

# THE MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIES 

 1956```
DOMINION BUREAU
    OF STATISTICS
        JUN 12:
    PROPERTY OF THE
        LIBRARY
```

Published by Authority of
The Honourable Gordon Churchill, Minister of Trade and Commerce

DOMINION BUREAU OF BTATIETLCS<br>Industry and Merchandising Division<br>Textiles and Miscellaneous Product n Section

## NORCE

The annual reports prepared by the Industry and Merchandising Division of the Bureau of statistics are divided into 3 volumes, as follows; Volume I - The Primary Industries, including mining, forestry and fisheries; Volume II - Manufacturing; Volume III - Merchandising and Services. The volumes are made up of parts, and the parts in turn are subdivided according to the industries or provinces which they comprise.

Volume II consists of the following parts, the first two of which deal with manufacturing as a whole and the balance with the major manufacturing groups.

1 - General Review of the Manufacturing Industries, $\$ 1.50$
II - The Manufacturing Industries of Canada, ( 7 sections, as follows:) Section A. Summary for Canada, 25 \$
Section B. Atlantic Provinces, 50¢
Section C. Quebec, 25\$
Section D. Ontario, 25\$
Section E. Prairie Provinces, 40 ¢
Section F. British Columbia, 25 ¢
Section $G$. The Manufacturing Industries of Canada, Regional Distribution, 75\$
III - Foods and Beverages
IV - Tobacco and Tobacco Products
V - Rubber Products
VI - Leather Prorlucis
VII - Textile Mills
VIII - Knitting Mil!s
IX - Clothing
X - Wood and Paper Preducts
XI - Printing Trades
XII - Iron and Steel Products
XIII - Transportation Equipment
XIV - Non-ferrous Metal Products
XV - Electrical Apparatus and Supplies
XVI - Non-metallic Mineral Products
XVII - Products of Petroleum and Coal
XVIII - Chemicals and Allied Products
XIX - Miscellaneous Manufactures
The present report belongs in Part XIX, Miscellaneous Manufactures. It is punched to permit of filing in a ring binder along with others of the group. The reports in this group are:

A - The Button, Buckle and Fastener Industry, 25 \$
B - The Broom, Brush and Mop Industry, $25 \$$
C - The Musical Instrument Industry, 25
D - The Sporting Goods Industry, 25 \$
E - The Miscellaneous Industries, 25

## THE MISCEITANEOUS INDUSTRIES

## 1956

The Standard Industrial Classification adopted by the Bureau in 1949 has as one of its major manufacturing divisions a group entitled "'Miscellaneous Industries". This group differs very little from the group of the same name in our former classification and like it is comprised of relatively small, unrelated industries.

This industrial group reported a record level of operations in 1956. Factory selling value of products shipped by the industries reached an alltime high of $\$ 326,580,013$. This total represents an increase of 15.3 per cent over the previous high of $\$ 283,147,866$ established in 1955 and an increase of 29.4 per cent over the $\$ 252,306,085$ worth of goods shipped in 1954.

Employment was given to 33,432 persons in 1956. This increase of 1,921 persons or 6.1 per cent over 31,511 persons in the previous year was accompanied by a 12.4 per cent rise in payroll figures froin $\$ 89,239,630$ to $\$ 100,348,480$. Materials and stuplies used in manufacturing operations in 1956 cost $\$ 138,869,722$ while in 1955 their cost was $\$ 114,448,353$, showing a rise of $\$ 24,421,369$ or 21.3 per cent. Fuel and electricity consumed in the same (wu years revealed an increase of 12.1 per cent from $\$ 3,665,780$ in the earlier year to $\$ 4,109,544$ in the later. The industrial group was comprised of 1,556 establishments in 1956 compared with 1,524 establishments in 1955.

Ontario was the leading province in the group in 1956 and contributed 63.2 per cent of the value of factory shipments while Quebec followed with 29.2 per cent. Of the 33,432 employees, 20,174 or 60.3 per cent were in Ontario establishments and 10,526 or 31.5 per cent were in those of Quebec. These two provinces have consistently dominated the actlvity of the group.

Beginning with 1954, information on the value of year end inventory holdings at plant and plant warehouses is being collected as part of the Annual Census of Industry. This data was formerly collected by a separate survey. The summarized results for the miscellaneous industries for the year under review will be found in Table 3.

Up until 1950, it was the practice of the Bureau to issue separate annual reports on four only of the industries comprising the group, namely; Brooms, brushes and mops; Buttons, buckles and fasteners; Musical instruments; and Sporting goods. The remaining industries were not made the subject of separate reports mainly on account of their size and, consequently, the small amount of publishable statistical information concerning them.

In recent years, however, these industries have experienced an expansion which is expected to continue. In consideration of their growth and the interest now manifest in many of them, this publication concerning them was initiated with a report covering their 1950 operations. It deals with twenty diverse industries as well as the combined principal statistics of the entire group and is published annually. Separate reports continue to be published on the four industries specifically mentioned in the preceding paragraph:

The industries dealt with in this report and the pages on which they will be found are as follows:Page
Artificial flowers and feathers ..... 5
Candles ..... 7
Clocks, watches and watch cases ..... 8
Fountain pens and pencils ..... 9
Hair goods, animal and human ..... 11
Ice, artificial ..... 11
Instruments and related products (formerly scientific and professional equipment).......... ..... 12
Lamps, electric and lamp shades ..... 15
Models and patterns (except paper) ..... 16
Ophthalmic goods ..... 16
Orthopaedic and surgical appliances ..... 17
Pipes, lighters and other smokers supplies ..... 18
Plastics products ..... 19
Signs, electric, neon and other ..... 22
Stamps and stencils, rubber and metal ..... 23
Statuary, art goods and novelties ..... 23
Toys and games ..... 25
Typewriter supplies ..... 27
Umbrellas ..... 28
Miscellaneous ..... 28

Note: The commodity figures shown for the industries in this publication are not necessarily Canadian totals for the items specified. It is not unusual for a commodity to be produced as a secondary product in two or more industries. For



TABLE 1. Principal Statistics of the Miscellaneous Industries Group, 1926-1956

| Year and province | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Estab- } \\ & \text { lish- } \\ & \text { ments } \end{aligned}$ | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1926 | 393 | 10,032 | $11,309,121$ | 581,014 | 18,061,371 | 22,939, 666 | 41,582, 051 |
| 1929 | 421 | 10,786 | 12,457,989 | 524,317 | 22, 495,351 | 28, 188, 068 | 51, 207, 736 |
| 1933 | 459 | 8,351 | 7,810,976 | 466,678 | 9, 497, 751 | 14, 174, 498 | 24, 138,927 |
| 1937 | 545 | 11,699 | 11,936,704 | 651, 462 | 17, 792, 121 | 22,807, 498 | 41, 251. 081 |
| 1939 | 566 | 12,280 | 13,045,929 | 576,340 | 18,308, 810 | 24, 508, 056 | 43,393, 206 |
| 1942 | 657 | 22,474 | 27,202, 456 | 1, 226, 613 | 49, 292, 782 | 46,918, 549 | 97, 437, 944 |
| 1945 | 692 | 24,024 | 37, 187, 275 | 1, 403, 334 | 83, 549, 139 | 59, 571, 126 | 144,523,599 |
| 1948 | 814 | 22,315 | 40,906, 054 | 1,598,001 | 48,007, 617 | 75, 510, 756 | 125, 116,374 |
| 1949 | 893 | 26, 401 | 51, 147, 475 | 1,985,068 | 59, 778, 187 | 94,600,066 | 156, 363, 321 |
| 1950 | 1,007 | 27, 219 | $56,409,875$ | 2,214,533 | 67, 469, 334 | 99, 628,735 | 169,312,602 |
| 1951 | 1,173 | 28.756 | 66,908, 755 | 2, 612, 594 | 87, 292, 415 | 120,899,546 | 210,804,555 |
| 1952 | 1,313 | 29, 833 | 74, 133, 582 | 2,867, 401 | 87, 550, 232 | 135, 203, $233{ }^{2}$ | 225,620, 866 |
| 1953 | 1,350 | 32,223 | $85,954,495$ | 3,051,957 | 103, 467,901 | 154, 763, 033 ${ }^{2}$ | 261, 282, 891 |
| 1954 | 1,360 | 31,071 | $95,748,818$ | 3,354,557 | 102,179,368 | 149, 157, 222 | 252, 306, 085 |
| Canada | 1,524 | 31,511 | $89,239,630$ | 3, 665, 780 | 114,448,353 | 164,876,649 | 283,147,866 |
| Newfoundland | 16 | 38 68 | 77,246 184,812 | 8,055 53,061 | 99,511 105,119 | 111,791 | $210,508$ |
| New Brunswick | 14 | 390 | 994, 401 | 80, 351 | 1,221,030 | 1,749, 655 | 3, 102, 172 |
| Quebec | 483 | 10,081 | 25,813,324 | 980,530 | 35, 392, 182 | 46,651, 758 | 83, 013,339 |
| Ontario | 763 | 18,819 | 56,067, 370 | 2,164,696 | 71, 552, 754 | 104, 764, 146 | $178,628,258$ |
| Manitoba | 59 | 680 | 1,657,008 | 97,363 | 2,733,208 | 3, 138,238 | $5,965,421$ |
| Saskatchewa, | 11 | 54 | 148, 484 | 14,722 | 119, 178 | 336, 230 | 472, 322 |
| Alberta | 46 | 332 | 1,013,698 | 69.023 | 642, 708 | 2, 295, 339 | 2,983,541 |
| British Calumbia | 129 | 1,049 | $3,283,287$ | 197,979 | $2,582,663$ | $5,535,630$ | 8,318,263 |
| Canada | 1,556 | 33,432 | 100,348, 480 | 4,109,544 | 138, 869, 722 | 187, 988, 792 | 326,580,013 |
| Newfoundland | 4 | 38 | 97, 128 | 8,158 | 115,294 | 143,026 | 261, 324 |
| Nova Scotia | 15 | 71 | 208, 730 | 54,176 | 103, 898 | 321,846 | 467,959 |
| New Brunswick | 14 | 374 | 1,023,148 | 90,302 | $1,328,059$ | $1,773,475$ | 3, 174, 211 |
| Quebec | 479 | 10, 526 | 28,718,114 | 1,128,187 | 43,981, 716 | $51,884,587$ | 95, 511, 713 |
| Ontario | 791 | 20, 174 | $63,125,828$ | 2,419,589 | 84,922,345 | 121, 707, 225 | 206, 325, 242 |
| Manitoba | 59 | 723 | 1,950,837 | 105,156 | 3,730,039 | 3,649,618 | 7, 391,079 |
| Saskatchewan .......................... | 12 | 60 | 180,371 | 16, 476 | 169,833 | 306, 299 | 496, 753 |
| Alberta | 50 | 378 | $1,358,461$ | 89,309 | 1,248,516 | 2, 450, 290 | 3,768,737 |
| British Columbia | 132 | 1,088 | $3,685,863$ | 198, 191 | 3,270,022 | 5,752,426 | 9,183,003 |

1. Commencing with 1952 gross value of production was replaced by value of factory shipments.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953 , these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture".

TABLE 2. Principal Statistics of the Industries Comprising the Miscellaneous Industries Group, 1955

| Industry | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Selling value of factory shipments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Artificial nowers and feathers .. | 40 | $\begin{array}{r} 480 \\ 2.103 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 886,218 \\ 5, ~ \end{array}$ | 27, 148 | $1,043,393$ | $1,510,570$ | $2,556,704$ |
| Brooms, brushes and mops ........ Buttons, buckles and fasteners. | 104 47 | $2,103$ $1,555$ | $\text { 5, 397, } 241$ | $\begin{aligned} & 192,233 \\ & 140,743 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,608,934 \\ & 6,005,793 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,085,259 \\ 6,603,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18,641,759 \\ & 13,129,630 \end{aligned}$ |
| Candles ............................... | 15 | ${ }^{1.532}$ | 4,681, 192 | 50, 805 | 1, 245, 053 | 1, 626, 793 | 2, 789, 956 |
| Clocks, watches and watch cases | 33 | 1,119 | 3,638, 944 | 56,180 | 7.825, 135 | 7,953,540 | 15, 744, 711 |
| Fountain pens and pencils ....... | 18 | 1,103 | 3,042,807 | 82, 465 | 5, 554, 392 | 7, 154, 410 | 12, 487, 690 |
| Hair goods, animal and human... | 13 | 107 | 314, 089 | 9,981 | 836, 406 | 551,780 | 1,424, 209 |
| Ice, artificial .................... | 52 | 461 | 1,439,031 | 473, 131 | 243, 612 | 2,892,516 | 3,606,99? |
| Instruments and related products | 77 | 5,565 | 21,867, 834 | 507, 292 | 25, 361, 290 | 43, 851, 464 | 67, 875, 492 |
| Lamps, electric and lamp shades | 71 | 1,332 | 3,072,033 | 107. 549 | 6,037, 658 | $5,341,414$ | 11, 433, 015 |
| odels and patterns (except paper) | 75 | 568 | 2,270,835 | 67, 685 | 908, 664 | 3, 323, 338 | 4, 276, 174 |
| Musical instruments. | 25 | 1,305 | 3,940,907 | 189, 889 | 4, 304, 230 | 7, 838, 170 | 12, 284, 891 |
| Ophthalmic goods. | 33 | 1,031 | 2,836,935 | 89,474 | 2, 714,859 | 3,511,543 | 6, 152, 08 : |

## TABLE 2. Principal Statistics of the Industries Comprising the Miscellaneous Industries Group, 1956 - Concluded

| Industry | Estab lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Selling value of factory shipments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | * | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Orthopaedic and surgical appliances | 36 | 367 | 939, 361 | 31, 322 | 1,014,114 | 1,599,645 | 2, 737, 409 |
| Pipes, lighters and other smokers' supplies | 13 | 174 | 520, 472 | 22,054 | 1,492,264 | 1,420,881 | 2,716,712 |
| Plastics products .................. | 177 | 4,779 | 12,968, 618 | 687, 587 | 29, 221,782 | 27, 676, 435 | 56,537,054 |
| Signs, electric, neon and other | 329 | 3, 324 | 11, 420, 335 | 601, 222 | 9, 890, 036 | 18, 377, 732 | 28, 874, 077 |
| Sporting goods ........................ | 95 | 1,979 | 5, 439, 728 | 208, 219 | $6,105,1,40$ | 9, 338, 370 | 15,528, 074 |
| Stamps and stencils, rubber and metal | 71 | 952 | 3,008, 218 | 86,502 | 1,921, 272 | 4,357, 834 | 6, 336, 853 |
| Statuary, art goods and novelties | 108 | 798 | 1, 955,547 | 78, 232 | 1, 804,792 | 2, 870, 232 | 4, 739, 696 |
| Toys and games | 67 | 1,741 | 4, 028, 376 | 206, 603 | 8,293, 927 | 7, 328, 702 | 15, 444, 080 |
| Typewriter supplies | 9 | 430 | 1,260, 365 | 41, 706 | 2, 883, 424 | 2, 899, 091 | 5, 810, 198 |
| Umbrellas.... | 9 | 138 | 284, 138 | 9,116 | 609, 703 | 443.399 | 1,070,853 |
| Miscellaneous ..... | 39 | 1.789 | 4,814,421 | 142, 406 | 4,938,849 | 9,432,674 | 14.381.749 |
| Total | 1,556 | 33,432 | $100,348,480$ | 4, 109,544 | 138, 869, 722 | 187, 988, 792 | 326,580, 013 |

TABLE 3. Inventories ${ }^{1}$ of the Miscellaneous Industries Group, 1956

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Raw materials } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { supplies } \end{gathered}$ | Goods in process | Finished goods of own manufacture | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| -uaning: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 37. 440 | 1,800 | 14, 100 | 53,340 |
| Avva Scotia ........................................................ | 32, 708 | 16,350 | 3, 400 | 52, 458 |
| New Brunswick | 432, 385 | 257, 887 | 398, 434 | 1,088,706 |
| Quebec .............................................................. | 9, 445, 114 | 3, 873,047 | 4, 355,032 | 17,673, 193 |
| Ontario ............................................................... | 17,641,283 | 9, 466, 278 | 14.289, 215 | 41, 396, 776 |
| Manitoba | 527, 463 | 77, 077 | 183, 899 | 788, 439 |
| Saskatchewan .................................................... | 37, 794 | 9,749 | 12, 104 | 59,647 |
| Alberta ............................................................... | 148,931 | 52, 671 | 21,706 | 223, 308 |
| British Columbia .................................................. | 556,620 | 176, 248 | 232, 175 | 965,043 |
| Canada | 28, 859,738 | 13, 931, 107 | 19,510,065 | 62,300, 910 |
| Closing: |  |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 22, 142 | 1,590 | 19,474 | 43,206 |
| Nova Scotia .. | 32, 963 | 23, 656 | 8,055 | 64,674 |
| New Brunswick | 476, 142 | 252, 584 | 421,362 | 1, 150, 088 |
| Quebec .................................................................. | 11,562,713 | 4,599, 092 | 5, 111, 762 | 21,273,567 |
| Ontarlo.. | 19, 281, 895 | 10, 236, 068 | 16, 243, 342 | 45, 761,305 |
| Manitobs | 621.940 | 69, 148 | 285, 562 | 976,650 |
| Saskatchewan | 50, 394 | 1,931 | 15, 777 | 68, 102 |
| Alberta British Columbia | 172,008 | 27,779 | 65,976 | 265, 763 |
| British Columbia | 630,553 | 164,620 | 281, 439 | 1,076,612 |
| Canada | 32,850, 750 | 15,376, 468 | 22,452,749 | 70,679, 967 |

1. Book value of all manufacturing inventories held at plant and plant warehouses.
2. The opening inventory for 1956 differs from the closing inventory published for 1955 because of the receipt of revised data, the inclusion of new firms and the removal of figures for firms which did not operate during 1956 .

## The Artificial Flowers and Feathers Industry

The level of operations in this industry remained practically the same in 1956 as in 1955 with 40 establishments having factory shipments valued at $\$ 2,556,704$ in 1956 and 44 establishments with factory shipments valued at $\$ 2,530,755$ in the previous year. Employment was given to 480 persons,

12 more than the year before while the payroll decreased from $\$ 904,149$ to $\$ 886,218$, a drop of 2.0 per cent. Materials used cost $\$ 1,043,393$ in 1956 showing a slight increase over the cost of materials used in 1955 which was $\$ 993,903$.

The industry is practically confined to the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, Quebec, with 24 establishments, accounted for 67.1 per cent of the persons engaged in the industry and 67.8 per cent of its shipments. Ontario accounted for the balance of employment and shipments except for the contribution of one firm in each of Manitoba and Alberta.

Artificial flowers, the principal item of prodsttion, were shipped in the amount of $\$ 1,504,941$ to 1956. Second in importance were feathers add feather trimmings which were shipped to the extect of $\$ 357,656$. For further details of products, sed Table 5.

TABLE 4. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1927-1956

| Yeal and province | Estab-lishments | Fmployees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manulacture | Gross value of prouduction ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | * |
| 1927 | 7 | 166 | 127,924 | 654 | 161.121 | 261.666 | 423,441 |
| 1932 | 4 | 99 | 57,640 | 527 | 40,204 | 76,940 | 117,671 |
| 1937 | 19 | 350 | 201,689 | 1,566 | 170,919 | 354.405 | 526.890 |
| 1939 | 23 | 490 | 314,374 | 3,284 | 342,485 | 450,620 | 796.389 |
| 1942 | 26 | 657 | 521, 455 | 3,519 | 450.047 | 723,398 | 1,181,964 |
| 1945 | 30 | 689 | 706.074 | 8,193 | 796, 485 | 1.293,186 | 2,097,865 |
| 1946 | 35 | 749 | 827.817 | 10,269 | 867.783 | 1, 440, 324 | 2,318,376 |
| 1947 | 41 | 687 | 796. 704 | 12,351 | 680,430 | 1.250.543 | 1.943.324 |
| 194. | 36 | 710 | 888.196 | 16.427 | 888,275 | 1, 444,032 | 2,348,784 |
| 1949 | 38 | 677 | 915,935 | 12,761 | 1.133,009 | $1.570,532$ | 2,716,302 |
| 1950 | 38 | 709 | 957,887 | 12,195 | 960,508 | 1.688,243 | 2,660,946 |
| 1951 | 39 | 676 | 996,254 | 12,912 | 1, 050, 488 | 1.675,903 | 2, 740, 303 |
| 1952 | 42 | 573 | 875, 051 | 13,390 | 1, 054, 829 | 1.507.121 ${ }^{2}$ | 2,675,340 |
| 1953 | 45 | 516 | 926,600 | 18,292 | 1,076,417 | 1,665, $843^{2}$ | 2,750,552 |
| 1954 | 43 | 503 | 931,675 | 27,228 | 952.970 | 1,596,385 | 3.558.585 |
| Canada | 44 | 468 | 904,149 | 28,883 | 993, 903 | 1,508,317 | ?, 2330,735 |
| Quebec ..............a............... 2 ........... | 27 | 315 | $607,155$ | $19,415$ | $669.998$ | $892,605$ | $1,639,325$ |
| Ontario and other provinces ${ }^{2}$. | 17 | 153 | $296.994$ | $9,468$ | $323.905$ | $615,712$ | $891,430$ |
| 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 40 | 480 | 886,218 | 27,148 | 1, 043,393 | 1,510,570 | 2,556,704 |
| Quebec ............................................ | 24 | 322 | 589.929 | 15,084 | 804,918 | 938,636 | 1,734,396 |
| Ontario and other provinces ${ }^{3}$........... | 16 | 158 | 296.289 | 12,064 | 238,475 | 571,934 | 822,308 |

1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953, these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture".
3. Other provinces include - Sanitoba 1 and Alberta 1.

TABLE 5. Factory Shipments 1955 and 1956

| Products | 1955 | 1956 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | selling value at factory | Selling value at factory |
|  | \$ | \$ |
| Artificial flowers: |  |  |
| Silk, velvet and cotton | 726, 529 | 634,659 |
| Crepe paper $\qquad$ Other | 164.793 561.812 | 306,527 563,755 |
| Feathers, all kinds ......... | 157, 079 | 259, 244 |
| Feather trimmings . | 174, 207 | 98.412 |
| Wreaths, decorative and memorial | 297, 586 | 323. 714 |
| All other products ....................... | 448,749 | 370,393 |
| Total value of products | 2,530,755 | 2,556,704 |

## The Candle Industry

In 1956 reports were recelved from 15 estabIlshments engaged primarily in the manufacture of candies. Twelve of these establishments were located in Quebec and one in each of Ontario, Saskatchewan and British Columbia. As indicated by the number of establishments, Quebec occupied the leading position in the industry with a high percentage of the number of persons given employment and of the value of goods shipped.

The factory shipments made by the industry in 1956 were valued at $\$ 2,789,956$, which represents an increase of 6.3 per cent from $\$ 2,625,924$ in the previous year. Employment was afforded to 232 persons, 8 more than in 1955, while the payroll at $\$ 681.192$ was higher by $\$ 114,234$ or 21.5 per cent. The cost of materials used was $\$ 1,245,053$, an increase of 9.4 per cent over the earlier year's figure.

Religious candles is the principal commodity manufactured by the industry. In 1956 the shipments
of these were as follows: 7-day lights, 131.859 dozen valued at $\$ 888,861$; candles, 853,235 pounds at $\$ 688,204$; votive lights, all kinds, $1,935,810$ dozen at $\$ 557,335$. Other main items in order of importance were coloured and fancy candles including wax novelties, 642,030 dozen at $\$ 423,723$ and household candles, 961,794 pounds at $\$ 153,792$.

The chief material was paraffin of which $1,919,726$ pounds refined and $4,952,526$ pounds crude were used, costing \$176,136 and \$385,347 respectively. Beeswax was consumed in the amount of 322,629 pounds worth $\$ 218,203$. The consumption of stearic acid was 325,452 pounds costing $\$ 49,329$.

Imports of paraffin wax candles amounted to 312,683 pounds valued at $\$ 100,896$; other candles to 176,560 pounds valued at $\$ 61,874$. Exports of candles were 19,291 pounds with a value of $\$ 9,499$.

TABLE 6. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1928-1956


1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953 , these flgures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture".

TABLE 7. Factory Shipments, 1955 and 1956

| Products | $\begin{gathered} \text { Unit } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { measure } \end{gathered}$ | 1955 |  | 1956 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantity | Selling value at factory | Quantity | Selling value at factory |
|  |  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| Candles and cierges: |  |  |  |  |  |
| (a) Household candles, paraffin wax | 1 b . | 895,812 | 137.009 | 961,794 | 153.792 |
| (b) Coloured and fancy, including wax novelties | doz. | 591,345 | 384.888 | 642,030 | 423.723 |
| 2. Church, chapel, synagogue, etc.: |  |  |  |  |  |
| (a) Beeswax candles and cierges .................... | 1 b . | 490, 897 | 504, 586 | 482.573 | 528, 327 |
| (b) Composition candles and cierges ................. | 1 b . | 366, 214 | 136,436 | 370, 662 | 159,87'? |
| (c) 7-day lights, bees wax and vegetable oils ... | doz. | 15,284 | 237, 655 | 16,348 | 263, 023 |
| (d) 7-day lights, composition, other ..................... |  | 101,223 | 585,723 | 115,511 | 625,838 |
| (e) Votive lights, all kinds ............................... |  | 2,094,566 | 594,021 | 1,935, 810 | 557,335 |
| 3. Incense | 1 b . | 1.334 | 1,323 | 1 |  |
| 4. Incensed charcoal |  | 1 |  | - |  |
| 3. All other products ............................................. | - | - | 44,283 | - | 78.041 |
| Total value of products ..................................... | - | - | 2,625,924 | - | 2,789,956 |

## Clocks, Watches and Watch Cases

This industry is comprised of establishments primarily engaged in the manufacture of clocks and watches, including materials and parts for same. It includes establishments whose principal activity is assembling clocks and watches from purchased movements and watchcases of either own or ather manufacture. The purchase of complete watches and the attachment of straps or bands thereto is not considered a manufacturing activity. In addition to clocks and watches, interval timers, spring wound and electric, unassembled movements and bracelets are among the products manufactured by these plants.

Clock and watch manufacturers were classified with the jewellery industry until 1947 at which time they were transferred to the scientific and professional equipment industry. In 1951 they were
removed from inis Latier induairy anc clastlalat separately.

In 1956 reports were received from 33 establishments, 2 fewer than in 1955. Eighteen of the establishments were located in Quebec, 13 in Ontario and 2 in Manitoba. Shipments of goods in the later year were valued at $\$ 15,744,711$ compared with shipments worth $\$ 14,299,124$ in the earlier. Employment which stood at 1,107 in 1955 rose to 1,119 in 1956. Salary and wage payments were $\$ 3,638,944$ which was an increase of $\$ 137,299$ over those of 1955. The materials consumed in manufacture cost $\$ 7,825,135$ in 1956 compared with $\$ 7,027,734$ in 1955.

Information on production, imports and exports will be found in the Tables which follow.

TABLE 8. Principal Statistics, 1951-1956


1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953 , these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture".

TABLE 9. Clocks, Watches and Watch Cases from all Industries, 1955 and 1956

| Products | 1955 |  | 1956 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Selling value at factory | Quantity | Selling value at factory |
|  | No. | \$ | No. | \$ |
| Clocks, electric, kitchen .............................................. |  |  |  | 1,033, 616 |
| Clocks, electric, alarm ................................................ | 387, 101 | 1,682, 262 | $159,127$ | $597,626$ |
| Clocks, electric, other ............................................... |  |  | 108,491 6,801 | 658, 5687 |
| Clocks, not electric, mantel and wall types ................... Clocks, not electric, other types | 690, 022 | 1, 713, 927 | 758, ${ }^{6} 101$ | 1,904, 633 |
| Watches, wrist ................................................................. | 516, 587 | 8, 320, 270 | 601,099 | 8, 762,428 |
| Watches, other .............................................................. | 536, 934 | 1, 111,446 | 477, 338 | 1, 559, 372 |
| Watch cases ... | - | 936, 939 |  | 854, 875 |
| Total .......................................................................... | - | 13, 814, 213 | - | 15, 395, 69\% |

1. Of the figure $\$ 15,395,699$ for 1956 , shipments from the clock, watch and watch case industry alone total $\$ 14,312,5410$. The balance of the industry total of $\$ 15,744,711$ is accounted for by other products, details of which may not be revealed.

MABCE 10. Imports of Clocks and Watches, and Parts

| Asticlas iniporded | 1955 |  | 1956 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
|  | No. | \$ | NO. | \$ |
| Clocks and watches: |  |  |  |  |
|  | 588,955 | 1,830,904 | 735,294 | 2,237,410 |
| Clock moverments, clock cases and clockwork mechanisms | - | 168,144 | - | 191,012 |
| Parts of clock movements or of clockwork mechanisms, finished or unfinished, not including plates $\qquad$ | - | 502,319 | - | 507, 274 |
| Springs of iron and steel, for use exclusively in the manu- <br> facture of clocks $\qquad$ | - | 4.549 | - | 7.693 |
| Time recorders .......os.......................................................................... | - | 246.243 | - | 214,972 |
| Watches, over one jewel ......................................................... | - | 1,611,783 | - | 1,327,541 |
| Watches, one or no jewel ............................................................ | - |  | - | 440, 200 |
| Watch cases and parts thereof, finished or unfinished........ | - | 1,342,312 | - | 1, 666, 924 |
| Watch actions, over one jewel ............................................. |  |  | - | 5,219,111 |
| Watch actions, one or no jewel ................................................ | - | 4,399, 188 | - | 202,048 |
| Parts of watch movements, finished or unfinished ............. | - | 742,856 | - | 717,785 |

TABLE 11. Exports of Clocks and Watches, and Parts

| Articlas oxporced | 1955 |  | 1956 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
|  | NO. | \$ | No. | \$ |
|  | 30, 285 | 141,671 | 81,675 | 445,159 |
|  | 219,044 | 550,974 | 173,643 | 586,662 |

## The Fountain Pens and Pencils Industry

This industry has grown from one comprised of three establishments with a million dollar output in 1926 to one of 18 establishments producing over twelve million dollars worth of goods in 1956. The greater part of this increase occurred during the war and immediate post-war years. A substantial portion of it was effected through increased exports, the peak year for exports being 1947 during which fountain pens, pencils and parts approximating four million dollars in value were exported.

In 1956 reports were received from 18 estabHenments located as follows: British Columbia 1. Oritario 9 and Quebec 8. These establishments shinped goods with a selling value at factory of $\$ 12,487,690$, gave employment to 1,103 persons who
were paid $\$ 3,042,807$ in salaries and wages, and consumed materials costing $\$ 5,554,392$.

Shipments of fountain pens, the industry's leading commodity, amounted to 203,631 dozen valued at $\$ 3,078,991$. Ball point pens (including liquid lead pencils) amounting to $1,107,485$ dozen valued at $\$ 2,874.609$ ranked next in importance followed by black lead non-mechanical pencils which were shipped to the extent of 508,416 gross worth \$2,067,818.

Detailed information concerning production, imports and exports appears in Tables 13, 14 and 15 which follow.

TAMLE 12. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1926-1956

| Year and province | Estab-IIshments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electrictty | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by maufacture | Gros:s value of production |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NO. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1928 | 3 | 185 | 211, 885 | 4.778 | 373,255 | 705,404 | 1,083,437 |
| 1929 | 6 | 364 | 433,174 | 5,635 | 954,917 | 1, 889,332 | 2,849,884 |
| 1933 | 10 | 334 | 364, 265 | 16, 155 | 633, 843 | 801,982 | 1,451,980 |
| 1937 | 9 | 545 | 566,478 | 17,277 | 950,914 | 1.245, 869 | 2,214,060 |
| 1939 | 9 | 591 | 629,831 | 18,289 | 909, 776 | 1,214,442 | 2,142,507 |
| 1941 | 10 | 686 | 777, 782 | 24,382 | 1, 231,840 | 1,857,674 | 3,113,896 |
| 1945 | 10 | 1,315 | 1,892,220 | 31, 242 | 2,627,912 | 4,253,146 | 6,912,300 |
| 1946 | 10 | 1,462 | 1,963,245 | 36, 836 | 4,223,043 | 5,696,637 | 9,956,516 |
| 1947 | 10 | 1,426 | 2,326, 043 | 39,034 | 3,522,684 | 5,344, 271 | 8,905,989 |
| 1948 | 12 | 1,248 | $2,148,127$ | 45,149 | 2,682,930 | 3,695, 583 | 6,423,662 |
| 1949 | 15 | 1,221 | 2,328, 167 | 43,221 | 2.972,524 | 6,657,965 | 9,673,710 |
| 1950 | 18 | 1,133 | 2,421,360 | 51,220 | 3,435, 080 | $5,385,851$ | 8,872,151 |
| 1951 | 20 | 1,122 | 2,669,218 | 59,009 | 4,239,976 | 5, 515, 281 | 9,814, 266 |
| 1952 | 20 | 1.080 | 2,670,986 | 60,585 | 3, 755, 188 | 5,657,987 ${ }^{2}$ | 9, 473,760 |
| 1953 | 17 | 1. 169 | 2,903, 588 | 66,904 | 4,115,356 | 6, 514,328 ${ }^{2}$ | 10,696,588 |
| 1954 | 17 | 1.066 | 3, 039,155 | 75.913 | 4,219,594 | 6,584,899 | 10,702, 089 |
| Canada | 17 | 1.040 | 2, 713, 923 | 78,496 | 5,164,258 | 6, 053, 119 | 11,458,847 |
| Quebec and British Columbia ... | $8$ | $430$ | $982,537$ | $20.951$ | $2,385,099$ | $2,423,054$ | $4,826,201$ |
| Ontario | $9$ | $610$ | $1,731,386$ | $57,545$ | $2,779,159$ | $3,630,065$ | $6,632,646$ |
| 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada ................................... | 18 | 1.103 | 3, 042,807 | 82,465 | 5,554,352 | 7. 154.410 | 12,487,690 |
| Quebec and British Columbia .... |  | $463$ |  |  |  | $2,722,487$ | $5,356,650$ |
| Ontario | $9$ | $640$ | $1,926,327$ | $58,230$ | $2,913,026$ | $4,431,923$ | $7,131,040$ |

1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953 , the se figures have been calculated from value w? factor: shtpments and are,therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture".

TABLE 13. Fectory Shipments, 1955 and 1956

| Products | Unit of measure | 1955 |  | 1956 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Qusunty | Selling value at factory | Quantity | Selling value at factory |
|  |  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| Fountain pens | doz. | 191.977 | 2,994,612 | 203,631 | 3,078,991 |
| Fountain pen nibs, holders and other parts...................... | - | - | 188,955 | - | 337,438 |
| Ball point pens (including liquid lead pencils) .............. | doz. | 946, 728 | 2.452. 264 | 1,107,485 | 2, 874,609 |
| Replacement cartridges for ball polnt pens ................... | ${ }^{\circ}$ | 871.796 | 698,871 | 402,334 | 689, 758 |
| Non-mechanical pencils, black lead................................ | gross | 465, 108 | 1,928,683 | 508,416 | 2, 067,818 |
| Non-mechanical pencils, other ....................................... | " | 133, 762 | 810.168 | 176,224 | 1,026,926 |
| Pencils, mechanical .......s..n............................................ | doz. | 115,685 | 556, 149 | 108,402 | 480, 149 |
| Leads for pencils .............................................................. | - | - | 125,618 | - | 151,056 |
| Desk sets ........................................................................... | - | - | 178.790 | - | 249,565 |
| Other stationery supplies ............................................... | - | - | 1, 014,424 | - | 1, 085,906 |
| All other products............... | - | - | 435,667 | - | 384,088 |
| Amount recelved for repairs ............................................-- | - | - | 74,646 | - | 61,386 |
| Total value of products | - | - | 11.458,847 | - | 12,487,690 |

TABLE 14. Imports of Pens, Pencils and Parts, 1955 and 1956

| Articles Imported | Unit of measure | 1955 |  | 1956 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quentity | Value | Quantity | Value |
|  |  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| Fountain pens except ball points .......................................... | - | - | 200,378 | - | 145,932 |
| Ball polnt pens and parts .............................................. | - | - | 2,178,956 | - | 1, 84 3, 309 |
| Pencils, lead, non-propelling, with stationary lead ........ | gross | 40,905 | 95, 049 | 65,093 | 155,827 |
| Pencils, lead, n.0.p. .................................................... | - | - | 242,742 | 65. | $231,761$ |
| Pens, n.O.P., penholders and rules of all kinds .............. | - | - | 207, 121 | - | 235, 857 |

TABLE 15. Exports of Pens, Pencils and Parts, 1955 and 1956

| Articles Exported | 1955 |  | 1956 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
|  |  | 8 |  | * |
| Fountain pens including pen and pencil sets .......................... | - | 742,915 | - | 814,774 |
| Mechanical and propelling pencils ............................................... | - | 20,718 | - | 7. 299 |
| Pens and pencils and parts, n.o.p. ....................................... | - | 342,692 | - | 355,685 |

## The Hair Goods Industry

This industry consists of firms engaged in the processing of hair. In 1956 it was comprised of 13 establishments located as follows: Quebec 4, Ontario 6, Manitoba 1 and British Columbia 2. These establishments reported shipments having a value of $\$ 1,424,209$, gave employment to 107 persons who received $\$ 314,089$ in salaries and wages and consumed materials costing $\$ 836,406$. Comparable data for 1955 was 13 establishments, shipments valued at $\$ 1,384,282,102$ employees,
$\$ 297,776$ in salaries and wages, and $\$ 873,382$ for materials.

The processing of animal hair in 1956 amounted to 313,620 pounds valued at $\$ 776,206$. Included in the shipments of goods in 1956 was $\$ 85,295$ worth of wigs, toupees and switches compared with $\$ 70,593$ worth in 1955 . The balance of the value of shipments was accounted for by the amounts received for all other products and for repairs.

## Manufactured Ice

Establishments whose principal activity is the manufacture of ice for sale are classified to this industry. Several of these establishments derive some of their revenue from cold storage but firms whose main concern is the manufacture of ice for their own refrigeration systems are excluded. The harvesting and storage of natural ice is not considered a manufacturing operation and establishments so engaged are also excluded.

In 1956 the industry was comprised of 52 establishments located as follows: Nova Scotia 3, New Brunswick 2, Quebec 6, Ontario 26, Manitoba 1,

Saskatchewan 1, Alberta 2, and British Columbia 11. The value of factory shipments for the year amounted to $\$ 3,606,992$. Employment was given to 461 persons who were paid $\$ 1,439,031$ in salaries and wages. Materials costing $\$ 243.612$ were consumed in productior.

The industry shipped 467,343 tons of artificial ice in 1956 which compares with 633.526 tons shipped in the previous year. Trade in this commodity was on a limited scale only, exports amounting to $\$ 35,295$ and imports to $\$ 7,788$.

TABLE 16. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1927 to 1956

|  | Year and Province | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1927 |  | 28 | 279 | 402,292 | 145,570 | 60,682 | 1,066,716 | 1,272,968 |
| 1929 |  | 31 | 303 | 408,581 | 158, 197 | 76,919 | 1,247,662 | 1,482,778 |
| 1931 |  | 43 | 394 | 539, 316 | 191,607 | 78,334 | 1,703,365 | 1,973, 306 |
| 1933 |  | 43 | 358 | 421,567 | 169, 967 | 51,325 | 1,281,948 | 1,503,240 |
| 1937 |  | 50 | 629 | 644,763 | 179,592 | 76,923 | 1,522, 794 | 1,779,309 |
| 1939 |  | 49 | 643 | 704.951 | 196,530 | 74,341 | 1,622,292 | 1,893, 163 |
| 1941 |  | 51 | 626 | 743,548 | 228, 160 | 99,404 | 1,907, 560 | 2, 235, 124 |
| 1945 |  | 56 | 871 | 1,335,515 | 305, 519 | 125, 792 | 3,190. 353 | 3,621,664 |
| 1947 |  | 60 | 803 | 1,461,664 | 350,669 | 169,545 | 4,213,749 | 4,733,963 |
| 1949 |  | 69 | 894 | 1,810,364 | 512,474 | 173,687 | 5,116, 274 | 5,802,435 |
| 1950 |  | 65 | 794 | I. 764,456 | 520,718 | 157,450 | 3,690,541 | 4,368,709 |
| 1951 |  | 77 | 1,174 | 2,890,750 | 616,293 | 159,765 | 5, 231.305 | 6, 007.363 |
| 1952 |  | 78 | 1,215 | 3,220,933 | 653,822 | 174,380 | 6,069,598 ${ }^{2}$ | 6, 897, 800 |
| -953 |  | 77 | 931 | 2,614,595 | 657.087 | 160, 407 | 4,986, $284^{2}$ | 5,803,778 |
| 1954 |  | 69 | 673 | 1,897,668 | 576, 461 | 129,443 | 3,801,310 | 4,513,431 |

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 16. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1927 to 1956 - Concluded

| Year and Province | Estab-lishments | Ent ployees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Canada | 66 | 550 | 1,525,372 | 524,673 | 183,129 | 3, 194, 479 | 3,908, 327 |
| Nova Scotia and New Brunswick...... | 4 | 42 | 123,288 | 82,548 | 7. 129 | 281.439 | 371,468 |
| Quebec | 10 | 87 | 258, 140 | 81, 358 | 77, 230 | 580, 180 | 709, 867 |
| Ontario | 36 | 315 | 839, 753 | 231,574 | 65, 055 | 1.664,906 | 1,968,959 |
| Prairie Provinces | 4 | 38 | 98,482 | 45,000 | 10,532 | 377,403 | 432, 544 |
| British Columbia | 12 | 68 | 205,709 | 84,193 | 23,183 | 310,551 | 425,489 |
| Canada | 52 | 461 | 1,439,031 | 473,131 | 243,612 | 2,892,516 | 3, 606, 992 |
| Nova Scotia and New Brunswick...... | 5 | 41 | 126, 248 | 77,933 | 11,603 | 230, 278 | 320, 300 |
| Quebec | 6 | 58 | 180, 391 | 58, 842 | 54, 476 | 634, 233 | 749,887 |
| Ontario ........................................... | 26 | 262 | 845,748 | 219,788 | 114,142 | 1,347, 514 | 1,683, 052 |
| Prairie Provinces | 4 | 36 | 103,491 | 44, 390 | 33, 287 | 340,733 | 421,147 |
| British Columbia | 11 | 64 | 183,153 | 72,178 | 30, 104 | 339, 758 | 432,606 |

1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953 these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture".

## Instruments and Related Products

This industry is the former Scientific and Professional Equipment Industry with the manufacturers of ophthalmic goods and surgical and orthopaedic appliances removed. The change was made in 1956 and is reflected in the following table in the reduction in the number of establishments and employment. Shipments and value added, however, increased over 1955 despite the removal of almost half the establishments. The removed establishments have been formed into the Ophthalmic Goods and the Orthopaedic and Surgical Appliances Industries, when pages known the statistics of which are to be found on pages 16,17 and 18 of this report.

The newly constituted Instruments and Related Products Industry is comprised of establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing mechanical measuring and controlling instruments; dental, medical and surgical instruments and equipment; optical instruments and lenses: photographic equipment and supplies. There were 77 of these establishments in 1956 located provincially as follows:

Ontario 48, Quebec 21, British Oshmman 5. Maritoba 2 and Alberta 1

Factory shipments intalins 857.675 .442 were reported by the industry in the year under review. Employmeni was given to 5,565 persons who received $\$ 21,867,834$ in salaries and wages. Materials costing $\$ 25,361,290$ were used in manufacture.

While the commodities in this industry are collected in detail, the data must often be suppressed because too few establishments are involved to permit publication without divulging the figures of individual establishments. Such is the case for photographic supplies. However, it is usually possible to meet the confidence requirement and still publish useful figures by effecting appropriate combinations of the commodity data. Table 18 gives the commodities manufactured by the industry in as much detail and as meaningfully as possible.

TABLE 17. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1927 to 1956

| Year and province | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Costat plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1927 | 21 | 1.104 | 1,421,809 | 61,278 | 3,616, 016 | 4, 138, 134 | 7,815, 428 |
| 1929 | 23 | 953 | 1,258, 790 | 63, 969 | 3, 199, 528 | 4, 900, 154 | 8, 163, 651 |
| 1933. | 27 | 809 | 946,850 | 67, 784 | 1, 580, 612 | 2, 853, 585 | 4, 501, 98: |
| 1939 | 31 | 1,125 | 1,561,953 | 88,929 | 2, 427, 823 | 4, 225, 180 | 6, 721,932 |
| 1941. | 42 | 3,853 | 5,218, 575 | 198,066 | 8,791,848 | 7, 256,603 | 16,246,517 |

TARI.F 17. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1927 to 1956 - Concluded

| Yeat and limeince | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gross } \\ & \text { value of } \\ & \text { production } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NO. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1944 | 48 | 9,844 | 19,734,303 | 363,257 | 34,592,256 | 43,578,970 | 78, 534, 483 |
| 1946 | 45 | 2,226 | 4, 070,084 | 145, 030 | 5,979,164 | 8,260,375 | 14, 384, 569 |
| 1947 | 71 | 3,923 | 7. 440,830 | 221, 373 | 9,118,803 | 12. 245,656 | 21, 585, 832 |
| 1948 | 81 | 3,791 | 8, 666, 159 | 246, 218 | 10,604,599 | 15,657, 407 | 26, 508, 224 |
| 1949 | 91 | 4,781 | 10, 984, 607 | 289,153 | $13,895,560$ | 19,003, 380 | 33, 188,093 |
| 1950 | 97 | 4,810 | 11,842, 620 | 297, 097 | 13, 378, 949 | 17, 980, 249 | 31, 656, 295 |
| 1951 | 100 | 4,174 | 12, 035, 607 | 345,768 | 14, 150, 895 | 22, 499,682 | 36, 996, 345 |
| 1952 | 116 | 5,396 | 16,627, 838 | 377,970 | 15,554, 628 | 28,059, $219^{2}$ | $43,991,817$ |
| 1953 | 128 | 6,642 | 22, 107, 369 | 429,594 | 22, 010,622 | 38,588, $436^{2}$ | 61, 028, 652 |
| 1954 | 139 | 6,755 | $22,519,467$ | 523,231 | 22, 824, 964 | 38,070,305 | 59, 743, 340 |
| 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 151 | 6,514 | 22,957,061 | 569,441 | 22,789,219 | 40, 149,398 | 63, 223, 468 |
| Nova Scotla and New Brunswlck | 5 35 |  | 76,703 | 1.854 98.026 | $\begin{array}{r} 61,446 \end{array}$ | $70,216$ | $134,256$ |
| Quebec..................................... | 85 | 4,610 | $6,061,678$ $16,592,970$ | 988,026 | 5,339,583 | 9,187,975 | 14, 634, 366 |
| Manitoba | 11 | 4.7 | 16, 112,064 | 7,513 | 1, $\begin{array}{r}181,579\end{array}$ | 30, 173, 710 | 47. 280,332 |
| Alberta. | 5 | 21 | 51,477 | 2,188 | 77, 243 | 103,225 | 176,662 |
| British Columbla | 10 | 26 | 62,169 | 3,762 | 35, 222 | 88,713 | 128,090 |
| 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 77 | 5,565 | 21, 867,834 | 507, 292 | 25,361,290 | 43,851,464 | $67.875,442$ |
| Quebec | 21 | 1,628 | $5,853,303$ | 89,648 | 7,487,648 | $9.155,353$ | 16,237,312 |
| Ontarlo. | 48 | 3,907 | 15,928,644 | 412,055 | 17, 796, 272 | 34, 571, 722 | 51, 430, 271 |
| Manítoba | 2 | 11 | 34, 806 | 2,083 | 7,031 | 37,293 | 47,649 |
| Siberta. | 1 | 5 | 9,630 | 522 | 64,287 | 30, 543 | 94,352 |
| Eritish Columbia | 5 | 14. | 41,451 | 2,984 | 6,052 | 56, 553 | 65,858 |

i. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data In 1952 and 1953 these figures have been calculated fom value of factory shifments and are, therefore, only approzimations to true "value added by manufacture".

TABLE 18. Factory Shipments, 1956

| Products | $\begin{gathered} 1956 \\ \text { Factory shipments } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value |
|  |  | \$ |
| Thermometers, industrial and laboratory........................................................ No. No. | 38.794 | 444, 394 |
| Thermometers, other......................................................................................... | 549,702 | 243,996 |
| Pyrometers, thermocouples and accessories .................................................. it | 54,702 | 1,537,519 |
| Temperature and hygrometric instruments and accessorles, other .................... | - | 7,668, 087 |
| Electric quantity instruments and accessories | - | 707, 321 |
| Pressure measuring instruments, gauges and accessories............................... "\% | - | 1, 018, 123 |
| Flow and liquid level instruments and accessories .......................................... | 6, | 1, 235, 892 |
| Parking meters ................................................................................................ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 6,409 | 585, 338 |
| Aircraft engine and night instruments: aircraft and nautical navigational instruments and apparatus. | - | 7,732,641 |
| Control valves and regulators, excent voltage................................................. ${ }^{\text {en }}$ | - | 2, 435,984 |
| Dental, surgical and medical instruments | - | 75,553 |
| Optical instruments ............................................................................................ | - | 249,475 |
| Photographic equipment and supplies ............................................................... | - | 1 |
| All other scientific and professional equipment | - | 33, 935, 256 |
| All other products. | - | 1.683, 354 |
| Amount received for custom work and repairs ................................................... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | - | 8,322,509 |
| Total | - | 67,875,442 |

1. Confidential. Included with "all other scientifc and professional equipment".

TABLE 19. Imports of Instruments and Related Products

## Articles imported

Photographic equipment and supplies:
Cinematograph and motion picture cameras, equipped for motion picture production, and parts
Cameras and camera parts, n.o.p.
Camera parts, in the rough, for the manufacture of cameras
Camera lenses and shutters for the manufacture of cameras
Films, X-ray
Films, chemically prepared for photographers use
Films, hypersensitive of super-sensltive panchromatic, and infra-red fllms, unexposed, for aerial photography
Sensitized negative film, one and one eighth inch in width or over, for exposure in motion picture caneras
Photographic dry plates
Photoflash lamps
Photographlc accessories, except cameras and parts, equipment used in developing, printing and finishing photographs; parts of all the foregoing

Instruments and apparatus
Chronometers and compasses, and parts, including cards, not made in Canada, for ships and aircraft..
Cyclometers, pedometers, speedometers, and parts
Dental instruments; surgical needles; microscopes valued at not less than $\$ 50$ each, retail; parts
Engineers', surveyors', draftsmens', machinists or metal workers' precision tools and measuring instruments, geophysical surveying instruments and parts. Photogrammetic instruments for use in the interpretation of photographs and in the preparation of maps from photographs
Globes, geographical, topographical and astronomical
Optical, philosophical, photographic and mathematical instruments, n.o.p., and parts
Oven thermostats, automatic oven llghters and dual valves for gas stoves, and gas pressure regulators
Philosophical and scientific apparatus, for use by institutions, hospitals and schools

Thermometers, including clinical thermoneters
Surgical instruments and parts
Artificial eyes for human use, and contact eye glasses or lenses Artificlal teeth, not mounted, and materials for the manufacture thereof

| 1955 |  | 1956 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
| No. | \$ | No. | \$ |
| 3,933,131 | 121,832 | - | 140,019 |
|  | 5, 304,897 | - | 5,697, 625 |
|  | 129,433 | - | 161,225 |
|  | 256,996 | - | 394,669 |
|  | 1,897,670 | - | 2,377,915 |
|  | 3,150,381 | - | 4,039,658 |
|  | 24,641 | - | 19.061 |
|  | 138,836 | - | 112,758 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 173,483 \\ & 255,934 \end{aligned}$ | 5,712,111 | $\begin{aligned} & 197,248 \\ & 298,805 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $3,452,558$ | - | $5,455,806$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 408,808 \\ & 251,156 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 375,390 \\ & 232,485 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 1.519,070 | - | 1,886,252 |
|  | 5, 747,604 | - | 5,608,886 |
|  | 93, 332 | - | 186,182 |
|  | 4,261, 421 | - | 5, 458, 413 |
|  | 94.219 | - | 87,992 |
|  | 5, 705, 715 | - | 7.023,366 |
|  | 1,139,106 | - | 1,343,589 |
|  | 4,956, 459 | - | 5,137,550 |
|  | 7,617 | - | 5,312 |
|  | 1.142,597 | - | 1,326,425 |

TABLE 20. Exports of Instruments and Related Products

| Articles exported |
| :--- |

## Eiectic I. mpos and Lamp Shades

The manufactarers of electric lamps and lamp zanes were classiffed to a soparate inmastry for the first time in 1939. Prior to then the majority of them were to be found in the statuary and art goods industry with the remaining few in several other industries.

The industry has experienced substantial growth since 1939 as evidenced by the fact that gross value of production in that year was $\$ 1,018,254$ as compared with factory shipments of $\$ 11.433 .019$ in 1956. In the earlier year the industry manufactured 167,159 electric lamps of all kinds as against $1,226,029$ in the latter year. Lamp shade production for the same two years amounted to 411,216 and 1,821,477.

In 1958 reports were received from 71 estabMatintents of which 35 were in Quebec, 29 in Ontario, 2 in Manitoba and 5 in British Columbia. Factory shipments made by these establishments were valued at $\$ 11,433,019$ compared with $\$ 9,850,158$ in 1955. Employment rose to 1,332 persons from the previous year's figure of 1,283 and salaries and wages increased from $\$ 2,789,422$ to $\$ 3,072,033$ over the two years. Cost of materials consumed was $\$ 6,037,658$ which compares with $\$ 4,817,295$ in 1955.

Table 22 which follows contains detailed information of the industry's products for 1955 and 1956.

TABLE 21. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1939 to 1956

| Year and province | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | $\$$ |
| 1939 | 25 | 368 | 328, 365 | 8,926 | 486, 434 | 522,894 | 1,018,254 |
| 1941 | 25 | 540 | 535, 490 | 12,666 | 755,948 | 772, 070 | 1, 540,684 |
| 1942 | 28 | 578 | 649,062 | 16,018 | 837, 579 | 1,053, 341 | 1, 906,938 |
| 1943 | 24 | 478 | 553, 044 | 13,971 | 611, 338 | 762, 697 | 1. 388,006 |
| 1945 | 28 | 651 | 768,117 | 20,729 | 1,115,817 | 1,355,273 | 2, 491, 819 |
| 1946 | 35 | 914 | 1,137, 804 | 26, 467 | 2, 129, 128 | 2, 137,497 | 4, 293,092 |
| 1947 | 42 | 845 | 1,148, 954 | 34, 789 | 1,770,414 | 1,828,889 | 3, 634,092 |
| 1948 | 44 | 905 | 1, 358, 103 | 35,934 | 2,048, 504 | 2,530, 630 | 4, 615, 068 |
| 1949 | 45 | 1,078 | 1,828, 258 | 43,976 | 2, 761, 502 | 3, 187, 711 | 5, 993, 189 |
| 1950 ............................................ | 49 | 1,159 | 2. 131,637 | 63,292 | 3, 443,998 | 3,551,928 | 7,059,218 |
| 1951 | 55 | 1.164 | 2, 167, 450 | 80,415 | 3,624,308 | 3,690,651 | 7, 395,374 |
| 1952 | 59 | 1,245 | 2, 426, 725 | 83, 434 | 4,516,335 | 4, 514,199 ${ }^{2}$ | 9, 113,968 |
| 1953 | 57 | 1,288 | 2,662, 792 | 88, 568 | 4,651,902 | 4, 606, $284^{2}$ | 9, 346, 754 |
| 1954 | 66 | 1. 279 | 2,630,614 | 95,894 | 4, 486, 425 | 4, 822, 256 | 9, 375,993 |
| 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 65 | 1,283 | 2, 789,422 | 109, 991 | 4, 817, 295 | 4, 980, 403 | 9, 850,158 |
| Quebec ........................................ | 33 | 641 | 1,249, 596 | 44,363 | 2,618,986 | 2, 270,627 | 4,930,491 |
| Ontario .......................................... | 25 | 577 | 1, 356,896 | 56, 527 | 1,958, 744 | 2, 482, 107 | 4, 430,910 |
| Manitoba and British Columbia ..... | 7 | 65 | 182,930 | 9, 101 | 239, 565 | 227, 669 | 488, 757 |
| 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada ..................................... | 71 | 1,332 | 3,072,033 | 107,549 | 6, 037, 658 | 5,341,414 | 11,433,019 |
| Quebec ........................................ | 35 | 654 | 1, 445, 908 | 39,322 | 3, 238, 187 | 2, 400, 097 | 5,644, 258 |
| Ontario ........................................... | 29 | 611 | 1, 447, 126 | 56, 765 | 2, 435, 347 | 2, 646, 394 | 5, 146, 800 |
| Manitoba and British Columbia ...... | 7 | 67 | 178, 999 | 11,462 | 366, 124 | 294,923 | 641.961 |

i. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
?. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953 these figures have been calculated from value of factory Sincoents and are, therefore, only approximations to true, "value added by manufacture".

TABLE 22. Factory Shipments, 1955 and 1956

| Products | 1955 |  | 1956 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Selling value at factory | Quantity | Selling value at factory |
|  | No. | \$ | No. | \$ |
| Lamps, electric: Floor |  |  |  |  |
| Floor <br> Table | 183,458 619,681 | $2,145,036$ $3,539,713$ | 694, 741 | 2, 592,301 |
| Other | 234, 107 | 630, 406 | 287, 824 | 886, 309 |
| Lamp shades: |  | 356, 890 | 151,435 |  |
| Parchment ............................................................................................. | 404, 853 | 524, 001 | 296, 309 | 371, 700 |
| Plastic ............................................................................................................................................. | 978, 232 | 1,270, 073 | 519, 200 | 401,629 |
| Fibreglass | 19,942 |  | 811, 776 | 1,130,660 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Lamp and shade parts | - | 54,054 | - | 115,984 |
| Smoking sets | 123,662 | 477, 299 | 106,964 | 619,420 |
| Novelties, all kinds | - | 217, 814 | - | 134, 264 |
| All other products ................................................................... | - | 535,132 | - | 632,140 |
| Amount received for custom work and repairs | - | 43,240 | - | 57, 869 |
| Total ............................................................................... | - | 9,850,158 | - | 11,433, 019 |

## tiodels and l'aterns (I xcent I'aper)

The Standard Industrial Classification which was adopted in 1949 classified to the group "Miscellaneous Manufactures" establishments whose principal products were models and patterns other than paper. These establishments, which under the former scheme of classification were found for the most part in the miscellaneous wood products industry, were transferred to "Miscellaneous Manufactures" in 1950 where they were formed into an industry entitled "Models and Patterns (Except Paper)'.

The industry in 1956 consisted of 75 establishments distributed provincially as follows: Quebec 15. Ontario 53, Manitoba 1 and British Columbia 6.

These establishments reported factory shipments worth $\$ 4,276,174$. The payroll consisted of $568 \mathrm{em}-$ ployees who received $\$ 2,270,835$. Materials and supplies costing $\$ 908,664$ were consumed in manufacture. Comparable data for 1955 were 70 establishments, 387 employees, $\$ 1,473,898$ for salaries and wages, $\$ 2,842,375$ for value of factory shipments, and material cost $\$ 475,261$.

Patterns and models which account for most of the industry's output were reported to the extent of $\$ 2,305,634$ and $\$ 2,802,482$ in 1955 and 1956, respectively. Molds were reported to the value of $\$: 251,679$ in 1956. Sundry items account for the balances in the two years.

## Ophthalmic Goods

Prior to 1956 establishments engaged in grinding ophthalmic lenses and in manufacturing other ophthaimic goods were classified to the Scientific and Professional Equipment Industry. In 1956 these establishments were removed and grouped together to form the Ophthalmic Goods Industry.

In this first year there were 33 such establishments located as follows: Nova Scotia 1. New

Brunswick 3, Quebec 7, Ontario 19, Manitoba 1 and Alberta 2. The value of factory shipments amounted to $\$ 6,152,081$. The payroll consisted of 1,031 persons who received salary and wage payments of $\$ 2,836,935$. Materials used in manufacture cost $\$ 2,714,859$.

Details of shipments, imports and exports will be found in the tables which follow.

TABLE 23. Factory Shipments, 1956

| Proctacts |
| :--- |

1. Confidential. Included with "all other ophthalmic goods".

TABLE 24. Imports of Ophthalmic Goods

| Articles Imported | 1955 |  | 1956 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
|  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| A;-ctacles and eye-glass frames, and parts, n.o.p........................ | - | 2,597,510 | - | 3,038,753 |
| Farts, unfinished, for the manufacture of spectacles and eyeglass frames $\qquad$ | - | 345,409 | - | 348, 223 |
| Lenses, glass, n.o.p. .................................................................. | $\rightarrow$ | 292,157 | - | 259,729 |
| Spectacles, eye-glasses and ground or finished spectacle or eyeglass lenses, no. o. | - | 643,530 | - | 782,853 |

TABLE 25. Exports of Ophthalmic Goods

| Articles exported | 1955 |  | 1956 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
|  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| Goggles and spectacles and parts | - | 60,156 | - | 45,490 |
| Lenses of glass, rough or finished.. | - | 312.479 | - | 422,085 |

## Orthopaedic and Surgical Appliances

Manufacturers of orthopaedic and surgical appliances were withdrawn from the Scientific and Professional Equipment Industry in 1956 to form a separate industry. This newly formed industry was comprised of 36 establishments located as follows: New Brunswick 1, Quebec 6, Ontario 15. wintitoba 6. Alberta 2 and British Columbia 6.

Pactory shipments by the industry in the year Wicier review were valued f.o.b. plant at $\$ 2,737,409$.

The payroll consisted of 367 persons who received salary and wage payments of $\$ 939,361$. Materials used in marnfacture cost $\$ 1,014,114$.

Table 26 shows a detailed breakdown of the orthopaedic and surgical appliances shipped by Canadian manufacturers in 1956. Details of imports of these commodities into Canada during the year is given in Table 27.

TABLE 26, Factory Shipments, 1956

| Products |  | 1956 <br> Factory shipmotis |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantity | Value |
|  |  |  | \$ |
| Artificial limbs | No. | 2,343 | 306,944 |
| Trusses | , | 40,011 | 184, 210 |
| Surgical belts | " | 65, 594 | 283, 967 |
| Arch supports | pr. | 32,473 | 92, 934 |
| Orthopaedic corsets | -" | 16, 068 | 109, 869 |
| Surgical supports, other | No. | 166, 837 | 242, 100 |
| Elastic stockings | - | 106, 379 | 145, 775 |
| Braces, spinal | " | 2, 289 | 122,908 |
| Braces, other | " | 4,894 | 117,809 |
| All other surgical and orthopaedic appliances | - | - | 559, 332 |
| All other products ............... | - | - | 571, 561 |
| Total | - | - | 2,737,409 |

TABLE 27. Imports of Orthopaedic and Surgical Appliances

| Articles Imported | 1955 |  | 1956 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
|  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| Artificial limbs and parts, and materials for | - | 115,760 | - | 126,889 |
| Appliances or boots fur crippled or deformed foot or ankle .... | - | 7. 152 | - | 8,553 |
| Spinal and other orthopaedic braces and parts thereof; materials, not mentioned elsewhere, for the manufacture of the foregoing $\qquad$ ....................................... | - | 72,593 | - | 83,766 |
| Surgical trusses and suspensory bandages of all kinds, and abdominal supports | - | 13,334 | - | 4,152 |

## Pipes, Lighters and Other Smokers' Supplies

Prior to 1947 this industry was comprised of establishments manufacturing tobacco pipes as principal product. It was quite a small industry then with never more than 6 establishments and an annual value of production ranging from $\$ 17,000$ to $\$ 162,000$. In 1947 the industry was expanded to embrace flints, lighters and other smokers' supplies with a consequent increase in establishments to 13 and of output to approximately $\$ 3,000,000$.

In 1956 factory shipments by the industry were valued at $\$ 2,716,712$, an increase over the $\$ 2,443,097$ reported in 1955. Emplofment remained almost constant over the two years while there was an increase in salary and wage payments from
$\$ 472,493$ to $\$ 520,472$. The cost of materials and supplies amounted to $\$ 1,492,264$ in 1956 compared to $\$ 1,165,152$ in 1955 . There were 13 establishments in 1956, the same as in the previous year.

Details of the products shipped by the industry must be suppressed in order to avoid disclosure of figures of individual establishments. However, it is possible to publish figures as assembled from all industries for most of the main commodities produced in the pipes, lighters and other smokers' supplies industry. These, for 1956 are as follows: 5,943 dozen pipes valued at $\$ 61,007$; cigarette lighters, 620.198 at $\$ 1.022,309$; flints for lighters, $\$ 312,945$; fluid for lighters, $\$ 686,360$.

## The Plastics Products Industry

Unti! 1948 establimhments manuficturing primary plastics or plastics products were included with the miscellaneous chemical products industry. In 1946 these establishments were removed from this industry and formed into an industry entitled the plastics industry. The following year, 1947 the plastics industry was split into two industries, the first known as the primary plastics industry to which were classified establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing plastic materials in the form of sheets, rods, tubes, granules or liquid for use in further manufacture and the second called the plastics products industry. comprising establishments primarily engaged in moulding plastics for the trade and in manufacturing finished plastics products, not elsewhere classified.

It is important to note that the plastics products industry includes only those fabricators which manufacture from plastics the kinds of products not found elsewhere in the classification scheme. For example women's aprons (including those of plastics materials) are classified to the women's factory clothing industry and establishments producing women's plastic aprons as a principal product
would be included with this industry. Similarily, manufacturers of plastic toys would be classified to the toy industry, of plastic handbags to the miscellaneous leather industry where the commodity handbags is to be found, etc. Some production of these commodities will, of course, be found in the plastics products industry where they are produced as secondary or minor products by the establishments assigned to the industry on the basis of their more important items of manufacture.

In 1956 the industry was comprised of 177 establishments distributed provincially as follows: Nova Scotia 1. New Brunswick 2, Quebec 53. Ontario 98, Manitoba 5, Alberta 7 and British Columbia 11. These establishments shipped goods with a value f.o.b. plant of $\$ 56,537,054$. The payroll listed 4,779 persons who received $\$ 12,968,618$ in salaries and wages. Materials having a cost of $\$ 29,221.782$ were used in manufacture.

The commodities shipped by the industry in 1956 are detailed in Table 29. Materials used data is to be found in Table 30 .

TABLE 28. Principal Statistics, 1947 to 1956


1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1953, these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture".

TABLE 29. Factory Shipments, 1955 and 1956

| Products | 1955 | 1956 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Selling value at factory | Selling value at factory |
|  | \$ | \$ |
| Household equipment and accessories: |  |  |
| Dresserware |  |  |
| Kitchenware | 1,529,747 | 2,571,042 |
| Tableware | 1,257,779 | 1,738,484 |
| Trays ...........w........................................................................................ | 265,078 | 210,542 |
| Bags, garment, laundry, etc. | 381,312 | 325,515 |
| Covers, food and other...... | 634.732 | 808.497 |
| Curtains and drapes ................................................................................. | 450,242 | 296,112 |
| Handles and knobs, for kitchenware and other household equipment ....... | 933,599 | 1,124,412 |
| Hangers, garment | 109, 143 | 130,328 |
| Table cloths and covers | 347, 749 | 234,799 |
| Food containers other than bags Other. $\qquad$ | $1.448,681$ | $\begin{array}{r} 681,569 \\ 1,019,483 \end{array}$ |
| Clothing and personal equipment: |  |  |
| Aprons | 46. 380 | 27,000 |
| Baby pants | 453,948 | 2 27,00 |
| Bibs .......................................................................................................... | 42,414 | 51, 3 47 |
| Headwear ..............................r................................................................. | 14,112 | 2 - |
| Bags, knitting, hend, etc. | 135.809 | - |
| Bags, diaper, cosmetics, etc. | 52.488 | $52.282$ |
| Brushes and brush parts | 68, 002 | $161.050$ |
| Buttons. | 24,707 |  |
|  | 985.272 | $1.032,720$ |
| Other clothiog and personal equipment, not specified | 1,811,489 | 2,534.772 |
| Miscellaneous plastics products: |  |  |
| Automobile parts and accessories | 1,382, 222 | 1,507,985 |
| Alrcraft parts end accessories .................................................................... | 445,478 | 489,642 |
| Radio parts and accessories...... | 1,034,308 | 733,752 |
| Refrigerator parts and accessories | 847,954 | 1,827,648 |
| Electrical parts and accessories, other | 3.294,325 | 3,013,047 |
| Bags for packaging food, etc....... | 3,921,312 | 5,792,986 |
| Bottle caps, closures, etc. .................................. | 712,015 | 831,016 |
| Boxes and cases for clocks, hosiery, Jewellery, etc, .............................. | 100.021 | 81,687 |
| Boxes, other ............................................................................................. | 671.400 | 533, 142 |
| Beauty parlor equipment and accessories ................................................. | 28,132 | 22,168 |
| Garden hose.............................................................................................. | 406.758 | 605,886 |
| Handles, not elsewhere specified ........................................................ | 256,307 | 225,198 |
| Novelties | 585, 240 | 711.023 |
|  | 261.783 | 229,413 |
| Signs and displays | 287,033 | 224,173 |
| Stationery goods | 252,906 | 272,599 |
| Toys | 2,903,128 | 3,223,092 |
| Tile, floor and wall .................................................................................. | 1.127.216 | 1.636,877 |
| Pipe, extruded........................................................................................................ | 1,635,898 | 2.208,079 |
| Tubing, lacing, belting, etc., extruded .................................................... | 480,443 | 492,197 |
| Other miscellaneous plastics products not specifled ............................... | 15,519,631 | 17,037,775 |
| Miscellaneous products other than plastics | 1,111,765 | 1,565, 050 |
| Custom work and repairs | 471,632 | 271,158 |
| Total value of products | $48,732,590$ | 56,537, 059 |

1. Included with "Other", Household equipment and accessories.
2. Included with "other clothing and personal equipment, not specified".

TABLE 30. Materials U'sed, 1955 and 1956

| Materials | 1955 |  |  | 1956 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity |  | Cost at factory | Quantity |  | Cost at factory |
|  | Moulding powders and compounds | Liquids, pods, bars, sheeting, etc. |  | Moulding powders and compounds | Liquids, rods, bars, sheeting, etc. |  |
|  | 1 b . | 1 b . | \$ | 1 b . | 1 b . | \$ |
| Synthetic resins: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Phenol-aldehy de types phenol-formaldehyde and othet | 3,457, 739 | 5,378, 084 | 1,561,756 | 4,273,314 | 6,239,932 | 1,928,677 |
| 2. Amino-aldehyde types: <br> (a) Urea-formaldehyde and other <br> (b) Melamine-formaldehyde............ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,238,287 \\ & 2,008,595 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 280 \\ 4,500 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 431,058 \\ & 947,920 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,365,430 \\ & 2,401,704 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 240 \\ 4,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 444,958 \\ 1,105,457 \end{array}$ |
| 3. Alkyd types: <br> Polyesters and other | 25,668 | 334.280 | 131,020 | 1,035, 182 | 510, 163 | 546,124 |
| 4. Polyamide types: <br> Nylen and other. | 238,285 | 2,004 | 340, 857 | 327, 158 | 8,545 | 457.629 |
| 5. Styrene types: <br> (a) Polystyrene <br> (b) Othet | $\begin{array}{r} 10,343,177 \\ 722,988 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 287,817 \\ 27,948 \end{array}$ | $3,412,905$ 166,674 | $\begin{array}{r} 10,205,186 \\ 1,112,477 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,005,212 \\ 18,269 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,866,188 \\ 373,506 \end{array}$ |
| 6. Vinyl types: <br> (a) Vinyl acetate <br> (b) Vinyl chloride $\qquad$ <br> (c) n.s. $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 313,350 \\ 1,824,568 \\ 678,892 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 547,646 \\ 769,836 \\ 1,129,583 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 528,183 \\ 1,409,200 \\ 1,176,173 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 101,391 \\ 2,595,728 \\ 168,202 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 607,417 \\ 1,287,063 \\ 2,085,743 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 559,383 \\ 1,617,160 \\ 1,570,788 \end{array}$ |
| 7. Polyethylene types ..................... | 7, 539, 346 | 1,923, 284 | 4, 189, 753 | 9,231, 480 | 3,260,940 | 5, 477,808 |
| 8. Acrylic types .............................. | 278,146 | 307, 377 | 478,894 | 539,764 | 375,381 | 629,055 |
| 9. Sllicone types ............................ | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 |
| 10. Other synthetic resin types ......... | - | - | 308, 447 | - | - | 189,441 |
| Swilulose plastics: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cellulose nitrate (celluloid and other) $\qquad$ | 2,500 | 6,415 | 11,207 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Cellulose acetate .......................... | 543.416 | 142.540 | 374,530 | 540.711 | 233,590 | 452,825 |
| Cellulose acetate butyrate ............. | 683,421 | 12,968 | 412, 239 | 766, 262 | 22,508 | 480,548 |
| Ethyl cellulose.............................. | 2,790 | 7.270 | 7. 168 | 29,542 | 3,274 | 22,660 |
| Cellulose film ("cellophane", etc.) | 67,000 | 844.216 | 583, 100 | 1.000 | 1.045, 636 | 759.947 |
| Other cellulose plastics ................ | 2,210 | 550 | 1,847 | 3.677 | 27. 120 | 33,895 |
| Other plastics ................................... | - | - | 2,424,613 | - | - | 1,622,173 |
| Other materials: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton fabrics ............................... | - | - | 223,896 | - | - | 331. 158 |
| Other fabrics................................. | - | - | 104,675 | - | - | 120,394 |
| Paper ............................................ | - | - | 1,119,647 | - | - | 1,339,484 |
| Rubber ........................................... | - | - | 64,717 | - | - | 107,445 |
| Metals .......................................... | - | - | 443.023 | - | - | 585,919 |
| Paints, lacquers, etc. ................... | - | - | 80,555 | - | - | 120,993 |
| Shipping containers and packing materials $\qquad$ | - | - | 1,100,272 | - | - | 1,281,788 |
| Whit other materials ........................ | - | - | 2,212,899 | - | - | 3,196, 379 |
| Total cost of materials used ...... | - | - | 24, 247, 328 | - | - - | 29,221, 782 |

1. Confidential. Included with "Other synthetic resin types".
2. Confidential. Included with "Other cellulose plastics".

## Signs, Electric, Neon and other

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in the manufacture of signs, electric and non-electric, and advertising displays. It does not include establishments whose principal activity is the provision of advertising service or the erection and maintenance of signs.

Electric signs include those of neon and other luminous tube, many of which are leased or rented. Signs which were not sold outright are reported at the value they would have were they so sold. Beginning with 1955 the number and estimated value of leased or rented signs which hitherto had been included in the industry totals were removed. They are shown separately in a footnote to Table 32.

In $1: 556$ reports were collected from 329 establishments compared with 305 estahlishmients in 1955. Receipts from factory shipments, rentals, custom work and repairs amounted to $\$ 28,874,077$ compared with the 1955 figure of $\$ 25,278,087$. Employment which stood at 3,102 in the earlier year rose to 3,324 in the later and salaries and wages increased from $\$ 9,777,004$ to $\$ 11,420,335$ over the two years. Materials used cost $\$ 9,890,036$ in 1956 compared with $\$ 7,819,492$ in 1955.

Details of the commodities shipped by the industry in 1956 are to be found in Table 32.

TABLE 31. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1935 to 1956

| Year and province | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1935 | 38 | 536 | 652, 461 | 40, 058 | 383, 011 | 1, 238, 818 | 1, 661,887 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1938 \\ & 1939 \end{aligned}$ | 46 42 | 673 624 | 894,397 8701,842 | 51,084 60,335 | 476,586 474,769 |  | $2,550,445$ $2,407,421$ |
| 1941 | $\begin{aligned} & 42 \\ & 39 \end{aligned}$ | 656 | 1, (26, 142 | 90, 287 | 558, 320 | 2,602.609 | 3,251, 21 6 |
| 1943 | 31 | 400 | 711,641 | 61. 599 | 289, 210 | 1,707,673 | 2, 058,482 |
| 1945 | 30 | 605 | 1. 095,673 | 75, 275 | 499,680 | 1,999,872 | 2,574.827 |
| 1947 | 42 | 1,038 | 2, 183, 227 | 94,994 | 1,528,525 | 3, 829, 354 | 5,452, 87.3 |
| 1949 | 49 | 1,369 | 3.146, 480 | 156, 828 | 2,119,144 | 6, 156, 257 | 8,432.224 |
| 1950 | 64 | 1. 569 | 3, 874, 776 | 171, 021 | 2, 801, 486 | 7.531.833 | 10,504,340 |
| 1951 | 103 | 2.001 | 5, 336,652 | 271, 396 | 4.765, 596 | 10, 021,946 | 15,058,938 |
| 1952 | 176 | 2. 356 | 6, 609, 424 | 330, 225 | 5, 344, 140 | 12.711.681 ${ }^{2}$ | 18,386, 046 |
| 1953 | 193 | 2. 632 | 7.703, 654 | 336, 970 | 6, 247, 579 | 15, 204, $952{ }^{2}$ | 21, 789,501 |
| 1954 | 206 | 2,731 | 8, 493, 332 | 430, 412 | 6, 444,124 | 13, 391, 309 | 20,273,968 |
| Canada | 305 | 3, 102 | 9, 777, 004 | 537, 754 | $7.819,492$ | 16,930, 088 | 25,278,087 |
| Newfoundland and New Brunswick <br> Nova Scotia $\qquad$ | 7 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 43 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 120,386 \\ 63,607 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,864 \\ & 5,115 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 72,600 \\ & 48,821 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 170,883 \\ 94,465 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 248,625 \\ & 148,401 \end{aligned}$ |
| Quebec ................................... | 63 | 708 | 2, 063,841 | 114,085 | 1,617,864 | 3,484, 627 | 5.221,996 |
| Ontario | 147 | 1,343 | 4, 093, 468 | 257, 279 | 4,042,543 | 6. 480,246 | 10,767, 728 |
| Manitoba . | 13 | 199 | 618, 246 | 48,719 | 324, 492 | 1. 243, 725 | 1,616,954 |
| Saskatchewan | 3 | 19 | 61,480 | 1,491 | 33, 816 | 160, 242 | 195, 004 |
| Alberta | 28 | 257 | 839.520 | 46,921 | 466, 064 | 1,904, 227 | 2.417, 222 |
| British Columbia | 38 | 513 | 1,916,456 | 58, 280 | 1.213, 292 | 3,391,673 | 4, 662,157 |
| Canada | 329 | 3, 324 | 11,420,335 | 601,222 | 9,890,036 | 18, 377, 732 | 28, 874,077 |
| Newfoundland and New Brunswick <br> Nova Scotia $\qquad$ | 7 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 48 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 138,852 \\ 75,427 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,902 \\ & 4,715 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 99,379 \\ 61,957 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 199,007 \\ & 101,446 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 307,471 \\ & 169,912 \end{aligned}$ |
| Quebec ......................................... | 63 | 752 | 2, 440,025 | 132. 537 | 2,016,327 | 4, 019, 752 | 6,167,313 |
| Ontario | 168 | 1. 459 | 4,712,376 | 281,652 | 4,767,944 | 7.385, 484 | 12, 343, 618 |
| Manitoba ..................................... | 13 | 198 | 706. 288 | 50,982 | 417, 366 | 1,446,839 | 1,922.489 |
| Saskatchewan | 3 | 21 | 81,425 | 3,416 | 63, 634 | 126, 282 | 201,681 |
| Alberta .a.c................................. | 28 | 271 | 1,063. 474 | 54,055 | 773, 502 | 1,859,950 | 2, 717, 322 |
| British Columbia .......................... | 41 | 554 | 2, 202,468 | 63,963 | 1,689,927 | 3,238,972 | 5, 044, $27!$ |

1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficientinventory data in 1952 and 1953, these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture".

TABLE 32. Factory Shipments, 1955 and 1956

| Products | 1955 <br> Selling value at factory | $\begin{gathered} 1956 \\ \text { Selling value } \\ \text { at factory } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | \$ |
| Signs, Electric: <br> Neon and other Luminous tube $\qquad$ <br> Other electric $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,965,526^{1} \\ & 1,091,171^{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,920,386^{1} \\ & 1,008,484^{1} \end{aligned}$ |
| Signs, Non electric: <br> Metal sligns <br> Screen processed signs, other than metal $\qquad$ <br> All other mon electric signs $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,760,312 \\ 910,951 \\ 1,728,990^{1} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,456,699 \\ & 1,089,146 \\ & 1,883,558 \end{aligned}$ |
| Fluorescent Lighting fixtures | 596,944 | 524,878 |
| Advertising displays | 4,223,895 | 4,847,948 |
| All other products | 1,269,986 | 1, 646, 217 |
| Amount received for rental of signs | 6,786,858 | 8,142,806 |
|  | 1,943, 454 | 2,353,955 |
| Total | 25,278, 087 | 28,874,077 |

1. In addition to these signs which were shipped on an outright sales basis the following were manufactured but shipped on a lease or rental basis.
(a) Neon and other luminous tube $\qquad$
(b) Other electric
(c) All other non electric $\qquad$
1955
Estimated value
$\$ \$$

3,493,727 47, 209
96,988
3,637,924

1956
Estimated value
\$
3.780, 418

44,313
333, 392
$4,158,123$

Stanns and Stencils, Ruhber and motai

As indicated by its title, this industry comprises those establishments whose principal products are stamps and stencils of rubber and metal. Establishments engaged primarily in the manufacture of paper stencils are classified to the Miscellaneous Paper Products industry.

In 1956 reports were received from 71 establishments distributed provinclally as follows: Nova Scotia 2, Quebec 15, Ontario 36, Manitoba 5 , Saskatchewan 2, Alberta 3 and British Columbia 8. They reported factory shipments with a value of $\$ 6,336,853$, thus indicating an industry comprised of relatively small plants. Employees numbered 952 persons who received $\$ 3,008,218$ in salaries and wages. Materials consumed in production cost
$\$ 1,921,272$. Comparable figures for 1955 are 65 establishments, 897 employees, salaries and wages $\$ 2,605,349$, material cost $\$ 1,596,363$ and value of factory shipments $\$ 5,642,901$.

The industry in 1956 reported shipments with a value of $\$ 1,682,143$ for the item "stamps, daters and other marking devices". Of this total, \$1.523.652 worth were of rubber. Factory shipments of rubber dies amounted to $\$ 487.127$ and other dies to $\$ 227,553$. Seals, all kinds, were shipped to the value of $\$ 394,838$ and stencils, all kinds, to the value of $\$ 86,386$. Shipments of metal, licence, name and other types of plates amounted to $\$ 1,562,092$. Other products included signs, badges, metal stampings and buttons.

## Statuary, Art Goods, Regalia and Aovelties

The value of factory shipments in this industry in 1956 remained practically unchanged from 1955. Factory shipments in 1956 were $\$ 4,739,696$ while in the preceding year they totalled $\$ 4,712,793$. The number of employees fell to 798 from the 882 emuloyed in 1955 and their eamings from $\$ 1.982,841$ to $\$ 1,855,547$. Cost of materials increased from \$1,633,705 in the earlier year to $\$ 1,804,792$ in the latter, a rise of 10.5 per cent.

The industry in the year under review was comprised of 108 establishments, 9 less than a year before. It was concentrated in Quebec and Ontario as will be seen by the following provincial distribution of establishments: Quebec 45, Ontario 45, Manitoba 9, Albetta 1 and British Columbia 8.

In the same year the industry shipped statues valued at $\$ 767,087$. Other statuary and art goods shipped had a value of $\$ 689,357$. Shipments of novelties were valued at $\$ 810,991$ and crests, emblems, badges and regalia at $\$ 299.796$. Complete information on commodity shipments will be found in Table 34.

Imports of the principal commodities manufactured by the industry were as follows: statues and statuettes of porcelain or earthenware, $\$ 986,013$. statues and statuettes of material other than porcelain or earthenware, $\$ 299,805$; regalia and badges. $\$ 159,062$.

TABLE 33. Principal Statistics, 1939-1956

| Year and province | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Gross value of production 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1939 | 54 | 392 | 384,953 | 6,354 | 289,531 | 516,044 | 811,929 |
| 1940 | 59 | 503 | 470,906 | 13,510 | 346,359 | 686,788 | 1,046,657 |
| 1941 | 67 | 707 | 615, 728 | 12,879 | 640, 139 | 907, 763 | 1,560, 781 |
| 1942 | 76 | 851 | 763,183 | 13,116 | 767,904 | 1,206,923 | 1,987,943 |
| 1943 | 86 | 905 | 881,967 | 14,272 | 912,003 | 1,308,966 | 2,235,241 |
| 1944 | 83 | 881 | 955, 253 | 13,430 | 981. 282 | 1,481,145 | 2,475,857 |
| 1945 | 89 | 1,031 | 1,154,995 | 22,972 | 1,054,240 | 1,824,637 | 2,901,849 |
| 1946 | 93 | 1,180 | 1.409,33.5 | 25, 134 | 1,334.889 | 2, 068.783 | 3,428,806 |
| 1947 | 100 | 992 | 1,303,428 | 32,143 | 1,214,486 | 1,951,092 | 3,197,721 |
| 1948 | 95 | 954 | 1,403,791 | 36,982 | 1, 412, 784 | 2,318,583 | 3,768,349 |
| 1949 | 104 | 1. 017 | 1,614,462 | 38,270 | 1,647,983 | 2,606,600 | 4,292, 853 |
| 1950 | 107 | 932 | 1,551,905 | 39.197 | 1,377,353 | 2,415,993 | 3,832,543 |
| 1951 ..........-............eno......- | 125 | 1,037 | 1,859,607 | 47.524 | 1,829,707 | 2,868, 184 | 4,745,415 |
| 1952 | 137 | 1,055 | $1,995,197$ | 62,765 | 1,800,922 | 3,032,303 ${ }^{2}$ | 4,895,990 |
| 1953 | 122 | 989 | 2,090,786 | 59,632 | 1,842,169 | 3,309,371 ${ }^{2}$ | 5,211,172 |
| 1954 | 111 | 945 | $2,055,885$ | 67,918 | 1,509,980 | 3, 175, 292 | 4,712,658 |
| Canad | 117 | 882 | 1,982,841 | 72,468 | 1,633,705 | 2,988,597 | 4,712,793 |
| Quebec | 50 | 388 | 798,920 | 31.499 | 654,913 | 1, 174, 218 | 1,877,739 |
| Ontario | 48 | 375 | 967,675 | 31,561 | 829,824. | 1,475,497 | $2,339,685$ |
| Manitoba | 9 | 95 | 178, 125 | 5,032 | 134, 304 | 286,776 | 429,586 |
| British Columbia and other provinces .. | 10 | 24 | 38,121 | 4,376 | 14,664 | 52,106 | 65,783 |
|  | 108 | 798 | 1,855,547 | 78,232 | 1,804,792 | 2,870,232 | 4,739,696 |
| Quebec | 45 | 343 | 787. 274 | 39,423 | 665, 782 | 1,183,290 | 1,861,449 |
| Ontario | 45 | 345 | 856,350 | 30,213 | 959,834 | 1,317,148 | 2,310,445 |
| Manitoba | 9 | 92 | 185, 704 | 5,754 | 163,371 | 332, 597 | 509,092 |
| Alberta and British Columbia............... | 9 | 18 | 26,219 | 2,842 | 15,805 | 37, 197 | 58,710 |

1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of productior.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953, these figures have been calculated from value of तिutury shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "Value added by manufacture".

TABLE 34. Factory Shipments, 1955 and 1956

| Products | 1955 | 1956 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Selling value at factory | Selling value at factory |
|  | \$ | \$ |
| Statuary and art goods: |  |  |
| Statues, all kinds. | 664,936 | 767,087 |
| Religious articles (rosaries, medals, etc.) | 195, 957 | 156,848 |
| Ornaments, plaster. | 453,050 | 344,127 |
| ". other | 184,330 | 139,283 |
| Art goods, other ......................................................................................0. | 9,065 | 49,099 |
| Novelties, advertising and other: |  |  |
| Felt | 1 | 1 |
| Leather | 1 | 1 |
| Paper | 148, 699 | 133,361 |
| Plastic | 199, 248 | 189,711 |
| Plaster | 208, 007 | 163,936 |
| Wooden | 33,777 | 39,544 |
| Other | 315, 201 | 272,939 |
| Christmas decorations. | 348, 187 | 543,941 |
| Crests, emblems, badges, regalia, all kinds ............................................... | 289,657 | 299, 796 |
| Penaants | - | - |
| Gold and silver stampings | 155,422 | 2 |
| Display stands and fixtures, all kinds .......................................................... | 70,325 | 71,280 |
| Display forms, all kinds | 416,991 | 423,518 |
| All other products | 802,893 | 985, 848 |
| Amount received for custom work and repair ................................................ | 219, 048 | 159, 378 |
| Total ........................................................................................................ | 4, 712, 793 | 4,739,696 |

1. Included with "Other" novelties.
2. Included with "All other products".

## The Toy and Game Industry

This industry is comprised of establishments which manufacture toys and games as their principal product. In 1956 reports were received from 67 of these which were distributed provincially as follows: Nova Scotia 2, Quebec 15, Ontario 46, Manitoba 1, Alberta 1 and British Columbia 2. The industry was concentrated in Ontario and Quebec. Ontario holding the dominant position with 69 per cent of employees and 71 per cent of shipments. Quebec accounted for 31 per cent of employees and 28 per cent of shipments.

Factory shlpments made by the industry in 1956 had a walue f.o.b. factory of $\$ 15,444,080$ which compares with $\$ 12,311,395$ worth of products shipped in 1955. Employment increased from 1.405 in the earlier year to 1,741 in the later while salaries and wages rose from $\$ 3,320,076$ to $\$ 4,028,376$. The cost of materials used amounted to $\$ 8,298,927$ in 1956 as against $\$ 6,231,378$ in 1955.

Increase in imports has been substantial during post war years in the products made by this industry. Increasing amounts of toys are being obtained annually from Japan, Italy and Germany. During 1956 a peak was reached when importations from all countries totalled $\$ 11,141,018$. Corresponding figures for 1955 were $\$ 10,080,709$. Exports, on the other hand, are relatively unimportant. In 1955 the total figure was $\$ 234,185$ while in 1956 it was $\$ 247,317$.

The toys and games produced by the establishments classified to this industry do not represent total Canadian production. There are concerns which manufacture toys and games only as secondary or minor products and which are assigned to other industries on the basis of their more important items of manufacture. In 1956 these concerns accounted for approximately 66 per cent of the value of total Canadian shipments. Table 37 summarizes in as much detail as possible total shipment of toys and games as assembled from all industries.

TABLE 35. Principal Statistics, Representative Years, 1926-1956


1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953, these figuses have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture".

TABLE 35. Factory Shipments, 1955 and 1956

| Products | 1955 |  | 1956 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Selling value at factory | Quantity | Selling value at factory |
|  | doz. | $\$$ | doz. | \$ |
| Dolls | 147. 183 | 3,425,071 | 177.428 | 3,982, 289 |
| Dolls' furnishings |  | - 1897 |  | 1 1 , 459 |
| Metal toys.... | - | 1,899, 737 |  | 2, 214,459 |
| Plastic toys .............................................................................................................. | - | 783,435 |  | 2, 033,694 |
| Wooden toys.......... |  | -243.137 |  | + 564.483 |
| Stuffed animals, etc. | 73, 935 | 1,112,260 |  | 1,569,473 |
|  | - | 1, $\stackrel{1}{858,610}$ | 1 - | 2, 134,137 |
| Other toys..................................................................................................... | - | $1,858,610$ 713,490 | - | 2,134,137 |
| Miscellaneous products, not specffied...................... | - | 2, 275,655 | - | 2,323,599 |
| Amount received for repairs.................................... | - | 1 | - | , |
| Total | - | 12,311,395 | - | 15,444,080 |

## 1. Confidential. Included with "Other toys".

Note: The above table includes only the statistics of those manufacturing establishments whose principal producta are toys and games. The figures do not necessarily represent Canadian totals as toys and games are also made as secondary products by firms in other industries. The total figures for all industries are shown in Table 37.

TABLE 37. Toys and Games from all Industries, 1955 and 1956

| Prousels | 1955 |  | 1956 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Selling value at factory | Quantity | Selling value at factory |
|  | doz. | $\leqslant$ | doz. | \$ |
| Doll carriages | - | 1, 040, 454 | - | 1.028, 887 |
| Dolls .............. | - | 3. $77.4,529$ | - | 4.191,169 |
| Dolls' furnishings ..................................................... | - | 315,257 $2,039,067$ | - | 370,099 $2,370,624$ |
|  | - | $2,039,067$ $3,958,514$ | - | 5,701.106 |
| Wooden toys ......................................................................... | - | 757.985 | - ${ }^{-}$ | 639,926 |
| Stuffed aninals ............................................................ |  | 1,114,556 | 133,417 | 1,569,473 |
| Rubber toys and novelties ....................................... | 94,329 | 297, 546 |  | 268,628 |
| Balloons | 159,305 | 482, 176 | 212,050 | 418,906 |
| Sleighs, children's ............................................... | - | 331.105 | - | - 351.776 |
| Tricycles, all types ............................................... | - | 1, 124, 651 | - | 1, 7854,932 |
| Other children's vehicles ................................... | - | $\begin{array}{r} 720,319 \\ 2,196.078 \end{array}$ | - | $\begin{array}{r} 780,334 \\ 2,185,419 \end{array}$ |
| Miscellaneous toys (including toy vehicles) fiames and puzzles | - | 2, $1.799,002$ | - | 1,971,460 |
| Total | - | 19,951,239 | - | 23, 402, 739 |

1. Figures for 1956 are preliminary and subject to revision.

TABLE 38. Imports of Toys and Games, 1955 and 1956

| Articles imported | 1955 | 1956 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | * | \$ |
| Holls of all kinds .....e.................................................................................... | 531.061 | 489.186 |
| *echanical toys of metal | 2,192.634 | 3,037,749 |
| hetal or rubber juvenile construction sets, consisting of various stanpings, punched or moulded, and connections, and parts $\qquad$ | 344, 873 | 378,548 |
|  | 7.022.141 | $7,235,535$ |

TABLE 39. Exports of Toys, 1955 and 1956

| Articles exported |  | 1955 | 1956 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$ | c |
| Dolls | -•• | 104.936 | 82.328 |
| Toys | -..... | 129.249 | 164,489 |

## I ypenriter Supplies

This industry is comprised of manufacturing establishments whose principal products are carbon paper and typewriter ribbons. In 1956 there were nine of these with all but three of them in Ontario. Two were located in Quebec and one in British Columbia.

The industry's factory shipments were worth $\$ 5,120,176$ and $\$ 5,810,198$ respectively in the years 1955 and 1956. Employment rose from 395 to 430 while salaries and wages rose from $\$ 1,216,459$ to $\$ 1,260,265$ ovet the two years. Materials cost $\$ 2.510,102$ in the earlier year compared with $\$ 2,883,424$ in the later.

Carbon paper shipments amounted to $\$ 2,675,047$ worth in 1955 and $\$ 3,055,292$ worth in 1956. Factory
shipments of machine ribbons, principally typewriter, amounted in value to \$1,952.439 in 1955 compared with $\$ 2,125,329$ in 1956 . Other products included stamp pads, duplicator fluid and ink but since less than three manufacturers were involved in the manufacture of each of them the figures cannot be published without divulging the particulars of individual firms.

Factory shipments of carbon paper and typewriter sibbons in Canada by all industries in 1956 amounted to $\$ 3,325,870$ and $\$ 2,351,909$, respectively. In the s ame year 648,069 pounds or carbon paper valued at $\$ 484,327$ and 12,751 pounds of typewriter ribbons value at $\$ 48,797$ were imported.

TABLE 40. Principal Statistics, 1927-1956

|  | Year | Esitab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cost at plant } \\ & \text { of fuel and } \\ & \text { electricity } \end{aligned}$ | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Grose value of production |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. | No. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1927 |  | 4 | 86 | 159,148 | 6, 754 | 236. 561 | 291, 702 | 535,017 |
| 1930 |  | 4 | 110 | 191,623 | 7.688 | 354, 228 | 413,944 | 775,860 |
| 1932 |  | 5 | 116 | 206,611 | 7,687 | 220,095 | 370.691 | 598.473 |
| 1937 |  | 8 | 177 | 304, 769 | 8,509 | 406, 152 | 508, 012 | 922,673 |
| 1939 |  | 8 | 234 | 371,586 | 10, 145 | 553,664 | 667, 200 | 1,231,009 |
| 1940 |  | 8 | 243 | 419,184 | 10,001 | 703. 740 | 618,105 | 1,331,846 |
| 1942 |  | 8 | 313 | 544,670 | 13,673 | 1,104,621 | 1,037,669 | $2,155,963$ |
| 1945 |  | 8 | 306 | 568.151 | 17.530 | 1,255,348 | 1,085,730 | 2, 358,608 |
| 1946 |  | 8 | 334 | 620,274 | 18,432 | 1.442.410 | 1.261.401 | 2,722,243 |
| 1948 |  | 8 | 372 | 760. 726 | 25,043 | 1,729,542 | 1,960,323 | 3,714,908 |
| 1949 |  | 7 | 396 | 885,086 | 26, 236 | 1,916.789 | 1.921.239 | 3,864,264 |
| 1950 |  | 7 | 427 | 911.674 | 31.322 | 2,174,991 | 1,998,895 | 4,205,208 |
| 1951 |  | 7 | 397 | 1,023,355 | 29,884 | 2,375,846 | 1.955, 279 | 4,361,009 |
| 1952 |  | 8 | 431 | 1,142,437 | 30.180 | 2,177,550 | 2.266, 661 ${ }^{2}$ | 4,474,391 |
| 1953 |  | 10 | 445 | 1,227, 504 | 32.850 | 2,401,040 | 2,588,004 ${ }^{2}$ | 5, 021,894 |
| 1954 |  | 10 | 409 | 1,211,327 | 36.595 | 2, 256, 261 | 2,525,928 | $4,837,619$ |
| 1955 |  | 10 | 395 | 1.216,459 | 35.601 | 2,510,102 | 2,582,566 | 5, 120, 176 |
| 1956 |  | 9 | 430 | 1.260,265 | 41,706 | 2,883,424 | 2,899,091 | $5,810,198$ |

1. Commencing with 1952 value of factory shipments has been collected instead of gross value of production.
2. Because of insufficient inventory data in 1952 and 1953 , these figures have been calculated from value of factory shipments and are, therefore, only approximations to true "value added by manufacture".

## Imbrellas

This industry is a small one with a gross value of production which has hovered around the \$1 million mark for the past few years. Establishments are few with their number being 9 in the year under review. Four of these were located in Quebec, 2 in Ontario and three in British Columbia.

The industry reported factory shipments to the value of $\$ 1,314,797$ and $\$ 1,070,853$ in 1955 and 1956, respectively. Employment which stood at 167 in 1955 fell to 138 in 1956 accompanied by a drop
in salary anf wage pavments fora \$34,779 io $\$ 284,138$. Materials used cost $\$ 713.814$ in the earlier year compared with $\$ 609,703$ in the later.

Umbrellas along with a small amount of repair work performed account for all the industry's production. In 1956 there were 37,957 dozen umbrellas shipped with a value of $\$ 1,049,552$. Shipments of this commodity in 1955 amounted to 45,335 dozen worth $\$ 1.289,778$.

## The Miscellaneous Industries, N.E.S.

To this industry are classified those establishments which are unassignable to other industries of the industrial classification. The establishments manufacture either a product or products not covered by a distinct classification or a product or products which would be assignable to existing classifications except for their mixed nature.

Because of the nature of its composition, this industry is subject to substantial fluctuation and because of its heterogeneous nature comparisons between years do not have any great significance. It was comprised of 38 establishments in 1955 and 39 establishments in 1956. These were confined chiefly to Ontario and Quebec with 11 plants in Quebec, 26 in Ontario, 1 in Alberta and 1 in British Columbia.

In 1956 the industry shipped goods valued at $\$ 14,381,749$. The payroll listed 1.789 persons who recelved $\$ 4,814,421$ in salaries and wages. Materials costing $\$ 4,938,849$ were consumed in manufacture. 'Comparable 1955 figures are as folLows; shipments, $\$ 12,857,430$; employees, 1,711 ; salaries and wages $\$ 4,256,315$; materials used, $\$ 4,039.616$.

The products are, of course, quite varled including such diverse items as bobby pins and carpet sweepers. In the assortment, to mention only a few, are jewellery findings, jewellery trays. knitting needles, safety pins and plates for addressograph and multigraph machines. Unfortunately, top few firms are engaged in the manufacture of the individual items to permit publication of figures for products.

