing work similar to that of the employees they supervise are included, as are maintenance, warehousing and delivery staffs. Employees on new construction work, in retail or wholesale operations, on outside piece work etc., are not included.

Production workers are reported by months, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly figures and dividing by twelve. This procedure is followed even though the plant did not operate in all months. Figures on employment refer to calendar years whether or not some establishments reported other data on a financial year basis.

Salaries and Wages

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of the employees described above, including salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses, the value of room and board where provided, deductions for income tax and social services such as sickness and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc., as well as any other allowances forming part of the employees' wages. Payments for overtime are included.

Salaries refer to amounts paid to administrative and office employees. Withdrawals by working owners or partners for normal living expenses for self and family are included but not their withdrawals for income tax. Wages refer to the amounts paid to production and related workers as defined above. Data on earnings refer to the calendar year whether or not some establishments reported other data on a financial year basis.

Cost of Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used, (including fuel used in cars and trucks), not to purchases unless the quantities are the same. Values refer to the laid-down cost at the works, including freight, duty, etc.

Materials and Supplies Used

Figures represent quantities and laid-down cost values, at the works, of materials and supplies actually used during the year whether purchased from others or received as transfers from other plants of the reporting company. Amounts paid to other manufacturers for work done on materials owned by the reporting company are included. Returnable containers or any other items charged to capital account are not included. Fuels are not included. Goods bought from others or received as transfers from other plants of reporting companies for resale without further processing are not included. Maintenance and repair supplies not chargeable to capital account are included.

Factory Shipments

Factory shipments refer to shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting plant or by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting plant for work done. All products and by-products shipped from the establishment are included whether for domestic use, export, or for government departments. Transfer shipments to sales outlets, distributing warehouses or to other manufacturing units of the reporting firm are included. Goods bought or received as transfers and resold without further processing are not included. Values are computed on f.o.b. plant or

plant warehouse basis, and do not include sales tax or excise duties. Values of containers not returnable are included. Amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by others are included.

In a few industries such as shipbuilding, aircraft, etc., where work on principal products extend over a relatively long period, the value of production is recorded rather than the value of shipments. For those industries production is computed from the value of deliveries of complete units during the year plus the value of work done during the year on unfinished units less the value of work done in previous years on finished units delivered in the year under review.

Inventories

Values represent the book values of manufacturing inventories owned and held at the reporting plant. Figures include inventories held in warehouses or selling outlets which have been included with plant operations for purposes of reporting shipments.

Value Added by Manufacturing

Figures are computed from value of shipments plus or minus changes in inventories of finished goods and goods in process less cost of materials, fuel and electricity. This figure is sometimes referred to as net production.

Standard Industrial Classification

The Standard Industrial Classification Manual, prepared by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, provides for 135 three-digit industries in the manufacturing sector, arranged in 17 major groups. Reporting establishments are classified or allotted to specific industries on the basis of the value of principal products made or shipped.

Short Forms

Between 1949 and 1957, in an effort to ease the reporting burden for smaller firms, a short form was used asking for the total value of shipments only or, in a few cases where losses of detail were significant, for quantities and values of principal products. For purposes of publication, missing data were estimated on the basis of appropriate ratios. In general the cut-off point for these short forms was set at \$50,000 value of shipments. About 40% of the total number of establishments reported on the short form and accounted for less than 3 per cent of the total value of shipments.

In 1958, in order to establish a new base year, the small firms were asked to report all items of principal statistics together with some detail on materials and products.

For the 1959 Census, the short form was used again, but further steps were taken to ease the respondents' burden. First, the general limit for short forms was raised to \$100,000 value of shipments. In addition, a new intermediate form was developed. This form is a shortened version of the long form in that most of the general questions were pared down and the detailed lists of materials and products were limited to the more important items. The general limits for firms in this category were set at between \$100,000 - \$500,000 value of shipments, but in the case of both the short and intermediate forms there were lower cut-offs for a number of industries in which the smaller firms accounted for a larger share of total shipments. On the other hand, limits were raised where this could be done without a significant loss of coverage. On most of the short forms for 1959, in addition to total value of shipments, data on principal products were requested. In a few industries, where loss of employment and earnings data were considered too large because of higher cut-offs, a question on total payroll was placed on the short form.

The intermediate and long forms provide complete data for the compilation of all elements of principal industry statistics and the details of materials and products. The one-page short form, although containing data on principal products and total value of shipments, does not request information on other elements of principal statistics such as value of inventories, materials, fuel and electricity and, in most cases, employment and salaries and wages, nor does it contain detailed data on volume and value of materials used. For purposes of compiling aggregates of principal statistics by industry and by geographic location, the missing data for each establishment were estimated for 1959 by using, in general, ratios based on the change in the value of shipments between 1958 and 1959. The proportion of the estimated data was generally less than 5 per cent of the total in each category of principal statistics.

The general request for the principal items of products on the short form for 1959 permitted a fairly complete compilation of the detailed quantities and values of commodity shipments. In the case of the detailed quantities and values of materials, fuel and electricity, however, and the monthly distribution of production workers, only the totals of data actually reported on the intermediate and long forms are contained in published reports and no attempt was made as in past years to estimate the generally small proportion of individual totals represented by detailed items omitted from the short forms.

The new approach has relieved an additional 12,000 establishments from filling out the regular long form. Establishments now receiving the short form number in excess of 20,000 and account for more than 54 per cent of the total number of establishments and a little more than 3 per cent of the total value of shipments.

¹ To arrive at the National Accounts concept of ''gross domestic product at factor cost'', it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of office supplies used, advertising, insurance and other goods and services obtained from other businesses. Data on these inputs are not collected on the annual Census of Manufactures. Value added figures for "The primary industries and construction" are published in D.B.S. publication 61—202, Survey of Production.

THE BUTTON, BUCKLE AND FASTENER INDUSTRY

1959

In 1959 the Button, Suckle and Fastener Industry reported factory shipments worth \$13,952,033, a total value 6.6 per cent higher than the comparable 1958 figure of \$13,086,245.

There were 44 establishments in the industry, the same number as in 1958, but the total number of employees, 1,536, was 14 more than the 1,522 persons on the payroll in 1958. Salaries and wages amounted to \$4,730,841, up by 4.8 per cent from the previous year's aggregate payment of \$4,515,296. The industry paid \$5,964,063 in 1959 for materials and supplies used in manufacture, 7.3 per cent more than the comparable 1958 expenditure of \$5,558,366.

The Button, Buckle and Fastener Industry continued to be concentrated in two provinces, with 34 plants in Quebec and the remaining 10 in Ontario. Factory shipments by provinces, with the preceding year's totals in parentheses, were:

Quebec \$7.951.878 (\$7.484.438); and Chario \$6,000,355 (\$5,601,809). The number of employees decreased in the former province from 918 to 910 in 1959, but increased in the latter from 604 in 1958 to 626 in the current year.

Shipments of zipper fasteners, the industry's most important product, rose in total value by 1.1 per cent to \$8,597,222 in 1959 from \$7,748,981 the year before. Factory sales of other commodities in order of importance were: plastic buttons, \$2,204,434; all other buttons, \$1,398,468; other fasteners, \$880,538; and buckles, \$144,365. Attention is drawn to the change in the button break down from 1958 to 1959 (see Table 5, footnotes 2 and 3).

Reference to Table 10 will show that in 1959 the five largest establishments reported shipments valued at \$7,743,363, or 55.5 per cent of the total. The same firms employed 845, or 55.6 per cent of all workers in the industry.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics of the Button, Buckle and Fastener Industry, Representative Years, 1926-59

Year and province	Estab- lish- ments reporting	Em- ployees	Salaries and wages	Cost at plant of fuel and electricity	Cost at plant of materials used	Value added by manufacture	Gross value of production ¹
-time in the	nu	mber			dollars		
1926 1937 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957	13 12 21 21 24 22 25 25 20 21 18 29 31 34 38 41 45 45 47 46	556 397 839 736 811 988 1,144 1,032 944 986 1,966 1,844 1,682 1,679 1,741 1,569 1,555 1,612	459,040 339,591 670,814 572,858 662,403 887,602 1,064,805 1,313,899 1,259,446 1,348,191 1,468,667 3,301,975 3,373,681 3,74,644 3,529,893 3,706,435 3,999,929 4,460,154 4,138,450 4,102,266 4,420,935 4,587,098	19, 107 15, 727 30, 064 27, 843 31, 387 41, 477 46, 881 55, 166 59, 309 82, 731 69, 301 69, 598 80, 849 84, 492 94, 487 104, 386 115, 798 124, 701 140, 743 136, 800	358, 979 199, 766 634, 647 498, 674 598, 352 1, 025, 774 1, 274, 223 1, 428, 730 1, 479, 301 1, 757, 419 3, 447, 013 3, 078, 234 3, 115, 444 3, 455, 976 3, 882, 116 4, 436, 224 4, 598, 548 4, 420, 926 5, 096, 486 6, 005, 793 5, 626, 162	710.867 486,77 925,731 862,066 1,068,049 1,457,137 1,877,811 2,337,689 2,096,745 2,214,270 2,480,099 5,759,715 5,888,891 4,821,028 6,239,707 6,121,090 6,486,117 ² 6,751,442 ² 6,249,338 6,583,795 6,603,000 7,843,988	1, 088, 953 702, 470 1, 590, 442 1, 388, 583 1, 697, 788 2, 524, 388 3, 198, 915 3, 821, 182 3, 748, 687 4, 296, 827 9, 289, 459 9, 036, 425 8, 006, 070 9, 776, 532 10, 087, 698 11, 016, 828 11, 454, 376 10, 759, 859 12, 056, 620 13, 129, 630 13, 202, 829
1958							
QuebecOntario	33 11	918 604	2, 328, 648 2, 186, 648	71,933 71,821	3, 481, 900 2, 076, 466	4, 122, 867 3, 474, 382	7, 484, 436 5, 601, 809
Canada	44	1,522	4, 515, 296	143, 754	5, 558, 366	7, 597, 249	13, 086, 245
1959							
Quebec	34	910 626	2, 403, 208 2, 327, 633	69, 541 63, 943	3,530,359 2,433,704	4, 199, 736 3, 490, 375	7, 951, 678 6, 000, 355
Canada	44	1,536	4,730,841	133, 484	5, 964, 063	7,690,111	13, 952, 033

¹ Commencing with 1952 gross value of production has been replaced by value of factory shipments.

² Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953, these figures have been calculated from value of factory minimuments and are, therefore, only approximations to true value added by manufacture.

TABLE 2. Comparison of Principal Statistics, 1958 and 1959

Item	1050	1050	Increase (+) o	r Decrease (-)
Item	1958	1959	Amount	Percentage
Establishments reporting	44	44	0	0
All employees (supervisory, office and production) "	1,522	1,536	+ 14	+0.9
Salaries and wages\$	4,515,296	4,730,841	+215,545	+4.8
Cost of fuel and electricity	143,754	133,484	- 10,270	-7.1
Cost of materials used\$	5, 558, 366	5,964,063	+405,697	+7.3
Value added by manufacture\$	7,597,249	7, 690, 111	+ 92,862	+1.2
Value of factory shipments\$	13, 086, 245	13, 952, 033	+865, 788	+6.6

Note: Profits or losses cannot be estimated from Census figures, as no data are collected for certain expense items such as interest, rent, depreciation, taxes, insurance, advertising, etc.

TABLE 3. Inventories, 1959

	Raw materials and supplies	Goods in process	Finished goods of own manufacture	Total
		dol	ars	
Opening:2				
Quebec	861,558	325,097	720,747	1,907,402
Ontario	709,400	457, 273	845,372	2,012,048
Canada	1,570,958	782,370	1,566,119	3, 919, 447
Closing:				
Quebec	871,595	270,577	623, 225	1.765,397
Ontario	755,100	519.990	770.322	2, 045, 412
Canada	1, 626, 695	790, 567	1, 393, 547	3, 810, 809

¹ Book value of all manufacturing inventories held at plant and plant warehouses.

² The opening inventory for 1959 differs from the closing inventory published for 1958 because of the receipt of revised data, the inclusion of new firms and the removal of figures for firms which did not operate during 1959.

TABLE 4. Materials Used, 1958 and 1959

Materials	Cost at factory			
	1958	1959		
	dollars			
Materials used1	4, 854, 342	5, 172, 046		
Containers and other packaging materials or supplies	203,008	220, 231		
Operating, maintenance, and repair supplies, not including fuel	433,104	404, 848		
Amount paid out to others for work on materials owned by these plants	67.912	166,938		
Total cost of materials and supplies used	5, 558, 366	5, 964, 063		

¹ No detailed information on materials used was collected from firms generally reporting value of shipments of least than \$50,000. The total estimated value of materials used by these firms was \$104,937, and this was included in "Materials used".

TABLE 5. Factory Shipments, 1958 and 1959

	19	58	1959		
Principal products	Quantity	Selling value at factory	Quantity	Selling value at factory	
	gross	\$	gross	\$	
Buttons:					
Covered ² Leather ²	42,700 8,558°	188, 713 25, 357°	24, 258	104, 726	
Metal ²	206, 595	270, 701	176,532	183,890	
Pearl (all kinds, except plastic) ² Vegetable ivory ²	} 40, 786 ^r	90, 182°	20,614	46, 281	
Plastic (celluloid, casein, lucite, etc.)3	1,892,611 ^r	1,688,619 ^r	2,659,535	2, 204, 434	
Moulded ³	2, 710, 856	1, 317, 445		* # *	
All other buttons (including rhinestone)3	120, 590°	164, 187°	1,221,329	1,063,571	
Buckles all kinds		246, 549		144, 365	
Fasteners, zipper	96, 238, 3994	7, 748, 981	107, 303, 1384	8, 597, 222	
Fasteners, other (including zipper chain, sliders and stringers; hooks and eyes; and hook-and-eye tape)		477, 940°		880, 538	
Brooches, clips, pins and other ornaments		185, 343 ^r		108, 108	
All other products (including novelties, belts, shoe bows, cotton tufts, hardware parts, etc.)		682, 228 ^r		618, 898	
Total value of products	• • •	13, 086, 245		13, 952, 033	

¹ This table includes only the statistics of those manufacturing establishments whose principal products are buttons, buckles and fasteners. The figures do not necessarily represent Canadian totals as these commodities are also made, as secondary products, by firms in other industries. For total figures, reference should be made to the alphabetical list of products published annually in the report General Review of the Manufacturing Industries.

¹ The 1958 and 1959 data in these five categories are comparable.

¹ The 1958 and 1959 data in these three categories are not comparable, because the category of "moulded buttons", representing a process and not a material composition, was deleted in 1959.

⁴ This quantity data, published for the first time, contains a small amount of duplication in that one company is known to be purchasing zipper chain in continuous lengths, then assembling fasteners from this.

TABLE 6. Imports of Buttons, Buckles and Fasteners, 1958 and 1959

	195	58	1959		
Items	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
	gross	\$	gross	\$	
Button blanks of animal shells, in the rough		1, 408		• •	
Buttons, collar and cuff	15, 103	312, 695	22,945	296, 074	
Buttons, shoe, n.o.p.	6 +	18, 556	m 0	14,912	
Buttons of all kinds, covered or not, including recognition buttons, and button blanks other than in the rough, n.o.p	1, 375, 700	1, 169, 295	2, 983, 928	1, 496, 240	
Buttons, metal parts for the manufacture of covered		82,942	a n o	82,669	
Eyelets, hooks, fasteners, etc., corset and shoe		275, 783		280, 325	
Fasteners, hookless, slide or zipper		72,694		158, 447	
Buckles, clasps, eyelets, hooks and eyes, dome, snap, or other fasteners, of iron, steel, brass or other metal, coated or not, 4.0.9. (not being jewellery); parts for foregoing	• • •	1, 850, 592	n + +	1, 986, 929	
Total value of imports		3, 783, 965	* 0 0	4, 315, 596	

TABLE 7. Exports of Buttons, Buckles and Fasteners, 1958 and 1959

Items	Value			
	1958	1959		
	dol	lars		
Buckles and slide or hookless fasteners of all kinds	57, 562	119,775		
Buttons	18, 434	31,141		
Total value of exports	75, 996	150,916		

TABLE 8. Employees by Sex and Remuneration, 1958 and 1959

	1958	1959
alaried employees:		
Total	305	307
Male	192	181
Female	113	126
Total salaries	1,493,493	1, 499, 860
lage-earners:		
Total (monthly average)	1,217	1,229
Male	544	514
Female	673	715
Total wages\$	3,021,803	3, 230, 981
ll employees:		
Total	1,522	1,536
Male	736	695
Female	786	841
Total salaries and wages	4, 515, 296	4,730,841

TABLE 9. Monthly Employment of Wage-earners, 1959

Month	Establishment monthly of	Establishments reporting quarterly detail ²			
	Male	Female	Male	Fem	ale
January	428	597			
February	462	638			
March	466	649	49		38
April	461	655	*3		00
May	461	658			
June	458	645	46		39
July	446	633			
August	452	632			
September	459	653	50		46
October	461	655			
November	462	651			
December	458	620	47		41
Average for establishments reporting monthly detail		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	456		640
Average for establishments reporting quarterly detail .	***********	440,20100010100101000	48		41
Average estimated for small establishments ³	*******************		10		34
Average for all establishments			514		715

TABLE 10. Principal Statistics of the Button, Buckle and Fastener Industry, grouped according to the Size of Establishments, 1958 and 1959

Establishments with factory shipments of	Estab- lish- ments	Em- ployees	Salaries and wages	Cost of fuel and electricity	Cost of materials used	Value of factory shipments
	num	ber		do	llars	
1958				1		
Under \$25,000 \$ 25,000 to \$ 49,999 50,000 '' 99,999 100,000 '' 199,999 200,000 '' 499,999 500,000 '' 999,999	6 7 7 7 13	17 55 72 104 507	25, 299 149, 119 180, 453 243, 440 1, 295, 471	1,050 4,067 6,301 3,235 60,872	58,800 173,701 250,380 572,791 2,072,954	76, 978 269, 609 565, 843 1, 090, 533 4, 429, 075
1,000,000 and over	1 3	} 767	2,621,514	68, 229	2,429,740	6,654,20
Totals	44	1,522	4,515,296	143, 754	5,558,366	13,086,245
1959						
Under \$25,000 \$ 25,000 to \$ 49,999 50,000 '' 99,999 100,000 '' 199,999 200,000 '' 499,999 500,000 '' 999,999 1,000,000 and over	9 6 6 6 12 2 3	24 48 57 71 491 } 845	62,113 105,128 135,703 243,040 1,296,899 2,887,958	1,405 2,221 2,901 6,483 55,235 65,239	53,287 78,470 212,365 518,038 1,972,456 3,129,447	98, 097 216, 883 446, 139 860, 744 4, 586, 807 7, 743, 363
Totals	44	1,536	4, 730, 841	133,484	5, 964, 063	13, 952, 033

¹ The number of production workers, by months, was collected only for establishments generally reporting value of shipments of \$200,000 and over.

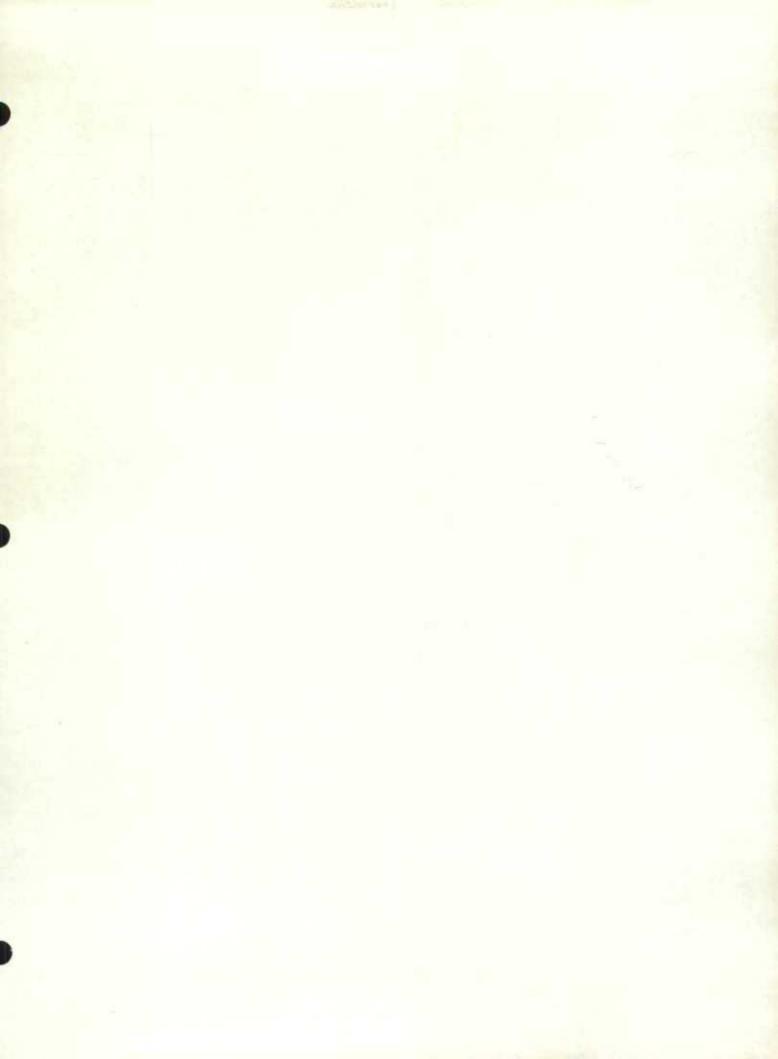
² The number of production workers, by quarters, was collected only for establishments generally reporting value of shipments between \$50,000 and \$200,000, inclusive.

³ For establishments generally reporting value of shipments of less than \$50,000, no data on number of workers were collected. Average was estimated by using change in value of shipments to arrive at value of payroll which was then used in conjunction with estimated average earnings to arrive at number of workers.

List of Firms Manufacturing Buttons, Buckles and Fasteners in Canada, 1959

Name	Address	Main product	
Quebec:			
Acme Slide Fastener Co. Ltd.	1740 St. Antoine St., Montreal 3	F.	
Approved Accessories Inc.		B. C	
B. and L. Brothers Co.		B, C	
Berkeley Novelty Co.		B	
Button Craft		B. OP	
Buttons and Ornaments Ltd.		B, C, OP	
Canadian Buttons Limited		В, С, ОР	
Canadian Spangle Mfg. Co. Inc.		OP	
Clix Fastener Corporation		F	
J. & P. Coats (Canada) Ltd., (Slide fastener division)		F	
Dina Jewellery		OP	
Dubarry Ornament Co.		OP	
The Export Corporation (of Canada) Ltd.		F	
Fashler Fastener Co.		F	
Gibson, Samuel, Inc.		В	
Ginn Brothers, Ltd.			
Herman Button & Ornaments Inc.		B	
Ideal Button Company			
Jet Fastener Corp.		B, OP	
Jiffy Join Inc.			
Karavas Mfg. Co.		OP	
Komo Fasteners Ltd.			
Rollo Pastelleis Liu.	Plant - 57 Victoria St. Valleyfield Office - c/o Export Corp. of Canada Ltd., 282 Ontario St. W., Montreal 18	P. OP	
Lightning Fastener Co. Ltd.	Bedford	F	
Lion Fastener Co. Ltd.	4530 Clark St., Montreal 14	F	
Mack Moulding Ltd.	33 Taylor St., Waterloo	В	
Moranda, Inc.	366 Mayor St., Montreal 2	F	
Newey Brothers (Canada) Limited	P.O. Box 415, Granby	OP	
William Prym Co. of Canada Ltd.	809 William St., Montreal 3	B, C, OP	
Rapid Belt Co. Ltd.	307 St. Catherine St. W., Montreal 2	OP	
Rojac Novelty Products Inc.	371 Dowd St., Montreal	B, C, OP	
H. Shiller Inc.	460 St. Catherine St. W., Montreal 2	B, OP	
Shur-Lok Zipper Co. of Canada	460 St. Catherine St. W., Montreal 2	F	
Star Fasteners of Canada Ltd.	5530 Casgrain St., Montreal 14	F	
Trek Manufacturing Co. of Canada Ltd.	Plant - 5 St. Anne St., Rivière du Loup	F	
	Office - 363 Lemoyne St., Montreal 1		
ntario:			
Albert Button Co.	460 Richmond St., W., Toronto 2B	В	
American Trimming Co. Ltd.	460 Richmond St. W., Toronto 2B	F	
Button Sales Limited	133 Niagara St., Toronto 2B	B, C	
Dominion Button Manufacturers Ltd.	57 Water St. North, Kitchener	B, C	
Famous Button Company	18 Haymarket St., Hamilton	В	
Kitchener Button Industries Ltd.	70 Victoria St. N., Kitchener	В	
Lightning Fastener Co. Ltd.	50 Niagara St., St. Catharines		
Majestic Button & Ornament Co.	116 Spadina Ave., Toronto 2B	F, OP	
Royal Button Co.			
	108 King St. W., Kitchener	B, C, OP	
Universal Button Company of Canada, Ltd.	1076 Walker Road, Walkerville	B, F, OP	

Note: Code for products made: B-Buttons; C-Buckles; F-Fasteners; OP-Other products.



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