CANADA

# THE MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIES 

1954


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## NOTICE

The annual reports prepared by theindustry and Merchandising Division of the Buteau of Statistics are divided into 3 volumes, as follows: Volume I-The Primary Industries, including mining, forestry and fisheries; Volume II-Manufacturing; , Volume III-Merchandising and Services. The volumes are made up of parts, and theparts in turn are subdivided according to the industries or provinces which they comprise.

Volume II consists of the following parts, the first two of which deal with manufacturing as a whole and the balance with the major manufacturing groups.

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            I - General Review of the Manufacturing Industries, $1.50
            II - The Manufacturing Industries of Canada, (7 sections, as follows:)
                    Section A. Summary for Canada, 254
                        Section B. Atlantic Provinces, 25$
                Section C. Quebec, 25$
                Section D, Ontario, 25$
                Section E. Prainie Provinces, 254
                        Section F. British Columbia, 254
                    Section G. The Manufacturing Industries of Canada,
                    Reglonal Distribution, 75$
    III - Foods and Beverages
    IV - Tobacoo and Tobacco Products
            V - Rubber Products
            VI - Leather Products
            VII - Textile Mills
    VIII -Knitting Mills
    IX-Clothing
            X - Wood and Paper Products
            XI-Printing Trades
    XII - Iron and Steel Product.s
    XIII - Transportation Equipment
    XIV - Non-ferrous Metal Products
    XV - Electrical Apparatus and Supplies
    XVI - Fon-metallic Mineral Products
XVII - Products of Petrol eum and Coal
XVIII - Chemicals and Allied Products
    XIX - Miscellaneous Manufactures
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The present report belongs in Part VII, Textile Mills, it is punched to permit of filing in a ring binder along with others of the group. The reports In this group are:

A-General Review, 25 \$
B - The Cotton Textile Industries, $25 థ$
C-The Wool Textile Industries, 25 ¢
D - The Synthetic Textil es and Silk Industry, $25 \phi$
E - The Narrow Fabrics Industry, 25 $\$$
F - The Dyeing and Finishing of Textile Coods Industry, 25 ¢
G-The Awning, Tent and Sail Industry, 25\$
H - The Cordage, Rope and Twine Industry, $25 \$$
1 - The Cotton and Jute Bag Industry, 25థ
J - The Miscell aneous T extil es Industries, 25 ¢

# THE MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIES 

1954

The Standard Industrial Classification adopted by the Bureau in 1949 has as one of its major manufacturing divisions a group entitled "Miscellaneous Industries". This group differs very little from the group of the same name in our former classification and like it is comprised of relatively small, unrelated industries.

After a 5-year period of continuous expansion during which output more than doubled in value, this industrial group in 1954 reported a slight contraction in manufacturing operations. Despite the decline, however, the level of activity was the second highest on record, having been surpassed only by the previous year.

Factory shipments were valued at $\$ 252,306,085$ compared with the peak year 1953 when shipments reached the figure of $\$ 261,282,891$, a decrease of $\$ 8,976,806$ or 3.4 per cent. Employment was given to 31,071 persons in 1954. This decrease of 1,152 versons or 3.6 per cent from 32,223 persons in the previous year was accompanied by a small fall in payroll figures of $\$ 205,677$ from $\$ 85,954,495$ to $\$ 85,748,818$. Materials and supplies used in manufacturing operations in 1954 cost $\$ 102,179,368$ while in 1953 their cost was $\$ 103,467,901$, showing a drop of $\$ 1,288,533$ or 1.2 per cent. Fuel and electricity consumed in the same two years revealed an increase of 9.9 per cent from $\$ 3,051,957$ in the earlier year to $\$ 3,354,557$ in the later. The industrial group was comprised of 1,360 establishments in 1954 compared with 1,350 establishments in 1953.

Ontario was the leading province in the group in 1954 and contributed 63.2 per cent of the value of factory shipments while Quebec followed with 29.5 per cent. Of the 31,071 employees, 19,151 of 61.6 per cent were in Ontario establishments and 9.509 or 30.6 per cent were in those of Quebec. These two provinces have consistently dominated the activity of the group.

Beginning with 1954, information on the value of year end inventory holdings at plant and plant warehouses is being collected as part of the Annual

Census of Industry. This data was formerly collected by a separate survey. The summarized results for the miscellaneous industries for the year under review will be found in Table 3.

Up until 1950, it was the practice of the Bureau to issue separate annual reports on four only of the industries comprising the group, namely; Brooms, brushes and mops; Buttons, buckles and fasteners; Musical instruments; and sporting goods. The remaining industries were not made the subject of separate reports mainly on account of their size and, consequently, the small amount of publishable statistical information concerning them.

In recent years, however, these industries have experienced an expansion which is expected to continue. In consideration of their growth and the interest now manifest in many of them, this publication concerning them was initiated with a report covering their 1950 operations. It deals with eighteen diverse industries as well as the combined principal statistics of the entire group and is published annually. Separate reports continue to be published on the four industries specifically mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

The industries dealt with in this report and the pages on which they will be found are as follows:
Page
Artificial flowers and feathers ..... 5
Candles ..... 7
Clocks, watches and watch cases ..... 8
Fountain pens and pencils ..... 9
Hair goods, animal and human ..... 11
Ice, artificial ..... 11
Lamps, electric and lamp shades ..... 12
Models and patterns (except paper) ..... 13
Pipes, lighters and other smokers' supplies ..... 14
Plastics products ..... 14
Scientific and professional equipment ..... 16
Signs, electric, neon and other ..... 19
Stamps and stencils, rubber and metal ..... 21
Statuary, art goods and novelties ..... 21
Toys and games ..... 22
Typewriter supplies ..... 24
Umbrellas ..... 25
Miscellaneous ..... 25

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics of the Miscellaneous Industries Group. 1926-1954

| Year and province | Estab-1ishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Groas <br> value of production ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1926 | 393 | 10,032 | 11,309, 121 | 581, 014 | 18,061,371 | 22,939,666 | 41,582,051 |
| 1929 | 421 | 10, 786 | 12, 457, 989 | 524, 317 | 22, 495, 351 | 28, 188, 068 | 51, 207, 736 |
| 1933 | 459 | 8,351 | 7, 810,976 | 466, 678 | 9, 497, 75.1 | 14, 174, 498 | 24, 138, 927 |
| 1937 | 545 | 11.699 | 11, 936, 704 | 651, 462 | 17, 792, 121 | 22, 807, 498 | 41, 251, 081 |
| 1939 | 566 | 12, 280 | 13, 045, 929 | 576, 340 | 18, 308, 810 | 24, 508,056 | 43, 393, 206 |
| 1942 | 657 | 22, 474 | 27, 202, 456 | 1, 226, 613 | 49, 292, 782 | 46, 918, 549 | 97,437, 944 |
| 1945 | 692 | 24,024 | 37, 187. 275 | 1, 403, 334 | 83,549, 139 | 59,571. 126 | 144, 523, 599 |
| 1948 | 814 | 22, 315 | 40, 906, 054 | 1,598,001 | 48,007,617 | 75, 510,756 | 125, 116, 374 |
| 1949 | 893 | 26,401 | 51,147,475 | 1,985,068 | 59, 778, 187 | 94,600,066 | 156, 363, 321 |
| 1950 | 1,007 | 27, 219 | 56, 409, 875 | 2, 214,533 | 67. 469,334 | 99,628,735 | 169,312, 602 |
| 1951 | 1.173 | 28,756 | 66, 908, 755 | 2,612,594 | 87, 292,415 | $120,899,546$ | $\begin{aligned} & 210.804,555 \\ & 225.620,866 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1952 | 1,313 | 29,833 | 74, 133, 582 | 2,867, 401 | 87, 550, 232 | 135, 203, $233{ }^{2}$ | $225,620,866$ |
| 1953 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 1,350 | 32,223 | 85, 954,495 | 3,051,987 | 103, 46\%, 901 | 154, 763, 033 ${ }^{2}$ | 261, 282, 891 |
| Newfoundland and Nova Scotia | 20 |  | 225, 047 | 57,651 | 169, 268 | $416,419^{2}$ | 643, 338 |
| New Brunswick | 14 | 386 | 912,920 | 70,807 | 1,494,825 | 1,890,923 ${ }^{2}$ | 3,456,555 |
| Quebec | 443 | 9,890 | 24, 758,460 | 819,066 | 31, 735, 083 | 41,972, $821^{2}$ | 74, 526,970 |
| Ontario. | 670 | 19,828 | 54,611, 389 | 1,773,177 | $65,295.850$ | 99. $255,483^{2}$ | 166, 324, 510 |
| Manitoba. | 54 | 641 | 1,519,659 | 89,506 | 1.836,537 | 2. $860,413^{2}$ | 4.786, 456 |
| Saskatche | 10 | 53 | 141,186 | $15,329$ | 141. 131 | $336,427^{2}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 492,887 \\ 2.707,866 \end{array}$ |
| Alberta ...................................... | 36 | 279 | 873, 329 | 55,843 | 637,660 | 2,014,363 ${ }^{2}$ | 2, 707, 866 |
| British Columbia, Xukon and Northwest Territories $\qquad$ | 103 | 1.050 | 2,912.505 | 170,578 | 2,157,547 | $6.016,184^{2}$ | 8,344, 309 |
| 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 1,360 | 31,071 | 85, 748, 818 | 3, 354.557 | 102, 179, 368 | 149, 157, 222 | 252,306, 0 , |
| Newfoundlan | 3 | 45 | 73,576 | 9,043 | 89, 467 | 84,939 | 188. |
| Nova Scotia | 16 | 62 | 161,697 | 55,903 | 75, 295 | 313, 940 | 443,704 |
| New Brunswic | 14 | 353 | 911,691 | 77, 641 | 1,285, 266 | 1,772, 333 | 3, 138, 276 |
| Quebec | 436 | 9,509 | 24. 707, 500 | 882,813 | 31, 290, 394 | 42, 532, 776 | 74,427, 5 -7 |
| Ontario | 687 | 19, 151 | 54, 348, 342 | 2,009,153 | 64, 547, 899 | 95, 067, 578 | 159, 567, 287 |
| Manitoba | 52 | 638 | 1,451,284 | 83,658 | 2,182, 251 | 2, 813,380 | 5,051,279 |
| Saskatchewan | 12 | 54. | 143, 304 | 14. 242 | 122,619 | 287, 756 | 419, 882 |
| Alberta | 35 | 278 | 850,472 | 66,600 | 391,076 | 1,778,029 | 2,234,429 |
| British Columbia | 105 | 981 | 3, 100,952 | 155,504 | 2.195, 101 | 4, 506, 491 | 6,835, 485 |

1. Commencing with 1952 gross value of production was replaced by value of factory shipments.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953 , these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture."

TABLE 2. Principal Statistics of the Industries Comprising the Miscellaneous Industries Group. 1954

| Industry | Estab-1ishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at <br> plant of <br> fuel and <br> electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Selling value of factory shipments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Artificial flowers and feathers | 43 | 503 | 931,675 | 27, 228 | 952,970 | 1, 596, 385 | 2.558, 585 |
| Brooms, brushes and mops ............... | 92 | 2,112 | 4,939,514 | 157. 819 | 7,920,853 | 8,713,647 | 16,554, 807 |
| Buttons, buckles and fasteners......... | 44 | 1,592 | 4, 138,450 | 115, 798 | 4,420,926 | 6, 249, 338 | 10, 759,859 |
| Candles | 15 | 244 | 592, 266 | 34, 812 | 1, 102,580 | 1, 575, 552 | 2, 700, 401 |
| Clocks, watches and watch cases .... | 35 | 1, 106 | 3, 372,014 | 50, 446 | 6,110, 485 | 6, 133, 062 | 12, 238, 697 |
| Fountain pens and pencils ............... | 17 | 1,066 | 3, 039, 155 | 75,913 | 4, 219,594 | 6,584, 899 | 10, 702, 089 |
| Hair goods animal and human ............ | 15 | 101 | -273,157 | 7,326 | 881, 915 | 438,008 | 1,307,095 |
| Ice, artificial....................... | 69 | 673 | 1, 89?,668 | 576,461 | 129,443 | 3,801,310 | 4, 513, 43.1 |
| Lamps, electric and lamp shades... | 66 | 1.279 | 2,630,614 | 95, 894 | 4,486, 425 | 4,822,256 | 9,375,903 |
| Models and patterns (except paper) .. | 66 | 353 | 1, 220, 814 | 33,365 | 339, 585 | 1.564,447 | 1,937, 044 |
| Musical instruments ...................... | 26 | 1.379 | 3, 588,469 | 144,376 | 3,373,189 | 6,704,739 | 10.240, 5\% |
| Pipes, lighters and other smokers' supplies | 12 | 234 | 617,085 | 22,059 | 885,937 | 1.309,246 | 2,058, 944 |
| Plastics products | 154 | 3,920 | 9,989,841 | 504, 209 | 18, 526, 126 | 18,601, 356 | 37, 480, 878 |

TABLE 2. Principal Statistics of the Industries Comprising the Miscellaneous Industries Group. 1954 - Concluded

| inatustry | Estab-lishments | $\begin{gathered} \text { En- } \\ \text { ployees } \end{gathered}$ | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Selling value of factory shipments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Scientific and professional equipment | 139 | 6,755 | 22, 519, 467 | 523,231 | 22,824,964 | 38,070, 305 | 59, 743, 340 |
| Signs, electric, neon and other......... | 206 | 2,731 | 8, 493, 332 | 430,412 | $6,444,124$ | 13, 391, 309 | 20, 273,968 |
| Sporting goods................................. | 82 | 1,664 | 4,131,191 | 147,838 | $5,083,136$ | 6,998,099 | 12,084, 703 |
| Stamps and stencils, rubber andmetal | 61. | 898 | $2,564,387$ | 60,046 | 1,336,837 | 3,475, 776 | 4,875,848 |
| Statuary, art goods and novelties...... | 111 | 946 | 2,055,885 | 67,918 | 1,509,980 | $3,175,292$ | $4,712,658$ |
| Toys and games ............................... | 52 | 1,337 | 3, 134, 766 | 119,784 | 5,608, 244 | $5,145,063$ | 10,937,953 |
| Typewriter supplies | 10 | 409 | 1,211,327 | 36,595 | 2,256,261 | $2,525,928$ | 4,837,619 |
| Umbrellas.. | 8 | 192 | 358,829 | 8,331 | 688,091 | 702,359 | 1,383,343 |
| Miscellaneous | 37 | 1,577 | 4,048,912 | 114,696 | 3,077, 703 | 7,578,846 | 11,028,245 |
| Total. | 1,360 | 31,071 | 85, 748, 818 | 3,354,557 | 102,179,368 | 149,157, 222 | 252,306, 085 |

TABLE 3. Inventories ${ }^{2}$ of the Miscellaneous Industries Group. 1954

|  | Raw materials and supplies | Goods in process | Finished goods of own manufacture | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ope | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Newfoundland | 33,660 | 922 | 12,281 | 46.863 |
| Nova Scotia | 12,642 | 2,589 | 988 | 16. 219 |
| New Brunswic | 507, 112 | 308,472 | 452,701 | 1, 268,285 |
| Quebec | 9, 152, 418 | 3,788,159 | 4.135,958 | 17,076,535 |
| Ontarlo | 16, 738,587 | 7. 463,817 | 12,995, 016 | 37, 197, 420 |
| Manitoba | 441,358 | 63,965 | 167,902 | 673,225 |
| Saskatchewan | 39,430 | 5,877 | 7, 567 | 52,874 |
| Alberta | 113,793 | 7,855 | 6,315 | 127,963 |
| British Columbia | 595, 432 | 63.742 | 202,627 | 861,801 |
| Canada | 27,634, 432 | 11,705,398 | 17,981,355 | $57,321,185$ |
| Closing: |  |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland <br> Nova Scotia | 60,176 27,736 | 972 3,571 | 7.491 2.425 | 68.639 33.732 |
| New Brunswick | 480,651 | 254,043 | 449,665 | 1,184,359 |
| Quebec | 8,748,806 | 3,000,072 | 4,414,434 | 16,163,312 |
| Ontario | 17,896, 768 | 7,945,372 | 15,052,359 | 40,894. 499 |
| Manitoba. | 482.476 | 77, 052 | 195,912 | 755,440 |
| Saskatchewan | 38, 901 | 3,166 | 12, 302 | 54, 369 |
| Al berta | 112,039 | 11,380 | 7,591 | 131,010 |
| British Columbia | 586,673 | 73,152 | 224, 238 | 884,063 |
| Canada | 28,434, 226 | 11,368,780 | $20,366,417$ | 60,169,423 |

1. Book value of all manufacturing inventories held at plant and plant warehouses.

## The Artificial Flowers and Feathers Industry

This industry has declined in 1954 to one of 43 establishments having a factory shipments value of $\$ 2,558.585$ from one of 45 establishments with factory shipments valued at $\$ 2,760,552$ in 1953. The percentage decrease in value of goods shipped in 1954 was 7.3 from that of the previous year. Employment was given to 503 persons, 13 less than the year before, while the payroll increased by $\$ 5,075$ to $\$ 931,675$. Materials used cost $\$ 952,970$, which was $\$ 123,447$ or 11.5 per cent less than in 1953.

The industry is practically confined to the provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Quebec, with 27
establishments, accounted for 702 per cent of the persons engaged in the industry and 72.0 per cent of its shipments. Ontario accounted for the balance of employment and shipments except for the contribution of one firm in each of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Artificial flowers, the principal item of production, were shipped in the amount of $\$ 1,685,560$ in 1954. Second in importance were feathers and feather trimmings which were shipped to the extent of $\$ 358,244$. For further details of products, see Table 2.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1927-1954

| Year and province | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of productiond |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1927 | 7 | 166 | 127,924 | 654 | 161,121 | 261,666 | 423,441 |
| 1932 | 4 | 99 | 57,640 | 527 | 40, 204 | 76,940 | 117,671 |
| 1937 | 19 | 350 | 201.689 | 1,566 | 170,919 | 354, 405 | 526, 890 |
| 1939 | 23 | 490 | 314, 374 | 3. 284 | 342,485 | 450,620 | 796. 389 |
| 1942 | 26 | 657 | 521,455 | 8.519 | 450,047 | 723,398 | 1,181,964 |
| 1945 | 30 | 689 | 706.074 | 8.193 | 796,486 | 1,293, 186 | 2,097,865 |
| 1946 | 35 | 749 | 827.817 | 10, 269 | 867, 783 | 1,440,324 | 2,318,376 |
| 1947 | 41 | 687 | 796,704 | 12,351 | 680.430 | 1,250,543 | 1,943,324 |
| 1948 | 36 | 710 | 888,196 | 16.427 | 888, 275 | 1,444, 082 | $2,348,784$ |
| 1949 | 38 | 677 | 915,935 | 12,761 | 1,133,009 | 1.570,532 | 2, 716,302 |
| 1950 | 38 | 709 | 957,887 | 12,195 | 960, 508 | 1,688,243 | 2,660,946 |
| 1951 | 39 | 676 | 996, 264 | 12,912 | 1,050,488 | 1,676,903 | 2, 740, 303 |
| 1952 | 42 | 573 | 875,051 | 13,390 | 1,054,829 | 1,607, $121^{3}$ | $2,675,340$ |
| Canada | 45 | 516 | 926,600 | 18,292 | 1.076,417 | 1,665,843 ${ }^{3}$ | 2,760,552 |
| Quebec.. | 27 | 363 | 649.438 | 10.551 | 890.380 | $1,149,951^{3}$ | 2,050,882 |
| Ontario, Manitoba and Alberta ........ | 18 | 153 | 277,162 | 7.741 | 186,037 | $515,892^{3}$ | 709,670 |
| Canada ......................................... | 43 | 503 | 931,675 | 27,228 | 952,970 | 1,596,385 | 2,558,585 |
| Quebec | 27 | 353 | 649,153 | 19,060 | 735,586 | 1,086,438 | 1,843,257 |
| Ontario and other provinces ${ }^{2}$........... | 16 | 150 | 282,522 | 8,168 | 217,384 | 509.947 | 715,328 |

1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Other provinces include - Manitoba 1, Saskatchewan 1 and Alberta 1.
3. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953, these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture."

TABLE 2. Factory Shipments 1953 and 1954

| Products | 1953 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## The Candle Industry

In 1954 reports were received from 15 estabiisiments engaged primarily in the manufacture of candles. Twelve of these establishments were located in Quebec and one in each of Ontario, Saskatchewan and British Columbia. As indicated by the number of establishments, Quebec occupied the leading position in the industry with a high percentage of the number of persons given employment and of the value of goods'shipped.

The factory shipments made by the industry in 1954 were valued at $\$ 2,700,401$, which compares with $\$ 2,464,656$ in the previous year. Employment was afforded to 244 persons, 13 more than in 1953, while the payroll at $\$ 592,266$ was higher by $\$ 83,902$ or 165 per cent. The cost of materials used was $\$ 1,102,580$, an increase of 17.1 per cent over the earlier year's figure.

Religious candles is the principal commodity manufactured by the industry. In 1954 the shipments
of these were as fullows: 7-day lights, 124,272 dozen valued at $\$ 862,810$; votive lights all kinds, $2,345,309$ dozen at $\$ 660,057$; candles, 850,044 pounds at $\$ 636,844$. Other main items in order of importance were coloured and fancy candles including wax novelties, 566,574 dozen at $\$ 367,026$ and household candles, 782,449 pounds at $\$ 98,845$.

The chief material was paraffin of which $1,348,075$ pounds refined and 4,629,704 pounds crude were used, costing $\$ 120,639$ and $\$ 346,060$. respectively. Beeswax was consumed in the amount of 292,384 pounds worth $\$ 168,147$ and other wax to the extent of 48,745 pounds worth $\$ 14,732$. The consumption of stearic acid was 190,842 pounds costing $\$ 28,313$.

Imports of paraffin wax candles amounted to 293,436 pounds valued at $\$ 98,999$; other candles to 201,529 pounds valued at $\$ 72,931$. Exports of candles were 41,576 pounds with a value of $\$ 13,137$.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1928-1954


1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953 , these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture."

TABLE 2. Factory Shipments 1953 and 1954

| Products | Unit of measure | 1953 |  | 1954 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantity | Selling value at factory | Quantity | Selling value at factory |
| Candles and cierges: |  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| 1. Household, coloured, fancy, etc.: <br> (a) Household candles, paraffin wax <br> (b) Coloured and fancy, including wax novelties. | $\begin{gathered} \text { lb. } \\ \text { doz. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 638,816 \\ & 477,120 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 91,470 \\ 340,054 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 782,449 \\ & 566,574 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 98,845 \\ 367,026 \end{array}$ |
| 2. Church, chapel, synagogue, etc.: <br> (a) Beeswax candles and cierges. $\qquad$ <br> (b) Composition candles and cierges $\qquad$ <br> (c) 7-day lights, bees wax and vegetable oils <br> (d) 7-day lights, composition, other. $\qquad$ <br> (e) Votive lights, all kinds. $\qquad$ | 1b. 1 b. doz. $\because$ | $\begin{array}{r} 447,282 \\ 369,292 \\ 18,176 \\ 81,224 \\ 2,239,572 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 456,766 \\ & 141,729 \\ & 242,857 \\ & 474,447 \\ & 623,305 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 457,297 \\ 392,747 \\ 14,655 \\ 109,617 \\ 2,345,309 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 480,024 \\ & 156,820 \\ & 234,028 \\ & 628,782 \\ & 660,057 \end{aligned}$ |
| 3. Incense ..................................................................... | 1 b . | 6,802 | 10,341 | 6,545 | 7.401 |
|  | * | 7,364 | 8,312 | 6,073 | 7.820 |
| 5. Floor wax................................................................ | * | 151,653 | 27,863 |  |  |
| 6. All other products..........................a...................... | - | - | 47,512 | - | 59,598 |
| Total value of products ........................................ | - | $-$ | 2,464,6x6 | - | 2.700,401 |

[^0]
## Clocks, Watches and Watch Cases

This industry is comprised of establishments primarily engaged in the manufacture of clocks and watches, including materials and parts for same. It includes establishments whose principal activity is assembling clocks and watches from purchased movements and watchcases of either own or other manufacture. The purchase of complete watches and the attachment of straps or bands thereto is not considered a manufacturing activity.

Clock and watch manufacturers were classified with the jewellery industry until 1947 at which time they were transferred to the scientific and professional equipment industry. In 1951 they were removed from this latter industry and classified separately.

In 1954 repcrin ware recaring from $3 \%$ esiablishments, 1 more than in 1953. Nineteen of the establishments were located in Quebec, 14 in Ontario and 2 in Manitoba. Shipments of goods in the later year were valued at $\$ 12,238,697$ compared with shipments worth $\$ 12,669,629$ in the earlier. Employment which stood at 1,190 in 1953 fell to 1,106 in 1954. Salary and wage payments were $\$ 3,372,014$ which was a decrease of $\$ 126,803$ from those of 1953. The materials consumed in manufacture cost $\$ 6,110,485$ in 1954 compared with $\$ 7,103,175$ in 1953 .

Information on production, imports and exports will be found in the Tables which follow.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, 1951-1954


1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953, these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture."

TABLE 2. Factory Shipments 1953 and 1954

| Products | 1952 |  | 1953 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Selling value at factory | Quantity | Selling value at factory |
|  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| Clocks, electric................................................................. | 243,442 | 1.075,998 | 258.964 | 1.106 .370 |
| Clocks. not electric, mantel and wall types..................... | 20,515 | 142,396 | 18,106 | 94,383 |
| Clocks, not electric, other types ..................................... | 792, 313 | 2,111,951 | 709,327 | 1,910,916 |
| Watches, wrist.................................................................... | 345,749 | 7,147,449 | 434,052 | 6,540,979 |
| Watches, other ................................................................... | 443, 809 | 874,398 | 448, 526 | 997, 03\% |
| Watch cases ...................................................................... | 288, 350 | 592, 372 | 206, 564 | 501,3.35 |
| Bracelets ............................................................................ | 268,392 | 310,456 | 165,659 | 247,679 |
| All other products.............................................................. | - | 414,609 | - | 839, 97? |
| Total ................................................................................. | - | 12,669,629 | - | 12,238,6\%i |

TABLE 3 Imports of Clocks and Watches, and Parts

| Articles inporteti |
| :--- |

TABLE 4. Exports of Clocks and Watches, and Parts

| Articles exported | 1953 |  | 1954 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | 2uantity | Value |
|  | No. | \$ | No. | \$ |
| Clocks and parts ..................................................................... | 79,672 | 368.320 | 64.663 | 303,478 |
| Watches and parts ................................................................................ | 129,166 | 367,420 | 199.740 | 529.127 |

## The Fountain Pens and Pencils Industry

This industry has grown from one comprised of three establishments with a million dollar output in 1926 to one of 17 establishments producing over ten million dollars worth of goods in 1954. The greater part of this increase occurred during the war and immediate post-war years. A substantial portion of it was effected through increased exports, the peak year for exports being 1947 during which fountain pens, pencils and parts approximating four million dollars in value were exported.

In 1954 reports were received from 17 establishments located as follows: British Columbia 1, Ontario 9 and Quebec 7. These establishments shipped goods with a selling value at factory of
$\$ 10,702,089$, gave employment to 1,066 persons who were paid $\$ 3,039,155$ in salaries and wages, and consumed materials costing $\$ 4,219,594$.

Shipments of fountain pens, the industry's leading commodity, amounted to 149,397 dozen valued at $\$ 3,294,804$. Ordinary lead and other nonmechanical pencils which were shipped to the extent of 565,888 gross worth $\$ 2,478,838$ ranked next in importance followed by ball point pens amounting to 672,338 dozen valued at $\$ 1,934,350$.

Detailed information concerning production, imports and exports appears in Tables 2, 3, and 4 which follow.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1926-1954

| Year and province | Estab-1ishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1926 | 3 | 185 | 211,885 | 4.778 | 373,255 | 705,404 | 1,083,437 |
| 1929 | 6 | 364 | 433, 174 | 5,635 | 954,917 | 1.889,332 | 2,849,884 |
| 1933 | 10 | 334 | 364.265 | 16.155 | 633,843 | 801,982 | 1.451.980 |
| 1937 | 9 | 545 | 566,478 | 17,277 | 950,914 | 1,245,869 | 2.214, 060 |
| 1939 | 9 | 591 | 629,831 | 18,289 | 909,776 | 1,214, 442 | 2.142,507 |
| 1940 | 9 | 603 | 660,398 | 17,420 | 872.115 | 1,244, 273 | $2,133,808$ |
| 1941 | 10 | 686 | 777.782 | 24,382 | 1.231,840 | 1,857,674 | 3,113,896 |
| 1945 | 10 | 1,315 | 1,892,220 | 31,242 | 2,627,912 | 4,253,146 | 6.912 .300 |
| 1946 | 10 | 1.462 | 1,963,245 | 36,836 | 4,223,043 | 5.696,637 | 9,956,516 |
| 1947 | 10 | 1. 426 | 2, 326,043 | 39.034 | 3,522,684 | 5, 344, 271 | 8,905,989 |
| 1948 | 12 | 1. 248 | 2,148, 127 | 45,149 | 2,682.930 | 3, 695, 583 | $6,423,662$ |
| 1949 | 15 | 1.221 | 2, 328, 167 | 43,221 | 2,972,524 | 6,657,965 | 9,673,710 |
| 1950 | 18 | 1,133 | 2,421,360 | 51.220 | 3,435,080 | 5, 385,851 | 8,872,151 |
| 1951 | 20 | 1,122 | 2,669, 218 | 59,009 | 4, 239,976 | 5, 515, 281 | 9,814, 266 |
| 1952 | 20 | 1,080 | 2,670,986 | 60,585 | 3,755,188 | 5,657,987 ${ }^{2}$ | 9, 473,760 |
| Canada | 17 | 1,169 | 2,903,588 | 66,904 | 4,115,356 | $6.514,328^{2}$ | 10,696,588 |
| Quebec and British Columbia <br> Ontario $\qquad$ | $1{ }^{7}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 384 \\ 785 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 829,413 \\ 2,074,175 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18,967 \\ & 47,937 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,540,485 \\ & 2,574,871 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.480,033^{2} \\ & 4,034,295^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,039,485 \\ & 6,657,103 \end{aligned}$ |
| Canada | 17 | 1,066 | $3,039,155$ | 75.913 | 4.219,594 | 6.584, 899 | 10,702, 089 |
| Quebec and British Columbia ....... | 8 | 397 | + 855,649 | 20,524 | 1, 901,394 | 2,332,143 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,223,651 \\ & 6,478,438 \end{aligned}$ |
| Ontario ............................................. | 9 | 669 | 2.183,506 | 55,389 | 2,318,200 | 4,252,756 | 6,478,438 |

1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953 , these figures have been ahoulated frow vilue of fatiory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manuiacture".

TABLE 2. Factory Shipments 1953 and 1954

| Products |  | 1953 |  | 1954 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantity | Selling value at factory | Quantity | Selling value at factory |
|  |  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
|  | doz. | 175.966 | 3.550, 356 | 149,397 | 3,294,804 |
| Fountain pen nibs, holders and other parts | doz |  | +125, 138 | 672, 338 | 193,860 $+\quad 934,350$ |
| Ball point pens | doz. | 455,732 197,645 | $1.654,294$ 428,417 | 672.338 391.375 | $1.934,350$ 568,980 |
| Replacement cartridges for ball point pens .............. Non-mechanical penclls, black lead ....................... | gross |  |  | 391,375 445,129 | 1.764,097 |
|  | " |  | 2. | 120. 759 | 714, 741 |
|  | doz. | 79,129 | 562.778 | 93,694 | 602,877 |
|  | - | - | 140,406 | - | 128, 365 |
|  | - | - | 130,948 | - | 104,588 |
| Other stationery supplies ............................................. | - | - | 900.174 | - | 841.368 |
|  | - | - | 704, 701 | - | 499, 201 |
|  | - | - | 25,472 | - | 54.858 |
|  | - | - | 10,696, 588 | - | 10.702. 089 |

TABLE 3. Imports of Pens, Pencils and Parts, 1953 and 1954

| Articles Imported | Unit of measure | 1953 |  | 1954 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
|  |  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| Fountain pens ..................................................... | - | - | 891,673 | - | 936,863 |
| Pencils, lead, non-propeling, with stationary lead.... | gross | 49,102 | 103.232 | 47.770 | 129,763 |
| Penclls, lead, noo.p. ........................................ | - | - | 229. 414 |  | 238, 985 |
| Pens, n.0.p., penholders and rules of all kinds ......... | - | - | 492,159 | - | 471.748 |

TABLE 4. Exports of Pens, Pencils and Parts, 1953 and 1954

| Alicies Exportad | 1953 |  | 1954 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
|  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| Fountain pens including pen and pencil sets ........................ | - | 1.894,302 | - | 1.082.295 |
| Mechanical and propelling pencils ....no........................................ | - | 49,574 | - | 25,785 |
| Pens and pencils and parts, $\mathrm{n}, 0 . \mathrm{p} . . . \ldots \ldots$ | - | 176,447 | - | 273,189 |

## The Hair Goods Industry

This industry consists of firms engaged in the processing of hair. In 1954 it was comprised of 15 establishments located as follows: Quebec 6, Ontario 6, Manitoba 1 and British Columbia 2. These establishments reported shipments having a value of $\$ 1,307,095$, gave employment to 101 persons who received $\$ 273,157$ in salaries and wages, and consumed materials costing $\$ 881,915$. Comparable data for 1953 was 16 establishments, shipments valued at $\$ 1,721,981,118$ employees,
$\$ 317,947$ in salaries and wages, and $\$ 1,154,380$ for materials.

The processing of animal hair in 1954 amounted to 449,240 pounds valued at $\$ 832,180$. Included in the shipments of goods in 1954 was $\$ 76,479$ worth of wigs, toupees and switches compared with $\$ 70,490$ worth in 1953. The balance of the value of shipments was accounted for by the amounts received for all other products and for repairs.

## Manufactured Ice

Establishments whose principal activity is the manufacture of ice for sale are classified to this industry. Several of these establishments derive some of their revenue from cold storage but firms whose main concern is the manufacture of ice for their own refrigeration systems are excluded. The harvesting and storage of natural ice is not considered a manufacturing operation and establishments so engaged are also excluded.

In 1954 the industry was comprised of 69 establishments located as follows: Nova Scotia 2, New

Brunswick 2, Quebec 11, Ontario 39, Manitoba 1, Saskatchewan 1, Alberta 2, and British Columbia 11. The value of factory shipments for the year amounted to $\$ 4,513,431$. Employment was given to 673 persons who were paid $\$ 1,897,668$ in salaries and wages. Materials costing $\$ 129,443$ were consumed in production.

The industry shipped 750,816 tons of artificial ice in 1954 which compares with 856,064 tons shipped in the previous year. Trade in this commodity was on a limited scale only, exports amounting to $\$ 41,774$ and imports to $\$ 10,324$.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1927 to 1954

|  | Year and Province | Estab-lishments | $\underset{\text { Em- }}{\text { ployees }}$ | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1927 |  | 28 | 279 | 402. 292 | 145,570 | 60,682 | 1.066, 716 | 1,272,968 |
| 1929 |  | 31 | 303 | 408,581 | 158,197 | 76,919 | 1, 247, 662 | 1,482,778 |
| 1931 |  | 43 | 394 | 539,316 | 191,607 | 78,334 | 1,703,365 | 1,973,306 |
| 1933 |  | 43 | 358 | 421.567 | 169,967 | 51,325 | 1,281,948 | 1,503,240 |
| 1937 |  | 50 | 629 | 644.763 | 179,592 | 76,923 | 1,522,794 | 1,779,309 |
| 1939 |  | 49 | 643 | 704,951 | 196.530 | 74,341 | 1,622, 292 | 1.893. 163 |
| 1941 |  | 51 | 626 | 743.548 | 228, 160 | 99,404 | 1,907, 560 | 2, 235, 124 |
| 1945 |  | 56 | 871 | 1,335,515 | 305, 519 | 125, 792 | 3,190, 353 | 3,621,664 |
| 1947 |  | 60 | 803 | 1,461,664 | 350,669 | 169,545 | 4,213,749 | 4,733,963 |
| 1948 | ............................................ | 61 | 827 | 1,695,441 | 399, 227 | 130,095 | 4,485, 779 | 5,015,101 |
| 1949 |  | 69 | 894 | 1,810, 364 | 512,474 | 173,687 | 5,116, 274 | 5,802,435 |
| 1950 |  | 65 | 794 | 1.764,456 | 520,718 | 157.450 | 3, 690, 541 | 4,368,709 |
| 1951 | ,......... | 77 | 1. 174 | 2,890, 750 | 616,293 | 159,765 | 5. 231,305 | 6,007, 363 |
| 1952 |  | 78 | 1,215 | 3,220,933 | 653,822 | 174,380 | 6,069,598 ${ }^{2}$ | 6,897,800 |

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1927 to 1954 - Concluded

| Year and Province | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at <br> plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1953 | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Canada | 77 | 931 | 2,614,595 | 657.087 | 160.407 | 4, 986,2842 | 5, 803, 778 |
| Nova Scotia and New Brunswick Quebec | ${ }_{11}^{4}$ | 50 100 | $\begin{aligned} & 131,956 \\ & 305,491 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 72,236 \\ 110,839 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,538 \\ 35,390 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 411,368^{2} \\ & 759,907^{2} \end{aligned}$ | 489,142 906,136 |
| Ontario | 45 | 571 | 1,620,858 | 331,720 | 84, 778 | 2, 801, 8822 | 3, 218, 380 |
| Prairie Provinces | 4 | 80 | 197,505 | 55, 427 | 12,575 | $417.682^{2}$ | 485,684 |
| British Columbia | 13 | 130 | 358,785 | 86,865 | 22. 126 | $595,445^{2}$ | 704,436 |
| 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 69 | 673 | 1.897, 668 | 576,461 | 129, 443 | 3,801,310 | 4,513,431 |
| Nova Scotia and New Brunswick...... | 4 | 42 | 117.624 | 77. 398 | 6, 089 | 329, 005 | 412, 402 |
| Quebec .......................................... | 11 | 74 | 224,899 | 95,806 | 26. 218 | 619,183 | 741,162 |
| Ontario ............ | 39 | 411 | 1. 138,753 | 283, 044 | 67, 389 | 2,003, 032 | 2. 363,444 |
| Prairie Provinces | 11 | 36 | 103, 155 | 44,969 | 10, 371 | 334, 686 | 387.521 |
| British Columbia | 11 | 110 | 313, 237 | 75. 244 | 19,376 | 515, 404 | 608,902 |

1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953 these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture."

## Electric Lamps and Lamp Shades

The manufacturers of electric lamps and lamp shades were classified to a separate industry for the first time in 1939. Prior to then the majority of them were to be found in the statuary and art goods industry with the remaining few in several other industries.

The industry has experienced substantial growth since 1939 as evidenced by the fact that gross value of production in that year was $\$ 1,018,254$ as compared with factory shipments of $\$ 9,375,993$ in 1954. In the earlier year the industry manufactured 167,159 electric lamps of all kinds as against 987,865 in the latter year. Lamp shade production for the same two years amounted to 411,216 and $1,688,132$.

In 1954 reports were received from 66 establishments of which 32 were in Quebec, 28 in Ontario, 2 in Manitoba and 4 in British Columbia. Factory shipments made by these establishments were valued at $\$ 9,375,993$ compared with $\$ 9,346,754$ in 1953. Employment fell to 1,279 persons from the previous year's figure of 1,288 , and salaries and wages decreased from $\$ 2,662,792$ to $\$ 2,630,614$ over the two years. Cost of materials consumed was $\$ 4,486,425$ which compares with $\$ 4,651,902$ in 1953 , a loss of about 3.5 per cent.

Table 2 which follows contains detailed information of the industry's products for 1953 and 1954.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1939 to 1954

|  | Year and province | Estab-lishinents | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by inanufacture | Gross value of production ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1939 \\ & 1941 \\ & 1942 \\ & 1943 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 25 \\ & 28 \\ & 24 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 368 \\ & 540 \\ & 578 \\ & 478 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 8,926 \\ 12,666 \\ 16,018 \\ 13,971 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 522,894 \\ 77,070 \\ 1,053,341 \\ 762,697 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,018,254 \\ & 1,540,684 \\ & 1,906,938 \\ & 1,388,006 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1945 \\ & 1946 \\ & 1947 \\ & 1948 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 28 \\ & 35 \\ & 42 \\ & 44 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 651 \\ & 914 \\ & 845 \\ & 905 \end{aligned}$ | 768, 117 <br> 1,137,804 <br> $1,148,954$ $1,358,103$ | 20, 729 <br> 26. 467 <br> 34. 789 <br> 35, 934 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,115,817 \\ & 2,129,128 \\ & 1,770,414 \\ & 2,048,504 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,355,273 \\ & 2,137,497 \\ & 1,828,889 \\ & 2,530,630 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,491,819 \\ & 4,993,092 \\ & 3,634,092 \\ & 4,615,068 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1949 \\ & 1950 \\ & 1951 \\ & 1952 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \\ & 49 \\ & 55 \\ & 59 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,078 \\ & 1,159 \\ & 1,164 \\ & 1,245 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,828,258 \\ & 2,131,637 \\ & 2,167,450 \\ & 2,426,725 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,761,502 \\ & 3,443,998 \\ & 3,624,308 \\ & 4,516,335 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,187,711 \\ & 3,551,928 \\ & 3,690,651 \\ & 4,514,192^{2} \end{aligned}$ | 5, 993, 189 <br> 7. 059, 218 <br> 7, 395, 374 <br> 9, 113,968 |

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1939 to 1954 -Concluded

| Yair and province | Estab lishments | Employees | Salaries And wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1953 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 57 | 1, 288 | 2,662,792 | 88, 568 | 4,651,902 | 4,506,284 ${ }^{2}$ | 9, 346, 754 |
| Quebec .................................. | 28 | 529 | 1,070,008 | 25, 517 | 2, 117. 719 | 1,939,651 ${ }^{2}$ | 4, 082, 887 |
| Ontarlo ......................................... | 24 | 646 | 1,347,751 | 49,042 | 2,272,695 | 2,353, $123^{2}$ | 4,674,860 |
| Manitoba and British Columbia ........ | 5 | 113 | 245, 033 | 14.009 | 261,488 | 313, $510^{2}$ | 589,007 |
| 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 66 | 1. 279 | 2, 630, 614 | 95, 894 | 4, 486,425 | 4,822,256 | 9,375,993 |
| Quebec................................ | 32 | 570 | 1,078,536 | 28, 333 | 2, 123,756 | 2, 141,597 | 4, 254, 491 |
| Ontario | 28 | 650 | 1,395,739 | 63,527 | 2, 179,508 | 2,493,882 | 4, 752, 684 |
| Manitoba and British Columbia........ | 6 | 59 | 156, 339 | 4,034 | 183, 161 | 186,777 | 368.818 |

1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953 these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true, "value added by manufacture."

TABLE 2. Factory Shipments, 1933 and 1934

| Products | 1953 |  | 1954 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Selling value at factory | Quantity | Selling value at factory |
|  | No. | \$ | No. | \$ |
| Lamps, electric: |  |  |  |  |
| [PMor ................................................................................. | 184, 147 | 2,239,585 | 209, 247 | 2,241, 454 |
| Tther .................................................................................................................. | 614.318 136.695 | $3,249,759$ 320,179 | 651,210 127,408 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,045,360 \\ 455,171 \end{array}$ |
| Lamp shades: |  |  |  |  |
| Silk........... | 276.609 | 674,895 | 194, 058 | 447,669 |
| Parchment ....................................................................... | 322, 578 | 599, 116 | 368.498 | 432.443 |
| Plastic and fibreglass Other | 546,094 43,101 | $\begin{array}{r} 912,352 \\ 70,873 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,120,784 \\ 4,792 \end{array}$ | $1,161,707$ |
| Lamp and shade parts | - | 5,828 | - | 42, 240 |
| Smoking sets | 122,794 | 653, 063 | 103.954 | 558, 191 |
| Novelties, all kinds. | - | 73,093 | - | 134,633 |
| All other products | - | 510.478 | - | 809,630 |
| Amount received 'r custom work and repairs .............. | - | 37, 533 | - | 32, 468 |
| Total.................................................................... | - | 9, 346,754 | - | 9,373,993 |

## Models and Patterns (Except Paper)

The Standard Industrial Classification which was adopted in 1949 classified to the group "Miscellaneous Manufactures" establishments whose principal products were models and patterns other than paper. These establishments, which under the former scheme of classification were found for the most part in the miscellaneous wood products industry, were transferred to "Miscellaneous Manufactures" In 1950 where they were formed into an industry entitled "Models and Patterns (Except Paper)".

The industry in 1954 consisted of 66 establishments distributed provincially as follows: Nova Scotia 1, Quebec 15, Ontario 41, Manitoba 2, Alberta

1 and British Columbia 6. These establishments reported factory shipments worth $\$ 1,937,044$. The payroll consisted of 353 employees who received $\$ 1,220,814$. Materials and supplies costing $\$ 339,585$ were consumed in manufacture. Comparable data for 1953 were 67 establishments, 375 employees, $\$ 1,342,308$ for salaries and wages, $\$ 2,102,494$ for value of factory shipments, and material cost $\$ 328,367$.

Patterns and models which account for most of the industry's output were reported to the extent of $\$ 2,030,337$ and $\$ 1,831,312$ in 1953 and 1954, resbectively. Sundry items account for the small balances.

## Pipes, Lighters and Other Smokers' Supplios

Prior to 1947 this industry was comprised of establishments manufacturing tobacco pipes as principal product. It was quite a small industry then with never more than 6 establishments and an annual value of production ranging from $\$ 17,000$ to $\$ 162,000$. In 1947 the industry was expanded to embrace flints, Lighters and other smokers' supplies with a consequent increase in establishments to 13 and of output to approximately $\$ 3,000,000$.

In 1954 factory shipments by the industry were valued at $\$ 2,058,944$, a decrease from the $\$ 2,411,334$ reported in 1953. Employment fell from 283 to 234 over the two years while there was a drop in salary and wage payments from $\$ 688,062$ to
$\$ 617,085$. The cost of materials and supplies amounted to $\$ 885,937$ in 1954 compared to $\$ 997,648$ in 1953. There were 12 establishments in 1954, 2 fewer than in the previous year.

Details of the products shipped by the industry must be suppressed in order to avoid disclosure of figures of individual establishments. However, it is possible to publish figures as assembled from all industries for most of the main commodities produced in the pipes, lighters and other smokers' supplies industry. These, for 1954, are as follows: 6,029 dozen pipes valued at $\$ 62,741$; cigarette lighters, 648,056 at $\$ 1,146,648$; flints for lighters. $\$ 318,746$; fluid for lighters, $\$ 595,499$.

## The Plastics Products Industry

Until 1946 establishments manufacturing primary plastics or plastics products were included with the miscellaneous chemical products industry. In 1946 these establishments were removed from this industry and formed into an industry entitled the plastics industry. The following year, 1947, the plastics industry was split into two industries, the first known as the primary plastics industry to which were classified establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing plastic materials in the form of sheets, rods, tubes, granules or liquid for use in further manufacture and the second called the plastics products industry, comprising establishments primarily engaged in moulding plastics for the trade and in manufacturing finished plastics products, not elsewhere classified.

It is important to note that the plastics products industry includes only those fabricators which manufacture from plastics the kinds of products not found elsewhere in the classification scheme. For example; women's aprons (including those of plastics materials) are classified to the women's factory clothing industry and establishments producing
women's plastic aprons as a principal product would be included with this industry. Similarly, manufacturers of plastic toys would be classified to the toy industry, of plastic handbags to the miscellaneous leather industry where the commodity handbags is to be found, etc. Some production of these commodities will, of course, be found in the plastics products industry where they are produced as secondary or minor products by the establishments assigned to the industry on the basis of their more important items of manufacture.

In 1954 the industry was comprised of 154 establishments distributed provincially as follows: Nova Scotia 1, New Brunswick 2, Quebec 41, Ontario 87, Manitoba 6, Alberta 5 and British Columbia 12. These establishments shipped goods with a value f.o.b. plant of $\$ 37,480,878$. The payroll listed 3,920 persons who received \$9,989,841 in salaries and wages. Materials having a cost of $\$ 18,526,126$ were used in manufacture.

The commodities shipped by the industry in 1954 are detailed in Table 2 which follows.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, 1947 to 1954

| Year and province | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1947 | 81 | 2,503 | 3,910,567 | 162,906 | 5,869,959 | 6,683, 145 | 12,716,010 |
| 1948 | 79 | 2,591 | 4,122,692 | 175,466 | 5, 604,354 | 8,717,086 | 14,496,906 |
| 1949 | 90 | 2,901 | $5,178,760$ | 220.803 | 8,091,506 | 8,833,277 | 17, 145,586 |
| 1950 | 98 | 3,195 | 6, 051, 615 | 265,073 | 10,948,140 | 11,828,581 | 23,041,794 |
| 1951 | 127 | 3,626 | 8,026,787 | 343, 244 | 15, 490, 305 | 15,946,997 | 31,780,546 |
| 1952 | 143 | 3,700 | 8,536,568 | 382,175 | 15, 773, 365 | 17, 429, 571.21 | 33,585, 111 |

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, 1947 to 1954 - Concluded

| *ear and province | Estab-lishments | Ernployees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1953 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada.................................. | 152 | 4,067 | 10, 138,910 | 425.819 | 18, 725, 905 | 19,858,821 ${ }^{2}$ | 39, 010, 545 |
| Quebec ....................................... | 48 | 1.139 | 2,819,415 | 158,335 | $7,142,364$ | $5,378,302^{2}$ | 12,679,001 |
| Ontario | 84 | 2.779 | 7,008,798 | 257. 186 | 10,542,859 | $13,939,902^{2}$ | 24,739,947 |
| British Columbia........................ | 9 | 57 | 110,517 | 3,411 | 130,657 | 178, $154{ }^{2}$ | 312,222 |
| Other Provinces | 11 | 92 | 200, 180 | 6.887 | 910.025 | $362,463^{2}$ | 1. 279,375 |
| 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada .................................... | 154 | 3,920 | 9, 989, 841 | 504,209 | 18,526, 126 | 18,601,336 | 37,480, 878 |
| Quebec | 41 | 1,022 | 2,762,706 | 160,878 | 6,031,063 | 5,836, 207 | $12,017,547$ |
| Ontario. | 87 | 2. 665 | $6,827,195$ | 328,275 | 10,990,793 | 11.951. 1.75 | $23,156,620$ |
| British Columbia | 12 | 60 | 129,803 | 5. 370 | 253,597 | 228,161 | 476,016 |
| Other Provinces. | 14 | 173 | 270, 137 | 9,686 | 1. 250,673 | 585,813 | 1,830,695 |

1 Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of grossvalue of production. 2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1953, these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture".

\(\left.\begin{array}{l|l|l|l}\hline Products \& 1953 \& 1954 <br>
\hline \& \& Selling value <br>

at factory\end{array}\right]\)| Selling value |
| :---: |
| at factory |

TABLE 2. Factory Shipments, 1953 and 1954 - Concluded

|  | 1953 | 1938 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Products | Selling value at factory | Selling value at factory |
|  | \$ | \$ |
| Miscellaneous plastics products: |  |  |
| Automobile parts and accessories | 1,358, 685 | 1, 149, 672 |
| Aircraft parts and accessories Radio parts and accessories | 369,726 577,412 | 72,311 609,699 |
| Refrigerator parts and accessories | 461, 806 | 622,892 |
| Electrical parts and accessories, other | 2,624,043 | 2, 596,944 |
| Other mechanical parts and accesscries | 171.740 $1.486,039$ |  |
| Bottle caps, closures etc. | $1,486,039$ 744,392 | $2,445,729$ 621,686 |
|  | 86, 172 | 48, 206 |
| Boxes other. | 251, 577 | 572,640 |
| Beauty parlor equipment and accessories. |  |  |
| Garden hose | 322, 102 | 369, 743 |
| Handles, not elsewhere specified Laminated plastics | 549,120 $4,707,542$ | 423,643 $4.864,656$ |
| Novelties ........................... | 4,707,542 | 4,864,656 |
| Nursery supplies... | 129,364 | 203, 171 |
| Signs and displays.. | 303,594 | 278, 747 |
| Stationery goods...... | 154,312 | 227, 168 |
| Toys | 3,478,442 | 2, 604, 271 |
| Tile, floor and wall | 808, 176 | 1,037,527 |
| Pipe extruded | 963, 298 | 1,462,397 |
| Tubing, lacing, belting, etc., extruded | 242, 647 | 324,521 |
| Other miscellaneous plastics products not specifled Miscellaneous products other than plastics. | $7,281,941$ $1,643,628$ | 7, 291, 092 |
| Miscelianeous products other than plastic. | $1,643,628$ 798,396 | $\begin{aligned} & 658,172 \\ & 372,761 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total value of products | 39,010,545 | 37,480, 878 |

1. Included with other household equipment and accessories.
2. Included with other miscellaneous plastics products, not iasslfied.

## Scientific and Professional Equipment

This industry is comprised of establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing mechanical measuring and controlling instruments; dental. medical and surgical instruments and equipment; surgical and orthopedic appliances; optical instruments and lenses; ophthalmic goods; photographic equipment and supplies. Clock and watch manufacturers were transferred from the jewellery industry to this industry in 1947 but were removed in 1951 and formed into a separate industry ${ }^{1}$. Establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing instruments for indicating, measuring and recording electrical quantities and characteristics are classified in the miscellaneous electrical products industry.

Table 1, which follows, shows that the value of the products shipped by the industry in 1954 was about nine times the 1939 output. The increase resulted from expanded production of established lines and from the production of commodities heretofore imported. It will be noted that output during the war years was much in excess of that of the postwar years, a peak production of $\$ 78,534,483$ having been attained in 1944. This was due to tremendous increases in production of instruments of various kinds for war purposes.

In 1954 reports were received from, 139 establishments, 78 of these being in Ontario, 32 in Quebec, 9 in Manitoba, 10 in British Columbia, 5 in Alberta, 4 in New Brunswick and 1 in Nova Scotia. These establishments reported factory shipments valued at $\$ 59,743,340$. Employment was given to 6,755 persons who received $\$ 22,519,467$ in salaries and wages. Materials costing $\$ 22,824,964$ were used in manufacture. The 1953 principal statistics were: establishments, 128; gross value of shipments, $\$ 61,028,652$; employees, 6,642 ; salaries and wages, $\$ 22,107,369$; cost of materials, $\$ 22,010,622$.

While the commodities in this industry are collected in detail, the data must often be suppressed because too few establishments are involved to permit publication without divulging the figures of individual establishments. Such is the case for photographic supplies. However. it is usually possible to meet the confidence requirement and still publish useful figures by effecting appropriate combinations of the commodity data. Table 2 gives the commodities manufactured by the industry in as much detail and as meaningfully as possible.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1927 to 1954

| I ent mac provase | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fistab- } \\ & \text { lish- } \\ & \text { ments } \end{aligned}$ | Em- <br> ployees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1927 | 21 | 1,104 | 1,421,809 | 61,278 | 3,616,016 | 4,138,134 | 7,815,428 |
| 1929 | 23 | 953 | 1,258,790 | 63,969 | 3,199,528 | 4, 900, 154 | 8, 163,651 |
| 1933 | 27 | 809 | 946, 850 | 67, 784 | 1,580,612 | 2,853,585 | 4, 501,981 |
| 1939 | 31 | 1,125 | 1,561,953 | 68,929 | 2,427,823 | 4,225,180 | 6,721,932 |
| 1941 | 42 | 3,853 | 5,218,575 | 198,066 | 8, 791,848 | 7, 256,603 | 16,246,517 |
| 1944 | 48 | 9,844 | 19,734,303 | 363, 257 | 34,592, 256 | 43,578,970 | 78,534,483 |
| 1946 | 45 | 2,226 | 4,070,084 | 145, 030 | 5,979, 164 | 8,260,375 | 14,384,569 |
| 1947 | 71 | 3,923 | 7,440,830 | 221,373 | 9,118,803 | 12, 245,656 | 21,585,832 |
| 1948 | 81 | 3,791 | 8,666, 159 | 246, 218 | 10,604, 599 | 15,657, 407 | 26, 508, 224 |
| 1949 | 91 | 4,781 | 10,984,607 | 289, 153 | 13,895,560 | 19,003,380 | 33, 188,093 |
| 1950 | 97 | 4,810 | 11,842,620 | 297, 097 | 13,378,949 | 17,980, 249 | 31,656,295 |
| 1951 | 100 | 4,174 | 12,035,607 | 345, 768 | 14, 150,895 | 22,499, 682 | 36, 996,345 |
| 1952 | 116 | 5,396 | 16,627,838 | 377,970 | 15,554,628 | $28,059,219^{2}$ | 43,991,817 |
| Canada | 128 | 6,642 | 22,107,369 | 429,594 | 22,010,622 | 38,588,436 ${ }^{2}$ | 61, 028,652 |
| Nova Scotia and New Brunswick | 29 |  | $92,348$ | $2,082$ | 58,329 | $100,289^{2}$ | $160,700$ |
| Quebec | 29 | $1,949$ | $6,467,255$ | $84,485$ | $5,960,901$ | $8,770,072^{2}$ | $14,815,458$ |
| Ontario | 70 | 4,533 | 15,271,591 | 335, 108 | 15,833,008 | 29,336, 4802 | 45,504,596 |
| Manitoba | 9 | 60 | 154,707 | 3,688 | 100,615 | 200,446 ${ }^{2}$ | 304,74.9 |
| Alberta. | 5 | 18 | 47,031 | 1,487 | 37.917 | 64, 2312 | 103,635 |
| British Columbia | 10 | 37 | 74,437 | 2,744 | 19,852 | 116,9182 | 139.514 |
| 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 139 | 6.755 | 22,519,467 | 523,231 | 22,824,964 | 38,070,305 | 59, 743,34' |
| Nova Scotia and New Brunswick | 5 | 26 | 57,701 | 1,939 | 47,907 | 64,763 | 113,869 |
| Quebec. | 32 | 1.827 | 6,443,205 | 102, 159 | $6,595,763$ | 8,949,984 | 15,632,994 |
| Ontario. | 78 | 4,806 | 15,806,139 | 409,867 | 16,030,581 | 28,708,568 | 43, 486, 866 |
| Manitoba | 9 | 51 | 108,162 | 4.747 | 87,861 | 178,264 | 271,234 |
| Alberta. | 5 | 22 | 46,992 | 1,853 | 41.869 | 80, 719 | 124,441 |
| Eritish Columbia....................... | 10 | 23 | 57,268 | 2,666 | 20,983 | 88,007 | 113,936 |

1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient lnventory data in 1952 and 1953, these figures have been calculated from value of fartory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture".

TABLE 2. Factory Shipments, 1953 and 1954


1. Confidental. included with "all other products".
2. Confidental. Included with "all other ophthalmic goods".

TABLE 2. Factory Shipments, 1953 and 1954 - Concluded

| Products | $1953$ <br> Factory shipments |  | Factory shipments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | 2uantity | Value |
|  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| Orthopaedic and surgical appliances: |  |  |  |  |
| Artificial limbs................................................................. No. | 1,005 | 248, 561 | 1,097 | 263,994 |
| Trusses......................................................................... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 38,850 | 203, 165 | 37, 385 | 183, 300 |
| Surgical belts ................................................................... | 74,901 | 253,696 | 67,676 | 274,964 |
| Arch supports ..................................................................... pr. | 76,620 | 131,438 | 39,975 | 125, 822 |
| Orthopaedic corsets.......................................................... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 14, 060 | 79, 638 | 15,532 | 85, 806 |
| Surgical supports, other ....................................................... No. ${ }_{\text {Elastic }}$ | 172,405 | 295, 717 | 175.977 | 265, 094 |
| Braces, spinal .................. | 93,314 | 139.404 | 77,280 | 129, 314 |
| Braces, other ... | 1,892 | 45,921 | 1.205 | 45,100 |
| All other surgical and orthopaedic appliances | - | 361, 263 |  | 79,538 402,433 |
| Parking meters..................................................................... No. | 7,188 | 485,835 | 6,589 |  |
| All other products | - |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount recelved for custom work and repairs | - | 7,577, 812 | - | 8,016,067 |
| Total | - | 61, 028,652 | - | 59,743,340 |

TABLE 3. Imports of Scientific and Professional Equipment

| Articles imported | 1953 |  | 1954 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
|  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| Photographic equipment and supplies: |  |  |  |  |
| Cinematograph and motion picture cameras, equipped for motion picture production, and parts | - | 46,253 | - | 62,973 |
| Cameras and camers parts, n.o.p. ...................................................... | - | 3, 540,642 |  | 3,910,556 |
| Camera parts, in the rough, for the manufacture of cameras ...... |  | 119,486 |  | 99,092 |
| Camera lenses and shutters for the manufacture of cameras...... | - | 264, 585 |  | 185, 148 |
| Films, X-ray |  | 2,337, 219 |  | 2, 327,646 |
| Films, chemically prepared for photographers use .................... |  | 1,477,926 | - | 1,682, 122 |
| Films, hypersensitive or super-sensitive panchromatic, and infra-red films, unexposed, for aerial photography | - | 39,082 | - | 57. 262 |
| Sensitized negative film, one and one elghth inch in width or over, for exposure in motion picture camerss. |  | 118,392 |  | 140,198 |
| Photographic dry piates........................................................... |  | 149, 103 |  | 146, 312 |
| Photorlash lamps .......... | 3,474, 209 | 280,102 | 5,191,019 | 322,688 |
| Photographicaccessories, except cameras and parts, equipment. used in developing, printing and finishing photographs; parts of all the foregoing. | - - | 2,276,661 | - | 2,461,724 |
| Orthopzedic and surgical appliances: |  |  |  |  |
| Artificial limbs and parts, and materials for $\qquad$ Appliances or boots for cripoled or deformed foot or ankle. $\qquad$ | - | 115,813 3,434 | - | 112,966 5,927 |
| Appiiances or boots for crippled or deformed foot or ankle. Spinal and other orthopaedic braces and parts thereof; materials, |  | 3,434 |  | $5,927$ |
| not mentioned elsewhere, for the manuacture of the fore- going. |  | 36.860 | - | 6,796 |
| Surgical trusses and suspensory bandages of all kinds, and abdominal supports | - | 21,085 | - | 22,384 |
| Instruments and apparatus: |  |  |  |  |
| Chronometers and compasses, and parts, including cards, not made in Canada, for ships and aircraft. | - | 1,264, 837 |  | 661,908 |
| Cyclometers, pedometers, speedometers, and parts ................... | - | 135, 535 |  | 152, 051 |
| Dental instruments; surgical needles; microscopes valued at not less than $\$ 50$ each, retail; parts. | - | 1,073,124 | - | 1,129,432 |
| Engineers', surveyors', draftsmens', machinists or metalworkers' precision tools and measuring instruments, geophysical surveying instruments and parts. Photogrammetic |  |  |  |  |
| instruments for use in the interpretation of photographs and in the preparation of maps from photographs ............................ | - | 6,390, 567 |  | 5,329,518 |
| Globes, geographical, topographical and astronomical................. | - | 61, 201 | - | 81, 647 |
| Optical, philosophical, photographic and mathematical instruments, n.o.p., and parts. | - | 4, 237,651 | - | 4,325,890 |
| Oven thermostats, automatic oven lighters and dual valves for gas stoves, and gas pressure regulators | - | 365,967 | - | 98,152 |

TIELE 3. Imports of Scientific and Professional Equipment-Concluded

| Articles imported | 1953 |  | 1954 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
| Instrument and apparatus - Concluded: <br> Philosophicaland scientific apparatus, for use by institutions, hospitals and schools <br> Thermometers, including clinical themometers <br> Surgical instruments and parts | - | $\begin{aligned} & 4,405,710 \\ & 1,115,831 \\ & 4,567,457 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 5,153,589 \\ & 1,184,211 \\ & 4,580,252 \end{aligned}$ |
| Artificlal eyes for human use, and contact eye glasses or lenses | - | 18,989 | - | 10,059 |
| Artificial teeth, not mounted, and materials for the manufacture thereof | - | 1,190, 930 | - | 1,141,604 |
| Spectacles and eye-glass frames, and parts, n.0.p. ......... | - | 2,531,351 | - | 2.263.709 |
| Parts, unfinished, for the manufacture of spectacles and eyeglass frames | - | 326. 113 | - | 394. 286 |
| Lenses, glass, u.0.p. | - | 283,025 | - | 295, 34.4 |
| Spectacles, eye-glasses and ground or finished spectacle or eye-glass lenses, n.o.p. | - | 611.656 | - | 591.375 |

TABLE 4. Exports of Scientific and Professional Equipment

| Aıticles saported | 1953 |  | 1954 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
|  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| Cameras ...................................................................................... | 1.483 | 238,772 | 973 | 126.347 |
| Camera parts ................................................................................ | - | 5. 521 | - | 11,152 |
| Dental and surgical apparatus and instruments, and hospital equipment | - | 444.893 | - | 396,474 |
| Films, X-ray ............................................................................... | - | 401 | - | 82 |
|  | - | 2,917,356 | - | 2,019,360 |
| Goggles and spectacles and parts................................................ | - | 105,508 | - | 86,280 |
| Lenses of glass, rough or finished ............................................ | - | 276,484 | - | 237,890 |
| Motion picture apparatus............................................................... | - | 32. 260 | - | 11.228 |
| Philosophical and scientific apparatus and instruments, no.p. | - | 431.942 | - | 794.371 |

## Signs, Electric. Neon and Other

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in the manufacture of signs, electric and non-electric, and advertising displays. It does not include establishments whose principal activity is the provision of advertising service or the erection and maintenance of signs.

Electric signs include those of neon and other luminous tube, many of which are leased or rented. Signs which were not sold outright were reported at the value they would have had had they been so sold.

In 1954 reports were received from 206 establishments. Receipts from factory shipments, custom work and repairs amounted to $\$ 20,273,968$ compared with the 1953 figures of $\$ 21,789,501$. Employment which stood at 2,632 in the earlier year rose to 2,731 in the later and salaries and wages increased from $\$ 7,703,654$ to $\$ 8,493,332$ over the two years. Materials used cost $\$ 6,444,124$ in 1954 compared with $\$ 6,247,579$ in 1953.

Details of the commodities shipped by the industry in 1954 are to be found in Table 2.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1935 to 1954

| Year and province | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gros: value of , production |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | NO. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1935 | 38 | 536 | 652, 461 | 40,058 | 383, 011 | 1, 238,818 | 1,661,887 |
| 1938 | 46 | 673 | 894,397 | 51,084 | 476,586 | 2,022,775 | 2,550,445 |
| 1939 | 42 | 624 | 870,842 | 60,335 | 474,769 | 1.872, 317 | 2, 407,421 |
| 1940 | 42 | 560 | 851,721 | 66,701 | 459,408 | 1.681,627 | 2,207,736 |
| 1941 | 39 | 656 | 1,026,142 | 90, 287 | 558, 320 | 2,602,609 | 3,251, 216 |
| 1943 | 31 | 400 | 711,641 | 61.599 | 289, 210 | 1.707,673 | 2,058,482 |
| 1945 | 30 | 605 | 1,095,673 | 75, 275 | 499,680 | 1,999,872 | $2,574,827$ |
| 1947 | 42 | 1.038 | 2,183, 227 | 94,994 | 1,528,525 | 3,829, 354 | 5, 452,873 |
| 1948 | 44 | 1.121 | 2,581,844 | 111,320 | 1,724,668 | 4,774,716 | 6,610,704 |
| 1949 | 49 | 1. 369 | 3,146, 480 | 156,828 | 2,119, 144 | 6,156,257 | 8,432, 229 |
| 1950 | 64 | 1.569 | 3,874,776 | 171, 321 | 2,801,486 | 7,531.833 | 10,504, 340 |
| 1951 | 103 | 2,001 | $5,336,652$ | 271.396 | 4,765,596 | 10,021. 946 | 15,058,938 |
| 1952 | 176 | 2,356 | 6,609,424 | 330,225 | $5,344,140$ | $12,711,681^{2}$ | 18,386, 046 |
| Canada | 193 | 2,632 | 7.703,654 | 336,970 | 6,247,579 | 15. 204,952 ${ }^{2}$ | 21.789,501 |
| Newfoundland and New Brunswick | 6 | 35 | 95,046 | 4.434 | 62,004 | 130,940 ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 197,378 |
| Nova Scotia. | 6 | 16 | 55.908 1.707 .892 | 4.728 | 55,052 | 85,0072 | 144,787 |
| Quebec | 49 | 617 | 1.707.832 | 68,994 | 1.231,558 | 2,902, 2292 | 4,202,781 |
| Ontario | 89 | 1,214 | 3,325, 830 | 143.715 | 3,175,875 | 5, 375, 478 ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 8,695,068 |
| Manitoba | 8 | 160 | 476, 255 | 43,635 | 172,855 | 1,149, $746^{2}$ | 1, 366, 236 |
| Saskatchewan | 3 | 17 | 51,314 | 1,385 | 52,693 | 171.472 ${ }_{2}$ | 225,550 |
| Alberta ............. | 16 | 187 | 648,208 | 30,211 | 531,415 | 1.651.284 ${ }^{2}$ | $2,212,910$ |
| British Columbia | 16 | 386 | $1,343,261$ | 39,868 | 966,127 | 3,738,796 ${ }^{2}$ | 4,744,791 |
| Canada | 206 | 2,731 | $8,493,332$ | 430,412 | 6,444, 124 | 13,391,309 | 20,273,968 |
| Newfoundl and and New Brunswick | 7 | 41 | 105,426 | 7,873 | 69,986 | 165,722 | 241,306 |
| Nova Scotia | 6 | 21 | 57.266 | 7.166 | 38,924 | 103,913 | 150,003 |
| Quebec | 49 | 634 | 1,872,98? | 90,299 | 1,305,033 | 3,003,581 | 4,397,857 |
| Ontario | 100 | 1.231 | 3, 54.5, 177 | 199.861 | 3,523,197 | 5,139,443 | 8,873,943 |
| Manitoba | 7 | 155 | 491,031 | 38,383 | 211,491 | 1,037,671 | 1,287,545 |
| Saskatchewan | 3 | 19 | 59,070 | 2,017 | 25,091 | 140,686 | 167,811 |
| Alberta | 16 | 204 | 681,933 | 43,264 | 294,923 | 1. 464,802 | 1,802,989 |
| British Columbi | 18 | 426 | $1,680,447$ | 41.549 | 975,479 | $2,335,491$ | 3,352,514 |

1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production. 2. Berause of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953 . these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture".

TABLE 2. Factory Shipments, 1953 and 1954


1. Recelpts from rental of leased signs were not collected in 1954.

## Stamps and Stencils, Rubber and Metal

As indicated by its title, this industry comprises those establishments whose principal prodacts are stamps and stencils of rubber and metal. Establishments engaged primarily in the manufacture of paper stencils are classified to the Miscellaneous Paper Products industry.

In 1954 reports were received from 61 establishments distributed provincially as follows: Nova Scotia 2, Quebec 12, Ontario 30, Manitoba 6, Saskatchewan 2, Alberta 2, and British Columbia 7. They reported factory shipments with a value of $\$ 4,875,848$, thus indicating an industry comprised of relatively small plants. Employees numbered 898 persons who received $\$ 2,564,387$ in salaries and wages. Materials consumed in production cost
$\$ 1,336,837$. Comparable figures for 1953 are 60 establishments, 920 employees, salaries and wages $\$ 2,509,121$, material cost $\$ 1,277,442$ and value of factory shipments $\$ 4,934,533$.

The industry in 1954 reported shipments with a value of $\$ 1,252,696$ for the item "stamps, daters and other marking devices". Of this total, $\$ 1,111,838$ worth were of rubber. Factory shipments of rubber dies amounted to $\$ 354,977$ and other dies to $\$ 241,411$. Seals, all kinds, were shipped to the value of $\$ 234,534$ and stencils, all kinds, to the value of $\$ 50,073$. Shipments of metal, licence, name and other types of plates amounted to $\$ 1,279,663$. Other products included signs, badges, metal stampings and buttons.

## Statuary, Art Goods, Regalia and Novelties

The expansion which has been noted in this industry since its modest level of operations in 1939 was interrupted in 1954. Factory shipments by the industry totalled $\$ 4,712,658$, a drop of $\$ 498,514$ or 9.5 per cent from the preceding year's $\$ 5,211,172$. The number of employees fell to 946 from 989 in 1953 and their earnings from $\$ 2,090,786$ to $\$ 2,055,885$. The reduction in the value of factory shipments was accompanied by an 18 per cent decrease in the cost of materials consumed in manufacture from $\$ 1,842,169$ in 1953 to $\$ 1,509,980$ in 1954.

The industry in the year under review was somprised of 111 establishments, 11 less than a year before. It Was concentrated in Quebec and Ontario as will be seen by the following provincial
distribution of establishments: Nova Scotia 1, Quebec 46, Ontario 48, Manitoba 7, Alberta 1 and British Columbia 8.

In the same year the industry shipped statues valued at $\$ 713,364$. Other statuary and art goods shipped had a value of $\$ 876,027$. Shipments of novelties were valued at $\$ 867,156$ and crests, emblems, badges and regalia at $\$ 300,502$. Complete information on commodity shipments will be found in Table 2.

Imports of the principal commodities manufactured by this industry were as follows: statues and statuettes of porcelain or earthenware, $\$ 836,106$; statues and statuettes of material other than porcelain or earthenware, $\$ 265,387$; regalia and badges, $\$ 145,580$.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, 1939-1954

| Year and Province | Estab-lishments | Em= ployees | Salaries <br> and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gross } \\ & \text { Value of } \\ & \text { production } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1939 | 54 | 392 | 384,953 | 6,354 | 289.531 | 516,044 | 811,929 |
| 1940 | 59 | 503 | 470,906 | 13,510 | 346,359 | 686.788 | 1,046,657 |
| 1941 | 67 | 707 | 615,728 | 12,879 | 640,139 | 907,763 | 1,560,781 |
| 1942 | 76 | 851 | 763,183 | 13,116 | 767.904 | 1,206,923 | 1,987,943 |
| 1943 | 86 | 905 | 881, 967 | 14,272 | 912,003 | 1, 308,966 | 2,235,241 |
| 1944 | 83 | 881 | 955, 253 | 13,430 | 981,282 | 1, 481, 145 | 2,475,857 |
| 1945 | 89 | 1,031 | 1,154,995 | 22,972 | 1,054,240 | 1,824,637 | 2,901,849 |
| 1946 | 93 | 1.180 | 1,409,335 | 25,134 | 1,334, 889 | 2,068,783 | 3,428,806 |
| 1947 | 100 | 992 | 1,303,428 | 32,143 | 1,214,486 | 1.951.092 | 3,197,721 |
| 1948 | 95 | 954 | 1,403,791 | 36,982 | 1,412,784 | 2,318,583 | 3,768,349 |
| 1949 | 104 | 1,017 | 1,614,462 | 38,270 | 1,647,983 | 2,606,600 | 4,292,853 |
| 1950 | 107 | 932 | 1,551,905 | 39.197 | 1,377,353 | 2,415,993 | 3,832,543 |
| 1951 | 125 | 1,037 | 1,859,607 | 47,524 | 1,829,707 | 2,868,184 | 4,745, 415 |
| 1952 | 137 | 1,055 | $1,995,197$ | 62,765 | 1,800,922 | 3,032,303 ${ }^{2}$ | 4,895,990 |
| 1953 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 122 | 989 | 2,090,786 | 59,632 | 1,842,169 | 3,309, 371 2 | 5,211.172 |
| Quebec | 49 50 | 400 | 819.608 972,585 | 22,918 28,336 | 767,002 904,196 | $1,278,555^{2}$ $1,568,585$ | 2,068,475 |
| Ontario | 50 | 422 | 972,585 | 28,336 | 937,196 | 1,568,585 ${ }^{363}$ | 2,501,114 |
| Mantoba | 11 | 28 | 47,343 | 1,516 | 17,415 | 67,690 ${ }^{2}$ | 86,621 |
| Other Provinces | 13 | 10 | 21,582 | 1.516 | 16,480 | 31,189 ${ }^{2}$ | 48.115 |
| Camada 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Camada | 111 | 946 | 2,055, 885 | 67.918 | 1.509.980 | 3,175,292 | 4,712,658 |
| Quebec | 46 | 372 | 1758,281 | 24, 140 | 517, 109 | 1,130,279 | $1,660,424$ |
| Ontario | 48 | 449 | 1,077,695 | 34, 199 | 866,985 | 1,682, 323 | $2,554,347$ |
| Manitoba.............................................. | 7 | 104 | 186,880 | 4,758 | 112,641 13,245 | 320,426 42,264 | 437,847 60,040 |
| British Columbla and other provinces .. | 10 | 21 | 33,029 | 4,821 | 13,245 | 42,264 | 60,040 |

1. Commenclng with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production. 2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953 , these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "walne added by manufacture".

TABLE 2. Factory Shipments, 1953 and 1954

| Products | 1953 | 1954 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Selling value at factory | Selling value at factory |
| , | \$ | \$ |
| Statuary and art goods: |  |  |
| Statues, all kinds... | 768. 242 | 713.364 |
| Religious articles (rosaries, medals, etc.) ........................................... | 179,018 | 185, 241 |
| Orraments, plaster................................................................................ | 715.635 | 464.037 |
| . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ other ................................................................................... | 155, 351 | 166. 761 |
| Art goods, other .................................................................................... | 50,013 | 59,988 |
| Novelties, advertising and other: |  |  |
| Felt ......................................................................................................... | 55, 202 | 1 |
| Leather | 1 | 1 |
| Paper....................................................................................................... | 91,419 | 137,314 |
| Plastic. | 201.111 | 223,533 |
| Plaster. | 93,550 | 198,821 |
| Wooden | 49,081 | 37, 379 |
| Other | 462,938 | 270. 109 |
| Christmas tree decorations........................................................................ | 364,785 | 160, 550 |
| Crests, emblems, badges, regalia, all kinds ............................................... | 455,706 | 300.052 |
| Pennants................................................................................................. | 2 | 2 |
| Gold and silver stampings ......................................................................... | 158, 281 | 109.378 |
| Display stands and fixtures, all kinds ........................................................ | 299,533 | 164,36n |
| Display forms , all kinds ............................................................................ | 284, 356 | 415,833 |
| All other products ....................................................................................... | 551.491 | 909,626 |
| Amount received for custom work and repairs .............................................. | 275,460 | 196, 312 |
| Total ......................................................................................................... | 5,211,172 | 4,712,658 |

1. Included with other "Novelties, advertising and other."
2. Included with "All other products."

## The Toy and Game Industry

This industry is comprised of establishments which manufacture toys and games as their principal product. In 1954 reports were received from 52 of these which were distributed provincially as follows: Nova Scotia 1, Quebec 11, Ontario 36. Manitoba 1, Alberta 1 and British Columbia 2. The industry was concentrated in Ontario and Quebec, Ontario holding the dominant position with 73 per cent of employees and 74 per cent of shipments. Quebec accounted for 26 per cent of employees and 25 per cent of shipments.

Factory shipments made by the industry in 1954 had a value $f$.o.b.factory of $\$ 10,937,953$ which compares with $\$ 11,369,413$ worth of products shipped in 1953. Employment decreased from 1,551 in the earlier year to 1,337 in the later while salaries and wages fell from $\$ 3,475,270$ to $\$ 3,134,766$. The cost of materials used amounted to $\$ 5,608,244$ in 1954 as against $\$ 5,948,744$ in 1953.

Increase in imports has been substantial during post war years in the products made by this industry. Increasing amounts of toys are being obtained annually from Japan, Italy and Germany. During 1953 a peak was reached when importations from all countries total led $\$ 10,049,698$. Corresponding figures for 1954 were $\$ 9,293,133$. Exports, on the other hand, are relatively unimportant. In 1953 the total figure was $\$ 236,104$ while in 1954 it was $\$ 186,211$.

The toys and games produced by the establishments classified to this industry do not represent total Canadian production. There are concerns which manufacture toys and games only as secondary or minor products and which are assigned to other industries on the basis of their more important items of manufacture. In 1954, these concerns accounte: for approximately 43 per cent of the value of total Canadian shipments. Table 3 summarizes in as much detail as possible total shipments of toys and games as assembled from all industries.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, Representative years, 1926-1954

| Vicur and frovinot | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Juross value of production ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NO. | NO. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1926 | 13 | 144 | 124,617 | 3,820 | 242,728 | 232,169 | 478,717 |
| 1928 | 10 | 129 | 114,055 | 4,332 | 213,541 | 212,244 | 430,117 |
| 1930 | 9 | 88 | 66,411 | 2,606 | 111,590 | 121,609 | 235,805 |
| 1932 | 12 | 206 | 163,376 | 4,379 | 186,490 | 324,828 | 515,697 |
| 1933 | 12 | 152 | 98,150 | 2,308 | 114,460 | 287,126 | 403,894 |
| 1937 | 13 | 282 | 206, 238 | 12,861 | 318, 363 | 463,171 | 794,395 |
| 1939 | 13 | 348 | 273,589 | 15,562 | 411,740 | 566,338 | 993,640 |
| 1941 | 19 | 547 | 403, 322 | 15,858 | 706,570 | 743,342 | 1,465,770 |
| 1942 | 28 | 678 | 599,228 | 18,048 | 826,580 | 1,097,489 | 1,942,117 |
| 1943 | 45 | 975 | 887,665 | 21,279 | 1,118,028 | 1,748,216 | 2,887,523 |
| 1944 | 51 | 1,230 | 1,153,044 | 24,168 | 1,643,253 | 2,288,377 | 3,955,798 |
| 1945 | 56 | 1,428 | 1,473,937 | 41,331 | 1,876,656 | 2,892,078 | 4,810,065 |
| 1946 | 50 | 1,456 | 1,736,996 | 56,817 | 2,224,510 | 3,327,996 | 5,609,323 |
| 1947 | 47 | 1,203 | 1,639,592 | 50,688 | 1,836,849 | 2,324, 178 | 4,211,715 |
| 1948 | 45 | 1,086 | 1,730,713 | 37,962 | 2,313,113 | 3,111,152 | 5,462,227 |
| 1949 | 56 | 1,448 | 2,645,957 | 82,426 | 3,691,073 | 4, 277, 234 | 8,050,733 |
| 1950 | 56 | 1,624 | 3,032,658 | 90,619 | 4,371,643 | 4,983,448 | 9,445,710 |
| 1951 | 53 | 1,432 | 3,099,681 | 79,645 | 4,611,546 | 4,925,841 | 9,617,032 |
| 1952 ......................................... | 58 | 1,484 | 2,989,220 | 103,471 | 5,087,008 | $5,224,167^{2}$ | 10,414,646 |
| 1953 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 55 | 1,531 | 3,475,270 | 128,840 | 5,948,744 | 5,291,829 ${ }^{2}$ | 11,369,413 |
| Quebec | 10 | 395 | 1,018,895 | 49, 724 | 1,490,902 | $1,255,858^{2}$ | 2,796,484 |
| Ontario | 39 | 1,143 | 2,441,423 | 78,223 | 4,433,370 | 4,002,989 ${ }^{2}$ | $8,514,582$ |
| Other provinces .......................... | 6 | 13 | 14,952 | 893 | 24,472 | 32,982 ${ }^{2}$ | $58,347$ |
| 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 52 | 1,337 | 3,134, 766 | 119,784 | 5,608, 244 | 5,145, 063 | 10,937,953 |
| Quebec | 11 | 343 | 905,289 | 53,042 | 1,258,187 | 1,385,451 | 2,742,677 |
| Oatario ....................................... | 36 | 980 | 2,212,248 | 65,218 | 4,320,057 | 3,724,428 | 8,128,836 |
| Other provinces......................... | 5 | 14 | 17,229 | 1,524 | 30,000 | 35,184 | 66,440 |

1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953 , these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture".

TABLE 2. Factory Shipments, 1953 and 1954

| Products | 1953 |  | 1954 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Selling value at factory | Quantity | Selling value at factory |
|  | doz. | \$ | doz. | \$ |
| Dalls ...................................................................- | 169,355 | 3,201,329 | 132,693 | 3,182,646 |
| Dolls' furnishings .................................................. | = | -394,332 | 137, 284 | 102,341 |
| Metal toys .............................................................. | - | 2,107,916 | - | 1,453,047 |
| Plastic toys | - | 503,240 310,722 | 32,063 | 167.148 |
| Stuffed animals, etc. ............................................. | 87, 338 | 1,342,232 | - | 1,200,532 |
| Toy vehicles ......................................................... | - | 1386,119 | 28,407 | 391,626 |
| Other toys, including tricycles ................................ | - | 1,069,159 | - | 2, 413,101 |
| Giames and puzzles ............................................. | - | $\begin{array}{r}679,923 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - | 646, 226 |
| Miscellaneous products, not specified Amount received for repairs | - | $1,369,450$ 4,991 | - | 837.745 62.126 |
| Total | - | 11, 369,413 | - | 10,937,953 |

Note. The above table includes only the statistics of those manufacturing establishments whose princlpal products are toys and games. The ligures do notnecessarily represent Canadian totals as toys and games are also made as secondary products by firms in other industries. The total flgures for all industries are shown in Table 3.

TABLE 3. Toys and Games from all Industries, 1953 and 1954

| Products | 1953 |  | $1954{ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Selling value at factory | Quantity | Selling value at factory |
|  | doz, | \$ | doz. | \$ |
| Doll carriages. | - | 748, 250 | - | 1,125,660 |
| Dolls | 189.190 | 3,410,457 | 144,951 | 3,400, 756 |
| Dolls' furnishings | - | 478,873 | - | 285,661 |
| Metal toys | - | 2, 347, 334 | - | 1,719,465 |
| Plastic toys | - | 4, 346, 095 | - | 3,390, 543 |
| Wooden toys | - | 862, 788 |  | 684, 376 |
| Stuffed animals. | 87,338 | 1, 342, 232 | 73,207 | 1,200, 532 |
| Rubber toys and novelties ...................................... | - | 569, 836 | 95,460 | 417,488 |
| Balloons | - | 334,011 | - | 346, 281 |
| Tricycles, all types.. | - | 1, 502, 241 | - | 1,185,556 |
| Other children's vehicles... | - | 768, 288 | - | 779,871 |
| Miscellaneous toys (including toy vehicles)............. | - | 986,660 | - | 1, 314,459 |
| Games and puzzles ................................................. | - | 1,840,027 |  | 1,815,399 |
| Rotai .................................................................. | - | 19,537,092 |  | 17, 666,047 |

1. Figures for 1954 are preliminary and subject to revision.

TABLE 4. Imports of Toys and Games, 1953 and 1954

| Articles imported | 1953 | 1954 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | \$ |
| Dolls of all kinds | 819,633 | 659.191 |
| Mechanical toys of metal.......................................................................... | 1,858,529 | 1,992,955 |
| Metal or rubber juvenile construction sets, consisting of various stampings, punched or moulded, and connections, and parts | 238,442 | 246, 578 |
| Toys of all ldnds, n. o.p........................................................................... | 7,133.094 | 6,394. 409 |

TABLE 5. Exports of Toys, 1953 and 1954

| Articles exported | 1953 | 1954 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | \$ |
| Dolls.. | 61,748 | 74,024 |
| Toys. | 174,356 | 112,187 |

## Typewriter Supplies

This industry is comprised of manufacturing establishments whose principal products are carbon paper and typewriter ribbons. In 1954 there were ten of these with all but three of them in Ontario. Two were located in Quebec and one in British Columbia.

The industry's factory shipments were $\$ 5,021,894$ and $\$ 4,837,619$ respectively in the years 1953 and 1954. Employment fell from 445 to 409 and salaries and wages from \$1,227.504 to $\$ 1,211,327$ over the two years. Materials cost $\$ 2,401,040$ in the earlier year compured with $\$ 2,256,261$ in the later.

Carbon paper shipments amounted to $\$ 2,976,073$ worth in 1953 and $\$ 2,518,087$ worth in 1954 . Factory
shipments of machine ribbons, principally typewriter, amounted in value to $\$ 1,692,823$ in 1953 compared with $\$ 1,779,766$ in 1954 . Other products included stamp pads, duplicator fluid and ink but since less than three manufacturers were involved in the manufacture of each of them the figures cannot be published without divulging the particulars of individual firms.

Factory shipments of carbon paper and typewriter ribbons in Canada by all industries in 1954 amounted to $\$ 2,816,546$ and $\$ 1,891,731$, respective1 y . In the same year 407,684 pounds of carbon paper valued at $\$ 314,014$ and 6,624 pounds of typewriter ribbons valued at $\$ 31,560$ were imported.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, 1927-1954

| Tear and province | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1927. | 4 | 86 | 159,148 | 6.754 | 236, 561 | 291,702 | 535,017 |
| 1930. | 4 | 110 | 191.623 | 7. 688 | 354. 228 | 413.944 | 775, 860 |
| 1932 | 5 | 116 | 206,611 | 7.687 | 220, 095 | 370,691 | 598.473 |
| 1937. | 8 | 177 | 304, 769 | 8,509 | 406. 152 | 508, 012 | 922.673 |
| 1939. | 8 | 234 | 371,586 | 10,145 | 553.664 | 667, 200 | 1.231,009 |
| 1940. | 8 | 243 | 419.184 | 10,001 | 703, 740 | 618,105 | 1,331,846 |
| 1942 | 8 | 313 | 544, 670 | 13,673 | 1, 104,621 | 1, 037,669 | 2, 155,963 |
| 1945. | 8 | 306 | 568, 151 | 17,530 | 1. 255,348 | 1, 085, 730 | 2, 358,608 |
| 1946. | 8 | 334 | 620.274 | 18,432 | 1,442,410 | 1,261,401 | 2, 722, 243 |
| 1948. | 8 | 372 | 760,726 | 25, 043 | 1,729,542 | 1.960, 323 | 3,714,908 |
| 1949.. | 7 | 396 | 885,086 | 26. 236 | 1,916,789 | 1.921, 239 | 3, 864, 264 |
| 1950. | 7 | 427 | 911,674 | 31,322 | 2,174, 991 | 1,998,895 | 4, 205, 208 |
| 1951. | 7 | 397 | 1,023,355 | 29,884 | 2, 375, 846 | 1. 955, 279 | 4,361, 009 |
| 1952. | 8 | 431 | 1.142.437 | 30, 180 | 2. 177,550 | 2,266,6612 | 4, 474,391 |
| 1953. | 10 | 445 | 1, 227, 504 | 32.850 | 2,401,040 | 2, 588,004 ${ }^{2}$ | 5,021,894 |
| 1954. | 10 | 409 | 1,211,327 | 36,595 | 2.256. 261 | 2, 525, 928 | 4, 837,619 |

1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953, these figures have been calculated from value of factory


## Umbrellas

This tadastry is a small one with a gross value of production whifch has hovered around the \$1 million mark for the past few years. Establishments have usually numbered six in this period with two of these in Quebec, three in Ontario and one in British Columbia. The addition of two new plants in British Columbia in 1951, however, raised the number to 8 where it has remained since.

The industry reported factory shipments to the value of $\$ 1,203,338$ and $\$ 1,383,343$ in 1953 and 1954 respectively. Employment which stood at 180
in 1953 rose to 192 in 1954 accompanied by a rise in salary and wage payments from $\$ 324,963$ to $\$ 358,829$. Materials used cost $\$ 622,410$ in the earlier year compared with $\$ 688,091$ in the later.

Umbreuas along with a small amount of repair work performed account for all the industry's production. In 1954 there were 44,183 dozen umbrellas shipped with a value of $\$ 1,360,186$. The production of this commodity in 1953 amounted to 40,671 dozen worth $\$ 1,193,940$.

## The Miscellaneous industries, N.E.S.

To this industry are classified those establishments which are unassignable to other industries of the industrial classification. The establishments manufacture either a product or products not covered by a distinct classification or a product or products which would be assignable to existing classifications except for their mixed nature.

Because of the nature of its composition, this industry is subject to substantial fluctuation and because of its heterogeneous nature comparisons between years does not have any great significance. It was comprised of 35 establishments in 1953 and s7 establishments in 1954. These were confined chiefly to Ontarto and Quebec with 11 plants in Quebec, 25 in Ontario and 1 in British Columbia.

In 1954 the industry shipped goods valued at $\$ 11,028,245$. The payroll listed 1,577 persons who recelved $\$ 4,048,912$ in salaries and wages. Materials costing $\$ 3,077,703$ were consumed in manufacture. Comparable 1953 figures are as follows: shipments, $\$ 10,776,457$; employees, 1,620 ; salaries and wages, $\$ 3,859,529$; materials used, $\$ 3,138,570$.

The products are, of course, quite varied including such diverse items as bobby pins and carpet sweepers. In the assortment, to mention only a few, are jewellery findings, jewellery trays, knitting needles, safety pins and plates for addressograph and multigraph machines. Unfortunately, too few firms are engaged in the manufacture of the individual items to permit publication of figures for products.


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[^0]:    1. Confidentia) - Included with "All other products."
